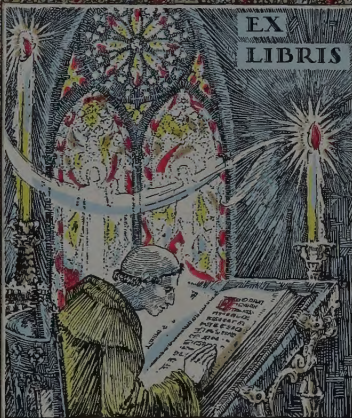


EX
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William J. Fay

Liddell & Scott
Greek-English
Lexicon

ABRIDGED

Twenty-Sixth Edition

REVISED AND ENLARGED

with an Appendix of Proper and Geographical Names

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For convenience, the following Abbreviations have been used:—

= means *equal* or *equivalent* to
 absol. = absolute, absolutely
 acc. = accusative: acc. to = according to
 Act. = active voice
 act. = active signification
 Adj. = adjective
 Adv. = adverb
 Aeol. = Aeolic, in the Aeolic dialect
 aor. = aorist tense
 Att. = Attic, in Attic Greek
 c. = cum (with)
 c. acc., cognato = with cognate accusative, i. e. with a
 Subst. which has the same or a similar signification
 with the Verb
 c. gen. pers. = cum genitivo personae
 cf. = confer (compare)
 collat. = collateral
 Com. = Comic, in Comic Greek
 Compar. or Comp. = comparative
 Conjunct. = conjunction
 contr. = contracted, contraction
 cp. = compare
 dat. = dative
 Dep. = Dependent Verb, i. e. a Verb of Middle or
 Passive forms with Active sense
 deriv. = derived, derivation
 dissyll. = dissyllable
 Dor. = in Doric Greek
 e. g. = *exempli gratia*
 Ep. = in Epic Greek
 esp. = especially
 etc. = *et cetera*
 f. or fut. = future tense
 fem. = feminine
 fin. = *ad finem* or *fine*
 freq. = frequent, frequently
 gen. or genit. = genitive
 Hom. = Homer
 i. e. = *id est*
 imperat. or imper. = imperative mood
 imperf. or impf. = imperfect tense
 impers. = impersonal
 indic. = indicative mood
 inf. = infinitive mood
 intr. or intrans. = intransitive
 Ion. = Ionic, in the Ionic dialect
 irreg. = irregular

Lat. = Latin
 lengthd. = lengthened
 masc. = masculine
 Med. = medial or middle voice
 med. = medial or middle signification
 metaph. = metaphorically
 metri grat. = *metri gratia* (for the sake of the metre)
 n. pr. = *nomen proprium* (proper name)
 N. T. = New Testament
 negat. = *negativum* (negative)
 neut. = neuter
 nom. = nominative
 opp. to = opposed to
 opt. or optat. = optative mood
 orig. = originally
 part. = participle
 Pass. = passive voice
 pass. = passive signification
 pecul. = peculiar
 perf. or pf. = perfect tense
 pl. or plur. = plural
 plqpf. = *plusquamperfectum* (pluperfect)
 poet. = poetically
 Prep. = preposition
 pres. = present tense
 priv. or privat. = *privativum*
 q. v. = *quod vide*
 qq. v. = *quae vide*
 radic. = radical
 regul. = regular, regularly
 shortd. = shortened
 signif. = signification
 sing. = singular
 sq. = *sequens* (the following word)
 sub. = *subaudi*, *subaudito*
 subj. = subjunctive mood
 Subst. = Substantive
 syll. = syllable
 Trag. = Tragic, in Tragic Greek
 trans. = transitive
 trisyll. = trisyllable
 usu. = usually
 v. = *vide*
 verb. Adj. = verbal adjective
 voc. = *voce*, *vocem*
 vocat. = vocative

A

A—ἀβληχῆς.

A α, ἄλφα, τό, indecl., first letter of the Gr alphabet. As numeral, α' = εἰς, and πρῶτος. but α, = 1000.

In Ion. Greek α becomes η, as σοφία, σοφίη. In Dor. Greek α is used instead of η, as, ἀδύς for ἡδύς: but the verbal term, ατο is changed into ἦτο. as ἐκνυῖατο into ἐκνυζήτο

α, as prefix in compos.: I. a privativum, not, as σοφός wise, ἀ-σοφός unwise. II. a copulativum, together, as in ἀ-τάλαντος, ἀ-κόλουθος III. a iutensivum, very much, as in ἀ-τενής, ἀ-σπερχές, though this is very rare. IV. a euphonicum, affecting the sound only, not the sense, as ἀ-βληχρός for βληχρός, ἀ-σπαίρω for σπαίρω, ἀ-στεροπή for στεροπή.

ἄ, ἄ or ἄἄ, exclamations used to express strong emotion, like our *ah!*

ἄ, ἄ, to express laughter, like our *ha ha*

ἄ, Dor. for artic ἦ. 2. ἄ, Dor. for relat. pron. ἦ. 3. ἄ Dor. for ἦ, dat. of ὅς.

ἄ-ἄστος, on, (α privat., ἄσος) not to be hurt, inviolable, of the Styx, by which the gods swore—but ἀέθλος ἀ-ἄστος a dangerous or difficult task.

ἀ-ἄγῆς, ἔς, (α privat., ἀγνυμι) unbroken, not to be broken, hard, strong.

ἀ-ἄπτος, on, (α privat., ἄπτομαι) not to be touched: invincible.

ἄσασ, ἄσάμην, ἄσάθην, γ. ἈΑ'Ω.

ἀ-ἄσχετος, on, lengthd. poet. for ἀ-σχετος.

ἄστος, contr. ἄτος, on, (α privat., ἄω, ἄσαι to satiate) insatiate, ἄτος πολέμοιο insatiate of battle.

ἈΑ'Ω, old Ep. Verb, used chiefly in aor. 1 act. ἔασα contr. ἄσα, med. ἄσάμην, contr. ἄσάμην, and pass. ἄσάθην: the pres. occurs only in 3 sing. of Med., ἄσται—all in Hom.:—to hurt, damage, esp. to hurt mentally, mislead, infatuate: so too in Med., Ἀτῇ ἢ πάντας ἄσται II. But the Med. and Pass. usu. have an intr. sense, to go astray, to be infatuated or bewildered, to go wrong, err, sin, do foolishly. [Hom. has ἄσας, ἄσεν, ἄσαν: so too ἄσάμην, but ἄσᾶτο.]

ἄσας, = ἄω, to satisfy, whence 3 sing. ἄσαι, ἄσας, Dor. for ἥβη.

ἀβᾶκῆα, (ἀβακῆ) to be speechless.

ἀβᾶκῆς, ἔς, (α privat., βᾶζω) speechless.

ἀ-βᾶκχευτος, on, (α privat., βακχεύω) without Bacchic frenzy, uninspired, joyless.

ἀ-βᾶπτιστος, on, (α privat., βαπτίζω) not to be dipped, that will not sink. Lat *immersabilis*. II. unbaptized.

ἀ-βᾶρῆς, ἔς, (α privat., βᾶρος) not heavy: not burdensome.

ἀ-βᾶσάνιστος, on, (α privat., βασανίζω) not examined by torture, unquestioned. Adv. -τως, without question or trial

ἀ-βᾶσιλευτος, on, (α privat., βασιλεύω) not ruled by a king. [Υ]

ἀ-βᾶσκαντος, on, (α privat., βασκανῶ) unenvied. Adv. -τως, without envy

ἀ-βᾶτος, on, also η, on, (α privat., βαῖω) untrodden, inaccessible: of a river, not fordable: of holy places, not to be trodden, inviolate: hence pure, chaste.

ἀ-βῆβαιος, on, (α privat., βῆβαιος) unsteady, wavering, fickle.

ἀ-βῆβηλος, on, (α privat., βῆβηλος) not profane, inviolable.

ἀβελτερία, ἡ, stupidity: from

ἀ-βέλτερος, on, (α privat., βέλτερος) good-for-nothing, silly, stupid.

ἀ-βίαστος, on, (α privat., βιάζομαι) unforced.

ἀ-βίος, on, (α privat., βίος) not to be lived or survived, intolerable, insupportable: βίος ἀβίος. II. without subsistence, poor.

ἀ-βίOTOS, on, (α privat., βίOTOS) = ἀβίος.

ἀ-βίOTOS, on, (α privat., βίOTOS) = ἀβίος.

ἀβλάβεια, ἡ, freedom from harm: security: from ἀ-βλάβῆς, ἔς, (α privat., βλάβῆ) without harm: I. pass. unharmed, unhurt. II. act. harmless, innocent: preventing harm:—Adv. -βῶς, Ep. -βέως without harming, without infringement.

ἀ-βλάβια, ἡ, poet. for ἀ-βλάβεια.

ἀ-βλής, ἦτος, ὃ, ἡ, (α privat., βάλλω) not trodden or shot, of an arrow.

ἀ-βληγτος, on, (α privat., βάλλω) not hit by a dart or arrow.

ἀ-βληχῆς, ἔς, (α privat., βλήχῃ) without bleating.

ἀβληχρός, ἄ, ὄν, (a euphon., βληχρός) *weak, feeble, defenceless*:—of death, *easy, light*.

ἀβληχρόδης, ἐς, = ἀβληχρός.

ἀβοᾶτί, Dor. for ἀβοητί.

ἀβδάτος, ὄν, Dor. for ἀδότος.

ἀβοήθητος, ὄν, (a privat., βοηθέω) *helpless*.

ἀβοητί, Dor. ἄτί, Adv. (a privat., βοᾶω) *uncalled, without summons*.

ἀβόητος, Dor. ἄτος, ὄν, (a privat., βοᾶω) *uncalled*: II. *untourned*.

ἀβόλῳ, = ἀντιβόλῳ, to meet.

ἀβόσκητος, ὄν, (a privat., βόσκειν) *ungrazed*.

ἀβουκόλητος, ὄν, (a privat., βουκολέω) *untended, unbedded*.

ἀβούλω, ἥω, = οὐ βούλωμαι, to be unwilling.

ἀβούλητος, ὄν, (a privat., βούλωμαι) *unwilling, involuntary*. Adv. —τως.

ἀβουλία, ἡ, *ill counsel, thoughtlessness*: from

ἀβουλος, ὄν, (a privat., βουλή) *inconsiderate, ill-advised*:—Adv. —ως, superl. ἀβουλότατα.

ἀβούτης, ὄν, ὁ, (a privat., βούη) *without oxen*: hence *poor*.

ἀβρεκτος, ὄν, (a privat., βρέχω) *unwetted*.

ἀβρίθης, ἐς, (a privat., βρίθω) *without weight*.

ἀβροβάτης, ὄν, ὁ, (ἀβρός, βαίνω) *softly or delicately stepping*. [βα]

ἀβρόγος, ὄν, (ἀβρός, γός) *womanisbly wailing*.

ἀβροδίατος, ὄν, (ἀβρός, διαίτα) *living delicately or effeminately*: τὸ ἀβροδιατον *effeminacy*.

ἀβροκόμης, ὄν, ὁ, (ἀβρός, κόμη) *with delicate, luxuriant hair or leaves*.

ἀβρόμος, ὄν, (a privat., Εὐρόμος) *without Bacchus*.

ἀβρομος, ὄν, (a copul., βρόμος) *noisy, boisterous*.

ἀβροπέδιλος, ὄν, (ἀβρός, πέδιλον) *soft-sandalled*.

ἀβρόπλουτος, ὄν, (ἀβρός, πλούτος) *richly luxuriant*.

ἈΒΡΟΨ, ἄ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, *delicate, pretty, dainty, soft, luxurious*. (Akin to ἡβη.)

ἀβροσύνη, ἡ, = ἀβρότης.

ἀβροτάω, ξ, ἄω, to miss, c. gen.—Ep. word formed from ἀβροτεῖν, q. v.

ἀβρότης, ἥος, ἡ, (ἀβρός) *delicacy, luxuriousness*.

ἀβροτος, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, (a privat., βροτός) *like ἀμβροτος, ἀμβρόσιος, immortal, divine, holy*.

ἀβροφύης, ἐς, (ἀβρός, φύω) *tender of nature*.

ἀβροχαίτης, ὄν, ὁ, (ἀβρός, χαίτη) = ἀβροκόμης.

ἀβροχίτων, ἄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀβρός, χιτών) *softly clad: with soft coverings*. [χ]

ἀβροχος, ὄν, (a privat., βρέχω) *unwetted, waterless*. Adv. —χως.

ἀβρύων, ξ, ὦν: aor. 1. ἤβρυα: (ἀβρός):—to make delicate, treat delicately:—Pass. to live delicately, wax wanton, give oneself airs: ἀβρύνεσθαι τι *to pride oneself on a thing*.

ἀβρώς, ὄτος, ὁ, ἡ, = ἀβρωτός.

ἀβρωτος, ὄν, (a privat., βιβρώσκω) *not having eaten*. II. pass. *not to be eaten, uneatable*.

ἀβυσσος, ὄν, (a privat., βύσσο) *bottomless, unfath-*

omed: generally, *unfathomable, enormous*.

as Subst. ἡ ἀβυσσος, *the abyss, bottomless pit*.

ἀγάσασθαι, ἀγάσασθαι, v. sub ἀγαμαι.

ἀγαγεῖν, redupl. aor. 2 inf. of ἀγω: ἀγαγον, Ep. for ἡγαγον, aor. 2 ind.

ἀγάγομαι, Ep. for ἀγάγω, aor. 2 subj. of ἀγω.

ἀγάξομαι, poet. form of ἀγαμαι, to admire.

ἀγαθο-εδής, ἐς, (ἀγαθός, εἶδος) *seeming good*.

ἀγαθοεργία, contr. -ουργία, to do good; and

ἀγαθοεργία, contr. -ουργία, ἡ, a good or noble deed: good service. From

ἀγαθο-εργός, contr. -ουργός, ὄν, (ἀγαθός, ἔργον) *doing good*: ol Ἀγαθοεργοί, at Sparta, the five oldest knights, who went on missions for the state.

ἀγαθοποιέω, = ἀγαθο-εργέω; and

ἀγαθοποιία, ἡ, = ἀγαθό-εργία. From

ἀγαθο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἀγαθός, ποίω) = ἀγαθο-εργός.

ἈΓΑΘΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, good in its kind, opp. to κακός, bad: I. in Homer usu. of heroes, brave, noble: later in moral sense, good, virtuous. 2. of things, etc., good in their kind; neut. τὰ ἀγαθὰ *the goods of fortune, wealth, also good fare, dainties*; τὸ ἀγαθόν, Lat. *summum bonum*.—There are no regular forms of comparison. The Comp. in use are βελτίων, also ἀμείνων, κρείσσω, λαῶν (λῶν): Ep. βέλτερος, λαίτερος, also φέρτερος. Sup. βέλτιστος, ἀριστος, κράτιστος, λῦστος (λῦστος): Ep. βέλτατος, φέρτατος, φέριστος. The Adv. in common use is εὖ, well.

ἀγαθοπύγναι, contr. form of ἀγαθοεργία.

ἀγαθύνω, (ἀγαθός) to make good, exalt. II. to do good:—Pass. to be of good cheer.

ἀγαθοσύνη, ἡ, (ἀγαθός) *goodness, kindness*.

ἀγαλομαι, (ἀγῆ) collat. form of ἀγαμαι, ἀγαόμαι, only in bad sense, to be angry at: to envy.

ἀγα-κλεής, ἐς, (ἀγαν, κλέω) *very glorious, famous, renowned*: gen. ἀγακλής; shortd. poet. forms, acc.

sing. ἀγακλέα, pl. ἀγακλέας, dat. sing. ἀγακλέϊ.

ἀγα-κλειτός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἀγακλής.

ἀγα-κλυτός, ὄν, (ἀγαν, κλυτός) *like ἀγακλής, Lat. inclutus*.

ἀγα-κτιμένη, (ἀγαν, κτιζω) a poet. fem. = εὐκτιμένη, well-built or placed.

ἀγάλακτος, ὄν, (a privat., γάλα) *without milk, giving none*. II. *getting none, weaned*, Lat. *lacte depulsus*.

ἀγαλλίασις, ἐως, ἡ, *exceeding great joy*. From

ἀγαλλίαω, aor. ἡγαλλιάσα: also as Dep. ἀγαλλιάομαι, f. ἄσομαι [ἀ], strengthd. for ἀγάλλομαι:—to rejoice exceedingly.

ἈΓΑΛΛΙΨ, ἴδος, ἡ, a plant, *the iris or flag*.

ἈΓΑΛΛΩ, f. ἀγῶ: aor. ἤγῃλα, inf. ἀγῆλαι: = ἀγῶναι ποῖω, to make glorious, glorify, honour, esp. a god: also to deck, adorn:—mostly in Pass. ἀγῶλομαι, to glory, delight, exult in a thing, c. dat.

Hence

ἀγαλμα, ατος, τό, *that wherein one delights, a glory, delight, ornament*: a pleasing gift, esp. for the gods: hence, 2. a statue in honor of a god; *the image*

of a god as an object of worship. 3. any statue or image.

ἀγαλματοποιός, οὗ, δ, (ἀγάλα, ποιέω) a maker of statues, a statuary, sculptor.

ἈΓΑΜΑΙ, 2 pl. ἀγάσθε Ep. ἀγάσθε, inf. ἀγασθαι Ep. ἀγάσασθαι: impf. ἡγάμην, Ep. 2 pl. ἡγάσθε: fut. ἀγάσομαι [ᾶ] Ep. ἀγάσσομαι: the aor. I mostly in Pass. form ἡγάσθην, but also Med. ἡγασάμην (even in Att.), Ep. ἡγασσάμην, ἀγασσάμην: Dep.: I. to wonder: more freq. to wonder at or admire a person or thing, τινα, but also τινί, Lat. admirari.

II. in bad sense, to envy, be angry at, τι, τινί, περί τινος.—Homer uses in this sense only aor. I ἡγασάμην, and as pres. ἀγάμοι or ἀγαίμοι.

ἀγάμια, ἡ, celibacy. From ἀ-γάμος, ov, (a privat., γάμος unmarried, unwedded, single, Lat. coelebs:—Tragic phrase, γάμος ἀγάμος a marriage that is no marriage, a fatal marriage.

ἈΓΑΝ, Adv. very, much, very much: the word generally is only Dor. and Att., λίην being its equiv. in Ep. and Ion. II. too, too much, Lat. nimis, as in the proverb μηδὲν ἀγαν, Lat. ne quid nimis, not too much of any thing. [ἀγάν, but later sometimes ἀγάν.]

ἀγανάκτω, f. ἦσω, (ἀγαν) to feel irritated:—to be vexed, displeased, or angry at a thing. Hence ἀγανάκτησις, εως, ἡ, irritation, vexation.

ἀγανακτικός, ἡ, όν, (ἀγανακτέω) irritable ἀγανακτικότης, ἡ, όν, verb. Adj. of ἀγανακτέω, irritating, vexatious.

ἀγανακτικός, ἡ, όν, irritable, = ἀγανακτικότης. Adv. -κῶς.

ἀγάνῃσι, poet. for ἀγανῶς, dat. plur. fem. of ἀγανός.

ἀγάν-νίφος, ov, (ἀγαν, νίφω) much snowed upon, snow-capt, Ὀλυμπος.

ἀγανόρειος, α, ov, Dor. for ἀγηνόρειος.

ἀγανός, ἡ, όν, (a copul., γάνος, γάνυμαι) mild, gentle, kindly: esp. of the arrows of Artemis, to which sudden death was ascribed. Only poet.

ἀγανόφροσύνη, ἡ, gentleness, kindness. From ἀγανόφρων, ov, gen. ονος, (ἀγανός, φρήν) kindly disposed: benign.

ἀγανόπις, ιδος, ἡ, (ἀγανός, ὤψ) mild-eyed.

ἀγ-άνωρ, opos, ό, ἡ, Dor. for ἀγ-ήνωρ.

ἀγάμοι, Ep. form of ἀγαμαι, only found in part. ἡγώμενος, in act. sense admiring.

ἀγαπάω, f. ἄσω, see ἀγαπάω.

ἀγαπάτος, όν, Dor. for ἀγαπητός.

ἀγαπάω, f. ἦσω: aor. ἡγάπησα, Ep. ἀγάπησα: pf. ἡγάπηκα: (ἀγαμαι, ἀγάσομαι):—of persons, to welcome, entertain, in which sense ἀγαπάω and Dep. ἀγαπάσομαι are used by Homer:—also to take leave of:—generally, to be fond of, to love dearly. II. of things, to be well pleased, to be contented at or with a thing: c. inf. to be wont to do, like φιλέω. [ᾶ]

Hence ἀγαπητὸς, ov, verb. Adj. of ἀγαπάω, to be loved, acquired in.

ἀγαπητὸς, ov, verb. Adj. of ἀγαπάω, to be loved, acquired in.

ἀγαπητικός, ἡ, όν, (ἀγαπάω) disposed to love, affectionate. Adv. -κῶς.

ἀγαπητός, ἡ, όν, verb. Adj. of ἀγαπάω, beloved, dearly beloved: worthy of love. 2. to be acquiesced in, as the least evil. II. Adv. ἀγαπητῶς, cheerfully, contentedly; ἀγαπητῶς ἔχειν to be contented, like ἀγαπᾶν. 2. in Att. prose, so as only just to content one, i. e. only just, scarcely = μόλις.

ἀγάρ-πος, ov, contr. ἀγάρ-πους, ov, (ἀγαν, βέω) strong or swift-flowing.

ἀγασθαι, pres. inf. of ἀγαμαι.

ἀγασθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀγαμαι.

ἀγασμα, τό, (ἀγαμαι) that which is admired, a wonder, marvel.

ἀγάσσομαι [ᾶ], poet. ἀγάσσομαι, fut. of ἀγαμαι.

ἀγάσσομαι, poet. for ἡγάσαστο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀγαμαι.

ἀγ-όστονος, ov, (ἀγαν, στένω) much groaning, howling, of the waves, loud-wailing.

ἀγαστός, ἡ, όν, (ἀγαμαι) admirable. Adv. -τῶς.

ἀγᾶτός, ἡ, όν, poet. for ἀγαστός, as θαυματός for θαυμαστός.

ἀγαυός, ἡ, όν, (ἀγαμαι) illustrious, noble.

ἀγαυρός, ό, όν, akin to ἀγαυός, stately, proud: sup. Adv. ἀγαυρότατα.

ἀγ-άφλεκτος, ov, (ἀγαν, φθέγγομαι) loud-sounding.

ἀγγάρεω, f. σω, (ἀγγαρος) to despatch a courier or messenger: to press one to serve as a courier.

ἀγγραφῆτος, ό, Ion. form = ἀγγαρος:—τὸ ἀγγραφῆτον the business of an ἀγγαρος.

ἀγγᾶρος, ό, Persian word, a mounted courier, such as were kept ready at regular stages throughout Persia for carrying the royal despatches.

ἄγγειον, Ion. -ῆιον, τό, (ἄγγος) a vessel, pail: a reservoir.

ἄγγελια, Ion. -λη, ἡ, (ἄγγελος) a message, tidings; news, ἀγγελίῃ ἐμή 2 message concerning me; ἀγγε-λῆς ἐλθεῖν to come on account of a message. 2. a proclamation: a command, order.

ἀγγελια-φόρος, Ion. ἀγγελιη-φόρος, ό, (ἀγγελία, φέρω) a messenger.

ἀγγελιώτης, ov, ό, (ἀγγελία) a messenger.

ἀγγέλλω, f. ἀγγέλῶ, Ep. ἀγγελέω: aor. I ἡγγείλα: pf. ἡγγέλκα, pass. ἡγγέλμαι: aor. I pass. ἡγγέλθην: (ἀγω):—to bear a message, bring tidings or news, to proclaim, report, tell:—Med. to announce oneself:—Pass. to be reported of. Hence

ἄγγελμα, τό, a message, tidings, news.

ἄγγελος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγγέλλω) a messenger, envoy. II. a messenger from God, an angel.
ἀγγέλιον, τό, Ion. for ἀγγεῖον.
ἄλτρον, εὖς, τό, a vessel of any kind, a jar, pan, pail: a chest, box.
ἀδῶν, Adv. (ἀγῶ) by carrying.
ἄγε, ἄγετε, properly Imperat. of ἀγῶ, used as Adv. like φέρε, come! come on! well! Lat. age!
ἀγέροις: aor. I ἡγείρα: pf. ἀγγήγερκα: (ἀγαθῇ:—to bring together gather together, collect. II. Pass. ἀγείρομαι: aor. I ἡγέρθην, Ep. 3 pl. ἡγερθεν: pf. ἀγγήγερμαι, Ep. 3 pl. ἀγγιγέρταται: Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. ἀγγιγέρτατο:—to come together, assemble: in which sense we also have an Ep. aor. 2 med. ἀγέρεσθαι, ἀγέροντο, partic. syncop. ἀγρόμενος, η, ον, assembled, gathered together.
ἀγείτων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., γείτων) without neighbour: solitary, desolate.
ἀγελᾶδόν, Dor. for ἀγεληδόν.
ἀγελᾶζομαι, Pass. (ἀ-γέλη) to live in herds, to be gregarious.
ἀγελᾶιος, α, ον, (ἀγέλη) belonging to a herd, feeding at large. II. in herds or shoals, gregarious. 2. of the herd or multitude, common.
ἀγελάρχης, ον, ὁ, (ἀγέλη, ἀρχῶ) the leader of a company.
ἀ-γελαστί, Adv. (α privat., γελᾶω) without laughing.
ἀ-γέλαιος, ον, (α privat., γελᾶω) not laughing, grave, sullen. II. not to be laughed at, not trifling.
ἀγέλαια, ἡ, (ἀγῶ, λεία) epith. of Athena, = ληϊτις, λείαν ἀγούσα, she that drives off the spoil.
ἀγέλη, ἡ, (ἀγῶ) a herd of oxen or kine, Lat. armentum, grex:—later any herd or company.
ἀγεληδόν, Adv. (ἀγέλη) in herds or companies. Also ἀγεληδᾶ.
ἀγέληθεν, Adv. (ἀγέλη) from a herd.
ἀγέληφι, Ep. dat. of ἀγέλη.
ἀγεμονεῦμα, ἀγεμονεύω, ἀγεμών, Dor. for ἡγεμ-.
ἄγεν, Dor. and Ep. for ἔαγησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. from ἀγνυμι: [ᾶ] 2. Ep. 3 sing. for ἡγεν, impf. from ἀγῶ to lead.
ἀ-γενεαλόγητος, ον, (α privat., γενεαλογέω) without pedigree, of unknown descent.
ἀγένεια, ἡ, (ἀγένης) low birth: meanness.
ἀ-γένειος, ον, (α privat., γένειον) beardless, boyish.
ἀ-γενής, ἐς, (α privat., γένος) unborn, uncreated: but usu. II. of no family, i. e. low-born, opp. to ἀγαθός.
ἀ-γένητος, ον, (α privat., γενέσθαι) unborn, uncreated. II. not having happened, Lat. infectus: hence false, groundless.
ἀ-γενής, ἐς, = ἀγενής π. Adv. -νῶς.
ἀ-γενήτης, ον, (α privat., γεννάω) unbegotten, unborn: without origin. II. like ἀγενής π, low-born, mean.
ἀ-γέομαι, Dor. for ἡγέομαι.

ἀ-γέραςτος, ον, (α privat., γέρας) without a gift of honour, uncompensated, unrewarded.
ἀγέρεσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 med. inf. of ἀγείραι.
ἄγερθεν, Ep. for ἡγέρθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἀγείραι.
ἀγέροντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ἀγείραι.
ἀγέροχος, ον, = ἀγέρωχος.
ἀγερσις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἀγείρω) a gathering, mustering.
ἀγέρωχος, ον, in good sense, brave, high-minded, lordly: in bad sense, overweening, haughty, fierce. Adv. -χως. (Deriv. uncertain.)
ἀγεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἀγῶ.
ἀγέ-στράτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγῶ, στρατός) leading the host.
ἀγέτης, ὁ, Dor. for ἡγέτης.
ἀ-γευστος, ον, (α privat., γενομαι) not tasting: without taste of, c. gen.
ἄγη [ᾶ] ἡ, (ἀγαμαι) in good sense, wonder, awe, reverence. 2. in bad sense, envy, hatred, spite: of the gods, jealousy.
ἀγῇ [ᾶ], ἡ, (ἀγνυμι) a fragment, piece, splinter.
ἄγη, Ep. for ἔαγη, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀγνυμι, to break.
ἀγγιγέρταται, ἀγγιγέρτατο, Ep. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. pass. of ἀγείρω.
ἀγγήγερκα, -ερμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀγείρω.
ἀγῆλαι, aor. I inf. of ἀγάλλω.
ἀγ-ηλατέω, ἦσω, (ἄγος, ἐλαύνω) to drive away pollution or a polluted person, Lat. piaculum exigere: cf. ἀνθρ-ηλατέω.
ἄγμα, τό, (ἀγῶ) Lat. agmen, a body or division of an army, a corps, esp. of the Lacedaemonians.
ἀγ-ηρόεις, Dor. ἀγᾶνδρ-, α, ον, = ἀγῆνωρ.
ἀγ-ηνορία, ἡ, manliness, manhood, courage.
ἀγ-ήνωρ, Dor. ἀγ-άνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (δῆγν, ἀνήρ) manly, heroic: also headstrong, haughty: and sometimes stately, splendid.
ἀγῆοχα, pf. act. of ἀγῶ to lead.
ἀ-γῆραντος, ον, = sq.
ἀ-γῆρᾶος, ον, (α privat., γῆρας) free from old age, not growing old: generally, undying, undecaying. Contr. ἀγῆρως, αν: acc. sing. ἀγῆρων or ἀγῆρῳ nom. dual. ἀγῆρω, nom. and acc. plur. ἀγῆρας.
ἀ-γῆρᾶτος, ον, = ἀγῆραος.
ἀ-γῆρως, αν, contr. for ἀγῆραος.
ἀγῆσι-χορος, ον, (ἀγέομαι Dor. for ἡγέεμαι, χορός) leading the chorus or dance.
ἀγῆτηρ, ἦρος, Dor. for ἡγῆτηρ. [ᾶ]
ἀγῆτός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀγαμαι) admirable, wondrous. [ᾶ]
ἀγῆτω, (ἀγίω) to bellow, consecrate.
ἀγιασθήτω, 3 sing. aor. I pass. imper. of ἀγιάζω.
ἀγίασμα, ατος, τό, (ἀγιάζω) that which is hallowed, a holy place, sanctuary.
ἀγιασμός, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀγιάζω) consecration, sanctification.
ἀγιασθήριον, τό, = ἀγίασμα.
ἀγιάζω, f. Att. ἱῶ, (ἄγιος) to bellow, make sacred, Lat. dedicare.
ἀγινέω, f. ἦσω: Ep. pres. inf. ἀγινέμεναι: impf. ἡγινεον, Ion. ἀγινεσκον: lengthd. Ion. form of ἀγῶ

to carry, bring:—Med. to have brought one. II. to bear fruit.

ἁγρό-γράφος, ον, (ἁγιος, γράφω) written by inspiration: τὰ ἁγρό-γράφα (sub. βιβλία), the Psalms and other books of the Old Testament as distinguished from the Law and the Prophets.

ἅγιος, α, ον, (ἅγιος) devoted to the gods, Lat. sacer, sacred, holy: of persons, pious, pure: as Subst., ἅγιον, τό, a sanctuary. II. sometimes like Lat. sacer, accursed.—In old Att. ἁγρός is used instead. [ἅγ]

ἁγότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἅγιος) sanctity, holiness. ἁγιστεία, ἡ, mostly in pl. holy rites, the service of the temple or sanctuary. From

ἁγιστεύω, f. εὔσω, (ἀγίζω) to perform sacred rites: hence to be pious, live piously.

ἁγισσύνη, ἡ, (ἅγιος) — ἁγιστή.

ἅγκ-, ποῖτ. abbrev. for ἀνακ- in compds. of the prep. ἀνά with words beginning with κ, e.g. ἁγκέσθαι for ἀνα-κεῖσθαι.

ἁγκάζομαι, f. ἀσσομαι: Dep.: (ἁγκας, ἅγκη):—to take or lift up in the arms.

ἁγκᾶθεν, Adv. for ἁγκάς, on the arm, i.e. resting on it, Lat. cubito presso: also in the arms.

ἁγκᾶλέω, ποῖτ. for ἀνα-καλέω.

ἁγκάλῃ, ἡ, (ἁγκή) the bent arm, mostly in plur. II. metaph. anything closely enfolding, as the arms of the sea, etc. [κᾶ]

ἁγκαλίζομαι, f. Att. ἰούμαι: aor. I ἡγκαλίσάμην: pf. ἡγκάλισμαι: Dep.: (ἁγκάλῃ):—ἁγκαζομαι, to take in the arms.

ἁγκᾶλς, ἴδος, ἡ, in plur. = ἁγκάλας, arms. II. a bundle, Lat. manipulus.

ἁγκάλισμα, τό, (ἁγκαλίζομαι) that which is embraced.

ἁγκᾶλος, ὁ, (ἁγκάλῃ) an armful: a bundle.

ἁγκάς, Adv. (ἁγκῇ) into or in the arms.

ἁγ-κείμαι, ποῖτ. for ἀνά-κείμαι.

*ΑΓΚΗ, ἡ, = ἁγκος or ἁγκάλῃ, an arm.

ἁγ-κηρύσσω, ποῖτ. for ἀνα-κηρύσσω.

ἁγκιστρεία, ἡ, (ἁγκιστρον) angling.

ἁγκιστρευτικός, ἡ, ὢν, (ἁγκιστρον) of or for angling: τὸ ἁγκιστρευτικόν, angling.

ἁγκιστρον, τό, Dim. of ἁγκιστρον, a small hook.

ἁγκιστρό-δετος, ον, (ἁγκιστρον, δέω) with a book bound to it, of a fishing-rod.

ἁγκιστρο-εἰδής, ἐς, (ἁγκιστρον, εἶδος) book-shaped.

ἁγκιστρον, τό, (akin to ἁγκος, ἁγκύλος) a fish-book.

ἁγ-κλίω and ἁγ-κλιμα, τό, ποῖτ. for ἀνα-κλίνω, ἀνά-κλιμα.

ἁγκοῖνῃ, ἡ, (ἁγκών) ποῖτ. for ἁγκάλῃ, used only in plur. the bent arms. II. metaph. anything closely enfolding: cf. ἁγκάλῃ.

ἁγ-κομίζω, ποῖτ. for ἀνα-κομίζω.

ἁγ-κονίω, for ἀνα-κονίω, to hasten.

*ΑΓΚΟΣ, εος, τό, a bend or hollow, esp. of the arm: hence a mountain-glen, dell, valley.

ἁγ-κρεμάσας, ποῖτ. for ἀνακρεμάσας, aor. I part. of ἀνακρεμάννυμι.

ἁγ-κρίσει, ποῖτ. for ἀνά-κρίσει.

ἁγ-κρούομαι, ποῖτ. for ἀνα-κρούομαι.

ἁγκύλῃ [ῥ], ἡ, like ἁγκάλῃ, the bend of the arm.

II. a loop in a cord: esp. the thong of a javelin, by which it was hurled, Lat. amiculum: also the javelin itself. 2. any thong or string, e.g. the lead of a hound, a bow-string.

ἁγκύλητρος, ἡ, ὢν, verb. Adj. of ἁγκυλέομαι, thrown from the bent arm:—as Subst., τὸ ἁγκύλητρον, a javelin.

ἁγκύλιον, τό, Dim. of ἁγκύλη, a small dart or javelin. II. τὸ ἁγκύλια used to translate the

Lat. ancilia.

ἁγκυλο-γλῶχιν, ἴνος, ὁ, (ἁγκυλος, γλῶχis) with hooked spurs, of a fighting cock.

ἁγκύλ-όδους, οντος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἁγκύλος, ὁδούς) crooked-toothed, barbed, of weapons.

ἁγκύλο-μήτης, ον, ὁ, ἡ, (ἁγκύλος, μήτις) crooked of counsel, wily.

ἁγκύλο-πους, πουν, (ἁγκυλος, πούς) with curved feet, ὄφρος ἁγκ. the Roman sella curulis.

ἁγκύλος, η, ον, (ἁγκος, Lat. uncus) crooked, curved, of a bow: of the eagle's beak, hooked. [ῥ]

ἁγκύλο-τόξος, ον, (ἁγκύλος, τόξον) with curved bow.

ἁγκύλο-χείλης, ον, ὁ, (ἁγκύλος, χεῖλος) with hooked beak.

ἁγκύλο-χήλης, ον, ὁ, (ἁγκύλος, χήλη) with crooked claws.

ἁγκύλῳ, f. ὤσω: pass. pf. ἡγκύλωμαι: (ἁγκύλος): to make crooked or hooked. Hence

ἁγκύλωτός, ἡ, ὢν, of javelinus, furnished with a thong, thonged.

ἁγκύρη, (ἁγκος, ἁγκών) ἡ, Lat. ancorā, an anchor, so called from its shape, first in Pind.; for in Homer we read only of εὐναί, i.e. stones used as anchors.

ἁγκύριζω, f. Att. ἰω: aor. I ἡγκύρισα: (ἁγκυρα):—to hook, catch as with a fish-hook.

ἁγκύριον, τό, Dim. of ἁγκυρα, a small anchor.

ἁγκύρ-ουχία, ἡ, (ἁγκυρα, ἔχω) a holding by the anchor: ἐν ἁγκυρουχίαις when safe at anchor.

*ΑΓΚΩ'Ν, ὄνος, ὁ, like ἁγκάλῃ, the bend or hollow of the arm, the bent arm, the elbow: hence II. any bend, as the angle of a wall, the bend of a river, a bay or creek of the sea; also the curved horns of the lyre. Hence

ἁγκωνίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of ἁγκών.

ἀγλᾶ-θερος, ον, (ἀγλας, θεῖρα) bright-haired.

ἀγλαεῖσθαι, fut. med. inf. of ἀγλαΐω, with pass. sense.

ἀγλᾶτα, ἡ, (ἀγλαός) splendour, beauty, brightness: hence as opp. to what is useful, pomp, show, vanity, and in plur. vanities: also festive joy, triumph, and in plur. festivities.

ἀγλαΐζω, f. Att. ἰω: aor. I ἡγλαΐσα: (ἀγλαός):—to make splendid, adorn: also to give as an ornament:—Pass. to be adorned with a thing, be proud of it, delight in it. Hence

ἀγλαΐσμα, τό, an ornament: cf. ἀγλαΐα.

ἀγλαδ-γυιος, *ον*, (ἀγλαός, γυῖον) *with beautiful limbs*.
 ἀγλαδ-δενδρος, *ον*, (ἀγλαός, δένδρον) *with beautiful trees*.

ἀγλαδ-δωρος, *ον*, (ἀγλαός, δῶρον) *bestowing precious gifts*.

ἀγλαδ-θρονος, *ον*, (ἀγλαός, θρόνος) *with splendid throne*.

ἀγλαδ-καρπος, *ον*, (ἀγλαός, καρπός) *bearing or bestowing goodly fruit*.

ἀγλαδ-κουρος, *ον* (ἀγλαός, κούρος) *rich in fair youths*.

ἀγλαδ-κωμος, *ον*, (ἀγλαός, κῶμος) *gracing the feast*.

ἌΓΛΑΨ, ὅς, *ον*, also *ος, ὄν*, splendid, stately, beautiful, brilliant, bright: of men, famous, noble: c. dat. famous for a thing. Adv. -ῶς. (Akin to ἀγλη, ἀγάλλομαι.)

ἀγλαο-τρίαινης, *ον, ὁ, acc. -ῶν*, (ἀγλαός, τρίαῖνα) *the god of the bright trident*.

ἀγλα-ὤψ, ὤπος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγλαός, ὤψ) *bright-eyed: generally, flashing*.

ἀ-γλευκής, ἔς. (a privat., γλευκος) *not sweet: sour, harsh*.

ἌΓΛΙΣ, ἀγλίθος, only used in plur. ἀγλίθες, a head of garlic, which is made up of several cloves.

ἀ-γλυκίς, ἔς, = ἀ-γλευκής.

ἀγλωσσία, Att. ἀγλωττία, ἡ, dumbness. From ἀ-γλωστος, Att. ἀ-γλωττος, *ον*, (a privat., γλῶσσα) *without tongue: silent, dumb, Lat. elinguis*. II.

ἀγλωσσία, *ον*, (a privat., γλῶσσα) *without tongue: silent, dumb, Lat. elinguis*. II.

ἀγμα, τό, (ἀγνυμι) a fragment.

ἀγμός, ὁ, (ἀγνυμι) a breakage, fracture of a bone. II. a broken cliff, precipice.

ἀ-γναμπος, *ον*, (a privat., γνάμπτω) *unbending*.

ἀ-γναπτος, *ον*, = *αγ*. II. also *not cleansed*.

ἀ-γνάφος, *ον*, (a privat., γνάπτω) of cloth, not carded, i. e. raw.

ἀγνεία, ἡ, (ἀγνέω) *purity, chastity*.

ἀγνευμα, τό, (ἀγνέω) *chastity*.

ἀγνεύω, f. ᾠσω, (ἀγνός) *to observe scrupulously, make a point of conscience of, c. inf.:—also simply, to be pure or chaste: c. gen. to keep oneself pure from*.

ἀγνίζω, f. Att. ἰω: aor. I ἤγνισα: (ἀγνός):—*to make pure, purify, cleanse, Lat. lustrare*. II.

ἀγνίσω, *ον*, (ἀγνός) *made of witby or agnus castus*.

ἀγνισμα, τό, (ἀγνίζω) a means of purification, atonement.

ἀγνισμός, ὁ, (ἀγνίζω) *purification, expiation*.

ἀγνίτης, *ον, ὁ*, (ἀγνίζω) a purifier. [I]

ἀγνοέω, Ep. ἀγνοίεω: f. ἦσω: aor. I ἤγνόησα, Ep. ἀγνοήσα, Ion. and Ep. 3 sing. ἀγνώσασκε: pf. ἤγνόηκα.—Pass., aor. I ἤγνόηθην: pf. ἤγνόημαι: (as if from ἀ-γνοος = ἀ-νοος):—*not to perceive or know, to be ignorant, Lat. ignorare: in Homer mostly, οὐκ ἀγνοίησεν be perceived or knew well:—Pass. not to be known*. II. absol. *to mistake, be wrong; hence in part ἀγνοῶν, by mistake*. Hence

ἀγνήμα, τό, a fault or ignorance, oversight; and

ἀγνοητικός, ἡ, *ον*, apt to err from ignorance.
 ἀγνοιά, ἡ (ἀγνοέω) *want of perception, ignorance*. II.—ἀγνόημα, a fault of ignorance.
 [poet. sometimes ἀγνοιά: cf. ἀνοία.]

ἀγνοίεω, poet., esp. Ep., form for ἀγνοέω.

ἀγνοίησι, Od. 24. 218, 3 sing. aor. I opt. οἱ ἀγνοέω: but if written ἀγνοίησι, it is 3 sing. pres subj.

ἀγνοοῦντως, Adv., pres. act. part. of ἀγνοέω, *ignorantly*.

ἀγνό-ρῦτος, *ον*, (ἀγνός, ῥέω) *pure-flowing*.

ἀγνός, ἡ, *ον*, pure, chaste, unsullied: holy, sacred. II. c. gen. pure from a thing. Adv. -γώς. (Akin to ἄζω, ἄγος, ἄγος.)

ἌΓΝΟΣ, ἡ, Att. ὁ, -λύγος, a tall tree like the willow, the agnus castus.

ἀγνότης, ἡτος, ἡ, (ἀγνός) *purity, chastity*.

ἌΓΝΥΜΙ, 3 dual ἀγνύον: fut. ἔξω: aor. I ἔξα, Ep. ἦξα, imperat. ἔξω, inf. ἔξαι, part. ἔξας: aor. 2 pass. ἔαγην [ᾱ, v. sub fin.]: pf. ἔαγα, Ion. ἔγηα:—*to break, snap, crush, shiver, Lat. frango:—Pass. with pf. act. ἔαγα, to be broken, to snap, shiver in pieces: of sound, to spread around: of a river, to flow in a broken, i. e. winding course*. [ᾱ in pf. ἔαγα, Ion. ἔγηα: but in aor. 2 pass. ἔαγην, ᾱ in Hom., ᾱ long in Att.; v. κατὰγνυμι.]

ἀγνωμονέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀγνώμων) *to act without judgment, act ignorantly or unfairly*.

ἀγνωμόνως, Adv. of ἀγνώμων, *senselessly*.

ἀγνωμοσύνη, ἡ, *want of sense or judgment*. I. senselessness, ignorance. II. senseless pride, arrogance.

III. unfairness, unkindness, Lat. iniquitas: in plur. misunderstandings. From

ἀ-γνώμων, *ον, ονος*, (a privat., γνῶμη) *wanting sense or judgment: senseless, thoughtless, headstrong*. II. unfeeling, unkind: unjust.

ἀ-γνώς, ὤτος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., γνῶναι) pass. unknown: obscure. 2. obscure, ignoble. II. act. not knowing, ignorant of a thing.

ἀγνώς, Adv. of ἀγνός.

ἀγνωσία, ἡ, (ἀγνώς) a not knowing, ignorance. II. a being unknown, obscurity.

ἀγνώσασκε or ἀγνώσασκε, Ion. and Ep. for ἤγνώσῃς, 3 sing. aor. I οἱ ἀγνοέω.

ἀγνώστω, pres. formed from foreg. = ἀγνοέω.

ἀ-γνώστος or ἀ-γνώτος, *ον*, (a privat., γιγνώσκειν) *unknown, unknown, γλῶσσα an unknown tongue: unheard of, forgotten*. 2. not to be known. II. act. not knowing, ignorant of, τινός.

ἀγξηρᾶναι, aor. I inf. of ἀναγερᾶναι.

ἀγονία, ἡ, unfruitfulness. From

ἀ-γονος, *ον*, (a privat., γονή) pass. unborn. II. act. not producing, unfruitful, barren: c. gen. not productive of, destitute of: τόκος ἀγονος, fruitless travail, when the mother dies before the child is born. 2. left childless.

ἀ-γους, *ον*, (a privat., γός) *unmourned*.

ἀγορά, ᾱς, Ep. and Ion. ἀγορή, ἡς, ἡ, (ἀγείρω) any

assembly, esp. an *Assembly of the People*, opp. to the Council (βουλή).

II. *the place of Assembly*, used not only for public debating, elections, and trials, but also for buying and selling, and all kinds of business, Lat. *forum*:—especially, the *market-place*.

III. *a speech made in the forum, speaking, gift of speaking*, Lat. *concio*.

IV. *things sold in the forum*, esp. *provisions*, Lat. *annona*; ἀγορὰν παρέχειν, to hold a market.

V. as a mark of time, ἀγορὰ πλήθουσα, or ἀγορὴ πληθῶρη, *the forenoon*, when the market-place was full: opp. to ἀγορὴς διάλυσαι, *the time just after noon*: when they went home from market.

ἀγοράσθε, Ep. for ἀγοράσθε, 2 pl. pres. ind. of ἀγοράζωμαι. [ἀγοράσθῃ]

ἀγοράζω, ἱ. ἄσω: aor. ἡγόρασα: pf. ἡγόρακα:—Pass., aor. ἡγοράσθην: pf. ἡγοράσμαι: (ἀγορά):—to be in the market-place, to attend it: hence 2. to do business there, buy or sell: Med. to buy for oneself.

3. of idle people, to haunt the market-place, lounge there, cf. sq.

ἀγοραῖος, ov, in, of, or belonging to the market-place, an epith. of several gods.

II. frequenting the market-place:—οἱ ἀγοραῖοι (with or without ἀνθρώποι):

1. *bucksters, petty traffickers, retail-dealers*.

2. *idlers or loungers*, like Lat. *subrotanti*, and so generally the common sort:—hence the word is used of things, low, mean, vulgar.

III. generally, proper to the assembly, suited to forensic speaking, business-like: ἀγοραῖος (sc. ἡμέρα), *a court-day*.

ἀγορανόμοκος, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the ἀγορανόμος or his office, Lat. *Aedilicis*.

ἀγορανόμιον, τό, the court of the ἀγορανόμος.

ἀγορά-νόμος, ὁ, (ἀγορά, νέμω) a clerk of the market, who regulated the buying and selling there, like the Rom. *Aedilis*.

ἀγοράζωμαι, Ep. aor. I ἀγορησάμην: Dep.: (ἀγορά):—to meet in the Assembly, sit in debate: also to speak in the Assembly, Lat. *concionari*.

ἀγοράσδω, Dor. for ἀγοράζω.

ἀγοράσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀγοράζω) buying, purchase.

ἀγόρασμα, τό, (ἀγοράζω) that which is bought or sold: in plur. wares, merchandise.

ἀγοραστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀγοράζω) the slave who had to buy provisions, the purveyor, Lat. *obsonator*.

ἀγοραστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγοράζω) of or for trafficking or trade: ἡ ἀγοραστική (sub. τέχνη) commerce, trade.

ἀγορεύω, impf. ἡγόρευον, Ep. ἀγόρευον: fut. -εύσω: aor. ἡγόρευσα, Ep. ἄγ-: pf. ἡγόρευκα: Med., aor. ἡγορευσάμην: Pass., aor. ἡγορευθῆν: pf. ἡγόρευμαι: (but in Att. the fut. in use is ἔρ-, pf. εἶρηκα, aor. εἶπον):—to speak in the Assembly, to counsel:—generally to speak; κακῶν or κακῶς ἀγορεύειν τινα to speak ill of one.

2. to proclaim, declare: Med. to get a thing proclaimed.

ἀγορή, Ep. and Ion. for ἀγορά. Hence ἀγορήθην, Adv. from the Assembly or market; and

ἀγορήνδε, Adv. to the Assembly or market.

ἀγορήσατο, Ep. for ἡγορήσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀγοράζωμαι.

ἀγορητής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀγοράζωμαι) a speaker, orator.

ἀγορητής, ὅς, ἡ, (ἀγοράζωμαι) the gift or power of speaking, eloquence.

ἀγορος, ὁ, poet. for ἀγορά.

ἄγος or ἄγος, εος, τό, (ἄζωμαι) any matter of religious awe: hence 1. pollution, guilt, Lat. *piaculum*: also the curse which follows it.

2. the person or thing accursed, an abomination.

3. at expiatory sacrifice.

ἄγος, οὐ, ὁ, (ἄγω) a leader, chief.

ἀγοστός, ὁ, the flat of the hand.

II. the bent arm, like ἀγκών, ἀγκολή. (Akin to ἀγκών, ἀγκυμ.) [ἄ]

ἄΓΓΡΑ, Ion. ἄγρη, ἡ, a catching, hunting; ἄγρην ἐφέπειν to follow the chase:—also, a way of catching.

II. that which is taken in hunting, the booty, prey:—of birds or beasts, game; of fish, a draught or haul.

ἀγραμμασία, ἡ, want of learning: from ἀ-γράμματος, ov, (a privat., γράμμα) without learning (γράμματα), unlettered, Lat. *illiteratus*, esp. unable to read or write.

II. = ἀγραφος, unwritten.

ἀγραπτος, ov, (a privat., γράφω) unwritten; ἀγρ. νόμῳ the unwritten moral law: cf. ἀγραφος.

ἀγραυλῆς, f. ἡσω, to be an ἀγραυλος, to dwell in the fields, of shepherds.

ἀγρ-αυλος, ov, (ἀγρός, αὐλή) dwelling in the fields, of shepherds:—of things, rural, rustic.

ἀγρᾶφος, ov, = ἀγραπτος, unwritten; ἀγραφοὶ νόμοι, unwritten laws, which are 1. the laws of nature, moral law.

2. laws of custom.

II. not registered in a written list.

ἄγρει, ἄγρετε, 2 sing. and plur. imperat. of ἀγρέω: in Homer as Adv. just like ἄγε, ἄγετε, come! come on! quick!

ἀγρεῖος, α, ov, (ἀγρός) of the country, rural, rustic: also, clownish, boorish, like ἀγροικος.

Hence ἀγρειοσύνη, ἡ, clownishness: the life of a clown or boor.

ἄλΠΕΙΦΝΑ, ης, ἡ, a harrow, rake.

ἀγρέμιος, ov, (ἀγρη) taken in hunting.

ἀγρεῖα, ἡ, = ἄγρη, spoil taken in the chase.

ἀγρευμα, τό, (ἀγρεύω) that which is taken in the chase, booty, spoil.

II. a net, toil.

ἀγρεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἀγρεύω) a hunter.

ἀγρευτής, ἦρος, ὁ, = ἀγρευτής.

ἀγρευτής, ὁ, a hunter, like ἀγρεύς.

II. as Adj. used in hunting or fishing; ἀγρ. κύνας, bounds; ἀγρ. κάλαμος a fishing-rod.

ἀγρευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, fit for, skilled in hunting. From ἀγρεύω, f. εὔσω, (ἀγρη) to hunt, take by hunting, catch: metaph. to hunt after, pursue eagerly.

ἀγρέω, Aeol. form of ἀγρεύω, to hunt after, pursue eagerly:—see ἀγρει. ἀγρεῖτε.

ἀγρη, ἡ, Ion. for ἀγρη.

ἀγριαίνω, f. ἀῶ: aor. ἡγρίαῖνα: (ἀγριος):—I. intrans.

to be savage, provoked, angry. 2. causal, to make angry, provoke.

ἀγρι-έλαιος, *ov*, (ἀγριος, ἐλαία) of a wild olive: as Subst. ἀγριέλαιος, ἡ, a wild olive, oleaster.

ἀγριο-βαίτης, *ov*, δ, (ἀγριος, δαίνυμαι) eating wild fruits, like βαλανηφάγος.

ἀγριο-ποιός, *ov*, (ἀγριος, ποιέω) making wild: of a poet, writing wildly.

ἀγριος, *a, ov*, also *os, ov*, (ἀγρός) living in the fields, living wild: hence I. of animals, opp. to τιθασύς, wild, savage, Lat. *ferus*; σὺς ἀγριος a wild boar. 2. of trees, opp. to ἡμερος, wild. 3. of countries, wild, uncultivated, unreclaimed. II. of men and animals, I. in moral sense, wild, savage, fierce, Lat. *ferus, ferox*. 2. in Att. also opp. to δαστεῖος, (as Lat. *rusticus* to *urbanus*) boorish, rude. 3. also of any violent passion, wild, vehement, furious. III. Adv. -ῶς, also neut. pl. ἀγρία, wildly, fiercely. Hence

ἀγριότης, *ητος, ἡ*, wildness, fierceness, Lat. *feritas*.

ἀγριό-φωνος, *ov*, (ἀγριος, φωνή) with a rough voice, like βαρβαρό-φωνος.

ἀγριῶν, *f. ὥσω*: aor. ἡγρίωσα:—Pass., aor. ἡγρίωθην: pf. ἡγρίωμαι: (ἀγριος):—to make wild or savage. II. mostly in Pass. to grow wild, and in pf. ἡγρίωμαι, to be wild, of plants, etc.:—of men, to be savage or fierce, Lat. *efferrari*.

ἀγρίφῃ, ἡ, = ἀγρίφνα. [ῆ]

ἀγρι-ώδης, *es*, (ἀγριος, εἶδος) of a wild nature.

ἀγρι-ώπης, *ov*, (ἀγριος, ὤψ) wild-looking.

ἀγρο-βότης, *ov*, δ, (ἀγρος, βόσκειν) feeding in the field, dwelling in the country.

ἀγρο-γείτων, *ovos, δ*, (ἀγρός, γείτων) a country neighbour, opp. to ἀστυγείτων.

ἀγρο-δότης, *ov*, δ, (ἀγρα, δίδωμι) a giver of booty.

ἀγρόθεν, Adv. of ἀγρός, from the country.

ἀγροικία, ἡ, (ἀγροικος) boorishness, coarseness. II. country life, the country: pl. country houses.

ἀγροικίζομαι, *f. Att.-ισθαι*, Dep. to be boorish. From ἀγρο-ικος, *ov*, (ἀγρός, οἰκίζω) living in the country, rustic: hence 2. of men, boorish, rude: opp. to δαστεῖος. 3. of fruits, grown in the country, common, opp. to γενναῖος: but also 4. of land, rough, uncultivated, like ἀγριος. Hence

ἀγροίκως, Adv. like a clown, rudely.

ἀγροιώτης, *ov*, δ, poet. for ἀγρότης, a countryman, clown. II. as Adj. rustic.

ἀγρό-κομος, δ, (ἀγρος, κομῶ) a land-steward.

ἀγρόμενος, *η, ov*, part. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ἀγείρω, assembled.

ἀγρόνδε, Adv. of ἀγρός, to the country.

ἀγρό-νομος, *ov*, and in Anth. *η, ov*, (ἀγρός, νέμωμαι) hunting the country, rural: also = ἀγριος, wild.

ἌΓΡΟΣ, *ov*, δ, Lat. *AGER*, a field, land: also the country, as opp. to the town.

ἀγρότῃς, *a, ov*, (ἀγρός) poet. for ἀγριος, wild, of plants: of men, rustic. II. (ἀγρα) fond of the chase: hence ἡ ἀγρότερα, the huntress.

ἀγροτήρ, *ηρος, δ*, = ἀγρότης, a countryman: fem. ἀγρότερη, as Adj. rustic.

ἀγρότης, *ov*, δ, fem. ἀγρότις, *ιδος*, (ἀγρός) a countryman, countrywoman. 2. as Adj. living in the country, rural, rustic.

ἀγρο-φύλαξ, *ἄκος, δ*, (ἀγρός, φύλαξ) a watcher of the country.

ἀγρυπνέω, *f. ἦσω*, (ἀγρυπνος) to be wakeful, lie awake: ἀγρυπνεῖν τι or εἰς τι, to be watchful for or intent upon a thing, Lat. *invigilare rei*. Hence

ἀγρυπνία, ἡ, sleeplessness, waking, watching.

ἀγρ-υπνος, *ov*, (ἀγρέω, ὕπνος) = ἀϋπνος, sleepless, wakeful.

ἀγρόσσω, = ἀγρεύω, to catch.

ἀγρώστης, *ov*, δ, (ἀγρός) = ἀγρότης, a countryman. II. (ἀγρα) a hunter: fem. ἀγρώστις, *ιδος, ἡ*, a huntress.

ἀγρωστις, *ιος* and *ews, ἡ*, a grass that mules feed on.

ἀγρώτης, *ov*, δ, = ἀγρότης, a countryman:—as Adj. of the field, wild.

ἀγυῖά, ἡ, (ἀγῶ) a way or road: in towns, a street, a public place; in plura a city, town. [ἀγυῖα] Hence

ἀγυιάτης, *ov*, δ, = Ἀγυιεύς: voc. Ἀγυιάτα. [ἀγυιά] ἀγυιάτης, *ιδος, ἡ*, fem. of foreg. a neighbour. II. as Adj. Ἀγυιάτιδες θεραπεία, the worship of Apollo Agynus.

Ἀγυεύς, *ἔως, δ*, (ἀγυῖα) name of Apollo as guardian of the streets and public places.

ἀγυμνάσια, ἡ, want of exercise or training. From ἀγυμναστος, *ov*, (a privative, γυμνάζω) without exercise, untrained; ἀγυμναστος τινος unpractised in a thing, also εἰς or πρὸς τι. 2. unbarassed, undisturbed. II. Adv., ἀγυμμάστας ἔχειν to be unpractised.

ἀγῦρις, *ιος, ἡ*, Aeol. form of ἀγορά, a gathering, crowd, assembly. [ἀ]

ἀγυρμός, *ov*, δ, (ἀγείρω) a collection.

ἀγυρτάζω, (ἀγύρτης) to collect by begging. [ἀ]

ἀγρῆτης, *ov*, δ, (ἀγείρω) properly a gatherer, collector: hence a beggar, vagabond, mountebank, cheat. Hence

ἀγυρτικός, ἡ, *ov*, like a mountebank.

ἀγύρτρια, ἡ, fem. of ἀγυρτήρ.

ἀγχι-μαχος, *ov*, (ἀγχι, μάχομαι) fighting hand to hand; ἀγχι, σπλά, arms for close fight.

ἌΓΧΙ, Adv. of place, = ἐγγύς, near, nigh at hand, close by, c. gen.:—Comp. ἀγγιον and ἀσσον: Sup. ἀγγιστα, ἀγγιστάτω. Cf. ἀγγιού, ἀγγιστος. [Υ]

ἀγγι-ἄλος, *ov*, also *η, ov*, (ἀγγι, ἄλος) near the sea, of cities: but of islands, near the sea on all sides, sea-girt, like ἀμφι-ἄλος.

ἀγγι-βάθης, *es*, (ἀγγι, βάθος) deep close to shore.

ἀγγι-γείτων, *es*, gen. *ovos*, (ἀγγι, γείτων) near, neighbouring.

ἀγγι-γυος, *ov*, (ἀγγι, γύα) of a neighbouring land.

ἀγγι-θεός, *ov*, (ἀγγι, θεός) near the gods, i. e. like gods or dwelling with the gods.

ἀγγι-θύρος, ον, (ἀγγι, θύρα) near the door, neighbouring. [M]

ἀγγι-μάχητῆς, οὔ, δ, = ἀγγέμαχος.

ἀγγι-μολος, ον, (ἀγγι, μολεῖν) coming near: always in neut. as Adv. ἀγγιμολον ἐλθεῖν or στῆναι to come or stand near; ἐξ ἀγγιμόλοιο from nigh at hand.

ἀγγι-νεφῆς, ἐς, (ἀγγι, νέφος) near the clouds.

ἀγγι-νοῖα, ῆ, (ἀγγι, νοεῖν) a ready wit, shrewdness, Lat. sagacitas.

ἀγγι-νοος, ον, contr. ἀγγι-νοῦς, ον, (ἀγγι, νοῦς) ready of mind, shrewd, Lat. agax.

ἀγγιον, Comp. Adv. of ἀγγι, nearer.

ἀγγι-πλοος, ον, contr. ἀγγι-πλους, ον, (ἀγγι, πλοῦς) near by sea; ἀγγι, πόρος a short voyage.

ἀγγι-πολις, ποῖτ. ἀγγι-πολις, εως, ὁ, ῆ, (ἀγγι, πόλις) near the city, dwelling in the land.

ἀγγι-πορος, ον, (ἀγγι, πορεύομαι) passing near; πόλακες ἀγγίποροι flatterers at one's elbow.

ἀγγι-πολις, ποῖτ. for ἀγγι-πολις.

ἀγγιστα, γ. ἀγγιστος.

ἀγγιστεία, ῆ, (ἀγγιστεύω) nearness of kin. II. rigbis of kin, right of inheritance.

ἀγγιστεία, τά, = ἀγγιστεία.

ἀγγιστεύς, ἐως, ὁ, (ἀγγιστα) the next of kin: the heir at law.

ἀγγιστεύς, γ. εἰσός, (ἀγγιστος) to be near to one, c. dat.: esp. to be next of kin, to be heir at law.

ἀγγιστήρ, ῆρος, ὁ, ποῖτ. for ἀγγιστεύς, ἀγγιστήρ τοῦ πάθους immediate author of the suffering.

ἀγγιστινός, η, ον, ποῖτ. lengthd. form of ἀγγιστος, close-packed, in a heap.

ἀγγιστος, ον, Sup. Adj. (ἀγγι) next or nearest: ἀγγιστος γένει nearest of kin: neut. ἀγγιστον, or ἀγγιστα, as Sup. Adv. most nearly, ἀγγιστα εἰκας most nearly like; οἱ ἀγγιστα the next of kin: freq. c. gen. as ἀγγιστά τινας, nearest to him. II. of time, last, Lat. proximus.

ἀγγι-στροφος, ον, (ἀγγι, στρέφω) turning near, quick-wheeling, of a bird.

ἀγγι-στροφα, ον, γ. ἀγγιστροφα as Adv. suddenly.

ἀγγι-τέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀγγι, τέρμα) near the borders, neighbouring.

ἀγγι-τοκος, ον, (ἀγγι, τόκος) near the birth.

ἀγγόθεν, Adv. (ἀγγού) from nigh at hand.

ἀγγόθεν, Adv. = ἀγγού, nigh at hand. c. gen.

ἀγγόνῃ, ῆ, (ἀγγω) throttling, strangling, banging: κρείσσον ἀγγόνῃς worse than banging: ἀγγόνῃς μέλας as bad as banging: ἀγγόνῃ καὶ λύπῃ anguish and grief.

ἀγγόνῃ, γ. ἀγγόνῃ fit for strangling or banging.

ἀγγόνῃ, γ. ἀγγόνῃ fit for strangling or banging.

ἀγγ-χορεύς, ποῖτ. for ἀνα-χορεύς.

ἀγγότατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. (ἀγγι) nearest, next: mostly as Adv. ἀγγότατά, like ἀγγιστα, c. gen.; οἱ ἐγγότατά προσήκοντες the nearest of kin.

ἐγγότατος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. (ἀγγι) nearer.

ἄΓΧΟΤ = ἀγγι, near, nigh at hand. absol. or c. gen., also c. dat., cf. ἀγγι.

ἄΓΧΩ, impf. ἦγχον: γ. ἀγξω: aor. ἦγξα:—Lat. ANGO, to press tight, esp. the throat: to wrangle, throtle, bang.

ἀγγ-ώμαλος, ον, (ἀγγι, δμαλός) nearly equal ἀγγ-ώμαλος μάχη a doubtful battle. Adv. ἀγγωμάλως, also ἀγγώμαλα, doubtfully, Lat. aequo Martie.

ἄΓΩ, Lat. AGO: impf. ἦγον, Ep. ἄγον, Ion. ἄγεσκον: fut. ἄγω: aor. 2 ἦγαγον, inf. ἀγαγεῖν: less freq. aor. 1 ἦξα, inf. ἔξει Ep. ἀξέμεν or ἀξέμεναι: pf. ἦχα, redupl. ἀγήσχα.—Med., fut. ἄξομαι: aor. 1 ἦξάμην, aor. 2 ἦγαγόμην.—Pass., fut. ἀχθήσομαι, but also fut. ined. ἄξομαι, with pass. signif. aor. 1 pass. ἦχθην: pf. ἦγμαι: verb. Adj. ἀκτέον:—

Lat. AGO: I. Act. to lead, lead away, of persons, φέρειν being used of things; ἄγειν καὶ φέρειν to carry off the spoil of a land, both cattle and movables, like Lat. agere et ferre: ἄγειν εἰς δίκην or δικαστήριον, or ἄγειν ἐπὶ τοὺς δικαστάς, to carry before a court of justice, Lat. rapere in jus.

2. to lead on, lead towards; ἄγειν θανάτῳ τέλοσδε led on to death; c. inf., ἄγει θανεῖν it leads to death: hence to lead, as a general; to guide, as the gods, etc.

3. to bring up, train, educate, καλῶς or κακῶς ἡχθῆναι.

4. to draw out in length; τεῖχος ἄγειν, Lat. murum ducere, to build a wall.

5. like Lat. agere, to hold, celebrate, εορτῇ, etc.: also to hold, keep, observe, εἰρήνῃ, σπονδῆς, etc.: ἄγειν βίον, Lat. agere vitam, to lead a life, live.

6. like Lat. ducere, to hold, consider: ἐν τιμῇ ἄγει or ἄγεσθαι, to hold in honour, etc.

7. like ἔλκεν, to weigh so much, e. g. ἄγειν. μῶν, τριακοσίους δαπέλους, etc., to weigh a mina, 300 darics, etc.

II. Med. ἄγομαι, o lead away for oneself, carry off, as χρυσόν τε καὶ ἀργυρον οὐκὰδ' ἄγεσθαι.

2. ἄγεσθαι γυναῖκα, Lat. uxorem ducere, to take to oneself a wife; absol. ἄγεσθαι, to marry; but also of the father, to choose a wife for his son.

3. διὰ στόμα ἄγεσθαι μῦθον to let pass through the mouth, i. e. to utter.

4. ἄγεσθαι τι ἐς χεῖρας, to take a thing into one's hands.

ἀγωαῖος, ον, (ἀγωγῆ) fit for leading by, of a dog's collar or leash.

ἀγωγεύς, ἐως, ὁ, (ἀγω to lead) a leader, one who draws or drags.

II. that by which one leads, a rein, leash.

ἀγωγή, ῆ, (ἀγω) a leading away, a carrying away or off: also in intrans. sense, a going away.

5. a bringing to or in, bringing before an assembly.

3. a leading towards a point, guiding: the leading off an army, guiding a state.

4. a training, educating: and intrans. conduct, mode of life.

ἱγώγιμος, ον, (ἀγω) easy to be carried. τὰ ἀγώγιμα, things portable, a cargo of wares.

II. that may be carried away: of persons, outlawed, or delivered into bondage.

III. easily led, com-pleasant.

ἄγῳιον, τό, (ἀγῶ) *the load of a wagon.*

ἀγῳγός, ὄν, (ἀγῶ) *leading, guiding: as Subst., ἀγῳγός, ὁ, a guide; ἀγῳγοί an escort.*

II. *leading towards.*

III. *drawing to oneself, eliciting, c. gen.: attractive, τὸ ἀγῳγόν, attractiveness.*

ἈΓΩΝ, ὄνος, ὁ, an assembly, like ἀγορά: esp. *an assembly met to see games.*

2. a place of assembly: a place of contest, the arena or stadium.

II. the assembly of the Greeks at their great national games, as, ἀγῶν Ὀλυμπιάς, ἀγῶν Ὀλυμπικός, etc.: hence the contest for a prize at their games.

2. generally, any struggle or contest, ἀγῶν περὶ τῆς ψυχῆς.

3. a battle.

4. an action at law, trial.

5. metaph., ἐστὶν ἀγῶν λόγων, μάχης, etc., now is the time for speaking, fighting, etc.

ἀγῶν-ἀρχῆς, ου, ὁ, (ἀγῶν, ἀρχῶ) a president or judge of a contest.

ἀγῶνία, ἡ, a struggle for victory.

2. gymnastic exercise, wrestling.

3. of the mind, agony, anguish.

ἀγωνιάω: impf. ἡγωνιῶν: f. ἄσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἡγωνίασα: pf. ἡγωνίακα:—to be engaged in a contest, to compete, like ἀγωνίζομαι.

III. to strive eagerly, to be anxious about a thing.

ἀγωνίζομαι, fut. ἴσομαι, Att. ῥύομαι, aor. I ἡγωνίσασθην:—for the pass. forms see signf. II. 2: (ἀγῶν):

—to contend for a prize, esp. in the public games; ἀγωνίζεσθαι στάδιον to contend in the foot-race; ἀγ. περὶ τινοῦς to contend for a prize; ἀγ. τινι or πρὸς τινα to contend with one.

2. to fight.

3. to contend for the prize on the stage, act.

II. to contend against in a law-suit; ἀγ. δίκην, γραφὴν, to fight a cause to the last; ἀγ. φόνον to fight against a charge of murder.

2. in Pass. to be won by a hard contest, but rarely save in pf., e.g. πολλοὶ ἀγῶνες ἀγωνιζάμενοι (Ion. for ἡγωνισμένοι εἰσι), many battles have been fought; so also in aor. I ἡγωνίσθην.

ἀγῶνιος, ου, (ἀγῶν) presiding over the contest or the games, as an epithet of the gods:—σχολή ἀγῶνιος cessation from combat. [ᾶ]

ἀγώνιστος, ἡ, (ἀγωνίζομαι) a contending for a prize.

ἀγώνισμα, τό, (ἀγωνίζομαι) a contest for a prize, generally, a contest: in plur. achievements, exploits.

II. an object to strive for; the prize of contest, distinction.

III. that with which one contends, an essay, declaration.

ἀγωνισμός, ὁ, (ἀγωνίζομαι) rivalry.

ἀγωνιστίον, verb. Adj. of ἀγωνίζομαι, one must contend.

ἀγωνιστής, ου, ὁ, (ἀγωνίζομαι) a combatant, rival, esp. at the games: an advocate: also an actor; hence πρωτ-αγωνιστής, δευτερ-αγωνιστής, etc.

2. a champion.

ἀγωνιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγωνίζομαι) fit for contesting or striving: also fitted for winning:—ἡ ἀγωνιστική (sub. τέχνη) the art of winning or prevailing.

Adv. -κῶς, ἀγωνιστικῶς ἔχειν to be disposed for combat.

ἀγωνοθετέω, f. ἦσω, to be a judge or director of the games: generally, to direct, promote, judge, decide.

From

ἀγωνο-θέτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀγῶν, τίθημι) a president in the games: a judge.

ἀδαγμός, ὁ, Ion. for ὀδαγμός, an itching, sting.

ἀδᾶμηνία or ἀδαμμοσύνη, ἡ, ignorance, unskillfulness in doing. From

ἀ-δάμῳ, ου, (a privat., δαῖναι) unknowing, ignorant of, c. gen. μάχης ἀδαήμων: but, ἀδ. κακῶν beyond the knowledge, i. e. reach of ill.

ἀδᾶς, ἐς, (a privat., δαῖναι) = foreg. unknowing, ignorant of, c. gen. also c. inf. unknowing how to.

ἀ-δάτος, ου, (a privat., δαῖναι) unknown.

ἀ-δαίος, ου, (a privat., δαίος) Dor. for ἀδήϊος.

ἀ-δατος, ου, (a privat., δαίνυμαι) not to be eaten, unlaughful to eat.

ἀ-δάκρυς, υ, gen. vos, (a privat., δάκρυ) = ἀδάκρυτος I. II. = ἀδάκρυτος II.

ἀ-δάκρυν, Adv. without tears. From

ἀ-δάκρυτος, ου, (a privat., δακρύω) without tears, hence I. act. not weeping, tearless. II

pass. unwept.

ἀ-δᾶλης, ἐς, Dor. for ἀ-δήλητος.

ἀδαμάντινος, ου, (ἀδάμας) adamant, of steel: hence, hard as adamant, stubborn. Adv. -ως.

ἀδαμάντο-δετος, ου, (ἀδάμας, δέω) iron-bound.

ἀ-δάμας, αντος, ὁ, (a privat., δαμάω) unconquerable: hence I. as Subst. adamant, i. e. the hardest metal, prob. steel: also the diamond. II.

as Adj. inexorable.

ἀ-δάμαστος, ου, (a privat., δαμάω) properly of horses, unbroken, untamable:—metaph. inexorable.

ἀ-δάματος, ου, Trag. form of foreg.: also of females, unwedded. [ἀδδ-: but also ἀδ- as in ἀ-θάνατος.]

ἀ-δάπανος, ου, (a privat., δᾶπανη) without expense, costing nothing. Adv. -ως.

ἀ-δασμος, ου, tribute-free.

ἀ-δαστος, ου, (a privat., δάσασθαι aor. I of δατέομαι) undivided.

ἀδδεές, Ep. vocat. of ἀδεής.

ἀδδηκότες, poet. for ἀδδηκότες, pf. part. of ἀδέω.

ἀδδην, poet. for ἀδην.

ἀδδῆσαι, aor. I opt. of ἀδέω.

ἀδδῆ-φαγέω, etc., v. sub ἀδδῆ-.

ἀδε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of ἀνδάνω. [ᾶ]

ἀδέα, Dor. poet. for ἡδέα, fem. of ἡδύς: also as Dor. acc. masc. and fem.

ἀ-δεής, Ep. ἀ-δεής, ἐς, Ep. voc. ἀδδεές, (a privat., δέος) fearless, shameless.

2. fearless, secure: τὸ ἀδεές, security:—Adv. ἀδεῶς, without fear or scruple, confidently, abundantly.

II. causing no fear, not formidable.

ἀδεα, ἡ, (ἀδεής) freedom from fear, safety, security: ἀδεαν διδόναι, παρέχειν, etc., to grant an am-

neaty; ἐν ἀδείῃ εἶναι to feel secure; μετ' ἀδείας with a promise of security.

ἀ-δεύης, ἐς, Ep. for ἀ-δεής.

ἀ-δελμάντος, *on*, (a privat., δειμαίνω) *undaunted*: c. gen. *without fear* for a person. Adv. -τως.

ἀδεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνδάνω.

ἀ-δενπνος, *on*, (a privat., δειπνῶ) *without food*, *unfed*.

ἀ-δέκαστος, *on*, (a privat., δεκάω) *unbribed*. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-δεκάτεutos, *on*, (a privat., δεκατεύω) *not titbed*.

ἀ-δεκτος, *on*, (a privat., δέχομαι) *not received* or *believed*. II. act. *not receiving*, *not capable of*, *πινός*.

ἀδελφεα, ἡ, Dor. for ἀδελφή.

ἀδελφεή, ἡ, Ion. for ἀδελφή.

ἀδελφεός, ὁ, Ep. for ἀδελφός.

ἀδελφeco-κτόνος, *on*, Ion. for ἀδελφο-κτόνος.

ἀδελφεός, ὁ, Ep. and Ion. for ἀδελφός.

ἀδελφή, ἡ, fem. of ἀδελφός, a sister.

ἀδελφιδέος, *on*, contr. ἀδελφιδούς, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀδελφός) a brother's or sister's son, a nephew.

ἀδελφιδή, ἡ, Att. contr. for ἀδελφιδέη, (ἀδελφός) a brother's or sister's daughter, a niece.

ἀδελφίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἀδελφός, a little brother.

ἀδελφίζω, fut. Att. ἰώ, (ἀδελφός) to adopt as brother.

ἀδελφικός, ἡ, *on*, brotherly. Adv. -κῶς.

ἀδελφο-κτόνος, Ion. ἀδελφeco-κτόνος, *on*, (ἀδελφός, κτείνω) *murdering a brother or sister*.

ἀδελφός, (a copul., δελφύς):

I. as Subst. ἀδελφός, Ion. -φείος, Ep. -φείος, ὁ, a brother; in pl. ἀδελφοί brothers and sisters. II. as Adj. ἀδελφός, ὁ, *on*, brotherly or sisterly: hence like Lat. *geminus*, in pairs, twin, also twin to a thing, just like it. Hence

ἀδελφότης, *ητος*, ἡ, brotherhood, brotherly kindness. 2. a family of brothers, a brotherhood.

ἀ-δενδρος, *on*, (a privat., δένδρον) *without trees*.

ἀ-δέξιος, *on*, (a privat., δεξιός) *awkward*.

ἀ-δερκής, ἐς, (a privat., δέρκομαι) *unseen, invisible*.

ἀ-δερεκτος, *on*, (a privat., δέρκομαι) *not seeing*, *invisible*, ὄμματα. Adv. -τως, *without looking*.

ἀ-δεσμος, *on*, (a privat., δεσμός) *unfettered, unbound*; ἀδεσμοι φυλακή, Lat. *libera custodia*, of prisoners suffered to be at large on parole.

ἀ-δέσποτος, *on*, (a privat., δεσποτής) *without a master*—of writings, *anonymous*.

ἀ-δετος, *on*, (a privat., δέω) *unbound*: *free*.

ἀ-δευκής, ἐς, (a privat., δεύκος) *not sweet, sour*, *bitter*, Lat. *acerbus*.

ἀ-δέψιμος, *on*, (a privat., δεψέω) *untanned*.

*ΑΔΕΩ, to please, obsol. pres., whence ἀνδάνω has its fut., aor. 2, and pf.: v. ἀνδάνω.

*ΑΔΕΩ, to be sated, obsol. pres., whence come aor. I opt. ἀδῆσαι or ἀδῆσει, may be be sated; and pf. part. ἀδῆκότες or ἀδῆκότες, sated. Cf. δα, satio.

ἀ-δήτος, contr. ἀ-δῆτος, Dor. ἀ-δάτος, *on*, (a privat., δῆτος) *unassailed*.

ἀ-δηκτος, *on*, (a privat., δάκνω) *not gnawed* or *worm-eaten*: *not carped at*.

ἀδῆλῶς, (ἀδῆλος) to be at a loss about a thing.

ἀ-δῆλητος, *on*, (a privat., δηλέομαι) *unburt*.

ἀδῆλλα, (ἀδῆλος) *uncertainty*.

ἀ-δῆλος, *on*, unknown, ignoble.

II. unknown, unseen, secret; ἀδῆλόν ἐστιν εἰ., or ὅτι., it is uncertain whether ... Adv. -λως, secretly: Sup. ἀδῆλότερα.

ἀδῆλότης, *ητος*, ἡ, (ἀδῆλος) *uncertainty*.

ἀδῆμονός, f. ἦσω, to be in great distress or anguish, at a thing. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀδῆμονία, ἡ, great distress or anguish.

ἀδην, Ep. ἀδῆν, Att. ἀδην, Adv. (*ἀδέω) Lat. SATIS, enough, abundantly; ἔδμεναι ἀδῆν to eat their fill, of horses; ἀδην πολέμοιο enough of war; ἀδην ἔχειν τινός to have enough of a thing.

ἀ-δῆρις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., δῆρις) *without strife*.

ἀ-δῆριτος, *on*, (a privat., δῆρίομαι) *without strife* or *battle*, *uncontested*. II. *unconquerable*.

ἀδῆσειε, aor. I opt. of ἀδέω.

ἀδῆσῶ, fut. of ἀνδάνω.

ἄδης or *Αἰδης, *on*, ὁ, Att., but also *Αἰδης [ο υ -], ao and εω:—Hades, the god of the lower world, Lat. Pluto: εἰν and εἰς *Αἰδῶ, Attic ἐν and εἰς *Αἰδῶ (with or without δόμος), in or into the house of Hades. II. later, the grave, death.

ἀδῆ-φάγος, *on*, (ἀδῆν, φάγειν) *eating to excess, devouring, gluttonous*.

ἀ-δῆτος, *on*, (a privat., δῆδω) *not wasted*.

ἀ-διαβάτος, *on*, (a privat., διαβαίνω) *not to be crossed, impassable*.

ἀ-διάκριτος, *on*, (a privat., διακρίνω) *undistinguishable*: *unintelligible*. 2. *undecided*.

ἀ-διάλεπτος, *on*, (a privat., διαλείπω) *uninterrupting, unceasing*. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-διάλλακτος, *on*, (a privat., διαλλάσσω) *irreconcilable, allowing no reconciliation*. Adv., ἀδιαλλάκτως ἔχειν to be irreconcilable.

ἀ-διάλύτος, *on*, (a privat., διαλύω) *undissolved*: *indissoluble*. 2. *irreconcilable*. Adv., ἀδιαλύτως ἔχειν to be irreconcilable.

ἀ-διανόητος, *on*, (a privat., διανοέομαι) *uncomprehensible*. II. act. *not understanding*, *insensible*.

ἀ-διαντος, *on*, also *η*, *on*, (a privat., διαίνω) *unwetted*:—ἀδιαντον, τό, a plant, maiden's hair.

ἀ-διάπαυστος, *on*, (a privat., διαπαύω) *not to be stilled, incessant, violent*.

ἀ-διάπτωτος, *on*, (a privat., διαπίπτω) *not liable to error, infallible*. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-διάσπαστος, *on*, (a privat., διασπάω) *not torn asunder, unbroken*. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-διάτρεπτος, *on*, (a privat., διατρέπω) *immovable, headstrong*. Adv. -τως. Hence

ἀδιατρεψία, ἡ, immovableness, obstinacy.

ἀ-διάφθατος, *on*, (a privat., διαφθείρω) *incorruptible*.

ἀδιαφορία, ἡ, *freedom from corruption*. From ἀ-διάφορος, ον, (a privat., διαφθείρω) *incorrupt, incorruptible*. II. *imperishable*.

ἀδιαφόρος, ον, (a privat., διαφέρω) *not different: indifferent*.

ἀ-διδάκτος, ον, (a privat., διδάσκω) of persons, *untaught, unlearned, rude*. II. of things, *not learnt: also, learnt without teaching*.

ἀ-διεξέργαστος, ον, (a privat., διεργάζομαι) *not to be wrought out or finished*.

ἀ-διεξόδος, ον, (a privat., διέξοδος) *without outlet*. II. act. *unable to get out*.

ἀ-διεργαστος, ον, (a privat., διεργάζομαι) *not worked out, unfinished*.

ἀ-διερεύνητος, ον, (a privat., διερευνάω) *unexamined*.

ἀ-διήγητος, ον, (a privat., διηγέομαι) *indescribable*.

ἀ-δικαστος, ον, (a privat., δικάζω) *without judgment given, undecided*.

ἀδικεμένος, Boeot. for ἡδικημένος, part. perf. pass. of ἀδικέω.

ἀδικέω: imperf. ἡδίκηον, Ion. εὖν: f. ἦσω: aor. I ἡδίκησα: pf. ἡδίκηκα: Pass., with fut. med. ἀδικήσομαι: pf. ἡδίκημαι: (ἀδικος):—*to do wrong*. II. trans. c. acc. pers. *to do one wrong, to wrong, injure*: c. dupl. acc., ἀδ. τινά τι *to wrong one in a thing*:—Pass. *to be wronged or injured*.

ἀδικημα, τό, (ἀδικέω) *a wrong done, a wrong, injury*, Lat. *injuria*: c. gen., ἀδ. τινος *a wrong done to one*.

ἀδικητέον, verb. Adj. of ἀδικέω, *one ought to do wrong*.

ἀδικία, ἡ, (ἀδικέω) *a wrong, offence, = ἀδικημα*. II. *injustice*.

ἀδικιον, τό, = ἀδικημα, *an act of wrong*.

ἀ-δίκος, ον, (a privat., δίκη) of persons and things, *doing wrong, unrighteous, unjust*: ἀδικος εἰς τι *unjust in a thing, περί τινα in respect to a person*: ἀδικος λόγος *a plea of injustice*: ἀδικον χειρῶν ἀρεταί *to begin lawless acts of violence*: ἀδικος πλοῦτος *unrighteous gain*. II. *wrong, improper, ill-matched*, as horses. III. ἀδικος ἡμέρα, i. e. ἄνυ δικῶν, *a day on which the courts were shut*, Lat. *dies nefastus*. Hence

ἀδικῶν, Adv. *without right or reason*.

ἀδινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀδην) *close, thick*: hence 1. *crowded or thronged, close-packed*. 2. *vehemently, loud, esp. of sounds*:—more freq. as Adv. ἀδινῶς, also neut. ἀδινόν and ἀδινά, *vehemently, loudly*: Comp. ἀδινώτερον. [ἀ]

ἀ-διοικητος, ον, (a privat., διοικέω) *unarranged*.

ἀ-διόρθωτος, ον, (a privat., διορθόω) *not corrected: incorrigible*.

ἀ-διστακτος, ον, (a privat., διαστάζω) *without doubting*. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-διψος, ον, (a privat., δίψα) *without thirst, not thirsty*.

ἀ-δμήης, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, = ἀδμητος.

ἀδμητης, ἴδος, acc. ἀδμήτην, fem. of ἀδμή.

ἀ-δμητος, ἡ, ον, (a privat., δαμάω) poet. for ἀδάματος, *untamed: of cattle, unbroken, wild; of maidens, unmarried*.

ἄδω-βάτης, ον, ὁ, (ἄδη, βαίνει) *one who has gone to Hades*. [βᾶ]

ἄδων, Dor. for ἥδων, neut. Comp. of ἡδύς. ἄδοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀνδάνω.

ἀ-δόκητος, ον, (a privat., δοκέω) *unexpected*. II. *inglorious*. Adv. -τως, also neut. ἀδόκητα as Adv. *unexpectedly*; so also, ἀπὸ τοῦ ἀδοκήτου.

ἀ-δοκιμαστος, ον, (a privat., δοκιμάζω) *untried, unproved*. [γ]

ἀ-δοκίμος, ον, (a privat., δοκίμος) *unproved, spurious, base, mean*. II. *rejected as spurious, reprobate*.

ἀδολεσχέω, fut. ἦσω, *to talk idly, to prate*. [ᾶ] From

ἀδο-λέσχης, ον, ὁ, also ἀδό-λεσχος, ον, (ἄδος, λέσχη) *a prating fellow*. II. in good sense, *a keen, subtle reasoner*. [ᾶ] Hence

ἀδολεσχία, ἡ, *prating, frivolity*. II. *keenness, subtlety*. [ᾶ] Hence

ἀδολεσχικός, ἡ, ὄν, *disposed to prate, frivolous*. [ᾶ]

ἀ-δολος, ον, *guileless, artless*: in Att. esp. of treaties, *without dishonest intent*. II. of liquids, *unmixed, pure*. Adv. -λαος, *without fraud*.

ἄδον, Ep. for ἔαδον, aor. 2 of ἀνδάνω.

ἄδων, imperf. of ἔδω.

ἔ-δόνητος, ον, (a privat., δονέω) *not shaken*. ἔδονης, ἴδος, ἡ, poet. for ἀνδονία. [ᾶ]

ἀ-δόξαστος, ον, (a privat., δοξάζω) *unexpected*. II. *not matter of opinion, i. c. certain*.

ἀδοξέω, f. ἦσω, (ἄδοξος) *to be of no reputation, stand in ill repute*. II. trans. *to hold in no esteem*. Hence

ἀδοξία, ἡ, *ill repute, dishonour*.

ἀ-δόξης, ον, (a privat., δόξα) *disreputable, disgraceful*. 2. *obscure, ignoble*.

ἌΔΟΣ, cos, τό, *satiety, loathing*.

ἄδος, εος, τό, Dor. for ἡδός, joy.

ἔ-δοτος, ον, (a privat., δίδωμι) *without gifts*.

ἀ-δουλος, ον, (a privat., δοῦλος) *without slaves, unattended, deserted*.

ἀ-δούλωτος, ον, (a privat., δουλῶ) *unenslaved*.

ἀ-δούπητος, ον, (a privat., δουπέω) *noiseless*.

ἀδράνεια, Ep. ἑδράνεια, ἡ, *inactivity*. From ἀ-δράνις or ἀ-δρανής, ἑς, (a privat., δρᾶναι) *inactive, listless, feeble*.

Ἀδράστια, Ion. Ἀδρήστεια, ἡ, a name of Nemesis, from an altar erected to her by Adrastus: later as Adj., epith. of Νέμεσις, *not to be escaped*, as if from διδράσκω, cf. sq.

ἔ-δραστος, Ion. ἔ-δρηστος, ον, (a privat., διδράσκω) *not running away, not inclined to run away*.

ἀ-δρεπτος, ον, (a privat., δρέπω) *unplucked*.

ἀ-δρηστος, ον, Ion. for ἔ-δραστος.

Ἀδρία, ον, Ion. Ἀδρία, εω, ὁ, *the Adriatic Sea*. Hence

Ἀδριατικός and Ἀδρινός, ἡ, ὄν, of the Adriatic. ἡ-δριμύς, v, (a privat., δριμύς) not tart or pungent. ἈΔΡΟΨ, ἄ, ὄν, properly stout, thick:—hence full-grown, ripe: well-grown: stout, large, fat: generally, strong, great in any way. Hence

ἀδροσύνη, ἡ, =sq.
ἀδρότης, ἡτος, ἡ, (ἀδρός) stoutness: ripeness, fullness, esp. of the body. II. abundance.
ἀδρόομαι, Pass. (ἀδρός) to grow ripe: to come to ripe's strength.

ἀδρύνα, (ἀδρός) to make ripe:—Pass. to grow ripe.
ἀδύ-γλωσσος, -επής, -μελής, Dor. for ἡδύ-.
ἀ-δυνάμια, ἡ, (a privat., δύναμις) want of strength, weakness: poverty.

ἀ-δυνάμια, ἡ, =ἀδυναμία.
ἀδυνάτεα, ἡ, ἥσω, (ἀδύνατος) to want strength, power, or ability. Hence
ἀδυνάτεια, ἡ, =ἀδυναμία.

ἀ-δυνάτος, ον, unable to do a thing, c. inf. 2. absol. without strength, powerless, weakly: of things, disabled:—τὸ ἀδύνατον want of strength. II. Pass. unable to be done, impossible: τὸ ἀδ. impossibility. III. Adv. -τως, without power, feebly. [ῥ]

ἀδύς, ἑα, ἑ, Dor. for ἡδύς.
ἄ-δύτος, ον, (a privat., δύω) not to be entered:—hence as Subst. ἄδυτον, τό, the innermost sanctuary or shrine, Lat. aedulum: also ἄδυτος, ὁ.

ἄδω, Att. contr. for ἀείδω, q. v.
ἄδων, ὄνος, ἡ, Dor. for ἀηδών, the nightingale. [ā]
Ἀδώνια, τά, the mourning for Adonis.

Ἀδωνιεύω, to keep the Adonia. Hence
Ἀδωνιασμός, οὖ, ὁ, the mourning for Adonis.
Ἀδωνις, ἰδος, ὁ, Adonis. 2. Ἀδωνιδος κήποι, pots for sowing quick-growing herbs in. [ᾱ]

ἄ-βωρητος, ον, (a privat., βωρέομαι) =ἄ-βωρος.
ἄ-βωροδόκητος, ον, (a privat., βωροδοκέω) =sq. Adv. -τως.

ἄ-βωροδόκος, ον, unbribed, incorruptible.
ἄ-βωρος, ον, (a privat., βῶρον) without gifts, taking no gifts, unbribed:—ἀδωρα δῶρα gifts that are no gifts. II. giving no gifts, fruitless.

ἄ-δότης, ον, ὅ, (a privat., δίδωμι) one who gives nothing.

ἄεί, Dor. for ἀεί. [ā]
ἄ-εδνος, ον, (a privat., ἔδνα) undowered.

ἄεθλεύω, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλεύω.

ἄεθλέω, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλέω: Ion. impf. ἀέθλεον.

ἄεθλητής, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλητής.

ἄεθλιον, τό, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλον: properly neut. f.

ἄεθλιος, ον, also α, ον, (ἄεθλον) running for the prize: ἀέθλιος ἵππος a race-horse: ἀέθλιον μήλον the apple of discord.

ἄεθλον, τό, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλον.

ἄεθλος, ὁ, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλος.

ἄεθλο-φόρος, ον, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλο-φόρος.

ἀεί, Adv. ever, always, for ever: δεῦρ' ἀεί ever up to this time: also εἰς ἀεί or εἰσαεί. With the Artic.

ὁ ἀεὶ κρατῶν the ruler for the time being, whoever is ruler: ὁ ἀεὶ βασιλεὺς the reigning king. Besides ἀεὶ the Ion. and poet. forms αἰεὶ and αἰέν are very common in Dor. also αἰές, αἰές, and αἰ.

αἰε-βολος, ον, (αἰεὶ, βάλλω) continually thrown.
αἰε-γενέτης, ποῖτ. αἰε-γενέτης, ον, ὁ, (αἰεὶ, γενέσθαι) epith. of the gods in Homer, like αἰέν ἔοντες, ever existing, immortal.

αἰε-γενής, ἑς, Att. for αἰε-γενέτης.
αἰεῖδ, Ep. 3 imperf. or 2 imperat. of αἰεῖδω.
ἀ-εἰδελος, ον, (a privat., *εἶδω) unseen, dark.
ἀ-εἰδής, ἑς, (a privat., *εἶδω) unseen, without bodily form. II. (a privat., εἰδέναι) unknown, obscure

ἀεἰ-δηντος, ον, (αἰεὶ, δινέω) ever revolving. [ῥ]
ἈΕΨΔΩ, Att. contr. ἄψω: impf. ἤειδον, Ep. αἰεῖδον, Att. ἦιδον: fut. αἰέσομαι, Att. ἄσομαι, Dor. ἀσεύμαι: rarely αἰέσω, Att. ἄσω, Dor. ἄσῶ: aor. 1 ἤεισα, Ep. αἰεσα, Att. ἦσα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἦσθην: pf. ἦσμαι:—to sing: hence of all kinds of voices, to crow, twitter, croak, etc.—also of other sounds, of the bow-string to twang, of the wind to whistle, of a stone to ring. II. trans.—I. c. acc. rei, to sing, chaunt, descendant on. 2. c. acc. pers. to sing, praise. 3. Pass. to resound with song.

αἰε-ζῶος, ον, Att. contr. αἰε-ζῶος, ον, (αἰεὶ, ζῶῃ) everlasting, everlasting.
αἰε-θάλης, ἑς, (αἰεὶ, θάλος) ever-green.

ἀ-εκέη or -η [ῥ], Att. contr. αἰκία [ῥ], ἡ, unseemly treatment, an outrage, insult, affront.
ἀ-εκέλιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, poet. form for sq.: contr. αἰκέλιος. Adv. -ίως.

ἀ-εκής, ἑς, Att. contr. αἰκής, ἑς, (a privat., εἶκος) unseemly, pitiful, mean, shameful. Neut. αἰκέες as Adv. in unseemly manner.

ἀ-εκιή, ἡ, =αἰεκέη.
αἰεκιζέω, Att. contr. αἰκίζω, fut. Att. -ιῶ: aor. 1 ἤεικισα, Ep. αἰέκισσα:—Ep. aor. pass. inf. αἰεκισθήναι: (αἰεκής):—to treat unseemly, insult, abuse.

αἰε-κίνητος, ον, (αἰεὶ, κινέω) ever moving, in perpetual motion. [ῥ]
αἰεκισθήμενα, aor. 1 pass. inf. of αἰεκιζέω.

αἰεκισσα, αἰεκισσάμην, Ep. aor. 1 act. and med. of αἰεκιζέω.
αἰεκιῶ, Att. fut. of αἰεκιζέω.

αἰεκιῶς, Ion. αἰεκιῶς, Adv. of αἰεκής, shamefully.
αἰε-λάλος, ον, (αἰεὶ, λαλέω) ever-babbling.

αἰελογία, ἡ, as Att. law-term, τὴν αἰελογίαν παρέχειν, προτείνεσθαι to court continual inquiry. From αἰε-λόγος, ον, (αἰεὶ, λέγω) always talking.

αἰε-μνηστος, ον, also η, ον, (αἰεὶ, μνησκόμαι) bad in everlasting remembrance: ever-memorable, everlasting. Adv. -τως.

αἰε-ναος, ον, contr. αἰε-ναος, ον, (αἰεὶ, νάω) =ἀεναός, ever-flowing.

αἰε-νηστis, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, ever-fasting.
αἰε-πλάγος, ον, (αἰεὶ, πλανάομαι) ever-wandering.

αἰερα, Ep. for ἤερα, aor. 1 of αἰερεῖν.

αἰεραί, aor. 1 inf. of αἰερεῖν.

ἀέροος, *ov*, contr. ἀέρουα, *ovv*, = *sq.*
ἀέρ-υτος, *ov*, (ἀέρ, βέω) *ever-flowing*.

ἈΕΪΡΩ, Att. αἶρω: fut. ἀρῶ [ᾶ], contr. from
ἀερῶ: *aor.* ἰ *act.* ἤερα, *Ep.* αἶρα.—*Med.*, fut. ἀρού-
μαι [ᾶ], contr. from ἀερούμαι: *aor.* ἰ ἤεραμην.—
Pass., *aor.* ἰ ἤερθην, *Ep.* ἀέρην: *pf.* ἤεραμι: *Ep.* 3 sing.
πληρῖ δαυτο: for the Att. forms, *v.* αἶρω:—to lift,
beave, raise up, hence to bear, carry: to carry off as
plunder: but also to hand, offer:—*Med.*, to lift up
or oneself, i. e. bear off, win, take for oneself:—*Pass.*
to be hung up, to hang; μάχαιρα παρὰ ξίφος κουλῶν
ἔαρτο the dagger hung beside the sword sheath. 2.
to raise or stir up; αἰρασθαι τὰ ἱστία to hoist sail:
Pass. to raise up, arise.

ἀείσα, *Ep.* *aor.* ἰ of ἀείδω.

ἀείσαι, part. nom. pl. fem. of ἀήμι.

ἀείσμα, τό, poet. and Ion. for ἀσμα, as ἀείδω for εἶδω.

ἀείσι, 3 pl. of ἀήμι.

ἀείσομαι, fut. of ἀείδω.

ἀει-φάνης, ἐς, (ἀέξω, φανῆναι) *ever-shining* or *ap-
pearing*.

ἀει-φρόνυρος, *ov*, (ἀέξω, φρουρά) *ever-watched* or *ever-
watching*, *ever-watchful*.

ἀει-φύγλα, ἡ, (ἀέξω, φυγή) *emile for life*.

ἀει-χρόνιος, *ov*, (ἀέξω, χρόνος) *everlasting*.

ἀεκαζόμενος, *η*, *ov*, (ἀέκω) *unwilling*, *resisting*:
τὰλλ' ἀεκαζόμενος, Virgil's multa reluctans.

ἀει-ήλιος, *ov*, for ἀεικέλιος.

ἀέκτητι or ἀεκτητί, (ἀέκω) *Ep.* Adv. *against the
will*, often in Homer c. gen.; σεῦ ἀέκτητι, Lat. *te in-
vito*; θεῶν ἀέκτητι, Lat. *Diis non propitiis*.

ἀεκουσίος, *ov*, also α, *ov*, Att. contr. ἀκούσιος, *ov*,
(α privat., ἐκασίος) *against the will, forced, inno-
luntary*.

ἀέκων, Att. contr. ἀκων [ᾶ], *ov*, (α privat.,
ἐκῶν) *against the will, unwilling*: *without design* or
purpose.

ἀέλιος, Dor. for ἥλιος, ἥλιος.

ἄελλα, *Ep.* ἄδωλη, *η*, *δ*, (ἄω, ἀήμι) *a wormy wind*,
a whirling wind. 2. metaph. of any *whirling mo-
tion*. [ᾶ]

ἄελλατος, α, *ov*, (ἄελλα) *wormy, swif* as the worm.

ἄελλας, ἄδος, ἡ, — ἄελλαῖος.

ἄελλης, ἐς, (ἄελλα) *edying*.

ἄελλο-μάχος, *ov*, (ἄελλα, μάχομαι) *struggling with
the worm*. [ᾶ]

ἄελλό-πος, Homeric form of αἶ.

ἄελλό-πος, δ, ἡ, *found*, τό, *gen.* ποδος, (ἄελλα,
πῶν) *worm-footed, swif* as the worm, only found
in *Ep.* form ἄελλό-πος, like ἀρτί-πος, πούλυ-πος, etc.:
dat. pl. ἀελλοπόδεσσιν.

ἄελλπῶς, (ἄελλπος) *to be without hope, to despair*.

ἀ-επτής, ἐς, (α privat., ἔλπομαι) *unbored for, un-
expected*.

ἀεπτία, ἡ, *an unlooked for event*: ἐξ ἀεπτίας,
Lat. *ex insperato, unexpectedly*. 2. *despair*.

From

ἔ-απτος, *ov*, (α privat., ἔλπομαι) *unlooked for, un-*

expected: *to be despaired of*: ἀεπτα, neut. pl. as
Adv. *unexpectedly*. II. *act.* *hopeless, desperate*.

ἀεπτώδης, Adv. of ἀεπτής, *unexpectedly*.

ἀί-νδος, *ov*, also *Ep.* ἀί-ναος, contr. ἀί-νως, *ov*,
(ἀέξω, νῶν) *ever-flowing*: generally, *everlasting, never-
failing*. Adv. — *ἄως*.

ἀε-νάνω, *ov*, — ἀένανω.

ἀέντες, part. pl. of ἀήμι.

ἀεξί-γυιος, *ov*, (ἀέξω, γυῖον) *strengthening the limbs*.

ἀεξί-νοος, *ov*, contr. ἀεξί-νοους, *ov*, (ἀέξω, νόος)
strengthening the mind.

ἀεξί-φυλλος, *ov*, (ἀέξω, φύλλον) *making leaves
grow, leafy*.

ἀεξί-φύτος, *ov*, (ἀέξω, φυτῶν) *making plants grow*.

ἈΕΪΩ, Ion. and poet. for ΑἴΩΩ, αὐξάνω, Lat.
AUGEO: used by the old poets only in pres. and
impf.: later poets have a fut. ἀεξήσω, *aor.* ἰ ἤεξεσσι;
fut. med. ἀεξήσομαι, *pf.* pass. ἤεξεμαι:—to make to
grow, increase, foster, strengthen: to heighten, multi-
ply:—*Pass.* and *Med.* to increase, wax great:
prosper.

ἀεργεῖν or — *λη* [ῖ], Ion. for ἀεργία.

ἀεργής, ἐς, — ἀεργός.

ἀεργία, Ion. — *λη* [ῖ], ἡ, *a not working, idleness*.

[ῖ] 2. of a field, *a lying fallow or waste*. From
ἀεργός, contr. ἀργός, *iv*, (α privat., ἐργω) *not
working, idle*. Adv. — *ῶς*.

ἀέρην, contr. ἀρῆν, Adv. (ἀείρω) *lifting up*.

ἀέρθεις, *aor.* ἰ *pass.* part. of ἀείρω.

ἀερθεν, Dor. and *Ep.* for ἡέρθησαν, 3 pl. *aor.* ἰ *pass.*
of ἀείρω: ἀέρθη, 3 sing. of same tense.

ἀέριος, *ov*, also α, *ov*, Ion. ἡέριος, *η*, *ov*, (ἄήρ, ἡρ,
ἡρι) *in mist, or thick air*: cloudy. II. *in the air*,
high in air.

ἀερκτος, *ov*, (α privat., ἔργω) *unfenced, open*.

ἀεροβάτης, *f.* ἡσω, *to tread in air, walk the air*.
From

ἀερο-βάτης, *ov*, δ, (ἄήρ, βαῖνω) *one who treads in air*.
ἀερο-δινής, Ion. ἡερο-δινής, ἐς, (ἄήρ, δινέω) *wheel-
ing in air*.

ἀερο-δόνητος, *ov*, (ἄήρ, δονέω) *tossed in mid air*,
soaring.

ἀεροδρομέω, *f.* ἡσω, *to traverse air*. From

ἀερο-δρόμος, *ov*, *travelling air*.

ἀερο-εἰδής, ἐς, (ἄήρ, εἶδος) *like the sky or air, misty*:
see ἡεροειδής.

ἀερο-κόραξ, ἄκος, δ, *an air-raven*.

ἀερο-κῶνωψ, ὤπος, δ, *an air-gnat*.

ἀερο-μάχηα, ἡ, (ἄήρ, μάχη) *a battle in the air*.

ἀερο-μετρέω, *f.* ἡσω, (ἄήρ, μετρέω) *to measure the
air*: *to lose oneself in vague speculation*.

ἀερο-νηχτής, ἐς, (ἄήρ, νήχομαι) *floating in air, of
the clouds*.

ἀέρρω, Aeol. for ἀείρω.

ἀερο-κάρηνος, *ov*, (ἀείρω, κάρηνον) *carrying the
bead high*. [κᾶ]

ἀεροσι-πότης, *ov*, δ, and ἀεροσι-πότητος, *ov*, (ἀείρω,
πότημαι) *boasting on high*.

ἀερσί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀέρω, πούς) *lifting up the feet, brisk-trotting.*
ἀερτάζω, poet. form of ἀέρω, to lift up: impf. ἤεртаον.

ἀερτάω, = ἀερτάζω:—aor. ἡ ἤερτασα: pf. pass. ἤερταμαι.

ἄεσι, Dor. for ἀέ. [ᾶ]

ἄεσα, 1 pl. ἄεσαμεν and ἄσαμεν, 3 pl. ἄεσαν, inf. ἄεσαι, aor. 1 prob. from an obsol. root ἄεω, to sleep: no other tenses in use. Akin to ἄημι, λαύω, ἠατώ.

ἄεσιφροσύνη, ἡ, silliness, folly, in plur. ἄεσιφροσύναι. From

ἀεσίφρων, ov, gen. ονος, (ἄωω, φρήν) injured in mind: witless, silly, infatuated. [ᾶ]

*ΑΕΤΟΣ or αἰετός, also poet. αἰητός, οὔ, ὁ, an eagle, Lat. aquila. II. an eagle as a standard. [ᾶ]

ἀετ-όδης, es, (ἀετός, εἶδος) eagle-like. [ᾶ]

*ΑΕΨΩ, to sleep, v. ἄεσα.

*ΑΖΑ, ἡ, properly dryness, beat: also mould, (v. sub ἄζω.)

ἄζαλέος, α, ov, (ᾶζω) pass. dry, parched: hence harsh, cruel. II. act. parching, scorching.

ἄζανω, (ᾶζω) to dry or parch up.

ἄζηλία, ἡ, freedom from jealousy: simplicity. From ὠζήλος, ov, like ὠζήλωτος, unenviable, miserable: inconsiderable, mean.

ἄζηλωτος, ov, (α privat., ζήλω) not to be envied.

ἄζημιος, ov, (α privat., ζημία) without loss, scot-free: not deserving punishment:—Adv. -ως, with impunity. 2. not amounting to punishment, harmless.

ἄζηται, 3 sing. pass. subj. of ᾶζω.

ἄζητητος, ov, (α privat., ζητή) unexamined.

ἄζηχης, es, unceasing, excessive: more freq. as Adv. ἄζηχες, unceasingly, beyond measure. II. bard, rough. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἄζυγος, ov, = ᾶ-ζυξ, ill-matched: unmarried.

ἄζυμος, ov, (α privat., ζύμη) unleavened: τὰ ἄζυμα, the feast of unleavened bread.

ᾶ-ζυξ, ὅγος, ὁ, ἡ, (α privat., ζυγῆναι) unyoked, unpaired: unmarried, unwedded.

*ΑΖΩ, to dry, dry up, parch:—Pass. to be parched up, pine away through grief.

*ΑΖΩ, mostly used as Dep. ᾶζομαι, and only in pres. and impf.: to stand in awe of, dread the gods or one's parents: also followed by inf. to be afraid of doing: or μή., to fear lest:—absol. to be awe-struck.—Cf. σέβω.

ᾶ-ζωστος, ov, (α privat., ζώννυμι) ungirt from hurry: generally, not girded.

ἄη, 3 sing. impf. of ἄημι.

ἄηδής, es, (α privat., ἡδύς) unpleasant, annoying: of persons, unfriendly, morose. Hence

ἀηδία, ἡ, (ἄηδης) a being displeased, disgust, dislike. II. unpleasantness, odiousness.

ἄητολιδεύς, εως, Ep. gen. ἡτος, ἡ, a young nightingale.

ἀηδόνιος, ov, (ἄηδων) of or belonging to a nightingale.

ἀηδονίς, ἰδος, ἡ, = ἄηδων, a nightingale.

ἄηδω, οὖς, ἡ, = ἄηδων, a nightingale.

ἄηδων, ἡ, Att. ὁ, gen. ἀηδόνος or ἀηδοῦς, (δείδω) a nightingale: properly the songstress.

ἄηδως, Adv. of ἀηδής, ἀηδώς εἶχειν to be unfriendly.

ἀήθεια, Ion. ἀηθίη [ἱ], ἡ, (ἀήθης) unaccustomedness, novelty, the being unaccustomed to a thing: ἀήθ. τινός inexperience of a thing.

ἀηθέσσω, poet. for ἀηθέω, to be unaccustomed to a thing, c. gen.: impf. ἀηθέσσω.

ἀ-ήθης, es, (α privat., ἡθός) unwonted, unusual, strange:—Adv. -θως. 2. unused to a thing, c. gen.

II. without ἡθός or character.

ἀηθίη, ἡ, = ἀήθεια, q. v.

ἀηθίζομαι, Dep. (ἀήθης) to be unaccustomed.

ἀήθως, Adv. of ἀήθης, unexpectedly.

ἄημι, τό, (ἄημι) a blast, wind.

ἄημεναι, Ep. for ἄηναι, inf. of ἄημι.

*ΑΗΜΙ, 3 sing. ἄησι, 3 dual ἄητον (not ἄετον), 3 pl. ἄεσι: imper. 3 sing. ἄητω: inf. ἄηναι, Ep. ἄημεναι: part. ἄης: Ep. 3 sing. impf. ἄη, 3 pl. ἄεσαν:—Pass.

ἄημαι, part. ἄήμενος: Ep. 3 sing. impf. ἄητο:—to breathe hard, blow, of the wind: the pass. forms sometimes mean to be beaten by the wind, but more often to toss or wave about as if in the wind: hence

ἰδὲ be spread abroad.

ἄηναι, inf. of ἄημι.

ἄήρ, ἄέρος, ἡ, Att. ὁ, Ion. and Ep. ἄήρ or ἡήρ, ἡέρος, ἡ:—in Hom. and Hes. the lower air, the atmosphere or thick air that surrounds the earth, opp. to αἰθήρ the pure upper air, v. esp. Il. i.4. 288: hence misty darkness, mist, gloom: but later generally air.

(From *ᾶω, ἄημι.) [ᾶ]

ἄησις, εως, ἡ, (ἄημι) = ἄημι, a blowing. [ᾶ]

ἄ-ήσσητος, Att. ἀ-ήττητος, ov, (α privat., ἡσάομαι) unconquered, not beaten: unconquerable.

ἄηστυλος, for αἰστυλος, wicked.

ἄηστρος, ov, (*ᾶω, ἄημι) light as air: little.

ἄήτη, ἡ, = ἀήτη.

ἄήτης, ov, ὁ, (ᾶω, ἄημι) a blast, gale, wind.

ἄητο, Ep. 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἄημι.

ἄητον, 3 dual pres. of ἄημι.

ἄητος, ov, an old word, only in Il. 21. 395, prob. from ἄημι, hence orig. stormy, and so violent, terrible: cp. αἰήτος.

ἄήτω, 3 sing. imperat. of ἄημι.

ἄ-θάλαστος, Att. -ττος, ov, (α privat., θάλασσω) without sea, inland.

ἄ-θαλάσσωτος, Att. -ττωτος, ov, (α privat., θαλάσσω) never having been at sea.

ἄ-θαλής, es, (α privat., θάλος) not vigilant.

ἄ-θαπτής, es, (α privat., θάπτος) without warning.

ἄ-θαμβής, es, (α privat., θάμβος) fearless.

ἀθάνασις, ἡ, (ἀθάνατος) immortality.

ἀθανάτιζω, (ἀθάνατος) to make immortal:—Pass. to become or be immortal. II. to bold oneself

immortal.

ἀ-θάνατος, *ov*, also *η, ov*, not subject to death, undying, immortal, opp. to *θνητός* and *βροτός*:—hence *ἀθάνατοι*, *οἱ*, the Immortals, of the Gods, also of a body of troops that is kept at a certain number: of things, everlasting.

ἀ-θαπτος, *ov*, (a privat., *θάπτω*) unburied. II. unworthy of burial.

ἀθάρη, also ἀθήρη, *ῆ*, groats or meal, porridge made of it. [*ἀθα-*]

ἀ-θεροτής, *ῆς*, (a privat., *θάσσω*) discouraged.

ἀ-θαύμαστος, *ov*, (a privat., *θαυμάζω*) not wondering at anything. Adv. -*τως*. II. not admired.

ἀ-όεατος, *ov*, (a privat., *οεάομαι*) unseen, invisible: secret. II. act. not seeing, blind to.

ἀθεεῖ, Adv. (*ἀθεος*) without the aid of God.

ἀ-θελαστος, *ov*, (a privat., *θειάζω*) uninspired.

ἀ-θελκτος, *ov*, (a privat., *θέλγω*) implacable.

ἀ-θεμις, *ιτος, δ, ῆ*, lawless.

ἀ-θεριςτος, ἀ-θέμιστος, and ἀ-θέμιτος, *ov*, (a privat., *θέμις*) lawless, without law or government, godless, Lat. *nefarius*. Adv. -*τως*.

ἀ-θεος, *ov*, without God, denying the gods: generally, godless, ungodly. II. abandoned by the gods. Hence.

ἀ-θεότης, *ητος, ῆ*, godlessness, ungodliness.

ἀθεράπευσία, *ῆ*, want of attendance or care: c. gen. neglect of a thing. From

ἀ-θεράπειρος, *ov*, (a privat., *θεράπειω*) not attended to, neglected. II. unbealed, incurable.

ἀ-θερίω: Ep. aor. I *ἔθεριξα* or -*ισσα*: (a privat., *Οέρω* = *θεραπεύω*):—to slight, make light of, Lat. *nihil curare*, c. acc.

ἀ-θερμαντος, *ov*, (a privat., *θερμαίνω*) unbeated; not excited by passion.

ἀ-θερμος, *ov*, without warmth.

ἀθεσία, *ῆ*, (*ἀθετος*) unsteadiness, fickleness.

ἀ-θεσμος, *ov*, lawless.

ἀ-θέσφοτος, *ov*, impossible even for gods to tell, inexpressible: hence marvellously great, enormous.

ἀ-θετώ, *ῆ, ῆσσι*, (*ἀθετος*) to set aside, disregard.

ἀθέτησις, *εως, ῆ*, (*ἀθετέω*) abolition, rejection.

ἀ-θετος, *ov*, (a privat., *τίθημι*) not placed, set aside, useless:—Adv. *ἀθετῶς*—*ἀθέσμως*, lawlessly.

ἀθίως, Adv. of *ἀθεος*, in a godless manner.

ἀ-θηλος, *ov*, (a privat., *θηλή*) unsuckled, weaned.

ἀ-θηλυντος, *ov*, (a privat., *θηλύνω*) not made womanish: masculine.

Ἀθηνᾶ, *ᾱς, ῆ*, contr. from Ἀθηνᾶα or Ἀθηναία, Ion. Ἀθήνη, Ἀθηναίη, Dor. Ἀθάνη, Ἀθαναία, Aeol. Ἀ-θηνά, Athena, Lat. *Minerva*, the tutelary goddess of Athens.

Ἀθίναζε, Adv. to or towards Athens. From

Ἀθίνα, *ων, αἱ*, the city of Athens, used in pl. like *Θῆβαι*, *Μυκῆναι*, because it consisted of several parts.

Ἀθηναῖον, τό, (Ἀθηνᾶ) the temple of Athena.

Ἀθηναῖος, *α, ov*, (Ἀθηνᾶ) Athenian, of or from Athens.

Ἀτάνηθεν or -*θε*, Adv. from Athens.

Ἀθήνησι, Adv. at Athens.

Ἀθηνῶν, to long to be at Athens.

Ἀθήνοθεν, Adv. from Athens.

ἈΘΗΨ, *ῆρος, δ*, the beard or spike of an ear of corn, an ear of corn itself, Lat. *spica*. II. *μ*

point or barb of a weapon. [*ᾱ*]

ἀ-θήρατος, *ov*, (a privat., *θηράω*) not to be caught.

ἀ-θήρευτος, *ov*, (a privat., *θηρεύω*) not hunted.

ἀθηρη-λοιγός, *δ*, (*ἀθήρη, λογός*) consumer of ears of corn, of a winnowing fan: cf. *ἀθηρό-βρωτος*.

ἀθηρό-βρωτος, *ov*, (*ἀθήρη, βιβρώσκω*) devouring ears of corn: *ἀθηρόβρωτον ὄργανον* a winnowing fan.

ἀ-θηρος, *ov*, (a privat., *θήρ*) without wild beasts game.

ἀ-θησαύριστος, *ov*, (a privat., *θησαυρίζω*) not for boarding up.

ἀ-θιγής, *ῆς*, (a privat., *θιγέω*) = *ἀθικτος*.

ἀ-θικτος, *ov*, (a privat., *θιγγάνω*) untouched: c. gen. untouched by a thing; *κερδῶν ἀθικτος* untainted money; also c. dat. *νόστοις ἀθικτος*. 2. not touched, holy, sacred. II. act. not touching.

ἀθλέω, contr. from Ep. *ἀθλεύω*: fut. *εὔσω*: (*ἀθλος*)—to contend for a prize, combat, wrestle. 2. struggle, endure, suffer.

ἀθλέω, *ῆ, ῆσσι*: aor. I *ἤθλησα*: pf. *ἤθληκα*. (*ἀθλος*)—to contend for a prize. 2. to endure, suffer.

II. to be an athlete.

ἀθλημα, τό, (*ἀθλέω*) a contest, struggle. II. implement of labour.

ἀθλησις, *εως, ῆ*, (*ἀθλέω*) a contesting: a struggle, hard trial.

ἀθλητήρ, *ῆρος, δ*, elder form of *ἀθλητής*.

ἀθλητής, *ov*, contr. from *ἀεθλητής*, *ov, δ*, (*ἀθλέω*) combatsman, champion: a prize-fighter, Lat. *athleta*. II. generally one practised or skilled in thing, master of a thing, c. gen.

ἀθλιος, *α, ov*, also *ov, ov*, contr. from *ἀλθλιος* (*ἀελον, ἄθλον*) subject to the toils of conflict: hence generally, wretched, Lat. *miser*. Hence

ἀθλιότης, *ητος, ῆ*, suffering wretchedness.

ἀθλο-θετήρ, *ῆρος, δ*, (*ἀθλον, τίθημι*) = *ἀθλοθετής*.

ἀθλο-θέτης, *ov, δ*, (*ἀθλον, τίθημι*) one who awards the prize, the judge in the games, also *βραβείν*.

ἈΘΛΟΝ, τό, contr. from Ep. *ἀεθλον*, the prize contest, generally a gift, present: a reward, recompence. II. in plur. also = *ἀθλος*, a contest, combat.

ἈΘΛΟΣ, *δ*, contr. from Ep. *ἀεθλος*, a contest either in war or sport, esp. contest for a prize: a conflict, trouble.

ἀθλοσύνη, *ῆ*, = *ἀθλος*.

ἀθλο-φόρος, *ov*, (*ἄθλον, φέρω*) bearing away the prize, victorious, of horses.

ἀ-θολος, *ov*, (a privat., *θολός*) not muddy, clear.

ἀ-θόλωτος, *ov*, (a privat., *θολώω*) not muddied, undisturbed.

ἀ-θορύβητος, *ov*, (a privat., *θορυβέω*) undisturbed.

ἀ-θορύβος, *ov*, (a privat., *θορύβος*) without uproar, undisturbed, tranquil. Adv. -*βως*.

ἀθραυστος, *ov*, (a privat., θραύω) *unbroken*.
 ἈΘΡΕΨ, Att. ἀθρέω: f. ἦσω: aor. 2 ἡθρησα:—
 to look closely at, gaze at, observe. 2. later, of the
 mind, to consider, think on, ponder:—esp. in pres.
 and aor. I imperat. ἄθρει, ἄθρησον, see, look, consider.
 ἄθρηγτέον, verb. Adj. of ἄθρει, one must consider.
 ἄθροίξω or ἀθροίλξω: f. ὄξω: aor. I ἡθροίξα:—Pass.,
 aor. I ἡθροίσθη: pf. ἡθροίσμαι: (ἀθρός):—to gather
 together, collect, esp. to levy forces; πνεῦμα ἀθροί-
 ζειν to collect one's breath:—Pass. to be gathered or
 crowded together: of armies, to muster: φόβος ἡθροί-
 σται fear has gathered, i. e. has arisen.
 ἄθροισις, *εως*, ἡ, (ἀθροίξω) a gathering, levying.
 ἄθροισμα, τό, (ἀθροίξω) that which is gathered, a
 gathering, collection.
 ἀθροιστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀθροίξω, one must collect.
 ἀθρός, *a, ov*, old Att. ἄθρους, *ov*: Comp. ἀθρο-
 ύτερος, later ἀθρούστερος: (ἄμα, θρός) assembled in
 crowds, collected together: ἀθροοί in crowds. II.
 all at once, once for all: τὸ ἀθρόον the whole body, the
 mass: collective: ἀθρόα πάντ' ἀπέτισεν he paid the
 penalty of all at once:—Adv. ἀθρόον and ἀθρόως, at
 once, suddenly. III. immense, vast: also con-
 tinuous, incessant.
 ἀθρυπτος, *ov*, (a privat., θρύπτω) *unbroken, im-*
perishable. II. *not elevated*.
 ἀθυμέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀθυμός) to be disheartened, to de-
 spond at or for a thing.
 ἀθυμητέον, verb. Adj. of ἀθυμέω, one must lose
 heart.
 ἀθυμία, ἡ, (ἀθυμός) want of heart, faintheartedness,
 despondency.
 ἀ-θύμος, *ov*, without heart or spirit, spiritless, faint-
 hearted. Adv., ἀθύμως ἔχειν to be despondent.
 ἀθυρμα, τό, (ἀθύρω) a plaything or toy: a delight.
 ἀθυρμάτιον, τό, Dim. of foregoing, a little toy, a pet.
 ἀθύρό-γλωττος, *ov*, (ἀθύρος, γλωττα) unable to
 keep one's tongue within doors: a babbler, c. utterer.
 ἀ-θύρος, *ov*, (a privat., θύρα) without a door.
 ἀθύρό-στομος, *ov*, (ἀθύρος, στόμα) = ἀθυρόγλωττος,
 babbling, of Echo.
 ἀ-θύρσος, *ov*, (a privat., θύρσος) without thyrsus.
 ἈΘΥΨ, Att. ἀθύω, to play, amuse oneself. II. c. acc. to
 play at a thing, do it in play. [ἀθῦ]
 ἀ-θύρωτος, *ov*, (a privat., θύρω) not closed by a
 door.
 ἀ-θύτος, *ov*, (a privat., θύω) not offered, not to be
 offered, not accepted in sacrifice: generally, unbal-
 lowed. II. act. without sacrificing.
 ἀ-θώς, *ων*, (a privat., θῆν) unpunished, scot-
 free. 2. c. gen. free from the penalty of, ἀθως
 πληγῶν. II. act. harmless.
 ἀ-θύπευτος, *ov*, (a privat., θαπέω) without flat-
 tery: hence, rough, rude.
 ἀ-θωράκιστος, *ov*, (a privat., θαρκίζω) without
 breastplate.
 Ἀθως, *ω*, Ep. Ἀθώς, *ων*, δ, Mount Athos.
 αἰ, Conj., Ep. and Dor. for εἰ, if.

αἰ, Exclam. of strong desire, O that! would that!
 Lat. *utinam*, in Hom. always αἰ γάρ. See αἶθε.
 Αἴ' ΓΑ, ἡ, gen. αἴης, poet. for γαῖα, γῆ, earth, land.
 αἰαγμα, τό, a wailing cry, lament. From
 αἰάω, f. ξω, to cry αἰά or αἰ! to wail, and c. acc.
 to bewail.
 αἰά! Exclam. alas! Lat. *vae*.
 αἰακτός, ἡ, *όν*, verb. Adj. of αἰάω, lamentable.
 αἰανής, Ion. αἰηνής, *ές*, prob. from αἰεί, and so
 properly, everlasting, never-ending: hence wearisome
 irksome: then generally, dismal, horrible.
 Αἰαντίδης, *ov*, δ, (Αἴας, gen. -αντος) son of
 Ajax. II. at Athens, a citizen of the tribe
 Αἰαντίς, named after the Hero.
 αἰανώς, Adv. (αἰανής) for ever.
 Αἴας, *αντος*, δ, Ep. voc. Αἴαν, Ajax.
 αἰβοί, *αἰβή*! exclam. of disgust or astonishment.
 αἰγ-αγρος, δ, (αἶξ, ἄγρος) a wild goat.
 Αἰγαῖος, *ov*, Aegaeon: Αἰγαῖον πέλαγος the Aegaeon
 sea, also called Αἰγαῖον, *ανος*, δ.
 αἰγανήν, ἡ, (αἶξ) a hunting-spear, javelin.
 αἰγεός, a Ion. *η*, *ov*, (αἶξ) lengthd. for αἶγος, of
 a goat or goats, Lat. *caprinus*: as Subst. αἰγίη (sub-
 stantive), ἡ, a goat's skin.
 Αἰτεῖρος, ἡ, the black poplar, Lat. *pōpulus*:
 cf. λέκη.
 αἰγ-ελάτης, *ov*, ἰ, (αἶξ, ἐλαύνω) a goatberd. [αἰ]
 αἶγος, *a, ov*, = αἶγιος.
 αἰγ(α)λίτης, *ov*, δ, fem. ἑτις, *ιδος*, on the shore. From
 αἰγιαλός, δ, (αἶσσα, ἄλς) the sea-shore, beach, strand.
 αἰγί-βους, *εως*, ἡ, (αἶξ, βόσκω) a goat-pasture.
 αἰγί-βότης, *ov*, δ, (αἶξ, βοτῆς) feeding goats.
 αἰγί-βοτες, *ov*, (αἶξ, βόσκω) browsed by goats.
 αἰγί-θαλλος, ἡ, a bird, the tit, Lat. *parus*.
 αἰγί-κνημος, *ov*, (αἶξ, κνήμη) goat-shanked.
 αἰγί-κορεῖς, *εων*, οἱ, (αἶξ, κορῖννυμι) feeders of goats,
 goatberds.
 αἰγί-λιψ, ἵπος, δ, ἡ, (αἶξ, λιπεῖν) properly, deserted
 even by goats: hence steep, sheer. [γλ]
 αἰγίλος, ἡ, (αἶξ) an herb of which goats are fond.
 αἰγί-νόμος, *ov*, (αἶξ, νέμω) browsed by goats. 2.
 as Subst., αἰγινόμος, δ, a goatberd.
 αἰγί-οχος, *ov*, (αἶγος, ἔχω) aegis-bearing.
 αἰγί-πόδης, *ov*, δ, (αἶξ, ποῦς) goat-footed.
 αἰγί-πους, δ, ἡ, *πουν*, τό, gen. ποδός, = αἰγιπόδης.
 αἰγί-πυρος, δ, (αἶξ) a plant with a red flower, of
 which goats were fond.
 αἶγς, *ιδος*, ἡ, the aegis, or shield of Jupiter, described
 in II. 5. 738: (from αἶσσω, to rush or move violently):
 hence 2. later a rushing storm, hurricane, ter-
 rible as the shaken aegis. II. from αἶξ, a goat-
 skin coat.
 αἰγίσκος, δ, Dim. of αἶξ, a little goat.
 αἰγλάεις, Dor. for αἰγλήεις.
 αἰγλάς, *αντος*, contr. for αἰγλάεις.
 Αἴ' ΓΑΗ, ἡ, the light of the sun, daylight: any
 bright light, glitter, lustre, gleam, of metal. 2.
 metaph. splendour, glory. Hence

αἰγλήεις, εσσα, εν, *beaming, radiant.*

αἰγλο-φάνης, ἐς, (αἰγλη, φανῆναι) *beaming: brilliant, lustrous.*

αἰγο-βοσκός, όν, (αἶξ, βόσκω) *tending goats: as Subst. a goatberd.*

αἰγό-κερος, ων, gen. ω, also αἰγοκέρας, ωτος, ό, (αἶξ, κέρως) *goat-borned.* II. as Subst., αἰγό-κερος, ό, *Capricorn in the Zodiac.*

αἰγο-νόμος, ό, = αἰγινόμος, a goatberd; αἰγό-βυξ, ύχος, ό, ή, (αἶξ, βύξ) = αἰγώνυξ.

αἰγο-πόδης, ό, = αἰγυπόδης.

αἰγο-πρόσωπος, ων, (αἶξ, πρόσωπον) *goat-faced.*

αἰγο-τρίχέω, f. ήσώ, (αἶξ, τρίψ) *to have goat's hair.*

αἰγυπός, ό, (γύψ) *a vulture, Lat. vultur.*

Αἰγυπιάζω, f. άσω, *to speak Egyptian.*

Αἰγυπιαστή, Adv. *in the Egyptian tongue.* II.

like an Egyptian, craftily.

Αἰγυπιο-γενής, ἐς, (Αἶγυπτος, γένος) *of Egyptian race.*

Αἶγυπτος, ό, *the river Nile.* II. Αἶγυπτος, ή, *Egypt: as Adv., Αἰγυπτόνδε, to Egypt.*

αἰγό-βυξ, ύχος, ό, ή, (αἶξ, βύξ) *goat-boofed.*

Αἶθας, Dor. for Αἶθης, Αἰθης.

αἰθεο, Ep. for αἰθεο, αἰθω, pres. imperat. of αἰδέομαι.

Αἶθε'ΟΜΑΙ, fut. αἰδέσθαι, Ep. -έσσομαι; aor. I ηδέσθην, Ep. imperat. αἰδέσσαι; also in pass. form ηδέσθην, Ep. 3 pl. αἰδέσθην: Dep. i.—to feel shame, be ashamed or fear: also to respect, reverence a person:—c. inf. to be ashamed or afraid to do a thing. 2. as Att. law-term, to feel pity for, hence to pardon, esp. in aor. I αἰδέσασθαι.

αἰδέσθην, for αἰδέσθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I of αἰδέομαι.

αἰδέσθην, aor. I imper. of αἰδέομαι.

αἰδέσμος, ων, (αἰδέομαι) *venerable.*

αἰδέσις, εως, ή, (αἰδέομαι) *reverence, compassion.*

αἰδέσσομαι, Ep. fut. of αἰδέομαι.

αἰδήλος, ων, (α privat., ἰδεῖν) *making unseen: hence annihilating, destroying.* II. pass. unseen, unknown, obscure.

αἰδήμων, ων, gen. ωνος, (αἰδέομαι) *bashful, modest: Sup. αἰδημονέστερος. Adv. -μόνως.*

αἰδής, ἐς, (α privat., ἰδεῖν) *unseen: destroyed.*

Αἰθης, εω, ό, Att. Αἰθης or αἰθης, ων, (αἰθή) *Hades, the god of the world below, Lat. Pluto.*

αἰθιος, ων, (αἶθ) *everlasting, for αἰθιος.*

αἰδώς, ό, ή, ύν, (α privat., ἰδεῖν) *poët. for αἰδής, unseen, hidden, dark.*

αἰδοειότερος, -έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of αἰδοίος.

αἰδοίον, τό, mostly in plur. τὰ αἰδοία, *the genitals, pudenda: properly neut. from*

αἰδοίος, α, εν: Comp. αἰδοιότερος and -έστερος, Sup. -έστατος: (αἰδέομαι) *regarded with awe or reverence, august, venerable: of women, deserving respect, tender: of things, valuable, excellent.* II.

act. bashful, modest. 2. reverent.

αἰδολως, Adv. of αἰδώς, *reverently.*

Αἶ'ΟΜΑΙ, impf. αἰδόμην, Ep. for αἰδέομαι, ηδέομην.

Αἶδος, nom. Αἶδς, Ep. gen. and dat. of Αἶθης, from an obsol. nom. Αἶς: Αἶδόςδε, and εἰς Αἶδόςδε, *to the dwelling of Hades: εἰς Αἶδος* (sc. οἴκω), Att. ἐν ᾧδον, *in Hades.* [αἶδ—, but α sometimes.]

αἰδό-φρων, ων, gen. ωνος, (αἰδώς, φρήν) *feeling respect in mind, compassionate.*

αἰδέπειθ or -λή [ῥ], ή, Ep. and Ion. word (αἰδέπειθ) *want of knowledge, ignorance: Ep. dat. pl. αἰδέπειθ.*

αἰδῖρις, ι, gen. ιος and εος, (α privat., ἔρις) *unknowing, ignorant.*

αἰδῖρο-δίκης, ων, Dor. -δίκας, α, ό, (αἰδῖρις, δίκη) *unknowing of right or law, lawless, savage.* [δῖ]

αἰδῖρutos, ων, = ἀν-ἰδῖρutos, *unsettled, unsteady*

Αἰδωνεύς, ό, lengthd. Ep. form of Αἶθης.

ΑἶΔΩ'Ε, ός, contr. ούς, ή, *sense of shame, bashfulness, modesty: a sense of shame or honour, αἰδῶ θέσθ' ἐνὶ θυμῷ: regard for others, respect, reverence.* II. *that which causes shame or respect,*

and so 1. a shame, scandal; αἰδώς, Ἀργεῖος *shame, ye Argives!* 2. = τὰ αἰδοία, 3. dignity, majesty.

αἶελ, Ion. and poet. for αἶθ.

αἶει-γενέτης, ό, poet. for αἶει-γενέτης, *ever existing.* (For compds. of αἶθ here omitted, v. sub αἶθ-.)

αἶελ-ουρος, ό, ή, Ion. for αἶλουρος.

αἶέν, = αἶθ.

αἶέν-υπνος, ων, (αἶέν, ύπνος) *lulling in eternal sleep.*

αἶές, Dor. for αἶθ, αἶθ.

αἶερός, ό, lengthd. form of αἶετός, *an eagle.*

αἶήριος, lengthd. form of αἶήριος.

αἶήριος, ό, an active, vigorous, lusty person: a man. (Deriv. uncertain.)

αἶήτος, like αἶήτος, *terrible, mighty.*

αἶήτός, ό, Dor. of αἶετός. αἶετός, an eagle.

αἶθαλ, ή, (αἶθα) = αἶθαλος, *soot.* [θᾶ]

αἶθαλων, ωνος, (αἶθαλος) *swartly, dusky.*

αἶθαλεις, έσσαι, σεν, contr. αἶθαλούς, ούσαι, ούν, (αἶθαλος) *smoky, sooty, black.* II. *burning, blazing.*

Αἶ'ΘΑΛΟΣ, ό, like λιγύς, *a smoky flame, the thick smoke of fire, soot.* [θᾶ] Hence

αἶθαλόω, f. άσω, *to burn to soot or ashes:—Pass. to lie in ashes.*

αἶθε, Dor. and Ep. for εἶθε, *O that I would that I*

Lat. utinam, αἶθ' όφελος *O that thou hadst . . , c. inf.*

αἶθερ-εμβατέω, (αἶθήρ, εμβατέω) *to walk in ether.*

αἶθεριος, α, εν or ος, ων, (αἶθήρ) *of or belonging to the ether or upper air, as opp. to ήριος, and so* 1. *high in air, on high.* 2. *ethereal, heavenly.*

αἶθερο-βάτew, (αἶθήρ, βατέω) = αἶθερεμβατέω, *to walk in ether.*

αἶθεροδρομέω, *to skim the ether.* From

αἶθερο-δρομός, ων, (αἶθήρ, δραμεῖν) *skimming the ether.*

αἶθήρ, έπος, in Homer always ή, in Att. prose always ό, in Pindar and Att. Poets common: (αἶθω):

—*ether, the upper, purer air*, opp. to ἀήρ (*the lower air or atmosphere*):—hence *the clear sky or heaven*, as the abode of the gods. Cp. ἀήρ.

Αἰθιοπίας, irregular pl. acc. of Αἰθίοψ.
Αἰθι-οψ, οπος, ὁ, fem. Αἰθιοπίς, ἰδος, (αἰθω, ὄψ)
an *Ethiopian, negro*, properly *Burnt-face*.

αἰθως, τό, and ὁ, (αἰθω) *burning heat, fire*.

αἰθός, ἡ, ὅν, (αἰθω) *burnt*:—*fire-coloured, fiery*.

αἰθουσα (sc. στοά), ἡ, (αἰθω) *the corridor or vestibule of a house*; mostly looking East or South, to catch the sun,—whence the name.

αἰθ-οψ, οπος, (αἰθός, ὄψ) *fiery-looking*, of metal, *flashing*; of wine, *sparkling*. II. metaph. *fiery, hot, keen*.

αἰθρη, later αἰθρα, ἡ, (αἰθήρ) *clear sky, fair weather*, Lat. *sudum*.

αἰθρη-γενέτης, ου, ὁ, = αἰθρηγενής.

αἰθρη-γενής, ἐς, (αἰθρη, γενέσθαι) *born from ether*.

αἰθρία, ἡ, = αἰθρη: used absol. in gen. αἰθρίας (sub. ούρου), *in fine weather*, Lat. *per purum*. II. *the open sky*.

αἰθρίαλω or -λάω, to be clear, of the sky.
αἰθριο-κοιτέω, f. ἴσω, (αἰθρία, κοιτή) *to sleep in the open air*.

αἰθριος, ον, (αἰθρη) *clear, bright, fair*. II. *in the open air*: hence *cold, chill*.

αἰθρος, ὁ, = αἰθρη: esp. *the clear chill air of morn.*

Αἰθρία, ἡ, a sea-gull or diver, Lat. *mergus*.

αἰθουκτηρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (αἰθύσσω) *one that darts rapidly*.

αἰθύσσω, f. ἴθω, (αἰθω) *to put in rapid motion*; to *kindle*:—Pass. *to move rapidly, quiver*.

Αἰθών, only found in pres. and impf. ἴθον, *to light up, kindle*:—Pass. *to burn*. 2. rarely intr. *to burn or blaze*.

αἰθων, ονος, ὁ, (αἰθω) properly *fiery, burning*. II. of metal, *flashing, glittering*.

III. of animals, *fiery, fierce*; or perh. of their colour, *yellow, tawny*, like Lat. *fulvus, rufus*.

αἰκα, conj., Dor. for εἰ κε, ἔάν, with subj. if *haply*.

Αἰκάλλω, f. αἰκᾶλῶ, properly of a dog, *to wag the tail fawningly*: to *wheedle, fondle*.

αἰκε, αἰκν, Conj., Ep. and Dor. for ἔαν.

αἰκία, ἡ, = αἰκία, q. v.

αἰκέλιος, ον, = αἰκέλιος.

αἰκή, ἡ, (αἰκίω) *rapid motion, a rush*, Lat. *impetus*. [1]

αἰκής, ἐς, ποθ. for αἰκήης, contr. αἰκής, *unseemly*. Adv. αἰκῶς, *in unseemly fashion*.

αἰκία [1], ἡ, Att. for the Ion. αἰκεῖη, *injuriously treatment, an outrage, insult, affront*: oft. also in plur. *blows, stripes*.

αἰκίω, (αἰκής) *to treat injuriously, to affront, outrage*, esp. by blows, *to plague, torment*: mostly as Med. αἰκίζομαι: f. ἰσμομαι, Att. ἰούμαι: aor. I ἡκίσσῃν: in same sense as Act.:—Pass., aor. I ἡκίσθην; pf. ἡκισμαι: *to be tormented*.

αἰκισμα, ατος, τό, (αἰκίω) *an outrage, torture*.

ἀ-ἱκτος, ον, (a privat., ἰκνέομαι) *unapproachable*.
αἰ-λινος, ὁ, a mournful dirge, (from αἶ, λινος, ab me for Linus!) 2. also Adj. os, ον, *plaintive, mournful*.

αἰ-ουρος or αἰελ-ουρος, ον, ὁ, ἡ, (αἰόλος, ούρα) *a cat*, so called from the wavy motion of the tail.

Αἷμα, ατος, τό, blood: in plur. *streams of blood*:—also *bloodshed*; εἰργασται μητρίῳν αἷμα *a mother's blood has been shed*; αἷμα πράττειν *to shed blood*; ἐφ' αἷματι φεῖν *to be banished for homicide*. II. like Lat. *sanguis*, *blood-relationship, kin*.

αἱμά-κορραι or αἷμα-κουρραι, ὧν, αἶ, (αἷμα, κορύννυμι) *offerings of blood*, made upon the grave to appease the manes.

αἱμακτός, ἡ, ὅν, verb. Adj. of αἱμάσσω, *stained with blood, bloody*.

αἱμᾶλός, α, ον, (αἷμα) *bloody, blood-red*.

αἱμάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (αἷμα) *a gush or stream of blood*.

αἱμᾶσία, ἡ, a wall of dry stones, Lat. *maceria*: a fence. (Deriv. uncertain.)

αἱμᾶσι-ώτης, es, (αἱμασία, εἶδος) *like a fence or hedge*.

αἱμάσσω, Att. αἱμάττω: f. ἄζω: aor. I ἡμαξα: (αἷμα):—*to make bloody, stain with blood*: hence *to wound, draw blood, slay*:—Pass. *to welter in blood, be slain*.

αἱματ-εκχύσια, ἡ, (αἷμα, ἐκχέω) *shedding of blood*.

αἱματηρός, ὁ, ὅν, (αἷμα) *bloody, blood-stained, murderous*. II. *consisting of blood*.

αἱματη-φόρος, ον, (αἷμα, φέρω) *bringing blood*: *murderous*.

αἱματῆτος, εσσα, εν, (αἷμα) *bloody, covered with blood*. 2. *blood-red, or consisting of blood*. 3. *bloody, murderous*.

αἱματο-λοιχός, ὅν, (αἷμα, λείχω) *licking blood*; ἔρωσ αἷμ. *thirst for blood*.

αἱματο-πότης, ον, ὁ, (αἷμα, πίνω) *a blood-drinker, blood-sucker*.

αἱματό-ρόφος, ον, (αἷμα, βοφείω) *blood-drinking*.

αἱματόρ-ρῦτος, ον, (αἷμα, βέω) *blood-streaming*.

αἱματο-στάγης, ἐς, (αἷμα, στάω) *blood-dripping*.

αἱματό-φυρτος, ον, (αἷμα, φύω) *blood-stained*.

αἱματο-χάρμης, ον, ὁ, (αἷμα, χαίρω) *delighting in blood*.

αἱματῶω, f. ὥσω: aor. I ἡμάτωσα:—Pass., pf. ἡμάτωμα: (αἷμα) *to make bloody*.

αἱματ-ώδης, es, (αἷμα, εἶδος) *looking like blood*, *blood-red*.

αἱματ-ωπός, ὅν, and αἱματ-ώψ, ὦπος, ὁ, ἡ, (αἷμα) *bloody to behold*.

αἱμνον, τό, (αἷμα) *a basin for blood*.

αἱμο-βάφης, ἐς, (αἷμα, βάπτω) *bathe in blood*.

αἱμο-βόρος, ον, (αἷμα, βορά) *greedy for blood*.

αἱμό-δυπος, ον, (αἷμα, δίψω) *bloodthirsty*.

αἱμορ-ράγης, ἐς, (αἷμα, ραγῆναι) *bleeding violently*.

αἱμορ-ραντος, ον, (αἷμα, ραίνω) *blood-sprinkled*.

αἱμορροέω, f. ἴσω, (αἱμόρροος) *to lose blood*: as *have a discharge of blood*. Hence

αἰμόρροια, ἡ, a discharge of blood.

αἰμόρ-ροος, ον, (αἷμα, βέω) streaming with blood.

αἰμόρ-ρῖτος, ποῖτ. αἰμό-ρῖτος, ον, (αἷμα, βέω) blood-streaming.

Αἴμωσ, ὁ, a thorn.

αἰμο-σταγής, ἐς, = αἰματο-σταγής.

αἰμο-φόρκυκτος, ον, (αἷμα, φορύσσω) defiled with blood.

αἰμώδης, = αἰματοῦς.

αἰμύλλιος, ον, (αἰμύλλος) flattering, winning, wily. [ῥ]

αἰμύλλο-μήτης, ου, ὁ, (αἰμύλλος, μήτις) of winning wiles.

Αἰμύττωσ, ἡ, ον, also ος, ον, flattering, winning, wheedling, wily. [ῥ]

αἰμῶν, ονος, ὁ, = δαίμων, δαήμων, knowing, skillful. II. (αἷμα) bloody.

αἰμ-ωπός, ὄν, = αἰματοπός, bloody to behold.

αἰν-ἀρέτης, ου, ὁ, (αἰνός, ἀρετή) terribly brave.

Alveías, ον, ὁ, Aeneas, Ep. gen. Alvelāo or Alvelāo.

αἰνεσις, εως, ἡ, (αἰνέω) a praising, praise.

αἰνετός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. praised, praiseworthy. From

αἰνέω: impf. ἤνεον, contr. ἤνονν, Ion. αἰνεον: fut.

-ήσω, Att. -έσω: aor. ἤνησα, Att. ἤνεσα, Ion. αἰ-

νεσα: pf. Att. ἤνεκα:—Mid., aor. ἤνεσάμην:—Pass.,

aor. ἤνέσθην: pf. ἤνημαι:—properly to tell or speak

of (cf. αἰνός); but usu. to speak in praise of, praise,

approve, c. acc., Lat. laudare. 2. to allow, recom-

mend. 3. like ἀγαπᾶν, to be content with, acquiesce in.

4. to decline courteously, like Lat. laudare. II. to promise or vow.

Αἴνη, ἡ, = αἰνός, praise, fame.

αἰνήμη, Aeol. for αἰνέω.

αἰνήσι, Ion. for αἰναῖς, dat. pl. of αἰνός.

αἰνήτός, ἡ, ὄν, ποῖτ. for αἰνετός.

αἰνήμα, ατος, τό, (αἰνίσσομαι) a dark saying,

riddle: oft. in plur. διὰ ὃ ἐξ αἰνιγμάτων in riddles,

darkly; also ἐν αἰνιγμασίν.

αἰνιγματ-ώδης, ἐς, (αἰνίγμα, εἶδος) riddling, dark.

αἰνιγμάτ, ὁ, (αἰνίσσομαι) a speaking in riddles: mostly in plur. like αἰνίγμα.

αἰνίζομαι, Dep. = αἰνέω.

αἰνιτ-ήριος, ον, (αἰνίσσομαι) riddling. Adv. -ίως,

riddlingly.

αἰνυτός, ἡ, ὄν, expressed in riddles, riddling: from

αἰνίσσομαι, Att. αἰνίττομαι, f. ἴζομαι: aor. ἤνι-

ξάμην: Dep. (αἰνός):—to speak darkly or in

riddles, to hint a thing, give to understand. II.

in pass. sense, aor. ἤνιχθην, pf. ἤνιγμαί, to be

spoken riddlingly.

αἰνο-βίαις, Ion. αἰνο-βίης, ου, ὁ, (αἰνός, βία) fear-

fully strong.

αἰνό-γάμος, ον, (αἰνός, γαμέω) fatally wedded.

αἰνόθεν, Adv. of αἰνός, —ἐξ αἰνοῦ, in the phrase

αἰνόθεν αἰνός, from horror to horror, very horribly.

αἰνό-θρυπτος, ον, (αἰνός, θρύπτομαι) dreadfully

enervated.

αἰνο-λαμπής, ἐς, (αἰνός, λάμπω) horrid-gleaming.

αἰνό-λεκτρος, ον, (αἰνός, λέκτρον) fatally wedded.

αἰνο-λέον, οντος, ὁ, (αἰνός, λέων) a dreadful lion.

αἰνό-λινος, ον, (αἰνός, λίνον) of fearful destiny, in allusion to the thread of life.

αἰνό-λύκος, ὁ, (αἰνός, λύκος) a horrible wolf.

αἰνό-μορος, ον, (αἰνός, μόρος) doomed to a sad end.

αἰνο-πάθης, ἐς, (αἰνός, παθεῖν) suffering dire ills.

Αἰνό-παρις, ὁ, (αἰνός, Πάρις) terrible Paris: cp.

Δύσπαρις.

αἰνο-πάτῃρ, ἑρος, ὁ, (αἰνός, πατήρ) unhappy father.

Αἴνωσ, ὁ, a tale, story, elsewh. μῦθος; αἰνεῖν

αἶνον to tell a tale: a fable, like Aesop's: generally,

a saying, proverb. II. later, that which is said

to one's praise, praise.

Αἴνωσ, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. word = δεινός, dread, dire: of

persons, dread, terrible, esp. of Zeus:—neut. pl. αἰνά

as Adv. terribly; Sup. αἰνότατον, most terribly.

αἰνο-τόκεα, ἡ, as fem. Adj. (αἰνός, τόκος) unhappy

in giving birth, unhappy in being a mother.

αἰνο-τύραννος, ὁ, (αἰνός, τύραννος) dreadful tyrant.

Αἰνύτμαι, defect. Dep. used only in pres., and

impf. without augm., like αἶραι, ἀρνύμαι, to take, lay

bold of, c. gen.: also to enjoy, feed on.

αἰνώδης, Adv. of αἰνός, terribly, i. e. very much, ex-

ceedingly; αἰνώδης πικρός terribly bitter.

αἰξ, αἰγός, ὁ, ἡ, dat. pl. αἰγῶν, (δίσσω) a goat;

αἰξ ἀγρία or ἀγριος, the caprae; αἰξ ἱξάλας ἀγρία,

the ibex.

αἰξάσκε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. of δίσσω.

αἰξός, fut. of δίσσω.

Αἶο' αἰῶ, to shift rapidly to and fro:—Pass. to

change in colour or hue; ὁμοφακε αἰόλλονται the

grapes begin to turn, Lat. variegantur.

αἰολο-βρόντης, ου, ὁ, (αἰόλος, βροντή) wielder of

forked lightning.

αἰολο-θώρηξ, ἡκος, ὁ, (αἰόλος, θώρηξ) with gleaming

breastplate.

αἰολό-μητις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (αἰόλος, μήτις) full of various

wiles.

αἰολό-μίτρη, ου, ὁ, (αἰόλος,μίτρα) with gleaming

belt (for it was plated with metal); cf. αἰολοθώ-

ρηξ. II. with variegated turban.

αἰολό-πυλος, ον, (αἰόλος, πῶλος) with quick-moving

steeds.

Αἰό' αἰος, ἡ, ον, quick-moving, rapid: of worms,

wriggling: as epith. of armour, easily-wielded, ma-

nageable. II. changeful of hue, gleaming,

glimmering; αἰόλη νύξ wrangled night; αἰόλη σάρξ

flesh discoloured from disease. III. metaph. I.

changeful, shifting, varied. 2. wily, slippery.

As prop. n., proparox. Αἰόλος, ου, ὁ, Aeolus, the

god of the winds, properly the Changeable.

αἰολό-στομος, ον, (αἰόλος, στόμα) of various mean-

ing, riddling.

αἰολό-χρως, χρωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (αἰόλος, χρώς) with

spangled skin.

ἰόσι, Dor. dat. pl. of ἰήσιον.

αἰπεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰψός) high, lofty, of cities on heights:

metaph. lofty, high-flown. 2. steep, hard to climb.

αἰπῆας, εσσα, εν, ποστ. for αἰπεινός.
αἰπολέω, f. ἴσω, (αἰπόλος) to be a goatberd :—Pass.
to feed, browse.
αἰπολικός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰπόλος) of or for goatberds.
αἰπόλιον, τό, (αἰπόλος) a herd of goats. II. a
goat-pasture.

αἰ-πόλος, for αἰγο-πόλος, ὁ, (αἶξ, πόλεω) a goatberd.
ΑἰΨΟΣ, εος, τό, a beight, a steep; πρὸς αἶψος
up-hill.

ΑἰΨΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. for αἰψύς, high, lofty, of cities :
αἰψά βέεθρα rapid torrent

αἰψύ-μήτης, ου, ὁ, (αἰψύς, μήτης) with high thoughts.
αἰψύ νωτος, ον, (αἰψύς, νῶτος) high-backed, on a
high ridge. [ῥ]

ΑἰΨΥΣ, εἶα, ὅ, high and steep, of cities on steep
rocks; βρόχος αἰψύς a noose hanging straight
down. 2. beadlong; αἰψύς ὄλεθρος sheer, utter
destruction; αἰψύς χόλος towering wrath. 3. meta-
ph. hard, difficult; αἰψύ οἱ ἐσσεῖται it will be hard
work for him.

αἰρέσιμος, ον, (αἰρέω) that can be taken.
αἰρέσις, εως, (αἰρέω) a taking, conquering, esp. of
a town. II. (αἰρέομαι) a taking for oneself,
choosing, choice; αἰρέσιν διδόναι to give choice; αἰρε-
σιν λαμβάνειν to have choice given one. 2. choice or
election of magistrates. III. a choice, plan,
purpose. 2. a sect or school of philosophy. 3.
a heresy.

αἰρετός, verb. Adj. of αἰρέω, one must take or
choose. II. αἰρετός, α, ον, desirable.
αἰρετίζω, f. ἴσω, (αἰρέω) to choose. II. to belong
to a sect.
αἰρετικός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰρέω) able to choose. 2. heret-
ical.

αἰρετός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of αἰρέω, that may be
taken or conquered. II. (αἰρέομαι) to be chosen,
preferable, desirable. 2. chosen, elected.

ΑἰΡΕΨΩ, impf. ἦρεον, Ion. αἰρεον : fut. αἰρήσω :
pf. ἤρῃκα, Ion. ἀραίρηκα : Ion. plqpf. ἀραίρηκα.—
Med., fut. αἰρήσομαι : aor. I ἤρῃσάμην.—Pass., fut.
αἰρεθήσομαι, also ἤρῃσσομαι : aor. I ἤρέθην : pf. ἤρῃ-
κα : plqpf. ἤρῃκα.—Also from the root *ἔαω, aor.
2 εἶλον, Ion. 3 sing. ἔλεσκε, inf. εἰλεῖν : fut. med.
ἐλοῦμαι; aor. 2 εἰλόμην; Ep. 3 sing. γέντο, for
ἐλετο : rarely aor. I εἰλάμην.

Act. to take with the hand, grasp, seize. 2. to
take away. II. to get into one's power, conquer,
overpower, seize : to kill. 2. to catch, take : to
win, seduce. 3. generally, to win, gain. 4. as
Att. law-term, to convict a person of a thing. 5. ὁ
λόγος αἰρεῖ, Lat. ratio evincit, reason prevails. III.
to grasp with the mind, take in, understand.

Med. αἰρέομαι, to take for oneself. II. to take
to oneself, choose : hence to take in preference, prefer
one thing to another; also μάλλιν αἰρεῖσθαι to choose
in preference, Lat. potius malle. 2. to choose by
vote, elect to an office.

*Αἰρος, ὁ, ἴρος *Αἰρος, Irus unhappy Irus.

ΑἰΡΩ, Att. for αἰέω : f. ἀρῶ [ᾶ] : aor. ἦρα,
imperat. ἄρον, inf. ἄραι : pf. ἤρκα.—Med., impf. ἤρ-
μην : fut. ἀρούμαι [ᾶ] : aor. I ἤράμην : aor. ἤρομην
Ep. ἀρόμην : Pass., fut. ἀρθήσομαι : aor. I ἤρθην :
pf. ἤρμαι.

Act. to raise, raise or lift up, to carry; αἰρεῖν
πόδα to walk; αἰρ. σημεῖον to hoist a signal; αἰρεῖν
ναῖς to get ships under way : hence 2. intrans.
to get under way, start, set out; αἰρεῖν ταῖς νάυσιν
to set sail; αἰρεῖν τῷ στρατῷ to march :—Pass. to
mount up, ascend. II. to raise, exalt; αἰρεῖν
θυμὸν to raise one's courage, etc. 2. to raise by
words, extol, exaggerate, Lat. tollere :—Pass. to rise
to a beight, increase. III. to lift and take away,
to take away, put an end to : later to kill.

Med. to lift, raise for oneself : hence to carry
off, win, gain. II. to take upon oneself, undergo,
bear. 2. to undertake, begin. III. of sound,
αἰρεσθαι φωνήν to lift up one's voice.

ΑἰΨΑ, ἡ, as pr. n., like Μοῖρα, the goddess of fate,
Lat. Parca. II. as appellat. the fatal decree of
a god; Διὸς αἰσα the fate decreed by Jove. 2.
one's appointed lot, fate, destiny, κακῇ αἰσῇ by ill
luck :—one's share or lot in a thing; ληῖδος αἰσα one's
share of booty. 3. one's due or right; κατ' αἰσαν,
like κατὰ μοῖραν, fittingly, rightly.

αἰσθάνομαι, impf. ᾔσθανόμην : fut. αἰσθήσομαι :
aor. 2 ᾔσθόμην, later aor. I ᾔσθησάμην : Dep. : (αἶω,
αἰσθω) :—to perceive or apprehend by the senses, and
therefore sometimes to feel, sometimes to see, some-
times to hear or learn. Often followed by acc.; but
also c. gen. to be sensible of, to take notice of a thing.
Hence

αἰσθημα, ατος, τό, the thing perceived : perception
or sense of a thing.

αἰσθησις, εως, ἡ, (αἰσθάνομαι) perception by the
senses, esp. by feeling, but also by seeing, hearing,
etc., a sensation, sense of a thing; αἰσθησιν ἔχειν to
have perception of a thing; αἰσθησιν παρέχειν to
give the means of perception. II. in plur. the
sensés.

III. like αἰσθημα, a perception : in

hunting, the scent.
αἰσθητήριον, τό, (αἰσθάνομαι) an organ of sense.
αἰσθητής, ου, ὁ, (αἰσθάνομαι) one who perceives.

αἰσθητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰσθάνομαι) of or capable of
perception, perceptive. 2. pass. perceptible.

αἰσθητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of αἰσθάνομαι, perceived
by the senses, sensible.

αἰσθω, (*αἶω, ἀμυ) to breathe forth, Lat. expiro ;
θυμὸν αἰσθε he was giving up the ghost, was expiring.
αἰσμία, happiness. From

αἰσιμος, ον, also η, ον, (αἰσα) Lat. fatalis, ap-
pointed by fate, fated, destined; αἰσιμον ἡμῶν the
fated day, i. e. the day of death. II. agreeable

to fate, meet, right; αἰσιμα εἰδώς knowing what is
right and proper.

αἰσιος, ον, also α, ον, (αἰσα) boding well, lucky,
happy : opportune.

ἄϊσος, *ov*, (a privat., ἴσος) = *ἄν-σος*, *unlike*, *unequal*.

Αἴ-ΣΣΩ, Att. αἴσσω or αἴττω: impf. ἤισσον, Att. ἤισον, Ion. αἴσσεσκον: fut. αἴξω, Att. αἴξω: aor. ἤϊσα, Att. ἤϊα, Ion. αἴφασκον.—Med., aor. I ἤϊξάμην.—Pass., aor. ἤϊχθην, Ion. αἴχθην:—to move with a quick shooting motion, to shoot, dart, glance, Lat. *impetu ferri*:—so also in aor. I med. αἴφασθαι, and in aor. I pass. αἴχθηναι. 2. later, to be eager after. II. trans. to move a thing quickly. [αἴ in Homer: in Trag. & when trisyll.]

ἄϊστος, Att. αἴστος, *ov*, (a privat., ἰδεῖν) *unseen*, *unknown*, not to be seen and heard: hence *vanished*, *destroyed*: see διδῆλος. II. act. not seeing or knowing, ignorant of, c. gen.

αἴστω, Att. αἴστων: f. ἴσω: aor. I ἤιστωσα, Att. ἤιστωσα.—Pass., aor. I ἤιστώην, Ion. αἴστώην: (αἴστος):—to make unseen, to destroy: to slay, kill. αἴστωρ, *opos*, δ, ἡ, (δ-ἴσος) *unknowing*, *inexperienced*.

αἴστώσειαν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. of αἴστω. αἰσῦλος, *ov*, opp. to αἰσμος, *unseemly*, *evil*, *impious*. (Deriv. uncertain.) αἰσυνάω, f. ἴσω, (αἴσα) to give each his due or portion of a thing, hence to be ruler over, c. gen. Hence

αἰσυνήτης, *ov*, δ, a regulator of games, chosen by the people, a judge or umpire. II. a ruler, king, esp. one chosen by the people: a president, manager.

αἰσχίων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, and αἰσχιστος, *η*, *ov*, Comp. and Sup. of αἰσχύρος, formed from αἰσχύω.

Αἴ-ΣΧΟΣ, *eos*, τό, *shame*, *disgrace*. II. ugliness or deformity.

αἰσχύριμω, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (αἰσχος) *shameful*. αἰσχροκέρδεια, ἡ, *sordid love of gain*. From αἰσχρο-κερδής, *es*, (αἰσχύρος, κέρδος) *sordidly greedy of gain*, *covetous*. Adv. -δῶς.

αἰσχρολογία, ἡ, *foul language*, *abuse*. From αἰσχρο-λόγος, *ov*, (αἰσχύρος, λέγω) *foul-mouthed*, *abusive*.

αἰσχρο-μητία, *ιος*, δ, ἡ, (αἰσχύρος, μῆτις) *forming base designs*.

αἰσχρο-ποιός, *ov*, (αἰσχύρος, ποιεῖν) *acting shamefully*.

αἰσχύρος, ἄ, *ov*, also *δε*, *ov*, (αἰσχος) in Homer *causing shame*, *disgracing*; αἰσχρά ἔπεα *abusive words*. II. opp. to καλός: 1. *ugly*, *ill-favoured*. 2. in moral sense, *shameful*, *disgraceful*, *base*, *infamous*; τὸ καλὸν καὶ τὸ αἰσχρόν, Lat. *bonestum et turpe*, *virtue and vice*.—Instead of the regul. Comp. and Sup. αἰσχροτέρος, αἰσχροτάτος, the forms αἰσχίων, αἰσχιστος are used. Hence

αἰσχροτής, *ητος*, ἡ, *ugliness*. 2. *shame*, *infamy*. αἰσχροπρία, ἡ, contr. for αἰσχροπρία, (αἰσχύρος, ἔργον) *lewd conduct*.

αἰσχροῦς, Adv. of αἰσχύρος, *shamefully*.

αἰσχυθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of αἰσχύνω.

αἰσχύνῃ, ἡ, (αἰσχος) *shame done one*, *disgrace*, *disbonour*.

II. *shame* for an ill deed, Lat. *pudor*: generally, *shame*, the sense of *shame*. [p] αἰσχυντέον, verb. Adj. of αἰσχύνωμαι, one must be ashamed.

αἰσχυνηλός, ἡ, *ov*, (αἰσχύνωμαι) *bashful*, *modest*. αἰσχυνητήρ, ἡρος, δ, (αἰσχύνω) a *disbonourer*, a *seducer*.

αἰσχυνηρός, ἄ, *ov*, = αἰσχυνηλός, *bashful*.

αἰσχύνω: f. ἔνω, Ion. ἔνω. aor. I ἤσχυνά: pf. ἤσχυνκα.—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense, αἰσχυνοῦμαι; also αἰσχυνθήσομαι: aor. ἤσχύνθην: pf. ἤσχυνμαι: (αἰσχος):—to make ugly, disfigure, mar. 2 to disgrace, disbonour, tarnish, γένος αἰσχυνέμεν.

II. Pass. to be ashamed, feel shame: but more freq. to be ashamed at a thing, c. acc. rei; also c. acc. pers. to feel shame before one: c. part. to be ashamed at doing a thing: but c. inf. to be ashamed to do a thing.

Αἴ-ΤΕ'Ω: impf. ἤτεον, Ion. αἴτεον: fut. αἰτήσω: aor. I ἤτησα; pf. ἤτηκα:—to ask, beg, usu. c. acc. rei, to ask, crave, demand something; ὁδὸν αἰτεῖν to beg leave to depart: c. acc. pers. to ask a person; αἰτεῖν τινά τι to ask a person for a thing; c. inf. to ask one to do:—Med. to ask for oneself, for one's own use or purpose, to claim, Lat. *vincicare sibi*:—Pass. to have a thing begged of one.

αἴτημα, *ατος*, τό, (αἰτέω) *that which is asked*, a request, demand.

αἴτημα, Aeol. for αἰτέω.

αἰτής, *ov*, Dor. αἰτας, a or *εω*, δ, a *favourite*.

αἰτήσις, *εως*, ἡ, (αἰτέω) a request, demand.

αἰτητέον, verb. Adj. of αἰτέω, one must ask.

αἰτητός, ἡ, *ov*, verb. Adj. of αἰτέω, asked for, begged.

Αἴ-ΤΙΑ, ἡ, a cause, origin, ground, occasion: αἰτίαν παρέχειν to give occasion. II. the occasion of something bad, a charge, accusation, blame, a fault, Lat. *crimen*: remonstrance, expostulation with a friend; αἰτίαν ἔχειν, Lat. *crimen habere*, to be accused; αἰτίαν ὑπέχειν to lie under a charge; ἐν αἰτίᾳ ἔχειν to hold guilty; τὴν αἰτίαν ἐπιφέρειν to impute the fault to one, ἀπολύειν τινά τῆς αἰτίας to acquit of guilt.

αἰτιάσθαι, Ep. pres. inf. of αἰτιόμαι.

αἰτιάσομαι, Pass. (αἰτία) to be charged or accused.

αἰτιάμα, *ατος*, τό, a charge, guilt imputed. From αἰτιόμαι, f. αἰτομαι [α]: aor. I ἠτιόσάμην, Ion. αἰτισάμην: (αἰτία): I. as Dep. to give as the cause or occasion: esp. of a fault: to charge, accuse, blame; αἰτιάσθαι τινά τινας to accuse of a thing. II. as Pass. in fut. αἰτιάσομαι, aor. I ἠτιάσθην, perf. ἠτιάμαι:—to be accused. Hence

αἰτιάσις, *εως*, ἡ, a complaint, accusation.

αἰτιάτέον, verb. Adj. of αἰτιόμαι, one must accuse.

αἰτίω, (αἰτέω) to ask or beg for a thing, c. acc. rei: c. acc. pers. to beg, solicit.

αἴτιον, τό, neut. of αἴτιος, = αἰτία, a cause.

αἴτιος, α, ον, more rarely ος, ον, causing, occasion-
ing; hence chargeable with a thing: but mostly in
bad sense, causing ill, blamable, guilty:—ὁ αἴτιος,
the party to be blamed, the culprit, Lat. reus:—τοῦ
αἴτιου the cause of a thing.

αἰτιώνναι, Ep. 3 pl. pres. indic. of αἰτιόμαι.

αἰτίωρο, αἰτίωρο, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. pres. opt. of
αἰτιόμαι.

αἰτίωσα, Ep. aor. I of αἰτίω.

Αἰτναίος, α, ον, of or belonging to Etna: of a
horse, Etnaeian, Sicilian; or big as Etna, enormous.

Αἴφ' ἄφην, Adv. — ἄφνω, ἄφνω, on a sudden.

αἰφνίδιος, ον, unforeseen, sudden, quick. Adv. — δῖως,
also — διον, suddenly.

αἰχθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of αἰσθω.

αἰχθῆτην, 3 dual aor. I pass. of αἰσθω.

αἰχμαῖω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἤχμασα: (αἰχμή):—to
throw the spear, to fight with the spear. II. to
arm with the spear.

αἰχμαλώσις, ἡ, (αἰχμάλωτος) captivity. II.
a body of captives.

αἰχμαλωτεύω, f. εὔσω, (αἰχμάλωτος) to make pri-
soner of war.

αἰχμαλωτίζω, f. ἴσω, — αἰχμαλωτεύω:—also Dep.
αἰχμαλωτίζομαι in same sense: fut. ἴσομαι: aor. I
ἤχμαλωτισάμην: pf. ἤχμαλωτισαμ.

αἰχμαλωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰχμάλωτος) befitting a pri-
soner.

αἰχμαλώτις, ἴδος, ἡ, a captive woman. From
αἰχμ-άλωτος, ον, (αἰχμή, ἄλωτος) taken by the
spear or in war; of αἰχμάλωτοι prisoners of war;
τὰ αἰχμαλώτα booty.

αἰχμή, ἡ, (αἰσθω) the point of a spear, Lat. cus-
pis. II. a spear: also a staff or a sceptre. 2.

as collective noun a body of spearmen, as δότις a
body of shielded men. 3. war, battle. 4. also,
warlike spirit, mettle.

αἰχμηΐς, εσσα, εν, (αἰχμή) armed with the spear.

αἰχμητά, ὁ, Ep. for αἰχμητής.

αἰχμητής οὐ, ὁ, (αἰχμή) a spearman, warrior. II.

as Adj. warlike, brave. Fem. αἰχμητῆς, ἴδος.

αἰχμο-φόρος, ον, (αἰχμή, φέρω) bearing a spear.

Αἴψα, Adv. quickly, with speed, on a sudden.

αἰψρο-κλέυθος, ον, (αἰψρός, κλέυθος) swift-
peeing.

αἰψρός, ὁ, ὄν, (αἰψα) quick, speedy, sudden.

ΑἰΐΩ, used only in pres. and impf. αἰῶν, to perceive,
become aware of, esp. to bear: but also to see, observe,
know, c. gen. and also c. acc. [a long or short, acc.
to the metre.]

ΑἰΐΩ [ᾶ], used only in impf. αἰῶν [ᾶ], — ἀημι,
to breathe.

2. — ἀθσθω, to breathe out, expire;
φιλον αἰῶν ἦτορ I breathed out my life.

αἰῶν, ὄνος, ἡ, Dor. for ἥϊον. [ᾶ]

Αἰών, ὄνος, ὁ, also ἡ, sometimes with shortened
acc. αἰῶ:—the Lat. AEVUM, a space or period of
time, a lifetime, life. 2. of longer periods, an

age, generation, period.
space of time, eternity.
of life.

αἰώνιος, ον, also α, ον, lasting, eternal.

αἰώρα, ἡ, (ἀερω) a machine for suspending bodies:
a chariot on springs.

II. a hovering in air,
oscillation.

αἰωρέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀερω) to lift and bang up, let bang:
and so to wave, or set waving.

II. more freq.

αἰωρόμαι, aor. I ᾤωρήθην, to bang, to vi-
brate, to wave or float in air, bower or flit about. 2.

metaph. to be in suspense, Lat. suspensus esse: but
αἰωρεῖσθαι ἐν τινι to depend upon a person, Lat. pen-
dere ab aliquo; αἰωρεῖσθαι ὑπὲρ μεγάλων to play for
a high stake. Hence

αἰωρήμα, ατος, τό, that which is bung up: a hang-
ing cord or balter. II. a being bung up, bower-
ing: a banging.

αἰωρήτος, ον, verb. Adj. of αἰωρέω, bowering.

ἀκῶ, (ἀκή 2), Adv. — ἀκῆν, softly, gently.

Ἀκαδημαῖα, ἡ, also written Ἀκαδημία [ῖ], a gym-
nasium in the suburbs of Athens, where Plato taught:
hence the Platonic school were called Academics.

ἀκαθαρσία, ἡ, (ἀκάθαρτος) uncleanness.

ἀκαθάρτης, ητος, ἡ, — foreg.

ἀ-κάθαρτος, ον, (a privat., καθαίρω) uncleaned, im-
pure: unclean: unpurified. Adv. — τως.

ἀκαιρέομαι, f. ἥσομαι, (ἀκαιρος) to be without op-
portunity, or occasion.

ἀκαιρία, ἡ, (ἀκαιρος) an unseasonable time: want
of opportunity, unseasonableness. II. impor-
tunity.

ἀ-καιρος, ον, not in season, unseasonable, ill-timed;
ἐς ἀκαιρα πονεῖν, Lat. operam perdere:—Adv.

—τως. II. of persons, importunate, Lat. molestus:
ill-suited to do a thing, c. inf.

ἀ-κάκης, ον, ὁ, poet. for ἀκακος, guileless.

ἀκάκητα, Ep. for ἀκακήτης, — ἀκακος, benignant,
gracious.

ἀκάκλια, ἡ, guilelessness. From

ἀ-κάκος, ον, without evil, unknowing of ill, guile-
less: esp. without malice. Adv. — πως.

ἀκαλανθής, ἴδος, ἡ, the goldfinch.

ἀκαλαρ-ρέιτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀκαλός, ρέω) soft-flowing.

ἈΚΑΛΗΨΗ, ἡ, a nettle, Lat. urtica: the sting as
of a nettle. [ᾶ]

ἀ-καλλής, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (a privat., κάλλος) without
charms.

ἀ-καλλιέρητος, ον, (a privat., καλλιερῶ) not ac-
cepted in sacrifice, ill-omened.

ἀ-καλλώπιστος, ον, (a privat., καλλώπιζω) un-
adorned.

ἀ-κάλυπτος, ον, (a privat., καλύπτω) uncovered.

ἀ-καλύφης, ἐς, — ἀκάλυπτος.

ἀκάμαντο-λόγης, ον, ὁ, (ἀκάμας, λόγῃ) unwearied
with the spear.

ἀκάμαντο-μάχης, ον, ὁ, (ἀκάμας, μάχῃ) unwearied
in fight.

ἀκάμαντό-πους, δ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀκάμας, πούς) untiring of foot.

ἀκάμαντο-χάρμας, δ, (ἀκάμας, χάρμη) unwearied in fight.

ἀ-κάμας, αντος, δ, (α privat., καμῆν) untiring, unresting. [κά]

ἀκάματος, ον, also η, ον, (α privat., κάματος) without sense of toil, hence untiring, unresting:—neut. ἀκάματα as Adv. untiringly.

ἀκαμπτος, ον, (α privat., κάμπτω) unbent, stiff:—from which none can return. II. unbending, inescapable.

ἀκανθα, ης, ἡ, (ἀκή) a thorn, prickly: hence I. 1 prickly plant, thistle: also a thorny tree. 2. the back-bone or spine of animals. 3. metaph. a thorny or difficult question.

ἀκάνθινος, η, ον, (ἀκανθα) thorny: of thorns. II. of the thorn-tree (ἀκανθα).

ἀκανθίς, ιδος, ἡ, (ἀκύνω) a small bird, the goldfinch or linnet, Lat. *fringilla caerulea*. II. as fem. Adj. prickly.

ἀκανθο-βάτης, ον, δ, fem. -βάτις, ιδος, ἡ, (ἀκανθα, βαίνω) going on thorns.

ἀκανθο-λόγος, ον, (ἀκανθα 3, λέγω) picking out thorny questions, wrangling

*ΑΚΑΝΘΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. *acanthus*, bear's breech, a plant, used in Corinthian capitals.

ἀκανθ-ώδης, ες, gen. εος, (ἀκανθα, εἶδος) full of thorns, thorny.

ἀ-κάπνιστος, ον, (α privat., καπνίζω) unsmoked.

ἀ-καπνος, ον, (α privat., καπνός) without smoke, not smoking, making no smoke.

ἀ-κάρδιος, ον, (α privat., καρδία) wanting the heart: metaph. heartless, Lat. *excors*.

ἀ-κάρηνος, ον, (α privat., κάρηνον) headless.

ἀ-κάρης, ἐς, (σ privat., κάρηναι) properly of hair, too short to be cut: generally, short, small, tiny: mostly of time, ἀκαρὲς α moment, ἐν ἀκαρὲ χρόνῳ in a moment of time; ἀκαρῆ διαλειπών (sc. χρόνον) having waited a moment; οὐδ' ἀκαρῆ not a bit:—but also of things, ἀκαρὲς a morsel.

ἀ-καριαῖος, α, ον, (ἀκαρή) momentary, brief.

ἀκαρπία, ἡ, (ἀκαρπός) unfruitfulness.

ἀ-καρπύστος, ον, (α privat., καρπίζω) = ἀκαρπύτος, where nothing is to be reaped, unfruitful, of the sea.

ἀ-καρπος, ον, without fruit, barren. II. act. making barren, blasting. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-καρπύτος, ον, (α privat., καρπύω) not made fruitful, without fruit, fruitless: of an oracle, unfulfilled.

ἀκασκά, (ἀκή 2) Adv. gently. Hence

ἀκασκαῖος, α, ον, gentle, delicate.

ἀ-κατάβλητος, ον, (α privat., καταβάλλω) not to be overthrown, irrefragable.

ἀ-κατάγνωστος, ον, (α privat., καταγιγνώσκω) not to be condemned, blameless.

ἀ-κατακάλυπτος, ον, (α privat., κατακαλύπτω) uncovered.

ἀ-κατάκρτος, ον, (α privat., κατακρίνω) uncondemned.

ἀ-κατάληκτος, ον, (α privat., καταλήγω) without end: of verses, acatalectic.

ἀ-κατάληπτος, ον, (α privat., καταλαμβάνω) not to be conquered. II. incomprehensible.

ἀ-κατάλλακτος, ον, (α privat., καταλλάσσω) irreconcilable. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-κατάλυτος, ον, (α privat., καταλύω) indissoluble.

ἀ-καταμάχητος, ον, (α privat., καταμάχομαι) not to be subdued, unconquerable.

ἐ-κατανόητος, ον, (α privat., κατανοέω) inconceivable.

ἀ-κατάπαυστος, ον, (α privat., καταπαύω) not to be set at rest, incessant: unable to cease from a thing.

ἐκαταστάσια, ἡ, a state of disorder, anarchy, confusion. From

ἀ-κατάστατος, ον, (α privat., καθίστημι) unstable, unsettled: unsteady, fickle:—Adv., ἐκαταστάτως ἔχειν to be unstable.

ἀ-κατάσχετος, ον, (α privat., κατέχω) not to be checked, unruly. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-καταφρόντος, ον, (α privat., καταφρονέω) not to be despised, important, Lat. *baud spernendus*.

ἀκάτιον, τό, Dim. of ἀκατος, a light boat, esp. of pirates, Lat. *actuaria*. II. a small sail.

*ΑΚΑΤΟΣ, ἡ, a light vessel, Lat. *actuaria*: esp. a transport-vessel: generally, a ship. [ἀκά]

ἀ-καυστος, ον, (α privat., καλώ) unburnt.

ἀκαχέιλο or -ήστο, Ep. for ἡκάχητο, 3 pl. imperf. pass. of ἀχέω.

ἀκαχέσω, redupl. fut. of ἀχέω.

ἀκάχησα, Ep. for ἡκάχησα, redupl. aor. 1 of ἀχέω.

ἀκαχέσθαι, ἀκαχήμενος, Ep. for ἡκαχέσθαι, ἡκαχήμενος, inf. and part. of ἡκάχημαι, redupl. pf. pass. of ἀχέω.

ἀκάχηται, redupl. aor. 2 med. subj. of ἀχέω.

ἀκαχίζω, redupl. from ἀχέω, to trouble:—Pass. to be troubled.

ἀκαχμένος, η, ον, (ἀκή) pointed, sharpened, a part. pf. pass., as if from *ἀκω to sharpen, but with no verb in use.

ἀκάχοντο, redupl. aor. 2 med. opt. of ἀχέω.

ἀκάχοντο, Ep. for ἡκάχοντο, redupl. aor. 2 med. of ἀχέω.

ἀκεύμενος, Ep. part. pres. pass. of ἀκέομαι.

ἀκερε-κόμας, ον, δ, = ἀκερεκόμη.

ἀ-κέλευστος, ον, (α privat., κελεύω) unbidden.

ἀ-κέντητος, ον, (α privat., κεντέω) ungoaded, needing no spur.

ἀ-κέντρος, ον, (α privat., κέντρον) stingless.

ἀκέομαι, Ep. impf. ἀκέομην: f. ἀκέομαι, Ep. ἀέσομαι, Att. ἀκούμαι: aor. 1 ἡκεσάμην, Ep. imper. ἀέσσαι: Dep.: (ἀκος):—to heal, cure. 2. to stand, queneb, διψαν. 3. generally, to amend, repair, make good: to mend or darn clothes.

ἀ-κέραιος, ον, (α privat., κεράννυμι) unmixed, pure: pure in blood: guileless, Lat. *integer*. II. un-

harmless, unravaged, of countries. generally, *unimpaired, untouched, inviolate*: *fresh, active*.

ἀ-κέρastos, ov, (a privat., κεράννυμι) *unmixed, pure* from a thing.

ἀ-κέρᾱτος, ov, (a privat., κέρας) *without horns*.

ἀ-κεραίνωτος, ov, (a privat., κεραυνώω) *not struck by lightning*.

ἀκέρβεια, ῆ, (ἀκερδῆς) *want of gain, loss*. From ἀ-κερδής, ἐς, (a privat., κέρδος) *without gain, bringing loss*. Adv. -ῶς, *gratis*.

ἀκέρικτος, ov, (a privat., κερνίζω) *unwoven*.

ἀ-κερσε-κόμης, ov, ὁ, (a privat., κείρω, κόμη) *with unshorn hair*, epith. of Apollo: also *ever-young*, for the Greek youths wore their hair long, till they reached manhood.

ἀ-κερως, ov, gen. w, and ἀ-κέρωτος, ov, — ἀκέρatos. ἀκέσασθε, aor I imperat. of ἀκέομαι.

ἀκεσι-νοσος, Ep. ἀκεσι-, ov, (ἀκέομαι, νόσος) *healing disease*.

ἀκεσις, εως, ῆ, (ἀκέομαι) *a healing, cure, remedy*.

ἀκεσμα, τό, (ἀκέομαι) *a remedy, cure*.

ἀκέσομαι, fut. of ἀκέομαι.

ἀκεσ-, for words so beginning, v. sub ἀκεσ-.

ἀκεστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀκέομαι) *a healer, restorer, physician*: ἀκεστήρ χαλινός the rein that tames the steed.

ἀκεστής, οὔ, ὁ, = ἀκεστήρ: *a mender of torn clothes*.

ἀκεστορία, ῆ, (ἀκέστωρ) *the healing art*.

ἀκεστός, ῆ, ὄν, (ἀκέομαι) *curable*: *easy to be cheered or revived*.

ἀκεστρα, ῆ, (ἀκέομαι) *a darning-needle*.

ἀκέστρια, ῆ, fem. of ἀκεστής, *a sempstress*.

ἀκεστρον, τό, (ἀκέομαι) *a remedy*.

ἀκεστύς, υός, ῆ, Ion. for ἀκεσις.

ἀκέστωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ἀκέομαι) *a healer, saviour*.

ἀκεσ-φόρος, ov, (ἀκος, φέρω) *bringing a cure, healing*.

ἀκεσ-ῶδύνος, ov, (ἀκέομαι, ὀδύνῃ) *allaying pain*.

ἀ-κέφαλος, ov, (a privat., κεφαλῆ) *without a head*: *without beginning*.

ἀκέων, ἀκέουσα, (ἀκύν) in form a participle, used by Hom. as an Adv. *stilly, softly, silently*: mostly in sing. nom. even with a plur. verb, as ἀκέων δαίνυσθε *feast ye in silence*:—the dual ἀκέοντε occurs once, the plur. form never. Although fem. ἀκέουσα is found, yet ἀκέων stands also with the fem., as Ἀθηναίῃ ἀκέων ἦν.

ἈΚΗ, ῆ, a Subst. said to have 3 senses: I. a *point, edge*, (whence ἀκίς, ἀκωχῆ, ἀκμή, αἰχμή, ἀκόνη, ἄκρος, and Lat. *acies, acuo*).

2. *silence*, (whence ἀκύν, ἀκέων, ἀκά, ἀκασκα).

3. *healing*, (whence ἀκέομαι).

ἀ-κήδεστος, ov, (a privat., κηδέω) *uncared for, unheeded*: *without funeral rites, unburied*. Hence

ἀκηδέστως, Adv. of ἀκήδεστος, but in act. sense, *without heed for any one, remorselessly*.

ἀκηδέω, f. ἦσσι: aor. I ἠκήθησα, Ep. ἀκήδεσα:—*to neglect, slight*, c. gen. From

ἀ-κηδής, ἐς, (a privat., κηδός) pass. *uncared for*:

unburied. II. act. *without care or sorrow*, Lat. *securus*. 2. *heedless, careless*.

ἀκήκοα, pf. med. of ἀκούω.

ἀ-κήλητος, ov, (a privat., κηλέω) *to be won by no charms, not to be charmed or won over, inescapable, unassuageable*.

ἀκμα, τό, = ἄκεσμα, *a cure, remedy*.

ἀκύν, properly acc. of ἀκή 2, but used only as Adv. *stilly, softly, silently*.

ἀ-κηράσιος, ov, (a privat., κεράννυμι) *unmixed, pure*: hence *untouched*, Lat. *integer*: generally, *pure, fresh*.

ἀ-κήρᾱτος, ov, (a privat., κεράννυμι) *unmixed, pure, clear*: of persons, *incorrupt, undefiled, upright*:—c. gen. *pure from, free from taint of*. II. *unimpaired, in full vigour, fresh, unbroken*.

ἀ-κήριος, ov, (a privat., κήρ) *unbarmed by the fates, uninjured*. II. act. *unbarring, harmless*.

ἀ-κήριος, ov, (a privat., κήρ) *without heart or soul, lifeless*. II. *without heart or courage, fearless, spiritless*, Lat. *vecors*.

ἀκηρότατος, Ep. for ἀκηρατώτατος, Sup. of ἀκήρατος. ἀκηρυκέτι and ἀκηρυκτί, Adv. *without proclamation*: esp. *without a flag of truce*: From

ἀ-κήρυκτος, ov, (a privat., κηρύσσω) *unannounced*: *unproclaimed*: ἀκήρυκτος πολέμος *a war without announcement, sudden, or, one in which no herald was admitted, implacable*. 2. *inglorious, unknown*. 3. *unheard of, sending no tidings*. Hence

ἀκηρύκτως, Adv. = ἀκηρυκτί.

ἀ-κήρωτος, ov, (a privat., κηρώω) *not covered with wax, unwaxed*.

ἀκηχέδαι or ἀκηχέαι, Ep. for ἠκήχηνται, 3 pl. redupl. pf. pass. of ἀχέω.

ἀκηχέμενος, Ep. for ἀκαχέμενος, part. of redupl. pf. pass. of ἀχέω.

ἀ-κίβδηλος, ov, (a privat., κίβηλος) *unadulterate, unalloyed, pure*: also *guileless, honest*.

ἀκιδνός, η, ov, *weak, feeble, faint*, in Homer only in Comp. ἀκιδνύτης. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀ-κίθαρις, ι, gen. ιος, (a privat., κίθαρα) *without the harp*.

ἀκίκυς, υος, ὁ, ῆ, (a privat., κύκω) *powerless, feeble*.

ἀκινάκης, ov, or εος, ὁ, Lat. *acimaces*, a Persian word, *a short sword*.

ἀ-κινδύνος, ov, *without danger*, hence *shunning danger, cowardly*. Adv. -ως.

ἀ-κίνητος, ov, rarely η, ov, (a privat., κινέω) *unmoved, motionless*: hence *idle, sluggish*. 2. *unaltered, settled, steady*. II. *immovable, hard to move*.

2. *not to be stirred or touched, inviolable*, like Lat. *non movendus*: *not to be divulged*. [1]

ἀ-κίς, ov, (a privat., κίς) *without worms, not worm-eaten*, sound: Sup. ἀκίτατος.

ἀκίρως, ὄν, = ἀκιδνός.

ἀκίς, ἰδος, ῆ, (ἀκή, Lat. *acies*) *a point, barb, a pointed instrument*: metaph. *a sting*: πλῶν ἀκίδες *the stings of desires*. [2]

ἀκίχηςτος, ον, (α privat., κίχῶν) *not to be reached, unattainable*: of persons, *not to be reached by prayer, inexecutable*.

ἀκίχῳμαι, Dep. (ἀκῶ) *to pretend indifference to a thing, to affect coyness*: generally, *to dissemble*.

ἀκῶ, ἡ, a *bugbear*: acc. to others *a vain woman*.

ἀκλάρωτος, Dor. for ἀκλήρωτος.

ἀκλαστος, ον, (α privat., κλάω) *unbroken*.

ἀκλαυστος or ἀκλαυτος, ον, (α privat., κλαίω) *pass. unweped*: without lamentation. II. act. *unweeping, tearless*.

ἀκλεής, ἐς, gen. ἐός: acc. ἀκλεῖ, Ion. ἀκλεῆ, poet. ἀκλεῖ: (α privat., κλέος):—*without fame, inglorious, ignoble*: neut. ἀκλεές as Adv. *ingloriously*.

ἀκλεῖα, ἡ, (ἀκλεῆς) *ingloriousness*.

ἀκλειτής, ἐς, Ep. for ἀκλεῆς: Ep. Adv. ἀκλειδῶς.

ἀκλειστός, ον, Ion. ἀκλήϊστος, Att. contr. δ-κλήϊστος, (α privat., κλείω): *not shut, not bolted or fastened*.

ἀκλειδῶς, Adv. of ἀκλεῆς, *ingloriously*.

ἀκλήης, ἐς, poet. for ἀκλεῆς.

ἀκλήϊστος, Ion. for ἀκλειστός.

ἀκλήρωτος, ον, *without lot or portion, poor, needy*. 2. *without lot or share in a thing, c. gen.* II. *unallotted, without an owner*.

ἀκλήρωτος, ον, (α privat., κληρῶν) *without lot or portion in a thing, c. gen.*

ἀκλήρωτος, ον, Att. for ἀκλειστός.

ἀκλήτης, ον, (α privat., καλέω) *uncalled, unbidden*.
ἀκλήνης, ἐς, (α privat., κληνῆναι) *bending to neither side: unswerving, steadfast*.

ἀκλυτος, ον, also η, ων, (α privat., κλύω) *unwashed by waves*.

ἀκμάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἀκμή) *to be in full bloom, be at the prime or perfection*: hence *to flourish, abound in a thing, ἀκμάζει πλούτῳ*, etc.: c. inf. *to be strong enough to do*; but impers. ἀκμάζει, c. inf., *it is bigb time to do*.

ἀκμαῖος, α, ον, (ἀκμή) *in full bloom, at the prime, blooming, vigorous*; ἀκμαῖος φύσιν *in the prime of strengib*. II. *in time, in season*, Lat. *opportunus*.

ἀκμή, ἡ, (ἀκῆ, Lat. *acies*) *a point, edge*; proverb ἐπὶ ξυροῦ ἀκμῆς *on the razor's edge*, i. e. *at the critical moment*; ἀμφιδέξιοι ἀκμαὶ *the fingers of both hands, like ποδῶν ἀκμαί*. 3. *the biggest point of anything, the bloom, flower, prime*, esp. of man's age, ἀκμή ἡβῆς, Lat. *flos aetatis*; ἀκμή θέρου *mid-summer*:—generally, *strengib, vigour*. 3. *like καιρός, the time, i. e. the best, most fitting time*; ἀκμή [ἔστι], c. inf., *'tis bigb time to do*; ἐπ' ἀκμῆς εἶναι, c. inf., *to be on the point of doing*.

ἀκμήν, properly acc. of ἀκμή, but used as Adv. *in a moment, directly*: even now, still, like ἔτι.

ἀκμηνός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀκμή) *full-grown, in full vigour*.

ἀκμηνος, ον, *fasting from food*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀκμήης, ἦτος, ὅ, ἡ, (α privat., κάμνω) = ἀκάμας, *un-tiring, fresh*.

ἀκμητος, ον, (α privat., κάμνω) *unwearied, untiring*.

ἀκμό-θετον, τό, (ἀκμων, τίθημι) *the anvil-block*.

ἄΚΜΩΝ, ονος, ὁ, an *anvil*, Lat. *incus*.

ἀκνισσος or rather ἀκνισος, ον, (α privat., κνίσω) *without fat, esp. without the fat of sacrifice*.

ἀκοῆ, Ep. ἀκουή, ἡ, (ἀκούω) *bearing*: I. *the sense of bearing: the ear*; esp. in plur., ἀκοαῖς θέχεσθαι *to hear, etc.* II. *a bearing, listening to*; ἀκοῆς ἄξιος *worth bearing*. III. *the thing heard, a report, saying, fame*; ἀκοῆ εἰδέναι τι *to know a thing by hearsay*.

ἀκοιμήτος, ον, (α privat., κοιμάομαι) *sleepless*.

ἀκοινωνήτος, ον, (α privat., κοινωνέω) *not shared in common*. II. act. *not sharing in, not partaking of*: hence *unsocial*.

ἀκοίτης, ον, ὁ, (α—ἔμα, κοίτη) *a bedfellow, spouse, husband*: fem. ἀκοῖτις, ιος, ἡ, a *wife*.

ἀκολάκευτος, ον, (α privat., κολακεῖν) *not flattered, not won by flattery*.

ἀκολάστια, ἡ, (ἀκόλαστος) *licentiousness, intemperance*: excess, extravagance: opp. to σωφροσύνη.

ἀκολασταίνω, (ἀκόλαστος) *to be licentious, debauched, intemperate*: *to live a riotous life*.

ἀκόλαστος, ον, (α privat., κολάω) Lat. *non castigatus, uncabstained, undisciplined, unbridled*: also *uneducated*. 2. *intemperate*, opp. to σώφρων.

Hence

ἀκολάστως, Adv. *intemperately*: Comp., ἀκολαστοτέρως ἔχειν πρὸς τι *to be too intemperate in a thing*.

ἀ-κόλος, ου, ὁ, (α privat., κόλον) *a bit, morsel*.

ἀκολουθεῖν, f. ἴσω, (ἀκόλουθος) *to follow, go after or with*. II. metaph. *to follow or obey one in a thing*. Hence

ἀκολουθῆναι, εἰς, ἡ, *a following, sequence*.

ἀκολουθητέον, verb. Adj. of ἀκολουθεῖν, *one must follow*.

ἀκολουθία, ἡ, (ἀκόλουθῶ) *a following, attendance, train*. II. *agreement or conformity with*.

ἀκόλουθος, ον, (α copul., κέλευθος) *following, attending on*:—as Subst. ἀκόλουθος, ὁ, *a follower, attendant*; of ἀκόλουθοι *the camp followers*. II. *following after*; agreeing with, suitable to, like, gen.; but also c. dat. Adv. —θῶς, *in accordance with, c. dat.*

ἀκόλυμβος, ον, *unable to swim*.

ἀκομωσία, Ep. —ῖη [ῖ], ἡ, *want of tending*. From

ἀκόμωτος, ον, (α privat., κομίζω) *untended*.

ἀκομος, ον, (α privat., κόμη) *without hair. bald*: of trees, *leafless*.

ἀκόμωστος, ον, (α privat., κομνάζω) *unboastful*.

ἀκομπος, ον, *without boast, unboasting*.

ἀκομψος, ον, *unadorned, simple, plain*, Lat. *simplex*. II. *rude in speech*.

ἀκονάω, f. ἴσω, (ἀκονή) *to sharpen, whet*.

ἀκόνδυλος, ον, (α privat., κονδύλη) *without blows*.

ἀκονή, ἡ, (ἀκῆ) *a whetstone, bone*, Lat. *cos*.

ἀκονιτί, Adv. of ἀκόνιτος, (α privat., κονίω) *without the dust of the arena, hence without contest, toil, or effort*, Lat. *sine pulvere*.

ἀκόντιον, τό, a poisonous plant, aconite, monkshood.
 ἀκόντι, later form for ἀκόντι.
 ἀκόντιζω, f. ἰζω, Att. ἰδω: aor. I ἤκοντισα, Ep.
 ἀκόντισα: (ἀκον):—to hurl a javelin: also to throw,
 fling, dart: to dart at, c. gen. pers.: later c. acc.
 pers. to hit or strike with a javelin, to wound; and
 Pass. to be so hit or wounded. 2. to shoot forth
 rays, of the moon. II. intrans. to dart or
 pierce.

ἀκόντιον, τό, Dim. of ἀκον, a dart, javelin.
 ἀκόντιος, ἡ, (ἀκοντίω) the throwing a javelin.
 ἀκόντισμα, τό, (ἀκοντίω) that which is darted, a
 javelin; ἐν τῷ ἀκόντισματι within a dart's throw.
 ἀκοντιστήρ, ἥρος, ὅ, and ἀκοντιστής, οὗ, ὅ, (ἀκον-
 τίω) a darter, hurler of javelins.
 ἀκοντιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀκοντίω) skilled in throwing
 the dart.

ἀκοντιστής, ὅος, ἡ, Ion. for ἀκόντιος, the game of
 the dart, a contest at throwing the dart.

ἀκοντο-δόκος, ον, (ἀκον, δέχομαι) watching the
 dart, i. e. skimming it.

ἀ-κοπος, ον, without weariness: I. pass. un-
 wearied, untiring. II. act. not wearying,
 easy. 2. removing weariness, refreshing.

ἀκρέστατος, most shameless, a Sup. either from
 ἀ-κορής = ἀκρέστος; or shortened for ἀκορεστότα-
 τος, Sup. of ἀκρέστος, like μέσστατος, νέστος.

ἀ-κόρηστος, ον, (a privat., κορέννυμι) insatiate, un-
 teasing: c. gen. insatiate of, unsated with. II.
 act. not satiating: not disgusting.

ἀ-κόρητος, ον, = ἀκρέστος.

ἀ-κόρητος, ον, (a privat., κορέννυμι) insatiate: c.
 gen. unsated with, ἀν. πολέμου, ἀπειλῶν. 2. (a
 privat., κορέω) unswept, untrimmed.

ἀ-κορος, ον, = ἀκόρητος, insatiate: metaph. cease-
 less, Lat. improbus.

ἄΚΟΣ, εος, τό, a cure, relief, remedy, help, re-
 source for or against a thing, c. gen.: ἄκος τέμνειν to
 prepare a remedy.

ἀκοσμέω, f. ἡσώ, (ἀκοσμος) to be disorderly, un-
 truly: to be out of order, to offend.

ἀ-κόσμητος, ον, (a privat., κοσμέω) unarranged,
 disorderly. 2. unadorned, unfurnished.

ἀκοσμία, ἡ, disorder: extravagance: unruliness,
 offence. From

ἀ-κοσμος, ον, without order, disorderly: in moral
 sense, unruly, rebellious:—Adv. —μως, without or-
 der.

II. κόσμος ἀκοσμος a world that is no
 world, like γάμος ἀγαμος, etc.

ἀκοστώω or ἀκοστέω, only used in aor. I part.
 ἀκοσθήσας, well-fed, over-fed. From

ἄΚΟΣΤΗ, ἡ, barley.

ἀκουάζομαι, Dep., like ἀκούω, to hearken to, c.
 gen.

II. to be called, bidden; θαυρὸς ἀκουάζε-
 σθαι ye are bidden to the feast, like καλεῖσθαι, Lat.
 vocari.

ἀκουή, ἡ, Ep. for ἀκοή, bearing; πατὴρ ἀκουή
 tidings of his father:—a sound.

ἀ-κουρος, ον, (a privat., κούρος) childless, without
 male heir.

II. (a privat., κουρά) unborn.
 ἀκουσσεύω, Acol. form of ἀκουσσαι, 3 pl. aor. I
 opt. of ἀκούω.

ἀκουσέω, Desiderat. of ἀκούω, to wish to hear.

ἀκουσέ-θεος, ον, (ἀκούω, θεός) heard of God.

ἀκουστόμος, ἡ, ον, (ἀκούω) audible.

ἀκούσιος, ον, Att. contr. for ἀκούσιος, unwilling,
 under constraint:—Adv. —ως, unwillingly, or in an
 unwelcome manner; Sup. ἀκουσιώτατα, most un-
 willingly.

ἀκουσμα, τό, (ἀκούω) a thing heard, a sound,
 strain. 2. a rumour, report, tale. [d] Hence

ἀκουσμάτιον, τό, a little tale.

ἀκουστέω, also ἀκουστέα, verb. Adj. of ἀκούω, one
 must hear or hearken to, c. gen.

ἀκουστής, οὗ, ὅ, (ἀκούω) a bearer, listener.

ἀκουστός, ὅς, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀκούω, heard, audible:
 that should be heard.

ἄΚΟΥῶ, f. ἀκούσσομαι: aor. I ἤκουσα: pf. Att.
 ἀκήκοα, Dor. ἀκουκα: plqpf. ἀκηκέω, Att. ἀκηκέη:
 —Pass., fut. ἀκουσθήσομαι: aor. I ἤκουσθη: pf.
 ἤκουσμαι:—to hear, used both with gen. and
 acc. 2. absol. to hear, give ear; ἀκούετε λεφὸν hear,
 O people. II. to listen or give ear to, mostly c.
 gen.; more rarely c. dat., hence to obey. III. to
 bear oneself called, be called, pass for; with an Adj.
 or Subst., ἀκούειν κακός, Lat. malus audire; or with
 an Adv. εὖ, κακῶς ἀκούειν, Lat. bene, male audire.

ἄκρα, Ion. ἀκρη, ἡ, (properly fem. of ἀκρος) the end,
 point, esp. the highest point, the top of the hill, peak,
 headland: a citadel, Lat. arx:—κατ' ἀκρὴς πέρθειν,
 Att. κατ' ἀκρας, to destroy from top to bottom, i. e.
 utterly, Lat. funditus evertere.

ἀκράντος, ον, = ἀκραντος, without result, unful-
 filled, fruitless, Lat. irritus.

ἀ-κράγης, ἐς, (a privat., κραγεῖν) not barking.

ἀκραή, contr. form of ἀκραία, acc. masc. of ἀκραής.

ἀκρ-αῖς, ἐς, (ἀκρος, ἀημι) of certain winds, blowing
 strongly, fresh-blowing.

ἀκραφνής, ἐς, contr. from ἀκραιο-φανής, (ἀκεί-
 ραιος, φανήναι) unmixed, pure, sheer: hence II.

unarmed, Lat. integer: c. gen. untouched by a thing.

ἀ-κραντος, ον, (a privat., κραίνω) unaccomplished,
 unfulfilled, fruitless, idle. II. endless.

ἀκράστια, ἡ, (ἀκρατής) the character of an ἀκρατής,
 incontinence, Lat. impotentia, opp. to ἐγκράτεια.

ἀ-κράτεια, ἡ, earlier form of foreg. [d]

ἀκρατέστερος, irreg. Comp. of ἀκράτος.

ἀ-κράτης, ἐς, (a privat., κράτος) powerless: not
 having power or command over a thing; ἀκρατής
 ὀργῆς, Lat. impotens iras: esp. in a moral sense,
 without power or command over oneself, incontinent,
 Lat. impotens sui.

ἀ-κρατίζομαι, fut. Att. γούμαι, Dep. to drink pure
 wine (ἀκρατος, merum). II. to breakfast, because

this meal consisted of bread dipped in wine. Hence

ἀκράτιστος, ον, having breakfasted. [κρᾶ]

ἀκρατοποσία, Ion. -λη, ἡ, *a drinking of unmixed wine*. From

ἀκρατο-πότης, ον, Ion. ἀκρητο-πότης, εω, ὁ, (ἀ-
κρατός, πίνω) *a drinker of unmixed wine*.

ἀ-κρατός, Ion. ἀ-κρητός, ον : Comp. and Sup. ἀκρά-
τέστερος, -έστατος : (α privat., κεράννυμι) :—un-
mixed, pure, sheer, unadulterate : esp. of wine, ἀκ-
ρατος (sub. οἶνος), ὁ, *wine without water, sheer wine*,
Lat. *merum* ; metaph., ἀκρατος νοῦς *pure intel-
lect*. 2. *untempered, unrestrained, excessive* : in-
temperate, violent.

ἀ-κράτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = ἀκρατής, *without control*. [κρά]
ἀκράτῳς, Adv. of ἀκρατής, *without control* ; ἀκράτῳς
ἔχειν *to be incontinent*.

ἀκρῦχολέω, f. ἥσω, *to be passionate*. From
ἀκρά-χολος, Ion. ἀκρή-χολος, ον, (ἀκρος, χόλος)
quick or sudden to anger, passionate ; κύναι ἀκράχο-
λος *an ill-tempered dog*. [κρά]

ἀκρέμων, ονος, ὁ, (ἀκρος, ἔσπερα) *the end of a branch* or
twig, a small branch, spray, twig.

ἀκρ-έσπερος, ον, (ἀκρος, ἔσπερα) *at the beginning*
of evening, at eventide.

ἀκρ-ήβης, ες, and ἀκρ-ήβος, ον, (ἀκρος, ἥβη) *in*
earliest youth, very young.

ἀ-κρητός, ον, Ion. for ἀκρατος, *unmixed, pure*.

ἀκρη-χολία, ἀκρή-χολος, Ion. for ἀκραχολία, etc.

ἀκριαῖς, acc. pl. of ἀκρις.

ἀκριβεία, ἡ, *exactness, accuracy, precision* : perfec-
tion. II. *strictness, severity* : parsimony, frugal-
ity. From

ἀκριβής, ἐς, *exact, accurate, precise, perfect in its*
kind ; of thoughts, clear, definite, precise. II.
of persons, *exact, strict, scrupulous* :—also *frugal*,
stingy. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀκριβολογέομαι, Dep. (ἀκριβολόγος) *to be exact*,
accurate, or precise in language : c. acc., τει, *to weigh*
accurately. Hence

ἀκριβολογία, ἡ, *precision of language*.

ἀκριβο-λόγος, ον, (ἀκριβής, λόγος) *exact in lan-
guage*.

ἀκριβῶω, f. ὥσω, (ἀκριβής) *to make exact or accu-
rate* : to arrange precisely : but commonly, *to examine*
or understand thoroughly : to express accurately :—
Pass. *to be made exact or perfect*.

ἀκριβῶς, Adv. of ἀκριβής, *exactly, accurately, pre-
cisely*. II. *sparingly* ; ἀκριβῶς καὶ μόλις, Lat.
vix et ne vix quidem.

ἀκριω-θήκη, ἡ, (ἀκρις, τίθημι) *a locust-cage*.

ἀκρυς, ιος, ἡ, Ion. for ἀκρα, *a bill-top, peak* ; mostly
in plur. ἀκρυες ἡνεμόεσσαι *the windy mountain-tops*.

ἈΚΡΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, *a locust*, Lat. *gryllus*.

ἀκριστα, ἡ, (ἀκριτος) *want of distinctness and order*,
confusion. II. *want of judgment*.

ἀκρίτῳ-δακρυς, υ, gen. vos, (ἀκριτος, δάκρυ) *shed-
ding floods of tears*.

ἀκρίτῳ-μῦθος, ον, (ἀκριτος, μῦθος) *talking reck-
lessly*. II. *hard to interpret*.

ἀ-κρίτος, ον, (α privat., κρίνω) *unarranged, con-*

fused, disorderly : countless. 2. *lasting, unceasing* :
of mountains, continuous. II. *undecided*,
doubtful.

2. *unjudged, untried*, of persons
and things ; ἀκρίτον τινα κτείνειν, *to put to death*
without trial, Lat. *indicta causa* :—also *not subject to*
trial.

III. act. *not giving judgment*. 2. *not*
exercising judgment, undistinguishing.

ἀκρίτῳ-φύλλος, ον, (ἀκριτος, φύλλον) *of blended*
foliage.

ἀκρίτῳ-φυρτος, ον, (ἀκριτος, φύρω) *undistinguish-
ably mixed*.

ἀκροάζομαι, Dep. = ἀκροάομαι.

ἀκροᾶμα, τό, (ἀκροάομαι) Lat. *acroama*, anything
heard with pleasure, anything read, recited, played or
sung : a play or musical piece.

ἈΚΡΟΑ'ΟΜΑΙ : impf. ἡκροῶμην : fut. ἄσομαι
[ἀ] : aor. 1 ἡκροσάμην : pf. ἡκρούμαι : Dep. :—*to*
hearken or listen to, esp. *to hear or attend lectures* ;

ὁ ἀκροάμενος *a hearer, student*. II. *to obey*.

ἀκροᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀκροάομαι) *a hearkening or lis-*
tening to. . . obedience.

ἀκροᾶτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀκροάομαι, *one must*
listen to.

ἀκροῦτήριον, τό, (ἀκροάομαι) *a place of audience* ;
lecture-room. II. *an audience*.

ἀκροῦτής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀκροάομαι) *a hearer* : a pupil.

ἀκροῦτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀκροάομαι) *proper for hearing*
or attending lectures ; μισθὸς ἀκροατικῆς, Lat. *bono-*
rarium, *a pupil's fee*.

ἀκρο-βάτω, (ἀκρος, βαίνειν) *to walk on tiptoes or erect*.

ἀκρο-βάφης, (ἀκρος, βάφηναι) *wetted at the end*. II.
tinged at the point, or slightly.

ἀκρο-βελής, ἐς, (ἀκρος, βέλος) *with a point at the*
end.

ἀκροβολίω, (ἀκροβόλος) *to be a slinger, to skirmish*.

ἀκροβολίζομαι, (ἀκροβολέω) Dep. *to throw or strike*
from afar : to skirmish. Hence

ἀκροβόλιος, εως, ἡ, *a skirmishing*.

ἀκροβολισμός, οὔ, ὁ, = ἀκροβόλιος.

ἀκροβολιστής, οὔ, ὁ, = ἀκροβόλος.

ἀκρο-βόλος, ὁ, (ἀκρος, βαλεῖν) as Subst. *one who*
throws from afar, a slinger, skirmisher : but II.

as Adj. *proparox. ἀκρο-βόλος, ον, struck from afar*.

ἀκροβυστία, ἡ, (ἀκροβυστος) *uncircumcision*.

ἀκρο-βυστος, ον, (ἀκρος, βύνω) *uncircumcised*.

ἀκρο-γωνιαῖος, ον, (ἀκρος, γωνία) *at the extreme*,
angle ; ἀκρ. λίθος *the corner foundation-stone*.

ἀκρο-δέτος, ον, (ἀκρος, δέω) *bound at the end or top*.

ἀκρόδρυα, τά, (ἀκρος, δρῦς) *fruit-trees*. II.
fruits, esp. *hard-shelled fruits*.

ἀκρο-θικτος, ον, (ἀκρος, ἐλίσσω) *twisted at the end*.

ἀκρο-θιγής, ἐς, (ἀκρος, θιγέω) *touching on the sur-*
face or slightly.

ἀκρό-θινα, τά, v. ἀκρο-θίνιον.

ἀκροθινιάζομαι, Dep. (ἀκροθίνιον) *to take of the*
best, pick out for oneself.

ἀκρο-θίνιον, τό, (ἀκρος, θίς) mostly in plur. ἀκρο-
θίνια, also ἀκρόθινα, properly, *the top of the head, the*

best or choice parts : hence the first-fruits of the field, of booty, etc., like ἀπαρχαί :—properly a neut. Adj. from ἀκροθίνιος, whence θύη ἀκροθίνια offerings of first-fruits. [θ]

ἀκρο-κελαινιαῖα, (ἀκρος, κελαινός) only used in Ep. part. ἀκροκελαινιαῖον, growing black on the surface.

ἀκρο-κνέφαιος, on, and ἀκρο-κνεφής, ἐς, (ἀκρος, κνέφας) at the beginning or end of night, in twilight.

ἀκρό-κομος, on, (ἀκρος, κόμη) with hair on the crown.

II. with leaves at the top.

ἀκρο-κόρινθος, ὁ, the citadel of Corinth.

ἀκρο-κύματῶν, f. ὥσω, (ἀκρος, κύμα) to float on the topmost waves.

ἀκρό-λίθος, on, (ἀκρος, λίθος) with the extremities of stone, epith. of statues of wood with marble head, hands, and feet.

ἀκρο-λίνον, τό, (ἀκρος, λίνον) the edge of a net.

ἀκρο-λογέω, (ἀκρος, λέγω) to gather at top.

ἀκρολοφίτης, [f], on, ὁ, (ἀκρος, λόφος) a mountain-lander.

ἀκρό-λοφος, ὁ, (ἀκρος, λόφος) a mountain-ridge.

ἀκρο-λύτέω, (ἀκρος, λύω) to untie only at the end.

ἀκρο-μάνης, ἐς, (ἀκρος, μάνη) at the height of madness, raving mad.

ἀκρο-μόλιβδος, on, (ἀκρος, μόλιβδος) leaded at the edge, epith. of a net.

ἀκρον, ου, τό, neut. of ἀκρος, the highest or topmost point : I. a mountain-top, peak. II. metaph.

the highest pitch, the height of a thing. III. pl.

ἀκρα, of persons, the chiefs.

ἀκρο-ονυχί, Adv. (ἀκρος, ὄνυξ) with the edge of the nail.

ἀκρο-ὄνυχος, on, (ἀκρος, ὄνυξ) = ἀκρόνυχος.

ἀκρο-ὄνυχος, on, (ἀκρος, νύξ) at nightfall, at even.

ἀκρο-πενθής, ἐς, (ἀκρος, πένθος) exceeding sad.

ἀκρο-ποδῆτι, Adv. (ἀκρος, πούς) on tip-toes, stealthily.

ἀκρό-πολις, εως, ἡ, (ἀκρος, πόλις) the upper or higher city, hence the citadel, castle : in Att. esp. the Acropolis of Athens, which served as the treasury.

II. metaph. a tower of defence. 2. the highest point.

ἀκρο-πόλος, on, (ἀκρος, πολλέω) high-ranging : generally high.

ἀκρο-πόρος, on, (ἀκρος, πείρω) boring through, piercing with the point.

ἀκρό-πτερον, τό, (ἀκρος, πτερόν) the tip of the wing.

ἀκρό-πτολις, ἡ, poet. for ἀκρόπολις.

ἀκρος, α, on, (ἀκῆ) at the end, i.e. either outermost, Lat. extremus, or at the top, Lat. summus : ἀκρα χεῖρ, ἀκροί πόδες, etc., the end of the hand or feet, etc. ; πόλις ἀκρῆ = ἀκρόπολις, the citadel ; ὕδωρ ἀκρον the surface of the water ; so also, ἐπ' ἀκροῖς (sc. δακτύλοις) on tip-toes ; οὐκ ἀπ' ἀκρας φρενός not from the surface of the heart, i.e. from the inmost heart ; ἀκροῖσι λαίφους κρασπέδοις with the outermost edges of the sail, with a close-reefed sail. II. of Time,

ἀκρα ὁσπέρα the end of evening, night-fall. III. of Degree, the highest in its kind, first, exceeding,

good, excellent ; ἀκροὶ Δαναῶν, ποιητῶν the first among the Greeks, the poets ; ψυχὴν οὐκ ἀκρος not strong of mind. IV. neut. ἀκρον and ἀκρα, as Adv. very, exceedingly, highly : v. ἀκρως.

ἀκρο-σίδηρος, on, (ἀκρος, σίδηρος) pointed or shod with iron.

ἀκρό-σοφος, on, (ἀκρος, σοφός) high in wisdom.

ἀκρο-στόλιον, τό, (ἀκρος, στολή) the gunwale of a ship.

ἀκρο-σφάλλης, ἐς, (ἀκρος, σφάλλαι) apt to stumble.

ἀκροτάτης, fem. Sup. of ἀκρος.

ἀκρο-τελευτίον, τό, (ἀκρος, τελευτή) the fag-end of anything, esp. of a verse.

ἀκρότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἀκρος) a summit, height.

ἀκροτομέω, to lop off or shave the surface. From ἀκρό-τομος, on, (ἀκρος, τεμείν) cut off at the edge.

ἀκρο-ουχέω, (ἀκρος, ἔχω) to inhabit the heights.

ἀκρο-φύσιον, τό, (ἀκρος, φύσα) the snout or pipe of a pair of bellows.

ἀκρο-χώνης, ἐς, (ἀκρος, χώνειν) wide-yawning.

ἀκρο-χειρίζομαι, Dep. (ἀκρος, χεῖρ) to struggle at arm's length, of a kind of wrestling, in which they grasped one another's hands, without clasping the body.

ἀ-κρυπτος, on, (a privat., κρύπτω) unhidden.

ἀ-κρύσταλλος, on, without ice, unfrozen.

ἀκρο-ωλένιον, τό, (ἀκρος, ὠλένη) the point of the elbow.

ἀκρο-ωνυχία, ἡ, (ἀκρος, ὄνυξ) the tip of the nail : hence any extremity, the ridge of a mountain.

ἀκρο-ὄνυχος, on, (ἀκρος, ὄνυξ) with nails, claws, hoofs.

ἀκρο-ὤρεα, ἡ, (ἀκρος, ὄρος) a mountain-ridge.

ἀκρως, regul. Adv. of ἀκρος, very, exceedingly.

ἀκρωτηρίζω, f. σσι : aor. I ἡκρωτηρίασα : pf. pass. ἡκρωτηριάσμαι :—to cut off the extremities, esp. the hands and feet, to mutilate. From

ἀκρωτήριον, τό, (ἀκρος) any topmost or prominent part ; ἀκρ. οὐρεος a mountain-peak ; ἀκρ. νηός a ship's beak, Lat. rostra. I. in plus, the extremities of the body, hands and feet. 2. in sing. a promontory.

ἀκταινός, = ἀκταίνω.

ἀκταίνω, seems to be a strengthd. form of ἄγω, to put in motion, or, if intr., to move rapidly.

ἀκταῖος, α, on, (ἀκτῆ) on the shore or coast. II. Ἀκταία (sc. γῆ) ἡ, Coast-land, an old name of Attica, also Ἀκτῆ.

ἈΚΤΕ'Α, ἡ, the elder-tree, Lat. sambucus.

ἀ-κτέυος, on, (a privat., κτέανον) without property.

ἀ-κτένιστος, on, (a privat., κτενίζω) uncombed, unkempt.

ἀκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἄγω, one must lead : ἐλρήνη ἀκτέον ones must keep peace. II. intr. one must go or march.

ἀ-κτερίστος or ἀ-κτέριστος, on, (a privat., κτερεῖω or κτερίζω) without funeral-rites.

ἀκτῆ, ἡ, (ἀγνυμή) the place where the waves break, i.e. the beach, sea-shore, strand ; in plur., ἀκταὶ προβλήτες jutting cliffs. 2. a tract by the sea. II.

generally, *any raised place or edge*, like the sea-coast, *Lat. ora*.

ἀκτῆ, ἡ, (ἀγνυμ) properly fem. of ἀκτῆς (*broken, bruised*), bruised corn, *Lat. mola*: *groats, meal, bread made of it*.

ἀκτῆμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., κτῆμα) *without property*, c. gen., ἀκτῆμων χρυσοῦ poor in gold.

ἀκτῆτος, ον, (a privat., κτάομαι) *not worth getting*.

ἀκτίνεσσιν, Ep. for ἀκτίσιν, dat. pl. of ἀκτῆς.

ἀκτίνῃδεν, (ἀκτῆς) Adv. *like a ray*.

ἀκτιος, ον, (ἀκτῆ) *of or inhabiting the sea-shore*.

ἀκτῆς, ἵος, ἡ, a ray, beam, esp. of the sun; μέσσα ἡμέτης midday: also *the flash of fire and lightning*: metaph. *brightness, splendour*. II, like *Lat. radius, the spoke of a wheel*.

ἀκτῆτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀκτῆ) a dweller on the coast. [ἔ]

ἀκτῆτος, ον, (a privat., κτίζω) *uncultivated*.

ἀκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ἀγω) a leader, chief.

ἀκτιβήρυτος, ον, (a privat., κυβερνάω) *without pilot, not steered*.

ἌΚΥΤΛΟΣ, ἡ, an esculent acorn, fruit of the ilex.

ἀκύμαντος, ον, (a privat., κύμαιναι) *not washed by the waves, waveless, calm*.

ἀκύμιος, ον, = ἀκύμαντος: metaph. *calm, serene*.

ἀκύμιον, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., κύμα) = ἀκύμαντος. [ῥ]

ἀκύνων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., κνέω) *without fruit or offspring, barren*. [ῥ]

ἀκῦρος, ον, (a privat., κύρος) *without authority*.

I. of laws, sentences, etc., *no longer in force, cancelled, annulled, set aside*: ἀκῦρος γίνεσθαι, εἶναι to have no force, be set aside. II. of persons, *having no right or power*, c. gen. Hence

ἀκῦρώ, f. ὤσω, to cancel, set aside.

ἀκῦρωτος, ον, verb. Adj. *unratified*.

ἀκωδώντος, ον, (a privat., κωδονίζω) *untried, unexamined*.

ἀκωκή, ἡ, (ἀκῆ) a point, edge, *Lat. acies*.

ἀκώλῃτος, ον, (a privat., κωλύω) *unbinderd*. Adv. *τως*, *without hindrance*.

ἀκωμωδῆτος, ον, (a privat., κωμωδέω) *not made the subject of comedy*: generally, *not ridiculed*.

ἄκων, οντος, ὁ, (ἀκῆ) a javelin, dart, smaller and lighter than ἔγχος.

ἄκων, ἄκουσα, ἄκων, gen. -οντος, Att. contr. for ἀέκων, *against one's will, perforce*. II. = ἀκούσιος, involuntary. [ἀ]

ἀκωπος, ον, (a privat., κῶπη) *without oars*.

ἀλαβαστο-θήκη, ἡ, (ἀλάβαστος, θήκη) a case for alabaster ornaments.

ἀλάβαστος, ὁ, ἀλαβαστίτης, ὁ, ἀλαβάστιον, τό, Att. for ἀλάβαστρος.

ἀλάβαστρον, τό, and ἀλάβαστρος, ὁ, also ἡ, a calcareous spar, *alabaster*. II. *that which is wrought or made of it, a casket or case of alabaster*.

ἄλαβε, Adv. (ἄλε) *to or into the sea*: in Homer also εἰς ἄλαβε.

ἀλά-δρομος, ον, ὁ, by some derived from ἄλλομαι,

δρομος, *the bounding race*; by others from ἄλε, δρόμος, *a race over the sea*.

ἄλαξονεα, ἡ, (ἀλαξάν) *the character of a braggart, vain-boasting, imposture*.

ἄλαξονεσθαι, τό, an imposture. From ἀλαξονεσμαι, f. εἴσομαι, Dep. *to swagger with false pretensions*. From

ἄλαξάν, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἄλη) a wanderer about the country, vagabond:—hence, a false pretender, an impostor.

II. as Adj. *making false pretences, swaggering, braggart*, *Lat. gloriosus*:—Sup. ἀλαξονέστατος or -ίστατος.

ἄλαθεια, ἀλαθῆς, Dor. for ἀλήθεια, ἀληθῆς.

ἀλαθεῖς, Dor. aor. I pass. part. of ἀλάομαι.

ἀλαῖνω, = ἀλάομαι, *to wander about*.

ἀλακάτα, ἡ, Dor. for ἡλακάτη.

ἀλαλέ, Dor. for ἀλαλή.

ἀλαλάγῃ, ἡ, (ἀλαλάω) a shouting.

ἀλαλαγμός, ὁ, = ἀλαλαγή.

ἀλαλάξω: f. ἄξομαι: aor. I ἡλάλαξα, poet. ἀλάλαξα: (ἀλαλή):—to raise the war-cry: generally, *to shout aloud in sign of joy*; νίκην ἀλαλάζειν *to shout the shout of victory*.

ἀλαλή, Dor. ἀλαλέ, ἡ, αἰα! a loud cry: the battle-shout, war-cry.

ἀλάλημα, a pf. form of ἀλάομαι, but only used in pres. sense, *to wander or roam about*, like a beggar,

ἀλάλητος, ον, (a privat., λαλέω) *unspeakable*.

ἀλάλητος, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀλαλή) the war-cry, shout of victory: also a cry of woe, wailing.

ἀλαλεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλέξω.

ἀλαλέμεναι, -έμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἀλέξω.

Ἄλακο-μενήτις, ἱδω, ἡ, (ἀλαλεῖν, μένος) the guardian goddess, name of Minerva.

ἄλαλος, ον, (a privat., λόλος) *speechless, dumb*.

ἀλάλυκτα, a pf. form as if from ἀλυκτέω (ἀλύω), but like ἀάλημαι only used in pres. sense, *to wander about in anguish*: *to wander in mind from grief*.

ἀλάμπετος, ον, (a privat., λάμπω) *without light*; *darksome*.

ἀλαμπῆς, ἐς, = ἀλάμπετος; ἀλαμπῆς ἡλίου *without the light of the sun*.

ἀλάομαι, impf. ἡλώμην: aor. I ἡλήθην, Ep. ἀλήθην: pf. ἀάλημαι: Dep.: (ἀλη):—to wander, stray, or roam about: sometimes c. acc., ἀλάσθαι γῆν *to wander through or over the land*: also *to wander from home, be banished*. II. metaph. *to wander in mind, be distraught*.

ἀλάος, ὅν, *not seeing, blind*; ἀλαοί, as opp. τῷ δεδοκότες, *the dead*; ἀλαὸν ἔλκος ὀμμάτων a wound that brings blindness. II. *dark, obscure*.

ἀλάο-σκοπέη, ἡ, (ἀλαός, σκοπέω) a blind, i. e. useless, careless watch.

ἀλάδω, f. ὤσω: aor. I inf. ἀλαῶσαι: (ἀλαός):—to make blind.

ἀλάπαδνός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀπαπάζω) easily mastered, weakened: *powerless, feeble*.

ἀλάπάζω, Ep. impf. ἀπάπαζον: f. ἀπαπάζω: Ep.

ἄσρ. ἀλάπαφα: (α euphon., λαπά(ω):—to empty, drain, make poor: esp. to drain of power and strength, overcome, slay.

ἄλας, ἄτος, τό, = ἄλς, salt.

ἀλαστέω, (ἀλαστος) to be wrathful, bear hate.

ἀλάστορος, ον, (ἀλάστωρ) under the influence of an avenger.

ἀλαστος, ον, (α privat., λαυθάνομαι) not to be forgotten, insufferable, unceasing: abominable, accursed. Hence

ἀλάστωρ, ορος, ὁ, (α privat., λαυθάνομαι) he who forgets not, the Avenging Deity, Lat. Deus Vindex, with or without δαίμων: then, generally, an avenger, persecutor, tormentor; βουκόλων ἀλάστωρ the herds-men's plague. II. pass. one who suffers from divine vengeance: a sinner, evil-doer, accursed and polluted man.

ἀλάτας, ὁ, Dor. for ἀλήτης.

ἀλᾶτεία, ἡ, Dor. for ἀλητεία.

ἀλᾶτο, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of ἀλάομαι.

ἀλαωτός, ύος, ἡ, (ἀλαῶν) a making blind, blinding.

ἀλγεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀλγος) giving pain, painful, grievous:—Adv. -νῶς. II. act. feeling pain, suffering. For Comp. and Sup., v. ἀλγίων.

ἀλγεσί-δωρος, ον, (ἀλγῶς, δῶρον) bringing pain.

ἀλγέω, f. ἦω: aor. 1 ἤλγησα: (ἀλγος):—to feel bodily pain, suffer pain: to be sick. II. metaph.

to feel pain of mind, to grieve, be troubled or distressed: to suffer pain at or about a thing.

ἀλγηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, (ἀλγέω) a sense of pain, pain, grief, of body or mind.

ἀλγημα, ατος, τό, (ἀλγέω) pain felt or caused.

ἀλγησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀλγέω) sense of pain.

ἀλγινός, εσσα, εν, (ἀλγος) painful, grievous.

ἀλγίων, ον, gen. ονος, and ἀλγιστος, η, ον, iteg. Comp. and Sup. of ἀλγεινός, formed from Subst. ἀλγος (as καλλίων, κάλλιστος from κάλλος). [χ Ep., but 1 Att.]

ἄλγος, τό, pain, Lat. dolor, whether of body or mind; pain, sorrow, grief, distress. II. later, anything that causes pain. Hence

ἀλγύνω, f. ὦνῶ: aor. 1 ἤλγυνα. —Pass. with f. med. ἀλγυνούμαι: aor. 1 ἤλγυνόην:—to pain, grieve, distress:—Pass. to feel pain, be grieved or distressed at a thing.

ἀλδαίνω: aor. 2 ἤλδανον:—to make to grow, nourish, strengthen; ἤλδανε μέλα she filled out his limbs: to increase, multiply. Only poet. (From *ἄλω, Lat. alo.)

ἀλδήσσω, to grow, wax, thrive. II. trans. = ἀλδαίνει. (From Root ἄλ-, as in Lat. alere.)

ἀλέα, Ion. ἀλέη, ἡ, (ἀλη, ἀλείω) an avoiding, escaping: c. gen. flight from a thing, shelter from it.

ἄλλε'Α, Ion. ἀλέη, ἡ, = εἰλη, beat or warmth, of the sun, or of fire. Hence

ἀλεαίνω, to warm, make warm, sun: intr. to grow warm, be warm.

ἀλεασθαί, ἀλέασθε, Ep. aor. 1 inf. and imper. pl. of ἀλεάμαι.

ἀλγεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀλέγω) cf. ἀλγεινός painful, grievous, troublesome: c. inf., ἵπποι ἀλγεινῶι δαμῆ-μεναι horses hard to break.

ἀλεγίζω, only used in pres. and Ep. impf. ἀλέγισον: (ἀλέγω):—to trouble oneself about a thing, to care for, mind, heed, c. gen. rei.

ἀλεγύνω, chiefly used in pres. and impf.: (ἀλέγω):—in Odyssey with δαῖτα and δαῖτας, to care for a meal: generally afterwards to prepare a meal for guests.

ἄλέγω, (α copul., λέγω) only used in pres. to trouble oneself, have a care, mind, heed; mostly with the negat., οὐκ ἀλέγειν to have no care, heed not; rarely without negat., Λιταὶ ἀλέγονται κιοῦσαι they are heedful in their course; also c. acc. vel gen. to care for a person or thing.—Pass., ἀλέγεσθαι ἐν τισι, to be regarded or counted among.

ἀλεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀλέα, ἄλω) hot, warm.

ἀλεινός, only used in pres. and impf. = ἀλέομαι, ἀλεύομαι, (ἀλέα, ἄλη) to anoint, anoid.

ἀλή, ἡ, Ion. for ἀλέα.

ἄλειψ, ἄτος, τό, (ἀλέω) unbeaten flour.

ἄλειμμα, ατος, τό, (ἀλείφω) anything used to anoint with, an unguent, fat, oil.

ἀλείπτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀλείφω) an anointer: a trainer, master, properly in the wrestling-school.

ἀλείς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of εἶλω.

ἄλεισον, τό, (α privat., λείος) an unboasted cup, generally = δέπας.

ἀλείτης, ον, ὁ, (ἄλη) one who leads or goes astray, a sinner.

ἄλειφα, τό, = ἄλειφαρ.

ἄλειφαρ, ἄτος, τό, (ἀλείφω) unguent, oil, used in funeral sacrifices.

II. generally, anything for smearing with, pitch, resin.

ἄλειψ, f. ψι: aor. 1 ἤλειψα, Ep. ἄλ-: pf. ἀλήψα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἤλειψόν, also aor. 2 ἤλειψν [χ]: pf. ἀλήλεμαι:—to anoint with oil, oil the skin: Homer joins ἀλείψα or ἀλείψασθαι λιπ' ἐλαίῳ to anoint with oil (see λίπα); esp. of anointing for gymnastic exercises; οἱ ἀλειφόμενοι the athletes. II. like ἐπ-αλείφω, to anoint, besmear; οὐατα ἀλείψαι to smear the ears. Hence

ἄλειψς, εως, ἡ, an anointing, dyeing.

ἀλεκτορίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of ἀλέκτωρ, a cockerel.

ἀλεκτορίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀλέκτωρ) a hen.

ἀλεκτορίδης, εἶς, ὁ, (ἀλέκτωρ) a chicken.

ἀλεκτορο-φώνια, ἡ, (ἀλέκτωρ, φωνή) the crowing of a cock: cock-crow.

ἄλεκτρον, ον, (α privat., λέκτρον) unwedded; ἀ-λεκτρα γάμων ἀμιλλήματα an unlawful contest of marriage: ἀλεκτρα is also used Adv. without marriage.

ἄλεκτρανα, ἡ, a hen, comic fem. of ἀλεκτρίων, by analogy of λέαινα to λέων.

ἀλεκτρίων, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀλέκτωρ) a cock or hen.

ἄλλε'κτορ, ορος, ὁ, α cock, Lat. gallus.

ἄλλε'κτο, less common form for ἀλέξω, to ward off, avert, τινί τι.

ἀλέματος, Dor. for ἡλέματος.

ἄλεν, Dor. and Ep. for ἔαλσαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. αἶ εἰλον.—but ἄλέν, aor. 2 part. neut., v. ἄλέω.

ἄλέξ-ανδρος, ον, (ἄλέξω, ἀνήρ) *defending men*. II. the usual name of Paris in the Iliad.

ἄλέξ-άνεμος, ον, (ἄλέξω, άνεμος) *keeping off the wind*. ἄλέξασθαι, aor. 1 med. inf. of ἄλέξω.

ἄλέξ-έμεναι, -έμεν, Ep. inf. of ἄλέξω.

ἄλέξ-ήσας, 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of ἄλέξω.

ἄλέξ-ημα, τό, (ἄλέξω) *a defence, guard, help*.

ἄλέξ-ησις, εως, ἡ, (ἄλέξω) *a keeping off, resistance*.

ἄλέξ-ησω, fut. of ἄλέξω.

ἄλεξ-ήταρα, ἡ, fem. of ἄλεξ-ήτηρ.

ἄλεξ-ήτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἄλέξω) *one who keeps off, a helper, guardian*; ἄλεξ-ήτηρ μάχης *one who keeps the fight off the rest, a champion*. Hence

ἄλεξ-ήτιρος, α, ον, *able to keep off, defend or help*, esp. as epith. of the gods, like Lat. *Averrunci*. II.

ἄλεξ-ήτριον (sub. φάρμακον), τό, *a remedy, protection*.

ἄλεξ-ήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = ἄλεξ-ήτηρ.

ἄλεξ-ήρη, ἡ, (ἄλέξω, ἀρά) *sbs that keeps off a curse*; or (from ἄλέξω, ἄρῃς) *sbs that guards from death and ruin*. [ἄρ]

ἄλεξ-βλεμνος, ον, (ἄλέξω, βλέμνον) *keeping off attacks or darts*.

ἄλεξ-κάκος, ον, (ἄλέξω, κακόν) *keeping off evil*.

ἄλεξ-ιμ-βροτος, ον, (ἄλέξω, βροτός) *protecting mortals*.

ἄλεξ-ιμορος, ον, (ἄλέξω, μόρος) *warding off death*.

ἄλεξ-ιφάρμακον, τό, *a means of keeping off poison, an antidote*.

ἌΛΕΞΩ:—the tenses are formed partly from ἄλέξω, partly from ἄλέκω:—fut. ἄλεξήσω; 3 sing. aor. 1 act. opt. ἄλεξήσας; fut. med. ἄλεξήσομαι:—but also fut. ἄλέξω; aor. 1 ἤλεξα; fut. med. ἄλέξομαι; aor. 1 ἤλεξάμην:—also an Ep. aor. 2 without augm. (as if from *ἄλεκω) ἄλαλκον, inf. ἄλαλεῖν, -έμεναι, -έμεν, part. ἄλαλκόν; whence again is formed a fut. ἄλαλκήσω:—to ward or keep off, turn away or aside, hence to defend, assist, aid:—Construct, c. dat. pers. et acc. rei separately, as, ἄλεξιν πονί to help one; Ζεὺς τόγ' ἄλεξήσας may Jove avert this; but most freq. together, as, ἄλεξιν Δαναοὺς κακόν ἡμῶν to avert the day of evil from the Danaï; cf. ἄλαλε:—Med., ἄλεξασθαι τινα to keep another off from oneself, defend oneself against him, Lat. *defendere*: also absol. to defend oneself. II. in Med. also, to requite, repay, recompense.

ἄλέομαι, contr. ἄλεθμαι, also ἄλεύομαι: 3 sing. opt. ἄλείτο; part. ἄλέμενος; but chiefly used by Homer in 3 sing. aor. 1 ἤλειτο or ἄλεύατο; imper. ἄλειτο ἄλεσθε; subj. ἄλήτῃται or ἄλεύεσθαι; opt. ἄλείτου; inf. ἄλεσθαι, ἄλεύασθαι; part. ἄλευόμενος: Dep.: (ἄλεύω):—to avoid, shun, usu. c. acc. rei, ἄλ. βέλος, θάνατον, rarely c. acc. pers.: also c. inf. to avoid doing, omit to do: absol. to escape, flee, avoid: to neglect: cf. ἄλεύ.

ἄλεσσαν, Ep. for ἤλεσσαν, 3 plur. aor. 1 of ἄλέω.

ἄλεται, Ep. for ἄληται, 3 sing. aor 2 subj. of ἄλλομαι, to leap.

ἄλέτης, ον, ὁ, (ἄλέω) *a grinder*; ἄλέτης ὄου ο mill-stone.

ἄλέτος, ὁ, (ἄλέω) *a grinding*.

ἄλετρεύω, f. εὔσω, longer form of ἄλέω, to grind. [ᾱ]

ἄλε-τριβάνος, ὁ, (ἄλέω, τρίβω) *that which grinds or pounds, a pestle*.

ἄλετρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἄλέω) *a female slave who grinds corn*, Lat. *molitrix*. [ᾱ]

ἄλεύ or ἄλεν, prob. shortened for ἄλέου, imper. of ἄλέομαι, avoid! cease!

ἄλευάμην, aor. 1 of ἄλέομαι.

ἄλευρον, τό, (ἄλέω) *unbeaten flour, fine meal*, mostly in plur. ἄλευρα, distinguished from ἄλφιτα (barley meal).

ἄλεύω, f. ἄλεύσω, aor. 1 ἤλεуса, used as Act. to ἄλέομαι or ἄλεύομαι (v. ἄλέομαι):—to remove, keep far away.

ἌΛΕΩ: impf. ἤλουν; fut. ἄλέω; aor. 1 ἤλεσα, Ep. ἄλεσσα; pres. ἄλῃλεκα, pass. ἄλῃλεσμαι or ἄλῃλεμαι:—to grind, bruise, pound, Lat. *molere*.

ἄλεωρῆ, Ἀττ. ἄλεωρά, ἡ, (ἄλέομαι) *an avoiding, shunning, escaping*. 2. *a means of escape from, a defence against* a person or thing, δηλῶν ἀνδρῶν ἄλεωρη:—absol. help, succour.

ἌΛΗ, ἡ, (ἀλίσσομαι) *ceaseless wandering or roaming*. 2. metaph. *a wandering of mind, distraction, madness*, Lat. *error mentis*.

ἄληθεα, ποστ. ἀληθεία, ἡ, (ἀληθής) *truth*. II. the character of one who speaks truth, frankness, sincerity.

ἄληθεστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of ἀληθής.

ἄληθεύω, f. εὔσω, (ἀληθής) of persons, to speak truth, to be truthful: of things, to be true: of divinations, in Pass. to come true, be fulfilled:—ἀλήθενσον πάντα *speak truth in all things*.

ἄληθής, ἐς, (α privat., λήθω) *without reserves*:—of persons, true, sincere; truthful, frank, honest: of things, real, actual. 2. neut. as Adv. with ironical signif.; προπαρῶ ἀληθες; *isn't it indeed?* in sooth? but τὸ ἀληθές, in very truth, really and truly, Lat. *revera*.

ἀληθίζομαι, Dep. = ἀληθεύω.

ἀληθινός, ἡ, ὢν, (ἀληθής) *agreeable to truth*:—of persons, truthful, honest: of things, real, actual, genuine. Adv. -ῶς.

ἀληθό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀληθής, μάντις) *prophets of truth*.

ἀληθοσύνη, ἡ, ποστ. for ἀλήθεια.

ἀλήθω, fut. ἤσω, = ἄλέω, to grind.

ἄληθως, Ion. -έως, Adv. of ἀληθής, really, truly; also ὡς ἀληθῶς:—Comp. ἀληθεστερον, more truly; Sup. ἀληθέστατα, most truly.

Ἄληϊον πεδῖον, τό, (ἀλη) *land of wandering*, in Lycia or Cilicia.

ἄ-λήϊος, ον, (α privat., λήϊον) *without corn-land, poor*.

ἄ-ληκτος, Ep. ἄληκτος, ον, (α privat., λήγω) *un-ceasing, incessant*; ἀληκτος θυμῷ *implacable anger*; ἀληκτος χόλος *abating not from wrath*.

ἀλήλεκα, ἀλήλεσαι or -μαι, Att. pf. act. and pass. of ἀλέω, *to grind*.
 ἀλήλιφα, ἀλήλιμμαι, Att. pf. act. and pass. of ἀλέω.
 ἀλημα, τό, (ἀλέω) properly *that which is ground, fine flour*: metaph. *a wily knave*.
 ἀλήμεναι, Ep. for ἀλῆμαι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of εἰλω.
 ἀλῆμων, ονος, δ, ῆ, (ἀλάσμαι) *a wanderer, rover*.
 ἀλῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of εἰλω.
 ἀ-ληπτος, ον, (a privat., λαμβάνω) *not to be laid hold of, hard to catch*: Comp. ἀληπτότερος, *less imenable*. 2. *incomprehensible*.
 ἸΑΛΗΞ or ἄληξ, ἐς, Ep. and Ion. Adj. = Att. ἀβρός, *straggled, in a mass, Lat. confertus*. [α]
 ἀληται, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of ἀλλομαι.
 ἀλητεία, Dor. ἀλάτεια, ῆ, *a wandering, roaming*.
 From
 ἀλητεύω, f. εὔσω, (ἀλήτης) *to be a wanderer, live a vagrant life*.
 ἀλητός, δ, (ἀλέω) *a grinding in the mill*.
 ἀλήτης, ον, δ, (ἀλάσμαι) *a wanderer, stroller, rover, vagabond*. 2. as Adj. *vagrant, roving*.
 ἈΛΘΟΜΑΙ, Ep. impf. ἀλόμην: fut. ἀλθήσομαι: *to become whole or sound*: ἀλθετο χεῖρ.
 ἄλῖα, Ion. ἄλῖη, ῆ, (ἀλῆς) *an assembly, gathering of the people*, Dor. and Ion. word for the Attic ἐκκλησία.
 ἀλιά, ῆ, (ἄλε) *a salt-cellar*.
 ἀλιάδαι, ὧν, οἱ, (ἄλε) *seamen*.
 ἀλι-άετος, ποῖτ. ἀλιαίετος, δ, (ἄλε, ἀετός) *the sea-eagle, osprey*.
 ἀλι-ἄης, ἐς, (ἄλε, ἀημι) *blowing on the sea, blowing sea-ward*.
 ἀλι-ανθής, ἐς, (ἄλε, ἀνθός) *sea-blooming, i.e. purple*.
 ἀ-λίσστος, ον, (a privat., λιάσμαι) *unyielding, unobating*: neut. ἀλίσστος as Adv., *incessantly*.
 ἀλι-βάτος, ον, Dor. for ἡλίβατος.
 ἀλι-βρεκτος, ον, (ἄλε, βρέχω) *washed by the sea*.
 ἀλῖγκιος, α, ον, *resembling, like*. (Deriv. uncertain.) [α]
 ἀλι-δονος, ον, (ἄλε, δονέω) *sea-tossed*.
 ἀλι-ερκής, ἐς, (ἄλε, ἔρκος) *sea-girt, surrounded by the sea*.
 ἀλιεύω, gen. ἑω, Ion. ἥος, δ, (ἄλε, ἄλιος) *one who has to do with the sea, and so* I. *a fisher*. II. *a seaman, sailor*: with another Subst. ἐρέτας ἀλιέτας *towers on the sea*.
 ἀλιευτικός, ῆ, ὄν, (ἀλιεύω) *of or for fishing*.
 ἀλιεύω, f. σω, (ἀλιεύς) *to be a fisher, to fish*.
 ἀλλῶω, f. ἴσω: aor. ἥλισα:—Pass., aor. I ἥλισθην: pf. ἥλισμαι, Ion. ἄλισμαι: (ἀλῆς) *to gather together, assemble*:—Pass. *to assemble, meet together*. [α]
 ἀλλῶω, f. ἴσω, (ἄλε) *to salt*. [α]
 ἀλι-ζωνος, ον, (ἄλε, ζώνη) *sea-girt*.
 ἀλῖη, ῆ, Ion. for ἄλῖα.
 ἀλι-ῖρης, ἐς, (ἄλε, ἐρέσσω) *sweeping the sea*.
 ἀλῖντωρ, ορος, δ, ποῖτ. for ἀλιεύω.
 ἀλῖησι, Ep. dat. plur. of ἀλῖη.

ἀλλίσιος, Dor. for ἡλίσσιος.
 ἀ-λίθος, ον, *without stones, not stony*.
 ἀλικία, ῆ, Dor. for ἡλικία.
 ἀλι-κλυστος, ον, (ἄλε, κλύω) *sea-beaten*.
 ἀλι-κμητος, ον, (ἄλε, κάμνω) *wearied by the sea*.
 ἀλίκος, α, ον, Dor. for ἡλίκος.
 ἀλι-κτύπος, ον, (ἄλε, κτυπέω) *sounding in the sea, sea-beaten, of ships*. II. act. *roaring over the sea, of waves*.
 ἀλι-κύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἄλε, κύμα) *surrounded by waves*. [υ]
 ἀλι-μέδων, οντος, ὁ, (ἄλε, μέδω) *lord of the sea*.
 ἀ-λίμενος, ον, (a privat., λιμήν) *without harbour*. Lat. *impertuosus*: generally, *giving no shelter, inhospitable*. Hence
 ἀ-λίμενότης, ῆ, *the being without harbours*.
 ἀλι-μῦρῃται, ἐσσα, εν, (ἄλε, μύρω) *flowing into the sea, of rivers*.
 ἀλίνωω, aor. I ἥλισα, inf. ἀλίσαι: pf. ἥλικα:—*to make a horse roll*:—Pass. ἀλινδέομαι or ἀλινδομαι, *to roll like a horse*; also *to wander up and down, roam about*. Hence
 ἀλινδήθρα, ῆ, *a place for horses to roll in*, Lat. *volutabrum*.
 ἀλι-νήκτερα, ῆ, fem. noun, as if from ἀλι-νηκτῆρ (ἄλε, νήχω) *swimming in the sea*.
 ἀλι-νηχτής, ἐς, (ἄλε, νήχομαι) *swimming in the sea*.
 ἄλινος, η, ον, (ἄλε) *made of or from salt*.
 ἀ-λίνος, ον, (a privat., λινον) *without a net, without hunting toils*.
 ἄλιξ, Dor. for ἡλιξ.
 ἀλι-ξαντος, ον, (ἄλε, ξανώ) *worn by the sea*.
 ἔλιος, δ, Dor. for ἡλιος, *the sun*. [α]
 ἔλιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἄλε) *of, from, or belonging to the sea, Lat. marinus*. [α]
 ἔλιος, α, ον, = μάταιος, *fruitless, unprofitable, idle, erring*: also in neut. as Adv. *in vain*. [α] (Deriv. uncertain.)
 ἔλιο-τροφής, ἐς, (ἄλιος, τρέφω) *sea-nurtured*.
 ἔλιω, f. ὦσω: aor. I ἥλιωσα, Ep. ἄλιωσα: (ἄλιος II):—*to make fruitless, disappoint*.
 ἀ-λιπάρης, ἐς, *not fit for a suppliant*.
 ἀλιπεδον, τό, (ἄλε, πεδίον) *a plain by the sea, a] sand tract, esp. one near the Piræus*.
 ἀλι-πλαγκτος, ον, (ἄλε, πλάζω) *roaming in or by the sea*.
 ἀλι-πληκτος, Dor. for ἀλίπληκτος.
 ἀλι-πλάνης, ἐς, (ἄλε, πλάνη) *sea-wandering, wandering over the sea*. Hence
 ἀλιπλάνια, ῆ, *a wandering over the sea, wandering voyage*.
 ἀλι-πληκτος, Dor. πληκτος, ον, (ἄλε, πλήσσω) *sea-beaten, lashed by the sea*.
 ἀλι-πλους, ον, contr. ἀλί-πλους, ουν, (ἄλε, πλέω) *merged in the sea, covered with water*.
 ἀλι-πόρος, ον, (ἄλε, πείρω) *ploughing the sea*.
 ἀλι-πόρφυρος, ον, (ἄλε, πορφύρα) *of sea-purple, of deep purple dye*.

ἀλιρ-ράγῃς, ἐς, (ἄλς, ῥάγῃναι) *breaking the waves, against which the tide breaks.*

ἀλίρ-ραντος, ον, (ἄλς, ράινω) *sea-surg-ing.*

ἀλίρ-ρηκτος, ον, = ἀλιπραγής.

ἀλίρ-ρόθιος, ον, also η, ον, (ἄλς, ῥόθος) *roaring with waves, sea-beaten.*

ἀλίρ-ροθος, ον, = ἀλιρρόθιος.

ἀλίρ-ρύτος, ον, (ἄλς, ῥέω) *washed by the sea.*

ἰ' ἌΛΙΣ, Adv. (ἀλής) *in heaps, crowds, swarms, in abundance, enough*, Lat. *satis*: also c. gen., ἄλις ἀργύρου *silver enough*, Lat. *sat argenti*; ἄλις ἔχω τινός I *have enough of a thing: rarely just enough*, = μετρίως.

ἄλισαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἀλίνδαι.

ἌΛΙΣΓΕ'Ω, f. ἡσώ, *to pollute.* Hence

ἀλίσγημα, ατος, τό, *a pollution.*

ἀλίσκομαι, a defect. Pass., the Act. of which is supplied by αἰρέω: impf. ἡλίσκόμεν: fut. ἀλώσομαι: aor. ἔσυνcor. ἦλawn, Att. also ἐάλawn [ῥ]; subj. ἀλῶ, Ep. ἀλώω; opt. ἀλοῖην, Ep. ἀλῆν; inf. ἀλῶναι [ᾱ]; part. ἀλούς: pf. ἦλawn, Att. also ἐάλawn [ᾱ]; plqpf. ἡλῶκειν:—*to be taken, conquered, fall into the enemy's hand.*

2. *to be caught, seized.* 3. *to be taken or caught in hunting: also absol. to be overpowered.* 4. *rarely in good sense, to be won, achieved.*

II. *to be caught or detected in a thing: as Att. law-term, to be convicted, and so condemned, c. gen. criminis; ἀλῶναι κλοπῆς to be convicted of theft.*

ἀλι-στεφᾶνος, ον, = σφ.

ἀλι-στεφής, ἐς, (ἄλς, στέφω) *sea-girt.*

ἀλι-στονος, ον, (ἄλς, στέναι) *sea-resounding.*

ἀλιστός, ἡ, ὢν, (ἀλίω) *salted, pickled.*

ἀλι-στρεπτος, ον, (ἄλς, στρέφω) *whirled or rolled on and fro in the sea, sea-tossed.*

ἀλιταῖνος, f. ἀλιτήσας: aor. 2 ἤλιτον, inf. ἀλιτεῖν: later also aor. 1 ἤλιτσα.—Med., aor. 2 ἤλιτόμην, 3 pl. Ep. ἀλιτοντο, inf. ἀλιτέσθαι: see ἀλιτήμενος: (ἄλῃ) —*to sin or offend against, to transgress, err.*

ἀλιτάνευτος, ον, (α privat., λιτανεύω) *not to be moved by prayer.*

ἀλιτεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλιταίνω.

ἀλι-τενής, ἐς, (ἄλς, τείνω) *stretching along the sea, end to level, flat.*

ἀλι-τέρμιον, ον, gen. ονος, (ἄλς, τέρμα) *bounded by the sea, bordering on it.*

ἀλιτήμα, ατος, τό, (ἀλιτεῖν) *a sin, offence.*

ἀλιτήμενος, a part. med. of ἀλιταίνω, with accent and signf. of pres., sinning, as if formed from ἀλιτήμ. compare τιθέμενος, Ep. for τιθέμενος.

ἀλιτ-ήμερος, ον, (ἀλιτεῖν, ἡμέρα) *missing the right day or right time: hence untimely born.*

ἀλιτήμιον, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀλιτεῖν) *sinful, wicked.*

ἀλιτήριος, ον, (ἀλιτεῖν) *sinful, laden with guilt: ἀλιτήριος τινος sinning against him.*

ἀλιτοντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of ἀλιταίνω.

ἀλιτό-ξενος, ον, (ἀλιτεῖν, ξένος) *sinning against a guest.*

ἀλιτο-φροσύνη, ἡ, (ἀλιτεῖν, φρήν) *a wicked mind.*

ἀλιτραῖνω, = ἀλιταίνω.

ἀλιτρία, ἡ, (ἀλιτρός) *sinfulness, wickedness, mischief.*

ἀλιτρό-νοος, ον, (ἀλιτρός, νόος) *wicked-minded.*

ἀλιτρός, ὢν, syncop. for ἀλιτηρός, (ἄλιτεῖν) *sinful, sinning: as Subst., ἀλιτρός, ὁ, a sinner, a knave.*

ἀλί-τρutos, ον, also η, ον, (ἄλς, τρύνω) *sea-beaten, sea-worn.*

ἀλί-τύπος, ον, (ἄλς, τύπτω) *sea-beaten, sea-tossed* as Subst., ἀλτύπος, ὁ, *a seaman.*

ἀλί-τυρος, ὁ, (ἄλς, τυρός) *a salt cheese.*

ἄλιως, Adv. of ἄλιος, *in vain.*

ἀλιφῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of ἀλείφω.

ἀλιφθορία, ἡ, *shipwreck.* From ἀλι-φθόρος, ον, (ἄλς, φθείρω) *destroying on the sea* as Subst. ἀλιφθόρος, ὁ, *a pirate.*

ἀλκαῖος, α, ον, (ἀλκή) *strong, mighty.*

ἀλκαρ, τό, only used in nom. and acc., (ἀλκή) *a safeguard, bulwark, defence.*

ἀλκᾶς, ἄντος, ὁ, ἡ, Dor. contr. from ἀλκαῖος, = ἀλκίεις.

ἀλκή, ἡ, (ἀλακεῖν) *bodily strength, force, prowess, power, might: in plur. ἀλκαί, feats of strength.* II. *spirit, courage.* III. *a safeguard, defence; and so help, succour.* IV. *battle, fight.*

ἀλκήεις, εσσα, Dor. ἀλκαῖος contr. ἀλκᾶς, gen. ἀλκᾶντος: (ἀλκή) *valiant, mighty.*

ἀλκή, heterocl. Ep. dat. of ἀλκή, formed as if from ἄλς.

ἀλκή-μαχος, ον, (ἀλκή, μάχομαι) *bravely-fighting.*

ἀλκίμος, ον, also η, ον, (ἀλκή) *strong, stout, brave.*

ἀλκή-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀλκή, φρήν) *stout-hearted.*

ἀλκήτιρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀλακεῖν) *one who wards off, a protector.*

ἀλκύνιδες, αἱ, with or without ἡμέραι, (ἀλκύνω) *balecyon days, the 14 winter days during which the balecyon builds its nest, supposed to be quite calm.*

ἌΛΚΥ'Ω'Ν, ὄνος, ἡ, *the kingfisher, balecyon.*

ἌΛΛΑ, Conjunct., neut. pl. of ἄλλος, but with a change of accent:—*in another way, otherwise: I. to oppose single clauses, but, Lat. autem.*

II. to oppose whole sentences, *but, yet, Lat. At:—it may even be used with imperat., to encourage, persuade, etc., like Lat. tandem; ἄλλ' ἴθι, ἄλλ' ἄγε, well come, come now.*

III. joined with other Particles: I. ἄλλ' οὖν, *but then, however.* 2. ἀλλὰ γάρ, Lat. enimvero, *but really, certainly.*

ἀλλάγῃ, ἡ, (ἀλλάσσω) *a change: exchange, barter.*

ἀλλαγία, ατος, τό, *that which is given or taken in exchange, the price of a thing.*

ἀλλαντοπωλεία, *to sell sausages.* From ἀλλαντο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (ἀλλάς, πωλέω) *a sausage-seller.*

ἀλλάξει, ἀλλάξασθαι, aor. 1 act. and med. inf. οὐ ἀλλάσσω.

ἀλλάξις, εως, ἡ, (ἀλλάσσω) *a changing, interchange.*

ἌΛΛΑΞ', ἄντος, ὁ, *a sausage.*

ἀλλάσσω, Att. -τω, f. ἄξω: aor. 1 ἡλλαξα: pf. ἡλλαχα:—Pass., fut. 1 ἀλλαχθήσομαι, fut. 2 ἀλλαγή-

τομαί : aor. I ἡλλάχθην, aor. 2 ἡλλάγην : pf. ἡλλαγμαι : (ἀλλος) :—to make other than it is, to change, alter.

II. to give in exchange, to requite, repay. 2. to exchange, and so leave, quit. III. to take in exchange, exchange, τί τινος or ἀντί τινος one thing for another. 2. to go to, c. acc. loci, like Lat. *mutare*.

IV. Med. to change or alter one's own, but oftener to exchange for oneself, exchange, interchange : hence to barter, traffic :—and so, either 1. to buy, or 2. to sell.

ἀλλάχῃ, Adv. (ἀλλος) *elsewhere, in another place, Lat. alibi* : ἀλλοτε ἀλλάχῃ at one time in one place, at another in another.

ἀλλαχόθεν, Adv. (ἀλλος) *from another place : by another way*.

ἀλλαχότι, Adv. (ἀλλος) *elsewhere, somewhere else*.

ἀλλαχόσε, Adv. *elsewhither, to another place*.

ἀλλ᾽ ἑοῦ, Adv. *elsewhere, somewhere else, Lat. alibi*.

ἄλλεγον, ἀλλέει, Ep. for ἀνέλεγον, ἀναλέει, v. ἀναλέγω.

ἄλλῃ, Adv. properly dat. fem. of ἄλλος, I. Adv. of Place : 1. in another place, elsewhere, Lat. *alibi*.

2. to another place, elsewhither, Lat. *aliorum*. II. Adv. of Manner, in another way, somehow else, otherwise, Lat. *alias*.

ἀλλ' ἢ, i. e. ἄλλο ἢ, *except*.

ἀλλ-ηγορέω, (ἀλλος, ἀγορεύω) to speak so as to imply other than what is said, to express or to interpret allegorically.

ἀλληκτος, *on*, poet. for ἀ-ληκτος.

ἀλληλοφάγία, ἡ, an eating one another. From ἀλληλο-φάγος, *on*, (ἀλλήλων, φάγειν) eating one another.

ἀλληλοφθορία, ἡ, mutual destruction. From ἀλληλο-φθόρος, *on*, (ἀλλήλων, φθείρω) destroying one another.

ἀλληλοφονία, ἡ, mutual slaughter. From ἀλληλο-φόνος, *on*, (ἀλλήλων, φένω) murdering one another.

ἀλλήλων, a gen. plur. which has no nom. : dat. ἀλλήλοις, *ais*, *ois* : acc. ἀλλήλους, *as*, *a* : (ἀλλος) :—of one another, to one another, one another. Hence

ἀλλήλως, Adv. *reciprocally, mutually*.

ἀλ-ιστος, *on*, poet. for ἀ-λίστος, (α privat., λίστομαι) *inexorable*.

ἀλ-ιτάνευτος, *on*, poet. for ἀ-λιτάνευτος, (α privat., λητάνευω) *inexorable*.

ἀλλο-γενής, *es*, (ἀλλος, γένος) of another race : a foreigner.

ἀλλο-γλωσσος, *on*, (ἀλλος, γλῶσσα) of a strange tongue, foreign.

ἀλλο-γνώω, Ion. aor. I part. ἀλλογνώσας, (ἀλλος, γινώσκω) to take one person or thing for another, to mistake. ἀλλό-γνως, *on*, (ἀλλος, γινώσκω) mistaken for another person or thing, unknown.

ἀλλο-διδάσκω, ἡ, *on*, strange, foreign, belonging to another people or land : ἀλλοδαπή (sc. γῆ) in a strange land. (Deriv. of -δασος uncertain.)

ἀλλοδοξέω, *f*, ἡσω, (ἀλλόδοξος) to mistake one thing for another. Hence

ἀλλοδοξία, ἡ, a mistaking one thing for another. ἀλλό-δοξος, *on*, (ἀλλος, δόξα) holding another opinion. ἀλλο-εἰδής, *es*, (ἀλλος, εἶδος) of different form, looking differently.

ἄλλοθ', Ep. elision for ἄλλοθι.

ἄλλοθεν, Adv. (ἀλλος) *from another place, Lat. aliunde*.

ἄλλοθι, Adv. (ἀλλος) *elsewhere, in another place, Lat. alibi*.

II. in another way, in another case, otherwise, Lat. *alias*.

ἀλλό-θροος, *on*, contr. -θρους, *on*, (ἀλλος, θρόος) speaking another tongue, strange, foreign.

ἀλλοῖος, *a*, *on*, (ἀλλος) of another sort or kind, different, other :—Comp. ἀλλοιότερος, *different*.

ἀλλοιόω, *f*, ὥσω : aor. I ἡλλοίωσα :—Pass., pf. ἡλοίωμαι : (ἀλλοῖος) :—to make different, to change, alter :—Pass. to become different, be changed : esp. to be changed for the worse.

ἀλλοίως, Adv. of ἀλλοῖος, *otherwise*.

ἄλλοκα, Accl. for ἄλλοτε.

ἀλλόκοτος, *on*, (ἀλλος) of unusual kind, strange, monstrous : also utterly changed. Adv. -τως.

*ΑΛΛΟΜΑΙ, Lat. SAL-IO : fut. ἄλλομαι : aor. I ἡλάμην, inf. ἄλασθαι : aor. 2 ἡλόμην ; Ep. syncope. 2 and 3 sing. (without aspirate) ἄλσος, ἄλτο ; 3 subj. ἄληται, Ep. ἄλεται ; inf. ἄλεσθαι ; part. ἄλόμενος, Ep. ἄλμενος : Dep. :—to spring, leap, bound.

ἄλλο-πρόσ-αλλος, *o*, i. e. ἄλλοτε πρὸς ἄλλον, one who inclines first to one side then to the other, uncertain.

*ΑΛΛΟΣ, *o*, *o*, Lat. ALIUS, another, other : I.

ἄλλος τις, or τις ἄλλος, any other, some other : εἰ τις ἄλλος, Lat. *si quis alius*, whoever else.

2. ἄλλος is often joined with other of its own cases or adverbs derived from it, as ἄλλος ἄλλο λέγει one man says one thing, one another.

3. joined with the Art., ὁ ἄλλος, the other, the rest ; in plur. οἱ ἄλλοι, all the others, the rest, all besides, Lat. *ceteri* ; τὰ ἄλλα, Lat. *cetera, reliqua*, in Att. often used as Adv. for the rest, besides : οἱ τε ἄλλοι καὶ. . . all others and especially. . .

so also ἄλλως τε καί. . . both otherwise and. . . i. e. especially.

4. ἄλλος is used with numerals, when it means yet, still, further, etc. : πέμπτος ποταμὸς ἄλλος, yet a fifth river.

II. more rarely like ἀλλοῖος, of other sort, different : hence 1. other than what is common, strange, foreign.

2. other than what is, untrue, unreal.

ἄλλοσε, Adv. (ἀλλος) to another place, elsewhither, to foreign lands, Lat. *aliosum*.

ἄλλοτε, Adv. (ἀλλος, ὅτε) at another time, at other times ; ἄλλοτε. . . ἄλλοτε. . . at one time, at another.

ἄλλο τι ; Adv. (ἀλλος, τίς) anything else ? Lat. *numquid aliud* ? when followed by ἢ, the sentence is elliptic, e. g. ἄλλο τι ἢ πεινῆσονται ; i. e. ἄλλο τι πείσονται, ἢ πεινῆσονται ; will they feel aught else but hunger, i. e. how shall they escape hunger ? but ἢ is sometimes omitted.

ἄλλοτριάζω, (ἄλλοτριος) *to be estranged*.
ἄλλοτριος-ἐπισκοπος, *ov*, (ἄλλοτριος, ἐπισκοπος) *a busy-body in other men's matters*.

ἄλλοτριον-πράγιον, (ἄλλοτριος, πράσσω) *to meddle with other people's business*. Hence
ἄλλοτριονπράγια, *ἡ*, *meddlesomeness*.

ἄλλοτριος, *α, ov*, (ἄλλος) *of or belonging to another*, Lat. *alienus*, opp. to ἴδιος; ἄλλοτριον χάρισασθαι *to be bountiful of what is another's*; ἄλλοτριος γαβημοῖς γελαῖν *to laugh with a face unlike one's own*, Horace's *ridere malis alienis*. II. *foreign*, Lat. *peregrinus*: hence *strange*, *alien*: also *estranged*, *hostile*.

ἄλλοτριότης, *ἡτος, ἡ*, (ἄλλοτριος) *estrangement*.
ἄλλοτριό-χρως, *χρωτος, ὁ, ἡ*, (ἄλλοτριος, χρῶς) *of divers colours*.

ἄλλοτριῶν, *ἰ, ὦσω*, *to make strange, estrange, make hostile or ill-disposed*:—Pass. *to become estranged, be made an enemy*. II. *to bring into another's bands*:—Pass. *to fall into strangers' hands*. Hence

ἄλλοτριῶς, Adv. of ἄλλοτριος, *strangely*; ἄλλοτριῶς ἔχειν *to be estranged*.

ἄλλοτριῶσις, *εως, ἡ*, *estrangement*.

ἄλλου, Adv. *elsewhere, in another place*, Lat. *alibi*.

ἄλλο-φοος, *ov*, Ep. for ἄ-λοφος.

ἄλλο-φρονέω, *ἰ, ἦσω*, (ἄλλος, φρονέω) *to be of another mind*: *to give no heed to a thing*. II. *to think otherwise than as one should, to think wrongly*.

2. *to be absent or unheeding*: also *to be senseless, lose one's wits*.

ἄλλο-φύλος, *ov*, (ἄλλος, φυλή) *of another tribe, foreign, strange*.

ἄλλο-χρως, *ov*, contr. -χρως, *ων*, (ἄλλος, χρῶς) *of another colour, changeful, of hue*.

ἄλλο-χρως, *ωτος, ὁ, ἡ*, = ἄλλοχρως, *foreign*.

ἄλλῶδης, Adv. (ἄλλος) = ἄλλοσε, *elsewhither*: Hom. has it only with ἄλλος, e.g. ἄλλῶδι ἄλλος *one hither another thither*.

ἄλλῶσεκα, ἄλλῶσσεα [v], Ep. for ἀνέλυε, ἀναλύουσα: see ἀναλύω.

ἄλλως, Adv. of ἄλλος, *in another way or manner, otherwise*; ἄλλως πῶς *in some other way*; ἄλλως τε καὶ . . both otherwise and . . , i.e. especially, *above all*.

II. *otherwise than . . differently*: hence in good sense, *better* 2. *otherwise than as should be: heedlessly, without purpose: without reason*: also *in vain: for nothing*, like *πρῶκα*, Lat. *gratis*: hence = *μόνον*, only, *merely*.

ἄλλα, τό, (ἄλλομαι) *a spring, leap, bound*.

ἄλμη, *ἡ*, (ἄλς) *sea-water that has dried: also the sea*. 2. *salt-water, brine*. II. *saltiness*.

ἄλμηαις, *εσσα, εν*, (ἄλμη) *salt, briny*.

ἄλμυρός, *ἁ, ὄν*, (ἄλμη) *salt, briny*. 2. *metaph. bitter, distasteful*, like *Lat. amarus*.

ἄΛΛΟΑ'Ω, poet. ἀλοῖα: 3 sing. Ep. impf. ἀλοῖα: fut. ἀλοήσω: aor. ἰ ἡλόησα, Ep. ἡλόησα:—Pass., aor. ἰ ἡλόηθην: pf. ἡλόημαι:—*to tread, tread out: to crush*.

ἄ-λοχος, *ov*, *with a lobe wanting, of the livers of victims*.

ἰ λογέω, *ἰ, ἦσω*, (ἄλογος) *to pay no regard to a thing, take no heed of it*, Lat. *rationem rei non habere*. 2. *to be out of one's senses*. Hence

ἄλογία, *ἡ*, *want of regard or esteem, contempt*. II. *want of reason, senselessness, folly*.

ἄ-λόγιστος, *ov*, (a privat., λογίζομαι) *unreasonable, thoughtless, silly*. II. *not to be reckoned*. 2. *not to be heeded, vile*.

ἄ-λογος, *ov*, 1. *without speech, speechless*. 2. *unspeakable, i. e. unutterable*, Lat. *infandus*. II.

without reason, irrational. 2. *not according to reason: contrary to reason, absurd*. 3. *not reckoned upon, unexpected*.

ἄΛΟΨΗ, *ἡ*, *the alow*, a plant.

ἄλοητός, ὁ, (ἀλωά) *threshing or threshing-time*

ἄλθεν, Adv. (ἄλς) *from or out of the sea*.

ἄλεια, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of ἀλωάω.

ἀλωάω, poet. for ἀλωάω.

ἄλοιη, aor. 2 opt. of ἄλσκομαι.

ἄ-λοιδορήτος, *ov*, (a privat., λοιδορέω) *unreviled: not to be reviled*.

ἄ-λοιδορος, *ov*, *not reviling*.

ἄλοιφή, *ἡ*, (ἀλείφω) *anything for smearing: bog's lard, grease*: also *anointing-oil, unguent*: generally, *ointment, varnish, paint*.

ἄλκκω, *ἰ, σω*, (ἀλκ) *to trace furrows, to write, draw*.

ἄλόντε [α], dual aor. 2 part. of ἄλσκομαι.

ἄΛΟΞ, *okos, ἡ*, a poet. form of αὔλαξ, never used in *nom. sing.*, a furrow ploughed in a field: *ploughed land, corn-land*. 2. *in the skin, a gash, wound*.

ἄλσο-ύνη, *ἡ*, (ἄλς, ὕνη) *the sea-born: child of the sea*, a name of Amphitrite and of Thetis.

ἄλδ-τριψ, ἴβος, ὁ, (ἄλς, τριβω) *a pestle for pounding salt*.

ἄλ-ουργής, see ἀλουργός.

ἄλ-ουργίς, ἴδος, *ἡ*, (ἀλουργός) *a purple robe*.

ἄλ-ουργός, *όν*, and ἄλ-ουργής, *ές*, (ἄλς, *ἔργω) *purple-wrought, i. e. dyed with sea-purple, of a genuine purple*: in pl., τὰ δλουργή *purple robes*.

ἄλούς, ἀλούσα, aor. 2 part. of ἄλσκομαι. [α]

ἄλουστα, *ἡ*, *want of the bath*. From

ἄ-λουτος, (a privat., λούω) *unwashed*.

ἄ-λοφος, Ep. ἄλ-λοφος, *ov*, *without a crest*.

ἄ-λοχος, *ov, ἡ*, (a copul., λέχος) *the partner of one's bed, a wife*.

ἄλῶ, Ep. for δλῶν, pres. imperat. of ἄλσκειν.

ἄλπιστος, *ἡ, ov*, Sup. of obsol. ἄλπνος, *swetest, loveliest*.

*ἄΛΣ, ἄλς, ὁ, Lat. *SAL*, Engl. *SALT*: in sing. *a grain or lump of salt*; in plur. *salt* as prepared for use.

*ἄΛΣ, ἄλς, *ἡ*, *the sea*.

ἄλσο, ἄλτο, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἄλλομαι.

ἄΛΣΟΣ, *εος, τό*, *a place grown with trees and grass, a grove, esp. a sacred grove*: also *a glade*.

ἄλσ-ώδης, *ές*, (ἄλσος, ἴδος) *like a grove, woodland*.

ἄλτικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, (ἄλλομαι) *good at leaping, nimble*.

ἄλτικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, (ἄλς) *salt*.

ἀλυκτάζω, ἰ ἄσω, (ἀλύω) *to be in trouble or dis-*

truss: also pf. pass. ἀλαλύκτῃμαι, as if from a pres. ἀλυκτέω,
 ἀλυκτο-πέδη, ἡ, (ἀλυκτος π, πέδη) an indissoluble bond or fetter.
 ἀλυκτος, ον, (ἀλύω) troubled. II. (α' privat., λύνω) = ἀλυτος, indissoluble.
 ἀλύξαι, aor. I inf. of ἀλύσκει.
 ἀλύξαι, εως, ἡ, (ἀλύσκει) an escaping, avoiding.
 ἀ-λύπτος, ον, (α' privat., λυπέω) not pained or grieved.
 II. act. not paining or distressing.
 ἀ-λύπος, ον, (α' privat., λυπή) without pain or grief, unpained.
 II. act. not paining, causing no pain or grief, harmless.
 ἀ-λύρος, ον, (α' privat., λύρα) without the lyre, unaccompanied by it: hence mournful.
 ἄλυσος, εως, ἡ, α' chain, bond. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 ἀ-λύσιτελής, ἐς, useless, unprofitable: hence hurtful. Adv. -λως.
 ἀλυσκάνω, strengthd. form of ἀλύσκει, used only in pres. and impf.
 ἀλυσκάνω, lengthd. form of ἀλύσκει.
 ἀλύσκει: fut. ἀλύξω and ἀλύξομαι: aor. I ἤλυξα, Ep. ἔλυξα: (ἀλέω):—to flee from, shun, avoid, forsake.
 ἀλύσσω, f. ὕξω, (ἀλύω) to be uneasy, have no rest.
 ἀ-λύτος, ον, (α' privat., λύνω) not to be loosed or broken, indissoluble: continuous, ceaseless.
 ἄλυσκος, ον, without lamp or light.
 *ΑΛΥΤΩ, Att. ἄλυνω, used only in pres. and impf.: (ἄλῃ, ἀλόμαι):—to wander, of the mind, to be ill at ease, be troubled, distraught: to be at a loss, like ἀλυσκος: more rarely to be beside oneself for joy. [ῥ in Hom., ῥ in Att.]
 *ΑΛΦΑΝΩ; aor. 2 ἤλφον, 3 sing. opt. ἔλφαι:—to bring in, yield: to get, acquire: metaph. φθόνον ἐλφάνειν to incur envy.
 ἄλφειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλφάνω.
 ἀλφεισί-βοιος, α, ον, (ἀλφειν, βοῦς) bringing in oxen: hence of maidens whose parents receive many oxen as presents from their suitors, much-courted.
 ἀλφηστῆς, οὔ, δ, (ἀλφειν) always in phrase ἀνδρες ἀλφησταί, gain-seeking, enterprising, industrious men esp. applied to trading, sea-faring people.
 ἄλφιτ-ἄμοιβός, δ, (ἀλφειν, ἀμείβω) a dealer in barley-meal.
 *ΑΛΦΙΤΩΝ [ῥ], τό, peeled or pearl-barley, Lat. *perlatia*: sing. only in phrase ἀλφίτου ἁκτῆ, barley-meal: elsewhere in plur. ἄλφιστα, barley-groats, and the cakes or porridge made of it. 2. metaph. one's daily bread, one's substance: πατρὶς ἀλφίτα one's patrimony.
 ἀλφίτο-ποιός, ἡ, a preparing of barley-meal. From ἀλφίτο-ποιός, δ, (ποιέω) a preparer of barley-meal.
 ἀλφίτο-σιτίω, f. ἴσω, (ἀλφειν, σιτέω) to eat, live on barley-meal, or bread made of it.
 ἄλφοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀλφάνω.
 ἔλω, acc. of ἄλως.
 ἔλω, aor. 2 subj. of ἀλίσκομαι. [ᾱ]
 ἄλωινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄλως) used on a treshing-floor.
 ἄλωεις, εως, Ep. ἡος, δ, (ἀλώῃ) a treshing, vine-dresser.

ἀλώῃ, Dor. ἄλωά, poet. for Att. ἔλως: I. a treshing-floor. II. any levelled plot of ground, a garden, orchard, vineyard, etc.
 ἄλῳῃ, Ep. for ἄλῳ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἀλίσκομαι. II. ἄλῳῃ, Ep. for ἀλῳῃ, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of same verb.
 ἄλωιτης, ον, δ, (ἀλώῃ) a husbandman, gardener. [ᾱ]
 ἄλωμεναι, Ep. for ἄλῳν-αι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλίσκομαι. [ᾱ]
 ἄλωμενος, η, ον, part. of ἀλόομαι.
 ἔλων, ονος, ἡ, = ἄλως.
 ἄλῳναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλίσκομαι. [ᾱ]
 ἄλωπεκῇ, ἡ, Att. contr. from Ion. ἄλωπεκεῇ (sub. δορά): (ἀλώπηξ) a foxskin.
 ἄλωπεκίας, ον, δ, (ἀλώπηξ) branded with a fox.
 ἄλωπεκιδεύς, ἔως, δ, (ἀλώπηξ) a fox's cub.
 ἄλωπεκίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀλώπηξ) to play the fox, Lat. *vulpinari*.
 ἄλωπέκιον, τό, Dim. of ἀλώπηξ, a little fox.
 ἄλωπεκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀλώπηξ) a mongrel between fox and dog. II. a fox-skin cap.
 *ΑΛΩΠΗΞ, εκος, ἡ, a fox, Lat. *vulpes*: metaph. of men.
 *ΑΛΩΞ, ω, ἡ: gen. ἔλω or ἄλως: acc. ἔλω, ἔλῳν or ἔλῳα: pl. n. ἔλως:—a treshing-floor. II. the disk of the sun or moon.
 ἄλωξιμος, ον, (ἀλῳναι) easy to take, catch, win, or conquer. 2. of the mind, easy to apprehend. II. (ἄλωσις) of or belonging to capture or conquest.
 ἔλωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀλῳναι) a taking, capture, conquest. II. as law-term, detection, conviction.
 ἄλωσομαι, fut. of ἀλίσκομαι.
 ἄλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀλῳναι, to be taken, caught or conquered: to be acquired.
 ἄλω, Ep. for ἄλῳ, aor. 2 subj. of ἀλίσκομαι.
 ἄμ, for ἀνά:—but ἄμ, for ἄμα.
 *ΑΜΑ, I. Adv. at once, Lat. *simul*. II. Prep. c. dat. at the same time with, together with.
 ἄμα, Dor. for ἄμα.
 *ΑΜΑΖΩΝ, ὄνος, ἡ, mostly in plur. the Amazons: also Ἀμαζονίδες.
 ἀμάθαινω, (ἀμαθῆς) to be ignorant, stupid.
 ἀ-μαθῆς, ἐς, (α' privat., μαθεῖν) untaught, unlearned, stupid, dull: also coarse, rude: also without knowledge of a thing. II. pass. not learnt, unknown. Hence
 ἀμαθία, ἡ, want of knowledge, ignorance.
 ἀμαθῶεις, οεσσα, οεν, contr. ἀμαθῶεις, οὔσσα, οῦν, (ἀμαθος) = Ep. ἡμαθῶεις, sandy.
 *ΑΜΑΘΟΣ, ἡ, (ἀμμος) sand, a sandy soil: see ψάμμος. [ἀμαδ-]
 ἀμαθύνω, (ἀμαθος) to level with the sand, utterly destroy.
 ἀμαθῶς, Adv. of ἀμαθῆς, ignorantly; ἀμαθῶς ἔχειν to be ignorant.
 ἀ-μαμάκετος, ὄν, ον, lengthd. form of ἄμαχος, irresistible, huge, enormous.
 ἀμαλδύνω, poet. for ἀμαλύνω, (ἀμαλός) properly to to

soften: hence to *crush, destroy, ruin*. 2. metaph. to *hide, disguise*.

ἀ-μάλθακτος, *on*, (a privat., μαλθάσσω) *unsoftened*. ἀμαλλα, ἡ, (ἀμάω) a *bundle of ears of corn, sheaf*. ἀμαλλο-δετήρ, ἦρος, and ἀμαλλο-δετής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀμαλλα, δέω) a *binders of sheaves*.

ἀμαλός, Att. ἀμαλός, ἡ, ὅν, = ἀπαλός, *soft, light*, Lat. *tener*. 2. *weak, feeble*.

ἀμαξα, Att. ἀμαξα, ἡ, (ἀμάω) a *carriage, a wagon or wain*. 2. the *carriage of the plough*, Lat. *curtus*. 3. *Charles' wain in the heavens, the great bear*. 4. a *carriage-road*. Hence

ἀμαξεύομαι, *Pass.* to be *traversed by wagons, to have wagon-roads through it*.

ἀμαξεύς, ἑὸς, ὁ, (ἀμαξα) a *wagoner*. ἀμαξέ-ηλάτος, *on*, (ἀμαξα, ἐλαύνω) *traversed by wagons*.

ἀμαξέ-ήρης, *es*, (ἀμαξα, *ἄρω, Root of ἀρρίσκω) *attached or belonging to a wagon or carriage*.

ἀμαξιαίος, α, *on*, (ἀμαξα) *fit for a wagon: large enough to load a wagon, of stones*.

ἀμαξίς, ἴδος, ἡ, *Dim.* of ἀμαξα, a *little wagon*, Lat. *plostellum*: a *go-cart*.

ἀμαξιτίης, *on*, ὁ, (ἀμαξα) *of or belonging to a wagon*. [i]

ἀμαξέ-ἵτης, ὅν, (ἀμαξα, εἰμι) *traversed by wagons*: as *Subst.* ἀμαξιτίς (sub. ὁδός), ἡ, a *high-road for wagons*.

ἀμαξο-πληθής, ἑς, (ἀμαξα, πληθός) *large enough to fit a wagon*.

ἀμαξο-ουργός, ὅν, (ἀμαξα, *ἐργω) *making wagons or carriages*.

ἀμαρ, *στος*, τό, Dor. for ἡμαρ.

*ΑΜΑΡΑ, ἡ, a *trench, conduit, water-course*. [ἀμαρᾶ] ἀμαραννίνος, ἡ, *on*, = ἀμαραντος.

ἀ-μαραντος, *on*, (a privat., μαραίνω) *unfading*.

*ΑΜΑΡΤΑΝΩ; fut. ἀμαρτήσσομαι, later -ήσω: *aor.* ἡ μάρτησα: *aor.* 2 ἡμαρτον, *inf.* ἀμαρτεῖν, *Ep.* by metath. (with β inserted) ἡμβροτον: *pf.* ἡμάρτηκα: *Pass.*, *aor.* ἡμαρτήθη: *pf.* ἡμάρτημαι:—to *miss*, *miss the mark*, c. gen.: hence 2. generally, to *fail of doing, fail of one's purpose, go wrong*: to be *deprived of a thing, lose it*. II. to *fail, do wrong, err, sin*.

ἡμαρτον, *Ep.* *aor.* 2 of ἀμαρτάνω.

ἀμαρτεῖν, *aor.* 2 *inf.* of ἀμαρτάνω.

ἀμαρτῇ, *or* ἀμαρτῇ, *Adv.* (ἅμα) *together, at the same time, at once*. [ἀμ-]

ἀμαρτήσσομαι, *fut.* of ἀμαρτάνω.

ἀμάρτημα, τό, (ἀμαρτεῖν) a *failure, error, sin*.

ἀμαρτητικός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀμαρτεῖν) *prone to fail or err*.

ἀμαρτία, ἡ, (ἀμαρτεῖν) a *failure, error, sin*.

ἀμαρτί-νοος, *on*, (ἀμαρτεῖν, νόος) *erring in mind, distraught*.

ἀμάρτιον, τό, = ἀμώρτημα.

ἀμαρτο-επής, ἑς, (ἀμαρτεῖν, ἔπος) *failing in words, speaking at random or idly*.

ἀμαρτύρητος, *on*, (a privat., μαρτυρέω) *without witness*.

ἀ-μαρτύρος, *on*, (a privat., μάρτυς) *without witness, unattested*.

ἀμαρτωλή, ἡ, = ἀμαρτία.

ἀμαρτανός, ὅν, (ἀμαρτάνω) *sinful, barded in sin*.

ἀμαρτυγή, ἡ, = μαρμαρυγή, a *sparkling, twinkling; glancing*, of objects in motion. [ῥ, but in *Ep.* ῥ.]

ἀμαρτυγμα, τό, a *sparkle, twinkle, quick motion*. From *ΑΜΑΡΤΥΣΣΩ, only used in *pres.* and *impf.* to *sparkle, twinkle, glance*.

ἡμάς, Dor. for ἡμᾶς.

ἀμα-τουχάω, only used in *Ep.* part. ἀματροχάων; (ἅμα, τρέχω) to *run together, run along with*. Hence,

ἀματροχιά, ἡ, a *running together or clashing of wheels*.

ἀμαυρός, ὁ, ὅν, *dark, dim, faint, obscure*. 2.

having *no light*: hence *blind, sightless, dusky, gloomy*. II. metaph. *dim, uncertain*. 2. *obscure, unknown*. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

ἀμαυρός, f. ὥσω: *aor.* ἡμαύρωσα: *pf.* ἡμαύρωκα:—to *make dark or dim*:—mostly in *Pass.* to *become dark or dim*; also to *come to nothing*. II. metaph. to *eclipse*: to *weaken, impair*.

ἀμαχεί, *Adv.* of ἀμαχος, *without resistance*.

ἀ-μάχητος, *on*, poet. for ἀμάχητος.

ἀμάχητῃ, *Adv.* of ἀμάχητος, *without fighting*.

ἀ-μάχητος, *on*, (a privat., μάχομαι) *not to be fought with, unconquerable*. II. *never having fought*.

ἀμαχί, *Adv.* of ἀμαχος, = ἀμαχεί.

ἀ-μᾶχος, *on*, (a privat., μάχη) *without battle, and so*

I. *with whom no one fights, unconquered*: *unconquerable*, of persons: of places, *impregnable*. II. *act. not having fought*. 2. *disinclined to fight*.

*ΑΜΑΨ: *contr.* *impf.* ἡμῶν: f. ἀμήσω: *aor.* ἡμησα:—*Pass.*, *aor.* ἡμήθην: *pf.* ἡμημαι:—to *reap, to mow*: also to *gather in*, as a reaper does corn, to *collect*. [Generally, ᾶ *Ep.*: ᾶ Att.]

ἀμβ-, for ἀναβ-, at the beginning of words.

ἀμβαίη, *Ep.* for ἀναβαίη, 3 *sing.* *aor.* 2 opt. of ἀναβαίνω.

ἀμβάλλωμεθα, *Ion.* and *Ep.* for ἀναβαλλω.

ἀμβᾶσις, ἡ, poet. for ἀνά-βασις.

ἀμβλίσκω and ἀμβλῶω: f. ἀμβλώσω: *aor.* ἡμβλωσα: *pf.* ἡμβλώκα: (ἀμβλός):—to *have an abortion, miscarry*.

ἀμβλίνω [ῥ], ὅνῳ: *aor.* ἡμβλῖνα:—*Pass.*, *fut.* ἀμβλυνθήσεται: *aor.* ἡμβλύνθην: *pf.* ἡμβλυνμαι: (ἀμβλύν):—to *blunt, dull, take the edge off*, Lat. *bebetare*:—*Pass.* to *become blunt or dull, lose the edge*.

*ΑΜΒΑΥΣ, εἶα, ὅ, blunt, dulled, with the edge or point taken off, Lat. *bebes*: metaph. *dull, faint, feeble* of persons, *spiritless, sluggish*. Hence

ἀμβλύτης [ῥ], ἡτος, ἡ, *dulness: sluggishness*.

ἀμβλύ-ωπος, *on*, = ἀμβλωπος.

ἀμβλυσσώω, Att. -ττω, (ἀμβλός) to be *dim-sighted or blind*.

ἀμבל-ωπός, ὅν, and ἀμבל-ώψ, ὅψ, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀμβλός, ὥψ) *dim-looking, dark, obscure*.

ἀμ-βολάδην, *Adv.*, poet. for ἀνα-βολάδην, (ἀνα-βάλλω) *bubbling up*. II. (ἀναβολή) *like a prelude*.

ἀμ-βολάς, for ἀνα-βολάς, ἀδος, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω) γῆ
ἀμβολάς earth thrown up.

ἀμβολι-εργός, ὄν, (ἀναβάλλω, ἔργον) ποστ. for ἀνα-
βολι-, putting off work, lazy.

ἀμβροσία, Ion. -τη, ἡ, (properly fem. of ἀμβρόσιος)
ambrosia, the food of the gods.

ἀμ-βρόσιος, α, ον, lengthd. form of ἀμ-βροτος, im-
mortal, divine, of divine nature. II. of things

belonging to the gods, ambrosial, divinely fair.

ἀμ-βροτεῖν, Ep. for ἀμαρτεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀμαρτάνω.

ἀμ-βροτος, ον, (α privat., βροτός) immortal, divine.

ἀμβώσις, Ion. for ἀναβοήσις, aor. I part. of ἀνα-
βοάω.

ἀμέ or ἀμέ, Dor. for ἡμῖς.

ἀ-μέγартος, ον, (α privat., μεγαῖρος) unenvied, un-
enviable, unadmirable: as a reproach, wretched, miserable:
also horrible.

ἀμεθύστινος, ἡ, ον, of amethyst. From

ἀ-μεθύστος, ον, (α privat., μεθύω) not drunken. II.

as Subst. ἀμεθύστος, ἡ, or ἀμεθύστον, τό, a remedy
against drunkenness: 1. a kind of herb. 2.

the precious stone, amethyst.

ἈΜΕΪΒΩ, Ep. impf. ἀμειβον: fut. ἀμείψω: aor. I
ἡμείψα: I. Act. to exchange, exchange; χάλκεα

χρυσέα τεύχεα ἀμείβειν to exchange golden arms
for brasn: esp. of place, to exchange it, and so to pass,
cross: like Lat. *mutuo*, either to quit a place, or to go to
it.

II. intrans. in part. ἐν ἀμείβοντι = ἀμοιβάδις,
in exchange: ἀμείβοντες οἱ, rafters that cross each

other. III. Med. to change one with another,
do in turn or alternately. 2. to answer, reply

to. 3. to repay, requite, avenge. 4. like Act.
to change, esp. of place, to pass either out or in:

metaph. to surpass.

ἀ-μεῖδῆτος, ον, (α privat., μεῖδᾶω) not smiling, gloomy.

ἀ-μεῖλικτος, ον, (α privat., μεῖλίσσω) unsoutherd:
harsh, cruel.

ἀ-μεῖλιχος, ον, = foreg. harsh, severe: relentless, un-
persuaded.

ἀμείων, ον, gen. ονος, irreg. Comp. of ἀγαθός, better:
of persons, abler, stronger, braver.

ἈΜΕΪΡΩ, = ἀμείρων.

ἀμειψάμενος, ἀμειψασθαι, aor. I med. of ἀμείβω.

ἀμείψω, εως, ἡ, (ἀμείβω) exchange: succession.

ἈΜΕΛΕΩ, f. ξω, to MILK, Lat. *MULGERE*. II.
to press or squeeze out: metaph. to drain, exhaust. III.

to sip, drink.

ἀμελεῖ, imperat. of ἀμελέω, never mind. Hence as
Adv. by all means, of course.

ἀμελεια, ἡ, (ἀμελεῖς) carelessness, indifference.

ἀμελετησία, ἡ, want of practice or attention. From

ἀ-μελέτης, ον, (α privat., μελετάω) unpractised,
unprepared.

ἀμελῶ, f. ἡσω: aor. I ἡμέλησα, Ep. ἀμ-: pf. ἡμέ-
ληκα: (ἀμελής): — to be careless, heedless, negli-
gent. 2. to neglect, have no care for, slight. 3.

to overlook, and so to let, suffer. 4. to neglect to
do: — Pass. to be neglected, slighted, overlooked.

ἀ-μελής, ἐς, (α privat., μέλει) careless, heedless, neg-
ligent. II. pass. uncared for, unheeded.

ἀμελητέον, verb. Adj. of ἀμελέω, one must neglect.

ἀμελήτος, ον, (ἀμελέω) like ἀμελής, not cared for:
unworthy of care.

ἀμελία, ἡ, ποστ. for ἀμέλεια, heedlessness.

ἀ-μέλλητος, ον, (α privat., μέλλω) not delayed: not
to be delayed.

ἀμελῆς, εως, ἡ, (ἀμέλω) a milking.

ἀμελῶς, Adv. of ἀμελής, carelessly: ἀμελῶς ἔχειν
to be careless.

ἀ-μεμπτος, ον, (α privat., μέμφομαι) not to be
blamed, blameless: of things, perfect: — Adv. -τως, se
as to merit no blame. II. act. not blaming, find-

ing no fault, well content.

ἀ-μεμφής, ἐς, = ἔμμεπος II.

ἀμεμψία, ἡ, (ἀμεμφής) blamelessness, freedom from
blame.

ἀμεναι, for ἀμέναι, Ep. inf. of δᾶω, to satisfy.

ἀ-μενηνός, ὄν, (α privat., μένος) faint, feeble: weakly
or sickly. Hence

ἀ-μενηνῶ, Ep. aor. I ἀμενήνωσα, to make weak
deaden the force of.

ἀμέρα, Dor. for ἡμέρα.

ἈΜΕΡΓΩ, f. ξω, to pluck or pull, Lat. *decerpere*.

ἀμέρδω, f. σω: aor. I ἡμερσα, Ep. ἀμ-: aor. I pass.
ἡμέσθην: (prob. from α privat., μέρος): — to deprive of

one's share, bereave one of: — Pass. to be bereft of a
thing, lose it.

ἀ-μέριμνος, ον, (α privat., μέριμνα) free from care,
unconcerned. II. pass. uncared for, unheeded. III.

driving away care.

ἀμέριος, Dor. for ἡμέριος.

ἀ-μέριστος, ον, (α privat., μερίζω) undivided.

ἀμερός-κοιτος, Dor. for ἡμερός-κοιτος.

ἡμερος, Dor. for ἡμερος.

ἀμερσε, ἀμέρσαι, 3 sing. and inf. aor. I of ἀμέρδω.

ἀμές or ἀμές, Dor. for ἡμεῖς.

ἀ-μετάθετος, ον, (α privat., μετατίθημι) unchange-
able: τὸ ἀμετάθετον, unchangeableness.

ἀ-μετακίνητος, ον, (α privat., μετακινέω) immovable.

ἀ-μετάκλητος, ον, (α privat., μετακλέω) not to be
broken: unalterable.

ἀ-μεταμέλητος, ον, (α privat., μεταμέλει) unre-
pentent of. II. act. not repenting, unchanging.

ἀ-μετανόητος, ον, (α privat., μετανοέω) = unre-
pentent of. II. act. unrepentant.

ἀ-μετάπειστος, ον, (α privat., μεταπίθω) unpersuadable.

ἀ-μετάπτωτος, ον, (α privat., μεταπίπτω) unchange-
able

ἀ-μετάστατος, ον, (α privat., μεθίστημι) unalterable.

ἀ-μεταστρεπεί, Adv. (α privat., μεταστρέφω) with-
out turning about.

ἀ-μετάστροφος, ον, (α privat., μεταστρέφω) unal-
terable.

ἀ-μετάτρεπτος, ον, (α privat., μετατρέπω) unal-
terable.

ἀμέτερος, Dor. for ἡμέτερος.

ἀ-μέτρητος, ον, (α privat., μετρεῖν) immeasurable, immense, Lat. immensus: unnumbered, exhaustless.

ἀμετρόβιος, ον, (ἀμετρος, βίος) of an immeasurable life.

ἀμετρο-επής, ἐς, (ἀμετρος, ἔπος) immoderate in words, unbridled of tongue.

ἀμετρο-πότης, ον, ὁ, (ἀμετρος, πότης) drinking to excess.

ἀ-μετρος, ον, (α privat., μέτρον) without measure, immense, boundless, incessant. 2. immoderate.

ἀ-μέτρωσ, Adv. of ἀμετρος, infinitely.

ἀμευσί-πορος, ον, (ἀμεύω, πόρος) = τρίδος, Lat. *trivium*, where three paths cross.

ἀμεύω, Aeol. for ἀμείβω: aor. I med. inf. ἀμεύσασθαι:—to surpass, excel, conquer.

"ΑΜΗ, ἡ, a shovel or mattock. 2. a water-bucket, pail, Lat. *bama*. 3. a barrow, rake.

ἀμῆ, Att. ἀμή, Adv., properly for ἀμῇ, dat. fem. of ἀμός = τίς, in a certain way: ἀμηγέπη, in some way, somehow or other. [α]

ἀμήν, Hebr. Adv. verily, of a truth: so be it: also as a Subst. τὸ ἀμήν, certainty.

ἀ-μῆνιτος, ον, (α privat., μῆνιω) not wrathful.

"ΑΜΗΣ, ἡτος, ὁ, a kind of milk cake.

ἀμησάμενος, aor. I med. part. of ἀμάω.

ἀμητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀμάω) a reaper: metaph. one who cuts down, a destroyer. [α]

ἀμητος, ὁ, (ἀμάω) a reaping, harvesting: also harvest, harvest-time. II. a harvest or crop.

ἀ-μητρω, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (α privat., μήτηρ) without mother, motherless. II. unlike a mother.

ἀμηχανίω: impf. ἡμηχάνουν: fut. ἡσω: (ἀμηχανός):—to be at a loss or in want. Hence

ἀμηχανία, Ion. -ῆ, ἡ, want of means, helplessness, distress. II. bardship, trouble.

ἀ-μηχανός, ον, (α privat., μηχανή) without means or resource, helpless. II. more freq. in pass. sense, impracticable, irresistible: also inexplicable.

ἀμηχανόωσθαι, ἀμηχανόων, Ep. 3 pl. and part. pres., as if from ἀμηχανάω.

ἀ-μίαντος, ον, (α privat., μίαινω) undefiled, pure. ἀμί-θεος, Dor. for ἡμί-θεος.

ἀ-μικτος, ον, (α privat., μίγνυμι) unmixed, pure. II. not mingled with others, unsociable, savage. III. not to be mingled, irreconcilable:—Adv. ἀμικτως, Sup. ἀμικτότατα.

"ΑΜΙΛΛΑ, ἡ, ἡ, a contest for superiority, rivalry; generally, a struggle, conflict. [α] Hence

ἀμιλλόομαι, fut. ἡσόμεαι: aor. I med. ἡμιλλησάμην and pass. ἡμιλληθῆναι: pf. ἡμιλλημαι: Dep.:—to compete, vie, or contend with one, Lat. *aemulari*. II.

generally, to strive, struggle, exert oneself. Hence ἀμιλλήτιον, verb. Adj. one must compete.

ἀμιλληται, τό, (ἀμιλλάομαι) a contest, conflict.

ἀμιλλητήρ, ἦρος, (ἀμιλλάομαι) a competitor, rival.

ἀμμητόβιος, ον, (ἀμμητος, βίος) inimitable in one's life.

ἀ-μίμητος, ον, (α privat., μιμέομαι) inimitable.

ἀμείξια, Ion. -ῆ, ἡ, (ἀμικτος) a being unmixed, purity. 2. want of intercourse, unsociableness.

ἀμ-ιππος, ον, (ἀμα, ἵππος) along with horses, i. e. fleet as a horse. 2. ἀμῖπποι, οἱ, infantry mixed with cavalry.

"ΑΜΙ'Σ, ἰδος, a chamber-pot.

ἀμίστης, ἐς, (α privat., μῖσος) without hatred, not hateful: Comp. ἀμίστοστέρος.

ἀμισθί, Adv. of ἀμισθος, without reward.

ἀ-μισθος, ον, (α privat., μισθός) without pay or reward.

ἀ-μίσθωτος, ον, (α privat., μισθώ) not let out on hire, not leased.

ἀ-μίτρο-χιτώνες, οἱ, (α privat., μίτρα, χιτών) wearing no girdle with their coat of mail.

ἀ-μυχθάλεις, εσσα, εν, lengthd. form of ἀμικτος, inaccessible, inhospitable.

ἀμμ-, poet. for ἀναμ-. For words omitted under ἀμμ-, see under ἀναμ-.

ἀμμα, ατος, τό, (ἀπτω) anything tied or made to tie: 1. a knot. 2. a noose, halter 3. a cord, band.

ἀμμε, Aeol. and Ep. for ἡμᾶς.

ἀμ-μένω, poet. for ἀνα-μένω.

ἀμμος, Aeol. and Ep. for ἡμῆς.

ἀμ-μέσον, poet. for ἀνὰ μέσον.

ἀμμέων, Aeol. for ἡμῶν.

ἀμμι, Aeol. and Ep. for ἡμῖν.

ἀμ-μίγα, Adv. poet. for ἀνά-μιγα.

ἀμμίξας, Ep. aor. I part. of ἀναμίγνυμι.

ἀμνάζει, ἀμνάζουσι, Dor. for ἀναμνήσει, ἀναμνήσειεν, fut. and aor. I of ἀναμνήσκω.

ἀμμο-δύτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀμμος, δύω) sand-burrower, a kind of snake.

ἀμμορία, Ion. -ῆ, ἡ, (ἀμμορος) ill fortune.

ἀμμορος, ον, poet. for ἀ-μορος, without lot or share in a thing: absol. unfortunate, unhappy.

"ΑΜΜΟΣ or ἄμμος, ἡ, sand: also a sandy place, race-course. See ψάμμος.

ἀμμό-τροφος, ον, (ἀμμος, τρέφω) growing in sand.

ἀμμ-ώδης, ἐς, (ἀμμος, εἶδος) sandy.

Ἀμμωνιάς, ἄδος, or Ἀμμωνίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (Ἄμμων) of or belonging to Jupiter Ammon. i. e. African.

ἀμνάμων [α], Dor. for ἀμνήμων.

ἀμναστέω, ἀμναστος, Dor. for ἀμνηστ-.

ἀμνεῖος, α, ον, (ἀμνός) of a lamb.

ἀμνή, ἡ, fem. of ἀμνός, a ewe-lamb.

ἀ-μνημόνευτος, ον, (α privat., μνημονεύω) unmentioned, unheeded.

ἀμνημονέω, f. ἡσω: aor. I ἡμνημόνησα:—to be unmindful, be unmindful: to make no mention of; pass over.

ἀμνημοσύνη, ἡ, forgetfulness. From ἀμνημων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., μνήμη) unmindful, forgetful. 2. pass. forgotten, not mentioned.

ἀμνήστευτος, ἡ, (α privat., μνηστεύω) unwooed, not sought in marriage.

ἀμνηστῆ, (ἀμνηστος) to be unmindful, to forget :

—Pass. to be forgotten.

ἀμνήσω, poet. fut. of ἀναμνήσκω.

ἀμνηστία, ἡ, forgetfulness : an amnesty. From

ἀμνηστος, ov, (a privat., μνάομαι) forgotten, no longer remembered.

ἀμνίον, τό, a bowl in which the blood of victims was caught. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀμνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, —ἀμνή.

ἀμνο-κῶν, οὔντος, ὁ, (ἀμνός, κοῦα) sheep-minded, i. e. simple.

*AMNŌ'Σ, ὁ and ἡ, a lamb : declined ἀρνός, ἀρνί, ἀρνα, ἀρνες, etc., as if from a nom. *ἀρς.

ἀμνο-φόρος, should be μαννο-φόρος.

ἀμογήτῃ, Adv. without toil or effort. From

ἀ-μόγητος, ov, (a privat., μογέω) without toil, unwearied, untiring.

ἀμόθεν, Att. ἀμόθεν, Adv. (ἀμός) from some place or other.

ἀμοδί or ἀμοδί, Adv. (ἀμός) somewhere

ἀμοί, Adv. (ἀμός) somewhither.

ἀμοιβάδιος, α, ov, = ἀμοιβαίος.

ἀμοιβαδής, Adv. (ἀμοιβή) by turns, Dat. alt.

ἀμοιβαίος, ov, also η, or α, ov, (ἀμοιβή) interchanging, alternate : of verses, amosbaean, answering one another.

II. giving like for like, retributive :—Adv. -ως, in requital.

ἀμοιβός, ἄδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of ἀμοιβαίος ; χλαῖνα ἀμοιβάς a cloak for a change.

ἀμοιβή, ἡ, (ἀμείβω) a recompence, return : hence repayment, atonement : revenge. 2. an answer.

II. change, exchange, barter.

ἀμοιβηδής, Adv. (ἀμοιβή) alternately.

ἀμοιβός, ὁ, (ἀμείβω) a successor, follower. II.

as Adj. in requital or in exchange for.

ἀμοίρω, to have no share in a thing. From ἀ-μοιρος, ov, (a privat., μοῖρα) without share in a thing, bereft of it. II. absol. unfortunate.

ἀμολγαίος, α, ov, (ἀμέλω) of milk, made with milk.

ἀμολγεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (ἀμέλω) a milk-pail, Lat. muletra.

ἀμολγός, ὁ, (ἀμέλω) the milking time, i. e. morning and evening twilight ; the four hours either before day-break or after sunset, and so generally night-time.

ἀμορφος, ov, (a privat., μορφή) blameless.

ἀμορβός, οὔ, ὁ, a follower, attendant.

ἀμόργις, ov, made of fine flax. From

ἀμοργίς, ἴδος, ἡ, fine flax from the isle of Amorgos.

ἀ-μορος, ov, (a privat., μόρος) without share of, destitute of. II. absol. unlucky, wretched.

ἀμορφία, ἡ, ill shape, deformity. From

ἀμορφος, ov, (a privat., μορφή) shapeless, missshapen, unsightly, unseemly : Comp. ἀμορρότερος.

ἀμός or ἀμός, ἡ, ov, Aeol. and Ep. for ἡμός, ἡμέτερος.

ἰμός, in Att. Poets for ἡμός.

ἰμός, Att. ἀμός, an old form for εἶς, and so = τις, but only used in the Adv. forms ἀμή, ἀμίν, ἀμού, ἡμῶς.

ἄμος, Dor. for ἡμος, as when.

ἀμοστος, ov, insatiate, ravening, savage : neut. ἄμοτον, as Adv. insatiably, incessantly. (Deriv. uncertain).

ἀμοῦ, Att. ἀμοῦ, Adv. of ἀμός, somewhere.

ἀμουσία, ἡ, want of harmony : rudeness, grossness, boorishness. From

ἀ-μοστος, ov, (a privat., Μοῦσα) without the Muses, without taste for the arts, unpolished, rude, boorish :

of things, coarse, vulgar, gross.

ἀμοχθεῖ, Adv. of ἀμοχθος, without toil or trouble.

ἀ-μόχθητος, ov, (a privat., μοχθεῖω) = sq. Adv. -τως.

ἀμοχθος, ov, (a privat., μόχθος) without toil or trouble. II. not weary.

ἀμπ-, poet. abbrev. for ἀναμπ-, under which will be found many words beginning with ἀμπ-.

ἀμ-πεδίον, ἀρ-πεδιήρης, ἀμ-πέλαγος, should be written ἀμ πεδίον, i. e. ἀνὰ πεδίον, etc.

ἀμπελιναντες, Ep. aor. 1 part. of ἀναπελῶ.

ἀμ-πέλαγος, for ἀνὰ πέλαγος.

ἀμπελών, ὠνος, ὁ, poet. for ἀμπελῶν, a vineyard.

ἀμπελῖνος, ov, also η, ov, (ἀμπελος) of the vine.

ἀμπελίον, τό, Dim. of ἀμπελος.

ἀμπελῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, = foreg., a vine-plant. II. :

kind of bird.

ἀμπελοῖς, εσσα, ov, (ἀμπελος) rich in vines, vine clad.

ἀμπελο-εργός, ὄν, = contr. ἀμπελοργός, q. v.

ἀμπελο-μίξια, ἡ, (ἀμπελος, μίξις) an intermixture of vines.

*AMΠEΛOΣ, ἡ, a vine, Lat. vitis.

ἀμπελοουργός, to dress or prune vines. From

ἀμπελο-ουργός, ὁ, (ἀμπελος, ἔργον) a vinedresser.

ἀμπελο-φύτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ἀμπελος, φύω) producer of the vine, a name of Bacchus.

ἀμπελῶν, ὠνος, ὁ, (ἀμπελος) a vineyard.

ἀμ-πεπαλῶν, Ep. for ἀναπεπαλῶν, redupl. aor. 2 part. of ἀναπάλλω.

ἀμπερές, Adv. only found in compd. δι-αμπερές, resolved, as, διὰ δ' ἀμπερές, for διαμπερές δέ.

ἀμπετάσον, ἀμπετάσαι, poet. aor. 1 imper. and part. of ἀναπετάσσω.

ἀμπελόνη, ἡ, (ἀμπελῶ) a fine upper garment.

ἀμπ-έχω and ἀμπ-ίσχω : Ep. impf. ἀμπεχόν : fut. ἀμπεξέω : aor. 2 ἡμπεχον, inf. ἡμπεχεῖν, part. ἀμπ-ισχόν :—Med. ἀμπεχομαι and ἀμπίσχομαι : impf. ἡμπετειχόμεν : fut. ἀμπεξομαι : aor. 2 ἡμπεσεχόμεν part. ἀμπεσόμενος : (ἀμφι, ἔχω) :—to surround, cover, Lat. cingere. II. to put round or over.

Lat. circumdare. See ἀμπεσχόμεναι.

ἀμπεθήσει, for ἀνεπθήσει.

ἀμ-πίπλημι, for ἀνα-τίπλημι.

ἀμπεσχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀμπ-έχω.

ἀμπεσχομαι, = ἀμπεχομαι, to put on, Lat. circuminduo.

ἀμπίσχω, v. sub ἀμπεχῶ.

ἀμπλακεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀμπλακίσκω.

ἀμπλάκτημα, ατος, τό, (ἀμπλακεῖν) an error, offence.

ἀμπλάκτης, ov, (ἀμπλακεῖν) sinful, loaded with guilt.

ἀμπλακία, ἡ, = ἀμπλάκημα.
 ἀμπλάκιον, τό, = ἀμπλάκημα.
 ἀμπλακίστω, fut. ἀμπλακήσω: pf. ἡμπλάκηκα:
 aor. 2 ἡμπλάκων:—Pass., pf. ἡμπλάκημαι:—like
 ἀμαρτάνω, to miss, fail, fall short of, c. gen.
 ἀμ-πνευμα, ἀμπνεύσαι, etc., poet. for ἀναπνέω.
 ἀμπνύε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 imper. of ἀναπνέω.
 ἡμπνύοντην, Ep. aor. 1 pass. of ἀναπνέω.
 ἀμπνύτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀμπνέω.
 ἀμ-πόνον, for ἀνὰ πόνον.
 ἀμπτάμενος, ἀμπταλῖν, v. ἀναπέτομαι.
 ἀμπυκάω: aor. 1 pass. ἡμπυκάσθην: (ἀμπυξ):—to
 bind the hair with a band: generally, to bind, wreath.
 ἀμπυκτῆρ, ἦρος, δ, = (ἀμπυξ) a band, fillet: also a
 horse's bridle. Hence
 ἀμπυκτῆριος, α, ον, of a horse's bridle or frontlet.
 ἀμπυξ, ὄκος, ὁ or ἡ, (ἀμπέχω) a band or fillet for
 binding the hair, a head-band, snood. II. the
 head-band of horses: also a bridle. III. any-
 thing rounded, a wheel
 ἀμπωτις, ἡ, gen. εως Ion. ιος, shortened from ἀνά-
 ποτις (ἀναπίνω), a being drunk up: of the sea, the
 ebb-tide.
 ἀμυγδαλέα, contr. -αλή, ἡ, the almond-tree.
 ἈΜΥΓΔΑΛΗ, ἡ, an almond. [δᾶ] Hence
 ἀμυγδάλινος, η, ον, of almonds.
 ἀμυγμα, ατος, τό, (ἀμύσσω) a tearing, rending: a
 scar.
 ἀμυγμός, δ, (ἀμύσσω) a tearing, mangling.
 ἀμύδης, Adv. = ἅμα, of Time, together, at the same
 time: oftener of Place, together.
 ἈΜΥΓΔΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὅν, akin to ἀμαυρός, dark, dim,
 faint, indistinct. Adv. -δρως: also neut. ἀμυδρόν as Adv.
 ἀ-μύθος, ον, (a privat., μύω) uninitiated, profane.
 ἀ-μύθητος, ον, (a privat., μύθεομαι) not to be told,
 inexpressible.
 ἀ-μύκητος, ον, (a privat., μύκασμαι) without lowing
 or bellowing: of places, where no herds low.
 Ἀμυκλαῖα, to speak in the dialect of Amyclae (a
 Laconian city).
 ἀ-μύλος, ὁ, (a privat., μύλη) a cake of fine meal, so
 called from the meal not being ground at a common
 mill.
 ἀ-μύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., μῶμος) blameless,
 excellent. [ἀμυ]
 ἀμύνθε, ἀμυνθῆν, 3 sing. and inf. poet. aor. 2 of
 ἡμύνω.
 ἀμυνθεοῦ, 3 sing. poet. aor. 2 med. of ἡμύνω.
 ἀμύναι, ἀμύνεσθαι, aor. 1 act. and med. inf. of ἡμύνω.
 Ἀμύναι, ον, ὅ, masc. pr. n. used as Adj. (ἀμύνω)
 on its guard.
 ἀμυνον, aor. 1 imper. of ἡμύνω.
 ἀμυντέον, verb. Adj. of ἡμύνω, one must assist: so
 too ἀμυντέα. II. one must repel.
 ἀμυντήρ, ἦρος, δ, (ἀμύνω) a defender
 ἀμυντήριος, ον, (ἀμύνω) fit for defending, defensive;
 ἀμυντήρια ἑπλά defensive armour. II. ἀμυντή-
 ριον, τό, as Subst. a means of defence.

αμυντικός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀμύνω) able to defend or avenga.
 ἀμύντωρ, ορος, ὅ, = ἀμυντήρ, a helper: an avenger.
 ἈΜΥΝΩ [ῶ], Ep. impf. ἀμυνον: fut. ἀμύνω, Ion.
 ἀμύνειν: aor. 1 ἡμύναι, Ep. ἀμύναι: poet. aor. 2 ἡμύ-
 νῶν:—to keep off, ward off, Lat. defendo: to de-
 fend, fight for, aid: rarely to requite, repay. II.
 Med. to keep or ward off from oneself, to defend one-
 self. . . . to avenge oneself on another, requite, re-
 pay, punish.
 ἀμύξεις, εως, ἡ, (ἀμύσσω) a tearing, scratching.
 ἈΜΥΞΩ, Att. -τω: Ep. impf. ἀμύσσω: fut.
 ἀμύξω: aor. 1 ἡμύξα:—to tear, scratch, wound: to
 tear in pieces. II. metaph. θυμὸν ἀμύξεις χαλ-
 μενος thou wilt lacerate thy heart with rage. [ᾶ]
 ἀ-μυστή, Adv. (a privat., μύω) properly without
 closing the mouth, i. e. at one draught. Hence
 ἀμυστήζω, f. σω: pf. ἡμυστικά: to drink deep,
 tipple. From
 ἀ-μυστις, ιος and ιδος, ἡ, a long draught of
 drink. II. a large cup, used by the Thracians.
 ἀμυχή, ἡ, = ἀμύξεις.
 ἀμφ-, old and poet. abbrev. for ἀναφ-; cf. ἀμψ-,
 ἀμφ-ᾄδω, only used in pres. and impf. (ἀμφ,
 ἀγαπάω) to embrace with love, treat kindly, greet
 warmly.
 ἀμφ-ᾄδω, = ἀμφαγάδω.
 ἀμφ-ἄγειρω, Ep. aor. 2 med. ἀμφαγερόμην: (ἀμφ,
 ἀγείρω):—to collect around:—Med. to gather around.
 ἀμφ-ἄγερθεμαι and -αγίρομαι, poet. for -αγέρομαι.
 ἀμφάδην, Adv. = ἀμφαδόν.
 ἀμφάδιος, α, ον, (ἀμφάδος) public, known: ἀμφαδίη
 as Adv. publicly, openly, Lat. palam.
 ἀμφαδόν, Adv. publicly, openly, without disguise
 From
 ἀμ-φάδος, η, ον, (ἀνα-φαίνω) public, notorious.
 ἀμ-φαίνω, poet. for ἀνα-φαίνω.
 ἀμψ-ᾄσσομαι, Pass. (ἀμφί, ἔλσω) to rush on from
 all sides, flutter or float around.
 ἀμφακῆς, Dor. for ἀμφηκῆς.
 ἀμφανδόν, Adv. poet. for ἀνα-φανδόν.
 ἀμφανένν, poet. for ἀναφανένν, fut. inf. of ἀναφαίνω
 ἑμφ-ᾄρβέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀμφί, ᾄραβέω) to rattle or ring
 about.
 ἀμφ-αραβίζω, only used in pres. and impf., = ἀμφ
 αραβέω.
 ἀμ-φάσθη, ἡ, poet. for ἀ-φασία (with μ inserted)
 speechlessness from fear, amazement, or rage.
 ἀμψ-άφασθαι, Ep. for ἀμφαφᾶσθαι, pres. med. inf
 of ἀμφαφάω.
 ἀμψ-ᾄδω, and Med. ἀμφ-αφάομαι, (ἀμφί, ᾄδω)
 to touch all round, feel on all sides: to fondle: to handle
 ἀμφάδων, -ῶσα, Ep. for ἀμφαρᾶν, ὦσα, pres. part
 of ἀμφαράω.
 ἀμφαδόντω, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of ἀμφαδῶ
 ἀμφέθετο, aor. 2 med. of ἀμφετίθημι.
 ἀμφ-ελικτός, ὅν, poet. for ἀμφιελ-, coiled round.
 ἀμφ-ελίσσω, Att. -τω, f. ἔζω, poet. for ἀμφιελίσσω
 to wrap, fold, or twine round.

ἀμφέπω, poet. for ἀμφιέπω.
 ἀμφερέφω, f. πῶ, (ἀμφί, ἐρέφω) to cover around.
 ἀμφερχομαι, aor. 2 ἀμφήλυθον or ἀμφήλθον: Dep. r.
 {ἀμφί, ἐρχομαι}:—to come round one, surround.
 ἀμφέρω, poet. for ἀναφέρω.
 ἀμφεστᾶσι for ἀμφεστῆκασι, 3 pl. pf. of ἀμφίστημι.
 ἀμφεύγω, poet. for ἀναφεύγω.
 ἀμφέσταν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ἀμφίστημι.
 ἀμφεχάνων, aor. 2 of ἀμφιχάνω.
 ἀμφεχύθην [ῦ], aor. 1 pass. of ἀμφιχέω.
 ἀμφεχύτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀμφιχέω.
 ἀμφήκης, es, (ἀμφί, ἀκή) two-edged, double-biting: of lightning, forked. II. metaph. that will cut both ways, false or ambiguous.
 ἀμφήλυθε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀμφερχομαι.
 ἀμφηρεφής, és, (ἀμφί, ἐρέφω) covered all round, close-covered.
 ἀμφήρης, es, (ἀμφί, ἐρέσσω) having oars on both sides. 2. (*ἀρω) fitted or joined on all sides, well-fitted. Hence
 ἀμφηρικός, ή, όν, worked by sculls, of a boat.
 ἀμφήρυκτος, ον, (ἀμφί, ἐριζω) contested on both sides, disputed. 2. equal in the contest.
 ἘΜΦΙ, Praep. c. gen., dat., et acc.:—Radic. signif. on both sides, around. I. c. GEN. about, for, for the sake of a thing:—about, concerning a thing, of it. 2. rarely of Place, about, around. II. c. DAT. I. of Place, about, around, round about:—at, by, near, with. 2. not of Place, about, for, on account of, for the sake of: regarding, concerning. 3. by means of. III. c. ACC., of Place, about, around, on, at: near about:—mostly with motion implied. IV. WITHOUT CASE, as Adv. about, around, round about, on all sides. V. IN COMPOS. about, on all sides, on both sides.
 ἀμφιέλος, ον, (ἀμφί, έλος) sea-girt, esp. having the sea on both sides, between two seas, Lat. bimaris.
 ἀμφιέλιχος, (ἀμφί, έλιχος) to sound on all sides: to fly about shrieking, in irreg. pf. part. ἀμφιέλιχος, via.
 ἀμφιβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα:—to go about or around. 2. to bestride: hence to guard, protect. II. to surround, encompass, wrap round.
 ἀμφιβάλλω, f. -βᾶλῶ: pf. -βέβηκα: Med., Ion. fut. -βαλέμην: aor. 2 inf. -βαλέσθαι:—to throw or put round, esp. of clothes, etc., to put them on a person, Lat. circumdare:—Med. to put on oneself, put on, Lat. accingi. 2 esp. to throw one's arms round, embrace: also to grasp. 3. to surround, encompass: but also to strike on all sides. II. intr. to go to another place: so also in Med
 ἀμφιβάς, aor. 2 part. of ἀμφιβαίνω.
 ἀμφιβασία, ή, v. ἀμφισβασία.
 ἀμφιβᾶσος, es, ή, (ἀμφιβαίνω) a going round, encompassing.
 ἀμφιβληγμα, atos, τό, (ἀμφιβάλλω) something thrown round, an enclosure. II. a garment.
 ἀμφιβληστρον, τό, (ἀμφιβάλλω) anything thrown

round: I. a large fishing-net. 2. a garment. 3. a fether, bond.
 ἀμφιβλήτος, ον, (ἀμφιβάλλω) put or thrown round.
 ἀμφιβόλος, ον, (ἀμφί, βοάω) noised abroad, far-famed.
 ἀμφιβολία, ή, the state of being attacked on both sides. II. uncertainty, doubt. From
 ἀμφιβολος, ον, (ἀμφιβάλλω) thrown round: hence, τὸ ἀμφιβολον a garment. II. struck, attacked on both or all sides. 2. act. striking with both ends, double-pointed. III. ambiguous, doubtful.
 ἀμφιβουλος, ον, (ἀμφί, βουλή) double-minded doubting.
 ἀμφιβροτος, η, ον, also os, ον, (ἀμφί, βροτός) covering the whole man, of a large shield.
 ἀμφιβροχος, ον, (ἀμφί, βρέχω) thoroughly soaked.
 ἀμφιβώμιος, ον, (ἀμφί, βομός) round the altar.
 ἀμφιγῆθω, to rejoice around or exceedingly.
 ἀμφιγνώεω, impr. ήμφεγνόντων: f. ἀμφιγνόησω: aor. 1 ήμφεγνόησα:—Pass., aor. 1 part. ἀμφιγνοηθείς: (ἀμφί, γνῶω Aeol. for γνώω):—to be doubtful about a thing, not to know or understand it:—Pass. to be unknown.
 ἀμφιγότης, ον, (ἀμφί, γοάω) bewailed all round
 Ἀμφιγυῆς, ό, (ἀμφί, γυίος) be that halts in both feet, the lame one, name of Vulcan.
 ἀμφιγύος, ον, (ἀμφί, γυϊον) properly having limbs on both sides:—in Homer of a spear, double-pointed: in Sophocles of men, well-practised.
 ἀμφιδαίω, to fight up around:—intrans. in pt. ἀμφιδέδρα, plqpf. -δεδήην, to burn around.
 ἀμφιδάκνω, f. δήξομαι, to bite all round.
 ἀμφιδάκρυτος, ον, (ἀμφί, δακρύω) causing tears on all sides: all mournful.
 ἀμφιδάσους, εια, v, (ἀμφί, δασύς) fringed all round.
 ἀμφιδέαι, αί, (ἀμφί, δέω) anything that is bound around, bracelets, anklets.
 ἀμφιδέδρα, -δεδήειν, pf. and plqpf. of ἀμφιδαίω.
 ἀμφιδέξιος, ον, with two right hands, very dextrous. Lat. ambidexter. 2. ambiguous, Lat. anceps: two-edged. 3. sometimes simply like ἀμφότεροι
 ἀμφιδέξιοι ἀκμαί both hands.
 ἀμφιδέρκομαι, pf. -δέδωκα, Dep. to look round about one.
 ἀμφιδέτος, ον, (ἀμφί, δέω) bound all round.
 ἀμφιδήρτιος, ον, (ἀμφί, δηρίομαι) disputed, doubtful.
 ἀμφιδιαινω, to water around.
 ἀμφιδίνω, f. ήσω, to wind or roll a thing all round: hence in pf. pass. ἀμφιδεδίνημαι, to be fitted close.
 ἀμφιδοκείω, f. εἴσω, to lie in wait for.
 ἀμφιδονέω, f. ήσω, to whirl round, agitate violently.
 ἀμφιδοξέω, to be doubtful:—Pass. to be disputed. From
 ἀμφιδόξος, ον, (ἀμφί, δόξα) of double sense, doubtful.
 ἀμφιδόρος, ον, (ἀμφί, δέρο) skinned all round quite flayed.
 ἀμφιδοχος, ον, (ἀμφί, δοχηή) as large as can be grasped.

ἀμφι-τευχής, ἐς, (ἀμφί, τεῦχος) encompassing the walls.
 ἀμφι-τέμνω, Ion. -τάμνω, to cut off all round, to intersept.
 ἀμφι-τίθημι, imperat. -τίθει: f. θήσω: aor. I ἔθηκα: aor. 2 ἀμφοτέρην: aor. I pass. ἀμφοτετέθην:—to put round, to put on: Med. to put on oneself.
 ἀμφι-τίνασσω, f. ἄξω, to shake around.
 ἀμφι-τιττῶβιζω, to twitter around.
 ἀμφι-τόμος, ov, (ἀμφί, ταμῆν) cutting on both sides, two-edged.
 ἀμφι-τορνος, ov, (ἀμφί, τορνῶ) well-rounded.
 ἀμφι-τρέμω, to tremble all over.
 ἀμφι-τρέχω, to run round, surround.
 ἀμφι-τρής, ἦτος, δ, ἦ, = ἀμφιτρητος.
 ἀμφι-τρήτος, ov, (ἀμφί, *τράω Root of τετραῖνω) bored through, with double entrance.
 ἀμφι-τρομέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀμφί, τρέμω) to tremble for.
 ἀμφι-φάειναι, (ἀμφί, φάω) to shine around.
 ἀμφι-φάλος, ov, with φάλοι all round; see φάλος.
 ἀμφι-φάνης, ἐς, (ἀμφί, φάνηναι) visible all round.
 ἀμφι-φοβέομαι, Pass. (ἀμφί, φοβέω) to fear or tremble all round.
 ἀμφι-φορεῦς, gen. ἑως Ep. ἦος, δ, (ἀμφί, φέρω) a large jar or picher with two handles.
 ἀμφι-φράζομαι, Med. to consider on all sides.
 ἀμφι-χάλνω, aor. 2 ἀμφ-ἐχάων:—to yaw round, threaten to swallow: to yaw wide.
 ἀμφι-χέω, f. -χέω: aor. I ἀμφέχαι:—Pass. aor. I ἀμφεχύθην [ῥ]: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. ἀμφέχυτο: pf. -κέχυμαι:—to pour or shed around:—Pass. to be poured around: to embrace.
 ἀμφι-χυρεῦν, f. σω, to dance around.
 ἀμφι-χυρῶτος, ov, (ἀμφί, χυρῶς) gilded all over.
 ἀμφιχυθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀμφι-χέω.
 ἀμφιχυτός, ov, (ἀμφιχέω) poured around, beared up around.
 ἀμφι-χάλος, ov, lame in both feet.
 ἀμφι-οδον, τό, (ἀμφί, ὁδός) part of a town with streets round it, a quarter of a town, Lat. vicus.
 ἀμφ-οδος, ἡ, (ἀμφί, ὁδός) a road round, a street.
 ἀμφ-ορεῦς, ἑως, δ, shortened form of ἀμφι-φορεῦς, a jar, also a cinerary urn: as liquid measure, = 1½ Roman amphorae, or nearly 9 gallons.
 ἀμφοτέρῃ, as Adv. (ἀμφοτέρως) in both ways, Lat. utrinque.
 ἀμφοτέρως, α, ov, (ἀμφω) Lat. uterque, both: κατ' ἀμφοτέρα on both sides, Lat. utrinque; ἐν ἀμφοτέροις towards both sides. Hence
 ἀμφοτέρωθεν, Adv. from or on both sides, Lat. ex utraque parte: from both ends.
 ἀμφοτέρωθι, Adv. on both sides.
 ἀμφοτέρως, Adv. in both ways. And
 ἀμφοτέρωσε, Adv. to or on both sides.
 ἀμφι-οὔθις, Adv. (ἀμφίς, οὔθας) from the ground.
 ἀμφράσσαιτο, poet. for ἀναφράσσαιτο, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀναφράζομαι.
 ἀμφύω, poet. ἀναφύω.

ἌΜΦΩ, τῷ, τὰ, τῷ, also οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, Gen. and Dat. ἀμφοῖν, both of two, Lat. AMBO: (same Root as ἀμφί.)
 ἀμφώβολος, δ, (ἀμφί, ὁβολός) a double spit.
 ἀμφώ-ως, ἐς, (ἀμφί, οὖς) two-eared, two-handled.
 ζυμφώ-της, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἀμφί, οὖς) a two-handled pail.
 ζυμφώ-τος, ov, = foreg., two-eared, two-handled.
 ἀμῶεν, for ἀμάσειν, 3 pl. pres. opt. of ἀμάω.
 ἀ-μῶμητος, ov, (α privat., μῶμιος) unblamed, blameless. Adv. -τως, blamelessly.
 ἀμωμον, τῷ, amomum, an Indian spice.
 ἀ-μωμος, ov, (α privat., μῶμος) without blame, blameless.
 ἀμῶς, Att. ἀμῶς, Adv. from the absol. ἄμῶς = τίς esp. in compd. ἀμῶς-γέ-πως, in a certain manner.
 'AN, a conditional particle, used like the Ep. and Ly. particle κε, ken.
 A. WITH INDICAT. ἄν makes an assertion, instead of being positive, dependent on circumstances: hence ἄν cannot be joined with pres. or perf., because that which is, or has been, cannot be made so dependent. I. WITH INDIC. —with fut. (only in Ep. poets) ἄν expresses that which certainly will happen, if something else happens first:—with imperf. ἄν expresses the frequent repetition of an act under certain circumstances, which would always happen; ἔλεγον ἄν he would say (whenever he had an opportunity); κλάσκεν ἄν he would keep on weeping:—with aorists ἄν expresses what would have happened on a particular occasion; ἔλεν ἄν he would have said. II. WITH OPTAT. it turns the wish, which the mood expresses when alone, into a conditional assertion. III. WITH SUBJUNCT. ἄν belongs rather to the particle on which the verb depends, than to the verb itself. IV. WITH INFINIT. ἄν is used in cases where the indic. or optat. would be joined with it.—ἄν never begins a sentence, and regularly follows the word whose signif. it limits, as εἶχον ἄν: but when words dependent on the verb precede it in the sentence, ἄν may follow any of them, because, in sense, they follow the verb, as πρόφασιν ἄν εἶχον = εἶχον ἄν πρόφασιν.
 ἄν, Conj. = ἐάν, with subjunctive. [α]
 ἄν or ἐν, shortd. Ep. form of ἀνά. [α]
 ἄν, shortened from ἀνά, for ἀνέστη (like ἐνι for ἐνέστι), be stood up, arose.
 ἄν-, sometimes for a privat. before a vowel.
 'ANA', Prep. c. gen., dat. et acc., used also in forms ἄν-, ἀγ-, ἀμ-: in general signif. opp. to κατά. I. c. GEN. on board; ἀνά νηὺς on board ship. II. c. DAT. on, upon. III. c. ACC. the common usage, implying motion upwards, I. of Place, up.—throughout. 2. of Time, throughout. 3. in numbers, up to. 4. taken distributively, e.g. ἀνά πᾶσαν ἡμέραν day by day: for ἀνά κράτος, v. συή κράτος. IV. as Adv. thereon, thereupon: through-out, all over. V. IN COMPOS. up to, towards, up, opp. to κατά: hence with a sense of strengthening. Also back, backwards = Lat. re-, retro-. [ἀνά]

ἀνα, for ἀνάστηθι, *up*! arise!
 ἀνα, vocat. of ἀνάξ, king, only addressed to gods.
 ἀνάβα, Att. for ἀνάβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀναβαίνω.
 ἀναβάδην, Adv. (ἀναβαίνω) going *up*, mounting:
 being *up* on high, aloft; opp. to καταβάδην. [βᾶ]
 ἀναβαρμὸς, ὅ, (ἀναβαίνω) a means of going *up*, a
 flight of steps, stair.
 ἀνα-βάθρα, ἡ, (ἀνά, βάθρον) a ladder.
 ἀνα-βαίνω, f. -βῆσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνέβην; also aor. I
 med. ἀνεβησάμην, Ep. 3 sing. ἀνεβήσето: pf. ἀνα-
 βέβηκα: I. intrans. to go *up*, mount, to go on
 ship-board, put to sea. II. in aor. I ἀνέβησα,
 Causal, to make to go *up*, make to go on board ship,
 make to mount:—Pass., aor. I part. ἀναβαθείς, mount-
 ed: so also pf. part. ἀναβεβαμένος.
 ἀνα-βακχικός, f. σω, (ἀνά, Βάκχος) to rouse to Bac-
 chic frenzy. 2. intr. to break into Bacchic frenzy.
 ἀνα-βακχυόω, = ἀναβακχέω.
 ἀνα-βάλλω, f. -βῶλομαι: pf. -βέβληκα:—to throw or
 toss *up*. II. to put back, put off:—Med. to lift *up*
 one's voice, to make a prelude, begin to sing. III.
 to put off, delay; in Act. and Med. IV. in Med.
 to throw one's cloak around one.
 ἀνα-βαπτίζω, f. σω, to dip repeatedly.
 ἀναβάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of ἀναβαίνω.
 ἀνάβῃς, εως, ἡ, (ἀναβαίνω) a going *up*, mount-
 ing. 2. an expedition *up* from the coast, esp. into
 central Asia, like that of the younger Cyrus. 3.
 the rising of a river. II. a way *up*, the ascent of
 a mountain, etc.
 ἀναβάτης, poet. ἀμβάτης, ον, ὅ, (ἀναβαίνω) one
 who is mounted, a horseman. [ᾶ]
 ἀναβατικός, ἡ, ὢν, (ἀναβαίνω) skilled in mounting.
 ἀναβατός, poet. ἀμπατός, ὢν, (ἀναβαίνω) that may
 be mounted or scaled, easy to be scaled.
 ἀναβέβηκα, pf. of ἀναβαίνω.
 ἀναβέρρῃεν, pf. of an obsol. ἀναβρύζω, to boil or
 bubble *up*.
 ἀνάβηθι, ἀναβῆναι, aor. 2 imper. and inf. of ἀναβαίνω.
 ἀνα-βιβάζω: fut. med. βιβάσομαι, Att. βιβῶμαι:
 aor. I ἀνεβίβασα, med. -σάσῃην:—Causal of ἀνα-
 βαίνω, to make go *up*: I. to mount one on horse-
 back. 2. to draw a ship *up*. 3. in Med. to put
 on board ship. 4. to bring *up* to the bar of a court
 of justice. Hence
 ἀναβιβαστέον, verb. Adj. one must set on.
 ἀνα-βίω: f. ἀναβιώσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνέβιω, inf.
 ναβιώναι, rarely aor. I ἀνεβίωσα: (ἀνά, βίος):—to
 come to life again, return to life.
 ἀναβιώσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναβίω) recovery of life.
 ἀναβιώσκομαι, aor. I ἐνεβιωσάμην, Dep. to bring
 back to life.
 ἀνα-βλαστάνω, f. βλαστήσω: aor. 2 ἀνέβλαστον:
 -το let it grow *up* again.
 ἀνάβλεμμα, ατος, τό, α look cast upwards. From
 ἀνα-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look *up*. 2. to look back
 upon, *Ans. respicere*. II. to see again, recover
 one's sight. Hence

ἀνάβλεψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναβλέπω) a seeing again, re-
 covery of sight.
 ἀναβλήθην, poet. shortd. ἀμβλήθην, Adv. (ἀνα-
 βάλλομαι) boiling *up*:—with sudden bursts.
 ἀνάβλησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω) a putting off, delay.
 ἀνα-βλύξω, f. ὕσω: aor. I ἀνέβλυσα:—to gush forth;
 ἀναβλύξεν ἔλαιον to gush out with oil.
 ἀνα-βλώσκω, aor. 2 ἀνέμολον, to go *up* or back.
 ἀνα-βοάω, fut. ἡσομαι: aor. I ἀνέβησα, Ion. inf.
 ἀμβῶσαι (for ἀναβοῆσαι):—to cry or shout aloud;
 utter a loud cry: to cry out something. II. to
 call on.
 ἀναβολάδην, poet. ἀμβ-, Adv. (ἀναβολή) bubbling
up. II. as a prelude or beginning of song.
 ἀναβολάς, shortd. ἀμβολάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω)
 throun *up*, of earth.
 ἀνα-βολή, poet. ἀμβολή, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω) that which is
 thrown *up*, a mound of earth. 2. that which is
 thrown around one, a cloak. II. a lifting *up* of
 the voice, a prelude. 2. a putting off, delaying.
 ἀναβολία, poet. ἀμβ-, ἡ, (ἀναβολή) delay.
 ἀνα-βράσσω, Att. -ττω: Pass., aor. I ἀνεβράσθην:
 —to make foam or boil *up*, to boil. Hence.
 ἀνά-βραστος, ον, boiled.
 ἀνα-βράχω, only found in 3 sing. aor. 2 ἀνεβράχεν,
 q. v.
 ἀνα-βρόχω, aor. I ἀνέβροξα, opt. ἀναβρόξεα, pf.
 ἀναβέροχα, to swallow again, gulp down: also aor. 2
 pass. part. ἀνα-βροχέας, εἶσα, ἄν, swallowed back, swal-
 lowed down again. Cf. καταβρόχω.
 ἀνα-βρονάξω, aor. I -εβρήξα, to shout aloud for joy.
 ἀνα-βρυχάομαι, Dep. to roar aloud.
 ἀναβῶσαι, Ion. for ἀναβοῆσαι, aor. I inf. of ἀνα-
 βοάω.
 ἀνά-γαιον, τό, = ἀνω-γαιον.
 ἀν-αγγέλλω, for the tenses see ἀγγέλλω:—to carry
 back tidings of a thing, report, Lat. *renunciare*.
 ἀνα-γελᾶω, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. I -εγέλασα: to
 laugh aloud.
 ἀνα-γεννάω, f. -ήσω, to beget anew, regenerate.
 ἀνα-γένομαι, Dor. for ἀν-γένομαι.
 ἀνα-γεύω, f. σω: aor. I ἀνέγευσα: to give to taste.
 ἀνα-γιγνώσκω, later ἀναγινώσκω: f. ἀναγινώσκομαι,
 aor. 2 ἀνέγνω: ἀνέγνωκα:—to know accurately. 2.
 to know again, recognise, ουν, Lat. *agnoscere*. 3.
 to distinguish, discern: hence to read. II. in
 Ion. Greek the aor. I ἀνέγνωσα is used in causal sense
 to persuade; and aor. I pass. ἀνεγνώσθην, pf. ἀνέ-
 γνωσμαι, to be persuaded.
 ἀναγκάζω, f. ἄσω: pf. ἡνάγκασκα: (ἀνάγκη):—to
 force, compel: to constrain, esp. by argument: also
 to force by torture, and so to harass, annoy. 2. to
 prove of necessity, to demonstrate. 3. with double
 acc. to force a person to do a thing.
 ἀναγκαῖη, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. for ἀνάγκη.
 ἀναγκαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἀνάγκη) of or with
 force: I. Act. constraining, forcing, pressing: ἡμαρ
 ἀναγκαῖον the day of constraint, i. e. slavery. 2.

forcibly, convincing. 3. of things, requiring to be done.

II. pass. forced: hence painful. 2. necessary: τὰ ἀναγκαῖα, necessities: also absolutely necessary, barely sufficient. 3. connected by necessary or natural ties: as Subst., ἀναγκαῖοι, ol, Lat. necessarii, relations.

ἀναγκάλως, Adv. of ἀναγκάως, of necessity, perforce: ἀναγκάλως ἔχει it is necessary: Sup. ἀναγκαιότατα.

ἀναγκαστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀναγκάζω, one must compel.

ἀναγκαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀναγκάζω) compulsory. ἀναγκαστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀναγκάζω, forced, constrained.

ΑΝΑΤΚΗ, Ion. and Ep. ἀνακλή, ἡ, Lat. necessitas, force, constraint, necessity: often in dat. ἀνάγκῃ as Adv. perforce, of necessity, also forcibly, by force. 2. necessity, natural want or desire, such as hunger. 3. actual force, violence: hence bodily pain, suffering. II. like Lat. necessitudo, the tie of kin, relationship.

ἀνα-γνάμπτω, f. ψω: Pass., aor. I ἀνεγνάμθην: to bend back or round. 2. to undo, loose.

ἀναγνοίην, ἀναγνῶναι, aor. 2 opt. and inf. of ἀναγιγνώσκω.

ἀνα-γνος, ον, (a privat., ἀγρός) impure, unbaste, generally unholy, guilty.

ἀνα-γνωρίζω: f. ἴσω, Att. ἴω: to know again, recognize. Hence

ἀναγνώρισις, εως, ἡ, recognition.

ἀναγνώσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναγνῶναι) a knowing again, recognition, owning. II. reading.

ἀναγνώσμα, ματος, τό, (ἀναγνῶναι) aor. 2 of ἀναγιγνώσκω) a passage read aloud.

ἀναγόρευσις, εως, ἡ, a crying aloud, proclamation. From

ἀν-ἀγορεύω: the Att. fut. is ἀνερῶ, aor. 2 ἀνείπον: to cry aloud, proclaim publicly:—Pass. to be proclaimed: to be generally called or surnamed.

ἀνάγραφτος, ον, (ἀναγράφω) written up or out, registered.

ἀναγράφεις, εως, ὁ, (ἀναγράφω) a notary, secretary.

ἀναγράφή, ἡ, a writing out: that which is written out, a public record. From

ἀνα-γράφω, f. ψω: aor. I ἀνεγραψα:—to write up, generally to enter in a public register or record. II. to describe. [γράφω]

ἀνα-γρύζω, strengthd. for γρύζω, to mutter.

ἀν-ἄγω, f. ἀνάγω: aor. 2 ἀνήγαγον: (ἀν, ἄγω): I. to lead up from a lower place to a higher, but in Homer = ἄγω, to conduct, carry. 2. ἀνάγειν ναῦν to put a ship out to sea; and then ἀνάγειν or ἀνάγεσθαι, absol. in same sense. 3. to lead up into the interior of a country. 4. to lead up, raise up, conduct, hence to celebrate. 5. to bring up, educate.

II. to bring back: to refer. III. intrans. (sub. ἐαυτὸν) to withdraw, retreat.

ἀναγωγέως, εως, ὁ, (ἀνάγω) properly one that leads

up: hence anything by which one leads, a rein, thong, etc.

ἀναγωγῆ, ἡ, (ἀνάγω) a leading up: a putting to sea. 2. a leading back, referring.

ἀν-ἄγωγος, ον, (a privat., ἀγωγή) without guidance or education, ill-bred: of horses and dogs, unbroke.

ἀν-ἀγωνιστος, ον, (a privat., ἀγωνίζομαι) without contest, never having contended for a prize.

ἀνα-δαίω, to divide anew: generally to divide or apportion a conquered land.

ἀνα-δαίω, poet. ἀν-δαίω, = ἀνακαίω, to light up.

ἀνα-δάσασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of ἀναδασάομαι.

ἀναδασμός, ὁ, (ἀναδάσασθαι) a re-distribution: generally a distribution, division.

ἀνάδατος, ον, (ἀναδάσασθαι) divided anew, redistributed: generally, distributed.

ἀνα-δατέομαι, f. -δάσομαι: aor. I ἀνεδασάμην:—to divide again, re-distribute.

ἀναδέδραμα, pf. 2 of ἀνατρέχω.

ἀνάδειγμα, ματος, τό, a means of shewing forth: a mouth-piece used by criers.

ἀνα-δείκνυμι and ἀνα-δεκνύω: fut. -δείξω, Ion. -δέξω:—to lift up and shew, shew forth. II. to make public, declare. Hence

ἀνάδειξις, εως, ἡ, a shewing forth, display: a proclaiming, election.

ἀνα-δέκομαι, Ion. for ἀνα-δέχομαι.

ἀν-ἀδελφος, ον, (a privat., ἀδελφός) without brother or sister.

ἀνάδεμα, poet. ἀνδεμα, ατος, τό, (ἀναδέω) a head-band.

ἀνα-δέξαι, Ion. for ἀναδείξαι, aor. I inf. of ἀναδείκνυμι.

ἀνα-δέρκομαι, aor. 2 ἀν-έδρακον:—to look up, to open the eyes again.

ἀνα-δέρω, f. δέρω: to draw off the skin, esp. to strip off the scar of a wound, Lat. refricare ulcus: hence to rip up old sores.

ἀνάδεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναδέω) a binding on.

ἀναδέσμη, ἡ, and ἀνάδεσμος, ὁ, (ἀναδέω) a band or fillet for women's hair, a headband.

ἀνάδετος, ον, (ἀναδέω) binding up.

ἀνα-δέω, to dye, imbue.

ἀνα-δέχομαι, fut. med. -δέξομαι: aor. ἀνεδέξαμην:—but Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἀνεδέγμαι: pf. ἀναδέεγμαι:

Dep.:—to take up, receive: also to take back. II. to take upon oneself, submit to. 2. to undertake, promise to do; also to be surety to one.

ἀνα-δέω, poet. ἀν-δέω: f. -δήσω: aor. I -έδησα: pf. pass. δέδεμαι:—to bind up, bind round; ἀναδέν τινα εὐαγγέλια to crown one for one's good news. II. ἀναδῆσαι ἐαυτοὺς ἐς τινα to trace up one's family to a founder.

III. Med. to fasten with a rope to oneself; ἀναδούμενος ἔλκειν (sc. ναῦς), to take a ship in tow.

ἀνάδημα, poet. ἀνδημα, ατος, τό, (ἀναδέω) a head-band.

ἀνα-διδάσκω, f. ἄξω, to teach over again: to teach

otherwise or better, Lat. *deducere*: also simply = διδάσκειν, to teach:—Pass. to learn better.

II. to expound, interpret.
ἀνα-διδωμι, poet. ἀνδιδωμι: f. δῶσω:—to give up: to give forth, esp. of the earth, to yield.

2. intr. of springs, fire, etc., to burst forth.

II. to give found, distribute: also to give back, restore.

ἀνά-δικος, ov, (ἀνά, δίκη) tried over again.

ἀνα-διπλώω, f. ὥσω, (ἀνά, διπλοῦς) to make double.

ἀνάδοτος, ov, (ἀναδιδωμι) given up or to be given up.

ἀνάδου, for ἀνάδοσο, aor. 2 imper. of ἀναδιδωμι.

ἀναδούναι, ἀναδούς, οὔσα, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἀναδιδωμι.

ἀναδούνται, ἀναδούμενος, 3 pl. and part. pres. med. of ἀναδιδωμι.

ἀναδοχή, ἡ, (ἀναδέχομαι) a taking up, acceptance:

ἀναδοχή πόνων the undertaking of labours.

ἀναδραμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνατρέχω.

ἀναδράμομαι, poet. for —οῦμαι, fut. of ἀνατρέχω.

ἀναδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀναδύομαι.

ἀνα-δύνω, to come to the top of the water.

ἀνα-δύομαι, f. δύσομαι: Dep. with aor. 2 act. ἀνέ-δυν, pf. ἀναδέδυκα: (ἀνά, δύω):—to come up, rise,

esp. from the sea: but absol. of the sun, to rise, of springs, to gush forth.

2. to draw back, retire:—

c. acc. to sbun: c. inf. to delay to do, avoid doing.

ἀναδῶν, Att. pres. part. of ἀναδέω.

ἀν-ἀένδος, ἡ, (a privat., ἔδων) without presents from the bridegroom, without bridal gifts.

ἀναείραι, aor. I inf. of ἀναείρω.

ἀν-αίρω, (ἀνά, αἶρω) to lift or raise up.

ἀν-ἀέλιτος, ov, (a privat., ἔλωμαι) unbodied, unlooked for.

ἀν-αεράω, lengthd. for ἀν-αίρω.

ἀνα-ζάω, inf. ἀναζῆν: f. ζήσω: to return to life.

ἀνα-ζεύγνυμι and —ύω, f. ζεύξω, to yoke or harness again: hence to prepare to go away again, esp. with an army, to break up, move off: and so of ships, νῆας ἀν. to set sail again.

2. intr. (sub. στρατόν, etc.) to march off. Hence

ἀνάξευξες, εως, ἡ, a marching away.

ἀνα-ζέω, f. ζέσω, to boil or bubble up.

ἀνα-ζητέω, to search into, examine, Lat. *anquirere*:

to search out, discover. Hence

ἀναζητήσις, εως, ἡ, investigation.

ἀνα-ζωγρέω, to recal to life.

ἀνα-ζώννυμι, f. ζώσω, to gird up.

ἀνα-ζωπύρεω, to light up again:—Pass. to gain fresh life.

ἀνα-θάλπω, to warm again.

ἀνα-θαρσέω, Att. —θαρρέω, to regain one's courage.

ἀνα-θαρσύνω, Att. —θαρπύνω, to fill with fresh courage.

II. intr. = ἀναθαρσέω.

ἀνα-θεῖναι, ἀνα-θεῖς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἀνατίθημι.

ἀνάθημα, ατος, τό, (ἀνατίθημι) anything devoted or accursed. Hence

ἀνα-θεματίζω, to make accursed, to bind by a curse.

ἀνα-θερμαίνω, to warm or heat again.

ἀναθεῖον, verb. Adj. of ἀνατίθημι, one must refer: one must defer.

ἀνα-θέω, f. —θεύσομαι and —θευσοῦμαι, to run up or back, return.

ἀνα-θεωρέω, to look at or observe carefully: to view or observe again.

ἀνα-θηλέω, like ἀνα-θάλλω, (ἀνά, θῆλυς) to grow green, bloom, or sprout afresh.

ἀνάθημα, ατος, τό, (ἀνατίθημι) that which is set up, esp. as a votive offering: in Homer only used of a delight or ornament. Cf. ἀγαλμα.

ἀνα-θλίβω, f. ψω, to press hard.

ἀναθορεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀναθρόσκειν.

ἀνα-θορυβέω, f. ἦσω, to shout in applause.

ἀνάθρεμμα, ατος, τό, (ἀνατρέφω) a nursling.

ἀν-αθρέω, (ἀνά, θρέω) to look up at: observe closely.

ἀνα-θρώσκω, poet. and Ion. ἀνθρώσκω: fut. ἀνα-θοροῦμαι: aor. ἀνέθορον, inf. ἀναθορεῖν:—to spring up, bound up, rebound: to spring upon.

ἀναίδειδ, Ep. and Ion. ἀναιδεῖν, ἡ, (ἀναίδη) shamelessness, assurance, effrontery.

ἀναιδεύομαι, Dep. (ἀναίδη) to behave impudently.

ἀν-αίδης, ἐς, (a privat., αἰδέομαι) shameless, un- abashed, reckless: the stone of Sisyphus is called

λᾶς ἀναίδης, reckless, ruthless.

ἀν-αΐσσω, to fan the flame.

ἀν-αΐθω, (ἀνά, αἶθω) to set on fire, to inflame.

ἀν-αΐμακτι, Adv. of sq., without bloodshed.

ἀν-αΐμακτος, ov, (a privat., αἰμάσσω) bloodless, un- stained with blood, Lat. *incruentus*.

ἀν-αΐματος, ov, = ἀναιμος.

ἀν-αΐμος, ov, and ἀν-αΐμων, ov, gen. ονος, (a privat., αἶμα) without blood, bloodless.

ἀν-αΐματι, Adv. like ἀν-αΐμακτι. [τι]

ἀναινοῦμαι: impf. ἡναινόμην, Ep. ἀναινόμην: fut. ἀναινοῦμαι (not in use): aor. I ἡναινόμην, inf. ἀνήνα- σθαι, subj. ἀνήνηται: Dep.:—to refuse, reject, spurn:

c. inf. refuse to do: hence to excuse oneself from a thing, renounce, disown: to repent, be ashamed of doing a thing. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀναΐξας, aor. I part. of ἀναΐσσω.

ἀναιρεθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of ἀναιρέω.

ἀναιρεσις, εως, ἡ, a taking up of dead bodies: bu- rial.

2. a taking upon oneself, an undertak- ing.

II. a destroying, destruction. From

ἀν-αίρέω: f. ἦσω: pf. ἀνήρηκα, pass. ἀνήρημαι: (v. αἰρέω):—to take up, Lat. *tollere*, and so

I. to take away, carry off, esp. of prizes: simply, to take up, lift.

II. to take away, destroy: of laws and customs, to abolish.

III. to appoint, ordain, esp. of an oracle's answer: but absol. to answer, give a response.

Med. to take up for oneself: hence to gain, win, receive: exact.

2. to take up dead bodies for burial.

3. to take up newborn children. Lat. *tollere*, *suscipere liberos*.

4. to conceive.

5. to take up money at interest.

II. to take upon oneself, undertake.

III. to take back to oneself, cancel.

ἀν-αίρω, f. ἀνῶρῶ, to *raise up*.
 ἐναίσθησις, ἡ, want of perception, insensibility. From
 ἀν-αίσθητος, ον, (a privat., αἰσθέσθαι aor. 2 of αἰσθάνομαι) *unfeeling, without feeling*. 2. *without common sense, senseless*. II. pass. *unfelt*.

ἀν-αίστιμος, impf. ἀναίστιμον: aor. I ἀναίστιμωσα:—Pass., aor. I ἀναισιμόθην: pf. ἀναισίμωμαι: (a privat., αἰσῖμος,—the simple αἰσίμω being never used):—an Ion. Verb. = Att. ἀναλίσκω, to use *up*, use; of time, to spend; of food, to consume. Hence

ἀναισιμώμα, ατος, τό, that which is used *up*, = Att. δαπάνη, expenditure, outlay.

ἀν-αίσσω, Att. ἀν-ῆσσω, ἀν-ῆττω (ἀνά, αἶσσω):—*to start up, rise up quickly, spring or burst forth*: c. acc. to leap upon. [anā-]

ἀναίσχυντός, (ἀναίσχυντος) to be *shameless, behave impudently*.

ἐναίσχυντία, ἡ, *shamelessness*. From
 ἀν-αίσχυντος, ον, (a privat., αἰσχύνη) *shameless, impudent*: of things, *abominable, detestable*.

ἀν-αίτητος, η, ον, (a privat., αἰτέω) *unasked*.
 ἀν-αίτιος, ον, (a privat., αἷτια) *without cause, groundless*. II. of persons, *guiltless, not chargeable, not to blame*.

ἀνα-καθαίρω, to *clear thoroughly*:—Pass. to become quite clear.

ἀνα-καθίζω, to *set up or upright*:—Med. to sit *up*. II. intr. to sit down again.

ἀνα-καινίζω, f. ἰωα, Att. ἰώ, to *renew*.
 ἀνα-καινουργέω, to *restore anew*.

ἀνα-καινώ, (ἀνά, καινός) to *renew, restore*. Hence ἀνακαινώσις, εως, ἡ, *renewal, restoration*.

ἀνακαῖον, τό, a *prison*.

ἀνα-καίω, aor. I ἀνάκαισα, to *kindle, light up*:—Med. to light oneself a fire: metaph. to fire, rouse, encourage: in Pass. to burn with anger.

ἀνα-κάλέω, poet. ἀγ-καλέω: fut. ἔσω:—to call *up*, esp. the dead. II. to call upon or call again

and again, and so to invoke the gods. 2. to summon. 3. to call by a name. III. to call back, recall, esp. from exile.

ἀνα-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to *uncover, unveil*. II. intr. to unveil.

ἀνα-κάμπτω, f. ψω, to *bend upwards or back*. 2. intrans. (sub. εἰντόν) to bend back, return.

ἀν-άκανθος, ον, (a privat., ἀκανθα) *without thorns or bones: without a spine*.

ἀνα-κάπτω, f. ψω, to *snarl up, swallow, gulp down*.
 ἀνακέαται, Ion. for ἀνάκεινται, 3 pl. of

ἀνα-κειμαι, poet. ἀγ-κειμαι: f. -κέσσομαι:—used as

Pass. of ἀνατίθην, to be laid *up*, as a votive offering; and so, to be dedicated; also, to be set *up*, as a statue.

II. to be referred to, depend upon.

Ἄνακειον, τό, the temple of Castor and Pollux. From Ἄνακες, ol, old form of ἀνακτες, the Kings, i. e. Castor and Pollux.

ἀνα-κέκλωμαι, poet. for ἀνα-καλέω, to call out.
 ἀνα-κέλαδος, ὅ, (ἀνά, κέλωμαι) a loud shout.

ἀνα-κέομαι, Ion. for ἀνά-κειμαι.

ἀνα-κεράννυμι and -νω: f. κερᾶσω [ᾶ]:—to mix again: generally, to mix *up*, mix well.

ἀνα-κεφαλαίως, f. ὥσω, (ἀνά, κεφαλή) to comprehend in a summary, sum *up*.

ἀνα-κτείνω, to *sprout up*, gush forth: also, to *burst violently*. [ῖ Ep.]

ἀνα-κηρύσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ἔξω, to *publish, to proclaim*, esp. to proclaim as conqueror: to offer by voice of herald: and so to put *up* to auction, which was done by proclamation of the κήρυξ.

ἀνα-κινδύνεω, f. σω, to *rush into danger again, to run a fresh risk*.

ἀνα-κινέω, to move *upwards*, to sway to and fro. 2. to rouse, awaken, Lat. suscitare. Hence

ἀνακίνησις, εως, ἡ, a *winning to and fro*. 2. excitement, emotion. [κί]

ἀνα-κίρναιμι, Dep. = ἀνα-κεράννυμι.

ἀνα-κλάζω, f. -κλάγγω: aor. 2 ἀνέκλαγον:—to cry aloud, scream out: of a dog, to bark, bay.

ἀνα-κλαίω, f. -κλαύσομαι, to weep aloud, burst into tears, also to weep for, to bewail.

ἀνα-κλάω, f. -κλάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἀνέκλασα:—to break *upwards* or back, to break in pieces.

ἀνάκλησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνακαλέω) a calling on, invocation: a summoning. II. a recalling, esp. from banishment.

ἀνακλιθῆσομαι, fut. pass. of ἀνακλίνω.

ἀνακλινθεῖς, later ἀνακλιθεῖς, poet. aor. I pass. of ἀνα-κλίνω, poet. ἀγ-κλίνω [ῖ]: fut. -κλινῶ: aor. I

ἀνέκλινα:—to make to lie back, to lean one thing against another: Pass. to lie, sink or lean back. II.

to *push or put back* a trap-door, and so to open it.

ἀνάκλιτος, η, ον, (ἀνακλίνω) leaning back.

ἀνα-κογχυλιάζω, f. σω, (ἀνά, κόγχη) to open and counterfeit a seal.

ἀνα-κοινῶ, f. ὥσω, to communicate or impart something to another: to communicate with another, consult him.—Med. with pf. pass. -κεκοίνωμαι, to communicate what is one's own to another: to impart.

ἀνα-κοιρανέω, to rule in or over.

ἀνα-κολπάζω, f. σω, (ἀνά, κόλπος) to gird *up* into a fold (Lat. sinus): absol. to gird oneself *up*.

ἀνακομιδή, ἡ, recovery of a thing or from an illness. From

ἀνα-κομίζω, poet. ἀγ-κομίζω: f. -ἴσω Att. -ἰώ: aor. I ἀνεκούμισα:—to carry *up*: esp. to carry *up* or against stream: Pass. to go *up*. II. to bring back, recover:—Med. with pf. pass. to bring back with one: to recover one's own: to bring to pass again:—Pass. to go back.

ἀνα-κοντίζω, f. ἰωα, to dart or fling *up*. II. intr. to shoot *up*, as blood from a wound.

ἀνακοπή, ἡ, a beating back: a recoil. From

ἀνα-κόπτω, f. ψω, to beat, force or drive back:—Pass. to stop short.

ἀνα-κουφίζω, f. ἰωα, Att. ἰώ, to lift or raise *up*:—Pass. to be lifted *up*, lightened in spirits. Hence

ἀνακούφισις, εως, ἡ, a *lifting up, lightening: relief* from a thing.
 ἀνα-κράζω, f. ἀφίμαι. aor. 3 ἀνεκράχον:—to *cry out, lift up the voice*.
 ἀνα-κραθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀνακράννυμι.
 ἀνάκρεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνακράννυμι) a *mixing up*.
 ἀνα-κρεομαι, Dep. to *begin to play*: of a bird, to *begin its voice*.
 ἀνα-κρεμάννυμι, poet. ἀγ-κρεμ-: f. -κρεμάσω: aor. 1 ἀνεκρέμασα:—to *bang up upon* a thing:—Pass. to *be banging up*: metaph. to *be in suspense*, Lat. *suspensus esse*.
 ἀνα-κρίνω [f] (for the tenses, v. κρίνω): to *examine well, search out*. II. to *examine beforehand*:—Med., ἀνακρίνεσθαι πρὸς ταυτούς, to *question one with another*. Hence
 ἀνάκρισις, poet. ἀγκρισις, εως, ἡ, an *examination, inquiry*.
 ἀνα-κροτέω, f. ἦσω, to *lift up and strike together*: absol. to *clap with uplifted hands, applaud vehemently*.
 ἀνάκρουσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνακρούω) a *pushing back, checking*, esp. *pushing a ship back, backing water*.
 ἀνακρουστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀνακρούω, one *must check*.
 ἀνα-κρούω, f. σω, to *thrust back, check*:—in Med. of a ship, ἀνακρούεσθαι ἐπὶ πρύμνῳ to *put her back sternwards*, by *backing water*. 2. Med. also in music, to *strike the strings, make a prelude*, like ἀναβάλλεσθαι.
 ἀνα-κτῶσμαι, f. κτήσσομαι: pf. ἀνέκτημαι: Dep.:—to *regain for oneself, recover, retrieve*. II. to *win a person over, gain his favour*.
 ἀνάκτησις, Ep. for ἀναγή, dat. pl. of ἀναγή.
 ἀνακτόριος, α, ον, (ἀνάκτωρ) *belonging to a lord or king, royal*: ἀνακτόριον, τό, = sq. a *temple*.
 ἀνάκτορον, τό, (ἀνάκτωρ) a *king's dwelling, palace*: also a *temple*.
 ἀνάκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ἀνάσσω) a *lord, king*.
 ἀνα-κυκῶω, f. ἦσω, to *stir up and mix*: to *confuse*.
 ἀνα-κυκλῶω, to *turn round again*:—Pass. to *revolve, come round again*. Hence
 ἀνακύκλωσις, εως, ἡ, a *coming round again, a circuit, revolution*.
 ἀνα-κυμβάλλω, (ἀνά, κύβαλον) to *rattle like κύμβαλα*: ὀφροὶ ἀνεκυμβάλλουσιν the *chariots were overturned with a rattling noise*, like that of cymbals.
 ἀνα-κύπτω, fut. -κύψω and -κύψομαι: aor. I ἀνέκυψα: pf. ἀνακέκυφα:—to *lift up the head*: esp. to *come up out of the water*: hence to *rise out of difficulties, to recover, emerge*.
 ἀνα-κυκλώω, f. ὦσω, to *wait aloud*. [v]
 ἀνὰκω, Adv. = ἐπιμελῶς, *carefully*, ἀνακῶς *εἶχειν τινός* to *look well to a thing*. (From ἀνακω, Adj. of ἀναγή, a *managery*.)
 ἀνακωχέω, f. σω, to *bold back, stay*, esp. of ships, to *keep them riding at anchor*: but ἀν. τὸν τόνον τῶν δουλῶν to *keep up the tension of the ropes, keep taught*. 2. Intr. (sub. εαυτὸν) to *keep still*. From ἀνακοχή, ἡ, incorrect form of ἀνοκοχή.

ἀναλαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀναλαμβάνω.
 ἀνα-λάβομαι, Dep. to *take again*.
 ἀν-ἀλάβεω, aor. I ἀνῆλάβα: to *raise a war-cry*: to *cry aloud*.
 ἀνα-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 ἀνέλαβον: pf. ἀνέληφα:—to *take up, take into one's hands*: generally, to *take with one*. 2. to *take into one's service, to adopt*. 3. like Lat. *recipere*, to *take upon one*: esp. in Med. to *undertake*, ἀναλαβεῖσθαι πύλεμον. 4. to *take up again, resume*, ἀναλαβεῖν λόγον.
 II. to *take back, regain, retrieve, repair*.
 III. to *pull about up*, of a horse. IV. to *gain quite over, attach to oneself*.
 ἀνα-λάμπω, f. λάμψω, to *flame up, take fire*.
 ἀναλγησία, ἡ, *insensibility, want of feeling*. From ἀν-ἀλγητος, ον, (a privat., ἀλγέω) *without pain*: I. of persons, *unfeeling, hard-hearted, ruthless*:—Adv. -τως, *unfeeling*. II. of things, 1. not *painful*. 2. very *painful, cruel*.
 ἀν-αλγής, ἐς, (a privat., ἀλγεῖν) *not bringing, feeble*.
 ἀνα-λέγω: Ep. impf. ἀλλέγον: fut. ἀναλέξω: aor. I ἀνέλεξα, Ep. inf. ἀλλέλα:—to *pick up, gather up*:—Med. to *pick up for oneself*. 2. to *recount*. II. to *read aloud*.
 ἀνα-λείχω, f. ξω, to *lick up*.
 ἀνάληψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναλαμβάνω) a *taking up*: a *taking again, a means of regaining*: a *repairing, making amends*. II. a *being taken up*: the *Assension*.
 ἀν-αλγής, ἐς, (a privat., ἀλγομαι) *not healing*.
 ἀνάλιστος, ον, Dor. for ἀνήλιστος, *barefoot*.
 ἀν-ἀλίσσω: f. ἀνάλωσα: aor. I ἐγήλωσα or ἀνάλωσα: pf. ἀνήλωκα or ἀνάλωκα:—Pass., fut. ἀνάλωθήσομαι: aor. I ἀνῆλθον or ἀνάλωθην: pf. ἀνήλωμαι or ἀνάλωμαι: the pres. ἀν-ἀλῶω, impf. ἀνάλουν are rare:—to *use up, spend*, esp. in a bad sense, to *squander*:—metaph., ἀν. ὕψον to *use to the full*, i. e. *enjoy, sleep*. II. of persons, to *kill, destroy*.
 ἀνάλκαια, ἡ, *want of strength*. From
 ἀν-αλκίω, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, acc. -ἴδα or -ιν, (a privat., ἀλκή) *without strength, impotent, unwarlike*.
 ἀν-άλλωμαι, Dep. to *leap up*.
 ἀν-αλμος, ον, (a privat., ἄλμυ) *not salted*.
 ἀνα-λογία, ἡ, (ἀνά, λόγος) *proportion, analogy*.
 ἀνα-λογίζομαι, Dep. to *count up*: sum up: to *think over, calculate, consider*. Hence
 ἀναλογισμός, ὁ, a *counting up, calculation, reasoning*: *ing with oneself*: also a *course of reasoning*.
 ἀν-αλος, ον, (a privat., ἄλς) *not salt, without salt*.
 ἀν-ἀλῶω, a rare form of ἀν-ἀλίσσω.
 ἀν-αλτος, ον, (a privat., ἀλθομαι) *not to be filled, insatiate*, Lat. *inexplebilis*.
 ἀνάλυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναλύω) a *loosing, releasing*: dissolution, death.
 ἀνα-λύω, Ion. and Ep. ἀλ-λύω: f. -λύσω [v]: pf. -λέλυκα, pass. -λέλυμαι:—to *unloose, undo again*: also to *set free*. II. to *do away, get rid of*: to *stop, put an end to*. III. intr. (sub. ἑαυτὸν, ναῦν, etc.) to *loose for departure, and so to depart, return*.

ἀνάλωκα, -ωμαί, pf. act. and pass. of ἀνάλωκα.
 ἀνάλωμα, ατος, τό, (ἀνάλω) that which is used or spent: *expense, cost, outlay*: in plur. *expenses*.
 ἀνάλωσα, ἀνάλωσαι, aor. I of ἀναλίσκω.
 ἀνάλωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνάλω) *expenditure*. [ἀνά]
 ἀν-άλωτος, ov, (α privat., ἀλῶναι) not taken, not to be taken, *impregnable*.
 ἀνα-μαυμάω, to rage through or througbout.
 ἀνα-μανθάνω, f. -μαθήσομαι, to learn again or anew, learn differently: to inquire closely.
 ἀν-ἀμάρτευτος, ov, (α privat., ἀμαρτέω) *impassable for wagons*.
 ἀν-ἀμάρτητος, ov, (α privat., ἀμαρτεῖν) without missing or failing, *unfailing*: in a moral sense, *faultless*.
 ἄδω. -τως, without fail.
 ἀνα-μασάομαι, Dep. to chew over again, Lat. *ruminari*.
 ἀνα-μάσσω, Att. -ττω: f. -μάξω: aor. I ἀνέμαξα:—to wipe up, wipe off; ἔργον, δ σὴ κεφαλῇ ἀναμάξεια a deed which thou wilt wipe off on thine own head, (as if it were a stain). II. Med. to knead one's bread.
 ἀνα-μάχομαι, f. -μαχοῦμαι, sometimes -μαχέσομαι or -ήσομαι: Dep.:—to renew the fight, to retrieve a defeat.
 ἀν-ἀμβάτος, ov, poet. for ἀν-ἀβάτος, (α privat., ἀβαλῶν) of a horse, not to be mounted, *unmanageable*.
 ἀνα-μέλω, f. ψω, to begin to sing.
 ἀνα-μένω, poet. ἀμμένω: f. -μενῶ: aor. I ἀνέμεινα:—to wait for, await: absol. to wait, stay. 2. to await, endure. 3. to put off, delay.
 ἀνά-μεσος, ov, in the middle.
 ἀνά-μεστος, ov, filled full. Hence
 ἀναμεστώω, f. ὥσω, to fill up, fill full.
 ἀνα-μετρέω, f. ἤσω, to measure back or over again, to remeasure the same road one came by: generally, to do or say over again, repeat. II. to measure out. Hence
 ἀναμέτρῃσις, εως, ἡ, a measuring out, a measurement.
 ἀνά-μύγα, poet. ἐμμύγα, also ἀνά-μυγα, Adv. *promiscuously*.
 ἀνα-μύγνυμι and -ύω, f. -μύξω: aor. I ἀνέμξα, to mix up together, to mingle. II. Med. to have social intercourse, join company.
 ἀνα-μυμνήσκω: f. ἀναμνήσω, poet. ἀμνησῶ: aor. I ἀνέμνησα:—to remind one of a thing: c. inf. to remind one to do: also to recall to memory, make mention of.—Pass. to remember.
 ἀνα-μύνω, poet. for ἀνα-μένω.
 ἀνα-μύξω, (ἀναμύγνυμι) Adv. mixed up, pell-mell.
 ἀνάμειξις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναμύγνυμι) *social intercourse*.
 ἀνα-μύσγω, poet. and Ion. for ἀναμύγνυμι.
 ἀναμνησθεῖς, part. aor. I pass. of ἀναμυμνήσκω.
 ἀνά-μνησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναμυμνήσκω) a calling to mind, recollection.
 ἀνα-μολεῖν, inf. aor. 2 of ἀναβλάσκαω.
 ἀνα-μορμύρω, to roar loudly, foam up, of the sea. [ῶ]
 ἀνα-μοχλεύω, (ἀνά, μοχλός) to lift with a lever: to force off.

ἀν-ἀμπλάκτητος, ov, (α privat., ἀμπλάκτῃς) *erring, without wandering*.
 ἀνα-μυχθίζομαι, Dep. to groan deeply.
 ἀν-ἀμφίλογος, ov, (α privat., ἀμφίλογος) *undisputed, undoubted*.
 ἀν-ἀμφισβήτητος, ov, (α privat., ἀμφισβήτητος) *undisputed, indisputable, about which there is no dispute*. II. act. without dispute or controversy.
 ἀνανδρία, ἡ, *unmanliness, cowardice*. From
 ἀν-ἀνδρος, ov, (α privat., ἀνδρ-, ἱ = ἀνεν ἀνδρός, without a husband: without men, desolate. II. *unmanly, cowardly, unworthy of a man*.
 ἀν-ἀνδρώ, f. ὥσω, to deprive of a husband. Hence
 ἀνάνδρωτος, ov, *widowed*.
 ἀνα-νεάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἀνά, νέος) to make young again
 ἀνα-νέμο, poet. ἀννέμο, to divide or distribute anew. II. Med. to count up, recount: to rehearse.
 ἀνα-νέομαι, poet. ἀννέομαι, Dep. to mount up, rise.
 ἀνα-νεόμοι, f. ὥσομαι: aor. I ἀνενοσάμην, poet. inf. ἀνενοσάσθαι: Dep.:—to renew, revive.
 ἀνα-νεύω, f. σω, properly to throw the head back in token of denial: hence to deny, refuse.
 ἀνανέωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνανέομαι) a renewal, revival.
 ἀνα-νήφω, f. ψω, to become sober again, come to one's senses. 2. trans. to make sober again.
 ἀν-αντα, Adv. of ἀν-άντης, up-hill, opp. to κάτωτα.
 ἀν-αντάγωνιστος, ov, (α privat., ἀνταγωνίζομαι) without a rival, without a struggle: *undisputed*.
 ἀν-άντης, es, (ἀνά, ἀντάω) up-hill, steep, opp. to κάτωτης: hence like Lat. *arduus, difficult*.
 ἀν-αντήρρητος, ov, (α privat., ἀντερῶ) not to be gainsaid. Adv. -ως, without contradiction.
 ἌΝΑΞ, ἀνακτος, δ: Ep. dat. pl. ἀνάκτεσι: a lord, king, applied to all the gods, esp. to Apollo. II. any earthly lord, prince, chief, king: also of the sons or kinsmen of kings, and generally, the chief persons of a state. 2. so too the master of the house, Lat. *berus*. 3. generally, one who is lord or master over anything, as κώπης ἀνάκτες: cf. χεῖρ-ἀναξ.
 ἀνα-ξάλνω, to rub or irritate afresh.
 ἀνάξασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of ἀνάσσω.
 ἀνα-ξηραίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I -ἐξηράνα. poet. inf. ἀν-ξηράνω:—to dry up.
 ἀν-ἀξίως, ov, also α, ov. (α privat., ἀξίος) *unworthy, not deemed worthy, c. gen.: absol. worthless*. 2. *undeserving of evil*.
 ἀναξί-φόρμυξ, ιγγο, δ, ἡ, (ἀνάσσω, φόρμυξ) *lord of the lyre*.
 ἀναξίως, Adv. of ἀνάξιος, *unworthily*.
 ἀνα-ξυνός, (ἀνά, ξυνός) = ἀνα-κοινός.
 ἀναξυρίδες, ἰδω, al. the trousers worn by eastern nations. (Persian word.)
 ἀνα-ξύω, f. ὕσω [ῶ]: aor. pass. ἀνεξύσθην:—to escape off.
 ἀνάξω, fut. of ἀνάσσω.
 ἀν-αοίγω, f. ξω, poet. for ἀν-αογαι.
 ἀνα-παίδεω, to educate afresh.
 ἀνάπαιστος, ov, (ἀναπαῖω) *struck back, rebounding*:

as Subst. ἀνάπαυστος (sub. πούς), *δ*, an *anapaest*, i. e. a dactyl reversed.

ἀνα-παύω, *φ*. σω, to strike again or back.

ἀνά-παύω, Adv. back again. II. *over again*.

III. *reversely*.
ἀνα-πάλλω, poet. ἀμπάλλω: fut. ἀναπάλλω: aor. I ἀνέπηλα: I Ep. aor. 2 part. ἀμπεπαλάν:—to swing to and fro, to put in motion:—Pass. with Ep. aor. 2 ἀνέπαλτο, to dart or spring up.

ἀνα-πάσσω, *φ*. άω, to scatter upon.

ἀνάπαυλα, *η*, *ή*, (ἀναπαύω) rest, repose, ease from a thing: of watches, κατ' ἀναπαύλας διρηρῆσθαι to be divided into reliefs. II. a resting-place.

ἀνάπαυσις, poet. ἀμπαυσις, εως, *ή*, (ἀναπαύω) rest, repose, ease: rest from a thing, cessation.

ἀναπανστήριος, Ion. ἀμπ-, *ον*, (ἀναπαύω) belonging to resting or rest:—as Subst. ἀναπανστήριον or ἀναπαντήριον, τό, a resting-place: the time or hour of rest: also (sub. σημείον), the sound of trumpet for all to go to rest.

ἀνα-παύω, Ion. ἀμπαύω, (for the tenses, *ν*. παύω):—to make cease, stop from a thing: later to give rest or relieve from a thing II. Med. to cease, leave off, desist from a thing: absol. to take one's rest, sleep: also to die. 2. to stop, halt, rest. 3. to regain strength.

ἀνα-πέλω, *φ*. πέλω: aor. I ἀνέπεισα:—to bring over to another opinion, to persuade against one's will: also in bad sense, to seduce, mislead.

ἀνα-πειρόμαι, *φ*. ήσομαι, Dep. to try or attempt again, to make trial of. II. as a military and naval term, to exercise, practise.

ἀνα-πέρω, *φ*. περώ: aor. I ἀνέπειρα, Ep. part. ἀμ-είρας: Pass. aor. 2 ἀνεπάρην [ᾱ]: pf. ἀναέπαρμαι, poet. ἀμτέπαρμαι:—to pierce through, spit.

ἀναπειστήριος, *α*, *ον*, (ἀναπεύω) persuasive.

ἀνα-πεμπαῶ, ἀ-ἄζομαι, to count over again.

ἀναπέμω, poet. ἀμπέμω, *φ*. ψω, (for the tenses, *ν*. πέμω):—to send up or forth:—Med. to send up from oneself. II. to send back.

ἀναπεπταμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἀναπετάννυμι.

ἀναπεσεῖν, ἀναπεσών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἀναπίπτω.

ἀνα-πετάννυμι and ἀνα-πεταννύω, also ἀνα-πετάω: fut. πετάσω, Att. πετώ: aor. I ἀνεπέτασα, poet. imper. and part. ἀμπέτασον, ἀμπετάσας:—to spread out or open, expand, unfold, unfurl:—pf. pass. part. ἀναπεπταμένος, *η*, *ον*, outspread, open.

ἀνα-πέτομαι, *φ*. πτήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνεπτόμην or ἀνεπτόμην, poet. part. ἀμπετάμενος; and in act. form ἀνέπτην, poet. opt. ἀμπεταίν: (*ν*. πέτομαι):—to fly up, fly up and away.

ἀναπέφηναι, pf. of ἀναφαίνω.

ἀνα-πήγγνυμι or -ύω, to transfix, spit.

ἀνα-πηδάω, poet. ἀμπηδάω: *φ*. ήομαι: (*ν*. πηδάω):—to leap, spring up or forth, start up; ἀν. ἐπ' ἔργον to jump up to work: of springs, to gush forth. II. to spring back.

ἀνά-πηδω, *ον*, (ἀνά, πηρός) maimed, crippled, halt.

ἀνα-πίδω, *φ*. ύω, to make to spring up.

ἀνα-πίμπλημι, *φ*. -πλήσω: aor. I ἀνέπλησα:—to fill up, Lat. *explere*:—to fulfil, accomplish. II.

to fill up, *appease*. III. to fill full of a thing, esp. with the notion of defiling: whence in Pass. to be infected.

ἀνα-πίπτω, *φ*. -πευόμαι: aor. 2 ἀνέπεσον: pf. ἀνα-πέπτομαι:—to fall back. 2. to fall back, give ground: hence to slacken, lose heart, Lat. *concedere* animo.

ἀνα-πίτνημι, poet. for ἀνα-πετάννυμι.

ἀνα-πλάσσω, Att. -πλάττω, *φ*. -πλάσω [ᾱ]: aor. I ἀνέπλᾱσα:—to form anew, remodel, recast, generally, to mould, shape.

ἀνα-πλέω, *φ*. ξω, to braid up, entwine, weave.

ἀνα-πλέω, *φ*. -πλευσομαι or -πλευσούμαι: aor. I ἀνέπλευσα: Ion. pres. ἀνα-πλέω:—to sail upwards, to sail up stream: also to put out to sea. II.

to sail the same way back again, sail back: of fish, to swim back.

ἀνά-πλεω, *ον*, gen. *ω*: also fem. ἀναπλέα:—Ion. and Att. for ἀνάπλεος: (ἀνά, πλέω = πλέος):—filled up, quite full of a thing. II. defiled or infected with a thing.

ἀνα-πληρώ, *φ*. ύω, to fill up, fill full. II. to fill up again:—Pass. to return to one's full size, of the sun after an eclipse.

ἀναπλήσαι, ἀναπλήσας, aor. I inf. and part. of ἀναπλήρημι.

ἀνάπλοος, contr. ἀνάπλους, *δ*, (ἀναπλέω) a sailing upwards, esp. up stream: also a putting out to sea.

ἀν-απλώ, *φ*. ύω, to unfold, open.

ἀνα-πλώω, Ion. for ἀνυπλέω.

ἀνα-πνέω, Ion. ἀμπνέω, Ep. for ἀναπνέω.

ἀναπνεύσει, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀναπνέω.

ἀνάπνευσ, εως, *ή*, (ἀναπνέω) a breathing again: respite, rest from a thing. II. a drawing breath.

ἀνάπνευστος, *ον*, poet. for ἀπνευστος, without drawing breath, breathless.

ἀνα-πνέω, *φ*. πνεύσομαι: aor. I ἀνέπνευσα:—to breathe again, have a respite, rest oneself from a thing: (for the forms ἀμπνυ, ἀμπνυτο, ἀμπνύνθη *ν*. sub vocc.) II. to draw breath, breathe, Lat. *respiro*.

III. to breathe forth, send forth.

ἀναπνοή, poet. ἀμπνοή, *ή*, (ἀναπνέω) recovery of breath, rest. II. a drawing breath, Lat. *respiratio*.

ἀνάπνυ, poet. pres. imperat. of ἀναπνέω.

ἀν-απόδεικτος, *ον*, undemonstrated, indemonstrable.

ἀνα-ποδίξω: *φ*. ύω, Att. ύω: aor. I ἀνεπύδισα (ἀνά, πούς):—to make to step back, call back *ανά* question; ἀναποδίζεν ἑαυτόν to correct oneself. II.

intrins. to step back.

ἀν-άποιος, *ον*, (a privat., ἀποινα) without ransom or reward: neut. ἀνάποιον, Adv. without recompense.

ἀνα-πολέω, poet. ἀμπολέω, properly to turn up the ground again, plough up: hence to go over again to repeat, reconsider.

ἀν-απολόγητος, ον, (a privat., ἀπολογέομαι) indefensible, inexcusable. 2. act. unable to defend oneself, without excuse.

ἀναπομπή, ἡ, (ἀναπέμω) a sending up; θησαυρῶν ἀν. a digging up of treasures.

ἀναπομπός, ὁ, (ἀναπέμω) one that sends up or back.

ἀν-ἀπονίπτος, ον, (a privat., ἀπονίζω) unwashed.

ἀνα-ποτάομαι, Dep. = ἀναπέτομαι.

ἀνα-πράσσω, Att. -πτω, fut. -πράξω, to exact, levy;

ἀν. ὑπόσχεσθαι to exact the fulfilment of a promise.

ἀνα-πρήθω, f. σω, properly to set on fire, light up;

θάκρυ' ἀναπρήσας letting tears burst forth.

ἀνα-πτερόω, f. ὥσω; aor. I ἀν-επτέρασα; pf. -επτέ-

ρακα;—to furnish with wings or to raise the wings

for flight: generally, to raise, set up. 2. of the

mind, to set on the wing, excite vehemently:—Pass.

to be on the wing, be in a state of excitement. II.

to furnish with new wings:—Pass. to get new wings.

ἀναπτῆναι, ἀναπτάσθαι, ἀναπτέσθαι, inf. of ἀν-

έπτην, ἀνεπτάμην, ἀνεπτόμην, aor. 2 of ἀναπέτομαι.

ἀνα-πτύσσω, fut. ὕψω:—Pass., aor. I ἀνεπτύχην,

aor. 2 ἀνεπτύγην [ῶ]: (v. πτύσσω):—to unfold, undo,

esp. of rolls of books; and so, like Lat. evolve, to

unroll for reading: hence to unfold, bring to light,

Lat. explicare. II. as military term, τὴν φά-

λαγγα ἀναπτύσσειν to fold back the phalanx, i. e.

deepen it by wheeling men from either flank into

rear; but, τὸ κέρας ἀναπτύσσειν to open out the

wing, i. e. extend the front, Lat. explicare. Hence

ἀναπτύχῃ, ἡ, an opening, unfolding: an expanse.

ἀνα-πτύω, f. ὕσω [ῶ], to spit up or out: absol. to

sputter.

ἀν-άπτω, f. ψω; aor. I ἀνήψα:—to bang up to,

fasten on or to a thing; ἀγάλματα ἀνάπτειν, =

ἀνατιθέναι, to bang up votive gifts; μῶμον ἀνάπτειν

to fasten disgrace upon one:—Med. to fasten for one-

self; ἀνάπτειν ναῦν to fasten a ship to oneself and

tow it away:—Pass. to be fastened or fasten oneself

on, cling to. II. to light up, light, kindle: me-

taph. to inflame.

ἀνα-πυνθάνομαι, f. -ρεύσομαι; aor. 2 ἀνεπυθόμην;

Dep.:—to search out, inquire into: also to learn by

inquiry. Hence

ἀνάπυστος, ον, searched out, ascertained, notorious.

ἀνάπυτος, shortened ἀμπυτος, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ἡ,

(ἀνάλιν) a being drunk up: of the sea, the ebb-tide,

returning of the waters.

ἀναρ-, in compds. of ἀνά with words beginning with

ῥ the ῥ is usually doubled, as in ἀναρ-παίω, etc.,

though in poets and Ion. Greek it is sometimes single.

ἀναραιρετικώς, Ion. for ἀνηρητικώς, pf. part. of ἀναίρειν.

ἀν-ἀργυρος, ον, (a privat., ἀργυρος) without silver:

without money.

ἀν-ἀρθρος, ον, (a privat., ἀρθρον) without joints: dis-

jointed, nerveless. 2. of sounds, inarticulate.

ἀν-ἀριθμέω, f. ἡσوما, to count up, enumerate.

ἀν-ἀριθμητος, ον, (a privat., ἀριθμητος) = εἰ.

ἀν-ἀριθμος, ον, (a privat., ἀριθμός) without number,

countless: without bounds in a thing: c. gen. taking

no account of a thing.

ἀν-αρκτος, ον, (a privat., ἀρχω) not governed or

subject: not submitting to be governed.

ἀναρμοστία, ἡ, unsuitableness: discord. From

ἀν-ἀρμοστος, ον, (a privat., ἀρμύω) unfit, incon-

gruous: of sound, inharmonious: of persons, ad-

surd. 2. unfitted, unprepared.

ἀναρπάγῃ, ἡ, recapture. From

ἀν-αρπάξω, fut. ἀξω, Att. ἀσω or ἀσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. I

ἀνήρπασα:—to tear up, snatch up. II. to hurry

along, to carry off, to drag by force, esp. before a

magistrate, Lat. rapere in jus. III. to take by

storm, and so to plunder, generally, to treat with vio-

lence. Hence

ἀναρπαστός, ὢν, also ἡ, ὄν, torn away, carried off,

esp. into Persia, treated with violence.

ἀναρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι, (ἀνά, ρέω) to flow back or to

the source.

ἀναρ-ρήννυμι or -ῦω; f. -ρήξω; aor. I ἀνέρρηξα:

—to break up, break through or open. II. to

make break forth; ἀναρρήξαι ἔπη, like Lat. rumpere

voices:—Pass. to burst forth. III. intr., like Pass.

to burst forth.

ἀναρ-ρηθῆναι, aor. I pass. of aor. 2 act. ἀνείπειν.

ἀναρρήξας, aor. I part. of ἀναρρήννυμι.

ἀναρ-ρίπτω or ἔω; f. -ρίψω; aor. I ἀνέριψα:—

to throw up; ἀναρριπτεῖν ἅλα πηδῶ to throw up the

sea with the oar. II. ἀναρριπτεῖν κίνδυνον to run

the hazard of a thing, run a risk: also without κίν-

δυνον, εἰς ἅπαν τὸ ὑπάρχον ἀναρριπτεῖν to throw for

one's all, stake one's all.

ἀν-αρρήχδομαι, impf. ἀνερριχώμην; fut. ἀναρρήχ-

σομαι; aor. I ἀνερρήχσάμην; Dep.:—to clamber up

with the hands and feet, to scramble up.

ἀνάρροια, ἡ, (ἀναρρέω) a flowing back, reflux, ebb.

ἀναρ-ροιβδέω, to swallow back, gulp down again.

ἀνάρ-ρύσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνά, ρύω = ἔρῳ) a snatching

away, rescuing. 2. the second day of the festival

'Ἀπατούρια.

ἀναρ-ρύννυμι and -ῦω, fut. -ρώσω; aor. I ἀνέρ-

ρωσα:—to strengthen again:—Pass. to regain strength

or spirit.

ἀν-ἀρσιος, ον, also α, ον, (a privat., ἀρσιος) not sit-

ting together: hence hostile, unpropitious, implacable:

of things, untoward, strange, monstrous.

ἀν-αρτάω, f. ῥω; aor. ἀνῆρτησα:—to hang up or

upon, to attach to, make dependent upon.—Med. with

pf. pass. ἀνῆρτημαι, to attach to oneself: also to sub-

duce:—Pass. also with pf. ἀνῆρτημαι, to be dependent

upon; ὅτε πάντα εἰς ἑαυτὸν ἀνῆρτηται who has

everything dependent on himself; but ἀνῆρτηται,

c. inf. to be prepared to do.

ἀν-ἀρτιος, ον, (a privat., ἀρτιος) uneven, odd; cf.

ἀρτιος.

ἀν-ἀρχαίω, f. σω, to make old again.

ἀναρχία, ἡ, the state of a people without government,

anarchy. From

ἀναρχος, *ov*, (α privat., ἀρχή) without head or chief. 3. without beginning.

ἀνα-σεράζω, *f. άσω*, (ἀνά, σείρα) to pull back with a rein, draw aside.

ἀνα-σειώ, poet. ἀνασειώω, *f. σείσω*, to shake up or back: to swing to and fro, move up and down.

ἀνασειυρίμενος, part. pf. pass. of ἀνασίρω.

ἀνα-σεύω, to move upwards:—Pass. with Ep. aor. 2 ἀνεσσύμην, 3 sing. ἀνεσσύτο, to spring up or forth.

ἀνα-σκάπτω, *f. ψω*, to dig up.

ἀνα-σκέπτομαι, see ἀνα-σκοπέω.

ἀνα-σκευάζω, *f. άσω*: pf. ἀνεσκεύακα:—Pass., aor. I ἐνεσκευάσθην: pf. ἀνεσκευάσμαι:—opp. to κατα-

σκευάζω, to pack up the baggage (τὰ σκεύη), Lat. *vassa colligere*: hence of an army, in Med., to break up their quarters, march away. 2. to dis-

furnish, dismantle a place: Med. to dismantle one's house. 3. to waste, ravage. 4. in Pass. to be bankrupt; ἀνεσκευάσμεθα we are undone.

ἀν-άσκητος, *ov*, (α privat., ἀσκέω) unpractised, unexercised.

ἀνα-σκολοπιζώ, *f. ίσω*, to fix on a pole or stake, impale:—fut. med. inf. ἀνασκολοπιεῖσθαι occurs in pass. sense.

ἀνα-σκοπέω, fut. -σκέβομαι: aor. ἀνεσκεψάμην:—to look at, view attentively, inquire into.

ἀνα-σπαράσσω, *f. έω*, to tear up.

ἀνίσταστος, *ov*, dragged up, esp. from one's country up into central Asia. 2. of a door, drawn back, i.e. opened. From

ἀνα-σπᾶω, poet. ἀνσπᾶω: *f. -σπᾶω* [ᾶ]: aor. I ἀνέσπᾶσα:—to draw or pull up: to draw a ship up. 2. to draw or suck up: to draw back. II.

τὰς ἑφύς ἀνσπᾶν to draw up the eyebrows, and so put on an important air; λύγους ἀνσπᾶν to utter boastful words.

ἀνασσα, *ῆ*, fem. of ἀναξ, a queen, lady, mistress.

ἀν-άστῳτος, Dor. for ἀν-ήσσητος.

ἀνασεύεσκε or -εσκε, Ion. for ἀνέσειε, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνασειώ.

ἀνάσσω, impf. ἦνασσον, Ep. ἀνασσον: fut. ἀνέξω: aor. I ἦναξα, Ep. ἀναξα: (ἀναξ):—to be lord or master, to rule, reign over:—Med., τρις ἀνάξασθαι γένεα ἀνδρῶν to have reigned for three generations:—Pass. to be ruled.

ἀν-άσσω, Att. for ἀναίσσω.

ἀνάστα, for ἀνάστηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀναστᾶδον, Adv. (ἀνίστημι) upright.

ἀναστάς, ἀναστήναι, aor. 2 part. and inf. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀνάστασις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ῆ: I. causal (ἀνίστημι) a making to stand up, awakening. 2. a making to rise and leave their place, removal: usu. in bad sense, laying waste, destruction. 3. a rebuilding. II. pass. (ἀνίσταμαι) a standing or rising up, esp. in token of respect: ἀνάστασις ἐξ ὕπνου an awakening: the Resurrection.

ἀναστᾶτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀνίστημι) a destroyer.

ἀναστᾶτης, *ov*, ὁ, = ἀναστᾶτήρ.

ἀνάστατος, *ov*, (ἀνίσταμαι) made to rise up and depart, driven from one's house and home: hence laid waste, ravaged. Hence

ἀναστατόω, *f. άσω*, to ruin, put in confusion.

ἀνα-σταυρόω, *f. άσω*, to impale or crucify, like ἀνα-σκολοπιζώ. II. to crucify afresh.

ἀνα-στέλλω, *f. -στελῶ* (for the tenses, v. στέλλω): —to send up, raise:—Med. to gird up one's clothes. 2. to keep back, check:—Pass. to go back, retire. 3. seemingly intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν), to with-

draw.

ἀνα-στενάζω, *f. άξω*, = ἀναστένω.

ἀνα-στενάζω, = ἀναστένω.

ἀνα-στενάχω, to groan aloud over, bewail aloud. [ᾶχ]

ἀνα-στένω, to groan aloud. 2. to bewail aloud.

ἀνα-στέφω, *f. ψω*, to crown, wreath:—Pass., pf. ἀνέ-στεμμαί κόρα I have my head wreathed.

ἀνα-στηρίζω, *f. έω*, to fix on a firm base.

ἀναστήτημι, Desiderative from ἀναστήσω (fut. of ἀνίστημι), I desire to set up.

ἀναστήσομαι, -στήσω, fut. med. and act. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀναστολή, ῆ, (ἀναστέλλω) a putting back.

ἀνα-στορόω, *f. άσω*, to furnish with a mouth: ἀνα-στοροῦν τάφρον to open, clear out a trench.

ἀνα-στρέφω, *f. ψω*: pf. ἀναστραμμαί:—to turn up-side down, to turn up by digging. II. to turn back, around or about; ἀναστρέφειν πάλιν to repeat: to rally. 2. intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν), to turn back, re-

turn. III. Pass. with fut. med. -στρέφομαι, to turn oneself about in a place, tarry there, like Lat. *versari*; γαίαν ἀναστρέφομαι to go and dwell in a land. 2. to be used in a thing. 3. to re-

volve. 4. of soldiers, to rally. Hence

ἀναστροφή, ῆ, a turning back or about, a return: a turning about in battle, whether to flee or rally. 2. a turning about in a place, dwelling in a place: hence the place where one tarries, an abode.

ἀνα-στροφώω, poet. for ἀνα-στρέφω, to turn every way.

ἀνα-σύρω [ῶ], *f. -σύρῶ*: aor. I ἀνέσυρα:—to draw or pull up: in Med. to pull up one's clothes.

ἀνα-σφάλλω, *f. -σφάλω*: aor. I ἀνέσφηλα:—to recover from a fall; recover.

ἀνασχεθέων, contr. ἀνασχεθεῖν, inf. of ἀνέσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of ἀνέχω.

ἀνασχεῖν, ἀνασχεσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἀνέχω.

ἀνασχετός, poet. ἀνοσχετός, ὅν, (ἀνέχωμαι) to be undergone or suffered, tolerable.

ἀνασχεῖν, ἀνασχών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἀνέχω.

ἀνα-σχιζώ, *f. ίσω*, to split up, rip up.

ἀνα-σώζω, *f. -σάσω*: aor. I ἀνέσωσα:—to recover what is lost:—Med. to regain for oneself. 2. to bring back, restore:—Pass. to return safe. 3. to keep in mind.

ἀνα-τᾶράσσω, Att. -ττω: fut. -ταράξω: to stir up and trouble: hence to excite, rouse to phrensy: pf. pass. part. ἀναταραγμένον, in confusion.

ἀνα-τάσσω, Att. -τᾶζω: f. -τάζω: to set in order again:—Med. to go regularly through again.

ἀνατέθραμμαι, pf. pass. of ἀνατρέφω.

ἀνῆται or ἀναίτ, Adv. of ἀνατος, with impunity.

ἀνα-τείνω, poet. ἀντέλνω: f. -τενώ: aor. I ἀνέτεινα:—to stretch up or forth; χεῖρα ἀνατείνειν to lift up the hand in adjurations; μάχαιραν ἀνατεταμένους having his sword stretched forth. II. intrans. to reach up.

III. to stretch or spread out, as a line of battle.

ἀνα-τεχνίζω: fut. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ: to rebuild or repair new walls. Hence

ἀνατεχνισμός, ὁ, building of new walls.

ἀνα-τέλλω, poet. ἀν-τέλλω: f. -τελῶ: aor. I ἀνέτεila:—to make or let rise up, Lat. submittito: hence to bring forth, bring to light. II. intr. (sub.

εἰσόντων), to rise up, come to light, rise, esp. of the sun and moon: of the rising or source of a river: φλόξ ἀνατελλομένη a flame blazing forth: to grow.

ἀνα-τέμνω, f. τεμῶ: (for the tenses, v. τέμνω):—to cut up, cut open: to cut off.

ἀνάτῃ, Adv.=ἀνατέλ.

ἀνα-τίθημι, f. ἀνάθω: (for the tenses, v. τίθημι):—to lay on as a burden; but also to attribute of ascribe in token of honour: to entrust. II. to set up as a votive gift, dedicate: hence the votive gift was ἀνάθημα.

III. to put back, remove: c. gen. to remove from; προσθεῖσα κἀναθεῖσα τοῦ γε καθα-νεῖν adding to or taking away from the necessity of death IV. Med. to take upon oneself, under- go.

2. to place differently, rearrange: in Att. to retract one's opinion.

ἀνα-τιμάω, f. ἤσω, to raise in price.

ἀνα-τινάσσω, f. ξω, to sway to and fro, brandish.

ἀνα-τλάω, part. of sq.

ἀνα-τλήναι, inf. of aor. 2 ἀν-έτην, with no pres. ἀνά-τλημι in use (ἀνατολμάω being used instead): fut. -τλήσομαι:—to bear, suffer, sustain.

ἀνατολή, poet. ἀντολή, ἡ, (ἀνατέλλω) a rising, esp. of the sun and moon: ibe East.

ἀνα-τολμάω, f. ἤσω, to regain courage.

ἀν-άτος, ov, (a privat., ἀτή) without harm, unharmed.

II. act. not harming, harmless.

ἀνα-τρέπω, poet. ἀντρέπω: f. -τρέψω: aor. I ἀνέ-τρεψα:—to turn up or over, upset. 2. to over-throw, Lat. evertere. 3. Pass. with fut. med. -τρέ-ψομαι, to be cast down, disheartened.

ἀνα-τρέφω, fut. -θρέψω: aor. I ἀνθρέψα:—to bring up, nourish, educate.

ἀνα-τρέχω, fut. ἀναθρέβομαι and ἀναδραμούμαι: aor. 2 ἀνέδραμον:—to run back. 2. to start up.

3. to go straight up; ἀναέδρομε πέτρη (pf. with pres. sense) the rock runs sheer up. 4.

to run up, shoot up, of plants: thence of cities.

ἀνά-τριψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνά, τριπάλω) a boring through.

ἀνα-τρίβω, f. ψω, to rub well, rub clean. II. to rub in pieces: Pass. to be worn away. [Γ]

ἀνατροπή, ἡ, (ἀνατρέπω) an overturning, upset.

ἀνα-τυρβάω, f. ἴσω, to stir up and confound.

ἀν-αύγητος, ov, (a privat., αὐγή) rayless.

ἀν-αύδητος, Dor. -ἄτος, ov, (a privat., αὐδάω) un-utterable, Lat. infandus. 2. speechless.

ἀν-αυδός, ov, (a privat., αὐδή) speechless, voiceless: preventing speech. II. unutterable.

ἀν-αυλός, ov, (a privat., αὐλός) without the music of the flute: hence joyless, sad.

*ἀ-ναυς, gen. ἀνίος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., ναῦς) without ships; ναὺς ἀναὺς ships that are ships no more, Lat. naves nenaves.

ἀνα-φαῖνω, poet. ἀμφαῖνω, f. -φᾶνῶ: aor. I ἀνέφηνα, or -ἐφᾶνα:—to make shine: to bring to light, show forth: to proclaim. II. Pass. with fut. med.

ἀναφανήσομαι, pf. act. ἀναπέφηνα, to be shown forth, appear plainly: also to reappear: to be seen or shown to be, hence to be accounted.

ἀναφάνας, aor. I part. of ἀναφαῖνω, having made to appear, having come in sight of. [φᾶ]

ἀναφανδᾶ, Adv. (ἀναφαῖνω) visibly, openly.

ἀναφανδόν, Adv.=foreg.

ἀναφάνεις, aor. 2 part. pass. of ἀναφαῖνω.

ἀνα-φέρω, poet. ἀμφέρω: f. ἀνολῶ: aor. I ἀνή-νεγκα, Ion. ἀνήνεκα, also ἀνωσα:—to bring or carry up, esp. into central Asia:—Pass. to rise up:—Med.

to carry up for oneself or what is one's own: ἀναει-κασθαι, absol. to heave a deep sigh. 2. to lift up, praise. 3. to uphold, take upon one. II. intr.

to rise, as the stars. III. to bring or carry back: 1. to bring back tidings. 2. to bring back from exile. 3. to throw back upon another,

refer something to him: absol. to refer to a person, consult him. 4. to bring back to oneself, restore:

intrans. and in Pass. to refresh oneself, recover.

ἀνα-φεύγω, f. -φεύσομαι, to flee back, escape.

ἀναφήναι, aor. I inf. of ἀναφαῖνω.

ἀν-ἄφης, ἐς, (a privat., ἀφή) untouched, not to be touched.

ἀνα-φθέγγομαι, Dep. to call out aloud.

ἀνα-φθείρομαι, Pass. to be undone, perish utterly.

ἀνα-φλέγω, f. ξω, to light up, rekindle: hence to inflame.

ἀνα-φλογίζω, f. σω,=ἀναφλέγω.

ἀνα-φλύω, to bubble up like boiling water.

ἀνα-φοβέω, f. ἤσω, to frighten away.

ἀναφορά, ἂς, ἡ, (ἀναφέρω) a carrying up, rais- ing. 2. intr. a rising. II. a carrying

back: 1. a referring, a reference. 2. a giving way, respite, remission. 3. intr. a going back: a means of recovery.

ἀνα-φορέω,=ἀναφέρω.

ἀνάφορον, τό, (ἀναφέρω) anything to carry with; a yoke or beam for carrying.

ἀνα-φράζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Med. to observe again, recognise.

ἀν-αφρόδιτος, ov, (a privat., Ἀφροδίτη) without the favour of Venus: without beauty.

ἀναφρονέω, f. ἦσω, to come back to one's senses, come to oneself
ἀναφυγή, ἡ, (ἀναφεύγω) a fleeing back, escape. release from. II. a retreat.
ἀναφύρω [ῶ], pf. pass. ἀπέφυρμαι, to mix up, confound, defile.
ἀναφύσσω, 1. ἦσω, to breathe up or forth:—Pass. to be puffed up or arrogant.
ἀναφυσάω, to blow or spout up, like a dolphin.
ἀναφύω, f. ύσω, to make to grow up, to produce. Med. with aor. 1 act. ἀνέφην, pf. ἀναπέφυκα, to grow up: to grow again.
ἀναφωνέω, f. ἦσω, to call aloud, proclaim. Hence ἀναφώνημα, ατος, τό, a proclamation.
ἀναχάξω, f. άσω, to make give way, drive back:—mostly used as Dep. ἀναχάξομαι, f. άσομαι, Ep. aor. 1 ἀνεχασάμην, to draw back, retire.
ἀναχαλνώ, aor. 2 ἀνέχων, pf. ἀνακέχηνα:—to open the mouth wide, gape wide.
ἀναχανρίζω, f. ίσω, (ἀνά, χαλρη) of a horse, to throw the mane back, rear up:—c. acc. to rear up and throw the rider; hence to overthrow, upset.
ἀναχάσκω, = ἀναχαλνώ.
ἀναχέω, f. χέω, to pour over.
ἀναχυσάομαι, (ἀνά, χυλος) Pass. to get the first down on the chin.
ἀναχορεύω, f. σω, to begin a choral dance:—intr. to dance on high.
ἀναχύσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναχέω) a pouring over, spending: excess.
ἀναχώννυμι, f. χώσω, to heap up.
ἀναχωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go back, retire, retreat, withdraw. II. to come back, revert to the right owner. Hence
ἀναχώρησις, εως, Ion. ιος, ἡ, a going back, retiring, retreating. 2. a means or place of retreat, Lat. recessus.
ἀναχωρῶ, f. ίσω, Att. ιῶ, to make to go back or retire.
ἀναψηφίζω, fut. ίσω, Att. ιῶ: (ἀνά, ψήφος) to put to the vote again. Hence
ἀναψηφισις, εως, ἡ, a putting to the vote again.
ἀναψύξις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναψύχω) a cooling, refreshing.
ἀναψύχη, ἡ, a cooling, refreshing. II. recovery from a thing; rest. From
ἀναψύχω, fut. ψύξω:—Pass., aor. 1 ἀναψύχην: aor. 2 ἀνεψύχην [ῶ]: (ἀνά, ψύχος):—to revive by fresh air to cool, refresh: generally, to cheer: ναῦς ἀναψύχειν to overhaul the ships, make them sound again:—Med. to breathe fresh air again, revive. [ῶ]
ἀν-δαίω, poet. for ἀνα-δαίω.
ἀνδάνω: impf. ἤνδανον, Ep. ἔνδανον, Ion. ἔανδανον. fut. ἀδήσω: aor. 2 εὔδον, Ep. εὔδων and ἄδον [ᾶ]: pf. ἀήκα, also ἔαδα, Dor. ἔαδα: (the Root is 'AD-, which appears in aor. 2 and fut.):—to please, delight, like ἵδομαι: in Homer and Herodotus always c. dat. pers. ἀνδάνει μ.ι: impers., ἀνδάνει μοι ποιεῖν, like Lat. placeat.

ἀν-δεμα, poet. for ἀνά-δεμα.
ἀνδηρον, τό, mostly in plur. ἀνδῆρα, quasi ἀνθηρα, τά, a raised border. flower-bed: any earth dug or thrown up.
ἀνδρῆσάμενος, poet. part. aor. 1 of ἀναδῆαι.
ἀν-δίχα, Adv. (ἀνά, δίχα) asunder, in twain.
ἀνδρ-αγαθῆω, f. ἦσω, (ἀνῆρ, ἀγαθῆς) to be or behave like a brave man. Hence
ἡνδραῖνθια, ἡ, the character of a brave good man, bravery, manly virtue. Hence
ἀνδρᾶγθίζομαι: f. ίσομαι, Att. λούμαι: Dep.:—to act bravely, honestly, play the honest man.
ἀνδρ-άγρια, ας, τό, (ἀνῆρ, άγρια) the spoils of a slain enemy.
ἀνδράκας, Adv. (ἀνῆρ) man by man, like κατ' ἀνδρας, Lat. viritim: generally, separately, apart.
ἀνδραπόδισσι, heterocl. dat. of ἀνδράποδον, for ἀνδραπόδοις, as if from ἀνδράποδος.
ἀνδραποδίζομαι, Dep. = ἀνδραποδίζω.
ἀνδρᾶποδίζω: fut. ίσω, Att. ιῶ: aor. 1 ἡνδραπώδισα:—Pass., fut. ἀνδραποδισθήσομαι, but also med. ἀνδραποδιούμαι: aor. 1 ἡνδραποδίσθην: pf. ἡνδραποδισμαι: (ἀνδράποδον):—to reduce to slavery, esp. to sell freemen into slavery, (and so worse than δουλόω,) Lat. vendere sub corona:—Pass. to be sold into slavery.
ἀνδρᾶποδίστις, εως, ἡ, and ἀνδρᾶποδισμός, ό, (ἀνδραποδίζομαι) a selling a freeman into slavery, enslaving: kidnapping.
ἀνδρᾶποδιστής, ου, ό, (ἀνδραποδίζομαι) a slave-dealer, one who kidnaps men to sell them.
ἀνδράποδον, a slave, esp. one made in war and sold: Homer uses it in dat. ἀνδραπόδεσσι as if from ἀνδράποδος. (Deriv. uncertain.)
ἀνδρᾶποδ-ώδης, ες, (ἀνδράποδον, εἶδος) slavish, servile, Lat. servilis, opp. to ἐλευθερος.
ἀνδράριον, τό, Dim. of ἀνῆρ, a manikin. [ᾶρ]
ἀνδράσι, dat. plur. of ἀνῆρ.
ἀνδρ-αχθής, ές, (ἀνῆρ, άχθος) loading a man, as much as a man can carry.
ἀνδρεία, Ion. -ῆτης, ἡ, (ἀνῆρ) manliness, manly spirit, courage, Lat. virtus, fortitudo.
ἀνδρ-εἰκελον, τό, (ἀνῆρ, εἰκελος) an image of a man, a statue. II. a flesh-coloured paint.
ἀνδρείος, α, ον, Ion. ἀνδρήϊος, η, ον, (ἀνῆρ) of belonging to a man, manly, masculine: neut. τὸ ἀνδρεῖον, manliness. II. τὰ ἀνδρεία, the public meals of the Cretans, also the old name for the Spartan παιδία. Hence
ἀνδρείτης, ητος, ἡ, = ἀνδρεῖ.
ἀνδρῆ-φόντης, ου, ό, (ἀνῆρ. φένω) man-slaying.
ἀνδραειν, άνος, ό, poet. for ἀνδρεῖν: see ἀνδρᾶν.
ἀνδρεσσι, Ep. for ἀνδράσι, dat. plur. of ἀνῆρ.
ἀνδρεύμενος, Ion. for ἀνδρούμενος, pres. pass. part. of ἀνδρεύω.
ἀνδρεύομαι, Dep. = ἀνδρίζομαι.
ἀνδρεών, άνος, ό, Ion. for ἀνδρων.
ἀνδρητή, Ion. for ἀνδρετα.
ἀνδρήϊος, η, ας, Ion. for ἀνδρείος.

ἀνδρῆλατέω, f. ἦσω, to banish from home. From ἀνδρ-ῆλατης, ov, ὁ, (ἀνὴρ, ἐλαίνω) he that drives one from his home, the avenger of blood in cases of murder. [ᾶ]

ἀνδρεία, late form of ἀνδρεία.

ἀνδριαντοποιέω, (ἀνδριαντοποιός) to be a statuary.

Hence

ἀνδριαντοποιία, ἡ, statuary, sculpture.

ἀνδριαντοποιός, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀνδριάς, ποιέω) a statue-maker, statuary, sculptor.

ἀνδριάς, ἄντος, ὁ, (ἀνὴρ) the image of a man, a statue.

ἀνδρίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνὴρ) to make a man of:—Pass. to become a man, to think and act like a man.

ἀνδρικός, ὁ, ἄν, (ἀνὴρ) of or for a man, masculine, manly: also of things, strong, stout:—Adv. ἀνδρικῶς, like a man; Sup. ἀνδρικώτατα. II. composed of men.

ἀνδρίον, τό, Dim. of ἀνὴρ, a manikin.

ἀνδριστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀνδρίζω, one must play the man.

ἀνδριστί, Adv. after the manner of men.

ἀνδρο-βρώς, ὠτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνὴρ, βιβρώσκω) man-eating, cannibal.

ἀνδρο-γόνος, ov, (ἀνὴρ, γενέσθαι) begetting men.

ἀνδρο-γύνος, ov, (ἀνὴρ, γυνή) a man-woman, hermaphrodite:—a weak effeminate person. II. as Adj., of baths, used both by men and women.

ἀνδρο-δάκτιος, ov, (ἀνὴρ, δαίζω) man-slaying, murdererous.

ἀνδρο-δάμας, ἄντος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνὴρ, δαμάω) man-taming: man-slaying. [ᾶ]

ἀνδρο-δόκος, ov, (ἀνὴρ, δέχομαι) receiving men.

ἀνδρο-θεά, ἡ, (ἀνὴρ, θεά) the man-goddess, i. e. Minerva.

ἀνδρόθεν, Adv. (ἀνὴρ) from a man, from men.

ἀνδρο-κμής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνὴρ, κάμνω) man-wearying:—man-slaying, murdering. [ᾶ]

ἀνδρό-κμητος, ov, (ἀνὴρ, κάμνω) wrought by men's hands.

ἀνδρο-κτᾶσια, ἡ, (ἀνὴρ, κτείνω) slaughter of men.

ἀνδροκτονέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀνδροκτόνος) to slay men.

Hence

ἀνδροκτονία, ἡ, = ἀνδροκτασία.

ἀνδρο-κτόνος, ov, (ἀνὴρ, κτείνω) man-slaying.

ἀνδρο-ολέταιρα, ἡ, (ἀνὴρ, ὀλλύνω) a murdereress.

ἀνδρο-μάχος, ὁ, ov, (ἀνὴρ, μάχομαι) fighting with men: hence the prop. n. Andromachē. [ᾶ]

ἀνδρόμεος, α, ov, (ἀνὴρ) of man or men, human.

ἀνδρο-μήκης, ες, (ἀνὴρ, μήκος) of a man's height.

ἀνδρό-παις, ὁ, (ἀνὴρ, παῖς) a youth near manhood.

ἀνδρο-πλήθεια, ἡ, (ἀνὴρ, πλήθος) a multitude of men.

ἀνδρό-σῖνις, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἀνὴρ, σίνωμαι) burlesque to men.

ἀνδρό-σφιγξ, ὁ, (ἀνὴρ, σφίγξ) a man-sphinx.

ἀνδρότης, ἦτος, ἡ, —ἀνδρεία, manhood.

ἀνδρο-τῦχις, ἐς, (ἀνὴρ, τῦχεῖν) getting a man or husband, ἀνδρ. βίωτος wedded life.

ἀνδροφάγω, f. ἦσω, to eat men. From

ἀνδρο-φάγος, ov, (ἀνὴρ, φάγειν) eating men: cf. Ἀνδροφάγοι, Cannibals, mentioned in Herodotus.

ἀνδρο-φθόρος, ov, (ἀνὴρ, φθείρω) man-destroying. II. pass. ἀνδρόφθορος, ov: hence αἵμα

ἀνδρόφθορον the blood of slain men.

ἀνδρο-φόνος, ov, (ἀνὴρ, *φένω) man-slaying: fem. ἡ ἀνδροφόνος, murderess of her husband.

ἀνδρο-φόντης, ov, ὁ, = ἀνδρεί-φόντης, a man-slayer, homicide.

ἀνδρῶς, f. ὦσω, (ἀνὴρ) to rear up to manhood:—Pass. to become a man, reach manhood.

ἀνδρ-ώδης, ες, (ἀνὴρ, εἶδος) like a man, manly.

Adv. —δως: Sup. ἀνδρωδέστατα.

ἀνδρωθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀνδρῶς.

ἀνδρών, Ion. ἀνδρέων, ὠνος, ὁ, (ἀνὴρ) a man's apartment.

ἀνδρωνίτις, ἰδος, ἡ, = ἀνδρών.

ἀν-δύεται, poet. for ἀναδύεται.

ἀνδωκε, poet. for ἀνέδωκε, aor. I of ἀναδίδωμι.

ἀν-έβην, aor. 2 of ἀναβαίνω.

ἀν-εβήσσο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀναβαίνω.

ἀνεβλωσάμην, aor. I of ἀναβλώσκειν.

ἀν-έβραχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 with no pres. in use, of armour, to clasp, ring loudly; of doors, to creak or grate loudly.

ἀνέβωσε, Ion. for ἀνεβόησε, aor. I of ἀναβοάω.

ἀν-έγγυος, ov, (a privat., ἐγγύη) not vouched for: unwedded.

ἀν-εγείρω, f. —εγερῶ: aor. I ἀνέγειρα;—to wake up, rouse, esp. from sleep; metaph. to rouse, encourage:—Pass. to be awaked, wake up. Hence

ἀνεγέρμων, ov, gen. ονος, waked up, wakeful.

ἀν-έγκλητος, ov, (a privat., ἐγκαλέω) not accused: without reproach.

ἀνέγναμψα, ἀνεγνάμφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀναγνάμπτω.

ἀνέγνων, ἀνέγνων, pf. and aor. 2 of ἀναγινώσκω.

ἀνεδέχμεθα, I pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀναδέχομαι.

ἀνέδειξα, aor. I of ἀναδείκνυμι.

ἀν-έζην, Adv. (ἀνίμην) let loose, without restraint: carelessly. II. without more ado, simply.

ἀνέδρακεν, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀναδέρκομαι.

ἀνέδραμον, irreg. aor. 2 of ἀνατρέχω.

ἀνέδυσσο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of ἀναδύομαι.

ἀνέεργω, impf. ἀνέεργον, old Ep. form of ἀνέργω, ἀνείργω.

ἀνέζησα, aor. I of ἀναζάω.

ἀν-εθέλητος, ov, (a privat., θέλω) unwished for: melancholy.

ἀν-έθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνίμην. 2. aor. 2 act. of ἀνατίθην.

ἀνέτην, opt. aor. 2 act. of ἀνίμην.

ἀν-ελείθω, ἡ, (a privat., Ελεῖθω) without the aid of Eileithyia.

ἀν-εἰλέω, f. ἦσω, (v. εἰλω) to wind up or roll together:—Pass. to crowd or throng together.

ἀνείληφα, ἀνείλημαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀναλαμβάνω.

ἀνέλιον, -όμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἀναίρειω.

ἀνεμείνω, Adv. of ἀνεμείνω, pf. pass. part. of ἀνέμι, let loose, carelessly: without restraint.

ἀνεμι, (ἀνά, ἐμι ἰδο) to go up: to sail out to sea: ut also to go up inland.

II. to approach, as a suppliant.

III. to go back, go home, return.

ἀνέμιον, ov, gen. ονος, (α privat., ἐμι) without clothing, unclad.

ἀν-εἰπεῖν, (ἀνά, εἰπεῖν) aor. 2 with no pres. in use: aor. I pass. ἀνερρήθην (as if from ἀναρ-πέω): pf. ἀνερρήμαι (from ἀν-ερέω):—to say aloud, proclaim, give notice.

ἀν-είργω, f. ἔω, to keep back, ward off, in poet. npf. ἀνέργον.

ἀνερήμαι, pf. pass., v. ἀνείπειν.

ἀν-είρομαι, Ep. and Ion. ἀνέρομαι, (ἀνά, εἶρομαι, ρομαι):—to inquire of, inquire about.

ἀν-εἰρύνω, f. ὤσω [ῥ], poet. and Ion. for ἀν-ερύω, to draw back.

ἀν-εἶρω, (for the tenses, v. εἶρω) to fasten on or to: to wreath together.

ἀνείς, part. aor. 2 of ἀνίημι.

ἀν-ἐκάθεν, (ἀνω, ἐκάς) Adv. of Place, from above: f. ἄγκαθεν.

II. of Time, from the first.

ἀν-ἐκάς, Adv. (ἀνω, ἐκάς) upwards, on high, Lat. *ursum*.

ἀν-ἐκβάτος, ov, (α privat., ἐκβαίνω) without outlet.

ἀν-ἐκδηγήτος, ov, (α privat., ἐκδηγέομαι) indescribable, extraordinary.

ἀν-ἐκδρομος, ov, (α privat., ἐκδραμεῖν) without escape, inevitable.

ἀν-ἐκλάλητος, ov, (α privat., ἐκκαλέω) unspeakable.

ἀν-ἐκλειπτος, ov, (α privat., ἐκλείπω) unfailling.

ἀν-ἐκκλίθην [ῥ], aor. I pass. of ἀνακλίνω.

ἀν-ἐκπλήσσω, fut. -εκπλήσω, to fill up *ac* again.

ἀν-ἐκπληκτος, ov, (α privat., ἐκπλήσσω) undaunted: ὁ ἀνέπληκτον dauntlessness.

ἀν-ἐκράγος, ov, 2 of ἀνακράζω.

ἀν-ἐκτός, ov, verb. Adj. of ἀνέχομαι, to be borne.

ἀνεκτός, ὄν, later ἤ, ὄν, (ἀνέχομαι) bearable, tolerable:—Adv. ἀνεκτῶς, so as to be borne.

ἀν-ἐκφραστος, ov, (α privat., ἐκφράζω) unutterable, indescribable.

ἀν-ἐλεγκτος, ov, (α privat., ἐλέγχω) safe from being questioned: not to be refuted, unrefuted.

ἀν-ἐλεῖμαι, ov, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (α privat., ἐλέημι) unmerciful.

ἀνελείν, ἀνελίσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἀναίρειω.

ἀν-έλεος, ov, (α privat., ἔλεος) unmerciful.

ἀνελυθρία, ἡ, (ἀνελυθρος) illiberality.

ἀνελυθριότης, ητος, ἡ, = ἀνελυθρία. From ἀν-ελευθρος, ov, illiberal, slavish, Lat. *illiberalis*: a money matters, niggardly.

ἀνελήθη, aor. I pass. of ἀναλαμβάνω.

ἀν-ελλίσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ἔω, to unroll, like Lat. *evolvere*, of books in rolls, so and read and explain. 2. metaph. ἀνελίσσειν βίον to pass one's life.

ἀν-έλκω: f. ἀλλάξω, but in Att. ἀνελκύσω [ῥ], with aor. I ἀνελκύω, pf. pass. ἀνελκυσμαι (as if from ἀν-ελκύω):—to draw up, to hold up: esp. to draw up a bow to its full stretch: ἀνελκύσαι ναῦς to haul up ships high and dry: to drag to light, to drag into open court:—Med. to draw to oneself: ἀνελκεσθαι τρίχας to tear one's own hair.

II. to draw back.

ἀν-ελπις, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (α privat., ἐλπῖς) without hope.

ἀν-ἐλπιστος, ov, (α privat., ἐλπίζω) unhopd for, unlooked for.

II. act. of persons, having no hope, hopeless.

2. of things, leaving no hope, hopeless.

III. Adv. -τως, hopelessly: ἀνελπίστως ἔχειν to be in despair.

ἀν-ἐμβάτος, ov, (α privat., ἐμβαίνω) inaccessible.

II. act. not going to or into.

ἀν-εμέστητος, ov, (α privat., νεμεσάω) free from blame, without offence.

ἀν-ἐμήντος, ov, (α privat., νέμω) not distributed. II. having no share.

ἀνεμαῖος, α, ov, (ἀνεμος) full of wind, windy.

ἀνεμίζομαι, (ἀνεμος) Pass. to be driven with the wind.

ἀνεμο-δρόμος, ov, (ἀνεμος, δραμεῖν) swift as the wind.

ἀνεμνήθη, aor. I pass. of ἀναμνήσκω.

ἀνεμόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἀνεμος) windy, exposed to the wind: like wind, swift as wind, airy. [ᾱ]

"ANEMOS, ὁ, a wind, Lat. *ventus*; θύελλα ἀνέμοιο a whirlwind: ἀνεμος κατὰ βορέαν ἑστηκώς the wind being in the north. Homer and Hesiod mention four winds, Boreas, Eurus, Notus (in Hes. Argestes), and Zephyrus: Aristotle gives twelve, which served as points of the compass. [ᾱ]

ἀνεμο-σκεπής, ἐς, (ἀνεμος, σκέπη) sheltering from the wind.

ἀνεμο-τρέφης, ἐς, (ἀνεμος, τρέφω) fed by the wind, of a wave: ἔγχος ἀνεμοτρέφης a spear from a tree made tough by the wind.

ἀνεμόω, f. ὤσω: pf. pass. ἡνέμωμαι: (ἀνεμος):—to expose to the wind:—Pass. of a wave, to be raised by the wind.

ἀν-εμποδιστος, ov, (α privat., ἐμποδίζω) unimpeded.

ἀν-ε-ώκης, ἐς, (ἀνεμος, ὠκύς) swift as the wind.

ἀνεμώλιος, ov, (ἀνεμος) windy, i. e. vain, fruitless.

ἀνεμώνη, ἡ, (ἀνεμος) the wind-flower, anemone.

ἀν-ενδεής, ἐς, not in want.

ἀν-ένδεκτος, ov, (α privat., ἐνδέχομαι) inadmissible.

ἀνένεικα, poet. for ἀνήνεικα, aor. I act. of ἀναφέρω: ἀνενεκάτο, aor. I med., ἀνενεχθεῖς aor. I pass. part. ἀννήνοθε, see ἐνήνοθε.

ἀνέντες, aor. 2 part. pl. of ἀν-ίημι.

ἀν-εξάλειπτος, ov, (α privat., ἐξάλειψω) indelible.

ἀν-εξέλεγκτος, ov, (α privat., ἐξελέγχω) not put to the proof, not convicted or refuted: impossible to be refuted: irreproachable.

ἀν-εξερεύνητος, ov, (α privat., εξερευνάω) not to be searched out, unsearchable.

ἀν-εξέταστος, ov, (α privat., εξετάζω) not searched out, not inquired into.

II. βίος ἀνεξέταστος a life without inquiry.

ἀν-εξεύρετος, ον, (α privat., ἐξευρίσκω) not to be found out.

ἀν-εξι-κακος, ον, (ἀνέχω, κακόν) enduring evil: forbearing.

ἀν-εξιχνίαστος, ον, (α privat., ἐξιχνιάζω) not to be traced out.

ἀν-εξόδος, ον, (α privat., ἐξόδος) with no outlet, without return, Lat. irremediabilis.

ἀνεοί or ἀνεοί, v. sub ἀνεως.

ἀνέονται, see ἀνέανται.

ἀν-έορτος, ον, (α privat., ἑορτή) without festival; ἀνέορτος ἱερῶν without share in festal rites.

ἀν-επαίσχυντος, ον, (α privat., ἐπαισχύνομαι) having no cause for shame.

ἀν-επαλτο, Ep. for ἀν-επάλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. from ἀναπάλλω with pass. sense, be was thrown up, rushed up.

ἀνέπαυσα, aor. 1 of ἀναπαύω.

ἀν-επαχθής, ἐς, (α privat., ἐπαχθής) not burdensome, without offence. Adv., ἀνεπαχθῶς φέρειν not to take ill.

ἀνέπεσον, aor. 2 of ἀνα-πίπτω.

ἀν-επιβούλευτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιβουλεύω) without plots: act. not plotting. 2. not plotted against.

ἀν-επιδικος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιδίκος) undisputed: of an heir, about whose marriage there is no dispute.

ἀν-επιδόκητος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιδοκέω) unexpected, unforeseen.

ἀνεπιείκεια, ἡ, unfairness. From

ἀν-επιεικής, ἐς, (α privat., ἐπιεικής) unreasonable, unfair: Adv. -κῶς.

ἀν-επικλητος, ον, (α privat., ἐπικαλέω) unblamed. Adv. -τως, without censure.

ἀν-επιλήπτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιλαμβάνομαι) not to be laid hold of or attacked: blameless. Adv. -τως.

ἀν-επιτέστος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιτέω) not polished over, not finished off.

ἀν-επιπλήκτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιπλήσσω) not to be reproved: faultless: but in bad sense, incorrigible.

ἀν-επιρρεκτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιρρέω) not used for sacrifices.

ἀν-επισκεπτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπισκέπτομαι) not examining, inattentive. II. pass. not considered.

ἀνεπιστημοσύνη, ἡ, ignorance, inexperience: want of skill or science. From

ἀν-επιστήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., ἐπιστήμων) unknowing, unskilful: unscientific: c. inf. not knowing how to do a thing. Adv. -μῶνως.

ἀν-επίτακτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιτάσσω) not commanded, subject to no one. Adv. -τως.

ἀν-επιτήδειος, ον, Ion. ἀν-επιτήδεος, η, ον, (α privat., ἐπιτήδειος) unfit, inconvenient, not suitable: prejudicial, hurtful. 2. of persons, ill-disposed, unfriendly.

ἀν-επιτιμήτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιτιμάω) not to be censured.

ἀν-επιφθονος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιφθονος) without envy or reproach: not invidious. Adv. -νας.

ἀνέπνευσα, aor. 1 of ἀναπνέω.

ἀνεπτάμην, ἀνέπτην, aor. 2 med. and act. of ἀν-πτάμαι; cf. ἀναπέτομαι.

ἀν-εράομαι, aor. 1 ἀνηράσθην, Dep. (ἀνά, ἐράω) to love again.

ἀν-εραστός, ον, (α privat., ἐράω) not worthy of love. II. act. not loving.

ἀν-εργος, ον, (α privat., ἐργον) not done; ἐργα ἀνεργα, Lat. facta infecta.

ἀν-εργω, old form of ἀν-είργω.

ἀν-ερεθίζω, f. ἴσω, to provoke again.

*ἀν-ερείπομαι, (ἀνά, ἐρείπω) Dep., only used by Homer in 3 pl. aor. 1 ἀνηρείψαντο: to snatch up and carry off.

ἀν-ερευνάω, f. ἥσω, to search out.

ἀν-ερεύνητος, ον, (α privat., ἐρευνάω) not searched out: not to be searched out.

ἀν-έρομαι, Ep. ἀνείρομαι: aor. ἀνηρόμην: Dep.: (ἀνά, έρόμαι) to question, ask.

ἀν-έρπω, aor. 1 ἀνείρψα (as if from ἀνερπύω): to creep up.

ἀν-έρρω: aor. 1 ἀνήρρησα: to come or go away, with notion of bad luck: ἀνερρε, away with you, Lat. abi in malam rem.

ἀν-ερυθρίαιω, f. άσω [α]: to begin to blush.

ἀν-ερύω, Ion. ἀν-ερύω: f. ύσω [υ]: to draw up.

ἀν-έρχομαι, fut. ἀνελύσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνήλυθον of ἀνήλθον: pf. ἀνελήλυθα: to go up, of trees, to grow up: of the sun, to rise: of fire, to blaze up. II. to go or come back, return: recur to a thing. 2. εἰς τινα ἀνέρχεσθαι to be referred to or made dependent upon one.

ἀν-ερωτάω, f. ἥσω, to ask again or repeatedly.

ἀνέσταμι, Ep. aor. 1 opt. of ἀνίστημι.

ἔνεσαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ἀνίστημι.

ἀνέσαντες, part. of ἀνείσαι, aor. 1 of ἀνίσω.

ἀνέσαι, Ep. for ἀνήσαι, 3 sing. fut. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀνεσις, εως, Ion. ιος, ἡ, (ἀνίστημι) a relaxing, as of the strings of a lyre, relaxation: listlessness: ἀνεσις κακῶν an abating of evils. 2. a letting loose, esp. of the passions, licence.

ἀνέστυτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of ἀνασεύω.

ἀνίστην, aor. 2 of ἀνίστημι.

ἀν-έστιος, ον, (α privat., ἐστία) without hearth or home.

ἀνέσχεθε, ἀνεσχεόμεν, poet. lengthd. for ἀνέσχευ ἀνέσχομεν, aor. 2 of ἀν-έχω.

ἀν-ετάζω, f. σω, to search thoroughly.

ἀνέτελε, 3 sing. aor. 1 of ἀνατέλλω.

ἀνέτην, aor. 2 of *ἀνάτημι.

ἀνετός, ον, (ἀνίστημι) relaxed, slack; properly of a bow. 2. set free from labour, ranging freely.

ἀνετράφην [α], aor. 2 pass. of ἀνατρέφω.

ἀνευ, Prep. with gen. without; ἀνευ θεῶν, Lat. sine Diis, without divine aid; ἀνευ τοῦ κραίνοντος, Lat. in jussu regis. 2. away from, far from. 3. is

prose, except, besides.

ἀν-ευαίζω, to honour with cries of evae!

ἀνευθε, before a vowel ἀνευθεν, (ἀνευ) : I. Prep. with gen. *without*. 2. *apart from, far from*. II. Adv. *far away, distant : out of the way*.
 ἀν-εὐθετος, *ov*, (a privat., εὐθετος) *not well placed, inconvenient*.
 ἀν-εὐθύς, *ov*, (a privat., εὐθύη) *not having to render an account, irresponsible : hence guiltless*.
 ἀν-ευκτος, *ok*, (a privat., εὐχομαι) *not wished for*. II. act. *not wishing or praying for*.
 ἀνευρεῖν, *aor. 2 inf.* of ἀνευρίσκω.
 ἀνεύρεσις, *ews, ῆ*, (ἀνευρίσκω) *a finding out*.
 ἀν-εὐρετος, *ov*, (a privat., εὐρίσκω) *not found out, not to be found out*.
 ἀν-ευρίσκω, *f.* ἀνευρήσω : *aor. 2* ἀνεύρον : *un-Att. aor. I med.* ἀνευράμην : *aor. I pass.* ἀνευρέθην :—*to find out, discover* :—*Pass.* *to be found out or discovered to be*.
 ἀν-ευφήμιω, *f.* ἤσω, *to cry out, εὐφήμει, εὐφημεῖτε : to shout aloud with joy*.
 ἀν-εὔχομαι, *Dep.* *to recall a prayer*.
 ἀνέφελος, *Ep.* ἀννέφελος, *ov*, (a privat., νεφέλη) *cloudless : unveiled*.
 ἀν-ἐγγύς, *ov*, (a privat., ἐχέγγυος) *unwarranted*.
 ἀν-έχησι, *v. sub sq.*
 ἀν-έχω, *impf.* ἀνείχων : *aor. 2* ἴσχω, ἀνίσχων : *f.* ἀνέξω, *aor. 2* ἀνασχίσσω : *aor. 2* νέσχων, *poet.* ἀνέχθων : *pf.* ἀνέσχηκα :—*Pass., aor. I* ἀνεσχέθην : *pf.* ἀνέσχημαι :—*a 3 sing. pres. ind.* ἀνέχησι also occurs, *is* if from ἀνέχημι : (ἀνά, ἔχω) :—*to hold up, lift up one's hands in prayer or in battle : to hold up and show to one ; ἀνέχειν φάος, to hold up a light ; esp. a phrase ἀνεχε, παρέχε φῶς, or simply ἀνεχε, παρέχε, hold up and show the light to lead the nuptial procession, make ready, go on.* 2. *to exalt, extol*. 3. *of land, ἀνέχειν τὴν ἀκρὴν to put forth a headland.* 4. *to uphold, support : to continue to do ;* *part., στέφας ἀνέχει continues to love : of the nightingale, ἀνέχειν κισσὺν to keep constant to the vine.* II. *to hold in, keep in ; Zeus ἀνέχων, opp. to ὕων, holding up, stopping the rain.* III. *intrans. to rise up, rise, esp. in form ἀνίσχω, of the sun : of events, to happen : c. gen. to rise from, recover from.* 2. *to come forth, project : esp. of a headland, to jut out into the sea.* 3. *to hold on, keep doing*.
 B. Med. ἀν-έχομαι : *f.* ἀνέχομαι or ἀνασχέσομαι : *Att. impf.* and *aor. 2 c. dupl. augm.* ἡνεύχουμην, ἡνεύχουμαι :—*properly to hold oneself up, and so to hold up against a thing, endure, allow, hold out, last : so in part., ἀνεχομενοι φέρουσι they bear with patience.* 2. ἀνέχεσθαι ξείνους *to allow the presence of guests, and so to receive them.* II. *to hold up what is one's own ; ἀνεχεσθαι χεῖρας to hold up one's hands to fight.* III. *rarely, to hold on by one's teeth*.
 ἀνεψία, *ῆ, fem.* of ἀνέψιος, *a female cousin*.
 ἀνεψιδοῦς, *οὔ, ὅ, a first-cousin's son*. From
 *ANEΨIOΣ, *ὅ, a first cousin, a cousin*. Hence
 ἀνεψιότης, *ητος, ῆ, cousinship*.

ἀνέψυχθεν, *Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass.* of ἀνα-ψύχω.
 ἀνεφ or ἀνεω, *see ἀνεως*.
 ἀνέφω, *Att. pf.* of ἀνολίγω, *part.* ἀνεφώγας, *always intr.*
 ἀνέφωγον, *impf.* of ἀνολίγω.
 ἀνέφωξα, *aor. I* of ἀνολίγω.
 ἀνέωνται (not ἀνέονται), *for ἀνείνται, 3 pl. perf. pass.* of ἀνίημι (as if from ἀν-είω), *they have been given up or devoted*.
 ἀνεως, *gen. ω, ὅ, ῆ, Att. form.* of an obsol. Adj. ἀναως, ἀνάως (a privat., αἶω *to cry*), *without a voice, mute : ἀνεω nom. plur.*
 ἀνέφωχθην, *aor. I pass.* of ἀνολίγω.
 ἀνη, *ῆ, (ἀνω) fulfilment*.
 ἀν-ηβάω, *f.* ἤσω, *to grow young again, Lat. repuerascere*. Hence
 ἀνηβητήριος, *a, ov, making young again*.
 ἀν-ηβος, *ov*, (a privat., ἥβη) *not arrived at man's estate*.
 ἀνήγαγον, *aor. 2* of ἀνάγω.
 ἀν-ηγμονεύτος, *ov*, (a privat., ἡγεμονεύω) *without a leader*.
 ἀν-ηγήσομαι, *f.* ἤσομαι, *Dep. to tell as in a narrative, relate*.
 ἀν-ἡδυντος, *ov*, (a privat., ἡδύνω) *not sweetened or seasoned*.
 ἀνήη, *Ep.* for ἀνῆ, *3 sing. aor. 2 subj.* of ἀνίημι.
 ἀνήθις, *η, ov*, (ἀνηθον) *made of dill*.
 *ANHΘON, *τό, dill, anise, Lat. anethum : also ἀν-νηθον ; Ion. ἀνηθον or ἀνησον : poet. ἀνηhton or ἀνητον*.
 ἀνήξω, *aor. I* of ἀναίσσω.
 ἀνήϊον, *Ep.* for ἀνηϊεν, *impf.* of ἀνείμι.
 ἀνῆκα, *aor. I* of ἀν-ίημι.
 ἀν-ἡέστος, *ov*, (a privat., ἀκέομαι) *not to be healed, incurable : ἀνῆκεστα ποιεῖν τινα to do one irremediable hurt : ἀνῆκεστα πάσχειν to suffer the same.* II. *act. damaging beyond remedy, deadly :—Adv., ἀνηκέστως διατιθέναι to treat with shocking cruelty*.
 ἀν-ἡκοος, *ov*, (a privat., ἀκοή) *without bearing : never having heard a thing, ignorant of it.* 2. *not willing to bear, disobedient*.
 ἀνηκουστέω, *f.* ἤσω, *to be unwilling to bear, to be disobedient*. From
 ἀν-ἡκουστος, *ov*, (a privat., ἀκούω) *unheard of*. II. *act. unwilling to bear, disobedient*.
 ἀν-ἡκω, *f.* ἔω, (ἀνά, ἦκα) *to reach up to.* 2. *to have come up to a point, ἐς τὰ μέγιστα ἀνῆκειν : to refer or pertain to a person or thing*.
 ἀνηλάλαζον, ἀνηλάλαξα, *impf. and aor. I* of ἀνα-λαλάζω.
 ἀνήλατο, *3 sing. aor. I* of ἀνάλλομαι.
 ἀν-ἡλίκος, *ov*, (a privat., ἡλίς) *not yet arrived at man's estate*.
 ἀν-ἡλὺς, *ov*, (a privat., ἡλιος) *sunless, gloomy*.
 ἀνῆλιπος, *Dor.* ἀνάλιπος, *ov*, (a privat., ἡλίψ *a kind of shoe*) *unshod, barefoot*.
 ἀνήλυσις, *ews, ῆ, (ἀνέρχομαι) a going up, a coming back*

ἀνήλωσα, aor. I of ἀναλίσκω.

ἀν-ήμελκτος, ον, (a privat., ἀμέλγω) unmilked.

ἀν-ήμερος, ον, (a privat., ήμερος) not tame, wild, savage: of plants, wild.

ἀνήνασθαι, aor. I inf. of ἀναίνομαι, of which tense ἀνήνατο is 3 sing. ind., ἀνήνηται 3 sing. subj.

ἀνηνέμια, ή, a calm. From

ἀν-ήμερος, ον, (a privat., άνεμος) without wind, calm; ἀνήμερος χειμώνων for άνευ άνέμου χειμώνων, without the blast of storms.

ἀνήνοθε, Ep. pf. 2 intr., with pres, signif.: Homer has it twice, αίμα ἀνήνοθεν έξ άτειλής blood gushed from the wound; κλίση ἀνήνοθεν steam mounted up. (Formed as if from a Verb *άνέθω.)

ἀν-ήνυσστος and ἀν-ήνυτος, ον, (a privat., άνύω) not to be accomplished, endless, aimless.

ἀν-ήνωρ, ορος, ό, (a privat., άνήρ) unmanly, dastardly, like άνανδρος.

ἀνήπτω, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἀνάπτω.

ἀν-ήπτύω, f. σω, to cry aloud.

*ΑΝΗΡ, ό, gen. άνδρός, dat. άνδρί, acc. άνδρα, voc. άνερ: plur. άνδρες, -δρών, -δράσι, -δρας. Ep. also gen. άνέρος, etc., dat. pl. άνδρεσσι:—a man, as opp. to woman, Lat. vir (not homo).

II. a man, as opp.

to God, πατήρ άνδρών τε θεών τε. III. a man, as opp. to a youth.

IV. a man, emphatically, a man indeed, opp. to άνθραπος; πολλοί μὲν άνθραποι,

δολγοί δὲ άνδρες. V. a husband; αλγών άνήρ, Virgil's vir gregis.

άνήρ, Att. crasis for ό άνήρ.

άνηρέθην, aor. I pass. of άναιρέω.

άν-ήριθμος, ον, poet. for άν-αριθμος.

άνηρόμην, aor. 2 of άνέρομαι.

άν-ήροτος, ον, (a privat., άρώ) unploughed.

άνήρτησα, άνήρτημαι aor. I act. and pf. pass. of άν-αρτάω.

άνησον or άννητον, τό, Ion. for άνηθον.

άν-ήσσητος, Att. ά-ήττητος, ον, (a privat., ήσάω) unconquered, unconquerable.

άνήτνις, η, ον, Dor. for άνήθινος.

άνητον or άννητον, τό, Dor. and Aeol. for άνηθον.

άν-ήττητος, ον, Att. for άν-ήσσητος.

άν-ήφαιστος, ον, (a privat., ήφαιστος) without real fire; πυρ άνήφαιστον, i.e. the fire of discord.

άνήφθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνάπτω.

άνήφθω, 3 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of ἀνάπτω.

άνήχθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνάγω.

άνήψα, aor. I of ἀνάπτω.

άνθω-αίρεομαι. α ήσομαι: Dep.: (άντι, αίρέω):—to choose one thing instead of another: to prefer, choose instead.

II to dispute, lay claim to.

άνθ-αλίσκομαι, f. -αλώσσομαι, Pass. to be caught or killed in turn.

άνθ-αμλλάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to vie with another, be rivals: to race one another. From

άνθ-αμλλος, ον, (άντι, έμλλα) rivalling.

άνθ-άπτομαι, lo. άντ-άπτομαι, f. ψομαι: Dep.:—to lay bold of, meddle with, engage in.

bold of, seize, attack.

II. to lay bold of in turn.

άνθ-αον, τό, (άνθος) a blossom.

άνθ-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of άντέχω, one must hold to, cleave to: so also plur. άνθεκτέα.

άνθ-έλω, f. έω, to draw or pull against.

άνθεμα, ατος, τό, prēt. for άνάθεμα or άνάθημα.

άνθιμον, τό, = άνθος: άνθέμιον έστιγμένος tattooed with flowers.

άνθεις, ίδος, ή, = άνθος.

άνθεμοίς, εσσα, εν, also eis in tem., flowery, flowered: of works in metal, embossed with flowers. From

άνθεμον, τό, (άνθίω) = άνθος, a flower.

άνθεμόρ-ριτος, ον, (άνθεμον, βέω) flowing from flowers.

άνθεμ-ουργός, όν, (άνθεμον, *έργω) working in flowers.

άνθεμ-ώδης, es, contr. for άνθεμο-ειδής, (άνθεμον, είδος) flowery, blooming.

άνθέσομαι, fut. med. of άντέχω.

άνθεο, Ep. for άνάθου, aor. 2 med. imperat. of άνατίσθω.

άνθερέων, άνος, ό, (άνθίω) the chin, Lat. mentum.

άνθερίκη, ή, and άνθέρικος, ό, = άνθέρηξ, a stalk.

άνθέρηξ, ικος, ό, (άθήρ) the beard of an ear of corn, the ear. 2. a stalk.

άνθεσαν, Ep. for άνέθεσαν, 3 plur. aor. 2 of άνατίσθω.

άνθ-εστιάω, to feast in return.

*Ανθεστήρια, αν, τά, the Feast of Flowers, the three days' festival of Bacchus at Athens, in the month Anthesterion.

*Ανθεστηριών, άνος, ό, the month Anthesterion, eighth of the Attic year, answering to the end of February and beginning of March.

*Ανθεσφόρια, αν, τά, the Anthesphoria, a festival in honour of Proserpine, who was carried off while gathering flowers. From

άνθεσ-φόρος, ον, (άνθος, φέρω) bearing flowers.

άνθετο, Ep. for άνέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of άναντίσθω.

άνθew, f. ήσω, to bloom, blossom: metaph. of the sea, άνθew νεκροί to be overspread with corpses: colours, to be bright: metaph. to bloom, flourish.

άνθew άωδράσι to abound in men: to be at the height as a disease.

άνθη, ή, = άνθος, a blossom.

άνθηρός, ά, όν, (άνθίω) flowering, blooming: hence fresh, young:—metaph. in full force, in perfection. 2. bright-coloured. 3. of style, florid.

άνθ-ησσόμαι, pf. άνθήσσομαι: Pass.:—to be beaten in turn, give way in turn.

άνθη-φόρος, ον, = άνθεσφόρος, flower-bringing.

άνθίζω, f. ίσω, (άνθος) to strew with flowers: to deck as with flowers; and so, to dye with colours:—Pass. to bloom: to be dyed; part. pf. ήνθισμένος, metaph. of one whose hair is sprinkled with white.

άνθινος, η, ον, (άνθος) of flowers, blooming, fresh.

άνθ-ιππάζομαι, f. άσσομαι: Dep. to ride against. Hence

άνθιππασία, ή, a sham-fight of horse.

άνθ-ιππέύω, = άνθιππάσσομαι.

ἀνθ-ίστημι, (ἀντί, ἵστημι). I. Causal in pres. and imperf., in fut. ἀναστήσω and aor. 1 ἀνέστησα, to *set against*, esp. in battle: to *set over against*: to *compare*, Lat. *componere*.

II. intrans. in Med. or Pass. ἀνθίσταμαι, also in pf. act. ἀνθέστηκα, aor. 2 ἀνέστητο, to *stand against*, *withstand*, *oppose*.

ἀνθοβολῶ, f. ἴσω, to *bestrew with flowers*:—Pass. to *have flowers showered upon one*. From ἀνθό-βολος, ov, (ἀνθος, βάλλω) *garlanded with flowers*.

ἀνθο-βλατος, ov, (ἀνθος, βλατα) *living on flowers*.

ἀνθο-δέκος, ov, (ἀνθος, δέχομαι) *receiving flowers*.

ἀνθοκομῶ, f. ἴσω, to *produce flowers*. From ἀνθο-κόμος, ov, (ἀνθος, κομέω) *bearing flowers*.

ἀνθο-κρόκος, ov, (ἀνθος, κρέκω) *woven or worked with flowers*, *partly-coloured*.

ἀνθολογῶ, f. ἴσω, (ἀνθολόγος) to *gather flowers*.

Hence ἀνθολογία, ἡ, a *flower-gathering*: Ἀνθολογίαι were collections of small Greek poems, which one editor made up (as it were) into a *posagay*.

ἀνθο-λόγος, ov, (ἀνθος, λέγω) *gathering flowers*.

ἀνθ-ομολογέομαι, Dep. (ἀντί, ὁμολογέομαι):—to *make a mutual agreement or compact*.

2. to *confess or give thanks in turn*.

ἀνθονομῶ, to *feed on flowers*. From ἀνθό-νομος, ov, (ἀνθος, νέμωμαι) *feeding on flowers*.

ἀνθ-οπλίζω, f. ἴσω, to *arm against*:—Pass. and Med. to *be armed*, *arm oneself against*.

ἀνθωρε, poet. for ἀνέθωρε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀναθρῶσκω.

ἀνθ-ορμῶ, f. ἴσω, to *lie at anchor*, *be moored opposite one another*.

*ΑΝΘΟΣ, εος, τό, *that which buds*, a *young bud or sprout*; a *flower*; the *bloom of a flower*: also of things, the *froth or scum on water*: ἀνθος οἴνου, Lat. *flos vini*, the *crust on old wines*.

II. metaph. the *bloom or flower of a thing*, *flower* ἀνθος the *bloom of youth*: generally, *grace*, *pride*, *honour*: also the *height of anything*, had as well as *good*.

2. *brightness of colour*, *brilliance*, as of gold.

ἀνθ-οσμίας, ov, δ, (ἀντί, ὀσμῇ) *redolent of flowers*: generally, *sweet-scented*, as epithet of wine.

ἀνθοσύνη, ἡ, (ἀνθος) a *flowering*, *bloom*.

ἀνθοφορέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνθοφέρω) to *bear flowers*.

ἀνθοφορία, τά, = Ἀνθεσφίρια. From ἀνθο-φόρος, ov, (ἀνθος, φέρω) *bearing flowers*,

ἀνθο-φόρος, ov, (ἀνθος, φέρω) *bearing flowers*, *flourishing*.

ἀνθο-φύης, ἐς, (ἀνθος, φνῆ) *of the nature of flowers*, *bright-coloured*.

ἀνθρακεύς, ἐς, ἡ, (ἀνθραξ) a *charcoal-burner*. Hence ἀνθρακῆναι, f. σω, to *be a charcoal-burner*: to *burn to a cinder*.

ἀνθρακία, αἰ, Ep. ἀνθρακίη, ἡ, ἡ, (ἀνθραξ) a *heap of coal or charcoal*, *hot coals*.

2. *blackness as of coals*. ἀνθρακίζομαι, pf. ἀνθράκωμαι: Pass.: (ἀνθραξ):—to *be burnt to cinders*.

*ΑΝΘΡΑΞ, ἄκος, δ, coal or charcoal, mostly in plur. ἀνθρακῶν, ὄνος, ἡ, a *wasp or hornet*.

*ΑΝΟΦΗ'ΝΗ, ἡ, a *wild bee*: a *bee* or *wasp*. Hence ἀνθρήνιον, τό, the *honeycomb of a wild bee*: a *wasps' nest*.

ἀνθρωπ-ἄρεσκος, ov, δ, (ἄνθρωπος, ἄρεσκω) a *man-pleaser*.

ἀνθρωπάριον, τό, Dim. of ἄνθρωπος, a *manikin*.

ἀνθρωπέη, contr. ἀνθρωπή (sub. δορά), ἡ, a *man's skin*.

ἀνθρώπειος, α, ov, Ion. ἀνθρωπήτιος, ἡ, ov, (ἄνθρωπος) of or belonging to man, *befitting man's nature*, *human*: Adv. -ως, by *human means*, in *all human probability*.

ἀνθρωπήτιος, ἡ, ov, Ion. for ἀνθρώπειος.

ἀνθρωπίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἄνθρωπος) to *behave like a man*: Pass. to *become man*.

ἀνθρωπικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a man, *human*.

ἀνθρώπινος, ἡ, ov, (ἄνθρωπος) of, from or belonging to man, *human*: πᾶν τὸ ἀνθρώπινον all *mankind*: τὰ ἀνθρώπινα the *fortunes of man*.—Adv., ἀνθρωπίνως ἀμαρτάνειν to *commit human*, i.e. *venial*, errors.

ἀνθρώπιον, τό, Dim. of ἄνθρωπος.

ἀνθρωπίσκος, δ, Dim. of ἄνθρωπος, a *little man*, *manikin*, Lat. *homuncio*.

ἀνθρωπο-δαίμων, ονος, δ, ἡ, (ἄνθρωπος, δαίμων) a *man-god*, i.e. a *deified man*, *hero*.

ἀνθρωπο-ειδής, ἐς, (ἄνθρωπος, εἶδος) *in the shape of a man*.

ἀνθρωπο-κτόνος, ov, (ἄνθρωπος, κτείνω) *murdering men*, *bomnidical*.

II. προπαροχ. ἀνθρωπο-κτονος, murdered by men; βορά ἀνθρ. a *feeding on slaughtered men*.

ἀνθρωποποιία, ἡ, a *making of man*. From ἀνθρωπο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἄνθρωπος, ποιέω) *making man*.

*ΑΝΘΡΩΠΙΟΣ, δ, man, Lat. *homo* (not *vir*): plur. οἱ ἄνθρωποι, *men in general*, *mankind*: so, μάλιστα ἡ κρισία ἀνθρώπων most or least of *all men*. Like ἀνθρ, it is joined to another Subst., as ἀνθρωπος ὀδύτης a *wayfaring man*. As opp. to ἀνθρ, it expresses *contempt*, as Lat. *homo* opp. to *vir*: used in addressing slaves, ὦ ἄνθρωπε. The fem. ἀνθρωπος, ἡ, (like *homo* fem. in Lat.) a *woman*.

ἄνθρωπος, Att. crasis for ὁ ἄνθρωπος.

ἀνθρωπο-σφάγέω, f. ἴσω, (ἄνθρωπος, σφάττω) to *slay or sacrifice men*.

ἀνθρωποφάγέω, f. ἴσω, (ἄνθρωπος, φάγω) to *eat men or man's flesh*. Hence ἀνθρωποφαγία, ἡ, an *eating of men*.

ἀνθρωπο-φάγος, ov, (ἄνθρωπος, φάγειν) *eating men*, *cannibal*.

ἀνθρωπο-φνῆς, ἐς, (ἄνθρωπος, φνῆ) *of man's nature*.

ἀν-θρῶσκω, poet. and Ion. for ἀνα-θρῶσκω.

ἀνθ-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω, to *abuse one another*, *abuse in turn*.

ἀνθ-υπάγω, to *bring to trial or indict in turn*.

ἀνθύπατεναι, f. σω, to *be proconsul*. And ἀνθυπατικός, ἡ, ὄν, *proconsular*. From ἀνθ-υπάτος, δ, a *proconsul*, for ἀντί-υπάτος, Lat. *pro consule*.

ἀνθ-ὑπεκνῶ, ἔξω, (ἀντί, ὑπεκνῶ) to yield in turn.

Hence

ἀνθυπεκνῆξις, ἰσως, ἡ, a mutual yielding.

ἀνθ-υποκρίνομαι, fut. —κρίνοῦμαι : Dep. : (ἀντί, υποκρίνομαι) —to dissimble or make pretences instead, or answer. [ῥ]

ἀνθ-υπόμνημι, f. —ομῶσα, (ἀντί, ὑπόμνημι) to make a counter-affidavit.

ἀνθ-υποπτεύω, (ἀντί, υποπτεύω) to suspect mutually.

ἀνθ-αποσυρῶ, (ἀντί, ὑποσυρῶ) to return a kindness. Hence

ἀνθ-αποσυρῆμα, ατος, τό, a kindness done in return.

ἀνθ-υφαιρέω, (ἀντί, ὑφαιρέω) to take away in return.

ἀνθ-υφίσταμαι, fut. —υποστήσομαι : aor. 2 —υπέστην. (ἀντί, ὑφίσταμαι) —to place oneself under a thing in another's stead, to take on oneself, undertake for another.

ἀνθ-ῥησιζομαι, pf. pass. of ἀνθ-ῥησιζω.

'ΑΝΊΑ, Ion. ἀνίη, ἡ, grief, sorrow, distress, trouble : Homer uses it act. of a person, δαιτὶς ἀνίη the annoyance of our feast. [ἀνίη in Hom., later ἀνία or sometimes ἀνία.] Hence

ἀνιάδω, aor. 1 ἡνιάσα, to grieve, distress. II. intr. to be grieved or distressed, feel grief, sorrow. [ῥ]

ἀν-τάσσομαι, fut. ἄσσομαι [ᾱ], Dep. to cure again, restore.

ἀνίηρός, ἔ, ὄν, Ion. and Ἐρ ἀνίηρός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀνιάω) grievous, distressing : irreg. Comp. ἀνίηρότερος. II. grieved, distressed. Adv. —ρῶς. [In Homer ἀνίηρός, later also ἀνίη—]

ἀν-λάτος, ὄν, (a privat., λάομαι) incurable : of men, incorrigible.

ἀνιάω, fut. ἄσω [ᾱ], Ion. ἡσω : aor. 1 ἡνιάσα, Dor. ἄνιάσα : pf. ἡνίακα :—Pass. with fut. med. ἀνιάσσομαι : aor. 1 ἡνιάσθην : pf. ἡνιάμαι : (ἀνία) :—to grieve, distress :—Pass. to be grieved, etc. ; ἀνιάσθαι τοῦτο to be vexed at this :—Homer has Ion. aor. 1 pass. part. ἀνιηθεὶς, as Adj. a joyless, melancholy man. [In Homer always, later also ῥ.]

ἀνιθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of a pres. *ἀν-εἶδω, to look up. ἀν-ίθρυτος, ὄν, (a privat., ἰθρύω) unsettled, restless : esp. having no fixed home, vagabond.

ἀν-ίθρυς, Adv. of ἀνιθρύτος, without sweat : hence lazily, slowly.

ἀν-ίθρυτος, ὄν, a privat., ἰθρύω) not thrown into a sweat, not exerting oneself.

ἀνίεαι, ἀνίει, 2 and 3 sing. impf. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνίεις, 2 sing. pres. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνίεμαι, Pass. and Med. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνιέναι, pres. inf. of ἀνίημι, to send up. 2. pres.

inf. of ἀν-εἰμι (εἰμι ἰδο) to go up.

ἀν-ίερος, ὄν, (a privat., ἰερός) unholiness, impious. [ῥ]

ἀνίεσκε, Ion. impf. of ἀνίημι.

ἀν-ίξω, aor. 1 ἀνείξα, (ἀνά, ἵξω) to set up.

ἀνιηθεὶς, Ion. ἀνιηθεὶς, aor. 1 pass. part. of ἀνιάω.

ἀν-ίημι, impf. ἀνίην ; also 2 sing. pres. ἀνιεῖς, 2 and 3 sing. impf. ἀνιεις, εἰ ; Ion. 3 sing. ἀνιέσκε (as if from ἀνιέω) : fut. ἀνήσω, ἀνείσω : aor. 1 ἀνίηκα, Ion.

ἀνίηκα, Ἐρ. also ἀνεσα : aor. 2 not used in sing. ind.,

but in Ἐρ. subj. ἀνίη for ἀνῆ, opt. ἀνείη, inf. ἀνείναι, part. ἀνέντες :—Pass. ἀνιέμαι : aor. 1 ἀνέθην : pf. ἀνείμαι : (ἀνά, ἵημι) :—to send up or forth, make spring up, produce, as the earth : esp. to send up from the nether world. II. to send back. III. to let go.

2. ἀνιέναι τινὶ to let loose against one, set upon him, like Lat. immittere alicui : hence generally, to set on.

3. to let alone, let :—Med. ἀνιέμαι, to loosen, undo :—Pass. to be let go, go free ; part. pf. pass. ἀνιέμενος going free, left to one's will and pleasure ; ἀνιέμενος εἰς τι wholly engaged in a thing : hence

IV. like Lat. remittere, to relax, properly of a bow, to unstring : hence to neglect, give over, remit :—Pass. to be slack or unstrung. V. intrans.

III. Act. to relax, be remiss, Lat. remisse agere.

ἀνιηρός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ἀνιηρός.

ἀνίκα, Dor. for ἡνίκα. [ῥ]

ἀν-ίκατος, ὄν, (a privat., ἵκανος) insufficient.

ἀν-ίκετερος, ὄν, (a privat., ἱκετεύω) not entreated : act. not entreating.

ἀν-ίκατος, ὄν, (a privat., νικάω) unconquered, unconquerable.

ἀν-ίλεως, ὄν, gen. ω, Att. for ἀν-ίλαος, (a privat., ἱλεως) unmerciful. [ῥ]

ἀν-ίμας, f. ἡσσομαι : (ἀνά, ἱμάς) :—to draw up water by leather straps : generally to draw or haul up :—Pass. to get up, mount up ; so also intr. (sub. ἐαυτὴν), to mount up.

ἀνίος, ὄν, (ἀνία) = ἀνιηρός.

ἀν-ίουλος, ὄν, (a privat., ἱουλος) beardless.

ἀν-ίπτεως, f. σω, to ride on high.

ἀν-ίππος, ὄν, (a privat., ἵππος) without a horse, not serving on horseback : of countries, unsuited for horses.

ἀν-ίπταμαι, Dep. = ἀνα-πέτομαι.

ἀνιπτό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀνιπτος, ποῦς) with unwashed feet.

ἀν-ίπτος, ὄν, (a privat., νίω) unwashed. 2. not to be washed out.

ἀνις, Boeot. for ἀνευ, also Megarean.

ἀν-ίσος, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, (a privat., ἴσος) unequal, uneven : metaph. unfair. [ῥ Ἐρ., ῥ Att.] Hence

ἀνισός, f. ὥσω, to make equal, equalize :—Med. and Pass. to be equal in a thing.

ἀνίστα and ἀνίστη, for ἀνίστηθι, imperat. of ἀν-ίστημι.

ἀν-ιστάνω, later form for sq.

ἀν-ίστημι, (ἀνά, ἵστημι) : I. Causal in pres. and impf., ia fut. ἀναστήσω and aor. 1 ἀνέστησα, to make to stand up, raise up, set up : to raise from sleep.

Lat. excito, and from the dead : later, to set up, build : also to build up again. 2. to rouse to action : to stir up to rebellion.

3. to make people rise to leave their homes : transplant them ; though in Pass., and intr. tenses, it usu. means to be unpeopled, laid waste ; χώρα ἀνεστηκυῖα a wasted land : also to make suppliants rise and leave sanctuary.

4. to raise men for war. II. in aor. 1 med. also trans., ἀναστή-σασθαι πόλιν to raise a city for oneself. III.

Intrans. in Pass. ἀνίσταμαι, with aor. 2 act. ἀνέστην, pf. ἀνέστηκα and plqpf. -εστήκειν, to stand up, rise: to start up for action, ἀν. τινί to rise up against one: to rise from one's seat as a mark of respect: to rise from sleep: to rise from the dead: to rise from an illness: to rise to go, set out.

ἀν-ιστορέω, f. ἦσω, to make inquiry, ask.
ἀν-ίστα, for ἀνίστασο, imperat. of ἀν-ίσταμαι.
ἀν-ίσχω = ἀν-έχω, to raise, lift up. 2. intr., ἀνίσχει ἥλιος the sun rises.

ἀνίσως, Adv. of ἀνίσως, unequally.
ἀνίσωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνίσω) an equalising.
ἀν-ιχνεύω, f. σω, to trace back, of a hound.
ἀνιόωτο, Ion. for ἀνιόειντο, 3 pl. opt. of ἀνιάωμαι.
ἀν-νέμῃ, poet. aor. I subj. of ἀνανέμω.
ἀννέται, poet. for ἀνα-ἐκπαίνω.
ἀν-οδηγέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀνά, οδηγέω) to guide back.
ἀν-οδος, ov, (a privat., ὁδός) having no road, impassable.

ἀν-οδος, ἡ, (ἀνά, ὁδός) a way up: esp. into central Asia. II. a way back.

ἀν-οδύρομαι, Dep. to set up a wailing. [B]
ἀ-νόημων, ov, gen. ονος, (a privat., νοέω) senseless.
ἀ-νόητος, ov, (a privat., νοέω) not thought on, not to be thought on. II. act. not understanding, foolish: unreasonable, Lat. amens
ἀνοια, Ep. ἀνοίη, ἡ, (άνοος) want of understanding, folly.

ἀνοίγνυμι and ἀν-οίγω, Ep. ἀνα-οίγω: f. ἀνοίξω: with double augm., impf. ἀνέφρων, Ion. ἀναφύεσκον: aor. I ἀνέφρα, Att. ἡνοία, Ion. ἀνοία or ἀνοφα: pf. I ἀνέφρα, pf. 2 ἀνέφρα:—Pass. ἀνοίγνυμαι: fut. ἀνοιχθήσομαι, fut. 2 ἀνοιγήσομαι, fut. 3 ἀνεφξομαι: aor. I ἀνεφχθην, inf. ἀνοιχθῆναι: (ἀνά, οίγω): I. to open, undo. 2. metaph. to lay open, disclose. 3. as nautical term, absol., to get into the open sea:—Pass. to be open.

ἀν-οίγω, f. ξω, v. foreg.
ἀν-οιδάινω, (ἀνά, οιδάινω): fut. ἀνοιδήσω: pf. ἀφείδηκα:—to swell up: to swell with passion.
ἀν-οικίζω, fut. ἴσω, Att. ἴω, to rebuild. II. to make a person change his dwelling, to remove him from his abode:—Pass. and Med. to migrate. 2. ἀνοικίειν πόλιν to dispeuple a city. III. in Pass. to be built up the country, away from the coast.

ἀν-οικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀνά, οικοδομέω) to build up. II. to rebuild. III. to wall up.
ἀν-οικος, ov, (a privat., οίκος) houseless, homeless.
ἀν-οικτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀν-οίγω, one must open.
ἀν-οικτῖμων, ονος, (a privat., οικτῖμων) unpitiful, merciless.

ἀν-οικτιος, ov, (a privat., οικτίω) unpitied.
ἀνοικτός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀνοίγνυμι) opened.
ἀν-οικτος, ov, (a privat., οίκτος) pitiless, ruthless.
ἀν-οιμώζω, fut. ῶξομαι, to wail aloud.

ἀν-οιμωκτί, Adv. of ἀνοιμωκτός, without wailing: also without need to wail, i. e. with impunity. [Γ]
ἀν-οιμωκτος, ov, (a privat., οιμώζω) unmourned.
ἀνοίξαι, aor. I inf. of ἀνοίγνυμι.

ἀνοίξις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνοίγνυμι) an opening.
ἀνοιστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀναφέρει, one must report.
ἀνοιστός, Ion. ἀνώϊστος, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀναφέρει) reported, referred for decision.

ἀν-οιστρέω, f. ἦσαι, (ἀνά, οιστρος) to goad to madness
ἀνοίσω, fut. of ἀναφέρει.
ἀνοιτο, 3 sing. pres. pass. opt. of ἀνω.
ἀνοιχθῶσιν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. subj. of ἀνοίγνυμι.
ἀνοικωχή, pf. of ἀν-έχω a cessation of arms, armistice. II. a hindrance.

ἀνολβία, ἡ, the state of an ἀνολβος, misery.
ἀν-ὀλβιος, ov, = ἀνολβος.
ἀν-ὀλβος, ov, (a privat., ὀλβος) unblest, wretched.
ἀν-ὀλεθρος, ov, (a privat., ὀλεθρος) not ruined.
ἀνολκίη, ἡ, (ἀνέλκω) a drawing up.
ἀν-ολολύζω, ῥέω, (ἀνά, ὀλολύζω) to cry aloud, to shout with joy. 2. to wail or bewail loudly. II. Causal, to make one shout.

ἀν-ολοφύρομαι, Dep. (ἀνά, ὀλοφύρομαι) to break into loud wailing. [B]

ἀν-ομβρος, ov, (a privat., ὄμβρος) without rain.
ἀνόμεω, f. ἦσω, (άνομος) to act lawlessly.
ἀνομία, Ion. ἀνομίη, ἡ (άνομος) lawlessness.
ἀν-ομιλῆτος, ov, (a privat., ὀμιλέω) having no intercourse with others, unsocialable.

ἀν-ὀμμάτος, ov, (a privat., ὄμμα) without eyes.
ἀν-ὀμοιος, ov, also α, ov, (a privat., ὅμοιος) unlike.
ἀνὸμοιότης, τητος, ἡ, (ἀνόμοιος) unlikeness.
ἀνομοιόω, (ἀνόμοιος) to make unlike: Pass. to be so.
ἀνομοίωσις, εως, ἡ, a making unlike: unlikeness.
ἀν-ομολογέομαι, f. ἦσομαι: pf. ἀνομολόγημαι: Dep.: (ἀνά, ὀμολογέω)—to agree upon a thing.
ἀνομολογούμενος, η, ov, (a privat., ὀμολογέω) not agreeing, inconsistent: not admitted, not granted.
ἀ-νόμος, ov, (a privat., νόμος) without law, lawless, impious. Adv. -μως, without law. II. (νόμος II) unmusical.

ἀν-ὄνητος, Dor. ἀν-δνάτος, ov, (a privat., ὄνημι) unprofitable, useless: neut. pl. ἀνόνητα, as Adv., unprofitably, in vain.

ἀ-νοος, ov, contr. ἄνοος, ov, (a privat., νόος) without understanding, foolish.

ἀνοπαία, Adv., either (from a privat., ὄπωμαι, fut. of ὀπάω), unnoticed; or (from ἀνω) upwards, up in the air.
ἀν-οπλος, ov, (a privat., ὄπλος) without the large shield which distinguished the hoplite, not heavily armed: generally, unarmed.

ἀν-οπτος, ov, (a privat., ὄπωμαι) unseen.
ἀν-ὀρᾶτος, ov, also ἀ-όρατος, (a privat., ὀράω) = foreg.

ἀν-ὀργᾶνος, ov, (a privat., ὄργανον) without instruments.

ἀν-οργύλαστος, ov, (a privat., ὀργιάζω) attended by no orgies. II. in whose honour no orgies are held.

ἀνορέα, Ion. ἡνορέη, ἡ, (ἀνὴρ) manhood, courage. [ἀ]
ἀνόρεος, α, ov, (ἀνὴρ) manly, courageous, like ἀν-
δρείος. [ἀ]

ἀν-ορθόω, f. ὥσω : with double augm., impf., ἡνάρ-
θουν, aor. I ἡνάρθυνα—*to set upright again, restore :*
to set straight again, set right.

ἀν-ορμος, α, ov, (a privat., ὄρμος) without harbour, in-
hospitable.

ἀν-ορούω, f. ούσω : aor. I ἀνόρουσα :—*to start up,*
leap up : to mount swiftly.

ἀν-όροφος, ov, (a privat., ὄροφος) roofless.

ἀν-ορταλλίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνά, ὀρταλίζω) *to flap the wings*
and caw, to strut.

ἀν-ορύσσω, Att. -πτω : fut. ξω : (ἀνά, ὀρύσσει) :—
to dig up what has been buried ; -αν. τάφον to break
open a grave

ἀν-έρχόμαι, f. ἵσσομαι, Dep. *to jump up and dance*
about.

ἀν-όσιος, ov, or α, ov, (α privat., ὄσιος) unholy,
wicked, Lat. *profanus* : ἀνόσιος νέμειν a corpse with
all the rites unpaid. Hence

ἀνοσιότης, ητος, ἡ, unholiness.

ἀ-νοσος, Ion. ἀ-νουσος, ov, (a privat., νόσος) with-
out sickness, healthy, sound : of things, free from all
defect, healthy ; ἀνοσος κακῶν untouched by ill.

ἀν-όστος, ov, (a privat., ὄστος) without bones.

ἀν-όστιμος, ov, (a privat., νόστιμος) not return-
ing. II. not to be retraced.

ἀν-όστος, ov, (a privat., νόστος) without return.

ἀν-οτοτύζω, (ἀνά, ὀτοτοῖ) *to break out into wailing.*

ἀν-ούατος, ov, (a privat., οὐα) without ear : without
handle.

ἀ-νους, contr. for ἀ-νοος.

ἀ-νουσος, ov, Ion. for ἀ-νοσος.

ἀν-ούατος, ov, (a privat., οὐάω) unwounded.

ἀν-ουτηγί, Adv. of foreg., without wound. [ε]

ἀνοχή, ἡ, (ὡς ἔχω) a holding back, stopping, esp. of
hostilities, an armistice. II. (ἀνέχομαι) long-
suffering, forbearance.

ἀν-οχμέζω, f. ἄσω, *to hold up, lift up.*

ἀνστα, Ep. shortd. imperat. for ἀνάστα, ἀνάστηθι.

ἀνστής, ἀνστήμεναι, Ep. for ἀναστής, ἀναστήναι :
aor. s part. and inf. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀνστήσω, Ep. for ἀναστήσω, fut. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀνστήτην, Ep. for ἀνεστήτην, 3 dual aor. s of ἀν-
ίστημι.

ἀνστηρέειαν, for ἀνασπρέειαν.

ἀνσχεῖναι, ἀνσχω, Ep. for ἀνασχεῖναι, ἀνάσχω,
aor. 2 inf. act. and imper. med. of ἀνέχω.

ἀν-σχετός, Ep. for ἀνα-σχετός.

ἀντα, (ἀντί, ἀντην) Adv. over against, face to face,
Lat. coram.

II. as Prep. c. gen., over against ;
ἀντα παρειάων before the cheeks, of a veil : confronted
with : most freq. in hostile sense, against, ἀντα Διὶς
πολεμίζειν.

ἀντ-ἀγοράζω, f. ἄσω, *to buy in return.*

ἀντ-ἀγορεύω, f. ἴσω, *to speak against, reply : to con-*
tend.

ἀντ-ἀγωνίζομαι : f. ἴσομαι, Att. ἰομαι : Dep. :—*to*
struggle against, vie with, esp. in war : to dispute
with : as Pass. to be set against. Hence

ἀντ-ἀγωνιστής, οὔ, δ, an adversary, rival.

ἀντ-ἀδικέω, f. ἴσω, *to wrong or injure in return.*

ἀντ-αίρω, -ἀντ-αίρω—Med., ἀνταίρεσθαι χεῖράς
τινι *to raise one's hands against one.*

ἀντ-ἄθλος, ov, (ἀντί, ἄθλος) struggling against,
rivalling.

ἀντ-ἀνέδομαι, f. ἔσομαι, Med. *to respect one another.*

ἀνταῖος, α, ov, (ἀντα) set over against, right oppo-
site : ἀνταῖα (sub. πληγῇ), a wound in front. 2.
hostile.

II. besought with prayers ; τὰ ἀνταῖα
θεῶν prayers to the gods.

ἀντ-αῖρω, f. ἀντάρω : aor. I ἀντήρα :—*to raise*
against. II. seemingly intr. (sub. χεῖρας), *to re-*
sist, withstand.

ἀντ-αἰτέω, f. ἴσω, *to demand in return.*

ἌΝΤΑΚΑΓ'ΟΞ, ὁ, a sort of weapon.

ἀντ-ἄκούω, f. οὔσομαι, *to bear in turn : to listen in*
return.

ἀντ-ακροάομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. -ἀντακούει.

ἀντ-ἀλλάζω, f. ἔξω, *to return a shout.*

ἀντάλλαγμα, ατος, τό, that which is given or taken
in exchange, an exchange. From

ἀντ-ἀλλάσσω, Att. -πτω, fut. ξω : aor. I ἥλλαξα :
—*to give or take in exchange :—Med. to take one*
thing in exchange for another.

ἀντ-ἀμείβομαι, f. ψομαι, Med. *to give or take in*
exchange, to exchange. 2. *to give punishment in*
exchange for ill-conduct, to requite, punish. 2. *to*
give words in exchange, answer. Hence

ἀντάμειψις, εως, ἡ, an exchanging.

ἀντ-ἀμύνομαι, Med. *to defend oneself against an*
other, resist. 2. *to requit.*

ἀντ-αναβιβάζω, *to make go up in turn.*

ἀντ-ανάγω, f. ἔω, *to lead up against, esp. to put out*
to sea against : generally to attack. 2. *to bring*
up instead.

ἀντ-ἀνάλισκω, f. -ἀνάλωσω, *to destroy in return.*

ἀντ-αναμένω, *to wait instead.*

ἀντ-αναπύμπλημι, *to fill in turn or in opposition.*

ἀντ-ανασπλέω, f. ἔω, *to plait in rivalry with.*

ἀντ-ανασπληρόω, f. ὥσω, *to put in as a complement.*

ἀντ-ἀνεμι, (ἀντί, ἀνά, εἰμι ἰδο) *to go up against.*

ἀντ-ανίστημι, I Causal. in pres. and impf.,
fut. and aor. I, *to set up against or instead of.* II.

intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 and pf. act., *to rise up*
against.

ἀντ-ἄξιος, α, ov, worth just as much as, equivalent
to. Hence

ἀνταξίω, f. ὥσω, *to demand as an equivalent in*
turn.

ἀντ-ἀπαντέω, f. ἴσω, *to demand in return.*

ἀντ-ἀπαμείβομαι, Med. *to obey in turn.*

ἀντ-ἀπερύκω, *to keep off in turn.*

ἀντ-ἀποδείκνυμι, f. -δέξω, *to prove in return or*
answer.

ἀντ-ἀποδίδωμι, f. δῶσω: aor. I ἀνταπέδωκα:—to give back, repay. II. to render, i. e. make, so and so. III. intr. to answer, correspond with. IV. to deliver in turn: to explain in turn. Hence ἀνταπόδομα, ατος, τό, requital, recompense. And ἀνταπόδοστος, εως, ῆ, a giving back in turn, repayment: reward.

ἀνταποδοῦναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνταποδίδωμι.
ἀντ-ἀποκρίνομαι, Med. to answer again.
ἀντ-ἀποκτείνω, f. -κτενῶ, to kill in return.
ἀντ-ἀπολαμβάνω, f. -λῆφωμαι, to receive in return.
ἀντ-ἀπόλλυμι, to destroy in return:—Pass. and Med., with perf. 2 act. -όλωλα, to perish in turn.
ἀντ-ἀποστίνω, f. -τίσω, to r quite.
ἀντ-ἀποφαίνω, f. -φανῶ, to shew on the other hand.
ἀντ-ἀπτομαι, Ion. for ἀνθ-ἀπτομαι.
ἀντ-ἀρκέω, f. έω, to bold out opposite to: to bold out.
ἀντ-ἀσπάζομαι, f. άσσομαι: Dep.:—to greet in turn: to receive kindly.

ἀνταυγέω, f. ῆσω, to reflect light, to reflect. From ἀντ-αυγής, ές, (ἀντί, αὐγή) reflecting light.
ἀντ-αυδάω, f. ῆσω, to speak against, answer.
ἀντάω, Ion. ἀντέω, f. ῆσω: aor. I -ῆντησα: (ἀντα, ἀντί):—of persons, to come opposite to, meet face to face: also ἀντήσαι μάχης, δαυτός, etc., to meet with, take part in, partake of.

ἀντ-ἀντιβόλησα, aor. I of ἀντιβόλει.
ἀντ-εγκαλέω, f. έσω, to accuse in turn.
ἀντ-εκάδω, f. άσσομαι: aor. I -ῆκασα:—to compare in turn.

ἀντ-είνω, poet. for ἀνα-είνω.
ἀντ-είπον, aor. 2 without any pres. in use, to speak against or in answer, gainsay. Cf. ἀντ-ερώ.
ἀντ-είρομαι, Ion. for ἀντ-έρομαι.
ἀντ-εισάγω, f. έω, to introduce instead, substitute.
ἀντ-εισφέρω, f. -εισολέω, to pay or contribute for another: cf. εισφορά. II. to substitute one thing for another.

ἀντ-εκκλέπτω, f. έω, to steal away in return.
ἀντ-εκκόπτω, f. έω, to knock out in return.
ἀντ-εκπέμπω, f. έω, to send out in return.
ἀντ-εκπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail out against.
ἀντ-εκτείνω, f. -εκτενῶ, to stretch out against: hence to compare one with another.

ἀντ-εκτρέχω, f. -εκδράμωμαι, to sally out against.
ἀντελαβόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἀντιλαμβάνω.
ἀντέλλουσα, Dor. for ἀντέλλουσα, part. fem. of ἄνταέλλω.

ἀντέλλω, poet. for ἀνα-τέλλω.
ἀντ-ελπίζω, fut. έω, Att. ἰῶ, to hope instead.
ἀντ-εμβάλλω, f. -εμβάλλω, intr. to make an inroad in turn.

ἀντ-εμβιβάζω, f. άσω, to put on board instead.
ἀντ-εμπᾶγῃ, 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. subj. of sq.
ἀντ-εμπήγνυμι, f. -εμπήξω, to stick right in.
ἀντ-εμπήπρημι, f. -εμπήρῶ, to set on fire in return.
ἀντ-ενδίδωμι, f. -ενδώω, to give way in turn.
ἀντ-εξάγω, f. άξω, to export instead.

ἀντ-ἐξαίτω, f. ῆσω, to demand in return.
ἀντ-ἐξείμι, (εἰμι ἰβο) to march out against.
ἀντ-ἐξέρχομαι, Dep. = ἀντέξειμι.
ἀντ-ἐξετάζω, f. έω, to try one by the standard of another:—Med. to measure oneself against another.
ἀντ-ἐξυππεύω, f. έω, to ride out against.
ἀντ-ἐξορμησις, εως, ῆ, (ἀντί, έξορμᾶω) a sailing out against.

ἀντ-ἐπάγω, f. έω, to lead or (intr.) to advance against.
ἀντ-επαινέω, f. έσω, to praise in return.
ἀντ-ἐπανάγομαι, Med. to put to sea against.
ἀντ-ἐπειμι, to rush upon, attack.
ἀντ-επεξάγω, f. έω, to lead or march out against.
ἀντ-επέξειμι, (εἰμι ἰβο) to march out against.
ἀντ-επεξελάνω, f. Att. -εξεἰλῶ, to march out against.
ἀντ-επεξέρχομαι, Dep. = ἀντεπέξειμι.
ἀντ-ἐπιβουλεύω, f. έω, to form counter-designs.
ἀντ-ἐπιδελκνυμι, f. δελῶ, to shew forth in turn.
ἀντ-ἐπιθυμέω, f. ῆσω, to desire in turn:—Pass., ἀντ-ἐπιθυμῆσθαι τινος to have a thing desired from one.
ἀντ-ἐπικυριεύω, f. ῆσω, to help in return.
ἀντ-ἐπιμελείομαι, fut. med. ῆσσομαι: aor. I past -επειμελήθην: Dep.:—to give heed in turn.
ἀντ-ἐπιστράτευω, f. έω, to take the field against.
ἀντ-ἐπιτάσσω, f. έω, to enjoin in turn.
ἀντ-ἐπιτεχίζομαι, f. med. ἴσσομαι, Att. ιούμαι: pf pass. -τετέχισσομαι: Dep.:—to build forts against in retaliation.

ἀντ-ἐπιτίθημι, fut. θήσω, to entrust in answer.
ἀντ-ἐπινίω, f. έω, (ἀντί, ἐπινός) to contribute one's share in turn:—Pass. to be repaid.
ἀντεροστής, οῦ, ὁ, a rival in love. From ἀντ-εράω, to love in return: to rival in love.
ἀντ-ερίδω, f. έω, to set firmly against, to p. firm.

II. intr. to set oneself steadfastly against. Hence

ἀντερείσις, εως, ῆ, obstinate resistance.
ἀντ-έρομαι, Ion. -έίρομαι: aor. 2 -ῆρόμην: Dep.: to ask in turn.
ἀντ-ερίομαι, Dep. to make equal in weight with: hence, to value equally with. [ῦ]
ἀντ-ερώ, fut. without any pres. in use: pf. ἀντείρηκα: (cf. ἀντίειπον):—to speak against, gainsay:—fut. pass., οὐδὲν ἀντειρήσεται no denial shall be given.

ἀντ-έρως, οτος, ὁ, return-love, love-for-love.
ἀντ-ερωτάω, f. ῆσω, to ask in turn.
ἀντ-έστην, aor. 2 ind. of ἀνθίστημι.
ἀντ-ευνογέτω, f. ῆσω, to return a kindness.
ἀντ-ευνοέω, f. ῆσω, to wish well in return.
ἀντ-έχω or ἀντ-ίσχω, f. ἀνθέξω: (ἀντί, έχω or ἴσχω):—to bold against: χεῖρα κρατὺς ἀντέχειν to bold one's hand so as to shade one's eyes. II. intrans. to bold out against, withstand: absol. to bold out: hence to suffice, be enough. III. Med. to bold out against something: later, with gen. only, to bold on by, bold to, cleave to.

ἀντ-ῆλιος, ον, (ἀντί, ῆλιος) oppsite the sun: i. e.

looking east, eastern; *δαίμονες ἀντήλιοι*, statues of gods facing the sun. II. like the sun.

ἀντέω, Ion. for ἀντάω.

ἀντήν, Adv. (ἀντί) against, face to face. 2. face to face, openly, before all. 3. ἀντήν ἐρχεσθαι to go straight forward; ἀντήν βάλλεσθαι to be struck in front.

ἀντήνῳ, ορος, δ, ἡ. (ἀντί, ἀντή) instead of a man. ἀντήνῃς, ου, δ, (ἀντί, ἐρέτης) one who rows against another: generally, a rival. ἀντήνῃς, es, (ἀντί) set over against, opposite; πληγαὶ στέφανον ἐντήνῃς blows aimed straight at the breast.

ἀντήρις, ἴδω, ἡ, (ἀντερίδω. a prop: a beam to support the outer timbers of a ship's bow, in case of a shock.

ἀντήσσει, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀντάω.

ἀντήχέω, Dor. -ἄχέω, f. ἴσω, to re-echo.

ἌΝΤΙ, Prep. with gen.: orig. sense over against: I. of Place, opposite, before. II. to denote worth, value, put for, for, Lat. pro, instar; ἀντί πολλῶν λαῶν ἔστι, he is worth many people: hence I. in return for. 2. for the sake of. 3. instead of, for. 3. to mark comparison; ἐν ἀνθ' ἐνός one set against the other, compared with it. 5. with verbs of entreaty, like πρὸς with gen., by, Lat. per.

In Compos. it signifies 1. over against, as in ἀντί-πορος. 2. in opposition to, as in ἀντί-πολεμέω. 3. one against another, mutually, as in ἀντι-δειδομαι. 4. in return, as in ἀντι-βοηθέω. 5. instead, as in ἀντήνῳ. 6. equal to, like, as in ἀντί-θεος. 7. corresponding, as in ἀντί-μορφος.

ἀντία, Adv.—ἀντήν, properly neut. pl. of ἀντίος. ἀντιάαν, Ep. pres. inf. of ἀντιάω. ἀντιάσθε, -θαι, Ep. 2 pl. ind. and inf. Med. of ἀντιάω.

ἀντιάω, f. ἴσω, Dor. ἄω: aor. I ἡντίασα: (ἀντί):—to come or go towards, meet, as friend or foe. 2. of things, to meet with, obtain. II. to approach with prayer, entreat.

ἀντι-ἀνερᾶ, ἡ, fem. Adj. (ἀντί, ἀντή) a match for men, as good as man, of the Amazons.

ἀντιάω, f. ἴσω: Ep. pres. ἀντιάω, 3 pl. imperat. ἀντιόωνται, part. ἀντιόων, ὄωσα, ὄωτες, inf. ἀντιόων, med. ἀντιάσθαι: (ἀντί, ἀντίος):—to meet, as friend or foe: to match, measure oneself with: rarely in sense of coming to aid. 2. of things, to go to meet, go in quest of, c. gen. rei: of an arrow, to hit: of the gods, to come to meet an offering, i.e. accept graciously of it: so, generally, to partake of a thing. II. c. dat. to meet with, light upon.

arrange, prepare, λέχος ἀντιόωσα. II. c. acc. to arrange, prepare, λέχος ἀντιόωσα.

ἀντι-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀντίβην:—to withstand, resist: to stand in the gap; ἀντιβὰς ἔλθω to pull stoutly against the oar, going well back.

ἀντι-βάλλω, f. -βαλῶ, to throw against or in turn. ἀντιβᾶναι, εως, ἡ, (ἀντιβαίνω) resistance.

ἀντι-βιάζομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to resort violence.

ἀντιβίην, Adv. against, with force to force. Properly acc. fem. from

ἀντί-βιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἀντί, βία) opposing force to force; ἀντιβίος ἐπέεσσι with wrangling words: neut. ἀντίβιον, 'as Adv.—ἀντιβίην.

ἀντι-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look straight at, look in the face. ἀντιβλεψις, εως, ἡ, a looking in the face.

ἀντι-βοητέω, f. ἴσω, to help in turn or mutually. ἀντιβολέω, f. ἴσω: aor. with double augm. ἡντεβόλησα, Ep. ἀντεβ-: (ἀντιβάλλω):—to meet by chance, hit upon, esp. in battle. II. to meet with, partake of, c. gen. rel. III. to meet as a suppliant, entreat, c. acc. pers. Hence

ἀντιβόλησις, εως, ἡ, and ἀντιβολία, ἡ, an entreaty, prayer.

ἀντι-γέγωνα, perf. with pres. sense, to return a cry. ἀντι-γενεαλογέω, f. ἴσω, to rival in pedigree.

ἀντιγνωμόνῳ, to be of a different opinion. From ἀντι-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀντί, γνώμη) of a different opinion.

ἀντιγράφεω, έως, δ, (ἀντιγράφω) one who keeps a counter-reckoning, a check-clerk.

ἀντιγράφῃ, ἡ, (ἀντιγράφω) a reply in writing. II. as law-term, properly the answer put in by the defendant; but also of the plaintiff, an indictment.

ἀντιγράφος, ον, copied: hence as Subst. ἀντίγραφα, τά, copies. From

ἀντι-γράφω, f. ψω, to write against or in answer, write back:—Med., with pf. pass. ἀντιγέγραμμαι, to put in as a plea, to plead against: cf. ἀντιγραφῇ.

ἀντι-δάκνω, f. -θήσομαι: pf. pass. -δέδηγμαi:—to bite at or in turn.

ἀντι-δεξιόμοι, Med. to give one another the right hand, to greet in return.

ἀντι-δέσκομαι, Dep.—ἀντιβλέπω.

ἀντι-δέχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to receive in return.

ἀντι-δημαγωγέω, f. ἴσω, to rival as a demagogue.

ἀντι-διαβαίνω, f. βήσομαι, to cross in turn.

ἀντι-διατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to dispose or arrange in turn:—Med. to set oneself against others, offer resistance.

ἀντι-διδάσκω, δ, mostly in plur. of poets who bring rival plays on the stage: cf. sq.

ἀντι-διδάσκω, f. -διδάξω, to teach in turn or against: of dramatic poets, to bring rival plays on the stage.

ἀντι-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give in return, repay. II. as law-term, to offer to change fortunes with one: cf. ἀντιδοῖσι.

ἀντι-διέβημι, (εἰμι ἴβο) to go through again.

ἀντιδικίω, f. ἴσω: the augm. is prefixed to the prep., impf. ἡντιδικουν, aor. I ἡντιδικησα, or with double augm., ἡντεδικουν, ἡντεδικησα:—to be a defendant, or generally, party in a suit. From

ἀντι-δικος, ου, (ἀντί, δικη) an opponent in a suit, properly the defendant, but also the plaintiff: οἱ ἀντι-δικοὶ the two parties in a suit.

ἀντι-δοκέω, f. -δοκήσω or -δόξω, to be of a contrary opinion.

ἀντί-δορος, *ov*, (ἀντί, δόρα) clothed with something instead of a skin.

ἀντίδοσις, *εως, ἡ*, (ἀντιδίδωμι) a giving in return, an exchange: repayment. 2. at Athens, a form, by which a citizen charged with a public charge might call upon any other citizen, whom he thought richer than himself, either to exchange properties, or submit to the charge himself.

ἀντίδοτος, *ov*, (ἀντιδίδωμι) given as a remedy against poison: as Subst. ἀντίδοτον, τό, an antidote.

ἀντι-δουλεύω, *f. σω*, to be as a slave to another, to be no better than a slave.

ἀντί-δουλος, *ov*, instead of a slave, no better than a slave.

ἀντί-δουπος, *ov*, resounding.

ἀντι-δράω, *f. άσω*, to do in return, retaliate, requite. ἀντι-δωροίμαι, *f. ήσωμαι*, Dep. to present in return with a thing.

ἀντι-ζητέω, *f. ήσω*, to seek in return.

ἀντι-ζωγρέω, *f. ήσω*, to save alive in turn.

ἀντι-θάπτω, *f. ψω*, to bury opposite.

ἀντι-θεός, *η, ov*, godlike, equal to the gods.

ἀντι-θεράπειω, *f. σω*, to take care of in return.

ἀντι-thesis, *εως, ἡ*, (ἀντιτίθημι) opposition, antithesis.

ἀντι-θέω, *f. θεύσομαι*, to run against: to run a race with.

ἀντί-θύρος, *ov*, (ἀντί, θύρα) opposite the door: as Subst. ἀντίθυρον, τό, the inner part of the house opposite the door.

ἀντι-καθέζομαι, fut. -καθεδούμαι: aor. 2 -καθέζομαι: Med. —to sit over against.

ἀντι-καθεύδω, *f. ευδήσω*, to sleep opposite to.

ἀντι-κάθημαι, Ion. -κάττημαι, Dep. = ἀντικαθέζομαι.

ἀντι-καθίζω, to set opposite: —Med. = ἀντικαθέζομαι, to sit opposite.

ἀντι-καθίστημι, Ion. ἀντι-κατίστημι: *f. -καταστήσω*: I. Causal in pres., impf., fut. and aor. 1, to lay down or establish instead: to set against, oppose: to set up again.

II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἀντέστην and pf. ἀνθέστηκα, to be put in another's place, to succeed, supersede. 2. to resist.

ἀντι-κακουργέω, to injure in turn.

ἀντι-καλέω, *f. έσω*, to call or invite in turn.

ἀντι-καταβήσκω, aor. 2 -έθανον, to die in turn.

ἀντι-καταλλάσσω, Att. -ττω, *f. έξω*, to exchange one thing for another.

ἀντι-κάττημαι, ἀντι-κατίζομαι, ἀντι-κατίστημι, Ion. for ἀντι-κάθ-.

ἀντί-καίμαι, *f. -κέίσομαι*, used as Pass. of ἀντιτίθημι, to lie opposite to.

ἀντι-κελεύω, *f. σω*, to command in turn.

ἀντι-κέντρος, *ov*, (ἀντί, κέντρον) sharp as a goad.

ἀντι-κηδεύω, *f. σω*, to take care of instead.

ἀντι-κηρύσσω, *f. ύξω*, to proclaim in answer to.

ἀντι-κλάζω, *f. -κλάγξω*, to sound in answer: —to sound by striking against, τιγί.

ἀντι-κνήμιον, τό, (ἀντί, κνήμη) the shin, leg.

ἀντι-κολακεύω, *f. σω*, to flatter in turn.

ἀντι-κομίζω, *f. ίσω* Att. *ιδώ*, to bring back in reply.

ἀντι-κόπτω, *f. ψω*, intr. to resist, oppose.

ἀντι-κορύσσομαι, Dep. to take arms against.

ἀντι-κρατέω, *f. ήσω*, to hold instead.

ἀντίκρουσις, *εως, ἡ*, a striking against: hence, a hindrance, sudden check. From

ἀντι-κρούω, *f. σω*, to strike or push back, stop, hinder. 2. intr. to be a hindrance, stand in the way.

ἀντίκρυ and ἀντίκρυς, Adverbs, (ἀντί, ἄντην) have generally distinct meanings: I. ἀντίκρυ, over against, right opposite. 2. in Hom. also = ἀντι-κρύς, straight on, outright, entirely. II. ἀντίκρυ (never in Homer), straight, right. 2. outright, thoroughly, without disguise or reserve 3. of Time, straightway.

ἀντι-κτύπος, *ov*, (ἀντί, κτείνω) killing in return.

ἀντι-κτύπω, *f. ήσω*, to clash against, re-echo.

ἀντι-κύρω [ῶ], *f. κύρω*, to hit upon something, meet.

ἀντι-κωμωδέω, *f. ήσω*, to ridicule in turn.

ἀντιλαβή, ἡ, (ἀντιλαμβάνω) a handle, Lat. ansa.

ἀντι-λαγχάνω, fut. -λήξομαι: pf. ἀντέληχα: —to draw lots for, obtain in turn.

ἀντι-λάβομαι and -λάβωμαι, Dep. to receive in turn. 2. to hold fast by: to take a share of.

ἀντι-λακτίζω, *ίω*, to kick against.

ἀντι-λαμβάνω, *f. -λήψομαι*: pf. ἀντέληχα: aor. 2 ἀντέλαβον: —to receive instead of or in turn. II. Med. c. gen., to lay bold of: hence, 1. to take part with, assist. 2. to lay claim to. 3. to take part in a thing. 4. to take bold of for the purpose of finding fault. 5. to captivate, charm. 6. to grasp with the mind, apprehend.

ἀντι-λάμπω, *f. ψω*, to light up in turn. II. intr. to reflect light.

ἀντι-λέγω, *f. λέξω*, to speak against, gainsay. Hence ἀντιλεκτέον, verb. Adj. one must gainsay: and ἀντίλεκτος, *ov*, questionable, to be disputed.

ἀντι-λέων, *ovtos, ὅ*, (ἀντί, λέων) lion-like.

ἀντι-ληπτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀντιλαμβάνομαι, one must assist or take part in. II. one must check.

ἀντίληψις, *εως, ἡ*, (ἀντιλαμβάνω) a receiving in turn. II. (from Med.) a laying bold of, seizure: hence a claim to a thing. 2. a bold, support: help, succour. 3. an attacking, attack, objection. 4. ἀντιλογία, *f. ήσω*, = ἀντιλέγω.

ἀντιλογία, ἡ, (ἀντιλέγω) controversy, discussion. Lat. disceptatio: generally, opposition, resistance.

ἀντι-λογίζομαι, Dep. to calculate on the other hand ἀντιλογικός, ἡ, *ov*, (ἀντιλέγω) given to contradiction, disputatious.

ἀντιλογος, *ov*, (ἀντιλέγω) contradictory.

ἀντι-λοιδорέω, *f. ήσω*, to rail at or abuse in turn.

ἀντιλύρος, *ov*, (ἀντί, λύρα) in harmony with the lyre.

ἀντιλύτρον, *ov, τό*, (ἀντί, λύτρον) a ransom.

ἀντι-μαίνομαι, *f. -μαγήσομαι*, Pass. to rave against.

ἀντι-μανθάνω, *f. -μαθήσομαι*, to learn instead.

ἀντι-μάχομαι, *f. -μαχήσομαι*, Dep. to fight against.

ἀντι-μεθέλω, *to drag to the opposite side.*

ἀντι-μεθίστημι, fut. -στήσω: I. Causal in

pres. and impf., fut. and aor. I, *to remove from one side to the other: to revolutionise.* II. intr. in

Pass., with aor. 2 act. -μετέστην, pf. -μεθέστηκα, *to pass over to the other side, give way.*

ἀντι-μελλίζω, *to rival in music*

ἀντι-μέλλω, f. -μελλήσω, *to wait and watch against.*

ἀντι-μέμφομαι, f. ῥομαι, Dep. *to blame in turn, resort upon.*

ἀντι-μερίζομαι, Dep. *to impart in turn.*

ἀντι-μετρέω, f. ῥομαι, *to measure out in turn.*

ἀντι-μέτωπος, ov, (ἀντί, μέτωπον) *front to front, face to face.*

ἀντι-μηχάνομαι, Dep. *to contrive or scheme against: to counteract.*

ἀντι-μίμησις, cws, ῆ, *close imitation, aping.* [μῖ] ἀντι-μίμος, ov, (ἀντί, μιέομαι) *closely imitating, aping: modelled after.*

ἀντι-μισέω, f. ῥομαι, *to hate in return.*

ἀντιμισθία, ῆ, *a reward, requital.* From

ἀντι-μισθος, ov, *for or instead of a reward.*

ἀντι-μοιρία, as, ῆ, (ἀντί, μοίρα) *a compensation.*

ἀντι-μολπος, ov, (ἀντί, μολπή) *sounding against, differing in sound from: ἀντιμολπον ἄκος ὕμνου song, sleep's substitute.*

ἀντι-ναυπηγέω, f. ῥομαι, *to build ships against, fit out a navy against*

ἀντι-νικάω, f. ῥομαι, *to conquer in turn.*

ἀντι-ξέω, f. ῥομαι, *to set oneself against.* From ἀντί-ξος, ov, Ion. ἀντί-ξους, ov, (ἀντί, ξέω) *properly scraped against; hence opposed to, hostile: τὸ ἀντίξουν opposition.*

ἀντίον, Adv. of ἀντίος; see ἀντίος.

ἀντίον, τό, (ἀντί) *a part of the loom.*

ἀντιόμαι, fut. med. ὤσομαι: aor. I pass. ἡντιώθην: Dep. — *to meet in battle, to resist, oppose.*

ἀντίος, α, ov, (ἀντί) *set against, and so, I. over against, opposite: c. gen. meeting, confronting. II. opposite, contrary.* III. as Adv., ἀντία and ἀντίον, like ἀντην and ἀντα, *opposite: against, straight at.*

2. *against one's will.*

ἀντι-οχέομαι, Pass. *to fight against.*

ἀντι-οστᾶτέω, ποῖα for ἀνδίσταμαι, *to oppose.*

ἀντιώω, ἀντιών, -ῶσα, ἀντιώντων, see ἀντίαω.

ἀντι-πᾶθής, ἑς, (ἀντί, πᾶθεῖν) *in return for suffering.*

II. *of opposite feelings or passions.*

ἀντι-παίζω, *to play one with another.*

ἀντι-παῖς, παιδός, δ, ῆ, *like a child, no better than a child.*

ἀντιπᾶλος, ov, (ἀντί, πάλη) *properly wrestling against: hence antagonist, rival: matched against each other, nearly balanced: corresponding to.* II.

fighting against the enemy. III. as Subst., ἀντι-πελός, δ, *a rival, adversary.* 2. *a champion.*

ἀντι-παραβάλλω, f. βαλῶ, *to hold side by side, compare closely.*

ἀντι-παραγγέλλω, f. ἐλῶ, *to countermand, to order in turn.* II. *to compete for a public office.*

ἀντι-παράγω, f. ξῶ, *to lead on against.* II. intr. *to advance against or parallel with.*

ἀντι-παραθέω, f. θέσομαι, *to run past against: to outflank.*

ἀντι-παρακᾶλέω, f. ἐξῶ, *to summon in turn or contrariwise.*

ἀντι-παρακελεύομαι, Dep. *to exhort in turn or to the contrary.*

ἀντι-παραλύπew, f. ῥομαι, *to annoy in turn.*

ἀντι-παραπλέω, f. πλεύσομαι, *to sail along on the other side.*

ἀντι-παρασκευάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι: Dep. *to prepare oneself in turn: to arm on both sides.* Hence

ἀντι-παρασκευή, ῆ, *hostile preparation.*

ἀντι-παρατάσσω, Att. -τω, f. ξῶ — *to draw out against, in order of battle:—Pass. to stand in array against.*

ἀντι-παρατίθημι, *to set side by side against, compare closely.*

ἀντι-πάραμι, (εἰμι ἰδο) *to march parallel to.*

ἀντι-παρέρχομαι, = ἀντιπάρειμι.

ἀντι-παρέγω, *to supply in turn.*

ἀντι-πάσχω, f. -πέσομαι: pf. -πέπονθα:—*to suffer or endure in turn: τὸ ἀντιπεπονθός, neut. part. pf., retaliation.*

ἀντι-παταγέω, f. ῥομαι, *to clatter against.*

ἀντι-πέμπω, f. ψω, *to send back an answer: to send in return.* II. *to send against.* III. *to send instead.*

ἀντι-πέραιος, α, ov, *lying over against, esp. beyond sea.* From

ἀντι-περαίνω, f. περανῶ, *to pierce through in turn.*

ἀντι-πέρω, Ion. -πέρην, Adv. = ἀντιπέρασ: also as Adj. in phrase Ἀσῶν ἀντιπέρην τε, *Asia and the opposite coast.*

ἀντι-πέρως or -πέρα, Adv. *over against, on the other side of, opposite.* Hence

ἀντι-πέρθεν, Adv. *from the opposite side.*

ἀντι-πέρην, Ion. for ἀντιπέραν.

ἀντι-περιλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, *to embrace in turn.*

ἀντι-περιχωρέω, *to go round in turn or against.*

ἀντι-πετρος, ov, (ἀντί, πέτρα) *hard as stone, rocky.*

ἀντι-πῆξ, ἡγος, ῆ, (ἀντί, πήγνυμι) *a chest, ark.*

ἀντι-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῖμαι, *to fall against.* 2. *to strive against, resist.*

ἀντι-πλήω, f. -πλεύσομαι, *to sail against.*

ἀντι-πληγῆς, ἡγος, δ, ῆ, (ἀντί, πλήσσω) *beaten by the storm.*

ἀντι-πληρῶ, f. ῶσω, *to man ships against* 2. *to fill up by new members.*

ἀντι-πνέω, f. πνεύσομαι, *to blow against.* Hence

ἀντίπνοος, ov, contr. ἀντίπνοος, ov, *blowing against, caused by adverse winds.*

ἀντι-πυθέω, f. ῥομαι, *to long for in turn.*

ἀντι-ποιέω, f. ῥομαι, *to do in return, opp. to ἀντι-*

πάσχω. II. Med. to lay claim to: to contend with one for a thing.

ἀντί-ποινος, *ov*, (ἀντί, ποινή) in requital: as Subst. ἀντίποινα, τὰ, = ἀποινα, requital, retribution.

ἀντί-πολεμέω, *f. hsw*, to wage war against one.

ἀντι-πολέμιος, *ov*, = ἀντιπόμενος.

ἀντι-πόμενος, *ov*, warring against: οἱ ἀντιπόμενοι enemies.

ἀντι-πολιορκέω, *f. hsw*, to besiege in turn.

ἀντι-πορεύομαι, *Pass.*, with *f. med.* -εύσομαι: *aor. I* *pass.* ἀντεπορεύην:—to advance against: march to meet another.

ἀντι-πορθέω, *f. hsw*, to lay waste in return.

ἀντί-πορθος, *ov*, on the opposite side of the straits.

ἀντι-πορος, *ov*, on the opposite coast, over against.

ἀντι-πράσσω, *Att. ττω*, *Ion.* -πρήσσω: *fut. fsw*: to act against, oppose.

ἀντι-πρεσβεύομαι, *Med.* to send counter-ambassadors.

ἀντι-πρήσσω, *Ion.* for ἀντι-πράσσω.

ἀντι-πρόειμι, (εἶμι *ibo*) to come forward against.

ἀντι-προικα, *Adv.* for next to nothing, cheap.

ἀντι-προκαλέομαι, *Med.* to challenge in return.

ἀντι-προσᾶμόμαι, *Med.* to bear in turn.

ἀντι-πρόσεμι, (εἶμι *ibo*) to go against.

ἀντι-προσείπον, *aor. 2* without pres. in use, to address in turn: *aor. pass.* ἀντιπροσεπρήθην.

ἀντι-προσκαλέομαι, *Med.* to summon in turn.

ἀντι-προσφέρω, *f. προσείω*, to bring in turn.

ἀντι-πρόσωπος, *ov*, (ἀντί, πρόσωπον) with the face towards, face to face.

ἀντι-προτείνω, *f. -τενῶ*, to hold out in turn.

ἀντί-πρως, *ov*, (ἀντί, πρῶρα) with the prow towards, prow to prow: hence fronting, face to face.

ἀντί-πύλος, *ov*, (ἀντί, πύλη) opposite the gate.

ἀντι-πυργός, *ov*, like a tower.

ἀντι-πυργῶ, *f. ὥσω*, to build a tower over against:

ἀντ. πόλιν to build up a city as a rival.

ἀντι-ρέπω, *f. ψω*, to counterpoise. Hence

ἀντιρροπος, *ov*, counterpoising.

ἀντι-σηκῶ, *f. ὥσω*, to weigh against, to compensate.

2. *intr.* to be equal in weight, to counterpoise; δις ἀντισηκῶσαι βοτῇ to weigh twice as heavy. Hence

ἀντισήκωσις, *ews* *Ion.* *ios*, ἡ, a restoring the balance: hence, compensation, retribution.

ἀντι-σιωπάω, *f. ἥσομαι*, to be silent in turn.

ἀντι-σκενάζομαι, *f. ἄσομαι*, *Dep.* (ἀντί, σκενάζω) to arrange in turn.

ἐντ-ίσσομαι, *Pass.* (ἀντί, ισώω) to stand against one on equal terms.

ἀντισπασμός, *δ*, (ἀντισπάω) a convulsion.

ἀντίσπαστος, *ov*, drawn in the contrary direction: hence spasmodic, convulsive. II. as Subst. ἀντί-

σπαστος, *δ*, an antispastus, a foot made up of an iambus and trochee, as Ἀλέξανδρος. From

ἀντι-σπάω, *f. ἄσω* [ᾶ], to draw the contrary way, drag back.

ἀντί-σταθμος, *ov*, (ἀντί, στάθμη) balancing: equivalent to.

ἀντι-στάσιδω, *f. ἄσω*, to form a party against.

ἀντίστασις, *ews*, ἡ, (ἀνθίσταμαι) an opposite faction.

ἀντι-στάσιωτης, *ov*, *δ*, one of the opposite faction.

ἀντιστάτew, *f. ἥσω*, to stand against, resist: esp. to be a political opponent. From

ἀντι-στάτης, *ov*, *δ*, (ἀνθίσταμαι) an adversary. [ᾶ]

ἀντ-ίστημι, *Ion.* for ἀνθίστημι.

ἀντιστοιχέω, *f. ἥσω*, to stand opposite in rows: to be ranged opposite. From

ἀντί-στοιχος, *ov*, ranged opposite in rows: standing over against.

ἀντι-στράτεύομαι, *Dep.* (ἀντί, στρατεύω) to take the field, make war against.

ἀντι-στράτηγος, *δ*, a rival general, the enemy's general:—also the Rom. Proprætor or Proconsul.

ἀντι-στράτοπεδεύω, and *Med.* -στρατοπεδεύομαι, (ἀντί, στρατόπεδον) to encamp over against.

ἀντι-στρέφω, *f. ψω*: *pf.* ἀντίστροφω:—to turn to the other side: to retort. II. *intr.* (sub. ἐαυτόν, etc.), to turn about, face about.

ἀντιστροφή, ἡ, (ἀντιστρέφω) a turning back or about. II. in the dance of the chorus, the antistrophē or returning of the Chorus, answering to a

previous στροφή, except that they now danced from left to right instead of from right to left.

ἀντίστροφος, *ov*, (ἀντιστρέφω) set over against: τὸ ἀντίστροφον the opposite of a thing, or its counterpart. *Adv.* -φως, contrariwise to.

ἀντι-συναντάω, *f. ἥσω*, to meet face to face.

ἀντι-σφαιρίζω, *f. ἰω* *Att.* *ῖω*: (ἀντί, σφαῖρα):—to play at ball against.

ἀντισχεῖν, *aor. 2 inf.* of ἀντέχω.

ἀντίσχεσθε, 2 *pl. aor. 2 med. imperat.* of ἀντέχω.

ἀντι-ισχυρίζω, *fut. ἰω* *Att.* *ῖω*, to strengthen against: *Med.* to maintain stoutly a contrary opinion.

ἀντ-ίσχω, *collat. form* of ἀντέχω.

ἀντι-ταλαντεύω, *f. εὔσω*, —ἀντισηκῶς,

ἀντι-τάμειν, *aor. 2 inf.* of ἀντιτίμνω.

ἀντίταξις, *ews*, ἡ, a settling in array against another, an opposite line of battle. II. opposition. From

ἀντι-τάσσω, *Att.* -τάττω, *fut.* τάξω, to range in battle against another:—*Pass.* to be ranged against.

ἀντι-τείνω, *f. -τενῶ*, to offer in return, repay. II. *intr.* and *Med.* to strive against, counteract, resist

ἀντι-τεχνίζω, to build a fort against. Hence ἀντιτέχνησμα, *ατος*, τό, a counter-fortification.

ἀντι-τίμνω, *f. -τεμῶ*: *aor. 2* ἀντέταμνω:—to cure against, i. e. provide a remedy or antidote.

ἀντι-τεχνάομαι, *Dep.* to form a counter-plan.

ἀντιτέχνησις, *ews*, ἡ, counter-maneuvring.

ἀντί-τέχνος, *ov*, (ἀντί, τέχνη) rivalling in an art or craft.

ἀντι-τίθωμι, *f. -θήσω*, to set one against the other, compare, oppose:—*Pass.* to be compared or matched one against another. II. to place in return

give one thing for another.

ἀντι-τιμάω, *f. ἦσω*, to do honour to in return:—Med. as law-term, to fix a counter-estimate of damages. Hence

ἀντιτίμησις, *ews, ἦ*, as Att. law-term, a counter-estimate of the penalty made by the defendant in answer to the τίμησις of the plaintiff.

ἀντι-τιμωρέω, *f. ἦσω*, to punish in return:—Med. to revenge oneself on in turn.

ἀντι-τίνω, *f. τίσω*, to pay or suffer punishment for a thing. II. Med. to exact or inflict it in turn.

ἀντι-τολιμάω, *f. ἦσω*, to dare to stand against another.

ἀντί-τολμος, *ov, (αντί, τόλμα)* daring against, over-bold.

ἀντίτομος, *ov, (ἀντιτάμειν)* cut as a remedy for: as Subst. ἀντίτομον, τό, a remedy, antidote.

ἀντίτονος, *ov, (ἀντιτείνω)* stretched contrariwise, well-strung.

ἀντι-τοξεύω, *f. σω*, to shoot arrows in turn.

ἀντι-τορέω, *f. ἦσω*, to bore right through.

ἀντίτος, *ov, for ἀνά-τιτος, (ἀνατίνω)* requited, revenged; ἀντίτα ἔργα works of revenge.

ἀντι-τρέφω, to maintain in turn.

ἀντι-τυγχάνω, *f. τεύξομαι*: *aor. 2 -ἐτύχον*:—to meet with in return.

ἀντί-τύπος, *ov, (ἀντί, τύπηται)* struck back, echoed; τύπος ἀντίτυπος blow against blow:—answering to, correspondent:—as Subst., ἀντίτυπον, τό, an antitype, exact representation. II. act. striking back: hence

resisting: stubborn, obstinate: adverse: ἀντίτυπος διὰς the adversary of Jupiter.

ἀντι-τύπτω, *f. ψω*, to beat in turn.

ἀντιφερίζω, (*ἀντιφέρω*) to set oneself against, match oneself with: to fight for a prize with.

ἀντί-φερνος, *ov, (ἀντί, φερνή)* instead of a dowry.

ἀντι-φέρω, *f. ἀνίσσω*, to set against:—Med. and Pass. ἀντιφέρομαι, to set oneself against.

ἀντι-φεύγω, *f. -φεύγομαι*, to flee in turn.

ἀντι-φθέγγομαι, *f. -φθέγγομαι*, to return a sound, re-echo. II. to contradict. Hence

ἀντιφθογγος, *ov, echoing, imitating.*

ἀντι-φιλέω, *f. ἦσω*, to love or kiss in turn.

ἀντι-φιλονεκείω, to strive zealously against.

ἀντι-φιλοτιμέομαι, *Pass.* to be moved by jealousy against.

ἀντι-φιλοφρονέομαι, *Dep.* to receive kindly in turn.

ἀντι-φλέγω, *f. ξω*, to light up so as to meet.

ἀντί-φονος, *ov, in return for slaughter.* II.

θάνατοι ἀντίφονοι deaths by mutual slaughter.

ἀντι-φορτίζομαι, *f. ἴσομαι*, *Dep.* (*ἀντί, φόρτος*) to import in exchange for exports.

ἀντι-φράσσω, *Att. -πτω, fut. ξω*, to block up.

ἀντι-φύλακῃ, *ἡ*, a watching against one.

ἀντι-φύλαξ, *akos, ὁ*, a watch posted to observe another. [F]

ἀντι-φύλάσσω, *Att. -πτω, f. ξω*, to watch in turn:—Med. to be on one's guard against.

ἀντιφωνέω, *f. ἦσω*, to sound in answer, reply. From

ἀντί-φωνος, *ov, (ἀντί, φωνή)* returning a sound, responsive to. 2. disagreeing with.

ἀντι-χαίρω, to rejoice in turn.

ἀντι-χαρίζομαι, *fut. ἴσομαι* *Att. ἰοῦμαι*, *Dep. τε* show kindness to in turn.

ἀντι-χειροτονέω, *f. ἦσω*, to vote against.

ἀντιχορηγέω, to be a rival choregus. From

ἀντι-χόρηγος, *ὁ*, a rival choregus.

ἀντι-χράω, *aor. 1 ἀντέχρησα*, to be sufficient.

ἀντί-χριστος, *ὁ*, antichrist.

ἀντι-ψάλλω, *f. -ψάλλω*, to play a stringed instrument, in accompaniment. Hence

ἀντίψαλμος, *ov, responsive.*

ἀντί-ψηφος, *ov, voting against.*

ἀντί-ψυχος, *ov, (ἀντί, ψυχή)* instead of life, given for life.

ἀντλέω, *f. ἦσω*, (*ἀντλος*) properly, to bale out bilge-water, bale the ship: generally, to draw water. II.

metaph. to drain, use to the last, exhaust, of resources: of toil, etc., to drain, i. e. bear to the last, like Lat. exanilare, exhaurire: but also to squander.

ἀντλημα, *atos, τό*, (*ἀντλέω*) a vessel to draw water with.

ἀντλιά, *ἡ*, (*ἀντλος*) the hold of a ship. II. bilge-water, filth.

ἀντλίων, τό, (*ἀντλος*) a bucket.

ἌΝΤΛΟΣ, *ὁ*, the hold of a ship where the bilge-water settles, Lat. sentina. II. the bilge-water itself; ἀντλον δέχεσθαι to let in water, leak; ἀντλον εἰργεῖν Lat. sentinam exhaurire, to pump it out:—

poët. the sea, sea-water.

ἀντι-οικτείρω, to pity in return.

ἀντι-οικτίζω, *f. σω*,—ἀντοικτείρω.

ἀντολή, *ἡ*, poët. contr. for ἀνατολή.

ἀντομαι, *Dep.* only used in pres. and impf.: (*ἀντα, ἀντί*)—to meet or light upon. II.—ἀντιάω, to approach with prayers, entreat.

ἀντι-ὀμνυμι, *fut. -ομύσω and -ομοῦμαι*: *aor. 1 ἀντώμωσα*—to swear in turn. II. as Att. law-term, to swear in answer, take an ἀντωμοσία.

ἀντι-ονομάζω, *f. ἴσω*, to call by a new name. II. to speak in tropes.

ἀντι-ορύσσω, *f. ἴξω*, to dig against, dig a countermine.

ἀντι-οφέλω, *f. -οφείλῃσω*, to owe one a good turn.

ἀντι-οφθαλμέω, *f. ἦσω*, (*ἀντί, ὀφθαλμός*) to look in the face, withstand, bear up against.

ἀντι-τρέπω, poët. for ἀνα-τρέπω.

ἀντριάς, *ἄδος, ἡ*, (*ἀντρον*) of or belonging to a cave; Νύμφαι ἀντριάδες groi-Nymphs.

ἀντρος, *Adv.* from a cave. From

ἌΝΤΡΟΝ, τό, Lat. antrum, a cave, grot, cavern.

ἌΝΤΥΞ, *ἔγος, ἡ*, properly any rounded body, and so in Homer, I. the rim of the round shield. 2.

the rail round the front of the chariot, sometimes made double: it rose in front to a point, on which the reins might be hung:—after Hom., in plur., the chariot itself. 3. the frame of the lyre. 4. the orbit of the planets.

ἀντ-υποκρίνομαι, ἀντ-υποκρίνω, Ion. for ἀνθ-υπ-
ἀντ-ῳδός, ὄν, (ἀντί, αἰδοῦς) singing in answer to,
responsive.

ἀντ-ῳμοσία, ἡ, (ἀντ-ὀμνυμι) an oath taken by one
against another: and so as Att. law-term, the oath
taken on the one side by the plaintiff, on the other by
the defendant.

ἀντ-ᾠφέμιαι, Dep. to buy instead: to bid against.

ἀντ-ᾠπός, ὄν, (ἀντί, ὀψί) looking straight at, facing,
fronting, straight opposite.

ἀντ-ᾠφέλιω, f. ἦσω, to benefit in turn:—Pass. to
derive benefit in turn.

ἀν-ὀβριστος, ὄν, (α privat., ὀβρίω) not insulted. II.
not insolent, decorous.

ἀνυδρία, ἡ, want of water, drought. From
ἀν-ὕδρος, ὄν, (α privat., ὕδωρ) wanting water: ἡ
ἵνυδρος (sub. γῆ), or τὸ ἀνυδρον (sub. χωριον), the
region without water.

ἀν-ὕμεναιος, ὄν, (α privat., ὕμεναιος) without the
nuptial song, unwedded.

ἀνῆμης, Dor. for ἡνυμην, 1 pl. impf. of ἡνυμι.

ἀνῆμι, = ἀνίω:—Pass. ἀνῆμαι, impf. ἡνῆτο ἔργον the
work was finished.

ἀν-ὕμνέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀνά, ὕμνέω) to praise in song.

ἀν-ὕμφευτος, ὄν, (α privat., νυμφεύω) unwedded;
ἀνὺμφευτον γοηὴν ἔχειν to be born of an ill mar-
riage.

ἀν-ὕμφος, ὄν, (α privat., νύμφη) not bridal, un-
wedded; ἀνύμφα γάμων ἀμύλληματα unballowed em-
braces. II. without bride or mistress.

ἀν-ὕπερβλητος, ὄν, (α privat., ὑπερβάλλω) not to
be surpassed or outdone.

ἀν-ὕπευθνος, ὄν, (α privat., ὑπεύθυνος) not liable
to account, irresponsible, absolute.

ἀν-ὕποδεσσία, ἡ, ἀνυποδετέω, ἀνυπόδετος, ὄν, are
later forms of ἀνυποδησία, -δητέω, -δητος.

ἀνυποδησία, ἡ, α going barefoot. From
ἀνυποδητέω, f. ἦσω, to go barefoot. From
ἀν-ὕποδηςτος, ὄν, (α privat., ὑποδέω) unsboed, bare-
foot: also with old shoes, ill-sboed.

ἀν-ὕποδίκος, ὄν, (α privat., ὑπόδικος) not liable to
action.

ἀν-ὕπόκριτος, ὄν, (α privat., ὑποκρίνομαι) undis-
guised, without dissimulation.

ἀν-ὕπονόητος, ὄν, (α privat., ὑπονοέω) unsuspected:
unperceived. II. act. unsuspecting.

ἀν-ὕποπτος, ὄν, (α privat., ὑποπτος) without suspi-
cion, i. e. I. pass. unsuspected. 2. act. un-
suspecting.

ἀν-ὕποστάτος, ὄν, (α privat., ὑφίστημι) not to be
withstood, irresistible. II. without foundation.

ἀν-ὕποτακτος, ὄν, (α privat., ὑποτάσσω) not made
subject, unruly.

ἀνύσεια, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀνύω.

ἀνύσι-εργός, ὄν, (ἀνύω, ἔργον) industrious.

ἀνύσιμος, ὄν, (ἀνύω) efficacious, effectual.

ἀνύσις, εαε, ἡ, (ἀνύω) accomplishment, end.

ἀνύσσα, Ep. for ἡνύσσα, aor. I of ἀνύω.

ἀνυστός, ὄν, (ἀνύω) to be accomplished, possible;
σχηθῆναι ἀνυστόν as silently as possible.

ἀνυτικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἀνύσιμος,

ἀνύτο, Dor. for ἡνύτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἀνύμι.
ἀνύτω or ἀνύτω [ῥ], Att. form of ἀνύω, only used
in pres. and impf.

ἀν-ὕψαινω, (ἀνά, ὑψαίνω) to wease anew.

ἀν-ὕψω, f. ᾠσω, to raise up on high.

ἀνύω, Att. ἀνύτω or better ἀνύτω [ῥ], poet. ἀνύμι;
f. ἀνύσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἡνύσσα, Ep. ἀνύσσα: pf. ἡνύκα:
—Pass., aor. I ἡνύσθην: pf. ἡνύσμαι: (ἀνά):—to
accomplish, complete, Lat. conficere; οὐδὲν ἡνύε
did no good:—Med. to accomplish for one's own
advantage:—Pass. to be finished, and of persons, to
grow up. 2. to make an end of, destroy. 3.
to come to the end of a journey, absol.; ἀνύτειν εἰς . . .
for ἀνύτειν ὁδὸν εἰς . . ., to make one's way to a place;
ἀνά, ἀνύτειν θάλαμον for ἀνύτειν εἰς θάλαμον, to
arrive at the chamber. 4. to attain to, get, pro-
cure.

II. with a Partic., οὐκ ἀνύω φρονέουσα ἔ
gain nothing by grudging: in Att. like φθάνω, in the
sense of doing a thing speedily; ἀνε πράττων make
baste about it; but more freq. ἀνύσας, with imper-
at., make baste and . . ., as ἀνύσας ἀνοίγε make baste
and open, etc.: also ἀνε alone, make baste! dis-
patch!

III. less freq. with inf., στρατὸς ἡνύσε
περὰν the army succeeded in crossing.
ἌΝΩ, impf. ἡνῶν, to accomplish, finish:—Pass. to
come to an end, be finished; esp. of a period of time,
νύξ ἀνεται the night draws to its end; ἔτος ἀνόμενον
the waning year. [ᾗ]

ἄνω, Adv. (ἀνά) up, upwards, Lat. sursum, c. gen.,
αἰθέρας ἀνω ἡ to ether: absol. above, on high, Lat.
supra. 2. of the quarters of the heaven, north-
wards, opp. to κάτω, southwards. 3. of countries,
inland, up from the coast. 4. of time, formerly;
εἰς τὸ ἀνω reckoning upwards; οἱ ἀνω θεοὶ the gods
above, Lat. superi; οἱ ἀνω the living, opp. to οἱ κάτω
the dead; ἀνω καὶ κάτω ἡ up and down, topsy-turvy,
also up and down, to and fro, always in the same
place.

II. as Prep. with gen. above. III.
Comp. ἀνωτέρω higher up: as Prep., ἀνωτέρω Σαμοῦ
beyond Samos: Sup. ἀνωτάτω, highest up.

ἀνώ, aor. 2 subj. of ἀνίημι. [ᾗ]
ἀνωγα, old Ep. pf. with pres. sense, to command,
bid, order, Lat. jubeo: also to advise, urge one to
do. From ἀνωγα we have I plur. ind. ἀνωγμεν;
imperat. ἀνωγε and ἀνωχθι, 3 sing. ἀνωγέτω and
ἀνώχθω, 2 pl. ἀνώγετε and ἀνωχθε; inf. ἀνωγέμεν;
plapf. ἡνώγεην, without augm. ἀνώγειν, Ion. ἡνώγεα.
There is also a 3 sing. pres. ἀνώγει (as if from ἀνώγω);
whence we have an impf. ἀνώγον, fut. ἀνώξω, aor. I
ἡνώξα.

ἀνώ-γαίον, τό, (ἀνω, γαῖα) properly anything above
ground: a raised building, the upper floor of a house;
used as a dining-room, like Lat. coenaculum.

ἀνώγειν, Ep. for ἀνώγειν, 3 sing. impf. of ἀ-
οίγημι: but ἀνώγεν 3 sing. of ἀνωγα.

ἀνώγειον, *ω*, τδ, and ἀνώγειος, *ω*, δ, ῥ, = ἀνώγειον.

ἀνώγειον, Ep. I plur. ind. of ἀνώγειω.

ἀνώγειω, see ἀνώγειω.

ἀνώδυνος, *ον*, (a privat., δύνω) free from pain. II.

act. allaying pain.

ἀνωθεν, Dor. ἀνωθα, Adv.* (ἀνω) of place, from above, from heaven. 2. above, on high, and so of

ἀνωθεν, the living, opp. to of κάτω: c. gen., ἀνωθε γῆς above ground. II. of time, from the beginning.

ἀνωθέω, fut. -αθήσω and -ώσω:—to push up or forth, of a ship, to shove off; ἀνώσαντες πλεόν (sc. ἦν ναῦν) they pushed off and sailed:—Med. to put away from oneself.

ἀνωϊστή, Adv. of sq., unlooked for. [τῇ]

ἀνωϊστος, *ον*, (a privat., οἶμαι) unlooked for, unforeseen. II. Ion. for ἀνωϊστός, (ἀναφέρω) referred, submitted to a person.

ἀνώλεθρος, *ον*, (a privat., ἄλεθρος) indestructible.

ἀνώματος, *ον*, (a privat., ὁμαλός) uneven, unequal, irregular: τὸ ἀν. unevenness of ground.

ἀνωμοτί, Adv. of ἀνώματος, without oath.

ἀνώματος, *ον*, (a privat., ὅμνυμι) unsworn, not bound by oath. II. not sworn to.

ἀνώνομαστος, *ον*, (a privat., ὀνομάζω) not to be named, indescribable.

ἀνωνημί and ἀνωνημί, Adv. of ἀνώνυμος.

ἀνώνημος, *ον*, (a privat., ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) without name, anonymous. II. nameless, inglorious.

ἀνώξει, aor. I inf. of ἀνώγειω: see ἀνώγειω.

ἀνώξω, fut. of ἀνώγειω: see ἀνώγειω.

ἀνωρία, ῆ, untimeliness; ἀνωρία τοῦ ἔτους the bad season of the year, i. e. winter. From

ἀνωρος, *ον*, (a privat., ὥρα) like ἀ-ωρος, untimely, unripe, Lat. immaturus.

ἀνωρύομαι, Dep. (ἀνά, ὑπρύομαι) to howl aloud.

ἀνώσαι, Ion. for ἀνωῖσαι = Att. ἀνελέγκαι, aor. I act. inf. of ἀναφέρω.

ἀνώσας, *ασα*, *αν*, aor. I part. of ἀνωθέω.

ἀνώτατος, *η*, *ον*, Sup. formed from ἀνω, topmost.

ἀνωτάτω, Sup. Adv. of ἀνω, highest up, at top.

ἀνωτερικός, ῆ, *ον*, (ἀνωτέρω) upper or higher.

ἀνωτερον, Comp. Adv. (ἀνω) higher up: above.

ἀνωτέρω, Comp. Adv. of ἀνω, higher up, above.

ἀνώφελής, *ές*, (a privat., ὠφελέω) useless: also hurtful, like Lat. inutilis.

ἀνώφελτος, *ον*, (a privat., ὠφελέω) fruitless, unprofitable. 2. worthless.

ἀνωχθί, ἀνώχθω, 2 and 3 sing. Ep. pf. imperat. of ἄνωχθω: ἀνωχθε, 2 plur. of same.

ἄξει, aor. I inf. of ἄγγυμι, to break; ἄξαντο, 3 pl. med.

ἄξασθε, aor. I imperat. med. of ἄγω, to lead.

ἄξαιος, *ον*, Ion. for ἄξενος, II. ἄξενος (sc. πόντος), ὁ, The Axine or Inhospitable, a name altered (for the omen's sake) to Εὐξείνιος, the Euxine.

ἄξέμεναι, ἄξέμεν, Ep. for ἄξειν, fut. inf. act. of ἄγω.

ἄξενος, Ion. ἄξαιος, *ον*, (a privat., ξένος) inhospitable: uninhabitable.

ἄξενος, *ον*, (a privat., ξένω) unbecom, unpouraged.

ἄξην, aor. I subj. of ἄγγυμι.

ἄξια, ῆ, properly fem. of ἄξιος, the worth or value of a thing: of persons, worth, rank: generally, a man's due or deserts; κατ' ἄξια according to his desert, υπέρ or παρ' ἄξια contrary to his desert.

ἄξιο-άγατος, *ον*, (ἄξιος, ἀγαμαί) worth admiring, admirable. [ἄρ]

ἄξιο-ἀκουστος, *ον*, (ἄξιος, ἀκούω) worth bearing.

ἄξιο-ακρόατος, *ον*, (ἄξιος, ἀκροάομαι) worth listening to.

ἄξιο-ἀφήγτος, Ion. ἄξιαπήγ-, *ον*, (ἄξιος, ἀφηγέομαι) worth telling.

ἄξιο-ἐπαίσιος, *ον*, (ἄξιος ἐπαίνειω) praiseworthy.

ἄξιο-ἐραστος, *ον*, (ἄξιος, ἐραμαι) worthy of love.

ἄξινή, ῆ, (ἄγγυμι) an axe, esp. for hewing wood: a battle-axe. [ῆ]

ἄξιο-βίωτος, *ον*, (ἄξιος, βιώω) worth living for.

ἄξιο-εργός, *ον*, (ἄξιος, ἐργον) capable of work.

ἄξιο-θαύμαστος, *ον*, (ἄξιος, θαυμάζω) worthy of wonder, marvellous.

ἄξιο-θεύσιος, Ion. -ητος, *ον*, (ἄξιος, θεάομαι) worth seeing.

ἄξιο-θηρνος, *ον*, (ἄξιος, θρήνω) worthy of lamentation.

ἄξιο-κτητος, *ον*, (ἄξιος, κτάομαι) worth getting.

ἄξιο-λόγος, *ον*, (ἄξιος, λόγος) worthy of mention, remarkable. Adv. -γως.

ἄξιο-μακάριστος, *ον*, (ἄξιος, μακαρίζω) worthy to be deemed happy.

ἄξιο-μάχος, *ον*, (ἄξιος, μάχομαι) a match for in battle: fit to give battle.

ἄξιο-μίσθης, *ές*, (ἄξιος, μίσος) worthy of hatred, hateful.

ἄξιο-μνημόνευτος, *ον*, (ἄξιος, μνημονεύω) worthy of mention.

ἄξιο-νίκος, *ον*, (ἄξιος, νίκη) worthy of victory.

ἄξιο-πενθής, *ές*, (ἄξιος, πένθος) worthy of lamentation, lamentable.

ἄξιο-πιστός, *ον*, (ἄξιος, πιστός) trustworthy.

ἄξιο-πρεπής, *ές*, (ἄξιος, πρέπω) becoming, goodly.

ἄξιο-όρατος, *ον*, (ἄξιος, ὁράω) worth seeing.

ἄξιος, *α*, *ον*, (ἄγω IV, to weigh) of like value, worth as much as, c. gen.; βοδὲ ἄξιος worth an ox; πολλοῦ ἄξιος worth much: also c. inf., ἄξιος θανεῖν worthy of death,

2. absol. worthy, goodly: in Homer the word gives the notion of high price: in Att. it has also an exactly opp. sense, not overpriced, cheap. II.

worthy, estimable: hence befitting, deserving; ἄξιόν εἰμι I deserve to be, as ἄξιος εἰμι οὐκ εἶρεσθαι I deserve to be pitied.

ἄξιο-σκεπτός, *ον*, (ἄξιος, σκέπτομαι) without considering.

ἄξιο-σπουδαστος, *ον*, (ἄξιος, σπουδάζω) worthy of zealous endeavours.

ἄξιο-στράτηγος, *ον*, (ἄξιος, στρατηγός) worthy of being general, worthy of a great general.

ἄξιο-τέκμαρτος, *ον*, (ἄξιος, τεκμαίρω) worthy of being brought in evidence, credible.

ἄξιο-φίλος, *ον*, (ἄξιος, φίλω) *worth loving*.
ἄξιο-χρεος, *ον*, *Ion.* for *Ion.* ἄξιο-χρεος, *ον*, *neut.*
ἄξιο-χρεως, *εων*, *gen. ω* : *Ion.* ἄξιο-χρεως, *ον*, *neut.*
pl. ἄξιόχρεα : (ἄξιος, χρεός) *worthy of a thing*, and so
worth considering, considerable, remarkable. 2.
serviceable, sufficient. II. with *inf. able, sufficient*
to do. III. like ἄξιος, with *gen.*, *worthy of*
a thing.
ἄξιός, *ω*, *f. ωος* : *pf.* ἤξιόκα :—*Pass.*, *fut.* ἄξιωθήσομαι,
but also in *med. form* ἄξιωσομαι : *pf.* ἤξιωμαi :
(ἄξιος) :—*to think or deem worthy of a thing* : of
things, *to value at a certain rate* : also *absol.* *to*
esteem, honour. II. but mostly with *inf.* *to think*
one worthy to do or be : hence I. of others, *to*
think fit, expect, require, *Lat.* *postulare* ; ἄξιω
κομίζεσθαι I *think I have a right to receive* : *absol.* *to make*
a claim. 2. of oneself, *to think fit to do or be* ;
ἄξιω θανεῖν I *consent to die* ; ἄξιω πράσσειν I *dare*,
determine to do : *esp.* *to design, condescend to do* : so
in *Med.*, ἄξιόσθαι μέλειν *to deign to care for.* 3.
to think, suppose ; *to lay down, maintain.* Hence
ἄξιωμα, *ατος*, *τό*, *that of which one is thought worthy*,
and so, *esteem, reputation, rank*, *Lat.* *dignitas.* II.
that which is thought fit, a decision, a purpose. 2.
in *philosophy*, *a self-evident proposition, an axiom.*
ἄξιος, *Adv.* of ἄξιος, *worthily, as becomes.*
ἄξιως, *εως*, *Ion.* *ιος*, *ή*, (ἄξιός) *a being thought*
worthy : *estimation, reputation, character.* II.
(from Med.) a thinking oneself worthy, a demand,
claim. III. *a thinking fit, an opinion, maxim.*
ἄξιωμα, *fut. med.* (with *pass* sense) of ἄγω.
ἄξιονος, *α*, *ον*, (ἄξων) *belonging to the axle.*
ἄξος, *ό*, *Cretan word* for ἄγμος.
ἄξυκρότους, *ον*, *for* ἄσυνκ., (α *privat.*, συγκρο-
τέω) *not welded together by the hammer* : of *rowers*,
not rowing in time.
ἄξύλλα, *ή*, (ἄξύλος) *want of wood.*
ἄξύλος, *ον*, (α *privat.*, ξύλον) *unfelled, unbiinned*,
hence thickly wooded. II. *without wood, ill-wooded.*
ἄξυμ-, **ἄξυν-**, *v.* ἄσυνμ., ἄσυν-.
ἄξυστάτος, *ον*, *v.* ἄσυνστ-.
ἄξων, *ονος*, *ό*, (ἄγων) *an axle*, *Lat.* *axis* : also *the*
whole wheel : also, *the supposed axis of the heavens,*
the zodiac. II. of ἄξωνες, *the wooden tablets of the*
laws in Athens, made to turn upon an axis.
ἄξωος, *ό*, *an attendant, minister, esp.* *belonging to a*
temple. (*Deriv.* uncertain.)
ἄουδή, *contr.* ᾠδή, *ή*, (ἄειδω) *song, a singing* : also
the subject of song : hence *a legend, tale.*
ἄουδιάω, *poët.* for ἄειδω.
ἄουδῖμος, *ον*, (ἄειδω) *sung of, famous in song* : in
bad sense, notorious.
ἄουδο-βέτης, *ου*, *ό*, (ἄουδή, τίθημι) *a lyric poet.*
ἄουδο-πόλος, *ό*, (ἄουδή, πόλω) *one busied with song,*
a poet.
ἄουδός, *ό*, (ἄειδω) *a singer, minstrel, bard*, *Lat.*
vates : *fem.* *a songstress, of the Spinth.* II. *as*
Adj. ἄουδός, *όν*, *tuneful, musical.*

ἄουδο-τόκος, *ον*, *inspiring song.*
ἄ-οίκητος, *ον*, (α *privat.*, οίκεω) *uninhabited* : *house-*
less, without a home
ἄ-οικος, *ον*, (α *privat.*, οἶκος) *houseless, without home*
or country.
ἄ-οινος, *ον*, (α *privat.*, οἶνος) *without wine* : *not*
worshipped with oblations of wine : of *men, drinking*
no wine, sober : of *a place, having none.*
ἄ-οικος, *α*, *ον*, *Aeol.* and *Dor.* for ἡοῖος.
ἄ-οικος, *ον*, (α *privat.*, οἶκος) *without fear or hesi-*
tation, untiring, restless. *Adv.* -*ως*.
ἄολλία, **ἄολλέας**, *acc. sing.* and *plur.* of ἄολλής.
ἄολλήδην, *Adv.* of ἄολλής, *in a body, together.*
ἄολλής, *ές*, (α *copul.*, εἰλλω) *all together, in throng*.
schoals or crowds. Hence
ἄολλίζω, *f.* ἴσω, *to gather together* :—*Pass.* *to come*
together, assemble.
ἄ-οπλος, *ον*, (α *privat.*, ὄπλον) *without armour, un-*
armed.
ἄορ and **ἄορ**, ἄορος, *τό*, (ἄειρω) *a sword, properly a*
banner : later, *any weapon.*
ἄορᾶς, *acc. pl.* for ἄορα, from ἄορ, *τό*, *a sword.*
ἄ-όρατος, *ον*, (α *privat.*, ὁράω) *unseen, invisible.*
ἄ-όριστος, *ον*, (α *privat.*, ὀρίω) *without boundaries* :
indefinite, indeterminate. II. ὁ ἄόριστος (*sub.*
χρόνος), *the aorist tense.*
ἄ-ορνος, *ον*, (α *privat.*, ὄρνις) *without birds.*
ἄορτή, *ή*, (ἄειρω) *a knapsack.* II. *the aorta or*
great artery.
ἄορτή, ἦρος, *ό*, (ἄειρω) *a strap over the shoulder to*
hang anything to, a belt, a sword-belt ; but also *a*
knapsack-strap.
ἄορτο, *Ion.* for ἦορτο, 3 *sing. plqpf. pass.* of ἄειρω ;
cf. ἄορτο.
ἄοσσέω, *f.* ἦσω, (ἄσος) *to help, aid.* Hence
ἄοσσητήρ, ἦρος, *ό*, *a helper, aider.*
ἄ-ουτος, *ον*, (α *privat.*, οὐτάω) *not wounded, unburnt.*
ἄπαγγεῖλαι, **ἄπαγγεῖλας**, *aor. I inf.* and *part.* of
ἄπαγγέλλω.
ἄπαγγελία, *ή*, *a report given* :—*ή* : *a narrative, re-*
cital. From
ἄπ-αγγέλλω, *f.* -*ελώ*, *Ion.* -*εκλώ* : *aor. I* -*ήγγειλα* :
—*Pass.*, *aor. I* -*ήγγέλοην*, *aor. 2* -*ήγγέλην* : *pf.*
ήγγειλα :—*to bring tidings, report, announce* :
to relate, tell :—*Med.*, *πάλιν ἄπαγγέλλεσθαι* *to bring*
back tidings. Hence
ἄπαγγελτήρ, ἦρος, *ό*, *a messenger.*
ἄπ-άγε, *Adv.* away! *be gone!* *Lat.* *apage!* *properly*
imperat. of ἄπάγω (*sub.* *σιαντήν*).
ἄ-παγής, *ές*, (α *privat.*, παγήναι) *not firmly fixed* ;
of loose texture.
ἄπ-ἄγινώ, *Ion.* for ἄπ-άγω, *esp.* of *paying tribute.*
ἄπ-αλαΐζω, *f.* ἴσω *Att.* ἰώ, *to deprive of orna-*
ment.
ἄπ-ἀγορεύω, *f.* σω (the *Att. fut.* ἰσάπειρώ, *pf.* ἀπέπειρα,
aor. ἀρεῖπον) :—*to forbid* : *absol.* *to dissuade.* II.
intr. *to bid farewell to, to renounce*, *c. dat.* : *c. part.*
to give up doing : also *to grow weary of.* 2. *to*

fail, sink, give way; also of things, τὰ ἀπαγορεύοντα ibings worn out.

ἀπ-αγριόμαι, Pass. (ἀπό, ἄγριος) to become wild or savage.

ἀπ-αγχιονίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, = ἀπάγω.

ἀπ-ἀγγω, f. ἄγξω, to strangle, throttle;—Med. to bang oneself; to be ready to choke.

ἀπ-άγω, f. ἄξω: (for the tenses, v. ἄγω):—to lead away, carry off:—Med. to take away for oneself. II. to take home. III. to return what one owes, pay.

IV. as Att. law-term, to bring before a magistrate and accuse. 2. to lead away to death. V. to lead away, perplex; to divert from a thing.

VI. as if intr. (sub. εαυτόν), to make off, go away, esp. in imperat. ἀπαγε, q. v. Hence

ἀπαγωγή, ἡ, a leading or dragging away. II. a taking home. III. payment of tribute. IV. as Att. law-term, a bringing before the magistrate. ἀπάδειν, -εἶν, Ion. for ἀπαδ-, aor. 2 inf. of ἀφανδάνω.

ἀπ-ᾄδω, f. -ᾄσομαι, to sing out of tune: metaph. to dissent from: to wander away from.

ἀπ-αείρομαι, Pass. to depart from.

ἀπ-αθανατίζω, to aim at immortality.

ἀπαθής, ἡ, insensibility to suffering, apathy. From ἀ-πάθης, ἑς, (a privat., πάθος) without suffering, not suffering: insensible, apathetic. 2. unwilling to suffer, impatient of. 3. not having suffered, unbarned.

ἀπαθῶς, Adv. of ἀπαθῆς, without passion.

ἀπαύ, poet. for ἀπό.

ἀπαυευσία, ὁ, want of education, ignorance: coarseness. II. want of control over a thing. From ἀ-παυεύς, ὄν, (a privat., παυεῦς) uneducated, ignorant, boorish. Adv. ἀπαυεύτως ἔχειν to be boorish.

ἀπαιδία, ἡ, (ἀπαις) childlessness.

ἀπ-αυθριάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἀπό, ἀυθρία) to drive away [clouds], and make fair weather.

ἀπ-αἰνύμαι, Ep. ἀπο-αἰνύμαι, Dep. (ἀπό, αἶνυμαι):—to take away, withdraw: pluck off.

ἀπαλινύτο, 3 sing. impf. of foreg.

ἀπαυολῶ, to cheat: to perplex, confound. From ἀπ-αἰόλη, ἡ, (ἀπό, αἰόλος) cheating, duping, any means of cheating.

ἀπαλότης, ατος, τό, a knavish trick.

ἀπαρεθέω, Ion. for ἀπαρεθῶ, aor. 1 subj. pass. of φαιρέω.

ἀπ-αίρῶ, Ion. for ἀφ-αίρῶ.

ἀπ-αίρω, Ep. lengthd. ἀπ-αείρω: Ion. impf. ἀπαίρεσκον: fut. ἀπαρῶ: aor. 1 ἀπῆρα: pf. ἀπῆρκα:—to lift off: hence to carry, take away. II. to lead away an army or fleet; hence, as if intr. to sail away, march away: generally, to set out, depart: also c. gen., ἀπαίρειν χθονός to depart from the land.

ἀ-παις, ἀπαιδός, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., παῖς) childless: c. gen., ἀπαις ἔρσηνος γόνου without male heirs.

ἀπ-αἰσσω, Att. -ᾄσσω. f. ἴω: Att. aor. 1 ἀπῆρα. —to rush down: generally, to dart away.

ἀπ-αντέω, f. ἦσω, to demand back, or simply to demand of one:—Pass. to have a thing demanded of one. Hence

ἀπαίτησις, εως, ἡ, a demanding back, demand.

ἐπ-αντίω, f. ἴω, = ἀπαιτέω, to demand back.

ἀπ-αωρίω, f. ἦω, to make to bang down, suspend:—Pass., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to bang down from, bover about.

ἀπ-ακρίβόμαι, pf. ἀπηκρίβωμαι: Pass. (ἀπό, ἀκριβῆς):—to be finished off, carefully finished: pf. pass. part. ἀπηκρίβωμένος, bigbly wrought or finished.

ἀ-πάλαιστος, ὄν, (a privat., πάλαις) not thrown in wrestling: generally, unconquerable.

ἀ-πάλαστος, ὄν, (a privat., πάλαιστρον) not trained in the palaestra, awkward. II. not customary on the palaestra.

ἀπάλακε, ἀπάλακοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 ind. and opt. of ἀπαλέω, but formed by redupl. from *ἀπάλλω:—Ep. inf. ἀπαλαλέμεν.

ἀ-πάλαμνος, ὄν, = ἀπάλαμος, helpless, silly. II. unmanageable, lawless.

ἀ-πάλαμος, ὄν, (a privat., πάλαιος) without bands or without the use of them: helpless, lazy. II. which cannot be helped, unmanageable.

ἀπ-ἄλαομαι, Pass. to go astray, wander.

ἀπ-αλέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀπό, ἀλέω) to be without sense of pain, to be past feeling.

ἀπ-ἀλέφω, f. ψω: pf. ἀπ-αλήφιφα:—to wipe off, expunge, esp. from a register.

ἀπ-ἄλεω, fut. -αλεήσομαι: aor. 1 opt. ἀπαλεξήσομαι: Ep. aor. 2 ἀπάλαλλον, see ἀπάλακε: (ἀπό, ἄλεω): to ward off from another, c. acc. rei et gen. pers.: ἀπαλέξειν βέλος τινός to ward off a dart from a man: also c. acc. pers. et gen. rei, to keep one from, as ἀπ. τινὰ κακότητος to keep a man from evil:—Med. to defend oneself against.

ἀπ-ἄληθεύω, f. σω, to speak the whole truth.

ἀπ-αλθέομαι, f. -ήσομαι: Dep. (ἀπό, ἀλθέω) to heal thoroughly.

ἀπαλθήσεσθον, 3 dual. fut. ind. of ἀπαλθέομαι.

ἀπαλλάγῃ, ἡ, (ἀπαλλάσσω) deliverance, release, riddance from a thing. II. a removal, a divorce.

III. (from Pass.) a going away, escape: departure.

ἀπ-αλλάξω, Desiderat. of ἀπαλλάσσομαι, to wish to be rid of.

ἀπαλλάξις, εως, ἡ, = ἀπαλλαγῇ.

ἀπ-αλλάσσω, Att. -ττω: f. ἴω: aor. 1 -ἤλαξα: pf. -ἤλαξα:—to set free, release, rid of a thing. 2. to put away from, remove from: also to get rid of.

II. intrans. to get off free, escape, esp. with an Adv., e. g. εὖ, κακῶς ἀπαλλάσσειν: to go away, depart.

Pass., with fut. and aor. I med., ἀπαλλάξομαι, ἀπ-ηλλαξάμην; but also fut. pass. ἀπαλλαχθήσομαι: aor. 1 ἀπηλλάχθην or aor. 2 ἀπηλλάγην: pf. ἀτῆλα

λαγμαι:—to be set free, released from a thing, get rid of it. 2. to get off, usu. with some Adj. or Adv., e. g. καλῶς, ἀήμιος ἀπαλλαχθῆναι to get off well, without injury, etc., like the intrans. Act.: hence alone, to be let off, acquitted.

II. to remove, depart from, go away, hence to depart from life, to be deceased; ἐκ παίδων ἀπαλλαχθῆναι like Lat. e pueris excedere, to come forth from a boyish state, to become a man: to be far removed from. 2. to leave off from, give over, cease.

ἀπαλλοτριῶ, f. ὤσω: pf. ἡλλοτρίωκα: (ἀπό, ἀλλοτρίος):—to estrange.

ἀπαλόω, poet. αλοιάω, f. ἴσω, properly to thresh out: hence to bruise, crush.

ἀπαλό-θριξ, τρίχος, ὅ, ἡ, (ἀπαλός, θρίξ) with soft hair. ἈΠΑΛΟΨ, ἡ, ὅν, soft, tender: metaph. soft, gentle: delicate. Hence

ἀπαλότης, f. ὥτης, softness, tenderness.

ἀπαλό-τροφής, ἐς, (ἀπαλός, τρέφω) well fed, plump.

ἀπαλό-φρων, ον, (ἀπαλός, φρήν) soft-hearted.

ἀπαλό-χρως, ον, contr. -χρους, χρουν, (ἀπαλός, χρώς) soft-skinned: also with heterocl. gen., ἀπαλό-χρους, dat. -χροῖ, etc.

ἀπαλύνω, f. ὤνω, (ἀπαλός) to soften.

ἀπαμαλδύνω, to destroy utterly.

ἀπαμάω, f. ἴσω, to cut off.

ἀπαμβλύνω, f. ὤνω:—Pass., pt. ἀπήμελνυμαι. To blunt, dull the edge of a thing: Pass. to be blunted, lose its edge.

ἀπαμβροτεῖν, inf. aor. 2 of ἀφαμαρτάνω.

ἀπαμείβομαι, f. ἀμείβομαι: aor. 1 ἡμείφην: Dep.: (ἀπό, ἀμείβω):—to reply to, answer.

ἀπαμείρω, to deprive of share in a thing: Pass. to be bereft.

ἀπαμελέω, f. ἴσω, to neglect utterly.

ἀπαμένος, η, ον, Ion. for ἀφημένος, pf. pass. part. of ἀφάπτω.

ἀπαμπλακίσκω, f. ἴσω: aor. 2 ἀπήμπλακον, inf. ἀπαμπλακεῖν:—ἀφαμαρτάνω.

ἀπαμύνω, fut. ἔνω, to keep off, ward off, to repulse:—Med. to keep off from oneself, to drive back, repel.

2. to defend oneself.

ἀπαναινομαι: aor. 1 ἀπήνηνάμην: Dep.: to refuse or reject utterly.

ἀπααναισχυντός, f. ἴσω, to be utterly shameself: to be shameless enough to do or say.

ἀπαανῶλίσκω, fut. ἀνῶλίσσω: pf. ἀνάλωκα:—to utterly consume or expend.

ἀπανάοτατος, εως, ἡ, (ἀπανίσταμαι) a removing from one place to another.

ἀπαανδρῶμαι, pf. ἀπήνδρωμαι: Pass.: (ἀπό, ἀνδρός gen. of ἀνὴρ):—to become a man.

ἀπανευθεῖ and -θεν, strengthd. for ἀνευθε, Adv. afar off, far away. II. as Prep. with gen. far away from: along from: but also out from.

ἀπανήνασθαι, aor. 1 med. inf. of ἀπαναίνομαι.

ἀπανήω, f. ἴσω: pf. ἀπήνθηκα:—to leave off blooming, fade, wither. Hence

ἀπανήτης, εως, ἡ, a fading, withering.

ἀπα-ανθίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, ἄνθος) to pluck off flowers: metaph., ματαίαν γλῶσσαν ἀπανθίζειν to cutt the flowers of idle talk, i. e. talk as boldly as they please.

ἀπα-ανθρακίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to broil on the coals, roast. Hence

ἀπα-ανθρακίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀπό, ἄνθραξ) a small fish for broiling.

II. a cake baked on coals.

ἀπα-ανθρακῶ, f. ὤσω, to burn to a cinder.

ἀπαανθρωπία, ἡ, inhumanity. From

ἀπα-ανθρώπος, ον, far from man, inhuman, as vage.

II. unsocial: of countries, uninhabited.

ἀπα-ανίστημι, fut. ἀναστήσω: I. Causal in pres. and impf., fut. and aor. 1, to make rise up and depart, take off or send away.

II. Pass. ἀπανίσταμαι, with intr. aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, to arise and go away: leave one's country, emigrate.

ἀπαντᾶχού, Adv. = ἀπανταχοῦ.

ἀπαντᾶχού, Adv. (ἀπας, everywhere.

ἀπα-αντάω: Att. impf. ἀπῆνταν: f. ἀπαντήσομαι: aor. 1 ἀπῆντησα: pf. ἀπῆντηκα:—to come or go to meet, encounter, whether as friend or foe: hence to resist.

2. to meet with, light or fall upon. 3. of things, to happen, come upon one: also to turn out well, prosper.

4. to go or come to, arrive or be present at: also to have recourse to a thing.

ἀπάντη, Adv. (ἀπας) everywhere. II. every-way.

ἀπα-άντη, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of ἀπαντάω.

ἀπάντησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπαντάω) a meeting, encountering.

ἀπα-αντίκρυ, Adv. (ἀπό, ἀντίκρυ) right opposite.

ἀπα-αντίον, Adv. (ἀπό, ἀντίον) right opposite.

ἀπα-αντλέω, f. ἴσω, to draw off like water from a ship's hold: hence to lighten, lessen.

ἀπα-άντομαι, -ἀπα-αντάω.

ἀπα-ανύω, f. ὤσω [ῶ], to accomplish or finish entirely: ἀπανύειν [sub. ὀδῶν] to finish a journey.

ἈΠΑΞ, Adv. once, once only, once for all, Lat. semel.

II. without any notion of number, after ἐπεὶ, ὡς, etc., like Lat. ut semel; ὡς ἅπας ἥρξατο when once he began.

ἀπαξ-ἀπῶς, ἅπα, ἅν, mostly in plur. all at once, all together: in sing. every one.

ἀπαξ-ἀπλῶς. Adv. in general, upon the whole.

ἀπα-αἷα, ἡ, (ἀπό, αἷος) unworthiness.

ἀπα-αἷος, ον, (ἀπό, αἷος) = ἀνάαἷος, unworthy of.

ἀπα-αἰόω, f. ὤσω, to deem unworthy of one: to disclaim as unworthy, disown, Lat. designari.

ἀπαάρος, ον, Dor. for ἀπάρος

ἀπα-παππος, ον, (α privat., πάππος, with no grand father or ancestors.

ἀπα-άππο, Ion. for ἀφάπτω.

ἀπα-παράβατος, ον, (α privat., παραβαίνω) not transgressed. II. act. not passing over to another: not passing away, unchangeable.

ἀπα-πραϊρήμενος, Ion. pf. pass. part. of ἀφ-αἰεῶ.

ἀπα-παράιτητος, ον, (α privat., παραιτέω) not to be turned away by prayers: not to be begged off, in-

evitable. II. of persons, not to be entreated, inexorable: Adv. -τως, inexorably.

ἀ-παρακάλυπτος, ον, (a privat., παρακάλυπτω) uncovered: Adv. -τως, undisguisedly. [κᾶ]

ἀ-παράκλητος, ον, (a privat., παρακαλέω) unsummoned, without being called upon.

ἀ-παράλλακτος, ον, (a privat., παραλλάσσω) unchangeable.

ἀ-παράλογιστος, ον, (a privat., παραλογίζομαι) not to be deceived.

ἀ-παράμυθιος, ον, (a privat., παραμυθέομαι) not to be persuaded: hence incorrigible: also inconsolable. II. not to be entreated, inexorable. [ῥ]

ἀ-παράμυθος, ον, = ἀπαράμυθιος, inexorable: unbending, stubborn, savage. [Aesch. ἀπᾶρ-, like ἀθάνατος.]

ἀπᾶραι, aor. I inf. of ἀπαίρω.

ἀπᾶραξα, Ep. aor. I of ἀπαράσσω.

ἀ-παρασκευάστος, ον, (a privat., παρασκευάζω) = sq.

ἀ-παράσκευος, ον, (a privat., παρασκευή) without preparation, unprepared.

ἀπ-ἀράσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω: aor. I ἀπήραξα:—to strike off: to sweep off, Lat. decutere.

ἀπ-αργμα, atos, τό, (ἀπάρχομαι) = ἀπαρχή.

ἀπ-ἀρέσκω, f. -αρέσω, to displease, be disagreeable to. 2. Med. with pass. sense, οὐ νευσεσθὼν βασιλεῖα ἄνδρα ἀπαρέσσασθαι one must not take it ill that a king should be displeased. Hence

ἀπᾶρέσσασθαι, Ep. aor. I med. inf. of ἀπαρέσκω.

ἀ-παρθένετος, ον, (a privat., παρθεύω) unmaidenly, unfitting a maiden: in neut. pl. as Adv.

ἀ-πάρθενος, ον, (a privat., παρθένος) no more a maid; γυνήν ἄνυμφον παρθένον τ' ἀπάρθενον 'virgin wife and widow' d. maid.

ἀπ-ἀριθμέω, f. ήσω, to count over: to reckon up. II. to reckon or pay back. Hence

ἀπᾶριθμησις, εως, ή, a counting over.

ἀπ-αρκέω, f. έσω, to suffice, be sufficient. II. intr. to be contented, acquiesce.

ἀπ-αρνέομαι, fut. med. ήσομαι: aor. I pass. ἀπηρνήθην: Dep.:—to deny utterly, deny:—fut. ἀπαρνηθήσεται in pass. sense, it shall be denied.

ἀπ-ας vos, ον, (ἀπό, ἀρνέομαι) denying utterly; ἀπαρνέος έστι μη νοσείν he denies that he is sick; c. gen., ἀπαρνος οὐδένος καθίστατο she denied nothing. II. pass. denied, refused.

ἀπ-αράτω, f. ήσω: Pass., pf. ήρητημαι:—properly, to hang from: to hang, strangle. II. to take away and hang up:—Pass. to be in suspense. III.

to remove, part: then, seemingly intr. (sub. εαυτών), to remove oneself, go away.

ἀπ-αρτί, (ἀπό, ἀρτιος) Adv. completely: in numbers, exactly, just. II. just the reverse, quite the contrary.

III. of time, = ἀπό ἀρτί, for ἀπό τοῦ νῦν, from now, from this time:—just now, even now.

ἀπ-αρτίζω, f. έω Att. ώ, to get ready, complete:—Pass. to be completed, exactly made up.

ἀπ-αρτί-λογία, ή, (ἀπό, ἀρτιος, λόγος) α τοι εἰς, full, even number or sum.

ἀπαρτισμός, ό, (ἀπαρτίζω) completion.

ἀπ-ἀρυστέον, verb. Adj. one must draw off. Front

ἀπ-ἀρυσω, f. ύσω [ῥ], to draw off, skim off.

ἀπ-αρχή, ή, mostly used in plur. ἀπαρχαί, the beginning of a sacrifice, the first part of offerings, of the hair cut from the forehead. 2. the firstlings

for sacrifice, first-fruits. From

ἀπ-ἀρχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to make a beginning, esp. in sacrifice: τριχας ἀπάρχεσθαι to begin the sacrifice with the hair, i. e. by cutting off the hair from the forehead and throwing it into the fire. II. c.

gen. to cut off part of a thing to offer it: to offer part of. 2. to offer the firstlings or first-fruits of a thing: absol. to begin a sacrifice.

ἀπ-ἀρχω, f. ξω, to lead the way.

ἀ-πᾶς, ἀπᾶσα, ἅπαν, (ἅμα, πᾶς) strengthd. for πᾶς, quite all, all together: ἐν ἅπασι and εἰς ἅπαντα, entirely:—in Att. also like πᾶς in the sense of every one, Lat. unusquisque.

ἀπ-ασπαίρω, to struggle convulsively.

ἀπαστία, ή, a fasting, fast. From

ἀ-παστος, ον, (a privat., τρώομαι) not having tasted.

ἀπ-ασχολέομαι, Dep. to have no leisure.

ἀπάτᾶω, f. ήσω: aor. I ήπάτησα, Ep. ἀπ-: pf. ήπάτηκα: (ἀπάτη):—to cheat, trick, outwit, beguile: like Lat. fallere tempus, to beguile the time:—Pass. to be deceived, mistaken.

ἀπ-ἀτερθε and -θεν, Adv. (ἀπό, ἀτερθε) far apart, aloof, all alone. II. Prep. with gen. far from, away from.

ἀπάτῃ, Ion. for ἀπαταω.

ἀπάτῃων, ύνος, ύ, a cheat, rogue. From

ἌΠΑΤΗ, ή, cheating, trickery, fraud, guile, deceit: in a less had sense, cunning, craft: a stratagem in war. Hence

ἀπάτῃλος, ον, deceitful, wily.

ἀπάτῃλός, ή, ύν, = ἀπατῃλος.

ἀπάτῃμα, atos, τό, (ἀπατάω) a deceit.

ἀπατητικός, ή, ύν, (ἀπατάω) fallacious.

ἀ-πάτῃτος, ον, (a privat., πᾶτῃω) untrodden.

ἀπ-ατιμάζω, f. άσω, = ἀπατιμάω.

ἀπ-ατιμάω, f. ήσω, strengthd. for ἀτιμάω, to dishonour greatly.

Ἀπατούρια, αν, τά, the Apaturia, a festival at Athens in the month Pyanepsion, lasting three days, during which the Athenians had their grown up sons enrolled among the citizens. (Prob. derived from πατήρ or πατρία, with a euphon.)

ἀ-πάτωρ, opos, ό, ή (a privat., πατήρ) fatherless, orphan: disowned by the father.

ἀπ-ανγίζω. f. σω, to beam with light. Hence

ἀπαύγασμα, atos, τό, a reflection.

ἀπ-αυδάω, f. ήσω, to tell or bid plainly, Lat. edicere, c. inf. II. to forbid, foll. by μή and inf., ἀπαυδάω τινα μή ποιεῖν I forbid him doing. III. to decline, renounce.

IV. to deny. V. intr. to be wanting

owards; ἀπαυδᾶν φίλῃ, *to fail a friend: also to faint, sink*; ἀπαυδᾶν κύπῳ *to faint with toil*.

ἀπ-αυθαδίζομαι, f. ἴσμαι: Dep. *to speak or act boldly, speak out*.

ἀπ-αυθημερίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ, (ἀπύ, αὐθημερος) *to do a thing on the same day, to go and return on the same day*.

ἀπ-αυρῶ, only found in impf. with aor. sense, ἀπύρων, ἀπύρῳ, ἀπύρῳ, to which must be added the aor. I part. act. and med., ἀυρούρας, ἀουραμύρας: (αἰράω the simple is not found):—*to take away from, wrest from, rob of, τινά τι*. II. *to receive good or ill, to enjoy or suffer*: (but wherever this sense occurs, ἀπύρα, etc., should be altered into παυρεῖ, etc.)

ἀ-παυστος, ον, (α privat., παύω) *not to be stopped or assuaged: never-ending*. II. c. gen. *never ceasing from*.

ἀπ-αυτίκα, Adv. *forthwith, on the spot*.

ἀπ-αυτομολέω, f. ἴσω, *to go of one's own accord, desert*.

ἀπ-ἀφίσκω, fut. ἀπαφήσω: aor. 2 ἤπαφον, part. ἀπαφών: aor. 2 med. opt. ἀπάφοιτο in act. sense:—*like ἀπατάω, to cheat, beguile*.

ἀπ-ἀχθομαι, Dep. *to be hateful or grievous: to become disliked, incur odium*.

ἀπέβαλον, aor. 2 of ἀποβάλλω.

ἀπέβην, ἀπέβησα, aor. 2 and I of ἀποβαίνω.

ἀπέβλισα, aor. I of ἀποβλήτω.

ἀπεδῶνός, ὄν, Dor. for ἡδεδανός.

ἀ-πέδιλος, ον, (α privat., πέδιλον) *unshod, barefoot*.

ἀ-πέδος, ον, (α copul., πέδον) *even, level, flat*.

ἀπεδρύνθη, aor. I pass. of ἀποδρύνω.

ἀπ-ἔδω, see ἀπ-εσθίω.

ἀπερίσιν, Ep. for ἀπῆ, 3 sing. pres. subj. of ἀπειμι (εἰμί sum).

ἀπ-ἔειπε, Ep. 3 sing. indic. of ἀπειπον.

ἀπέεργε, 3 sing. imperf. of ἀποεργα.

ἀπέθανον, aor. 2 of ἀποθνήσκει.

ἀπ-εἶδον, inf. ἀπιδεῖν, aor. 2 without pres. in use, serving as aor. to ἀφοράω:—*to look away from other things at, and so simply to look at*.

ἀπειθεια, ἡ, (ἀπειθή) *disobedience*.

ἀπειθέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπειθή) *to refuse compliance, to be disobedient*.

ἀπ-εἰρή, ἀπ-εἰρησαν, Ion. for ἀφ-εἰρή, ἀφ-εἰρησαν, 3 sing. and plur. aor. I pass. of ἀφίημι.

ἀ-πειρήξ, ἔς, (α privat., πείθομαι) *disobedient: of hips, unmanageable*. II. (πείθω) act. *not persuading*.

ἀπ-εκάξω, f. ἴσω, *to copy, represent, express by a comparison: hence to compare with, liken to*. II.

ἀπ-εκαίκασι, *to conjecture, ut licet conjicere*.

ἀπ-εκονίζω, (ἀπό, εἰκάν) *to represent or portray in statue*.

ἀπεικότως, ἀπ-εικώς, see ἀπεικόως.

ἀπειλέω, Ep. for ἀπειλέω, *to threaten*.

ἀπ-ελέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπύ, εἰλέω) *to press hard: pass,*

ἀπειληθεῖς ἔς ἀπορίην, ἔς ἀναγκαλίην *driven into great straits*.

ἀπειλέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπειλή) *to threaten*. Lat. minari: c. inf. *to threaten to do*. II. *to make boastful threats: to boast, brag, Lat. gloriari*. III. *to assure, promise, vow: Pass. to be terrified by threats*.

ἀπειλή, ἡ, mostly in plur. ἀπειλαί, *threats*; also boasts, braggart words: in sing. a threatening.

(Deriv. uncertain.) [α]

ἀπ-εληθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀπ-ελέω (ἀπύ, εἰλέω).

ἀπειλημα, ατος, τό, = ἀπειλή.

ἀπ-ελημένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀπ-ελέω (ἀπύ, εἰλέω).

ἀπ-ελημμαι, perf. pass. of ἀπολαμβάνω.

ἀπειλήτην, Ep. for ἡπειλήτην, 3 dual impf. of ἀπειλέω (ἀπειλή).

ἀπειλήτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀπειλέω a threatener, boaster. Hence

ἀπειλήτηριος, α, ον, *threatening, menacing*.

ἀπειλήτης, οὔ, ὁ, = ἀπειλήτηρ.

ἀπειλήτικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἀπειλήτηριος.

ἀπειλήφα, perf. act. of ἀπολαμβάνω.

ἀπ-εἰμι, fut. ἀπέσομαι, (ἀπύ, εἰμί eum) *to be away from: absol. to be away or absent: of things, to be wanting*. Hom. mostly uses impf. ἀπῆν, Ep. ἀπῆν,

3 pl. ἀπῆσαν, and Ep. fut. ἀπέσσομαι.

ἀπ-εἰμι, (ἀπύ, εἰμί ibo) *to go away, depart: the pres. mostly as fut. I will go: imperat. ἀπίθι, part. ἀπών*.

ἀπειπέμεν, = ἐπειπέμεν, v. sq.

ἀπ-εἶπον: inf. ἀπειπεῖν, Ep. ἀποσειπεῖν: also aor. I ἀπειπα, med. ἀπειπάμην: fut. ἀπῶρ, pf. ἀπείρηκα:

the pres. being supplied by ἀπύφηνι, ἀπαγορεύω:—*to speak, say, or tell out, tell plainly*. II. *to forbid, foll. by μή with inf: ἀπείπον αὐτὸν μὴ ποιεῖν I forbids him to do: τὸ ἀπειρημένον, a forbidden thing*.

III. *to renounce, disown, give up: ἀπείπασθαι τὸν υἱὸν to disown his son: ἀπειπεῖν ὄψιν to avert a vision by offerings*. IV. *to deny, refuse*. V.

intrans. *to give up, be sworn out, fail: c. dat. pers. to fail or be wanting to one: ἀπειρηκέναι φίλοις to fail one's friends: but ἀπειρηκέναι χρημασι to be bankrupt:—c. part., ἀπ. καθήμενος to be tired of sitting*.

ἀ-πείραντος, ον, (α privat., πέρας) *endless, boundless*.

ἀ-πείραστος, ον, (α privat., πειρά(ω) inexperienced.)

ἀ-πειράτος, ον, (α privat., πειράομαι) Dor. for ἀπείρητος, *untried*.

ἀπ-εργαθον, Ep. 3 sing. ἀπο-εργαθε, inf. ἀπ-εργαθεῖν, poēt. aor. 2 of ἀπεργα.

ἀπ-εργω, in Herodotus mostly ἀπ-έργω, Ep. also ἀπο-έργω: f. ἔω: aor. I ἀπείργα: poēt. aor. 2 ἀπείργαθον, Ep. ἀποείργαθον: Pass., pf. ἀπείργμαι, Ep. ἀπείργμαι:—*to keep away or shut out from: part from: to keep or binder from, to keep back: of a river, ἀπεργμένος, shut out from its old course*. II. *to part, divide, and so to bound, of seas and rivers, etc.*

III. *to shut up, confine*.

ἀ-πείρεσιος, α, ον, and ον, ον, lengthd. form for ἀπειρος.

II. *boundless, endless, countless*.

ἀπειρηκα, inf. ἀπειρηκέναι, perf. of ἀπειρον.

ἀπειρημαι, perf. pass. of ἀπειρον.

ἀπειρητος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., πειράομαι) without trial, and so I. act. without making trial of, or absol. making no attempt: also without experience of, inexperienced or unskilled in a thing. II. pass. untried, unattempted.

ἀπειρία, ἡ, (ἀπειρος 1, πείρα) opp. to ἐμπειρία, want of skill, inexperience. II. (ἀπειρος 11, πέρας) infinity.

ἀπειρίτος, ον, Ep. for ἀπειρέσιος.

ἀπειρόδακρυς, υ, gen. υος, (ἀπειρος, δάκρυ) weeping to excess.

ἀπειρόδροστος, ον, (ἀπειρος, δρόσος) undeweeded.

ἀπειρόκακος, ον, (ἀπειρος, κακός) inexperienced in ill: τὸ ἀπειρόκακον simplicity. II. unused to evil.

ἀπειροκάλλια, ἡ, ignorance of the beautiful, want of taste: in plur. vulgarities. From

ἀπειρόκαλος, ον, (ἀπειρος, καλός) without taste, coarse, vulgar. Adv. -λως.

ἀπειρολεχής, ἐς, (ἀπειρος, λέχος) unmarried.

ἀπειρομάχης, ον, Dor. μάχας, α, ὁ, (ἀπειρος, μάχη) untried in battle. [α]

ἀπειρος, ον, I. (a privat., πείρα, πειράομαι) without trial or experience of a thing, unused to it: ignorant of: hence absol. inexperienced, ignorant. II. (a privat., πείρας, πέρας) like ἀπειρέσιος, boundless, endless, countless. 2. of garments, etc., endless, i. e. without end or outlet.

ἀπειροσύνη, ἡ, = ἀπειρία, inexperience.

ἀπειρότοκος, ον, (ἀπειρος, τόκος) without experience of childbirth, not having yet brought forth.

ἀπειρων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., πείρα, Ep. for πέρας) = ἀπειρος 11, boundless, endless, countless. II. (a privat., πείρα) = ἀπειρος 1, inexperienced.

ἀπεις, Ion. for ἀφ-εἰς, aor. 2 part. of ἀφ-ίημι.

ἀπ-έκ, Prep. with gen. away out of.

ἀπ-εκδέχομαι, f. δέχομαι, Dep. to expect.

ἀπ-εκδύω or -δύω, f. δύω [ῥ], to strip clothes off from another. II. Med. ἀπ-εκδύομαι, fut. -δύσομαι [ῥ]: aor. 2 act. ἀπεξέδυν, perf. ἀπεκδέδυκα:—to strip oneself; to put off one's clothes. Hence

ἀπεκδύσις, εως, ἡ, a putting off the clothes.

ἀπέκλειε, 3. Dor. aor. 1 (as if from *ἀπο-κίχω) = ἀπέβαλε, be lost.

ἀπ-εξανθάνομαι, Med. to forget entirely:—Ep. aor. 2 med. imperat. ἀπεκτελάθεσθε θάμβεος forget entirely your surprise.

ἀπεκτελάθεσθε, v. foreg.

ἀπ-εκραμῖσα, aor. 1 of ἀποκρεμάννυμι.

ἀπ-εκτάων, aor. 2 of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀπ-εκτάτο, pf. pass. plqpf. of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀπέκτετος, ον, (a privat., πεκτέω) uncombed, unkempt.

ἀπ-ελαύνω, fut. ἀπελάσω, Att. ἀπελῶ, pf. ἀπελήλακα:—Pars., aor. 1 ἀπηλάσθην [α]: pf. ἀπελήλασμαι and -λαμαι:—also ἀπέλας as imperat. of simple pres. ἀπελάω, Dor. aor. 2 ἀπηλάων:—to drive away,

expel.

II. ἀπελαίνειν στρατόν, to lead away an army: hence as if intr. to march, go away: also (sub. ἵπτον), to ride away:—Pass. to be driven away: hence to be excluded from a thing: generally to be far from.

ἀπ-ελάω, = ἀπελαύνω.

ἀπέλεγμα, τό, and ἀπελεγμός, ὁ, ill repute. - From ἀπ-ελέγχω, f. ἐγχο, to refute thoroughly.

ἀπέλεθος, ον, (a privat., πέλεθρον) immeasurable. neut. as Adv. immeasurably far.

ἀπελευψα, aor. 1 of ἀπολείπει, not of ἀπολείπει.

ἀπελέσθαι, ἀπελόμενος, Ion. for ἀφελ-, aor. 2 med. inf. and part. of ἀφαίρειω.

ἀπελευθερία, ἡ, (ἀπελεύθερος) the enfranchisement of a slave.

ἀπελευθερικός, ἡ, ὄν, in the condition of a freedman. From

ἀπ-ελεύθερος, ὁ, an emancipated slave, a freedman, Lat. *libertus*, *libertinus*. Hence

ἀπ-ελευθερώ, f. ὤσω, to set free, emancipate.

ἀπελήλακα, pf. of ἀπελαύνω.

ἀπελήλυθα, perf. of ἀτέρχομαι.

ἀπελθεῖν, aor. 2 act. inf. of ἀτέρχομαι.

ἀπ-έλκω, Ion. for ἀφ-έλκω.

ἀπελλάζω, Laconian for ἐκκλησιάζω.

ἀπ-ελπίζω, fut. Ion Att. ἴω, to drive to despair. 2.

= ἐλπίζειν ἀπὸ τινος to hope from one.

ἀπέλου, 3 sing. old Att. impf. of ἀπολούω (formed from ἀπολῶ).

ἀπ-εμέω, f. ἔσω, to spit up, throw out.

ἀπενήσαντο, 3 plur. aor. 1 med. of ἀπομνησκα.

ἀπεμόρξατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of ἀπομόργνυμι.

ἀπ-εμπολάω, f. ἔσω, to dispose of by sale or barter. 2. to buy and sell, betray.

ἀπ-έναντι, Adv. (ἀπὸ, ἐναντι) over against, opposite, c. gen.: also

ἀπ-εναντίον, Adv. = ἀπέναντι.

ἀπ-ενδρίζω, f. ἔρω, to despoil one of his arms.

ἀπενάσσαστο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 med. of ἀποναίω.

ἀπενέγκασθαι, aor. 1 med. inf. of ἀποφέρω.

ἀπένεκα, Ep. for ἀπηνεκα or ἀπηνεκα, aor. 1 of ἀπο-φέρω: aor. 1 pass. inf. ἀπενειχθῆναι.

ἀπ-ενέπω, v. ἀπ-ενέπω.

ἀπ-ενυθῆς, ἐς, (a privat., πένθος) free from grief.

ἀπ-ενύθητος, ον, (a privat., πενθέω) not subject to grief.

ἀπ-ενιαυτέω, f. ἔσω, or ἀπ-ενιαυτίω, f. ἴω, (ἀπὸ, ἐνιαυτέ) to go into banishment for a year.

ἀπ-εννέπω, to forbid; ἀπεννέτω σε μὴ ποιεῖν I forbid thee to do. II. to order away from; ἀπεννέπειν τινα θαλάμῳ.

ἀπ-έξ, v. ἀπέξ.

ἀπεικώς, Att. ἀπεικώς, υῖα, ὅς, perf. part. of ἀπ-οικα, unreasonable, unfair. Adv. ἀπεικώτως.

ἀπέπειρος, ον, (a privat., πέπειρος) not ripe.

ἀπεπλάγχθην, aor. 1 pass. of ἀποπλάζω.

ἀπέπλευσα, aor. 1 of ἀποπλέω.

ἀπέπλος, ον, (a privat., πέπλος) without the πέπλος or robe, clad in the tunic only.

ἀπ-ἐπλω, shortd. for ἀπ-ἐπλωσε, which is Ion. for ἀπ-έπλευσε, 3 sing. aor. 1 act. of ἀποπλέω.
 ἀπένευον, aor. 1 of ἀπο πνέω.
 ἀπεντάμην, aor. 2 of ἀποπέτομαι.
 ἀ-ρεπτος, ov, (a privat., πέσσω, f. πέψω) uncooked, undigested.
 ἄπερ, neut. pl. of ὅσπερ, q. v. In Att. oft. used as Adv. = ὥσπερ, as, so as.
 ἀ-περάντος, ov, (a privat., περαίνω) boundless, infinite, endless.
 ἀπ-εργάζομαι, f. ἀσομαι: pf. ἀπείργασμαι used both in act. and pass. sense: Dep.:—to work off, finish off; pf. part. ἀπεργασμένος, completely finished: of a painter, to fill up with colour, to represent perfectly: generally to form, create. 2. to finish a contract. Hence
 ἀπεργασία, ἡ, a finishing off, completing: a creating, causing.
 ἀπ-έργω, Ion. for ἀπείργω.
 ἀπ-έρδω, f. ξω, to bring to an end, finish.
 ἀπερ-εί, Adv. = ὥσπερ, from ἀπερ.
 ἀπ-ερείδω, to fix firmly:—Med., fut. ἀπερείσομαι, aor. ἀπερείσασθην, but pf. pass. ἀπερήρην:—to fix oneself fast upon, i. e. to support oneself upon a thing: to dwell or insist upon, also to settle in a particular part: absol. to lean or bend away.
 ἀπερείστος, ov, poet., = ἀπειρέσιος: in phrase ἀπερείσια ἄποινα, a countless ransom.
 ἀπ-ερημόω, f. ὦσω, to make utterly desolate.
 ἀπ-ερίαλτος, ov, (a privat., περιαλέω) not to be outdone in talking. [ᾶ]
 ἀ-περίληπτος, ov, (a privat., περιλαμβάνω) uncircumscribed.
 ἀπ-ερίμενμος, ov, (a privat., περί, μέριμνα) careless. Adv. -τως, carelessly.
 ἀ-περίοπτος, ov, (a privat., περιόψομαι) unregarding, reckless of.
 ἀ-περίσκεπτος, ov, (a privat., περισκέπτομαι) inconsiderate, thoughtless, heedless. Adv. -τως.
 ἀ-περίσπαστος, ov, (a privat., περισπάω) undistracted. Adv. -τως, without distraction.
 ἀ-πέρισσος, Att. -ττος, ov, (a privat., περισσός) without superfluity, simple.
 ἀ-περίστατος, ov, (a privat., περιίσταμαι) defenceless.
 ἀ-περίτμητος, ov, (a privat., περιτέμνω) uncircumcised.
 ἀ-περίτροπος, ov, (a privat., περιτρέπω) not returning: also not beeding.
 ἀπερρήθη, aor. 1 pass. of ἀπερῶ.
 ἀπεριργάσι, 3 plur. perf. 2 of ἀπορριγέω, [I]
 ἀπ-έρρω, to be gone quite away: imperat. ἀπέρρε, away, begone, Lat. abi in malā rem.
 ἀπ-ερυθρία, fut. ἄσω [ῶ], to put away blueness, be past blushing.
 ἀπ-ερύκω, f. ξω, (ἀπό, ἐρύκω) to keep off, scare away:—Med. to abstain, desist. [ῶ]
 ἀπ-έρω, f. ὦσω [ῶ], to tear off from.
 ἀπ-έρχομαι, fut. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 -ἤλυθον, -ἤλθον:

pf. -ελήλυθα:—to go away, depart from; ἀπέρχεσθαι els., to go from one place to another.
 ἀπ-έρω, Ion. ἀπέρω, fut. without pres. in use: pf. ἀπέρηκα: fut. med. ἀπερούμαι: aor. 1 pass. ἀπερρήθη: (see ἀπείπον):—to speak plainly out. II. to forbid: ἀπερῶ σε μὴ πράττειν I forbid thee to do. III. to renounce, disown. IV. to deny, refuse. V. intr. to give up, sink, fail: see in ἀπείπον.
 ἀπερωεύς, έως, ὁ, one who thwarts. From ἀπ-ερωέω, f. ἤσω, to withdraw from.
 ἀπ-ερωή, ἡ, a drawing back. II. a hindrance.
 ἀπερωήσεις, 2 sing. aor. 1 opt. of ἀπερωέω.
 ἀπ-έρωτος, ov, (ἀπό, έρως) unloving.
 ἀπες, Ion. for ἀφες, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀφήμι.
 ἀπ-εσθίω, f. ἀπέδομαι: pf. ἀπεδήδοκα: aor. 1 pass. ἀπηδέσθην: to eat or gnaw off: to eat up.
 ἀπ-εσκέδασα, aor. 1 of ἀποσκεδάννυμι.
 ἀπ-εστοίται, for ἀπιστοται, 3 sing. fut. of ἀπειμ.
 ἀπ-έσσω, Lacon. for ἀποσύη, aor. 2 pass. of ἀποσείω, he is gone, i. e. is dead.
 ἀπ-εσύμην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀποσείω.
 ἀπ-έστην, aor. 2 of ἀφίστημι.
 ἀπ-εστράφατο, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἀποστρέφω.
 ἀπ-εστώ, ους, ἡ, (ἀπειμι abibo) Ion. noun, a being away, absence: see εὐεστώ.
 ἀ-πέτηλος, ov, (a privat., πέτηλον) leafless.
 ἀπέρηπον, aor. 2 of ἀποτρέπω.
 ἀ-πυθής, ές, (a privat., πυθάνομαι) not inquired into, unknown, Lat. ignotus. II act. not inquiring, ignorant, Lat. ignarus.
 ἀπ-ευθύω [ῶ], f. ὦν, to make straight again: to set up again: metaph. to restore: to guide, rule; χεῖρας δεσμοῖς ἀευθύνειν to guide the arms with chains, i. e. bind them.
 ἀπευκτός, όν, (ἀπεύχομαι) to be deprecated, abominable.
 ἀπ-ευξάω, f. ἄσω, to lull to sleep.
 ἀπ-εύχετος, ov, = ἀπευκτός. From
 ἀπ-εύχομαι, f. έζομαι, Dep. to wish a thing away, to wish that it may not happen, Lat. deprecari.
 ἀπ-έφθιθον, Ep. aor. 2 of ἀποφθίνω.
 ἀπέφθιτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀποφθίνω.
 ἀπ-έφθος, ov, for ἀφεφθος, (ἀφ-έψω) boiled down, refined; ἀπ. χρυσός refined gold, Lat. aurum re-coctum.
 ἀπ-εχθαίρω, f. -ἄρω: aor. 1 ἀπήχθηρα:—to hate utterly. II. to make utterly hateful.
 ἀπ-εχθάνομαι, f. -εχθήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπηχθόμην inf. ἀπεχθέσθαι: pf. ἀπήχθημαι: Pass.:—to be hated: to incur hatred or odium, also to be roused to hatred; οὗτε τί μοι πάς δήμος ἀπεχθόμενος χαλπαίνει ποί does all the people being roused to hate against me distress me. II. Dep. in causal sense, to cause hatred; λόγοι ἀπεχθανόμενοι words that cause hatred: c. dat. pers. to be or become hateful to one.
 ἀπέχθεια, ἡ, (ἀπεχθής) enmity, hatred: in plur. enmities; δι' ἀπεχθείας τινί ἐλθεῖν to be hated by him. Like δι' ὀργῆς ἐλθεῖν, etc.

ἀπέχθημα, ατος, το, (ἀπεχθάνομαι) *that which is hated, the object of hate.*

ἀπ-εχθής, ἐς, (ἀπό, ἔχθος) *hateful, hostile.*

ἀπ-έχθομαι, like ἀπ-εχθάνομαι: Pass.: (ἀπό, ἔχθος): —to be hated or hateful.

ἀπεχθῶς, Adv. of ἀπεχθής; ἀπ. ἔχειν to be at enmity.

ἀπ-έχω, f. ἀφέω and ἀποσχέσω: aor. 2 ἀπέσχον: —to hold off, keep off, away from: to part:—Med., ἀπέχσθαι χεῖρας τινος to hold one's hands off him: but ἀπέχεσθαι absol. to hold oneself off a thing, abstain or desist from.

II. intrans. to be away or far from, c. gen. loci: τῆς πόλεως οὐ πολλὴν ὕδον ἀπέχει it is not far distant from the city: also like Med. to abstain from a thing.

III. to have in full; ἀπέχειν μισθόν to have a full reward.

ἀπ-έψω, Ion. for ἀφ-έψω.

ἀπέψα, aor. 1 of ἀπωθέω.

ἀπ-ηγέομαι, ἀπ-ήγημα, ἀπ-ήγησις, Ion. for ἀφ-ηγ-.

ἀπ-ηθέω, f. ήσω, to strain off, filter.

ἀπηλάθην, aor. 1 pass. of ἀπελαύνω.

ἀπ-ηλεγέως, Adv. formed as if from *ἀπηλεγής, ἐς, (ἀπό, ἀλέγω) without caring for anything; μῦθον ἀπηλεγέως ἀποσιπεῖν to speak out reckless of consequences, bluntdy.

ἀπήλθον, aor. 2 of ἀπέρχομαι.

ἀπ-ηλιαστής, οὔ, δ, (ἀπό, Ἡλιαία) one who keeps away from the Ἡλιαία, i. e. an enemy to law, with allusion to ἥλιος, not fond of basking in the sun.

ἀπ-ήλιξ, Ion. for ἀφ-ήλιξ.

ἀπ-ηλώπτης (sub. ἀνεμος), ov, δ, (ἀπό, ἥλιος) the east wind, Lat. *subsolanus*.

ἀ-πήμαντος, ov, (α privat., πῆμαιν) unbarmed, without misery.

ἀπ-ήμφοτον, Ep. for ἀφ-ήμαρτον, aor. 2 of ἀφ-μαρτάνω.

ἀπ-ήμεν, 1 pl. impf. of ἀπείμι (εἰμί, sum).

ἀπημούνθη, ἡ, (ἀπήμω) freedom from barm, safety.

ἀπημπόλα, 3 sing. impf. of ἀπεμπολλάω.

ἀ-πήμων, ov, gen. onos, (α privat., πῆμα) unbarmed, unburt: without sorrow or suffering. II. act. doing no barm, safe, kindly: of the gods, propitious.

ἀπήνεα, ἡ, (ἀπνής) harshness, roughness.

ἀπήνη, ἡ, a four-wheeled wagon: later, any carriage, a car, chariot. II. like ζεύγος, a yoke, pair, couple. (Deriv. unknown.)

ἀπηνήναντο, 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of ἀπαναίνομαι.

ἀπ-ηνής, ἐς, harsh, rough. See προ-α-ηνής.

ἀπήνθον, Dor. for ἀπήλθον, aor. 2 of ἀπέρχομαι.

ἀπ-ήρος, Dor. and Att. ἀ-άρος, Ep. ἀπ-ήρωρος, ov, (ἀπό, ἀείρω) hovering on high, Lat. *suspensus*.

ἀ-πήρος, ov, (α privat., πῆρα) without a scrip. II. (α privat., πῆρὸς) unmaimed.

ἀπῆρυν, α, 1 and 3 sing. impf. of ἀπαυράω.

ἀπ-ήχης, ἐς, (ἀπό, ἤχος) discordant, noisy.

ἀπήχθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἀπεχθάνομαι.

ἀπ-ήωρος, Ep. for ἀπήωρος.

ἀπία γῆ, v. ἄπιος.

ἀπ-άλλω, Dor. or Lacon, for ἀποπέμπα.

ἀπ-ίημι, Ion. for ἀφίημι.

ἀ-πίθανος, ov, not winning belief, incredible, unw likely. II. not persuasive. [Υ]

ἀπιθέω, Ep. aor. 1 ἀπίθησα, poet. for ἀπειθέω. From

ἀ-πίθης, ἐς, poet. for ἀ-πειθής.

ἀ-πίθυντήρ, ἥρος, δ, a restorer. From

ἀπ-ιθύνω, = ἀπ-ευθύνω.

ἀπ-ικνέομαι, ἀπ-ικόμην, Ion. for ἀφικ-.

ἀ-πίνυσσιν, (α privat., πινυτός) to be without one's wits, to be senseless.

ἀπιξίς, Ion. for ἀφίξις.

ἀπιον, τό, (ἀπιος) a pear, Lat. *pirum*.

*ἈΠΙΟΣ, ἡ, a pear-tree, Lat. *pirus*.

ἄπιος, ἡ, ov, (ἀπό) far away, far off, far, ἐξ ἄπιος γαίης Hom. II. Ἄπιος, α, ov, *Apian*, i. e. *Peloponnesian*, said to be so called from Apis, a king of Argos, hence Ἀπία γῆ, or Ἀπία alone, the *Peloponnes*: also Ἄπις, ἴδος, ἡ. [The former sense has ἄ, the latter ᾱ.]

ἀπ-ιπῶ, f. ὦσω, to squeeze out.

ἀπ-ισῶ, f. ὦσω, to make equal or even.

ἀπιστώ, f. ήσω: pf. ἡπίστηκα: (ἀπιστος): —to disbelieve, distrust: absol. to be unbelieving or distrustful:—Pass., with fut. med. ἀπισθήσομαι, to be dis-trusted. II. = ἀπειθέω, to disobey.

ἀπ-ιστημι, Ion. for ἀφ-ιστημι.

ἀπιστία, Ion. -τη, ἡ, (ἀπιστός) disbelief, distrust:

πολλὰς ἀπιστίας ἔχει the thing admits of many doubts. II. want of faith, unbelief: faithlessness.

ἀ-πιστος, ov, (α privat., πιστός): I. pass. not

to be trusted, and so, I. of persons, faithless. 2. of things, not credible, beyond belief. II. act.

not believing or trusting, mistrustful. 2. not obeying.

ἀπιστοσύνη, = ἀπιστία.

ἀπίστως, Adv. of ἀπιστος: I. act. suspiciously. II. pass. beyond belief, incredibly.

ἀπ-ισχυρίζομαι, f. ἴσσομαι Att. ἰσῶμαι: Dep.: —to oppose or resist stoutly.

ἀπ-ισχω, poet. for ἀπέχω, to keep far away.

ἀπ-ιτέω, verb. Adj. of ἀπείμι, one must go away.

ἀπλάκειω, ἀπλακίς, etc., see ἀμπλακέω, etc.

ἀπ-πλάνης, ἐς, (α privat., ἀπλάσσομαι) not wandering: fixed.

ἀ-πλάστος, ov, (α privat., πλάσσω) not moulded: hence genuine, sincere. II. (α privat., πειλάω) shortened for ἀπελάστος, unapproachable, terrible.

ἀ-πλῆτος, Ion. ἀ-πλητος, ov, (α privat., πειλάω, poet. for πειλάω) shortened for ἀπέλᾱτος, unapproachable, terrible.

ἀ-πλεκτος, ov, (α privat., πλέκω) unplaited.

ἀ-πλετος, ov, coll. form of ἀπλᾶτος or of ἀπλη-στος, only used in the sense of immense, extraordinary.

ἀ-πλευστος, ov, (α privat., πλεύσομαι fut. of πλέω) not navigable, not navigated.

ἀ-πληκτος, ov, (α privat., πλήσσω) unstricken: οἱ a horse, needing no whip or spur.

ἀπληστία, ἡ, *insatiate desire*. From ἀ-πληστος, ον, (a privat., τίμηλημι) *not to be filled, insatiate*: c. gen., ἀπλ. αἵματος *insatiate of blood*.
ἀπλοία, Ion. ἀπλοῖη, ἡ, (ἀπλου) *difficulty of sailing, from stress of weather*.

ἀπλοῖζομαι, Dep. (ἀπλός) *to deal openly or frankly*.
ἀπλοῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀπλός) *a single garment*.

ἀπλός, ὅς, ὄν, contr. ἀπλοῦς, ἡ, οὖν, Lat. *simplex*, *onefold*, (opp. to διπλός, Lat. *duplex*, *twofold*), *single*. II. *single-minded, simple*, and that either (in good sense) *frank, open, sincere*; or (in bad sense) *silly*. III. *simple*, opp. to compound: hence, *absolute, bare*. (Derived from ἅμα, *all in one way*, as is Lat. *simplex* from *simul*.)

ἀ-πλοος, ον, contr. ἔ-πλους, ον, (a privat., πλέω) *not sailing*: I. of ships, *unfit for sea, not seaworthy*. 2. of men, *never having been at sea*. II. *pass.*, of the sea, *closed to navigation*.

ἀπλός, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for ἀπλός, ἀπλοῦς.
ἀπλότης, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀπλός) like Lat. *simplicitas*, *simplicity, plainness, frankness*.

ἀπλοῦς, ἡ, οὖν, contr. for ἀπλός.
ἔ-πλους, ον, contr. for ἀ-πλοος.

ἀ-πλουτος, ον, (a privat., πλούτος) *without riches*.
ἀπλῶς, Adv. of ἀπλοῦς, Lat. *simpliciter*, *simply, plainly; absolutely*. II. *in a word, Lat. denique*.

ἀ-πνευστος, ον, (a privat., πνέω) *without breath, breathless*: hence *lifeless*.
ἀ-πνοος, ον, contr. ἀ-πνοος, ον, (a privat., πνέω) *without wind, calm*. II. *without breath, lifeless*

ἌΠΟ, PREP. WITH GEN. ONLY, — Lat. AB, ABS, *whether place, time, or any object be denoted*: I.

of Place, *implying motion from, away from*: also *down from*. 2. *without motion implied, far from, at a distance from*. II. *later of Time, from, after, since*; ἀπό δειπνῶν γενέσθαι *to have done supper*.

III. of Origin of all kinds, as, 1. of *descent, birth*; οὐκ ἀπό ἔρως οὐδ' ἀπό πέτρης *not sprung from oak or rock*; ἀπό Σπάρτης *of Sparta by birth*. 2. of the *means or instrument*; ἀπό βιοῦ πέφνεν *with arrow from his bow*. 3. of the *cause or occasion*; ἀπό δικαιοσύνης *by reason of*. 4. of the *material of which a thing is made*; ἀπό ξύλου *πεποιημένα* *made of wood*.

As ADVERB, *without case, far away*: but almost always with verbs in *trasi*.

In Compos., I. *from, asunder*, as in ἀποτέμνω: and hence *away from*, as in ἀποβαίνω. 2. *ceasing from*, as in ἀπαγγέλλω: and hence, *finishing, completing*, as in ἀπεργάζομαι. 3. *back again*, as in ἀποδίδωμι. 4. *by way of abuse*, as in ἀποκαλέω. 5. *almost* — a *priv.*, as in ἀπανθᾶω, ἀπαγορεύω: also with Adjectives, as in ἀπόσιτος.

Ἄπο, anastrophe. from ἀπό, when it follows its noun, ἀπο-αἰνῆμαι, poet. for ἀ-αἰνῆμαι, *to take away*. ἀπο-αἰρέομαι, poet. for ἀφ-αἰρέομαι.

ἐπύβα, Att. for ἀπόβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. for ἀποβαῖναι.

ἀποβάθρα, ἡ, *steps or a ladder for descending from a ship, the gangway*. From ἀπο-βαίνω, f. βήσομαι: Ep. 3 sing. aor. I ἀπεβήσσο: aor. 2 ἀπέβην: pf. ἀποβέβηκα:—*to step off, dismount, alight or disembark from*. 2. *to go away, depart*. II. of events, *to issue or result from*: absol. *to turn out, end or issue in a certain way*, Lat. *evenire*; τὸ ἀποβαίνειν *the issue, event*; τὰ ἀποβαίνοντα, τὰ ἀποβάντα *the results*; τὰ ἀποβησόμενα *the probable results*: also ἀποβαίνειν alone, *to turn out well, succeed*. 2. also of persons and things, with an Adj., *to turn out, prove or be so and so*, Lat. *evadere*; ἀποβαίνειν κοινὸν *to prove impartial*. 3. of conditions, etc.; ἀποβαίνειν εἰς τι *to come at last to, end in*.

B. Causal, only in aor. I ἀπέβησα, *to make to dismount, disembark, land*.

ἀπο-βάλλω, f. -βαλῶ: aor. 2 ἀπέβαλον: pf. ἀποβέβληκα:—*to throw off from*: c. acc. only, *to throw away*. 2. *to throw away, reject*: also *to throw away, sell too cheap*. 3. *to lose*.

ἀπο-βάπτω, f. ψα, *to dip entirely*.
ἀποβάς, βάσα, βέν, aor. 2 part. of ἀπο-βαίνω.

ἀπόβασις, ως, ἡ, (ἀποβαίνω) *a stepping off, dismounting*: a *disembarking, landing*: also a *landing-place*.

ἀποβήναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποβαίνω.
ἀπο-βιάζομαι, f. ἀσμαι, Dep. *to force away*: aor. I pass. ἐποβιασθήναι *in pass. sense, to be forced away*.

ἀπο-βιβάζω: f. βιβάσω Att. -βιβᾶ:—Causal of ἀποβαίνω, *to make to get off*, esp. from a ship, *to disembark, set on land*.

ἀπο-βιβρώσκω, aor. I pass. ἀπεβρώθην:—*to eat off*. ἀπο-βλάπτω, f. ψα, *to ruin*:—aor. I pass. ἀποβλαφθήναι, *to be robbed of*.

ἀπο-βλαστάνω, f. -βλαστήσω: aor. 2 ἀπέβλαστον:—*to shoot forth from, spring from*.

ἀπόβλεπτος, ον, *looked at, gazed on by all, hence admired*. From ἀπο-βλέπω, f. ψα, *to look away from all other objects at one, to look steadfastly at, gaze at or upon*.

ἀπόβλητος, ον, (ἀποβάλλω) *to be thrown away as worthless*.

ἀπο-βλίσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἀπέβλισα:—*to cut out the comb from the hive, take the honey*: metaph. *to steal*.

ἀπο-βλύω, f. σω, *to spit out*; ἀποβλύζειν οἶνον *to spit or slobber out some wine*.

ἀποβολή, ἡς, ἡ, (ἀποβάλλω) *a throwing away, losing, loss*.

ἀποβολιμαῖος, ον, (ἀποβάλλω) *apt to be thrown away*. II. *pass. apt to be thrown aside*.

ἀπο-βόσκομαι, Dep. *to eat up*.
ἀπο-βουκολέω, f. ἦσω, *to let cattle stray*: hence *to make to lose*. 2. *to soothe, beguile*.

ἀπο-βρίξω, f. ξω, *to sleep without waking, go sound asleep*.

ἀπο-βρύχω, *to bite off from*.

ἀπο-βόμιος, *ον*, (ἀπό, βωμός) *far from an altar, godless.*

ἀπό-γαίος or ἀπό-γαίος, *ον*, (ἀπό, γῆ) *from land, coming off land.*

ἀπο-γεῖω, *φ. σω*, *to make jut out like a coping or cornice.*

ἀπο-γεῖω, *φ. σω*, *to make another taste of a thing:—Med. to taste of it oneself.*

ἀπο-γεφύρω, *φ. ὦσω*, *to furnish with a bridge or with dykes.*

ἀπο-γυράσκω, *φ. ἄσσω*, *to grow old*

ἀπο-γίνωμι, late Att. γίνωμαι: fut. γενήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπεγενόμην: pf. ἀπογενένημαι:—*to be away from, have no part in.* II. absol. *to be taken away, and so to depart life, die: οἱ ἀπογενόμενοι the dead.*

ἀπο-γινώσκω, late Att. γινώσκω: fut. γνώσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέγνω: pf. ἀπέγνωκα:—*to depart from a judgment, give up an intention of doing, c. gen.: to resolve not.* 2. *to despair.* II. c. acc. *to give up as useless.* III. as law-term, *to refuse to receive an accusation: hence to acquit.*

ἀπόγονοι, *ή*, (ἀπογινώσκω) *despair.*

ἀπόγονος, *ον*, (ἀπογίνωμι) *descended or sprung from: in plur. descendants.*

ἀπογράφῃ, *ή*, (ἀπογράφω) *a copy of an indictment (γραφῆ): a deposition.* II. *a list, register, esp. of property alleged to belong to the state, but held by a private person.*

ἀπο-γράφω, *φ. ψω*, *to write out, copy, esp. to enter in a list, register:—Med. to have a thing registered by others, or to register for one's own use.* II. Att. law-term, 1. ἀπογράφειν τινά *to give in a copy of the charge against a person: esp. to give in a list of property alleged to belong to the state, but held by a private person.* 2. ἀπογράφειν τὰ ὑπάρχοντα *to give in such a list of property.*

ἀπο-γυῖω, *φ. ὦσω*, *to deprive one of the use of his limbs, to enfeeble, unnerve.*

ἀπο-γυμνάζω, *φ. ἄσω*, *to bring into hard exercise, to ply hard.*

ἀπο-γυμνῶ, *φ. ὦσω*, *to strip quite bare: esp. to strip of arms, disarm:—Pass. to be stript bare:—Med. to strip oneself.*

ἀπο-δάκνω, *φ. -δήσομαι*, *to bite off a piece of, c. gen.: absol. to bite.*

ἀπο-δακρύω, *φ. ὦσω [ῶ]*, *to weep much: c. acc. to weep much for, lament.*

ἀποδάσσω, *ον*, *parted off or from.* From ἀποδασμός, *ος*, *a division, part of a whole.* From ἀπο-δατέομαι: *φ. -δάσσομαι [ᾶ]*, Ep. -δάσσομαι: aor. 1 ἀπαδασάμην, Ep. inf. ἀποδάσασθαι:—*to portion out, apportion* II. *to part off, separate.*

ἀπο-δεῖ, Ion. ἀπο-δέω, impers. of ἀποδέω.

ἀπο-δειδίσσομαι, Dep. *to frighten away.*

ἀπο-δείκνυμι and -ῶ: *φ. -δείξω* Ion. -δέξω:—Pass., aor. 1 ἀπέδειχθην: pf. ἀποδείξειμαι, Ion. -δέδειγμαi: 1. *to point out, shew forth, make known: hence, 1. bring forward, shew, produce, publish as a*

law. 2. *to appoint or assign; χάρος ἀποδεγμένον an appointed place.* 3. *to shew by argument, prove.* II. *to shew forth a person or thing as so and so, hence, 1. to appoint, name, create.* 2. *to make, render.* 3. *to represent as.* 4. *to prove that a thing is.* 5. c. inf. *to ordain a thing to be:—Med. to shew forth something of one's own; ἀποδείξασθαι γνώμην to deliver one's opinion; ἀποδείξασθαι ἀρετάς to display high qualities.*

ἀπο-δειλιάω, *φ. ἄσω [ᾶ]*, *to be a coward, shrink from danger.*

ἀποδείξις, Ion. -δέξις, *εως, ή*, (ἀποδείκνυμι) *a shewing forth: hence 1. a setting forth, delivery, publication.* 2. *a shewing, proof, demonstration.*

II. (from Med.) *a display, achievement, performance.*

ἀπο-δειπνίδιος, *ον*, (ἀπό, δείπνον) *without supper.*

ἀπο-δειροτομέω, *φ. ἴσω*, *to cut off by the neck, behead.*

ἀπο-δέρω, Ion. for ἀπο-δέω.

ἀπο-δεκᾶτόω, *φ. ὦσω*, *to pay tithe of.* II. *to take tithe from, τινά.*

ἀπο-δέκομαι, Ion. for ἀπο-δέχομαι.

ἀποδεκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀποδέχομαι, *one must receive or accept.*

ἀποδεκτήρ, *ήρος, δ*, (ἀποδέχομαι) *a taker from, receiver.*

ἀποδεκτός, *όν*, (ἀποδέχομαι) *acceptable.*

ἀποδέξασθαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἀποδέχομαι. 2. Ion. for ἀποδείξασθαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἀποδείκνυμι.

ἀποδέξις, *εως, ή*, Ion. for ἀποδείξις.

ἀποδέρμα, *ατος, τό*, (ἀποδέρω) *a hide stripped off.*

ἀπο-δέρω, Ion. -δέρω: *φ. -δέρω*: aor. 1 ἀπέδειρα:—*to flay or skin completely; ἀποδέρειν τὴν κεφαλὴν to scalp.* II. *to fetch the skin off one's back by flogging.*

ἀποδεχθεῖς, Ion. aor. 1 part. pass. of ἀποδείκνυμι.

ἀπο-δέχομαι, Ion. -δέκομαι: *φ. -δέχομαι*: aor. ἀπεδέξαμην: pf. -δέδεγμαi: 1 cp.:—*to accept in full, accept gladly, be content with.* 2. *to accept as a proof: to admit, allow, approve.* 3. *to accept as a teacher, follow: ἀπ. τινός to receive from another, agree with him.* 4. *to take or understand in a certain sense.* II. *to receive back, recover.*

ἀπο-δέω, *φ. -δήσω*, *to bind fast.*

ἀπο-δέω, Ion. fut. -δήσω:—*to be wanting, to lack:—impers. ἀπο-δεῖ, there lacks.*

ἀποδημία, *φ. ἴσω*, (ἀπόδημος) *to be away from home, to go abroad, ἀποδημεῖν εἰς Θερταλίαν to go and live in Thessaly. Hence*

ἀποδημητής, *οῦ, ό*; *one who is abroad.*

ἀποδημία, *ή*, *a way from home, a going or being abroad. From*

ἀπό-δημος, *ον*, *away from home, abroad.*

ἀπο-διατάω, *φ. ἴσω*, *to decide for a person in an arbitration.*

ἀπο-διδάσκω, *φ. διδάξω*, *to teach not to do, Lat. docere.*

ἀπο-διδράσκω, Ion. -διδρήσκω: f. -δράσμαι, Ion. -δρήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέδρην, part. ἀποδράς:—to run away or off; flee from, esp. by stealth. 2. in prose also c. acc., to flee, shun.

ἀπο-δίδωμι, f. -δῶσα: aor. 1 ἀπέδωκα:—to give back, restore: esp. to give back what is due. 2. to render, yield, of land. 3. to grant, allow. 4. to tender or make to and so. 5. to deliver over, give up, e. g. as a slave: also to deliver a letter, Lat. red-tere. II. intr., εἰ το ὅμοιον ἀποδίδοι ἐς αὐτήσιν (sc. ἡ Αἰγύπτω), where it seems to be—ἐπιδίδωμι:—

Med. to give away of one's own, sell; also to let out for hire.

ἀπο-δικάζω, f. -άσω, to acquit, opp. to καταδικάζω. ἀποδικεῖν, inf. of ἀπέδικον, poet. aor. 2 without pres. in use, to throw off: to throw down.

ἀπο-δίκη, f. ἡσώ, (ἀπό, δίκη) to defend oneself on trial.

ἀπο-δίνεω, f. ἡσώ, to turn or whirl violently about.

ἀπο-διδωμαι, Dep. (ἀπό, δῖω) poet. for ἀποδιδώκω.

ἀπο-διορίζω, f. ἰσώ, to mark off, distinguish.

ἀπο-διώκω, fut. διώξομαι, to chase away.

ἀπο-δοκεῖ, impers., (ἀπό, δοκέω) mostly with μή and inf., ἀπέδοξε σφί μή πράττειν it seemed good to them not to do, absol., ὡς σφί ἀπέδοξε when they resolved . . .

ἀπο-δοκιμάζω, f. -άσω, to reject on proof or trial, generally, to reject. Hence

ἀποδοκιμαστέον, verb. Adj. one must reject.

ἀποδόσμος, ov, (ἀποδίδωμι) meet to be restored.

ἀπ-οδος, Ion. for ἀφ-οδος.

ἀπόδοσις, ewe, ἡ, (ἀποδίδωμι) a giving back, restitution, return: repayment, payment.

ἀποδότεον, verb. Adj. of ἀποδίδωμι, one must give back, refer.

ἀποδοῦναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποδίδωμι.

ἀποδοχή, ἡ, (ἀποδέχομαι) a receiving back, opp. to ἰνδόσις: reception. II. praise, approbation.

ἀπο-δοχμῶ, f. -ώσω, to bend backwards or sideways.

ἀποδρᾶθην, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποδρᾶθαι.

ἀποδράς, aor. 2 part. of ἀποδιδράσκω.

ἀποδρᾶσις, Ion. ἀποδρησις, ewe, ἡ, (ἀποδιδράσκω): running away, escape.

ἀπο-δρέπτομαι, Dep. = ἀποδρέπω.

ἀπο-δρέπω, f. ψω, to pluck off:—Med. to gather for oneself.

ἀποδρῆναι, Ion. for -δρᾶναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποδιδράσκω.

ἀπο-δρύντω, f. ψω: aor. 1 ἀπέδρυσα: aor. 2 ἀπέρῃφον: aor. 1 pass. ἀπέρῃφθην:—to scrape off, to graze by a slight wound.

ἀποδρῦφοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀποδρύντω.

ἀπο-δύνω, to pull or strip off: v. ἀποδύνω. [ῥ]

ἀπ-οδύρομαι [ῥ], f. -οδύρομαι, to lament bitterly.

ἀποδύς, aor. 2 part. of ἀποδύνω.

ἀποδυτήριον, τό, an undressing room. From

ἀπο-δύνω, I. trans. in fut. ἀποδύσω, aor. 1 ἀπέ-

-δύσα, to strip off the arms from the slain: c. acc. pers.

to strip another of his arms, etc.

II. intrans. in Med., with aor. 2 act. ἀπέδυν (formed as if from ἀπό-δυναι), and pf. ἀποδέδυνκα:—to strip oneself, undress: ἀποδέσθαι πρὸς τι to strip for a thing, to strip and get ready for. 2. metaph. to put away.

ἀπο-είκω, f. ξω, to withdraw from.

ἀπό-ειπον, es, e, Ep. for ἀπέειπον, aor. 2 without pres. in use.

ἀπο-ἐργαθε, 3 sing. poet. aor. 2 of ἀπέργω, ἀπείργω, to keep far away, keep off from.

ἀποέργω, poet. for ἀπέργω, ἀπείργω: partic. ἀπο-εργμένη for ἀπεργομένη.

ἀπό-ερσε, an old Ep. aor. 1 only found in 3 pers., to burry or sweep away, of running water; subj. ἀπο-εργον, opt. ἀποεργσει. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀπο-ζάω, f. ζήσω, to live off; ὅσον ἀποζῆν enough to live off.

ἀπο-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύξω:—to unyoke, part:—Pass. to be parted from, τινός: absol., δεῦρ' ἀπέζυγην πόδας on foot did I start and come hither.

ἀπο-ζέω, f. -ζέσω, to boil off, throw off by fermenting.

ἀπ-όζω, fut. -οζήσω, to smell of something. II. impers., ἀπόζει τῆς Ἀραβίης there comes a scent from Arabia.

ἀπο-θάλλω, f. -θαλῶ, to leave off blooming.

ἀποθάνειν, aor. 2. inf. of ἀποθνήσκω.

ἀποθανούμαι, fut. of ἀποθνήσκω.

ἀπο-θαρρέω and ἀπο-θαρεύω, f. ἡσώ, to take courage, have full confidence.

ἀπο-θαυμάζω, Ion. ἀπο-θαυμάω, f. -άσω, to wonder at a thing: absol. to wonder much.

ἀπο-θέομαι, Ep. for ἀποθέωμαι, ἀποθῶμαι, aor. 2 med. subj. of ἀποτίθημι.

ἀπο-θεῶ, f. -ώσω, poet. for ἀποθεῖω.

ἀποθεν, Adv. (ἀπό) from afar.

ἀπό-θεος, ov, far from the gods: hence goddess.

ἀπο-θεῶ, f. -ώσω, to deify.

ἀπο-θερίζω, fut. ἰσώ Att. ἰῶ, to cut off like ears of corn.

ἀποθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἀποτίθημι.

ἀπόθεσις, ewe, ἡ, (ἀποτίθημι) a putting off or away:—a putting away, laying up in store:—exposure.

ἀποθέστος, ov, (ἀποτίθημι) despised, abhorred.

ἀποθεταί, ὦν, αἱ, ἡ place in Lacedæmon, into which all misshapen children were thrown on birth. From

ἀπόθετος, ov, (ἀποτίθημι) laid by; hence bidden, mysterious, reserved.

ἀπο-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run off or away.

ἀποθήκη, ἡ, (ἀποτίθημι) any place wherein to lay up a thing, a granary: a magazine, storehouse. II.

anything laid by or stored up; ἀποθήκην ποιέσθαι εἰς τινα to lay up a store of favour with another.

ἀπο-θησαυρίζω, f. ἰσώ, to treasure or board up.

ἀπο-θλίβω, f. ψω, to press hard, crowd upon. [ι]

ἀπ-ονήσκω, f. -θάνομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέθανον:—to die off, to die, serving as Pass. to ἀποκτείνω.

ἀποθροῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποθράσσω.

ἀπο-θρασύνομαι [ῥ], f. ἔνδομαι, to be very bold.

ἀπο-βραύω, f. σω, to break off or from :—Pass., ἀποβραύεσθαι τῆς ἐκκλησίας to be broken off from, i. e. lose all, one's fair fame.

ἀπο-θρίάξω, f. σω, (ἀπό, θρίων) properly, to cut off fig-leaves : generally, to cut off, curtail.

ἀπο-θρύπτω, f. ψω, to crush in pieces : Pass. to be broken in spirit, enervated.

ἀπο-θρύσκω, f. -θορούμαι : aor. 2 ἀπέθορον :—to spring or leap off from. II. to leap up from, rise from : absol. to rise sheer up, of steep rocks.

ἀπο-θύμιος, ov, (ἀπό, θυμός) not according to one's mind, unpleasant, hateful.

ἀπο-θύω, f. ύω, to offer up.

ἀ-ποίητος, ov, (α privat., ποιέω) not done, undone : not to be done.

ἀποικέω, f. ήσω, (ἀποικος) to go away from home, to settle in a foreign country, emigrate. II. to dwell afar off, generally, to live far away : ἡ Κόρινθος ἐξ ἐμοῦ μακρὰν ἀποικεῖτο Corinth was inhabited far away from me, i. e. I settled far from Corinth. III. c.

acc., = ἀποικίζω, to colonise. Hence ἀποικία, ή, a settling away from home, a colony, settlement.

ἀπο-οικέω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ : Pass., aor. 1 ἀποκίσθην : f. -φίεσθαι :—to send away from home, transplant : generally, to send or carry away :—Pass. to be settled in a far land : to emigrate. II. to colonise a place.

ἀποικίς, ίδος, ή, fem. of ἀποικος :—ή ἀποικίς (sc. πόλις) a colony.

ἀπο-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to cut off by building, to wall off, wall up.

ἀπο-οικος, ov, (ἀπό, οἶκος) away from home, abroad : hence as Subst., I. of persons, a settler, colonist. 2. of cities, ἀποικος (sub. πόλις), ή, a colony.

ἀπο-οικτιζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι Att. -οῦμαι : Dep. :—to complain loudly.

ἀπο-οιμάντω, ov, (α privat., ποιμαίνω) unfed, untended.

ἀπο-οιμῶξω, fut. -οιμῶξομαι, to bewail loudly.

ἀποινα, ov, ρά, only used in plur., (α copul., ποινή) a ransom or price paid, either for life or liberty. II. generally, compensation, repayment : reward. Hence ἀποινάω, f. ήσω, to demand a ransom or price :—Med. to bold to ransom.

ἀποινό-δικος, ov, (ἀποινα, δίκη) exacting the penalty : atoning.

ἀπο-οῖστεύω, f. εύσω, to kill with arrows.

ἀποίσσω, fut. of ἀποφέρω : cf. φέρω.

ἀπο-οίχομαι, fut. -οιχίσσομαι : pf. -έχημαι : Dep. :—to be gone away, to be far from : absol. to be gone, to have departed : hence to be dead and gone. II. more rarely, to go away, withdraw from.

ἀπο-καθαίρω, fut. -αρῶ, to clear off, cleanse :—Pass. to be removed by cleansing. Hence ἀποκάθαρις, εως, ή, a lustration, expiation : a purging off.

ἀπο-κάθημαι, Ion. -κάθημαι, Pass. to sit apart.

ἀπο-καθίζω, fut. ίσω, to set down :—Med. to sit down. ἀπο-καθίστανω and ἀπο-καθίστημι, fut. -καταστήσω : I. Causal in pres. and aor. and impf., fut. and aor. I, to reëstablish, restore. II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 and pf. act., to be restored.

ἀπο-καίνυμαι, Pass. to surpass, excel

ἀπο-καίριος, ov, = ἀκαιρος.

ἀπο-καίω, fut. -καύσω, to burn off : also of intense cold, to freeze off.

ἀπο-καλέω, f. έσω : (for the tenses, v. καλέω) :—to call back, recal from exile. 2. to call away. II. to call by a name, esp. by way of abuse. III. to warn off.

ἀποκαλύπτω, f. ψω, to disclose, uncover :—Med. to reveal oneself. Hence ἀποκάλυψις, εως, ή, revelation.

ἀπο-κάμνω, f. κάμωμαι : (for the tenses, v. κάμνω) :—to grow quite weary, to flag utterly : c. inf. to cease to do. II. c. acc., ἀποκάμνεις πόνον to flinch from toil.

ἀπο-κάμπω, f. ψω, intr. to bend off, turn aside. 2. trans. to turn aside from, shun. Hence ἀπόκαμψις, εως, ή, a turning off the road.

ἀπο-κάπνυω, Ep. aor. 1 -εκάπυσσα : (ἀπό, κάπνω) :—to breathe out ; ἀποκαπνείν ψυχήν to give up the ghost.

ἀπο-καῖρδοκέω, to expect earnestly. Hence ἀποκαῖρδοκία, ή, earnest expectation.

ἀπο-καρτερέω, f. ήσω, to kill oneself by fasting.

ἀπο-καταλάσσω, Att. -τω, to reconcile again.

ἀποκαταστάσις, εως, ή, (ἀποκαθίστημι) a complete restoration, reëstablishment.

ἀπο-κάθημαι, Ion. for ἀπο-κάθημαι.

ἀποκαυλίω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ (ἀπό, καυλός) to break short off.

ἀπόκαυστις, εως, ή, (ἀποκαίω) a burning off.

ἀπό-κειμαι, fut. -κείσομαι : used as Pass. of ἀποτίθημι, to be put away, be laid up in store : hence to be kept in secret, be in reserve :—impers., ἀποκείται τινα it is in store for one.

ἀπο-κερῶ : fut. -κερῶ Ep. -κέρσω : pf. -κέκαρκα, pass. -κέκαρμαι :—to shear or cut off : generally, to cut in pieces, cut through :—metaph. to cut off.

ἀπο-κερδαίνω, fut. -κερδήσω and -κερδανῶ :—to have benefit or enjoyment from or of a thing.

ἀπο-κερματίζω, to change into small coin, dissipate.

ἀπο-κεφαλίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (ἀπό, κεφαλή) to behead.

ἀπο-κηδεύω, f. σω, to cease to mourn for.

ἀπο-κηδέω, fut. ήσω, = ἀκηδέω, to put away care, be careless.

ἀπο-κηρύσσω, Att. -τω, fut. ξω :—to proclaim publicly, esp. to offer for public sale. II. to renounce publicly, disinherite a son : also to declare outlawed. III. to forbid by proclamation.

ἀποκινδυνεύω, εως, ή, the making a venturesous attempt. [5] From ἀποκινδυνεύω, f. σω, to make a bold stroke, make a

venture:—Pass., with paullo p. fut. ἀποκεκινδυνεύσομαι, to be put to the uttermost hazard.

ἀπό-κινος, ὁ, (ἀπό, κινέω) a comic dance: ἀπόκινον εἶρε find some way of dancing off, escaping.

ἀπο-κλάζω, f. -κλάγξω, to ring or shout forth.

ἀπο-κλάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἀπό, κλάζω) to bend one's knees, and so to rest, like κάμπτειν γόνα.

ἀπο-κλαίω, Att. ἀποκλάω [ᾶω]: fut. -κλαύσομαι:—to weep aloud: c. acc. to bewail much, mourn deeply for.

II. to cease to wail.

ἀποκλάξω, ἀποκλάξων, Dor. fut. and aor. I imperat. of ἀποκλείω.

ἀπό-κλᾶρος, Dor. for ἀπό-κληρος.

ἀπο-κλάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to break off.

ἀπο-κλάω, Att. for ἀπο-κλαίω. [ᾶ]

ἀπόκλεισις or ἀπόκλησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποκλείω) a shutting off or out.

ἀπόκλειστος, ον, shut off, enclosed. From

ἀπο-κλείω, f. κλείσω: Ion. -κλήω, f. -κλήσω: Att. -κλήω, f. -κλήσω: Dor. fut. -κλάξω:—to shut off from or out of.

2. to cut off or binder from a thing:—Pass. to be cut off or bindered from. II. c. acc. only, to shut up, close: to cut off, prevent, binder.

ἀπο-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal away.

ἀπο-κλήω, f. -κλήξω, Ion. for ἀποκλείω, f. -κλείσω.

ἀπό-κληρος, Dor. ἀπό-κλᾶρος, ον, away from (i. e. without) lot or share of a thing.

ἀπο-κληρώω, f. ὥσω, to choose by lot from among a number, to elect by lot.

ἀποκλινθεῖς, later ἀποκλιθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀποκλίνω.

ἀπο-κλίνω [ῖ]: fut. -κλίνω: aor. I ἀπέκλινα: pf. -κέκλινα, pass. -κέκλιμαι:—to turn off or aside: to turn back. II. intr. to turn aside: metaph. to turn off to something worse, fall away, decline. Hence

ἀπόκλισις, εως, ἡ, a turning away: of the sun, sinking.

ἀπο-κλύζω, fut. ὥσω [ῦ], to wash away, avert by purifications.

ἀπο-κναίω, Att. -κνάω: f. -κνήσω: (for the tenses, v. κνάω):—to scrape or rub off; ἀποκνήν τινα to wear one out, weary to death:—Med. to wear away, diminish.

ἀπο-οκνέω, f. ἦσω, to shrink from, hesitate about a thing. c. acc.: absol. to shrink back, hesitate. Hence

ἀπόκνησις, εως, ἡ, a shrinking from.

ἀπο-κνήω, f. ἴσω, to nip off. Hence

ἀπόκνησμα, τό, that which is nipped off, a little bit.

ἀπο-κοιμάομαι, Pass. with f. med. -κοιμήσομαι, to sleep away from home. 2. to get a little sleep.

ἀποκοιτώ, f. ἦσω, to sleep away from one's post. From

ἀπό-κοιτος, ον, (ἀπό, κοίτος) sleeping away from.

ἀπο-κολυμβάω, f. ἦσω, to dive and swim away.

ἀπο-κομῶ, ἡ, a carrying away. II. (from Med.) a getting away or back. From

ἀπο-κομῶ, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to carry or conduct away:—Med. to carry off with one:—Pass. to take oneself off, get away.

ἀπόκομμα, ατος, τό, (ἀποκόπτω) a piece cut or knocked off, a splinter, chip, shred.

ἀπο-κομπάω, f. ἄσω, to break with a snap.

ἀποκοπή, ἡ, (ἀποκόπτω) a cutting or knocking off: ἀποκοπή χρεῶν = Lat. tabulae novae, a cancelling of all debts.

ἀπο-κόπτω, f. ψω, to cut off, hew off, knock off. II. to beat off from a place.

III. Med. to smite the breast in mourning, hence, to mourn for.

ἀπο-κορύφω, f. ὥσω, to sum up briefly.

ἀπο-κοσμέω, f. ἦσω, to clear away, so as to restore order.

ἀπο-κοτταβίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to dash out the last drops of wine, as in playing at the cottabus.

ἀπο-κουφίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to relieve or set free from.

ἀπο-κράδιος, ον, (ἀπό, κράδη) plucked from the fig-trees.

ἀπο-κράνίζω, f. ἴσω, to strike from the head.

ἀπο-κράτέω, f. ἦσω, to overcome, surpass.

ἀπο-κρεμάννυμι f. -κρεμάσω [ᾶ], Att. -κρεμῶ: (for the tenses, v. κρεμάννυμι):—to let a thing bang down, let bang. II. to bang up.

ἀπο-κρημνος, ον, precipitous, craggy.

ἀπόκριμα, ατος, τό, (ἀποκρίνω) a judicial sentence, sentence of death.

ἀπο-κρινθεῖς, ἀποκριθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of sq.

ἀπο-κρίνω [ῖ], fut. -κρίνῳ: Pass., aor. I ἀπεκρίθην [ῖ]: pf. -κέκριμαι:—to part, separate, distinguish:—Pass. to be parted or separated one from another; ἀποκεκρίσθαι εἰς ἓν ὄνομα to be separated and brought under one name. II. to choose out, choose. III.

Med. to give answer or reply to a question: esp. to answer charges; ἀποκρίνεσθαι τι to give an answer: so also in aor. I pass. ἀπεκρίθην. Hence

ἀπόκρισις, εως, ἡ, a separating. II. (from

Med.), an answer.

ἀποκρίτεον, verb. Adj. of ἀποκρίνω, one must separate.

II. (from Med.) one must answer.

ἀπό-κροτος, ον, beaten or trodden hard, esp. of earth.

ἀπο-κρούω, f. σω, to beat off from a place, c. gen.:—Med. to beat off from oneself, beat off:—Pass. to be beaten or knocked off; κοτυλίσκινον τὸ χεῖλος ἀποκε-

κρουμένον a cup with its rim knocked off.

ἀποκρύπτασκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ἀποκρύπτω.

ἀπο-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to hide from, keep hidden from: ἀποκρύπτειν τι, or c. dupl. acc., ἀπ. τινά, τι, like

Lat. celare aliquem aliquid, to hide or keep back from one. 2. to hide close: to obscure. II. to lose

from sight; ἀποκρύπτειν γῆν to lose sight of land, as in Virgil, Pbaeacum abscondimus arces. Hence

ἀπόκρυφος, ον, hidden; ἐν ἀπόκρυφῳ in secret. II. obscure, hard to understand.

ἀπο-κτάμεν, -κτάμεναι, Ep. for -κτάνειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀποκτάνεμος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀπο-κτείνω, f. -κτενῶ: aor. I ἀπέκτεινα: aor. 2 ἀπέκτανον, ποῦ, ἀπέκταν, as, a; Ep. also in pass. φορῶν

ἀπεκτόμην: perf. ἀπέκτονα, more rarely ἀπεκτόνηκα, ἀπέκτοκα, and ἀπέκταγα:—to kill, slay: of judges, to condemn to death; of the executioner, to put to death: metaph., like ἀποκνέειν, to weary to death, Lat. *enecare*.

ἀποκτείνω, later form of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀπο-κύω, f. ἴσω, to bear young, bring forth.

ἀπο-κυλίω, f. κυλίω [Ὶ], to roll away.

ἀπο-κύνω, f. ψω: pf. κεκύθα: to stoop away from.

ἀπο-κωκύνω, f. ύύω [υ], to mourn loudly over.

ἀποκώλυσς, εως, ἡ, a hindrance. From

ἀπο-κωλύω, f. ύύω [υ], to binder or prevent from a thing: c. inf., to prevent from doing: absol. to keep off.

ἀπολαβών, λαβόμενος, aor. 2 part. act. and med. of ἀπολαμβάνω.

ἀπο-λαγχάνω, f. λήξομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέλαχον:—to obtain a portion of a thing by lot: ἵπολαχεῖν μέρος τινός: generally, to obtain.

ἀπο-λάττωμαι, Dep., poet. for ἀπο-λαμβάνω.

ἀπο-λακτίω, f. ίσω Att. ίώ, to kick off or away, shake off: generally, to smite. Hence ἀπολακτισμός, ὁ, a kicking away.

ἀπολαλέω, f. ἴσω, to chatter much.

ἀπο-λαμβάνω, fut. λήξομαι, in Herodotus λάρβομαι: pf. ἀνέληφα, pass. ἀνέλημμαι: for the aorist, we have in act. only aor. 2 ἀνέλαβον, in pass. only aor. 1 ἀνελήφθην Ion. ἀπελάφθην. To take or receive from another: absol. to receive what is one's due. 2. to carry off. 3. to bear or learn, like Lat. *accipio*.

II. to take back, regain, recover. 2. to have a thing rendered to one. III. to take apart or aside. IV. to cut off as by a wall: to stop, arrest, Lat. *deprehendere*, esp. of contrary winds.

ἀπο-λαμπρύνω, to make famous:—Pass. to become so.

ἀπο-λαμπύω, f. ψω, to shine forth, to reflect light, to flash; αἰχμῆς ἀέλαμπε (sc. φῶς) light beamed from the spear-head.

ἀπο-λάπτω, f. ψω, to lap up like a dog.

ἀπόλυσς, εως, ἡ, (ἀπολαύω) enjoyment: c. gen. enjoyment or advantage derived from a thing.

ἀπολαυστικός, ἡ, ὅν, of or for enjoyment. From

ἀπο-λαύω, f. ἀπολαύσομαι: impf. ἀέλανον, aor. 1 ἀέλαυσα, sometimes written ἀήλανον, ἀήλανσα. —to take of a thing, enjoy: also to get something from or by another, e. g. ἀγαθὸν ἀπολαύειν τινός. 2. ironical, to come finely off, profit, whence also in bad sense, to get harm or loss by a thing. (The simple λαύω is obsolete. No doubt the Root is lau-, i. e. λαφ-, λαβ-, which is also the Root of λαμβάνω.)

ἀπολάχειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀπολαγχάνω.

ἀπο-λέγω, f. ξω: pf. pass. ἀπολέγεμαι or ἀπέλεγμαι:—to pick out from among, choose:—Med. to pick out for oneself:—Pass., ἀπολεγεμένωι picked men.

ἀπο-λείβω, f. ψω: aor. 1 ἀπέλειψα:—to let drop off, pour a libation:—Pass. to drop or run down from.

ἀπο-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἀπέλιπον:—to leave over or behind. II. to leave behind one, i. e. lose. 2.

to leave behind, as in the race, to distance, to surpass. III. to leave utterly, forsake, abandon: of things, to leave alone, leave undone. IV. intrans.

to be wanting, to be away or absent: of rivers, to fail, sink. 2. to be wanting of or in a thing; ἀπὸ τεσσέρων πηχῶν ἀπολείπων τρεῖς δακτύλους wanting three fingers of four cubits. 3. with part. to leave off doing. 4. to depart from. V. Pass. to be left behind, inferior to. 2. to be parted from, be absent from. c. gen.; πολὺ τῆς ἀληθείας ἀπολειμμένοι being far distant from the truth: to be deprived of. 3. to be wanting in a thing, also c. gen.

ἀπο-λείχω, f. ξω, to lick off, lick up.

ἀπολείψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπολείπω) a leaving behind, forsaking. II. intr. a failing, deficiency.

ἀπολέκεις, ον, (ἀπολέγω) chosen out, picked.

ἀπολέλϋμαι, pf. pass. of ἀπολύω.

ἀ-πόλεμος, poet. ἀπτόλεμος, ον, unwarlike, unfit for war: peaceful. II. not to be warred on, invincible. III. πόλεμος ἀπόλεμος a war that is no war, i. e. a hopeless struggle.

ἀπο-λέπω, f. ψω, to peel off, take off the skin: pf. part. pass. ἀπολεγεμένος.

ἀπολέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπολέσκετο, Ep. for ἀπόλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπο-λήγω, poet. ἀπολλήγω, f. ξω, to leave off or desist from a thing: c. part. to cease doing.

ἀπο-λήρνω, f. ἴσω, to chatter at random.

ἀπόληψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπολαμβάνω) a taking from: taking back, recovery. II. an intercepting, cutting off.

ἀπο-λιβάω, f. ξω, to drop off.

ἀπο-λίγαίνω, to make a great din, talk loud.

ἀπο-λιμπάνω, Ion. for ἀπο-λείπω.

ἀ-πολις, neut. i: gen. ιδος, also εως, Ion. ιος: dat. ἀπόλι:—one without city, state, or country, an out-land.

II. πόλις ἀπολις a city that is no city, a ruined city.

ἀπο-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω: aor. I -ολισθησα: aor. 2 -όλισθον:—to slip off or away from.

ἀπο-λιταργίζω, f. ίσω Att. ίώ, to slip off, rack off.

ἀπο-λιχμόμαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. — ἀπολείχω, to lick off.

ἀπολλήγω, Ep. for ἀπολήγω.

ἀπ-όλλυμι or ἀπ-ολλύνω: impf. ἀπώλλυν or ἀπώλυνον: fut. ἀπολέσω, ἀπολέσω, Att. ἀπολώ, Ion. ἀπολέω: aor. I ἀπώλεσα, Ep. ἀπόλεσσα; pf. ἀπώλεκα, Att. ἀπολώλεκα:—to destroy utterly, kill, slay: of things, to demolish, to lay waste. II. to lose utterly.

Med. ἀπόλλυμαι: f. ἀπολούμαι, Ion. ἀπολόμας: aor. 2 ἀπολύμην: perf. ἀπόλωκα: plqpf. ἀπολώλειν or ἀπολώλειν:—to perish, die: also simply to fall into ruin, to be undone. II. to be lost, fall away, fail.

III. to be wretched or miserable.

Ἀπόλλων, ανος, ὁ: acc. ανα or ω: voc. Ἀπολλων' — Ἀρσίο, son of Jupiter and Latona.

Ἀπολλώνειον and Ἀπολλώνιον, τό, a temple of Apollo.
 ἀπο-λογέομαι, fut. ἴσομαι: aor. I med. ἀπελογη-
 σάμην, pass. ἀπελογήθην: pf. ἀπολελύγημαι: Dep.:
 (ἀπό, λόγος):—to speak in defence: also to speak in
 defence of a fact. 2. ἀπολογεῖσθαι τι, to defend
 oneself against a charge. 3. ἀπολογεῖσθαι δίκην
 θανάτου, to speak against sentence of death being
 passed. Hence
 ἀπολόγημα, αἶτος, τό, a plea alleged in defence.
 ἀπολογία, ἡ, (ἀπολογέομαι) a speech in defence,
 defence.
 ἀπο-λογίζομαι: f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰοῦμαι: aor. I -ελο-
 γισάμην: pf. -λελόγημαι: Dep.:—to reckon up, give
 in an account, Lat. rationes reddere. II. to give
 a full account of, recount fully. 2. to calculate or
 consider well. Hence
 ἀπολογισμός, ὁ, a giving an account, a statement
 of facts or reasons.
 ἀπό-λογος, ὁ, a story, tale; ἀπόλογος Ἀλκίνοῦ
 proverb. of long stories, from that told by Ulysses to
 Alcinoüs in Od. 9-12. II. a fable, like those
 of Aescor, an apologue.
 ἀπολοίατο, Ion. for ἀπόλοιτο, 3 plur. aor. 2 opt.
 med. of ἀπόλλυμι.
 ἀπο-ολυίζω, f. ξω, to utter a loud cry.
 ἀπολόμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ἀπόλλυμι.
 ἀπολούμαι, fut. med. of ἀπόλλυμι.
 ἀπόλουσις, εἶναι, ἡ, a washing off, ablution.
 FEM
 ἀπο-λούω, f. λούσω, to wash off:—Med., ἄλμην
 ὕμιν ἀπολούσομαι I will wash the brine from off my
 shoulders. II. c. acc. pers. to wash clean.
 ἀπο-ολοφύρομαι, f. ὕρουμαι, to bewail loudly. 2.
 to cease from wailing.
 ἀπο-λύμαινομαι, f. -μάνουμαι: Dep. (ἀπό, λύμα):
 —to cleanse oneself by bathing.
 ἀπολύμαντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀπό, λυμαίνομαι) a de-
 stroyer, waster.
 ἀπολύσιμος, ον, (ἀπολύω) deserving acquittal.
 ἀπόλυσις, εἶναι, ἡ, (ἀπολύω) release, deliverance:
 c. gen., κατὰ τὴν ἀπόλυσιν τοῦ θανάτου as far as ac-
 quittal from a capital charge went.
 ἀπολυτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀπολύω) disposed to acquit.
 Adv., ἀπολυτικῶς ἔχειν to be disposed to acquit.
 ἀπο-λύτρῳω, f. ὦσω, to release on payment of ran-
 som:—Med. to redeem for money. Hence
 ἀπολύτρωσις, εἶναι, ἡ, a releasing, redemption.
 ἀπο-λύω, f. -λύσω [ῶ]: aor. I ἀπέλυσα: pf. ἀπολέ-
 λυκα:—to loose from: to set free or release from;
 ἀπολύειν αἰτίας to acquit of a charge: absol. to
 acquit. 2. in II. always = ἀπολυτρώω, to release a
 prisoner for ransom; and in Med. to ransom him,
 χρυσοῦ for gold. 3. to disband an army: to dis-
 charge a debt. II. Med. to release for oneself,
 redeem. 2. ἀπολύσθαι διαβολάς, etc., to do away
 with calumnies against one, like Lat. diluere: hence
 absol. to defend oneself. 3. to get free, de-

part. III. Pass. to be released, let free from. 2.
 to get clear: to depart, go away.
 ἀπο-λωβάομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to insult grossly:
 aor. I ἀπελωβήθην in pass. sense, to be insulted.
 ἀπόδωλα, pf. med. of ἀπόλλυμι.
 ἀπο-λωτίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, λωτός) = ἀπανθίζω, to pluck
 off flowers: hence generally, to pluck off.
 ἀπομαγδάλια, ἡ, (ἀπομάσσω) the crumb or inside of
 the loaf, on which the Greeks wiped their hands at
 dinner, and then threw it to the dogs.
 ἀπο-μαίνομαι, fut. -μάνῃσομαι: pf. ἀπομέμνηνα: Dep.
 to rave till one is satisfied: to rage violently.
 ἀπο-μαθήναω, f. -μαθήσομαι, to unlearn, Lat. de-
 discere.
 ἀπο-μαντεύομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to announce as a
 prophet: hence to divine, presage.
 ἀπο-μαραίνομαι, Pass. to dry up, wither away: to
 die away, of a tranquil death.
 ἀπο-μαρτύρομαι, Dep. to confirm by witnesses,
 maintain stoutly. [ῶ]
 ἀπο-μάσσω, Att. -τω, fut. ξω, to wipe off, to wipe
 clean:—Med. to wipe one's hands. 2. to sweep off
 or level corn with a strickle: κενεῖν ἀπομάξαι (sc.
 χολνικα) to lose one's labour. II. to make an
 impression of:—Med. to stamp or impress something
 on oneself, copy from another.
 ἀπο-μαστιγῶω, f. ὦσω, to scourge severely.
 ἀπο-ματαίξω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, μάταιος) to behave idly
 or unseemly.
 ἀπο-μάχομαι, f. -μαχέσομαι, contr. -μαχοῦμαι:—
 to fight from, as from a fort; τείχεα ἱκανὰ ἀπομάχε-
 σθαι strong enough to fight from. II. ἀπομάχε-
 σθαι τι to fight off a thing, decline it. III. ἀπο-
 μάχεσθαι τινα to drive off in battle. IV. to finish
 a battle, fight it out.
 ἀπό-μάχος, ον, (ἀπό, μάχη) not fighting: unfit for
 service.
 ἀπο-μείρομαι, f. -μεροῦμαι, Dep. to distribute. 2.
 Pass. to be parted from another.
 ἀπο-μερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to give a share of, dis-
 tribute. II. to distinguish from a number.
 ἀπο-μερμηρίζω, fut. ἴσω and ἴξω, to slumber and
 forget one's cares.
 ἀπο-μεστῶω, f. ὦσω, to fill to the brim.
 ἀπο-μετρέω, f. ἴσω, to mete out, distribute.
 ἀπο-μηκύνω [ῶ], f. ἴνω, to prolong, draw out.
 ἀπο-μηνίω, f. ἴσω [ῖ], to be very wroth.
 ἀπο-μιμῶμαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to copy after, to re-
 present faithfully.
 ἀπο-μνησκόμαι, Pass., with fut. med. -μνήσομαι,
 aor. I ἀπεμνήσαμην: pf. ἀπομέμνημαι:—to recollect,
 remember.
 ἀπό-μισθος, ον, like ἄμισθος, without pay: de-
 frauded of pay. II. paid off, i. e. past service,
 Lat. emeritus.
 ἀπο-μισθόω, f. ὦσω, to let out for hire, let: c. inf.,
 ἀπομισθοῦν ποιεῖν τι to contract for the doing of a
 thing, Lat. locare aliquid faciendum.

ἀπο-μύδομαι, Ion. for ἀπο-μυθήσκωμαι.

ἀπομνημόνευμα, τό, mostly in plur. a narrative of sayings and doings, memoirs, Lat. Memorabilia, as those of Socrates by Xenophon. From

ἀπο-μνημονεύω, 1. σω, to remind.

II. to relate from memory, recount: hence to remember, bear in mind.

2. ἀπομνημονεύειν τι τι to bear something in mind against another, owe him a grudge.

ἀπο-μνησκιδέω, 1. ήσω, to bear a grudge against.

ἀπο-δύνμι or ἀπομύνω: 3 sing. impf. ἀδύμνυ: fut. ἀπομύνμι: (γ. δύνμι):—to take an oath against doing a thing, swear that one will not do.

2. to swear one has not done: to deny with an oath, disclaim upon oath.

II. strengthd. for δύνμι, to take a sole ἡν oath.

ἀπο-μονέω, 1. δώω, to leave quite alone:—Pass. to be excluded from a thing.

ἀπο-μύργνμι or ἀπο-μύρρνμι, also ἀπομοργνύνω: Ep. 3 sing. impf. ἀπομύργνυ:—Med., Ep. aor. 1 ἀπομύρξαμι:—Pass., aor. 1 part. ἀπομύρξας: (ἀπό, μύργνμι or δμύργνμι):—to wipe off or away from: to wipe clean:—Med., ἀπομύρξασθαι παρειάς to wipe one's cheeks; ἀπομύρξασθαι δάκρυ to wipe away one's tears.

ἀπομόρξατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 med. of foregoing.

ἀπομόσαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἀπόμνμι.

ἀπό-μοσος, or, like ἀμοσος, (ἀπό, Μούσα) away from the Muses, coarse, rude. Adv., ἀπομούσως γράφασθαι to be painted in unfavourable colours.

ἀπο-μυθεόμαι, 1. ήσομαι, Dep. to dissuade.

ἀπο-μυκέομαι, 1. ήσομαι, Dep. to bellow loud.

ἀπο-μυκτέον. verb. Adj. of ἀπομύσσομαι, one must wipe one's mouth.

ἀπο-μύσσω, Att. -τω, 1. έω, to wipe a person's nose: hence to sharpen his wits; comp. Horace's *vir emunctae naris*:—Med. to blow one's nose.

ἀπόναιο, 2 sing. aor. 2 opt. med. of ἀπονέμμι: and ἀποναλάτο, 3 pl., for ἀπόναιντο.

*ἀπο-νάω, obsol. pres., whence aor. 1 act. ἀπέναισα, Ep. ἀπένασσα: (ἀπό, νάω):—to remove one to another place; also to send back:—Med., in 3 sing. aor. 1 ἀπένασατο, Ep. ἀπένάσσατο, to remove oneself to another place, depart: but also to send away:—aor. 1 pass. ἀπονάσθηναι, to be taken away, depart from a place.

ἀπο-νέμω, fut. -νεμῶ and later -νεμήσω: aor. 1 ἀπένειμα:—to portion out, distribute, assign severally: to impart:—Med. to assign to oneself, take.

2. to feed on or off. II. to part off, separate.

ἀπονενοημένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of ἀπονοέομαι, desperately.

ἀπο-νόεμαι, Dep. to go away, to go back, return, Ep. word, used only in pres. and impf. [ā Ep.]

ἀπονέστερος, -τατος, Comp. and Sup. of ἀπονος.

ἀπο-νέω, 1. σω, to bend away from other objects towards one, hence to incline towards; cf. ἀπομύλω.

II. to refuse by shaking the head, Lat. *adnuere*.

ἀπο-νέω, 1. νήσω, to unload:—Med. to throw off a load from.

ἀπονήμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ἀπονέμμι.

ἀπονότη, Adv. of ἀπόνητος, without fatigue.

ἀπ-όνητο, Ion. for ἀπ-ώνητο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἀπονέμμι.

ἀ-πόνητος, or, (α privat., πονέω) not worked or wrought.

II. without trouble, easy: Sup. ἀπονή-τιστα with least trouble.

2. without sufferings.

ἀπονια, ή, (ἀπονος) freedom from toil, laziness.

ἀπο-νίζω, 1. νήσω (as if from ἀπο-νίπτω, which is a late form):—to wash off: Med. to wash off from oneself.

2. to wash clean: Med. to wash oneself clean.

ἀπ-ονέμμι, 1. -νήσω, to give enjoyment.

II. mostly in Med., ἀπ-ονέναιμι: fut. -ονήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπ-ονήμην, Ep. without augm. ἀπ-ονήμην, 2 opt. ἀπ-ονάιο, part. ἀπ-ονήμενος:—to have the use or enjoyment of a thing; τάνδ' ἀπ-ονάιο mayest thou have joy of these things.

ἀπ-ό-νιπτρον, τό, water for washing the hands, etc.: from

ἀπο-νίπτω, see ἀπονίζω.

ἀπο-νοέομαι, fut. -ήσομαι: pf. ἀπονερόημαι: Dep. to be out of one's mind, to have lost all sense.

1. of fear, to be desperate; ἀνθρωποι ἀπονενοημένοι, Lat. *perditi, desperate* men.

2. of shame, δ' ἀπονενοημένος an abandoned fellow. Hence

ἀπόνεια, ή, loss of all sense, folly, madness: esp. desperation.

ἀ-πονος, or, c. irreg. Comp. and Sup. ἀπονέστερος, -έστατος, without toil or trouble, untroubled: gentle, easy.

2. of persons, not toiling, lazy.

3. of things, pass. done without trouble, easy.

ἀπο-νοστέω, 1. ήσω, to return home. Hence ἀπονόστησις, εως, ή, a return home.

ἀπο-νόσφι, before a vowel -φιν, (ἀπό, νόσφι) Adv. far apart or aloof.

II. as Prep. with gen. far away from, mostly following its case.

ἀπο-νοσφίζω, 1. ίσω Att. ώ, to put asunder, keep aloof from: to bereave or rob of:—Pass. to be robbed of, c. acc.

II. with acc. only, to flee from, shun.

ἀπ-ονύχίζω: 1. ίσω Att. ώ: Pass., aor. ἀπ-ονύχισθην: pf. ἀπ-ονύχισμαι: (ἀπό, δνυχίω):—to pare the nails.

II. to tear with the nails.

III. to try or examine by the nail; ἀπ-ονύχιστος, Horace's *ad unguem factus*, closely tried by the nail.

ἀπο-νωτίλω, 1. ίσω Att. ώ, to make turn his back and flee:—Med. to turn the back and flee.

ἀπ-ό-ξενος, or, like ἀξενος, inhospitable.

2. ἀπ-ό-ξενος γήs far from a country.

ἀπο-ξένωω, 1. ώσω, to drive from house and home, generally, to estrange or banish from:—Pass. to live away from home, be banished, migrate.

ἀπο-ξέω, 1. έίω, to shave off: cut off.

ἀπο-ξηραίνω, 1. άνω, to dry up, drain off a river:—Pass. to be dried up, to become dry; hence Ion. part. pf. ἀποξηρασμένος.

το-ξύνω [ῥ], f. ὑνῶ, to bring to a point, make taper.
το-ξύνω, Ion. -έω, f. ἤσω, to shave clean.

το-ξύνω, = ἀποξύνω:—Med. to be clean shaved. [ῥ]
τοξύνω, f. ὄσω [ῥ], to shave or scrape off: hence
strip off like skin.

πο-πατταίνω, f. -παττᾶνῶ, Ion. -έω: aor. I part.
παττήνας:—to look about one, as if to flee.

πο-πατέω, f. ἤσω or ἴσομαι, to retire from the way.

πο-πάτος, δ or ἡ, a going out of the way: els ἀπό-
τον to ease himself.

πό-παυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποπαύω) a stopping, binder-
re. II. (from Med.) a ceasing, end.

πο-παύω, f. σω, to stop or hinder one from a
ng: c. inf. to binder from doing: c acc. only, to
b.

II. Med. to leave off or cease from a thing.
πό-πειρα, ἡ, (ἀπό, πείρα) a trial, venture.

πο-πειράζω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ], rarer form of sq.
πο-πειράομαι, with fut. med. ἄσομαι [ᾱ]: aor. I
s. ἀπεπειράθην, Ion. -ήθην: Dep.:—to make trial,

ay, or proof of a person or thing. Rare in Aet.,
σπειράσαι τοῦ Πειραέως (aor. I inf.) to make an
empt on the Peiræus.

πο-πελεκᾶω, f. ἤσω, to bew off with an axe.

πο-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send off or away, to dismiss:
to in bad sense, to drive off. 2. to escort: of

ngs, to give back:—Med. to remove from oneself,
rid of: of a wife, to divorce her. Hence

πόπεμψις, εως, ἡ, a sending away: a dismissal,
forcing.

πο-περάω, f. ἄσω Ion. ἤσω, (ἀπό, περάω) to carry over.

πο-πέρδομαι, fut. -παρῆδομαι: Dep. with aor. 2
s. -έπαρδον:—to break wind, Lat. *pedo*.

πο-ποτίσσω, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἀποπίντω.

πο-πέτομαι, fut. πτήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπεπτάμην, part.
σπτάμενος, and act. ἀπέπτην:—to fly off or away.

πο-πήγνυμι, f. -πῆξω, to make to freeze or curdle:
Pass., fut. -πᾱγήσομαι, of men, to be frozen: of
ood, to curdle.

πο-πηδάω, f. ἤσω and ἴσομαι, to leap off from: to
rn away from.

πό-πίμπλημι and -πιμπλῶ, poet. also -πέπλημι,
υπλάω: fut. -πλήσω: aor. I ἀπέπλησα:—to fill up,
to the brim: to fill up a number. II. to satisfy,

fulfil: to appease, Lat. *explere*.

πο-πίνω [ῖ], fut. -πίομαι, to drink up, drink off.

πο-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἀπέπεσον:—to fall
from.

πο-πλαγχθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀποπλάζω.

πο-πλάζω, fut. -πλάξω, to lead astray, lead away
om:—Pass. to go astray, be driven off: Homer uses
ly aor. I pass. ἀπεπλάγχθην, to stray from, be de-
vised off: *τρυφάλεια ἀποπλάγχθεισα* a helm struck

πο-πλανᾶω f. ἤσω, to lead astray:—Med. to go
tray.

πο-πλάσσομαι, f. -πλάσσομαι [ᾱ], to cory.

πο-πλέω, Ep. -πλείω, Ion. -πλώω: f. -πλεύσο-

μαι or -πλευσοῦμαι: aor. I ἀπέπλευσα:—to sail
away, sail off: to sail back.

ἀπόπληκτος, or, (ἀποπλήσσω) stricken or disabled
by a stroke, I. in mind, dumb, astounded. 2.

in body, crippled, paralysed. Hence
ἀποπληξία, ἡ, a stroke of apoplexy.

ἀπο-πληρόω, f. ὄσω, to fill quite full, satisfy, Lat.
explere. II. to fulfil.

ἀπο-πλήσσω, Att. -ττω: fut. -ξω:—Pass., aor. I
-επλήχθην: aor. 2 -επλήγην: pf. -πέπληγμαι:—to

strike to earth, disable in body or mind:—Pass. to lose
one's senses, become dizzy, be struck by apoplexy.

ἀπο-πλίσσομαι, Att. -ττομαι, fut. ξομαι, Dep. to
trip off.

ἀπόπλοος, contr. ἀπόπλους, δ, (ἀποπλέω) a sailing
away: an outward-bound voyage.

ἀπο-πλύνω [ῥ], f. ὑνῶ, to wash off or away: Ion.
imprf. ἀποπλύνεσκον.

ἀπο-πλώω, Ion. for ἀπο-πλέω.

ἀπο-πνέω, Ep. -πνέω: f. -πνεύσομαι: aor. I ἀπέ-
πνευσα:—to breathe forth; θυμὸν or ψυχὴν ἀποπνεῖν

to give up the ghost, Lat. *expirare animam*. 2. to
blow from a particular quarter. 3. to breathe or

smell of a thing.

ἀπο-πνίγω, f. -πνίξω or -πνίξομαι, to choke, throttle:
—Pass., f. -πνιγήσομαι: aor. 2 -επνίγην [ῖ]: pf. -πέ-
πνιγμαι:—to be choked: to be drowned: to be choked

with rage.

ἀπο-πολεμέω, f. ἤσω, to fight off or from.

ἀπό-πολις, poet. ἀπό-πολις, ι, gen. ἰδος and εως,
far from the city, banished.

ἀποπομπή, ἡ, (ἀποπέμψω) a sending away, getting
rid of.

ἀπο-πονέω, f. ἤσω, to finish a work: stop working.

ἀπο-πορεύομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -εύσομαι, aor.
I pass. ἀπεπορεύθην:—to depart, go away.

ἀπο-πραύνω, f. ὑνῶ, to soften down.

ἀπο-πρίασθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀπ-ανέομαι, with πρᾶ-
pres. ἀπο-πρίαμι in use.

ἀπο-πρίω, f. ἴσω [ῖ], = ἀποπρίω, to saw off.

ἀπο-πρίξω, f. ἴσω, to saw through, file off. [ῖ]

ἀπο-πρό, Adv. far away, afar off. 2. as Prep.
with gen. far from, away from.

ἀπο-προαιρέω, to take away from before: aor. 2 part.
σίτου ἀποπροελών having taken some of the bread.

ἀποπροήκα, Ion. aor. I of ἀποπροίημι.

ἀποπροελών, aor. 2 part. of ἀποπροαιρέω.

ἀπόπροθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. (ἀπο-πρό) from
afar: far off, far away.

ἀπόπροθι, Adv. (ἀποπρό) far off, far away.

ἀποπροτείς, part. pres. of

ἀπο-προίημι, f. -προήσω: Ep. aor. I -προήκα:—to
throw away. 2. to shoot forth. 3. to let fall.

ἀπο-προνοσφίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to remove afar
off, carry far away.

ἀπο-προτέμνω, f. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 -έταμον:—to cut
off from: γάτων ἀποπροταμών having cut off a slice
from the chimer

ἀπο-προφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, *to flee far away.*

ἀποπτάμενος, η, ον, aor. 2 part. of ἀποπέτομαι, as if from ἀφίπταμαι.

ἀποπτήναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποπέτομαι, as if from ἀφίπτημι.

ἀπό-πολις, poet. for ἀπόπολις.

ἀσποτος, ον, (ἀπόφομαι, fut. of ἀφοράω) *seen or to be seen from a place.* 2. *seen at a distance, hence far away from*; ἐξ ἀπόπτου from afar, opp. to ἐγγύθεν: hence II. *dimly seen.*

ἀπόπτυστος, ον, spite out; loathed, detested. From ἀπο-πτύω, f. ὑύω [ῥ], *to spit out or up*; of the sea, ἰσποτύει ἄλδς ἄχην vomits forth its foam: hence *to scathe, spurn*, Lat. *respuere*.

ἀπο-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πύσσομαι: Dep. *to inquire or ask of.*

ἀπ-ορώ and ἀπ-ορέω, Ion. for ἀφοράω.

ἀπο-ρέπω, f. ψω, *to slink away.*

ἀπορέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀπορος) *to be without resource, to be at a loss, not know what to do, be in doubt*, mostly followed by a Conjunction, ἀπορεῖν ὅπως διαβήσεται *to be at a loss how he shall cross*: c. inf. *to be at a loss how to do*: οὐκ ἀπορεῖν *to have no doubt*. II. Pass. *to be made matter of question*: also *to be left unprovided for*. 2. c. gen. rei, *to be at a loss for, in want of*, e. g. τροφῆς. 3. but, ἀπορεῖν τι *to be at a loss because of, by means of something*. Hence

ἀπόρημα, aor. τό, *a matter of doubt, disputed point.*

ἀπορητικός, ἦ, ον, (ἀπορέω) *inclined to doubt.*

ἀ-πορθάτος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., πορθέω) *not sacked or taken.*

ἀν-ερθώω, f. ὥσω, *to make straight again, restore, guide aright*. Hence

ἀνερθώσας, εως, ἦ, *a setting upright, restoring.*

ἀν-ορία, ἦ, (ἀνσρος) of places, *difficulty of passing*: of things, *difficulty, straits*: of questions, *a difficulty*. II. of persons, *difficulty of dealing with or finding out*. 2. want of means or resource, embarrassment, hesitation. 3. ἀν-ορία τινός *want of a thing*: absol. *need, poverty*.

ἀν-ορνύμαι, (ἀπό, ορνυμι) Pass. *to start from a place.*

ἀ-πορος, ον, *without passage, and so of places, impassable, trackless*: of things, *hard to see one's way enough, impracticable*: τὰ ἀπορα difficulties, straits, ἐν ἀποροις εἶναι *to be in great straits*. 2. *hard to get, scarce*. II. of persons, *hard to deal with, unmanageable, impracticable*: c. inf., ἀπορος προσφέρεσθαι *impossible to deal with*. 2. *without means or resources, and so at a loss, not knowing what to do*. 3. *poor, needy*.

ἀπ-ορονύω, f. σω, *to leap off, dart away.*

ἀπορρ-, ρ is doubled in Att. in all compds. after ἀπό, but in Ion. it remains single.

ἀπορ-ρᾶθῃμῃ, f. ἦσω, *to neglect from carelessness*: *to leave off in despair.*

ἀπορ-ρᾶνω, f. -ρᾶνω, *to spirt or shed about.*

ἀπορ-ραῖω, f. σω, *to bereave of*; ἡτορ ἀπορραῖεν τινά *to deprive one of life.*

ἀπορραντήριον, τό, (ἀπορραῖω) *a vessel for boiling water.*

ἀπορ-ράπτω, f. ψω, *to sew up again.*

ἀπορ-ραψιδέω, f. ἦσω, *to utter like a ψαψιδός, to speak in fragments of Epic poetry.*

ἀπορ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι or -ρύησομαι: aor. 2 pass. ἀπερρῆναι:—*to flow away from, run off from*: absol. *to stream forth, of blood*. 2. *to fall off, as fruit* etc. 3. *to melt away.*

ἀπορ-ρήγνυμι or ἀπορ-ρηγνύω: f. -ρήξω:—*to break off, snap asunder*:—Pass., aor. 2 ἀπερράγην [ᾱ], *to be broken off or severed.*

ἀπορρηθῆν and ἀπορρηθῆναι, aor. 1 pass. part. and inf. of ἀπεράω.

ἀπόρρησις, εως, ἦ, (ἀπ-εράω) *a prohibition*. 2. a refusal: *renunciation*.

ἀπόρρητος, ον, (ἀπ-εράω) *forbidden*; τὰ ἀπόρρητα *forbidden exports*. II. *not to be spoken, that should not be spoken*; ἀπόρρητον, τό, *a state-secret*: hence mystical, sacred, ἀπόρρητον ποιεῖσθαι *to keep secret*. 2. τὰ ἀπόρρητα *things unfit to be spoken*.

ἀπορ-ρίγνῃ, f. ἦσω: pl. ἀπερρίγα:—*to shrink shivering from a thing, shrink from doing it.*

ἀπορ-ρίπτω, poet. ἀπορίπτω, later also ἀπορ-ριπτέω: fut. ἀπορρίψω: aor. 1 ἀπερρίψα:—*to throw away, throw aside*: *to throw off a garment*. II. *to cast forth*, e. g. from 'dne's country: *to reject, renounce*. III. *to shoot forth bold words, ἐς τινα at one*.

ἀπορροή and ἀπόρροια, ἦ, (ἀπορρέω) *a flowing off, stream*. II. *an emanation, effluix*.

ἀπορ-ροῖδδῃ, f. ἦσω, *to sbrick forth*.

ἀπορροφᾶω or -έω, f. ἦσω, *to gulp down, swallow a part of*.

ἀπόρρυτος, ον, = ἀπόρροος, *flowing from*; ἀπόρρυτα σταθμά *stables with drains*.

ἀπορ-ρυήσομαι, fut. of ἀπορ-ρέω.

ἀπορ-ρυῖναι, aor. 2 pass., with act. sense, of ἀπορρέω.

ἀπορρῶξ, ἄγος, ό, ἦ, (ἀπορρηγνυμι) *broken off, adrupt, steep*. II. as Subst. fem. *a piece broken off or divided from anything*; Στυγὸς ὕδατος ἀπορρῶξ *an off-stream of the Styx*.

ἀπορ-ρῆνῃ, f. ἦσω, Pass. *to be taken away like an orphan from, to be torn away from*.

ἀπορ-ρχέομαι, f. ἵσομαι, Dep. *to dance a thing away, i. e. lose by dancing*.

ἀπορ-, εως, τό, -κάματος, *weariness*.

ἀπο-σάφῃ, f. εὔσω, *to lie in the open sea or offing*:—metaph. *to keep aloof from*.

ἀπο-σάφῃ, f. ἦσω, (ἀπό, σαφής) *to make clear*.

ἀπο-σβέννυμι or -σβέννω: f. -σβέσω:—*to extinguish, quench*: *to destroy blot out*:—Pass. with fut. med. -σβήσομαι; intr. aor. 2 act. ἀπέσβην, pl. act. ἀπέσβηκα: *to go out, vanish, die*.

ἀπο-σέλω, f. σω, *to shake off*:—Med. *to shake off from oneself*; of a horse, *to throw his rider*.

ἀπο-σεμνύω, *to extol pompously*:—Pass., with 1. med. ἀποσεμνύνουμαι, *to give oneself airs*.

ἀπο-σεύω, to *ebb* away:—Pass. to *dart* away, aor. ἀπεσέσθην [ῥ]; 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἀπέσσυτο. ἀπο-σημαίνω, f. ἀνῶ, to *announce* by signs, to *give* notice: to *give* a sign, to *confirm* or *prove* by a sign.

II. ἀποσημαίνειν εἰς τινα to *allude* to him. III. Med. to *seal* up as *confiscated*, to *consecrate*: of persons, to *proscribe*.

ἀπο-σῆπω, f. ψω, to *make* rotten, *spoil* utterly:—pass., fut. -σάψήσομαι, aor. 2 ἀπέσαπην [ᾱ]; with intr. pf. act. ἀποσέσηπα: to *rot* off, *lose* by *mortification*.

ἀπο-σιμόω, f. ὥσω, to *make* flat-nosed:—Pass. to *be* killed aside, *make* a *movement* sideways, so as to *avoid* the direct shock.

ἀπο-σιόδομαι, Ion. for ἀφ-σιόδομαι.

ἀπο-σιώπαι, f. ἥσομαι, to *be* silent after speaking, quite silent.

II. trans. to *keep* secret. Hence

ἀποσιώπησις, ew, ἡ, a *becoming* silent.

2. a *metorical figure*, when the sentence is *broken off*, as

Virg. Ecl. 3. 8, Aen. I. 139.

ἀπο-σκόπτω, f. ψω, to *cut* off or *intercept* by *trenches*.

ἀπο-σκεδάννυμι: f. -σκεδάσω [ᾱ] contr. -σκεδῶ:

to *scatter* abroad:—Pass. to *be* scattered, *straggle* away.

ἀποσκεύομαι, fut. of ἀποσκοπέω.

ἀπο-σκευάζω, f. ᾶσω, to *pack* and *carry* away:—

med. to *pack* one's baggage, *prepare* for a journey.

ἀποσκοπνέω, f. ἥσω, to *encamp* apart from. From

ἀπό-σκηνος, on, (ἀπό, σκηνή) *living* and *messing*

apart, opp. to σύσσιτος.

ἀπο-σκήπτω, f. ψω, to *prop* one thing upon another,

to *dash* one thing upon or *against* another; esp. of the

thunderbolts, ἀποσκήπτειν βέλεα ἐς τι to *burst* down thunder-

bolts upon or at a thing.

II. intr. to *burst* or *break* forth, like thunder; ἀποσκήπτειν ἐς φλαύρον to

come to a sorry ending, end in nothing.

ἀπο-σκιάζω, f. σω, to *cast* a shadow. Hence

ἀποσκιασμός, ατος, τό, a *shade*, *shadow*: an *adum-*

bration.

ἀπο-σκιδνᾶμαι, Pass.,—ἀποσκεδάννυμαι, to *be* scat-

tered.

ἀπο-σκληναι, aor. 2 inf. as if from ἀπό-σκλημι (see

ἐλλάω) to *be* dried up, withered.

ἀπο-σκοπέω, f. -σκέψομαι, to *look* away from other

objects at one, and so to *look* steadily at, gaze at,

εἰς τινα or τι: c. acc. to *look* to, regard.

ἀπο-σκόπιος, on, (ἀπό, σκοπέω) away from the mark.

ἀπο-σकुδνᾶναι, to *be* enraged with

ἀπο-σκυβίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ῶ, to *strip* off the scalp

of the Scythians, to *scalp*: metaph. to *shave* bare.

ἀπο-σκυλεύω, f. σω, to *plunder* and *carry* off.

ἀπο-σκώπτω, f. ψομαι, to *banter*, rally.

ἀπο-σμήντω, f. ξω, to *deceive*:—aor. 2 pass. part.

ασμηνγέτες, being deceived.

ἀπο-σοβίω, f. ἥσω, to *scare* away, as one does

birds. II. intr. to *be* off in a hurry, in phrase

ἀποσοβήσεις; *be* off!

ἀπο-σπαράσσω, Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to *tear* off. ἀπόσπασμα, ατος, τό, that which is *torn* off, a *shred*. From

ἀπο-σπᾶω, f. -σπάσω [ᾱ], to *tear* or *drag* away, *sever* or *part* from; ἀποσπᾶν πύλας to *tear* off the gates; ἀπ. τὸ στρατόπεδον to *draw* off the army:—Pass. to *be* dragged away from: of an army, to *be* separated or broken.

ἀπο-σπένδω, f. -σπέσω, to *pour* out wine as a *drink-offering* at sacrifices, Lat. libare.

ἀπο-σπεύδω, f. -σπεύσω, to *be* -set in preventing to *dissuade* earnestly.

ἀπο-σποδέω, f. ἥσω, to *rub* off, *knock* off.

ἀποσ-σεύω, poet. for ἀπο-σεύω.

ἀπόστᾶ, for ἀπόστηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀφίστημι.

ἀπο-σταδῶν, Adv. (ἀφίστημι) standing *afar*, far off.

ἀπο-στάζω, f. ξω, to *let* fall drop by drop. II.

intr. to *fall* in drops; μανίας δεινὸν ἀποστάζει μένος

the fury of madness is *trickling*, is *ebbing* away.

ἀποστάς, ἀποστήναι, aor. 2 act. part. and inf. of

ἀφίστημι.

ἀποστασία, ἡ, (ἀφίσταμαι) later form for ἀπό-

στασις, *defection*, *revolt*, *apostasy*.

ἀποστασίον, τό, (ἀφίσταμαι) a *divorce*; ἀποστά-

σίον βιβλίων, τό, a *writing* or *bill* of divorce. The

nom. is not found in good authors.

ἀπόστασις, ew, ἡ, (ἀφίσταμαι) a *standing* away

from, and so I. a *defection*, *revolt*. 2. *depart-*

ure or removal from. 3. *distance*, *interval*.

ἀποστατέον, verb. Adj. of ἀφίσταμαι, one must *re-*

cede from.

ἀποστατέω, f. ἥσω, to *stand* off or aloof from: to

differ from: to *fall* off or *revolt* from. II. absol

to *stand* aloof, *be* absent. From

ἀποστατής, ου, ὁ, (ἀφίσταμαι) a *runaway*, *deserter*,

rebel. Hence

ἀποστατικός, ὁ, ὄν, *rebellious*: Adv., ἀποστατικῶς

ἔχειν to *be* rebelliously inclined.

ἀπο-σταυρόω, f. ὥσω, to *fence* off with *pales*.

ἀπο-στεγάζω, f. ᾶσω, to *uncover*, *unroof*.

ἀπο-στεγέω, f. ξω, to *shelter* from:—to *shelter*, *keep*

safe. II. to *keep* off water, and generally to *keep*

off, as, ὄχλον πύργος ἀποστέγει.

ἀπο-στεινώω, poet. for ἀπο-στενύω.

ἀπο-στείχω, f. ξω: aor. 2 ἀπέστίχον:—to *go* away,

esp. to *go* back.

ἀπο-στελλω, f. -στελῶ: aor. I ἀπέστειλα: pf.

-έσταλκα:—Pass., aor. 2 ἀπεστάλην [ᾱ]: pf. -έσταλ-

μαι:—to *send* away from: absol. to *send* away, *ba-*

nish.

II. to *send* off, *dispatch*, on some *ser-*

vice.

III. to *drive* back:—Pass. to *be* sent off;

also, to *go* away.

IV. intr. to *go* back.

ἀπο-στενύω, poet. -στενίω: f. ὥσω: to *straiten*:

ἀπεστενύαντο 3 pl. plpf. pass.

ἀπο-στερέω, f. ξω, to *love* no more:—to *deprecate*.

ἀπο-στερέω, fut. ἥσω, to *rob*, *bereave*, or *defraud*

one of a thing: c. acc. rei only, to *take* away, with-

bold:—Pass. with fut. pass. and med. -σπερηθήσομαι

and -στερήσομαι, pf. ἀπεστέρημαι:—to be robbed or in want of. II. impers., ἀποστέρει με there fails me, I lack. Hence

ἀποστέρησις, εως, ἡ, a robbery: deprivation. ἀποστερητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀποστέρω) a robber, cheat: fem. ἀποστερητής or -τρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, as Adj. = ἀποστερητική.

ἀποστερητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀποστέρω) able to rob or deprive; γνώμη ἀποστερητική τόκου a device for cheating one of his interest.

ἀποστερητρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, v. sub. ἀποστερητής.

ἀπο-στερίσκω, = ἀποστέρω.

ἀπο-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to fix firmly.

ἀπο-στιλβώ, f. ὦσω, to make to shine.

ἀπο-στίλβω, f. ψω, to be bright with.

ἀπο-σκληγίζω, f. ἰσά Att. ἰώ, to scrape with a strigil:—Med. to scrape off sweat from oneself; pf. pass. part. ἀπεσκληγισμένοι, scraped clean, Lat. lauti. ἀποστολεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἀποστέλλω) one who equips a fleet.

ἀποστολή, ἡ, (ἀποστέλλω) a sending off, a mission: a dispatching. II. (from Pass.) an expedition.

III. the office of an apostle, apostleship. ἀπόστολος, ὁ, (ἀποστέλλω) a messenger, ambassador. 2. an apostle. II. = στόλος, a naval expedition.

ἀπο-στοματίζω, f. ἰσά Att. ἰώ, = ἀπὸ στόματος εἰπεῖν, to speak from memory or off-hand. II. to put questions to, so as to require an immediate answer.

ἀπο-στρέβειζω, f. ἰσά Att. ἰώ, to banish by ostracism.

ἀπο-στράτοπεδεύω, or Dep. ἀποστρατοπεδεύομαι, to encamp away from: ἀποστρατοπεδεσθαι πόρρω ὁ encamp at a distance.

ἀποστραφῶ, ἦς, ἡ, aor. 2 pass. subj. of ἀπο-στρέφω, f. ψω: 3 sing. Ion. aor. I ἀποστρέψασκε:—Pass., aor. 2 ἀπεστράφην: pf. ἀπέστραμμαι. To turn back, either to turn to flight, or to turn back from flight; πόδας καὶ χεῖρας ἀποστρέφειν, to twist back the hands and feet so as to bind them. 2. to turn away or aside: hence to disengage from a thing. II. intr. (sub. εαυτόν, etc.), to turn oneself, turn back:—Pass., with fut. med. -στροφίσομαι, to be turned back; ἀπεστράφθαι τοὺς ἐμβόλους, of ships, to have their beaks bent back. III.

to turn oneself from or away, abhor, Lat. aversari, c. acc.; μή μ' ἀποστραφῆς do not turn away from me, like Lat. avertor; ἀπεστραμμένοι λόγοι hostile words. 2. to get away, escape. 3. to turn and flee. Hence

ἀποστροφή, ἡ, a turning away, averting. II. (from Pass.) a turning oneself. 2. an escape, or a place of refuge from a thing, resource; ἀπ. κακῶν a refuge from evil; ὑδατος ἀποστροφή a resource against the want of water, a means of getting it.

ἀπό-στροφος, ον, (ἀποστρέφω) turned away, averted. ἀπο-στυγέω, f. -στέω: aor. I -εστύγησα and -έστυξα: aor. 2 -έστυγον: perf. -εστύγηκα—to hate utterly, loathe.

ἀπο-στυφέλιζω, f. ξω, to chase away by force. ἀπο-σπικάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἀπό, σπικόν) to squeeze figs, to try whether they are ripe: metaph. of informers.

ἀπο-σπλάω, f. ἦσω, to strip off spoils from a person: to rob or defraud one of a thing.

ἀπο-συναγωγος, ον, (ἀπό, συναγωγή) put out of the synagogue.

ἀπο-συσρίζω, f. ξω, to whistle aloud for want of thought.

ἀπο-σύρω [ῶ], f. -σύρῶ, to strip off, tear away: lay bare.

ἀπο-σφάζω Att. -σφάττω, f. ξω: (for the tenses, v. σφάζω):—to cut the throat; ἀποσφάζειν τινα ἐν ἄγγος, so that the blood runs into a pail: generally, to slay:—Med. to kill oneself.

ἀπο-σφακέλλω, f. ἰσά, to have one's limbs mortified: to die of mortification.

ἀπο-σφάλλω, f. -σφάλλω: aor. I -έσφηλα:—to lead astray, drive baffled away; ἀποσφάλλειν τινα πόνου to make one miss the fruits of toil: Pass., esp. in aor. 2 ἀπεσφάλην [ᾶ], to be cheated of a thing, miss it.

ἀπο-σφάττω, = ἀποσφάζω.

ἀποσφήλαι, ἀποσφήλωσιν, aor. I opt. and subj. of ἀποσφάλλω.

ἀπο-σφραγίζω, Ion. σφρηγ-, f. ἰσά Att. ἰώ: to seal up, shut up.

ἀπο-σφραίνω, f. -σφρήσω, to make to smell.

ἀπο-σχάλλιδόω, f. ὦσω, to prop nets on poles. Hence ἀποσχάλλιδωμα, ατος, τό, a forked piece of wood for propping hunting-nets.

ἀποσχήσω, fut. of ἀπέχω.

ἀπο-σχεῖν, -σχεσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἀπέχω.

ἀπο-σχίζω, f. ἰσά: aor. I pass. ἀπεσχίσθην:—to split or cleave off. 2. to sever, part, or detach from: esp. in Pass., of a river being parted from the main stream, a tribe detached from its parent stock, etc.

ἀπο-σώω, f. -σώσω, to save, restore again: ἀπ. οἰκάδε to bring safe home:—Pass., ἀποσωθῆναι ἐκ . . . to get safe to a place, to get off safe.

ἀποτακτός, ὄν, (ἀποτάσσω) set apart for a special use, specially appointed.

ἀπο-τέμνω, Ion. for ἀπο-τέμνω.

ἀπο-τάσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to set apart or assign specially; ἀπετέτακτο πρὸς τὸ δεξιὸν he had been stationed on the right. II. Med., ἀποτάσσομαι

τινι to bid adieu to a person or thing.

ἀποταυρόομαι, Pass. to act like a bull; δέριγμα ἀποταυροῦσθαι to cast fierce glances on.

ἀπο-ταφρεύω, f. σω, to fence with a ditch, intrench: ἀποτέθνησαν, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of ἀποθνήσκω, they were dead.

ἀποτεθνέως, for ἀποτεθνέως, ἀποτεθνήκως, Ion. pf. part. of ἀποθνήσκω.

ἀπο-τείνω, fut. -τενῶ: (for the tenses, v. τείνω):—to stretch out, to lengthen: c. part., to continue doing:—Med. to exert oneself. 2. intr., like Lat. continere, to hasten onwards.

ἀπο-τειχίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to wall off, I. so as to fortify. 2. so as to blockade. Hence ἀποτειχίσις, εως, ἡ, the walling of a town, blockading. And

ἀποτειχισμα, τό, walls built to blockade, lines of blockade.

ἀποτελευτάω, f. ἴσω, to bring quite to an end. 2. intr. to come to an end, cease, εἰς τι in a thing.

ἀπο-τελέω, f. -τελέσω Att. τελῶ: pf. τετέλεκα: —Pass., aor. I -τετέλεσθην: pf. -τετέλεσμαι. To bring quite to an end: pf. pass. part. ἀποτετελεσμένος, perfect. 2. to fulfil an obligation. 3. generally to accomplish, perform, do. 4. to render or make of a certain kind: τὴν πόλιν ἀποτελεῖν εὐδαίμονα to make the state quite happy.

ἀπο-τέμνω, Ion. and Ep. -τάμνω: fut. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 ἀπέταμον: pf. ἀποτέμηκα:—to cut off; ἀποτέμνειν τινός to cut off part of a thing. 2. to separate or cut off from:—Med. to cut off for oneself, esp. with view of appropriating.

ἀπο-τήκω, f. ῥω, to make to melt away:—Pass, esp. in aor. 2 ἀπετάκην [ᾶ], to melt away.

ἀπο-τληοῦ, Adv. far away.

ἀπο-τίβαστος, ov, Dor. and poet. for ἀ-πρόσβατος.

ἀπο-τίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put away: to stow away:—Med. to put from oneself, put off; lay aside. 2. to put by for oneself, stow away. 3. ἀποτίθεσθαι εἰς αἰῶνα to put aside for another time.

ἀπο-τίλλω, f. -τίλω: aor. I -έτιλα: to pluck out. Hence

ἀπότλημα, ατος, τό, that which is plucked, a shred.

ἀπο-τίμω, f. ἴσω, not to honour, to slight. II. to value, fix a price by valuation; διμνέως ἀποτιμύμενοι having fixed their price at two minae: hence

III. as Att. law-term, Act. to mortgage a property according to valuation:—Med. to lend on mortgage:—Pass. of the property, to be pledged or mortgaged. Hence

ἀποτίμημα, τό, a sum settled by valuation.

ἀπό-τίμος, ov, (ἀπό, τιμή) = ἄτιμος, dis-honoured.

ἀπο-τίνασσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ῥω, to shake off.

ἀπο-τίνυμαι, Dep., poet. for ἀπο-τίνομαι.

ἀπο-τίνω, f. -τίσω [ῖ], to pay back, repay what is owing:—Med. ἀποτίνομαι, f. -τίσομαι, to get paid one's exact; ἀποτίσασθαι τινα to avenge oneself on another: absol. to take vengeance.

ἀπο-τμήγω, f. ῥω, Ep. for ἀπο-τέμνω, to cut off from; κλιτύς δὲ, to cut up or plough the hills.

ἀποτμήξειε, 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of ἀποτμήγω.

ἀπο-τομος, ov, unhappy, ill-starred.

ἀπο-τολμώ, f. ἴσω, to make a bold venture. II.

absol. to be fearless, bold.

ἀποτομή, ἡ, (ἀποτέμνω) a cutting off.

ἀποτομία, ἡ, steepness, severity. From

ἀπότομος, ov, (ἀποτέμνω) cut off, abrupt, precipitous. 2. metaph. harsh, rough:—Adv. -μως, sharply.

ἀπο-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot off arrows: to aim at a thing.

ἀ-ποτος, ov, (a privat., ποτός) not drunk, not drinkable. II. act. never drinking: without drink.

ἀποτράγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποτράγω.

ἀπο-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn away from a thing; and so to binder or dissuade from. 2. c. acc. only, to turn away or back: to avert evil. 3. also to turn away from others at one, hence to aim at. II.

Med. and Pass. to turn from a thing, to desist from. 2. to turn away. 3. to turn one's face away, like Lat. *aversari*.

ἀπο-τρέχω; fut. -θρέξομαι, also -δραμοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἀπέδραμον (from obsol. δρέμω):—to run off or away.

ἀπο-τριβω [ῖ], f. ψω, to rub or scour clean; ἀποτρίβειν ἵππον to rub down a horse. II. to rub off:—Med. to rub off from oneself, get rid of.

ἀποτρόπαιος, ov, turning away, averting, esp. of the gods that avert ill, Lat. *Dii averrunci*. II. pass. that ought to be averted, ill-omened. From

ἀποτροπή, ἡ, (ἀποτρέπω) a turning away, averting. 2. a turning off of water. II. a binder.

III. (from Med.) a desertion of one's party.

ἀπότροπος, ov, (ἀποτρέπω) turned away, banished. 2. from which one turns away. II. act.

turning away, averting.

ἀπό-τροφος, ov, (ἀπό, τρέφω) reared away from one's parents.

ἀπο-οτρύνω, f. -οτρύνω, to excite.

ἀπο-τρώω, f. ῥω [ῶ], to rub away, and so lose. II. to vex, harass; so in Med., ἀποτρεύεσθαι γῆν to vex the earth.

ἀπο-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέτρεγον:—to bite or nibble off.

ἀπο-τρωπάω, poet. Frequent. of ἀποτρέπω.

ἀπο-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι, to fail in hitting, miss, lose. II. absol. to be unlucky, fail: to miss the truth, be wrong.

ἀπο-τυμπανίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to beat or cudgel severely.

ἀπο-τύπτω, f. ψω, to cease beating:—Med. to cease beating oneself in sign of mourning.

ἀπουρας, Ep. aor. 1 act. part. of ἀπαυράω, to take away: part. aor. I med. ἀπουράμενος in pass. sense occurs in Hesiod.

ἀπο-ουρίζω, f. ἴσω, Ion. for ἀφ-ορίζω, to mark off the boundaries; ἄλλοι γὰρ οὐ περιέσσουν ἀρουρας, others will mark off, i. e. lessen, the boundaries of his fields: others read ἀπουρήσουσι, as if from *ἀπουράω = ἀπαυράω, will take them away.

ἀπ-ουρος, ov, (ἀπό, οὔρος Ion. for ὄρος) far from the boundaries; ἀπουρος πάτρας far away from one's fatherland.

ἀ-πους, δ, ἡ, ἀπουν, τό, gen. ἀποδος, without foot or feet: without the use of one's feet: slow of foot.

ἀπουσία, ἡ, (ἀπείναι) a being away, absence. II. deficiency, want.

ἀποφάγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀπεσθίω, to eat up.

ἀπο-φαιδρύνω [ῶ], f. ῥω, to make quite bright.

ἀπο-φαίνω, f. -φάνω: aor. I ἀπέφηνα:—to show

forth, display: to εἰσθῆναι by word, declare. 2. to εἰσθῆναι by reasoning, εἰσθῆναι, prove. II. like ἀποδεικνύμι to εἰσθῆναι, and so to make or render:—Med. to εἰσθῆναι forth something of one's own, to make a display of oneself: ἀποφαίνεσθαι γνώμην to declare one's opinion: Pass. to be εἰσθῆναι or declared. III. to appear, come to light

ἀποφάσις, εἰς, ἡ, (ἀπόφῃμι) a denial, negation. ἀποφάσις, εἰς, ἡ, (ἀποφαίνω) = ἀποφανσις, a sentence, decision.

ἀπο-φάσκω, = ἀποφῃμι, to deny. ἀπο-φάτις, ἡ, ὡν, (ἀπόφῃμι) denying, negative. ἀπο-φέρβομαι, Dep. to feed off or on.

ἀπο-φέρω, f. ἀποίσω: aor. ἀπήνεκα, Ion. ἀπένεικα: ἄν φέρω):—to carry off or away. II. to carry

or bring back. hence 2. to report. 3. to pay back, return: generally, to pay what is due. III. to deliver in, give in an accusation, etc. IV. intr. in imperat., like ἀπαγε, ἀπόφερε, begone:—Med. to take for oneself, gain, obtain.

ἀποφεύγω, f. -φεύγομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέφυγον:—to flee from, escape. II. as law-term: ἀποφεύγειν τοὺς δίκωντας to make good one's defence: absol. to be acquitted, opp. to ἀλίσκομαι. Hence

ἀποφευκτικός, ἡ, ὡν, ready for escaping: τὰ ἀποφευκτικά means of escape. And

ἀποφεύξις, εἰς, ἡ, an escaping, getting off. ἀπο-φῃμι, f. -φῃσω, to speak out, declare plainly. 2. to say no, to deny: also to refuse.

ἀπο-φθέγγομαι, f. -φθέγγομαι, Dep. to speak one's opinion plainly. Hence

ἀποφθεγκτός, ὡν, = ἀφθεγκτός. ἀποφθῆγμα, αὐτός, τό, (ἀποφθέγγομαι) a thing uttered: esp. a sententious answer, a terse saying, an apophthegm.

ἀπο-φθείρω, f. -φθερῶ: pf. ἀπέφθαρκα:—to destroy utterly, ruin:—Pass., with fut. med. ἀποφθερούμαι, to be lost, perish, οὐκ εἰς κέρμας ἀποφθερεῖ μου: will not be gone with a murrain? Lat. abi in malam rem.

ἀπο-φθινύω [ϑ], to perish. II. trans., ἀποφθινύειν θυμὸν to lose one's life.

ἀπο-φθίνω: Ep. aor. 2 act. ἀπέφθινον: also as in Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἀπεφθίμην [ϑ], part. ἀποφθίμενος:—to perish utterly, to die away. II. Causal, in fut.

ἀποφθίσω, aor. ἀπέφθισα, to make to perish, to destroy. ἀποφθίσθω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. imperat. of foreg.

ἀποφθορά, ἡ, (ἀποφθῃμι) utter destruction. ἀπο-φλαυρίζω, f. ἴσω Dor. ἴξω, to treat very slightly, make no account of.

ἀπο-φλοιόω, f. ὠσω, (ἀπό, φλοιός) to strip off the rind.

ἀπο-φοιτάω, f. ἴσω, to go quite away: esp. of scholars, to leave their masters.

ἀπό-φονος, ὡν, murderous. ἀποφορά, ἡ, (ἀποφέρω) a carrying away. II.

a bringing what is due, paying: also that which is paid, tax, tribute.

ἀπο-φορτίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to unload oneself, to unlade.

ἀπο-φράγγνυμι and -ῶω, fut. -φράξω, to fence off, block up. Hence

ἀπόφραξις, εἰς, ἡ, a fencing off, blocking up. ἀπο-φράς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἀπό, φρά(ω)) properly πο: to be spoken of, like Lat. nefandus, unlucky, ominous. ἀποφράδες ἡμέραι, Lat. dies nefasti, days on which no assembly or court was held, opp. to καθαρὰ ἡμέραι.

ἀπο-φράσσω Att. -ττω, = ἀποφράγγνυμι.

ἀπο-φύας, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἀπό, φύομαι) an offspring. ἀποφύγή, ἡ, (ἀποφεύγω) an escape, flight, place of refuge.

ἀπό-φυξις, v. sub ἀποφεύξις.

ἀπο-φύομαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἀτέδων and perf. ἀποτέφνω, to grow out like a shoot.

ἀπο-φώλιος, ὡν, (ἀπό, φώλος?) empty, vain, idle, Lat. irritus.

ἀπο-χάζομαι, f. -χάσσομαι, Dep. to unbind from.

ἀποχάλασις, ἡ, a slackening. From

ἀπο-χάλλω, f. ἄσω [α], to slack or loose away, as one pays out a rope.

ἀπο-χάλλινός, f. ὠσω, to unbridle.

ἀπο-χαλκεύω, f. ὠω, to forge of brass.

ἀπο-χαλκίζω, f. ὠω, to strip of brass.

ἀπο-χαρο-βίωτος, ὡν, (ἀπό, χεῖρ, βίω) living by one's hands, i. e. by manual labour.

ἀπο-χαροτόνέω, f. ἴσω, to vote a charge away from one, acquit him. II. of persons, to reject, to supersede, depose. 2. of things, to reject, vote against.

ἀποχαιροτόνησις, εἰς, ἡ, rejection by vote of hands: to abrogate, annul. Hence

ἀπο-χετεύω, f. ὠω, to drain off water by a canal.

ἀπο-χέω, f. -χέω: aor. I ἀπέχεα. Pass., aor. I ἀπεχόην [ϑ]: pf. ἀποκέχυμαι - to pour out, spill, shed.

ἀπο-χραῖνω, to soften off the colour, shade off.

ἀπο-χράω, Ion. -χρέω, int. ἀποχρῆν Ion. -χρᾶν: impf. ἀπέχρην: fut. ἀποχρήσω aor. I ἀπέχρησα:—to suffice, be sufficient, be enough, ἐπατὼν νέας ἀποχρῶσι.

2. with dat., στρατῷ οὐκ ἀπέχρησε τῇ στρατῇ was not enough for the army with infantry, ἀποχρᾶ μοι ποιεῖν 'tis sufficient for me to do; also 3 sing. impf. med. ἀπεχρέετο - ἀπέχρη. 3 Pass. to be contented with a thing; ἀποχρεόμενος τούτοις τῶν Μυστῶν the Mysians being satisfied therewith. II.

Med. to use to the full. 2. to abuse, misuse, Lat. abuti.

ἀπο-χρέομαι, -χρέω, Ion. for ἀποχράομαι, χράω.

ἀπό-χρη, imperat., v. ἀποχράω.

ἀπο-χρηματος, ὡν, (ἀπό, χρήμα) not to be paid in money.

ἀπόχρησις, εἰς, ἡ, (ἀποχράομαι) 2. using to the full, misuse: a getting rid of.

ἀποχρώντως, Adv. pres. part. of ἀποχράω, ἀπόχρη, enough, sufficiently.

ἀποχρύεις, aor. I pass. part. of ἀποχέω.

ἀπο-χολώω, (ἀπό, χολός) to make quite lame.

ἀπο-χώννυμι, f. -χῶσω, to dam up, bank up the mouth of a river, etc.

ἀπο-χωρέω, f. ἦσω οἱ ἦσομαι, to go from or away from, c. gen. 2. absol. to go away, depart: to retreat.

3. ἀποχωρεῖν ἐκ . . ., to withdraw from a thing, i. e. give it up. II. to pass off, esp. of the humours of the body. Hence

ἀποχώρησις, εως, ἡ, a going away or off, retreat: a place or means of safety.

ἀπο-χωρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to part or separate from: to set apart.

ἀπο-ψάω, inf. ἀποψήν: impf. ἀπέψην: aor. 1 ἀπέψα:—to wipe off. 2. to wipe clean:—Med. to wipe off from oneself. 3. to wipe one's nose.

ἀπο-ψηφίζομαι, fut. ἰσούμαι Att. ἰούμαι, Dep.: I. c. acc. pers. to vote an office away from one, to reject him:—aor. 1 ἀπεψηφίσθην and pf. ἀπεψηφισμαι are sometimes used in pass. sense, to be rejected. II. c. acc. rei, ἀπ. γραφήν to vote against receiving the indictment; ἀπ. νόμον to reject the law; αὐτίαν ἀποψηφίζομαι τινος to vote a charge away from one, acquit: absol. to vote an acquittal.

III. ἀποψηφίζεσθαι μὴ ποιεῖν to vote against doing. H. 1. ἀποψήφισις, εως, ἡ, an acquittal.

ἀπο-ψιλώω, f. ὥσω, to strip of hair, make bald: generally, to strip bare, bereave of a thing.

ἀποψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπόψομαι, fut. of ἀποράω) a looking from, a view, prospect.

ἀπ-ύσομαι, fut. from an obsol. pres. ἀπ-ύπτομαι, used as fut. of ἀφοράω.

ἀπο-ψύχω [ψ], f. ψω: pf. pass. ἀπέψυγμαι: (ἀπό, ψυχή):—to leave off breathing, to faint, swoon. 2. acc., ἀποψύχειν ψυχὴν to breathe out life: absol. to expire, die.

II. (ἀπό, ψύχος) to cool, refresh:—Pass. to be refreshed, recover, revive: Med., ἰδρῶτα ἀπεψύχατο they got the sweat dried off.

III. impers. ἀποψύχει, it grows cool, the air cools.

ἀπ-πέμψω, Ep. contr. for ἀποπέμψω.

ἀπραγμόνως, Adv. of ἀπράγμων, easily.

ἀπραγμοσύνη, ἡ, freedom from business, public affairs and law-suits: love of ease, Lat. otium. 2. easiness, supineness. From

ἀπράγμων, ov, gen. ονος, (a privat., πρᾶγμα) without business, free from business, state-affairs or law-suits (πράγματα): τόπος ἀπράγμων, a place free from law and strife. 2. of things, not troublesome or painful.

II. pass. got or to be got without pains.

ἀπρακτέω, f. ἦσω, to do nothing, to be idle. 2. to gain nothing. From

ἀπρακτος, Ion. ἀπρηκτος, ov: I. act. doing or effecting nothing, unprofitable, idle; ἀπρακτος νέεσθαι to depart without success, Lat. re infecta:—Adv. -τως, unsuccessfully. II. pass. against which nothing can be done, unmanageable, incurable.

2. not to be done, impossible. 3. μαντικῆς ἀπρακτος ὑμῖν, unassailed by your divining arts. Hence

ἀπραξία, ἡ, inaction: ill-success. II. a being at a loss, embarrassment, helplessness.

ἀ-πράτος, ov, (a privat., πέπρωται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of πιπράσκω) unsold, unsaleable.

ἀ-πρεπής, ἐς, (a privat., πρέπω) unseemly, unbecoming.

ἀπρεπία, ἡ, poet. for ἀπρέπεια.

ἀ-πρηκτος, Ion. for ἀπρακτος.

ἀ-πράντος, Ion. ἀπρήντος, ov, (a privat., πρᾶντω) implacable.

ἀπρίαντην, Adv. without price or ransom. [ἀρ] From

ἀ-πρίατος, η, ov, (a privat., πρίαμαι) unbought.

ἀ-πριγδα, prob. = ἀπρίξ.

ἀπρικτό-πληκτος, ov, (ἀπρίξ, πλήσσω) struck unceasingly.

ἀ-πρίξ, Adv. (a copul., πριω) properly with close teeth, like ὀδᾶξ, Lat. mordicus: metaph. importunately, ceaselessly.

ἀ-πρόβουλος, ov, without previous design, unprompted. Adv. -λως, rashly, thoughtlessly.

ἀ-πρόθυμος, ov, not ready, disinclined, backward.

ἀ-προϊδής, ἐς, (a privat., προιδεῖν) unforeseen.

ἀ-προμηθης, ov, unforeseen.

ἀ-προνοήτως, Adv. of ἀπρονοήτος, (a privat., προνοώ) without foresight or forethought, heedlessly.

ἀ-πρόξενος, ov, without a πρόξενος.

ἀ-πρόοπτος, ov, unforeseen.

ἀ-πρόσβᾶτος, Dor. ἀποτίβατος, ov, inaccessible: of disease, not to be healed.

ἀ-προσδόκητος, ov, unexpected, unlooked for:—Adv. -τως. II. act. not expecting.

ἀ-προσῆγορος, ov, (a privat., προσῆγορος) not to be spoken to, stern, sav' γε. II. act. not accosting, not greeting.

ἀ-πρόσικτος, ov, (a privat., προσικνέομαι) not to be reached or won.

ἀ-πρόσιτος, ov, (a privat., πρόσ-ειμι) unapproachable.

ἀ-πρόσκεπτος, ov, (a privat., προσκέφομαι, fut. of προσκοτέω) unforeseen, not thought of beforehand.

ἀ-πρόσκλητος, ov, (a privat., προσκαλέω) not summoned to attend a trial.

ἀ-πρόσκοπος, ov, (a privat., προσκώπτω) not striking against, not stumbling, void of offence.

ἀ-πρόσμάχος, ov, (a privat., προσμάχομαι) irresistible.

ἀ-πρόσμυκτος, ov, (a privat. προσμίγνυμι) holding no intercourse or commerce with others.

ἀ-πρόσιτος, ov, (a privat., προσίστω fut. of προσφέρω) not to be withstood, irresistible.

ἀ-προσόμιλος, ov, unsociable

ἀ-προστάσιον γραφή, ἡ, (a privat., προσνᾶτῃς) an indictment laid against a μέτοικος at Athens, for not having chosen a προστάτης or patron from among the citizens. The nom. ἀπροστάσιον, τό, is not used.

ἀ-πρόσφορος, ov, (a privat., προσφέρω) unsuitable, inconvenient, dangerous

ἀ-προσωπο-λήπτως, (a privat., πρόσωπον, λαμβάνω) Adv. without respect of persons

ἀ-προτίμιστος, ov, Dor. for ἀ-πρόμαστος, (a privat., προσμάσσω) untouched, undefiled

ἀ-προφάσιτος, ov, (a privat., προφασίζομαι) offer-

ing *no excuse, ready*. Adv. -τως, *without evasion, honestly*.

ἀ-πρόσφατος, *on*, (a privat., πρόφημι) *unforetold*.

ἀ-προφύλακτος, *on*, (a privat., προφύλασσομαι) *not guarded against, unforeseen*.

ἀ-πταίστος, *on*, (a privat., πταίω) *not stumbling*; ἀπταίστοτερον παρέχειν τὸν ἵππον *to make the horse less apt to stumble*.

ἀ-πτερος, *on*, (a privat., πτερόν) *without wings, unwinged*: in Homer, τῇ δ' ἀπτερος ἐπλετο μῦθος *the speech was to her without wings*, i. e. *flew not away again*, sank into her mind; ἀπτερα ποτήματα *wingless flight*; of arrows, *unfeathered*; of young birds, etc., *unfledged, callow*; ἀπτερος φάτις *an unfledged, i. e., unconfirmed, report*.

ἀ-πτῆν, *gen.* ἀπτήνος, *δ, ἡ*; *dat. pl.* ἀπτήσι: (a privat., πτηνός) *unfledged, callow, of young birds: unwinged*.

ἀ-πτο-επής, *es*, (a privat., πτοέω, ἔπος) *undaunted in speech*.

ἀ-πτόλεμος, *on*, *poët.* for ἀπόλεμος.

ἀπτός, *ῆ, ὄν*, (ἀπτω) *touched, banded: to be touched, subject to the sense of touch*.

ἄΠΤΩ, *f.* ἄψω: *aor. I* ἤψα:—*Pass.*, *aor. I* ἤφθην, *Ep.* ἐφθην: *pl.* ἤμμαι, *Ion.* ἄμμαι. *To fasten, fasten to or on, fix upon a thing*; ἐπὶ δ' ἄσπε ἐφθῆ his shield *was fastened*, i. e. *clung closely, to him*:—more freq. as *Med.*, ἔπτομαι, *fut.* ἔψομαι: *aor. I* ἤψάμην:—*to fasten oneself to, hence to cling to, hang on by, grasp*; ἀψασθαι γούναον *to cling to one's knees: later, to engage in, undertake, begin*. 2. *to fasten upon, attack*. 3. *to touch, affect*. 4. *to grasp with the senses, apprehend, perceive*. 5. *to reach, overtake: to gain*. II. *to kindle, set on fire*:—*Pass.* *to take fire: to be set on fire*.

ἀ-πτώς, *ῶτος, ὁ, ἡ*, (a privat., πίπτω) *not falling or failing, unfalling*.

ἀ-πύλωτος, *on*, (a privat., πυλῶ) *not closed by a gate*.

ἀ-πύργος, *on*, *without tower and wall, unfortified*.

ἀ-πύργωτος, *on*, (a privat., πυργῶ) *not girt with towers*.

ἀ-πύρος, *on*, (a privat., πῦρ) *without fire*, in Homer only of tripods, *that have not yet been on the fire*, i. e. *new*; ἀπυρος οἶκος *a cold, cheerless house*; χρυσὸς ἀπυρος *unrefined*, opp. *to ἀπεφθός*; ἱερὰ ἀπυρα *sacrifices in which no fire was used, but also not offered by fire, and so like = ἄθυστα, unoffered*: ἀπ. ἀρδὶς *a sting not forged by fire*, i. e. *of the gadfly*. Adv. -πως.

ἀ-πύρωτος, *on*, (a privat., πυρῶ) *not yet exposed to fire*.

ἀ-πυστος, *on*, (a privat., πυνθάνομαι) *of which nothing has been learnt, unknown*. II. *act. having learnt nothing, ignorant*: *c. gen.* *ignorant of*.

ἀπύτης, *ὁ, Dor.* for ἡπύτης. [ἀπύ-]

ἀπύω, *Dor.* for ἡπύω.

ἄΠΙΦΥΣ or ἀπφύς, *gen.* φός, *ὁ*, a term of endearment used by children to their father, *papa*, *Hebr.* *Abba*.

ἀ-πφός, *όν*, (ἀπό, φῆθ) *discordant, out of tune*.

ἀπωθεν, Adv. = ἀποθεν, *from afar*.

ἀπ-ωθέω, *f.* -ωθήσω and -ώσω: *aor. I* ἀπέωσα and ἀπωσα:—*to thrust off, drive away*: of the wind, *to beat off, beat from one's course*: later, *to drive away from the land, banish*. 2. *to repel, drive back*. 3. *in Med.* *to reject, disdain*. Hence

ἀπώθητος, *on*, *thrust or driven away, rejected*.

ἀπώλεια, *ῆ*, (ἀπύλλωμι) *destruction: loss: waste*.

ἀπώλεσα, *aor. I* of ἀπύλλωμι.

ἀπωλόμην, *aor. 2 med.*, in *pass. sense*, of ἀπύλλωμι.

ἀ-πώμαστος, *on*, (a privat., πῶμα) *without a lid*

ἀπώμοσα, *aor. I* of ἀπώμνυμι.

ἀπωμοσία, *ῆ*, (ἀπώμνυμι) *a denial upon oath, as Att. law-term, opp. to ἐξωμοσία*.

ἀπώμοτος, *on*, (ἀπώμνυμι) *forsworn, abjured, declared impossible with an oath, Lat. abjurandus*; Βροτοῖσιν οὐδὲν ἐστ' ἀπώμοτον *mortals should never make a vow against anything*. II. *act. under oath not to do a thing*.

ἀπώσαι, *aor. I inf.* of ἀπωθέω.

ἀπωσάμην, -σασθαι, *aor. I med. ind. and inf.* of ἀπωθέω.

ἀπωσι-κύματος, *on*, (ἀπωθέω, κύμα) *repelling waves*.

ἀπωσις, *ως, ῆ*, (ἀπωθέω) *a thrusting or driving away*.

ἀπωστός, *ῆ, ὄν*, (ἀπωθέω) *thrust or driven away from*. II. *that can be driven away*.

ἀπώτερος, *a, on*, *Comp. Adj.* (ἀπύ) *further off*:—

Sup. ἀπώτατος, *η, on*, *furthest off*.

ἀπώτερον, *Comp. Adv.* of ἀπώτερος: ἀπωτάτω, *Sup. Adv.* of ἀπώτατος.

ἀρ, *Ep.* before a consonant for ἄρα.

ἌΡΑ, *Ep.* ῥά (which is enclitic), and before a consonant ἀρ: I. *EPIC USAGE*

1. *then, straightway*; ὡς φάτο, βῆ δ' ἀρ' ὄνειρος *thus he spake and then the dream proceeded*:—*then, next in order*, of δ' ἀρ' Ἀθήνας εἶχον.

2. *explanation of a thing going before*; φῆ δ' ἀέκητι θεῶν φυνγέειν *for he said that he would flee: with relat. Pron.* ἄρα makes it more precise; ἐκ δ' ἔθορε κλῆρος, ὃν ἀρ' ἤθελον αὐτοὶ *just the one, the very one, which they wished*. II.

ATTIC USAGE:—*here it always is like οὖν, then, therefore, so then*; κάλλιστον ἄρα ἡ ἀρετή *therefore you must allow virtue is best*; μάτην ἀρ', ὡς εἰκεν, ἤκομεν *so it seems then we are come in vain*:—*in questions, τίς ἄρα βύσεται; ὡς ὅθεν is there to save?*—*Ἄρα cannot begin a sentence*.

Ἄρᾱ, *interrog. particle*, a stronger form of ἄρα, usually expecting a negat. answer, *Lat. num?* 2. *if an affirmative answer is expected, ὅρα οὐ is used, Lat. nonne?* 3. ἄρα is also used in exclamations; ὀδυνηρῆς δρ' δ' πλοῦτος *! grievous then is wealth!*—*In prose ἄρα always stands first in the sentence*.

ἌΡΑ, *Ion.* ἌΡΗ, *ῆ*, a *prayer*: in Homer mostly a *prayer for evil, a curse, hence the effect of the curse, mischief, ruin*. II. Ἄρά personified is the goddess of destruction and revenge, *Lat. Dirā*.

ἀράβειω, *f.* ῆσω, *to rattle, ring, clang, always of armour. From*

*APABOZ, δ, *a rattling*; ἀραβος ὀδόντων gnashing or grinding of teeth.

ἀραγμα, ατος, τό, and ἀραγμαῖος, ὁ, (ἀράσσω) *a clashing, rattling*; ἀραγμος στέρνων beating of the breast in grief, Lat. *planctus*.

ἀραι, aor. I inf. of αἶρω.

*APAIOS, Att. ἀπαίος, ἄ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, ἴβιν, narrow, weak, slight.

ἀπαῖος, α, ὄν, also ὄσ, ὄν, (ἀρά) *prayed to or entreated*; Ζεὺς ἀπαῖος = ἱκέσιος. 2. *prayed against, accursed*.

II. act. cursing, bringing mischief upon. [ἀ]

ἀραιρῆκα, ἀραιρηκώς, ἀραιρημένος, ἀραίρητο, Ion. redupl. for ῥῆκα, ῥηκώς, ῥημένος, ῥρητο, pf. and plpf. redupl. forms from αἶρω.

ἀράμενος, aor. I med. part. of αἶρω.

ἀράσμαι: f. ἀσομαι [ἀ], Ion. ἥσομαι: pf. ἥρᾶμαι only found in compos.: Dep.: (ἀρά):—to pray to a god. 2. to pray or vow that a thing may happen, c. inf. 3. to pray something for one, sometimes in good sense, but mostly in bad, to imprecate upon one; esp. with cognate acc., ἀρὰς ἀρᾶσθαι τινι to imprecate curses upon one.

ἀράρε, Dor. for ἀρρε, 3 sing. pf. med. of ἀραρίσκω in intr. sense, it is fixed, decreed: but, II. ἀράρε, Ep. for ῥάρε, aor. 2 in trans. sense, appeased, satisfied.

ἀράρειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀραρίσκω.

ἀραρίσκω, redupl. pres. from the Root *ἄρω: I. trans. in pres. and impf., in f. ἀρῶ Ion. ἄρω: aor. I ῥῶσα Ion. ἄρσα: aor. 2 ῥᾶρον Ep. ἄρῶρον:—to join, fasten, fit together: fit or furnish with a thing. II.

intr. in Pass. and Med., in perf. ἀρῆρα Att. ἄρᾶρα, Ep. part. fem. ἀρᾶρῦα: plpf. ἡράρειν [ἀ]: also pf. pass. part. ἀρρημένους, and Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. ἄρμενος:—to be joined closely together: to be fitted closely, fit well: to be fixed: to be fitting, meet, or suitable.

ἀρῶρον, Ep. aor. 2 of ἀραρίσκω: part. ἀρῶρῶν.

ἀρῶρῦς, ἀρῶρῦα Ep. ἄρῶρῦα, ἀρῶρῦς, perf. part. of ἀραρίσκω, fitted, fitting:—Adv. —ῶτως.

ἀράσσω, Att. —ττω: f. ἀράξω Dor. —αῖξω: aor. ῥᾶξα Ep. ἄραξα:—Pass., aor. I ῥάχθην: (a euphon. ῥάσσω):—to strike hard, dash in pieces, with collat. notion of rattling, clanging, as of horses; πύλας ἀράσσειν to knock furiously at the gates; metaph., ἀράσσειν ὀνειδεῖσι to strike with reproaches:—Pass. to dash one against other with a noise, to clasp, rattle. [ἀ]

ἀράτῶς Ion. ἀρητῶς, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀράομαι) *prayed for*. 2. *accursed, unblest*.

ἀράχνεος, α, ὄν, of or belowing to a spider. From *APAXNH, ἡ, = ἀράχνη. II. a spider's web, cobweb, Lat. *aranea*.

*APA'XNHZ, δ, a spider, Lat. *araneus*. Hence ἀράχνηον, τό, a spider's web, cobweb.

*Αραψ, αβος, ὁ, an Arab: also *Αραβος, cv, ὁ.

*ΑΡΒΥ'ΑΗ, ἡ, a strong shoe, coming up to the ankle, used by hunters, travellers, etc., a half-boot. [ῥ]

ἀρβυλλίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = ἀρβύλλη.

ἀργαῖς, Dor. for ἀργηῖς.

ἀργαῖλος, α, ὄν, (ἀλγος, as if ἀλγαῖλος) *hard, painful, grievous*, Lat. *gravis*: also of persons, troublesome.

ἀργᾶς, contr. for ἀργαῖς.

*Αργει-φόντης, ου, ὁ, for *Αργο-φονευτής, ("Αργος, φονεῖω) *slayer of Argus*.

ἀργέλοφον, ὢν, οἱ, the feet of a sheepskin: generally, *offal, refuse*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀργεννός, ἡ, ὄν, Aeol. and Dor. for ἀργός, *white*, mostly of sheep.

ἀργεστής, οὗ, ὁ, (ἀργός) *white*.

II. paroxytone, ἀργέστης, ου, ὁ, epith. of the South wind, clearing, brightening, like Horace's *Notus albus, detergens nubila caelo*. 2. later, from being the epithet of Ζέφυρος, it was the north-west wind, the Athenian σκίρον.

ἀργέτι, ἀργέτα, ποῦτ. dat. and acc. for ἀργήτι, ἀργήτα, from ἀργής, *white*.

ἀργέω, f. ἥσω, (ἀργός = ἀεργός) *to be idle, do nothing*: of a field, *to lie fallow*. II. trans. *to leave a thing undone*:—Pass. *to be left undone*: to be fruitless.

ἀργηῖς Dor. ἀργαῖς, εσσα, εν, contr. ἀργᾶς, gen. ἀργᾶντος, = ἀργής.

ἀργής, ἥτος, ὁ, ἡ, also with ποῦτ. dat. and acc. ἀργέτι, ἀργέτα: (ἀργός):—*white, bright, vivid*.

ἀργηστής, οὗ, ὁ, = ἀργής, *white, glancing*.

ἀργία, ἡ, = ἀεργία, (ἀργός = ἀεργός) *idleness, laziness*: in good sense, *leisure*.

ἀργι-κέραυνος, ὢν, (ἀργής, κεραυνός) *with white, vivid lightning*.

ἀργιλλος or ἀργύλος, ἡ, (ἀργός) *white clay, potter's earth*, Lat. *argilla*.

ἀργιλλ-ώδης or ἀργύλ-ώδης, ες, (ἀργιλλος, εἶδος) *like clay, clayey*.

ἀργινόεις, εσσα, εν, = ἀργός, *white, shining*.

ἀργι-όδους, ὀδοντος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀργός, ὀδούς) *white-toothed, white-tusked*.

ἀργί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, —πουν, τό, gen. ποδός. (ἀργός, πούς) *swift-footed or white-footed*.

ἀργμα, τό, (ἀρχω) only used in plur. ἀργματα = ἀπαρχαί, the firstlings at a sacrifice.

*Αργολίζω, f. ἴσω, to take the part of Argos. From *Αργολίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Argolis, a district in Peloponnesus.

2. as Adj. ὁ, ἡ, of Argolis, Argolic.

*Αργος, εος, τό, name of several Greek cities, of which that in the Peloponnesus is best known: in Homer it is also put for the district Argolis, or even for the whole Peloponnesus.

*ΑΡΤΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, shining, bright, glistening; πόδας ἀργοί as epith. of dogs, *swift-footed*, because rapid motion is accompanied by a kind of flickering light.

ἀργός, ὄν, contr. from ἀεργός, (α privat., ἔργον) *not working, esp. not working the ground: hence doing nothing, idle, lazy*: c. gen. rei, *idle at a thing, free from it*, ἀργός πόνων: of land, *lying fallow*. II.

pass. *not done*, Lat. *infectus*: *unattempted*.

ἄργυρ-ἄγχη, ἡ, (ἄργυρος, ἄγχω) *silver-quinsy*, which Demosthenes was said to have, when he held back from appearing in public on the plea of quinsy, though really (it was alleged) because he was bribed.

ἄργυρ-ἀμοιβός, ὁ, (ἄργυρος, ἀμείβω) *a money-changer*.

ἄργυρείον, τό, *a silver-mine*. Properly neut. from ἄργυρειος or ἄργυρείος, *ον*, = ἄργυρεος, ἄργυρεῖα *metalla silver-mines*.

ἄργυρεος or ἀργυρέος, *α*, *ον*, contr. ἀργυροῦς, *ᾱ*, *ῥιν*, (ἄργυρος) *silver, of silver*.

ἄργυρ-ἡλκτος, *ον*, (ἄργυρος, ἐλαίνω) *wrought of silver*.

ἄργυρῖδιον, τό, Dim. of ἄργυριον.

ἄργυριον, τό, (ἄργυρος) *a piece of silver*: hence *silver*, i. e. *money, cash*.

ἄργυρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἄργυρος) *a silver vessel*.

ἄργυρίτης [Ὶ], fem. ἀργυρίτις, (ἰδος, ἡ, (ἄργυρος) *of or belonging to silver*: as Subst. (sub. γῆ), *silver-ore*.

ἄργυρ-δίνης, *ον*, ὁ, (ἄργυρος, δίνη) *running in silver eddies, epith. of rivers*. [Ὶ]

ἄργυρ-εἰδής, ἐς, (ἄργυρος, εἶδος) *like silver*.

ἄργυρ-ῆλος, *ον*, (ἄργυρος, ἥλος) *silver-studded*.

ἄργυρ-κόπος, ὁ, (ἄργυρος, κόπτω) *a worker in silver, silversmith*.

ἄργυρολογέω, (ἄργυρολόγος) *to levy money*: c. acc. *to lay a country under contribution*. Hence

ἄργυρολογία, ἡ, *a levying of money*.

ἄργυρ-λόγος, *ον*, (ἄργυρος, λέγω) *levying money*.

ἄργυρ-πέζα, ἡ, (ἄργυρος, πέζα) *silver-footed*: also ἄργυρ-πέδος, *ον*.

ἄργυρ-ποιός, ὁ, (ἄργυρος, ποιέω) *a worker in silver*.

ἄργυρ-πούς, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. ποδός, (ἄργυρος, ποῦς) *with silver feet*.

ἄργυρορ-ρύτης, *ον*, ὁ, (ἄργυρος, ῥέω) *silver-flowing*. [ρῡ]

ἄργ-υρος, ὁ, (ἀργός, *white*) like Lat. *arg-entum*, *the white metal*, i. e. *silver*, first in Homer. 2. *silver-money, money*.

ἄργυρ-τόξος, *ον*, (ἄργυρος, τόξον) *with silver bow, epith. of Apollo*.

ἄργυρ-φηγής, ἐς, (ἄργυρος, φέγγος) *silver-shining*.

ἄργυρῶω, *φ. ᾶσω*, (ἄργυρος) *to turn into silver*. 2.

to reward with silver:—Pass. *to be so rewarded*.

ἄργυρ-ώδης, ἐς, = ἀργυροειδής. 2. *rich in silver*.

ἄργυρῶμα, *ματος*, τό, (ἄργυρῶω) *silver-plate*.

ἄργυρ-ώνητος, *ον*, (ἄργυρος, ὠνόμαί) *bought with silver*.

ἄργύφειος, *α*, *ον*, (ἄργυρος) *silver-white*. [ῡ]

ἄργύφος, *ον*, = ἀργύφειος, *epith. of sheep*.

Ἄργῳ, *δος*, contr. *ους*, ὁ, (ἀργός, *swift*) *the Argo or ship in which Jason sailed to Colchis*.

ἀρδεύω, *φ. ᾶω*, = ἄρδω, *to water*, Lat. *irrigare*.

ἀρδην, Adv. contr. for ἀέρδην, (αἶψα) *lifted up, raised on high*. II. *utterly, Lat. penitus*.

ἌΡΑΙΣ, *εως*, ἡ, *the point of anything, an arrow-head: a sting*.

ἀρδμῶς, ὁ, *a watering: a watering-place*. From

ἌΡΑΩ, *φ. ᾶρω*: aor. ἰ ἤρσα:—*to water cattle, give them to drink*:—Pass. *to drink*. 2. *of rivers, to water land*, Lat. *irrigare*. II. *metaph. to refresh, foster*.

Ἀρείθουσα, ἡ, *name of several fountains, perhaps for Ἀρδουσα, waterer*: the most famous was at Syracuse.

ἄρεός, Ion. ἀρεΐή, ἡ, (ἀρά) *cursing, threatening law-guage*.

Ἄρειος, *ον* also *α*, *ον*, Ion. Ἀρήϊος, *η*, *ον*, (Ἄρης) *warlike, martial*, Lat. *Mavortius*: Comp. Ἀρειότερος, *α*, *ον*, = ἀρείων.

Ἄρειος πάγος, ὁ, *bill of Ares, Mars' Hill*, over against the Acropolis at Athens on the west side. Here was held the highest judicial court, called by the same name: *capital crimes* came specially under its jurisdiction.

ἀρειότερος, *α*, *ον*, = ἀρείων.

Ἄρει-τολμος, *ον*, (Ἄρης, τόλμα) *full of martial boldness*.

Ἀρεΐ-φάτος, Ep. Ἀρηΐφατος, *ον*, (Ἄρης, πέφαται 3 sing pf. pass. of *φέναι) *slain by Ares*, i. e. *slain in war*. 2. *later generally* = Ἄρειος, *martial*.

ἀρείων, ὁ, ἡ, -ον, τό, gen. *ovos*, *better, stronger, braver*: it serves as Comp. of ἀγαθός. (On the deriv. see Ἄρης.)

ἀρεκτος, *ον*, poet. for ἀρρεκτος, *undone*.

ἀρέομαι, Ion. for ἀράομαι.

ἀρέσαι, ἀρέσασθαι, aor. ἰ inf. act. and med. of ἀρέσκω.

ἀρεσάσθω Ep. ἀρεσσάσθω, 3 sing. aor. ἰ med. imperat. of ἀρέσκω.

ἀρέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of αἶρω.

ἀρεσκέα, ἡ, (ἀρέσκω) *a desire to please, complaisance*: in bad sense, *obsequiousness, flattery*.

ἀρεσκόντης, Adv. pres. part. of ἀρέσκω, *agreeably*.

ἀρεσκος, ἡ, *ον*, *desirous to please, complaisant*: in bad sense, *obsequious, flattering*. From

ἀρέσκω: fut. ἀρέσω: aor. ἰ ἤρεσα, inf. ἀρέσαι: pf. ἀρήρεκα:—Med., fut. ἀρέσομαι Ep. ἀρέσσομαι: aor. ἰ ἤρεσάμην. Ep. part. ἀρεσσάμενος:—Pass., aor. ἰ ἤρεσθην: (*ᾶρω, ᾶρω):—*to make good, make it up, ταῦτα ὅ, ἀρεσσόμεθα* this will we make up among ourselves; *ἂν ἀρέσαι* *to make amends*: c. acc. pers. *to conciliate, propitiate*, αὐτὸν ἀρεσσάσθω ἐπέεσσιν: c. gen. rei, ἀρέσαντο φένας αἵματος *they sated their heart with blood*:—Pass. *to be contented, acquiesce*.

II. c. dat. pers., *to be pleasing to, gratify, please, flatter*, ταῦτα ἀρέσκω μοι; ἀρέσκων τρέποις τινός *to conform to his ways*:—impers., ἤρεσθε σφι ταῦτα ποιεῖν *it pleased them to do so*.

ἀριστός, ἡ, *όν*, verb. Adj. of ἀρέσκω, *pleasing, grateful*: acceptable, approved. Adv. -τῶς.

ἀρετῶς, *φ. ᾶσω*, (ἀρετή) *to be fit or proper, to thrive, prosper*.

ἀρετή, ἡ, *goodness, excellence, of any kind*; but in Homer, like Lat. *virtus* (from *vir*), *manhood, prowess, valour*: also *manly beauty, dignity, etc.* 2. in Prose, *of the virtues of land, fountains, etc.* 3. *excellence*

in art or workmanship, skill.

II. in moral sense, goodness, virtue:—also character for virtue, reputation, merit. (For deriv. see Ἄρης.)

ἀρή, ἡ, Ion. and Hom. for ἀρά.

ἀρῆαι, Ep. for ἀρῆ, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of αἶρω.

ἀρηγοσύνη, ἡ, = ἄρηξις.

ἈΡΗΤΩ, f. ξω, to help, aid, succour in war, c. dat. 2. absol. to be of use, be fit; σιγᾶν ἀρῆγει it is meet to be silent.

II. c. acc. rei, to ward off, prevent, ἀρῆγειν ἄλωσιν: also, ἀρῆγειν τινί τι to ward off from one, to avert the capture, as φόνον τέκνοισ ἀρῆγειν. (Same Root as ἀρκέω, Lat. arceo.)

ἀρηγών, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, a helper, aid.

Ἀρηι-θοός, ον, (Ἄρης, θοός) swift as Ares, swift in war.

Ἀρηι-κτάμενος, η, ον, (Ἄρης, κτείνω) slain by Ares or in war.

Ἀρηίος, η, ον, Ion. for Ἄρειος.

Ἀρηι-φάτος, ον, Ion. for Ἀρεί-φάτος.

Ἀρηι-φίλος, ὁ, ἡ, also η, ον, (Ἄρης, φίλος) dear to Ares.

ἀρήμεναι, an Ion. infin., prob. for ἀρᾶν, to pray, an act. form of ἀράσθαι (from ἀράμαι).

ἀρημένος, η, ον, distressed, harassed, = βεβλαμμένος. (Origin uncertain.)

ἀρηξίς, εως, ἡ, (ἀρήγω) help, succour. II. c. gen. rei, help against a thing, means of averting it.

ἀρηρα, pf. med. of ἀραρίσκω: plqpf. ἀρήρειν.

ἀρηρεμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἀραρίσκω.

ἀρηροκα, ἀρήρομαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀρώ.

ἀρηρομένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀρώ.

ἈΡΗΣ, ὁ: gen. Ἄρεος or Ἄρεως (never Ἄρουα): dat. Ἀρεϊ, Att. contr. Ἀρει, poet. Ἀρη: acc. Ἀρη, also Ἀργν and Ἀρεα: voc. Ἀρες: Ion. and Ep. declension Ἄρηος, ἡ, ἡα. Ares, Lat. Mars, son of Jupiter and Juno, the god of war and destruction, the spirit of strife, plague, famine. Hence often used to denote war, slaughter, murder, etc. (Akin to ἀρῆν, ἀρῆν, as the Lat. Mars to mas. From the same Root come ἀρετή, ἀρετή, ἀρείων, ἀριστος, the first notion of goodness being that of manhood, bravery in war: cf. Lat. virtus.)

ἀρητήρ, ἥρος, ὁ: tem. ἀρήτειρα, (ἀράσμαι) properly one that prays: hence a priest, priestess. [ᾱ]

ἀρητός, ἰον. for ἀρατός.

ἀρθέις, aor. I pass. part. of αἶρω.

ἀρθεν, Aeol. for ἡρθέναν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of αἶρω.

ἀρθμέω, f. ἡσω, (ἀρθμός) to be joined together.

ἀρθμος, α, ον, joined, united: at peace with another:—as Subst. ἀρθμα, ον, τᾶ, peaceful relations, concord.

ἀρθμός, ὁ, (ἀραρίσκω) a bond, league: friendship.

ἀρθρον, τό, (ἀραρίσκω) a joint, esp. the socket of the joint: in plur. the limbs; often joined with some other word, as ἀρθρα ποδοῖν the ankles; ἀρθρα τῶν οὐκῶν the eyes; ἀρθρα στόματος the mouth. Hence ἀρθρῶω, f. ὠσω, to fasten by joints: to articulate, utter distinctly: also to nerve, strengthen.

ἀρθρ-ώδης, ες, (ἀρθρον, εἶδος) well-jointed.

ἈΡΗ-, insep. Prefix, like ἐρι-, strengthening the notion conveyed by its compd.: of same root with ἀρῆς, ἀρείων, ἀριστος.

ἀρι-γνώσ, ὤτος, ὁ, ἡ, = ἀρίγνωτος.

ἀρι-γνώτος, η, ον, also ος, ον, easy to be known, well-known: in bad sense, notorious, infamous.

ἀρι-δακρύς, υ, γεα, vos, (ἀρι-, δάκρυ) much weeping, very tearful.

ἀρι-δᾶλος, Dor. for ἀρίδῆλος.

ἀρι-δεκτός, ον, (ἀρι-, δέικνυμι) much shown: hence famous: Homer also uses it as a Sup., ἀριδείκετος ἀνδρῶν most renowned of men.

ἀρι-δῆλος, ον, very clear or conspicuous, far-seen, of mountains: manifest, much known.

ἀρι-ζήλος, ον, also η, ον, Ep. form of ἀρίδῆλος, very conspicuous or manifest. Adv. -λως.

ἀρι-ζήλωτος, ον, very enviable.

ἀριθμάτος, ον, Dor. for ἀριθμητός.

ἀριθμεῖντι, Dor. for ἀριθμοῦσι, 3 pl. of ἀριθμέω.

ἀριθμέω, f. ἡσω, (ἀριθμός) to number, count, reckon up: to count out. 2. to reckon, count.

ἀριθμηθήμεναι, Ep. for ἀριθμηθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of ἀριθμέω.

ἀριθμημα, ατος, τό, (ἀριθμέω) a number.

ἀριθμησις, εως, ἡ, a counting or reckoning up.

ἀριθμητικός, ἡ, ὅν, of or for numbering or reckoning, skilled therein: ἡ -κή (sc. τέχνη), arithmetica. Adv. -κῶς. arithmetically.

ἀριθμητός, ἡ, ὅν, easily numbered, few in number: οὐκ ἀριθμητός, not counted, held of no account, Lat. nullo in numero habitus.

ἀριθμός, ὁ, number, a number, Lat. numerus. 2. amount, size, etc.; πολλοὺς ἀριθμὸς χρόνου. 3. number, as a mark of worth, rank, etc.; μετ' ἀνδρῶν ἵζεσθαι ἀριθμῷ to sit in rank among men; οὐκ ἐν ἀριθμῷ εἶναι, like Lat. nullo esse in numero, to be in no account.

4. mere number, quantity, opp. to quality or worth; λόγων ἀριθμός a mere set of words; so of men, οὐκ ἀριθμὸς ἄλλως not a mere lot, like Horace's nos numerus sumus. II. a numbering, counting; ἀριθμὸν ποιεῖσθαι τῆς στρατιῆς to hold a muster of the army. 2. numeration.

ἀρι-ν, = ἀρις.

Ἀριος, α, ὄν, old word for Μηδικός, Median.

ἀρι-πρεπής, ες, (ἀρι-, πρέπω) very stately or showing very splendid.

ἀρι-πῆς, = ἀρις.

ἀρι-σημος, ον, (ἀρι-, σῆμα) very remarkable: very plain or manifest.

ἀριστ-αθλος, ον, (ἀριστος, ἀθλον) victorious in the contest.

ἀριστ-αρχος, ον, (ἔριστος, ἀρχός) best-ruling.

ἀρι-στάφυλος, ον, (ἀρι-, στάφυλή) rich in grapes.

ἀριστάω, f. ἡσω: pf. ἡρίστηκα, syncorp. I pl. ἡρίσταμεν, syncorp. inf. ἡριστάνα: (ἀριστον):—to take the morning meal, Lat. prandere: generally, to take any meal, cf. ἀριστον.

ἀριστεία, ἡ, (ἀριστεύω) the feats of the hero that

won the *meed of valour* (τὰ ἀριστεία), any great, heroic action. Single books of the Iliad were so called, in which the deeds of some one hero are described, e. g. Book 5 is Διομήδους ἀριστεία.

ἀριστεία, τὰ, always in plur., (ἀριστεύω) *the prize of the bravest, meed of valour*.

ἀριστερός, ὁ, ὢν, *left, on the left*; ἐπ' ἀριστερὰ towards the left; ἐξ ἀριστερῶν on the left. 2. ἡ ἀριστερά (with or without χεῖρ), *the left hand*. 3. metaph. *boding ill, ominous*, because to a Greek augur, looking northward, the unlucky signs came from the left. 4. of men, *left-handed, clumsy*, like French *gauche*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀριστεύς, εὐς, ὁ, (ἀριστος) *the best man*: in Homer mostly in plur. ἀριστῆες, Lat. *optimates, the noblest chiefs, princes*.

ἀριστεύω: 3 sing. Ion. impf. ἀριστεύεσκε: f. εὖσαι: (ἀριστος):—to be the best or bravest; Τρώων ἀριστεύεσκε *he was the best of the Trojans*; ἀριστεύειν τι to be best in a thing; c. inf., ἀριστεύεσκε μάχεσθαι *he was best at fighting*.

ἀριστήριον, Ion. for ἀριστεῖον.

ἀριστίξω, f. ἴσω, (ἀριστον) to give one breakfast:—Med. to breakfast.

ἀριστίνδην, Adv. (ἀριστος) according to rank or merit.

ἀριστο-κρατία, ἡ, (ἀριστος, κρατεῖν) *the rule of the best-born or nobles, an aristocracy*. Hence

ἀριστοκρατικός, ὁ, ὢν, *aristocratical*.

ἀριστο-μαντία, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀριστος, μάντις) *best of prophets*.

ἀριστο-μάχος, ον, (ἀριστος, μάχη) *fighting best*.

"ΑΡΙΣΤΟΝ, τό, a morning meal, breakfast, taken at sunrise; later, *the midday meal*, the Roman *prandium*.

ἀριστό-νοος, ον, (ἀριστος, νόος) of the best disposition.

ἀριστο-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀριστον, ποίω) to prepare breakfast; τὰ ἀριστοποιούμενα things prepared for breakfast:—Med. to get one's breakfast.

ἀριστος, ἡ, ον, best in its kind, used as Sup. to ἀγαθός of persons, best, i. e. bravest or noblest; c. inf., ἀριστοι μάχεσθαι best to fight; ἀριστος ἀπατάσθαι best, easiest to cheat:—In Att. best, i. e. most excellent: neut. pl. ἀρίστα as Adv., best, most excellently: contr. with article, ὥριστος Hom., ἀριστος, Att., ὥριστος Dor. (On deriv., see Ἀρης.)

ἀριστοτόκεα, ἡ, ποῖτ. fem. of ἀριστο-τόκος, ον, (ἀριστος, τεκεῖν) bearing the best children.

ἀριστο-χείρ, ειρος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀριστος, χεῖρ) with the best hand; ἀγὼν ἀριστοχείρ a contest won by the stoutest hand.

ἀριστ-ῶδην, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀριστος, ὥδης) bearing the best children.

ἀρι-σφάλης, ἐς, (ἀρι-, σφέλειν) very slippery or treacherous.

ἀρι-φράδης, ἐς, (ἀρι-, φράζομαι) easily known, very

manifest: clearly visible. Adv. ἀριφράδεις, very plainly.

ἀρκεος, α, ον, = ἀρκειος, of a bear.

ἀρκεόντως, Att. contr. ἀρκούντως, Adv. pres. part. of ἀρκέω, enough; ἀρκούντως ἔχει it is enough.

ἀρκευς, εὖς, ἡ, (ἀρκέω) help, aid, service.

ἀρκετός, ὁ, ὢν, (ἀρκέω) sufficient. Aav. -τῶς.

ἀρκεῖν, Ion. for ἀρκύνω, pres. part. neut. of

"ΑΡΚΕΊΩ, f. ἔσω: aor. I ἤρκεσα:—pf. pass. ἤρκεσμαι:—Lat. ARCEO, to ward off, keep off: c. dat. only, to assist, aid. II. to be of use, avail, be strong enough, mostly c. inf.: also c. dat. to suffice, satisfy: absol. to be enough, be strong enough. 2. imperat., ἀρκέ μοι it is enough for me, I am well content; ἀρκεῖν δοκεῖ it seems enough, seems good. III.

Pass. to be satisfied, contented with a thing. (The Root is the same as that of ἀρήγω.)

ἀρκιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, safe, sure; νῦν ἀρκιον ἡ ἀπολέσθαι ἢ σαωθῆναι now it is safe that we perish or be saved; ἀρκιος μισθός a sure reward. II.

enough, sufficient.

ἀρκούντως, contr. for ἀρκεόντως.

ἀρκειος, α, ον, (ἀρκτος) of a bear.

ἀρκετέον, verb. Adj. of ἀρχομαι, one must begin. II. (from ἀρχω) one must govern. 2. in pass. sense, one must be ruled, i. e. one must obey.

ΑΡΚΤΟΣ, ὁ and ἡ, a bear. 2. Ἀρκτος, ἡ, the great bear or Charles' wain, elsewhere ἄμαξα: hence the north pole, or generally, the North.

Ἀρκτο-οὔρος, ὁ, (ἀρκτος, οὔρος) Arcturus or Bear-guard, a bright star close behind the Bear, also called Boötes. II. the time of his rising, the middle of September.

Ἀρκο-φύλαξ, ακος, ὁ, (ἀρκτος, φύλαξ) = Ἀρκτοῦρος, Arcetophylax, the bear-keeper.

"ΑΡΚΥΣ, Att. ἄρκυς, νος, ἡ, a net, hunter's net, Lat. cassis; ἀρκυς ἕψους the coils, i. e. perils, of the sword.

ἀρκυ-στάσια, ἡ, or

ἀρκυ-στάσιον, τό, (ἀρκυς, ἴστημι) a line of nets.

ἀκρύ-στάτος, ἡ, ον, or ος, ον, (ἀρκυς, ἴστημι) surrounded with nets; ἀκρυστάτην ἡλικιὴν death amid the coils: ἀκρυστάτον, τό, a net or place beset with nets.

ἀρκυ-ωρός, ὁ, (ἀρκυς, οὔρος) a watcher of nets. ἔρμα, ατος, τό, (same Root as ἀρμός, ἀρμόζω) a chariot, war-chariot, car 2. chariot and horses, the yoked chariot: also the horses.

ἀρμαλία, ἡ, (ἀρμόζω) sustenance allotted, food. ἀρμ-ἄμαξα, ἡς, ἡ, (ἀρμα, ἄμαξα) an eastern carriage with a cover, esp. for women and children.

ἀρμάτεος, α, ον, (ἀρμα) of or belonging to a chariot, esp. of music, wheeler of a mournful or martial cast.

ἀρμάτεω, f. σω, (ἀρμα) to drive a chariot, go therein.

ἀρματηλάσια, ἡ, chariot-driving. From

ἀρματηλάτης, f. ἴσω, to drive a chariot. From ἀρματ-ηλάτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀρμα, ἐλαύνω) a driver of chariots, charioteer.

ἀρματοκύττος, *ον*, (ἄρμα, κυττώ) *rauling with chariots*.
 ἀρματοπηγός, *ον*, (ἄρμα, πήγνυμι) *making chariots*;
 ἀρματοπηγός, *δ*, a *wheelwright, chariot-maker*.
 ἀρματοτροφέω, *φ*, ἴσω, (ἄρμα, τρέφω) *to keep chariot horses*, esp. for racing. Hence
 ἀρματοτροφία, *ῆ*, a *keeping of chariot horses*.
 ἀρματοτροχία *Ion.* -νή, *ῆ*, (ἄρμα, τροχός) *the course of a chariot, wheel-track*.
 ἀρματωλία, *ῆ*, = ἀρματηλασία.
 ἔρμενα, *τά*, *the tackle or rigging of a ship*: any tools or implements, like ὕπλα. (From same Root as ἄρμος, ἀρμός.)
 ἔρμενος, *η*, *ον*, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of ἀρρίσκω.
 ἀρμόδιος, *α*, *ον*, also *ος*, *ον*, (ἀρμός) *fitting together*: Hence *well-fitting, agreeable*.
 ἀρμός, Att. ἀρμόττω, Dor. ἀρμόσσω: *φ*. ἀρμόσσω: aor. I ἤρμωσα: pf. ἤρμωκα:—Pass., aor. I ἤρμόσθην: pf. ἤρμωσμαι: (ἀρμός, ἄρω):—*to fit together, join*, esp. of joiner's work:—Med. *to join for oneself, put together*: *to prepare, make ready*. 2. of marriage, *to give in marriage*:—Med. *to marry, take to wife*:—Pass. *to be married to*. 3. *to bind fast*. 4. *to set in order, arrange, govern*. II. intrans. *to fit, fit well*: *to be adapted, fit for*. III. impers., ἀρμόζει *it is fitting*, Lat. *deceat*, c. inf.; σιγᾶν ἂν ἀρμόζοι.
 ἄρμοι, Adv., -ἄρτι, *just, newly, lately*. (Properly an old dat. of ἀρμός.)
 ἄρμο-λογέω, *φ*, ἴσω, (ἀρμός, λέγω) *to join together*.
 ἄρμονία, *ῆ*, (ἀρμός) *a fitting together: a joint*. II. *a union between persons, covenant*. III. *an ordinance, decree*; hence *fate*. IV. as a term in music, *harmony, concord*. 2. in Rhet. *the intonation of the voice*. 3. generally, *harmony, agreement*, etc.; δύστροπος γυναικῶν ἄρμονία *woman's perverse temper*.
 ἀρμονικός, *ῆ*, *ον*, (ἀρμός) *skilled in music*: τὰ ἀρμονικά *the theory of music*.
 ἀρμός, *δ*, (ἀρ-ἔμα, ἄρω) *a joining, a joint*; ἀρμός χάματος *λιθοσπάθης* *a joint or opening in the tomb made by tearing away the stones*.
 ἀρμόσσω, Dor. for ἀρμός.
 ἄρμωσμα, *ατος*, τό, (ἀρμός) *joined work*.
 ἀρμωστήρ, -ῆρος, *δ*, = εἰ: poet., also ἀρμώσταρ, *a commander*.
 ἀρμονστής, *ου*, *δ*, (ἀρμός) *one who arranges or governs, a governor*: esp. *a bar moist, the governor of the Greek islands and towns in Asia Minor sent out by the Lacedaemonians during their supremacy*: also *the governor of a dependent colony*.
 ἀρμόττω, Att. for ἀρμός, *q. v.*
 ἄρνα, acc. with no nom. in use, dual ἄρνε, plur. ἄρνες, etc.; *v. sub* ἄρνυς.
 ἀρνάκις, *ιδος*, *ῆ*, (ἄρνυς) *a sheep's skin*.
 ἄρνεος, *α*, *ον*, (ἄρνυς) *of a lamb or sheep*; ἄρνεος φόνος *slaughtered sheep*.
 ἀρνείος, *δ*, (ἄρνυς) *a young ram*: but as Ἀδ', ἀρνεῖος *is a male sheep*.

ἄρνεο-θόινης, *ον*, *δ*, (ἄρνός, θοίνω) *feasting on sheep*.
 'ΑΡΝΕ'ΟΜΑΙ, fut. ἤσομαι: aor. I pass. ἤρνήθην, but also aor. med. I ἤρνησάμην: Dep.:—opp. to εἰπεῖν, *to deny*: opp. to δοῦναι, *to refuse*: absol. *to say no, declines*: c. inf. *to refuse to do*.
 ἀρνευτήρ, ἦρος, *δ*, (ἀρνεύω) *a tumbler: also a diver*.
 ἀρνεύω, *φ*, *σαι*, (ἄρνυς) *to frisk like a lamb, tumble*.
 ἐρνήστος, *η*, *ον*, (ἀρνεύομαι) *to be denied*.
 ἀρνησις, *εως*, *ῆ*, (ἀρνησις) *denial*.
 ἄρνόν, τό, Dim. of ἄρνός, *a young lamb, lambkin*.
 'ΑΡΝΟ'Σ, τοῦ, τῆς, gen. of an obsol. nom. *ἄρνε, the nom. in use being ἄρνός: dat. ἄρνί, acc. ἄρνα; du. ἄρνε; pl. ἄρνες, gen. ἄρνων, dat. ἄρνάσι (Ep. ἄρνεσι), acc. ἄρνας:—*a lamb*, Lat. *agnus, agna*: also *a sheep*.
 ἀρνύμαι, defect. Dep., used only in pres. and impf., lengthd. form of ἀρνομαι, *to receive for oneself, gain, earn, carry off as a prize*.
 ἀρξέσθαι, Dor. for ἀρξομαι, fut. of ἀρχομαι.
 ἀρόμη, Ep. aor. 2 med. of αἶρω.
 ἄρον, -άτω, aor. I imperat. of αἶρω.
 ἀρόσιμος, *ον*, (ἄρω) *arable, fruitful*: metaph. *fit for engendering children*.
 ἄροσις, *εως*, *ῆ*, (ἄρω) *a ploughing, tillage*. II. *arable land, corn-land*, Lat. *arvum*.
 ἀροτήρ, ἦρος, *δ*, (ἄρω) *a ploughman, husbandman*; βούς ἀροτήρ *a steer for ploughing*. II. metaph. *a father*.
 ἀρότης, *ον*, *δ*, = ἀροτήρ, *a ploughman*; Περὶδων ἀρόται labourers of the Muses, i. e. poets.
 ἀροτος, *δ*, (ἄρω) *tillage, ploughing, husbandry*; ζῆν ἀρ' ἀρότου *to live by husbandry*. 2. *the crop, fruit of the field*: also *a field*. II. *the season of tillage, seed-time*.
 ἀροτραῖος, *α*, *ον*, (ἀροτρον) *of corn-land*.
 ἀροτρεύς, *εως*, *δ*, = ἀροτήρ. Hence
 ἀροτρεύω, *φ*, *σαι*, = ἄρω, *to plough*.
 ἀροτήτης, *ον*, *δ*, of or for the plough.
 ἀροτρία, *φ*, ἄσω [ᾱ], = ἄρω, *to plough*.
 ἀροτρο-δίαυλος, *δ*, (ἀροτρον, διάυλος) *one who ploughs to and fro, like a runner in the διαυλος*.
 ἀροτρο-πόνος, *ον*, (ἀροτρον, πόνος) *labouring at the plough*.
 ἀροτρο-φέρειω, *φ*, ἴσω, (ἀροτρον, φέρω) *to draw the plough*.
 ἀροτρον, τό, (ἄρω) *a plough*, Lat. *aratrum*.
 ἀροῦμαι [ᾱ], fut. med. of αἶρω: but ἀροῦμαι [ᾱ] of αἶρω.
 ἀρούρα, *ῆ*, (ἄρω) *tilled or arable land, seed-land, corn-land*, Lat. *arvum*: also generally, *soil, land*; πατρὶς ἀρούρα *father-land*:—metaph. of a woman as giving birth to children. Hence
 ἀρουραῖος, *α*, *ον*, *belonging to corn-land, rustic*; μῦς ἀρουραῖος *a field-mouse*.
 ἀρουρίον, τό, Dim. of ἀρούρα.
 ἀρουρό-πνος, *ον*, (ἀρούρα, πόνος) *working in the field*.
 'ΑΡΟΨ: *φ*. ὄσω, poet. -όσσω: aor. I ἤροσα: *pf.*

ἀρήροκα :—Pass., aor. 1 ἡρόθην pf. ἀήρομαι :—to plough, till, Lat. arare. II. to sow, ἀρούν els κήπους. 2. metaph. of the husband, to beget : Pass. of the child, to be begotten. ἀρώσω, Ep. for ἀρούσι, 3 pl. pres. of ἀρώω. ἀρ-αγή, ἡ, (ἀρπάω) seizure, robbery, rape. II. the thing seized, booty, plunder. III. rapacity. ἀράγη, ἡ, (ἀρπάω) a hook for drawing up a bucket. 2. a rake, Lat. barpāgo. ἀρπαγμα, ματος, τό, (ἀρπάω) that which is seized, booty, plunder. ἀρπαγμός, δ, (ἀρπάω) robbery. 2. anything that is seized, plunder. ἈΡΠΑΓ-ΩΝ : fut. ἀρπάω, Att. ἀρπάσω or ἀρπάσομαι : aor. 1 ἡρπάσα, Att. ἡρπάσα : pf. ἡρπάκα :—Pass., aor. 1 ἡρπάχθην or ἡρπάσθην : aor. 2 ἡρπάχην [α] : pf. ἡρπάγμα or ἡρπάσμαι :—to ravisb away, to carry off; in part., ἀρπάξας φέρειν, Lat. raptim ferre. 2. to grasp hastily, snatch up; also to grasp with the mind, apprehend. 3. to seize and overpower. II. to plunder. Hence ἀρπακτήρ, δ, a robber.—Fem. ἀρπάκτειρα. ἀρπακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρπάω) seized in haste. ἀρπαλέος, α, ov, and os, ov, (ἀρπάω) grasping, greedy; also attractive, pleasant. Adv. -έως, eagerly. Hence ἀρπαλίζω, f. ἴσω, to cateb at, seize upon, receive. ἀρπάξ, αγος, δ, ἡ, (ἀρπάω) robbing, rapacious, Lat. rarak. II. as Subst. ἀρπαξ, δ, a robber, plunderer. 2. ἀρπαξ, ἡ, robbery, rapine. ἀρπεδόνη, ἡ, (ἀρπάω) a rope, cord, for snaring game: the twist or thread of which cloth is made; also a bow-string. ἀρπη, ἡ, (ἀρπάω) a bird of prey, a kind of fulcon. II. a sickle : a scimeter. ἀρπυιαί, αἱ, (ἀρπάω) the snatchers, i. e. whirlwinds. In later mythology they appear as winged monsters who snatched away food from table. ἈΡΡΑΒΩΝ, ὄνος, δ, earnest-money, caution-money : a pledge, earnest, Lat. arrabāo, arrba. ἀρ-ράβος, ov, (a privat., ραφῆναι) unsewed, without seam or suture. ἀρ-ρεκτος, poet. ἀ-ρεκτος, ov, (a privat., ρέζω) undone : unfinished. ἀρρενικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρρῆν) masculine, male. ἀρρενό-παις, παιδος, δ, ἡ, (ἀρρῆν, παῖς) of male children. 2. with a boy. ἀρρέν-ωπος, ov, (ἀρρῆν, ὤψ) masculine-looking, masculine. ἀρ-ρηκτος, ov, (a privat., ρήγνυμι) unbroken, not to be broken or wounded : metaph. untiring. Adv. τως. ἈΡΡΗΝ, δ, ἡ, ἀρρεν, τό, gen. ενος : old Att. ἀρ-σιν : Ion. ἑρσιν :—male, opp. to θῆλυς : hence masculine, manly, strong : as Subst. ἀρρῆν, δ, the male. ἀρρηνῆς, ἐς, (ἀρρῆν) fierce, savage. ἀρ-ρητος, ov, also η, ov, (a privat., ρηθῆναι) unsaid, Lat. indictus : not divulged, untaught. II. not to be told, secret, mysterious; διδασκὰ τ' ἀρρητά things

that may be published and must not be told. 2. that cannot be told, horrible, shocking, Lat. nefandus; ἀρρητ' ἀρρητων things most horrible. 3. shameful to be spoken; ρητὰ καὶ ἀρρητα, Lat. dicenda tacenda. ἀρρηφορέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀρρηφόρος) to carry the peplos of Pallas. Hence ἀρρηφορία, ἡ, the procession with the peplos in honour of Pallas. ἀρρη-φόροι, αἱ, (ἀρρητα, φέρω) at Athens, two maidens who carried the peplos and other holy things (ἀρρητα) of Pallas in the Scirophoria. ἀρ-ρίγντος, ov, (a privat., ρίγνω) not shivering from cold or fear. ἀρ-ρίζος, ov, (a privat., ρίζα) not rooted. ἀρ-ρίς, ἴνος, δ, ἡ, (a privat., ρίς) without nose, without smell. ἈΡΡΙΧΟΣ, δ, Att. ἡ, a basket. [Υ] ἀρ-ρυθμος, ov, (a privat., ρυθμός) without rhythm or proportion : in undue measure, unsuitable, not fitting Adv. -μως, out of time. ἀρ-ρυτίδωτος, ov, (a privat., ρυτίς) unwrinkled. ἀρ-ρώξ, ὤγος, δ, ἡ, (a privat., ρώξ) without cleft, unbroken. ἀρρωστω, f. ἴσω, (ἀρρωστος) to be weak or sickly. Hence ἀρρωστήμα, ματος, τό, a sickness. ἀρρωστία, ἡ, (ἀρρωστέω) weakness, sickness, ill health; ἀρρωστία τοῦ στρατεῦν inability to serve from ill health. ἀρ-ρωστος, ov, (a privat., ρώννυμι) weak, sickly : hence languid, remiss. ἄρσαι, ἄρσον, ἄρσαντες, and ἄρσάμενος, aor. 1 act and med. of ἀραρίσκω. ἄρσος, Ep. for ἄρσε, 3 sing. aor. 1 of ἀραρίσκω. ἀρσενικός, ἡ, ὄν, —ἀρρενικός. ἀρσено-κόλτης, ov, δ, (ἀρσῆν, κόλτη) one guilty of unnatural offences. ἈΡΣΗΝ, ev, Ion. and Att. for later ἀρρῆν ἄρστος, ov, (ἀρῶ) fitting, agreeing, friendly. ἀρσί-πους, δ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, contr. for ἀρσίπους (αἶρῶ, πούς) lifting the feet. ἄρσος, evs, ἡ, (αἶρῶ) a raising or lifting. II. in prosody, the rise of the voice on the first syllable, arsis, ictus, opp. to θέσις the letting it sink. ἄρσω, Ion. for ἀρῶ, fut. of ἀραρίσκω. ἀρτάβη, ἡ, a Persian measure, artaba, = 1 medietrus + 2 choenices. ἀρτάμειω, f. ἴσω, to cut in pieces, cut up. From ἈΡΤΑΜΟΣ, δ, a butcher, cook. ἀρτάνη [α], ἡ, (ἀρτάω) that by which something is bung up, a rope, balter. ἀρτάω, Ion. ἀρτέω : f. ἴσω : π. ἡρτηκα —Pass., aor. 1 ἡρτήσην : pf. ἡρτημαι, Ion. 3 pl. ἀρτέσται. (same Root as ἀραρίσκω) :—to fasten to, hang one thing upon another —Pass. to be bung upon, hang upon, ἔκ τινος : hence to aspend upon, Lat. pendere ab aliqua. II. Pass. to be fitted, prepared, made ready

ἀρτεῖται, Ion. for ἡρτηῖναι or ἡρτημένοι εἰσι, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἀρτάνω.
 ἀρτεμής, ἐς, (ἀρτιος) safe and sound. Hence
 ἀρτεμία, ἡ, safety, soundness.
 *ARTEMIS, geh. ιδος, acc. ιν or ιδα, ἡ, Artemis, the Roman Diana, goddess of the chase, daughter of Zeus and Leto, sister of Apollo. In Homer women who die suddenly and without pain are said to be slain by her ἀγανά βέλεα, as men by those of Apollo. Hence
 *Ἀρτεμῖσιον, τό, a temple of Artemis.
 *Ἀρτεμῖσιος, ὁ, a Spartan month, answering to part of Att. Elaphebolion.
 *ἀρτεμων, ονος, ὁ, (ἀρτάω) the foresail; or top-sail, *supparum*.
 ἀρτέω, Ion. for ἀρτάω.
 ἀρτημα, τό, (ἀρτάω) that which bangs down, a hanging ornament, pendant.
 ἀρτηρία, ἡ, (ἀείρω) the windpipe or trachea.
 *ΑΡΤΙ, Adv. just, exactly: just now, even now: straightaway, forthwith: but also of something just past, opp. to πάλαι. II. in compos. it mostly denotes what has just happened.
 ἀρτιάσω, f. άσω, (ἀρτιος) to play at odd and even, I. at. par impar ludere. II. to count.
 ἀρτιάκις, Adv. (ἀρτιος) an even number of times.
 ἀρτι-βρεχής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, βρέχω) just steeped.
 ἀρτι-γάμος, ον, (ἀρτι, γάμος) just married.
 ἀρτι-γένεος, ον, (ἀρτι, γένειον) with the beard just growing.
 ἀρτι-γέννητος, ον, new-born.
 ἀρτι-γλυφής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, γλύφω) newly carved.
 ἀρτι-γονος, ον, just born.
 ἀρτι-δαής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, δαήναι) just taught.
 ἀρτι-δακρυς, υ, (ἀρτι, δάκρυ) just weeping, ready to weep.
 ἀρτι-δορος, ον, (ἀρτι, δέρω) just stripped off.
 ἀρτίεπια, ἡ, pecul. fem. of
 ἀρτι-επής, ἐς, (ἀρτιος, έπος) ready of speech, glib.
 ἀρτι-εὐγία, ἡ, (ἀρτι, ζυγός) a late union; ἀνδρῶν ἀρτι-εὐγία newly-married husbands.
 ἀρτίζω, f. ίσω, (ἀρτιος) to get ready, perform.
 ἀρτι-θάλής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, θάλλειν) just blooming.
 ἀρτι-θάνής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, θανένν) just dead.
 ἀρτι-κολλος, ον, (ἀρτι, κολλάω) close-glued, clinging close to. II. metaph. fitting well together; εἰς ἀρτικολλον in the nick of time, opportunely.
 ἀρτι-κομής, ον, ὁ, (ἀρτι, κομᾶω) just having got hair cut leaves.
 ἀρτι-λόγος, ον, (ἀρτι, λέγω) speaking readily.
 ἀρτι-λόχευτος, ον, (ἀρτι, λοχείω) just born.
 ἀρτι-μαθής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, μαθεῖν) having just learnt.
 ἀρτιος, α, ον, (ἀραρίσκα, ἀρτι) complete, perfect of its kind, exactly fitted; ἀρτια βάγειν to speak to the purpose; ἀρτια ἦδη thought things fitting or agreeable. II. of numbers, even, opp. to περισσός, odd.
 ἀρτι-πάγής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, παγγῆναι aor. 2 pass. of πήγ-

νυμι) just put together, just made:—of cheese, just coagulated, Lat. *recens coactus*.
 ἀρτι-πλουτος, ον, newly gotten, epith. of money.
 ἀρτι-πος, Ep. for ἀρτι-πους.
 ἀρτι-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀρτιος, ποῦς) sound or swift of foot, opp. to χαλός. II. coming just in time.
 ἀρτίσις, εας, ἡ, (ἀρτίζω) a preparing, adorning.
 ἀρτι-σκαπτος, ον, (ἀρτι, σκάπτω) just dug.
 ἀρτι-στομος, ον, (ἀρτι, στόμα) speaking readily.
 ἀρτι-τοκος, ον, (ἀρτι, τεκεῖν) just born. 2. paroxyt. ἀρτιτόκος, ον, act. having just given birth.
 ἀρτι-φάνης, ἐς, (ἀρτι, φανῆναι) just become visible.
 ἀρτι-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀρτιος, φρήν) sound of mind, intelligent.
 ἀρτι-φύης, ἐς, and ἀρτιφύτος, ον, (ἀρτι, φύω) just born, just made.
 ἀρτι-χάνης, ἐς, (ἀρτι, χάνειν) just yawning or opening.
 ἀρτι-χνους, ονν, (ἀρτι, χνός contr. χνούς) with the down just growing.
 ἀρτι-χριστος, ον, (ἀρτι, χρίω) just smeared over, ready spread.
 ἀρτίως, Adv. of ἀρτιος, like ἀρτι, just, exactly.
 ἀρτο-κόπος, ον, (ἀρτος, κόπτω) working at bread, baking bread: as Subst. a baker.
 ἀρτο-λάγυνος, ον, (ἀρτος, λάγυνος) with bread and bottle in it, epith. of a wallet.
 ἀρτο-ποιός, ον, (ἀρτος, ποίεω) making bread: as Subst. a baker.
 ἀρτο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (ἀρτος, πωλέομαι) a dealer in bread: baker. Hence
 ἀρτοπώλιον, τό, a baker's shop.
 ἀρτο-πώλις, ιδος, ἡ, fem. of ἀρτοπώλης, a bread-woman.
 *ΑΡΤΟΣ, ὁ, a loaf, esp. of wheat, for barley-bread is μάζα: when it means bread it is commonly in plur.
 ἀρτο-σιτέω, f. ἡσω, (ἀρτος, σιτέομαι) to eat wheaten bread, opp. to ἀλφιτουσιτέω to eat barley-bread.
 ἀρτοφάγεω, to eat bread. From
 ἀρτο-φάγος, ου, ὁ, (ἀρτος, φαγεῖν) bread-eater.
 ἀρτίμα, τό, (ἀρτίμα) seasoning, spice.
 ἀρτίνας, ὁ, (ἀρτίνω) a magistrate at Argos and Epidaurus, like ἀρμοστής.
 ἀρτίνας [ῡ]: fut. ἀρτίνω, Ep. ἀρτίνας: aor. I ἡρτίνα: aor. I pass. ἡρτίνην:—also ἀρτίνας: fut. ἀρτίσω [ῡ]: aor. I ἡρτίσα: pf. ἡρτίκα, pass. ἡρτίκα: (same Root as ἀραρίσκα.) To arrange, manage, contrive: in bad sense, to scheme, hence δόλον ἀρτίνειν, Lat. *insidias struere*, to contrive a trick: generally, to prepare, make ready:—Med. to prepare make ready.
 ἀρτύβαλλος, ὁ, (ἀρύω) a pail for drawing water, bucket, larger than the ἀρτύαινα.
 ἀρυσάμενος, aor. I med. part. of ἀρύω.

ἀρύσσω, Ion. for ἀρύω.

ἀρυστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = ἀρυτήρ.

ἀρύστιχος, ὁ, Dim. of ἀρυτήρ, a small ladle.

ἀρύταινα, ἡς, ἡ, = ἀρυτήρ, a ladle: cf. ἀρύβαλλος.

ἀρυτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀρύω) a vessel for taking up liquids, ladle, cup.

ἀρυτήριος, ον, (ἀρύω) fit to drink.

ἌΡΥΩ, Att. ἀρύω [ṽ]: f. ὕσω [ṽ]: aor. I ἥρῃσα:

—Pass., aor. I ἥρῃσθην [ṽ] or ἥρῡσθην: cf. ἀρύω, ἀρύτω. Lat. HAUR-IRE, to draw water for another: Med. to draw for oneself: c. gen., ἐρύτessθαι Νείλου ὑδάτων to draw from the waters of the Nile:—metaph. to win, gain.

ἄρχ-ἄγγελος, ὁ, (ἀρχός, ἄγγελος) an archangel.

ἄρχαῖκος, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀρχαῖος) old-fashioned, antiquated.

ἀρχαῖο-γονος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος, γονή) of ancient race.

ἀρχαιολογέω, f. ἡσσω, to discuss antiquities or things out of date. From

ἀρχαιο-λόγος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος, λέγω) one who writes ancient history.

ἀρχαιο-μελῆ-σιδωνο-φρύνιχ-ἡρᾶτος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος, μέλος, Σιδώνιος, Φρύνιχος, ἡρᾶτος) μέλη ἀρχ. dear old songs from Phrynicus's Phoenissæ.

ἀρχαῖον, (sub. δάνειον), τό, properly neut. of ἀρχαῖος, the original sum, the principal, Lat. sors.

ἀρχαῖο-πλουτος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος, πλούτος) rich from olden time.

ἀρχαιο-πρεπής, ἐς, (ἀρχαῖος, πρέπω) distinguished of old, time-honoured.

ἀρχαῖος, α, ον, (ἀρχή 1) from the beginning, ancient: in good sense, time-honoured; but in bad sense, like ἀρχαῖκος, antiquated, gone by: also simple, silly. 2. ancient, former.

ἀρχαῖο-τροπος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος, τρόπος) old-fashioned.

ἀρχ-αιρεσία, ἡ, (ἀρχή, εἴρεσις) an election of magistrates, Lat. Comitia. Hence

ἀρχαιρεσιάζω, f. σω, to hold the Comitia: also to canvass for election.

ἀρχαῖως, Adv. of ἀρχαῖος, anciently. 2. in antiquated style.

ἀρχε-, insep. Prefix from ἀρχω, with idea of excellence or superiority.

ἀρχεῖον, Ion. ἀρχήιον, τό, properly neut. of an Adj. ἀρχεῖος, α, ον, (ἀρχή 1):—a public building, such as a town-hall, senate-house, residence of the chief magistrates, Lat. Curia.

ἀρχέ-κῆκος, ον, (ἀρχε-, κακός) beginner of ill.

ἀρχέ-λαός, ον, Att. ἀρχέ-λεως, ον, (ἐρχε-, λαός) leading the people, a chief, contr. ἀρχέ-λαῦς.

ἀρχήμενος, P. inf. of ἀρχω.

ἀρχέ-πλουτος, ον, (ἀρχε-, πλούτος) enjoying ancient wealth.

ἐρχεσθαι, ὁ, Dor. for ἐρχέτης, (ἀρχω) a leader, prince. II as Adj., ἐρχεσθαι ὀνόμος a princely throne.

ἐρχέ-τυπον, τό, (ἐρχε-, τύπος) an archetype, pattern, model.

ἀρχεῖν, f. σω, (ἀρχω) to command, lead.

ἀρχέ-χορος, ον, (ἀρχε-, χορός) leading the chorus or dance.

ἌΡΧΗ, ἡ, a beginning, first cause, origin; κατ' ἀρχάς in the beginning, at first; ἐξ ἀρχῆς from the first; absol., ἀρχὴν at first; οὐκ ἀρχὴν not at first, i. e. never at all, not at all, like Lat. omnino non. 2. a first principle, element. 3. in plur., = ἀπαρχαὶ firstlings. 4. the corner of a sheet. II. supreme power, sovereignty, dominion, Διὸς ἀρχή; c. gen. rei, ἀρχὴ τῆς Ἀσίας power over Asia:—also an empire. 2. in Att. prose, a magistracy, office in the government: they were mostly obtained in two ways, χειροτονηταὶ by election, κληρωταὶ by lot.

ἀρχη-γενής, ἐς, (ἀρχω, γενέσθαι) causing the first beginning of a thing.

ἀρχηγετεύω, f. σω, to be a leader or ruler; and ἀρχηγετέω, f. ἡσσω, to make a beginning. From ἀρχ-ηγέτης, ον, ὁ: fem. ἀρχηγέτις, ἰδος, but dat. ἀρχηγέτι: Dor. ἀρχηγέτης: (ἀρχή, ἡγέομαι) a leader: the founder of a city or family. II. as

first leader, prince, chief.

ἀρχ-ηγός, Dor. ἀρχ-ᾱγός, ὅν, (ἀρχή, ἡγέομαι) beginning, originating. II. as Subst. like ἀρχ-ηγέτης, a leader, founder, Lat. auctor; a first father. 2. a prince, chief.

ἀρχῆθεν, Adv. (ἀρχή) from the beginning.

ἀρχήιον, τό, Ion. for ἀρχεῖον.

ἀρχῆν, Adv., v. ἀρχή 1.

ἌΡΧΙ-, insep. Prefix from ἀρχω, like ἀρχε-.

ἀρχιδιον, τό, Dim. of ἀρχή, a little office.

ἀρχιερατικός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀρχιερεῖς) belonging to the Chief Priest.

ἀρχιερεῖς, ἐως, ὁ: Ion. nom. ἀρχιερεῖς, εω; also ἀρχιερεῖς, whence acc. pl. ἀρχιερέας: (ἀρχω, ιερεῖς) chief priest, high priest.

ἀρχ-ιερωσύνη, ἡ, (ἀρχι-, ιερωσύνη) the chief priest-hood.

ἀρχι-θάλασσοι, ον, (ἀρχι-, θάλασσα) ruling the sea.

ἀρχιθεωρέω, f. ἡσσω, to be ἀρχιθεωρός. From ἀρχι-θεωρός, ὁ, (ἀρχι-, θεωρός) the chief of a theoria or sacred embassy.

ἀρχι-κλῶψ, ὅς, α, a chief of robbers.

ἀρχι-κύβητος, ὁ, ὅν, (ἀρχή) royal. 2. fit for rule: skilled in government.

ἀρχι-κυβερνήτης, ον, ὁ, a chief pilot.

ἀρχι-κύβητος, ὁ, a chief comedian.

ἀρχι-οινόχοος, ὁ, a chief cupbearer.

ἀρχι-παιρατής, οὔ, ὁ, a chief of pirates.

ἀρχι-ποιμήν, gen. ενος, ὁ, (ἀρχι-, ποιμήν) a chief shepherd.

ἀρχι-πρεῖς, ὁ, Ion. for ἀρχιερεῖς.

ἀρχι-συναγωγός, ὁ, (ἀρχι-, συναγωγή) the ruler of a synagogue.

ἀρχιτεκτονέω, f. ἡσσω, to be a chief builder or architect: to construct, contrive, Lat. struere. From

ἀρχι-τέκτων, ονος, ὁ, a master-builder, director of

works, architect, engineer: generally, an author, contriver.

ἀρχι-τελώνης, *ov, δ, a chief collector of taxes. chief publican.*

ἀρχι-τρίκλινος, *δ, the president of a banquet or triclinium, so called because the guests reclined on couches placed along three sides of the table.*

ἀρχός, *δ, a leader, chief, commander. From*

ἄΡΧΩ, *f. ἀρχω: aor. 2 ἤρξα: pf. ἤρξα:—more commonly in Med. ἀρχομαι: fut. ἀρξομαι: aor. I ἤρξαμην: pf. ἤρξαμαι:—Pass., fut. ἀρχθήσομαι: aor. I ἤρχθην.*

I. of Time, *to begin: c. gen. to make a beginning of a thing, ἀρχειν πολέμοιο: with inf. or part., ἀρχεσθαι οικοδομεῖν to begin to build; ἡ ψυχή ἀρχεται ἀπολείπουσα the soul begins to sink.*

2. *to begin from or with: ἀρχεσθαι Διός, to begin from Jove, Lat. a Jove principium.*

3. *c. gen. rei et dat. pers., ἀρχειν θεοῖς δαίτοσι to make preparations for a banquet to the gods:—Med. also in a religious sense, like ἀπαρχεσθαι, ἀρχεσθαι μελών to begin a sacrifice with the limbs.*

4. *c. acc., ἀρχειν ὁδόν τινα, to shew him the way:—imperat., ἀρχε begin!—part. ἀρχόμενος, at first.*

II. of Place and Station, mostly *c. gen. to rule, be leader of:—more rarely c. dat., ἀνδράσιν ἀρχειν:—c. acc. cognato, ἀρχειν ἀρχήν to hold an office.*

2. *Pass. to be ruled or governed: οἱ ἀρχόμενοι, subjects.*

ἀρχων, *οντος, δ, (properly part. of ἀρχω) a ruler, captain, chief, king.*

2. *οἱ Ἀρχοντες, the chief magistrates at Athens, nine in number, the first being called emphatically ὁ Ἀρχων or Ἀρχων ἐπ' ἀννυμος, the second ὁ Βασιλεὺς, the third ὁ Πολέμαρχος, the remaining six οἱ Θεσμοθέται.*

*ἈΡΩ, a form assumed as the Root of ἀραρίσκω.

ἀρῶ [ᾱ], *fut. of αἰρῶ: but ἀρῶ [ᾱ], of αἰρῶ.*

ἀρωγή, *ἡ, (ἀρήγω) help, succour, protection; ἀρωγή νόσου help against disease.*

ἀρωγο-ναύτης, *ου, δ, (ῥωγός. ναύτης) helper of sailors.*

ἄρωγός, *όν, (ἀρήγω) helping, aiding, propitiuous; c. gen. useful in a thing.*

II. as Subst. ἄρωγός, *δ, a helper, defender, an advocate before a tribunal.*

*ἈΡΩΜΑ, *τό, any seasoning, spice.*

ἄρωμα, *τό, (ἀρώω) corn-land, Lat. arum.*

ἀράμεναι, *Ep. for ἀρῶν, contr. from ἀροῦμεναι, pres. inf. of ἀρῶ.*

ἀραιός, *Dor. for ἀρουαῖος.*

ᾄς, *ᾄς or ᾄς, Aeol. and Dor. for ἔως, till, until.*

ᾄς, *Dor. gen. for ἤς, from ὅς, ἡ, ὅ.*

ᾄσαι, *contr. for ἀᾄσαι, aor. I inf. of ἀᾄω, to burn.*

ᾄσαι, *aor. I inf. of ᾄω, to satiate.*

ᾄσαι, *contr. for ἀᾄσαι, aor. I inf. of ἀᾄω.*

ᾄσαιμ, *aor. I opt. of ᾄω, to satiate.*

ᾄ-σακτος, *ον, (a privat., σακτός) not trodden down.*

ᾄ-σάλλμινος, *ον, (a privat., Σάλαμι) not having been at Salamis, no true seaman. [μν]*

ᾄ-σάλευτος, *ον, (a privat., σαλευτός) unshaken, calm.*

ᾄ-σάμεν, *I plur. aor. 2 of ᾄω, to sleep.*

ᾄ-σάμνθος, *ἡ, a bathing-tub. (Deriv. uncertain.)*

ᾄ-σάνῳ, ᾄ-σάνῳ, ᾄ-σάνῳ, *Lacon. for ᾄ-σάνῳ.*

ᾄ-σάνδαλος, *ον, (a privat., σάνδαλον) without sandals.*

ᾄ-σαντος, *ον, (a privat., σάντω) not to be flattered, harsh, morose.*

ᾄ-σαρκος, *ον, (a privat., σάρξ) without flesh, lean.*

ᾄ-σατο, *contr. for ἀσάτο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ᾄω, to burn.*

ᾄ-σασθαι, *aor. I med inf. of ᾄω, to satiate.*

ᾄ-σάφεια, *ἡ, indistinctness. From*

ᾄ-σάφης, *ἑς, (a privat., σαφής) indistinct, dim, faint; uncertain, obscure. Adv. -φώς, indistinctly.*

ᾄ-σάω, *f. ἤσω, (ᾄση) to surfeit, cloy, satiate:—Pass. ᾄ-σάομαι, with aor. I pass. ᾄσῆθην, and med. ᾄ-σάμην, to feel loathing or nausea, to be disgusted or vexed at a thing.*

ᾄ-βεστος, *ον, also ἡ, ον, (a privat., σβεστός) unquenched, not to be quenched: endless, ceaseless.*

II. as Subst., ᾄ-βεστος *(sub. τίτανος); ἡ, unslaked lime. 2. asbestos, a mineral which resists the action of fire.*

*ἈΣΒΟΛΟΣ, *ἡ, rarely ὁ, also ἀσβόλη, ἡ, soot.*

ᾄ-σε, *for ᾄσε, 3 sing. aor. I of ᾄω, to burn.*

ᾄ-σεβεια, *ἡ, (ἀσεβής) impiety, profaneness.*

ᾄ-σεβης, *f. ἤσω, (ἀσεβής) to act profanely or impiously, sin against the gods. Hence*

ᾄ-σεβημα, *ατος, τό, an impious act, a sin.*

ᾄ-σεβής, *ἑς, (a privat., σέβω) ungodly, unboly, profane.*

ᾄ-σειν, *fut. inf. of ᾄω, to satiate. [ᾱ]*

ᾄ-σείρωτος, *ον, (a privat., σείρω) not drawing by a trace (but by the yoke), of the two middle horses in a team of four abreast, the outer two being called σείραφοι.*

ᾄ-σέλαστος, *ον, (a privat., σέλας) not lighted.*

ᾄ-σεληνῶν, *f. ᾄνῳ: pf. pass. ἡσέλημαι: (ᾄσελ-γής):—to behave licentiously.*

ᾄ-σελγεια, *ἡ, (ᾄσελγής) licentiousness.*

ᾄ-σελγής, *ἑς, (a privat., θέλω) licentious, brutal.*

Adv. -ᾄς, *extravagantly.*

ᾄ-σελήνος, *ον, (a privat., σελήνη) without moon.*

ᾄ-σεπτέω, *= ἀσεβέω, to act impiously. From*

ᾄ-σεπτος, *ον, (a privat., σέβω) not to be revered, unboly.*

ᾄ-σεσθε, *2 pl. fut. med. of ᾄω, to satiate.*

ᾄ-σεύμαι, *Dor. for ἀείσομαι, Att. ᾄσομαι, fut. of ἀείδω.*

ᾄ-ση, *ἡ, (ᾄω, to satiate) surfeit, loathing, disgust. 2. generally, anguish, distress.*

ᾄ-σηθής, ᾄ-σηθῆναι, *aor. I pass. subj. and inf. of ᾄσῶ.*

ᾄ-σημαντος, *ον, (a privat., σημαίνω) without leader, untended. II. unsealed, unmarked.*

ᾄ-σημος, *ον, (a privat., σημα) without sign or mark; ᾄ-σημος χρυσός uncoined gold; ᾄ-σημα ὅπλα arms without device. II. of sacrifices, etc., giving no sign, obscure.*

III. indistinct, unseen, unheard: of sounds, inarticulate. 2. of persons and places, unknown, obscure, ignoble.

ἀσήμενον, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, = ἀσήμενος.
ἀσθενεία, ἡ, (ἀσθενής) want of strength, weakness, sickness. 2. a disease.

ἀσθενέω, *ῖ*, ἡσώ, (ἀσθενής) to be weak, feeble, sickly.
ἀσθενημα, *ατος*, τό, (ἀσθενής) an infirmity.
ἀσθενής, *ῆς*, (a privat., σθένης) without strength, weak: feeble, sickly. 2. of property, poor: οἱ ἀσθενέστεροι the weaker sort, i. e. the poor. 3. insignificant: so of streams, small.

ἀσθενώ, *ῖ*, ὥσω, (ἀσθενής) to weaken.
ἀσθενῶς, Adv. of ἀσθενής, weakly, feebly, slightly.
ἀσθμα, *ατος*, τό, (ἀσθ, to blow) hard-drawn breath, panting, gasping from toil. II. a breath, breathing.
ἀσθμαίνω, (ἀσθμα) to breathe hard, gasp for breath.
Ἀσι-άρχης, *ον*, δ, (Ἀσία, ἀρχω) an Asiarch, the highest religious official under the Romans in the province of Asia.

Ἀσιάς, *ἄδος*, ἡ, (Ἀσία) fem. Adj. Asiatic: ἡ Ἀσιάς (with or without κιθάρα), the lyre as improved by Cepion of Lesbos.

Ἀσιατο γένης, *ῆς*, (Ἀσία, γένος) of Asiatic descent.

ἀσίδηρος, *ον*, (a privat., σίδηρος) not of iron. 2. without sword.

ἀσίνης, *ῆς*, (a privat., σίνωμα) of persons, unburt, unharmed: of things, undamaged. II. act. not harming, doing no harm: innocent. 2. protecting from harm. Hence

ἀσινῶς, Adv. innocently: Sup. ἀσινέστατα.

ἄσιος, *α*, *ον*, (ἄσις) slimy, miry.

ἌΣΙΣ, *εως*, ἡ, slime, mud.

ἀσitrῆς, *ῆς*, ἡσώ, (ἀσitrῆς) to go without food, to fast.

ἀσitrία, ἡ, want of food, fasting. From

ἀσitrῆς, *ον*, (a privat., σitrῆς) without eating, fasting.

ἀσκάλαρος or ἀσκάλαρῶτης, ὁ, a kind of lizard.

ἀσκάλος, *ον*, (a privat., σκάλλω) unboed, undug.

ἀσκάτης, *ον*, δ, a mean bed. II. a bier.

ἀσκαρδαμικτῆς and -κτῆ, Adv. of ἀσκαρδαμικτος, without blinking, without unchanged look.

ἀσκαρδαμικτος, *ον*, (a privat., σκαρδαμύσσω) not blinking, with steady impudent look. II. of time, in a twinkling.

ἀσκέλης, *ῆς*, (a euphon., σκέλλω) dried up, withered. 2. neut. ἀσκέλες, as Adv., also ἀσκέλεως, obstinately, stubbornly.

ἀσκέπαρος, *ον*, (a privat., σκέπαρον) unbewit.

ἀσκεπτος, *ον*, (a privat., σκέφομαι fut. of σπονέω) inconsiderate:—Adv. -τως, inconsiderately. II. unconsidered, unobserved.

ἀσκευής, *ῆς*, = ἀσκευος.

ἀσκευος, *ον*, (a privat., σκευή) unfurnished: c. gen. unfurnished with . . ., ἀσκευος ἀσπίδων τε καὶ σπαραγῶν.

ἈΣΚΕΪΩ, *ῖ*, ἡσώ: pf. ἡσκηκα, pass. ἡσκημαι:—to work curiously, fashion, dress out, adorn: also, 2. to honour a divinity, Lat. colere. II. in Att.

and prose, to practise, exercise, Lat. exercere: said either of the person, as, ἀσκεῖν τὸ σῶμα to exercise the body; or of the thing, as, ἀσκεῖν τέχνην to practise an art. 2. c. inf., ἀσκέω τοιαύτη μένεν I prac-

tise or endeavour to remain such. 3. absol. to practise, train.

ἀσκηθῆς, *ῆς*, unburt, unharmed: unscathed. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀσκημα, *ατος*, τό, (ἀσκέω) an exercise.

ἀσκηνος, *ον*, (a privat., σκήνη) without tents.

ἀσκησις, *εως*, ἡ, (ἀσκέω) exercise, training: ἀσκησῖ τινος practice of or in a thing. II. a trade, profession, Lat. ars.

ἀσκητός, *α*, *ον*, verb. Adj. of ἀσκέω, to be practised.

ἀσκητής, *ου*, δ, (ἀσκέω) one who practises any art or trade, opp. to ἰδιώτης: an athlete. Hence

ἀσκητικός, *ῆς*, *ον*, industrious: athletic.

ἀσκητός, *ῆς*, *ον*, (ἀσκέω) curiously wrought. 2.

exercised in a thing. 3. to be acquired by practice as opp. to διδακτός.

ἀσκιος, *α*, *ον*, (a privat., σκιά) without shade.

ἀσκήτων, *ονος*, δ, ἡ, (a privat., σκήτων) without a staff. [i]

Ἀσκληπιεῖον, τό, the temple of Aesculapius. From Ἀσκληπιός, δ, Asclepius, Lat. Aesculapius, in Homer a Thessalian prince, famous as a physician: later, son of Apollo and Coronis, tutelary god of medicine.

ἀσκοπος, *ον*, (a privat., σκοπέω) not seeing: imprudent: unregardful of, τινός. II. pass. unseen. 2. not to be seen, obscure: incredible.

ἌΣΚΟΣ, δ, a leathern bag, a wineskin. 2. generally, an animal's hide:—proverb, ἀσκὸν δέρειν τινά to flay one alive: ἀσκὸς δεδάρθαι to be flayed alive ἀσκάλια, τά, (ἀσκάς) the second day of the rural Dionysia, on which they danced upon wine-skins. Hence

Ἀσκολιάζω, *ῖ*, *σω*, to dance as at the Ascolia.

ἄσκιωμα, *ατος*, τό, (ἀσκάς) the leather padding of the hole which served for the row-lock, put there to make the oar work easily.

ᾄσμα, τό, (ᾄδω) a song, lay.

ᾄσματo-κάμπτης, *ον*, δ, (ᾄσμα, κάμπτης) twister of song.

ᾄσμενος, *η*, *ον*, as if for ἡσμένος, perf. pass. part. of ἡδωμαι: well-pleased, glad: often in dat., ᾄσμενός μοι ἂν εἴη it would be to me well-pleased, glad should I be of it:—Comp. ᾄσμενότερος, -έστερος and -αίτερος. Adv. -ως, gladly, readily.

ᾄσομαι, contr. for ᾄδωμαι, fut. of αἰδω, to sing.

ἄσσοφος, *ον*, (a privat., σοφός) unwise, foolish.

ἈΣΠΛΑΖΟΜΑΙ, fut. ᾄσομαι: Dep.:—to welcome kindly, bid welcome, greet, Lat. salutare: also to greet on taking leave. 2. to embrace, kiss, caress. 3. to cling fondly to, cleave to, as a disciple to his master. 4. ἀσπάζεσθαι ὅτι . . . to be glad that . . .

ἀσπάλω, Ion. impf. ἀσπαίρεσκον, (a euphon., σπάλω) to pant, gasp, struggle convulsively.

ἀσπάλαθος, δ, a sweet-scented shrub.

ἀσπάργος, Att. ἀσπάργος, δ, asparagus.

ἀσπαρτος, *ον*, (a privat., σπείρω) of land, unsown, unwilld: of plants, not sown, growing wild.

ἀσπάσιος, c, ov, also os, ov, (ἀσπάζομαι) *welcome, well-pleasing*. II. *well-pleased, glad*. Hence

ἀσπασίως, Adv. *readily, gladly*.

ἀσπασμα, atos, τό, (ἀσπάζομαι) *a welcome, greeting*: in plur. *embraces*.

ἀσπασμός, ό, (ἀσπάζομαι) *an embrace: affection*.

ἀσπαστός, ή, ov, = ἀσάσιος, *welcome*.

ἀ-σπειστός, ov, (a privat., σπένδομαι) *to be appeased by no libations, implacable*.

ἀ-σπερμος, ov, (a privat., σπέρμα) *without seed, i.e. without posterity*.

ἀ-σπερχής, Adv., (a euphon., σπέρχω) *basily, botly, unceasingly*.

ἀ-σπετος, ov, (a privat., εἰπεῖν) *unspeakable, unutterable, unspeakably great*: neut. ἀσπετον as Adv., *unspeakably*:—but, φανή ἀσπετος an indistinct voice.

ἀσπίδ-αποβλής, ήτος, ό, (ἀσπίς, ἀποβάλλω) *one that throws away his shield, a runaway, coward*.

ἀσπίδ-στρέφος, ov, (ἀσπίς, στρέφω) *wielding a shield*.

ἀσπίδ-φόρος, ov, (ἀσπίς, φέρω) *shield-bearing: as Subst. a shield-bearer, warrior*.

ἀσπίδιώτης, ό, (ἀσπίς) *shield-bearing, a warrior*.

ἀσπίδ-οῦχος, ό, (ἀσπίς, ἔχω) *a shield-bearer*.

ἀσπίδοπηγεῖον, τό, an armourer's shop. From ἀσπίδο-πηγός, ό, (ἀσπίς, πήγνυμι) *a shield-maker*.

ἀσπίδο-φέρμων, ov, gen. ovos, (ἀσπίς, φέρβω) *living by the shield, a warrior*.

ἀ-σπίλος, ό, ή, (a privat., σπίλος) *without stain, spotless, pure*.

ἈΣΠΙΣ, ίδος, ή, a round shield, Lat. *clipeus*, made of bull's hide, overlaid with metal plates, with a boss (ὀμφαλός) in the middle, and fringed with tassels (θύσανοι): the long oblong shield was ὅπλον, Lat. *scutum*.

2. in common language used for a body of men-at-arms (ὀπλίται), δεκασιχιλίη ἀσπίς 8000 heavy-armed men; ἐπ' ἀσπίδας πέντε καὶ εἰκοσι τάξασθαι to draw men up twenty-five deep; ἐπ' ἀσπίδα, παρ' ἀσπίδα on or to the left, right shoulders forward, because the shield was held with the left hand, opp to ἐπὶ δόρυ.

II. as asp, a kind of snake.

ἀσπιστής, ήρος, ό, and ἀσπιστής, ου, ό, (ἀσπίς) *one armed with a shield, a warrior*: also ἀσπιστωρ, as Adj., κλόνος ἀσπιστορος din of shielded warriors.

ἀ-σπλαγχνος, ov, (a privat., σπλάγχνα) *without bowels: metaph. heartless or merciless*.

ἀσπονδός, Adv. *implacably*. From

ἀσπονδος, ov, (a privat., σπονδή) *without drink-offering, to whom no drink-offering is poured*. II. *without regular truce* (which was ratified by σπονδαί): τὸ ἀσπονδον a keeping out of treaty or covenant with others.

III. admitting of no truce, implacable; ἀσπονδος ἀρά a deadly curse.

ἀ-σπουδάζος, ov, (a privat., σπουδάζω) *not zealously pursued*. II. *not worth zeal, mischievous*.

ἀ-σπουδής and ἀ-σπουδής, Adv. (a privat., σπουδῆ) *without zeal: without a struggle, ignobly*.

ἄσσα, Att. ἅπτα, Ion. for ἔτινα, new vl. of ὅστις, which, whichever, what, whatever.

ἄσσα, Att. ἅπτα, Ion. for τινά, something, some.

ἄσσοριον, τό, Dim. of Lat. as, a farthing.

ἄσσον, Adv., Comp. of ἀγγι, nearer: sometimes c. gen., ἄσσον ἐμεῖο nearer to me:—also Adv. ἄσσοτέρω, whence was formed the Comp. Adj. ἄσσοτέρος, Sup. ἄσσοτάτος, Adv. ἄσσοτάτω.

ἄσσω, Att. contr. for δίσσω.

ἀ-σταθής, ές, (a privat., ἵσταμαι) *unsteady, unstable*.

ἀ-στάθμητος, ov, (a privat., σταθμάομαι) *unsteady unstable: of things, uncertain*.

ἀ-στακτος, ov, (a privat., στάζω) *not trickling, i.e. gushing in streams*:—Adv. ἀστακτί, in floods.

ἀ-στασίαστος, ov, (a privat., στασιάζω) *without party-spirit, quiet*. Adv. —τως.

ἀσθδένω, f. ήσω, to be unstable: be a wanderer. From ἀ-σθδτος, ov, (a privat., ἵσταμαι) *not steadfast, uncertain, unstable*.

ἀσθαβήντις, ίδος, ή, fem. Adj. consisting of raisins. [δ] From

ἀ-σθδψς, ίδος, ή, (a euphon., σταψίς) *a raisin*.

ἀσθαβέσων, dat. pl. of

ἀ-σθδχς, vos, ό, (a euphon., σταχς) *an ear of corn*.

ἀ-στέγαστος, ov, (a privat., στεγάω) *uncovered, of a ship, undecked; δια τὸ ἀστέγαστον from their having no shelter*.

ἀστέζομαι, Dep. to be witty. From

ἀστεῖος, ov, also α, ov, (ἀστν) *of the town; then, like Lat. urbanus, courteous, polite, witty, elegant, neat, pretty: opp. to ἀγροικος*.

ἀ-σταπτος, ov, (a privat., στείβω) *untrod den*.

ἀ-στεμφής, ές, (a privat., στέμβω) *unmoved, unshaken*: Adv., ἀστεμφέως ἔχειν τινά to hold one fast.

2. of persons, inexorable.

ἀ-στένακτος, ov, (a privat., στενάζω) *without sigh or groan: without need for groans*.

ἀστέον, verb. Adj. of ἄδω, one must sing.

ἀ-στεπτος, ov, (a privat., στέφω) *uncrowned: hence, unhonoured*.

ἀστεργ-ἄνωρ, opos, ό, ή, (ἀστεργή, ἀνήρ) *without love of man, bating wedlock*. [γδ]

ἔ-στεργής, ές, (a privat., στέργω) *without love, unkind, hateful*.

ἀστερο-ειδής, ές, (ἀστήρ, είδος) *starry*.

ἀστερόεις, εσσα, ev, (ἀστήρ) *starry: sparkling glittering*.

ἀστεροπή, ή, poet. for ἀστραπή, lightning. Hence

ἀστεροπητής, ου, ό, the lightener.

ἀστερ-ωπός, ov, (ἀστήρ, ὤψ) *starry: star-like, bright*.

ἀ-στέφανος, ov, (a privat., στέφανος) *without crown, ungarnished*.

ἀ-στέφάνωτος, ov, (a privat., στεφανώω) *not crowned*.

ἀστή, ή, fem. of ἀστέας, a female citizen.

ἀσθήλως, ov, (a privat., στήλη) *without tombstone*.

ἈΣΤΗΡ, ό, gen. έπος: dat. pl. ἀστρασι, Lat. ASTRUM, a star.

2. any luminous body, a meteor.

ἀσθήρικτος, *ov*, (a privat., στηρίζω) *not firmly fixed, unsettled, unstable.*

ἀσπίβης, *ēs*, (a privat., στείβω) *not to be trodden, holy.* 2. *untrodden, solitary.*

ἀστυκός, *ῆ, ὄν*, (ἀστυ) of a city or town, opp. to country: τὰ ἀστυκὰ Διονύσια, like τὰ κατ' ἄστυ, the Dionysia celebrated in the city; cf. sub Διονύσια II: also native, opp. to ξενικός foreign. II. = ἀστέιος, *veal, pretty.*

ἀστυκτος, *ov*, (a privat., στίζω) *not branded, not marked with spots.*

ἀσπλέγγυτος, *ov*, (a privat., σπλεγγίζω) *not scraped by the strigil, unclean, dirty.*

ἀστολος, *ov*, (a privat., στολή) *without the stole.*

ἀστομος, *ov*, (a privat., στόμα) *speechless.* II. of horses, *hard-mouthed, unmanageable.* III. of dogs, *bad-mouthed, unable to bite.* IV. of a sword, *without edge.*

ἀσπύ-ξενος, *ὁ, ῆ*, (ἀστυ, ξένος) *the public guest of a city.*

ἀστοργος, *ov*, (a privat., στέργω) *without natural affection, heartless, barbarous.*

ἀσός, *ὁ*, (ἀστυ) *a townsman, citizen, fellow-citizen, opp. to ξένος.*

ἀστοχέω, *ῆ, ῶ*, to miss the mark: to fail. From ἀστοχος, *ov*, (a privat., στόχος) *missing the mark, aiming badly: aimless, absurd.*

ἀ-ντραβή, *ῆ, α* pack-saddle, an easy saddle. From ἀντραβής, *ēs*, (a privat., στραφῆναι) *untwisted, straight.*

ἀσπραγάλη, *ῆ, Ion.* for ἀσπράγαλος III. ἀσπράγγος, *ὁ, ὄν*, one of the vertebrae of the neck. II. *the ankle bone, Lat. talus.* III. mostly in plur. ἀσπράγγα, *ol, dice*, which at first were made of the ankle-bones, *Lat. tali*: hence *the game of dice.*

They had only 4 flat sides, whereas the κύβοι had 6: they played with 4; the best throw was when all came different, Ἀφροδίτη, *Lat. jactus Veneris*; the worst, when all came alike, κύων, *Lat. canis.*

ἈΣΤΡΑΠΗ, *ῆ, α* flash of lightning, lightning. [ἀπ] ἀσπράπηφορέω, *ῆ, ῶ*, to carry lightnings. From ἀσπράπη-φόρος, *ov*, (ἀσπράπη, φέρω) *lightning-bearing, flashing.*

ἀσπράπτω, *ῆ, ψω*, (ἀσπράπη) *to lighten: impers., ἀσπράπτει it lightning: trans. to flash forth.* II. *intr. to flash or glance like lightning.*

ἀσπράσι, *dat. pl.* of ἀσπρή.

ἀσπράτεια, *ῆ, α* privat., σπράττειν) *exemption from service.* 2. *a shunning of service, which at Athens was a heavy offence; φεύγειν γραφήν ἀσπράτειας* to be indicted for it; ἀσπράτειας ἀλῶναι to be convicted of it.

ἀσπράτευτος, *ov*, (a privat., σπράτεύω) *exempt from service.* 2. *never having served.*

ἀσπρεπτος, *ov*, (a privat., σπρέφω) *not to be bent: of persons, unbending.*

ἀστρο-γείτων, *ov*, *gen. onos*, (ἄστρον, γείτων) *near the stars.*

ἀστρολογία, *ῆ, astrology.* From ἀστρο-λόγος, *ὁ*, (ἀστρον, λέγω) *an astronomer: later, an astrologer.*

ἈΣΤΡΟΝ, *τό, Lat. ASTRUM, a star, constellation.*

ἀστρονομέω, *ῆ, ῶ*, and ἀστρονομίζω, *ῆ, ῶ*, to be an astronomer, study astronomy: and ἀστρονομία, *ῆ, astronomy.* From ἀστρο-νόμος, *ov*, (ἀστρον, νόμος); classing the stars as Subst., ἀστρονόμος, *ὁ*, an astronomer.

ἀστροφος, *ov*, (a privat., στρέφω) *without turning round, Lat. irretortus; ἀστροφος ἐλθεῖν to go without turning the back.*

ἀστρῆος, *α, ov*, (ἀστρον) of the stars, starry. ἀστρ-ωπός, *ὄν*, = ἀστεροπός.

ἀστροφος, *ov*, (a privat., στρώννυμι) *without bed or bedding: unsmoothed, rugged.*

ἈΣΤΥ, *τό, gen. eos, contr. ovs*, also *eos*:—a city. town: the Athenians called their own city Ἀστυ, as the Romans called theirs Urbs; though ἄστυ also denoted the Upper Town, as opp. to Peiræus.

ἀστυ-ἀναξ, *ακτος, ὁ*, (ἀστυ, ἀναξ) *lord of the city.*

ἀστυ-βοάτης, *ov*, *ὁ*, (ἀστυ, βοάω) *crying through the city, epith. of a herald.*

ἀστυ-γείτων, *ov*, *gen. onos*, (ἀστυ, γείτων) *near or bordering on a city: as Subst. a neighbour.*

ἀστυς, *Adv.* (ἀστυ) *into, to, or towards the city.*

ἀστυκός, *ῆ, ὄν*, = ἀστυκός.

ἀστυλος, *ov*, (a priv., στυλος) *without pillar or prop.*

ἀστυνίκος, (ἀστυ, νίκη) *victorious.*

ἀστυνομέω, *ῆ, to be an αστυνόμος.* From ἀστυ-νόμος, *ὁ*, (ἀστυ, νέμω) *a magistrate at Athens, who had the care of the police, streets, and public buildings: they were ten in number, five for the City and five for the Peiræus.* II. as Adj. *protecting cities: also public, social; δργαί αστυνόμοι the feelings of social life.*

ἀστυ-όχος, *ov*, (ἀστυ, ἔχω) *keeping the city.*

ἀστυφύλκτος, *ov*, (a privat., στυφελίζω) *unsbaken.*

ἀστυφελος, *ov*, (a privat., στυφελός) *not rocky.*

ἀσυνγνώμων, *ov*, (a privat., συγγνώμων) *without forgiveness, relentless, merciless.*

ἀσυνκέρastos, *ov*, (a privat., συγκέρastos) *not to be mixed.*

ἀσυνκομίastos, *ov*, (a privat., συγκομίastos) *not gathered together, unprepared.*

ἀσύνκριτος, *ov*, (a privat., σύγκριτος) *not to be mixed, unsocial.*

ἀσυνγκρίτης, *ov*, see ἀσύνκριτος.

ἀσυκοφάντητος, *ov*, (a privat., συκοφαντέω) *not calumniated.*

ἀσυλαίος, *α, ov*, (ἀ-σῦλον) *of an asylum.*

ἀσύλητος, *ov*, (a privat., συλάω) *inviolable.*

ἀσύληα, *ῆ*, (ἀσῦλος) *inviolability, security, esp. of a suppliant.*

ἀσυλλόγιστος, *ov*, (a privat., συλλογίζομαι) *unable to reason:—Adv., ἀσυλλογίστως ἔχειν to be unable to reason.*

ἀσύλος, *ov*, (a privat., σύλη) *free from plunder:*

undarmed, inviolate: also c. gen., γάμον ἀσυλος safe from marriage.
 ἀ-σύμβατος, ov, (a privat., συμβαίνω) not coming: terms: incompatible. Adv. -τως.
 ἀ-σύμβλητος, ov, (a privat., συμβάλλω) not to be guessed, unintelligible.
 ἀ-σύμβολος, ov, (a privat., σύμβολον) without paying one's contribution or subscription.
 ἀ-σύμμετρος, ov, (a privat., σύμμετρος) incommensurate. II. disproportionate, unequal.
 ἀ-συμπαθής, ές, (a privat., συμπαθής) without sympathy.
 ἀ-σύμφορος, ov, (a privat., συμφέρω) inexpedient, useless: prejudicial, like Lat. inutilis. Adv. -τως.
 ἀ-σύμφωνος, ov, (a privat., σύμφωνος) not accordant.
 ἀ-σύνδετος, ov, (a privat., συνδέω) unconnected.
 ἀσυνεστία, ή, (ἀσύνετος) want of understanding or apprehension, stupidity.
 ἀ-σύνετος, Att. ἀ-ξύνετος, ov, (a privat., συνετός) void of understanding, stupid. II. unintelligible. Adv. -τως. [5]
 ἀ-συνήμων, Att. ἀ-ξυνήμων, ov, gen. ovos, (a privat., συνήμη) without understanding.
 ἀ-συνήθετος, Att. ἀ-ξυνήθετος, ov, (a privat., συντήθεμαι, cf. συνθήκη) void by no treaties, faithless. Adv. -τως.
 ἀ-σύντακτος, Att. ἀ-ξύντακτος, ov, (a privat., συντάσσω) not arranged together, esp. of soldiers, not in battle-order: hence disorderly. II. unsocial.
 III. ill-proportioned. IV. not assessed, free from taxes.
 ἀ-σύντονος, ov, (a privat., συντείνω) not strained, slack. Adv. -τως, lazily, Sup. -ώτατα.
 ἀ-συσκεύαστος, ov, (a privat., συσκευάζω) not well arranged, not convenient.
 ἀ-συστάτος, Att. ἀξύστατος, ov, (a privat., συνίσταμαι) not holding together: metaph. irregular, uneven, uncouth, rugged.
 ἀσύφλητος, ov, vile; disbonoured: also disbonouring, reproachful. (Deriv. unknown.)
 ἀσυχία, ἀσυχίμος, ἀσυχος, Dor. for ήσυχ-.
 ἀ-σφαδαστος, ov, (a privat., σφαδάζω) without consultation or struggle.
 ἀ-σφακτος, ov, (a privat., σφάττω) unslaughtered.
 ἀσφάλεια, ό, (ἀσφαλής) firmness, stability. 2. assurance from danger, security, personal safety: also safe conduct. 3. certainty, surety.
 ἀσφάλειος, ov, of Neptune, the Securer. From ἀ-σφάλής, ές, (a privat., σφάλλειν aor. 2 inf. of σφάλλω) firm, fast, steadfast. 2. of persons, unfailing, sure, trusty: of things, sure, certain. 3. safe, secure; εν ασφαλει or εξ ασφαλους, in safety; το ασφαλές safety. Hence
 ἀσφαλλίζω, f. 1ω Att. 1ω, to secure, guarantee.
 ἀσφαλισθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of ἀσφαλίζω.
 ἀσφαλιτῆτις, ov, ό, fem. -τις, ή, of asphalt, bituminous: λίμνη Ἀσφαλιτῆς, Lat. Lacus Asphaltites, the Dead Sea. [1] From

ἀσφαλτος, ov, ή, asphalt or bitumen, forming in lumps on the surface of water near Babylon, where it was used as mortar. (Foreign word.)
 ἀσφαλῶς, Ion. -ως, Adv. of ἀσφαλής, firmly, securely: Comp. ἀσφαλέστερον, Sup. -ίστατα.
 ἀ-σφάρδγος, (a euphon., σφαργίω) to ring, resound.
 ἀσφάρδγος, ό, (a euphon., σφάραγος) the broad, gullet.
 ἀσφι, ἄσφε, Aeol. for σφί, σφέ.
 ἀσφodelos, ό, asphodel, a plant like the lily. II. as Adj., ἀσφodelος λειμάν the asphodel meadow, which the shades of heroes haunted. (Deriv. unknown.)
 ἀσχαλάω, only used in pres.: Ep. 3 sing. ἀσχαλάει 3 plur. ἀσχαλάωσι, inf. ἀσχαλάειν, part. ἀσχαλάων: —another form is ἀσχάλλω. To be vexed, grieved, c. part., ἀσχαλάειν μένων to be vexed at waiting; ἀσχαλάειν τινι to be vexed at a thing; c. acc., ἀσχαλάειν θάνατον to feel a horror of death. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 ἀ-σχετος, ov, (a privat., σχαίν, aor. 2 inf. of ξχω) not to be checked or restrained, irrepressible.
 ἀσχημονέω, to behave unseemly, act indecorously; and
 ἀσχημοσύνη, ή, deformity, indecency. From ἀ-σχημων, ov, gen. ovos, (a privat., σχήμα) shameful: unseemly, shameful. Adv. ἀσχημόνως.
 II. ἀσχολία, ή, occupation, industry, business.
 want of leisure: a hindrance from other things; ἀσχολιαν παρέχειν τινι to be a hindrance to one. From ἀ-σχολος, ov, (a privat., σχολή) without leisure, busy, industrious. Adv. -ως.
 ἀσכולών, ἀσכולώσων, Ep. pres. part. and 3 plur. of ἀσχαλάω.
 ἀ-σώματος, ov, (a privat., σώμα) without body, incorporeal.
 ἀσωτία, ή, prodigality, dissoluteness. From ἀ-σωτος, ov, (a privat., σώω) not to be saved: abandoned, profligate, Lat. perditus. Adv. -τως, dissolutely.
 ἀτακτέω, f. ήσω, to be undisciplined or disorderly. 2. generally, to lead a disorderly life. From ἀ-τακτος, ov, (a privat., τάσσω) out of order, not in order of battle, not at one's post. 2. undisciplined, disorderly, irregular, lawless. Adv. -τως.
 ἀ-τάλαπυρος, ov, (a privat., ταλαίπωρος) not toiling patiently, careless, indifferent.
 ἀ-τάλαντος, ov, (a copul., τάλαντον) equal in weight, equivalent or equal to.
 ἀτάλα-φρων, ov, gen. ovos, (ἀταλός, φρήν) tender-minded.
 ἀτάλλω, only used in pres. (ἀταλός) to gambol, sport about. II. trans. to bring up a child, rear, foster: —Pass. to grow up, wax.
 ἀτάλός, ή, όν, (akin to ἀπαλός) tender, delicate.
 ἀταλό-ψυχος, ov, (ἀταλός, ψυχή) soft-hearted.
 ἀταξία, ή, (ἀτακτος) a want of discipline. 2. disorder, confusion, licentiousness.
 'ΑΤΑ'Ρ, Ep. αὐτάρ, Conjunct. but, yet, Lat. -que, to

introduce an objection; ἀνὴρ που ἐφης still thou didst say: it often stands for δέ after μέν.

ἀ-τάρακτος, ον, (α privat., τάρασσω) without confusion, cool, steady. Hence

ἀταραξία, ἡ, freedom from passion, calmness.

ἀ-ταρβής, ἐς, (α privat., τάρβος) fearless; ἀταρβῆς τῆς θείας having no fear about the sight.

ἀ-τάρβητος, ον, (α privat., ταρβέω) undaunted.

ἀταρπύτιος, ἡ, Ion. for ἀτραπιτίας.

ἀταρπύς, ἡ, Ion. for ἀτραπός.

ἀταρπυρός, ὄν, Ep. for ἀτηρός, mischievous, baneful.

ἀτασθαλία, ἡ, (ἀτάσθαλος) blind folly, presumptuous sin, recklessness.

ἀτασθάλλω, to act presumptuously. From

ἀτάσθαλος, ον, (ἀτάω, ἀτέω) presumptuous, reckless.

ἀ-ταύρωτος, ον, also ἡ, ον, (α privat., ταύρος) unwedded, virgin, pure.

ἀ-τάφος, ον, (α privat., τάφηναι) unburied.

ἀτάω, ἡ, ἴσω, (ἀτῆ) to hurt, harm: Pass. to suffer, be in distress.

ἄτε, acc. plur. neut. of ὅστε, used as Adverb, like ἄπερ, just as, as if, so as. II. only in Prose, inasmuch as, seeing that, Lat. quippe, utpote.

ἀ-τεγκτος, ον, (α privat., τέγγω) unwetted, not softened: hard-bearded, relentless.

ἀ-τερής, ἐς, (α privat., τέρω) not to be worn away: untiring, unwearied: also stubborn, unbending: wearisome.

ἀ-τείχιστος, ον, (α privat., τειχίζω) without walls and towers, unfortified. II. not walled in, not blockaded.

ἀ-τέμαρτος, ον, (α privat., τεμαίρομαι) not to be guessed, obscure, vague, dark: of men, uncertain.

Adv., ἀτεμαρτώς ἔχειν to be in the dark.

ἀτεκνία, ἡ, childlessness. From

ἀ-τεκνος, ον, (α privat., τέκνον) childless.

ἀτέλεια, ἡ, (ἀτελής) at Athens, exemption from public burdens (τέλη), Lat. immunitas.

ἀ-τέλεστος, ον, (α privat., τέλειω) without end or effect: unfinished:—neut. pl. ἀτέλεστα, as Adv., in vain. II. uninitiated in.

ἀ-τελευτήτος, ον, (α privat., τελευτάω) not coming to an end, unaccomplished. II. endless, impracticable.

ἀ-τέλευτος, ον, (α privat., τελευτή) endless.

ἀ-τέλης, ἐς, (α privat., τέλος) without end, unaccomplished. 2. ineffectual, Lat. irritus. 3. imperfect, unripe. II. act. not bringing to an end, not accomplishing a thing. III. at Athens, free from public burdens (τέλη), exempt, Lat. immunis. IV. uninitiated in a thing, τινός.

ἀτέλη, ἡ, Ion. for ἀτέλεια.

ἀτίμβω, only used in pres. to bring to harm, to maltreat, confound:—Pass. to be bereft of a thing; ἀτέμβοντα νεώτῃς they are deprived of, i. e. past, youth. (Deriv. uncertain.) [α]

ἀ-τενής, ἐς, (α copul., τείνω) strained tight: hence intent, intense: excessive. 2. straight, direct:

straightforward. 3. unbending, stubborn. II.

Adv. ἀτενώς, or ἀτενές, exceedingly. Hence

ἀτενέλω, -f. ἰσω, to look at intently, gaze at.

"ATEP, Prep. with gen. without, except, besides. II. aloof, apart, away from.

ἀ-τίραμνος, ον, (α privat., τέραμνος) unsoftened, unfeeling, inexorable.

ἀ-τεράμων [α], ον, gen. ονος, Att. for ἀτέραμνος.

ἀτερθε, before a vowel ἀτερθεν, = ἀτερ.

ἀ-τέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., τέρμα) without bounds: having no outlet, inextinguishable.

ἄτερος [α], ον, Dor. for ἕτερος, ον 2. ἄτερος [α], Att. contr. for ὁ ἕτερος, gen. θατέρου, dat. θατέρῳ, θατέρῳ etc., or with mark of crasis, θατέρου, etc.

ἀ-τερπής, ἐς, (α privat., τέρπω) unpleasing, joyless, sad. II. not enjoying a thing, τινός.

ἀ-τερπος, ον, = ἀτερπής.

ἀ-τευχής, ἐς, and ἀ-τεύχης, ον, (α privat., τεύχος) unarmed.

ἀ-τεχνος, ον, or ἀ-τεχνής, ἐς, (α privat., τέχνη) without art, unskilled, rude: of things, artificial. II. without art or cunning, simple.

ἀ-τεχνῶς, Adv. of ἀτεχνής, and ἀ-τέχνως, of ἀτεχνος, without art or skill, rudely. II. really, absolutely, utterly, Lat. plané, prorsus, in which sense it is mostly written ἀτεχνῶς; as ἀτεχνῶς ξένος ἄχω I am an utter stranger.

ἀτέω, only in part. ἀτέων, fool-hardy, reckless. From

ἀτῆ, ἡ, (ἀάω) distraction, folly, delusion: judicial blindness sent by the gods. 2. ruin, mischief: of persons, a bane, pest. 3. Ἀτῆ personified, the goddess of mischief: the Αἰναι come slowly after her, undoing the evil she has worked, v. II. 9. 500. [α]

ἀ-τηκνος, ον, (α privat., τήκω) unmelted.

ἀτῆμελῶ, ἡ, ἴσω, to be careless. From

ἀ-τῆμελής, ἐς (α privat., τῆμελής) careless.

ἀτῆμέλητος, ον, (ἀτῆμελῶ) unbecded, uncared for. 2. chaffed, disappointed. II. act. taking no heed: Adv., ἀτῆμελήτως ἔχειν τινός to take no heed of a thing.

ἀτηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (ἀτῆ) deluded, driven to ruin. II. baneful, ruinous. Add. -ρός. [α]

Ἀτρεῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, Attic; cf. Ἀττικὸς. II. as Subst. (sub. γῆ), Attica. 2. (sub. γλῶττα), the Attic dialect.

ἀ-τίετος, ον, (α privat., τίω) undonoured. II. act. not honouring.

ἀ-τίζω, ἡ, ἴσω, (α privat., τίζω = τίω) not to honour: absol. in part, ἀτίζων unbecding: but c. acc. to elige treat lightly.

ἀ-τιθάσευτος, ον, (α privat., τιθασεύω) untamed, not to be tamed, wild.

ἀτιμ-ἀγέλης, ον, ὁ, (ἀτιμάω, ἀγέλη) despising or forsaking the herd, feeding alone.

ἀ-τιμάω, ἡ, ἴσω, (α privat., τίμα = τίω) not to honour: Pass., aor. I ἡτιμάσα: pf. ἡτιμάσα: (α privat., τιμάω). To esteem lightly, dishonour, slight:—Pass.

to suffer dishonour or insult. II. = ἀτιμῶν in legal sense, to deprive of civil rights, ἀτιμαστέος, α, on, verb. Adj. of ἀτιμάζω, to be despised. 2. ἀτιμαστέον, one must dishonour. ἀτιμαστήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (ἀτιμάζω) a dishonourer. ἀτίμαστος, on, (ἀτιμάζω) dishonoured, despised. ἀ-τιμάω, f. ἤσω: aor. I ἤτιμησα: pf. ἤτιμηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἤτιμήθην: (α privat., τιμάω):—to insult, slight, dishonour. Hence ἀτίμητος, on, unhonoured, despised. II. in legal sense, not estimated; δίκη ἀτίμητος a cause in which the penalty is not assessed in court, but fixed by law. ἀτίμια, ἤ, (ἀτίμος) dishonour, disgrace. 2. at Athens, the loss of civil rights, Lat. *deminutio capitis*. ἀ-τίμος, on, (α privat., τιμή 1) unhonoured, dishonoured: c. gen. without the honour of. 2. at Athens, of a citizen deprived of his privileges either totally or in part, Lat. *capite deminutus*, opp. to ἐπί-τιμος: cf. ἀτιμία. II. (τιμή 2) without price or value. 2. unrevengeed, unprisoned. Hence ἀτίμω, f. ὥσω, to dishonour:—Pass. to suffer dishonour. 2. in legal sense, to punish with loss of civil privileges (ἀτιμία), Lat. *aerarium facere*. ἀτίμων, Ep. impf. of ἀτιμάω. ἀ-τίμωνρητέι, and ἀ-τίμωνρητί, Adv. of ἀ-τίμωνρητος, on, (α privat., τιμαρέομαι) unavenged, unprotected. 2. unprotected. ἀτίμως, Adv. of ἀτίμος, disgracefully. ἀ-τίμως, εως, ἤ, (ἀτιμῶν) a dishonouring. [τῖ] ἀτίτállω, aor. I Ion. ἀτίτληα: (ἀταλός):—to rear, foster, tend: generally, to cherish. ἀ-τίτος, on, also ἡ, on, (α privat., τίω) unhonoured, dishonoured. 2. unavenged. II. unpaid. ἀ-τίω, (α privat., τίω) not to honour, not to revenge. [τ] Ἀτλᾶ-γενής, ἐς, (Ἄτλας, γένος) sprung from Atlas. Ἀτλαντίς, ἰδος, ἤ, daughter of Atlas. From Ἀ-τλας, αὐτος, ὅ, (α euphon., τλήναι) Atlas, one of the older gods, who bears up the pillars of heaven: also one of the Titans. 2. the pillar of heaven, Mount Atlas in West Africa. ἀτλήτρω, to be unable to bear, be impatient. From ἀ-τλήτος, Dor. ἀ-τλάτος, on, (α privat., τλήναι) not to be borne, insufferable. II. not to be dared. ἀτμή, ἤ, = ἀτμός, smoke, heat. ἀ-τμητος, on, (α privat., τέμνω) uncut: of a country, unravaged, not laid waste. 2. of mines, unopened. ἀτμήζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀτμός) to smoke: of water, to steam. ἀτμός, ἰδος, ἤ, (ἄω, ἄημι) steam, vapour. [τ] ἀτμός, ὅ, (ἄω, ἄημι) smoke, Lat. vapor. ἀ-τοιχος, on, (α privat., τοίχος) unwallled. ἀ-τοκος, on, (α privat., τεκεῖν) never having had a child. II. without interest, of borrowed money. ἀ-τόλμητος, on, (α privat., τολμάω) not to be dared: also not to be endured, insufferable.

ἀτολμία, ἤ, want of daring, cowardice. From ἀ-τολμός, on, (α privat., τόλμη) wanting courage, cowardly. 2. not overdaring, retiring. ἀ-τομος, on, (α privat., τομή) uncut. II. not able to be cut, indivisible; ἐν ἀτόμῳ in a moment of time. ἀ-τονος, on, (α privat., τείνω) not stretched, slack, languid, Lat. *remissus*. II. (τόνος) without accent. ἀ-τοξος, on, (α privat., τόξον) without bow or arrow. ἀτοπία, ἤ, strangeness, oddness, absurdity: unusual nature: unnatural conduct. From ἀ-τοπος, on, (α privat., τόπος) out of place, out of the way, strange, marvellous, odd. 2. absurd, Lat. *ineptus*. 3. unnatural, disgusting. Hence ἀτόπως, Adv. absurdly. ἄτος, on, contr. for ἄατος, insatiate, c. gen. ἀτρακτος, ὅ, and ἤ, a spindle. II. also an arrow, cf. ἡλακότη. (Deriv. uncertain.) ἀ-τράπτίτος, Ep. ἀτάρπιτος, ἤ, a path. ἀ-τράπός, Ep. ἀ-ταρπός, ἤ, (α euphon., τρέπω) a path that does not turn, a path, way, road. ἀτρέκεια, ἤ, reality, strict truth, accuracy. II. justice, uprightness. From ἈΤΡΕΚΗΣ, ἐς, real, true, exact. II. strict, just, upright. ἀ-τρέμα, and before a vowel ἀ-τρέμας, Adv., (α privat., τρέμω) without trembling. 2. quietly, calmly, gently. ἀ-τρεμαῖος, α, on, poet. for ἀτρεμής, calm, gentle: ἀτρεμάλα βοά a whisper. ἀτρεμέω, not to tremble or move, to keep still or quiet. From ἀ-τρεμής, ἐς, (α privat., τρέμω) not trembling, unmoved, calm: Adv. ἀτρεμῖ, quietly. ἀτρεμία, ἤ, (ἀτρεμής) a keeping still: calmness. ἀτρεμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, (ἀτρεμής) to keep quiet: οὐκ ἀτρεμίζειν to be restless or unquiet. ἀ-τρεπτος, on, (α privat., τρέπω) unmoved, indifferent. ἀ-τρεστος, on, (α privat., τρέω) not trembling fearless. ἀ-τρίακτος, on, (α privat., τριάω) unconquered. ἀ-τρίβαστος, on, (α privat., τρίβω) not accustomed. ἀ-τρίβης, ἐς, (α privat., τρίβειν) not rubbed: of places, not traversed, pathless: of roads, not used. 2. of clothes, not much worn, new, Lat. *integer*. ἀτριον, τό, Dor. for ἥτριον. ἀ-τριπτος, on, (α privat., τρίβω) not worn hard by work. 2. of corn, not threshed. 3. ἀτριπτοι ἀκανθαι thorns on which one cannot tread or walk. ἀ-τρόμητος, on, (α privat., τρομέω) fearless, dauntless. ἀ-τρομος, on, (α privat., τρέμω) fearless, dauntless, Lat. *intrepidus*. ἀτροπία, ἤ, obstinacy. From ἀ-τροπος, on, (α privat., τρέπω) not turning, unchangeable. 2. of persons, inflexible: ἡ Ἀτροπος, name of one of the Μοῖραι or Παρcae. ἀτροφέω, f. ἤσω, to pine away. From

ἄ-τροφος, *ov*, (a privat., τρέφω) *taking no food: pining away, ill of an atrophy.*

ἄ-τρυγτος, *ov*, also *η*, *ov*, (a privat., τρυγᾶω) *unfruitful, barren: generally, waste, desert.*

ἄ-τρυγής, *ἐς*, (a privat., τρυγή) *not gathered.*

ἄ-τρυμιον, *ov*, *gen. ovos*, = ἄτρυτος, *c. gen.*, ἄτρυμιον *κακῶν* *not worn out by ills.* [v]

ἄ-τρυτος, *ov*, (a privat., τρύω) *not worn down, un- abating: of a road, wearisome.*

Ἄ-τρυτώνη, *the Unwearied.* (Lengthd. form from ἀτρήτη, as Ἀιδωνεύς from Αἰδώς.)

ἄ-τρωτες, *ov*, (a privat., τρώσκω) *unwounded.*

ἄττα, *Att.* for τινά, ἄττα for ἄτινα, *v. ἄσσα, ἄσσα.*

ἌΤΤΑ, a salutation used to elders, *father; cf. ἄππα, ἔππα, πάππα, [τῷ]*

ἄττάγας, *ἀ, δ, Lat. attagen, prob. the godwit.*

ἄτταται, a cry of pain or grief: sometimes pro- longed, ἄττατταται, etc.: also used ironically.

Ἀττέλαβος, *Ion. ἀττέλεβος, δ, a kind of locust without wings.*

Ἀττικίζω, *f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, (Ἀττικός) to side with the Athenians, Atticize: later, to live like an Athenian, esp. to speak Attic. Hence*

Ἀττικισμός, *δ, a siding with Athens, attachment to her. II. an Attic expression, Atticism.*

Ἀττικίων, *Dim. of Ἀττικής, a little Athenian.*

Ἀττικός, *ῆ, ὄν, (ἀττή) Attic, Athenian: ῆ Ἀττική (sub. γῆ) = Ἀτθίς, Attica.*

Ἀττικωνικός, *ῆ, ὄν, a comic alteration of Ἀττικός, imitated from the form of Λακωνικός.*

ἄττον, *Att. for ἄσπον, nearer.*

ἄττω, *Att. for ἄσσω, δίδω, q. v.*

ἄτυζομαι, *aor. I part. ἄτυχθεις: Pass.: (ἀτάω):—to be distraught from fear, amazed, bewildered; ἀτυζόμενος πεδίον flying wildly over the plain: also distraught with grief: c. acc. to be amazed at a thing. II. rarely in Act. ἀτύξω, f. ὕξω, to strike with terror.*

ἔ-τυράννευτος, *ov*, (a privat., τυραννέω) *not ruled by tyrants, free from tyrants.*

ἔ-τύφος, *ov*, (a privat., τύφω) *not puffed up.*

ἔ-τυχέω, *f. ἴσω, (ἀτυχής) to be unlucky or unfortunate, fail, miscarry: c. gen. to fail in getting or gain- ing a thing. a ἀτυχεῖν πρὸς τινα to fail with another, i. e. fail in one's request. Hence*

ἔ-τυχήμα, *ατος, τό, a misfortune, mishap.*

ἔ-τύχης, *ἐς*, (a privat., τυχεῖν) *luckless, unfortunate, unsuccessful. Adv. -τυχός*

ἀτύχία, *ῆ, (ἀτυχεῖω) ill luck, bad fortune. II.*

misarrriage, mishap

Ἀτ΄, = Ἀτὸς, of Place, back, backwards, *Lat. re- ro. II. of Time, again, anew, afresh, once more, Lat. denovo. III. further, moreover, besides, Lat.*

porro. 2. on the other hand, in turn, Lat. vicissim.

αὐάλω, *impf. αὐαίνω: f. ἀνῶ: aor. I pass. ἀνέ- θην: (αῦω):—to dry. 2. to wither or parch up;*

βίω αὐαίνω to waste life away: fut. med. αὐανοῦμαι in pass. sense, I shall wither away.

αὐάλεος, *α, ov*, (αῖος) *dry, parched, withered: of hair, rough, squalid: of eyes, sleepless.*

Ἀύασσις, *ῆ, = Ὀάσις, the name of the fertile islet in the Libyan deserts.*

αὐάτα, *Accl. for ἀτη, calamity, mischief: to be pro- nounced ἀφ᾽αῦ, αὐάτω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἠγάσα: (αὐγή):—to see distinctly, discern, behold: so also in Med. II. intr. to shine.*

ἈΥΤΗ, *ῆ, a bright light, esp. of the sun, and so in plur. the rays, beams of the sun; ὑπ' αὐγῇ ἡ λείπει under the light of the sun, i. e. still alive, αὐγῇ λεύσσειν to behold the light, i. e. to be alive; κλύζειν πρὸς αὐγὰς to rise gurgling towards heaven. 2. any light esp. of the eyes; ὀμμάτων αὐγὰν and αὐγὰν ἀλόνει like Lat. lumina, the eyes. 3. any gleam on the surface of bright objects, sheen.*

αὐδάβομαι, *f. ἄβομαι: aor. I ἠνδαβήμεν: Dep.: (αὐδή):—to cry out, speak.*

αὐδάω, *impf. ἠδῶν: f. ἴσω Att. ἄσω: aor. I ἠδῆσα, Ion. 3 sing. αὐδήσασκε: pf. ἠδῆκα:—also αὐδάομαι, as Dep.:—to talk, speak: c. acc. rei, to speak, say a thing: of oracles, to utter, proclaim. 2. to speak, to address. 3. c. inf. to tell, bid, order to do. 4. to call by name; αὐδάμαι παῖς Ἀχιλλέως I am called Achilles' son. 5. like λέγειν, Lat. dicere, to mean. From*

ἈΥΔΗ, *ῆ, the human voice, a voice, tone: metaph. any other sound, e.g. the twang of the bowstring. 2. a report, account. Hence*

αὐδήεις, *ἔσσα, ev, speaking with human voice.*

αὐ-ἐρύω (i. e. αὐ ἐρύω), *aor. I αὐεῦσα:—to draw back: to draw the bow: in a sacrifice, to draw back the victim's head, so as to cut its throat.*

αὐθάδεια, *poët. αὐθάδία, ῆ, self-will, wilfulness, stubbornness, presumption. From*

αὐθ-ἀδης [α], *es, (αὐτός, ἥδομαι) self-willed, wilful, stubborn, headstrong: also unfeeling. Adv. -θαῖ.*

αὐθ-ἀδία, *ῆ, poët. for αὐθάδεια.*

αὐθαδέειναι, *f. ἴσομαι: (αὐθάδης): Dep.:—to be self-willed or stubborn.*

αὐθαδικός, *ῆ, ὄν, (αὐθάδης) disposed to be self-willed.*

αὐθαδισμός, *ατος, τό, (αὐθάδης) an act of self-will, wilfulness.*

αὐθαδ-στομος, *ov, (αὐθάδης, στόμα) wilful or proud of speech.*

αὐθ-άλμων, *ov, gen. ovos, (αὐτός, αἷμα) of the same blood: as Subst. a brother or sister, near kinsman.*

αὐθ-αίρετος, *ov, (αὐτός, αἶρω) self-chosen, self- elected. II. taken upon oneself, self-incurred: voluntary, optional. Adv. -τας.*

αὐθεντέω, *f. ἴσω, to have power over. From*

αὐθ-έντης, *ov, δ, contr. for αὐτοέντης, (αὐτός, έντεα) an actual murderer: esp. of murders done by those of the same family: also a self-murderer, suicide. 2. an absolute master or ruler. II. as Adj., αὐθέντης φόνος death by murder.*

αὐθ-ήμερος, *ov, (αὐτός, ἡμέρα) made or happening*

on the very day: Adv. αὐθημερόν Ion. αὐτμηρόν, on the very day.

αὐθι, Adv. shortd. for αὐτόθι, of Place, on the spot, here, there: of Time, forthwith, straightway.

αὐθι-γενής, Ion. αὐτιγ-, ές, (αὐθι, γενέσθαι) born on the spot, born in the country, native, Lat. indigena: of rivers, rising in the country; αὐτιγενές ὕδωρ spring water.

2. genuine, sincere.
αὐθις, Ion. αὐτις, Adv., a lengthd. form of αὐ: I. of Place, back, back again. II. of Time, again, afresh, anew: also hereafter.

III. moreover, besides, in turn, on the other hand.

αὐθ-όμαιμος, (αὐτός, όμαιμος) akin, of the selfsame blood.

αὐ-ταχος, ov, (α copul., ταχή) shouting together or in common, of the Trojans marching to battle.

αὐλαξ, άκος, ή, = αλόξ, a furrrow: also ὠλαξ, for which Homer used ὠλαξ. (Deriv. uncertain.)

αὐλειος, α, ov, sometimes also os, ov, (αὐλή) of or belonging to the αὐλή or court; ἐπ' αὐλείῃσι θύρῃσι at the door of the court, i. e. at the outer door, bouse-door.

αὐλέω, f. ήσω, (αὐλός) to play on the flute:—Pass., of tunes, to be played on the flute; αὐλεῖται πᾶν μέλα-θρον the whole house is filled with music:—Med. to get oneself played to, bear music.

αὐλή, ή, (*άω, άημι) in Homer the open court before the house, the court-yard, surrounded with out-buildings, the altar of Zeus Έρκεῖος being in the middle; it had two doors, one the house-door (cf. αὐλειος), and one leading through the αἶθουσα into the πρόδομος.

3. after Hom., the αὐλή was the court or quadrangle, round which the house was built, having a corridor (περιστύλιον) all round, from which were doors leading into the men's apartments; opposite the house door (cf. αὐλειος) was the (μέ-σσωλος or μέσσωλος), leading into the women's part of the house.

III. generally, any court or ball.

IV. any dwelling, abode, chamber.

αὐλημα, ατος, τό, (αὐλέω) a piece of music for the flute.

αὐλησεῦντι, Dor. for αὐλήσουσι, 3 pl. fut. of αὐλέω.

αὐλητής, ήρος, ό, and αὐλητής, ου, ό, (αὐλέω) a flute-player. Hence

αὐλητικός, ή, όν, of or for a flute-player; ή αὐλη-τικός (sub. τέχνη), his art.

αὐλητρίς, ίδος, ή, fem. of αὐλητής, a flute-girl.

αὐλιάς, άδος, ή, (αὐλή) protecting cattle-folds, name of a Nymph.

αὐλίζομαι: fut. med. αὐλίσομαι: aor. I ηὐλίσάμην: aor. I pass. ηὐλίσθην: pf. ηὐλίσμαι: Dep.: (αὐλή): —to lie in the αὐλή or court-yard, to lie out at night: generally, to take up one's abode, lodge, live: as a military term, to encamp, bivouac.

αὐλιον, τό, (αὐλη) any country house, a cottage: a fold. II. a chamber, cave.

αὐλιος, α, ov, (αὐλή) of or belonging to cattle-folds, rustic.

αὐλῖς, ίδος, ή, (αὐλίζομαι) a stall, fold, tent, esp. for passing the night in; αὐλῖν θέσθαι to pitch one's tent. αὐλίσκος, ό, Dim. of αὐλός, a small reed, a pipe. αὐλιστρίς, ίδος, ή, (αὐλίζομαι) a female inmate in a house.

αὐλο-δόκη, ή, (αὐλός, δέχομαι) a flute-case.

αὐλο-θετέω, (αὐλός, τίθηναι) to make flutes or pipes.

αὐλο-ποιός, ό, (αὐλός, ποίω) a flute-maker.

αὐλός, ό, (*αὐω, to blow) any wind-instrument, a flute, made of reed, wood, bone, ivory, or metal; αὐ-λοὶ ἀνδρήϊοι καὶ γυναικήϊοι, prob. like Lat. tibia dextra et sinistra, i. e. bass and treble; αὐλός Ένναλίου the pipe of Mars, i. e. a trumpet. 2. any tube, pipe, groove, socket.

αὐλῶν, άνων, ό, poet. also ή, (αὐλός) a hollow way, defile, ravine: a canal, aqueduct: a channel, strait: αὐλῶνες πόντιοι the sea-straits, i. e. the Archipelago.

αὐλ-ῶπις, ίδος, ή, (αὐλός, ὦψ) epith. of a helmet, with a tube (αὐλός) to hold the plume (λόφος).

ΑΥΞΑΝΩ or ΑΥΞΩ, poet. άξω: f. αύξήσω: aor. I ηύξησα: pf. ηύξηκα:—Lat. AUGEO, to make grow, increase: to promote to honour, exalt, ex- tol.

II. Pass., with fut. med. αύξήσομαι and pass αύξήθισομαι: aor. I ηύξθην: pf. ηύξημαι:—to grow, wax, increase: of a child, to grow up: of the wind, to rise; ηύξανόμην άκούων I grew taller as I heard.

III. intrans. in Act. to grow, wax. Hence

αύξη, ή, growth, increase.

αύξηθείς, aor. I pass. part. of αύξάνω.

Αύξηστία, ή, (αύξω) the goddess of growth.

αύξησις, εως, ή, (αύξω) growth. increase.

αύξιμος, ov, (αύξω) promoting growth.

αὐξο-σέληνον, τό, (αὐξάνω, σελήνη) the new moon.

αὐξώ, ους, ή, (αὐξάνω) the goddess of growth, called to witness in an Athenian citizen's oath.

αὐξω, v. sub αύξάνω.

αὐονή, ή, (αῖος) dryness, withering.

αῖος, η, ov, (αῖω) dry, dried, of fruit; αῖον ἀπτεῖν to ring dry and barsh, of metal. 2. withered, parched.

3. dried dry, exhausted.

ἀπνία, ή, sleeplessness. From

ἀπ-πνος, ov, (α privat., ύπνος) sleepless, wakeful; ύπνος ἀππνος a sleep that is no sleep.

αῦρα, Ion. αὔρη, ή, (*άω, άημι) air in motion, a breeze, esp. the fresh air of morning, Lat. aura.

αὔριον, (from αὔας, Aeol. for ήως) Adv. to-morrow; ές αὔριον on the morrow, next morning or till morn- ing: ή αὔριον (sub. ήμέρα), the morrow; also, ή ές αὔριον ήμέρα, ό αὔριον χρόνος.

αὔσαι, aor. I inf. of αὔω to shout.

αὔσος, Dor. for τηβσιος.

αὔσταλέος, poet. αὔσταλέος, α, ov, (αῖος) sun burnt, sbrivelled, parched, Lat. siccus.

αὔστηρός, ά, όν, (*άω, αῖω, άξω) making the tongue dry and rough; rough, bitter. 2. metaph. like Lat. austerus, stern, barsh, austere. Hence

αὔστηρότης, ητος, ή, roughness, rough flavour. 3. metaph. barshness, sternness, austerity.

αὐτ-άγγελος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἀγγέλλω) carrying one's own message: bringing news of what one has seen.

αὐτ-ἀγρετος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἀγρεύω) self-chosen, left to one's choice. II. act. choosing for oneself.

αὐτ-ἀδελφος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἀδελφός) related as brother or sister: one's own brother or sister.

αὐτ-ανδρος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἀνὴρ) with the men themselves, men and all.

αὐτ-ἀνεψιμος, *α*, (αὐτός, ἀνεψιός) an own cousin, cousin-german.

αὐτάρ, Conjunction, Ep. for ἀτάρ, but, yet, however, still, besides, moreover. Like ἀτάρ it always begins a proposition.

αὐτάρκεια, *ῆ*, (αὐτάρκης) sufficiency in oneself, independence.

αὐτ-άρκης, *ες*, (αὐτός, ἀρκέω) sufficient in oneself, independent of others; πάλαι αὐτάρκης a country that supplies itself, that wants no imports; c. inf., αὐτάρκης ἀναγκάζειν fully able to compel.

αὐτε, Adv., I. of Time, again, over again. II. to mark Sequence, again, furthermore, like Lat. *autem*. 2. however, on the contrary.

αὐτ-ἐκμαρμα, *ατος*, τό, (αὐτός, ἐκμαρσσομαι) an exact impression, true portrait.

αὐτ-ἐξουσιος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἐξουσία) in one's own power: τὸ αὐτεξουσίου free power.

αὐτ-ἐπάγγελτος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἐπαγγέλλομαι) offering of oneself, of oneself, freely, Lat. *sponte*.

αὐτ-ἐπώνυμος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἐπώνυμος) of the same surname.

αὐτ-ἐρέτης, *ον*, δ, (αὐτός, ἐρέτης) tower and soldier at once.

αὐτέω, Ep. impf. ἀδτεν, only used in pres. and impf., to cry, shout: also in Act., to call. [ῆ] From αὐτή, ῆ, (αὐώ) a shout, call, esp. a battle-shout, war-cry, hence also the battle itself. [ῆ]

αὐτ-ἥκοος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἀκούω) one who has himself heard, an ear-witness.

αὐτ-ἡμαρ, Adv., = αὐθημέρον, on the self-same day.

αὐτ-γενής, *ες*, Ion. for αὐθιγενής.

αὐτίκῃ [ῆ], Adv. (αὐτός) forthwith, straightway, immediately; αὐτίκα καὶ μετέπειτα now and hereafter: presently, directly, Lat. *mox*. II. for example, just to give an example; αὐτίκα γὰρ ἄρχει διὰ τὴν ὁ Ζεὺς; for example, by what means does Zeus rule the gods?

αὐτις, Ion. and Dor. for αἰθις.

αὐτμή, (ᾠά, αἶω, to blow) breath: the blast of a bellows. II. a scent, odour.

αὐτμήν, μένος, δ, = αὐτμή.

αὐτο-βοή, Adv. (αὐτός, βοή) by a mere shout; αὐτοβοή λέειν to take without resistance.

αὐτό-βουλος, *ον*, (αὐτός, βουλή) self-willed.

αὐτο-γέννητος, *ον*, (αὐτός, γεννάω):—κοιμήματα μητρὸς αὐτῆς a mother's intercourse with her own child.

αὐτογενωμένω, *ε*, ἴσω, to act of one's own will or judgment From

αὐτο-γνώμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (αὐτός, γνώμη) acting of one's own will or judgment. Adv. —μόνος, αὐτό-γνωτος, *ον*, (αὐτός, γιγνώσκω) self-resolved, self-chosen.

αὐτό-γυος, *ον*, (αὐτός, γύης):—ἄροτρον αὐτόγυον a plough in which the γύης is of one piece with the ἔλυμα and ἰστοβοεὺς.

αὐτο-δάής, *ές*, (αὐτός, δαήναι) unpremeditated.

αὐτό-δαίκτος, *ον*, (αὐτός, δαίω) self-slain or mutually slain.

αὐτ-οδός, Adv. (αὐτός, ὁδός) with clenched teeth—hence stubborn.

αὐτό-δεκα, (αὐτός, δέκα) just ten.

αὐτό-δηλος, *ον*, (αὐτός, δηλός) self-evident.

αὐτό-διδάκτος, *ον*, (αὐτός, διδάσκω) self-taught.

αὐτό-δικος, *ον*, (αὐτός, δίκη) with one's own law-courts: conducting one's own suits at home.

αὐτόδιον, Adv. (αὐτός) straightway.

αὐτο-ἐλικτος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἐλίσσω) curling naturally.

αὐτο-ἐντης, *ον*, δ, = αὐθέντης, a murderer.

αὐτο-ετής, *ές*, (αὐτός, ἔτος) in or of the same year: Adv. αὐτέρες, in the same year, within the year.

αὐτο-θελεῖ, Adv. of αὐτοθελής, voluntarily.

αὐτο-θέλης, *ές*, (αὐτός, θέλω) of one's own will, voluntary.

αὐτόθεν, Adv. (αὐτοῦ) of Place, from the very spot where one is, from hence, from thence, Lat. *illinc*. II. of Time, on the spot, at once, Lat. *illico*.

αὐτόθι, Adv. for αὐτοῦ, on the very spot, there.

αὐτο-κάσιγγητος, δ, and —τη, ῆ, (αὐτός, κασιγγή) an own brother or sister.

αὐτο-κατάκριτος, *ον*, (αὐτός, κατακρίω) self-condemned.

αὐτο-κέλευθος, *ον*, (αὐτός, κέλευθος) going one's own way.

αὐτο-κέλευστος, *ον*, (αὐτός, κελεύω) self-bidden, of one's own accord.

αὐτο-κελής, *ές*, (αὐτός, κέλωμαι) = foregoing.

αὐτό-κλητος, *ον*, (αὐτός, καλέω) self-called, i. e. un-called, unbidden.

αὐτό-κομος, *ον*, (αὐτός, κόμη) with natural hair, shaggy. II. hair and all.

αὐτο-κράτης, *ές*, (αὐτός, κράτος) ruling by oneself, having full power, absolute: τὸ αὐτοκρατές free will.

αὐτο-κράτωρ, *ορος*, δ, ῆ, (αὐτός, κρατέω) one's own master: 1. of persons or states, free and independent, Lat. *sui juris*. 2. of ambassadors, etc., possessing full powers. 3. of rulers, absolute: peremptory.

αὐτό-κτίτος, *ον*, (αὐτός, κτίζω) self-produced, made by nature.

αὐτοκτόνω, to slay themselves or one another. From αὐτο-κτόνος, *ον*, (αὐτός, κτείνω) self-slaying. II. slaying one another; θάνατος αὐτοκτόνος mutual death by each other's hand.

αὐτο-κυβερνήτης, *ον*, δ, (αὐτός, κυβερνάω) one who steers himself

αὐτο-κώπος, *ον*, (αὐτός, κώπη) together with the

andle; βέλη αὐτόκωπα weapons with a bundle, i. e. words.

αὐτο-μαθής, ἐς, (αὐτός, μαθεῖν) *self-taught*, τινός in thing.

αὐτό-μαρτυς, ὅς, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτός, μάρτυς) *oneself the witness*, i. e. an eyewitness.

αὐτομαρτίῳ, ἑ. ἰσω, to act of one's own will, to act of oneself, and so to act unadvisedly. From

αὐτό-ματος, ἡ, ον, also ος, ον, (αὐτός, μέμας, p. of μάω) acting of one's own will, of oneself, unbidden; esp. *self-moving*; τὰ αὐτόματα *self-moving machines*, automata. 2. of plants, growing of themselves, spontaneous. 3. of events, happening of themselves: without cause, accidental; ἀπὸ τοῦ αὐτομάτου, naturally or by chance. Adv. -τως, Lat. ultro, sponte sua.

αὐτομόλῳ, ἑ. ἴσω, (αὐτόμολος) to desert. Hence αὐτομόλῃσις, εως, ἡ, and αὐτομόλῃα, ἡ, desertion. αὐτό-μολος, ον, (αὐτός, μολεῖν) going of oneself: as Subst. a deserter.

αὐτονομέομαι, Dep. (αὐτόνομος) to live by one's own laws, be independent.

αὐτονομία, ἡ, independence. From αὐτό-νομος, ον, (αὐτός, νέμω) living by one's own laws: independent. II. (νέμωμαι) feeding at will.

αὐτο-νύχ, Adv. (αὐτός, νύξ) that very night.

αὐτό-ξύλος, ον, (αὐτός, ξύλον) of mere wood.

αὐτό-παις, παιδός, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτός, παῖς) an own child, son or daughter.

αὐτο-πῆμων, ον, gen. ονος, (αὐτός, πῆμα) for one's own woes.

αὐτο-ποιός, ὄν, (αὐτός, ποίεω) self-produced.

αὐτό-πολις, εως, ἡ, (αὐτός, πόλις) self-administered, independent. Hence

αὐτοπολίτης, ον, ὁ, a citizen of a free state. [I]

αὐτο-πόνητος, ον, (αὐτός, πονέω) self-wrought, natural.

αὐτό-πρεμνος, ον, (αὐτός, πρέμνω) together with the root, root and all; αὐτόπρεμος ὄλλυσθαι to perish root and branch.

αὐτο-πρόσωπος, ον, (αὐτός, πρόσωπον) in one's own person.

αὐτό-πτης, ον, ὁ, (αὐτός, ὄψομαι, fut. of ὄρω) seeing oneself, an eyewitness.

αὐτο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (αὐτός, πωλέω) selling one's own goods.

αὐτόρ-ριζος, poet. αὐτόριζος, ον, (αὐτός, ρίζα) self-rooted. II. with the roots, roots and all.

αὐτόρ-ρυτος, poet. αὐτόρυτος, ον, (αὐτός, ῥέω) self-flowing.

Αὐτό-Σ, αὐτή, αὐτό, Pron. of 3rd pers., self; Lat. ipse: in oblique cases often for the person. Pron., him, her, it: with artic. ὁ αὐτός, ἡ αὐτή, τὸ αὐτό, the same.

I. self, myself, thyself: 1. oneself, i. e. the part properly called self, as the soul, opp. to the body; or oneself, as opp. to others, e. g. the king to his subjects: hence it is used emphatically for a master, as in the Pythag. phrase Ἀὐτὸς ἔφα, Lat. Ipse dixit. 2.

of oneself, of one's own accord. 3. by oneself, alone, = μόνος; αὐτοὶ ἔσμεν we are by ourselves. 4. in dat. with a Subst., together with; ἀνδρούσεν αὐτῇ σὺν φέρμαγγι he sprang up lyre in band: but mostly without σὺν, ἵππους αὐτοῖσιν ὀχεσφιν horses, chariot and all; this use is freq. in Att., αὐτοῖσι συμμάχοισι allies and all; αὐτοῖς τοῖς ἵπποις horses and all. 5.

added to ordinal numbers, e. g. πέμπτος αὐτός himself the fifth, i. e. himself with four others, αὐτός being the chief person. 6. also joined with the personal Pron., ἐγὼ αὐτός, σὲ αὐτόν, etc., always *divisim* in Homer: sometimes the personal Pron. is omitted, αἶ, αὐτὸν ἐλέησον, for ἐμὲ αὐτόν: again αὐτός is joined with the reflexive ἑαυτοῦ, αὐτοῦ, etc., to give greater force, as αὐτὸς καθ' αὐτοῦ. II. Comp. αὐτότερος, more himself; and Sup. αὐτότατος, Lat. ipsissimus, his very self.

II. He, she, it, Lat. ille, for the simple Pron. of third person, only in oblique cases, and never at the beginning of a sentence. On the difference between the oblique cases αὐτοῦ, αὐτῶ, αὐτόν, and the reflex. Pron. αὐτοῦ, αὐτῶ, αὐτόν, v. sub ἑαυτοῦ.

III. with Article, ὁ αὐτός, ἡ αὐτή, τὸ αὐτό, Att. contr. αὐτός, αὐτή, ταυτό and ταυτόν; gen. ταυτοῦ, etc.; Ion. αὐτός, ταυτό:—the same, Lat. idem. It freq. takes a dat., like ὁμοῖος, etc., ὁ αὐτὸς τῷ λίθῳ the same as the stone; τὸ αὐτὸ πράσσειν or πάσχειν τινὶ to fare the same as one: also in phrases κατὰ ταυτό, ὑπὸ ταυτό, at, about the same time, Lat. sub idem tempus: εἰς ταυτό, ἐν ταυτῶ, ἐκ τοῦ αὐτοῦ, το, in, from the same place.

IV. in Compos., 1. of itself, i. e. natural, native, as in αὐτόκεντος. 2. of mere, of nothing but, as in αὐτόλοκος. 3. of oneself, as in αὐτόβλακτος. 4. the very, the ideal, as in αὐτοάγαθον, αὐτοάνθρωπος, etc. 5. just, exactly, as in αὐτόδεκα. 6. rarely, with reflex. sense of αὐτοῦ and ἀλλήλων, as αὐθέντης, αὐτοκτονέω. 7. together with, as in αὐτόκοκος young and all. 8. alone, by oneself, as in αὐτόσκοπνος.

αὐτόσε, Adv. (αὐτοῦ) to the very place, Lat. illuc.

αὐτο-σίδηρος, ον, (αὐτός, σίδηρος) of sheer iron.

αὐτό-σέντος, ον, (αὐτός, σένωμαι) self-moved.

αὐτο-σπᾶδία, ἡ, (αὐτός, ἵσταμαι) a stand-up fight, close fight.

αὐτό-στολος, ον, (αὐτός, στέλλομαι) self-sent, going of oneself.

αὐτό-στονος, ον, (αὐτός, στένω) sighing for or by oneself.

αὐτο-σφάγης, ἐς, (αὐτός, σφαγῆναι) slain by oneself or by kinsmen.

αὐτο-σχεδᾶ, Adv. = αὐτοσχεδόν.

αὐτοσχεδιάζω, ἑ. ἴσω, (αὐτοσχεδῖος) to act or speak off-hand: hence in bad sense, to act or speak unadvisedly: to judge superficially. 2. in good sense, to devise a plan off-hand. Hence

αὐτοσχεδίασμα, ατος, τό, work done off-hand, an impromptu: and

αὐτοσχεδιαστής, οὐ, ὁ, one who acts or speaks off-band: a novice, Lat. *iliro*.

αὐτο-σχεδῖος, α, ον, also os, ov, (αὐτός, σχεδῖος) band to band:—as fem. Subst. αὐτοσχεδίη, (sc. μάχη) ἡ, a close fight, fray; acc. αὐτοσχεδίην as Adv. close at band. II. off-band, on the spur of the moment.

αὐτο-σχεδόν, Adv. (αὐτός, σχεδόν) near at band, band to band, Lat. *cominus*.

αὐτότατος, see αὐτός II.

αὐτο-τέλειος, ον, (αὐτός, τελείω) self-accomplished.

αὐτο-τελής, ἐς, (αὐτός, τέλειος) complete in itself, sufficient:—Adv. αὐτοτελῶς, absolutely, arbitrarily.

II. taking oneself.

αὐτότερος, see αὐτός II.

αὐτο-τόκος, ον, (αὐτός, τοκος) young and all.

αὐτο-τράγικος, ον, (αὐτός, τραγικός) arrant tragic.

αὐτο-τροπήσας, aor. I part. as if from αὐτοτροπᾶω, (αὐτός, τρέπω) to turn straightway.

αὐτοῦ, Adv., properly gen. neut. of αὐτός, at the very place, there, here, on the spot, Lat. *illico*.

αὐτοῦ, Att. contr. for ἐαυτοῦ.

αὐτοσυργία, ἡ, a working with one's own hand; αὐτοσυργία φόνου self-inflicted murder. From

αὐτ-συργός, ὄν, (αὐτός, ἔργον) self-working. 2. as Subst., one who tills his own land, a husbandman, farmer.

II. pass. self-wrought, extemporary.

αὐτόφι, αὐτόφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. and plur. of αὐτός: ἐπ' αὐτόφι or παρ' αὐτόφι on the very spot; ἀπ' αὐτόφι from the very spot.

αὐτό-φλοιος, ον, (αὐτός, φλοιός) bark and all.

αὐτο-φόνος, ον, (αὐτός, *φένω) self-murdering, murdering one's own kin.

αὐτο-φόντης, ον, ὁ, (αὐτός, *φένω) a murderer.

αὐτό-φορτος, ον, (αὐτός, φέρτος) bearing one's own baggage.

αὐτο-φύης, ἐς, (αὐτός, φύω) self-growing, self-existent. 2. of home growth or production. 3. natural, opp. to artificial; αὐτοφύει λόφοι hills in their natural state, not quarried or mined. Hence

αὐτοφύως, Adv. naturally.

αὐτό-φύτος, ον, (αὐτός, φύω) self-caused.

αὐτό-φωρος, ον, (αὐτός, φώρ) caught in the act of theft; ἐπ' αὐτόφωρ λαμβάνειν to catch in the act; ἐπ' αὐτόφωρ ἀλῶναι to be caught in the very act.

αὐτό-χειρ, ρος, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτός, χεῖρ) working with one's own hand: c. gen. the very maker or worker of a thing.

II. absol. one who kills himself or one of his kin: a murderer, homicide. 3. as Adj. murderous. Hence

αὐτοχειρῖ, Adv. with one's own band.

αὐτοχειρία, ἡ, (αὐτόχειρ) a doing with one's own bands; Lat. *αὐτοχειρία* with one's own band.

αὐτό-χθονος, ον, (αὐτός, χθών) country and all.

αὐτό-χθων, ον, gen. ονος, (αὐτός, χθών) of the land itself, Lat. *terrigena*: αὐτόχθονες, ol. like Lat. *Aborigines*, *Indigenae*, of the original race, not settlers.

αὐτο-χόλωτος, ον, (αὐτός, χολίω) angry at oneself.

αὐτο-χόανος, ον, lengthd. for αὐτοχάανος, (αὐτός, χόαν) rudely cast, shapless, of a quoit.

αὐτο-χρήμα, Adv. (αὐτός, χρήμα) indeed, really, at once, plainly.

αὐτως, Adv. of αὐτός with Aeol. accent, even so just so, as it is; γυμνὸν ἔνντα, αὐτως, being unarmed just as I am.

2. just so, no better; often joined with other words implying contempt; γήπιος αὐτως mere child. II. just as before, as it was; λευκὸν ἔτ' αὐτως still white as when new.

αὐχενίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (αὐχὴν) to cut the throat of, behead.

αὐχένιος, α, ον, (αὐχὴν) belonging to the neck; αὐχένοι τένοντες the sinews of the neck.

αὐχέω, f. ἡσώ: aor. I ἡύχησα:—like καυχάομαι, to boast, pride oneself: c. inf. to boast that: generally, to protest, declare. From

ΑΥΧΗ, ἡ, boasting, pride.

αὐχημα, ατος, τό, (αὐχέω) a thing boasted of, item pride, boast. II. a boast: also—αὐχή, boasting.

ΑΥΧΗΝ, ἔνος, ὁ, the neck, throat: metaph. a narrow passage, a neck of land, isthmus; also a narrow sea, strait: the narrow bed of a river: a defile.

αὐχησις, εως, ἡ, (αὐχέω) boasting, exultation.

αὐχμέω, f. ἡσώ, (αὐχμός) to be squalid, Lat. *squalere*.

αὐχμήεις, εσσα, εν, = αὐχμηρός.

αὐχμηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (αὐχμέω) dry, parched, dusty, squalid, Lat. *squalidus*. 2. impoverished, needy.

αὐχμός, ὁ, (ἄω, αἶω, αἶος) drought; dearth.

αὐχμ-ώδης, ἐς, (αὐχμός, εἶδος) looking dry and dusty; τὸ αὐχμῶδες drought.

ΑΥΧΩ, Att. αὔω, to dry, wither: also to singe, set on fire.

ΑΥΧΩ, f. αὔσω: aor. ἤβωσα:—to about out, about, call aloud: also of things, to sound, echo: c. acc. pers. to call upon.

αὔως, ἡ, Aeol. for δῶς, ἡώς, morning.

ἀφ-αγνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to purify:—Med. to devote oneself with purifying offerings.

ἀφ-αίρω, f. ἡσώ: pf. ἀφῆρηκα: Pass., aor. I ἀφῆρην: pf. ἀφῆρημαι:—from the Root 'ΕΛ- we have aor. 2 ἀφείλον, fut. med. ἀφελούμαι: (ἀπέ, αἰρέω). To take from, take away from another: c. dupl. acc., ἀφαιρεῖν τινά τι to rob of a thing; ἀφαιρεῖν τινας to take from a thing, hence to diminish: to let off, pardon.

II. Med. more freq. than Act., to take away for oneself, bear off: ἀφαιρεῖσθαι τινά τι to bereave, deprive, rob of a thing, always with the notion of taking for oneself. 2. followed by, μή and inf., to prevent, hinder from doing. III.

Pass. to be robbed or deprived of a thing.

ἀφαιστος, Dor. for Ἠφαιστο.

ἀφ-άλλομαι, f. ἀφαλούμαι: aor. I ἀφελάμην: Dep.: (ἀπό, ἀλλομαι):—to spring off or down from: to jump off.

ἀφ-άλλος, ον, without the φάλος or metal boss in which the plume was fixed.

ἀφ-αμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀφμαρτον,

ἔρ. by metath. ἀπήμβροτον: (ἀπό, ἀμαρτάνω):—to miss one's aim, fail in gaining.
 ἀφάμαρτε, Ep. 3 aor. 2 of foreg.
 ἀφάμαρτο-επής, ἐς, (ἀφάμαρτείν, ἔπος) missing the point, talking at random.
 ἀφ-ανθάνω, f. -αθήσω: Ion. aor. 2 inf. ἀπαῖδέειν: (ἀπό, ἀνθάνω):—to displease, fail to please.
 ἀ-φάνεια, -ῆ, darkness, obscurity. II. disappearance, utter darkness. From
 ἀ-φάνης, ἐς, (a privat., φανῆναι) unseen, invisible: inscrutable. 2. vanished: bidden, secret: hence unknown: τὸ ἀφανές uncertainty. 3. ἀφανής οὐσία personal property, which can be secreted, opp. to φανερά, real, as land. Hence
 ἀφανίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: pf. ἡφάνικα:—to make unseen, bide, suppress: to make away with. 2. to raise to the ground, erase writing: to obliterate footsteps, etc. 3. to secrete, steal, embezzle. 4. to darken, obscure, tarnish: to efface. II. Pass. to disappear and be heard of no more, vanish: esp. of persons lost at sea. 2. to keep out of public, live retired. Hence
 ἀφανίσαις, εὖς, ἡ, a making away with. II. a vanishing, disappearance.
 ἀφανισμός, ὁ, = ἀφάνισις.
 ἀ-φαντος, ον, (a privat., φαίνομαι) invisible, forgotten: obscure, secret. 2. unlooked for.
 ἀφ-άπτω, fut. ψω: pf. pass. ἀψημμαι: (ἀπό, ἄπτω):—to fasten from or upon; ἀφ. ἄμματα to tie knots on a string:—Pass. to be hung on, bang on; ἀπαρμένους Ion. pass. pf. part. for ἀψημένους.
 ἀφάρ, Adv., I. straightway, forthwith: at once, quickly. II. thereupon, then, after that. III. continuously, without intermission.
 ἀ-φαρκτος, ον, old Att. for ἀφρακτος.
 ἀφ-αρπάξω: f. ἄρω, Att. ἄσω or rather ἄσομαι:—Pass., aor. 1 -ἡρπάσθην: pf. -ἡρπασμαι:—to tear off or from: to snatch away: to snatch eagerly.
 ἀφάρτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. of ἀφάρ, bastier.
 ἀ-φάσις, ἡ, (ἀφατος) speechlessness.
 ἀφάσσω, f. ἀφάσω: aor. 1 ἡφασα, imperat. ἀφασον: (ἄπτω, ἀφάω):—to take bold of, handle, feel, touch.
 ἀ-φάτος, ον, (a privat., φάτος) not named, nameless: τὰς ἰσοῦς not be named or uttered; ἀφάτα χρήματα untold sums; ἀφάτον ὤν... there's no saying how. 2. unutterable: huge, monstrous.
 ἀφ-αναίλω, fut. pass. ἀνανθήσομαι, = ἀφάω.
 ἀφανρός, α, ὄν, weak, feeble. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 ἀφ-αῖω, (ἀπό, αἰώω) to dry up, parch, Lat. torrere:—Pass. to become parched, to pine away.
 ἀφάω or ἀφάω, (ἄπτω, ἀφή) to handle, feel.
 ἀ-φεγγής, ἐς, (a privat., φέγγος) without light, dark: metaph. ill-starred. 2. dim, faint.
 ἀφ-εδρών, ὠνος, ὁ, (ἀπό, ἔδρα) the draught: a privy.
 ἀφῆ, Ep. for ἀφῆ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἀφήμι.
 ἀφῆκα, Ep. for ἀφήκα, aor. 1 of ἀφήμι.
 ἀφῆθῆσομαι, fut. pass. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφαιδέστερον, Comp., ἀφαιδέστατα, Sup., of Adv. ἀφαιδῶς.
 ἀφαιδῶς, f. ἥσω, to be unsparing or lavish of; ἀφαιδεῖν πύνον to be careless of, i. e. to neglect, avoid toil: absol., ἀφαιδῆσαντες recklessly. From
 ἀ-φαιδής, ἐς, (a privat., φείδομαι) unsparing, lavish: bountiful. 2. unsparing, cruel, harsh. Hence
 ἀφαιδία, ἡ, profuseness. 2. harshness, severity.
 ἀφαιδῶς, Ion. -έως, Adv. of ἀφαιδής, lavishly.
 ἀφῆ, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀφήμι.
 ἀφῆλλον, -όμεν, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἀφαιρέω.
 ἀφῆμαι, pf. pass. of ἀφήμι.
 ἀφῆμεν, I pl. aor. 2 of ἀφήμι.
 ἀφῆς, εἶσα, aor. 2 part. of ἀφήμι.
 ἀφεκτόν, verb. Adj. of ἀπέχω, one must abstain.
 ἀφέλεια, ἡ, (ἀφελής) simplicity, plainness. From
 ἀφελείν, ἀφελέσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἀφαιρέω.
 ἀ-φελής, ἐς, (a privat., φελλεύς) without a stone, level, smooth. II. metaph. of persons, simple, plain.
 ἀφ-έλω, f. ἔλω: but the usu. fut. is ἀφελύσω [ῥ], aor. 1 ἀφελκύσα (as if from ἀφελκύνω):—to drag away, draw back: to draw aside. 2. to drink up.
 ἀφελότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἀφελής) smoothness, evenness: hence simplicity, sincerity.
 ἀφελών, aor. 2 part. of ἀφαιρέω.
 ἀφελῶς, Adv. of ἀφελής, rudely, coarsely.
 ἀφενος, τό, wealth, abundance.
 ἀφ-ερκτος, ον, (ἡλεργω) sbut out from.
 ἀφ-έρπω, f. ψω: but aor. 1 ἀφείρπωσα (as if from ἀφερπύω):—to creep off, steal away.
 ἀ-φερτος, ον, (a privat., φέρω) insufferable.
 ἀφες, 3, imperat. aor. 2 of ἀφήμι.
 Ἀφέσιος, ὁ, (ἀφήμι) the Releaser, epith. of Zeus.
 ἀφεις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἀφήμι) a letting go, setting free: a quittance, discharge: remission, forgiveness: a starting of horses in a race, the starting-post itself.
 ἀφισταίη, shortened for ἀφέστηκοι, 3 sing. pf. opt. of ἀφίστημι.
 ἀφετός, ὅς, (ἀφήμι) let loose, freely ranging, esp. of sacred flocks that were free from work: hence dedicated to some god.
 ἀ-φευκτος, ον, = ἀφυκτος, q. v.
 ἀφ-εύω, aor. 1 ἀφενυσα (without augm.): pf. pass. ἡφενυμαι:—to singe off. 2. to toast, roast.
 ἀφ-έλω, Ion. ἀπέλω: fut. ἀφελήσω:—to boil off boil down. II. to boil free of all dross, to refine purify: to boil young again.
 ἀφῶκα, Dor. for ἀφείκα, pf. act., and ἀφῶνται Dor. for ἀφείνται, 3 plur., pf. pass. of ἀφήμι.
 ἀφή, ἡ, (ἄπτω) a fastening, joint: 2. a lighting, kindling. II. (ἄπτομαι) a touching, handling: the sense of touch.
 ἀφ-ηγέομαι, f. -ηγῆσομαι, to lead away, lead off: generally, to lead the way, go first. II. to tell, relate, explain. III. the perf. ἀφήγημαι is used in pass. sense. Hence

ἀφήγημα Ion. ἀπήγημα, ατος, τό, *a tale, narrative*: and

ἀφήγησις Ion. ἀπήγησις, εως, ἡ, *a telling, narrative*: ἄξιον ἀπηγήσιος *worth the telling*.

ἀφήγη, aor. I of ἀφήναι.

ἀφ-ῆλθε, Ion. ἀπ-ῆλθε, ἰκος, ὁ, ἡ, *beyond youth, elderly*: mostly used in Comp. and Sup. ἀφῆλκότερος, -έστατος.

ἀφ-ῆμαι, Pass. *to sit apart*.

ἀφῆρηκα, pf. of ἀφαίρειν.

ἀφ-ῆτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ἀφήναι) *the archer*.

ἀφθαρσία, ἡ, *incorruption, immortality*. From ἀ-φθαρτος, ον, (α privat., φθέρω) *uncorrupted, incorruptible*.

ἀφθέγκτος, ον, (α privat., φθέγγομαι) *speechless*: not to be spoken of: ἐν ἀφθέγκτῳ νάπει in a grove where none may speak.

ἄφθῃ, Ion. and Dor. for ἡφθῃ, 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ἄπτω.

ἀ-φθίτος, ον, later also ἡ, ον, (α privat., φθίνω) *undestroyed, undecaying, imperishable*.

ἀ-φθογγος, ον, (α privat., φθέγγομαι) *voiceless*.

ἀφθονώτερος, -έστατος, Irreg. Comp. and Sup. of ἀφθονος.

ἀ-φθόνητος, ον, (α privat., φθονέω) *unenvied*.

ἀφθονία, ἡ, *freedom from envy, readiness*: more often of things, plenty, abundance. From

ἀ-φθονος, ον, act. *free from envy*: ungrudging, bounteous. II. pass. not grudging, bounteously given, plentiful.

2. = ἀνεπίφθονος, unenvied, provoking no envy. III. Adv. -νως, ἀφθόνως ἔχειν τινός to have enough of a thing.

ἀφθορία, ἡ, *incorruption, purity*. From

ἀ-φθορος, ον, (α privat., φθέρω) *uncorrupt, chaste*.

ἀφ-ιδρύω, f. ἰδύω [ῥ]:—Pass., aor. I -ἰδῆν [ῥ] or -ἰδῆν: pf. ἀφιδρύμαι:—to place elsewhere, to remove.

ἀφ-ιέρωω, f. ἰώω: pf. pass. ἀφιέρωμαι:—to purify, hallow.

ἀφ-ίτμι: impf. (as if from ἀφίεω) ἡφίουν, 3 sing. ἡφίει Ep. ἀφίει, 3 pl. ἡφίουν, ἡφίεσαν: fut. ἀφήσω: aor. I ἀφήκα: pf. ἀφείκα Dor. ἀφέωκα:—Pass., fut. ἀφελήσομαι: aor. I ἀφείλον: pf. ἀφείμαι, Dor. 3 pl. ἀφείωνται with pres. sense:—to send forth, discharge, Lat. *mittere*, esp. of missiles: in prose, to send forth on an expedition, send out. II. to send away, let go, Lat. *dimittere*: hence to throw away. 2. to let go, set free, esp. from an accusation, etc.: to remit: absol., ἀφίεναι τινά to acquit. 3. to dissolve, disband, break up, of an army: so also of the council at Athens. 4. to put away, divorce. 5. ἀφίεναι πλοῖον εἰς . . to loose ship for a place.

III. to give up: hence to leave off, let alone: to let pass, neglect. IV. to let, suffer, permit to do or to be done. V. seemingly intr. (sub. στρατόν, ναῦς, etc.), to break up, march, sail.

B. Med. to send forth from oneself, to send forth. 2. to loose oneself from: freq. in Att., c. gen. only, ἀφού τέκνων let go the children.

ἀφ-ίκανω, = ἀφικνέομαι, to arrive at.

ἀφικέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἀφικνέομαι.

ἀφίκεο, Dor. for ἀφίκου, 2 sing. aor. 2 of sq.

ἀφ-ικνέομαι, f. ἀφίκομαι: aor. ἀφικέμην: pf. pass. ἀφίρμαι: Dep. —to arrive at, to come to, to reach: ἀφικέσθαι ἐπὶ or εἰς πάντα to try every means; ἀφικέσθαι ἐς τὸ ἔσχατον κακοῦ to come into extremest misery; διὰ μάχης, δι' ἔχθρας ἀφικέσθαι τινὶ to come to battle, or into enmity with one. II. to come back, return.

ἀφικόμενος, aor. 2 part. of ἀφικνέομαι.

ἀ-φιλ-άγαθος, ον, (α privat., φίλος, ἀγαθός) *unfriendly to good men*.

ἀ-φιλ-ἀργυρος, ον, (α privat., φίλος, ἀργυρός) *not loving money, not avaricious, not covetous*.

ἀ-φίλῆτος, ον, (α privat., φιλῶ) *unloved*.

ἀφίλδοξία, ἡ, *want of ambition*. From

ἀ-φίλδοξος, ον, (α privat., φίλος, δόξα) *not ambitious*.

ἀ-φίλος, ον, of persons, *friendly*. 2. of persons and things, *unfriendly, disagreeable, hateful*:—Adv. -λως.

ἀφίλις, Ion. ἀφίλις, εως, ἡ, (ἀφικνέομαι) *an arrival*. II. *a going home again, departure*.

ἀφιππεύω, f. εἰσω, (ἀφίππεος) *to ride off, away, on back*.

ἀφιππία, ἡ, *bad riding*. From ἀφιππος, ον, *unsuited for riding or for cavalry*. III. *riding badly*.

ἀφ-ίστημι, impf. ἀφίστην: f. ἀποστήσω: aor. I ἀπέστησα and aor. I med. ἀπεστησάμην;—in which tenses it is causal:—to put away, remove, separate: hence to binder, frustrate: but mostly, to make revolt. 2. to weigh out; μὴ χρεῖος ἀποστήσανται, lest they weigh out, i. e. pay in full the debt. II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἀπέστην: perf. ἀφέστηκα: plqpf. ἀπεστήκειν: and fut. med. ἀποστήσομαι:—to stand off, away, or aloof from: ἀποστήναι πραγμάτων, etc., to withdraw from business; ἀποστήναι ἀπὸ τινος to revolt from, and freq. absol. to revolt: also c. inf., ἀποστήναι ἐρωτήσῃ to give over asking. 2. absol. to stand aloof, keep off.

ἀφίχθαι, pf. inf. of ἀφικνέομαι.

ἀφλαστόν, τό, Lat. *aplustris*, the curved stern of a ship with its ornaments (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀφλοισμός, ὁ, *a foaming or gnashing of teeth*, (Prob. like φλοῖστος, formed from the sound.)

ἀφνετός, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, (ἀφνεός) *rich, wealthy*: also rich in a thing, c. gen.

ἀφνεός, ἄ, ὄν, collat. form of ἀφνεός.

Ἄφ' ἄνω, Adv. *unawares, of a sudden*: also ἀφ' ἄνω: ἀ-φθρήτος, ον, (α privat., φοβέομαι) *fearless, without fear of*, c. gen.

ἀ-φοβος, ον, (α privat., φόβος) *fearless*. 2. causing no fear, not to be feared.

ἀφοβό-σπῆλαγχος, ον, (ἀφοβος, σπῆλαγχον) *fearless of heart, stout-hearted*.

ἀφόβως, Adv. of ἀφοβος, *without fear, securely*.

ἀφ-οδος, ἡ, (ἀπὸ, ὁδός) *a going away, departure*: also *a going back*. II. = ἀπόπατος.

ἀ-φοιβαντος, ον, (α privat., φοιβάω) *unscathed*.

ἀφ-ομοίω, f. ὥσω, to liken, make like.

compare. III. to portray, copy.

ἀφ-οπλίξω, f. ἴσω, to disarm, strip of arms:—Med., ἀφ-οπλίξεσθαι ἔντεα to put off one's armour.

ἀφ-ορᾶω, impf. ἀφείρων: pf. ἀφείρακα: with borrowed fut. ἀπόφομαι (as if from ἀπ-όπτομαι), and aor. 2 ἀπείδον (as if from ἀπ-είδω):—to look away from all others at one, and so to look at, Lat. respicere:—to see clearly, have in full view.

II. to look from a place. III. rarely, to look away, have the back turned.

ἀ-φόρητος, ov, (a privat., φορητός) unbearable, insufferable.

ἀφορία, ἡ, (ἀφορος) a not bearing, dearth of a thing. II. barrenness.

ἀφοριεῖ, 3 sing. fut. act. or 2 sing. fut. med. of ἀφ-ορίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. ἀφώρισα: pf. pass. ἀφώρισμαι:—to mark off by boundaries: to part off, determine, define:—Med. to mark off for oneself, appropriate.

II. to set apart, ordain: also to reject, banish.

ἀφ-ορμάω, f. ἴσω, to make to start from a place. II. intr. to start from a place, set off: so in Pass. to go forth, start, depart.

ἀφ-ορμή, ἡ, (ἀπό, ὄρμη) a starting-place, means of starting, base of operations: hence also a place to retire to, a place of safety. 2. a starting-point, the occasion or pretext of a thing. 3. means, resources: esp. the means or sinews of war, as money, ships, etc.: capital, Lat. fundus.

II. a making a start, undertaking.

ἀφορμηθεῖν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. opt. of ἀφορμάω.

ἀφ-ορμίζομαι, Med. to unmoor ships from harbour.

ἀ-φόρμυκτος, ov, (a privat., φορμίζω) without the lyre.

ἀφ-ορμος, ov, (ἀπό, ὄρμος) without harbour in a place.

ἀ-φορος, ov, (a privat., φέρω) not bearing, barren.

ἀ-φόρυκτος, ov, (a privat., φορύσσω) undefiled, unstained.

ἀφ-οσιώω, fut. ὥσω, (ἀπό, ὀσιώω) to purify or liberate from guilt:—Med. to purify oneself from sins of negligence; ἀφοσιουσθαι τῷ θεῷ to make expiatory offerings to the god. II. Med. also to acquit oneself of service due; ἀφοσιουσθαι ἐξ ὀρκωσιν to discharge oneself of the obligation of an oath.

ἀφοῦ, aor. 2 imper. med. of ἀφίημι.

ἀφόνωτα, Ep. for ἀφώντα, pres. act. part. acc. of ἰφάω.

ἀφράδῃω, f. ἴσω, to act without sense. From

ἀ-φράδης, ἐς, (a privat., φράζομαι) thoughtless, silly: of the dead, senseless. Adv. ἀφραδέως, foolishly, senselessly. Hence

ἀφραδία, ἡ, folly, thoughtlessness, silliness.

ἀφράδμων, ov, gen. ονος, — ἀφραδής, thoughtless.

ἀφραίνω, (ἀφρων) to be silly.

ἀφρακτος, old Att. ἀφαρκτος, ov, (a privat., φράσσω) unfenced, unguarded. II. off one's guard.

ἀφράσμων, ov, gen. ονος, — ἀφράδμων.

ἀ-φραστός, ov, (a privat., φράζω) unutterable, strange. 2. untold, numberless. II. (a privat., φράζομαι) not thought of, unseen, unexpected. Hence

ἀφράστως, Adv. unexpectedly.

ἀφρός, f. ἴσω, (ἀφρός) to foam: c. acc. to cover with foam.

ἀφρη-λόγος, ov, (ἀφρός, λέγω) gathering froth, skimming.

ἀφρηστής, οῦ, δ, (ἀφρώ) the foaming one.

ἀφρήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, Ion. for ἀφράτωρ, (a privat., φράττω) without brotherhood, bound by no social tie.

ἀφρίξω, f. ἴσω, = ἀφρέω, to foam.

ἀφρίεις, εσσα, εν, (ἀφρός) foaming.

ἀφρογένεια, ἡ, the foam-born. From

ἀφρο-γενής, ἐς, (ἀφρός, γενέσθαι) foam-born.

Ἀφροδισίας, ἀδος, fem. Adj. sacred to Venus.

Ἀφροδίστος, α, ov, also os, ov, belonging to Venus. II. Ἀφροδίσιον, τό, the temple of Venus:

Ἀφροδίσια, τά, her festival. From

Ἀφροδίτη [ἴ], ἡ, (ἀφρός) Aphrodité, Lat. Venus, the goddess of love and beauty, born from the sea-foam.

II. as appellat. love, desire:—also beauty

ἀφρονέστερος, —έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of ἀφρων.

ἀφρονέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀφρων) to be silly, to act foolishly.

ἀφροντιστέω, f. ἴσω, to be heedless: to have no care of a thing. From

ἀ-φροντίστος, ov, (a privat., φροντίζω) thoughtless, heedless:—so in Adv., ἀφροντίστως ἔχειν to be thoughtless.

II. pass. unthought of, unexpected.

ἀ-φρόνως, Adv. of ἀφρων, foolishly.

ἈΦΡΟΣ, ὁ, foam, froth.

ἀφροσύνη, ἡ, (ἀφρων) folly, thoughtlessness.

ἀφρόνους, ov, (a privat., φρουρά) unwatched.

ἀφρο-φυής, ἐς, (ἀφρός, φύω) froth-producing, milky.

ἀφρων, ov, gen. ονος, (a privat., φηρῆ) senseless, witless, foolish, crazed, silly, Lat. amens, demens. Comp.

and Sup., ἀφρονέστερος, —έστατος.

ἀφ-υδραίνω, (ἀπό, ὑδραίνω) to wash clean: Med. to wash oneself, bathe.

ἀφύη, ἡ, a sort of anchovy or sardine.

ἀ-φύής, ἐς, (a privat., φυή) without natural talent, dull: naturally unfit for a thing. II. in good sense, simple.

ἀ-φυκτος, ov, (a privat., φυκτός) not to be shunned, inevitable: of arrows, unerring. 2. act. unable to escape.

ἀφύλακτέω, f. ἴσω, to be off one's guard: c. gen. to be careless about, neglect. From

ἀ-φύλακτος, ov, (a privat., φυλάσσω) unguarded.

II. of persons, unguarded, unheeding; ἀφύλακτόν τινα λαμβάνειν to catch one off his guard.

Adv. —τως. Hence

ἀφύλαξία, ἡ, want of vigilance, unguardedness.

ἀφ-υλίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, ὑλίζω) to strain off.

ἀ-φυλλος, ov, (a privat., φύλλον) leafless, of dry wood; ἀφυλλον στόμα speech not seconded by the suppliant's olive-branch.

ἀφύζειν, fut. inf. of ἀφύσσω.

ἀφ-υπνίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπὸ, ὕπνος) *to wake from sleep*.
 ἀφ-υπνῶ, f. ὥσω: aor. I ἀφύνπνωσα: (ἀπὸ, ὕπνῳ):
 —to wake or rouse from sleep. II. *to fall asleep*.
 ἀφυσγετός, δ, (ἀφύσσω) *the mud and dirt which a*
stream carries with it, rubbish.

ἈΦΥΨΩ, fut. ἀφύξω Dor. —ξῶ: aor. I ἤφυσσα
 Ep. ἀφυσσα: aor. I med. ἤφυσάμην Ep. ἀφυσάμην:
 —to draw liquids; πῖθων ἤφυσσέτο οἶνος wine was
 drawn from the casks:—Med. *to draw for oneself, to*
drink, quaff. 2. *to pour in a heap, to pile up*,
 πλοῦτον ἀφύξιν:—Med., φύλλα ἤφυσάμην I *heaped*
me up a pile of leaves.

ἀ-φύτευτος, ον, (a privat., φυτεύω) *not planted*.
 ἀφύως, Adv. ἀφύης: ἀφύως ἔχειν *to have no*
natural talent.

ἀ-φώνητος, ον, (a privat., φωνέω) *unspeakable, un-*
utterable. II. *voiceless, speechless*.

ἀφωνία, ἡ, *speechlessness*. From
 ἀ-φωνος, ον, (a privat., φωνή) *voiceless, speechless*,
 dumb: inarticulate. Adv. —ως.

ἄχᾱ [ᾱ], Dor. for ἡχῆ.
 Ἀχαιᾱ, Ion. Ἀχαιή, ἡ, (ἄχος) *epith. of Demeter*
in Attica.

ἀχαιῆς, δ, (ἄκῆ) *with single points to his horns*,
epith. of a young stag: also Ἀχαιή, ἡ, *a deer*.

Ἀχαιῆς, Att. Ἀχᾱῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, *the Aeolian land, with*
or without γαῖα. 2. (sub. γυνή) *an Aeolian wo-*
man: so also Ἀχαιῖς, ἄδος, ἡ.

Ἀχαιῖς, ἴ, ὄν, Aeolian, Lat. *Acivius*. II. as
 Su. st., 1. Ἀχαιοί, οἱ, *the Achaeans, in Homer the*
Greeks generally. 2. Ἀχαιᾱ, ἡ, *Achaia, in Pello-*
po nesus.

ἀ-χάλινος, ον, (a privat., χαλινός) *unbridled*.
 ἀ-χάλινωτος, ον, (a privat., χαλινώω) *unbridled*.
 ἀ-χάλκεος, ον, (a privat., χαλκούε) *without a*
smithing. Hence

ἀχαλκίω, *to be without a smithing*.
 ἀ-χάλκευτος, ον, (a privat., χαλκεύω) *not forged of*
metal.

ἀ-χαλκος, ον, *without brass, esp. without brassen*
arms; ἀχαλκος ἄσπιδων = ἀνευ ἄσπιδων χαλκῶν.

ἀ-χάλκευτος, ον, (a privat., χαλκός) = ἀχάλκευτος.
 ἀχάνη [ᾱχᾱ-], ἡ, *a Persian measure, = 45 μέδιμοι*.
 ἀ-χάνης, ἑς, (a privat., χανέιν) *not opening the*
mouth. II. (a euphon.) *yawning, vast*.

ἀ-χάρακτος, ον, (a privat., χαρακώ) *not palisaded*.
 ἀ-χάρις, δ, ἡ, ἄχαρι, τό, gen. ιτος, (a privat., χάρις)
without grace or charms, unpleasant, wretched. II.
ungracious, thankless, Lat. ingratus.

ἀχάριστις, f. ἡσσι, (ἀχάριστος) *to be ungrateful*.
 ἀχαριστία, ἡ, *ingratitude, ungraciousness*.

ἀ-χαρίστως, Ion. and poet. ἀ-χάριτος, ον, (a privat.,
 χαρίζομαι) *unpleasing: without grace*. II. *un-*
gracious: ungrateful, thankless. 2. *pass. un-*
thankful: Adv., οὐκ ἀχαρίστως ἔχειν τινι *thanks are*
not wanting to him. 3. *with an ill will*: hence in
 Adv., ἀχαρίστως ἔπεσθαι *to follow with a bad*
grace.

ἀχεδών, ὄνος, Dor. for ἡχεδών.

ἀ-χείμαντος, ον, (a privat., χεῖμαινω) *not vexed with*
storms.

ἀ-χειρ, pos, δ, ἡ, (a privat., χεῖρ) *without hands*:
without dexterity, awkward.

ἀ-χειρῆς, ἑς, *without hands*.

ἀ-χειροποίητος, ον, *not made by hands*.

ἀ-χειρος, ον, —ἀχειρ: τὰ ἀχειρα *the binder parts of*
the body.

ἀ-χειρωτος, ον, (a privat., χειρώω) *not trained by the*
hand. II. *unconquered*.

Ἀχελῷος, poet. Ἀχελῷος, δ, *Acbelōus*, name of
 several rivers; the best known ran through Aetolia
 and Acarnania. II. as appellat. *any running*
water, as in Virgil, *Acbelōia pocula*.

ἈΧΕΡΑΟΣ, ἡ, more rarely δ, *a wild prickly shrub*,
 used for hedges: *the wild pear*.

Ἀχερόντιος and Ἀχερούσιος, α, ον, *of or belong-*
ing to Acheroon: fem. —ιάς, ἄδος.

ἀχερόσις, ἴδος, *the white poplar*, supposed to have been
 brought by Hercules from the banks of Acheroon.

Ἀχέρον, ὄντος, δ, *Acheroon*, a river in Hades. (De-
 rived from ἄχος, as *κακῶς* is from *κακῶν*.)

ἀχέτας, ὄν, δ, Dor. for ἰχέτης, (ἀχέω) *sounding*:
 esp. *the male cicada*, from its chirping.

ἀχέως, (ἄχος) *to mourn*: *the sad, twice* for one.

ἀχέω, (ἄχος) *to mourn*: *to be sad*, only used in part.,
 κῆρ ἀχέων *sorrowing in heart*. II. from the

same Root ἈΧ-, came. I. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἡχέ-
 χον, in causal sense, *to mōle to grieve, vex, distress*:
 so also redupl. fut. ἀκαχίτω, aor. I ἀκάχησα (as ἡ
 from ἀχέω).

ἀκάχηται, opt. ἀκάχοιτο, impf. 3 pl. ἀκάχοντο:—
 pf. pass., ἀκάχημαι, Ep. 3 pl. ἀκηχέσθαι or ἀκηχέ-
 ται (for ἀκηχύνται); 3 pl. pf. ἀκαχέλατο (for ἀκη-
 χύντο); inf. ἀκάχῃσθαι; part. ἀκαχήμενος, Ep. also
 ἀκηχήμενος.

ἀχέω [ᾱ], Dor. and poet. form for ἡχέω.

ἀχημα, Dor. for ἡχημα.

ἈΧΗ'Ν, ἑνος, δ, ἡ, *poor, needy*. [ᾱ] Hence
 ἀχηνία, ἡ, *need, want*; ὀμμάτων ἀχηνία *the eyes'*
blank gaze.

ἀχθενός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄχθος) *burdensome, oppressive*.

Adv. —νῶς, *unwillingly*, Lat. *agere, molestis*.

ἀχθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἄγω.

ἀχθηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, (ἄχθομαι) *grief, annoyance*.

ἀχθηδωτός, fut. pass. of ἄγω.

ἀχθωμαι, Pass. with fut. med. ἀχθέσθωμαι and pass.
 ἀχθέσθῃσθωμαι: aor. I ἡχθέσθην: pf. ἡχθήμαι: (ἄχ-
 θος):—to be burdened: loaded:—to be weighed down,
 discontented, vexed, disquieted.

ἈΧΘΟΣ, εος, τό, *a weight, burden, load*; ἀχθος
 ἀνθρώπου *a dead weight on earth*. II. *a load of*
grief: sorrow, grief, distress.

ἀχθοφορέω, f. ἴσω, *to bear burdens, to bear as a*
burden. From

ἀχθο-φόρος, ον, (ἄχθος, φέρω) *bearing burdens*.

Ἀχλῆλιος, α, ον, *of or belonging to Achilles*:

Ἀχιλλεΐαι μᾶζαι, *cakes of fine barley-meal, dainty food.* From

Ἀχιλλεύς, ἑως, Ep. ἦος, δ: Ep. also Ἀχιλεύς: *Achilles*, son of Peleus and Thetis, chief of the Myrmidons, hero of the Iliad.

ἀ-χίτων, *on. gen. anōs. without tunic, thinly clad.*
ἀχλαΐνα, ἡ, *want of a cloak: generally, want of clothing.* From

ἀ-χλαινος, *on, (a privat., χλαΐνα) without cloak.*
ἀ-χλοος, *on, contr. ἀ-χλους, on, (a privat., χλόα) without herbage.*

ἀχλύεις, εσσα, *ev, (ἀχλύς) murky, gloomy.*
ἈΧΑΤΨ, *uos, ἡ, a mist, gloom, darkness, Lat. caligo: in Homer also the mist which comes over the eyes of the dying or swooning: metaph. trouble.* Hence ἀχλύω, *f. ἴσω [v]: aor. I ἡχλύσα: to be or grow dark.*

ἈΧΝΗ, Dor. ἀχνα, ἡ, *anything that comes off the surface of a thing, as of liquids, foam, froth; ἀχνη οὐρανια the dew of heaven; δακρύων ἀχνη dewy tears.* II. of solids, *chaff: the down on fruit.* III. ἀχνην *in acc. as Adv., a morsel, a little bit.*

ἀχνύμαι, *Dep. only used in pres. and impf.: (ἀχος): to trouble oneself, grieve.*

ἀ-χολος, *on, (a privat., χολή) lacking gall: metaph. meek, gentle.* II. *allaying bile or anger.*

ἀχομαι, *Dep. (ἀχος) to mourn, bewail oneself.*
ἀ-χορευτος, *on, (a privat., χορεύω) like ἀχορος, not attended with the dance, joyless, wretched.*

ἀ-χορος, *on, without the dance: mournful, sad.*
ἈΧΟΣ, *eos, τό, an ACHE, pain, distress, in Homer only of the mind.*

ἀ-χραής, *ἐς, = ἀχραντος.*
ἀ-χραντος, *on, (a privat., χραίνω) undefiled.*

ἀχράς, *ἀδος, ἡ, a kind of wild pear.*

ἀ-χρεΐος, *on, rarely α, on, Ion. ἀ-χρηΐος, (a privat., χρεΐα) useless, unprofitable, unserviceable in war.* II. *neut. ἀχρεΐον as Adv., ἀχρεΐον ἰδὼν giving a helpless look, looking foolish; ἀχρεΐον γελᾶν to laugh without use or cause, make a forced laugh; ἀχρεΐον κλάζειν to bark without cause, of dogs.* Hence

ἀχρεΐω, *f. ὦσω, to make useless, disable.*

ἀ-χρηΐος, *on, Ion. for ἀχρεΐος.*

ἀχρημᾶτια, ἡ, *want of money.* From

ἀ-χρημᾶτος, *on, (a privat., χρήμα) without money* or means: *οὐ ἀχρημᾶτοι the poor.*

ἀχρημοσύνη, ἡ, *want of money.* From

ἀ-χρημων, *on, gen. onos, (a privat., χρήμα) = ἀχρηματος, poor, needy. [α]*

ἀχρηστία, ἡ, *uselessness, unfitness.* From

ἀ-χρηστος, *on, (a privat., χρηστός) useless, unprofitable, unserviceable; ἀχρηστος ἐς τι unfit for a thing:—without effect, Lat. irritus.* II. *unkind, cruel.*

III. *act. making no use of, c. dat.*

ἀχρι, *and before a vowel ἄχρως, (ἀκρος) Prep. with gen. until, Lat. usque ad; ἀχρι μάλα κνέφαος until deep in the night:—as far as, ἀχρι τῆς καρδίας.* II.

Conj. until, to the time that, Lat. donec: so also ἀχρι

οὐ. III. *Adv. of manner, to the uttermost, utterly, Lat. penitus.*

ἀ-χρώματος, *on, (a privat., χρώμα) without colour.*

ἀ-χρωστος, *on, (a privat., χρώω) uncoloured: untouched.*

ἀχυρίτις, ἰδος, (ἀχυρον) *fem. Adj. of chaff.*

ἀχυρμία, ἡ, (ἀχυρον) *a heap of chaff.*

ἀχυρο-δόκτη, ἡ, (ἀχυρον, δέχομαι) *a chaff-holder.*

ἈΧΥΨΟΝ, τό, *mostly in plur. chaff, bran, husks.*

ἀχυρό-τριψ, τρίβος, δ, (ἀχυρον, τρίβω) *threshing out the husks.*

ἀχώ, ἡ, Dor. for ἡχώ.

ἀ-χώριστος, *on, (a privat., χωριστός) not parted.* II. (a privat., χώρος) *without a place assigned one.*

ἈΨ, *Adv. of Place, backwards, back, away from, away.* 2. of actions, *again, over again.*

ἀψάμενος, *aor. I med. part. of ἀπτομαι.*

ἀ-ψαυστος, *on, (a privat., ψάυω) untouched.* II. *act. without touching.*

ἀ-ψεγής, *ἐς, (a privat., ψέγω) unblamed, blameless.*

ἀ-ψεκτος, *on, = ἀψεγής.*

ἀψευδεια, ἡ, *truthfulness; and*

ἀψευδέω, *f. ἴσω, not to lie, to speak truth.* From

ἀ-ψευδής, *ἐς, (a privat., ψεύδος) without falsehood, truthful: of things, genuine, pure.* Hence

ἀψευδῶς, *Ion. -έως, Adv. really and truly.*

ἀ-ψευστος, *on, (a privat., ψεύδομαι) unfeigned.*

ἀ-ψηκτος, *on, (a privat., ψήχω) not rubbed off.*

ἀ-ψηφιστος, *on, (a privat., ψηφίζομαι) not having voted.*

ἀψιδόδομαι, -f. ἡψίδωμαι: *Pass.: (ἀψίς):—to be tied in a circle or curve.*

ἀψί-κορος, *on, (ἀπτομαι, κόρος) satisfied with touching, fastidious, dainty.*

ἀψίμαχία, ἡ, *a skirmishing.* From

ἀψί-μάχος, *on, (ἀπτομαι, μάχη) skirmishing.*

ἀψί, *on, τό, Lat. absinthium, wormwood.* From

ἈΨΙΝΘΟΣ, ἡ, *wormwood.*

ἀψίς, *Ion. ἀψίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἀπτω) a juncture: a loop, knot; ἀψίδες λίνω the meshes of a net.* 2. *the felloe or felly of a wheel, the wheel itself; κύκλος ἀψίδος the potter's wheel.* 3. *an arch or vault.*

ἀψίσι, *dat. pl. of ἀψίς.*

ἀψόρ-πος, *on, contr. ἀψόρρους, on, (ἀψ, βέω) back-flowing, flowing back into itself.*

ἀψορ-πος, *on, shorid. form of foreg. moving backwards, going back:—neut. ἡψορρον as Adv., backward, back again.*

ἄψος, *eos, τό, (ἀπτω) a juncture: a joint.*

ἀ-ψόφητος, *on, (a privat., ψοφέω) without noise; c. gen., ἀψόφητος κοιχυμάτων without cry of wailing.*

ἀ-ψοφος, *on, (a privat., ψύφος) = ἀψόφητος.*

ἀ-ψυκτος, *on, (a privat., ψύχω) uncooled, warm.*

ἀψύχια, ἡ, *cowardice.* From

ἀ-ψυχος, *on, (a privat., ψυχή) lifeless.* II.

spiritless, fainthearted.

*ἌΩ, *root of ἀήμι, to blow; cf. ἄω, αὔω.*

*ΑΩ, root of λαύω, δαυέω, to sleep: aor. I δαεσα, Ep. δαεσσα, contr. δαα.

*ΑΩ, to hurt, contr. from ἀδω, q. v.

*ΑΩ, to satiate, inf. ἀμεναι [ā], contr. for ἀμέμεναι, Ep. for δειν: aor. I δαα: verb. Adj. άτός [ā]; but with a privat., άτος [ād], contr. άτος.

άωθεν, Adv. Dor. for ήώθεν.

άών, άόνος, ή, Dor. for ήϊών.

άωρί, Adv. of άωρος, at an untimely hour.

άωρία, ή, (άωρος) untimely fate or death, an unseasonable time: in acc. as Adv., άωρίαν ήκειν to have come too late. [ā]

άωριος, ov, = άωρος.

άωρο-νυκτος, ov, (άωρος, νύξ) at midnight, Lat. *intempestiva nocte*.

άωρος, ov, (a privat., άρα) untimely, unseasonable, χειμών, θάνατος. II. before the time, unripe. III. *missiphen*, ugly. [ā]

άωρτο, Ep. plqpf. pass. of δαίρω.

Άως, ή, Dor. for Ηώς, Έως. Hence

Άωσ-φόρος, ό, = Έωσφόρος, the bringer of light, the morning-star, Lat. *Lucifer*

άωτέω, f. ήσω, (άω) to sleep soundly. From

άωτον, τό, and άωτος, ό, the best or choicest of its kind, the flower of the whole; in Homer of the finest wool, εἰς δαυτον; also of the finest linen, λίνιοι λεπτόν δαυτον.

B

Β, β, βῆτα, indecl., second letter of the Greek alphabet: hence as a numeral, β' = δύο and δεύτερος, but β = 2000.

The Aeol. and Dor. used it as the simple aspirate before ρ, as βρύδον βράκος, for ρύδον ράκος. It was often inserted between μλ and μρ to give a fuller sound, as in μεσημβρία, γαμβρός, cf. άμβροτος.

The change of β into other consonants was chiefly owing to the different pronunciations of the several dialects: I. into π, e. g. βατεῖν for πατεῖν.

II. Arcad., into ζ, as ζέρεθρον for βέρεθρον, βεραθρον.

III. into γ, as γλήχαν for βλήχαν.

βᾶ, shortd. form of βασιλεῦ, O King!

βαβάω, redupl. for βαῶ, to chatter.

βαβαί, βαβαιάξ, Lat. *papas*, exclamation of surprise, *bliss me! dear me!*

βάβαξ, ό, a chattering.

βαβύκα, ή, Lacon. for γεφύρα, a bridge.

βάγμα, ατος, τό, (βάω) a speech.

βάδην, Adv. (βαίνω) step by step, pacing, Lat. *pedesim*, opp. to quick running.

II. marching on foot, opp. to riding, III. gradually, Lat. *gradatim*.

βαδίζω: fut. Att. ιούμαι, later ιώ: aor. I έβαδισα: pf. βεβάδικα: (βάδος, βαίνω):—to go on foot, to walk: so go slowly, pace: generally, to go. *Kénese*

βάδις, εως, ή, a walking, going.

βαδιστίον, verb. Adj. of βαδίζω, one must go.

βαδιστής, ου, ό, (βαδίζω) one that goes on foot, a walker, goer: ταχύς βαδιστής a quick goer.

βαδιστικός, ή, ύν, (βαδίζω) good at walking.

βάδος, ό, (βαίνω) a walk.

BA'ZL, f. βάξω, to speak, say: 3 sing. pf. pass., έπος

βέβαντα a word has been spoken.

βᾶβα, Ion. for βαβαία, fem. of βαβύς.

βαθῶς, Adv. of βαθύς, deeply.

βάθιστος, η, ov, Sup. of βαθύς.

βαθύς, ίδος and ίδος, ή, a step. From

βαθύς, ό, (βαίνω) a step, stair.

II. metaph

a step, degree, rank, Lat. *gradus*.

βάθος, εος, τό, (βαθύς) depth or height, Lat. *altitudo*;

επὶ βάθος in file, of soldiers.

βαθρεία, ή, = βάθρον.

βάθρον, τό, (βαίνω) that on which one stands, a base,

pedestal: foundation. 2. a step or set of steps, the

round of a ladder: in plur. ladders. 3. a threshold:

metaph. an edge, verge. 4. a bench, seat.

βαθυ-ακή, ές, (βαθύς, άκος) with deep vales.

βαθύ-βουλος, ov, (βαθύς, βουλή) deep-counselling.

βαθύ-γειος, Ion. βαθύγειος, ov, Att. βαθύγεως, ov,

(βαθύς, γή) with deep soil, fruitful.

βαθυ-γῆρας, ov, (βαθύς, γῆρας) in great old age,

decrepit.

βαθύ-γλυπτος, ov, (βαθύς, γλύπτω) deep-carved.

βαθυ-δινήεις, εσσα, εν, (βαθύς, δινάω) deep-eddying.

βαθυ-δίνη, ov, ό, (βαθύς, δίνη) deep-eddying. [I]

βαθύ-δοξος, ov, (βαθύς, δόξα) far-famed.

βαθύ-ζωνος, ov, (βαθύς, ζώνη) deep-girded, i. e. not

under the breast, but over the hips, so that the gown

fall over the girdle in full folds; esp. of the Ionian

dress: cf. βαθυκόλπος.

βαθύ-τριξ, τρίχος, ό, ή, (βαθύς, τρίξ) with thick hair:

of sheep, with thick wool.

βαθυ-καμπής, ές, (βαθύς, κάμπτω) strongly curved

βαθυ-κήτης, ες, (βαθύς, κῆτος) very deep.

βαθυ-κλέης, ες, (βαθύς, κλέος) far-famed.

βαθυ-κόλπος, ov, (βαθύς, κόλπος) deep-bosomed, with

the dress in deep, full folds, like βαθύζωνος. 2,

with swelling breasts. II. of the earth, with deep

valleys.

βαθύ-κρημνος, ov, (βαθύς, κρημός) with high cliffs.

βαθυ-κρύσταλλος, ov, with thick ice.

βαθυ-κτιάνος, ov, (βαθύς, κτεανον) with great poss

sessions, esp. of flocks and herds.

βαθύ-λειμος, ov, and βαθυ-λεῖμων, ov, gen. onος,

(βαθύς, λειμών) with rich meadows.

βαθυ-λήθιος, ov, (βαθύς, λήθιον) with deep, thick crops.

βαθυ-μαλλος, ov, (βαθύς, μαλλός) thick-fleeced.

βαθυ-μήτης, ov, ό, also βαθυμήτα, (βαθύς, μήτις)

deep-counselling.

βαθύ-νοος, ov, contr. βαθύ-νους, ουν, (βαθύς, νόος)

profoundly wise.

βαθύνω [U], fut. βαθύνω: pf. βεβάθυγκα: (βαθύς):

—to deepen, hollow out, excavate: βαθύνειν την φάρ

καργα to deepen the phalanx by increasing the number of ranks.

βαθύ-ξύλος, *ον*, (βαθύς, ξύλον) with thick wood.

βαθύ-πέδος, *ον*, (βαθύς, πέδον) forming a deep vale.

βαθύ-πέλμος, *ον*, (βαθύς, πέλμα) thick-soled.

βαθύ-πλουτος, *ον*, (βαθύς, πλ. ἵτος) exceeding rich.

βαθυ-πόλεμος, *ον*, (βαθύς, πόλεμος) plunged in war.

βαθυ-ρείτης, *ον*, δ, (ρέω) = βαθύροος.

βαθυ-ρήνος, *ον*, (βαθύς, ῥήν) with thick wool.

βαθύ-ρίζος, *ον*, (βαθύς, ρίζα) deep-rooted.

βαθύ-ροος, *ον*, *contr.* βαθύ-ρους, *ον*, (βαθύς, ρέω)

deep-flowing, with deep, full stream.

ΒΑΪΩΣ, βαθεία, *ιον*, βαθέα, βαθύ: *Comp.* βαθύ-

τερος, *poët.* βαθίαν, *Dor.* βάσσων: *Sup.* βαθύτατος,

poët. βάθιστος. Deep or high, *Lat.* altus. 2. deep,

thick, luxuriant, as of the hair and beard: generally,

large, abundant: of the voice, deep: of thought,

deep:—then in various senses, of time, age, etc.; βα-

θις ἔρβρος morning-prime; βαθὺ γῆρας great old age;

βαθεία φάλαγξ a column deep in file.

βαθυ-σκάφης, *ἑς*, (βαθύς, σκάπτω) deep-dug.

βαθύ-σκίος, *ον*, (βαθύς, σκιά) deep-shaded.

βαθύ-σπορος, *ον*, (βαθύς, σπείρω) deep-sown, fruit-

ful.

βαθύ-στερνος, *ον*, (βαθύς, στέρνον) deep-chested;

βαθύστερος αἶα deep-bosomed earth.

βαθύ-στολος, *ον*, (βαθύς, στολμός) with deep, full

robes.

βαθύ-στρωτος, *ον*, (βαθύς, στρώννυμι) deep-covered,

well-covered, of a bed.

βαθύ-σχοινος, *ον*, (βαθύς, σχοῖνος) deep grown with

rushes.

βαθύ-φρων, *ον*, *gen.* ονος. (βαθύς, φρήν) deep-coun-

selling.

βαθύ-φύλλος, *ον*, (βαθύς, φύλλον) thick-l. ased.

βαθυ-χαίτης, *ον*, δ, also βαθυχαντήης, ἥεσσα, ἥεν,

(βαθύς, χαίτη) with deep thick hair, with thick mane.

βαθύ-χθων, *ον*, *gen.* ονος, (βαθύς, χθών) of deep

soil, fertile.

βαῖν, *ης*, *η*, *aor.* 2 *bpt.* of βαίνειν.

ΒΑΙΝΩ, formed from the Root *Bāw: *fut.* βήσο-

μαι, *Ep.* βέομαι and βέομαι, *Dor.* βαῖναι:—*pf.*

βέβηκα, *Ep.* 3 *pl.* βεβάσαι, βεβᾶσι: *inf.* βεβάναι;

part. βεβάνης, βεβάνια, *contr.* βεβᾶς, βεβᾶσα, βεβᾶς:

—*aor.* 2 βῆν, *Ep.* 3 *sing.* βῆ, *Ep.* 3 *dual* βάτην [ᾶ];

imperat. βῆθι, in compds. βα (as καταβα): *subj.* βᾶ,

Ep. βέω, *Ep.* 3 *sing.* βῆ; *opt.* βαῖν; *inf.* βῆναι,

Ep. βήμεναι; *part.* βᾶς, βᾶσα, βάν.—*Med.*, *Ep.* 3 *sing.*

—*1.* I ἐβήσετο, for ἐβήσατο:—*Pass.*, *aor.* I ἐβάρην

[ᾶ] in compds. as συνεβάρην: *pf.* βεβάρμαι in compds.

as παραβεβάρμαι. To go, walk, step. 2. *Ep.* with

inf., βῆ δ' ἵμεν, βάν δ' ἵεναι he, they set out to go;

βῆ δὲ θέεν he started to run. 3. βαίνειν μετὰ τι

to go after a thing; βαίνειν ἐπ' ἐλπίδος, etc., to pro-

ceed upon hope, i. e. to feel hope, etc. 4. the *pf.*

βέβηκα chiefly has the sense of being in a place, being

settled; εὖ βεβηκέναι to stand fast; οἱ ἐν τέλει βεβῶ-

τες they who are in office. 5. of lifeless things,

ἐννέα ἐνιαυτοὶ βεβᾶ 1 nine years have come and gone.

6. to mount, β. δίφρον; of animals, to

cover; ἵπποι βαυόμεναι brood mares. 7. with cog-

nate acc., βαίνειν κέλευθον to go a path; βαίνειν πύδα

to advance the foot: also later c. acc., αἶνον ἔβα κῆρος

disgust comes after praise; χρέος ἔβα με debts came

on me.

II. Causal. in *fut. act.* βήσω: *aor.* I ἐβησα (an-

swering to *pres.* βιβάω):—to make to go; φῶτας βῆ-

σεν ἀφ' ἵππων he made the men dismount from the

chariot.

βάϊον, τό, (βάϊς) a palm-branch.

ΒΑΙΟΣ, ᾶ, *όν*, little, slight, short, small, humble,

ἐχώρει βαίως he was travelling with small escort; ἀπὲ

βαίης (sub. ἡλικίας) from childhood; βαῖον, as Adv. a little.

ΒΑΙΣ, ἡ, a palm-branch.

ΒΑΙ'ΤΗ, ἡ, a peasant's coat of skins.

ΒΑΚΕΛΑΣ, ὁ, a priest of Cybele.

Βάκιζω, *f.* ἴω, (Bakis) to prophesy like Bacis.

βάκκαρις, ἴδος or εως, ἡ, baccar, an aromatic plant.

βακτηρία, ἡ, = βάκτρον.

βακτηρίον, τό, = βάκτρον.

βάκτρευμα, ατος, τό, a staff, support. From

βακτρέω, *f.* σω, to lean on a staff. From

βάκτρον, τό, (*βάω, βιβάω) *Lat.* baculus, a staff.

βακτρο-προσαίτης, *ον*, ὁ, (βάκτρον, προσαίτης) one

who begs leaning on a staff.

Βακχῶ, (Βάκχος) to rave with Bacchic frenzy.

Βακχέ-Βακχον ἄσαι, to raise the strain Βάκχε,

Βάκχε, to invoke Bacchus.

Βακχεία, ἡ, (Βάκχος) Bacchic revelry.

Βακχεῖον, τό, the temple of Bacchus. II.

= Βακχεία, ἡ.

Βάκχειος, α, *ον*, (Βάκχος) Bacchic, belonging to

Bacchus or his rites: like a priest of Bacchus, inspired,

frenzied.

Βάκχευμα, ατος, τό, (Βακχεύω) Bacchic revelry.

Βακχεύς, εως, ὁ, = Βάκχος. Hence

Βακχεύσιμος, *ον*, Bacchanalian, frenzied.

Βάκχευσος, εως, ἡ, (Βακχεύω) Bacchic revelry.

Βακχεύω, *f.* εἴσω, (Βάκχος) to keep the feast of

Bacchus. 2. to speak or act like one frantic, *Lat.*

baccbari. II. causal, to inspire with frenzy.

Βάκχη, ἡ, (Βάκχος) a Bacchantid. II. any in-

spired or frenzied woman.

Βακχιάζω, = Βακχεύω.

Βάκχος, α, *ον*, and Βακχικός, ἡ, *όν*, = Βάκχειος,

Bacchanalian: generally, inspired, raving. II.

as Subst., ὁ Βάκχιος (sub. θεός), the Bacchic god, i. e.

Bacchus.

Βακχίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = Βάκχη.

Βακχιώτης, *ον*, ὁ, (Βάκχιος) a Bacchanalian.

ΒΑΚΧΟΣ, ὁ, Bacchus, the planter of the vine, god

of wine and inspiration, and particularly of dramatic

poetry. The same word with Ἰακχος, and so from

λάχω. II. a Bacchanal: generally, any one in-

spired or frantic with passion.

βαλάν-άγρα, ἡ, (βάλανος, ἄγρα) a hook to pull out the βάλανος or bolt-pin, a key.

βαλάνειον, τό, Lat. balneum, a bath, bathing-room. ΒΑ'ΛΑ'ΝΕΤ'Σ, ἴσως, ὁ, the bath-man, Lat. balneator. Hence

βαλάνεω, f. σω, to wait upon a person at the bath: generally, to serve, wait upon.

βαλάνη-φάγος, ον, (βάλανος, φαγεῖν) acorn-eating. βαλάνη-φόρος, ον, (βάλανος, φέρω) bearing acorns or dates.

βαλάνιζω, (βάλανος) to shake acorns from a tree.

βαλάνισσα, ἡ, fem. of βαλανεύς.

ΒΑ'ΛΑ'ΝΟΣ, ἡ, an acorn: also of other fruit, esp. the date; ἄιδος βάλανος the sweet chestnut. II.

an iron peg, Lat. pressulus, passed through the bar into a hole in the doorpost behind it, and taken out with a hook (βαλανάγρα) when the door was to be opened, a bolt-pin. Hence

βαλάνωω, f. ὥσω, to bar the door with a bolt-pin, to close up.

βαλαντιη-τόμος, ὁ, (βαλάντιον, τεμεῖν) a cutpurse.

ΒΑΛΑΝΤΙΟΝ, τό, a bag, pouch, purse.

βαλαντιοτομέω, to cut purses.

ΒΑΛΒΙ'Σ, ἴδος, ἡ, mostly in pl. βαλβίδες, Lat. carcères, the post of the race-course, whence the racers started and to which they returned, both in running and driving: any starting point. II. any point to be gained, the battlement of a wall:—an end, term.

βάλει, for ἔβαλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of βάλλω.

βαλῆν, also βαλλῆν, ἦνος, ὁ, a king, akin to Hebr. Bel or Baal, Lord.

βαλίσς, ἄ, ὄν, (βάλλω) spotted, dappled.

βαλλάντιον, τό, = βαλάντιον.

βαλλήναδε βλέπειν, a play on the words βάλλω and the Attic deme Παλλήνη.

ΒΑ'ΛΛΩ; fut. βάλλω, Ion. βάλλεω, rarely βαλλήσω:—aor. 2 ἔβαλον, Ion. inf. βαλέων:—perf. βέβληκα:

plaqf. ἔβεβλήκαμεν, Ep. βεβλήκαμεν.—Med., Ion. impf. βαλλέσκετο: fut. βαλοῦμαι:—aor. 2 ἔβαλόμην, Ion.

imperat. βάλεϋ.—Pass., fut. βληθήσομαι, fut. 3 βεβλήσομαι: aor. 1 ἔβληθην; 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 ἔβλητο, subj. βληται, opt. 2 sing. βλεῖο, inf. βληθῶ, part. βλημένος:—pf. βέβλημαι, Ion. 3 pl. βεβλήταται: plaqf. ἔβεβλήμην. I. Act. to throw, cast, hurl at, properly of a missile as opp. to striking,

to hit with a dart: metaph. of sound, to strike, κύτος οὔσα βάλλει:—of ships, to dash, strike: also to push: to let fall: and of tears, to shed:—also to put on or over, κύκα ἀμφὶ δάξουσι βάλε. 2. intr. to fall, tumble, ποταμός εἰς ἅλα βάλλων. II. Med.

to weigh with oneself, ponder, deibe:—te. 2. to throw around oneself: ξίφος ἀμφὶ ὤμους βάλλεσθαι to throw over one's shoulder. 3. to lay a foundation, βάλλεσθαι δόντι to found a city.

βαλοῖσθαι, Dor. for βαλοῦσθαι, aor. 2 part. nom. pl. fem. of βάλλω.

βαλός, οὔ, ὁ, Dor. for βηλός.

βαλῶ, fut. ind. and aor. 2 subj. of βάλλω.

βάμα, τό, Dor. for βῆμα.

βαμβάινα, to chatter with the teeth: to stammer. (Formed from the sound.)

βάμης, Dor. for βάμην, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of βαίνω.

βάμμα, ατος, τό, (βάπτω) that in which a thing is dipped, dye: see βάπτο

βάν, Ep. for ἔβαν, ἔβσαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of βαίνω.

βάνυσια, ἡ, (βάνυσος) bundicraft, the life and habits of a mechanic: hence vulgarity, bad taste. Hence

βάνυσικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for mechanics: τέχνη βανυσική a mechanical trade, Lat. ars sellularia.

βάν-αυσος, ον, (for βαίνυσος, from βαίνω, αὐτῷ working by or with fire: hence generally a mechanic: metaph. Ion, vulgar, illiberal.

βανασο-ουργία, ἡ, (βάνυσος, *ἔργω) handicraft.

βάξις, εως, ἡ, (βάξω) a saying, report, announcement, esp. of an oracle; ἀλώσιμος βάξις the telling or tidings of the capture.

βαπτίζω, fut. Att. βαπτῶ, (βάπτω) to dip repeatedly, dip under:—Med. to bathe. II. to baptize. Hence

βάπτισμα, ατος, τό, that which is dipped. II. = βαπτισμός.

βαπτισμός, ὁ, a dipping in water: baptism.

βαπτιστής, οὔ, ὁ, one that dips, a dyer. II. a baptizer: ὁ βαπτιστής, the Baptist.

βαπτός, ἡ, ὄν, dipped, dyed: bright-coloured. II. drawn like water. From

ΒΑΠΤΩ, fut. βάψω.—Pass., aor. ἔβάφην, aor. 2 ἔβάφην [ᾶ]: pf. βέβαμμαι. I. transit. to dip, dip under, Lat. immergere. 2. to dye, colour,

steep: proverb., βάπτειν τινα βάμμα Σαρδιανικόν to steep one in Sardian dye, give him a bloody comb. 3. to fill by dipping in, draw. II.

intrins. to dip, sink; ναὺς ἔβαψεν the ship sank.

βάραθρον Ion. βίρεθρον, τό, (akin to βάθρον, βάθος) a gulf, cleft, pit: at Athens a cleft behind the Acropolis, into which criminals were thrown, = Spartan κέαδας: hence,

II. metaph. ruin, perdition.

βαρβαρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (βάρβαρος) to behave or speak like a barbarian, speak a foreign tongue: to ape foreigners.

II. to bold with barbarians, esp. the Persians; cf. Μηδίω.

Βαρβαρικός, ἡ, ὄν, barbaric, foreign, like a foreigner, opp. to Ἑλληνικός. Adv. -κῶς, in a foreign tongue, i. e. Persian. From

ΒΑΡΒΑ-ΡΟΣ, ον, barbarous, i. e. not Greek, foreign: as Subst., βάρβαροι, ol, all that were not Greeks, or that did not speak Greek. Plato divides

mankind into Barbarians and Hellenes, as the Hebrews gave the name of Gentiles to all but themselves.

II. from the Augustan age, the term was applied by the Romans to all nations except themselves and the Greeks: but the Greeks still affected to look upon the Roman: 1 Barbarians.

βαρβαρό-φωνος, ον, (βάρβαρος, φωνή) speaking a strange or foreign tongue.

βαρβαρώ, f. ὥσω, (βάρβαρος) to make barbarous

or foreign: Pass. to become barbarous: to be inarticulate.

ΒΑΡΒΙΤΟΝ, τό, and *βάρβιτος*, ὁ or ἡ, a musical instrument of many strings, like the lyre: used also for the lyre itself.

βάρδιτος, ἡ, *ov*, by poet. metath. for *βράδιτος*, Sup. of *βράδνυς*: so Comp. *βαρδύτερος* for *βραδύτερος*. *βάρειω*, (*βάρως*) intr. in *Ἐρ.* pf. part. *βεβαρηώς*, weighed down, overcome, *οἶνω* *βεβαρηότες*.

βάρειω, Adv. of *βάρως*, heavily, grievously; *βάρειω* φέρειν Lat. *agré ferre*, to take a thing ill; *βάρειω* ἀκούειν to hear with disgust.

βάρειν, ἰδος, Ion. *ιος*, ἡ, Ion. plur. *βάρεις*, αἱ, an Egyptian boat, a sort of raft: generally, a canoe, boat, Lat. *ratis*.

ΒΑΡΟΣ, εὐς, τό, weight, burden, pressure: hence grief, misery: also a quantity, excess.

βαρυ-αλγής, ἐς, (*βαρύς*, ἄλγος) grievously suffering. 2. very grievous.

βαρὺ-ἀλγητος, *ov*, (*βαρύς*, ἄλγέω) very grievous.

βαρυ-ἄχης, ἐς, (*βαρύς*, ἄχος) groaning heavily.

βαρυ-ἄχης, ἐς, Dor. for *βαρυηχής*.

βαρυ-βρεμέτης, *ov*, ὁ, and *-ετήρ*, ἥρος, ὁ, fem. *-ετήρα*, ἡ, (*βαρύς*, βρέμω) loud-thundering.

βαρυ-βρομήτης, *ov*, ὁ, (*βαρύς*, βρομέω) loud-roaring.

βαρὺ-βρομος, *ov*, (*βαρύν.* βρέμω) loud-roaring.

βαρυ-βρώς, ὤτος, ὁ, ἡ, (*βαρύς*, βιβρώσκω) greedily eating: gnawing, corrosive.

βαρὺ-γδουπος, *ov*, (*βαρύς*, δοῦπος) heavy-sounding,

loud-roaring, thundering.

βαρυ-γούνατος and *βαρὺ-γουνος*, *ov*, (*βαρύς*, γύνυ)

with heavy knees, loitering, lazy.

βαρὺ-γυιος, *ov*, (*βαρύς*, γυῖον) weighing down the limbs.

βαρυδαίμωνέω, f. ἦσω, (*βαρυδαίμων*) to be possessed

by an evil genius: generally, to be unlucky. Hence

βαρυδαίμονια, ἡ, a heavy fate, ill luck.

βαρυδαίμων, *ov*, gen. *ονος*, (*βαρύς*, δαίμων) pressed

by a heavy fate, unlucky.

βαρὺ-δακρύς, υ, (*βαρύς*, δάκρυ) weeping grievously.

βαρὺ-δίκος, *ov*, (*βαρύς*, δίκη) taking heavy vengeance.

βαρυ-δότειρα, ἡ, (*βαρύς*, δοτῆρ) giver of ill gifts.

βαρὺ-δουπος, *ov*, = *βαρὺγδουπος*.

βαρὺ-ζηλος, *ov*, (*βαρύς*, ζῆλος) exceedingly jealous.

βαρυ-ηχής, ἐς, (*βαρύς*, ἦχος) heavy-sounding.

βαρυθύμια, ἡ, sullenness. From

βαρὺ-θυμός, *ov*, (*βαρύς*, θυμός) heavy in spirit: in-

dignant, sullen.

βαρὺθω, (*βαρὺς*) to be weighed down: to be heavy,

dull, sluggish. [v]

βαρὺ-κομπος, *ov*, (*βαρύς*, κομπέω) loud-roaring.

βαρὺ-κοτος, *ov*, (*βαρύς*, κοτέω) grivous in wrath.

βαρὺ-κτύπος, *ov*, (*βαρύς*, κτυπέω) heavy-sounding,

loud-thundering.

βαρυ-λαίλαψ, *απος*, ὁ, ἡ, (*βαρύς*, λαίλαψ) loud-

storming.

βαρὺ-λογος, *ov*, (*βαρύς*, λόγος) uxatious of speech;

βαρὺλογία ἔχθεα hate vented in bitter words.

βαρυ-μήνιος, *ov*, and *βαρὺμήνιος*, ι, gen. *ιος*, (*βαρύς*, μήνιος) exceeding wrathful.

βαρὺ-μισθος, *ov*, (*βαρύς*, μισθός) exacting heavy sums.

βαρὺ-μοχθος, *ov*, (*βαρύς*, μόχθος) very toilsome or painful.

βαρύνθεν, *Ἐρ.* and *Aeol.* for *ἐβαρύνθησαν*, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of *βαρύνω*.

βαρύνω [v], f. ἵνῳ, (*βαρύς*) to load heavily, to burden: to torment:—Pass. to be weary, oppressed; *βαρύνεσθαι* χεῖρα to be maimed in hand:—metaph. to be vexed, annoyed, Lat. *gravari*.

βαρυ-όπτης, *ov*, ὁ, (*βαρύς*, ὄψ) loud-voiced.

βαρυ-όργητος, *ov*, (*βαρύς*, ὀργή) exceeding angry.

βαρυ-πάλαμος, *ov*, (*βαρύς*, παλάμη) heavy-banded.

βαρυ-πενθής, ἐς, (*βαρύς*, πένθος) causing grievous woe.

βαρυ-πένθητος, *ov*, (*βαρύς*, πενθέω) mourning heavily.

βαρυ-πεσής, ἐς, (*βαρύς*, πεσεῖν) heavy-falling.

βαρὺ-ποτος, *ov*, (*βαρύς*, πότμος) with heavy fate, ill-fated, ill-starred.

βαρὺ-ποός, ὁ, ἡ, *πουν*, τό, gen. *ποδος*, (*βαρύς*, ποῦς) heavy-footed: heavy at the end.

ΒΑΡΥΤΗΣ, εἶα, ὅ: Comp. *βαρύτερος*, Sup. *βαρύτατος*: heavy, Lat. *gravis*: burdensome, grievous, oppressive: of persons, troublesome. 2. in good sense, weighty, impressive. III. of soldiers, heavy-armed.

III. of sound, strong: deep, bass, opp. to *δξύς*.

βαρυ-σίδηρος, *ov*, (*βαρύς*, σίδηρος) heavy with iron.

βαρὺ-σταθμός, *ov*, (*βαρύς*, σταθμός) weighing heavy.

βαρυ-στενάχων, *ουσα*, *ov*, (*βαρύς*, στενάχω) sobbing heavily.

βαρυ-στονος, *ov*, (*βαρύς*, στένω) groaning heavily.

βαρυ-σύμφηρος, *ov*, (*βαρύς*, συμφορά) weighed down by ill luck.

βαρυ-σφάραγος, *ov*, (*βαρύς*, σφάραγος) loud thundering.

βαρὺτης, *ητος*, ἡ, (*βαρύς*) weight, heaviness: importunity: harshness, oppression; gravity of manners. [v]

βαρὺ-τίμος, *ov*, (*βαρύς*, τιμή) of great worth: venerable, costly.

βαρὺ-πλητος, *ov*, (*βαρύς*, πληναι aor. 2 of *πλᾶν) heavy to bear.

βαρὺ-φθογγος, *ov*, (*βαρύς*, φθογγή) heavy-sounding, loud-roaring.

βαρὺ-φρων, *φρονος*, ὁ, ἡ, (*βαρύς*, φρήν) weighty of mind or purpose.

βαρὺ-χελος, *ov*, (*βαρύς*, χεῖλος) thick-lipped.

βαρὺ-χορδος, *ov*, (*βαρύς*, χορδή) deep-toned.

βαρὺ-ψυχος, *ov*, (*βαρύς*, ψυχή) heavy of soul, mean-spirited, dejected.

βάς, *βάσα*, *βάν*, aor. 2 part. of *βαίνω*.

βασανίζω, f. ἴσω Att. *ἴω*, to rub upon the touchstone (*βάσανος*) to try the genuineness of a thing, test, make proof of: to convict: to put to the torture.

βάσανισμός, ὁ, (*βασανίζω*) torturing, torture.

βασανιστής, οἶ, δ, *pecul. fem. βασανίστρια*, ἡ, (βασανίζω)—an examiner, questioner, torturer.

ΒΑΣΑΝΟΣ, ἡ, *the touch-stone*, Lat. *lapis Lydius*, by which gold was proved, see παραπρίβω. II. metaph. *a test to try whether a thing be genuine or not.*

III. inquiry, esp. by torture, *the question*, 2. *torture, anguish, disease.*

βασεύμαι, **βασεύνται**, Dor. for **βήσομαι**, **βήσονται**, fut. of **βαίω**.

βασίλειά, ἡ, (βασίλεύς) *a queen, princess, lady of royal blood.*

βασίλειά, ἡ, (βασίλεύς) *a kingdom, dominion*: *hereditary monarchy*, opp. to τυραννίς.

βασίλειον, τό, mostly in plur., *a palace*: also *the royal treasury or tent.* Strictly neut. from

βασίλειος, ον, and α, ον, Ion. **βασιλῆϊος**, η, ον, *kingly, royal.* From

ΒΑΣΙΛΕΥΣ, ἔως Ion. ἦος, ο, acc. **βασιλέα**, contr. **βασιλῆ**: pl., nom. **βασιλείς**, old Att. -ῆς, Ion. -ῆες:—*a king, prince, of gods and men*:—hence are formed the Comp. **βασιλευτερός**, α, ον, *more kingly*: Sup. **βασιλευτάτος**, η, ον, *most kingly.* II. *the second of the nine Archons at Athens* was called **βασίλειος**: he had charge of the public worship, and the conduct of criminal processes.

III. after the Persian war the king of Persia was called **βασίλειος** (without the Art.), or δ μέγας **βασίλειος**. Hence

βασίλευσθαι, f. σω, *to be king, to rule*: in aor. I **βασίλευσαι**, *to be made king.* II. c. dat. *to rule over a people*:—Pass. *to be governed by a king, to be under a king.*

βασίλην, ἡ, Ion. for **βασιλειά**.

βασίληϊος, η, ον, Ion. for **βασίλειος**.

βασίληϊς, ἴδος, ἡ, *pecul. fem. of βασίλειος, royal.*

βασίλιζω, ἔ. σω, (βασίλεύς) *to be of the king's party.*

βασίλικός, ἡ, ὄν, like **βασίλειος**, *royal, of a king.* 2. of or for a king, princely II. as Subst., **βασίλικός**, δ, *a courtier, nobleman.*

βασίλινα, barbaric form of **βασίλιννα**, **βασίλισσα**.

βασίλινα and **βασίλισσα**, ἡ, = **βασιλειά**, *a queen.*

βστίλις, ἴδος, η, = **βασιλειά**, *a queen, princess.* 2. as Adj. = **βασίληϊς**, *royal.*

βάσιμος, ον, (βαίω) *passable*: *accessible.*

βάσις, εως, ἡ, (βαίω) *a stepping*: *a step, walk.* II. *that whereon one steps, ground*: *a pedestal.*

βασκαίνω, fut. ἀνώ: aor. I **ἐβάσκηνα**: aor. I pass. **ἐβασκάνην**: (βάσκειν):—*to use ill words of another, esp. to slander, disparage.* II. *to use ill words to another, bewitch by spells or by means of an evil eye, Lat. fascinare.*

βασκάνια, ἡ, (βάσκανος) *slander, envy, malice.*

βάσκανος, ον, (βασκαίνω) *slandorous, envious, malignant*, 2. *a sorcerer.*

βασκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, *a kind of duck.*

βάσκε, imperat. of an obsol. verb **βάσκειν**, another form of **βαίω**, as **χάσκειν** of **χαίω**: **βάσκε** ἴθι, *speed thee! away! βάσκεγε away!*

βασμός, Ion. for **βαθμός**.

βάσσα, Dor. for **βήσσα**.

βασσάρα, ἡ, = ἀλώπηξ, *a fox.* (Of Thracian origin)

βασσάριον, τό, Dim. of **βασσάρα**.

βάσσαν, ον, gen. ονος, Dor. comparat. of **βαδύς**.

βάσταγμα, ατος, τό, *that which is borne, a burden*.

II. *that which bears, a staff.* From

ΒΑΣΤΑΖΩ, f. ἀνω: aor. I **ἐβάστασα**, later **ἐβάσταφα**: aor. I pass. **ἐβαστάχην**:—*to lift, lift up*: raise: metaph. *to exalt, exalt.* II. *to bear, support, hold upright*: *to bear in mind, consider.* III. *to carry off.* IV. *to bandle, touch.* Hence

βαστακτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj., *to be borne.*

βάταλος, δ, *a lisper.*

βάτω, f. ἡσω, (βαίω) *to mount, cover, of animals.*

βάτην, Ep. for **ἐβήτην**, 3 dual aor. 2 of **βαίω**.

βάτηρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (βάτέω) *fem. Adj. for mounting.*

βατιά, ἡ, = **βάτος**, *a bush, thicket.*

βατιδο-σκόπιος, ον, (βάτις, σκοπέω) *looking after roaches or skaits, greedy for them.*

βάτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (βάτος) *the prickly roach or the skait.*

βάτο-δρόπος, ον, (βάτος, δρέπω) *pulling thorns off or up.*

ΒΑΤΟΣ, ἡ, *a bramble or any prickly bush.*

βάτος, δ, *the Hebrew solid measure bath.*

βάτος, ἡ, ὄν, (βαίω) *passable.*

βατράχειος, ον, (βατραχος) *of or belonging to a frog*: **βατράχειον** (sub. χρώμα), *frog-colour, pale green.*

βατράχις, ἴδος, and ἴδος, ἡ, *a frog-green coat.* From

ΒΑΤΡΑΧΟΣ, δ, *a frog*, Lat. *rana.* 2. *the frog of a horse's hoof.* [ᾶ]

βατταρίζω, fut. Att. ῶ, (βάττος) *to stammer.*

βαττο-λογέω, = **βατταρίζω**, (Βάττος, λόγος) *to babble, use vain repetitions.*

Βάττος, δ, *Stammerer*, name of a king of Cyrené.

(Formed from the sound.)

βαύξω, Dor. **βαύσσω**: fut. **βαύξω**:—*to cry βαῦ, βαῦ, to bark*: hence *to wail, mutter*: *to reproach.* II. transit. *to cry aloud for.*

βαύκαλις, ἴδος, ἡ, *a wine-cooler.*

βαύνος or **βαννός**, δ, (αῦν) *a furnace, forge.*

βαύσσω, Dor. for **βαύζω**.

βαφή, ἡ, (βάπτω) *a dipping*, as of red-hot iron in cold water. II. *a dipping of cloth in dye, dyeing*: also *the dye itself.*

βαφῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of **βάπτω**.

βάψης, εως, ἡ, (βάπτω) *a dipping, dyeing.*

ΒΔΕ'ΑΛΛΑ', ἡ, *a leech*, Lat. *birūdo*.

βδελύγμα, τό, (βδελύσσω) *an abomination*, esp. of idols.

βδελυκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (βδελύσσω) *disgusting, abominable.*

βδελυκ-τροπος, ον, (βδελυκτός, τρόπος) = *foreg.*

ΒΔΕΛΥ'ΡΟ'Σ, ὁ, ὄν, *abominable, disgusting.* Hence

βδελύσσω, Att. -ττω: fut. **ξω**: *to cause to stink, make loathsome.* II. mostly used as Dep. **βδελύττομαι**, with fut. med. and pass. **βδελύξομαι**, **βδελυχθήσομαι**, aor. I med. and pass. **ἐβδελυξάμην**, **ἐβδελυχθην**:—*to feel disgust at, to detest, have a*

horror of. But all these forms, as well as perf. ἐβδέ-
λυμαι occur in pass. sense, *to be abominated.*

ΒΔΕΨΩ, f. βδέσω, *to break wind: to stink.*

βδύλλω, = βδέω: c. acc. *to be afraid of.*

βεβᾶῦσι, Ep. 3 pl. pf. of βαίνω.

βεβαιος, a, ov, also os, ov, (βαίνω) *firm, steady: stead-
fast, trusty, sure, safe: τὸ βέβαιον certainty.* Hence

βεβαιότης, ἥτος, ἡ, *firmness, steadfastness, safety.*

βεβαίω, f. ὥσω, *to make firm, establish:—Med. to
establish for oneself, to confirm, secure.*

βεβαίως, Adv. of βέβαιος, *steadfastly, firmly.*

βεβόλωσις, εως, ἡ, *a making fast or sure, establishing.*

βεβάμεν, βεβάναι, Ep. syncop. forms of βεβηκέναι,
inf. of βαίνω. [α]

βέβαμαι, pf. pass. of βάπτω.

βεβαρῶς, *weighed down*, Ep. pf. part. of βαρέω.

βέβαναν, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of βαίνω.

βεβασί, Att. contr. from βεβάσσι, Ep. 3 pl. pf. of
βαίνω.

βεβᾶς, βεβᾶναι, Ep. for βεβηκῶς, pf. part. of βαίνω.

βέβηκα, pf. of βαίνω.

βεβήκειν, Ion. for ἐβεβήκειν, plqpf. of βαίνω.

βέβηλος, ov, (βαίνω, βηλός) *allowable to tread,
permitted to human use*, like Lat. *profanus*, opp. to
sacred. II. of men, *unballowed, profane, unboly.*

Hence

βεβηλῶς, f. ὥσω, *to profane, to pollute.*

βεβιασμαι, pf. pass. of βιάζω.

βεβίηκα, pf. of βιάω.

βεβλάστηκα, pf. of βλαστάνω.

βεβλάφα, βεβλάμμαι, pf. act. and pass. of βλάπτω.

βεβλάφομαι, fut. 3 pass. of βλάπτω.

βέβλεφα, βέβλεμμαι, pf. act. and pass. of βλέπω.

βέβληται, 2 sing. pf. pass. of βάλλω.

βεβλήταται, βεβλήτατο, Ion. 3 plur. pf. and plqpf.
pass. of βάλλω.

βέβληκα, βέβλημαι, pf. act. and pass. of βάλλω.

βεβλήκειν, βεβλήμην, Ep. plqpf. act. and pass. of
βάλλω.

βέβληται, βέβλητο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of
βάλλω.

βέβληκα, pf. of βάλτω.

βεβολήτατο, 3 plur. plqpf. pass., and βεβολημένος,
pf. pass. part., of βολέω for βάλλω.

βεβούλημαι, pf. of βούλομαι.

βεβούλενκα, βεβούλευμαι, pf. act. and pass. of
βουλεύω.

βέβρασμαι, pf. pass. of βράσσω.

βέβρηθα, pf. of βρῶθω.

βεβρωτῶμένος, pf. part. pass. of βρωτῶ.

βέβρυχε, v. βρυχάομαι.

βεβρώθω, poet. form. of βιβρώσκω, *to eat up.*

βέβρωκα, βέβρωμαι, pf. act. and pass. of βιβρώσκω.

βεβρώς, syncop. for βεβρωκῶς, pf. part. of βιβρώσκω.

βεβρώσομαι, fut. 3 pass. of βιβρώσκω.

βέβυσμαι, pf. pass. of βύζω.

βεβῶς, βεβῶσα, Att. contr. of βεβαῶς, Ep. pf. part.
of βαίνω.

βῆν, 2 sing. of βέομαι, Ep. fut. of βαίνω.

βείομαι, Ep. for βήσομαι, fut. of βαίνω, *I will walk
or live.*

βείω, Ep. for βῶ, aor. 2 subj. of βαίνω.

βεκε-σέληνος, ov, (βεκής, σέληνη) *old-fashioned,
out of date, dotard: simple, silly.*

βεκός, τό, bread: said to be a Phrygian word.

βέλεμον, τό, poet. for βέλος, a dart, javelin.

βελόνη, ἡ, (βέλος) an arrow-head: point of a spear
a needle.

βελονο-πώλης, ov, ὁ, (βελόνη, πωλέομαι) a needle-
seller.

βῆλος, eos, τό, (βάλλω) like Lat. *jaculum* (from
jacio), *anything thrown, a bolt, arrow, dart.* 2.

metaph., ἀγανά βέλεα of Apollo and Artemis etc. etc.
of sudden, easy death: δύσμβρα βέλη the arrows of
the storm: ὁμμάτων βέλος glances shot from the eye.

βέλτερος, a, ov, = βελτιον, poet. Comp. of αγαθός,
better. Hence also a rare Sup. βέλτατος, η, ov.

βέλτιστος, η, ov, Sup. of αγαθός, best.

βελτιων, ov, gen. onos, Comp. of αγαθός, better.

βεμβικιάω, (βέμβιξ) *to spin like a top.*

βεμβικίζω, f. ἴσω, (βέμβιξ) *to spin as one does a
top, to set a going.*

ΒΕΜΒΙΞ, ἴκος, ἡ, Lat. *turbo*, a top.

βενδίσειον, τό, the temple of Bendis, (a name of Diana).

ΒΕΝΘΟΣ, eos, τό, (poet. for βάθος, as πένθος for
πάθος) the depth of the sea, Lat. *fundus*: βένθοσδε
to the bottom: βένθεα ὕλην the depths of the wood.

βέντιστος, a, ov, Dor. for βέλτιστος.

βέομαι, Ep. for βήσομαι, fut. of βαίνω.

βέρειθρον, τό, Ep. and Ion. for βάρειθρον.

βερέσχεθος, ὁ, a usoby.

βῆ, poet. for ἔβη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of βαίνω.

βῆθι, βῆναι, aor. 2 imperat. and inf. of βαίνω.

βηλός, ὁ, (βαίνω) the threshold, Lat. *limen*.

βῆμα, atos, τό, (βαίνω) a pace, step, footstep: a
place to set foot on. II. a raised step: a tribune

to speak from, esp. in the Pnyx at Athens, Lat.
rostra, *suggestum* or -us.

βῆμαι, Ep. for ἔβημαι, 1 plur. aor. 2 of βαίνω.

βῆμεναι, Ep. for βῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of βαίνω.

βῆν, Ep. for ἔβην, aor. 2 of βαίνω.

βῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of βαίνω.

βήξ, βηχός, ἡ, or ὁ, (βήσσω) a cough, Lat. *tussis*.

βήρυλλος, ἡ, a jewel of sea-green colour, beryl.

βῆσα, Ep. for ἔβησα, aor. 1 act. of βαίνω.

βῆσσο, Ep. for βῆσαι, aor. 1 med. imperat. of βαίνω.

βῆσσο, Ep. for ἔβησσο, sing. aor. 1 med. of βαίνω

βῆσομαι, fut. of βαίνω.

βῆσσο, Dor. βᾶσσο, ἡ, (βαίνω) Lat. *salvus*, a
wooded valley or glen: οὔρεος ἐν βήσσοις in the
mountain glens. Hence

βησσῆις, εσσα, εν, woody.

ΒΗΨΣΩ, Att. βήτην, f. βήξω: aor. 1 ἔβηξα:—to
cough.

βῆτ-αρμων, onos, ὁ, (βαίνω, ἀρμός) a dancer.

βήτην, poet. for ἐβήτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of βαίνω.

ΒΙ'Α, Ion. **βίη**, ἡ, *bodily strength, force, might*, Lat. *vis*: often periph. with a gen. of the person, *βίη Ἡρακλῆος the strong Hercules*. II. *force, an act of violence*; *βίη τινός against one's will*. [?] Hence **βιάζω**, f. *άσω*, to force, constrain: Pass., aor. I *ἐβιάσθην*: pf. *βεβίασμαι*:—to have violence done one, to suffer violence; *βιάζομαι τάδε I am wronged herein*. II. Dep., with aor. I med. *ἐβιασάμην*, and (sometimes) pf. pass. *βεβιασμαι*:—to force a man, constrain, overpower; *βιάζεσθαι αὐτόν to do oneself violence: to carry by force or assault*: absol. *to use force, force one's way*. **βιαιο-μάχος**, α, ὁ, (*βιαίος, μάχη*) *fighting violently*. **βίαιος**, α, ον, also *us, ον*, (*βία*) *forcible, violent: acting with violence*; *πρὸς τὸ βίαιον by force*. 2. pass. forced: compulsory. Hence **βιαιότης**, ητος, ἡ, *violence*. **βίαιος**, Adv. of *βίαιος*, *by force, perforce*. **βι-αρκής**, ἐς, (*βίος, ἀρκέω*) *supplying the necessities of life*. **βιαστής**, οὔ, ὁ, (*βιάζω*) *one who uses force, a violent man*. **βιατής**, οὔ, ὁ, = **βιαστής**. **βιάω**: perf. *βεβίηκα*:—older Ep. form of *βιάζω*, to force, constrain:—Med., *βιάομαι, ἡ ήσομαι, to force, treat with violence*: also to overreach, defraud, *νῦν μισθὸν βίησατο he cheated us of our pay*:—Pass., aor. I *ἐβιήθην*, to be constrained or overpowered. **βιβάζω**, f. *άσω* Att. *βιβῶ*, Causal of *βιβῶναι*, to make to go up, lift up, exalt. **βιβάς**, ἄσα, ἄν, part. pres. formed as if from a verb *βιβημι*, = *βαίνω*. **βιβάσθων**, οὔσα, ον, part. pres. of a verb *βιβάσθω*, = *βαίνω*, to stride; *μακρὰ βιβάσθων long-striding*. **βιβᾶω**, poet. collat. form of *βαίνω*, to stride; *πέλαρα βιβᾶν to take huge strides*; part. *βιβᾶν, βιβῶσα*. **βιβλᾶριον**, τό, Dim. of *βιβλος*, a little book or scroll:—so also *βιβλαρίδιον*, τό. **Βιβλίανος οἶνος**, ὁ, *Biblian wine*, from *Biblis*, a hill in Thrace. **βιβλιοθήκη**, ἡ, (*βιβλίον, θήκη*) a book-case: library. **βιβλίον**, τό, Dim. of *βιβλος*, a paper, scroll. **βιβλιό-πώλης**, ου, ὁ, (*βιβλίον, πωλέω*) a bookseller. **ΒΙ'ΒΛΟΞ**, ἡ, the inner bark of the papyrus. II. the paper made of this bark: hence a paper, book. **ΒΙΒΡΩ'ΣΚΩ**, fut. *βρώσομαι*: aor. I *ἔβρωσα*: aor. 2 *ἔβρων*: perf. *βεβρωκα*, part. *βεβρωκώς*, by syncop. *βεβρών*.—Pass., fut. *βρωθήσομαι*: fut. 3 *βεβρώσομαι*: aor. I *ἐβρώθην*: pf. *ἔβρωμαι*:—to eat, gnaw, eat up, consume: c. gen. to eat of a thing. **βιβῶ**, Att. fut. of *βιβάζω*. **βιβᾶν**, contr. from *βιβᾶν*, med. of *βιβάω*. **βιήσατο**, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of *βιάω*. **ΒΙΚΟΣΞ**, ὁ, an earthen wine-vessel. **ΒΙΝΕ'Ω**, coire, of illicit intercourse, opp. to *δυνίω*. **βιο-δότης**, ὁ, (*βίος, δίδωμι*) the giver of life or food. **βιό-δωρος**, ον, (*βίος, δῶρον*) life-giving, *βοηθεύς*. **βιο-δότης**, ὁ, poet. for *βιοδότης*.

βιο-θάλμιος, ον, (*βίος, θάλλω*) *lively, strong, hale*. **βιο-θρῆμων**, ον, gen. *ονος*, (*βίος, τρέφω*) *supporting life*. **ΒΙ'ΟΞ**, ὁ, *life, the course of life: lifetime*. II. manner or means of living: one's living, livelihood. **ΒΙΟ'Ξ**, ὁ, a bow. **βιο-στερής**, ἐς, (*βίος, στερέω*) *robbing of life or means*. II. pass. in want of means. **βιοτεία**, ἡ, (*βιοτεύω*) a way of life, livelihood. **βιοτεύω**, f. *σαι*, (*βιώω*) to live, subsist; *βιοτεύω ἀπὸ τινος, to live by a thing*. **βιοτή**, ἡ, Lat. *vita*, = *βίος*. **βιότης**, ητος, ἡ, = *βίος*. **βιότιον**, τό, Dim. of *βίος*, a scant living. **βίος**, ὁ, (*βιώω*) *life: means of life*. **βιούς**, aor. 2 part. of *βιώω*. **βιο-φειδής**, ἐς, (*βίος, φείδομαι*) *stingy, sparing*. **βιώω**: f. *βιώσομαι*, later *βιώσω*: aor. I *ἐβίωσα*:—aor. 2 *ἐβίων* (as if from a verb *βίωμι*); 3 sing. imperat. *βιώτω*; subj. *βιῶ*; opt. *βιῶην*; inf. *βιῶναι*; part. *βιούς* (*βίος, Lat. vivo*):—to live, esp. to live happily:—Pass., *βιοῦται one lives*, Lat. *vivitur*. **βιώνται**, **βιόντο**, Ep. 3 plur. pres. and imperf. med. of *βιώω*. **βιῶπτο**, for *βιῶντο*, 3 pl. pres. med. opt. of *βιάω*. **βιῶν**, aor. 2 med. opt. of *βιώω*. **βιῶναι**, inf. of *βιώω*. **βιωτικός**, ον, (*βιῶω*) to be lived, worth living, possible to live. **βίωσις**, εως, ἡ, (*βιῶω*) a living, manner of life. **βιώσκομαι**, Dep., causal of *βιῶω*, to quicken, make alive: 2 sing. Ep. aor. I *ἐβίωσαο*. **βιωτικός**, ἡ, ὄν, (*βιῶω*) fit for life, lively. II. of or pertaining to life. **βιωτός**, ἡ, ὄν, = (*βιῶω*) to be lived, worth living for. **βιώτω**, 3 sing. imperat. aor. 2 of *βιώω*. **βλάβην**, Ep. for *ἐβλάβησαν*, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of *βλάπτω*. **βλαβερός**, ὁ, ὄν, (*βλάπτω*) *hurtful, noxious*. **βλάβη**, ἡ, (*βλάπτω*) *hurt, harm, damage*: *βλάβη δίκη an action for damage done*. **βλάβηναι**, aor. 2 pass. inf. of *βλάπτω*. **βλάβησομαι**, fut. 2 of *βλάπτω*. **βλάβησμαι**, = *βλάπτωμαι*, only in 3 sing. *βλάβεται*. **βλάβος**, εος contr. ονς, τό, = *βλάβη*, hurt, damage. **ΒΛΑΙΣΟ'Ξ**, ἡ, ὄν, *having the legs bent inwards*: generally, *crooked*. **βλακεία**, ἡ, (*βλακεύω*) *slackness, sloth, stupidity*. **βλακεύω**, (*βλάξ*) to be slack, lazy, indolent. **βλακικός**, ἡ, ὄν, (*βλάξ*) *indolent, stupid*. Adv. —*κῶς* **βλακῶδης**, ες, (*βλάξ, εἶδος*) *lazy, sluggish*. **ΒΛΑ'Ξ**, **βλακός**, ὁ, ἡ, (*akin to μαλακός*) *lazy, inactive, sluggish*. Iter. Comp. *βλακίστερος* or *βλακώτερος*. **ΒΛΑ'ΠΤΩ**: fut. *βλάβω*: Ep. aor. 1 *βλάβη*: pf. *βέβληα* or *ἐβλάβη*.—Pass., fut. 2 *βεβλήσομαι*, fut. 3 *βεβλήσομαι*: fut. med *βλάβομαι*, used as pass.: aor. I *ἐβλάφην*, more usu. aor. 2 *ἐβλάβην* [β]: pf.

βεβλαμμαι:—to *binder, weaken, tor*; c. gen. to *binder from*; βλαβέντα λεισθίων δρόμων *arrested in its last course*; βλαφθεὶς ἐν ὄρῳ *caught in the branches*. 2. of the mind, to *blind, deceive, mislead*. 3. to *harm, damage, hurt, mar*.

βλαστύνω, fut. βλαστήσω: aor 2 ἐβλαστον; later aor. 1 ἐβλάστησα: pf. βεβλάστηκα or ἐβλαστηκα: (βλαστέω):—to *bud, sprout*: generally, to *burst forth, grow*.

βλάστη, ἡ, —βλαστύς, a *bud, sprout, leaf*. II. *increase, growth*.

βλάστημα, ατος, τό, and βλάστημος, ὁ, = βλάστη. ΒΛΑΣΤΟΣ, ὁ, a *bud, shoot, sucker*, Lat. *german*.

βλασφημέω, f. ἥσω: pf. βεβλασφήμηκα: (βλάσφημος):—to *atro* *profane words, speak profanely*. 2. to *speak ill* or to *be prejudiced of one, to defame*: to *blaspheme*. Hence

βλασφημία, ἡ, *profane language*. 2. *evil-speaking, blasphemy*

βλάσφημος, ον, (βλάξ, φήμη) *speaking profanely*. 2. *evil-speaking, slanderous*.

ΒΛΑΥΤΗ, ἡ, mostly in plur. βλαῦται. ὦν, αἱ, a *kind of slippers or sandals*, Lat. *soleae*.

βλαυτίον, τό, Dim. of βλαῦτη.

βλαφθεὶς, aor. 1 pass. part. of βλάπτω.

βλαχά, Dor. for βλαχῆ.

βλάψα, Ep. for ἐβλαψα, aor. 1 of βλάπτω.

βλάψης, εως, ἡ, (βλάπτω) a *harming, hurting*.

βλαψί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (βλάπτω, φρήν) *mad-dening*. 2. *mad*: Adv. βλαψιφρόνως, *madly*.

βλέω, 2 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. opt. of βάλλω.

βλεμεῖναι, (βρέμω) to *vant* or *be proud of a thing*; σθένει βλεμεῖναι *exulting in his strength*.

βλέμμα, ατος, τό, (βλέπω) a *look, glance* *the eye*.

βλέποισα, Dor. for βλέπουσα.

βλέπων, τό, = βλέμμα, a *look*.

βλεπτόν, verb. Adj. of βλέπω, *one must look*.

βλεπτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (βλέπω) *of or for sight*.

βλεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, *seen, worth seeing*. From

ΒΛΕΨΩ, f. ψω; aor. 1 ἐβλεψα: pf. βέβλεφα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐβλεβήθη: pf. βέβλεμμαι:—to *look, see*: to *look on, look at*: also c. acc., "Ἀρῆ, φόβον βλέπειν to *look* *fury, terror*; in Comedy, κάρδαμα, γὰρ βλέπειν to *look* *cross, mustard*, i. e. to *have* a *sour* or *bitter look*. II. to *look in* a *particular direction*, to *turn* *towards*: esp. of aspects; οἰκία πρὸς μεσημβρίαν βλέπουσα a *house looking* *towards* the south.

III. to *see* *the light*, with or without *φῶς*, hence, to *live*. IV. to *look* *and long* *after* a *thing*, c. inf. 2. to *take care of, look to* or to *deware* of a *thing*.

βλεφάρις, ἰδος, ἡ, an *eyelash*. From

βλεφάρων, τό, (βλέπω) an *eyelid*. II. in plur. *the eyes*: ἀμέρας βλεφάρων *eye* of *day*, i. e. *the sun*; νυκτὸς βλεφάρων, i. e. *the moon*.

βλήεται for βλήηται, βλήται, Ep. aor. 2 pass. subj. of βάλλω.

βληθεὶς, aor. 1 pass. part. of βάλλω.

βληθήσομαι, fut. 3 pass. of βάλλω.

βλήμα, ατος, τό, (βάλλω) a *throw, cast*. 2. a *shot, wound*. 3. a *coverlet*.

βλήμενος, η, ον, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of βάλλω.

βλήναι, βλήσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of βάλλω.

βλήσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of βάλλω.

βλήσομαι, Ep. fut. of βάλλω.

βλητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of βάλλω, to *be thrown*. 2. *blat*, *one must throw*.

βλήτο, 3 sing Ep. aor. 2 pass. of βάλλω.

βλητός, ἡ, ὄν, (βάλλω) *hurled, struck*.

βλήτρον, τό, (βάλλω) an *iron nail*.

βληχάομαι, fut. ἥσομαι: Dep.: (βληχῆ):—to *bleat*, of *sheep* and *goats*.

ΒΛΗΧΗ, ἡ, a *bleating*: generally, *the wailing of children*, Lat. *vagitus*.

βληχρός, ἄ, ὄν, *weak, feeble, sluggish*: also with a *euphron*, ἀβληχρός. Adv. -ρῶς, *slightly*.

ΒΛΗΧΩΝ, ανος, ἡ: acc. βληχῶν: Ion. γλήχων, Dor. γλάκων:—*pennyroyal*. Hence

βληχωνίας, ον, ὁ, *prepared with pennyroyal*.

ΒΛΙΨΤΩ, Ion. βλίσσω: f. βλίσω: aor. ἐβλίσα:—to *cut out* the *comb* of *bees*, to *take* the *boney*. (From μέλι with β added, as βλάξ from μαλακός.)

ΒΛΟΣΤΡΟΨ, ἄ, ὄν, *grim, stern*: also *burly, manly, valiant*, or *coarse, rough*.

βλοσυρό-παις, ἰδος, ἡ, (βλοσυρός, ὤψ) *grim-looking*.

ΒΛΥΨΩ, f. βλύσω [v]: aor. 1 ἐβλύσα, = βλύω. Hence

βλύσις, εως, ἡ, and βλυσμός, ο, a *bubbling up*.

βλύσσειε, poet. for βλύσαι, 3 sing. opt. aor. 1 of βλύω.

ΒΛΥΨΩ, f. βλύσω [v], to *bubble, sprout*, or *gush forth*: hence to *be full*, to *be caught*.

βλώμαι, aor. 2 med. subj. of βάλλω.

βλωθρός, ἄ, ὄν, (βλώσσω) *shooting up, high growing*, of *trees*.

βλώσσω: (tenses formed from Root ΜΟ'ΑΝ), f. μολούμαι, aor. 2 ἔμολον (cf. θρώσσω, θροούμαι, ἔθορον): pf. μέμβλωκα (for μεμύλωκα):—to *come* or *go*.

βοάγριον, τό, a *shield of wild bull's hide*. From

βο-αγριος, ἡ. (βοῦς, ἀγριος) a *wild bull*.

βοα-θῶς, Dor. for βοῶθῶς.

βοῶμα, ατος, τό, (βοάω) a *criek, cry*: a *loud strain*.

βοάτης, ον, ὁ, fem. βοάτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (βοάω) *crying, screaming*. [α]

βο-αυλος, ὁ, βο-αυλον, τό, (βοῦς, αὐλή) an *ox-stall*.

βοάω, Ep. 3 sing. βοάα, 3 pl. βοῶσιν, part. βοῶν: f. βοήσω, Att. βοήσομαι, Ion. contr. βώσω, βώσομαι: aor. 1 ἐβόησα, Ion. ἔβωσα: pf. βεβόηκα:—Med., aor. 1 ἐβοησάμην Ion. ἐβωσάμην:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐβοήθη Ion. ἐβώσην: pf. βεβόημαι Ion. βέβωμαι: (βοή):—to *utter* a *cry* from *joy* or *grief*, to *shout* of *things*, to *thunder, roar, bowl*: to *echo*. II.

trans., c. acc. pers. to *call* to *one, call on*: to *call* to *aid*. 2. to *demand* in a *loud voice*. 3. to *noise*

abroad, proclaim.

βοεικός, ἡ, ὄν, (βοῦς) of or for oxen; ζεύγη βοεικά wagons drawn by oxen.

βοείος or βόεος, α, ον, (βοῦς) of an ox or of oxen, of ox-hide: ἡ βοεία or βόεα, contr. βοή, (sub. δορά), an ox-hide, a shield of ox-hide.

βοεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (βοῦς) a ibong or cord of ox-leather.

βοή, ἡ, contr. from βοήη, v. βόειος.

BOH', ἡ, a cry, shout, whether of joy or grief: ἡ battle-criy, the battle itself; βοὴν ἀγαθὴ, good at the battle-cry or in battle: also of the roar of the sea. II. = βοήθεια aid called for, succour.

βοη-γενής, ἑς, (βοῦς, γενέσθαι) born of an ox.

βοηδρομέα, (βοηδρόμος) to run on bearing a cry, haste to help, succour.

Βοη-δρομίων, ὥνος, ὁ, the third Attic month, in which the Βοηδρομία were celebrated, in memory of the conquest of the Amazons by Theseus; answering to the latter half of September and beginning of October.

βοηδρόμος, ον, (βοή, δρόμος) running to aid: as Subst. a helper.

βοήθεια, ἡ, (βοηθός) help, aid, rescue, support. II. an auxiliary force.

βοηθέω, Ion. βοθῶ, f. ἤσω, (βοηθός) to assist, succour, come to the rescue. Hence

βοηθητέον, verb. Adj. one must assist.

βοηθητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (βοηθός) ready or able to help.

βοη-θός, ον, (βοή, θέω) hasting to the battle-shout, warlike; βοήθοον ἄρμα a chariot hasting to the battle.

βοηθός, ὄν, contr. from βοηθός: as Subst., βοηθός, ὁ, an assist'ant, auxiliary, ally.

βοηλασία, ἡ, a driving of oxen, cattle-lifting, cattle-stealing. II. a place where oxen feed, a pasture. From

βοηλάτης, ον, ὁ, fem. βοηλάτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (βοῦς, ἐλαύνω) one that drives away oxen, a cattle-stealer. II. a drover.

βοη-νόμος, ον, -Βουνόμος.

βόης, ον, ὁ, (βοάω) a crier.

βόησις, εως, Ion. βοητύς, ὅς, ἡ, (βοάω) a crying, shouting: esp. a cry for assistance.

ΒΟΨΡΟΣ, ὁ, a pit or hole dug in the ground, a trench, Lat. puteus.

βόθυνος, ὁ, = βύθνος.

βοιδάριον, τό, Dim. of βοῦς.

βοίδιον, τό, Dim. of βοῦς, a young cow or ox.

Βοιωταρχέω, f. ἤσω, to be a Boeotarch. From Βοιωτ-άρχης, ον, ὁ, (Βοιωτός, ἄρχω) a Boeotarch, one of the chief magistrates of Boeotia. Hence

Βοιωτ-αρχία, ἡ, the office of Boeotarch.

Βοιωτία, ἡ, Boeotia, so called from its rich cattle-pastures. Hence

Βοιωτιάω and Βοιωτίω, to be like a Boeotian: to be heavy, dull: to speak Boeotian. II. to side with the Boeotians.

Βοιωτίδιον, τό, Dim. of Βοιωτός, a little Boeotian.

Βοιωτός, οὗ, ὁ, a Boeotian.

Βοιωτι-συργής ἑς, (Βοιωτία, ἔργον) of Boeotian work.

ΒΟΛΒΟΨ, ὁ, Lat. BULBUS, a bulb, bulbous root.

βολή, ἡ, (βάλλω) a throw, stroke, the wound of a missile: —metaph. a glance: —Βολαὶ ἡλίου sun-beams. βολίζω, f. σω, (βολίς) to heave the lead, sound.

βολίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (βάλλω) anything thrown, a missile: the sounding-lead. II. a cast of the dice.

βολίτινος, η, ον, of cow-dung. From

βόλιτον, βόλιτος, (βύλος) cow-dung.

βόλλομαι and βέλλομαι, Aeol. for βούλομαι.

βολο-κτυπία, ἡ, (βύλος, κτυπέω) the rattling of the dice.

βόλος, ὁ, (βάλλω) a throw with a casting-net: also the thing caught; βύλος ἰχθύων a draught of fishes! II. a throw with dice.

βομβ-αῦλιος, ὁ, (βύμβος, αὔλιος) a bagpipe.

βομβεύντι, Aeol. for βομβοῦσι, 3 pl. of βομβέω.

βομβέω, f. ἤσω, (βύμβος) to make a humming noise, to sound deep or hollow: to hum, buzz.

βομβήεις, εσσα, εν, (βομβέω) buzzing, humming.

βομβητής, οὗ, ὁ, (βομβέω) a buzzer, hummer.

ΒΟΜΒΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. BOMBUS, any deep hollow sound, humming, buzzing. (Formed from the sound.)

βομβυλῖος, οὗ, ὁ, and ἡ, (βύμβος) a buzzing or humming insect, a humble bee.

βόμβυξ, ὅκος, ὁ, the silk-worm.

βοο-θύτης, ον, ὁ, = βουθύτης.

βοο-κτάσια, ἡ, (βοῦς, κτείνω) a slaying of oxen.

βοο-νόμος, βοο-σφαγία, etc., = βου-.

βοο-σφάγια, ἡ, (βοῦς, σφάζω) a slaying of oxen.

βοάω, Ep. for βοάω.

ΒΟΡΑ', ἡ, food, meat.

βορβορό-θῦμος, ον, (βίρβορος, θυμός) muddy-minded.

ΒΟΨΡΟΨ, ὁ, slime, mud, mire, Lat. coenum.

βορβορο-τάραξις, ὁ, (βίρβορος, τάρασσω) a mud-stirrer, mud-lark.

βορβορ-ώδης, ες, (βίρβορος, ἔϊδος) miry, slimy.

ΒΟΡΕ'ΑΣ, ον, ὁ; Ion. Βορέης, contr. Βορέης, ἑω; Att. Βορράς, ἄ:—the North wind: more strictly, the wind from NNE., Aquilo. II. the North, πρὸς βορρὴν ἀνεμὸν towards the North; πρὸς βορέαν τινός northward of a place.

Βορεάς, ἄδος, ἡ, Ion. Βορείας, poet. Βορεῖās, Βορηίς, a Boread, daughter of Boreas. II. fem. Adj. northern.

Βόρειος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (Βορέας) belonging to the North wind, northern.

Βορεώτης, ἰδος, ἡ, = Βορέας.

Βορηίος, η, ον, Ion. for Βέριος.

Βορηίς, ἰδος, ἡ, = Βορέας.

βορός, ἄ, ὢν, (βορά) devouring, gluttonous.

Βορραῖος, α, ον, or ος, ον, = Βέριος.

Βορράς, ἄ, ὁ, Att. for Βορέας.

βόρνες, οί, unknown Libyan animals.

βόσις, εως, ἡ, (βίσκω) food, fodder.

βόσκε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of βίσκω.

βοσκή or βόσκη, ἡ, (βίσκω) food, fodder.

βόσκημα, ατος, τό, (βίσκω) that which is fed or fattened, cattle: a herd of cattle or sheep. II. food.

βοσκητέον, verb. Adj. of βίσκω, one must feed.

βοσκός, δ, *the feeder or herd of the cattle.* From
ΒΟΣΚΩ: fut. βοσκήσω, as if from obsol. βοσκέω:
—Act. of the herdsman, Lat. *pascere*, to feed, drive
to pasture, nourish, support, maintain:—Pass., of
cattle, Lat. *pasci*, to feed, graze.

Βοσπόριος, α, *ov.* of the Bosphorus.
βόσ-πορος, ὁ, (βοῦς, πόρος) Bosphorus, i. e. ox-ford,
name of several straits, esp. the Thracian and Cim-
merian.

βόστρυξ, ὅχιος, δ. = βίστρυχος,
βόστρυχιον, τό, Dim. of βόστρυχος.

ΒΟΣΤΡΥΧΟΣ, ὁ, in plur. also βόστρυχα, τά, α
curl or lock of hair: ποῖτι, anything twisted or
wreathed, as a flash of lightning, the tendril of a vine.

βοτάμια, *ων*, τά, (βύσσω) pastures.

βοτάνη, ἡ, (βύσσω) pasture, grass, fodder.

βοτήρ, ἡρς, δ, (βύσσω) a herdsman, herd; οἰκῶν
Βοτήρ α κα-ber of birds, a soothsayer: κῶν βοτήρ
α herdsman's dog.

βοτηρικός, ἡ, ὡν, (βοτήρ) of or for a herdsman.

βοτόν, ὁ, (βύσσω) anything that is fed, a beast.

βοτρυδόν. Adv. (βύτρυς) like a bunch of grapes, in
clusters.

βοτρυῖος, α, *ον*, (βύτρυς) of grapes.

βοτρυδωδός, *ον*, (βύτρυς, ὥρον) grape-producing.

βοτρυδῆς, ἑσσα, *εν*, (βύτρυς) clustering.

βοτρυδῶν. παῖς, ὁ, ἡ, (βύτρυς, παῖς) child of
the grape

βοτρυοχαίτης. *ου*, δ, (βύτρυς, χαίτη) with cluster-
ing hair; or with grapes in one's hair.

ΒΟΤΡΥΣ, *ους*, ὁ, α cluster or bunch of grapes, Lat.
racemus.

II. — βύτρυς, βίστρυχος, α curl.

βόστρυχος, δ, = βίστρυχος.

βόστρυχ-ώδης. *ες*, (βίστρυχος, εἶδος) like curls, curly.

βότρυ-ώδης. *ες*, (βύτρυς, εἶδος) like a cluster of
grapes

βου α term of βοῦς used in compos. to express
something monstrous, e. g. βού-παις, βου-φάγος; as
well as βο-φάγος, βο-φάγος, etc.

ΒΟΥΒΑΛΙΣ, *ιος*, ἡ, an antelope.

ΒΟΥΒΑΛΟΣ, δ, Lat. bubalus, a buffalo.

βου-βότης, *ου*, ἡ, (βοῦς, βύσσω) feeding cattle: ■
βουβότης, *ου*, ἡ, (βοῦς, βύσσω) a cowherd.

βου-βότος, *ον*, (βοῦς, βύσσω) grazed by cattle

βου-βρωστis. *ως*, ἡ, (βου-, βιβρώσκω) a ravenous
unpleasant appetite: metaph. grinding poverty or
penury

ΒΟΥΒΩΝ, ὄνος, δ, the groin, Lat. inguen. Hence
βουβωνίαι to suffer from swollen groins.

βου-γάτος, ὁ, (βου-, γάτω) a raggart, bully. [α]

βου-έρος, *ον*, (βούς, εἶρω) flaying oxen: gall-
ing

II. as Subst. α knife for flaying.

βου-θερής, ἑς, (βοῦς, θέρω) giving summer pasture:
summer-feeding.

βου-θούνης, *ου*, δ, (βοῦς, θοινάω) beef-eater.

βουθυσία, ἡ, α sacrifice of oxen. From

βουθυτέω, to slay, sacrifice oxen: generally, to sacri-
fice or slaughter. From

βου-θύτος, *ον*, (βοῦς, θίω) of or belonging to sacri-
fices: sacrificial.

βουκαῖος, δ, (βουκος) one who ploughs with oxen.

βου-κερως, *ων*, gen. βούκερω, acc. pl. βούκερας,
(βοῦς, κέρας) horned like an ox:—for the accent see
Wordsw. Gk. Gr. p. 140.

βου-κέφαλος, *ον*, (κεφαλή) bull-headed: epith. of
horses, because branded with a bull's head: Maced.
βουκεφάλας, gen. α, name of the horse of Alexander
the Great.

βουκολῶ, *φ*, ἡσω, (βουκόλος) to tend cattle:—Med.
to graze, range over the pasture. II metaph. to
delude, beguile: Med., ἐλπιδι βουκολοῦμαι I feed
myself on hopes, cheat myself with them.

βουκολία, ἡ, (βουκόλος) a herd of cattle. II.

α byre, ox-stall. Hence

βουκολιάζομαι, Dor. βωκ-, *φ*, ἀζομαι, to sing or
write pastorals. Hence

βουκολιαστής, *ου*, ὁ Dor. βωκ-, α singer or maker
of pastorals

βουκολικός, ἡ, ὡν, Dor. βωκολικός, ὁ, ὡν, (βουκό-
λος) rustic, pastoral: τὰ βουκολικά (sc. ποιήματα)
pastoral poetry.

βουκόλιον, τό, α herd of cattle. From

βου-κόλος, Dor. βω-κόλος, ὁ, (βοῦς, and obsol. κολῶ
= Lat. colo) α cowherd: herdsman.

βούκος, Dor. βῶκος, ὁ, (βοῦς) = βουκαῖος.

βουλαῖος, α, *ον*, (βουλή) of or in the Council.

βουλ-άρχος, ὁ, (βουλή, ἄρχω) the adviser of a plan,
Lat. auctor consilii.

βουλας, ἡ, (βουλευώ) the office of counsellor.

βούλευμα, *ατος*, τό, (βουλεύω) α decree of the Coun-
cil: generally, a resolution, plan, design.

βουλευμάτιον, τό, Dim. of βούλευμα.

βουλευσις, *ως*, ἡ, (βουλεύω) deliberation.

βουλευτέον, verb, Adj. of βουλεύω, one must take
counsel.

βουλευτήρ, ἡρος, δ, = βουλευτής. Hence

βουλευτήριος, *ον*, fit for counsel. II. as Subst.

βουλευτήριον, τό, α Council-chamber, court-house.

βουλευτής, *ου*, ὁ, (βουλεύω) α councillor, one who
sits in Council. II. α counsellor, adviser. Hence

βουλευτικός, ἡ, ὡν, of or for the Council or α Coun-
cillor: ὅρκος βουλευτικός the oath taken by the coun-
cillors.

2. as Subst. τὸ βουλευτικόν in the Athe-
nian theatre, the seats next the orchestra, belonging
to the Council of 500. II. of or for a counsellor,
able to advise.

βουλευτός, ἡ, ὡν, devised, plotted. From

βουλεύω, *φ*, *σω*: *φ*. βεβούλευκα:—Med., fut. -εύσο-
μαι: *αορ.* ἰ ἐβουλείσαμι:—Pass., *αορ.* ἰ ἐβουλείην:

π. βεβούλευμαι: but fut. med. is also used in pass.
sense: and *αορ.* ἰ and *π*. pass. in med. sense, (βουλή):

—to take counsel, consider: in past tenses, to have con-
sidered, and so to determine or resolve upon a thing:

Med. to take counsel with oneself, and so much like
the Act.:—Pass. to be determined or resolved on. II.

to be a member of the Council: to give counsel.

βουλή, ἡ, (βούλομαι) *will, determination*, Lat. *consilium*:—*a project, plan, intention*. 2. *counsel, advice*, whether taken or given. II. also like Lat. *concilium*, the Council or Senate, esp. that of the 500 at Athens.

βούληαι, Ep. for βούλη, 2 sing. subj. of βούλομαι. βουλήεις, εσσα, εν, (βουλή) *of good counsel, sage*. βουλήθεις, part. aor. I of βούλομαι. βούλημα, ατος, τό, (βούλομαι) *a will, purpose*. βούλησις, εως, ἡ, (βούλομαι) *a willing: will, purpose*. βουλήσομαι, fut. of βούλομαι.

βουλή-φόρος, εν, (βουλή, φέρω) *counselling, advising*. βου-λίμια, ἡ, (βου-, λιμός) *ravenous hunger*. Hence βουλιμίω, f. άσω, *to suffer from ravenous hunger*. βούλιος, εν, (βουλή) = βουλευτικός.

ΒΟΥΛΟΜΑΙ: impf. ἐβούλον, Att. also ἡβουλόμην: fut. βουλήσομαι: aor. I ἐβουλήθην, Att. also ἡβουλήθην: pf. βεβούλημαι, in compos. also med. βέβουλα (προ): Dep.:—*to will, wish, be willing*: usu. c. inf., but also c. dat., Τρώεσσι ἐβούλετο νικῆν *he would victory to the Trojans*, or in full, Τρώεσσι ἐβούλετο κῦδος ὀρέσθαι. Βούλει or βούλεσθε, with the subj. adds force to the demand, βούλει φράσω *would you have me tell*; ὁ βουλόμενος, Lat. *quivis*, the first that offers, *any one that likes*. II. *to have rather, choose, prefer*, mostly with ἡ, as, βούλομαι ἔγω λαὸν σῶον ἔμμεναι, ἡ ἀπολέσθαι *I had rather the host were saved than lost*.

βουλό-μαχος, εν, (βούλομαι, μάχη) *strife-desiring*. βουλόστος, εν, *fit for unyoking the oxen*, [ῶ]. From βου-λύτρος, ὁ, (βούς, λύω) *the time for unyoking oxen*, evening: in Homer only as Adv. βουλυτῶνδε *towards evening*, at eventide.

βου-μολγός, ὁ, (βούς, ἀμέλω) *cow-milking*. βουνίτης, ου, ὁ, (βουνός) *a dweller on hills*. βου-νόμος, εν, (βούς, νέμω) *cattle-feeding*. II. βου-νομος, *grazed by cattle*; ἀγέλαι βούνομαι *herds of grazing oxen*.

ΒΟΥΝΟΣ, ὁ, *a bill, mound*

βου-παῖς, παιδος, ὁ, (βου-, παῖς) *a big, lubberly boy*. 2. of bees, *born of the ox*; see Virg. Georg.

4. 281.

βου-παλις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (βου-, πάλη) *hard-struggling*. βου-πάμων, εν, gen. ονος, (βούς, πέπαμαι pf. of πάωμαι) *rich in cattle*.

βου-πληκτρος, εν, (βούς, πληκτρον) *ox-goading*. βου-πλήξ, ἡγος, ὁ, ἡ, (βούς, πλήσσω) *an ox-goat: an axe for felling an ox*.

βου-ποιμην, ενος, ὁ, (βούς, ποιμήν) *a herdsman*. βου-πόρος, εν, (βούς, πεῖρω) *ox-piercing*; βουπόρος βελέω *a spit that would spit a whole ox*.

βου-πρորος, εν, (βούς, πρόρως) *with the face of an ox*. BOT, Σ, ὁ or ἡ: gen. βόας, also ποῖθ. Βοῦ: acc.

βοῦν, Ep. βῶν, ποῖθ. also βόα:—*plur., nom. βόες*, rarely contr. βοῦς. gen. βοῶν, rarely contr. βῶν: dat. βοσσί, ποῖθ. βύεσσι, rarely βοσσί:—*a bullock or cow*. an ox; in plur. cattle. II. βοῦς, ἡ, *a shield covered with ox-hide*. III. proverb., βοῦς ἐπὶ

γλώσσῃ βέβηκε, βοῦς ἐπὶ γλώσσῃ ἐπιβαίνει, like ἰ ἐπὶ στόμα, of people who keep silence from some weighty reason, from the notion of a heavy body keeping down the tongue.

βοῦς, contr. from βόας, acc. pl. of βοῦν. βοῦ-σταθμον, τό, (βοῦς, σταθμός) *an ox-stall*. βοῦ-στάσις, εως, ἡ, = *foreg.*

βου-στροφιδόν, Adv. (βοῦς, στροφή) *turning like oxen in ploughing* of the early Greek manner of writing, which went from left to right, and right to left alternately. So Solon's Laws were written.

βου-στρόφος, εν, (βοῦς, στρέφω) *ox-guiding*:—as Subst. an ox-goat.

βου-σφαγίω, (βοῦς, σφάζω) *to slaughter oxen*. βουτύλις, ιος, ἡ, *a night bird*.

βούτης, ου, ὁ, (βοῦς) *a cow-herd, herdsman*.

βου-φάγος, εν, (βοῦς, φάγειν) *ox-eating*.

βουφόνεω, f. ἡσω, (βουφόνος) *to slaughter oxen*.

βουφονία (sub. ιερά), τά, *a festival with sacrifices of oxen*. From

βου-φόνος, εν, (βοῦς, φόνος) *ox-sacrificing*. 2. at which oxen are slain.

βουφορβέω, f. ἡσω, (βουφορβός) *to tend cattle*.

βουτύλις, ιος, ἡ, *a night bird*.

βου-φορβός, εν, (βοῦς, φέρβω) *ox-feeding*:—as Subst.

βουφορβος, ὁ, *a herdsman*.

βου-φορτος, εν, (βου-, φόρτος) *with a great load*.

βου-χανθής, ἐς, (βοῦς, χανθάνω) *holding an ox*.

βου-χιλος, εν, (βοῦς, χιλός) *rich in fodder*.

βοῶν, contr. part. of βοῶν. 2. gen. pl. of βοῦς.

βο-ώνης, ου, ὁ, (βοῦς, ὠνέομαι) *one who buys oxen for sacrifice*.

βο-ώντις, ιδος, ἡ, (βοῦς, ὤψ) *ox-eyed*, i. e. with large, full eyes.

βωατέω, f. ἡσω, *to plough*. From

βωότης, ου, ὁ, (βοῦς) *a ploughman*. II. βοῶτες, a name of the constellation Arcturus.

βραβεία, ἡ, (βραβεύω) *the office of judge or umpire, presidency of the games*: generally, arbitration.

βραβεῖον, τό, (βραβεύω) *a prize in the games*.

ΒΡΑΒΕΥΣ, εως, ὁ: Att. acc. sing. βραβῆ, nom. plur. βραβῆς:—*the judge who assigned the prizes at the games*: generally, a judge, arbitrator, umpire: a chief, leader.

βραβεύω, f. σω, (βραβεύς) *to be a judge or umpire: to arbitrate, direct, govern*.

βράβυλον, τό, *a kind of plum or sloe*.

βράβυλος, ἡ, *the tree which bears βράβυλα*.

ΒΒΑΤΚΟΣ, ὁ, *boarseness, sore throat*. Hence βραγχός, ἡ, ὄν, boarse.

βραδέως, Adv. of βραδύς, *slowly*.

βραδύνω, δ, ὤν, Aeol. for βραδύνω.

βραδύων [ῖ], βραδυστος, poet. Comp. and Sup. of βραδύς.

βράδος, εως, τό, (βραδύς) *slowness*.

βραδύνω, f. ὑνῶ, (βραδύς) *to delay*:—Pass. *to be delayed*.

II. intrans. *to be slow about a thing*:—Med. *to be slow, to loiter*.

βραδυ-πειθής, ἐς, (βραδύς, πείθωμαι) *slow of persuasion, slow to believe.*

βραδυ-πλοῶν, ἡ, ἴσω, (βραδύς, πλέω) *to sail slowly.*
βραδύ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδός, (βραδύς, ποῖς)
slow of foot.

ΒΡΑΔΥΤΣ, εἶα, ὕ: Comp. βραδύτερος by poet. metaph. βραδύτερος, poet. also βραδίων [τ] and βράσσων: Sup. βραδύντατος, poet. βράδιστος, and by metaph. βράδιστος: *slow, heavy; βράδιστοι θέειν slowest at running*.—metaph. *slow of understanding, slow.* II. of time, *late.*

βραδυ-σκαλῆς, ἐς, (βραδύς, σκέλος) *slow of foot.*
βραδύντης, ἦτος, ἡ, (βραδύς) *slowness: dullness.*
βράκος, τό, Aeol. for βάκος, *a rich female garment.*
βρασθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of βράζω.

ΒΡΑΨΣΩ, Att. βράττω: ἡ βράσσω [α]: aor. I ἐβρασα:—Pass., aor. I ἐβράσθην: pf. βέβρασμαι:—*to shake violently, to throw up, of the sea: to winnow or sift grain*:—Pass. *to boil up.*

βράσσω, on, gen. onos, poet. Comp. of βραδύς.
βράχε, see βράχω.

βρά: ἴς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of βρέχω.

βράχιος, Adv. of βραχύς, *shortly.*

βράχιον, onos, δ, (βραχύς) *the arm, Lat. brachium.* [τ]

βράχιον, on, gen. onos, [Ion. γ, Att. τ], βράχιστος, Comp. and Sup. of βραχύς.

βράχος, eos, τό, plur. βράχεα, contr. βράχη, (βραχύς) *shallow, stagnant pools, Lat. brevia et syrtis.*

βραχύ-βωλος, on, (βραχύς, βῶλος) *with few clods, βραχύβαλος χέρσος a narrow piece of land.*

βραχύ-γνώμων, on, gen. onos, (βραχύς, γνώμη) *of small understanding.*

βραχύ-δρομος, on, (βραχύς, δρόμος) *running a short way.*

βραχυλογία, ἡ, *brevity in speech.* From

βραχυ-λόγος, on, (βραχύς, λέγω) *short in speech, of few words.*

βραχύνω, ἡ, ὕνω, *to make short.* From

ΒΡΑΧΥΤΣ, εἶα, ὕ: Comp. βραχύτερος and βραχύνω: Sup. βραδύντατος and βράχιστος:—of Space and Time, *short*; of Number and Degree, *few, little*: βραχύ, *a little, a short time or distance; ἐπὶ βραχύ for a short distance; κατὰ βραχύ little by little; ἐν βραχεῖ shortly, briefly; διὰ βραχέων in few words, Lat. brevisus, paucis; διὰ βραχυτάτων or ἐν βραχυτάτοις, Lat. quam brevissime.*

βραχυ-σίδηρος, on, (βραχύς, σίδηρος): ἄκων βραχυ-σίδηρος *a dart with a short, small head.*

βραχυ-σκελῆς, ἐς, (βραχύς, σκέλος) *short-legged.*

βραχυ-σύμβολος, on, (βραχύς, σύμβολον) *bringing a small contribution.*

βραχυ-τόνος, on, (βραχύς, τείνω) *reaching a short way.*

βραχυ-τράχηλος, on, (βραχύς, τράχηλος) *short-necked.*

βραχύτης, ἦτος, ἡ, (βραχύς) *shortness: scantiness, deficiency.*

βραχυ-φειγγίτης, on, δ, (βραχύς, φέγγος) *giving a short or scant light.* [τ]

βραχύ-φύλλος, on, (βραχύς, φύλλον) *with few leaves.*

*ΒΡΑΧΩ, only used in 3 sing. wor. 2 ἐβραχε or βράχε, *to rattle, clash, ring, roar.*

βρέγμα, atos, τό, (βρέχω) *the top of the head, Lat. sinciput.*

βρεκεκεκέξ, sound to imitate the croaking of frogs.

ΒΡΕΜΩ, only used in pres. and impf., the Lat. FREMO, *to roar, of the wave or wind; to clash, of arms; to roar, clamour, of a crowd.* Also in Med.

ΒΡΕΨΘΟΣ, ὁ, an unknown water-bird, of stately bearing: hence II. arrogance. Hence

βρενθύομαι, Dep., only used in pres. and impf., *to be of a proud carriage, hold one's head high, swagger.*

βρέξιν, εως, ἡ, (βρέχω) *a wetting.*

ΒΡΕΨΑΣ, τό, gen. βρέτεος, nom. pl. βρέτη, ἃ *wooden image of a god.*

ΒΡΕΨΟΣ, εως, τό, the child unborn, Lat. foetus, = ἐμβρυον. II. the new-born babe, whelp or cub.

βρεχμός, δ, = βρέγμα.

ΒΡΕΨΩ, ἡ, ἴω: aor. I ἐβρεξα:—Pass., aor. I ἐβρέχθην: aor. 2 ἐβράχθην [α]: pf. βέβρεγμα:—*to wet on the surface, moisten, sprinkle, opp. to τέγω*:—Pass. *to be wetted or drenched.* 2. impers. βρέχει, like ὕει, Lat. pluit, it rains.

ΒΡΙ-, [τ], insepar. intensive Prefix, whence come βριάω, βριαρός.

Βριάρεως, δ, Strong, a hundred-handed giant, so called by the gods, but by men Aegaeon. [In Ep., trisyll. βριάρεως.]

βριάρός, ὁ, ὄν, Ion. βριερός, ἡ, ὄν, (βριάω) *strong.*

βρίω, (βρι-) *to strengthen, to make strong.* II. int. *to be strong.*

ΒΡΙΨΩ, fut. ἴω, *to nod, slumber, sleep.*

βρί-ἥψος, on, (βρι-, ἄπύω) *loud shouting.*

βρίθος, eos, τό, (βρίθω) *weight.*

βριθοσύνη, ἡ, (βρίθος) *weight, heaviness.*

βριθύ-νοος, on, (βριθύς, νόος) *grave-minded, thoughtful.*

βριθύς, εἶα, ὕ, (βρίθω) *weighty, heavy.*

ΒΡΙΨΩ, ἡ, βρίσω, Ep. inf. βρίσμεν: aor. I ἐβρίσα: perf. βέβριθα:—*to be heavy, to be weighed down or heavy laden with a thing*:—Med., μήκων καρπὸν βριθομένην *a poppy laden with fruit; ἔρις βεβριθυία, Ep. for βεβριθυία, weighty strife.* 2. of men; *to outweigh, prevail: to be superior in the fight, to be master.*

II. trans. *to load, press.*

βριμάομαι and βριμδομαι, Dep. *to snort with anger, be wrathful, furious.* (Formed from the sound.)

βριτο-άρματος, on, (βρίθω, ἄρμα) *loading the car.*

ΒΡΟΤΧΟΣ, δ, the windpipe, trachea.

βρομέω, = βρέμω, *to buzz, hum, of gnats.*

βρομιάζομαι, Dep. *to revel like Bacchus.* From

βρόμος, α, on, (βρόμος) *roaring, boisterous*:—hence δ Βρόμος, the boisterous god, a name of Bacchus. 2. = βάκχιος, Bacchic.

βρομώδης, es, (βρόμος, εἶδος) *Bacchic.*

βρόμος, δ, (βρέμω) Lat. fremitus, any loud noise or roaring, as of fire, etc.

βροντάω, f. ἦσω, to thunder: βροντῶ, impers., it thunders, Lat. tonat. From

ΒΡΟΝΤΗ, ἡ, thunder. II. the state of one struck with thunder, astonishment.

βρόντημα, ατος, τό, (βροντάω) a thunder-clap.

βρόντης, ου, ὁ, (βροντή) Thunderer, name of one of the Cyclopes, who forged the bolts of Zeus.

βροντησι-κέραυνος, ου, (βροντάω, κεραυνός) sending thunder and lightning.

βροντ-ώδης, ες, (βροντή, εἶδος) thundering.

βρότεος, ου, also α, ου, Ep. βρότεος, η, ου, (βροτός) mortal, human.—So also βροτήσιος, α, ου.

βροτο-βάμων, ου, (βροτός, βῆμα) trampling on men.

βροτό-γῆρυς, υ, gen. υος, (βροτός, γῆρυς) with human voice, of a parrot.

βροτέος, εσσα, εν, (βροτός) bloody, gory.

βροτοκτονέω, f. ἦσω, to murder men. From

βροτο-κτόνος, ου, (βροτός, κτείνω) man-slaying.

βροτο-λοιγός, ὁ, (βροτός, λοιγός) bane of men.

ΒΡΟΤΟΣ, ὁ, a mortal, man, opp. to θάνατος or δέος: as Adj. mortal.

ΒΡΟΤΟΣ, ὁ, blood from a wound, gore.

βροτο-σκόπος, ου, (βροτός, σκοπέω) watching men.

βροτο-στύγης, ἐς, (βροτός, στυγέω) man-bating. II.

pass. bated by men.

βροτο-φηγγής, ἐς, (βροτός, φέγγω) giving light to men.

βροτο-φθόρος, ου, (βροτός, φθίρω) man-destroying.

βροτών, (βρότος) to stain with gore.

βροχετός, ὁ, (βρέχω) a wetting, rain.

βροχέως, Acol. for βραχέως.

ΒΡΟΧΘΟΣ, ὁ, the ibroal.

βροχίς, ἡ, (βρέχω) an ink-bowl.

ΒΡΟΧΟΣ, ὁ, a noose or slip-knot, for hanging or strangling; a snare for birds; the mesh of a net.

*ΒΡΟΧΩ, acr. I ἐβροφα, to gulp down: cp. ἀνα-

βρύχω, καταβρύχω.

βρύδω, (βρίω) to teem with plenty, overflow.

βρύδην, Adv. (βρύκω) snarling or with clenched teeth.

βρυγμός, ὁ, (βρύχω) a snarling, biting; a grinding or gnashing of teeth.

ΒΡΥΚΩ, f. βω: aor. I ἐβρυφα: to bite, devour. Cf. βρύχω. [ῥ]

ΒΡΥΛΛΩ, = βρύν εἰπεῖν, v. sq.

βρύν, βρύν εἰπεῖν to cry for drink.

βρύξ, only in acc. βρύχα, the deep of the sea.

βρυχάομαι, fut. med. βρυχήσομαι, aor. I pass. ἐβρυχθήην: Ep. pf. βέβρυχα (so μέμικα, μέμικα from μικήομαι, μυκάομαι): Dep.: (βρύχω):—to roar, bellow, Lat. rugire. Hence

βρυχήμα, ατος, τό, a roaring; and

βρυχητής, ου, ὁ, a bellow, bawler.

βρύχως, ου, also α, ου, (βρύξ) from the depths of the sea, βρυχία ἡχώ an echo from the deep. [ῥ]

ΒΡΥΧΩ, fut. βρύξω: aor. 2 ἐβρύχον:—Pass., aor.

2 ἐβρύχην:—the same as βρύκω. [ῥ]

ΒΡΥΩ, mostly in pres. and impf.; rare in fut. βρύω:—to be full of anything, swell or teem with.

II. trans. to cause to burst forth. βρώμα, ατος, τό, (βιβρώσκει) that which is eaten, food. βρωμάομαι, aor. I ἐβρωμάσμεν: Dep.: (βρέμω):—to bray like an ass, Lat. rudere.

βρώμη, ἡ, (βιβρώσκει) brāma, food.

βρώσιμος, ου, (βρώσις) eatable, solid.

βρώσις, εως, ἡ, (βιβρώσκει) meat, opp. to ποσις (drink). II. an eating into, corrosion, rust.

βρωτήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (βιβρώσκει) an eater, devourer.

βρωτός, ἡ, ὁ, verb. Adj. of βιβρώσκει, eatable:—

βρωτὶν, τό, = βρώσις.

βρωτὺς, υος, ἡ, (βιβρώσκει) Ion. for βρώσις.

βύβλιος, η, ου, (βύβλος) made of byblus.

ΒΥΒΛΟΣ, ἡ, the Egyptian papyrus. II. its

coats or fibres, of which were made ropes, paper, etc.: βύβλοι, αἱ, leaves of byblus; hence, a book: also in

pl τὰ βύβλα. [ῥ]

βύβλην, Adv. (βύω) close-pressed, closely, thickly.

βυθίζω, f. ἴσω, (βυθός) to sink in the deep, immerse.

βύθος, α, ου, (βυθός) in the deep, sunken, deep. II.

of the deep; βύθια (sub. ζῆα) water-animals. [ῥ]

βυθίτης, ου, ὁ, βυθίτις, ἴδος, ἡ, = βύθιος.

ΒΥΘΟΣ, ὁ, the depth, the deeps of the sea.

βύκτης, ου, ὁ, (βύω) masc. Adj. blustering: Ep. gen.

pl. βυκτάων.

βύνεω, Att. for βύω.

ΒΥΨΑ ἡ, the skin stripped off, a hide.

βυρσο-αἰετός, ὁ, (βύρσα, αἰετός) leather-eagle, nickname of Cleon the tanner.

βυρσεύς, εως, ὁ, a tanner. From

βυρσεύω, f. σω, (βύρσα) to dress hides, tan.

βυρσίνη, ἡ, a leather thong. [ῥ] Fem. from

βύρσινος, η, ου, (βύρσα) made of skin or leather.

βυρσοδεψέω, f. ἴσω, to dress hides, be a tanner.

From

βυρσο-δέψης, ου, ὁ, (βύρσα, δέψω) a tanner.

βυρσο-παφλαγών, ὁ, (βύρσα, Παφλαγών) the leather-Paphlagonian, nickname of Cleon.

βυρσο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (βύρσα, πωλέω) a leather-seller.

βυρσο-τενής, ἐς, and βυρσό-τονος, ου, (βύρσα, τείνω) with skin or leather stretched over.

βυσσίνος, η, ου, (βύσσιος) made of fine linen.

βυσσο-δομεύω, (βυσσός, δομέω) to build in the deeps: hence to meditate deeply.

βυσσόθεν, Adv. (βυσσός) from the bottom.

βυσσο-μέτρης, ου, ὁ, (βυσσός, μετρέω) measuring the deeps.

βυσσός, ὁ, = βυθός, the depth or bottom of the sea.

ΒΥΣΣΟΣ, ἡ, fine flask: fine linen.

βυσσο-φρων, ου, (βυσσός, φρήν) deep-thinking.

ΒΥΣΩ, f. βύσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἐβύσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐβύσθην: pf. βέβυσμαι:—to stuff full; νήματος βεβυσμένος stuffed full of spun-work; σπογγίῳ βεβυσμένος bunged up with sponges.

βᾶ, aor. 2 act. subj. of βαίνω.

βαθίω, Ion. contr. for βοθηάω.

βωκολιάσδω, -αστής, Dor. for βουκ-.
 βωκόλος, βωκολικός, Dor. for βουκ-.
 βώκος, ὁ, Dor. for βούκος.
 βωλάκιος, α, ον, (βῶλας) forming clods, of rich loam.
 βῶλας, ἄκος, ἡ, = βῶλας, a clod of earth.
 βῶλιον, τό, Dim. of βῶλος, a clod.
 ΒΩ'ΑΟΞ, ἡ, Lat. GLEBA, a clod of earth: a piece of land, ground, soil: generally, a lump or mass of anything: so even of the sun.
 βωλο-τόμος, ον, (βῶλος, τεμῆν) clod-breaking.
 βῶμιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (βωμός) on or at the altar.
 βωμίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of βωμός: a step.
 βωμολόχευμα, ατος, τό, a ribald jest. From
 βωμολοχεύομαι, Dep. to practise coarse buffoonery, indulge in ribald jests. From
 βωμο-λόχος, ον, (βωμός, λοχάω) lurking about the altars, for the scraps it could be got there, a starveling, beggar: hence a low flatterer, ribald jester, buffoon.
 βωμός, ὁ, (βαίνω) any raised place for standing on, a stand, Lat. suggestus: a raised place for sacrificing, an altar: later also a funeral mound, cairn, Lat. tumulus.
 βών, Ep. for βούν, acc. of βοῦς: also contr. gen. plur.
 βώσας, contr. for βοήσας, aor. I part. of βοάω.
 βῶσι, 3 plur. aor. 2 subj. of βαίνω.
 βωστρέω, (βοάω) to call on, to call to aid.
 βῶτας, Dor. for βούτης.
 βωπι-άνειρα, ἡ, (βόσκω, ἀνήρ) man-feeding, nurse of heroes. [d]
 βῶτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = βοτής, a herdsman.

Γ

Γ, γ, γάμμα, indecl., third letter in Gr. alphabet: as numeral γ', = three, third: but γ = 3000.—Before the palatals γ κ χ and before ξ, γ is pronounced like π in ng, as ἀγγος ἄγκος ἀγγι ἀγξω.

For the digamma, v. sub σ.

Homer uses γ as an aspirate before some words, as αἶα γαῖα, δοῦπος γδοῦπος: so also in Att., before λ and ν, e. g. λήμη γλήμη, νέφος γρόφος.

In Dor. δ is sometimes put for γ, as δᾶ δνόφος for γῆ γνόφος: also γ for β, βλέφαρον γλέφαρον; but in Att., β for γ, γλήχων βλήχων; also for κ, γνάπτω κνάπτω: and for λ, γήιον λήιον.

γᾶ, Dor. for γε.

γᾶ, Dor. and Aeol. for γῆ, earth.

γαγγάμη, ἡ, or γάγγαμον, τό, a small round net.

γάγγραινα, ἡ, (γῆραι, γραινω) a gangrene, an eating sore ending in mortification.

γάζα, ἡ, the royal treasure: riches. (Persian word.)
 γάσο-φυλάκιον, τό, (γάζα, φυλάκη) a treasury, Lat. aerarium.

γᾶθει, Dor. for γηθεί.

γαῖα, ἡ, gen. γαίας, Ep. γαίης (but not γαίη in nom.,

except in late Poets), like αἶα, poet. for γῆ, earth, ground, soil: one's country.

γαῖόχοος, ον, Dor. for γαίόχοος.

γαίηγενής, ἐς, poet. for γηγενής.

γαίηιος, ἡ, ον, (γαῖα) sprung from Earth.

γαίη-οχος, ον, (γαῖα, ἔχω) poet. for γηούχος, earth-urpolding, earth-surrounding, epith. of Poseidon: of other gods, protecting a country.

γαῖος, ον, Dor. for γήιος, on land.

ΓΑΪΩ, only used in partic., κύδει γαῖαν exulting in his strength.

ΓΑ'ΑΑ, gen. γάλακτος, τό, milk. (Lat. LAC appears in gen. γά-λακ-τος).

γάλαθνής, ὄν, (γάλα) sucking, infant.

γάλακτινός, ἡ, ον, milky, milk-white.

γάλακτο-πῆγης, ἐς, (γάλα, παγγῆαι) like curdled milk.

γάλακτο-πότης, ον, ὁ, (γάλα, πεί-ποτα, 3 sing. pf. pass. of πίνω) a milk-drinker.

γαλάνα, γαλανός, Dor. for γαλήνη, γαληνός.

ΓΑΛΕ'Η, ἐπης, contr. γάλη, ἡς, ἡ, the marten-cat or polecat, Lat. mustela.

γαλερός, ἄ, ὄν, cheerful. Adv. -ρῶς.

γάλεώτης, ον, ὁ, (γαλέη) a kind of spotted lizard.

γάλη, ἡ, contr. for γαλέη.

γαληναῖος, α, ον, = γαληνός.

γάληνεια, Dor. γαλάνεια, ἡ, = sq.

ΓΑ'ΔΕ'ΝΗ, ἡ, stillness of wind and wave, calm, γαλήνην ἐλαύνειν to sail through the calm: generally, calm, tranquillity. Hence

γαληνῶς, Ep. part. fem. γαληνῶσα, to be calm.

γάληνός, ὄν, (γαλήνη) calm, still, serene: esp. of the sea, in neut. pl., γαληνὰ a calm, γαλήν' ὁρῶ I see a calm.

Γάλλος, ὁ, a priest of Cybelé: a eunuch.

γάλ-συργός, -συργός, -ουχία, = γαλακ-

ΓΑ'ΔΟΩΞ, ἡ, gen. γάλωσ, nom. pl. γάλωσ: Att. γάλως, gen. γάλω, a sister-in-law: the corresponding masc. is δάφρ. [d]

γάμαι, Dor. for γῆμαι, aor. I inf. of γαμέω.

γαμβρός, ὁ, (γαμέω) any connexion by marriage, Lat. affinis: 1. a son-in-law. 2. a brother-in-law. 3. a father-in-law. II. in Dor. and Aeol. a bridegroom.

γᾶμεν, Dor. for ἔγγμεν, 3 sing. aor. I of γαμέω.

γᾶμετή, ἡ, fem. of γαμέτης, a wife.

γᾶμέτης, ον, Dor. gen. γαμέτᾱ, ὁ, a husband, spouse: and

γᾶμέτις, ἴδος, ἡ, a wife. From

γᾶμέω: fut. γαμέω, Att. γαιῶ, later γαμήσω: fut.

aor. I ἔγγμα; later ἔγάμησα: pf. γεγάμηκα.—Med.,

fut. γαμέσομαι, Ep. 3 sing. γαμέσεται, Att. γαμοῦ-

μαι: aor. I ἔγαμήθην.—Pass., aor I ἔγαμήθην,

poët. part. γαμεθείς: pf. γεγάμηται: (γάμος). To

marry, to take to wife, Lat. ducere; ἐκ κακοῦ, ἐξ

ἀγαθοῦ γῆμαι to marry of a good or bad stock. II.

Med. to give in marriage, I. of the woman, to

give herself in marriage, to wed, Lat. nubere.

of the parents, to get their children married, betroth, to get a wife for the son or a husband for the daughter. III. Pass. to be wedded or taken to wife.

γαμήλευμα, ατος, τό, = γάμος.

γαμήλιος, α, ον, (γαμέω) bridal, Lat. nuptialis: γαμψιλία (sub. θυσία), ἡ, a marriage-feast.

Γαμψιλών, ὄνος, ὁ, the seventh month of the Attic year, from γαμέω, because it was the usual time for weddings: it answered to the end of January and beginning of February. See Δηναιών.

γαμίζω, f. ἴσω, (γάμος) to give in marriage.

γαμικός, ἡ, ὄν, (γάμος) bridal: τὰ γαμικά a wedding, Lat. nuptiae. Adv. -κως, as at a wedding.

γαμίσκω, = γαμίζω.

γάμο-κλέπτος, ον, (γάμος, κλέπτω) adulterous: as Subst. an adulterer.

γά-μόρος, ὁ, Dor. for γημόρος.

ΓΑΜΟΣ, ὁ, a wedding, marriage: also wedlock, matrimony: in pl. a marriage-feast, Lat. nuptiae.

γαμό-στολος, ον, (γάμος, στέλλω) preparing marriage.

γαμφηλαί, ὦν, αἱ, (γαμβός, γναμπτός) the jaws of a beast: the beak of a bird.

γαμβός, ἡ, ὄν, (κάμπω) bent, curved, crooked.

γάν, Dor. for γῆν, γαῖαν.

γάναν, (γάνος) to glitter, gleam: to look bright and fresh, Lat. nitere: metaph. to be cheerful.

ΓΑΝΟΣ, εος, τό, brightness, sheen: beauty, a charm, delight. [α] Hence

γάνω, to make bright or shining: pf. pass. part.

γεγανωμένος, glad-looking, joyous, Lat. nitidus.

γάνων, ὥσα, Ep. part. of γάνω.

γάνυμαι, Ep. fut. γανύσσομαι: Dep.: (γάνος):—to delight in, be delighted at a thing. Hence

γάνυσμα, ατος, τό, = γάνος.

γά-πεδον, τό, Dor. for γῆ-πεδον. [α]

γῆ-πετής, γῆ-πόνος, γῆ-ποτος, Dor. for γῆ-π.

ΓΑΡ, Conjunction, for, Lat. enim, and like it placed after the first word in a sentence. Its chief usages are I. to introduce the reason: when the reason precedes that of which it is the reason, it may be rendered by since or as: 'Ἀρείδῃ, πολλοὶ γὰρ τεθνῶσιν Ἀχαιοί, since many Achaeans are dead, etc.' so in parenthesis, as καὶ, ἦν γὰρ ὁ Μαραθῶν ἐπιτηδεύτατον, etc., and, since Marathon was the fittest place, etc. II. to strengthen I. a question, like Lat. nam, Engl. why, what, τίς γὰρ σε ἤκεν why who hath sent thee? 2. a wish, καὶώς γὰρ ἐξέλθοις O that you might perish! in Homer usu. αἰ γάρ. Att. εἰ or εἴθε γάρ, Lat. utinam, O that! so also πῶς γάρ, would that!

γαργαίρω, f. ἄρῶ, (γάργαρα) to swarm with.

γαργαλίζω, Att. for γαργαλίζω, (γάργαλς) to tickle.

γαργαλισμός, οὔ, ὁ, a tickling.

ΓΑΡΓΑΛΟΣ, ὁ, a tickling, itching. [α]

ΓΑΡΓΑΡΑ, τά, beads, lots, plenty.

γῆρύω, Dor. for γῆρίω.

γαστήρ, gen. γαστέρος syncop. γαστρός, dat. plur. γαστράσι [α], ἡ;—the paunch, belly, Lat. venter; γαστήρ ἀσπίδος the hollow of a shield. 2. the womb, ἐν γαστρὶ φέρειν or ἔχειν to be with child. 3. metaph. appetite, in a bad sense, gluttony. Hence

γαστρα, Ion. γαστήρ, ἡ, the belly of a jar, etc.

γαστρίδιον, τό, Dim. of γαστήρ, γαστήριον.

γαστρίζω, f. ἴσω, (γαστήρ) to fill one's belly. It

to hit on the belly, a trick in boxing.

γαστρί-μαργος, ον, (γαστήρ, μάργος) gluttonous.

γαστήριον, τό, Dim. of γαστήρ.

γαστρίς, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (γαστήρ) pot-bellied: a glutton.

γαστρο-βάρης, ἐς, (γαστήρ, βαρίς) heavy with child.

γαστρο-φορέω, f. ἴσω, (γαστήρ, φέρω) to bear in the womb, be pregnant.

γαστρ-ώδης, ἐς, (γαστήρ, εἶδος) pot-bellied.

γαυλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (γαῦλος) of or for a merchant ship.

γαυλιτικός, ἡ, ὄν, = γαυλικός.

ΓΑΥΛΟΣ, ὁ, a milk-pail: a water-bucket: any round vessel, e.g. a bee-bive: hence II. γαῦλος,

ὁ, a round built merchant-vessel, galley.

γαυριάω, only used in pres. to bear oneself proudly,

pride oneself. From

γαῦρος, ον, also σ, ον, (γαῖα) exulting in a thing: baughty, disdainful: skittish. Hence

γαυρόομαι, Pass. to exult in a thing: to be baughty, disdainful. Hence

γαύρωμα, ατος, τό, a subject for boasting.

ΓΕ, Dor. γα, enclitic Particle, Lat. quidem, at least, at any rate: ὅ γ' ἐνθάδε λέων at any rate the people here: often attached to pronouns, ἐγάργε, σύγε, ὅγε. 2. well then, then, implying unwillingness,

εἰμὶ γε well, I will go. 3. and indeed, too; καλῶς γε ποῶν and quite right too! 4. to strengthen

oaths, νῆ Δία .. γε, with a word between, to which γε usu. refers. II. εὖγε: ἤλθον Ἀμφιδρεύ γε

πρὸς βίαν against even Amphiarus' will.

γεά-οχος, ον, Dor. for γαίη-οχος.

γέγδα, Ep. for γέγονα, perf. of γίγνομαι, to have been born, to be, live: pl. γέγαμεν, γεγάτε, γεγάσιν: but γεγάμεν [α] inf., for γεγάιναι, Dor. γεγάκειν [α]: part. γεγάς, -άσσα, Att. contr. γεγάς, -άσσα, like Βεβας, Βεβας.

γέγαθα, Dor. for γέγηθα; pf. of γηθεῖν.

γεγάκειν, Dor. pf. inf. of γίγνομαι: see γέγατα.

γέγαμεν, γεγάμεν, see γέγατα.

γεγάμηκα, pf. of γαμῶ.

γεγένημαι, pf. of γίγνομαι.

γέγημαι, pf. pass. of γαίω.

γέγηθα, γεγήθεν, pf. and Ep. plarf. of γηθεῖν.

γεγηράκα, pf. of γηράσκειν.

γέλυμαι, pf. pass. of γλῆφω.

γεγόμεμαι, pf. pass. of γομφομαι.

γένονα, pf. of γίγνομαι.

γέγραφα, γέγραμμαι, pf. act. and pass. of γράφω.

γεγράφομαι, fut. 3 pass. of γράφω.

γεγύμνακα, γεγύμνασμαι, pf. act. and pass. of γυμνάζω.

ΓΕΓΩΝΑ, perf. with pres. sense, part. γεγωνώς, plarf. ἐγεγώνειν with impf. sense—the other tenses are formed as if from pres. γεγώνω or γεγωνέω,—inf. γεγωνέν, Ep. γεγωνένμεν; impf. ἐγεγώνεον or γεγώνεον for ἐγεγώνεον, 3 sing. also ἐγέγωνε; aor. I inf. γεγωνήσαι; verb. Adj. γεγωνητέον. To call or cry so as to be heard, to call aloud; ὅσον τε γέγωνε βοήσας as far as he could make himself heard by shouting: c. acc. rel. to call out, proclaim aloud: of things, to sound, ring, etc.

γεγωνητέον, verb. Adj. of γεγωνέω, one must proclaim aloud.

γεγωνίσκω, lengthd. pres. for γέγωνα, to proclaim.

γεγωνός, ὄν, Adj. from part. γεγωνός, (like ἀραρός, ὄν, from ἀραρός), loud-spoken, loud-sounding.

γεγώς, ὦσα, ὦς, Att. part. pf. of γίγνομαι, for γεγόνως, γεγαώς, see γνάω.

Γεβέννα, ἡ, Heb. Gebenna, i. e. the valley of Hinnom, in which the corpses of the worst malefactors were burnt:—hence as a name for bell-fire, bell.

γεγ-ῥόνος, etc., γ. γεῥον-.

γει-ῥοτής, οὐ, ὁ, (γῆ, ῥόω) a plougher of earth.

γεινάμενος, aor. I part. of γείνομαι.

γείναι, Ep. for γείνμαι, a sing. aor. I med. subj. of γίνομαι.

γείνομαι, Pass. to be begotten, be born. II. the aor. I ἐγεγάμην, γείνασθαι is always used in causal sense, = γεννάω, of the father, to beget; of the mother, to bear, bring forth; ὁ γεγάμενος the parents. γαιο-μόρος, etc., = γασμόρος.

γαιο-φόρος, ὄν, (γῆ, φέρω) earth-bearing.

ΓΕΙΣΟΝ or γείσσον, τό, anything projecting so as to shelter, the eaves of a roof, the cornice, coping: the hem of a garment. (Of Carian origin.)

γειννίασι, εως, ἡ, neighbourhood: the neighbours.

γειννίω, (γείτω) to be a neighbour, to border on.

γειτονεύω and γειτονέω, = γειννίω.

γειτόντος, ὄν, neighbouring, near. From

ΓΕΙΤΩΝ, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, a neighbour. III. as Adj. neighbouring bordering:—metaph. akin to, like.

γελάισας, Acol. for γέλασας.

γέλαζας, Dor. for γελάσας.

γελάνης, ἐς, (γελάω) laughing, cheerful.

γελάντι, Dor. for γελάντι, dat. part. of γελάω.

γελάουσα and γελεύσα, Dor. for γελάουσα.

γέλασα, Dor. for γελώσα, fem. nom. part. of γελάω.

γελασίω, Desiderat. of γελάω, to like to laugh, to be ready to laugh.

γέλασμα, ατος, τό, (γελάω) a laugh; κυμάτων ἀήριθμον γέλασμα 'the many-twinkling smiles of Ocean.'

γελαστής, οὐ, ὁ, (γελάω) a laugher, sneerer.

γελαστός, ἡ, ὄν, laughable, laughed at. From

ΓΕΛΑΨ, Ep. γελώ, Ep. part. pl. γελώντες, γελῶντες, or γελῶντες: Ep. impf. γελῶν or -ών;

fut. γελάσομαι: aor. I ἐγέλασα, Ep. ἐγέλασσα, Dor. ἐγέλαφα.—Pass., aor. I ἐγελάσθην; pf. γεγέλασμαι:—to laugh, Lat. rideo; ἐγέλασσε φίλον κῆρ his heart laughed within him. II. to laugh at, sneer at.

ΓΕΛΑΨ, ἴδος, ἡ; pl. γέλγιδες or γέλγεις: = ἀγλία, a head, clow of garlic, Lat. spica allii.

γελόϊος, Ep. for γέλοιος.

γέλοιος, α, ὄν, also ος, ὄν, (γελάω) laughable, absurd. II. humorous, facetious: γέλοια jests.

γελῶν, Ep. impf. of γελάω.

γελῶντες, part. pres. of γελῶν.

γελώ, γελῶντες, Ep. for γελάω, γελῶντες.

γελῶντι, Dor. for γελῶσι.

γελῶντι, poet. for γελῶντες.

γέλως, ὁ: gen. ατος Att. ω: dat. γέλωτι Ep.

γέλω: acc. γέλωτα Ep. γέλω, in Att. Poets γέλωα (γελῶα): laughier, Lat. risus; ἐπὶ γέλωτι for laughier's sake, for a joke. II. a subject of laughter, Lat. ludibrium; γέλωτα ποιῆσθαι τι to make a joke of it.

γελωτοποιία, ἡ, buffoonery. From

γελωτο-ποιός, ὄν, (γέλω, ποιέω) exciting laughter: as Subst., γελωτοποιός, οὐ, ὁ, a jester.

γελῶν, Ep. impf., γελῶντες, Ep. part. of γελάω.

γεμίω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰώ, (γέμω) to fill, load or freight with a thing:—Pass. to be freighted.

γέμος, τό, = γύμος, a freight. From

ΓΕΜΩ, used only in pres. and impf. to be full of a thing, to be full.

γενεά, ἄς, Ion. γενεή, ἡς, (*γένω) birth; δπλδ-τερος γενεή younger by birth; ἡς ἐκ γενεῆς from birth.

II. birth, race, descent; γενεῇ ὑπέρτερον higher by blood: of horses, breed. III. a generation, Lat. saeculum; δῖω γενεαὶ μερόπων ἀνθρώπων.

IV. offspring, descendants.

γενεῦλογέω, f. ἴσω, (γενεαλόγος) to trace a pedigree; γενεαλογεῖν τινα to trace his pedigree:—Pass. to derive one's pedigree. Hence

γενεῦλογία, ἡ, a tracing one's descent, genealogy. From

γενεῦ-λόγος, ὁ, (γενεά, λέγω) a genealogist.

γενεή, ἡς, ἡ, Ion. for γενεά: Ep. dat. γενεῇφι.

γενέθλη, ἡ, birth, origin, descent: of horses, bred. = bir-b-place; ἀργύρου γενέθλη a mine of silver.

γενεθλίος, ὄν, = γενέθλιος.

γενέθλιος, ὄν, belonging to one's birth, Lat. natalis; γενέθλιον ἡμῶν one's birth-day; τὰ γενέθλια a birth-day feast; γενέθλιοι θεοὶ the gods of one's race;

γενέθλιον αἷμα kindred blood.

γενέθλον, τό, = γενέθλη, descent. 2. offspring.

γενεαίω Dor. -ἀσδω, (γένειον) to get a beard, come to man's estate.

γενεαίς, ἄδος, ἡ, (γένειον) a beard. 2 in plur. the cheeks.

γενεαίσκω, = γενεαίω, to get a beard.

γενεαίτης, Ion. γενεήτης, ὁ: fem. γενεαίτις α-ῖατις, ἴδος, (γενεαίς) bearded.

γενεαίω, f. ἴσω, = γενεαίω, to get a beard.

γένειον, τό, (γένυς) *the part covered by the beard, the lower part of the face, the chin.*

γένεο, Ep. for ἐγένου, 2 sing. aor. 2 of γίγνομαι.

γενέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of γίγνομαι.

γενέσιος, ον, = γενέθλιος. II. τὰ γενέσια *a birth-day feast*:—also, *a day kept in memory of the dead.*

γένεσις, εως, ἡ, (*γένω) *an origin, source: birth, race, descent.*

γενέσκειο, Ion. for ἐγένετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γίγνομαι.

γενέταιρα, fem. of γενετήρ, (*γένω) *she that gives birth, a mother.* II. *sbe that is born, a daughter.*

γενετή, ἡ, — γενεή, *birth.*

γενετήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, — γενετής.

γενετής, ου, ὁ, (*γένω) *the begetter, a father, ancestor.* 2. *the begotten, son.* II. as Adj., = γενέθλιος.

γενετυλλίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (*γένω) *goddess of one's birth hour.*

γενέτωρ, ορος, ὁ, — γενετής, *a father.*

γένευ, Ion. for ἐγένου, 2 sing. aor. 2 of γίγνομαι.

γενεθήτω, 3 sing. aor. 1 pass. imperat. of γίγνομαι.

γενήτις, ἡ: gen. γενήτιδος, contr. γενῆδος:—γενύς, *the edge of an axe: an axe, pickaxe, mattock.*

γένημα, ατος, τό, = γέννημα.

γενῖά, ἡ, poet. for γένος, *descent, offspring.*

γεννάδας [ᾱ], ου, ὁ, plur. γεννάδας, (γέννα) *noble, in mind or birth, Lat. generosus.*

γενναίο-πρεπής, ἐς, (γενναίος, πρέπω) *befitting a noble.* Adv. πᾶς.

γενναίος, α, ου, also os, ον, (γέννα) *suitable to one's birth or descent; οὐ μοι γενναίον it fits not my high blood: noble both in mind and blood, high-born, high-minded: of animals, thorough-bred: of things, good of their kind: but also, γενναία δύη genuine, intense misery.* Hence

γενναϊότης, ητος, ἡ, *nobility, nobleness of character: of land, fertility.*

γενναίως, Adv. of γενναίος, *nobly*: Sup. γενναϊότατα.

γεννάω, f. ἵστω, (γέννα) *to beget, of the father; to bear, bring forth, of the mother; of γεννήσαντες the parents.* II. *to generate, produce.* Hence

γέννημα, ατος, τό, *that which is produced, a child: any product.* II. *one's nature.* III. *a begetting.*

γέννησις, εως, ἡ, *a begetting, producing.*

γεννητής, ου, ὁ, (γεννάω) *a parent, Lat. paterfamilias.*

γεννητός, ἡ, ὅν, (γεννάω) *begotten or born.*

γεννητήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, — γενετήρ.

γεννικός, ἡ, ὅν, — γενναίος, *brave, spirited.* Adv. —ως.

γενότατο, Ep. and Ion. for γένοντο.

γενόμην, Dor. aor. 2 opt. of γίγνομαι.

γένος, εως, τό, (*γένω) *race, descent: freq. in acc. absol. γένος, as ἐξ Ἰθάκης γένος εἰμί I am of Ithaca by descent; so in dat., γένει πολίτης a citizen by birth.*

II. *a descendant, a child, as Virgil's Divi genus.* III. *a race in regard to number, a nation.*

2. *a race in regard to time, an age, gene-*

ration. IV. *sex: gender.*

opp. to εἶδος, *species.*

γέντο, be grasped, — λαβεν, 3 sing. of an old Verb, only found in this form: prob. Aeol. for ἔλετο, — γ representing the digamma. II. contr. for ἐγένετο.

ΓΕΝΤ Σ, ἡ, gen. γένυς; dat. γένυι: plur., dat. γένυσι, Ep. γένυσσι; acc. γένυας, contr. γένῦς *The under jaw; γένυες, both jaws, the mouth: hence also the cheek, chin.* II. *the edge of an axe, or biting axe.*

*ΓΕΝΩ, obsol. pres., Root of γίγνομαι.

γέρα, Ep. contr. from γέρα, pl. of γέρας.

γεραιός, ἡ, ὅν, (γέραν, γηραιός) *old: venerable* Lat. Comp. γεραιότερος; of γεραιότεροι, *the elders, Lat. senatores.* Sup. γεραιάτατος

γεραιό-φλοιος, ον, (γεραιός, φλοιός) *with wrinkled skin.*

γεραιῶν, f. γερῶν: aor. I ἐγέρημα, inf. γερῶναι: aor. 2 ἐγέρῶν: (γέρας) — *to honour or reward with a gift: generally, to honour.*

γεραιότερος, —τατος, Comp. and Sup. of γεραιός.

ΓΕΡΑΝΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. GRUS, *a crane.*

γερῶός, ἡ, ὅν, — γεραιός

γερῶρός, ἡ, ὅν, (γερῶν) *reverend, stately; γερῶροι priests, γερῶραι priestesses.*

ΓΕΡΑΣ, αος, τό, nom. pl. γέρατα, Ion γέρα, Ep. contr. γέρα: — *a gift of honour, prize, generally, a gift, honour; metaph., γέρας θανόντων the last honour of the dead.* II. *a privilege, prerogative.* Hence

γερᾶσμος, ον, *honouring.* II. *honoured.*

Γερᾶσπιος, *a Spartan man.*

γερᾶσ-φόρος, ον, (γέρας, φέρω) *winning honour.*

γέρα, Ion. nom. pl. of γέρας.

γεροντάγωγιός, f. ἡσσι, *to guide an old man.* From

γεροντ-ἔγωγός, ὁ, (γέρον, ἄγω) *guiding an old man.*

γεροντία, ἡ, Lacon. for γερονσία.

γερόντιον, τό, Dim. of γέρον, *a little old man.*

γερονσία, ἡ, (γέρον) *a Council of Elders, Senate, esp. at Sparta, where it consisted of 28.* II. *an embassy.*

γερούσιος, α, ον, (γέρον) *belonging to the elders or chiefs; οἶνος γερούσιος wine reserved for them.*

γέρρον, τό, (εἶρω) Lat. gerra, *anything made of wicker-work, esp. an oblong shield, such as the Persians wore.* 2. *a wattled hut.*

γερρο-φόροι, οί, (γέρρον, φέρω) *troops that wore wicker shields: v. foreg.*

ΓΕΡΩΝ, οντος, ὁ, *an old man, Lat. senex: of γέροντες the Elders or Chiefs, who with the King formed the chief Council: hence the Senators, like*

Lat. Patres, esp. at Sparta, where they were 28 in number. II. as Adj. γέρον, ον, but almost always with masc. Subst. as γέρον λόγος: γέρον σάκος however occurs in Homer.

γεύμα, ατος, τό, (γείω) *a taste of a thing.*

γεύσασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of γείω.

ΓΕΥΩ, f. γείω: aor. I ἐγεύσα: — *to give one a taste of a thing.* II. Med. γεύομαι, fut. γεύσομαι:

aor. 2 ἐγευσάμην: with pf. pass. γέγευμαι:—to taste or eat of a thing; 3 pl. plqpf. ἐτέγευντο, they had tasted, eaten: hence to try, make proof, have experience of; δοῦρε γεύσασθαι to taste, i. e. feel, the spear: to enjoy.

ΓΕΦΥΡΑ, ἡ, a mound of earth to dam or bar a stream, or a bridge to cross it, used by Hom. always in plur.:—in Hom. also, πολέμοιο γέφυραι the lane between two lines of battle, the battle-field. II.

later in sing. a bridge, γέφυραν ζευγνύει or γεφύρα ζευγνύει ποταμόν to build a bridge over a river, Lat. ponte jungere fluvium. Hence

γεφύρω, f. ὤσω, to make passable by a bridge, to bridge over; γεφύρωσε ποταμόν [the tree] made a bridge over the river; γεφύρωσε κέλευθον made a bridge-way:—Pass., ἐγεφύρωθη ὁ πόρος the strait had a bridge made over it.

γεωγραφία, ἡ, geography. From γεω-γράφος, ον, (γῆ, γράφω) earth-describing: as Subst., γεωγράφος, ον, ὁ, a geographer.

γεώ-λοφος, ὁ, (γῆ, λόφος) a hill, billock: also γεώ-λοφον, τό, and γεωλοφία, ἡ.

γεωμετρία, f. ἴσω, to measure lana, to measure. From γεω-μέτρης, ον, ὁ, (γῆ, μετρέω) a land-measurer, geometer. Hence

γεωμετρία, ἡ, land-measuring, geometry: and γεωμετρικός, ἡ, ὁν, of or for land-measuring, geometrical: ἡ γεωμετρική (sub. τέχνη), geometry: γεωμετρικός, οὔ, ὁ, a geometrician. Adv. —κῶς.

γεωμορία, ἡ, a division of lands: tillage. From γεω-μόρος, also γῆ-μόρος, γα-μόρος, and γεω-μόρος, ὁ, ἡ, (γῆ, μέρομαι) a sharer in the division of lands, landholder: οἱ γεωμόροι, the landowners or nobles in a state, Lat. optimates.

γεώ-πεδον or γεω-πέδιον, τό, Ion. for γῆπεδον.

γεω-πείνης, ον, ὁ, (γῆ, πείνομαι) poor in land.

γεωπόνος, ὁ, (γῆ, πονέω) a tiller of the earth, husbandman.

γεωργέω, f. ἴσω, (γεωργός) to be a farmer: also to till, cultivates: metaph. to work at, practise a thing.

γεωργία, ἡ, (γεωργός) agriculture, tillage. II. in plur. tilled lands.

γεωργικός, ἡ, ὁν, (γεωργός) of or for tillage, rustic. II. skilled in farming.

γεώργιον, τό, a field: cultivation: a crop. From γε-ωργός, ὁν, (γῆ, ἔργον) tilling the ground: as Subst., γεωργός, οὔ, ὁ, a tiller of the earth, husbandman.

γεωρύχης, f. ἴσω, to dig or trench the earth. From γε-ωρύχος, ον, (γῆ, ὀρύσσω) trenching the earth. [ῥ]

γεω-τόμος, ον, (γῆ, τεμεῖν) cutting the ground: ploughing.

Γῆ, ἡ, contr. for γέα, earth, land; γῆν καὶ ὕδωρ διδόναι to give earth and water as token of submission; κατὰ γῆν on land, by land, opp. to κατὰ θάλασσαν; also κατὰ γῆς, which means beneath the earth: ποῦ γῆς; Lat. ubi terrarum? ubi on the earth?

γῆ-γενής, ἔς, (γῆ, *γένω) earthborn: indigenous. II. as Subst., γῆγενής, οὔ, ὁ, a son of the Earth, a giant.

γῆθεν, Adv. of γῆ, out of or from the earth.

γῆθέω, f. ἴσω: aor. ἐγήθησα, perf. γέγηθα, Dor. γέ-γάθα (used in pres. sense): plqpf. ἐγγεγήθειν: (γαῖω):—to be delighted, to rejoice.

γηθοσύνη, ἡ, (γηθέω) joy, delight.

γηθόσυνος, η, ον, (γηθέω) joyful, glad.

ΓΗΘΥΟΝ, τό, Lat. gethyum, a kind of leek.

γῆνιος, ον, and γῆιος, ον, (γῆ) of earth or clay.

γῆτις, contr. γῆτης, ον, ὁ, (γῆ) a husbandman.

γῆ-λοφος, ὁ, = γεώ-λοφος, a bill.

γῆμαι, γήμας, γήμασθαι, γημάμενος, aor. I inf. and part. act. and med. of γαμέω.

γῆ-μόρος, ὁ, = γεωμόρος.

γῆ-ορέω, (γῆ, ἔχω) to possess land.

γῆ-πέδον, τό, = γεώπεδον, (γῆ, πέδον) a plot of ground.

γῆ-πετής, ἔς, (γῆ, πεσεῖν) falling to earth.

γῆπνος, ὁ, = γεώπνος.

γῆ-ποτος, Dor. γάποτος, ον, (γῆ, πέ-ποται 3 sing. pf. pass. of πίνω) to be drunk up by Earth.

γηραιός, ὁ, ὄν, (γῆρας) old, aged.

γηράλιος and γηράλιος, α, ον, = γηραιός.

γηράναι, aor. 2 inf., or γηράναι, aor. I inf., of γηράσκει.

γηράντεσσι, Ep. for γῆρασι, dat. plur. of γηράς, part. aor. 2 of γηράσκει.

γηράς, ὁ, ὄν, poet. for γηραιός.

γηράς, aor. 2 part. of γηράσκει.

ΓῆΡΑΣ, τό, gen. γήραος, Att. contr. γῆρας: dat. γῆραι, Att. contr. γῆρα: old age, Lat. senectus. Hence γηράσκει or γηράω: fut. ἴσω Att. ἴσμαι [ἴ]: aor. I ἐγήρᾱσα: aor. 2 ἐγήραν, inf. γηράναι [ἄ], part. γηράς (as if from a verb in -μυ): pf. γεγήρᾱκα:—to grow aged, become old and infirm. II. in aor. I ἐγήρᾱσα, Causal, to bring to old age.

γηροβοσκέω, f. ἴσω, to feed and cherish in old age:—Pass. to be cherished in old age. From

γηρο-βοσκός, ὄν, (γῆρας, βόσκειν) cherishing in old age; esp. of one's parents.

γηρο-κόμος, ον, (γῆρας, κομέω) cherishing the old.

γηρύμα, ατος τό, (γηρύω) a voice, sound, tone.

ΓῆΡΥΞ, ὄν, ὁ, a voice: speech. Hence

γηρύω, Dor. γαρύω; f. ὤσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἐγήρῶσα:—Med., fut. -ύσμαι: aor. I ἐγήρυσάμην, but also in same sense pass. ἐγήρύθην [ῥ]:—to utter, speak, say, sing, cry, Lat. garrere.

γῆρως, contr. for γῆραος, gen. of γῆρας.

γῆτεον, τό, Att. for γῆθον, a leek.

γῆτης, ὁ, contr. for γῆτις.

γῆ-τόμος, ον, (γῆ, τεμεῖν) ploughing the earth.

γίγαντ-ολέτης, ον, ὁ, (γίγας, ὀλλυμι) giant-killer.

γίγαντο-φόνος, ον, (γίγας, *φένω) giant-killing.

ΓΙΤΑΠΤΟΝ, a grape-stone. [Γ]

ΓΙΤΑΣ, ατος, voc. γίγαν, ὁ, (γῆ or γαῖα) mostly in plur. the Giants, a rebellious race, destroyed by the gods. In Hesiod, the sons of Gaia or Earth, whence the name = γηγενής.

γί-γνομαι, syncop. from γι-γένομαι, which is formed by redupl. from the Root *ΓΕ'ΝΩ: from this root

come fut. γειήσομαι: aor. 2. ἐγενόμην: perf. γεγένημαι and γέγονα: aor. I (in late authors) ἐγενήθη: for the Ep. pf. γέγάη, see γέγονα:—to become, to happen: to be born: to be; in perf. γέγονα to be by birth, to have become so. 2. of events, to occur, happen. II. with Preps. or Advs. of motion, to be at, as ἐγίγνετο ἐς Λακεδαίμονα. 2. πάντα, παντοῖος, παντοδαπὸς γίγνεσθαι to take all shapes, turn every way; ἐαυτοῦ γινέσθαι to be master of oneself; ἐντὺς ἑαυτοῦ γενέσθαι to recover oneself. 3. τί γίνωμαι; more rarely τίς γένωμαι; what is to become of me? 4. γίγνεσθαι δι' ἑρῆς, διὰ λύγαν, periphras. for ὀργάν, λέγειν, etc. 5. c. gen. pretii, το cost so much, as, ὀβολοῦ γίγνεσθαι to cost an obol.

γινώσκω, formed by redupl. from the root *ΓΝΩΪΝ, ΓΝΩΪΝΑΙ, Lat. NOSCO: fut. γνώσομαι: aor. 2. ἔγνω, imperat. γνώθι, opt. γνοίην, inf. γρῶναι, part. γνῶς: perf. ἔγνωκα, pass. ἔγνωσμαι: aor. I pass. ἔγνώσθην.

To perceive, gain knowledge of, mark, and so to know, of persons and things: to be aware of, understand: sometimes c. gen. instead of acc., to know of... γνῶ χωμένον, be known that he was angry: rarely also c. part., ἔγνω ἡττημένος I perceived that I was beaten. II. to examine, to form an opinion, decide upon, determine, decree, γρῶναι τὰ δίκαια.

γίνωμαι, Ion. and in late Greek for γίγνομαι. γινώσκω, Ion. and in late Greek for γινώσκω γλαῖω, (γλάγος) to be milky, juicy. γλαγερός, ὅ, ὦν, (γλάγος) full of milk, milky. γλαγώεις, εἶσα, εν, (γλάγος) full of milk, milky. γλαῖο-πής, ἦγος, ὅ, ἦ, (γλάγος, πήρυνμι) of or for curdling milk.

ΓΛΑΪΟΣ, εἶσα, τό, poet. for γάλα, milk. γλακτο-φάγος, εν, (γάλα, φάγειν) contr. for γαλακτοφάγος, living on milk. ΓΛΑΪΜΗ, ἦ, —λήμη, bumpour in the eyes. γλάμων, εν, gen. ονος, (γλάμη) blear-eyed. [α] γλαυκιάω, (γλαυκίς) only found in Ep. part. γλαυκίω, glaring with the eyes.

ΓΛΑΥΚΟΣ, ἦ, ὦν, Aeol. γλαυκος, α, εν, gleaming, glancing, bright-gleaming. II. with notion of Colour, pale-green, bluish-green, gray, Lat. glaucus, of the olive, of the willow, and also of the vine. III. of the eye, light blue or gray, Lat. caesus: of persons, blue-eyed. γλαυκό-χρως, ὅ, ἦ, acc. γλαυκίχρως, (γλαυκίς, χρῶς) gray-coloured, gray.

γλαυκ-ῶπις, ὅς, ἦ: acc. ἰδα, but also εν: (γλαυκός, ὦπι) epith. of Minerva, with gleaming eyes. γλαυκ-ῶπις, ὦπις, ὅ, ἦ, —γλαυκίπης. γλαυκός, Att. γλαυξ, κῆς, ἦ, (γλαυκίς) the owl, Lat. noctua, so called from its glaring eyes. Proverb., γλαυκὸν Ἀθήναζε, γλαυκὸν εἰς Ἀθήνας, like our 'carry coals to Newcastle.' Athenian coins were called γλαυκὸς Λαυριατικαί, from the stamp of the owl on them.

γλάφυ, τό, (γλάφω) a hollow, cavern. [α] γλαφυρία, ἦ, smootheness, polished. From

γλάφυρος, ὁ, ὦν, (γλάφω) hollow, hollowed: hence γλ. λίμνη a deep hardbour. II. smoothened, polished, of persons, critical, exact. Adv. -ρῶς, smoothly, nicely, prettily.

ΓΛΑΨΩ, to bew, carve: of a lion, to tear the ground with his feet.

γλάχων [α], Dor. for γλήχων. γλευκο-πότης, ου, ὅ, (γλῦκος, πέ-ποτα 3 sing. of pass. of πίνω) drinker of new wine. γλεῦκος, εἶσα, τό, (γλῦκίς, Lat. mustum, must, sweet new wine.

γλέφαρον, τό, Dor. for βλέφαρον. ΓΛΗΝΗ, ἦ, the pupil, eye-ball: and, II. because figures are reflected small in the pupil, a puppet, esp. a girl, cf. κῆρη, Lat. pupilla: as a taut, ἔρρε κατὰ γλήνην away, wack girl!

ΓΛΗΝΟΣ, τό, in plur. things to stare at, wonders. ΓΛΗΧΩΝ, ονος, ἦ: acc. γλήχωνα, by apocor. γλήχων:—penury, Ion. for βλήχων.

γλισχρ-αντιλογ-εφεπτριπτος, εν, comic word in Aristophanes, a greedy fettifogging knave. (γλίσχρος, ἀντιλογία, εφεπτριπτος)

ΓΛΙΣΧΡΟΣ, α, εν, gluey, clammy, slippery. II. metaph. sticking close to, importunate. 2. close, greedy, stingy. 3. of disputations, quibbling, petty. γλισχρων, ονος, ὅ, (γλίσχρος) a niggard.

γλισχρός, Adv. of γλίσχρος, importunately: ceaselessly: also pettily.

ΓΛΙΣΧΟΜΑΙ [τ], Dep., only used in pres. and impf., to strive after a thing, struggle for it, c. gen. 2. γλίχεσθαι περί τινας to be eager about or for a thing. ΓΛΟΪΑ or γλοιά, ἦ, glue. Hence γλοῖος, ὅ, anything sticky or clammy, as oil and dirt. II. as Adj. γλοῖος, ὁ, ὦν, slippery, knavish.

ΓΛΟΤΤΟΣ, ὅ, the rump: plur. the buttocks. γλυκαίνωμαι, Pass. to become sweet. γλυκερός, ὁ, ὦν, —γλυκίς, sweet. γλυκερό-χρως, εἶσα, ὅ, ἦ, (γλυκερίς, χρῶς) with sweet, fair skin.

γλυκίος, α, εν, —γλυκίς. [β] γλυκί-δακρυς, ν, gen. υος, (γλυκίς, δάκρυ) causing sweet tears.

γλυκί-δωρος, εν, (γλυκίς, δῶρον) with sweet gifts. γλυκυ-ηχής, εἶσα, (γλυκίς, ἡχώ) wee-sounding. γλυκυθυμία, ἦ, lenesvolence. From γλυκί-θυμός, εν, (γλυκίς, θυμός) sweet-minded. II. act. charming the mind, delightful.

γλυκύ-μῦλον, Aeol. and Dor. for γλυκύμηλον. γλυκυ-μελίχως, εν, (γλυκίς, μελίχως) sweetly wining.

γλυκύ-μῦλον, τό, Dor. for γλυκύμηλον (γλυκίς μῦλον) a sweet-apple.

γλυκυμῶθις, ἦ, ἦσω, to speak sweetly. From γλυκύ-μῦθος, (γλυκίς, μῦθος) sweet-speaking. γλυκύ-παῖς, αἶδος, ὅ, ἦ, (γλυκίς, παῖς) having a fair offspring.

γλυκυ πάρθενος, ἦ, (γλυκίς, παρθένος) a sweet maid. γλυκύ-πικρος, εν, (γλυκυ πικρίς) sweetly bitter.

ΓΑΤΚΥΣ, εἶα, ὁ, *sweet to the taste, sweet*: metaph. *sweet, delightful*: of men, *dear, kind*. Comp. and Sup. γαυκῶν [ῖ], γαυκίστερος: also γαυκότερος. -τατος. γαυκότης [κῦ], ἦτος, ἡ, (γαυκίς) *sweetness*.

ΓΑΥΠΤΗΡ, ἦρως, ὁ, and γαυπτης, οὐ, ὁ, (γαυφω) *a carver, a sculptor*.

γαυπτός, ἡ, ὅν, verb. Adj. of γαυφω, *fit for carving, carved*.

γαυφάνων, τό, (γαυφω) *a knife or chisel for carving*. γαυφίς, ἰδος, ἡ, mostly in plur., γαυφίδες *the notch of the arrow, which fits on the string*: later, *the arrow* itself.

ΓΑΥΦΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἐγαυφω:—Pass., aor. I ἐγαυφθην, aor. 2 ἐγαυφην [ῡ]: pf. γέγαυμαι and ἐγαυμαι:—to hollow out: esp. to engrave or carve.

II. to write on a tablet.

ΓΑΥΞ, αἰός, ἡ, *the beard of corn, only in plur.*

ΓΛΩΣΣΑ, Att. γλῶττα, ἡ, ἡ, *the tongue*, Lat. *lingua*: ἀπὸ γλῶσσης by word of mouth: οὐκ ἀπὸ γλῶσσης not from another's tongue, not from hearsay: γλῶσσαν ἵνα to let loose one's tongue, speak freely.

II. a tongue, language: γλῶσσαν νομίζω to use a language or dialect.

γλωσσαλία, Att. γλωσσαργία, ἡ, *endless talking, wordiness*. From

γλῶσσο-αλγος, Att. γλῶσσο-αργος, ον, (γλῶσσα, ἄλγος) *talking till one's tongue aches, very talkative*. γλῶσσό-κομον, τό, (γλῶσσα, κομέω) *properly a case for the mouthpiece of a flute: a case or bag for money*.

γλῶττα, ἡ, Att. for γλῶσσα.

γλωττο-στρέφω, f. ἤσω, (γλῶττα, στρέφω) *to fly the tongue*.

ΓΛΩΞΙΝ or γλωχίς, gen. ἴνος, ἡ, *any projecting point: the end of the yoke-strap*. 2. *the point of an arrow: the arrow itself*.

γναθμός, ὁ, *the jaw*, poet. form of γνάθος.

ΓΝΑΘΟΣ, ἡ, *the jaw, mouth*: properly *the lower jaw*.

II. like γένυς, *the point or edge of a weapon*. [α]

γναπτός, ἡ, ὅν, *curved, bent*: supple, pliant: metaph. *bending, yielding*. From

ΓΝΑΜΠΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἐγναμψα:—to crook, bend.

γναπτός, ἡ, ὅν, (γνάπτω) *carded, full*.

ΓΝΑΠΤΩ, γνάπτω: γναφεῖον, -φεύς, -φεντες, -φεύς, -φικός: γνάφος, -ψις, v. sub γνάπτω, etc.

γνήσιος, ο, ον, synecop. for γενέσιος, *belonging to the true race, legitimate*, opp. to νόθος: *genuine, true*: γνήσιαι γυναῖκες *lawful wives*, opp. to παλλακίδες: γνήσιοι Ἕλληνες *true Greeks*: φρονεῖν γνήσια *to have a noble mind*.

γνήσιως, Adv. of γνήσιος, *lawfully, really, truly*.

γνολην, ἡ, ἡ, aor. 2 opt. of γιγνώσκειν.

γνοίμεν, Ep. for γνολίμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 opt. of γιγνώσκειν.

γνός, aor. 2 part. of γιγνώσκειν.

ΓΝΟΦΟΣ, ὁ, = δνόφος, *darkness*.

γνοφώδης, ες, (γνόφος, εἶδος) *darksome, dark*.

γνύς, Adv. (γύννυ) *with bent knees*: γνύς ἔριπεν *to fall on the knee*.

γνώ, Ion. for ἔγνω, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γιγνώσκειν.

γνώ, φς, φ, aor. 2 subj. of γιγνώσκειν.

γνώθι, γνώτω, aor. 2 Imperat. of γιγνώσκειν.

γνώμα, ατος, τό, (γνώμαι) *that by which a thing is known, a mark, token, like γνώμων*. II. *judgment*

γνώμεναι, Ep. for γνῶναι aor. 2 inf. of γιγνώσκειν.

γνώμη, ἡ, (γνῶναι) *a means of knowing, a mark, token*.

II. *the mind, the judgment*: γνώμη τῇ ἀρίστῃ *to the best of one's judgment*.

2. *will, purpose*: ἀφ' ἑαυτοῦ γνώμη of his own accord.

3. *a judgment, opinion*: γνώμην ἀποφαίνεσθαι *to deliver an opinion*: also *a mistaken judgment, fancy*, γνώμαι *the opinions of wise men, maxims*.

4. *a purpose, intention, resolution*: a vote, decrees.

γνωμίδιον, τό, Dim. of γνώμη, *a fancy*.

γνωμο-λογία, ἡ, (γνώμη, λέγω) *a collection of maxims*.

γνωμονικός, ἡ, ὅν, (γνώμων) *fit to give judgment: experienced or skilled in a thing*.

II. *of or for sun-dials*.

γνωμοσύνη, ἡ, (γνώμων) *prudence, judgment*.

γνωμοτύπω, to coin maxims: and

γνωμοτυπικός, ἡ, ὅν, *clever at coining maxims*. From γνωμο-τύπος, ον, (γνώμη, τύπειν) *maxim-coining, sententious*.

γνώμων, ονος, ὁ, (γνῶναι) *one that knows, a judge, interpreter*.

II. *the gnomon or index of the sundial*.

III. *of γνῶμονες the tee b that mark a horse's age*.

IV. *a carpenter's rule*, Lat. *norma*: hence *a rule or guide of life*.

γνῶν, Ep. for ἔγνω, aor. 2 of γιγνώσκειν.

γνῶναι, aor. 2 inf. of γιγνώσκειν.

γνώμεν, Ep. for γνῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of γιγνώσκειν.

γνωρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰδῶ: pf. ἐγνώρικα:—to make known, declare.

2. to discover, detect: to acknowledge, recognise.

3. to be acquainted with. From γνῶρίμος, ον, rarely η, ον, (γνωρίς) *well-known*: as Subst., γνῶριμος, ὁ, *an acquaintance, a friend*, Lat. *familiaris*.

II. *of γνῶριμοι the notables*, Lat. *optimates*.

γνωρίμως, Adv. of γνῶριμος, *so as to be known, intelligibly, familiarly*: γνωρίμως ἔχειν τι *to be on friendly terms with him*.

γνωρίσις, εως, ἡ, (γνωρίζω) *acquaintance: knowledge*.

γνωρίσμα, ατος, τό, (γνωρίζω) *that by which a thing is made known, a mark, token*.

γνωρισμός, οῦ, ὁ, (γνωρίζω) *a making known*.

γνωριστικός, ἡ, ὅν, (γνωρίζω) *capable of making known*.

γνῶς, 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of γιγνώσκειν.

γνωσθήσομαι, fut. pass. of γιγνώσκειν.

γνώσις, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of γιγνώσκειν.

γνωσι-μάχέω, f. ἤσω, (γνώσις, μάχομαι) *to dispute*

one's own opinion, i.e. to confess oneself in the wrong, change one's purpose, give way; γνωσιμαχέιν μη εἶναι δμοιον to confess that one is not equal.

γνώσις, εως, ἡ, (γνῶναι) a seeking to know: a judicial inquiry, Lat. cognitio. II. knowledge: wisdom. 2. acquaintance with a person. 3. a recognising.

γνώσομαι, fut. of γιγνώσκειν.
γνωστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (γιγνώσκω) one that knows or warrants the truth of a thing, Lat. cognitor.

γνώστης, ου, ὁ, = γνωστήρ.
γνωστός, ἡ, ὄν, collat. form of γνωτός, known: as Subst. a friend. II. to be known.

γνώτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of γιγνώσκειν:—γῶτον, γῶτων, 2 and 3 dual aor. 2 indic.

γνωτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (γνῶναι) known, well-known:—as Subst. a friend, kinsman, brother; γνωτοί τε γνωαί τε brothers and sisters.

γνώω, Ep. for γνῶ, aor. 2 subj. of γιγνώσκειν.

γνώωσι, Ep. for γνῶσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 of γιγνώσκειν.

γοάσκειν, Ion. for ἐγῶς, 3 sing. impf. of γοάω.

γοάσειν or γοάφειν, 3 pl. opt. of γοάω.

γοάοντι, Dor. for γοάουσι, 3 pl. of γοάω.

ΓΟΑΨ, Ep. inf. γοῶμεναι; Ep. part. γοῶν, ὥσπερ: Ep. impf. ἔγοον, γοῶσσκον: fut. γοήσομαι, later γοήσω: aor. I ἐγόησα:—Pass., aor. I ἐγοήθην (γῶος):—to wail, groan, weep. II. c. acc. to bewail, mourn, weep for.

ΓΟΓΓΥΨΩ, f. σω, to mutter, a word formed from the sound.

γογγύλη, ἡ, and γογγυλῆς, ἰδος, ἡ, (γογγύλος) a turnip.

γογγύλλω, to round, round off. From ΓΟΓΓΥΛΟΣ, ἡ, ον, also γογγυλῖος, α, ον, = σπογγύλος, round, spherical. [ῥ]

γογγυσμός, ὁ, (γογγύζω) a muttering.

γογγυστής, οὔ, ὁ, (γογγύζω) a mutterer.

γοεδνός, ἡ, ὄν, = γοερός.

γοερός, ἁ, ὄν, (γοάω) lamentable, mournful: of persons, lamenting, mourning.

ΓΟΉ, ἡ, = γῶος, καταειδόντες γῶσι τῷ ἀνέμῳ charming the wind with boughs.

γοήμεναι, Ep. for γοᾶν, pres. inf. of γοάω.

γοήμων, ον, gen. ονος, = γοερός.

γότης, ἦτος, ὁ: dat. pl. γόησι: (γοάω) one who howls

out enchantments: a wizard, sorcerer: a juggler cheat.

γοήσομαι, fut. of γοάω.

γοητεία, ἡ, (γοητεύω) sorcery, witchcraft.

γοητεύω, f. σω, (γύης) to spell-bind, bewitch

γοήτης, ον, ὁ, (γοάω) a wailer.

γοήτις, ἰδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of γῶης, a witch.

γόμος, ὁ, (γέμω) a ship's cargo, a freight, load.

γομφό-δουπος, ον, (γομφίος, δοῦπος) rattling against the teeth.

γομφίος, ὁ, (γύμφοι) a grinder-tooth, Lat. molaris, opp. to προσθίος. II. the tooth of a key.

γομφό-δετος, ον, (γύμφοι, δέτω) nail-bound.

γομπο-πάγης, ἐς, (γύμφοι, παγῆναι) nail-fastened.

ΓΟΜΦΟΣ, ὁ, a large wedge-shaped bolt or nail, for shipbuilding: any bond or fastening: in pl. γύμφοι, the cross-ribs of the Egyptian canoes. Hence

γομφώω, f. ὥσω, to fasten with bolts or nails; γεγόμεναι σκάφος the ship's hull is ready built. Hence γομφώμα, ματος, τό, framework.

γομφωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (γομφώω) one that fastens with bolts or nails, a ship-builder.

γονεύς, εως, ὁ, (*γένω) a father, ancestor: in pl. the parents.

γονή, ἡ, (*γένω) that which is begotten, offspring, a race, family. II. the seed. III. generation, childbirth: the womb. IV. birth, descent. V. a generation.

γόνημος, ον, also ἡ, ον, (γύνος) productive, fruitful; ποιητής γύνιμος a poet of creative powers, of true genius: hence genuine, true

γόνος, ὁ or ἡ, (*γένω) that which is begotten, a child, offspring: also the young of animals, the fruit of plants, the produce of anything. II. race, birth, descent. III. a begetting.

ΓΟΝΥ, τό, gen. γόνυατος, dat. pl. γόνυασι: Ion. γόνυ, γόνυατος, etc.; Ep. γόνυ, γονυῖς, γονυῖ, pl. γονύα, γονύασι, γονύεσσι:—cf. δῶν:—Lat. GENU, the knee; ἀψασθαι γόνυον to clasp the knees as a suppliant; ἄντεσθαι, λίσσεσθαι τινα πρὸς γονάτων to entreat one by clasping his knees; γόνυ κάμπτειν to bend the knee, i.e. sit down, take rest, but also to bend the knee in running, to run; τίθεναι τὰ γόνυα to kneel down; θεῶν ἐν γόνυασι κεῖται it lies on the knees of the gods, i.e. depends on their will and pleasure:—metaph. from warriors stricken down, ἐς γόνυν βάλλειν, κλίνειν, βίπτειν, to throw on the knee. II. the knee or joint of grasses, such as the cane, Lat. geniculum.

γονύ-κροτος, ον, (γόνυ, κροτέω) knock-kneed.

γονυπετέω, to fall on the knee: γονυπετεῖν τινα or τινα to fall down before one. From

γονυ-πετής, ἐς, (γόνυ, πεσεῖν) falling on the knees: ἔδρα γονυπετής a kneeling posture.

γόνυ, Ep. for ἐγῶς, 3 pl. impf. of γοάω.

ΓΟΨ, ὁ, a weeping, wailing, groaning.

γοῶν, ὥσπερ, Ep. part. of γοάω.

Γοργεῖος, Att. Ἐδργεῖος, α, ον, (Γοργώ) of, belonging to the Gorgon.

Γοργολόφος, ον, ὁ, (Γοργῶ, λόφος) be of the Gorgon crest: fem. Γοργολόφα, ἡ, ἡ.

Γοργόνοιος, ον, = Γοργεῖος.

Γοργό-νυτος, ον, (Γοργῶ, νῦτος) with the Gorgon on its back:

γοργόνομαι, Pass. to be spirited, of a horse. From ΓΟΡΓΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, terrible, fearful, fierce; γοργὸν βλέπειν to look fierce; γοργὸς εἰσεῖν fearful to behold: of horses, hot, spirited.

Γοργοφόνος, ον, (Γοργῶ, φένω) Gorgon-killing: fem. Γοργοφονή, a name of Minerva.

ΓΟΡΓΥΤΤΑ, ἡ, an underground dungeon.

Γοργῶ, ὅς, contr. οὗς, ἡ; later decl. Γοργῶ, ὄνως,

and in pl. Γοργόνες: (γοργός) ¹—the Gorgon, a monster of fearful aspect; Hesiod names three Gorgons, Euryalé, Stheino, and Medusa, the last the most fearful: her snaky head was fixed on the aegis of Athena, and all who looked on it became stone.

γοργῶπις, ἰδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of γοργῶψ.

γοργῶπις, ὄν, (γοργός, ὄψ) fierce-eyed, terrible.

γοργῶψ, ὤπος, ὁ, ἡ, = γοργῶπις.

γοῦν, Ion. γῶν, (γε οἶν) restrictive Particle. at least then, at any rate: of a truth, in sooth, freq. in answers.

γοῦνα, γοῖνων, Ep. plur. of γόνυ, also found in Trag.

γουνάξω, Ep. imperat. of γουνάσθαι.

γουνάσθαι, f. σομαι: Dep.: (γόνυ):—to fall down and clasp another's knees, to entreat, supplicate; ὑπέρ τινος and τινός in behalf of another: but also γουνάσθαι τινος and πρὸς τινος to entreat by such and such things.

γοῖνατος, γοῖνατι, γοῖνατα, γοῖνασι, Ion. and poet. decl. of γόνυ.

γουνόμοι, Dep., = γουνάσθαι: Ep. impf. γουνούμην.

γοῦνο-πῆγῆς, ἐς, (γόνυ, πῆγνυμι) cramping the knees.

γοῦνο-πῆχῆς, ἐς, (γουνός, poet. gen. of γόνυ, παχῆς) thick-kneed.

γουνός, poet. gen. of γόνυ.

γουνός, ὁ, (γόνος, γονή) corn-land, fruitful land, Lat. uber: γουνός ἀλωῆς a fruitful vineyard.

γρῆδες and γρῆες, pl. n. from γραῦς and γρηῦς.

γρῆδιον, τό, contr. for γραιδιον.

γραῖα, Ep. γραιῆ, ἡ, special fem. of γραῖος, an old woman.

II. as fem. Adj. old, γραιῖαι δαίμονες,

γραιῖα χερεῖ, etc.

γραιδιον, τό, Dim. of γραις, γραιῖς, an old bag.

γραιόμοι, Pass. to become an old woman. From γραιός, γραια, γραιόν, (syncop. for γεραιός) old, aged, gray; γραιῆ σταφυλή, Lat. uva passa, raisins.

γράμμα, ατος, τό, (γράφω) that which is drawn or written, a written character, letter, Lat. littera: in plur. letters, the alphabet. 2. a note in music. 3. a drawing, picture.

II. in plur. also, like Lat. literas, a letter; an inscription: state-papers, documents, records, accounts: also a book, treatise. III. letters, learning, = μαθήματα.

γραμμάτειον, τό, (γράφω) that on which one writes, tablets, a note-book.

γραμματεῦς, ἑως, ὁ, (γράφω) a secretary, clerk, Lat. scriba. Hence

γραμματεῦω, to be secretary.

γραμματίζω, (γράμματα) to teach rudiments.

γραμματικός, ἡ, ὄν, (γράμματα) knowing one's letters, grounded in the rudiments: as Subst., γραμματικός, ὁ, a grammarian. Adv. -κῶς.

γραμματιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (γραμματίζω) one who teaches the rudiments, a schoolmaster. 2. —γραμματεῦς.

γραμματο-κύφων, ανος, ὁ, (γράμματα, κύπτω) one who pores over musty records.

γραμμῆ, ἡ, (γράφω) a stroke in writing, a line: ἡ μακρά the long line of condemnation, drawn on the tablet of the dicast. II. the line across the course,

to mark the starting or winning place.

III. the middle line on a draught-board called ἡ λέπα; τὸν ἀπὸ γραμμῆς κινεῖν λίθον to move a man from this line, i. e. try one's last chance.

γρᾶο-σδβῆς, οὔ, ὁ, (γραῖος, σδβέω) scaring old women.

γραπτίος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of γράφω, to be written: γραπτίον, one must write.

γραπτίρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (γράφω) a writer.

γραπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of γράφω, painted: marked with letters: written.

γραπτύς, ὅος, ἡ, (γράφω) a scratching, tearing.

ΓΡΑΤΥΣ, γρᾶος, ἡ, nom. pl. γρᾶες, acc. γρᾶῖς: Ion. decl. γρηῖος, γρηῖος: poet. also γρηῖος:—a gray woman, old woman. II. scum, as of boiled milk.

γρᾶφεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (γράφω) a painter. II. =

γραμματεῦς, a clerk.

γρᾶφή, ἡ, (γράφω) representation by means of lines: drawing, painting; ὅσον γραφῇ only in a picture. 2. writing. II. a painting, a figure, shape.

III. (γράφομαι) as Att. law term, an indictment for a public offence, prosecution, opp. to δίκη a private action; ἀσπρᾶτίας γραφή an indictment for neglect of service.

γρᾶφικός, ἡ, ὄν, able to draw or paint: ἡ γραφικὴ (sub. τέχνη) the art of painting. 2. suited for writing.

γρᾶφίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (γράφω) a style for writing on waxen tablets. II. embroidery.

ΓΡΑΨΕΩ, f. ψω: pf. γέγραφα, later γεγράφηκα:—Pass., fut. γραφήσομαι, fut. 3 γεγράφωμαι: aor. 2 ΓΡΑΨΕ, scratch: σήματα γράψας ἐν πίνακι having scratched marks or figures on tablets. II. to

draw lines with a pencil, to sketch, draw, paint. III. to write: γράφειν εἰς διφθέρας to write on skins. 2. to inscribe, e. g. γράφειν εἰς στήλην:

Pass. γράφεσθαι τι to be inscribed with a thing. 3. to write down; γράφειν τινά αἴτιον to set him down as the cause: to register, enrol. 4. to write down a law hereafter to be proposed, hence to propose, move.

B. Med. to write for oneself or for one's own use, note down. 2. as Att. law-term, γράφεσθαι τινα

to indict one, τινός for some public offence; in full, δίκην or γραφήν γράφασθαι τινα; also c. inf., γράφεσθαι τινα ἀδικεῖν to indict him for wrong-doing; αἰσίν, οἱ γράψάμενοι the prosecutors; but γράφεσθαι τι, to denounce a thing as unlawful:—Pass. to be indicted.

γρα-ώδης, ἐς, (γραῖος, εἶδος) of or belonging to an old woman, Lat. anilis: silly, trifling.

γρηγορέω, to be awake, be watchful, a late pres., formed from the pf. ἐγήγγορα.

γρηῖος, ἡ, Ion. for γραιῖος, poet. also γρηῖος.

γρῖπτεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (γρῖπος) a fisherman: whence fem. Adj. γριπτικὴ τέχνη the art of fishing.

ΓΡΙΠΟΣ, ὁ, a fishing-net.

γρίπων, ὁ, —γριπτεύς, a fisherman. [r]

ΓΡΙΦΟΣ, ὁ, like γρίπος, a fishing-net or basket, made of rushes. 2. anything intricate, a dark saying, riddle.

γριφῶδες, *es*, (γριφῶς, εἶδος) *riddling*.

ΓΡΟΨΦΟΣ, *δ*, a kind of javelin.

ΓΡΥ, *a grunt*, like that of swine; οὐδὲ γρὺ ἀποκρίνασθαι not even to give a *grunt*; οὐδὲ γρὺ not even a syllable, not a bit. Hence

γρύως, *f. εἶ or εἶμαι*: *aor. i* γρυζα:—to say γρὺ, *grunt*, Lat. *grunio*: hence to *grumble*. *mumble*. *mutter*.

γρυλλίζω or γρύλλίζω, (γρύλλος or γρύλος) to *grunt*.

γρύλλος or γρύλος, *δ*, (γρὺ) a *zig*, *porker*.

γρυπ-αετος, *δ*, (γρύψ, αετός) a kind of *griffin* or *dragon*.

ΓΡΥΠΗΟΣ, *ή*, *όν*, *ειπεδ*, esp. *book-nosed*, with an *aquiline* nose, opp. to *σιμός*. Hence

γρύπότης, *ητος*, *ή*, *bookedness* of the nose.

γρύπῳ, *f. ὦσω*, (γρυπύς) to *eurve* or *bend*.

γρύψ, *gen.* γρύπος, *δ*, (γρυπύς) a *griffin*, *διττό-γριφ*.

γρῶνῃ, *ή*, a *savern*: a *kneading trough*.

ΓΡῶ, *ή*, a *piece* of land, *field*.

γῶα, *τά*, (γῶα) *cables* made fast to land.

ΓΥΓΑΛΟΝ, *τό*, a *bollow*; in Homer, θώρηξ γυάλοισιν ἀρπῶς the body-armour composed of *back-pieces* and *breast-piece*, joined under the arms:—any *bellow*: πέτρας γυάλον a *cave*, *grot*; κρατήρος γυάλον the *bowl* of a bowl:—in plur. *bellow ground*, *vales*, a *valley*.

ΓΥΗΣ, *ου*, *δ*, the *curved piece* of wood in a plough, to which the share was fitted, the *tree*, Lat. *curvis*. II. = *γῶα*, a *field*.

γυο-αρκής, *ές*, (γυῖον, ἀρκέω) *strengthening* the limbs. γυο-βάρης, *ές*, (γυῖον, βάρος) *weighing down* the limbs.

γυο-βόρος, *ον*, (γυῖον, βορά) *gnawing* the limbs.

γυο-δάμας, *ον*, *δ*, (γυῖον, δαμάω) *limb-subduing*, i.e. *victorious*.

ΓΥΓΟΝ, *τό*, always used by Hom. in plur., the *limbs*, Lat. *membra*; esp. the *lower limbs*, the *knees*.

γυο-πᾶγής, *ές*, (γυῖον, πῆγνυμι) *stiffening* the limbs.

γυο-πέδη, *ή*, (γυῖον, πέδη) a *fetter*.

ΓΥΙΟΣ, *ά*, *όν*, *lams*.

γυο-τᾶνις, *ές*, (γυῖον, τήκω) *wasting* the limbs.

γυο-τόρος, *ον*, (γυῖον, τορέω) *piecing* the limbs.

γυο-χαλκος, *ον*, (γυῖον, χαλκός) of *brass* limb.

γυῖω, (γυῖός) to *lame*:—Pass. to be or become *lame*; γυῖοις *aor. i* part., *lamed*.

γυλο-αύχην, *ενος*, *δ*, *ή*, (γυλός, αὐχὴν) *long-necked*.

ΓΥΛΙΟΣ, *δ*, a *long-shaped* wallet or *knap-sack*.

γυμνάζω, *f. ἄσω*: *pf.* γεγύμνακα: *Pass.*, *pf.* γεγύμασμαι: (γυμνός):—to *train* *naked*, to *train* in *gymnastic* exercises, to *train*, *exercise*; *c. inf.*, γυμνάζειν τοὺς παῖδας ποιεῖν to *train* them to do a thing:—Pass. to *practise* *gymnastic* exercises: then, generally, to *practise* or *exercise* *oneself*.

γυμνός, *ἄδος*, properly *fem.* of γυμνός. *naked*. II. *trained* or *exercised*.

γυμνασία, *ή*, (γυμνάω) *exercise*.

γυμνασάρχης or *Med.* -έομαι, to be *gymnasiarch*: *Pass.* to be *supplied* with *gymnastics*. From γυμνασι-άρχης and γυμνασι-αρχος, *δ*, (γυμνασιον, ἀρχα) a *gymnasiarch*, who superintended the *palae-strae*, and paid the *training-masters*: a *training-master*. Hence

γυμνασίαρχία, *ή*, the *office* of *gymnasiarch* γυμνάσιον, *τό*, (γυμνάω) the *place* where *exercises* were *practised*, the *gymnastic-school*: ἐκ θ' μετρώ γυμνασίον from our *school*. II. in plur. *bodily*

exercises. [δ] γυμναστέον, *verb. Adj.* of γυμνάω, one *must* *practise*.

γυμναστής, *οὔ*, *δ*, (γυμνάω) the *trainer* of the *athletes*. Hence

γυμναστικός, *ή*, *όν*, *fond* of *athletic* exercises: *ή* γυμναστική (*sub.* τέχνη) *gymnastics*. *Adv.* -κῶς, like an *athlete*.

γυμνῆς, *ητος*, *δ*, (γυμνός) a *light-armed* foot-soldier.

γυμνητεύω, to be *light-armed*: to go *naked*. From

γυμνήτης, *ου*, *δ*, *fem.* γυμνήτις, *ιδος*, *ή* -γυμνῆς.

γυμνήτης, *ή*, (γυμνῆς) the *light-armed* troops.

γυμνητικός, *ή*, *όν*, (γυμνῆς) for a *light-armed* soldier.

-γυμνικός, *ή*, *όν*, (γυμνός) of or for *gymnastic* exercises: γυμνικός ἄγων a *gymnastic* contest.

γυμν-ιτεύω, -γυμνιτεύω.

γυμνο-παῖς, *ή*, (γυμνός, παῖς) mostly in plur., a yearly festival in honour of the one who fell at Thyrea, at which *naked* boys danced and went through *gymnastic* exercises.

ΓΥΜΝΟΣ, *ή*, *όν*, *naked*, *unclad*: *unarmed*, *defenceless*: of things, γυμνὸν τόξον an *uncovered* bow, i.e. out of the case: *c. gen.* stripped of a thing, γυμνός ὄπλων:—γυμνός often meant *lightly* clad, i.e. *wearing* the *tunic* or *under garment* only (χιτῶν), without the cloak (ἱμάτιον): τὰ γυμνά the *exposed* parts of an army, the *flanks*. 2. also *bare*, *mere*. Hence

Γυμνο-σοφισταί, *οἱ*, (γυμνός, σοφιστής) the *naked* *philosophers* of India.

γυμνότης, *ητος*, *ή*, *nakedness*.

γυμνός, *f. ὦσω*, (γυμνός) to *strip* *naked* or *bare*: *Pass.*, of warriors, to be *stript* of arms, to be *left* *defenceless*; of things, τεῖχος ἐγυμνώθη the wall was *left* *bare*: but also to *strip* *oneself* *naked*, to be *naked*; ἐγυμνώθη βακίων he *stript* him *self* of his rags.

γυμνωσις, *εως*, *δ*, (γυμνός) a *stripping* *naked*. II. *nakedness*: the *naked* parts.

γύναι, *voc.* of γυνή.

γυναικάριον, *τό*. Dim. of γυνή, a *weak*, *silly* *woman*.

γυναικεῖος, *α*, *ον*, also *ος*, *ον*, Ion. γυναικίος, *ητις*, *ήτις*, (γυνή) of or *belonging* to *women*, *feminine*, Lat. *muliebris*.

2. as Subst. *ή* γυναικίη = γυναικόν, the *women's* part of the *bouse*. II. *womanish*.

effeminate.

γυναικίζω, *f. ἴσω* Att. *ἴω*, (γυνή) to be *womanish*, *play* the *woman*.

γυναικόβουλος, *ov*, (γυναικός, βουλή) *devised by a woman*.
 γυναικο-γῆρυτος, *ov*, (γυνή, γῆρυ) *proclaimed by women*.
 γυναικό-θυμός, *ov*, (γυναικός, θυμός) *of womanish mind*.
 γυναικο-κрасία, *ῆ*, (γυνή, κρᾶσις) *a woman's temper*.
 γυναικο-κήρυκτος, *ov*, (γυναικός, κηρύσσω) *proclaimed by women*.
 γυναικομαῖνέω, *to be mad for women*. From
 γυναικο-μαῖνής, *és*, (γυναικός, μαίνομαι) *mad for women*.
 γυναικό-μῖμος, *ov*, (γυναικός, μιμέομαι) *aping women, womanish*.
 γυναικο-μορφός, *ov*, (γυναικός, μορφή) *in woman's shape*.
 γυναικο-πληθής, *és*, (γυναικός, πλήθος) *full of women*.
 γυναικό-ποινος, *ov*, (γυναικός, ποιμήν) *woman-avenging*.
 γύναικος, *gen.* of γυνή, whence derivatives are formed.
 γυναικο-φίλης, *ov*, Dor. -φίλας, *a*, (γύνη, φιλέω) *loving women*.
 γυναικό-φρων, *ov*, *gen.* *ovos*, (γυναικός, φρήν) *of womanish mind*.
 γυναικό-φωνος, *ov*, (γυναικός, φωνή) *with woman's voice*.
 γυναικῶν, *ωνος*, *δ*, (γυναικός) *the women's part of the house*, *opp.* *to* ἀνδρῶν.
 γυναι-μαῖνής, *és*, = γυναικομαῖνής, *mad for women*.
 γύναιον, *τό*, Dim. of γυνή, *a little woman*.
 γύναιος, *a*, *ov*, *of or belonging to a woman*. From ΓΥΝΗ', *ῆ*, *gen.* γυναικός, *acc.* γυναικα, *voc.* γύναι; *pl.* γυναικες, γυναικῶν, etc., (as if from γύναιξ):—*a woman*, Lat. *femina*, *opp.* *to* *man*: *vocat.* γύναι, *a term of respect*, *mistress*, *lady*: Homer often joins it with *a* second Subst., γυνή ταμίη, δέσποινα, etc. II. *a wife*, *spouse*. III. *a moral woman*, *opp.* *to* *a goddess*. IV. *the female*, *mate* of animals.
 γύννις, *ιδος*, *δ*, (γυνή) *a womanish man*, *weakling*.
 γυῖπαιον, *τό*, Dim. of γυῖνη, *a nest*, *eyrie*, *cranny*.
 γυῖπεςσιν, *dat. pl.* of γυῖψ.
 γυῖπη, *ῆ*, (γυῖψ) *a vulture's nest*: generally, *a hole*, *cranny*. Hence
 γυῖπιός, *ῆ*, *fem.* Adj. *vulture-baunted*.
 γυρη-τόμος, *ov*, (γυρὸς, τεμνέω) *tracing a circle*.
 ΓΥΡΙΣ, *εως*, *ῆ*, *the finest meal*, Lat. *pollen*.
 ΓΥΡΟΣ, *ά*, *ov*, round, Lat. *curvus*; γυρὸς ἐν ἑμοῖσι *round-shouldered*.
 ΓΥΡΟΣ, *δ*, *a ring*, *circle*.
 ΓΥΡ, γυῖπος, *δ*, *a vulture*, Lat. *vultur*.
 ΓΥΡΟΣ, *ῆ*, *chalk*. 2. later, *gypsum*. Hence
 γυρῶω, *f.* ἄσω, *to rub over with chalk*.
 γών, *Ion.* for γούν, as ὤν for οὖν.
 ΓΩΝΙΑ, *ῆ*, *a corner*, *angle*. II. *a joiner's square*. Hence

γωνιασμός, *ύ*, *a squaring the angles*; ἐπὶ ὠν γωνιασμός *nicely-fitted, well-finished verses*.
 γωνι-ώδης, *és*, (γωνία, εἶδος) *angular*.
 ΓΩΡΥΤΟΣ, *δ* or *ῆ*, *a bow-case*, *quiver*.



Δ, δ, δατα, indecl., fourth letter of the Gr alphabet: as numeral, δ' = τέσσαρες and τέτρατος, δ = 4000.

Changes of δ in the dialects: I. Aeol. into β, as ὀβελεύς into ὀδελύς. II. Dor. into γ, as γῆ γνόφος into δα δνύφος. III. Ion. into ζ, as Ζεύς, ζα- into Δεύς, δα-: while Dor. ζ changes into σδ, as μελίζω φράσσομαι into μελίσδω φράσσομαι; sometimes into δδ, as γυμνάζομαι into γυμνάδδομαι. IV. into κ, as δαίω καίω. V. into λ, as δάκρυ lacryma, δασύς λάσιος. VI. into σ, as ὀδμή ὀσμή, also with another consonant added, as βᾶδος βασμ'ε, ἔδω ἔσθω. VII. sometimes δ is inserted to give a softer or fuller sound, as ἀνέρος ἀνδρός. - VIII. at the beginning of some words δ is added or omitted, as in δέλη εἶλη, δῆ ῆ, διώκω ἰώκω. δα-, intensive prefix, = ζα-, as in δά-σπιος. δα, Dor. for γα, γῆ, mostly in *voc.*: *acc.* δαν. δαγμα, τό, Dor. for δηγμα. δῶγος, ὕδος, *ῆ*, *a waken image*, used in magic rites, *a puppet*. (Thessal. word.) [ῶ] δαδονχέω, *f.* ἴσω, *to be a torch-bearer*, esp. in sacred processions. From δαδ-ούχος, *ov*, (δῆς, ἐχω) *holding torches*: as Subst., δαδούχος, *ῆ*, *a torch-bearer* at the festival of Eleusinian Ceres, whose torch represented her as searching for her daughter Proserpine. δαδοφορέω, *f.* ἴσω, *to bear torches*. From δαδο-φόρος, *ov*, (δῆς, φέρω) *torch-bearing*. δαεῖλην, *aor.* 2 opt. of *δᾶω. δαεῖς, *aor.* 2 part. of *δᾶω. δαείω, Ep. for δαῶ, *aor.* 2 pass. subj. of *δᾶω. δαήμεναι, Ep. for δαῆναι, *aor.* 2 pass. inf. of *δᾶω. δαῆμων, *ov*, *gen.* *ovos*, (δαῆναι) *knowing, experienced* in a thing. δαῖναι, *aor.* 2 pass. inf. of *δᾶω. ΔΑΗ'Ρ, ἑρος, *δ*, *voc.* δᾶερ, *a husband's brother, brother-in-law*, answering to γάλος, *ῆ*, *a daughter-in-law* δαῖσσομαι, *fut.* of *δᾶω. δαῖτται, 3 sing. *aor.* 2 med. subj. of δαίω (Δ). δαί, (δῆ) used after interrogatives, expressing wonder or curiosity, τί δαί; what then? πῶς δαί; how so? δαί, Ep. apocop. for δαίδι, *dat.* of δαῖς. [ῆ] δαιδάλεος, *a*, *ov*, also *os*, *ov*, *cunningly* or *curiously wrought*. From δαιδάλλω, used only in *pres. act.*; but *pass. aor.* 1 ἐδαδάλθην, *pf.* δεδαῖδαλμαι: (δαῖδαλος):—*to work cunningly, work with curious art*: *to deck out, embellish*. Hence

δαδδαλμα, ατος, τό, α work of art

δαδδαλσεις, εσσα, εν, = δαδδαλσεις.

δαδδαλο-εργός, όν, (δαδδαλος, έργον) curiously working.

ΔΑΙΔΑΛ'ΑΟΣ, η, ov, Adj. cunningly or curiously wrought; δαδδαλα πάντα all cunning works. II.

as prop. n., Δαδδαλος, ό, Daedalus, i. e. the cunning worker, the Artist, of Cnossus in Crete, contemporary with Minos, mentioned by Homer as the maker of a charos (q. v.) for Ariadne.

δαδδαλό-χειρ, ειρος, ό, η, (δαδδαλος, χείρ) cunning of hand.

δαδδαλώω, = δαδδαλλω: poet. inf. fut. δαδδαλσέμεν.

δαδδω, f. έω: aor. I δαδδξα:—Pass., aor. I part. δαδδχθεις: pf. part. δαδδχγμένος (δαδδω), —to cleave asunder, χιτώνω περί στήθεσσι δαδδχαι; δαδδχγμένος ήτορ pierced through the heart:—also of doubts, δαδδχέτο θυμός ενι στήθεσσιν his soul was divided within him; δαδδζόμενος κατά θυμόν διχθάδια divided in mind between two opinions. Hence

δαδδ-κτάμενος, η, ov, (δαδδς, κτείνω) or in two words δαδδ κτάμενος, slain in battle.

δαδδκτήρ, ήρος, and δαδδκτης, ου, ό, (δαδδω) only joined with masc. Subst. heart-cleaving.

δαδδμονάω, (δαδδμων) to be subject to an avenging deity; δαδδμονί δόμος κατοίς the house is plunged by the divinity in woes. 2. c. acc., δαδδμονάω άχην to have griefs decreed one. II. absol. to be possessed by an evil spirit, be driven to madness.

δαδδμονίζομαι, Med. (δαδδμων) to have an allotted fate. II. Pass., with aor. I part. δαδδμονισθείς, to be possessed by a devil.

δαδδμόνιον, τό, (properly neut. of δαδδμόνιος) the Deity, Divinity, or divine operation, Lat. numen. II.

the δαδδμόνια were an inferior race of divine beings, de-mons, opp. to θεοί. 2. the name by which Socrates called his genius. 3. in N. T. an evil spirit.

δαδδμόνιος, α, ov, also os, ov: (δαδδμων): I. used by Homer only in vocat. δαδδμόνιε, in good sense, noble sir; but more freq. as a reproach, unhappy man, wretch: in Att. mostly ironical, my fine fellow! my good sir! II. of ibings proceeding from the Deity or from Fate; ελ μή τι δαδδμόνιον είν were it not a divine intervention; τὰ δαδδμόνια divine visitations.

III. of persons, divins, godlike. δαδδμονι-ώδης, es, (δαδδμόνιον, ειδος) devilish.

δαδδμονίως, Adv. of δαδδμόνιος, marvellously, strangely.

δαδδμων, ovos, ό, η, (δαδδω) a god, goddess. II.

the Deity, Lat. numen: fate, destiny, fortune, good or bad; προς δαδδμονα against fate; σνν δαδδμονι with the favour of the gods, non sine diis; in Trag., dearth, like Lat. sors.

III. one's genius, one's lot or fortune.

IV. δαδδμονες was a name given to the souls of men of the golden age, who formed the connecting link between gods and men: hence later, departed souls, Lat. manes, lemures. V. an evil spirit, devil.

δαδδμων, ό, as Adj., = δαδδμων, skilled in a thing.

δαδδν, Ep. for έδαδδν, 3 sing. impf. of δαδδνμι.

δαδδν', Ep. for έδαδδννο, 2 sing. impf. med. of δαδδνμι δαδδναιο, for έδαδδνναιο, 3 pl. impf. med. of δαδδνμι δαδδνρη, 2 sing. pres. med. subj. of δαδδνμι.

δαδδνρη, also δαδδνναι: Ep. 3 sing. impf. δαδδν: fut. δαδδω: aor. I έδαδδω: (δαδδς)—to give a banquet or feast; δαδδν δαδδτα γέρονσι he gave a feast to the elders; δαδδννεν τινά to feast a person. II. Med.

δαδδνμαι, fut. δαδδσωμαι: aor. I έδαδδσάμην:—to have a feast given one, to feast: also c. acc. δαδδτα, κρέα, etc., to feast on, consume, eat: to eat, burn like poison.

δαδδνν, Ep. for έδαδδννσο, 2 sing. impf. med. of δαδδννμι δαδδνντο, Ep. for δαδδννόντο, 3 sing. opt. med. of δαδδννμι.

δαδδς, α, ov, also os, ov: Ion. and Hom. δηός, η, ov: Att. contr. δρος: (δαδδω, δαδδς)—hostile, destructive: as epith. of fire, burning, consuming: in pl. δαδδτοι, enemies. 2. unhappy, wretched II.

(δαδδναι) knowing, cunning.

δαδδρω, f. δαδδω: aor. I inf. δηραι, poet. ιω. δέρω, δέρω, to flay, cudgel.

δαδδς (A), gen. δαδδδος, Att. contr. δας, δαδδος, η, (δαδδω A) a fire-brand, pine-torch, Lat. taeda:—pine-wood, such as torches were made of. II. war,

battle, η, mostly in apocopate dat. δαδδ and acc. δαδδν. δαδδς (B) gen. δαδδρος, η, (δαδδω B) a meal, feast, banquet, Lat. DAPES 2. meat or food itself.

δαδδσασθαί, δαδδσάμενος, aor. I inf. and part. med. of δαδδνμι.

δαδδταλούς, έως, ό, (δαδδνμι) a guest, banqueter.

δαδδτη, η, poet. for δαδδς, a feast, banquet

δαδδτηθεν, Adv. of δαδδτη, from a feast

δαδδτρεύω, f. σω, (δαδδτρός) to cut up or carve, to portion out, distribute.

δαδδτρόν, τό, (δαδδω B) one's portion.

δαδδτρός, ό, (δαδδω B) a carver, distributor. Hence δαδδτροσύνη, η, the art of carving: a helping at table. δαδδτρώμων, ovos, ό, (δαδδς B) an invited guest. 2. in plur. guests who bring each his own provisions.

δαδδτός, ύος, η, Ion. for δαδδς, a meal.

δαδδ-φρων, ov, gen. ovos: (δαδδς, φρήν): of warlike mind, eager for the fray, bold. II. (δαδδναι) of knowing mind, prudent, thoughtful.

δαδδχθεις, aor. I part. of δαδδω.

ΔΑΙΩ (A), = καλώ, only used in pres. and impf., to light up, kindle; δαδδ έλ εκ κόρυθος πυρ, she (sc. Minerva) made fire blaze from his helm:—Pass., aor. I part. δαδδσθεις: pf. part. δαδδσάμενος:—to burn, blaze:

δαδδται όσσε the eyes sparkle: to this also belong pf. δέδδα, plaqf. έδεδδειν, poet. δεδδειν; πόλεμος δέδδα war blazes forth; όσσα δεδδα the report spread like wild-fire.

ΔΑΙΩ (B), to divide, part out, distribute; in Act. sense δαδδω is used, but in Med. and Pass. δαδδωμαι; Med., κρέα δαδδωμενος distributing portions of meat; Pass., δαδδται ήτορ my heart is divided; Ep. 3 pl. δεδαδται.—But έδαδδω, έδαδδσάμην belong to δαδδνμι:

δαδδσωμαι, δαδδσάμην, δαδδσσαι to δαδδέωμαι.

δακέθιμος, *ov.* = *δηθίμιμος*, *heart-eating*.
 δάκε, *Ep.* for *ἔδακε*, 3 *sing.* *aor.* 2 of *δάκνα*.
 δακεῖν, *aor.* 2 *inf.* of *δάκνα*.
 δάκετον, τό, = *δάκος*, *a venomous animal*.
 δακνάτω, *poët.* for *δάκνω*: *Pass.* *to be sore vexed*.
 ΔΑΚΝΩ, *pf.* *δήλοναι*: *pf.* *δέδηχα*: *aor.* 2 *ἔδδκον*:
Ep. *inf.* *δακείν*:—*Pass.*, *aor.* 1 *ἔδηχθην*: *pf.* *δέδηγμαι*:
 —*to bite*, esp. of dogs and gnat: *στόμον δάκνειν* *to*
stamp the bit; *δάκνειν ἐαυτὸν* *to bite one's lips* for
tear of laughing. II. *metaph.* *to bite*, *sting*,
prick:—*Pass.*, *καρδίαν δέδηγμα* *I was vexed at*
heart.
 δάκος, *eos*, τό, (δακεῖν) *an animal whose bite or*
sting is dangerous, any noxious animal.
 ΔΑΚΡΥ, *vos*, τό, *poët.* for *δάκρυν*, *a tear*, *Lat.*
LACRYMA. II. *a drop*, as of *gum*.
 δακρύδιον, τό *Dim.* cf *δάκρυ*.
 δάκρυμα, *atos*, τό, (δακρύω) *that wch h is wept for*,
a subject for tears. II. *a tear*.
 δακρυόγυνος, *ov*, (δακρύ, *γύνω) *author of tears*.
 δακρύεις, *essā*, *ev*, (δάκρυν) *tearful*: of persons,
causing weeping; of things, *calling forth tears*:—*δακρυ-*
θεν γέλασαι, as *Adv.*, *to smile through one's tears*.
 ΔΑΚΡΥΤΟΝ, τό, = *δάκρυ*: *Ep.* *gen.* *pl.* *δακρυόφι*.
 δακρυπλώω, (δάκρυ, πλέω) *to swim with tears*.
 δακρυροέω, *f.* *ήσω*, *to melt into tears*. From
 δακρύροος, *ov*, (δάκρυ, ρέω) *melting into tears*.
 δάκρυσα, *Ep.* *aor.* 1 of *δακρύω*.
 δακρυοστάκτος, *ov*, (δάκρυ, στάζω) *dropping with*
tears.
 δακρυοῦ, *Dor.* for *δακρύω*.
 δακρυτός, *ή*, *όν*, *verb.* *Adj.* of *δακρύω*, *wept over*,
grieved.
 δακρυ-χαρής, *ēs*, (δάκρυ, χαίρω) *rejoicing in tears*.
 δακρυ-χών, *ουσα*, *ov*, *a participial Adj.*, (δάκρυ,
 χέω) *shedding tears, weeping*.
 δακρύω [ῶ], *fut.* *ύσω*: *aor.* 1 *ἔδάρυσα*: *pf.* *δεδά-*
κρυκα: (δάκρυ):—*to weep, shed tears*:—*pf.* *pass.*
δεδάκρυμαι, *to be tearful, be all in tears*; *part.* *δεδα-*
κρυμένος, *all in tears*: *c.* *acc.* *cognato*, *δακρύειν γόονα*
to utter tearful groans. II. *transit.* *to weep for*
a thing, lament:—*Pass.* *to be wept for*. III. *δ.*
βλέφαρα *to flood one's eyes with tears*.
 δακρυότης, *es*, (δάκρυ, εἶδος) *like tears: tearful*.
 δακτύληρα, *ή*, (δάκτυλος) *a finger-sheath*.
 *δακτύλιον, τό, *Dim.* of *δάκτυλος*, *a toe*.
 δακτύλικος, *ή*, *όν*, (δάκτυλος) of or for the finger,
Lat. *digitalis*: *αὐλὸς δακτυλικός* *a flute played with*
the fingers. II. of metre, *dactylic*.
 δακτύλιος, *δ*, (δάκτυλος) *a ring, seal-ring*.
 δακτύλο-δεικτός, *όν*, (δάκτυλος, δείκνυμι) *pointed*
at with the finger, as in *Horace digito monstrari*.
 δακτύλο-εἶδής, *ēs*, (δάκτυλος, εἶδος) *like a finger*.
 δάκτυλος, *δ*, *plur.* *δάκτυλος*, *poët.* also *δάκτυλα*:
(δείκνυμι):—*a finger*, *Lat.* *digitus*: *ἐπὶ δακτύλων*
συμβάλλεσθαι *to reckon on the fingers*. 2. δάκ-
τυλος τοῦ ποδὸς *a toe*, also without *ποδός*, like *Lat.*
digitus. II. the shortest Greek measure of length,

a finger's breadth, = about $\frac{1}{10}$ of an inch. III. *a*
metrical foot, dactyl, — *υ υ υ*: e.g. *ἀέλιος*.
 δακτύλο-τριπτος, *ov*, (δάκτυλος, τρίβω) *worn by*
the fingers.
 δάλομαι, *Dor.* for *δηλόμαι*.
 δάλον, τό, *Dim.* of *δαλός*.
 δαλός, *δ*, (δαίω) *a firebrand, piece of blazing*
wood. II. *a burnt out torch*, of an old
 man. III. *a beacon-light*.
 δάμαζω, *later form* of *δαμάω*: see *δαμάω*.
 δάμαϊος, *δ*, (δαμάω) *epith.* of *Neptune*, *the Tame*
δαμάλη, *ή*, = *δάμαλις*.
 δαμάλη-βοτος, *ov*, (δαμάλη, βόσκω) *fed on by*
young cattle.
 δαμαλη-φάγος, *ov*, (δαμάλη, φαγεῖν) *beef-eating*,
epith. of *Hercules*.
 δαμάλιον, *f.* *ίσω*, *poët.* form of *δαμάω*, *to subdue*.
 δάμαλις, *eos*, *ή*, (δαμάω) *a young cow, heifer, calf*,
Lat. *junveca*. II. like *μόσχος*, *a girl*.
 δάμαλος, *δ*, (δαμάω) *a calf*, *Lat.* *vitulus*.
 δάμαρ, *artos*, *ή*, (δαμάω) *a wife, spouse*.
 δαμάσσω, *Dor.* for *δαμάω*.
 δάμασιμ-βροτος, *ov*, (δαμάω, βροτός) *man-subduing*.
 δάμασιμ-ιπτος, *ov*, (δαμάω, ἵπτος) *horse-taming*.
 δάμαστις, *eos*, *ή*, (δαμάω) *a taming, subduing*.
 δαμασιμ-φρων, *ov*, *gen.* *ονος*, (δαμάω, φρήν) *heart-*
subduing.
 δάμασι-φως, *artos*, *δ*, *ή*, (δαμάω, φώς) *man-subduing*.
 δαμάτωρ, *ή*, *fem.* *Subst.* *a tamer*.
 Δαμάτερ, *Dor.* *vocat.* from *Δημήτηρ*.
 ΔΑΜΑΩ, *3* *sing.* *δαμάω*, 3 *pl.* *δαμάωσι*: *fut.*
δαμάσω [μῶ], *Ep.* *δαμάσωσι*: *aor.* 1 *ἔδαμῶσα* *Ep.* *ἔδα-*
μασσα, *δαμασσα*: *pf.* *δεδάμακα*:—*Pass.*, *aor.* 1 *ἔδημην*,
part. *δημῆς*; *aor.* 2 *ἔδαμην*, *inf.* *δῆμῆναι*, *part.*
δαμῆς: *pf.* *δέδημαι*:—*another aor.* 1 *part.* *δῆμασθῆς*,
pf. *part.* *δεδαμασμένους* are found, as if from *δαμάω*.
To tame, to bring under the yoke, subdue, over-
power. II. of maidens, *to yoke in marriage, give*
to wife: also *to force, lie with*, *Lat.* *subigere*. III.
 generally, *to subdue, conquer*, esp. in war:—*Pass.* *to*
be subject, to obey. 2. *to slay, kill*.
 δαμῆην, *aor.* 2 *opt.* *pass.* of *δαμάω*.
 δαμῆω, *Ep.* for *δαμάω*, *aor.* 2 *pass.* *subj.* of *δαμάω*:
 2 and 3 *pass.* *δαμῆης*, — *την*, *Ep.* for *δαμῆς*, *δαμῆ*: 2
pl. *δαμῆτε*, for *δαμῆτε*.
 δάμεν, *Ep.* for *ἔδαμῆσαν*, 3 *pl.* *aor.* 2 *pass.* of *δα-*
μάω.
 δαμῆμεναι, *Ep.* for *δαμῆναι*, *aor.* 2 *pass.* *inf.* of
δαμάω.
 δάμνα, *Ep.* for *ἔδάμνα*, 3 *sing.*, *impf.* of *δάμνημι*.
 δαμνῶ, 3 *sing.* of *δαμνάω*, also 2 *sing.* *pres.* *Med.* of
δάμνημι.
 δαμνάω, = *δαμάω*, only in *pres.* and *impf.*
 δάμνημι, = *δαμάω*:—*Pass.* and *Med.* *δάμναμαι*.
 δάμος and δαμόσιος, *α*, *ον*, *Dor.* for *δημ-*
δαμόωσι, *Ep.* 3 *pl.* of *δαμάω*.
 δαμόματα, τά, (δαμός) *hymns sung in public*.
 δάν, *Dor.* for *ἤν*, *γῆν*:—*οὐ δάν, ἴδω*, *by earth?*

ΔΑΝΑΟΙ', *oi*, the Danaans, subjects of Δάνας, king of Argos; in Homer for the Greeks generally: Δαναΐδαι, *oi*, the sons or descendants of Danaus: Δαναΐδες, *ai*, his daughters. Hence a Comic Sup. Δαναΐστας, oldest of the Danaans. [Δδ] δανείζω, *f. εἶσαι*: pf. δέδανεικα, pass. δεδάνεισμαι: (δάνος):—to put out money at usury, to lend:—Pass., of the money, to be lent:—Med. to have lent to one, to borrow.

δάνειον, τό, (δάνος) money lent or borrowed, a loan. δάνεισμα, ατος, τό, (δανείζω) = δάνειον. δάνεισμός, δ, (δανείζω) money-lending. δάνειστος, οὔ, δ, (δανείζω) a money-lender, usurer. δανειστικός, ὁ, ὄν, (δανείζω) disposed to lend. ΔΑΝΟΣ, εος, τό, a gift. II. money lent out at interest, a loan, debt.

δάνος, ἡ, ὄν, (δαίω A) burnt, dried, parched. δάος, εος, τό, (δαίω A) = δαλός, a firebrand, torch. δαπάναν, *f. ἦσω*:—Pass., aor. I ἐδαπάνηθην, pf. δεδαπάνημαι, both used also in med. sense:—to spend; δαπανῶ εἰς τι to spend upon a thing:—Med. to spend of one's own. II. Causal, δαπανᾶν τὴν πόλιν to put the state to expense, exhaust the state. From

ΔΑΠΑΝΗ, ἡ, cost, expense, expenditure. II. money spent: also money for spending. III. expensiveness, extravagance. [πῦ]

δᾶπάνημα, ατος, τό, money spent, expense. δᾶπάνηρος, ὁ, ὄν, (δαπάνη) of men, extravagant: of things, expensive. Adv. -ρῶς, expensively.

δάπανος, *ον*, = δαπανηρός, *ex*travagant. δά-πεδον, τό, (δα-, πέδον) land, soil: the floor of a chamber: in pl. plains, flat country.

ΔΑΨΙΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, = τάπη, *a* carpet, rug. [α] δαπτέμεν, *Ep.* for δάπτειν, *inf.* of δάπτω.

ΔΑΤΙΤΩ, *f* δάψω, to devour.

Δάρδανος, δ, Dardanus, son of Jupiter, founder of Dardania or Troy. As Adj., Δάρδανος ἄνθρωπος a Trojan, mostly in plur. Δάρδανοι: Δαρδάνιος, *a*, *ον*, Trojan: Δαρδανία, ἰδος, ἡ, a Trojan woman: Δαρδάνια, ἡ, Troy: Δαρδανίδης, *ον*, δ, a son or descendant of Dardanus: Δαρδανίδες, *oi*, sons of Dardanus.

δαρδάπτω, lengthd. form of δάπτω, to devour.

δαρκεῖος or δαρκεῖος στατήρ, δ, a Persian gold coin, = 20 Attic drachmae: so that 5 = a mina, 300 = a talent. (Said to have been first coined by Darius, but prob. derived from Persian dará, a king, cf. Δά-ιεις, like our sovereign.)

Δᾶρεϊος, δ, Darius, acc. to Herodotus = Gr. ἐρφέης, *q. v.*: a Greek form of Persian dará, a king.

δαρζήσομαι, fut. 2 pass. of δάρω.

ΔΑΡΘΑΝΩ: aor. 2 ἐδάρθον, poet. ἐδάρθον:—to sleep Lat. DORMIO. Cp. καταδάρθανω.

δαρόβιος, *ον*, = δηρόβιος.

Δᾶρος, ὁ, ὄν, Dor. and Trag. for δηρός.

δαρῶ, fut. of δάρω.

δαῖς, gen. δαρῆς, ἡ, A't. contr. for δαίς.

δάσασθαι, aor. 1 med. inf. of δατέομαι; Ion. 3 sing.

indic. δάσασκετο; 1 pl. opt. δασαίμεθα: δασείναι is fut. Dor. Cf. πάσασθαι from πατέομαι.

δασέως, Adv. of δασύς: δασέως ἔχειν to be hairy.

δά-σκιός, *ον*, (δα-, σκιά) thick-shaded, dusk.

δασμενούς, *εως*, ἡ, (δασμός) a dividing, distributing.

δασμολογία, *f. ἦσω*, to exact as tribute: *c. dupl.*

acc., to exact tribute from a person. Hence

δασμολογία, ἡ, collection of tribute.

δασμο-λόγος, ὁ, (δασμός, λέγω) a tax-collector.

δασμός, δ, (δάσασθαι) a division, sharing of spoil - distribution.

II. in Att. an impost, tribute.

δασμοφόρεω, *f. ἦσω*, to pay tribute:—Pass., δασμο-

φορεῖται τινι tribute is paid one. From

δασμο-φόρος, *ον*, (δασμός, φέρω) paying tribute.

tributary.

δάσομαι, fut. of δατέομαι: cf. δάσασθαι.

δασ-πλής, ἦτος, δ, ἡ, and δασ-πλήτης, ἡ, (δα-, πλήρης) horrid, frightful.

δάσσεισθαι, *Ep.* for δάσασθαι, *q. v.*

δασύ-θρις, τρίχος, δ, ἡ, (θασύς, θρίξ) thick-haired.

δασύ-κερκος, *ον*, (θασύς, κέρκος) bushy-tailed.

δασύ-κνημος, *ον*, and δασυ-κνήμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*,

(θασύς, κνήμη) shaggy-legged.

δασύ-μαλλος, *ον*, (θασύς, μάλλος) thick-fleeced.

δασύνω [σ], *f. ἴνω*, (θασίς) to make rough or

hairy: Pass. to become rough or hairy.

δασύ-πους, ποδός, δ, (θασίς, ποῦς) hairy-foot, i. e.

a bare or rabbit.

δασυ-πώγων, *ωνος*, δ, ἡ, (θασίς, πᾶγων) with shaggy

beard.

ΔΑΣΤΥΣ, *εἰα*, ὅ, Ion. fem. θασεία, thick with hair,

hairy, rough: downy, opp. to ψιλός: of places, thick

grown with bushes, bushy; θασεία θρίδαξ a lettuce

with the leaves on. II. like Lat. densus, thick,

crowded.

δασύ-στερνος, *ον*, (θασίς, στήρνον) shaggy-breasted.

δασυ-χάτης, *ον*, δ, (θασύς, χαιτή) shaggy-haired.

δατέομαι, fut. δάσομαι: aor. I ἐδασάμην *Ep.* ἐδασ-

σάμην: pf. δέδασμαι: (for the forms, cf. πατέομαι,

ἐπασάμην): Dep.:—to divide among themselves, to

share in: to tear in pieces: χθόνα ποσὶ δατέωμε

they measured the ground with their feet. 2. to cut

in two. 3. to divide or distribute to others.

δατεύντω, AecI. 3 pl. impf. of δατέομαι.

δατήριος, *a*, *ον*, (δατέομαι) distributing; and

δατήτης, *ος*, δ, a distributor.

δαφναῖος, *a*, *ον*, of or belonging to a laurel. From

ΔΑΦΝΗ, ἡ, the laurel or bay, sacred to Apollo.

δαφνηφόρεω, *f. ἦσω*, to bear laurel-boughs.

δαφνη-φόρος, *ον*, (δαφνή, φέρω) planted with lau-

rels. II. bearing laurel-boughs.

δαφνηῦκος, ἡ, ὄν, (δαφνή) belonging to a laurel.

δαφνο-γηθής, ἴς, (δαφνή, γηθίω) delighting in the

laurel.

δαφνό-κομος, *ον*, (δαφνή, κόμος) laurel-crowned.

δαφν-ώδης, *ες*, (δαφνή, ὥδω) laurelled.

δαφωινεύς, ἴν, = δαφωινεύς: εἶμα δαφωινεύν αιμάτι

a garment red with blood.

δαφουνός, *lyn*, (δα-, φουνός) of wild beasts, blood-red, *lumpy*; or perhaps bloody, murderous.

δαψίλευα, *ή*, abundance, plenty. From δαψιλής, *ής*, (δάπτω) abundant, plentiful: of persons, liberal, profuse. Adv. δαψιλώς, lavishly: Sup. δαψιλέστατα.

*ΔΑΨΩ, an old root meaning to learn, which sometimes takes a causal sense, to teach: I. Causal, to teach: only in redupl. aor. 2 act. δέδασ, *he taught*, like Lat. *docere*; later also δέδασιν.—The pres. in this sense is διδάσκω.

II. to learn: fut. δάσσομαι (ἔμεν δάσσειαι ἔμου *will learn from me*): pf. δεδάκηκα, part. δεδακώς, δεδάως, also pass. δεδαγμένος: aor. 2 ἐδάην, subj. δαώ, Ep. δαείω, inf. δάηναι, Ep. δαήμεναι, part. δαείς:—from δέδασ, is formed a pres. med. inf. δεδάσθαι, to search out.—The pres. in this sense is διδάσκομαι.

δαῶμεν, i pl. aor. 2 pass. subj. of *δάω.

ΔΕ, but: conjunctive Particle, with an opposing or adversative force. It answers to μέν, esp. in Prose, when it may be rendered by *while*, on the other hand, see μέν.

2. it often serves merely to pass from one thing to another, when it may be rendered, *and*, further.

II. δέ properly stands second in the sentence, but it is also found third or fourth, when the preceding words are closely connected.

—δε, enclitic Particle: joined I. to names of Places in acc., to denote motion towards, as if it were an enclitic preposit.; οἰκνυδε home-wards, Οὐλυμπνυδε to Olympus, θύραδε (for θύρασδε) to the door; more rarely repeated with the possess. Pron., ὅνδε ἄρουρα; and sometimes even after eis, as eis ἀλαδε: in Att. often added to the names of cities, Ἀθήναδε, Θήβαδε (for Ἀθήνασδε, Θήβασδε):—sometimes it denotes purpose only, μήτι φύβονδ' ἀγίρειν *speak naught tending to fear*.

II. to the demonstr. Pron., to give it greater force, ὅδε, τοῖσδε, etc., such a man as *this*, Att. δδί, etc.

δέα, *ή*, Dor. for θεά, Lat. *d* :

δέατο, Ep. for ἐδέατο, 3 sing. impf. of an obsolete Verb δέαιμαι, = δοκέω, *he seemed*.

δέγμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of δέχομαι.

δεδάσθαι, Ep. pres. med. inf. of δάω.

δέδασ, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. of *δάω.

δεδάκηκα, δεδάημαι, pf. act. and pass. of *δάω.

δεδαίεται, Ion. for δέδαινται, 3 pl. pf. pa s. of δαίω B.

δεδαγμένος, pf. pass. part. of δαίω.

δεδαυδμένος, part. pf. pass. of δαυδάλλω.

δέδωτο, redupl. poet. aor. 2 of δάκνω.

δεδάκρυκα, pf. of δακρύω.

δεδαργμαι, Att. for δέεραγμα, pf. pass. of ἐράσσομαι.

δέδαρμαι, pf. pass. of δάρω.

δέδασμαι, pf. pass. of δατέομαι.

δεδαώς, pf. act. part. of *δάω.

δέδεγμα, pf. of δέχομαι, (also Ion. pf. of δέκνυμι).

δέδεγμα, pf. pass. (in med. sense) of δέω, to want.

δεδείξειμι, paullo p. fut. of δέχομαι.

δεδειπνάει, irreg. pf. inf. of δειπνέω.

δέδεχα, δέδειγμα, pf. act. and pass. of δέκνυμι.

δέδεκα, δέδεμαι, pf. act. and pass. of δέω, to bind.

δέδεξο, imperat. pf., and δεδέξομαι, p. p. fut., of δέχομαι.

δέδετο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of δέω, to bind.

δεδέχασται, Ion. for δεδεγμένοι εἰσι, 3 plur. pf. of δέχομαι.

δέδεγμα, pf. pass. of δάκνω.

δέδεξε, δεδέη, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. of δαίω.

δεδήμεναι, pf. pass. of δημεύω.

δεδήσομαι and δεθήσομαι, fut. pass. of δέω, to bind.

δέδεχα, pf. of δάκνω.

δέδω, poet. δέδωκα, pf., with. pres. sense, of δέδω.

imperat. δέδιθι; part. δεδίως.

δεδιᾶκόνηκα, pf. of διακονέω.

δεδιδάχθαι, pf. pass. inf. of διδάσκω.

δεδιήτηκα, pf. of διαιτάω.

δεδίσκομαι, = δεδισκομαι.

δεδίττομαι, Att. for διεδίσσομαι.

δεδιώγμαι, pf. pass. of διώκω.

δεδιώητο, Ion. for ἐδέδημητο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of δαμάω.

δέδεγμα, pf. of δέμω.

δέδεγμα, pf. pass. of δαμάω; also of δέμω.

δέδεμητο, -ήατο, 3 sing. and pl. plqpf. of δαμάω.

δέδογμα, pf. pass. of δοκέω.

δέδωκα, pf. with pres. sense of δέδω.

δέδοικω, Dor. pres. formed from δέδοικα = δέδω.

δεδοκήμαι, pf. pass. of δοκέω.

δεδοκήμενος, Ep. pf. part. of δέχομαι, with sense of pres., waiting for, lying in wait.

δεδοκίμασμα, pf. pass. of δοκιμάζω.

δέδομαι, pf. pass. of δίδωμι; poet. 3 pl. δέδονται.

δεδόνετο, Dor. for ἐδεδύνετο, 3 sing. plqpf. of δονέω.

δέδορκα, pf. of ἐλέγκω, with sense of pres.

δέδουπα, pf. of δονπέω.

δεδραγμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐράσσω.

δέδρωκα, pf. of διεράσσω, also of ἐράω.

δέδρωμαι, pf. pass. of ἐράω.

δεδράμηκα, pf. of τρέχω (formed from *ἐράμειν).

δέδρομα, poet. pf. of τρέχω (formed from *δρέμαι).

δεδυστήχηκα, pf. of δυστυχέω.

δέδωκα, pf. of δίδωμι.

δέελο, *η*, *ον*, resolved form of ἐήλοο.

δεηθήτω, 2 pl. aor. I subj. of δέομαι.

έζημα, ατος, τό, (έζομαι) a prayer, entreaty.

έζησις, κως, ή, (έζομαι) an entreaty.

δέισομαι, fut. med. of έζω, to want.

ΔΕΙΨ; subj. έξη contr. έη; opt. έτοι; inf. δειψ part. δέον Att. δειψ; imperf. έδει Ion. έδεε; fut. δεήσει.

aor. I έδήσε. Impers. from έζω, to bind: I. c. acc. et inf. δειψ τινα ποιήσαι it is binding on one to do a thing, one must, one ought, Lat. oportet, decet;

so, έει τινα όπως ποιήσει. II. c. gen. there is need of, Lat. opus est re; πολλού δει there wants much, far from it; λίγου δει there wants little, all but; πλεονος δει it is still further from it:—with the person added, δει μοί τινος, Lat. opus est mihi re.

δείγμα, ατος, τό, (δείκνυμι) a sample, proof, specimen, Lat. documentum. 2. a place in the Pekkæus, where merchants set out their wares for sale, as in an Eastern bazaar. Hence

δειγματίξω, f. σω, to make a show of.

δειδέχατο, 3 sing. plqpf. of δείκνυμι, in sense of impf., to welcome: δειδέχαται, for δεδεγμένοι εἰσι, 3 plur. perf.: δαδέχατο, 3 pl. plqpf.

δειδήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (δείδω) cowardly.

δείδια, ας, ε, like δέδια, pf. of δείδω with pres. signif., I fear; plur. δέδιμεν, δέδιτε; imperat. δέιδιθι; inf. δέιδμεν; part. δειδιώς, dual δειδιότε: δειδισαν, 3 plur. plqpf.

δειδισκομαι, Dep. (δείκνυμι) to greet with outstretched hand, to welcome, bid hail; δειδισκετο δέπαι he bailed with the cup. 2.—δεικνύμι, to shew.

δειδισσομαι, Att. δειδίττομαι: fut. ἔξομαι: aor. I ἔδειδαμην: (δείδω):—Causal of δείδω, to frighten, alarm.

δείδουκα, Ep. for δέδοικα, q. v.

ΔΕΙΔΩ, the pres. only used in first pers., I fear: fut. δέισομαι: aor. I ἔδεισα Ep. ἔδδισα: pf. in pres. sense δέδοικα; also δέδια, Ep. δέδια (see δέδια): 3 pl. plqpf. δέδιδισαν, Ep. δέδισαν: I. intr. to be afraid, to fear, mostly with μή .., like Lat. vereor ne .., I fear it is ..; but, δέδω μη οὐ .., vereor ne non .., vereor ut .., I fear it is not. 2. c. inf. to fear to do. 3. δέδειεν περί τινι to be alarmed or anxious about. 4. c. acc. to be afraid of, to fear, stand in awe of. 5. perf. part. τὸ δειδιός, one's fearing, one's fear, like δέος.

δειλιάω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἔδειελιψα: (δείελος):—to wait till evening. δειλιός, ἡ, ὄν, =sq., at evening. From δειελος, ον, (δείλη) of or belonging to evening; δειelon ἡμαρ eventide. II. as Subst., δειελος (sub. ὥρη), =δείλη, evening.

δεινανάσσκε, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of δεικνάνω.

δεινάνω, = δεικνύμι, to point out, shew. II. Med. = δεικνύμι, δέχομαι, to salute, welcome, greet. δεικανόοντα, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of δεικνάνω.

δείκalon and δεικηλον, τό, (δείκνυμι) a representation, exhibition. δεικνυ, Ep. shortened form of δεικνύμι. δεικνύμεν, -όμεναι, Ep. for δεικνύμεναι [ῥ]. ΔΕΙΚΝΥΜΙ and δεικνύω, imperat. δεικνυ or δεικνυ: fut. δεικνύω Ion. δέξω: aor. I ἔδειξα Ion. ἔδεξα: pf. δέδειχα:—Pass. fut. δειχθήσομαι, and fut. 3 δεβήσομαι: aor. I ἔδειχθην Ion. ἔδεχθην: pf. δέδειχμαι; in the forms δειδέχαται, δειδέκτο, see below II:—to shew, point out, Lat. monstrare; impers. δείξει, time will shew; δεικνύω εἰς τινα to point towards a person. 2. to bring to light, display; θεὸς ἡμῖν δείξε τέρας the god shewed us a marvel:—Med. δεικνύμαι, to set before one. 3. to point out by words, to tell, explain, teach: to shew, prove; ἔδειξαν ἑτοίμοι ὄντες they shewed that they were ready. 4. of accusers, to inform against. II. pres. part. δεικνύμενος =

δεχόμενος, δεξιούμενος, welcoming, greeting: 3 pl. pf. δειδέχαται, 3 sing. and pl. plqpf. δειδέκτο, δειδέχατο, are used in the same sense; τοὺς μὲν κυπέλοις δειδέχατο they pledged them with the cup; δειδέχατο μῦθοισι they greeted them with words.

δεικτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of δεικνύμι, to be shewn. II. δεικτέον [ἐστίν], impers., one must shew. δειλαιος, α, ον, lengthd. form of δειλός, fearful: and so wretched, sorry, palsy, miserable.

δειακρῶν, αως, ὁ, properly, a coward, but mostly in addresses, poor fellow! From

δεια-ακρος, α, ον, (δειλός, ἄκρος) very pitiable.

ΔΕΙΨΑΗ (sub. ὥρα), ἡ, properly, the time when the day is hottest, i.e. just after noon; then generally, afternoon, ἔσσεται ἡ ἡμέρα ἡ δειλή ἡ μέσον ἡμαρ; δειλή πρωῒα and δειλή ὁψία early and late afternoon; afterwards δειλή alone stood for the later part of the afternoon, evening; δειληε or δειλην, as Adv., in the evening.

δειλία, ἡ, (δειλός) timidity, cowardice; δειλήν ὁφθαλμῶν to be charged with cowardice.

δειλιάω, f. ἄσω, (δειλία) to be afraid.

δειλομαι, Dep. (δείλη) to decline towards evening.

δειλός, ἡ, ὄν, (δέος, δειδω) cowardly, craven: vile, worthless. II. miserable, wretched, unhappy, like Lat. miser. Adv. -λῶς.

δείμα, ατος, τό, (δείδω) fear, affright. II. an object of fear, a terror, horror. Hence

δειμαίνω, only used in pres. and impf., to be afraid, to be alarmed: c. acc. to fear a thing.

δειμῆλος, α, ον, (δείμα) timid. II. horrible, fearful.

δειμας, aor. I part. of δέμω.

δειματο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of δέμω.

δειματόεις, εσσα, εν, (δείμα) frightened.

δειμαῖτώω, f. ἄσω, (δείμα) to frighten.

δειμομεν, Ep. I pl. aor. I subj. of δέμω.

δειμός, ὁ, (δέος) fear, terror, Lat. timor.

δειν, inf. of δέω.

II. Att. for δέον, part. neut. of δέω, as πλεῖον for πλέον.

ΔΕΙΝΑ, ὁ, ἡ, τό, gen. δεινός, dat. δεινί, acc. δεινᾷ, such an one, a certain one, whom one cannot or will not name; also pl. δεινί.

δεινο-βήτης, ον, ὁ, (δεινός, τίσημι) a knave.

δεινο-λογέομαι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep. (δεινός, λέγω) to complain loudly.

δεινο-παθῶω, f. ἡσω, (δεινός, πάθος) to complain loudly of suffering.

δεινό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδός, (δεινός, ποῦς) terrible of foot.

δεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (δέος): I. terrible, fearful, in milder sense, awful; later, τὸ δεινόν danger, sufferings; οὐδὲν δεινόν, μὴ ἀποστῆναι no fear of their revolting; δεινὸν ποιεῖν or ποιεῖσθαι to take ill, Lat. aegre ferre. II. implying Force or Power, mighty, powerful, for good or ill. 2. wondrous, marvellous, strange; τὸ συγγενὲς τοῖς δεινόν the ties of kin have strange power. III. the sense of powerful.

III. the sense of powerful.

wondrous, passed into that of able, clever, skilful, as in phrase *δεινός τε καὶ σοφός*; often c. inf., *δεινὸς λέγειν clever* at talking; also c. acc., *δεινὸς τὴν τέχνην skilful* in his art. Hence

δαῖνος, gen. of *δαίνα*, δ, ἡ.

δαιμότης, ἦτος, ἡ, terribleness: harshness, sternness. 2. natural ability, cleverness.

δαινώ, f. ὥσω, (*δεινός*) to make dreadful or formidable: to exaggerate, enhance.

δαινωτός, ὢν, (*δεινός*, ἀφ') terrible to behold.

δαινῶς, Adv. of *δεινός*, terribly: marvellously, exceedingly.

δαινωσις, εως, ἡ, (*δαινώ*) exaggeration.

δαινῶω, ωπος, δ, ἡ, = *δαινω*ος.

δαίξω, fut. of *δαίνυμι*.

δαῖος, τό, Ep. for *δέος*, fear.

δαιπνεύτης, Dor. for *δαιπνούτης*.

δαιπνέω, f. ἥσω: pf. *δεδειπνηκα*, Att. pf. 2 *δέδειπνα*, inf. *δεδειπνάναι* (*δαιπνον*):—to make a meal, dine; in Att. always to take the chief meal: c. acc., *δαιπνεῖν ἄρτον* to make a meal on bread. Hence

δαιπνηστός or *δαιπνηστός*, δ, meal-time.

δαιπνητήριον, τό, (*δαιπνέω*) a supper-room.

δαιπνητής, οὔ, δ, a supper guest. Hence

δαιπνητικός, ἡ, ὢν, of or for dinner. Adv. -*καῶς*, like a clever cook.

δαιπνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (*δαιπνον*) to entertain at dinner.

δαιπνο-λόχος, η, ον, (*δαιπνον*, *λοχάω*) fishing for invitations to dinner, parasitic.

δαιπνον, τό, a meal or meal-time, sometimes = *ἄριστον*, the early meal, sometimes = *ἄρπον* the late one: in Att. the chief meal, answering to our dinner, Lat. *coena*; ἀπὸ *δαιπνου* straight from, i. e. just after, dinner. 2. generally food, provender.

δαιπνοποιέω, to prepare a meal: Med. to dine. From

δαιπνο-ποιός, ὢν, (*δαιπν*-, *ποιέω*) preparing dinner.

δαιράς, ἄδος, ἡ, (*δαιρή*) the ridge of a chain of hills, like *λόφος*, Lat. *jugum*. II. = *δαιρή*, the neck.

δαίρας, aor. I part. of *δαίρω*.

ΔΕΙΡΗ, Att. *δέρη*, ἡ, the neck, throat. II. =

δειράς, the ridge of a hill.

δειρο-τομέω, f. ἥσω, (*δαιρή*, *τέμνω*) to cut the throat of a person, behead him, Lat. *jugulo*.

ΔΕΙΡΩ, Ion. for *δαίρω*.

δεισ-ήνωρ, ορος, δ, ἡ, (*δεδω*, ἀνὴρ) fearing man.

δαιοδαιμονία, ἡ, fear of the gods, religion. 2.

a bad sense, superstition. From

δαιο-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (*δεδω*, *δαίμων*) fearing the gods: in good sense, pious, religious. 2. in bad sense, superstitious, bigoted.

ΔΕΚΑ, ὀί, αἰ, τῷ, indecl., Lat. *DECEM*, our *TEN*, Germ. *ZEHN*: οἱ *δέκα*, the Ten, Lat. *Decemviri*: οἱ *δέκα* [ἐτη] ἀφ' ἡβης those who are ten years past 20, the age of military service.

δεκά-αρχος, δ, (*δέκα*, ἄρχω) a commander of ten men, Lat. *decurio*.

δεκά-βοιος, ον, (*δέκα*, *βοῦς*) worth ten oxen.

δεκαδύς, εως, δ, (*δέκα*) one of a decury or party of ten soldiers.

δεκά-δυο, οἱ, αἰ, τα, = *δωδέκα*, twelve.

δεκά-δωρος, ον, (*δέκα*, *δῶρον* π) ten palms long or broad.

δεκα-ἔτηρος, ον, (*δέκα*, ἔτος) ten-yearly.

δεκα-ετής, ἐς, (*δέκα*, ἔτος) lasting ten years.

δεκάξω, f. ἄσω, (*δέκα*) to bribe, corrupt, Lat. *decuriare*.

δεκάκις, Adv. (*δέκα*) ten times: ten-fold.

δεκά-κλινος, ον, (*δέκα*, *κλῖναι*) holding ten dinner couches.

δεκα-κῦμα, ἡ, (*δέκα*, *κῦμα*) the tenth wave, Lat. *fluctus decumanus*; cf. *τρικῦμα*.

δεκά-μηνος and *δεκα-μηναιος*, ον, (*δεκά*, *μήν*) ten months old. 2. in the tenth month.

δεκά-μνος, ον, (*δέκα*, *μνᾶ*) worth ten minas.

δεκ-ἄμφορος, ον, (*δέκα*, ἀμφορεύς) holding ten ἀμφορείς, i. e. about ninety gallons.

δεκά-παλαι, Adv. a very long time ago.

δεκά-πεντε, οἱ, αἰ, τῷ, fifteen.

δεκά-πῆχυς, υ, (*δέκα*, *πῆχυς*) ten cubits long.

δεκα-πλάσιος, ον, (*δέκα*) tenfold: c. gen. ten times greater than: ἡ *δεκαπλασία* (sub. *τιμῇ*) as Subst. ten times the amount.

δεκά-πλεθρος, ον, (*δέκα*, *πλῆθρον*) enclosing ten plethra (v. *πλῆθρον* π).

δεκάπλοος, ον, contr. -*πλους*, ον, = *δεκα-πλάσιος*.

δεκά-πολις, ἡ, (*δέκα*, *πόλις*) a district including ten cities, *Decapolis*.

δεκά-πους, δ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. *ποδός*, ten feet long.

δεκ-ἄρχης, ον, δ, (*δέκα*, ἄρχω) a decurion. Hence

δεκ-αρχία, ἡ, the government of the Ten.

δεκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (*δέκα*) a body of ten men, Lat. *decuria*. II. the number ten.

δεκά-σπορος, ον, (*δέκα*, *σπείρω*) consisting of ten seed-times, i. e. ten years.

δεκαταῖος, α, ον, (*δέκατος*) on the tenth day.

δεκα-τάλαντος, ον, (*δέκα*, *τάλαντον*) weighing or worth ten talents: estimated at ten talents.

δεκα-τέσσαρες, -ρα, fourteen.

δεκατεντήριον, τό, the tenths-office, custom-house: and *δεκατεντής*, οὔ, δ, a farmer of tenths, tithe-collector, Lat. *decumanus*. From

δεκατεύω, f. σω, (*δεκάτη*) to exact the tenths, to tithe, take tithe of a person: to take the tenth of booty, esp. as an offering to the gods:—also to exact the tenths as a tax on all imports.

δεκατη-λόγος, δ, (*δεκάτη*, *λέγω*) = *δεκατεντής*.

δεκατό-σπορος, ον, (*δέκατος*, *σπορά*) in the tenth generation.

δεκάτος, η, ον, (*δέκα*) tenth. II. as Subst., *δεκάτη* (sub. *μέρις*), ἡ, the tenth part, tithe. 2. *δεκάτη* (sub. *ἡμέρα*), ἡ, the tenth day: at Athens, the festival on the tenth day after birth, when the child had a name given it: τὴν *δεκάτην* θύειν to give a feast on the day of naming the child.

δεκατόω, f. ὥσω, (*δέκατος*) to take tithe of a person.

δεκά-φυλος, *ον*, (δέκα, φυλή) consisting of ten tribes.
δεκά-χαλκον, τό, (δέκα, χαλκοῦς) a coin worth ten
χαλκοί, Lat. *denarius*.

δεκά-χίλιοι, αι, α, (δέκα, χίλιοι) ten thousand.

δεκ-έτηρος, *ον*, = δεκάτης.

δεκ-έτης, *ον*, δ, (δέκα, ἔτος) lasting ten years. II.
ten years old.

δεκ-έτια, ἰδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of δεκάτης.

δέχομαι, *Ion.* and *Aeol.* for δέχομαι.

δεκ-όργγιος, *ον*, (δέκα, ὄργγι) ten fathoms long.

δεκτήρ, ἦρος, δ, = δέκτης.

δέκτης, *ον*, δ, (δέχομαι) a receiver: hence a beggar.

δέκτο, 3 sing. *Ep.* aor. 2 of δέχομαι.

δεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of δέχομαι, received: to be
received, acceptable, Lat. *acceptus*.

δέκτρια, ἡ, poet. fem. of δεκτήρ, δέκτης.

δέκτωρ, ὀρος, poet. for δέκτης, δεκτήρ, one who takes
upon himself.

δεκ-ώρυγος, *ον*, more correct form of δεκυρύγιος.

δελεάζω, f. ἄσω, (δέλεαρ) to entice by a bait: to al-
lure, entice, catch. II. c. acc. cognato, νῶτον ὕδς
δελεάζειν to put the chine of a pig as a bait.

ΔΕΛΕΑΡ, ατος, τό, a bait, Lat. *esca*.

δελε-άρταξ, ατος, δ, ἡ, (δέλεαρ, ἀρτάξω) greedy of
the bait, biting freely at it.

δελέασμα, ατος, τό, = δέλεαρ.

ΔΕΛΤΑ, τό, indecl., v. sub Δ. 2. a name for
the islands formed at the mouths of large rivers, esp.
of the Nile, so called from their shape.

δελτίον, τό, Dim. of δέλτος.

δελτο-γράφος, *ον*, (δέλτος, γράφω) writing on a
tablet, registering, recording.

δέλτος, ἡ, a writing-tablet, so called from the letter
Δ, the old shape of tablets: metaph., δέλτοι φρενῶν
the tablets of the heart. Hence

δελτώω, f. ἄσω, to note down on tablets, record.

δελφάκιον, τό, a sucking-pig, Dim. of δέλφαξ.

δελφάσκειν, Pass. to grow up to pigbood. From

ΔΕΛΦΑΞ, ἄκος, δ, a young pig, porker.

Δελφάκιος, δ, (Δελφοί) Delphian, epith. of Apollo.

δελφίνο-φόρος, *ον*, (δελφίς, φέρω) bearing dolphins;
κεραία δ. beams with pulleys to lower the δελφίς.

ΔΕΛΦΙΣ and δελφίν, ἴνος, δ, the dolphin. II.

α mass of iron or lead, shaped like a dolphin, which
was hung at the yard-arm, and then suddenly let
down on the enemy's ships.

ΔΕΛΦΟΙ, ὦν, αἱ, Delphi, a famous oracle of Apollo
in Phocis at the foot of Parnassus. II. Δελφοί,

οἱ, the inhabitants of Delphi, Delphians.

ΔΕΜΑΣ, τό, used only in nom. and acc., the body,
esp. of man: properly the living body, σῶμα being
the corpse; μικρὸς δέμας small in stature. II.

as Adv., like δικη, δέμας πυρὸς αἰθομένοιο in form
or fashion like burning fire, Lat. *instar ignis*.

δέμιον, τό, (δέμα) a bed, bedding; mostly in plur.

δεμιο-τήρης, es, (δέμιον, τηρέω) keeping one to
one's bed; μοῖρα δεμιοτήρης a lingering fate.

ΔΕΜΩ: aor. I act. εἰδεῖν med. εἰδεμάμην: pf.

δεδύμκα: pf. pass. δέδμημαι. To build; Med., εἰσε-
ματο οἶκον he built him houses: generally, to con-
struct, make; δέμειν ὁδὸν Lat. *munire viam*.

δενδύλλω, to give a glance at, so as to make a sign.

δένδρον, τό, *Ion.* for δένδρον, a tree. Hence

δενδρεών, ὠνος, δ, (δένδρον) a grove.

δενδρήεις, εσσα, εν, woody.

δενδριακὸς or -ικὸς, ἡ, ὄν, (δένδρον) of a tree.

δένδριον, τό, Dim. of δένδρον.

δενδρίτης, *ον*, δ, fem. δενδρίτης, ἰδος, of or belong-
ing to a tree.

δενδρο-βάττω, (δένδρον, βαίνω) to climb trees.

δενδρο-κόμης or δενδρό-κομος, *ον*, (δένδρον, κομή) shaggy with wood.

δενδρο-κοπέω, (δένδρον, κόπτω) = δενδροτομέω.

ΔΕΝΔΡΟΝ, τό, *Ion.* and Att. δένδρος, εος, τή, a
tree; δένδρον ἑλάς an olive-tree: generally, δένδρα
are fruit-trees, opp. to ἕλην, timber.

δενδροτομέω, f. ἡσάω, to cut down the fruit-trees, to
lay waste a country. From

δενδρο-τόμος, *ον*, (δένδρον, τεμείν) cutting down trees.

δενδρο-φόρος, *ον*, (δένδρον, φέρω) bearing trees.

δενδρό-φύτος, *ον*, (δένδρον, φύω) planted with trees.

δενδρό-ώδης, es, (δένδρον, εἶδος) tree-like; δενδρόδεις

Νύμφαι wood-nymphs.

δενδρώτης, ἰδος, ἡ, (δένδρον) wooded.

δεννάω, f. ἄσω, to abuse, revile. From

ΔΕΝΝΟΣ, δ, a reproach, disgrace.

δέξαι, aor. I med. imper. of δέχομαι.

δεξαμενὴ, ἡ, (properly aor. I part. fem. of δέχομαι)
a receptacle of water, a reservoir, tank.

δεξιά, *Ion.* -ή, (fem. of δεξιός, sub. χεῖρ) the right
band; ἐκ δεξιᾶς on the right band; δεξιῶν δίδοναι to
salute by offering the right band.

δεξι-μῆλος, *ον*, (δέχομαι, μῆλον) receiving sheep,
rich in sacrifices.

δεξιό-γυιος, (δεξιός, γυῖον) ready of limb, nimble.

δεξιο-λάβος, δ, (δεξιός, λαβεῖν) a spearman, guard.

δεξιόμοι, f. ὥσσομαι: aor. I δεξιωσάμην: Dep.:—to
offer the right band, greet with the right band. From

ΔΕΞΙΟΣ, δ, ὄν, Lat. *DEXTER*: I. on the
right band or side; ἐπὶ δεξιᾷ to the right.

II. fortunate, boding good, of the flight of birds and other
omens.

III. metaph. dexterous, ready: and of
the mind, shrewd, clever.

δεξιό-σερος, δ, (δεξιός, σείρά) harnesses by traces
on the right side, of a horse, which was not put under
the yoke, but attached as a third abreast with the
regular pair.

δεξιότης, ἦτος, ἡ, (δεξιός) dexterity, activity; of
mind, cleverness.

δεξιόφιν, Adv., old gen. of δεξιός; ἐπὶ δεξιόφιν to-
wards the right.

δεξι-πύρος, *ον*, (δέχομαι, πῦρ) fire-receiving.

δέξις, εως, ἡ, (δέχομαι) reception.

δεξιτερός, δ, ὄν, poet. form for δεξιός, right, the
right; δεξιτερὰ, like δεξιὰ (sub. χεῖρ), the right
band; δεξιτερῆφι, old dat., on the right band.

δέλωμα, ατος, τό, (δεξιόμαι) a pledge of friendship.
 δεξιόνυμος, ον, (δεξιός, όνομα) lucky in name.
 δεξιώς, Adv. of δεξιός, dexterously: Sup. δεξιότατα.
 δεξιώς, εως, ή, (δεξιόμαι) an offering of the right
 hand: greeting, salutation: canvassing.
 δέω, a sing. Ep. aor. a imperat. of δέχομαι.
 δέχομαι, fut. of δέχομαι.
 δέξω, δέξομαι, Ion. for δέλω, δειξομαι, fut. act. and
 med. of δέκνυμι.
 δέομαι, to need, want, ask; v. sub δέω (B).
 δέον, οντος, τό, Att. δέιν, part. deut. of the impers.
 δέι, that which is binding, needful, right, proper;
 μάλλον τοῦ δέοντος more than needful; ἐν δέοντι
 (sub. καιρῇ), in good time, Lat. opportuné; εἰς τὸ
 δέον for needful purposes. II. used. absol. it
 being needful; οὐδὲν δέον there being no need.
 δέον, Ion. for ἔδεον, impf. of δέω, to bind.
 δέοντων, 3 pl. imperat. of δέω, to bind.
 ΔΕΨΟΣ, gen. δέουσι, τό: poet. δαίσις: fear, alarm,
 affright. II. awe, reverence. III. a terror,
 means of inspiring fear.
 ΔΕΨΑΣ, αος, τό: nom. pl. δέψα: poet. dat. pl.
 δέψασσι and δέψασσι: a beaker, goblet, chalice.
 δερ-άγχη, ή, (δέρη, άγχω) a collar.
 δερ-αγκής, ές, (δέρη, άγχω) throttling.
 δέριον, τό, (δέρη) a necklace: a collar.
 δεραιο-πέδη, ή, (δέραιον, πέδη) a collar.
 δέρας, ατος, τό, poet. for δέρμα, skin, hide.
 δεράς, άδος, ή, = δειράς.
 δέργμα, τό, (δέρκομαι) a look, glance.
 δέρη, ή, Att. for δειρή, the neck.
 δερκέσκειτο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of δέρκομαι.
 δερκιδάμιον, Dep., poet. for δέρκομαι, to look.
 ΔΕΡΚΟΜΑΙ, Dep.: fut. δέρκομαι: pf. with pres.
 tense δέδορκα: aor. 2 ἔδρακον: also aor. 1 pass. ἔδερ-
 χην, aor. 2 ἔδρακην; and aor. 1 med. ἔδερξάμην,
 aor. 2 ἔδρακάμην:—to look, see: hence to behold the
 light, to live. 2. to look on or at: generally, to
 perceive, be aware of. II. of light, to flash or
 gleam, like the eye.
 δέρμα, ατος, τό, (δέρω) the skin, hide of beasts, Lat.
 pellis: also of skins prepared for bottles, etc.: the
 shell of a tortoise. 2. generally, one's skin, Lat.
 cutis. Hence
 δερμάτινος, η, ον, of skin, leathern.
 δέρματο, Ion. 3 sing. aor. 1 me' of δέρκομαι.
 δέρον, Ep. for ἔδερον, impf. of ἔρω.
 δέρος, εος, τό, poet. for δέρμα, skin, hide.
 δέρρις or δέρις, εως, ή, (δέρος, δέρμα) a leathern
 covering. II. in plur. screens of skin, hung to
 decaden the enemy's missiles, Lat. cilicia.
 δέρτρον, τό, (δέρω) the caul or membrane which con-
 tains the bowels, Lat. omentum; δέρτρον ἔσω δύνων-
 tes penetrating even to the bowels.
 δερχθεός, part. aor 1 of δέρκομαι; δερχθητι, im-
 perat., and δερχθῆναι, inf., of same tense.
 ΔΕΙΡΩ, Ion. δαίρω: fut. δειρώ: aor. 1 δειρα:—
 Pass., fut. 2 δαρήσομαι: aor 1 ἔδαρήην, aor. 2 ἔδαρην

[ά]: pf. δέδαρμαι:—to skin, flay. II. also to
 cudgel, thrash.
 δέρμα, ατος, τό, (δέω) poet. for δερμός, a bond,
 fetter II. a head-band.
 δερμάτιον, f. σω, (δερμός) to fetter, put in chains: to
 tie together, as corn in the sheaf.
 δερμέω, f. ήσω, (δερμός) = δερμένω.
 δέρμη, ή, (δέω) a bundle.
 δέρμιον, τό, = δερμός.
 δέρμιον, ον, also α, ον, (δερμός) binding: hence
 binding with a spell. II. pass. bound, captive.
 δερμός, ό, pl. δερμοί or δερμά, (δέω) a band, bond,
 fetter: a balter: a mooring cable: a door-latch, 2.
 bonds, imprisonment.
 δερμο-φύλαξ, άκος, ό, ή, (δερμός, φύλαξ) a garrler.
 δερμόν, = δερμένω, to bind, fetter. Hence
 δέρμωμα, ατος, τό, a fetter.
 δερματήριον, τό, (δερμός) a prison.
 δερματτης, ου, ό, (δερμάω) a prisoner. 2. as Adj.
 in chains, fettered: fem. δερματτις ιδος.
 δεσπόζω, f. όσω, (δεσπότης) to be lord and master
 of, c. gen.: absol. to gain the mastery. II. to make
 oneself master of a thing; and so, to comprehend.
 δέσποινα, ή, fem. of δεσπότης, the mistress or lady
 of the house, Lat. hera: often joined with the name
 of goddesses.
 δεσπόσιος, ον, = δεσποσύσιος.
 δεσποσύνη, ή, (δεσπότης) absolute sway.
 δεσποσύσιος, ον, (δεσπότης) of or belonging to the
 master, arbitrary. II. as Subst. = δεσπότης.
 δεσποτιά, f. ήσω, = δεσποζώ:—Pass. to be despot-
 ically ruled.
 ΔΕΣΠΟΤΗΣ, ου, ό, voc. δέσποτᾶ: Dcr. nom.
 δεσπότης: Ion. acc. sing. and pl. δεσπότεα, -εας, but
 prob. these are incorrect:—a master, properly of
 slaves: hence a despot, absolute ruler, whose subjects
 are slaves. II. generally, an owner, master, lord.
 Hence
 δεσποτικός, ή, όν, of or for a master. 2. fit to
 be a master: inclined to tyranny, despotic.
 δεσπότης, ιδος, ή, = δέσποινα.
 δεσποτικός, ό, Dim. of δεσπότης, little master.
 δετή (sub. λαμπάς), ή, sticks bound up to make a
 jagot, a jagot. Fem. of
 δετός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of δέω, bound.
 δεύσειον, Ion. impf. of δέω, to wet.
 δευήσθαι, fut. med. inf. of δέω, to want.
 δέυμα, ατος, τό, (δύω) that which is wet, soaked;
 δέυματα κρεών boiled flesh.
 δευολατο, poet. for δέουιντο, 3 pl. pres. opt. of
 δέω (B).
 δέυομαι, v. δέω (B).
 δευρῖ, Att. strengthened form of δέω.
 ΔΕΥΡΟ, Adv. of Places, Licet, come hither! δευτε
 is used with plur. II. of Time, until now, up
 to this time, hitherto; 'δευρ' αεί continually up to
 this time.
 Δεύς, Aeol. for Ζεύς.

δεύτατος, η, *ov*, the last, Sup. of δεύτερος.
 δευτε, Adv., p. ur. of δεῖρο, *hither! Come hither!*
 δευτε-ἀγωνιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (δεύτερος, ἀγωνιστής) the actor who takes the second part, cf. πρωταγωνιστής: metaph. the second advocate in a court of law.

δευτεραίος, α, *ov*, (δεύτερος) on the second day.
 δευτερία (sub. ἀλλα), τὰ, (δεύτερος) the second prize in a contest: generally, the second place or rank.
 δευτεριάω, ἰ. άνω, to play the second part.

δευτερό-πρωτον σάββατον, τό, the first sabbath after the second day of the feast of unleavened bread.

δύτερος, α, *ov*, the second, Lat. secundus: as a Comp., ἐμείο δύτερου after my time: in neut. as Adv., δύτερον αὖ, δύτερον αὖτις, secondly, next afterwards, a second time. II. in point of Place, second, i. e. inferior; δύτερος οὐδενός second to none: τὰ δύτερα, = δευτερία, the second prize or places.

III. the second of two; δύτερη αὐτῇ herself with another.
 δευτερο-στάτης, *ov*, ὁ, (δύτερος, ἵσταμαι) one who stands in the second file of the Chorus.

ΔΕΥΩ (A), Ion. impf. δύτεσκον: f. δύτεσω: aor. I δύτεσα:—Pass., pf. δεδέμαι:—to wet, soak, steep; Med., περὰ δύτεας ἄλμυ wets his wings in the brine. II. to fill with liquid, fill up. III. to make to flow, shed.

ΔΕΥΩ (B), f. δύτεσω, Aeol. and Ep. form for δέω, to need, miss, want; δύτεσαν δ' οἰήτων ἄκρον ἰκῆσθαι be missed reaching the top of the mast. II. more often as Dep. δύτεμαι, f. δύτεσομαι:—to feel the want or loss of, to be at a loss for: hence to be wanting, deficient in; ἄλλα πάντα δύτεαι Ἄργεϊον thou art inferior to them in all else.

ΔΕΨΩ, f. δέψω, to soften by working by the hand, to make supple, to tan hides.

δεχ-άμματος, *ov*, (δέκα, ἄμμα) with ten meshes.

δέχεται, Ep. for δεδεγμένοι εἰσι 3 pl. pf. of δέχομαι.

δεχ-ήμερος, *ov*, (δέκα, ἡμέρα) lasting ten days. 2. terminable at ten days' notice.

δέχθαι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of δέχομαι.

δεχθεῖς, aor. I part. of δέχομαι, in pass. scuse.

δέχνημαι, poet. for δέχομαι.

ΔΕΧΟΜΑΙ, Ion. and Aeol. δέκομαι: fut. δέξομαι and δεδέξομαι: aor. I ἐδέχθην (also used in pass. sense): pf. δεδέμαι: plqpf. ἐδεδέγμην:—Ep. aor. 2 ἐδέγμην or δέγμην, 3 sing. δέκτο, 2 sing. imperat. δέξο; inf. δέχθαι; part. δέγμενος: Dep.: I. of things, to take, accept: esp. to take well, receive kindly or graciously; τὸν οἰωνὸν δέχεσθαι to accept or hail the omen: hence to approve: c. inf. to take rather, to choose. II. of persons, to receive hospitably, entertain. 2. to receive as an enemy, to watch for: to await the onset. 3. to expect, wait for. III. of events, to succeed, come next, Lat. excipere.

δεψέω, f. ἥσω, Lat. depso, = δέψω, to soften; δεψήσω κηρὸν having worked wax till it is soft.

δέψω, = foreg.

ΔΕΩ (A); fut. δήσω: aor. I ἔδησα: pf. δέδεκα:

plqpf. ἐδέθηκειν:—Pass., fut. δεθήσομαι, fut. 3 δεθήσομαι: aor. I ἐδέθην: pf. δέδεμαι: plqpf. ἐδεδέμην, Ep. 3 sing. δέδετο:—to bind, tie, fasten, fetter: absol. to imprison. 2. metaph. to bind fast, enclose: later, to bind by spells, enchant. 3. c. gen. to let, prevent, hinder from a thing. II. Med. to bind or tie on oneself; ποσὶ δ' ὑπαὶ λιπαροῖσιν ἐδήσασθε καλὰ πέδιλα tied them on his feet; but in plqpf. pass., περὶ κνήμῃσι κνημῖδας δέδετο he had greaves bound round his legs.

ΔΕΩ (B), fut. δήσω: aor. I ἔδησα, Ep. 3 sing. δήσεν: pf. δέδεκα:—to want, lack, miss, stand in need of, c. gen.; ὀλίγου δέω I want little, i. e. am near; πολλοῦ δέω I want much, i. e. am far from; ὀλίγον δέω θαυροῖσιν I want little of tears; δυοὺν ἔοντα τεσσαράκοντα forty lacking two, like Lat. duodeviginti. II. for δέῖ imperat., and δέων, see the words.

III. Dep. δέομαι: fut. δέήσομαι: aor. I ἐδέθην: pf. δέδεμαι. To stand in need of, want, c. gen.: hence, to long or strive after, wish, beg for: c. dupl. gen. to beg a thing from a person.

2. absol. to be in want or need, mostly in part., as κάρτα δέομνος.

ΔΗ', Particle, properly of Time, now, already; δκτὼ δὴ προέηκα . . . ἔστούς already have I shots πολλὰκι δὴ, Lat. jam saepe: with imperat. and fut. now, forthwith, directly. II. marking Connection, then; in summing up numbers, γίνονται δὴ ὅσους χίλιοι these then make up a thousand; καὶ δὴ marks the thing meant to be emphatic, els Ἀλγυστον ἀνέκυτο. . . καὶ δὴ καὶ ἐς Σάρδεις, he reached Egypt, and what is more Sardis also; also to put a supposed case, καὶ δὴ δέδεγμαί well suppose I have accepted.

III. belonging to the word which it follows, with Verbs, ἄγε δὴ, φέρε δὴ, do but come, only come; with a Sup., μέγιστος δὴ the very greatest. 2. in ironical sense, Lat. scilicet; εἰσήγαγε τὰς ἑταιρίδας δὴ he brought in the pretended courtesans. 3. with Pronouns, ἐμε δὴ ὥδε διαθεῖναι thus to use a man like me; σὺ δὴ . . . ἐτύλμησας; you of all persons.

4. with other Particles, δὴ adds explicitness; ὥς δὴ, ἵνα δὴ, that [it may be] exactly so, just so; also ὡς δὴ, ἅτε δὴ, ὅλα δὴ in that, inasmuch as.

δέ-ἄλωτος, *ov*, contr. for δηϊάλωτος.

δέγμα, ατος, τό, (δάκνω) a bite, sting.

δηγμός, ὁ, = δηγμα.

δήμα, = ἔην, Adv. long, for a long time.

δήθε and δήθεν, Adv. (δή) perhaps: I εὐπόρως mostly iron., like Lat. scilicet, to wit, f. r. o. o. b: with ὥς, as if forsooth; ὥς ἔπην ἔθθεν pretending it was game.

δηθύνω [v], f. θυνῶ, (δηδῶ) to tarry, be long, delay.

δητιάσκων, Ep. impf. of δηϊώω.

δητ-ἄλωτος, *ov*, (δήιος, ἄλναι) taken by the enemy, cap. tve.

δήιος, η, *ov*, Ep. for δάιος, hostile. Hence

δηϊότης, ἥτος, ἡ, battle-strife, battle.

δηϊώω, Att. δηῶ, inf. δηοῖν; part. δῆν Ep. δηιων

impf. ἐδῆον Att. ἐδῆον Ion. ἐδῆεν Ep. δῆουν : fut. δῆωσα : aor. ἐδῆωσα, Att. ἐδῶσα, part. δῆώσας : pf. δεδῶκα :—Med., Ep. 3 pl. impf. δῆσαντο : aor. 1 ἐδῶσαν :—Pass., aor. 1 ἐδῶσθην, part. δῶθείς : pf. δεδῶμαι : (δῆιος)—to treat as an enemy : to cut down, slay, rend, cleave. II. to waste or ravage a country.

δηκτῆριος, *ον*, (δάκνω) biting, torturing.
δηκτικός, *ή, όν*, (δάκνω) biting : pungent.
δηλα-δή, Adv. (δῆλος δῆ) clearly, plainly, of course : in answers, yes plainly.

δηλαῖω, collat. form of δηλέομαι.
ΔΗΛΕΨΟΜΑΙ, fut. ἦσομαι : pf. δεδήλημαι, inf. δεδήλησθαι in pass. sense : Dep.—to hurt greatly, do a mischief to, destroy, Lat. *delere* : absol. to do mischief, be hurtful : of things, κορπὸν δηλήσασθαι to waste the fruit, ὅρκια δηλήσασθαι to break oaths. Hence

δῆλημα, *ατος, τό*, mischief, ruin,bane.
δηλῆμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, baneful : as Subst., βοσῶν δηλῆμων destroyer of men.
δῆλησις, *εως, ή*, (δηλέομαι) ruin,bane.
δηλητήρ, ἦρος, *ό*, (δηλέομαι) a destroyer. Hence
δηλητήριος, *ον*, baneful, destructive.

Δήλιος τό, v. sub Δήλιος.
Δηλιά, *αδος, ή*, (Δῆλος) a Delian woman.
Δήλιος, *α, ον*, (Δῆλος) Delian : τὰ Δῆλια (sub. ἱερά), the festival of Apollo at Delos.

δηλον-ότι, Adv. for ὅλον ὅτι, = δηλαδή, it is plain that, clearly, of course : also namely, Lat. *videlicet*.
δηλο-ποιέω, *ή, ήσω*, (δῆλος, ποιέω) to make manifest.

Δῆλος, *ό*, Delos, one of the Cyclades, birthplace of Apollo and Artemis : called also Ὀρτυγία. From
δῆλος, *η, ον*, also *ος, ον* ; contr. from δέελος, visible, clear. 2. manifest, evident, certain ; δῆλον as Adv. clearly, plainly. Hence

δηλός, *ή, ήσω*, to shew, make visible or clear : to point out, make known. 2. to prove : to declare, explain, set forth : also to signify. 3. to point out, order.

II. intrans. — δῆλός εἰμι, to be clear or plain ; δηλοῖ ὅτι οὐκ Ὀμήρου τὰ Κῦπρια, ἔπεά ἐστι *it is clear that...* Hence

δῆλως, Adv. of δῆλος, manifestly.
δῆλωσις, *εως, ή*, a pointing out, explaining 2. a direct ion, command

δημαγωγός, *ή, ήσω*, (δημαγωγός) to be a popular leader or demagogue

δημαγωγία, *ή*, the conduct or character of a public leader and

δημαγωγικός, *ή, όν*, fit for a popular leader. From
δημ-αγωγός, *ό*, (δῆμος, άγω) a popular leader, a mob-leader, demagogue

δημικίδιον, τό, a comic Dim. of δῆμος.
δημ-άρτος, *ον*, (δῆμος, άράμαι) prayed for by the people : prop. n. of a king of Sparta.

δημαρχία, *ή, ήσω*, to be demarch or tribune. Hence
δημαρχία, *ή*, the office of demarch, tribunate ; and
δημαρχικός, *ή, όν*, tribunician. From

δῆμ-αρχος, *ό*, (δῆμος, άρχω) at Athens, the president of a δῆμος, who kept the registers, a demarch :—at Rome, a tribune, Lat. *tribunus plebis*.

δῆμευσις, *εως, ή*, confiscation. From
δημεύω, *ή, ήσω*, (δῆμος) to declare public property : to confiscate a citizen's goods, Lat. *publicare*. 2. generally, to make public.

δημηγορέω, *ή, ήσω*, (δημηγόρος) to be a public orator ; to harangue the people, Lat. *concionari*.

δημηγορία, *ή*, a deliberative speech : a speech in the public assembly ; and
δημηγορικός, *ή, όν*, of public speaking, qualified for it. From

δημ-ηγόρος, *ό*, (δῆμος, άγορεύω) one who harangues the people, a public speaker, Lat. *concionator*.

δημηλιάστα, *ή*, exile. From
δημ-ήλστος, *ον*, (δῆμος, ελαίνω) publicly exiled.

Δη-μήτηρ, *ή* ; gen. *τερος* and *τρος* : acc. *τερα* or *τρα*, also Δημήτηρ : (δῆ for γῆ, μήτηρ)—Demeter, Lat. Ceres, goddess of agriculture, mother of Proserpine.

δημήδιον, τό, comic Dim. of δῆμος. [18]
δημιζώ, *ή, ήσω*, (δῆμος) to affect the popular side, cheat the people.

δημιό-πρῦτα, τά, (δῆμος, πιπράσκει) goods seized by public authority, confiscated goods.

δῆμιος, *ον*, Dor. δάμιος, *α, ον* ; (ἐῆμος) :—belonging to the people ; δῆμοι αὐσυνήται judges elected by the people :—as Adv., δῆμα πίνειν to drink at the public cost. 2. δῆμιος, *ό*, as Subst., the public executioner.

δημιουργία, *ή, ήσω*, to be a workman, to work : and
δημιουργία, *ή*, workmanship, work ; and
δημιουργικός, *ή, όν*, of or for a workman. Adv. —*κώς*, in a workmanlike fashion. From

δημι-ουργός, ποστ. δημιο-εργός, *όν* ; (δῆμος, εργον) : working for the people : as Subst., δημιουργός, *ό*, a workman, handicraftsman : generally, a maker, author : metaph. ὁρθος δημιουργός morn that calls man to work. 2. the Maker of the world. II. name of a magistrate.

δημο-βόρος, *ον*, (δῆμος, βορά) devourer of the people.
δημο-γέρον, *οντος, ό*, (δῆμος, γέρον) an elder of the people ; generally, an elder, chief : in plur., the nobles, chiefs, like Lat. *senatores*.

δημόθεν, Adv. (ἐῆμος) at the public cost. II. by deme or birthplace.

δημό-θροος, *ον*, contr. —θροος, *ονν* (δῆμος, θρέω) uttered by the people.

δημοκοπέω, *ή, ήσω*, to curry mob favour ; and
δημοκοπέος, *ή, όν*, suited to a demagogue. From

δημό-κοπος, *ό*, (δῆμος, κύπτω) a demagogue.

δημό-κραντος, *ον*, (δῆμος, κραίνω) ratified by the people.

δημο-κράτέομαι, Pass. (δῆμος, κρατέω) to have a democratical constitution, live in a democracy. Hence

δημοκρατία, *ή*, democracy, popular government. Hence

δημοκρατικός, ἡ, ὄν, suited to a democracy.

δημό-λευστος, ον, (δῆμος, λεύω) stoned by the people; δημόλευστος φόνος death by public stoning.

δημόμοιαι, Dep. (δῆμος) to talk popularly, to jest.

δημο-πίθηκος, ὁ, (δῆμος, πίθηκος) a mob-monkey, barbarian.

δημο-ρίψης, ἐς, (δῆμος, ῥίπτω) buried by the people.

ΔΗΜΟΣ, ὁ, a country-district, opp. to πόλις; ἐν δήμῳ τῷδε; μάλα πῶνα δῆμον, etc. II. the commons, common people, plebeians, Lat. plebs, δήμου ἄνθρωπος, opp. to βασιλεὺς; also δῆμος ἑὺν being a commoner.

III. in democratical states, esp. at Athens, the commons, the people, the citizens: hence 2. a popular constitution, democracy.

IV. δήμοι in Attica, townships or hundreds, Lat. pagi, subdivisions of the φύλαι; in the time of Herodotus, 100 in number, 10 in each φυλή.

ΔΗΜΟΣΊΣ, ὁ, fat.

δημοσίη, Adv. see δημόσιος.

δημοσιεύω, = δημεύω, to confiscate.

II. intr. to lead a public life, opp. to ἰδιωτεύω, to belong to the state. From

δημόσιος, α, ον, (δῆμος) belonging to the people or state, Lat. publicus.

II. ὁ δημόσιος (sub. δοῦλος), a public officer or servant of mean rank, as the public crier, or watchman.

III. as neut., δημοσίον, τό, the state, Lat. respublica. 2. any public building: the public prison.

IV. Doric fem. ἡ δημοσία (sub. σικηνή), the tent of the Spartan kings. 2. dat. δημοσίῳ, Ion. -ίῳ, as Adv., in public, at the public expense. Hence

δημοσιόω, f. ὤσω, = δημεύω, to confiscate.

δημῶ-τελής, ἐς, (δῆμος, τέλος) at the public cost, public, national.

δημότερος, α, ον, (δῆμος) common, vulgar.

δημότης, ου, ὁ, (δῆμος) one of the people: a commoner, plebeian.

II. a member of the same δῆμος, a fellow-citizen.

δημοτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (δῆμος) suiting the people, common: public.

II. of the populace, one of them, Lat. plebeius.

III. on the democratic side, Lat. popularis: generally, popular:—Adv. -κῶς, affably, kindly.

IV. at Athens, of or belonging to a deme, opp. to δημοσίος.

δημ-οὔχος, ον, (δῆμος, ἔχω) protecting the people, tutelary, of divinities: as Subst., δημοῦχοι γὰρ guardians of the land.

δημο-φάγος, ὄν, (δῆμος, φάγειν) = δημοβόρος.

δημ-ο-χαρίστης, οὔ, ὁ, (δῆμος, χαρίζομαι) flatterer of the people.

δημ-ώδης, ἐς, (δῆμος, εἶδος) like the people, popular, popular.

Δῆν, Dor. δάν, (δή, ἡδη) Adv. Lat. diu, long, for a long while, this long time: long ago. Hence

δηνάος, Dor. δαναός, ἄ, ὢν, long-lived: aged, ancient.

δηνάριον, τό, a Roman coin, not quite = Gr. δραχμή: being about 84d.

ΔΗ'ΝΕΑ, τά, counsels, plans, arts: only in plur.

δελι-θύμος, ον, (δάκναι, θυμός) heart-eating.

δῆξομαι, fut. of δάξω.

δρῶν, inf. of δρῶω: but δρῶν, Ep. impf.

δῆ-ποθεν, indef. Adv. from any quarter, Lat. undecumque; ὅθεν δῆποθεν from some quarter or other.

δῆ-ποτε, Dor. δῆ-ποκα, indef. Adv., often written δῆποτε, at some time, once, once on a time: —εἰ δῆποτε, Lat. si quando —τί δῆποτε; Lat. quidnam?

δῆ-που, indef. Adv., often written δῆπου, perhaps, it may be: doubtless, I suppose, Lat. scilicet, nimirum.

II. as interrog. implying an affirm. answer: τὴν αἰχμάλωτον κάτοισθα δῆπου; you know the captive woman, I presume?

δῆ-πουθεν, indef. Adv., = δῆπου.

δηρίασθαι, Ep. 3 dual δηρίασθον, 3 pl. δηρίασθον, inf. δηρίασθαι: Dep.: (δῆρις): —to contend, fight: to quarrel, wrangle.

δηρινθήτην, v. sub sq.

ΔΗΡΙΣ, ιος and εως, ἡ, fight, battle, contest.

δηρί-φάτος, ον, (δῆρις, φάω) slain in fight.

δῆρῶ, aor. I ἐδήρῆσα, = δηρίαομαι: —Med. δηρίομαι, fut. δηρίαομαι [?]: 3 pl. aor. I med. δηρίσαντο; also 3 dual aor. I pass. δηρινθήτην, as if from δηρίνομαι.

δερῶ-βιος, Dor. δαρῶβιος, ον, (δερῶς, βίος) long-lived.

δερῶς, ὁ, ὄν, (δῆρ) long, too long: —in bad sense, νεῦν δερῶν as Adv., all too long.

δεσάσκετο, Ep. for ἐδήσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of δέω.

δέσσει, Ep. for ἐδεσσει, 3 sing. aor. I of δέω, to bind: also Ep. for ἐδέσσει, aor. I of δέω, to want.

δέττα, Adv. (δή) certainly, to be sure, of course; in answers, yes certainly; οὐ δέττα, certainly not. In questions, τί δέττα; what then?

δεχθεῖς, δεχθῆναι, aor. I pass. part. and inf. of δάκνω.

δεῶσας, δεῶσθαι, aor. I part. act. and med. of δηῶω.

ΔΕΩΩ, I shall find: pres. with fut. sense.

Δηῶ, ἡ, gen. δός, contr. εἶς, = Δημήτηρ, Lat. Ceres.

δῆων, contr. for δηῶων, pres. part. of δηῶω.

Δηῶος, α, ον, (Δηῶ) sacred to Demeter (Ceres).

δῆωσω, fut. of δηῶω.

ΔΙΔ, contr. for Διτ, dat. of Ζεύς; *Δίς.

ΔΙΑ΄, poet. διαλ, Prep. with gen. and acc.—Radic. sense, right through.

WITH GEN., I. of Place or Space, through, out at; δι' ἡέρος αἰθέρ' ἵκωνεν quite through the lower air even to the ether; ἔκπεσε καὶ διὰ πάντων he stood out from among them.

2. of Intervals of Space, διὰ πολλοῦ at a great distance; διὰ πέντε σταδίων at a distance of 5 stades; διὰ δέκα ἐπάλξεων at intervals of ten battlements, i. e. at every tenth battlement.

II. of Time, through, throughout, during, and, of the past, since; διὰ χρόνου after some time.

3. of Successive Intervals; διὰ τρίτης ἡμέρης every third day; διὰ πέντε ἑτῶν every five years.

III. arising from, through, by means of.

ty, Lat. *per*; δι' ἀγγέλου λέγειν, etc.: hence of the Manner in which a thing is done, διὰ σπουδῆς with earnestness.

WITH ACC. of Place, *through, throughout*; διὰ δῶμα *throughout the house*.

2. of Time, *during, by*; διὰ νύκτα *by night*. II. *with a view to, on account, for the sake, by reason of*; διὰ πολλά *for many reasons*.

WITHOUT CASE, as Adv., *throughout*.

IN COMPOS., I. *all through, across*, as in διαβαίνω. 2. *to the end*, as in διαβίω, διαμάχομαι: hence simply to add strength, *thoroughly, completely*.

II. *between, partly*, esp. in Adj., as διάλευκος, etc. III. *one with or against another*, as δι-δῶ. IV. *one from another, asunder*, Lat. *dis-*, as in δια-λύνω.

Διᾶ, acc. of Ζεύς; v. nom. *Δίε.

Δία, ἡ, *the godlike one*, fem. of διος; Δία θεῶν or γυναικῶν, a goddess among goddesses or women.

Δια-ζαδίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to go across*.

Δια-βαίνο, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 -έβην, part. διαβάς: pf. -βέβηκα: I. intr. *to make a stride, stand with the legs apart, and so to stand firm, of warriors*. II. c. acc., *to step across, step over*: also absol., *to cross over*, like Lat. *trajicere*.

Δια-βάλλω *for the tenses, v. βάλλω*, *to throw over or across, carry over or across*: seemingly intr. (sub. εἰπόντων, στρατόν, etc.) like Lat. *trajicere*, *to pass over, cross over*. II. *to accuse falsely, slander, calumniate: to accuse a man to another*. III. *to mislead, impose upon*.

Διαβάς, aor. 2 part. of διαβαίνο.

Διάβαστος, εως, ἡ, (διαβαίνω) *a crossing over, passage*. 2. *a means or place of crossing*.

Διαβάσκω, Frequent. of διαβαίνο, *to strut about*.

Δια-βαστάω, f. ἄσω, *to weigh in the balance*.

Δια-βᾶτες, α, ον, verb. Adj. of διαβαίνο, *that must be crossed*.

Διαβᾶτήριος, ον, (διαβαίνο) *with a view to a fortunate passage: διαβᾶτήρια (ιερά), τά, offerings for a happy passage*.

Διαβᾶτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of διαβαίνο, *to be crossed or passed, fordable*.

Δια-βεβαιόμαι, Dep. *to maintain strongly*.

Διαβέβηκα, pf. of διαβαίνο.

Διαβεβίωκα, pf. of διαβίω.

Διαβέβληκα, pf. of διαβάλλω.

Διαβέβρωμαι, pf. pass. of διαβιβρώσκω.

Διαβήμεναι, Ep. for διαβῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαβαίνο.

Διαβήσομαι, fut. of διαβαίνο.

Διαβήτης, ου, ὁ, (διαβαίνο) *a pair of compasses*.

Δια-βιάζομαι, f. ἄσσομαι, strengthd. for βιάζομαι.

Δια-βιβάζω: fut. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of διαβαίνο, *to carry across*.

Δια-βιβρώσκω, f. -βρώσομαι: pt. pass. βέβρωμαι: —*to devour*.

Δια-βίωω, f. -ώσομαι: aor. 2 -έβιω, inf. -βίω: (as if from a pres. δια-βίωμι): —*to live through, pass*. 2.

absol. c. part., μελετᾶν διαβεβιωκέναι *to spend one's life in practising*.

Δια-βλέπω, f. ψομαι, *to look through: to look straight before one*. 2. *to see clearly*.

Διαβλήθεις, aor. I pass. part. of διαβάλλω.

Διαβόλω, f. ἡσσομαι, *to shout or cry out, proclaim, publish*: —Med. *to contend in shouting*.

Διαβολή, ἡ, (διαβάλλω) *false accusation, slander, calumny*.

Διαβολία, ἡ, = διαβολή.

Διάβολος, ον, (διαβάλλω) *falsely accusing, slanderous, calumnious*: —as Subst., διάβολος, ὁ, *a slanderer*; esp. ὁ διάβολος, *the Slanderer, the Devil*. Adv. διαβόλως, *invidiously*.

Διαβόρος, ον, (διαβιβρώσκω) *eating through: c. acc., νόστος διαβόρος πόδα a sore that eats through my foot*.

II. διαβόρος, ον, pass. *eaten through, consumed*.

Δια-βουλεύομαι, Dep., *to deliberate well*.

Δια-βρέχω, f. εῖω, *to wet through*. Hence

Διάβροχος, ον, *very wet, wet, moist*. 2. *soaked, steeped*; ναῖς διάβροχοι *soaked, i. e. rotten ships*.

Διαβρώσομαι, fut. of διαβιβρώσκω.

Δια-βρύνω, δια-βρύω, *to thrust through*: —Pass. *to be thrust or passed through*.

Διαβῶ, ἦς, ἦ, aor. 2 subj. of διαβαίνο.

Δια-γαλήνιζω, f. ἴσω, (διά, γαλήνη) *to make quite calm*.

Δι-αγγέλλω, f. -εἰλῶ: aor. I διήγγειλα: —*to send as a message: generally, to give notice, notify, proclaim: c. inf. to order to do*: —Med. *to pass the word of command from man to man, inform one another*.

Δι-ἄγγελος, ὁ, *a messenger between two, Lat. inter-nuncius: a go-between, spy*.

Διάγς, Dor. for διήγς, 3 sing. impf. of διάγω.

Διαγεγένημαι, pf. of διαγίγνομαι.

Δια-γελᾶω, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ], *to laugh at, mock*.

Διαγενήσομαι, fut. of διαγίγνομαι.

Διαγενόμενος, aor. 2 part. of sq.

Δια-γίγνομαι, f. -γενήσομαι, pf. -γεγένημαι: —*to go through, pass: absol. to go through life, survive, live*. 2. *to be between, intervene, elapse*.

Δια-γιγνώσκω: f. -γνώσομαι: —*to discern between two, to distinguish, Lat. discernere*. II. *to resolve finally, determine, vote to do so and so*. 2. as Athen. law-term, *to give judgment, decide*.

Διαγίνομαι, Ion. and in late Greek for διαγίγνομαι.

Διαγινώσκω, Ion. and in late Greek for διαγίγνομαι.

Δι-αγκυλίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Att. ἰσῶμαι, Dep.: (διά ἀγκύλη) —*to hold the javelin by its ibong; pf. pass part. διηγκυλιόμενος, with the ibong ready fastened ready to throw or shoot*.

Δι-αγκυλόμαι, = διαγκυλίζομαι.

Δια-γλάφω, f. ψω, aor. I διέγλαψα, *to hollow out*.

Δια-γλυπτός, η, ον, (διά, γλύφω) *all carved*.

Δι-αγνώμη, ἡ, *a final decree, resolution*. From

Διαγνώω, aor. 2 inf. of διαγιγνώσκω.

Δια-γνωρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to inquire accurately*.

Διάγνωσης, εως, ἡ, (διαγιγνώσκω) *a discerning between*

two, distinguishing, discrimination.
ing, deciding.

διαγνώσομαι, fut. of διαγιγνώσκω.

δια-γογγύζω, f. σω, to mutter, murmur.

δια-γορεύω, (for the tenses, v. ἀγορεύω) to speak plainly, declare.

II. to speak of.

διάγραμμα, ατος, τό, (διαγράφω) that which is marked out by lines, a figure, form, plan: a geometrical figure, diagram. 2. a register. 3. an edict.

διαγραφή, ἡ, (διαγράφω) a marking out by lines: a diagram.

δια-γράφω, f. ψω, to mark out by lines, draw out.

II. to cross out, strike off the list, Lat. circumscribere; δ. δίκην to strike a cause out of the list, cancel, quash it: in Med., διαγράφασθαι δίκην to cross one's own cause out, withdraw it.

δια-γρηγορέω, f. ἦσω, to remain awake.

δια-αγρίνω, to be much provoked.

δια-αγρυπνέω, f. ἦσω, to lie wide awake.

δια-άγχω, f. γέω, to strangle to death.

δια-άγω, f. άέω: aor. 2 διήγαγον:—to carry over or across, take across.

II. of Time, to pass, spend; διάγει βίω, etc.: but often without βίω, to live, pass life, like Lat. degere: also to delay, put off: c. part. to continue, go on doing.

III. to make to continue, keep, support.

IV. to entertain.

V. to keep, celebrate. Hence

διαγωγή, ἡ, a carrying across.

II. a passing of life, a course of life: also a way of passing time, amusement, pastime.

δια-γωνίζομαι, Dep. to contend or fight against. II. to struggle earnestly: to fight to the end.

δια-δάπτω, f. ψω, to tear asunder, rend.

δια-δάτεομαι, fut. -δάσομαι: aor. 1 -εδασάμην (cf. δατέομαι):—to divide among themselves. 2. to distribute.

διαδέδεγμαι, pf. of διαδέχομαι.

διαδεδράκω, pf. of διαδιδράσκω.

δια-δείκνυμι, f. -δείξω, to shew through: hence to make clear, shew:—Pass. to be shewn clearly, διαδεικνύσθαι ἐν πολέμοις let him be declared the king's enemy.

II. sometimes intrans. in Ion. aor. 1 διέδεξε, it was clear, manifest

διαδέκτωρ, ορος, ό, (διαδέχομαι) as Adj. inherited.

δια-δέξιος, ον, (διά, δεξιός) of right good omen.

δια-δέρκομαι, aor. 2 έέρηκον: Dep.:—to see a thing through another; οὐδ' άν νῶτ διαδράκω he would not see us through it, ac. the cloud.

διάδετος, ον, (διαδέω) bound fast; χαλινοί διάδετοι γενύων ιππέων firm-bound through the horse's mouth.

δια-δέχομαι, f. -δέξομαι: pf. -δέδεγμαι: Dep.:—to receive one from another, Lat. excipere: to take up: c. dat. pers. to succeed to, relieve on guard:—hence in pf. part. διαδεγμένοι, in turns, by turns, Lat. vicissim.

δια-δέω, f. δήσω, to bind round, bind fast: generally, to bind on, fasten.

δια-δηλόμαι, Dep. to tear in pieces.

διά-δηλος, ον, manifest or distinguished among others.

διάδημα, ατος, τό, (διαδέω) a band or fillet: esp. the blue band worked with white which went round the turban (τιάρα) of the Persian king: a diadem.

δια-διδράσκω, f. -δράσομαι (ά): Ion. διαδιδρήσκω, -δρήσομαι: aor. 2 -έδραυ: pf. -δέδρακα:—to run off, escape, get away.

δια-δίδομι, f. δώσω, to give from hand to hand, pass or give over, Lat. tradere. 2. to distribute, assign.

3. to spread about, publish

δια-δικάζω, f. άέω, to give judgment in a case: c. acc. rei, to decide, rule:—Med. to go to law: to plead one's cause.

δια-δικαίω, f. άέω, to hold to be right.

διαδικασία, ἡ, (διαδικάζω) an action to settle disputed claims.

δια-διφρεῖω, f. σω, to run a chariot-race.

δια-δοκιμάζω, f. άέω, to test closely.

διαδοβέω, aor. 2 part. pass. of διαδίδωμι.

διάδος, ότα, aor. 2 imperat. of διαδίδωμι.

διάδοσις, εως, ἡ, (διαδίδωμι) distribution.

διαδοῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαδίδωμι.

διαδοχή, ἡ, (διαδέχομαι) a succession; ἐκ διαδοχῆς or κατὰ διαδοχὴν in turn. 2. a relief on guard.

διάδοχος, ό, ἡ, (διαδέχομαι) succeeding; as Subst., διάδοχος, ό, a successor: ὕπνου φέγγος διάδοχον Sleep's successor, Light; διάδοχοι ἐποίησαν they went to work in gangs or reliefs.

διαδράκοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of διαδέρκομαι.

διαδράμειν, aor. 2 inf. of διατρέχω.

διαδράναι Ion. -δρήναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαδιδράσκω.

διαδραπέτεω Ion. δια-δρατη-, to escape entirely.

διαδρῦσι-πολιται, οί, (διαδιδράσκω, πολέτης) citizens who evade public duties.

διαδράσομαι, Ion. -δρήσομαι, fut. of διαδιδράσκω.

διαδρόστειω, lengthd. Ion. form for διαδιδράσκω.

διαδρομή, ἡ, (διαδραμειν) a running through a place. 2. a passage through.

διαδρόμος, ον, (διαδραμειν) running through or about, wandering: vagabond, stray.

δια-δύνω or -δύω; also as Dep. δια-δύομαι; fut. δύσομαι: aor. 2 διέδυν:—to pass through: slip away, get off, escape.

διαδύς, aor. 2 part. of διαδύνω, διαδύομαι.

δια-δύω, v. διαδύνω.

δι-άδω, f. άέομαι, v. διαείδω.

δια-δορέομαι, Dep. to distribute in presents.

δια-άπει, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of διήμι.

*δια-είδω: f. -είσομαι: aor. 2 διείδον (q. v.):—to shew forth, prove: as Pass., ἀρετὴ διαίθεται courage is discerned.

δι-άειδω, Att. contr. διάδω: f. -άεισομαι contr. -ήσομαι:—to sing for a prize.

δια-ειμένος, pf. part. pass. of διήμι.

δια-ειπέμεν, pf. part. pass. of διήμι.

δια-είπω, f. άέομαι, v. διαείπω.

δια-ζάω, inf. διαζῆν: impf. διέζην: fut. διαζήσω:—to live through, pass: absol. to live: c. part. to live by doing so and so, διαζῶνι ποιηγαγόντες: διαζῆν από τινος to live off or by a thing.

δια-ζεύγνυμι, f. ζεύω, to disjoin. Hence διαζεύεις, εως, ἡ, a disjoining.
διαζητέω, f. ἤσω, to search through: to seek out, invent.

διαζυγία, ἡ, (διά, ζυγόν) = διαζεύεις.
διαζώμα, ατος, τό, that which is gird, the waist. II.

that which girds, a girdle. From

δια-ζώννυμι or -ώω: fut. ζώσω:—to gird round: Med. to gird oneself with a belt, etc.

δια-ζώω, Ion. for δια-ζάω.

δι-άημι, Ep. 3 sing. impf. δίδαι, to blow or breathe through.

δια-θάσσομαι, f. άσσομαι [ά], Ion. ἡσσομαι: Dep.:—to look through, look closely at, examine.

δια-θαύω, f. άσω, to fumigate.

διάθεσις, εως, ἡ, (διατίθημι) a disposing in order, arrangement. 2. = διαθήκη. II. (from Pass.)

a disposition, state, condition.

διαθέτης, ου, ὁ, (διατίθημι) one who disposes in order, a regulator, arranger.

δια-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run about: of reports, to spread.

διαθήκη, ἡ, (διατίθημι) a disposition of property by will; a will and testament: also a covenant.

δια-θορύβω, f. ἤσω, to confound utterly.

δι-αθρέω, f. ἤσω, to look through, look closely into, examine closely.

δια-θροέω, f. ἤσω, to spread a report, give out.

δια-θρυλλέω or -θρυλλέω, f. ἤσω, to spread abroad:—Pass. to be the common talk, be commonly reported.

II. in Pass. also to be talked deaf; pf. part. διαθερρυλημένος.

δια-θρύπτω, f. ψω: aor. 3 pass. διερύπην [ῥ]:—to break in pieces, shiver. II. metaph. to weaken, enervate:—Pass. to be broken down, enervated: to live

riotously:—Med. to be affected, give oneself airs.

διαθιβάω, f. άσω, to be quite clear and fine. From

δι-αίθρος, ου, (διά, αίθρα) quite clear and fine.

δι-αίθρσσω, to rush or dart to and fro.

δι-αιμος, ου, (διά, αίμα) blood-stained.

δίαινω, f. άνω: aor. έδίηνα:—much like λάλω, to wet, moisten:—Med., διαλνεσθαι υσσε to wet one's eyes:

absol. to weep. II. to weep for, bewail.

διαίρεσις, εως, ἡ, a dividing, division, esp. of a class into its constituent parts: and

διαίρετος, η, ου, divided: divisible: hence distinguishable. II. distributed. From

δι-αίρω, f. ἤσω: aor. 2 διείλον:—Pass., aor. 1 διήρην: pf. διηρημαι:—to divide, part or cleave in twain: to cut open, to tear away, pull down. II.

to divide, distribute:—Med. to divide among themselves.

III. to determine. put an end to: to define, interpret.

δι-αίρω, f. -άρω, to raise up, lift up. II. to part around: διαρριν τδ στόμα to open the mouth.

δι-αίρω, f. -αίρω: Att. δι-άσσω, -άττω, fut. φέω: aor. 1 διήφα:—to rush through or across: of sound, to shoot through the air.

δι-αύτονω, f. άσω, (διά, άστος) to make an end of. ΔΡΑΪΤΑ, ἡ, life, a way of living, mode of life. 2. a place for living, a dwelling. II. at Athens, arbitration. Hence

διατάω, f. ἤσω: impf. έδιαιτων or διήτων: aor. 1 έδιαιτησα or διήτησα: pf. δεδιήτηκα: plqpf. έδεδιήτηκα:—Pass., aor. 1 διτηρήην: pf. δεδιήτημαι:—to maintain, support:—Pass. to lead a certain course of life, to live. II. to be arbiter or umpire: generally, to regulate, govern. Hence

διαίτημα, ατος, τό, mostly in plur. rules of life, a mode or course of life.

διατρήμιον, τό, (διατράω) dwelling-rooms.

διατητής, ου, ὁ, (διατάω II) an arbitrator, umpire, Lat. arbiter.

δια-κάθαιρω, f. -καθάρω, and δια-καθαρίζω, f. ιώ, to cleanse or purge thoroughly.

διακαθαριέ, 3 sing. fut. of διακαθαρίζω.

δια-καθίζω, fut. -ιζήσω and -ιώ, to make to sit apart, set apart.

δια-καίω, f. -καύσω: pass. pf. διακέκαυμαι:—to burn through, set on fire, heat to excess.

δια-κανάσσω, aor. 1 διεκάναφα, of liquid, to run gurgling through. (Formed from the sound.)

δια-καρτερώ, f. ἤσω, to endure to the end, last out.

δια-κατελέγχω, impf. med. διακατηλεγχόμην:—to confute utterly.

διάκαυμα, ατος, τό, (διακαίω) burning heat.

δια-κανυιάω, (κανυός) to determine by lot.

δια-κεάω, f. άσω, to split asunder.

διά-κειμαι, inf. -κεῖσθαι: fut. -κελσομαι:—used as Pass. of διατίθημι, to be disposed or to be in a certain manner; often with Adverbs, φιλικώς διακεῖσθαι to be friendly disposed; υπόπτως διακεῖσθαι to be suspiciously disposed; κακώς διακεῖσθαι to be in a sorry plight, etc. II. of things, to be settled, fixed: τὰ διακείμενα certain terms.

δια-κείρω: fut. -κερῶ and -κέρσω: pf. -λεωρκα:—to cut in pieces: to make null and void, frustrate: deprive of; σκευάρια διακεκομμένος stripped of his trappings. II. to break through transgress.

διακέναισμαι, pf. pass. of διακναίω,

διακέρκιμαι, pf. pass. of διακρίνω.

δια-κέλευσμαι, Dep. to give order to different persons, to exhort. 2. to encourage as another. 3.

to admonish, inform. Hence

δια-κέλευσμός, ὁ, an exhortation, bearing on.

διά-κενος, ου, quite empty, hollow.

δια-κέομαι, Ion. for διάκειμαι.

δια-κερματίζω, f. έσω Att. ιώ, (διδ κέρμα) to change into small coin.

διακέρσαι, aor. 1 inf. of διακρίνω

δια-κηρυκεύομαι, Dep. to negotiate by herald.

δια-κηρύσσω, f. έω, to proclaim by herald: to sell by auction.

δια-κινδυνεύω, f. έω, to run all risks, make a desperate

rate effort:—Pass. to be hazarded; διακεκινδυνεύ-
μένος, η, ον, desperate.

δια-κινέω, f. ήσω, to move throughout, throw into dis-
order. II. to sift thoroughly, scrutinise, Lat. ex-
cutere. III. Pass. to be put in motion, move.

δια-κλάω, f. άσω [ά]: aor. I διεκλάσα, Ep. part.
διακλάσας:—to break in twain:—διακεκλασμένος
enervated.

δια-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to carry off by stealth. II.
to leave by stealth:—Med., with aor. 2 pass. διεκλά-
πην [ά], to steal away, get safe off. III. to keep
back by stealth.

δια-κληρώ, f. ώσω, to assign by lot, allot. 2.
to choose by lot:—Med. to cast lots.

δια-κλίνω, to turn away, retreat. Hence
διακλίσις, εως, ή, a turning away, retreat.

δια-κλύζω, f. ύσω [ύ], to wash thoroughly, wash.

δια-κναίω, f. -κναίσω:—Pass., fut. διακναισθήσομαι:
pf. διακέναισμαι:—to scrape or grate to nothing:
to wear away: to crush in pieces:—Pass. to be worn
away, destroyed; τδ χρώμα διακεκναισμένος having
lost all his colour.

δια-κνίζω, f. σω, to pull to pieces.

δια-κοιράνέω, to rule through or over.

διακομιδή, ή, a carrying over or across. From

δια-κομίζω, for the tenses, v. κομίζω to carry over
or across:—Med. to carry over what is one's own:—
Pass. to pass or cross over.

διακονέω, Ion. διηκονέω: f. ήσω: impf. ἐδιακόνουν
and διηκόνουν, aor. I ἐδιακόνησα and διηκόνησα: pf.
δεδιακόνηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἐδιακονήθη: pf. δεδιακό-
νημαι: (διάκονος):—to wait on, serve: to furnish,
supply:—Med. to serve oneself. Hence

διακονία, ή, service, business. 2. attendance on
a duty, ministry. 3. the office of a deacon.

διακονικός, ή, όν, (διακονέω) serviceable.

διάκονος [ά], Ion. διήκονος, ό, ή, a servant, waiting-
man: a messenger. 2. a minister of the church,
esp. a deacon. (Deriv. uncertain.)

δια-κοντίζω, f. ίσω, to throw a javelin at:—Med. to
contend with another at throwing the javelin.

δια-κόπτω, f. ψω, to cut in two, cut through: to
break asunder, break through. II. intr. to break
through, burst through.

δια-κορέω and -κορεύω, (διά, κόρη) to ravish.

δια-κορικυτέω, f. ήσω, to rumble through.

διά-κορος, ον, (διά, κορίννυμι) satiated, glutted.

δια-κόροισι, Ion. διηκόροισι, αι, α, (δισ, εκατόν) two
hundred, Lat. ducenti: in sing. with noun of multi-
tude, ἑπτος διακοσία two hundred horse.

δια-κοσμέω, f. ήσω, to divide and arrange: to mus-
ter:—Med. to set all in order.

διακοσμηθεῖμεν, Ep. for διακοσμηθήμεν, 1 pl. aor.
1 opt. of διακοσμέω.

δια-κούω, f. ούσομαι: pf. -ακήσκα:—to hear through,
hear out: to hear from another.

δια-κράζω, f. ξω, to cry aloud: to scream against
another.

δια-κρέω, f. ξω, to strike the strings of the lyre.
δια-κρηνώ, Dor. -κρᾶνω: f. άσω: (διά, κρήνη):
to make to flow, pour forth.

δια-κριβώ, f. άσω, (διά, κριβή) to inquire closely
into, have an accurate knowledge of.

διακριθόν, Adv. (διακρίνω) separately: eminently.
άβουs all, Lat. eximie.

διακριθήσομαι, fut. I pass. of διακρίνω.

διακριθώ, aor. I pass. subj. of διακρίνω.

διακρίνεις, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of διακρίνω.

διακρινθείς, Ep. for διακριθείς, aor. I part. pass. of
διακρίνω.

διακρινθήμεναι, Ep. for διακριθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of
δια-κρίνω, f. ήω: (for the tenses, v. κρίνω):—to
separate, divide: to part combatants:—Pass. to be
parted or dissolved: to disperse. 2. to distinguish,
tell one from another. 3. to settle, determine, decide

a dispute: διακρίνειν άρσείν to make a choice:—Med.
to get a dispute decided:—Pass. of persons, to come to
a decision: but also of a thing, to be decided. II.

to make a distinction: set apart for holy pur-
poses. III. in Med. to doubt, hesitate. Hence

διακρίσις, εως, ή, a separating, parting. 2. a
deciding, judgment: the faculty of distinguishing.

διακριτέος, verb. Adj. of διακρίνω, one must decide.

διακρίτος, ον, (διακρίνω) distinguished: excellent.

διακροτέω, f. ήσω, to strike or break through.

διακρουσις, εως, ή, a driving away, putting off.

δια-κρούω, f. σω, to try or prove by knocking. II.
Med. to drive from oneself, to put off, get rid of,
evade or elude by delays.

διάκτορος, ον, or διάκτωρ, ορος, ό, (διάγω) the
Conductor, Guide: epith. of Hermes.

δια-κυβᾶω, (κύβος) to play at dice together.

δια-κύκω, f. ήσω, to mix together.

δια-κύντω, f. ψω, to stoop and creep through: to
peer through, pry into.

διακωλύτης, ού, ό, a binder, obstructer. From
δια-κωλύω, f. ύσω, to hinder, check: to prevent.

διακωχή, incorrect form of διοκωχή.

δια-λαγχάνω, f. -λήσομαι: aor. 2 διέλαχον:—to
divide or part by lot: to tear in pieces.

διαλθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of διαλανθάνω.

δια-λακέω, f. ήσω, to crack asunder, burst.

δια-λακτίζω, f. ίσω, to kick away.

δια-λάλέω, f. ήσω, to talk over with.

δια-λαμβάνω, f. λήσομαι: aor. 2 -έλαβον: pf.
-έλεθα; pass. -έλημμαι or διατέλημμαι, Ion. -λέ-
λαμμαι:—to take or receive separately. II. to

grasp with both hands, embrace, Lat. complecti: as
Gymnastic term, to clasp round the waist. 2. to

grasp with the mind, comprehend. III. to sepa-
rate, divide, Lat. dirimere: to distinguish: also to in-
terpret. 2. to cut off, intercept. 3. to distribute.

δια-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine or flash through: of the
day, to dawn.

δια-λανθάνω, f. -λήσω: aor. 2 -έλαθον: pf. -έλεθα:
—to escape notice: c. acc. pers. to escape the notice of.

διαλᾶχέιν, aor. 2 inf. of διαλαχάναι.
 δι-αλᾶγῆς, ἐς, (διά, ἄλγος) giving great pain, grievous.
 Π. suffering great pain.

δια-λέγω, f. ἔω, to pick out, choose. Π. διαλέγομαι, Dep., with fut. med. -λέξομαι, also pass. -λεχθήσομαι: aor. I med. διελεξάμην, pass. διελέχθην: pf. -είλεγμαι:—to converse, reason, talk with. 2. absol. to use a dialect or language. 3. to discourse, argue.

δια-λέπω, f. ψω: aor. -έλιπον: pf. -λέλοιπα, pass. -λέλειμαι:—to leave an interval: plpf. pass. διελέλειπτο impers. a gap had been left. 2. intrans. to be placed at intervals: τὸ διαλείπων a gap. Π. to leave off, cease: c. part. to leave off doing. 2. of Time, to intervene, elapse.

δια-λέχω, f. ἔω, to lick clean.
 διαλεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (διαλέγομαι) skilled in discourse or argument: ἡ διαλεκτική (sub. τέχνη), the art of debating or arguing.

διάλεκτος, ἡ, (διάλέγω) discourse, conversation: debate, argument. Π. speech, language. 2. the language of a country, technically a dialect.

διαλέθηθα, pf. of διαλανθάνω.

διαλέθημαι, pf. of διαλαμβάνω.

διαλέυκα, διαλέυμαι, pf. act. and pass. of διαλύω.

διαλελύμασμαι, pf. of διαλυμαίνομαι.

διέλεξαι, εως, ἡ, = διέλεκτος I.

διαλέξομαι, fut. of διαλέγομαι.

διαλεπτο-λογέομαι, Dep. (διάλεπτος, λέγω) to discourse subtly.

διά-λεπτος, ον, (διά, λεπτός) very small or narrow: very subtle.

διά-λευκος, ον, marked with white.

διαλεχθῆναι, aor. I inf. of διαλέγομαι.

διαλήσω, fut. of διαλανθάνω.

διαλίπειν, aor. 2 inf. of διαλείπω.

διαλλάγῃ, ἡ, (διαλλάσσω) an interchange: a change from enmity to friendship, a reconciliation, treaty of peace: usu. in plur.

διάλλαγμα, ἄτος, τό, (διαλλάσσω) that which is put in the place of another, a changeling.

διαλλακτήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, and διαλλακτής, οἷ, ὅ, (διαλλάσσω) a mediator.

δι-αλλάσσω, Att. -πτω: fut. ἔω: pf. διήλλάχα:—to give or take in exchange: hence to interchange, exchange. 2. to change from enmity to friendship, to reconcile one to another. Π. Pass., with fut. med. διαλλάξομαι: aor. I διηλλάχθην, also aor. 2 διηλλάγην [ᾶ]: pf. διήλλαγμα:—to be reconciled, become friends.

III. intr. to differ from one in a thing; so Pass., esp. in aor. I διαλλαχθῆναι, to be different.

δι-ἄλλομαι, f. -αλομαι, Dep. to leap over or across.
 δια-λογίζομαι, f. ἴσσομαι Att. ιούμαι: pf. -λελόγισμαι: Dep.:—to settle accounts: hence to take full account of, consider fully. II. to converse, argue. Hence

διαλογισμός, ὁ, a settling of accounts. II.

calculation, consideration, reasoning. 2. discourse, conversation.

διάλογος, ὁ, (διαλέγομαι) a conversation, dialogue.
 δια-λοιδορέομαι: aor. I pass. διελιοδορήθην: Dep.:—to abuse, rail at.

διαλύθῃναι, aor. I inf. pass. of διαλύω.
 δια-λυμαίνομαι, aor. I διελυμάνθην: pf. διαλελύμασμαι: Dep.:—to maltreat shamefully.

διάλυσις, εως, ἡ, (διαλύω) a loosing one from anything, parting: a breaking up, destroying. II. an ending, cessation: cessation of hostilities, peace.

διαλυσι-φίλος, ον, (διαλύω, φίλος) love-dissolving.

δια-λύτης, οὔ, ὁ, (διαλύω) a breaker up, dissolver.

διαλύτεις, ἡ, ὄν, (διαλύω) dissolved: capable of dissolution.

δια-λύω, f. ὕσω [ῶ]: pf. -λέλυκα: aor. I pass. -ελύθην [ῦ]: pf. -ελέλυμαι:—to loose one from another, to part asunder: to break up, dismiss, disband. 2. to break off, put an end to. 3. to reconcile. 4. διαλύειν διαβολήν to do away with false accusations: also to pay off, discharge. II. to relax: to make supple and pliant.

δι-αλφίτω, f. ὦσω, (διά, ἀλφίτων) to fill full of barley-meal.

δια-λωβίζομαι, pf. -λελώβημαι (in praes. sense), Dep. to maltreat outrageously.

δι-αμαθύνω, to grind to powder, raise to the dust, utterly destroy.

δια-μαντεύομαι, f. εἶσομαι, to decide by means of an oracle.

δι-αμαρτάνω, f. ἥσομαι: aor. 2 -ἤμαρτον. pf. -ἤμαρτηκα. To miss entirely, go quite astray, err, c. gen. 2. to fail utterly of, fail of obtaining. Hence

διαμαρτία, ἡ, a total mistake: a wrong reckoning.

δια-μαρτύρεω, f. ἥσω, as Att. law-term, to exco διαμαρτυρία (q. v.), to call evidence for or against an objection:—Pass., aor. I διεμαρτυρήθην, to be affirmed on evidence. Hence

διαμαρτύρια, ἡ, a calling evidence to support or refute an objection.

διαμαρτύρομαι [ῦ], f. ὑποῦμαι, Dep. to call solemnly to witness, to protest solemnly: also to abjure solemnly: to asseverate. II. to beg earnestly of, to conjure.

δια-μάσσω Att. -πτω, fut. ἔω, to knead thoroughly, knead well up.

δια-μάχομαι: fut. -μαχέσομαι, Att. -μαχοῦμαι, also μαχίσσομαι: Dep.:—to fight with, struggle against: to fight one with another. 2. to fight strongly, fight it out, Lat. depugnare.

δι-αμάω, fut. ἥσω: aor. 2 διήμησα (διά, ἄμαω):—to mow or cut through. 2. to escape or clear away: so also in the Med.

δια-μεθίβω, to leave quite off. to give up.

δι-ἀμείβω, f. ψω, to exchange. II. Med. to change oneself from one place to another: to pass through or over. 2. absol. to change, alter.

διαμεῖναι, aor. I inf. of διαμένω.

διάμεινις, εως, ἡ, (διαμεῖναι) an exchange.
 δια-μελαίνω, f. ἄνω, to make quite black.
 δια-μελειστί, Adv. (διά, μέρος) limb by limb, piecemeal.
 διαμέλλωνται, εως, ἡ, a being always on the point to do, continual delay. And
 διαμελλήτης, οὐ, ὁ, one who continually delays.
 From
 δια-μέλλω, f. -μελλήσω, to be always going to do a thing: hence to delay continually.
 διαμεμένηκα, pf. of διαμένω.
 διαμείνῃμαι, pf. of διαμύνωσθαι.
 δια-μέμφομαι, Dep. to blame exceedingly.
 δια-μένω, (for the tenses, v. μένω) to remain by, continue with. 2. to be constant, persevere. 3.
 to continue, last, remain.
 δια-μερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to divide: metaph. to cause dissension:—Pass. to disagree. Hence
 διαμερισμός, ὁ, division: dissension.
 δια-μετρέω, f. ἴσω, to measure through, measure out or off: to measure out in portions:—Med. to have measured out to one, receive as one's share. Hence
 δια-μετρητός, ἡ, ὅν, measured out or off.
 διάμετρον, τό, Lat. dimensum, a portion measured out, a soldier's rations. From
 διά-μετρος, ἡ, (διά, μέτρον) a diameter or diagonal line. 2. the rule for drawing the diameter.
 δια-μυχάνομαι, Dep. to bring about, contrive.
 δια-μυλλόμεαι, f. ἡσόμεαι: aor. I διημύλληθην: Dep.:—to contend furiously.
 δια-μυμήσκομαι, f. μύησομαι: pf. διαμείνῃμαι: Pass.:—to keep in memory.
 δια-μυρόμεαι, Dep. to sing plaintively.
 δια-μυστῶ, f. ὕλῳ: aor. I -μυστῶ:—to cut up piecemeal.
 δια-μνημονεύω, f. σῶ, to call to mind, remember: hence to record, mention.
 δια-μοιράω, (διά, μοῖρα) to divide, rend asunder. 2. Med. to portion out.
 διάμπαξ, Adv. right through.
 δια-μπερές, (διά, ἀνταίρω) Adv. of Place, through and through, right through:—all in a piece. 2. of Time, throughout, for ever.
 δια-μυδαλέος, α, ον, drenching.
 δια-μυθολογέω, f. ἴσω, to tell by word of mouth, to speak, converse.
 δια-μύλλαινω, f. ἄνω, (διά, μύλλω) to make mouths (in scorn or mockery).
 δια-αμφιδιος, ον, (διά, ἀμφί) utterly different.
 δια-αμφισβητέω, f. ἴσω, to dispute, disagree.
 δια-νανυάχῃω, f. ἴσω, to maintain a long sea-fight.
 δι-ἀνδιχα, Adv. two ways: διανδιχα μερμηρίζειν to halt between two opinions.
 διανεῖμαι, aor. I inf. of διανέμω.
 δι-ἀνεκῆς, ἐς, Dor. and Att. form of διηνεκῆς.
 διανεμήσεις, εως, ἡ, distribution. From
 δι-ανέμω, f. -νεμῶ: aor. I διένεμα: pf. νενέμηκα:—to distribute, divide into portions:—Med. to divide

among themselves:—Pass. to spread abroad. II. to set in order, govern.
 δια-νέομαι, Pass. to go through.
 διανεστήτην, διανεστήκα, aor. and 2 pf. of διανέστημι.
 δια-νέω, f. σῶ, to nod, beckon to.
 δια-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι, to swim through.
 δια-νήχομαι, Dep. = διανέω.
 δια-νίξω, f. -νίξω, to wash out, rinse.
 δια-νίσκομαι, Dep. to go through.
 δι-ανίστημι, fut. διαναστήσομαι:—to set up, make to stand. II. Pass., with act. aor. 2 -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, to stand aloof from, depart from.
 δια-νοέομαι, fut. -νοήσομαι: aor. I -ενοήθην: pf. -νενόημαι: Dep.:—to think over, intend, purpose, Lat. meditari. Hence
 διανοήσας, ατος, γό, a thought, notion.
 διανοητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (διανοέομαι) intellectual.
 διανοῖα, also διανοία, ἡ, (διανοέομαι). I. thought: the intellect, mind. II. a thought, intention: a notion, belief: the sense or meaning of a thing.
 δι-ανοίγω, f. ξῶ: to open: hence to explain, expound.
 διανοίχθῃ, aor. I imper. pass. of διανοίγω.
 διανομέω, εως, ὁ, (διανέμαι) a distributor.
 διανομή, ἡ, (διανέμω) distribution.
 δι-ανταῖος, α, ον, going right through: ἡ διανταῖα (sc. πληγῇ) a home-thrust:—metaph. unchanging, remorseless.
 δι-αντλέω, f. ἴσω, to drain out, exhaust: metaph. to drink to the dregs, Lat. exhaurire.
 δια-νυκτερεύω, f. σῶ, (διά, νύξ) to pass the night.
 δι-ανύω or δι-ανύτω [ν]: f. ὕω [ῶ]:—to bring quite to an end, finish: ὁδὸν διανύειν to finish a journey: so also διανύειν, without ὁδόν.
 δια-ξάλλω, f. ἄνω, to tear in pieces.
 διαξέις, Dor. for διάξέις, 2 sing. fut. of διάγω.
 δια-ξίφίζομαι, Dep. (δια, ξίφος) to fight to the death.
 δια-παιδεύομαι, Pass. to go through a course of education.
 δια-πάλας, f. σῶ, to go on wrestling.
 δια-πάλη, ἡ, a hard struggle.
 δια-πάλλω, f. -πῶ, to distribute by lot.
 δια-πάλιν, f. ἔνω, to shiver, shatter.
 δια-παντός, Adv. = διὰ παντός, throughout.
 δια-παπταίνω, to look timidly round.
 δια-πατριβή, ἡ, (διά, πατριβή) an useless study: vain altercation.
 δια-παρθενεύω, f. σῶ, (διά, παρθένος) to deflower.
 δια-πασσάλλω, Att. -παπταλέω: f. σῶ: (διά, πάσσαλος). To stretch out by nailing, e.g. of a hide for tanning: also to fasten the extremities, as in crucifixion.
 δια-πάσσω, Att. -πτω: f. -πάσω:—to sprinkle about.
 δια-παύω, f. σῶ, to make to cease utterly: Pass. to cease to exist.
 δια-παυέω, f. ἴσω, to threaten violently:—also in Med.
 δια-πεινάω, inf. -πεινήν, to hunger one against the other, to contend which is the most hungry.

διάπειρα, ἡ, *an experiment, trial.*

δια-πειράομαι: fut. ἄσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. I -επειράθην: pf. -πεπείραμαι: Dep.:—*to make trial or proof of a thing: c. gen. to have experience of a thing.*

δια-πεῖρω, f. -περῶ, *to drive through.*

δια-πέμπω, f. ψω, *to send about in different directions.* II. *to send over or across.*

διαπέπασμαι, pf. pass. of διαπάσσω.

διαπεπείρωμαι, pf. of διαπειράομαι.

διαπεπολεμήσομαι, fut. 3 of διαπολεμέω.

διαπέπυσμαι, pf. of διαπύθηναι.

δια-περαίνω, fut. ἄνω, *to bring to an end.*

δια-περαιώω, f. ὤω, *to take across, ferry over:—* Pass. *to be carried over, go across* 2. *to draw entirely out of the sheath.*

διαπερᾶναι, aor. I inf. of διαπεραίνω.

δια-περάω, f. ᾶω [ᾶ]: *to go over or across, to pass: to pass through.*

δια-πέρθω, f. πέρωσ: aor. 2 διεπράθην, Ep. inf. διαπραθέειν: aor. 2 med. διεπράθετο, in pass. sense:—*to destroy utterly, to each, waste.*

διαπέρσσει, aor. I inf. of διαπέρθει.

διαπεσεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of διαπίπτω.

διαπεσεύσθαι, fut. inf. med. of διαπίπτω.

δια-πέτῃμαι, = διαπέτομαι.

δια-πετάννυμι or -ύω: f. -πετάσω [ᾶ]:—*to open and spread out.*

δια-πέτομαι: fut. -πτήσομαι: aor. 2 -επτόμην or -επτόμην: Dep.:—*to fly through.* 2. *to fly away, vanish.*

διαπέσομαι, fut. of διαπυνθάνομαι.

διαπεφοιβάσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of διαφοιβάω.

διαπέφραδα, pf. of διαφράζομαι.

δια-πηγνύμι, f. -πήξω: aor. I med. διεπηξάμην:—*to fasten together.*

δια-πηδάω, f. ἥσομαι, *to leap through or across.* II. intr. *to make a leap.*

δια-πταίνω, f. ἄνω, (διά, πίων) *to make very fat.*

δια-πμπλημί, f. -πλήσω (for the tenses, γ. πμπλημί), *to fill full of: Pass. to be quite full of.*

δια-πίνω, f. -πίομαι, *to drink against one another, challenge at drinking.* [Ὶ]

δια-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: (for the tenses, γ. πίπτω):—*to fall through, fall off or away, escape: to fall utterly, go quite wrong, turn out ill.*

δια-πιστεύω, f. σω, *to entrust in confidence:—* Pass. *to have a thing entrusted one.*

δια-πλέκω, f. ξω, *to interweave, weave together.* II. *to weave asunder, i. e. unweave: διαπλέκειν τὸν βίον to end the web or tissue of one's life.*

διαπλεύσας, aor. I part. of

δια-πλέω, f. πλεύσομαι, *to sail through.*

δια-πληκτίζομαι, Dep. *to spar or skirmish with.*

δια-πύσσει Att. -πρω, f. ξω, *to break in pieces, split, cleave.*

διάπλοος, contr. πλους, ὁ, (διαπλώ) as Adj. *sailing across, passing over.* II. as Subst., *διάπλους, ὁ, a voyage across, passage.* 2. *a channel.*

δια-ἀπλός, f. ὤσω, (διά, ἀπλός) *to unfold.*

δια-πνέω, Ep. -πνέω: f. πνεύσομαι: aor. I διέπνευσα:—*to blow through; refresh, revive.* II. *to breathe at intervals, revive.* III. Pass. *to evaporate.*

δια-ποικίλλω, f. ἰώω, *to variegate, adorn.*

διαπολεμέω, f. ἥσω, *to carry the war through, end the war, Lat. debellare.* 2. *to carry on the war.* II. *to force from another by war.* Hence

δια-πολέμησις, εως, ἡ, *a finishing of the war.*

δια-πολιόρκειω, f. ἥσω, *to besiege to the end, to blockade.*

δια-πομπεύω, f. σω, *to carry the procession to an end.* 2. *to carry all round.*

διαπομπή, ἡ, (διαπέμπω) *a sending backwards and forwards: negotiation.*

δια-πονέω, f. ἥσω, *to work out with labour, Lat. elaborare: to practise:—* Pass. *to be administered: also to be troubled.* II. intr. *to work hard, toil.*

διά-πονός, ον, *having gone through many labours.*

δια-πόντιος, ον, (διά, πόντος) *beyond seas, foreign, Lat. transmarinus: going beyond seas.*

διαπόνως, Adv. of διάπονος, *laboriously.*

δια-πορεύω, f. σω, *to carry across.* II. Pass.,

with fut. med. -εύσομαι, aor. I pass. διεπορεύθην: *to go through, pass along.*

δια-πορέω, f. ἥσω; and Dep. διαπορέομαι, aor. I διεπορήθην:—*to be quite at a loss.*

δια-πορθέω, f. ἥσω, = διαπέρθω, *to ruin utterly.*

δια-πορθμεύω, f. σω, *to carry over or across: to carry a message: διαπορθμεύειν ποταμόν, of ferryboats, to ply across a river.*

δια-πραγματεύομαι, Dep. *to treat of thoroughly.*

διαπραθῆναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of διαπέρθω.

δια-πράσσω, Att. -πράττω Ion. -πρήσσω: f. ξω:—*to accomplish, Lat. conficere: intr. to accomplish one's way across.* 2. *to bring about, effect: Med., to effect for oneself, gain one's point.* 3. *to make an end of, slay.*

διαπρεπής, ἐς, *eminent, conspicuous.* From

δια-πρέπω, *to be eminent, conspicuous, or distinguished above others.*

διαπρεπῶς, Adv. of διαπρεπής, *conspicuously: Sup. διαπρεπέστατα.*

δια-πρεσβεύομαι, Dep. *to send embassies to different places.*

δια-πρήσσω, Ion. for διαπράσσω.

δια-πρίω [Ὶ]: fut. -πριούμαι: pf. pass. -πέπρισμαι:—*to saw through or in two: to cut to the bone: διαπρίειν τοὺς ὀδόντας to gnash the teeth:—* Med. *to gnash with the teeth.*

διapρύ, Adv. *thoroughly.*

δια-πρύσιος, α, ον, (διαπρώ) *going through, penetrating, piercing, thrilling, of sounds: neut. διαπρύσιος, as Adv. piercingly, thrillingly.* 2. *far-stretching: πρὸν πεδίοιο διαπρύσιος τετραγώνως a hill running far into the plain.* 3. *manifest.*

διαπτάσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of διαπτάμαι.

δια-πτοέα, *f. ἦσω*: Ep. aor. I διεπτοίησα:—to scare away, startle: to strike with panic.
 δια-πτύσσω, *f. ξω*, to unfold, disclose.
 δια-πτύχή, *ῆ*, (διά, πτύχῃ) a fold, folding leaf.
 δια-πτύω, *f. ύσω* [ϋ], to spit upon, despise utterly.
 δια-πυκτεύω, *f. σω*, to box or fight with.
 δια-πυθάνομαι: *f. -πένσομαι*: pf. -πένυσμαι: aor. 2 -επύθμην:—to search out by questioning.
 διά-πυρος, *ον*, (διά, πῦρ) red-hot: hot, fiery. Hence διαπύρῳ, *f. ώσω*, to set on fire.
 δια-πωλέω, *f. ἦσω*, to sell publicly.
 διαρα, aor. I inf. of διαίρω.
 διαραίρημαι, Ion. for διήρημαι, pf. pass. of διαίρω.
 δι-ῤάρασσω, Att. -ττω, *f. ξω*, to break through, strike through.
 δι-ἄργεμος, *ον*, flecked or spotted with white.
 δι-αρθρόω, *f. ώσω*, (διά, ἄρθρον) to divide by joints, to articulate. 2. to complete in detail, describe distinctly
 δι-ἀριθμέω, *f. ἦσω*, to reckon or count up: also to distinguish, Lat. enumerare.
 δι-αρκέω, *f. έσω*, to have full strength: to endure, hold out, prevail. II. to nourish. Hence διαρκής, *ές*, sufficient: lasting. Adv. -κώς, Sup. -έστατα, in complete competence.
 δι-αρμόζω or -ττω, *f. σω*, to distribute in various places, to dispose.
 διαρπάγῃ, *ῆ*, plunder. From
 δι-αρπάξω, fut. ἀσσομαι: (for the tenses, v. ἀρπάξω): —to tear in pieces: to plunder, Lat. diripere: to carry off as plunder.
 διαρπάγῃναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of διαρρήγνυμι.
 διαρπάγσομαι, fut. 2 pass. of διαρρήγνυμι.
 διαρ-παίνω, to besprinkle:—Pass. to flow in various directions.
 διαρ-παίω, *f. σω*: aor. I διέρραισα:—to destroy utterly.
 διαρ-ρέω, *f. -ρεύσομαι*: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) -ερύην: pf. -ερύηκα:—to flow through: to slip through: absol. to leak:—pf. part. διερρυγώς, gaping.
 II. to fall away like water, waste away.
 διαρ-ρήγνυμι, *f. -ρήξω* (for the tenses, v. ρήγνυμι) to break, rend in twain, cleave:—Pass. to burst.
 διαρρήδην, Adv. (δερῶ, διαρρηθῆναι) expressly, distinctly.
 διαρρήξας, aor. I part. of διαρρήγνυμι.
 διάρ-ριμμα, *ατος*, τό, a casting about. From διαρρίπτασκειν, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of διαρρίπτω.
 διαρ-ρίπτω, only used in pres. and impf., = διαρρίπτω. II. intr. to throw oneself, plunge.
 διαρ-ρίπτω, poet. διαρίπτω, *f. ψω*, to throw, fling, hurl, dart about. Hence
 διαρρίψας, *ας*, ῆ, a throwing about, scattering.
 διαρροή, *ῆ*, (διάρρῳ) a flowing through, a channel or pipe to flow through.
 διαρ-ροθέω, *f. ἦσω*, to roar or rustle through.
 διάρροια, *ῆ*, = διαρροή, a flowing through: esp. as Medical term, diarrhoea.

διαρ-ροίξω, *f. ἦσω*, to whizz through.
 διαρρύδαν, Dor. for -ύδην, Adv. (διάρρῳ) melting away, vanishing.
 διαρρῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of διάρρῳ,
 διαρρῆνσομαι, fut., of διάρρῳ.
 διαρρῶξ, ὄγος, ὅ, ῆ, (διαρρήγνυμι) rent asunder.
 δι-αρτάμω, *f. ἦσω*, to cut in pieces.
 δι-αρτάω, *f. ἦσω*, to suspend and interrupt.
 δια-σαίνω, to fawn upon.
 δια-σαίρω, pf. -σέσση, to grin like a snarling dog.
 δια-σάλακονίξω, strengthd. for σαλακονίξω.
 διάσασθαι, aor. I inf. med. of διάδω.
 δια-σάφω, *f. ἦσω*, (διά, σαφής) to make quite manifest.
 δια-σάφηνίξω, *f. σω*, to make quite manifest.
 δια-σείω, *f. σω*, to shake violently: intr., διασελεν τῇ οὐρᾷ to keep wagging with the tail. 2. to confound.
 II. to harass, oppress.
 δια-σείομαι: Ep. aor. 2 διεσούμην [ϋ], 3 sing. διέσσυτο: Pass.:—to dart or rush through.
 δια-σημαίνω, *f. ἄνω*, to mark or point out: to make known, explain.
 διά-σημος, *ον*, (διά, σῆμα) quite clear, distinct.
 Διάστω, τά, (Διός) the feast of Jupiter at Athens.
 δια-σιωπάω, *f. ἦσομαι*, to remain silent. 2. trans. to pass over in silence.
 δια-σκάνδικίζω, *f. σω*, (διά, σκάνδιξ) to dose with wild chervil, in allusion to Euripides.
 δια-σκάπτω, *f. ψω*, to dig through, make a breach in.
 δια-σκεδάννω: *f. σκεδάσω* [ᾱ], Att. σκεδῶ: aor. I -εσκεδῶσα:—to scatter abroad: to dissipate: to disband.
 διασκεδάσειεν, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of foreg.
 δια-σκηνάω, *f. άσω*, to set in order:—Pass. and Med. to arm or equip oneself.
 διασκέψομαι, fut. of διασκοπέω.
 δια-σκηνώω or -έω, *f. ἦσω*; and δια-σκηνώω, *f. ώσω*: —to take up different quarters: to retire each severally to his quarters. 2. to leave a comrade's tent.
 δια-σκιδνῃναι, for διασκεδάννυμι, to disperse.
 δια-σκοπέω, in pres. and impf.: fut. -σκέψομαι (from root σκέπτομαι): pf. -έσκεμμαι:—to look through, examine, consider. II. to look round one, keep watching.
 δια-σκοπιάομαι, Dep. (διά, σκοπιά):—to look out from a watch-tower, to spy out.
 δια-σκορπίζω, *f. σω*, to scatter abroad.
 δια-σκώπτω, *f. ὤψω*, to jest:—Med. to jest one with another, pass jokes to and fro.
 δια-σμάω, Ion. -σμέω: *f. ἦσω*:—to wipe out, to rinse, clean.
 δια-σμηχῶ, *f. ξω*, to cleanse by rubbing.
 δια-σοφίζομαι, *f. ίσομαι*, Dep. to act or speak like a sophist.
 διασπάρακτός, *ῆ*, ὄν, torn to pieces. From
 δια-σπάρασσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to rend in sunder or in pieces.
 διασπάρῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of διασπείρω.
 δια-σπάω, *f. άσω* or more commonly άσσομαι: (for

the tenses, *v. σπῶν*): to tear asunder, part, Lat. *divellere*: to break through, pull down: of the laws, to break through, transgress: to separate:—Pass., of soldiers, to be distributed in quarters.

διασπείρω, *f. ἐπῶ, ἄ. σῶ*, scatter or spread abroad: to squander.

II. to separate.

διασπορά, *ἡ*, (διασπείρω) dispersion.

δι-φύσσω, *διφύττω*, Att. for διαφύσσω.

δια-σταθμάομαι, *f. ἴσομαι*, Dep. to order by rule, regulate.

διαστάς, διαστήναι, *aor. 2 part. and inf. of διαστήμι*.

διάστασις, *ἑως, ἡ*, (διαστήναι) a standing apart: distance, an interval.

2. disagreement, dissension.

δια-σταυρώω, *f. ὥσω*, to fortify with stakes or a palisade.

δια-στείχω, *aor. 2 διέστειχον*, to go through or across: to continue.

δια-στέλλω, *f. -στέλω*, to separate, to distinguish, determine.

II. to command, give orders.

διάστημα, *ατος, τό*, (διαστήναι) an interval.

διαστήτην, *Ep. for διεστήτην*, 3 dual *aor. 2 of διαστήμι*.

δια-στίλβω, *f. ψῶ*, to gleam or dawn through.

δια-στοιβάζω, *f. ἄσω*, to stuff in between.

δια-στοιχιζομαι, *f. ἴσομαι*, Dep. to apportion regularly.

διαστολή, *ἡ*, (διαστέλλω) distinction, difference.

δια-στρατηγέω, *f. ἥσω*, to serve as a general.

δια-στρέφω, *f. ψῶ*: (for the tenses, *v. στρέφω*):—to distort: to turn aside: to pervert:—Pass. to be distorted, to have one's eyes distorted: to squint. Hence

διάστροφος, *ον*, distorted: metaph. perverted.

δια-σύρω, *pf. -σεσύρκα*, to tear in pieces: to worry, disparage.

δια-σφάζω Att. -σφάπτω, *f. ξῶ*, to cleave asunder, to slaughter.

δια-σφαίριζω, *f. ἰσῶ* Att. *ἰῶ*, to throw about like a ball, to toss about.

δια-σφάλλω, to foil or overturn utterly.

διασφάξ, *ἄγος, ἡ*, (διασφάζω) any opening made by force, a cleft, a rocky gorge.

δια-σφενδονάω, *f. ἥσω*, to scatter from or as from a sling:—Pass. to fly in pieces.

δια-σφηκόμαι, *pf. -εσφήκωμαι*, Pass. (διά, σφήξ) to be compressed at the waist like a wasp.

δια-σχίζω, *f. ἰσῶ*, to cleave asunder:—Pass., *aor. I διεσχίσθην*, to be cloven asunder, to be parted.

διασχών, *aor. 2 part. of διέχω*.

δια-σώζω, *f. σώσω*: (for the tenses, *v. σώζω*):—to keep safe through, bring one well through: also to keep in memory:—Med. to preserve to oneself:—Pass. to come safe through: διασώζεσθαι *eis* .. or *προς* .., to come safe to a place.

δια-συνάομαι, *f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ]*, Dor. for διασυνάω.

δια-τάγνω, *f. σῶ*, (διά, τᾱγός) to arrange.

διατάγη, *ἡ, ἡ*, (διατάγναι) a disposition.

διατάγηναι, *aor. 2 inf. pass. of διατάσσω*.

διατάγμα, *ατος, τό*, (διατάσσω) a commandment.

δια-τάμνω, *Ion. for διατέμνω*.

διάταξις, *εως, ἡ*, (διατάσσω) disposition, arrangement: esp. of troops in order of battle.

δια-τάρασσω, *Att. -ττω, f. ξῶ*, to throw into great confusion, confound.

δια-τάσσω *Att. -ττω: f. ξῶ*:—Pass., *aor. I -ετάχθην*, *aor. 2 -ετάγην [ᾶ]*: *pf. -τέταγμα*:—to arrange: to set in order, draw up in order of battle: also to draw up separately.

2. c. acc. et inf. to appoint one to do or be:—Med., *aor. I part. in pass. sense διατάσμενοι* posted in battle order:—Pass. to be in battle order.

II. in Med. also, to order by will.

διαταχθεῖς, *aor. I pass. part. of διατάσσω*.

διατέθρυμμαι, *pf. pass. of διαθρύπτω*.

δια-τείνω, *f. τενῶ*:—Pass., *aor. I -ετέθην [ᾶ]*: *pf. -τέτῃμαι* (for the tenses, *v. τεῖνω*):—to stretch out, stretch to the full:—Med. to strain oneself: to exert oneself, strive hard: to maintain stoutly.

δια-τεχνίζω, *f. ἰσῶ*, *Att. ἰῶ*:—to cut off and fortify by a wall: to draw a wall across: to divide as by a wall. Hence

διατεχίσμα, *ατος, τό*, a place walled off.

δια-τεκμαίρομαι, *Dep. (διά, τέκμαρ)* to mark out.

δια-τελευτάω, *f. ἥσω*, to bring to fulfilment.

διατελέω, *f. ἔσω*, to bring quite to an end: to fulfil: to continue doing. From

δια-τελής, *ἑς*, (διά, τέλος) incessant: permanent.

δια-τέμνω, *Ion. τάμνω: f. τεμῶ*: (for the tenses, *v. τέμνω*):—to cut through, cut in twain: to sever, part:—Pass., *διατμηθῆναι* λέπαθνα to be cut into strips.

διατέταχα, διατέταγμα, *pf. act. and pass. of διατάσσω*,

δια-τετραίνω, *f. -τετραῖνῶ, Ion. -τετρανέω* and *-τρήσω*:—to bore through, make a hole in.

δια-τήκω, *f. ξῶ* (*v. τήκω*), to soften or melt by heat:—Pass., with *pf. -τέτηκα*, to melt entirely, thaw.

δια-τηρέω, *f. ἥσω*, to watch closely.

II. (sub. *ἐαυτῶν*), to keep oneself from, abstain from.

διατί; for *διά τι*, wherefore? Lat. *quomobrem?*

δια-τίθημι, *f. -θήσω*:—Pass., *aor. I διετέθην: pf. διατέθειμαι*:—to place separately, arrange.

2. to dispose, manage: to treat:—Pass. to be disposed of, treated.

3. to set forth: to recite. II. Med. to set out for sale, dispose of.

2. to settle mutually, *διατιθέναι διαθήκην* *τινί* to make a covenant with one: absol. to make an agreement with, promise.

δια-τιμᾶω, *f. ἥσω*, to honour greatly.

δια-τινάσσω, *f. ξῶ*, to shake asunder, shake to pieces: fut. med. *τινάξομαι* is used in pass. sense.

δια-τινθαλέος, *α, ον*, = *τινθαλέος*.

δια-τμήγω: *aor. I -έτμηξα: aor. 2 -έτμαγον*, pass. *-ετμάγω*, *Ep. 3 pl. διέτμαγεν*:—*Ep. for διατέμνω*, to cut in twain, divide, sever: *διέτμαγεν ἐν φιλότῃ* they parted friends: absol. they were scattered abroad.

διατμήξαι, *aor. I inf. of διατέμνω*.

δια-τοξύνω, *f. σῶ*, to shoot through or across:—Med. to contend in shooting with.

δια-τόρος, *ov*, act. *piercing*: of sound, *thrilling* II.
 διατόρος, *ov*, pass., *pierced*.

διατρέγειν, aor. 2 inf. of διατρέγω
 δια-τρέπω, f. ψω, *to turn, to divert, to dissuade*—Pass.
 with fut. med. —τρέπομαι, aor. I med. —επαρόμην,
 aor. 2 pass. —επάργω:—*to turn or be diverted from*
a thing.

δια-τρέφω, f. θρέψω, *to maintain, support throughout*.
 δια-τρέχω, f. —θρέβομαι: (for the tenses, v. τρέχω).
 —*to run through or over*: metaph. *to exhaust*. II.

intr. *to run about*, Lat. *discurrere*.

δια-τρέω, f. έσω, *to run trembling about, flee all ways*.

διατριβή, ή, *a wearing away, a spending of time*. 2.

pastime, amusement. 3. serious employment,

study: a discussion, argument. 4. a way of life,
 living. II. in bad sense, *a waste of time, loss of*
time, delay. From

δια-τρίβω [τ]: f. ψω:—Pass., aor. 2 διατρίβην [τ]:

pf. διατρίβημι:—*to rub between*; χερσὶ διατρίβας:

—*to rub away, consume*: *to waste, destroy*. II.

metaph. *to spend time, live*. 2. *to busy, employ*

oneself. 3. *to waste time, delay*. III. *to put*

off by delay, *thwart, binder*. Hence

διατριπτικός, ή, *ov*, *dilatory*.

δια-τρίχα, Adv. *in three ways*.

διά-τροπος, *ov*, *various in dispositions*.

διατροφή, ή, (διατρέφω) *sustenance, support*.

δια-τροχάζω, f. σω, of a horse, *to trot*.

δια-τρύγος, *ov*, (διά, τρύγη) *planted with vines,*

ripening one after the other.

διατρυφείς, aor. 2 part. pass. of διατρυφώ.

δια-τρώγω, f. —τρώβομαι: aor. 2 διέτρώγον:—*to nibble,*

gnaw through.

δι-άττω or δι-άττω, fut. διάξω, Att. for διαίσσω.

δι-αγάγω, f. σω, *to shine through, dawn*.

δι-αυγής, ές, (διά, αυγή) *transparent, radiant*.

διαυλο-δρόμης, *ov*, δ, (διαυλος, δρόμος) *a runner in*

the race.

δι-αυλος, δ, (δύς, αὐλός) *a double pipe or channel*:

in the race, a double course, where the runner ran to

the furthest point of the στάδιον, turned round the

post, and ran back by the other side: metaph., διαυλοι

κυμάτων ebb and flow, Lat. *fluctus reciproci*. II.

a strait.

διαφάγειν, aor. 2 inf. of διασθίω, *to bite through*.

διαφάνειν [α], and διαφάνειν, Adv. *openly*. From

δια-φαίνω, f. —φάνω: (for the tenses, v. φαίνω):—*to*

shine through, make to shine through. II. Pass.,

aor. 2 —εφάνην [α], *to be seen, appear through*. 2. *to*

glow, to be red-hot. 3. metaph. *to be proved*: *to*

be conspicuous among others. III. intr. in Act.

to dawn. 2. *to be transparent*. Hence

διαφάνης, ές, *seen through, transparent*. 2. *glow-*

ing, red-hot. II. metaph. *well-known, manifest*:

illuminous:—Adv. —νώς, *manifestly*.

δια-φαύσκει, Ion. —φώσκει: (διά, φάος):—*to shine*

light through, dawn.

δια-φγγής, ές, (διά, φέγγος) *transparent*.

διαφερόντως, Adv. pres. act. part. of διαφέρω, *dis-*
ferently from: *especially, extremely*.

δια-φέρω:—fut. διολύω and διολύομαι, formed from

*δύω:—aor. I διήνεγκα, Ion. διήνεκα; aor. 2 διή-

νεγκον formed from *ένέγκω: (v. φέρω):—*to carry*

over or across. 2. *to carry different ways*: *to tear*

asunder; διαφέρειν τὴν ψήφον *to give their votes a*

different way, i. e. against one; but also *to determine*

by vote: metaph. *to disperse reports*. 3. *to carry*

through, bring to perfection. 4. *to bear through,*

endure, go through with. 5. absol. *to continue, to*

live. II. intr. *to differ, to be different from*. 2.

impers., διαφέρει μοι *it makes a difference to me*, οὐ

διαφέρει *it makes no difference*; τὰ διαφέροντα *points*

of difference. 3. *to be different from a man, to*

surpass, excel him. III. Pass. *to differ or be at*

variance with, quarrel with.

δια-φύγω, f. —φεύβομαι: aor. 2 —έφθγον: pl. —πέ-

φευγα: (v. φεύγω):—*to flee through, get away, escape*.

Hence

διάφευετα, εως, ή, *an escaping, means of escape*.

δια-φημίζω, f. ίσω, *to make known, publish*.

δια-φθέρω: f. —φθερώ Ep. —φθέρω: pf. —έφθαρκα:

—*to destroy utterly, kill*: generally, *to spoil, harm*. 2.

to lead astray, corrupt, ruin: esp. *to bribe*: *to*

seduce. II. Pass., fut. —φθαρήσομαι, also fut. med.

—φθαρούμαι, Ion. —φθερέομαι: aor. 2 —εφθάρην [α]:

pf. —έφθαρμαι:—*to be destroyed, go to ruin, perish*:

esp. *to be disabled*: διεφθαρμένος *corrupt*. III.

the perf. διεφθора is sometimes intr. *to be deranged,*

mad: also *to be dead*. Hence

διαφθορά, δ, *destruction, ruin, death*. 2. in moral

sense, *corruption, seduction*. 3. ιχθύων διαφθορά

a prey for fishes. Hence

διαφθορεύς, εως, δ, *a corrupter, seducer*.

δι-αφήμι, f. ήσω, *to dismiss, disband*.

δια-φοιβάω, f. σω, *to drive mad*:—Pass. *to rave*.

δια-φοιτάω Ion. —έω, f. ήσω, *to wander abroad, run*

about: *to get abroad*.

διαφορά, ή, (διαφέρω) *difference, distinction*. 2.

variance, disagreement. II. *distinction excel-*

lence. III. *advantage, profit*.

δια-φορέω, f. ήσω, *to drag about, spread abroad*. 2.

to carry off as plunder, to plunder: also *to rend in*

pieces, destroy. II. *to carry through or across*.

Hence

διαφόρησις, εως, ή, *a plundering*.

διαφοράς, *ov*, (διαφέρω) *different, unlike*. 2.

differing with another: *at variance with*. II.

superior, excellent. 2. *advantageous, profit-*

able. III. as Subst., διάφορον, τό, *difference*: *dis-*

agreement.

διαφόρος, Adv. cf διάφορος, *variously*. 2. *at*

variance, 3. *excellently*.

διάφραγμα, *ας*, τό, (διαφράσσω) *a partition-*

wall. II. *the membrane which divides the lungs*

from the stomach, the midriff.

δια-φράγνυμι, —διαφράσσω

δια-φράζω, to tell clearly: Ep. aor. 2 δι-επέφραδον.
 δια-φράσσω, f. φω, to separate by a fence.
 δια-φρέω, f. -φρήσω, (διά, φρέω, which only occurs in compos., v. εἰσφρέω, ἐκφρέω):—to let through, let out.
 δια-φυγγάνω, = διαφεύγω.
 διαφύγη, ἡ, (διαφεύγω) a means of escape.
 διαφύη, ἡ, (διαφύω) any natural partition, as the joints in bodies: a cleft, division, as in nuts.
 δια-φύλασσω, Att. -ττω, f. φω, to watch vigilantly, preserve: keep, maintain.
 δια-φύσσω, f. ἦσω, to blow or breathe through. II. to blow away: Pass. to be scattered to the winds, vanish.
 δι-αφύσσω, f. φω: aor. I διήφυσα:—to draw out, draw off. II. to tear up, rend.
 δια-φύω, f. φύσω, to make to grow through. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. διέφυν, pf. διαπέφυκα:—to intervene: χρόνος διέφυ time elapsed.
 δια-φώνεω, f. ἦσω, to sound discordantly, to disagree.
 δια-φώσσω, Ion. for διαφανίσκω.
 δια-χάζω or -χάζομαι, to draw back, withdraw.
 δια-χάλλω, f. άω [α]:—to loosen: to open, unbar. II. to make supple by exercise.
 δια-χάσκω, to gape wide, yawn.
 διαχέαι, aor. I inf. of διαχέω.
 δια-χειμάζω, f. άω, to pass the winter.
 δια-χειρίζω, f. ίω Att. ιδω, to have in hand, conduct, manage. Hence
 διαχειρίσται, εως, ἡ, management, administration.
 δια-χειροτονέω, f. ἦσω, to choose between two persons or things by show of hands, or by open vote. Hence
 διαχειροτονία, ἡ, a choice between two persons or things.
 δια-χέω, f. -χεω: aor. I -έχεα, Ep. -έχευα:—to pour different ways: to pour out, dissolve: of metals, to soften, melt: also to disperse: metaph. to confound. II. Pass. to be poured from one vessel into another: to be melted: to fall to pieces:—metaph. to be relaxed.
 δια-χλευάζω, to mock greatly.
 δια-χόω, old form for διαχώννυμι; in inf., διαχούν τὸ χῶμα to complete the mound.
 δια-χράομαι, f. ἡσομαι, with Dor. 3 sing. διαχρησείται:—to use constantly: also to meet with, suffer under. II. c. acc. pers. to destroy, slay.
 δια-χρέομαι Ion. for foreg.: διαχρέωμαι, Ion. subj. διαχώννυμι, f. -χώσω, to carry a mound across.
 δια-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go or pass through: impers., καὶ τὰ διεχέουσι αὐτοῖς they laboured under diarrhoea.
 δια-χωρίζω, f. ίω Att. ιδω, to separate.
 δια-ψάω, to sweep away, blow away.
 δια-ψεύδω or -ψεύδομαι, to deceive utterly. II. διαψεύδομαι also as Pass., aor. I διεψεύσθην: pf. διεψέυσμαι:—to be deceived, mistaken.
 δια-ψηφίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. ιούμαι, Dep.:—to vote with pebbles: decide by votes. Hence
 διαψηφίσαι, εως, ἡ, a deciding by vote.

δια-ψύχω, f. φω, to cool, refresh: of ships, to haul high and dry: to make water-tight.
 δι-βολος, on, (dis, βάλλω) two-pointed. [?]
 δι-γληνος, on, (dis, γλήνη) with two eyeballs.
 δι-γλωσσος, Att. -ττος, on, (dis, γλώσσα) speaking two languages Lat. bilinguis: as Subst., διγλωσσοσ, δ, an interpreter. II. double-tongued.
 δι-γονος, on, (dis, *γένος) twice-born:—twin; double.
 διδασκα, aor. τό, (διδάσκω) a lesson. —
 διδάκει, Dor. for διδάσκει.
 διδακτικός, ἡ, on, (διδάσκω) apt at teaching.
 διδακτός, ἡ, on, (διδάσκω) of things, taught: that can be taught: that ought to be taught. II. of persons, taught, instructed.
 διδάσκω, fut. of διδάσκω.
 διδάξις, εως, ἡ, (διδάσκω) teaching, instruction.
 διδασκαλεῖον, τό, (διδάσκω) a teaching-place, school.
 διδασκαλία, ἡ, (διδάσκω) teaching: education, training. II. the rehearsing of a drama; cf. διδάσκω π.
 διδασκαλικός, ἡ, on, (διδάσκω) fit for teaching, instructive. Adv. -κῶς, instructively.
 διδασκάλιον, τό, (διδάσκω) a science, art.
 διδασκαλος, δ and ἡ, (διδάσκω) a teacher, master: a dramatic poet was called διδασκαλος, because he himself taught the actors.
 διδασκεμέναι, -έμεν, Ep. inf. of διδάσκω.
 διδασκῆσαι, poet. for διδάξει, aor. I inf. of διδάσκω: fut. διδάξει: aor. I ἐδίδαξα, poet. ἐδιδάσκησα (as if from διδάσκω): pf. ἐδεδίδχα: (redupl. causal form of *δῶω):—to teach; with double acc., ἵπποσύνας σε ἐδίδαξαν they taught these riding:—Med. to have a person taught; also, to teach oneself, learn: Pass. to be taught, to learn. II. διδάσκειν is used of the scenic poets, who taught the actors their parts. Hence
 διδαχή, ἡ, teaching: doctrine.
 διδμημι, Ep. for δέω, to bind, fetter: 3 pl. pres. διδέασι: 3 sing. imperf. διδῃ, Ep. for ἐδίδῃ.
 διδοῖς or διδοῖσθα, διδοῖ, Ion. 2 and 3 sing. pres. of δίδωμι, formed from *διδῶω.
 διδοέμεν, διδοέμεναι, διδοῦναι, Ep. forms for διδύναι inf. of δίδωμι.
 διδου, 2 sing. imperat. and Ep. 3 sing. impf. of δίδωμι, formed from *διδῶω: διδοῦν inf.; διδοῦσι 3 plur.
 διδράσκω: fut. ἐράσομαι [α]: pf. ἐδιδράκα: aor. 2 ἐδρᾶν, inf. δρᾶναι, part. δρᾶς, imperat. δράθι, subj. δρῶ, opt. δράην: Ion. διδρήσκω, f. δρήσομαι, aor. 2 ἐδρην: (*δρᾶω):—to run away, escape.
 δι-δραχμος, on, (dis, δράχμη) of two drachms; δι-δραχμοὶ ὀπλίται soldiers with pay of two drachms a day. II. διδραχμον, τό, a double drachm, = half a shekel, paid annually to the treasury at Jerusalem.
 διδυμ-άνωρ, opor, δ, ἡ, τό, (διδυμος, ἀνὴρ) touching both the men. [α]
 διδυμᾶ-τόκος, on, Dor. for διδυμητόκος, (διδυμος, τεκύν) bearing twins.
 διδυμᾶν, onos, δ, ἡ, (διδυμος) a twin-brother. [α]
 διδυμος, poet. for δίδυμος.

διδύμο-γενής, *έε*, (δίδυμος, *γένω) *twin-born*.
 διδύμος, *η, ον, or os, or, (δία) double, twofold*; δι-
 δυμος *κασίνγητος* a *twin-brother*; διδυμοί *twins*.
 διδώνην, = διδοίην, opt. of δίδωμι.
 δίδωθι, Ep. for διδοθι, imperat. of δίδωμι.
 δίδωμι: fut. δώσω: aor. I *ἔδωκα*; aor. 2 *ἔδων*: pf.
ἔδωκα:—Med., aor. 2 *ἔδωμην*:—Pass., fut. *δοθήσομαι*:
 aor. 2 *ἔδοθην*: pf. *δέδομαι*: (*δῶω):—*to give,*
give freely, present:—in pres. and impf. *to offer*. 2.
 of the gods, *to grant*: so of the laws, *to permit* or
sanction. 3. *to devote, offer to the gods*: *to give*
up, surrender, in good or bad sense. 4. of parents,
to give their daughter to wife. 5. *διδύναι* *εαυτὸν*
τινι *to put oneself in his power*. 6. *διδόναι* *δίκην*,
γ. sub δικη. II. in vows, *to grant, allow, cause*
that: *δός με τίσασθαι* *give me to avenge my-*
self. II. seemingly intr. *to give oneself up, de-*
vote oneself.
 διδῶν, part. of δίδωμι, formed from *διδῶω.
 διδώσω, Ep. for δώσω, fut. of δίδωμι.
 διε, vocat. of διος, *godlike*.
 διε, poet. for *ἔδωε*, 3 sing. impf. of *δω*.
 διέβην, aor. 2 of διαβαίνω.
 διεβίων, aor. 2 of διαβιβάζω.
 διεβλήθην, aor. I pass. of διαβάλλω.
 δι-εγγυάω, f. *ἤσω*, *to give bail for*: Med. *to take*
bail: for:—Pass. *to be bailed, set free on his se-*
curity.
 δι-εγείρω, *to arouse*: Ep. aor. 2 pass. *διέγρετο, be*
wake: *aroused, awakened*.
 δι-ιγερθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of διεγείρω.
 διεγώνω, aor. 2 of διαγιγνώσκω.
 διεασάμην, aor. I of διαδατέομαι.
 διέβηα, Ion. for διέδειξα, aor. I of διαδελκνυμι.
 διεδηλησάμην, aor. I of διαδηλόομαι.
 διεδίδωτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of διαδίδωμι.
 διεδόθην, aor. I pass. of διαδίδωμι.
 διεδράμην, aor. 2 of διατρέχω.
 διέδραν, aor. 2 of διαδιδράσκω.
 διέδυν, aor. 2 of διαδύνω or διαδύομαι.
 διέεργον, poet. impf. of διέργω, διεργώ.
 διέζην, impf. of διαζάω.
 διέζωσα, aor. I of διαζώννυμι.
 διέζωμαι, pf. pass. of διαζώννυμι.
 διεθελώσα, aor. I of διαθείω.
 διέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of διατίθημι.
 διείδον, inf. διδεῖν, aor. 2 of διοράω, which supplies
 he pres., *to look through, discern, distinguish*.
 διελεγμαι, pf. pass. of διαλέγομαι.
 διελιμμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of διαλαμβάνω,
distinctly, precisely.
 διελήφα, pf. of διαλαμβάνω.
 διέλιον, aor. 2 of διαίρω.
 δι-εμι, fut. διείσομαι: (διά, εἰμι ἵδο):—*to go about*:
to go away. II. c. acc. *to pass or go through*:
 hence *to discuss* a subject.
 δι-εἰπον. aor. 2 with no pres. in use (διαγορεύω being
 used 'instead'); inf. *διειπεῖν*, poet. *διαειπεῖν*: fut. *διερῶ*:

pf. *διέρηκα*: (διά, εἶπον):—*to tell at length, detail,*
explain. II. *to speak one with another, converse*.
 δι-είργω, f. *ἔω*: Ep. and Ion. *διέργω*, Ep. also *δι-*
εέργω:—*to keep asunder or apart*: *to keep off*. II.
 intr. *to lie between*.
 διέρηκα, used as pt. of διεπειν, *to say clearly*.
 δι-είρομαι, poet. for δι-έρομαι, *to question closely*.
 δι-έρω, Ion. for δι-ερύω, *to draw across*.
 δι-έρω: aor. I *διέρσα*: perf. *διέρκα*:—*to pass or*
draw a thing through.
 δι-ειρωνό-ξενος, *ον, (διά, εἶρων, ξένος) dissembling*
with one's guests.
 δι-έκ, before a vowel δι-έξ, Prep. *right through*.
 διεκάναξα, aor. I of διακανάσσω.
 διεκέρκιστο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of διακρίνω.
 διεκλάπην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of διακλέπτω.
 δι-εκπεράλω, f. *ἄνω*, *to bring quite to an end*.
 δι-εκπεράω, f. *ἤσω* and *ἄσω*, *to pass out through*. II.
to pass by, overlook.
 δι-εκπλέω, f. *πλείσομαι*: Ion. *πλώω*, aor. I *ἔπλω-*
σα:—*to sail out through*: *to sail out*. II. in
 naval tactics, *to break the enemy's line by sailing*
through it. Hence
 διεκπλοος, contr. *διέκπλουε*, ὁ, *a sailing across or*
through. 2. *a breaking the enemy's line in a sea-fight*.
 δι-εκπλώω, Ion. for διεκπλέω.
 δι-έκρυθεν, Ep. for διεκρίθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of
 διακρίνω.
 δι-έκροος, ὁ, (διά, ἐκρέω) *a channel through*.
 διέλαθον, aor. 2 of διαλανθάνω.
 διέλασος, *εως, ἡ*, *a driving through*. II. *a charge*
 or *exercise of cavalry*. From
 δι-ελαύνω: fut. *διελάσω*, Att. *διελῶ*: (for the tenses,
 v. *ελαύνω*):—*to drive through or across*: *to thrust*
through. II. intr. *to drive or ride through*.
 διελεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of διαίρω.
 διέλειπτο, plqpf. pass. of διαλείπω.
 διελόιται, pf. of διαλείπω.
 διελέξάμην, aor. I of διαλέγομαι.
 διελεύσομαι, fut. of διέρχομαι.
 διελέχθην, aor. I of διαλέγομαι.
 διελθών, Ep. *διελθένω*, aor. 2 inf. of διέρχομαι.
 διέλκων, aor. 2 of διαλείπω.
 δι-έλκω: fut. *ελέσω* [ῶ]: aor. I *ελέκω* (v. *ἔλκω*):
 —*to tear asunder, pull open*; *διέλκειν* *τοδὸν ὀφθαλ-*
μούς. 2. *to pull through*. 2. *to keep on drinking*.
 διελύθην [ῶ], aor. I pass. of διαλύω.
 διελυμάνθην, aor. I of διαλυμαίνωμαι.
 ΔΙ'ΕΜΑΙ, Pass. (as if from *διήμι) *to speed, press on*.
 διεμαρτύρω [ῶ], 2 sing. aor. I of διαμαρτύρομαι.
 διέμεινα, aor. I of διαμένω.
 δι-εμπολάω: fut. *ἤσω*: pass. pf. *διημπολήμην*:—*to*
make merchandise of, sell, dispose of: hence *to betray*.
 δι-ενέγκαι, Ion. *ενεῖκαί*, aor. I inf. of διαφέρω
 διανεγχεῖσθαι, aor. I inf. pass.
 δι-ενθυμέομαι, Med. *to think within oneself*.
 δι-ενιαυτίσω, f. *ἴσω*, (διά, ἐν, αὐτός) *to live out the year*.
 δι-έντα, 3 pl. of διέμαι.

δι-εντέρευμα, ατος, τό, (διά, έντερον) - looking through entrails:—Comic word for sbarp-sightedness.
δι-εΐσσω contr. -άσσω Att. -άτω: fut. ήξω: to rush or spring forth.

δι-έξιμ, (διά, έξείμ) to go out through: to pass through: hence to count over, to number.

δι-έξαιών· f. -ελάσω [ά] Att. -ελώ:—to drive through. II. intr. to ride or march through or across.

δι-έξαιώσω Att. -τω, f. ξω, to unroll, untie.

δι-εξερέομαι, to question closely.

δι-εξερευνάω, f. ήσω, to examine closely.

δι-εξέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 -ήλθον: pf. -ελήλυθα: (cf. έρχομαι):—to go out through, pass through: get to the end of. 2. to go through in order. to set forth, recount in full. II. intr. to be past, gone by, of time.

δι-εξηγέομαι, strengthd. for εξηγέομαι.

δι-έλιμι, f. ήσω, to let go through, give free passage. II. intr. (sub. έαυτόν), of a river, to empty itself.

διελίμεναι, Ep. inf. of διέξιμ.

δι-έξοδος, ή, a way out through, a passage, outlet: the issue or event of a thing: also the sun's orbit. II. a full account.

δι-εξυφαίνω, f. άνώ, to finish the web.

δι-εορτάω, f. σω, to keep the feast throughout.

διεπείανυτο, 3 pl. plqpf. of διαπνάνω.

διεπειράθην [ά], aor. 1 of διαπειράομαι.

διεπειραιώθην, aor. of διαπειραιώω.

διεπερύασα, aor. 1 of διαπερύω.

διεπεφράδον, Ep. aor. 2 of διαφράζω.

διέπλεξα, aor. 1 of διαπλέκω.

διέπλευσα, aor. 1 of διαπλέω.

διέπνευσα, aor. 1 of διαπνέω.

διεπορεύθην, aor. 1 of διαπορεύομαι.

διεπράδον, -όμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of διαπέρβω.

διεπτάμην or -όμην, aor. 2 of διαπέταμαι.

διεπτόιησα, Ep. aor. 1 of διαπτοίω.

διέπτυξα, aor. 1 of διαπτύσσω.

διεπυθόμην, aor. 2 of διαπυνθάνομαι.

δι-έπω, f. ψω, to manage, order, arrange.

δι-εργάζομαι: f. άσομαι: pf. -έργασμαι: plqpf. -εργάσμεναι: Ion. -έργασμαι, -εργάσμεναι: aor. 1 pass. -εργάσθην: Dep.:—to work at, esp. of land, to cultivate it.

II. to destroy, ruin, kill, Lat. conficere: also plqpf. in pass. sense, διέργαστο τὰ πράγματα, Lat. actum erat de rebus, the affairs were ruined.

δι-έργω, Ep. and Ion. for διεργώω.

δι-ερίδω, f. σω, to prop up:—Med. to lean upon.

δι-ερέσσω: fut. διερέσω: aor. 1 διήρεσα, poet. διήρεσσα:—to row about, χερσὶ διερέσσειν to swim: to swing about.

δι-ερευνάω, f. ήσω, to search through, examine closely.

Hence

διερευνητής, οὔ, δ, a scout or vidette.

διερμηνεύτης, οὔ, δ, an interpreter. From

δι-ερμηνεύω, f. σω, to interpret, expound.

δι-έρομαι, Ep. for διερομαι.

ΔΙΕΡΟΣ, ά, όν, moist, fresh, juicy: metaph. or men, fresh, quick, active: later, wet, liquid.

δι-έρπω, f. ψω, to pass through.

διέρρηξα, διέρρηγα, aor. 1 and pf. of διαρρήγνυμι.

διερρηνκα, διερρηνη, pf. and aor. 2 of διαρρῶω.

δι-έρχομαι: fut. -ελεύσομαι: aor. -ήλθον: Dep.:—to go through or across, pass through. 2. to come to the end, arrive at. II. intr. to pass, of time: to go abroad, prevail, of a report. III. to go through, narrate.

διερῶ, used as fut. of διείπην.

δι-ερωτάω, f. ήσω, to cross-question, to question continually.

διεσθαι, inf. of δειμαί: also pres. inf. med. of δίδω.

δι-εσθίω, fut. διέδομαι, to eat through.

διεσκεδάσω, aor. 1 of διασκεδάννυμι.

διέσκεμμαι, pf. of διασκοπῶω:—hence δι-εσκεμμένος, Adv. of the part., prudently, considerately.

διεσκορπίσμαι, pf. pass. of διασκορπίζω.

διεσπάρην [ά], aor. 2 pass. of διασπείρω.

διεσπάσα, διεσπάσθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of διασπῶω.

διεσπασμαι, pf. pass. of διασπῶω.

διεσπειρα, aor. 1 of διασπείρω.

διεσσύτο. 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of διασένωμαι.

διεστελάμην, aor. 1 med. of διαστέλλω.

δι-έστην, διέστηκα, aor. 2 and pf. of διστήμι.

διεστίχον, aor. 2 of διαστείχω.

διεστραμμαι, pf. pass. of διαστρέφω.

διεστράφην [ά], aor. 2 pass. of διαστρέφω.

δι-εστῶς, perf. part. of διστήμι.

διεσφικμένος, pf. part. pass. of διασφικέομαι.

διέσχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of δίεχω.

διέσχίσα, διεσχίσθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of σχίζω.

διεταξα, aor. 1 of διατάσσω.

διεταράχην, aor. 1 pass. of διαταράσσω.

διετερύλητο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of διατρύλέω.

δι-ετής, ές, (δύς, έτος) of two years: two years old.

διετήσιος, ον, (διά, έτος) lasting through the year.

δι-ετία, ή, (διετής) the space of two years.

διέτμην, Ep. for διετμήσαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of διατμήγω.

διετμήγω, aor. 2 act.

διέτμηξεν, Dor. for διέτμηξεν, aor. 1 of διατμήγω.

δι-ετράπομην, διετράπην, aor. 2 med. and pass. of διατρέπω

δι-ενεκρίνέω, f. ήσω, (διά, εκκρίνη) to separate accurately, arrange carefully in order.

δι-ευλάβομαι, Dep. to take good heed, beware of.

δι-ευνάω, f. άσω, to lay asleep.

δι-ευτυχέω, f. ήσω, (διά, ευτυχής) to continue prosperous, to prosper through.

διεφάνην [ά], aor. 2 pass. of διαφαίνω.

δι-εφθάρστω, Ion. for διεφθαρμένοι ησαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of διαφθείρω.

διεφθάρην [ά], aor. 2 of διαφθείρω.

δι-εφθορα, intrans. pf. of διαφθείρω.

διεφύγον, aor. 2 of διαφύγω.

δι-έχω, f. δίξω, to keep apart, divide.

intrans. to go quite through: to stretch across, reach. 2. to stand apart, be distant:—of time, to intervene.

ΔΙ΄ΖΗΜΑΙ, Ep. 2 sing. διζῆναι: Dep.:—to seek out: to seek after, try for a thing.

II. to seek the meaning of. III. c. inf. to demand or require (*ibat*).

διζομαι, = διζῆμαι.

δι-ζυγος, *ov*, and διζυξ, ὕψος, *δ*, ἡ, (δῖς, ζυγόν) doubly-yoked, double.

ΔΙ΄ΖΩ, Ep. impf. δίζων, to be in doubt, at a loss.

δι-ζωος, *ov*, (δῖς, ζῶη) amphibious: living twice over.

διηβολία, ἡ, Ion. for διαβολία.

διηγᾶγον, aor. 2 of διᾶγω.

διηγγεῖλα, aor. 1 of διαγγέλλω.

διηγόμαι, Dep. to describe or narrate in full.

διήγησις, *εως*, ἡ, (διηγέομαι) narration, the statement of the case.

δι-ήριος, *ov*, Ion. for διαέριος, through the air.

δι-ηθέω, *ι*, ἡσώ, to strain through, filter, sift. 2.

to wash out, cleanse. II. *intrans.*, of the liquid, to filter through, percolate.

διηκονέω, διήκονος, Ion. for διακ-.

διηκόνουν, διηκόνησα, impf. and aor. 1 of διακονέω.

διηκόσιοι, *αι*, *α*, Ion. for διακόσιοι.

διηγκυλισμένος, pf. part. pass. of διαγκυλίζω.

διηγκυλωμένος, pf. part. pass. of διαγκυλῶ.

δι-ήκω, *ι*, ἡσώ, to go through, extend along or between. II. to persuade, fill

διηλάσσω, aor. 1 of διελαινώ.

διηλθον, aor. 2 of διήλωμαι.

δι-ηλιφής, *ές*, (διά, αλείφω) smeared all over.

διηλλάγην, διηλλάχθην, aor. 2 and 1 pass. of διαλλάσσω.

διήλλαχα, διήλλαγμαι, pf. act. and pass. of διαλλάσσω.

διημάρτηκα, διημάρτον, pf. and aor. 2 of διαμαρτύνω.

διημερεύω, *ι*, σω, (διά, ἡμέρα) to pass the whole day.

διημυλλήθην, aor. 1 of διαμυλλᾶμαι.

διηνεγκα, aor. 1 of διανέρω: whence

δι-ηνεκής, *ές*, stretching evenly along, stretching the whole length, unbroken, uninterrupted. Adv. διηνεκέως, Att. —*κῶς*, from beginning to end: clearly, distinctly.

δι-ήνεμος, *ov*, (διά, ἄνεμος) wind-swept.

διηνοίχθην, aor. 1 pass. of διανοίγω.

διηντλήσα, aor. 1 of διαντλέω.

δι-ανύσα, διήνυκα, aor. 1 and pf. of διανύω.

διήξα, aor. 1 of διαίσσω: but διήξα aor. 1 of διήκω.

διήξα, aor. 1 of διαίσσω, contr. for διαίσσω.

διηπορήθην, aor. 1 pass. of διαπορέω.

διηπόρουσι, impf. of διαπορέω.

διήρα, aor. 1 of διαίρω.

διήρεσα, aor. 1 of διερέσσω.

διηρέθην, aor. 1 pass. of διαιρέω.

διήρημαι, pf. pass. of διαιρέω.

δι-ήρης, *ες*, (δῖς, ἄρω) double: διήρης μέλαθρον, *am* upper story, upper chamber.

διήρθρον, διήρθρωσα, impf. and aor. 1 διαρθρώω.

διήρκα, pf. of διαίρω.

διήται, 3 sing. pres. subj. med. of δῖω.

διήτησα, διήτηθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of διατῶω.

διήφυσσα, aor. 1 of διαφύσσω.

δι-ελάσσω Att. —*ττος*, *ov*, (δῖς, θάλασσα) between two seas, where two seas meet, Lat. *bimaris*.

δι-θηκτος, *ov*, (δῖς, θήγω) twice-sharpened, two-edged.

δι-θρονος, *ov*, (δῖς, θρόνος) two-throned.

διθύραμβο-διδάσκαλος, *ος*, (διθύραμβος, διδάσκαλος) the dithyrambic poet who taught his chorus.

διθύραμβο-ποιός, *ος*, (διθύραμβος, ποιέω) a dithyrambic poet.

διθύραμβος, *ος*, the dithyramb, a kind of lyric poetry. II. epith. of Bacchus. (Deriv. unknown.)

δι-θυρσος, *ov*, (δῖς, θύρσος) with two thyrsi.

Διῖ, dat. of Ζεύς; v. *Δῖς.

διδᾶειν, inf. of διέδω.

δι-έτημι, fut. —*ήσω*: (for the tenses, v. ἔτημι):—to send through or across, let go through. 2. to thrust through.

II. to dismiss, disband. 2. to dissolve, melt; διέμενος aor. 2 part. med., in pass. sense, being melted.

δι-ιθύνω, to direct by steering straight.

δι-ικνέομαι, fut. —*ίξωμαι*; aor. 2 —*ικόμεν*: Dep.:—to go through, in telling a story. II. to reach.

Διῦ-πέτης, *ές*, (Διός, πέτω, Root of πίπτω) fallen from Zeus, i. e. from heaven, epith. of streams-swollen by rain: later, heaven-sent, divine, holy, pure.

Διῦ-πέτης, *ες*, (Διός, πέτομαι) hovering in air.

διῦστην, verb. Adj. of διείδεναι, one must inquire.

δι-ίστημι, f. διαστήσω: aor. 1 διεστήσα:—to set apart, divide, distract. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. —*έστην*, pf. —*έστηκα*, plqpf. —*έστηκειν*:—to stand apart, to be divided: hence

2. to differ, be at variance, quarrel. 3. to part after fighting. 4. to stand at certain distances or intervals. II. aor. 1 med.

διεστησάμην is used trans., to separate.

δι-ισχυρίζομαι, Dep. to lean upon, rely on. II. to affirm confidently.

διῖσθαι, perf. inf. of δικάζομαι.

δικάζω fut. δικάσω contr. δικῶ: aor. 1 ἐδικάσα:—Pass., f. δικάσθησομαι, f. 3 δεδικάσομαι: aor. 1 ἐδικάσθην: pf. δεδικάσμαι: (δικη): I. c. acc. rei, to judge, adjudge: to decide, determine.

2. c. dat. to decide for a person, judge his cause. 3. absol. to be judge: to give judgment: generally, to come to a decision.

II. Med. to plead, speak before the judges: absol. to go to law. III. Pass. to be brought before the judge, to be accused.

δικαία, ἡ, poet. for δικη.

δικαιεύν, Ion. for δικαιούν, inf. of δικαίω: δικαιοῦσι, Ion. for δικαιοῦσι, 3 pl. pres.

δικαιο-κρισία, ἡ, (δικαίος, κρίνω) just judgment.

δικαίω-πολις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (δικαίος, πόλις) *just in public dealings.*

δικαίος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (δίκη) *observant of right, righteous, just.* II. *equal, even: strict, exact.* III. *right, lawful, just.* 2. *fair, moderate.*—In phrase δικαίως εἶμι, with the infin., *I am bound to do, I have a right to do:*

δικαιοσύνη, ἡ, *justice, righteousness.*

δικαιότης, ἥτος, ἡ, = δικαιοσύνη.

δικαίωω: fut. ὥσω and ὥσομαι:—Pass., aor. I ἐδικαύωην: (δικαίος):—*to make right: to think right: to consent: also to claim as one's right: c. inf. to desire one to do.* II. *to judge: to condemn: to punish.* III. *to make just, bold guiltless, justify.*

δικαίωμα, ατος, τό, *an act of justice, the making good a wrong.* 2. *an acquittal, act of justification.* II. *a plea of right, just claim.*

δικαίως, Adv. of δικαίος, *justly, rightly.*

δικαίωσις, εως, ἡ, *a setting right, doing justice to: punishment.* II. *a claim, demand of right.* III. *judgment, good pleasure.*

δικάν, contr. for δικάσειν, fut. inf. of δικάζω.

δικανικός, ἡ, ὅν, (δίκη) *belonging to trials, judicial.* II. *skilled in law, lawyer-like.*

δικ-κάρηνος, ον, (δῖς, κάρηνον) *two-beaded.*

δικασ-πόλις, ὁ, (δίκη, πολέω) *a law-giver, judge.*

δικαστηρίδιον, τό, Dim. of δικαστήριον, *a little court of justice.*

δικαστήριον, τό, (δικάζω) *a court of justice.*

δικαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (δικάζω) *a judge or juror.*

δικαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (δικάζω) *of or for law or trials: τὸ δικαστικόν the juror's fee, at first one obol, afterwards three obols.* Adv. -κῶς.

ΔΙΚΕΙΝ, inf. of ἐδικον, an aor. with no pres. in use, *to throw, hurl.*

δί-κελλα, ἡς, ἡ, (δῖς, κέλλω) *a mattock or pickaxe with two teeth, Lat. bidens: cp. μάκελλα.*

δι-κέραϊος, ον, (δῖς, κεράλα) *two-horned, two-pointed.*

δί-κερως, gen. οσος ος ω, ὁ, ἡ, neut. δίκερων (δῖς, κέρως) *two-horned.*

ΔΙΚΗ, ἡ, *right: the orig. sense was custom, usage, manner: ἡ γὰρ δίκη ἐστὶ γερόντων for this is the manner of old men; acc. δίκην as Adv., in the way of, after the manner of.* II. *order, law, right.* III. *in plur. judgments: 'generally, a sentence.* IV. *an action at law, law-suit: properly, a private suit or action, opp. to γραφή (a public prosecution).* 2. *a trial.* 3. *the satisfaction or penalty awarded by the judge: δίκην or δίκας δίδουσι to give satisfaction or suffer punishment, Lat. poenas dare: δίκας λαμβάνειν, = Lat. sumere poenas, to inflict punishment: δίκην φεύγειν to be the defendant in the trial, opp. to δίκην δίδωκεν to prosecute.*

δικη-φόρος, ον, (δίκη, φέρω) *bringing justice, avenging: as Subst., δικηφόρος, ὁ, an avenger.*

δικίδιον, τό, Dim. of δίκη, *a little trial.*

διεαίλι, ἴδος, ἡ, (δῖς, κλίνω) *double-folding, of doors: as Subst., διεαίλιες, αἱ, folding-doors.*

δικο-λέκτης, ον, ὁ, (δίκη, λέγω) *a pleader.*

δικο-λόγος, ὁ, = δικολέκτης.

δικορ-ράφέω, (δίκη, ῥάπτω) *to get up a law-suit.*

δι-κόρυφος, ον, (δῖς, κορυφή) *two-beaded.*

δί-κράνης, ον, (δῖς, κράνον) *two-beaded, two-pointed, as Subst., δικάρανός, ὁ, a pitchfork.*

δι-κράτης, ἐς, (δῖς, κράτος) *colleague in power, jointly-ruling: double-slaying.*

δί-κροτος, ον, (δῖς, κροτέω) *double-beating: double-oared, with two banks of oars on a side.*

δικτυβολέω, f. ἥσω, *to cast the net.* From

δικτυ-βόλος, ον, (δίκτυον, βάλλω) *casting nets: as Subst., δικτυβόλος, ὁ, a fisherman.*

δίκτυες, οἱ, unknown animals of Libya.

Δίκτυνα or Δίκτυννα, ἡ, (δίκτυον) *epith. of Artemis the goddess of the chase.*

δικτυό-κλωστός, ον, (δίκτυον, κλώθω) *woven in meshes: σπείραι δικτυόκλωστοι the net's meshy folds.*

ΔΙΚΤΥΟΝ, τό, *any net-work, a fishing-net: a hunting-net.* Hence

δικτυόμαρ, Pass. *to be caught in a net.*

δικωπέω, f. ἥσω, *to ply a pair of sculls: generally, to work double-banded: and*

δικοπία, ἡ, *a pair of sculls.* From

δί-κωπος, ον, (δῖς, κώπη) *two-oared.*

διλογέω, f. ἥσω, (διλόγος) *to say again, repeat.* Hence

διλογία, ἡ, *repetition.* From

δι-λόγος, ον, (δῖς, λέγω) *saying twice, repeating.* II. *double-tongued, deceitful.*

δί-λογχος, ον, (δῖς, λόγχη) *with two spears: double-pointed, twofold.*

δί-λόφος, ον, (δῖς, λόφος) *with two crests.*

δί-μναίος, α, ον, Att. δι-μνέως, ον, (δῖς, μνᾶ) *of or worth two minae: διμναίους ἀποτιμήσασθαι to value at two minae.*

διμοῖρα, ἡ, *a double share: double pay.* From

δί-μοῖρος, ον, (δῖς, μοῖρα) *divided between two: as Subst., διμοῖρον, τό, a half-drachma.*

δίνεον, Ep. impf. of δινέω.

δίνεμα, ατος, τό, *anything whirled round: a whirling, dancing.* From

δινέω, f. εἵσω, aor. I ἐδίνευσα: and δινέω, f. ἥσω, aor. I ἐδίνησα: Ion. impf. δινεύεσκον:—Pass., aor. I ἐδινήθη, pf. δεδίνημαι: (δίνη):—*to make whirl or spin round: to drive round a circle.* II. *intr. and Pass. to whirl about in the dance: generally, to roam about.*

ΔΙΝΗ, ἡ, *a whirling: a whirlpool, eddy: a whirlwind.* Hence

δινήεις, εσσα, εν, *whirling, eddying.* II. *rounded, dinēthēnai, aor. I pass. inf. of δινέω.*

δινήτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of δινέω, *whirled round.*

ΔΙΝΟΣ, ὁ, like δίνη, *a whirl, eddy.* 2. *also the circular area where the oxen trod out the corn, a threshing-floor.* 3. *a large round goblet.*

δινόω, f. ὥσω, *to turn with a lathe, to round.*

δίνω, (δίνος) *to thresh out.*

δινωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (δίνω) *turned on the lathe, rounded: worked round.*

διξός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for δισός, *double.*

Διο- or διο- in compos. means *sprung from Jove* (Δις, Διός) or *from the gods, hence excellent, god-like.*
 δι-δ, Conjunct. contr. for δι' ὅ, *wherefore, on which account: therefore:* with enclit. added, διόπερ, *Lat. propter quod, propterea.*

Διόβολος, ὄν, (Δις, βάλλω) *hurled by Jove.*

Διο-γενέτωρ, ὄρος, ὅ, (Δις, γενέτωρ) *giving birth to Jove.*

Διο-γενής, ἐς, (Δις, *γένω) *Jove-born.*

Διό-γενητος, ὄν, contr. for Διογενήτος, = Διογενής.

Διό-γονος, ὄν, — Διογενής.

δι-οδεύω, f. σω, to *travel through.*

δι-οδοιπορέω, (διά, ὁδοίπος) to *travel through.*

δι-οδος, ἡ, (διά, ὁδός) a *way through, thoroughfare, passage: the orbit of a star.* 2. *permission to pass, a pass-port, safe-conduct.*

Διόθεν, (Δις) Adv. *sent from Jove.*

δι-οίγνυμι or δι-οίγω, f. — οίζω, to *open.*

δι-οιδα, pf. of διείδω, to *know the difference, distinguish, decide.*

δι-οικέω, f. ἦσω impf. διέκουν: aor. I διέκησα: pf. διέκηκα:—Pass., aor. I διέκηθην: pf. διέκημαι, but also irreg. δεδιέκημαι:—to *manage, direct: to conduct the affairs of a state: to treat or feed in a certain way.* II. to *inhabit distinct places:—*

Med. to *live apart.* Hence

διοίκησις, εὐς, ἡ, *house-keeping: management, government.* II. a *government: a province, a diocese.*

δι-οικίζω: f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to *make to live apart, to disperse:—*Pass., to *be scattered abroad.*

διοικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to *build across, wall off.*

διοιστέω, verb. Adj. of διαφέρω (f. διοίσω) *one must move round.*

δι-οϊστεύω, f. σω, to *shoot an arrow through.*

διοίω and διοίσωμι, fut. of διαφέρω.

δίοιτο, 3 sing opt. med. of δία.

δι-οιχνέω, f. ἦσω, to *go through: to wander about.*

δι-οιχόμαι: f. — οιχόμαι: pf. — οίχημαι: Dep.:—to *be quite gone by: of persons, to be clean gone, to have perished.* II. to *be gone through, ended.*

διοκωχή, ἡ, (δι-όκωχα pf. of δι-έχω) a *cessation.*

δι-ολισθαίνω and —άνω, f. —ολισθήσω, to *slip through, slip away from.*

δι-όλλυμι: fut. —ολέσω, Att. —ολώ: (for the tenses, v. ἄλλωμι):—to *destroy utterly, bring to naught: to put out of mind: hence to forget, opp. to σώζω.* II.

Pass. and Med., with pf. διόλωκα: to *perish utterly.*

δι-όλω, for διά, ὅλω, Adv., *altogether.*

δι-ομαλλίζω, f. σω, to *be always even-minded.*

Διομπαλαφών, ὄνος, ὅ, (Διομεία, ἀλαφών) *the brag-gart of the dame Diomeia.*

δι-ὀρνυμι, fut. —ομοῦμαι: aor. I med. —ομοσάμην:—to *swear solemnly: to declare on oath.*

δι-ομολογέω, f. ἦσω, to *make an agreement: Pass. to be agreed on: Med. to agree mutually to a thing.*

διον, acc. of διός: but διον Ep. for ἔδιον, impf. of δία.

Διονύσια (sub. ἑερά), τά, *the feast of Διόνυσος or Bacchus*, esp. at Athens: *four distinct feasts* in four consecutive months: viz.

I. τὰ κατ' ἀγρούς or μικρά, in Poseideon (December).

II. τὰ ἐν Λίμναις or Λήναις (in the Λίμναις, where the Ἀθηναῖον stood), in Gamelion (January).

III. τὰ Ἀνθεστηρία, in Anthestherion (February).

IV. τὰ μεγάλα, τὰ ἄστικά, τὰ κατ' ἄστυ, or simply τὰ Διονύσια, in Elaphebolion (March), the most famous of all. Hence

Διονυσιαῖός, ἡ, ὄν, *belonging to the Dionysia, or to Dionysos.*

Διόνυσος, ὁ, and ποῦτ. Διάνυσος, Dionysos, *Bacchus*, god of wine, vineyards, and dramatic poetry. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Διό-παις, παιδός, ὁ, (Δις, παῖς) *son of Jove.*

δι-όπερ, v. sub διο-.

Διο-πετής, ἐς, — Διυπετής.

Διο-πτεῖω, to *be in charge of a ship's cargo.* From

διόπτος, ὁ, (διέπω) a *director, ruler: a person in charge of a ship's cargo.*

δι-οπτεύω, f. σω, (διά, ὄψομαι) to *watch accurately, spy about: to gaze upon.*

δι-οπτῆρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (διόψομαι) a *spy, scout.*

δι-όπτης, ὄν, ὁ, (διόψομαι) a *looker through.*

δι-οράω, fut. διόρομαι, to *see through, discern.*

δι-ὀργυιός, ὄν, (δύς, ὀργυιά) *two fatboms long.*

δι-ορθεύω, f. σω, to *judge rightly of.*

δι-ορθός, f. ὤσω, to *make straight: to set right: to make good, amend, correct, make amends for: to tell aright:—*so also in Med. Hence

διόρθωμα, ατος, τό, a *making straight, correction: amendment: and*

διόρθωσις, εὐς, ἡ, a *making straight, correcting, amending of a fault: reformation.*

δι-ορίζω, Ion. —ουρίζω: f. ἴω, Att. ἰώ:—to *divide by limits, separate.* 2. to *distinguish, determine, define: to ordain.* II. to *carry abroad, banish, Lat. ex-terminare.*

III. intr. to *pass the boundaries*

δι-ὀρνύμαι, Pass. to *hurry through.*

διορνήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of διορύσσω.

διορύγμα, ατος, τό, a *through-cut, a canal.* From

διορύσσω, ατος, τό. —τω: f. ῥω: (for the tenses, v. ὀρύσσω): to *dig through: metaph. to undermine.*

δι-ορχέομαι, Dep. to *dance a match with one.*

Διός, διά, διόν, (Δις) *godlike, excellent, mighty*, joined with a genit., *δια θεῶν, δια γυναικῶν*, with sup. force, *most divine of goddesses, of women.* 2. *noble, honest, trusty.* 3. *divine, marvellous.*

Διός, gen. of Ζεύς: v. *Δις.

Διό-δοτος, ὄν, (Δις, δίδωμι) *given by Jove, beaven-sent.*

Διο-σημία, ἡ, (Δις, σημά) a *sign from Jove, Lat. omentum: a portent.*

Διός κοροί, ὁ, Att. and poet. for Διόσκοροι: (Δις, κόρος, κούρος): *sons of Jove, esp. the twins of Leda,*

Castor and Pollux. II. the constellation named from them the Twins, Lat. *Gemini*. The Dioscouri were tutelary deities of sailors, cf. Hor. Carm. I, 3, 2. Hence

Διοσκούρειον, τό, the temple of the Dioscouri.
 δι-ότι, Conjunct. for διὰ τοῦτο ὅτι . . . for the reason that, since, Lat. *quocirca, quamobrem*. 2. indirect, wherefore, for what reason. 3. interrogat. wherefore? II. = ὅτι, that.

διο-τρεφής, ἐς, (Δίς, τρέφω) cherished by Jove.
 δι-ουρίζω, Ion. for διορίζω.

δι-οχλέω, f. ἥσω, to annoy exceedingly.
 δι-ύβομαι, fut. of διοράω, formed from *διόδομαι.

δι-παις, παιδος, δ, ἡ, (δῖς, παῖς) with two children;
 Ὁρῆος δίπαις a dirge ebanted by one's two children.

δι-πάλαστος, ον, (δῖς, πάλαισθῃ) two palms broad.
 δι-παλτος, ον, (δῖς, πάλω) brandished with both hands; δίπαλτα ξίφη two-handed swords.

δι-πληγυς, υ, (δῖς, πῆχυς) two cubits long, broad, etc.
 διπλάζω, (διπλάσιον) to double:—Pass. to be doubled, to be made twofold. II. intr., τὸ διπλάζον κακόν the twofold evil. Hence

δίπλαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, a double-folded mantle or cloak. 2. δίπλακες are ship-planks (which double one over the other), and poet. for ships, like Lat. *trabes*. II. as Adj., folded double.

διπλασιάξω, f. ἄσω, to double. From
 διπλάσιος, α, ον, Ion. διπλήσιος, η, ον, (δῖς) double, twice as much, as many, etc.: τὸ διπλάσιον as much again. Adv. -ως, doubly. Hence

διπλάσιόω, to double:—Pass. to become twofold.
 δι-πλέθρος, ον, (δῖς, πλέθρον) two πλέθρα long or broad.

διπλή (sub. χλαῖνα), ἡ, a cloak folded double.
 διπλή, Adv. twice, twice over.

διπλοῖζω, —διπλάζω.
 διπλοῖς, ἄνω, ἡ, a double cloak. Hence

διπλός, ὅγ, ὅον, contr. διπλοῦς, ὅ, οὖν, twofold, double. 2. doubled, bent double. II. in plur., = ἄμφω or δύο, both, two. III. metaph. double-minded, treacherous, Lat. *duplex*, opp. to ἀπλοῦς. (From διω-; see ἀπλός.)

διπλός, ἡ, ὅν, = διπλός: neut. Comp. διπλότερον as Adv. twice as much.

διπλόω, f. ἄσω, (διπλός) to double, bend double. II. so refay twofold.

δι-πόδις, ἐς, (δῖς, ποῦς) two feet long, broad, etc.
 δι-πόλεια, τά, contr. of Διπόλεια, (Δίς, πόλις) an ancient festival of Jove at Athens. Hence

Διπολι-ώδης, ἐς, (Διπόλεια, εἶδος) like the feast of the *Dipoleia*, i. e. obsolete, out of date.

δι-πόλος, ον, (δῖς, πόλος) twice ploughed.
 δι-πορος, ον, (δῖς, πόρος) with two passages.

δι-πόταμος, ον, (δῖς, ποταμός) lying between or on two rivers.

δι-πους, ποδος, δ, ἡ, (δῖς, ποῦς) two-footed, Lat. *bipes*:—as Subst., δίπους, δ, a Libyan kind of mouse, the *jerboa*. II. two feet long, broad, etc.

δι-πρόσωπος, ον, (δῖς, πρόσωπον) two-faced.

δι-πτέρυγος, ον, (δῖς, πτέρυξ) two-winged.

δι-πυχός, ον, (δῖς, πυχή) folded together, doubled; διπυχον δελτίον, a pair of tablets. II. = διω-

σός, twofold, two, Lat. *geminus*.

δι-πύλος, ον, (δῖς, πύλη) with two gates or entrances.

δι-πύρος, ον, (δῖς, πῦρ) with double lights.

διρ-ρύμος, ον, (δῖς, ῥῦμός) with two poles.

δῖς, (δύο) Adv. twice, double.

-δῖς, inseparable Suffix, like -δε, signifying motion to a place, as in ἀλλυδῖς, οἰκαδῖς, χαμαδῖς.

*ΔΙΨ, an old nom., = Ζεύς, which appears in the oblique cases Διός, Διὶ contr. Δί, Δία, and the Lat. *Dis, Diespiter, Dijovis*.

δισ-ἔβος, ον, Dor. for δισ-ἦβος, twice young.

δισ-ενυος, ον, (δῖς, ἐνὴ) with two wives.

δισ-θάνης, ἐς, (δῖς, θανείν) twice dead.

δισκέω, f. ἴσω, = δισκέω.

δισκοίς, f. ἥσω, (δίσκος) to pitch the quoit: generally, to throw, toss. Hence

δισκημα, ατος, τό, a thing thrown. II. the pitching of a quoit.

δισ-σκήπτρος, ον, (δῖς, σκήπτρον) two-sceptred.

δίσκος, δ, (δικεῖν) a round plate, a quoit of stone; later of metal or wood. II. anything like a quoit: a trencher: a mirror.

δισκ-συρα, τά, (δίσκος, οὔρον) a quoit's cast.

δισ-μύριοι, αἱ, α, twenty thousand: sing. δισμύριον, α, ον, with collective nouns, as, ἵππος δισμύρια 20,000 horse.

δισσ-ἄρχηγς, ον, δ, (δισσός, ἄρχω) partners in sway, joint-ruling.

δισσός Att. διττός Ion. διξός, ἡ, ὅν: (δῖς): twofold, double: also divided, disagreeing, doubtful.

δισσός, Adv. of δισός, doubly.

διστάζω, f. ἄσω, (δῖς) to doubt, be at a loss.

δι-στίχος, ον, (δῖς, στίξ) of two rows, lines, or verses: as Subst., διστίχον, τό, an elegiac couplet.

δι-στολος, ον, (δῖς, στέλλω) in pairs, two together.

δι-στομος, ον, (δῖς, στόμα) double-mouthed, with two entrances, double. II. of a weapon, two-edged.

δι-σύλλαβος, ον, (δῖς, συλλαβή) of two syllables.

δισ-χιλίοι [χι], αἱ, α, two thousand: also in sing. δισχιλίον, α, ον, with collective nouns, as, ἵππος δισχιλία 2000 horse.

δι-τάλαντος, ον, (δῖς, τάλαντον) worth or weighing two talents.

δι-τόκος, ον, (δῖς, τεκεῖν) twin or twice bearing.

διττός, etc., v. sub διω-.

δι-υγρός, ον, thoroughly wet: melting.

δι-ύλιζω, (διά, ὕλη) to strain or filter thoroughly: to strain off.

δι-υπνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to wake from sleep: so also in Med.

διφάσιος, α, ον, twofold, double, Lat. *bifarius*: in Ion. used also for δύο.

ΔΙΦΑΏ, Ion. -έω, to dive after: seek after, hunt for. Hence

διήτηρ, opos, δ, a searcher after.

διφθέρα, ἡ, (δέφω) a prepared bide, leather, and so opp. to δέρρεϊ which are unworked bides. II.

anything made of leather: a leathern garment worn by peasants: a leathern wallet. Hence

διφθέριος, η, ov, of tanned leather.

δι-φθερίς, ιδος, ἡ, = διφθέρα.

δι-φθογγος, ov, (δῖς, φθέγγομαι) with two sounds: as Subst., διφθογγος, ἡ, and διφθογγόν, τό, a diphtong.

δι-φόρος, ov, (δῖς, φέρω) bearing fruit twice in the year, Lat. *biferus*.

διφραξ, ἄκος, ἡ, poet. for δίφρος, a seat, chair.

διφρεία, ἡ, (διφρεύω) chariot-driving.

διφρ-ελάτεια, ἡ, fem. of διφρηλάτης.

διφρευτής, ov, ὁ, a charioteer. From

διφρεύω, f. σω, (δίφρος) to drive a chariot.

διφρηλάστια, ἡ, chariot-driving. From

διφρηλάτew, to drive in a chariot. From

διφρηλάτης, ov, ὁ, (δίφρος, ἐλαύνω) a charioteer.

δίφριος, ov, (δίφρος) of a chariot: neut. pl. δίφρια as

Adv., at the chariot-wheels.

διφρίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of δίφρος.

δι-φροντις, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (δῖς, φροντίς) of two minds, distraught in mind.

δίφρος, ὁ, and later ἡ, (contr. of διφύρος, bearing two), in plur. οἱ δίφροι or τὰ δίφρα:—the chariot-board, on which two could stand; the war-chariot: a travelling-chariot. II. generally, a seat, couch, stool.

διφρ-ουλέω, f. ἦσω, (δίφρος, ἔλκω) to draw a chariot.

διφροφορέω, f. ἦσω, to carry a chair or litter:—Pass. to be carried or travel in one. II. to carry

a camp-stool, as the female μέτοικοι had to do for the Athenian women in processions. From

διφρο-φόρος, ov, (δίφρος, φέρω) carrying a chair.

δι-φύς, ἐς, (δῖς, φύη) of double nature or form: generally, twofold, double.

δι-φυλος, ov, (δῖς, φύη) of two families.

δίχα, (δῖς) I. Adv. in two, asunder, apart. 2. at two, at variance: differently, oppositely. II.

Prep. with gen. apart from, without: differently from, unlike: like ἀνεν, against the will of: of Place, away from. 2. except. Hence

διχαῖω, f. ἄσω, to cleave asunder, disunite, make to disagree.

δι-χαλκον, τό, a double χαλκοῦς, a copper coin.

δι-χᾶλος, Dor. for δι-χρηλος.

δι-χῆ, Adv., = δίχα, in two: in two ways.

δι-χρηλος, ov, (δῖς, χρηλή) cloven-hoofed. II. as Subst., διχρηλον, τό, a forceps, pincers.

διχρήρης, ἐς, (δίχα) divided.

διχθά, Adv., poet. for δίχα, like τριχθά for τρίχα, in twain. Hence

διχθάδιος, α, ov, double, divided. [ᾱ]

διχθάς, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. of διχθάδιος.

διχό-βουλος, ov, (δίχα, βουλή) adverse.

διχο-γνωμονέω, (δίχα, γνώμη) to differ in opinion.

διχόθεν, (δίχα) Adv. on or from both sides.

δι-χοίνικτος, ov, (δῖς, χοίνιξ) bolding 2 χοίνικτες, i. e. nearly 3 pints.

δι-χόλωτος, ov, (δῖς, χολόμαι) doubly enraged.

διχό-μηνις, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, = διχόμενος.

διχό-μηνος, ov, (δίχα, μήν) in the middle of the month, at or of the full moon.

διχό-μῦθος, ov, (δίχα, μῦθος) double-speaking.

διχορ-ράγης, ἐς, (δίχα, ραγήναι) broken in twain.

διχόροπος, ov, (δίχα, ῥέπω) wavering. Adv. —πως, doubtfully.

διχοστάσια, ἡ, a standing apart, quarrel, dispute: dissension. II. doubt. From

διχο-στατέω, f. ἦσω, (δίχα, στήναι) to stand apart, disagree.

διχό-στομος, ov, (δίχα, στόμα) = διστομος.

διχο-τομέω, f. ἦσω, (δίχα, τέμνω) to cut in two, cut asunder.

διχοῦ, Adv., = δίχα.

διχό-φρων, ov, gen. ovos, (δίχα, φρήν) apart in mind, at variance, discordant, disagreeing.

διχώς, Adv., like δίχα, doubly, in two ways.

ΔΙΨΑ, ης, ἡ, thirst. Hence

διψᾶλος, α, ov, thirsty, dry; and

διψᾶς, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. of διψῶς.

διψάω, ης, ἡ, inf. διψῆν: impf. ἐδιψῆν, ης, η: fut.

διψήσω: aor. I ἐδιψῆσα: pf. δεδιψῆκα:—to thirst: of the ground, to be dry, parched. II. metaph. to

thirst after, long earnestly for.

διψος, α, ov, (διψᾶ) thirsty, athirst, dry, parched.

διψος, eos, τό, = διψα, thirst.

δι-ψυχος, ov, (δῖς, ψυχή) double-minded, wavering.

ΔΙΨΩ, an Epic verb: in Act. always intr. to run away, take to flight, flee: to be afraid. II. in

Med., subj. διώμαι, ἔλγεται, διανται, opt. δίοιτο, inf. διεσθαι, mostly trans., to frighten away, chase, put to

flight: to drive: to hunt: but 2. also, like δῖς, to be afraid. [M]

διωγμα, atos, τό, (διώκω) a pursuit, pursuing, chase. II. that which is chased, 'the chase.'

διωγμός, ὁ, (διώκω) the chase. II. persecution, harassing.

δι-ωδίνος, ov, (δῖα, ὠδὴν) piercing with anguish.

δι-ωθίω, fut. —ωθήσω and —ώσω: (for the tenses, v. ὠθέω):—to push or tear away: Med. to push asunder for oneself, break through. 2. to thrust away:—

Med. to push from oneself, push away: to repulse drive back. 3. to reject: to refuse.

διωκαθεῖν, poet. aor. 2 inf. of διώκω.

διωκέμεν, διωκόμεναι, for διώκειν, inf. of διώκω.

διώκηκα, διώκημαι, pf. act. and pass. of διωκέω.

διώκησα, διώκησθην, aor. I act. and pass. of διωκέω.

διωκέτος, α, ov, verb. Adj. of διώκω, to be pursued, aimed at.

διωκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and διώκτης, ov, ὁ, a pursuer. From

διώκω, f. ἔω or ἔομαι: aor. I ἐδιώξα: poet. aor. 2 ἐδιώκαθον:—Pass., aor. I ἐδιώχην: pf. δεδιώχμην:

(διώ): I. to pursue, chase, hunt: of persons, to

seek after, follow closely:—Med. to chase. II. to drive on drive away, chase away: to expel, to banish: διώκειν ἄρμα to drive a chariot; hence seemingly intr. to drive; also to speed, haste. III. as law-term, to prosecute, bring an action against; δ διώκων the prosecutor, plaintiff, opp. to δ φεύγων the defendant.

δι-ωλένιος, ον, (διά, ὠλήνη) with outstretched arms. διώλεσα, aor. I of διόλλυμι. διωμοσάμην, aor. I med. of διόμνυμι. δι-ώμοτος, ον, (διόμνυμι) on one's oath, bound by oath.

Διώνη, ἡ, Dioné, mother of Venus (Jove being the father). II. daughter of Dioné, Aphrodité.

δι-ώνυμος, ον, (δύς, ὄνυμα = ὄνομα) with two names: named together.

διωξι-κλέυθος, ον, (διώκω, κλέυθος) urging on the way.

διώξ-ιππος, ον, (διώκω, ἵππος) horse-driving. διώξις, εως, ἡ, (διώκω) a chasing: chase, pursuit. 2.

as law-term, prosecution. διώρῃσα, aor. I of διορίζω:—διώρῃσμαι, pf. pass.

διώρυνμαι, pf. pass. διορύσσω. δι-ώρύγος, ον, more correct form of διόργυιος.

διώρυξ, ὅχος, ὁ, ἡ, (διορύσσω) dug out through: διώρυξ (sub. γῆ) a trench, canal; κρυπτή διώρυξ a covered passage.

διώσα, aor. I of διωθέω. διμηθείς, aor. I pass. part. of δαμάω: διμηθήτω, 3

sing. imperat., may be prevailed upon. διμήσις, εως, ἡ, (δαμάω) a taming, breaking in.

διμήτερος, ἡ, a tamer, subduer; fem. of sq. διμητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (δαμάω) a tamer, breaker.

δμῶς, dual nom. of δμῶς. δμῶή, ἡ, (δαμάω) a female slave taken in war: generally, any female slave, Lat. ancilla.

δμῶιος, α, ον, (δμῶς) in servile condition. δμῶις, ἴδος, ἡ, = δμῶή.

δμῶς, αἰς, ὁ, (δαμάω) a slave taken in war: hence any slave.

δνοπαλίζω, f. ξω, to swing or fling about. δνοφέρος, α, ον, dark, dusky, murky. From

ΔΝΟΦΟΣ, δ, = κνέφας, darkness, dusk, gloom. δοάσατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I in impers. sense, = Att.

ἔδοξε, it seemed: δοάσεται, Ep. for -ηται, 3 sing. subj. = δόγη.

δόγμα, ατος, τό, (δοκέω) that which one thinks true, an opinion. 2. a resolution, decrees. Hence

δογματίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ὦ, to lay down a decree:—Pass. to submit to ordinances.

δοθήσομαι, fut. pass. of δίδωμι. ΔΟΘΗΝ, ἦρος, ὁ, a small abscess, boil.

δοιάζω, f. ἄσω, (δοιοί) to consider two ways, hesitate between:—Med. to doubt, to imagine.

δοιδυκο-ποιός, ὁ, (δοιδυξ, ποιέω) a pestle-maker. ΔΟΙΔΥΞ, ὄνος, ὁ, a pestle.

δοιή, ἡ, doubt, perplexity. From δοίην, aor. 2 opt. of δίδωμι.

δοιόι, α, = δύο, two, both: δοιά, Adv. in two ways. δοιώ, = δοιοί, of which is the dual, = δύο.

δοκέω, f. εῖσω, (δέχομαι) to watch closely, to lie in wait for.

ΔΟΚΕΩ; but many tenses are formed from pres. *δόκω: fut. δοκήσω and δόξω: aor. I ἐδόκησα and ἐδόξα: pf. δεδόκηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἐδοκήθην: pf. δεδοκήμεθα and δεδογμαι:

I. to think, suppose, expect, imagine. II. intr. to seem, appear: esp.

in 3 sing. δοκεῖ, ἔδοξε, it seems good, seemed good: as Att. law-term, ἔδοξε τῇ βουλῇ, τῷ δήμῳ, it was decreed or enacted by... but also in 1 pers., δοκῶ μοι, I seem to myself, me thinks, Lat. videor mihi; ἔδοξά μοι μετῴχθαι.

2. to appear to be something, to be of repute: οἱ δοκούντες εἶναι τι men who are held to be of some account. 3. aor. I neut. part. δόξαν, used absol., and plqpf. δεδογμένον, it having been resolved, Lat. quum statutum esset; so δοκοῦν, it being resolved, Lat. quum statueretur.

δόκη, ἡ, = δοχή, (δοκέω) a vision, fancy. δόκημα, τό, (δοκέω) a vision, fancy. 2. an opinion, expectation.

Δόκησις, εως, ἡ, (δοκέω) an opinion, belief: a conceit, fancy, suspicion. II. good report, credit.

δοκησί-σοφος, ον, (δόκησις, σοφός) wise in one's own conceit.

δοκίμαζω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἐδοκίμασα:—Pass., aor. I ἐδοκίμασθην: pf. δεδοκίμασμαι: (δόκιμος):—to assay metals: to prove, test: hence generally, to prove, to examine.

II. to approve, sanction: to hold as good, pure, after trial. Hence

δοκίμασία, ἡ, an assay, proving, examination. δοκίμαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (δοκίμαζω) an assayer, examiner.

δοκίμη, τό, a proof, examination: approved character, Lat. probitas: and

δοκίμιον, τό, proof, trial. From δοκίμος, ον, (δέχομαι) tried, assayed, genuine: of persons, approved, esteemed, Lat. probus, probatus: of things, worthy, excellent; also notable, considerable. Adv. -μως, really, truly.

δοκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of δοκός, a stick. ΔΟΚΟΣ, ἡ, a wooden beam or bar: a shaft.

δοκῶ, ὅς contr. οὗς, ἡ, = δόκησις, an opinion. δολερός, α, ὄν, (δόλος) deceitful, treacherous.

δολιό-μητις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (δόλιος, μήτις) crafty-purposing.

δολιό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πονν, τό, gen. ποδος, (δόλιος, ποίς) of stealthy foot.

δόλιος, α, ον, and ος, ον, (δύλος) crafty, deceitful, treacherous, wily.

δολιό-φρων, ὁ, ἡ, gen. ονος, (δόλιος, φρήν) crafty of mind, wily.

δολιχ-αῦλος, ον, (δολιχός, αὔλος) with long tube or socket.

δολιχ-αὔχνης, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (δολιχός, αὔχνη) long-necked.

δολιχ-εγχείης, ἐς, (δολιχός, ἐγχείς) with tall spear.

δολιχ-ήρεμος, ον, (δολιχός, ἑρεμός) of a ship, long-oared: of persons, using long oars.

δολιχῶ, f. ὤσω, (δόλιος) to deal treacherously.

δολιχο-γράφία, ἡ, (δόλιχος, γράφω) prolix writing,

ΔΟΛΙΣΟΣ, ἡ, *long*: of Time, long, weary-some. II. as Subst., δολιχός, ὁ, *the long course*, i.e. racing. opp. to the course of the στάδιον.

δολιχο-σκιός, ον, (δολιχός, σκιά) *casting a long shadow*: or δολιχο-σκιος, (δολιχός, ὄσχος) *with long shadow*.

δολοῖς, εσσα, εν, (δολός) *subtle, wily* II. of things, *craftily contrived, artful*.

δολο-μήτης, es, gen. eos, (δολός, μήθος) *wily, crafty*. Φολο-μήτης, ου, ὁ, and δολο-μήτης, ι, gen. ios, (δολός, μήτης) *crafty-minded, wily*.

δολο-μήχανος, ον, (δολός, μηχανή) *contriving wiles*.

δολο-μῦθος, ον, (δολός, μῦθος) *false-speaking*.

δολοπλοκία, ἡ, *subtlety, craft*. From

δολο-πλοκός, ὁν, (δολός, πλέω) *weaving wiles*.

δολο-ποιός, ὄν, (δολός, ποίεω) *treacherous*.

δολορραφία, ἡ, *artful contrivance, subtlety*. From

δολορ-ραφός, ον, (δολός, ράπτω) *contriving wiles*.

δολός, ὁ, (from ΔΕΛ-, the Root of δέλεαρ) properly *a bait for fish*: then *a piece of deceit*, any cunning contrivance: *craft, cunning, treachery*, Lat. dolus.

δολο-φόνος, ον, (δολός, *φένω) *slaying by treachery*.

δολο-φράδης, ἐς, (δολός, φράζω) *wily-minded*.

δολοφρονέω, ουσα, ον, (δολοφρων) *craft-devising*.

δολοφροσύνη, ἡ, *eubolē, williness*. From

δολο-φρων, ον, gen. onus, (δολός, φρήν) = δολο-φραδής, *crafty-minded*.

δολώω, f. ὥσω, (δολός) *to beguile, ensnare*. II. *to counterfeit, adulterate, disguise*. Hence

δολωμα, ατος, τό, *a trick, deceit*.

δολωνος, ὁ, (δολός) *a small sail*. II. *a dagger*.

δολ-ώπης, ιδος, ἡ, (δολός, ὤψ) *artful-looking*.

δολωσις, εως, ἡ, (δολώω) *a tricking, ensnaring*.

δόμα, ατος, τό, (δίδωμι) *a gift*.

δομαῖος, α, ον, (δῆμι) *of or for building*.

δόμεναι, δόμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of δίδωμι.

δόμονδε, Adv. *home, homeward*: ὄνδε δόμενδε *to his own house*. From

δόμος, ὁ, (δῆμι) Lat. domus, *a house*: also *the household*. II. *a part of the house, chamber, room*.

III. *anything that is built up*: δια τριήκοντα δομων πλίνθον *at every thirtieth layer of bricks*.

δομο-σφάλλης, ἐς, (δόμος, σφάλλω) *ruining the house*.

δονακεύομαι, Dep. (δόναξ) *to catch birds with reed and birdlime*.

δονακεύς, εως, ὁ, (δόναξ) *a thicket of reeds*.

δονακίτης, ιδος, fem. Adj. (δόναξ) *of reed*.

δονακο-γλύφος, ον, (δόναξ, γλύφω) *reed-cutting*.

δονακός, εσσα, εν, (δόναξ) *abounding in reeds*;

δολός δονακός *a reed covered with birdlime*.

δονακο-τρόφος, ον, (δόναξ, τρέφω) *reed-producing*.

δονακό-χλος, ον, contr. -χλους, ον, (δόναξ, χλῆς) *green with reeds*.

δόναξ Ion. δοῦναξ Dor. δώναξ, ἄκος, ὁ, *a reed*, Lat. calamus, arundo. II. *anything made of reed*:

a dart, arrow. 2. *a flute, shepherd's pipe*. 3. *a*

fishing-rod or lined reed (see δονακείος).

bridge of the lyre. From

ΔΟΝΕ΄Ω, f. ἴσω, *to shake, stir: to excite, agitate: drive about*:—Pass., ἡ Ἀσίη ἰδονέετο Asia was in commotion. Hence

δόνημα, ατος, τό, *agitation, waving motion*; and

δονητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. *shaken*.

δόντες, ον, nom. pl. of δούς, aor. 2 part. of δίδωμι.

δόξῃ, ἡ, (δοκέω) *a notion, opinion*, Lat. visum: expectation. 2. *a sentiment, judgment*: esp. *a philosophical opinion*, Lat. placitum. 3. *mere opinion*, as opp. to knowledge. 4. *a fancy, vision*. II.

the opinion others have of one, one's reputation, Lat. existimatio: *good report, credit, honour*. 2. *glory, splendour*. Hence

δοξάζω, f. ἄσω, *to hold an opinion, think, believe, judge*. II. *to glorify, extol*. Hence

δοξασμα, ατος, τό, *an opinion: a fancy*.

δοξοκοπία, ἡ, *love of popularity*. From

δοξο-κόπος, ον, (δόξα, κύπτω) *seeking popularity*.

δοξο-μάνης, ἐς, (δόξα, μάνημι) *mad after glory*.

Hence

δοξομανία, ἡ, *mad love of glory*.

δοξο-ματαιό-σοφος, ὁ, (δόξα, ματαιός, σοφός) *a would-be philosopher*.

δοξο-σόφος, ον, (δόξα, σόφος) *wise in one's own conceit*.

δοξώω, f. ὥσω, *to give one the character of being so and so*: Pass. *to have such a character*.

δόξω, fut. of δοκέω: δέξαι, aor. 1 inf.

δορά, ἡ, (δέρω) *a skin, hide*.

δόρατα, nom. pl. δόρατι, dat. sing., of δόρυ.

δοράτιον, τό, Dim. of δόρυ, *a small spear, dart*.

δορατο-τάχης, ἐς, (δόρυ, τάχος) *of a spear-sword's*

thickens.

δοράτος, gen. of δόρυ.

δορήϊος, α, ον, (δόρυ) *wooden*.

δορι-άλωτος, ον, (δόρυ, ἀλῶμαι) *captive of the spear, taken in war*. [ᾶ]

δορι-γαμβρός, ον, (δόρυ, γαμέω) *wooed by battle*.

δορι-θήρατος, ον, (δόρυ, θηράω) *taken by the spear*.

δορι-κάνης, ἐς, (δόρυ, κανέω) *slain by the spear*.

δορι-κμής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (δόρυ, κάμνω) *slain by the spear*.

δορι-κράνος, ον, (δόρυ, κράνον) *spear-headed*.

δορι-κτητος, ον, (δόρυ, κτάομαι) *won by the spear*.

δορι-κτύπος, ον, (δόρυ, κτυπέω) *spear-clasbing*.

δορι-ληπτος, ον, (δόρυ, λαμβάνω) *won by the spear*.

δορι-μάνης, ἐς, (δόρυ, μανέω) *raging with the spear*.

δορι-μαργος, ον, (δόρυ, μάργος) *raging with the spear*.

δορι-μήστωρ, ορος, ὁ, (δόρυ, μήστωρ) *master of the spear*.

δορι-παλτος, ον, (δόρυ, πάλλω) *wielding the spear*;

χείρ δοριπαλτος, i. e. *the right hand*.

δορι-πετής, ἐς, (δόρυ, *πέτω Root of πίπτω) *fallen by the spear*.

δορι-πληκτος, ον, (δόρυ, πλήσσω) *stricken by the spear*.

δορί-ππος, *ον*, (δῶρυ, πῖνος) *toiling with the spear, bearing the brunt of war.*

δορι-σθενής, *ἐς*, *v. sub* δορυσθενής.

δορι-στέφανος, *ον*, (δῶρυ, στέφανος) *crowned for bravery in war.*

δορι-τίνακτος, *ον*, (δῶρυ, τινάσσω) *shaken by battle.*

δορι-τμήτος, *ον*, (δῶρυ, τέμνω) *pierced by the spear.*

δορι-τολμος, *ον*, (δῶρυ, τόλμα) *bold in war.*

δορκαῖος, *ἰδος*, *ἡ*, = δορκάς.

δορκάς, *ἄδος*, *ἡ*, (δέδορκα) *an antelope, gazelle, so called from its large bright eyes.*

δορός, *ὁ*, (δέρω) *a leather bag or wallet.*

δορπέω, *ἡ*, ἴσω, (δέρπων) *to take supper.* Hence

δορπητος, *ὁ*, *supper-time, evening.*

Δορπία, *ἡ*, (δέρπων) *the first day of the feast Δρα-*

ντρία; τῆς ὁρτῆς τῇ δορπία *on the eve of the feast.*

ΔΟΡΠΗΟΝ, *τό*, *the evening meal, Lat. coena, the chief feast of the day, dinner or supper.*

ΔΟΡΥ, *τό*: *gen.* δοράτος, *Ep.* δούρατος δουρός, *in Att.* poets also δορός; *dat.* δόρατι, *Ion.* δούρατι δουρί, *in Att.* poets also δόρει or δορί.—*Ion.* dual δούρε.—*Plur. nom.* δόρατα, *Ep.* δούρατα δούρα, *in Att.* Poets also δόρη: *gen.* δέρον, *Ep.* δούραν; *dat.* δύρασι, *Ep.* δούρασι δούρεσσι. *The stem of a tree, but only when cut down: timber for ships, a beam, plank, hence like Lat. trabs, a ship.* II. *the wood or last of a spear; hence the spear itself: a hunting-spear: since the spear was held in the right hand, ἐπὶ δούρυ* *meant to the right hand, opp. to ἐν' ἀσπίδα* *to the left.*

δορυ-άλωτος, *false reading for δοριάλωτος.*

δορυ-θαρητής, *ἐς*; (δύρυ θαρσύνω) *daring in war.*

δορυ-ξενος, *ὁ*, *ἡ*, (δύρυ, ξένος) *a friend at the spear,*

an ally in war: or a friend made in war.

δορυ-ζόος, *ον*, *contr.* -ζούς, *οὖν*, (δύρυ, ζέω) *spear-polishing: as Subst., δορυζόος, ὁ, a maker of spears; also δορυζός, ὁ.*

δορυ-πᾶγής, *ἐς*, (δύρυ, παγῖναι) *built of beams.*

δορυ-παλτος, +πετής, -πληκτος, *v.* δορίπ-

δορυ-σθενής *or* δορι-σθενής, *ἐς*, (δύρυ, σθένος) *mighty with the spear.*

δορυσ-σότης, *ητος, ὁ*, *masc. Adj., = δορύσσοος, warlike.*

δορυσ-σός, *ον*, *contr.* δορυσ-σοῦς, *οὖν*, *poet.* also

δορυ-σάος, (δύρυ, σείω) *brandishing the spear.*

δορυ-στέφανος, δορυ-τίνακτος, *v.* δορι-

δορυφορέω, *ἡ*, ἴσω, (δορυφόρος) *to attend as a body-guard: to keep guard over.* Hence

δορυφόρμα, *ματος, τό*, *a body-guard; and*

δορυφορία, *ἡ*, *a keeping guard over.*

δορυφορικός, *ἡ*, *ὄν*, (δορυφορία) *of or for the guard; τὸ δορυφορικόν* *the guard.*

δορυ-φόρος, *ον*, (δύρυ, φέρω) *spear-bearing, Lat. hastatus; οἱ δορυφόροι* *the body-guards of kings, who were distinguished by carrying a spear.*

δός, *aor. 2* *imperat.* of δίδωμι.

δοσιδικος, *ον*, *false reading for δοσιδικος.*

δόσις, *εως, ἡ*, (δίδωμι) *a giving.* II. *a gift, present: a bequest.*

III. *a portion: a dose.*

δόσκον, *Ep. aor. 2* of δίδωμι.

δότειρα, *ἡ*, *fem.* of δοτήρ.

δοτέος, *α, ον*, *verb. Adj.* of δίδωμι, *to be given.* II.

δοτέον, *one must give.*

δοτήρ, *ἥρος, ὁ*, (δίδωμι) *a giver, dispenser.*

δοτῆς, *ου, ὁ*, = δοτήρ.

δουλ-ἄγωνέω, *ἡ*, ἴσω, (δούλος, ἄγω) *to bring into slavery; δουλαγωγεῖν τὸ σῶμα* *to mortify the body.*

δουλάριον, *τό*, *Dim.* of δούλος.

δουλεία *Ion.* δουλητή, *ἡ*, (δουλεύω). *servitude, slavery, bondage.* II. *the body of slaves, the bondmen, servile class.*

δούλειος, *α, ον*, *or* *ος, ον*, (δούλος) *slavish, servile.*

δούλευμα, *ατος, τό*, (δουλεύω) *a service.* II.

a slave, Lat. mancipium.

δουλεύω, *ἡ*, ἴσω, (δούλος) *to be a slave: generally, c. dat., to be a slave to another, be subject to, to serve, obey, Lat. inservire alicui.*

δουλή, *ἡ*, *fem.* of δούλος.

δουλητή, *Ion.* of δουλεία.

δουλλά, *ἡ*, *poet.* for δουλεία.

δουλικός, *ἡ*, *ὄν*, = δούλιος. *Adv.* -κῶς, *like a slave.*

δούλιος, *α, ον*, (δούλος) *slavish, servile; δούλιον ἡμαρ* *the day of slavery, i. e. a slave's lot or life.*

δουλιχό-δειρος, *Ion.* for δολιχόδειρος, (δολιχός, δείρη) *long-necked.*

δουλιχόεις, *εσσα, εν*, *Ion.* for δολιχέεις, *poet.* for δολιχός.

δουλο-πρεπής, *ἐς*, (δούλος, πρέπω) *besititing a slave low-minded, mean.*

ΔΟΥΛΟΣ, *ὁ*, *a slave, bondman, properly a δοῖν slave, opp. to ἀνδράποδον* *(a slave taken in war).* II *as Adj., δούλος, η, ον*, *slavish, enslaved, subject; Comp.* δουλοτερος, *more of a slave.*

δουλοσύνη, *ἡ*, (δούλος) *slavery, slavish work.*

δουλόσυνος, *ον*, (δούλος) *enslaved.*

δουλότερος, *α, ον*, *Comp.* of δούλος.

δουλόω, *ἡ*, ἴσω, (δούλος) *to make a slave of, enslave:—Med.* *to subject to oneself.* Hence

δουλώσις, *εως, ἡ*, *enslaving, subjugation.*

δουναί, *aor. 2* *inf.* of δίδωμι.

δουναξ, δουνακείς, *Ion.* for δύναξ, δονακείς.

δουπέω, *ἡ*, ἴσω: *Ep.* *aor. 1* δούπησα: *pf.* δέδουπα: (δούπητος)—*to sound heavily, of the heavy fall of a corpse: generally, to fall in battle.*

δουπήτωρ, *ορος, ὁ*, (δουπέω) *a clatterer.*

ΔΟΥΨΟΣ, *ὁ*, *any dead, heavy sound; δούψος ἀκόντων* *the hurrying of spears; the sound of soldiers marching; the hum of a multitude; the din of war; the roar of the sea.*

δουράτα, *syncop.* δοῦρα, *τά*, *Ep.* *plur.* of δούρυ.

δουράτεος, *α, ον*, *of planks or beams.*

δουράτιον, *Ion.* for δοράτιον, *a dart.*

δούρειος, *α, ον*, = δουράτεος.

δούρεσσι, *Ep.* *dat. pl.* of δούρυ.

δουρ-ηνεκές, (δούρυ, ενεγκεῖν) *Adv.* *a spear's throw off or distant.*

δουρι-άλωτος, *ον*, Ion. for δουριάλωτος.
 δουρι-κλειτός, *όν*, Ion. for δουρι-κλειτός, (δύρου, κλει-
 τός) *famed for the spear*.
 δουρι-κλιτός, *ή, όν*, Ion. for δουρι-κλυτός, (δύρου,
 κλυτός) *famed for the spear*.
 δουρι-κτητός, δουρι-λήπτος, δουρι-μανής, Ion.
 for δουρι-.
 δούριος, = δούριος.
 δουρι-πληκτος, *ον*, Ion. for δουριπληκτος.
 δουρι-τύπης, *ές*, (δύρου, τύπτω) *wood-cutting*.
 δουρου-δόκη, *ή*, (δύρου, δοχή) *a stand for spears*.
 δουρο-θήκη, *ή*, (δύρου, θήκη) *a case for spears*.
 δουρο-μάνης, *ές*, Ion. for δουριμανής.
 δούς, *αορ. 2 part. of δίδωμι*.
 δοχείον, Ion. δοχίτιον, τό, (δέχομαι) *a bolder*.
 δοχή, *ή*, (δέχομαι) *reception, entertainment*. II.
a receptacle.
 δοχμή, *ή*, *a measure of length, a span*.
 δόχμιος, *α, ον*, (δοχμός) *across, sideways, aslant*.
 δοχμόλοφος, *ον*, (δοχμός, λόφος) *wearing one's*
plume aslant, with nodding plume.
 ΔΟΧΜΟ΄Σ, *ή, όν*, *slanting, sideways*. Hence
 δοχμόδωμαι, *αορ. 1 έδοχμώθην*, *Pass. to turn sideways*
or aslant.
 δράγμα, *ατος, τό*, (δράσσομαι) *as much as one can*
grasp, a handful, truss, sheaf, Lat. manipulus.
 δραγματη-φόρος, *ον*, (δράγμα, φέρω) *carrying*
sheaves.
 δραγμαεύς, *φ. σω*, *to collect the corn into sheaves*.
 δραγμός, *δ*, (δράσσομαι) *a taking bold of, handling*.
 δραθύν, *αορ. 2 inf. of δραθύνω*.
 δρᾶθῖ, *αορ. 1ον*, *aor. 2 imperat. and opt. of διδράσκω*.
 δράνω, *ή, δρᾶνῶ*, (δράω) *to be going to do*.
 δράκαινα, *ης, ή*, *fem. of δράκων, a she-dragon*.
 δρᾶκύν, *αορ. 2 inf. act. of δέρομαι*.
 δρᾶκῖναι, *αορ. 2 inf. pass. of δέρομαι*.
 δρᾶκόμενος, *αορ. 2 part. med. of δέρομαι*.
 δρέκον, Ion. for ξδράκον, *αορ. 2 of δέρομαι*.
 δρακόντειος, *α, ον*, (δράκων) *of a dragon*.
 δρακοντ-ολέτης, *ου, δ*, (δράκων, ὄλλυμι) *serpent-*
slayer.
 δρακοντό-μαλλος, *ον*, (δράκων, μάλλος) *with snakey*
locks.
 δρακοντ-ώδης, *ες*, (δράκων, εἶδος) *snake-like*.
 δρᾶκόν, *αορ. 2 part. act. of δέρομαι*.
 δράκων, *οντος, δ*, (δρακύν) *a dragon: later a serpent*.
 δρᾶμα, *ατος, τό*, (δράω) *a deed, act, acting: a busi-*
ness, duty. 2. *an action represented on the stage,*
a drama.
 δρᾶμειν, *αορ. 2 inf. of τρέχω*.
 δράμημα, *ατος, τό*, (δραμείν) *a course, a race*.
 δρᾶμούμαι, δραμών, *fut. and αορ. 2 part. of τρέχω*.
 δρᾶναι, *αορ. 2 inf. of διδράσκω*.
 δράξ, δράκας, = δράγμα.
 δρᾶπτεω, *φ. σω*, *to run away, flee*. From
 δρᾶπέτης, *ον*, Ion. δρηπέτης, *εω, δ*, (δρᾶναι) *a run-*
away: esp. a runaway slave. II. as Adj., δρα-
 πέτης κλήρος *a fugitive lot, i.e. a mouldering clod,*

which fell in pieces so as never to be drawn out of
the urn.
 δρᾶπτείδης, *ου, δ*, = δραπέτης.
 δρᾶπέτις, *ιδος, ή*, *fem. of δραπέτης*.
 δρᾶπετικός, *δ*, *Dim. of δραπέτης*.
 δράς, δράσα, *αορ. 2 part. of δράω*.
 δρᾶσειω, *Desiderat. of δράω, to have a mind to do,*
to be going to do.
 δρασθεῖς, *αορ. 1 part. pass. of δράω*.
 δράσιμος, *ον*, (δράω) *active: τὸ δράσιμον action*.
 δρασμός Ion. δρησμός, *δ*, (δρᾶναι) *a running away,*
flight.
 δράσσομαι, *fut. of διδράσκω*. [α]
 ΔΡΑ΄ΣΣΟΜΑΙ Att. δράττομαι: *fut. δράσομαι:*
αορ. 1 έδραράμην: pf. δέδραγμα Att. δέδραγμα:
Dep.:—to grasp with the hand, grasp a handful of:
to lay bold of:—c. acc. rei, to take by handful.
 δραστήος, *α, ον*, verb. Adj. of δράω, *to be done*. II.
δραστήον, one must do.
 δραστήριος, *ον*, *vigorous, active, efficacious*.
 δραστής, *ον, δ*, (δράω) *a worker: servant*.
 δραστηκός, *ή, όν*, (δράω) *active*.
 δρᾶτός, *ή, όν*, *metath. for δαρτός, verb. Adj. οἱ δέρα,*
skinned, flayed.
 δραχμή, *ή*, (δράσσομαι) *a drachma, a coin worth 6*
obols, i.e. 93d, nearly = Roman denarius. II. *an*
Attic weight, = about 66 gr. Avdp. (Properly as
much as one can hold in the hand, cf. δράγμα.)
 ΔΡΑ΄Ω, *φ. δράσω* [α]: *αορ. 1 έδράσα: pf. δέδρακα:*
—Pass., αορ. 1 έδράσθην: pf. δέδραμαι:—to do, be
doing, accomplish:—c. dupl. acc., εὔ or κακῶς δρᾶν
τινα, to do one good or ill.
 δρεπάνη, *ή*, (δρέπω) *a sickle, reaping-hook, scythe* [α]
 δρεπάνη-φόρος, *ον*, (δρεπάνη, φέρω) *bearing a scythe:*
ἄρμα δρεπανηφόρον a scythe-armed car.
 δρεπάνο-ειδής, *ές*, (δρεπανον, εἶδος) *sickle-shaped*.
 δρέπανον, τό, (δρέπω) = δρεπάνη, *a sickle: a curved*
scimitar.
 δρεπανο-ουργός, *δ*, (δρεπανον, *έργω) *a sword-maker*.
 δρέπτω, *ροῦτ. for δρέπω, to pluck, cull*.
 ΔΡΕ΄ΠΩ, *φ. ψω:* *αορ. 1 έδρεψα: αορ. 2 έδράπον:*
—Med., Dor. fut. δρεψέμαι: αορ. 1 έδρεψάμην:—
Pass., αορ. 1 έδρέφθην:—to break off, pluck: Med.
to pluck for oneself, cull, gather: metaph. to possess,
enjoy.
 δρηπέτης, *εω, δ*, Ion. for δραπέτης.
 δρηπισσύνη, *ή*, = δρησσύνη.
 δρηστής, *ήρος, δ*, (διδράσκω) Ion. for δραστήρ, *a*
run-away.
 δρηστήρ, *ήρος, δ*, Ion. for δραστήρ, (δράω) *a la-*
bourer, worker: fem. δρηστειρα.
 δρηστής, *οὔ, δ*, Ion. for δραστής.
 δρηστοσύνη, *ή*, Ion. for δραστοσύνη, (δράω) *service*.
 δριμύλος, *ον*, *Dim. of δριμύς, sharp, piercing*. [ϋ]
 ΔΡΙΜΥ΄Σ, *εία, υ*, *piercing, stinging, biting, pun-*
gent. II. *metaph. like Lat. acer, sharp, keen,*
bitter: sbrewd. Adv. —έως. Hence
 δριμύτης, *ητος, ή*, *sharpness, pungency: bitterness*.

ΔΡΥΟΣ, τό, plur. δρία, τά, (as if from δριον) coarse-wood, thick, brushwood.

ΔΡΟΪΤΗ, ἡ, a bathing tub, a bath.

δρομαῖος, α, ov, or os, ov, (δρόμος) running at full speed, swift, fleet.

δρομάς, ἄδος, ὁ, (δραμεῖν) running, whirling.

δρομεύς, ἑως, (δραμεῖν) a runner.

δρόμημα, ατος, τό, = δράμημα.

δρόμος, ὁ, (δραμεῖν) a course, race, running: *fli. bi:* a fleeing, escape; ἡμέρης δρόμος a day's running, i.e. the distance one can go in a day. 2. the length of the stadium, a course; ἔξω δρόμου φέρεσθαι to be carried out of the course. II. a place for running, race-course: a public walk.

δροσερός, ἄ, ὄν, (δρόσος) dewy, watery.

δροσίζω, f. ἰσω, (δρόσος) to bedew, besprinkle.

δροσινός, ἡ, ὄν, (δρόσος) = δροσερός.

δροσεύς, ἑσσα, εν, poet. for δροσερός.

ΔΡΟΣΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. ROS, dew: also the time of dew, dew-fall. 2. pure water: tears. 3. metaph. anything tender, the young of animals. Hence

δροσάω, to bedew: pf. pass. part. δεδρωσμένος, dewy.

δρου-ωδης, es, (δρόσος, εἶδος) dew-like, dewy.

Δρυάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (δρύς) a Dryad, a wood-nymph whose life was bound up with that of her tree.

δρύϊνος [I], η, ov, (δρύς) oaken; δρύϊνον πῦρ a fire of oak-wood; μέλι δρύϊνον honey from a hollow oak.

δρυ-κολάπτης, ου, ὁ, = δρυο-κολάπτης.

δρυμός, ὁ, pl. δρυμοί and δρυμά: (δρύς) an oak-copse: *corripce* = *corripce*, wood. [v, except in neut. pl.]

δρυμ-ῶνος, ἡ, (δρύς) an oak-copse.

δρυο-γόνος, ov, (δρύς, *γένω) oak-grown.

δρυο-κοίτης, ου, ὁ, (δρύς, κοίτη) couching on the oak, epith. of the τέττις.

δρυο-κολάπτης, ου, ὁ, (δρύς, κολάπτω) the great woodpecker, Lat. *picus major*.

δρυο-παγής, ἑς, (δρύς, παγῆναι) built of oak.

δρύ-οχοι, οί, οριδρύ-οχα, τά, (δρύς, ἔχω) the oaken ribs or cross-timbers of a ship, which hold her together; δρύοχους τιθέναι δράματος to lay the keel of a new play.

δρύοψ, οπος, ὁ, (δρύς, ὄψ) a kind of woodpecker.

δρύ-πετής, ἑς, (δρύς, πέπτω) ripened on the tree, quite ripe: over-ripe, decayed; or δρυ-πετής, ἑς, (δρύς, *πέτω Root of πίπτω) ready to fall from the tree.

ΔΡΥΠΠΑ, ἡ, an over-ripe, mouldy olive.

ΔΡΥΠΤΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἐδρυσα Ep. δρύψα:—Pass., aor. I ἐδρύφην: pf. δέδρυμαι:—to: tear, scratch, wound; δρύπτεσθαι παρειάν to tear one's cheek; also absol.

ΔΡΥΣ, ἡ, gen. δρύος, acc. δρύν: pl. nom. and acc. δρύες, δρύας, contr. δρύς:—the oak, sacred to Zeus. II. any timber tree; πείρα δρύς the resinous pine.

III. metaph. an old tree, i.e.

lbered old man.

δρυ-τόμος, ov, (δρύς, τεμεῖν) felling timber.

δρυφάκτον, τό, and δρυφάκτος, ὁ, (δρύς) a railed fence, railing, paling: at Athens the bar of the courts of law or the council-chamber.

δρύφηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of δρύπτω.

δρύψα, Ep. aor. I of δρύπτω.

δρύψα, τά, (δρύπτω) scraping, parings.

δρύομι, Ep. for δρύμ, lengthd. opt. of δρύω.

δύ, Ep. for ἔδω, 3 sing. aor. 2 of δύω.

δύακις, Adv. twice, = δις.

δύάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (δύω) the number two.

δύάω, (δύη) to plunge in misery.

δυσεν, later Att. for δυσόν, gen. and dat. dual of δύς.

ΔΥΤΗ, ἡ, woe, misery, anguish: toil, pain: *baré usage*. [v]

δύην, (as if for δύνη), aor. 2 opt. of δύμ.

δυσηπάθῃ, ἡ, misery. From

δυση-πάθος, ov, (δύη, παθεῖν) suffering woe.

δύθι, aor. 2 imperat. of δύω.

δύτος, α, ov, (δύη) miserable.

δύμένα, δύμεν, Ep. for δύναι, aor. 2 inf. of δύω.

δύμι, assumed as a collat. form of δύω, δύναι.

δύναι, aor. 2 inf. of δύω.

δύνα, Att. 2 sing. of δύναιμι.

ΔΥΝΑΜΑΙ, in pres. and imperf. declined like ἵσταμαι, 2 sing. δύνασαι, Att. δύνε, Ion. δύνη δύνεαι; 3 pl. δύνανται Ep. δυνέαι; subj. δύναιμι, Ion. 2 sing. δύνηαι:—imperf. ἐδύναμην, 2 sing. ἐδύνω, 3 pl. ἐδύναντο Ion. ἐδυνέατο:—fut. δυνήσομαι: aor. I ἐδυνάσασθην and ἐδύνῃσθην (or ἐδυνάσθην Ep. δυνάσθην):—pf. δεδύνημαι:—in Att. the double augment ἡδυνάμην, ἡδυνήθην is often used: Dep.: I. to be able, capable, strong enough to do, c. inf.: also c. acc., δυνάσασθαι ἅπαντα to be able to do all things, Lat. omnia posse: absol., οἱ δυνάμενοι the powerful. II. to pass for, to be worth, Lat. valere; ὁ σίγλος δύναιται ἑπτα ὀβόλους the shekel is worth seven obols: to avail: to signify, denote.

δύναμις, ἡ: gen. εως Ion. ιος: Ion. dat. δύνامي, (δύναιμι):—strength, might, power, ability; κατά δύνಾಮι to the best of one's power, Lat. pro virili; παρά δύνಾಮι or ὑπὲρ δύναμι beyond one's power. 2. a force for war, forces, Lat. copiae. 3. a quantity, Lat. vis, e.g. χρημάτων. 4. the force of a word, etc., meaning, Lat. vis. 5. a faculty, power: hence a faculty, art, as Logic. 6. worth, value, as of money.

δυνάμω, f. ὥσω, (δύναμις) to strengthen.

δυνάσθην, Ep. aor. I of δύναιμι.

δυνάστis, εως, ἡ, poet. for δύναιμι.

δύναστεία, ἡ, power, lordship, sovereignty. II. an oligarchy. From

δύναστεῦω, f. σω, to bold power or lordship, to be powerful: to be high in rank. From

δυνάστης, ου, ὁ, (δύναιμι) a lord, master, ruler; οἱ δυνάσται the chief men, Lat. optimates.

δυνάστω, οπος, ὁ, = δυνάστης.

δυνάττω, f. ἡσω, (δυνατός) to be powerful.

δυνάτης, ου, ὁ, poet. for δυνάστης.

δυνάτης, ἡ, ὄν, (δύναμαι) strong, mighty: powerful, able. II. of things, possible.

δυνατῶς, Adv. of δυνατός, strongly, powerfully; δυνατῶς ἔχει it is possible.

δύνε, Ep. for δύναε, 3 sing. impf. of δύναω.

δύναι, δύνῃ, Ion. 2 sing. of δύναμαι.

δυνάσται, Ion. 3 pl. of δύναμαι.

δύνῃται, Ep. 2 sing. pres. subj. of δύναμαι.

δυνήσομαι, fut. of δύναμαι.

δύντε, aor. 2 part. nom. dual of δύω.

δύνω, see δύω.

ΔΥ'Ο, Ep. δύω: gen. and dat. δυῶν, in later Att. δυεῖν: plur. only in Ion. and late Att., gen. δυῶν, dat. δυοί Ion. δυοῖσι: sometimes indecl., e. g. τῶν δυο μοιράων:—Lat. DUO, our TWO; σὺν δυο δυο together, by twos; εἰς δυο δυο and two.

δυο-καί-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, twelve, Lat. duo-decim.

δυοκαίδεκά-μηρος, δυοκαίδεκάς, δυοκαίδεκατος, see δωδεκά-μηρος, δωδεκάς, etc.

δυόσων, Ep. for δυῶσιν, 3 pl. of δύω.

δύρομαι, poet. for ὀδύρομαι.

δύσ-, insepar. Prefix, opp. to εὖ, like our un- or mis- in un-lucky, mis-chance, always with a notion of hard, bad, ill, etc., destroying a word's good sense or increasing its bad sense.

δύς, δύσα, δύν, aor. 2 part. of δύω.

δυσ-αγκόμιστος, δυσ-ἀγκριτος, poet. for δυσ-ανακ-

δύσ-αγνος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀγνός) uncaste, impure.

δυσ-αγρέω, f. ἤσω, to have bad luck in fishing.

δυσ-ἀδελφος, ον, unbarry in one's brothers.

δυσ-αῆς, ἐς, (δυσ-, ἀημι) ill-blowing, stormy, adverse; δυσᾶσθαι Ep. gen. pl. for δυσᾶσαι.

δυσ-ἀθλιος, α, ον, also, ον, most miserable.

δυσ-αιωνής, ἐς, most direful, most horrible.

δυσ-αἶθριος, ον, (δυσ-, αἶθρα) not clear, murky.

δυσ-άλων, αως, ὁ, ἡ, miserable in life, most miserable.

δυσ-αλγής, ἐς, (δυσ-, ἀλγος) very painful.

δυσ-ἀλγητος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀλγέω) unfeeling, hard-hearted.

δυσ-ἄλιος, ον, Dor. for δυσ ἥλιος. [ἀ]

δυσ-ἄλωτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀλῶναι) hard to catch or conquer; δυσάλωτος κακῶν hard to be reached by ills.

δυσ-ἀμβάτος, ον, by poet. syncop. for δυσ-ἀνάβατος.

δυσ-ἄμμορος, ον, most miserable.

δυσ-ἀνάβατος, ον, hard to mount.

δυσ-ανακόμιστος, syncop. δυσ-αγκόμιστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀνακομίω) hard to bring back or recall.

δυσ-ἀνὰκριτος, syncop. δυσ-ἀγκριτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀνακρίνω) hard to distinguish or examine.

δυσ-ανασχετέω, f. ἤσω, (δυσ-, ἀνασχετός) to bear ill, to be unable to bear.

δυσ-ἀνὰτρεπτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀνατρέπω) hard to overthrown.

δυσ-ἄνεκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀνέχω) hard to bear.

δυσ-ἄνεμος, ον, Dor. for δυσ-ἡμεος.

δυσ-ἀντιβλεπτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀντιβλέπω) hard to look in the face.

δύσωντο, for ἰδύς-, 3 pl. aor. I med. of δύω.

δυσ-ἄνωρ, ορος, δ, ἡ, (δυσ-, ἀνῆρ) with a bad wife and band. [ἀ]

δυσ-απάλλακτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀπαλλάσσω) hard to get rid of.

δυσ-ἄπιστος, ον, very disobedient.

δυσ-ἀποκρίτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀποκρίνομαι) hard to answer.

δυσ-ἀπώτρεπτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀποτρέπω) hard to turn away, stubborn, refractory.

δυσ-ἄρεστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀρέσκω) ill to please, implacable: peevish, morose.

δυσ-ἄριστο-τόκεα, ἡ, (δυσ-, ἄριστος, τοκος) unbarry mother of the noblest son.

δυσ-αρκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀρχω) hard to govern.

δυσουλία, ἡ, ill or hard lodging.

δύσ-αυλος, ον, (δυσ-, αὐλή) ill for lodging.

δύσ-αυλος, ον, (δυσ-, αὐλός) ill-suited for the flute.

δυσ-ἄχης, ἐς, Dor. for δυσᾶχης.

δυσ-ἄχης, ἐς, (δυσ-, ἄχος) sorely painful.

δυσ-βάστακτος, ον, (δυσ-, βαστάω) grievous to be borne.

δύσ-βάτος, ον, (δυσ-, βαίνω) hard to pass, impassable; τὸ δύσβατον difficult ground. 2. trodden painfully.

δυσ-βάυκτος, ον, (δυσ-, βαύω) full of wailing.

δυσ-βίος, ον, (δυσ-, βίος) making life wretched.

δυσβουλία, ἡ, ill counsel, folly. From

δύσ-βουλος, ον, (δυσ-, βουλή) ill-advised.

δύσ-βωλος, ον, (δυσ-, βῆλος) of ill soil, unfruitful.

δύσ-γάμος, ον, ill-wedded.

δυσ-γάργαις, ι, (δυσ-, γαργαλίω) ticklish, skittish.

δυσγένεια, ἡ, low, mean birth. From

δυσ-γνήης, ἐς, (δυσ-, γένος) low-born: low-minded.

δύσ-γνοιᾶ, ἡ, (δυσ-, γνῶναι) ignorance, perplexity.

δυσγνωσία, ἡ, difficulty of knowing. From

δύσ-γνωστος, ον, (δυσ-, γνῶναι) hard to know or recognise.

δυσδαμονία, ἡ, misery: wretchedness. From

δυσ-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (δυσ-, δαίμων) ill-fated.

δυσ-δάκρυτος, ον, (δυσ-, δακρύω) much wept. II. much weeping.

δύσ-δάμαρ, αρτος, ὁ, ἡ, ill-wedded.

δυσ-διαβετος, ον, (δυσ-, διατίθω) hard to settle.

δύσ-εδρος, ον, (δυσ-, ἔδρα) bringing ill luck to one's abode.

δυσ-εἰδής, ἐς, (δυσ-, εἶδος) unsparingly, deformed.

δυσ-εἰμάτος, ον, (δυσ-, εἶμα) meanly clad.

δυσ-εἰσβολος, ον, (δυσ-, εἰσβάλλω) hard to enter or invade: Sup., -ώτατος, ον, most inaccessible.

δυσ-ἐκθύτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐκθύω) hard to avert by sacrifice.

δυσ-ἐκλύτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐκλύω) hard to undo, inepplicable:—Adv., -τως, indissolubly.

δυσ-ἐκπεδάτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐκπεράω) hard to pass from, hard to escape.

δυσ-ἐκφυκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐκφεύγω) hard to escape from.

δυσ-έλεια, ἡ, ill-married Helen.

δύσ-ελπις, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, *with ill hope, desponding.*
 δυσ-έλπιστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐλπί(ω) *unbored for; ἐκ δυσελπίστον, Lat. ex insperato, unexpectedly.*
 δυσ-ἐμβάτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐμβαίνω) *hard to walk on, rugged: inaccessible.*
 δυσ-ἐμβολος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐμβάλλω) *hard to invade.*
 δυσ-εντερία, ἡ, and δυσεντεριον, τό, (δυσ-, ἐντερον) *a bowel complaint, dysentery.*
 δυσ-έντευκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐντυγχάνω) *not affable.*
 δυσ-ἐξαπάτητος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξαπατάω) *hard to deceive.*
 δυσ-ἐξαπτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξάπτω) *hard to unloose.*
 δυσ-ἐξέλεκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξελέγχω) *hard to refute.*
 δυσ-ἐξέλικτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξελίσσω) *hard to unfold or explain.*
 δυσ-ἐξήνυστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξανύτω) *hard to make away with: indissoluble.*
 δύσσο, aor. I med. imperat. of δύναω.
 δυσ-ἐπιβούλευτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐπιβουλεύομαι) *hard to plot against or attack secretly.*
 δυσ-ἐραστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐράω) *unfavourable to love.*
 δυσ-έρημος, ον, *very desolate.*
 δύσ-εριας, ι, gen. ιδος, (δυσ-, ἐρις) *most contentious, very quarrelsome, preevish.*
 δυσ-ἐριστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐρίζω) *caused by evil strife.*
 δυσ-ερμήνευτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐρμηνεύω) *hard to explain.*
 δύσ-ερως, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (δυσ-, ἐρῶ) *passionately loving, sick in love with, Lat. perdité amans.* II.
hardly loving, insensible to love.
 δύσ-ετο, Ep. for δύσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of δύω.
 δυσ-ευνήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (δυσ-, ευνή) *an ill bed-fellow.*
 δυσ-εύρητος, ον, (δυσ-, εὐρίσκω) *hard to find out: hard to get: hard to get through, impervious.*
 δύσ-ζηλος, ον, (δυσ-, ζηλος) *exceeding jealous.*
 δυσ-ζήτητος, ον, (δυσ-, ζητέω) *hard to seek out.*
 δύσ-ζωος, ον, (δυσ-, ζῶη) *most wretched.*
 δυσ-ήκεστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀκέομαι) *hard to cure.*
 δυσ-ήκοος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀκούω) *hard of bearing.*
 δυσ-ήλεγχης, ἐς, (δυσ-, λέγω to lay asleep) *of death, stretching one on a hard bed: hard, painful, uneasy: of men, hard-hearted, unfeeling.*
 δυσ-ήλιος, ον, *unlit by the sun, sunless, without the light of day.*
 δυσ-ημερία, ἡ, (δυσ-, ἡμέρα) *an unlucky day.*
 δυσ-ήμερος, ον, (δυσ-, ἄνεμος) *with ill winds, stormy.*
 δύσ-ηρις, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, *older form of δύσ-εριας, very quarrelsome, contentious.*
 δυσ-ηχής, ἐς, (δυσ-, ἠχέω) *ill-sounding: hateful to hear of, hateful.*
 δυσ-θαλπής, ἐς, (δυσ-, θάλπω) *hard to warm: chilly.*
 δυσ-θανάτω, f. ἡσω, *to die a lingering death. From*
 δυσ-θανάτος, ον, *dying hard, struggling with death.* II. *act. bringing a painful death.*
 δυσ-θανής, ἐς, (δυσ-, θανείν) *having died a hard death.*
 δυσ-θεάτος, ον, (δυσ-, θεάομαι) *ill to look on.*
 δύσ-θεος, ον, *godless, ungodly.*

δυσ-θεράπεντος, ον, (δυσ-, θεράπειν) *hard to cure.*
 δυσ-θετός, f. ἡσω, (δυσ-, τίθημι) *to be in bad case: Med. to take a thing ill, Lat. aegré ferre.*
 δυσ-θυήσκω, = δυσθανάτω.
 δυσ-θρήνητος, ον, (δυσ-, θρηνέω) *most mournful.*
 δύσ-θροος, ον, (δυσ-, θρέω) *of harsh sound, grating.*
 δυσθυμία, ον, = δυσθυμέω.
 δυσθυμέω, f. ἡσω, *to be down-hearted, despond: Med. to be melancholy, angry. From*
 δύσ-θυμός, ον, (δυσ-, θυμός) *down-hearted, dispirited, desponding, anxious.*
 δυσ-ίατος, ον, (δυσ-, ἰάομαι) *hard to heal or cure.*
 δύσ-θάλασσος, ον, (δύω, θάλασσα) *flipped in the sea.*
 δύσ-ιππος, ον, (δυσ-, ἵππος) *hard to ride in; τὰ δύσιππα ground unfit for cavalry.*
 δύσας, εως, ἡ, (δύω) *a sinking or setting of the sun or stars; δύσις ἡλίου the west.*
 δυσ-κάθατος, ον, (δυσ-, καθαίρω) *hard to cleanse or expiate: hard to appease, inextorable.*
 δυσ-κάθεκτος, ον, (δυσ-, κατέχω) *hard to hold in.*
 δύσ-καπνος, ον, (δυσ-, καπνός) *very smoky.*
 δυσ-κατάπαυστος, ον, (δυσ-, καταπαύω) *hard to check: restless.*
 δυσ-κατάπρακτος, ον, (δυσ-, καταπράσσω) *hard to bring about, hard to effect.*
 δυσ-κατάστāτος, ον, (δυσ-, καθίστημι) *hard to restore or reestablish.*
 δυσ-καταφρόνητος, ον, (δυσ-, καταφρονέω) *by no means to be despised.*
 δυσ-κατέργαστος, ον, (δυσ-, κατεργάζομαι) = δυσ-κατάπρακτος.
 δύσκει, Ion. for ἔδν, 3 sing. aor. 2 of δύω.
 δυσ-κῆλδος, ον, *sbrill-screaming, grating: harsh.*
 δυσ-κηδής, ἐς, (δυσ-, κῆδος) *full of care, painful.*
 δύσ-κηλος, ον, (δυσ-, κηλέω) *past remedy.*
 δυσ-κλεής, ἐς; acc. δυσκλεέα ποῖτ, δυσκλεά: (δυσ- κλέος) *injurious: infamous, shameful. Hence*
 δύσκληα, ἡ, *ingloriousness, dishonour: an ill name.*
 δυσκλειῶς, Adv. *of δυσκλεής, ingloriously.*
 δύσ-κληρος, ον, *unlucky.*
 δυσκλής, ποῖτ, *of δυσκλεής.*
 δυσκολαινά, f. ἄνῳ, (δύσκολος) *to be preevish, discontented, annoyed.*
 δυσκολία, ἡ, (δύσκολος) *preevishness, discontent.*
 δυσ-κόλλητος, ον, (δυσ-, κολλάω) *ill-cemented.*
 δυσκολό-καμπτος, ον, (δύσκολος, κάμπτω) *hard to bend; δυσκολόκαμπτος καμπή an intricate flourish in singing.*
 δυσκολό-κοίτος, ον, (δύσκολος, κοίτη) *making one's bed uneasy.*
 δύσ-κολος, ον, (δυσ-, κύλω) *hard to satisfy with food: hard to please, fretful, preevish, discontented.* II. *of things, harassing: unpleasant.*
 δύσ-κολπος, ον, *with ill-formed womb.*
 δυσκόλως, Adv. *of δύσκολος, preevishly; δυσκόλως ἔχειν to be preevish.*
 δυσκρῦσία, ἡ, *bad temperament. From*

δύσ-κρῦτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, κρύπτω) of bad temperament.

δύσ-κόμστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, κομίζω) hard to be borne.

δύσ-κρίτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, κρίνω) hard to discern : hard to determine, doubtful. Adv. -τως, doubtfully : δυσκρίτως ἔχειν to be in doubt.

δύσ-κύναντος, *ον*, (δυσ-, κυμαίνω) of or from the stormy sea.

δυσκοφῆς, *φ*, ἦσω, to be stone deaf. From

δύσ-κωφος, *ον*, (δυσ-, κωφός) stone deaf.

δύσ-λεκτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, λέγω) ill or hard to tell.

δυσ-λόγιστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, λογιζομαι) hard to reckon.

II. misdirected, misguided.

δυσ-λόφος, *ον*, (δυσ-, λóφος) hard for the neck, hard to bear.

II. impatient : Adv. -φως, impatiently.

δύσ-λύ-ος, *ον*, (δυσ-, λύω) hard to loose, indissoluble.

δυσμαθῆς, *ς*, ἦσω, to be slow at learning. From

δυσ μαθῆναι, *ς*, (δυσ-, μαθεῖν) hard to learn, difficult.

II. act. slow at learning, dull :—Adv. -θώς, δυσμαθῶς ἔχειν to be slow of learning.

δυσ-μάχῆς, *ς*, ἦσω, (δυσ-, μάχομαι) to fight in vain ; to fight an unholy fight with. Hence

δυσμαχητόν, verb. Adj. one must struggle hard.

δύσ-μάχος, *ον*, (δυσ-, μάχομαι) hard to fight with, unconquerable : generally, hard, difficult.

δυσμενάιος, (δυσμενής) to bear ill-will.

δυσμένεια, *ή*, (δυσμενής) ill-will, enmity.

δυσμενέων, ill-affected, bearing ill-will, hostile : masc.

Adj. with particip. used.

δυσ-μενής, *ς*, (δυσ-, μένος) ill-affected, bearing ill-will, hostile : δυσμενέες enemies.

δυσ-μεταχειρίστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, μεταχειρίζω) hard to take in hand or manage : hard to conquer.

δυσμή Dor. θυμή, *ή*, (δύω)—δύσις, a sinking, setting, esp. of the sun ; mostly in pl., opp. to ἀνατολῆς.

δύσ-μηνς, *ς*, gen. ιος, savage, wrathful.

δυσ-μνήνιτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, μνήω) visited by heavy wrath.

δυσ-μήτηρ, *ερος*, *ή*, a cruel mother, not a true mother.

δυσμηχῆνός, *ς*, ἦσω, to be at a loss. From

δυσ-μηχανός, *ον*, (δυσ-, μηχανή) quite at a loss.

δύσ-μοιρος, *ον*, (δυσ-, μοῖρα)—δυνμορος.

δυσμορία, *ή*, a hard fate. From

δύσ-μορος, *ον*, ill-fated, ill-starred.

δυσμορφία, *ή*, badness of form, ugliness. From

δύσ-μορφος, *ον*, (δυσ-, μορφή) misshapen, ugly.

δύσ-μουσος, *ον*, (δυσ-, Μούσα) not favoured by the Muses, unmusical.

δύσ-νίπτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, νίω) hard to wash out or off.

δύσ-νόητος, *ον*, (δυσ-, νοέω) hard to be understood.

δυσνοῦός, *ς*, ἦσω, (δύσνοος) to be ill-affected.

δύσνοια, *ή*, (δύσνοος) dislike, ill-will.

δυσνομία, *ή*, lawlessness : a bad constitution, bad code of laws. From

δύσ-νομος, *ον*, lawless, unpriestly.

δύσ-νοος, *ον*, contr. -νοος, *ον*, ill-disposed, ill-affected, disaffected.

δύσ-νοστος, *ον*, not really a return.

δυσ-νύμφετος, *ον*, (δυσ-, νυμφεύω) disagreeable to marry.

δύσ-νύμφος, *ον*, (δυσ-, νυμφή) ill-wedded.

δυσ-ξύμβολος, *ον*, (δυσ-, ξύμβολον) hard to deal with.

δύσ-ξύνετος, *ον*, (δυσ-, ξυνίημι) hard to understand, obscure, enigmatical.

δυσσομία, *ή*, = δυσσομία. From

δύσ-οδμος, *ον*, = δύσσομος.

δυσοδο-παίπαλος, *ον*, (δύσσοδος, παιπάλη) rugged and steep.

δύσ-οδος, *ον*, hard to pass, scarce passable.

δύσ-οιζω, to be sad, anxious : Med. to be afraid. (From δύς, and οἷς alas !, as οἰμίζω from οἷμς.)

δύσ-οίκητος, *ον*, (δυσ-, οἰκέω) bad to dwell in.

δύσ-οιμος, *ον*, (δυσ-, οἶμη) with a bad path.

δύσ-οιστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, οἶσω fut. of φέρω) hard to bear, insufferable.

δύσομαι, fut. med. of δύω.

δύσ-ομβρος, *ον*, tempestuous.

δυσ-ομίλος, *ον*, with an ill company, bringing evils in one's train.

δύσ-ομματός, *ον*, (δυσ-, ὄμμα) scarce-seeing.

δύσ-ορέτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, ὀρέω) hard to see.

δύσ-οργητος, *ον*, (δυσ-, ὀργάω)—δύσοργος.

δύσ-οργος, *ον*, (δυσ-, ὀργή) quick to anger.

δύσ-ορμος, *ον*, with bad anchorage. II. act.

πρὸς δύσορμοι, gales that keep ships at anchor.

δύσ-ορις, *ιθος*, *δ*, *ή*, (δυσ-, ὀρίω) boding ill.

δύσ-όρφανος, *α*, *ον*, (δυσ-, ὀρφνῆ) dusky.

δυσσομία, *ή*, an ill smell, rankness. From

δύσ-οσμος, *ον*, (δυσ-, ὀσμή) ill-smelling, stinking, rank.

II. bad for scent.

δύσ-ούριστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, οὐρίζω) driven on by a too favourable wind, prospering unhappily.

δύσ-παθῆς, *ς*, ἦσω, to suffer a hard fate, be in affliction.

II. to be impatient, Lat. aegré ferre. From δύσ-παθῆς, *ς*, (δυσ-, πάθος) impatient of suffering.

II. hardly feeling, impassive.

δύσ-πάλαιστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, παλαιός) hard to wrestle with, hard to conquer.

δύσ-πάλαμος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πάλη) hard to struggle with.

II. hardly helping oneself, helpless : Adv. -μως.

δύσ-πάλης, *ς*, (δυσ-, πάλη) hard to wrestle with : generally, hard, difficult.

δύσ-παράβλητος, *ον*, (δυσ-, παραβάλλω) incomparable

δύσ-παράβουλος, *ον*, (δυσ-, παρά, βοιλή) hard to persuade, stubborn.

δύσ-παράθελκτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, παραθέλω) hard to soothe or assuage

δύσ-παράλιτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, παραιτέομαι) hard to move by prayer, inexorable.

δύσ-πάρεινος, *ον*, (δυσ-, παρά, αἰνή) ill-mated.

δυσ-παρήγορος, *ον*, (δυσ-, παρηγορέω) *hard to console or appease*.
δυσ-πάρθενος, *ἡ*, *an unmarried maiden*.
Δυσ-πάρης, *ἰδος*, *ὅ*, *ill-omened, ill-starred Paris*: cf. *Διόνπαρις*.
δυσ-πάρητος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πάρεμι *to pass by*) *hard to pass*.
δυσ-πειθής, *ἐς*, (δυσ-, πείθομαι) *badly obeying, self-willed, stubborn*: *ill-trained*.
δύσ-πειστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πείθω) *hard to persuade, stubborn, disobedient*. Adv., *δυσπειστῶς* *ἔχειν* *to be incredulous*.
δυσ-πέλαστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πελάζω) *dangerous to come near*.
δύσ-πεμπτos, *ον*, (δυσ-, πέμπω) *hard to send away*.
δυσ-πέμφελος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πέμφε) *of the sea, rough and stormy*: metaph. *rude, discourteous*.
δυσ-πενθής, *ἐς*, (δυσ-, πένθος) *bringing sore affliction, grievous*.
δυσ-περῆτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, περάω) *hard to pass through*.
δυσ-πετής, *ἐς*, (δυσ-, πέτω Root of πίπτω) *falling out ill, grievous, difficult*. Adv. *δυσπετῶς*, *Ion.* -έως, *with difficulty*.
δυσ-πήμαντος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πημαίνω) *full of grievous evil*.
δυσ-πίνης, *ἐς*, (δυσ-, πίνω) *squalid*.
δύσ-πλάνος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πλάνη) *wandering in misery*.
δυσ-πλοία, *Ion.* -πλοῖτη, *ἡ*, *difficulty of sailing*. From
δύσ-πλοος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πλέω) *bad for sailing*.
δύσ-πλωτος, *ον*, = *δύσπλοος*.
δύσπνοια, *ἡ*, *difficulty of breathing*. From
δύσ-πνοος, *ον*, contr. -πνους, *ον*, (δυσ-, πνέω) *scant of breath, breathless*. II. *unfit to breathe*. III. *πνοαὶ δύσπνοοι* *contrary winds*.
δυσ-πολέμητος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πολεμέω) *hard to war with*.
δυσ-πόλεμος, *ον*, *unlucky in war*.
δυσ-πολιорκτητος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πολιορκέω) *hard to take by siege*.
δυσ-πονής, *ἐς*, (δυσ-, πονέω) *toilsome*.
δύσ-πότητος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πονέω) *hard-earned*. II. *bringing toil and trouble*.
δύσ-πονος, *ον*, *toilsome, wearisome*.
δυσ-πόρευτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πορεύομαι) *hard to pass*.
δυσπορία, *ἡ*, *difficulty of passing*. From
δύσ-πορος, *ον*, *hard to pass, scarce passable*.
δύσ-πορτος, *ον*, *unlucky, ill-starred*. Adv. *δυσπόρτῳς*, *miserably*.
δύσ-ποτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πότον) *hard to drink, unpalatable*.
δυσ-πράγιω, *ἡ*, *ἡσω*, (δυσ-, πράγος) *to fare ill*.
δυσ-πραξία, *ἡ*, (δυσ-, πράσσω) *ill success, ill luck*.
δύσ-πρῶτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πιπράσκω) *hard to sell*.
δυσ-πρεπής, *ἐς*, (δυσ-, πρέπω) *base, unseemly*.
δυσ-πρόσβατος, *ον*, (δυσ-, προσβαίνω) *hard to approach, scarce accessible*

δυσ-πρόσιτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πρόσειμι *to approach*) *hard to approach, difficult of access*.
δυσ-πρόσδοτος, *ον*, *hard to get at*.
δυσ-προσοιστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, προσοίσω fut. of προσφέρω) *hard to deal or bear with, morose*.
δυσ-πρόσποτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, προσύψομαι f. of προσοράω) *ill to look on: of ill aspect*.
δυσ-προσπέλαστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, προσπελάζω) *hard to approach*.
δυσ-πρόσωπος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πρόσωπον) *of ill aspect*.
δύσ-ρύγος, *ον*, (δυσ-, ρύγος) *unable to bear cold*.
δυσσέβεια, *ἡ*, *impiety: a charge of impiety: and*
δυσσεβέω, *ἡσω*, *to be impious: to act impiously*. From
δυσ-σεβής, *ἐς*, (δυσ-, σέβομαι) *ungodly, impious*.
δυσσεβία, *ποστ.* *for δυσσέβεια*.
δύσ-σοος, *ον*, (δυσ-, σώζω) *hard to save, ruinous*, Lat. *perditus*: τὰ δύσοσα *the rogues*.
δυσ-τάλας, *αἶνα*, *ἄν*, *very wicked, most miserable*.
δύστηνος, *ον*, Dor. *for δύστηνος*.
δυσ-τέκμαρτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, τεκμαίρομαι) *hard to conjecture: dark and riddling*.
δυσ-τεκνος, *ον*, (δυσ-, τέκνον) *unhappy in one's children*.
δυσ-τερπής, *ἐς*, (δυσ-, τέρπω) *ill-pleasing, displeasing*.
δύστηνος, *ον*, *wretched, unhappy, unfortunate*. II. like Lat. *miser, wretched, profligate*. (Deriv. uncertain.)
δυσ-τλήμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (δυσ-, τλήμων) *suffering evil, wretched*.
δύσ-τλητος, *ον*, (δυσ-, τλήναι) *hard to endure*.
δυσ-τοκεύς, *ἔως*, *ὅ*, (δυσ-, τοκεύς) *an unhappy parent*.
δυστοκεία, *ἡ*, *ἡσω*, *to have a hard labour*. From
δύσ-τοκος, *ον*, (δυσ-, τεκεῖν) *bringing forth with pain*.
δυστομέω, *ἡ*, *ἡσω*, *to speak evil of*. From
δύσ-τομος, *ον*, (δυσ-, στόμα) *evil-speaking*. II. of a horse, *hard-mouthed*.
δύστονος, *ον*, (δυσ-, στένω) *lamentable*.
δυσ-τόπαστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, τοπάζω) *hard to guess*.
δυσ-τοχάστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, στοχάζομαι) *hard to hit upon*.
δυσ-τράπεζος, *ον*, (δυσ-, τράπεζα) *fed on horrid food*.
δυσ-τράπελος, *ον*, (δυσ-, τρέπω) *hard to turn*. I. *stubborn, unmanageable*. Adv. -λως, *awkwardly*.
δύσ-τροπος, *ον*, (δυσ-, τρέπω) *hard to turn or direct: stubborn, wayward*.
δυστύχη, *ἡ*, *ἡσω*: pf. *δεδυστήχηκα*: (δυστυχήs) — *to be unlucky, unhappy: of things, to fail*. Hence
δυστύχημα, *ατος*, τό, *a mischance, a failure*.
δυσ-τύχης, *ἡ*, (δυσ-, τύχη) *unlucky, unfortunate*. Adv. -χως. Hence
δυστύχη, *ἡ*, *ill luck, ill fortune*.
δυσ-ὑποιστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, υποίσω fut. of ὑποφέρω) *hard to endure*.
δύσ-φάμος, Dor. *for δύσφημος*.
δύσ-φάτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, φημί) *hard to tell, unspeakable, horrible*, Lat. *infandus*.
δυσφήμω, *ἡ*, *ἡσω*, (δυσφήμω) *to speak evil words*:

esp. words of ill omen.

II. trans. to speak ill of,

blaspheme, slander. Hence

δυσφημία, ἡ, evil language: esp. words of ill omen, lamentations.

δύσ-φ-μος, ον, (δυσ-, φήμη) of ill omen, bad-ing. II. slanderous: evil.

δυσ-φιλής, ἐς, (δυσ-, φιλέω) hateful.

δυσφορέω, f. ἴσω, (δυσφορος) to bear ill, to be grieved, Lat. aegre ferre: to be discontented. Hence

δυσφέρητος, ον, hard to bear.

δυσ-φόρμυξ, ἴγγος, ὁ, ἡ, ill suited to the lyre, mournful, melancholy.

δύσ-φορος, ον, (δυσ-, φέρω) hard to bear, oppressive, heavy: insufferable, grievous:—Adv., δυσφώραν ἔχειν to be intolerable. II. (δυσ-, φέρομαι) moving with difficulty, slow of motion.

δυσφρόνως, Adv. of δύσφρων, foolishly.

δυσφροσύνη, ἡ, anxiety, care. From

δύσ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (δυσ-, φρήν) heavy in heart, sorrowful. II. ill-disposed, hostile. III.

senseless.

δυσ-φύλακτος, ον, (δυσ-, φυλάσσω) hard to watch or keep. II. hard to keep off.

δυσ-χείμερος, ον, (δυσ-, χεῖμα) very wintry, stormy. δυσ-χείρωμα, ατος, τό, (δυσ-, χεῖρώ) a thing hard to subdue, a hard conquest.

δυσ-χειρῶτος, ον, (δυσ-, χεῖρώ) hard to subdue. δυσχεράω, fut. ἂνῶ, to bear with a bad grace, Lat.

aegre ferre: to be discontented, displeased. II. to make a thing hard, to make difficulties: ῥήματα δυσχεράναντα (aor. I part.) vexatious words:—and

δυσχρέα, ἡ, difficulty. II. annoyance, trouble. 2. of persons, peevishness, ill-temper, moroseness.

From

δύσ-χερής, ἐς, (δυσ-, χεῖρ) hard to manage. II. annoying, unpleasant, troublesome. 2. of persons,

peevish, ill-tempered:—Adv., δυσχερῶς ἔχειν to be annoyed.

δύσχυμος, ον, (from δυσ-, as μελάγχυμος from μέλας) troublesome, dangerous, fearful.

δυσχλανία, ἡ, scanty, shabby clothing. From

δύσ-χλαινος, ον, (δυσ-, χλαῖνα) shabbily clad. δύσ-χορτος, ον, ill-supplied with food.

δύσ-χρηστος, ον, (δυσ-, χράσμαι) hard to use, inconvenient: intractable.

δυσ-χωρῆς, ἡ, (δυσ-, χώρος) difficult ground. δυσ-ώδης, ἐς, (δυσ-, ὀίω) ill-smelling.

δυσ-ώδινος, ον, (δυσ-, ὀδίν) causing grievous pains.

δυσωνέω, f. ἴσω, to beat down the price, cheapen. From

δυσ-ώνης, ον, ὁ, (δυσ-, ὀνέομαι) one who buys with difficulty, a hard customer.

δυσ-ώνυμος, ον, (δυσ-, ὄνομα) bearing an ill name, bearing a name of ill omen, such as Αἴας.

δυσ-ώπιος, f. ἴσω, (δυσ-, ὤψ) to put a person out of countenance, to be importunate:—Pass. to be ashamed, shy, timid.

δυσ-ωρέομαι, f. ἴσομαι: Dep.: (δυσ-, ὤρος):—to keep a troublesome, painful watch.

δύσ-ωρ-ος, ον, (δυσ-, ὤρα) unseasonable.

δύτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of δύω.

δύτης, ον, ὁ, (δύω) a diver.

δύω, Ion. for δύο, two.

ΔΥΤ' ἢ οὐ δύνω: fut. δύσω [υ]: aor. I act. ἔδυσα:—Med., δύομαι: impf. ἐδύνουν: fut. δύσομαι [υ]: aor.

I ἐδύσαμην, with Ep. 2 and 3 sing. ἐδύσεο, ἐδύσετο, imperat. δύσεο, part. δυσόμενος used in pres. sense:

with the Med. the aor. 2 and pf. act. agree in sense, aor. 2 ἐδυν, vs, v, dual ἐδύντη [υ], pl. ἐδύνεν, ἐδύτε, ἔδυσαν Ep. ἔδυν; imperat. δύθι, δύτε, subj. δύω; opt.

δύνην or δύνην; inf. δύναι, part. δύν: pf. δέδυκα:

I. Causal in fut. and aor. I, δύσω, ἔδυσα, to put clothes on another. II. intr. in all other tenses of Act., and in Med.: I. of clothes, to put them on oneself, put on; metaphr. εἰ μὴ σύ γε δύσαις ἄλλῃν if thou wilt not put on strength. 2. of places, to enter, make one's way into: δύναι κόλπον θαλάσσης to sink into the lap of ocean; πόλεμον δύναι and δύσασθαι to plunge into the fight; μνηστήρας δύσασθαι to go in among the suitors. 3. to come over or upon; κάματος γυῖα δέδυκε weariness came upon his limbs; κρατερὴ ἔλυσσα δέδυκε madness came over him. 4. absol. to sink in: to dive: to set, of the sun and stars.

δυνά-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, poet. for δώδεκα.

δυνεκά-βοιος, ον, (δυνάδεκα, βοῦς) worth twelve beves.

δυνεκά-δρομος, ον, (δυνάδεκα, δρᾶμῖν) running twelve courses.

δυνεκά-μηνος, ος, (δυνάδεκα, μῆν) twelve months old.

δυνεκά-μοιρος, ον, (δυνάδεκα, μοῖρα) divided into twelve parts.

δυνεκαταῖος, ον, twelve days old.

δυνεκάτος, ον, poet. for δωδεκάτος.

δυναικαικοσί-μετρος, ον, (δύνω καὶ εἴκοσι, μέτρον) bolding two-and-twenty measures.

δυναικαικοσί-πηχυς, v, (δύνω καὶ εἴκοσι, πῆχυς) twenty-two cubits long.

δῶ, τό, Ep. apocopate form for δῶμα, only in nom. and acc. Also as plur. for δώματα.

δῶ, δῶς, δῶ, aor. 2 subj. of δίδωμι.

δῶ-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, (δύνω, δεκά) twelve, Lat. duodecim.

δωδεκά-γναμπος, ον, (δύνω, γνάμπτω) bent twelve times; δωδεκάγναμπος τέρμα the post that has been doubled twelve times.

δωδεκάδ-αρχος, ὁ, (δύνω, ἀρχω) a leader of twelve.

δωδεκά-δορος, ον, (δύνω, δῶρον π) twelve palms long.

δωδεκ-ἀθλος, ον, conqueror in twelve contests.

δωδεκα-ετής, ἐς, (δύνω, ἔτος) of twelve years:—but, δωδεκαετής, ον, δ, twelve years old.

δωδεκάκις, Adv. (δύνω, δεκά) twelve times.

δωδεκά-κρουνος, ον, with twelve springs.

δωδεκά-λίνοσ, ον, (δύνω, λίνον) of twelve threads.

δωδεκά-μηνος, ον, (δύνω, μῆν) of twelve months.

δωδεκα-μήχανος, *ον*, (δώδεκα, μηχανή) *knowing twelve arts*.

δωδεκά-παις, -παιδος, *ὁ, ἡ*, with twelve children.

δωδεκά-πάλαι, *Adv.* twelve times long ago, i.e. ever so long ago.

δωδεκά-πηχυς, *υ*, twelve cubits long.

δωδεκά-πολις, *ι*, *gen. ios*, formed of twelve united states.

δωδεκ-άρχης, *ον, δ*, = δώδεκ-αρχος.

δωδεκάς, *ἄδος, ἡ*, (δώδεκα) the number twelve: a number of twelve, a dozen.

δωδεκά-σκαλμος, *ον*, twelve-oared.

δωδεκά-σκυτος, *ον*, made of twelve different coloured pieces of leather.

δωδεκαταῖος, *α, ον*, on the twelfth day. From

δωδέκατος, *η, ον*, (δώδεκα) the twelfth.

δωδεκά-φυλος, *ον*, (δώδεκα, φυλή) of twelve tribes:

τὸ δωδεκάφυλον the twelve tribes of Israel.

δωδεκ-έτης, *ον, δ*, (δώδεκα, ἔτος) twelve years old; *fem.* δωδεκ-έτις, *ιδος, ἡ*.

Δωδώνη, *ἡ*, Dodona, a town in Thesprotia, the seat of a very ancient oracle of Jupiter.

δῶν, δῶνησι, *Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of δίδωμι*.

δῶν, *Ep.* for δοῖν, *aor. 2 opt. of δίδωμι*.

δῶκα, *Ep.* for ἔδωκα, *aor. 1 of δίδωμι*.

δῶλος, *Dor.* for δοῦλος.

δῶμα, *ατος τό*, (δέμα) a house, dwelling. II. a part of the house, a chamber, room. III. a house, household.

δωμάτιον, *τό*, *Dim.* of δῶμα.

δωματίας, *ον, ὁ*: *fem.* -ίτις, *ιδος, ἡ*: (δῶμα) of, belonging to the house or household.

δωματο-φθορέω, *ῖ, ἴσω*, (δῶμα, φθείρω) to ruin house and home.

δωματούω, *ῖ, ἴσω*, (δῶμα) to house.

δωμάω and δωμάομαι, *Dep.*, (δέμω) to build.

δῶναξ, *Dor.* for δῶναξ, δῶναξ.

δῶμεν, *Ep.* for δῶμεν, *1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of δίδωμι*.

δωρεά, *ἰον*, -εή, *ἡ*, a gift, present:—*Acc.* δωρεάν used as *Adv.*, as a free gift, freely, *Lat. gratis*: hence undeservedly, in vain. From

δωρέω, *ῖ, ἴσω*: or δωρέομαι, *Dep.*, *ῖ, ἴσομαι*:—to give, present: to present one with, *Lat. dono*. Hence δώρημα, *ατος τό*, that which is given, a gift.

δωρητός, *ῖ, ὄν*, (δωρέω) open to gifts or presents, to be appeased by gifts. II. freely given.

Δωριάζω, *ῖ, ἴσω*, = Δωρίζω.

Δωριεύς, *ἑὸς, ὁ*, (Δῶρος) a Dorian: in plur. the Dorians.

Δωρίζω *Dor.* -ἴσω: *ῖ, ἴσω* (Δῶρος):—to imitate the Dorians. 2. to speak Doric Greek. 3.

to dress like a Dorian girl.

Δωρικὸς, *ῖ, ὄν*, and Δῶριος, *α, ον*, (Δῶρος) Doric, Dorian.

Δωρίς, *ιδος, ἡ*, (Δῶρος) *fem. Adj.* Dorian: (sub. γῆ) the Dorian land, i.e. Peloponnesus.

(sub. κοπίη) a Dorian knife used at sacrifices.

Δωρίσδεν, *Dor. inf.* of Δωρίζω.

Δωρίσσω, *Dor.* for Δωρίζω.

Δωριστί, (Δῶρος) *Adv.* in Dorian fashion.

δωροδοκέω, *ῖ, ἴσω*, (δωροδόκος) to accept as a present, to take as a bribe:—*Pass.* to have a bribe given one: *c. acc.* to receive as a bribe. Hence

δωροδόκτημα, *ατος τό*, a bribe.

δωροδοκιστί, *Adv.* (δωροδοκέω) in bribery fashion; with allusion to the Dorians.

δωροδοκία, *ἡ*, (δωροδοκέω) a taking of bribes, openness to bribery.

δωρο-δόκος, *ον*, (δῶρον, δέχομαι) taking presents or bribes.

δωρο-δότης, *ον, δ*, (δῶρον, δίδωμι) a giver of presents. δῶρον, *τό*, (δίδωμι) a gift, present: a votive offering to a god; δῶρα θεῶν gifts of or from the gods. II.

the breadth of the hand, the palm.

δωρο-φάγος, *ον*, (δῶρον, φάγην) devouring gifts, greedy of presents.

δωροφορέω, *ῖ, ἴσω*, to bring presents or bribes. From δωρο-φόρος, *ον*, (δῶρον, φέρω) bringing presents: hence tributary.

δωρύντομαι, *Dor.* for δωρέομαι.

δῶς, *ῖ, Lat. dos*, = δόσις, only in nom.

δωρεώ, *Desiderat.* of δίδωμι, to be ready to give.

δωστέμεναι, -έμεν, *Ep. fut. inf.* of δίδωμι.

δῶσι, *3 pl. aor. 2 of δίδωμι*.

δωσι-δικος, *ον*, (δίδωμι, δική) giving oneself up to justice, abiding by a sentence.

δῶσω, *fut.* of δίδωμι.

δωσών, *Dor.* for δῶσαν, *fut. act. part.* of δίδωμι.

δωτήρ, *ῖρος, ὁ*, (δίδωμι) a giver.

δῶτήρ, *ον, ὁ*, = δωτήρ.

δωτίνάζω, *ῖ, ἴσω*, to receive presents. From δωτίνῃ, *ἡ*, (δίδωμι) a gift, present: *acc.* δωτίνην as *Adv.*, as a free gift, freely, like δωρεάν. [ῖ]

δῶτωρ, *αρος, ὁ*, = δωτήρ.

δῶω, *Ep.* for δῶ, *aor. 2 subj.* of δίδωμι.

E

E, *ε*, called *ἑ ψαλόν*, the fifth letter of the Gr. alphabet: as numeral *ε* = πέντε and πέμπτos, *ε* = 5000. When in the archonship of Euclides (B. C. 403) the Athenians adopted *η* from the Samian alphabet to represent long *ε*, the Gramm. introduced the name of *ἑ ψαλόν*, *ε* without the aspirate, because **E** was one way of writing the rough breathing.

ἑ, him-, her-, or it-self, *Lat. se*, *acc. sing.* and plur. reflexive *Prom.* of 3rd pers., without nominat., and always enclitic. A rarer *Ep.* form is *ἑε*, never enclitic.

II. without reflexive sense, for αὐτόν, αὐτήν, αὐτό, him, her, it. See *οὐ*, *Lat. sui*.

ἑᾶ, exclam. of wonder or displeasure: *Lat. vab!*

ἑᾶ, for εἶα, *3 sing. impf.* of εἶαω.

ἑᾶ, *ἰον*, for ἦν, *1 sing. impf.* of εἰμι *sum*.

ἐᾶ, lengthd. Ep. ἐᾶα, 3 sing. pres. of ἐᾶω.

ἐᾶων, lengthd. Ep. inf. of ἐᾶω.

ἐᾶγα, pf. of ἀγνυμι with pass. sense.

ἐᾶγην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἀγνυμι.

ἐᾶδα, pf. of ἀνδάνω.

ἐᾶδον, aor. 2 of ἀνδάνω.

ἐᾶλη or ἐᾶλη [ᾶ], 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of εἶλω.

ἐᾶλωκα [ᾶ], pf., ἐᾶλυν [ᾶ], aor. 2 of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἐᾶν, Conj. (properly ἐᾶν), *if barely, if so be that*, is in case that, followed by Subjunctive, whereas ἐἰ is followed by Indic. and Optat.: Homer uses for it ἐἰ κε or αἰ κε: the Att. contract it into ἦν and ἄν. II.

with Verbs of seeing and inquiring, it answers to Lat. *an, if, whether*; σκοπεῖ ἐν ἱκανῶν ἦ see if or whether it be enough. III. ἐὰν καὶ *even if, granting that*;

ἐὰν μὴ *if not, except, unless*; ἐὰν ἄρα μὴ *if perhaps not*.

IV. after relat. Pronouns and Particles ἐὰν stands for ἄν; ὅς ἐάν *whosoever*; οὗτος ἐάν *wheresoever*; but only in very late writers.

ἐάνων, τό, v. sq.

ἐᾶνός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἐννῦμ) used of all things *fit for putting on or wearing*; and so, generally, *fine, light*; ἐᾶνός κασσίτερος *tin beat out thin and made fit for wear*.

II. as Subst., ἐᾶνόν (sub. εἶμα or ἱμάτιον),

τό, a rich state-robs.

ἐᾶα, for ἦα, aor. I of ἀγνυμι.

ἔΑΡ, ἔαρος, τό; Ep. εἶαρ, ἔαρος; contr. ἦρ, ἦρος:

—Lat. *VER, spring*; ἔαρος νέον ἱσταμένοιο *in early spring*; metaph. of anything *early or fresh, the prime or first bloom* of a thing; γενῶν ἔαρ *the first dawn* on the chin.

ἐὰρ-δρῆπτος, ὄν, (ἐαρ, δρέπω) *plucked in spring*.

ἐὰρῖος, f. ἰώ Att. ἰῶ, (ἐαρ) *to pass the spring*.

ἐὰρῖνός Ep. ἐαρινός Att. ἡρινός, ἡ, ὄν: (ἐαρ):

Lat. *vernus, of or belonging to spring*.

ἐαρο-τρέφής, ἐς, (ἐαρ, τρέφω) *spring-nurtured*.

ἔας, Ep. for ἦς, 2 sing. impf. of εἰμι sum.

ᾤσα, Ep. aor. I of ἔω.

ᾤσι, Ep. for εἰσί, 3 plur. of εἰμι sum.

ᾤσκον, Ion. for εἶων, impf. of ἐᾶω.

ᾤται, Ion. for ἦνται, 3 pl. of ἦμαι.

ᾤτε, Ep. for ἦτε, 2 pl. impf. of εἰμι sum.

ἔᾤτος, α, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἐᾶω, *to be suffered: to be let alone*.

ᾤτο, Ion. for ἦντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἦμαι.

ᾤ-αυτοῦ, ἡς, οὔ, pl. ᾤ-αὐτων, etc.; Ion. ᾤ-αυτοῦ, etc.;

Att. contr. αὐτοῦ, etc.: (ἔ, q.v., αὐτοῦ):—Reflexive

Pron. of 3rd pers., of himself, herself, itself, etc., used in gen., dat., and acc. sing.

ᾤφθην, Ep. for ἦφθην, 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ᾤπτω.

ᾤ-ᾤ, contr. ᾤῶ, Ep. εἰῶ: impf. εἶων, Ep. without

augm. εἶων: fut. εἰῶσσι [ᾤ]: aor. I εἰᾶσα, Ep. ᾤσα:

pf. εἰᾶκα:—Pass., f. med. in pass. sense, ᾤσσομαι: pf.

εἰᾶμαι. *To let, suffer, allow, permit*: with notion of

carelessness, *to leave alone*. II. *to let go, let alone*,

let be: heed not. 2. *to let alone, let be*; θεός τὸ

μὲν δώσει, τὸ δ' ᾤσει *he will give one thing, the*

other he will let alone, i. e. not give; ἐὰν χαίρειν *to*

let alone.

III. Med., ἐᾶσθαι τινί τι *to give up a thing to another*.

ᾤων, Ep. for ἔων, gen. pl. of ἐᾶω.

ᾤβαλον, aor. 2 of βάλλω.

ᾤβαν, Ep. for ἔβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of βαίνω.

ᾤβάσκηνα, ᾤβασκάνθη, aor. I act. and pass. of βασκαίνω.

ᾤβάστασα, ᾤβάσταξα, aor. I of βαστάζω.

ᾤβάφθην, ᾤβάφην [ᾤ], aor. I and 2 of βάπτω.

ᾤβομο-ἀγέτης, ὄν, ὅ, (ᾤβδω, ἀγών) epith. of Apollo, to whom the Spartans offered sacrifices on the seventh of every month.

ᾤβομαῖος, α, ὄν, (ᾤβδωμος) on the seventh day.

ᾤβδωμάς, ἄδος, ἡ, a number of seven.

ᾤβδωματος, ὄν, (ᾤβδωμος) the seventh.

ᾤβδωμήκοντα, ὄι, αἰ, τά, (ᾤπτά) indecl. seventy.

ᾤβδωμήκοντα-ἑξ, seventy-six.

ᾤβδωμος, ἡ, ὄν, (ᾤπτά) the seventh. II. ἡ ᾤβδω-

μη (ἡμέρα), the seventh day of the month.

ᾤβημικαν, plqpf. of βαίνω.

ᾤβηλῆκεν, ᾤβηλῆμην, plqpf. act. and pass. of βάλλω.

ᾤβέννος, ἡ, ὄν, of ebony. From

ᾤEBENOΣ, ἡ, the ebony-tree, ebony.

ᾤβην, aor. 2 of βαίνω.

ᾤβηξα, aor. I of βήσω.

ᾤβησα, causal aor. I of βαίνω.

ᾤβήσατο, Ep. for ἔβησατο, aor. I med. of βαίνω.

ᾤβιάσάμην, ᾤβιάσθην, aor. I med. and pass. of βιάζω.

ᾤβιβήθην, aor. I pass. of βιάω.

ᾤβίω, aor. 2 of βιάω.

ᾤβιώσαο, 2 sing. aor. I of βιώσκομαι.

ᾤβλαβεν, Aeol. and Ep. for ἔβλάβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2

pass. of βλάπτω.

ᾤβλάσθηκα, pf. of βλάστανω.

ᾤβλάσθησα, ᾤβλαστον, aor. I and 2 of βλαστάνω.

ᾤβλαφα, pf. of βλάπτω.

ᾤβλέπην, aor. 2 pass. of βλέπω.

ᾤβλέφθην, aor. I pass. of βλέπω.

ᾤβλήμην, aor. 2 pass. of βάλλω.

ᾤβλῶσα, aor. I of βλίσσω.

ᾤβλύσα, aor. I of βλύζω, but ᾤβλύσα of βλύω.

ᾤβούλευσα, ᾤβουλεύθην, aor. I act. and pass. of

βουλεύω.

ᾤβουλήθην, ᾤβουλόμην, aor. I and impf. of βούλομαι.

ᾤΕΒΡΑΙΟΣ, a Hebrew: ᾤΕβραῖς, ἴδος, fem. Adj.

(sub. διάλεκτος), the Hebrew dialect. Hence

ᾤΕβραϊστὴ, Adv. in ᾤς Hebrew tongue.

ᾤβρᾶσα, ᾤβράσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βράσσω.

ᾤβρᾶχε, see βράχω.

ᾤβράχην [ᾤ], aor. 2 pass. of βρέχω.

ᾤβρέξα, ᾤβρέχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βρέχω.

ᾤβριξα, aor. I of βρίω.

ᾤβρίτσα, aor. I of βρίθω.

ᾤβρύχον, aor. 2 of βρύχω [ᾤ].

ᾤβρώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βιβρώσκω.

ᾤβρων, aor. 2 of βιβρώσκω.

ᾤβρωσα, ᾤβρώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βιβρώσκω.

ᾤβυσα, ᾤβυσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βύω.

ἔβωσα, contr. for ἐβήσα, aor. I of βόω.
 ἔγ-γαίος, α, ov, also ἔγ-γαίος, ov, (ἐν, γῇ) in or of the land, native.
 II. of property, in land, consisting of land.
 III. in or beneath the earth, like ῥθίνος.

ἐγ-γέ-α, Ep. pf. of ἐγγίγνομαι.
 ἐγγέ-γλυμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγγλύφω.
 ἐγγέ-γραμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγγράφω.
 ἐγγε-γνή, -ημαι, see ἐγγί-αω.
 ἐγ-γείνωνται, 3 pl. aor. I subj. of *ἐγγείνομαι in causal sense, to engender or breed in.
 ἔγ-γαίος, see ἐγγαίος.

ἐγγε-λάσσης, ov, δ, a mocker, scorner. From ἐγ-γελάω, f. ἀσσομαι [α]: for the tenses, v. γελάω:—to laugh at, mock at one: absol. to mock, jeer.
 ἐγ-γενής, ἐς, (ἐν, γένος) in-born, native, innate, natural; ἐγγενεὺς θεοί gods of the race or country. II. born of the same race, kindred.

ἐγ-γηράσκω, fut. ἀσσομαι [α], to grow old in a place.
 ἐγ-γίγνομαι, fut. -γενήσομαι: for the tenses, v. γίγνομαι: (ἐν, γίγνομαι): Dep.:—to be produced in, grow in: to take place, happen, arise in, or among.
 II. to intervene, pass. III. ἐγ-γίγνεται, it is allowed, like ἐξεστί.

ἐγ-γί-ζω, f. ἴσω, (ἐγγύς) to bring near II. mostly intrins. to draw nigh, be at hand.

ἐγ-γίνομαι, Ion. and in later Gr. for ἐγγίγνομαι.
 ἐγγί-ων, ov, Comp., and ἐγγιστος, η, ov, Sup. of ἐγγύς.

ἐγ-γλύσσω, (ἐν, γλυκύς) to have a sweet taste.
 ἐγ-γλύφω, f. ψω, (ἐν, γλύφω) to cut in, carve.
 ἐγ-γλωττο-τύπτω, f. ἴσω, (ἐν, γλώσσα, τύπτω) to strike out with the tongue, to be always talking of.

ἐγ-γονος, δ, (ἐν, γόνος) a grandson: descendant.
 ἐγ-γράφω, f. ψω: for the tenses, v. γράφω:—to mark in or on: to paint or write on: Med. and Pass. to have written on; ἐγγε-γραμμένος τι having it written on, as in Virgil, inscripti nomina. II. to enter in the public register, to set down: also to indict.

ἐγ-γυάλλω, f. ξω: Ep. aor. I ἐγγυάληα: (ἐν, γυάλλον):—to put into one's hands, grant in full, give to one's charge.

ἐγγυάω: impf. ἰγγύων: fut. ἐγγυήσω: aor. I ἰγγυήσα: pf. ἰγγυήκα:—Pass., aor. I ἰγγυήθη: pf. ἰγγυήηκα: (this Verb is often treated as a compd., and the forms given as ἐνεγύων, ἐνεγυήσα, ἐγγεγυήκα: but it is derived from ἐγγύη, and these forms are erroneous):—to band over as a pledge, to plight, betroth: to engage, promise, answer:—Med. to pledge or plight oneself, to give a pledge:—Pass. to be plighted or betrothed: to accept as plighted husband or wife.

ἐγ-γύη, ἡ, (ἐν, γυίον or γυάλον) a putting a pledge in one's hand: hence generally, surety, security, bail.
 ἐγγυητής, οὐ, δ, (ἐγγυάω) one who gives bail or security, a surety.

ἐγγυητός, ἡ, ὅς, (ἐγγυάω) plighted, betrothed.

ἐγγύθην, Adv. (ἐγγύς) from nigh at band, band by, near.

II. of Time, nigh at band.

ἐγγύθι, (ἐγγύς) Adv. bard by, near.

II. of

Time, nigh at band.

ἐγ-γύος, ov, (ἐγγύη) giving surety or bail.
 as Subst., = ἐγγυητής, a surety.

II.

ΕΓΓΥΣ, Adv. I. of Place, near, nigh at band, absol. or c. gen. II. of Time, nigh at band. III. of Numbers, nearly. IV. coming near, like, akin to. Comp. ἐγγίω, ov, and ἐγγύ-τερος, α, ov: Adv. ἐγγυτέρω, nearer:—Sup. ἐγγύστοι and ἐγγύτατος: Adv. ἐγγιστά and ἐγγύτατα, as near as possible: see ἐγγίω.

ἐγ-γώνιος, ov, (ἐν, γώνος) angular, forming a right angle; λίθοι ἐν τομῇ ἐγγώνιοι stones cut square.
 ἐγδούπησα, Ep. for ἐδοῦπησα, aor. I of δούπέω.
 ἐγέγωνε, 3 sing. impf. of γεγάω: see γέγωνα.
 ἐγεγόνων, plqpf. of γέγωνα.
 ἐγεγόνευν, impf. of γεγονέω: see γέγωνα.

ἐγεινάμην, causal aor. I of ἐγείνομαι, to beget.

ἐγεγόνει and ἐγεγένητο, 3 sing. plqpf. of γίγνομαι.
 ΕΓΕΙΡΩ, fut. ἐγερώ: aor. ἤγειρα: pf. ἐγήγεγκα:—Pass., aor. I ἤγερθην Ep. 3 pl. ἐγερθεν: pf. ἐγήγερχαι:—for Ep. aor. 2 and pf. med., see ἐγρετο, ἐγρήγορα: I. Act. to awaken, wake up, rouse, stir:—metaph. to rouse, stir up. 2. to raise from the dead. 3. to raise, erect a building. II. Med. and Pass. to wake, rise up from sleep: in aor. to keep watch: be awake. 2. to rouse oneself, be excited by passion, etc.

ἐγέλασσα, ἐτέλαξα, Ep. and Dor. aor. I of γελάω.
 ἔγεντο, syncop. for ἐγένετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γίγνομαι.

ἐγέρφα, aor. I of γεράφω.
 ἐγερθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐγείρω.
 ἐγερσι-γέλως, ατος, δ, ἡ, (ἐγείρω, γέλω) laughter-stirring.

ἐγερσι-θέωτρος, ov, (ἐγείρω, θέατρον) exciting the spectators.
 ἐγερσι-μάχος, Dor. for -μάχη. δ: fem. ἐγερσι-μάχη: (ἐγείρω, μάχη) battle-stirring.
 ἐγέρσιμος, ov, (ἐγείρω) waking, easily waked; ἐγερσιμος ὕπνος sleep from which one wakes.
 ἐγερσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐγείρω) a waking, exciting.
 ἐγερσι-φάης, ἐς, (ἐγείρω, φάος) light-awakening.
 ἐγερτί, Adv. (ἐγείρω) wakefully, busily.

ἐγγήφατο, Ion. for ἐγγεγερμένοι ἦσαν, 3. pl. plqpf. pass. of ἐγείρω.

ἐγήγεκα, ἐγήγεμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐγείρω.
 ἔγημα, aor. I of γαμέω.

ἐγήρα, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γηράσκει.
 ἐγήρᾱσα, aor. I of γηράσκει.
 ἐγήρῃσα, aor. I of γηραίω.

ἐγ-καθαμβόζω, f. ἴσω, to fit in.
 ἐγ-καθέζομαι, f. -καθεδούμαι, Dep. to sit or take one's seat in: to encamp in a place.

ἐγκάθετος, ov, (ἐγκαθίμι) suborned.
 ἐγ-καθηβάω, f. ἴσω, to pass one's youth in.
 ἐγ-κάθημαι, Dep. to sit in or on, lie in or on.
 ἐγ-καθιδρύνω, f. ὕω [ῶ], to set up or

ἐγκαθίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to seat in or upon. II.
 intr. to sit in or upon: to take one's seat on.
 ἐγ-καθίημι, f. ἦσω, to let down into, send in.
 ἐγ-καθίστημι, f. -καταστήσω, to place or set in.
 II. Med. and Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἐγκα-
 τέστην; pf. ἐγκαθέστηκα; plqpf. ἐγκαθεστήκειν: to
 be placed or established in.
 ἐγ-καθορμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to bring into harbour:
 Med. to run into harbour.
 ἐγ-καθυβρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to riot to excess in a
 thing.
 ἐγ-καίνα, τά, (ἐν, καινός) a feast of renovation or
 dedication Hence
 ἐγκαίνιζω, f. σω, to renovate, dedicate, consecrate.
 ἐγ-καίω, f. -καύσω, to burn or beat in. II. to
 make a fire in.
 ἐγ-καλέω, fut. ἐγκαλέσωι pf. ἐγκέκληκα:—to call
 in. II. to summon for the purpose of accusing, to
 accuse, indict; φόνον ἐγκαλεῖν τινα to bring a charge
 of murder against one: of actions, to blame, censure.
 ἐγ-καλλωπίζομαι, Pass. to pride oneself in a thing.
 Hence
 ἐγκαλλώπισμα, ατος, τό, that of which one is proud:
 an ornament, decoration.
 ἐγκαλυμμός, δ, a wrapping up. From
 ἐγ-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to veil in: to wrap up:—Med.
 to hide oneself, esp. one's face: hence to be ashamed.
 ἐγ-κάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend in.
 ἐγ-κανάσσω, f. ξω, to pour gurgling in; aor. I im-
 perat. ἐγκάνασον. (Formed from the sound.)
 ἐγ-κανάχομαι, Dep. (ἐν, καναχή) to make a sound
 in or with a thing.
 ἐγ-κάπτω, f. ψω; pf. ἐγκέκᾰφα:—to gulf in greedily,
 to devour, bolt.
 ἐγ-καρπος, ον, containing fruit: fruitful, prolific.
 ἐγ-καρσος, α, ον, cross, transverse, oblique.
 ἐγ-καρτερίω, f. ἦσω, to persevere or persist in. II.
 to await steadfastly. III. absol. to hold out.
 ἐγκᾶτα, τα, (ἐν) the entrails, bowels: dat. ἐγκασι.
 ἐγ-καταβαίνω, to go down into: to put oneself in.
 ἐξ-καταγῆραςκω: f. ᾄσωμαι [ᾶ] to grow old in.
 ἐγ-καταδύω, f. -δήσω, to lind fast in, involve in.
 ἐγ-καταδύνω, to creep down into.
 ἐγ-καταεύνημι, f. -ζεύω, to associate with, adash.
 ἐγκατάδουτο, 3 aor. 2 med. opt. of ἐγκατατίθηνμι.
 ἐγ-κατάκειμαι, Pass. to lie in: to lie down.
 ἐγ-κατακλίνω, to lay down or put to bed in a place:
 —Pass. to lie down or go to bed in.
 ἐγ-κατακοιμῶμαι, Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to
 lie down and sleep in.
 ἐγ-κατακρούω, f. σω, to beat in; ἐγκατακρούειν χο-
 ρεῖαν to tread a measure or dance among.
 ἐγ-καταλαμβάνω, fut. -λήψομαι, to catch in a place:
 to catch and hold fast, to bind or trammel.
 ἐγ-καταλέγω, f. ξω, to lay in or build into a
 wall. II. to reckon among: to enlist soldiers.
 ἐγ-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind: to forsake:—
 Pass. to be left behind in a race.

ἐγκατάληψις, εως, ἡ, (ἐγκαταλαμβάνω) a catching
 and holding fast: a being caught in a place.
 ἐγ-καταμίγνυμι, f. -μίσω, to mix up in.
 ἐγ-καταπήγνυμι, f. -πῆξω, to thrust firmly into: to
 fix in.
 ἐγ-καταπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to fall in or upon.
 ἐγ-καταπλέω, f. -πλέω, to interweave, entwine.
 ἐγ-καταρράπτω, f. ψω, to sew in.
 ἐγ-κατασκήπτω, f. ψω, to fall upon: of epidemics,
 to break out among. II. trans. to burl down
 upon.
 ἐγ-κατασφάττω, f. ξω, to slaughter in.
 ἐγ-κατατίθηνμι, f. -θήσω, to put in or upon:—Med.
 τελαμῖνα ἐξ ἐγκατθέτο τέχνην be included the sword-
 belt in his art, i. e. wrought it by his art.
 ἐγ-καταχέω, f. -χεύω, to pour in besides.
 ἐγκατελέγη, aor. 2 pass. of ἐγκαταλέγω.
 ἐγκατέλιπον, aor. 2 of ἐγκαταλείπω.—
 ἐγκατέπηξα, aor. I of ἐγκαταπήγνυμι.
 ἐγκάθεο, Ep. for ἐγκατάθου, 2 sing. imperat., and
 ἐγκάθετο, for ἐγκατέθετο, 3 sing. ind., aor. 2 med.
 of ἐγκατατίθηνμι.
 ἐγ-κατιλλώπτω, f. ψω, to scoff at.
 ἐγ-κατοικέω, f. ἦσω, to dwell in.
 ἐγ-κατοικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build on a spot,
 also 2. to build in, immure.
 ἐγ-καίμαι, Pass. with fut. med. -κείσομαι, to lie in,
 to be wrapped in. II. to press upon, urge, im-
 portune, attack: to be vehement against: to press one
 hard. 2. to be devoted to.
 ἐγ-κείρω, only in pf. pass. part., ἐγκεκαρμένω κάρη
 with scorn beaded.
 ἐγκέκαυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγ-καίω.
 ἐγκέκᾰφα, pf. of ἐγκάπτω.
 ἐγκέκληκα, pf. of ἐγκάμπω.
 ἐγκέκλημαι, Att. pf. pass. of ἐγκλείω.
 ἐγκέκλιμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγκλίνω.
 ἐγκέκτημαι, pf. of ἐγκτάομαι.
 ἐγκεκυκλωμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγκυκλόω.
 ἐγκέλευμα or -λευσμα, ατος, τό, (ἐγκελεύω) an
 encouragement, cheer, buzzab.
 ἐγκελευστος, ον, urged on, bidden, ordered. From
 ἐγ-κελεύω, f. σω, to urge on, cheer on.
 ἐγ-κεντρίζω, f. ἴσω, to goad on. II. of plants,
 to inoculate, ingraft.
 ἐγ-κεντρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἐν, κέντρον) a sting: a spur.
 ἐγ-κεράννυμι, fut. κερᾶσω [ᾶ]: (ἐν, κεράννυμι): A
 mix in, mix: metaph. to concoct, contrive.
 ἐγ-κεροτομέω, f. ἦσω, to mock at.
 ἐγ-κέφαλος, ον, (ἐν, κεφαλῇ) within the head; ὁ ἐγ-
 κεφαλός (sub. μυελός), I. the brain. II. the
 edible pith of young palm-shoots.
 ἐγκεχᾶλινωμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγχαλίνω.
 ἐγκέχοδα, pf. of ἐγχεύω.
 ἐγκεχορήμενος, pf. part. pass. of ἐγχεύω.
 ἐγκέχθυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγχεύω.
 ἐγ-κτῆρίζω, f. ἴσω, to play the bawp among.
 ἐγ-κτῆρηνμι, = ἐγκερόννυμι.

ἐγκλείω, f. σω, to shut in, confine within.
 to shut to, shut fast.
 ἐγκληθείς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐγκλείω.
 ἐγ-κληῖω, Ion. for ἐγκλείω.
 ἐγ-κλημᾶ, atos, τό, an accusation, charge, complaint: a bill of indictment.
 ἐγκλήμων, monos, ὁ, (ἐγκλείω) censorious.
 ἐγ-κληρος, on, (ἐν, κληρος) having a lot or share in an inheritance, an heir, heirless.
 ἐγ-κληρῶ, Att. for ἐγκλείω: aor. I part. ἐγκλήσας.
 ἐγ-κλιδόν, Adv. (ἐγκλίνω) leaning sideways, aslant.
 ἐγ-κλίνω, f. -κλινῶ: pf. -κέκλικα, pass. -κέκλιμαι:—
 to bend, incline to or towards, Lat. inclinare:—Pass.
 to lean over or on, weigh upon one. II. intr. to
 bend, incline. 2. to give way, flee, Lat. inclinari.
 ἐγ-κοιλαῖω, f. ἀνῶ, to hollow out, scoop out.
 ἐγ-κοιλος, on, (ἐν, κοῖλος) hollowed out, hollow.
 ἐγ-κοιμάομαι, Pass. with fut. med. ἥσομαι, to
 sleep in.
 ἐγ-κοιμίζω, f. ἴσω, to lull to sleep in a place.
 ἐγ-κοισύρω, f. ὤσω, (ἐν, Κοισύρα) hence pf. part.
 pass. ἐγκεκοισυράμενη, as luxurious as Coesyra (a
 female name in the Alcæonid family).
 ἐγ-κοιτάς, ádos, ἡ, (ἐν, κοίτη) serving for a bed.
 ἐγ-κοληβάξω, f. σω, to gulp down like a κόλλαβος,
 swallow.
 ἐγ-κονέω, f. ἥσω, to hasten, be quick and active.
 Hence
 ἐγ-κονητί, Adv. in haste, diligently.
 ἐγ-κονίομαι, Med. (ἐν, κόνις) to roll in the dust or
 sand, sprinkle sand over oneself.
 ἐγκοπή, ἡ, (ἐγκοπήναι) a baderance.
 ἐγκοπήναι, aor. I inf. pass. of ἐγκόπτω.
 ἐγκοπος, on, (ἐγκοπήναι) wearied.
 ἐγ-κόπτω, f. ψω, to knock in: metaph. to hinder,
 weary.
 ἐγ-κορδύλέω, f. ἥσω, (ἐν, κορδύλη) to wrap up in
 coverlets: pf. part. pass. ἐγκεκορδυλημένος.
 ἐγ-κοσμέω, f. ἥσω, to arrange in order
 ἐγκοτός, f. έσω, to be indignant at. From
 ἐγ-κοτος, on, (ἐν, κότος) bearing a grudge, spiteful,
 malicious. II. ἐγκοτος is also found, like κότος,
 as Subst., a grudge, hatred.
 ἐγ-κράζω, f. -κράζωι, aor. 2 ἐνέκρᾳγον:—to cry
 aloud at, to rate loudly.
 ἐγκράτεια, ἡ, self-control, Lat. continentia: and
 ἐγκρατεύομαι, Dep. to exercise self-control. From
 ἐγ-κράτης, ές, (ἐν, κράτος) with a firm bold: stout,
 strong. II. having the mastery over, having pos-
 session of. 2. having control over oneself, self-dis-
 ciplined, Lat. continens. 3. in bad sense, unyield-
 ing, stubborn.
 ἐγκρατός, Adv. of ἐγκρατής, strongly, strictly:
 temperately.
 ἐγ-κρίνω, f. -κρίνω, to reckon in or among: to ap-
 prove, admit, sanction. II. to reckon as.
 ἐγ-κροτέουσαι, Dor. for -έουσαι, fem. part. pl. of
 ἐγ-κροτέω, f. ἥσω, to strike against: of a dance, to

beat or keep time:—Pass., πυγμαὶ ἐγκροτούμεναι fists
 dashed one against the other.
 ἐγ-κρούω, f. σω, to knock in: to strike against. II.
 to dance.
 ἐγ-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to bide or conceal in.
 ἐγκρύφιαξω, f. άσω, (ἐγκρύφιος) to keep oneself hid-
 den: to act underband.
 ἐγκρυφιάς, ádos, ἡ, fem. Adj. bidden or baked in
 the ashes, of loaves. From
 ἐγκρύφιος, on, (ἐγκρύπτω) bidden in.
 ἐγ-κτάομαι, Dep. with fut. ἐγκτήσομαι, pf. ἐγκέκτη-
 μαι, to acquire possessions in a foreign country. Hence
 ἐγκτημα, atos, τό, property held in a foreign country.
 ἐγκτήσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐγκτάομαι) possession of property
 in a foreign country.
 ἐγ-κύκλω, f. ἥσω, to mix up in.
 ἐγ-κύκλιος, on, (ἐν, κύκλος) circular, rounded. II.
 revolving in a circle, periodical, going round in suc-
 cession: hence general, common.
 ἐγ-κυκλος, on, (ἐν, κύκλος) circular.
 ἐγ-κυκλόω, f. άσω, (ἐν, κύκλος) to move about in a
 circle:—Pass. to go round about, and in trans. sense,
 to surround, encircle.
 ἐγ-κύμω, on, gen. onos, (ἐν, κύμα π) pregnant.
 ἐγ-κύος, on, (ἐν, κύω) = ἐγκύμων.
 ἐγ-κύπτω, f. ψω, to stoop and peer in, to pry into.
 ἐγ-κύρω: impf. ἐνέκυρον: fut. ἐγκύρωσω: aor. I ἐνέ-
 κυρσα:—to fall into or upon, light upon, meet with.
 ἐγκύρσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐγ-κύρω.
 ἐγκύτα, τά, Lacon. of ἐγκατα.
 ἐγ-κωμιάζω, fut. άσω and άσσομαι: pf. ἐγκεκωμίακα:
 —Pass., aor. I ἐνεκωμιάσθην: pf. ἐγκεκωμιάσμαι:—
 (the augm. tenses are formed as if the Verb were a
 compd., and not derived directly from ἐγκώμιον):—to
 praise, laud.
 ἐγκώμιον, τό, see ἐγκώμιος π. 2.
 ἐγ-κώμιος, on, (ἐν, κώμη) at home, of the same vil-
 lage. II. (ἐν, κῶμος) belonging to a Bacchic
 festival or revel: in which the victor was led home
 in procession. 2. as Subst. ἐγκώμιον (sub. έπος),
 τό, a hymn in honour of the victor: a song of praise,
 panegyric.
 ἐγλυμμαι, pf. pass. of γλύφω.
 ἐγνωκα, έγνωσμαι, pf. act. and pass. of γιγνώσκειν.
 έγνω, as, ω, aor. 2 of γιγνώσκειν.
 ἐγνώσθην, aor. I pass. of γιγνώσκειν.
 ἐγ-ξέω, f. έσω, to scrape.
 ἐγγράφην [ά], aor. 2 pass. of γράφω.
 έγραψα, aor. I act. of γράφω.
 έγρε-κύδοιμος, on, (έγείρω, κύδοιμος) strife-stirring.
 έγρε-μάχης, on, ὁ, and έγρε-μέχος, η, on, (έγείρω
 μάχη) rousing the fight.
 έγρεσ-κωμος, on, (έγείρω, κωμος) stirring up to
 revelry.
 έγρετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. of έγείρω; impera
 έγρεο; 3 sing. subj. έγρη; inf. έγρέσθαι.
 έγρήγορα, to be awake, watch, intrans. pf. of έγείρω
 whence part. έγρηγοράς, a pl. imper. έγρήγορε (Έρρ

for ἐργηγόρατε, inf. ἐργηγόρῃαι (Ep. for ἐργηγορέ-
ναι):—plqr. ἐργηγόρη, 3 sing. ἐργηγόρει. Homer
uses the Ep. form ἐργηγορόα in 3 pl. ἐργηγορόασαι.

ἐργηγορόων, Ep. part., as if from a pres. ἐργηγοράω,
formed from ἐργήγορα, *watching, awake.*

ἐργηγορῶν, (ἐργήγορα) Adv. *wakefully, awake.*

ἐργήσω, from ἐργήγορα, *to be awake or watchful.*

ἐργοίτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. opt. of ἐγείρω.

ἐγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 med. part. of ἐγείρω.

ἐγ-χάλλινόν, f. ὦσα, *to put the bit in the mouth of,*
hold in check:—Pass. *to have the bit in one's mouth.*

ἐγχανεῖται, 3 sing. fut. of ἐγ-χάσκω:—ἐγχανῇ, 3
sing. aor. 2 subj.

ἐγ-χαρίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. = χαρίζομαι.

ἐγ-χάσκω; (tenses formed from *ἐγ-χαίνω), fut.
ἐγχαυνύμαι: aor. 2 ἐν-ἐχάων, inf. ἐγχανεῖν:—*to*
yawn or gape in one's face, to scoff at, jeer.

ἐγ-χέξω, f. -χέσω also -χεοσύμαι: pf. ἐγκέχθεα:—
Lat. *incaeo*: c. acc. *to be in a horrid fright at one.*

ἐγχαίτων, Ep. gen. pl. of ἐγχείη.

ἐγχευ-βρόμος, ov, (ἐγχος, βρέμω) *thundering with*
the spear.

ἐγχείη, ἡ, (ἐγχος) *a spear, lance.*

ἐγχείη, Ep. for ἐγχεῖν, 3 sing. subj. of ἐγχεῖω.

ἐγγε-κέραννος, ov, (ἐγγος, κεραυνός) *touching the*
thunderbolt.

ἐγχεῖρῶ, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐνεχείρησα: (ἐν, χεῖρ):—
to take in hand, undertake. Hence

ἐγχεῖρημα, atos, τό, *an undertaking: and*

ἐγχεῖρησις, ewe, ἡ, *a taking in hand, an undertaking.*

ἐγχεῖρητός, verb. Adj. of ἐγχεῖρῶ, *one must un-*
derstand.

ἐγχεῖρητής, ov, δ, (ἐγχεῖρῶ) *one who takes in hand:*
an adventurer.

ἐγχεῖρητικός, ἡ, όν, (ἐγχεῖρῶ) *enterprising.*

ἐγχεῖριδος, ov, (ἐν, χεῖρ) *in the band.* II. as

Subst., ἐγχεῖριδιον, τό, *a band-knife, dagger.* 2.
a manual, band-book.

ἐγχερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰδῶ, (ἐν, χεῖρ) *to put into one's*
bands, entrust a thing to another:—Med. *to take in*
band, take on oneself.

ἐγχερί-θετος, ov, (ἐν, χεῖρ, τίθημι) *put or delivered*
into one's bands.

ἐγ-χεῖω, Ep. for ἐγχεῖω.

ἐγχείλιον, τό, Dim. of ἐγχεῖω, *a little eel.*

ἐγγέλειον, ov, (ἐγγεῖω) *of an eel.*

ΕΓΓΕΛΑΤΣ, vos, ἡ: pl. ἐγγέλειες, Att. ἐγγέλειαι,
eww:—*an eel*, Lat. *anguilla*:—*proverb.*, ἐγγέλειε θη-
ρᾶσθαι *to be fond of fishing in troubled waters.*

ἐγχεσι-μωρος, ov, *fighting with the spear.* (Deriv.
uncertain.)

ἐγχεσι-πάλος, ov, (ἐγχος, πάλω) *spear-brandishing.*

ἐγχεσι-φόρος, ov, (ἐγχος, φέρω) *spear-bearing.*

ἐγγεύωτα, Dor. for ἐγγύντα, part. pr. of ἐγγέω.

ἐγ-χέω: f. -χέω: aor. I ἐνέχσα, Ep. ἐνέχευα: Pass.,
pf. ἐπέχρμαι:—*to pour in:*—Med. *to pour or flow*
in, be poured in. II. *to fill by pouring in; ἐγχεῖαι*

κητήρα to fill the bowl.

ἐγ-χθόνιος, ov, (ἐν, χθών) *in or of the country, Lat.*
indigena.

ΕΓΧΟΣ, τό, *a spear, lance, consisting of two parts,*
αἰχμή and δόρυ, head and shaft. II. generally,

a weapon, a sword, an arrow:—*metaph.*, φροντίδος
ἐγχος *weapon of thought.*

ἐγχουσα, ἡ, = ἄγχουσα, q. v.

ἐγ-χραίνω, = sq.

ἐγ-χράω and ἐγ-χραύω, *to dash against; ἐνέχραυεν*
ἐς τὸ πρόσωπον τὸ σκήπτρον be dashed his staff in his
face. The pf. pass. also occurs, ἔσαν πρὸς τινὰς καὶ
ἀλλοὺς ἐγκεχρημένοι (sc. πόλεμοι) *there were wars*
urged on against others also.

ἐγχερίπτομαι, Dep. *to exspectorate.*

ἐγ-χρήζω, *to want, have need; τὰ ἐγχερήζοντα ne-*
cessaries.

ἐγ-χρίπτω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐνέχριψα part. ἐγχρίμ-
ψας:—Pass., aor. I ἐνεχρίμθην part. ἐγχερίμφθεις:

—*to bring near to, to strike or dash against; ἐγ-*
χρίμπτειν τὴν βάρην τῇ γῇ to bring the boat to land:

absol. to come to land: hence to approach: also to
attack, press hard. II. also intr. both in Act.

and in Pass., *to fall upon, attack, pursue.*

ἐγ-χρίπτω, collat. form of ἐγχερίμπτω.

ἐγχεριστος, ov, *applied as an unguent.* From

ἐγ-χρίω, *to rub in, to anoint.* II. like ἐγχερίπτω,
to attack, assail.

ἐγ-χρονίζω: f. ἴω Att. ἰδῶ: (ἐν, χρόνος):—*to be*
long about a thing, tarry, delay.

ἐγ-χυτρίψω, f. σω, *to expose in a pan or pot.*

ἐγ-χουρέω, f. ἦσω, *to give room for doing a thing:*
to make way for, yield: to concede, allow, admit. 2.

impers. ἐγχαρεί, *it is possible or permitted; ἐτι ἐγ-*
χαρεί there is yet time.

ἐγ-χώριος, a, ov, also os, ov, (ἐν, χώρα) *in or be-*
longing to the country.

ἐγ-χωρος, ov, = ἐγχώριος.

ΕΓΩ, Lat. EGO, Germ. ICH, our I: pers. Procl.
of the first person, Ep. and Aeol. ἐγών before vowels:

—*strength, by compos. with enclit. γε, ἐγωγε, Lat.*
equidem, I at least, for my part; Dor. ἐγώγα and

ἐγώγα: Boeot. λάνγα or λάγα:—gen. ΕΜΟΥ, en-
clit. ΜΟΥ, Lat. MEI, Ep. and Ion. ἐμέο, ἐμεῦ, μεν,

Ep. also ἐμεῖο, ἐμέθω, Aeol. and Dor. ἐμεῖος; Boeot.
ἐμοῦς:—Dat. ἐμοί, enclit. μοί; Dor. ἐμίν:—

Acc. ἐμέ, enclit. με. Dual, nom. and acc., ΝΩ, Ep.
νώϊ, Lat. NOS: gen. and dat. νῶν, Ep. νῶϊν. Plur.,

nom. ἡμεῖς, Dor. ἄμες, Aeol. ἄμμες:—gen. ἡμῶν, Ion.
and Ep. ἡμείων, Ep. also ἡμεῖων, Dor. ἄμεων, Aeol.

ἄμμεων:—dat. ἡμῖν, also ἡμιν or ἡμῖν [ῖ], Dor. ἄμν,
ἄμμι, Aeol. ἄμμεῖσι:—acc., ἡμᾶς, Ion. ἡμέας, Ep. and

Aeol. ἄμμε, Dor. ἄμέ.

ἐγωγα, Dor. for ἐγωγε.

ἐγώδα, Att. crasis for ἐγὼ οἶδα.

ἐγώμαι, Att. crasis for ἐγὼ οἶμαι.

ἐγών, ἐγώγα, Dor. for ἐγὼ, ἐγωγε.

ἐδάην, ης, η, aor. 2 of ΔΑΩ.

ἔδαισα, -άμην, aor. I act. and med. of δαδνυμι.

ἔδακον, aor. 2 of δάκναι.
 ἐδάμην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of δαμάω.
 ἐδάνος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔδω) *eatable*.
 ἐδάνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀδεύ) *pleasant, grateful, agreeable*
 or *excellent*.
 ἐδάρην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of δαίρω.
 ἔδαρθον, aor. 2 of δαρθάνω.
 ἔδαρκον, metath. for ἔδρακον, aor. 2 of δέρκομαι.
 ἐδάσάμην, aor. 1 of δασέομαι.
 ἐδαφίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, *to make level: to level with*
the earth. From
 ἐδάφος, εὐς, τό, *the bottom, or base of anything: the*
ground: ἔδαφος νηὺς the bottom or hold of a ship:
also the ground-floor, pavement: level ground. (From
 the same root as δάπ-εδον, τάπ-ης.)
 ἐδέεσα, Ep. for ἔδεσα, aor. 1 of δέδω.
 ἐδέεμην, Ep. aor. 2 of δέχομαι.
 ἐδέδεάτο, Ion. for ἔδεδεντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of δέω.
 ἐδεδέεμην, plqpf. of δέχομαι.
 ἐδεδέκειν, plqpf. of δέω, *to bind*.
 ἐδέδισαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of δέδω.
 ἐδεδήετο Ion. 3 plur., and ἐδέδμητο 3 sing., plqpf.
 pass. of δέμα.
 ἐδεδοίκεσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of δέδω.
 ἐδεδόμην, plqpf. pass. of δίδωμι.
 ἐδεδοκέειν, plqpf. of δίδωμι.
 ἐδέθηγν, aor. 1 pass. (in med. sense) of δέω, *to want*.
 ἐδέθησα, aor. 1 of δέω, *to want*.
 ἐδέθην, aor. 1 pass. of δέω, *to bind*.
 ἐδεδίμεν, -ισαν, Ep. 1 and 3 pl. plqpf. of δέδω.
 ἔδειμα, aor. 1 of δέμα.
 ἔδειξα, aor. 1 of δέκνυμι.
 ἔδειρα, aor. 1 of δέρω.
 ἔδειδα, aor. 1 of δέδω.
 ἔδεκτο, Ep. 3 sing. sync. aor. 2 of δέχομαι.
 ἐδέμεν, Ep. for ἔδων, inf. of ἔδω.
 ἔδεξα, -άμην, Ion. for ἔδειξα, -άμην, aor. 1 act. and
 med. of δέκνυμι; but ἔδεξάμην also aor. 1 of δέχομαι.
 ἔδεσμα, αὐός, τό, (ἔδω) *food, meat, a dish*.
 ἔδεστιάς, οὐ, ὁ, (ἔδω) *an eater, devourer*.
 ἔδεστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔδω) *to be eaten, eatable*.
 eaten: consumed.
 ἐδέυηται, aor. 1 of δέω, *to need*.
 ἐδήθεσμαι, pf. pass. of ἐσθίω.
 ἐδήδοκα, pf. act. of ἐσθίω.
 ἐδήδοται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἔδω.
 ἐδηδώς, pf. part. of ἔδω.
 ἐδητσαν, Att. ἐδήουν, impf. of δηῖν.
 ἔδησα, aor. 1 of δέω, *to bind: also Ep. aor. 1 of δέω,*
to want.
 ἐδητύς, ὅς, ἡ, (ἔδω) *meat, food*. [ῥ]
 ἐδήχθηγν, aor. 1 pass. of δάκναι.
 ἐδαιάτσα, aor. 1 of δαιάτω.
 ἐδῆρσα, ἐδῆρθηγν, aor. 1 act. and pass. of δηῖν.
 ἐδίδαξα, poet. ἐδιδάσκησα, aor. 1 of διδάσκειν.
 ἐδίδουν, impf. of δίδωμι, formed from διδῶ.
 ἐδιζήμην, impf. of δίζημαι.
 ἐδίθηα, aor. 1 of δαίω.

ἔδικον, γ. δικεῖν.
 ἐδίνευσα, ἐδίνησα, aor. 1 of δινεύω, δινέω.
 ἐδίψησα, aor. 1 of διψάω.
 ἐδίωξα, ἐδίωχθηγν, aor. 1 act. and pass. of διώκειν.
 ἔδμεναι, Ep. pres. inf. of ἔδω.
 ἐμίθηγν, aor. 1 pass. of δαμάω.
 ἐνάομαι, Dep. = ἐνδύω. From
 ἑΑΝΑ, Ep. ἔδνα, τό, *nuptial gifts*, 1. *from*
the suitor to the bride. 2. *from the suitor to the*
bride's father. 3. *a portion or dowry, given to*
the bride by her parents, also φέρην or προίξ. 4
wedding presents to the wedded pair from their guests
 Hence
 ἐνδύω, f. ὥσω, *to promise or betroth for presents*.
 Hence
 ἐνωτής Ep. ἐενωτής, οὐ, ὁ, *a betrother, of a father*
who portions a bride.
 ἐδόθηγν, aor. 1 pass. of δίδωμι.
 ἐδοκέμην, Dor. for ἐδοκούμην, 1 pl. impf. of δοκέω,
 ἐδόκησα, aor. 1 of δοκέω.
 ἐδοκίμασα, ἐδοκίμάσθηγν, aor. 1 act. and pass. of
 δοκιμάζω.
 ἔδομαι, fut. of ἔδω and ἐσθίω.
 ἔδομεν, ἔδοτε, ἔδοσαν (Dor. ἔδων), aor. 2 pl. of δίδωμι.
 ἔδοντι, Dor. for ἔδουσι.
 ἔδοξα, aor. 1 of δοκέω.
 ἐδοξάθηγν, aor. 1 pass. of δοξάω.
 ἔδος, εὐς, τό, (ἔξομαι) *a thing to sit on, a seat*. 2.
a seat, abode, esp. of the gods. 3. *a foundation, base,*
the pedestal of a statue: also the statue itself. II. *the*
act of sitting: οὐχ ἔδος ἐστὶ 'tis no time for sitting still.
 ἔδομαι, fut. of ἔξομαι.
 ἔδρα Ep. and Ion. ἔδρη, ἡ, (ἔξομαι) *any seat, a chair,*
bench, etc. 2. *a seat, abode, esp. of the gods, a*
temple, altar. 3. *a foundation, base*. II. *a*
sitting still, being idle or inactive, delay: οὐκ ἔδρας
ἀκμή it is not the season for sitting still. 2. *a*
sitting, session. III. *the seat, fundament*.
 ἔδραθον, poet. for ἔδαρθον, aor. 2 of δαρθάνω.
 ἔδρατος, α, ον, (ἔδρα) *sitting, sedentary*. II.
steadfast, firm, constant.
 ἔδραιώω, f. ὥσω, = ἔδραιω. Hence
 ἔδραιωμα, αὐός, τό, *a foundation, base*.
 ἔδρακόμην, aor. 2 med. of δέρκομαι.
 ἔδρακον, ἔδρακήγν, aor. 2 act. and pass. of δέρκομαι.
 ἔδραμον, aor. 2 of τρέχω.
 ἔδραν, aor. 2 of διδράσκω.
 ἔδραν, τό, (ἔδρα) *a seat, abode, dwelling*
 ἔδρασα, aor. 1 of δράω.
 ἔδρη, Ep. and Ion. for ἔδρα.
 ἔδρησα, Ion. for ἔδρασα, aor. 1 of δράω.
 ἔδραιομαι, Pass. (ἔδρα) *to sit: Ep. inf. ἐδρίασθαι*;
 Ep. 3 pl. impf. ἐδριάντο.
 ἔδρο-στρόφος, ὁ, (ἔδρα, στρέφω) *a wrestler who*
throws his adversary by a cross-buttock.
 ἔδρυσθα, ἐδρύφθηγν, aor. 1 act. and pass. of δρύπτω.
 ἔδυν, 1 sing: aor. 2 of δύνω; but also Ep. for ἔδυσαν,
 3 pl. of same tense.

ἔδυνάσθην or -ήσθην, aor. I of δύναμαι.

ἔδυνάτο, Ion. 3 pl. impf. of δύναμαι.

ἔδυστο, -ετο, Ep. for ἔδύω, -ατο, 2 and 3 sing. aor. I med. of δύνω.

ἔδυστήχισα, aor. I of δυστήχέω.

*ΕΔΩ, Ion. impf. ἔδεσκον: fut. ἔδομαι: pf. act. ἔδηδα, pass. ἔδηδομαι:—these are all Epic forms; for the Att. tenses, see ἔσθω:—to eat, devour: metaph., οἶκον ἔδουσι eat up, i. e. consume, waste, house and home; θυμὸν ἔδοντες eating their heart, i. e. wasting, consuming their spirit. Hence

ἔδωδῆ, ἡ, food meat, victuals for men: fodder for cattle: a bait for fish. Hence

ἔδωδμος, ov, eatable: τὰ ἐδωδία provisions.

ἔδωκα, aor. I of δίδωμι.

ἔδωλιον, τό, (ἔδος) a seat, dwelling, abode. II.

in a ship, the seat of the rowers, a rowing-bench, Lat. *transitum*.

ἔε, poet. for ἐ, bim, acc. of οὐ.

ἔεβνα, ἔεβνώω, -ωτής, Ep. for ἔβνα, ἔβνώω, -ωτής.

ἔειδομαι, Ep. for εἶδομαι. Med. of εἶδω.

ἔεικοσά-βοιοι, ἔεικοσι, ἔεικοσoρος, ἔεικοστός, Ep. for ἐκ-.

ἔειλεον, Ep. for εἶλεον, impf. of εἰλέω.

ἔειπα, as, ε, ἔειπον, es, ε, Ep. for εἶπα, εἶπον.

ἔεις, Ep. for εἷς.

ἔεισαο, ἔεισατο, ἔεισάσθην, Ep. 2 and 3 sing., and 3 dual., aor. I of εἰμι ἰδο.

ἔεισατο, ἔεισάμενος, Ep. 3 sing. and part. aor. I of εἶδω.

ἔέλδομαι, ἔέλδωρ, Ep. for ἔλδομαι, ἔλδω.

ἔελμαι, ἔελμένω, pf. pass. ipd. and part. of εἴλω.

ἔέλπομαι, Ep. for ἔλπομαι.

ἔλσαι, Ep. for ἔλσαι, aor. I inf. of εἶλω.

ἔεργαθον, Ep. for εἰργαθον.

ἔεργε, ἔεργμένω, ἔεργνυμι, ἔεργω, Ep. for εἰργ-.

ἔερμένος, pf. part. pass. of εἶρω.

ἔερστο, ἔερσῆς, Ep. for ἔρσῆ, ἔρσῆς.

ἔερτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of εἶρω.

ἔέρχτο, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of εἶργω.

ἔέσσοτο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἔννυμι.

ἔέσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἔζω.

ἔεστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἔννυμι.

ἔεσγμένω, pf. part. pass. of ζεύγνυμι.

ἔεζεα, ἔεζέχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ζεύγνυμι.

*ΕΖΟΜΑΙ, fut. ἔδοῦμαι: impf. and aor. 2 ἔζομην: (the Root is *ΕΔ-, see ἔδος):—to seat oneself, sit; ἐπὶ χθονὶ ἔζοσθην obey sank to the earth.

ἔζωσθην [V], aor. 2 of ζεύγνυμι.

ἔζωσμαι, pf. pass. of ζεύγνυμι.

ἔη, Ion. for ἦ, 3 sing. subj. of εἰμι sum.

ἔη, fem. of ἔος, bis.

ἔηκε, Ep. for ἦκε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἔημι.

ἔην, Ep. for ἦν, 3 sing. impf. of εἰμι sum.

ἔηνδανε, Ep. for ἦνδανε, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνδάνω.

ἔηος, gen. masc. of ἔος, good, brave, noble.

ἔης, Ep. for ἦς, gen. fem. of ὅς, ἡ, ὅ, who, what:—

but ἔης gen. fem. of ἔος, bis.

ἔησθα, Ep. for ἦς, 2 sing. impf. of εἰμι sum.

ἔησι, Ep. for ἦ, 3 sing. subj. of εἰμι sum.

ἔθαψα, ἔθάψθην, aor. I act. and pass. of θάλλω.

ἔθωνον, aor. 2 of θνήσκω.

ἔθας, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἔθος) accustomed, used.

ἔθαψα, ἔθάψθην, aor. I act. and pass. of θάπτω.

ἔθεσάμην, Ion. aor. I of θεάομαι.

*ΕΘΕΙΡΑ, ἡ, hair; in Homer, a horse's mane, or *the horsebare crest* on helmets: a lion's mane. Hence

ἔθειράζω, f. ἄσω, to wear long hair.

ἔθειρω, to tend, take care of, till. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἔθελμός, ὅν, (ἔθελω) willing, voluntary.

ἔθελσθα, for ἔθελγς, Ep. 2 sing. subj. of ἔθελω.

ἔθελτός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἔθελω) willed, voluntary.

ἔθελα, ἔθελχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἔθελω.

ἔθελω, in compos., signifies voluntarily or gladly.

ἔθελό-δουλος, ov, a willing slave.

ἔθελω-θηρσκειά, ἡ, (ἔθελω, ἑρσκειώ) will-worship, superstitious observance.

ἔθελωκῆκέω, f. ἡσώ, to be slack in duty, play the coward purposely: to be beaten on purpose. From

ἔθελό-κῆκος, ov, wilfully bad, neglectful of one's duty, esp. in war, cowardly.

ἔθελοντήδόν, (ἔθελω) Adv. voluntarily.

ἔθελοντήν, (ἔθελω) Adv. voluntarily.

ἔθελοντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἔθελω) a volunteer.

ἔθελοντής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἔθελω) a volunteer.

ἔθελοντί, Adv. = ἔθελοντήδόν.

ἔθελοντί, Dor. for ἔθελουσι, 3 pl. of ἔθελω.

ἔθελωπονία, ἡ, love of work, diligence. From

ἔθελό-πονος, ov, (ἔθελω, πίνω) willing to work.

ἔθελω-πρόξενος, ov, (ἔθελω, πρόξενος) one who voluntarily charges himself with the office of πρόξενος (q. v.) to a foreign state.

ἔθελω-συργός, ὅν, (ἔθελω, *ἔργω) willing to work.

ἔθελούστος, α, ov, (ἔθελω) voluntarily. II. of things, optional.

*ΕΘΕΛΩ: impf. ἤθελον: fut. ἑθελήσω: aor. I ἤθελησα; pf. ἤθεληκα:—like θέλω, to will, be willing, wish, desire: sometimes also merely as the sign of the fut., will or shall.

2. with a negat., almost like δύναμαι, to be able, have the power; as of a stream, οὐδ' ἔθελε προρεῖν ἀλλ' ἴσχετο.

3. to be wont or accustomed, to do a thing readily.

4. to mean, purport, Lat. *volo*; often in phrases, such as, τί θέλει τό τέρας; Lat. *quid sibi vult?* what means, what purports the prodigy?

ἔθεμεν, I pl. aor. 2 of τίθημι.

ἔθεν, Ep. and Att. poet. gen. for ἔο, οὐ, of him, of her;

ἔθεντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.

ἔθερμηνα, aor. 2 of θερμαίνω.

ἔθετε, ἔθεσαν, 2 and 3 pl. aor. 2 of τίθημι.

ἔθευ, Ion. for ἔθου, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.

ἔθεῖτο, ἔθεγμένθα, ἔθεγνόντο, Ion. for ἑθεῖτο, ἑθεγμένθα, ἑθεγνόντο, 3 sing., 1 pl., 3 pl. of θεάομαι.

ἔθεγμύσθα, Ion. I pl. of θεάομαι.

ἔθηήσαντο, Ion. for ἑθεήσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of θεάομαι.

ἔθνηκα, I sing. aor. I of ἔθνημι.
ἔθην, aor. I pass. of ἔθνημι: but ἔθην, aor. 2 act. of ἔθνημι.

ἔθνηγον, aor. 2 of ἔθνηγαν.

ἔθω, f. ἔω Att. ἔω: aor. I εἶθισα: pf. εἶθικα:—Pass., aor. I εἶθισθην: pf. εἶθισμαι: (ἔθος):—to accustom, use:—Pass. to be a. stomed or used to. Hence

ἐθιστέον, verb. Adj. one must accustom.

ἔθλασα, aor. I of ἔθλαω.

ἔθλησα, aor. I of ἔθληω.

ἔθν-άρχης, ου, ὁ, (ἔθνος, ἄρχω) a ruler of a nation: perfect: an ethnarch.

ἔθνικός, ῆ, ὄν, national.

II. foreign: gentile:

—Adv. —κώς, like the Gentiles. From

*ΕΘΝΟΣ, εος, τό, a company, body of men. 2. a race, tribe. 3. a nation, people: τὰ ἔθνη the nations; Gentiles, i. e. all except Jews and Christians. 4. a particular class of men, a caste.

ἔθρονον, aor. 2 of ἔθρώσκω.

*ΕΘΟΣ, εος, τό, custom, usage, manners, habit.

ἔθραυσα, aor. I of ἔθραύω.

ἔθρεξα, aor. I of ἔθρεχω.

ἔθρέφθην, aor. I pass. of τρέφω.

ἔθρεψα, aor. I of τρέφω.

ἔθρήνευον, Dor. for ἔθρήνουν, impf. of θρηνέω.

ἔθρίσα, poet. for ἔθρίμισα, aor. I of θρίσκω.

*ΕΘΩ, to be accustomed, to be wont. The Att. use the pf. εἶωθα Ion. ἔωθα as pres., and the plqpf. εἰώθειν Ion. ἔωθεα as impf.:—to be wont or accustomed, to be in the habit: part. εἰώθως as Adj., accustomme customary, usual: τὸ εἰωθός one's custom.

Εἴ, a conditional Particle, Dor. and Ep. αἰ:—Lat. SI, if: with optat. or indic.:—see εἰ γάρ or αἰ γάρ, and εἰ-θε.

εἰ, Att. 2 sing. of εἰμι ἰδο.

εἰα, and trisyll. εἴα, Interj., Lat. eia, on! up! away! also come on! then! εἴα νυν, well now.

εἶα, 3 sing. impf. of εἶω: also 2 sing. imperat. pres. εἰάθην, εἶάμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of εἶω.

εἰάμεν, ῆ, a river-side pasture, meadow. (Deriv. uncertain.)

εἰ ἄν, Ep. and Ion. εἰ κε, contr. into εἰάν, ἦν, and ἄν. εἰάνός, ῆ, ὄν, Ep. for εἰάνος.

εἶπα, εἰρήνός, Ep. for εἶπα, εἰρήνός.

εἶπαρό-μασθος, ου, (εἶπα, μαστός) with youthful breasts.

εἶπας, 2 sing. impf. of εἶω:—εἶπασα, aor. I of the same.

εἶσασκον, Ion. for εἶων, impf. of εἶω.

εἶπται, εἶπτο, Ep. for Ion. εἶπται, εἶπτο, which is for ἦνται, ἦντο, 3 pl. pres. and impf. of ἦμαι.

εἶπτο, Ion. for εἶπτο, 3 sing. plqpf. med. of εἶνωμι.

ΕἶπΩ, Ep. form of λείπω, to drop, let fall in drops:—Med. to trickle or run down.

εἰ γάρ, for if; and expressing a wish, O if..! O that! I would that! Lat. utinam!

εἰ-γε, if at least, if then, Lat. si-quidem.

εἰ γούν, if at any rate, implying that the thing is unlikely.

εἰ δ' ἄγε, used in cheering, on then, come on! The phrase is elliptic, and would be in full, εἰ δ' ἐθέλεις, ἄγε, εἰδάλμιος, ῆ, ὄν, (εἶδος) shapely, comely. II. like, looking like.

εἶδαρ, ατος, τό, (ἔδω) food, meat, victuals for men: fodder for cattle: a bait for fish.

εἰδείην opt., and εἰδέναι inf. of οἶδα: v. *εἶδω B.

εἰ δέ μὴ, elliptic for εἰ δέ μὴ τοῦτό ἐστι, if otherwise, Lat. sin aliter.

εἰδέω, for εἶδω, subj. of οἶδα: v. *εἶδω B.

εἰ δῆ, if now, seeing that, expressing conviction: also in indirect questions, whether now.

εἰδήμων, ονος, ὁ, ῆ, (*εἶδω) knowing or expert in a thing.

εἰδησέμεν, Ep. for εἰδήσειν, fut. inf. of *εἶδω B.

εἰδήσω, fut. of *εἶδω.

εἶδομες, Dor. for εἶδομεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 of *εἶδω A.

εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω A.

εἶδος, εος, τό, (*εἶδω) that which is seen, the form, shape, figure, Lat. species. II. generally, a form, sort, particular kind: a particular state or plan of action.

III. species, opp. to genus.

εἰδός, dat. pl. of εἶδω, part. of οἶδα, v. *εἶδω B.

εἰδόςτα, cat. sing. of εἶδω, part. of οἶδα, v. *εἶδω B.

εἰδόςως, Adv. of εἶδω, part. of οἶδα, knowingly.

εἰδύια, fem. nom. part. of οἶδα, v. *εἶδω B.

εἰδύλλιον, τό, Dim. of εἶδος, a short, descriptive poem, mostly on pastoral subjects, an idyll.

*ΕἶΔΩ (or more properly ΕἴΔΩ, the Lat. VIDEO), to see, obsol. in pres. act., which is supplied by ὁράω: its meanings fall under two heads, one to see, the other to know.

A. to see, mostly in aor. 2 εἶδον, Ep. ἰδσκον; subj. ἰδω, Ep. also ἰδωμι; inf. ἰδεῖν, Ep. also ἰδέειν; part. ἰδών. The same sense belongs also to aor. 2 med. εἰδόμεν Ep. ἰδόμεν; imprat. ἰδοῦ; subj. ἰδωμαι; inf. ἰδέσθαι. The aor. 2 imper. med. ἰδοῦ is mostly an exclamation, see! lo! behold! Lat. ecce. Ὅραω is used as pres., ἐώρακα or ἰώρακα, 2s pf., ὄψομαι as fut.

II. in Ep. and Ion. we find Pass. and Med. εἰδομαι: aor. I εἰράμην, Ep. also εἰσεάμην, αο, ατο, in pass. sense, to be seen, appear, seem, Lat. videri; εἰδεται ἄσπρα the stars are visible, appear: hence, 2. to have or take the appearance of a thing: and c. dat. to make oneself like; εἰσάτο φθογῇν Πολιτῇ she made herself like Polites in voice.

B. to know:—the pf. οἶδα, I have seen, is used as a pres. in the sense I know, (for what one has seen, one knows); so also plqpf. I had seen, in sense of impf. I knew:—indic. οἶδα, οἶστα (poet. also οἶσας); 1 pl. ἴσμεν (Ep. and Dor. ἴδμεν), ἴστε, ἴσασι:—imperat. ἴσθι, ἴστω:—subj. εἰδῶ, Ep. also ἰδῶν:—opt. εἰδείην:—inf. εἰδένα, Ep. ἴδμεναι and ἴδμεν:—part. εἰδώς, Ep. fem. ἰδύια:—impf., ᾔδειν, Ep. ᾔδεα, Att. ᾔδῃ; Ep. 2 sing. ᾔδεις for ᾔδης, Att. ᾔδησθα; 3 sing., Ep. ᾔδει, Att. ᾔδῃ, ᾔδεν; πᾶν, ᾔδμεν, ᾔδετε or ᾔδετε, ᾔδεισαν or ᾔδσαν, Att. ᾔσμεν, ᾔστε, ᾔσαν (Ep. ἴσαν):—fut. εἰσομαι, more

rarely and mostly Ep. εἰδῆσαι. Το know; εὖ οἶδα I know well; εὖ ἴσθι know well, be assured; νοήματα, μηδεα οἶδε he is knowing, skilled in counsels; and so with Adjs., πετυμμένα, φίλα, ἀρτία εἰδέναι, etc., to be skilled in prudent, fitting things, etc.; often in Part.; so also, εὖ εἰδώς well skilled. In this sense to be skilled in, the word also takes a genit. in Homer, τόξον οὐ εἰδώς cunning with the bow. Also with acc., χρεὶν εἰδέναι τινί to acknowledge a debt to another, thank him:—οἶδ' ὅτι, οἶσθ' ὅτι, I know, you know it well:—also, οἶσθ' ὅτι, οἶσθ' ὅ and οἶσθ' ὡς, followed by imperat., give a command without specifying what, as if this was known before; esp. in phrase, οἶσθ' ὁ δρᾶσον, for δρᾶσον, οἶσθ' ὁ, do, thou knowest what.

εἰδωλεῖον, τό, (εἰδωλον) an idol's temple.
εἰδωλὸς-θύος, ον, (εἰδωλον, θύω) sacrificed to idols; as Subst., πρὸ εἰδωλόθυτον meat offered to idols.
εἰδωλοκρατία, ἡ, idolatry. From
εἰδωλολάτρης, ον, δ, ἡ, (εἰδωλον, λατρίω) an idol-worshipper, an idolater.

εἰδωλον, τό, (εἶδος) a shape, image, spectre, phantom; φροντίζω εἰδωλα καμόντων the phantoms of dead men.

II. an image in the mind, idea: a vision, a fancy.
III. an image, portrait, esp. of a god: hence αἰδολ, false god.

εἰδώς, part. of οἶδα, pf. of *εἶδω π.
εἶεν, Att. for εἴησαν, 3 pl. opt. of εἰμί sum.
εἶεν, Particle, well, good, proceed, Lat. esto.
εἶην, opt. of εἰμί sum.
εἶην, aor. 2 opt. of εἶμι.
εἶπα, Adv. (εὐθύς) at once, forthwith.
εἶθε, Dor. and Ep. αἶθε, Interj. O that I would that!

Lat. utinam!

εἶθην, Ion. εἴην, aor. I pass. of εἶμι.
εἶθω, f. ἴσω, poet. for εἰθίω,
εἰθίσα, εἶθικα, aor. I and pf. of εἰθίω.
εἶκα, Att. for εἴκα.
εἶκα, pf. of εἶμι.
εἰκάξω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἦκασα Ion. εἴκασα:—Pass., aor. I ἦκασθην: pf. ἦκασμαι Ion. εἴκασμαι: (εἰκάς):—to make like to, represent by a likeness:—Pass. to be like, resemble.
II. to liken, compare: to infer from comparison, to conjecture, guess.

εἰκάθον, poet. aor. 2 of εἰκάω to yield; subj. εἰκάθω; inf. εἰκάειν; part. εἰκαθών.
εἰκαῖος, α, ον, (εἰκή) without purpose: random, hasty.

II. common, worthless.
εἰκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (εἰκοσι) the twentieth day of the month (sub. ἡμέρα).

εἰκάστια, ἡ, (εἰκάξω) a likeness, image: a conjecture.
εἰκάσμα, ατος, τό, (εἰκάξω) a likeness.
εἰκασμός, οὔ, δ, (εἰκάξω) a conjecturing.
εἰκαστής, οὔ, δ, (εἰκάξω) one who conjectures, a guesser, diviner

εἰκαστός, ἡ, ὅν, (εἰκάξω) to be compared, like.

εἰκάτι, Dor. for εἴκοσι.

εἰκελόνειρος, ον, (εἰκελος, νειρος) dream-like.

εἰκελος, η, ον, (εἰκάς) like, after the fashion of.

εἰκελόφωνος, ον, (εἰκελος, φωνή) of like voice.

εἰκέμαι, Att. for εἰκέναι, inf. of εἴκα.

Εἴκην, Adv. without plan or purpose, heedlessly, rashly, at random, Lat. temerē.

εἰκόνιζω, f. σαι, (εἰκάν) to mould into form. Hence εἰκόνισμα, ματος, τό, an image, copy.

εἰκός Ion. οἰκός, ὅτος, τό, neut. part. of εἴκα, Lat. veri-simile, like truth, likely, probable, reasonable, fair equitable; παρὰ τὸ εἰκός unreasonable.

εἰκοστά-βοιος, Ep. εἰκοστάβοιος, ον, (εἴκοσι, βοῦς) worth twenty oxen.

εἴκοσα-ετής, ἔς, (εἴκοσι, ἔτος) of twenty years.

εἰκοστάκις, (εἴκοσι) Adv. twenty times.

εἴκοσάμηνος, ον, (εἴκοσι, μήν) twenty months old.

Εἴκοσι before a vowel, εἰκοσιν, Ep. εἴκοσι,

Dor. εἴκατι, ol, al, τά, indecl. twenty, Lat. viginti.

εἰκοσι-νῆριτος, ον, twenty-fold without dispute; εἰκοσι-νῆρι-ποινα a twenty-fold ransom.

εἰκοσά-πηνυς, ν, (εἴκοσι, πῆχυς) of twenty cubits.

εἰκοσά-δρυγος, ον, (εἴκοσι, δρυγία) of twenty fathoms.

εἰκόσπορος, ποῖτ. εἰκα-, ον, (εἴκοσι) with twenty oaf εἰκοστή, ἡ, see εἰκοστός π.

εἰκοστο-λόγος, δ, ἡ, (εἰκοστή, λέγω) one who collects the tax of a twentieth, a tax or toll collector.

εἰκοστός Ep. εἰκοστός, ἡ, ὅν, the twentieth. II.

εἰκοστή, ἡ, a tax of a twentieth, Lat. vicesima.

εἰκοσά-δρυγος, ον, (εἴκοσι, δρυγία) of twenty fathoms.

εἰκότως, Adv. of εἴκος, in all likelihood, probably,

naturally: fairly, reasonably.

εἴκτον, Ep. for εἴκατον, 3 dual of εἴκα.

εἴκτο, εἴκτην, Ep. for εἴκει, εἴκάτην, 3 sing. and 3 dual. plqpf.

*Εἴκῳ, fut. εἴξω, to be like; 3 sing. impf. εἴκε,

Att. ἦκε, it was like or likely, seemed good:—but the

pf. εἴκα, plqpf. εἴκειν were used for the pres. and

impf.; see εἴκα.

Εἴκῳ, f. ξω: aor. I εἴξα: poet. aor. 2 εἴκθον:—to

yield, give way to, draw back, retire.

2. to submit to, obey, follow; ᾧ θυμῷ εἴξας following his own bent;

πεινῇ εἴκων urged by poverty: hence to yield to another

in a thing, to be weaker or inferior.

II. trans. to yield up, abandon, resign: to grant, allow.

III. impers. it is allowable, possible.

εἰκῶν, ἡ, gen. ὄνος, acc. ὄνα: Ion. gen. εἰκοῦς, acc.

εἰκά, acc. pl. εἰκοῦς: (*εἰκός, εἴκα):—a figure, image,

likeness.

II. a semblance, phantom, wraith.

2. a similit.

εἰκάς, part. of εἴκα, pf. of *εἴκα, to be like.

εἰλαδόν, Adv. (εἰλη) = ληδόν, in a troop.

εἰλαπινάξω, (εἰλαπίνη) only used in pres. to feast in

a large company, to be a boon-companion. Hence

εἰλαπιναστής, οὔ, δ, a banqueter, boon-companion.

εἰλαπίνη, ἡ, a feast or banquet given by a single

host, opp. to ἔπαινος. (Deriv. uncertain.)

εἰλαρ, σπος, τό, (εἰλω) a covering: a protection, shelter;

εἰλαρ νηῶν τε καὶ αὐτῶν a shelter for ship and

crew: but εἰλαρ κύματος a defence against the wave.

εἰλάτινος, η, ον, Ep. for ἐλάτινος, of fir or pine.

εἰλαχα, Dor. for εἰληχα, pf. of λαγχάνω.
 εἰλεγμαί, for λείεγμαί, pf. pass. of λέγω.
 Εἰλειθυία, ἡ, *Plithyia*, (from ἐληλυθυία, fem. part. pf. of ἔρχομαι) the goddess of child-birth, who comes to aid those who are in travail; the same as the Roman *Lucina*, later made identical with *Diana*.
 εἶλεν, εἶλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. and med. of αἰρέω.
 εἶλεν, Dor. for εἶλον, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. of αἰρέω.
 εἰλύντο, Ep. 3 pl. imp. pass. of εἰλέω.
 εἰλέω Att. εἰλέω, lengthd. form of εἶλω.
 εἰλη, ἡ, —λη, a troop, company.
 εἰλη, ἡ, the sun's warmth: warmth; see ἔλη.
 εἰληγμαί, pf. pass. of λαγχάνω.
 εἰληδόν and εἰληδά, Adv. (εἰλη) = ληδόν, in troops or companies.
 II. (εἰλέω) by coiling round.
 εἰλήλουθα, εἰληλούθειν, Ep. for ἐλήλυθα, ἐληλύθειν pf. and plqpf. of ἔρχομαι: εἰλήλουσμεν, Ep. for ἐληλύσαμεν, 1 plur. pf.
 εἰλημμαι, pf. pass. of λαμβανω.
 εἰληφα, pf. of λαμβάνω.
 εἰληχα, pf. of λαγχάνω.
 εἰλικρίνεια, ἡ, *pureness: sincerity*. From εἰλ-κρίνής, (εἰλη, κρίνω) examined by the sun's light, tested: hence, 1. unmixcd: pure, uncorrupted, Lat. *sincerus*. 2. distinct, palpalable, sheer. 3. Adv. —ως, of itself, absolutely.
 εἰλικτο, 3 sing. plqpf. of εἰλίσσω.
 εἰλικτός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for εἰλικτύς.
 εἰλιξ, Ion. for ἔλιξ.
 εἰλο-πους, ὁ, ἡ, —πουν, τό, gen. —ποδος: (εἶλω, πούς): trailing the feet heavily in walking, with rolling walk, epith. of oxen.
 εἰλίσσω, poet. and Ion. for εἰλίσσω.
 εἰλι-τενής, εἰε, epith. of the plant ἀρωστίς, (from ἔλος, τένω), stretching or spreading through marshes.
 εἰλίχθετο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of εἰλίσσω.
 εἰλκύσα, εἰλκύσθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of ἔλκω.
 εἰλκυμαι, pf. pass. of ἔλκω.
 εἶλον, εἰλόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of αἰρέω.
 εἰλοχα, Att. pf. of λέγω.
 εἰλύαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of εἰλύνω.
 εἰλύμα, ατος, τό, (εἰλύνω) a cover, dress, clothing.
 εἰλύος, ὁ, (εἰλύνω) a lurking-place, den.
 εἰλύτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of εἰλύνω.
 εἰλυόάζω = εἰλύνω, to roll along. II. intr. to roll meself along, whirl about.
 εἰλυόζω = εἰλυόάζω: Ep. part. εἰλυόζων.
 ΕἰΛΑΤ' Ὠ Att. εἰλύνω: f. ὦω [ῶ]: pf. pass. εἰλύμαι: —το *wrap round, enfold*: —Pass. to be wrapped or covered; esp. in pf. part., εἰλυμένος ψαμμάθην buried in the sand. II. in Pass., also, to wind, creep, or crawl along
 ΕἰΛ' ἈΩ, εἶλω, or ὠλω; also εἰλέω Att. εἰλέω: —from εἶλω are formed aor. 1 ἔλσα, inf. ἔλσαι Ep. ἔέλσαι; Pass., aor. 2 ἔλῃην [ᾶ]: inf. ἄλῃην Ep. ἀλῃμεναι; part. ἀλεις, εἶσα, ἐν: Ep. 3 pl. ἔελμαι: —from εἶλω are formed impf. εἶλεον, Ep. 3 sing. εἰλεί; fut. εἰλήσω: aor. 2 εἰλησα: Pass., aor. 1 εἰλήσθην: pf. εἰλημαι. —There are also Ep. impf. 3 sing. εἰλεί, I.

plqpf. ἔόλητο.
 I. Act. to roll or twist tight up, to press hard or close: to force together: to coop up or shut up in a place. 2. to drive violently along, smite, strike; ἡσα κερανὺ ἔλσας having struck the ship with a thunderbolt.
 II. Pass. to be rolled up together: to be shut or cooped up in a place, to bring together, assemble, crowd thickly together; ἄλ' ἐν ὕδαρ water collected: —also to draw oneself together, crouch, cover; Ἀχιλλῆα ἀλεις μένεν collecting himself he waited the attack of Achilles. 2. to go to and fro, go about, Lat. *versari*. 3. to turn or whirl round, revolve, like εἰλίσσω, ἡ ἑλλομένη (or ἑλλομένη) the earth turning on its axis.
 Εἶλω, ατος, ὁ, and Εἰλώτης, ου, ὁ, fem. Εἰλωτής, ἰδος: —a *Helot*, i. e. a serf of the Spartans, employed in agriculture and other unwarlike labours. (From ἔλος, a town of Laconia, whose inhabitants were enslaved.)
 Εἰλωτεία, ἡ, the condition of a *Helot*, slavery. From Εἰλωτεῖα, f. σω, (εἰλώτης) to be a *Helot* or serf.
 εἶμα, ατος, τό, (ἐννυμη) a dress, garment, cloak: latei clothing: an over-garment. II. later also a cover, carpet.
 εἶμαι, pf. pass. of ἐννυμι. II. pf. pass. of ἴημι.
 III. rarer form for ἦμαι, pf. pass. of ἔζω.
 εἶμαρται, εἶμαρτο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. of μέιρομαι.
 εἶμέν, Ep. and Ion. for ἔσμέν, 1 pl. pres. of εἰμί sum: but εἶμεν, Dor. for εἶναι, inf. of εἰμί sum.
 εἶμένος, part. pf. pass. of ἐννυμι.
 εἶμές, Dor. for ἔσμέν, 1 pl. of εἰμί sum: but εἶμες, Dor. for εἶναι, inf. of εἰμί sum.
 εἶμι, Aeol. ἐμί (from Root *ΕΩ, sum, esse); εἰ Ep. εἶς, Ep. and Dor. ἔσαι; ἐστί Dor. ἐντί; plur., ἔσμεν, Ep. and Ion. εἶμεν Dor. εἶμές; ἐστέ; εἰσί Ep. ἔσαι Dor. ἐντί: —Imper. ἴσθι, Ep. in med. form ἔσο, ἔσσο, ἔστω; plur. 3 ἔστωσαν Ep. ἔστων Att. ὕντων: —Subj. ὦ Ep. ἔω or εἶω: —Opt. εἴην Ep. εἴοιμι; plur. εἴημεν, εἴητε Ep. εἴμεν, εἴτε: —Inf. εἶναι Ep. ἔμμεναι, ἔμμεν, ἔμμεναι, ἔμμεν: —Part. ὦν Ep. ἔών, ἐούσα, etc.: —Imperf. ἦν (late Att. in med. form ἦμην), Ep. and Ion. ἔα, Ep. also ἦα, ἔον or ἔσκον, es, e, etc.; 2 sing. ἦσθα Ep. and ἔησθα; 3 sing. ἦ or ἦν Ep. ἦεν; 3 dual ἦτην or ἦστην; 3 pl. ἦσαν Ep. ἔσαν. —Fut. ἔσομαι, poet. ἔσσομαι, 3 sing. ἐσσεΐται from Dor. ἐσοῦμαι. —The whole of the pres. indic. may be enclitic, except the 2 sing. εἶ. The other persons are enclitic, when εἰμί is not emphatic. But ἐστί is written ἐσσι in cases of emphasis.
 To be, Lat. *sum*. 2. as Verb Substant. to be, to exist, be in existence; οὐκέτ' ἐσσι he is no more: esp. to live, οὐκ ἐσθ' οὗτος ἀνήρ, οὐδ' ἔσσεται there lives not the man, nor will live. II. ἐσσι, impers. with inf., it is possible, lausful. III. εἰμί with a gen. expresses descent or extraction; αἱματος εἰς ἀγαθοῖτο ἰβου art of good blood. 2. ἱαντοῖτο εἶναι to be one's own master, Lat. *sui juris esse*. 3. with the gen. put partitively; δῆμον ὦντι be belongs to the people, is one of them. 4. also as in Lat., of the

duty or property of a thing; ἄνδρός ἐστι it is the part of a man; σφραγισμένη ἐστὶ it is a mark of temperance.

IV. c. dat., ἐστὶ μοι, Lat. est mihi, I have; ἐμοὶ δὲ κεν ἀσμένῳ εἴη, Lat. esset mihi volenti.

V. τὰ ὄντα, existing things; τὰ ὄντα εἰρηκέναι to speak the truth.

VI. ἐστὶν ὅς, εἰσὶν οἱ, Lat. est qui, sunt qui, some one, some, many; ἐστὶν or ἐσθ' ὅτε, Lat. est quum, at times, sometimes; ἐσθ' ὅπου or ὅπου, Lat. est ubi, somewhere, somehow; ἐστὶν ὅπως in some way.

VII. εἶναι often seems redundant, e.g. τὸ νῦν εἶναι, τὸ σήμερον εἶναι, τὸ σύμπαν εἶναι, for τὸ νῦν, etc.; esp. in phrase ἐνὶν εἶναι.

εἶμι (from Root *ἴν, eo), εἰς Ep. εἰσθα, εἰσι, plur. ἔμεν, ἔτε, ἰδοὺ or εἰσι:—imperat. ἴθι, ἴτω, pl. ἴμεν, ἔτε, ἴτωσαν Att. ἰδόντων:—Subj. ἴω, ἴης Ep. ἰησθα, ἰη Ep. ἰῆσι:—Opt. ἴοιμι, ἴοιην, Ep. 3 sing. ἴειη or εἴη:—Inf. λέναι Ep. ἴμεναι, ἴμεν:—Part. ἰών:—Impf. ἦεν Ep. and Ion. ἦία, 3 sing. ἦε contr. ἦε; dual ἦτην; plur., ῥεῖμεν, ῥεῖτε, ῥεσαν, contr. ῥμεν, ῥτε, ῥσαν, Ep. 3 pl. also ῥισαν, ἴσαν, and 1 pl. ῥομεν. In Att. the pres. has a fut. force, Lat. *IBO*, I will go: but in Ep. we have a fut. med. εἰσομαι, to *basten*, with an aor. 1 med. εἰσάμην, 3 sing. εἰσατο, ἐλσατο, 3 dual εἰσάσσθην.

To go, Lat. eo, ire; λέναι τινὶ διὰ φίλῃας, δι' ἐχθρας, διὰ πολέμου, etc., to live in friendship or enmity with any one; χρός εἰσατο it went through the skin; c. inf. fut., εἰσάσθην συλῆσειν they went to plunder.—It was used also of going in a ship, as, ἐπὶ νηὶς λέναι.

2. of birds, to fly, etc. 3. of the motion of things; πέλκευς εἰσι διὰ δουρὸς the axe goes, is driven through the beam; ἔτος εἰσι the year will pass or close:—in Att., λέναι εἰς ταῦτόν to come together; λέναι εἰς λόγους to come to conference: Imperat. ἴθι δὴ go then, well then! good!

εἶν, poet. for ἐν, in.

εἰνᾶ-ετής, ἐς, (ἐννέα, ἔτος) of nine years: neut.

εἰνᾶ-ετες as Adv., nine years long.

εἰνᾶετής, ἴδος, fem. of εἰναετής, nine years old.

εἶναι, inf. of εἶμι sum. II. for λέναι, inf. of

εἶμι ibo.

εἶναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἔημι, to send.

εἰνάκις, Adv., poet. for ἐννάκις, nine times.

εἰναχιο-χίλιοι, av, nine thousand.

εἰνακόσιοι, αι, a, poet. and Ion. for ἐννακόσιοι.

εἰν-άλιος, η, ov, poet. for ἐνάλιος.

εἰνᾶ-νύχες, as Adv., (ἐννέα, νύξ) nine nights long.

εἰνᾶς, ἄδος, ἡ, poet. for ἐννέας ιι, the ninth day.

εἰνάτερες, αι, brothers' wives, sisters-in-law.

εἰνάτος, η, ov, poet. for ἐννατος, the ninth.

εἵνεκα, εἵνεκεν, Ion. and poet. for ἐνεκα, on account, because of, c. gen.

εἰνί, Ep. for the Prep. ἐν, in.

εἰν-όδιος, η, α, and ov, poet. for ἐνόδιος.

εἰνοσί-φυλλος, ov, (ἐνοσις, φύλλον) with shaking foliage, quivering with leaves.

εἶξα, aor. 2 of εἶκω, to yield.

εἶξαι, Att. for εἰλοκασί, 3 pl. pf. of *εἶκω, to be like.

εἶξασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. 1 of εἶκω, to yield.

εἰο, Ep. gen. for ἔο, οὗ, of him, of her; ἀπὸ εἰο from himself.

εἰουκύναις, Ep. part. nom. pl. fem. of εἰουα.

εἰος, Ep. for ἕως, until.

εἶπα, aor. 1 for the common εἶπον, I said; see εἶπον.

εἰπέμεν, Dor. for εἶπεῖν.

εἰ-περ; if at all events, if indeed.

εἶπην, Dor. for εἶπεῖν, see εἶπον.

εἰ-ποθεν, Adv. if from any place.

εἰ-ποῦ, Adv. if, whether anywhere.

εἶπον, I spoke, I said, aor. 2 from a pres. *εἶπω = *ἔπω

imperat. εἰπέ, Ep. 2 pl. ἔσπετε; inf. εἰπεῖν Ep. εἰπέμεναι, -έμεν, Dor. εἶπην; part. εἰπών. There is also an aor. 1 εἶπα, used mostly in 2 sing. εἶπας, imperat.

εἶπον, εἰπάτω, εἰπάτον, εἰπάτε; εἰπέ, like ἄγε, occurs also for εἶπετε before a plural. In Compos. a Med. form appears, as ἀπειπάσθαι. The pres. is supplied by φημί, λέγω, or ἀγορεύω, the fut. and pf. by ἐρέω, ἐρῶ, εἴρηκα.

εἰπотно, 3 pl. impf. of ἔπομαι; to follow.

εἰ-ποτε, Adv. if ever, if at all, Lat. si-quando. II.

indirect, if or whether ever.

εἰ που, Adv. if anywhere, Lat. si-cubi.

εἰ πως, Adv. if at all, if by any means.

εἰράνη, Dor. for εἰρήνη.

εἰρεθόν, poet. aor. 2 of εἴρω.

εἰργασάμην, aor. 1 med. of ἐργάζομαι, used in act. sense: ἐργάσθην, aor. 1 pass. used in pass. sense.

εἰργασμαι, pf. of ἐργάζομαι, used in both act. and pass. sense.

εἰργμός, Att. εἰργμός, δ, (εἴρω) a prison.

εἰργμο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, (εἰργμός, φύλαξ) a gaoler.

εἰργνυμι and -ύω, = εἴρω, to shut in or up.

Εἴρω or εἴρω, Att. for the earlier form ἐργω.

εἰρέαται, Ion. for εἰρηνται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐρέω.

εἰρεος, δ, (εἴρω) bondage, slavery.

εἰρεσία Ion. -τή, ἡ, (ἐρέσσω) a rowing. 2. any violent motion, throbbing. II. a complement or crew of rowers, Lat. remigium.

εἰρεσιώνη, ἡ, (εἶρος) a harvest-wreath of olive or laurel wound round with wool, borne about by singing boys at the festivals of Πυανέμια and Θαρρήλια, and afterwards hung up at the house-door. The song was likewise called Eiresioné.

εἴρω, Ion. for ἐρέω, to say.

εἶρη, ἡ, (εἴρω) old word for ἀγορά, a place of assembly.

εἶρηκα, -ημαί, pf. act. and pass. of ἐρέω, ἐρῶ.

εἶρην or ἴρην, ενος, δ, (εἴρω or ἐρέω) a Laced. youth from his 18th year, when he was entitled to speak in the assembly and to lead an army; cf. Att. ἔφηβος.

εἰρηναῖος, α, ov, (εἶρην) peaceful, in peace.

εἰρηνεύω, f. ωι, to keep peace, live peaceably, be at peace. II. trans. to bring to peace, reconcile.

From

εἶρηνη, ἡ, peace, time of peace, Lat. pax; εἶρηνην

ἀγειν to keep peace: metaph. rest, repose. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

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II. trans. to bring to peace, reconcile.

εἰρηνικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for peace: *peaceful, peaceable*.—Adv. —κῶς.

εἰρηνopoίω, f. ἤσω, to make peace. From εἰρηνopoίος, ὄν, (εἰρήνη, ποιέω) making peace: as Subst., εἰρηνopoίος, ὁ, a peace-maker.

εἰρηνoφύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (εἰρήνη, φύλαξ) a guardian of peace.

εἰρήσσομαι, fut. 3 pass. of ἐρέω, ἐρῶ.

εἰρίνεος, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ἐρίνεος, woollen, of wool. From εἶρων, τό, (εἶρος) Ion. for ἔριον, wool.

εἰρκετόν, verb. Adj. of εἰργώ, one must prevent.

εἰρκτή Ion. ἐρκτή, ἡ, (εἰργώ) an inclosure, prison.

εἰρο-κόμος, ὄν, (εἶρος, κομέω) dressing wool.

εἰρομαι, Ion. for ἔρομαι, to ask: see εἶρω B.

εἰρο-πόκος, ὄν, (εἶρος, πόκος) wool-fleeced, woolly.

Εἶρωσ, τό, wool.

εἰρο-χάρης, ἐς, (εἶρος, χαρῆναι) delighting in wool.

εἰροποιέω, Dor. for εἰρπομεν, I pl. impf. of ἔρω.

εἰρύαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐρύομαι:—εἰρύατο,

3 pl. plqpf. (in sense of aor.)

εἰρύμαι, pf. pass. of ἐρύω.

εἰρύμεναι [ῦ], poet. for ἐρύειν, inf. of ἐρύω.

εἰρύσας [ῦ], Ion. aor. I part. of ἐρύω.

εἰρύσσαντο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἐρύω.

εἶρωτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (with sense of aor. 2) of ἐρύω.

εἶρωτο, εἰρύομαι, Ion. for ἐρύω, ἐρύομαι.

Εἶρω (A): aor. I εἶρα and ἔρασα: pf. pass. part. ἐρμένος, Ep. ἐερμένος:—Lat. *SERO*, to tie, join, fasten together, string; ἡλέκτροισιν ἐερμένος set with pieces of electrum.

Εἶρω (B): to say, speak, tell; so also in Med. εἶρω, εἶρωτο:—but the Med. generally means to cause a thing to be told one, to ask; see ἐρῶ.

Εἶρων, ἀνος, ὁ, a dissembler, one who says less than he thinks or means.

εἰρωνεῖα, ἡ, dissimulation, an ignorance purposely affected to provoke an antagonist, irony, used by Socrates against the Sophists. From εἰρωνενομαι, (εἶρων) Dep. to dissemble, esp. to feign ignorance.

εἰρωνικός, ἡ, ὄν, befitting a dissembler. Adv. —κῶς.

εἰρωτάω or εἰρωτέω, Ep. and Ion. for ἐρωτάω.

Εἰς or Εἰς, PREP. WITH ACC. ONLY. Radic. sense: direction towards, motion to, in or into.

I. OF PLACE, the oldest and most freq. usage; but also of persons, with all Verbs implying motion or direction, and so with Verbs of looking, as, εἰς ὤπα ἰδέσθαι to look in the face: sometimes in Att. with the notion of hostile direction, Lat. *contra*, *adversus*, = πρὸς.

2. in pregnant usage, joined with Verbs which express rest, when a previous motion is implied, as, ἐς μέγαρον κατέθηκεν he brought it to the house, and put it there: so, παρῆναι εἰς τύπον to go to and be at a place: esp. in phrase, σώζεσθαι εἰς τύπον.

3. ellipt. c. gen., εἰς Ἀἶδα [δόμον], Att. εἰς Ἀἴδου, to the abode of Hades; εἰς Ἀθηναίης [ἱερὸν] to the temple of Athena, εἰς Πριάμοιο [οἶκον] etc.; so in

Prose, εἰς Δῆμητρος to the ten. of Ceres, etc.; as in Lat. *ad Apollinis, Castoris* (sub. *aedem*).

II. OF TIME, I. until, εἰς ἡῶ, εἰς ἡέλιον καταδύντα, εἰς ὅτε till the time when . . . till morn, till sunset; εἰς ὅ until; εἰς ἐμέ up to my time.

2. to determine a period, for, εἰς ἐνιαυτόν for a year, i.e. a whole year; εἰς θέρος, εἰς ὁπώρην for the summer, etc.; εἰς αἶψα for ever; εἰς ἡμᾶς up to our time; εἰς τρίτην ἡμέραν to the third day, i.e. in three days or on the third day.

III. OF AN END OR PURPOSE, εἰπεῖν εἰς ἀγαθόν to speak for good, with a good object; εἰς πόλεμον θαρῆξομαι I will arm me for war.

IV. WITH NUMERALS: εἰς μίαν (sc. βουλήν) βουλευέσθαι to resolve one way or unanimously; εἰς ἐν ἔρχεσθαι to agree together; with plurals, up to, εἰς μυρίους as many as ten thousand; εἰς δύο two deep; also of round numbers, about, at most.

V. to express relation, εἰς ὅ in regard to which, i.e. wherefore: εἰς τί; for what? why? hence for Adv., εἰς τάχος for quickly.

Εἰς is sometimes parted from its acc. by several words, as, εἰς ἀμφοτέρω Διομήδεος ἔρματα βήτην. It is seldom put after its case. The notion is redoubled in εἰς ἄλαδε.

Εἰς, μία, ἕν, gen. ἐνός, μᾶς, ἐνός, Lat. *UNUS*, Engl. *ONE*: the fem. μία points to a second Root, which appears without the init. μ in the Ep. masc. ἴος, fem. ἴα: strengthd. εἰς οἶος, μία οἶα or οἶη, a single one, one alone: with Sup., εἰς ἄριστος: εἰς τις some one, Lat. *unus aliquis*: εἰς ἕκαστος each one, Lat. *unusquisque*: καθ' ἐν ἑκάστον each singly, piece by piece: εἰς ἀνὴρ, Lat. *unus omnium*, for one man, πλείστας γυναῖκας εἰς ἀνὴρ ἐγήματο most for one man.

Εἰς, Ep. 2 sing. pres. of εἰμί sum. II. 2 sing. pres. of εἰμι ibo.

Εἰς, aor. 2 part. of ἵημι. Εἶσα, Causal aor. I of ἵζω, ἔζομαι, to put, place, lay; σκοπὸν εἶσε he set a spy; λόχον εἶσαν they laid an ambush: part. εἶσας, inf. ἔσαι, Ep. ἔσσαι.

II. also fut. med. ἔσομαι Ep. ἔσσομαι: aor. I εἰσάμην: pf. pass. εἶμαι:—to found, erect, of building temples or setting up statues of deities. The other tenses are supplied from ἰδρύω.

εἰσ-αγαγών, aor. 2 part. of εἰσάγω.

εἰσαγγελεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (εἰσαγγέλλω) one who announces, an usher, an officer at the Persian court.

εἰσαγγελία, ἡ, an accusation in the Athenian Council for some public offence: an information. From

εἰσ-αγγέλλω, f. —ελῶ: for the tenses, v. ἀγγέλλω:—to go in and announce (the duty of an usher: see εἰσαγγελεύς): generally, to announce, report. II. to accuse one of a state-offence; see εἰσαγγελία.

εἰσ-ἀγείρω, f. —ερώ: for the tenses, v. ἀγείρω:—to gather into a place.

εἰσ-άγω, f. ξω: aor. 2 —ἤγαγον: pf. —αγήοχα:—to lead in or into; εἰσάγειν or εἰσάγεσθαι γυναῖκα to lead a wife into one's house. 2. to import foreign

wares; εἰσάγεσθαι καὶ ἐξαγάγεσθαι to import and export:—Med. to admit forces into a city: also to introduce into a league; to introduce new customs.

II. as a political term, to lay or bring before an assembly; εἰσάγειν τὴν ἐξουσίαν, to bring before the Council. 2. as law-term, εἰσάγειν δίκην or γραφήν to open the proceedings, state the case.

εἰσαεῖ, Adv. for εἰς αὐτόν, for ever.

εἰσα-αἰρούμαι, Med. to take to oneself.

εἰσα-αἰρώ, f. ἴσω, to look into, deserv.

εἰσα-αἰρῶ, f. -ἄρῶ, to lift or carry in.

εἰσα-αἰσῶ, εἰσα-αἰσῶ, f. -ἄξω, to dart into.

εἰσαῖνον, 3 sing. aor. med. opt. of *εἰδω.

εἰσα-ἀκοντίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ὦ, to hurl javelins at: absol., to dart or spout up, of blood.

εἰσα-ἀκούω, f. σομαι: aor. I -ήκουσα: pf. -ακήκοα: —to listen, hearken to; and, simply, to bear. II.

to obey, comply with, give heed to.

εἰσα-ακτέον, verb. Adj. of εἰσάγω, one must bring in.

εἰσα-ἄλλομαι, f. -αλούμαι: aor. I -ἠγάμην: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 ἐσάλτο: Dep.:—to leap or spring into: also to leap upon.

εἰσα-ἄμβιβω, f. ψω, to pass into.

εἰσάμην, Ep. aor. I med. of εἰμι ἰδο.

aor. I med. of *εἰδω, I see.

εἰσάμην, aor. I med. of εἰσα, I founded.

εἰσα-αναβαίνω, aor. 2 -ἀνέβην, to go up into.

εἰσα-αναγκάζω, f. to force into, constrain.

εἰσα-ἀνάγω, f. ξω, to lead up into.

εἰσα-ἀνείδον, aor. 2 (see εἶδον): to look up to.

εἰσα-ἀνεμι, to go up into.

εἰσανιδῶν, part. of εἰσανείδον.

εἰσανῶν, part. of εἰσανεμι.

εἰσα-ἄντα, Adv. straight into, into or in the face.

εἰσάπαν, Adv. for εἰς ἅπαν, altogether.

εἰσάπαρ, Adv. for εἰς ἅπαρ, at once.

εἰσα-ἄρασσω Att. -πτω, fut. ξω, to drive in upon.

εἰσατο, εἰσατο, v. εἰσάμην, εἰσάμην.

εἰσα-ἄρτω, Att. for εἰσαίσσω.

εἰσα-αυγάζω, f. σω, to look at.

εἰσαοῦθις, Adv. for εἰς αὐθις, hereafter.

εἰσαύριον, Adv. for εἰς αὐριον, on the morrow.

εἰσα-αὔτις, Adv. Dor. and Ion. for εἰσαυθις.

εἰσα-ἀφίημι, f. -αφήσω, to send into: to let in.

εἰσα-αφικέαι, -εἰσαφικνέαι. [ἀν]

εἰσαφικίσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσαφικνέαι.

εἰσα-αφικνέαι, f. ἴξομαι, Dep. to come or go into, to arrive at.

εἰσα-βαίω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 -έβην: pf. -βέβηκα: —to go into: esp. to go on board ship, embark. 2.

mpers., εἰσβαίνει μοι it comes into my head. II.

Causal in aor. I εἰσέβησα, to make to go into, to put into: see εἰσβιβάζω, which serves as pres. in this sense.

εἰσα-βάλλω, f. -βᾶλω: pf. -βέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι:—to throw into:—Med. to put on board one's ship.

II. (sub. ἐαυτὸν or στρατιάν), to throw oneself into, make an inroad or incursion into, invade: also (sub. ναῦν) to enter port, Lat. appellere. 2.

generally, to go into: of rivers, to empty ἰθυσταῖν into, fall into. 3. also to come to, fall into accidentally.

εἰσβάσις, εἰς, ἡ, (εἰσβαίνω) an entrance, way of entering: embarkation.

εἰσβάτος, ἡ, ὅν, (εἰσβαίνω) accessible.

εἰσα-βιάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. to force one's way into.

εἰσα-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάζω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of εἰσβαίνω, to make to go into, put into.

εἰσα-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look at, look upon.

εἰσβολή, ἡ, (εἰσβάλλω η) a throwing oneself into: an inroad, invasion, attack. 2. a way of entering, an entrance, pass: in plur., also, the mouth of a river.

3. an entering into a thing, a beginning.

εἰσα-γράφω, f. ψω, to write in, inscribe:—Med. to have oneself written down or inscribed; εἰσαγράφειν ἐς τὰς σπονδὰς to have oneself written or received into the league.

εἰσα-δέρκομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. εἰσέδρακον:—to look at or upon, behold, observe.

εἰσα-δέχομαι, Ion. εἰσα-δέκομαι: f. -δέχομαι: aor. I εἰσεδέξαμην and εἰσεδέχην: Dep.:—to, take into, admit.

εἰσα-δίδωμι, used intr., of rivers, to flow into.

εἰσδοχή, ἡ, (εἰσδέχομαι) reception.

εἰσδραμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰστρέχω.

εἰσδρομή, ἡ, (εἰσδραμεῖν) an onslaught, assault.

εἰσα-δύω or εἰσα-δύνω, and (in same sense) Med. εἰσα-δύομαι: f. -δύσομαι: aor. 2 -έδυν: pf. -δέδυκα:—to get into, slip into or in; δυνόντι ἐνέδυνε σφίσι a kind of fear entered into them; ἀκοντιστὴν ἐσδύσαι τῶν will enter into a contest of archery.

εἰσα, see εἰσα.

εἰσέβην, aor. 2 of εἰσβαίνω: εἰσέβησα, causal aor. I.

εἰσέγραψα, aor. I of εἰσαγράφω.

εἰσεδέξαμην, εἰσεδέχην, aor. I of εἰσδέχομαι.

εἰσέδρακον, aor. 2 of εἰσδέρκομαι.

εἰσέδραμον, aor. 2 of εἰστρέχω.

εἰσα-έδυν, aor. 2 of εἰσδύνω.

εἰσα-είδον, aor. 2 (see εἶδον), to look on or at.

εἰσα-εμι, inf. -εἶναι: Impf. εἰσέειν: (εἰς, εἰμι ἰδο):—to go into, go in; ὀφθαλμοὺς εἰσεμι I will come into his sight; ἀρχὴν εἰσεῖναι to enter on an office. II.

as law-term, to come before the court. III. metaph.

to come into one's mind.

εἰσεκέεσα, aor. 2 of εἰσκέλλω.

εἰσεκύλισα, aor. I of εἰσκυλίνδω.

εἰσα-ελαύνω Ep. -ελάω: fut. -ελάσω [ᾶ] Att. -ελάω for the tenses, v. ελαύνω:—to drive into or in. II

(sub. ἱππον or ναῦν) to row into a place, like Lat. appellere.

εἰσελθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσέρχομαι.

εἰσα-έλω: f. -έλω: aor. I -έλκυσα:—to drag into.

εἰσα-εμβαίνω, aor. 2 εἰσενέβην, to go on board.

εἰσενεγκεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσφέρειν.

εἰσα-ἐνήνοχα, pf. of εἰσφέρω.

εἰσένθωμες, Dor. for εἰσέλθωμεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of εἰσέρχομαι.

εἰσενόησα, aor. I of εἰσνοέω.
 εἰσέπειαισα, aor. I of εἰσπαίω.
 εἰσέπειτα, Adv. for εἰς ἔπειτα, *henceforward*.
 εἰσέπτατο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of εἰσπέτομαι.
 εἰς-ἐργνῦμι or -ῦω, *to shut up into, enclose in a place*.
 εἰσέρρην, aor. I (in pass. form) of εἰσρέω.
 εἰς-έρρω, aor. I εἰσήρρησα: pf. εἰσήρρηκα:—*to go into, get in*.
 εἰς-έρω, aor. I part. εἰσεύσας [ῥ], *to draw into*.
 εἰς-έρχομαι, fut. -λεύσομαι: aor. 2 ἤλυθον, -ἤλθον: Dep.:—*to go or come into, to enter, Lat. in-ire: metaph. to enter one's mind: absol. of money, to come in, as πρόσδοσι εἰσήλθον*. II. as Att. law-term, of the accuser, *to come into court*.
 εἰς-ἐτι, Adv. *still yet*.
 εἰς-έχω, f. -έξω, intr. *to stretch into, reach*.
 εἰς-ηγέομαι, fut. ἤσομαι, Dep. *to bring in, introduce, propound, bring forward*. II. εἰσηγεῖσθαι *τινι* *to represent to any one, instruct him*. Hence εἰσηγγαμ, ματος, τό, *a proposition, motion: and εἰσήγησις, εως, ἡ, a bringing in, proposing, bringing forward: and*
 εἰσηγγεῖόν, verb. Adj., *one must bring in: and εἰσηγγητής, οὗ, ὁ, one who brings in, a mover, proposer*.
 εἰς-ηθέω, f. ἤσω, *to inject by a syringe*.
 εἰς-ἤκω, f. -ἤξω, *to be come in: to come in*.
 εἰς-ἤλυθον, εἰσηλθον, aor. 2 of εἰσέρχομαι.
 εἰσηλύσια, ἡ, (εἰσηλυθον) *a coming in*.
 εἰσηνεγκαί, aor. I of εἰσφέρω.
 εἰσθα, Aeol. and Ep. for εἰς, εἰ, 2 sing. of εἰμι ἰδο.
 εἰσθαί, pf. pass. inf. of ἵημι.
 εἰς-θέω, f. θεύσομαι, *to run into, run up to*.
 εἰς-θρόσκω, aor. -θορον, *to leap into or in*.
 εἰσί, εἰσίν, 3 pl. pres. of εἰμί sum.
 εἰσι, εἰσιν, 3 sing. pres. of εἰμι ἰδο.
 εἰσιδεῖν, Ep. εἰσιδέειν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσεῖδον.
 εἰς-ιδρύω, f. ῥω: pf. pass. εἰσιδρῦμαι: (εἰς, ἰδρύω): *to build, found in a place*.
 εἰς-ίζομαι, Pass. (εἰς, ἴζω) *to be seated in, to sit down in*.
 εἰς-ἱημι, f. -ἡσω, *to send or put into:—Med. to betake oneself to; also in act. sense, to admit, let in*.
 εἰσίστημι, ἡ, (εἰς-εἰμι) *an entrance*.
 εἰς-ινέομαι, fut. -ίξομαι, Dep. *to go into*.
 εἰς-ἱνταμαι, late form of εἰσπέτομαι.
 εἰς-καλαμάομαι, (εἰς, καλάμη) *to bawl in with a fishing rod*.
 εἰς-κάλέω, f. έσω, *to call in*.
 εἰς-καταβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, aor. 2 εἰσκατέβην, *to go down into*.
 εἰς-κατατίθημι, f. -θήσω, *to put down into*.
 εἰς-κεμαί, as Pass. of εἰσίστημι, *to be put into, lie in: to be put on board ship*.
 εἰς-κέλλω, f. -κέλλω: aor. I -έκελσα:—*to push or thrust in: (sub. ναῦν), to put into shore, put to land*.
 εἰς-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. έω, *to call in by herald: esp. to call into the lists for combat*.

εἰσκομιδή, ἡ, *a bringing in, importation*. From εἰς-κομίζω: fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: *to bring into, import:—Pass. to get into a place for shelter*.
 εἰς-κυκλέω, f. ἡσω, *to turn or wheel inwards on the stage, so as to withdraw from the eyes of the spectators, v. ἐκκυκλέω:—metaph., δαίμων πράγματα εἰς-κεκύκληκεν εἰς τὴν οἰκίαν* *some spirit has brought ill luck into the house*.
 εἰς-κυλίθω, f. κυλίσω [ῖ]: *to roll into*.
 εἴσω: impf. ἤσκειν: (ἴσος, εἶσος):—*to make like: to think like, liken: metaph. to compare: and so to guess, conjecture, believe*.
 εἰς-λεύσω, *to look into*.
 εἰς-μαίομαι, aor. I εἰσμασάμην, Ep. 3 sing. ἔσε-μάσατο Dor. -άτατο: Med.: (εἰς, μάσσω):—*to touch to the quick*. II. *to put in the hand to feel*.
 εἰς-νέομαι, Dep. *to go into*.
 εἰς-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι, *to swim into*.
 εἰς-νοέω, f. ἡσω, *to perceive, remark*.
 εἰς-οδος, ἡ, (εἰς, ὁδός) *a way into, entry*. II. *a coming in, entrance, esp. of the Chorus into the Orchestra: a visit: a right of entrance*.
 εἰς-οικεῖω, f. ὤσω, (εἰς, οικεῖος) *to bring in as a friend:—Pass. to become friend to any one*.
 εἰς-οικέω, f. ἡσω, *to dwell in, settle in*. Hence εἰσοικήσις, εως, ἡ, *settlement: a dwelling*.
 εἰς-οικίω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to bring as a colonist into a place:—Pass. to settle oneself in a place*.
 εἰς-οικοδομέω, f. ἡσω, *to build into*.
 εἰσοιχνεύσα, Aeol. for εἰσοιχνόωσι, 3 pl. of εἰς-οιχνέω, f. ἡσω, *to go into, enter*.
 εἰς-όκε or -εν Dor. εἰς-όκα, (εἰς ὃ κε) *until such time as:—so long as*.
 εἴσομαι, fut. of *εἶδω B: εἴσεαι, Ep. 2 sing. II. Ep. fut. of εἰμι ἰδο.
 εἴσον, imperat. of εἴσα.
 εἰς-όπιν, (εἰς, ὅπιν) Adv. *hereafter*.
 εἰς-όπισω, Adv. *in time to come, hereafter*.
 εἰσοπτος, or, (εἰσόφομαι) *looked upon: to be seen, visible*.
 εἰσοπτής, ἴδος, ἡ, = εἰσοπτρον.
 εἰς-οπτρον, τό, (εἰσόφομαι) *a looking-glass, mirror*.
 εἰς-οράω, Ep. part. εἰσοράων, inf. med. εἰσοράσθαι: the fut. εἰσόβομαι and aor. 2 εἰσεῖδον are supplied from other Roots (see ὁράω):—*to look at or upon, view, behold: also to look on with admiration, reverse, respect: to look at eagerly: to gaze upon steadily; also of the gods, to visit, punish, behold*.
 εἰς-ορμῶ, f. ἡσω, *to bring forcibly into:—Pass. to force one's way into*.
 εἰς-ορμίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to bring into port:—Pass., with aor. pass. and med., to run into port*.
 εἰς-οροῦν, f. σαι, *to rush in*.
 εἶσος, ἡ, or [X], Ep. lengthd. form of ἴσος, *alike, equal, used in these phrases: 1. δαῖς εἶση the equal banquet, i. e. equally shared. 2. νῆες εἶσαι the equal or well-balanced ships. 3. ἀντὶς ἄντρος*
 II 5

ἔιση the all-even shield, i. e. quite round. 4. φρέ-
νες ἔνδον ἔισαι an even mind, that is well-balanced,
calm, Lat. mens aequa.

εἰσότε, for εἰς τε, until.

εἰς-οψις, εἰς, ἡ, a looking upon: a spectacle. From
εἰσόφθομαι, fut. of εἰσοράω, formed from Root *εἰσ-
όφθομαι.

εἰς-παῖω, aor. I εἰσπάισα, to burst or dash in.

εἰς-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send in, bring in: to suborn.

εἰς-περάω, f. άσω [ά] Ion. ἡσώ, to pass over into.

εἰς-πηδάω, f. ἡσώ or ἡσομαι, to leap into, burst in.

εἰς-πέταμαι, f. -πτήσομαι: aor. 2 both in med.
form εἰσετάμην and act. εἰσέτην:—to fly into.

εἰς-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον: pf. -πέ-
πτωκα:—to fall or rush into: to be thrown
into. II. to fall upon, attack.

εἰς-πίνω, poet. form of εἰσιπίνω.

εἰς-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail into, enter. Hence
εἰσπλοος, contr. εἰσπλους, δ, a sailing in of
ships. II. the entrance of a harbour.

εἰς-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe in, imbale, Lat.
inspirare. II. to breathe upon. Hence

εἰσπνήλας, δ, one who inspires love, a lover.

εἰς-ποιέω, f. ἡσώ, to put into the hands of, to give
(a son) to be adopted by another:—Pass. to be
adopted. II. to introduce. Hence

εἰσποίητος, η, ον, adopted.

εἰς-πορεύω, f. σω, to lead into:—Pass., with fut.
med. -εύσομαι, to go into, enter.

εἰσπρωΐς, εἰς, ἡ, exaction or collection of taxes.
εἰς-πράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξο to get in or collect
taxes:—Med. to collect or exact for oneself.

εἰς-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι and -ρύσσομαι: aor. 2 -ε-
ρήν:—to stream into.

εἰστήκειν, plqpf. intr. of ἵστημι.

εἰστιάκει, εἰστίσκα, pf. and aor. of ἐστιάω.

εἰς-τίθημι, fut. -θήσω:—to put into, place in: also
with or without εἰς ναῦν, to put on board ship:—Med.,
τέκνα ἐσθέσθαι (aor. 2 inf.) to put them on board.

εἰς-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot or dart into.

εἰς-τρέχω, fut. -δράμωμαι: aor. 2 -εδράμον (from
*δρέμω). To run in or into, to run upon.

εἰς-φέρω, fut. -οίσω (from *οῖω): aor. I -ήνεγκα
and pf. -εγήνοχα (from *ἐνέγκω): cf. φέρω:—to
carry into: to bring in or upon. II. to bring
in, contribute: at Athens, to pay tax on pro-
perty.

III. to introduce, bring forward, pro-
pose. IV. Med. to carry with one: also like
Act. to introduce. 2. to import. V. Pass.

to rush in. 2. to be imported.

εἰς-φουράω, f. ἡσώ, to go continually to, to visit.

εἰσφορά, ἡ, (εἰσφέρω) a carrying into. II. a
bringing in, contribution: at Athens, a property-tax,
raised to meet the exigencies of war.

εἰς-φορέω, f. ἡσώ, = εἰσφέρω.

εἰς-φρέω, fut. -φρήσω and -φρήσομαι: imperat. εἰσ-
φραε: (εἰς, φρέω which only occurs in compos., v.
διαφρέω, ἐκφρέω):—to let in. admit:—Med. to bring

εἰς-χαρίζω, f. low Att. ῶ, to put into one's hands,
entrust.

εἰς-χέω, f. -χεῶ: aor. I -έχεα:—to pour into:—
Pass., Ep. aor. 2 ἐσεχύμην [ῶ], to stream in.

εἰσω, more rarely ἔσω, Adv. (εἰς, ἔς) into, within,
c. acc., δύναι δόμον Ἄιδος εἰσω: also c. gen., ἔσω
βλεφάρων. II. within, inside.

εἰς-ωθέω, fut. ὠθήσω and ὥσω, to thrust into:—
Med. to force oneself into, press in.

εἰς-ωπός, ὄν, (εἰς, ὦπ) in face, in front of; εἰσωπε
ἐγίνοντο νεῶν they came in front of the ships.

Εἴ'ΤΑ Ion. εἴρεν, Adv. of Time, then, after, there
upon, Lat. deinde. II. like Lat. ita and itaque,

and so then, and then: also in ironical questions, Lat.
itaque? itane vero? is it so? ay really? indeed?

εἴται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of εἴνυμι.

εἴ-τε . . , εἴ-τε . . , Lat. siue . . , siue . . , either . . ,
or . . , whether . . , or . . ; so that several cases are al-
ways put: in Homer the first εἴτε is sometimes
answered by ἡ καί. The Trag. sometimes leave out the
first εἴτε, or put εἰ instead.

εἴτε, for εἴητε, 2 pl. pres. opt. of εἰμι sum.

εἴρεν, Ion. for εἴτα, like εἴπειτα or εἴτατα.

εἰῶ, Ep. for εἰῶ, ᾤ, pres. subj. of εἰμι sum.

εἰῶθα, pf. 2 (in pres. subj.) of the Ep. verb εἴω.

εἰῶθεν, plqpf. (in impf. sense) of εἴω.

εἰῶθώς, Adv. of εἰῶθα, in the usual way.

εἰῶν, impf. of εἰῶ.

εἴως, Ep. for εἰς, until.

εἰῶσι, Ep. for εἰῶσι, 3 pl. of εἰῶ.

ΕΚ, before a vowel ἐξ, Lat. e, ex, PREP. WITH GEN.
Rad. sense, from out of, away from. I.

OF PLACE, out of, from forth; ἐκ πάντων μάλιστα
chief from among all, of all. 2. like ἐξω, outside

of, beyond; ἐκ βελέων out of shot; ἐκ καπνοῦ out
of the smoke. 3. with Verbs implying Rest, as, ἐκ
πασσαλφί κρέμασεν φύρμυγα he hung his lyre from,
i. e. on, the peg; ἀνάπτεσθαι ἐκ τινοσ to fasten from,
i. e. upon, a thing. II. OF TIME, ἐξ οὐ since,

from the time when, Lat. ex quo; ἐξ ἀρχῆς from the
beginning; ἐκ θυσίας γενέσθαι to have just finished

sacrifice; ἐξ εἰρήνης πολεμεῖν to go to war out of,
i. e. after, peace. III. OF ORIGIN, ἐκ τινοσ γενέ-
σθαι to be born or sprung from one; ἐξ ἐμοῦ γένος

ἐσσι thou comest of me by blood. 2. of the
materials of a thing, as πῶμα ἐκ ξύλου a cup of

wood. 3. of Motive, Occasion, Means, ἐκ θεοῦ
πολεμεῖν to war at the gods' instance; μήνιος ἐξ

δλοῖς because of deadly wrath; ἐκ καύματος in con-
sequence of the heat; ἐκ βίας ἄγειν = βίᾳ ἄγειν, to

lead by force. 4. with a pass. Verb, ἐβλήθηεν ἐκ Διὸς
they were beloved of or by Zeus. 5. with a neut.

Adj., as periphr. for Adv., ἐξ ἀγχιμόλου for ἀγχιμόλου;
ἐκ τοῦ ἐμψανοῦς and ἐξ ἐμψανοῦς for ἐμψανός, etc.

ἐκ is often separated from its Case by one or more
words. It takes an accent if it is pecul. emphatic.

In Compos. ἐκ signifies out, away, off: also utterly.

ἑκάεργος, ὁ, (ἐκάε, *ἐργω) epith. of Apollo, *working from afar, far-darting*, = ἐκηβόλος.

ἐκάνη [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of καίω.

ἐκάθεν, Adv. (ἐκάς) *from afar*:—*far off, far away*.

ἐκάθηρα, aor. I of καθάιρω.

ἐκάλεσσα, Ep. aor. I of κἀλέω.

ἐκάλος, Dor. for ἐκλος.

ἐκάμυσσα, for κατέμυσσα, aor. I of καταμύω.

ἐκάμον, ἐκαμόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of κάμνω.

ἐκαρτύναντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of καρτύνω.

ἐκαρψα, aor. I of κάρφω.

ἐκάς Att. ekas, Adv. (ἐκ) *far, afar, far off*: c. gen. *far from, far away from*. II. of Time, *long after*.

ἐκαστάτω, Sup. of ἐκάς, *furthest off, furthest away*.

ἐκασταχόσεν, (ἐκαστος) Adv. *from every side*.

ἐκασταχόσεν, (ἐκαστος) Adv. *to every side*.

ἐκασταχοῦ, (ἐκαστος) Adv. *everywhere*.

ἐκαστέρω, Comp. of ἐκάς, *further, further off*:—*Sup. ἐκαστάτω*.

ἐκαστοῦ, Adv. *for each or every one*. From

ἑΚΑΣΤΟΣ, η, ον, *every, every one, each, each one*, Lat. *quisque*, opp. to a number: the sing. from its collective sense is freq. joined with a plur. Verb. ἑκαστος ἐπίστασθε ye know each ὅς of you: εἰς ἑκαστος, Lat. *unusquisque*, *each one*; πᾶς ἑκαστος, *one and all*; οἱ καθ' ἑκαστον *each one singly*, Lat. *singuli*: καθ' ἑκάστην [ἡμέραν] *every day, daily*. Hence

ἐκάστοτε, Adv. *each time, at all times*.

ἐκαστοτέρω, Adv. = ἐκαστέρω.

ἐκατάτο, Ion. for ἐκάτηντο, 3 pl. impf. of κἀθημαι.

ἐκατερakis, Adv. (ἐκάτερος) *at each time*.

ἐκάτερε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. for ἐκατέρωθεν, *from or on each side*, Lat. *utrinque*.

ἑΚΑΤΕΡΟΣ, α, ον, *each of two, each singly*, Lat. *uterque*. Hence

ἐκατέρωθεν, Adv. *from each side*: and

ἐκατέρωθι, Adv. *on each side*: and

ἐκατέρωσε, Adv. *to each side, each way*.

ἑΚΑΤΗ [ᾶ], ἡ, (ἐκάτος) *Hecaté*, daughter of Perses and Astenia, who had power from Zeus in heaven, earth, and sea. Later she was held to be the same as Artemis. ἑκάτη δεινόν, or ἑκάταια, τὰ, was an offering of purification made to her on the 30th of each month at three cross roads.

ἐκάτη-βελέτης, ον, ὁ, = ἐκατηβόλος.

ἐκάτη-βόλος, ον, (ἐκάς, βάλλω) *far-throwing, far-darting*:—as Subst. the *Far-darter*.

ἐκάτι, Att. and Dor. for ἐκῆτι, on account of.

ἐκατογ-κάρανος, ον, (ἐκατόν, κάρηνον); and

ἐκατογ-κεφάλας, ον, ὁ, (ἐκατόν, κεφαλή); and

ἐκατόγ-κράνος, ον, (ἐκατόν, κράνον):—*hundred-beaded*.

ἐκατόγ-χειρος, ον, (ἐκατόν, χεῖρ) *hundred-banded*.

ἐκατό-ξύνος, ον, (ἐκατόν, ξυγόν) *with 100 benches for rowers*.

ἐκατομ-βαῖών, ὁνος, ὁ, the month *Hecatombaeon*, the first of the Att. year, answering to the last half of July and first half of August. From

ἐκατόμ-βη, ἡ, (ἐκατόν, βοῦς) properly an offering of a hundred oxen: but commonly a great public sacrifice, not always of oxen, nor to the number of a hundred.

ἐκατόμ-βοιος, ον, (ἐκατόν, βοῦς) of or worth a hundred oxen.

ἐκατόμ-πεδος, ον, (ἐκατόν, πόυς) 100 feet long.

ἐκατομ-πολιεθρος, ον, = ἐκατόμπολις.

ἐκατόμ-πολις, ι, gen. εως, (ἐκατόν, πόλις) *with a hundred cities*.

ἐκατόμ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἐκατόν, πόυς) *hundred-footed*.

ἐκατόμ-πύλος, ον, (ἐκατόν, πύλη) *hundred-gated*.

ἑΚΑΤΟΝ, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, indecl. a hundred, Lat. *centum*.

ἐκατοντα-ετής, ἐς, (ἐκατόν, ἔτος) of a hundred years, a hundred years old.

ἐκατοντα-κάρηνος, Dor. -κάρανος, ον, (ἐκατόν, κάρηνον) *hundred-beaded*: cf ἐκατόγ-κρανος.

ἐκατον-τάλαντος, ον, (ἐκατόν, τάλαντον) *worth 100 talents*; γραφή ἐκατοντάλαντος an action where damages were laid at that sum.

ἐκατοντα-πλάσιον, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐκατόν) a hundred-fold, 100 times as much or many.

ἐκατοντί-πύλος, ον, = ἐκατόμπύλος.

ἐκατοντ-άρχης, ον, ὁ, (ἐκατόν, ἀρχω) a leader of a hundred, Lat. *centurio*.

ἐκατοντ-αρχος, ὁ, = ἐκατοντάρχης.

ἐκατοντάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἐκατόν) the number one hundred.

ἐκατοντ-ἄργυρος, ον, (ἐκατόν, ἀργυρία) of 100 *talents*:—poët., ἐκατοντ-ορόγυιος, ον.

ἐκάτος, ὁ, (ἐκάς) = ἐκηβόλος.

ἐκάτο-στοι-ος, ον, (ἐκατόν, στόμα) *hundred-mouthed*.

ἐκατοστός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἐκατόν) the hundredth, Lat. *centesimus*; ἐφ' ἐκατοστά a hundred-fold. II. ἡ ἐκατοστή, the hundredth part, a tax or duty at Athens.

ἐκατοστός, ὅς, ὁ, = ἐκατοντάς.

ἐκαυσα, aor. I of καίω.

ἐκ-βάζω, ι, ζω, to speak out, declare.

ἐκ-βαίνω, ι, -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέβην: pf. ἐκβέβηκα:—to step out of, go or come out of: to step out of a ship, to disembark. 2. to go out of, depart from.

3. metaph. to come out so and so, to turn out, Lat. *evadere*. 4. to go out of due bounds, to digress. II. in fut. act. ἐκβήσω, aor. I ἐξέβησα, Causal, to make to step out of, put out of a ship, etc.; cf. ἐκβιβάζω.

ἐκ-βακχεύω, ι, σω, to excite to Bacchic frenzy, to make frantic:—Pass. and Med. to be frenzied, rage.

ἐκβαλε, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐκβάλλω:—also Ep. for ἐξέβαλε, 3 sing. ind.

ἐκ-βάλλω, ι, -βάλλω: aor. 2 -έβαλον; pf. -βέβληκα:—to throw or cast out: to disembark, land; but also to carry out to sea. 2. πύλας ἐκβάλλειν to cast out of the country: and so to drive out, banish. II.

to strike out, Lat. *excutere*; δούρα ἐκβάλλειν to fell trees, properly to cut them out of the forest. III. metaph., ἔπος ἐκβάλλειν to let fall or drop a word;

so, ἐκβάλλειν δάκρυα to drop or shed tears. IV.

to throw away, depose, reject: to hiss off the stage, Lat. *explodere*. 3. to break open. V. to send out, get rid of, lose. VI. (sub. *εαυτόν*), of a river, to empty or discharge itself.

ἐκβαλεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκβάλλω.

ἐκβάς, aor. 2 part. of ἐκβαίνω.

ἐκβάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκβαίνω) a going out of a ship, a landing. II. a way out, egress: an escape.

ἐκ-βάω, Dor. for ἐκ-βαίω.

ἐκ-βεβαίω, f. ὤσω, to confirm.

ἐκ-βιάζω, to force out: to wrest from.

ἐκ-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. βιβᾶ, Causal of ἐκ-βαίνω, to make to step out of: esp. to put out of a ship.

ἐκ-βιβρώσκω, fut. -βρώσω, pf. -βέβρωκα, to devour.

ἐκβλητός, ον, (ἐκβάλλω) thrown out: rejected, despised, despicable.

ἐκ-βλώσσω, aor. 2 ἐξ-έμολον, to go or come out.

ἐκ-βοάω, f. ἤσομαι, to call or cry out

ἐκ-βοήθαι, ἡ, a marching out to aid. From

ἐκ-βοηθεῖν, f. ἤσω, to march out to aid: to make a sally.

ἐκ-βολβίξω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (ἐκ, βολβός) to peel off from, as the skin off an onion; ἐκβολβίξιν τινα τῶν κούδιον to peel one of his stolen skins.

ἐκβολή, ἡ, (ἐκβάλλω) a throwing out, throwing overboard, esp. of goods in a storm. II. a casting out, banishment.

III. a shooting forth; ἐκβολή σίτου the time when the corn shoots or comes into ear. IV. an outlet, Lat. *exitus*; ἐκβολή ποταμοῦ the mouth of a river; ἐκβολαὶ ὄρους a defile leading out of a chain of mountains; ἐκβολή λόγων a digression.

V. (from Pass.) that which is cast out; ἐκβολή δικέλληε earib cast out by a mattock; οὐρεία ἐκβολῇ children exposed on the mountains. ἐκβολος, ον, (ἐκβάλλω) cast out, exposed, of a child: abortive. II. as Subst., ἐκβολος, ὁ, a cape, promontory. 2. ἐκβολαί, τά, cast off relics.

ἐκ-βράσσω, f. -βράσω, to throw out or up, as froth: Pass. to be cast up or thrown on shore, of ships.

ἐκ-βροντάω, f. ἤσω, to strike out by lightning.

ἐκ-βρυχώμαι, Dep. to bellow forth.

ἐκ-βρωμα. ατος τό, (ἐκβιβρώσκω) that which is eaten out; ἐκβρωμα πρίονος saw-dust.

ἐκ-γύμιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to give away in marriage:

—Pass. to be given in marriage, marry.

ἐκ-γύμισκομαι, Pass. to be given in marriage.

ἐκ-γευρόμαι, (ἐκ, γαῖρος) Med. to exult greatly in. ἐκ-γένεα, ποῖτ. for ἐκγένεονα, pf. of ἐκγίγνομαι:

3 dual ἐκγεγάτην; inf. ἐκγεγάμεν [α]; part. ἐκγεγάτας, ἐκγεγατία.

ἐκ-γελᾶω, f. ἀσομαι [α]: for the tenses, v. γελᾶω; to laugh out, laugh loud, burst out laughing: metaphor. of a liquid, to gurgle out.

ἐκ-γενέω, ἐς, (ἐκ, γένος) put out from one's family, without kin or kin.

ἐκ-γίγνομαι, fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐξεγενήμην: pf. ἐκγίγνομαι, ποῖτ. ἐκγένεα (q. v.): Dep. —to grow out of, spring from: to be descended from, born of. II.

to have gone by; χρόνον ἐκγεγονότος time having

gone by, elapsed.

2. impers. ἐκγίγνεται, like ἐξεστι, it is allowed, it is granted.

ἐκγονος, ον, (ἐκγενέσθαι) sprung, descended from any one: as Subst., ἐκγονος, ὁ, any descendant, son, grandson; τὰ ἐκγονα offspring, posterity.

ἐκ-γράφω, f. ψω, to write out, copy:—Med. to write out or copy for oneself. II. to strike out, expunge from a list.

ἐκ-γίνομαι, Ion. and in late Gr. for ἐκγίγνομαι.

ἐκ-δακρύω, f. ὤσω, to burst into tears. [δ]

ἐκ-δαιπνᾶω, f. ἤσω, to expend, consume, exhaust.

ἐκ-δεδαρμαίω, pf. pass. of ἐκδέρω.

ἐκδεδωρίενται, 3 pl. Ion. plqpf. of ἐκδωρίζομαι.

ἐκ-δεής, ἐς, (ἐκ, δεῖ) defective. Hence

ἐκδία, ἡ, a falling short, being in arrear.

ἐκ-δελκύω, f. -δελξω, aor. 1 ἐξέδειξα, to show forth, display.

ἐκ-δέκομαι, Ion. for ἐκδέχομαι.

ἐκδεξις, εως, ὁ, (ἐκδέχομαι) a taking from: succession.

ἐκ-δέρομαι, Dep. to look out from.

ἐκ-δέρω, Ion. -δέρω: f. -δερῶ:—to skin, flay, strip off the skin: hence to swagel soundly.

ἐκ-δετος, ον, (ἐκδέω) fastened to or upon.

ἐκ-δέχομαι, Ion. -δέκομαι: f. -δέχομαι: aor. 1 ἐξεδεξάμην: Dep. —to take or receive from: to take up.

2. ἐκδέχεσθαι τὴν ἀρχὴν to receive the rule from another: absol. to follow, succeed: of countries, to come next.

3. to wait for, expect, Lat. *expectare*. to receive at a feast.

ἐκ-δέω, f. -δῶσω, to bind from, i. e. to bind on or to:—Med. to bind a thing to oneself, bang it round one.

ἐκ-δηλος, ον, very manifest: conspicuous.

ἐκ-δημέω, f. ἤσω, (ἐκδημος) to go abroad, travel: to be abroad, or on one's travels. Hence

ἐκδημία, ἡ, departure from home or from life.

ἐκ-δημος, ον, (ἐκ, δημος) from home, abroad.

ἐκ-διαβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐκδιέβην:—to go through out of, pass over.

ἐκ-διαντάομαι, Pass. (ἐκ, διαταῖα) to depart from one's accustomed mode of life, change one's habits.

ἐκδιδασκα, τό, prentice-work, a sampler. From ἐκ-διδάσκω, f. -διδάξω ποῖτ. -διδασκῆσω:—to teach thoroughly, Lat. *edocere*:—Med. to have another taught thoroughly:—Pass. to learn thoroughly.

ἐκ-διδράσκω, Ion. -διδρήσκω: fut. -δράσομαι [α]: aor. 2 ἐξέδραν:—to run away from, escape.

ἐκ-δίδωμι, f. -δῶσω: aor. 1 ἐξέδωκα: pf. ἐκέδωκα: aor. 2 med. ἐξέδωμην:—to give out, give up, Lat. *reddere*: to surrender.

2. to give out of one's house; ἐκδιδόναι or ἐκδιδόσθαι θυγατέρα to give away one's daughter in marriage.

3. to give out for money, farm out, let out for hire: to put out money to interest, lend out.

II. (sub. *εαυτόν*) to issue forth from a place; or a river, to empty itself.

ἐκ-διηγόμαι, Dep. to tell to the end, recount in full.

ἐκ-δικάζω, f. σω, to decide by giving judgment, of a judge. II. to avenge. Hence

ἐκδικαστής. οὐ, ὁ, *an avenger*.
 ἐκδικέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐδικός) *to avenge, punish*; ἐκδικεῖν
 τινα ἀπὸ τίνος *to avenge one on another*. Hence
 ἐκδικήσις, εὖς, ἡ, *an avenging: vengeance*.
 ἐκ-δικός, ον, (ἐκ, δίκη) *without law, lawless*, Lat.
exlex: Adv. ἐκδικῶς, *lawlessly*. II. *carrying out*
justice, avenging: as Subst., ἐδικός, ὁ, *an avenger*.
 ἐκ-διφρεύω, f. σῶ, *to throw from the ship*.
 ἐκ-διώκω, f. ξομαι later ξω, *to drive away, banish*.
 ἐκ-δονέω, f. ἦσω, *to shake out, confound*.
 ἐκδοσις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἐκδίδωμι) *a giving up, surrender-*
ing. 2. *a giving in marriage*.
 ἐκδώσομαι, fut. med. of ἐκδίδωμι.
 ἐκδοτέον, verb. Adj. of ἐκδίδωμι, *one must give in*
marriage.
 ἐκδοτός, ον, (ἐκδίδωμι) *given up, betrayed*.
 ἐκδούαι, aor. I inf. of ἐκδίδωμι.
 ἐκδοχή, ἡ, (ἐκδέχομαι) *a receiving from another,*
succession.
 ἐκ-δρακοντόμοι, Pass. (ἐκ, δράκων) *to become a*
serpent.
 ἐκδραμῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκτρέχω.
 ἐκδρομή, ἡ, (ἐκδραμῖν) *a running out, sally, charge*:
 —also *a band of skirmishers*.
 ἐκ-δρομος, ὁ, *one that sallies out, a skirmisher*.
 ἐκδύμα, ματος, τό, (ἐκδύω) *that which is put off, a*
skin, garment.
 ἐκδύμεν, either Ep. for ἐκδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκδύω,
 or for ἐκδύομεν I pl. opt.
 ἐκ-δύνω, see ἐκδύνω.
 ἐκδύσις, εὖς, ἡ, *a slipping out, escape*. From
 ἐκ-δύω, f. -δύσω [ῶ]: aor. I ἐξέδυσσα: *to strip off*
from another; ἐκδύσαι αὐτὸν χιτῶνα *to strip him of*
his tunic; ἐκδύσαι αὐτὸν *to strip him*. II. in
 pres. ἐκδύνω, with Med. ἐκδύομαι, aor. 2 act. ἐξέδυν,
 pf. ἐκδέδυσκα, *to put off*. 2. *to get out of, slip out*
of. 3. metaph. *to get away from, escape*.
 ἐκ-δωριόμοι, Pass. (ἐκ, δάριος) *to become quite a*
Dorian.
 ἐκέασσα, Ep. for ἐκέασα, aor. I of κέάζω.
 ἐκέατο, Ion. for ἐκείντο, 3 pl. impf. of κείμαι.
 'ΕΚΕΙ', Adv. *at or in that place, there*, Lat. *illuc*.
 ἐκεῖα, Ep. aor. I of καίω.
 ἐκεῖθεν, Adv. *from that place, thence*, Lat. *illinc*;
 c. gen., τοῦκεῖθεν ἄλσους *yon side of the grove*.
 ἐκεῖθι, (ἐκεῖ) Adv. *at that place, there*, Lat. *illuc*:
 Dor. *τηνῶθι*.
 ἐκεῖνος Ion. κείνος, η, ο, Aeol. κήνος, Dor. τήνος,
 Att. also strengthd. ἐκεῖνοσι: demonstr. Pron. (ἐκεῖ):
 —*that person or thing*, Lat. *ille, illa, illud*: when οὐ-
 τοις and ἐκεῖνος refer to two things before mentioned,
 ἐκεῖνος, *ille*, refers to the more remote, οὗτος, *hic*, to
 the nearer. II. used also like *ille*, to denote
 well-known persons; κείνος μέγας θεός, *magnus ille*
Deus. III. in Att., ἐκεῖνος precedes the Art.
 when it is emphatic, as, ἐκεῖνος ὁ ἀνὴρ: and follows
 the Subst., when it is not emphatic, as ὁ ἀνὴρ ἐκεῖ-
 νος. IV. Adv. ἐκείνως, *in that way, in that case*:

Ion. κείνως: V. the dat. fem. ἐκεῖνῃ is also used
 as Adv., I. of Place, *there, at that place, on that*
road. 2. of Manner, *in that manner*.
 ἐκερα, aor. I of κείρω.
 ἐκείρα, Att. κείρα, Adv. (ἐκεῖ) *to that place, thither*,
 Lat. *illuc*.
 ἐκέκαστο, 3 sing. plqpf. (in impf. sense) of καίνυμαι.
 ἐκεεύθει, 3 sing. plqpf. of κεύθω.
 ἐκέκλετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of κέλωμαι.
 ἐκέκλιτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of κλίνω.
 ἐκεκοσμέατο, Ion. for ἐκεκόσμητο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass.
 of κοσμέω.
 ἐκέλευ, Dor. for ἐκέλου, 2 sing. impf. of κέλωμαι.
 ἐκέλσα, aor. I of κέλλω.
 ἐκερσα, Aeol. and Ep. aor. I of κείρω.
 ἐκε-χειρά, ἡ, (έχω, χεῖρ) *a holding of hands, a*
cessation of hostilities, armistice.
 ἐκ-ζέω, f. -ζέσω, *to boil out or over*: c. gen., εὐλέαν
 ῥέξεσε *she ran over, swarmed with worms*.
 ἐκ-ζητέω, f. ἦσω, *to search out*.
 ἐκ-ζωπύρω, f. ἦσω, *to light up again, rekindle*.
 ἐκτα, Ep. aor. I of καίω.
 ἐκθολία, ἡ, *a darting from afar, archery*. From
 ἐκθ-βόλος, ον, (έκας, βάλλω) *far-darting, far-shoot-*
ing, epith. of Apollo in Iliad.
 ἐκθλος, ον, collat. form of εὐκθλος, *at one's ease,*
quiet, Lat. securus. II. metaph. of things, as of
 a field *lying at rest or fallow*.
 'ΕΚΗΤΙ Att. ἐκάτι, Prep. with gen. *by means of,*
by virtue of, by the grace or help of. II. later =
 ἐνεκα, *on account of, for the sake of*. 2. as regards,
 as to, Lat. *quod attinet ad*.
 ἐκ-θάλλω, f. ψω, *to warm thoroughly*.
 ἐκθαμβέω, f. ἦσω, *to amaze, astonish*: Pass. *to be*
amazed, astonished. From
 ἐκ-θαμβος, ον, (ἐκ, θάμβος) *amazed, astounded*.
 ἐκ-θαμνίζω, f. σῶ, (ἐκ, θάμνος) *to root out, extirpate*.
 ἐκθάβων, Ep. for ἐξέθάνων, aor. 2 of ἐκθνήσκω.
 ἐκ-θεάομαι, f. άσσομαι, Ion. ἡσσομαι, Dep. *to see out,*
see to the end.
 ἐκ-θεατρίζω, f. σῶ, (ἐκ, θεάτρον) *to make a spec-*
tacle of.
 ἐκ-θειάζω, f. σῶ, (ἐκ, θεῖον) *to deify*.
 ἐκθεῖναι or ἐκθέμεν, Ep. for ἐκθεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. ρε
 ἐκτίθημι.
 ἐκθέλς, εἰσα, έν, aor. 2 part. of ἐκτίθημι.
 ἐκ-θερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to mow completely: to cut*
down.
 ἐκ-θερμαίνω, f. ἄνῶ, (ἐκ, θερμός) *to warm or heat*
thoroughly.
 ἐκθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἐκτίθημι.
 ἐκθεσις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἐκτίθημι) *a putting out, exposing*.
 ἐκθετος, ον, (ἐκτίθημι) *put out, exposed*.
 ἐκ-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, *to run or sally out*.
 ἐκ-θηράομαι, Dep. *to hunt out, catch*.
 ἐκ-θηρεύω, f. σῶ, = ἐκθηράομαι.
 ἐκ-θλίβω, f. ψω, *to press, squeeze out*: metaph. *to*
crush, oppress.

ἐκ-θνήσκω, fut. -θνήσκειν: aor. ἐξέθνον:—to be dying, be at the last gasp; γέλωις ὁ γέλωις ἐκθανεῖν to be nigh dead with laughter.

ἐκ-θινάομαι, f. ἥσομαι, Dep. to eat up, feast on.

ἐκθόρε, for ἐξέθρε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκθρόσκω.

ἐκ-θρηγέω, f. ἥσω, to mourn out or aloud.

ἐκ-θρώσκω, fut. -θροομαι: aor. ἐξέθροον:—to leap out of, leap forth from.

ἐκ-θύμιώ, f. ἄσω, to burn as incense.

ἐκ-θύμος, ov, (ἐκ, θυμός) very spirited, ardent, eager: also frantic, like Lat. amens.

ἐκ-θύω, f. ὥσω [ῥ]: for the tenses v. ὀύω:—to offer up, sacrifice: metaph. to destroy utterly. 2. Med. to atone for, expiate by offerings: of a god, to propitiate, appease.

ἐκίχης [χ], 2 sing. impf. of κίχην: of ἐτίχης from τίχην.

ἐκίχην [χ], impf. of κίχην.

ἐκ-καγχαίω, f. σω, to burst out into loud laughter.

ἐκ-καθαίρω, f. -καθάρω: aor. 1 ἐξεκάθηρα:—to cleanse out, clear out: to clear away, get rid of.

ἐκ-καθεύδω, f. -ευδήσω, to sleep out, sleep away from one's quarters.

ἐκ-καίδεκα, ol, al, τά, indecl. sixteen.

ἐκκαίδεκα-δωρος, ov, (ἐκκαίδεκα, δῶρον) sixteen palms long.

ἐκκαίδεκα-λίνοσ, ov, (ἐκκαίδεκα, λίνον) consisting of sixteen threads.

ἐκκαίδεκατος, η, ov, (ἐκκαίδεκα) sixteenth.

ἐκκαίδεκα-έτης, ov, ο, (ἐκκαίδεκα, έτος) sixteen years old: fcm. -δεκάτης, ιδος.

ἐκ-καιρος, ov, (ἐκ, καιρός) out of date.

ἐκ-καίω, Att. ἐκκαίω: fut. -καύσω: aor. 1 ἐξέκαυ:—to burn out. II. to set on fire, kindle: inflame.

ἐκ-κάκιω, f. ἥσω, (ἐκ, κακός) to be faint-hearted.

ἐκ-καλῶμαι, (ἐκ, καλήμη) Dep. to pull out with a fishing-rod.

ἐκ-καλέω, f. ἔσω, to call forth:—Med. to call out to oneself, metaph. to call forth, elicit, excite.

ἐκ-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to uncover, reveal:—Med. to unveil oneself.

ἐκ-κάμνω, f. -κάμωμαι: aor. 2 ἐξέκῃμον:—to be tired out: c. acc. to grow weary of a thing.

ἐκ-καρπιζομαι, Med. (ἐκ, καρπός) to yield as fruit.

ἐκ-καρπύομαι, Med. (ἐκ, καρπός) to reap or enjoy the fruit of: metaph. to derive advantage from.

ἐκ-κατείδον, aor. 2 of ἐξοράω, to look down from.

ἐκ-καυλίζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, καυλός) to pull out the stalk: metaph. to destroy root and branch.

ἐκ-καυχάομαι, f. ἥσομαι, Dep. to vaunt aloud.

ἐκ-κάω, Att. for ἐκκαίω.

ἐκκέας, aor. 1 part. of ἐκκαίω.

ἐκ-κειμαι, used as Pass. of ἐκτίθημι, to be cast out or exposed.

II. c. gen. to fall from out of.

ἐκκέκοφα, ἐκκέκομαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐκκόπτω.

ἐκκεκώφηκα, ἐκκεκώφωμαι, pt. act. and pass. of ἐκκαφέω, -όω.

ἐκ-κενόω, -κεινόω, f. ὥσω, to empty out, desolate.

ἐκ-κεντέω, f. ἥσω, to prick out. II. to pierce, stab.

ἐκ-κεράζω, f. σω, to pillage: to cut off root and branch.

ἐκκέχθην, pf. pass. of ἐκκέω: whence

ἐκκεχθῆνως, Adv. profusely, extravagantly.

ἐκκέχθωμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκκύννυμι.

ἐκ-κηραίνω, f. ἀνῶ, (ἐκ, κτήρ) to enfeeble, exhaust.

ἐκ-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ξω:—to proclaim by a herald, declare publicly. II. to banish by public proclamation.

ἐκ-κινέω, f. ἥσω, to move out: to put up, rouse.

ἐκ-κλάζω, f. -κλάγξω, to cry aloud.

ἐκ-κλάω, f. -κλάσω [ῥ], to break off.

ἐκ-κλείω Ion. -κλήτῃ Att. -κλήτῃ: Att. fut. ἐκκλήτῃσω:—to shut out: metaph. to exclude or binder from.

ἐκ-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to remove stealthily, purloin.

ἐκ-κλήτῃ, Ion. for ἐκκλείω.

ἐκκλησία, η, (ἐκκλητος) an assembly of the citizens summoned by the crier, the legislative assembly: at Athens, the ordinary assemblies were called κύριαι ἐκκλησίαι, four in each πρυτανεία: the extraordinary σύγκλητοι.

II. the Church. Hence ἐκκλησιάζω, f. σω: impf. ἡκκλησιάζων or ἐκκλησιάζον, but also ἐκκλησιάζων (as if the Verb was a compd. not derived from ἐκκλησία); so aor. 1 ἐξέκλησιάζα:—to hold an assembly, debate therein: absol. to debate. II. to sit in assembly. III. to summon to the assembly.

ἐκκληῖω, Att. fut. of ἐκκλείω.

ἐκκλητος, ov, (ἐκκαλέω) called forth, Lat. evocatus: selected to arbitrate on a point.

ἐκ-κλίνω, f. -κλινῶ, to bend aside: to bend down, of stakes. II. intr. to turn away from: absol. to give ground, retire. 2. to decline or degenerate into.

ἐκ-κναίω, f. σω, to wear out: metaph. to cease to exist, like Lat. enecare; Dor. 3 pl. fut. ἐκναισεντι.

ἐκ-κνάω, f. ἥσω, to rub or cut deeply.

ἐκ-κοβάλλεσθαι, Dep. (ἐκ, κόβαλα) to cajole or cheat by juggling tricks.

ἐκ-κοκκίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ῶ, (ἐκ, κόκκος) to take out the kernel: to pull anything out of its place, dislocate;

ἐκκοκκίζειν σφυρόν to put out one's ankle; ἐκκοκκίζειν τὰς πόλεις to empty the cities.

ἐκ-κολάπτω, f. ψω, to scrape out, erase, obliterate.

ἐκ-κολυμβάω, f. ἥσω, to swim out of.

ἐκκομίδῃ, η, a carrying out or off. From

ἐκ-κομίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ῶ, to carry out: to carry to a place of safety; ἐκκομίζειν τινα ἐκ πηγάματος to keep one out of trouble.

II. to endure.

ἐκ-κομπάζω, f. σω, to utter vauntingly.

ἐκ-κομψύομαι, Dep. (ἐκ, κομψεύω) to set forth in plausible terms.

ἐκ-κόπτω, f. ψω: pf. -κέκοφα:—Pass., aor. 2 ἐξέκοπην: pf. ἐκκέκομαι:—to cut out, knock out:—Pass., ἐξέκοπη τῷφθαλμῷ he had his eyes knocked out.

2. to cut down, fell: to cut off, destroy, Lat. excindere.

3. to beat off from a place, repulse.

ἐκ-κορέω, f. ἦσω, *to sweep out: to sweep clean.*
 ἐκ-κορίζω, (ἐκ, κόρις) *to clear of bugs.*
 ἐκ-κορύφω, f. ὤσω, *to sum up aborutely.*
 ἐκ-κρεῖσθαι, Pass. *to bang upon, listen attentively to.*
 ἐκ-κρεμάννυμι, f. κρεμάσω [ᾶ]:—*to let bang from*
or by:—Pass. *to bang from or upon, cling to.* Hence
 ἐκκρεμής, ἐς, *hanging from or upon.*
 ἐκ-κρήνναι, poet. Pass. of ἐκκρεμάννυμι.
 ἐκ-κρίνω, f. ἴνω, *to choose or single out, select.* 2.
to expel, reject. 3. *to separate, secrete.* Hence
 ἐκκριτός, *on, picked out, chosen; ἐκκριτον* as Adv.,
above all, eminently.
 ἐκκρουσις, εως, ἡ, *a beating out, driving away; and*
 ἐκκρουστος, *on, beaten out: of embossed work,*
worked in relief. From
 ἐκ-κρούω, f. σω, *to beat or dash out.* 2. *to drive*
back, repulse: to hiss an actor off the stage, Lat. ex-
plodere. 3. *to put off, adjourn.*
 ἐκ-κύβιστάω, f. ἦσω, *to tumble headlong out of.*
 ἐκ-κύνω, f. ἦσω, *to bring forth.*
 ἐκ-κυκλέω, f. ἦσω, *to wheel out by means of the ἐκ-*
κύκλημα (q. v.):—Pass. *to be brought to sight by this*
means; ἀλλ' ἐκυκλήθητι come, wheel yourself out!
i. e. show yourself; cf. εἰσκυκλέω. Hence
 ἐκύκλημα, ατος, τό, *a theatrical machine which*
disclosed the interior of the house to the spectators:
cf. εἰσκυκλέω.
 ἐκ-κυλινδω, f. -κυλίσω: aor. I ἐξεκύλισα:—Pass.,
 aor. I ἐξεκυλήσθην:—*to roll out or off: Pass. to be*
rolled or thrown out; ἐξεκυλήσθην ἐκ δίφρου *he rolled*
headlong from the chariot: also hence to extricate
oneself or escape from.
 ἐκ-κύμαίνω, (ἐκ, κύμα) *to undulate: to be uneven.*
 ἐκκύνω, (ἐκκυνος) of a hound, *to quest about.*
 ἐκ-κύνηγετώ, f. ἦσω, *to hunt down.*
 ἐκ-κύνος, *ον, (ἐκ, κύων) of a hound, questing about,*
not keeping on one scent.
 ἐκ-κύπτω, f. ψω, *to peep out of: to get out.*
 ἐκ-κωμάω, f. σω, *to come forth in the festive proces-*
sion: to rush madly out.
 ἐκ-κωφέω, f. ἦσω, and ἐκ-κωφώω, f. ὤσω, (ἐκ, κωφός)
to deafen, stun:—metaph., ἐκκεκώφεται ξίφη *the*
swords grew blunt.
 ἐκλάω, aor. 2 of κλάω.
 ἐκλαγῆ, aor. I of κλάω.
 ἐκ-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέλαχον:—*to ob-*
tain by lot or fate.
 ἐκλάθετο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐκλανθάνω.
 ἐκ-λακτίσω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, *to kick out: metaph. to*
turn at.
 ἐκ-λάλλω, f. ἦσω, *to speak out, divulge.*
 ἐκ-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέλαβον: *for the*
other tenses, v. λαμβάνω:—to take or choose out. II.
to receive, bear. III. *to contract to do work, opp.*
to ἐκδίδωμι (to let it out).
 ἐκ-λάμπω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέλαμψα:—*to shine or*
flash forth. II. *trans. to make to shine, light up,*
kindle.

ἐκ-λανθάνω, aor. 2 ἐξέλαθον, *to escape notice ut-*
terly II. ἐκ-ληθάνω, with aor. I ἐξέλησα Dor.
 -ἐλάσα, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἐκέλαθον, *Causal of ἐκ-*
λανθάνω, to make quite forgetful of a thing:—Med.
 ἐκλανθάνομαι, with Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἐκελαθέσθαι
 pf. pass. ἐκέλεθσαι, *to forget utterly.*
 ἐκλάδω, f. ξω, = ἐξάλαπας, *to cast out from.*
 ἐκλάπην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of κλέπω.
 ἐκλαυσα, aor. I of κλαίω.
 ἐκ-λάπτω, f. ψωμαι, *to lap up: to drink off.*
 ἐκ-λέγω, f. ξω: *for the tenses v. λέγω:—to pick*
out, single out:—Med. to choose out for oneself,
choose. 2. *in Med. also to pick out, pull out one's*
gray hairs. II. *to collect tribute.*
 ἐκ-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἐξέλιπον: pf. ἐκέλειπα:
 —*to leave out, omit.* 2. *to forsake, abandon,*
quit. 3. εἴ τις ἐξέλιπε τὸν ἀριθμὸν *if any one*
left the number incomplete. II. *of the sun, to*
be eclipsed; in full, ἐκλείπειν τὴν ἐκ τοῦ οὐρανοῦ
ἔρσην. III. intr. *to leave off, cease, stop.* Hence
 ἐκλείψις, εως, ἡ, *a forsaking, quitting.* II. *a*
disappearance of sun or moon, an eclipse.
 ἐκλεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐκλέγω) *chosen out, selected; οἱ*
ἐκλεκτοὶ the elect.
 ἐκλεῖσθαι, -έσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 act. and med.
 of ἐκληθάνω.
 ἐκλέλθω, pf. pass. of ἐκλύνω.
 ἐκλεο, Ep. *for ἐκλέω, 2 sing. impf. of κλέω.*
 ἐκ-λέπω, f. ψω, *to free from the shell, to hatch.*
 ἐκ-λήγω, f. ξω, *to cease entirely.*
 ἐκ-ληθάνω, f. -λήσω, see ἐκλανθάνω II.
 ἐκλήθη, aor. I pass. of καλέω.
 ἐκλήσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκλανθάνομαι) *forgetfulness: for-*
getting and forgiving.
 ἐκ-λιμπάνω, poet. *for ἐκλείπω.*
 ἐκλινθήμες, Dor. I pl. aor. I pass. of κλίνω.
 ἐκ-λιπαίνω, f. ἄνω, *to fatten:—Pass. to grow fat.*
 ἐκλιπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκλείπω.
 ἐκλίπης, ἐς, (ἐκλειπεῖν) *failing, deficient: ἡλίου ἐκ-*
λιπές τι γένεον = ἐκλειψίς, there was an eclipse of
the sun. II. *omitted.*
 ἐκλογή, ἡ, (ἐκλέγω) *a picking out, choice, election:*
a levy of troops or taxes. II. *a choice selection,*
as of extracts from authors.
 ἐκ-λογίζομαι, Dep. *to compute, reckon, calculate: to*
consider, reflect on.
 ἐκλόμην, aor. 2 of κέλομαι.
 ἐκ-λούω, f. σω, *to wash out.*
 ἐκ-λοχεύω, f. σω, *to bring forth:—Pass. to be*
born.
 ἐκλύθω, aor. I subj. pass. of ἐκλύνω.
 ἐκλύσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκλύω) *a release, deliverance.*
 ἐκλύττιρος, (ἐκλύω) *able to release; τὸ ἐκλυττιριον*
a means of delivering, a release, an expiatory offering.
 ἐκλύτος, *ον, let loose, discharged.* From
 ἐκ-λύω, f. ὤω [ῶ]: *for the tenses v. λύω:—to loose*
or set free from; ἐκλύειν στόμα *to give a loose to his*
tongue:—so also in Med. II. *to unloose, unstring*

a bow: hence to break up, put an end to:—Pass. to be faint, exhausted, despond.

ἐκ-λωβίομαι, Dep. to sustain grievous injuries.

ἐκ-λωπίζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, λῶπιος) to lay bare.

ἐκμαγεῖον, τό, (ἐκ, μαγήναι) the impression of a seal, a seal: ἐκμαγεῖον πέτρης a counterfeit of rock,—said of a hardy fisherman.

ἐκμαγήναι, aor. 2 pass. of ἐκμάσσω.

ἐκ-μαῖνω, f. -μαῖνῶ: act. I ἐξέμηναι:—to drive mad with any passion: πῶθον ἐκμήναι to kindle passionate desire — Pass. with aor. 2 ἐξεμάνην: intr. pf. act. ἐκ-μέμηναι:—to go mad with passion: to rave, be frantic.

ἐκμακτρον, τό, (ἐκμάσσω) an impress, image.

ἐκ-μανθάω, f. -μαθήσμαι: aor. 2 ἐξέμαθον: pf. ἐκ-μεμάθηκα:—to learn thoroughly, to learn by heart: in past tense, to have learnt thoroughly, and so to know full well, perceive II. to examine closely, search out.

ἐκμαῖνῶ, aor. 2 subj. pass. of ἐκμαλνομαι.

ἐκμάδεις, aor. I part. of ἐκμάσσω

ἐκ-μαργάω, f. ὦσω, (ἐκ, μάργος) to drive raving mad:—Pass. to go raving mad.

ἐκ-μαρτύρεω, f. ἦσω, to bear witness to a thing.

ἐκ-μάσσω Att. -πτω: fut. ἔω: aor. I ἐξέμαξα: Pass., pf. ἐκμέμαγαί:—to wipe off:—Med. to wipe away one's tears II. to mould or model in wax or plaster, to take an impression of: to imprint an image.

ἐκ-μαστεύω, f. σω, to search out.

ἐκ-μεθύσκω, to make quite drunk.

ἐκ-μείρομαι, Dep. to have a chief share in a thing; ἐξέμωρε, Ep. perf., used only in 3 pers. sing.

ἐκ-μελετάω, f. ἦσω, to train carefully: to practise diligently.

ἐκμεμάθηκα, pf. of ἐκμανθάνω.

ἐκμέμηναι, pf. med. of ἐκμαῖνω.

ἐκ-μετρίω, f. ἦσω, to measure out:—Med. to measure out for oneself: to take measure of.

ἐκ-μετρος, ov, (ἐκ, μέτρον) measureless, boundless, Lat. immensus.

ἐκμήναι, aor. I inf. of ἐκμαινω.

ἐκ-μηνος, ov, (ἐξ, μήν) of six months, half yearly:

as Subst., ἐκμηνος, ἡ, a space of six months.

ἐκ-μυρνύομαι, Dep., of an army, to defile out of.

ἐκ-μυαίνω, to pollute.

ἐκ-μιμέομαι, Dep. to imitate faithfully.

ἐκ-μισθώω, f. ὦσω, to let out for hire:—Med. to hire.

ἐκ-μολο, Ep. for ἐξέμολο, 3 sing aor. 2 of ἐκβλώσκω.

ἐκ-μουσάω, f. ὦσω, (ἐκ, μουσα) to teach fully

ἐκ-μοχθέω, f. ἦσω, to work out with toil, Lat. elaborate: to win hardly or by great exertion, to achieve.

ἐκ-μοχλεύω, f. σω, (ἐκ, μοχλῆς) to heave with the lever, to force one's way.

ἐκ-μυζάω, f. ἦσω, to suck out

ἐκ-μυκτηρίζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, μυκτήρ) to taunt up one's nose at, mock at.

ἐκ-νεαίω, f. σω, (ἐκ, νέος) to grow young or fresh.

ἐκ-νέμωμαι, Med. to feed off, Lat. depasci. 2. to go forth to feed, go forth.

ἐκνευρίκηκα, pf. of ἐκνευρίσκω.

ἐκ-νευρίζω, f. σω, to cut the sinews:—Pass., pf. ἐκνευρίσκαμαι, to be unnerved.

ἐκ-νεύω, f. σω: aor. I ἐξένευσα:—to turn aside, turn away. II. to sink down. III. to give

a nod or sign to do a thing.

ἐκ-νέω, fut. -νεύσομαι: aor. I ἐξένευσα:—to swim out or away, escape by swimming: generally, to escape.

ἐκ-νήφω, f. ψω, to sleep off a drunken fit, become sober again.

ἐκ-νίζω, f. -νύρω (as if from ἐκνίπτω): aor. I ἐξένησα:—to wash out or away.

ἐκ-νικάω, f. ἦσω, to conquer completely: to achieve by force. II. intr. to prevail, grow into use; ἐπὶ τῷ μυθῶδες ἐκνικηκέναι to win its way to the fabulous.

ἐκ-νόμιος, ov, (ἐκ, νόμος) unusual, unwonted, strange. Adv. -laws, Sup. ἐκνομώτατα.

ἐκ-νομος, ov, (ἐκ, νόμος) unusual, unwonted, unusual:—Adv. -μως, discordantly.

ἐκ-νοστήω, f. ἦσω, to return from, to return.

ἐκ-νοσφίζομαι, Dep. to take for oneself.

ἐκνυζήτω, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of κνύζωμαι

ἐκνομίσσα, Ep. aor. I of νομίζω.

ἐκοντί, Adv. (ἐκόν) freely, willingly.

ἐκορέσασατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κορύννυμι.

ἐκούσιος, a, ov, (ἐκόν) of one's own free will, voluntary. Adv. -laws; also ἐξ ἐκουσίας or καθ' ἐκουσίαν.

ἐκπαγλῆομαι, Pass. to be astonished or amazed. II. to wonder at, admire exceedingly. From

ἐκ-παγλος, ov, (metath. for ἐκ-πλᾶγος, from ἐκ-πλᾶγναι) frightful, terrible, fearful. Adv. ἐκπάγλως, also neut. ἐκπαγλῶν and ἐκπαγλα used as Adv., terribly, fearfully, greatly. II. astonishing, wonderful.

ἐκπαίδευμα, ατος, τό, anything reared, a child. From ἐκ-παίδευν, f. σω, to bring up from a child: to educate

ἐκ-παυάσσω, to rush furiously forth.

ἐκ-παύω: f. -παύησω: aor. I ἐξέπαυσα:—to strike out of a thing, disappoint.

ἐκ-πᾶλαι, Adv. for ἐκ πάλαι, of old, long ago.

ἐκ-πάλλω, to shake out:—Pass. to spirt out.

ἐκπαλτο, Ep. for ἐξεπάλετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐκπάλλω.

ἐκ-παύασσω, f. ἔω, to strike out of one's senses.

ἐκ-πάτιος, a, ov, (ἐκ, πάτος) out of the common path: excessive.

ἐκ-παύω, f. σω, to set quite at rest, put an end to:—Med. to take one's rest.

ἐκ-πελθω, f. σω, to persuade, over-persuade.

ἐκ-πειράζω, f. ἄσω, to tempt.

ἐκ-πειράομαι, fut. -πειράσομαι [α]: aor. I ἐξεπειράσθην [α]: Dep.:—to make trial of, prove, tempt. 2. to inquire of another.

ἐκ-πέλω, whence impers. ἀπέλει, it is allowed.

ἐκ-πέμνω, fut. ψω: aor. I ἐξέπεμψα:—to send out or forth from: of things, to export. 2. to call or

fetch out, send for: Pass. *to go forth, depart. to dismiss, drive away: to divorce.* Hence
 ἔκπεψις, εως, ἡ, *a sending out or forth.*
 ἔκπεπτασται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐκπετάννυμι.
 ἐκπέπληγμα, pf. pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.
 ἐκπεπόνημαι, pf. pass. of ἐκπονέω.
 ἐκπεπόρθημαι, pf. pass. of ἐκπορθέω.
 ἐκπεπόρθμεναι, pf. pass. of ἐκπορθέω, both in med. and pass. sense.

ἐκπέποται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐκπίνω.
 ἔκπεπόταμαι, Dor. pf. of ἐκποτόμαι.
 ἐκπεπταμένος, η, ον, pf. pass. part. of ἐκπετάννυμι, *spread, open.* Adv. -ως, *extravagantly.*
 ἐκπέπτωκα, pf. of ἐκπίπτω.

ἐκπεράα, ἐκπερώσω, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. of ἐκπεράω.
 ἐκπεραίω, f. ἀνώ, *to bring to an end*:—Pass. *to be fulfilled.*

ἐκπέραα, ατος, τό, *a passing out.* From
 ἐκπεράω: f. άώω [ε] Ion. ἦωα: Ion. aor. I ἐξεπέρησα—to pass through or over: metaph., *to accomplish.*

ἐκπερδικίλω, f. low Att. ἰώ, (ἐκ, πέρδιξ) *to escape like a partridge, fly away.*

ἐκπέρθω, fut. -πέρσω, *to destroy utterly.*
 ἐκπερείμι, *to go all round.*

ἐκπεύρω, aor. I inf. of ἐκπέρθω.
 ἐκπεύρω, Ep. for ἐξέπεσε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκπίπτω:

ἐκπεύειν, for ἐκπεύειν, aor. 2 inf.
 ἐκπέταμαι, f. -πτήσομαι: aor. 2 both in med. and act. forms ἐξεπτάμην and ἐξέπτην:—*to fly out, forth or away.*

ἐκπετάννυμι, f. -πετάσω [α]: Ep. aor. I ἐξεπέτασσα:—*to spread out, unfurl, spread: to stretch out.*

ἐκπετήσιμος, ον, (ἐκπέταμαι) *ready to fly out of the nest*: metaph. of a girl, *marriageable.*

ἐκπέτομαι, aor. 2 -επτόμην, = ἐκπέταμαι.
 ἐκπεύθομαι, Ep. for ἐκπυνθάνομαι.

ἐκπέφευγα, pf. of ἐκφεύγω.
 ἐκπεφύνηται, pf. part. pl. fem. nom. of ἐκφύω.

ἐκπηδάω, f. ἥσομαι, *to leap out or forth*: esp. of a besieged force, *to sally forth.* 2. *to leap up.* Hence

ἐκπήδημα, ατος, τό, *a leap out or forth.*
 ἐκπηνίλω, f. low Att. ἰώ, (ἐκ, πήνιον) *to reel off, wind out*: fut. med., ἐκπηνιέσθαι τί τινας *to wind something out of a man.*

ἐκπιθύομαι, Dep. (ἐκ, πιθύω) *to gush forth.*
 ἐκπιμπλημι, f. -πλήσω: aor. I ἐξέπλησα, pass. ἐξέπλησθην:—*to fill up, fill full of.* 2. *to satiate.* II. *to fulfil.* III. *to finish, complete.*

ἐκπίνω [ι]: f. -πίομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέπιον: for the other tenses, v. πίνω:—*to drink out or off, quaff, drain.* II. metaph. *to empty out, drain.*

ἐκπινράσσω, *to sell off.*
 ἐκπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. ἐξέπεσον: pf. ἐκπέπτωκα:—*to fall out of or down from.* 2. *to fall from, be deprived of, lose, Lat. excidere.* 3. *to be driven out of one's country, be banished.* 4. *to be cast ashore, to be wrecked, Lat. ejici.* 5. of actors,

to be bisped off the stage, Lat. explodi. 6. *to come out or forth, sally out: to get out of, escape: to depart from.* 7. *to issue, result in.*

ἐκπίνω, poet. for ἐκπίπτω.
 ἐκπλάγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.

ἐκπλεθρος, ον, (ἐξ, πλεθρον) *six plethra long.*
 ἐκ-πλεος, poet. ἐκπλεος, α, ον, Att. ἐκπλεως, αν (ἐκ, πλέως) *quite full: complete, entire: abundant.*

ἐκ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι: aor. I ἐξέπλευσα: Ion. ἐκπλώω, f. -πλώσω:—*to sail out, go out of port; c acc., ἐκπλεῖν τὰς ναῦς εἰς τὴν εὐρυχωρίαν to out sail the ships into the open sea.*

ἐκ-πλεως, αν, Att. for ἐκπλεος.
 ἐκπλήγην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.

ἐκ-πλήγνυμι, = ἐκπλήσσω.
 ἐκπληκτικός, ὁ, ὢν, (ἐκπλήσσω) *striking with terror, astounding.* Adv. -κῶς, *in amazement.*

ἐκπλήξεις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκπλήσσω) *panic fear, consternation; ἐκπλήξεις κακῶν terror caused by misfortune.*

ἐκ-πληρώω, f. ώσω, *to fill quite up.* 2. of ships, *to man completely.* 3. *to fulfil.* II. ἐκπληροῦν λιμένα *to cross over the harbour, Lat. emetiri spatium.*

ἐκ-πλήσσω Att. -πτω: fut. ξω: aor. I ἐξέπληξα:—*to strike out of, drive away: to frighten out of one's senses, scare, astound.* II. Pass., mostly in aor. 2 ἐξεπλάγχην [α], Ep. 3 sing. and pl. ἐκπλήγην, ἐκπλήγην: later also aor. I ἐξεπλήχθην:—*to be panic-struck, amazed.*

ἐκπλοος contr. ἐκπλους, ὁ, (ἐκπλέω) *a sailing out, leaving port.*

ἐκ-πλύνω [ν], *to wash out.* Hence
 ἐκπλύτος, ον, *to be washed out.*

ἐκπλώω, Ion. for ἐκπλέω.
 ἐκ-πνέω Ep. -πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι or -οῦμαι: aor. I ἐξέπνευσα:—*to breathe out or forth.* 2. βλον ἐκπνεῖν *to breathe one's last, expire; and so ἐκπνέω alone.* II. intr., of the wind, *to blow out or outwards: to burst out.* Hence.

ἐκπνόη, ἡ, *a breathing out, expiring.*
 ἐκ-ποδών, Adv. (ἐκ, ποδών) *out of the way; ἐκποδὼν ἵστασθαι to stand out of the way; ἐκποδὼν χορεύειν to get out of his way.* Opp. *to ἐμποδών.*

ἐκ-ποιέω, f. ἥσω; aor. I ἐξέποίησα:—*to put out a child, give him in adoption.* II. Med. *to produce, bring forth.* III. *to make completely, finish off.* Hence

ἐκποίησις, εως, ἡ, *a putting forth, emission: and ἐκποίησις, η, ον, put forth, given in adoption.*

ἐκ-ποκίλω, f. low Att. ἰώ, *to pull out wool or hair.*
 ἐκ-πολεμέω, f. ἥσω, *to excite to war, make hostile.*

ἐκ-πολεμέω, f. ώσω, *to make hostile, involve in war:* Pass. *to become an enemy to.*

ἐκ-πολιορκέω, f. ἥσω, *to take by siege, Lat. expugnare.*
 ἐκπομπή, ἡ, (ἐκπέμπω) *a sending out or forth*

ἐκ-πονέω, f. ἥσω: aor. I ἐξέποννησα:—*to work out, finish off, execute, bring to perfection; Lat. elaborare*:—Pass. *to be brought to perfection; αἶνος ἐκπε-*

πρωτημένους *corn prepared for use*; ἐκπεπονησθαι τὰ σώματα *to have their bodies in good training.* II. *to work hard for, to earn by labour.* III. *to prevail on by importunity.* IV. *to search out.* V. *of food, to digest by labour.*

ἐκ-πορεύω, f. ψω, *to make to go out, fetch out*:—Med. and Pass., fut. -πορεύσομαι, aor. I ἐξεπορεύσθην, *to go out or forth, to go away, march out.*

ἐκ-πορθέω, f. ήσω, =ἐκέρθω, *to pillage*: metaph. *to undo.* II. *to carry off as plunder.* Hence ἐκπορθήτωρ, opos, δ, *a ravager, destroyer.*

ἐκ-πορθμέω, f. σω, *to carry away by sea.*
ἐκ-πορίζω: f. ίσω Att. ίω; aor. I ἐξεπόρισα:—*to invent, contrive.* II. *to find means for doing a thing, to provide, furnish, supply*:—Med. *to provide for oneself, procure.*

ἐκ-πορνεύω, f. σω, *to be given to fornication.*
ἐκ-ποτάομαι, Ion. for ἐκ-πέτομαι: Dor. pf. ἐκπετόαμαι: Dep. —*to fly out or forth*: metaph. *to be lifted up or elated.*

ἐκ-πράσσω Att. -πτω: f. ξω: aor. I ἐξέπραξα:—*to do to completely, bring about, achieve, Lat. efficere.* II. *to make an end of, kill, Lat. conficere.* III. *to exact a fine: to exact punishment for, to avenge.*

ἐκ-πράυνω, *to soothe, mollify.*
ἐκπρεπής, ές, (ἐκπρέπω) *distinguished out of all, pre-eminent.* II. (έκ, πρέπον) *unseemly, unbecoming.*

ἐκ-πρέπω, *to be pre-eminent in a thing.*
ἐκπρεπώς, Adv. of ἐκπρεπής η, *unreasonably.*

ἐκ-πρήσσω, Ion. for ἐκπράσσω.
ἐκ-πρίω, f. -πριύμαι: aor. 2 ἐξέπριον:—*to saw out.*

ἐκ-προθύμιομαι, f. ήσομαι: Dep. *to be very zealous.*
ἐκ-προημι, f. ήσω, *to pour forth.*

ἐκ-προκάλεομαι, f. έσομαι: Med. *to call forth to or for oneself*; Ep. aor. I part. ἐκπροκαλεσάμενος.

ἐκπροκρίθεις, aor. I pass. part. of
ἐκ-προκρίνω, f. -κρίνω, *to select in preference.*

ἐκ-προλείπω, f. ψω, *to forsake*; aor. 2 part. ἐκπρολιπών.

ἐκ-προτιμάω, f. ήσω, *to honour above all.*
ἐκ-προφύγω, f. -φεύγομαι, *to escape from.*

ἐκ-προχέω, f. -χεώ, *to pour forth.*
ἐκ-πτερύσσομαι, Dep. *to expand the wings.*

ἐκ-πτήσσω, f. ξω, *to scare away from.*
ἐκ-πτοέω, f. ήσω, = ἐκπτήσσω:—Pass. *to be scared.*

ἐκ-πτύω, f. ύσω or ύσομαι [ύ]: aor. I ἐξέπτυσα:—*to spit out: to spit in token of disgust.*

ἐκ-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πυνέομαι: aor. 2 ἐξεπυθόμην: Dep. —*to search out, make full inquiry about, bear of.*

ἐκ-πύρλω, f. ώσω, *to burn to ashes, consume.* Hence ἐκπύρωσις, εως, ή, *a conflagration.*

ἐκ-πυστος, on, beard of, discovered.
ἐκπυω, ατος, τό, (ἐκπίνω) *a drinking-cup.*

ἐκ-ποτάομαι, poet. for ἐκποτάομαι, ἐκπέτομαι.
ἐκράανθεν, Ep. for ἐκρανθήσαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of

ἐκ-ραβέλλω, f. σω, *to drive out with a rod.*

ἐκράγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐκρήγνυμι.

ἐκράγισσμαι, fut. 2 pass. of ἐκρήγνυμι.

ἐκράζων, aor. 2 of κράζω.

ἐκράθην [α], aor. I pass. of κεράννυμι.

ἐκράλαινον, Ep. impf. of κραινών.

ἐκ-ραίνω, f. άνώ: aor. I ἐξέράνα:—*to scatter out from.*

ἐκρέμω, for ἐκρέμαω, 2 sing. impf. of κρέμαμαι.

ἐκ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: pf. ἐξερρύηκα: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) ἐξερρύην:—*to flow out or forth.* 2. of feathers, *to fall off.* 3. *to melt or fall away.* II. trans. *to shed, let fall.*

ἐκ-ρήγνυμι or ἐκ-ρήσσω: fut. -ρήξω: aor. I ἐξέρρηξα:—Pass., fut. 2 ἐκρήγισσμαι: aor. 2 ἐξερράγην:—*to break out, break off*:—Pass. *to snap asunder.*

II. in Pass. also, *to break or burst out, to break forth.* III. also intr. in Act., *to break out or forth.*

ἐκ-ρίζω, f. ώσω, *to root out.*

ἐκρίθην, aor. I pass. of κρίνω.

ἐκ-ρίπτω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέρριψα:—*to throw out, cast forth.*

ἐκροος, contr. ἐκρους, δ, (ἐκρέω) *outflow, outfall.*

ἐκ-ροφέω, f. ήσω, *to gulp down.*

ἐκρύβην [β], aor. 2 pass. of κρύπτω.

ἐκ-ρύομαι, f. -ρύσομαι, *to rescue, deliver.*

ἐκρύφθην, aor. I pass. of κρύπτω.

ἐκ-σάλλασσω, *to shake violently.*

ἐκ-σάβω, f. ώσω: aor. I ἐξέσάωσα:—Ep. for ἐκσάω.

ἐκ-σειώ, f. σω: aor. I ἐξέσεισα:—*to shake out.*

ἐκ-σεύομαι: pf. ἐξέσσυμαι: plqpf. (in aor. sense) ἐξεσσύμην: Pass.: (έκ, σείω):—*to rush forth from, flee away from.*

ἐκ-σημαίνω, f. άνώ, *to signify, denote.*

ἐκ-σιγάω, f. ήσομαι, *to put to utter silence.*

ἐκ-σκάλευω, f. σω, *to rake out, pull away.*

ἐκ-σκεδάννυμι, or ἐκ-σκεδάσσω [α], *to scatter abroad.*

ἐκ-σκευάζω, f. σω, *to disfurnish.*

ἐκ-σμάω, inf. -σμήν: impf. ἐξέσμαν:—*to wipe out.*

ἐκ-σοβέω, f. ήσω: aor. I ἐξέσοβησα:—*to scare away.*

ἐκ-σπώω, f. άσω [α]: aor. I ἐξέσπασα, Ep. part. med. ἐκσπασάμενος:—*to draw out, pluck out.*

ἐκ-σπένδω, f. -σπέω, *to pour out as a libation.*

ἐκ-σπένδω, f. σω, *to hasten out.*

ἐκ-σπονδος, on, (έκ, σπονδή) *out of the treaty, excluded from it.*

ἐκ-στάδιον, on, (έξ, στάδιον) *six stades long.*

ἐκστάσις, εως, ή, (έξιστημι) *a being put out of its place: of the mind, distraction, astonishment:—a trance*: (hence Engl. ecstasy).

ἐκ-στέλλω, f. -στέλω, aor. I ἐξέστειλα:—*to send out: to deck out.*

ἐκ-στέφω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέστεφα: pf. pass. ἐξέστεμμαι:—*to deck out with garlands.*

ἐκ-στρέψα, ή, *a going out on services.* From

ἐκ-στράτεύω, f. σω, *to march out: to take the field*

ἐκ-στράτοπεδεύομαι, f. εὐσομαι: pf. ἐξεστρατοπεδεύομαι: Dep.:—to encamp outside.

ἐκ-στρέφω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέστρεψα:—to. turn aside, overturn. II. to turn inside out: metaph. to change entirely: to pervert.

ἐκ-σπύρειν Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to whistle or hiss off the stage, Lat. *explosere*.

ἐκ-σπύρω [ϋ], to drag out: aor. 2 pass. ἐξέσπυρην [ϋ]. ἐκ-σφραγίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰω, to seal up:—Pass. to be shut out from.

ἐκ-σώζω, f. σω: aor. I ἐξέσωσα:—to keep safe, preserve:—Med. to save oneself, save one's life:—Pass., ἦσον ἐκασέσθαι to seek for safety in the island.

ἐκ-σπαρεύω, f. σω, (ἐκ, σπαρός) to heap or pile up.

ἐκτά, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κτείνω.

ἐκτάδην [α], Adv. (ἐκτείνω) outstretched.

ἐκτάδεις, n, ov, (ἐκτείνω) outspread.

ἐκτάθεις, aor. I part. pass. of ἐκτείνω.

ἐκτάττω, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of κτείνειν.

ἐκτῆμα, Ep. for ἐξέταμε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκτέμνω.

ἐκταμεν, Ep. for ἐκτάμεν, I pl. aor. 2 of κτείνω.

ἐκτάμων, Ep. aor. 2 med. (with pass. sense) of κτείνω.

ἐκ-τάμνω, Ion. for ἐκτέμνω.

ἐκτῶν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of κτείνω.

ἐκτῶν, aor. 2 of κτείνω.

ἐκ-τάνύω, f. ύου: aor. I ἐξετάνυσα, Ep. -νυσα: aor. I pass. ἐξετάνυσθην:—poët. for κτείνω, to stretch out in the dust, lay low:—Pass., to lie outstretched.

ἐκ-τιράσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω: aor. I ἐξετάραξα:—to disquiet, confound, agitate.

ἐκ-τάσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to draw an army out in order:—Med., of an army, to draw up in line.

ἐκτέατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. of κτάομαι.

ἐκ-τέθραμμα, pf. pass. of ἐκτρέφω.

ἐκτεθῆς, aor. I pass. part. of ἐκτίθημι.

ἐκ-τείνω, fut. -τένω: aor. I ἐξέτεινα: pf. ἐκτέτακα:—Pass., I ἐξέτελλον: pf. ἐκτέταμαι:—to stretch out, to stretch along, esp. of a corpse: hence, to lay low:—Pass., to lie outstretched, lie along: metaph. of the mind, to be on the stretch, on the rack. II. to stretch out, extend, prolong. III. to strain to the uttermost.

ἐκ-τεχνίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰω, to fortify completely: to build from the ground.

ἐκ-τελευτάω, f. ἦσω, to bring quite to an end.

ἐκ-τελέω: Ep. impf. ἐξετέλειον: f. -τελέσω, Ep.

-τελέω:—fut. med. ἐκτελέεσθαι in pass. sense:—to bring to an end, accomplish, achieve.

ἐκ-τελής, ἐς, (ἐκ, τέλος) brought to an end, perfect: ripe, mature.

ἐκ-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω: f. τεμῶ: aor. 2 ἐξέταμον:—to cut out from, cut out: to cut trees out of a wood, to cut down. 2. to bew out, bew into shape. II. to castrate.

ἐκτένεια, ἡ, earnestness, zeal. From

ἐκτενής, ἐς, (ἐκτείνω) stretched out: metaph. earnest, zealous, assiduous. 2. abundant. Hence

ἐκτενῶς, Adv. earnestly, zealously, assiduously: Comp. ἐκτενέστερον more earnestly.

ἐκτέος, α, ov, verb. Adj. of ἔχω, to be held. II.

neut. ἐκτέον, one must have or bold.

ἐκτέτῃκα, intrans. pf. of ἐκτίκω.

ἐκτέτιλμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκτίλλω.

ἐκτεῦς, ἐως, ὁ, (ἐκτος) the sixth part (sextarius) of the μέδιμνος, = 8 choenices.

ἐκ-τεχνάομαι, f. ἦσομαι: aor. I ἐξετεχνησάμην: Dep.:—to contrive, devise.

ἐκ-τήκει, f. ξω: aor. 2 ἐξέτακον:—to make melt away:—Pass., with intr. pf. act. ἐκτέτῃκα, to melt away. II. Pass., also, to slip from the mind, opp. to ἐμμένειν.

ἐκτῆμα, for κέκτημαι, pf. of κτάομαι.

ἐκτῆμα, 2 sing. aor. 1 of κτάομαι.

ἐκ-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: to set out, put outside:—to put out, expose. II. to set up, exhibit.

ἐκ-τίκτω, f. -τέλω: aor. 2 ἐξέτεκον:—to bring forth.

ἐκ-τίλλω, f. -τίλω: pf. pass. ἐκτέτιλμαι:—to pluck or pull out: Pass., κύμην ἐκτετιλμένος having one's hair plucked out.

ἐκ-τιμῶ, f. ἦσω, to honour bigly.

ἐκ-τίμος, ov, (ἐκ, τιμή) without honour

ἐκ-τινάσσω, f. ξω, to shake out or off.

ἐκ-τίνω, f. -τίσω: aor. I ἐξέτισα:—to pay off, pay in full: ἐκτίσαι δίκην to pay the full penalty. II.

Med. to exact full payment for a thing, avenge: to take vengeance on.

ἐκ-τιτρώσσω, f. -τρώσω: aor. I ἐξέτρωσα:—to cause a miscarriage. II. intr. to miscarry.

ἐκτοθεν, Adv. (ἐκτός) Ep. for ἐξοθεν, from without, c. gen.: outside.

ἐκτοθι, Adv. (ἐκτός) out of, outside, c. gen.

ἐκ-τολῶ, f. σω, to wind quite off, to bring to an end.

ἐκτορεύς, ἐως, ὁ, (ἐκτέμνω) one that cuts out: fem.

ἐκτομής, ἴδος.

ἐκτομή, ἡ, (ἐκτέμνω) a cutting out: castration. Hence

ἐκτομίας, ov, ὁ, one castrated, a eunuch.

ἐκ-τοξέω, f. σω, to shoot out, shoot away: to throw away. 2. to shoot from a place, shoot arrows.

ἐκ-τόπος, α, ov, also os, ov, = ἐκτοπος.

ἐκ-τοπος, ov, (ἐκ, τόπος) away from a place, distant: hence out of the way, foreign, strange.

ἐκ-τορέω, f. ἦσω, to bore through, stab to death.

ἐκτος, η, ov, (ἐξ) the sixth.

ἐκτός, Adv. (ἐκ) Lat. extrinsecus, opp. to ἐντός: I.

of Place, without, outside: as Prep. with gen. out of, far from: free from. 2. out of, beyond. 3.

except. II. of Time, beyond, over.

ἐκτοσε, (ἐκτός) Adv. outwards.

ἐκτοσθε, ἐκτοσθεν, (ἐκτός) Adv. from without, without, outside: far from, apart from.

ἐκ-τράπεζος, ov, (ἐκ, τράπεζα) away from or banished from the table.

ἐκ-τραχηλίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰω, of a horse, to throw

the rider over its head: generally, to throw off or down:—Pass. to break one's neck.

ἐκ-τραχύνω [ῥ], f. ἴνῶ, to make rough.

ἐκ-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn off or aside, divert + metaph., to turn aside, dissuade:—Pass. and Med. to turn aside from, to avoid.

ἐκ-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω. aor. I ἐξέθρεψα:—to bring up from childhood, rear up:—Med. to rear up f. oneself.

ἐκ-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι and -δράμωμαι (from *δρέμω):—to run out or forth: to make a sally. 2.

to run off or away. 3. metaph. of anger, to burst forth.

ἐκ-τρίβω, f. ψω. aor. I ἐξέτριψα:—Pass., fut. 2 ἐκ-τριβήσομαι: pf. ἐκέτριμμαι:—to rub out: πῦρ ἐκ-τρίβειν to produce fire by rubbing. II. to rub hard.

III. to destroy by rubbings, destroy root and branch; βίον ἐκτρίβειν to bring life to a wretched end.

ἐκτρίβω, aor. I inf. of ἐκτρίβω.

ἐκτροπή, ἡ, (ἐκτρέπω) a turning off or aside. II.

a turning oneself from, avoidance:—ἐκτροπή ὁδοῦ a resting-place; ἐκτροπή λόγου a digression.

ἐκ-τρύχω, f. ὦσω, to wear out, exhaust.

ἐκ-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι, to eat up, devour.

ἐκτρώμα, ατος, τό, (ἐκτιτρώσκω) a child untimely born, an abortion.

ἐκτύπον, aor. 2 of κτυπέω.

ἐκ-τύπος, ον, (ἐκ, τύπτω) beaten out, wrought in relief. Hence

ἐκ-τυπῶς, f. ὦσω, to work in relief.

ἐκ-τυφλῶ, f. ὦσω, to make quite blind. Hence

ἐκτύφλωσις, εως, ἡ, a making quite blind.

ἐκύνει, 3 sing. impf. of κύνει.

ἐκτέρα, ἡ, a step-mother, Ep. word for πενθερά.

ἐκῦρόν, aor. 2 of κνρέω.

ἐκῦρός, ὁ, a step-father, Ep. word for πενθερός.

(Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐκῦσα, aor. I of κυνέω.

ἐκῦσα, aor. I of κύω.

ἐκ-φάγειν, to eat up, devour: only used in aor. 2, the pres. in use being ἐξεσθίω.

ἐκ-φαιδρύνω [ῥ], f. ἴνῶ, to make quite clear.

ἐκ-φαίνω, f. -φάνω: aor. I ἐξέφηνα:—to shew forth, bring to light: to betray, make known; ἐκφαίνειν πόλεμον to declare war:—Pass. and Med., f. -φάνομαι

and -φάνησομαι: aor. I ἐξεφάνθην, aor. 2 ἐξεφάνην [ᾱ]:—to shine out or forth, to shew oneself, appear, to come to light. Hence

ἐκφάνης, ἐς, shining forth, manifest. Adv. -vns.

ἐκφάσθαι, pres. inf. med. of ἐκφηνμι.

ἐκφάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκφηνμι) a declaration.

ἐκφάτος, ον, (ἐκφηνμι) beyond power of speech:—

Adv. ἐκφάτως, expressly, plainly; or, beyond words to express, i. e. impiously.

ἐκ-φαιλίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to depreciate.

ἐκφερέμεν, Ep. for ἐκφέρεω, inf. of ἐκφέρειν.

ἐκ-φέρω, f. ἐφέλω: aor. I and 2 ἐξήνεγκα, ἐξήνεγκον:—fut. med. ἐφέλοισμαι in pass. sense:—to carry

out of: to carry out a corpse for burial, Lat. *efferre*: also to carry away: to carry off as prize:—Pass. to be carried out; metaph. to be carried away by passion. 2. to put out of a ship. II. to bring forth, to produce. 2. to accomplish, fulfil: bring about. 3. to bring out, put forward, to publish, proclaim: to tell abroad, betray. 4. to put forth, exert. 5. ἐκφέρειν πόλεμον, Lat. *inferre bellum*, to begin war. 6. to shew signs of, shew. III.

to carry out or to the end. IV. intr. (sub. εαυτόν) to run out of the course, of race-horses: also to run away. 2. to come to an end.

ἐκ-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι and -φευγώμαι: aor. 2 ἐξέφυγον: pf. ἐκπέφυγα:—to flee out or away, escape: to flee out of, escape from; βέλος ἐκφυγε χειρός. 2.

to escape from danger; esp. to be acquitted.

ἐκ-φημι, to speak out, speak: aor. 2 inf. med. ἐκ. φάσθαι.

ἐκ-φθείρω, to destroy utterly: Pass. to be undone; imper. ἐκφείρου, begone! aor. 2 part. ἐκφθάρει.

ἐκ-φθίνω, only used in Pass. to perish utterly; 3 pl. pf., ἐξέφθινται they have utterly perished; 3 sing. plqpf., ἐξέφθιτο οἶνος ἡνῶν the wine bad all been consumed out of the ships.

ἐκ-φιλῶ, f. ἡσω, to love passionately.

ἐκ-φλαυρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, = ἐκφανίζω.

ἐκ-φλέγω, f. ξω: aor. I ἐξέφλεξα:—to set on fire.

ἐκ-φοβῶ, f. ἡσω, to frighten out or away, affright:—Pass. to be affrighted.

ἐκ-φονίσσω, fut. ξω, to make red or bloody.

ἐκ-φουτάω, Ion. -έω, fut. ἡσω, to go out or forth.

ἐκφορά, ἡ, (ἐκ-φέρω) a carrying out of a corpse to burial. 2. a blabbing, betrayal. II. (from

Pass.) of horses, a running away.

ἐκ-φορέω, = ἐκφέρω, to carry out a corpse for burial:—Med. to take out with one:—Pass. to move forth. II. to carry quite out. III. in Pass.,

to be cast up on shore, Lat. *ejici*.

ἐκφόριον, τό, (ἐκφέρω) that which is brought forth, fruit, produce; also rent, tithe.

ἐκφορος, ον, (ἐκφέρω) to be carried out, exportable. II. to be made known.

ἐκ-φορίζομαι, Pass., to be sold like merchandise: hence to be betrayed.

ἐκ-φράζω, f. ὦσω, to tell in full.

ἐκ-φρέω poet. ἐκφρέω: f. ἡσομαι, also ἡσω: (ἐκ, φρέω which only occurs in compos., v. δια-φρέω, ἐκ-φρέω):—to let out, bring out:—Pass. to go out.

ἐκ-φροντίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to think out, devise, invent, Lat. *excogitare*.

ἐκ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐκ, φρήν) out of one's mind, mad, senseless, Lat. *amens*: also, frenzied.

ἐκ-φυγγάνω, = ἐκφύγω.

ἐκφύγε, Ep. for ἐξέφυγε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκφεύγω.

ἐκ-φύλασσω, f. ξω, to watch carefully.

ἐκφύνω, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκφύνω, formed from ἐκφνυμι.

ἐκ-φύσσω, f. ἡσω, to blow out or breathe out: metaph.

ἐκφυσᾶν πόλεμον to blow up a war from a spark.

ἐκ-φύω. I. Causal in pres., in f. ἐκφύσω [ῥ] :
 aor. 1. ἐξέφύσα :—to beget, produce. II. intr.
 in pf. ἐκπέφυκα, aor. 2 ἐξέφυν, and in Med. ἐκφύο-
 μαι :—to be produced or born from, grow from, c. gen. :
 absol. λάλημα ἐκπεφυκόσ ἀ βορὴ τῆς τῆς.
 ἐκ-φονέω, f. ἦσω, to pronounce aloud.
 ἐκ-χαλάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to let go from.
 ἐκ-χαυνόω, f. ὠσω, to puff up, make vain.
 ἐκχέω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 med. of ἐκχέω
 ἐκ-χέω, f. -χέω : aor. 1 ἐξέχεα, Ep. ἐξέχενα : pf. ἐκ-
 κέχεκα :—to pour out, Lat. effundo : to pour forth in
 vain, lavish, squander. II. Pass., aor. 1 ἐξεχύθη [ῥ] :
 pf. ἐκέχυμαι : Ep. forms, 3 pl. plqpf. ἐκέχυντο, aor.
 2 ἐξέχυτο or ἐκχύτο, part. ἐκχόμενος :—to be poured
 out, to stream out or forth : generally, to spread out or
 abroad :—to give loose to passion, Lat. effundi in . . .
 ἐκ-χορεύω, f. ὠω, to break out of the chorus. II.
 ἐκχορεύομαι, as Dep., to drive out of the chorus.
 ἐκ-χράω, Ion. -χρέω, like ἀποχράω :—to suffice, be
 enough for : only used as impers. ἐκχρήσει, ἐξέχρησε,
 it will be, was enough or sufficient for.
 ἐκ-χράω, f. ἦσω, to declare as an oracle.
 ἐκ-χρηματίζομαι, Dep. to squeeze money from, levy
 contributions on.
 ἐκχύνει, aor. 1 part. pass. of ἐκχέω.
 ἐκχυθήσομαι, fut. ind. of ἐκχέω.
 ἐκχόμενος [ῥ], Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐκχέω
 ἐκχύτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐκχέω.
 ἐκχύτος, on, (ἐκχέω) poured out : unconfined, out-
 spired, Lat. effusus :—ἐκχυντο, τό, drink.
 ἐκ-χώννυμι, f. -χώσω : pf. pass ἐκκέχασμαι :—to
 raise by bearing up soil : to silt up, of a river.
 ἐκ-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go out and away, depart
 from. 2. to slip out of : hence of a joint, to be
 dislocated. 3. to give way : to give place to.
 ἐκ-φύχω, f. ξω, to give up the ghost, Lat. exspiro.
 'ΕΚ'Ν'Ν, ἐκούσα, ἐκόν, willing, voluntary, of free
 will. II. often in phrase ἐκόν εἶναι (where the
 inf. seems to be pleonastic), willingly, purposely.
 ἑλάα, Att. for ἑλάα.
 ἑλάαν, Ep. for ἑλάν, inf. of ἑλαύνω.
 ἑλάβον, aor. 2 of λαμβάνω.
 ἑλάθον, aor. 2 of λαθάνω.
 'ΕΛΑΓ'Α Att. ἑλάα, f. the olive-tree, Lat. olea,
 oliva :—proverb., φέρεσθαι ἐκτὸς τῶν ἑλαῶν to run
 beyond the olives, which stood at the end of the Athenian
 racecourse, i. e. to go too far. II. the fruit
 of the olive-tree, an olive. Hence
 ἑλαιήεις Att. -αῖς, εἶσα, on, of the olive-tree.
 ἑλαίνεις, α, on, and ἑλαϊνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐλαία) of the
 olive-tree, of olive-wood.
 ἑλαιο-λόγος, ὁ, (ἐλαία, λέγω) an olive-gatherer.
 ἑλαιον, τό, (ἐλαία) olive-oil, oil, Lat. olivum.
 ἑλαιος, ὁ, (ἐλαία) the wild-olive, Lat. oleaster.
 ἑλαιο-φόρος, on, (ἐλαία, φέρω) olive-bearing.
 ἑλαιο-φύς, ἐς, (ἐλαία, φύω) olive-planted.
 ἑλαιο-φύτος, on, (ἐλαία, φύω) olive-planted.
 ἑλαῖς, ἴσος, ἡ, = ἐλαία : Att. pl. ἐλάδες.

ἑλαιόν, ὄνος, ὁ, (ἐλαία) an olive-garden, olive-yard,
 Lat. olivētum :—as prop. n., the Mount of Olives,
 Olivet.
 ἐλάκηκα, ἑλάκον, aor. 1 and 2 of λάσσω.
 ἐλάμβην, Ion. for ἐλήβην, aor. 1 pass. of λαμ-
 βάνω.
 ἑλ-ανδρος, on, (ἐλεῖν, ἀνὴρ) man-slaying.
 ἑλάσα, Ep. for ἥλασα, aor. 1 of ἑλαύνω :—ἐλά-
 σασκε, Ion. and Ep. 3 sing. —ἑλασαίαιτο, Ion. and
 Ep. for ἐλάσαιτο, 3 plur. aor. 1 opt. med.
 ἑλασῆς, ὁ, an unknown bird.
 ἑλάσειω, Desiderat. of ἑλαύνω, to wish to drive.
 ἐλάσια, ἡ, (ἐλαύνω) riding, driving.
 ἐλασί-βροντος, on, (ἐλαύνω, βροντή) thunder-
 ing. II. hurled like thunder.
 ἐλασ-ἵππος, on, (ἐλαύνω, ἵππος) horse-driving.
 ἑλάσις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἐλαύνω) a driving, riding : also
 rowing. 2. a driving away, banishing. 3. (sub.
 στρατοῦ), a march, expedition : (sub. ἵππου) riding.
 ἑλασσα, Ep. for ἑλασα, ἥλασα, aor. 1 of ἑλαύνω.
 ἑλασσώ, Att. -ττώ, f. ὠσω : aor. 1 Att. ἥλα-
 τωσα :—Pass., fut. ἑλασσώσομαι, but also f. med.
 ἑλασσώσομαι in pass. sense : aor. ἥλασσώθη :—to
 make less, smaller, or worse : to lessen, damage :
 hence to detract from. II. Pass. to become
 smaller, diminish : to come short of, have too little of
 a thing : c. gen. to be inferior to. From
 ἑλάσσων Att. -ττων, on, gen. ὄνος :—smaller,
 less, fewer, worse : ἑλασσον ἔχειν to have the worse :
 —neut. ἑλασσον as Adv., in a less degree : also reg.
 Adv. ἑλασσόνως :—Used as Comp. of μικρός, with
 Sup. ἐλαχίστος : the Posit. ἐλαχὺς is found only in
 old Ep.
 ἑλαστρέω, f. ἦσω, Ep. and Ion. for ἑλαύνω, to drive :
 to row : also to drive about.
 ἐλάσω, fut. of ἑλαύνω. [ᾶ]
 ἐλάτέον, verb. Adj. οἷ' ἑλαύνω, one must ride.
 'ΕΛΑ'ΤΗ [ᾶ], the pine or fir. II. an oar, as
 being made of pine-wood : later also the whole ship.
 ἐλάτῃρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἐλαύνω) a driver, a charioteer :
 ἐλατῇρ βροντῆς burler of thunder. II. one that
 drives away. III. a broad, flat cake. Hence
 ἐλατῆριος, α, on, driving away.
 ἐλάτινος, η, on, (ἐλάτῃ) of the pine or fir : of pine
 or fir-wood.
 ἑλαττον, Att. neut. for ἑλασσον, as Adv., less.
 ἑλαττονέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐλάσσων) to have less, have too
 little, be lacking.
 ἐλάττων, ἐλαττώω, ἐλάττωμα, Att. for ἑλασσ-
 'ΕΛΑΥ'ΝΩ : fut. ἐλάσω [ᾶ], Ep. ἐλάσω, Att. ἐλῶ,
 inf. ἐλάν, Ep. also ἐλῶν :—aor. 1 act. ἥλασα, Ep. ἑλά-
 σα, ἑλασσα :—pf. ἐλήλακα :—Med., aor. 1 ἥλασάμην,
 Ep. 2 sing. ἐλάσαιτο, part. ἑλασσάμενος :—Pass., aor.
 ἥλασθην and ἥλασθην : pf. ἐλήλαμαι and ἐλήλασμαι :
 plqpf. 3 sing. ἥληλατο, Ep. ἐλήλατο :—v. ἐλῶν :—to
 drive, drive on, set in motion, esp. of horses, chariots,
 ships. 2. seemingly intrans., to ride, drive, sail,
 row : ἑλαύνοντες the rowers :—in this sense it some-

times took a new acc., γαλήνην ἐλαύνειν to sail on a calm sea; πόντον ἐλάταις ἐλαύνειν to urge the sea with oars:—then really intrans., to advance, proceed, push on, go on; ἐς τοσούτων ἤλασαν they proceeded so far.

3. to drive away, carry off, Lat. abigere, properly of stolen cattle; but Att. also μύσος, μίσημα, ἄγος ἐλαύνειν to drive away pollution.

4. to drive into narrow compass, press in battle: Att. also, to harass, trouble, annoy.

II. to strike, to cut, wound by cut or thrust; c. dupl. acc., ὤμον ἐλαύνειν τινά to wound him on the shoulder.

2 to thrust, drive through: Pass. to go through.

III. to beat out metal, Lat. ducere; ἀσπίδα ἐλαύνειν to make a shield of beaten metal.

2. to draw out, to draw; ἐλαύνειν ὄρχον ἀμπελίδος to draw a line of vines, i.e. plant them in line: hence generally, to plant, produce.

3. κολῶν ἐλαύνειν to prolong, keep up the brawl.

ἐλάφειος, ον, (ἐλαφος) of or belonging to deer.

ἐλάφηβολία, ἡ, (ἐλαφηβόλος) a shooting of deer.

ἐλάφηβόλια (sub. ἱερά), τὰ, a festival of Artemis.

ΗΕΝΕ

ἐλάφηβολιών, ὥνος, ὁ, the ninth month of the Attic year, in which the Elaphebolia were held, answering to the last half of March and first half of April.

ἐλάφη-βόλος, ον, (ἐλαφος, βάλλω) biting or shooting deer: as Subst. a deer-bunter.

ἐλάφο-κτόνος, ον, (ἐλαφος, κτείνω) deer-killing.

*ΕΛΑΦΟΨΟΣ, ὁ and ἡ, a deer; whether male, a hart or stag, or female, a hind.

ἐλάφορ-σότη, ἡ, (ἐλαφος, σείω) deer-bunting.

ἐλαφρία, ἡ, lightness: thoughtlessness. From

*ΕΛΑΦΡΟΣ, ὁ, ὅν, and ὅς, ὅν, light in weight, Lat.

LEVIS: metaph. light, not burdensome, easy, ἐν ἐλαφρῷ ποιεῖσθαι to make light of:—Adv. ἐλαφρῶς, lightly, easily.

II. light in moving, nimble, swift, active; οἱ ἐλαφροὶ light troops, Lat. levis armatura.

III. metaph. light-minded, thoughtless.

ἐλάχιστος, η, ον, Sup. of ἐλάσσων, fewest, smallest, least, worst:—τό ἐλάχιστον, as Adv. at the least; so neut. pl. as Adv. ἐλάχιστα.—Hence comes a new Comp. ἐλαχιστότερος, less than the least; Sup. ἐλαχιστότατος, the very least.

ἐλάχων, aor. 2 of λαγχάνω.

ἐλάχυν-πτερυγί, υγοῖ, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐλαχύν, πτερυγί) short-winged; of fishes, short-finned.

*ΕΛΑΧΥΤΉ, εἰά, ὅ, small, short, little: Ep. word, whence ἐλάσσων, ἐλάχιστος are formed.

ἐλάω, rare poet. pres. for ἐλαύνω; Ep. inf. ἐλάαν, impf. ἐλαον, ἐλάν.

*ΕΛΑΘΟΜΑΙ, ἐλδομαι, Dep. to wish, long: to wish for, strive after, covet, desire. Hence

ἐλθω, ἐλδωρ, τό, indecl. a wish, longing, desire.

ἐλε, Ep. for ἐλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of αἰλέω.

ἐλεαίρω, poet. for ἐλεώ, to take pity on.

*ΕΛΕΑΣ, ἄνθρωπος, ὁ, a kind of owl.

ἐλεγεία, ἡ, = ἐλεος, an elegiac poem.

ἐλεγείον, τό, (ἐλεος) a distich consisting of a hexa-

meter and a pentameter, the metre of the elegy:—plur. = ἐλεγεία ἐλεγείος.

ἐλεγείος, α, ον, (ἐλεος) of the elegy, elegiac.

ἐλέγου, Dor. for ἐλέγου, 2 sing. impf. pass. of λέγω

ἐλεγξέω, εἰς, ἡ, (ἐλέγχω) a refuting, reproving.

ἐλεγος, ὁ, a song of mourning, a lament, at first without reference to metrical form, later always is alternate hexameters and pentameters.

ἐλεγχέειν, ἡ, (ἐλέγχω) a reproach, disgrace.

ἐλεγχής, ἐς, (ἐλεγχος) liable to reproach, shameful, esp. cowardly:—irreg. Sup. ἐλεγγιστος.

ἐλεγχος, τό, (ἐλέγχω) a reproach, disgrace, dishonour; κάς ἐλέγχεα base reproaches to your name.

ἐλεγχος, ὁ, a means of testing, a trial, test, Lat. argumentum: disproof, refutation.

II. an examination, scrutiny. From

*ΕΛΕΤΧΩ, fut. ἐω: aor. I. ἐλέγχα:—Pass., aor. I. ἐλέγχηθην: pf. ἐλήλεγμαι:—to disgrace put to shame, dishonour.

II. to convince, refuse, confute, Lat. arguere: of arguments, to disprove: also to accuse, reprove, reproach. 2. to examine, question: to prove, attest.

ἐλε-δεννάς, ἡ, (*ἐλα, δέμνιον) couch-destroying.

ἐλεῖν, Ep. for ἐλεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of αἰρέω.

ἐλεεινός, in Att. Poets. ἐλενός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐλεος) pitiable, pitous: pitied: generally, wretched, miserable.—Adv. ἐλεεινῶς, poet. ἐλεανῶς, pitiaibly: also neut. pl. ἐλεεινά as Adv.

ἐλεῖω, f. ἡσω, (ἐλεος) to have pity on, show mercy upon.

ἐλεμοσυνή, ἡ, pity, mercy: an alms. From

ἐλεημων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐλεῖω) pitiful, merciful.

ἐλεητός, ὅος, ἡ, Ion. for ἐλεος, pity, mercy.

*ΕΛΕΙΘΙΑ, ἡ, = ΕΙΛΕΙΘΙΑ.

ἐλεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of αἰρέω.

ἐλενός, Att. for ἐλεεινός.

ἐλεο-βάτης, ον, ὁ, (ἐλος, βαίνω) marsh-dwelling.

ἐλειος, ον, and α, ον, (ἐλος) of or in the marsh.

ἐλειψάμην, aor. I med. of λείβω.

ἐλεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λέγομαι, to lie.

*ΕΛΕΑΕΤ' or ἐλεελεῖτο, like ἀλαλά, a loud cry.

ἐλελήθης, Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. of λαθάνω.

ἐλελίω (A): f. ἐω: Ep. aor. I. ἐλελίξα, pass. ἐλα-

λίχθη: 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in aor. sense) ἐλελίετο:

—Ep. lengthd. form of ἐλίσσω, to whirl round.

II. of soldiers, to wheel them round, rally them.

III. generally, to make to tremble or quake:—Pass. to

quake, tremble, quiver.

IV. in Pass. also to wind or twist oneself along.

ἐλελίω (B): f. ἐω: aor. I. ἐλελίξα:—to cry ἐλελέ,

to raise the battle-cry: to raise any loud cry.

ἐλελίω, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in aor. sense) of ἐλε-

λίω (A).

ἐλελίχθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ἐλελίω (A).

ἐλελί-χθων, ον, ονος, (ἐλελί-ω, χθών) earth-shaking.

ἐλελόγγειν, plqpf. of λαγχάνω.

ἐλέναι, ἡ, (ἐλεῖν, νᾶς Dor. for ναῦς) ship-destroying.

ἐλεόθρεπτος, ον, (ἐλος, τρέφω) marsh-bred.

ἐλεῖν, Adv. like ἐλεεινόν, *piteously*.

ἔλεος, δ, and ἐλεόν, τό, a *kitchen-table, a dresser*.

ἔλεος, ου, ὁ, also ἔλεος, εους, τό, *pity, mercy, compassion*. II. an object of compassion, a *piteous thing*.

ἐλέπoις, ποῖτ. ἐλέπoις, ι, gen. ἰδος and εως: (ἐλεῖν, πόλις) *city-destroying*, of Helen.

ἐλεῖσθαι; aor. 2 med. inf. of αἰρέω.

ἐλετός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἐλεῖν) *that can be taken or caught*.

ἐλευθερία Ion. -τή, ἡ, (ἐλευθερος) *freedom, liberty: freedom from a thing*.

ἐλευθερίος, ον, (ἐλευθερος) *dealing like a free man, free-spirited, frank*, Lat. *liberalis*: esp. *freely-giving, bountiful, liberal*. It bears the same relation to ἐλευθερος as *liberalis* to *liber*. II. as epith. of Jove, the *Releaser, Deliverer*. Hence

ἐλευθεριότης, ητος, ἡ, *freedom of spirit, liberality*.

ἐλευθεριός, Adv. of ἐλευθερίος: Comp. -ιώτερον, Sup. -ιώτατα.

ἐλευθερό-παις, παιδος, ὁ, *having free children*.

ἔλετ' ὅμοιος, α, ον, and Att. ος, ον, *free*, Lat.

LIBER: ἐλευθερον ἦμαρ *the day of freedom*; τὸ ἐλευθερον *freedom*. 2. *free or freed from a thing*.

3. of things, *free for all to use, open to use*. II. like ἐλευθερίος, *fit for a freeman, free-spirited*, Lat. *liberalis*.

ἐλευθεροστομία, f. ἡσω, *to be free of speech*. From

ἐλευθερό-στομος, ον, (ἐλευθερος, στόμα) *free-spoken*.

ἐλευθερο-ουργός, ὄν, (ἐλευθερος, ἔργον) *bearing himself freely, of a horse*.

ἐλευθερώ, f. ὡσω, (ἐλευθερος) *to set free, deliver, release: to free from blame, acquit*. Hence

ἐλευθέρως, Adv. of ἐλευθερος, *freely, with freedom*.

ἐλευθέρως, εως, ἡ, *a setting free*.

ἔλευθώ, ὅς, contr. οὗς, ἡ, = *Ελλεθμία*.

ἔλευσιν or ἔλευσις, ἴνος, ἡ, *Eleusis*, an ancient

city of Attica, sacred to Ceres and Prosperine:—Adv.

ἔλευσινάδεν, *to Eleusis*; ἔλευσινόνθεν, *from Eleusis*.

Hence

ἔλευσίνιος, α, ον, of *Eleusis*.

ἔλευσις, εως, ἡ, *a coming: esp. the Advent*. From

ἐλεύσομαι, fut. of ἐρχομαι: but in Att. εἰμι *ido* was

chiefly used.

ἐλεφαρῶμαι, Dep. *to cheat with empty hopes: hence generally, to trick, overreach, destroy*.

ἐλεφαντίνεος, α, ον, and ἐλεφάντινος, η, ον, (ἐλέφας)

of *ivory, ivory*, Lat. *eburneus*.

ἐλεφαντό-δετος, ον, (ἐλέφας, δέω) *inlaid with ivory*.

ἐλεφαντο-μαχία, ἡ, (ἐλεφας, μάχομαι) *a battle of elephants*.

ἔλεφ' ἄς, αντος, ὁ, *the elephant*, Lat. *elephas*. II.

the elephant's tusk, ivory, Lat. *ebur*.

ἔλεψα, aor. 1 of λέπω.

ἔλη, ἡ, = εἰλη, ἀλλά, *the heat or light of the sun*.

ἔλη, 3 sing. act. or 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of αἰρέω:

and ἔληα, Ion. for ἔλη, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj.

ἐλήλακα, ἐλήλαμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐλαβόν.

ἐλήλαται, -το, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of ἐλαύνω.

ἐλήλεγμαι, pf. pass. of ἐλέγχω.

ἐληλέδατο, for ἐλήλαντο, 3 pl. plqpf. of ἐλαύνω.

ἐλήλιγμα, pf. pass. of ἐλίσσω.

ἐλήλυθα, pf. of ἐρχομαι.

ἐλήφθην, aor. 1 pass. of λαμβάνω.

ἐλθέ, -έτω, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐρχομαι.

ἐλθέιν, Ep. ἐλθέμεν, -έμεναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐρχομαι.

ἐλίδην, Adv. (ἐλίσσω) *whirling, spinning*.

ἐλιγμά, ματος, τό, (ἐλίσσω) *that which is rolled: a curl, ringlet*.

ἐλιγμός, ὁ, (ἐλίσσω) *a rolling, twisting, winding*

esp. of a winding passage.

ἐλικ-ἄμπτυξ, υκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐλιξ, ἄμπτυξ) *with a circle round the hair*.

ἐλικο-βλέφαρος, ον, (ἐλιξ, βλέφαρον) *with quick-moving eyelids, quick-glancing*.

ἐλικο-δρομος, ον, (ἐλιξ, δρᾶμεν) *twisting, winding*.

ἐλικτός, ἡ, ον, (ἐλίσσω) *rolled, wound, wreathed*.

ἔλικών, ὄνος, ὁ, *Helicon*, a mountain in Boeotia the seat of the Muses.

ἔλικώνιος, α, ον, *Heliconian, of Helicon*.

ἐλικ-ὤψ, ὤπος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐλιξ, ὤψ) *with rolling*

quick-glancing: fem. ἐλικῶπις.

ἐλίνυν or ἐλινύω, f. ὕσω [ῶ]: aor. 1 ἐλινύσα.—

Verb, *to rest, keep peace, enjoy leisure: to sleep*.

to be lazy.

ἐλιξ, υκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐλίσσω) Adj. *rolled, twisted*

ing, *spiral*: epith. of oxen, probably from their *crumpled horns*.

ἐλιξ ποῖτ. ἐλιξ, υκος, ἡ, (ἐλίσσω) *anything twisted or spiral: an armlet or ear-ring:—a whirl, eddy, whirlwind*, Lat. *vortex*; ἔλικες στεφανίαι, *flashes of forked lightning:—the tendrils of the vine or of ivy:—the coil of a serpent:—a curl or lock of hair*.

ἐλιξό-κερως, ὠτος, ὁ, ἡ, neut. ὠν, (ἐλίσσω, κέρα) *with crumpled horns*.

ἐλινον, aor. 2 of λέπω.

ἐλίσσμεν, Ep. inf. of ἐλίσσω.

ἔλίσσῃ Att. -πτω, Ep. and Ion. ἐλίσσω: *finz* ἐλίσω: aor. 1 ἐλίσαι:—Pass. aor. 1 ἐλίσθην: pf. ἐλή-

λιγμα: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐλίκτο:—*to turn about, turn round and round, roll*, Lat. *VOLVO*: *to whirl, move rapidly*; πλάταν ἐλίσσειν *to ply the rapid oar*. 2.

metaph. *to turn in one's mind, revolve*. 3. *intrants*. *to hurry, move quickly about*. II. Pass. and

Med. *to turn quick round, face about, turn to bay:—to go to and fro, to be constantly engaged: to wind one's way: to spin round*; ὦραι ἐλίσσόμενοι *the circling hours*.

ἐλί-τροχος, ον, (ἐλίσσω, τροχός) *whirling the wheel round*.

ἐλί-χρῦσος, ὁ, (ἐλίσσω, χρῦςος) *helichryse, a weeping plant with yellow flowers*.

ἐλκαίνω, (ἐλκος) *to be sore from a wound*.

ἐλκεσί-πτεπλος, ον, (ἐλκω, πτεπλος) *trailing the robe, long-robed*.

ἐλε-χίτων, ὄνος, ὁ, (ἐλκω, χίτων) *trailing the tunic with a long tunic*.

ἐλκέω, f. ἴσω, strengthd. for ἔλκω, to drag about, tear asunder:—to maltreat, treat rudely. Hence ἐλκιδόν, Adv. by dragging, pulling: and ἐλκιδμός, δ, a being carried off, rough usage. ἔλκημα, ατος, τό, (ἐλκέω) that which is dragged away, a prey.

ἔλκο-ποιός, όν, (ἐλκος, ποιέω) making wounds, having power to wound.

ἘΛΚΟΣ, εος, τό, a wound: later, a sore, ulcer, abscess, Lat. *ULCUS*. Hence

ἐλκώ, f. ὠσώ, to wound sorely.

ἐλκιδιον, τό, Dim. of ἔλκος, a slight sore.

ἐλκίσαι [ῶ], aor. I inf. of ἔλκω.

ἐλκυστάζω, Frequent. of ἔλκω, to drag about.

ἘΛΚΩ, f. ἔλκω: aor. I ἔλξα, poet. ἔλφα: but also (as if from *ἐλκώ) fut. ἐλκίσω [ῶ]: aor. I ἐλκίσα: Pass., aor. I ἐλκίσθην: pf. ἐλκυσμαι, Ion. ἔλκυσμαι.

To draw, drag, Lat. *traho*: to draw ships down into the sea, Lat. *deducere nautes*: to drag along a dead body: also to tear: metaph. to carp at.

to draw a bow: to draw a sword. 3. to stretch, bend sails. 4. to draw or hold up scales to weigh with. 5 to pull an oar. 6. to drink in long draughts, quaff: also, ἔλκειν πόδα to dance in long measured steps. 7. ἔλκειν βίον, to drag out a weary life. 8. to draw to oneself, attract, esp. of the magnet. 9. ἔλκειν σταθμόν, to draw down the balance, i. e. to weigh so much: absol. to weigh ἑλκεῖν πλέον it weighs more. 10. ἐλκίσαι πλίνθους to mould bricks, Lat. *ducere lateres*. II.

Med., ἔλφος ἔλκεσθαι to draw one's sword. 2. to draw to oneself, amass.

ἐλκ-ώδης, ες, (ἐλκος, εἶδος) like a wound, ulcerous. ἔλκωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐλκός) ulceration.

ἐλλάβον, Ep. for ἔλαβον, aor. 2 of λαμβάνω.

ἐλ-λαμπρύνω, Pass. (ἐν, λαμπρύνω) to gain distinction in.

ἐλλάμποι, f. ψω, (ἐν, λάμπω) to shine in or upon:—Med. to be illustrious, gain glory in a thing.

ἘΛΛΕΝΟ-ΔΙΚΑΙ, όν, οί, ("Ἐλλην, δικη) the chief judges at the Olympic games. II. at Sparta, a court-martial to try disputes among the allied troops.

Ἐλλάς, ἄδος, ἡ, ("Ἐλλην) Hellas a city of Thessaly, said to have been founded by Hellen. II. that part of Thessaly in which the Myrmidons dwell, also called Phthiotis. III. Greece.

Ἐλλάς, ἄδος, δ, ἡ, peculi. fem. of Ἐλληνικός. Ἐλλάχον, Ep. for ἔλαχον, aor. 2 of λαγχάνω.

Ἐλέβορος, δ, bellebore, Lat. *veratrum*, a plant used by the ancients as a cure for madness: πῶς ἑλέβορον drink bellebore, i. e. you are mad.

Ἐλεβάνος, δ, (εἶλω) a band to bind corn-sheaves: straw-rope.

Ἐλενμμα, ματος, τό, a short-coming: deficiency. From

ἐλ-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἐνέλιπον: (ἐν, λείπω):—to leave in, leave behind. II. to leave out, pass by, omit.

III. intrans. to lack, stand in need of, be

in want of, c. gen.: also to come short of, be inferior to:—c. inf., to fail of doing. 2. absol. to come short, fail: to fail in duty. IV. in Med. or Pass.

to fail of: be inferior to. Hence ἄλεψης, εως, ἡ, a falling short, defect.

Ἐλ-εσχος, όν, (ἐν, λέσχη) of common talk. Ἐλλην, ηρος, δ, Hellen, son of Deucalion: his descendants were the Ἑλληνες, at first, dwellers in the Thessalian Hellas; later, the common name for the Greeks, opp. to βάρβαροι. 2. as opp. to a Jew, a pagan, gentile. II. as Adj., = Ἑλληνικός. Hence

Ἑλληνίζω, f. ίσω, to imitate the Greeks: to speak Greek:—Pass., Ἑλληνισθῆναι τὴν γλῶσσαν to be made Greek in language.

Ἑλληνικός, ἡ, όν, ("Ἐλλην) Hellenic, Greek; τὸ Ἑλληνικόν = οἱ Ἑλληνες, the Greeks. Adv. Ἑλληνικῶς, in Greek fashion.

Ἑλήνιος, α, όν, = Ἑλληνικός. Ἑλληνίς, ιδος, ἡ, ("Ἐλλην) a Grecian woman. 2. opp. to a Jewess, a heathen or gentile woman.

Ἑλληνιστής, οἱ, δ, (Ἑλληνίζω) an imitator of the Greeks: an Hellenist, a Greek-Jew.

Ἑλληνιστί, ("Ἑλληνίζω) Adv. in Greek fashion: Ἑλληνιστὶ ζυνίεναι to understand Greek.

Ἑλληνο-τάμις, όν, οί, ("Ἐλλην, ταμίς) the stewards of Greece, i. e. officers appointed by Athens to levy the contributions paid by the Greek states towards the Persian war.

Ἑλλησπόντος, δ, ("Ἐλλη, πόντος) the Hellespont or sea of Hellē; now the Dardanelles.

ἐλλίπειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐλλείπω. Hence ἐλλίπης, ές, wanting, defective.

ἐλλίσσάμην, Ep. for ἐλίσσάμην, aor. I of ἐλίσσωμαι. ἐλλίστανουν, Ep. for ἐλित-, impf. of ἐλίσσωμαι.

ἐλ-λόβιον, τό, (ἐν, λόβος) an earring, Lat. *inauris*. ἐλ-λογέω, f. ἴσω, (ἐν, λόγος) to reckon in: to impute.

ἐλ-λόγμος, όν, (ἐν, λόγος) whatever comes into account, worth reckoning, notable, famous.

ἐλοπεύω, f. σω, (ἐλλοῦ) to fish. ἘΛΛΟΨ, ός, ἢ, όν, mute, epith. of fish.

ἐλο-φόνος, όν, (ἐλλός, φόνος) faun-slaying. ἐλ-λοχίζω, f. ίσω, (ἐν, λόχος) to lie in ambush.

ἐλλοῦψ, σος, (ἐλλός) mute, epith. of fish. ἐλ-λύχνον, τό, (ἐν, λύχνος) a lamp-wick.

ἔλξω, poet. for ἔλξα, aor. I of ἔλκω. ἔλξις, εως, ἡ, (ἐλκω) a drawing, dragging: attraction. II. a draught.

ἐλοῖμαν, Dor. for ἐλοῖμην, aor. 2 opt. med. of αἰρέω. ἔλομαι, aor. 2 opt. act. of αἰρέω.

ἐλοῖσα, Dor. for ἐλοῦσα, aor. 2 part. of αἰρέω. ἔλον, ἐλόμην, poet. for ἐλκον, ἐλόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of αἰρέω.

ἘΛΟΣ, εος, τό, low ground by rivers, a marsh-meadow, marsh.

ἐλοῦμαι, I pl. old Att. impf. of λούω. ἐλοῦσα, aor. 2 part. fem. of αἰρέω.

ἐλοῦτο, 3 sing. Ion. and old Att. impf. med. of λούω.

ἔλῶσι, Ep. for ἐλάσονται, 3 pl. fut. of ἐλαίνω.

ἐλπίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐλπῶ): aor. I ἤλπισα:—Pass., aor. I ἤλπισθην:—to hope, expect: also, in bad sense, to fear: c. acc. to hope for, expect: c. dat. to hope in.

ἘΛΠΙΣ, ἴδος, ἦ, hope, Lat. spes: later, expectation either of good or evil, hope or fear.

ἘΛΠΩ, Causal, to make to hope:—Med. ἐλπομαι Ep. ἐλπομαι: pf. ἔολπα (with pres. sense), plqpf. ἐόλπεν (with impf.):—to hope, expect, think, believe; and in bad sense, to fear.

Ἐλπωρή, ἦ, Ep. form of ἐλπίς.

ἔλαι, ἔλας, aor. I inf. and part. of εἶλω.

ἐλύθην [ῥ], aor. I pass. of λύω.

ἔλυμα, ατος, τό. (ἐλύω) the stock of the plough, on which the share was fixed, Lat. dentale.

ἐλύμος, ὁ, (ἐλύω) a case, sheath, quiver.

ἔλτρον, τό, a cover, covering, case, sheath. 2. a place for holding water, a reservoir. From

λύω, (εἶλω): to roll round: only used in Ep. aor. pass. ἐλύσθην, to be rolled up, to roll or twist oneself close up.

ἔω, aor. 2 subj. of αἰρέω.

ἔων, impf. of ἔλαω: but ἔλῶν, aor. 2 part. of αἰρέω.

ἔωρ, τό, only used in nom. and acc., (ἐλεῖν) booty, spoil, prey. II. pl., Πατρόκλοιο ἔωρα ἀποτίνειν to pay for leaving Patroclus a prey to all dis honour.

ἔωριον, τό, = ἔωρ.

ἔμῃον, aor. 2 of μαίνωμαι.

ἐμάνην [ἄ], aor. 2 of μαίνομαι.

ἐμαρνάσθην, 3 dual impf. of μάρναμαι.

ἐμαρνατο, 3 sing. impf. of μάρναμαι.

ἐμ-αυτοῦ, ἐμ-αυτῆς, Ion. ἐμ-εαυτοῦ or ἐμ-εαυτοῦ, ἦς, (ἐμοῦ, αὐτοῦ): reflexive Pronoun of first person, of myself, Lat. mei ipsius: only used in gen., dat., and acc. sing., both masc. and fem.: in plur. separated, ἡμῶν αὐτῶν, etc.

ἐμβά, for ἐμβηθί, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐμβαίνω.

ἐμβαδον, Adv. (ἐμβαίνω) on foot, by land.

ἐμ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέβη: pf. ἐμβέβηκα, Ep. part. ἐμβεβῶς:—to step in:—to step on, go on. 2. to step into, to go into, go on board.

embark: to mount on: to be fixed upon. 3. to tread upon. 4. to enter upon, embark in a thing. II. Causal in aor. I ἐνέβησα, to make to enter, bring in or into:—cf. ἐμβιβάζω.

ἐμ-βάλλω, f. -βάλλω: pf. -βέβηκα: aor. 2 ἐν-έβαλον:—to throw, lay, put in: κῆπαις ἐμβάλλειν (sub. χεῖρας) to lay oneself to the oar; also without κῆπαις, to lay to, pull hard. 2. to put into the mind of another:—Med., ἐμβάλλεσθαι τι θυμῷ to lay a thing to heart. 3. ἐμβάλλειν εἰς τι to throw one into a thing, involve in. 4. to throw at another. II. intr. to break, burst, rush in: to fall on, encounter, run against, Lat. illidi, esp. of a ship that falls on another with its beak: cf. ἐμβολος.

ἐμβαμμα, ατος, τό, sauce, soup. From

ἐμ-βάπτω, f. ψω, to dip in.

ἐμβάς, ἄδος [ἄ], ἦ, (ἐμβαίνω) a kind of felt shoe, used by the Boeotians; also by old men and poor people.

ἐμβάς, aor. 2 part. of ἐμβαίνω.

ἐμ-βασιλεύω, f. σω, to be king among or over.

ἐμβάσις, εως, ἦ, (ἐμβαίνω) a going in or upon: a going on board ship, embarking. II. that on which one goes: ἐμβασις ποδῶς a shoe, like ἐμβάς. 2. the sole, foot, hoof.

ἐμ-βαστάζω, f. σω, to bear on, carry.

ἐμβάτεω, f. εὔσω, (ἐμβάτης) to step in or on, stand on: hence to dwell in, frequent, haunt: also to protect, watch: c. gen. to set foot upon. II. to enter on possession of property.

ἐμβατίω, f. ἦσω, (ἐμβάτης) = ἐμβατεύω.

ἐμβατήριος, ον, (ἐμβατεύω) of or for marching:

ἐμβατήριον (sub. μέλος), τό, a march-tune, march.

ἐμβάτης, ον, ὁ, (ἐμβαίνω) he that goes in or upon, esp. on board ship, a passenger. II. a kind of boat, cf. ἐμβάς. [ἄ]

ἐμβάφιος, ον, (ἐμβαπτω) fit for dipping in or into: τό ἐμβάφιον a flat vessel. [ἄ]

ἐμβεβῶς, -υῖα, Ep. pf. part. of ἐμβαίνω: ἐμβέβησαν, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf.

ἐμβη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐμβαίνω: ἐμβητον, 2 dual:

ἐμβήη, for ἐμβῆη, 3 sing. subj.

ἐμ-βιβάζω: f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ:—Causal of ἐμβαίνω, to make to step in or upon: to put on board ship: to lead or guide to.

ἐμβλεμμα, ατος, τό, a looking straight at. From ἐμβλέπω, f. ψω, to look in the face, look at: simply, to look.

ἐμ-βοάω, f. ἦσομαι, to call upon: to shout aloud.

ἐμβολεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἐμβάλλω) a dibble for putting in plants.

ἐμβολή, ἦ, (ἐμβάλλω) a throwing in. II. intr. trans. an inroad into an enemy's country, an invasion, foray. 2. the charge made by one ship upon another, an assault: ἐμβολαὶ χαλκίστομοι the shock of braced beaks. 3. an entrance: pass. III. the beak of a battering-ram. Hence

ἐμβόλιμος, ον, (ἐμβάλλω) thrown in, inserted: μὴν

ἐμβ. an intercalary month.

ἐμβολον, τό, (ἐμβάλλω) anything running in: ἐμβ. τῆς χώρας a tongue of land. 2. a bolt, bar: a wedge: the beak of a ship of war. 3. a beam, scimitar.

ἐμβολος, ὁ, (ἐμβάλλω) anything put in, a wedge. 2. the braced beak of ships of war.

ἐμβραχῦ, Adv. (ἐν, βραχύς) in brief, shortly.

ἐμ-βρέμομαι, Med. to roar or bluster in.

ἐμ-βρεφος, ον, ἐν, βρέφος boy-like.

ἐμ-βριθής, ἐς, (ἐν, βριθος) heavy, weighty. II. metaph. grave, stately, dignified, important. 2. in bad sense, heavy, grievous, oppressive: of persons, violent, savage, fierce.

III. Adv. -θῶς, firmly.

ἐμ-βρίθω [ῥ], f. ἴσω, to weigh heavily upon.

ἐμ-βριμάομαι, f. ἦσομαι: Dep.:—to snort with rage.

of horses: of men, to be sore vexed, be indignant, Eat. *commoveri*: to charge strictly, censure.

ἐμ-βροντάω, f. ἦσσι, to strike with lightning: to strike dumb. Hence

ἐμβροντήτος, ον, thunder-stricken, stupid.

ἐμ-βροχή, ἡ, (ἐν, βρόχος) a noose, halter.

ἐμ-βρύουκος, ον, (ἐν, βρύον, ολέω) dwelling in seaweed.

ἐμβρύον, τό, (ἐν, βρύω) the fruit of the womb before birth, the embryo, Lat. *foetus*. 2. a thing newly born: a lamb or kid.

ἐμ-βύθιος, α, ον, or ος, ον, (ἐν, βυθός) at the bottom.

ἐμ-βύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], to stuff in, stop up.

ἐμέ, acc. of ἐγώ, enclit. με.

ἐμέγιστα, aor. I of μεγαίρω.

ἐμέθεν, old poet. gen. for ἐμοῦ.

ἐμέ, Dor. for ἐμέ, as τέ for τέ (σέ).

ἐμενα, aor. I of μένω.

ἐμεῖο, ἐμέο, Ep. gen. of ἐγώ.

ἐμέλλησα, aor. I of μέλλω.

ἐμέμικον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of μικάομαι.

ἐμέμικτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of μίγνυμι.

ἐμεμνάτο. Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of μνησκαώ.

ἐμέν, poet. for ἐσμέν, I pl. of εἰμι sum.

ἐμεν, ἐμεναι, Ep. for εἶναι, inf. of εἰμι sum.

ἐμεν, ἐμεναι, Ep. for εἶναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἔμμι.

ἐμενοῖ, aor. part. med. of ἔμμι.

ἐμετικός, ἡ, ὄν, provoking sickness. II. one who uses emetics. From

ἐμετος, ὁ, (ἐμέω) sickness, vomiting.

ἐμεῦ, Ep. for ἐμοῦ, enclit. μεῦ: Dor. ἐμεῖος,

ΕΜΕΩ, impf. ἤμον: f. ἐμέσσι Att. ἐμῶ and ἐμοῦμαι: aor. ἤμεσι Ep. ἤμεσσα: pf. ἐμήμεκα:—Lat.

VOMIO, to vomit, ibrou up: absol. to be sick: ἐμεῖν πτίλει to make oneself sick with a feather.

ἐμεωντοῦ, Ion. for ἐμαντοῦ.

ἐμέωσατο, 3 sing. aor. I of μέωμαι.

ἐμίγην [χ], aor. 2 pass. of μίγνυμι.

ἐμικτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of μίγνυμι.

ἐμίξα, aor. I of μίγνυμι.

ἐμίχθην, aor. I pass. of μίγνυμι.

ἐμίν, poet. Dor. for ἐμοί, dat. of ἐγώ.

ἐμίσθον, Ep. for ἐμαθον, aor. 2 of μαθαίω.

ἐμ-μαίνομαι, Dep. to be mad at. Hence

ἐμμανής, ἐς, mad, frantic, raving. Adv. -νῶς.

ἐμπαίεως, Adv. forthwith, immediately, hastily.

(Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐμ-μάσσω, f. ξω, to impress upon.

ἐμ-μάχομαι, f. -μαχέσσομαι, Dep. to fight a battle in.

ἐμ-μεῖδια, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to smile at.

ἐμμελεια, ἡ, (ἐμμελῆς) a kind of dance, accompanied by music: the tune of this dance.

ἐμμελετάω, f. ἥσω, to exercise in a thing. Hence

ἐμμελήτῃς, ματος, τό, an exercise, practice.

ἐμ-μελής, ἐς, (ἐν, μέλος) in tune, well-timed, harmonious, melodious: generally, regular, agreeable: elegant, graceful: well-bred. Adv. ἐμμελῶς, Ion. ᾠλέως.

ἐμμελῶς, ὦν, ὄς, pressing eagerly on, eager, basty, ardent: pf. part. with no verb in use.

ἐμ-μύονα, pf. with no pres. in use, to be lost in passion.

ἐμμεν, ἐμμεναι, Ep. inf. of εἰμι sum.

ἐμμενής, ἐς, abiding in: vent. ἐμμενῆς as Adv., unceasingly. Adv. ἐμμενῶς, Ep. and Ion. -έως. From

ἐμ-μένω, f. -μενῶ: aor. I ἔμμενα:—to abide in: to abide by, stand by, cleave to, Lat. stare ab aliquo: absol. to continue.

ἐμ-μετρέω, f. ἥσω, to measure in or by.

ἐμ-μετρος, ον, (ἐν, μέτρον) in measure, measured, moderate. II. in metre, metrical.

ἐμ-μηνος, ον, (ἐν, μην) in a month, lasting a month. II. occurring every month, monthly.

ἐμμί, Dor. for εἰμι sum.

ἐμ-μίνυμι αὐ-νῶ, f. -μίσω, to mix or mingle in. II. intrans. to encounter, meet.

ἐμ-μίνα, poet. for ἐμ-ρένω.

ἐμ-μισθος, ον, (ἐν, μισθός) in pay, in receipt of pay.

ἐμ-μνος, ον, (ἐμμενῶς) abiding in, steadfast.

ἐμμορα, pf. 2 of μείρομαι.

ἐμ-μορος, ον, (ἐν, μείρομαι) partaking in or of. II. (ἐν, μόρος) fortunate.

ἐμ-μοτος, ον, (ἐν, μότος) spread on line.

ἐμ-μοχθος, ον, (ἐν, μόχθος) toilsome, painful.

ἐμ-μνέω, f. ἥσω, to initiate at the mysteries in.

ἐμνησα, aor. I of μνησκαώ.

ἐμνήσθην, aor. I pass. (in med. sense) of μνησκαώ.

ἐμνώσonto, Ep. for ἐμνάτο, 3 pl. impf. of μνάομαι.

ἐμοί, dat. of ἐγώ.

ἐμολον, aor. 2 of βλάσσω.

ἐμός, ἡ, ὄν, possess. Adj. of first pers. from ἐγώ.

ἐμοῦ, mine, Lat. meus; joined with gen. to strengthen the possessive notion ἐμὸν αὐτοῦ mine own; ἐμὴ ἀγγελίη a message about me; τὸ ἐμὸν mine, my part; also in plur., τὰ ἐμά, τὰμά:—τό γε ἐμὸν, τὸ μὲν ἐμὸν, for my part, as far as concerns me.

ἐμοῦμαι, fut. of ἐμέω.

ἐμοῦς, Dor. gen. of ἐγώ.

ἐμπᾶ, Adv., v. ἐμπᾶς.

ἐμπάγεις, aor. 2 pass. part. of ἐμπήγνυμι.

ἐμπάζομαι, Dep. used only in pres. & busy oneself about, take heed of, care for.

ἐμ-πάθος, ἔς, (ἐν, πάθος) in a state of emotion, much affected. Adv. ἐμπαθῶς, passionately.

ἐμπαίγμονή, ἡ, = ἐμπαίγμός.

ἐμπαίγμός, ὁ, a jesting, mocking. From

ἐμ-παίλω, f. -παίξομαι, to mock, Lat. illudere: to trick, deceive. II. to sport in or on. Hence

ἐμπαίκτης, ον, ὁ, a mocker, deceiver.

ἐμπαίξας, aor. I inf. of ἐμπαίω.

ἐμπαίχσομαι, fut. pass. of ἐμπαίω.

ἐμπαίως, ον, (B) = ἐμπείως, knowing, practised in, c. gen. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐμπαίως, ον, (B) bursting upon one, sudden. From ἐμ-παίω, f. -παίω or -παίωσω, to strike in, stamp. II. intr. to burst in upon.

ἐμ-πακτώ, f. ὥσω, to close up, caulk.
 ἐμ-πάλασσω, f. ῥω, to entangle in or together.
 ἐμ-πάλιν, poet. also ἐμ-πάλι, (ἐν, πάλιν) Adv. back-
 wards, back. II. contrary to, c. gen. III. in
 return. IV. τὸ ἐμπαλιν, τὰ ἐμπαλιν, by crasis
 τοῦμαλιν, τὰμαλιν, the contrary, the reverse.
 ἐμ-παρέχω, f. ῥω, to hand over, put in one's power.
 ἐμ-πᾶς, Ion. and Ep. ἐμ-πῆς, Adv. (properly ἐν
 πᾶσι) altogether, at all events. II. on the whole,
 nevertheless, still. III. joined with περ, however
 much, ever so much.
 ἐμ-πάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ἄσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐνέ-
 πασα:—to sprinkle in or on: metaph. to weave in,
 embroider.
 ἐμ-πατέω, f. ῥω, to tread in, walk into.
 ἐμπεδό-μοχθος, ov, (ἐμπεδος, μόχθος) ever-painful.
 ἐμπεδο-ορέω, f. ῥω, (ἐμπεδος, ὅρος) to abide by
 one's oath.
 ἐμ-πεδος, ov, (ἐν, πέδον) in its place, steadfast, un-
 shaken. 2. of Time, lasting, continual. II.
 Adv. ἐμπεδον and ἐμπεδα, ἐμπεδως, fast, of a surety,
 truly, certainly.
 ἐμπεδο-σθενής, ἐς, (ἐμπεδος, σθένος) with force un-
 shaken.
 ἐμπεδόω, f. ὥσω, (ἐμπεδος) to make firm, establish.
 ἐμ-πείραμος, ov, —ἐμπεράμος.
 ἐμ-πειρία, ἡ, experience: experience in or acquaint-
 ance with a thing. From
 ἐμ-πειρος, ov, (ἐν, πείρα) experienced in, acquainted
 with, skilful at: proved good by experience: τὸ ἐμ-
 περιώτερον greater experience. Adv., ἐμπείρωσι τιδὸς
 χεῖν to know a thing by experience.
 ἐμπελαδόν, Adv. near, b. l. l. y. From
 ἐμ-πελάζω, f. σω: aor. I ἐν πέλασα:—to bring near
 or close to:—also intrans. to come near. II. Pass.
 to be brought near, approach.
 ἐμπεπνηγα, pf. iptr. of ἐμπήγνυμι.
 ἐμπεπλησμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐμπλήγω.
 ἐμπεπόδισμαι, pf. pass. of ἐμποδίζω.
 ἐμπεπτωκα, pf. of ἐμπίπτω.
 ἐμ-περάμος, ov, —ἐμπειρος, acquainted with.
 ἐμ-περιπατέω, to walk about in: to tarry among.
 ἐμ-περον ὦ, f. ῥω, to fasten with a brooch. Hence
 ἐμπερόνημα, Dor. -ἄμα, ματος, τό, a garment fas-
 tened with a brooch or buckle.
 ἐμπεσον. Ep. for ἐνέπεσον, aor. 2 of ἐμπίπτω.
 ἐμπεσοῦ, v, fut. of ἐμπίπτω.
 ἐμ-πετανῆμι or -ῶω, f. -πετάσω [ᾶ], to unfold and
 spread on or out.
 ἐμπεφύασι, Ep. for ἐμπεφύκασι, 3 pl. pf. of ἐμφύω:
 ἐμπεφύα, Ep. part. fem.
 ἐμ-πήγνυμι or -ῶω, fut. -πήξω: aor. I ἐνέπηξα:—to
 fix or draft in, c. dat.—Pass., aor. 2 ἐνεπάγην [ᾶ],
 with pf. act. ἐμπέπηγα, plqpf. -ηγαιν:—to stick in.
 ἐμ-πηδάω, f. ῥω, to leap or jump in.
 ἐμ-πηρος, ov, crippled, maimed, deformed.
 ἐμ-πῆς, Adv., Ion. and Hom. for ἐμπα.
 ἐμ-πίειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐμπίνω.

ἐμ-πικραίνω, f. ἄνω, to embitter:—Pass. to be bitter
 against.
 ἐμπίμπλημι, ἐμπίμπρημι, v. ἐμπίπ-
 ἐμ-πίνω, fut. -πίομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέπινον: pf. ἐμπέποκα:
 to drink in, drink up: ἐμπίνειν τοῦ αἵματος to drink
 of the blood.
 ἐμπίπληθι, imperat. of ἐμπίπλημι.
 ἐμ-πίπλημι, f. -πλήσω: aor. I ἐνέπλησα:—to fill
 full of a thing:—Pass. and Med., ἐμπίπλημαι,
 aor. I ἐνεπλήσθην: Ep. aor. 2 ἐνεπλήμην, to fill
 oneself, eat one's fill, be satisfied. II. in Med.
 also trans. to fill, satisfy: metaph. to have enough
 of, enjoy.
 ἐμ-πίπρημι, aor. I ἐνέπρησα:—to set on fire.
 ἐμ-πίπτω, fut. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐνέπεσον Ep. ἐμ-
 πεσον:—to fall upon: to break in, burst in: aor. 2
 part. ἐμπεσών, rushing in violently: also to light on,
 fall in with.
 ἘΜΠΙΨ, ἴδος, ἡ, a mosquito, gnaf, Lat. *culex*.
 ἐμ-πίτνω, poet. for ἐμπίπτω, to fall upon.
 ἐμπλάκηναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐμπλέκω.
 ἐμ-πλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ἄσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐνέπλάσα:
 —to plaster up, daub over with a thing.
 ἐμ-πλεος, Ep. for ἐμ-πλεος.
 ἐμ-πλέκω, f. ῥω, to plait or weave in, interweave. Lat.
 implicare:—Pass. to be entangled in a thing. 2.
 metaph. to weave arfully, to render perplexed.
 ἐμ-πλεος, a, ov, Ep. ἐμ-πλεος or ἐνίπλεος, η, ov,
 Att. ἐμπλεως, av, quite full of a thing.
 ἐμ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail in.
 ἐμπλήγηδην, Adv. (ἐμπλήσσω) madly, rashly.
 ἐμπληκτος, ov, (ἐμπλήσσω) stunned, amazed, stu-
 pified, senseless. II. Att. unsteady, rash:—Adv.
 ἐμπληκτως, madly.
 ἐμπλήμηνος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of ἐμπίπλημι.
 ἐμ-πλην, (ἐμπελάζω) Adv. near, close by.
 ἐμ-πλην, Adv. strength. for πλήν, besides, except.
 ἐμπλήσας, -άμενος, aor. I part. act. and med. of
 ἐμπίπλημι: ἐμπλήσατο, Ep. for ἐνεπλήσατο.
 ἐμπλησθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ἐμπίπλημι.
 ἐμ-πλήσσω Att. -ττω Ep. ἐνπλή: f. ῥω:—to
 strike against, stumble upon, fall upon or into.
 ἐμπλήτο, for ἐνέπλητο, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐμ-
 πίπλημι:—ἐμπλήτο, imperat. of same tense.
 ἐμ-πλοκή, ἡ, (ἐμπλέκω) a plaiting of the hair.
 ἐμπνευσα, Ep. for ἐνέπνευσα, aor. I of ἐμπνέω.
 ἐμ-πνέω, poet. -πνέω: f. -πνεύσομαι: aor. I ἐνέ-
 πνευσα:—to blow or breathe on or in, c. dat.: c. acc.,
 ἰστίον ἐμπνεῖν to swell the sail: absol. to breathe, live,
 be alive. II. trans. to breathe into, infuse, inspire:
 —to blow into, swell the sail.
 ἐμ-πνοια, ἡ, in-breathing, inspiration. From
 ἐμ-πνοος, ov, contr. -πνους, ov, (ἐν, πνοή) having
 the breath in one, breathing, alive.
 ἐμ-ποδίζω, f. ἴω Att. ἰώ: (ἐν, πόνος):—to entangle
 the feet, fetter: ἐμ. λαχάδας to tie together figs by
 their stalks. II. generally, to binder, stop, check.
 ἐμ-πόδιος, ov, (ἐν, πόνος) in the way, obstructing.

ἐμ-ποδών, Adv. for ἐν ποσὶν ὧν, *before the feet, in the way*; ἐμποδὼν εἶναι to be in the way:—with the Att., τὸ ἐμποδὼν *what is in the way, a hindrance*. II. also, *before one, patent*. Opp. to ἐκπόδων.

ἐμ-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, to make in, put in, insert. 2. to produce or create in, introduce, cause.

ἐμπολαῖος, α, ὄν, (ἐμπολή) of or concerned in traffic, epith. of Hermes.

ἐμπολάω: impf. ἡπόλων: f. ἐμπολήσω: pf. ἡπόληκα: (ἐμπολή) —to gain by traffic: to earn, gain: *Ληκά, Βίοντες πολλὸν ἐμπολῶντο* (Ep. for ἡπολῶντο) *they were getting much substance by traffic*. II. absol. to be a merchant. traffic.

III. to purchase, buy.

ἐμ-πολεμέω, f. ἦσω, to wage war in.

ἐμ-πολέμιος, ὄν, of belonging to war, hostile.

ἐμπολέως, εὐς, ὁ, (ἐμπολάω) a merchant, trafficker.

ἐμ-πολή, ἡ, (ἐν, πωλέω) merchandise: traffic. II. gain made by traffic, profit.

ἐμπολάμα, ατος, τό, (ἐμπολάω) matter of traffic, a cargo: in plur. wares, merchandise.

ἐμπολήτος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐμπολάω) bought and sold.

ἐμ-πολις, εὐς, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐν, πόλις) in the city or state: ὁ ἐμπολις *gini one's fellow-citizen*.

ἐμ-πολίτευω, f. σω, to be a citizen in a state, hold civil rights in.

ἐμπολόωντος, 3 pl. Ep. impf. pass. of ἐμπολάω.

ἐμπόρευμα, ατος, τό, an article of commerce. From ἐμπορεύομαι, f. εὐρύσομαι: aor. ἰ ἐνεπορεύθην: Dep.: (ἐμπορος) —to be on a journey. II. to travel on business, be a merchant, to trade, traffic.

2. c. acc. to trade or traffic in a thing. Hence ἐμπορευτέον or —εα, verb. Adj. *one must go*.

ἐμπορία, ἡ, (ἐμπορος) traffic, trade, commerce: a trade. II. goods trafficked in, merchandise.

ἐμπορικὸς, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐμπορος) of or for traffic, mercantile, commercial; χρήματα ἐμπορικά *imported goods*.

ἐμπόριον, τό, (ἐμπορος) Lat. *emporium*, a trading-place, factory, mart. II. ἐμπορία, τά, merchandise. From

ἐμ-πορος, ὄν, (ἐν, πόρος) a passenger on shipboard, Lat. *vector*. II. a traveller, wanderer. III.

one who travels on business, a merchant, Lat. mercator, mercator; metaph., ἐμπορος βίου *a trader in life*.

ἐμ-πορῶμαι, f. ἦσω, to fit on with a brooch or buckle:—Pass., εἴματα ἐνπορῶται (Ion. for —ητο), *they wore garments buckled on the shoulder*.

Ἐμπουσα, ἡ, *Empusa*, a bogoblin assuming various shapes. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐμπρακτος, ὄν, (ἐμπράσσω) practicable.

ἐμπρατής, εἰς, conspicuous in or by a thing. From ἐμ-πρέπω, to be conspicuous in or among. II.

to be conspicuous for.

ἐμ-πρήθω, f. σω, to blow up, inflate. II. —ἐμ-πρήθω, to turn to ashes.

ἐμπρησις, εὐς, ἡ, (ἐμπρηζω) a setting on fire.

ἐμ-προθεν, Adv., poet. for ἐμπροσθεν.

ἐμ-προσθεν, poet. before a conson. —θε, Adv. and

Prep. I. of Place, *before, in front of*. II. of Time, *before, earlier, of old*. Hence

ἐμ-πρόσθοις, ὄν, *front, fore*; οἱ πρόσθοι (sub. πόδες) *the fore-feet of a quadruped*, opp. to οἱ ὀπίσθιοι.

ἐμπτύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], to spit upon.

ἐμ-πύκάζω, f. ἀσώ, to wrap up closely:—Pass., νόσος οἱ ἐμπεπύκασται *his mind is veiled, wraps in mystery*.

ἐμ-πύος, ὄν, (ἐν, πῦρον) *discharging matter*.

ἐμ-πύρευνω, f. σω, (ἐν, πῦρ) to set on fire.

ἐμ-πύρι-βήτης, ὄν, ὁ, (ἐν, πῦρ, βάτω) *standing on or over the fire, of a tripod*, opp. to ἀπύρος.

ἐμ-πύρος, ὄν, (ἐν, πῦρ) in or on the fire. II. scorched, burnt. III. of sacrificial fire; ἐμπυρος τέχνη the art of divination by fire:—as Subst., τὰ ἐμπυρα [ιερά] *burnt sacrifices or omens from burnt sacrifices*.

ἐμύκον, αορ. 2 of μυκάομαι.

ἐμ-φάγειν, αορ. 2 with no pres. in use (see ἐσθίω): —to put in and eat, to eat up: to eat upon.

ἐμ-φαλνέω, f. φάνω: aor. ἰ ἐνέφηναι:—to show, make appear:—Pass., with fut. med. ἐμφάνομαι, to be seen in, to be reflected: to appear, show oneself.

ἐμφάνηαι, αορ. 2 pass. of ἐμφαλνέω.

ἐμφάνης, εἰς, (ἐμφανῆναι) *appearing in, visible, plain, manifest*. 2. open, in public. 3. palpable, real, actual. Hence

ἐμφάνειν, f. ἰσω Att. ἰώ, to show forth: to make clear, explain.

ἐμφάνως, Ion. —εως, Adv. of ἐμφανῆς, *visibly, openly*, Lat. *palam*.

ἐμφάσσει, εὐς, ἡ, (ἐμφαλνέω) *an appearing in, reflexion: outward appearance*.

ἐμφέρεαι, ἡ, resemblances. From

ἐμφέρης, εἰς, resembling, similar. Adv. —ρως, similarly, just as. From

ἐμ-φέρω, f. ἐν-ῖσω, to bear or bring in. II. to object to one, cast in one's teeth.

ἐμ-φλέγω, f. φω, to light up in.

ἐμ-φλοξ, ὄγος, ὁ, ἡ, with fire in it.

ἐμ-φοβος, ὄν, (ἐν, φόβος) *fearful, terrible*. II. pass. frightened, afraid.

ἐμ-φορβίω, f. ὥσω, (ἐν, φορβιά) to put on the flute-player's mouthpiece.

ἐμ-φορέω, f. ἦσω, like ἐμφέρειν, to bear or bring in: —Pass. to be borne about or on. II. in Med. and Pass. to take one's fill of a thing, to make much use of.

III. to inflict on.

ἐμ-φράσσω Att. —ττω, f. φω, to stop up, block up.

ἐμ-φρουρος, f. ἦσω, to keep guard in. From

ἐμ-φρουρά, ὄν, (ἐν, φρουρά) on guard in a place: liable to serve. II. pass. guarded, garrisoned.

ἐμ-φρων, ὄν, gen. φρονος, (ἐν, φρήν) in one's right mind: sensible, alive. 2. in one's senses, sensible, shrewd, prudent.

ἐμφύλις, εἰς, (ἐμφύω) *implanted by nature, innate*.

ἐμ-φύλος, ὄν, and ἐμ-φύλιος, ὄν, (ἐν, φύλον) of the same tribe or race; ἐμφύλιον αἷμα *kindred blood*;

τοῦμφυλον αἷμα *a kinsman's blood*, i. e. murder of a

kinsman. II. in or among the people; στάσις ἐμφυλὸς intestine, civil discord.
 ἐμφύς, aor. 2 part. of ἐμφύω.
 ἐμ-φύσσω, f. ἦσω, to breathe in or into: breathe upon.
 ἐμφύτος, ov, inborn, innate. From
 ἐμ-φύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ]: aor. 1 ἐνέφυσα: in these tenses trans. to implant.
 II. intr. in Med. ἐμφύομαι, with act. pf. ἐμπεφύκα, aor. 2 ἐνέφυν, to grow, be on or in: to be rooted in, cling closely to; ἐμφύναι χειρὶ το- cing fast to his hand.
 ἐμ-φωνος, ov, (ἐν, φωνή) with a loud voice.
 ἐμ-ψοφος, ov, noisy, sounding.
 ἐμ-ψυχος, ov, (ἐν, ψυχή) having life in one, alive, living.
 ἐμ-ψυχόω, f. ὥσω, (ἐμψυχος) to animate.
 ἐν, Dor. and Aeol. for eis, into.
 'EN poet. ἐν Ep. ἐνί, elví, PREP. with DAT. IN: I. OF PLACE, in, at; ἐν Ἀθήνῃσι, ἐν Τροίῃ. 2. on, upon; ἐν οὐρεσι on the mountains, etc. 3. of clothing; ἐν ἐσθῆτι, in (i. e. wearing) a garment; ἐν ὄπλοις in or under arms. 4. in the number of, amongst; ἐν τοῖς πρώτοις among some of the very first:—in presence of, before. 5. within one's power, in one's hands; νίκη πείρατ' ἔχοντα ἐν ἀθανάτοις θεοῖσι are in their hands; ἐν ἐμοὶ ἐστὶ it is in my power. 6. according to, in accordance with. II. OF THE INSTRUMENT OR MEANS, with, by, by means of; ἐν πυρὶ πιμπράναι to burn with fire; ἐν δεσμῷ δῆσαι to bind with a bond. III. OF TIME, within; ἐν πούτῃ τῷ χρόνῳ within this space; ἐν ᾧ (sub. χρόνῳ) while, during the time that; ἐν βραχεὶ in short time. IV. ELLIPT. in such phrases as ἐν Ἀλκι- νόοιο, ἐν Αἰδῶ Att. ἐν Αἰδῶ, etc., where αἰὼν or δόμοι is understood. V. WITHOUT CASE AS AD- VERB, therein, thereat, thereby, moreover: espe- cially. VI. POSITION:—ἐν sometimes in Ep. follows its dative, but most freq. in the form ἐνί, then written ἐνί. VII. IN COMPOS., I. with Verbs the Prep. retains its sense of being near, at or in. 2. with Adjs. it expresses either a modified degree, e. g. ἔμπειρος, ἐν-λευός, rather harsh, whitish, etc.; or else the possession of a quality, e. g. ἐν-αιμος, with blood in v. 2. In compos. ἐν- becomes ἐμ- be- fore β μ ρ φ ψ; ἐγ- before γ κ ξ χ; ἐλ- before λ; and in a few words ἐρ- before ρ.
 ἐν, neutr. of ἐς; and ἐνα, acc. masc.
 ἐν-αβρύνομαι, Pass. to be vain of.
 ἐν-αγίγῃ, ἐν, (ἐν, ἅγιος) in or under a curse, polluted, blood-guilty: generally, abominable, accursed. Hence ἐναγίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to offer sacrifice to the dead, Lat. *parentare*. Hence
 ἐνάγ-σμα, ατος, τό, an offering to the dead.
 ἐν-αγκάλισσαι, Med. to take in one's arms.
 ἐν-αγκυλῶω, f. ἦσω, (ἐν, ἀγκυλή) to fit thongs to javelins to throw them with.
 ἐν-αγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐναγεῖραι.
 ἐν-αγχος, Adv. (ἐν, ἀγχι) just now, even now, lately.

ἐν-άγω, f. ἔω, to lead in or into, lead on, urge, per- suade. 2. c. acc. rei, to propose, suggest.
 ἐν-αγωνίζομαι, Dep. to contend or fight among:—of a place, εὐμενὴς ἐναγωνίζεσθαι favourable to fight in.
 ἐν-αγώνιος, ov, (ἐν, ἀγών) of or belonging to a con- test, fight or game. 2. ἐναγώνιοι θεοὶ the gods who presided over the games, esp. Hermes.
 ἐν-αθλῶω, f. ἦσω, = ἀθλῶω ἐν, to contend in or among, ἐναυμῆεις, ἐσσα, ἐν, = ἐναγμος.
 ἐν-αιμος, ov, (ἐν, αἷμα) with blood in it.
 ἐναιρέμεν, Ep. for ἐναίρειν, inf. of ἐναίρω.
 ἐναίρω Ep. ἐνναίρω: fut. ἐνάρῳ: aor. 2 ἤναρον, poet. also ἐνάρον: aor. I med. ἐνηράμην, Ep. 3 sing. ἐνή- ρατο: (ἐναρα):—to slay, kill: also of things, to make away with, destroy.
 ἐν-αίστιμος and ἐν-αίστιος, ov, (ἐν, αἶσα) fated, sent by destiny, Lat. *fatalis*: in good sense, season- able. II. in accordance with fate, seemly, prop- er; and of persons, just, righteous:—Adv. —ίμως, fitly, becomingly.
 ἐν-αιχμάζω, f. σω, to wield the spear in.
 ἐν-αιωροέμαι, Pass. to float or drift about in
 ἐνάκτις, Adv. = ἐννάκτις.
 ἐνᾱκόσιοι, αι, α, (ἐννέα) nine hundred.
 ἐν-ακούω, f. —οῦσμαι, to bear in a place.
 ἐν-αλείφω, f. ψω: pf. pass. ἐναήλιμμαι:—to anoint: Med. to anoint oneself or for oneself.
 ἐν-ἀλγικίος, ov, like, resembling.
 ἐν-άλιος, α, ov, and os, ov: Ep. and Lyr. also ἐν- ἄλιος: (ἐν, ἅλα):—in, on, of the sea, Lat. *marinus*. ἐναλλαγήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐναλλάσσω.
 ἐναλλάξ, Adv. crosswise: alternately, Lat. *vicissim*.
 From
 ἐν-ἀλλάσσω Att. —πτω: fut. ἔω: aor. I —ήλλαξα: pf. —ήλλαχα, pass. —ήλλαγμα:—to exchange, receive in exchange: also to divert from one thing to an- other. II. Pass. to be changed, to differ from. 2. to have dealings with.
 ἐν-άλλομαι, f. —ἀλούμαι: aor. I —ηλόμην: Dep. — to leap in or on, to rush against.
 ἐν-άλλος, ov, (ἐν, ἄλλος) contrary.
 ἐν-ἄλος, ov, (ἐν, ἅλα) = ἐνάλιος.
 ἐν-ᾱμέλω, f. ἔω, to milk into.
 ἐν-ᾱμῖλλος, ov, (ἐν, ᾱμῖλλα) engaged in equal con- test with, a match for.
 ἐναμμένος, Ion. for ἐνημμένος, pf. part. pass. ὁ ἐνάπτω.
 ἐν-αντα, Adv. opposite, over against, c. gen.
 ἐν-αντι, (ἐν, ἀντί) Adv., = ἐναντιον.
 ἐν-αντιβίος, ov, struggling against: neut. ἐναντί- βιον, against, in opposition to.
 ἐν-αντίος, α, ov, over against, opposite: face to face, in presence of. 2. in hostile sense, facing in fight, opposing. II. opposite, contrary, reverse; τὸ ἐναντίον the contrary, the reverse. III. neut. ἐναντίον as Adv., against or in presence of. 2. ἐξ ἐναντίου, over against, opposite. 3. the regul. Adv. ἐναντίως, contrariwise, c. dat. Hence

ἐναντιόω, f. ὤσω, to place opposite:—mostly as Dep. ἐναντιόομαι, f. ὤσομαι: aor. 1 ἠναντιώθη: pf. ἠναντιώμαι poet. ἐν:—to set oneself against, oppose, withstand: to be adverse to. 2. to contradict, gainsay, deny

ἐναντιώμα, ματος, τό, (ἐναντιόω) an obstacle.

ἐναντιώσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐναντιόω) opposition.

ἐνάξα, aor. 1 of νάσσω.

ἐναπείθω, aor. 2 of ἐναποθνήσκω.

ἐναφήπτε, Ion. for ἐναφήπτε, 3. sing. impf. of ἐναφάπτω.

ἐναφήκε, Ion. for ἐναφήκε, 3. sing. aor. 1 of ἐναφήμι.

ἐναποδελκύμι, to display in a thing:—Pass. to be distinguished or manifest.

ἐναποθνήσκω, f. ἀποθνήσκω, to die in.

ἐναποκλάω, f. κλάω [ᾱ], to break short off in.

ἐναπολείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind in.

ἐναπόλλυμι and ὤω: fut. ὀλέσω Att. ὀλώ:—to destroy in or among.

ἐναπομόργνυμι, f. ἀπομόργω:—to rub or wipe off upon; and so to impart

ἐναπονίζω, f. ἀπονίζω, to wash clean in a thing.

ἐναποτίνω, f. ἀποτίνω, to pay as a penalty.

ἐναποψύχω, f. ξω, to give up the ghost, expire.

ἐνάπτω, f. ψω, to bind or tie in, on or to:—Pass.

and Med., pf. ἐνήμμαι, to be clad in. II, to kindle,

set on fire: Med. to get oneself a light.

ἜΝΑΠΑ, αῶν, τά, used only in plur. the arms of a slain foe, Lat. spolia; booty, spoil.

ἐναρπίζω, aor. 1 ἐνήρσα, to fit or fasten in. II.

intr. in pf. ἐνήρσα, to be fitted in.

ἐνάργει, Dor. for ἐνήργει, 3. sing. impf. of ἐνεργέω.

ἐναργής, ἐς, (ἐν, ἀργός) distinct, visible, in bodily form. 2. bright, brilliant. 3. of words, distinct, plain. Hence

ἐναργώς Ion. ἔως, Adv. distinctly, visibly.

ἐνάρες or ἐνάριες, αἱ, a Scythian word,—Greek ἀνδρόγυνος.

ἐνάρηώς, νῆα, δς, part. pf. 2 of ἐναρπίζω.

ἐνάρη-φύρος, αῶν, (ἐναρα, φέρω) wearing the spoils.

ἐνάρηξ, αἱ, ξω: Ep. aor. 1 ἐνάρηξα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἠνάρησθην. pf. ἠνάρημαι: (ἐναρα)—to strip a slain foe, Lat. spoliare, ἐνάρηξιν τινα ἔντα, τεύχη to strip one of his arms: hence to lay in fight, to lay:—Pass.,

γὰρ ἐναριζόμενα night bring slain, i.e. brought to an end.

ἐν-αριθμέω, f. ἦσω, to count, reckon in or among: generally, to reckon, account:—Med. to make account of, value.

ἐν-ἀριθμός, αῶν, (ἐν. ἀριθμός) reckoned in, counted among. II. taken into account, valued, Lat. in numero habitus.

ἐν-ἀρίμ-βροτος, αῶν, (ἐναίρω, βρότος) slaying men.

ἐν-αρμόζω and -πτω: f. ὅσω Dor. ὅξω:—to fit in: also to fix a weapon in. II. med. to fit, suit, to be adapted to.

ἐνάρων, τό, see ἐναρα.

ἐνάρων, poet. for ἠνάρων, aor. 2 of ἐναίρω.

ἐν-άρχομαι, f. ξομαι Dep. to begin with.

2. in

sacrifices, ἐν-άρχεται τὰ κανα to begin the offering, by taking the barley (ὄλοχύνται) from the baskets (κανά, pl. of κανοῦν); cf. κατάρχομαι.

ἐν-ασπείρω, αῶν, ἀσπείρω, to be insolent in:—Pass. to be treated with insult in a thing.

ἐν-ασπιδόομαι, Pass. (ἐν, ἀσπίς) to fit oneself with a shield.

ἐνασσα, Ep. aor. 1 of ναίω

ἐνατος, Ep. and Ion. εἰνατος, η, αῶν, (ἐν-εἶα) ninth, Lat. nonus. τὰ ἐνατα (sub. ἐπρά) offerings to the dead made nine days after the funeral, Lat. novendialia.

ἐν-αυλάκτο-φοῖτις, ἰδός, ἡ, (ἐν, αὐλαξ, φοιτάω) roaming in the fields

ἐν-αυλίω, f. ἰω Att. ἰω, to dwell or lodge in:—Med. to take up quarters for the night in. Hence

ἐναυλιστήριος, αῶν, to be dwell in, habitable

ἐν-αυλον, τό, (ἐν, αὐλή) an abode.

ἐν-αυλος, ὁ, as Subst., I. (ἐν, αὐλός) a hollow channel: a water-course, a torrent. II. (ἐν, αὐλή) a dwelling, shelter; haunt.

ἐν-αυλος, αῶν, as Adj., I. (ἐν, αἰλός) on or to the flute: still ringing in one's ears, fresh. II. (ἐν, αὐλή) dwelling in dens: of men, in one's den, at home.

ἐν-αυξάνω, f. -αυξήσω, to increase, enlarge.

ἐν-αυχένιος, αῶν, αῶν, (ἐν, αὐχὴν) in or on the neck

ἐν-αῦα, aor. 1 inf. ἐν-αῦασι, to kindle or light a fire. —Med. to light oneself a fire.

ἐν-αφάπτω, f. ψω, to fasten up to a thing.

ἐν-αφήμι, Ion. ἐν-απ-: f. -αφήσω, to let drop in.

ἐν-δαίς, αἰδός, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐν, δαίς) with lighted torch.

ἐν-δαίω, to handle in:—Med. to burn in.

ἐν-δάκνω, f. δήσσομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέδδακον.—to bite into, hold in the teeth.

ἐν-δακρύω, f. ὤσω [ῶ], to weep in.

ἐνδάπιος, α, αῶν, (ἐνδών) native of the country.

ἐν-διδέομαι, Dep. to divide, distribute, esp. in speaking: hence II. to speak of; either in bad sense, to upbraid, reproach, revile: or in good sense, to tell of, celebrate.

ἐνδέμηναι, pf. pass. of ἐνδέμω.

ἐνδεδυμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐνδύω

ἐνδεοστέρως, Adv. Comp. of ἐνδεός, in a less degree.

ἐνδεήσσω, fut. of ἐνδέω, to be in want

ἐνδεής, ἐς, (ἐνδέω) in need of, wanting or lacking in: inferior to: absol. in want, in need, deficient, poor, weak:—to needs lack, want, defect. Hence

ἐνδεα, ἡ, want, lack of a thing: absol. need, Lat. egetas in plur. want, needs, deficiencies.

ἐνδειγμα, ατος, τό, (ἐνδείκνυμι) a proof

ἐν-δείκνυμι or -νω f. -δείξω: aor. 1 ἐνέδειξα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐνέδειχθην: pf. ἐνέδειγμα:—to mark out, Lat. in-dicare: as Att. law-term, to inform against.

II. Med. to declare one's self: to display, make a show of a thing. 2. to show, give proof of. Hence

ἐνδείξις, εως, ἡ, a pointing out: a token, evidence, proof: as Att. law-term, a laying information against

one who undertook an office for which he was legally disqualified.

ἐν-δεκα, *ol, al, τά*, (ἐν neut. of εἷς, δέκα) indecl., *eleven*. II. of ἐνδεκα, *the Eleven* at Athens, i.e. the Commissioners of police.

ἐνδεκά-πῆχυς, *v, gen. εὐς, eleven cubits long*.
ἐνδεκά-πους, *δ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, eleven feet long* or broad.

ἐνδεκάς, *ἄδος, ἡ, (ἐν-δεκα) the number eleven*.

ἐνδέκατος, *η, ον, (ἐν-δεκα) the eleventh*.

ἐνδεκ-ετής, *οὐ, ὁ, fem. -έτις, ἰδος, eleven years old*.

ἐν-δέκομαι, *Ion. for ἐνδέχομαι*.

ἐνδελεχής, *ἔδος, continual, constant*. Adv. ἐνδελεχῶς, *constantly*.

ἐνδεμα, *τό, (ἐνδέω) a thing bound on, band*.

ἐν-δέμω, *ῥ, μῶ, to wall up:—to build in a place*.

ἐν-δεξιόδομαι, *Dep. to grasp with the right hand, clasp, embrace*.

ἐν-δέξιός, *α, ον, on or towards the right hand, from left to right; neut. pl. ἐνδέξια as Adv. 2. propitious, favourable; ἐνδέξια σήματα right, good omens*.

ἐνδετος, *ον, (ἐνδέω) bound to a thing, entangled in*.

ἐν-δέχομαι, *Ion. -δέκομαι; f. -δέχομαι: Dep.:—to take upon oneself, Lat. suscipere*. II. to accept, admit, believe: also of things, to admit, allow of: hence 2. ἐνδέχεται, *impers. it may be, it is possible; οὐκ ἐνδέχεται it is not possible; τὰ ἐνδεχόμενα things possible; ἐκ τῶν ἐνδεχομένων by every possible means:—Adv. ἐνδεχομένως, possibly*.

ἐν-δέω, *f. -δήσω; aor. I ἐνέδησα:—to bind in, on or to: to entangle in, implicate or involve in:—Med. to tie or pack up*.
ἐν-δέω, *f. -δέσω, to be in want of: also to be wanting, to fail*. II. *impers. ἐνδεῖ, there is need or want of: there is a deficiency; πολλῶν ἐνδεῖ αὐτῷ he was in want of many things*. III. *Pass. to be in want or need of*.

ἐνδεῶς, *Adv. of ἐνδεής, insufficiently*.

ἐν-δηλος, *ον, (ἐν, δηλος) manifest, clear:—Adv. ἐνδήλως, clearly, Sup. -ότατα*.

ἐνδημέω, *f. ἡσω, (ἐνδημος) to live in or at a place*.

ἐν-δημος, *ον, dwelling in a place: esp. at home: native, opp. to ἑξένος: attached to home: of war, civil, intestine*.

II. of or belonging to a state.

ἐνδιασσκον, *Ion. impf. of ἐνδιαίω*.

ἐν-διάγω, *f. ἔω, to pass one's time in*.

ἐν-διαθρύπτομαι, *Pass. to play the coquet with, trifle with*.

ἐν-δῆλαιόδομαι, *Ion. -έομαι, f. ἡσσομαι, Dep. to live or dwell in a place*.

ἐν-διατάσσω *Att. -ττω, fut. ἔω, to arrange in order* (brought out).

ἐν-διατρίβω [*ῥ*], *f. ψω, to spend or consume in a place: absol. (sub. χρόνον) to spend or waste time in: also to dwell upon*.

ἐν-δῖαιος, (ἐνδῖος) *to rest in the open air: to linger in a place*. II. *trans. to let go into the open air,*

ποιμένες μῆλα ἐνδιασσκον (Ep. impf.) *shepherds let their sheep out into the air, i. e. to feed*.

ἐν-διδύσσω, = ἐνδύω, *to put on:—Pass. to wear*.

ἐν-δίδωμι, *f. -δάσω; aor. I ἐνέδωκα:—to give into one's hands, surrender: to give up as lost, throw up*.

II. *to afford: also to allow, grant: to cause*. III. *to shew, exhibit, give proof of*. IV. *intr. to give in, give up, give way: to flag, fail: of things, to cease*.

V. *of a river, to empty itself*.

ἐν-δίημι, (ἐν, δίω) *found only in 3 pl. impf. ἐνδῖεσαν, to chase, pursue*.

ἐν-δίκος, *ον, (ἐν, δίκη) of things, according to right, fair, right, just: legal*. II. *of persons, righteous, just, upright*. 2. *possessed of right*. III. *Adv. ἐνδίκως, with right, with justice: Sup. ἐνδικώτατα*.

*ἐν-δίνα, *τά, (ἐνδον) the entrails, Lat. intestina*.

ἐνδινεύντι, *Dor. for ἐνδινούσι, 3 pl. of ἐνδινέω*.

ἐν-δινέω, *f. ἡσω, to revolve in*.

ἐνδῖον, *τό, a seat in the air: a seat*. From ἐν-διος, *ον, at midday, at noon*. II. *in the open air*. (From ἐν, Διός genit. of Ζεύς, Lat. sub divo or dio, Horace's sub Jove.)

ἐν-δίφριος, *ον, (ἐν, δίφρος) sitting on the same seat*.

ἐνδοθεν, *Adv. (ἐνδον) from within: from one's heart, of oneself*. II. *within, c. gen.*

ἐνδοθι, (ἐνδον) *Adv. within: also, at home*.

ἐνδοι, *Adv. = ἐνδοθι*.

ἐνδοιάξω, = ἐν δοίῃ εἶναι, *to be in doubt, at a loss: to waver: of things, aor. I inf. pass. ἐνδοιασθήναι, to be matter of doubt*. Hence

ἐνδοιαστός, *ἡ, ὄν, doubtful*. Adv. *-τῶς, doubtfully*.

ἐνδο-μάχης, *ον, ὁ, Dor. -χας, (ἐνδον, μάχομαι) fighting or bold at home, epith. of a dunghill cock*.

ἐν-δόμησις, *ἔως, ἡ, (ἐν, δόμος) a thing built in, a building, structure*.

ἐνδό-μυχος, *ον, (ἐνδον, μυχός) in the inmost part of a dwelling*.

ἐνδον, *Adv., and Prep. governing gen., (ἐν) within, Lat. intus: at home, Lat. domi: in one's own country: of ἐνδον those of the house, esp. the domestics: τὰ ἐνδον household affairs*.

ἐν-δοξος, *ον, (ἐν, δόξα) held in repute, honoured*. 2. *of things, glorious*. Adv. *-ξως*.

ἐνδόσιμος, *ον, (ἐνδιδωμι) sounding the key-note: τὸ ἐνδόσιμον (sub. μέλος) a key-note*.

ἐνδότερος, *α, ον, Comp. formed from ἐνδον, inner: Sup. ἐνδότατος, η, ον, inmost*.

ἐν-δουτέω, *f. ἡσω, to fall in with a heavy sound*.

ἐν-δρομέω, *f. ἡσω, (ἐν, δρόμος) to run in, fall into*.

ἐν-δρομῖς, *ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐν, δρόμος) a thick cloak worn by runners after exercise, for fear of cold*.

ἐν-δροςος, *ον, (ἐν, δρόσος) dewy, dank*.

ἐν-δρῖον, *τό, (ἐν, δρῖς) the strong oaken pin by which the yoke is fixed to the pole (λατοβοεῖς)*.

ἐνδτικέως, *Adv. zealously, heartily, earnestly*. The Adj. ἐνδτικῆς is not found. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐν-δυνάμω, *f. ὥσω, (ἐν, δύναμις) to strengthen:—Pass. to acquire strength*.

ἐν-δυναστεύω, f. σω, to have power in or among. II. to prevail by authority.

ἐνδύς, ὅσα, ὅν, aor. 2 part. of ἐνδύω.

ἐν-δυστυχέω, f. ἦσω, to be unlucky in or with.

ἐν-δύτηρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (ἐνδύω) as Adj. fit for putting on.

ἐνδυτήριος, α, ον, (ἐνδύω) = ἐνδυτήρ.

ἐν-δύτός, ὅν, put on: as Subst., ἐνδυτόν, τό, that which is put on, a garment, dress. II. clad in.

From

ἐν-δύω, f. ὕσω [ῶ]: aor. I ἐνέδῳσα; in these tenses, trans., to put on another; ἐνδύσειν τινά τι to put on one, clothe one in. II. intr. ἐνδύνω and in

Med. ἐνδύομαι, with aor. 2 act. ἐνέδυν, pf. -δέδυνκα: to put on oneself, put on, wear. 2. to go in, enter;

ἀκοντιστὴν ἐνδύσειαι thou wilt enter the contest of darting. 3. to implicate oneself in a matter: also to insinuate oneself into.

ἐνέβαλλον, aor. 2 of ἐμβάλλω.

ἐνέβην, aor. 2 of ἐμβαίνειν.

ἐνεγέγραπτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐγγράφω.

ἐνέγκαι and ἐνεγκεῖν, aor. I and 2 inf. of φέρω.

ἐνέγραψα, aor. I of ἐγγράφω.

ἐνεγύθησα, ἐνεγύηκα, ἐνεγύον, see ἐγγύνω.

ἐνδέξα, ἐνεδέχθη, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐνδέκνυμι.

ἐνέδησα, aor. I of ἐνδέω, to bind in.

ἐν-έδρα, ἡ, a lying in wait, ambush, Lat. insidiae.

ἐνεδρεύω, f. σω: (derived from ἐνέδρα: but in the augm. tenses, ἐνῆδρευον, ἐνῆδρευσα, ἐνῆδρευθην, ἐνῆδρευσαι, as if compd. of ἐν, ἐδρεύω):—to lie in wait for, lie in ambush, Lat. insidiari:—Pass. to be caught in an ambush: to be ensnared. II. to place in ambush: Med. to set an ambush: Pass. to be set in ambush.

ἐν-εδρον, τό, = ἐνέδρα.

ἐν-εδρος, ον, (ἐν, ἐδρα) an inmate, inhabitant.

ἐνέδῳσα, ἐνέδυν, aor. I and 2 of ἐνδύω.

ἐν-έξομαι, f. -εθοῦμαι, Dep. to sit down in, abide or reside in: cp. ἐνῆμαι.

ἐνέηκα, Ep. for ἐνῆκα, aor. I of ἐνίμην.

ἐνέην, Ep. for ἐνῆν, impf. of ἐνεῖμι.

ἐνεθυμήθην, aor. I of ἐνθυμέομαι.

ἐν-εἶδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, its place being supplied by ἐνοράω: to see or observe in: absol. to observe, remark. Cf. εἶδον.

ἐνεῖκα, Ep. for ἤνεῖκα (Ion. for ἤνεγκα), aor. I of φέρω: inf. ἐνεῖκαι.

ἐνεκέμεν, Ep. for ἐνεγκεῖμεν, aor. 2 int. of φέρω.

ἐνεῖκεον, impf. of νεῖκω.

ἐν-εἶλλω and ἐν-εἰλέω, f. ἦσω, to wrap up in.

ἐνεῖμαι, aor. I of νέμω.

ἐν-εῖμεν, Ep. for ἐνεσμεν, I pl. of ἐνεῖμι: but II. ἐνεμεν, 3 sing. aor. I of νέμω.

ἐν-εῖμι, f. ἐνέσομαι, (ἐν, εἰμί sum) to be in a place, to be within: to be in or among. II. to be possible; impers., ἐνεστὶ τιμι it is in one's power, one may or can: part. neut. ἐνόν used absol., it being possible.

ἐν-είρω: pf. pass. ἐνερμας—to entwine, interweave.

ἐνέλε, ἐνείσα, aor. 2 part. of ἐνίμην.

ἐνεκα, Ion. and Ep. ἐνεκεν, poet. also εἵνεκα, εἵνεκεν: Prep. with gen., put both before and after its case, on account of, for the sake of, for, Lat. gratia, causa.

II. with respect to, as far as regards, as for; ἐνεκα ἐμοῦ as far as depends on me. III. by means of; τέχνης εἵνεκα by force of art.

ἐνεκάλυψα, aor. I of ἐγκαλύπτω.

ἐνεκέμην, impf. of ἐνέκειμαι.

ἐνεκέρασα, aor. I of ἐγκεράννυμι.

ἐνέκρᾶγον, aor. 2 of ἐγκράζω.

ἐνέκρυψα, aor. I of ἐγκρύπτω.

ἐνέκυρσα, aor. I of ἐγκύρω.

ἐνέκυψα, aor. I of ἐγκύπτω.

ἐν-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω Att. -ελάω—to drive in or into.

ἐνέλιπον, aor. 2 of ἐλλείπω.

ἐν-ελλισσω, f. ἔω, to roll or wrap up in, Lat. involvo.

ἐνεμαξέμην, aor. I mod. of ἐμασσω.

ἐνέμεινα, aor. I of ἐμμένω.

ἐνεμέσσα, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of νεμεσάω.

ἐν-εμέω, f. ἔσω, to vomit in.

ἐνεμήθην, aor. I pass. of νέμω.

ἐνεμυθήθην, aor. I pass. of ἐμμένω.

ἐνένευον, impf. of ἐννεύω.

ἐνεηέκοντα, οί, αἱ, τὰ, indecl. (ἐνέα) ninety.

ἐνένιπε, 3 sing. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of ἐνίπω.

ἐνενώκῃσι, Ion. for ἐνενοήκασι, 3 pl. pf. of ἐννοέω.

ἐνένωτο, Ion. for ἐνενόητο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐννοέω.

ἐνέχομαι, fut. med. (with pass. sense) of ἐνεχω.

ἐνεός or ἐνναός, ἄ, ὄν, dumb, speechless: def. and dumb.

ἐνεπάγγην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐμπήγγυμι.

ἐνεπαίχθη, aor. I pass. of ἐμπαίζω.

ἐνέπαξα, Dor. for ἐνέτηξα, aor. I of ἐμπήγγυμι.

ἐνέπασσα, Ep. for ἐνέπῃσα, aor. I of ἐμπασσω.

ἐνέπεσον, aor. 2 of ἐμπίπτω.

ἐνέπιον, aor. 2 of ἐμῖναι.

ἐνεπλάκην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐμπλέκω.

ἐνέπλησθην, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἐμπλήττημι.

ἐνέπλησα, ἐνεπλήσθη, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐμπλήττημι.

ἐνέπνευσα, aor. I of ἐμμένω.

ἐνεποπίατο, Ion. for ἐνεπύρητο, plqpf. pass. of ἐκποπιάω.

ἐνέπρηθον, impf. of ἐμπρήθω.

ἐνέπρησα, aor. I of ἐμπήρημι.

ἐνέπτῳσα, aor. I of ἐμπτύω.

ἐνέπω, poet. also ἐνένπω: aor. 2 εἶπον, inf. ἐνέπειν: fut. ἐνισπῶ or ἐνίψω—to tell, tell of, describe, relate.

2. to speak to, address, assuage. 3. simply, to speak, say. 4. c. inf. to bid.

ἐν-εργάζομαι, fut. σομαι: pf. -εἰργασμαι: aor. I

-εἰργασάμην and -εἰργάσθην: Dep.:—to make or create in: aor. I ἐνεργασθην is also used in pass. sense.

2. to labour, pursue a calling, work for hire.

ἐνεργεῖα, ἡ, (ἐνεργής) an action, operation, energy.

ἐνεργέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐνεργής) to work, be active. Hence

ἐνέργημα, ατος, τό, an effect, work, operation.

ἐν-εργής, ἐς, = ἐνεργός.
ἐν-εργός, ὄν, (ἐν, ἐργον) working, active, busy: of soldiers, on service, fit for service: of land, in tillage, productive. Hence
ἐνεργός, Adv. of ἐνεργής or ἐνεργός, actively: productively.
ἐν-ερεῖδω, f. σω, to push in, to thrust in.
ἐν-ερεῖνω, aor. 2 ἐνήρῳον, to belch on one.
ἐνερθε, before a vowel -θεν, from beneath: beneath. II. c. gen. beneath. 2. below, in the power of. From
ἐνεροι, av, ol, (ἐν) Lat. inferi, those in or beneath the earth, of the dead and the gods below.
ἐνερμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐνεροι.
ἐνεραφῆν [ᾱ], ἐνεραψάμην, aor. 2 pass. and aor. I med. of ἐνράπτω.
ἐνεροις, εως, ἡ, (ἐνεροι) a fitting or fastening in.
ἐνέρετος, α, ov, Comp. of ἐνεροι, deeper, lower.
ἐνεσαν, Ep. for ἐνήσαν, 3 pl. impf. of ἐνεими.
ἐνεσία, ἡ, (ἐνίημι) a suggestion, counsel.
ἐνέσιλκα, pf. with pass. sense of ἐνσκέλλω.
ἐνέσταται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐνστάω.
ἐνέσταλμαι, pf. pass. of ἐνστέλλω.
ἐνεστέωτος Ion. for ἐνεστώτος, gen. of ἐνεστώς (for ἐνεστηκώς), pf. part. of ἐνίστημι.
ἐνεστήκω, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐνστηρίζω.
ἐνέσχετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. (in pass. sense) of ἐνέχω.
ἐνετάθην [ᾱ], aor. I pass. of ἐντείνω.
ἐνετελλάμην, aor. I med. of ἐντελλω.
ἐνέτι, ἡ, (ἐνίημι) a pin, brooch.
ἐνέτράγον, aor. 2 of ἐντρέγω.
ἐντρέπην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐντρέπω.
ἐντρέφην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐντρέφω.
ἐντρέβην [ῖ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐντρέβω.
ἐνετύλιξα, aor. I of ἐντυλίσσω.
ἐνέτυχον, aor. 2 of ἐντυγχάνω.
ἐν-ευδαιμονέω, f. ἦσω, to be happy in.
ἐν-εύδω, fut. -ευδήσω, to sleep in or on.
ἐν-εύναιος, ov, (ἐν, εὐνή) in or on which one sleeps: δέρμα ἐνευναίων a skin to sleep on; χήτης ἐνευναίων for want of bed-clothes.
ἐνευσα, aor. I both of νέω and of νέω (B) to swim.
ἐνέφραξα, aor. I of ἐμφράσσω.
ἐνέφυσσα, ἐνέφυον, aor. I and 2 of ἐμφύω.
ἐνεφύσσησα, aor. I of ἐμφυσάω.
ἐνέχσα, Ep. ἐνέχουα, aor. I med. of ἐγγέχω.
ἐνεχείρησα, aor. I of ἐγχειρέω.
ἐνεχευάμην, Ep. aor. I med. of ἐγγέχω.
ἐνεχθήσομαι, fut. pass. of φέρω.
ἐνέχθητι, ἐνεχθείην, ἐνεχθῶ, ἐνεχθῆναι, aor. I pass. imperat., optat., subj., and inf. of φέρω.
ἐνεχῦράζω, f. ἀσώ, (ἐνέχῳρον) to take a pledge from one. 2. c. acc. rei, to take in pledge: Pass., ἐνεχυράσθαι τὰ χρήματα to have one's goods seized for debt: Med. to have surety given one, τόκος for interest.
ἐν-ἐχῦρον, τό, (ἐν, ἐχυρός) a pledge, surety; ἐν-ἐχυρον τιθέναι τι to make a thing a pledge.
ἐν-έχω, f. ἐνέξω or ἐνσχέσω:—to keep fast within:

entertain, cherish. II. Pass., with fut. med. ἐνέξομαι, aor. 2 ἐνεσχόμεν, to be held, caught, entangled in.
 III. intr. to enter, pierce into, penetrate: to press upon.
ἐνεχώρησα, aor. I of ἐγχορεύω.
ἐν-ζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύω, to bind fast in, to involve in.
ἐνη, ης, η, see ἐνοε, η, ov.
ἐν-ἡβώω, f. ἦσω, to spend one's youth in: to amuse oneself in, to be joyful in. Hence
ἐνηβητήριον, τό, a place of amusement.
ἐν-ἡβος, ov, (ἐν, ἡβη) in the prime of youth.
ἐνῆδρευσα, -εὔθη, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐνεδρεύω.
ἐνηεῖη, ἡ, (ἐνήης) kindness, goodness.
ἐνήεν, Ep. for ἐνήν, 3 sing. impf. of ἐνεими.
ἐνήης, ἐς, gen. ἐνηέος, kind, friendly, good-hearted. (Connected with ἀπνήης and προσνήης.)
ἐνήκα, aor. I of ἐνήμι.
ἐνήλατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἐνάλλομαι.
ἐνήλατον, τό, (ἐνελαύνω) anything driven in: in plur. the rounds of the ladder fixed in the poles or sides; ἀξόναν ἐνήλατα the pins driven into the axle, lincb-pins.
ἐνήλλαγμα, pf. pass. of ἐναλλάσσω.
ἐνήλλαξα, aor. I of ἐναλλάσσω.
ἐνήλλου, 2 sing. impf. of ἐνάλλομαι.
ἐν-ἦμαι, Pass. (really pf. of ἐν-έζομαι), to be seated in.
ἐν-ἦμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐνάπτω.
ἐνήνευμαι, pf. pass. of φέρω.
ἐνήνοθε, 3 sing. pf., only found in this pers. and in compds. ἐν-ἐνήνοθε, κατ-ἐνήνοθε, παρ-ἐνήνοθε, with the notion of being upon or close to. (The root ἐνέθω is not in use.)
ἐνήνοχα, pf. of φέρω.
ἐνήρατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of ἐνείραο.
ἐνήσω, fut. of ἐνίημι.
ἐνθα, (ἐν) Adv., I. of Place, there, Lat. ibi: also as relat. to ὅθι, where, Lat. ubi. 2. in this case or state. 3. with a sense of Motion, thither, thence, Lat. illuc. II. of Time, when. Hence
ἐνθάδε, Adv. thither, Lat. illuc: also, there: of Time, here, now.
ἐν-θακέω, f. ἦσω, to sit in or on. Hence
ἐνθάκησις, εως, ἡ, a sitting in: ἐνθάκησις ἡλίου a seat in the sun.
ἐν-θαλάττω, f. ψω, to warm in:—Pass., ἐνθαλάπασθαι ἔρωσι to glow with love.
ἐνθαυέην, aor. 2 inf. of ἐνθυήσχω.
ἐνθα-περ, (ἐνθα, περ) Adv. there where, where.
ἐν-θάπτω, f. ψω, to bury in a place.
ἐνθαῦτα, ἐνθεῦτεν, Ion. for ἐνταῦθα, ἐντεῦθεν.
ἐν-θεάζω, f. σω, (ἐν, θεός) to be inspired.
ἐνθήμεν, ἐνθήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἐντίημι.
ἐνθεν, (ἐνθα) Adv. thence, Lat. illinc: ἐνθεν καὶ ἐνθεν on this side and on that: also as relat. for ἄθεν, whence, whereof, Lat. unde II. of Time, thereupon, after that.
ἐνθένδε, (ἐνθεν) thence, Lat. hinc,

ἐνθεο, Ep. for ἐνθεσο, aor. 2 imper. med. of ἐντίθημι.
ἐν-θεος, ov, full of the god, inspired, possessed:
given by inspiration.

ἐν-θερμάλνω, f. ανῶ, (ἐν, θερμός) to heat:—Pass., ἐν-
θεθέρμανται πόθω has been heated by passion.

ἐνθεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐντίθημι) a putting in. II. a
piece put in, a mouthful.

ἐν-θετο, Ed. for ἐνέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐν-
τίθημι.

ἐνθετος, ov, (ἐντίθημι) put in, implantea.

ἐνθευτεν, Adv., Ion. for ἐντεύθεν.

ἐνθη, ἐνθης, ἐνθοι, ἐνθω, ἐνθών, Dor. for ἔλθη, ἔλθης,
ἔλθοι, etc., aor. 2 of ἔρχομαι.

ἐν-θηρος, ov, (ἐν, θήρ) full of wild beasts. II.

metaph. savage, wild, rough, untended, undressed.

ἐν-θνήσκω, f. -θάνομαι, to die in: to grow rigid or
torpid in.

ἐνθορε, Ep. for ἐνέθορε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐνθρόσκω.

ἐνθοῦ, Att. aor. 2 imperat. med. of ἐντίθημι.

ἐν-θουσιάζω, f. άσω, or ἐν-θουσιάζω, f. ήσω, (ἐνθεος,
contr. ἐνθους) to be inspired.

ἐνθρέψασθαι, aor. I inf. med. of ἐντρέφω.

ἐν-θρίδιω, f. σω, (ἐν, θρίδιον) to wrap in a fig-leaf,
epiwrap.

ἐν-θρώσκω, f. -θορούμαι: aor. 2 ἐνέθορον Ep. ενθο-
ρον:—to leap into, upon, among.

ἐν-θυμέομαι, f. ήσομαι: aor. I ἐνεθυμήθην: pf. ἐν-
τεθυμήμηναι: Dep.: (ἐν, θυμός):—to lay to heart, con-
sider well, ponder. 2. to take to heart, be concerned

at. 3. to form a plan. 4. to infer, conclude.

Hence

ἐνθύμημα, ατος, τό, a thought: invention, device,
stratagem. II. an argument in Rhetoric an-
swering to the Syllogism in Logic: and

ἐνθύμησις, εως, ἡ, consideration, esteem.

ἐνθύμια, ἡ, (ἐνθυμέομαι) consideration: suspicion.

ἐν-θυμός, ov, (ἐν, θυμός) taken to heart, weighing
upon the mind: ἐνθυμόν ἐστί μοι, Lat. religio est
mibi, I feel a scruple.

ἐνθύμιστος, ἡ, όν, = ἐνθύμιος.

ἐν-θωρακίζω, f. ίσω, to array in armour: pf. pass.
part. ἐνθεωρακισμένος, armed in mail.

ἐνί, poet. for ἐν. II. ἐνί, dat. of εἰς.

ἐν, for ἐνεστι, it is in: also it is allowed, possible.

ἐνιασίος, ov, also α, ov, (ἐνιαυτός) of a year, one
year old. II. yearly, year by year. III.

for a year, lasting a year: ἐν. βεβώς gone for a
year.

ἐνιαυτός, ό, (ένος) a year: κατ' ἐνιαυτόν yearly,
every year. 2. any complete space of time: έτος

ἤλθε περιπλομένων ἐνιαυτῶν as times rolled on the
year came.

ἐν-ιαύω, f. -ιαύσω, to sleep in or among.

ἐνιάχῃ, Adv. (ἐνιοι) in some places.

ἐν-βάλλω, ἐν-βάλλω, Ep. for ἐμ-βάλλω, etc.,

ἐνβλαφθεῖς, Ep. aor. I pass. part. of ἐμβάλλω.

ἐν-ιδεῖν, inf. of aor. 2 ἰδεῖν.

ἐν-ιδρώω, f. άσω, to sweat in, labour at.

ἐν-ιδρύνω, ἐν-ιδρύω, f. ύσω [v], to set, settle, sit
found in a place:—Med. to found for oneself.

ἐν-ζεύγνυμι, or -ύω, poet. for ἐνζυ-

ἐν-ίζω, f. -ιζήσω, (ἐν, ίζω) to sit in or on.

ἐν-ίπλω, fut. -ήσω: aor. I -ήκα Ep. -έκα: pf. -είκα,
pass. -είμαι:—to send in or into: to implant, inspire:

generally, to throw in or among: of ships, to launch
into the sea: metaph. to urge on, incite to do a
thing. 2. to send in secretly. II. rarely intr.

to enter.

ἐνιθρέψας, poet. aor. I part. of ἐντρέφω.

ἐνι-κατατίθημι, Ep. for ἐγκ-: hence ἐνικάτθεο, Ep.
aor. 2 med. imperat. for ἐγκατάθου.

ἐνι-κλάω, f. άσω [ά], Ep. for ἐγκ-, to break in, break
off, Lat. infringo.

ἐνι-κλείω, Ep. for ἐγκ-κλείω.

ἐν-ναιετάσκειν, Ion. impf. of ἐν-ναιετάω.

ἐνι-οι, αι, α, (from ἐνι οἱ = εἰσιν οἱ, as ἐνίοτε = ἔστιν
ότε) some, Lat. aliqui.

ἐνι-οτε, Adv. for ἐνι ὅτε = ἔστιν ὅτε, at times, some-
times: Dor. ἐνι-όκα.

ἐνίπῃ, ἡ, (ἐνίπτω) a reproof, rebuke: abuse.

ἐνί-πλειος, ov, Ep. for ἐμπλειος, filled.

ἐνι-πλήσσομαι, -πλησθῆναι, Ep. for ἐμ-πλ-, aor.
I inf. med. and pass. of ἐμπίπλω.

ἐνι-πλήξωμεν, -ωσι, Ep. I and 3 pl. for ἐμ-πλ-,

aor. I subj. of ἐμπλήσσω.

ἐνι-πτεύω, f. σω, to ride in, on or among.

ἐνιπρήσαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of ἐμπιπρῆμι.

ἐνίπτω, fut. ἐνίψω: Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἡνίψαπον,
or ἐνείπων:—to reprove, reproach, upbraid, Lat. ob-
jurgo. II. = ἐνέπω, to tell of, announce.

ἐνι-σκήπτω, ἐνι-σκήπτω, Ep. for ἐνσ-.

ενισπεῖν, ἐνισπήσω, aor. 2 inf. and fut. of ἐνέπω.

ἐν-ίσπω, aor. 2 subj. of ἐνέπω.

ἐνίσσω, collat. form of ἐνίπτω, to reprove, reproach:

also to maltreat, ill-use.

ἐν-ίστημι, f. -στήσω: aor. I -έστησα: also fut. and
aor. I med. -στήσομαι, -εστησάμην:—Causal in these
tenses, to put, set, place in. 2. to begin. II.

intrans. in Med., with aor. 2 act. ἐνέστην: pf. ἐνέ-
στηκα: plqpf. ἐνειστήκειν:—to be set in, to stand in
or within. 2. to be appointed. 3. to be upon.

be close upon, to be at hand: τοῦ ἐνεστώτος μηνός in
the present month: of circumstances, to arise, occur,

τὰ ἐνεσθηκότα present circumstances. 4. to oppose,
resist, object.

ἐν-ισχύω, f. ύσω [v], to strengthen. II. intr.

to gain strength.

ἐν-ίσχω, -ένέχω.

ἐνι-τρέφω, ἐνι-χρίπτω, Ep. for ἐντ- and ἐγγ-.

ἐνιχυμφθεῖς, Ep. aor. I part. pass. of ἰγχιμπτω.

ἐν-λαβείνω, f. σω, to carve in or upon.

ἐννιάτηρ, ἡρος, ἡ, (ἐννιάω) an inhabitant:—fem.
ἐνναέτιρα.

ἐννιά-τηρος, ov, = εν.

ἐννιά-ετής, ές, (ἐννέα, έτος) nine years' old: neun-
ténáetes, as Adv., for nine years.

ἐν-νῆτης, *ov, ὁ*, = ἐν-ναετήρ.
 ἐννᾶ-έτης, *ιδος, ἡ*, fem. of ἐνναετής, *nine years old*.
 ἐν-ναῖω: Ep. fut. med. ἐννάσσομαι, *aor. I ἐνενασ-*
σάμηναι: to dwell in: inhabit.
 ἐνάκης, Adv. (ἐννέα, *nine times*, Lat. *novies*.
 ἐννᾶκόσιοι, *v. ἐνακοσ-*.
 ἐννάσσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. *aor. I* med. of ἐνναῖω.
 ἐννᾶτος, false form for ἐνατος.
 ἐν-ναυπηγίῳ, *f. ἦσω*, *to build ships in*.
 ἔΝΝΕ'Α', indecl. *nine*, Lat. *novem*.
 ἐννέα-βοῖος, *ov, (ἐννέα, βοῦς) worth nine beees*.
 ἐνεα-καί-δεκα, indecl. *nineteen*. Hence
 ἐνεακαιδέκα-μήνος, *ov, (μήν) nineteen months old*.
 ἐνεακαιδεκ-ετής, *ἑς, (ἔτος) nineteen years old*.
 ἐννέα-κρουνος, *ov, with nine springs*, a well at
 Athens, called also Καλλιρρόη.
 ἐννέα-λίθος, *ov, (ἐννέα, λίθων) of nine threads*.
 ἐννέα-μήνος, *ov, (ἐννέα, μήν) of nine months*.
 ἐννέα-πήχυς, *v, (ἐννέα, πήχυς) nine cubits long*.
 ἐννέας, *ἄδος, ἡ*, (ἐννέα) *the number nine: a number*
of nine. II. the ninth day of the month.
 ἐννέα-φωνος, *ov, (ἐννέα, φωνή) of nine tones or notes*.
 ἐννέα-χίλιοι, *αι, α*, Ep. for ἐνάκις χίλιοι, *nine thou-*
sand.
 ἐννέα-χορδος, *ov, (ἐννέα, χορδή) of nine strings*.
 ἐννεήκοντα, worse form for ἐνενήκοντα, *ninety*.
 ἐννεήκοντα-εννέα, indecl. *ninety and nine*.
 ἐννενωκάσι, *Ion. 3 pl. pf. of ἐννοέω*.
 ἐννεον, Ep. for ἐνεον, *impf. of νέω*, *to swim*.
 ἐννε-όργυλος, *ov, (ἐννέα, ὀργυιά) nine fathoms long*.
 ἐννέος, false form for ἐνέος.
 ἐν-νεοσσεύω Att. -πτεύω, *f. σω*, *to make a nest or*
batch young in: c. acc. to batch.
 ἐννέπω, *poët. lengthd. for ἐνέπω*.
 ἐννεσία, *ἡ*, see ἐνέσια.
 ἐν-νεύω, *f. σω*, *to nod, beckon or make signs to*.
 ἐννέ-ωρος, *ov, (ἐννέα, ὥρα) nine years old or long*.
 ἐννήκοντα, Ep. for ἐνενήκοντα, *ninety*.
 ἐννη-ἡμαρ, (ἐννέα, ἡμαρ) Adv. *for nine days*.
 ἐνηγηφιν, Ep. for ἐνης, fem. gen. of ἐνος, as Adv.
 ἐν-νοέω, *f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐνενούησα Ion. part. ἐννώσας:*
pf. ἐννενούηκα Ion. ἐννένωκα:—also in Med., with
aor. I pass. ἐνενοήθη:—to think of, have in one's
mind, consider, ponder: to take thought, be
anxious. II. to understand. III. to intend
to do, c. inf. IV to devise, plan. invent, Lat.
excogitare. Hence
 ἐννοια, *ἡ*, *a thought: an intent, design*.
 ἐν-νομος, *ov, (ἐν, νόμος) within the pale of the law,*
lawful, right: of persons, just, upright: also, under
the law. II. (ἐν, νέμωμαι) feeding in, inhabiting.
 ἐν-νοος, *ov, contr. -νοου. ov, (ἐν, νοῦς) thoughtful,*
sensible:—Comp. ἐννοοστέρος, Sup. -οὔστατος.
 ἐννοσί-γαιος, *ὁ*, *poët. for ἐνοσίγ- (ἐνοσι, γῆ) the*
Earth's baker, a name of Póseidon or Neptune.
 ἐννοσί-φυλλος, *ov, poët. for ἐνοσιφ- (ἐνοσις, φύλ-*
λον) with quivering leaves.
 ἐνοχλεῖς, *poët. for ἐνοχλεῖς, 2 sing. of ἐνοχλέω*.

ἐννῦμι or ἐννῦω, from root *FE'Ω, = FEXΩ, Lat.*
VESTIO: f. ἔσω Ep. ἔσωω; Ep. aor. I ἔσσα:—Med.
ἐννῦμαι: fut. ἔσομαι: aor. I ἔσάμην Ep. ἔσάμην,
3 sing. ἔσσοτο:—Pass. pf. εἴμαι, εἴσαι, εἴται, but Ep.
also ἔσσαι, ἔσται: plqpf. εἴμην, but 2 sing. ἔσσο, 3
sing. ἔστο Ep. ἔεστο, 3 dual ἔσθην, 3 pl. εἴατο:—to put
clothes on another:—Med. c. acc. rei, to put on one-
self, clothe oneself in, put on:—Pass. to be clad in, to
wrap or sbroud oneself in: λαΐων ἔσσο χιτῶνα thou
badst been clad in coat of stone, i. e. been buried.
 ἐννυτο, 3 sing. *impf. med. of ἐννῦμι*.
 ἐν-νύχευ, *f. σω, (ἐν, νύξ) to sleep or lodge in*.
 ἐν-νύχιος, *α, ov, or os, ov, (ἐν, νύξ) nightly, in the*
night, by night. II. dwelling in Night, of the
dead.
 ἐν-νύχος, *ov, = ἐννύχιος*.
 ἐννῶσαι, -νώσας, *Ion. for ἐννοῆσαι, -νοῆσας, aor. I*
inf. and part. of ἐννοέω.
 ἐν-ὀδῖος, *α, ov, Ep. εἰν-ὀδῖος, η, ov, (ἐν, ὁδός) in,*
on, or by the road: σφήκες ἐνὸδιος wasps that have
their nests by the way-side. II. of or belonging
to a journey.
 ἐν-οικέω, *f. ἦσω, to dwell: to inhabit. Hence*
 ἐν-οικία, *εὖς, ἡ*, *a dwelling in a place*.
 ἐν-οικίζω, *fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to make to dwell in a*
place:—Pass. to be settled or take up one's abode in.
 ἐν-οίκιος, *ov, (ἐν, οἶκος) in the house, keeping at home*.
 ἐν-οικοδομέω, *f. ἦσω, to build in a place. II.*
to build up, block up.
 ἐν-οικος, *ov, dwelling in: as Subst. a dweller in, an*
inhabitant. II. pass. dwelt in.
 ἐν-οινοχοέω, *f. ἦσω, to pour in wine*.
 ἐνόν, *part. neut. of ἐνείμι, used absol., it being possible*.
 ἐνοπή, *ἡ, (ἐνέπω) a cry, scream, voice, sound: esp.*
a war-cry, battle-shout.
 ἐν-ὀπλιος, *ov, (ἐν, ὅπλον) in or with arms: ὁ ἐν-*
ὀπλιος (sub. ῥυθμός) the tune for the war-dance.
 ἐν-οπλος, *ov, (ἐν, ὅπλον) in arms, armed*.
 ἐνοπτρον, τό, (ἐνὸψομαι) *a mirror*.
 ἐν-οράω *Ion. -έω: f. ἐνὸψομαι (supplied from obsol.*
ἐνύπτομαι): aor. 2 ἐνέιδον, q. v.:—to see or observe
in a person or thing. II. to look at or upon.
 ἐνόρκιος, *ov, = ἐνορκος*.
 ἐν-ορκος, *ov, (ἐν, ὅρκος) bound by oath, sworn. II.*
that to which one is sworn: ἐνορκον εἰπεῖν τι to speak
on oath.
 ἐν-ορμήτης [I], *ov, ὁ, (ἐν, ὄρμος) one who is in harbour*.
 ἐν-ὄρνυμι, *fut. ἐνὶρωσ: aor. I ἐνῶρσα: 3 sing. Ep.*
aor. 2 pass. ἐνῶρτο: (ἐν, ὄρω, ὄρνυμι):—to arouse or
stir up in:—Pass. to arise in or among.
 ἐν-οροῦω, *f. σω, to leap in or upon, assail, attack*.
 ἐν-ὄρχης, *ov, ὁ, and ἐν-ορχια, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, = ἐνορχος*.
 ἐν-ορχος, *ov, (ἐν, ὄρχη) uncastrated, entire*.
 ἔΝΟΣ or ἐνος, *ὁ*, Lat. *ANNUS, Subst. a year:*
hence ἐνιαυτός ἀφενος, διενος, etc.
 ἔΝΟΣ or ἐνος, *η, ov, Adj. a year old, last year's:*
ἐνος καρπός last year's fruit: generally, old, by-
gone. II. ἐνὴ καὶ νέα (sub. ἡμέρα), the old and
 I 2

new day, i.e. the last day of the month, so called because this 30th day consisted of two halves; one belonging to the old, the other to the new moon. 2. in oblique cases of fem.: gen. ἑνῆς Ep. *ἐννηφιν*, = Lat. *perendie*, the day after to-morrow, αὔριον καὶ ἐννηφιν; so too, τῇ ἑνῇ, eis ἑνῇ.

ένος, gen. of εἰς and ἐν, one.
ἐνοσις, eosis, ἡ, (*ἐνθώ) a shaking, quake.
Ἐνοσί-χθων, onos, ὁ, (ἐνοσις, χθών) the Earth-shaker, a name of Poseidon or Neptune.
ἐνότης, ητος, ἡ, (εἰς) unity, concord.
ἐν-ουράνιος, ov, (ἐν, οὐρανός) in heaven, heavenly.
ἐν-ουρέω, f. ἥσω, to make water in.
ἐν-όχλω, f. ἥσω: the augm. tenses take a double augm. impf. ἡνώχλουν, pass. ἡνώχλούμην; aor. I ἡνώχλησα: pf. ἡνώχληκα:—to trouble, disturb, Lat. molestare: absol. to be an annoyance:—Pass. to be troubled or annoyed.

ἐνοχος, ov, (ἐνέχομαι) held in, bound by, liable or subject to a penalty: liable to be accused of a crime.
ἐν-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew up in.
ἐν-ριγώω, f. ὥσω, = ριγώω ἐν, to shiver or freeze in.
ἐν-σεύω, f. -σεύσω: pf. pass. -σέσεισμαι:—to shake in or into, to drive into, hurl or launch at.
ἐν-σημαίνω, f. ἀνῶ, to mean, imply:—Med. to give notice of, intimate.

ἐν-σκέλλω, aor. I ἐνέσκηλα, to dry up:—Pass., with pf. act. ἐνέσκηλκα, to be dried up.
ἐν-σκευάζω, f. ἀσώ, to get ready, prepare:—Pass. to be dressed or equipped:—Med. to dress oneself up.
ἐν-σκήπτω, f. ψω: Ep. ἐνισκ-:—to hurl, dart, launch in or upon. II. intrans. to fall in or on.
ἐν-σκιμπώ, f. ψω: Ep. ἐνισκ-: poet. form of ἐν-σκήπτω, to dash in or upon:—Pass. to stick in.
ἐν-σκιρρώ, f. ὥσω, (ἐν, σκίρπος) to harden:—Pass. to become callous, inveterate.

ἐν-σοφος, ov, wise in a thing.
ἐν-σπειρώ, f. -σπερῶ, to sow among:—Pass. to be sown or spread among.

ἐν-σπονδός, ov, (ἐν, σπονδή) included in a treaty: in alliance with: under truce or safe-conduct.
ἐν-στάξω, f. ξω, to let drop in.
ἐν-σταλάξω, f. ξω, = ἐνστάξω.
ἐνστάτης, ov, ὁ, (ἐνίστημι) one who withstands, an adversary.

ἐν-στέλλω, f. -στέλλω:—to dress in;—Pass., ἵππᾶδα στολὴν ἐνσταλμένους clad in a horseman's dress.
ἐν-στηρίξω, f. ξω, to fix in.
ἐν-στράτοπεδεύω, or -εύομαι as Dep., = στρατοπέδεομαι ἐν, to encamp in.
ἐν-στρίφω, fut. ψω, to turn about in:—Pass. to turn or move in. 2. c. acc. loci, to visit.

ἐν-σφραγίζω Ion. ἐν-σφρηγ-, to impress on.
ἐντάβηναι, aor. I inf. pass. of ἐντείνω.
ἐντάκηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐντήκω.
ἐντάκμα, atos, τό, (ἐντέλλω) an injunction, precept.
ἐν-τάνω, f. ὥσω: aor. I inf. ἐντανύσαι:—poet. for ἐντείνω, to stretch or strain tight: to bend or rather

to string a bow: also to stretch on or over a thing: to extend, prolong.

ἐν-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to enrol, register in:—Pass. to be posted in battle.

ἐνταῦθα Ion. ἐνθαῦτα, Adv. (ἐν) = ἐνθα: I. of Place, here, there, Lat. hic: also hither, thither, Lat. huc.

II. of Time, at the very time: then, now. 2. like Lat. deinde, thereupon, then. Hence

ἐνταυθί [ῥ], Att. form for ἐνταῦθα.
ἐνταυθοῖ, Adv. hither, Lat. huc.
ἐντάφιαξω, f. σω, (ἐντάφιος) to bury. Hence ἐντάφιασμός, ὁ, burial.

ἐν-τάφιος, ov, (ἐν, τάφος) of or used in burial. II. as Subst., ἐντάφιον, τό, a shroud or winding-sheet; τὰ ἐντάφια, funeral honours, obsequies.

Ἔντεα, ov, τὰ, instruments, gear, tools of any kind: arms, armour; ἔντεα δαυτός appliances for a banquet; ἔντεα νηὸς rigging, tackle of a ship; ἔντεα ἵππεα horse-trappings, harness.

ἐντεθύμηναι, pf. of ἐνθυμέομαι.
ἐντεθωράκισαι, pf. pass. of ἐνθωρακίζω.

ἐν-τείνω, fut. -τενώ: aor. I ἐνέτεινα: pf. ἐντέτακα:—Pass., aor. I ἐνερτάην [ᾶ]: pf. ἐντέταμαι:—to stretch or strain tight, Lat. intendere; δίφπος ἱμῶσιν ἐντέταται the chariot board is hung upon straps: to bend a bow; γέφυραι ἐντεταμέναί a bridge of boats with the cables all taut:—ἐντείνασθαι ἀρμονίαν to raise it to a higher pitch:—ἐντείνειν ναῦν ποδὶ to keep a ship's sail tight by the sheet. II. to stretch out at or against; ἐντείνειν πλῆγην Lat. intendere plagam. 2. to entangle in. III. to strain, exert, φωνὴν ἐντείνασθαι: hence in Pass., to be eager or vehement, ἐντείνεσθαι εἰς τὸ ἔργον.

ἐν-τευχίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to wall in, fortify:—Med., to wall in, i. e. blockade.
ἐν-τεκνός, ov, (ἐν, τέκνον) having children.

ἐν-τελευταίω, f. ἥσω, to end one's life in a place.
ἐν-τελής, ἐς, = ἐν τέλει ὅν, complete, entire, perfect:—Adv. -λῶς, Sup. -λέστατα.

ἐν-τέλλω, mostly in Med., ἐν-τέλλομαι, to enjoin, command:—Pass., ἐντεταλμένα commands.
ἐντελοῦμαι, fut. med. of foreg.

ἐν-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω: f. -τεμῶ: to cut in, engrave or inscribe upon. II. to cut in pieces, in sacrifices. 2. to cut in, shred in.

ἐντερων, τό, (ἐντῆς) a piece of gut:—in plur. the guts, intestines, entrails, bowels. Hence ἐντερόενεια, ἡ, timber for the ribs of a ship, belly timber.

ἐντεσι-εργός, ὄν, (ἐντεα, ἔργον) working in harness.

ἐντεταγμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐντάσσω.
ἐντεταλμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐντέλλω.

ἐντεταμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐντείνω. Hence ἐντεταμένος, Adv. vehemently, strongly.

ἐντέτατο, for ἐνετέτατο, plqpf. pass. of ἐντείνω.
ἐντήκηκα, pf. with pass. sense of ἐντήκω.
ἐντετμημένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐντέμνω.
ἐντετυλιγμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐντυλίσσω.

ἐντεῦθεν Ion. ἐνθεῦτεν, Adv. (ἐνταῦθα) hence or thence, Lat. *hinc* or *illino*. II. of Time, henceforth, thenceforth, afterwards, thereupon.

ἐντευθενί [Ὶ], Att. for ἐντεῦθεν.

ἐντευξίς, εως, ἡ, (ἐντυχάνω) a lighting upon. 2. converse, intercourse. 3. a petition, intercession, thanksgiving. 4. reading, study.

ἐν-τευτλάνω, f. ὦσω, (ἐν, τεῦτλον) to stew in beet. ἐν-τήκω, f. ξω, to cause to melt in, to pour in while molten:—Pass. with aor. 2 ἐντέκην [ᾱ], and pf. act. ἐντέτηκα, to be melted in, to sink deep into one; μῖσος ἐντέτηκέ μοι; ἐντακῆναι τῷ φιλεῖν to be wholly given up to love.

ἐντί, Dor. for ἐστι and εἰσι, from εἰμί sum.

ἐν-τίθημι, fut. ἐνθήσω: aor. 2 ἐνέθην, Ep. inf. ἐν-θέμεν:—to put in, Lat. *imponere*: metaph. to inspire, instil:—Med. to put in for oneself, store up, lay by: also ἐνθέσθαι τιμῇ to hold in honour.

ἐν-τίκτω, f. -τέξομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέτεκον:—to bear or produce in: to create or cause in II. pf. part. intr., ἐντετοκάς, inborn.

ἐν-τίλαιο, f. ἥσω, to squirt upon.

ἐν-τίμω, f. ἥσω, to value in or among.

ἐν-τίμος, ov, (ἐν, τιμή) in honour, honoured, prized: τὰ θεῶν ἐντίμα what is honoured in the sight of the gods, their ordinances or attributes:—Adv., ἐντίμως ἐχειν or ἄγειν τινα to hold him in honour.

ἐν-τίμημα, atos, τό, (ἐντέμνω) a cut, incision, notch. 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of τέμν.

ἐντολή, ἡ, (ἐντέλλω) an injunction, command.

ἐντομος, ov, (ἐντέμνω) cut in pieces, cut up; ἐντομα σοιεῖν to offer as victims.

ἐντονος, ov, (ἐντείνω) strained: intense, earnest, eager, violent. Adv. -vovs, violently.

ἐν-τόπιος, ov, = ἐντοπος.

ἐν-τοπος, ov, (ἐν, τόπος) in or of a place.

ἐντός, Adv. (ἐν) Lat. *intus*, intrinsecus, opp. to ἐκτός: I. of Place, in, within, inside; also as Prep. c. gen., ἐντὸς ἑμαντοῦ in my senses. 2. on this side, Lat. *citra*, c. gen. II. of Time, within, in less than, c. gen., ἐντὸς εἰκοσὶ ἡμερῶν within 20 days. Hence

ἐντοσθε and before a vowel -θεν, Adv. from within, within.

ἐντράγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐντράγω.

ἐντράπηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐντρέπω.

ἐντράπησομαι, fut. 2 pass. of ἐντρέπω.

ἐν-τρέπω, f. -τρέψω, to turn about: metaph. to reprove, make ashamed:—Med. and Pass. to turn oneself, turn towards a person: to give heed to, listen to, respect or pay deference to: feel shame or fear.

ἐν-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, = τρέφω ἐν, to bring up or train in: of habits, etc., to grow up with, become natural to, c. dat.

ἐν-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι or -δράμομαι (from obsol. δρέμω):—to run in, to move freely in. II. to slip in, enter.

ἐν-τριβῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of ἐντρίβω. Hence

ἐντριβής, ἐς, rubbed in: metaph. skilled, versed in. ἐν-τριβω [Ὶ], f. ψω, to rub in unguents:—Pass. to have rubbed in, to be anointed, painted. II. to rub away, wear by rubbing.

ἐν-τριτωνίζω, f. ἰσω, (ἐν, τρίτος) to mix in a third part, temper with a third, with allusion to Τριτογένεια.

ἐντριψος, εως, ἡ, (ἐντριβω) a rubbing in.

ἐν-τρομος, ov, (ἐν, τρέμω) trembling, fearful.

ἐν-τροπαλίζω, ov, (ἐν, τροπή) frequent of ἐντρέπω, Pass. to keep turning round, keep looking back.

ἐντροπή, ἡ, (ἐντρέπομαι) a turning towards: respect or reverence for one: also shame, reproach.

ἐντροπία, ἡ, (ἐντρέπομαι) in pl. tricks, artifices.

ἐντροφος, ov, (ἐντρέφω) brought up in, living in, among, or with; ἐντρ. τινος a nursling.

ἐν-τρυλλίζω, f. ἰσω, to whisper in one's ear.

ἐν-τρύφω, f. ἥσω, (ἐν, τρυφή) to revel in, play in: absol. to be luxurious. II. to make sport of.

ἐν-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέτρωγον:—to eat up greedily, to devour.

ἐν-τυχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι; aor. 2 ἐνέτῃχον: pf. ἐν-τετύχηκα:—to light upon, fall in with, meet with. 2. to converse with: to intercede with. 3. to read. II. also = τυγχάνω ὧν ἐν, to happen to be in.

ἐν-τύλισσω, f. ξω, to roll or wrap up.

ἐν-τύνω, Ep. impf. of ἐντύνω; but also aor. I imperat.

ἐντύνω [Ὶ]: f. ἐντύνω: Ep. aor. I ἐντύνω: (ἐντεα):—to equip, deck out, get ready, furnish, prepare: c. acc. pers., ἐντύνειν τινα to make one ready, urge him on: also c. inf. to urge to do a thing.

ἐν-τύπας, Adv. (ἐν, τύπτω) of Priam, ἐντυπὰς ἐν χλαίνῃ κεκαλυμμένος covered with his mantle so as to show the shape of his limbs.

ἐν-τύπω, f. ὦσω, (ἐν, τύπος) to stamp, engrave.

ἐν-τύφω, f. -θύψω, to smoke. [Ὶ]

ἐντύω, Ep. impf. ἐντύνω, = ἐντύνω.

Ἐνυάλιος, ὁ, (ἐνύω) the Warlike, epith. of Ares or Mars in the Iliad; but, in later authors, different from him.

II. as Adj., warlike, furious. [ᾱ]

ἐν-υβρίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ῶ, to insult one in a thing.

ἐνυδρις, ιος, ἡ, an otter. From

ἐνυδρό-βιος, ov, living in the water.

ἐν-υδρος, ov, (ἐν, ὕδωρ) with water in it, holding water. II. of water, watery. III. living in or by water.

ἐνυξα, aor. I of νύσσω.

ἐνυπνιάζω, f. ἄσω, to dream. From

ἐνύπνιον, τό, a thing seen in sleep. 2. a dream. Properly neut. of ἐνύπνιος.

ἐνύπνιος, ov, (ἐν, ὕπνος) appearing in sleep.

ἐν-υπνος, ov, = ἐνύπνιος.

ἐνυσταζα, aor. I of νυστάζω.

ἐν-ὑφαίνω, f. ἄνω, to weave in as a pattern:—Pass to be interwoven. Hence

ἐνυφαντός, ov, interwoven.

'ΕΝΤΩ', ὅος, contr. οὗς, ἡ, Enyo, goddess of war, answering to the Roman Bellona.

ἐνωμοτοῦρχης, ον, δ, leader of an ἐνωμοτία.
 ἐνωμοτία, ἡ, (ἐνώματος) properly, any band of sworn soldiers: a division of the Spartan army, being a sub-division of the λόχος and containing 32 men.
 ἐν-ώματος, ον, (ἐν, ὄνυμι) bound by oath: a conspirator. Adv. -ότως, on oath.
 ἐνωπιδίως, Adv. to one's face. From
 ἐν-ώπη, ἡ, (ἐν, ὤψ) the face, countenance: dat. ἐνωπῇ as Adv. before the face, openly, Lat. palam.
 ἐνώπια, ον, τὰ, the inner walls fronting those who enter: properly neut. of ἐνώπιος.
 ἐνώπιον, in the presence of, Lat. coram. From
 ἐν-ώπιος, ον, (ἐν, ὤψ) in one's presence, face to face.
 ἐνώρσα, aor. I of ἐνόρσμι.
 ἐνώρτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐνόρσμι.
 ἐνώσα, Ion. for ἐνόσα, aor. I of νόω.
 ἐνωσιζομαι, Dep. (ἐν, οὔ) to hearken to.
 ἘΞ, Lat. EX, put for *ex* before a vowel.
 ἘΞ, ol, al, τὰ, indecl., Lat. SEX, our SIX.
 ἐξαγαγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐξάγω.
 ἐξ-αγγελία, ἡ, information sent out to the enemy.
 From
 ἐξ-αγγέλλω, f. ἐλῶ, to tell out, publish, report: esp. to send out information to the enemy:—Med. to promise to do:—Pass. to be reported as doing; impers., ἐξαγγέλλεται it is reported that. Hence,
 ἐξ-άγγελος, ὁ, ἡ, a messenger who brings news out: esp. an informer. II. on the Greek stage the ἄγγελος came to tell news from a distance, but the ἐξάγγελος told what was going on behind the scenes.
 ἐξάγγελτος, ον, (ἐξαγγέλλω) told of, discovered.
 ἐξ-αἰτέω, f. ἰσῶ Att. ἰῶ, to drive out as a pollution.
 ἐξ-αἰτέω Ion. for ἐξάγω.
 ἐξάκιστος, ον, (ἐξαίειν) accursed, abominable. II. of things, devoted, mystical.
 ἐξ-αγκωνίζω, (ἐξ, ἀγκών) to nudge with the elbow.
 ἐξ-άγγυμι, f. -άζω, (ἐξ, ἀγγυμι) to break and tear away, to rend.
 ἐξ-αγοράζω, f. ἄσω, to buy from: to redeem.
 ἐξ-αγορεύω, f. σα, to speak out, publish, divulge.
 ἐξ-αγρίδω, f. ὤσω, (ἐξ, ἀγrios) to make wild or waste: of living things, to make savage, exasperate.
 ἐξ-άγω, f. -άζω: aor. 2 -ήγαγον:—to lead or carry out of or away from. 2. of things, to carry out, export: τὰ ἐξαγόμενα exports. 3. to draw out from, set free from. 4. to drive out, expel. II. to bring forth, produce: to call forth, excite. 2. of persons, to lead on, excite, rouse: also to lead on, tempt. III. intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν) to go or march out. Hence
 ἐξάγωγῃ, ἡ, a leading out, drawing out: exportation: hence
 ἐξαγωγήμος, ον, carried out: τὰ ἐξαγωγήματα exports.
 ἐξ-αγωνίζομαι, f. Att. ἰούμαι, Dep. to struggle hard.
 ἐξάδ-αρχος, ον, (ἐξάδ, ἀρχω) leader of a body of six.
 ἐξ-αῖδω, fut. -άσομαι, to sing away: ἐξάδειν τὸν βίον to sing away one's life, end it in song, as the swan:—to sing away a spell. II. to sing of, descant upon.
 ἐξ-αἰέω Ion. for ἐξάιρω.

ἐξά-ετής, ἐς, gen. ἑός, (ἔξ, ἔτος) six years old: fem. ἐξαέτις, ἰδος.—Adv. ἑξάετες, for six years.
 ἐξ-αθροίζομαι, Med. to collect out from.
 ἐξ-αἰάω, strengthd. for αἰάω.
 ἐξ-αμαρσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to make quite bloody.
 ἐξ-ανύμαι, Dep. to take away, carry off.
 ἐξ-αίρεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐξαιρέω) a taking out:—a way of taking out.
 ἐξ-αιρέτων, verb. Adj. of ἐξαιρέω, one must select.
 ἐξ-αίρετος, ον, taken out, picked out, chosen. 2. reversely, taken out, rejected, expelled. II. that can be taken out. From
 ἐξ-αίρέω, f. ήσω: aor. 2 ἐξείλον Ep. ἐξελον (supplied from obsol. ἔλω):—Med., fut. ἐξελοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐξείλομην:—Pass., pf. ἐξήρμαι Ion. ἐξαίρημαι:—to take out, take out of:—Med. to take out for oneself: to unlade, discharge one's cargo. II. to take from among others, to pick out, choose:—Pass. to be picked out for a special gift: also to be dedicated, devoted. III. to take away, remove:—Med. to take away from one:—Pass. to have a thing taken away. IV. in Med. to set free, deliver. V. to make away with: to destroy or demolish a city.
 ἐξ-αίρω, contr. of Ion. form ἐξ-αίρω: fut. ἐξ-ἄρῶ: aor. I ἐξήρα:—to lift up, lift off the earth. 2. to raise, exalt, extol. 3. to arouse, stir up, excite. II. Med. to carry off for oneself, earn:—ἐξαιρέσθαι νόσον to take a disease on oneself, catch it. III. Pass. to be raised, to rise. 2. to be excited, agitated.
 ἐξ-αίσιος, ον, (ἐξ, αἴσα) beyond what is right, transgressing right, lawless. II. of things, monstrous, violent.
 ἐξ-αἰσσω Att. -άσω, -άττω: fut. -αἰξω, -αἰξω: aor. I -ήξα:—to rush forth, start out.
 ἐξ-αἰστω, f. ὤσω, (ἐξ, αἴστος) to bring to naught, utterly destroy, annihilate.
 ἐξ-αἰτέω, f. ήσω: aor. I ἐξήτησα:—to demand from another: ἐξ. τινά to demand that he be given up, demand his surrender:—Med. to beg for oneself, to beg a person off, gain his release. Hence
 ἐξαιτήσις, εως, ἡ, a demanding from another. 2. a begging off, intercession.
 ἐξ-αἰτος, ον, (ἐξ, αἰτέω) chosen, choice, precious.
 ἐξ-αἰφνης, Adv. on a sudden.
 ἐξ-ακείμαι, fut. ἔσομαι: Dep.:—to heal completely, apply a cure: χόλον ἐξακέσασθαι, to appease it; ἐν δέλιας ἐξακέσασθαι to make up for deficiencies. Hence
 ἐξάκεσις, εως, ἡ, a thorough cure.
 ἐξάκις, Adv. (ἔξ) six times, Lat. sexies. Hence
 ἐξακισ-χίλιοι, six thousands; and
 ἐξακισ-μύριοι, sixty thousands.
 ἐξ-ακολουθεῖω, f. ήσω, to follow up, imitate.
 ἐξ-ακοντίω, fut. ἰσῶ Att. ἰῶ, to dart or shoot forth, launch. 2. metaph. to direct away from: also to stretch out to: to shoot forth from one's mouth, utter.
 ἐξακόσιοι, αι, α, (ἔξ) six hundred, Lat. sexcenti. Hence

ἐξακοσιοστός, ἡ, ὄν, six-hundredth.

ἐξ-ακούω, f. -ακούσσομαι: aor. I -ἤκουσα:—to bear a sound, esp. from a distance: to listen for.

ἐξ-ακριβῶ, f. ὥσω, to make accurately, finish carefully. II. to inquire accurately. III. ἐξακριβοῦν λόγον to speak distinctly.

ἐξ-ακριβῶ, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to reach the top of; ἐξακριβῶν αἰθέρα to skim the upper air.

ἐξακτέων, verb. Adj. of ἐξάγω, one must march out.

ἐξ-αἰδῶ, f. ὥσω, to blind utterly; ὀφθαλμὸν ἐξαίδωσαι to put out his eyes.

ἐξ-αἰσπάζω, f. ξω, of a city, to sack, storm: generally, to ruin, destroy: to exhaust.

ἐξάλατο, Dor. for ἐξήλατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἐξάλλομαι.

ἐξάλειπαι, Ep. aor. I med. inf. of ἐξάλλομαι.

ἐξάλειπρον, τό, a box for ointment. From

ἐξ-αλείφω, fut. ψω: aor. I -ἤλειψα:—Pass., pf. ἐξ-ἤλιμμαι Att. ἐξαλήλιμμαι:—to anoint thoroughly, plaster over.

II. to wipe out, erase: metaph. to destroy utterly, blot out; ἐξαλείφειν τινά ἐκ τοῦ καταλόγου to strike his name off the list:—Med., ἐξαλείφασθαι πάθος φρονέας to blot out the suffering from one's mind.

ἐξ-αλέομαι, Dep. to beware of, shun, escape.

ἐξ-αλεύομαι, f. σομαι, = ἐξαλέομαι.

*ἐξ-αλλεύω, only found in aor. I part. ἐξαλλίσας [I], pf. ἐξήλικα:—to roll out, roll well; ἀπαγε τὸν ἵππον ἐξαλλίσας οἶκαδε take him home when you have given him a good roll (see ἀνιδήρα); ἐξήλικας με ἐκ τῶν ἐμῶν you have rolled, tumbled me out of my all.

ἐξαλλάγῃ, ἡ, a changing: difference. From

ἐξ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: aor. I -ἥλλαξα: pf. -ἥλλαχα:—Pass., aor. I and 2 -ἡλλάχθην, -ἡλλάγην: pf. -ἥλλαχμαι:—to change utterly or quite.

II. to withdraw or remove from. III. to turn another way; ποίαν [ὁδὸν] ἐξαλλάξω which way shall I take; ἐξαλλάσσειν κερκίδα to ply the shuttle to and fro.

ἐξ-αλλομαι, fut. -ἄλλομαι: aor. I -ἡλάμην: Ep. aor. 2 part. ἐξάλλμενος: Dep.:—to spring out of or forth from; ἐξάλλεσθαι κατὰ τοῦ τείχους to leap down from it.

II. to leap up; of horses, to rear.

ἐξ-αλύσσω, f. ὥσω: aor. I -ἤλυσα:—ἐξαλύομαι.

ἐξ-αμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι: aor. 2 -ἡμαρτον:—to mistake utterly, err greatly, commit a fault against:—Pass. to be mismanaged, wrongly treated. Hence

ἐξ-αμαρτία, ἡ, an utter mistake, error.

ἐξ-αμάω, fut. ἴσω or ἥσομαι: pf. pass. ἐξήμημαι:—to mow off, finish reaping: metaph. to cut off, destroy:—Pass., γένεον ἀπαντος ῥίξαν ἐξημημένους having the stock of all the race cut off.

ἐξ-αμβλῶ, f. -αμβλῶω: pf. -ἡμβλωκα:—to make miscarry: metaph., φροντίδ' ἐξήμβλωκας you have made my wit miscarry.

ἐξ-αμείβω, fut. ψω: aor. I -ἡμειψα:—to exchange, alter: hence to put off, lay aside:—Med. to take the place of, follow close on.

II. of Place, to change

one for another, pass over from one place to another, withdraw from:—Med. to pass out.

III. in Med. also, to requite, repay.

ἐξ-αμέλω, f. ξω, to milk or suck out. II. to press, as cheese.

ἐξ-αμέλω, f. ἴσω, to be utterly careless of.

ἐξ-αμέτρος, ὄν, (ἐξ, μέτρον) of six metres: ἐξαμέτρος (sub. τόνος), ὁ, the heroic or hexameter verse.

ἐξά-μηνος, ὄν, (ἐξ, μήν) lasting six months, Lat. se mestris: as Subst., ἐξάμηνος, ὁ or ἡ, a half-year.

ἐξ-αμυγχάνω, f. ἴσω, to get out of a difficulty, extricate oneself from it.

ἐξ-αμυλλάσσω, f. ἥσομαι: aor. I med. -ἡμυλλήσθην, pass. -ἡμυλλήθην: Dep.:—to struggle vehemently; ἀμύλλας ἐξαμυλλήθεισιν having gone through desperate struggles.

II. to drive out of: to drive out of one's wits.

III. as Pass. to be rooted out, of the Cyclops' eye.

ἐξ-αμυνομαι, Med. to ward off from oneself, drive away. [v]

ἐξ-αναγκάζω, f. ὥσω, to force or compel utterly II. to force out, drive away.

ἐξ-ανάγω, f. ἄσω: aor. 2 -ἀνήγαγον:—to bring out of or up from:—Pass. to put out to sea, set sail.

ἐξ-αναδύομαι, Med. with aor. 2 act. -ἀνέδυν:—to rise out of, come from under, emerge from: generally, to escape from.

ἐξ-αναξέω, fut. ἔσω, to make to boil up or over: metaph., ἐξαναξέειν χόλον to let his fury boil forth.

ἐξ-αναίρω, f. ἴσω, to take up out of.

ἐξ-ανακρούω, f. σω, to beat back:—Med. of ships, to retreat by backing water.

ἐξ-ανάλίσσω, fut. -ανᾶλῶω: aor. I -ἀνήλωσα: pf. pass. -ἀνήλωμαι:—to consume or destroy utterly:—Pass. to be quite used up, Lat. exhauriri.

ἐξ-αναλώω, f. ὥσω, to set quite free.

ἐξ-αναλώω, εἰς, ἡ, (ἐξανάλισσω) exhaustion.

ἐξ-αναπνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe again, revive.

ἐξ-ανάπτω, f. ψω, to hang up a thing from or by:—Med. to attach oneself.

II. to rekindle.

ἐξ-αναπαύω, f. ξω and σω, to snatch away.

ἐξ-ανασπάω, f. ὥσω [ᾶ], to tear away from.

ἐξ-αναστᾶναι, εἰς, ἡ, (ἐξανίστημι) a removal. 2. intr. an uprising from: the resurrection.

ἐξ-αναστέφω, f. ψω, to crown with wreaths.

ἐξ-αναστήσω, ἐξ-αναστήσας, fut. and aor. I inf. ὁ ἐξανίστημι.

ἐξ-αναστρέφω, f. ψω, to turn upside down: to turn headlong from.

ἐξ-αναστέλλω, to make spring up from. II. intr. to spring from.

ἐξ-αναφανδόν, Adv. quite openly.

ἐξ-αναφέρω, f. -ανολω, to bring up from the water. II. intr. to emerge from: to recover from an illness.

ἐξ-αναχωρέω, f. ἴσω, to go out of the way, withdraw, retreat. II. c. acc. to evade.

ἐξ-ανδραποδίζω, ἡ, and Med. ἐξανδραποδίζομαι, f.

-ίσομαι Att. -ἴσθαι: (ἔξ, ἀνδράποδον):—*to sell for slaves, reduce to utter slavery*: the Att. fut. ἑξανδραποδοῦμαι is also used in pass. sense, as are aor. I -ἡνδραποδίσθην, pf. -ἡνδραποδίσμαι. Hence

ἑξανδραπόδοις, εἰς, ἡ, *a selling for slaves.*

ἑξ-ανδρόμαι, pf. ἑξήνδραμαι: Pass.:—*to come to man's years*; λόχος ὁδόντων ὄφεις ἑξηνδρωμένους *a band having grown to men from the dragon's teeth.*

ἑξ-αγεῖρω, f. -εγέρω, *to excite, stir up.*

ἑξαναλόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἑξαναίρω.

ἑξ-άνειμι, *to rise out from*: *to go up in.* II. *to come back from.*

ἑξ-άνεμόω, f. ὤσω: aor. I -ἡνέμοσα: (ἔξ, ἄνεμος):—*to inflate*: *puff up.* II. *to scatter to the winds, bring to nothing.*

ἑξ-ανέρχομαι, = ἑξάνειμι.

ἑξανίστηκα, -ἦσα, pf. and aor. I of ἑξανίστημι.

ἑξανίστραμαι, pf. pass. of ἑξανιστρέφω.

ἑξανέτελα, aor. I of ἑξανατέλλω.

ἑξ-ανεύρισκο, fut. -ανεύρησai, *to find out, invent.*

ἑξ-ανέχω, f. ἔω, *to hold up or out*: intr. *to project.* II. Med., impf. and aor. 2 with double augm.

ἑξ-ηγεῖσθαι, -ἡγεσθαι:—*to bear up against.*

ἑξανήγαγον, aor. 2 of ἑξανάγω.

ἑξανήκα, aor. I of ἑξανάημι.

ἑξανήλωσα, aor. I of ἑξανῶλίσκω: ἑξανήλωμαι, pf.

pass.

ἑξ-ανθῶ, f. ἥσω: pf. -ἤνθηκα:—*to put out flowers.* 2. *to bloom with, to be covered with, to break out, of sores.* 3. metaph. *to burst forth, break out, flourish.*

ἑξ-ανθίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (ἔξ, ἄνθος) *to deck as with flowers, adorn, paint.*

ἑξ-ανίημι, f. -ανῆσai or -ανῆσομαι: aor. I -ανῆκα:

—*to send out or forth, let loose*: c. gen. *to send forth from.* 2. *to let go, dismiss.* 3. *to slacken, loosen.* II. intr. *to slacken, relax, Lat. remittere.*

ἑξ-ανίστημι, f. -αναστήσω, aor. I -ανέστησα: in

these tenses Causal, *to make rise from one's seat.* 2.

to remove from a settlement: make to emigrate, expel. 3. *to depopulate, destroy.* II. Pass. and

Med., with aor. 2 act. -ανέστην, pf. -ανέστηκα, plqpf.

-εἰστήκειν, intrans. *to rise from one's seat or station.*

2. generally, *to arise and depart from a place: to be driven out from one's home.* 3. *to be depopulated.*

ἑξ-ανόγω, *to lay open.*

ἑξ-ανρθώω, f. ὤσω, *to set upright, restore.*

ἑξ-αντλέω, f. ἥσω: aor. I -ἤντηλα:—*to draw out, Lat. exaurire.* II. metaph. *to endure to the end,*

see out, Lat. exanillare.

ἑξ-άνυσai Att. ἑξ-άνυσai, f. ὤσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἑξήνυσai:

—*to accomplish, fulfil.* 2. *to dispatb, kill, Lat. conficere.* 3. of Time, *to bring to an end, accomplish:* hence *to finish one's way to a place, arrive at it.*

4. c. inf. *to manage to do, Lat. efficere ut . . .*

5. Med. *to finish for oneself.*

ἑξα-πάλαιστος, ον, (ἔξ, πάλαιστί) of six bands breadths.

ἑξ-απαλλάσσω Att. -πτω, f. ἔω: aor. I -απῆλαξα:—*to free from, remove from*:—Med. *to remove oneself from, get rid of.*

ἑξ-ἀπάτω, f. ἥσω: aor. I -ἡπάτησα:—*to cheat or deceive thoroughly*: *to seduce*:—Pass., with fut. med. -ῆσομαι, *to be utterly deceived.*

ἑξ-ἀπάτη, ἡ, *a gross trick or deception.*

ἑξ-ἀπάτητήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (ἑξαπατάω) *a deceiver.*

ἑξ-ἀπαύλλω, Comic Dim. of ἑξαπατάω, *to cheat* &

little, impose upon.

ἑξ-ἀπαφίσκω, Ep. form of ἑξ-απατάω: aor. 2 ἑξή-

πάφον, part. ἑξαπαφών: also 3 sing. aor. 2 med. opt.

ἑξαπαφίτο occurs in act. sense.

ἑξά-πεδος, ον, (ἔξ, πούς) *six feet long.*

ἑξ-απειδω, inf. ἑξαπιδεύ, aor. 2 (with no pres. in

use), *to observe from afar.* Cf. εἶδω.

ἑξά-πηχυς, υ, (ἔξ, πῆχυς) *six cubits long.*

ἑξάπνη, Adv., later form of ἑξαπίνης.

ἑξαπίνωος, α, ον, = ἑξαπινίδιος. From

ἑξαπίνης, Adv., collat. form for ἑξαίφνης. [Y]

ἑξα-πλάσιος, α, ον, Ion. -πλήσιος, η, ον, (ἔξ) *sixfold.*

ἑξά-πλεθρος, ον, (ἔξ, πλῆθρον) *six πλῆθρα long, i. e.*

1200 feet long.

ἑξ-απλώω, f. ὤσω, *to unfold, roll out*: *to explain.*

ἑξ-αποβαίνω, f. -βῆσομαι, *to step out of.*

ἑξ-αποδίσκοι, Dep. *to chase away from.*

ἑξ-αποδύω, *to put off.*

ἑξ-αποθήσκω, *to be just on the point of death.*

ἑξά-πολις, εως, ἡ, (ἔξ, πόλις) *a league of six cities.*

ἑξ-απόλλυμι, f. -απολέσω Att. -απολώ:—*to destroy utterly*:—Med., with perf. 2 act, ἑξαπόλαλα, intr. *to*

perish utterly: *to perish out of.*

ἑξ-απονόεμαι, Pass. *to return out of.*

ἑξ-απονίζω, f. νίψω, *to wash thoroughly.*

ἑξ-σποξύνω, *to sharpen well.*

ἑξ-ἀπορέω, also Med. ἑξ-απορέομαι, *to be utterly at*

a loss, be in great perplexity.

ἑξ-αποστέλλω, *to send out or away*: *to divorce.*

ἑξ-αποτινω, f. -αποτίσω [Y], *to atone fully.*

ἑξ-αποφθείρω, *to destroy utterly.*

ἑξ-ἀπτω, f. ψω: aor. I ἑξήψα:—*to fasten from or*

to: c. dat. *to attach to.* II. Med. *to hang from, cling to a thing.* 2. *to fasten about oneself, wear.*

ἑξαπαίρω, Ion. pf. pass. of ἑξαίρω.

ἑξ-ἀράσσω Att. -πτω, fut. ἔω: aor. I ἑξήραξα:—*to*

dash or knock out, smatter: metaph. *to assail furiously.*

ἑξ-αργέω, f. ἥσω, (ἔξ, ἀργός) *to be quite torpid*:—

Pass. *to be quite neglected.*

ἑξ-αργυρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, and ἑξ-αργυρόω, f. ὤσω,

to turn into money, sell.

ἑξ-ἐπίσκομαι, f. -αρέσομαι, Dep. *to make oneself*

acceptable to: also *to win over, conciliate.*

ἑξ-ἀριθμέω, f. ἥσω, *to count throughout, Lat. enumerare.*

II. *to pay in ready money.*

ἑξ-ἀρκέω, f. ἥσω, *to be enough for*: impers., ἑξαρκέ-

μοι *it is enough for, satisfies me, c. inf.* II. *to*

ἀνουνά in, be content with: c. part. to be satisfied with doing.

III. to assist, succour. Hence

ἐξαρκής, ἐς, enough, sufficient.

ἐξαρκούντως, Adv. pres. part. of ἐξαρκέω, enough, sufficiently.

ἐξ-ερνεομαι, f. ἡσομαι: aor. I -ἡρνησάμην and -ἡρνήθην:—to deny strongly. Hence

ἐξαρνητικός, ἡ, ὄν, good at denying or disowning.

ἐξαρνός, ον, (ἐξαρνέομαι) denying, disowning.

ἐξ-αρπάξω, f. -αρπάξω and -αρπάσω or -αρπάσομαι: aor. I -ἡρπαξα Att. -ἡρπασα: pf. pass. -ἡρπασμαι:—to snatch away from: to rescue from danger.

ἐξ-αρτάω, fut. ἡσώ, to hang from or upon. II. Pass., with fut. med. ἐξαρτήσομαι, pf. ἐξήρτημαι, to be hung upon, hang upon. 2. to have fastened to one, be equipt with: cf. ἐξάπτω. 3. to be exposed to view.

ἐξ-αρτίξω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to complete, finish:—Pass., pf. ἐξήρτισμαι, to be completely furnished.

ἐξ-αρτώω, f. ὕσω [ῡ], to get ready: to fit out, equip:—Med. to get ready for oneself, fit out: to prepare, set about:—Pass., pf. ἐξήρτῃμαι, to be got ready.

ἐξάρχε, Dor. for ἐξήρχε, 3 sing. impf. of ἐξάρχω.

ἐξ-αρχος, ον, beginning. II. as Subst., ἐξάρχος, ὁ, a leader, beginner, Lat. auctor. 2. the first in rank, chief, Lat. princeps. 3. the leader of the

aborus, = κορυφαῖος.

ἐξ-άρχω, f. ξώ, to begin, lead off; ἐξάρχειν παιᾶνά νινι to begin a hymn to one, address it to him: and

reversely, ἐξάρχειν τινα λόγους to address one with words:—so also in Med. ἐξάρχομαι.

ἐξ-ασκέω, f. ἡσώ: aor. I -ἡσκησα:—to adorn, deck out. II. to train or exercise thoroughly:—Pass.

to be well trained in.

ἐξ-ατιμάξω, f. ἀσώ, to dishonour utterly.

ἐξ-άρτω, Att. contr. for ἐξαίσσω.

ἐξ-αυαίω, aor. ἐξηύηνα: to dry up, parch up.

ἐξ-αυδάω, f. ἡσώ, to speak out:—also in Med.

ἐξ-αυλέω, f. ἡσώ, to wear out by piping.

ἐξ-αυλιζομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to leave one's quarters.

ἐξ-αυτῆς, Adv., for ἐξ αὐτῆς [τῆς ὥρας], at the very point of time, at once.

ἐξ-αυτίς, Adv. for ἐξ-αυτίς, (ἐξ, αὐτίς) over again, anew. II. of Place, back again, backwards.

ἐξ-αυτομολέω, f. ἡσώ, to desert from.

ἐξ-αυχέω, f. ἡσώ: aor. I ἐξηύχησα: to boast loudly.

ἐξ-αῦω, aor. I ἐξήυσα, to scream or cry out.

ἐξ-αφαιρέω, aor. 2 -αφείλον, med. -αφειλόμην (from obsol. ἔλω):—to take quite away:—Med., ψυχὴν τινας ἐξαφείλεσθαι to take his life from him.

ἐξ-αφίημι, fut. -αφήσω, to send forth, discharge: to set free from.

ἐξ-αφίστημι, to put away:—Med., with aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, plqpf. -έστηκειν, intrans. to depart or withdraw from.

ἐξ-αφρίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Med. (ἐξ, ἀφρός) to foam away from oneself, Lat. despumare; ἐξαφρίσσεσθαι μένος, to foam or fret away one's strength.

ἐξ-αφύσσω, f. ὕσω [ῡ]: aor. I -ἡφύσσα:—to draw forth.

ἐξάψαι, aor. I inf. of ἐξάπτω.

ἐξέβαλον, aor. 2 of ἐκβάλλω.

ἐξέβην, aor. 2 of ἐκβαίνω:—ἐξεβαν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. for ἐξέβησαν.

ἐξ-εγγύωω, f. ἡσώ, (ἐξ, ἐγγύη) to free by giving bail:—Med. to give bail:—Pass. to be set free on bail.

Hence

ἐξεγγύησις, εως, ἡ, a giving bail or surety.

ἐξ-εγείρω, f. -εγερῶ, to awaken: to raise from the dead: generally, to arouse, excite: to kindle:—Pass.

with Ep. aor. 2 ἐξηγρόμην, inf. -εγρέσθαι, and pf. act. ἐξεγρήγορα, to be aroused, to wake up.

ἐξέγραιψαι, aor. 2 of ἐκγράφω.

ἐξέγροντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐξεγείρω.

ἐξέδειξα, aor. I of ἐκδείκνυμι.

ἐξεδέξαμην, aor. I of ἐκδέχομαι.

ἐξεδίδαξα, aor. I of ἐκδιδάσκω.

ἐξέδοτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐκδίδωμι.

ἐξ-έδρα, ἡ, Lat. exbedra, a covered walk in front of a house.

ἐξεδράμην, aor. 2 of ἐκτρέχω.

ἐξεδράν, aor. 2 of ἐκδιδράσκω.

ἐξ-έδρος, ον, (ἐξ, ἔδρα) away from home: generally, strange, extraordinary. a. c. gen. out of, away from; ἐξέδρος φρενῶν out of one's senses. II. of

omens, in a bad quarter.

ἐξέδομαι, fut. of ἐξεσθίω.

ἐξέδυν, aor. 2 (in intr. sense) of ἐκδύω.

ἐξέδυσσα, aor. I (in causal sense) of ἐκδύω.

ἐξέδωκα, aor. I of ἐκδίδωμι.

ἐξέθωνον, aor. 2 of ἐκθνήσκω.

ἐξέθιμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐκτίθημι.

ἐξέθηκα, aor. I of ἐκτίθημι.

ἐξέθορον, aor. 2 of ἐκθρόσκω.

ἐξέθρεψα, aor. I of ἐκτρέφω.

ἐξεί, for ἐξίτι, imperat. of ἐξείμι exibo.

ἐξ-είδον, inf. ἐξιδεῖν, aor. 2 without any pres. in use, to look out, see far: also aor. 2 med. imperat., ἐξιδού see well to it. Cf. ἐξοίδα.

ἐξείης, Adv. (ἐχω, ἐξω) post. for ἐξῆς, in order, in a row, one after another.

ἐξ-εκέξω, fut. σω, to make like: to adapt: pf. part. pass. ἐξηκασμένος, represented by a likeness or portrait.

ἐξ-ελέω, f. ἡσώ, Lat. evolvere, to unfold.

ἐξέλλω, = ἐξίλλω.

ἐξέλων, ἐξελόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἐξαίρω.

ἐξ-εμ, a sing. ἐξείσθα (for ἐξεί), inf. ἐξείναι Ep. ἐξίμεναι: impf. ἐξῆναι (ἐκ, εἰμι ibo):—to go out, come out: esp. to march out with an army; to come forward on the stage. II. of Time, to come to an end, expire; ὅταν τὸ κακὸν ἐξίη when the pain

ἐξ-εμ (εἰμι sum), only in impers. ἐξέστι, q. v.

ἐξέναι, fut. inf. of ἐχω.

ἐξέναι, inf. of ἐξέστι.

ἐξείπον, inf. *ἐξείπειν*, to *speak out*, to *utter*, *avow*: also, to *betray*: cf. *είπον*.
 ἐξείρετο, 3 sing. impf. of *ἐξέρομαι*.
 ἐξείρυσσα Ep. —*είρυσσα*, aor. I of *ἐξέρυναι*.
 ἐξείρω, to *put forth*, *thrust out*. II. to *pull out*.
 ἐξείωθα, for *ἐξει*, 2 sing. pres. of *ἐξείμι* *exibo*.
 ἐξέκασθαι, aor. I of *ἐκκαθαίρω*.
 ἐξέκαμον, aor. 2 of *ἐκκάμνω*.
 ἐξεκείνωσα, poet. aor. I of *ἐκκένω*.
 ἐξέκχυντο, 3 pl. plpf. pass. of *ἐκχέω*.
 ἐξέκλειψα, aor. I of *ἐκκλέπτω*.
 ἐξέκλησιάζων, *ἐξέκλησίασα*, irreg. impf. and aor. I of *ἐκκλησιάζω*.
 ἐξέκλινα, aor. I of *ἐκκλίνω*.
 ἐξέκομισα, aor. I of *ἐκκομίζω*.
 ἐξέκοπη, *ἐξέκόπην*, aor. I act. and aor. 2 pass. of *ἐκκόπτω*.
 ἐξεκρέματο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of *ἐκκρεμάννυμι*.
 ἐξέκρουσα, *ἐξέκρουσθην*, aor. I act. and pass. of *ἐκκρούω*.
 ἐξέκυλισα, —*ίσθην*, aor. I act. and pass. of *ἐκκυλίνδω*.
 ἐξέλαβον, aor. 2 of *ἐκλαμβάνω*.
 ἐξέλαις, ῥ, 2 and 3 sing. fut. of *ἐξελαύνω*.
 ἐξέλαις, εως, ῥ, a *driving out*, *expulsion*. II. intr. a *marshing out*, *expedition*. From
 ἐξ-*ελαύνω*: f. —*ελάσω* Att. —*ελῶ*: pf. —*ελήλακα*: also poet. pres. *ἐξελάω*, inf. *ἐξελάαν*:—to *drive out*, *chase out*. 2. to *beat out*, *hammer out*, of *metals*. II. *ἐξελαύνειν στρατόν* to *lead out* an army: hence (sub. *στρατόν*) intrans. to *set out* on an *expedition*, *march out*.
 ἐξέλαχον, aor. 2 of *ἐκλαγχάνω*.
 ἐξελε, poet. for *ἐξείλε*, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. of *ἐξαιρέω*: also 2 sing. imperat.
 ἐξ-*ελέγχω*, f. *έω*, to *search out*, *bring to the test*: to *convict*, *expose*, *confute*: of things, to *be proved* against one. 2. οὐ τοῦτο γ' ἐξελέγχουμαι I am not to *blame* in this.
 ἐξελεῖν, ἐξελεσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of *ἐξαιρέω*.
 ἐξέλιπον, aor. 2 of *ἐκλείπω*.
 ἐξ-*ελευθεροστομέω*, to *be very free of speech*.
 ἐξελεύσομαι, ἐξελεθῆναι, fut. and aor. 2 inf. of *ἐξέρχομαι*.
 ἐξέηλακα, pf. of *ἐξελαύνω*.
 ἐξέηλεγμαι, pf. pass. of *ἐξελέγχω*.
 ἐξ-*έλισσω* Att. —*ῥτω*, f. *έω*, to *unroll*, *unfold*: metaph. to *explore*. II. —Lat. *explicare*, to *expand* the front by bringing up the rear men.
 ἐξέλκω, verb. Adj. one must *drag along*. From *ἐξ-έλκω*, f. —*ελκύω* [ῥ], as if from —*ελκύω*:—to *draw* or *drag out*. 2. to *draw out* from, *rescue* from. II. to *drag out*, *prolong*, *protract*.
 ἐξέλδωσα, aor. I of *ἐκλίνω*.
 ἐξέμαθον, aor. 2 of *ἐκμανθάνω*.
 ἐξεμάνην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of *ἐκμαίνομαι*.
 ἐξέμαξα, aor. I of *ἐκμάσσω*.
 ἐξεμαργώθην, aor. I pass. of *ἐκμαργόω*.

ἐξέμαξα, ἐξεμάγην [ᾱ], aor. I act. and aor. 2 pass. of *ἐκμάσσω*.
 ἐξέμεν, Ep. for *ἐξείναι*, aor. 2 inf. of *ἐξίημι*.
 ἐξέμεν, Ep. for *ἐξείναι*, fut. inf. of *έχω*.
 ἐξέμενω, f. —*εμέσω*: aor. I *ἐξέμεσα*:—to *vomit forth*, *disgorge*. 2. absol. to *be sick*.
 ἐξέμηναι, aor. I of *ἐκμαίνομαι*.
 ἐξέμυρε, 3 sing. pf. of *ἐκμύρομαι*.
 ἐξ-*εμυρόδω*, f. *ώσω*, to *keep fast* or *strictly*, *observe*.
 ἐξ-*εμπολάω* Ion. —*έω*, f. *ήσω*, to *traffic*: κέρδος *ἐξεμπολῶν* to *drive a gainful trade*: pf. pass. *ἐξεμυρόλημαι*, I am *bought and sold*, *betrayed*. II. to *sell off*.
 ἐξ-*εναίρω*, aor. 2 inf. *ἐξεναρῆν*, = *ἐξεναρίζω*.
 ἐξ-*ενάρβιζω*, f. *έρω*, to *strip* or *spoil* a foe: to *slay* in *fight*.
 ἐξενέγκατε, 2 pl. aor. I imperat. of *ἐκφέρω*.
 ἐξ-*ενέπω*, to *speak out*, *proclaim*.
 ἐξένευσα, aor. I of *ἐκκένω* and also of *ἐκνέω*.
 ἐξένουθε, ἐξενθύν, Dor. for *ἐξέλθοις*, *ἐξελθών*, aor. 2 opt. and part. of *ἐξέρχομαι*.
 ἐξενίκησα, aor. I of *ἐκνικάω*.
 ἐξένιψα, aor. I of *ἐκνίζω*.
 ἐξ-*επαίδω*, f. —*επάσσομαι*, to *charm away*:—Pass., *ἐξεπαίδεσθαι* φύσιν to *be charmed out* of their nature.
 ἐξ-*επαίρω*, f. —*επαῖρῶ*, to *stir up*, *elate*.
 ἐξεπαίσα, aor. I of *ἐκπαίω*.
 ἐξεπάταξα, aor. I of *ἐκπατάσσω*.
 ἐξεπανουσα, aor. I of *ἐκπαύω*.
 ἐξέπεισα, aor. I of *ἐκπεῖθω*.
 ἐξεπεαράθην [ᾱ], aor. I of *ἐκπειράομαι*.
 ἐξέπειμυα, aor. I of *ἐκπέμψω*.
 ἐξεπέρησα, Ion. aor. I of *ἐκπεράω*.
 ἐξεπέτασσα, Ep. for *ἐξεπέτασα*, aor. I of *ἐκπετάννυμι*.
 ἐξ-*επύχομαι*, Dep. to *boast loudly*.
 ἐξ-*επι-και-δέκατος*, η, ον, = *ἐκκαιδέκατος*.
 ἐξ-*επισταμαι*, Dep. to *understand*, *know* *thoroughly*. II. to *know by heart*.
 ἐξ-*επίτηδες*, Adv., = *επίτηδες*, or *purpose*, *carefully*.
 ἐξεπλήγην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of *ἐκπλήσσω*.
 ἐξέπλησα, ἐξεπλήσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of *ἐκπλήσσω*.
 ἐξέπλησθην, aor. I act. and pass. of *ἐκπλήσσω*.
 ἐξέπλεον, aor. 2 of *ἐκπλήττω*.
 ἐξέπλεον, aor. 2 of *ἐκπλήττω*.
 ἐξέπλευσα, aor. I of *ἐκπλέω*.
 ἐξέπληξα, ἐξεπλήχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of *ἐκπλήσσω*.
 ἐξέπνευσα, aor. I of *ἐκπνέω*.
 ἐξέπνοις, aor. I of *ἐκπνέω*.
 ἐξεπρόνθισα, Dor. aor. I of *ἐκπρόνθισω*.
 ἐξεπρόρευσα, —*εῖθην*, aor. I act. and pass. of *ἐκπορεύω*.
 ἐξεπρόρισα, aor. I of *ἐκπορίζω*.
 ἐξέπρᾶθον, aor. 2 of *ἐκπράθω*.
 ἐξεπτάμην or —*όμην*, aor. 2 of *ἐκπέταμαι* or —*ομαι*.
 ἐξέπραξα, aor. I of *ἐκπράσσω*.
 ἐξέπριον, aor. 2 of *ἐκπρίω*.
 ἐξέπταξα, Dor. for *ἐξέπτηξα*, aor. I of *ἐκπτήσσω*.

ἐξέπτην, aor. 2 act. of ἐκέπταμαι.
 ἐξέπτυσσα, aor. 1 of ἐκπτύω.
 ἐξεπύθονην, aor. 2 of ἐκπυνθάνομαι.
 ἐξέρῳμα, τό, a vomit, thing vomited. From
 ἐξ-έρωα, f. ὥω[α]: aor. 1 ἐξέρῳσα:—to vomit forth,
 Lat. *evomere*.
 2. metaphr. to disgorge, get rid of:
 ἐξερῶν τὰς ψήφους to disgorge the ballots from the urn.
 ἐξ-εργάζομαι, f. -εργάζομαι: pf. -εργάσμαι used
 both in med. and pass. sense: aor. 1 -εργάσθην al-
 ways in pass.: Dep.:—to work out, finish, make com-
 plete. 2. to accomplish: to make, cause. 3., to
 work well, cultivate. II, to undo, destroy, Lat.
 conficere: to overubelm, ruin:—Pass., ἐξεργάσμεθα
 we are undone; τὰ ἐξεργασμένα desperate affairs;
 ἐπ' ἐξεργασμένοις when all is over. Hence
 ἐξ-εργαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, able to accomplish.
 ἐξ-έργω Att. -είργω, to shut out, exclude from:
 to hinder, forbid: to drive away:—Pass., ἀναγκάζει
 ἐξέργεσθαι to be forced to a thing.
 ἐξ-ερεῖνω, to inquire into or after: search or try.
 ἐξ-ερεθίζω, ἐξ-ερέθω, strengthd. for ἐρεθίζω, ἐρέθω.
 ἐξ-ερείπω, to strike or bow off. II. intr. in
 aor. 2 ἐξήριπον, inf. ἐξερίπειν, and pf. ἐξήριπα:—to
 fall to earth; χαίτη ζεύγλην ἐξεριπούσα the mane
 streaming downwards from the yoke: to fall down.
 ἐξ-ερεύομαι, Pass. of rivers, to empty themselves.
 ἐξ-ερευνώω, f. ἥσω, to search out, examine.
 ἐξ-ερώ Att. contr. -ερώ, (ἐξ, ἐρέω) fut. without
 any pres. in use, I will speak out, proclaim: hence pf.
 act. ἐξείρηκα; 3 plqpf. pass. ἐξείρητο; and fut. ἐξε-
 ρήσεται in pass. sense. The pres. in use is ἐξαγορεύω,
 the aor. ἐξείπον.
 ἐξ-ερώω, Ep. for ἐξέρομαι, to inquire into: inquire of.
 ἐξ-ερημώω, f. ὥσω, to make utterly desolate, desert
 utterly.
 ἐξ-ερίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἐξ, ἐρις) to be contumacious, resist.
 ἐξερικνύω, aor. 2 inf. of ἐξερίκνω.
 ἐξεριστής, οὐ, ὅ, (ἐξερίζω) a stubborn disputant.
 ἐξ-έρομαι, fut., -ερήσομαι: Dep.: (ἐξ, ἐρομαι):—to
 inquire of: to inquire into, examine: cf. ἐξερέω.
 ἐξ-έρπω, f. -έρψω: aor. 1 -ερπύσα (as if from -ερ-
 πύω): to creep out of: absol. to creep out.
 ἐξερράγην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκρήγγνμι.
 ἐξερράω, aor. 1 of ἐκραίνω.
 ἐξερρηξα, aor. 1 of ἐκρήγγνμι.
 ἐξερρύψα, aor. 1 of ἐκρῑπτω.
 ἐξερρύηκα, pf. of ἐκρέω.
 ἐξερρύην, aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) of ἐκρέω.
 ἐξ-έρρω, (ἐξ, ἐρρω) to go out: only in imperat., ἐξερρε
 γαίαι away out of the land.
 ἐξ-ερύκω, to ward off, repel. [ῶ]
 ἐξ-ερύω, f. ὥω [ῶ]: aor. 1 ἐξέρυσα Ep. ἐξέρυσα
 and ἐξέρυσσα:—to draw out of, snatch out of, wrest
 from: to tear out.
 ἐξ-έρχομαι, Dep. with fut. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 -ήλυ-
 θον contr. -ήλθον: pf. -εήλθυα:—to go out, come
 out of, march off: to go through: to stand forth. II.
 of Time, to come to an end, expire. III. of pro-

phacies, etc., to be accomplished, come true: generally,
 to reach its end.
 ἐξ-ερώω, f. ἥσω, to swerve from the course, to shy.
 ἐξ-ερωτάω, f. ἥσω, to search out: to question.
 ἐξεσάωσα, aor. 1 of ἐκσαώω.
 ἐξ-έσιαι, aor. 1 of ἐκείω.
 ἐξ-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι: pf. -εδήδοκα:—to eat away.
 ἐξ-έσθω, collat. form of foreg.
 ἐξ-έσιαι, (ἐξέημι) a sending out, mission.
 ἐξ-έσις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἐξέημι) a dismissal: divorce.
 ἐξ-εσκέδασα, aor. 1 of ἐκσεκάννυμι.
 ἐξ-έσιμον, impf. of ἐκσμάω.
 ἐξ-εσόβησα, aor. 1 of ἐκσοβέω.
 ἐξ-έσσντο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in aor. sense) of ἐκσεύω.
 ἐξ-εστᾶκναι, for ἐξεστήκναι, pf. inf. or ἐξίστημι.
 ἐξ-εστάναι, inf. pf. of ἐξίστημι, contr. for ἐξεστηκέναι.
 ἐξ-έστειλα, aor. 1 of ἐκστέλλω.
 ἐξ-εστημένους, pf. part. pass. of ἐκστέφω.
 ἐξ-έστηκα, ἐξίστην, pf. and aor. 2 of ἐξίστημι.
 ἐξ-έστι, impers., subj. ἐξη, optat. ἐξείη: inf. ἐξείναι.
 fut. ἐξεσταί: impf. ἐξήν: (ἐξ, εἰμι sum):—it is al-
 lowed, it is in one's power, is possible: part. ἐξόν Ion.
 ἐξ-εύν, absol. nom., it being possible, Lat. *quum liceat*.
 ἐξ-εστράτευσα, aor. 1 of ἐκστρατεύω.
 ἐξ-εστρατοπέδευμαι, pf. of ἐκστρατοπεδεύομαι.
 ἐξ-έστρεψα, aor. 1 of ἐκστρέφω.
 ἐξ-εσύρην [ῶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκσύρω [ῶ].
 ἐξ-εσωρευόμην, impf. pass. of ἐκσωρεύω.
 ἐξ-έσωσα, ἐξεσώθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of ἐκσώζω.
 ἐξ-ετάω: f. ἐξετάσω Att. ἐξετώ: aor. 1 ἐξήτασα
 Dor. ἐξήταξα: pf. ἐξήτακα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐξητάσθην:
 pf. ἐξήταμαι:—to examine well or closely, to scruti-
 nise: hence to question, esp. by the torture. of things,
 to search out, to inquire into, sift closely. 2. of
 troops, to inspect, review. II. to prove clearly,
 to test: hence to estimate, compare:—Pass. to be proved,
 to stand the trial: to be examined.
 ἐξ-ετάθην [ᾱ], aor. 1 pass. of ἐκτέλνω.
 ἐξ-ετάκην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκτέκω.
 ἐξ-ετάμον, aor. 2 of ἐκτέμνω.
 ἐξ-ετανύσσα, Ep. aor. 1 of ἐκτανύω.
 ἐξ-ετανύσθην, aor. 1 pass. of ἐκτανύω.
 ἐξ-ετάραια, aor. 1 of ἐκταράσσω.
 ἐξ-ετάσις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἐξετάω) a searching out: a
 military inspection or review.
 ἐξ-εταστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐξετάω) skilful at examining:
 absol. inquiring.
 ἐξ-εταίνα, aor. 1 of ἐκτείνω.
 ἐξ-έτεκον, aor. 2 of ἐκτίκτω.
 ἐξ-ετέλειον, Ep. impf. of ἐκτελέω.
 ἐξ-ετελεύοντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. of ἐκτελέω.
 ἐξ-ετετόξευτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐκτοξεύω.
 ἐξ-ετεχνολόγη, aor. 1 of ἐκτεχνολόγω.
 ἐξ-ετηκόμην, impf. pass. of ἐκτέκω.
 ἐξ-έτης, ες, (ἐξ, ἔτος) six years old.
 ἐξ-έτι, (ἐκ, ἐτι) Prep. with gen. even until now.
 ἐξ-έτινα, aor. 1 of ἐκτίη.
 ἐξ-ετόξευσα, aor. 1 of ἐκτόξευω.

ἐξετραπόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐκτρέπω.
 ἐξέτρεψα, aor. I of ἐκτρέπω.
 ἐξέτρυψα, aor. I of ἐκτρέβω.
 ἐξέτρωσα, aor. I of ἐκτινῶσκα.
 ἐξ-εὐλάβεσθαι, Dep. to be very cautious of.
 ἐξ-εὐμαρίζω, (ἐκ, εὐμαρῆς) to make easy, lighten. II.
 Med. to get ready, prepare, Lat. expedire.
 ἐξ-εὐρεσθαι, εὖς, ἦ, (ἐξεύρισκω) a searching out: a finding out, invention.
 ἐξ-εὐρημα, αὐτος, τό, a thing found out, an invention, contrivance. From
 ἐξ-εὐρίσκω, f. -εὐρήσω, aor. 2 -εὐρον:—to find out, discover: to invent. 2. to seek out. 3. to find out, win, secure.
 ἐξ-εὐρεπίζω, to prepare.
 ἐξ-εὐχόμεναι, Dep. to boast aloud, proclaim. II.
 to pray for.
 ἐξεφάνθη Ep. for ἐξεφάνθη, aor. I pass. of ἐκφαίνω.
 ἐξ-εφάνθη [α], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκφαίνω.
 ἐξ-εφθαρμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἐκφθείρω.
 ἐξ-εφθίνονται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐκφθίνω.
 ἐξ-εφθίτο, 3 plpf. pass. of ἐκφθίνω.
 ἐξ-εφίημι, mostly used in Med. ἐξ-εφίεμαι, to enjoin, urge, bid.
 ἐξ-εφύγον, aor. 2 of ἐκφεύγω.
 ἐξ-εφύσα, ἐξ-εφύν, aor. I and 2 of ἐκφύω.
 ἐξ-έχεα Ep. ἐξέχευα, aor. I of ἐκχέω.
 ἐξ-εχορευομένην, aor. I med. of ἐκχορεύω.
 ἐξ-εχρησα, aor. I of ἐκχράω.
 ἐξ-εχύθη [υ], aor. I pass. of ἐκχέω.
 ἐξ-έχω, f. -έξω, intr. to stand out or project from: of the sun, to shine out, appear.
 ἐξ-έχωσα, aor. I of ἐκχύνω.
 ἐξ-έλυσα, aor. I of ἐκλύω.
 ἐξ-έψω, f. -έψω, to boil thoroughly.
 ἐξ-ήβος, ov, (ἐκ, ἡβη) past one's youth.
 ἐξ-ήγαγον, aor. 2 of ἐξάγω.
 ἐξ-ήγγελα, ἐξηγγέλην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐξαγγέλλω.
 ἐξ-ηγέομαι, fut. -ήσομαι: pf. -ήγημαι: Dep.:—to be leader of, c. gen. pers. 2. c. acc. pers. to manage, direct, govern. II. to go first, lead the way: 2. ἐξηγεῖσθαι τινι to show one the way in a thing; and so to guide: also to teach; to command. III. like Lat. *prætere verbis*, to prescribe a form of words:—to expound, interpret. IV. to tell at length, narrate, describe. Hence
 ἐξηγητής, οὗ, ὁ, a guide, director, counsellor: generally, a deviser. II. an interpreter of oracles or sacred rites, Lat. *interpret religionum*.
 ἐξηγρόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐξεγείρω.
 ἐξηκασμαι, pf. pass. of ἐξεικάω.
 ἐξήκοντα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl. (ξξ) sixty, sexaginta.
 ἐξήκοντα-έτης, es, (ἐξήκοντα, ἔτος) sixty years old.
 ἐξήκοντάκις ποῖτ. -άκι, (ἐξήκοντα) Adv. sixty times.
 ἐξήκοντα-τάλαντα, ἦ, (ἐξήκοντα, τάλαντιον) a sum of sixty talents.
 ἐξήκοντις, aor. I of ἐξακοντίζω.

ἐξηκοστός, ἦ, ὅν, (ἐξήκοντα) sixtieth, sexagesimus.
 ἐξ-ήκα, f. ἦκα, to have arrived at a point:—of Time, to have run out, expired:—of prophecies, to have turned out true.
 ἐξ-ήλασα Ep. ἐξήλασσα, aor. I of ἐξελαίνω.
 ἐξ-ήλαστος, ov, (ἐξελαίνω) beaten out, battered.
 ἐξ-ηλέγχθη, aor. I pass. of ἐξελέγχω: ἐξήλεγκτο, 3 sing. plqpf.
 ἐξ-ήλειψα, aor. I of ἐξελαίφω.
 ἐξ-ήλθον, aor. 2 of ἐξέρχομαι.
 ἐξ-ηλιάζω, f. άσω, (ξξ, ἥλιος) to set in the sun: to bang in the open air.
 ἐξ-ήλλαξα, aor. I cf ἱελλάσσω: ἐξήλλαγμα, pf. pass.
 ἐξ-ήλυστος, εὖς, ἦ, (ἐξήλυθον aor. 2 of ἐξέρχομαι) a going out: a way out.
 ἐξ-ήμαρ, Adv. (ξξ, ἡμαρ) for six days, six days long.
 ἐξ-ήμαρτον, ἐξημάρτηκα, aor. 2 and pf. of ἐξαμαρτάνω.
 ἐξ-ήμβλωκα, pf. of ἐξαμβλώω.
 ἐξ-ήμευσα, aor. I of ἐξαμειβώ.
 ἐξ-ήμερόω, f. ώσω, to tame or reclaim quite: metaphor. to civilise, humanise.
 ἐξ-ημιμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐξαμάω.
 ἐξημιλλήσάμην, -ήθη, aor. I med. and pass. of ἐξαμύλλασθαι.
 ἐξ-ημοιβός, ὅν, (ξξμείβω) quite changed; ἐξημοιβάειματα changes of raiment.
 ἐξημιπόλημαι, pf. pass. of ἐξεμπολάω.
 ἐξηνδροποδίσθη, -ισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἐξανδροποδίζω.
 ἐξ-ήνδρωμαι, pf. pass. of ἐξανδροόμαι.
 ἐξ-ήνεγκα, ἐξ-ήνεγκον, aor. I and 2 of ἐκφέρω.
 ἐξηνεχύομην, ἐξηνεσχόμην, impf. and aor. 2 med. (with double augm.) of ἐξανέχω.
 ἐξηνέμωσα, -ώθη, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐξανέμωω.
 ἐξηνέθηκα, -ησα, pf. and aor. I of ἐξανθέω.
 ἐξηνέτηκα, -ησα, pf. and aor. I of ἐξαντέλω.
 ἐξηνύσα, aor. I of ἐξανύω or ἐξανύω.
 ἐξ-ἦσα, Att. aor. I of ἐξαίσω, ἐξάσσω.
 ἐξηπάτηκα, -ησα, pf. and aor. I of ἐξαπατάω.
 ἐξηπάθον, aor. 2 of ἐξαπαθίσκω.
 ἐξ-ἠπεροπέω, f. σω, to cheat utterly.
 ἐξ-ῆρα, aor. I of ἐξάλω.
 ἐξ-ήραμαι, pf. pass. of ἐξηραίνω.
 ἐξηράνθη, aor. I pass. of ἐξηραίνω.
 ἐξ-ήρασα, aor. I of ἐξαράσσω.
 ἐξ-ήρατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἐξαίρω.
 ἐξ-ἠρεμος, ov, (ξξ, ἑρέσσω) with six oars.
 ἐξ-ήρκεον, impf. of ἐξαρκέω.
 ἐξ-ήρατα or -ασα, aor. I of ἐξαράσσω.
 ἐξ-ήρτημαι, pf. pass. of ἐξαράω.
 ἐξ-ήρτισμαι, pf. pass. of ἐξαράω.
 ἐξ-ήρτημαι, pf. pass. of ἐξαράω.
 ἐξ-ήρχετο, 3 sing. impf. med. of ἐξάρχω.
 ἐξ-ήρῳσα, aor. I of ἐξεραίνω.
 ἐξ-ήσκησα, aor. I of ἐξασκῶ: ἐξήσκημαι, pf. pass.
 ἐξ-ἦς Ep. ἐξείης, Adv. (έχω, έξω) one after another, in order: also of Time, thereafter, next. II. c. gen. next to.

ἐξήτασα Dor. ἐξήταξα, aor. I of ἐξετάζω.
 ἐξήτησα, aor. I of ἐξαίτω.
 ἐξήτησα, aor. I of ἐξαναίω.
 ἐξήχησα, -ήχουν, aor. I and impf. of ἐξαυχέω.
 ἐξήφυσσα Ep. ἐξήφυσσα, aor. I of ἐξαφύσσω.
 ἐξήχην, f. ήσω, to sound forth, publish.
 ἐξήψα, ἐξήφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐξάππω.
 ἐξ-ίδομαι, f. -ιάσομαι Ion. -ήσομαι: Dep.:—to cure thoroughly: to make full amends for.
 ἐξ-ιδεῖν, inf. of ἐξείδον.
 ἐξ-ιδίδομαι, Dep. (ἐξ, ιδίος) to make one's own, to appropriate.
 ἐξ-ιδίω, f. ίσω [ἴ], to exude.
 ἐξ-ιδρύω, f. ύσω [ῦ], to place in a resting posture:—Med. to establish oneself.
 ἐξ-ίναί, inf. of ἐξεῖμι exibo; but ἐξίναί, of ἐξίημι.
 ἐξ-ίημι, f. ήσω, to send out, dispatch, in Ep. aor. 2 inf. ἐξέμεν for ἐξείναί: of a sail or cable, to let out or loose: to throw out or forth: to take out of:—Med. to put off from oneself, get rid of. 2. to send from oneself, divorce.
 ἐξ-ιθύω [ῦ], to make quite straight.
 ἐξ-ικετεύω, f. σω, to beseech earnestly.
 ἐξ-ικνεύομαι, f. ἐξίξομαι: aor. 2 ἐξικόμην [ἴ]: Dep.:—to reach, arrive at. 2. to attain, come up to: to be sufficient for. 3. to accomplish, execute.
 ἐξ-ίλω, f. ξω, poet. for ἐξήλω.
 ἐξ-ιλάσκομαι, f. -ιλάσομαι [ἄ], Dep. to appease completely, propitiate.
 ἐξ-ίλλω, to unravel, disentangle. II. to keep out from, bar from.
 ἐξ-ίμηναι, for ἐξίναί, inf. of ἐξεῖμι exibo.
 ἐξ-ίπω, f. ώσω, to press out, press heavily.
 ἐξ-ίπτωμαι, later form of ἐκπέτομαι.
 ἐξ-ις, eas, ή, (ἐξω fut. of ἐχω) a being in a certain state, a permanent condition or habit, of body or mind.
 ἐξ-ίστησι, Adv. for ἐξ ἴσης (sub. μόρας), equally; also ἐξ-ίσως (sub. μέτρου).
 ἐξ-ίσω, f. ώσω, to make equal or even, Lat. exaequare:—Med. to make oneself equal:—Pass. to be equal, to be a match for. 2. to put on a level. II. intr. to be equal or like.
 ἐξ-ίστημι, f. ἐκστήσω, aor. I ἐξέστησα, in these tenses Causal, to put out of its place, change, alter; ἐξιστάμαι τινα φρενῶν to drive one out of his senses: hence, simply, ἐξιστάμαι τινα to drive mad, to derange; also to astonish, to bewitch. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἐξέστην, pf. -έστην, plqpf. -εστήκειν, to stand aside from: to stand out of the way: to make way for one; also c. acc. to sprink from, subvert.
 II. c. gen. rei, to retire from: to be deprived of; ἐκστήναι πατρός to lose one's father. 2. φρενῶν ἐξιστάμαι (pf. inf.) to lose one's senses: absol. to be out of one's wits, be astonished. 3. generally, to give up one's pursuits: also to change one's opinion.
 ἐξ-ιστορέω, f. ήσω, to inquire into: inquire of.
 ἐξ-ισχύω, f. ύσω [ῦ], to be quite able.
 ἐξ-ισχω, = ἐξέχω: trans. to put forth: intr. to stand forth.

ἐξισωτέον, verb. Adj. of ἐξισώω, one must make equal.
 ἐξίτηλος, on, (ἐξίναί) going out, fading: extinct: forgotten.
 ἐξ-ιτητέον, verb. Adj. of ἐξίναί, one must go forth.
 ἐξ-ίτης, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ἐξίναί, to be come out of; τοῖς οὐκ ἐξιτύν ἐστι for whom there's no coming out.
 ἐξ-ιχνεύω, f. σω, to trace out.
 ἐξ-ιχνσκοπέω, f. ήσω, to seek by tracking out.
 ἐξ-ιμέδμυκος, on, of, holding six medimni.
 ἐξ-ογκώω, f. ώσω, to make swell out; μητέρα τάφω ἐξογκοῦν to honour her by raising a tomb:—Pass. to be swelled out: metaph. to be puffed up, elated: absol. to swell, rise big. Hence
 ἐξογκωμα, atos, τό, anything raised up: a mound, barrow, cairn.
 ἐξ-οδάω, f. ήσω, (ἐξοδος IV) to sell.
 ἐξ-οδία, ή, (ἐξοδος) a marching out, expedition.
 ἐξ-όδιος, on, (ἐξοδος III) of, belonging to an exit; to the final of a play. II. as Subst., τὸ ἐξόδιον (sub. μέλος), the final of a tragedy. At Rome, exodia were burlesques acted after other plays, or travesties on the subject of the play itself, like some modern epilogues.
 ἐξ-οδοπορεύω, f. ήσω, to go out of.
 ἐξ-οδος, ή, a going out. 2. a marching out, military expedition: a sally. 3. a solemn procession. III. a way out, Lat. exitus. III. also like Lat. exitus, an end, close: the close of life, de-cease. 2. the end of a tragedy. 3. a piece of music played at any one's exit. IV. an outgoing, payment of money: hence ἐξοδάω.
 ἐξ-οδύνάω, f. ήσω, to pain extremely.
 ἐξ-όζω, f. -οζήσω, to smell strongly.
 ἐξ-οῖδα, pf. without any pres. in use, Att. plqpf. ἐξήδη, to know thoroughly, know well: cf. ἐξείδον.
 ἐξ-οιδέω, f. ήσω: pf. -όδηκα:—to be swollen up.
 ἐξ-οικέω, f. ήσω, to leave one's home, to emigrate. II. Pass. to be thickly inhabited. Hence
 ἐξοικήσιμος, on, habitable, inhabited.
 ἐξ-οικίζω, f. ίσω Att. ἰω: aor. I -ήκισα:—to remove one from his home, eject, expel:—Pass. to go from home, remove. II. to depopulate, empty.
 ἐξ-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to build up, build from the ground, finish a building.
 ἐξ-οιμώζω, f. -οιμώζομαι, to wail aloud.
 ἐξ-οινώομαι, pf. ἐξήνιωμαι, Pass. to be quite drunk.
 ἐξ-οιστός, a, on, verb. Adj. of ἐκφέρω, to be brought out.
 II. ἐξοιστέον, one must bring out.
 ἐξ-οιστράω or -έω, f. ήσω, to drive quite wild.
 ἐξοίσω, fut. of ἐκφέρω:—med. ἐξοίσομαι also in pass. sense.
 ἐξ-οιχνέω, f. ήσω, to go out: Aeol. 3 pl. ἐξοιχνεύειν.
 ἐξ-οίχομαι, Dep. to have gone out.
 ἐξ-οκέλλω, aor. I -έκειλα, to thrust out of the sea; to run a ship aground: intr. of the ship, to run aground. II. metaph. to run a person aground, bring him into difficulties:—Pass., δεῦρο ἐξοκέλλεται the thing is brought to this pass.
 ἐξολέσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐξόλλυμι.

ἔξ-ολισθάνω, fut. -ολισθήσω: aor. 2 -ώλισθον:—
to slip off, to glance off II. c. acc. to slip out
of, elude

ἔξ-άλλωμι and -ύω: fut. -ολέσω Att. -ολῶ: aor. I
ἐξώλεσα:—to destroy utterly. II. Med. with
perf. I. ἐδόλωα, to perish utterly.

ἔξ-ολοθρεύω, f. σω, to destroy utterly.

ἔξ-ολολύω, f. ξω, to bowl aloud.

ἔξ-ομαι, fut. med. of ἔχω.

ἔξ-ομήρευσιν, εως, ἡ, a demand of hostages. From

ἔξ-ομηρεύω, f. σω, to bind by taking hostages: Med.
to take as hostages.

ἔξ-ομιλέω, f. ἡσω, to have intercourse, associate, live
with. II. Med. to be away from one's friends, to
be solitary.

ἔξ-όμιλος, ov, away from intercourse with others:
foreign, strange.

ἔξ-ομμάτω, f. ὥσω, (ἐξ, ὄμμα) to give sight to:—
Pass. to be restored to sight. 2. metaph. to make
clear or plain. II. also to bereave of sight.

ἔξ-ομνύμαι, f. -ομύμαι: aor. I -ομοσάμην:—to deny
upon oath. II. to decline an office by an oath that
one has not means or health to discharge it.

ἔξ-ομοίω, f. ὥσω, to make quite like:—Pass. to be-
come or be like.

ἔξ-ομολογέω, f. ἡσω, and as Dep. ἔξομολογέομαι, f.
ἡσομαι, to confess in full, admit. 2. to agree,
promise. II. to make full acknowledgment for:

praise, celebrate.

ἔξ-ομόργνυμι, f. -ομόρξω, to wipe off from. II.
Med. to wipe off from oneself: hence to impart to an-
other: to wipe out or purge away a pollution.

ἔξ-ον. part. from the impers. ἔξεστι.

ἔξ-ονειδίξω, fut. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to cast in one's teeth,
object to one: also to reproach bitterly.

ἔξ-ονομάζω, f. σω, to utter aloud, announce.

ἔξ-ονομαίνω, aor. I -ονόμην, (ἐξ, ὄνομα) to name,
speak of by name.

ἔξ-ονομακλήδην, Adv. by name, calling by name.

ἔξ-όπιθεν and -θε, Adv., poet. for ἐξόπισθεν.

ἔξ-όπιν, Adv. behind.

ἔξ-όπισθεν poet. -θε, Adv. backwards, behind. II.
Prep. with gen. behind, after.

ἔξ-όπισω, (ἐξ, ὄπισω) Adv. of Place, backwards, back
again. 2. Prep. with gen. behind. II. Adv.

of Time, henceforth, hereafter. [X]

ἔξ-οπλιζω, f. σω, to arm completely, accoutre:—Pass.
and Med. to arm oneself, go forth armed. 2. gene-
rally, to prepare; pf. part. pass. ἐξοπλισμένος, all
ready Hence

ἔξ-οπλισία, ἡ, a being under arms: and

ἔξ-όπλις, εως, ἡ, a getting under arms.

ἔξ-όπτω, f. ἡσω, to bate bard: to beat violently:—
metaph. to scorch, consume.

ἔξ-οράω, to see from afar: cf. ἐξείδον.

ἔξ-οργίζω, fut. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to enrage:—Pass. to be
furious.

ἔξ-ορθάζω, f. σω, to lift up the voice, to cry aloud.

ἔξ-ορθόω, f. ὥσω, to set upright:—Pass. to stand
upright. 2. metaph. to amend, restore.

ἔξ-ορίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἐξώρισα:—to send
beyond the frontier, banish: to expose a child. II.

ἄλλαν ἀπ' ἄλλης ἐξορίζειν πόλιν to wander from one
city to another. III. Pass. to be an exile: also

to pass the bounds, come forth. Hence

ἔξ-ορίων [I], to exasperate.

ἔξ-όριστος, ov, expelled, banished.

ἔξ-ορκίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to swear a person, admin-
ister an oath to him. II. to exorcise, i. e. banish
an evil spirit. Hence

ἔξορκιστής, οὔ, ὁ, one who administers an oath. II.
an exorcist

ἔξ-ορκος, ov, bound by oath.

ἔξ-ορκόω, f. ὥσω, to make one swear, bind by oath,
c. acc. pers.: c. acc. pers. et rei, to make one swear by,
ἐξορκούν τινα τὸ Στυγὸς ὕδωρ. Hence

ἔξορκωσις, εως, ἡ, a binding by oath.

ἔξ-ορώω, f. ἡσω, to set out or start from: of pain,
to break out. II. trans. to send forth; ἐξορᾶν τὴν
ναῦν to start the ship: generally, to excite, stir up:—
Pass. to set out, start.

ἔξ-ορμίζω, fut. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to bring out of harbour;
ἐξορμίζειν ἐς πόντον to let down into the sea.

ἔξ-ορμος, ov, sailing from a harbour.

ἔξ-ορούω, f. σω, to spring, leap forth.

ἔξ-ορύσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: aor. I ἐξώρυξα:—
to dig out; ἐξορύσσειν τοὺς ὀφθαλμούς to put out the
eyes. II. to dig out of the ground, dig up.

ἔξ-ορχέομαι, fut. ἡσομαι, Dep. to dance out, dance
away: also to go through with a dance. II: to
betray by indiscreet gestures.

ἔξ-όσδω, Dor. for ἐξόζω.

ἔξ-οσιώω, f. ὥσω, to dedicate, devote.

ἔξ-οστράκιζω, f. ἰσω, to banish by ostracism.
Hence

ἔξοστρακισμός, οὔ, ὁ, banishment by ostracism.

ἔξ-ότε, Adv. (ἐκ, ὅτε) from the time when.

ἔξ-οτρύνω, f. ὠνῶ, to excite, arouse.

ἔξ-ουδενός, f. ὥσω, = ἐξουθενέω.

ἔξ-ουθενέω, f. ἡσω, (ἐκ, οὐθείς) to set at naught; pf.
part. pass., τὰ ἐξουθενημένα things of no account.

ἐξούλης δικτῆ, ἡ, an action against one who neglected
an order of a court, an action for contempt of court.
The nom. ἐξούλη does not occur.

ἐξουσία, ἡ, (ἐξέστι) power or authority to do a
thing:—absol. authority. 2. a magistracy: the
body of the magistrates, the authorities, powers. II
means, resources. Hence

ἐξουσιάζω, f. σω, to have authority over:—Pass. to
have authority exercised over one.

ἔξ-οφέλλω, to increase exceedingly.

ἔξ-όφθαλμος, ov, with prominent eyes.

ἐξοχή, ἡ, (ἐξέχω) a standing out, prominences: me-
taph. eminence: οἱ κατ' ἐξοχὴν the chief men.

ἐξοχος, ov, (ἐξέχω) standing out, prominent: metaph.
eminent, excellent: c. gen., ἐξοχος Ἀργείων eminent

among or above them. Adv. neut. ἐξοχον and ἐξοχα; c. gen., ἐξοχα πάντων far above all.

ἐξ-σβρίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰώ, to break out into insolence, τῆν ῥίαν, wake wanton; ἐξυβρίζειν εἰς τόδε to come to this pitch of insolence; ἐξυβρίζειν παντοῖα to commit all kinds of violence.

ἐξ-νῆκα ἄσυν-νῆκα, for ξυνῆκα συνῆκα, aor. I with dupl. augm. of συνῆκα.

ἐξ-υπανοστήμι, to make to start up. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act., intrans., σμῶδιξ μεταφρένου ἐξυπανέστη a weal started up from under the skin of the back.

ἐξ-ὑπερθε, Adv. (ἐξ, ὑπερθε) from above.

ἐξ-υπηρετέω, f. ἴσω, to assist to the utmost.

ἐξ-υπνίζω, f. ἰσω, (ἐξ, ὕπνος) to rouse from sleep.

ἐξ-υπνος, ov, (ἐξ, ὕπνος) awakened out of sleep.

ἐξ-υπτιάζω, f. σω, to turn upside down.

ἐξ-υράμην, aor. I med. of ἔζωα.

ἐξ-ύρημαι, pf. pass. of ἔζρω.

ἐξ-ύσμαι, pf. pass. of ἔζω.

ἐξ-ύφαινω, f. ἀνώ, to finish weaving, Lat. pertexere: metaphor. to complete, perfect. Hence

ἐξ-ύφασμα, atos, τό, a finished web.

ἐξ-υφήγεσθαι, f. ἴσθαι, to lead the way.

ἐξ-ω, Adv. (ἐξ, as εἰσω from εἰς) without, on the outside, Lat. foris. II. of Motion, 'outwards, away out of the country, Lat. foras. III. like ἐκτός, with gen., outside of, out of reach of; ἐξω βελών out of shot: Proverb., ἐξω τοῦ πηλοῦ πόδα ἔχειν to keep clear of difficulties. 2. without, except. IV. of Time, beyond, over.

ἐξ-ω, fut. of ἔχω.

ἐξ-ώθηκα, pf. of ἐξωίδω.

ἐξ-ώθεν, Adv. (ἐξω) from without, c. gen., ἐξ. δόμων from without the house. II. also = ἐξω, without.

ἐξ-ώθεω, f. -ώθησθαι and -ώσω: aor. I ἐξέωσα:—to thrust out:—Pass. to be thrust out. II. to thrust out of the sea, drive on shore.

ἐξ-ώκισα, aor. I of ἐξωκίζω.

ἐξ-ώλεια, ἡ, utter destruction. From

ἐξ-ώλης, es, (ἐξόλαα) utterly destroyed, ruined. 2. act. most destructive, ruinous. II. of persons, abandoned.

ἐξ-ωμίδο-ποιτα, ἡ, (ποιεῖν) the making of an ἐξωμῖς.

ἐξ-ωμίζω, f. σω, to bare up to the shoulder. From

ἐξ-ωμῖς, ἴσος, ἡ, (ἐξ, ὤμος) a man's vest without sleeves, leaving both shoulders bare, or with one sleeve, leaving one shoulder bare.

ἐξ-ωνέομαι, Dep. to buy off: generally, to buy.

ἐξ-ώπιος, ov, (ἐξ, ὤψ) out of sight of, away from.

ἐξ-ωπλιμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐξοπλίζω.

ἐξ-ωριάζω, (ἐξ, ὥρα) to leave out of thought, neglect.

ἐξ-ώρισσα, aor. I of ἐξωρίζω.

ἐξ-ώρμισται, 2 sing. pf. pass. of ἐξωρμίζω.

ἐξ-ώρος, ov, (ἐξ, ὥρα) untimely: superannuated.

ἐξ-ώρτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐξόρυνμι.

ἐξ-ώσω, aor. I inf. of ἐξωδέω.

ἐξ-ώσσης, ov, ὁ, (ἐξωθέω) one who drives out: ἐξ-ώσται ἀνεμοὶ winds which drive ships ashore.

ἐξ-ώτατος, η, ov, Sup. of ὤν: Adv. ἐξωτάτω outermost.

ἐξ-ώτερος, α, ov, Comp. of ἐξω: Adv. ἐξωτέρω.

ἐξ-ώφελον, impf. of ἐξοφέλλω.

ἐο, Ep. for οἷ, gen. of 3rd pers. Pron. bis, of bim; ἀπὸ ἐο away from bim.

ἐοῖ, Ep. for οἷ, dat. of 3rd pers. Pron. οῦ, to bim.

ἐοι, Ep. for εἶη, 3 sing. opt. of εἰμί sum.

ἐοιγμεν, syncop. for ἐοίκαμεν, I pl. of εἰκοα.

εἰκοα, as, e, etc., pf. with pres. sense, from εἰκα, to be like (see εἰκα), Att. I pl. εἰογμεν (for εἰοκαμεν), εἰρασι (for εἰοκασι); Ep. 3 dual εἰκτον (for εἰοκατον); inf. εἰκέναι Att. εἰκέναι; part. εἰκόας, νῖα, ὅς, lengthd. pl. nom. εἰκοκύνται; Att. εἰκόας, εἰκνῖα, εἰκός, is also used by Hom.: Ion. οἰκα, as, e, part. οἰκάς: plqpf. εἰοικειν, Ep. 3 pl. εἰοικεσαν; of the plqpf. there is also an Ep. pass. form 3 sing. ἥκτιο, and without augm. ἥκτιο. I. to be or look like. II. to be fit: Homer has 3 sing. εἰοικε as impers., it is fitting, right, seemly. 2. Homer also uses part. εἰοικώς as an Adj. meet, fitting, right; εἰοκότι κείτῃ ἀλέθρῳ he lies in fitting ruin; εἰκνῖα ἀκοίτις a suitable wife, 'a help meet for bim.' III. Att. to seem likely, seem; εἰοικε it seems; ὡς εἰοικε, as it seems, as is fitting.

εἰοκότως Att. εἰκότως Ion. οἰκότως, Adv. of part. εἰοκόας, εἰκόας, οἰκάς, similarly, like: reasonably, fairly, as was to be expected.

εἰομῖ, εἰος, εἰοι, Ion. for εἶην, εἶης, εἶη.

εἰοτο, Ep. for εἰοῦ, gen. of εἶς.

εἰοῖς, dat. pl. of εἶς.

εἰοις, Ep. for εἶης, 2 sing. opt. of εἰμί sum.

εἰοῖσα, Dor. for εἰοῦσα, οὔσα, part. fem. of εἰμί sum.

εἰολπα, poet. pf. with pres. sense of εἰλω: plqpf. εἰώλπειν.

εἰον, Ep. for ἦν, impf. of εἰμί sum; but εἶον Ion. for ὄν, part. neut.

εἶόν, nom. or acc. neut. of εἶς.

εἶοντι, Dor. for εἰσί, 3 pl. of εἰμί sum.

εἶοργα, poet. pf. of εἶρδω; 3 pl. εἶοργαν for εἶοργασιν: part. εἶοργῶς: Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. εἶοργε.

εἶορτάξω Ion. ὀρτάξω, f. σω: impf., with irreg. augment, ἐώρτασθαι, and aor. I ἐώρτασα: (εἶορτή):—to keep festival or holiday: to celebrate by a festival.

Εἶορθη, in Ion. Prose ὀρτή, ἡ, a feast, festival, holiday; ὀρτήν ἀγειν to keep a feast.

εἶς, ἐή, εἶν, Ion. and Ep. for ὅς, ἡ, ὅν, (εἶο far οὔ) possessive Adj. of 3 pers. sing., his or her own. II. in Poets after Hom. also 3 pers. pl. their; 2 sing. thine.

εἶους, Boeot. for εἶο, οὔ, gen. of 3rd pers. Pron.

ἐπ-ᾠγάλλομαι, Pass. to glory or exult in.

ἐπαγγέλλω, ἡ, an announcement, order. 2. as Att. law-term, a denunciation, information. II. a promise, an assurance: also the thing promised. From

ἐπ-αγγέλλω, f. ἐλῶ: aor. I ἐπήγγελα: pf. act. ἐπήγγελκα, pass. ἐπήγγελμαι:—to tell, proclaim, announce, make known. 2. to give orders, command: c. acc. rei, στρατιῶν ἐπαγγέλλειν to order an army, Lat. imperare milites. 3. to denounce. 4. to

mand. solicit, make application for a thing.
 Me^l. so promise, offer: rarely so in Act.
 make a show of, profess. Hence
 ἐπάγγελμα, atos, τό, an announcement, promise.
 ἐπ-ἀγείρω, f. -αγεράω, to gather together, collect:—
 Pass., of men, to assemble. Hence
 ἐπάγεσθαι, εως, ἡ, a gathering, assemblage.
 ἐπάγγιν [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of πηγνυμι.
 ἐπ-ἀγίνεω, Ion. for ἐπάγω, to bring to.
 ἐπ-αγλάττω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to honour still more:—
 Pass. to pride oneself on, exult in a thing.
 ἐπ-αγρυπνέω, f. ἡσώ, to watch or brood over.
 ἐπ-άγω, f. ἔω: aor. 2 ἐπήγαγον:—to bring or lead
 to, bring upon. 2. to lead on, to set on, let loose:
 hence to instigate, impel: metaph. to bring one to a
 thing, lead one on, 3. to lay on; ἐπάγειν κέντρον
 to lay on, apply the goad; ἐπαγε γνάθον lay your
 teeth to it. 4. to bring in, supply, call in aid. 5.
 to bring in a bill or lawsuit, propose. 6. to bring
 in over and above: to add or intercalate days in the
 year. II. Med. to bring to oneself, procure for
 oneself: metaph. to devise, contrive. 2. to bring
 on oneself. 3. to bring in as allies: in writing, to
 adduce, quote, cite. Hence
 ἐπαγωγή, ἡ, a bringing on, to or in: an invasion,
 attack. II. in Logic, the bringing a number of
 particular examples, so as to lead to an universal con-
 clusion, the argument from induction.
 ἐπαγωγός, ὄν, (ἐπάγω) bringing on, productive
 of. II. tempting, seductive.
 ἐπ-αγωνίζομαι, f. ἵσσομαι Att. ἰχούμαι, Dep. to con-
 tend against others.
 ἐπ-ἀγώνιος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἀγών) presiding over the games.
 ἐπ-ᾄω Ion. and poet. ἐπᾶλδω: f. -ᾄσομαι:—to
 sing to or over. 2. to lead the song. II. to
 sing to, so as to charm: to use charms or in-
 cantations; part. ἐπαλδων, by incantations.
 ἐπ-ᾄρω, Ion. and poet. for ἐπαίρω.
 ἐπ-ᾄξω, to make to grow, enlarge.
 ἐπαῖθον, aor. 2 of πάσχω.
 ἐπ-αθροίζω, f. σῶ, to assemble besides.
 ἐπ-αιάω, f. ἔω, to mourn over: to join in wailing.
 ἐπ-αυγίζω, f. σῶ, (ἐπί, αἰγίς 2) to rush upon or over.
 ἐπ-αυδίζομαι: fut. -αυδισθήσομαι: aor. I -ἠυδέσθην:
 to be ashamed: c. acc. to reverence.
 ἐπαίνεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπαινέω) praise: and
 ἐπ-αινέτης, ου, ὁ, a praiser, eulogist.
 ἐπαινέτος, ἡ, ὄν, to be praised, praiseworthy: τὸ ἐπ-
 αυετόν the object of praise. Adv. -τῶς. From
 ἐπ-αινέω: fut. ἴσω Att. ἔσσομαι Ep. ἡσώ: aor. I
 ἐπῆνεσα Ep. -ἡσα: pf. ἐπῆνεκα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπῆ-
 νέθην: (ἐπί, αἰνέω):—to approve, sanction: c. dat.
 pers. to agree with, assent to: to praise, commend,
 eulogize. 2. = παραίνεω, to advise, recommend,
 bid. II. in declining an offer, I thank you, Lat.
 benigne; κάλλιστ' ἐπαίνω I thank you very kindly.
 ἐπαίνημι, Aeol. for ἐπαινέω.
 ἐπ-αινοῦ, ὁ, (ἐπί, αἶνος) approval, commendation.

II. ἐπ-αινός, ἡ, ὄν, only in fem. ἐπαινῆ, strengthd. for
 αἰνή, exceeding awful, dread.
 ἐπ-αίρω Ion. and poet. ἐπαίρω: fut. ἐπαρῶ: aor.
 I ἐπῆρα poet. ἐπάερα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπῆρην: pf.
 ἐπῆραμαι:—to lift up, raise: to exalt, magnify. 2.
 to stir up, rouse, excite: to induce or persuade to
 do. II. intr. (sub. ἐαντόν), to rise up. 2.
 (sub. στρατόν), to set out:—Pass. to be roused, ex-
 cited: to be elated at a thing.
 ἐπαίσοδον, Dor. for ἐπαίσο, impf. of παῖσω.
 ἐπ-αισθάνομαι, f. -αισθήσομαι: aor. 2 -προθύμην:
 Dep.:—to have a perception or feeling of a thing, c.
 gen.: c. acc. to perceive, learn: c. part. to perceive
 that.
 ἐπ-αἰσῶ Att. -ᾄσσω or -ᾄττω: fut. -αἰξῶ Att.
 -ᾄξω:—to rush at or upon:—to assail, assault, attack:
 —Med., ἐπαῖσθαι ἀεθλον to rush upon, seize the
 prize. II. ἐπᾶσσειν πόδα to move the foot hastily:
 Pass., χεῖρες ἐπαῖσσονται the hands move violently.
 ἐπ-αἰστός, ὄν, (ἐπαῖω) beard of, discovered. [ᾶ]
 ἐπ-αισχύνομαι, fut. -αισχυνθήσομαι, Dep. to be
 ashamed of or at
 ἐπ-αἰτέω, f. ἡσώ, to ask in addition: to solicit.
 ἐπ-αιτάομαι, f. ᾄσομαι [ᾶ], Dep. to bring a charge
 against one, accuse: to lay to one's charge.
 ἐπ-αίσιος, ὄν, (ἐπί, αἰτία) blamed for a thing, blam-
 able, culpable.
 ἐπ-αῖω contr. ἐπ-ᾄω: f. ἴσω: to bear, perceive,
 feel. 2. to understand. 3. to profess, be a pro-
 fessor.
 ἐπ-αἰρώ, f. ἡσώ, to keep in suspense:—Pass. to be
 buoyed up, or float upon: also to overhang, threaten.
 ἐπ-ακολουθῶ, f. ἡσώ, to follow close upon, follow
 after: to pursue as an enemy. 2. to follow in one's
 mind, understand. 3. to follow, obey. Hence
 ἐπακολούθημα,ματος, τό, a consequence: and
 ἐπακολούθησις, εως, ἡ, a following.
 ἐπακούος, ὄν, (ἐπακούω) listening to, attentive.
 ἐπ-ακούω, f. -ακουόσομαι: aor. I ἐπήκουσα:—to
 listen or attend to. II. to listen to, obey.
 ἐπ-ακρίζω, f. σῶ, to reach the top of a thing; αἰμά-
 των ἐπῆκρισε he reached the highest point in deeds of
 blood.
 ἐπ-ακροάομαι, f. ᾄσομαι [ᾶ], Dep. to hearken to.
 ἐπακτήρ, ἡρος, ὁ, (ἐπάγω) a hunter, a huntsman.
 ἐπ-ᾄκτης, α, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἄκτῃ) on the strand or coast.
 ἐπακτός, ὄν, (ἐπάγω) brought on or in from abroad,
 imported. 2. foreign, strange, alien, adven-
 titious.
 ἐπακτήρις, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐπάγω) a small row-boat, skiff.
 ἐπ-αλάλῶ, f. ἔω, to raise the war-cry.
 ἐπαλαλέμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἐπαλέξω.
 ἐπ-αλάομαι, aor. I ἐπαλήσθην, Dep. to wander about,
 throng, over.
 ἐπ-αλαστέω, f. ἡσώ, to be troubled at a thing.
 ἐπ-αλέγω, f. ἡσώ, to grieve over.
 ἐπ-αλείφω, f. ψει, to smear over: to smear up by
 anointing.

ἐπ-ἄλεξω, *ἔ. ἔζησω, to defend, aid, help.* II. *to pará, keep off:* aor. 2 inf. ἐπαλαλέειν, *ἔρ. -έμεν.*

ἐπαληθεύς, aor. I part. of ἐπ-αλάομαι.

ἐπαληθής, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of ἐπ-αλάομαι.

ἐπ-ἀληθεύω, *ἔ. σω, to prove true, verify.*

ἐπ-αλής, *ἔς, (ἐπί, ἀλέα) open to the sun, sunny.* [ᾶ]

ἐπ-αλκής, *ἔς, (ἐπί, ἀλκή) stout, strong.*

ἐπαλλάγῃ, *ῃ, (ἐπαλλάσσω) interchange, exchange.*

ἐπ-αλλάξ, Adv. = ἐναλλάξ, *crosswise, alternately.*

ἐπ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ἄω: pf. -ήλλαχα:

—Pass., aor. I -ηλλάχθην, aor. 2 -ηλλάγην [ᾶ]: pf.

-ήλλαγμαi:—to exchange over, interchange; πολέμοιο

πείραρ ἐπαλλάγαντες making the tug of war go now

this way, now that, i. e. fighting with doubtful victory:

—Pass. to be closely joined.

ἐπ-ᾠλήλος, *ον, (ἐπί, ἀλλήλων) one upon another:*

continuous.

ἐπ-ᾠλέμενος, *ον, syncop. aor. 2 part. of ἐφάλλομαι.*

ἐπαλξίς, *ως, ῆ, (ἐπαλέξω) a means of defence: bat-*

lement, a parapet:—generally, a defence, protection.

ἐπ-αλπιος, *ον, (ἐπί, ἀλπιστος) happy.*

ἐπάλοτο, 3 sing. *ἔρ. aor. 2 of ἐφάλλομαι.*

ἐπ-ᾠλῶστος, *ον, ὁ, (ἐπί, ᾠλῶω) one who drives the*

oxen in treshing.

ἐπ-ᾠλόμασθαι, *ἔ. ἡσσομαι: ἔρ. aor. I ἐπαμυσάμην:*

Med.:—to scrape together for oneself, heap up to-

gether.

ἐπαμυσάτης, *ῆρος, ὁ, ποθ. for ἐπαναβάτης, (ἐπανα-*

βαίνω) one that rises upon; νόσοι σαρκῶν ἐπαμυσ-

τήρες maladies growing on the flesh, leprous eruptions.

ἐπ-ᾠμεῖβω, *ἔ. ψω, to exchange, barter:—Med. to*

exchange from one to another; νίκη ἐπαμειβεταί ἄνδρας

comes in turn to men.

ἐπ-ᾠμερος, *ον, Aeol. for ἐφ-ήμερος.*

ἐπ-ᾠμεμένος, *Ion. for ἐφημμένος, pf. pass. part. of*

ἐφάπτω

ἐπ-ᾠμενών, *ποθ. for ἐπ-αναμένω.*

ἐπαμυοβάδεις, Adv. (ἐπαμειβοι) *alternately.*

ἐπαμυοβίος, *ον, and ἐπαμυοβός, ὄν, (ἐπαμειβω) in*

turn, one upon another: in exchange.

ἐπ-ᾠμπεχῶ, *ἔ. ἀμφέω: aor. 2 ἐπῆμπεχον, inf.*

ἐπαμπεχεῖν:—to put on besides, or over all: to over-

wrap.

ἐπαμύντωρ, *ορος, ὁ, a helper, defender. From*

ἐπ-ᾠμύνω, *ἔ. ἴνω, to come to aid, defend, assist.*

ἐπ-ᾠμφάρεω for ἐπαναφάρεω

ἐπ-ᾠμφοτερίω, fut. *ίσω Att. ἴω, (ἐπί, ἀμφοτέρος)*

to be inclined to both sides, to play a double game:

a ball between two opinions.

ἐπάν, *Conjunct., later form of ἐπην.*

ἐπ-αναβαίνω, *ἔ. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα:—to get*

upon, mount on horseback II. *to go up inland.*

ἐπ-αναβάλλω, *ἔ. -βάλλω: pf. -βέβληκα:—to throw*

on or over:—Med. to put on. II. *in Med., also,*

to put off, delay.

ἐπ-αναβιβάζω, *ἔ. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ:—Causal of*

ἐπαναβαίνειν to make to mount upon.

ἐπαναβληθόν, Adv. (ἐπαναβάλλω) *throwing over an-*

other garment.

ἐπ-αναβοάω, *ἔ. ἡσσομαι, to cry out at a thing.*

ἐπαναγαγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπανάγω.

ἐπ-αναγκάζω, *ἔ. ἄσω, to compel by force.*

ἐπ-ἀνάγκης, *ες, (ἐπί, ἀνάγκη) only used in neut.*

ἐπάναγκες (sub. ἐστὶ), *it is necessary.* 2. *neut*

also as Adv. on compulsion; ἐπάναγκες κομάντες

wearing long hair by law.

ἐπ-ἀναγορεύω, *to proclaim publicly: v. ἐπανείπον.*

ἐπ-ανάγω, *ἔ. ἄω: aor. 2 -ἀνήγαγον:—to bring up,*

stir up, excite. 2. *to exalt, elevate.* II. *to*

lead or draw back: to bring back, to refer to

one. III. *intr. to withdraw, retreat.* IV.

to put ships out to sea:—Pass. to put to sea

against. V. *Pass. to be carried to a place.*

Hence

ἐπαναγωγή, *ῆ, a sailing out against, a naval at-*

tack. II. *a recall, return.*

ἐπ-αναδιπλάζω, *to redouble, reiterate questions.*

ἐπ-αναθεόμαι, *ἔ. ἄσομαι [ᾶ], Dep. to see again.*

ἐπ-αναίρω, *to lift up:—Med. to lift one against*

the other:—Pass. to rise up.

ἐπ-ανάκειμαι, *Pass. to be laid upon as a penalty.*

ἐπ-ανακαγγάνω, *to give tongue again and again.*

ἐπ-ανακρουω, *to drive back:—Med. to draw back.*

ἐπ-ανακύπτω, *ἔ. ψω, to have an upward direc-*

tion.

ἐπ-αναλαμβάνω, *ἔ. -λήψομαι, to take up again, re-*

sume, repeat.

ἐπ-ανᾠλίσκω, *ἔ. -ανᾠλώσω, to consume besides.*

ἐπ-αναμένω, *ἔ. -μενῶ, to continue waiting, stay*

on. II. *to wait for one.*

ἐπ-αναμνήσκω, *ἔ. -μνήσω, to remind one of, men-*

tion again to one.

ἐπ-ανανεόω, *ἔ. ᾠσω, to renew, revive.*

ἐπ-αναπαύω, *ἔ. σω, to make to rest upon:—Med. to*

rest upon.

ἐπ-αναπηδάω, *ἔ. ἡσω or ἡσσομαι, to leap upon.*

ἐπ-αναπλέω, *ἔ. -πλεύσομαι: Ion. ἐπαναπλώω, ἔ.*

-πλώσω:—to sail up against. II. *to float upon*

the surface; ἐπαναπλῶει ὑμῖν ἔπεα κενά ill language

floats up, rises to the tongue. III. *to sail back*

again.

ἐπ-αναπρίπτω and -έω, *to throw up in the air (sub-*

εαυτὸν) to spring high in the air.

ἐπ-ἀνασεισινε, *ως, ῆ, a brandishing of weapons.*

From

ἐπ-ανασείω, *ἔ. σω, to lift up and shake, to brandish.*

ἐπ-αναστάσις, *ως, ῆ, (ἐπανίστημι) a rising up*

against, an insurrection.

ἐπαναστήσομαι, fut. med. of ἐπανίστημι.

ἐπ-αναστρέφω, *ἔ. ψω, intr. to turn back upon, re-*

visit:—Med. to wheel round, return to the charge.

ἐπ-ανασταίω, *ἔ. -τενῶ, to bold up towards; ἐπανα-*

τείνειν ἐλπιδας to bold out hopes.

ἐπ-ανατέλλω, *ἔ. -ανατελώ: aor. I -ἀνέτειλα:—to*

lift up, raise. II. *intr. to rise up, rise, of the*

sun; *ἐπαντέλλων χρόνος* the time which is coming to light, the future.

ἐπ-ανατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to lay upon.

ἐπ-αναφέρω poet. *ἐπ-αμφέρω*, to throw back upon another, ascribe or refer to. 2. to put into the account. 3. to bring back a message. II. Pass. to be borne up, rise, as an exhalation.

ἐπ-αναφυσάω, f. ήσω, to play on the flute in accompaniment.

ἐπ-αναχωρέω, f. ήσω, to go back again, retreat, return. Hence

ἐπαναχωρήσις, εως, ή, a return, retreat.

ἐπ-ἀνεμι, to go back, return. II. to go up, arise.

ἐπανεῖναι, *ἐπανεῖς*, aor. 2 inf. and part. of *ἐπανάημι*. *ἐπανεῖπον*, aor. 2, to proclaim or promise openly:—the pres. in use is *ἐπαναγορεύω*.

ἐπ-ανείρομαι, Ion. for *ἐπανεύρομαι*.

ἐπανελεῖναι, *ἐπανελθών*, aor. 2 inf. and part. of *ἐπ-ανέρχομαι*.

ἐπ-ανέρομαι Ion. -είρομαι, to question again and again: generally, to question.

ἐπ-ανέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: Dep., with aor. 2 act. -ήλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα: (cf. *έρχομαι*):—to go back, return: to go over, pass over. II. to go up, ascend.

ἐπ-ανήκω, to have come back, return.

ἐπ-ανθήω, f. ήσω, to bloom, be in flower: metaph. of a salt crust forming upon a surface, or of down on the cheeks: generally, to be upon the surface, appear plainly.

ἐπ-ανθίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιδώ, (ἐπί, ἄνθος) to deck with flowers: generally, to make to abound, to cover over with.

ἐπανθράκιδες, αω, αἰ, small fish for frying. From *ἐπ-ανθρακίζω*, f. σω, to broil on the coals.

ἐπ-ανήμι, f. -ανήσω, to let go back, relax, dismiss. II. intr. with gen., to relax from: to flag.

ἐπ-ανίσώω, f. ώσω, to make equal, put on a par.

ἐπ-ανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to set up again: to make to rise. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -ἀνέστην, pf.

-ἀνέστηκα, intrans. to stand up after or at the bidding of another: generally, to stand up, rise; of things, to be high, elevated. 2. to rise up against one, revolt.

ἐπ-ανορθόω, f. ώσω: augm. tenses with double augm., impf. *ἐπηνόρθουν*, aor. I *ἐπηνόρθωσα*, etc.:—to set up, set upright: to set up again: generally, to amend, improve. Hence

ἐπανόρθωσις, εως, ή, a correcting: amendment.

ἐπ-αντέλλω, poet. and Ion. for *ἐπανατέλλω*.

ἐπ-άντη, es, (ἐπί, ἄντα) up-bill, opp. to *κατάντη*.

ἐπ-αντιάζω, f. άσω, to fall in with, meet.

ἐπ-αντλέω, f. ήσω, to pump over: to pour over: Pass. to be overflowed or filled.

ἐπ-ἀνύω, f. ύσω [Υ], to complete:—Med. to procure for.

ἐπ-ἄνω, Adv. (ἐπί, ἄνω) above, on the upper side:

with Art., ὁ ἑπάνω πύργος the upper tower, II.

of 'time, before. Hence

ἐπάνωθεν, poet. -θε, Adv. from above, above: of *ἐπ.* men of former time.

ἐπ-ἄξιος, ov, and a, ov, (ἐπί, ἄξιος) worthy, deserving of, c. gen.: absol. worthy, meet. 2. worth mentioning:—Adv. -ῶς. Hence

ἐπ-αἰδέω, f. ώσω, to think worthy, think right, c. inf., Lat. dignor. II. to expect, believe.

ἐπ-αξόνιος, ov, (ἐπί, ἄξων) upon an axle.

ἐπάξω, Dor. 2 sing. aor. I med. of *πήγνυμι*.

ἐπιδουδή, ή, (ἐπαεῖδω) poet. and Ion. for *ἐπαυδή*.

ἐπιδουδός, ὁ, poet. for *ἐπαυδός*.

ἐπ-ἀπειλέω, f. ήσω, to hold out a threat to one: to add threats, to threaten besides.

ἐπ-αποδύομαι, Med. to strip and set to work at a thing.

ἐπ-αποθνήσκω, f. -θανοῦμαι, to die with or after.

ἐπ-αποπνίγω, f. ξω, to choke besides: aor. 2 pass. *ἐπ-απεννίγην* [I].

ἐπ-ἄπτω, Ion. for *ἐφάπτω*.

ἐπ-ἄπύω, Dor. for *ἐπηπύω*.

ἐπ-ἀρά Ion. *ἐπ-ἀρή*, ή, (ἐπί, ἀρά) a solemn curse. imprecation. Hence

ἐπ-ἀράομαι: f. άσομαι Ep. ήσομαι; pf. *ἐπῆράμαι*: Dep.:—to imprecate curses upon; *ἐπαράσθαι λόγον* to utter an imprecation.

ἐπ-ἀραρίσκω, f. ἑάρσας: aor. I *ἐῆρσα*:—to fit to or upon, fasten to. II. intr. in pf. med. *ἐῆρσα*, to fit well: part. *ἐπαρηρῶς*, close-fitting: so also *ἐπ-ἀρμενος*, η, ov.

ἐπάρας, aor. I part. of *ἐπαίρω*.

ἐπ-ἀρόσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to dash to.

ἐπάρατος, ov, (*ἐπαράομαι*) laid under a curse.

ἐπ-ἀργεμος, ov, (ἐπί, ἀργεμός) of the eye, with a white speck over it. II. metaph. dim, obscure.

ἐπ-ἀργυρος, ov, (ἐπί, ἀργυρος) overlaid with silver.

ἐπ-ἀρήγω, f. ξω, to come to aid, help. Hence

ἐπάρηξις, εως, ή, help, aid.

ἐπάρηρα, -αν, intr. pf. and plqpf. of *ἐπαπαρίσκω*.

ἐπ-ἀριστερος, ov, (ἐπί, ἀριστερός) on the left hand: left-handed, awkward, French gauche.

ἐπάρκεσις, εως, ή, aid, help, succour. From

ἐπ-ἀρκέω, f. έσω: aor. I *ἐπῆρκσα*:—to ward off, τινί τι something from one. 2. c. acc. rei only, to binder, prevent. 3. c. dat. pers. only, to help, aid, protect. II. to supply, furnish, impart. III.

absol. to be sufficient, enough. Hence

ἐπαρκούντως, Adv. pres. part., sufficiently.

ἐπάρμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of *ἐπαπαρίσκω*, well fitted, well-prepared.

ἐπ-ἀρούρος, ov, (ἐπί, ἀρούρα) on the soil, attached to the soil as a serif, Lat. adscriptus glebae.

ἐπ-ἀράω, f. ήσω, to hang on or over:—Pass., φόβος *ἐπῆρηται* fear hangs over, impends.

ἐπ-ἀρτίς, ές, (ἐπί, ἀρτίω) ready, equipped.

ἐπ-ἀρτύω and -αρτύω, to fit or fix on.

II. to get ready, prepare:—Med. to prepare for oneself.

ἐπαρχία, ἡ, a *prefecture, province*. From ἐπ-αρχος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀρχή) a *commander: a governor of a country, prefect*.

ἐπ-άρχω, f. ἔω, to be an ἐπαρχος, governor of a province. 2. so rule in addition to one's own dominions.

II. Med. ἐπάρχομαι, to begin anew, afresh; ἐπάρξασθαι δεκάεσιν to begin with the cups again: generally, to supply, distribute.

ἐπάρχωός, ὁ, (ἐπαρχῶς) a *helper, aider*.

ἐπαρώνουν, impf. of παροίνω.

ἐπαύω, aor. I of παύομαι.

ἐπ-αυκέω, f. ἴσω: aor. I -ἥσκησα:—to labour at, finish carefully. II. to adorn. III. to practise, practise oneself in, cultivate.

ἐπ-ασσύτερος, α, ον, (ἐπί, ἄσسون) one upon another, one after another.

ἐπασσύνω-τριβής, ἐς, (ἐπασσύτερος, τρίβω) following close one on the other.

ἐπ-ασπράττω, f. ψω, to lighten upon, flash.

ἐπ-φίτω, Att. for ἐπαίτω, q. v.

ἐπ-αυδάω, f. ἴσω, to say besides:—Med. to call upon.

ἐπαύθην or ἐπαύστην, aor. I pass. of παύω

ἐπ-αυλέω, f. ἴσω: pf. pass. ἐπηύλημαι: (ἐπί, αὐλός):—to play the flute to accompany:—Pass. to be played on the flute.

ἐπ-αυλιζομαι, 1. ισομαι, Dep. to take up one's quarters at a place.

ἐπ-αυλις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπί, αὐλις) a place to pass the night in: quarters.

ἐπ-αυλος, ὁ, (ἐπί, αὐλή) plur. ἐπαυλοι, οἱ, and ἐπαυλα, τά, a fold for cattle: generally, a dwelling, home.

ἐπ-αυλῶ or ἐπ-αυέω, f. αὐέω, to increase, enlarge, augment:—Pass. to grow, increase.

ἐπαυρίην Ep. -έμεν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπαυρίσκομαι.

ἐπ-αυρέω, = ἐπαυρίσκομαι.

ἐπ-αύρεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπαυρίσκομαι) the fruit, result of a thing: enjoyment, fruition.

ἐπ-αυρίων, Adv., for ἐπ' αὐρίων, on the morrow.

ἐπ-αυρίσκομαι, Dep. (the Act. ἐπαυρίσκω occurs only once, and the simple αὐρίσκω or αὐρίσκομαι, to take, is not in use): fut. ἐπαυρήσομαι: aor. 2 act. ἐπηύρον Dor. ἐπαύρον, 3 sing. subj. ἐπαύρη, inf. ἐπαυρέην Ep. -έμεν: aor. 2 med. ἐπηυρήμην, Ep. 2^d sing. subj. ἐπαύρηται, 3 pl. -ωνται:—to partake of, enjoy a share of: to reach, touch:—Med. to reap the fruits of a thing, whether good or bad, c. gen.: more freq. in bad sense, ὡς πάντες ἐπαύρονται βασιλῆος that all may have a benefit of their king: δῶν μιν ἐπαυρήσεσθαι I think he will feel the consequences. 2. c. acc. to bring upon oneself.

ἐπαύσον, aor. I imperat. of ἐπαύω: ἐπαύσας, part. ἐπ-αυτέω, f. ἴσω, to shout at a thing: to make a noise beside. [B]

ἐπ-αυτοφώρῳ, Adv., for ἐπ' αὐτοφώρῳ, Lat. in ipso furto, in the very theft or very act.

ἐπ-αυχίνος, ον, (ἐπί, αὐχή) on or for the neck.

ἐπ-αυχέω, f. ἴσω, to boast of, exult in.

ἐπ-αῶω, f. -αῶω [B], to shout over or upon.

ἐπ-αφαναίνομαι, Pass. to be dried up, worn out.

ἐπ-αφάω, f. ἴσω, to touch on the surface, stroke.

ἐπαφή, ἡ, (ἐπαφάω) a touch, banding.

ἐπ-αφίημι, f. -αφήσω, to throw at a thing: to let loose upon.

ἐπ-αφρίζω, f. σω, to foam up or on the surface: metaph. to babble, divulge.

ἐπ-αφρόδιτος, ον, (ἐπί, Ἀφροδίτη) lovely, fascinating, Lat. venustus.

ἐπ-αφύσσω, f. ύσω [ϋ], to pour over or in addition.

ἐπαχθής, ἐς, (ἐπί, ἄχθος) heavy, ponderous: oppressive, grievous.

ἐπ-αχθομαι, Pass. to be distressed at a thing.

ἐπ-αχλῶω, f. ύωω [ϋ], (ἐπί, ἀχλὺς) to be obscure.

ἐπαχύνθην, aor. I pass. of παχύνω.

ἐπεάν, Ion. for ἐπήν.

ἐπιβάλλον, aor. 2 of ἐπιβάλλω.

ἐπίβην, ἐπέβησα, aor. 2 and 1 of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπιβίων, aor. 2 of ἐπιβίω (as if from ἐπιβίωμι).

ἐπέβρισσα, aor. I of ἐπιβρίθω.

ἐπ-εγγελάω, f. ἄσσομαι [ἄ], to laugh at, deride.

ἐπεγερπτο, 3 plqpf. pass. of ἐπιγράφω.

ἐπ-εγείρω, f. -εγερῶ, to awaken, rouse up: to excite:—Pass. to be roused, rise: ἐπέγρετο, ἐπεγρέμενος, 3 sing. ind. and part. Ep. aor. 2 pass.

II. intrans. in pf. part. act. ἐπεγρηγόρως, awake.

ἐπ-εγκάλλω, f. ἔωω, to bring a charge against.

ἐπ-εγκάπτω, f. ψω, to snap up, devour.

ἐπ-εγκελεύω, f. σω, to give an order or signal to others.

ἐπέγρετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐπεγείρω.

ἐπέγνων, aor. 2 of ἐπιγνώσκω.

ἐπεγρήγορα, see ἐπεγείρω II.

ἐπεγρέμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐπεγείρω.

ἐπ-εγχεώ, f. -χεῶ, to pour in upon or in addition.

ἐπέδεξα, Ion. for ἐπέδειξα, aor. I of ἐπιδέκνυμι.

ἐπέδησα, aor. I of πεδάω.

ἐπεδόθην, aor. I pass. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπιδράμον, aor. 2 act. of ἐπιτρέχω.

ἐπέδρην, ἡ, Ion. for ἐφέδρα.

ἐπέδυν, aor. 2 of ἐπιδύω.

ἐπέθηκα, aor. I of ἐπιτίθημι.

ἐπεί Ep. also ἐπει, (ἐπί) Conjunct.:

I. Of time, after that; when: from the time when

II. Of cause, since, seeing that, for that.

III. ἐπεί ἄρ, ἐπεί ἄρα, when then, since then. 2. ἐπεί οὖν

when then. 3. ἐπεί περ since really.

ἘΠΕΙΤΩ, f. ἔω: impf. ἡπειγόν Ep. ἡπειγον: aor. I ἡπείχην:—to press upon, weigh down:—Pass. to be weighed down. 2. to press hard, press upon,

in pursuit. II. to drive on, urge forward, hasten, hurry on:—Med. to urge on for oneself: Pass. to be urged to do: also absol., ὡς βασίλειᾳ burry, speed: part.

ἡπειγόμενος as Adj., swift, impetuous, eager. III. intrans. = Pass. to make haste.

ἐπειδ-άν, Conjunction (ἐπειδὴ ἄν) whenever, so soon as, after that.

ἐπειδή, (ἐπεὶ δὴ) Conjunction,

since, after that, Lat. postquam.

seeing that, since, because :—so ἐπειδήπερ, since really, since now.

ἐπ-εἶδον, inf. ἐπιδεῖν, aor. 2 without pres. in use (ἐφορᾶν being used instead), to look upon, behold, see. 2. to continue to see, to live to see: to experience.

ἐπεὶ ἢ or ἐπεὶ ἦ, Adv. since certainly.

ἐπελῆ, 3 sing. opt. of ἐπιεμ.

ἐπ-εκάσω, f. σω, to make like to a thing; δάμαρτα τὴνδ' ἐπεικάσω κυρῷ; am I right in supposing her his wife? II. generally, to conjecture, infer, conclude; ὡς or ὅσ' ἐπεικάσαι so far as one may guess.

ἐπεῖκεν, ἐπεῖκε, or ἐπεὶ κεν, ἐπεὶ κε, Ep. for ἐπείαν, ἐπὶν.

ἐπελήθηα, -ημαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

ἐπ-εμ, inf. ἐπειναι: impf. ἐπῆν: fut. ἐπέσομαι: (ἐπὶ, εἰμὶ sum):—to be upon or at. II. to be upon, be fixed upon: of rewards and penalties, to be imposed.

III. of Time, to be hereafter: to be coming on, to impend.

IV. to be set over, Lat. praeside.

V. to be added, be over and above.

ἐπ-εμ, inf. ἐπειναι: Ep. impf. ἐπῆα, as, ε, 3 pl. ἐπῆσαν, ἐπῆσαν: fut. ἐπείσομαι: aor. I med. part. ἐπεισαμένη: (ἐπὶ, εἰμὶ ido):—to go or come to or towards: to come upon: absol. to come near, approach.

2. to come against, attack; οἱ ἐπιδόντες the invaders, assailants.

3. of events, to come upon one, overtake.

4. to come on the stage. II. of Time, to come on or after, to follow, succeed; ἡ ἐπιούσα ἡμέρα the coming day; ὁ ἐπὶ ἡμέρᾳ, like ὁ τυχεύων, the first comer: τὸ ἐπὶ ὃν what occurs to one.

III. to traverse, pass over.

IV. to go over, i.e. count over.

ἐπ-εἰνύμι, Ion. for ἐφέννυμι: inf. med. ἐπεινύσθαι, Ion. for ἐφέννυσθαι.

ἐπελ-περ, for ἐπεὶ περ, Conj. since really, seeing that.

ἐπ-εἶπον, aor. 2 without pres. in use, to say besides: to say of another:—inf. ἐπειπεῖν, part. ἐπείπων.

ἐπειρα, aor. I of πείρω.

ἐπερῶμαι, Ion. for ἐπέρωμαι.

ἐπερῶμενος, Ion. aor. I part. med. of ἐπερῶ.

ἐπερωάτο, Ion. 3 pl. impf. of περᾶμαι.

ἐπερωάτω, Ion. for ἐπερατάω.

ἐπ-αρώτημα, -ησις, Ion. for ἐπερώτημα, -ησις.

ἐπεισα, aor. I of πείθω.

ἐπ-αἰσάγωγη, ἡ, (ἐπὶ, εἰσάγω) a bringing in besides.

II. a means of bringing or letting in.

ἐπ-εἰσακτος, ον, (ἐπὶ, εἰσάγω) brought in from abroad, alien: imported, foreign.

ἐπ-εἰσβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go into upon: to enter.

ἐπ-εἰσβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to pour into besides. II. intr. to invade again.

ἐπ-εἰσβάτης, ον, ὁ, (ἐπείσβω) an additional passenger, supernumerary on board ship. [α]

ἐπ-εἰσβασις, to come on beside: to come on the stage.

ἐπ-εἰσέρχομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -ἦλθον, pf. -ἤλθω: to come in upon or over: to come in

after. 2. come into or enter besides: of things, to be imported.

ἐπ-εἰσφέρω, aor. I of ἐπείσφρω.

ἐπ-εἰσκυκλώ, f. ἦσω, to roll in or on besides.

ἐπ-εἰσδίδω, ον, coming in besides, episode. From ἐπ-εἰσόδος, ον, a coming in besides, an entrance.

ἐπ-εἰσπαύω, f. παύσω, to burst in.

ἐπ-εἰσπιδάω, f. ἦσω or ἡσσομαι, to leap in upon.

ἐπ-εἰσπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον:—to fall or burst upon: to burst in.

ἐπ-εἰσπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail in after: to sail at, attack.

ἐπ-εἰσφέρω, f. -οἶσω, to bring in besides or after: to entail upon: Med. to bring in for oneself.

ἐπ-εἰσφύω, f. ἦσω, to introduce besides.

ἐπ-εἰτα, Adv. (ἐπὶ, εἰτα) marks the Sequence of one thing upon another: thereupon, thereafter, then, Lat. deinde.

II. when a clause precedes it is emphatic: I. when a partic. of Time goes before, then; ἐπειδὴ σφαίρην πειρήσαντο, ἀρχέισθην δὴ ἔπειτα when they finished playing at ball, then they danced.

2. after εἰ, then surely; εἰ δ' ἔπειτα δὴ ἀγορεύεις, ἐξ ἧρα δὴ τοὺ ἐπειτα θεοὶ φρένας ὤλεσαν if so, then of a surety have the gods infatuated thee.

III. Interrog., when the question is founded on some supposition, after πῶς; εἰ μὲν δὴ ἔταρόν γε κολεούετ' αὐτὸν ἐλέσθαι, πῶς ἂν ἔπειτα Ὀδυσσὸς λαθολύμην; how can I in such a case forget Ulysses? In Att., it begins the sentence, in an ironical sense, And so? Indeed? IV. then, therefore, καὶ ὡς οὖν.

V. and yet, nevertheless, still.

VI. with the Article, the following, the future; ὁ ἐπειτα χρόνος the time to come.

ἐπεὶ-τε, or ἐπεὶ-τε, since, for that, because.

ἐπειτεν, Ion. for ἐπειτα, thereupon, thereafter.

ἐπεὶ-τοι, i.e. ἐπεὶ-τοι, for in truth, since truly.

ἐπ-εκβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go out upon, disembark.

ἐπ-εκβοηθῶ, f. ἦσω, to rush out to aid.

ἐπ-εκδιδάσκω, f. ἀξω, to teach in addition.

ἐπ-εκδιηγέομαι, Dep. to explain besides.

ἐπεκδρομή, ἡ, (ἐπεκδραμεῖν, aor. 2 ὁ ἐπεκτρέχω) an excursion or expedition against.

ἐπεκτατο, Ion. for ἐπέκειντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπέκειμαι.

ἐπ-έκεινα, Adv., for ἐπ' ἐκεῖνα, on yonder side of, beyond; οἱ ἐπέκεινα Εὐφράτου those beyond the Euphrates; τὸ ἐπέκεινα Att. τοῦτέκεινα, the part beyond; τὰ ἐπέκεινα the parts beyond.

2. of Time, οἱ ἐπέκεινα χρόνοι the times beyond or before, earlier times.

ἐπέκελετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of ἐπέκειλομαι.

ἐπέκελσα, aor. I of ἐπέκλω.

ἐπέκερσα, aor. I of ἐπέκειρα.

ἐπ-εκῶ, f. θένσομαι, to twist out against.

ἐπέκλωσαν, ἐπεκλώσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I act. and med. of ἐπέκλω.

ἐπ-εκπλώω, f. -πύομαι, to drink off after.

ἐπ-εκπλοος contr. -ἐκπλους, ὁ, a sailing out against, an attack by sea.

ἐπ-εκτείνω, f. -τενῶ, to stretch out, lengthen:—Pass. to extend beyond: also to reach out towards, grasp at.
ἐπ-εκτρέχω, f. -εκδράμομαι: aor. 2 -εξέδραμον (from obsol. δρέμω):—to rush out upon or against one, rush out to attack.

ἐπ-εκφέρω, f. -οίσω, to carry out far.
ἐπ-εκχωρέω, f. ἤσω, to advance next or after.
ἐπελάβετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.
ἐπελαθόμεν, aor. 2 med. of ἐπιλανθάνω.
ἐπελδοῖς, εὖς, ἦ, an attack, assault. From
ἐπ-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω Att. -εῶ: aor. 1 -ήλασα: pf. -ελήλακα: Pass., pf. -ελήλαμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐπελήλατο:—to drive upon: to lead on or against. 2. seemingly intr. (sub. στρατόν), to march against: also to sail against: to charge.

II. to beat out thin upon, as a plate of metal on a shield.

ἐπέλειπον, impf. of ἐπιλείπω.
ἐπελείπετο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐπιλείπω.
ἐπελήκεον, impf. of ἐπιλήκειν.
ἐπελήλατο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐπελαύνω.
ἐπελήλυθα, pf. of ἐπέρχομαι.
ἐπέλησα, aor. 1 of ἐπιληθάνω.
ἐπελθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπέρχομαι.
ἐπ-ελίσσω, ἐπ-ελκω, Ion. for ἐφέλισσω, ἐφέλκω.
ἐπέλλαβε, poet. aor. 2 of ἐπιλαμβάνω.
ἐπ-επιπίζω, f. σω, to bring to hope, buoy up with hopes, cheat with false hopes.

II. to hope, = ἐλπίζω.
ἐπ-ελπομαι Ep. ἐπι-ελπομαι, Dep. to have hopes of, to hope: generally, to expect.

ἐπεμάνην [α], aor. 2 of ἐπιμαίνομαι.
ἐπεμάσαστο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 of ἐπιμαίνομαι.
ἐπ-εμβάδδον, Adv. step upon step, ascendingly.
ἐπ-εμβαίω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπενέβην, part. ἐπ-εμβας:—to step or tread upon: to stand on, esp. in pf. ἐπεμβέβηκα Ep. -βέβασα, as, οὐδὸς ἐπεμβεβάας; also c. dat., πύργοις ἐπεμβας. II. to trample upon, insult.

ἐπ-εμβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to put on or over. 2. οὐτως δοῦναι upon. 3. to put in besides, insert. 4. to put forward. II. intr. to flow in besides, of rivers.

ἐπ-εμβάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἐπεμβαίνω) one mounted, a horse-

ἐπεμβεβῶς, Ep. pf. part. of ἐπεμβαίνω.
ἐπέμεινα, aor. 1 of ἐπιμένω.
ἐπ-εμνηστήσθην, -εμνηστήθην, aor. 1 med. and pass. of ἐπιμνησθαι.

ἐπεμήνατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of ἐπιμαίνομαι.
ἐπέμεινα, aor. 1 of ἐπιμένω.
ἐπ-εμνησθῶ, f. ἤσω or ἤσομαι, to ear upon, insult.
ἐπ-εμπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to fall in or upon, to attack: ἐπεμπίπτειν βάσιν τινὶ to advance one's foot towards a thing. 2. to fall to, set to work.

ἐπ-ενάριζω, f. ζω, to slay one upon another.
ἐπενάγχο, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of ἐπινύχωμαι.
ἐπ-ενδίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give over and above.
ἐπενδύτης, ου, ὁ, a tunic worn over another, an outer or over tunic. From

ἐπ-ενδύω, to put on over:—Pass. to have on over.
ἐπενεύκαι, Ion. for ἐπενέγκα: aor. 1 inf. of ἐπιφέρω.

ἐπένεμα, aor. 1 of ἐπινέμω.
ἐπένευσσα, aor. 1 of ἐπινεύω.
ἐπενήνεον, impf. of ἐπινυνέω
ἐπ-ἐνήνοθε, (ἐπί, ἐνήνοθε) 3 sing. pf., with no pres. ἐπενέθω in use:—there has grown upon, there is or was upon; used three times by Hom.:—ψεδνὴ ἐπενήνοθε λάχνη thin downy hair grew thereon; οὐλὴ ἐπενήνοθε λάχνη a thick warm pile was on it: c. acc., οἷα θεοὺς ἐπενήνοθεν αἰὲν ἔχοντας such as appertains to the gods.

ἐπνήσσα, aor. 1 of ἐπινέω (A).
ἐπ-ἐνθρόσκω, f. -ενθροῦμαι: aor. 2 -ἐνέθορον, inf. -ενθροεῖν:—to leap upon; ἐπενθρόσκειν ἄνω to leap up into.

ἐπενθάν, Dor. aor. 2 part. of ἐπέρχομαι.
ἐπεντάθει, aor. 1 pass. part. of ἐπεντείνω,
ἐπ-εντάθω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], Ep. for ἐπεντείνω, to stretch upon, bind fast to.

ἐπ-εντείνω, f. -εντενῶ, to stretch upon or over; part. aor. 1 pass. ἐπεντάθεις stretched upon his sword. II. intr. to press on: to gain ground, of a report.

ἐπ-εντέλλω, to command besides.
ἐπ-εντύω and -εντύω, to get ready, equip:—Med. to train oneself for a thing.

ἐπ-εξάγω, to lead out an army:—intr. to march out. Hence

ἐπεξάγωγή, ἡ, a drawing out against, lengthening.
ἐπ-ἐξεμ, inf. -εξίεναι: impf. ἐπεξήεν:—to go out against an enemy. II. to proceed against, prosecute.

III. to go over, traverse, go through: hence τοῖ detail. 2. ἐπεξίεναι τιμωρίας μέγας to go through with, execute greater vengeance.

ἐπ-εξελαύνω: f. -εξελάσω Att. -εξεῶ: pf. -εξελέλκα:—to drive on against:—intr. to ride on against.

ἐπεξελεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπεξέρχομαι.

ἐπ-εξεργάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. to effect besides or in addition: to consummate. 2. to slay over again.

ἐπ-εξέρχομαι, f. -ελεῖσομαι, Dep. with aor. 2 act. -εξήλθον, pf. -εξελέλθα:—to go out against an enemy. 2. to proceed against, prosecute. II. to go over, traverse. 2. to execute, accomplish. 3. to discuss, detail, investigate. III. to proceed to an extremity; ὧδ' ἐπεξέρχσθαι θρασύς to reach such a pitch of boldness.

ἐπ-εξετάσσει, εὖς, ἦ, a review over again.
ἐπ-εξευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to invent besides.

ἐπ-εξῆς, Ion. for ἐπ-εξῆς.

ἐπ-εξῆλακχῶς, (ἐπί, ἐξ, ἱακχος) to shout in triumph over.

ἐπ-εξέδοις, ου, of a march or expedition: τὰ ἐπεξέδια (sub. ἱερά), sacrifices before the march of an army. From

ἐπ-ἐξοδος, ἡ, a march out against, expedition.
ἐπ-εόικε, 3 sing. pf. with no pres. Εἰκόω in use:—it is like, looks like, resembles. II. it is likely,

reasonable, fitting:—ἐπεικότα Att. for ἐπεικοῦτα, part. pf., what is seemly, fit.

ἐπέπσον, aor. 2 of ἐπιπύτω.

ἐπεπῆγαι, 3 sing. plqpf. of πῆγγνυμι.

ἐπέπιθμεν, for ἐπειπίθμεν, 1 pl. plqpf. of πείθω.

ἐπέπλωε, 2 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of ἐπιπλέω.

ἐπειπόθει, 3 sing. plqpf. of πείθω.

ἐπεπρόνθει, 3 sing. plqpf. of πᾶσσω.

ἐπέπτῳρον, aor. 2 of ἐπιπτάω.

ἐπέπτῳτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐπιπτάμαι.

ἐπέπυστο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of πυνθάνουαι.

ἐπ-έπω, Ion. for ἐφέπω.

ἐπ-εργάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. to work upon land, till, cultivate. Hence

ἐπεργασία, ἡ, a working of another's land: an encroachment. II. the right of mutual tillage on each other's land.

ἐπ-ερεθίζω, f. ὦω, to stimulate.

ἐπερίδω, f. -ερείσω, to urge on with all one's force; ἐπέρεισεν ἰν' ἀπέλεθρον he applied vast strength to it:—Pass. to lean or bear heavily upon.

ἐπ-ερέφω, f. ψω, to cover with a roof

ἐπερήρεισμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπερείδω.

ἐπ-έρομαι Ion. -είρομαι: f. -ερήσομαι Ion. -ειρήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπῆρόμην, inf. ἐπεερέσθαι:—to ask. to consult, question.

ἐπερρύψα, aor. I of ἐπιρρύπτω.

ἐπερρώσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I of ἐπιρρώσμαι.

ἐπερρώσθην, ἐπέροωσμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἐπιρρῶννυμι.

ἐπέρυσσα, Ep. aor. I of ἐπερύω.

ἐπ-ερύω, f. -ερύω [ῥ]: aor. I -ερύσα:—to draw on, pull to: to bring to a place:—Med. to draw on one's clothes.

ἐπ-έρχομαι, f. -ελευσομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -ἦλθον Ep. -ἤλυθον, pf. -ελήλυθα:—to go or come to or towards: to come upon, esp. to come suddenly or unexpectedly upon. 2. in hostile sense, to come or go against, attack. 3. to come forward to speak. II.

to come on, come about, return; ἐπῆλυθον ὅραι the seasons came round again. III. to come in after or over the head of another. IV. to occur to one, come into one's mind. V. to go over a space, traverse, visit. 2. to go through or over discuss, recount. 3. to go through, execute.

ἐπ-ερωτῶ Ion. ἐπειρ-, fut. ἦσω, to consult, inquire of, question, ask about a thing:—Pass. to be questioned, asked. Hence

ἐπερώτημα Ion. ἐπειρ-, ατος, τό, a question: and ἐπερώτησις Ion. ἐπειρ-, εως, ἡ a questioning.

ἐπεσσα, rare aor. I of πείτω.

ἐπεσαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of ἐπειμι (εἰμί sum)

ἐπεσβαίνω, = ἐπεισβαίνω.

ἐπεσβολία, ἡ, a using words at random, hasty speech, unseemly language. From

ἐπεσ-βάλλω, ὄν, (ἔπος, βάλλω) throwing words about: rash-talking, scurrilous.

ἐπ-ασθίω, f. ἐπέδομαι, to eat after or in addition to.

ἐπεσκεψάμην, aor. I of ἐπισκοπέω.

ἐπεσκέασμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπισκέαω.

ἐπεσον, aor. 2 of πίπται.

ἐπεσπον, aor. 2 of ἐφέπω.

ἐπείσσεται, Ep. 3 sing. fut. of ἐπειμι (εἰμί sum).

ἐπέστεινεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἐπιστεύω.

ἐπεσσεύοντο, 3 pl. impf. med. of ἐπιστεύω.

ἐπείσομαι, pf. pass. of ἐπιστεύω, part. ἐπεσοῦμένος.

ἐπείσσυτο, poet. for ἐπέσυτο, 3 sing. Ep. syncor.

plqpf. pass. of ἐπιστεύω, in sense of aor. 2.

ἐπεστάλθην, ἐπεστάλην [ἄ], aor. I and aor. 2 pass. of ἐπιστέλλω.

ἐπέσταλτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐπιστέλλω.

ἐπεστράφην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐπιστρέφω.

ἐπεστῆς, Ion. pf. part. of ἐφίστημι.

ἐπέστην, aor. 2 of ἐφίστημι.

ἐπεσφέρω, Ion. for ἐπεισφέρω.

ἐπ-εσχάριος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἐσχάρα) on the hearth.

ἐπ-ίσχηον, poet. aor. 2 of ἐπέχω.

ἐπ-ίσχον, -εσχόμεν, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἐπέχω.

ἐπέταξα, aor. 2 of τέμνω.

ἐπέταξα, ἐπετάχθην, aor. 2 act. and pass. of ἐπιτάσσω.

ἐπ-έτειος, ὄν, and ἐπ-έτεος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἔτος) annual, yearly, every year: changeable as the seasons. 2.

annual, lasting for a year.

ἐπετετάχατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἐπιτάσσω.

ἐπετήδευσα, aor. I of ἐπιτηδεύω.

ἐπέτης, ὄν, δ, (έπομαι) a follower, attendant.

ἐπ-ετήσιος, ὄν, = ἐπέτειος, from year to year, lasting the whole year.

ἐπέτον, Acol. for ἔπεσον, aor. 2 of πίπτω.

ἐπέτοσσα, a Dor. aor. I without any pres. in use, = ἐπέτυχε, fell in or met with; part. ἐπιτόσσαις = ἐπιτυχάν, having met with. (Origin uncertain.)

ἐπετρέπην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐπιτρέπω:—ἐπετρέπόμεν, ἐπετράπον, aor. 2 med. and act.

ἐπετράφθην, Ion. aor. I pass. of ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπέτύχον, aor. 2 of ἐπιτυγχάνω.

ἐπευ, Ion. for ἔπον, imperat. of ἐπομαι.

ἐπ-ευθύνω, to guide straight, direct.

ἐπ-ευρίσκω, Ion. for ἐφ-ευρίσκω.

ἐπ-ευφηνέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I -ευφημησα:—to about assent. II. c. acc. to accompany in singing: to sing in praise of.

ἐπ-εύχομαι, f. ἔξομαι, Dep. to pray to, make a vow: to pray or vow that: in bad sense, to pray a curse, imprecate upon. II. to exult or triumph over.

ἐπέφαντο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of φαίνω.

ἐπέφονεν, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of *φένω.

ἐπέφórβει, 3 sing. plqpf. of φέρβω.

ἐπέφρῆδον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of φράζω.

ἐπέφράσω, 2 sing. aor. I med. of ἐπιφράζω.

ἐπέφρακτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of φράσσω.

ἐπέφύκον, Ep. for ἐπεφύκεσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of φύω.

ἐπέφύθητο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of φυνάσκει.

ἐπεχευάμην, aor. I med. of ἐπιχέω.

ἐπέχθην, aor. I pass. of πέκο.

ἐπέχυντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. ο. ἐπιχέω.

ἐπ-έχω, fut. ἐφ-έξω: aor. 2 ἐπ-έσχον, inf. ἐπισχεῖν, poet. ἐπισχεθόν:—to have or hold upon or to, see ἐπώχωτο:—to hold, keep:—Pass. and Med. to keep bold of. II. to hold out, present, offer. III.

bold towards, to keep aiming at; τόξον σκοπῶ ἐπέ-
χειν to aim the bow at the mark; τί μοι δὴ ἐπέχεις;
why thus launch out against me? c. acc., ἐπέχειν
τοὺς Τεγεῖντας to front them, face them. 2. ἐπέ-
χειν (sc. τοὺς ὀφθαλμούς, τὸν νοῦν) to turn one's
eyes or mind to, to intend, purpose: to attend to, be
intent upon. IV. to keep in, hold back, check: to
stop or binder from. 2. intrans. (sub. εἰσόντων) to
stay, stop, wait, pause, and then to leave off doing:
c. gen. rei, to cease from. V. to reach or extend
over a space:—Pass. to be stretched, stretch oneself
out, lie at length. VI. to have power over, com-
mand: of a wind, to prevail, continue.

ἐπ-ηβάω, Ion. for ἐφ-ηβάω.
ἐπ-ήβολος, on, (ἐπί, βάλλω, with η inserted) having
won or gained a thing, Lat. compos: in bad sense,
νόστος ἐπήβολοι possessed by a disease. II. fitting
or belonging to.

ἐπ-ήγγαυον, aor. 2 of ἐπάγω.
ἐπ-ήγγελα, ἐπ-ήγγελα, aor. I and pf. of ἐπαγγέλλω.
ἐπ-ήγγεθην, aor. I pass. of ἐπεγγείρω.
ἐπ-ηγήκνιδες, αἱ, the long planks nailed along the
upright ribs (σταμίνας) of the ship: v. sub ἱκρία.

ἐπ-ηγορεύω or -έω, to say against, object to one.
ἐπ-ήην, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἐπειμι (εἰμι sup.).
ἐπ-ηγεῖνός, on, and ἡ, on, = ἐπένεος, but always
sed in a general sense, sufficient, abundant, plentiful;
πηγεταναὶ τρίχες thick, full fleeces.

ἐπ-ήην, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἐπειμι (εἰμι ibo), be went
after, followed upon: ἐπήϊσαν 3 plur.
ἐπ-ήϊσα, aor. I of ἐπαῖω.
ἐπ-ήϊσσαν, impf. of ἐπαῖσσω.

ἐπ-ήϊκαν, Ion. for ἐφ-, 3 pl. aor. I of ἐφίημι.
ἐπ-ήϊκος Dor. ἐπάϊκος, on, (ἐπακούω) listening or
giving ear to: with bearing.
ἐπ-ήϊκωσα, aor. I of ἐπακρίω.

ἐπ-ήϊκρόντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπακρόομαι.
ἐπ-ήϊλα, aor. I of πάλλω.
ἐπ-ήϊλθον, aor. 2 of ἐπέρχομαι.

ἐπ-ήϊλυνάω, (ἐπί, ἡλύνω) to overshadow: Med.,
φόβον ἐπ-ήϊλυνάσθαι to throw a shade over one's
own fear, disguise or conceal it.
ἐπ-ήϊλϋθον, Ep. for ἐπ-ήϊλθον, aor. 2 of ἐπέρχομαι.

ἐπ-ήϊλϋξ, ὕγιος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐπ-ήϊλυνάω) overshadowing; τὴν
πέτραν ἐπ-ήϊλυνγα λαβεῖν to take the rock as a shelter.
ἐπ-ήϊλϋξ, ὕγιος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐπ-ήϊλϋθον) one who comes to a
place: an incomer, stranger, foreigner.
ἐπ-ήϊλϋστία Ion. -ισ, ἡ, (ἐπ-ήϊλυνάω) a coming over:
a bewitching.

ἐπ-ήϊλυστος, εὖς, ἡ, an approach; assault.
ἐπ-ήϊλυντης, on, ὁ, = ἐπ-ήϊλυν. [ὑ]
ἐπ-ήϊμαξενμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπαμαξέω.
ἐπ-ήϊμοιβός, on, (ἐπαμειβό) in turn, alternate; χι-
τῶνες ἐπ-ήϊμοιβοί changes of raiment.

ἐπ-ήμω, f. ὥσω [ὑ], to bend or bow down.
ἐπ-ήν Ion. ἐπ-άν late Att. ἐπ-άν, Conjunct. (ἐπεί,
ἀν) whenever, Lat. quandocunque.

ἐπ-ήνιμος, on, (ἐπί, ἄνεμος) windy. 2. vain.
ἐπ-ήνιον, Ep. impf. of ἐπαινέω.

ἐπ-ήνισα Ep. ἐπ-ήνισα, aor. I of ἐπαινέω.
ἐπ-ήνισθαι, 3 sing. impf. of ἐπαινέω.

ἐπ-ήνωρθουν, impf. with double augm. of ἐπαγορθεῖν:
so, ἐπ-ήνωρθασα, -ώθην, aor. I act. and pass.; ἐπ-
ήνωρθωμαι, pf. pass.

ἐπ-ήξα, aor. I of πήγνυμι.
ἐπ-ήξωισα, aor. I of ἐπαξίω.

ἐπ-ήρνιος, on, (ἐπί, ῥάν) on the beach or shore.
ἐπ-ήρπειλῃσα, aor. I of ἐπαπειλέω.

ἐπ-ήρπύω, f. ὥσω [ὑ], to shout to, cheer on.
ἐπ-ήρπτος, on, (ἐπί, ἔρως) lovely, pleasant.

ἐπ-ήρεάω, f. σω, (ἐπ-ήρεια) to treat abusively: to
deal despitely with, oppose wantonly: absol. to be
insolent.

ἐπ-ήρεια, ἡ, wanton insult, contumely.
ἐπ-ήρεμέω, f. ἡσω, (ἐπί, ἡρεμος) to rest after.

ἐπ-ήρετμος, on, (ἐπί, ἔρεμος) at the oar, row-
ing. 2. equipped with oars.

ἐπ-ήρεφής, ἐς, (ἐπί, ἔρεφω) covering, shading. II.
pass. covered, sheltered.

ἐπ-ήρηθην, aor. I pass. of ἐπαίρω.
ἐπ-ήρκεσα, aor. I of ἐπαρκέω.

ἐπ-ήρσα, aor. I of ἐπαρρίσκω.
ἐπ-ήσαν, Ep. for ἐπήϊσαν, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπειμι
(εἰμι ibo).

ἐπ-ήρσειν, Ion. 3 pl. aor. I opt. of ἐφ-ήδομαι.
ἐπ-ήρσθιον, impf. of ἐπεσθίω.

ἐπ-ήρσθονην, aor. 2 of ἐπαρσθάνομαι.
ἐπ-ήρσκημι, pf. pass. of ἐπασκίω.

ἐπ-ήρτης, οὐ, ὁ, (ἔπος) affable, kind, gentle.
ἐπ-ήρτιάσω, 2 sing. aor. I of ἐπαρτιάομαι.

ἐπ-ήρτρίμος, on, (ἐπί, ἡρτριον) woven on or to: hence
close, dense, thronged.

ἐπ-ήρτς, ὅς, ἡ, (ἐπ-ήρτης) a ready address: generally,
courtesy, kindness.

ἐπ-ήρυνον, ἐπ-ήρυνόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἐπαυ-
ρίσκομαι.

ἐπ-ήρυχσα, aor. I of ἐπαυχέω.
ἐπ-ήρϋσα, aor. I of ἐπαρϋσσω.

ἐπ-ήρχέω, f. ἡσω, to resound, to reecho: to acceom-
pany in shouting.

ἐπί, PREP. WITH GEN., DAT., AND ACC. Radic. sense,
upon: A. WITH GEN., I. of rest at a place,
on, upon, at, by, near. 2. with the person. Pron.,

ἐφ' ὕμειν by yourselves, alone; ἐφ' ἑαυτοῦ, ἐφ' ἑαυτῶν
by himself, by themselves; τὸ ἐφ' ἑαυτῶν their own
interest only. 3. with Cardinal Numbers; ἐπὶ
τρίων, τεττάρων etc., by three or four, three deep or
in file; ἐπὶ κέρως in single file. 4. before, in pre-
sence of, Lat. coram. 5. over, of any one set over
a special business; οὐ ἐπὶ τῶν πραγμάτων those set
over the business. 6. motion towards a point;

πλεῖν ἐπὶ Χίου to sail for Chios; ἀπελαύνειν ἐπ' οἴκου

to go home-wards.

II. of Time, in or in the course of; ἐπ' εἰρήνης in time of peace.

III. of the Grounds on which a thing happens; ἐπ' μαρτυρίας on evidence; ἐλεῖν ἐπ' ὅρκου to speak on oath; ἐπ' οὖν on what ground.

B. WITH DAT., I. of Place; ἐπ' ἔργῳ on the spot; esp. where hostility is implied, ὀφθαλμοῖς or against.

II. of the Time in, on or at which a thing happens; ἐπ' νυκτί in the night; ἐπ' ἡματι τῷδε on this very day. 2. upon or after an event.

III. in addition, over and above, one on another.

IV. for an object or purpose, with a view to; ἐπ' δόρπῳ for supper; ἐπ' αἰσῶ ἀνθρώπων for mischief to man.

V. of the Ground of doing a thing; γελᾶν ἐπ' τινι to laugh at one; μέγα φρονεῖν ἐπ' τινι to be proud at or of a thing.

VI. of any condition upon which a thing happens; ἐπ' τούτῳ, ἐφ' ὅτε on condition, that...; more briefly, ἐφ' ὅ or ἐφ' ὅτε; ἐπ' οὐδενί on no condition; ἐπ' πᾶσι δικαίοις with strict justice; ἐπ' ἰσοῖς on reasonable terms.

C. WITH ACCUS., I. of Place; ἐκτείναντες ἐπ' ἐννέα κείτω πέλεθρα over nine acres he lay; κλέος πάντας ἐπ' ἀνθρώπους glory spread among all men.

2. motion towards or to a place; πλεῖν ἐπ' Αἴγυπτον: in hostile sense, upon, against:—metaph., ἐπ' ἔργα, ἐπ' ἰδὺν to labour, to an enterprise; esp. to gain or get something, for, after, in quest of; στέλλειν ἐπ' ἀγγελίην to send for tidings: rarely of persons, ἐπ' Ὀδυσσῆα ἦγε—hence also to denote a purpose, ἐπ' τί; for what? wherefore?

3. with Cardinal Numbers, ἐπ' ἀσπίδας πέντε καὶ εἰκοσιν eight-and-twenty deep or in file: with numbers, up to a certain number; nearly, about.

II. of Time, for or during a certain time; ἐπ' χρόνον for a time. 2. up to or till a certain time; ἐπ' ἡῶ till morning.

III. more generally, ἐπ' στάθμῳ by the line or rule; τὸ ἐπ' ἐμέ for me, as far as concerns me.

Ἐπι may follow its case, and then it is written ἐπι.

In Κομπος, ἐπί denotes rest at a place, as in ἐπ-εἰμι (εἰμί sum), ἐπι-βατεύω; or motion, esp. in a hostile sense, as in ἐπι-χειρέω, ἐπι-στρατεύω.

II. of Time, after, as in ἐπι-βίωω, ἐπι-βλαστάνω.

III. addition, accompaniment, as in ἐπί-κτητος, ἐπ-αυλῶ.

IV. a reciprocal action, as in ἐπ-εργασία, ἐπι-γαμία inter-marriage.

V. with Numerals, an integer and so much more, ἐπί-τριτος, one and a third, = $\frac{4}{3}$.

VI. to strengthen the Compar., as in ἐπι-μᾶλλον, ἐπι-πλέον, etc.

ἐπι, for ἐπεσσι, it is there, ready, at hand.

ἐπ-ιάλλω, f. -ιάλω: aor. -ἔηλα:—to send upon, lay upon: to bring to pass.

ἐπιτάλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of ἐπάλλομαι.

ἐπι-αυδάνω, poet. for ἐφανθ-, to please, gratify.

ἐπ-ταύω, to sleep among.

ἐπ-ιόχω [ᾶ], to about to, cheer: to about aloud.

ἐπι(βῆ), for ἐπιβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπι-βάδρα, ἡ, (ἐπιβαίνω) a ladder or steps to ascend

α: a scaling-ladder: a gangway.

ἐπιβαθρον, τό, (ἐπιβαίνω) a roosting-place, perch. II. (ἐπιβατήρ) a passenger's fare, Lat. nautium.

ἐπι-βαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα: aor. 2 ἐπέβην: aor. I med. ἐπεβήσάμην (Ion. 3 sing. ἐπεβήσεντο, imperat. ἐπιβήσεο): I. c. gen. to set foot on, tread or walk upon, to be or lie upon.

2. to get upon, mount: to arrive at, come to a place: metaph. to arrive at, reach unto; ἐπιβαίνειν εὐσεβίας to take one's stand on piety.

II. c. dat. to mount upon, get on board of:—also, to set upon, attack, assault.

III. c. acc. to light upon, Περιήν ἐπιβαίνειν, of gods descending upon it: to go to. 2. to attack, like ἐπέρχομαι. 3. ἐπιβαίνειν ἐπ' ἵππον to mount a horse.

IV. absol. to step forward or on, advance:—to get a footing.

B. Causal in act, fut. ἐπιβήσω, aor. I ἐπέβησα, to set one upon, make him mount: metaph. to bring to, make one arrive at. Cf. ἐπιβιβάζω.

ἐπι-βάλλω, fut. -βάλῶ: aor. 2 -έβαλον: I. to throw or cast upon: to put on: affix. 2. to lay on, apply: to lay on, impose, as a tax or fine.

3. to add: to add to, increase. II. intrans., ἐπιβάλλειν τινί (sub. εαυτόν), to throw oneself upon, go straight towards. 2. to fall upon: to attack.

3. (sub. νοῦν), to give one's attention to, think on, apply one's mind to; aor. 2 part. ἐπιβαλάν, absol. when he thought on it. 4. to fall to one, come to one's share: τὸ ἐπιβάλλον [sc. μέρος] one's proper portion; also impers. it falls to one to do a thing.

III. Med. to seize upon a thing, grasp at it. 2. to put upon oneself, put on: metaph. to take upon oneself, incur.

IV. Pass. to be placed upon; τοξόται ἐπιβεβλημένοι having their arrows on the string.

ἐπι-βιρέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐπί, βαρύς) to weigh heavily on. ἐπιβάς, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιβαίνειν.

ἐπιβήσους, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιβαίνω) a stepping upon or upwards. 2. metaph. a step or approach towards a thing; εἰς τινα ποιεῖσθαι ἐπιβασιν to make means of attacking one.

ἐπι-βάσσω, poet. Causal of ἐπι-βαίνω, κακῶν ἐπιβασέμεν βίας Ἀχαιῶν to lead them into misery.

ἐπι-βαστάζω, f. σω, to bear or weigh in the hand.

ἐπι-βτεύω, f. σω, to take one's stand upon, to lay claim to, usurp. II. to be an ἐπιβάτης, passenger or soldier. From

ἐπιβάτης [ᾶ], ου, δ, (ἐπιβαίνω) one who mounts or embarks; οἱ ἐπιβάται the soldiers on board a ship, the fighting men, as opp. to the rowers and seamen: a passenger. 2. the warrior in a chariot.

ἐπιβᾶτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐπιβαίνω) that can be climbed, accessible.

ἐπιβᾶς, as, ἡ, the day after the festival, Lat. repotia:—proverb., ἔρπειν πρὸς τραχείαν ἐπιβᾶν to come to a hard reckoning, on the day after the feast. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐπιβέβηκα, pf. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπιβέιομεν, Ep. I pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπιβήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπι-βήσσο, Ep. imperat. aor. 1 med. of ἐπιβαίνω.
ἐπι-βήσσο, Ep. for -ατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of ἐπι-
βαίνω.

ἐπι-βήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ἐπιβαίνω) one who mounts. II.
of male animals, e. g. a boar.

ἐπι-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of ἐπι-
βαίνω, to put one upon.

ἐπι-βίω, f. -βιώσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπεβίω:—to survive.

ἐπι-βλέπω, fut. ψομαι, later ψω, to look upon, look
at, regard. 2. to eye with envy, Cat. invidere.

ἐπιβλήμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιβάλλω) that which is thrown
on or over: a cover: a patch.

ἐπιβλήης, ἥτος, ὁ, (ἐπιβάλλω) a bolt or bar fixed in
or on a door.

ἐπι-βλώσσω, f. -μολοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐπέμολον:—to
come upon, befall.

ἐπι-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι Ion. -βώσομαι:—to call
upon or to, cry out to. 2. to utter or sing
aloud. 3. to cry out against. 4. to call upon,
invoke; call to aid:—so also in Med.

ἐπιβοήθεια, ἡ, a helping, coming to aid, succour.
From

ἐπι-βοητέω Ion. -βωτέω, to come to aid, succour.

ἐπιβόημα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιβοάω) a call-to one.

ἐπιβόητος Ion. -βωτος, ον, (ἐπιβοάω) cried out
against, ill spoken of.

ἐπιβολή, ἡ, (ἐπιβάλλω) a throwing or putting on;
ἐπιβολαὶ πλυνθων layers or courses of bricks. II.

an infliction, penalty. III. a setting upon a thing,
an attempt, enterprise: a hostile attempt.

ἐπι-βομβέω, f. ἦσω, to roar in answer.

ἐπι-βόσσω, f. -βοσκήσω, to feed cattle upon:—Med.
of cattle, to graze or feed upon.

ἐπι-βουκόλος, ὁ, an over-cowherd, herdsman.

ἐπιβούλευμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιβουλεύω) a plan against,
a plot, attempt, scheme.

ἐπιβουλευτής, οὔ, ὁ, one who plots against, a plot-
ter. From

ἐπι-βουλεύω, f. σω, to plan or contrive against one;
ἐπιβουλεύειν θανάτον τινι, c. dat. rei, to lay plots for,
to aim at:—Pass. to have snares laid for one. Hence

ἐπιβουλή, ἡ, a plan against another, a plot; ἐξ ἐπι-
βουλῆς by treachery.

ἐπι-βουλίς, ἡ, ἐπιβουλή.

ἐπι-βούλος, ον, (ἐπί, βουλή) plotting against,
treacherous.

ἐπι-βραδύνω, f. ὤνω, to loiter at a place.

ἐπι-βραχύ, Adv. for ἐπὶ βραχύ, for a short while.

ἐπι-βρέω, to make to roar:—Med. to roar. II.
intr. to roar or cry out to.

ἐπι-βριθής, ἐς, burdensome, grievous. From

ἐπι-βρίθω, f. ἴσω [ῖ], to be heavy upon, weigh
down. II. metaph. to press heavily.

ἐπιβρίστειαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 opt. of ἐπιβρίθω.

ἐπι-βρόντητος, ον, = ἐμ-βρόντητος, thunderstricken.

ἐπι-βρύω, f. ὕσω [ῦ]: to burst forth, as water: of
flowers, to sprout, burst forth.

ἐπι-βύω, f. ὕσω [ῦ], to stop, caulk tight.

ἐπι-βωθέω, Ion. for ἐπι-βοητέω.
ἐπι-βωμο-στάτης, f. ἦσω, (ἐπί, βωμός, στήναι) to
stand suppliant at the altar.

ἐπι-βώμος, ον, (ἐπί, βωμός) on or at the altar.

ἐπιβώσομαι, Ion. fut. of ἐπιβοάω.

ἐπι-βοστρέω, Ion. and Dor. for ἐπιβοάω, to shout
to, call upon, clamour for.

ἐπι-βωτος, Ion. for ἐπιβοήτος.

ἐπι-βώτωρ, ορος, ὁ, an over-shepherd, shepherd.

ἐπι-γαίος, ον, (ἐπί, γαῖα, = γῆ) upon the earth; τὰ
ἐπὶ γαῖα the parts on or near the ground.

ἐπι-γαμβρεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, γαμβρός) to marry a
widow as her husband's next of kin.

ἐπι-γάμιος, f. -γαμέσω Att. -γάμω:—to marry be-
sides; ἐπιγαμεῖν τέκνοις μητρὶν to marry and set a
stepmother over one's own children. Hence

ἐπι-γάμία, ἡ, an additional marriage. II. in-
termarriage, right of intermarriage, between states.

ἐπι-γάμος, ον, (ἐπί, γάμος) marriageable.

ἐπι-γαυρόμαι, Pass. to exult in.

ἐπι-γδοπέω, Ep. for ἐπι-δοπέω.

ἐπιγέγραμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπιγράφω.

ἐπι-γέλω, f. ἄσωμαι [ᾶ], (ἐπί, γέα = γῆ) on or of the earth.

ἐπι-γελῶ, f. ἄσωμαι [ᾶ], to laugh to or with, to
laugh in approval, to smile upon: absol. to laugh.

ἐπι-γεαίρω, to give honour to.

ἐπι-γεύομαι, Med. to taste of.

ἐπι-γηθῶ, f. ἦσω: pf. ἐπιγέγηθα:—to rejoice or
triumph over: to exult in.

ἐπι-γίγνομαι, fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 -εγενόμην:
pf. -γένεγον or in pass. form -γενένημαι:—to be born
after; ἔαρος ἐπιγίγνεται ὥρη the season of spring
comes next; of ἐπιγιγνόμενοι posterity; χρόνου ἐπι-
γιγνομένων as time was going on. 2. to come
upon, fall upon: in good sense, to follow, ensue
upon: also to fall upon, attack. 3. to happen after,
come to pass.

ἐπι-γινώσσω, fut. -γνώσομαι: aor. 2 -έγνω: pf.
-έγνωκα:—to look upon, observe. II. to recog-
nise: hence to find out, discover: to become con-
scious of, come to a sense of. III. to come to a
judgment, decide.

ἐπι-γίνομαι, ἐπὶ-γινώσκω, Ion. and in late Gr. for
ἐπιγίγν-.

ἐπι-γλωσσάομαι Att. -ττάομαι: fut. ἦσομαι:
Dep.: (ἐπί, γλῶσσα):—to vent reproaches against,
to upbraid.

ἐπι-γυαμπτός, ἡ, ὄν, curved, twisted. From

ἐπι-γνάμπτω, f. ψω, to curve, bend. II. me-
taph. to bow or bend, another to one's purpose.

ἐπιγνοῖν, aor. 2 opt. of ἐπιγινώσκω.

ἐπιγνοός, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιγινώσκω.

ἐπι-γνώμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐπί, γνώμη) deciding upon:
as Subst. an arbiter, judge. II. pardoning.

ἐπι-γνωρίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to make known, an-
nounce, signify.

ἐπιγνώσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιγινώσκω) full knowledge.

ἐπιγνώσσω, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἐπιγινώσκω.

ἐπίγονος, *ov*, (ἐπιγενέσθαι) *born after*: generally, *offspring, posterity*:—of Ἐπίγονοι, *the Afterborn*, sons of the chiefs who fell in the first war against Thebes.

ἐπιγυνίδιος, *ov, on*, *set upon the knee*. From ἐπι-γυνίς, *idos, ἡ*, (ἐπί, γύναιος, *Ion. gen. of γόνυ*) *the region above the knee, the thigh*.

ἐπιγράφην, *Adv.* (ἐπιγράφω) *scratching the surface, grazing*.

ἐπίγραμμα, *ας, τό*, (ἐπιγράφω) *an inscription, as of the name of the maker on a work of art, or of the dedicator on an offering*. 2. *an epigram, a poem of a few lines, mostly in Elegiacs*.

ἐπιγράφεός, *εως, ὁ*, (ἐπιγράφω) *an inscriber*: esp. at Athens a clerk who registered property, etc.

ἐπιγράφῃ, *ἡ*, (ἐπιγράφω) *an inscription*. II. at Athens, a registration of property.

ἐπιγράφω ἱ. *φω*; *pf.* -γέγραφα, *pass.* -γέγραμμαι:—*to mark the surface, graze*; ἐπιγράφαι κλῆρον *to put a mark on a lot*. II. later, *to write upon*, *inscribe*:—*Pass.*, of the inscription, *to be inscribed upon*.

III. *to enter in a public list or register*: esp. at Athens, *to register the citizens' property*: ἐπιγράφειν τίμημα *to lay the damages at so much*:—*Med.* *to register oneself*: but, προστάτην ἐπιγράφασθαι *to enter the name of a patron in the public register*, as all μέτοικοι at Athens were obliged to do. ἐπι-γράφος, *ov*, *somewhat booked*: *somewhat booked*.

ἐπι-δαίωμαι, *Dep.* (ἐπί, δαίω *ἔ*) *to distribute, offer*.

ἐπι-δαίσιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, δαίω *ἔ*) *assigned, allotted*.

ἐπι-δακρύω, *f. ὤσω* [ῶ], *to weep over or for*.

ἐπι-δάμος, *ov*, *Dor.* for ἐπι-δημος.

ἐπι-δαψιλεύωμαι, *f. σομαι*, *Dep.* *to lavish upon a person, give freely*.

ἐπιδέδωκα, *pf.* 2 of ἐπιτρέχω.

ἐπιδεής, *ἔς*, (ἐπιδέομαι) *in want of*: *deficient*: *Att.* *neut. pl.*, ἐπιδεῶ.

ἐπιδείγμα, *ας, τό*, (ἐπιδείκνυμι) *a specimen*: *a pattern, example, lesson*.

ἐπι-δελέως, *ov*, (ἐπί, δελῶ) *at, towards evening*; ἐπιδεῖλα, *neut. pl.* as *Adv.*, *towards evening*.

ἐπι-δείκνυμι and -ῶ, *f. -δείξω*; *aor.* I -έδειξα *Ion.* -έδεξα:—*to exhibit as a specimen or pattern*: *to shew forth, display, parade*:—*Med.* *to display oneself, shew oneself off*. 2. *to shew, point out*:—*to shew, prove, demonstrate*. Hence

ἐπιδεικτικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, *fit for display*; ἐπιδεικτικοὶ λόγοι *speeches for display, set orations, such as were frequent among the Athenian rhetoricians*.

ἐπιδεῖν, *aor.* 2 *inf.* of ἐπιδίδω.

ἐπιδείξαι, *aor.* I *inf.* of ἐπιδείκνυμι.

ἐπιδείξις *Ion.* ἐπιδέξις, *εως, ἡ*, (ἐπιδείκνυμι) *an exhibition, display*; ἐς ἐπιδείξιν τινας ἀπικέσθαι *to come within one's view, to his knowledge*.

ἐπι-δειπνέω, *f. ῥσω*, (ἐπιδειπνέω) *to eat after dinner*.

II. *to eat as a second course, eat as a dainty*.

ἐπι-δείπνιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, δείπνῳ) *at or after dinner*. ἐπι-δείπνῳ, *τό*, *an after-meal, second course or dessert*.

ἐπι-δέκατος, *η, ov*, *one and one tenth* $\frac{1}{10} = \frac{1}{10}$. II. *one in ten, a tenth, tithe*.

ἐπι-δémvιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, δέμνιον) *in or on the bed*.

ἐπι-δέξις, *ov*, *from left to right, towards the right*, used chiefly in *neut. pl.* ἐπιδέξια as *Adv.*, which therefore also means *auspiciously*. 2. = δέξιός, *on the right hand*; τὰπιδέξια *the right side*. II. of persons, *dexterous, skilful*.

ἐπι-δέξις, *Ion.* for ἐπιδείξις.

ἐπι-δέρκομαι, *Dep.* *to look upon, behold*.

ἐπι-δεσμεύω, *f. σω*, (ἐπί, δεσμός) *to bind up*.

ἐπι-δεσμός, *ὁ*, (ἐπί, δεσμός) *a band, bandage*.

ἐπιδεσμο-χάρης, *ἔς*, (ἐπιδεσμος, χαίρω) *bandage-loving, epith. of god*.

ἐπι-δεσπόζω, *f. οὔω*, *to be lord over*.

ἐπι-δευής, *ἔς*, *poët.* and *Ion.* for ἐπιδεής, *in need or want of, lacking*. II. *lacking, failing in a thing, c. gen.*, βίης ἐπιδευέας *failing in strength*; also a compar. in sense, βίης ἐπιδευέας Ὀδυσῆος *inferior to Ulysses in strength*: *absol.*, πολλὸν δ' ἐπιδευέας ἦμεν *far too weak were we*. From

ἐπι-δεύομαι, *poët.* for ἐπιδέομαι (ἐπιδέω *ἔ*) *to be in want of, to lack*: *to need the help of*. II. *to be lacking in a thing, fail in it*.

ἐπι-δεύω, *f. σω*, *to moisten on the surface*.

ἐπι-δέχομαι, *f. ξομαι*, *Dep.* *to admit besides or in addition*.

ἐπι-δέω (A), *f. -δήσω*, *to bind or fasten on*. II.

to bind up, bandage.

ἐπι-δέω (B), *f. -δήσω*, *to want or lack so much of a number*:—*impers.* ἐπιδεῖ, *there is need of besides*:—*Med.* *to be in want of*, cf. ἐπιδέομαι.

ἐπι-δηλος, *ov*, *quite evident, manifest*: *open*. 2. *distinguished*. II. *like, resembling*.

ἐπι-δημέω, *f. σω*, *to live among the people*. From ἐπιδήμω, *f. ῥσω*, (ἐπιδήμω) *to be at home, live at home*: *to sojourn among people, stay at a place*. II.

to come home, from foreign travel. Hence

ἐπιδημία, *ἡ*, *a staying at home, stay at a place*.

ἐπι-δήμιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, δημός) *among the people*: *dwelling at home*; πόλεμος ἐπιδήμιος *civil war*; ἐπιδήμιος ἔμποροι *native merchants*. II. *sojourning at a place*.

ἐπι-δημιουργοί, *ὡν, οἱ*, *magistrates sent annually by Doric states to their colonies*.

ἐπι-δήμιος, *ov*, = ἐπιδήμιος, *of the people, popular*.

ἐπι-διαβαίνω, *fut.* -βήσομαι, *to cross over besides or after another*.

ἐπι-διαγινώσκω *Ion.* -γινώσκω: *fut.* -γινώσομαι:—*to debate or decide afresh*.

ἐπι-διαίρω, *f. ῥσω*, *to divide over again*:—*Med.* of several, *to distribute among themselves*.

ἐπι-διαπλέω, *f. -πλεύσομαι*, *to sail across besides*.

ἐπι-διαρρήγνυμι, *f. -ρήξω*, *to tear asunder after*:—*Pass.* *to burst in consequence of a thing*.

ἐπι-διατάσσομαι, Med. to ordain or command besides.

ἐπι-διαφέρωμαι, Pass. to go across after.

ἐπι-διδάσκω, f. ἔω, to teach besides.

ἐπι-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give besides, give freely:

to give with, give in dowry.

II. ἐπιδίδουαι εαυτὸν τινι to give oneself up or devote oneself to a thing.

III. intr. to increase, advance; also to improve, prosper.

IV. Med., θεοὺς ἐπιδώμεθα let us give or take the gods as witnesses; cf. περιδίδωμι II.

ἐπι-εἰζήμαι, Dep. to seek or ask further: to seek for or demand besides.

ἐπι-εἰκάω, f. σω, to adjudge to one:—Med. of the claimant, to-sue for a thing at law, lay claim to. Hence

ἐπι-εἰκάσιμος, disputed at law: generally, much contested.

ἐπι-εἰνέω, f. ἦσω, to whirl or swing round, of one in act to throw:—Med. to turn over in one's mind, revolve:—Pass. to wheel about, as birds in the air;

ἐπιδινηθέντε, aor. I part. dual.

ἐπι-εὐορθῶ, f. ὦσω, to correct or set in order afterwards.

ἐπι-διπλοῖω or -οἰζω, (ἐπί, διπλός) to redouble.

ἐπι-διφρύς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, δίφρος) the rail in front of the chariot-board (δίφρος), the chariot-rail.

ἐπι-δίφρος, ov, (ἐπί, δίφρος) sitting on the car.

ἐπι-δίχαι, Adv. for ἐπὶ δίχα.

ἐπι-διώκω, f. ἔω, to pursue after: follow up:—as legal term, to prosecute again.

ἐπι-δοκέω, f. -δοκήσω and -δόξω, to expect.

ἐπι-δόντες, aor. 2 pl. nom. part. of ἐπεῖδον; but ἐπι-δόντες, of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπι-δοξος, ov, (ἐπί, δόξα) likely or expected to do a thing; ἐπιδοξος γενέσθαι likely to prove so: of things, likely, probable. II. well-known, illustrious.

ἐπι-δόρυπος, ov, (ἐπί, δόρυπον) for or of the banquet.

ἐπίδοσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιδίδωμι) a giving over and above: a voluntary contribution to the state. II. increase, growth, progress.

ἐπιδούναι, ἐπιδούς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπι-δουπέω, f. ἦσω, to make a noise or clashing.

ἐπιδοχή, ἡ, (ἐπιδέχομαι) reception of something new.

ἐπιδραμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιτρέχω; ἐπιδραμέτην, 3 dual indic.

ἐπιδρομή, ἡ, (ἐπιδραμεῖν) a running over. II. a sudden inroad, raid, or attack.

III. a place for ships to run to, a landing-place.

ἐπι-δρομος, ov, that may be run over or upon; τεῖχος ἐπιδρομον a wall that may be scaled.

ἐπι-δύω and -δύνω, f. ὦσω, to go down or set upon.

ἐπι-δώμεθα, I pl. aor. 2 med. subj. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπι-ιδών, part. of ἐπεῖδον.

ἐπιδόσω, fut. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπιείκεια, ἡ, (ἐπιεικής) likelihood, reasonable.

II. fairness, clemency: also natural mild-

ness. 2. equity, the spirit as opposed to the letter of the law.

ἐπι-εἰκέλος, ov, = εἰκέλος, like.

ἐπι-εἰκής, ἐς, (ἐπί, εἰκός) fitting, meet, suitable; ὡς ἐπιεικὲς as is meet; ὅν κ' ἐπιεικὲς ἀκούειν whatever [word] is meet for you to hear.

II. in Att. fair, reasonable: also plausible: of persons, fair, kind, moderate. 2. opp. to δίκαιος, not insisting on strict justice, equitable.

ἐπι-εικτός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἐπί, εἰκώ) yielding; οὐκ ἐπιεικτός that will never yield, unyielding; πένθος οὐκ ἐπιεικτὸν unceasing woe.

ἐπιεικῶς Ion. ἔως, Adv. of ἐπιεικής, fairly, tolerably, moderately. 2. probably, reasonably.

ἐπιειμένως, η, ov, Ion. for ἐφεμένως, pf. part. pass. of ἐπιέννυμι.

ἐπιεισάμενος, Ion. aor. I part. of ἐπειμι (εἰμι ἰδο).

ἐπιείσομαι, Ion. fut. of ἐπειμι (εἰμι ἰδο).

ἐπι-ἐλπομαι, poet. for ἐπέλπομαι. Hence

ἐπι-ἐλπτος, ov, to be hoped or expected.

ἐπι-έννυμι, Ion. for ἐφ-έννυμι; aor. I ἐπεί-εσα Ep.

ἐπεί-εσσα: pf. pass. ἐπεί-εσμαι or ἐπεί-εμαι:—to put on besides or over:—Pass., Ion. pf. part. ἐπιειμένως ἀλκήν, ἀναδείην clad in strength, shamelessness; χαλκὸν ἐπείεσται (3 sing. pf.) it was covered in brass, had brass upon it:—Med. to put on oneself besides: generally, to cover or shroud oneself in.

ἐπίεσσαι, I pl. aor. I of ἐπιέννυμι.

ἐπίεσται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐπιέννυμι.

ἐπι-ζάρεω, = ἐπιβαρέω.

ἐπι-ζάφελος, ov, (ἐπί, *ζάφελος from ζα-intens.) vehement, violent:—Adv. ἐπιζαφέλως (as if from ἐπι-ζαφελής), vehemently, furiously.

ἐπι-ζῶω, f. -ζήσω, to outlive, survive.

ἐπι-ζεύγνυμι and -ύνω, f. -ζεύξω, to join or fasten at top: generally, to tie together, bind fast. II. to yoke to.

ἐπι-ζεφύριος, ov, = sq., epith. of Italian Locri.

ἐπι-ζεφύριος, ov, lying towards the west.

ἐπι-ζέω, f. -ζέσω, to boil up or over; ἡ νεότης ἐπέ-ζεσέ μοι my youthful spirit boiled over. II. act. to make to boil, beat.

ἐπι-ζηλος, ov, subject to envy: fortunate, prosperous.

ἐπι-ζήμιος, ov, (ἐπί, ζημία) bringing loss or penalty upon, burdful. II. liable to punishment. Hence

ἐπι-ζημιώω, f. ὦσω, to punish.

ἐπι-ζητέω, f. ἦσω, to seek for, seek after, find wanting: to beat for game; οἱ ἐπιζητούντες the beaters.

ἐπι-ζώννυμι, f. -ζώσω, to bind or gird on: Pass., pf. part. πεφασμένοι, with their cloaks girt up.

ἐπι-ζώω, Ion. for ἐπιζῶω.

ἐπίηλα, aor. I of ἐπιάλλω.

ἐπ-ημι, Ion. for ἐφέμι.

ἐπιήνδανε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἐφάνδανω.

ἐπι-ήρα, τά, (ἐπί, ἡρα) things acceptable, pleasing gifts.

ἐπι-ήρανος, ov, (ἐπιήρα) pleasing. II. warding off, assisting, governing.

ἐπιῆρος, *ov*, only in neut. pl. ἐπιῆρα, *q. v.*
ἐπι-θάλαμιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, θάλαμος) belonging to a bridal chamber; τὸ ἐπιθαλάμιον (*sub. μέλος*), the nuptial song, *epithalamium*, sung in chorus before the bridal chamber.

ἐπι-θαλασσίδιος Att. -τιδίου, *ov*, = *sq.*
ἐπι-θαλάσσιος Att. -τιος, *a, ov*, (ἐπί, θάλασσα) lying on the sea-shore, maritime.

ἐπι-θνάτιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, θάνατος) condemned to death.

ἐπι-θνάτος, *ov*, sick to death, like to die.

ἐπι-θαροσύνη Att. -θαρρύνω, *f. ὤνω*, to cheer on.

ἐπι-θαυμάζω, *f. σω*, to pay respect to, to compliment with a fee (*Lat. honorarium*).

ἐπι-θειάζω, *f. άσω*, (ἐπί, θεός) to call upon in the name of the gods, to adjure. Hence

ἐπιθειασμός, *δ*, an appeal to the gods, adjuration.

ἐπι-θείην, -θείναι, *aor. 2 opt. and inf. of ἐπιτίθημι*.

ἐπιθεῖς, -θείσα, *aor. 2 part. of ἐπιτίθημι*.

ἐπι-θεῖτε, for -θείητε, *2 pl. aor. 2 opt. of ἐπιτίθημι*.

ἐπι-θεράπειν, *f. σω*, to court or serve studiously: to work zealously for.

ἐπι-θες, -θέτω, *aor. 2 imperat. of ἐπιτίθημι*.

ἐπιθεις, *ews, ἡ*, (ἐπιτίθημι) a laying on, imposition. II. (from Med.) a setting upon, attack.

ἐπι-θεσπίζω, *f. σω*, to prophesy upon.

ἐπιθετικός, *ἡ, δν*, (ἐπιτίθεμαι) ready to attack: enterprising.

ἐπι-θετος, *ov*, (ἐπιτίθημι) added, annexed: far-fetched, foreign. II. as Subst., ἐπιθετον, *τό*, an epithet.

ἐπι-θώ, *f. -θέσομαι*, to run upon or at: to run after, chase, pursue.

ἐπιθήκη, *ἡ*, (ἐπιτίθημι) an addition, accession: something given in or over in a bargain.

ἐπι-θημα, *ατος, τό*, (ἐπιτίθημι) anything put on, a cover, lid.

ἐπι-θοάζω, *f. σω*, to sit as a suppliant at an altar, to pray the gods for aid: cf. *θοάζω*.

ἐπιθορεῖν, *aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιθρόσκω*.

ἐπι-θορύβειν, *f. ἡσω*, to shout in token of approval.

ἐπι-θράσσω Att. -ττω, *contn for ἐπιταράσσω*.

ἐπι-θραύω, *f. σω*, to break besides.

ἐπιθρέξας, *aor. 1 part. of ἐπιτρέχω*.

ἐπι-θρώσκω, *f. -θορεύμαι*: *aor. 2 ἐπείθορον*:—to spring or leap upon, *c. gen.*; *c. dat.* to insult over: absol., τύσον ἐπιθρώσκουσι so far do they bound.

ἐπι-θυμέω, *f. ἡσω*, (ἐπί, θυμός) to set one's heart upon a thing, lust after, desire eagerly. Hence

ἐπιθυμία, *ατος, τό*, the object of desire; and

ἐπιθυμίασις, *ews, ἡ*, a longing desire; and

ἐπιθυμητής, *οὔ, δ*, one who desires: a lover; and

ἐπιθυμητικός, *ἡ, δν*, desiring, coveting. Adv. -κάς.

ἐπιθυμία, *ἡ*, (ἐπιθυμέω) a desire, yearning, longing: in bad sense, desire, lust.

ἐπι-θυμίαμα, *ατος, τό*, an incense-offering: from

ἐπι-θυμιάω, *f. άσω* [α], to offer incense.

ἐπι-θύνω, to aim straight at: to direct govern.

ἐπι-θύω, *f. -θύσω* [υ], to offer sacrifice upon or against—*to offer sacrifice, offer*.

ἐπι-θύω, *f. -θύσω* [υ], to rush eagerly at. 2. *c. inf.* to strive vehemently to do, desire or long to do, (*v. θύω B.*)

ἐπι-θωράκιζομαι, Med. to put on one's armour.

ἐπι-θωύσσω, *f. έω*, to shout or call out.

ἐπι-ιδμων, *ονος, δ*, = ἐπίστωρ.

ἐπι-ίζομαι, Ion. for ἐφέζομαι.

ἐπι-ιστωρ, *ορος, δ, ἡ*, acquainted with, knowing.

ἐπι-καθαιρέω, *f. ἡσω*, to pull down besides.

ἐπι-καθίζομαι, *f. -εδούμαι*, Pass. to sit down upon.

ἐπι-κάθημαι Ion. -κάττημαι, to sit upon: to press upon, be heavy upon. II. to sit down against a place, besiege it.

ἐπι-καθίξω, *f. έω*, to set upon. II. intr. to sit upon.

ἐπι-καινώ, *f. άσω*, to innovate upon.

ἐπι-καίριος, *ov*, (ἐπί, καιρός) in due season, seasonable, opportune: important, critical; of επικαίριοι εἰς chief persons.

ἐπι-καίρος, *ov*, = επικαίριος: *c. gen.* fit, proper, convenient for a thing.

ἐπι καίω Att. -κάω: *f. κούσω*:—to light or kindle on a place: to burn on an altar.

ἐπι-καλέω, *f. έω*, to call on, appeal to, adjure. II. to call in addition, give a surname to:—Pass. to be called by surname. III. to bring an accusation against, to lay to one's charge. IV. Med. to call to oneself, call to aid: generally, to invite: also to challenge, *Lat. provocare*. 2. to summon before one.

ἐπικάλυμμα, *ατος, τό*, a cover, covering: a veil, cloak, means of hiding. From

ἐπι-καλύπτω, *f. ψω*, to cover up, shroud, hide. II. to put over. Hence

ἐπικάλυψις, *ews, ἡ*, a covering, concealment.

ἐπικαμπή, *ἡ*, (ἐπικάμπω) a bend: the angle of a building; ἐπικαμπὴν ποιεῖσθαι to draw up the wings so as to form angles with the centre.

ἐπικαμπής, *ές*, curved, curling. From

ἐπικάμπω, *f. ψω*, to bend into an angle:—Pass. to wheel round the wings, so as to take the enemy in flank.

ἐπι-καμπύλος, *ov*, bent forward.

ἐπι-κάρ, (ἐπί, κάρα) Adv. head-foremost.

ἐπι-κάροτος, *α, ov*, (ἐπικάρ) properly on the head, head forwards. II. opp. to ὀρθιος, crosswise, at an angle; τὰ ἐπικάροια the country measured along the coast, opp. to τὰ ἑξῆς (measured inwards at right angles to the coast): *c. gen.*, τριήρεις τοῦ Πόντου ἐπικάροια triremes for τριῆς an angle with the current of the Pontus.

ἐπι-καταβαίνω, *f. -βήσομαι*, to go down to or upon a place. II. to go down after or against.

ἐπι-καταβάλλω, *f. -βάλλω*, to let fall down.

ἐπι-κατάγω, to bring down to land besides:—Pass. to come to land with or afterwards.

ἐπι-καταδαρβάνω, *f. -δαρβήσομαι* *aor. 2 -εδαρθον*:—to fall asleep at or upon.

ἐπι-κατακλύζω, f. -ύσω, to overflow besides.
 ἐπι-κατακοιμάομαι, Dep. to sleep at or upon a place.
 ἐπι-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήφωμαι, to catch up, overtake.
 ἐπι-καταμένω, f. -μενῶ, to stay yet longer.
 ἐπι-καταπίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι, to throw oneself upon.
 ἐπι-κατάρθω, ov, yet more accursed.
 ἐπι-καταρρίπτω and -τω, to throw down after or upon.
 ἐπι-κατασφάζω and -ττω, f. ξω, to slay upon or over.
 ἐπι-καταψεύδομαι, Dep. to tell lies in addition.
 ἐπικατ(ιδ)άρθω, aor. 2 of ἐπικαταδάρθω.
 ἐπι-κατείδω, inf. -κατιδεῖν, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, to look down upon: cf. εἶδον.
 ἐπι-κάτεμι, inf. -κατιέναι, to go down upon or into.
 ἐπι-κατέχω, f. -καθέξω, to detain still.
 ἐπι-καυτός, ov, (ἐπικαῖος) burnt at the end, Lat. *praecustus*.
 ἐπι-καύω, Att. for ἐπι-καίω. [α]
 ἐπί-κειμαι, inf. -κείσθαι, serving as Pass. of ἐπιτίθημι, to be laid upon; of gates, to be put to or closed. 2. generally, to be set on or in: to lie over against; αἱ ἐπικείμεναι νῆσοι the islands off the coast. 3. to hang over, impend. II. to press heavily upon: to press upon, be urgent. III. of penalties, to be laid on, imposed. IV. to have on one.
 ἐπι-κείρω, f. -κερώ Ep. -κέρσω:—to cut down, ποιῶ down. II. metaph. to cut short, baffle.
 ἐπικεκλόμην, aor. 2 of ἐπικέλωμαι.
 ἐπικεκλιμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπικλίνω.
 ἐπι-κελαδέω, f. ἤσω, to shout in applause, to cheer.
 ἐπικέλευσις, ew, ἡ, cheering, exhortation.
 ἐπι-κελεύω, also in Med. ἐπι-κελεύομαι, to exhort and encourage, cheer on.
 ἐπι-κέλλω, fut. -κέλσω: aor. I ἐπέκελσα:—to run aground or ashore, of ships. 2. intrans. to come to land, come ashore.
 ἐπι-κέλωμαι, Dep. to call to or upon, invoke.
 ἐπι-κεντρίζω, f. σω, to apply the spur.
 ἐπι-κεράννυμι, f. -κεράσω [α]: aor. I ἐπεκέρῃσα Ep. -έκρησα:—to mix in, pour in again.
 ἐπι-κέρδιω, aw, τά, (ἐπί, κέρδος) profit on traffic.
 ἐπι-κερτομέω, f. ἤσω, to jeer at, insult, tease.
 ἐπικέσθαι, Ion. aor. 2 impf. of ἐφικνέομαι.
 ἐπι-κέυθω, f. σω, to conceal, bide; οὐ σ' ἐπικεύσω I will not bide it from thee.
 ἐπι-κῆθεος, ov, (ἐπί, κῆδος) of or at a burial.
 ἐπικηρυκία, ἡ, (ἐπικηρυκέομαι) the sending a herald or embassy to treat for peace.
 ἐπικηρύκευμα, atos, τό, a message or demand by herald. From
 ἐπι-κηρύκεομαι, Dep. to send a message by a herald: to make proposals for a treaty: generally, to proclaim publicly.
 ἐπι-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω:—to announce, proclaim; ἀργύριον ἐπικηρύσσαι τινι or ἐπὶ τινι to set a price on his head: hence to proscribe.
 ἐπι-κίδνημι, to spread over:—Pass. ἐπικιδνῆμαι, to

be extended, spread over; ὅσον τ' ἐπικιδνῆται ἡμέρα as the morning light is spread.—Only used in pres.
 ἐπι-κινδύνος, ov, in danger, precarious, insecure. II. dangerous. Adv. -νως.
 ἐπι-κίρνημι, poet. and Ion. for ἐπικεράννυμι.
 ἐπι-κλάζω, f. -κλάζω, to send forth a sound in answer.
 ἐπι-κλαῖω Att. -κλαῖω: f. -κλαύσομαι:—to weep upon or responsively. Hence
 ἐπικλαυτός, ov, tearful.
 ἐπι-κλάω, f. ἄσω [α], to bend towards:—Pass. to be bent or broken in spirit, Lat. *frangi animo*.
 ἐπι-κλάω, Att. for ἐπικλαῖω. [α]
 ἐπι-κλείης, ew, (ἐπί, κλέος) famous.
 ἐπι-κλείω (A), f. -κλείσω, to shut up, close.
 ἐπι-κλείω (B), (ἐπί, κλέος) to extol or praise the more.
 ἐπι-κλήζω contr. -κλήξω, Ion. for ἐπι-κλείω (B).
 ἐπικλήμα, atos, τό, (ἐπικλήμα) an accusation.
 ἐπί-κλην, Adv. (ἐπικαλέω) by surname or name.
 ἐπί-κληρος, ov, succeeding to a patrimony: as Subst., ἐπικληρος, ἡ, an only daughter and heiress, who must by law marry her next of kin.
 ἐπι-κληρόω, f. ὠσω, to assign by lot.
 ἐπικλησις, ew, ἡ, (ἐπικαλέω) a surname or additional name, and generally, a name:—absol. acc. ἐπικλησιν by surname, by name; but also in name only, nominally. II. a reproach, imputation.
 ἐπικλήτος, ov, (ἐπικαλέω) called upon, called in as allies. 2. specially summoned.
 ἐπι-κλίνῃαι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐπικλίνω.
 ἐπικλίνις, ew, (ἐπικλινῆναι) sloping, slanting.
 ἐπί-κλιντρον, τό, a thing to lean on: a couch, armchair. From
 ἐπι-κλίνω [f]: f. -κλινῶ: pf. pass. -κέκλυμαι:—to lay upon so as to fit to:—Pass. to be put to; ἐπικεκλιμένα σάνδες closed doors. II. to bend towards:—Pass. to be inclined at an angle: pf. part. pass. ἐπικεκλιμένος sloping, oblique. III. Pass. to lie over against. 2. to recline at table.
 ἐπι-κλονέω, f. ἤσω, to stir up to commotion.
 ἐπι-κλοπος, ov, (ἐπί, κλοπή) given to stealing, (bivivē, wily: c. gen., ἐπικλοπος μύθων cunning in speech.
 ἐπι-κλύω, f. ὠσω, to overflow, flood: metaph. to overwhelm, ruin. Hence
 ἐπικλύσις, ew, ἡ, an overflow, flood.
 ἐπι-κλύω, to listen to, hear.
 ἐπι-κλύθω, f. ὠσω, to spin to one, assign to one as one's destiny, of the Fates:—so also in Med.
 ἐπι-κνάμπτω, Att. for ἐπι-γνάμπω.
 ἐπι-κνάω, inf. -κνήν, to scrape or grate upon a thing.
 ἐπι-κνέομαι, Ion. for ἐφ-κνέομαι.
 ἐπι-κοιμάομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to fall asleep over.
 ἐπί-κοινος, ov, (ἐπί, κοινός) common to many, promiscuous: neut. pl. ἐπίκοινα as Adv. in common.
 ἐπι-κοινωνέω, f. ἤσω, to communicate with. 2. to share in common with.

ἐπι-κομπάζω, *f. σω*, to boast besides, add boasting: to boast or exult in a thing.

ἐπι-κομπέω, *f. ἦσω*, to add boasting: to boast of. ἐπίκοπος, *ον*, (ἐπικόπτω) cut short, lopped.

ἐπι-κόπτω, *f. ψω*, to strike upon, to knock down:—Med. to smite one's breast and wail for another, Lat. *plangi*.

ἐπικός, *ή, όν*, (ἐπος) Epic, of Epic poetry: οἱ ἐπικοί the epic poets.

ἐπι-κοσμέω, *f. ἦσω*, to adorn with: to celebrate.

ἐπί-κοτος, *ον*, angry, vengeful: malicious, malignant.

Ἐπικούρειος, *ον, ό*, (Ἐπίκουρος) an Epicurean, a follower of the sect of Epicurus.

ἐπικουρέω, *f. ἦσω*, (ἐπίκουρος) to come to aid, to help in war: generally, to help at need; c. dat. rei, νόσους ἐπικουρεῖν to aid one against them; ἐπικουρεῖν τινί τι to keep off from one. Hence

ἐπικούρημα, *ατος, τό*, help, protection; and

ἐπικούρησις, *εως, ή, αιδ*, protection.

ἐπικουρία, *ή*, (ἐπικουρέω) a defence or protection against aid, succour, assistance. II. an auxiliary or allied force.

ἐπικουρικός, *ή, όν*, auxiliary, allied.

ἐπί-κουρος, *ον*, (ἐπί, κύριος) helping, aiding, assisting: as Subst. an ally:—οἱ ἐπικούροι the auxiliaries or mercenary troops, opp. to the national army.

ἐπι-κουφίζω, *f. ἴσω* Att. ἴω, to lighten: to relieve of a burden. II. to lift up, support. 2. metaph.

to lift up, encourage: in bad sense, to puff up, elate. ἐπι-κράζω, *f. ζω*, to shout or or at.

ἐπι-κραίνω Ep. —κραίναω *f. —κράνω*: aor. I ἐπ-έκρανα Ep. —έκρηνα, —έκρηνα: —to bring to pass, accomplish, fulfil: νῦν μοι τόδ' ἐπικρήνον ἐλέδωσ' grant me now this prayer, fulfil it: generally, to achieve, effect.

ἐπί-κράνον, *τό*, (ἐπί, κράνον) a covering for the head, a head-dress. II. the capital of a column.

ἐπικράτεια, *ή*, (ἐπικράτης) mastery, dominion.

a government, dominion, province.

ἐπι-κράτew, *f. ἦσω*, to rule over, govern, c. dat.: absol. to have power. 2. to prevail over: to get possession of, Lat. *potiri*, c. gen.:—absol. to prevail, conquer.

ἐπικρατέως, overbearingly, impetuously: Adv. of ἐπι-κράτης, *ές*, (ἐπί, κράτος) having control or mastery over a thing: Comp. ἐπικρατέστερος, superior.

ἐπικράτης, *εως, ή*, (ἐπικρατέω) a conquest.

ἐπι-κρεμάννυμι, *ατος, ή*, (ἐπικρεμάννυμι) overhanging.

ἐπικρήνον, Ep. aor. I imperat. of ἐπικραίνω.

ἐπικρήνεις, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἐπικραίνω.

ἐπικρήσαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of ἐπικρεμάννυμι.

ἐπι-κρίνω, *f. —κρίνω*, to give judgment upon, decide, determine.

ἐπι-κρίον, *τό*, (ἐπί, κρίον) the sailyard upon a ship's mast.

ἐπι-κροτέω, *f. ἦσω*, to rattle on or over.

ἐπί-κροτος, *ον*, trodden hard, beaten.

ἐπι-κρούω, *f. σω*, to hammer upon or in. II. to strike or smite upon.

ἐπι-κρύπτω, *f. ψω*: aor. 2 —έκρύφον:—to *πρω* & covering over:—Med. to disguise:—Pass. to conceal or disguise oneself. Hence

ἐπί-κρύφος, *ον*, bidden, secret.

ἐπι-κράω, *f. σω*, to caw or croak at one.

ἐπι-κτάσμαι, *f. —ήσομαι*, Dep. to gain, win besides: ἐπικτάσθαι ἀρχήν to gain additional territory.

ἐπι-κτείνω, *f. —κτενῶ*, to kill besides: ἐπικτείνειν τος θανόντα to slay the slain anew.

ἐπικτήσις, *εως, ή*, (ἐπικτάσμαι) fresh gain.

ἐπικτήσις, *ον*, (ἐπικτάσμαι) gained besides or in addition: ἐπικτήτη γή acquired land, as the Delta or Egypt: ἐπικτήτη a new or foreign wife: ἐπικτήτη φίλοι newly acquired friends.

ἐπι-κτύπεω, *f. ἦσω*, to make a noise upon: ἐπικτυπεῖν τοῦν ποδῶν to stamp with the feet: to resound with.

ἐπι-κυδής, *ές*, (ἐπί, κύδος) glorious: brilliant.

ἐπι-κύσσω, to impregnate again:—Pass. to become doubly pregnant.

ἐπι-κυκλέω, *f. ἦσω*, to come round in turn to.

ἐπι-κυλινδέω, *f. —κυλίω* [Ὶ]: aor. I —έκυλίσα:—Pass., aor. I —έκυλίσθην:—to roll down upon.

ἐπι-κυμαίνω, to flow in waves over.

ἐπι-κύπτω, *f. ψω*, to bend oneself over, to stoop down.

ἐπι-κύρω and —κύρω: *f. —κυρήσω* and —κύρωσai: aor. I —έκυρήσα and —έκυρσα: to fall or light upon, fall in with: c. gen. to have a share of, partake in.

ἐπι-κύρω, *f. ὥσω*, (ἐπί, κύρος) to confirm, ratify: to determine.

ἐπικύρσας, aor. I part. of ἐπικυρέω.

ἐπί-κυρτος, *ον*, (ἐπί, κυρτός) humped-backed. Hence ἐπι-κυρτώ, *f. ὥσω*, to bend forward.

ἐπι-κυψέλιος, *ον*, (ἐπί, κυψέλη) guarding bee-hives ἐπι-κυκύω, *f. ὥσω* [Ὶ], to lament over.

ἐπικώλυσις, *εως, ή*, a hinderance. From

ἐπι-κωλύω, *f. ὥσω* [Ὶ], to hinder, keep in check.

ἐπι-κομάζω, *f. ὥσω*, to make a riotous assault upon.

ἐπι-κόμιος, *ατος, όν*, (ἐπί, κόμος) of or for a festa procession. 2. laudatory.

ἐπί-κωπος, *ον*, (ἐπί, κώπη) at the oar, a rower. 2 of a weapon, up to the very hilt.

ἐπιλάβεσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

ἐπιλάβη, *ή*, (ἐπιλαμβάνω) a taking bold, grasping a handle.

ἐπιλάβόμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

ἐπι-λαγχάνω, *f. —λήξομαι*, to receive by lot after wards. II. to fall to one by lot, come afterwards.

ἐπι-λάβημαι, Dep. to lay bold of, bold tight.

ἐπιλάβεσθαι, ἐπιλάβωμαι, aor. 2 med. inf. and subj. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

ἐπι-λαμβάνω, *f. —λήψομαι*: aor. 2 ἐπέλαβον: pf. —έληφα:—to lay bold of, seize, attack. 2. to overtake, interrupt: νυκτός ἐπιλαβούσης τὸ ἔργον. 3. to attain to, reach, over-live. 4. to seize and stop;

ἐπιλαμβάνειν τῇ ὁπίσω ὁδοῦ to binder from getting back.
 II. metaphr., πολλὸν χῶρον ἐπιλαβεῖν to get over much ground.
 B. Med., with pf. pass. ἐπιέλμμαι, to bold oneself on by, lay bold of; ἐπιλαμβάνειν προφάσιος to lay bold of a pretext.
 2. to attack:—to seize upon, arrest:—to get possession of, obtain: to come up to, reach. Hence
 ἐπιλαμπτος, ον, Ion. for ἐπιληπτος, caught, detected.
 ἐπι-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine after or upon; ἐπιλαμψάσθης ἡμέρας when day had dawned.
 ἐπι-λανθάνω, aor. 2 ἐπέλθον, to escape notice, be hidden.
 II. ἐπιληθάνω, f. -λήσω, aor. 1 -έλησα: Causal, to make to forget.
 III. Med. ἐπιλανθάνομαι, fut. -λήσομαι, with pf. 2 act. -λέληθα, and pf. pass. -λέλησμαι, to forget; ὀφείλων ἐπιλέληθα I forgot that I owed:—Pass., aor. 1 -ελήσθην, to be forgotten.
 ἐπί-λαῖος, εως, ἡ, Dor. for ἐπίλησις.
 ἐπι-λαεῖναι, f. -λαεῖναι, to smooth over; aor. 1 part, ἐπιλέηναι τὴν ἑξέρω γνώμην having smoothed over the opinion of Xerxes, i. e. making it plausible.
 ἐπι-λέγω, f. εἶω, to say in addition, to add further.
 2. to call by name.
 II. to choose, pick out, select: so also in Med.:—Pass., ἐπιλελεγμένοι or ἐπιλελεγμένοι -βosen men.
 III. in Med. also, to read.
 2. to think over, consider.
 ἐπι-λέβω, f. ψω, to pour upon, make a libation over.
 ἐπι-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἐπέλιπον: pf. τιτέλοιπα: Pass., 3 sing. plqf. ἐπελείπειτο:—to leave behind me.
 II. to fail one, like Lat. deficere; ὕδαρ μιν ἐπέλιπε the water failed him; ἐπιλείπει με ὁ χρόνος time fails me: of rivers, ἐπιλείπειν τὸ ρέεθρον, to have their stream failing, to be dried up; and so without ρέεθρον, to fail: absol. to fail, lack, be wanting. Hence
 ἐπιλείψις, εως, ἡ, failure, lack.
 ἐπιλεκτος, ον, (ἐπιλέγω) chosen, picked; οἱ ἐπιλεκτοὶ picked soldiers.
 ἐπιλέλθωμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπιλανθάνω.
 ἐπι-λέπω, f. ψω, to peel, strip of its bark.
 ἐπι-λεύσσω, to look towards, see before one.
 ἐπι-ληθός, see ἐπιλανθάνω II.
 ἐπιλήθος, ον, (ἐπιλανθάνω) causing forgetfulness.
 ἐπι-λήθομαι, poet. for ἐπιλανθάνομαι, to forget.
 ἐπι-ληΐς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, λεία) obtained as plunder.
 ἐπι-ληκέω, f. ἦσω, to shout in applause.
 ἐπι-ληνιος, ον, (ἐπί, ληνύς) of a winevat. or the vintage.
 ἐπιληπτος, ον, (ἐπιλαμβάνω) caught, detected.
 ἐπιλησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιλανθάνω) forgetfulness.
 ἐπιλησμονή, ἡ, (ἐπιλανθάνομαι) forgetfulness.
 ἐπιλησμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐπιλανθάνομαι) forgetful, having a bad memory:—Comp. ἐπιλησμονέστερος: ἵππερ. Sup. ἐπιλησμονότατος.
 ἐπιλήσομαι, fut. med. of ἐπιλανθάνω.
 ἐπιλήψις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιλαμβάνω) a laying bold of, seizure: a finding fault.
 ἐπι-λίγδην, Adv. grazing, scratching.

ἐπι-λιμνάζομαι, Pass. to be flooded.
 ἐπι-λινευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἐπί, λινεύω) one who uses nets, a fisherman or hunter.
 ἐπι-λλίξω, (ἐπί, ἔλλω, ο wink with the eyes, to make signs by winking.
 ἐπι-λογίζομαι: fut. ἴσομαι Att. ἰοῦμαι: aor. 1 -ελογισάμην and -ελογίσθην: pf. -λελόγισμαι: Dep.:—to reckon over, think on, consider: to make account of.
 ἐπίλογος, ὁ, (ἐπιλέγω) a conclusion, inference.
 II. the concluding speech of a play, epilogue: the peroration of a speech.
 ἐπί-λογχος, ον, (ἐπί, λόγχη) barbed.
 ἐπίλοιπος, ον, (ἐπιλείπω) still left, remaining: of Time, to come, future.
 ἐπί-λουτρον, τό, the price of a bath.
 ἐπι-λύπew, f. ἦσω, to trouble, grieve besides. Hence ἐπιλύπτα, ἡ, trouble, grief.
 ἐπι-λύπος, ον, (ἐπί, λύπη) troubled, grieved.
 ἐπι-λύω, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιλύω) a release.
 ἐπι-λύω, f. ὕσω, to loose, untie: to let slip dogs: generally, to release.
 2. to solve, explain.
 ἐπι-λωβεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, λώβη) to mock at.
 ἐπι-μάζιος, ον, (ἐπί, μαζίς) at the breast.
 ἐπι-μαίνομαι, Pass., with aor. 2 -εμάνην [ᾱ], aor. 1 med. -εμνήμην, pf. act. -μέμνηναι:—to be mad after, dote upon: to be passionately in love with.
 ἐπι-μαίομαι, fut. -μάσομαι Ep. -μύσομαι: Ep. aor. 1 -εμασσάμην: Dep.:—to strive after, endeavour to obtain, aim at.
 II. c. acc. to lay bold of, grasp: also to touch, feel.
 ἐπι-μᾶλλον, Adv. for ἐπὶ μᾶλλον, still more.
 ἐπιμανδάλων, τό, (ἐπί, μανδαλίω) a wanton kiss.
 ἐπι-μανθάνω, f. -μᾶθήσομαι, to learn besides or after.
 ἐπι-μαρτυρέω, f. ἦσω, to bear witness or depose to a thing. Hence
 ἐπιμαρτύρια, ἡ, a witness, testimony
 ἐπι-μαρτύρομαι, Dep. to take to witness, to call on as witness, appeal to: absol. to call witnesses, call in evidence.
 2. to call on earnestly, to conjure, Lat. obtestari.
 3. to declare before witnesses. Hence
 ἐπιμαρτύρος, ὁ, a witness to anything.
 ἐπι-μάρτυς, gen. -ῦρος, ὁ, = ἐπιμαρτύρος.
 ἐπιμάσσομαι, Ep. fut. of ἐπιμαίομαι.
 ἐπι-μάσσω, f. εἶω, to knead again:—Med. to stroke.
 ἐπι-μαστίδιος, ον, (ἐπί, μαστίς) at the breast.
 ἐπίμαστος, ον, (ἐπιμαίομαι) seeking after or for.
 ἐπιμαχέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐπιμαχος) to fight for one. Hence
 ἐπιμαχία, ἡ, a defensive alliance.
 ἐπί-μάχος, ον, (ἐπί, μάχομαι) that may easily be attacked, assailable, open to attack.
 ἐπιμειδία, f. ᾱω [ᾱ], and -μειδῶ, f. ἦσω:—to smile at or upon.
 ἐπιμεῖναι, aor. 1 inf. of ἐπιμένομαι.
 ἐπιμέλεια, ἡ, (ἐπιμελής) care, attention, diligence; ἐπιμέλεια νινος attention paid to a thing.
 ἐπι-μελέομαι and ἐπι-μέλομαι: Dep. with fut. med. -μελήσομαι, aor. 1 -εμελησάμην; also with fut. pass. -μεληθήσομαι, aor. 1 -εμελήθην: (ἐπί, μέλομαι):—

to take care of, have charge of: to have the management of: to pay attention to, cultivate, c. gen.: also c. acc. et inf. to take care that. Hence

ἐπιμέλημα, atos, τό, an object of care, a care.

ἐπι-μελής, ἐς, (ἐπί, μέλωμαι) caring for, anxious about: absol. careful. attentive. II. pass. cared for, an object of care: esp. in neut. as, ἐπιμελές τῷ Κύρῳ ἐγένετο it was a care to Cyrus; ἐπιμελές μοί ἐστι I have to care for it; τὸ ἐπιμελές τοῦ δρωμένου the charge of the execution of orders.

ἐπιμελητήιον, verb. Adj. of ἐπιμελέομαι, one must take care of, pay attention to a thing.

ἐπιμελητής, οὗ, ὁ, (ἐπιμελέομαι) one who is in charge, a manager, overseer, superintendent.

ἐπι-μέλωμαι, Dep. — ἐπιμελόμαι.

ἐπι-μέλω, f. ψω, to sing to.

ἐπιμελῶς, Adv. of ἐπιμελής, carefully.

ἐπιμύνημαι, pf. pass. of ἐπιμνησκόω.

ἐπι-μέμονα, Ion. and poet. pf. 2 with pres. sense, to aim at, desire.

ἐπι-μέμφομαι, f. ψομαι, Dep. to impute to one as matter of blame, to object against one as matter of blame: c. dat. pers. to blame: absol. to find fault, complain. Hence

ἐπιμέμψις, εως, ἡ, blame, complaint.

ἐπι-μένω, fut. -μενῶ: aor. I ἐπέμεινα:—to stay on, to abide still. 2. to continue in a pursuit 3. to abide by. II. to wait for, await, c. acc.

ἐπι-μεταπέμπομαι, Med. to send for besides, send for a reinforcement.

ἐπι-μετρέω, f. ἤω, to measure out to, assign to:—Pass. ὃ ἐπιμετρούμενος οἶτος the corn measured out. II. to measure out or pay in addition.

ἐπι-μετρον, τό, something added to the measure, excess.

ἐπι-μήδομαι, Dep. to devise or concert against.

Ἐπι-μηθεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἐπί, μήδοσ) Epimetheus, i. e. After-thought, brother of Prometheus or Fore-thought.

ἐπι-μηθής, ἐς, (ἐπί, μήδοσ)—thoughtful.

Ἐπι-μηλίδες, ἰδων, αἱ, (ἐπί, μήλα) Nymphs protectors of flocks.

ἐπι-μήνηος, on, (ἐπί, μήν) monthly: τὰ ἐπιμήνια (pub. ἱερά) monthly offerings.

ἐπι-μηνίω, f. ἰω [I], to be angry at or with.

ἐπι-μηχανόομαι, Dep. to contrive against: to devise precautions. II. to devise besides.

ἐπι-μηχάνος, on, (ἐπί, μηχανή) craftily devising; παλὼν ἐπιμηχανὸς ἔργων contriver of ill deeds.

ἐπι-μύνημι and -νύω, fut. -μύνω:—to mix in or with:—Pass. ἐπιμύνημι, to mingle with, to have intercourse or dealings with.

ἐπι-μνησκόω, I. -μνήσκω, to put in mind of. II. Pass. and Med. ἐπι-μνησκόμαι, fut. -μνήσομαι and -μνησθήσομαι; aor. I —ἐμνησάμην and —ἐμνήσθην:—to remember, recall to mind, think of: ἐπιμνησάμεθα χάρις let us think of battle.

II. later, to make mention of: also to quote.

ἐπι-μύνημι, poet. for ἐπιμνήσκω.

ἐπιμίξ, Adv. (ἐπιμύνημι) mixedly, confusedly, indiscriminately.

ἐπιμείξια Ion. -ῖη, (ἐπιμύνημι) a mixing with others, intercourse, dealings, Lat. commercium.

ἐπι-μύξις, εως, ἡ, —ἐπιμείξια.

ἐπι-μύσγω, poet. and Ion. for ἐπι-μύνημι, to have dealings with one; in hostile sense, to be brought in contact with, clash with: absol. to associate together.

ἐπιμνάομαι, -μνώμαι, Ion. for ἐπιμνησκόμαι.

ἐπιμνησάμεθα, I pl. aor. I opt. med. of ἐπιμνησκόω

ἐπιμνησθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐπιμνησκόω.

ἐπι-μοιχεύω, f. σω, to commit adultery besides.

ἐπι-μολεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιβλάσσω.

ἐπι-μολος, on, approaching, invading. Hence

ἐπιμορφή, ἡ, (ἐπιμέμφομαι) blame, reproach.

ἐπιμορφος, on, (ἐπιμέμφομαι) blameable, unlucky.

ἐπιμονή, ἡ, (ἐπιμένω) a staying on: delay.

ἐπι-μύζω, f. ζω, to mutter or murmur at.

ἐπι-μύθος, on, (ἐπί, μῦθος) coming after the story;

τὸ ἐπιμύθιον the moral of a fable.

ἐπι-μυκτος, on, (ἐπιμύζω) scoffed at.

ἐπι-μύσσω Att. -ττω, —ἐπιμύζω, to mutter.

ἐπι-μύς, f. -μύσω [ῶ], to close the eyes at a thing: to wink at, in token of assent.

ἐπι-μωμάομαι Ion. -έομαι, Dep. to find fault with. Hence

ἐπιμωμητός, ἡ, ὄν, blameworthy, blameable.

ἐπι-μωμος, on, blamed, blameworthy.

ἐπι-μώματος, Dor. for ἐπιμαίματος.

ἐπι-νάχομαι, Dor. for ἐπινήχομαι.

ἐπι-νεῖον -ὸ (ἐπί, ναῦς) a sea-port for the navy arsenal.

ἐπι-νέω, fut. -νεμῶ and -νεμήσω: aor. I —ἐνεμα:—to allot, assign, distribute. II. to turn cattle

to graze on another's land:—Med., of cattle, to feed over the boundaries, to go on grazing: metaph. to spread over; πῦρ ἐπινέμεται τὸ δασυ the fire spreads over the town; so, ἡ νύσος ἐπενείματο τὰς Ἀθήνας.

ἐπινενησμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπινέω.

ἐπι-νεύσομαι, fut. of ἐπινέω.

ἐπι-νεύω, f. σω: aor. I —ἐνευσ:—to nod for wards. II. to nod to, in token of command or approval, to nod assent, to make a sign to another to do a thing: to promise by nodding. III. to incline to or towards.

ἐπι-νέφελος, on, (ἐπί, νεφέλη) clouded, overcast.

ἐπι-νεφρίδιος, on, (ἐπί, νεφρός) upon the kidneys.

ἐπι-νέω (A), f. νήσω, to spin to, esp. of the Fates.

ἐπι-νέω (B), —ἐπινενῶ, to load with a thing: p. part. pass., ἐπινενησμένος piled up with.

ἐπι-νέω (C), f. -νεύσομαι, to swim, float on the top

ἐπι-νήπιος, on, (ἐπί, ναῦς) on board ship.

ἐπι-νηνέω, (ἐπί, νῆα) to heap or pile upon.

ἐπι-νήφω, to be sober at or for.

ἐπι-νήχομαι, f. -νήσομαι, Dep. to swim upon: to come to the top, float on the surface. 2. to swim to or over to.

ἐπι-νίκιος, on, (ἐπί, νίκη) of victory. II. as

Subst. τὸ ἐπίνικιον (sub. ᾄσμα or μέλος), a song of victory, triumphal song or ode. v 2. (sub. θῦμα), a feast in honour of a victory.

ἐπίνικος, ov, = ἐπινίκιος.

ἐπι-νίσσομαι, fut. -νίσσομαι, to go over: come upon.

ἐπι-νίφα, to snow upon. [v]

ἐπι-νόεω, f. ἡσώ: aor. I ἐπένοησα, but also with aor.

I pass. ἐπενοήθη in same sense:—to think on or of, contrive.

2. c. inf. to purpose, intend. 3. absol.

to form a plan, design. Hence

ἐπινόεω, ἡ, a thinking of or over a thing, thought:

power of thought, inventiveness. 2. a purpose, design.

II. after-thought.

ἐπίνωμα, Dor. I pl. impf. of πίνω.

ἐπινόμια, ἡ, (ἐπινέμεσθαι) a grazing on another's lands: a right to pasture on each other's lands, of the citizens of two neighbouring states.

ἐπινόμος, ov, (ἐπινέμεσθαι) dwelling in the country.

ἐπι-νυκτιος, ov, (ἐπί, νύξ) by night, nightly.

ἐπι-νυμφίδιος, ov, (ἐπί, νύμφη) of or for a bride, bridal.

ἐπι-νύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to prick on the surface.

ἐπι-νυστάζω, f. σω and ξω, to drop asleep over.

ἐπι-νωμάω, f. ἡσώ, to bring or apply to. II. to

distribute, assign.

ἐπι-νωτίδιος, ov, (ἐπί, νῶτον) on the back.

ἐπι-νωτίζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, νῶτον) to put on the back of,

to cover with.

ἐπι-νώτος, ov, (ἐπί, νῶτον) on the back.

ἐπι-ξανθος, ov, inclining to yellow, tawny, of hares.

ἐπι-ξανθός, f. ὥσω, Ion. and poet. for ἐπιξεῖνός.

ἐπι-ξανθός, f. ὥσω, (ἐπί, ξένος) to entertain as a guest:

—Pass. to be so entertained, to dwell abroad. 2. Med.,

ἐπιξεῖνός μοι ταῦτα I claim these offices as a stranger.

ἐπι-ξέω, f. -ξέσω, to scrape on the surface.

ἐπι-ξήνον, τό, (ἐπί, ξήνός) a chopping-block, like

ἐπικύβαντον: the executioner's block.

ἐπι-ξύνομ, ov, poet. for ἐπικόινος, common to many;

ἐπξύνομον ἀρούρα a common field, i. e. in which many

persons have rights.

ἐπι-όινιος, (ἐπί, οἶνος) at or over wine.

ἐπι-ονοχοεύω, f. σω, to pour out wine for.

ἐπι-οι, aor. 2 of πίνω.

ἐπι-όπτης, ov, ὁ, poet. for ἐπόπτης.

ἐπι-όρκω, f. ἡσώ: aor. I ἐπιόρκισα: (ἐπιόρκος):—

to swear falsely, forswear oneself, πρὸς δαίμονος by a

deity; τὰς βασιλείας Ιστίας ἐπιόρκεῖν to swear falsely

by the royal hearth. Hence

ἐπιόρκια, ἡ, a false oath, Lat. perjuria.

ἐπι-όρκος, ov, (ἐπί, ὅρκος) swearing falsely, forsworn,

Lat. perjurus; or of the oath, sworn falsely; ἐπιόρ-

κος οὐκ ὁμνῶναι to swear falsely; also, ἐπιόρκον ἐπομνῶναι

to swear a bootless oath.

ἐπι-ορκοσύνη, ἡ, = ἐπιόρκια.

ἐπι-όσσομαι, Dep. (ἐπί, ὄσσε) to bave before one's

eyes, foresee.

ἐπι-οὔρος, ὁ, (ἐπί, οὔρος) a watcher, guard: c. dat.,

Κρήτη ἐπιούρος guardian, chief over Crete: c. gen.,

ὕων ἐπιούρος chief swine-herd.

ἐπι-ιοῦσα, ἡ, part. pres. fem. of ἐπειμι (εἰμι ἰβο), the

coming day (sub. ἡμέρα). Hence

ἐπιούσιος, ov, for the coming day, sufficient for the

day; ἐπιούσιος ἄρτος daily bread.

ἐπι-όψομαι, poet. for ἐπόψομαι.

ἐπι-παγῇ, Adv. entirely, altogether.

ἐπι-πάλλω, to brandish at or against.

ἐπι-πάμων, ov, gen. ονος, (ἐπί, πέπαμαι pf. of πάο-

μαι) Dor. for ἐπίκληρος, falling to one's share.

ἐπι-παν, Adv. upon the whole, generally, on the

average.

ἐπι-παρᾶνέω, to hear up besides.

ἐπι-παρασκευάζω, f. σω, to prepare besides:—Med.

to provide oneself with besides.

ἐπι-πᾶρειμι, inf. -είναι, to be present at or near, II.

to be present besides or in addition to.

ἐπι-πᾶρειμι, inf. -είναι, to come upon in flank, to

march alongside of. II. to come on to assist. III.

to come forward to speak.

ἐπι-πάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. -πάσω [α]:—to sprinkle

upon or over. Hence

ἐπι-παστος, ov, sprinkled on or over:—τὸ ἐπίπαστον

a kind of cake with confits upon it: also a plaster.

ἐπι-πάτᾳγέω, f. ἡσώ, to make a noise at.

ἐπι-πέδος, ov, (ἐπί, πέδον) on the ground, or on a

level with it, level, flat; ἐν ἐπιπέδῳ on a level:—

ιπεγ Comp. ἐπιπεδέστερος.

ἐπιπειθής, ἐς, obedient, compliant. From

ἐπι-πεύθεσθαι, f. -πέισσομαι, Pass. to be persuaded,

yield to persuasion; c. dat. to put faith in, comply

with, obey.

ἐπι-πέλομαι, Dep. (ἐπί, πέλω) to come towards, ap-

proach; Ep. syncop. aor. 2 part., ἐπιπλόμενον ἔτος the

coming year.

ἐπι-πεμ-πος, ov, containing 1 and $\frac{1}{2}$ = $\frac{3}{2}$; δάνεισμα

ἐπιπεμπτον a loan at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}$ of the principal,

or 20 per cent.

ἐπι-πέμω, f. ψω, to send after or again. 2. of

the gods, to send upon or to, let loose upon. II.

to send besides: to send by way of supply. Hence

ἐπιπεμψίς, εως, ἡ, a sending to a place.

ἐπιπέπτωκα, pf. of ἐπιπίπτω.

ἐπιπέτωκα, pf. of ἐπιτίνω.

ἐπι-περάζω, to begin to turn dark, of grapes ripen-

ing.

ἐπι-περκνος, ov, somewhat dark, properly of grapes

ripening; then of the colour of hares.

ἐπιπεσοῦμαι, fut. med. of ἐπιπίπτω.

ἐπιπεσών, οὔσα, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιπίπτω.

ἐπι-πετάννυμι, f. -πετάσω, to spread over.

ἐπι-πέταμαι or -πέτομαι, only found in aor. 2 ἐπε-

πτάμην or ἐπεπτόμην: Dep. —to fly over; metaph.

to fly over, come to the knowledge of by flying.

ἐπι-πήγνυμι and -ύω, f. -πήξω, to fix upon. 2.

to make to freeze at top:—Pass. to congeal.

ἐπι-πηδάω, f. ἡσώμαι, to spring upon, rush at.

ἐπι-πήχυς, v, (ἐπί, πήχυς) above the elbow.

ἐπι-πιέζω, f. σω, to press upon.

ἐπι-πλῦναι, Dep., used only in pres. and impf., to approach, come near.
 ἐπι-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω, to fill up with a thing.
 ἐπι-πίνω, f. -πίομαι : pf. -πέπωκα : aor. 2 -έπιον ;—to drink afterwards or besides : to tope after dinner.
 ἐπι-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι : pf. -πέπτωκα : aor. 2 -έπεσον :—to fall upon : also in hostile sense, to fall upon, attack : of accidents, to befall one.
 ἐπιπλά (contr. from ἐπιπλοα), τά, implements, furniture, movables, as opp. to fixtures, Lat. supellex.
 ἐπι-πλάζω, f. -πλάξω, to maké to wander over, to drive about :—Pass. with fut. med. -πλάξομαι : aor. 2 pass. ἐπιπλάγχθην, to wander about over.
 ἐπιπλάσσω, aor. I part. of ἐπιπλάσσω.
 ἐπι-πλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. -πλάσω [ᾶ] :—to spread a plaster on, smear over. Hence
 ἐπίπλαστος, on, plastered over :—feigned, false.
 ἐπιπλάγχεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐπιπλάζω.
 ἐπι-πλείον, Adv. = ἐπιπλέον.
 ἐπί-πλειος, on, Ep. for ἐπίπλεος.
 ἐπι-πλείων, on, gen. onos, still more.
 ἐπι-πλέκω, f. ξω, to plait into a chaplet.
 ἐπι-πλέων, Adv., for ἐπὶ πλέον, still more.
 ἐπί-πλεος, a, on, Att. ἐπίπλεως, on, (ἐπί, πλέος) quite full of a thing.
 ἐπίπλευσις, eos, ἡ, a sailing against ; ἐπιπλεουσιν ἔχειν to have the power of sailing against, to have the weather gage. From
 ἐπι-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι ; Ion. ἐπιπλώω, f. -πλώσω : Ep. aor. 2 ἐπέπλω, part. ἐπιπλώς :—to sail upon or over : to float upon. II. to sail against, to attack with a fleet. III. to sail on board a ship : to sail with or in charge of.
 ἐπί-πλεως, on, Att. for ἐπίπλεος.
 ἐπι-πληρόω, f. ὤσω, to fill up ; Med., ἐπιπληροῦσθαι τὴν ναῦν to fill up one's ship's crew, to man her afresh.
 ἐπι-πλήσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to strike at : of words, to rebuke, reprove : to cast a reproach upon : to cast in one's teeth.
 ἐπί-πλοος, τά, fuller form of ἐπιπλά : properly neut. of ἐπίπλοος, on, an Adj. formed from ἐπί, as ἄπλοος from ἄμα, δίπλοος from δίς.
 ἐπιπλόμενος, Ep. for ἐπιτελόμενος, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιτέλομαι.
 ἐπίπλοον, τό, (ἐπιπλέω) the caul of the entrails. Lat. omentum : also ἐπίπλοος, ὅ.
 ἐπίπλοος contr. ἐπίπλους, ὅ, (ἐπιπλέω) a sailing against the enemy, bearing down upon him, the attack of a ship or fleet. 2. a naval expedition against a place.
 ἐπι-πλώω, Ion. and Ep. for ἐπιπλέω.
 ἐπι-πλώς, part. of ἐπέπλω, Ep. aor. 2 of ἐπιπλέω.
 ἐπι-πλώσας, Ion. aor. I part. of ἐπιπλέω.
 ἐπι-πνέω, Ep. for ἐπιπνέω.
 ἐπι-πνέω Ep. -πνέω : fut. -πνεύσομαι : aor. I ἐπέπνευσα :—to breathe or blow upon, so as to revive :—metaph. to excite, inflame : to blow favourably, to favour, Lat. adspiro.

ἐπι-πνίγω, to choke, stifle. [πνί]
 ἐπίπνοια, ἡ, (ἐπιπνέω) a breathing upon : inspiratio.
 ἐπι-πόδιος, a, on, (ἐπί, ποῦς) upon the feet.
 ἐπι-ποθέω, f. ἴσω, to yearn or long after. regret greatly, Lat. desidero. Hence
 ἐπιπόθησις, eos, ἡ, a yearning after : and
 ἐπιπόθητος, on, longed for, earnestly desired : and
 ἐπι-ποθία, ἡ, = ἐπιπόθησις.
 ἐπι-πορῖν, ὅ, ἡ, an over shepherd or shepherdess.
 ἐπιπολάζω, f. σω, (ἐπιπολή) to be at the top, lie on the surface. II. to rise to the top : metaph. to be uppermost, to prevail.
 ἐπι-πόλαιος, on, on the surface : prominent, projecting. 2. superficial, ordinary. From
 ἐπι-πολή, ἡ, (ἐπί, πέλω) a surface : gen. ἐπιπολής, as Adv., at the top, atop : c. gen. on the top of, above. II. αἱ Ἐπιπολαί, a piece of ground with a sloping surface near Syracuse.
 ἐπι-πόλιος, on, growing hoary, grizzled.
 ἐπί-πολος, = πρόσπολος, an attendant.
 ἐπι-πολύ, Adv., for ἐπὶ πολύ, generally.
 ἐπι-πενέω, f. ἴσω, to toil on, persevere.
 ἐπί-πονος, on, painful, toilsome : of persons, laborious, pains-taking : of omens, portending toil and suffering. Adv. ἐπιπόνως, Lat. aegre, with toil and trouble, Sup. ἐπιπονώτατα.
 ἐπι-πορεύομαι : f. med. -πορεύσομαι, aor. I pass. -επορεύθην : Dep. :—to go, march to : to march over.
 ἐπι-πορπάμα, ματος, τό, (ἐπί, πορπάω) a mantle buckled on the shoulder.
 ἐπι-ποτάβω, Dip., lengthd. for ἐπιπέτομαι, to fly to or hover over.
 ἐπι-πρίπω, to be conspicuous. 2. to beseech, besiffling.
 ἐπι-πρεσβεύομαι, Dep. to go as ambassador any whither. 2. to send an embassy.
 ἐπι-πρῆνυ, Ion. for ἐπι-πρανω, = πρᾶνω.
 ἐπι-πρίω [ρι], to grind [the teeth] at a thing.
 ἐπι-προβάλλω, f. -βαλῶ, to throw forward.
 ἐπιπροέηκα, Ep. aor. I of ἐπιπροέημι.
 ἐπιπροίμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιπροέημι.
 ἐπι-προιάλλω, f. ἀλώ : aor. I -προίηκα :—to set out or place before one. 2. to send out one before or after another.
 ἐπι-προέημι, fut. -προήσω : aor. I -προήκα Ep. -ήκα :—to send forth towards or at : to shoot at.
 II. νήσοισιν ἐπιπροέηκε [ναῦν] he steered, made for them.
 ἐπί-προσθεν, rarely -θε, Adv. of Time and Place, before : also in preference to.
 ἐπι-προσθῶ (A), f. -θεύσομαι, to run at or to.
 ἐπιπροσθῶ (B), f. ἴσω, (ἐπιπροσθεν) to be before, be in the way ; ἐπιπροσθεν τοῖς πύργοις to be in a line with the towers, so as to cover one with the other.
 ἐπι-προχέω, f. -χεῶ, to pour forth over : to pour forth.
 ἐπι-πταίρω : aor. 2 ἐπέπτᾱρον :—to sneeze at : νιός μοι ἐπέπτᾱρε πᾶσαν ἔπεσσιν my son sneezed as I spoke

the words,—a good omen: hence of the gods, to be kindly to, favour

ἐπιπτεῖσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιπέτομαι.

ἐπιπτύχῃ, ἡ, (ἐπί, πτύσσω) an over-fold, a flap.

ἐπι-πυλώομαι, Dep. to go about, visit, Lat. obire: of a general, to inspect, review: of an enemy, to reconnoitre. Hence.

ἐπιπύλωσις, εως, ἡ, a going round, visitation

ἐπι-πυλώομαι, = ἐπι-πυτόομαι.

ἐπι-ραβδόφορέω, f. ἥσω, of the rider, to urge a horse by shaking the whip; or of the horse, to gallop.

ἐπι-ραθύμιω, f. ἥσω, to be careless about a thing.

ἐπι-ραίνω, to sprinkle upon or over.

ἐπι-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew, stitch on.

ἐπι-ράσσω Att. -πτω, Att. for ἐπιρρῆσσω.

ἐπι-ρέζω, f. ξω, to offer sacrifices at a place; ἐπέ-ρεσκον Ion. impf. 2. to sacrifice afterwards or besides.

ἐπιρρετής, ἐς, leaning, inclined towards, Lat. proclivis. From

ἐπι-ρέπω, f. ψω, to lean towards, of the balance: to fall upon. II. trans., ἐπιρρέπειν τάλαντον to force down one scale: hence to weigh out to one, allot.

ἐπιρρετός, Adv. of ἐπιρρετής, favourably inclined.

ἐπι-ρέω: f. -ρεύσομαι: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) ἐπερύην:—to flow upon the surface, float atop. 2.

to flow to or into: of men, to stream on or towards; οὐμπρὲων χρόνος onward-streaming time, i.e. the future

ἐπι-ρήννυμι, = ἐπιρρήσω.

ἐπι-ρήσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπί, ῥῆσις) a reproach. II. a spell, charm

ἐπι-ρήσω, f. -ρήξω: Att. ἐπιρράσσω, f. -ράξω:—to dash against, force upon or to; Ion. impf. ἐπιρρῆσσεσκον. 2. to rend at or on bearing a thing.

II. intr. to burst forth, of lightning
ἐπι-ρητορεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ῥήτωρ) to speak us an orator to or over.

ἐπι-ρητος, ov, cried out against, infamous.

ἐπι-ρικνός, ov, shrunk up.

ἐπι-ρίπτω and -ῥω: f. ψω: aor. I -ἐπιρίψα:—to cast at or upon. 2. metaph. to commit to, give up to. II. intr. to fall upon.

ἐπιρροή, ἡ, (ἐπιρρέω) an afflux, influx, a flood.

ἐπιρροέω, f. ἥσω, to roar at, of the waves: to echo or answer to a sound: to shout applause at a thing: to repeat or second a prayer: but also, to inveigh against. Hence

ἐπι-ροθός, ov, basting to the rescue, aiding: generally, helping in need, giving aid against. II.

ἐπιρροθὰ κατὰ reproaches bandied back and forwards, abusive language.

ἐπι-ροιβέω, f. ἥσω, to forebode rain by croaking. Hence

ἐπιρροιβήγη, Adv. with noisy fury.

ἐπι-ροίξω, f. ἥσω, to croak to or at: c. acc. cognato, ἐν θυγιά τινι to shriek or bode flight to one.

ἐπιρροῖς, aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐπιρρέω.

ἐπι-ρύξω, f. ξω, (ἐπί, ῥύξω) to set a dog on one.

ἐπι-ρύομαι, Dep. to save, preserve.

ἐπιρρύος, ov, (ἐπιρρέω) flowing in or to: coming in upon, adventitious. 2. metaph. overflowing, abundant.

II. overflowed, moist.

ἐπι-ρῶννυμι and -ῶω: fut. -ῶσω: aor. I -ἐρρῶσα:—to add strength to, strengthen, encourage, cheer on in a thing:—Pass. ἐπιρρῶννυμαι; but the pf. ἐτέρρῶμαι, plqpf. -ερρῶμην are used as pres. and impf.: aor. I -ἐρρῶσθην:—to recover strength, be invigorated, be of good cheer: also in aor. I, impers., κείνοις ἐπερρῶσθη λέγειν they took courage to speak.

ἐπι-ῥώομαι, aor. I -ερρῶσθην: Dep.:—to flow or stream downwards on a thing: of hair, to fall flowing. II. to apply one's strength to a thing,

work lustily at: ποσὶν ἐπερρῶσαντο they moved nimbly with their feet.

ἐπιρρῶσθεις, aor. I pass. part. of ἐπιρῶννυμι.

ἐπι-ρύομαι, v. ἐπιρρῶσθαι.

ἐπίσα, aor. I of πίσιω, to make to drink.

ἐπίσαγμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπίσάτω) a pack-saddle: metaph., ἐπίσαγμα νοσήματος a burden of disease.

ἐπι-σάπτω, f. ξω, to pile a load upon. II. to load or saddle a horse.

ἐπι-σεύω Ep. ἐπισσεύω: i. sw:—to shake at or against. 2. to wave or beckon on: hence to set at or upon one.

ἐπι-σεύω Ep. ἐπισσεύω:—to put in motion against one, set on. II. Pass. to hurry, hasten towards:

in hostile sense, to fall upon, rush at, attack: esp. in pf. ἐπέσσυμαι as pres., and plqpf. ἐπεσσύμεναι as impf. or aor. 2, part. ἐπεσσύμενος, to rush on, hurry, hasten; ἐπεσσύμενος πεδίῳοις burrying over the plain: of rapid motion, ἐπέσαντο δῶκεν be basted on to follow:—metaph. to be in excitement or agitation.

ἐπι-σημα, ατος, τό, device upon a shield.

ἐπι-σημαίνω, f. ἀνῶ, to set a mark or sign upon:—Pass. to be marked, bear a mark. II. to give a sign of approval:—Med. to give one's approval to a thing.

ἐπι-σημός, ov, (ἐπί, σῆμα) having a mark on it, bearing a mark or inscription: of money, stamped, coined 2. distinguished, famous, remarkable, Lat. insignis: also in bad sense, notorious. II. ἐπι-σημον, τό, as Subst. any mark of distinction, a device: a device or bearing on a shield: the ensign or flag of a ship.

ἐπι-σιση, for ἐπ' ἴση [sc. μοίρας], equally.

ἐπι-σίλω, to set on, as a dog.

ἐπι-σίμος, ov, (ἐπί, σίμω) somewhat flat-nosed.

ἐπι-σίμω, f. ῶσω, to turn aside one's course.

ἐπι-σίτλω, f. ἴω Att. ἰῶ:—to furnish with food:—Med. to furnish oneself with food, to forage: c. acc.,

ἐπισιτίζεσθαι τὸ σπράτευμα to provision the army;

ἐπισιτίζεσθαι ἄριστον to provide oneself with a meal.

ἐπισιτίσις, εως, ἡ, and ἐπισιτίσμα, τό, = sq.

ἐπισιτισμός, ό, (ἐπισιτίζω) a furnishing oneself with provisions: a stock of provisions

ἐπι-σκάπτω, *f. ψω*, to dig superficially.

ἐπι-σκαδάννυμι, *f. άσω* [ά], to scatter or spread upon.

ἐπι-σκέλιος, *εωσ, ή*, (ἐπί, σκέλος) the first spring or start in a horse's gallop.

ἐπι-σκεπτός, *α, ον*, verb. Adj. of ἐπισκέπτομαι, to be considered, examined.

ἐπι-σκεπτομαι, *a pres. only used by late authors*, which furnishes a fut. to ἐπισκοπέω.

ἐπι-σκεπώ, to cover over.

ἐπι-σκευάζω, *f. άσω*, to get ready: to equip, fit out: ἐπισκευάσαι τὰ χρήματα to pack the money upon. II. to equip anew, repair, restore. Hence

ἐπισκευαστής, *οὔ, δ*, one who restores.

ἐπι-σκευή, *ή*, a repair, restoration: materials for repairs, stores.

ἐπισκέψης, *εωσ, ή*, (ἐπισκέπτομαι) a looking at, inspection. 2. consideration, reflexion: inquiry.

ἐπι-σκηνός, *ον*, (ἐπί, σκηνή) at or near a tent.

ἐπι-σκηνώ, *f. άσω*, to lodge in a tent: generally, to stay, abide at a place.

ἐπι-σκήπτω, *f. ψω*, to make to lean upon: make to light upon, impose upon:—intr. to fall upon, like lightning:—Med. to lean upon, rely upon. II. to enjoin solemnly upon, lay a strict charge upon, to command one to do; τοσοῦτον δ' ἐπισκήπτω thus much I command thee. III. to prosecute or indict.

ἐπι-σκιάζω, *f. άσω*: pf. pass. ἐπεσκίασμαι:—to throw a shade upon, overshadow, Lat. obumbrare:—Pass., λαθραίων ὄμψ' ἐπεσκιασμένη keeping a hidden watch.

ἐπι-σκίος, *ον*, (ἐπί, σκιά) overshadowed. 2. act. shading, c. gen.

ἐπι-σκοπέω, *f. -σκέβομαι* (from -σκέπτομαι): aor. *ε* -εσκεψάμην: pf. -εσκεμμαι:—to look upon or at, inspect, examine: to watch over, pay regard to. 2. to go to see, visit:—Pass., ὄνειρος οὐκ ἐπισκοπούμενον unvisited by dreams. 3. to consider, reflect. Hence

ἐπισκοπή, *ή*, an overseeing: the office of an overseer or bishop: also 2. visitation, punishment.

ἐπι-σκοπος, *ος*, (σκοπός 1) an overseer, watcher, guardian:—esp. a public officer sent by the Athenians as inspector or overseer of a subject state:—a bishop. II. a scout, watch.

ἐπι-σκοπος, *ον*, (σκοπός-neut.) biting the mark: suitable to, coming up to:—neut. pl. ἐπισκοπα, as Adv., successfully, with good aim.

ἐπι-σκοτός, *f. ήσω*, (ἐπί, σκότος) to throw darkness, or a shadow over.

ἐπι-σκούβομαι, *Pass. with fut. med. -σκύσομαι*, to be indignant at, brood over.

ἐπι-σκυθίζω, *f. ίσω* Att. *ιῶ*, to *πν* with drink like a Scythian.

ἐπι-σκυθρωπάζω, *f. άσω*, to look savage.

ἐπι-σκύνον, *τό*, the skin of the brows which is knitted by frowning: hence, like ὄρηψ, Lat. supercilium, used for arrogance, haughtiness.

ἐπισκύνω, *Ep. aor. 1 opt. med. of ἐπισκύνωμαι*.

ἐπι-σκώπτω, *f. ψω*, to laugh at, turn into ridicule: absol. to joke, make fun. Hence

ἐπισκωψίς, *εωσ, ή*, raillery.

ἐπι-σμάω, *inf. -σμήν, f. -σμήσω*, to rub or smear over.

ἐπι-σμηγρός, *ος, ή, εν*, (ἐπί, σμηγρός = μογρός) shameful, sad:—Adv. ἐπισμηγρῶς, sadly, to his cost.

ἐπισπαστήρ, *ήρος, ος*, (ἐπισπᾶω) the handle by which a door is pulled to. II. a fishing-line, angle.

ἐπισπαστος, *η, ον*, drawn upon oneself. II.

ἐπισπαστος βρόχος a tight-drawn noose. From

ἐπι-σπᾶω, *f. -σπάσω* [ά]: to draw or drag after one: to bring on, cause. 2. to draw on, allure, induce: so also in Med. 3. ἐπισπᾶν τὴν θύραν to pull the door to. 4. in Med. to draw to oneself, win, obtain.

ἐπισπείω, *aor. 2 inf. of ἐφέπω*.

ἐπι-σπείρω, *f. επῶ*, to sow with seed: to sow among,

ἐπισπείρας, *aor. 1 part. of ἐπισπένδω*.

ἐπι-σπείσις, *εωσ, ή*, a libation at a sacrifice. From

ἐπι-σπένδω, *f. σπείσω*, pour upon or over: absol. to make a libation. II. Med. to make a fresh treaty.

ἐπισπερχής, *ές*, hurried, eager:—Adv. -χῶς. From

ἐπι-σπερχώ, *f. ψω*, to urge on, hasten. II. intr. to hurry on, rage furiously.

ἐπισπείσθαι, *aor. 2 inf. med. of ἐφέπω*.

ἐπι-σπείδω, *f. σω*, to urge on, promote, further. II.

intr. to hasten onward.

ἐπισπόμενος, *aor. 2 part. med. of ἐφέπω*.

ἐπισπονδή, *ή*, (ἐπισπένδωμαι) a renewed or renewable truce, mostly in plur.

ἐπισπορία, *ον*, (ἐπισπείρω) a sowing after.

ἐπισπορος, *ον*, (ἐπισπείρω) sown afterwards: ol

ἐπισποροί posterity.

ἐπι-σπουδάζω, *f. άσω*, to urge on, to further. II. intr. to make haste in a thing.

ἐπίσσω, *η, ης*, ἐπίσσωμι, *οις, οι*, *aor. 2 subj. and opt. of ἐφέω*:—ἐπισπασσ, *οὔσα, ὄν*, *aor. 2 part.*

ἐπισ-σείω, ἐπισσεύω, *Ep. for ἐπισείω, ἐπισεύω*.

ἐπίσ-σῦτος, *ον*, (ἐπισσῶμι, pf. pass. of ἐπισεύω) hurrying on, rushing, gubbing: vehement: also c.

acc. rushing upon.

ἐπισσωτρον, *Ep. for ἐπισωτρον, a tire*.

ἐπίστα, *for ἐπιστασαι, 2 sing of ἐπιστάμαι*.

ἐπιστάδδον, *Adv. (ἐπιστάμαι) attentively, earnestly*.

ἐπι-στάζω, *f. -στάξω*, to make to drop upon a thing:

ἐπιστάζειν χάριν to shed delight or honour.

ἐπι-σταθῆναι, *Dep. to weigh well, ponder*.

ἐπι-σταθμός, *ον, αι*, belonging to a lodging or station.

ἐπ-ιστάμαι, 2 pers. ἐπιστασαι poet. ἐπίστα Ion.

ἐπίστω: imperat. ἐπίστασο Ion. ἐπίσταο Att. ἐπί-

στω: impf. ήπιστάμην Ep. ήπιστάμην: fut. med.

ήπιστάσθαι: aor. 1 pass. ήπιστήθη: Dep.: (ἐπί,

ιστήμι). I. c. inf. to know how to do: to be cap-

able of doing. II. c. acc. rei, to understand, know,

to be versed in a thing: in Herodotus, to be assured

of, to believe: but in Att., to know for certain, know

well:—pres. part. ἐπιστάμενος, *η, ον*, as an Adj.,

knowing, skilful, wise: c. gen., ἐπιστάμενος πολέ-

μοιο skilled or versed in war.

ἐπισταμένως, *Adv. (ἐπιστάμαι) skilfully, expertly*.

ἐπιστάς, aor. 2 part. of ἐφίστημι.

ἐπιστάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐφίστημι) a stopping, checking.

II. (ἐφίσταμαι) a resting, staying: a halt in a march.

2. attention, care, diligence: anxiety.

ἐπιστάσθαι, f. σῶ, and

ἐπιστάσθαι, f. ἦσῶ, (ἐπιστάτης) to have charge of a thing, to be set over, preside over.

II. to be chief

President (ἐπιστάτης) in the assembly.

III. to stand by, be present.

ἐπιστάτης, ov, ὁ, (ἐφίσταμαι) one who stands by, a suppliant.

2. in battle-order, one's rear-rank man, the man behind.

II. one who is set over, a chief, master, lord: a manager, overseer: ἐπιστάτης ἄλλων president or steward of the games.

2. at Athens,

the chief President of the ἐκκλησία, cf. πρύτανις: an inspector or commissioner of any public works.

ἐπιστάτης, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of ἐπιστάτης.

ἐπιστάται, Ion. for ἐπίστανται, 3 pl. of ἐπίσταμαι.

ἐπιστάτω, Ion. for ἐπίσταντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπίσταμαι.

ἐπι-στειβω, f. ψω, to tread upon, stand upon.

ἐπι-στείχω, to go to, along, or over, to approach.

ἐπι-στέλλω, f. -στέλω: pf. -έσταλκα:—Pass., aor. I

-εστάλην, aor. 2 -εστάλην [ᾱ]: pf. -έσταλμαι:—

to send to, send by message or letter: generally, to bid, enjoin, command: τὰ ἐπεσταλμένα orders given.

2. to announce, give intelligence.

II. to write letters: cf. ἐπιστολή.

III. to draw in, tighten.

ἐπι-στενάζω, f. ἔξω, to groan over.

ἐπι-στενάχω or -στενάχομαι, = ἐπιστένω.

ἐπι-στενέω, to groan or sigh at: lament over.

ἐπι-στεφάνω, f. ὦσω, to deck with a garland.

ἐπιστεφής, ἐς, crowned to the brim: κρητῆρας ἐπιστεφείας οἶνον goblets brimming over with wine

ἐπι-στέφω, f. ψω, to surround with or as with a chaplet: Med., κρητῆρας ἐπεστέφαντο ποτοῖο they crowned the goblets to the brim with drink metaph.,

χοὰς ἐπιστέφειν τινί to offer libations as an honour

to the dead.

ἐπιστέωνται, Ion. 3 plur. subj. of ἐπίσταμαι.

ἐπίστη, Ion. for ἐπίστασαι, 2 sing. of ἐπίσταμαι.

ἐπιστήμη, ἡ, (ἐπίσταμαι) knowledge, understanding,

skill, experience, wisdom.

2. scientific knowledge,

science: in plur. the sciences.

ἐπίστημι, Ion. for ἐφίστημι.

ἐπιστήμων, ov, gen. ονος, (ἐπίσταμαι) wise, prudent: skilled in or acquainted with a thing, c. gen.: generally, learned, well-instructed, scientific.

ἐπι-στηρίξω, f. ξω, to make to lean upon: hence to confirm, establish:—Pass. to lean upon a thing.

ἐπιστητός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἐπίσταμαι) that can be scientifically known.

ἐπι-σπάλβω, to glisten on the surface.

ἐπι-σπαιος, ov, (ἐπὶ, σπλήν) Ion. for ἐφέστιος:—as

Subst., ἐπ-σπαιον, τό, a dock for ships.

ἐπισπολάδην, Adv. (ἐπιστέλλω) girl up, neatly, of

dress. [ᾱ]

ἐπιστολεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἐπιστολή) a letter-writer, secretary.

II. a vice-admiral.

ἐπιστολή, ἡ, (ἐπιστέλλω) a message, command, commission, whether verbal or in writing: ἐξ ἐπιστολῆς by command.

2. a letter, Lat. epistola.

ἐπι-στομίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐπὶ, στόμα) to bridle, and so manage a horse: metaph. to curb or muzzle, silence, gag.

II. to throw down on the face.

ἐπι-στονάχew, -ίζω, = ἐπιστένω, of the waves.

ἐπι-στορέννυμι, shorter -στορνύμι or -στροννυμι:

f. -στροφήσω: aor. I -εστόρεσα or -έστροφωσα: pf. pass.

-έστροφμαι:—to strew or spread out upon.

ἐπιστράτεια Ion. -ήτη, ἡ, (ἐπιστράτεύω) a march or expedition against one.

ἐπιστράτευσ, εως, ἡ, = ἐπιστράτεια. From

ἐπι-στράτεύω, f. σῶ, to march against, go on an expedition against: in Prose mostly in Med.

ἐπι-στράτητή, Ion. for ἐπιστράτεια.

ἐπι-στράτοπεδεύω, f. σῶ, to encamp over against.

ἐπιστράφεις, aor. 2 part. pass. ἐπιστρέφω: ἐπι-

στραφῆναι, inf.: ἐπιστραφῶ subj.

ἐπιστρεπτος, ov, (ἐπιστρέφω) to be turned towards

or looked at: hence, to be admired.

ἐπι-στρεφής, ἐς, turning towards: attentive, careful,

sharp, shrewd. Adv. ἐπιστρεφῶς Ion. -έως, earnestly,

sharply. From

ἐπι-στρέφω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐπέστρεψα:—to turn or

direct towards.

2. to turn about, turn.

3. to turn or convert from an error, to correct, amend.

4. to curve, twist, make to writhe.

II. Med. and Pass.

ἐπιστρέφομαι, aor. 2 -εστράφην [ᾱ]:—to turn oneself

round: to go backwards and forwards, to range

or wander over: to visit.

2. to be turned or converted: to repent.

3. to look towards: hence to

pay regard or deference to: c. acc. to allude to,

mean.

III. intr. in Act. to turn oneself in any

direction: to return.

IV. pf. part. pass. ἐπε-

στραμμένος, η, ov, = ἐπιστρεφής, earnest, pressing,

vehement.

ἐπιστροφάδην, Adv. (ἐπιστρέφω) turning both ways,

turning right and left.

ἐπιστροφή, ἡ, (ἐπιστρέφω) a wheeling about, re-

turn to the charge: also of ships, a tacking or pivoting

about.

II. (ἐπιστρέφομαι) attention, care, notice.

2. a moving about in a place: δομάτων ἐπι-

στροφάι occupation of the palace.

ἐπιστροφος, ov, (ἐπιστρέφω) conversant with: con-

cerned with or in.

ἐπι-στροννύμι, shortened form of ἐπιστορέννυμι.

ἐπι-στροφάω, f. ἦσω, Frequent. of ἐπιστρέφω: but

mostly intr., like Med. ἐπιστρέφομαι, to visit or fre-

quent a place: to occupy one's house: also to come to.

ἐπιστω, for ἐπίστασο, 2 sing. imperat. of ἐπίσταμαι.

ἐπι-συνάγω, f. ἀγω, to gather together again, collect

and bring to a place. Hence

ἐπισυνάγωγῃ, ἡ, an assembling together at a place.

ἐπισυνηγμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπισυνάγω.

ἐπι-συνίστημι, f. -συστήσω, to set together

against.

II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf.

-εσθηκα, to conspire against.

ἐπι-συντρέχω, f. -δραμοῖμαι, to run together to.

ἐπίσχυμα, ατος, τό, anything trailed after one: the trail of a snake, the track made by dragging. From ἐπι-σύρω, to drag or trail after one. II. to do anything in a careless way, to slur over.

ἐπισυστάμενος, εως, ή, (ἐπισυνίσταμαι) a being gathered together against, a riotous meeting, tumult.

ἐπι-σφάζω, f. ζω, to slaughter over or besides, im-molate.

ἐπι-σφαλής, ές, (ἐπί, σφαλῆναι) prone to fall, unsteady, precarious.

ἐπι-σφάπτω, f. ζω, later form of ἐπισφάζω.

ἐπι-σφίγγω, f. γζω, to bind tight, fasten.

ἐπι-σφραγίζω, f. ίω Att. ίω, to put a seal on, seal up. 2. to confirm, ratify. Hence

ἐπισφραγιστής, ου, ό, one who seals or signs.

ἐπισφύριον, τό, (ἐπί, σφυρόν) mostly in plur. bands or clasps which fastened the two plates of the greaves (πλημίδες) over the ankle: a covering for the ankle.

ἐπι-σχεδόν, Adv. near at hand.

ἐπισχεθεῖν, poet. aor. 2 inf. of ἐπέχω.

ἐπισχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπέχω.

ἐπι-σχερώ, Adv. (ἐπί, σχερῶς) in a row, one after another. II. of Time, gradually, by degrees.

ἐπισχεσία Ion. -λη, ή, (ἐπέχω) a pretext, excuse.

ἐπίσχεσις, εως, ή, (ἐπέχω) a checking, stopping, hindrance: delay, reluctance.

ἐπι-ισχύω, f. ύω [ύ], to make strong. II. intr. to be or grow strong:—to be urgent.

ἐπι-ισχύω, collat. form of ἐπέχω, to hold or direct towards. II. to keep in, hold in, check. 2.

intr. to leave off, desist.

ἐπισχύων, aor. 2 part. of ἐπέχω.

ἐπι-σωρεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, σωρός) to heap, pile up.

ἐπί-σωτρον Ep. ἐπίσσω-, τό, the metal hoop laid upon the felloes of the wheel, the tire.

ἐπιτάγή, ή, an injunction, precept. From

ἐπιτάγηναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιτάσσω.

ἐπιτάγμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιτάσσω) an injunction, order.

ἐπίταδες, Dor. for ἐπιτηδές.

ἐπιτακτήρ, ήρος, ό, and

ἐπιτάκτης, ου, ό, (ἐπιτάσσω) a commander.

ἐπίτακτος, ου, (ἐπιτάσσω) enjoined, commanded. II. drawn up, behind; οί ἐπίτακτοι, the reserve in an army.

ἐπι-τάλαιπωρέω, f. ήσω, to labour or suffer yet more.

ἐπιτάμης [ά], 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἐπιτέμνω.

ἐπι-τάμνω, Ion. for ἐπιτέμνω.

ἐπι-τάνω, poet. for ἐπιτένω, to stretch over.

ἐπίταξις, εως, ή, (ἐπιτάσσω) an injunction, order; ἐπίταξις τοῦ φόρου the arrangement of the tribute.

ἐπι-τάρασσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω, to trouble or disquiet yet more.

ἐπιτάροθος, ό, lengthened for ἐπίροθος, a helper, defender, ally.

ἐπίταξις, εως, ή, (ἐπιτένω) a stretching, straining.

ἐπι-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω; aor. 1 -έταξα:—Pass., aor. 1 -ετάχην; pf. -τέταγμαι:—to set over, put in command. 2. to enjoin, order:—Pass. to be under orders to do a thing; of things, to be ordered one: τὰ ἐπιτασσόμενα orders given. II. to place be-

hind or in reserve: also, to place next or beside.

ἐπι-τάφος, ου, (ἐπί, τάφος) on or over a tomb; λόγος ἐπιτάφιος a funeral oration spoken at Atheni-

yearly over the citizens who had fallen in battle such as that of Pericles in Thuc. 2. 35 sqq.

ἐπι-τάχυνω, f. ύνω, to hasten on, urge forward.

ἐπιτέλλαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἐπιτέλλω.

ἐπι-τέλω, f. -τενώ; Ion. impf. ἐπιτενεσκον:—Pass., aor. 1 -ετάθην [ά]; pf. -τέταμαι:—to stretch upon or over. 2. to draw tight: to increase, heighten: to

urge, excite:—Pass. to be stretched as on the rack: generally to be tortured, to be on the stretch, strained to the uttermost:—to endure.

ἐπι-τερίζω, f. ίω Att. ίω, to build a fort or occupy a fortified place against one, esp. in the enemy's country: c. acc. loci, to occupy with such a fort. Hence

ἐπιτερίχσις, εως, ή, the building a fort on the enemy's country, the occupation of it: and

ἐπιτερίχσμα, ατος, τό, a fort placed so as to com-mand an enemy's country: and

ἐπιτερισμός, ό, = ἐπιτερίχσις.

ἐπι-τελειόω, verb. Adj. one must accomplish.

ἐπι-τελέω, f. έω, to complete, finish: to fulfil, accomplish, esp. of vows or promises. 2. to discharge a religious service. 3. to pay in full, discharge: metaph. in Med., ἐπιτελείσθαι τὰ τοῦ γήρας to have

to pay, be subject to, the burdens of old age; ἐπιτελείσθαι θάνατον to pay the debt of death.

ἐπι-τέλής, ές, (ἐπί, τέλος) brought to an end, ac-complished, fulfilled.

ἐπι-τέλλω fut. -τελώ; aor. 1 -έτειλα; pf. -τέταλκα:—to lay upon, enjoin, command, prescribe, ordain: c. dat. pers. to give orders to:—so also in Med. II.

intr. and in Med., to rise, of the sun or stars.

ἐπι-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω: f. -τεμώ; aor. 2 -έταμον:—to make a cut or incision into, gasb. II. to cut short: to abridge.

ἐπί-τεξ, εκος, ή, (ἐπί, τεκεῖν) at the birth, about to bring forth.

ἐπιτερής, ές, pleasing, delightful From

ἐπι-τέρπομαι, Pass. to rejoice or delight in.

ἐπιτέταμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπιτέλω.

ἐπιτετήδευκα, pf. of ἐπιτηδεύω.

ἐπιτέτραπται, 3 sing. pass. pf. of ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπιτετράφαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπι-τεύω, f. ζω, to make for.

ἐπι-τεχνόομαι, Dep. to contrive for a purpose. II. to contrive against. Hence

ἐπιτεχνήσις, εως, ή, contrivance for a purpose.

ἐπιτήδειος, α, ου, Ion. ἐπιτήδεος, ή, ου, (ἐπιτηδέε) made for a special purpose, fit or adapted for it, con-venient. II. useful, serviceable, necessary; τὰ ἐπιτήδεια, the necessities of life. 3. of persons,

serviceable, friendly, well-disposed: as Subst., *an intimate friend*, Lat. *necessarius*.

ἐπιτηδεύτης, ἦτος, ἡ, *fitness, suitableness, convenience for a purpose*.

ἐπιτηδεύς Ion. —εύς, Adv. of ἐπιτήδειος, *suitably, serviceably*.

ἐπι-τηδής, later ἐπ-τηδες, Adv. formed from ἐπὶ τὰδε, *for a special purpose, for the purpose: on purpose, advisedly*, Lat. *consueto: designedly, artfully*.

ἐπιτήδευμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιτηδεύω) *that which one pursues, one's pursuit in life, business, custom, practice*, Lat. *studium, institutum*.

ἐπιτήδευστις, εως, ἡ, *attention to a pursuit or business: the practising or studying of a thing*. From

ἐπιτηδεύω, f. σω, (ἐπιτηδής); but the tenses are formed as if it were a compd. of ἐπὶ with τηδεύω (which does not exist), aor. I ἐπετήδευσα, pf. ἐπετήδευκα: —to pursue or practise a thing, make it one's business, Lat. *studere rei*: also to invent: c. inf. to take care to do:—Pass. to be practised, done with pains and care.

ἐπιτηκτος, ov, *melted or luted to, overlaid: metaph. superficial, counterfeit*. From

ἐπι-τήκω, f. ῥω, to melt upon, pour upon when melted.

ἐπι-τηρέω, f. ῥω, to look out or watch for.

ἐπι-τίθημι, f. —θήσω: aor. I —έθηκα: pf. —τέθεικα: —to put or lay upon. 2. to set upon, turn or incline towards.

II. to put to, close, as a door or covering: ἡμὲν ἀνακλῖναι πυκινὸν νέφος ἡδ' ἐπιθεῖναι both to roll back the thick cloud and put it to.

III. to put to besides, to add. IV. to put on, as a last touch or finish. V. to lay upon, impose, inflict, esp. a penalty: also to give a name.

VI. to give an injunction or message: to send by message.

VII. Med. ἐπιτίθεμαι, aor. 2 —έθημην: to put on oneself or for oneself. 2. to set oneself to, apply oneself to, engage oneself in.

3. to set upon, make an attempt upon, attack.

ἐπι-τίμω, f. ῥω: —to lay a value or set a price upon, Lat. *aestimare*: to value, honour, shew honour to.

2. to raise in price:—Pass. to rise in price.

II. to lay or estimate the amount of a penalty, to appraise. 2. to object to one as blameable: to blame, reprove, find fault with. Hence

ἐπιτιμῆσις, εως, ἡ, *a reproving, rebuking*: and ἐπιτιμητής, ου, ὁ, *an estimator*. II. *a punisher, chastiser*: ἐπιτιμητὴς ἔργων *an appraiser or examiner of what has been done*. Hence

ἐπιτιμητικός, ἡ, ὄν, *ensorious*.

ἐπιτιμητὴς, ορος, ὁ, (ἐπιτιμάω) *an avenger*.

ἐπιτιμία, ἡ, (ἐπιτιμος) *the enjoyment of civil rights and privileges*.

II. rebuke: punishment.

ἐπι-τίμος, ov, (ἐπὶ, τιμή) *done in one's honour*. II. τὸ ἐπιτίμιον or τὰ ἐπιτίμια, as Subst., *the value or estimate of a thing: the honour due to a person*. 2. *the assessment of damages, penalty*: τὰ ἐπιτίμια τῆς δουλοβείας *the wages of ungodliness*.

ἐπὶ-τίμος, ov, (ἐπὶ, τιμή) *in honour: in possession*

of one's full rights and privileges as a citizen, opp. to ἀτίμος.

ἐπι-τίθησθαι, ov, (ἐπὶ, τίθη) *still at the breast, sucking*.

ἐπι-τιτρώσκειν, f. —τρώσω, to wound on the surface.

ἐπι-τίω, f. —τίσω, to lay a penalty upon, punish.

*ἐπι-τλάω, obsol. pres. (see TAAΩ): imp. aor. 2 ἐπὶ ἐτλην inf. ἐπιτλήναι:—to bear patiently, submit.

ἐπιτλήτω, 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of *ἐπιτλάω.

ἐπιτολή, ἡ, (ἐπιτέλλω) *the rising of a star: the season of a star's appearance in the heavens*.

ἐπι-τολμάω, f. ῥω, to submit or endure to do.

ἐπιτόνος, ov, (ἐπιτείνω) *stretched, strained*. II. as Subst., ἐπίτονος (sub. ἵμας), ὁ, *a rope or cord with which a thing is stretched or tightened, the back-stay of the mast*.

ἐπι-τοξάζομαι, Dep. to shoot at.

ἐπιτόσσαι, Dor. part. of ἐπιτόσσει.

ἐπιτράπτεσθαι, Ep. 3 pl. of ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπι-τράπω, Ion. for ἐπιτρέπω: ἐπέτραψα, ἐπιτράψομαι, Ion. aor. I act. and fut. med. of same.

ἐπι-τρέπτειν, verb. Adj. *one must permit*. From

ἐπι-τρέπω: f. ψω: aor. I —έτρεψα, aor. 2 —έτρειπον:—Med., f. Ion. —τρέψομαι: aor. 2 —έτράπομην:—Pass., Ion. aor. I —ετρέφην: aor. 2 —ετρέπην [ᾶ]:—to turn to or towards:—Med. to incline to.

2. to give over, commit, entrust to one's charge: to put into another's hand, entrust oneself to:—Pass. to be entrusted: ᾧ ἐπιτετράφαται λαοί (3 pl. pf., for ἐπιτετραμμένοι εἰσι) to whose charge they have been committed: ὧραι μέγας οὐρανὸς ἐπιτέτραπται 3 sing. pf.): τὴν ἀρχὴν ἐπιτραφείης entrusted with the command: Med. to trust oneself to a person.

II. to make over to one's heir, leave, bequeath.

III. to give up, yield: to permit, suffer, allow.

ἐπι-τρέφω, f. —θρέψω, to bring up, maintain:—Pass. to grow up after: generally, to grow up.

ἐπι-τρέχω, fut. I —θρέξομαι, aor. I —έθρεξα: also (from Root ἐπιδρέμω) fut. —θράξομαι, aor. 2 —έδραμον: pf. —δέδραμκα, pf. 2 ἐπιδέδρομα:—to run at or upon: to assault, attack suddenly.

II. to run over a space: to graze as a lance does a shield: to overspread, be shed abroad, be diffused.

a. c. acc. to overrun, as an army does a country.

3. to run over, treat lightly of, Lat. *oratione percurrere*.

III. to run after: to grasp at, seek for.

ἐπίτρεψον, ἐπιτρέψαι, aor. I imper. and inf. of ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπι-τρίβω, f. ψω: aor. 2 pass. ἐπετρίβην [ῖ]:—to rub on the surface: to grind down, afflict, destroy:—Pass. to be utterly destroyed. Hence

ἐπίτριπτος, ov, *rubbed down, worn away: metaph. worn, practised, backbayed*.

ἐπὶ-τρίτος, ov, one and one-third, 1 + $\frac{1}{3}$, or $\frac{4}{3}$:—ἐπί-τριτον (sub. δάνισμα) was a loan at the rate of $\frac{1}{3}$ of the principal, i. e. 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ per cent. per annum.

ἐπι-τροπαίος, α, ov, (ἐπιτροπή) *entrusted, delegated*.

ἐπιτροπεία, ἡ, (ἐπιτροπέω) *guardianship*.

ἐπι-τρόπεις, εως, ἡ, = ἐπιτροπεία. Hence

ἐπιτροπευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, fit for the office of guardian.

ἐπιτροπεύω, f. σω, (ἐπιτροπος) to be in charge, to be guardian, trustee, governor.

ἐπιτροπή, ἡ, (ἐπιτρέπω) a reference of a thing to another: a charge entrusted to a person. 2. absol. an arbitration.

ἐπιτροπος, ὁ, (ἐπιτρέπω) one to whom a charge is entrusted, a trustee, steward: esp. a guardian.

ἐπιτροχάδην, Adv. (ἐπιτρέχω) runningly, fluently.

ἐπιτροχος, ον, (ἐπιτρέχω) running easily: metaph. voluble.

ἐπι-τρώζω, to murmur beside or over.

ἐπι-τρώγω, f. -τρώγομαι: aor. 2 -ἐτρώγον:—to eat to, with, or after, esp. as sauce or sweetmeat.

ἐπι-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύομαι: aor. 2 -ἐτύχον:—to light upon, fall in with, meet with: c. gen. rei, to hit, reach, attain to: c. part. to succeed in doing: in aor. 2 part., ὁ ἐπιτυχάνω, like ὁ τυχάνω, the first one meets, i. e. a common, ordinary person, any one.

ἐπι-τυμβίδιος, α, ον, (ἐπὶ, τύμβος) at or over a tomb.

II. of the crested lark, with a crest or top-knot.

ἐπι-τύμβιος, ον, = ἐπιτυμβίδιος.

ἐπι-τύφω [ῥ], f. -θύφω:—to kindle, inflame:—Pass. to be inflamed: to be furious.

ἐπιτυχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιτυγχάνω.

ἐπιτυχής, ἐς, (ἐπιτυχεῖν) biting the mark, effective, successful.

ἐπιφάγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπεσθῆναι.

ἐπι-φαίω, f. -φάνω: aor. 1 -έφηνα:—to shew forth, display. 2. intr. (sub. φῶς) to shine upon. II.

Pass. and Med. to shew oneself, come into light, shine forth, appear.

ἐπιφάνεια, ἡ, the appearance, manifestation. II. the surface, outside, of anything.

ἐπιφάνεος, aor. 2 pass. part. of ἐπιφαίω.

ἐπιφανέστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of ἐπιφάνω.

ἐπιφάνηαι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐπιφαίω. Hence

ἐπιφάνης, ἐς, (ἐπιφανῆναι) coming to light, appearing, conspicuous, open, manifest. II. metaph.

famous, Lat. illustris: of things, remarkable.

ἐπι-φάνια (sub. λερά), ἡ, τὰ, (ἐπιφανῆναι) the festival of the Epiphany, the Manifestation of Christ to the Gentiles.

ἐπι-φαντος, ον, (ἐπιφαίνωμαι) visible, alive.

ἐπιφάνως, Adv. of ἐπιφανῆς, openly.

ἐπι-φατνίδιος, ον, (ἐπὶ, φάτνη) at the manger.

ἐπι-φάω, f. σω, (ἐπὶ, φάος) to shine upon.

ἐπι-φέρω: f. -όλω: aor. 1 -ήνεγκα: aor. 2 -ήνεγκον: (see φέρω):—to bring, put or lay upon; ἐπιφέρειν πόλεμον, Lat. bellum inferre, to make war upon: absol. to attack, assail. 2. to throw a charge upon one, to impute to.

3. to confer upon, also in bad sense to inflict or impose upon: also to offer:—Med.

to bring with oneself, bring as dowry. 4. Pass., ἐπιφέρειναι τι, to rush upon, attack, assault, pursue:

—absol. to ensue, follow upon, come after, to happen after.

ἐπι-φημίζω, f. σω, (ἐπὶ, φήμη) to utter words of omen to one, to promise in accordance with an omen. Hence

ἐπιφήμισμα, τό, a word of good or bad omen.

ἐπι-φθάνω, f. άσω [α], to arrive at, reach first.

ἐπιφθάς, aor. 2 of ἐπιφθάνω, as if from ἐπιφθῆμι.

ἐπι-φθέγγομαι, f. -φθέγομαι, Dep. to utter after or in accordance, join in what is said.

ἐπι-φθόνος, f. ἡσω, to grudge or withhold from jealousy. II. to bear hate against.

ἐπι-φθονος, ον, liable to envy or jealousy. II. act. bearing a grudge against, jealous of, bating: working mischief, malignant. Hence

ἐπιφθόνως, Adv. so as to provoke envy. II. at enmity.

ἐπι-φθίζω, to spit at: Dor. part. fem. ἐπιφθύσοισα.

ἐπι-φίλοπονέομαι, Dep. to labour willingly at.

ἐπι-φλέγω, f. ζω, to set on fire, burn up. 2. metaph. to inflame, excite: also to make brilliant or illustrious. II. intr. to blaze up, be brilliant.

ἐπι-φοβος, ον, frightful, terrible, fearful. II. pass. timid.

ἐπι-φοντάω, f. ἡσω, to come constantly to, go regularly to, visit periodically: of foreign goods, to be regularly imported.

ἐπιφορά, ἡ, (ἐπιφέρω) a bringing to or upon: generally an addition.

ἐπι-φορέω, f. ἡσω, = ἐπιφέρω, to bring and put on. Hence

ἐπιφόρημα, ατος, τό, mostly in pl., that which is served up in addition: dessert.

ἐπίφορος, ον, (ἐπιφέρω) carrying towards. II. of ground, sloping. III. prone or inclined to a thing.

ἐπι-φράζω, f. σω, to say after or besides. II. Med. and Pass., fut. -φράσομαι: aor. 1 -εφράσάμην, and aor. -εφράσθην:—to think of doing, be minded to do. 2. to reflect upon, devise, contrive. 3. to notice, observe, to recognise, take notice of.

ἐπιφρασσάλατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. 1 med. opt. of ἐπιφράζω.

ἐπι-φρονέω, f. ἡσω, to be sbrewd, prudent.

ἐπι-φροσύνη, ἡ, (ἐπιφρων) thoughtfulness

ἐπι-φρουρος, ον, (ἐπὶ, φρουρά) keeping watch by.

ἐπι-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐπὶ, φρήν) thoughtful.

ἐπι-φύλιος, ον, (ἐπὶ, φύλη) distributed to tribes.

ἐπι-φύλλος, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐπὶ, φύλλον) the small grapes left for gleaners: a term applied by Aristophanes to poetasters, whose names are not mentioned until the list of true poets is exhausted.

ἐπι-φύτεύω, f. σω, to plant over or upon.

ἐπι-φύω, f. ύσω [ῥ]:—to make to grow upon. II. Pass., with act. aor. 2 ἐπέφυν, pf. ἐπιπέφυκα, to grow upon, to cling closely to.

ἐπι-φανέω, f. ἡσω, to tell of, mention.

ἐπι-φώσκω, (ἐπὶ, φῶς) to grow towards dawn.

ἐπι-χαίλω, to gape for.

ἐπι-χαίρω, f. -χαίρῃω, to rejoice over: c. acc., σθ

μὲν εὖ πρᾶσσοντ' ἐπιχαίρω: but mostly in bad sense, to show malignancy joy over:—so also in aor. 2 pass. ἐπιχαρήναι.

ἐπι-χάλαζω, (ἐπί, χάλαζα) to shower hail upon.

ἐπι-χαλάω, f. ἄω [ᾶ], to relax, loosen. II. intr. to yield or relent in a thing.

ἐπι-χαλκαύω, f. σω, to forge upon an anvil: to work over again.

2. metaph. to forge to one's purpose. ἐπι-χαλκος, ον, covered with copper, coppered over.

ἐπιχαῖρῃναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐπιχαίρω.

ἐπιχαῖρής, ἐς, (ἐπιχαίρω) gratifying, agreeable.

ἐπι-χαρίζομαι, f. ἴσμαι Att. ἰούμαι: Dep.:—to grant freely besides, to oblige with a present: aor. I imperat., ἐπιχαρίττω (Dor. for ἐπιχαρίσαι) τῷ ἐνέῳ be gracious to the stranger.

ἐπι-χάρης, ιτος, ὁ, ἡ, neut. ἐπίχαρι, pleasing, agreeable, winning: giving pleasure: the Comp. and Sup. are ἐπιχαριώτερος, -ιώτατος, as if from ἐπιχαίρι-τος, ον.

ἐπιχαίρῃναι, Dor. aor. I Imperat. for ἐπιχαρίσαι.

ἐπιχαρμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιχαίρω) an object of malignancy joy: a feeling of such joy.

ἐπιχαρτος, ον, (ἐπιχαίρω) to be rejoiced at, delightful. II. to be exulted over: ἐχθροῖς ἐπίχαρτα matter of triumph to enemies.

ἐπι-χειλῆς, ἐς, (ἐπί, χεῖλος) full to the brim.

ἐπι-χειμάζω, f. σω, to slay the winter through.

ἐπι-χειρέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐπί, χεῖρ) to put one's hand to a thing: to set to work at, make an attempt upon, endeavour to do. 2. to set upon, attack. Hence

ἐπιχειρήμα, ατος, τό, an undertaking, attempt: and ἐπιχειρήσις, εως, ἡ, an attempt upon, attack: generally, an attempt: and

ἐπιχειρητέον, verb. Adj. one must attempt.

ἐπιχειρητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἐπιχειρέω) an enterprising, adventurous person.

ἐπι-χειρον, τό, (ἐπί, χεῖρ) only used in pl. wages of manual labour. 2. generally, wages, pay, guardon, in good or bad sense, reward or punishment.

ἐπι-χειροτονῶ, f. ἦσω, to ratify a proposed decree, strictly, by show of hands. Hence

ἐπιχειροτονία, ἡ, a decree passed by vote of the people, esp. by show of hands.

ἐπιχεύαι, Ep. for ἐπιχέαι, aor. I inf. of ἐπιχέω.

ἐπι-χέω, f. -χεῶ, aor. I -έχεα: Ep. pres. ἐπιχεύω, aor. I -έχευα, inf. -χέυαι:—to pour over or upon: shed upon.

II. Med. to pour or spread over oneself or for oneself. 2. to have poured out for one to drink.

II. Pass., pf. κέχυμαι, plqpf. κέχυμην, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 ἐπέχυντο, to come as a torrent, to stream or flock to a place:—to spread over like a flood, inundate.

ἐπι-χθόνιος, ον, or α, ον, (ἐπί, χθών) upon the earth, earthy: as Subst., ἐπιχθόνιοι, οἱ, men on earth.

ἐπι-χολος, ον, (ἐπί, χολή) producing bile.

ἐπι-χορεύω, f. σω, to dance to or in honour of a thing: to come dancing on.

ἐπι-χορηγέω, f. ἦσω, to furnish or supply besides: generally, to supply: to aid. Hence

ἐπιχορηγία, ἡ, a supply in addition.

ἐπι-χραῖνω, to stain, colour.

ἐπι-χράω (A), only used in aor. 2 ἐπέχραον, to attack.

ἐπι-χράω (B): f. -χρήσω: aor. I -έχρησα:—to lend besides. II. Med. ἐπιχράομαι, Ion. -χρέομαι, f. -χρήσομαι, to make use of, esp. to have dealings, be friends with one.

ἐπι-χρέμπτομαι, Dep. to spit upon or at.

ἐπι-χρίω, f. ἴω [ῖ], to anoint, besmear:—Med. to anoint oneself.

ἐπι-χρῦσος, ον, overlaid or plated with gold.

ἐπι-χρύννυμι and -ούω, f. -χρώσω, to rub or smear over: xrw to stain, colour.

ἐπιχρῦθείς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐπιχέω.

ἐπίχρυσος, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιχέω) a pouring over: an overflow, flood.

ἐπι-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, to yield, give way.

II. inft to come over to.

ἐπι-χωρίζω, f. ἄω, (ἐπί, χωρῖον) to visit often, to be in the habit of coming to, Lat. ventitare.

ἐπι-χώριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἐπί, χώρα) in, of, belonging to the country: οἱ ἐπιχώριοι the people of the country, the natives: τὸ ἐπιχώριον the custom or fashion of the country. Adv. -ῖως, in the fashion of the country.

ἐπι-ψάκάζω, old Att. for ἐπιψεκάζω.

ἐπι-ψάλλω, to accompany on a stringed instrument.

ἐπι-ψάω, f. σω, to touch on the surface, glance over: metaph. to touch lightly on, Lat. stricim attingere.

ἐπι-ψεκάω old Att. -ψακάω: to pour drop by drop upon.

ἐπι-ψηεύδομαι, Dep. to lie still more.

ἐπι-ψηφίζω, f. ἴω Att. ἰῶ, to put to the vote, put the question:—Med. to confirm or decree by vote:—Pass. to be appointed by vote.

ἐπι-ψογος, ον, exposed to blame, blameable. II. act. blaming, censorious.

ἐπι-ωγαί, ὄν, αἱ, (ἐπί, ωγή) places sheltered from the wind, roadsteads.

ἐπιών, part. of ἐπιεῖμι (εἶμι ἴβο).

ἐπιλάχθην, aor. I pass. of πλάζω.

ἐπλάζω [ᾶ], aor. I pass. of πλάζω.

ἐπλάσσα Ep. ἐπλάσσα, aor. I of πλάσσω.

ἐπλε, for ἐπέλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πέλω: so, ἐπλεο for ἐπέλε, ἐπέλου, 2 sing. aor. 2 med.: ἐπλεu for ἐπέλεu, ἐπέλου: ἐπλετο for ἐπέλετο.

ἐπλεξα, aor. I of πλέκω.

ἐπλήγην, aor. 2 pass. of πλῆσσω.

ἐπληντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πλάζω.

ἐπλησθην, aor. I pass. of πῖμπλημι.

ἐπλων, aor. 2 of πλέω, as if from a verb in μ.

ἐπνευσα, ἐπνευσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of πνέω.

ἐπ-όδια, ἐπ-οδιάζω, Ion. for ἐφόδια, -ιάζω.

ἐπ-οδύρομαι, Dep. to lament over.

ἐποδάσκει, reputed to be Ion. for ἐφ-ωδῶκει, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἐφ-οδῶω, to bring on the way.

ἐπόθην, aor. I pass. of πίνω.
 ἐπ-οικέω, f. ἦσω, to go as settler or colonist to a place: to settle in a place, inhabit it. II. to occupy against for offensive operations. Hence
 ἐπ-οικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build upon or besides. II. to build up, build again, rebuild.
 ἐπ-οικος, ov, settling or sojourning among foreigners. II. as Subst. ἐπoικος, δ, a sojourner, stranger. 2. a colonist, settler in a colony. 3. a neighbour.
 ἐπ-οικτείρω, to have compassion on.
 ἐπ-οικτιζώ, f. σω, = ἐποικτειρώ. Hence ἐποικτιστος, ov, to be pitied, pitiable, wretched.
 ἐπ-οικτος, ov, (ἐπί, οἶκτος) piteous.
 ἐπ-οιμῶζω, f. -οιμῶμαι, to wail over,
 ἐπ-οίσω, fut. of ἐπιφέρω.
 ἐπ-οιχνέω, f. ἦσω, = ἐποίχομαι.
 ἐπ-οίχομαι, f. -οιχίσσομαι, Dep. to go towards, approach: to draw near to. 2. to go against, attack. II. to go over, go round, visit in succession: esp. of Apollo and Artemis, to visit with death. 2. to go over, get through one's work: to set about; ἰσθὶν ἐποίησθαι to ply the loom, Lat. percurrere telam. 3. to go over, traverse.
 ἐπ-οκέλλω, to run a ship ashore:—of the ship, to run ashore.
 ἐπ-οκρίβεις, εσσα, ev, uneven, rugged.
 ἐπ-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to glide upon.
 ἐπ-ολολύζω, f. ξω, to raise a cry of triumph at.
 ἐπ-ομαι, to follow, Dep. from ἐπω, q. v.
 ἐπομβρέω, ἦσω, to rain upon; and ἐπομβρία, ἦ, abundance of rain or moisture: wet weather, opp. to ἀχρμός (drought). From
 ἐπ-ομβρος, ov, (ἐπί, ὄμβρος) rainy: wet.
 ἐπ-ορνύμι and -ύω: fut. -ομοίμαι: aor. I -ώμοσα: —to swear to or upon; ἐπομνύει τοὺς θεοὺς to swear by the gods: c. acc. rei, to swear to a thing:—aor. I part., with another Verb, ἐπομόσας εἶπε he said with an oath, upon oath.
 ἐπομόσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐπομνύμι.
 ἐπ-ομφάλιος, α, ov, (ἐπί, ὀμφᾶλος) upon the navel: of a shield, on the boss.
 ἐπόνᾳσ, Dor. aor. I of πονέω.
 ἐπ-ονειδίξω, to throw reproaches upon. Hence ἐπονειδιστος, ov, to be reproached, disgraceful. II. act. reproachful. Adv. -τως, shamefully.
 ἐπ-ονομάζω, f. σω, to give another name to, to surname:—generally, to call by a name; ἐπoνομάζειν ὀνομά τινας to call upon by name:—Pass. to be named after another.
 ἐποπας, acc. pl. of ἐποψ.
 ἐπ-οπιζομαι, Ep. imperat. -οπίεο, Dep., only used in pres. and impf. to regard with awe or reverence.
 ἐποποιῶ, a cry to mimic that of the βοῶν (ἐποψ).
 ἐποποιία, f, epic poetry. From
 ἐπο-ποιός, ὢν, (ἐπος, ποιῶ) writing epic poetry:—as Subst., ἐποποιός, δ, an epic poet.
 ἐπ-οπτᾶω, f. ἦσω, to roam besides or after.

ἐπ-οπτέω, f. σω: Ion. impf. ἐποπτεύεσκον: (ἐπί, ὄρμαι) :—to look over, watch over, take charge of: to visit, punish. I. to become an ἐπoπτης, be initiated into the greater mysteries, used proverbially of attaining to the highest earthly happiness.
 ἐπ-οπτῆρ, ἦρος, δ, = ἐπoπτης, of tutelary gods.
 ἐπ-όπτης, ov, δ, (ἐπόφoμαι) an overseer, guardian, watcher. II. one initiated at the greater mysteries.
 ἐπ-οράω, Ion. for ἐφοράω.
 ἐπ-ορέγω, f. ξω, to hold out to, offer yet more. II. Med., fut. -ορέξομαι, to stretch oneself towards a thing, reach at it; aor. I part. ἐπορεξάμενος, having reached forward to strike. 2. metaph. to be desirous of more, rise in one's demands.
 ἐπ-ορέω, Ion. for ἐφοράω.
 ἐπ-ορθάζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ὀρθος) to set upright: intr. (sub. φωνήν) to lift up the voice, shout at; but ἐπορθάζειν ῥόους to lift up the voice in wailing.
 ἐπ-ορθοβοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, (ἐπί, ὀρθοβόας) to utter with a loud shout.
 ἐπ-ορκίζω, Ion. for ἐφορκίζω, to adjure.
 ἐπ-ορμύω, Ion. for ἐφορμύω.
 ἐπ-ορνύμι and -ύω: fut. -ύω: aor. I -ώρσα: (ἐπί, ὄρνυμι) :—to stir up or rouse against: to stir up, excite:—Pass. to rise against, assault, fly upon one.
 ἐπ-οροῦω, f. σω, to rush violently at: of sleep, to come suddenly on.
 ἐπόρσειαν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. of ἐπορνύμι.
 ἐπορσον, aor. I imperat. of ἐπορνύμι.
 ἐπ-ορχομαι, Dep. to dance to a tune.
 ἜΠΟΣ, τό, a word; κατ' ἑπος word by word, accurately. II. generally, that which is spoken, uttered in words, a speech, tale: also a song. III. it is used also of 1. a prophecy, an oracle: later also a proverb, maxim. 2. the meaning, substance of a speech. 3. ἐπη in pl. meant poetry in heroic verse, epic poetry, opp. to μέλη or lyric poetry: then transferred to elegiac verse; and thence generally to verses, poetry.
 ἐποτίσα, aor. I of ποτίω.
 ἐπ-οτοσιζώ, f. σω, to yell out, utter lamentably.
 ἐπ-οτρύνω, f. ὑνῶ, to stir up, urge on: to stir up against:—Pass. to hasten on.
 ἐπ-ουραῖος, α, ov, (ἐπί, οὐρά) on the tail.
 ἐπ-ουράνιος, α, ov, (ἐπί, οὐρανός) in heaven, heavenly. 2. in plur. as Subst., = θεοί.
 ἐπ-ουρλίω, f. ἰσῶ Att. ἰῶ: aor. I -ούρσα:—to blow favourably upon: metaph. to help onward, to direct towards a point. I. intr. to sail with a fair wind.
 ἐπ-ουρος, ov, (ἐπί, ὄρος) blowing favourably.
 ἐπ-οφέλω, to remain a debtor, continue in debt.
 ἐπ-οχετεύω, f. σω, to bring water by a channel to a place, Lat. derivare
 ἐποχέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐποχος) to carry towards or upon:—Pass. with fut. μέν, ἐποχῆσομαι, to be carried upon, ride upon.
 ἐπ-οχθιδίος, α, ov, (ἐπί, ὄχθη) on the mountains. .

εποχον, τό, *the saddlecloth, housings*. From
εποχος, ον, (ἐπέχω) *mounted upon*: metaph., λό-
γοι μανίας εποχοι words borne on madness, i. e.
rantic. 2. absol. well-seated, mounted: *keeping*
one's seat.

ΕΠΟΨ, οπος, ὁ, *the dooρος*, so called from its cry,
at. υἱῶρα.

ἐπ-οψάομαι, Dep. (ἐπί, ὄψον) *to eat with or as sauce*.

ἐπ-οψίδιος, ον, (ἐπί, ὄψον) *used to eat with bread*.

ἐπ-όψιμος, ον, (ἐπόψομαι) *to be looked on*.

ἐπ-όψιος, ον, also α, ον, (ἐπί, ὄψις) *visible, seen afar*,
onspicuous: *illustrious*. II. act. *overlooking all*
things.

ἐπ-οψις, εως, ὁ, (ἐπί, ὄψις) *a view over*; ἐποψία τοῦ
οὐοῦ *the view commanded by the temple*: generally, *the*
view or sight of a thing.

ἐπόψομαι, fut. of ἐφοράω, formed from *ἐπόπτομαι.

ἐπράθην [ᾱ], aor. I pass. of πιπράσκω.

ἐπράθον, aor. 2 of πέρθω.

ἐπρεσα, Ep. ahortd. for ἐπρησα, aor. I of πρήθω.

ἐπρήθην, Ion. aor. I pass. of πιπράσκω.

ἐπρήξα, Ion. for ἐπρηξα, aor. I of πράσσω.

ἐπρησα, aor. I of πρήθω.

ἐπριμην, Ion. ἴατο, aor. 2 of ἀνέομαι.

ΕΠΤΑ, οί, αἱ, τὰ, indecl., Lat. SEPTEM, SEVEN,
Germ. SIEBEN.

ἐπτα-βόειος, ον, (ἐπτά, βουῖς) *of seven bulls'-bides*.

ἐπτά-βοιος, ον, (ἐπτά, βοῖς) *of seven bulls'-bides*.

ἐπτά-γλωσσος, ον, (ἐπτά, γλῶσσα) *seven-tongued*,
even-toned.

ἐπτά-δραχμος, ον, (επτά, δραχμή) *worth seven*
drachms.

ἐπτα-ετής, ἐς, (επτα, ἔτος) *seven years old*. II.
of seven years: neut. ἐπτάετες, as Adv., *for seven*
years.

ἐπτά-ζωνος, ον, (ἐπτά, ζώνη) *seven-zoned*, of the
planetary system.

ἐπταισμα, pf. pass. of πταίω.

ἐπτά-καί-δεκα, οί, αἱ, τὰ, indecl. *seventeen*.

ἐπτάκις, also ἐπτάκι, (ἐπτά) Adv. *seven times*.

ἐπτάκις-μύριοι, αἱ, α, *seventy thousand*.

ἐπτακισ-χίλιοι, αἱ, α, *seven thousand*.

ἐπτά-κλινος, ον, (ἐπτά, κλίνη) *with seven couches*
or beds.

ἐπτάκόσιοι, αἱ, α, (ἐπτά) *seven hundred*.

ἐπτα-κότυλος, ον, (ἐπτά, κοτύλη) *holding seven*
cotylas.

ἐπτά-κυψος, ον, *seven-toned, with seven chords*.

ἐπτά-λογχος, ον, (ἐπτά, λόγχη) *of seven lances*, of
even troops of spear-men.

ἐπτά-λοφος, ον, (ἐπτά, λόφος) *seven-billed*.

ἐπτάμην [ᾱ], aor. 2 of πέταμαι.

ἐπτά-μηνος, ον, (ἐπτά, μήν) *born in the seventh month*.

ἐπτά-μίτος, ον, (ἐπτά, μίτος) *of seven strings*.

ἐπτά-μυχος, ον, *with seven recesses*.

ἐπταξα, Dor. aor. I of πτήσω.

ἐπτά-πηχυς, υ, gen. eos, *seven cubits long*.

ἐπτα-πόδες, ου, ὁ, (ἐπτά, πόυς) *seven feet long*.

ἐπτα-πορος, ον, *with seven tracks or paths*.

ἐπτά-πους, ὁ, ἡ, neut. πουν, *seven feet long*.

ἐπτά-πύλος, ον, (ἐπτά, πύλη) *seven-gated*: epith. of
Boeotian Thebes, in contradistinction to Egyptian
Thebes, which was ἑκατόμυλοι.

ἐπτά-πυργος, ον, *seven-towered*.

ἐπτάρον, aor. 2 of πταίρω.

ἐπτάρ-ροος, ον, contr. -ρους, ονν, *with seven chan-*
nels or beds, of the Nile.

ἐπτά-στολος, ον, *consisting of seven bodies of men*.

ἐπτά-στομος, ον, (ἐπτά, στόμα) *seven-mouthed*.

ἐπτα-τειχίς, ἐς, (ἐπτά, τείχος) *with seven walls*.

ἐπτάτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πέταμαι.

ἐπτά-τονος, ον, *seven-toned*.

ἐπτά-φθογγος, ον, (ἐπτά, φθογή) *seven-toned*.

ἐπτά-φωνος, ον, (ἐπτά, φωνή) *seven-voiced*.

ἐπτάχια, (ἐπτά) Adv. *in seven parts*.

ἐπτ-ετης, es, fem. ἐπτέτις, ιδος, (ἐπτά, ἔτος) *seven*
years old.

ἐπτην, aor. 2 act. οί πέταμαι, as if from πτήμι.

ἐπτηξα, aor. I of πτήσω.

ἐπτικός, pf. act., ἐπτισμαι, pf. pass., of πτίσσω.

ἐπτοίηθεν, poet. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of πτοέω.

ἐπτοίημαι, poet. pf. pass. of πτοέω.

ἐπτοίησα, poet. aor. I of πτοέω.

ἐπτόμην, aor. 2 of πέτομαι.

ἐπ-υδρος, ον, Ion. for ἐφύδρος.

ἐπιθόμην, aor. 2 of πυνθάνομαι.

ἐπύλλων, τό, Dim. of ἔπος, *a versicle*.

ΕΠΩ, poet. impf. ἔπον: f. ἔπω: aor. 2 ἔσπον, inf.
σπεῖν, part. σπών:—Med. ἔπομαι: impf. εἰπόμην

Ep. ἐπόμην: fut. ἔφομαι: aor. 2 with aspirate ἐσπό-
μην, imperat. σποῦ Ion. σπέω Ep. σπεῖω, inf. σπέ-
σθαι: I. Act. *to be engaged or with, to be busy*
about. II. Med. *to follow*, Lat. sequi: *to attend*,
to obey. 2. in hostile sense, *to pursue*. 3. *to*
follow with the mind, understand: Lat. mente assequi.

ἐπωδή, ἡ, contr. from ἐπαιοδή (ἐπᾶδω) *a song over*:
an enchantment, incantation, charm, spell.

ἐπώδιον, τό, Dim. of ἐπωδή.

ἐπωδός, ὄν, contr. of ἐπαιοδός, (ἐπᾶδω) *singing to*
or over: using songs or charms to heal with: c. gen.
acting as a charm for or against. 2. *sung or said*
after.

II. Subst., ἐπωδός, ὁ, ἡ, *an enchanter*
or enchantress, wizard or witch.

III. ἐπωδός, ἡ, *a lyric poem in couplets*, commonly of Iambic Trim.
and Dim., but of any longer and shorter measure,
except Elegiac: used by Horace.

ἐπ-ώδυνος, ον, (ἐπί, ὀδύνη) *painful*.

ἐπ-ώλω, (ἐπί, ὦ) *to wail over*.

ἐπ-ώδω, fut. -ώσω and -ωθήσω, *to push upon or into*.

ἐπωκέλα, aor. I of ἐποκέλλω.

ἐπ-ωλένιος, ον, (ἐπί, ὠλένη) *upon the arm*.

ἐπ-ωμόδιος, ον, (ἐπί, ὦμος) *on the shoulders*.

ἐπ-ωμής, ιδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, ὦμος) *the upper part of the*
shoulder: the neck and shoulder. 2. *the bird's*
part of a ship.

ἐπώμοσα, aor. I of ἐπώμωμι.

ἐπώματος, *ον*, (ἐπώνυμ) *on oaths, sworn* II. pass. *sworn by, invoked by oaths, of Gods.*
 ἐπωνύμια, *ῆ*, (ἐπώνυμος) *a name given after some person or thing, Lat. cognomen; ἐπωνυμίαν ἔχειν ἐπί τινος* to have a name after one:—but, *ἐπωνυμίαν σchein χώρας* to have the naming of it, have it named after one. 2. *a name significant of fate.* II. generally, *a name.*

ἐπωνύμιος, *α, ον*, poet. for ἐπώνυμος.
 ἐπ-ώνυμος, *ον*, (ἐ.τ. ὄνομα Aeol. for ὄνομα) *named after some person or thing; ὄνομα ἐπώνυμον* a name given in commemoration or remembrance of something; Ἄλκυονην καλέεσκον ἐπώνυμον Alcyoné they called her by name: generally, *surnamed, called.* II. act. *giving one's name to a thing or person: at Athens the first archon was called ἄρχων ἐπώνυμος, as giving his name to the current year.*

ἐπωπάω, *to look over, observe.* From
 ἐπ-ωπή, *ῆ*, (ἐπ. ὤψ) *a spot which commands a wide view, a look-out place.*

ἐπώπτων, *impf. of ἐποπτάω.*
 ἐπώρα, *Ion.* for ἐφεώρα, 3 sing. *impf. of ἐφοράω.*
 ἐπώρασα, *aor. I of ἐπώρην.*
 ἐπώρτο, 3 sing. *Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐπορνυμι.*
 ἐπωτίδες, *ιδαν, αἶ*, (ἐπ. οὐς) *beams on each side of a ship's bows, where the anchors were let down.*
 ἐπ-ωφέλω, *ῆ*, ἴστω, *to help in a thing, to be of use or service in.* Hence

ἐπωφέλημα, *ατος, τό*, *a succour, store.*
 ἐπωφέλλω, *ῆ*, (ἐπωφέλω) *help, profit, advantage.*
 ἐπώχλω, 3 pl. *Aeol. and Ion. plqpf. pass. of ἐπέχω, πᾶσαι γὰρ (πύλαι) ἐπώχλω* all were shut to.
 ἐπωχόμεν, *impf. med. of ἐποίχομαι.*
 *ἘΠΑ, *ῆ*, the *Lat. terra, earth: only found in Adv.*

ἐραζε, *to earth.*
 ἘΠΑΜΑΙ, *Ep. 2 pl. ἐράσθε: impf. ἡράμην:—Pass., fut. ἐρασθήσομαι: aor. I ἡράσθην: aor. I med. ἡρᾶσμαι:—to love, desire, long after.*

ἐράνίζω, *f. σω*, (ἐρανος) *to ask for contributions: to collect by way of contribution.* II. *to give a contribution.* III. *to combine.* Hence

ἐρανιστής, *οὔ, δ*, *a contributor to an ἐρανος or club.*
 ἐραννός, *ῆ, ὄν*, (ἐράω) *lovely, pleasant.*
 ἐράνος, *ο*, *a meal to which each contributed his share, also συμβολή, Lat. symbolum: generally, a feast, festival.* 2. *any subscription or contribution: generally, a kindness, service.* 3. *a club or society.*

ἐρασθε, *Dor.* for ἐραζε.
 ἐρασι-μολπος, *ον*, (ἐράω, μολπή) *loving song.*
 ἐρασι-χρημάτων, *ον*, (ἐράω, χρήματα) *loving money, covetous, avaricious.*

ἐράσμιος, *α, ον*, also *ος, ον*, (ἐράω) *lovely, beloved.*
 ἐρασσαι, *Ep.* for ἐρασαι, 2 sing. *of ἐραμαι.*
 ἐρασσάτω, *Ep.* for ἡρασσάτω, 3 sing. *aor. I of ἐραμαι.*
 ἐραστεύω, *f. σω*, = ἐράω, *to love, desire.*
 ἐραστής, *οὔ, δ*, (ἐραμαι) *a lover: metaph. an ad-herent, partizan*

ἐραστός, *ῆ, ὄν*, (ἐράω) *beloved, lovely.*

ἐρατεινός, *ῆ, ὄν*, (ἐράω) *lovely: welcome.*
 ἐρατίζω, = ἐράω, *to desire extremely, be greedy for.*
 ἐρατός, *ῆ, ὄν*, poet. for ἐραστός, *beloved: lovely.*
 ἐρατό-χρως, *ον*, contr. -χρως, *ον*, (ἐρατός, χρεία) *of facts or complexion.*

ἐράτω, *Dor.* for ἑρτίως.
 Ἐράτω, *οὐς, ῆ*, (ἐρατός) *Erato, Lovely, one of the nine Muses.* 2. *one of the Oceanides.*

ἘΡΑΨΩ, *only found in pres. and impf. with aor. I pass. ἡράσθην used in act. sense: see ἐραμαι:—to love: of things, to long for, desire passionately: absol., ἐρῶν a lover; ῆ ἐρωμένη* the beloved:—*Dep. ἐράομαι* in same sense is very rare.

ἐργάζομαι, *fut. ἐργάσομαι Dor. ἐργαζοῦμαι: aor. I ἐργασάμην: pf. ἐίργασμαι Ion. ἐργασμαι, both in act. and pass. sense: but ἐργασθήσομαι, aor. I ἐίργασθην always in pass. sense: Dep.: (ἐργον):—to be busy, to work, set to work, esp. of husbandmen; τὸ χρήμ' ἐργάζεται* the matter works, i. e. goes on. II. trans. *to work, do, perform, carry out, accomplish.* 2. *to work at or in; ἐργάεσθαι χρυσόν* to work the gold. 3. *to earn by working.* 4. *to make, build: also to produce, cause.* III. *to work at a trade, drive a trade.*

ἐργάθων, *Ep.* for εἰργάθων, poet. *aor. 2 of εἰργω; inf. ἐργάθειν.*

ἐργαλεῖον *Ion.* -ῆιον, τό, (ἐργον) *a tool, instrument.*

ἐργάεσθ' *Dor.* for ἐργάσει, 2 sing. *fut. of ἐργάζομαι.*
 ἐργασείω, *Desiderat. of ἐργάζομαι, to be about to do, intend to do.*

ἐργασία, *ῆ*, (ἐργάζομαι) *work, toil, Lat. labor: daily labour, business, occupation; ἐργασίαν δός* take pains to do. II. *a working at a thing; busbandry, tillage; ἐργασία μετάλλων* working of mines. 2. *workmanship, art, craft: also a work of art.* 3. *gain, earnings, profit.*

ἐργάσιμος, *ον*, (ἐργάζομαι) *to be worked, that can be worked: of land, arable.*
 ἐργασμαι, *Ion.* for εἰργασμαι, *pf. of ἐργάζομαι.*
 ἐργαστέον, *verb. Adj. of ἐργάζομαι, one must work the land.* 2. *one must do.*

ἐργαστήρ, *ἦρος, δ*, (ἐργάζομαι) *a workman, farmer.*
 ἐργαστήριον, τό, (ἐργάζομαι) *a workshop, manufactory, shop.*

ἐργαστικός, *ῆ, ὄν*, (ἐργάζομαι) *fit for working, bard-working, diligent, busy.*

ἐργάτης, *ον, δ*, (ἐργον) *a workman, busbandman: a practitioner, worker.* II. as *Adj. bard-working, diligent, energetic.* [ᾱ]

ἐργατικός, *ῆ, ὄν*, (ἐργάζομαι) = ἐργαστικός.
 ἐργατίνη, *ον, δ*, = ἐργατῆς. [Υ]

ἐργατῆς, *ιδος, fem. of ἐργατῆς, a work-woman: a birling, mercenary woman.* II. as *Adj. working at.* [ᾱ]

ἐργμα, *ατος, το*, = ἐργον, *a work, deed.*
 ἐργμα, *ατος, τό*, (εἰργω, ἔρκος) *a fence, enclosure.*
 ἐργνός and -νύμι, poet. for εἰργω, ἔρκω, *to enclose.*

ἐργο-δότης, ου, ὁ, (ἐργον, δίδωμι) one who lets out work.

ἐργολαβέω, to contract for the doing of work; ἐργολαβεῖν ἀνδριάντας, Lat. statuas conducere faciendas. From

ἐργο-λάβος, ου, (ἐργον, λαβεῖν) contracting for work to be done: as Subst., ἐργύλαβος, ὁ, a contractor, Lat. conductor, redemptor. [ᾶ]

ἐργον, τό, (*ἐργω—ἔρδω) work; a man's business, employment; τὰ σαυτῆς ἔργα κόμizε mind your own business. 2. in the II. mostly ἔργα, works or deeds of war; but in the Od. works of industry, works of husbandry: tilled lands; ἔργα Ἰθάκης the tilled lands of Ithaca: ἔργα βοῶν the fields which the oxen plough; so Virgil boum labores; ἔργα γυναικῶν women's work, bandiwork, esp. weaving: of other occupations, as, θαλάσσια ἔργα fishing or, generally, maritime pursuits:—later of all kinds of works, e.g. of mines, like iron-works, etc. 3. a hard piece of work, a severe work. 4. often in Hom. opp. to ἔπος, deed, not word; in Att. often opp. to λόγος.

II. the following peculiar. Att. phrases occur: ἔργον ἐστὶ, c. inf. it is hard work, troublesome; σὺν ἔργον ἐστὶ, c. inf. it is your business to do; ἔργα παρέχειν τινί, like πράγματα παρέχειν, to give one trouble.

*ΕΡΓΩ, in Homer mostly ἐέργω, Ep. forms for Att. ἔργω or εἶργω: fut. ἔρξω or εἶρξω: aor. I εἶρξα: pf. ἔργμαι, 3 pl. ἔρχαται: plpf. ἔργμην, 3 pl. ἔρχατο or ἐέρχατο: aor. I pass. part. ἐρχοίς:—to shut in, confine, include; ἐντὸς ἐέργειν to enclose within; γέφυραι ἐεργμέναι bridges well-secured, strong-built, compact.

II. to shut out: exclude or prohibit from a thing:—also to binder or prevent from doing:—Med. to keep oneself from, to abstain from.

*ΕΡΓΩ, to do work, absol. root, for which the pres. in use is ἔρδω:—hence fut. ἔρξω, aor. I ἔρξα, pf. ἔργμαι, plpf. ἔωργειν, which serve as the tenses of ἔρδω.

ἔρδεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἔρδω.

ΕΡΔΩ, fut. ἔρξω, etc., see *ἐργω:—to work, do, accomplish; c. dupl. acc., κατὰ ἔρδην τινά or absol. ἔρδειν τινά, to do one harm. 2. like Lat. sacra facere, ἔρδ᾽ ἔρδειν to make, offer a sacrifice: later, without ἱερά or θυσίας, like facere or operari in Latin.

ἐρεβεννός, ἡ, ὄν, (Ἐρεβος) dark, gloomy.

Ἐρέβεσφι, Ἐρέβεσφι, v. sub Ἐρεβος.

*ΕΡΕΒΙΝΘΟΣ, ὁ, a kind of pulse, vetch, Lat. cicor. ἔρεβο-διφάω, (ἔρεβος, διφάω) to grope about in darkness.

ἐρεβόθεν, Adv. from Erebo. From

Ἐρεβος, τό, gen. eos contr. ους, Ion. Ἐρέβεως, Ἐρέβεστων:—Erebo, a place of nether darkness, above the still deeper Hades.

*Ερεβόσδε, Adv. to or into Erebo.

ἐρεῖνω, like ἐρομαι, to ask; c. acc. pers. to ask of one: so also Med. ἐρεῖνωμαι.

ἐρεθίζω Dor. —Ισθμι: f. ἰσθ Att. ἰθ: aor. I ἡρέθισα, ἰσθα —Ιθα: (ἐρέθω):—to rouse to anger, provoke, ir-

ritate. II. later to excite, kindle; φέφαλος ἐρε-

θιζόμενος the kindled spark. Hence

ἐρέθισμα, τό, a stirring up, exciting.

*ΕΡΕΨΩ, like ἐρεθίζω, to stir to anger: to raise, increase.

*ΕΡΕΨΩ, f. ἐρεΨω: aor. I ἤρεψα:—Pass., aor. I ἤρεψθην: pf. ἐήρεψμαι: 3 sing. plpf. ἐήρεψετο:—to make one thing lean against another: hence to press, urge, force against; ἐρεΨειν πλῆγην to inflict a severe blow. 2. to prop, stay, support, strengthen:—generally, to fix firm, plant. 3. to press hard upon. 4. to dash, hurl. 5. of wagers, to match, set one pledge against another, Lat. deponere. II.

intr. to lean against, withstand; ἀλλήλων ἐρεΨοῦσαι crowding one another: in Att. to lean on, press hard on. 2. to go to work; ἐρεΨε fall to (to eat).

III. Pass., and Med. to prop or support oneself on a thing, lean on: absol. in aor. I med. part., ἐρεΨάμενος having set himself firm, taken a firm stand; οὐδὲ χαῖται ἐπηρεδᾶται (3 pl. pf.) the hair rested on the ground. 2. to be fixed firm; λᾶε ἐπηρεδᾶται the stones were firmly set. 3. in Med.

to strive one with another, contend.

*ΕΡΕΪΚΗ, ἡ, beat, beater, Lat. erica.

*ΕΡΕΪΚΩ, f. ἔω: aor. I ἤρεϊφα:—to break, tear, rend; ἐρεϊκόμενος περὶ δουρί rent, pierced by the spear: generally, to dash. II. intr. in aor. 2 ἤρικον, to shiver, fly in pieces.

ἐρεῖο, Ep. for ἐρεο, ἐρου, imperat. of ἐρομαι.

ἐρεῖοι, οί, a word used as a term of insult to the Egyptians.

ἐρεῖομεν, Ep. for ἐρέωμεν, 1 pl. subj. of ἐρέω.

ἐρεῖπιον, τό, (ἐρεῖπω) a fallen ruin, in plur. ruins; ναυτικά ἐρεῖπια wrecks, pieces of wreck; νεκρῶν ἐρεῖπια dead carcasses; πέπλων ἐρεῖπια remnants of robes.

*ΕΡΕΪΤΩ, f. ἐρεΪτω: aor. I ἤρεϊψα:—Pass., aor. I ἤρεϊψθην: pf. ἐήρειμμαι:—to dash down, tear down; ἐρεῖπει γένωσ θεῶν τις some god dashes down their race:—Pass. to be dashed down, fall in ruins; τεῖχος ἐρέμῃτω (Ep. plpf. for ἡρήμῃτω):—Pind. has aor. 3 pass. part. ἐρίπετε, dat. ἐρίπντι, fallen. II. intrans. in aor. 2 ἤρικον Ep. ἐρίπων, pf. 2 ἤρηρπα, to fall down, stumble: fall prostrate.

ἐρεῖσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐρεΪω.

ἐρεῖσθαι, aor. I part. pass. of ἐρεΪω.

ἐρεῖσμα, ατος, τό, (ἐρεῖδω) that which is fixed to support a thing, a prop, stay, support; metaph. of persons, Θήραν ἐρεῖσμ' Ἀκράγαντος Theron pillar of Agrigentum, like Lat. columen. II. — ἔρμα, a sunken rock.

ἐρεῖψιμος, ου, (ἐρεῖπω) fallen down, in ruins.

ἐρεῖψι-τοιχος, ου, (ἐρεῖπω, τοῖχος) overtopping walls.

ἐρεμνός, ἡ, ὄν, contr. of ἐρεβεννός, black, dark; ἐρεμῇ φάτις a dark (i. e. obscure) rumour.

ἐρέφα, aor. I of ῥέφα.

ἐρέομαι, Ep. and Ion. form of ἐρομαι, to ask.

ἐρέπτομαι, Dep. used only in pres. and impf., to feed on. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐρέπτω, = ἐρέφω, to roof over · to crown.

ἐρέριντα, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass of ἐρέπτω.

ἐρέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐρομαι

ἘΡΕΨΣΩ Att τρω fut. ἐρέσω : aor. I ἤρεσα — to row.

II. trans. to urge by rowing, metaph. of birds, πτερύγων ἐρετμοῖσιν ἐρεσσόμενοι sped onward by the oarage of their wings, Virgil's *remigio alarum*.

2. generally, to ply, urge :—Pass. of a bow, to be plied, banded.

ἐρέτης, ov, δ, (ἐρεσσω) a rower.

ἐρετμός, δ, or ἐρετμόν, τό, (ἐρέσσω) Lat. *remus*, an oar. m pl only the neut. ἐρετμά is used. Hence

ἐρετμός, f. ὦσα, to equip with oars, set to row.

ἐρέτω, Att. for ἐρέσσω.

ἘΡΕΥΓΟΜΑΙ, f. ἐρεύβομαι, Dep. to spit or spew out, to disgorge, Lat. *ructare*: absol. to belch, Lat. *ructare*

2. metaph. of the sea, to splash and foam against the land, break upon the beach. II. in

aor. 2 act. ἤρυγον, inf. ἐρύγειν, part. ἐρυγών, to belch, roar

ἐρευθεῖδανον, τό, madder. From

ἐρευθός, f. ἥσα, to be red. From

ἐρευθος, εως, τό, redness, bloom, blushing: from

ἘΡΕΥΘΩ. fut. ἐρεύσω, to make red, stain red.

ἐρεύνα, ης, ἡ, (ἐρέω) an inquiry, search. Hence

ἐρεύνα, f. ἥσα, to seek or search for, search after :

to search, examine. 2. c. inf. to seek or attempt to do. Hence

ἐρευνητέον, verb. Adj. one must search.

ἐρεῦσαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἐρεῖνθω,

ἘΡΕΨΩ, f. ψω : aor. I ἤρεψα :—to cover or roof in a building. II. to cover with a crown, wreath with garlands :—Med. to crown oneself.

ἐρέχθω, to rend, break, shiver :—Pass., ναῦς ἐρεχθομένη ἀνέμοισι a ship dashed hither and thither by the storm, shattered. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐρεψα, aor. 1 of ἐρέφω.

ἐρέω, Ion. and Ep. for ἐρῶ.

ἐρέω, Ep. pres. for ἐρομαι, to ask.

ἐρημάζω, f. ὦα, (ἐρήμος) to be left lonely, go alone: Ion. impf. ἐρημάζεσκον.

ἐρημαῖος, α, ov, poet. for ἐρήμος.

ἐρημία, ἡ, (ἐρήμος) a solitude, desert, wilderness. II. solitude, loneliness : of places, a being

laid waste, desolation, Lat. *vastitas* : of persons, desolation, destitution. 2. generally, want of, absence : also exemption from evil.

ἐρημιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, a solitary devotee.

ἐρημο-κόμης, es, (ἐρημος, κόμη) destitute of hair.

ἐρημο-λάλος, ov, (ἐρημος, λαλέω) chattering in the desert.

ἐρημό-πολις, ι, gen. ἰδος, (ἐρημος, πόλις) left of one's city.

ἐρημο-νόμος, ov, (ἐρημος, νέμω) haunting the desert.

ἘΡΗΜΟΣ, η, ov, also os, ov: Att. ἐρημος :—of places, lonely, lone, desert : of persons, lone, solitary.

desolate, also destitute, helpless.

3. c. gen. *refst* of; destitute of, abandoned by; στέγαι φίλων ἐρημοί.

II. as Subst., ἐρήμος (sub. γῆ, χώρα), ἡ, a solitude, desert, wilderness.

III. ἐρήμη (sub. δίκη), ἡ, a trial in which one party does not appear, and lets judgment go by default; ἐρήμην δίκην ἐλεῖν to get judgment by default; δφλεῖν to let it go by default.

ἐρηνοσύνη, ἡ, solitude. From

ἐρημός, f. ὦσα, (ἐρήμος) to make solitary or desert, lay waste, desolate, devastate. 2. c. gen. to bereave of :—Pass. to be bereft, deprived of.

II. to leave, abandon :—Pass. to be left alone, deserted. Hence

ἐρήμων-ες, εως, ἡ, desolation, devastation : and ἐρημότης, οῦ, δ, a desolator.

ἐρηρέδῃσθαι, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐρεῖδω : ἐρηρέδαστο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass.

ἐρήριμμα, pf. pass. of ἐρεῖπω.

ἐρήριπα, intrans. pf. of ἐρεῖπω.

ἐρήρτυθεν, Aeol. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of ἐρηρτύω.

ἐρήνω, f. ὦσα [ῶ] : aor. I ἐρήνῳσα : (ἐρύω) :—to hold back, restrain, to keep in check, repress :—to keep back from.

ἐρητύσασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. 1 of ἐρητύω.

ἘΡΓ, insepar. Particle, like ἀρι-, used as a prefix to strengthen the sense of a word, very, much.

ἐρι-αύχη, εως, ὁ, ἡ, with high-arching neck.

ἐρι-βας, ov, δ, (ἐρι-, βοή) clamorous, riotous.

ἐρι-βρεμέτης, ov, δ, (ἐρι-, βρέμω) loud-sounding thundering, roaring.

ἐρι-βρεμής, ἐς, = ἐρίβρομος.

ἐρί-βρομος, ov, (ἐρι-, βρέμω) loud-shouting, roaring.

ἐρί-βρυχη, ov, Ep. εως, ὁ, and ἐρί-βρυχος, ov, (ἐρι-, βρυχάομαι) loud-bellowing.

ἐρι-βῶλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, and ἐρι-βωλος, ov, with large clods, of rich, loamy soil : hence very fertile, fruitful.

ἐρί-γδουπος, ov, = ἐρλδουπος, thundering.

ἐρίδαλνω, f. ἐρίδῃσω, (ἐρίω) to wrangle, quarrel : to strive for :—aor. 1 inf. med. ἐρίδῃσασθαι.

ἐρίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἐριον.

ἐρίδμαίνω, (ἐρίω) to provoke to strife, irritate. II. intr. to contend.

ἐρίδματος, ov, (ἐρι-, δμῆτος) strongly built : hence strong, excessive.

ἐρί-δουπος, ov, (ἐρι-, δουπος) loud-sounding.

ἐρίζιμεναι, Ep. inf. of ἐρίζω.

ἐρίζω Dor. ἐρίσσω : Ion. impf. ἐρίζεσκον : fut. ἐρίσω : aor. 1 ἤρισα, Ep. 3 sing. opt. ἐρίσσειε : (ἐρις) :—to strive, wrangle, quarrel. 2. to rival, strive, or vie with : hence, to be equal, be a match, for :—so also in Med.

ἐρί-ηρος, ov, (ἐρι-, ἥρος) fitting closely : metaph. as epith. of ἑταῖρος, loving, faithful, trusty : so also in heterocl. plur., ἐρίηρες ἑταῖροι, acc. ἐρίηρας ἑταῖρους.

ἐρίθαις, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐριθος) a labouring woman.

ἐρι-θάλῃς, ἐς, Dor. for ἐριθηλῃς.

ἐρίθελαι, ἡ, (ἐριθεύω) labour for wages.

Π. ἀ-τριγυῖν, Lat. *ambitus* : party-spirit, faction.

ἐρι-θηλής, ἐς, (ἐρ τήθαλα) *very luxuriant, flourish-
ing, fertile.*

ἐριθός, ὁ, also ἡ, a *day-labourer, hired servant*; in Homer, ἐριθοί, of men, are *mowers or reapers*; of women, *workers in wool*.

ἐρίκειν, intrans. aor. 2 inf. of ἐρίκω.

ἐρι-κλάγκτης, ον, ὁ, (ἐρι-, κλάω) *loud-sounding.*

ἐρί-κλαυστος and -κλαυτος, ον, (ἐρι-, κλαίω) *much-
weeeping.* II. pass. much-*wept, bewailed.*

ἐρί-κτύπος, ον, *loud-sounding.*

ἐρι-κυδής, ἐς, (ἐρι-, κύδος) *very famous, glorious.*

ἐρι-κύων [ῶ], ον, gen. ονος, (ἐρι-, κύμα) *full of
young, big with young.*

ἐρι-κύκος, ον, (ἐρι-, μέμικα) *loud-bellowing.*

ἙΡΙΝΕΟΨ, ὁ, *the wild fig-tree, Lat. caprificus.*

ἐρίνεος, α, ον, (ἐριον) of *wool, woollen.*

ἙΡΙΝΤΨ (not Ἑριννύς), gen. υός, ἡ: pl. nom.

Ἑρινυός, contr. -ύς, acc. -ύας contr. -ύς, gen. -ύων
contr. -ύν:—*the Erinyes or Fury, an avenging deity*; the names *Tisiphoné, Megaera, Alecto* do not occur
till late. At Athens they were called *Εὐμενίδες* or
Ξεμναί, by an euphemism. II. as Appellat., *μη-*

τρός ἐρινύς *curse* from one's mother; *φρενῶν ἐρινύς*
distraction, frenzy; also, *blood-guiltiness.*

ἐριον Ep. and Ion. εἶριον, τό, (ἐπος) *wool, Lat. lana*;
also in plur. 2. ἐρια ἀπὸ ξύλου *wool from the tree*,
i. e. *cotton*; so in Germ., *baum-wolle*.

ἐριο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (ἐριον, πωλέω) a *wool-dealer*.
Hence

ἐριο-πωλικῶς, Adv. *like a wool-dealer, cheatingly.*

ἐριο-πώλιον, τό, *the wool-market.*

ἐριό-σσεπτος, ον, (ἐριον, στέφω) *wreathed with wool.*

ἐρι-ούνιος, ὁ, Homeric epith. of *Hermes*, from ἐρι-,
δνίνμη, *the helper, luck-bringer*; also absol. Ἑριού-
σιος, Helper, as a prop. n. of *Hermes*.

ἐρι-ουργέω, f. ἥσω, *to make woollen stuff.*

ἐρι-ουργός, ὄν, (ἐριον, *ἔργω) *working wool.*

ἐριπε, Ep. for ἥριπε, 3 sing. intrans. aor. 2 of ἐρείπω.

ἐριπέειν, intrans. aor. 2 inf. of ἐρείπω.

ἐρί-πλευρος, ον, (ἐρι-, πλευρά) *with sturdy sides.*

ἐρίπηρ or ἐρίπηνα, ἡ, (ἐρείπω) a *broken cliff, crag*,
scour; any *sheer ascent*.

ἐριπνός, aor. 2 part. of ἐρείπω.

*ΕΡΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ: acc. ἐριν and ἐριδα: pl. ἐριδες, later
ἐρεις:—*strife, quarrel, debate*: esp. *rivalry, conten-*
tion: *discord, jealousy*; also in good sense, ἐρις ἀγα-
θῶν *zeal for good* II. as pr. nom., *Eris*, the
Goddess of Strife.

ἐρίσθεν, Dor. inf. of ἐρίζω.

ἐρίσδομος, Dor. for ἐρίζομεν.

ἐρί-σθενής, ἐς, (ἐρι-, σθένος) *mighty in strength.*

ἐρισμα, ατος, τό, (ἐρίζω) a *cause of quarrel*

ἐρι-σμάραγος, ον, (ἐρι-, σμάραγῃ) *loud-thundering.*

ἐρίσσειε, -ειαν, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. aor. I opt. of ἐρίζω.

ἐρίσσειται, Ep. for ἐρίσθται, aor. I subj. med. of ἐρίζω.

ἐρι-στάφυλος, ον, (ἐρι-, στάφυλή) *large-clustering*,

rich in grapes: of wine, *made of fine grapes*.

ἐρίστης, οὐ, ὁ, (ἐρίζω) a *wrangler, disputer*.

ἐριστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐρίζω), *to be disputed or contested.*

ἐρι-σφάραγος, ον, = *εἰσμαράγος, loud-roaring.*

ἐρί-τιμος, ον, (ἐρι-, τιμή) *highly prized, precious*

ἐρίφειος, ὄν, (ἐρίφος) of or *belonging to a kid.*

ἐρίφιον, τό, Dim. of ἐρίφος, a *goat, kid*. [Y]

*ΕΡΙΨΟΣ, ὁ, also ἡ, a *young goat, kid*. II.

ἐριφοί, οί, Lat. *boedi*, a *constellation* which brought
storms; ἐν ἐρίφω in *stormy weather*.

ἐρίωλή, ἡ, a *whirlwind, hurricane, tornado*: Aristot-
phanes gives a fanciful derivation from ἐριον and
ἄλλυμα, *wool-consumption*.

ἐρκεῖαι Att. ἔρκειος, ον, and α, ον, (ἐρκος) *belonging
to the court or enclosure* in front of the house; *Zeus*
Ἑρκεῖος, the *household god*, because his statue stood
in the ἐρκος; ἐρκεῖοι πύλαι *the gates of the court*.

ἐρκίον, τό, (ἐρκος) a *fence, enclosure*.

ἐρκος, εος, τό, (ἐργω, εἶργω) an *enclosure, hedge*,
fence, wall: mostly of the *wall round the court-yard*,
and so a *court-yard*: ἀγγέων ἐρκα, periph. for
ἀγγη; σφραγίδος ἐρκος, for σφραγίς; ἐρκος ὀδόντων
the ring-fence of the teeth, for ὀδόντες *the teeth*
themselves. II. a *net, snare*: the coils of the
lasso. III. metaph. any *fence or defence, bulwark*.

ἐρκ-ουρος, ον, (ἐρκος, οὔρος) *watching an enclosure*.

ἐρκτή, ἡ, Ion. for εἶρκτή.

ἔρμα, ατος, τό, a *prop, support*: mostly of the *stays*
or *beams* by which ships on shore were kept upright;
metaph., ἔρμα πύλος *pillar of the state, Lat. colum-*
men. 2. a *sunken rock or reef*, on which a vessel
may strike: also a *mound, cairn, barrow* on land. 3.

ballast. II. μελανέων ἐρμῶν ὀδυνάων, of a sharp
arrow, *the foundation*, i. e. *cause, of pangs*. III.

ἐρματα, earrings, akin to ὄρμος: generally, a *neck-*
lace, band: a *chain*.

ἐρμαῖον, τό, (Ἑρμῆς) a *windfall, godsend, lucky dis-*
covery, *Hermes* being the reputed giver of such gifts,
as in *Latin Hercules*.

Ἑρμαῖος, α, ον, Att. Ἑρμαῖος, ον, (Ἑρμῆς) of or
from *Hermes*. II. Ἑρμαῖα (sub. ἱερά), τά, a *fes-*
tival in his honour.

ἐρμαῖτζω, (ἔρμα) *to ballast*.

Ἑρμ-αφρόδιτος, ὁ, (Ἑρμῆς, Ἀφροδίτη) an *Herma-*
phrodite: an *effeminate person*.

Ἑρμάων ανος, ὁ. poet. esp. Dor. for Ἑρμῆς. [α]

Ἑρμάς, ὁ, poet. for Ἑρμῆς, dat. Ἑρμέα.

Ἑρμείας, ὁ, Ep. for Ἑρμῆς; gen. Ἑρμείας, -είω;
dat. Ἑρμεία; acc. Ἑρμείαν; voc. Ἑρμεία.

ἐρμηνεῖα, ἡ, (ἐρμηνεύω) *interpretation, explana-*
tion. II. expression, *power of speech*.

ἐρμῆνευμα, ατος, τό, (ἐρμηνεύω) an *interpretation*,
explanation. 2. a *sign, monument*.

ἐρμηνεύς, εως, ὁ, (Ἑρμῆς) an *interpreter, dragoman*:
generally, an *expounder*. Hence

ἐρμηνεύω, f. ὠ, *to be an interpreter, to interpret*,
explain, make clear: hence *to express, give utter-*
ance to.

Ἑρμῆς, ὁ; Ep. gen. Ἑρμέω; dat. Ἑρμῇ; acc.
Ἑρμῆν; voc. Ἑρμῆ:—*Hermes*, the Lat. *Mercurius*.

In Homer, as messenger of the gods, he is called διάπτορος; as giver of good luck, ἐριούσιος, ἀπάκτητα; as god of all secret dealings, and cunning, δόλιος; as conductor of ghosts to Hades, ψυχοπομπός. Later, he was tutelary god of arts and sciences; also of heralds, traffic, markets, roads, whence he is ὀδῖος, ἐνόδιος; hence any four-cornered post ending in a bust was called Ἑρμῆς.

Ἑρμίδιον, τό, Dim. of Ἑρμῆς, a little figure of *Hermes*: in vocat. my dear little *Hermes*.

ἐρμῖς or ἐρμῖν, ἄνθρ, ὁ, dat. pl. ἐρμῖν, (ερμα) a *post*, support: a bed-post.

Ἑρμο-γλύφεύς, ἄνθρ, ὁ, (Ἑρμῆς, γλύφω) a *carver of Hermes*: generally, a *statuary*. Hence

ἐρμογλυφικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a *statuary*: ἡ ἐρμογλυφική (sub. τέχνη), the *art of statuary*.

ἐρμο-γλύφος, ὁ, = ἐρμογλυφεύς.

ἐρμο-κοπίδης, οὐ, ὁ, (Ἑρμῆς, κόπτω) a *mutilator of the Hermes*.

ἘΡΝΟΣ, εὐς, τό, a *shoot*, scion, of the olive and palm; ἀνέδραμεν ἐρνεῖ Ἰσος he shot up like a young *plant* II. metaph. a *scion*, a *child*.

ἐρξα, aor. I of *ἐργω, = ἐρδω.

ἐρξέλης or ἐρξής, ὁ, translation of the Persian name *Darius*: from *ἐργω, ἐρδω, the *worker*, *doer*.

ἐρξω, fut. of *ἐργω, = ἐρδω.

ἐρόβεις, εσσα, εν, (έρος) *lovely*, *pleasing*.

ἐροίην, for ἐροῖμι, pres. opt. of ἐρέω.

ἘΡΟΜΑΙ Ion. εἰρομαι: impf. εἰρόμην: fut. ἐρήσομαι Ion. εἰρήσομαι: aor. 2 ἤρομην, imperat. ἔρου Ep. ἔρειο, subj. ἔρωμαι, opt. ἐροίμην, inf. ἐρέσθαι, part. ἐρόμενος:—to *ask*, *inquire*: to *ask after* or *for*.

II. to *question*, to *ask advice of*, *consult*: c. dupl. acc. to *ask one about* a thing.

ἔρος, ὁ, poet. form of ἐρως, *love*, *desire*.

ἘΡΟΣ, εὐς, τό, wool, Lat. *lana*.

ἐρπετών, τό, (ἐρπω) a *creeping thing*, *reptile*: esp. a *snake*; pl. ἐρπετά, as opp. to πτερινά, *any animals that move on the earth*.

ἐρπηστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἐρπω) a *creepcr*, a *mouze*.

ἐρπύζω, f. σω, (ἐρπω) to *creep*, *crawl*, *drag oneself along*: always with idea of difficulty or distress.

ἐρπυλλος, ὁ and ἡ, (ἐρπω) *creeping thyme*, Lat. *serpyllum*, an evergreen herb used for wreaths.

ἐρπύσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐρπύζω or ἐρπω.

ἐρπυστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ἐρπυστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἐρπύζω) a *reptile*: a *crawling child*.

ἘΡΙΠΩ, impf. εἰρπον: fut. ἐρίψω Dor. ἐρίψω: aor. I ἐρίψα, formed from ἐρπύζω (cf. ἔλκω, εἰλκῶσα):—the Lat. *SERPO*, *REPO*, to *creep*, *crawl*, *move slowly*: of men, to *creep*, *glide*, *slink about*: ἐρποντα *creeping things*. 2. metaph. to *creep on*, *spread*, as in Lat. *serpit rumor*.

ἐρπυες, Dor. I pl. pres. subj. of ἐρπω.

ἐρράγην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ῥήγνυμι.

ἐρράδδαι, Ep. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ῥάδω: ἐρράδατο, (Ep.) 3 pl. plqpf.

ἐρραμμένος, pf. part. pass. of ῥάπτω.

ἐρράπια, aor. I of ῥάπτω
ἐρρέθεν and ἐρρήθην, aor. I pass. of ἐρέω, ἐρῶ.
ἐρρηξα, aor. I of ῥήγνυμι.

ῥήγνι, pf. 2 (with pres. sense) of ῥιγέω.

ἐρρίγησα, aor. I of ῥιγέω.

ἐρρίζωται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ῥιζόω.

ἐρριμμένος, pf. part. pass. of ῥίπτω.

ῥριψα, aor. I of ῥίπτω.

ἐρρύηκα, pf. of ῥέω:—ἐρρύην, aor. 2 pass.

ἐρ-ρυθμός, οὐ, ἡ, rhythm, time or measure.

ἘΡΡΩ, fut. ἐρρήσω: aor. I ἤρρησα: pf. ἤρρηκα:—to go or walk slowly; properly of a halting gait, whence Vulcan is called ἐρρων, *limping*. II. in a bad sense, to go or come to ruin: ἐρρων ἐκ ναός gone or fallen from a ship: imperat. ἔρρε, or ἔρρε ἐκ ναός, Lat. *abi in malam rem, go with a plague on thee*; ἐρρέτω let him pass, away with him; ἐρρέτω Ἴλιον let Troy perish! ἔρρε τὰ καλὰ the luck is gone!

ἐρρωγα, pf. 2 of ῥήγνυμι.

ἐρρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of ῥώννυμι, as Adj., in good health, vigorous, stout: Adv. ἐρρωμένως, stoutly: irreg. Comp. ἐρρωμενέστερος, Sup. -έστατος.

ἐρρώντο, 3 pl. impf. of ῥώομαι; ἐρρώσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I med.; ἐρρώσθην, aor. I pass.

ἐρρώσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of ῥώννυμι.

ἐρρωσο, ἐρρωσθε, pf. imperat. pass. of ῥώννυμι.

ῥοση Ep. ἔροση, ἡ, (ἄρδω) dew, Lat. ros: τεθαλίνα

ἔροση plenteous dew: in pl. rain-drops. II.

metaph. of any young and tender thing, esp. of late-born lambs, cρ. μέτασσα. Hence

ῥοσήεις Ep. ἔροσήεις, εσσα, εν, dewy, dew-be-sprinkled:—of a corpse, fresh.

ῥοσην, ενος, ὁ, Ion. for ῥοσην, ἄρην.

ῥουγάνω, Att. form of ἔρηνγομαι, to *unmist*.

ῥεύγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ῥεύγομαι.

ῥεύμηλος, ἡ, οὐ, (ῥεύγομαι) loud-bellowing.

ῥεύγων, aor. 2 part. of ῥεύγομαι.

ῥεῦθαινα, aor. I ῥεῦθην, poet. for ῥεῦθαινα, to

redden, make to blush:—Pass. to become red. Hence

ῥεῦθμα, ατος, τό, redness on the skin: a flush, blush.

ῥεῦθαινα, f. ἄνῳ, (ῥεῦθός) to dye red:—Pass. to

become red, to blush.

ῥεῦθαινα, f. ἄνῳ [ᾶ], (ῥεῦθός) to be apt to blush.

ῥεῦθρο-βαφής, ἑς, (ῥεῦθρός, βαφῆναι) dyed red.

ῥεῦθρο-πούς, ὁ, ἡ, gen. ποδός, (ῥεῦθρός, πούς) red-

footed: the name of a bird, the red-bank.

ἘΡΥΘΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, red, Lat. *RUBER*. II.

Ἐρυθρή θάλασσα, the *Erythraean sea*, our *Indian ocean*.

ἐρυκάνω, Ep. aor. 2 of ἐρύκω, inf. ἐρυκάνειν.

ἐρυκάνω, poet. for ἐρύκω, to restrain, confine.

ἐρυκανώσι, Ep. for ἐρυκανώσι, 3 pl. of ἐρυκανάω.

ἐρυκάνω, poet. for ἐρύκω, to restrain. [ᾶ]

ἐρύκει, f. ῥω: aor. I ἤρυξα Ep. ἐρυξα: Ep. aor. 2

ἤρυκον, or without augm. ἐρύκαον, inf. ἐρύκάνειν:

(Ep.):—to keep in, hold back, restrain, binder: to

control, curb, keep in check; γῇ ἐρύκει earth confines

(the dead); *μή με ἔρῃκε μάχη* keep me not back from fight. 2. to detain a guest. 3. to ward off, Lat. arceo. 4. to keep apart, separate, divide. II. Pass. to be held back, detained: to be kept away. 2. to be guarded, safe. ἐρῖμα, ατος, τό, (ἐρύομαι) a fence, guard: a bulwark, fort: generally, a defence, safeguard. ἐρύματιον, τό, Dim. of ἐρύμα. ἐρυμάν-υτος, ον, with impenetrable back. ἐρυμνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐρύομαι) fenced, fortified. Hence ἐρυμνότης, ητος, ἡ, strength, security, of a place. ἐρυντό, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ῥύομαι. ἐρυσάιοτο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. I opt. med. of ἐρύω. ἐρύσ-ἀρμάτος, ον, (ἐρύω, ἄρμα) ebariot-drawing: Ep. heterocl. pl. ἐρυσάρματες, -τας. ἐρύσ-θριξ, τρήχος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐρύω, θρίξ) for drawing through the hair, epith. of a comb. ἐρύσ-της, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἐρύομαι, ναῦς) preserving ships. ἐρύσ-πολις, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐρύομαι, πόλις) protecting the city. ἐρύσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐρύω) a drawing. ἐρυσμός, ὁ, (ἐρύομαι) a safeguard. ἐρύσασθαι, Ep. aor. I inf. med. of ἐρύω. ἐρύσσομεν, Ep. for ἐρύσωμεν, aor. I subj. of ἐρύω. ἐρυστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐρύω) drawn. ἐρύτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. (with sense of aor. 2) pass. of ἐρύω. ἘΡΥΩ Ion. ἐρύω: fut. ἐρύσω or ἐρύω: aor. I ἐρύσσω. Ep. εἰρυσσα or ἐρύσσαι:—to draw, drag; νεκροῦς or νεκρὸν ἐρύειν, either of the friends, to drag the corpse away, rescue it, or of the enemy, to drag it off for plunder, ransom, etc.: to drag about, treat roughly: hence to drag away, carry off violently; to tear off or down χλαῖνης ἐρύειν τινά to pull him by the cloak. II. Med. ἐρύομαι Ion. ἐρύομαι: fut. inf. ἐρύεσθαι, but Ep. fut. also ἐρύσσομαι: aor. I ἐρύσάμην Ep. εἰρυσάμην or ἐρυσάμην: the foll. forms are pass., pf. εἰρύμαι both in med. and pass. sense, Ep. 3 pl. εἰρύαται, 3 sing. plqpf. (with sense of aor. 2) εἰρύτο or ἐρύτο, 3 pl. εἰρυντο or εἰρύατο:—to draw to one's own side; ξίφος ἐρύεσθαι to draw one's sword; ἐρύσασθαι τόνον to draw one's bow to, to string it; ἐρύεσθαι νῆας to launch one's ships, but in pass. sense, of the ships, to be hauled ashore. 2. from the sense of drawing out from the press of battle, comes the sense to rescue, deliver, and hence to protect, guard. 3. to keep off, ward off; ἡ δ' οὐκ ἔγχος ἐρύτο it kept not off the spear: hence to check, thwart, repress. 4. to keep guard upon, watch, to keep carefully, conceal: also to maintain, assert, hold in honour; θέμιστας εἰρύαται they maintain laws. ἐρχᾶται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐργω, ἐργω:—ἐρχᾶτο (or ἐέρχато), 3 pl. plqpf. ἐρχάτομαι, Pass. to be shut up. From ἐρχᾶτος, ὁ, (ἐργω) a fence, enclosure, hedge. ἐρχάτονωτο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of ἐρχάτομαι. ἐρχθεις, aor. I part. pass. of ἐργω, εἰ, ῶ. ἘΡΧΟΜΑΙ: impf. ἤρχομην:—the tenses are formed from the Root ἐλεύθω: fut. ἐλεύσομαι: aor.

ἤλυθον, syncop. ἤλθον Dor. ἦνθον; later also aor. I ἦλθα: pf. ἐλήλυθα Ep. εἰλήλουθα, I pl. εἰλήλουσμεν, part. εἰληλουθῆς: 3 sing. plqpf., Ion. ἐληλύθες Ep. εἰληλούθει:—to come or go:—to come back, return:—in Homer with cognate words, as, οὐδὸν or κέλευθον ἐλθεῖν; also ποῖτ', ἀγγελίην ἐλθεῖν, to go on a message. 2. c. gen. loci, πεδίλιο ἐλθεῖν to go through or across the plain 3. with fut. part., ἐρχομαι οἰσόμενος ἔγχος I come to fetch a spear: like an auxiliary Verb, ἐρχομαι ἐρέων I am going to tell, Fr je vais dire. II. later phrases: εἰς λόγους ἐρχεσθᾶι τινι to come to speech, have an interview, converse with. 2. ἐπὶ πᾶν ἐλθεῖν to try everything. 3. παρὰ μικρὸν ἐλθεῖν, c. inf., to come within a little of, be near a thing. 4. with did and its case, periph. for a Verb, as, διὰ μάχης τινὶ ἐρχεσθαι for μάχεσθαι τινι, διὰ πολέμου ἐρχεσθαι for πολεμεῖν, etc. ἐρῶω, ἐρῶσόμενος, Dor. I sing. and pl. fut. of ἐρῶω, dat. of ἐρος, ἴου: see ἐρος. ἘΡΩ Ion. and Ep. ἐρέω, fut. (φημί, λέγω and ἀγορεύω being used as pres. and εἶπον as aor. 2): from the same Root come pf. εἶρηκα, pass. εἶρημαι, plqpf. pass. εἶρήην; aor. I pass. ἐρρήσθην and ἐρρέσθην, inf. ῥηθῆναι; fut. pass. ῥηθήσομαι, fut. 3 εἶρήσονται:—I will say, speak. 2. I will tell, proclaim, announce: hence I will promise. 3. I will tell, order him to do; ἐρητό of, c. inf., it had been told him to do. II. ἐρέω occurs sometimes in Hom. as a pres.—ἐρομαι, εἶρομαι, to ask for or after. ἘΡΩΑΙΟΨ, ὁ, the beron or berrn, Lat. ARDEA. ἐρωεῖται, 3 sing. pres. imperat. of ἐρώω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἠρώησα Ep. ἐρώησα:—to flow, stream, burst out: to gush out by starts or at intervals. 2. to retreat, withdraw, cease from, c. gen.: absol., νέφος οὐποτ' ἐρωεῖ the cloud never leaves it. II. trans. to drive or force back. (Akin to ῥώομαι.) Hence ἐρωή, ἡ, any quick, violent motion; δουρὸς ἐρωή the rush or flight of a spear; λικτητήρος ἐρωή the force or swing of the winnowers (the shovel). 2. an impulse, desire. II. a retreat from, rest from; πολέμου ἐρωή. ἐρωήσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐρωεῖω: ἐρωήσασθε, 2 pl. opt. ἐρω-μανέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐρος, μαινομαι) to be madly in love. Hence ἐρωμάνια, ἡ, mad love. ἐρωμένιον, τό, a little love, darling: Dim. of ἐρώμενος, ὁ, ἐρωμένη, ἡ, pres. part. pass. of ἐράω, a loved one, one's love. ἐρως, ατος, ὁ: heterocl. dat. ἐρῶ (from ἐρος), acc. ἐραῶν, for regular dat. ἐρωτι, acc. ἐρωτα: (ἐρος):—love: desire for a thing. II. as prop. n., the god of love, Eros, Amor: in plur. ἐρωτες the Loves. Hence ἐρωτάριον, τό, Dim. a little Cupid. ἐρωτώ Ion. ἐρ-, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἠρώησα: (ἐρομαι):—to ask, τινά τι something of one; τὸ ἐρωτη-

θὲν *ask the question*. II. *to question a person*. III. *to ask, solicit, beg*. Hence ἐρώτημα, ατος, τό, *a question*; ἐρώτημα τοῦ ξυνθήματος *the asking for the watchword, the challenge of soldiers*.

ἐρώτησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐρωτάω) *a questioning*. ἐρωτίας, ἄδος, ἡ, *pecul. fem. of ἐρωτικός*. ἐρωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔρως) *of or caused by love*; ἐρωτική ξυντυχία *a love affair*. 2. *given to love, fond*. Hence

ἐρωτικῶς, Adv. *lovingly, fondly*. ἐρωτίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἔρως) *a loved one, darling*. II. as Adj. ἐρωτίδες νῆσοι, *islands of love*.

ἐρωτο-γράφος, ον, (ἔρως, γράφω) *writing on love*. ἐρωτο-πλάνος, ον, (ἔρως, πλάναι) *beguiling love*. ἐρωτο-πλοῦς, f. ἡσσι, (ἔρως, πλοῦς) *to sail on love's ocean*.

ἐρωτύλος, ὁ, (ἔρως) *a darling, sweetheart*. II. as Adj., ἐρωτύλοι ἀείδουσιν *to sing love-songs*. [ῥ]

ἐς, Ion. and old Att. form for εἰς, *to*: for all compounds with ἐσ- see under εἰς-.

ἐς, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔτιμι ἐσ-αγγελεύς, ἐσ-αγγέλλω, for εἰσαγγ-. ἐσ-αγείρω, v. εἰσαγείρω; in Homer only in 3 sing. ἔσπ. impf. med. εἰσαγείρετο, Ep. aor. 1 med. εἰσαγείρατο. ἐσ-άγω, v. εἰσάγω.

ἐσ-αἰέν, (ἐς, αἰέν) Adv. *for ever*. ἐσ-αθρέω, ἐσ-ἄκοντιζω, ἐσ-ἄκούω, v. sub εἰς-.

ἐσαθρήσασμαι, aor. 1 opt. of εἰσαθρέω. ἐσῶλω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of εἰσάλλομαι.

ἔσαν, Ep. and Ion. 3 pl. impf. of εἰμί sum. ἔσαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of ἔννυμι.

ἐσάντα, v. εἰσάντα. ἐσ-άπαξ, Ion. for εἰσπα-, (ἐς, ἀπαξ) *at once*.

ἐσάπην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of σῆπω. ἐσ-απικνέομαι, Ion. for εἰσαπικνέομαι.

ἐσ-ἀράσσω, v. εἰσαράσσω. ἔσατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of ἔννυμι.

ἐσ-ἄχρι, Adv. for εἰς ἄχρι, *until, c. gen.* ἐσῶθεν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of σαύω, Ep. for σώζω.

ἐσῶσα, aor. 1 of σαύω, Ep. for σώζω. ἐσβαλὴν, aor. 2 opt. of εἰσβαίνω.

ἐσ-βαίνω, ἐσ-βάλλω, v. εἰσβαίνω, εἰσβάλλω. ἐσβάς, aor. 2 part. of εἰσβαίνω.

ἔσβην, aor. 2 of σβέννυμι. ἐσ-βιβάζω, ἐσ-βολή, v. εἰσβιβάζω, εἰσβολή.

ἐσ-δέκομαι, Ion. for εἰσδέχομαι. ἐσ-δίδωμι, ἐσ-δύομαι, ἐσ-δύω, v. εἰσδ-.

ἐσδόμενοι, ἐσδόμεθα, Dor. for ἐξόμενοι, ἐζόμεθα. ἔσει, ἔσεται, poet. for ἔσει or ἔσθ, ἔσαι, 2 and 3

sing. fut. of εἰμί sum. ἐσδρᾶκον, aor. 2 of εἰσδρέκω.

ἐσδρᾶμον, aor. 2 of εἰστρέχω. ἔσ-εμι, v. εἰσεμι.

ἐσελεύσομαι, fut. of εἰσέρχομαι. ἐσελθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσέρχομαι.

ἐσεμίσσασθην, Ep. aor. 1 of εἰσμαιόμαι (cf. ἐπιμαίομαι), *to touch; μάλα γὰρ με ἄλυνος ἐσεμίσσαστο*

θυμόν for by his death he very much touched me in heart.

ἐσέπτατο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of εἰστέταμι.

ἐσεργύναι, Ion. inf. of εἰσεργαίω, εἰσεργαίω. ἐσ-ερχομαι, v. εἰσέρχομαι.

ἐσεσάχατο, 3 pl. plpf. pass. of σάττω. ἐσέχυντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of εἰσέχω.

ἐσ-έχω, ἐσ-ἔθεώ, v. sub εἰσέχω, εἰσῆθώ. ἐσῆλατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of εἰσάλλομαι.

ἐσημήναντο, 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of σημαίνω. ἔσηνα, aor. 1 of σαίνω.

ἔσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of ἔημι. 2. pf. inf. pass. of ἔννυμι.

ἐσθέσθαι, Ion. aor. 2 inf. med. of εἰστίθην. ἐσθέω, (ἐσθής) *to clothe*:—Pass. *to be clothed, dressed*; mostly in pf. ἡσθημαι Ion. ἐσθημαι; ἐσθητα ἐσθημένος *clad in raiment*. Hence

ἔσθημα, ατος, τό, *a garment, dress*. ἔσθην, 3 dual plpf. pass. of ἔννυμι.

ἐσθής, ἦτος, ἡ, (ἔσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of ἔννυμι) *a garment*: *dress, clothes, raiment*, Lat. *vestis*.

ἐσθησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐσθέω) *clothing, raiment*. ἐσθίω, Ep. inf. ἐσθιέμεν: impf. ἥσθιον: fut. ἔδομαι (from Ep. pres. *ΕΔΩ): pf. act. ἐδήδωκα, pass. ἐδήδεσμαι: aor. 1 pass. ἤρσθην: aor. 2 act. ἐφῆγον (from Root *ΦΑΓΩ):—*the Lat. EDO, to eat*: metaph. *to devour, consume*, like fire or an eating disease;

ἐσθίει ταυτὸν *to vex or annoy oneself*; ἐσθίειν τὴν χελύνην *to bite the lip*:—Pass. *to be eaten*; οἶκος ἐσθιεται *the house is eaten up*.

ἔσθλο'ς, ἡ, ὄν, Dor. ἐσλός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἀγαθός, *good of his kind*: *brave, stout*: also *valle, wealthy*: *kind, good*. 2. *of omens, good, lucky*. 3. as

Subst., ἐσθλά goods: absol., ἐσθλὸν *good luck*. ἐσθλότερος, -ατος, Comp. and Sup. of ἐσθλός.

ἐσθορον Ep. aor. 2 of εἰσθρῶσκω. ἔσθος, εως, τό, — ἐσθής, *a dress, garment*.

ἐσθ' ὅτε, for ἐστὶν ὅτε, Lat. *est quum, there is a time when*, i. e. *now and then, sometimes*.

ἐσ-θρῶσκω, v. εἰσθρῶσκω. ἔσθω, Ep. inf. ἐσθέμεναι, impf. ἥσθον, poet. form of ἐσθίω, *to eat, devour*: metaph. *to eat up or consume one's means*.

ἐσιγάθην [α], Dor. aor. 1 pass. of σιγάω. ἐσιδών, for εἰσιδεῖν, inf. of εἰσιδεῖν.

ἐσιδέσθην, Ep. 3 dual aor. 2 med. of εἰσιδεῖν. ἐσιτέμεναι, fem. part. pres. med. of εἰσίστημι.

ἐσιζήται, for εἰσίζηται, 3 sing. subj. of εἰσίζομαι. ἐσ-ίημι, ἐσ-ικνέομαι, ἐσ-ίπταμαι, v. εἰς-.

ἐσ-καταβαίνω, v. εἰσκ-. ἐσκάτθετο, for εἰσκατέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of εἰσκατατίθην.

ἔσκε, Ep. and Ion. for ἦν, 3 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum. ἐσκέδισα, aor. 1 of σκεδάννυμι.

ἔσκεμαι, pf. of σκοτέω. ἐσκήδναντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of σκίδναι.

ἔσκληκα, intr. pf. of σκελλω: ἔσκλην, aor. 2. ἔσκον, Ep. and Ion. for ἦν, impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἑσλός, Dor. for ἑσθλός.

ἑσμηχον, impf. of σμήχω.

ἑμός or ἑμός, ὁ, (ἱμῖ) a swarm of bees: any swarm or flock; ἑμοὶ γάλακτος streams of milk.

ἑμο-τόκος, ον, (ἑμός, τεκεῖν) producing swarms of bees.

ἔσο, Ep. for ἴσθι, imperat. of εἰμί.

ἑσ-οικέω, ἑσ-οικέω, v. εἰσ-.

ἑσοπτος, v. εἰσοπτος. Hence

ἑσοπτρον, v. εἰσοπτρον.

ἑσ-οράω, v. εἰσοράω.

ἑσορώμεν, Dor. for εἰσορώμεν.

ἑσοῦμαι, Dor. for ἔσομαι, fut. of εἰμί sum.

ἑσόψομαι, fut. of ἑσοράω, εἰσοράω.

ἑσπάθημαι, pf. pass. of σπαθῶ.

ἑσπαρμαι, pf. pass. of σπείρω.

ἑσπεισα, aor. I of σπένδω.

ἙΣΠΕΡΑ, ἡ, Lat. VESPERA, fem. of the Adj.

ἑσπερος: 1. (sub. ὥρα), evening; ἑσπέρας (gen. of time) at eve; ἀπὸ ἑσπέρας after evening, at nightfall: eis or πρὸς ἑσπέραν towards evening: in plur. the evening hours, eventide. 2. (sub. χώρα), the west, Lat. occidentis; τὸ πρὸς ἑσπέρας the west country. Hence

ἑσπερινός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἑσπέριος.

ἑσπέριος, α, ον, and ος, ον, (ἑσπερος) of Time, in the evening, at eventide. II. of Place, western, towards the setting sun, Lat. occidentalis.

ἑσπερίς, ἴδος, ἡ, peculiar fem. of ἑσπέριος, at evening. II. as Subst., αἱ Ἑσπερίδες the Hesperides, daughters of Evening, who dwelt on a western island of the ocean, and guarded a garden with golden apples.

ἙΣΠΕΡΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. VESPER, evening; μένον ἐπὶ ἑσπερον ἐλθεῖν they waited for even to come on: irregul. plur. neut. ἑσπερα, τὰ, the hours of evening, eventide. 2. of Place, Hesperus, the West, i. e. darkness, Hades. II. as Adj. of or at evening; ἑσπερος ἀστήρ the evening-star. 2. of Place, Western.

ἑσπετε, for ἑσπετε, 2 pl. Ep. imperat. of εἶπον.

ἑσπόμην, aor. 2 of ἔπομαι: Homer retains ἐ- in all the moods, imperat. ἑσπέσθω, subj. ἑσπονται, opt. ἑσποίμην, inf. ἑσπείσθαι, part. ἐσπόμενος.

ἑσπον, aor. 2 of ἔπω.

ἑσσα, Ep. aor. I of ἔννυμι; ἔσαι, inf. (but also 2 sing. pf. pass.): ἑσάμενος, aor. I part. med.

ἑσείται, 3 sing. of ἑσοῦμαι, Dor. fut. of εἰμί sum. ἑσσεσθαι, for ἑσσεσθαι, fut. inf. of εἰμί sum.

ἑσσευα, Ep. for ἔσευα, aor. I of σεύω.

ἑσσί, Ep. and Dor. for εἰς, εἰ, 2 sing. of εἰμί sum.

ἔσο, Ep. for ἔσο, imperat. of ἔννυμι. II. Ep. 2 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἔννυμι.

ἑσομαι, for ἔσομαι, Ep. fut. of εἰμί sum: but II. ἑσομαι, Ep. fut. med. of ἔννυμι.

ἑσδόμαι, Ion. for ἡσδόμαι: impf. ἑσσομένη: aor. I ἑσάσθην; pf. ἑσσομαι: Pass.: (ἑσσαν, Ion. for ἡσαν):—to be beaten.

ἑσσύμαι, pf. pass. of σεύω: ἑσσύμην, plqpf. with sense of aor. 2.

ἑσσύμενος, ἡ, ον, part. pass. of σεύω (in sense and accent a pres., but redupl. as if pf.), driven, hurried on, vehement: eager, yearning for: hence Adv., ἑσσύμενως hastily, vehemently.

ἑσσυο, ἑσσυτο, 2 and 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. pass. of σεύω, with sense of aor. 2.

ἑσσωθήναι, Ion. for ἡσσωθήναι, v. ἑσσοῖ.

ἑσσω, Ep. fut. of ἔννυμι.

ἑσσαν, Ion. for ἡσαν.

*ἔσταα, pf. 2 of ἵστημι with intrans. pres. sense, to stand: only in the following forms, dual ἔστατον, plur. ἑστάμεν, ἑστατε, ἑστασι; inf. ἐσάναι. Ep. ἑστάμεν, ἐστάμεναι; part. ἑσταώς Att. contr. ἑσταώς Ion. ἑστεώς and ἑστηώς, fem. ἑστώσα.

ἑσταυ, 3 sing. fut. of εἰμί sum: but II. ἑσταυ, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἔννυμι.

ἑστάλατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of στέλλω.

ἑστάλην, aor. 2 pass. of στέλλω: ἑσταλκα, p. ἑστάμεν, ἑστάμεναι [ᾶ], see ἑσταα.

ἑστέμεν, ἑστέμεναι, 1 pl. of ἑσταα.

ἑσταν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ἵστημι.

ἑστάναι, for ἑστηκέναι, v. ἑσταα.

ἑστάδες, plur. of ἑσταώς, v. ἑσταα.

ἑστάσαν, 3 pl. poet. plqpf. of ἵστημι, they stood, v. ἑσταα: but 2. ἑστάσαν, shortd. for ἑστησαν, 3 pl. aor. I of ἵστημι, they placed.

ἑστάσι, 3 pl. poet. pf. of ἵστημι; v. ἑσταα.

ἑστάτε, 2 plur., and ἑστάτον, 2 and 3 dual; see ἑσταα.

ἑσταυρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of σταυρίζω.

ἑσ-τε Dor. ἑσ-τε: (ἐς, τε) Conjunct. till, until, Lat. donec. 2. so long, so long as. II. Adv. even to, Lat. usque.

ἑστελα, aor. I of στέλλω.

ἑστεμμένος, pf. part. pass. of στέφω.

ἑστέρημαι, pf. pass. of στερέω.

ἑστεφάνωτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of στεφανόω.

ἑστεώς, Ion. pf. part. of ἵστημι; v. ἑσταα.

ἑστηκα, ἑστηκειν, pf. and plqpf. intr. of ἵστημι.

ἑστην, aor. 2 intr. of ἵστημι.

ἑστήξω, ἑστήξομαι, fut. intr. of ἵστημι, I shall or will stand: cp. τεθήξω, τεθήξομαι from θνήσχω.

ἑστήρικται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of στηρίζω. ἑστήρικτο, plqpf.

ἑστησα, ἑστησάμην, aor. I act. and med. of ἵστημι.

ἑστηώς, Ion. pf. part. of ἵστημι; v. ἑσταα.

ἑστία Ion. ἱστία, ἡ, (ἕζομαι) the hearth of a house; the shrine of the household gods, and hence a sanctuary for suppliants. 2. the house itself, a dwelling, home. 3. the household, family. II. as noun. pr., Ἑστία Ion. Ἰστία, the Roman Vesta, daughter of Kronos (Saturn) and Rhea, guardian of the hearth and home, invoked first at festivals.

ἑστιάα, ατος, τό, (ἑστιάω) a banquet,

ἑστιάρχω, ἡ, ἑστω, to be master of a house. From ἑστι-άρχης, ον, ὁ, (ἑστία, ἄρχω) master of a house.

ἐστίασις, *εἶναι, ἡ, (ἐστία) a feasting, banqueting.*
 ἐστίαω impf. ἐστίων· f. ἐστιάσω [ᾶ]· aor. I ἐστίασα· pf. ἐστίακα·—Pass., f. (in med. form) ἐστιάσμαι· aor. I ἐστιάσθην· pf. ἐστίαμαι· (ἐστία)·—to receive into one's home, to entertain hospitably, to feast·
 —Pass. to be a guest, be feasted· c. acc. rei. to feast on· ἐστιάσθαι ἐνύπνιον to have a visionary feast.
 ἐστι-οὔχος, *οὐ, (ἐστία, ἔχω) guarding the house or site.* 2. having an altar or hearth. 3. on the hearth or altar.

ἐστίαω, f. ὥσω, (ἐστία) to found a hearth or house·
 —Pass., δῶμα ἐστιοῦται the family is established.

ἐστίχον, aor. 2 of στείχω.
 ἐστιχέωντο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of στιχάω.
 ἐστιώτης, *οὐ, ὁ, fem. -ώτις, ἴδος, (ἐστία) of or from the house.*

ἔστο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐννυμι.
 ἐστο-τεύω, = εἰστο-τεύω.
 ἔστοργα, pf. of στέργω.
 ἐστόρεσα, aor. I of στορέννυμι.
 ἐστοραμένος, pf. part. pass. of στρέφω.
 ἐστράφην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of στρέφω.
 ἐσ-τρίς, (ἐς, τρίς) Adv. until three times, thrice.
 ἐστρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of στράννυμι.
 ἔστρωσα, -ώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of στρώννυμι.

ἔστρωτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of στρώννυμι.
 ἔστρυγον, aor. 2 of στρυτεύω.
 ἔστωρ, *ορος, ὁ, a peg or nail at the end of the pole, on which the ring, κρίκος, for fastening the harness was fixed. (Deriv. uncertain)*
 ἔστως, -ῶσα, syncop. intr. pf. part. of ἴστημι· v. ἴσταα.

ἐσύλησα, *ἄορος, ἰ of σὺλας.*
 ἐσύνηκα, irreg. for συνήκα, aor. I of συνίημι.
 ἐσύρα, aor. I of σύρω.
 ἐσύρη [ῆ], aor. 2 pass. of σύρω.
 ἐσ-υστερον, Adv. for εἰς ὑστερον, for the future.
 ἐσφάγην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of σφάζω, σφάττω.
 ἐσφαγμαι, pf. pass. of σφάζω, σφάττω.
 ἐσφαίρωτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of σφαιρούω.
 ἐσφάλην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of σφάλλω.
 ἐσφαλμαι, pf. pass. of σφάλλω.
 ἐσφαξα, aor. I of σφάζω, σφάττω.
 ἐσ-φέρω, v. εἰσ-φέρω.
 ἐσφήκωντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of σφηκέω.
 ἐσφήλα, aor. I of σφάλλω.
 ἐσ-φορέω, v. εἰσ-φορέω.

ἐσφράγισμένος, pf. pass. part. of σφραγίζω.
 ἙΣΧΑΡΑ Ion. ἑσχάρη, ἡ· Ep. gen. and dat. ἑσχαρόφιν·—the hearth, fire-place, like ἐστία· πυρὸς ἑσχαρά watch-fires. II. an altar for burnt offerings.

III. a pan of coals: a brasier. Hence
 ἑσχαρέων, ὄνος, ὁ, = ἑσχαρά 1.
 ἑσχάριος, *ον, (ἑσχαρά) of or on the hearth.*
 ἑσχαρόφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. of ἑσχαρά.
 ἑσχέσα, aor. I of σχέζω.
 ἑσχατάω, (ἑσχατος) to be at the edge; only used in

Ep. part., ἑσχατέων, ὄνομα, of men, lurking about the edge of the camp; of cities, lying on the border.

ἑσχατά Ion. -νή, ἡ, (ἑσχατος) the furthest part, the edge, border, verge. II. a remote, retired spot.

ἑσχάτιος, *ον, ποῖος, for ἑσχατος.*

ἑσχάτος, *η, ον, (ἐκ, ἐξ) the furthest, uttermost, extreme; ἑσχατοὶ ἀνδρῶν most remote of mankind:—the furthest each way: 1. the uppermost, highest,*

Lat. summus. 2. the lowest, Lat. imus. 3. the innermost, Lat. intimus.

II. of sufferings, the uttermost, utmost, last, worst: as Subst., τὸ ἑσχατον, τὰ ἑσχατα, the utmost, last, greatest extremity; ἑσχατὸν ἑσχάτων κακὰ worst of possible evils; Sup., τὰ ἑσχατάτα the extremest.

III. Adv. ἑσχάτως, to the uttermost, extremely: also neut. ἑσχατον as Adv. for the last time: Comp. ἑσχατώτερον more extremely, Sup. ἑσχατάτα, most utterly.

ἑσχατῶν, ὄνομα, Ep. part. of ἑσχατάω.

ἑσχεθῶν, ποῖος, for ἑσχον, aor. 2 of ἔχω; Ep. σκέθων; imper. σχεθέτω; subj. σκίθω; opt. σκέθοιμι; inf. σκίθεῖν Ep. -έειν; part. σκίθων.

ἑσ-χέω, for εἰσ-χέω.

ἑσχηκα, ἑσχημαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἔχω.

ἑσχίω, aor. I of σχίζω.

ἑσχίσθην, aor. I pass. of σχίζω.

ἑσχισμαι, pf. pass. of σχίζω.

ἑσχον, ἑσχόμεν, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἔχω.

ἑσχων, impf. of σχάω.

ἔσω Ep. ἔσωω, fut. of ἐννυμι.

ἔσω, Adv. for εἰσω, within: Comp. ἑσωτέρως, more within: inner:—Sup. ἑσωτάτω, most within. Hence

ἑσωθεν and -θε, Adv. from within: within, inside.

ἑσώθην, aor. I pass. of σώζω

ἑσώτατος, *η, ον, Sup. Adj. from ἔσω, innermost,*

Lat. intimus. Adv. ἑσωτάτω, v. ἔσω.

ἑσώτερος, *α, ον, Comp. Adj. from ἔσω, inner, Lat.*

interior: Adv. ἑσωτέρω, v. ἔσω.

ἐτάγην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of τάσσω.

ἐτάζω, f. σω, (ἐρεός) to examine, test.

ἐτάθην [ᾶ], aor. I pass. of τείνω.

ἐταῖρα, ἡ, fem. of ἐταῖρος.

ἐταιρεία or -λα Ion. -ῆτι, ἡ, (ἐταῖρος) companionship:

ship: an association, club, brotherhood. II. at

Athens, a political club or union for party purposes.

III. generally, friendship, intimacy.

ἐταιρείος, *α, ον, Ion. -ῆτος, η, ον, (ἐταῖρος) of comrades*

or fellowship: Ζεὺς ἐτ. presiding over fellowship.

ἐταιρέω, f. ἡσω, (ἐταῖρα) to be a courtesan.

ἐταιρήτη, -ῆτος, Ion. for ἐταιρεία; -είος:

ἐταιρίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἱώ, (ἐταῖρος) to be one's comrade

or companion in arms. 2. = ἐταιρέω, to be a courtesan.

II. Med. to choose for one's comrade.

ἐταιρικὸς, ἡ, ὄν, = ἐταιρείος, of or like a comrade,

social; τὸ ἐταιρικόν = ἐταιρεία.

ἐταιρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = ἐταῖρα, a courtesan.

ἐταιρίσσαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of ἐταιρίζω.

ἐταῖρος Ep. and Ion. ἐτάρος, ὁ, (ἐτης) a companion,

comrade, fellow, mate: a brother-in-arms, a shipmate;

a messmate: also a fellow-slave:—as Adj. associated; Sup. ἑταιρώτατος.

II. ἑταῖρα Ion. ἑταῖρη Ep. ἑτάρη, ἡ, *a female companion, helper, friend.*

2. in Att. opp. to a lawful wife, a concubine: a courtesan, barlot. Hence

ἑταιρόσυννος, ἡ, *on, friendly: as Subst. a friend.*

ἐτάκευ, ἐτάκετο, Dor. for ἐτήκον, ἐτήκετο, 2 and 3 sing. impf. med. of τήκω.

ἐτάκην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of τήκω.

ἐτάκον, -όμην, Dor. impf. act. and pass. of τήκω.

ἐτάλασσας, Ep. 2 sing. aor. I of ταλάω.

ἐτάμων, aor. 2 of τέμνω.

ἐταξα, aor. I of τάσσω.

ἐτάραξα, aor. I of ταρασσω.

ἐταρῖζομαι, Ep. for ἑταιρίζομαι.

ἐταῖρος, ἐτάρη, Ep. and Ion. for ἑταῖρος, ἑταῖρα.

ἐτάρπην, aor. 2 pass. of τέρπω.

ἐτάρφθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of τέρπω.

ἑτας, acc. pl. of ἑτης.

ἐτάτυμος, Dor. for ἐτήτυμος.

ἐτάφην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of θάπτω.

ἐτάχθην, aor. I pass. of τάσσω.

ἐτέθαπτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of θάπτω.

ἐτέθην, aor. I pass. of τίθημι.

ἐτεθήπεια, Ep. plqpf. of τέθηπα.

ἐτέθυτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in med. sense) ofθύω.

ἑτελος, α, *on, (ἑτος) yearly, annual.* II. *of one year, yearling.*

ἑτεκον, ἑτεκόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of τίκτω.

ἑτελείετο, Ep. for ἑτελείτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of τελέω.

ἑτελείσθην, aor. I pass. of τελέω.

ἑτέλεσσα, Ep. aor. I of τελέω.

ἑτεμον, aor. 2 of τέμνω.

Ἑτερό-κρητες, οἱ, (ἑτεοί, Κρήτες) true Cretans.

ἙΤΕΡΩΣ, ᾧ, *on, (perhaps from εἰμί sum) true, real, genuine: in neut. ἑτεόν as Adv., in truth, in sooth, really, truly, verily, Lat. revera:—Att. in ironical questions, ἑτεόν; so I indeed! Lat. itane? Ion. dat. fem. ἐτεῖ is also used as Adv., in truth.*

ἑτερ-αλκής, ἐς, (ἑτερος, ἀλκή) giving strength to one of two; Δαναοῖσι μάχης ἑτεραλκεία νίκη δοῦναι to give victory in battle decided in favour of the Danaans; νίκη ἑτεραλκής a decisive victory; δῆμος ἑτεραλκής a body of men which decides the victory. II. inclining first to one side then to the other, doubtful, Lat. anceps.

ἑτερ-ἡμερος, *on, (ἑτερος, ἡμέρα) on alternate days, day and day alternately.*

ἑτέρηφι, Ep. dat. fem. of ἑτερος.

ἑτερό-γλωσσος Att. -ττος, *on, (ἑτερος, γλῶσσα) of other tongue, i. e. of foreign, strange tongue.*

ἑτερό-γνάθος, *on, with one side of the mouth barded than the other, of a horse.*

ἑτερο-διδασκάλειω, (ἑτερος, διδάσκαλος) to teach other than the truth, to teach errors.

ἑτερό-δοξος, *on, (ἑτερος, δόξα) of another opinion, differing in opinion.* 2. *of other than the true opinion, heterodox.*

ἑτερό-ζηλος, *on, (ἑτερος, ζῆλος) zealous for one side, partial: Adv. -λως, unfairly.* II. *devoted to another pursuit.*

ἑτεροζυγέω, f. ἡσώ, to be yoked with an animal of a different kind: *bs at variances with.* From ἑτερό-ζυγος, *on, (ἑτερος, ζυγόν) unevenly yoked: different.* 2. *unequally balanced.*

ἑτεροίος, α, *on, (ἑτερος) of a different nature or kind.* Adv. -*olως.* Hence

ἑτεροιδώ, f. ὤσω, to make otherwise, alter:—Pass. to become changed, alter.

ἑτερο-κλινής, ἐς, (ἑτερος, κλινῆναι) leaning to one side: of ground, sloping.

ἑτερο-μήκης, ἐς, (ἑτερος, μήκος) with unequal sides, oblong, rectangular.

ἑτερο-μήτωρ, *oros, ὁ, ἡ, (ἑτερος, μήτηρ) born of another mother.*

ἑτερό-πλοος, *on, contr. -πλους, ουν, (ἑτερος, πλέω) lent on the security of a ship and her cargo, with the risk of the outward, but not of the homeward, voyage, of money.*

ἑτερορ-ρεπής, ἐς, and ἑτερόρ-ροπος, *on, (ἑτερος, βέπω) inclined to one side; ἑτερορρεπῆς Ζεὺς who makes now one side and now another preponderate.*

ἙΤΕΡΟΣ, α, *on, Lat. ALTER, the other, one of two; χειρὶ φέρειν ἑτέρῃ to carry in one of his hands; ἑτεροὶ ἑτέραν ἄρχουσι the one rule the other; ἑτερος τοιοῦτος another such; ἑτέρα τοσαῦτα as many more, Lat. alterum tantum; δεύτερος ἑτερος yet a second.* 2. also like Lat. alter, for δεύτερος, second: ἡ ἑτέρα (sub. ἡμέρα), the second day, i. e. the day after to-morrow. II. put loosely for ἄλλος, Lat. alius, opp., not to one, but to many.

III. *other (than usual), different: of other kind, like ἀλλοῖος; other (than good), Lat. sequior, evil.* IV. as Adv. in dat. fem., τῇ ἑτέρᾳ, θατέρᾳ (sub. ὁδῷ) otherwise, in another way, place, or manner; also (sub. χειρὶ) with one hand, i. e. with the left hand; and (sub. ἡμέρᾳ) on the next day.

2. also neut., τὸ ἑτερον, τὰ ἑτερα, as ἐπὶ θάτερα one or the other way; ἐκ τοῦ ἐπὶ θάτερα from the one side, opp. to εἰς τὰ ἐπὶ θάτερα to the other side. [The Dor. used ἄτερος [ᾱ] for ἑτερος: whereas in Att. ἄτερος [ᾱ] was (by crasis) for ὁ ἑτερος: gen. θατέρου, dat. θατέρᾳ, acc. θάτερον.]

ἑτερό-τροπος, *on, (ἑτερος, τρόπος) of different sort or fashion: of different turn or temper.* II. *turning another way: uncertain, inconstant.*

ἑτερό-φωνος, *on, (ἑτερος, φωνή) of different voice or speech, barbarous.*

ἑτέρεστο, 3 sing. impf. of τέρσσομαι.

ἑτέρφθην, aor. I pass. of τέρπω.

ἑτέρωθεν, (ἑτερος) Adv. from the other side.

II. *on the other side, opposite.*

ἑτέρωθεν, (ἑτερος) Adv. on the other side: elsewhere: ἑτέρωθεν τοῦ λόγου in another part of my story. II. *at another time.*

ἑτερῶς, Adv. of ἑτερος, differently, otherwise.

ἐτέρωσε, (ἐτερος) Adv. *to one side, to the other side* :

hence *to another place*.

ἐτερώτα, Acol. for ἐτέρωτι, *at another time*.

ἐτέταλτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τέλλω.

ἐτετεύχαστο, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of τεύχω.

ἐτετεύχων, Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. of τεύχων.

ἐτετέθηκεν, intr. plqpf. of τίκω.

ἐτέτραπτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τρέπω.

ἐτετρίων, impf. of τέτρω.

ἐτέτνευε, -νεκτο, 2 and 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τεύχω.

ἐτεύξα, aor. I of τεύχω.

ἐτεύχετον, 3 dual impf. of τεύχω.

ἐτέχθη, aor. I pass. of τίκτω.

ἐτήξα, aor. I of τίκω.

ἜΤΗΣ, οὗ, ὁ, a *kinsman, clansman, cousin*. II.

Att. a *townsman, neighbour*; a *private citizen*. III.
for ὦ τάν or ὦ τάν, v. sub τάν.

ἐτησίοι (sub. ἀνέμοι), αὐ, ὁ, (ἔτος) *periodical winds*, such as the Egyptian monsoons, which blow from the North during the whole summer: so too of northerly winds in Greece, which blew in the Aegean for forty days from the rising of the dog-star.

ἐτήσιος, ον, (ἔτος) *a year long, for a year*. 2.
yearly, annual.

ἐτητύμια, ἡ, *truth*. From

ἐτήτυμος, ον, lengthd. for ἔτυμος, *true, genuine, real*, Lat. *sincerus*. Adv. ἐτητύμως, also neut. ἐτήτυμον as Adv., *in truth, really*.

ἜΤΙ, Adv., I. of the Present or Past, *yet, as yet, still*, Lat. *adduc*. II. of the Future, *yet longer, will*.

III. generally, *yet, still, besides*, *moreover*, Lat. *praeterea*; ἐτι δέ *nay more*; ἐτ' ἄλλος *yet another*; ἐτι μᾶλλον *yet more*.

ἐτίθεις, ἐτίθει, 2 and 3 sing. impf. of *τιθέω—τίθημι.

ἐτίλα, aor. I of τίλλω.

ἐτίμῳσα, Dor. aor. I of τιμάω.

ἐτίναχθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of τινάσσω.

ἐτίσα, aor. I of τίνω.

ἐτλην Dor. ἐτλᾶν, aor. 2 of the root *τλᾶω; but

ἐτλᾶν, Ep. for ἐτλησαν, 3 plur.

ἐτμάγην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of τμήγω.

ἐτμήθην, aor. I pass. of τέμνω.

ἐτν-ῥύσις, εων, ἡ, (ἔτνος, ᾄρῳα) *a soup-ladle*.

ἜΤΝΟΣ, εος, τέ, a *thick soup of peas or beans*: *soup, pudding*.

ἐτοιμάζω, ἑ, ᾠσω, aor. I ἡτοίμασα: (ἐτοῖμος):—*to make or get ready, prepare*:—Med., with pf. pass. ἡτοίμασμαι, *to prepare for oneself, make one's arrangements, get oneself ready*: c. inf. *to make one ready to do*. Hence

ἐτοιμᾶσία, ἡ, *a being prepared, preparation*: *readiness*.

ἐτοιμασσαίω, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I opt. med. of ἐτοιμάζω.

ΕΤΟΙΜΟΣ or ἐτοιμος, η, ον, or ος, ον, *at hand, ready, prepared*; ἔξ ἐτοίμων *immediately, off hand*. II. τὰ ἐτοιμα, I. Lat. *quae in promptu sunt*; ἐπὶ τὰ ἐτοιμα μᾶλλον τρίτονται *betake them-*

selves rather to *that which is close at hand*.

III. of persons, *ready, active, prompt*. 2. of the mind, *ready, quick, active, versatile*.

III. of things, *real, actual, carried into effect*.

ἐτοιμότης, ητος, ἡ, *a being prepared, readiness*.

ἐτοιμο-τόμος, ον, (ἐτοῖμος, τεμείν) *ready for cutting*.

ἐτοῖμος, Adv. of ἐτοιμος, *readily*: Comp. and Sup., ἐτοιμώτερον, -ότατα.

ἔτορον, aor. 2 of τωρέω.

ἜΤΟΣ, εος, τό, *a year*; κατὰ ἔτος *every year*; ἀνὰ πᾶν ἔτος *every year*; δι' ἔτους πέμπτου *every fifth year*; ἔτος εἰς ἔτος *year after year*.

ἔτός, Adv., = ἑτασίως, *without reason, for nothing*, in vain: mostly with a negat., οὐκ ἔτος *not without reason*:—mostly in questions, οὐκ ἔτος ᾧ ὥς ἐμ' ἤλθεν οὐδεπώποτε; *it was not for nothing then!* (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐτράγον, aor. 2 of τράγω.

ἐτράπον, ἐτράπη, aor. 2 act. and pass. of τρέπω.

ἐτράφθην, Ion. aor. I of τρέπω.

ἐτράφον, ἐτράφη, aor. 2 act. and pass. of τρέφα.

ἔτρεσα, aor. I of τρέω.

ἔτρεψα, aor. I of τρέπω.

ἐτριψα, ἐτρίφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of τρίβω.

ἔτρωσα, ἐτρώθη, aor. I act. and pass. of τινάσσω.

ἐτύθη [ῦ], aor. I pass. of ὄναι.

ἐτυμο-λογία, ἡ, (ἔτυμος, λόγος) *the true account or analysis of a word: its derivation, etymology*.

ἔτυμος, ον, rarely η, ον, (ἔτεος) *true, real, actual*: neut. pl. ἔτυμα, *truths, the truth*: neut. ἔτυμον is used as an Adv. like ἐτεόν, *indeed, of a truth, truly, actually*.

ἐτύπην [ῦ], Dor. aor. 2 pass. of τύπαι.

ἐτύφη, aor. 2 pass. of τύφω.

ἐτύθη, aor. I pass. of τύπτω.

ἐτύχησα, ἐτύχων, aor. I and 2 of τυγχάνω.

ἐτύχθη, aor. I pass. of τεύχω.

ἑτωσιο-εργός, ὄν, (ἑτώσιος, ἔργον) *working in vain*,

ἑτώσιος, ον, (ἑτός, Adv.) *fruitless, idle, useless*.

εὖ Ep. also εἶδ, Adv., properly neut. of εἶς, *well*, opp. to κακῶς; εὖ καὶ ἑπισταμένους *well and knowingly*: sometimes, *luckily, happily*: εὖ ἔχειν or ἔκειν *to be well off*, c. gen., εὖ ἔκειν τοῦ βίου *to be well off for living*: εὖ γεγονός *well born*. II. as Subst., τὸ εὖ good luck: but also *the right, the good cause*; τὸ εὖ νικάτω *may the right prevail*. III.

in Compos. it commonly implies *greatness, abundance or easiness*.

εὖ, Ion. for οὖ, gen. of reflexive Pron. of 3rd pers.

εὐαγγελίζομαι, f. ἰσομαι Att. ιούμαι, Dep. (εὐ-ἀγγε-λος):—*to bring good news, announce them*. 2. *to preach or proclaim as glad tidings: to preach the gospel*:—so also in Act., and then in Pass., *to have the gospel preached to one*:—in Pass. also of the gospel, *to be preached*.

εὐαγγέλιον, τό, (εὐάγγελος) *the reward of good*

tidings.—Att. always in plur., εὐαγγέλια στεφανοῦν or ἀναθησά τινα to crown one for good news brought; εὐαγγέλια θύειν to offer a sacrifice for them. II. *the glad tidings, the gospel*.

εὐαγγελιστής, οὐ, ὁ, (εὐαγγελίζομαι) a bringer of good tidings: an evangelist, preacher of the gospel. 2. *esp. a writer of one of the four Gospels*.

εὐ-ἀγγελος, ον, (εὐ, ἀγγέλλω) bringing good news. εὐ-ἀγέω, f. ἦσω, to be pure, holy. From

εὐ-αἰγής, ἐς, (εὐ, αἶγος) guileless, pure, undefiled, Lat. *castus*, of persons and actions:—poët. Adv. εὐάγως.

εὐ-αἰγής, ἐς, (ἀγῶ) moving well, nimble.

εὐ-αἰγής, ἐς, —εὐαἰγής, far-seen, conspicuous; ἔδρα εὐαἰγής στρατοῦ a seat in full view of the army.

εὐ-ἀγγήςτος, ον, —εὐαἰγής, bright, clear. [α]

εὐ-ἀγκάλως, ον, (εὐ, ἀγκάλη) easy to bear in the arms.

εὐ-αγκής, ἐς, (εὐ, ἀγκος) with fair valleys or glades. εὐ-ἀγορεύω, Dor. for εὐηγορεύω.

εὐαγρεσία, ἡ, good sport in bunting. From

εὐ-ἀγρέω, (εὐ, ἀγρα) to have good sport. Hence

εὐαγρία, ἡ, good sport in bunting, fishing, etc.

εὐ-αγρος, ον, (εὐ, ἀγρα) lucky in the chase, successful.

εὐ-αγωγός, ον, (εὐ, ἀγω) easily led, docile.

εὐ-άγων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, ἀγών) belonging to prosperous or glorious contests. [α]

εὐάδε, Ep. for ἔαδε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of εὐάδω.

εὐάδω or εὐάδω, (εὐά) to cry εὐά in honour of Bacchus:—also in Med. εὐάδομαι.

εὐ-αἴης, ἐς, (εὐ, αἴμη) with a good breeze, airy. II.

act. blowing fair:—metaph. prosperous, favourable.

εὐ-αθλος, ον, (εὐ, ἄθλος) successful in contests.

εὐ-αἰνήτος, ον, (εὐ, αἰνέω) much-extolled.

εὐ-αἶρετος, ον, (εὐ, αἶρεω) easy to be taken.

εὐ-αἰων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, αἰών) of happy life. generally, happy; εὐαίων ὕπνος blessed sleep.

εὐ-ἀκοέω, εὐάκοος, Dor. for εὐηκ-.

εὐ-ἀλάκατος, ον, Dor. for εὐηλ-.

εὐ-αλδής, ἐς, (εὐ, ἀλδαινω) well-grown, luxuriant.

εὐ-άλιος, ον, Dor. for εὐήλιος. [α]

εὐ-ἀλφίτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀλφίτων) of good meal.

εὐ-ἀλωτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀλῶμαι) easy to be taken. [α]

εὐ-ἀμπελος, ον, (εὐ, ἀμπελος) with fine vines.

εὐάν, εὐάνη a cry of Bacchanals, like εὐα, εὐοί.

εὐ-ἀνάκλητος, ον, (εὐ, ἀνακαλέω) easy to call back.

εὐανδρία, ἡ, abundances of men, store of good men. II.

manhood, manliness, courage, spirit. From

εὐ-ἀνδρος, ον, (εὐ, ἀνήρ) abounding in good men and true. II. prosperous to men.

εὐ-ἀνεμος [α], ον, Dor. for εὐήνεμος.

εὐ-ἀνθεμος, ον, (εὐ, ἀνθεμον) with fair flowers, flowery.

εὐανθέω, f. ἦσω, to be flowery or flowery. From

εὐ-ανθή, ἐς, (εὐ, ἀνθος) blooming, budding. II.

rich in flowers, flowery: metaph. flowery, gay. 2. also blooming, fresh.

εὐ-άνιος, ον, Dor. for εὐήνιος, [α]

εὐ-ἀνορία, ἡ, Dor. for εὐηγορία.

εὐ-ἀντήτης, ον, (ἀντάω) easy to meet, gracious.

εὐ-ἀνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, Dor. for εὐήνωρ. [α]

εὐ-ἀπάλλακτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀπαλλάσσω) easy to get rid of: easy to dispose of.

εὐ-ἀπτήτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀπτάω) easily cheated.

εὐ-ἀπήγητος, ον, Ion. for εὐαφήγητος.

εὐ-ἀποβάτος, ον, convenient for disembarking.

εὐ-ἀποτείχιστος, ον, (εὐ, ἀποταχίζω) easy to be walled off or blockaded.

εὐ-ἀρεστέω, f. ἦσω, to be well-pleasing. From

εὐ-ἀρεστος, ον, well-pleasing, acceptable. Adv. εὐ-ἀρεστός, Comp. —τοτέρας.

εὐ-ἀριθμητος, ον, (εὐ, ἀριθμέω) easy to be counted.

εὐ-αρκτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀρχω) well-governed: submissive.

εὐ-ἀρματος, ον, (εὐ, ἀρμα) with good or beautiful chariot: victorious in the chariot-race.

εὐαρμοστία, ἡ, easiness of temper, good nature. From

εὐ-ἀρμοστος, ον, (εὐ, ἀρμόζω) well-adapted, accom-

modating. II. well-tuned, harmonious.

εὐ-αρνος, ον, (εὐ, ἀρνός gen.) rich in sheep.

εὐ-ἀροτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀρώ) well-ploughed, easy to be

ploughed. εὐ-ἀρχος, ον, (εὐ, ἀρχομαι) beginning well: making a good beginning.

εὐάς, ἀδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐα) Baccic, Baccchanalian.

εὐασμα, ατος, τό, (εὐάζω) a Baccchanalian shout.

εὐασμός, ὁ, (εὐάζω) the cry of εὐα, a shout of revelry, esp. of Baccbic revelry.

εὐάστειρα, ἡ, fem. of εὐαστήρ.

εὐαστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and εὐαστής, οὐ, ὁ, (εὐάζω) a Baccchanal.

εὐάτριος, Dor. for εὐήτριος.

εὐ-αυγής, ἐς, (εὐ, αὐγή) well-lit, bright, conspicuous.

εὐ-αυχην, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, αὐχην) with beautiful neck.

εὐ-ἀφήγητος Ion. εὐαπήγητος, ον, (εὐ, ἀφηγέομαι) easy to describe.

εὐ-αχής, εὐ-ἀχητος [α], Dor. for εὐηχής, εὐήχητος.

εὐ-βάστακος, ον, (εὐ, βαστάζω) easy to carry or bear.

εὐ-βάτος, ον, (εὐ, βατός) accessible: passable.

εὐ-βλέφαρος, ον, (εὐ, βλέφαρον) with beautiful eyelids.

Εὐβοία, as Ion. ης, ἡ, Euboea, now Negropont, an island lying along the coast of Boeotia and Attica.

εὐβολέω, f. ἦσω, to make a good throw.

εὐ-βολος, ον, (εὐ, βαλεῖν) throwing luckily. Adv.

εὐβόλος, luckily; εὐβόλος ἔχειν to be well off.

εὐβοσία, ἡ, (εὐβοτος) good feeding.

εὐ-βόστρυχος, ον, with beautiful locks.

εὐ-βοτος, ον, (εὐ, βόσκω) feeding well, with good pastures. II. well-fed, thriving.

εὐ-βότρυος, ον, and εὐ-βοτρυν, v. gen. vos, (εὐ, βύτρυς) rich in grapes.

εὐβουλία, ἡ, good counsel: prudence. From

εὐ-βουλος, ον, (εὐ, βουλή) well-advised, prudent.

εὐ-βους, ον, gen. oos, (εὐ, βοῦς) rich in cattle.

εὐ-βροχος, ον, (εὐ, βρόχος) well-knit.

εὐ-γάθης, ἐς, and εὐ-γάθητος, ον, Dor. for εὐγηθ-

εὖ-γε, Adv. for εὖ γε, Lat. *euge!* well done! well said! capital! bravo!

εὖ-γειος, *ov*, (εὖ, γῆ) of or with good soil: fertile.

εὐγένεια, ἡ, (εὐγενής) nobility of birth, high descent.

II. nobility of soul, generosity.

εὐ-γένειος Ep. ἡβ-, *ov*, (εὖ, γένειον) well-bearded.

εὐ-γενέτης, *ou*; ὁ, — *sq.*

εὐ-γενής Ep. εὐη-γενής and ἡβ-γενής, ἑς, (εὖ, γένος) well-born, of noble race, of high descent: also denoting nobility.

II. noble-minded, generous.

III. of animals, high-bred, noble.

εὐ-γενία Ion. -ῖη, ἡ, — *εὐγένεια*.

εὐ-γεως, *ov*, (εὖ, γῆ) Att. for εὐγειος.

εὐ-γηθής, ἑς, and εὐ-γῆθητος, *ov*, (εὖ, γηθέω) joyous, cheerful.

εὐγηρία, ἡ, (εὐγηρῶ) happy old age.

εὐ-γηρως, *v*, sweet-sounding.

εὐ-γηρως, *ov*, (εὖ, γήρας) happy in old age.

εὐ-γλαγέτος, *ov*, εὐ-γλαγής, ἑς, and εὐ-γλαγος, *ov*, (εὖ, γλάγος) abounding in milk; irreg. dat. εὐ-γαλι, as if from εὐ-γλας.

εὐ-γλυπτος, *ov*, and εὐ-γλύφης, ἑς, (εὖ, γλύφω) well carved or engraved.

εὐγλωσσία Att. -τία, ἡ, fluency of speech. From εὐ-γλωσσιος Att. -τιος, *ov*, (εὖ, γλωσσαι) with good and ready tongue, sweet-sounding, eloquent.

act. loosing the tongue, making fluent.

εὐγμᾶ, *atos*, τό, (εὐχόμαι) like εὐχος, a boast. II. — *εὐχή*, a prayer.

εὐ-γναμπτος Ep. εὐγν-, *ov*, (εὖ, γνάμπω) well-bent, easily bent.

εὐγνωμοσύνη, ἡ, good feeling, candour. From εὐ-γνώμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos* (εὖ, γνώμη) of good feeling, indulgent, fair, charitable.

II. sensible, prudent:—Adv. εὐγνωμόνως, prudently.

εὐ-γνωστος, *ov*, (εὖ, γινώσκω) well-known, familiar.

εὐ-γομφος, *ov*, (εὖ, γόμφος) well-nailed or fastened.

εὐγονία, ἡ, fruitfulness, fertility. From

εὐ-γονος, *ov*, (εὖ, γονή) fruitful, prolific.

εὐ-γραμμος, *ov*, (εὖ, γραμμή) well-drawn.

εὐ-γράφης, ἑς, (εὖ, γράφω) well painted. II. act. writing or drawing well.

εὐ-γωνίος, *ov*, (εὖ, γωνία) well-cornered, regular.

εὐ-δαίδαλος, *ov*, beautifully wrought.

εὐδαιμονίω, *ς*, ἡσω, (εὐδαίμων) to be prosperous, well off or happy. Hence

εὐδαιμόνημα, *atos*, τό, a piece of good fortune.

εὐδαιμονία, ἡ, (εὐδαιμονίω) prosperity, happiness.

εὐδαιμονίζω, *f. sai*, (εὐδαίμων) to account happy εὐδαιμονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (εὐδαίμων) of or tending to happiness: of persons, happy. Adv. — *κῶς*, happily.

εὐδαιμόνως, Adv. of εὐδαίμων, happily: Comp. and Sup. εὐδαιμονώτερον, — *εἰσάτα*.

εὐ-δαίμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (εὖ, δαίμων) with a good genius or destiny, fortunate, prosperous, Lat. *felix*: also wealthy, like Lat. *beatus*: happy.

εὐ-δακρύτος, *ov*, (εὖ, δακρύω) much to be wept, lamentable.

εὐ-δαέλος, *ov*, (εὖ, δαέλος for δῆλος) very clear, far-seen.

εὐ-δειπνος, *ov*, (εὖ, δείπνον) banquished with rich feasts.

II. εὐδαιτοί δαίτες luxurious feasts.

εὐδέμεναι, Ep. inf. of εὐδαι.

εὐ-δενδρος, *ov*, (εὖ, δένδρον) abounding in fair trees

εὐδενσκον, Ion. impf. of εὐδω.

εὐ-δηλος, *ov*, (εὖ, δῆλος) very clear, manifest.

εὐδησθα, Ep. 2 sing. subj. of εὐδω.

εὐδία, ἡ, (εὐδῖος) fair weather: metaph. tranquillity, prosperity.

εὐ-διάβατος, *ov*, easy to be crossed, practicable.

εὐ-διαίτερος, *a, ov*, irreg. Comp. of εὐδῖος.

εὐ-διαίτος, *ov*, (εὖ, διαίτα) living temperately.

εὐ-διανός, ἡ, ὄν, — *εὐδῖος*, warm.

εὐδιάω, *f. ἡσω*, (εὐδία) to be calm.

εὐ-δικία, ἡ, (εὖ, δικη) righteous dealing: justice.

εὐ-δίνητος, *ov*, (εὖ, δινέω) easily turning or turned.

εὐ-διος, *ov*, (εὖ, Διός gen. of Ζεύς) calm, fine, clear:

genial: of persons, cheerful:—irreg. Comp. and Sup. εὐδιεότερος, — *εἰσάτος*; also εὐδιαίτερος.

εὐ-δημτος Ep. εὐδ-, *ov*, (εὖ, δέμω) well built or fashioned.

εὐ-δοκέω, *f. ἡσω*: aor. I εὐδόκησα: (εὖ, δοκέω):—to be content or well pleased, to approve of or acquiesce in a thing: c. inf. to consent to do. Hence

εὐδοκία, ἡ, satisfaction, approval.

εὐδοκίμω, *f. ἡσω*: impf. and aor. I ἠδοκίμουν, ἠδοκίμησα, but often without augm. εὐδ-: (εὐδόκιμος):—to be of good repute, be in esteem, famous, popular: εὐδοκίμειν ἐν τι to be distinguished for a thing. Hence

εὐδοκίμια, ἡ, good repute, credit.

εὐ-δοκίμος, *ov*, in good repute, highly esteemed.

εὐδοξίω, *f. ἡσω*, (εὐδοξος) to be in good repute, be thought well of, be famous. Hence

εὐδοξία, ἡ, good report, a good name, credit, glory.

εὐ-δοξος, *ov*, (εὖ, δόξα) of good report, glorious.

εὐ-δρακτής, ἑς, (εὖ, δρακεῖν) sharp-sighted.

εὐ-δροσος, *ov*, well-bedewed, abounding in water.

ΕΥΔΩ, impf. ἠδων Ep. εὐδον: fut. εὐδήσω:—to sleep, lie down to sleep: also to sleep in death. II. metaph. to rest, be still or busied: to cease.

εὐ-έανος, *ov*, (εὖ, εἰών) richly-dight, well-clad.

εὐ-εδρος, *ov*, (εὖ, ἔδρα) well-seated: with a fair throne.

II. pass. easy to sit, of a horse.

εὐ-είπερος, *ov*, (εὖ, εἶπερ) fair-haired.

εὐ-εἰδής, ἑς, (εὖ, εἶδος) well-shaped, graceful.

εὐ-εἰλος, *ov*, (εὖ, εἶλη) sunny, warm, Lat. *apricus*.

εὐ-εἰμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (εὖ, εἶμα) well-dressed.

εὐ-επρος Att. εὐερος, *ov*, (εὖ, εἶρος) with or of good wool, fleecy.

εὐ-ελέγτος, *ov*, (εὖ, ἐλέγχω) easy to be refuted.

εὐ-ελπίς, ὁ, ἡ, neut. εὐελπι, gen. εἶδος, of good hope, hopeful, cheerful, sanguine: εὐελπίς εἰμι, c. inf. to be of good hope (bait).

εὐ-εβάλαιπτος, *ov*, easy to blot out or erase.

εὐ-εξαπάτητος, *ov*, (εὖ, ἐξαπατάω) easily deceived.

εὐ-εξία, ἡ, (εὐ, ἐξίς) a good habit of body, good state of health : generally, good condition, good case.
 εὐ-ἐξοδος, ον, easy to get out of or escape from.
 εὐ-έπεια, ἡ, beautiful language, eloquence. II. = εὐφημία, words of good omen. From
 εὐ-επίης, ἐς, (εὐ, ἐπος) well-speaking, eloquent. 2. making eloquent, inspiring. II. well-spoken.
 εὐ-επία, ἡ, Ion. and poet. for εὐέπεια.
 εὐ-επιβούλευτος, ον, (εὐ, ἐπιβουλεύω) easy to plot against : exposed to treachery.
 εὐ-επιθετος, ον, (εὐ, ἐπιτίθεμαι) easy to be set upon or attacked : εὐεπιθετόν ἐστί τιμι it is easy for one to make an attack.
 εὐ-επιτακτος, ον, (εὐ, ἐπιτάσσω) easy to arrange : tractable.
 εὐεργεσία, ἡ, well-doing, good conduct. II. a doing good, a good deed, service, kindness. From
 εὐεργετέω, f. ἥσω : in the augm. tenses, sometimes εὐηργέτουν, εὐηργέτησα, sometimes εὐεργ- with no augm. : (εὐεργέτης) :—to do well, do good. II. to do one good, shew kindness to, confer a benefit upon :—Pass., εὐεργετῆσθαι τι to have a kindness done one. Hence
 εὐεργέτημα, ατος, τό, a good deed, a service, kindness.
 εὐ-εργήτης, ον, δ, (εὐ, *ἐργω) a well-doer, a benefactor : a title of honour of such as had done the state service. II. as Adj. beneficent.
 εὐεργετητόν, verb. Adj. of εὐεργετέω, one must do good or shew kindness to.
 εὐεργητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (εὐεργετής) disposed to do good.
 εὐ-εργής, ἴδω, fem. of εὐεργήτης.
 εὐ-εργής, ἴς, (εὐ, *ἐργω) well-wrought, well-made, well-built : of gold, well-wrought, refined. II. well-done : hence in plur. εὐεργέα, good deeds, benefits.
 εὐ-εργός, ὄν, (εὐ, *ἐργω) doing good, upright, virtuous. II. pass. well-wrought, well-tilled : also easy to work.
 εὐ-ερίκης, ἴς, (εὐ, ἐρκος) well-fenced, well-protected : abutting close : of cities, well-guarded.
 εὐ-ἐρίκτης, οὐ, δ, poet. for εὐεργέτης.
 εὐ-ερίης, ἴς, (εὐ, ἐρος) sprouting well, flourishing.
 εὐ-ερος, Att. for εὐειρος.
 εὐ-εστώ, οὐς, ἡ, (εὐ, εἰμι sum) well-being, prosperity.
 εὐετηρία, ἡ, (εὐ, ἔτος) a good season.
 εὐ-ετία, ἡ, = εὐετηρία.
 εὐ-εὑρετος, ον, (εὐ, εὐρίσκω) easy to find.
 εὐ-ἐφοδος, ον, easy to assail.
 εὐ-ἐζηλος, ον, emulous in good :—Adv. —ἐζήλων.
 εὐ-ζύγος Ep. ἐδύγος, ον, (εὐ, ζυγόν III) of a ship, well-benched.
 εὐ-ζυγε, ὄν, δ, ἡ, (εὐ, ζεύγνυμι) well paired or matched.
 εὐ-ζωά, Dor. for εὐζωία.
 εὐ-ζώνδης Ep. ἐδώνων, ον, (εὐ, ζώνη) well-girded : of women. II. girt up for exercise, with one's loins girded, active, as in Horace *alte praescinctus* : unencumbered, Lat. *expeditus*.

εὐ-ζωρος, ον, (εὐ, ζωρός) quite pure, unmixed, of wine : Comp. —ζωρότερος, also irreg. —έστερος.
 εὐ-γενής, Ep. for εὐγενής.
 εὐ-ηγεσία, ἡ, (εὐ, ἡγέομαι) good government.
 εὐ-ηγορέω, f. ἥσω, (εὐ, ἀγορεύω) to speak well of, praise.
 εὐθήθεια or εὐθηθία Ion. —ἐη, ἡ, goodness of disposition, singleness of heart, simplicity : also in bad sense, simplicity, silliness. From
 εὐ-θήης, ἐς, (εὐ, θῆος) well-disposed, single-hearted, simple-minded : in bad sense, simple, silly :—Adv. εὐθῶς, Sup. —έστατα.
 εὐθηθία, ἡ, Ion. for εὐθήθεια.
 εὐθητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (εὐθήης) of mild, gentle character : hence simple, foolish. Adv. —κῶς, in simple fashion.
 εὐ-ήκης, ἐς, (εὐ, ἀκή) well-pointed, keen-edged.
 εὐ-ήκοος, ον, (εὐ, ἀκούω) bearing well : ready to bear.
 εὐ-ηλάκτος Dor. εὐαλακ-, ον, (εὐ, ἡλακότη) with quick spindle, spinning beautifully.
 εὐ-ἡλάτος, ον, (εὐ, ἐλαίνω) easy to drive or ride over : πεδῖον εὐήλατον a plain fit for cavalry operations.
 εὐ-ήλιος Dor. εὐάλιος, ον, (εὐ, ἥλιος) well-sunned, sunny, warm, Lat. *apricus* :—Adv. —λων, with bright, sunny weather.
 εὐ-ήμερος, f. ἥσω, (εὐήμερος) of weather, to be fair. 2. of persons, to spend the day cheerfully : to be happy : to be successful in a thing. Hence
 εὐήμερία, ἡ, fineness of the day, fine weather. II. good times, health and wealth, honour and glory.
 εὐ-ήμερος, ον, (εὐ, ἡμέρα) of a fine day : propitious. 2. cheerful, happy.
 εὐηνεμία, ἡ, a fair wind. From
 εὐ-ήνεμος, ον, (εὐ, ἀνεμος) with fair wind. 2. untroubled by winds, sheltered, serene.
 εὐ-ήνιος, ον, (εὐ, ἡνία) obedient to the rain : generally, obedient, docile.
 εὐηνορία, ἡ, manliness, manly virtue. From
 εὐ-ήνωρ, ορος, δ, ἡ, (εὐ, ἀνὴρ) giving manhood, inspiring. II. of cities, abounding in brave men.
 εὐ-ήρόατος, ον, (εὐ, ἔραμαι) much-loved, lovely
 εὐ-ήρετος, ον, (εὐ, ἔρετμος) well fitted to the oar, well-rowed, well-pulled.
 εὐ-ήρης, ἐς, (εὐ, ἀρᾶν) well-fitted or put together : well-poised, easy to handle.
 εὐ-ήτριος, ον, (εὐ, ἡτριον) well-woven. II. act weaving well.
 εὐ-ήχης, ἐς, (εὐ, ἦχος) well-sounding, tuneful.
 εὐ-ήχητος, ον, well-sounding : loud-sounding.
 εὐ-θάλασσος, ον, (εὐ, θάλασσα) prosperous by sea.
 εὐ-θαλής, ἴς, (εὐ, θάλος) growing well, flourishing.
 εὐ-θαλής, ἴς, Dor. for εὐθηλής.
 εὐθαρσεία, f. ἥσω, to be of good courage. From
 εὐ-θαρσής, ἴς, (εὐ, θάρσος) of good courage :—Adv. —αῶς. 2. giving courage, safe.
 εὐθενέω, older form of εὐθηνέω.
 εὐ-θεράπεντος, ον, (εὐ, θεραπεύω) easily soaled. II. easily won by kindness or attention

εὐθετέω, f. ἦσω, (εὐθετος) *to be well-arranged, convenient.* 2. trans. *to set in order, arrange well.*

εὐθερίζω, *to set in order, arrange orderly.* From εὐ-θετος, ov, (εὐ, τίθημι) *well-arranged, well-disposed: easily stowed or disposed of: convenient for use.*

εὐθέως, Adv. of εὐθύς, *straightway.*

εὐ-θηγής, ἐς, (εὐ, θήγω) *sharpening well.*

εὐ-θηλήμων, ov, gen. ονος, rare form for εὐθηλῆς.

εὐ-θηλῆς Dor. -θυλῆς, ἐς, (εὐ, θηλή) *well-suckled: well-fed, thriving.*

εὐ-θηλος, ov, (εὐ, θηλή) *with distended udder.*

εὐθημοσύνη, ἡ, *good order, good management: a habit of good order.* From

εὐ-θήμων, ov, gen. ονος, (εὐ, τίθημι) *well-arranged, well-made.* II. act. *orderly, setting in order.*

εὐθηνέω and εὐθενέω, *to be well off, thrive, flourish: to abound in:—so also in Pass., aor. I εὐθηνήθη.* Hence

εὐθηνία, ἡ, *abundance.*

εὐ-θήρπυτος, ov, (εὐ, θηράω) *easily caught or won.*

εὐ-θηρος, ov, (εὐ, θήρα) *lucky in the chase.* II. (θήρες) *abounding in game.*

εὐ-θήσαυρος, ov, *well-stored, precious.*

εὐ-θηήσιμος, ov, (εὐ, θνήσκω) *with easy death.*

εὐ-θεινος, ov, (εὐ, θοίνη) *with rich banquet: copious.*

εὐ-θορυβήτος, ov, (εὐ, θορυβέω) *easily confounded.*

εὐ-θρυγκος, ov, (θρυγκός) *with good coping or cornice.*

εὐ-θριξ Ep. εὐ-θριξ, -τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, θριξ) *with fine hair: of horses, with flowing mane: of birds, well-plumed.* II. *made of stout hair, of a fishing-line.*

εὐ-θρονος Ep. εὐθρονος, ov, (εὐ, θρόνος) *with beautiful seat or throne.*

εὐ-θροος, ov, (εὐ, θροος) *loud-sounding.*

εὐθύ, neut. of εὐθύς, used as Adv.

εὐθύ-γλωσσος Att. -ττος, ov, (εὐθύ, γλῶσσα) *of straight tongue, honest of tongue.*

εὐθύδικτα, ἡ, *an open, fair trial.*

εὐθύ-δικτος, ov, or ἡ, ov, (εὐθύ, δικη) *judging righteously.*

εὐθυδρομέω, f. ἦσω, *to run straight: of ships, to sail in a straight course.* From

εὐθύ-δρομος, ov, *running a straight course.*

εὐθυ-εργής, ἐς, (εὐθύ, ἔργον) *accurately wrought.*

εὐθυ-μάχης, ov, ὁ, and εὐθύ-μάχος, ov, (εὐθύς, μάχομαι) *fighting straightforward, fair-fighting*

εὐθυμέω, f. ἦσω, (εὐθύμεος) *to be of good cheer.* II. trans. *to make cheerful, cheer:—Pass. εὐθυμέομαι, to be of good cheer.* Hence

εὐ-θυμητός, verb. Adj., *one must be cheerful.*

εὐθυμία, ἡ, (εὐθυμέω) *cheerfulness, festivity.*

εὐ-θυμος, ov, (εὐ, θυμός) *well-disposed, generous, kind.*

II. *of good cheer, cheerful: of horses, spirited.* III. Adv. εὐθύμως, *cheerfully; Comp. -ύτερον; Sup. -ύτατα.*

εὐθύνα, ἡ, but mostly used in pl. εὐθύνας, αἱ, (εὐθύνα) *an examination of accounts, audit; εὐθύνας ἀπατεῖν to call for one's accounts; εὐθύνας διδύναι to give them in, submit to a scrutiny; εὐθύνας ἀφεῖν to be*

bound to do so.

Hence

εὐθύνος, ὁ, *an investigator, auditor, who examined and passed the accounts of magistrates: at Athens there were ten.*

II. *a corrector, chastiser.*

εὐθυντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (εὐθύνα) *a director, corrector.* II. as Adj., εὐθυντήρ *of the guiding rudder.*

εὐθυντήρια, ἡ, *the part of a ship wherein the rudder was fixed: fem. from*

εὐθυντήριος, α, ov, (εὐθύνα) *directing, ruling.*

εὐθυντής, ου, ὁ, = εὐθυντήρ.

εὐθύνω, fut. ἔνῶ, (εὐθύς) = the Homeric ἰθύνω, *to guide straight: to steer straight.* 2. *to direct, govern.* 3. *to keep straight, preserve.* II. *to make straight, as a bent piece of wood: metaph. to rectify, revise.* III. *at Athens, to call to account, scrutinise the accounts (εὐθύναι) of a magistrate: Pass. to be called to account, and so to be corrected.*

εὐθύ-πνοος, ov, contr. -πνοος, ov, (εὐθύ, πνέω) *straight-blowing.*

εὐθύ-ποπος, ov, (εὐθύ, πέμω) *guiding straight.*

εὐθύπορεύ, f. ἦσω, *to go straight forward; πύτμος εὐθυπορών unsustaining, inflexible fate: c. acc. cognato, εὐθυπορεῖν δρόμον to go d straight course.* From

εὐθύ-πορος, ov, (εὐθύ, πορεύομαι) *going straight: metaph. straightforward, plain-sailing, honest.*

εὐ-θυσος, ov, *with beautiful thyrsus.*

ΕΥΘΥΣ, εὐθεία, εὐθύ, — the Ion. form ἰθύς, *straight, direct:—in moral sense, straightforward, plain, honest:—in Advb. usages, εἰς τὸ εὐθὺ βλέπειν to look straight forward; ἀπὸ τοῦ εὐθέος λέγειν to speak straight out; ἐκ τοῦ εὐθέος at once, immediately.* II. as Adv. εὐθύς and εὐθύ, of Place, *straight to, direct for: also c. gen. straight towards:—εὐθύ Πιλλήνης.* 2. of Time, *straightway, forthwith, at once: τοῦ θεοῦ εὐθύς ἀρχομένω immediately at the beginning of summer.—So also the regular Adv. εὐθέως.*

εὐ-θύσανος, ov, (εὐ, θύσανος) *well-fringed.*

εὐθύτης, ητος, ἡ, (εὐθύς) *straightness.* II. metaph. *honesty, justice.* [ῥ]

εὐθύ-τομος, ov, (εὐθύ, τεμείν) *cut straight, straight:*

εὐθύ-φρων, ov, (εὐθύ, φρήν) *right-minded.*

εὐθύ-ωρος, ov, also α, ov, (εὐθύ, ὥρα) *in a straight direction: neut. εὐθύρων as Adv., —εὐθύς π.*

εὐ-ώρηξ, ηκος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, ὠραξ) *well-mailed.*

εὐάξω, v. εὐάξω.

εὐάλικος, ἡ, ὁ, (εὐείος) *Bacchic: fem. εὐάξω, ἄδοξ.*

εὐ-ίερος, ov, (εὐ, ἱερός) *very holy, hallowed.*

Εὐίος, ὁ, Εὐίος, epith. of Bacchus, from the cry εἰα, εἰοί.

II. εἰός, ov, Adj. *Bacchic, inspired by Bacchus.*

εὐ-ίππος, ov, of persons, *delighting in horses, having fine horses: of places, famed for horses.*

εὐ-ιστος, ov, (εὐ, ἴσθμι) *of good knowledge.*

εὐ-ιστοχος, ov, (εὐ, ἰσχύον) *with beautiful hips.*

εὐ-καθαίρετος, ov, (εὐ, καθαίρω) *easy to overthrow.*

εὐ-κάθεκτος, ov, (εὐ, κατέχω) *easy to keep down.*

εὐκαιρέω, f. ἦσω, (εὐκαιρος) *to have good opportu-*

nity, have leisure: —εὐκαιρεῖν εἰς τι, to devote one's leisure to a thing, spend one's time in it.

εὐκαιρία, ἡ, good season, opportunity, leisure. II. prosperity. From

εὐ-καιρος, ον, (εὐ, καιρός) in season, seasonable, well-timed, opportune: of places, convenient. Adv. εὐκαιρῶς opportunely: at leisure; Comp. —ότερον; Sup. —ότατα.

εὐ-κάλος, εὐ-κάλια, Dor. for εὐκλή-.
εὐ-κάματος, ον, (εὐ, κάματος) of easy labour, easy. 2. well-ought: won by noble toils. [α]

εὐ-κάμπης, ἐς, (εὐ, κάμπω) well-bent, curved.

εὐ-κάρδιος, ον, (εὐ, καρδία) good of heart, stout-hearted, Lat. egregie cordatus: of a horse, spirited, of good courage. Adv. ἰως, with stout heart.

εὐ-καρπος, ον, rich in fruit, fruitful: prolific.

εὐ-κατάλλακτος, ον, (εὐ, καταλλάσσω) easy to appease.

εὐ-κατάλυτος, ον, (εὐ, καταλύω) easy to overbrow.
εὐ-κατάφορος, ον, (εὐ, καταφέρωμαι) prone towards, Lat. proclivis.

εὐ-καταφρόνητος, ον, (εὐ, καταφρονέω) easy to despise, despicable.

εὐ-κατεργαστος, ον, (εὐ, κατεργάζομαι) easy to work, of land:—easy to digest:—easy to effect or subdue.

εὐ-κατηγόρητος, ον, (εὐ, κατηγορέω) easy to blame.

εὐ-κέατος, ον, Ep. for εὐ-κείστος, (εὐ, κέαω) easily cleft or split.

εὐ-κελᾶδος, ον, sounding well, melodious.

εὐ-κέντρος, ον, (εὐ, κέντρον) well-pointed.

εὐ-κέραιος, ον, and εὐκέρως, ον, gen. ατος, (εὐ, κέρας) with goodly horns.

εὐκλήγεται, ἡ, εἰς that lulls, soothes. From

εὐκλῆος Dor. εὐκάλος, ον, lengthd. form of ἔκλος, tranquil, free from care or fear, Lat. securus.

εὐ-κισσος, ον, (εὐ, κισσός) ivied.

εὐ-κίων, ον, gen. ονος, with goodly pillars. [I]

εὐ-κλής, ἐς, acc. εὐκλεία contr. εὐκλεᾶ; also (as if from εὐκλής) acc. sing. εὐκλέα, pl. εὐκλέας Ep. ἐδ-κλείας: (εὐ, κλέος):—of good fame, glorious, noble. Hence

εὐκλεία Ep. εὐκλείη, and in late Poets εὐκλείη, ἡ, good fame, renown. Hence

εὐκλείζω Ion. εὐκλήζω, f. σω, to praise, laud.

εὐκλείης, ἐς, Ep. for εὐκλείης: Adv. ἐκκλείω.

εὐ-κλεινος, ον, much-famed.

εὐ-κλήης or εὐ-κλήης, ἴδος, ἡ, (εὐ, κλείω) well-closed, dose-shutting.

εὐκλήριω, f. ἴσω, to have a good lot. From

εὐ-κλήρος, ον, with a good lot or portion.

εὐ-κλωστος Ep. εὐκλ-, ον, (εὐ, κλώθω) well-spun.

εὐ-κνήμις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, κνήμη) well-equipped with greaves, with well-wooried greaves: Ep. nom. and acc. pl. ἐκνήμιδες, ἐκνήμιδας. [I]

εὐ-κνήμιος, ον, (εὐ, κνήμη) with beautiful legs.

εὐ-κοινομήτης, ὁ, ἡ, taking common counsel.

εὐ-κόλλος, ον, (εὐ, κόλλα) gluing well, sticky.

εὐ-κόλος, ον, (εὐ, κόλον) of good digestion: gene-

rally, contented, easy, Lat. facilis: good-natured, popular.

εὐ-κόλπος, ον, swelling beautifully, in goodly folds. 2, with beautiful bays.

εὐκόλως. Adv. of εὐκόλος, contentedly, calmly.

εὐ-κομελής, ἐς, (εὐ, κομῆ) well-cared for.

εὐ-κόμος Ep. ἡῦκ-, ον, (εὐ, κόμη) thick-haired.

εὐ-κομπος, ον, loud-sounding.

εὐ-κοπος, ον, with easy labour, easy.

εὐ-κόσμητος, ον, (εὐ, κοσμέω) well-adorned.

εὐκοσμία, ἡ, orderly behaviour, good order. From

εὐ-κοσμος, ον, well-ordered, orderly, decorous:—

Adv. —ως, in good order. II. well-adorned, graceful.

εὐ-κραιρος, ον, or α, ον, (εὐ, κραιρα) with fine horns.

εὐ-κράς, ἄτος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, κεράννυμι) well-tempered: of climate, temperate, mild, moderate. II. mix-

ing readily with.

εὐ-κρασία, ἡ, good mixture or temperament. From

εὐ-κράτος, ον, (εὐ, κεράννυμι) well-tempered, tem-

perate: of wine, mixed for drinking:—metaph. temperate, mild.

εὐ-κρεκτος, ον, (εὐ, κρέκω) well-struck, well-played of stringed instruments. II. well-woven.

εὐ-κρηνος, ον, (εὐ, κρήνη) well-watered.

εὐ-κρητος, ον, Ion. for εὐκράτος.

εὐ-κρίβος, ον, (εὐ, κριθή) rich in barley.

εὐκρίνέω, f. ἴσω, to keep distinct and in order. From

εὐ-κρίνής, ἐς, (εὐ, κρίνω) well-separated, distinct, regular: well-arranged, in good order. Adv. —ως Ion. —νέως.

εὐ-κρίτος, ον, (εὐ, κρίνω) easy to judge or decide: easily discerned, plain, manifest.

εὐ-κρόταλος Ep. εὐκρ-, ον, (εὐ, κρόταλον) accom-

panied by castanets, lively, rattling.

εὐ-κρόττης, ον, (εὐ, κροτέω) well-welded, well-wooried, of metal.

εὐ-κρυπτος, ον, (εὐ, κρύπτω) easy to bide.

εὐκταῖος, α, ον, (εὐχομαι) of or for prayer, votive: τὰ εὐκταῖα, wishes, prayers, vows:—of the gods, in-

voked in prayer: of things, prayed for.

εὐ-κτέανος, ον, (εὐ, κτέανον) with fine possessions.

εὐ-κτήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὐ, κτήμα) with fair pos-

sessions.

εὐ-κτητος, ον, (εὐ, κτάομαι) easily gotten.

εὐ-κτίμενος, η, ον, (εὐ, κτίζω) well-built: well-made, full of goodly buildings.

εὐ-κτίτος, ον, Ep. and Ion. for εὐκτιστος, —ἐκκτι-μενος.

εὐκτός, ὁ, ὄν, (εὐχομαι) prayed for: to be prayed for

εὐ-κυκλος, ον, well-turned, well-rounded. II

moving in a circle, circling.

εὐ-κύλικος, ον, (εὐ, κύλιξ) suited to the wine-cup.

εὐλάβεια Ion. εὐλαβίη, ἡ, discretion, caution, cir-

cumspection. 2. fear of the gods, piety. From

εὐ-λαβέομαι, fut. med. —ήσομαι or pass. —ηθήσομαι:

αοι. I pass. ἡλαβήθη or ἐλᾶ: Dep.: (εὐλαβής):

—to be cautious, circumspect, discreet:—to have a

care, beware, fear. II. c. acc. *to* beware of 2. *to* watch for, await quietly.

εὐλαβήθητι, 2 sing. aor. I imperat. of foreg.
εὐ-λαβής, ἐς, (εὐ, λαβεῖν) taking in hand cautiously,
cautious, circumspect, discreet. 2. fearing the gods,
pious, devout.

εὐ-λαβίη, see εὐλαβεία.

εὐλαβῶς, Adv. of εὐλαβής, cautiously: Comp.
-εστέρος.

εὐλάζω, f. ζῶ, old Dor. Verb, *to* plough.

εὐ-λαύξ, ἰγος, ὁ, ἡ, = εὐλαός.

εὐλάκα, ἡ, old Dor. word for a ploughshare.

εὐ-λάλος, ὦν, (εὐ, λαλέω) sweet-spoken.

εὐ-λάχανος, ὦν, (εὐ, λάχανον) fruitful in herbs.

εὐ-λαῖμος, ὦν, and εὐ-λείμων, ὦν, gen. οὐρε, (εὐ,
λείμων) with fair meadows.

εὐ-λεκτρος, ὦν, (εὐ, λέκτρον) blessing marriage:
happy in marriage.

εὐ-λέξις, ἰ, (εὐ, λέξις) with good choice of words.

εὐ-λεχής, ἐς, (εὐ, λέχος) well-wedded, blessed in
one's marriage-bed.

Εὐ' ἈΗ', ἡ, a worm, maggot.

εὐ-ληκτος, ὦν, (εὐ, λήγω) soon-ceasing.

εὐ-ληπτος, ὦν, (εὐ, λαμβάνω) easy to take hold of;
easy to be taken, seized, conquered. Adv. εὐλήπτως,
so that one can easily take hold: Sup. -ύτατα.

εὐληρα, ὦν, τά, old Ep. word for ἡλια, reins.

εὐ-λίμενος, ὦν, (εὐ, λίμην) with good harbours.

εὐλόγῳ, f. ἦσω: in augm. tenses, impf. εὐλόγουν or
ἦλ-, εἰς, I εὐλόγησα or ἦλ-: (εὐλογος):—*to* speak
well of, praise. 2. *to* bless. Hence

εὐλογητός, ἡ, ὦν, blessed.

εὐλογία, ἡ, (εὐλογέω) good-speaking, fair-speak-
ing. II. praise, eulogy: glory. 2. blessing or
a blessing, bounty: also amgiving.

εὐ-λόγιστος, ὦν, (εὐ, λογιζομαι) easy to reckon. II.
tightly reckoning, prudent.

εὐ-λογος, ὦν, (εὐ, λόγος) reasonable, sensible: rea-
sonable, probable, fair: τὸ εὐλογον a fair reason:—
Adv., εὐλόγως ἔχειν *to* be reasonable: Comp. -ατέ-
ρος.

εὐ-λοεῖται, ἡ, (εὐ, λουτρόν) with fine baths.

εὐ-λοφος, ὦν, well-plumed.

εὐ-λοχος, ὦν, (εὐ, λοχεύω) helping in childbirth.

εὐ-λύρης, ὦν, Dor. εὐλύρας, α, ὁ, = εὐλυρος.

εὐ-λύρος, ὦν, (εὐ, λύρα) with beautiful lyre, playing
beautifully on the lyre.

εὐ-λύτος, ὦν, (εὐ, λύω) easy to untie, easy to loose. 2.
metaph. easy to dissolve or break.

εὐμάθεια, ἡ, docility.

εὐ-μαθής, ἐς, (εὐ, μαθεῖν) ready or quick at learn-
ing, Lat. docilis:—Adv. εὐμαθῶς, readily: Comp.
-εστέρον. II. pass. easy to learn or know, intelli-
gible: well-known, familiar.

εὐ-μαθία Ion. -ιῆ, ἡ, = εὐμάθεια.

εὐ-μάκης, Dor. for εὐμήκη.

εὐ-μαλλος, ὦν, of fine wool.

εὐ-μᾶλος, Dor. for εὐμολος.

εὐ-μάραθος, ὦν, (εὐ, μάραθρον) abounding in fennel.
εὐμάρεα, ἡ, easiness, ease, convenience: εὐμαρείς
χρησθῆναι *to* be in comfort, but also = Lat. alium exone-
rare, *to* ease oneself. From

εὐ-μάρης, ἐς, (εὐ, μάρη—χείρ) easy, convenient, with-
out trouble. 2. rarely of persons, easy, gentle.

εὐ-μαρίη, Ion. for εὐμάρεα

εὐμάρης, ἰδος, ἡ, but acc. εὐμαρῖν, an Asiatic sbos or
slipper. (Foreign word.)

εὐμάρως poet. -έως, Adv. of εὐμαρής, gently.

εὐ-μεγέθης, ἐς, (εὐ, μέγεθος) of good size, well-grown.

εὐ-μελάνος, ὦν, (εὐ, μέλαν) well-blackened, inky.

εὐ-μελής, ἐς, (εὐ, μέλος) melodious, musical.

εὐμένεια, ἡ, (εὐμένης) good will, kindness, favour.

εὐμέντης, ου, ὁ, poet. for εὐμένης, a well-wisher,
friend: fem. εὐμενέειρα

εὐμένω, f. ἦσω, *to* be propitious, kind. II. c.
acc. *to* be kind *to*, deal kindly with. From

εὐ-μενής, ἐς, (εὐ, μένος) well-disposed, kind, gra-
cious, favourable: of men, friendly, also accept-
able. 2. of things, favourable, propitious: also
bounteous, abundant.

εὐ-μενία, ἡ, poet. collat. form of εὐμένης.

Εὐμενίδες (sub. θεαί), αἱ, (εὐμενής) the gracious
goddesses, appellation of the Furies, instead of the ill-
omened name Ἐρινύες.

εὐμενία, ἡ, poet. for εὐμένης.

εὐμενίζομαι, f. ἰσομαι Att. ἰομαι, Med., (εὐμενής)
to make propitious, propitiate.

εὐμενός Ion. -έως, Adv. of εὐμενής, kindly, gra-
ciously: Comp. -εστέρον or -εστέρος.

εὐ-μετάβλητος, ὦν, and εὐ-μετάβολος, ὦν, (εὐ, με-
ταβάλλω) easy to change.

εὐ-μετάδοτος, ὦν, (εὐ, μεταδίδωμι) readily impart-
ing, bountiful.

εὐ-μεταχείριστος, ὦν, (εὐ, μεταχειρίζω) easy *to*
manage. 2. easy *to* deal with or master.

εὐ-μετρος, ὦν, (εὐ, μέτρον) moderate, well-propor-
tioned.

εὐ-μήκης, ἐς, (εὐ, μήκος) of good length, tall.

εὐ-μηλος, ὦν, (εὐ, μῆλον) rich in sheep.

εὐ-μήρυτος, ὦν, (εὐ, μῆρυς) easy to spin or draw out.

εὐμηχανία, ἡ, skill in devising means, fertility of
resources. From

εὐ-μήχανος, ὦν, (εὐ, μηχανή) good at expedients,
skilful in devising: absol. inventive, ready, ingenious.

εὐ-μίσητος, ὦν, (εὐ, μῖσος) exposed to hatred.

εὐ-μίτος, ὦν, with fine or stout threads.

εὐ-μυτρος, ὦν, (εὐ, μίτρα) with beautiful girdle.

εὐμ-μελής, ὁ, Ion. gen. εὐμμελῖω, Dor. -ίας, gen.

-ία: ἡ, (μελία) armed with good aspen spear.

εὐ-μνήμων, ὦν, (εὐ, μνήμη) easy to remember: comp.

Adv., εὐμνημονεστέρως ἔχειν *to* be easier to remember.

εὐ-μνηστος, ὦν, (εὐ, μμνήσκειν) well-remembering,
mindful.

εὐ-μοιρος, ὦν, (εὐ, μοῖρα) well off for fortune,
wealthy.

εὐμολπέω, f. ἦσω, *to* sing well. From

εὐ-μολπος, (εὐ, μολπή) *sweetly-singing*.
εὐ-μορφία, ἡ, *beauty of form, symmetry*. From
εὐ-μορφία, ον, (εὐ, μορφή) *fair of form, comely*.
εὐ-μορσία, ἡ, *accomplishments*. From
εὐ-μουσος, ον, (εὐ, Μοῦσα) *skilled in the arts of the Muses*: accomplished in poetry, music, and dancing : *musical, melodious*.

εὐ-μοχθος, ον, *industrious, laborious*.
εὐ-μῦθος, ον, *well-spoken, eloquent*.
εὐ-μῦκος, ον, (εὐ, μυκάομαι) *loud-bellowing*.
εὐνάω, f. ἄω : in augm. tenses, aor. I εὐνάσα or ἦν—, pass. εὐνάσθην or ἦν—: (εὐνή):—*to lay in bed, put to sleep*: also *to lay in ambush*: of animals, *to lay their young in a form*: of death, *to lay asleep*. 2. metaph. *to lull to sleep, soothe, assuage*. II. Pass. *to go to bed, lie asleep, sleep*: of birds, *to roost*. III. intr. in Act. *to sleep*.

εὐ-ναιετάν, ονσα, ον, (εὐ, ναιετάω) *well-peopled or well-situated*.

εὐ-ναϊόμενος, η, ον, (εὐ, ναίω) *well-peopled or well-situated*.

εὐναῖος, α, ον, (εὐνή) *in one's bed or couch*: εὐναῖος λαγώς *a hare in its form*: εὐναῖαι πτέρυγες *wings over the nest*. 2. wedded. 3. of pain, *making one keep one's bed*.

εὐνάσμιος, ον, (εὐνάω) *convenient for sleeping in*.
εὐναστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (εὐνάω) *a bedfellow*. Hence
εὐνάταιρα, εὐνατήρ, εὐνάτωρ, Dor. for εὐνητ—.

εὐνάττιον, τό, *a bed-chamber*.
εὐνάω, f. ἴσω :—Pass., aor. I εὐνήθην: pf. εὐνημαι : (εὐνή):—*to lull to sleep*: also *to lay in ambush*. 2. metaph. *to lull to sleep, soothe, assuage*. II.

Pass. *to go to bed*: *to go to sleep*: also *to be bedded with*: of storms, *to be lulled, assuaged*.

εὐνέτης, ον, ὁ, (εὐνή) = εὐναστήρ or εὐνήτηρ.

ΕΥΝΗ, ἡ, *a bed, any sleeping-place*: *the lair of a deer, the seat or form of a hare, the nest of a bird*:—also *the grave*.

εὐναί, the marriage-bed, wedlock, marriage. II. in plur. εὐναί, stones used as anchors, and thrown out from the prow, while the stern was made fast to land; εὐναί εὐναίον κατὰ δὲ πρυμνήσι' ἔδθησαν.

εὐνηθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of εὐνάω.

εὐνηθεν, (εὐνή) Adv. out of bed.

εὐνηθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of εὐνάω.

εὐνημα, ατος, τό, (εὐνάω) *marriage, wedlock*.

εὐνηταιρα, fem. of εὐνητήρ, *a wife*.

εὐνητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (εὐνάω) *a bedfellow, busb. and*.

εὐ-νητος Ep. εὐν-νητος, ον, (εὐ, νέω) *well-spur or woven, of fine texture*.

εὐνήτρια, ἡ, = εὐνήταιρα.

εὐνήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = εὐνήτηρ.

εὐνήφι, -φω, Ep. gen. sing. and pl. of εὐνή.

εὐνός, ὁ, ἡ, gen. ios; in pl. εὐνίος or εὐνίδες :—*reft of, bereaved of*. II. absol. *bereaved, desolate*.

εὐνός, ἰδος, ἡ, (εὐνή) *a bedfellow, wife*.
εὐν-νητος, Ep. for εὐνητος.

εὐνοέω, f. ἴσω, (εὐνοο) *to be well-disposed or friendly*:—Pass. *to be kindly treated*.

εὐνοῖα, ἡ, poet. also εὐνοῖα Ep. εὐνοίη, (εὐ-νοος) *good will, kindness*: in pl. *kindnesses, kind feelings*:

—κατ' εὐνοίαν out of kindness, favourably; so, μετ' εὐνοίας, ὡς εὐνοίας, εὐνοίᾳ. Hence

εὐ-νοϊκός, ἡ, ὅν, of kind, benevolent character. Adv., εὐνοϊκῶς ἔχειν *to be kindly disposed*.

εὐνομέομαι : f. med. εὐνομήσομαι : aor. I pass. εὐνομήθην : (εὐνομος):—*to have good laws, enjoy a good constitution, to be orderly*. Hence

εὐνομία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, *good order, order*. From

εὐ-νομος, ον, (εὐ, νόμος) *under good laws, well-ordered, orderly*.

εὐ-νοος, ον, Att. contr. εὐ-νους, ονν, pl. εὐνοί : (εὐ, νός, νοῦς):—*well-minded, well-affected, kindly, benevolent*:—Comp. εὐνοστέρος Ion. -οῖστέρος; Sup. -οῦστατος.

εὐνουχιζέω, f. ἴσω, *to make an eunuch of*. From

εὐν-ούχος, ὁ, (εὐνή, ἔχω) *an eunuch*: employed in Asia as chamberlains (whence the name, οἱ τὴν εὐνήν ἔχοντες, *guardians of the bed*).

εὐντα, Dor. for εὐντα, ὄντα, neut. pl. part. of εἰμί sum.

εὐ-νώμας, ον, ὁ, (εὐ, νομάω) *swiftly moving*.

εὐ-νωος, Adv. of εὐνοος, εὐνους, *kindly*.

εὐξαίμην, aor. I opt. of εὐχομαι.

εὐ-ξαντος, ον, (εὐ, ξαίνω) *well-carded, of wool*.

εὐ-ξενος Ion. εὐ-ξενος, ον, (εὐ, ξένος) *kind to strangers, hospitable*: ἀνδρῶν εὐξενος *the guest-chamber*: πόντος εὐξενος *the Euxine, now the Black sea*, called, before the Greek settlements upon it, ἄ-ξενος *the inhospitable*.

εὐ-ξεστος Ep. εὐξεστος, ον, or η, ον, *well-polished*.

εὐ-ξεος Ep. εὐξεος, ον, Ep. gen. εὐξου, (εὐ, ξέω) = εὐξεστος.

εὐ-ξύμβλητος; εὐ-ξύμβολος, εὐ-ξύμετος, Att. for εὐσ—.

εὐ-δοέω, f. ἴσω, (εὐδοος) *to have a free passage, or running water*. Hence

εὐδοία, ἡ, *a good journey, fair voyage*.

εὐ-οδμος, ον, (εὐ, ὀδμή) *sweet-smelling, fragrant*.

εὐ-οδος, ον, (εὐ, ὀδός) *easy to travel through*: with free passage:—Sup. εὐοδάτωτος. Hence

εὐ-οδῶν, f. ὥσω: Pass., f. -οδαθήσομαι : aor. I -οδάθην:—*to put in the right way, help on the way*: Pass. *to prosper, be successful*.

εὐοῖ, Bacchanalian exclamation, Lat. *evoe!*

εὐ-ολβος, ον, (εὐ, ὀλβος) *wealthy, prosperous*.

εὐοπλέω, f. ἴσω, (εὐοπλος) *to be well-equipped*.

εὐοπλία, ἡ, *the being well armed, a good state of arms and equipments*. From

εὐ-οπλος, ον, (εὐ, ὄπλον) *well-armed, well-equipped*.

εὐοργησία, ἡ, *gentleness, mildness of temper*. From

εὐ-ὀργητος, ον, (εὐ, ὀργή) *good-tempered, free from passion*. Adv. -τῶν, *with good temper*.

εὐορκέω, f. ἴσω, (εὐορκος) *to swear truly, take a true oath, to keep one's oath*. Hence

εὐορκησια, ἡ, an abiding by one's oath, good faith.
 εὐορκία, ἡ, (εὐορκέω) — ευορκησια. From
 εὐ-ορκος, ον, (εὐ, ὀρκος) true to one's oath: of oaths,
 δμῶναι εὐορκα (as Adv.) to swear truly; εὐορκῶν
 [ἔστι] 'tis according to one's oath. Hence
 εὐορκωμαι, ατος, τό, a faithful oath.
 εὐορκως, Adv. of εὐορκος, according to one's oath.
 εὐ-ορμος, υ with good anchorage: of ships, safe at
 anchor.

εὐ-ορνής, ἴθος, δ, ἡ, (εὐ, ὀρνίς) of good augury, au-
 spicious. II. abounding in birds.
 εὐ-ὄροφος, ον, (εὐ, ὄρέφω) well-roofed.
 εὐ-ὀφθαλμοι, ον, with beautiful eyes. II. pleas-
 ing to the eyes. III. specious.

εὐ-ὀφρυν, υ, (εὐ, ὀφρύνω) with fine eyebrows.
 εὐ-οχέω, ἰ, ἡσω, (εὐ, ἔχω) to treat, tend well.
 εὐοχέω, ἰ ἡσω, to be in plenty. From
 εὐ-οχθος, ον, with goodly banks, fruitful, rich.
 εὐ-πάγης, ἐς, (εὐ, παγῆναι) well put together, com-
 pact.

εὐπάθεια Ion. εὐπαθία, ἡ, enjoyment of good things,
 the being in good case, comfort: in plur. enjoyments,
 luxuries; ἐν εὐπαθίᾳ εἶναι to enjoy oneself, make
 merry. [ᾶ] From

εὐπάθειω, ἰ, ἡσω, to be well off, enjoy oneself, make
 merry, live comfortably. From
 εὐ-πάθης, ἐς, (εὐ, παθεῖν) well off, in good case,
 comfortable.

εὐ-παθία, Ion. for εὐπάθεια.
 εὐπαῖδια, ἡ, a goodly race of children. From
 εὐ-παῖς, παῖδος, δ, ἡ, (εὐ, παῖς) blest with children,
 with many or good children; γένος εὐπαῖς, a noble son.
 εὐ-πακτος, Dor. for εὐπηκτος.
 εὐ-παλάμμος, ον, (εὐ, πάλαμν) bandy, ingenious: in-
 ventive.

εὐ-παράγωγος, ον, (εὐ, παράγω) easy to lead away.
 εὐ-πάραος, υ, Dor. for εὐπαρεος, -ηος.
 εὐ-παράπειτος, ον, easily led aside.
 εὐ-παρέδρος, ον, constantly attending on, devoted to.
 εὐ-πάρσιος, ον, (εὐ, παρσία) with beautiful cheeks.
 εὐ-πάρθενος, ον, famed for fair maidens. II.

εὐπάρθενος Διρκῆ Dircé, δαρκύ maid!
 εὐ-παροξύντος, ον, (εὐ, παροξύω) easily irritated.
 εὐ-παρύφος, ον, (εὐ, παρυφή) with a handsome border.
 εὐ-παιτέρα, ἡ, (εὐ, πατήρ) daughter of a noble sire:
 belonging to a noble father.

εὐ-πατριδης, ου, δ, (εὐ, πατήρ) of good or noble
 father, of noble family. I. at Athens, the Εὐ-
 πατρίδα, Lat. Optimates, were the first class: the
 γεωμήτορες the second, the δημιουργοί the third.

εὐ-πατρις, ἴδος, δ, ἡ, (εὐ, πατήρ) born of a noble sire.
 εὐ-πάτρις, ορος, δ, ἡ, — εὐπατρία.
 εὐ-πειθής, ἐς, (εὐ, πείθομαι) ready to obey, obedient,
 tractable. II. act. persuasive, convincing.

εὐ-πειστος, ον, (εὐ, πείθομαι) easily persuaded.
 εὐ-πέμπelos, ον, (εὐ, πέμπω) gently leading.
 εὐ-πίνθερος, ον, with a good father-in-law.
 εὐ-πεπλος, ον, beautifully attired.

εὐ-περιάγωγος, ον, (εὐ, περιάγω) easily turned round.
 εὐ-περίγραπτος, ον, (εὐ, περιγράφω) easy to sketch out.
 εὐ-περίγραφος, ον, (εὐ, περιγραφή) — foregoing.
 εὐ-περίπατος, ον, (εὐ, περιπατέω) easy to walk on.
 εὐ-περίσπαστος, ον, (εὐ, περισπάω) easy to pull off.
 εὐ-περίστατος, ον, (εὐ, περίσταμαι) easily besetting.
 εὐ-περίτρεπτος, ον, (εὐ, περιτρέπω) easily turned
 round, changeable, inconstant.

εὐ-πέταλος, ον, (εὐ, πέταλος) with beautiful leaves.
 εὐ-πέταια, ἡ, ease; δι' εὐτελείας easily. 2, easi-
 ness of getting or having, Lat. copia. From
 εὐ-πετής, ἐς, (εὐ, πεσεῖν) falling well or easily:
 hence easy, without trouble, Lat. facilis: abundant,
 plentiful.

εὐ-πετρος, ον, (εὐ, πέτρα) of good, hard stone.
 εὐπετῶς Ion. — ἔως, Adv. of εὐπετής, easily, amply:
 Comp. εὐπετέστερον and -ως.

εὐ-πηγής, ἐς, (εὐ, πηγνυμι) well-made, stout.
 εὐ-πηκτος, ον, (εὐ, πηγνυμι) well put together, well-
 built, compact: of cheese, well-curdled, solid.

εὐ-πήληξ, ηκος, δ, ἡ, with beautiful helmet.
 εὐ-πηνος, ον, (εὐ, πήνη) of fine texture.
 εὐ-πηχυς, υ, with beautiful arms.

εὐ-πίδαξ, ἄκος, δ, ἡ, abounding in fountains.
 εὐ-πίθεω, — εὐπειθέω. From

εὐ-πίθης, ἐς, — εὐπειθής, obedient, submissive.
 εὐ-πιστος, ον, easy to believe, trustworthy, credi-
 ble. I. act. easily believing, credulous: — Adv.

—ως.
 εὐ-πίων, ον, gen. ονος, very fat, rich. [I]
 εὐ-πλάτης, ἐς, (εὐ, πλάτος) of a good breadth.

εὐ-πλειος, α, ον, well filled.
 εὐ-πλεκτής Ep. εὐ-πλεκτής, ἐς, (εὐ, πλέκω) well-
 plaited; δίφροι εὐπλεκέες, see εὐπλεκτος.

εὐ-πλεκτος Ep. εὐ-πλεκτος, ον, (εὐ, πλέκω) well-
 plaited, well-netted; εὐπλεκτος δίφρος a chariot with
 sides of wicker-work.

εὐπλοια Ep. εὐπλοία, ἡ, (εὐπλοος) a fair voyage.
 εὐ-πλόκαμος Ep. εὐπλ-ον, with goodly locks: pecul-
 fem. εὐπλοκαμής, ἴδος.

εὐ-πλοκος, ον, — εὐπλεκτος.
 εὐ-πλοος, ον, contr. εὐ-πλους, ον, (εὐ, πλέω) sailing
 well, having a fair voyage.

εὐ-πλύντης Ep. εὐπλ-, ἐς, (εὐ, πλύνω) well-washed.
 εὐ-πλωτος, ον, (εὐ, πλώω) favourable to sailing.
 εὐπνοια poet. εὐπνοία, ἡ, easiness of breathing. II.

fragrance. From
 εὐ-πνοος Ep. εὐ-πνοος, ον, contr. εὐ-πνοος, ον, (εὐ,
 πνέω) breathing well or freely: good to breathe
 through. II. sweet-smelling, fragrant, — Comp.

εὐπνώδης, also irreg. — πνούστροφος
 εὐπνῶδια, ἡ, (εὐπνοια) strength or speed of foot.
 εὐποιητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (εὐ, ποιέω) disposed to be kind,
 beneficent.

εὐ-πολήτος, ον, also η, ον, (εὐ, ποιέω) well-made,
 well-wrought.

εὐ-ποιτα, ἡ, (εὐ, ποιέω) beneficence.

εὐ-ποίκιλος, ον, (εὐ, ποικίλος) much-variegated.

εὐ-ποκος, *ον*, (εὐ, πόκος) *with fine wool; fleecy.*
 εὐ-πόλεμος, *ον*, *good at war.*
 εὐ-πομπος, *ον*, (εὐ, πέμπω) *well-conducting, propitious.*

εὐπορέω, *ἡ ὥω*: *αορ. I εὐπόρησα: (εὐπορος):—to be prosperous, be well off: to be well off for a thing, have plenty of it. 2. to find a way, be able. II. to supply, provide: Pass. to have plenty of, abound in. Hence*

εὐπορία, *ἡ facility in moving, facility in doing. 2. readiness of supply: means, resources. 3. plenty, store: wealth. II. opp. to ἀπορία, the solution of doubts or difficulties.*

εὐ-πορος, *ον*, (εὐ, πόρος) *easy to pass through or over. II. easy, ready. 2. of persons, well-provided with resources, ingenious, inventive. III. abounding in, rich in: absol. plentiful: of persons, wealthy.*

εὐπόρως, *Adv. of εὐπορος, easily: in abundance.*
 εὐ-ποτμος, *ον*, *well-fated, happy.*
 εὐ-ποτος, *ον*, (εὐ, ποτίζω) *pleasant to drink.*
 εὐ-πους, *ὁ, ἡ, —του, τό, gen. —ποδος, (εὐ, ποῦς) with good feet, strong or swift of foot.*
 εὐπράγως, *ἡ ὥω*, *to fare well, be well off, prosper. From*

εὐ-πράγης, *ἐς, (εὐ, πράγος) faring well, flourishing.*
 εὐπράγία, *ἡ, (εὐπραγέω) well-doing, welfare.*
 εὐ-πρακτος, *ον*, (εὐ, πράσσω) *easy to be done.*
 εὐπραξία *Ion. εὐπρηξία, ἡ, —επραγία, good fortune, success. II. good conduct.*

εὐ-πρεπής, *ἡ, ποστ. for εὐπραξία.*
 εὐ-πρεμων, *ον*, (εὐ, πρέμω) *with good stem.*
 εὐπρέπεια, *ἡ, fair appearance: beauty, comeliness. II. speciousness, plausibility. From*

εὐ-πρεπής, *ἐς, (εὐ, πρέπω) well-looking, goodly, comely: hence, 2. fitting, becoming: glorious. 3. specious, plausible.*

εὐ-πρεπτος, *(εὐ, πρέπω) conspicuous.*
 εὐπρεπῶς *Ion. —ῶς, Adv. of εὐπρεπής, becomingly: speciously: Comp. εὐπρεπέστερον; Sup. —έστατα.*
 εὐπρηξία, *Ion. for εὐπραξία.*
 εὐπρησσω, *(εὐ, πρήσσω) to arrange or order well: Ion. impf. ἐπρήσσεσκον.*

εὐ-πρηστος, *ον*, (εὐ, πρήθω) *strong-blowing.*
 εὐ-πρήων, *ωνος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, πρήω) with fair headlands.*

εὐ-πρόσδεκτος, *ον*, (εὐ, προσδέχομαι) *acceptable.*
 εὐ-πρόσεδρος, *ον*, —εὐπάρεδρος, *assiduous, diligent.*
 εὐ-προσηγορος, *ον*, (εὐ, προσηγόρεω) *of easy address, affable, courteous.*

εὐ-πρόσστος, *ον*, (εὐ, πρόσσειμι) *easy of access.*
 εὐ-πρόσδοξος, *ον*, *of good or easy access, affable, Lat. qui faciles aditus habet. II. of places, accessible: εὐπροσώτατον the easiest way of approach.*

εὐ-πρόσοιστος, *ον*, (εὐ, προσφέρω) *easy to be got: attainable, easy.*

εὐπροσωπῶ, *ἡ ὥω, (εὐπρόσωπος) to make a fair show, be specious, plausible.*

εὐπροσωπό-κοιτος, *ἡ, ὧν, (εὐπρόσωπος, κοίτη) lying or placed cheerfully: τύχη εὐπροσωποκοίτῃ πεσεῖν to fall with a cheerful posture of fortune*
 εὐ-πρόσωπος, *ον*, (εὐ, πρόσωπον) *well-looking, with fair face: metaph. specious. 2. cheerful, friendly-looking.*

εὐ-προφάσιτος, *ον*, (εὐ, προφασίζομαι) *with a good pretext, excusable, plausible.*

εὐ-πρυμνος, *ον*, (εὐ, πρύμνα) *of ships, with bandsome stern.*

εὐ-πρυφος, *ον*, (εὐ, πρύφα) *of ships, with bandsome prow.*

εὐ-πτερος, *ον*, (εὐ, πτερόν) *well-winged, well-plumed: metaph., εὐπτεροι γυναῖκες high-plumed dames of quality.*

εὐ-πτέρυγος, *ον*, (εὐ, πτέρυξ) —εὐπτερος.

εὐ-πτόρβος, *ον*, *finely branching.*

εὐ-πύργος, *ον*, *with goodly towers.*

εὐ-πύγων, *ον*, *gen. ὄνος, well-bearded.*

εὐ-πώλος, *ον*, *with fine colts: breeding fine horses.*

εὐράμην, *αορ. I med. of εὐρῶ.*

εὐράξ, (εὐρος) *Adv. from one side, sideways. II.*

εὐράξ πατάξ, *an exclamation to frighten away birds.*

εὐράς, *acc. masc. or neut. pl. of εὐρύς; also Ion. fem.*

εὐρέθην, *αορ. I pass. of εὐρίσκω.*

εὐρεῖν *Ep. εὐρέμεναι, αορ. 2 inf. of εὐρίσκω.*

εὐρετός, *α, ὧν, verb. Adj. of εὐρίσκω, to be discovered, found out.*

εὐρετής, *οὔ, ὁ, fem. εὐρέτης, ἴδος, (εὐρίσκω) a finder, inventor, discoverer.*

εὐρετο, *3 sing. αορ. 2 med. of εὐρίσκω.*

εὐρετός, *ἡ, ὧν, verb. Adj. of εὐρίσκω, discovered: to be found out or discovered.*

εὐρηκα, εὐρηγμα, *pf. act. and pass. of εὐρίσκω.*

εὐρημα, *αρος, τό, (εὐρίσκω) that which is found, an unexpected gain, windfall: hence generally, a gain, advantage. 2. of a child, a foundling. II.*

an invention, discovery: a remedy.

εὐρήν, *Dor. for εὐρεῖν.*

εὐρησι-επής, *ἐς, (εὐρίσκω, ἔπος) inventive of words, fluent: wordy, sophistical.*

εὐρήσω, *fut. of εὐρίσκω.*

εὐρήτωρ, *αρος, ὁ, (εὐρίσκω) an inventor, discoverer.*

εὐ-ρίνος, *ον*, (εὐ, ῥινός) *of good leather.*

εὐρίνος, *gen. of εὐρίς.*

εὐ-ρίπος, *ὁ, (εὐ, ῥιπίζω) any strait of the sea, where the tide is violent: esp. of the strait which separates Euboea from Boeotia: the ancients believed that this Euboea and flowed seven times a day.*

εὐ-ρίς, *ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, ρίς, ῥίν) with a good nose, keen-scented: metaph. keen at tracking out a thing.*

ΕΥΡΙΣΚΩ: *fut. εὐρήσω: pf. εὐρηκα or εὐρη-: αορ. 2 εὐρον or εὐρον, imperat. εὐρέ, inf. εἶρεῖν:—Med., f. εὐρήσομαι: αορ. 2 εὐρόμην or εὐρη-, later αορ. I εὐράμην:—Pass., fut. εὐρεθήσομαι and (in same sense) med. εὐρήσομαι: αορ. I εὐρέθην or εὐρέθην: pf. εὐρημαι or εὐρη-. I. to find, find out, discover: c. acc. cognato, εὐρημα εὐρίσκειν to make as*

unexpected discovery or gain.

II. to find, gain, get, win, obtain :—Med. to find or get for oneself, procure, obtain. 2. of merchandise, etc., to fetch so much money : hence, to be worth, to sell for.

εὐροῶ, f. ἴσῳ, (εὐροός) to flow well. II. metaphor. to flow or go on well.

εὐ-ροῖζήσῃ, ov, (εὐ, ροιζέω) loud-robustizing.

εὐροίμην, εὐροῖμι, aor. 2 opt. med. and act. of εὐρίσκω.

εὐρο-κλύδων, αἰος, δ, (Εὔρος, κλύδων) a tempestuous wind mentioned in Act. Apost. 27. 14: the name seems to mean a storm from the East.

εὐρομος, Dor. I pl. aor. 2 of εὐρίσκω.

εὐρον, aor. 2 of εὐρίσκω.

εὐ-ροός, ov, contr. εὐρούς, ουν, (εὐ, ρέω) flowing well, fair-flowing.

II. of words, flowing, fluent.

εὐ-ροπος, ov, (εὐ, ρέπω) easily inclining or slipping.

Εὔρος, δ, the South-East wind, Lat. Eurus.

εὐρος, τό, (εὐρύς) breadth, width, opp. to μήκος: εὐ-

ρος, in breadth, opp. to ὕψος, in height.

εὐρ-ραφής, Ev. for ευρ-αφής, (εὐ, ραπτω) well-

stitched.

εὐρ-ρεής, ἐς, Ev. gen. ἐδωρεῖος (for εὐρεοῦς), fair-

flowing.

εὐρ-ρείτης, ου, δ, = εὐρρεής.

εὐρ-ροός, Ep. for εὐρούς.

εὐρύ, neut. of εὐρύς, often used as Adv.

εὐρύ-άγυιός, α, ov, (εὐρύ, ἀγυιά) with wide streets,

epith. of great cities, in II. usually of Troy and Athens.

εὐρυ-αίχμας, δ, (εὐρύ, αἰχμή) with stout lance.

εὐρυ-βίαις Ion. and Ep. -βίτης, ov, δ, (εὐρύ, βία)

ruling widely, of far-extended power.

εὐρυ-θέμελλος poet. -θέμελος, ov, (εὐρύ, θέμελλον)

with broad foundations, spacious, extensive.

εὐρύθυμια, ἡ, good time or proportion: orderliness,

gracefulness, graceful. From

εὐρ-θύμος, ov, in good time or measure, rhythmical,

Lat. numerosus :—of persons, orderly • well-ordered.

εὐρύθυμος, Adv. of ευρ-θύμος, in good order, gracefully.

εὐρύ-κόλπος, ov, with spacious bosom.

εὐρυ-κρείων, ov, δ, wide-ruling.

εὐρυ-λείμων, ov, gen. αἰος, with broad meadows.

εὐρυ-μέδων, ov, δ, wide-ruling.

εὐρυ-μέτωπος, ov, (εὐρύ, μέτωπον) broad-fronted.

εὐρύναι, aor. I inf. of εὐρύνω.

εὐρύνω, f. ὕνω, (εὐρύς) to make wide or broad; εὐ-

ρύναι ἀγάνα to make room for the dance; τὸ εὐρύον

εὐρύναι to leave a wide space in the middle.

εὐρύ-νωτος, ov, (εὐρύ, νῶτος) broad-backed, stout.

εὐρυ-ὄβεια, ἡ, (εὐρύ, ὄβυς) with broad, open ways.

εὐρυ-όπτης Aeol. εὐρύοπτα, δ, (εὐρύ, ὄψομαι) the far-

glancing, far-seeing, Homeric epith. of Jove.

εὐρύ-οψ, δ, acc. εὐρύοψα, = εὐρύοπτης.

εὐρύ-πῆδος, ov, (εὐρύ, πῆδος) with broad surface.

εὐρύ-πορος, ov, with broad ways, of the sea.

εὐρυ-πρωκτία, ἡ, the character of a lewd fellow.

εὐρύ-πρωκτος, ov, (εὐρύ, πρωκτός) lewd, obscene; also an adulterer.

εὐρυ-πύλης, ἐς, (εὐρύ, πύλη) with wide gates.

εὐρυ-ρέθρος, ov, (εὐρύ, ρέθρον) with broad channel.

εὐρυ-ρέων, ouσα, ov, (εὐρύ, ρέω) broad-flowing.

ΕΥΡΥΡΥΣ, εὐρεία, εὐρύ: gen. εὐρέος, εἰας, ἐος: acc.

sing. εὐρύν, and sometimes εὐρέα Ion. fem. nom.

εὐρέα—wide, broad, spacious, far-reaching, wide-

spread :—Comp. εὐρύτερος; see εὐρύ.

εὐρυ-σάκης, ἐς, (εὐρύ, σάκος) with broad shield. [ᾶ]

εὐρυ-σθενής, ἐς, (εὐρύ, σθένος) wide-ruling, mighty.

εὐρύ-σορος, ov, with wide bier or tomb.

εὐρύ-στερνος, ov, (εὐρύ, στέρνον) broad-breasted.

εὐρύτερος, Adv., Comp. of εὐρύ, more widely.

εὐρύ-τιμος, ov, (εὐρύ, τιμή) far-bonoured.

εὐ-ρύτος, ov, (εὐ, ρέω) full-flowing.

εὐρυ-φάρετρος, ov, δ, (εὐρύ, φαρέτρα) with wide

quiver.

εὐρυ-φύης, ἐς, (εὐρύ, φύω) growing widely.

εὐρυ-χάδης, ἐς, (εὐρύ, χαδεῖν) wide-gaping, wide-

moulted, of cups.

εὐρυ-χαίτης, ov, δ, (εὐρύ, χαίτη) with wide-spread

hair.

εὐρύ-χωρος, ov, shortened Ep. for εὐρύχωρος.

εὐρυχωρία, ἡ, free space, plenty of room; ἐν εὐρυ-

χωρίᾳ in the open sea. From

εὐρύ-χωρος, ov, (εὐρύ, χώρα) roomy, spacious.

εὐ-ρώγης, (εὐ, ῥάξ) rich in graves.

εὐρώδης, ἐς, poet. for εὐρύς.

εὐρώς, ἐσσα, εν, (εὐρύς) mouldering, dank and

dark, squalid; οἶκτα εὐρώεντα, Virgil's loca senta situ.

εὐρύον, ouσα, ov, aor. 2 part. of εὐρίσκω.

ΕΥΡΩΠΗ, ἡ, Europa, Europe, as a geographical

name first in the Homeric hymn to Apollo.

εὐρύπτος, ἡ, ov, = εὐρύς.

ΕΥΡΩΨ, ὅτος, δ, mouta, dank, decay, Lat. situs,

squalor.

εὐρωστία, ἡ, stoutness, strength. From

εὐ-ρωστος, ov, (εὐ, ῥώννυμι) stout, strong. Adv.—τόως.

εὐρύωτι, dat. sing. of εὐρύς.

εὐ-ρωπιάω, (εὐρύς) to become or to be mouldy, to

decay; βίος ευρωπιάων a coarse, unpolished life.

ΕΥΡΥΣ, δ, good, brave, noble; gen. sing. ἑῆος; gen.

plur. neut. ἑῶν [ᾶ], as if from nom. ἑᾶ, θεοί, δωτηπες

ἑᾶων the gods, givers of good things.

εὔσα, Dor. for εὐόσα, ouσα, part. fem. of εὐρίσκειν.

εὔσα, aor. I of εὔω.

εὐσεβεία, ἡ, (εὐσεβής) reverence towards the gods,

piety, religion Lat. pietas, 2. credit or character

for piety.

εὐσεβέω, f. ῶμαι, (εὐσεβής) to live or act piously: to

be pious in a thing: o. acc. pers. to reverence.

εὐ-σεβής, ἐς, (εὐ, σέβω) Lat. pius, pious, religious,

reverent: of things, holy, hallowed.

εὐ-σεβία Ion. -ία, poet. for εὐσεβεία.

εὐ-σελμος Ep. εὔσσω, ov, (εὐ, σέλμα) with good

banks of oars, well-rowed.

εὐ-σεπτος, ov, (εὐ, σέβω) much revered, holy.

εὐ-σημος, *ον*, (εὐ, σῆμα) of good omen, auspicious.
 II. manifest, remarkable, conspicuous.
 εὐ-σθενέω, *ῖ*, ἦσω, to be strong, healthy. From
 εὐ-σθενής, *ῖς*, (εὐ, σθένος) stout: strong, firm.
 εὐ-σίπλιος, *ον*, (εὐ, σίπλις) with full pantry or larder.
 εὐ-σκάνδις, *ῖκος*, *ὁ*, ἡ, abounding in ebervil.
 εὐ-σκαρδῆμος, *ον*, (εὐ, σκαίρω) swift-springing, high-bounding.
 εὐ-σκέπατος, *ον*, (εὐ, σκεπάω) well-covered: Sup.
 -ότατος, serving as the best covering.
 εὐ-σκευέω, to be well equipped. From
 εὐ-σκευος, *ον*, (εὐ, σκεύος) well-equipped.
 εὐ-σκιastos, *ον*, (εὐ, σκιάω) well-shaded, shadowy.
 εὐ-σκίος, *ον*, (εὐ, σκιά) shadowy.
 εὐ-σκοπος Ep. εὐ-σκοπος, *ον*, (εὐ, σκοπέω) keen-sighted, watchful. 2. of a place, far-seeing or far-seen, commanding a wide view. II. (εὐ, σκοπός) shooting well, of unerring aim.
 εὐ-σοια, *ῖ*, a healthy state, prosperity. From
 εὐ-σοος, *ον*, well-secured, safe and well, happy.
 εὐ-σπειρής, *ῖς*, and εὐ-σπειρος, *ον*, (εὐ, σπείρω) well-turned: wreathing, winding.
 εὐ-σπλαγχνία, *ῖ*, goodness of heart.
 εὐ-σπλαγχνος, *ον*, (εὐ, σπλάγχνον) with bowels of compassion, compassionate.
 εὐ-σπορος, *ον*, (εὐ, σπείρω) well-sown: rich in seed.
 εὐ-σσελμος, Ep. for εὐσελμος.
 εὐ-σσεωτρος, Ep. for εὐσαωτρος.
 εὐ-στάθεια, *ῖ*, (εὐσταθής) goodness of health.
 εὐ-σταθῆω, *ῖ*, ἦσω, to be steady, firm: to be calm, of the sea. From
 εὐ-σταθής Ep. εὐσταθής, *ῖς*, (εὐ, ἵσταμαι) well-based, steadfast, firm: sound, healthy.
 εὐ-σταθία, Ep. for εὐσταθία.
 εὐ-σταλής, *ῖς*, (εὐ, σταλῆναι) well-arrayed: ready for action, serviceable.
 εὐ-σταχυς, *υ*, rich in ears of corn: fruitful.
 εὐ-στέφανος Ep. εὐστ-, *ον*, well-girded or well-crowned: of a city, circled with towers.
 εὐ-στέφιος, *ον*, poet. form for εὐστέφανος.
 εὐ-στιβής, *ῖς*, (εὐ, στιβεῖν) well-trodden.
 εὐ-στολος, *ον*, (εὐ, στέλλω) = εὐσταλής.
 εὐ-στομέω, *ῖ*, ἦσω, to sing sweetly. II. to use words of good omen, or to preserve a religious silence so as to avoid words of ill omen, = εὐφημέω. From
 εὐ-στομος, *ον*, (εὐ, στόμα) with good mouth: of horses, well-bitted. II. speaking or singing well, eloquent. 2. speaking auspicious words, or keeping silence to avoid words of ill omen; neut. plur. as 'Adv., περὶ τούτων μοι εὐστομα κείσθω on this let me keep a religious silence; εὐστομ' ἔχε peace, be still!
 εὐ-στοος, *ον*, (εὐ, στοά) with goodly colonnades.
 εὐ-στόρβυξ, *υγος*, *ὁ*, ἡ, from a good trunk.
 εὐ-στοχία, *ῖ*, skill in shooting at a mark, good aim: quickness at guessing, wit, cleverness. From
 εὐ-στοχος, *ον*, aiming well, hitting the mark. 2. pass. well-aimed. II. metaph. guessing well, -bapt, witty, clever.

εὐ-στρα, *ῖ*, (εὐω) a place for singeing wine.
 εὐ-στρεπτος Ep. εὐστρ-, *ον*, (εὐ, στρέφω) well-twisted: easily turned, lissom.
 εὐ-στρεφής Ep. εὐστρ-, *ῖς*, (εὐ, στρέφω) well-twisted.
 εὐ-στρόφαλιγξ, *υγος*, *ὁ*, ἡ, well-curved, curly.
 εὐ-στροφος Ep. εὐστρ-, *ον*, (εὐ, στρέφω) well-twisted: easily turning; nimble.
 εὐ-στρωτος, *ον*, (εὐ, στρέωνμι) well spread with rugs or clothes, Lat. bene stratus.
 εὐ-στυλος, *ον*, with goodly pillars.
 εὐ-σύμβλητος old Att. εὐ-ξύμβλ-, *ον*, (εὐ, συμβάλλω) easy to infer by comparison, easy to guess.
 εὐ-σύμβολος old Att. εὐ-ξύμβ-, *ον*, (εὐ, συμβολή) easy to infer by comparison, easy to guess. II. easy to deal with, honest, upright.
 εὐ-σύνητος old Att. εὐ-ξύν-, *ον*, (εὐ, συνήμι) quick of apprehension, intelligent. II. easily understood, intelligible.
 εὐ-σύνετος, Adv. of εὐσυνέτος, with quickness of apprehension: Comp. εὐσυνετώτερον.
 εὐ-σύνοπτος, *ον*, easily seen at a glance.
 εὐ-σφυρος Ep. εὐσφ-, *ον*, (εὐ, σφυρόν) with beautiful ankles.
 εὐσχημονέστερος, -έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of εὐσχήμων.
 εὐσχημόνως, Adv. of εὐσχήμων, with grace, like a gentleman: Comp. εὐσχημονέστερον.
 εὐ-σχημος, *ον*, = εὐσχήμων.
 εὐσχημοσύνη, *ῖ*, grace of manner, elegance. From
 εὐ-σχήμιος, *ον*, gen. ονος, (εὐ, σχῆμα) of good bearing, graceful, elegant, becoming: in bad sense, good in outward show, specious.
 εὐσχήμιως, = εὐσχημόνως.
 εὐ-σχιδής, *ῖς*, and εὐ-σχιistos, *ον*, (εὐ, σχίζω) easy to split or cleave.
 εὐσωμάττω, *ῖ*, ἦσω, to be sound in limb. From
 εὐ-σώματος, *ον*, (εὐ, σῶμα) sound in limb.
 εὐ-σωτρος Ep. εὐστσ-, *ον*, (εὐ, σῶτρον) with good fellows: with good wheels.
 εὐ-τάκης, *ῖς*, (εὐ, τακῆναι) easy to melt.
 εὐτακτέω, *ῖ*, ἦσω, to be orderly, behave well. From
 εὐ-τακτος, *ον*, (εὐ, τάσσω) well-ordered, well-behaved, of soldiers, well-disciplined. Hence
 εὐτάκτως, Adv. in good order.
 εὐταξία, *ῖ*, (εὐτακτέω) good order, discipline.
 εὐ-ταρσος, *ον*, delicate-footed.
 εὐτε, Adv. of Time, a poet. form of ὅτε, when, at the time when: seeing that, since. II. εὐτ' ἄν, like ὅταν, so often as, whenever, in the case that.
 εὐ-τειχής, *ῖς*, εὐ-τείχεος, *ον*, and εὐ-τείχηντος, *ον*, (εὐ, τεῖχος) well-walled, well-fortified, strong.
 εὐτεκνία, (εὐτεκνος) to have good or fine children.
 εὐτεκνία, *ῖ*, the having good or fine children.
 εὐ-τεκνος, *ον*, (εὐ, τέκνω) having many or fine children, blest with a goodly progeny; εὐτεκνος ξυνάρις a pair of fair children.
 εὐτέλεια Ion. εὐτέλη, *ῖ*, cheapness, Lat. vilitas:

πρὸς εὐτελήν *cheaply*; χῆν εἰς εὐτέλειαν γεγραμμένος a goose painted on *cheap terms*. II. *thrifty*,

frugality, economy; ἐπὶ εὐτελείᾳ for *economy*.

εὐ-τελής, ἑς, (εὐ, τέλος) easily paid for, *cheap*, Lat. *vilis*. II. *mean, paltry, worthless*. III.

thrifty, frugal.

εὐτελής, ἦ, Ion. for εὐτέλεια.

εὐτελῶς, Adv. of εὐτελής, *cheaply*, at a *cheap rate*.

εὐ-τερπής, ἑς, (εὐ, τέρπω) delightful, *charming*.

εὐ-τέχνης, ἑς, (εὐ, τεχνάομαι) wrought with skill.

εὐτεχνία, ἦ, skill in art. From

εὐ-τεχνος, ὧν, (εὐ, τέχνη) skilful, *ingenious*.

εὐ-τλήμων, ὧν, gen. ονος, much-enduring, *steadfast*.

εὐ-τμήτος Ep. εὐτμ-, ὧν, (εὐ, τέμνω) well cut.

εὐτοκός, ἑ, ἦσω, (εὐτοκος) to bring forth easily.

Hence

εὐ-τοκία, ἦ, an easy childbirth, *happy birth*.

εὐ-τοκος, ὧν, (εὐ, τεκεῖν) bringing forth easily.

εὐτολμέω, ἦ, ἦσω, (εὐτολμος) to be daring. Hence

εὐτολμία, ἦ, courage, *boldness*.

εὐ-τολμος, ὧν, (εὐ, τόλμα) brave-spirited, *courageous*.

εὐ-τονος, ὧν, (εὐ, τέλω) well-stretched, well-strung,

sineuay, nervous. Hence

εὐτόνως, Adv. with main strength.

εὐ-τοξος, ὧν, (εὐ, τόξον) with good arrows.

εὐ-τόρνευτος, ὧν, (εὐ, τονεύω) well-rounded.

εὐ-τορνος, ὧν, well-turned, round

εὐ-τράπεζος, ὧν, (εὐ, τράπεζα) with a good table,

hospitable, luxurious, sumptuous.

εὐτραπελία, ἦ, wit, liveliness, politeness, Lat. *urbanitas*.

2. coarse jesting, ribaldry. From

εὐ-τράπελος, ὧν, (εὐ, τρέπω) easily turning: hence

versatile, ingenious, clever. 2. witty, lively, Lat.

facetous. 3. tricky, dishonest.

εὐ-τράφης, ἑς, (εὐ, τράφῃαι) well-grown, *thriving*.

II. act. *nowrising*.

εὐ-τρεπής, ἑς, (εὐ, τρέπω) ready to turn, *prepared*,

ready. Hence

εὐ-τρεπίω, ἑ, ἴσω Att. ἰω: Pass., pf. ἠντρέπισμαι:

—to make ready, get ready, prepare: to make friendly,

conciliate.—Pass. to be ready:—Med. to get oneself

ready.

εὐ-τρεπτος, ὧν, easily turned, *changeable*.

εὐτρεπῶς, Adv. of εὐτρεπής, in a state of *prepa-*

ration.

εὐ-τρεφής Ep. εὐτρ-, ἑς, (εὐ, τρέφω) well-fed.

εὐ-τρητος Ep. εὐτρ-, ὧν, well bored or pierced.

εὐ-τρίασμα, Dor. for -της, ὅ, (εὐ, τρίασμα) with goodly

trident.

εὐ-τρίχες, nom. pl. of εὐτριξ.

εὐ-τρίχος, ὧν, = εὐτριξ.

εὐτροπία, ἦ, versatility, Lat. *versutia*. From

εὐ-τροπος, ὧν, (εὐ, τρέπω) easily turning, *versatile*.

εὐ-τρόχῳ Ep. εὐτρ-, ὧν, (εὐ, τρέχω) running

well, *quick-moving*. 2. (εὐ, τροχός) well-rounded.

εὐ-τροχος Ep. εὐτρ-, ὧν, (εὐ, τροχός) well-wheeled

or well-rounded. II. running easily.

εὐ-τυχος, ὧν, rare poet. form for εὐτυχτος.

εὐ-τυχτος, ὧν, (εὐ, τεύχω) well-made, well-wrought, *εὐτυχτον ποιεῖσθαι* to make ready.

εὐτύχῳ, ἑ, ἦσω: in augm. tenses, impf. εὐτύχουν or ἦντ-, aor. I εὐτύχησα or ἦντ-, etc.: (εὐτυχής):—to be lucky, to be well off, to succeed. 2. of things, to

turn out well, prosper: pf. pass. impers., εὐτύχεται *turn things have gone well with him*. Hence

εὐτυχίως, Ion. for εὐτυχῶς.

εὐτύχημα, ἀτος, τό, a piece of good luck, *success*.

εὐ-τύχης, ἑς, (εὐ, τύchein) well-off, successful, lucky, *fortunate, prosperous*.

εὐτυχία, ἦ, (εὐτυχίω) success, good luck, *prosperity* in plur. *successes*.

εὐτύχως Ion. -ῶς, Adv. of εὐτυχής, with good for tune, *successfully*: Comp. εὐτυχεστέρον, Sup. -έστατα.

εὐ-ύαλος, ὧν, (εὐ, ύαλος) with or of good glass.

εὐ-ύδρος, ὧν, (εὐ, ύδωρ) well-watered, abounding in water: of a river, with good water: Comp. εὐυδρ-τερος.

εὐ-υμνος, ὧν, celebrated in many hymns.

εὐ-υφής, ἑς, (εὐ, ύφή) well-woven.

εὐ-φάμα, εὐ-φάμος, Dor. for εὐφημ-.

εὐ-φάρετρος, ὧν, ὅ, Dor. -ας, α, (εὐ, φάρετρα) with beautiful quiver.

εὐ-φεγγής, ἑς, (εὐ, φέγγος) with clear light, *bright*.

εὐφημέω, ἑ, ἦσω, (εὐφημος) to use words of good omen or to abstain from words of ill omen: hence I.

to keep silence, to observe a solemn silence: in imperat. εὐφήμει, εὐφημεῖτε, *husb! be silent!* Lat. *favete linguis*.

II. to shout in honour of any one, or in triumph.

III. to sound auspiciously. Hence

εὐφημία, ἦ, the use of words of good omen or the avoidance of words of bad omen: hence I. solemn silence during religious rites. II. praise, worship:

in plur. songs of praise.

εὐ-φημος, ὧν, (εὐ, φήμη) of good sound or omen, *auspicious*: of persons, using only words of good omen or avoiding words of ill omen:—hence, I.

religiously silent. II. interpreting favourably:

πρὸς τὸ εὐφημον in a good sense.

εὐ-φθογγος, ὧν, (εὐ, φθέγγομαι) well-sounding, *sweet-voiced*.

εὐ-φιλής, ἑς, (εὐ, φιλέω) well-beloved. II. act.

loving well.

εὐ-φιλητος, ὧν, also η, ὧν, (εὐ, φιλέω) well-beloved.

εὐ-φιλό-παις, παιδος, ὅ, ἦ, (εὐ, φιλέω, παῖς) fond of children, or pass. beloved of children.

εὐ-φλεκτος, ὧν, (εὐ, φλέγω) easily set on fire.

εὐφορέω, ἑ, ἦσω, (εὐφορος) to bring forth abundantly.

εὐ-φόρητος, ὧν, (εὐ, φορέω) easily borne, *tolerable*.

εὐ-φόρμυξ, ἑ, ἦ, (εὐ, φέρω) well or patiently borne. 2.

easily worn, convenient, manageable. II. act.

bearing well, hence of a breeze, favourable: of the body, sound, healthy.

εὐ-φορτος, ὧν, well freighted or laden.

εὐφώρας, Adv. of εὐφορος, *patiently, readily*.
εὐφράδεια, ἡ, (εὐφράδης) *correctness of language*.
εὐφράδης, ἐς, (εὐ, φράζω) *speaking well or eloquently*.—Ep. Adv. εὐφραδέως, *in set terms, eloquently*.

εὐφράδις, ἡ, ποῖτ, for εὐφράδεια.
εὐφραίνω Ep. εὐφρ-: f. εὐφρανῶ Ep. εὐφρανέω: aor. I εὐφράνα Ep. εὐφρηνα:—Pass., f. εὐφρανθήσομαι, but also with f. med. εὐφρανοῦμαι in same sense, Ion. 2 sing. εὐφράναι: aor. I εὐφράνθην: (εὐφραν):—to *cheer, gladden*. II. Pass. to *rejoice*; c. part., ὁρῶν εὐφραίνεται *is rejoiced at seeing*. Hence

εὐφραντικός, ἡ, ὄν, *cheering, delightful to*.
εὐφρῆναι, Ep. aor. I inf. of εὐφραίνω.
εὐφρονέων Ep. εὐφρ-, participial Adj. (εὐ, φρονέω) *well-meaning, well-judging, kindly-disposed*.
εὐφρόνη, ἡ, (εὐφρων) *the kindly time, i. e. night*, euphemism for νύξ. Hence
εὐφρονίδης, ον, ὁ, son of Night.
εὐφρόνως, Adv. of εὐφρων, *with good cheer: graciously*.

εὐφροσύνη Ep. εὐφρ-, ἡ, (εὐφρων) *cheerfulness, mirth, merriment*: of a banquet, good *cheer*: in pl. *glad thoughts, festivities*. [v]
εὐφρόσυνος, ον, (εὐφρων) ποῖτ. form, *cheery*.

εὐφρων Ep. εὐφρ-, ον, (εὐ, φρῆν) *cheerful, glad-some, merry, light-hearted*. 2. act. *cheering, making glad or merry, comforting*. II. *well-minded, well-disposed, gracious*.

εὐφύης, ἐς, (εὐ, φύη) *well-grown, shapely, goodly: graceful*. II. of good natural parts: *clever, witty*; also of good disposition. Hence

εὐφύα, ἡ, *goodness of shape*. II. *goodness of disposition or good natural parts, cleverness*.

εὐφύλακτος, ον, (εὐ, φύλάσσω) *easy to keep or guard*: εὐφυλακτώτερα γίγνεται *it is easier to keep watch*.

εὐφύλλος, ον, (εὐ, φύλλον) *with thick foliage*.

εὐφύως, Adv. of εὐφύης, *cleverly*: Comp. -νεότερον.

εὐφωνία, ἡ, *goodness of voice*. From

εὐφῳνος, ον, (εὐ, φωνή) *sweet-voiced; loud-voiced*.

εὐχαίτης, ον, ὁ, (εὐ, χαίτη) *with beautiful hair*: of plants, *with beautiful leaves*.

εὐχάλακος, ον, (εὐ, χάλαιος) *wrought of fine brass, or well wrought in brass*.

εὐχάλκωτος, ον, *well wrought of brass*.

εὐχάρης, neut. εὐχαρί, gen. ιτος, (εὐ, χάρις) *pleasing, engaging: agreeable: popular, Lat. graciosus*.

εὐχαριστέω, f. ἴσω, to *be thankful, return thanks*: hence to *requite*. Hence

εὐχαριστία, ἡ, *thankfulness, gratitude*. II. ■

giving of thanks, *thanksgiving*: the holy Eucharist.

εὐχαρίστος or -τος, ον, (εὐ, χαρίζομαι) *winning, agreeable, pleasant*. II. *grateful, thankful*, Lat. gratus: Adv., εὐχαρίστως διακρίσθαι πρὸς τινα *to be gratefully disposed towards him*.

εὐ-χαρ, εἰρος, ὁ, ἡ, *ready of hand, bandy, dexterous*.

εὐ-χειρώτος, ον, (εὐ, χειρῶν) *easy to overcome*.

εὐχερεία, ἡ, *readiness of hand, dexterity, readiness, skill*. 2. *proneess or inclination for a thing*. 3. in bad sense, *recklessness*. From

εὐ-χερής, ἐς, (εὐ, χεῖρ) *quick or ready of hand, bandy, dexterous, expert*. 2. in bad sense, *reckless*.

II. *easy to handle or manage, manageable*.

Hence

εὐχερῶς, Adv. *readily: recklessly*.

εὐχετάομαι, Ep. for εὐχομαι, only used in pres. and impf.; Ep. inf. εὐχετάσθαι, 3 pl. impf. εὐχετῶντο: Dep.:—to *pray, offer one's vows*.

II. to *boast oneself, vaunt, profess*.

εὐχή, ἡ, (εὐχομαι) *a prayer, wish or vow, Lat. votum*.

2. *a prayer for evil, a curse, imprecation*.

εὐ-χίλος, ον, *rich in fodder*. II. of a horse, *well-fed, in good condition*.

εὐ-χιμαρος, ον, (εὐ, χίμαρος) *rich in goats*.

εὐ-χλοος, ον, contr. χλοον, ον (εὐ, χλόα) *making fresh and green*.

ΕΥΧΟΜΑΙ: impf. εὐχόμεν or ηῦν · fut. εὔσομαι:

aor. I εὐξάμην or ηῦν : aor. I part. εὐχθεῖς in pass. sense; so also pf. ηὔγμαι; but 3 sing. plqpf. ηὔετο in act. sense: Dep.:—to *pray, pay one's vows, Lat. precari*: c. acc. pers. to *pray to, pray or beseech one*. 2. c. inf. to *pray that*. 3. c. acc. objecti, to *pray for, long or wish for*. II to *vow or promise to do*; εὐχεσθαι κατὰ χιμάρων *to make a vow of goats, i. e. vow to offer them*. 2. c. acc. rei, to *vow or devote a thing to some god*. III. to *vow loudly, make great promises, boast, vaunt oneself*: but often, to *profess, maintain, assert*.

εὐ-χορδος, ον, (εὐ, χορδή) *well-strung, harmonious*.

εὐχος, εος, τό, (εὐχομαι) *a thing prayed for, vow, Lat. votum*. 2. *a votive offering*. II. one's

boast or pride.

εὐ-χρηστος, ον, (εὐ, χράομαι) *easy to make use of, serviceable*. Adv. -τως.

εὐ-χροῶς, f. ἴσω, to *be of a good complexion*. From

εὐ-χροής, ἐς, ποῖτ, for εὐχροος, of good complexion.

εὐ-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ον (εὐ, χροά) of good complexion, *fresh-looking, healthy*.—Comp. εὐχρώτερος or -ούτερος.

εὐ-χρύσος, ον, *rich in gold*.

εὐ-χρως, α-, -εὐχρους.

εὐχολή, ἡ, (εὐχομαι) ποῖτ. form of εὐχή, *a prayer, vow, Lat. votum*. II. *boasting: a boast, vaunt, matter of boasting*. Hence

εὐχολιματός, α, ον, *bound by a vow*.

εὐ-ψάμβθος, ον, *with good sands, sandy*.

εὐψυχέω, f. ἴσω, (εὐψυχος) *to be of good courage*. II,

εὐψυχεῖ farewell! instcr. on tombs, like Lat. *habe pia animal* Hence

εὐψυχία, *good courage, stoutness of heart*.

εὐ-ψυχος, ον, (εὐ, ψυχή) of good courage, *stout of heart, Lat. animosus*. Adv. -χως, *with good courage*.

ΕΥΩ, f. εὔσω: aor. I εὔσα:—to *singe*: metaph. of a scolding wife, εὔει ἄτερ δαλοῦ ἄνδρα *she roasts her husband without the help of a fire*.

εὐώδης, εἰς (εὖ, εὐωδία pf. of εὐω) *sweet-smelling*.

Hence

εὐωδία, ἡ, *a sweet smell, fragrance*.

εὐωδώθην, aor. I pass. of εὐωδω.

εὐ-ώλενος, ὢν, (εὖ, ὠλένη) *fair-armed*.

εὐ-ώνυμος, ὢν, (εὖ, ὄνομα) *of good name, honourable*;
of good omen. II. euphemistic for the ill-omened

word ἀριστερος, *left, on the left hand or side*; ἐξ
εὐωνύμου (sub. χειρὸς) *on the left hand*.

εὐ-ὤπις, ἴδος, fem. of εὐὺς, *fair-eyed or fair-faced*.

εὐ-ὤπιος, ὢν, (εὖ, ὤψ) *fair to look on, friendly*.

εὐ-ὤχεω, f. ἤσω, (εὖ, ἔχω) *to treat well: to entertain
hospitably, feast*:—Pass., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, aor.

and pf. pass., εὐωχθήσων, -ήμαι, *to be well entertained,
to be regaled, fare sumptuously*; c. acc., πρὶα εὐερχοῦ
make merry on your meat: generally, *to relish, enjoy*.

Hence

εὐωχία, η, *good cheer, feasting*.

εὐ-ὤψ, ὤπιος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖ, ὤψ) *fair-eyed or fair-faced,
goodly*.

ἐφῦ, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of φημί.

ἐφ᾽ἀνθήν, Ep. aor. I pass. of φαίνω.

ἐφ-ᾱβος, ἐφαβικός, Dor. for ἐφηβ-.

ἐφ-ᾱγιστεῦω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ἄγος) *to perform sacred
rites over a thing*.

ἐφ-ᾱγνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to make offerings on a grave*.

ἐφ᾽ᾱγον, aor. 2 of ἐσθίω: see φαγεῖν.

ἐφ-ᾱγεῖμαι, Pass. *to be chosen in addition or in
succession to another*.

ἐφ-ᾱλιος, ὢν, (ἐπί, ἄλς) = ἐφαλος.

ἐφ-ᾱλλομαι, fut. ἐφᾱλλοῦμαι: Ep. 3-sng. aor. 2 ἐπ-
ᾱλτο part. ἐπιᾱλμένος or ἐπᾱλμένος: Dep.:—*to
spring upon, to assail*: without hostile sense, ἐπιᾱλ-
μένος ἱππῶν *having leaped upon or into the chariot*;

absol., πύσσε μιν ἐπιᾱλμένος *he kissed him having
leaped upon him*.

ἐφ-ᾱλος, ὢν, (ἐπί, ἄλς) *on or by the sea*.

ἐφᾱλῶ, Dor. for ἐφηλῶ.

ἐφᾱμαν [ᾱ], Dor. for ἐφᾱμην, aor. 2 med. of φημί.

ἐφ-ᾱμαξεύω, (ἐπί, ἄμαξα) *to drive wains over*: Ion.
pf. part. pass. ἐπημαφευμένους *traversed by wains*.

ἐφᾱμέριος, ἐφᾱμέρος [ᾱ], Dor. for ἐφήμ-.

ἐφ-ᾱμillos, ὢν, (ἐπί, ᾱμilla) *a match for, rivalling,
winning with*. 2. pass. *to be striven, contended for*.

ἐφᾱν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of φημί.

ἐφ-ᾱνδάνω, impf. -ανον, *to please, be grateful or wel-
come to*: Ep. also ἐπηανδάνω, impf. ἐπῆνδανον.

ἐφᾱνήν [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of φαίνω.

ἐφᾱνθήν, aor. I pass. of φαίνω.

ἐφᾱντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of φημι.

ἐφ-ᾱπαξ, Adv. *once for all*: *at once*.

ἐφ-ᾱπλώω, f. ὤσω, *to fold or spread over*.

ἐφ-ᾱπτω Ion. ἐπάπτω: f. ἐφᾱψω: aor. I ἐφῆψα:
pf. pass. ἐφῆμμαι:—*to fasten on or to*: hence *to fix
firmly, decree*. II. Pass. *to be bung over, impend
over*, in pf. and plqpf. ἐφῆπτα, ἐφῆπτο, like Lat. *im-
minet, imminet*; Τρῶεςσι κῆδε ἐφῆπτα *woes im-
pend over the Trojans*. III. Med. *to lay bold of,*

grasp, touch: *to seize hold upon, claim*. 2. *to reach,
attain to*, Lat. *attingere*; so Ion. pf. part. pass., εἶδεος
ἐπαμμένος *possessed of beauty*. Hence

ἐφ-ᾱρμόζω, f. σω, *to fit on or to, to suit, coincide
with*.

II. trans. *to fit one thing on or to another,
to adapt, accommodate*.

ἐφαρμόσδων, Dor. for ἐφαρμόζων.

ἐφαρμόσσειε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I opt. of ἐφαρμόζω.

ἐφ-ᾱρμόττω, Att. for ἐφαρμόζω.

ἐφαρξάμην, ἐφάρχθην, Att. for ἐφραξάμην, ἐφρά-

χθην, aor. I med. and pass. of φράσσω.

ἐφᾱτο, ἐφᾱντο, 3 sing. and pl. aor. 2 med. of φῆμι.

ἐφ-ᾱδρα Ion. ἐπέδρη, ἡ *a sitting at or by: a siege,
blockade*, Lat. *obsessio*.

ἐφ-ᾱδράω, f. ἤσω, (ἐπί, ἔδρα) *to sit or rest upon*.

ἐφ-ᾱδρεῖα, ἡ, *a sitting upon*. II. *a lying in
wait*, Lat. *insidiae*. From

ἐφεδεύω, f. σω, *to sit or rest upon*. II. *to lie
by, lie in wait: to watch for*:—also *to bait*. From

ἐφ-ᾱδρος, ὢν, (ἐπί, ἔδρα) *sitting on*; λεόντων ἐφεδρος
*seated on a chariot drawn by lions lying by or
near*.

II. *lying by and watching, lying in wait
for an enemy*. III. *posted in reserve, of a third
combatant who sits by to fight the conqueror: an
avenger, a successor*.

ἐφ-ᾱξομαι, fut. -εδοῦμαι: Dep.:—*to sit upon*. 2.
to sit by or near.

ἐφέηκα, Ep. aor. I of ἐφήμι.

ἐφέλην, ης, η, aor. 2 opt. of ἐφήμι.

ἐφεμμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἐφέννυμι.

ἐφέμναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐφήμι.

ἐφελσάμην, aor. I of φείδομαι.

ἐφέω, ης, η, Ep. aor. 2 subj. of ἐφήμι.

ἐφ-ᾱκτος, ὢν, (ἐπί, ἔκτος) I + $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$: τόκος ἐφᾱκτος
interest at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}$ of the principal, = 16 $\frac{2}{3}$ p. cent.

ἐφ-ᾱλίσσω, f. ἔω, *to roll on or along*.

ἐφελκύσαι [ῶ], aor. I inf. of ἐφέλκω.

ἐφ-ᾱλκυτικός, ἡ, ὢν, *drawing on, attractive*. From

ἐφ-ᾱλκω Ion. ἐπέλκω: fut. ἐφέλξω, but the aor. I
in use is ἐφέλκυσσα (formed from *ἐφέλκω):—*to
draw on or towards: to drag or trail after one: of a
ship, to tow after*. 2. *to drink off, drain*. II.

Pass., πόδες ἐφελκόμενοι *feet dragged or trailing
along*; ὁ ἐπελκόμενος *the straggler of an army*. III.

Med. *to draw or drag after one*; ἐφέλκετο μείλινον
ἔγχος *he trailed along the spear (which was stuck in
his foot)*; ἐφέλκεται ἄνδρα σίδηρος *iron draws men
after it*, i. e. *attracts them, tempts them*; ἐφέλκεσθαι
τὴν θύραν *to pull to the door*. . *to bring on, en-
tail consequences*. 3. *claim, assume*.

ἐφέμεν, Ep. for ἐφείμαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐφήμι.

ἐφ-ᾱννυμι, = more freq. ἐπιέννυμι.

ἐφ-ᾱξῆς Ion. ἐπεξῆς poet. ἐφεξῆς, Adv. (ἐπί,
ἔχομαι) *in order, one after another, in a line*. II.

of Time, successively: *thereupon*.

ἐφεξῆς, εως, ἡ, (ἐπέχω) *an excuse, pretext*.

ἐφ-ᾱπω: impf. ἐφεπῶν Ep. ἐφεπον Ion. ἐφέπεσκον:
fut. ἐφέψω: aor. 2 ἐπέσπον: inf. ἐπισπεῖν: part. ἐπι-

πύον:—to go after, follow upon, pursue. 2. to drive on, urge on. 3.—to follow a pursuit, busy oneself about, manage. 4. to seek out, search, traverse. 5. πύον ἐπισπεῖν, θάνατον καὶ πύον ἐπισπεῖν, θανέειν καὶ πύον ἐπισπεῖν to seek out one's fate or death, bring it on oneself, incur it. II. Med., impf. ἐφεύρωμι: fut. ἐφέσομαι: aor. 2 ἐφεσάμην, inf. ἐπισπένθαι:—to follow, pursue: to accompany, attend upon: to obey, comply with. ἐφ-ερπύζω, late form for ἐφέρπω. ἐφ-έρπω, f. ἐφέρωμι: aor. I ἐφέρπυσα, inf. -ερπύσαι (formed from ἐφερπύζω):—to creep upon or towards. II. to come upon gradually or stealthily: absol., χρόνος ἐφέρπων advancing time. ἐφες, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐφίλημι. ἐφέστιος δική, a suit, in which there was the right of appeal to another court. From ἐφιστος, εως, ἡ, (ἐφίλημι) a throwing at. 2. as Att. law-term, an appeal to another court. ἐφ-έσπερος, ον, (ἐπί, ἐσπέρα) western. ἐφ-έσπομαι, poet. for ἐφέτομαι. ἐφέωσαι, Ep. for ἐφέσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐφίλω. ἐφեսσαι, Ep. aor. I imperat. med. of ἐφίλω. ἐφесσάμενος, Ep. aor. I part. med. of ἐφίλω. ἐφέσομαι, Ep. fut. med. of ἐφίλω. ἐφесταότες Att. -ώτες, nom. pl. pf. part. of ἐφίστημι. ἐφесτάνω, for ἐφесτήκασιν, 3 pl. pf. of ἐφίστημι. ἐφ-έστιος Ion. ἐπίστιος, ον, (ἐπί, ἐστία) by one's own hearth or fireside: having a hearth and home: with Verbs of motion, towards home. 2. sitting at or by the hearth, of suppliants; ἐφесτιος δούλων, 2 suppliant inmate of the house. II. of the εὖσθε or boussbold: hence, ἐφесτιον Ion. ἐπίστιον, τό, a boussbold, family; θεοὶ ἐφесτιοὶ the household gods, Lat. Lares or Penates: also of gods, presiding over hospitality. ἐφ-есτρίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἐφесτρίε. ἐφ-есτρίε, ίδος, ἡ, (ἐφέννυμι) an upper garment, wrapper, cloak, mantle. ἐφесτός, for ἐφесτηκώς, pf. part. of ἐφίστημι. ἐφήςτης, ον, ὁ, (ἐφίλημι) a commander. II. of ἐφέται, at Athens, a special court to try criminal cases. ἐφετηγή, ἡ, (ἐφίλημι) a command, bidest. ἐφεύει, aor. I of φεύγω (not of φεύγω). ἐφευετήτης, οὐ, ὁ, an inventor, contriver. From ἐφ-ευρίσκω Ion. ἐπ-: fut. ἐφευρήσω: aor. 2 ἐφεύγον:—to find by chance, find anywhere: generally, to discover, invent, find out: also to detect one doing. ἐφειψάσθω, poet. aor. I imperat. med. of ἐφίπρω. ἐφ-εψίδομαι, Dep. to mock or scoff at, ridicule. ἐφωρῶτο, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἐφωράω. ἐφωρών, Ion. impf. of ἐφωράω. ἐφ-ηβῶ, -ῖ, ἡσσω, to come to man's estate. ἐφηβεία, ἡ, (ἐφηβέω) manhood, man's estate. ἐφηβείος, α, ον, (ἐφηβος) youthful. ἐφηβικός, ἡ, ὄν, Dor. ἐφαβικός, ὁ, ὄν, of or for a young man: τὸ ἐφηβικόν the body of youth. From

ἐφ-ηβος Dor. ἐφᾶβος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἡβη) arrived at manhood or man's estate, which was, at Athens, eighteen. Hence ἐφηβοσύνη, ἡ, the age of an ἐφηβος, manhood. ἐφ-ηγέομαι, Dep. to lead against one. II. to lead to a place, give information. ἐφ-ήδομαι, Pass. to exult over. ἐφῆκα, aor. I of ἐφίλημι. ἐφ-ήκω, to have arrived at:—to extend or reach to. ἐφ-ήλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, = ἐφηβος. ἐφ-ηλόω, f. ὥσω, (ἐπί, ἡλος) to nail on, nail firmly: metaph. in Pass., it is fixed or determined. ἐφ-ημι, Pass. to sit on, at, or by. ἐφημερία, ἡ, a daily order or course. From ἐφ-ημέριος Dor. ἐφᾶμ-, ον, also α, ον, (ἐπί, ἡμέρα) for or during the day, the whole day through; ἐφημερία φροεῖν to take no thought for the morrow: of men; ἐφημέριοι creatures of a day, ephemeral: hence generally, lasting but a day, short-lived. ἐφ-ήμερος Dor. ἐφᾶμ- Aeol. ἐπᾶμ-, ον, (ἐπί, ἡμέρα) lasting or living but a day, short-lived. II. daily. ἐφημίσουνη, ἡ, (ἐφίλημι) a command, behest. ἐφηνά, aor. I of φαινώ. ἐφίπται, ἐφίπτο, 3 sing. pf. and p'qpf. pass. of ἐφάπτω. ἐφίση, aor. I of φημι. ἐφίσθα, for ἐφης, 2 sing. aor. 2 of φημι. ἐφίσω, fut. of ἐφίλημι. ἐφθαξω, Dor. for ἐφθᾶσθω, aor. I of φθάνω. ἐφθαρμαι, pf. pass. of φθείρω; 3 pl. ἐφθάρται. ἐφθᾶσα, aor. I of φθάνω. ἐφθέξατο, 3 sing. aor. I of φθέγγωμαι. ἐφθερα, aor. I of φθείρω. ἐφθ-ημερης, (ἐπτά, ἡμερης) containing seven halves, i. e. 3½: esp. in metre, of three feet and a half, as the first 3½ feet of a Hexameter or Iambic Trimeter: cf. πενθήμερης. ἐφθην, aor. 2 of φθάνω (as if from φθην). ἐφθίατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. or aor. 2 pass. of φθίω. ἐφθιν, 3 sing. impf. of φθίω = φθίω. ἐφθινεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φθίω. ἐφθίτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. of φθίω. ἐφθορα, pf. med. of φθείρω. ἐφθός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἐψω, boiled, dressed. ἐφ-ζᾶνω, = ἐφίλω, only used in pres. and impf. ἐφίλω Dor. ἐφίσθω: impf. ἐφίζον Ion. ἐφίζσκον: intt. to sit upon, at, or by. II. Causal in Ep. fut. med. ἐφέσομαι, aor. I inf. act. and med. ἐφέσσαι, ἐφέσασθαι, to make to sit upon, set upon. ἐφ-έλημι, fut. ἐφῆσσω: aor. I ἐφῆκα Ion. and Ep. ἐφῆκα: aor. 2 imperat. ἐφες, Ep. subj. ἐφέλω: there is also a 3 sing. impf. ἐφίει (as if from *ἐφίείω):—to send to one. 2. to send against, launch, or send at: to set on, to do a thing: ἐφίεναι χεῖρας τινὶ to lay hands on him. 3. of events, to send upon one; ἐφίεναι νόστον τινὶ to permit one a return. II. to let go, loosen: metaph. to give a rein to: to give

up, yield: also intr. (sub. *ἑαυτὸν*), to give oneself up to. 2. to permit, allow. III. to put the male to the female, Lat. *admittere*. IV. as law-term, to refer to a higher judge, to appeal: cf. *ἐφεσις*. V. Med. *ἐφίεμαι*, fut. *ἐφήσομαι*, to lay one's command or behest upon: to enjoin, command: to intrust to one: to allow one to do a thing. 6. to — u, long after, desire.

ἐφικνέομαι Ion. ἐπ-: fut. *ἐφίξομαι*: aor. 2 *ἐφίκνυμι*: pf. *ἐφίξημι*: Dep.: —to come up to, reach, attain to, c. gen.: of things, *is hit exactly*: metaph., *ἐφίκεσθαι λέγον or λόγον*, to touch the right point in speaking: absol. to extend. II. to come upon, visit, c. acc.: *ἐπικέσθαι* (Ion. aor. 2 inf.) *μάστιγι πλῆγας τὸν Ἑλλησποντον* to visit the Hellespont with blows. Hence

ἐφικτός, ἡ, *ον*, verb. Adj., easy to reach. ἐφίλαθεν, ἐφίλασα, Dor. for ἐφίλησα, ἐφίληθεν. ἐφίλατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of φιλέω. ἐφίληθεν, Ep. 3 plur. aor. I pass. of φιλέω. ἐφι-μερος, *ον*, (ἐπὶ, ἡμερος) longed for, desired: delightful, agreeable. [1]

ἐφιμύθην, aor. I pass. of φιμύω. ἐφι-νπιος, *ον*, (ἐπὶ, ἵππος) of or for a horse or riding: τὸ ἐφιππιον (sub. *στρώμα*), Lat. *eripipria*, a saddle-cloth, a horse's harness.

ἐφι-νπιος, *ον*, (ἐπὶ, ἵππος) on horseback: κλύδων ἐφιππιος a rushing wave of bores.

ἐφι-νπιῶμαι, late form of ἐπιπτόμαι. ἐφιστάμεν, ἐφ-ισδω, Dor. for ἐφίσταμαι, ἐφίλω.

ἐφιστάμεν Ion. ἐπ-: A. Causal in pres., impf., fut., and aor. I ἐπέστησα:—to set or place upon: to impose. 2. to set one person over another: to appoint to an office 3. ἐφιστάμεν τινι ἀγῶνα to found or institute games in honour of a person. II. to set by or near. III. to check, make halt. IV. ἐφιστάμεν τὸν νοῦν, to attend to, Lat. *animus advertere*: absol., ἐφιστάμεν to attend.

B. Intrans. in Pass. and in aor. 2 act. ἐπέστην, pf. ἐπέστηκα, plupf. ἐπεστήκειν:—to stand upon: *ῶ be impropud.* 2. to stand or float on the top: τὸ ἐφιστάμεν τοῦ γάλατος, i. e. cream. 3. to be set over, Lat. *praesidere*: pf. part. Ion. οἱ ἐπεστέωτες Att. οἱ ἐφεστέωτες, those in authority. II. to stand by or near: absol. to stand by. 2. to stand over against, ὅρμος: metaph. to impropud, be close at hand, Lat. *insimare*: Κῆρες ἐφεστέωσιν θανάτοιο the fates of death are close at hand. III. to halt, stop. IV. to attend to.

ἐφίλαδον, aor. 2 of φλάζω. ἐφίβηθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φοβέω. ἐφ-ορεύω, f. *σω*, (ἐπὶ, ὁδός) to visit, go the rounds, patrol: also of an officer who visited yearly at Satrapies of Persia: generally, to superintend, watch over. ἐφ-όβια, *τά*, see ἐφόβιος.

ἐφοδάζω Ion. ἐπ-, f. *σω*, to furnish with supplies or stores for a journey:—Med. to supply oneself with or receive for one's supplies. From

ἐφ-όδιος, *ον*, (ἐπὶ, ὁδός) of or for a journey:—as Subst., ἐφόδιον, τό, Lat. *viaticum*, supplies for travelling (mostly in pl., ἐφόδια):—an ambassador's travelling expenses: generally ways and means, supplies. ἐφ-όδος, ἡ, (ἐπὶ, ὁδός) a way towards, approach: a means of reaching, access. II. an onset, attack.

ἐφ-όδος, ὁ, one who goes the rounds, an inspector. ἐφ-όδες, *ον*, (ἐπὶ, ὁδός) accessible: Sup. —άτατα.

ἐφούτιγ, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of φοιτάω.

ἐφόλκαον, τό, (ἐφέλκω) a rudder.

ἐφόλκιον, τό, (ἐφέλκω) a small boat towed after a ship:—generally, an appendage.

ἐφολκίς, ἡ, (ἐφέλκω) a burdensome appendage. ἐφολκός, *ον*, (ἐφέλκω) drawing on or towards, attractive, enticing. II. dragging: absol. a laggard.

ἐφ-ομαρτέω, f. ἦσω, to follow close upon.

ἐφ-οπλίζω, f. *σω*: Ep. aor. I inf. ἐφωπλίσσαι:—to equip, get ready, prepare: so also in Med.

ἐφορατικός, ἡ, *ον*, looking over, watchful of. From ἐφ-οράω Ion. ἐπ-: impf. ἐφεύρων Ion. 3 sing. ἐφ-ώρα: f. ἐμόφομαι Ep. ἐπιόφομαι: aor. 2 ἐφείδον:—to look over, oversee, observe. 2. generally to look on, view:—Pass., ὅσον ἐφεύρατο τῇ νήσῳ as much of the island as was in view 3. to look out for, choose.

ἐφορεία, ἡ, (ἐφορεύω) an overlooking:—the office or dignity of ἐφορος, the ephorality.

ἐφορεῖον, τό, the court of the ephori. From ἐφορεῖω, f. *σω*, —ἐφοράω.

II. (ἐφορος) to be an ephor.

ἐφορικός, ἡ, *ον*, (ἐφορος) of or for the ephori.

ἐφ-όριος, *α, ον*, (ἐπὶ, ὄρος) on the frontier.

ἐφ-ορμάλνω, to rush on.

ἐφ-ορμάω Ion. ἐπ-: f. ἦσω: aor. I —άρμησα:—to stir up, rouse against one, urge on, set in motion. 2. intr. to rush upon, attack. II. Pass. and Med., aor. I ἐφαρμυσάμην and ἐφαρμύθην:—to be stirred up, roused: to rush furiously on: to hurry, rush forward. 2. to make a dash at.

ἐφ-ορμέω Ion. ἐπ-, f. ἦσω, to lie at anchor over against, to blockade an enemy: generally, to watch:—Pass. to be blockaded.

ἐφ-ορμή, ἡ, (ἐπὶ, ὁρμή) an entrance, access, an attempt upon a place, attack.

ἐφορμηθεῖν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. pass. of ἐφορμάω.

ἐφόρμησις, *εως, ἡ*, (ἐφορμέω) the lying at anchor as to blockade an enemy, a blockade.

ἐφ-ορμίζω, f. *σω* Att. *ῶ*, (ἐπὶ, ὄρμος) to bring a ship to her moorings:—Med. and Pass., to come to anchor.

ἐφ-ορμος, *ω*, (ἐπὶ, ὄρμος) at anchor.

ἐφ-ορμος, ὁ, —ἐφόρμησις, a blockade.

ἐφορος, *ον*, (ἐφοράω) overseeing. as Subst.,

ἐφορος, ὁ, an overseer, guardian, ruler s. at Sparta, οἱ ἐφοροὶ the Ephori or Overseers, a body of five magistrates, who controlled even the kings.

ἐφ-όσον, Adv. for ἐφ' ὅσον, in so far as.

ἐφρασάμεν, Dor. aor. I med. of φράζω.

ἐφραξα, aor. I of φράσσω.

ἔφριξα, aor. I of φρίσσω.

ἔφρύαξα, aor. I of φρύσσω.

ἔφρυξα, aor. I of φρύγω.

ἔφ-υβρίζω, f. ἰω Att. ἰω, to insult over one, add insult to injury: also in Med.

ἔφυνον, aor. 2 of φεύγω.

ἔφ-υδρίς, ὄδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, ὕδωρ) of the water.

ἔφ-υδρος Ion. ἔπ-, ov, (ἐπί, ὕδωρ) wet, rainy, bringing rain. 2. abounding in water.

ἔφ-υμένω, f. ἡσω, to sing or chant after: to chant over. II. to sing a dirge or mournful strain. III. to sing of, descendant on.

ἔφυν, aor. 2 of φύνω: also Ep. 3 pl. ἔφυσαν.

ἔφ-υπερθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. from above: above, on atop, over.

ἘΦΥΡΑ Ion. -ρη, ἡ, Ephyré, old name of Corinth.

ἔφυρσα, aor. I of φύρω.

ἔφυσαν, 3 pl. aor. I of φύω. 2. 3 pl. aor. 2 of φύνω.

ἔφύση, Dor. for ἔφύσα, 3 sing. impf. of φυσάω. [ὑ]

ἔφ-υστερίζω, f. σω, (ἐπὶ, ὕστερος) to be later, come after another.

ἔφ-ύω, f. ὕω [ὑ], (ἐπὶ, ὕω) to rain upon:—Pass. to be rained upon, exposed to the rain: pf part. ἐφυσμένος. ἔφ' ὧ, ἔφ' ὧτε, i.e. ἐπὶ τούτῳ ὥστε, on the condition that.

ἔφ-ύριος, ov, (ἐπὶ, ὥρα) in season, ripe, mature.

ἔχιδον, aor. 2 of χανδάνω.

ἔχιδον, aor. 2 of χούω or χάσκω.

ἔχιδρη [ἔ], aor. 2 pass. of χάιρω.

ἐχιδρίσάμην, ἐχιδρίσθην, aor. 1 med. and pass of χαρίζομαι.

ἔχια, aor. I of χέω.

ἔχ-ἑγγυός, ov, -ἔχω ἐγγύη, i.e. I. having given security, responsible: trustworthy, faithful.

II. having received security, secure.

ἔχ-ἑθύμος, ov, (ἔχω, θυμός) controlling one's temper, under self-control.

ἔχ-ἑμύθω, (ἔχω, μῦθος) to hold one's peace. Hence ἔχεμυθία, ἡ, silence.

ἔχε-νηίς. -νηίδος, contr. ἔχε-νῆς, -νῆδος, ἡ, (ἔχω, ναῦς) holding ships fast.

ἔχε-πενκίς, ἐς, (ἔχω, πενική) epith. of a dart, bitter or sharp, piercing.

ἔχ-ἑσάρκος, ov, (ἔχω, σάρξ) fitting to the body.

ἔχεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἔχω.

ἔχ-ἑστονος, ov, (ἔχω, στόνος) bringing sorrows.

ἔχ-ἑτλη, ἡ, (ἔχω) the plough-bundle, Lat. siva. Hence

ἔχ-ἑτλήεις, ἐσσα, ev, of the plough-bundle.

ἔχευ, Dor. imperat. pass. of ἔχω.

ἔχευα, Ep. aor. I of χέω: med. ἔχευάμην.

ἔχεφρονέω, (ἔχ-ἑφρων) to be sensible or shrewd.

ἔχεφροσύνη, ἡ, good sense, shrewdness. From

ἔχ-ἑφρων, ov, gen. onos, (ἔχω, φρήν) sensible, shrewd.

ἔχρηθα, Ep. 2 sing. subj. of ἔχω.

ἐχθαίρω, f. ἐχθάρο: aor. I ἡχθήρα: fut. med. ἡχθα-

ροῦμαι in pass. sense: (ἐχθος)—to hate, be an enemy to: c. acc. cognato, ἐχθος ἐχθαίρειν to bear hate:—

ἐχθαίρεσθαι ἐκ τινος to be hated by one.

ἐχθαρείος, a. ov, verb. Adj. of ἐχθαίρω, to be hated.

ἐχθές, Adv., -χθές, yesterday.

ἐχθίστος, η, ov, irreg. Sup. of ἐχθρός, formed from Subst. ἐχθος, as κέρδιστος from κέρδος:—most hated. most hateful: as Subst. one's bitterest enemy.

ἐχθίω, ov, gen. onos, irreg. Comp. of ἐχθρός, formed from Subst. ἐχθος, as κερδίω from κέρδος:—more hated: more hostile.

ἐχθοδοπέω, f. ἡσω, to cause hatred. From

ἐχθοδοπός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐχθος) hateful, hostile.

*ΕΧΘΟΣ, eos, τό, hate, hatred, enmity, Lat. odium;

ἐχθος τινός hated for one. II. a hated object.

ἐχθρα Ion. ἐχθρη, ἡ, hatred, enmity; ἐχθρα τινός hated for one; δι' ἐχθρας μολεῖν or ἀφικέσθαι τινί to become at enmity with one.

ἐχθραίνω, f. ἄνω, (ἐχθρός) to hate: to be at enmity with.

ἐχθρο-δαίμων, ov, gen. onos, (ἐχθρός, δαίμων) hated of the gods: ill-fated, miserable.

ἐχθρο-ἔξενος, ov, (ἐχθρός, ἔξενος) unfriendly to guests, inhospitable.

ἐχθρός, ὁ, ὄν, (ἐχθος) hated, hateful. II. act,

bating, hostile, at enmity with.

III. as Subst.

ἐχθρός, ὁ, one's enemy, Lat. inimicus.—Besides ἐχθρό-τερος, ἐχθρότατος, the irreg. Comp. and Sup. ἐχθίω, ἐχθίστος, were in common use.

*ΕΧΘΩ, to hate.—Pass. to be hated, hateful. On'y used in pres. and impf.

ἐχιδνα, ἡ, (ἐχίς) a viper, adder. Hence

ἐχιδναίος, a, ov, of or like a viper.

*ΕΧΙΝΑΙ, ὦν, αἱ, islands in the Ionian sea, afterwards called Ἐχινάδες.

ἐχίνες, of, a kind of mice with rough bristling hair, in Libya. (Deriv. unknown.)

*ΕΧΙΝΟΣ, ὁ, the urchin, hedgehog: also the sea-urchin. 2. the shell of the sea-urchin, often used as a jar: hence, II. like Lat. testa, a jug, pitcher, vase, Lat. echinus. 2. the vase in which the notes of evidence were sealed up.

III. part of the bit of a bridle, studded over with points to make it severe.

*ΕΧΙΣ, ios and eos, ὁ, a viper, adder.

ἐχμα, atos, τό, (ἔχω) that which holds: I. a

bindrance, obstacle. 2. c. gen. a bulwark, defence against.

II. a hold-fast, stay, support; ἐχματα πύργων props, cradles for ships; ἐχματα πέτρων supports of rock, i.e. solid rock; ἐχματα πύργων supporting towers.

ἐχουσα, Dor. for ἐχουσα.

ἐχουν, impf. of χέω: see χώννυμι.

ἐχράνα, aor. I of χράνω.

ἐχρησα, aor. I of χράω.

ἐχρήσθην, aor. I pass. of χράομαι.

ἐχρίσα, aor. I of χρίω.

ἐχύθην [ὑ], aor. I pass. of χέω.

ἐχυντο, ἐχυτο, 3 pl. and sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω.

ἐχύρως, ὁ, ὄν, (ἔχω) firm, strong, secure, safe; ἐν ἐχυν-ρῷ εἶναι to be in safety: also trustworthy. Hence

ἐχύρως, Adv. securely:—Comp. ἐχυρώτερον.

*ΕΧΩ, impf. εἶχον Ep. ἔχων Ion. ἐχέσκον: fut.

ἔω, or (in the sense of *holding*) σχήσω: pf. ἔσχηκα ἱ. p. ὄχλωκα (in compd. συνοχλωκότε): aor. 2 ἐσχον, imperat. σχές, subj. σχῶ, opt. σχοίην, inf. σchein Ep. σχέμεν, part. σχών; poet. also ἐσχεθον, inf. σχεθείν: Pass. and Med. ἔχομαι: impf. εἰχόμεν: fut. ἔξομαι and σχήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐσχόμεν Ep. 3 sing. σχέτο, imperat. σχοῦ, inf. σχέσθαι, part. σχόμενος.

A. Trans.: Radic. sense, *to have, hold*: I. *to have, possess*; of ἐχοντες those that *have*, i. e. *the wealthy*:—Pass. *to be possessed by, belong to*. 2. *to have to wife*: *to have in one's house, to entertain*: c. acc. loci, *to dwell in, inhabit*: ἐν γαστρὶ ἔχειν (sub. βρέφος), *to be pregnant, be with child*. 3. *of a State or Condition*; γήρας ἔχειν *to have reached old age*,—the simple Verb γηράσκειν, etc.; so, ἐν στόματι ἔχειν *to be always talking of*. 4. *to imply, infer*; ἀσχυρὴν ἔχειν *to imply disgrace*. 5. like Lat. *teneo*, *to know, understand, comprehend*. II. *to hold, keep*: *to hold fast*: *to keep with one, retain, detain*: *to hold tight, grip, grasp*, of the hold of wrestlers. 2. *to hold up, bear up, sustain*: hence *to hold out or bear up against, to resist*, in which sense Homer uses fut. σχήσειν and med. σχήσεσθαι. 3. *to direct to, aim*: *to guide, steer*: in fut. σχήσω and aor. σchein, *to land*. 4. *to hold in, check, stop*: also *to keep fast or close*, as a bar does a gate: *to allay pain*: c. gen. *to stop or hinder from a thing*. 5. *to keep, ward off*: hence *to guard, keep safe*: of armour, *to protect*. 6. *to keep doing or making, cause*. III. *to have means or power to do a thing, to be able, like Lat. habeo*: οὐκ ἔχω, followed by ὅπως, πῶς, πού, etc., *I know not how, know not where*, etc.

B. Intrans., *to hold oneself, to be or keep in a certain state*: esp. with Advs., εὖ ἔχει, καλῶς or κακῶς ἔχει, Lat. *bene, male se habet*, *it is going on well*, etc.; a gen. modi is often added, εὖ ἔχειν τινός *to be well off for a thing, abound in it*; καλῶς ἔχειν τῆς μέθης *to be pretty well off for drink*. 2. *to be so and so, be*; λόγος ἔχει *the story goes, prevails*. 3. *to keep one's ground, stand fast or firm*. 4. *to stand up, jut out, rise, project*; κλοῖες ὑψὸς ἔχοντες *pillars rising high*. 5. *to point towards, glance at, be directed towards*; ἐχθρα ἔχουσα ἐς Ἀθηναίους *enmity directed towards the Athenians*: of Place, *to extend, reach unto*: also, ἔχειν ἀμφί or περὶ τι *to be about, busy, occupied with*. 6. in Att., ἔχω is joined with aor. part. of another Verb; κρήναιρας ἔχονσι *for κερύφρασι*; ἀποκλείας ἔχεις *for ἀποκέκλεικας*. 7. the part. ἔχων with the pres., adds a notion of *duration to what is being done*; τί δῆτα διατρίβεις ἔχων; *why then keep wasting time?* ληρείς ἔχων *you keep on trifling*.

C. Med. *to hold oneself to, hold on by, cling to, make fast to*: metaph. *to hold to one, depend upon, be closely connected with*: hence *to lay bold on, claim, take possession of*: 2. of Place, *to be close, border on, next to*: δ' ἐχόμενος *that comes next or nearest*; τὸ ἐχόμενον ἔτος *the year next ensuing*. II. *to*

bear, wear, carry for oneself, or what is one's own: also *to carry or conduct oneself*; ἔχεο κρατερῶς *bear thyself resolutely*. II. *to keep oneself back, abstain, refrain from*: absol., σχές, σχέςθε *hold! cease!* ἔχωντι, Dor. *for ἔχουσι*.

ἔχωσα, aor. I of χάννυμι.
ἐχῶσατο, 3 sing. aor. I of χῶμαι.
ἐχῶσθην, aor. I pass. of χάννυμι.
ἐψάλλεται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ψάλλω.
ἐψ-άνδρα, ἦ, (ἐψω, ἀνὴρ) *boiling men*, epith. of Me-
dea, from her restoring old Aeson to youth.
ἐψανσα, aor. I of ψάω.
ἐψεφα, aor. I of ψέγω.
ἐψενσάμην, aor. I of ψεύδομαι.
ἐψημαι, pf. pass. of ψάω.
ἐψησας, eas, ἦ, (ἐψω) *a boiling*: generally, *cooking*.
ἐψηστω, fut. of ἐψω.
ἐψητήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (ἐψω) *a pīrkin, pan for boiling*.
ἐψητός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἐψω) *boiled, sodden*.
ἐψία Ion. ἐψίη, ἦ, (ψιά, ψειά) *a game played with pebbles*: generally, *amusement, pastime*. Hence
ἐψιάομαι, Dep. *to play with pebbles*: generally, *to disport, amuse oneself*: *to entertain oneself with*.
ἐψιθυρίσδομαι, Dor. I pl. impf. of ψιθυρίζω.
ἐψισμένος, pf. pass. part. of ψίω.
ἐψιγγην [γ], aor. 2 pass. of ψύγω.
*ἘΨΩ: impf. ἤψων (Ion. ἔψων as if from ἐψέω):
fut. ἐψήσω: aor. I ἤψησα:—Med., fut. ἐψήσομαι:—
Pass., aor. I ἤψηθην: pf. ἤψημαι:—*to boil, seethe*, opp.
to ὠττάω: of metals, *to smelt, refine*: metaph. *to*
cberish, nurse.
ἔω, Ion. for ἔ, pres. subj. of εἶμι sum.
ἔω, contr. for ἔω.
ἔω, contr. for ἔωι, 3 sing. opt. of ἔω.
ἔω, dat. of ἔως.
ἔω, Ion. for ἔ, aor. 2 subj. of ἔημι.
ἔω, gen. and acc. sing. of ἔως, *the dawn*.
ἔωγα, pf. 2 of οἴγγυμι, *to open*.
ἔωγμα, pf. pass. of οἴγγυμι.
ἔωθα, ἔωθεα, Ion. pf. 2 and plpf. of ἔωθαι.
ἔωθεν Dp. ἡῶθεν, Adv. (ἔως) *from morn, at earliest dawn, at break of day*.
ἔωθινός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἔως) *in the morning, early*; ἔωθινόν as Adv. *early in the morning*; ἐξ ἔωθινού = ἔωθεν.
ἔωθουν, impf. of ὠθέω.
ἔωκαιν, plpf. of ἔωκα.
ἔωλο-κράσια, ὤ, (ἔωλος, κράσις) *a mixture or compound of dregs of wine*: metaph., *ἔωλοκρασίαν τῆς ποτηρίας κατασκεδάσαι τινός* *to empty the stale dregs of his villany over one*.
ἔωλος, ὄν, (ἔως) *a day old, kept till the morrow*: of food, *stale*: hence *out of date, obsolete*.
ἔωλπει, 3 sing. plpf. of ἔλω.
ἔωμεν, in Il. 19. 404, ἐπεὶ χ' ἔωμεν πολέμοιο, *when we have enough of war*:—commonly considered as aor. 2 subj. of ἔημι, but sometimes referred to ἔω = ἔω, *to satiate*.
ἔωμεν, contr. from ἔωμεν, 1 pl. of ἔω.

ἔωμι, contr. from ἰδοίμι, 1 sing. opt. of ἰδών.
 ἔω, Hom. and Ion. for ἄν, pres. part. of εἰμί sum.
 ἔωμαι, ἑωνήμην, pf. and plqpf. of ἄνέομαι.
 ἔωχοι, 3 sing. impf. with double augm. of οἰνοχοῖω.
 ἔωα, aor. 1 of οἰσνυμι.
 ἔως, α, or, also ας, on, poet. ἑώϊος Ep. ἡϊός. (ἔως)
 the morning, at early dawn, at day-break. 2.
 ἔω, Lat. Eōus.
 ἔωρα, ἦ, collat. form of ἀλώρα, a being suspended.
 ἔωγιν, in the air, oscillation 11. a noose for
 hanging.
 ἔωρα, 3 sing. impf. of ὄραω.
 ἔωρακα, ἔωράμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ὄραω
 ἔωρει, for ἔεργει, 3 sing. plqpf. of *ἐργω
 ἔωρῶ, collat. form of ἀπαρῶ, whence aor. 1 part.
 ἔωρησας τοῦμόν ὄμμα having raised aloft mine
 eye.
 ἔωρταζον, ἔωρτασα, impf. and aor. 1, with irreg.
 ἔωρτάζω.
 ἔωρτο, for ἡορτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἀεραω
 ἔωρων, impf. of ὄραω.
 ἔως, Att. for Ion. ἰώς, morn
 ἔως Ion. and Ep. εἰως Ep. εἰος 1, 25 Con-
 junction, while, so long as, Lat. donec, properly rela-
 tive to the antec. τεῖος Ep. τεῖως. 2. = ἔως, for
 time. 3. till, until, until such time as. 4.
 ἔως, ὅπως, ἵνα, that, in order that. 11. as Adv.,
 ὅτε, Lat. usque dum, till the time when: so too.
 οὐ; ἔως ποτε; Lat. quousque? how long? 2.
 ἔως Adv. of Place, ἔως ὧδε. ἔως ἔσω or ἔξω. up to
 point, till within, etc.
 ἔωσα, ἑωσάμην, aor. 1 act. and med. of ὠθέω
 ἔωσι, Ion. for ἄσι, 3 pl. pres. subj. of εἰμί sum.
 ἔωσι, contr. for ἑάουσι, 3 pl. pres. of ἰδών.
 ἔωμαι, pf. pass. of ὠθέω.
 ἔωσ-πέρ, strengthd. for ἔως, even until
 ἔωσ-φόρος, on, (ἔως, φέρω) morn-bringing: as Subst..
 Ἐωσφόρος the Morning-star, Lat. Lucifer.
 ἔωυτοῦ, ἑωυτέων, Ion.; for ἑαντοῦ, ἑαυτῶν

Z

Ζ, ζῆτα, τῷ, indecl. sixth letter of Gr. Alphabet:
 numeral ζ' = ἑπτὰ and ἑβδομος (the obsol. ε', i. e.
 or van, being retained to represent εζ), but ζ-
 οο. Ζ is compounded of σ and δ, σδ, whence in
 Ion. and Dor. μουσισδων ψιθυρισδων are written for
 μουσιων ψιθυριζων. In Ion. δ was changed into ζ;
 and easily passed into δ, as appears in παίζω παιδόνος,
 ἀπάζω ἀπαδόνος etc.; it also melted into ι, e. g.
 ζῆς ἱορκος, ζυγόν jugum.
 Ζετα, being a double conson., makes a short vowel
 before it long by position. But there are two proper
 tmes in Homer, before which the vowel is retained
 long, δατὺ Ζελεῖης, ἐλῆεσαδὺ Ζάκυνθος

ΖΑΨ, Aeol. for διὰ; also as insepr. Prefix with intensive
 sense, like ἀρι-, ἐρι-, ἀγα-, as in ζά-θεος, ζα-μενής, etc.
 ζάγκλον, τῷ, a reaping-book or sickle, Lat. falx.
 (Old Sicilian word.)
 ζα-ής, ἑς, (ζα-, ἄρμι) strong blowing, stormy, gusty.
 ζαῖν, irreg. acc. for ζαῖα, ζαῖ.
 ζά-θεος, α, on, also ας, on, very divine. boly. ballowed.
 ζά-θερής, ἑς. (ζα , θέρος) very hot.
 ζαῖεν Att. ζῶεν, 3 pl. opt. of ζῶω.
 ζάκορος, δ., = διάκτορος, διάκονος, a minister servant
 ζά-κοτος, on, very wrathful.
 ζάλη, ἦ, (ἄλς) surge, spray: a storm: μεταπν ῥου-
 ble, distress. (Akin to σάλος, Lat. salum
 ζαλοῖσα, Dor. for ζηλοῖσα
 ζᾶλος, ζᾶλῶς, ζᾶλωτος, Dor. for ζηλ-
 ᾶμενῶς, f. ἥσω, to be very violent, exert all one's
 strength. From
 ζά-μενής, ἑς, (ζα-, μένος) very strong or might
 raging, violent.
 ζᾶμια, Dor. for ζημια
 Ζᾶν, Ζανός, δ, Dor. for Ζήν. Ζηνις, old form of
 Ζεύς, q. v. Hence Lat. Janus.
 ζά-πεδον, τῷ, = δάπεδον
 ζα-πληθής, ἑς, (ζα-, πλήθος) very full ζαπλοῦς
 γενεᾶς a busy beard: full-sounding
 ζά-πλουτος, on, very rich.
 ζά-πύρος, on, (ζα , πῦρ) very fiery.
 ζατεῦσα, Dor. for ζητοῦσα.
 ζατεῦω, ζατρεῖον, ζατρεύω, Dor. for ζητ-
 ᾶ-τρεφής, ἑς. (ζα-, τρέφω) well-fed, fat
 ζα-φλεγής, ἑς, (ζα , φλέγω) full of fire, fiery
 ζά-χολος, on, very wrathful.
 ζά-χρειος, on, (ζα , χρεία) very needy, ζάχρειος ὁδοῦ
 one who wants to know the way.
 ζα-χρητής, ἑς, (ζα-, χράω) attacking violently, fu-
 rious: of warriors, eager, fiery
 ζά-χρῦσος, on, rich in gold.
 ΖΑΨ Ep. ζῶω, in later Poets ζῶω, Att. contr. ζῶ.
 ζῆ, ζῆ; imperat ζῆ or ζῆθι; opt. ζῶην; inf. ζάειν
 contr. ζῆν; impf. ἐζην (as if from ζῆμι), ἐζης, ἐζη.
 but 3 pl. ἐζων: fut. ζήσω and ζήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐζησα:
 pf. ἐζηκα:—to live, breathe; ζῶν alive; ζῆν ἀπό τινος
 to live off or on a thing, cf. ἀποζῆν; c. acc. cognato.
 ζῆν ζῶν, βίον. 11. metaph. to be in full vigour
 to be fresh, strong, efficient: part. ζῶν, as Adj., active
 powerful, efficacious
 —ζε, insepr. enclitic Particle, denoting motion toward
 a place, ζ being written for σδ, as, Ἀθήναζε, θύραζε
 for Ἀθήνασδε, θύρασδε.
 ζεγυρίαι, a Libyan word, a kind of mice.
 ΖΕΙΑ', ἦ, zea, a sort of grain, used as fodder for
 horses, proth. a coarse wheat, spell.
 ζει-δομος, ev, (ζεῖα, δαρέομαι) zen-giving, fruitful.
 ζειρά, ἦ, a wide upper garment, girded about the loins
 and falling over the feet. (Foreign word.)
 ζέω, poet. for ζῶω, as πνέω for πνέω.
 ζέισσα, Ep. for ἐζεσα, aor. 1 of ζῶω.
 ζεστός, ἦ, ὢν, (ζέω) boiled, boiling, hot.

ζευγάριον, τό, Dim. of ζεύγος, a *puny team of oxen*.
 ζευγλαῖον, ἑ. ἥσω, to drive a yoke of oxen. From
 ζευγ-ηλάτης, ου, δ, (ζεύγος, ἐλαύνει) a driver of a
 yoke of oxen.

ζευγίτης [ἑ], οὐ, δ, (ζεύγος) yoked together, two and
 two, in pairs. II. ζευγίται, οἱ, yeomen, the third

of Solon's four classes of Athenian citizens, so called
 from their being able to keep a team (ζεύγος) of oxen:
 the first class being called πεντακοσιομήδικοι, the
 second ἱππεῖς, and the fourth θῆτες.

ζεύγλι ποῖτ. ζεύγλι, ἡ, the collar or loop of the
 yoke (ζυγόν), through which the oxen's heads were
 put, so that the ζυγόν had two ζεύγλια. II. the
 rudder-bands; see πηδάλιον.

ζεύγμα, ατος, τό, (ζεύγνυμι) that which is linked to-
 gether, a band, bond: ζεύγμα τοῦ λιμένος a boom or
 chain across the mouth of the harbour.

ζεύγνυμι, -ύμεναι, Ep. inf. of ζεύγνυμι.

ΖΕΥΓΝΥΜΙ or -ύω: impf. 3 pl. ἐζεύγνυσαν (Ep.
 ἐζεύγυσαν) or ἐζεύγνυνον (Ep. ἐζεύγνυνον): fut. ζεύξω:
 aor. I ἐζεύξα:—Pass., aor. I ἐζεύχην, more frequent
 aor. 2 ἐζύχην [ῥ]:—to join or link together, yoke:—
 Med., ἑπ' αὐτοῖς ζεύγνυσθαι to yoke horses for oneself,
 put to one's horses; also to harness. II. gene-
 rally, to join or fasten together, make fast; σπινθεῖς
 ἐζυνγμέναι close-shut doors. 2. to join in wedlock,
 marry, unite:—Med. of the husband, to wed:—Pass.
 to be married. 3. to join by bridges, throw a bridge
 across. 5. to undergird ships with ropes.

ζεύγος, εος, τό, (ζεύγνυμι) a yoke or team of beasts,
 a pair of horses. 2. the carriage drawn by a team,
 a chariot, plough: any pair or couple. II. of
 more than two things or persons joined together, e. g.
 ζεύγος τριτάρθενον three maiden sisters.

ζευκτηρία, a fastening, band; see πηδάλιον. From
 ζευκτηριος, α, ον, (ζεύγνυμι) fit for joining or yok-
 ing; τὸ ζευκτηριον a yoke.

ζεύξαι, aor. I inf. of ζεύγνυμι: ζεύξαιεν, 3 sing. opt.;
 ζεύξον, imperat.

ζεύξις, εως, ἡ, (ζεύγνυμι) a yoking or manner of
 yoking oxen. 2. a joining by a bridge.

ΖΕΥΞ, δ, voc. Ζεῦ; but genit. Διός, dat. Διί, acc.
 Δία as if from Διός: ποῖτ. Ζηνός, Ζηνί, Ζήνα, Dor.
 Ζάνος, etc., as if from *Ζήν, Ζάν:—Zeus, Jupiter,

king and father of gods and men, son of Kronos (or
 Saturn) and Rhea, hence called Κρονίδης, Κρονίων:
 ruler of the lower air (ἀήρ); hence rain and storms
 come from him, as Ζεὺς ὤει.

Ζεφύρη (sub. πνοή), ἡ, —Ζεφύρος, the west wind.

Ζεφύρος, δ, Zephyrus, the west wind, or properly the
 north-west. (From ζυφος, darkness or the West, as
 ἑσπρος from ἑως, morn or the East.)

ΖΕΩ, fut. ζέσω: aor. I ζέσα Ep. ζέσσα:—to boil,
 seethe: generally, to boil up, esp. of hot springs: also
 simply to be hot, throb with heat; χθών ἐζε the earth
 was hot: metaph. to boil with passion, like Lat. *fer-
 vere*.

II. trans. to make to boil, beat.

ζή, ζήθι, imperat. of ζάω.

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ζή, ζήθι, imperat. of ζάω.

ζή, ζήθι, imperat. of ζάω.

ζηλαῖος, α, ον, (ζήλος) jealous.

ζηλήμων, ον, gen. ὄνος, (ζηλος, ζήλω) jealous.

ζηλο-δοτήρ, ἥρος, δ, (ζήλος, δίδωμι) giver of bliss

ζηλο-μάνης, ἐς, (ζήλος, μανῆναι) mad with jealousy

ζήλος, δ, (ζέω) eager rivalry, emulation, in good
 sense, opp. to φθόνος (envy). 2. any strong pas-
 sion, esp. jealousy: zeal or emulous desire for a
 thing.

II. pass. the object of emulation or ri-
 valry, happiness, blessedness

ζηλοσύνη, ἡ, ποῖτ. for ζήλος

ζηλοτύπη, ἡ, ἥσω, (ζηλοτύπος) to emulate, rival.
 be jealous of. 2. to envy. 3. to affect. pretend
 to. Hence

ζηλοτύπια, ἡ, rivalry, jealousy, envy.

ζηλό-τύπος, ον, (ζήλος, τύπτω) jealous

ζηλῶ, ἡ, ὥσω, (ζήλος) to rival, vie with, emulate.

Lat. *aemulari*: c. acc. rei, to desire emulously, strive
 after. 2. to be jealous of, envy. 3. to emulate,
 envy, admire, commend. Hence

ζήλωμα, ατος, τό, the object of emulation: in pl. high
 fortresses. II. rivalry, emulation.

ζήλωσις, εως, ἡ, (ζηλῶ) emulation, imitation.

ζηλωτής, ου, δ, (ζηλῶ) a rival, zealous imita-
 tor. 2. a zealot.

ζηλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ζηλῶ) to be emulated, worthy of
 imitation. 2. enviable, happy, blessed.

ζημία, ἡ, loss, damage, Lat. *damnum*, opp. to κέρδος:
 φανερά ζημία a clear loss. II. a penalty, esp. in
 money, a fine; θάνατον ζημίαν προτιθέναι to make
 death the penalty. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

ζημιῶ, ἡ, ὥσω, to cause loss to one, do one damage
 or hurt: to punish: esp. in money, to fine.—Pass.
 with fut. med. ζημιώσομαι or pass. ζημιωθήσομαι,
 aor. I ἐζημιώθην, to be fined.

*Ζήν, δ, gen. Ζηνός, ποῖτ. for Ζεύ; q. v.

Ζηνο-δοτήρ, ἥρος, δ, (Ζήν, δίδωμι) = Ζηνόφρων.

Ζηνό-φρων, ον, gen. ὄνος, (Ζήν, φέρην) knowing the
 mind of Zeus, revealing the will of Jove, of oracles

ζήσομαι, fut. of ζάω.

ζητεύω, ποῖτ. for ζητέω.

ΖΗΤΕΩ, ἡ, ἥσω, to seek, seek for, seek after. 2
 to search out, inquire into, examine, investigate: c.
 inf. to seek to do. 3. to have to seek. Hence

ζήτημα, ατος, τό, that which is sought: an inquiry
 question.

ζητήσιμος, ον, (ζητέω) to be searched; τὰ ζητῆσι, .
 places to be beaten (or game).

ζήτησις, εως, ἡ, (ζητέω) a seeking for, searching
 after: a searching out, inquiry, investigation.

ζητητός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ζητέω, to be sought. II.
 ζητητέον, one must seek out.

ζητητής, ου, δ, (ζητέω) a seeker, searcher, inquirer,
 examiner. II. at Athens, the ζητηταί were com-
 missioners to inquire into state-offences.

ζητητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ζητέω, sought for.

ζιάνιον, τό, a weed that grows in wheat, darnel,
 Lat. *zizanium*, *lolium*. (Eastern word.)

ζή, ζήθι, imperat. of ζάω.

ζή, ζήθι, imperat. of ζάω.

ζή, ζήθι, imperat. of ζάω.

ζή, ζήθι, imperat. of ζάω.

ζοῖα, Aeol. for ζῷη.

ζῶς, ἄ, ὄν, poet. for ζωός, ζῶς.

ζορκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, = δορκάς; also ζορέ, ζορκός, ἡ.

ζοφερός, ὄν, ((ζόφος) dark, dusky, murky, gloomy.

ΖΟΨΟΣ, ὁ, darkness, dusk, gloom: esp. of the *netter world*: hence the land of darkness, the *netter world itself*:—Homer divides the world into a light and dark side, where ζόφος the dark or night side, the west, is opposed πρὸς Ἡῶν τ' Ἡέλιον τε, the light side, the east. Hence.

ζοφῶω, f. ὦσω, to darken:—Pass. to be dark.

ζοφῶδης, ες, (ζόφος, εἶδος) dusky, gloomy.

ζῶα, for ζῶα.

ζύγαστρον, τό, (ζεύγνυμι) a chest or box of boards *strongly fastened together*.

ζύγεις, aor. 2 part. pass. of ζεύγνυμι.

ζυγῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ζεύγνυμι.

ζυγῆ-φόρος, ον, poet. for (ζυγοφ-, bearing the yoke.

ζυγίος, α, ὄν, (ζυγόν) of or for the yoke; ζυγίος ἵππος a draught-horse, wheeler.

ζυγίτης, ον, ὁ, (ζυγόν) one of the rowers who sat on the second of the three banks or benches, those on the lowest being θαλαμῖται, those on the highest θρανῖται. [r]

ζυγό-δεσμον, τό, (ζυγόν, δεσμός) a yoke-band or band for binding the yoke to the pole.

ζυγο-μάχχω, f. ἦσω (ζυγόν, μάχομαι) to struggle with one's yoke-fellow, to quarrel.

ΖΥΓΟΝ, τό, also ζυγός, ἄ, but in pl. always ζυγά:—Lat. *jugum*, the yoke or cross-bar tied by the ζυγό-δεσμος to the end of the pole, and having ζεύγλαι (collars or loops) at each end, by which two horses, mules or oxen were put to the plough or carriage; metaph., τὸ δούλιον ζυγόν the yoke of slavery; κατὰ ζυγά, in pairs. II. the cross-bar, Lat. *transillum*, joining the two horns of the φόρμιγξ. III. the cross-planks of a ship, joining the two opposite sides, the benches or thwarts, Lat. *transtra*. IV. the beam of the balance, in pl. the balance itself. V. the cross-straps of sandals.

ζυγός, v. sub ζυγόν

ζυγόφιν, Ep. gen. of ζυγόν.

ζυγῶω, f. ὦσω, (ζυγόν) to yoke a pair, join together: metaph. to bring under the yoke, subdue, tame

ζυγωθρίω, to lock up. From

ζυγάθρον, τό, (ζυγῶω) the bar or bolt of a door.

ζυγάτος, ἡ, ὄν, (ζυγῶω) drawn by a pair of horses.

ζύμη, ἡ, (ζέν) leaven. [v] Hence

ῥυμίτης, ον, Adj. masc. leavened. [r]

ζυμῶω, f. ὦσω, (ζύμη) to leaven, make to ferment.

ζωάγρια, ον, τα, (ζῶς, ἀγρυ) a reward for life saved: also like θρεπτήρια, a reward for nursing and rearing

one, offerings to Aesculapius for recovery from illness.

ζωάγριος, ον, (ζῶς, ἀγρυ) for saving life.

ζωάριον, τό, Dim. of ζῶον, an animalcule. [ā]

ζω-αρτής, ες, (ζῷη, ἀρτέω) maintaining life.

ζωγράφειν, f. ἦσω, (αὐγράφω) to paint from life.

ζωγράφια, ἡ, ἡσω, (αὐγράφω) the art of painting, painting.

ζωγραφικός, ἡ, ὄν, skilled in painting. From ζω-γράφος, ον, (ζῶον, γράφω) painting animals, painting from nature: as Subst., ζωγράφος, ὁ, a painter.

ζῶγρει, ζωγρεῖτε, pres. imperat. of

ζῶ-γρέω, f. ἦσω, (ζῶς, ἀγρεύω) to take alive, take prisoner in war, to give quarter to. II. to restore to life and strength, revive. Hence

ζωγρία Ion. -ῖη, ἡ, a taking alive, taking prisoner.

ζωδιακός, ἡ, ὄν, (ζῷδιον) of or containing animals;

ὁ ζωδιακός (sub. κύκλος) the Zodiac.

ζῷδιον, τό, Dim. of ζῶον, a small figure, painted or carved.

ζῶμεν, ζῶμεναι, for ζῶειν, inf. of ζῶω=ζῶα

ζῶσκον, Ion. impf. of ζῶω.

ζῷη Dor. ζῶα Ion. and poet. ζῷη Aeol. ζῷα, ἡ, (ζῶω) a living, means of living, subsistence, goods, property. II. life.

ζω-θάμιος, ον, (ζῷη, θάλλω) giving vigour of life.

ζῷικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ζῶον) of or for animals.

ζῶμα, ατος, τό, (ζῶννυμι) that which is girded: the girded tunis worn under the armour: the armour girded by the ζαστήρ. II. also=ζώνη, or ζαστήρ, a girdle, belt.

ζῶμευμα, ατος, τό, broth, soup. From

ζῶμεῖω, f. ὦω, (ζῶμός) to boil for broth, seethe.

ζωμίδιον, τό, Dim. of ζῶμός, a little sauce.

ζῶμός Dor. δωμός, ὁ, (ζέω) broth, soup, esp. sauce, to eat with other dishes.

ζώνη, ἡ, (ζῶννυμι) a belt, girdle, properly the lower of the two girdles worn by women, the man's belt being ζωστήρ; φέρειν ὑπὸ ζώνην and τρέφειν ἐντὸς ζώνης to bear or nourish under the girdle, i. e. in the womb

Later, the girdle was used to keep money in, whence in Horace, *zonam perdere* to lose one's purse. II. the part round which the girdle passed, the waist, loins. III. anything that one girds on, a garment, armour.

ΖΩΝΝΤ ΜΙ or -ῶω; fut. ζῶω; aor. ἐζῶσα:—Med. ζῶννυμι, fut. ζῶσομαι; aor. ἰ ἐζῶσάμην:—Pass., aor. ἰ ἐζῶσθην; pf. ἐζῶσμαι:—to gird, esp. to gird for battle. II. Med. to gird oneself, gird up one's loins for battle or for work: c. acc., ζώνην, χαλκὸν ζῶννυσθαι to gird on one's belt, sword.

ζωννύσκειν, Ion. 3 sing. -απφ. med. of ζῶννυμι.

ζωο-γλύφος, ον, (ζῶον, γλύφω) carving animals: as Subst., ζωογλύφος, ὁ, a sculptor: cf. ζωγράφος.

ζωογονέω, f. ἦσω, to produce, propagate animals. II. to preserve alive. From

ζωο-γόνος, ον, (ζῶον, γείνομαι) producing animals: life-giving.

ζωο-γράφος, ον, poet. for ζω-.

ζῶον, τό, properly contr. from ζῷον, a living being, animal, Lat. *animal*. II. the figure of an animal, but also any figure or image; ζῶα γράφειν or γράφειν, for ζω-γραφεῖν, to paint. and in Herodotus, with a second acc. of the thing painted, as, ζῶα γράψασθαι τὴν ζεύξιν τοῦ Βοσπόρου to have the passage of the Bosphorus painted.

ζωο-ποιέω, ἦσω, (ζῶς, ποιέω) to make alive, quicken.
ζῶς, ἡ, ὄν, (ζάω) alive, living; ζῶν ἐλεῖν τῷα to take one prisoner, i. e. give quarter to him.

ζῶ-σοφός, ον, (ζῶς, σοφός) wise in life.

ζῶ-φόρος, ον, (ζῶς, φέρω) life-giving.

II. (ζῶσ, φέρω) bearing animals; ὁ ζωφόρος (sub κύκλος) = ὁ ζωδιακός.

ζωοφύττω, f. ἦσω, to put forth live shoots. From

ζῶ-φύτος, ον, (ζῶς, φύω) producing plants.

ζῶ-πονέω, f. ἦσω, (ζῶς, πονέω) to represent alive.

ζῶπυρέω, f. ἦσω, to kindle into flame; metaph. to set on fire, provoke. From

ζῶ-πύρον, τό, (ζῶς, πῦρ) a spark, a piece of hot coal: a match to light a fire with.

ζωροποτέω, f. ἦσω, to drink sheer wine.

ζωρο-ποτής, οὔ, ὁ, (ζῶς, πίνω) drinking sheer wine, drunken.

ζῶρος, ὄν, sheer, unmixed, of wine without water:—as Subst. ζῶρός (sub. οἶνος), ὁ, or as neut., ζῶρόν,

τό, Lat. merum, sheer wine: Homer uses only Comp.,

ζωρότερον κείριε mix purer wine, i. e. pour in less water. As the Greeks used to dilute their wine with water, (ζωρότερον πίνειν came to mean not only to drink purer wine than common, but generally to drink

hard, be a drunkard. (Prob. for ζωρός from ζῶς.)

ζῶς, neut. ζῶν, gen. ζῶ, rarer form for ζῶς.

ζῶσι, aor. 1 med. imperat. of ζῶννυμι.

ζῶστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ζῶννυμι) the warrior's belt or baldric, which secured the body-armour, ζῶνη being the woman's girdle: but later, any belt or girdle.

ζῶστρον, τό, (ζῶννυμι) a belt, girdle.

ζῆντικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ζάω) of or for life. II. full of life, lively, vivid, Lat. vivax; of works of art, true to life; τὸ ζῆντικὸν φαίνεσθαι πῶς ἐνεργάτῃ τοῖς ἀδριᾶσιν; how do you make that look of life appear in your statues?

ζωύφιον, πό, Dim. of ζῶον, = ζῷδιον.

ζῶ-φύτος, ον, (ζῶς, φύω) producing plants, fruitful.

ζῶω, Ep. and Ion. for ζάω, to live.

H

H, ἡ, ἦτα, τό, indecl., seventh letter of the Greek alphabet; as numeral ἡ—ἑκτὸς and ἑβδοος, but ἡ = 3000.

The uncial form of Eta (H) was a double E, and prob. it was so pronounced, as δῆλος, ζῆλος, εἶμι δέλος, ζέλος. The old alphabet had only one sign (ε) for the sound of e both long and short, till

the long vowel η, with ω, was introduced from the Samian into the Athenian alphabet in the archonship of Euclides (B. C. 403) together with ω, ξ, ψ. The

sign H, before it represented long e, was used for the rough breathing, as HOΞ for ἥ, which usage remains in the Latin H. When the same H became a vowel,

it was divided, so that F represented the rough, I the smooth breathing, whence came the present signs for

the breathings. η was most in use among the Ion.: in the Attic dialect, it often passed into α, as Ιοα, πρήσσω, θώρηξ are in Att. πρᾶσσω, θώραξ. In later Att., ε and η were not seldom changed into η, e. g. κλειθρον κληθρον, Νηρηίδες Νηρηίδες.

η poet. ἡέ, Conjunction with three chief signfs., disjunctive, interrogative, comparative: I. η DISJUNCTIVE, or, Lat. aut; and doubled, ἡ... ἡ..., either... or..., Lat. aut..., aut... II. η INTERROGATIVE: in indirect questions in a subjoined clause, εἰπὲ ἡ... say whether...; and doubled ἡ... ἡ..., whether..., or...? Lat. utrum..., an...? 2. also with direct questions, like Lat. an; τίπτε εἰλήλουθας; ἡ ἕνα ὕβριν ἰδῇ Ἀγαμέμνων; why hast thou come? is it that thou may'st see...? III. η COMPARATIVE, than, as, like Lat. quam, after a Comp. Adj.: also after positive Adjs. which have a comp. force, ἄλλο τι ἡ..., some other thing than...; ἐνάντιος ἡ..., contrariwise than...; οὐδ' ὅσον ἡ..., not so much as...; so after Verbs, βούλομαι ἡ... to live rather than...; φθάνω ἡ... to come sooner than... 2. η sometimes joins two Comparatives, when they both refer to the same subject; πάντες κ' ἀρησάσθαι ἐλαφρότεροι πύδας εἶναι, ἡ ἀφνειότεροι all would then pray to be light of foot rather than rich; ταχύτερα ἡ σοφώτερα more quickly than wisely.

[When η οὐ, η οὐκ come together in a verse, the two words coalesce into one syll.: so too μὴ οὐ.]
η, an exclamation, to call one's attention to a thing; η, ἡ, σὺντα what do, be silent!

η, Adv., with two signfs., strengthening and questioning: I. to STRENGTHEN or CONFIRM, in truth, truly, verily, of a surety; ἡ μὴν, Ion. ἡ μὲν, introduces the very words of an oath, to give greater solemnity. II. in INTERROG. sentences, = Lat. num? sometimes it may be rendered, what? pray? or can it be? η οὐ...; Lat. nonne...?

η, for ἔφα, 3 sing. impf. of ἡμι.

η, for ἦν, 1 sing. impf. of εἰμι sum.

η, 3 sing. pres. subj. of εἰμι sum.

η, fem. of Artic. ὁ.

η, fem. of relat. Pron. ὅς, ἡ, ὅ, who, what?

η, dat. fem. of possess. Pron. ὅς, ἡ, ὅν, his, her.

η, dat. sing. fem. of relat. Pron. ὅς, ἡ, ὅ: also used adverbially: I. of Place, which way, where, whither, in or at what place. 2. of Manner, how, as; ἡ θέμις ἐστὶ, as is lawful and right. 3. joined with Sup., ἡ μάλιστα or ἡ δυνατόν μάλιστα as much, as far as possible; ἡ τάχιστα as quick as possible.

η, ἡεν, Ep. for ἦν, 1 and 3 sing. impf. of εἰμι sum.

η, contr. of ἦα, for ἦεν, Ep. impf. of εἰμι ἰδο.

ηατο, Ion. for ἦτο, 3 pl. impf. of ἡμαι.

ἡβαιοί, á, ὄν, Ion. for βαιοί, little, small, poor, slight: mostly with a negat., οὐ οἱ ἐνὶ φρένες, οὐδ' ἡβαιοί no sense is in him, no, not the slightest: in neut. as Adv., οὐδ' ἡβαιόν not in the least, not in the slightest degree; without a negat., ἡβαιὸν ἀπὸ σπείους a little from the cave.

ἡβάσκω, Inceptive of ἡβάω, to come to man's estate, come to one's strength, Lat. pubescere.

ἡβῶω, f. ἡσῶι: aor. I ἡβησα: pf. ἡβηκα: (ἡβη):—be at man's estate, to be in the flower or prime of youth, Lat. pubescere; ἀνὴρ μάλα ἡβῶν a man in the full vigour of youth; so of plants, ἡμεῖς ἡβώωσα a vine, luxuriant vine. II. metaph. to be young, fresh, vigorous: also to be full of youthful joy, to be full of passion.

ἡβη, ἡ, man's estate, manhood, youth, Lat. pubertas; also the strength and freshness of youth:—as a legal term ἡβη was the time just before manhood, at Sparta fixed at 18, so that of δέκα ἀφ' ἡβης were men of 28, of τετταράκοντα ἀφ' ἡβης men of 58. 2. metaph. freshness, vigour, youthful passion, fire, spirit. 3. a body of youth, the youth. Lat. juvenes.

II. as fem. prop. n. Ἥβη, Hebe, wife of Hercules, cup-bearer of the gods. Hence ἡβηδόν, Adv. in the manner of youth. 2. πάντες ἡβδόν all from the youth upwards. ἡβητήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, ἡβητής, οὗ, ὁ, (ἡβῶω) in the prime of youth.

ἡβητικός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἡβῶω) of or fit for youth, youthful, Lat. juvenilis.

ἡβός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἡβη) youthful.

ἡβουλήθη, ἡβουλόμην, for ἔβη, aor. I and impf. βούλομαι.

ἡβυλλιάω, Comic Dim. of ἡβῶω, to be youngish.

ἡβήην, Att. opt. of ἡβῶω.

ἡβῶμι Ep. ἡβώομι, opt. of ἡβῶω.

ἡβῶων, ἡβώωσα, Ep. part. of ἡβῶω.

ἡγάασθε, ἡγάμην, v. sub ἀγαμαι.

ἡγαγον, ἡγαγόμεν, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἀγω,

ἡγάθεος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγαν, θεός) hollowed, most holy.

ἡγάνον, τό, Ion. for τήγανον.

ἡγάπειν, Dor. for ἡγάπην, impf. of ἀγαπάω.

ἡγάσαστο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀγαόμαι.

ἡγγεῖλα, aor. I of ἀγγελλω.

ἡγγίκα, ἡγγισα, pf. and aor. I of ἐγγίξω.

ἡγγύηκα, ἡγμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐγγυάω.

ἡγγύησα, ἡγην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐγγυάω.

ἡγγύων, impf. of ἐγγυάω.

ἡγεῖρα, aor. I of ἀγείρω.

ἡγεμόνευμα, τό, (ἡγεμονεύω) a leading: a leader.

ἡγεμονεύς, gen. έως Ep. ἥος, ὁ, poët. for ἡγεμῶν.

ἡγεμονεύω, f. σῶ, (ἡγεμῶν) to go before: to lead the way, guide on the way. II. to lead in war, to rule, command, c. gen. pers.: absol. to be ruler.

ἡγεμονία, ἡ, (ἡγεμῶν) a leading the way, going first.

II. chief command, sovereignty: the supremacy of one state over a number of subordinates: ἡγεμονία τῆς Ἑλλάδος the supremacy of Greece.

ἡγεμονικός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἡγεμῶν) fit for guiding, ready to guide. II. fit for commanding, chief, leading, Lat. princeps.

ἡγεμόνιος, α, ὄν, (ἡγεμῶν) of or belonging to a guide: ὁ ἡγεμόνιος, name of Hermes, as the guide of departed souls.

ἡγεμόσυνος, ἡ, ὄν, belonging to a leader: τὰ ἡγεμόσυνα (sub. ἱερά), thank-offerings for safe-conduct.

ἡγεμῶν, ὅς, α, a leader, Lat. dux: 1. a guide to shew one the way, ἡγεμῶν ὁδοῦ;—generally, one who does a thing first, Lat. princeps, auctor; ἡγεμῶν γίγνεσθαι τι to be one's guide or authority. 2. the leader of an army, a commander, captain, chief. From

ἡγεόμαι, f. ἡγήσομαι: aor. I ἡγήσαμην: pf. ἡγήμαι (sometimes used in pass. sense): Dep.: (ἀγω):—to go before, lead the way, opp. to ἔπομαι: to shew the way, guide, conduct. 2. to lead an army, and so to command, rule:—with dat. it has the orig. sense of going before, with gen. the derived one of leading, commanding:—absol. to be the first, to be a guide, leader, chief; ὁ ἡγούμενος a leader, ruler, chief. II. like Lat. ducere, to suppose, believe, hold; ἡγεῖσθαι τινα βασιλέα to hold or regard as king; ἡγεῖσθαι θεούς to believe in gods, like νομίζειν.

ἡγερέθομαι, Ep. form of ἀγείρωμαι Pass., to be gathered together, only in 3 pl. pres. and impf. ἡγερέθονται, ἡγερέθοντο.

ἡγερέομαι, Ep. form of ἀγείρωμαι Pass., to gather, come together, only in pres. inf. ἡγερέεσθαι.

ἡγερέθην, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἀγείρω.

ἡγηλάζω, Ep. form of ἡγεόμαι, to guide; also, like Lat. agere, κικεῖν μύρον ἡγηλάζειν to lead a wretched life.

ἡγῆμαι, pf. of ἡγεόμαι.

ἡγητέον, verb. Adj. of ἡγεόμαι, one must lead. II. one must suppose.

ἡγήτηρ, ἥρος, ὁ, ἡγήτης, οὗ, ὁ, ἡγήτωρ, ὀρος, ὁ, (ἡγεόμαι) a leader, guide. 2. a leader, commander, chief; ἡγήτορες ἰδὲ μέδοντες chiefs in field and council.

ἡγιασμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀγιαζω.

ἡγίνεον, impf. of ἀγινέω.

ἡγκαλίσάμην, ἡγκάλισμαι, aor. I med. and pf. pass. of ἀγκαλίζομαι.

ἡγκύρισα, aor. I of ἀγκυρίζω.

ἡγλάισα, aor. I of ἀγλαίζω.

ἡγμαι, pf. pass. of ἀγω.

ἡγνόηκα, ἡγνόησα, pf. and aor. I of ἀγνέω.

ἡγνισαι, 2 sing. pf. pass. of ἀγνίω.

ἡγνόουν, impf. of ἀγνέω.

ἡγξα, aor. I of ἀγχω.

ἡγον, impf. of ἀγω.

ἡγοράσθε, -ῶντο, Ep. lengthd. for ἡγοράσθε, -ῶντο, 2 and 3 pf. impf. of ἀγοράομαι.

ἡγόρακα, ἡγόρασα, pf. and aor. I of ἀγοράζω.

ἡγόρευκα, ἡγόρευσα, pf. and aor. I of ἀγορεύω.

ἡγουν, Conj. (ἡ, γοῦν) that is to say, Lat. scilicet.

ἡγρίαινα, aor. I of ἀγριαίνω.

ἡγρίωκα, ἡγρίωσα, pf. and aor. I of ἀγρίω.

ἡγρύπνησα, aor. I of ἀγρυπνέω.

ἡγρόμην, Ep. for ἡγερόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐγείρω.

ἡγχον, aor. 2 and impf. of ἀγχω.

ἡγωνιάκα, -λάσα, -λων, pf. aor. I and impf. of ἀγωνιάω.

ἡγωνισάμην. aor. I med. cf ἀγωνίζομαι.

ἡγωνισθην, ἡγώνισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἀγωνίζομαι.

ἡ-δέ, (ἡ, δέ) and: if καὶ follows ἡδέ, it takes the sense also, e. g. ἡδέ καὶ and also. II when it

answers to ἡμὲν it means, as also.

ἡδε, fem. of ἡδῆ.

ἡδεα, Ion. resolved form of ἡδη, plqpf. of *εἶδω.

ἡδεν, ει, ει, plqpf. (with impf. sense) of *εἶδω: 3 pl. ἡδισαν or ἡδισαν.

ἡδισάμην, aor. I of αἰδέομαι.

ἡδέσθην, aor. I pass. of εἰσθῆναι.

ἡδέσθην, aor. I pass. of αἰδέομαι.

ἡδέως, Adv. or ἡδύς, sweetly, pleasantly, gladly, ἡδέως ἔχειν to be kind: Comp. ἡδίων, Sup. ἡδιστα.

*HΔH, Adv. of Time, like Lat. jam, already, by, or from this time, now, presently, forthwith: also of Place, ἀπὸ ταύτης ἡδὴ Αἰγυπτos after this lake directly begins Egypt.

ἡδη, ἡδησθαι, ἡδη Att. for ἡδεν, plqpf. (with impf. sense) of *εἶδω.

ἡδίκηον, ἡδίκηκα, ἡδίκησα, impf., pf., and aor. I of αἰδέω.

ἡδίων, ἡδιστος, η, ον, Comp. and Sup. of ἡδύς.

ἡδολέσχεον, impf. of ἀδολεσχέω.

*HΔOMAI, fut. ἡσθήσομαι: aor. I ἡσθην, rarely in med. form ἡσάμην: Dep.:—to enjoy oneself, take one's pleasure: with partic., ἡσθη ἀκούσας he was glad to have heard: often used in dat. of partic. ἡδομένῳ γίγνεται μοι τι I am well pleased at the thing

happening, like ἀσμένῳ, πανουμένῳ. Hence

ἡδισσως, Adv. pres. part. of ἡδομαι, gladly.

ἡδονή, ἡ, (ἡδος, ἡδομαι) delight, enjoyment, pleasure, Lat. voluptas: πρὸς or καθ' ἡδονὴν λέγειν to speak so as to please another.

ἡδου, εος, τό, (ἡδομαι) delight, enjoyment, pleasure. ἡ δ' ος, said he. for ἐφ' ἐκείνος. v. ἡμί.

ἡδύ-βρογς, ον, Dor. -βροας, α, δ, (ἡδύς, βοή) sweet-sounding.

ἡδύ-γάμος, ον, (ἡδύς, γαμος) sweetening marriage.

ἡδύ-γελως, ον, gen. ον, (ἡδύς, γέλως) sweetly-laughing.

ἡδύ-γλωσσος, ον, (ἡδύς, γλῶσσα) sweet-tongued.

ἡδύ-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἡδύς, γνώμη) of pleasant mind, of kindly sentiments.

ἡδύ-επής, ἐς, (ἡδύς, ἔπος) sweet-speaking sweet-sounding:—poet. fem. ἡδυνέπεια.

ἡδύ-θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ον, (ἡδύς, θρύος) sweet-strained.

ἡδύ-λπτος, ον, (ἡδύς, λαμβάνω) taken with pleasure.

ἡδύ-λογος, ον, (ἡδύς, λέγω) sweet-speaking: flattering, fawning.

ἡδύ-λύρης, ον, δ, (ἡδύς, λύρα) singing sweetly to the lyre.

ἡδύ-μελής, ἐς, (ἡδύς, μέλος) sweet-singing.

ἡδύ-μελί-φθογγος, ον, (ἡδύς, μελί, φθόγγος) with honey-sweet voice.

ἡδύ-μυγής, ἐς, (ἡδύς, μυγῆναι) sweetly-mixed.

ἡδύμος, ον, poet. for ἡδύς, sweet, pleasant.

ἡδυνάμην, Att. for ἡδυναμην, impf. of δύναιμι.

ἡδυνήθην, Att. aor. I pass. of δύναιμι.

ἡδύνα, ἴ, ὠνά: aor. I ἡδύνα: (ἡδύς):—to sweeten, season.

ἡδύ-οινος, ον, (ἡδύς, οἶνος) producing sweet wine.

ἡδύοσμον, τό, the sweet-smelling herb, mint. From

ἡδύ-οσμος, ον, (ἡδύς, οσμὴ) sweet-smelling.

ἡδύπαθενα, ἡ, pleasant living, luxury. From

ἡδύπαθέω, ἴ, ησσι, (ἡδύπαθής) to live pleasantly enjoy oneself, be luxurious. Hence

ἡδύπαθημα, ατος, τό, enjoyment. [α]

ἡδύ-πᾶθής, ἐς, (ἡδύς, παθεῖν) living pleasantly

ἡδύ-πνευστος, ον, (ἡδύς, πνέω) = ἡδύπνοος.

ἡδύ-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνοος, ον, (ἡδύς, πνοή) sweet-breathing: sweet-smelling.

ἡδύ-πολις, ιος, and εως, also εος. δ, ἡ, (ἡδύς, πῶλις) dear to the people.

ἡδύ-πότις, ον, (ἡδύς, πίνω) fond of drinking.

ἡδύ-ποτος, ον, (ἡδύς, πίνω) sweet to drink.

ἡδύς, ἡδέϊα, ἡδύ: Ion. fem. ἡδέϊα Dor. ἀδεά: Dor. acc sing. ἀδεά, for ἡδύν:—Comp. ἡδύς, Sup. ἡδιστος: later, also, ἡδύτερος, ἡδύτατος (ἡδομαι):—sweet to the taste, smell, or hearing: metaph. sweet, pleasant.

II. of persons, pleasant, welcome, dear, glad.

ἡδυσμα, ατος, τό, (ἡδύνω) that which sweetens or flavours, seasoning, spice, sauce.

ἡδύ-σώματος, ον, (ἡδύς, σῶμα) of sweet form.

ἡδύ-φάής, ἐς, (ἡδύς, φάος) sweetly-shining.

ἡδύ-φρων, φρονος, δ, ἡ, (ἡδύς, φρήν) sweet-minded.

ἡδύφωνία, ἡ, sweetness of voice. From

ἡδύ-φωνος, ον, (ἡδύς, φωνή) sweet-voiced.

ἡδύ-χαρής, ἐς, (ἡδύς, χαρῆναι) sweetly joyous.

ἡδύ-χροος, οκ, contr. -χροος, ον, (ἡδύς, χρῶς) of sweet complexion: ἡδύχρουν, τό, as Subst., a kind of perfume.

ἡέ, Ep. for ἡ, or.

ἡε, Ep. for ἡε, 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι ἰδο.

ἡει, 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι.

ἡειδον, ἡεσσα, impf. and aor. I of αἰδῶ.

ἡείδην, Ep. plqpf. (with impf. sense) of *εἶδω.

ἡέλιος, δ, poet. and Ion. for ἥλιος.

ἡελιώτης, Ep. for ἡλιώτης.

ἡεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι sum.

ἡέπερ, poet. for ἡπερ.

ἡέρα, Ion. and Ep. acc. of ἀήρ.

ἡερέθωμαι, lengthd. form of αἰρέομαι Pass., to hang floating or waving in the air: metaph., ὀπλοτέρων φρένες ἡερέθονται young men's minds are flighy.

ἡέρθην, aor. I pass. of αἰρέω.

ἡήρ, Ion. and Ep. dat. of ἀήρ.

ἡήριος, α, ον. Ep. for ἀήριος (ἀήρ) early, at morn, at day-break, when all things are yet wrapped in mist (ἀήρ).

2. high in air.

ἡερμαι, pf. pass. of αἰρέω.

ἡερο-δίνης, ἐς, (ἀήρ, δινέω) wheeling in mid-air. [I]

ἡερο-ειδής, ἐς, Ion. and Ep. for ἀερ-, (ἀήρ, εἶδος) of

cloudy look, clouded, dark, murky: cloud-capped, of hills: *dim, gray.*

ἡερόεις, εσσα, εν, Ion. and Ep. for ἀερ-, (ἀήρ) clouded, dark, murky.

ἡερόθεν, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἀερ-, (ἀήρ) from air.

ἡέρος, Ion. and Ep. gen. of ἀήρ.

ἡερο-φοῖτις, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. Adj. (ἀήρ, φοιτᾶω) walking in darkness.

ἡερό-φωνος, ον, (ἀήρ, φωνή) sounding through air, loud-voiced.

ἡέρταζον, impf. of ἀερτάζω.

ἡέρτησα, ἡέρτημαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of ἀερτάω.

ἡεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of εἰμι ibo.

ἡην, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἡήρ, ἡ, a late nom. formed after ἡέρος, ἡέρι, ἡέρα, the Ep. and Ion. cases of ἀήρ.

ἡθαῖος, α, ον, Dor. for ἡθεῖος.

ἡθάς, ἄδος, δ, ἡ, Ion. for ἰθάς, (ἡθος) used, accustomed, habituated to a thing II. wanted, accustomed.

ἡθεῖος, α, ον, (ἡθος) honoured, respected: voc. ἡθεῖε, Sir, as a term of respect from a younger to an elder brother.

ἡθέληκα, ἡθέλησα, pf. and aor. I of ἐθέλω.

ἡθέλον, impf. of ἐθέλω.

ἡθεος, δ, ἡ, Att. for ἡίθεος.

ἡΘΕ'Ω, f. ἡσω, to sift or strain.

ἡθικός, ἡ, ον, (ἡθος) of or for morals, ethical, moral, opp. to intellectual (διανοητικός). II. expressive of moral character.

ἡθληκα, ἡθλησα, pf. and aor. I of ἀθλέω.

ἡθμός, δ, (ἡθω) a strainer.

ἡθμός, εος, τό, (ἡθος) an accustomed place: hence in plur. ἡθεα, seats, baunts, abodes, first, of beasts, but afterwards of men. II. custom, usage, habit: in pl., like Lat. mores, the disposition, temper, character.

ἡθον, imp. of αἰθω.

ἡθροισα, aor. I of ἀθροίζω.

ἡθροίστην, ἡθροισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἀθροίζω.

ἡῖα contr. ἡᾶ, τά, (ἡῖα, contr. ἡᾶ, impf. of εἰμι ibo) provisions for a journey, Lat. viaticum: generally, food, meat. II. chaff, husks. [ῖ]

ἡῖα, Ion. for. ἡῖαν, impf. of εἰμι ibo: 3 sing. ἡῖε, 3 pl. ἡῖον or ἡῖαν.

ἡῖθεος Att. contr. ἡθεος, δ, a youth come to manhood, but not yet married, a bachelor, answering to the fem. παρθένος:—rarely in fem. ἡῖθέη, a young girl.

ἡῖκτο, 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. of ἡοικα (as if from ἡῖγμην).

ἡῖξα, aor. I of ἀίσσω.

ἡῖώεις, εσσα, εν, (ἡῖών) with high, steep banks.

ἡῖων, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of εἰμι ibo.

ἡῖος, δ, epith. of Phoebus, from the cry ἡ, ἡ.

ἡῖσαν, Ep. for ἡεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of εἰμι ibo.

ἡῖσκον, impf. of ἀίσσω.

ἡῖσσαν, impf. of ἀίσσω.

ἡῖχτην, aor. I pass. of ἀίσσω.

ἡῖ'ΩΝ Att. ἡῖων Dor. δῖων, ὄνος, ἡ, a sea-bank, the shore, beach: also a river-bank. [ῖ]

ἡῖων, ονος, ἡ, (αἶω) a bearing, report.

ἭΚΑ, Adv. of Sound, low, tranquilly.

II. of

Motion, slightly, a little: softly, gently.

III. of

Sight, smoothly, sleekly. [ᾱ]

ἡκα, aor. I of ἱμν.

ἡκαῖον, Att. impf. of εἰκάζω.

ἡκαιεῖσθε, 2 pl. impf. of ἀκαιρέομαι.

ἡκασα, ἡκάσθην, Att. aor. I act. and med. of εἰκάω.

ἡκασμαι, Att. pf. pass. of εἰκάω.

ἡκάῃ, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀχέω.

ἡκέσατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀκέομαι.

ἡ-κεστος, η, ον, for ἀ-κεστος, (α privat., κεντέω) ungoaded: free from labour.

ἡκη, ἡ, Ion. for ἀκή, ἀκοή.

ἡκισάμην, aor. I med. of αἰκίζω.

ἡκίστην, ἡκισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of αἰκίζω.

ἡκιστος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. from the Adv. ἡκα, gentlest, slowest.

ἡκιστος, η, ον, Sup. of Comp. ἡσσον, the worst, least, poorest, meanest:—Adv. ἡκιστα, least (κακός or μικρός is used as positive).

ἡκιδσα, aor. I of ἀκμάζω.

ἡκολούθησα, aor. I of ἀκολουθέω.

ἡκόντισα, aor. I of ἀκοντίζω.

ἡ-κου, Ion. and Dor. for ἡπον.

ἡκουσα, aor. I of ἀκούω.

ἡκουσμαι, pf. pass. of ἀκούω.

ἡκροάμην, ἡκροαδάμην, impf. and aor. I of ἀκροάομαι.

ἡκρωτηρίασα, ἡκρωτηρίασμαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of ἀκρωτηριάζω.

ἭΚΩ, impf. ἡκον: fut. ἥξω:—properly I have come, am here. Lat. adsum: the impf. taking a plqpf. sense, I had come, was here, Lat. aderam:—then loosely to come. II. to have come to, reached a point; εἰς τοῦτο τόλμησ ἥκειν to have reached this pitch of audacity.

2. with gen. and an Adv., εὖ ἥκειν τινεῖ to be well off for a thing, have plenty of it. 3. to have come to, to relate or belong to.

ἡλάθην [ᾱ], aor. I pass. of ἐλαίνω.

ἡλαῖνω, Ion. and poet. for ἀλαῖνω, (ἀλάομαι) to wander, stray: to wander in mind, be mad.

ἡλάκᾱτα, αν, τά, the wool on the distaff.

ἡλάκᾱτη, ἡ, a distaff, Lat. colus: also a spindle: later of things of the same shape, as II. the joint of a reed or cane. III. an arrow, like ἀτρακτος, Lat. arundo.

ἡλάαξα, aor. I of ἀλαλάζω.

ἡλαλκον, poet. aor. 2 of ἀλέζω.

ἡλάμην, aor. I med. of ἄλλομαι.

ἡλάσα, ἡλάσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐλαίνω.

ἡλασκάζω, (ἀλόομαι) to wander away from; ἐμὸν μένος ἡλασκάζει be flees from or shuns my wrath. II. trans. to drive to and fro.

ἡλάσκω, Ep. form of ἀλάομαι, ἀλαῖνω, to wander, stray, roam about.

ἡλάσσω, impf. of ἀλαστέω.

ἡλάτο, 3 sing. impf. of ἀλάομαι.

ἡλιᾶττωσα, ἡλιᾶττώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἔλασσώ.

ἡλιγῃσα, aor. I of ἀλγέει.

ἡλιγύνα, ἡλιγύνθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀλγύνω.

ἡλδανε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀλδαίνω.

ἡλειψα, ἡλείφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀλείφω.

ἡλεάμην, aor. I of ἐλέομαι.

ἡλέγχθην, aor. I pass. of ἐλέγχω.

ἡλεκτρον, τό, and ἡλεκτρος, ὁ and ἡ, (ἡλέκτωρ) *electron*, mentioned in the *Odyssey* along with copper, gold, silver, and ivory, a *metallic substance* consisting of gold alloyed with silver:—in *Ar. Eq.* 5.32 ἐκπιπτονουσιν τῶν ἡλεκτρον, it seems to mean, *the pegs of his lyre inlaid with electron*. II. *amber*.

ἡλεκτρο-φάγς, ἐς, (ἡλεκτρον, φάος) *amber-gleaming*.

ἡλέκτωρ, opos, ὁ, *the beaming sun*: as *Adj.*, ἡλέκτωρ

Ἵπεριον *beaming Hyperion*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἡλεός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἡλύς) *wandering in mind, distracted, crazed*.

II. *act. distracting, crazing*.

ἡλεῖσθαι Dor. ἀλ-, ὄν, (ἡλεός, ἡλός) *distracted, silly, trifling, vain*.

ἡλέσα, aor. I of ἀλέω, to grind.

ἡλεύσατο, Ep. for ἡλεύσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀλεύομαι = ἀλέομαι.

ἡλῆλαγτο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἑλαίνω.

ἡλῆλατο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἑλαίνω.

ἡληλίμην, plqpf. pass. of ἀλείφω.

ἡλθον, contr. of ἡλυθον, aor. 2 of ἔρχομαι.

ἡλιάζω = ἡλιώω, (ἡλιος) *to warm in the sun*. II.

Med. ἡλιάζομαι, to sit in the court Ἡλιαία.

ἡλιαία, ἡ, (ἀλῆς, ἀλία) at Athens a *hall* in which the chief law-court was held: *the Heliaea or supreme law-court*.

ἡλιάξει, Dor. 2 sing. fut. of ἡλιάζομαι.

ἡλιαστῆς, οὗ, δ, (ἡλιάζομαι) *a jurymen in the court Heliaea, a Heliast*. Hence

ἡλιαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or belonging to a Heliast.

ἡλιβῆτος, ὄν, steep, abrupt, precipitous: bigb, huge, enormous.

Ἰ. like *Lat. altus, deep, profound*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἡλίθα, Adv. (ἄλις) enough, sufficiently: abundantly.

ἡλιθιάζω, to speak or act idly, foolishly. From

ἡλιθίος Dor. ἄλιθ-, α, ὄν, (ἡλός, ἡλεός) *idle, trifling, vain, foolish; silly*. Adv. —laws. Hence

ἡλιθιόω, ἰ. ὥσω, to make foolish, to distract, craze.

ἡλικία, ἡ, (ἡλιε) *time of life, age*. 2. *the vigour or prime of life, manhood*; οἱ ἐν ἡλικίᾳ *men of age fit for service*:—*youthful heat and passion*. II.

as *Subst.*, = οἱ ἡλικες, *those of the same age, fellows, comrades, mates*.

III. generally, *age, time*: later *an age*, *Lat. saeculum*.

IV. of the body, *stature, growth, bulk*. Hence

ἡλικιώτης, οὗ, δ, fem. —ῶτις, ἰδος, *an equal in age, fellow, comrade*, *Lat. aequalis*.

ἡλίκος, ἡ, ὄν, *Relat. to ἡλίκος or τηλικούτος, as Lat. quantum to tantus, as big as, as tall as, as great as*. 2. in indirect questions, *how great or strong*: also *how old, at what age*: as *old as*. [τ] From

ἽΗΛΙΣ, ἱκος, ὁ, ἡ, *of the same age*, *Lat. aequalis*:—as *Subst. a fellow, comrade, mate*.

ἡλιο-βλητος, ὄν, (ἡλιος, βάλλω) *sun-burnt*.

ἡλιο-κῆψς, ἐς, (ἡλιος, κάω, καίω) *sun-burnt*.

ἡλιο-καυστος, ὄν, = ἡλιοκάη.

ἡλιο-μάνης, ἐς, (ἡλιος, μανῆναι) *dotting on the sun, mad for love of the sun*.

ἡλιος Dor. ἄλιος poet. ἥλιος, ὁ, (ἐλῃ *Lat. sol*) *the sun*; πρὸς Ἡῶ τ' Ἡελίον τῇ toward the morn and rising sun, i. e. the East, opp. to πρὸς ὄφον, the land of darkness or West; so also Herodotus opposes πρὸς ἡῶ τῇ καὶ ἡλίον ἀνατολάς to πρὸς ἑσπέρην. 2. day, like *Lat. sol*. 3. οἱ ἡλιοι *the sun-beams*, like *Lat. soles*.

II. as prop. n. *Helios, the sun-god*, who after the time of Aeschylus was identified with Apollo or Phoebus.

ἡλιο-στερής, ἐς, (ἡλιος, στερεώ) *shading from the sun*.

ἡλιο-στῆβης, ἐς, (ἡλιος, στιβεῖν) *sun-trodden, exposed to the sun*.

ἡλιώω, ἰ. ὥσω, (ἡλιος) *to warm in the sun*:—Pass. *to bask in the sun, be lighted and heated by the sun*.

ἡλίσσα, ἡλίσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀλίσω.

ἡλίσσα, ἡλίσκα, aor. I act. and pf. of ἀλίνω.

ἡλῖτον, aor. 2 of ἀλισταίνω.

ἡλίτο-εργός, ὄν, (ἀλισταίνω, ἔργον) *missing the work, failing in one's end or aim*.

ἡλίτο-μηνος, ὄν, (ἀλισταίνω, μήν) *missing the right month, untimely born*.

ἡλίσφην [τ], aor. 2 pass. of ἀλείφω.

ἽΗΛΙΨ, ἱπος, ὁ, said to be a *Dorian shoe*.

ἡλίωσα, aor. I both of ἀλιώω and of ἡλιόω.

ἡλιώτης, οὗ, δ, fem. —ῶτις, ἰδος, poet. ἡελ-, (ἡλιος) *of or belonging to the sun*.

ἡληκῃσα, aor. I of ἐλκέω.

ἡληκωμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐλκύω.

ἡλίσσῃην, -χθην, aor. 2 and I pass. of ἀλλάσσω.

ἡλλαγμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀλλάσσω.

ἡλλαξα, aor. I of ἀλλάσσω.

ἡλλοίωσα, ἡλλοίωμαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of ἀλλοίωω.

ἡλόδισσα, Ep. ἡλοίσσα, aor. I of ἀλοάω.

ἡλόκισμα, pf. pass. of ἀλοκίζω.

ἽΗΟΣ, ὁ, a *naïl, stud*: more for ornament than use.

ἡλός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄλη) *wandering, crazy, silly*.

ἡλπετο, 3 sing. impf. of ἑλπομαι.

ἡλπίσα, ἡλπίσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐλπίζω.

ἡλσάμην, aor. I med. of εἴλω.

ἡλύγη [ν], ἡ, (ἡλυε) *shadow, darkness*: metaph.,

δίκης ἡλύγη *the darkness or obscurity of a law-suit*.

ἡλύθον, Ep. for ἡλθον, aor. 2 of ἔρχομαι.

ἡλυε, ὕγος, ὁ, *darkness*, only found in compd. ἐπηλυε. (Formed from λύγη, with a prefix.)

ἡλυξα, aor. I of ἀλύσσω.

ἽΗλύσιον πεδῖον, τό, (ἐλεῖσσω, fut. of ἔρχομαι) *the Elysian fields*: later without πεδῖον, *Elysium*. Homer places it on the west border of the earth; Hesiod and Pindar in the μακάρων νῆσος.

ἡλύσιος, α, ὄν, *coming*: or *Elysian*. [ν] From

ήλυσις, εως, ή, (ἐλεύσομαι, fut. of ἔρχομαι) a coming: a step. 2. a coming event, the future.

ήλφον, aor. 2 of ἀλφαίνω.

ήλωκα, Ion. for ἔαλωκα, pf. of ἀλίσκομαι.

ήλων, Ion. for ἔαλων, aor. 2 of ἀλίσκομαι.

ήλώμην, impf. of ἀλάομαι.

ήμα, τό, (ήμι) *that which is thrown, a dart, javelin.*

ήμαθόεις, εσσα, εν, (άμαθος) Ion. for άμ-, sandy.

ήμας, ήται, ήται, 3 pl. ήνται Ion. έάται Ep. έάται;

imperat. ήσο, ήσθω, etc.; inf. ήσθαι; part. ήμενος;

impf. ήμην, ήσο, ήστο, 3 pl. ήντο Ion. έάτο Ep. έάτο;

—only used in pres. and impf. (which are properly pf.

and plqpf. of έζομαι), *to be set, to sit*: often with col-

lat. sense *to tarry, linger, loiter*: ήμενος χώρος, like

ειαμένη, a low, sunken place. It is rarely used c. acc.,

ήσθαι σέλω *to sit on a bench.*

ήμαρ Dor. άμαρ, άτος, τό, poet. for ήμέρα, day;

αἰσιμον ήμαρ, μόρσιμον ήμαρ *the day of destiny, day*

of death; ἐλευθερον, δουλιον ήμαρ *the day of freedom,*

of slavery; i. e. freedom, slavery itself; of the seasons,

επωρινόν, χειμέριον ήμαρ *autumn, winter time*; επ’

ήματι *day by day, daily*, but επ’ ήμαρ *by day*; κατ’

ήμαρ, *day by day*: παρ’ ήμαρ *every other day*, Lat. *alternis*

diebus: also, ήμαρ as Adv., *by day*, opp. to νύκτωρ.

ήμαρτηκα, ήμαρτησα, pf. and aor. 1 of άμαρτάνω.

ήμαρτον, aor. 2 of άμαρτάνω.

ήμάτιος, α, ov, (ήμαρ) poet. for ήμερήσιος, *by day*:

day by day, daily.

ήμάτωμαι, pf. pass. of αἰματόω.

ήμβλωκα, ήμβλωσα, pf. and aor. 1 of άμβλίσκω.

ήμβροτον, inf. άμβροτείν, Ep. aor. 2 of άμαρτάνω.

ήμεδᾶπός, ή, όν, (ήμεις) of our land or country,

native, Lat. *nostras*.

ήμεις, ήμᾶς, nom. and acc. pl. of έγω.

ήμελγον, impf. of άμέλω.

ήμελημένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of άμελέω, *in a neg-*

lectful manner.

ήμελλον, Att. impf. of μέλλω.

ή-μέν . . , ή-δέ . . . (ή, μέν) poet. for καί . . , καί . . ,

as well . . , as also . . , Lat. *et* . . , *et* . . : also disjunc-

tive, if . . , or if . . , *whether* . . , *whether* . . , Lat. *vel* . . ,

vel . . , or *sive* . . , *sive* . .

ήμεν, 1 pl. impf. of εἰμι sum.

ήμεν, Dor. for εἶναι, inf. of εἰμι sum.

ΗΜΕΡΑ Ion. ήμέρη Dor. άμέρα, ή, day: *the*

light of day; άμ’ ήμέρα or άμα τη ήμέρα *with dawn*

of day, with *day-break*; δι’ ήμέρας *all day long*; διδ

πριτης ήμέρας every third day, Lat. *tertio quoque die*;

εφ’ ήμέραν *sufficient for the day, or daily*; καθ’ ήμέραν

day by day; μεθ’ ήμέραν *by day*, Lat. *interdium*; υπὲ

της ήμέρας *late in the day*; πρὸς ήμέραν *towards or*

near day. II. metaph. *life*: παλαιά ήμέρα *old*

age; νέα ήμέρα *youth*. Hence

ήμερεύω, f. σω, *to pass the day*; ήμερεύειν μακρᾶς

*κελεύθου *to rest the day after a long journey**. 2.

to pass one’s days, live.

ήμερήσιος, α, ov, also os, ov, (ήμέρα) of or for the day,

by day. II. a day long; ήμερησία δόδς *a day’s journey*.

ήμερία, ή, — ήμέρα.

ήμερινός, ή, όν, — ήμερήσιος, *by day*, opp. to νυκτερινός *by night*; άγγελος ήμερινός *a day-messenger*. II. — εφήμερος, *for the day, perishable*.

ήμέριος, ov, also α, ov, (ήμέρα) of a day, *lasting or living but a day*.

ήμερίς, ίδος, ή, fem. of ήμερος, *cultivated*, opp. to άγριος, *wild*:—as Subst. *the vine*.

ήμερο-δρόμος, ov, (ήμέρα, δραμεῖν *running the live-long day*:—as Subst. *a day-runner, a courier*.

ήμερο-θάλής, ές, Dor. for εἶ.

ήμερο-θηλής, ές, (ήμερος, θάλλω) *gently-sprouting*

ήμερο-κοιτος, ov, (ήμέρα, κοίτη) *sleeping by day*, i. e.

awake by night, epith. of a thief.

ήμερο-λεγδόν, Adv. (ήμέρα, λέγω) *counting every*

day, day by day, every day.

ήμερο-λογός, (ήμέρα, λέγω) *to count by days, register*.

ήμερο-λόγιον, τό, (ήμέρα, λέγω) *a calendar, almanack*.

ΗΜΕΡΟΣ, ov, also α, ov, *tame, reclaimed, domestic*, of animals; of trees, *cultivated*:—opp. to άγριος, *wild*. II. metaph. of men, *gentle, civilised*.

ήμερο-σκοπός, ό, (ήμέρα, σκοπέω) *watching by day*

as Subst. *a day-watcher*.

ήμερο-φαντος, ov, (ήμέρα, φαίνομαι) *appearing by*

day.

ήμερο-φύλαξ, άκος, ό, (ήμέρα, φύλαξ *watching by day*)

ήμερο-φωνος, ov (ήμέρα, φωνέω, epith. of the cock,

herald of day.

ήμερός, f. όσω, (ήμερος) *to tame, make tame. re*

claim: of trees, *to cultivate* 2 metaph. of men

to soothe, conciliate: also *to tame by conquest, subdue*

ήμες, Dor. inf. of εἰμι sum

ήμέτερος, α, ov, — ήμεδαύς.

ήμέτερος, α, ov, (ήμεις) *our*, Lat. *nostris*; εἰς ήμετερον (sub. δῶμα) *to our house*

ήμέων, Ion and Ep. gen. pl. of έγω.

ήμην, rare Att. form for ήν. impf. of εἰμι sum.

ήμην impf. of ήμαι.

ήμί, the same as φημί. *I say*. Lat. *inquam*; παῖ ήμί,

παῖ, boy, *I say*, boy!—impf. 1 and 3 sing.. ήν δ’ έγω

said *I, ή δ’ ές said he*, are freq. in Att. Homer has

only 3 sing. impf. ή, *he spoke*.

ΗΜΙ-, freq. as a prefix, *half*, Lat. *semi* the

Adj. is ήμισυς.

ήμι-ανδρος, έ, (ήμ-, άνήρ) a half-man, eunuch

ήμι-άνθρωπος, ό, — ήμιάνδρος.

ήμι-βρεχής, ές, (ήμ-, βρέχομαι) *half-watered*

ήμι-βρώς, ώτος, ό, ζ, and ήμι-βρωτος, ov, (ήμ-

βρωτός) *half-eaten*.

ήμι-γένειος, ov, (ήμ-, γένειον) *with but half a beard*.

ήμι-γυμνος, ov, (ήμ-, γυμνός) *half-naked*.

ήμι-δᾶής, ές, (ήμ-, δαίω) *half-burnt*

ήμι-δᾶρεικος, τό, (ήμ-, δαρείκος) a half-daric.

ήμι-δεής, ές, (ήμ-, δέω) *wanting half, half-full*.

ήμι-διπλοῦδιον Att. contr. —οῖδιον, τό, (ήμ-, δι-

πλοῖς) a half-sbawl, or sbawl doubled in half.

ήμι-δουλος, ov, a half-slave.

ἡμι-εκτέον, τό, α βαλ-έκτεός, i. e. a *twelfth part* of a *medimus*.

ἡμι-ἑλλην, ἦνος, δ, ἡ, α *half-Greek*.

ἡμι-εργής, ἐς, and ἡμι-έργος, ον, (ἡμι-, *ἐργω) *half-made*.

ἡμι-εφθος, ον, (ἡμι-, ἐφω) *half-boiled, half-cooked*.

ἡμι-θαλῆς, ἐς, (ἡμι-, θαλεῖν) *half-green*.

ἡμι-θανής, ἐς, (ἡμι-, θανεῖν) *half-dead*.

ἡμι-θεος Dor. ἡμι-, δ, *half-god, demigod*.

ἡμιθνής, ἦτος, δ, ἡ, (ἡμι-, θανεῖν) *half-dead*.

ἡμι-θραυστος, ον, (ἡμι-, θραύω) *half-broken*.

ἡμι-κάκος, ον, α *rogue by halves, half a villain*.

ἡμι-κληρίον, τό, (ἡμι-, κληρος) *half the inheritance*.

ἡμι-κραυρα, ἡ, *half the head or face*.

ἡμι-λεπτος, ον, (ἡμι-, λέπω) *half-peeled, half-barked*.

ἡμι-λευκος, ον, *half-white*.

ἡμιλλήθην, ἡμιλλῆμαι, aor. I and pf. of ἀμιλλόμαι.

ἡμι-μαδής, ἐς, (ἡμι-, μαρνέσθαι) *half-mad*.

ἡμι-μάραντος, ον, (ἡμι-, μαραίνωμαι) *half-withered or faded*. [ᾶ]

ἡμι-μεθής, ἐς, (ἡμι-, μέθη) *half-drunk*.

ἡμι-μναῖος, α, ον, (ἡμι-, μνᾶ) of. amounting to a *half-mina*: ἡμιμναῖον, τό, as Subst. a *half-mina*.

ἡμιν or ἡμῖν, dat. pl. of ἐγώ.

ἡμι-ξηρος, ον, *half-dry*.

ἡμιολία (ναῦς), ἡ, α *light ship with one and a half bank of oars*. Fem. from

ἡμι-όλος, α, ον, (ἡμι-, ὅλος) *one and a half, half as much again*: ἡμιόλαι τοῦ τότε καθεστῶτος μέτρου *half as large again as the customary size*; ἡμιόλιον οὐ πρότερον ἔφερον *one half more than they used to receive before*.

ἡμιόνειος, α, ον, (ἡμίονος) of a *mule*; ἀμαξα ἡμιονεία a *car drawn by mules*; ζυγὸν ἡμιόνειον a *team of mules*.

ἡμιονικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἡμιόνειος.

ἡμι-ονος, ἡ or δ, (ἡμι-, ὄνος) a *half-ass, a mule*. II.

as Adj., βρέφος ἡμιονον a *mule-foal*.

ἡμι-οπος, ον, (ἡμι-, ὀπή) *with half its proper number of bores*; ἡμίποσι αὐλοῖ flutes *with only three bores*.

ἡμι-οπτος, ον, *half-roasted*.

ἡμι-πέλεκον, τό, (ἡμι-, πέλεκυς) a *half-axe, a single edged axe*, opp. to ἀμφιπέλεκον.

ἡμι-πλέθρον, τό, α *half-pléthron*. i. e. 50 *feet*.

ἡμι-πλινθιον, τό, (ἡμι-πλινθος) a *half-plinib, a brick*, Lat. *semilaterium*.

ἡμι-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνοους, ον, (ἡμι-, πνέω) *half-breathing, half-awaked*.

ἡμι-πύρωτος, ον, (ἡμι-, πυρώω) *half-burnt*. [ῥ]

ἡμίσεες, nom. pl. of ἡμισυς

ἡμίσεια, ἡ, α *half*, fem. of ἡμισυς.

ἡμι-σοφός, ον, *half-wise*.

ἡμι-σπαστός, ον, (ἡμι-, σπᾶω) *half torn down*.

ἡμι-στῦδιαιος, α, ον, (ἡμι-, στάδιον) of *half a stadium*.

ἡμι-στρωπώτης, ον, δ, α *half-soldier*.

ἡμι-στρογγύλος, ον, *half-round*.

"ΗΜΙΣΥΣ, εἰα, υ; Ion. fem. ἡμισέα: gen. ἡμίος rarely -εος, fem. ἡμισείας Ion. -εας: nom. pl. ἡμίσεες Att. -εις:—*half*, Lat. *SEMIS*: in plur. it sometimes agrees with the Subst., as ἡμίσεις λαοί *half the people*; in Att. the Subst. is commonly in genit., but gives its gender and number to the Adj., as αἱ ἡμίσεις τῶν νεῶν *half the ships*; αὐ also, ἡμισυς λόγος *half the tale*; ἡμισυ τείχος *half the wall*; neut. sing. ἡμισυ as Subst. α *half, half, ημισυ τιμῆς*.

ἡμι-τάλαντον, τό, α *half-talent*, as a weight; τρίτον ἡμιτάλαντον *two talents and a half* (cf. Lat. *sestertius*): but, τρία ἡμιτάλαντα *three half-talents*.

ἡμιτέλεια, ἡ, (ἡμιτελής) a *remission of half*.

ἡμι-τέλειος, ον, (ἡμι-, τελέω) *half-finished*.

ἡμι-τέλης, ἐς, (ἡμι-, τέλος) *half-finished, half-accomplished, half-perfect*; δόμος ἡμιτελής a *house but half complete*, i. e. *wanting its master*.

ἡμι-τομος, ον, (ἡμι-, τεμεῖν) *half cut through*: cut in two: τὸ ἡμίτομον α *half*.

ἡμιτύβιον, τό, α *strong linen cloth, towel, napkin*. (Prob. an Egypt. word.)

ἡμι-φάης, ἐς, (ἡμι-, φάος) *half-shining*.

ἡμι-φάλακρος, ον, *half-bald*.

ἡμι-φαυλός, ον, *half-kanavish*.

ἡμι-φλεκτος, ον, (ἡμι-, φλέγω) *half-burnt*.

ἡμιωβολιαίος, α, ον, *worth half an obol*. From

ἡμι-ωβόλιον or -ωβέλιον, τό, α *half-obol*. From

ἡμι-ώβολον, τό, (ἡμι-, ὀβελός) α *half-obol*.

ἡμι-ώριον, τό, (ἡμι-, ὥρα) α *half-hour*.

ἡμμαι, pf. pass. of ᾄπω.

ἡμος Dor. ἄμος, poet. Adv., relat. to τῆμος as ὅτε to τότε: *when, while, so long as*.

ἡμπεσχομένη, aor. 2 med. of ἀμπεχῶ.

ἡμός, ἡ, ὄν, Aeol. ἄμός, for ἡμέτερος.

ἡμον, impf. of ἡμέω.

ἡμπέδουν, impf. of ἐμπεδοῶ.

ἡμπόληκα, -ησα, pf. and aor. I of ἐμπολάω.

ἡμπόλων, impf. of ἐμπολάω.

ἡμπλακον, aor. 2 of ἀμπλακίσκω.

ἡμῦνα, aor. I of ἀμύνω.

ἡμύσεις, 3 sing. aor. I opt. οἰ. ἡμῦ.

ἡμύστικα, pf. of ἀμυστίζω.

ἡμῦν, f. ὤνω [ῥ]: aor. I ἡμῦσα: (μῦν):—to *sink, drop, bow down*; ἡμυσε κάρη his head *dropped*, of a dying man; of a corn-field, ἡμύει ἀσπαχύνει *it bows down with its ears*; of cities, *to totter to their fall*: later to *fall, perish*.

ἡμφεγνήσα, ἡμφεγνόουν, aor. I and impf. of ἀμφιγνώω.

ἡμφεσβήτην or ἡμφισ-, impf. of ἀμφισβητέω.

ἡμφίσσα, aor. I of ἀμφισβητέω.

ἡμφίσσμαι, pf. pass. of ἀμφιέννυμι.

ἡμων, contr. impf. of ἀμάω.

ἡμων, ονος, δ, (ἡμη) a *thrower, darter, slinger*.

ἦν, contr. from ἔάν, conditional Conj., always followed by Subj. *if, in case that*; ἦν μή *unless*: in indirect questions, *if, whether*.

ἦν, Interject. *see! see there!* Lat. *en!*
 ἦν, 1 and 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι *sum*.
 ἦν, impf. of ἡμί = *φημί*.
 ἦν, acc. fem. of relat. Fron. *ὅς, who*.
 ἦν, acc. fem. of possess. Pron. *ὅς, ἑός, bis*.
 ἠναίετο, 3 sing. impf. of ἀναίνομαι.
 ἠνάλωσα, ἠνάλωκα, later forms for ἀναλ-, aor. I and pf. of ἀναλίσκω.
 ἠνᾶρον, aor. 2 of ἐναίρω.
 ἠνᾶνε, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνᾶνω.
 ἠνδραπέδισα, -ίσθη, -ισμαι, v. ἀνδραποδίζω.
 ἠναρίσθη, -ισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἐναρίζω.
 ἠνεγκα, aor. I of φέρω.
 ἠνεγκον, aor. 2 of φέρω.
 ἠνέθη, aor. I pass. of αἰνέω.
 ἠνευκα, Ion. aor. I of φέρω.
 ἠνευχόμην, impf. med. of ἀνέχω.
 ἦνεκα, Att. pf. of αἰνέω.
 ἠνεκής, ἐς, (*ἐνέκα, v. φέρω) *continuous, long*.
 ἠνεμόεις, εἶσα, εν, (ἀνεμος) *windy, airy, high, elevated*. II. *light as air, subtile; φρόνημα ἠνεμένον airy, winged thought*.
 ἦνεον, ἦνεσα, Att. impf. and aor. I of αἰνέω.
 ἠνεσχόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἀνέχω.
 ἦνετο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἄνω.
 ἠνέχθη, aor. I pass. of φέρω.
 ἠνέωγα, Att. pf. of ἀνοίγνυμι.
 ἦνημαι, pf. pass. of αἰνέω.
 ἠνηνάμην, aor. I of ἀναίνομαι.
 ἦνησα, aor. I of αἰνέω.
 ἠνθισμένους, pf. part. pass. of ἀνθίζω.
 ἦνθομος, Dor. 1 pl. aor. 2 of ἐρχομαι.
 ἦνθον, Dor. aor. 2 of ἐρχομαι.
 ἠνθράκωμα, pf. of ἀνθρακώω.
 ἦνί, Interject., = ἦν, cf. ἦνιδε.
 ἦνία, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνιάω.
 ἦνία, ἰων, τὰ, *the reins*: Homer uses this neut. form only, and always in plur.: cf. ἦνία, ἦ.
 ἦνι᾿α, ἦ, *a bridle, a rein*: metaph., χαλάσαι τὰς ἦνίας τῷτε λόγους *to give a free rein to one's words*, Lat. *mittere habenas*. II. *any leathern thong, a shoe-string*.
 ἦνιγμαι, pf. pass. of αἰνίσσομαι.
 ἦν-ἴδε, Interject., (ἦν, ἴδε) *see! see there!*
 ἦνικᾶ, Adv., relat. to ἡνίκα or τοῖνικα, *when, at which time, at the time when; c. optat. whenever*.
 ἦνέξμην, aor. I of αἰνίσσομαι.
 ἠνιοποιεῖον, τό, *a saddler's shop*. From
 ἠνιο-ποιεύς, δ, (ἦνία, ποίεω) *a bridle-maker, saddler*.
 ἠνιοστρόφω, ἔ, ἦσω, *to guide by reins, to drive*. From
 ἠνιο-στροφός, ον, (ἦνία, στρέφω) *guiding by reins*: —as Subst. *a charioteer*.
 ἠνιο-οχεύς, ἑως Ion. ἦος, poet. for ἦνιοχος.
 ἠνιο-οχεύω and -ἑω, *to be charioteer, hold the reins, drive*. II. *to bridle, govern, control*. From
 ἦνι-οχος, δ, (ἦνία, ἔχω) *holding the reins, a driver,*

charioteer, who drove while the warrior (παραιβάτης) fought. 2. metaph. *one who guides or controls*.
 ἠνιπᾶπτε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐνιπᾶω.
 ἦνις, ἰος, ἦ, nom. pl. ἦνις, (ένος) *a year old, yearling*. [acc. ἦνιν.]
 ἦνιχθην, aor. I pass. of αἰνίσσομαι.
 ἦνον, impf. of ἄνω.
 ἠνορέα Ep. and Ion. ἔη, ἦ, (ἀνῆρ) *manhood*.
 ἦνοψ, οπος, δ, ἦ, in Hom. always in phrase, ἦνοψ χαλεπῶ with *glittering, flashing brass*. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 ἦντεβλήθησα, aor. I of ἀντιβολέω.
 ἦντεον, Ion. impf. of ἀντάω.
 ἦντιάζον, ἦντιάσσα, impf. and aor. I of ἀντιάω
 ἦντληκώς, pf. part. of ἀντλέω.
 ἦντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἦμαι.
 ἦνυκα, ἦνυσμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀνιω, ἀνιτω
 ἦνυστρον, τό, (δύναω) *the fourth stomach of ruminating animals, in which the digestion was completed*.
 ἦνυτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἀνιμι.
 ἦνώγεα, Ion. plpf. of ἀναγα.
 ἦνώγωμεν, plpf. (with impf. sense) of ἀναγα.
 ἠνώρθουν, impf. of ἀνορθέω.
 ἠνώχληκα, ἠνώχλησα, pf. and aor. I of ἐνοχλέω.
 ἠνώχλων, -ούμην, impf. act. and pass. of ἐνοχλέω.
 ἦσα, aor. I both of ἄγω *to lead*, and ἀγνυμι *to break*.
 ἦσα, aor. I of ἄσσω (contr. from ἀίσσω).
 ἦσεῖς, ἦξω, Dor. for ἦσεις, ἦξω, fut. of ἔκα.
 ἦξίωμαι, pf. pass. of ἀξίωω.
 ἦοι, dat. of ἦως.
 ἦοιός, α, ον, (ἦως) ἑῶς, *in the morning: toward morning, eastern*, Lat. *orientalis*, opp. to ἐσπερίος. II. as Subst., ἦοιη (sub. ὥρα), ἦ, *the morning; πᾶσαν ἦοιην all the morning*.
 ἦομεν, 1 pl. impf. of εἶμι *ido*.
 ῥόνιος, α, ον, (ῥιάν) contr. from ῥιόνιος, *on the shore*.
 ἦπάσμαι, aor. I inf. of ἠπάσασθαι *to mend*.
 *ἩΠΑΡ, ἄτος, τό, *the liver*, Lat. *jecur*: represented as the seat of the passions, esp. anger and love.
 ἠπάτηκα, ἠπάτησα, pf. and aor. I of ἀπατάω.
 ἠπάτιον, τό, Dim. of ἦπαρ.
 ἠπάθε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀπάθισκα.
 ἠπεδᾶνός, ἦ, ὄν, *weak, infirm; maimed, baling*: c. gen. void of. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 ἠπειλήσα, aor. I of ἀπειλέω.
 ἠπειρο-γενής, ἐς, (ἡπειρος, *γένω) *living on the mainland*.
 ἠπειρόνδε, Adv. (ἡπειρος) *to the mainland*.
 ἡ-πειρος, for ἄπειρος (sc. γῆ), ἦ, *the mainland, continent, of the land, as opp. to the sea; κατ' ἡπειρον by land*; hence even an island is called ἡπειρος. II. *the mainland of Greece, as opp. to its islands*: part of which was afterwards called Ἡπειρος as n. pr.: Asia was specially called ἡ ἡπειρος *the Continent*; and αἱ δισσαὶ ἡπειροί, *the two continents, are Europe and Asia*. Hence
 ἡπειρώ, f. ὥσω, *to make into mainland*: —Pass. *to become so*, when an island is joined to the mainland.

ἡπειρώτης, ον, ὁ, fem. — ὤτις, ἰδος, (ἡπειρος) of the mainland, born or living thereon; ἡπειρώτις συμμάχια alliance with a military power, opp. to ναυτική συμμάχια. II. of or on the mainland of Asia, Asiatic.

ἡπειρωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἡπειρώτης) of or for the inhabitants of the mainland, continental.

ἡ-περ ποστ. ἡ-έ-περ, Conj. (ἡ, περ) *iban, iban even*. ἡ-περ, Adv., properly dat. of ὅσπερ, in the same way as, just as.

ἡ-περοπτεύς, gen. ἑως Ion. ἥος, ὁ, — ἡπεροπευτής.

ἡπεροπευτής, οὐ, ὁ, a cheat, deceiver. From

ἡπεροπεύω, f. σω, to cheat, deceive, cozen

ἡπητής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἡπάομαι) a mender, cobbler.

ἡπιᾶλέω, to have a fever or ague. From

ἡπιᾶλος (sub. πυρετός), ὁ, a fever attended with shivering, ague. II. the nightmare.

ἡπιό-δινητος, ον, (ἥπιος, δινέω) softly-rolling.

ἡπιό-δωρος, ον, (ἥπιος, δῶρον) giving welcome gifts.

ἡπιό-θυμος, ον, (ἥπιος, θυμός) gentle of mood.

ἡπιό-ος, α, ον, Att. ος, ον, gentle, mild, kind. II. act. soothing, assuaging, calming.

ἡπιό-χειρ, ὁ, ἡ, (ἥπιος, χεῖρ) with soothing hand.

ἡπίως, Adv. of ἥπιος, gently, mildly.

ἡπιλακον, for ἡμιπλακον, aor. 2 of ἀμιπλασκω.

ἡ-που, or ἡ-που, Adv. or, as, or perhaps, as perhaps.

ἡπισ or ἡ-πισ, Adv. of a truth, doubtless, I presume: after a negat., much less. II. in a question, is it then?

ἡπται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἄπτα.

ἡπύα [ῥ], ὁ, Adj. masc. calling, crying; ἡπύα κήρυξ the loud-voiced herald: in form like ἡπύα. From

ἡπύω Dor. ἀπύω [ā]: f. ὑσώ [ῥ]: aor. 1 ἡπύσα: (ἔπος, εἰπεῖν):—to call on, call out or forth, invoke. II. absol. to call aloud, shout, speak; of the lyre, to sound; of the wind, to howl, roar.

ἡΡ, τό, poet. for ἥαρ, spring, Lat. VER: gen. and dat. ἥρος, ἥρι are the only cases used in Prose.

ἥρα, 3 sing. impf. of ἑράω.

ἥρᾱ, 1 sing. aor. 1 of αἶρω.

ἥρα (ἥραρον aor. 2 of ἀραρίσκω) always joined with φέρειν or its compds., to bring what is pleasant, to do a kindness; cp. ἐπιῆρα.

ἡΡΑ Ion. Ἥρη, ἡ, Hera, the Roman Juno, queen of the gods, sister and wife of Zeus. Hence

Ἠραῖος, α, ον, of or belonging to Hera: τὸ Ἠραῖον, (ἱερὸν) the temple of Hera, Heraeum: τὰ Ἠραῖα, (ἑσπ.) her festival.

ἨΡΑΚΛΕΗΣ contr. Ἠρακλῆς, ὁ: gen. Ἠρακλέος contr. Ἠρακλέους Ep. Ἠρακλῆος: dat. Ἠρακλέϊ contr. Ἠρακλέϊ: Ἠρακλεῖ Ep. Ἠρακλῆϊ: acc. Ἠρακλέα contr. Ἠρακλέα Ep. Ἠρακλῆι rarely Ἠρακλῆ later also Ἠρακλῆν: voc. Ἠράκλεις, Ἠράκλεις: in Ion. also declined Ἠρακλέος — κλέως, Ἠρακλεῖ, Ἠρακλεῖ:—Heraclēs, Lat. Hercules, son of Zeus and Alcmena, the most famous of the Greek heroes: the

vocat. Ἠράκλεις is commonly an exclamation of surprise or disgust. Hence

Ἠράκλειος, α, ον, also ος, ον, Ep. Ἠρακλήϊος, ἡ, ον:—of or belonging to Hercules; βίη Ἠρακλήϊη the might of Hercules, i. e. Hercules himself; Ἠρακλείαι στήλαι the pillars of Hercules, the opposite headlands of Gibraltar and Ceuta:—τὸ Ἠράκλειον Ion. —ῆϊον, the temple of Hercules; τὰ Ἠράκλεια bis festival. II Ἠράκλεια λουτρά hot baths.

Ἠρακλῆς, contr. from Ἠρακλῆης.

ἡράμην, aor. 1 med. of αἶρω:—also impf. of ἑραμαι.

ἡράρον, ες, ε, aor. 2 of ἀραρίσκω.

ἡρᾶσάμην, aor. 1 med. of ἑράομαι.

ἡρᾶσθην, aor. 1 pass. (in med. sense) of ἑράομαι.

ἡρᾶσατο, Ep. for ἡρᾶσατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 of ἑράομαι.

ἡρᾶτο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of αἶρω.

ἡρᾶτο, 3 sing. impf. of ἀράομαι.

ἡρέθην, aor. 1 pass. of αἶρέω.

ἡρέθον, impf. of ἐρέθω.

ἡρει, 3 sing. impf. of αἶρέω.

ἡρεῖσα, aor. 1 of ἐρεῖδω.

ἡρεῖα and ἡρεῖαs, Adv. gently, quietly, calmly, softly: a little, slightly: slow. The old Adj. ἡρεμος, from which it is derived, is only found in Comp. ἡρεμέτερος; ἡρεμαῖος being used instead.

ἡρεμαῖος, α, ον, (ἡρέμα) soft, gentle, quiet. Adv. -ος, ἡρεμέτερος, α, ον, irreg. Comp. of ἡρεμαῖος, see ἡρέμα: Adv. ἡρεμεστέρως

ἡρεμέω, f. ἥσω, (ἡρέμα) to be still, keep quiet.

ἡρεμῇ [I], Adv. for ἡρέμα, gently.

ἡρεμία, ἡ, (ἡρέμα) stillness, calmness, rest.

ἡρεμίζω, f. σω, (ἡρέμα) to calm, quiet:—Pass. to be still, at rest. II. intr. to be at rest.

ἡρεσα, aor. 1 of ἀρεσκω.

ἡρετίσα, aor. 1 of ἀρετίζω.

ἡρευν, Ion. for ἡρουν, impf. of αἶρέω.

Ἥρη, Ion. for Ἥρα.

ἡρημαι, pf. pass. of αἶρέω.

ἡρημωσα, aor. 1 of ἡρημωσάω.

ἡρηρει, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἀραρίσκω.

ἡρηρεστο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐρεῖδω.

ἡρήην, aor. 1 pass. of αἶρω.

ἡρι, (ἥρ) Adv. early, at early morn; ἔμα ἡρι τοῦ θέρου early in the summer.

Ἠριδάνης, ὁ, Eridanus, a river, first mentioned in Hesiod. Later authors took it mostly for the Po; others also for the Rhone or the Rbine.

ἡριθμεον, impf. of ἀριθμέω.

ἡριθμημαι, pf. pass. of ἀριθμέω.

ἡρίκω, 3 sing. intrans. aor. 2 of ἐρεῖκω.

ἡρίνικος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἥρ) — ἱαρινός, of or in the spring: neut. ἡρινόν and ἡρινά as Adv., in spring.

ἨΡΙΟΝ, τό, a mound, barrow, tomb.

ἡρίπον, aor. 2 of ἐρεῖπω.

ἡρι-πόλη, ἡ, fem. Adj. (ἡρι, πολέω) early-stirring: as Subst. the morn, dawn.

ἡρίσα, aor. 1 of ἐρίσω.

ἥρακα, ἥρμαι, pf. act. and pass. of αἶρω.

ἡρμειος, p. part. pass. of ἡρμειομαι.
 ἡρμειοτο, 3 sing. impf. of ἡρμειομαι.
 ἡρμειομένη, aor. I of ἡρμειομαι.
 ἡρμειον, aor. I pass. of ἡρμειομαι.
 ἡρμειον, impf. med. of ἡρμειομαι.
 ἡρμειοτα or ἡρμειοτα, aor. I of ἡρμειοται.
 ἡρμειοτα, aor. I of ἡρμειοται.
 ἡρμειοτα, aor. I of ἡρμειοται. II. also of ἡρμειοται.
 ἡρμειομένη, pf. part. pass. of ἡρμειοται.
 ἡρμειοναντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of ἡρμειοται.
 ἡρμειον, intrans. aor. 2 act. of ἡρμειοται.
 ἡρμειοτα, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἡρμειοται.
 ἡρμειον, impf. of ἡρμειοται: also impf. med. of ἡρμειοται.
 ἡρμειο, 2 sing. impf. of ἡρμειοται.
 ἡρμειο, poet. for ἡρμειο, dat. of ἡρμειο; ἡρμειο, acc.
 ἡρμειον, τό, = ἡρμειον.
 ἡρμειοτα, aor. I of ἡρμειοται.
 ἡρμειοτα, ἡ, ὅν, (ἡρμειο) of or for heroes, heroes:
 ἡρμειοτὸν μέτρον, the heroic verse, hexameter.
 ἡρμειονη [I], contr. ἡρμειονη, fem. of ἡρμειοτα a hero
 ἡρμειοτα, a, ὄν, = ἡρμειοτα.
 ἡρμειοτα, ἡ, ὄν, = ἡρμειοτα, a heroine.
 ἡρμειονη, impf. of ἡρμειοται.
 ἡρμειον, τό, the temple or shrine of a hero: neut. from
 ἡρμειοτα, a, ὄν, contr. of ἡρμειοτα, of or for heroes,
 hero: ὁ ἡρμειοτα (sub. ἡρμειοτα), the heroic measure,
 hexameter. From
 ἡρμειο, ὄ: gen. ἡρμειοτα Att. ἡρμειο: dat. ἡρμειο contr. ἡρμειο:
 acc. ἡρμειοτα contr. ἡρμειο: pl. nom. and acc. ἡρμειοτα, rarely
 contr. ἡρμειοτα:—a hero: in Homer not restricted to
 warriors, but applied to all free men of that age,
 as to the minstrel, the herald, the leech, etc. II.
 Hesiod makes the Heroes the Fourth Age of men, who
 fell before Thebes and Troy, and superior to the pre-
 sent race. III. Pindar represents them as a race
 between gods and men, demigods, ἡμίθεοι, whether
 those born of one divine parent, as Hercules or
 Aeneas, or those who, like Theseus, had done great
 service to mankind. IV. the heroes were in later
 times inferior local deities, patrons of tribes, cities,
 etc.; as at Athens, the ἡρώες ἐπιώνυμοι were the heroes
 after whom the ten φυλαί were named. The Eranders
 of a city were worshipped under this name.
 ἡρμειο, Dor. for ἡρμειο, 3 sing. impf. of ἐλμειο sum.
 ἡρμειο, Att. aor. I of ἡρμειο.
 ἡρμειο, aor. I of ἡρμειο.
 ἡρμειο, 2 sing. of ἡρμειο.
 ἡρμειο, 3 pl. impf. of ἐλμειο sum.
 ἡρμειο, Att. for ἡρμειοτα, 3 pl. plqpf. (in impf. sense)
 of οἶδα. II. for ἡρμειοτα, 3 pl. impf. of ἐλμειο ibo.
 ἡρμειοτα, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I of ἡρμειοται.
 ἡρμειο, fut. inf. of ἡρμειο.
 ἡρμειο, Aeol. for ἡρμειο, 2 sing. impf. of ἐλμειο sum.
 ἡρμειο, inf. of ἡρμειο.
 ἡρμειοτουν, impf. of ἡρμειοται.
 ἡρμειοτην, aor. I pass. of ἡρμειοται.
 ἡρμειοτην, Att. aor. I pass. of ἡρμειοται.
 ἡρμειοτην, impf. of ἡρμειοται.

ἡρμειοτην, aor. 2 of ἀλθανομαι.
 ἡρμειοτην, impf. of ἡρμειοται.
 ἡρμειοτην, ἡρμειο, ἡρμειο, (ἡρμειο, ἡρμειο) a babbling.
 ἡρμειο, contr. for ἡρμειοται, 3 sing. impf. of ἀλθανομαι.
 ἡρμειο, Att. pf. pass. of ἀλθανομαι.
 ἡρμειο, Att. for ἡρμειοται, 1 pl. plqpf. of οἶδα.
 ἡρμειο, 2 sing. imperat. of ἡρμειο.
 ἡρμειοτα Att. ἡρμειοτα, ἡρμειο, ἡρμειο, a defeat, discomfiture: a
 gen. defeat by, yielding to. From
 ἡρμειοτα Att. ἡρμειοτα: fut. both med. and pass.
 ἡρμειοτα, ἡρμειοτα, ἡρμειοτα: aor. I ἡρμειοτα: pf. ἡρμειοτα
 —Ion. ἡρμειοτα, see the word; Pass.: (ἡρμειοτα)
 —to be less, weaker, inferior to another: to be beaten
 worsted, discomfited: to give way, submit: absol. to
 be beaten or defeated: as law-term, to lose one's cause.
 Hence
 ἡρμειοτα, a, ὄν, and, in neut. plur. ἡρμειοτα, verb.
 Adj.: one must be beaten, submit.
 ἡρμειοτα, Att. impf. of ἀλθανομαι.
 ἡρμειοτα, ἡρμειοτα, gen. ὄν: Att. ἡρμειοτα: Ion. ἡρμειοτα:
 —less, weaker, inferior: c. gen. pers. weaker than
 another, unable to contend with, yielding to a thing.
 (Used as irreg. Comp. of Positive κακός: probably
 formed from ἡρμειο, ἡρμειοτα bein' the Sup.)
 ἡρμειοτα, 3 sing. of ἡρμειοτα.
 ἡρμειοτα, Att. for ἡρμειοτα, 2 pl. plqpf. of ἐλμειο sum.
 ἡρμειοτα, Att. for ἡρμειοτα, 2 and 3 dual plqpf. of ἐλμειο sum.
 ἡρμειοτα, 3 sing. impf. of ἡρμειοτα.
 ἡρμειοτα, for ἡρμειοτα, 2 dual impf. of ἐλμειο sum.
 ἡρμειοτα, aor. I of ἀλθανομαι.
 ἡρμειοτα, neut. pl. of ἡρμειοτα, used like ἡρμειοτα.
 ἡρμειοτα, f. ὄν, (ἡρμειοτα) to be still, quiet, at rest:
 τό ἡρμειοτα τῆς νυκτός the quiet time of night, dead
 of night.
 ἡρμειοτα, a, ὄν, poet. for ἡρμειοτα, still, quiet, at rest.
 ἡρμειοτα, a, ὄν, irr. Comp. of ἡρμειοτα, ἡρμειοτα.
 ἡρμειοτα Dor. ἡρμειοτα, Adv. of ἡρμειοτα, quietly, gently.
 ἡρμειοτα Dor. ἡρμειοτα, ἡρμειοτα, (ἡρμειοτα) stillness, quiet,
 peace: ἡρμειοτα ἡρμειοτα or ἡρμειοτα to keep quiet, be at
 peace or at rest 2. rest, leisure, Lat. otium.
 ἡρμειοτα Dor. ἡρμειοτα, ὄν, poet. for ἡρμειοτα.
 ἡρμειοτα, ὄν, rarely a, ὄν, poet. for ἡρμειοτα.
 ἡρμειοτα Dor. ἡρμειοτα, ὄν, still, quiet, at rest:
 ἐλμειοτα ἡρμειοτα keep quiet. 2. quiet, gentle. II.
 Comp. and Sup. were irreg. ἡρμειοτα, —ατατατα:
 but also —ώτατα. III. Adv. —ἡρμειοτα, also ἡρμειοτα
 and neut. pl. ἡρμειοτα as Adv. [ἡρμειοτα]
 ἡρμειοτα, pf. of ἀλθανομαι.
 ἡρμειοτα, pf. pass. of ἀλθανομαι.
 ἡρμειοτα, aor. I of ἀλθανομαι.
 ἡρμειοτα, fut. of ἡρμειοτα.
 ἡρμειοτα or ἡρμειοτα, Conj. or ako.
 ἡρμειοτα or ἡρμειοτα, Adv. surely, doubtless.
 ἡρμειοτα, for ἡρμειοτα, 2 pl. impf. of ἐλμειο ibo.
 ἡρμειοτα, ἡρμειοτα, pf. and aor. I of ἀλθανομαι.
 ἡρμειοτα, 3 dual impf. of ἐλμειο sum.
 ἡρμειοτα, ἡρμειοτα, Ep. 2 and 3 pl. impf. of ἀλθανομαι

ἡτιάσάμην, ἡτιάμαι, aor. I med. and pf. pass. of αἰτιάομαι.

ἦ-τοι, Conjunct.: II. = ἦ τοι, full, surely, verily. III. = ἦ τοι, either in truth, followed by ἦ ..., either ..., or ...

ἡτοίμασμαι, pf. pass. of ἑτοιμάω, in med. sense.

ἤτορ, τό, only used in nom. or acc.:—the heart.

ἤτριον Dor. ἄτριον, τό, the warp in a web of cloth (the wool being κρυκή): in pl. ἤτρια, a tbin, fine cloth: hence, ἤτρια βύβλων leaves made of strips of papyrus joined crosswise.

ἤτρον, τό, (ἤτορ) the belly, Lat. abdomen.

ἤττα, ἤττάομαι, ἤττων, etc., Att. for ἥσσ-.

ἦτω, for ἔστω, 3 sing. imperat. of εἰμί sum.

ἦθ, neut. from ἦς. In compds. with εὐ- or ἐδ-, this is often lengthd. Ep. into ἦδ-; v. sub εὐ-.

ἠύθησα, ἠύθηκα, aor. I and impf. of αὐθάω.

ἠυδοκίμουν, impf. of εὐδοκίμειν.

ἠύδων, Att. impf. of αὐδάω.

ἠέξανον, impf. of αὐξάνω.

ἠύλησα, aor. I of αὐλέω.

ἠύλισθην, aor. I pass. of αὐλίζω.

ἠεξάμην, aor. I of εὐχομαι.

ἠεξέθην, ἠεξέμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of αὐξάνω.

ἠεξέκα, ἠεξέσα, pf and aor. I of αὐξάνω.

ἠύρον, ἠύρέθην, aor. 2 act. and aor. I pass. of εὐρίσκω.

ἦς, neut. ἦθ, Ep. for ἔς, good, brave.

ἦσσα, aor. I of ἀΐω. [ῥ]

ἦτε, Ep. Conjunct. as, like as. II. for ἦ, iban; only once in Homer. νέφος μελάντερον ἦτε πύσσα, blacker iban pitch. [ῥ]

ἠντρέπτομαι, pf. pass. of εὐτρεπίω.

ἠνχόμην, impf. of εὐχομαι.

Ἡφαίστειος, a. ov. (Ἡφαίστος) of or for Vulcan.

Lat. Vulcanius: τὸ Ἡφαιστεῖον or Ἡφαιστεῖον (sub. ἱερὸν) the temple of Vulcan: τὰ Ἡφαιστεῖα (sub. ἱερὰ), his festival, Lat. Vulcanalia.

Ἡφαιστό-πονός, ov. (Ἡφαιστός, πονέω) wrought by Vulcan

Ἡφαιστός, ov, δ, Hephaistos, the Lat. Vulcanus,

son of Zeus and Hera, lame from his birth, god of fire, master of the arts which need the aid of fire, esp. of working in metal.

Ἡφαιστό-τευκτός, ov, and Ἡφαιστο-τευχής, és, (Ἡφαιστός, τεύχω) wrought by Vulcan.

ἦφθε, Dor. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ἀπύω.

ἦφι, Ep. for ἦ.

ἦψε, for ἐφέει, 3 sing. impf. of ἀφίημι (as if from ἦψω).

ἦφισον, impf. of ἀφίημι (as if from ἀφίω).

ἦφύσα, aor. I of ἀφύσσω.

ἦφυσσόμεν, impf. med. of ἀφύσσω.

ἦχα, pf. of ἀγώ.

ἦχεσκον, loc. impf. of ἠχέω.

ἠχέτης, ov, δ, Ep. ἠχέτᾱ, (ἠχέω) clear-sounding, chirping, epith. of the grasshopper:—as Subst. the chirper, i. e. the grasshopper. Lat. cicada.

ἠχέω Dor. ἀχέω [ᾱ]: ἦ. ἦσω.—to sound, ring, peal;

c. acc. cognato, ἀχέιν ὕμνον, κακῆν τὸν ὕμνον, to utter, send forth a hymn or wall. From

'HXH' Dor. ἤχα, ἦ, a sound: the tumultuous noise of a crowd, the roar of the sea, etc.; in Trag. usu. like λαχῆ, a cry of sorrow, wail.

ἠχῆεις, εσσα, εν, (ἠχῆ) sounding, roaring, echoing.

ἠχημα, ατοῖς, τό, (ἠχέω) a sound.

ἠχητῆς, οὐ, δ, and ἠχητικὸς, ἦ, ὄν, = ἠχέτης.

ἠχη, Ep. for ἦ, Adv. where.

ἠχθετο, 3 sing. impf. both of ἀχθομαι and ἐχθομαι.

ἠχθημαι, pf. pass. of ἐχθομαι.

ἠχθην, aor. I pass. of ἀγώ.

ἠχθηρα, aor. I of ἐχθαίρω.

ἠχμάσσα, aor. I of αἰχμάζω.

ἠχος, δ, = ἠχῆ.

ἠχώ Dor. ἀχώ, ἦ, gen. -δος contr. -οῦς, = ἠχῆ, a reverberated sound, an echo. II. as prop. n. Ἤχώ,

Echo, personified as an Oread.

ἦψατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀπτομαι.

ἦψησα, ἦψηθήν, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐψω.

ἦσθεν Dor. ᾠσθεν Att. ἔσθεν, Adv. (ἦς) from morn

from peep of day, at dawn.

ἦσθι, old Ep. gen. of ἦς, ἦσθι πρό before dawn.

ἦσαν, ὄνος, δ, Att. contr. for ἦσαν.

ἦσος, α, ov, at morn, at break of day. II. east-ern. From

Ἡῶς, ἦ, gen. ἦσος contr. ἦσος: dat. ἦσῃ contr.

ἦσῃ: acc. ἦσῃ contr. ἦσῃ.—Att. ἦσος, gen. ἦσος, acc. ἦσος

or ἦσος:—Dor. ᾠσος:—Aeol. ᾠσος:—the day-break, dawn, morning, opp. to μέσον ἡμῶν mid-day, and δειλὴν evening; acc., ἦσῃ the whole morning long; ἀμ' ἦσῃ at day-break.

2. the East, opp. to ὤσος.

3. as the Greeks counted by mornings, ἦσος came to mean a day: also the light of day.

II. as prop. n. Ἡῶς, Eos, Aurora, the goddess of morn.

Θ

Θ, θ, θῆτα, τό, indecl., eighth letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral θ' = ἑνέα, ἑνατός, but θ = 9000. In Doric, θ was often changed into σ, as

Lacon. σείως 'Ασάνω σάω, for θείως 'Αδάνω θάω: so also in Ion. βυσσός for θυσός.

Θ was also changed, Aeol. and Dor., into φ, as φήρ φλάω φλίσω for θήρ θλάω θλίσω. Lastly, θ sometimes stood for the rough breathing, as θαμά for ἄμα, θάλασσα for ἄλα.—On the ballots of the judges at Athens, Θ stood for θάνατος.

θαάσσω, Ep. for θάσσω, to sit, only in pres. and Ep. impf. θάσσω.

θαείτω, 3 sing. impf. of Dor. θαέομαι.

θάεω, imperat. of θαέομαι.

θαέομαι, Dor. for Att. θαέομαι Ion. θήέομαι. Hence

θάματα, τό, Dor. for θαματα, a sight, spectacle.

θαητός, ἦ, ὄν, Dor. for θηητός, θεατός.

θαίματτα, crasis for τὰ ἱμάτια.

ΘΑΙΡΟΨ, δ, the bings of a door or gate.

θακέω, ἦ, ἦσω, (θάω) to sit, esp. as a suppliant, to

καὶ ὡς *seat*: c. acc. cognato, ἔδρας παγκρατεῖς θακεῖν
to sit on imperial throne. Hence

θάκημα, ατος, τό, a sitting as a suppliant: a seat.

θάκης, εως, ἡ, (θακέω) a sitting, seat.

θάκος, ὁ, (θάσσω) a seat: Ion. θάκος.

θάλάμαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, = θαλαμίτης.

θάλαμενμα, ατος, τό, = θάλαμος, a dark chamber or
swelling-place.

θάλαμη, ἡ, (θάλαμος) a lair, den, bole. [ἀ]

θάλαμητις, η, ον, (θάλαμος) of or for a chamber or
swelling: fit for building one.

θαῖ ἀμη-πόλος, ον, (θάλαμος, πολέομαι) waiting in
the lady's chamber. II. as Subst., θαλαμηπόλος,
or ἡ, a bridegroom or bridesmaid.

θάλάμιος, α, ον, (θάλαμος) belonging to the chamber.
As Subst.: I. θαλάμιος, ὁ, = θαλαμίτης. II.

θαλαμία Ion. -ίη (sub. κώπη), the oar of the θαλα-
μίτης. 2. (sub. ὀπή) the pole in the ship's side

brought which the oar worked, the port-hole.

θάλαμίτης, ον, ὁ, (θάλαμος) one of the rowers on
the lowest bench of a trireme, who had the shortest

oars and the least pay: cf. ζυγίτης, θρανίτης. [Γ]

θάλαμνδε, (θάλαμος) Adv. to the bed-chamber.

ΘΑ'ΔΑ'ΜΟΣ, ὁ, an inner room or chamber: I.
the women's apartment, inner part of the house. 2.

the bed-room, bride-chamber. 3. the storeroom. II.

any chamber or abode: a fold, pen for sheep. III.
the lowest part or bow of the ship, in which the θαλα-
μίται sat.

θάλασσα Att. ττα, ἡ, (ἄλς) the sea: Herodotus
calls the Mediterranean ἡδε ἡ θάλασσα, ἡ καθ' ἡμᾶς

θάλασσα, ἡ ἕως θάλασσα, (as the Latins called it posu-
mum mare), and the Ocean ἡ ἕξω θάλασσα: metaph.,

θάλασσα κακῶν 'a sea of troubles.' 2. a well of
salt or brackish water. Hence

θάλασσαῖος, α, ον, = θαλάσιος.

θαλάσσειω, (θάλασσα) to be at sea, go by sea.

θαλάσσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (θάλασσα) of, in or
on the sea, belonging to it, Lat. marinus; θαλάσσια

ἔργα sea-affairs, the sea, also fishing: θαλάσσια ani-
mals living in the sea, opp. to χερσαῖα. 2. skilled

in the sea, nautical, maritime.

θαλασσο-κόπη, f. ἦσω, (θάλασσα, κόπω) to strike
the sea with the oar, make a splash: metaph. to make

noise ado about nothing.

θαλασσο-κράτέω, f. ἦσω, (θάλασσα, κρατέω) to be
master of the sea.

θαλασσο-κράτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (θάλασσα, κρατέω)
master of the sea.

θαλασσό-πληκτος, ον, (θάλασσα, πλάζω) sea-
driven, tempest-tossed.

θαλασσό-πληκτος, ον, (θάλασσα, πλάζω) sea-
beaten.

θαλασσο-πόρος, ον, (θάλασσα, πόρος) sea-faring.

θαλασσο-οργός, ὢν, (θάλασσα, *έργω) working at
sea: As Subst., θαλασσοοργός, ὁ, a fisherman.

θάλαττα, θαλάττιος, Att. for θάλασσα-
θάλαττα, (θαλεῖν) good cheer, comforts, delights.

θαλεῖω, ποῖτ. for θάλλω, to bloom, flourish.

θάλεια, ἡ, blooming, luxuriant, bounteous, ἔν διατὶ
θαλεῖη at the bounteous feast. It is fem. of an obsol.

Adj. θάλυς, derived from θαλεῖν. II. as prop. n.
Θάλεια, ἡ, one of the Muses, the blooming one: later

esp. the Muse of Comedy.

θαλεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of θάλλω.

θαλερός, ἄ, ὢν, (θαλεῖν) blooming, fresh: vigorous,
active. II. luxuriant, copious, large, abundant.

θαλερ-ώπις, ἴδος, ἡ, (θαλερός, ὤψ) with bright eyes.

θαλέω, Dor. for θηλέω.

Θαλῆς, ὁ, gen. Θαλέω, dat. Θαλῇ, acc. Θαλῆν: but
also Θάλητος, ητι, ητα, and Θαλοῦ: Thales of Mile-
tus, one of the Seven reputed Wise Men of Greece.

θάλλα, ἡ, (θαλεῖν) bloom: metaph. good cheer,
wealth, plenty: in plur. festivities, a feast.

θαλλῆσω, a doubtful fut. of θάλλω, for θηλήσω
from θηλέω.

θαλλός, ὁ, (θάλλω) a young shoot, twig: ὁ τῆς
ἐλαίας θαλλός the olive-branch used at festivals; also,
ἱκτῖρ θαλλός the branch carried by suppliants.

θαλλο-φόρος, ον, (θαλλός, φέρω) carrying olive
branches, as the old men did at the Panathenaea.

ΘΑ'ΔΑΛ, fut. θάλλω: aor. 2 ἐθάλον: pf. τέθηλα
(in pres. sense), part. τεθηλώς, Ep. fem. τεθάλυτα; 3

sing. plpf. τεθήλει:—to bloom, flourish, to shoot out,
to swell, be rich in a thing: the part. τεθηλώς is used

absol. as Adj. swelling, rich, abundant. 2. metaph.
to bloom, flourish, prosper: to be at the height.

ΘΑ'ΛΟΣ, εος, τό, like θαλλός, a young shoot or
branch, twig, esp. an olive-branch: metaph. a child,

scion, Lat. stirps.

θαλπῶω, Ep. part. θαλπιῶν, (θάλλω) to be or be-
come warm, warm oneself.

θαλπνός, ἡ, ὢν, warming, fostering. From

θάλπος, εος, τό, (θάλλω) warmth, heat, esp. summer-
heat; τὰ θάλπη the sun's rays, Lat. soles. 2. me-
taph. a sting, smart, tingling.

θαλπιήριος, ον, warming. From

ΘΑ'ΔΠΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἐθαλψα:—Pass., aor. I
ἐθάλφην: pf. inf. τεθάλφθαι:—to warm, heat. II

metaph. to heat, inflame. 2. to foster, cherish, warm
in one's bosom: in bad sense, to cheat. Hence

θαλπωρή, ἡ, a warming: metaph. comfort.

θαλυκρός, ἄ, ὢν, (θάλλω) warm, glowing.

θαλύσια (sub. ἱερὰ), ἰων, τά, (θαλεῖν) the firstling.
of the harvest, offering of first-fruits. [Ὺ] Hence

θαλύσιός, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. Adj., of or for the offering
of first-fruits.

θαμά, Adv. (ἄμα) together in crowds, close, thick. II.
of Time, often, oftentimes, frequent

θαμάκις, Adv. = θαμά π

θαμβαίνω, 'to be astonished at. From

θαμβέω, f. ἦσω: pf. τεθάμβηκα: (θάμβος):—to be
astonished or amazed: c. acc. to marvel at a thing.

θαμβος, εος, τό, astonishment, amazement, Lat. stu-
por. (From Root TAF-, see τέθηκα.)

θαμέες, οἱ, αἱ, dat. θάμεσι, acc. θάμεας, (θαμά)

poët. pl. Adj. (with no sing. θαμύς), crowded, close, thick.

θαμειός, ἄ, ὄν, (θαμά) crowded, close, thick.

θαμίζω, f. σω, (θαμά) to come often, Lat. frequentare:—to be often or constantly engaged with a thing. c. dat.: to be wont to do, c. part.

θαμύνῃ, neut. plur. of θαμνός, as Adv., = θαμά.

θαμνός, ἡ, ὄν, = θαμειός.

θάμνος, ὁ, (θαμνός) τ bush, shrub.

θανάσιμος, ὄν, (θάνατος) deadly:—Adv. -μως, with deadly blow, mortally. 2. of, belonging to death. II. pass. subject to death, mortal: also dead.

θανάτω, Desiderat. of θνήσκει, to wish to die.

θανάτηφορία; ἡ, a causing of death. From

θανάτη-φόρος, ὄν, (θάνατος, φέρω) death-bringing

θανάτιώ, Desiderat. of θνήσκει, to wish to die.

θανάτοις, εσσα, εν, (θάνατος) deadly.

θανάτον-δε, Adv. to death.

θάνατος, ὁ, (θάνειν) death; θάνατον καταγιγνώσκειν τινός to pass sentence of death on one:—pl. θάνατοι, kinds of death, usually of violent death. II. as prop. n., Θάνατος, Death, the twin-brother of Sleep.

III. a corpse.

θανάτουσια (sub. ἱερά), ἰων, τά, (θάνατος) a feast of the dead.

θανάτω, f. ὤσω, (θάνατος) to put to death; metaph. to mortify. II. to consent to death

θάνον, Ep. aor. 2 of θνήσκει.

θάνειν Ep. θανέιν, aor. 2 inf. of θνήσκει.

θανεῖσθαι Ep. θανέσθαι, fut. inf. of θνήσκει.

θανοῖσα, Dor. fem. part. aor. 2 of θνήσκει.

θανοῦμαι, fut. of θνήσκει.

ΘΑΨΟΜΑΙ: f. θήσομαι Dor. θάσομαι: inf. ἐθησάμην: Dep.:—to wonder at, admire II. to gaze upon, look at, see.

θαπτέον, verb. Adj. of θάπτω, one must bury

ΘΑΠΤΩ, fut. θάψω: aor. I ἐθαψα: pf. τέταψα: Pass, fut. 2 τάψησομαι, fut. 3 τεθάψομαι: aor. I ἐτάψην, aor. 2 ἐτάφη (ᾶ): pf. τέταμμαι, Ion. 3 pl. τεθάφαται: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐτέθαπτο:—to perform funeral rites to the dead: to bury, inter, entomb.

Θαργηλία, ὄν, τά, a festival of Apollo and Artemis, held at Athens in the month Thargelion. Henc Θαργηλιών, ὄνος, ὁ, the 11th month of the Attic year, from middle of May to middle of June

θαρράλιος, θαρρῶ, θάρρος, etc., Att. for θαρσ-

θαρσαλέος, α, ὄν, (θάρσος) bold, daring, courageous, confident: in bad sense, over-weening, presumptuous: τὸ θαρσαλέον confidence, safety: of things, cheering, encouraging:—Comp. θαρσαλέωτερος. Adv. -έως, with confidence.

θαρσεύσα, Dor. fem. part. of θαρσέω.

θαρσέω Att. θαρρέω: f. ἤσω: (θάρσος):—to be of good courage, be of good cheer, be confident, assured; θάρσει take courage! be of good heart!—in bad sense, to be over-weening, presumptuous:—c. acc. rei, to feel confident about, have no fear for:—c. inf. to believe confidently ibat. Hence

θάρσσις, εως, ἡ, confidence in, reliance on.

ΘΑΡΣΟΣ or ΘΑΡΣΟΣ Att. θάρρος, τό, courage; boldness, confidence: in bad sense, over-boldness, daring, presumption: in pl., τὰ θάρση grounds of confidence.

θαρσύνων Att. θαρρύνων. Adv. of pres. part. of θαρσέω, boldly, courageously

θαρσύνεσκον, Ion. impf. of θαρσύνω.

θάρσυνος, ὄν, relying on a thing.

θαρσύνω Att. θαρρύνω. f. ἔνω, (θάρσος) to encourage, cheer. II. intr. = θαρσέω, to be of good courage. [ῶ]

θάσαι, Dor. aor. I imperat. of θάομαι.

θάσασθαι, Dor. aor. I inf. of θάομαι.

θασόμενος, Dor. for θησόμενος, fut. part. of θάομαι.

Θάσιος, α, ὄν, (Θάσος) from Thasos. Thasian: ἡ

Θασία (sub. ἄλμη), pickled sea-fish; ἀνακυκὰν Θασίαν to mix this pickle.

ΘΑΨΣΩ Ep. θάσσω, to sit, sit idle.

θάσσω Att. θάπτω, ὄν, Comp. of ταχύς, quicker, swifter: θάσσον as Adv., more quickly.

θάτερον, θατίρ, see ἔτερος.

θάπτων, Att. for θάσσω.

θαῦμα Ion. θώνμα or θώμα, ατος, τό, (θαυμαι) a wonder, marvel, wondrous thing; θαῦμα ἰδέσθαι a wonder to behold; so, θαῦμα ἀκούσαι, μαθεῖν: τὰ θαύματα jugglers' tricks, strange gambols. II. wonder, surprise, astonishment.

θαυμάζω Ion. θαῦμι- or θαμ-: fut. -άσομαι Ep. -άσσομαι, later in act. form -άσω: aor. I ἐθαυμάσα: pf. τεθαύμακα:—Pass, fut. θαυμασθήσομαι: aor. I ἐθαυμάσθην: (θαῦμα):—to wonder, be astonished. 2. c. acc. to wonder at: like Lat. mirari, to regard with wonder or esteem, to admire. 3. c. gen. to wonder at. II. Pass. to be looked at with wonder: c. part., θαυμάζομαι μὴ παρὼν my absence is wondered at.

θαυμάινω, fut. ἄνω Ep. ἄνέω, (θαῦμα) to wonder at.

θαυμάσιος, α, ὄν, Ion. θαῦμι- or θαμásiος, (θαυμάζω) wondrous, wonderful, marvellous:—admirable, excellent Adv. -έως, marvellously.

θαυμάσι-ουργέω, f. ἤσω, (θαυμάσιος, ἐργον) to work wonders, perform curious tricks, of jugglers.

θαυμάσσομαι, Ep. fut. of θαυμάζω

θαυμαστέον, verb. Adj. of θαυμάζω, one must wonder, marvel.

θαυμαστός Ion. θαυμι- or θαμ-, ἡ, ἴν, (θαυμάζω) to be wondered at, wondrous, wonderful, marvellous:—admirable, excellent. Adv. -τῶς, wonderfully.

θαυμάτοομαι, Pass. (θαῦμα) to be regarded as a wonder.

θαυμάτοποιέω, f. ἤσω, to do wonders. From θαυμάτο-ποιός, ἴν, (θαῦμα, ποιέω) wonder-working: as Subst. a conjurer, juggler.

θαυμάτός, ἡ, ἴν, Ep. for θαυμαστίος.

θαυμάτουργέω, f. ἤσω, θαυματοποιέω. From

θαυμάτ-ουργός, ἴν, (θαῦμα, *ἐργω) = θαυματοποιός.

θάψαι, aor. I inf. of θάπτω.

θάψινος, ἡ, ὄν, yellow-coloured, sallow. From

θάψος, ἡ, a plant or wood used for dyeing yellow, from the island of Thapsos.

*ΘΑΨΩ, Ep. for the prose θηλάω: aor. 1 inf θῆσαι:—to suckle, feed:—Med., pres. inf. θῆσαι, to suck, milk, ἐπηγετανὸν γάλα θῆσαι milk to milk the year round: 3 sing. aor. 1, θήσατο μαζὸν be sucked the breast.

*θάω, Lacon. σάω, to see:—see θάωμαι.

θεά, ἡ, fsm. of θεός, a goddess: τὰ θεά (Att. τῶ θεῷ), in dual, are always Ceres and Proserpine: αἱ σεμναὶ θεαὶ the Eumenides or Furies.

θεᾶ, ἡ, (θεάομαι) a looking at, view. II. a thing seen, sight, spectacle.

θεᾷσθῆναι, ἡ, aor. 1 inf. pass. of θεάομαι.

θεαινῶ, ἡ, poet. for θεά, a goddess.

θεο-αἰτητος, ov, (θεός, αἰτέω) asked of the gods.

θέαμα Ion. θέημα, atos, τό, (θεάομαι) a sight, spectacle.

θέαμα, onos, δ, ἡ, (θεάομαι) a spectator. [ᾶ]

θεάομαι: f. θεάσομαι [ᾶ], Ion. θεήσομαι: aor. 1 ἰθεᾷσάμην: pf. τεθέσμαι: Dep.: (θάομαι):—to view, gaze at, behold: οἱ θεώμενοι the spectators in a theatre:—aor. 1 ἰθεᾷσθην in pass sense, to be seen.

See θάομαι, θηέομαι.

θεᾷρός, δ, Dor. for θεωρός.

θεᾷτῆς Ion. θεητῆς, οὔ, δ, (θεάομαι) a spectator.

θεᾷτός, ἡ, ὄν, (θεάομαι) to be seen.

θεατρῖζω, f. ᾶω, (θέατρον) to bring on the stage: to make a show of, hold up to ridicule or shame.

θεάτρον Ion. θέητρον, τό, (θεάομαι) a place for seeing, a theatre. 2. collectively, the spectators, the audience.

3. = θέαμα, the piece represented, a show. [ᾶ]

θεο-ειδής, es, (θεός, εἶδος) = θεοειδής.

θείον, τό, poet. for θείον, brimstone.

θείος, η, ov, Ep. for θείος, divine.

θειοῦται, 3 sing. pres. pass. of θειόω.

θειόω, Ep. for θειώω, to smoke with brimstone.

θείσκον, Ion. impf. of θέω.

θέη, ἡ, Ion. for θεά.

θεῖος, η, ov, Ion. for θείος, θείος, divine.

θε-ήλατος, ov, (θεός, ἐλαύνω) driven or pursued by a god. 2. sent, caused by a god. II. built

by a god or for the gods.

θέημα, τό, Ion. for θέαμα.

θη-μάχια, ἡ, θη-μάχος, ov, poet. for θεω-μα-

θη-μα, onos, δ, ἡ, Ion. for θεάμα.

θη-πολέω, θη-πολός, ὄν, p. et. for θεωπ-

θησσαι, Ion. 2 sing fut. of θεάομαι.

θησι, Ep. 3 sing. subj. of θέω.

θητῆς, οὔ, δ, Ion. for θεατῆς.

θητός, θέητρον, θεήτωρ, Ion. for θεωτ-

θεῖα, ἡ, fem. of θείος, one's father's or mother's sister, aunt, Lat. amita and matertera.

θειάω, f. σω, (θεῖος) to practise divinations. Hence

θεασμός, δ, practice of divinations.

Θεῖβαθεν, Θεῖβῃ, Aeol. for Θεβ-

θεῖν, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖν, aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θείκελος, = θέσκελος.

θειλό-πεδον, τό, (εἰλη, πέδον) a place in the sunshine, where things were put to dry.

θειμεν, for θείμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of τίθημι:—also aor. 1 inf. of θείναι.

ΘΕΙΝΩ, fut. θενῶ: aor. 1 ἔθειναι: aor. 2 ἐθενεω, only in imperat. θένε, subj. θένω, inf. θενεῖν, part.

θενών:—to strike, dash

θειλό-δομος, ov, (θεῖος, δέμω) god-built.

θειόμεν, Ep. for θέωμεν, θῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θειόν Ep. θείον, τό, (θεῖος) brimstone, Lat. sulfur. θείον, τό, neut. of θεῖος, used as Subst., the Divine Being, Deity. II. τὰ θεῖα, the acts or attributes

of the gods. 2. religious observances.

θεῖος, α, ov, (θεός) of or from the gods, Lat. divinus, sent or caused by a god, appointed of God. 2. in honour of a god, holy, sacred. 3. godlike, super-human, extraordinary, excellent.

ΘΕΙΟΣ, δ, one's father's or mother's brother, uncle, Lat. patruus and avunculus: fem. θεῖα.

θεαστέως, Adv. Comp. of θείως.

θειότης, ητος, ἡ, (θεῖος) divine nature, divinity.

θειό-χρως, ov, contr. -χρως, ov, (θείον, χρῖα) brimstone-coloured.

θειώω Ep. θειώω: f. ᾶσω: (θείον):—to smoke with brimstone, fumigate: hence to purify.

θεῖς, θεῖσα, aor. 2 part. of τίθημι.

θεῖτε, θεῖσαν, 2 and 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖω, poet. for θέω, to run.

θεῖω, Ep. for θέω, θῶ, aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θείως, Adv. of θεῖος, by divine providence: Comp. θειοτέρως, by more special providence.

θεο-ώδης, es, (θεῖον, εἶδος) brimstone-like, Lat. sulfureus.

θελγεσί-μυθος, ov, (θέλω, μῦθος) of soft, persuasive speech.

θελγεσκον, Ion. impf. of θέλω.

θελγῆτρον, τό, (θέλω) a charm or spell.

ΘΕΛΓΩ, f. ῥω: aor. 1 ἐθέλγω:—Pass., aor. 1 ἰθέλγω:—to stroke with magic power, to charm, en-

chant, spell-bind, Lat. mulceo: to cheat, cozen.

θέλεος, ov, (θέλω) willing, voluntary.

θέλημα, atos, τό, (θέλω) will.

θέλησις, ewς, ἡ, (θέλω) a willing, will.

θελκτήρ, ητος, δ, (θέλω) a charmer. Hence

θελκτήριον, τό, a charm, spell, enchantment, means or power of charming: neut. from

θελκτήριος, ov, (θέλω) charming, enchanting.

θελκτρον, τό, = θελκτήριον, a charm.

θελκτωρ, opos, δ, ἡ, = θελκτήρ.

θελξαι, aor. 1 inf. of θέλω.

θελξει, Dor. for θέλξει, 3 sing. fut. of θέλω.

θελξι-νοος, ov, contr. -νοος, ov, (θέλω, νοός) charming or witching the heart.

θελξι-πικρος, ov, (θέλω, πικρός) deliciously bitter.

θελξι-φρων, ov, gen. onos, (θέλω, φρήν) = θελξίφρων.

θέλωισα, Dor. for θέλωισα, fem. part. of θέλω.

Θέλωινα, τά, = θέμεθλα.

ΘΕ'ΑΩ, impf. θέλον· fut. θελήσω· aor. 1. ἐθέλησα· shortened form of ἐθέλω.

θέμεθλα, τά, (τίθημι) the foundation, the base or bottom of a thing, the roots of a mountain, etc.; Ἀμμωνος θέμεθλα the shrine of Ammon.

θεμειλία, τά, Ep. for θεμέλια, — θέμεθλα; θεμειλία θέσαν or προβάλλοντο they laid the foundations.

θεμελιόβηλον, Adv. from the bottom, Lat. funditus.

θεμελιον, τό, as sing. of θεμειλία, the foundation: τὰ θεμέλια = θεμειλία, θέμεθλα. From

θέμελιος, ον, (τίθημι) belonging to the foundation. II. as Subst., θεμέλιος (sub. λίθος), δ, a foundation stone; πλ. θεμέλιοι, the foundations. Hence

θεμελιόω, 1. ὥσω, to lay the foundation, found firmly: — Pass., to have the foundations laid.

θέμεν, θέμεναι, Ep. for θεῖναι, aor. 2. inf. of τίθημι.

θέμενος, aor. 2. med. part. of τίθημι.

θεμερός, ὄν, (τίθημι) grave, serious, steadfast.

θεμερ-ώπης, ἴδος, ἡ, (θεμερός, ἄψ) of serious countenance, bonest.

θεμίζω, (θέμω) to regulate, punish, control: Med., poet. aor. 1. θεμισσασθαι to regulate for oneself, control.

θεμί-πλεκτος, ον, (θέμω, πλέκω) woven of right; θεμίπλεκτος στέφανος a well-earned crown.

ΘΕΜΙΣ, ἡ, Ep. gen. θέμιστος, acc. θέμιν: — in Homer as prop. n. Θέμης, Θέμιστος, acc. Θέμιστα: but Att. gen. Θέμιτος, sometimes also Θέμιδος, acc. Θέμιν; Ion. gen. Θέμιτος, voc. Θέμι: I. law, right, agreed on by common consent or prescription, opposed to statute-law, Lat. jus or fas, as opp. to lex; θέμω ἐστὶ 'tis meet and right, Lat. fas est; ᾗ θέμω ἐστὶ as 'tis right, as the custom is. II. pl. θέμιστες, sanctions, laws, ordinances. 2. the rights of the chief, prerogative, privilege, authority: hence dues, tribute, etc. 3. existing laws or ordinances 4. law-suits: also courts to administer justice: judicial sentences. III. Θέμης as prop. n., Themis, goddess of law and order, justice.

θεμι-σκοπός, ὄν, (θέμω, σκοπέω) keeping order.

θεμις-κρέων, οντος, δ, reigning by right.

θέμιστα, — ας, Ep. acc. sing. and pl. of θέμω.

θεμιστεῖος, α, ον, (θέμω) lawful, righteous.

θεμιστεύω, 1. σαι, (θεμιστός) to give law, lay down ordinances, give oracles: to order, govern.

θεμιστέων, Ep. gen. pl. of θέμω

θεμιστο-πόλος, ον, (θέμω, πολέω) ministering law and right

θεμιστός, ἡ, ὄν, (θεμίζω) sanctioned by law, lawful.

θεμικτός, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. for θεμιστός

ΘΕΜΟ'Ω, an Ep. Verb only occurring once in aor. 1. ἡνθα θέμισσε χέρσον ἱκέσθαι he forced the ship to come to land, or set it so as to come.

—θεν, inseparable Particle, affixed to Nouns denoting motion from a place, opp. to —δε, as, οἴκοθεν, οὐρανόθεν, from home, from heaven: more rarely affixed to names of persons, as Διούθεν, θεούθεν,

from Zeus, from the gods. Originally —θεν was the genit. termination, as appears from ἐμέθεν, πέθεν, ἔθεν θινάρ, ἄρος, τό, (θένω, θείνω) the part of the band with which one strikes, the flat of the band: ἄλδος θέναρ the surface of the sea.

θέω, Ep. 2. sing. aor. 2. med. imperat. of τίθημι θεοβλάβειν, to sin against the gods. From θεο-βλάβης, ἐς, (θεός, βλαβῆναι) stricken of God, visited with judicial blindness, reckless.

θεο-γεννίς, ἐς, (θεός, γέννα) begotten of a god.

θεό-γλωσσος, ον, (θεός, γλώσσα) with the tongue of a god.

θεογονία, ἡ, the generation or genealogy of the gods, the title of a poem of Hesiod. From

θεό-γονος, ον, (θεός, *γίνομαι) born of God.

θεο-δύμωον, ον, gen. ονος, (θεός, δέχομαι) receiving a god.

θεο-δῆλτος, ον, (θεός, δηλέομαι) burlful to the majesty of the gods.

θεο-διδάκτος, ον, (θεός, διδάσκειν) taught of God. [τ]

θεό-δητος, ον, Dor. —δμᾶτος, α. ον, (θεός, δέμω) god-built, made or founded by the gods.

θεό-δοτος, ον, = θεόςδοτος.

θεο-ειδής, ἐς, (θεός, εἶδος) divine of form, beautiful as the gods, godlike: irreg. Sup. θαϊδέστατος

θεο-εἰκελος, ον, (θεός, εἰκελος) godlike.

θεοεχθρία, ἡ, a being hated by the gods. From

θεό-εχθρος, ον, (θεός, ἐχθρός) hated by the gods.

θεόθεν, old gen. of θεός, used as Adv. from the god., Lat. divinitus.

θείωισα, Dor. for θέωωισα, fem. part. of θέωω.

θεοκλήτω, 1. ἡσω, to call the gods to aid, to invoke divine vengeance: to call on, conjure. From

θεό-κλήω, ον, (θεός, κλέω) calling on the gods.

θεό-κραντος, ον, (θεός, κραίνω) wrought by the gods.

θεό-κρίτος, ον, (θεός, κρίνω) judging between gods.

θεό-κτίτος, ον, and θεό-κτίος, ον, (θεός, κτίω) created by God.

θεο-μάνης, ἐς, (θεός, μανῆναι) maddened by the gods: λύσσα θεομανῆς madness caused by the gods.

θεό-μαντις, εως, δ, (θεός, μάντις) one who has a spirit of prophecy.

θεομάχων, to fight against God: and

θεομῆχια, ἡ, the battle of the gods, as certain books of the Iliad were called, esp. the 19th. From

θεο-μάχος, ον, (θεός, μάχομαι) fighting against God.

θεο-μήστωρ, ορος, δ, (θεός, μήστωρ) like the gods in counsel.

θεο-μίστης, ἐς, (θεός, μίσω) hated of the gods.

θεό-μορος, Dor. θεύμ-, ον, (θεός, μόρος) destined or allotted by the gods. II. blessed by the gods.

θεό-μορφος, ον, (θεός μορφή) of form divine.

θεο-μῦστος, ἐς, (θεός, μύσος) abominable before the gods

θεό-παις, παιδος, δ, ἡ, (θεός, παῖς) child of the gods.

θεό-πεμπτος, ον, (θεός, πέμπω) sent by the gods.

θεό-πνευστος, ον, (θεός, πνέω) inspired of God.

θεοποιέω, to make into gods, deify. From

θεοποιός, ὄν, (θεός, ποιέω) making *μαῖνα* of gods.
 θεό-πομπος, ὄν, (θεός, πέμπω) god-sent.
 θεο-πόνητος, ὄν, (θεός, πονέω) wrought by a god.
 θεο-πρεπής, ἐς, (θεός, πρέπω) befitting a god. Adv. *πῶς*.
 θεοπροπέω, to prophesy, in part. θεοπροπέων; and
 θεοπροπία, ἡ, ὁ, -ιον, τά, a prophecy. From
 θεο-πρότος, (θεός, πρέπω) prophetic, boding, divin-
 ing: as Subst., θεοπρόπος, ὁ, a prophet. II. a
 public messenger sent to inquire of the oracle, cf.
 θεαρός.
 θεό-πτυστος, ὄν, (θεός, πτύω) nibbled by the gods.
 θεό-πῦρος, ὄν, (θεός, πύρ) kindled by the gods.
 θέ-ορτος, ὄν, (θεός, ὀρνυμαι) sprung from the gods.
 ΘΕΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. *DEUS*, God: in Homer either God,
 as, θεός δώσει God will grant; or, θεός τις a god,
 some particular god: later the Deity, like τῷ θεῷ:—
 σὺν θεῷ, σὺν θεοῖς, οὐκ ἀνέθε θεοῦ. Lat. non sine
 diis, by the will of God; ὑπὲρ θεῶν against his will:
 —as an oath, πρὸς θεῶν by the gods, in God's
 name. II. fem. θεά, for θεά, θεία, a goddess:
 esp. in Att. phrase τῶ θεῷ, the two goddesses, i.e.
 Ceres and Proserpine. III. as Adj. in Comp.
 θεώτερος, more divine.
 θεός-δοτος, ὄν, (θεός, δίδωμι) given by the gods.
 θεός-δωρος, ὄν, ποῖτ. for θεοδώρητος.
 θεοσέβεια, ἡ, the worship or fear of God. From
 θεο-σεβής, ἐς, (θεός, σέβομαι) worshipping God, re-
 ligious, devout. Adv. -βῶς, religiously.
 θεο-σεπτος, ὄν, (θεός, σέβομαι) worshipped as a god.
 θεο-σέπτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, —θεοσεβής.
 θεοσ-εχθρία, ἡ, (θεός, ἐχθρός) hatred of the gods,
 ungodliness, impiety.
 θεός-στος, ὄν, ποῖτ. for θεόστος, sent by the gods.
 θεο-στήρικτος, ὄν, (θεός, στηρίζω) supported by God.
 θεο-στιβής, ἐς, (θεός, στιβέω) trodden by God.
 θεο-στυγής, ἐς, (θεός, στυγέω) hated of the gods or
 of God, abominable. II. act. bating God.
 θεο-στυγής, ὄν, hated of the gods.
 θεό-στος, ποῖτ. also θεός-στος, ὄν, (θεός, στέω)
 sent by the gods.
 θεό-ταυρος, ὁ, (θεός, ταῦρος) the god-bull, a name for
 Zeus changed into a bull.
 θεο-τείχης, ἐς, (θεός, τεῖχος) walled by the gods.
 θεό-τεκτος, ὄν, (θεός, τεύχω) made by God.
 θεότης, ἡ, (θεός) divinity, divine nature.
 θεο-τίμιος, ὄν, (θεός, τιμάω) honoured of God.
 θεό-τιμος, ὄν, honoured of God.
 θεό-τρέπτος, ὄν, (θεός, τρέπω) directed by the gods.
 θεο-τρέφής, ἐς, (θεός, τρέφω) feeding the gods.
 θεουδία, ἡ, the fear of God, holiness.
 θεουδός, ἐς, (θεός, δέος) fearing god, godly. Hence
 θεο-φάνια (sub. ἐπά), τά, (θεός, φανῆναι) a festival
 at Delphi, at which the images of the gods were shown
 to the people.
 θεο-φιλής, ἐς, (θεός, φιλέω) beloved of the gods.
 θεόφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. and pl. of θεός: esp.
 in phrase, θεόφιν μῆστωρ ἀτάλαντος.

θεο-φόρητος, ὄν, (θεός, φορέω) inspired by a god. II.
 act. carrying a god or goddess.
 θεο-φόρος, ὄν, (θεός, φέρω) bearing a god. II.
 θείφορος, ὄν, borne or possessed by a god, inspired.
 θεό-φρων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (θεός, φρήν) godly-minded,
 godly, devout, Lat. *pious*.
 θεῶν, ἡ, ὥσω, (θεός) to make into a god, deify.
 θεράπαινα and -νίς, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of θεράπων, a
 waiting-maid, bandmaid.
 θεράπελα Ion. -ήνη, ἡ, (θεραπεύω) a waiting on, ser-
 vice attendance; θεράπελα θεῶν divine worship, 2.
 a fostering, nurture: tending in sickness, medical
 treatment. 3. a courting paying court. II. a
 body of attendants, suite, retinue.
 θεράπευμα, ματος, τό, (θεραπεύω) service done, at-
 tendance, nurture: medical treatment
 θεραπεύετον, verb. Adj. of θεραπεύω, one must cul-
 tivate: also one must cure.
 θεραπευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and θεραπευτής, οὔ, (θερα-
 पेύω) an attendant, servant. 2. one who attends to
 anything: a worshipper of the gods: a physician.
 θεραπευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (θεραπεύω) inclined to serve,
 attentive, obedient: courteous. 2. able to cure; ἡ
 θεραπευτική (sc. τέχνη) the healing art.
 θεραπεύω, f. σω, (θεράπω) to wait on, attend, serve:
 to be an attendant: to do service to the gods, to wor-
 ship: to serve, attend, pay observance to. 2. to
 pay court to, to flatter: also of things, to consult, at-
 tend to, Lat. *inservire commodo*. 3. c. acc. rei, to
 take care of, provide for; θεραπεύειν τὸ παρὼν,
 to provide for the present; θεραπεύειν ἡμέραν to observe
 a day, keep it holy. 4. to tend the sick, to treat
 medically, to heal, cure. 5. of land, to cultivate,
 till.
 θεράπῃη, Ion. for θεραπεία.
 θεράπῃος, η, ὄν, Ion. and ποῖτ. for θεραπευτικός.
 θεράπνη, ἡ, ποῖτ. for θεράπαινα, a bandmaid:—and,
 θεράπνις, ἴδος, ἡ, ποῖτ. contr. from θεραπαινίς.
 θεράποντις, ἴδος, ἡ, (θεράπων) of a waiting-maid.
 ΘΕΡΑΤΙΣΤῆς, οντος, ὁ, an attendant, servant, differ-
 ing from δοῦλος, as implying free service: in Homer,
 a companion in arms, comrade, though inferior in
 rank, as Patroclus was the θεράπων of Achilles; so,
 kings were Διὸς θεράποντες, warriors θεράποντες
 Ἄρης, poets Μουσῶν θεράποντες. II. in Chios,
 the θεράποντες were slaves.
 θέραψ, ὁ, rare form for θεράπων, only found in ac-
 cus. θέραπα, nom. pl. θέραπες.
 θέρεος, α. ὄν, (θέρος) of, belonging to summer, in
 summer: αὐχμὸς θ. summer-drought; ἡ θέρεια, Ion.
 θερελή (with or without ὥρα), summer-time, summer.
 θέρω, Ep. for θερῶ, aor. 2 pass. subj. of θέρω:
 θερῶ, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. 1 ἐθέρισα syncop.
 ἐθέρισα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐθέρισθην: pf. τεθέρισμαι:
 (θέρος):—to mow, reap, cut, harvest corn:—metaph.
 to mow down, cut off, slay: also to cut the hair. 3-
 also to pack up. II. intr. to pass the summer:
 cf. ἐαρῶ, χειμάω.

θερίνεος, α, ον, = *θέριος*; τροπαὶ θερίνεαι *the summer solstice*, i. e. the 21st of June. [Y]

θερίνός, ἡ, ὡν, (θέρος) prose form for *θέριος*, of, in, or during summer.

θερισμός, ὁ, (θερίζω) a mowing, reaping, harvesting.

θεριστής, οὗ, ὁ, (θερίζω) a mower, reaper, harvest-man.

θερίστριον or *θέριστρον*, τό, (θερίζω) a light summer-garment, opp. to *χειμάστριον*.

θερμαίνω, *ἔ* ἄνω: aor. I *ἐθέρμηνα*: (θερμός):—to warm, heat:—Pass. *to become warm* or *hot*, grow hot, glow: metaph. *θερμαίνεσθαι ἐλπίζει* *to glow with hope*.

θερμή, ἡ, (θερμός) *heat, feverish heat*. II. *θερμαί, αἱ*, hot-springs, Lat. *thermae*.

θερμό-βλυστος, ον, (θερμός, βλῦω) *hot-bubbling*.

θερμό-βουλος, ον, (θερμός, βουλή) *hot in counsel, rash*.

θερμό-δοτής, ον, ὁ, fem. *θερμό-δοτις*, ἰδοι, ἡ, (θερμός, δίδωμι) *one who brought the hot water* (Lat. *caldai*) *at baths or sacrifices*, Lat. *caldarius*.

θερμο-εργός, ὡν, = *θερμουργός*.

θερμό-νουα, ουν, (θερμός, νοῦα) *beated in mind*.

Θερμο-πόλαι, ἄν, αἱ, (θερμός, πύλη) *Hot-Gates*, a narrow pass, in which were hot-springs, the name of the famous pass from Thessaly to Locris; also called simply Πόλαι [Y]

θερμός, ἡ, ὡν, also poet. *ὁς, ὅν*, (θέρω) *warm, hot, boiling*. II. metaph. *hot, hasty, rash, reckless*. 2. *active, ready*.

III. *τὸ θερμὸν, heat*, Lat. *calor*: also, *θερμὸν* (sub. ὑδαρ), *hot drink*, Lat. *caldai*: τὰ θερμά (sub. χωρία), *hot places*, or (sub. λουτρά), *hot baths*.

ἘΡΜΟΣ, ὁ, *the Iupino*.

θερμο-τρώγειν, *ἡ* ἡσώ, (θερμός, τρώγω) *to eat Iupines*.

θερμ-ουργός, ὡν, (θερμός, ἔργον) *doing hot and busy acts, rash, reckless, impetuous*.

θερμῶ, only used in pres. imperat. and in impf. (θέρω) *to warm, heat, make hot*:—Pass. *to grow hot*.

θέρος, τό, (θέρω) *summer, summer-time: summer-heat: τὸ θέρος, absol., during summer; τοῦ θέρος in the course of summer*. II. *a harvest, a crop*.

ΘΕΡΩ, fut. *θερώω*, *to warm, heat*:—Homer uses only Pass. *θέρομαι*, with fut. med. *θέροσμαι*, aor. 2 *ἐθήρην* in subj. *θερέω* for *θερῶ*: *to become warm, grow hot, warm oneself*; πυρὸς θέρεσθαι *to be burnt with fire*.

θεῖς, aor. 2 imperat. of *τίθημι*.

θέσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of *τίθημι*.

θέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of *τίθημι*.

θέσθω, θέσθε, 3 sing. and 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. med. of *τίθημι*.

θέσις, ἑως, ἡ, (τίθημι) *a setting, placing, arranging: ἐπέων θέσις a setting of words in verse, poetry*. II. *a deposit of money, earnest-money*. III. *adoption as the child of some one; cf. θετός*. IV. (from Pass. *τίθεσθαι*) *a being placed, position, situation*. 2. *a position or thesis to be proved*. V. in metre

the last half of the foot, in which the voice falls, opp. to the first half (ἀπόσι), in which it rises.

θεο-κελος, ον, (θεός, ἔϊσκω, ἴσχω) *godlike: but generally, marvellous, wondrous, always of things, θεο-εἰκελος being used of persons; θεσκελα ἔργα works of wonder; neut. as Adv., ἔϊκτο δὲ θεσκελον αὐτῷ he was wondrous like him*.

θέσμιος Dor. τέθμιος, ον, (θεσμός) *according to law, lawful, legitimate*: θέσμια, τά, as Subst. *laws, customs, rites*.

θεσμο-θέτης, ου, δ, (θεσμός, τίθημι) *a lawgiver*. II. *the θεσμοθέται at Athens were the six junior archons: after their year expired they became members of the Areopagus*.

θεσμο-ποιέω, *ἡ* ἡσώ, (θεσμός, ποιέω) *to make laws*.

θεσμο-πόλος, ον, (θεσμός, πόλος) *conversant with laws or customs*.

θεσμός Dor. τεθμός, ὁ: integ. pl. *θεσμά, τά*: (τίθημι):—*a law, rule, ordinance, Lat. institutum: a rite, form, institution*. 2. at Athens, Draco's laws were called *θεσμοί*, because each began with the word *θεσμός*; Solon's laws were named νόμοι. Hence

θεσμοσύνη, ἡ, *justice*, like *δικαιοσύνη*.

θεσμοφóρεια, αν, τά, (θεσμοφόρος) *the Thesmophoria*, an ancient festival held by the Athenian women in honour of Demeter *Θεσμοφόρος*: it lasted three days from the 11th of Pyanepsion. Hence

θεσμοφορίαῖω, *ἡ* ἡσώ, *to keep the Thesmophoria*; at *θεσμοφορίαζουσαι*, a play of Aristophanes.

θεσμοφόριον, τό, *the temple of Demeter Θεσμοφόρος*.

θεσμο-φόρος, ον, (θεσμός, φέρω) *law-giving: epith. of Demeter, Lat. Ceres, as the goddess of tillage and civilised life; τὰ θεσμοφόρα Ceres and Proserpine, who were worshipped together at the Thesmophoria*.

θεσμο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, mostly in pl., *θεσμο-φύλακες*, like νομο-φύλακες, *guardians of the law*, a magistracy at Elis. [Y]

θεσ-πέσος, α, ον, also *ος, ον*, (θεός, ἔπος) *of the voice, divinely sweet*. II. *more than mortal or human: unspeakable, ineffable, and generally = θεῖος, divine: dat. fem. θεσπεσίῃ (sub. βουλῇ) as Adv., by the will of God*. 2. *wondrous, marvellous, excellent*. 3. *of anything sent by God, and so, awful, fearful*. Hence

θεσπεσίως, Adv. *in divine manner; θεσπεσίως ἐφύβηθεν they trembled unspeakably*.

θεσπύ-δάς, ἐς, (θέσις, δαίω λ) *kindled by a god*; θεσπίδαδαι πύρ, *supernatural, furious fire*.

θεσπι-έπεια, fem. Adj. (θέσις, ἔπος) *prophetic*.

θεσπίω: fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, Ion. inf. θεσπιέειν: aor. I *ἐθέσπισα* Dor. -ῖσα: (θέσις):—*to declare by oracle, prophesy, divine*.

θεσπιέασα, Dor. for θεστίσασα, aor. I part. fem. of *foreg.*

θέσπιος, ον, = *θεσπέσιος*.

θεσ-πίς, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (θεός, ἔπος) *inspired, prophetic, sacred*. II. = *θεῖος II, divine, wondrous awful*.

θέσπισμα, ατος, τό, (θεσπίω) *an oracle*.

θεσπιωδέω, *ἡ* ἡσώ, *to sing in prophetic strain*. From

θεσπιωδός, ὄν, (θέσπει, ᾠδή) singing in prophetic train, prophetic.

Θεσσαλός Att. Θετταλός, ὁ, fem. Θεσσαλίς, ἰδος, a Thessalian; also as Adj., Θεσσαλὸν σόφισμα a Thessalian trick, from the faithless character of the people. θέσασθαι, to pray for; a defect. poet. aor. 1, of which we find only 3 pl. θέσαντο, part. θεσάμενος. (Origin uncertain.)

θεσφάτης-λόγος, ον, (θεσφάτος, λέγω) prophetic. θεσφάτος, ον, (θεός, φημι) spoken by God, decreed, appointed, destined, Lat. fatalis: as Subst., θεσφάτα, τά, oracles. II. like θεῖος, made by God, divine.

Θετίδιον, τό, the temple of Thetis. From Θέτις, ἰδος, ὁ, Thetis, one of the Nereids, wife of Peleus, mother of Achilles.

θέτο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι. θετός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τίθημι, placed, set. II. adopted as one's child.

θεός, Dor. and Ion. aor. 2 imperat. med. of τίθημι.

θεύ-μορος, ον, Dor. for θεύμορος.

θεός, ὁ and ἡ, Dor. for θεός, a god.

θεύσομαι, I will run, fut. of θέω.

θευ-φορία, ἡ, Dor. for θεοφορία.

ΘΕΩ Ep. also θεῶ: fut. θεύσομαι:—to run; θέειν ῥεῖδιον to run over the plain; περὶ τρίποδος θέειν to run for a tripod; περὶ ψυχῆς Ἐκτορος θέειν to run for Hector's life; later also, θέειν τὸν περὶ τῆς ψυχῆς (sc. δρόμον) to run for one's life. II. of birds, to fly: of ships, to run; of the running wheel, of a rolling stone. III. of things which run in a continuous line, though not actually in motion; of anything circular, which seems to run round into itself, κυτρεῖ ἢ κυμάτῃ θεῖν ἀσπίδος the rim which ran round at the verge of the shield.

θεῶ, contr. for θεῶν, imperat. of θεάομαι.

θέωμεν, Ion. for θῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θεαρέω, ἔ, ἤσω, (θεαρός) to look at, view, behold, observe: esp. to be a spectator at the public games and festivals. 2. of the mind, like Lat. contemplari, to contemplate, consider. II. to be a θεωρός or state ambassador to the oracle or at the games. III. Causal in Soph. O. C. 1084, θεωρήσας τοῦμιν ὄμμα having made my eyes behold; but see ἑαρέω. Hence

θεώρημα, ατος, τό, a sight, spectacle. II. a thing contemplated by the mind, a principle deduced: in Mathematics, a theorem.

θεωρητήριον, τό, (θεαρέω) a seat in a theatre.

θεωρητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (θεαρέω) of or for speculation, theoretic.

θεωρία, ἡ, (θεαρέω) a looking at, viewing, beholding, observing; θεωρίας εἵνεκεν for the purpose of seeing the world: esp. the being a spectator at the public games. 2. of the mind, contemplation, reflection. II. the sending of θεωροί or state-ambassadors to the oracle or games: also the body of θεωροί themselves. 2. the office of θεωρός. III. pass. a sight, spectacle.

θεωρός, ἡ, ὄν, (θεαρός) of or belonging to spectators or to the sacred ambassadors (θεαροί).

τά θεωρικά (sub. χρήματα) the money, which, from the time of Pericles, was given from the treasury to the poor citizens, to pay for their seats at the theatre (at 2 obois the seat), but also for other purposes.

θεωρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, with and without ναῦς, a sacred ship which carried the θεωροί to their destination; used also for other state-purposes. From

θεωρός, ὁ, (θεός, ὥρα) a spectator, observer, one who travels to see men and things. II. an ambassador, sent by the state to consult an oracle:—the Athenians sent θεωροί to the Delphic oracle, to Delos, and to the four great Hellenic games, the Olympian, Pythian, Nemean, and Isthmian.

θεώτερος, α, ον, Comp. of θεός, more divine.

Θηβα-γενής, ἐς, (Θήβη, γενέσθαι) sprung from Thebes, born at Thebes, Theban.

Θηβαῖα, Adv. at Thebes.

Θηβαῖε, Adv. to or towards Thebes. From

ΘΗΒΑΙ, α, α, poet. also Θήβη, ἡ, Thebes, the name of several cities, of which the most famous are the Egyptian, the Boeotian, and another in the Troad, all in Homer, who uses both sing. and plur. of all. Hence

Θηβα-γενής, ἐς, —Θηβα-γενής: and—

Θηβαίεύς, ἑως Ion. ἑος, epith. of Jove, Theban:—so Θηβαῖος, α, ον, and Θηβαϊκός, ἡ, ὄν, Theban.

Θηβαῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, (Θήβαι) the Thebais, i. e. territory of Thebes. II. the Thēbaîd, a poem on the siege of Thebes.

Θήβασδε, poet. Adv., —ὠήβαζε.

Θήβη, ν. Θήβαι.

Θήβησιν poet. Θήβησι, (Θήβαι) Adv. at Thebes.

θηγᾶλος, α, ον, (θήγω) pointed, sharp. II. act. sharpening.

θηγάνη, ἡ, (θήγω) a whetstone: metaph. anything to whet one's fury, a provocative to rage. [ᾗ]

θηγάνω, —θήγω.

ΘΗΓΩ, f. θήξω: aor. 1 θήξα:—Pass., pf. τέθηγμαι:—to sharpen, whet:—Med., δύνω θήξασθαι to whet one's spear. K. metaph. to sharpen, provoke, irritate.

θηέιτο, 3 sing. impf. of θηέομαι.

θηέομαι, f. —ήσομαι, Ion. for ἵψω θεάομαι: Dor. θιέομαι:—to look on, gaze at, observe, admire: impf. 3 sing. ἔθηετο Ep. θηέιτο, Ion. 3 pl. ἔθηευντο Ep. θηέυντο; ἰθηέμεσθα Ion. 1 pl.; δηέμενος Ion. part.: ἡγήσω, —αυτο 2 and 3 pl. aor. 1 ὤπα: cf. θάομαι.

θηής, Ep. for θής, 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θηητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, Ion. for θεατής, (θηέομαι) one who gazes at, an admirer.

θηητός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for θεατός, gazed at, to be looked at or admired, wondrous.

θήϊον, τό, Ep. for θεῖον, brimstone.

θήϊος, Ep. for θεῖος, divine.

θήκα, Ep. aor. 1 of τίθημι.

θηκαῖος, α, ον, like a chest or coffin, belonging to a

sepulchre of the dead; οἰκημα θηκαῖον *a burial vault*.
From

θήκη, ἡ, (τίθημι) *a case to put anything in, a box, chest: a place for putting corpses in, a grave, vault.*

θηκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of θήγω, sharpened.

θηλάω, fut. ἄσω Dor. ἄξω: (θηλή) —to give suck,

suckle. II. of the child, to suck; θηλάζων sucking,

θήλαα, Ion. fem. of θήλυς.

θηλέω Dor. θαλέω, f. ἴσω, (θηλή) to flourish, abound;
e. gen., λειμῶνες τοῦ ἡδὲ σελεύου θήλεον the meadows
were rich with violets and parsley. II. to make
to bloom.

θηλή, ἡ, (τέθλα) the part of the breast which gives
suck, the teat, nipple.

θηλυ-γενής, ἐς, (θήλυς, γενέσθαι) of female sex.

θηλυ-γλωσσος, ον, (θήλυς, γλώσσα) with woman's
tongue.

θηλυδρίας, ον, ὁ, Ion. -λης, (θήλυς) an effeminate
person.

θηλυδρι-ώδης, ἐς, (θηλυδρίας, εἶδος) of womanish
kind, effeminate.

θηλυ-κράτης, ἐς, (θήλυς, κρατέω) swaying women.

θηλυ-κτόνος, ον, (θήλυς, κτείνω) slaying by women's
hands.

θηλυ-μάνης, ἐς, (θήλυς, μανῆναι) mad for women.

θηλυ-μελής, ἐς, (θήλυς, μέλος) singing in soft
strain.

θηλυ-μίτρης, ον, ὁ, (θήλυς, μίτρα) with a woman's
head-dress: fem. θηλυμίτρις, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ.

θηλυ-μορφος, ον, (θήλυς, μορφή) woman-shaped.

θηλυ-νοος, νοον, contr. θηλύνους, ουν, (θήλυς, νοός
of womanish mind.

θηλύνω, f. ὕνω: aor. I ἐθήλυνα:—to make weak and
womanish:—Pass. to become so.

θηλυ-πούς, ὁ, ἡ, -πων, τό, gen. -ποδος, (θήλυς, ποῖς)
θηλύνου βάσις the tread of female foot.

θηλυ-πρεπής, ἐς, (θήλυς, πρέπω) befitting a woman.

θήλυς, εἰα, υ, also fem. θήλυς: Ep. and Ion. fem.
θήλει, acc. θήλειαν, pl. θήλειαι, -εας: (τέθλα):—
of female sex, female, opp. to ἀρρην; θήλεια θεῖς a
goddess; θήλεια ἵπποι mares. 2. generally, of or
belonging to women; τὸ θήλυ the female sex. II.

of things, 1. fruitful, prolific, prolificating. 2.

tender, delicate: in bad sense, womanish, weak, effemi-
nate. III. the Comp. θηλύτερος, α, ον [ῥ], is
used like the Positive in the phrases θηλύτεραι θεαί
or γυναικες.

θηλυ-σπορος, ον, (θήλυς, σπείρω) born of woman;
γίνα θηλυσπορος a race of females.

θηλύτερος, α, ον, γ. θήλυς sub fin.

θηλυ-τόκος, ον, (θήλυς, τεκεῖν) bearing girls.

θηλυ-φρων, ον, (θήλυς, φρήν) of woman's mind.

θηλυ-χίτων, gen. ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (θήλυς, χιτών) with a
woman's frock or dress. [1]

θήμερος, by crasis for τῇ ἡμέρᾳ.

θήμετερον, by crasis for τοῦ ἡμετέρου.

θήμενον, by crasis for τὸ ἡμῶν.

θημῶν, ὄνος, ὁ, (τίθημι) like θαμῶς, a bear

θήν, an Ep. enclitic Particle, rare in Att. Poets, surely
now; ἢ θην in very truth; οὐ θην surely not.

θηξάσθω, 3 sing. aor. I imperat. med. of θήγω.

θηόδο, Ep. for θεῖο, 2 sing. opt. of θηέομαι.

ΘΗΨ, θηρῦς, Ep. dat. pl. θήρεσσι, ὁ, a wild beast, a
beast of prey: joined with a Subst., as θήρ λέων. 2.
any monster, as the sphinx; often of the centaurs:
also satyrs.

θήρα Ion. θήρη, ἡ, (θήρ) a hunting, pursuit of wild
beasts, the chase:—eager pursuit of anything. II.

in collective sense, the beasts, the game, quarry.

θηρ-αγρέτης, ον, ὁ, (θήρα, ἀγρεύω) a hunter.

θηράμα, ατος, τό, (θηράω) that which is caught, prey,
booty.

θηράσμιος, ον, (θηράω) to be caught or won.

θηρατέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of θηράω, to be caught or
won. II. θηρατέον, one must catch or win.

θηρατής, ον, ὁ, (θηράω) a hunter, hunter after.

θηρατικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the chase, devoted to
hunting; τὰ θηρατικά τῶν φίλων the arts for winning
friends.

θηρατρον, τό, (θηράω) a thing to catch with, a net, trap

θηράω, f. ἄσω or θηράσσομαι: (θήρα):—to hunt wild
beasts, to chase, pursue, catch. 2. metaph., like

Lat. venari, to hunt after a thing, pursue, seek it
eagerly. II. the Med. θηρῶμαι is used in Act.

sense, to hunt after, seek for: also in Pass. to be hunted,
pursued.

θήρε, dual. nom. of θήρ

θήρεος, ον, (θήρ) of, belonging to wild beasts, Lat.
ferinus: θηρεία βία, periph. for ὁ θήρ, the centaur

θήρεσσι, Ep. for θηροί, dat. pl. of θήρ

θηρευμα, ατος, τό, (θηρευω) spoil, prey, game II
bunting.

θήρευσις, εως, ἡ, (θηρευω) a hunting, the chase: me-
taph. a hunting after.

θηρευτής, ον, ὁ, (θηρεύω) a hunter; κύνεςσι και ἀν-
δράσι θηρευτήσιν with hounds and hunters also
a fisher. Hence

θηρευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of, belonging to the chase or hunt-
ing: κύνες θ. hunting dogs, bounds: ἡ θηρευτικὴ with
and without τέχνη, the art of hunting, the chase

θηρεύω, f. σῶ (θήρ)—θηράω, to hunt, run down,
catch: to hit, strike: metaph. to hunt or seek after

Pass. to be hunted: also to be preyed upon

θηρέω, Ion. and Dor. for θηράω

θηρημα, τό, Ion. for θήραμα.

θηρητήρ, ἥρος, and θηρητῶρ, ὀρος, ὁ, Ep. and Ion.
for θηρατής, a hunter.

θηριομάχew, f. ὄνος, (θηρίον, μάχομαι) a fight with
wild beasts. From

θηριο-μάχος, ον, fighting with wild beasts

θηρίον, τό, in form a Dim. of θήρ, but used for it
almost always in Prose, a wild animal, be- esp. of

such as are hunted, game: a beast, brute, as opp. to
birds and men. II. as real Dim. of θήρ, a little
animal. III. as a term of reproach, beast! like

Lat. bellua, ὦ δειλότατον οὐ θηρίον.

θηριώδης, *es*, (θηρίον, εἶδος) *full of wild beasts, infected by them*, Lat. *belluinus*. II. *brutal in manners or nature, wild, savage*, Lat. *belluinus*.

θηροβολέω, *f. hsw*, *to strike or kill wild beasts*. From

θηροβόλος, *ov*, (θήρ, βάλλω) *killing wild beasts*.

θηροβότος, *ov*, (θήρ, βόσκει) *fed on by wild beasts*.

θηρόθυμος, *ov*, (θήρ, θυμός) *with brutal mind, brutal*.

θηροκτόνος, *ov*, (θήρ, κτείνω) *killing wild beasts*.

θηροολότης, *ov*, *δ*, (θήρ, δαλνυμι) *a slayer of beasts*.

θηρονόμος, *ov*, (θήρ, νέμω) *feeding wild beasts*.

θηροσκοπός, *ov*, (θήρ, σκοπέω) *looking out for wild beasts*.

θηροσύνη, *ή*, (θήρ) *bunting, the chase*.

θηροτόκος, *ov*, (θήρ, τεκείν) *producing wild beasts*.

θηροτρόφος, *ov*, (θήρ, τρέφω) *feeding wild beasts*. II. *proparo. θιλότροφος, pass. fed by*

beasts, feeding on them.

θηροφόνος, *ov*, also *η*, *ov*, (θήρ, φένω) *slaying wild beasts*.

θηρσί, *dat. pl. of θήρ*.

θηρῶν, *crasis for τὸ ἥρῶν*.

ΘΗΣ, *θητός, δ*, *a serf or villain, who is bound to the soil*, Lat. *ascriptus glebae*: also *a hired labourer*.

They formed the last of Solon's four tribes, the other three being the πεντακοσιομέδμοι, ἱππεῖς, ζευγίται.

This class took in all whose property in land yielded less than 150 medimni: they were generally excluded

from public service, but were employed as light-armed troops and seamen, and, in case of need, as heavy-

armed. II. *fem. θήσσα Att. θήττα, ή*, *a labouring girl*. 2. as Adj., *θήσσα τράπεζα a menial's fare*.

θήσσα, *aor. i inf. of θάω, to suckle*.

θησαίοτο, *aor. i pl. aor. i opt. of θάομαι = θεάομαι*.

θησάμενος, *aor. i part. med. of θάω, to suckle*.

θησάρο, *3 sing. aor. i med. of θάω, to suckle*.

θησαυρίζω, *f. iow*, (θησαυρίς) *to store or treasure up, lay by: of fruits, to lay up in store, preserve* Hence

θησαύρισμα, *ατος, τό*, *a store, treasure*.

θησαυρός, *δ*, (θήσω, fut. of τί-θημι) *a store laid up, treasure*. II. *a store or treasure-house: any receptacle for valuables, a chest, casket*.

Θησεῖον, *τό*, (Θησεύς) *the temple of Theseus, a sanctuary for runaway slaves*. II. *τὰ Θησεῖα (sub. λέρά)*, *the festival of Theseus*.

θησεῖς, *θησῶ*, Dor. 2 and i sing. fut. of τίθημι.

θησεῖω, *Desiderat. of τίθημι, I wish to place*.

θησέμεναι, *θησέμεν*, Ep. fut. inf. of τίθημι.

θησεύμεθα, *Dor. i pl. fut. med. of τίθημι*.

Θησεύς, *έως, δ*, *Theseus, the most famous of the heroes of Athens*. (Prob. from τί-θημι, *the Seiler, Civiliser*.)

θησῶμαι, *pres. inf. pass. of θάω, to suckle*.

θήσσω Att. θήττα, *fem. of θής*.

θήσω, *fut. of τίθημι*.

θητεία, *ή*, (θητεύω) *hired service*.

θητεύω, *f. σω*, (θής) *to be a menial, serve for hire*.

θητικός, *ή, όν*, (θής) *fit for menial service, menial*.

θήττα, *Att. for θήσσα*.

-θι, *insep. affix, added to several Nouns, denoting the place at which, as, ἀγρόθι, οἰκοθι, in the fields, at home*. Like -θεν, it was originally a genitive termination, as in Ἰαίδι πρό, ἡῶθι πρό.

θιάς-άρχης, *ov, δ*, (θιάςος, ἀρχω) *the chief or leader of a sacred band of revellers*.

θιάσεια, *ή*, *revelling*. From

θιάσεύω, (θιάσος) *to honour with sacred revelry*:—Pass., *θιασεύεται ψυχάν* *he has his soul imbued with Bacchic revelry*.

ΘΙΑΣΟΣ, *δ*, *a company or procession of persons dancing and singing in honour of a god, esp. of Bacchus, a band of Bacchic revellers*. 2. *any company or troop*. Hence

θιάσῶ, *to make into a festive company*.

θιάσως, *Dor. acc. pl. of θιάσος*.

θιάσώτης, *ov, δ*, (θιάσώ) *the member of a company of revellers*: c. gen., *θιασώται τοῦ ἔργου* *workershipers or followers of Love*.

θυγγάνω, *lengthd. form of Root ΘΠ-* (which appears in *aor. 2* and in *te-tigi, pf. of tango*): fut. *θίγομαι*: *aor. 2* *ἐθίγον*:—*to touch lightly, just touch, less strong than ἅπτομαι*; then generally *to touch: to touch, attempt: to reach, gain*.

θυγείν Ep. *θυγέμεν*, *aor. 2 inf. of θυγγάνω*.

θυγῆμα, *ματος, τό*, (θυγείν) *a touch*.

θίγομαι, *fut. of θυγγάνω*.

ΘΙΣ, *gen. θινός, Ep. δ*, *la. et ή*:—*a heap of sand on the beach: hence the beach, shore, strand*: in pl. *θίνες, sand-heaps, sand-banks*:—then *any heap*: *θίνες νεκρῶν* *heaps of dead*; *δυτέβιν θίς* *a heap of bones*. 2. *the sand at the bottom of the sea*; *θίς κελεύσα* *a dark, muddy bottom*: metaph., *ὡς μὲν τὸν θίνα ταράττεις* *how thou troublest the very bottom of my heart*.

θλαστός, *ή, όν*, *crushed, bruised*. From

ΘΛΑΪΩ, *inf. θλᾶν*: fut. *θλάσω* [ᾶ]: *aor. i* *ἐθλάσα* Ep. *θλάσσα*:—Pass., *pf. τέθλασμαι*:—*to crush, bruise, pound, bray*.

ΘΛΙΒΩ [εἶ]: fut. *θλιψω*: *aor. i* *ἐθλίψα*:—Pass., *aor. i* *ἐθλίφην*, *aor. 2* *ἐθλίβην* [χ]: *pf. τέθλιμμαι*:—*to press, press hard, gall*:—Med., *θλίβεται ὤμους* *he will rub his shoulders*. 2. *metaph. to oppress, afflict, distress*: *pf. part. τεθλιμμένος*, *hemmed in, confined, narrow*. Hence

θλίψις, *εως, ή*, *a pressing, pressure*. 2. *metaph. oppression, affliction*.

θνήσκει, *Dor. for θνήσκει*.

θνατός, *Dor. for θνητός*.

θυήσκω, *lengthd. form from Root ΘΑΝ-*: fut. *θάνομαι*, Ep. *inf. θανέσθαι*: *aor. 2* *ἐθανον*, Ep. *inf. θανέειν*: *pf. τέθνηκα*, whence *syncop. pl. τέθνᾶμεν, τέθνᾶτε, τεθνᾶσι*: *imperat. τέθνᾶθι*; opt. *τεθνᾶιν*; *inf. τεθνᾶναι* [ᾶ] Ep. *τεθνᾶμεν, τεθνᾶμεναι* [ᾶ], rarely *τεθνᾶναι*; *part. τεθνεώς, τεθνεώσα, τεθνεώς* (or *τεθνεός*) Ep. *τεθνήκας*, *gen. ὡτος* Ep. also *τεθνήκους*; 3 pl. *plqpf. ἐτεθνᾶσαν*:—from *τέθνηκα* arose the Att. future forms *τεθνήξω, τεθνήξομαι*:—*to be dying, to die*, Lat.

morior:—perf. τέθηκα I have died, am dead; so too aor. 2 έθανον, I died, am dead; part. θανών, dead, Lat. *mortuus*. II. metaph. of things, to die, perish.

θητο-γενής, ές, (θνητός, γενέσθαι) oorn of mortals, of mortal race.

θητο-ειδής, ές, (θνητός, είδος) of mortal nature.

θνητός, ή, όν, also ές, όν: Dor. θνατός, ά, όν, (θνήσκω):—mortal, opp. to άθανατος; θνητοί mortals. 2. of things, befitting mortals, human.

θοάζω, (θοός) trans. to move quickly, ply rapidly, dispartcb. a. intr. to move oneself quickly, hurry along. II.—θάσσω, θακίω, to sit.

θωιατιδίων, by crasis for τό ιπατιδίων.

θωιμάτιον, by crasis for τό ιμάτιον.

θωινάω, (θωινή) —θωινάω, to feast. Hence

θωινάμα, ατος, τό, a meal, feast.

θωινάτηρ, ήρος, ό, (θωινάω) a feaster.

θωινάτηριος, ον, (θωινάω) of or for a feast.

θωινάτικός, ή, όν, (θωινάω) of or for a feast.

θωινάτωρ, ορος, ό, —θωινάτηρ. [ά]

θωινάω, f. ήσω, to feast on, eat. II. to feast, entertain:—hence in Med. or Pass., with fut. med. θωινάσομαι, aor. 1 pass. έθωινήθη, pf. τεθωινάμαι:—to feast: to feast on, eat. From

ΘΟΥΝΗ, ή, a meal, feast, banquet, dinner: generally, food, provender.

θωινήτωρ, ό, Ion. for θωινάτωρ.

θωινίζω, f. σω, (θωινή) to feast, entertain.

θωίτο, for θείτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. med. of τίθημι.

θωλερός, ά, όν, (θολός) muddy, thick, troubled, Lat. *turbidus*, properly of water. II. metaph. troubled by passion, turbid, agitated.

θόλια, ή, (θόλος) a round bat to keep the sun off.

ΘΟΛΟΣ, ή, a dome or circular vault: generally, any round or vaulted building. 2. at Athens, the round chamber in which the Prytanes dined.

ΘΟΛΟΣ, ό, mud. II. the dark juice of the cuttle-fish (*sepia*), which it emits to hide itself, Lat. *Idolo*. Hence

θολός, f. ώσω, to make muddy, turbid: metaph. like Lat. *perturbare*, to trouble, disquiet.

θός, ή, όν, (θέω) quick, active, ready; θοή νύξ quick-passing night; θοή δαίς a hasty meal. II. sharp, pointed, of rocky islands or headlands.

θόω, f. ώσω, (θός) to make sharp or pointed.

θόρε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of θράσσω.

θορεύω, aor. 2 inf. of θράσσω.

θορή, ή, —θόρος.

θόρνυμαι and θορνύομαι, Dep., collat. form, of θράνναι, to leap, esp. to pair, mate, couple.

θόρος, ό, (θορεύω) the ismen genitalis of the male.

θοροόμαι, fut. of θράνναι.

θορουβείω, Dor. 3 pl. of θορουβέω.

θορυβέω, f. ήσω, (θόρυβος) to make an uproar, mostly of a crowded assembly, in token either of approbation or the contrary: hence, 1. to cheer, applaud. 2. to groan, murmur at one. II.

trans. to trouble, disturb with noise or tumult:—Pass. to be troubled: to be in disorder or confusion. Hence θορυβητικός, ή, όν, inclined to riot, tumultuous.

ΘΟΥΡΥΒΟΣ, ό, the noise of a crowded assembly, 1. in token of approbation, applause, cheers. 2. the contrary, a clamour, uproar, groaning.

θορώω, aor. 2 part. of θράσσω.

θοώ, Att. imperat. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.

θούδαρ, θαύδατος, by crasis for τό ύδαρ, τοῦ ύδατος.

Θουριό-μαντις, εας, ό, (Θοίριον, μάντις) a Thuriian prophet, generally a soothsayer.

θούρις, ιδος, ή, fem. of εγ.

θούριος, ό, (θορεύω) leaping, rushing, impetuous, eager—fem. θούρις, ιδος, mostly as epith. of αλκή impetuous night; θούρις άσπίς shield of impetuous warrior.

θώκος, ό, Ep. lengthd. from θώκος, a seat. 2. a sitting, assembly.

θώς, Adv. of θοός, quickly, soon.

Θράκη Ion. Θρηκή poet. Θρηκή, ή, Thrace.

Θρηκίος, α, ον, Ion. Θρηκίος poet. Θρηκίως, (Θράξ) of or belonging to the Thracians, Thracian.

θράνευω, f. σω, (θράνω) to stretch on the tanner's board, to tan: θοανεύσομαι, fut. med. in pass. sense, to be tanned.

θράνιον, τό, Dim. of θράνω, a small bench, stool.

θράνιτης, ον, ό, (θράνω) one of the rowers on the topmost of the three benches in a trireme, who had the longest oars and most work; cf. ζυγίτης, θαλαμίτης. [I]

θράνιτις, ιδος, ή, fem. of θρανιτης.

ΘΡΑΝΟΣ, ό, a bench, form: esp. the topmost of the three benches in a trireme.

Θράξ, Θρακίος, ό; Ion. Θρηξ, Θρηκίος, poet. Θρηξ, Θρηκίος, a Thracian.

θράξαι, θράξω, aor. 1 inf. and imper. of θράσσω.

θράσσεως, Adv. of θρασύς, boldly: Comp. θρασύτερον, Sup. —ύτατα.

ΘΡΑΣΥΟΣ, εας, τό, —θάρσος, courage, confidence: in bad sense, over-boldness, daring, rashness, presumption, impudence. [ά]

Θράσσα Att. Θράττα, ή, Ion. and poet. Θρησσα Dor. Θρήσσα, a Thracian woman.

θράσσω Att. θράττω, fut. έω, Att. contr. from θάρασσω, to trouble, disquiet, disturb.

θράσσυ-γυιος, ον, (θρασύς, γυίον) relying on strength of limb.

θράσσυ-καρδιος, ον, (θρασύς, καρδία) bold of heart; stout-hearted.

θράσσυ-μένων, ον, gen. ονος, (θρασύς, μένω) bravely patient: cf. Μέμωνας.

θράσσυ-μήθης, ες, (θρασύς, μήθος) bold of device, daring, resolute.

θράσσυ-μηχης, ιδος, ό, ή, (θρασύς, μήτις) —θρασυμήτης, θράσσυ-μηχάνος Dor. —μάχανος, ον, (θρασύς, μηχανή) bold in scheming or contriving.

θράσσυ-μυθος, ον, (θρασύς, μυθος) bold of speech.

θρασύνη, f. ὕνῳ (θρασύς) like θαρσύνω, to make bold, encourage:—Pass. and Med. to be bold, ready, courageous: θρασύνεσθαι τινα to rely on one.

θρασύ-πόλεμος poet. θρασυπτόλεμος, ov, (θρασύς, πόλεμος) bold in war.

θρασύ-πονος, ov, (θρασύς, πόνος) bold as work.

ΘΡΑΣΥΤΗΣ, αἰα, i', bold, spirited, resolute: in bad sense, rash, venturesome, presumptuous. II. of things, causing confidence, safe

θρασύ-σπλαγχνος, ov, (θρασύς, σπλάγχνον) bold-hearted.

θράσυστομέω, to be over-bold of tongue. Hence θράσυστομία, δ, licence of speech, insolence. From θρασύ-στομος, ov (θρασύς, στόμα) over-bold of tongue, insolent.

θράσυστος, ητος, η, (θρασύς) over-boldness, rashness, audaciousness. [5]

θρασύ-χειρ, χειρός, δ, (θρασύς, χεῖρ) η, bold of hand.

Θράττα, Att. for Θράτσα.

θράττω, Att. for θράσσω.

θραυο-άντης, ὕγος, δ, η, (θραύω, άντης) breaking wheels.

θραύμα, τό, that which is broken, a fragment. From ΘΡΑΥΩ, f. σω: aor. i. θραύσαι:—to break, break in pieces, shiver, shatter. II. metaph. to break down, enfeeble.

θρέμμα, ατος, το, (τρέφω) that which is reared or tended, a nursing: a creature.

θρέμασκον, Ion. for θρέψων, 3 pl. aor. i of τρέχω.

θρέβομαι, fut. of τρέχω.

θρέπτρα, η, fem. of θρεπτήρ.

θρεπτός, έας, έον, verb. Adj. of τρέφω, to be fed. II. θρεπτέον, ουδ must feed. 2. (from Pass.) one must be fed.

θρεπτήρ, ηρος, δ, (τρέφω) a feeder, rearer. Hence θρεπτήριος, ov, able to feed, feeding, nourishing.

II. θρεπτήρια, τά, rewards for rearing, esp. the returns made by children for their rearing. 2. food, support.

θρεπτήριον, τά, (τρέφω) like θρεπτήρια, the returns made by children for their bringing up, filial duty.

θρεπτήνελδ, a round imitative of the cithara.

θρέττε, τό, —τό θαρραλέον or θάρσος, barbarism in Ar. Eq. 17, ουκ ένι μοι τό θρέττε, the spirit's not in me.

θρεσθήναι, aor. i pass. inf. of τρέφω.

θρέψα, poet. for έθρεψα, aor. i of τρέφω.

θρέψαι, 2 sing. aor. i med. opt. of τρέφω.

θρέψω, fut. oi τρέφω.

ΘΡΕΨΩ, only used in pres. and unpf. med., to cry aloud, shriek out, wail, lament.

Θρηκίλη, η, Ep. for Θρήκη.

Θρηκίος, η, ov, Ep. for Θρήκιος, Θράκιος.

Θρήξ, έκος, δ, Ion. for Θρήξ, Θράξ.

Θρήτσα, η, Ion. for Θρήτσα, Θρήτσα.

Θρηκη, η, Ion. for Θράκη. Hence

Θρηκηθεν, Adv. from Thrace: and

Θρηκηνδε, Adv. to Thrace.

Θρήκιος, η, ov, Ion. for Θράκιος, Thracian.

θρήνέω, f. ήσω, (θρήνος) to wail, lament, mourn

δοιδήν θρηνείν to sing a dirge or lament. Hence

θρήνημα, ατος, τό, a lament; and

θρηνητήρ, ηρος, δ, θρηνητής, ου, a mourner, wailer.

θρήνος, δ, (θρέω) a wailing, lamenting: a funeral

song, dirge, like the Gaelic coronach.

θρήνως, vos, δ, (θράνος) a footstool. 2. a bench:

θρήνως έπταπόδη, the seven-foot bench, the seat of the helmsman or the rowers.

Θρήξ, ηκος, δ, Ion. for Θράξ.

θρησκεία, Ion. —ητή, η, (θρησκεύω) religious worship, service, observance: religion.

θρησκευώ, f. σω, (θρήσκοι) to observe religiously. bold scrupulously.

θρησκίη, Ion. for θρησκεία.

ΘΡΗΣΚΟΣ, ov, religious.

Θρήτσα, Ion. for Θράτσα.

Θρίαλ, ών, αλ, the Thriae, Parnassian nymphs nurses of Apollo.

θρίαμβεύω, f. σω, (θρίαμβος) to triumph. II. to lead in triumph. III. to make to triumph.

θριαμβικός, η, όν, triumphal. From θρίαμβος, δ, a hymn to Bacchus: also a name of Bacchus.

II. used to express the Roman triumphus, a triumph.

θριγκίον, τό, Dim. of θριγκός.

ΘΡΙΓΚΟΣ, δ, the coping, eaves, cornices, which projects beyond the rest of the wall; θριγκός ενάντιοις a cornice of blue metal:—metaph. the coping-stone, last finish. II. generally a wall, fence. Hence

θριγκώω, f. ώσω, to surround with a coping; αλλήν έθριγκώων έξέρδω he fenced it at top with thorn-bushes:—metaph. to build up even to the coping-stone, to put the finishing stroke to. Hence

θρίγκωμα, τό, a coping, cornice.

ΘΡΙΔΑΣ, άκος, η, lettuce, Lat. lactuca. [7]

θρίξ, poet. syncop. for θρίξω.

Θρίν-ακλα Ep. —λη, η, and Θρίν-ακρτε, ίδος, η, (Θρίναξ) the trident-land, sub. γη or νήσος, an old name of Sicily from its three promontories, Lat. Trinacria.

θρίναξ, άκος, δ, (for τρίναξ, from τρίς) a trident,

three-pronged fork.

ΘΡΙΞ, η, gen. τρήχας, dat. pl. θρίξ:—the hair, both of man and beast; sheep's wool: also of the beard:—Proverb., θρίξ άνά μέσσον only a hair's breadth off.

ΘΡΙΟΝ, τό, a fig-leaf. I. a kind of omelette, so called because it was wrapped in fig-leaves.

ΘΡΙΟΣ, δ, one of the reeds or little ropes on the lower part of the sail, used to take it in.

θρίπ-ήδεστος, ov, (θρίψ, έδω) worms-eaten.

θρίψ, gen. θρίπτος, δ, (τρίβω) a wood-worm.

θροέω, f. ήσω, (θρός) to cry aloud, shriek forth: generally, to speak, declare. II. to frighten:—

Pass. to be frightened or troubled.

ΘΡΟΜΒΟΣ, δ, a lump, piece, Lat. grumus: a clot or gout of blood.

θρομβώδης, es, (θρόμβος, έιδος) curdled, clotting.

θρόνον, τό, only in plur. θρόνα, flowers or patterns embroidered on cloths. II. later, θρόνα are flowers or herbs used as charms. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΘΡΟΝΟΣ, ὁ, a seat, chair. II. a chair of state, throne: the chair of a judge, teacher, etc.: in pl. the king's seats or dignity.

θρόος Att. contr. θρούς, δ, (θρέω) a confused noise, tumult, murmuring. II. a report, Lat. rumor.

θρῶαλλιδιον, τό, Dim. of θρῶαλλια.

ΘΡΥΛΛΙΣ, ἰσος, ἡ, a wick.

θρῦλῶ (vulgo θρῦλλῶ) : f. ἦσω : pass. pf. τεθρῦλῃμαι : (θρῦλος) :—to make a noise, to keep babbling.

II. c. acc. rei, to keep talking about a thing, make a great talk of:—Pass. to be the common talk, τὸ θρῦλουμένον or τεθρῦλημένον what is in every one's mouth.

θρῦλλῖζω (vulgo θρῦλλῖζω), f. ἰσω : (θρῦλος) :—to make a false note in playing on the citara.

θρῦλισσω (vulgo θρῦλλισσω) to break in pieces:—Pass. to be shivered; Ep. aor. I θρῦλιχθην. (Akin to θραύω, θρύπτω.) Hence

ΘΡΥΛΟΣ (vulgo θρῦλλος), ὁ, a confused noise, shouting, tumult, murmuring.

θρύμμα, ατος, τό, (θρύπτω) a piece broken off, a bit, piece, morsel.

ΘΡΥΠΤΟΝ, τό, a rush, Lat. juncus.

θρυπτικός, ὁ, ὄν, breaking, crushing. II. pass. easily broken: metaph. effeminate, enervated. From

ΘΡΥΠΤΩ, f. θρύψω : aor. I ἐθρύψην :—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense, θρύψομαι : aor. 2 ἐθρύψην [ῥ] : pf. τέθρυμμαι :—to break in pieces, crush :—Pass. to be broken, crushed.

II. metaph. in Pass. to be enfeebled, enervated.

III. in Pass. also, to be affected, give oneself airs, look languishing: generally, to be consoled; θρύπτεσθαι τι, to feel pride in a thing. Hence

θρύψια, εως, ἡ, a breaking in pieces. II. metaph. softness, weakness, effeminacy.

θρῶσκω, lengthen from the Root ΘΟΡ-, which appears in fut. and aor. 2 : fut. θορεύμαι Ion. θορέομαι : aor. 2 ἐθορον, inf. θορεῖν Ep. θορέειν :—to leap, spring, as the arrow from the string, or the lot from the helmet.

a. foll. by Prep., to leap or spring upon one, to attack, assault. II. trans. to mount, impregnate. θρῶσμός, ὁ, (θρῶσκω) a springing or rising, as of a hill from the plain.

ΘΥΒΡΙΑΣ, ἄδος, ἡ, and Θύβρις, ἰδος, ἡ, = θυμβ-

ΘΥΓΑΤΗΡ, ἡ, gen. θυγάτηρ contr. θυγατρός, dat. θυγάτερι θυγατρί, acc. θυγάτερα Ep. θυγάτρα, voc. θυγάτερ : a daughter. Hence

θυγατριδῆ, ἡ, a daughter's daughter, grand-daughter.

θυγατριδούς, οῦ, Ion. -ιδέος, ἰου, δ, a daughter's son, grandson.

θυγάτριον, τό, Dim. of θυγάτηρ, a little girl.

θύεα, ἡ, (θύω) a mortal. Hence

θύειδιον, τό, Dim. of θύεα.

θύελλα, ἡ, (θύω) a storm, a hurricane, whirlwind,

tempest; πυρός θύελλα storms of lightning; ἀγρὸς θύελλα storms of war.

θύεων, gen. pl. of θύος.

θυη-δέχομαι, (θύος, δέχομαι) receiving incense.

θύηται, εσσα, σ, (θύος) smoking with incense, fragrant.

θυηλή, ἡ, (θύω) the part of the victim burned: a burnt-offering or sacrifice.

θυητολῶ, f. ἦσω, to busy oneself with sacrifices:—Pass. to be filled with sacrifices. And

θυητολία, ἡ, a sacrificing. From

θύη-πέλος, σ, (θύω, πέλω) busy about sacrificing sacrificial: as Subst. a sacrifice, a priest.

θύη-φάγος, σ, (θύος, φαγεῖν) consuming offerings: θύα or θύα [ῥ], δ, (from θύω to smell) a sweet-scented African tree, perhaps a kind of cedar.

θύαια, ὤν, αἰ, -θυιάδες.

θύας or θύας, γεν. ἄδος, ἡ, (θύω) a frantic or inspired woman, Bacchante.

θύινος, η, σ, made of the wood of the tree θύα.

θύω, = θύω, to rage, be inspired.

θύλακion, τό, Dim. of θύλακος, a small bag.

ΘΥΛΑΚΟΣ, ὁ, a bag, pouch, commonly of leather. II. in pl. the loose trousers worn by Eastern nations.

θυλόμαι, f. -ήσομαι, (θυλή) Dep. to offer. Hence θύλημα, τό, that which is offered; θυλήματα cakes, incense, etc. [ῥ]

θύμα, ατος, τό, (θύω) a sacrifice, offering; πάγ-καρπα θύματα offerings of all fruits.

θυμαίνω, f. ἄνω, (θυμός) to be wrath or angry.

θυμ-αλήγης, ἑς, (θυμός, ἀλγέειν) heart-grieving.

θυμάλωψ, ατος, ὅ, (τύφω) a piece of burning wood or charcoal, a hot coal or ember.

θυμάρω, to be well-pleased. From

θυμ-άρης [ᾶ], ες, (θυμός, ἀρ-αεῖν) suiting one's mind, well-pleasing.

ΘΥΜΒΑ, ἡ, a bitter herb, sauvy.

θυμβρ-ἐπί-δειπνος, σ, (θύμβρα, ἐπί, δείπνον) eating the herb sauvy, living poorly.

Θυμβρίας, ἄδος, ἡ, a nymph of the Tiber. From

Θυμβρις, ἰδος, ἡ, the Tiber, Lat. Tiberis.

θυμβρο-φάγος, σ, (θύμβρα, φαγεῖν) eating the herb sauvy; θυμβροφάγον βλέπειν to look as if one had eaten sauvy, make a wry face.

θυμέλη, ἡ, (θύω) a place for sacrifice, an altar. II. in the Athen. theatre, an altar-shaped platform in the middle of the orchestra: a raised stage or seat. Hence

θυμελικός, ὁ, ὄν, of or for the thymelē, scenic.

θυμ-ηγερός, f. ἦσω, (θύμος, ἀγείρω) to collect one's spirit, recover courage, be oneself again.

θυμ-ηδής, ἑς, (θύμος, ἡδω) well-pleasing, dear.

θυμάμα Ion. -ημα, ατος, τό, (θυμάω) that which is burnt as incense, incense.

θυμιάτριον Ion. -ητήριον, τό, (θυμιάω) a censor.

θυμιάω, f. ἄσω, [ᾶ] : Ion. aor. I ἐθυμήσα : (θύμα, θύω)—to burn so as to produce smoke:—to burn as

incense:—Pass., Ion. 3 sing. θυμῆται, for -αται, to be burned.

θυμίδιον, τό, Dim. of θυμός. [18]

θυμίμα, Ion. for θυμίαμα.

θυμῆται, Ion. 3 sing. pres. pass. of θυμάω.

θυμητήριον, τό, Ion. for θυματήριον.

θύμινος, η, ον, (θύμος) made of or with thyme. [5]

θυμῆτης, ον, ὁ, (θύμος) seasoned with thyme.

θυμο-βαρής, ἐς, (θυμός, βαρός) heavy at heart.

θυμοβορέω, f. ἴσω, to gnaw or vex the heart. From

θυμο-βόρος, ον, (θυμός, βιβρώσκω) heart-eating.

θυμο-δάκνης, ἐς, (θυμός, δακύν) biting the heart.

θυμο-ειδής, ἐς, (θυμός, εἶδος) high-spirited, courageous, Lat. animosus. II. hot-tempered, passionate

of horses, restive, wild.

θυμο-λέον, οντος, ὁ, (θυμός, λέων) lion-hearted.

θυμό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (θυμός, μάντις) of prophetic soul.

θυμο-μάχew, f. ἴσω, (θυμός, μάχομαι) to fight with all one's heart and soul.

θυμο-πληθής, ἐς, (θυμός, πλήθος) wrathful.

θυμο-ράϊστος, οὔ, ὁ, (θυμός, ράως) life-destroying.

θυμός, ὁ, (θύω) the soul; also, the life, breath, Lat. anima; θυμὸν ἀφελέσθαι, δλέσαι to take away, destroy the life.

II. the soul, heart, Lat. animus; ἀνάγει με θυμός, ἤθελε θυμός my heart bids me; κατὰ θυμὸν after my heart's desire; ἀπὸ θυμοῦ against one's heart's desire; ἐκ θυμοῦ or θυμῷ φιλέειν to love with all one's heart; ἐμῷ κεχαρισμένε θυμῷ most precious to my soul.

2. of any vehement passion, anger, wrath, and in good sense, spirit, courage. III. the mind, will, purpose; ἐδαίετο θυμός his mind or purpose wavered.

θύμος [5], ον, ὁ, or eos, τό, (θύω) thyme, Lat. thymus. 2. a mixture of thyme with honey and vinegar.

θυμοσοφικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or like a man of genius, clever. From

θυμό-σοφος, ον, (θυμός, σοφός) naturally clever, a man of genius.

θυμοφθορέω, f. ἴσω, to break the heart. From

θυμο-φθόρος, ον, (θυμός, φθείρω) life-destroying; θυμοφθόρα γράμματα deadly characters, i. e. fatal to the bearer; θυμοφθόρα φάρμακα poisonous, deadly drugs; of persons, heart-breaking, most irksome.

θυμώω, f. ὦσω, (θυμός) to make angry:—Pass., with fut. med. -ώσομαι, aor. I ἐθυμώσαμην and ἐθυμώθην: pf. τεθυμώμαι:—to be wroth or angry: to be wild or restive; τὸ θυμούμενον, passion.

θυμώδης, ἐς, —θυμοειδής.

θυμωθείς, aor. I part. pass. of θυμώω.

θύμωμα, ατος, τό, (θυμώω) wrath, passion. [5]

θύνω, —θύνω.

θυννάξω, f. ἄσω, (θύννος) to spear a tunny-fish: to strike with a barpoon.

θύννως, α, ον, (θύννος) of the tunny-fish.

θυννευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, fit for tunny-fishing. From

θύννος, ὁ, (θύνω, θύνω) the tunny-fish, Lat. thunnus.

θυνοσκοπέω, f. ἴσω, to watch for tunnies. From θυνο-σκοπός, ον, (θύννος, σκοπέω) watching for tunnies; esp. of a man on a high place who looked out for the shoals of tunnies.

θυνο-ώδης, ἐς, (θύννος, εἶδος) like a tunny-fish, simple.

θύνως, Dor. for θύνους, acc. pl. of θύνος.

θύνω, (θύω B) to rush or dart along. [5]

θύω-δέκω, ον, (θύος, δέχομαι) receiving incense, fragrant with incense.

θύωεις, εσσα, εν, (θύος) laden with incense, fragrant.

θύον, τό, (θύω) a tree, prob. the same as θύλα.

θύοντι, Dor. 3 pl. of θύω. 7. dat. sing. of part. θύων.

θύος, eos, τό, (θύω) a sacrifice, offering.

θύωσ-κέω, (θύος, κέω = καίω) to offer burnt-sacrifices.

Hence

θύωσκόος, ον, ὁ, the sacrificing priest.

θύωω, f. ὦσω, (θύος) to make fragrant: pf. part. pass.

ἔλα.ον τεθυωμένον fragrant oil.

ΘΥΡΑ Ion. θύρη, ἡ, Germ. THUR, our DOOR;

θύρην ἐπιτιθέναι to put to the door, opp. to ἀνακλίνειν; κώπτειν, κρούειν θύραν, Lat. januam pulsare, to knock at the door; ἐπὶ ταῖς θύραις at the doors, i. e. close at hand. 2. the door of a carriage. 3.

θύρη καταπακτὴ a trap-door. II. generally, an entrance, access. III. boards put together like a door, a frame, raft. Hence

θύραζε, for θύρασδε, Adv. to the door, outside the door: then like Lat. foras, out; ἐκ μὲν δὲν ὡς θύραζε he wrenched the spear out of his thigh.

θύρῃθεν Ep. -ῆθε, (θύρα) Adv. from without, without, outside; οἱ θύραθεν foreigners, aliens.

θύραϊος, α, ον, also os, ον, (θύρα) outside the door, abroad; θυραῖος οἰχνεῖν to go out of the door; θυραῖος ἔλθειν to come from abroad; ἄνδρες θυραῖοι stranger men; ὁλος θυραῖος the good fortune of other men.

θύραϊσι, -σιν, Adv. (θύρα) at the door, outside the door, abroad, Lat. foris.

θύραυλέω, to be out of doors, live in the air. And θύραυλος, ἡ, a living out of doors. From

θύρ-αυλος, ον, (θύρα, αὐλή) living out of doors or in the open air, keeping the field.

θύρ-ε-ασπς, ιδος, ἡ, (θυρεός, ἀσπς) a large shield.

θύρεός, ὁ, (θύρα) a great stone put against a door to keep it shut. II. a large oblong shield, Lat.

scutum.

θύρετρον, τό, = θύρα, a door. [5]

θύρη, ἡ, Ion. and Ep. for θύρα.

θύρηθε, Adv., Ep. for θύραθεν.

θύρηφι, Ep. dat. of θύρα: also used as Adv. outside, without.

θυρίδιον, τό, Dim. of θύρα.

θύριον, τό, Dim. of θύρα, a little door, wicket.

θύρίς, ιδος, ἡ, Dim. of θύρα, a small door: window.

θύροκοπέω, f. ἴσω, to break a door open. From

θύρο-κόπος, ον, (θύρα, κώπτω) knocking at the door, esp. for aims.

θύρόω, f. ὦσω, (θύρα) to furnish with doors, bar close.

θυρσάζω, Lacon. inf. θυρσαδιδόν, (θύρσος) to bear or brandish the thyrsus.

θυρσο-μάνης, ἐς, (θύρσος, μανῆναι) raving with the thyrsus

θύρσος, δ, with heterog. pl. θύρσα, τά, (θύα) any ligbt, straight shaft: commonly the thyrsus, a wand wreathed in ivy and vine-leaves with a pine-cone at the top, carried by the devotees of Bacchus.

θυρσοφορέω, f. ἴσω, to bear the thyrsus; θ. θιάσους to assemble companies with the thyrsus. From

θυρσο-φόρος, ον, (θύρσος, φέρω) thyrsus-bearing.

θυρσο-χάρης, ἐς, (θύρσος, χαρῆναι) delighting in the thyrsus.

θύρῳμα, ατος, τό, (θυρώ) a room with doors to it. II, a door with its frame.

θύρων, ὄνος, δ, (θύρα) the door-way: a hall, antechamber, Lat. atrium, vestibulum.

θύρῳρος, δ, ἡ, (θύρα, ῥῳρα) a door-keeper, porter.

θύσα, aor. I inf. of θύω.

θυσάνους Ep. θυσσ-, εσσα, εν, tasseled, fringed.

From

θυσάνος, δ, (θύω) a tassel, tuft, or tag: in pl. tassels, fringe. esp. of the alysis. [ῥ]

θυσανωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (θυσανώ) tasseled, fringed.

θυσθλα, αν, τά, (θύω) the sacred implements of Bac-

chic worship: Bacchic worship.

θυσία, ἡ, (θύω) sacrificing, the mode of sacrificing:

in pl. θυσίαι, sacrifices. II, the victim itself.

θυσιαστήριον, τό, (θυσία) an altar.

θυσίμος, ον, (θύω) fit for sacrifice. [ῥ]

θυσσανόεις, εσσα, εν, Ep. for θυσανόεις.

θυστάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (θύω) of or for sacrifice, sacrificial;

θυστάς βοή the cry uttered in sacrifice; θυστάδες

λαί the prayers offered with a sacrifice.

θυσῶ, Dor. fut. of θύω.

θύτεον verb. Adj. of θύω, one must sacrifice.

θύτήρ, ἥρος, δ, (θύω) a sacrificer, slayer. Hence

θύτήριον, τό, = θύμα.

θύψαι, θύψω, aor. I inf. and fut. of τύφω.

ΘΥΩ (A), fut. θύσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἔθυσα: pl. τέθυκα:

—Med., fut. θύσονται, also used in pres. sense:—Pass.,

aor. I ἐθύθη [ῥ], pl. τέθθυ, also used in med. sense:

—to offer, sacrifice, slay a victim: also absol., θύειν

θεοῖς to sacrifice to the gods: later, to celebrate with

sacrifices, γαμονυ θύειν, ἀγαγέλια θύειν ἕκατον βοῶς

to acknowledge the good news by sacrificing a hun-

red oxen. II. Med. to have a victim slain: hence

to take the auspices.

ΘΥΩ (B), f. θήσω [ῥ], like θύω, θυνω, of any

violent motion, to rush on or along, dart along:

generally, to storm, rage.

θύ-ώδης, ἐς, (θύω, εἶδος) like incense, sweet-smelling.

θύωμα, ατος, τό, (θύω) that which is burnt as in-

cense, in pl. spices.

θύ, θῆς, θῆ, aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι

θωή, ἡ, (τίθημι) a penalty; θωή Ἀχαιῶν a penalty

imposed by the Achaeans.

θωκέω, Ion. for θανέω, to sit. From

θῶκος, Ep. lengthd. θῶκος, δ, Ion. for θᾶκος, a seat, chair.

II, a sitting, assembly; θῶκόνδε in the sitting.

θῶμα, θωμάζω, θωμάσιος, Ion. for θαυ-,

ΘΩΜΙΞ, ἱγος, δ, a cord, string, esp. a bowstring.

θωμίω, f. ξω, to whip with small cords, scourge.

θωμίσω, by crasis for τὸ ἥμισυ, the half.

θωμός, δ, (τίθημι) a deup

θωπέα, ἡ, (θωπεύω) a flattering, flattery.

θωπεύμα, ατος, τό, (θωπεύω) a piece of flattery, a

caress.

θωπεύματιον, τό, Dim. of θωπεύμα, a bit of flattery.

θωπεύω, f. σω, (θᾶψ) to flatter, fawn on, cajole, wheedle.

θωπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (θᾶψ) faunting, flattering.

θωπέα, crasis for τὰ ὅπλα.

θώπτω, f. ψω, = θωπεύω.

θωράκειον, τό, (θώραξ) a breastwork.

θωράκιζω, f. σω, (θώραξ) to arm with breast-

plate. II, generally, to bearm in armour, cover

with armour.

θωράκο-ποιός, ὄν, (θώραξ, ποίω) making breastplates.

θωράκο-φόρος Ion. θωρηκ-, ον, (θώραξ, φέρω) wear-

ing a breastplate, a cuirassier.

θώραξ, ἄκος, Ion. θώρηξ, ἡκος, δ, a breastplate, cui-

rass; διπλός θώρηξ a double cuirass, consisting of

breast and back piece joined with clasps, Lat. lorica.

2, the part covered by the breastplate, the chest.

II, the breastwork of a wall: also the

entrng, outer wall.

θωρηκο-φόρος, ον, Ion. for θωρακοφόρος.

θωρηκτήριον, οὐ, δ, (θωρήσσω) armed with breastplate

or cuirass.

θώρηξ, ἡκος, δ, Ion. and Ep. for θώραξ.

θωρήξαι, aor. inf. of sq.

θωρήξομεν, I pl. fut. of θωρήσσω; but also Ep. for

θωρήξωμεν, aor. I subj.

θωρήσσω, f. ξω, (θώραξ) to arm with a breastplate

or cuirass, generally, to arm, harness:—Pass. θωρήσ-

σομαι, f. ξόμαι: aor. I ἐθωρήχην to arm oneself,

put one's armour on. II, in Act. also, in Ion. and

Poets, to make drunk:—Med. to get drunk. Hence

θωρηχθεῖς, θωρηχθέναι, aor. I pass. part. and inf.

ΘΩΞ, θωός, δ or ἡ, the jackal.

θωύειν, ἥρος, δ, (θωύσσω) a larker, roarer.

θωύμα, θωυμάζω, θωυμάσιος, θωυμάσιος, θωυμα-

στός, less correct Ion. forms for θώμα, θωμάζω, etc.

θωύσσω, f. ξω, of a dog, to bark, bay, growl; of a

gnat, to buzz, hum: generally, to cry aloud, shout

out: c. etc. to roll on, call.

ΘΩΨ, gen. θωπος, δ, a flatterer, fawner, cajoler.

I

I, I ἰῶτα, τό, indecl., ninth letter of the Greek alpha-
bet As numeral, ι' = 10, but ι = 10,000.

The *subscriptum* was always *adscriptum* or written by the side, not under (as *ῥῶι*, not *ῥῶ*), till the 13th century. In Capitals it is still so written, as *ΤΩΙ*.

Ι was easily exchanged with ε, whence forms like *ἰάω* ἰάω, *ἰάη* ἰάη: Ι was sometimes exchanged with ε, as *ἔστιά* *ἰστίη*: but more frequently it is inserted to lengthen the syll., as in *ἐν εἰς* *ἰεῖν* *κεῖνός* *δια* *παρά* for *ἐν ἐς* *ἔεινός* *κενός* *διά* *παρά*.

The Quantity of ι varies.

—ι, *iota demonstrativum*, is attached to all cases of demonstr. Pronouns in Attic, to strengthen their force, e. g. *οὗτος*, *αὐτή*, *τοῦτί*, Latt. *hicce*, *baecce*, *bocce*, *ἐκείνοσι*, *ὀδὶ*, *τοῦτογί*, etc.: also demonstr. Adv., as *οὗτως*, *ὀδὶ*, *ἐνθαδὶ*. Those that end in *σι* take the *ν* *ἑφελκυστικόν* before a vowel, as *οὗτος* *ν*, *ἐκείνοσιν*. In all these, the last syll. is long, and takes the accent; a long vowel or diphthong in penult. is shortened, e. g. *αὐτῶι*, *οὗτῶι*.

ΙΑ' Ion. *ιά*, ἡ, = *βοή*, a voice, cry.

ἰα, *ἰῆς*, *ἰῆ*, *ἰαν*, old Ion. fem. of *εἰς* for *μία*, *μίας*, etc.

ἰά, *τά*, irreg. pl. of *ἰός*, an arrow. [Ὶ]

ἰα, *τά*, pl. of *ἰόν*, a vessel

ἰαί, exclam. of triumph.

ἰάθσομαι, fut. pass. of *ἰαομαι*

ἰαθῶν, strengthd. form of *αἰσθῶ*, to express disgust.

ΙΑΙΝΩ, fut. ἰανῶ: aor. ἰήνω: aor. ἰ pass. ἰάθην: —to warm, beat. 2. to melt, soften by heat. metaph. *θυμόν* *ἰαλεῖν* to melt the heart 3. to warm, cheer, refresh, recruit: c. dat. to take delight in a thing

ἰακχάω, (ἰακχος) to raise the cry of Iacchus

ἰακχέω, f. ἡσω, —ἰακχάω

ἰακχος, ὁ, (ἰαχῶ) Iacchus, mystic name of Bacchus, as the god of shouting and revelry 2, the Bacchante about

ἰαλεμίζω Ion. ἰηλ-, f. ἰωι, (ἰάλεμος) to bewail. Hence

ἰαλεμίστρια Ion. ἰηλ-, ἡ, a wailing woman.

ἰάλεμος [ᾱ] Ion. ἰήλεμος, ὁ, (ἰά) a wail, lament, dirge II, as Adj. melancholy, plaintive.

ἰάλλω, f. ἰάλλῶ aor. ἰ ἰηλα, inf. ἰῆλαι: —to send forth: ἐπ' *ὀνέλατα* *χεῖρας* *ἰάλλων* they put forth their hands to the dishes: *περὶ* *χειρὶ* *δεσμών* *ἰηλα* I put chains on thy hands. 2. to attack, assail: ἀτιμῆ-σιν ἰάλλειν *τινὰ* to assail one with insults. 3. to send II. intr (sub *ἑαυτόν*), to send oneself on, to flee, run, hurry. [Ὶ] Hence

ἰαλτός, ὁ, ὄν, verb. Adj. sent, dispatched

ἰῆμα Ion. ἰημα aor. τό. (ἰάομαι) a means of healing, treatment, remedy

ἰαμβεῖος, ὄν, (ἰαμβος) in iambs: τό *ἰαμβεῖον* *iam-
bic verse*

ἰαμβιάω, f. αῶω, and ἰαμβίζω, f. ἰῶω, (ἰαμβος), to assail in iambs: generally, to lampoon.

ἸΑΜΒΟΣ, ὁ, an iambus, a metrical foot consisting of a short and long. syll., as *ἐγῶ*. II an iambic verse, the trimeter or senarius, first used by the sarcastic writers Archilochus and Hipponax; and then in the Attic Drama.

Ἰάν, ὁ, pl. Ἰάνες, contr. for Ἰάων, Ἰάνοες, an Ionian.

ἰάνθην, aor. ἰ pass. of *ἰαίνω*.

ΙΑ'ΟΜΑΙ: fut. ἰάσομαι Ion. ἰήσομαι: aor. ἰ ἰασάμην Ion. ἰησάμην: Dep.: —to heal, cure: metaph. to remedy, heal, correct. II, aor. ἰ ἰάθην [ᾱ], and pf. ἰάμαι, in pass. sense, to be healed, to recover.

Ἰαοναῦ, barbarism for the vocat. of Ἰάων.

Ἰάνοες, pl. of Ἰάων.

ΙΑΠΤΩ, f. ψω, to send, drive: of missiles, to send forth, shoot, discharge: to set in motion; ἰάπτειν *ὀρχήματα* to begin the dance. 2. to assail, handle roughly, hurt. II. intr. (sub *ἑαυτόν*), to rush, hurry, speed.

ΙΑΠΤΕ Ion. Ἰῆπυξ, ὁ, the north-west or west-north-west wind.

Ἰάς, ἄδος, ἡ, Adj. fem. of Ἰαν, Ionic. II. as Subst. (sub. *γυνή*), an Ionian woman. 2. (sub. *γλῶσσα* or *διάλεκτος*), the Ionic dialect.

ἰασί, 3 pl. pres. of *εἶμι* ἰβω.

ἰάσι, for ἰέασι, 3 pl. of ἰῆμι.

ἰάσιμος, ὄν, (ἰάομαι) admitting of cure, remediable —appeasable

ἰάσις Ion. ἰήσις, εἰς, ἡ, (ἰάομαι) a cure, remedy.

ΙΑΣΠΙΞ, ἰδος, ἡ, a precious stone, jasper.

Ἰαστί, Adv. (Ἰάς) in the Ionic fashion or dialect.

Ἰᾶσῶ, gen. ὄος, contr. οὐς, ἡ, (ἰάομαι) Ἰᾶσο, the goddess of healing and health.

ἰατήρ Ep. ἰητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, poet. for ἰατρός, a chirurg-
geon, surgeon, leech, physician. [Ὶ]

ἰᾶτο, 3 sing. impf. of ἰάομαι.

ἰατροπία, ἡ, (ἰατρεῖν) the art of medicine.

ἰᾶτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἰάομαι) curable.

ἰατρειόν, τό, (ἰατήρ) a surgery.

ἰατρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἰατρός) of or for the art of healing: ἡ ἰατρική (sub. *τέχνη*), surgery, the art of healing.

ἰατρό-μαντις, εἰς, ἡ, (ἰατρός, μάντις) the physician-
seer, of Apollo and Aesculapius.

ἰατρός Ion. ἰητρός, ὁ, (ἰάομαι) = ἰατήρ, a surgeon,
leech, physician: metaph., ἰατρός *κακῶν*, ὀργῆς, etc.,
a healer.

ἰατρο τέχνης, ὄν, ὁ, (ἰατρός, τέχνη) a practiser of
the healing art.

ἰατῖται, ἰατῖταιξ, Interj. *ab*, *was* is me!

ἰάτωρ, ὀρος, ὁ, Ion. ἰητωρ, poet. for ἰατρός. [ἰᾱ]

ἰαῶ, a shout in answer, *bo!* *holla!*

ἰανοῖ, exclamation of joy, *bo!* *bo!* [Ὶ]

ἰαύω, f. σῶ: aor. ἰ ἰάουα: (αὖω): —to sleep, to pass
the night: hence to dwell in a place: —ἰαύειν *πόδα* to
rest the foot.

ἰ-ᾤφτης, ὄν, ὁ, (ἰός, ᾤφηναι) an archer. [Ὶ]

ἰάφθην, aor. ἰ pass. of ἰάττω.

ἰαχαῖος, α, ὄν, (ἰαχῆ) glad-sounding.

ἰάχέω, f. ἡσω, —ἰάχω, to shout, cry aloud.

ἰαχῆ, ἡ, (ἰάχω) a cry, shout: a wail, shriek: gene-
rally, any loud sound. [ἰᾱ]

ἰάχημα, ατος, τό, (ἰαχέω) a cry, shout. [ἰᾱ]

ἰάχω, f. ἰαχῆσω: pf. ἰαχα, fem. part. ἰαχῶσα: (ἰά):

—to cry, about, either in sign of joy or lamentation: c. acc. to sound, proclaim.

II. of things, to resound, reecho; of the waves, to roar; of hot iron in water, to hiss. [ἰά]

ἰάων, ovos, ὁ, Ep. for ἰών, an Ionian.

ἰβίς, gen. Ion. ἰβίος Att. ἰβίδος, acc. ἰβιν, ἡ, the ibis, an Egyptian bird, to which divine honours were paid. It is scarlet, of the stork kind.

ἸΠΔΗ or ἰγδης, ἡ, a mortar.

ἰγμά, part. ἰγμένος, pf. of ἰκνέομαι.

ἰγνή, ἡ, (γόνυ) the hollow or hinder part of the knee, Lat. poples. [ῶ]

ἰγνύς, υός [ῶ], ἡ, = ἰγνή, acc. ἰγνύα or ἰγνύ.

Ἰδα Ion. Ἰδῆ, ἡ, Ida, a mountain in Phrygia near Troy: also another in Crete. II. a thick wood, wood, copse.

2. timber; ἰδῆ ναυπηγήσιμος timber for ship-building. [ῖ]

ἰδάλμιος, ov, (ἰδοῖ) causing sweat.

ἰδέ, Ion for ἰδέ, and. [ῖ]

ἰδε or ἰδέ, imperat. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω, lo, behold. [ῖ]

ἰδε, Ep. 3 sing. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω. [ῖ]

ἰδεῖα Ion. -ῆ, ἡ, (ἰδεῖν) form. 2. generally, the look or appearance of a thing, as opp. to its reality, Lat. species.

3. a nature, kind, sort; a way, manner, fashion. [ῖ]

ἰδεῖν Ep. ἰδέειν, inf. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω.

ἰδέσθαι, inf. med. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω.

ἰδεσκον, Ion. for εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω. [ῖ]

ἰδέω, Ion. subj. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω.

ἰδηαι, Ep. 2 sing. of εἰδόμην, aor. 2 med. of *εἶδω. [ῖ]

ἰδησά, for εἰδήσω, Dor. fut. of *εἶδω. [ῖ]

ἰδηά, v. sub ἰδιος.

ἰδιαίτερος, ἰδιαίτατος, Comp. and Sup. of ἰδιος, formed from ἰδία.

ἰδιο-βουλευώ, f. σω, (ἰδιος, βουλευώ) to follow one's own counsel, take one's own way.

ἸΔΙΟΣ, α, ov, Att. also os, ov: one's own, personal, private, Lat. privus, privatus: opp. to public (δημόσιος).

2. one's own, opp. to ἀλλότριος; τὸ ἰδιον or τὰ ἰδία private property or concerns.

3. peculiar, separate, distinct: hence strange. II. dat. ἰδία is used as Adv. privately, opp. to δημοσίᾳ; ἰδία φρενέω away from one's senses.

2. on one's own account.

III. irreg. Comp. and Sup. ἰδιαίτερος, ἰδιαίτατος (formed from ἰδία).

ἰδιο-συγκρίσις, ἡ, (ἰδιος, συγκρίνω) a peculiar temperament or habit of body, idiosyncrasy.

ἰδῶ, f. ἰδω [ῖ]: aor. ἰδισα: (ἰδός):—to sweat: to sweat with fear: in Prose usually ἰδρώ.

ἰδίως, Adv. of ἰδιος, privately.

ἰδιωρεῖα, ἡ, (ἰδιώτης) private life, a business.

ἰδιωτεύω, f. σω, to live as a private man.

II. to be without professional knowledge, be a layman. From ἰδιώτης, ov, ὁ, (ἰδιος) a private person, one in a private station, opp. to στρατηγός, a private soldier: also an individual, opp. to πᾶσις.

II. one who has no professional knowledge, a layman, opp. to one

who has; ἱατρὸς καὶ ἰδιώτης a mediciner or an unprofessional man; ποιητὴς ἢ ἰδιώτης a poet or a prose-writer: c. gen. rei, unskilled or unversed in a thing.

2. an ill-informed, common-place fellow.

III. ἰδιῶται one's countrymen, opp. to ξένοι. Hence

ἰδιωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a private man, private or personal, opp. to public. 2. commonplace, trivial, awkward.

ἰδμεν, Ion. and Dor. for ἴσμεν, 1 pl. of ἰδῶ.

Ep. for εἰδέναι, inf. of ἰδῶ.

ἰδμεναί, Ep. for εἰδέναι, inf. of ἰδῶ.

ἰδμοσύνη, ἡ, knowledge, skill. From

ἰδμεων, ov, gen. ovos, (ἰδμεναί = εἰδέναι) practised, skilled, versed in a thing.

ἸΔΝΟΨ, f. ὥσω, to crook, bend:—Pass. to dwindle oneself up, writhe, esp. for pain.

ἰδνώθη, aor. 1 pass. of ἰδνῶ.

ἰδοῖατο, Ion. for ἰδοντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of *εἶδω.

ἰδοῖσα, Dor. for ἰδούσα, aor. 2 part. fem. of *εἶδω.

ἰδον, Ep. for εἶδον, 1 sing. and 3 pl. aor. 2 of *εἶδω.

ἸΔΟΣ, εov, τό, sweat, perspiration. 2. violent heat.

ἰδοῖ, imperat. med. of εἶδον. II. as Adv. written

ἰδοῖ, lo! behold! see there! in giving a thing, there! see there!

2. well! as you please!

3. ironically in repeating another's words, ἰδοῖ γ' ἀπαρον, yes to be sure, sheer wine.

ἰδρεῖα Ion. ἰδρεῖη or ἰδρή [ῖ], ἡ, (ἰδρῖς) knowledge, practice, skill; ἰδρεῖη πολέμοιο skill in war.

ἰδρῖς, gen. ἰδρῖος Att. ἰδρεως, ὁ, ἡ, neut. ἰδρι, (ἰδμεναί = εἰδέναι) experienced, skilful: as Subst., ἰδρις the provident creature = μύρη, the ant.

ἰδρῶς, ὁ, poet. for ἰδρῶς. [ῖ] Hence

ἰδρῶς, f. ὥσω, to sweat, perspire, generally from toil, but also from pain or fear. This Verb, like μύγας, is contracted into ω and φ instead of ου and οι (as if it were ἰδρῶω), hence 3 pl. pres. ἰδρῶσι, 3 sing. opt. ἰδρῶη, fem. part. ἰδρῶσαι.

ἰδρῶμα, τό, (ἰδρῶ) a thing founded, built: a temple, a statue, image; ἰδρῶμα πύλων the stay, support of the city, like Lat. columnarum.

ἰδρῶσαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of ἰδρῶ.

ἰδρῶτέον, verb. Adj. of ἰδρῶ, one must found, establish: one must inaugurate a statue.

II. pass. οὐχ ἰδρῶτέον one must not sit still, loiter.

ἰδρῶω, f. ὥσω [ῖ]: aor. ἰδρῶα:—Pass., aor. ἰδρῶθη [ῖ] not ἰδρῶθη: pf. ἰδρῶμαι: (ἰδῶ):—Causal of ἔζωμαι, to make to sit down; ἰδρῶσαι στρατὸν to encamp an army:—Pass. to be seated, sit still: pf. part. pass. ἰδρῶμενός firmly seated, steady, secure.

II. to fix, found, establish: to set up statues, dedicate temples:—Med., with pf. pass., ἰδρῶμαι, to found or set up for oneself.

III. to fix, settle, establish persons in a place; Ἀρῇ ἐμφύλιον ἰδρῶσαι to give footing to, introduce, intestine war:—pf. pass. ἰδρῶμαι, to be placed, situated; ἰδρῶσαι εἰς τόπον to settle in a place:—Med. to found or establish for oneself.

ἰδρῶ, ἰδρῶν, Ep. for ἰδρῶτα, ἰδρῶτι, acc. and dat. of ἰδρῶς.
ἰδρῶν, opt. of ἰδρῶς.
ἰδρῶς, ὠτος, δ: Ep. dat. and acc. ἰδρῶ, ἰδρῶ: (ἰδρῶς): sweat, perspiration. 2. the sweat of trees, resin or gum.
II. metaph. anything earned by the sweat of one's brow.
ἰδρῶσαι, pres. part. fem. of ἰδρῶν.
ἰδύια, ἡ, Ep. for εἰδύια, part. fem. of οἶδα (v. *εἶδω), always in phrase ἰδύισι παρῖδουσιν, with knowing, sensible heart.
ἰδῶ Ep. ἰδῶμι, aor. 2 subj. of *εἶδω.
ἰδῶν, ἰδούσα, aor. 2 part. of *εἶδω.
ἰε, ἰεῦ, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of εἰμι ἰβο.
ἰε, 3 sing. Ion. and Att. impf. of ἰημι (as if from ἰέω).
ἰεῖν, Ep. for ἰοι, 3 sing. opt. of εἰμι ἰβο.
ἰεῖς, εἰῖσα, ἰέν, pres. part. of ἰημι.
ἰεῖσι, 3 pl. of ἰημι.
ἰεμαι, pres. pass. and med. of ἰημι.
ἰέμεν, ἰεμέναι, Ep. for ἰέναι, inf. of ἰημι.
ἰέμενος, η, ov, pres. part. pass. of ἰημι.
ἰέν, Acol. for ἰεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of ἰημι.
ἰέναι, pres. inf. of εἰμι ἰβο.
ἰέναι, pres. inf. of ἰημι.
ἰεραῖκος, δ, Dim. of ἰεραξ, a small hawk.
ἸΕΡΑΞ, ἄκος, Ion. ἰέρηξ contr. ἰρηξ, ηκος, δ, a hawk, falcon.
ἰεράομαι Ion. ἰρ-, Pass. (ἰερός) to be a priest: or priestess.
ἰερατεία, ἡ, (ἰερατεύω) the priest's office, priesthood.
ἰερατεῦμα, ατος, τό, (ἰερατεύω) the priesthood, body of priests.
ἰερατεύω, f. σω, (ἰερεύω) to be priest or priestess.
ἰερεῖα Ion. ἰερεῖα, ἡ, fem. of ἰερεύς, a priestess.
ἰερεῖον Ion. ἰερήιον or ἰρήιον, τό, (ἰερός) a victim, sacrifice: generally, a slaughtered animal.
ἰερεῖς, ἑως Ion. ἰερεῖς, ἦος, δ, (ἰερός) a priest, sacrificer.
ἰερευτο, for ἰερεύετο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἰερεύω Ion. ἰερεύω, f. σω, (ἰερός) to offer, sacrifice. 2 to kill, slaughter. **II.** intr. to be a priest.
ἰερή, ἡ, —ἰερεῖα.
ἰερήιον, τό, Ion. for ἰερεῖον.
ἰερεῖα, ἡ, Att. poet. form of ἰερεῖα.
ἰερο-γλυφικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἰερός, γλῦφω) hieroglyphic, expressing ideas by sacred symbols instead of letters.
ἰερο-γραμματεὺς, ἑως, δ, (ἰερός, γραμματεὺς) a sacred scribe, one of a lower order of the Egyptian priesthood.
ἰερο-δόκος, ov, (ἰερόν, δέχομαι) receiving sacrifices.
ἰερό-θύτος, ov, (ἰερός, θύω) sacrificed to a god; ἰερόθυτος καπνός smoke from the sacrifices.
ἰερο-λογεῖα, (ἰερός, λέγω) to discuss sacred things.
ἰερο-λογία Ion. ἰερολογία, ἡ, mystic language.
ἰερο-μηνία, ἡ, or ἰερο-μήνια, τά, (ἰερός, μήν or μήνη) the holy moon, or the holy-day of the month.
ἰερομνημονέω, f. ἡσω, to be ἰερομνήμων. From ἰερο-μνήμων, onos, δ, (ἰερός, μνήμων) mindful of

sacred things. **II.** Subst. the sacred recorder sent by each Ἀμφικτυονική state to their Council along with the πυλαγόρας.
ἰερόν, τό, v. ἰερός π.
ἰερο-νίκη, ov, δ, (ἰερός, νικῶ) conqueror in the games.
ἰερο-ποῖος, ὄν, (ἰερός, ποίω) managing sacred rites: at Athens, the ἱεροποιοί were ten officers, one from each tribe, who saw that the victims were without blemish.
ἰερο-πρεπής, ἑς, (ἰερός, πρέπω) befitting a sacred place, person or matter: holy, reverend.
ἸΕΡΟ΄Σ, ἄ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν: Ion. and Ep. also ἰρός, ἡ, ὄν:—of or relating to the gods, Lat. sacer. 2. holy, hallowed, consecrated, of any place, person or thing under the protection of a god; ἰερός καὶ ὅσιος, sacred and profane; v. sub ὅσιος. **II.** as Subst.: 1. ἰερόν Ion. ἰρόν, τό, a temple. 2. ἰερά Ion. ἰρά, τά, offerings, sacrifices, victims: ἰερά βέζειν, Lat. sacra facere or operari, to do or offer sacrifice: afterwards, the entrails of a victim, and so the auspices: generally, sacred things or rites, Lat. sacra. **III.** special phrases: 1. ἰερά νόσος, the sacred, i. e. the great or mysterious disease, prob. the epilepsy. 2. ἡ ἰερά ὁδός, the sacred road to Delphi; also that from Athens to Eleusis. 3. ἡ ἰερά τριήρης the sacred ship sent from Athens to Delos.
ἰερό-στεπτος, ov, (ἰερόν, στέφω) wreathed in holy fashion.
ἰεροσῦλῶ, f. ἡσω, (ἰεροσύλος) to rob a temple, steal sacred things, commit sacrilege. Hence
ἰεροσύλα, ἡ, temple-robbery, sacrilege.
ἰερό-σύλος, ov, (ἰερόν, συλάω) robbing temples, sacrilegious: as Subst. a sacrilegious person, Lat. sacrilegus.
ἰεουργέω, i. ἡσω, (ἰεουργός) to perform sacred rites; ἰεουργεῖν τὸ εὐαγγέλιον to minister the gospel. Hence
ἰεουργία Ion. ἱεροργίη, ἡ, religious service, worship, sacrifices.
ἰεο-ουργός, ὄν, (ἰερός, ἔργον) sacrificing: esp. as Subst. a sacrificing priest.
ἱεροφαντέω, f. ἡσω, to be an initiating priest. From ἱερο-φάντης Ion. ἱρ-, ov, δ, (ἰερός, φαίνω) one who expounds sacred things: an initiating priest. Hence
ἱεροφαντικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for an initiating priest. Adv. —κῶς.
ἱερο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, (ἰερός, φύλαξ) a keeper of a temple or of the sacred vessels in it, Lat. aedituus. [v]
ἱερό-χθων Ion. ἱρ-, δ, ἡ, (ἰερός, χθών) of hallowed soil.
ἱερόω, f. ὥσω, (ἰερός) to hallow, dedicate.
ἱερ-ώνυμος, ov, (ἰερός, ὄνομα) of holy name.
ἱεροσῶτι, (ἰερός) Adv. in holy manner, piously.
ἱεροσύνη Ion. ἱρ-, ἡ, (ἰερός) the office of priest, priesthood: a priest's salary.
ἰέσθην, 3 dual impf. med. of ἰημι.
ἰεὺ, an ironical exclamation, Lat. bui!
ἰζάνω, (ἰζώ) Causal, to make to sit, seat. **II.**

intr. to sit. 2. of soil, to settle down, sink in, Lat. *sidere*.

ἴζω, impf. ἴζον Ion. ἴζεσκον: for the aor. ι, v. εἶσα: later fut. ἴξῃω, aor. ι ἴξῃα: I. Causal, to make to sit: see εἶσα. II. intr. to sit, sit down; ἴζειν ἐς θρόνον to take one's seat: ἴζειν of soldiers, to place themselves in ambush, to encamp: also to sit still:—Pass. ἴζομαι also occurs in same sense; ἴζεσθαι ἐν τῇ Τρυγέτῳ or ἐς τὸ Τηρύγετον to take post at Taygetus. 2. of earth, to settle down, sink in, Lat. *sidere*.

ἰή, το! exclam. of joy. [ἴ] ἰή, ἡ, Ion. for ἰά, voice, sound. ἰήσιος, α, ov, also os, ov, (ἰή) *wailing, mournful, plaintive*: ἰήσιος βοά a cry of woe. II. epith. of Apollo, the god invoked with the cry ἰή.

ἰηλα, inf. ἰηλαι, aor. ι of ἰάλλω. ἰηλεμος, ἰηλεμίζω, ἰηλεμιστρια, Ion. for ἰάλεμ-, ἰημα, τό, = ἰαμα.

ἰημι, ἰη, ἰησι, 3 pl. ἰᾶσι or ἰέσαι; imperat. ἴει; subj. ἰῶ; opt. ἰέην; inf. ἰέμαι Ep. ἰέμεναι or ἰέμεν; part. ἰέεις:—impf. ἰην, Aeol. 3 pl. ἰεν:—fut. ἴσω:—aor. ι ἴηκα Ep. ἴηκα:—aor. 2 ἴη, of which the ind. is only used in compds.; imperat. ἔς, subj. ῶ, opt. εἴην, inf. εἶναι, part. εἶς:—pf. εἶκα: plqpf. εἵκειν. Pass. and Med., pres. ἰέμαι: impf. ἰέμην: aor. ι pass. ἔστην, also εἶθην; aor. ι med. ἡκάμην: aor. 2 med. εἴμην or εἴμην: pf. pass. εἵκα: plqpf. εἴμην. Causal of ἔμω (ἰβω), to make to go, set agoing: hence 1. to send, send away, let go, dismiss. 2. of sounds, to send forth, utter, emit. 3. of things at rest, to set in motion, send, let fly, throw, hurl: c. gen. pers. to throw at one:—the acc. is often omitted, so that ἰημι is seemingly intr. to throw, shoot. 4. of water, to let flow, let burst forth: and without acc., ποταμός ἐπὶ γαίαν ἰησιν the river flows over the land: of tears, to let fall: metaph., καὶ δὲ κάρητος ἦκε κόμας she let her hair flow down from her head. 5. generally, to put, place.

II. Med. to feel an impulse towards a thing, long for, yearn after; part. ἰέμενος, longing for: c. inf. to desire to do. 2. the 3 pl. aor. 2 med. ἔντρο is used by Homer only in phrase ἐπὶ πείσας καὶ ἐδῆντρος ἔξ ἔπον ἔντρο, when they had put away, i. e. satisfied, desire of meat and drink.

ἰηνα, aor. ι of ἰαίνα.

Ἰη-παῖδων, ovos, δ, epith. of Apollo from the cry ἰη παῖδων: also a hymn sung to him. Hence ἰη-παῖσιονίζω, f. ἰσω, to cry ἰη παῖδων or παῖδων! ἰησασθαι, Ion. aor. ι inf. of ἰάμααι.

ἰησι, Ep. for ἰη, 3 sing. pres. subj. of ἔμω ἰβω.

ἰησι, 3 sing. pres. ind. of ἰημι.

ἰησιμος, ἰησις, Ion. for ἰασ-.

Ἰησοῦς, οὔ, dat. also οὔ, acc. οὖν, Greek form of the Hebrew *Josbua, Saviour*.

ἰητήρ, ἦρος, δ, Ion. for ἰατήρ.

ἰητροπῆ, ἰητρόπος, ἰητρώ, Ion. for ἰατ-.

ἰθαγενής poet. ἰθαγενής, ἔς, (ἰθύς, γένος) of honest birth, lawfully begotten, legitimate: of a nation, ge-

nuine, of the good old stock. II. of some mouths of the Nile, naturally formed, original, opp. to *δρυκτά*.

Ἰθάκη, ἡ, *Ithaca*, the home of Ulysses, an island on the West coast of Greece. Hence

Ἰθακήνδε, Adv. to *Ithaca*: and Ἰθακήσιος, α, ov, of *Ithaca*, an *Ithacan*.

ἰθέα, ἡ, Ion. fem. for ἰθέα, v. ἰθύς [ἴ] ἰθέως, Adv. of ἰθύς, directly, straight, Lat. *recta via*.

ἰθί, imperat. of ἔμω, come, go, begone:—as Adv. come on! forward!

ἰθμα, ατος, τό, (ἔμω) a step, movement. ἰθύ, neut. of ἰθύς; used as Adv., like ἰθέως.

ἰθυ-δίκης, ov, δ, (ἰθύς, δίκη) giving simple justice. ἰθυ-δρόμος, ov, (ἰθύς, δραμεῖν) straight-running.

ἰθυ-θριξ, τριχός, δ, ἡ, (ἰθύς, θρίξ) straight-haired, opp. to οὐλόθριξ, woolly-haired. [ἴ]

ἰθυμάχια, ἡ, a fair, stand-up fight. From ἰθυ-μάχος, ov, (ἰθύς, μάχομαι) fighting fairly and honestly.

ἰθύ-voos, ov, (ἰθύς, νόος) honest. ἰθύντατα, Ep. Sup. of ἰθέως, most straight, most rightly.

ἰθύνω, f. ἰθύνω: aor. ἰθύνω:—Pass., aor. ι ἰθύνων:—Ion. and Ep. for εὐθύνω, to make straight, straighten, direct, rule:—Pass. to become straight or even; τὸ δ' ἰθύνθητην they ran even with one another. 2. to guide in a straight line, to direct or steer straight, to send or shoot straight; ἰθύνει ἵππους, to drive the horses straight:—Pass. of a boat, to be guided, steered. 3. to guide, rule: of a judge, to rectify, correct: also to chastise.

ἰθύ-πόρος, ov, (ἰθύς, πορεύομαι) going straight on. ἰθύ-πίπλων, ανος, δ, ἡ, (ἰθύς, πέτομαι) straight-flying, of an ashen spear-shaft. [ἴ]

ἸΘΥΣ, ἰθέα, ἰθύ, Ion. fem. ἰθέα: Ion. and Ep. form of the Att. εὐθύς:—of motion, straight, direct, going straight:—in moral sense, straight, upright, just, true:—Comp. and Sup. ἰθύτερος, ἰθύτατος:—in Adverbial usage, acc. fem. τὴν ἰθέαν (sub. δδόν), straight on, Lat. *recta via*: so, ἐκ τῆς ἰθέης, straight-forward, openly. II. as Adv., ἰθὺν or ἰθύ, straight at, straight towards; ἰθὺν μαχέσασθαι to fight fair, openly and aboveboard. 2. of Time, straightway. Hence

ἰθύς, νόος, ἡ, Homer only in acc. ἰθύν, an impulse, purpose, plan, undertaking, endeavour: but also δὴ ἰθύν, = δὴ ὀρθόν, straight upwards. [ἴ]

ἰθύ-νήης, ἔς, (ἰθύς, τέλω) stretched out, straight. [ἴ]

ἰθύ-ροπος, ov, (ἰθύς, τέλω) = ἰθουρής.

ἰθύ-τριχες, οἱ, αἱ, plur. from ἰθύθριξ.

ἰθύς, f. ἰθύν: aor. ι ἰθύνω: [ἴ] (ἰθύς):—to go straight, press right on: c. gen., ἰθύνε νεὸς drove right against the ship. II. to be eager to do, bent upon doing: hence to desire, purpose.

ἰκανός, ἡ, ὢν, (ἰκ-εῖσθαι) besitting, becoming: I. of persons, sufficient, competent, able to do a thing; ἰκανὸς λατρικῇ sufficiently versed in medicine: absol.

considerable, respectable, tolerable. II. of things, sufficient, enough: large or long enough; ἱκανὸν χρόνον a long time; τὸ ἱκανὸν λαμβάνειν to take security or bail, Lat. satis accipere. Hence ἱκανότης, ἡ, sufficiency, fitness.

ἱκανῶς, f. ὥσω, to make fit, make sufficient, qualify. ἱκάνω [ᾱ], Ep. lengthd. for ἱκω, = ἱκνέομαι, only used in pres. and impf., to come: to come to, arrive at, reach: also Med. ἱκάνομαι.

ἱκανῶς, Adv. of ἱκανός, sufficiently, Lat. satis; ἱκανῶς ἔχειν to be sufficient: Sup. ἱκανώτατα.

Ἰκάριος, α, ov, (Ἰκάρος) Icarian, name of that part of the Aegean sea which is between the Cyclades and Caria, where Icarus the son of Daedalus was said to have been drowned.

ἱκελος, η, ov, poet. form for ἑκελος, like. [?] Hence ἱκελῶω, f. ὥσω, to make like.

ἱκέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἱκέσθαι, 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἱκεσία, ἡ, (ἱκέτης) the prayer of a suppliant. II. as fem. of ἱκέσιος, a female suppliant.

ἱκέσιος, α, ov, also os, ov, (ἱκέτης) of, for or presiding over supplicants, epith. of Zeus. II. suppliant, supplicating.

ἱκετα-δόκος, ov, (ἱκέτης, δέχομαι) receiving or protecting supplicants.

ἱκετεία, ἡ, = ἱκεσία, q. v.

ἱκετεύω, aor. τό, (ἱκετεύω) a mode of supplication.

ἱκετευτός, α, ov, proper to be supplicated. From ἱκετεύω, f. ω: aor. 1 ἱκέτευσα [i Att., γ Ep.]:

(ἱκέτης):—to approach as a suppliant, to supplicate, entreat, beseech.

ἱκετήριος sync. ἱκετήριος, α, ov, (ἱκέτης) of or fit for supplicants. II. ἡ ἱκετήρια (sub. ἐλαία), the olive branch which a suppliant held in his hand.

ἱκέτης, ov, δ, (ἱκέσθαι) one who comes to seek protection, a suppliant or fugitive. II. the protector of the suppliant. Hence

ἱκετήσιος, α, ov, protecting the suppliant, of Zeus.

ἱκέτις, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of ἱκέτης.

ἱκται, Ep. for ἱκη, 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἱκμάζω and ἱκμαίνω, to moisten. From

ἱκμαΐζω, ἴδος, ἡ, moisture of any kind.

ἱκμενός, α, ov, ἱκμενός, only in the phrase ἱκμενός οὖρος a fair breeze, (from ἱκνέομαι), a following and so favourable, wind, Lat. ventus secundus.

ἱκνέομαι, lengthd. from ἱκνῶ [i]: fut. ἔξομαι Dor. ἔξομαι: aor. 2 ἰκμην: pf. ἔγμαι, part. ἔγμενος:—to come: to come to, arrive at, reach. 2. to come as a suppliant (ἱκέτης) to one, to beseech, entreat him. 3. impers. in pres. and impf., it becomes, befits, besseems; τοὺς μάλιστα κενέεται whom it most concerns; τὸ κενεύμενον that which is fitting, proper.

ἱκνούνται, Dor. for ἱκνούνται, 3 pl. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἱκνυμένος Ion. ἱκνεομ-, ἱκνευμ-. Adv. part. pres. of ἱκνέομαι, fittingly, aright.

ἱκοίμην, Dor. for ἱκοίμην, aor. 2 opt. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἱΚΡΙΑ, τά, the half-deck of an Homeric ship: generally, a boarded platform, scaffold, benches.

ἱκπα, Adv. (ἱκω) at once, close together. II.

of Place, close to, hard by, c. gen.

ἱκτήρ, ἡρος, δ, (ἱκω) a suppliant. II. Ζεὺς

ἱκτήρ, the protector of the suppliant.

ἱκτήριος, α, ov, syncop. for ἱκετήριος.

ἱκτίδος, α, ov, (ἱκτίς) of a weasel, of weasel-skin, in

Hom. κτιδεός. II. as Subst., κτιδέα, contr.

κτιδῆ (sub. δορά), ἡ, weasel-skin.

ἱΚΤΙΝΟΣ, δ, a kite, Lat. milvus.

ἱΚΤΥΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, the yellow-breasted marten. -cat.

ἱκτο, 3 sing. plupf. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἱκνῶ, impf. ἱκων: aor. 2 ἔκον: root of ἱκνέομαι, a

form used in Ep. poetry:—to come: to come to, arrive at, reach a certain point, whether of Place or Time;

τὰ σὺ γόνα ἱκόμεθα we come to thy knees, in token of supplication (cf. ἱκνέομαι 2, ἱκέτης):—metaph. to reach, arrive at, manhood, old age, etc.; ὕβρις τε βίη

τε σιδήρεον οὐρανὸν ἱκεῖ violence and force are reaching even to heaven. 2. conversely of circumstances, conditions; χρεὶδ ἱκεῖ me necessity is upon me; ὕπνος,

γῆρας, ἱκάνει με come upon or over me.

ἱκωμαι, aor. 2 subj. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἰλᾶ, Dor. for ἰλη. [i]

ἰλᾶδον, Adv. (ἰλη) in troops, in bodies, in companies,

Lat. turmatim: in abundance. [i]

ἰλᾶθι, pres. imperat. of ἰλημι.

ἰλᾶομαι, Ep. for ἰλᾶσκομαι.

ἰΛΑΟΣ, ov, Att. ἰλαός, ov, nom. pl. ἰλαί, neut.

ἰλα:—of gods, propitious, gracious: of men, gracious, kindly, gentle: also cheerful, gay. 2. ἰλαός

sol, (sc. ἔστω δ' θεός) God be gracious to thee, i. e. be it far from thee.

ἰλάρια, ἡ, cheerfulness, gaiety. From

ἰλάρος, ὁ, ἴον, (ἰλαός) cheerful, gay, joyous, mirthful,

Lat. hilaris. Adv. -ῶς. Hence

ἰλάρότης, ἡρος, ἡ, gaiety, Lat. hilaritas.

ἰλᾶσκομαι: fut. ἰλᾶσσομαι [ᾱ] Ep. ἰλᾶσσομαι Dor

ἰλᾶζομαι: aor. 1 ἰλᾶσάμην: Dep.: (ἰλᾶος).—to appease, propitiate, reconcile to oneself, of gods:—but

also to conciliate a man. II. to expiate, atone for.

III aor. 1 imperat. pass. ἰλᾶσθητι, in pass. sense, be gracious. Hence

ἰλασμός, ὁ, a means of appeasing: a propitiation, sacrifice. [i]

ἰλασσάμενος, Ep. aor. 1 part. of ἰλασκομαι.

ἰλᾶσσαι, Ep. for ἰλᾶση, 2 sing. aor. 1 subj. of ἰλασκομαι.

ἰλαστήριος, α, ov, (ἰλᾶσκομαι) propitiatory;

esp. II. as Subst., ἰλαστήριον, τό, propitiation or the mercy seat.

ἰλας, Att. neut. pl. of ἰλαός.

ἰλως, Att. for ἰλαός.

ἰλη or ἰλῆ Dor. ἰλη, ἡ, (ἰλᾶω, ἔλῶ) a crowd, band,

troop, company. 2. a troop of horse, squadron,

Lat. turma, ala, strictly of 64 men: generally, a troop,

company.

3. at Sparta, a certain division of the youths.

Ληθι, imperat. of Λημι.

Λήκω, (Λιαος) to be gracious, propitious, in 3 sing. subj. Λήκησι, and 2 sing. opt. Λήκοις.

Λημι, = Λήκω, esp. in imperat. Ληθι Dor. ἔλθι, be gracious, propitious!

Λιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of Ἰλιακός. II. as Subst. Λιάς, 1. (sub. γῆ) the land of Ilium. 2. (sub. γυνή), a woman of Ilium. 3. (sub. ποίησις), the Iliad, of Homer.

Λιγγιάω, f. σω: aor. 1 Λιγγιάσα:—to have a swimming in the head. From

Λιγγος, δ, (ἄλω, εἶλω) a spinning round: a swimming in the head; Lat. vertigo: a swoon: [f]

Λιγέ, ιγγος, ἡ, (ἄλω) a whirling, whirlpool.

Λιόθεν, Adv. (Ἰλιος) from Troy.

Λιόθι, old Ep. gen. of Ἰλιος, Adv. at Troy.

Λιορ-ραύτης, δ, (Ἰλιος, ραίω) destroyer of Troy.

Λιόφι, old Ep. gen. of Ἰλιος.

ΛΙΟΞ, ov, ἡ, or Ἰλιον, τό, Ilios or Ilium, the city of Iliu, also called Troy.

Ἰλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἄλω, εἶλω) a rope, band.

Ἰλιάς, δ, (ἄλω) squinting.

ἸΛΛΩ, v. sub εἶλω:

ἸΛΥΞ, υός, ἡ, mud, slime, dirt. [genit. Ἰλδοσ

Homer, later Ἰλδοσ.]

Ἰμάντεσσι, Ep. dat. pl: of ἱμάς.

Ἰμαντίον, τό, Dim. of ἱμά

Ἰμάντινος, ἡ, ov, (ἱμάς) of leathern thongs.

Ἰμάντιον, τό, Dim. of ἱμάς.

Ἰμαντο-πέδη, ἡ, (ἱμάς, πέδη) a leathern band: metaphor. one of the feelers of the polygyn.

ἸΜΑΞ, ἄντος, δ, dat. pl. ἱμάσι Ep. Ἰμάντεσσι:—a leathern strap or thong; in pl. the straps or harness of a chariot: the thong or lash of a whip. 2. the

caestus of boxers, consisting of leathern straps put round the hand: 3. the magic girdle of Aphro-

dité, Lat. caestus. 4. a latch, by which the bolt was shot home into the socket: also a shoe-latchet:

later the rope of a draw-well.—Proverb., ἱμάς κύνειός ἐστι he's as tough as a thong of dogskin.

ἱμάσθη, ἡ, (ἱμάς, ἱμάσσω) the thong or lash of a whip, generally a whip [f]

ἱμάσσω, fut. ἱμάσω [α]: aor. 1 ἱμασα: (ἱμάς)—to flog, scourge: also to smite.

ἱματιδάριον, τό, Dim. of ἱματίον. [ιμ-δα]

ἱματίβιον, τό, Dim. of ἱματίον.

ἱματίζω, f. ἴω, (ἱματίον) to clothe: pf. part. pass.

ἱματισμένος, clothed.

ἱματιο-κάπηλος, δ, (ἱματίον, κάπηλος) a dealer in clothes.

ἱματίον, τό, in form only a Dim. of ἔσμα, an outer garment, cloak or mantle worn above the χιτών, answering to Homer's χλαύνα; ἱμάτια, τά, generally, clothes. II. a cloth.

ἱματι-φύλακας, f. ἡσω, (ἱματίον, φυλάκω) to take care of clothes.

ἱματισμός, δ, (ἱματίω) clothing, apparel. [f]

ἱμεῖρω Accl. ἱμέρρω, (ἱμερος) to long for, yearn for or after, desire; c. inf. to long or wish to do.—More freq. ἱμερόμαι as Dep., with aor. 1 med. ἱμεράμην, pass. ἱμερόμην.

ἱμεν, I pl. of εἶμι ibo.

ἱμεν, ἱμεναί, Ep. for ἵεναί, inf. of εἶμι ibo.

ἱμεν-δερκής, ἐς, (ἱμερος, δερκομαι) looking long-ingly.

ἱμερόεις, ἐσσα, εν, (ἱμερος) exciting love or desire, lovely; charming.

ἱμερο-θάλης, ἐς, (ἱμερος, τέθηλα) Dor. for ἱμεροθη-λής) sweetly growing or blooming.

ἸΜΕΡΟΣ [f], δ, a longing or yearning after a person or thing, Lat. desiderium: absol. love, desire.

ἱμέρως, Accl. for ἱμεῖρω.

ἱμερόως, ἡ, ὄν, (ἱμεῖρω) longed for, lovely.

ἱμεναί, poet. for ἱμεναί, ἵεναί, inf. of εἶμι ibo.

ἱμονά, ἡ, (ἱμάς) the rope of a draw-well: acc. ἱμο-νά, absol., a rope's length, i.e. as long as a bucket takes to go down and come up a well.

ἱν, Dor. for ἱ, acc. of Pron. of 3rd pers.

ἸΝΑ, Conjunction:—that, in order that, = ὅπως, Lat. ut: 1. with Subj. mood after tenses of present time; ἡκεῖς, ἱν' ἵπης thou art come that thou mayest see. 2. with Optat. after tenses of past time; Παλ-λάς ἔδωκε μένος, ἱν' ἐκόηλος γένοιτο Pallas gave him strength, that he might become conspicuous. 3.

with the past tenses of the Indicat., to imply a consequence which is now impossible; ἱν' ἦν τυφλός in which case he would have been blind. II. Ἐν μή, that not, lest, Lat. ut ne.

III. elliptic with other Particles, ἵνα δή, ἵνα περ, ἵνα τι (sub. γένηται); to what end?

Adverb, I. of Place, = ὅπου, Lat. ubi, in what place, where; ἱν' ἐτράφην ἡδ' ἐγένοντο where they were bred and born: c. gen. ἵνα γῆς, χώρας, etc., Lat. ubi terrarum. 2. = ὅπου, Lat. quo, to what place, whither; ἱν' οἴχεται whither he is gone.

Ἰνδάλλομαι, Dep., only used in pres. and impf.: (εἰδάλμιος, εἰδάλλομαι):—to appear, to appear like; with double dat., Ἰνδάλλετο σφίσι Πηλείωνι he seemed to them like the son of Peleus: absol. to appear, seem.

Ἰνδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Ἰνδός) Indian.

Ἰνδ-ολέτης, ov, δ, (Ἰνδός, ὀλέσθαι) the Indian-killer, epith. of Bacchus.

ἸΝΔΟΣ, δ, an Indian:—as Adj. = Ἰνδικός, Indian.

II. the river Indus.

Ἰνδῶος, α, ov, = Ἰνδικός.

Ἰνς, pl. nom. of ἱς.

Ἰνίον, τό, (ἱς) the muscles at the back of the neck: generally, the back of the head, nape of the neck. [iv]

ἸΝΙΞ, δ, a son, child.

Ἰνώ, ὄος, contr. οὐς, ἡ, Ἰνο; daughter of Cadmus, afterwards worshipped as a sea-goddess by the name of Lencothoe.

Ἰνώδης, ἐς, (ἱς, εἶδος) sinewy, fibrous. [f]

ἱξᾶλος, *ον*, (from *δίσιω*, as if contracted from *ἀξᾶλος*) *epith.* of the wild goat, bounding, springing.
ἱξεσθαι, fut. inf. of *ἱκνεόμαι*.
ἱξευτής, *οὔ, δ*, (*ἱξέω*) a fowler, bird-catcher, snarer.
ἱξέω, *φ. σω*, (*ἱξός*) to catch birds by birdlime.
ἱξοβολέω, *φ. ἡσω*, to catch birds with lime-twigs. From *ἱξο-βόλος*, *ον*, (*ἱξός*, *βάλλω*) setting lime-twigs.
ἱξο-εργός, *ός*, (*ἱξός*, **έργω*) one who uses birdlime, a fowler.
ἱξομαι, fut. of *ἱκνεόμαι*.
ἱξον, Ep. aor. 2 of *ἱκν*
ἹΞΟΨ, *δ*, Lat. *VISCUM*, misseltoe: also, the misseltoe-berry. II. birdlime prepared from the misseltoe-berry, Lat. *viscus*.
ἱξο-φορέυς, *εως, δ*, (*ἱξός*, *φέρω*) bearing misseltoe.
ἹΞΥΨ, *υός, ἡ*: dat. *ἱξύν* contr. *ἱξύ*: the waist.
Ἱξ-βακχος, *ός*, (*ἱξ*, *βάκχει*) *Bacchus* invoked with the cry of *ἱώ*:—a song beginning *ἱὼ Βάκχε*!
ἱο-βλέφαρος, *ον*, (*ἱον*, *βλέφαρον*) violet-eyed.
ἱοβόλῳ, *φ. ἡσω*, to shoot arrows. From *ἱο-βόλος*, *ον*, (*ἱός*, *βάλλω*) shooting arrows.
ἱο-βόστρυχος, *ον*, (*ἱον*, *βύστρυχος*) dark-haired.
ἱό-δετος, *ον*, (*ἱον*, *δέω*) violet-twined.
ἱόδεκος, *ον*, (*ἱος*, *δέχομαι*) bolding arrows.
ἱο-ειδής, *ές*, (*ἱον*, *εἶδος*) violet-coloured, of the sea.
ἱόεις, *εσσα, εν*, (*ἱον*) violet-coloured, dark.
ἱοίην, Att. for *ἱοίμ*, opt. of *εἶμ ἱο*.
ἱοίσαι, Dor. for *ἱούσαι*, part. fem. of *εἶμ ἱο*.
ἱομεν, Ep. for *ἱωμεν*, 1 pl. subj. of *εἶμ ἱο*.
ἱο-μύχης, *ές*, (*ἱός*, *μύχηναι*) mixed with poison.
ἱό-μωρος, *ον*, (*ἱον*, *μύρος*) dark-fated, miserable.
ἹΟΝ, *τό*, the violet, Lat. *viola*. [r]
ἱον, Ep. form of impf. of *εἶμ ἱο*.
ἱονθάς, *άδος, ἡ*, shaggy, hairy. From *ἱονθος*, *ός*, the down on the face. (Deriv. uncertain.) [r]
Ἱόνιος, *α, ον*, (*ἱών*) of *ἱο*; *Ἱόνιος κόλπος* the *Ionian sea*, the sea between Epirus and Italy, at the mouth of the Adriatic sea, across which she was said to have swum,—not to be confounded with the *Ionian sea*.
ἱόντες, part. pl. of *εἶμ*.
ἱο-πλόκαμος, *ον*, (*ἱον*, *πλόκαμος*) with violet locks, *dark-haired*. [r]
ἱός [r], *ός*, with irreg. pl. *ἱά*, (*ἱέναι* inf. of *εἶμ ἱο*) an arrow.
ἹΟΨ, *ός*, rust, verdigris, Lat. *aerugo*.
ἹΟΨ, *ός*, poison, esp. of serpents.
ἱος, *ια*, Ep. for *εἰς, μία*; dat. *ἱῷ* for *ἐνί*.
ἱο-στέφανος, *ον*, (*ἱος*, *στέφανος*) violet-crowned.
ἱότης, *ητος, ἡ*, will, resolve; mostly in dat., *θεῶν ἱότητι* by the will or pleasure of the gods.
ἱο-τύπης, *ές*, (*ἱός*, *τυπῆναι*) struck by an arrow.
ἱοῦ, a cry of woe, Lat. *heu*! seldom, like *ἱά*, a cry of joy. [r]
Ἱουδαῖω, *φ. σω*, to live as a Jew. From *Ἱουδαϊκός, ἡ, όν*, of or for the Jews. Adv. —*κῶς*. From *Ἱουδαίος*, *α, ον*, of the tribe of Judab: as Subst.: I. *α Ἰουδα*. 2. *Ἱουδαία* (sc. *γῆ*) the land of Judaea.

Ἱουδαϊσμός, *ός*, (*Ἱουδαίος*) *Judaism*.
ἱουλῖς, *ἱδος, ἡ*, a red fish.
ἱουλος, *ον*, (*οὔλος*) down, the first growth of the beard; *ὑπὸ προτάφοισιν ἱουλοὶ* the young hair beneath the temples, i. e. the whiskers.
ἱο-χέαιρα, *ή, (ἱός, χαίρω)* delighting in arrows, or (from *χέω*) showering arrows.
ἱπνο-κάης, *ές*, (*ἱπνος, καῆναι*) baked in the oven.
ἱπνο-λέβης, *ητος, ός*, (*ἱπνός, λέβης*) a boiler, caldron.
ἱπνο-ποιός, *όν*, (*ἱπνός, ποιέω*) working in an oven or furnace; as Subst. a potter.
ἹΠΝΟΨ, *ός*, an oven or furnace, Lat. *furnus*. II. the place of the oven, kitchen. III a lantern.
ἱπος, *ός* or *ή*, (*ἱπτομαι*) in a mouse-trap, the piece of wood that falls and catches the mouse; generally, a trap; a heavy weight. Hence
ἱπῶ, *φ ὥσω*, to press down:—Pass. to be pressed down or crushed; *εἰσφοραῖς ἱπούμενος* squeezed hard by taxes. [i]
ἱππ-αγρέται, *ων, οί*, (*ἱππεύς, ἀγείρω*) three officers at Lacedaemon, who close 300 youths to serve as *ἱππεῖς* or body-guard for the kings.
ἱππ-αγωγός, *όν*, (*ἱππός, ἀγω*) carrying horse: *ἱππαγωγοί* (sub. ναῦς) al, transport-ships for horses.
ἱππάξομαι, fut. *άσσομαι* Dep. (*ἱππος*) to drive or guide a horse, to drive a chariot: later, to ride; *ἱππάσσεσθαι χώραν* to ride over a country. II. as Pass. of a horse, to be driven or ridden; also to be broken in.
ἱππ-αίχμος, *ον*, (*ἱππος, αἰχμή*) fighting on horseback.
ἱππ-άλεκτρυν, *όνος, ός*, (*ἱππος, ἀλεκτρύν*) a horse-cock: a gryphon, dragon.
ἱππᾶλῖδας, *ον, ός*, poet. form for *ἱππεύς*.
ἱππᾶπᾶ, (*ἱππος*) cry of the knights to each other in comic imitation of the seaman's cry *ῥυτταπᾶλ*.
ἱππάριον, *τό*, Dim. of *ἱππος*, a little horse, pony.
ἱππ-αρμοστής, *ού, ός*, (*ἱππος, ἄρμοστής*) Lacedaemonian word for *ἱππαρχος*.
ἱππάρχῳ, *φ. ἡσω*, to be a general of cavalry, to command the cavalry. Hence
ἱππαρχία, *ή*, the command of the cavalry.
ἱππαρχικός, *ή, όν*, of or for cavalry. From *ἱππ-αρχος*, and *ἱππ-άρχης*, *ον, ός*, (*ἱππος, ἀρχω*) ruling the horse, epith of Neptune. II. a general of cavalry; at Athens there were two.
ἱππᾶς, *άδος, ἡ*, fem. of *ἱππικός*; *ἱππᾶς στολή* a riding-dress, horseman's cloak. II. as Subst. (sub. τάξις), the order of knights: the knights' tax.
ἱππᾶσλα, *ή*, (*ἱπ-άξομαι*) riding, horse-exercise. 2. chariot-driving.
ἱππάσμος, *η, ον*, (*ἱππάξομαι*) fit for horses or for riding: easily ridden.
ἱππαστήρ, *ήπος, and ἱππαστής*, *ού, ός*, (*ἱππάξομαι*) a horseman. II. as Adj. fit for riding.
ἱππελα, *ή*, (*ἱππεύω*) horsemanship, riding, driving; esp. racing. II. cavalry.
ἱππειος, *α, ον*, (*ἱππος*) of a horse or horses; *ἱππειος λόφος* a crest of horse-hair.

ἵππερος, ὁ, (ἵππος, ἔρος) *love for horses, a horse-fever.*

ἵππευμα, ατος, τό, (ἵππεύω) *a ride on horseback, expedition in a chariot.*

ἵππεύς, ἔως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (ἵππος) in Homer, either a driver of horses, charioteer, or the warrior fighting from the chariot. 2. a horseman, rider. II.

at Athens the ἵππεῖς Att. ἱπῆς. Horsemen or Knights, were the 2nd class, according to Solon's constitution: they were required to possess 300 medimni and a horse: see πεντακοσιομέδιμνοι. 2. at Sparta, 300 chosen men, who formed the king's body-guard, but did not serve on horseback: see ἱππαγρέται.

ἵππευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ἵππευτής, οὔ, ὁ, a rider, horseman. from

ἵππεύω, f. σω: aor. ἱ ἵππευσα: (ἵππεύς):—to be a horseman, to ride: metaph. of the wind, Ζεφύρου πνοαῖς ἵππεύσαντος when Zephyr rode with his gales, as in Horace, *Eurus equitavit per undas.* II. to serve on horseback.

ἵππηγας, Ep. pl. acc. of ἵππεύς.

ἵππηδόν Adv. (ἵππος) like a horse. II. like a horseman

ἱππήσσει, Ep. for ἵππεῦσι, pl. dat. of ἵππευς

ἱππ-ηλάσος, α, ον, (ἵππος, ἑλάνω) fit for riding or driving; ἱππηλασία ὁδός a chariot road.

ἱππ-ηλάτᾱ, ὁ, Ep. form for ἱππηλάτης.

ἱππηλάτῃω, f. ἦσω, to ride or drive. From

ἱππ-ηλάτης, ου, ὁ, Ep. ἱππηλάτα, (ἵππος, ἑλάνω) a driver of horses. one who fights from a chariot, epith. of honour, like our Knight. [ᾶ]

ἱππ-ηλάτος, ον, (ἵππος, ἑλάνω) fit for horsemanship or driving.

ἵππ-ημολγοί, ὦν, οί, (ἵππος, ἀμέλω) the Mare-milkers, a Scythian or Tartar tribe:—as Adj. milking mares.

ἱππ-ἀναξ, ακτος, (ἵππος, ἀναξ) chief of horsemen.

ἱππικός, ἡ, ον, (ἵππος) of a horse or horses; ἀγών ἱππικός a horse or chariot race. II. of or for riding or horsemen, equestrian; skilled in riding.

2. ἡ ἱππική (sub. τέχνη), horsemanship, riding. III. τὸ ἱππικόν, the cavalry. IV. Adv. —κῶς, like a horseman.

ἵππιος, α, ον, (ἵππος) of a horse or horses.

ἵππιο-χαλῆτης, ου, ὁ, (ἵππιος, χαλῆ) shaggy with horse-hair

ἵππιο-χάρμης, ου, ὁ, (ἵππιος, χάρμη) one who fights from a chariot. 2. a horseman, rider.

ἵππιο-βάμων [ᾶ], ον, gen. ονος, (ἵππος, βαίνω) going on horseback, equestrian. 2. metaph., βήματα ἱπποβάμονα high-paced words, bombast.

ἵππιο-βάτης [ᾶ], ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, βαίνω) a horseman.

ἵππιο-βότης, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, βόσκω) a feeder of horses: in Chalcis of Euboea, the Ἴπποβόται were the knights, nobles.

ἵππ-όβοτος, ον, (ἵππος, βλόσκω) fed on by horses, good for grazing, rich in cattle.

ἵππο-βουκόλος, ὁ, (ἵππος, βουκόλος) a horsekeeper.

ἵππο-γέραννοι, οί, (ἵππος, γέρανος) cranes-cavalry.

ἵππ-ό-γυῖποι, οί, (ἵππος, γυῖψ) vulture-cavalry.

ἵππ-ό-δῆμος, ον, (ἵππος, δαμάω) horse-taming: as Subst. a tamer of horses.

ἵππο-δάσεια, as fem., without any masc. ἵππόδαυος in use, (ἵππος, δαύω) epith. of κόρυς, thick with horse-hair, with rough horse-hair crest.

ἵππ-ό-δεσμα, ον, τό, (ἵππος, δεσμός) reins, a halter.

ἵππο-δέτης, ου, ὁ, (ἵππος, δέω) a balte

ἵππο-διώκτης, ου, ὁ, Dor. —τας, (ἵππος, διώκω) a driver or rider of horses.

ἵππο-δρομία, ἡ, (ἵππόδρομος) a horse-race or chariot-race. Hence

ἵππο-δρόμιος, ον, of the horse-race. II. epith. of Poseidon, delighting in the speed of horses.

ἵππ-ό-δρομος, ὁ, (ἵππος, δρόμος) a race-course.

ἵππο-δρόμος, ὁ, (ἵππος, δραμεῖν) a horse-courier.

ἵππ-όθεν, Adv. (ἵππος) forth from the horse.

ἵπποιν, Ep. dual gen. of ἵππος.

ἵππο-κάνθαρος, ὁ, (ἵππος, κάνθαρος) a horse-beetle, monstrous beetle.

ἵππο-κέλευθος, ον, (ἵππος, κέλευθος) driving horses. as Subst. a charioteer, rider.

ἵππο-κένταυρος, ὁ, (ἵππος, κένταυρος) a horse-centaur, half-horse half-man.

ἵππο-κομέω, f. ἦσω, to keep or groom horses; ἵππο-κομεῖν κάνθαρον to groom one's beetle. From

ἵππο-κόμος, ον, (ἵππος, κομέω) keeping or grooming horses. II. as Subst., ἵπποκόμος, ὁ, a groom, one who attended the Athenian Ἴππεύς in war.

ἵππ-ό-κομος, ον, (ἵππος, κόμη) decked with horse-hair.

ἵππο-κορυστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἵππος, κορύσσω) one who is furnished with a horse, a horseman, knight.

ἵππο-κρᾶτέω, f. ἦσω, (ἵππος, κρατέω) to be superior in horse: Pass. to be inferior in horse. Hence

ἵπποκράτεια, ἡ, victory in a skirmish of horse.

ἵππ-ό-κρημνος, ον, (ἵππος, κρημνός) tremendously steep; ἵπποκρημνον βῆμα a neck-breaking word.

ἵππ-ό-κροτος, ον, (ἵππος, κροτέω) sounding with the tramp of horses.

ἵππ-ό-λοφος, ον, (ἵππος, λόφος) with horse-hair crest.

ἵππο-μᾶνης, ἔς, (ἵππο, μανῆναι) mad for horses: luxuriant. II. as Subst., ἵππομανῆς, ἔος, τό, an Arcadian plant, which makes horses mad.

2. an excrescence on the forehead of new-born foals, used as a charm: also a tumour which falls from mares.

Hence

ἵππο-μᾶνία, ἡ, a mad love for horses, racing; etc.

ἵππομάχῃω, f. ἦσω, (ἵππομάχος) to fight on horseback. Hence

ἵππομάχη, ἡ, a horse-fight, skirmish of horse.

ἵππο-μάχος, ον, (ἵππος, μάχομαι) fighting on horseback: as Subst., ἵππομάχος, ὁ, a trooper.

ἵππο-νώμας, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, νομάω) driving horses.

ἵππο-πόλος, ον, (ἵππος, πολίομαι) busied with horses: as Subst., ἵπποπόλος, ὁ, a rider or driver of horses.

ἵππο-πότῃος, ὁ, (ἵππος, ποταμός) the river-horse of Egypt, hippopotamus: in Herodotus, ἵππος ποτάμιος.

ἵππος, ὁ, ἡ, a horse, mare, Lat. *equus, equa*: the pl. ἵπποι is the pair of horses in the chariot, and hence also the chariot itself; δὲ ἵππων from the chariot; λαοὶ re val ἵπποι the foot-soldiers and those who fought in chariots; ἵπποι καὶ ποδοί horse and foot.

II. ἡ ἵππος, the horse, cavalry, Lat. *equitatus*, always in sing., as, χιλίῃ ἵππος, a thousand horse. III. ἵππος ποτάμιος the hippopotamus. IV. in Compos., anything large or coarse, as in our horsechestnut, horse-laugh, v. ἵππο-κρημνος, etc.

ἵππο-σῶας, ου, ὁ, (ἵππος, σῶω) driver of horses.

ἵππο-σῶος, α, ον, horse-driving.

ἵππο-στάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἵππος, στάσις) a stable: metaph., Ἀέλου κνέφαλα ἵπποστάσις the dark stabling-place of the sun, i. e. the West.

ἵπποσύνη, ἡ, (ἵππος) the art of driving or, later, of riding: the art of horsemanship. II. the horse of an army, cavalry.

ἵπποσύνης, η, ον, = ἵππικός.

ἵπποτά, Ep. for ἵπποτης.

ἵπποτης, ου, ὁ, (ἵππος) a driver or rider of horses, a horseman, knight: Homer always uses Ep. form ἵπποτα, esp. of Nestor. II. as Adj., λέως ἵπποτης the horse-folk, horsemen.

ἵππο-τοξότης, ου, ὁ, (ἵππος, τοξότης) a mounted Bowman, horse-archer.

ἵπποτροφία, f. ἡσω, to breed or keep horses. And ἵπποτροφία, ἡ, a breeding or keeping of horses, esp. for racing. From

ἵππο-τρόφος, ον, (ἵππος, τρέφω) horse-feeding: breeding or keeping horses.

ἵππο-τύφια, ἡ, (ἵππος, τύφος) excessive pride.

ἵππου-κρήνη, ἡ, Hippocrene, the horse's well on Helicon, sacred to the Muses, said to have sprung out where the hoof of Pegasus struck the earth.

ἵππου-οὐρά, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἵππος, οὐρά) fem. Adj. decked with a horse-tail, with crest of horse-bair.

ἵππο-φόρβιον, τό, (ἵππος, φέρβω) a stable. II. a troop of horses.

ἵππο-φορβός, ὄν, (ἵππος, φέρβω) a horse-keeper, trainer.

ἵππο-χάρμης, ου, ὁ, (ἵππος, χάρμη) = ἵπποχάρμης.

ἵππο-ῶδης, ες, (ἵππος, εἶδος) horse-like.

ἵππῶν, ὄνος, ὁ, (ἵππος) a place for horses, a stable: a balling-place, station.

ἵππωνεα, ἡ, a buying of horses From ἵππωνέω, f. ἡσω, to buy horses. From

ἵππ-ώνης, ου, ὁ, (ἵππος, ὠνέομαι) a buyer of horses.

ἵπταμαι, a late form for πέτομαι, to fly.

ἵπτομαι, f. ἵψομαι: (ἵπος): Dep.:—to press hard, oppress: generally, to hurt, harm.

ἱρά, τά, Ion. for ἱερά.

ἱραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, contr. for ἱεραξ, a hawk.

ἱράομαι, Ion. for ἱεράομαι.

ἱρεία, Ion. for ἱερεία.

ἱρεύεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἱερεύω.

ἱρεύς, ἦος, ὁ, Ion. for ἱερεύς.

ἱρεύω, Ion. for ἱερεύω.

ἱρήϊον, Ion. for ἱερεῖον.

ἱρήν, ἔνος, ὁ, Ion. for εἰρήν.

ἱρηξ, ἦκος, ὁ, Ion. for ἱεραξ.

ἱρία, Dor. for ἱερεία.

ἱρίς, ἰδος, ἡ: acc. ἱριν as well as ἱρίδα:—the rainbow, in Homer, as in the Bible, a sign to men (τέρας μερόπων ἀνθρώπων).

II. impersonated Ἴρις, ἰδος, ἡ, acc. Ἴριν, voc. Ἴρι, Iris, the Rainbow, as a messenger of the gods, esp. from the gods to men: Hesiod makes her daughter of Thaumias (the Wonderer).

ἱρίσιν, Ep. for ἱρίσιν, dat. pl. of ἱρίς.

ἱρο-δρόμος, ὁ, (ἱρός, δραμεῖν) Ion. for ἱεροδρ. = running in the sacred races. [i]

ἱρο-εργία, Ion. for ἱερούργια.

ἱρόν, τό, Ion. for ἱερόν. [i]

ἱρός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ἱερός. [i]

ἱρο-φάντης, ὁ, Ion. for ἱεροφ.

ἱροσύνη, Ion. for ἱερσύνη, priesthood.

Ἴς, ἡ, gen. ἰνῶς, acc. ἰνα: pl. nom. ἰνῆς, dat. ἰνῆσι Ep. ἱνεοσι:—Lat. *VIS*, strength, force, nerve, thews and sinew: very freq. in periphr. like βίη, as, ἰς Τηλεμάχου the strong Telemachus. II. a muscle: the neck. [i]

ἴσα, ἴσα, neut. pl. of ἴσος, ἴσος, used as Adv.

ἴσ-ἄγγελος, ον, (ἴσος, ἄγγελος) like an angel.

ἴσ-ἄδελφος, ον, (ἴσος, ἀδελφός) like a brother.

ἴσῶω, f. ἴσω, (ἴσος) to make equal:—Med. to make or hold equal to another, c. dat.

ἴσῃμι, Dor. for ἴσημι.

ἴσ-ἄμυλλος, ον, (ἴσος, ἀμύλλα) equal in the race.

ἴσαν, 3 pl. Ep. impf. of ἴμι ἰδο. II. Ep. for ἦσαν, ἦδεισαν, 3 pl. plrpf. of εἶδω.

ἴσ-ἄνεμος, ον, (ἴσος, ἄνεμος) swift as the wind. [α]

ἴσαντι, Dor. for ἴσασι, 3 pl. of ἴσημι.

ἴσ-ἄργυρος, ον, (ἴσος, ἀργυρος) as good as silver,

worth its weight in silver.

ἴσας, Dor. part. of ἴσημι.

ἴσασι, 3 pl. of ἴσημι, and of οἶδα (v. εἶδω v).

ἴσᾶσκετο [i], Ion. for ἴσᾶζετο, 3 sing. impf. med. of ἴσάζω, she likened herself.

ἴσατι, Dor. for ἴσησι, 3 sing. of ἴσημι.

ἴσ-ηγoreía and Med. -ἴσομαι, (ἴσος, ἀγορεύω) to speak on equal terms, with equal freedom. Hence

ἴσ-ηγορία, ἡ, equal right of speech: generally, equality in the eye of the law.

ἴσ-ἡλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἴσος, ἡλιξ) of the same age with.

ἴσ-ἡμέριος, α, ον, (ἴσος, ἡμέρα) lasting an equal time.

ἴΣΗΜΙ, I know:—a pres. only used in the Dor. forms, sing. ἴσᾱμι, ἴσᾱτι; pl. ἴσᾱμεν, ἴσᾱσι or ἴσαντι; part. ἴσας.

ἴσ-ἥρῆμος, ον, (ἴσος, ἑρῆμος) with as many oars.

ἴσ-ἥρης, ες, (ἴσος, ἀρερεῖν) equally fitted, equal.

ἴσθι, κνίω, imperat. pf. of *εἶδω. II. ἴσθι, be,

imperat. of εἰμι sum.

Ἰσθμία (sub. ἱερά), αν, τά, (ἰσθμός) the Isthmian games, held on the Isthmus of Corinth. Hence

Ἰσθμιάζω, f. ἴσω, to attend the Isthmian games.

Ἰσθμιάκός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἰσθμον) of the Isthmus.

Ἴσθμιός, ἀδός, *pecul. fem. of Ἴσθμιος; al Ἴσθμιάδες* (sub. ἑορταί), *the Isthmian games.*

Ἴσθμιον, τό, (ἱσθμός) *a necklace.*

Ἴσθμιος, α. ον, also ος, ον, (ἱσθμός) *of the Isthmus, Isthmian.*

Ἴσθμόθεν, Adv. *from the Isthmus; and*

Ἴσθμόθεν, Adv. *on the Isthmus; and*

Ἴσθμοῖ, Adv. *on the Isthmus. From*

ἱσθμός, οὐ, ὅ, (εἰμι ἰσθ) *a neck: any narrow passage.* 2. *a neck of land between two seas, an isthmus: esp. as prop. n. the Isthmus of Corinth.*

ἱσθμ-ώδης, ἐς, (ἱσθμός, εἶδος) *like an isthmus.*

Ἰσιός, ἄδος, *fem. Adj. of ἰς belonging to Isis. From*

Ἰσις, ἡ, gen. Ἰσιδος Ion. Ἰσιος: dat. Ἰσί: acc.

Ἰσις:—*Isis, an Egyptian goddess, answering to the Greek Demeter, Lat. Ceres.*

ἸΣΚΩ or ἔισκω, *to make like; ἴσκει ψεύδεα πολλὰ λέγον ἐτύμοισιν ὁμοία speaking many lies he made them like truths.* II. *to bold or think like; ἐμὲ σοὶ ἰσκόντες thinking me like you: absol., ἴσκειν ἕκαστος ἀνὴρ each man imagined or supposed.* III.

In late Poets, ἴσκει, ἴσκειν, —ἐλεγεν, he spoke, said.

ἴσμεν, 1 pl. of ὁἶδα, for which Homer always uses ἴδμεν: v. ἔδωκ.

ἰσο-βάρος, ἐς, (ἴσος, βάρος) *of equal weight.*

ἰσο-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἴσος, δαίμων) *godlike, equal to a god.* II. *equal in fortune or happiness.*

ἰσο-δαίσιος, ον, (ἴσος, δαίσιος) *living on an equal footing.*

ἰσο-ὑγής, ἐς, (ἴσος, ὑγῆναι) *equally balanced: equal.*

ἰσο-θεός, ον, (ἴσος, θεός) *equal to the gods, godlike.*

ἰσο-κίνδυνος, ον, (ἴσος, κίνδυνος) *equal to the danger.*

ἰσο-κληρός, ον, (ἴσος, κληρός) *equal in property.*

ἰσο-κράτης, ἐς, (ἴσος, κράτος) *of equal might or power, possessing equal privileges with others. Hence*

ἰσοκρατία, ἡ, *equality of power and rights, political equality.*

ἰσο-όμαλος, ον, (ἴσος, ὁμαλός) *equally level, nearly equal.*

ἰσο-μήτωρ, Dor. for ἰσο-μήτηρ, ορος, ὅ, ἡ, (ἴσος, μήτηρ) *like one's mother.*

ἰσο-μάχος, ον, (ἴσος, μάχη) *equal in the fight.*

ἰσο-μέγεθς, ἐς, (ἴσος, μέγεθος) *equal in size.*

ἰσο-μέτωπος, ον, (ἴσος, μέτωπος) *with equal forehead or front.*

ἰσο-μήκης, ἐς, (ἴσος, μήκος) *equal in length.*

ἰσομοιρέω, f. ἴσω, (ἰσόμοιρος) *to have an equal share: to take a share in a thing with another. Hence*

ἰσομοιρία Ion. -ῆ, ἡ, *a sharing equally, equal partnership.*

ἰσο-μοίρος, ον, (ἴσος, μοῖρα) *having an equal share of a thing; γῆν ἰσόμοιρος ἄνρ earth's equal partner*

air. 2. *generally, equal, close, resembling; φάος σκότῳ ἰσόμοιρον light close akin to darkness.*

ἰσο-μορος, ον, (ἴσος, μέρος) = ἰσόμοιρος, *resembling.*

ἰσο-όνειρος, ον, (ἴσος, ὄνειρος) *dream-like, vacant.*

ἰσο-νεκός, ον, ὅ, ἡ, (ἴσος, νέκος) *dying the same death.*

ἰσονομέομαι, Pass. (ἰσόνομος) *to have equal rights.*

Hence

ἰσονομία, ἡ, *equality of rights, political equality.*

ἰσό-νομος, ον, (ἴσος, νόμος) *having equal rights, enjoying freedom.*

ἰσό-παις, παῖδος, ὅ, ἡ, (ἴσος, παῖς) *like a child.*

ἰσο-πλάιστος, ον, (ἴσος, πλάιστος) *a span long.*

ἰσοπάλης, f. ἴσως, *to be a match for. From*

ἰσο-πάλης, ἐς, (ἴσος, πάλη) *equal in the struggle, well-matched, on a par with: equal.*

ἰσό-πάλος, ον, = ἰσοπάλης.

ἰσό-πέδον, τό, *level ground, a flat: neut. from*

ἰσό-πέδος, ον, (ἴσος, πέδος) *of even surface, level.*

ἰσο-πλάτης, ἐς, (ἴσος, πλάτος) *equal in breadth.*

ἰσο-πλάτων, ἄνος, ὅ, (ἴσος, Πλάτων) *a second Plato.*

ἰσο-πληθής, ἐς, (ἴσος, πλήθος) *equal in number or quantity.*

ἰσό-πρεσβυς, υ, (ἴσος, πρέσβυς) *like an old man.*

ἰσορροπία, ἡ, *equipoise, equilibrium. From*

ἰσό-ροπος, ον, (ἴσος, ροπή) *equally balanced, in equipoise: equally matched.*

ἸΣΟΣ, ἴση, ἴσων, Att. ἴσος [ῖ], ἴση, ἴσων, Ep. also ἔισος [ῖ]:—*equal to, the same as, like; ἴσα πρὸς ἴσα measure for measure; ἴσος καὶ . . ., equally with; ἴσων ἐμοὶ equally with me.* II. *equally divided or distributed, equal; ἴση μοῖρα an equal portion, also ἴση alone (sub. μοῖρα); τὸ ἴσον and τὰ ἴσα, an equal share, fair measures; προστυχεῖν τῶν ἴσων to obtain one's dues: hence fair, reasonable, ἴσως ἀνὴρ a fair, upright man.* 2. *at Athens, of the equal division*

of all civic rights; τὸ ἴσον equality, ἡ ἴση (sub. τιμαρία) punishment equal to the offence, condign punishment; ἴσαι (sub. ψήφοι) votes equally divided. III. *of Place, even, level, flat, Lat. aequus;*

ἐς τὸ ἴσον καταβαίνειν, Lat. in aequum descendens; δι' ἴσου at an equal distance or interval. IV. Adv.

ἴσως, q. v.: but neut. sing. and pl. ἴσων Att. ἴσων, ἴσα Att. ἴσα, are also used adverbially: in Att. ἴσα generally means *equally, ἴσως perhaps:—so also ἐξ ἴσων equally; ἐκ τοῦ ἴσου on an equal footing; ἐν ἴσῳ equally; cp. ἔσιση.* V. Att. Comp. ἰσώτερος.

ἰσοσκελής, ἐς, (ἴσος, σκέλος) *with equal legs; ἰσοσκελὲς τρίγωνον a triangle with two sides equal.*

ἰσοτέλεια, ἡ, (ἰσοτέλης) *equality of taxation.*

ἰσο-τέλεστος, ον, (ἴσος, τελέω) *accomplished for all alike.*

ἰσο-τελής, ἐς, (ἴσος, τέλος) *paying alike, paying the same taxes: at Athens the ἰσοτέλεις were a favoured class of μέτοικοι, who needed no patron (προστάτης), and paid no alien-duty (μετοίκιον), but had to pay taxes with the citizens.*

ἰσο-τενής, ἐς, (ἴσος, τείνω) *equally stretched.*

ἰσότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἴσος) *equality.*

ἰσοτίμια, ἡ, *equality of honour or privilege. From*

ἰσο-τίμος, ον, (ἴσος, τιμή) *beld in equal honour: having the same privileges.*

ἰσ-ο-φάρίζω, (ἴσος, φέρω) Ep. Verb only used in pres. *to match oneself with, cope with, vie with; ἰσοφάρίζω*

τὴν ἔργα το νίε with one in accomplishments: generally, to be equal to.

ἰσοφαρίσδεν, Dor. inf. of ἰσοφαρίζω.

ἰσο-φόρος, ον, (ἴσος, φέρω) bearing equal weights, equal in strength.

ἰσο-χειλής, ἐς, or ἰσό-χειλος, ον, (ἴσος, χεῖλος) level with the edge or brim.

ἰσό-χνοος, ον, (ἴσος, χνός) equally woolly with.

ἰσοχρονέω, ῥ. ἴσῳ, to be contemporary with. From

ἰσό-χρονος, ον, (ἴσος, χρόνος) equal in age or time.

ἰσοψηφία, ῃ, equal right to vote. From

ἰσό-ψηφος, ον, (ἴσος, ψήφος) having an equal number of votes.

II. having an equal vote with others, equal in deciding: of states, equal in franchise.

III. equal in numerical value, of words the letters of which make up the same sum.

ἰσό-ψυχος, ον, (ἴσος, ψυχή) of equal spirit or soul:

κράτος ἰσόψυχον power of like spirit with men.

ἰσώω, ῥ. ὥσω, (ἴσος) to make equal: ἰσώσας τάφεσαι

τὰ τέρματα having made the winning-post even

with the starting-post, i.e. having run the whole

course:—Med., ὄνυχας χειρᾶς τε ἰσώσαντο they made

their nails and hands alike, i.e. used them in like manner:—Pass. to be equal like or equal to.

ἰσάμεν, ἰσάμεναι, Ep. for ἰσάναί, inf. of ἴσθημι.

ἴστασο, pres. imperat. pass. of ἴσθημι.

ἰσάω, rare collat. form of ἴσθημι, in 3 sing. pres.

ἴστω, and 3 sing. impf. ἴστα.

ἴστε, 2 pl. of ὀίδα, v. *εἶδω v.

ἰστέσθαι, Ion. for ἰστανταί.

ἴσθημι (lengthd. from *ΣΤΑ'Ω):—the tenses of

ἴσθημι are divided into causal and intrans.:—A. Causal, to make to stand, pres. ἴσθημι, impf. ἴστην, fut.

στήσω, and aor. 1 ἔστησα, of Act.

B. Intrans. to stand, in aor. 2 ἔστην, pf. ἔστηκα, plqpf. ἐστήκειν,

together with pres. pass. ἵσταμαι, impf. ἰστάμην, fut.

σταθήσομαι (as also fut. med. στήσομαι, fut. 3 ἐστήξομαι),

aor. 1 ἐστάθην [ᾶ], pf. ἐστάμαι, plqpf. ἐστάμην.

But the pres. ἵσταμαι, impf. ἰστάμην, as well as aor. 1 ἔστησάμην, must also be regarded as med.,

in which case they take a causal sense, to place.

Epic forms: 3 sing. impf. ἵστασκε: 3 pl. aor. 1

Ep. ἔστανον for ἔστησαν: syncop. dual and plur.

perf. ἔστανον, ἔστανεν, ἔσταντε (or ἔστητε), ἔστανσι:

imperat. ἔστανθι: subj. ἔστω; opt. ἔσταίνην; inf. ἑσταναι

Ep. ἑσάμεν, ἑσάμεναι [ᾶ]; part. ἑστών, ἑστώσα, ἑστώνς

(or ἑστών), gen. ἑστώντος; Ion. ἑστέως, ὥτος, also ἑστέως

(Homer uses gen. ἑστώτος, acc. ἑστώτα, nom. pl. ἑστώτες):

aor. 2 στάσκον, es, e, 3 pl. ἔσαν, στάν [ᾶ];

2 and 3 sing. subj. στήης, στήῃ for στής, στήῃ, 1 plur.

στέωμεν and στέλομεν for στώμεν: inf. στήμεναι for στήναι.

A. Causal, to make to stand, set, place. II.

to make to stand still, stop, check: to make fast, fix.

III. to set up, set upright, to raise up, as the mast in a ship:

to raise or erect buildings, to set up a statue in one's honour;

ἰσάναί τινα χαλκοῦν to set

up a person in brass, raise a brassen statue to him

2. to raise, raise up, stir; ἔριν στήσαι to begin a quarrel.

3. to set up, appoint, establish.

IV. to place in the balance, weigh; τι πρὸς τι one thing against another.

B. Intrans. to stand, be set or placed; with an

Adv. to be in a certain state or condition; ἵνα χρεῖας

ἔσταμεν in what need we are:—στήναι els. . or παρὰ . . ,

to set oneself towards, go to. 2. to lie, be situated.

II. to stand still, take one's stand: to stand firm, remain fast, be fixed: to cease.

III. to stand upright, rise up, be set up: of a horse, ἵστασθαι

ὀρθύς to rear up. 2. generally, to arise, begin; ἔαρος νέον ἵσταμένοιο as spring was just beginning;

τοῦ μὲν φθίνοντος μηνός τοῦ δ' ἵσταμένοιο as one month ends and the next begins:—thus in

Homer the month is divided into two parts, μὴν ἱστάμενος and φθίνων;

in the Attic Calendar the month, which consisted of 30 days, was divided into three

parts of ten days each, called respectively, μὴν ἱστάμενος, μεσῶν, φθίνων.

3. to be appointed.

ἱστίη, Ion. for ἑστία.

ἱσπήσθαι, Ion. for ἐπιστάσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of ἐστιαῖν

ἱσπητόριον, τό, Ion. for ἐστιατ

ἱστίον, τό, (ἱστός) a thing woven, a web, cloth, sheet:

a sail, ἀγκροῖσι χρῆσθαι ἱστίοις to keep the sails reefed.

ἱστορ-φόρος, ον, (ἱστίον, ῥάπτω) sail-patching

metaph. a meddling, meddling fellow.

ἱστο-φόρος, ον, (ἱστίον, φέρω) carrying sails.

ἱστο-βοεύς, γεν. -έως Ion. -ῆος, ὁ, (ἱστύς, βοῦς) the

plough-ires or pole.

ἱστο-βόη, ῃ, = foreg.

ἱστο-δόκη, ῃ, (ἵστω, δέχομαι) the mast-bolder, a rest on which the mast was laid when let down.

ἵστον, 2 and 3 dual pf. of *εἶδω

ἱστο-πέδη, ῃ, (ἵστω, πέδη) a hole in the keel for fixing the mast in.

ἱστο-πόνος, ον, (ἵστω, πονέω) working at the loom.

ἱστορέω, ῥ. ἴσω, (ἵστω) to learn by inquiry: to inquire of, question, c. acc. pers. of things, to inquire about something.

II. to narrate what one has learnt, narrate historically. Hence

ἱστορία, ῃ, a learning by inquiry: knowledge or information obtained by inquiry.

II. a narration of what one has learnt, historical narrative

ἱστός, ὁ, (ἵσθημι) a ship's mast, ἱστὸν στήσαι ο.

στήσασθαι to set up the mast: generally, a rod or pole

II. the web-beam of the loom [which in ancient looms stood upright], the loom; ἵστον ἐποίεσθαι

to be busy about the beam, and so to weave 2. the warp that was fixed to the beam: the web.

ἱστό-τονος, ον, (ἱστός, τείνω) stretched on the web-beam.

ἱστο-ουργέω, ῥ. ἴσω, (ἱστός, *ἔργω) to work at the loom.

ἵστω, 3 sing. imperat. pf. of *εἶδω.

ἵστώ, Dor. gen. of ἱστός: but ἱστώ, dat. of the same.

ἵστωρ or ἵστωρ, ορος, ὁ, ῃ, knowing, acquainted

with, versed in: as Subst. *one who knows law and right, a judge.*

ισχάδιον, τό, Dim. of ισχύς. [ᾱ]

ισχάδω-πωλις, ιδος, ἡ, (ισχύς, πωλέω) *a woman who sells figs.*

ισχαιμος, ον, (ισχω, αιμα) *quenching blood:* ισχαιμον, τό, *a styptic.*

ισχαίνω, f. l. for ισχανάω.

ισχάλλος, α, ον, poet. for ισχνός, *dry, dried.*

ισχανά, Ep. 3 sing. of ισχανάω.

ισχάνω, Ep. lengthd. form of ισχάνα, ισχω, *to hold back, check, binder:*—Pass. *to check oneself, wait.* II. intrans. *to hold on by, cling to a thing, and so to desire eagerly.*

ισχάνω, = ισχανάω, *to check, binder:* c. gen. *to keep back from a thing.* [ᾱ]

ισχύς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ισχνός) *a dried fig.*

ισχήμεν, ισχήμεναι, Ep. inf. of ισχάω.

ισχω, imperat. med. of ισχω.

ισχίον, τό, (Is, ισχύς) *the socket in which the thigh-joint turns, the hip-joint:*—in pl. *the hips or loins.*

ισχάινω, (ισχνός) *to make thin, dry, withered:*—Pass. *to become so:*—metaph., σφριγῶντα θυμὸν ισχάινειν *to bring down the proud stomach.*

ισχω-πάρεος, ον, (ισχνός, παρεῖδ) *with withered cheeks.*

ισχνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ισχω) *thin, lean, withered, meagre.* II. of style, *poor, meagre.*

ισχνό-φανος, ον, (ισχνός, φωνή) *with thin or weak voice.* II. *stuttering, stammering.*

ισχυρίζομαι, f. ἵσταιμι Att. ἵσταμαι: aor. I ισχυρίσμαι: (ισχυρός): Dep. —to use all one's strength, to insist strongly, contend stoutly: esp. to affirm obstinately:—Pass. *to be strengthened, gain greater force.*

ισχυρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ισχω) *strong, mighty, powerful.* 2. *stiff, firm, lasting, bard.* 3. *severe, great, excessive:* παρά ισχυρὸν *by violence, force, opp. to δόλφ.* Hence ισχυρῶς, Adv. *strongly, stiffly, exceedingly, Lat. vehementer:*—Sup. ισχυρότατα, *most certainly.*

ισχύς, ὄος, ἡ, (Is, ισχω) *strength, force, might, esp. bodily strength.* 2. *a force of soldiers.*

ισχύω, impf. ισχύνω: f. ισχύσω: aor. I ισχύσα [ῶ]: (ισχύς):—to be strong, mighty, powerful: to have one's full powers, be in health and strength.

ισχύς, a form of ἔχω, only found in pres., and in impf.

ισχω:—to hold, check, restrain: intr. to stop:—Med. *to hold oneself in, check oneself:* ισχω bold I be still! c. gen. *ισχουθαί τινας to desist from a thing:* ισχωτο ἔν τούτῳ (impers.) *here it stopped.* II. later like ἔχω, to hold or possess. 2. to have to wife.

ισωνία, ἡ, (ἴσος, ἀντή) *a fair price.*

ισώνυμος, ον, (ἴσος, ὄνομα) *bearing the same name.*

ἴσως, Adv. of ἴσος, equally, in like manner. II. *fairly, equitably.* III. *probably, perhaps:* in Att. often joined with ἄν or τάχ' ἄν.

IV. with numerals, *about.*

ισωσαίμην, aor. I med. opt. of ἴσθω.

Ἰταλία Ion. -ῆ, ἡ, *Italy.* [first syll. long in hexam.]

Ἰταλίη, ου, ἡ, poet. for Ἰταλιάτης.

Ἰταλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Ἰταλος) *Italian.*

Ἰτάλις, ἴδος, pecul. fern. of Ἰταλικός.

Ἰταλιώτης, ον, ὁ, an *Italiano*, one of the Greek inhabitants of Italy: fem. Ἰταλιώτις, ἴδος. *Italian.*

ἸΤΑΛΟΣ, ὁ, an *Italian:*—as Adj. *Italian.*

ἰταῖος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἰτης) *headlong, hasty.*

ἸΤΕΑ Ion. -ῆ, ἡ and -ῆ, ἡ, *a willow, Lat. sa-
lin.* II. *a wicker shield, a target.* Hence

ἰτέων, ἡ, ον, of *willow, made of willow, wicker.*

ἰτέον, verb. Adj. of ἔμμι ἰδο, *one must go.*

ἰτην, Ep. 3 dual impf. of ἔμμι ἰδο.

ἰτης, ου, ὁ, (ἔμμι ἰδο) *hasty, impetuous: imprudent.*

ἰτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔμμι ἰδο) *passable.*

ἰτρίνεος, α, ον, like *honey-cake.* From

ἰτρίον, τό, *a cake, made of sesame and honey.*

ἰττω, Boeot. for ἰστω, 3 sing. pf. of ἔμμι ἰδο: ἰττω Ζεύς, *Zeus be witness!*

ἸΤΥΣ, vos, ἡ, the *edge or rim of anything round, the felloes of wheels: the outer edge of the shield: the round shield itself.*

ἰτω, 3 sing. imperat. of ἔμμι ἰδο.

ἰτων, 3 dual and Att. 3 pl. of ἔμμι ἰδο.

ἰυγή, ἡ, (ἰύω) *a bowling, sbrieking, yelling.*

ἰυγμός, ὁ, (ἰύω) *a sbouting, sbout of joy: also a cry of pain, scream, sbriek.*

ἰυγέ or ἰυγῆ, ἰυγγος, ἡ, (ἰύω) the *wryneck*, so called from its cry: the ancient witches used to bind it to a wheel, which they turned round, believing that they drew men's souls along with it and charmed them to obedience: it was used to recover unfaithful lovers: hence metaph. *a love-charm, witchery: strong desire.*

ἸΥΖΩ, fut. ἰύω: aor. I ἰύα:—to *sbout, bolla: also to bowl, sbriek.* (Formed from the sound.)

ἰυκτής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἰύω) *one who sbouts or cries: a singer, whistler, piper.* [I]

ἰφθίμος, ἡ, ον, also ος, ον, (ἰφί) *strong, mighty, stout, stalwart: of women, goodly, comely.*

ἸΦΙ, Ep. Adv. *strongly, stoutly, with might or force, valiantly:* old poet. dat. from ἴσ.

Ἰφί-γένειδ, ἡ, (ἰφί, γένω) *Iphigencia, Agamemnon's daughter, called by Homer Ἰφίανασσα.*

ἰφιος, α, ον, (ἰφί) *strong, mighty: of sheep, goodly.*

ἸΦΥΟΝ, τό, a kind of *pot-herb.*

ἰχθυόζομαι, Dep. = ἰχθυάω.

ἰχθυάω, f. ἄσσω, (ἰχθύς) *to fish, angle:* Ep. 3 sing. ἰ-θύα, impf. ἰχθυάσκων.

ἰχθυόβολός, f. ἡσώ, *to strike fish, spear them.* From ἰχθυό-βόλος, ον, (ἰχθύς, βάλλω) *striking or spearing fish:* ἰχθ. θήρα *a spoil of speared fish:*—as Subst., ἰχθυόβολος, ὁ, an *barpooner, spearer.*

ἰχθύ-βοτος, ον, (ἰχθύς, βόσκειν) *fed on by fish.*

ἰχθυῖον, τό, Dim. of ἰχθύς, *a little fish.*

ἰχθύ-δόκος, ον, (ἰχθύς, δέχομαι) *holding fish.*

ἰχθυρῶς, ὁ, ὄν, (ἰχθύς) *fishy, scaly, foul.*

ἰχθυο-βόλις, ἰχθυο-βόλος = ἰχθυοβ-

ἰχθυο-ειδής, ἑς, (ἰχθύς, εἶδος) *fish-shaped, fish-like.*

ἰχθυόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἰχθύς) full of fish, fishy. II.
 consisting of fish.
 ἰχθυο-θηρητήρ, ἦρος, δ, (ἰχθύς, θηράω) a fisherman.
 ἰχθυο-λύμης, ου, δ, (ἰχθύς, λύμη) the plague or destruction of fish.
 ἰχθυο-φάγος, ου, (ἰχθύς, φάγειν) fish-eating; of ἰχθυοφάγοι ἄνδρες the Fish-eaters, a tribe.
 ἰχθυ-πῆγης, ἐς, (ἰχθύς, παγγῆναι) fish-piercing.
 ἸΧΘΥΣ, υός, δ: acc. ἰχθύν and later ἰχθύς: the nom. and acc. pl. ἰχθύες, ἰχθύας are contr. into ἰχθύς:—a fish, Lat. *piscis*. II. plur. of ἰχθύς, the fish-market. [ῥ in sing. nom. and acc., ῥ in genit. and in all compds.]
 ἰχθυσι-ληϊστήρ, ἦρος, δ, (ἰχθύς, ληστής) a stealer of fish.
 ἰχθυ-φάγος, ου, = ἰχθυοφάγος. [δ]
 ἰχθυ-ώδης, ἐς, (ἰχθύς, εἶδος) = ἰχθυοειδής: full of fish.
 ἰχναῖος, α, ου, (ἰχνος) following on the track.
 ἰχνεῖα, ῆ, (ἰχνεῖω) a casting about for the scent.
 ἰχν-ελάτης, ου, δ, (ἰχνος, ελαύνω) one who follows in the track, a tracker out.
 ἰχνεύμων, ονος, δ, (ἰχνεῖω) the tracker: an Egyptian animal of the weasel kind, the *icbneumon* or *Pbaracob's rat*, which hunts out crocodiles' eggs.
 ἰχνευσις, εως, ῆ, (ἰχνεῖω) a tracking.
 ἰχνητής, οῦ, δ, a tracker, hunter. 2. the *icbneumon*: and
 ἰχνητικός, ῆ, ου, good at tracking. From
 ἰχνεῖω, f. υοι, (ἰχνος) to track or trace out, hunt after.
 ἰχνιον, τό, (ἰχνος) a track, trace, footstep.
 ἰχνο-πέδη, ῆ, (ἰχνος, πέδη) a kind of fetter or trap.
 ἸΧΝΟΣ, εος, τό, a track, footstep: metaph. a track, trace, mark, clue.
 ἰχνο-σκοπέω, (ἰχνος, σκοπέω) to examine the track.
 ἸΧΝΩΡ, ὤρος, δ, *ichor*, the fluid that flows in the veins of gods: Ep. acc. ἰχῶ, for ἰχώρα.
 ἰψ, δ, gen. ἰψός, nom. pl. ἰπες: (ἰστομαι):—a worm that eats born and wood. [I]
 ἰψαιο, 2 sing. aor. I of ἰπτομαι.
 ἰω, subj. of εἰμι ἰβο.
 ἰω, contr. for ἰάω, imperat. of ἰάομαι.
 ἰώ, io! O! an exclamation of joy, as in Lat. *io triumphis*! but Att. also of fear, sorrow, etc., *ob!*
 ἰώ, ἰών, ἰώγα and ἰώνγα, Boeot. for ἐγώ, ἐγών, and ἰγογε.
 ἰωγή, ῆ, (ἰέναι) shelter; Βορέω ὑπ' ἰωγῇ under shelter from the north wind.
 ἰωή, ῆ, (ἰά, ἰώ) any loud sound; the sound of the lyre; the roaring or whistling of the wind; the sound of footsteps.
 ἰώκα, heterocl. acc. of ἰωκή, as if from ἰώξ.
 ἰωκή, ῆ, (διώκω) the battle-din, the rout, pursuit.
 ἰών, ἰώνγα, v. ἰώ, ἰλόν.
 ἸΩΝ, υνος, δ, *Ion*, son of Xuthus (or Apollo) and Creüsa, from whom sprung the Ionian race; of ἰῶνες the Ionians. [I]
 ἰωνιά, ἀς, ῆ, (ἰόν) a violet-bed, Lat. *violarium*.

Ἰωνικός, ῆ, ἰν, (Ἰων) *Ionian*:—Adv. —*κῶς*, in the *Ionian* fashion, softly, effeminately.
 ἰῶτα, the smallest letter in the Greek alphabet, hence in N. T. *an iota, a jot*.
 ἰωχμός, δ, = ἰωκή, ἄν' ἰωχμόν in chase, pursuit.

K

Κ, κ, κάππα, τό, indecl., tenth letter in Greek Alphabet. As numeral κ' = 20, but κ = 20,000. κ is near akin to γ and χ; hence the older Att. changed χνός into κνός, γνάπτω into κνάπτω, βέγχω into βέγκω; so the Ion. χιτών into κιθών, δέχομαι into δέκομαι, etc.—γ before κ, as in ἀγκυθεν, is pronounced like our *ng*.
 κᾶ, Dor. for the Ion. κε, — the Att. ἄν.
 κάββαλε, Ep. for κατέβαλε, aor. 2 of καταβάλλω.
 καββάς, ροῦτ. for καταβάς, aor. 2 part. of καταβαίνω.
 Κάβειροι, of the *Cabeiri*, divinities worshipped by the Pelasgians in Lemnos and Samothrace: they were represented as dwarfs, and were called sons of Hephaistos or Vulcan, as being masters in the art of working metals.
 κάγ, Ep. for κατά before γ, as κᾶγ γόνυ.
 κάγκανος, ου, (καλῶ) fit for burning, dry.
 καγχάζω, fut. ἄσω, — καχάζω. Hence
 καγχᾶλᾶω, το λαυγᾶ aloud, Lat. *caecinnor*; Ep. 3 pl. καγχᾶλᾶσιν; Ep. part. καγχᾶλᾶων, ῶσσι.
 κάγχρῦς, εος κάχρυσ.
 κᾶγ, crasis for καὶ ἐγώ.
 κᾶδ, Ep. for κατά before δ, as κᾶδ δέ.
 καδδρᾶθέτην, Ep. for κατεδραθέτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of καταδρατάνω.
 καδδύναμιν, Ep. for κατὰ δύναμιν.
 καδδύσαι, Ep. for καταδύσαι, nom. pl. aor. 2 part. fem. of καταδύω
 καδεμῖον, Dor. for κηδεμῖον.
 κεδίσκος, δ, Dim. of καδός: the *dalloing-iron*.
 Καδμείος, α, ου, (Κάδμος) *Cadmean*, of Καδμείος the *Cadmeans* or ancient inhabitants of Thebes; ἡ Καδμεία the *citadel of Thebes*. Proverbial, Καδμεινίκη a *Cadmean* victory, i.e. dear-bought victory (from the story of Polyneices and Eteocles).
 Καδμείων, υνος, δ, (Κάδμος) a descendant of Cadmus, *Theban*.
 Καδμηῖος, η, ου, Ep. and Ion. for Καδμείος.
 Καδμηῖς, ἴδος, Ep. and Ion. fem. of Καδμείος.
 Κάδμος, δ, *Cadmos*; son of the Phoenician king Agenor, brother of Europa, founder of Thebes in Boeotia, who brought from Phoenicia the old Greek alphabet of sixteen letters, hence called Καδμηῖα γράμματα, which was afterwards increased by the eight Ionic, η ω θ φ χ ζ ε ψ.

κάδος, δ, (χαδεῖν) a *jar, jar, cask*, Lat. *cadus*. II. an urn or box for collecting the votes. [ἀ]
 κάδος, εος, τό, Dor. for κῆδος.
 Κάειρα, ἡ, fem. of Κάρ, a Carian woman.
 Adj. fem. for Καρικῆ, Carian.
 κᾶέις, aor. 2 part. pass. of καίω.
 κᾶήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of καίω.
 καήσομαι, fut. 2 pass. of καίω.
 κᾶθά, Adv., contr. from κατὰ, ᾧ, according as.
 καθ-ἀγίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ (κατὰ, ἀγίζω) to devote or dedicate by fire. II. to burn as a sacrifice, burn as incense: devour. Hence
 καθ-ἀγισμός, ὁ, a devoting or dedication by fire. II. a burning of a dead body: funeral rites.
 καθ-ἀγνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ (κατὰ, ἀγνός) to make pure, cleanse, hallow. II. to offer as an atonement or expiation.
 καθαίμακτος, ὄν, bloodstained, bloody. From καθ-αιμάσσω, f. ξω, (κατὰ, αἰμάσσω) to make bloody, stain with blood.
 καθ-αιμάττω, = καθαίμασσω.
 καθαίρεις, εω, ἡ, (καθαίρω) a putting down, destroying: a pulling down, demolishing.
 καθαριετός, ἔα, ἔον, and καθαριετός, ᾧ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of καθαίρω, to be put down: to be accomplished.
 καθαριετής, εν, ὁ, a destroyer. From καθ-αιρέω Ion. καταρέω: fut. ἦσω: fut. 2 καθελῶ: aor. 2 καθελών, inf. καθελείν:—to take down; καθελείν ἱστία to lower the sails; ὀφθαλμοὺς καθελείν to close the eyes of the dead; καθαίρειν σελήνην to bring down the moon, Lat. *coelo deducere lunam*: generally, to take down anything bung up; hence Med., καθαίρεισθαι τὰ τόξα to take down one's bow from the peg.
 2. to take down by force, pull down, overpower: also to demolish, destroy: also to humble, reduce; esp. to depose: of a decree or resolution, to cancel, rescind it: as law-term, to condemn. 3. to bring to an end, accomplish, achieve: Med., καταρῆσθαι μεγάλα πράγματα to achieve great feats. 4. like αἰρῖν, to take and carry off, seize.
 καθαίρω, fut. καθάρῶ: aor. I ἐκάθηρα:—Pass, aor. I ἐκαθήρθην: pf. κεκάθαρμαι: (καθαρός):—to make pure or clean, cleanse:—in religious sense, to cleanse, purify, purge: Med.: to have oneself purified. II. to purge off, wash away, to cleanse away, atone for, expiate.
 καθ-ἄλλομαι, fut. -αλοῦμαι: aor. I καθηλάμην: Dep.:—to leap down, Lat. *desilire*: of a storm, to rush down.
 κάθαμμα, ατος, τό, (καθάπτω) anything tied, a knot, κάθωμμα λυεῖν λόγον to untie a knotty point.
 καθ-ανύω, Att. for κατάνυω.
 καθ-ἄπαξ, Adv. once for all: altogether.
 καθά-περ Ion. κατάπερ, Adv. = καθά with enclit. περ, even as, just as.
 καθάπτω, ἡ, ὄν, fastened on or to; καθάπτει δὲ δὸραϊς clad in skins. From
 καθ-ἄπτω, f. ψω: aor. I καθήψα: (κατὰ, ἄπτω):—to tie or fasten on:—Pass., βρόχῳ καθημμένος (pf.

part.) fastened or attached to a noose. 2. — καθάπτωμαι, to lay hold of. II. Med. καθάπτωμαι, fut. -άψομαι:—to lay hold of, fasten upon, esp. to accost one. 2. to assail, attack, upbraid. 3. to appeal to one as witness, claim as a witness, Lat. *antestari*.
 καθάρειντόν, one must keep clean, be pure, τὰς from a thing; verb. Adj. from
 καθάρειν, f. σω, (καθαρός) to be clean or pure: esp. to be clear or free from guilt.
 καθάρῃζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, = καθαίρω, to cleanse, purify, make clean.
 καθάρως, ὄν, (καθαρός) cleanly, neat. Hence καθάρωτης, ητος, ἡ, cleanliness, neatness.
 καθάρωσις, ὁ, (καθαρίζω) a cleansing, purifying.
 κάθαρμα, ατος, τό, (καθαίρω) that which is thrown away in cleansing: in pl. off-scourings, defilement. H. metaph. a worthless fellow, castaway, outcast. III. a space purified with proper rites; ἐντὸς καθάρματος within the purified ground.
 καθ-αρμός, f. σω, to join or fit to.
 καθαρμός, ὁ, (καθαίρω) a cleansing, purifying. II. an atonement, expiation.
 ΚΑΘ'ΑΡΟΣ, ᾧ, ὄν, clean, pure, spotless, unsouled, of garments. II. clear, open, free; ἐν καθάρῳ (sub. τύπῳ) in an open space, in a place clear from dead bodies; ἐν καθάρῳ ἡλίω in the open sun, opp. to the shade. III. in moral sense, with clean hands, pure, free from offence. IV. pure, bright, clear; hence genuine, true. V. generally, perfect, complete, effective; τὸ καθαρὸν τοῦ στρατοῦ the portion of the army fit for service. Hence
 καθάρωτης, ητος, ἡ, cleanness, purity.
 καθ-αρτάζω, fut. ἄσω or ἄξω, to tear or snatch down.
 καθάρσιος, ὄν, (καθαίρω) cleansing, purifying, expiatory. II. as Subst., τὸ καθάρσιον (sub. ἱερῶν), an expiatory sacrifice: purification, expiation.
 καθάρσις, εω, ἡ, (καθαίρω) a cleansing, purification, καθάρτης, οῦ, ὁ, (καθαίρω) a cleanser, purifier.
 καθεδόμεναι, fut. of καθίζωμαι.
 καθ-εδρα, (κατὰ, ἔδρα), ἡ, a seat; ἡ καθέδρα τοῦ λαοῦ the hare's seat or form. II. a sitting still, lounging, delaying.
 καθ-ίζομαι: impf. καθιζόμεν, but also ἐκαθεζόμεν (as if the Verb were not a compd.): fut. καθεδοῦμαι: aor. I part. καθισθείς: Dep.:—to sit down, sit still, to linger, tarry: to sit as suppliants: of an army, to sit down in a country, take up a position.
 καθήκω, Ep. and Ion. aor. I of καθήμι.
 καθέλατο, Ep. for ἐκάθητο, 3 pl. impf. of καθήμι.
 καθέλιον, aor. 2 of καθαίρω.
 καθέμι, pf. pass. of καθήμι.
 καθ-έργγυμι and καθείργω, Att. for κατ-: f. -είρω; aor. I -είρφα: (κατὰ, ἔργω):—to abase or, enclose, confine.
 καθ-εῖς, for καθ' εἷς, one by one, one after another; also εἰς καθέκ, for εἰς καθ' ἑνα.
 καθίσα, Ep. aor. I of καθίζω.

καθεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κατέχω) to be held back.
καθελεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of καθαίρειν.
καθ-ελίσσω, f ζω, to wrap round, infold: Ion. plupf.
pass. κατελίσχατο, for καθελιγμένοι ἦσαν.
καθ-ελών, f. -έλξω or -ελκύσω (as if from -ελκύνω):
aor. I κατέλκυσσα: pf. κατέλκυκα:—Pass., aor. I κα-
τέλεικυσθην: pf. κατέλκυσμαι:—to draw down, esp.
of ships, to launch, Lat. deduco.
καθελοῦσα, Dor. for καθελοῦσα, fem. of καθελών.
καθελῶ, fut. of καθαίρειν.
καθελών, aor. 2 part. of καθαίρειν.
καθ-έννυμι, to clothe: see καταέννυμι.
καθεξῆς, Adv. (κατά, ἔχω) in order, in succession.
κάθεξις, εως, ἡ, (κατέχω) a biding, keeping bold of.
καθέξω, fut. of κατέχω.
κάθ-ερμα, ατος, τό, (κατά, ἔρμα) a necklace.
καθ-έρπω, f. -ερπύσω (as if from -ερπύνω): aor. I
καθείρπυσα: (κατά, ἔρπω):—to creep or steal down:
metaph. of the first down, to steal down the cheek.
κάθεξ, aor. 2 imperat. of καθίημι.
καθεσθῆς, aor. I part. pass. of καθέζομαι.
καθέσταμεν, Ep. I pl. pf. of καθίστημι.
καθεστηκός, νία, ἄς, pf. part. of καθίστημι.
καθεστήξω, fut. 3 of καθίστημι, with intr. sense.
καθεστώτα, αν, τά, syncop. part. pf. plur. neut. of
καθίστημι, existing laws, customs, usages.
καθεῦδα: impf. Ep. καθεῦδον, Att. also καθυδον
and ἐκάθευδον: fut. καθευδήσω:—to lie down to sleep,
sleep, slumber: metaph. to rest, be at rest.
καθ-εὐρίσκω, f. -ρήσω, to find out, discover.
καθ-εψάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, (κατά, ἐψάομαι): Dep.:
—to mock at, deride: Ep. 3 pl. κατεψιόνανται.
καθ-έψω, fut. -εψήσω, (κατά, ἐψω) to boil down, dis-
gest.
II. metaph. to soften, temper.
κάθη, Att. for κάθησαι, 2 sing. of κάθημαι.
καθηγεμών, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (κατά, ἡγεμών) a leader, guide.
καθ-ηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι: (κατά, ἡγέομαι): Dep.:
—to lead the way, be guide: hence to shew the way in
doing a thing, to establish, ordain, to dictate, prescribe,
Lat. praescribis. Hence
καθηγητής, ου, ὁ, a leader, guide, teacher.
καθήγησα, aor. I of καθάγειν.
καθήγησσα, aor. I of καθάγειν.
καθ-ηδύπαθω, f. ἦσω, (κατά, ἡδύπαθω) to squander
in luxury.
καθήκα, aor. I of καθίημι.
καθ-ήκω, f. ζω, (κατά, ἡκω) to come or go down, go
down to fight. 2. to come down to, come or reach
to, extend to. II. to reach as far as, to suffice or
be enough for a thing: to be meet, proper. 2. part.,
τὰ καθήκον, οντος, and τὰ καθήκοντα, that which is
meet or proper, one's duty: but also τὰ καθήκοντα =
τὰ καθεστῶτα, the present state of things, circum-
stances.
καθ-ηλιάζω, (κατά, ἥλιος) to bring the sun in upon,
to illuminate.
καθ-ήμιαι: imperat. κάθησο: subj. κάθωμαι: opt.
καθοίμην: inf. καθήσθαι: part. καθήμενος: impf.

ἐκαθήμην:—properly perf. of καθέζομαι, to have seated
oneself, to be seated, sit: of judges, to have taken their
seats in court: generally, to take up one's abode, so-
journ, dwell: in bad sense, to sit idle, be listless, lie
unemployed: of an army, to encamp: to lie in wait.
καθ-ημέριος, α, ον, also καθημερινός, ἡ, ὄν, (καθ'
ἡμέραν) happening every day, daily.
κάθηρα, Ep. for ἐκάθηρα, aor. I of καθαίρειν.
καθήσθε, 2 pl. of κάθημαι: but καθήσθε, 2 pl. Ep.
impf. of same.
κάθησο, imperat. of κάθημαι:—καθήστω, 3 sing. impf.
καθηδόν, impf. of καθέδω.
καθ-ιδρύω, f. ὕσω [ῦ]:—Causal of καθέζομαι, to
make to sit down, set down: to establish, institute: of
sacred things, consecrate:—Pass. to sit down, settle.
καθ-ιέμαι, Pass. of καθίημι.
καθ-ιερῶ, f. ὠσω, to dedicate, consecrate, devote,
ballow.
καθ-ιζάνω, (κατά, ἴζω) to sit down.
καθίζω, Dor. for καθίζον, med. imperat. of sq.
καθ-ίζω: impf. καθίζον or κάθιζον Att. ἐκάθιζον (as
if the Verb were not a compd.): fut. καθίσω Att. κα-
θίσω Dor. καθίζω: aor. I ἐκάθισα Dor. κάθισα, Ep.
part. καθίσσας: another Ep. form of aor. I is καθεῖσα,
also written καθίσα, always used in Causal sense:
(κατά, ἴζω): I. Causal, to make to sit down:
ἀγοράς καθίσαι to make an assembly be seated, i. e.
open one: generally, to set, appoint, constitute. 2.
to place or settle in a place, establish. 3. to place one
in a certain condition, make one so and so. II.
intr. to sit down, be seated, sit, esp. to sit at meals:
of an army, to sit down in a country, encamp.
καθ-ιημι, fut. καθήσω: aor. I καθήκα Ep. καθέκα:
pf. καθεῖκα, pass. καθεῖμαι: (κατά, ἦμι):—to send
down, let down, let fall, Lat. demitto: καθιέναι τὴν
ἀγκυραν to let go the anchor: καθιέναι καταπειρη-
τηρίῳ, to let down a sounding-line, hence absol.,
καθιέναι to sound:—metaph. to put forward, attempt:
—Pass. to be carried down, reach or stretch down sea-
wards: καθεῖτο τὰ τεῖχη the walls were carried down
to the sea. II. to send down into the place of
contest, enter for a contest. III. intr. to come
down upon, attack.
καθίκεο, 2 sing. aor. 3 of καθικνέομαι.
καθ-ικερνύω, to intreat earnestly.
καθ-ικέομαι, fut. -ίξομαι: aor. 2 -ἰκόμην: (κατά,
ἰκνέομαι): Dep.:—to come down, come to, reach to:
hence to touch, probe.
καθ-ιμάω, f. ἦσω, (κατά, ἰμάω) to let down by a rope.
καθίξας, Dor. for καθίσας, aor. I part. of καθίζω.
καθίξω, Dor. for καθίσω, 2 sing. aor. I of καθίζω.
καθ-ιπτάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:—to ride down,
overrun with horse: generally, to trample down.
καθ-ιπτεύω, f. σω, to ride down, trample under foot.
καθίσω, Att. aor. I of καθίζω.
καθίστω or -τη, for καθίστω imperat. of καθίστημι.
καθ-ιστάνω and καθ-ιστάω, forms of the pres. καθ-
ίστημι.

καθ-ίστημι. I. in Causal sense. pres. καθίστημι, imperf. καθίστην, fut. καταστήσω, aor. I κατέστησα: so also of the Med., pres. καθιστάμαι, imperf. καθιστάμην, aor. I κατεστηράμην:—to set down, put down: bring down to a place and set there; καταστήσαι νῆα to bring a ship to land, put in. 2. to settle, ordain, appoint. establish. put in train: generally, to set in order, arrange: also to restore:—Med. to appoint for oneself, choose: to make or render so and so, bring into a certain state.

II. Intrans. in aor. 2 κατέστην, pf. κατέστηκα, plqpf. καθεστήκειν, and in all tenses of Pass.:—to be placed, set down: to settle oneself.

2. to be set, established, appointed.

3. to stand quiet or calm: πνεῦμα καθεστῆκεν a calm: of persons, to become calm and composed.

4. to be in a certain state; εὖ καταστῆναι to come to a good issue. 5. to be usual or customary; to be or become: καθεστῆκώς Ion. κατεστώς, existing, established; τὰ καθεστῶτα existing laws, customs, usages.

καθιστῶντες, pres. part. pl. of καθιστάω.

καθ-ό, Adv. for καθ' ὅ, in so far as, according as.

καθολικός, ἡ, ὄν. (κάθολος) general, universal.

καθ-όλου, for καθ' ὅλου, as Adv. on the whole, in general, generally.

καθ-ομολογέω, f. ἤσω, (κατά, δημολογέω) to confess, etc. II. to promise, engage.

καθ-οπλίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to equip or array fully.

καθ-ορέω: f. καθόρομαι formed from κατόπτομαι: pf. καθεώρακα: aor. 2 κατείδον, inf. κατιδεῖν (cf. εἶδον):—to look down

II. trans. to look down upon: generally, to view, see, behold: to perceive, observe.

καθ-ορμῶ, f. ἤσω, to set in motion, impel.

καθ-ορμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ:—to bring into harbour, bring to anchor or moorage: and in Pass., with aor. I med. καθαρμασάμην, to come into harbour, put in. 2. generally, to bring into a certain condition.

καθ-οσιεύω, f. ὥσω. (κατά, δσιός) to offer sacrifice:—so also in Med. to offer on one's own part.

καθ-ότι, used as Adv. for καθ' ὅτι, in what manner.

καθ-ό, for καθέο, aor. 2 med. imperat. of καθήμι.

καθ-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to treat despitefully, to insult wantonly.

II. absol. to wax insolent.

καθ-υδρος, ov. (κατά, ὑδωρ) full of water: καθυδρος πρᾶξις a cup of water, periphr. for water itself.

καθ-υμνέω, f. ἤσω, to sing of, to deicant upon

καθ-υπεράκοντιζω, f. ἴσω. (κατά, ὑπερακοντίζω):—to exalt beyond another, excel in exalting.

καθ-ὑπερθε, before a vowel -θεν, (κατά, ὑπερθε) Adv. from above, down from above 2. on the upper side, above: c. gen., καθύπερθε Χίου above Chios.

3. of Time, before.

καθ-ὑπέρτατος, a, ov, Comp. of καθυπερθε, upper, bigger, above: of persons, having the upper hand, superior. Sup. καθυπέρτατος, η, ov, biggest, uppermost

καθ-υποσχέομαι, Dep. to promise earnestly.

καθ-υπνώ, f. ὥσω, to be fast asleep: also in Med. καθ-υποκρίνομαι: Dep. (κατά, ὑποκρίνομαι):—to deceive by false appearances.

II. c. inf. to pretend

to be other than one is, personate some person or thing.

καθ-υθίμι, fut. -υθήσω: (κατά, ὑθίμι):—let loose, let go, hence to give up, betray.

2. intr. to slacken one's exertions.

3. Med., καθυφθεσθαι τι to give way, yield: also to slacken in one's exertions.

καθώμαι, subj. of καθήμαι,

καθώς, Adv. (κατά, ὡς) according as, as.

ΚΑΙ, Conjunction, and, also

I. joining words and sentences, like Lat. et, while enclit. Te answers to Lat. que: when in Prose two words or clauses are closely combined? τε καί are often used, ἀρετοί τε καί λέοντες bears and lions, both as creatures of one kind; θαυμάζονται ὡς σοφοί τε καί εὐτυχεῖς γεγενημένοι they are admired both as wise and fortunate.

II. also, used to make a single word or clause emphatic, ἔπειτα με καί λῑποι αἰών then let life also forsake me.

2. with Participles or Adjectives, καί may be rendered by though, altho, albeit, as, Ἐκτορα, καί μεμᾶτα, μάχης στήσεσθαι δῖος, Hector will I keep away, how much soever or altho he rage.

3. even, to increase or diminish the force of words, esp. with a Comp., as, θεὰ καί ἀμείνων ἵππους δωρήσαιο; καί is often used in this way before οὗτος; with neut. pl., καί ταῦτα and that, and besides, especially; τί γάρ δεινότερον δικάστω, καί ταῦτα γέροντος; for what is worse than a judge, and that an old one (i.e. especially an old one).

4. so also in diminishing, λέμενος καί καπνὸν ἀποθάρσυνοντα νοήσαι he longs to see even the smoke rising, i.e. were it but the smoke, only the smoke; οἷς ἡδὺ καί λέγειν with whom 'tis sweet only to speak.

III. as, after ὁμοιοι, ἴσοι, ὁ αὐτός, like Lat. ac, atque after aequo, simul, perinde, etc.; γνώμησι ἐχρέοντο ὁμοίησι καί σὺ they held the same opinion as you.

IV. of number, about; καί ἐς ἑβδομήκοντα about to the number of 70.

καίᾱδαι, ov, Dor. α, δ, a cbasm or underground cavern at Sparta, into which state-criminals were thrown, like the Athenian βάρανον. (Laccon. word.)

καί γάρ, for truly, to confirm a prop. which of itself is tolerably certain; καί γάρ δή for of a surety.

καί . . γε, and indeed, Lat. et . . quidem, to introduce something more emphatic; καί λίην κείνός γε ἐπικρίτῃ κείναι δλῆθρ and indeed very deserved. Te is always separated from καί by one or more words.

καί δή, and even, also even.

II. and indeed, certainly: in answers, yes indeed, by all means, Lat. ac certe, et vero.

III. supposing it to be the case, Lat. fac ita esse.

IV. καί δή καί, and besides that also, and moreover.

καί εἰ, even if, altho, supposing that, where the thing may really exist or not: whereas with αἰ καί the thing is supposed as existing.

καίᾱμεν, Ep. for καίᾱν.

καί κε, καί κεν, Ep. for καί ἄν, κᾱν.

καικίας, *ov, ð*, the north-east wind.
καί μάλα, καί μάλα γε, *aye and very much.*
καί μὴν, and verily, and certainly, *Lat. et vero.* II.
and further, and besides. III. in answers, *well, be it so.*

καίνιω, *f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (καίνος) to make new, to have new; καί τι καίνιζει στέγη* the house has something new about it; *καίνισον ζυγόν* bear thy new yoke; *καίνισαι εὐχάς* to offer strange, new-fangled prayers.
καينو-παθῆς, ἐς, (καίνος, παθεῖν) newly suffered, never before suffered.

καينو-πηγῆς, ἐς, (καίνος, πήγνυμι) newly fastened, new-made.

καينو-πῆμων, ov, gen. ονος, (καίνος, πῆμα) newly suffering, new to suffering.

καينو-ποιέω, f. ἴσω, (καίνος, ποιέω) to make new, renew in *Pass.*, *τί καινοποιήθην λέγεῖς*; what new phrases art thou using? Hence

καινοποιητής, ου, ð, an inventor of new pleasures.

ΚΑΙΝΟΣ, *ἡ, óν, new, fresh, Lat. recens; καινοὶ λόγοι* new; *ἐκ καινῆς* (sub. ἀρχῆς) *anew, afresh, Lat. de novo.* II. newly introduced, new-fangled, strange; *καινοὶ θεοὶ* strange gods.

καινός-τάφος, ov, (καίνος, τάφος) of a new tomb.

καινότης, ἡτος, ἡ, (καίνος) newness, freshness: novelty.

καινοτομέω, f. ἴσω, (καινοτόμος) to cut fresh into;

in mining, *to open a new vein*: metaph. *to begin something new, institute anew*; *to make innovations in the state*, *Lat. res novas tentare.* Hence

καινοτομία, ἡ, a cutting anew: innovation.

καινο-τόμος, ov, (καίνος, τεμείν) cutting newly;

beginning something new, innovating.

καινοουργέω, f. ἴσω, (καινοουργός) to make new. II.

to innovate, make innovations. Hence

καινοουργία, ἡ, innovation.

καιν-ουργός, óν, (καίνος, *ἐργω) making new, innovating;

τὸ καινοουργόν a novelty.

καίνος, f. ὥσω, (καίνος) to make new, innovate;

Pass. to become fond of novelty or innovation. II.

το devote anew, consecrate, dedicate.

καί νύ κε, and now perhaps.

ΚΑΙΝΥΜΑΙ, *impf. ἐκαινύμην [ῥ]: pf. (in pres. sense) κέκασμαι Dor. κέκαδμαι, plqpf. (in impf. sense) ἐκέκασμαι*, formed as if from *κάζω*—*to surpass, excel*;

ἐκαινύτο φῦλ' ἀνθρώπων κυβερνήσαι be surpassed mankind in steering; *ἐγχείρει ἐκέκαστο Πανέλ-ληνας* be excelled all the Greeks in throwing the spear;

so in part, *δόλοισι κεκασμένους surpassing all in wiles*;

but *κεκασμένος* also *well-furnished.*

καί νυν, and now, even now.

ΚΑΙΝΩ, *fut. κῶνω: aor. 2 ἐκῶνον, inf. κῶνεῖν: pf. κέκονα*—*to kill, slay, slaughter.*

καί-περ, (καί περ) although, albeit.

καί πῶς; and how? but how? when a thing is supposed to be impossible: only interrog.

καί ῥα, Ep. and then, and so.

καίριος, α, ov, also ας, ov, (καίρος): in season, seasonable, happening at the right or critical time, Lat.

opportunus—also *lasting for a season.* II. of Place, in or at the right or critical place; of the parts of the body, *vital*; *ἐν καίριῳ* or *κατὰ καιρίον* in a vital part—of wounds, *deadly, mortal*; *καίρια* (sub. πληγῇ) a mortal wound: generally, *τὰ καιρία* accidents. Hence

καιρίως, *Adv. seasonably.* II. *mortally.*

ΚΑΙΡΟΣ, *ð, due measure, right proportion, fitness*;

καιροῦ πέρα beyond measure, unduly. II. of

Time, the right season, the right time for action, the critical moment, *Lat. opportunitas*: generally, *convenience, advantage, profit*; *πρὸς καιρόν*, or *absol. καιρόν*, at the right or proper time, in season, opportunistly; *ἐν καιρῷ τινι εἶναι* or *γίνεσθαι* to suit one's convenience, be of service to him; *κατὰ καιρόν* in due season; *Lat. dextro tempore*; but, *ἀπό* or *ἀνευ καιροῦ* or *παρὰ καιρόν*, out of season, *Lat. alieno tempore.*

III. of Place, the right point, right spot: also a vital part of the body.

ΚΑΙΡΟΣ, *ð, the webbing or thrums to which the threads of the warp are fastened.* Hence

καιροσέων, a *gen. pl. in Od. 7. 107, καιροσέων ὑδονέων ἀπολείβεται ὑγρόν ἔλαιον* from the close-woven linen-clothes trickles off the liquid oil. It seems to be

for *καιροέσσαν*, *gen. pl. fem. of καιροέης.*

καιρο-φύλακῶ, f. ἴσω, (καιρός, φυλακή) to watch

for the right time, *Lat. tempora observare.*

καί ταῦτα, and that, and besides, especially.

καί τοι or **καί-τοι**, and indeed: *and yet, although.*

ΚΑΙΩ *Att. κάω [ᾱ]: impf. ἔκαιον Att. ἐκᾶον Ep. κείον: fut. καύσω: aor. 1 ἐκάουσα, Att. also ἐκαε, Ep. ἐκηα* or *ἐκεια* (or without *augm. κῆα, κεία*)—*Pass.*

aor. 1 ἐκαύθην: aor. 2 ἐκάην: pf. κέκαυμαι: I

to burn, kindle, set on fire—*Med. to kindle fires for oneself*—*Pass. to be set on fire, take fire, burn.* II.

to burn up, consume: to storch, sbrivel up.

κάκ, Ep. for κατὰ before κ, as in κάκ κεφαλῆς.

κάκ, crasis for καί ἐκ.

κάκ-ἄγγελος, ov, (κακά, ἀγγέλλω) bringing ill tidings.

κάκ-ἄγγελτος, ov, (κακά, ἀγγέλλω) caused by ill tidings; κακάγγελτα ἄχη the sorrow of ill tidings.

κακ-ἄγορος, Dor. for κακήγορος.

κακ-ανδρία, ἡ, (κακός, ἀνὴρ) unmanliness, cowardice.

κάκει, by *crasis* for *καί ἐκεῖ*, and there, there also.

κάκεινος, κακείνων, by *crasis* for *καί ἐκείνος*, etc.

κάκ-εστῶ, οὗς, ἡ, (κακός, εἰμί sum), ill-being, opp. to εὖεστῶ well-being.

κάκη, ἡ, (κακός) badness, baseness: cowardice.

κάκηγορέω, f. ἴσω, (κακήγορος) to speak ill of, abuse, slander. Hence

κάκηγορία, ἡ, evil-speaking, abuse, slander, calumny;

κακήγορίας δίκη an action for defamation.

κάκ-ήγορος, ov, (κακός, ἀγορεύω) evil-speaking, abusive, slanderous, calumnious—*irreg. Comp. and Sup. κακηγορίστερος, -ίστατος.*

κάκία, ἡ, (κακός) badness, baseness, cowardice, Lat.

malitia. 2. wickedness *vicē*. Lat. *avaritia*. II. disgrace, dishonour.

κακίω, f. *λω* Att. *ω*, (κακός) to make or think bad, to abuse, blame, reproach. II. to make cowardly:—Pass. to behave basely, *βίαν* the coward:—to be worsted.

κάκιοςτος, η, ον; irreg. Sup. of κακός. *κἀκίω*, ον, gen. *ονος*; irreg. Comp. of κακός. [Υ Ep., 7 in Att. poets.]

κακκῶ, (κάκκη) the Lat. *caecare*.

κακκέαι, Ep. for κατακέαι, aor. 1 inf. of κατακαίω:

κακκέοντες, Ep. κατακέοντες, part. of κατακαίω.

κακ-κεφάλῃς, better divisim *κακ κεφαλῇς*, Ep. for

κατὰ κεφαλῆς

ΚΑΚΚΗ, ἥ, *human ordure, dung*.

κακκήαι, Ep. κατακήαι, aor. 1 inf. of κατακαίω.

κακκόρυθα, κακκορυφήν, better divisim *κακ κοο-*,

Ep. for κατὰ κορύθα, κατὰ κορυφήν.

κακ-κρύπτω, Ep. for κατα-κρύπτω:

κακ-κύνηγέτις, ιδος, ἥ, for κατακυνηγέτις.

κακό-βίος, ον, (κακός, βίος) living badly, living a

bard life, faring badly.

κακόβουλομαι, Med. to act unwisely. From

κακό-βουλος, ον, (κακός, βουλή) ill-advised, unwise.

κακό-γείτων, ον, gen. *ονος*, (κακός, γείτων) a bad

neighbour, or a neighbour in misery.

κακό-γλωσσος, ον, (κακός, γλώσσα) ill-tongued;

βοή κακόγλωσσος a cry full of misery 2. slan-

derous.

κακόδαιμονάω, (κακοδαίμων) to be tormented by an

evil genius, be like one possessed.

κακόδαιμονέω, f. ἥσω, (κακοδαίμων) to be unhappy

or unfortunate. Hence

κακόδαιμονία ἡ, unhappiness, misfortune. II.

a being possessed by a demon, raving madness.

κακό-δαίμων, ον, gen. *ονος*, (κακός, δαίμων) having

an evil genius, ill-starred, ill-fated, unhappy,

wretched. II. as Subst. an evil genius.

κακόδοξέω, ἡ, ἥσω, (κακόςδοξος) to be in ill repute.

κακόδοξη, ἡ, (κακόςδοξος) ill repute, infamy.

κακό-δοξος, ον, (κακός, δόξα) in ill-repute, without

fame, unknown. II. infamous.

κακό-δρομία, ἡ, (κακός, δρόμος) a bad passage.

κακό-εἶμα, ον, gen. *ονος*, (κακός, εἶμα) ill-clad.

κακοεργία, ἡ, ποῖετ. for κακ-οουργία, ill-doing. From

κακό-εργός, ον, (κακός, *ἐργω) doing ill; κακέργος

γαστήρ the unfortunate stomach, like Lat. *fames im-*

proba.

κακό-ζοία, ἡ, (κακός, ζοία poet. for ζοή) a miserable

life.

κακόθθεια, ἡ, badness of disposition, malicious-

ness II. bad manners or habits. From

κακό-ἥθος, ἐς, (κακός, ἥθος) of ill habits, ill-dis-

posed, malicious: τὸ κακὸς ἥθος an ill habit, Lat. *scri-*

berendi cacoethes, an itch for writing.

κακοθημοσύνη, ἡ, disorderliness. From

κακό-θημος, ον, gen. *ονος*, (κακός, τίθημι) ill-ar-

ranged, disorderly, careless.

κακό-θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ον, (κακός, θρόος) speaking ill; λόγος κακόθρους a slanderous word.

Κάκο-ἴλιος, ἡ, = κακή ἴλιος, evil or unhappy *Ilium*.

κακοκέρδεια, ἡ, base love of gain. From

κακό-κερδής, ἐς, (κακός, κέρδος) making base gain.

κακό-κνῆμος, ον, (κακός, κνήμη) Dor. form, thin-

legged.

κακό-κρίσια, ἡ, (κακος, κρίνω) a sad judgment.

κακό-λογέω, (κακολόγος) to speak ill of rail at.

Hence

κακόλογία, ἡ, evil-speaking, railing, abuse.

κακό-λόγος, ον, (κακός, λέγω) evil-speaking, railing,

slandrous, abusive.

κακό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, = κακός μάντις, prophet of ill.

κακό-μέλετος, ον, (κακός, μέλος) ill-sounding.

κακομετρέω, f. ἥσω, to give bad measure. From

κακό-μετρον, ον, (κακός, μέτρον) in bad measure.

κακό-μηδής, ἐς, (κακός, μήδος) contriving ill, crafty.

κακό-μήτης, ον, ὁ, (κακός, μήτις) = κακομηδής.

κακομηχανέω, f. ἥσω, (κακομήχανος) to practise base

arts. Hence

κακομηχανία, ἡ, a practising of base arts, ingenuity

in mischief.

κακό-μήχανος, ον, (κακός, μηχανή) mischief-plotting,

mischievous, malicious.

κακό-μοιρος, ον, (κακος, μοίρα) ill-fated.

κακό-μορφος, ον, (κακός, μορφή) ill-shapen.

κακό-νοιά, η, (κακόνους) illwill, malice, opp. to εὖ-

νοία.

κακονομία, ἡ, a bad system of laws, a bad constitu-

tion, bad government. From

κακό-νομος, ον, (κακός, νόμος) with bad laws, with

a bad constitution, ill-governed.

κακό-νοος, ον; contr. -νοος, ον, pl. κακόνοι;

(κακός, νόος) ill-disposed: disaffected: bearing malice

against one. Comp. and Sup. κακονούστερος, -νού-

στατος.

κακό-νυμφος, ον, (κακός, νύμφη) ill-wedded. II.

as Subst., κακόννυφος, ὁ, a bad or unhappy bridegroom.

κακό-ξενος Ion. -ξενος, ον, (κακός, ξένος) having

ill guests: irreg. Ep. Comp. κακοξενώτερος. II.

unfriendly to guests, inhospitable.

κακό-ξυνετος, ον, (κακός, ξυνετός): wise only for evil.

κακοπάθεια, ἡ, (κακοπαθής) ill plight, distress.

κακοπαθέω, f. ἥσω, to suffer ill; to be distressed.

From

κακό-παθής, ἐς, (κακός, παθεῖν) suffering ill, dis-

tressed.

κακό-πάρθενος, ον, (κακός, παρθένος) unbecoming a

maid.

κακό-πατήρ, ιδος, ο, ἡ, (κακός, πατήρ) having a

low-born father, of low descent.

κακό-πίνης, ἐς, (κακός, πίνος) foul and loathsome.

κακοποιέω, f. ἥσω, (κακοποιός) to do ill, be a

rogue. II. trans. to hurt, spoil, lay waste. Hence

κακοποιία, ἡ, ill doing, damage.

κακό-ποῖός, ον, (κακός, ποίω) doing ill, mischievous.

κακό-ποτμος, ον, (κακός, πότμος) ill-fated.

κακό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (κακός, πούς) *with bad feet, weak in the feet.*

κακο-πράγῳ, f. ἦσω, (κακός, πρᾶγος) *to be ill off, fare badly, fail in an enterprise.* Hence

κακοπράγῳ, ἡ, *ill-success, failure.*

κακο-πράγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, πρᾶγμα) *doing evil, mischievous.*

κακό-πτερος, ον, (κακός, πτερόν) *ill-omened.*

κακορ-ράφια, ἡ, (κακός, ῥάπτω) *contrivance of ill, mischievousness.* 2. *ill contrivance, unskilfulness.*

κακορ-ρήμων, ον, (κακός, ῥῆμα) *evil-speaking.* II. *telling of ill, ill-omened.*

κακορ-ροθῶ, f. ἦσω, (κακός, ῥόθος) *to speak evil: to speak evil of a person, abuse, revile him.*

κακόρ-ῥπος, ον, (κακός, ῥπος) *foul and filthy.*

ΚΑΚΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, *bad, ill, evil, bad in its kind, worthless: ugly, as opp. to καλός.* 2. *bad at one's trade;*

κακός ἀλήτης *a bad beggar: cowardly, faint-hearted;* cf. *κάκη.* 3. *of low birth, mean, vile.* 4. *in a moral sense, bad, evil, wicked.* 5. *of things, bad, evil, mischievous: of omens, unlucky, ill-boding: of words, evil, abusive, foul.* II. *as Subst. κακόν, τό, evil, ill, mischief: also woe, distress, loss: also bodily ill, injury.* 2. *in moral sense, evil, vice, wickedness; κακόν τι ἔρδειν to do evil or ill to any one.* III. *Degrees of Comparison:—*

Irreg. Comp. κακίαν, ον, Sup. κάκιστος, η, ον: but χείρων χείριστος, ἥσσαν ἥκιστος are also used as Comp. and Sup. of κακός. IV. *in Compos. it sometimes expresses the fault of excess, and so =*

άγαν, Lat. nimis: but commonly it gives a collat. notion of *hurtful, unlucky, = δυσ-, as in κακό-σινος: sometimes it marks defect of a property, as in κακό-πιστος: sometimes it is used like the simple Adj., as*

Κακο-ἴλιος for κακός ἴλιος.

κακο-σκελής, ἐς, (κακός, σκέλος) *with bad legs.*

κακο-σκήνης, ἐς, (κακός, σκήνη) *of a bad, mean body.*

κάκ-ασμος, ον, (κακός, ὀσμή) *ill-smelling,*

κακό-σπλαγχνος, ον, (κακός, σπλάγχνον) *faint-hearted, cowardly.*

κακο-σπορία, ἡ, (κακός, σπόρος) *a bad crop.*

κακοστομέω, f. ἦσω, *to speak evil of.* From

κακό-στομος, ον, (κακός, στόμα) *evil-speaking, foul-mouthed.*

κακό-στρωτος, ον, (κακός, στράγγυμι) *ill-spread, rugged.*

κακο-σύνθετος, ον, (κακός, συντίθημι) *ill put together, ill composed:*

κακό-σχολος, ον, (κακός, σχολή) *inactive, idle, lazy.* II. *act., κακόσχολοι πνολα winds that wear men out in idleness.*

κακοτεχνέω, f. ἦσω, (κακούτεχνος) *to practise bad arts, be guilty of mal-practices, act basely, Lat. malitiose ago.* Hence

κακοτεχνία, ἡ, *the practice of bad arts, mal-practices, esp. forgery, malversation.*

κακό-τεχνος, ον, (κακός, τέχνη) *using bad arts or mal-practices, artful, wily.*

κακότης, ητος, ἡ, (κακός) *badness, baseness, cowardice, like κάκη.*

II. *moral badness, wickedness, worthlessness.* III. *evil, distress, suffering.*

κακοτροπία, ἡ, *bad habits, maliciousness, wickedness.* From

κακό-τροπος, ον, (κακός, τρόπος) *of ill habits, mischievous, malignant.*

κακοτύχῳ, f. ἦσω, *to be unfortunate.* From

κακό-τύχης, ἐς, (κακός, τύχη) *unfortunate.*

κακούργῳ, f. ἦσω, (κακούργος) *to do evil or mischief, to be an evil-doer: c. acc. to do evil to one, to damage, hurt, harm: to ravage a country.* Hence

κακούργια Ep. κακοεργίη [ῖ], ἡ *the character of an evil-doer, wickedness, villainy.* From

κακ-ούργος Ep. κακό-εργος, ον, (κακός, *ἐργω) *doing ill, knavish, villainous: as Subst. an evil-doer, knave: an offender, criminal.* II. *doing harm to one, damaging, hurtful.*

κακ-ουχῶ, f. ἦσω, (κακός, ἐχω) *to treat ill, wrong, hurt, injure.* Hence

κακουχία, ἡ, *ill-treatment, ill-conduct; κακουχία χθονός the devastation of a country.*

κακό-φάτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (κακός, φάτις) *sounding ill, ill-omened.*

κακο-φράδης, ἐς, (κακός, φράζομαι) *devising ill, thoughtless, foolish.* Hence

κακο-φράδῖα Ion. -ίη, ἡ, *folly, thoughtlessness.*

κακο-φρονέω, f. ἦσω, *to be ill disposed, to bear ill-will or malice.* From

κακό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, φρήν) *evil-minded, malicious, malignant.* II. *thoughtless, heedless.*

κακό-χαρτος, ον, (κακός, χαίρω) *rejoicing in the ill of others, malicious.*

κακο-χράσμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, χράσμαι) *with scanty means, poor.*

κακό-ψογος, ον, (κακός, ψέγω) *malignantly blaming.*

κά-τόω, f. ὤσω, (κακός) *to treat badly, ill-use, maltreat: of things, to harm, destroy:—Pass. to be ill-treated, distressed, to suffer: in pf. pass. part. κεκα-*

νωμένος, disfigured, defouled.

κακτάμεναι, Ep. for κατακτάμεναι, κατακτάναι, inf. of κατέκτειναι, aor. 2 of κατακτείνω.

κά-τῑνε, Ep. for κατάρκτανε, aor. 2 imperat. of κατακτείνω; also for κατέκτανε, 3 sing. ind.

κάκτανε, Ep. for κατέκτεινε, 3 sing. impf. of κατακτείνω,

ΚΑΚΤΟΣ, ἡ, *the cactus, a prickly plant.*

κά-τῑνω, f. ἑνῶ, (κακός) *to damage, injure:—Pass. to behave badly, act basely: of soldiers, to mutiny.* II. *to revile, reproach:—Pass to be reproached.*

κακχεύει, Ep. for καταχέαι, aor. 1 inf. of καταχέω.

κακός, Adv. of κακός, ill, badly: *with difficulty, scarcely.* Comp. κάκιον, Sup. κάκιστα.

κέκωσις, εως, ἡ, (κακώ) *ill-treatment: a distressing, wearing out: damage, misfortune.*

κακότερος, Ep. Comp. of κακός: cf. κακίων.

κάλαθίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of κάλαθος, a small basket.

ΚΑ'ΛΑΘΟΣ, ὁ, *a basket, a wicker band-basket,*

Lat. *calatibus*
a kind of *cup*.

II. a cooling-vessel, cooler: also

καλάινος, ἡ, ον, coloured like the κάλας, between blue and green, of changeful hue. From

κάλας, ὁ, a precious stone of a greenish blue, the topaz or *chrysolite*

κάλαμα, ἡ, (καλάμη) a kind of grasshopper.

κάλαμντης, οὐ, ὁ, (κάλαμος) a reaper, mower. II. an angler.

ΚΑΛΑΜΗ, ἡ, a stalk of reed or corn, Lat. *calamus*, *stipula*: a fishing-rod. II. stubble:

metaph. the residue, remnant, remains: of an old man, καλάμην γέ σ' ὅμοιαι εἰσὸρδοντα γηρνώσκειν thou may'st still, I ween, perceive the stubble (i. e. the relics) of former strength.

κάλαμητομία, ἡ, a cutting of stalks, reaping. From
κάλαμη-τόμος, ον, (καλάμη, τεμείν) cutting stalks, reaping.

κάλαμη-φάγος, ον, (καλάμη, φάγειν) devouring stalks, mowing or cutting them.

κάλαμη-φέρρος, ον, (καλάμη, φέρω) carrying reeds or canes.

κάλαμινος, ἡ, (καλός, μίνθα) mint. Hence

Καλαμίνιος, ὁ, Minty, name of a frog.

κάλαμινος, ἡ, ον, (καλαμος) made of reed or cane.

κάλαμιν, ἴδος, ἡ, (καλαμος) a fishing-rod.

κάλαμίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of κάλαμος.

κάλαμιντα, ἴδος, ἡ, (καλαμος) a kind of grasshopper.

κάλαμός, εσσα, εν, of reed; καλαμέσσα λαχά the sound as of a reed-flute. From

ΚΑΛΑΜΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. *calamus*, a reed or cane, Lat. *arundo*: an arrow of reed: a reed-pipe, reed-flute: a writing-reed, used as a pen; generally, a pen, a fishing rod. II. generic term for any plant, which is neither bush (ῥύλη), nor tree (δένδρον).

κάλαμο-στεφής, ἐς, (κάλαμος, στέφω) crouches or covered with reed.

κάλαμο-φθογος, ον, (κάλαμος, φθέγγομαι) played on a reed.

καλάστρις, ινα, ἡ, a long Egyptian garment with a border of tassels or fringe. (Egyptian word.)

καλάστροφ, ινος, ἡ, a shepherd's staff or crook, thrown so as to drive back the cattle.

καλέσκον, Ion. impf. of καλέω; Ep. 3 sing. impf. med. καλέσκετο.

καλέοντι, Dor. for καλέουσι, 3 pl. of καλέω.

καλέσσα, aor. I part. of καλέω.

καλέσασθε, 2 pl. aor. I med. imperat. of καλέω.

κάλεσσα, Ep. aor. I of καλέω.

καλεύνται, Dor. for καλούνται.

καλεύντο, Ep. and Dor. for ἐκαλούντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of καλέω.

ΚΑΛΕΨΩ: Ion. impf. καλέσκον; fut. καλέσω Ion. and Ep. καλέω Att. καλώ: aor. I ἐκάλεσα Ep. ἐκάλεσσα or καλέσσα: pf. κέκληκα (for κέκαλχηκα):—Med., fut. καλέσομαι Att. καλοῦμαι: aor. I ἐκαλέσαμην roét. καλεσσάμην:—Pass., fut. κληθήσομαι, paullo post f. κελήσομαι: aor. I ἐκλήθην: pf. κέκλημαι.

I. to call, summon: c. inf. to καλεῖν αὐ, summon to do a thing 2. to call to one's house, to invite, Lat. *vocare ad coenam*. 3. to call on or invoke the gods. 4. as law-term, in Act. of the judge, καλεῖν τινα to cite, summon before the court; in Med. of the plaintiff, καλεῖσθαι τινα to sue at law, Lat. *vocare in jus*.

II. to call by name, address by name, generally, to name; καλεῖν τινα ἐπικλήσω to call by name:—Pass., to be named, receive a name; and in pf. κέκλημαι, to have been named, and so to be called: the pf. pass. freq. means simply to be; as, τάδε μὲν Περσὶν πιστὰ καλεῖται these are called (i. e. are) the faithful counsellors of the Persia.

κλήμεναι, roét. for καλεῖν, inf. of καλέω.

κλήτης, Dor. and Att. for κλητής.

κλήτωρ, opor, ὁ, (κάλω) a crier.

κάλω Ion. -νή, ἡ, (κάλω) a wooden house, hut, cabin, cot: a barn, granary: a bird's nest: a wooden shrine for a statue.

κάλως, ἄδος, ἡ, = καλὰ, a bu.

καλινδέομαι, Pass., with fut. med. καλινδήσομαι, = ἀλινδέομαι, κυλινδέομαι, to lie rolling or wallowing: metaph. to be busy with a thing, to be constantly engaged with it. Hence

καλινδήθρα, ἡ, = ἀλινδήθρα, a place for horses to roll in after exercise.

κάλλα, τά, a cock's wattles, Lat. *palea*: also a cock's tail.

καλλέπω, Ep. for καταλείπω.

καλλι-, in compd. words, either gives the additional idea of beautiful to the simple word; or is like a mere Adj. with its Subst., as καλλίπαις = καλή παῖς.

καλλι-βλέφαρος, ον, (καλλι-, βλέφαρον) with beautiful eyelids or eyes.

καλλι-βόας, ον, ὁ, (καλλι-, βοή) beautiful-sounding.

καλλι-βότρυς, υ, gen. vos, (καλλι-, βότρυς) with beautiful clusters.

καλλι-βωλος, ον, (καλλι-, βάλω) with rich soil.

καλλι-γάληνος, ον, (καλλι-, γάληνη) sweetly-tranquil

καλλι-γάμος, ον, happy in marriage.

καλλιγενεια, ἡ, (καλλι-, γένος) bearer of a fair offspring, mother of beautiful things, the name by which Ceres was invoked in the Thesmophoria.

καλλι-γύναις, gen. αικος, ὁ, ἡ, (καλλι-, γυνή) with beautiful women or maidens: the nom. seems never to have been used. [δ]

καλλι-δίνης, ον, ὁ, (καλλι-, δίνη) flowing with beautiful eddies. [δ]

καλλι-διφορος, ον, with beautiful chariots.

καλλι-δόναξ, ακος, ὁ, with beautiful reeds.

καλλι-ἐλαιος, ὁ, (καλλι-, ἐλαία) the cultivated olive, opp. to ἀγρίελαιος.

καλλι-επέω, f. ἤσω, to speak in fair set terms, in high-flowing phrases; κκαλλιετημέναι λόγοι high-wrought speeches. From

καλλι-επής, ἐς, (καλλι-, ἔπω) beautifully speaking, elegant.

καλλ-ἱερῶ Ion. καλλ-ἱρῶ, f. ἱσῶ, (καλλι-, ἱερόν):
—to have favourable signs in sacrifice, Lat. *litare*,
berlitare:—c. acc. to sacrifice with good omens. 2.
of the offering, to give good omens, be favourable,
propitiou
καλλι-ζυγής, ἑα, (καλλι-, ζυγῆναι) beautifully-yoked.
καλλι-ζωνος, on, (καλλι-, ζώνη) with beautiful
girdles.
καλλι-θριξ, τρήχος, ὁ, ἡ, (καλλι-, θρίξ) with beauti-
ful hair or mane: of sheep, with fine wool.
καλλιθύττω, f. ἱσῶ, to offer auspiciously. From
καλλι-θύτω, on, (καλλι-, θύω) with beautiful or
auspicious sacrifices.
καλλι-καρπος, on, with fine fruit, rich in fine
fruit.
καλλι-κερωσ, ωτος οἷ ω, ὁ, ἡ, (καλλι-, κέρας) with
beautiful horns
καλλι-κολώνη, ἡ, Fair-bill, a district near Troy.
καλλι-κόμης Dor. -μας, ὁ, ἡ, and καλλικόμος, on,
(καλλι-, κόμη) beautiful-haired.
καλλι-κρήδηνος, on, (καλλι-, κρήδηνον) with
beautiful fillets or hair-bands.
καλλι-κρηνος Dor. -κράνος, on, (καλλι-, κρήνη)
with a beautiful spring.
καλλι-λαμπέτης, on, ὁ, (καλλι-, λάμπω) beau-
tifully shining.
καλλι-λογέω, (καλλι-, λέγω) to express a thing ele-
gantly:—Med. to give a fair name to a thing.
καλλι-μορφος, on, (καλλι-, μορφή) beautifully
shaped.
καλλίμος, on, poet. for καλός, beautiful.
καλλι-νάος, on, (καλλι-, νάω) beautifully flowing.
καλλι-νίκος, on, (καλλι-, νίκη) with glorious victory,
triumphant. II. crowning or ennobling
victory; τὸ καλλνικόν the glory of victory.
καλλιον, neut. of καλλίων, Comp. of καλός: used
also of Adv., more beautifully.
καλλι-όπη poet. Καλλι-όπεια, ἡ, (καλλι-, ὄψ) Cal-
liopée, first of the nine Muses, the beautiful-voiced.
καλλι-παῖς, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, with beautiful children. II.
= καλὴ παῖς, a beautiful child
καλλι-πάρητος, on, (καλλι-, παρεία) beautiful-
beeked.
καλλι-πάρθενος, on, of, with beautiful maidens or
nymphs.
καλλιπρον, Ep. aor. 2 of καταλείπω: inf. καλλιπτεειν.
καλλι-πέδιλος, on, (καλλι-, πέδιλον) with beautiful
sandals.
καλλι-πεπλος, on, beautifully robed.
καλλι-πέτρηλος, on, (καλλι-, πέτρηλον) with beauti-
ful leaves.
καλλι-πηχυς, v, gen. εως, with beautifully elbow.
καλλι-πλόκμος, on, with beautiful locks.
καλλι-πλουτος, on, adorned with riches.
καλλι-πολις, εως, ἡ, beautiful city.
καλλιπρον, Ep. for κατέλιπον, aor. 2 ο. καταλείπω.
καλλι-πονος, on, beautifully wrought.
καλλι-πόταμος, on, of beautiful rivers.

καλλ-πρῶτος, on, (καλλι-, πρόρα) with beautiful
prow, of ship. metaph. of men, with beautiful face.
καλλι-πύλος, on, (καλλι-, πύλη) with beautiful gates;
καλλι-πυργος, on, with beautiful towers, towering.
καλλι-πύργωτος, on, (καλλι-, πυργώω) built with
beautiful towers
καλλι-πυλος, on, with beautiful steeds or cols.
καλλι-ρέεθρος, on, (καλλι-, ρέεθρον) beautifully
flowing.
καλλι-ῖρῶ, Ion. for καλλι-ιέρῶ.
καλλι-ροος, poet. for καλλιρ-ροος.
καλλιρ-ροος, on, contr. καλλιρ-ρους, ον, (καλλι-
ῖρῶ) beautifully flowing.
κάλλιστα, Adv. Sup. of καλῶς, most beautifully.
καλλι-στάδιος, on, (καλλι-, στάδιον) with a fine
race-course,
καλλιστεῖον, τό, (καλλιστεύω) the prize of beauty
or excellence: in pl., = ἀριστεία, the meed of valour.
καλλιστευμα, τό, the prime of beauty: the first-
fruits of beauty, the offering of choicest beauty.
καλλιστεύω, f. σω, (κάλλιστος) to be the most beau-
tiful, be esteemed so: generally, to be the most beautiful
among others, exceed in beauty.
καλλι-στειφάνος, on, beautifully crowned: of omeles,
crowned with beauteous towers.
κάλλιστος, η, on, Sup. of καλός.
καλλι-σφύρος, on, (καλλι-, σφύρον) with beautiful
feet or ankles.
καλλι-τοξος, on, (καλλι-, τόξον) with beautiful bow.
καλλιτρίχας, acc. pl. of καλλιθρίξ.
κάλλιψ, for κάλλιπε, Ep. for κατέλιπε.
καλλι-φεγγής, ἑς, (καλλι-, φέγγος) beautiful-
shining.
καλλι-φθογγος, on, (καλλι-, φθέγγομαι) beautiful-
sounding.
καλλι-φλοξ, φλογος, ὁ, ἡ, beautiful-blazing.
καλλι-φύλλος, on, (καλλι-, φύλλον) with beautiful
leaves.
καλλι-χορος, on, Ep. for καλλι-χῶρος, with beautiful
places. II. (χόρος) of or for beautiful dances:
beautiful in the dance.
καλλίων, on, gen. ονος, Comp. of καλός.
καλλονή, ἡ, (κάλλος) beauty.
κάλλος, gen. εος Att. ον, τό, (κακος, beauty. II.
a beauty, beautiful object: in pl. κάλλεα, κάλλη, beau-
tiful works; κάλλεα κηροῦ beautiful works of wax.
καλλοσύνη, ἡ, poet. for κάλλος, beauty.
καλλύνω, f. ἴνω, (καλός) to beautify; metaph. to
gloss, colour over:—Med. to adorn oneself, plume
oneself on a thing.
καλλ-ωπίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, (κάλλος, ἔψ) to make
the face beautiful, to beautify, embellish, give a fair
appearance to a thing:—Med. to adorn oneself, to
pride oneself, glory in a thing: absol. to make a dis-
play. Hence
καλλώπισμα, ατος, τό, embellishment; and
καλλωπισμός, ὁ, an embellishing or adorning one-
self, making a display.

καλο-διδάσκαλος, δ, = καλοῦ διδάσκαλος, a teacher of virtue.

καλοκάγαθία, ἡ, nobleness and goodness. From καλο-κάγαθος, ον, i. e. καλὸς καὶ ἀγαθός, beautiful and good, noble and good.

κάλον, τό, (καῖω) dry, seasoned wood.

καλο-πέδιλα, τά, (κάλον, πέδιλον) wooden shoes, used to keep a cow still while milking.

καλο-ποιέω, f. ἴσω, (καλός, ποιέω) to do good.

καλό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (καλός, πούς) with beautiful feet.

ΚΑΛΟΣ, ὁ, ὄν, beautiful, fair, Lat. pulcer; Ἀλκιβιάδης δ καλός Alcibiades the fair; τὸ καλόν, like κάλλος beauty. II. serving a good purpose, fair, good; καλὸς λιμὴν a fair harbour; ἐν καλῷ (sub. τόπῳ or χρόνῳ) in good time or place. 2. of sacrifices, good, auspicious.

III. morally beautiful, good, right, noble: τὸ καλόν moral virtue, Lat. bonestum. IV. Degrees of Comparison:—Comp. καλλίων, ον, Sup. κάλλιστος, ἡ, ον. V. Adv. καλῶς, q. v.:—but neut. καλόν is often used as Adv. by Poets, beautifully.

κάλος, Ep. and Ion. for κάλας, a rope. καλοῖμαι, εἰ, εἴται, Att. fut. med. of κάλεω.

ΚΑ'ΛΠΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, acc. κάλπῳ or κάλπιδα:—a vessel for drawing water, a pitcher, urn: a drinking-cup: an urn for drawing lots: an urn for the ashes of the dead. κάλυβη, ἡ, (καλύπτω) a hut, cabin, c'1. [ῥ] καλύβιον, τό, Dim. of καλύβη, a small hut. καλύκεσσι, poet. for κάλυξι, dat. pl. of κάλυξ. κάλυκο-στεφάνος, ον, (κάλυξ, στέφανος) crowned with flower-buds.

κάλυξ-ῶπας, ἴδος, ἡ, (κάλυξ, ὦψ) like a flower-bud, blushing, roseate.

κάλυμμα, ατος, το, (καλύπτω) a covering, a hood or veil. 2. a grave.

κάλυξ, ὅκος, ἡ, (καλύπτω) the cup or calyx of a flower, a flower-bud; κάλυκος ἐν λοχεύμασι when the fruit is setting.

II. in pl., κάλυκες are women's ornaments, made of metal, so called from their shape.

καλύπτειρα, ἡ, like καλύπτρα, a veil.

καλυπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of καλύπτω, covered. II. wrapped round: enveloping.

καλύπτρα Ion. -πτρη, ἡ, a woman's veil; θνοφερά καλύπτρα the mantle or veil of darkness. From

ΚΑΛΥΨΤΩ, f. ὕψω: aor. I ἐκάλυψα:—to cover, νυκτὶ καλύψας having covered with night; γαῖα ἐκάλυψε νιν earth covered him 2. to cover, conceal. 3. to cover with dishonour. II. to put over as a covering, throw over or aroun.

καλύψατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of καλύπτω.

Κάλυψα, gen. -δος contr. -ούς, ἡ, Calypso, a nymph, daughter of Atlas, who lived in the island Ogygia, and concealed (ἐκάλυψε) Ulysses on his way back from Troy.

καλχαῖνα, (κάλχη) to search for the purple-fish:

metaph. to search in the depths of one's mind, to ponder deeply.

Κάλχας, ατος, δ, Calchas, the Greek Seer at Troy, properly the Searcher.

ΚΑ'ΛΧΗ, ἡ, also χάλκη, the murex, purple limpet, from which a purple dye was obtained.

καλῶ, εἰς, εἰ, Att. fut. of καλέω.

κἀλώδιον, τό, Dim. of κάλως, a smail cord or rope.

καλῶς, Adv. of καλός, beautifully, well; καλῶς ἔχει or πράττειν, to be well off, fare well; c. gen., καλῶς ἔχειν τινός, to be well off for a thing. 2.—πάνν, right well, altogether, entirely. 3. in answers, well said! bravo! Lat. euge; but also to decline an offer, thank you! like Lat. benigne.

ΚΑ'ΛΩΣ, ὁ, gen. κάλω, acc. κάλων: Ep. and Ion. κάλος, ον, δ,—a rope, a cable; ἀπὸ κάλω πλεῖν to sail at a cable's end, i. e. to have the ship towed; κάλων κατεῖναι to let down a sounding-line:—also a sail-rope, reef; proverb, πάντα κάλων ἐξιάσι they are letting out every reef, i. e. are using every effort.

καλω-στρόφος, ὁ, (κάλως, στρέφω) a rope-twister.

κάμ, Ep. for κατὰ before μ, as καμ μὲν for κατὰ μὲν, καμάμενος, ον, made off brittle wool. From

ΚΑ'ΜΑΞ, ὅκος, ἡ or δ, a pole, stake, a weapon-prop. II. the shaft of a spear.

ΚΑΜΑΤΑ, ἡ, Lat. camera, anything with a vaulted or arched covering, a covered carriage. [κᾶ, ᾶ]

καμοσῆνης, οἱ, a kind of fish.

καμάτηρός, ὁ, ὄν, toilsome, troublesome, wearisome. II. pass. broken down, worn out. From

κάματος, ὁ, (κάμω) toil, trouble, labour. 2. weariness, distress. II. that which is hardly earned; ἡμέτερος κάματος our hard-won earnings. [κᾶ]

καμᾶτ-ώδης, ες, (κάματος, ὄδως) toilsome.

καμ-βαῖνα, Ep. for καταβαῖνω.

κάμε, Ep. for ἔκαμε, 3 sing. aor. 2 os κάμω.

κάμέ, crasis for καὶ ἐμέ.

καμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of κάμω.

καμεῖται, 3 sing. fut. of κάμω.

κάμηλος, ὁ and ἡ, a camel:—ἡ κάμηλος, like ἡ ἱεῖς, the camels in an army. (From Hebr. Gāmal.)

κάμινευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κάμινος) one that works at a furnace; αὐλὸς καμινευτήρ the pipe of a smith's bellows.

κάμινευτής, οὗ, ὁ, = καμινευτήρ.

καμνοῖ, dat. of καμνός.

κάμινος, ἡ, (καῖω) an oven, furnace, or kiln. Hence καμίνω, οὗς, dat. οἱ, ἡ, a furnace-woman.

καμμέν, or better κάμ μὲν, Ep. for κατὰ μέν.

κάμμες, crasis for καὶ ἄμμες, Aeol. for καὶ ἡμεῖς.

κάμ μέσσον, Ep. for κατὰ μέσον

καμμίξας, Ep. for καταμίξας, aor. I part. of καταμίγνμι.

καμ-μονίη, ἡ, Ep. for καταμονή, staunchness in battle, patience, endurance.

κάμ-μορος, ον, Ep. for κατὰ μορος, ill-fated

καμ-μω, Ep. for καταμώ.

ΚΑ'ΜΝΩ: fut. κάμνωμαι, εἰ, εἴται: aor. 2 ἔκαμον, inf. καμεῖν, Ep. redupl. subj. κεκάμω: pf. κέκαμηκα,

κᾶμω, pf. part. *κεκμηώς, κεκμηῶτι, κεκμηῶτα*, acc. pl. *κεκμηῶτας*: I. intr. *to be weary, tired, exhausted, or worn out*: c. part., *κάμει πολεμίζων, ἐλαύνων, one is weary of fighting, rowing.* 2. *to feel trouble or annoyance*; οὐκ ἔκαμον τανύων *I found no trouble in bending the bow* 3. *to be worsted or beaten.* 4. *to be sick or ill, generally, to be afflicted, distressed, harassed.* 5. of *κάμονται* and *οἱ κεκμηκότες* Ep. *κεκμηότες* or *κεκμηῶτες*, Lat. *defuncti*, those who have finished their labours, the dead, but, *οἱ κἀμῶντες* the sick; and *κεκμηκότες* are also the spirits of the dead, Lat. *dii manes*. II. trans. *to work hard at, to bestow labour upon.* 2. *to work out, earn by toil*; in aor. 2 med., *νῆσον ἔκαμοντο* they worked, tilled the island for themselves. **κάμοι**, by crasis for *καὶ μοί*. **ΚΑΜΠΗ**, ἡ, (*κάμπω*) a bending, winding, as of a river. II. *the turning in a race-course, turning-post*: metaph., *μῦθον ἐς καμπὴν ἄγειν* to bring a speech to its middle or turning-point. III. *καμπαί*, in Music, turns, tricks, quavers. **κάμπυμος**, η, ον, (*καμπή*) bent, turning, double. **κάμπυτῆρ**, ἦρος, ὁ, a bend, an angle. II. *the turning-point in a race-course.* **ΚΑΜΠΤΩ**, fut. *κάμψω*: aor. I *ἔκαμψα*: Pass., aor. I *ἔκάμψην*—*to bend, bow*:—esp., I. γόνα and γούνατα *κάμπτειν*, *to bend the knees so as to sit down and rest, to take rest.* 2. γόνα *κάμπτειν* *to bend the knee in prayer.* 3. γόνα *κάμπτειν* *to bend the knee in running, to run.* II. *to bend, turn, guide anything.* 2. absol. *to turn round a point; κάμπτειν ὀκρην* *to double a headland; κάμπτειν κόλπον* *to skirt the bay*: metaph., *κάμπτειν βίον* *to turn the middle point of life, i.e. to draw near to its close*; cf. *καμπή*. III. like Lat. *flecto*, *to bend, move by entreaties, soften, make relent*: generally, *to bend, humble*. **καμπύλος**, η, ον, (*κάμπω*) bent, curved. [ῥ] **καμφθεῖς**, aor. I pass. part. and inf. of *κάμπω*. **καμψέμεν**, Ep. fut. inf. of *κάμπω*. **καμψί-πους**, ὁ, ἡ, *πουν, τό*, gen. *ποδος*, (*κάμπω, ποῦς*) bending the foot, swift-running. **κάμψις**, εως, ἡ, (*κάμπω*) a bending, curving. **κάμῶν**, aor. 2 part. of *κάμω*. **κάν**, crasis for *καὶ ἄν*:—also for *καὶ ἦν*, and if, even if. **κάν**, crasis for *καὶ ἐν*, and in. **κάν**, Ep. for *κατά* before ν, as *κάν νόμον* for *κατὰ νόμον*. **κάναθρον** or **κάνναθρον**, τό, (*κάνη*) the body of a wicker carriage: a cane or wicker carriage. **Κανανίτης**, ον, ὁ, Syriac word, of which the Greek *Ζηλωτής*, Zealot, is a translation: not to be confounded with *Xanaíōs*, a Canaanite. **ΚΑΝΑΣΣΩ**, f. *ξω*, *to make a gurgling sound with water.* (Formed from the sound.) **κάναστρον**, τό, (*κάνη*) a wicker basket, Lat. *canistrum*. II. an earthen vessel, dish. **κανῷ-φόρος**, Dor. for *κανηφόρος*.

κἀνάχῳ, f. *ῆσω*, *to ring or clasp, clang, of metal: to plash, of water.* From **κἀνάχη**, ἡ, (*κανάσσω*) a sharp, ringing sound, esp. the ring or clasp of metal; also of the tramp of mules; *καναχή δδόντων* the gnashing of teeth; *καναχαὶ αὐλῶν* the shrill sound of flutes. Hence **κἀνάχηδᾶ**, Adv. *with a sharp, ringing noise.* **κἀνάχης**, ἐς, (*κανάσσω*) making a sharp, ringing noise: of water, *plashing*. **κανάχησε**, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of *καναχέω*. **κανάχιζε**, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of *καναχίζω*. **κἀνάχιζω**, f. *ίσω*, = *καναχέω*. **κάνδυς**, vos, ὁ, a Median garment with sleeves, also *κανδύκη*. (Median word.) **κάνεον** Ion. **κάνειον** Att. contr. **κανοῦν**, τό, (*κάννη*) a basket of reed or cane, a wicker basket: a bread-basket, Lat. *canistrum*, used esp. for carrying the sacred barley (σῦλα) at sacrifices. **κάνειν**, aor. 2 inf. of *κάνω*. **κάνη**, ἡ, a rarer form of *κάννα*. [ᾱ] **κάνη**, Dor. for *κάνειν*, aor. 2 inf. of *κάνω*. **κἀνηφόρος**, f. *ῆσω*, *to carry the sacred basket in procession.* From **κἀνη-φόρος**, ον, (*κανεον, φέρω*) carrying a basket: ἡ *Κανηφόρος* the Basket-bearer, in Athens a maiden who carried on her head a basket containing the sacred things in processions at the feasts of Demeter, Bacchus, and Athena. **ΚΑΝΘΑΡΟΣ**, ὁ, Lat. *cantarus*, a kind of beetle, worshipped in Egypt. II. a sort of drinking-cup, Lat. *cantarus*. III. a kind of Naïades boat. IV. a mark or knot resembling a beetle, on the tongue of the Egyptian god Apis. **κανθήλια**, αν, τό, Lat. *clitellae*, a pack-saddle, or the large panniers of a pack-saddle. **κανθήλιος**, ὁ, a large sort of ass for carrying burdens, a pack-ass. **κάνθων**, ονος, ὁ, (*κανθος*) = *κανθηλιος*, a pack-ass. **ΚΑΝΝΑ** or **κάννη**, τῆς, ἡ, a reed or cane, Lat. *canna*: hence anything made of reeds, a reed-mat, a reed-fence. **καννάβιος**, η, ον, *bempen*, made of *bemp*. From **ΚΑΝΝΑΒΙΣ**, ἡ, gen. *ιος*, acc. *ίδα*, also gen. *εως*:—*bemp*, Lat. *cannabis*. II. anything made of it, *tau*. **κανεύσας**, Ep. for *κατανεύσας*. **κάννη**, ἡ, = *κάννα*. **κανόμον**, better *κάν νομον*, Ep. for *κατὰ νομον*. **κάνονίς**, ἴδος, ἡ, (*κάνων*) a ruler. **κάνόνισμα**, τό, poet. for *κάνων*, a rule: also a ruler. **κἀνοῦν**, Att. contr. of *κάνεον*. **κἀνεῖν**, aor. 2 inf. of *κάνω*. **κἀνώ**, fut. of *κάνω*. **Κάνωβος** or **Κάνωπος**, ὁ, *Canopus*, a town in Lower Egypt, notorious for its luxury. **κἀνών**, ονος, ὁ, (*κάνη, κάννα*) any straight rod or bar: in Homer, *κἀνῶνες* are two rods running across the hollow of the shield, through which the arm was

passed, to hold it by. 2. *a rod used in weaving; the shuttle or quill by which the threads of the woof (πηνίων) were passed between the threads of the warp (μίτος).* 3. *a carpenter's rule: metaph. a rule or level ray of light.* 4. *the beam or tongue of the balance: pl. the keys or stops of a flute.* II. metaph. like Lat. *norma*, a rule or standard of excellence:—so, the old Greek authors were called *κανόνες*, rules or models of excellence, classics; and the books received by the Church as the rule of faith and practice are called *the Canon* or canonical scriptures.

καὼν, aor. 2 part. of *καίω*.

Κάνωπος, ὁ, see *Κάνωπος*.

κάξ, crasis for *καὶ ἐξ*.

κάπ, Ep. for *κατά* before π or φ, as *κάπ πεδίον* for *κατὰ πεδίον*.

κάπειτα, by crasis for *καὶ ἔπειτα*, and then, and next.

κάπετος, ἡ, (*σκάπτω*, for *σκάπετος*) a ditch, trench, Lat. *fossa*: a vault, grave: generally, a hole.

ΚΑΠΗ, ἡ, a crib, manger.

καπηλεῖον, τό, the shop of a *κάπηλος*, a tavern, Lat. *caupona*. From

καπηλεύω, f. *σω*, (*κάπηλος*) *το* *δε* a retail-dealer, drive a petty trade: metaph. to hawk about, biggle in; *καπηλεύει μάχην* to make a trade of war, Ennius' *bellum cauponari*:—also, to adulterate, give out as genuine, palm off.

καπηλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*κάπηλος*) of or like a petty trader: tricky, knavish. Adv., *καπηλικῶς* *έχειν* to play roguish tricks.

καπηλῆς, ἴδος, fem. of *κάπηλος*, Lat. *copa*.

κάπηλος, ὁ, (*κάπτω*) a retail-dealer, petty tradesman, buckster, biggler, Lat. *caupo*, opp. to *έμπορος*: esp. a tavern-keeper. II. a cheat, rogue, knave.

κάπι, by crasis for *καὶ ἐπ'*

κάπιθη, ἡ, (*κάπτω*) a measure containing two *χοαίκες*.

κάπνη, ἡ, (*καπνός*) a smoke-hole, chimney.

καπνίζω, f. *ίσω* Att. *ιῶ*, (*καπνός*) to cause smoke: to make or light a fire. II. to smoke, blacken with smoke. Hence

κάπνισμα, ματος, τό, a smoke-offering: incense.

κάπνισσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of *καπνίζω*.

καπνοδόχη Ion. -δόκη, ἡ, (*καπνός*, *δέχομαι*) a smoke-receiver: a hole in the ceiling or roof for the smoke to pass through.

ΚΑΙΝΟΣ, ὁ, *smoke*, Lat. *fumus*. Hence

καπνώ, f. *ώσω*, to turn into smoke:—Pass. to be burned into smoke, burnt to ashes.

καπν-ώδης, ες, (*καπνός*, *είδος*) like smoke, smoky: generally, dark, dusky.

κάποι, Dor. for *κήποι*.

κάπος, ὁ, Dor. for *κήπος*.

κάππα, τό, v. sub K.

Καπαδοκιζω, f. *σω*, to favour the Cappadocians. II. to play the Cappadocian, i. e. play the rogue. From *Καπαδοξ*, *ονος*, ὁ, a Cappadocian.

κάππεσον, Ep. for *κατέν-*, aor. 2 of *καταπίπτω*.

καππο-φόρος, *ον*, (*κάππα*, *φέρω*) of a horse, *καρκεά* with a *κάππα*: cf. *κοππατίας*.

καπ-πύριζω, *ροῦ* for *καταπύριζω*, (*κατά*, *πῦρ*) to catch fire.

καπρώ, (*κάπρος*) to be lewd or lecherous.

κάπριος, ὁ, *ροῦ* for *κάπρος* a wild boar.

as Adj. like a wild boar.

ΚΑΠΡΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. *APER*, the wild-boar.

καπρ-φόνος, *ον*, (*καπρός*, **φένω*) killing wild boar.

ΚΑΡΙΤΩ, fut. *κάρω*: *αοκ*. I. *έκαψα*: Ep. pf. part.

κεκαφώς, for *κεκαφώς*—to eat quick, swallow greedily, gulp down. II. *κάπτειν θυμόν* to gasp for breath.

κάπυρός, ὁ, ὄν, (*καπῶ*) dry, dried. 2. act. drying, parching. II. metaph. of sound, loud and clear, distinct.

κάπυσσα, Ep. *αοκ*. I; see *ἀποκαπῶ*.

καπ-φάλαρα, better *καπ φάλαρα*, for *κατὰ φάλαρα*.

κάρ, Ep. for *κατά* before β, as *κάρ βόον* for *κατὰ βόον*.

ΚΑΡ, *κάρος*, τό, the bair of the bead, akin to *κάραι*.

τίω δέ μιν *ἐν κάρδι* αἶσθ I value him but at a bair's worth.

II. also for *κάρα*, *κάρη*, bead, as in *ἐπὶ κάρ* bead-long.

Κάρ, ὁ, gen. *Κάρος*, pl. *Κάρες*:—a Carian, in later times despised as mercenaries:—Proverb., *ἐν Κάρδι* *οἱ* *ἐν τῷ Κάρδι* *διπλυνεύει* to make the risk on a Carian, Lat. *experimentum facere in corpore vili*:—Fem. *Κάρρα*.

ΚΑΡΑ' Ion. *κάρη*, [ᾱ], τό, indecl. the bead: generally, the bead, top, summit of anything: the brim of a cup: it is used, like *κεφαλή*, Lat. *caput*, to express a person, as *Οἰδίου κάρα* for *Οἰδίου*:—used by Hom. only in nom. and acc sing.; later, the defective cases were supplied, viz. *κάρη*, *κάρη*, *κάρην*. II.

Ep. we find lengthd. forms of gen. and dat. *κάρητος*, *κάρητι*, *κάρηματος*, *κάρηται*.

κάραβο-πρόσωπος, *ον*, (*κάραβος*, *πρόσωπον*) with the face of a crab.

ΚΑΡΑΒΟΣ, ὁ, a kind of beetle, the stag-beetle, Lat. *scarabaeus*.

II. a prickly kind of crab.

κάρᾱ-δοκίω, f. *ήσω*, (*καρά*, *δοκείω*) to watch with outstretched bead, watch eagerly or expectantly.

κάρᾱν-τίη, ἦρος, ὁ, (*κάρᾱ*) touching the bead, beheadings.

κάρᾱνον, τό, Dor. and Att. for *καρηνον*.

κάρᾱνος, ὁ, (*κάρᾱ*) a bead, chiefstain, chief. Hence

κάρᾱνώ, f. *ώσω*, like *κεφαλαιῶ*, (*κάρᾱνον*) to accomplish, achieve, complete.

κάρᾱ-τομος, *ον*, (*κάρᾱ*, *τεμείν*) with the bead cut off beheaded. 2. cut from the bead.

κάρᾱνως, *ον*, = *βάρβαρος*, outlandish, foreign, barbarous. (Foreign word.)

ΚΑΡΒΑΤΙΝΑΙ or *καρπάτινας*, αἱ, shoes of undressed leather, brogues, mocassins.

καρδαμίζω, f. *ίσω* Att. *ιῶ*, (*κάρδαμον*) to be like cress metaph. to look sharp or pungent; *τί καρδαμίζεις*; why chatter so much about cress (i. e. about nothing)?

ΚΑΡΔΑΜΟΝ. τό, a kind of cress, Lat. *nasturtium*.

simt: also *the seed*, which was eaten by the Persians like mustard:—metaph. *κάρδαμον βλέπειν* to look *cross*, i. e. to look sharp and bitter.

ΚΑΡΔΙΑ, post. *κράδια* Ion. *καρδίη*, *κράδιη*, *ή*, *the heart*, Lat. *cor*; από *καρδίας* λέγειν, like Lat. *ex animo*, to speak from the heart. II. *the stomach*. *καρδιάκος*, *ή*, *όν*, (*καρδία*) of the heart or stomach: hence II. *dyspeptic*.

καρδιο-γνώστης, *ον*, *όν*, (*καρδία*, *γιγνώσκω*) *knower of hearts*.

καρδιό-θηκτος, *ον*, (*καρδία*, *δάκνω*) *gnawing the heart*. *καρδι-ουλέω*, (*καρδία*, *έλω*) to draw the heart out of a victim at a sacrifice.

καρδοπεῖον, τό, *the cover of a kneading-trough*. II. a muzzle. From

ΚΑΡΔΟΠΟΣ, *ή*, a kneading-trough, any trough. *Κάρεσσι*, dat. pl. of *Κάρ*.

κάρη, Ion. and Ep. for *κάρα*, *the head*.

καρήματος *καρήατι*, Ep. gen. and dat. of *κάρα*. *κάρηβάρεα* Ion. -*ιη*, *ή*, *beaviness in the head*: *tor-beaviness*. From

κάρηβαρέω, *ή*, *ήσω*, to be heavy in the head, *tor-beavy*. From

κάρη-βαρής, *ές*, (*κάρη*, *βάρος*) *heavy in the head*.

κάρη-κομῶντες, or better *κάρη κομῶντες*, of, with hair on the head, long-haired, of the Achaeans, opp. to the Abantes, who wore their hair only at the back of the head, and so were called *ὑπιθεν κομῶντες*. *κομῶντες* is Ep. part. pl. of *κομάω*; but there is no Verb *καρηκομάω*.

κάρηναί, aor. 2 pass. inf. of *κείρω*.

κάρηνον, τό, mostly in pl. *κάρηνα*, (*κάρη*) *the head*; *ἡνδρῶν κάρηνα* = *ἄνδρες*; *βοῶν κάρηνα* so many head of cattle. II. metaph. a mountain-top, peak, crest of a hill: also of a town, *the citadel*.

κάρητος, *κάρητι*, Ep. gen. and dat. of *κάρη*. *Καρίκο-εργῆς*, *ές*, (*Καρίκός*, *εργον*) of Carian work.

Καρίκός, *ή*, *όν*, (*Κάρ*) Carian: *Καρικῇ μούσα*, *ή*, a kind of funeral song, a wail or dirge.

ΚΑΡΙΣ, gen. *ιδος* or *ιδος*, *ή*, Dor. also *κουρίς* or *κουρίς*, a shrimp or prawn, Lat. *squilla*. [*ā*] *καρκαίρω*, to ring or quake, of the earth. (Formed from the sound.)

ΚΑΡΚΙΝΟΣ, *όν*, with heterog. pl. *καρκίνα*, *τά*, a crab, Lat. *cancer*: also *Cancer*, *the Crab*, as a sign in the zodiac. II. a pair of tongs. [*ī*]

καρκινό-χειρες, *αν*, pl. Adj. (*καρκίνος*, *χείρ*) with cr.'s claws for hands.

ΚΑΡΝΕΙΑ or *Κάρνεα*, *τά*, a festival held in honour of *Apollo Κάρνεος* by the Spartans, during nine days of the Attic month *Metageitnion*, hence called *Καρνεῖος μήν*.

καρός, Dor. for *κρηός*.

Κάρπαθος, *ή*, an island between Crete and Rhodes, called in Homer *Κράπαθος*.

καρπαλα, *ή*, a mimic dance of the Thessalians. *καρπαλλίμος*, *ον*, (*ἀρπάω*, Lat. *carpo*) *tearing, swift, rapid*. Adv. *καρπαλίμως*, *rapidly*.

κάρπαθος, *ή*, with heterog. pl. *κάρβασα*, *τά*, a fine flax grown in Spain, Lat. *carbasus*. (Eastern word.) *καρπίω*, *ή*, *ισα* Att. *ιδώ* (*καρπός*) to pluck or gather fruit:—Med. to enjoy the fruits of, reap the return.

II. to make fruitful, fertile

καρπίμος, *ή*, *ον*, (*καρπός*) bearing fruit, fruitful.

καρπο-γένεθλος, *ον*, (*καρπός*, *γενέθλη*) producing fruit.

καρπό-δεσμα, *αν*, *τά*, (*καρπός*, *δεσμός*) *chains for the wrists or arms, armlets*.

καρπο-ποιός, *όν*, (*καρπός*, *ποιέω*) producing fruit.

ΚΑΡΠΟΣ, *όν*, fruit; *καρπός ἀρούρης*, corn, but also of wine; of *καρποί* the fruits of the earth, corn. II. metaph. the fruits, produce, returns, profit of a thing.

ΚΑΡΙΠΟΣ, *όν*, the joint of the arm and hand, the wrist, Lat. *carpus*.

καρπο-τελής, *ές*, (*καρπός*, *τελέω*) bringing fruit to perfection: fruitful, prolific.

καρπο-τόκος, *ον*, (*καρπός*, *τεκεῖν*) bearing fruit.

καρπο-φάγος, *ον*, (*καρπός*, *φάγειν*) eating fruit.

καρπο-φθόρος, *ον*, (*καρπός*, *φθείρω*) spoiling fruit.

καρποφορέω, *ή*, *ήσω*, to bear fruit. From

καρπο-φόρος, *ον*, (*καρπός*, *φέρω*) fruit-bearing.

καρπο-φύλαξ, *άκος*, *όν*, (*καρπός*, *φύλαξ*) a watcher of fruit. [*ū*]

καρπώνω, *ή*, *ώσω*, (*καρπός*) to bear fruit: later to offer fruit. II. Med. *καρποδωμι* to gather fruit or reap crops from land:—to exhaust, plunder. 2. to enjoy the interest of money: to reap the fruits of, enjoy a thing.

κάρπωμα, *ατος*, τό, (*καρπώνω*) fruit: produce, profit. *κάρπωσις*, *εως*, *ή*, (*καρπούμαι*) a reaping the fruit of: use, profit.

καρρέζουσα, Ep. for *καταρρέζουσα*.

κάρτᾱ, Adv. (*κάρτος*) very, very much, Lat. *valde*; *καί τὸ κάρτα*, very much indeed, really and truly.

καρτερέω, *ή*, *ήσω*, (*καρτερός*) to be steadfast or patient. 2. c. *acc* to endure manfully. 3. with a Prep. to hold out or bear up against a thing. 4.

with part. to persevere, persist in doing Hence *καρτέρησις*, *εως*, *ή*, a bearing patiently, patience, endurance.

καρτερία, *ή*, — *καρτήρης*.

καρτερικός, *ή*, *όν*, (*καρτερός*) enduring, patient.

καρτερό-θύμος, *ον*, (*καρτερός*, *θυμός*) stout-hearted

καρτερός, *ά*, *όν*, (*κάρτος*) = *καρτερός*, strong, staunch, brave, mostly of persons, but also of things; *καρτερά* *εργα* valiant deeds; *καρτερός* *ὄρκος* a binding oath. 2. of places, strong, in a military sense. 3.

master of a thing, lord of. 4. master of oneself; steadfast, patient, constant: also obstinate. II.

Besides the regul. Comp. and Sup., the forms most in use are *κρείσσαν*, *κράτιστος*.

καρτερό-χειρ, *όν*, *ή*, (*καρτερός*, *χείρ*) strong of hand.

καρτερώς, Adv. of *κάρτερος*, strongly; *καρτερώς* *υπνοῦσθαι* to sleep sound.

ΚΑΡΤΙΣΤΟΣ, *ή*, *ον*, Ep. for *κράτιστος*.

κάρτος, εὐς, τό, Ep. and Ion. *φόρ. κάρτος*, *strengib*, *vigour, courage*. Hence

καρτύνω, Ep. for *κρατύνω*, to strengthen; aor. I med., *ἐκαρτύνατο φάλαγγας* they strengthened their ranks; *χείρας ἐκαρτύναντο* they strengthened or armed their hands.

Κάρυαίδες, *ων, αἱ*, (Καρυαί) the women of Caryae in Laconia. II. in Architecture, Caryatides are female figures used as bearing shafts. [α]

κάρυκη, ἡ, a rich Lydian sauce made of blood and rich spice. [β] Hence

κάρυκινος, ἡ, *ων*, of the colour of κάρυκη, blood-red. *κάρυκο-ποιέω*, *εἰ, ἤσω*, (κάρυκη, ποιέω) to make a rich savoury sauce.

κάρυξ, Dor. for κήρυξ.

ΚΑΡΥΟΝ, the nut; κ. *Περσικόν* the walnut; κ. *Εὐβοϊκόν* the chestnut; κ. *Ποντικόν* the filbert.

κάρυο-ναύτης, *ου, ὁ*, (κάρυον, ναύτης) one who goes to sea in a nutshell.

καρύσσω, Dor. for κηρύσσω.

καρφάλεος, *α, ὄν*, (κάρφω) dry, parched: of sound, hollow. [γ]

κάρφη, ἡ, (κάρφω) a dry blade of grass.

καρφήρος, *ἄ, ὄν*, (κάρφος) of dry straw.

καρφίτης [Γ], *ου, ὁ*, (κάρφος) built of dry straw.

κάρφος, *εὐς, τό*, (κάρφω) any dry particle, a dry stalk or chip, Lat. *palea*: dry twigs, straws, bits of wool, such as birds make their nests of: in pl. *busks*, *chaff*, Lat. *quisquillae*. 2. the dry sticks of cinnamon were also called κάρφω.

ΚΑΡΦΩ, *εἰ, κάρφω*, to make dry or withered:—Pass. to wither away.

καρχαλέος, *α, ὄν*, (κάρχαρος) rough in throat with hoarseness, Virgil's *siti asper*.

καρχαρόδους or -δοντος, *ὁ, ἡ*, (κάρχαρος, δδούς) with sharp jagged teeth.

κάρχαρος, *ὄν*, (χαράσσω) sharp-pointed or jagged: generally, sharp, biting.

Καρχηδών, *ἴνος, ἡ*, Caribage: Καρχηδώνιος, *α, ὄν*, and Καρχηδονιακός, *ἡ, ὄν*, Carthaginian.

καρχήσιον, τό, a drinking-cup or goblet narrower in the middle than at top and bottom. II. the masthead of a ship. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κάρψω, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κάρφω.

καρψ, Dor. for κηρψ.

κάς, by crasis for καὶ εἰς or καὶ ἐς.

κάσασβάζω, *εἰ, σω*, to abuse in barlot's language. From

κάσασβας, *ἄσος, ἡ*, a barlot, strumpet.

κάσας, κασᾶς or κασῆς, *ου, ὁ*, a horse's caparison or bousing, a carnel or skin to sit upon. (Akin to κάς, κάσας.)

ΚΑΣΣΙΑ Ion. -λη, ἡ, cassia, an Arabian spice, an inferior kind of cinnamon.

κᾶσον-γνήτη, ἡ, a sister: fem. of κασίγνητος.

κᾶσιν-γνητος, ἄ (κᾶσις, γεννάω) a brother:—thm any blood-relation, a nephew or niece. II. as Adj.

κᾶσιγνητος, ἡ, *ων*, brotherly, sisterly.

ΚΑΣΣΙ, *ιος, ὁ* or ἡ: vocat. κάσι: a brother or sister. [α]

Κασσίτερες, *ων, αἱ*, the Cassiterides or tin-islands.

ΚΑΣΣΙΤΕΡΟΣ Att. καττίτερος, *ὁ, τίν*, Lat. *stannum*; χεῖμα κασσίτεροιο a plating of tin.

κάσσυμα Att. κάττ-, *ατος, τό*, anything stitched or sewed, the sole of a shoe or sandal: generally, a leather sole or shoe. From

ΚΑΣΣΥ'Ω Att. καττώ, to stitch, sew together. II. metaph. to stitch up, i. e. to concoct, a plot. [β]

κάστών, by crasis for καὶ ἐστών.

Καστόρειος, *ων*, (Κάστωρ) of or for Castor; καστόρειος νόμος, a warlike air for the flute, mostly used in Sparta.

καστορίδες, *αἱ*, (Κάστωρ) a famous Laconian breed of hounds, said to be first reared by Castor: also καστορία κύνες.

καστορνύσα, Ep. for καταστορνύσα, pres. part. fem. of καταστορνύμι.

Κάστωρ, *οπος, ὁ*, Castor, son of Zeus (or Tynaeus) and Leda, brother of Pollux.

ΚΑΣΤΩΡ, *οπος, ὁ*, the beaver.

κάσχεθε, Ep. for κατέσχεθε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of κατέχω.

κάσωρδον, τό, a brothel. From

κάσωρς, ἴσος, ἡ, = κασάβη, a barlot.

ΚΑΤΑ', Prep. with gen. and acc.: A. GENIT.: I. denoting motion from above, down from. II. down towards, down upon; κατά

χθονὸς ὄμματα πῆσαι to fix the eyes down upon the ground; of a dart, κατά γαλῆς ὄχετο it went down to the ground:—so, τοξεύειν κατά τινας to shoot at one (because the arrow falls down upon its mark); πτελεῖν κατά τινας to strike at; ὁμοῦσι κατά τινας to swear upon a thing. III. against, in opposition to; λόγος κατά τινας, Lat. oratio in aliquem, a speech against one accused; but, πρὸς τινα, Lat. adversus aliquem, a speech in answer to an opponent.

B. Accus.: I. of motion downwards, κατά βῆον down the stream. 2. of motion or extension, over, through, among, at, about, over, as κατά γαίαν, πόντον: ἱδρουργοῖται, all along: also of Place, upon, βάλλειν κατ' ἀσπίδα. 3. generally, of Place, as, κατά γῆν καὶ κατά θάλατταν by land and sea.

II. distributively, of a whole divided into parts; κατά φύλα, κατά φρίττας by tribes and clans; κατά σφῆας by themselves; so, of time, κατ' ἐνιαυτὸν year by year; and of numbers, κατ' ὀλίγους few at a time. III. of object or purpose, πλεῖν κατά πρῆξιν to sail on a business; πλάζεσθαι κατὰ ληίδα to rove in search of booty.

IV. of fitness, according to, answering to; κατὰ θυμὸν according to one's mind; so, κατ' ἡμέτερον νόον after our liking; κατ' ἀνθρώπον according to the capacity of a man; κατὰ φύσιν naturally; κατὰ δύναμιν to the best of one's power; κατὰ τὰ συγκείμενα according to the terms agreed upon. 2. in relation to, concerning; τὰ κατὰ πόλεμον all that belongs to war; τὸ κατ' ἡμᾶς

as far as concerns you; *κατὰ τοῦτο* in this way; *κατὰ ταῦτα* in the same way. V. of numbers, *nearly, about*; *κατὰ ἐξήκοντα ἔτη* about 600 years.

VI. of Time, *throughout, during, in the course of*; *κατὰ τὸν πόλεμον* in the course of the war; *κατὰ Ἀμασιν* about the time of Amasis; of *καθ' ἡμᾶς* those that live about our time, our contemporaries.

VII. the Comp. is followed by *ἢ κατὰ...*, when the qualities of things are compared; *μείζων ἢ κατ' ἄνθρωπον* greater than is suited to man, too great for man; *μείζω ἢ κατὰ δάκρυα* greater than to call for tears, too great to weep for.

POSITION: when *κατά* follows its case, it is written *κάτα*.

As Adv., like *κάτω*, downwards, from above, down.

IN COMPOS.: I. downwards, down, as in *καταβαίνω*.

II. over against, in answer to, as in *κατὰρῶ*, Lat. *occino*.

III. against, in hostile sense, as in *κατ-ηγγρόω*.

IV. often only to strengthen the simple word, as in *κατα-κόπτω*, *κατα-φαγεῖν*.

Κατά as a Prep. was shortened by Poets into *κάγ* before *γ*, *κάκ* before *κ*, *κάμ* before *μ*, *κάν* before *ν*, *κάπ* before *π* or *φ*, *κάρ* before *ρ*, *κάτ* before *τ* or *θ*. In compd. Verbs, *κατά* sometimes changes into *καβ*, *καλ*, *καρ*, *κατ*, as *κάββαλε*, *κάλλιπε*, *καρρέουσα*, *κάτθανε*.

κατά, Ion. for *καθ' αἰ*.

κῆτα, crasis for *καὶ εἶτα*, and then.

κατάβα, for *κατάβηθι*, aor. 2 imperat. of *καταβαίνω*.

καταβάδην, Adv. (*καταβαίνω*) going down: below, down-stairs, opp. to *ἀναβάδην*. [*βα*]

καταβαθμός, ὁ, (*καταβαίνω*) a descent: the name of the steep slope which separates Egypt and Libya.

καταβαίην, aor. 2 opt. of

καταβαίνω, f. -*βήσομαι*: pf. -*βέβηκα*; aor. 2 *κατέβην*, Ep. I pl. subj. *καταβέομεν*, for *καταβῶμεν*;

κατάβῃ imperat. (for *κατάβηθι*): aor. I med. *κατεβήσαμην*, Ep. 3 sing. *κατεβήσεται*, Ep. imperat. *καταβήστω*:

—to go or come, down, Lat. *descendere*: c. gen. to go down from;

καταβαίνειν ὄψεσθαι to come down from a chariot; c. acc. to go down to; *θάλαμον κατεβήσατο* she came down to her chamber; but also,

κλίμακα καταβαίνειν to come down the ladder; and absol. to come down stairs.

2. to go down to the sea.

3. to go down into the arena, to fight, contend.

4. metaph. to come to a thing, arrive at, e. g. in speaking.

II. rarely in Pass., ἵππος *καταβαίνων* the horse is dismounted from.

κατα-βακχίζομαι, Pass. (*κατά*, *Βακχίζω*) to be full of Bacchic frenzy.

καταβάλλω, fut. -*βῶ*; aor. 2 *κατέβαλλον*, Ep. 3 sing. *κάββαλε*: pf. -*βέβληκα*, pass. -*βέβλημαι*—to throw down, cast down, overthrow, lay low; *καταβάλλειν εἰς γόνυ* to throw on the knee, of wrestling:

to let fall, drop down: also to lay or put down.

2. to strike down, and so to slay.

3. to bring or carry down, esp. to the sea.

4. to put down, pay down; hence to pay off, discharge.

5. to put down into

a place and leave there:—Med. to lay as a foundation, ground, found.

κατα-βάπτω, f. *ψω*, (*κατά*, *βάπτω*) to dip down or into.

κατα-βᾶρέω, f. ἴσω, (*κατά*, *βᾶρος*) to weigh down, overload.

καταβᾶς, aor. 2 part. of *καταβαίνω*.

καταβᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (*καταβαίνειν*) a going down, descending.

2. a way down, a descent: the entrance to a cave.

κατα-βαμός, Att. for *καταβαθμός*.

καταβάτω [*ᾱ*], 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of *καταβαίνω*.

καταβαΐζω, f. *ζω*, to bark or bay at, *τινέω*.

κατα-βεβαίδομαι, Dep. to affirm positively.

καταβεβλημένος, pf. pass. part. of *καταβάλλω*.

καταβείομεν, Ep. for *καταβῶμεν*, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of *καταβαίνω*.

καταβήμεναι, Ep. for *καταβῆναι*, aor. 2 inf. of *καταβαίνω*.

καταβήσομαι, fut. of *καταβαίνω*.

καταβήσεται, 2 sing. aor. I med. imperat. of *καταβαίνω*.

καταβήσομαι, fut. of *καταβαίνω*.

κατα-βιβάζω, f. -*βιβάσω* Att. -*βιβῶ*, Causal of *καταβαίνω*, to make to go down, bring down.

κατα-βιβρώσκω, fut. -*βρώσομαι*: aor. 2 *κατέβρω*:

—Pass., aor. I *κατεβρώθην*: pf. -*βέβρωμαι*:—to eat up, devour.

κατα-βίω, f. -*ώσομαι*: aor. 2 *κατεβίω*:—to bring life to an end, pass life.

κατα-βλάκεω, f. *σαι*, to treat carelessly, mismanage.

κατα-βλάπτω, f. *βλάψω*, to damage.

κατα-βλητικός, ὁ, ὅν, (*καταβάλλω*) likely to throw off.

κατα-βληχάομαι, f. ἥσομαι, Dep. to bleat aloud.

κατα-βλώσκω, f. -*ρολόωμαι*: aor. 2 *κατέμολον*:—to go down or through, pass through.

κατα-βοάω, fut. -*βοήσομαι* Ion. -*βώσομαι*:—to cry down, cry out against, exclaim against, c. gen.

II c. acc. to outcry, silence. Hence

καταβοή, ἡς, ἡ, a cry or outcry against one: and

καταβόησις, εως, ἡ, a crying out against.

καταβολή, ἡ, (*καταβάλλω*) a laying down: a foundation, beginning.

2. a paying down.

2. a periodical attack of illness, a fit.

κατα-βόσκω, f. -*βοσκήσω*, (*κατά*, *βόσκω*) to feed flocks upon a place:—Med. to feed upon.

κατα-βόστρυχος, ον, with long flowing locks.

κατα-βράβευω, f. *σω*, to decide against one, deprive one of one's right:—Pass. to be unfairly cast in a suit.

κατα-βρέχω, f. -*βρέξω*: Pass., aor. I *κατεβρέχην*:—to wet through, drench.

κατα-βρίθω [*ι*], f. -*βρίσω*—to weigh or press down: metaph. to outweigh.

II. intr. to be heavily laden, weighed down by a thing. [*ι*]

**καταβρόχω*, aor. I *κατέβροξα*, opt. *καταβρόξαι*, to gulp or swallow down: cf. *ἀναβρόχω*.

κατα-βροχθίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (*κατά*, *βρόχος*) to gulp down.

κατα-βρύκω [*υ*], f. *ζω*, to bite in pieces, eat up.

καταβρῶσομαι, fut. of καταβιβρώσκω.
 κατα-βυρῶσω, (κατὰ, βύρσα) to cover over with hides.
 καταβῶσομαι, Ion. fut. of καταβόω.
 κατὰ-γαίος Att. -γαίος, on, (κατὰ, γαίος) under-
 ground, subterraneous. II. on the ground;
 κατὰ-γαίος στροφοὶ birds that run instead of flying,
 ostriches.

καταγγελάω, έας, ές, (καταγγέλλω) a proclaimer.
 κατα-αγγέλλω, έ, έλῶ, to announce, proclaim, de-
 clare; καταγγέλλειν πόλεμον to declare war. 2.
 to denounce, disclose, betray. Hence

κατ'αγγελτος, on, denounced, betrayed,
 κατ'α-γεος, Att. for κατὰ-γαίος.
 Κατα-γέλα, ή, (κατὰ, γελῶ) Comic name of a sup-
 posed town, Γέλα καὶ Καταγέλα.

κατα-γέλαστος, on, ridiculous. From
 κατα-γελῶ, έ, άσομαι [ά]: aor. I κατεγέλασα:—
 Pass., aor. I κατεγελάσθην: pf. γεγέλασμαι:—to
 laugh at: absol. to laugh scornfully, mock.
 κατὰ-γέλως, ος, ό, (κατὰ, γέλω) ridicule, mock-
 ery: also absurdity.

κατὰ-γήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κατὰ-γνυμι.
 κατα-γνήσσκω, έ, γνήσσω or άσομαι. aor. I κατ-
 εγήρσα or εγήρανα: pf. -γεγήρακα—to grow old,
 pass one's old age, Lat. senesco, 3 sing impf. κατ-
 εγήρα (from καταγρήρῳ), or aor. 2 (as if from a Verb
 in μ, cf. γηράσκειν) to grow old, Lat. senesco.
 κατα-γίγατριζω, έ, ίσω, (κατὰ, γίγατρον) to take out
 the kernel: metaph. for upbraid.

κατα-γίγνομαι, έ, γενήσομαι:—to stay or reside
 at: also to busy oneself about a thing.

κατα-γινώσκω, έ, γνώσομαι. aor. 2 κατέγνωσ:—
 to remark, observe, discover, esp. with a view to find-
 ing fault. 2. to lay something to one's charge, c.
 gen pers. et acc. rei, as, καταγινώσκειν τινὶ ἀνα-
 δρήν to lay a charge of cowardice against him.—
 Pass., καταγίνωσθεις πρήσσειν being thought or sus-
 pected to be doing. 3. to give judgment or sen-
 tence against a person; καταγινώσκειν τινὶ θάνα-
 τον to pass sentence of death on one, Lat. damnare
 aliquem mortis; καταγινώσκειν δίκην to adjudge or
 decide a suit.

κατ'αγίζω, Ion. for καθαγίζω.
 κατ'αγίνεω, Ion. for κατὰγω, to lead or carry
 down. II. to bring back.

κατα-γίνομαι, γινώσκω, later forms for καταγι-
 νωμι. κατ'αγλᾶίζω, έ, ίσω, strength, for ἀγλαίζω.
 κατα-γλωττίζω: έ, ίσω Att. id.: pf. παρτεγλωτ-
 τισμαι. (κατὰ, γλῶττα):—to kiss by joining tongues:
 μέλος πατεγλωττισμένον a wanion, licentious
 song.

II. to use the tongue or speak against
 one. III. to talk one down, silence him. Hence

καταγλώττισμα, τό, a wanion kiss.
 κατ'α-γμᾶ, ατος, τό, (κατὰγω) wool spun out: a
 piece or flock of wool

κατα-γνάμπτω, έ, ψω, to bend down.
 καταγνολήν, aor. 2 opt. of καταγινώσκω
 καταγνούς, aor. 2 part. of καταγινώσκω

κατ'αγνύμι: fut. πατάξω: aor. I πατάξα, part.
 πατάξας: pf. (in pass. sense) πατέα Ion. κατέγγα.
 aor. 2 pass. κατεάγην [ά], inf. κατ'αγνύναι:—to break
 in pieces, batter, shiver: to break, weaken. II.
 in Pass., and in pf. act κατέαγα, to be broken, κατ-
 εάγων or κατ'αγνύναι τὴν κεφαλὴν to have the head
 broken.

κατὰ-γνώσις, εας, ή, κατω-γιγνώσκω) an unreason-
 able opinion. II. condemnation.

κατα-γοητεύω, έ, σοι, to enchant, bewitch. to cheat,
 impose upon.

κατ'αγορεύω, έ, σοι, to denounce.

κατὰ-γράφος, or, engraved, embroidered. From
 κατα-γράφω, έ, ψω, to mark or scratch deeply: to
 engrave: to put over, fill with letters. II. to
 write down: to register, enroll.

κατ'αγρέω, έ, ήσω, to catch, overlook.

κατα-γυμνάζω, fut. δσω, to exercise constantly.

κατ'άγω, έ, άβω: aor 2 κατήγαγον:—to lead or
 carry down, Lat. deducere to lead or carry to a place,
 esp. to the sea-coast. 2. to bring down from the
 high sea to land.—Pass. to come to land, opp. to ἀνα-
 γεσθαι (to put out to sea) 3. to draw out, spin. 4.
 to bring down, lower. II. to bring back, esp.
 from banishment, to recall, restore. Hence

κατ'αγωγή, ή, α bringing down. II. a putting
 a ship into harbor, landing. 2. a landing-place:
 hence 3. a resting-place, lodging-place.

κατ'αγώνον, τό, (κατὰγω) a place to lodge in, rest-
 ing-place, inn.

κατ'αγωνίζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι Att. -οῦμαι, Dep. to
 struggle against, prevail against.

κατα-δαίνυμαι, έ, δαίσομαι, Pass. to devour.

κατα-δάκνω, fut. δήσομαι, to bite in pieces.

κατα-δακρυχέων, ουσα, better dirhim, κατὰ δάκρυ
 χέων, bedding tears.

κατα-δακρύω, έ, σοι, to bewail or lament bitterly:
 absol. to weep bitterly.

κατα-δαμάζω, έ, δσω: aor 1 inf. med. καταδαμ-
 σασθαι:—to subdue utterly.

καταδάμναμαι, καταδύμῳ

κατα-δάπανάω, έ, ήσω, to squander, waste utterly.

κατα-δάπτω, έ, δαψω, to rend in pieces, devour.

κατα-δαρβάνω: aor 2 κατέδαρθον, by poet. metath.

κατέδρθον; also, in same sense, aor 2 pass. κατ-
 εδρθη, poet. subj. καταδραθῶ, part. καταδραθεῖς:—to
 sleep soundly, fall asleep.

κατα-δαίτομαι, έ, δασομαι, Med. to divide among
 themselves.

καταδέξω, ές, (κατάδεω) wanting or failing in some-
 thing, lacking of: hence poor, needy; Coinp. κατα-
 δέστερος, weaker, inferior, see καταδεῶ.

κατα-δεῖ, Impera there is wanting: see κατάδεω.

κατα-δεῖξω, έ, δείσω: aor. I κατέδειξα:—to fear
 very much, be in great terror of.

κατα-δείκνυμι and -ύω, έ, -δείξω: aor. I κατ'έδειξα
 Ion. -έδειξα:—to show clearly, point out, make known:
 c. inf. to show how to do: to establish, prove.

κατα-δειλιάω, f. άσω [ά] :—to show signs of fear or cowardice.

καταδέξαι, Ion. aor. I inf. of καταδεϊκνυμι.
κατα-δέομαι, f. -δέησομαι, Dep. to want or need very much : to intreat earnestly, Lat. deprecari.

κατα-δέρκομαι, aor. 2 act. κατέδρῳκον, and in same sense pass. κατέδρχην : Dep. :—to look down, to look down upon.

κατά-δεσμος, δ, a tie or band : a magic knot, love-knot.
κατά-δεύω, f. σω, aor. I κατέδευσα, to wet through : to water.

κατα-δέχομαι, f. -δέχομαι : Dep. :—to receive, admit. 2. to receive back, take home again.

κατα-δέω (A), f. -δήσω, to bind on or to, bind fast : Med. to bind to or for oneself. 2. to put in bonds, imprison. 3. metaph. to convict of a crime. II. to tie down, shut up, close, check.

κατα-δέω (B), f. -δεήσω, to want, lack, need, be lacking in a thing, esp. of numbers : καταδεί, impers. there is need.

καταδεώς, Adv. of καταδεής, in defect : Comp. καταδεστώρας έχειν to be very ill off.

κατά-δηλος, on, very plain or manifest.

κατα-δημοβρωέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, δημοβέρος) to consume publicly.

κατα-διαντάω, f. ήσω, to decide as arbitrator against, to give arbitration against, τινός.

κατα-διαλλάσσω Att. -ττω, fut. -έξω, to reconcile again.

κατα-δίδωμι, f. -δῶσαι, of rivers, intr., to flow or empty themselves into.

κατα-δικάζω, f. άσω : Pass., aor. κατεδικάσθην : pf. καταδεδίκασμαι :—to give judgment against, pass sentence upon, τινός : absol. to condemn :—Med. to get sentence given against another, procure his condemnation :—Pass., καταδεδικασμένος one who has judgment given against him.

κατα-δίκη, ή, (κατά, δίκη) judgment given against one, condemnation, sentence : a fine. [χ]

κατά-δικος, on, (κατά, δίκη) condemned.

κατα-διώκω, f. έω or έομαι, to pursue closely.

κατα-δοκέω, f. -δόξω, to suppose a thing against or to the prejudice of another, to suspect : to think, suppose : also in aor. I part. pass. καταδοχέως being suspected.

καταδοξάζω, fut. άσω, = καταδοκέω.

κατα-δουλώω, f. ώσω, to reduce to slavery, enslave : also as Dep., with fut. and aor. I med. -δουλώομαι,

-εδουλώσάμην, pf. pass. -δεδούλωμαι. Hence καταδουλώσις, εως, ή, a reducing to slavery, enslaving.

κατα-δουπέω. f. ήσω, to fall with a heavy sound. Κατά-δουποι, on, ol, (κατά, δούπος) the Cataracts of the Nile : also the parts of Ethiopia in which they are called by Cicero Catadupa as neut. pl.

καταδοχή, ή, (καταδέχομαι) a receiving, admitting.

καταδραῖω, aor. 2 subj. pass. of καταδραῖναι.

καταδραῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of κατατρέχω.

κατα-δρέπω, f. -δρέψω, to strip off.

καταδρῳμή, ή, (καταδραμείν) an overrunning, inroad, raid. Hence

κατάδρῳμος, on, overrun, wasted by a raid.

κατά-δρυμμα, atos, τό, a tearing or rending. From κατα-δρύπτω, f. -δρύψω, to tear in pieces, rend.

καταδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of καταδύνω.

κατα-δύναστεύω, f. σω, to exercise lordship or sovereignty over, overpower, oppress.

κατα-δύνω, = καταδύνω in intrans. sense.

καταδύς, aor. 2 part. of καταδύνω.

καταδύσις, εως, ή, (καταδύνω) a going down under water : of the stars, a setting : generally, a descent.

κατα-δυσωπέω, to put quite to the blush, esp. by earnest intreaty.

κατα-δύω and κατα-δύνω : fut. -δύσω : aor. I κατέδυσσας : aor. 2 κατέδυν : I. Causal, in pres. καταδύω, fut. -δύσω, aor. I -έδυσσας :—to make to sink,

Lat. mergere : καταδύσαι ναῦν to sink or disable a ship. II. intrans. in pres. act. καταδύνω and in med. καταδύνομαι, with aor. 2, pf., plpf. act., κατέδυν, -έδυσκα, -εδύκειν :—to go under water, sink, set, of the sun : ήλιον καταδύνει with sunset. 2. to go down into, to steal or creep into : to get into the midst of : τεύχεα καταδύναι to get under, i. e. put on arms. 3. to keep hidden, lie hid.

κατ-άδω Ion. -άειδω : f. -άσομαι : rarely -άσω :—to sing to, to charm by singing, Lat. occinere : absol. to sing a spell, charm. II. to deafen by singing.

κατα-δοροδοκέω, f. ήσω, to accept presents or bribes. κατ-άειδω, Ion. for κατ-άδω.

κατα-ειμένος, pf. part. pass. of καθέννυμι, clothed, clad, covered. II. pf. part. pass. of καθήμι, let down, banging down.

καταείνυσαν, 3 pl. impf. of καθέννυμι.

καταείσατο, Ep. for καθείσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of καθέζω.

κατα-έννυμι, poet. for καθέννυμι : impf. καταείνον : to clothe, cover, overspread.

κατ-αζάλνω : Ion. aor. I καταζήνασκον : (κατα, αζάλνω, έζω) :—to make quite dry, parch up.

κατα-ζάω, inf. καταζήν, to live one's life out.

κατα-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύξω :—to tie or yoke together, yoke :—Pass. to be bound fast, straitened : to be imprisoned.

καταζήνασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. I of καταζάλνω.

κατα-ζώννυμι and -ύω, f. -ζώσω, to gird fast : Med. to gird oneself.

καταθάνειν, aor. 2 inf. of καταθνήσκω.

κατα-θάπτω, f. ψω, to bury, inter.

κατα-θαρσύνω, to embolden or encourage against :—Pass. to take courage, behave boldly. [υ]

κατα-θέομαι, f. άσομαι [ά], Dep. to look down upon, watch from above, observe.

καταθείναι, aor. 2 inf. of κατατίθημι.

καταθεῖο, 2 sing. aor. 2 opt. med. of κατατίθημι.

καταθείομαι, Ep. for -θέομαι, aor. 2 subj. med. of κατατίθημι.

καταβέλομεν, Ep. for -θέωμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of κατατίθημι.

κατα-βάλω, f. βῶ, to subdue by charms. Hence κατάθειξίς, εως, ἡ, enchantment.

κατάθεμα, ατος, τό, (κατατίθημι) an accursed thing.

κατα-θεματίζω, f. σῶ, (κατάθεμα) to curse.

καταθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of κατατίθημι.

κατάθεσις, εως, ἡ, (κατατίθημι) a putting down: a paying down, discharging.

κατα-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι:—to run down: of ships, to run into harbour.

II. to make inroads or incursions: c. acc., καταβείν χῆραν to overrun a country.

κατα-θεωρέω, f. ἴσω, to contemplate from above.

κατα-θήγω, f. βῶ, to sharpen, whet.

κατα-θηλύνω, (κατά, θήλυς) to make womanish.

καταθηῶ, Dor. for καταθήσω, fut. of κατατίθημι.

κατα-θνήσκω, fut. -θνήσκει: aor. 2 κατέθανον Ep.

κάτθανον: pf. -τέθηκα, part. -τεθνηκώς Ep. -τεθνῆ-
ως, ὄτος, inf. -τεθνήσκει Ep. -τεθνήμεν [ἀ]:—to die

away, be dying: in aor. 2 and pf. to be dead, deceased.

Hence

καταθητός, ἡ, ὄν, mortal.

καταθορεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of καταθρόσκω.

κατα-θορυβέω, f. ἴσω, to cry down.

κατα-θρηνέω, f. ἴσω, to bewail, lament.

κατα-θρόσκω, f. -θοροῦμαι: aor. 2 κατέθορον, inf.

-θορεῖν:—to leap or jump down: c. acc., καταθρό-
σκεν τὴν αἵμασιν to leap down from the wall.

κατα-θυμέω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ἀθυμέω) to lose all heart,

to be very much dejected.

κατα-θύμιος, ον, also η, ον, in or upon the mind, at heart: μηδέ τί τοι θάνατος καταθύμιος ἔστω let not death sit heavy at thy heart.

II. according to one's mind, welcome, well-pleasing.

κατα-θύω, f. ὑῶ [ῦ], to sacrifice: to offer, ded-

icate.

II. Med., καταθύεσθαι τινα to compel one's

δεν by magic sacrifices.

κατα-θυοῦν, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to cover with a coat

of mail, arm at all points.

κατα-βάσις, εως, ἡ, poet. for κατάβασις.

κατα-βάτης, ον, ὁ, poet. for κατάβατης, (κατα-
βαίνω) one who comes down or descends, of Zeus

descending in thunder and lightning: also of the

thunder-bolt, hurled down, descending.

2. epith. of Ἀχέρον, to which one descends, downward, infernal.

κατα-βατός, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for καταβατός, giving a

passage downwards: θύραι καταβαταὶ ἀνθρώποις

gates by which men descend.

κατα-αἰδέομαι, Dep. with fut. med. -αἰδέσομαι, aor.

I pass. -ἠδέσθην:—to feel shame or reverence before

another, to reverence, respect: c. inf. to be ashamed

to do a thing.

κατα-αἰθλόω, f. ὠσω, to burn to ashes.

κατα-αἰθίσσω, f. βῶ, of motion, to float or bower

over: πλόκαμοι νῶτον καταίθισσον his locks floated

down his back.

κατα-αἶω, to burn down, burn to ashes. 2. to light

up, ignite, illumine.

κατα-αἰκίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to wound severely: to

ill-treat, disfigure:

κατα-αινέω, f. ἴσω poet. ἴσω:—to agree to, assent to,

approve of: κατααινέειν ἐπὶ τινὶ to agree to a thing on

certain conditions.

II. to grant, promise: to

promise in marriage, betroth.

κατα-αἰρέω, Ion. for καθαιρέω.

κατα-αἶρω, fut. -ἄρῶ, (κατά, αἶρω):—to take or pu-

down. 2. intr. to put into port: of birds, to go

down to a place, light upon it.

κατα-αἰσθάνομαι, f. -αἰσθήσομαι, Dep. to comprehend

fully.

κατα-αἰσιος, ον, (κατά, αἰσιος) righteous.

καταισχυντήρ, ἦρος, a disgracer. From

κατα-αἰσχύνω, f. ὤνῶ, to shame, disgrace, dis-

honour.

III. Med. to feel shame before another,

to reverence.

κατα-ἰσχω, poet. for καρῖσχω.

κατα-αἰτιάομαι, f. ἄσομαι [ἄ]. Dep. to accuse, ar-

raign, blame, find fault with: c. acc., to lay to one's

charge, object to one: impute

II. the aor. I

part. κατατιθέμενος occurs in pass. sense, accused, put

on one's defence.

καταῖτις, ὄτος, ἡ, a low helmet or skull-cap without

a crest. (Derv. uncertain.)

κατα-αἰωρέομαι, Pass. (κατα, αἰωρέω) to bang down.

κατα-καυχᾶμαι, f. ἄσω, to laugh loudly at.

κατακαχήμεν, Dor. and Lacon. for κατακαχῆναι, aor.

2 inf. pass. of κατακαίω.

κατακαίμεν, Ep. for κατακαίειν.

κατα-καίω, fut. -κᾶνῶ. aor. 2 κατέκηνον:—like

κατακτεῖναι, to slay

κατα-καίω Att. -κᾶω [ᾶ]: fut. -καῖσω: aor. I κατέ-

καυστο Ep. κατέκη: aor I pass. κατεκαίην, aor 2

κατεκᾶν:—to burn, burn down, consume by burn-

ing:—Pass., κατά πῦρ ἐκδη the fire had burned down

or out.

κατα-κᾶλλεω, f. ἴσω, to call down, summon, in-

vite.

II. to call upon, invoke.

κατα-κάλυπτω, f. ψῶ, to cover up, envelope:—Med.

to veil oneself.

κατα-κάμπτω, f. -κάμψω, to bend down: to bend or

turn by entreaty, κατακαμπτεῖν ἱλπίδας to bend down,

break down hopes.

κατα-κάρφω, to dry up, parch:—Pass. to wither,

fall into the ere.

κατακαύσας, aor. I part. of κατακαίω.

κατα-καυχᾶμαι, f. ἴσω, to boast against

exult over, vaunt at.

κατακαίω, Ep. aor. I inf. of κατακαίω.

κατακαίμεν, Ep. pres. inf. of κατακαίω.

κατακαίετε, 2 pl. of κατακαίω.

κατά-κειμαι, f. -κείσομαι, Dep. to lie down: to lie

bid: to lie stored up, to be laid by. 2. to lie

sick. 3. to recline at meals.

κατακείομεν, another form of κατακείμεν, q. v.:—

but also Ep. for κατακείωμεν, pres. subj. of κατακαίω.

κατα-κείρω, f. -κείρῶ, to cut down, waste, consume.

κατα-κείω, Desiderat. of *κατάκειμαι*, to wish to lie down: *κακκείοντες*, Ep. part. for *κατακείοντες*.
κατακέκλιτο, 2 sing. plqpf. pass. of *κατακλίνω*.
κατακεκράτης, ου, δ, (*κατακράζω*) a brawler.
κατα-κελεύω, f. σω, to give the word of command: of the *κελευστής*, to give the time in rowing.
κατα-κεντέω, f. ήσω, to pierce through, sting severely.
κατα-κεραυνώω, f. ώσω, to strike down by thunder.
κατα-κεράβω, f. άνώ or ήσω, to make a gain of a thing wrongly or meanly.
κατα-κερτομέω, f. ήσω, to rail violently: to mock at.
κατακημέν, Ep. pres. inf. of *κατακαίω*.
κατα-κηλέω, f. ήσω, to soothe by charms: to enchant.
κατακήμεν, Ep. for *κατακήμεν*, 1 pl. aor. 1 subj. of *κατακαίω*.
κατα-κηρύω, f. ώσω, (*κατά, κηρύς*) to cover with wax.
κατα-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ύψω, to proclaim or command by herald.
κατα-κίρνω -μι, poet. for *κατακεράννυμι*, to mix well: —Pass. to be well mixed.
κατά-κισσος, ου, (*κατά, κισσός*) ivy-wreathed.
κατα-κλαίω Att. -κλάω [ά]: fut. -κλαύσομαι: —to bewail or lament loudly: absol. to wail aloud.
κατακλάσσειν, Dor. aor. 1 inf. med. of *κατακλείω*.
κατα-κλάω, f. άσω [ά]: aor. 1 *κατέκλᾶσα*: —Pass., aor. 1 *κατεκλάσθην*: —to break down, break short off, snap.
 II. metaph. to break down, overcome, enfeeble, of sorrow, fear, or illness.
κατακλαχθήναι, Dor. aor. 1 pass. inf. of *κατακλείω*.
κατα-κλάω, Att. for *κατακλαίω*. [ά]
κατακλείς, είδος, Ion. and Ep. *κατακληίς*, ηίδος, ή, (*κατακλείω*) a fastener for doors.
κατα-κλείω Ion. -κληίω old Att. -κληίω: f. -κλείω Dor. -κλέω: —Med., aor. 1 *κατεκλείσάμην* Dor. *κατεκλεξάμην*: —Pass., aor. *κατεκλείσθην* Ion. -*εκληίσθην* Dor. -*εκλάχθην* (not -*εκλάσθην*): —to shut up, shut fast. 2. to shut up in a fortress, to blockade.
κατα-κληροδοτέω, f. ήσω, (*κληρος, δίδωμι*) to distribute by lot.
κατα-κληρονομέω, f. ήσω, to inherit, obtain by inheritance.
κατα-κληρουχέω, f. ήσω, to receive as one's allotment.
 II. to assign to another as his lot, give to inherit.
κατακλιθήναι, aor. 2 1st. pass. of *κατακλίνω*.
κατακλινής, ές, (*κατακλινήναι*) lying down, stretched at length.
 II. sloping, steep.
κατα-κλινό-βατής, ές, (*κατά, κλίνη, βαίνω*) making one lie abed.
κατα-κλίνω [κ], f. -κλινώ: aor. 1 *κατέκλινᾶ*: —to lay down, to make to lie down or sit at table: also to lay upon a couch, to lay the sick on couches in the temple of Aesculapius: —Pass. to lie down, esp. at table.
 II. to lay low, overthrow. Hence
κατάκλιτος, εως, ή, a making to lie down or sit at table: ή *κατάκλισις* του γάμου the celebration of a marriage.
κατα-κλύω, f. ύσω [υ]: aor. 1 *κατέκλυσᾶ*: —to wash

over, deluge, inundate: to fill full of water. II. to wash down or away: also to wash out, efface. Hence *κατακλυσμός*, δ, a deluge, flood.
Κατα-κλώθες, αί, (*κατακλώθω*) the weird women who spin thread, a name of the goddesses of Fate, Μοίραι, Lat. *Parcae*.
κατα-κλώθω, f. -κλώσω, to spin out, of the Fates.
κατα-κνώω, f. -κνήσω: aor. 1 *κατέκνησα*: —to scrape or grate down: to cut piecemeal.
κατα-κνήθω, = *κατακνάω*.
κατα-κνίω, f. ίσω: aor. 1 *κατέκνισᾶ*: —to pull to pieces, Lat. *vellito*: —Pass. to itch.
κατα-κοιμάω, f. ήσω, like *κατακοιμίζω*, to put to sleep, lull to sleep: aor. 1 inf. pass. *κατακοιμηθήναι*, to go to sleep, fall asleep, sleep. II. to sleep through, sleep out: *κατακοιμήσαι* την φυλακήν to sleep out the watch.
κατα-κοιμίζω, f. ίσω, = *κατακοιμάω*, to lull to sleep.
κατα-κοινωνέω, f. ήσω to make one a sharer, give one a share.
κατ-ἀκολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow closely.
κατα-κόλπίζω, f. ίσω Att. *ιω*, (*κατά, κόλπος*) to run into a bay or gulf.
κατα-κομίδω, ή, a bringing down to the sea-shore, exportation. From
κατα-κομίζω, f. ίσω Att. *ιω*: —to bring ashore, esp. to the sea. 2. to bring to land or into harbour: to bring into a place of refuge.
κατά-κομος, ου, (*κατά, κόμη*) with falling hair.
κατ-ἀκονά, ή, (*κατά, ἀκονή*) destruction.
κατα-κονδύλλίζω, f. ίσω, to buffet severely.
κατ-ἀκοντίζω, f. ίσω Att. *ιω*, (*κατά, ἀκοντίω*) to strike down with darts.
κατα-κόπτω, f. ψω: aor. 1 *κατέκοψᾶ*: —pass. p. post f. *κατακεκόφομαι*: aor. 2 *κατεκόπην*: —to cut in pieces, cut up: to kill, slay. II. to stamp with a die, coin into money.
κατα-κοσμέω, f. ήσω, to arrange, set in order: *ἐπὶ νευρή κατακοσμεῖν* to fit the arrow on the string: generally, to furnish, adorn.
κατ-ἀκούω, f. -ακούσομαι, to bear and obey, be subject to. II. to hearken to, give ear to, bear plainly.
κατα-κράζω, fut. -*κεκραύσομαι*, to cry down, outdo in crying.
κατα-κράτέω, f. ήσω, to prevail over, subdue: —absol. to prevail, become master: to become current.
κατα-κρέμαμαι, Pass. to hang down, hang suspended.
κατα-κρεμάννυμι or -ύω, fut. -*κρεμάσω* [ά]: aor. 1 *κατεκρέμασα*: —to hang to or upon, hang up, attach to or by.
κατα-κρεουργέω, f. ήσω, to cut up like a butcher.
κατα-κρήθεν, (*κατά, κára*) Adv. from the head downwards from top to bottom: —metaph. entirely, utterly.
κατα-κρηνόμεαι or -άρομαι, = *κατακρέμαμαι*.
κατα-κρηννίζω, f. ίσω Att. *ιω*, (*κῆ. á, κρηνός*) to throw down a precipice, throw headlong down.
κατά-κρημνος, ov, precipitous.
κατάκριμα, ατος, τόδ, condemnation, sentence. From

κατα-κρίνω, f. -κρίνω: aor. I κατέκρινα:—to give judgment against: to condemn, sentence. [I] Hence κατακρίσις, ew. ἡ, condemnation.

κατα-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to bide away, conceal, keep hidden: part. κακκρύπτων Ep. for κατακρύπτων. II intr. to use concealment, dissemble. Hence

κατα-κρύψή, ἡ, a biding: metaph. a subterfuge.

κατα-κράζω, f. -κράζω, to crouch at.

κατα-κτάμεν and -κτάμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of κατακτείνω.

κατα-κτάσμαι, fut. -κτήσομαι: aor. I -εκτήσθην: Dep. to get or gain for oneself: in pf. κατακέκτημαι. to possess.

κατακτάς, Ep. aor. 2 act. part. of κατακτείνω: pass. κατακτάμενος.

κατα-κτείνω: fut. -κτενῶ Ion. -κτῶν Ep. -κτῶν: aor. I κατέκτεινα: aor. 2 κατέκτανον ποθὶ κατέκταν, ai, a, Ep. imperat. κάκτανε, inf. κατέκταμεν. -άμεναι, part. κατακτάς: pf. κατέκτονα:—Pass., aor. I κατέκταθην: Ep. aor. 2 κατέκταμην, part. κατακτάμενος: a pl. fut. med. (in pass. sense) κατακτενέεσθε.—to kill, slay, put to death.

κατα-κύβευω, f. σω, (κατά, κύβος) to lose by the dice, gamble away.

κατα-κύλλινω, f. [σω [f]]:—Pass., aor. I εκκύλισθην: pf. -κεκύλισμαι:—to roll down:—Pass. to be rolled down or off.

κατα-κύπτω, f. ψω: aor. I κατέκυψα:—to bend down, stoop: to stoop and peep into.

κατα-κύριεω, f. σω, to exercise authority over.

κατα-κύρω, (κατά, κύρος) to ratify: aor. I part. κατακυρωθείς:—κατακριθείς, condemned to something.

κατα-κωλύω, f. ύσω [v]: to hinder from doing: to detain, keep back.

κατα-κωμάζω, f. άσω, to drink riotously in wine, to associate with a drunken band.

κατακωχή, incorrect form for κατοκωχή.

κατα-κωβέω, aor. 2 inf. of καταλαμβάνω.

κατ-άλαζονομαι, (κατα, άλαζών) Dep. to boast or brag largely

κατα-λάλέω, f. ήσω, to babble, chatter. II, to talk or tell at, slander. Hence

καταλάληα, ἡ, evil report, slander and

κατάλλος, ov, slanderous.

κατα-λαμβάνω: f. -λήψομαι Ion. -λάψομαι. aor. 2 κατέλαβον: pf. κατέληφα Ion. καταελάβηκα:—Pass., aor. I κατέληφθην Ion. κατέλαμβην: to seize upon, lay hold of, take possession of: to seize.—Med. to seize for oneself: to preoccupy. II, to hold in, keep down or under, check: hence to put an end to, stop: to settle, conclude. a to bind by oath.

III, to catch, overtake, come up with: hence to discover, detect, find. a, of events, to come upon, befall, happen to one: impers, καταλαμβάνει it happens to one; τὰ καταλαβόντα—τὰ συμβαίνοντα, what bad happened, the circumstances of the case. Hence

καταλαμβάνεις, a, ov, verb. Adj. to be checked.

κατα-λάμπω, f. -λαμβω, to shine upon: to shine.

κατα-λγέω, f. ήσω, to suffer greatly, be in great pain.

κατα-λέγω, f. -λέξω: aor. I pass. κατελέχθην, aor. 2 κατέλεγον:—to lay down, put to bed, make lie down:—Med., with aor. I κατελεγάμην, to lie down, sleep: in this sense occur κατελέκτο. 3 sing. of Ep aor. 2 pass. κατέλεγμην, inf. καταλέγεσθαι, part. καταλέγμενος. II, to pick out, choose out of many, to choose as soldiers, levy, enlist, enrol. III, to tell or count up, recount, reckon up: to go over, repeat, detail, e. g. a pedigree.

κατα-λείβω, f. ψω, to rock down, let drop: to shed tears:—Pass. to run or drop down.

κατάλειμμα, τό, (καταλείπω) a remnant, residue.

κατάλειπτος, ov, (καταλείπω) appointed.

κατα-λείπω, f. ψω: Ep. ποτὶ πτες. καλλείπω, fut. καλλείψω aor. 2 κάλλισον:—to leave behind, leave as an heritage, bequeath. II, to forsake, abandon: to leave or give up to another. III, to suffer, allow

κατα-λατουργέω, f. ήσω, to spend one's substance in bearing public burdens

κατ-αλείφω, f. ψω, to smear on or over.

καταλείψω, Dor. for καταλέξω, fut. of καταλέγω.

κατα-λεπτολογέω, f. ήσω, to wear away by fine distinctions.

κατα-λεύω, f. σω, (κατά, λείω) to expose to death.

κατα-λέχθαι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. pass. of καταλέγω.

κατ-άλλω, f. έσω, to grind down.

κατα-λήγω, f. έω, to leave off, stop, cease.

κατα-λήθομαι, Pass. to forget utterly.

καταληπτικός, ἡ, ύρ, (καταλαμβάνω) able to grasp or check, able to keep down

καταληπτός, ἡ, ύρ, verb. Adj. of καταλαμβάνω, to be grasped or seized, within reach, attainable. II, act. seizing upon.

κατάληψις, ew. ἡ, (καταλαμβάνω) a grasping, seizing, winning. II, an attacking, assaulting.

κατα-λιθάζω, t άσω, (κατά, λίθος) to stone to death.

κατα-λιπαρέω, f. ήσω, to entreat earnestly.

καταλλάγῃ, ἡ, exchange, profit made on exchange. II a change from enmity to friendship reconciliation. mostly in plur. From

κατα-λλάσσω Att. -ττω: f άω: aor. I κατήλαφα:—to change: Med. to exchange, give in exchange.

II, to change from enmity to friendship reconciliation.—Pass., with aor. I κατηλλάχθην, aor. I κατηλλάγην [α], to become reconciled.

κατ-άλλωω, f. ήσω, to crush in pieces, destroy.

κατα-λογίζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι Att. -ίσουμαι: Dep.:—to count up, reckon, consider: also to impute a thing to one

II, to count or reckon among.

κατάλογος, ό, καταλῳα a counting up, enrolment: the catalogue or list of persons liable to serve in the army: of εκ καταλόγου those on the list for service.

κατά-λοιπος, ov, ύεσι, remaining.

κατ-αλοκίζω, f. έσω, to put into futurity.

κατα-λουω, f. σω, to wash completely:—Med., κατα-
λουειν τὸν βίον to spend one's life in bathing.
κατα-λοφάδεια, Adv.—κατὰ λόφον, on the neck.
κατα-λοχίζω, i. σω, to distribute into troops. Hence
καταλοχισμός, δ, distribution into troops.
κατα-λόω, old Att. pres. for καταλυνω.
κατὰ-λύμα -κατα, λυω) an inn, lodging.
κατα-λύμαινομαι, Dep. to ravage, destroy
καταλύσιμος, ον (καταλυνω) to be made an end of.
καταλύσις εως η, (καταλυνω) a dissolving, putting
δύον μακιν an end of oi an arm, a disbanding:
καταλύσις του πολέμου an ending of the war
γενεσις, a coming to an end, dissolving II. a resting, lodging.
a. 50 καταλυμα, a resting-place, inn
καταλύτης, ου one who lodges in a place. From
κατα-λυω, i. λυσω, aor. I καταλύσα to dissolve,
put down, make an end of, destroy, cancel: to put
αυτω a term of government. to depose from com-
mand to dissolve, dismiss, disband. 2. to bring
to an end, terminate, καταλυναι πολέμον to end a
war —Med. to come to terms with one, make peace
with him. II. to unloose, unyoke: hence absol.
to take up one's quarters, halt, rest, lodge.
κατα-λωφώ, f. ήσω, to rest from a thing.
κατα-μαγεύω, i. σω, (κατὰ, μαγος) to bewitch.
κατα-μαλᾶκίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιώ—to make soft or
effeminate.—Pass. to be or become so
κατα-μαλᾶσσω Att. -ττω i. αξω to soften much,
αφραει, pacify
κατα-μανθάνω, fut. -μᾶθησομαι aor. 2 -εμάθον:
pf. -μεμάθηκα:—to learn or observe well. to under-
stand: to consider well
κατα-μαργάω Ion. -έω. f. ήσω.—to be stark
mad.
κατα-μάρπτω, i. -μάρψω, to catch bold of, catch.
κατα-μαρτυρέω, f. ήσω, to bear witness against:—
Pass. to have evidence given against one.
κατα-μάσσομαι, Med. to wipe off.
κατ-αμάω, f. ήσω, (κατά, άμαω) to pile up, heap up:
Ep. aor. I med. καταμᾶσθην
κατ-αμβάλνω, (κατά, άμβάλνω) to take the edge off,
make blunt or dull.
κατα-μεθύσκω, f. -μεθύσω [ῶ], to make drunk with
beer wine.
καταμείνω, aor. I inf. of καταμένω.
κατ-αμείλω, f. ήσω, to give no heed to, neglect: ab-
sol. to be heedless:—Pass. to be neglected.
κατα-μελιττώ, f. ώωω, (κατά, μέλι) to shed honey
ever, of the nightingale's voice.
κατ-αμεριπτος, ον, blamed by all, abhorred: neut. pl.
as Adv. so as to give cause for blame. From
κατα-μέμφομαι, f. -μεμφομαι: aor. I med. -εμεμ-
φάμην, pass. -εμέμφην: Dep.:—to blame, accuse,
find fault with. Hence
κατάμεψις, εως, ή, a blaming, finding fault, ac-
cusing.
κατα-μένω, f. -μενῶ, to stay behind: to remain, con-
tinue in a state,

κατα-μερίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιώ, to cut in pieces: to dis-
tribute.
κατα-μετρέω, f. ήσω, to measure or mete out to: to
measure.
κατα-μηλόω, f. ώσω, (κατά, μήλη) to put in the
probe: metaph., κηρὸν καταμηλοῦν to put the ballon-
box like a probe down another's throat, i. e. make
him disgorge stolen goods.
κατα-μηνύω, f. ύσω [ῶ], to give information a-
gainst. 2. to intimate, make known.
καταμήσατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of καταμάω.
κατα-μιάνω, f. άνώ, to taint, defile, pollute:—Pass-
to wear unwashed garments in sign of grief, Lat.
squalere.
κατα-μίννμι or -ύω, f. -μίζω: aor. I κατέμικα, Ep
part. καμμίξας:—to mix, mix up, compound.
κατα-μίσγω, -καταμίννμι.
κατα-μισθοφορέω, f. ήσω, to spend in paying publ.
officers.
κατάμορφος, ον, (καταμέμφομαι) faulty.
κατα-μόνας, (κατά, μόνος) Adv. alone, apart.
κατα-μονομαχέω, f. ήσω, to conquer in single combat.
κατ-αμπέχω and -αμπίσχω, to encompass, cover.
καταμύζω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of καταμύσσω.
κατάμυσις, εως, ή, (καταμύω) a closing of the eyes.
κατ-αμύσσω Att. -ττω, f. έω, to tear, scratch, rend.
κατα-μυττωτέω, f. σω, (κατά, μυττωτόν) to make
mincemeat of.
κατα-μύω, f. ύσω [ῶ]: aor. I κατέμυσσα, poet. inf.
καμύσαι:—to shut or close the eyes: to nod, drop
asleep, dose: also to die.
κατ-αναγκάζω, f. άσω, to force down into a place. II.
to overpower by force, constrain, confine: coercion.
κατ-ανάθεμα, ατος, τό, a curse. Hence
καταναθεματίζω, f. ίσω, to curse.
κατα-ναίω, to make to dwell, settle: only used in Ep.
aor. I act. κατένασσα med. κατενασάμην:—Pass. to
take up one's abode, dwell, only in aor. I κατενάσθην.
κατ-ανάλίσκω, f. -ανάλωω: aor. I κατηνάλωσα:
—to spend lavishly, εις τι upon a thing:—Pass., with
pf. act. κατανάλωκα, to be lavished.
κατα-ναρκάω, to be slothful towards, press heavily
upon.
κατα-νάσσω, f. -νάξω, to beat down firmly
κατα-ναυμάχω, fut. ήσω, to conquer in a sea-fight,
beat at sea.
κατα-νέμω, f. -νεμῶ, to distribute, allot, assign a-
mong. II. Med. and Pass. to divide among them-
selves, partition out: hence to take possession of. 2.
to feed or graze land with cattle, Lat. depasci.
κατένευσις, εως, ή, a nodding to, assent. From
κατα-νεύω, f. -νεύσομαι: Ep. aor. I part. κατενέυσας:
—to nod assent, opp. to άπονεύω; υπέσχετο κατέ-
νευσεν he promised and confirmed his promise by a
nod: to make a sign by nodding the head.
κατα-νεφώ, f. ώσω, to overcloud.
κατα-νήω Ion. -νήω, f. -νήσῶ, to heap or pile up.
κατ-αλήσαι, aor. I inf. of κατανέω.

κατ-ανθράκιζω, f. ἴσω, and κατ-ανθράκω, f. ὥσομαι: (κατά, ἀνθραξ):—to burn to cinders:—Pass. to be burnt to ashes.

κατα-νίφω, to snow upon or over: impers., κατανίφει it snows: κατένιψε χιόνι τὴν Θράκην snow fell all over Thrace.

κατα-νοέω, f. ἴσω, to remark, observe, perceive: to understand, learn, know: to consider.

κατ-άνομαι, Pass. (κατά, ἄνω) to be used up or wasted. The Act is supplied by καταναύω

κατα-νοτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to bedew.

κάτ-αντᾶ, Adv. of κατάντης, downwards.

κατ-άντω, f. ἴσω, to come down to, arrive at.

κατ-άντης, es, (κατά, ἄντα) down-hill odd. to ἀν-άντης.

κατ-άντησιν, Adv. (κατά, ἄντῶν) opposite.

κατ-αντικρύ, (κατά, ἀντικρύ) straight down from. II. over against, right opposite, facing. 2. absol. outright, downright. [1 of the result, long in Hom., short in Att.]

κατ-αντίον, Adv. over against, opposite, fronting.

κατ-αντιπέρασ, Adv. right over against, opposite.

κατ-αντλήω, f. ἴσω, to pour upon or over.

κατάνξις, es, ἡ, stupefaction, slumber. From κατα-νύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to prick:—Pass. to be pricked at heart. II. in Pass. also to lie in a deep sleep, to slumber.

κατ-άνυ Att. -ύτω: f. ὕω [ῥ]: aor. I κατήνυσα:—to bring to an end, finish a journey: to arrive at a place; c. gen., φίλης προξένου κατηνύσαν they have reached the house of a kind hostess. 2. to accomplish, perpetrate.

κατα-νωτίζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι, Dep. (κατα, νωτίζω):—to carry on one's back.

κατα-ξαίνω: f. -ξανώ: aor. I κατεξήνα:—Pass., aor. I κατέξανην: pf. κατέξαμμαι:—to card or comb well: to tear in pieces, wear away, reduce to nothing.

καταξέμεν, Ep. for κατάξειν, inf. of κατάγω.

κατα-ξενόω, f. ὥσω, (κατά, ξένος) to receive as a guest, entertain.

κατ-ἀξίω, on, quite worthy of. Adv. -ίως. Hence καταξιόω, f. ὥσω, to deem worthy, esteem, honour. II. to bid; πολλά χαίρειν ξυμφοραῖς καταξίω I bid a long farewell to calamities. 2. to resolve or determine on a thing.

κατα-ξύω, f. ὥσω [ῥ]: Pass., pf. ἐξυσμαι:—to scrape or scratch off mark.

κατάρσος, Dor. for κατήρος.

κατα-παίζω, f. -παίβομαι, to jest at.

καταπακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (καταπήγνυμι) fastened down or downwards; καταπακτὴ θύρα a trap-door.

κατα-πάλαιω, f. σω, to throw in wrestling.

κατα-πάλλω, to sbake down:—Pass., in 3 sing. Ep. tor. 2 κατέπαλτο, to vault or leap down.

κατα-πάσσω Att. -ττω, f. -πᾶσω [ᾶ]: aor. I κατέπασα:—to besprinkle: 'o sprinkle or strewn over. Hence

κατάπαστος, on, besprinkled with, embroidered.

κατα-πάτέω, f. ἴσω, to trample down, trample under foot: metaph. to trample on.

κατάπαυμα, atos, τό, a check, bindrance; and κατάπαυσis, eow, ἡ, a putting a stop to, putting down, depositing. II. (from Pass.) a calm. From

κατα-παύω poet. καπ-παύω: f. σω:—to put to rest, calm, assuage. 2. to make one stop from a thing, binder or check from: to stop, binder, keep in check

—to put down, depose one from power. II. Pass. and Med. to leave off, cease, rest.

κατ-ἀπειλώ, f. ἴσω, to threaten loudly; κατπειλεῖν ἔπη to use threatening words.

κατα-περάττηρα Ion. -πειρητηρίη, ἡ, (κατά, πειράω) a sounding-line.

κατα-πελτάζω, fut. -ασομαι. to overrun with light-armed troops (πελτασταί).

καταπεμπτός a on, verb. adj. of καταπέμπω, to be sent down.

κατα-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send down to the sea.

κατα-πενθίω, f. ἴσω, to mourn for.

καταπένηα, intr. pf. of καταπήγνυμι.

καταπεπηυῖα, Ep. pf. pāt. fem. of καταπτῆσσω.

κατ-ἄπερ, Ion. for καθάπερ.

κατα-πέρδω, mostly in Med. -περομαι: aor. 2 καταξαρδόν: pf. καταπέπορδα:—to break wind at one.

κατα-πέσσω Att. -ττω: fut. -πέσω:—to boil down or digest: metaph. to digest, keep from rising.

καταπεσών, aor. 2 part. of καταπίπτω.

κατα-πετάννυμι or -ύω, fut. -πετάσω [ᾶ]:—to spread out over. II. to spread or cover with. Hence

καταπέτασμα, atos, τό, a curtain, veil.

κατα-πέτομαι, fut. -πήσομαι: aor. 2 κατα-αμην, part. καταπτάμενος:—to fly down.

κατα-πετρώ, f. ὥσω, (κατά, πέτρα) to stone to death.

κατα-πέτω, Att. for καταπέσσω.

καταπέφνω, part. of aor. 2 κατέπεφνον.

καταπέψη, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of καταπέσσω.

κατα-πήγνυμι and -ύω: fut. -πήξω: aor. I κατέπηξα:—to stick fast in the ground, fix firmly:—Pass., with intr. pf. act. καταπέπηγα, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 κατέπηκτο, to stand fast or firm in, be firmly fixed in.

κατα-πήδω, i. -ήσομαι, to leap down from.

κατα-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω, to fill quite full.

κατο-πίμπρημι, f. -πρήσω, to burn to ashes.

κατα-πίνω, fut. -πιώμαι: aor. 2 κατέπιον Ep. κάπιον:—to gulp or swallow down, absorb. 2. metaph. to drink in, imbibe. 3. to swallow up, use up, consume.

κατα-πιπράσκω, to sell outright.

κατα-πίπτω, fut. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 κατέπεσον Ep. κάπεσον: pf. -πέπτακα:—to fall down: metaph. to fall, sink, subside.

κατα-πισόω Att. -ττώ: f. -ώσω, 'o cover with pitch, pitch over to keep out the air.

κατάπλασμα, atos, τό, that which is spread or smeared over, a plaster. From

κατα-πλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. -πλάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I

κατέπλᾳσθαι :—*to spread or smear over, plaster with* :—Med., καταπλάσσειν τὴν κεφαλὴν *to plaster one's own head*. Hence

καταπλάστός, ἡ, ὄν, *plastered over*.

κατα-πλάστύς, ἴος, ἡ, Ion. for κατάπλασμα.

κατα-πλέκω, f. ξω, *to entwine, plait*: metaph. *to implicate, entangle*. 2. *to finish twisting, and so to bring to an end, finish*.

κατά-πλεος, ὄν, also α, ὄν: Att. -πλεως, ὄν, gen. ω: (κατά, πλέος):—*quite full of a thing: soiled or stained with it*.

κατα-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι: aor. I κατέπλευσα:—Ion. pres. -πλώω:—*to sail down, as, to sail from the big sea to shore, put into port, put in*:—*to sail down stream*. II. *to sail back*.

κατά-πλεως, ὄν, gen. ω, Att. for κατάπλεος.

κατάπληξ, ἡγος, ὁ, ἡ, (καταπλήσσω) *terror-stricken*.

κατάπληξις, εως, ἡ, amazement, consternation. From κατα-πλήσσω Att. -πτω: f. ξω: aor. I κατέπληξα:

—Pass., aor. 2 κατεπλήγην [ἄ] Ep. κατεπλήγην:—pf. -πέπληγμαι:—*to strike down*: metaph. *to strike with amazement, astound, confound*:—Pass. *to be panic-stricken, be amazed*.

κατά-πλοος contr. -πλους, ὁ, (καταπλέω) *a sailing down to land, a putting ashore, putting into harbour*. II. *a sailing back, return*.

κατα-πλουτίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, *to make very rich, enrich*.

κατα-πλύνω [ῶ], *to bathe with water*. Hence

κατάπλυνσις, εως, ἡ, *a bathing in water*.

κατα-πλώω, Ion. for καταπλέω.

κατα-πνέω, Ep. for καταπνέω.

κατα-πνέω, f. πνεύσομαι: aor. I κατέπνευσα:—*to breathe upon or over*. 2. *to inspire, instil*. Hence καταπνοή, ἡ, *a breathing or blowing*.

κατα-πέδα and κατα-πέδας, Adv., for κατά πόδα, κατά πέδας, *upon the track, quickly, straightway*.

καταποθή, 3. sing. aor. I subj. pass. of καταπίνω.

κατα-πολεμέω, f. ἴσω, *to war down, wear down or overcome in war*. Lat. debellare.

κατα-πονέω, f. ἴσω, *to wear out by toil or suffering*.

κατα-ποντίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (κατα, ποντος) *to throw into the sea, plunge or drown therein*. Hence καταποντιστής, οὔ, ὁ, *one who throws into the sea, of pirates*.

κατα-ποντῶ, f. ὤσω, —καταποντίζω.

κατα-πορνεύω, f. -ευσι, *to prostitute*.

κατα-πρασσω Att. -πτω, f. -πραξω, *to effect, accomplish, achieve*. —Med. *to achieve for oneself*.

κατα-πρηγής, ἐς, *head foremost, with the forepart downwards*, χειρὶ καταπρηγῇ *with the hand moved downwards, i. e. with the flat of the hand*. Hence

καταπρηγῶν, f. ὤσω, *to throw down headlong*.

κατα-πρίω [f]: aor. I κατέπρισα:—*to saw up or in pieces*: *to cut or tear in pieces*.

κατα-προδίδωμι, f. -προδώω, *to betray*.

κατα-προΐσομαι, f. -πρῶξωμαι Att. προΐσομαι:—*to do for nothing, i. e. with impunity, always with*

negat., and in bad sense: 1. absol., οὐ καταπροΐεσθαι ἔφη *he said they should not get off free, with impunity*; οὐ καταπροΐεῖς you shan't do it for nothing. 2. also with part., οὐ λωβησάμενος ἐμὲ

καταπροΐεται *he shall not escape for having thus insulted me*; οὐ καταπροΐεῖ τοῦτο δρᾶν τοῦ ἐμὲ *not escape or get off for doing this*. 3. c gen. pers., ἐμὲ δ' ἐκείνους οὐ καταπροΐεται *he shall not use me ill for nothing*.

κατά-πρωκτος, ὄν, —καταπύγον.

καταπτῶκῶν, ἑντος, aor. 2 part. of καταπτήσσω.

κατά-πτερος, ὄν, (κατά, πτερόν) *winged*.

καταπτήσομαι, fut. of καταπέτομαι.

κατα-πτήσσω, fut. -πτήξω: Ep. aor. 2 κατάπτην, 3 dual καταπτήτην; another poet. aor. 2 πρωτ. καταπτήκῶν occurs: pf. κατέπτηκα or χα, Ep. part. καταπτήκων:—*to crouch or cower down, to lie crouching or cowering*.

κατ-άπτομαι, Ion. for καθάπτομαι.

κατάπτωστος, ὄν, also η, ὄν, (καταπτύνω) *to be shabby, abominable, despicable*.

κατα-πτύχης, ἐς, (κατά, πτύχη) *with ample folds*.

κατα-πτύω, f. ὤσω [ῶ]: aor. I κατέπτυσσα:—*to spit upon or at, as a mark of abhorrence and contempt*.

κατα-πτώσσω, —καταπτήσσω.

κα-απύγος, ὄν, ἡ, lewdness. From

κατα-πύγων, ὄνος, ἡ, neut. πύγον, (κατά, πύγη) *lewd, lustful, brutal*.

κατα-πύθω, f. ὤσω [ῶ]: aor. κατέπτυσσα:—*to make rotten*:—Pass. *to become rotten*.

κατά-πυκνος, ὄν, very thick.

κατα-πύριξω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, πύρ) *to catch fire*.

κατα-πύρπολός, f. ἴσω, *to consume with fire*.

κατ-άρα Ion. -άρη [ἄ], ἡ, *an imprecation, curse*.

καταραιρημένος, Ion. for καθρημένος, pf. part. pass. of καθαιρέω.

κατα-ράομαι, f. -άσομαι Ion. -ήσομαι: Dep.:—*to invoke upon one, mostly in bad sense*; πολλὰ κατηράτο *he uttered many curses*: *to pray for evil to one, curse, utter imprecations upon*:—pf. part. κατηράμενος, in pass. sense, *accursed*.

κατ-άρσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, *to dash down smash, break in pieces, to hurl down*.

κατάρστος, ὄν, (κατοράομαι) *accursed, abominable*.

κατ-αργέω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ἀργός) *to leave unemployed*: hence *to make barren*. II. *to make useless or void*:—Pass. *to be abolished*: *to be set free*.

κατ-αργίζω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ἀργός) *to make to tarry*.

κατάρχη, ατος, τό, (κατάρχομαι):—in pl. τὰ κατάρχηματα, *the beginnings of the sacrifice, introductory rites*.

κατ-αργύρῶ, f. ὤσω, *to cover or plate with silver*.

κατ-ἀρῶ, f. ὤσω, *to water*: esp. metaph. *to besprinkle with praise*.

κατ-ἀρέομαι or -έωμαι, Ion. for καταρόμαι.

κατα-ριγηλός, ἡ, ὄν, (κατά, ριγία) *making one shudder, horrible*.

κατ-ἀριθμέω, f. ἦσω, to count or reckon among. 2.

to count up:—Med., to recount.

κατ-αρκέω, f. ἦσω, to be fully sufficient.

κατ-αρμόζω, Ion. for καθαρ-.

κατ-αρνέομαι: Dep. with fut. med. -αρνήσομαι, aor.

ἤ παρ. -αρνήθημι:—to deny stoutly.

κατ-άρω, f. -άρσω, to plough up.

καταρράγνυμι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of καταρρήγνυμι.

καταρ-ράθω, f. ἦσω, to lose or miss from carelessness:—Pass., pf. part. τὰ καταρραθυμμένα things carelessly lost.

II. intr. to be very careless or idle. καταρ-ράκω, f. ὤσω, (κατά, ράκος) to tear into shreds: Pass., pf. part. καταρρακωμένοι, in rags or tatters.

καταρράκτης, ου, (καταρρήγνυμι) as Adj. broken, precipitous. II. as Subst., καταρράκτης, δ, a waterfall, Lat. cataracta.

καταρ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to stitch up, to cover over: me-

taph. to plot, devise, compass. Hence

καταρράφος, ου, sewn together, patchbed.

καταρ-ρέω, f. ξω: Ep. aor. 1 κατέρεξα:—to put with the band, to stroke, fondle, caress:—κατ-ρέουσα, Ep. for καταρρέουσα.

καταρ-ρέψω, f. ψω, to make to sink or fall.

καταρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι (and in pass. form) -ρύη-σομαι: pf. -ερύηκα: aor. 2 in pass. form καταρρύην:—to flow down: c. dat. to run down or drop with a thing: metaph. to rush down. 2. to fall or slip down: aor. 2 part. pass. καταρρυσταί, fallen. 3. to come to, fall to the lot of.

II. to run down with wet; and in Pass. to be wet with a thing.

καταρ-ρήγνυμι and -ύω: f. -ρήξω:—to break down. 2. to tear in pieces, rend:—Med., καταρ-ρήξαντο τοὺς κινῶνας they rent their coats. 3. to break up, put to confusion, of armies.

II. Pass., esp. in aor. 2 καταρράγην [ᾶ], to fall or rush down: to break or burst out, gush forth:—so also intrans. in pf. act. καταρραγα to break out, burst forth.

καταρ-ρινάω or -έω, f. ἦσω, to file down: κατεπι-νημένον τι λέγειν to say anything polished or well-turned.

καταρ-ρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw down, overbrow.

κατάρροος contr. κατάρρους, ου, δ, (καταρρέω) a running from the head, a catarrh.

καταρ-ροφέω, f. ἦσω, to gulp or swallow down.

καταρρύνειν, aor. 2 inf. pass. of καταρρέω. Hence καταρρύνει, ἐς, flowing down, falling away, ebbing. καταρρύτος, ου, (καταρρέω) overflowed, watered, irrigated. II. carried down by water: formed by depositions from water, alluvial.

κατ-αρρωδέω, f. ἦσω, Ion. for καταρρωδέω.

καταρρώς, ὤγος, δ, ἡ, (κατέρρωγα) broken, rugged. κάταρσις, εως, ἡ, (καταίρω) a landing-place.

κατ-αρτάω, f. ἦσω, (κατά, ἀρτάω) to fasten, attach, or adjust fitly; χρήμα καταρτημένον (pf. part. pass.) a well-adjusted, fit, or convenient thing.

κατ-αρτίζω, f. ἴσω, to adjust, put in order again, restore, repair: to settle by mediation, reform. II.

to furnish completely: καταρτισμένος (pf. part. pass.) well furnished, complete. Hence

κατάρτισις, εως, ἡ, a restoring, restoration: α making perfect, educating.

καταρτιστής, ἦρος, δ, (καταρτίζω) one who adjusts: a mediator, reformer.

κατ-αρτύω, f. ὤω [ῦ]: pf. -ἤρτυκα pass. -ἤρτυμαι: aor. 1 pass. -ἤρτυθην [ῦ]:—to prepare, dress: to arrange, put in order:—Pass. to be trained or disciplined.

II. καταρτύνω, pf. part. act. in the trans. sense, of suppliants, having performed all the rites.

κατά-ρῦτος, ου, ποστ. for καταρρύτος.

κατ-αρχάς, Adv. for κατ' ἀρχάς, in the beginning.

κατ-ἀρχω, f. ξω, (κατά, ἀρχω) to make a beginning of a thing: c. gen., ὁδοῦ κατάρχε lead the way: c. acc. to begin a thing; κατάρχειν τὸν λόγον. 2.

Med. to begin the rites of sacrifice; Νέστορ χεῖνι βί τ' οὐλοχύτας τε κατήρχετο Nestor began [the sacrifice] with the washing of hands and sprinkling the barley on the victim's head: later c. gen., κατάρχεσθαι τοῦ ἱερέως to make a beginning of the victim, consecrate him for sacrifice by cutting off the hair of his forehead: to sacrifice, immolate. 3. to lead the dance in honour of one, to celebrate, honour.

κατα-σβέννυμι and -ύω: f. -σβέσω: aor. 1 κατέσβεσα:—to put out, quench, extinguish: metaph., θέλασαν κατασβεσθαι to dry up the sea; κατασβεσά βοήθ, ξριν to quell noise and strife. II. Pass., with intrans. aor. 2 act. κατέσβην and pf. κατέσβηκα, to be quenched, go out.

κατα-σεύω, f. -σεύσω: pf. -σέσεικα:—to shake and throw down; κατασεύειν τῇ χειρὶ to sign with the band, beckon.

κατασέσηπα, intr. pf. of κατασάηπα.

κατα-σεύομαι: Ep. aor. 2 κατεσέσμην: Pass. (κατά, σεύω) to rush down or back into.

κατα-σήπω, to make rotten, let rot. II. Pass.,

aor. 2 κατ-εσάπην [ᾶ], with intr. pf. act. κατασέσηπα, to grow rotten, rot away.

κατ-ασθενέω, f. ἦσω, (κατά, ἀσθενέω) to weaken.

κατ-ασθμαίνω, to pant or snort against.

κατα-σιγάω, f. ἦσομαι, to become silent.

κατα-σικελίζω, f. σω, (κατά, Σικελίος) to Sicilise: i. e. make away with.

κατα-στέομαι, f. -ἦσομαι, Dep. to eat up, feed on. κατα-σιώπάω, f. -ἦσομαι, to be silent about a thing: c. acc. rei, to keep silent, pass over. II. trans. to make silent, silence, c. acc. pers.

κατα-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig down, raze to the ground, demolish: aor. 2 pass. κατεσκάφη. Hence

κατασκάφη, ἡ, a razing to the ground, demolishing. II. in plur., burial: also a grave.

κατασκάφηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κατασκάπτω. Hence

κατασκάφης, ἐς, dug, down, deep-dug.

κατα-σκεδάννυμι and -ύω, f. -σκεδάσω [ᾶ]: aor. 1 κατεσκεδάσσα:—to scatter upon or over: also in bid

sense; κατασκεδάσαι φήμην τινός to spread a report against one.

κατα-σκέλλω, to parch up. II. Pass., with pf.

αὐτ. κατασκήληκα, to wither away.

κατα-σκέπω, (κατά, σκέπας) to shelter, cover up.

κατα-σκευάζω, f. ἄσω, to prepare, furnish, equip again or anew. 2. to get ready, build:—Med. to build, construct a house:—Pass. to be furnished or provided with a thing. 3. to put in a certain state, render so and so:—Med. to prepare oneself for doing, be ready to do. Hence

κατασκευάσμα, αὐτος, τό, a contrivance, device: and κατασκευασμός, ὁ, contrivance.

κατα-σκενή, ἡ, (κατά, σκενή) any artificial preparation, Lat. apparatus: any kind of furniture that is fixed or lasting, opp. to what is movable or temporary (παρασκενή); a building: also any furniture, as the baggage of an army. II. the state or constitution of a thing.

κατα-σκηνάω, f. ἥσω = κατασκηνώ.

κατα-σκηνόω, f. ὥσω, (κατά, σκηνή) to pitch one's camp, take up one's quarters, encamp: to rest, settle. Hence

κατασκήνωμα, αὐτος, τό, a covering, veil: and κατασκήνωσις, εὖς, ἡ, an encamping, an encampment: a resting-place, a nest.

κατα-σκήπτω, f. ψω, to rush down or fall upon, light upon, be hurled down upon: of lightning, of sudden attacks of sickness, etc. II. λιταῖς κατασκήπτειν to assail or importune with prayers.

κατα-σκιάζω, f. -σκιάσω, to overshadow, cover over.

κατα-σκιᾶω, poet. for κατασκιάζω.

κατα-σκιδνᾶμαι, used as Pass. of κατασκεδάννυμι.

κατά-σκιος, ον, (κατά, σκιά) overshadowed. II. overshadowing.

κατα-σκοπέω (tenses formed from κατα-σκέπτομαι): f. -σκέψομαι: aor. I -εσκεψάμην; pf. -εσκεμμαι:—to view closely: to spy out: to reconnoitre. Hence

κατασκοπή, ἡ, a viewing closely, spying.

κατά-σκοπος, ον, (κατά, σκοπός) spying, exploring: as Subst. a scout, spy.

κατα-σκώπτω, fut. -σκάψομαι, to make jokes upon, banter: to jeer or mock.

κατα-σμικρύνω, f. ὑνώ, to lessen, abridge:—Pass. to become less.

κατα-σμήγω, f. ξω:—to burn with a slow fire:—Pass. to smoulder away.

κατα-σοφίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι, Dep. to conquer by trickery, circumvent, outwit:—also as Pass. to be outwitted.

κατα-σπαράσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to pull to pieces.

κατα-σπατάλλω, f. ἥσω, to live wantonly.

κατα-σπάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to draw or pull down; κατα-σπᾶν τινα τῶν τριχῶν to drag one down by the hair: of ships, to haul down, set afloat. II. to quaff or swallow down.

κατα-σπείρω, f. -σπερῶ aor. I κατέσπειρα:—to

sow or plant thickly: metaph. to beget. II. to besprinkle.

κατα-σπένβω, f. -σπείσω aor. I κατέσπεισα: pf. -έσπεικα:—Pass., aor. I -έσπεισθην: pf. -έσπεισμαι:—to pour as a drink-offering or libation: absol. to pour drink-offerings: generally, to pour upon one. II. to honour with libations.

κατα-σπέρχω, f. ξω, to urge on, stimulate.

κατα-σποδέω, f. ἥσω, (κατά, σποδός) to throw down in the dust, make bite the dust.

κατα-σπουδάζομαι, Dep., with aor. I pass. -εσπουδάσθην, pf. -εσπουδάσμαι; (κατά, σπουδάω) to be earnest about a thing: absol. to be very serious.

κατα-σπάζω, f. ξω, to let fall in drops upon, pour upon: to let drop, shed. II. intr. to drop down,

trickle; νόσος κατασπάζειν πόδα to have one's foot running with a sore. 2. to bedew, wet, moisten.

καταστάθης, aor. I part, pass. of καθίστημι.

καταστάς, aor. I part. of καθίστημι.

κατα-στέσιάζω, f. ἄσω, to form a counter-party. II. Pass. to be beaten by party or faction.

κατῳστάσις, εὖς, ἡ, a settling, appointing, establishing: an appointment, institution. 2. a bringing of ambassadors before the assembly, a presentation.

II. intrans. a standing fast, a fixed or settled condition: a state, condition: the nature of a thing: the constitution of a state.

καταστάτεον, verb. Adj. of καθίστημι, one must appoint.

καταστάτης, ου, ὁ, (καθίστημι) an establisher

κατα-στεγάζω, f. ἔσω, to cover over. Hence

καταστέγασμα, αὐτος, τό, a covering.

κατά-στεγος, ον, (κατά, στέγη) covered in, roofed.

κατα-στεῖβω, f. ψω, to tread on

καταστεῖλαι, aor. I inf. of καταστέλλω.

κατα-στέλλω, f. -στέλω, to put in order, arrange: clothe, dress, array. 2. to keep down, check.

κατα-στένω, to sigh over or lament, c. acc. 2. to sigh for or about one, c. gen.

κατα-στεφανόω, f. ὥσω, to crown.

καταστεφής, εἰς, wreathed, crowned. From

κατα-στέφω, f. ψω: aor. I κατέστεψα:—to wreath, crown.

κατά-στηλίτεύω, f. σω, (κατά, στήλη) to expose one to infamy by posting up his name.

κατάσθημα, αὐτος, τό, (καθίστημι) a state, condition.

κατα-στηρίζω, f. ἔσω, to support, prop, sustain.

καταστήσαι, κατάστησον. aor. I inf. and imperat. of καθίστημι. καταστήσω, fut. of same.

κατα-στήζω, f. ξω, to cover with punctures. Hence

κατά-στικτος, ον, spotted, speckled, brindled, dappled.

κατα-στιάβω, to beam brightly.

καταστολή, ἡ, (καταστέλλω) an arranging, dressing: equipment, dress. II. quietness, moderation.

κατα-στονάζω, f. ἥσω, to sigh over, bewail.

κατα-στορέννυμι and -ύω, fut. -στορέσω: aor. I κατέστρεσα:—to spread or cover with a thing. II. to spread or strew on the ground: to overbrow, lay

low; καταστορέσαι κύματα to smooth the waves, Lat. *sternere aequor*.

κατ-αστράπτω, f. ψω, to hurl down lightning, flash lightning: absol., καταστράπτει it lightens.

κατα-στράτοπεύω, f. σω, to make to encamp, station:—Med. to take up one's quarters, encamp.

κατα-στρέφω, f. ψω, to turn over the soil, Lat. *aratro vertere*. II. to upset, overturn. 2. Med.

to subject to oneself, subdue:—Pass. to be subdued; κατέστραμμαί ἀκούειν I am compelled to hear. III.

to bring to an end, close: intrans. to come to an end, end.

καταστρέφας, aor. I part. of καταστρέφω.

καταστρέφοντι, Dor. 3 pl. fut. of καταστρέφω.

κατα-στηνῶ, to behave insolently towards.

καταστροφή, ἡ, (καταστρέφω) an overturning, overthrowing. 2. a subduing, reduction. II.

A sudden turn: an end, close:—in the drama, the catastrophe or turn of the plot.

κατάστροφμα, ατος, τό, that which is spread upon or over: in a ship, the deck. From

κατα-στρώννυμι and -ύω, f. -στρώσω: aor. I κατέ-στρωκα: = καταστορέννυμι.

κατα-στύγέω, f. ἦσω: aor. 2 κατέστυγον:—to be borrow-struck:—c. acc. rei, to shudder at, abhor.

κατα-στυφέλος, ον, very hard or rugged.

κατα-στωμύλλω, to have a glib tongue: pf. part. pass. in act. sense κατεστωμυλμένος, a chattering fellow.

κατα-σύρω, aor. I -έσυρα, to pull down and carry off, to ravage and plunder a country, Lat. *diripere*.

κατασφάγή, ἡ, a slaughtering or killing. From κατα-σφάζω or -σφάττω, f. ξω: aor. 2 pass.

-εσφάγγην [ᾱ]:—to slaughter, murder.

κατα-σφραγίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω, to seal up, put under seal: pf. part. pass. κατεσφραγισμένος, sealed up, secured.

κατασχεῖν Ep. -εῖν, poët. aor. 2 inf. of κατέχω.

κατασχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of κατέχω.

κατάσχεσις, εως, ἡ, (κατέχω) a holding back, binding.

II. a holding fast, possession.

κατάσχετος, ον, (κατέχω) held back, kept back. II.

possessed.

κατα-σχίζω, f. ἴσω, to cleave asunder; κατασχίζειν τὰς πύλας to burst the gates open.

κατα-σχολάζω, f. ἄσω, to loiter, tarry: c. acc., χρόνου τι κατασχολάζειν to tarry somewhat too long.

κατασχόμεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of κατέχω.

κατασχόμενος, aor. 2 part. act. and med. of κατέχω.

κατα-σώω, to rub in pieces, bruise, pound, bray

κατα-τάμνω, Ion. and Dor. for κατα-τέμνω.

κατα-τάνύω, f. ύσω [ῡ], = κατα-τείνω.

καταταξέει, Dor. for κατατάξει, 2 sing. fut. of κατατάττω.

κατα-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to draw up in order, arrange: to put in its proper place, classify, dis-

cuss. 2. to appoint.

κατατεθναίη, 3 sing. pf. opt. of καταθνήσκω.

κατατεθνῶς and -ῆως, Ep. gen. ὄτος, pf. part. of καταθνήσκω.

κατατέμνηκα, pf. of καταθνήσκω.

κατα-τέμνω, fut. -τενῶ: pf. -τέτῃκα:—to stretch or draw tight: metaph. to strain, force: also to strain or exert.

II. intrans. to stretch or strain oneself. to stretch or extend towards, Lat. *tendere* in...

2. to strain or exert oneself, strive earnestly.

κατα-τέμνω Ion. and Dor. -τάμνω: f. -τεμῶ: aor.

2 κατέταμνον: pf. κατατέμνηκα, pass. κατατέμνημαι:—to cut in pieces, cut up; κατατέμνειν τὰ καττάμματα to cut him into strips; κατατέμνητο τάφροι

trenches had been cut.

κατά-τεχνος, ον, (κατά, τεχνη) artificial.

κατα-τήκω, f. ξω: aor. I κατέτηξα. —to make melt away, to thaw: to dissolve, make liquid. II.

Pass., with pf. act. κατατέτηκα, to melt or be melting away, to thaw: to pine away.

κατα-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: pf. -τέθηκα: aor. 2 κατέθην, Ep. pl. κάθεμεν, κάθετε, κάθεσαν; καταθίμεν

Ep. subj. for καταθῶμεν; Ep. inf. καθέμεν; and in Med., καθέμεθα, καταθέσθην, καθέμενοι, Ep. foi

καθέθεμεν, etc.; καταθείομαι, Ep. subj. for καταθῶμαι:—to place, put or lay down; καταθεῖναι δέσλον

to put down, propose a prize. 2. to pay down: generally, to make good, to perform. 3. καταθεῖναι

τιοῖ τι ἐς μέσον to communicate a thing to others, give them a common share of it. II. Med.

to lay down for or from oneself, put down, lay aside: to put away, get rid of. 2. to deposit, lay up in

store: metaph., κατατίθεσθαι κλέος to lay up a store of glory; χάριν κατατίθεσθαι τινι to lay up a store of gratitude for oneself with one. 3. to lay up in

memory.

κατα-τίλω, f. ἦσω, to defoul, Lat. *consecare*.

κατα-τιτρώσκω, f. -τρώσω, to cover with wounds. wound mortally.

κατάτομή, ἡ, (κατατέμνω) a cutting into: outward. fleshly circumcision.

κατα-τοφέω, f. σω, to strike down with arrows, shoot down, slay with arrows: about thorough.

κατατράγην, aor. 2 inf. of κατατράγω

κατα-τραυματίζω Ion. -τρωματίζω f. ἴσω Att. ἰω:—to cover with wounds, wound all over. of ships. to disable utterly, cripple.

κατα-τρέχω, f. -δραμούμαι: aor. 2 κατέδραμον (formed from obsol. δρέμω):—to run down: of a ship, to run into port. II. to run down upon, attack.

III. to run over: to overrun, ravage, lay waste.

κατα-τρίβω, f. ψω: aor. 2 pass. -ετρίβην [τ]: pf. -τέτριμμαι:—to rub down, wear away with rubbing.

of persons, to wear out, weary, exhaust: of property, to waste, squander:—Pass. to be worn out. 2. of

Time, to wear away, get rid of it, Lat. *diem terere*:—Pass., esp. in pf. -τέτριμμαι, to spend one's life, live

one's whole time. [τ]

κατα-τρίζω, to *squeak*, *scream* shrilly.

κατα-τροχάζω, f. άσω, to *run down* or *over*.

κατα-τρίβω, f. ύσω, to *chatter* against.

κατα-τρύχω, to *rub down*, *wear out*, *exhaust*. [v]

κατα-τρώγω, fut. -τρώγομαι: aor. 2 κατέτρηνον:—*to gnaw* in *pieces*, *eat up*.

κατα-τρωματίζω, Ion. for κατατρανυμ—

κατα-τυγχάνω, fut. -τεύσομαι, to *hit one's mark*, *each*, *gain*, *obtain*: *absol.* to be *successful*.

κατ-αυαίνω, to *dry*, *parc*, or *wither up*.

κατ-αυγάζω, f. άσω, to *illumine* or *light up*:—Med. *o gaze at*.

κατ-αυδάω, f. ήσω, to *speak aloud*, *declare*.

κατ-αυθι, or better κατ' αυθι, Adv. *on the spot*.

κατ-αυλέω, f. ήσω, to *play upon the flute* to one:—*pass.* to have the *flute* played to one: to *resound with* *be flute*.

II. c. acc. to *overpower by flute*—*laying*: generally, to *strike dumb*.

κατ-αυλίζομαι, f. ίσομαι: aor. I med. κατηυλίσασθην and *pass.* κατηυλίσθην: Dep.:—to *take up one's quarters*, *encamp*, *settle*, *lodge*.

κατ-αυτίκα, better κατ' αυτίκα,

κατ-αυτόθι, Adv. *on the spot*, for κατ' αυτόθι.

κατ-αυχένιος, α, εν, (κατά, αυχήν) *on or over the neck*.

κατ-αυχέω, f. ήσω, to *exult much* in.

κατα-φαγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of κατεσθίω, *to eat up*, *devour*.

2. to *consume* in *eating*.

κατα-φαίνω, f. -φάνω, to *make visible*. II. Pass. *becomes visible*, *appear*.

2. to be *clear* or *plain*.

καταφάνηαι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of καταφαίνω. Hence

καταφάνης, ές, *clearly seen*, *conspicuous*. 2. *manifest*, *clear*.

κατάφαρκτος, εν, old Att. for κατάφρακτος.

κατα-φαρμακεύω, f. σω, to *anoint with drugs*: to *charm*, *heal*.

κατα-φαρμάσσω, f. έω, to *poison*.

κατα-φασιλίζω, f. σω, to *depreciate*.

καταφερίς, ές, (καταφερόμαι) *sloping*, *slanting*: *ύπε άν καταφερίς γλήρηται* *δ ήλιος* when the sun is *near setting*.

II. 'inclined to a thing.

κατα-φέρω: f. κατοίσω or κατοίσομαι: aor. I κατήνεκα:—to *bring down*:—*Pass.* to be *brought down*, *by a river*: to be *weighed down* by *sleep*.

II. *to bring down* from the *high sea*. *bring to land*:—*Pass.* to be *carried* or *driven down* to a *place*.

κατα-φεύγω, f. έομαι: aor. 2 κατέφυγον:—to *flee* or *refuge* or *betake oneself* to. to have *recourse* to.

κατ-φευκτέον, verb. Adj. *one must betake oneself*.

κατά-φευξις, εως, ή, *flight*: for *refuge*. 2. a *place of refuge*.

κατά-φημι, to *say yes*. assent to.

κατα-φημίζω, f. σω and έω, to *spread a report*, *announce*, *proclaim*.

κατα-φθάτόμαι. Dep. (κατά, φθατέω or φθατάω—*θάνω*):—to *take first possession of*, *occupy*.

κατα-φθείρω, f. -φθερώ, to *bring to nothing*, *ruin*.

κατα-φθίνύω, = καταφθίω. [v]

κατα-φθίνο: aor. I κατεφθίνηα: pf. κατεφθίνηκα:—to *waste away*, *decay*, *perish*.

κατα-φθίω, I. Causal in fut. καταφθίσω [v]. aor. I κατέφθισα, to *ruin*, *destroy*, *kill*. II. in-

trans. in pf. pass. κατέφθιμαι, Ep. aor. 2 κατεφθίμην [v], inf. -φθίσθαι:—to be *destroyed*, *ruined*, *waste away*, *perish*: *ώς καταφθίσθαι ώφελος* O that thou *hadst perished*: *part.* καταφθίμενος, *dead*, *departed*.

καταφθορά, ή, (καταφθείρω) *destruction*, *ruin*, *death*: *metaph.* *confusion*, *distraction*.

κατα-φιλέω, f. ήσω, to *kiss tenderly*, *caress*.

κατα-φλέγω, f. έω, to *burn down*, *consume*.

καταφλέξις-πολις, δ, ή, (καταφλέγω, πόλις) *inflamer of cities*.

κατά-φλεξις, εως, ή, (καταφλέγω) a *burning*.

κατα-φοβέω, f. ήσω, to *strike with fear* or *dismay*:—*Pass.*, with fut. med. φοβήσομαι, aor. I κατεφοβή-

σθην, to be *afraid of*.

κατα-φοιτάω Ion. -έω, to *come down regularly*.

κατα-φονεύω, f. σω, to *slaughter*, *butcher*, *slay*.

κατα-φορέω, f. ήσω, to *carry down* or *along*: of a *river*, to *carry down with the stream*:—*Pass.* to be *so carried down*.

κατα-φράζω, f. σω, to *declare*. II. Med., with fut. -φράσομαι, aor. I med. -εφρασάμην, *pass.* -εφράσθην:—to *think upon*, *reflect upon*: to *remark*, *observe*.

κατάφρακτος, εν, *covered*, *decked*: *shut up in*. From

κατα-φράσσω Att. -ττω, f. έω, to *cover*, *fence in*.

κατα-φρονέω, f. ήσω, to *think slightly of*, *disdain*, *despise*: to *scorn*, *contemn*.

II. to *fix one's thoughts upon*, *think of*: also to *aim at*, *Lat. affectare*.

III. to *think arrogantly*, to *presume*: and *simply to think*, *suppose*. Hence

καταφρόνημα, ατος, τό, *contempt of others*: *μή φρόνημα μόνον*, *άλλά καταφρόνημα* not only *spirit*, but a *spirit of disdain*: and

καταφρόνησις, εως, ή, a *low opinion of others*: *presumption*: and

καταφρονητής, ου, δ, a *despiser*: and

καταφρονητικός, ή, ου, *contemptuous*, *disdainful*.

Adv. -κώς, *scornfully*.

κατα-φροντίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιδώ, to *think* or *study* a *thing away*.

κατα-φρύγω, f. έω, to *burn away*.

κατα-φυγγάνω, = καταφεύγω.

καταφυγείν, aor. 2 inf. of καταφεύγω. Hence

καταφυγή, ή, a *refuge*, *place of refuge*.

κατα-φυλάδον, Adv. for κατά φυλάς, in *tribes*, *by tribes* or *clans*.

κατα-φύλλασσω Att. -ττω, f. έω, to *guard well*.

κατα-φυλλορέω, f. ήσω, to *shed leaves*: to *decay*.

κατά-φύτος, εν, (κατά, φυτόν) *well-planted*.

κατα-φωρέω, f. άσω [α], to *catch in a theft*: *generally*, to *catch in the act*, *detect*, *discover*.

κατα-φωτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιδώ, to *illuminate*, *light up*.

κατα-χαίρω, f. -χαρήσω, to *exult over one*.

κατα-χαλάω, *f. ἴσω*, to shower down like hail on one.

κατά-χαλκος, *ον*, (κατά, χαλκός) covered with brass; καταχαλκον πεδιον the plain gleaming with brassy tunic.

κατα-χαλκώ, *f. ὥσω*, to cover with brass.

κατα-χῦρίζομαι, *f. ἴσομαι* Att. *ιούμαι*, to do or give up a thing out of courtesy: generally, to flatter, curry favour.

κατάχαρμα, *ατος, τό*, (καταχαίρω) a mockery, Lat. *ludibrium*.

κατα-χέω, *f. -χέσομαι*, to besoul, Lat. *concacare*.

κατα-χειροτονέω, *f. ἴσω*, to vote by show of hands against generally, to vote against. Hence

καταχειροτονία, *ῆ*, condemnation by show of hands.

καταχεύαι, *Ep. aor. I inf. of καταχέω*.

κατα-χέω *Ep. -χέω*: fut. *χεῶ*: *aor. I κατέχεα* *Ep. κατέχευα*:—*Pass.*, *aor. I κατεχύθη* [ῆ]: *Ep. aor. 2 κατεχύμην* [ῆ], 3 sing. and pl. *κατέχυτο, χατέχυντο*:—to pour down, shed upon or over: to shower down: to throw, cast down: to let fall upon.

2. *to melt down* II. *Med.* to let flow down, esp. of the hair. 2. to have or cause to be melted down; χρυσὸν καταχεῖσθαι.

καταχῆνῃ, *ῆ*, (καταχάλλω) derision, mockery.

κατα-χρηεύω, *f. σῶ*, to pass in widowhood.

κατ-ἄχης, *ἐς, Dor.* for *κατηχῆς*.

κατ-ἄχθωμαι, *Pass.* to be grieved or distressed.

κατα-χθόνιος, *ον*, (κατά, χθών) subterranean, infernal

κατα-χορδεύω, *f. σῶ*, to cut in strips.

κατα-χρῆνισμα, *Dep.* to spot or sprinkle.

κατα-χράσμαι, *f. -χρήσομαι*: *Dep.*:—to make use of, apply: to use to the uttermost, use up, consume. 2. to misuse, misapply. 3. of persons, to make away with, destroy despatch.

II. the Act. *καταχράω* is only used imperis. in 3 sing., *κατάχρη, it is enough, it suffices*; so *impf. κατάχρη it sufficed*; fut. *καταχρήσει it will suffice*: once with a nom., *ἀντὶ λόφου ἡ λοφίη κατέχρη* the name sufficed, served as a crest.

κατα-χρεῖομαι, *Pass.* to be ill treated.

κατα-χρέμπομαι, *Dep.* to spit upon or at, in sign of contempt.

κατα-χρηστέον, *verb. Adj.* of *καταχράσμαι*, one must use or abuse.

κατά-χρυσος, *ον*, covered with gold, gilded. Hence

καταχρυσός, *f. ὥσω*, to cover with gold, to gild.

κατα-χρώω, also *-χρώννυμι* and *-ῶω*: *f. -χρώω*: to colour, tinge: to soil, tarnish.

καταχύθην, (καταχέω) *Adv.* pouring down, i. e. profusely, lavishly. [ῆ]

κατάχυσμα, *ατος, τό*, (καταχέω) that which is poured on or over: in pl. handfuls of nuts and figs, which were showered over a bride, or any new-comer, in sign of welcome.

κατα-χωνεύω, *f. σῶ*, to melt down.

κατα-χώννυμι or *-ῶω*, fut. *-χῶω*, to cover with a heap or mound, bury, intr.

κατα-χωρίζω, *f. ἴσω* Att. *ἰῶ*, to set or place in, establish in a place or spot.

καταχῶσαι, *aor. I inf. of καταχώννυμι*.

κατα-ψακάω, Att. for *καταψεκάζω*.

κατα-ψάω, *f. -ψήσω*, to stroke with the hand.

κατα-ψεκάζω Att. *-ψακάω*, *f. ἄσω*, to drop down on, bedew.

κατα-ψεύδομαι, *f. σομαι*, *Dep.* to feign, invent:

καταψεύδεσθαι τινος to tell lies against one: to say falsely, pretend.

κατα-ψευδομαρτύρεω, *f. ἴσω*, to bear false witness against:—*Pass.* to be borne down by false witness.

κατάψευστος, *ον*, (καταψεύδομαι) feigned, fabulous

κατα-ψηφίζομαι, fut. *ἴσομαι* Att. *ιούμαι*, to vote against or in condemnation of:—as *Pass. ἔ. ὅν* condemned.

κατα-ψήχω, *f. -ψήξω*, to rub or grate away:—*Pass.* to crumble away. II. metaph. = *καταψάω*.

κατα-ψύχω, *f. ξῶ*, to cool, refresh. [ῆ]

κατέαγα, *pf.* of *κατάγνυμι*:—κατέαγην [ᾶ], *aor. 2 pass.*

κατεῶγωσιν, 3 pl. *aor. 2 subj. pass. of κατάγνυμι*.

κατέαξα, *aor. I of κατάγνυμι*.

κατέαξω, late fut. of *κατάγνυμι*.

κατέαται, Ion. for *κάθηνται*, 3 pl. of *κάθημαι*.

κατέατο, Ion. for *ἐκάθηντο*, 3 pl. *impf.* of *κάθημαι*.

κατέβα, *Dor.* 3 sing. *aor. 2 of καταβαίνω*.

κατέβαν, for *κατέβησαν*, 3 pl. *aor. 2 of καταβαίνω*.

κατέβην, *aor. 2 of καταβαίνω*.

κατεβήστω, *Ep.* for *-ατο*, 3 sing. *aor. I med.* of *καταβαίνω*.

κατεβλακνυμένος, *Adv. pf. pass. part. of καταβλάκειω*, slothfully, sluggishly.

κατ-εγγύω, *f. ἴσω*: (κατά, ἐγγύη):—to pledge, betroth. II. as Att. law-term, to make responsible,

compel to give security or bail.

κατ-εγγυή, *ῆ*, bail, security given.

κατεγέλων, *impf.* of *καταγέλω*.

κατεγήρα, 3 sing. *impf.* or *aor. 2*; see *γηράσκω*.

κατ-εγῶω, *f. -χέω*, to pour down into.

κατέδησα, *aor. I of καταδέω (Δ)*.

κατέδομαι, fut. of *κατεσθίω*.

κατέδραθον, for *κατέδραθον*, *aor. 2 of καταδράναι*.

κατέδραμον, *aor. 2 of καταδέχω*.

κατέδυν, *aor. 2 of καταδύναι*.

κατ-έδω, *Ep.* for *κατεσθίω*.

κατεγῶω, Ion. *pf. part.* of *κατάγνυμι*.

κατέθεντο, 3 pl. *aor. 2 med.* of *κατατίθημι*.

κατέθηκα, *aor. I of κατατίθημι*.

κατ-εἰβω, poet. for *καταλείβω*, to let flow down, shed:—*Med.* to flow apace, trickle down: metaph.

αἶων κατέβητο life ebbed or passed away.

κατείδναι, *inf. pf.* of *κατείδω*.

*κατ-είδω, I. in *aor. 2 κατέιδον*, *inf. κατείδναι* (which serves as *aor. 2 to καθοράω*), to look down upon, contemplate, observe; so also in *aor. 2 med.*

κατέιδμην, *inf. κατείδεσθαι*. II. in *pf. κατέοιδα*, *inf. κατείδναι*, to know well, to be assured of.

κατεῖδωλος, ον, (κατά, εἶδωλον) *given to idols.*

κατεῖκαζω, f. ἄσω, *to liken to*:—Pass. *to be or become like.*

II. *to guess, surmise, conjecture*: of

ἰ, *to suspect.*

κατεῖλέω, f. ἤσω, *to force into a place, coor up*:—

pass. *to be cooped up.*

κατέληθα, κατέλημαι, pf. act. and pass. of κατα-

βάνω.

κατεῖλισσω, Ion. for καθελίσσω.

κατέλιχ'ατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of καθελίσσω.

κατεῖλω, f. ὕσω [ῡ], *to cover up, wrap up.*

κά-εμι: Ep. aor. 1 med. *καταεισάμην*: (κατά, εἶμι)

(*to go or come down*: *to go down to the sea*; but *ο*, *to sail down from the high sea to land*: of a river, *flow down*: of a wind, *to sweep down*. II. *to*

come back, return: of exiles, *to return home.*

κατεῖναι, Ion. for καθεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of καθίμι.

κατεῖνυμι, Ion. for καθέννυμι.

κατεῖπα, aor. 1 = κατεῖπον.

κατεῖπον, inf. *κατεῖπών*, without any pres. in use:

(κά, εἶπον): *to speak against, to accuse, charge.* II.

to speak out, declare, tell plainly. 2. *to denounce,*

to inform of.

κατεργαθόμην, poet. aor. 2 med. of κατείρω.

κατεῖργνυμι and -ύω, = κατείρω.

κατείρω Ion. -έρω, f. ξω, *to shut in, enclose, con-*

fine:—*to press hard, reduce to straits.* II. *to binder.*

κατεῖρω, Ion. for κατέρω.

κατεῖρωνεύομαι, Dep. *to use irony towards, banter*:

dissemble

κατεῖσ'αγω, f. ἄσω, *to bring in to one's own loss.* [ᾱ]

ατέκειρα, aor. 1 of κατακείρω.

ατέκηα, aor. 1 of κατακαίω.

ατέκλασα, aor. 1 of κατακλάω.

ατεκλάσθην, aor. 1 pass. of κατακλάω.

ατεκλάχην, Dor. aor. 1 pass. of κατακλείω.

ατέκλυσα, aor. 1 of κατακλύω.

ατέκλων, contr. impf. of κατακλάω.

ατεκρίβην, aor. 1 pass. of κατακρίνω

ατέκταν, Ep. aor. 2 of κατακτείνω.

ατέκταθεν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of κατα-

κτείνω

ατέκτανον, aor. 2 cf. κατακτείνω.

ατέλαβον, aor. 2 of καταλαμβάνω

κατεῖλυνω, fut. ἐλάσω Att. -ελῶ: aor. 1 κατή-

σα. *to drive down*: *to master*

ατελέγω, f. ἡγω, *to convict of falsehood*: *to belie.*

ατέλ. στο, 3 su g. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταλέγω.

κατεῖσσομαι, fut. of κατέρχομαι.

κατέλθην, aor. 1 pass. of καταλαμβάνω.

κατελθεῖν Ep. -θέμεν, aor. 2 inf. of κατέρχομαι.

κατεῖλισσω, Ion. for καθελίσσω.

κατελκύω, Ion. for καθελκύω

κατελπίζω, f. ἴσω, *to hope confidently*

κατεμεν, Ion. 1 pl. aor. 2 of καθίμι

κατεναίρομαι, Dep., with aor. 1 med. *κατενηρα-*

ναι, and also aor. 2 act. *κατήρην*: *to kill, slay,*

uglier.

κατ-εναντίον, also κατ-έναντι, Adv. (κατά, ἐναντίας)

over against, opposite, fronting.

κατ-ενῆριζω, f. ξω, strengthd. for ἐναρίζω, *to kill.*

κατένασσα, Ep. aor. 1 of καταναίω.

κατενεχθεῖς, aor. 1 part. pass. of καταφέρω.

κατ-ἐνήνοθε, pf. with no pres. in use, *it was upon, it*

lay upon, κόνις κατενήνοθεν ὤμου: cf. ἐπ-ἐνήνοθε,

παρ-ἐνήνοθε; the simple ἐνήνοθε does not occur.

κατενήρατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 of κατεναίρομαι.

κατενήειν, Dor. aor. 2 inf. of κατέρχομαι.

κατενύγησαν [ῡ], 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of κατανύσσω

κατ-ἐνώπια and κατ-ἐνώπιον, Adv. (κατά, ἐνωπή)

right over against, right opposite, fronting.

κατ-εξανίσταμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. -εξανέστην,

to rise up against, contend against.

κατέξανται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of καταβαίνω.

κατέξνωμένος δ, *received as a guest*, pf. part. pass.

of καταξενόω.

κατ-ἐξουσιάζω, f. ἄσω, *to exercise authority over.*

κατ-επαγγέλλομαι, Med. *to make a contract or en-*

gagement with one.

κατ-επάγω, f. ἄγω, *to bring down upon, bring one*

thing quickly upon another.

κατεπάλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of κατεπάλλομαι.

κατεπάλλω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταπάλλω.

κατ-επιέγω, f. ξω, *to press down, oppress.* 2. *to*

urge, impel, stimulate, hasten; τὸ κατεπιέγον urgent

necessity. II. intr. *to hurry, make haste.*

κατέπεσον, aor. 2 of καταπίπτω.

κατέπιστην, aor. 2 of κατεπίστημι.

κατέπεφνον, redupl. aor. 2 of καταφένω.

κατέπηκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταπήγνυμι.

κατέπηξα, aor. 1 of καταπήγνυμι.

κατέπλάσα, aor. 1 of καταπλάσσω.

κατέπλευσα, aor. 1 of καταπλέω.

κατεπλήγην, aor. 2 pass. of καταπλήσσω.

κατέπτυσσά, aor. 1 of καταπτύω.

κατ-εργάζομαι, fut. -άσομαι: aor. 1 κατεργάσθην:

pf. κατεργασμαι: Dep. (but aor. 1 and pf. are also

used in pass. sense):—*to effect, accomplish, ac-*

chieve. 2. like Lat. *conficere*, *to make an end of,*

destroy, despatch: hence *to overpower, conquer*:—pf.

in pass. sense, *to be overcome.* 3. in good sense,

to prevail upon, persuade, influence:—aor. 1 in pass.

sense, *to be prevailed on.* II. *to work in, make*;

κατεργάζεσθαι μέλι *to make honey*; also *to manufac-*

ture. III. of things, *to earn, to acquire by labour*:

absol. *to go to work.*

κατ-έρω, Ion. for κατέρω.

κατερευκτός or -ερεκτός, ὄν, *bruised.* From

κατ-ερεῖω, *to tear, rend*:—Med. *to rend one's gar-*

ments II. *to bruise or grind down*; metaph.,

κατερεῖκον θυμόν *to wear away one's mind.*

κατ-ερέπω, f. ψω, *to throw or cast down*: *to de-*

molish, dismantle, lay waste. II. intr. in aor. 2

κατήριπον, pf. κατερήριπα, *to fall down, fall in.*

κατέρεξα, Ep. aor. 1 of κατερέρω.

κατ-ερεύω, f. ξω, *to delch at or upon.*

κατερέφω, f. ἔφω, to cover, roof:—Med. to roof over for oneself.

κατ-ερεω, Ion. for κατερῶ, serving as fut. (with pf. κατέρηκα), of the aor. κατέπον:—to speak against, accuse, c. gen.: also c. acc. to denounce, impeach, arraign.

2. to say plainly, speak out: Pass., κατερήσεται it shall be declared.

κατερήριπα, intr. pf. of κατερήπω.

κατ-ερητύω, f. ὤσω [ῥ]:—to keep in, detain, confine.

κατερρίβην [χ], aor. 2 pass. of καταρρίβω.

κατέρρωγα, intrans. pf. of καταρρήγνυμι.

κατέρυκάνω, poet. for κατερύκω. [ᾱ]

κατ-έρυκω [ῥ]: f. ἔω, to hold back, detain.

κατ-ερύω Ion. -ερύω: f. ὤσω [ῥ]: aor. 1 κατέρυσα: Pass., pf. κατέρυσμαι:—to draw or haul down: of ships, to draw down to the water, launch, Lat. deducere naves.

κατέρχομαι, fut. κατελεύσομαι: aor. 3 κατήλυθον contr. κατήλθον, inf. κατελθεῖν: Dep.:—to go down, esp. to the coast. of things, to fall down: of a river, to flow or run down.

II. to come back, return: of exiles, to return home.

κατερῶ, v. sub κατερών.

κατόςβεσα, aor. 1 of κατασβέννυμι.

κατέσβηκα, κατέσβην. intrans. pf. and aor. 2 of κατασβέννυμι.

κατ-εσθίω, f. κατέδομαι. pf. κατεδήδοκα Ep. κατέδησα pf. pass. κατεδήδεσμαι:—to eat up, devour, prey upon.

κατέσκαμαι, pf. pass. of κατασκάπτω.

κατεσκεύασμαι, pl. pass. of κατασκευάζω.

κατεσκέψαμην, aor. 1 med. of κατασκοπέω.

κατέσκηλα, intr. pf. of κατασκεῖλλω.

κατέσπειρα, aor. 1 of κατασπείρω.

κατέσπεσα, aor. 1 of κατασπένδω.

κατέσσυτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of κατασέωμαι.

κατίσταθεν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of καθίστημι.

κατίσταλμαι, pf. pass. of καταστέλλω.

κατίσταψα, aor. 1 of καταστείνω.

κατίστω. Ion. pf. part. of καθίστημι.

κατίστην, aor. 2 of καθίστημι: κατίστησα, aor. 1.

κατίστησαντο, 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of καθίστημι.

κατεστόρεσα, aor. 1 of κατασθονέννυμι.

κατεστόρεφατο, Ion. for κατεσθραμένοντες ἦσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of καταστρέφω.

κατέστρωσα, aor. 1 of καταστρώννυμι.

κατέστρυγον, aor. 2 of καταστύγω.

κατέτακετο, Dor. 3 sing. impf. pass. of κατατίκω.

κατέτηξα, acc. 1 of κατατίκω.

κάτευμα, atos, τό, (κατεύχομαι) a vow, wish, prayer: esp. for evil, an imprecation, curse.

II. a votive offering.

κατ-εύθυ or -ευθύς, Adv. straight forward.

κατ-εύθύνω, f. ὠνῶ, to make straight, set right: to guide, direct, conduct.

κατ-εύάζω, fut. ἄω, to lull to sleep:—Pass. to lie down to sleep: Aeol. 3 pl. aor. 1 κατεύασθεν.

κατευνάω, f. ἦσω, to put to sleep, compose to sleep:—Pass. to fall asleep.

κατευνήσαιμι, aor. 1 opt. of κατευνάω.

κατενυρετίζω, f. ὠ, to get ready, set in order, prepare.

κατ-ευφημέω, f. ἦσω, to praise loudly, extol.

κατ-ευφραίνω, f. ὠνῶ, to gladden or delight much.

κατευχή, ἡ, a wish, prayer, vow. From

κατ-εύχομαι, f. -ξομαι, Dep. to pray earnestly: to pray to one: absol. to make a vow, pray. 2. to pray for evil on one, invoke a curse.

II. to boast.

κατ-ευχόμεαι, Pass. to feast, make merry.

κατέφθγον, used as aor. 2 of κατεσθίω.

κατ-εφάλλομαι, Dep. to spring down upon, rush upon: κατεπάλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part.

κατέφθιτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταφθίω.

κατ-εφίσταμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. κατεπέστην.

pf. κατέφστηκα, to rise up again.

κατέφύγον, aor. 2 of καταφεύγω.

κατέχυτο, κατέχυντο, 3 sing. and pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταχέω.

κατ-έχω: fut. καθέξω and κατασχέσω: aor. 2 κατέσχον poet. -έσχενον: I. trans. to hold, keep back, withhold: to check, restrain:—Pass. to stop, cease.

II. to possess, occupy, keep, dwell in: to seize, take possession of, occupy with soldiers. 2. to cover, encompass: also in Med., πρόσωπα κατέσχευε she covered her face: generally, to bide, keep concealed.

III. intrans. to check oneself: to hold stop, cease. 2. to come from the high sea to shore, land, touch, put in. 3. to come to pass, happen.

εὖ κατασχέσει it will turn out well. 4. of report, to prevail, be frequent: to have the upper hand.

IV. Med. to keep back from oneself, em-

bezzle: also to blind.

κατήγαγον, aor. 2 of κατάγω.

κατηγγέλην, aor. 2 pass. of καταγγέλλω.

κατηγένην, κατηγένομαι, etc., Ion. for κατηγ-

κατήγετο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of κατάγω.

κατηγόρεω, f. ἦσω, (κατήγορος) to speak against

to accuse, arraign. 2. to lay a thing to one's

charge:—Pass., κατηγορεύεται τι τινός a charge is

brought against him. 3. absol. to be an accuser,

appear as prosecutor. 4. generally, to signify, in-

dicate, prove, intimate. Hence

κατηγορία, ἡ, an accusation, charge.

κατήγορος, ὁ, (κατά, ἀγορεύω) an accuser: betrayer

κατήκισμαι, pf. pass. of κατακίω.

κατήκοος, ον, (κατακούω) listening to, attentive: a

Subst. a listener, spy, eavesdropper.

II. bearing

ing to, obeying: as Subst. a subject. III. bearing

ing to, giving ear to.

κατ-ήκω, Ion. for καθήκω.

κατ-ήλθον, aor. 2 of κατέρχομαι.

κατήλιψ, ἴφος, ἡ, the upper story of a house: a stair-
case or ladder. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κατηλλάχθην, κατηλλάχην [ᾱ], aor. 1 and 2 pass. of καταλλάσσω.

κατ-ηλογέω, f. ἦσω, (κατά, λόγος) to make of small
count, slight, despise.
κατήλθον, uncontr. form of κατήλθον. Hence
κατήλθους, εως, ἡ, a going down, descent.
κάθημαι, Ion. for κάθημαι.
καταμελόμενος, pf. part. pass. of καταμελέω.
κατηναρίσθην, -ίσμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of κατα-
νάρω.
κατήνεκα, aor. I of καταφέλω.
κατηνθρακώθην, -ώμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of κατα-
θρακώω.
κατήνυσα, aor. I of κατανύω.
κατήσθω or κατήσθω, on, Dor. -άσθω, (κατά, αἰ-
έω) banging down: banging on or to.
κατ-ηπάω, f. ἄσω, (κατά, ἥπιος) to soothe, assuage:
Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. κατηπιάντο.
κατηράμενος, pf. part. of καταράσμαι.
κατηράσω [ά], 3 sing. aor. I of καταράσμαι.
κατηράτω, 3 sing. impf. of καταράσμαι.
κατ-ηρεμίζω, f. ἴσω, to calm, appease, quiet.
κατ-ηρεφής, ές, (κατά, έρέφω) covered over, over-
arching, overarched; δάφνησι κατηρεφής oversha-
ded with laurels; κατηρεφή πόδα τιθέναι to keep
the foot covered by the fall of the robe, of one who
stands still, opp. to ὀρθὸν πόδα τιθέναι. 2. c. gen.
covered with, laden with.
κατ-ήρης, ές, (κατά, ὀράειν) fitted out, furnished,
furnished: of ships, furnished with oars.
κατηριθμύμενος, pf. part. pass. of κατηριθμέω.
κατηρίττω, aor. 2 of κατερίτω.
κατηρίττω, 2 sing. aor. I med. of κατηρίτω.
κατηρίττωμαι, pf. part. of κατηρίτω.
κατ-ήστο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of κάθημαι.
κατ-ήφεια Ion. -είη, ἡ, (κατηφής) a casting the eyes
inwards: dejection, sorrow, shame.
κατ-ήφης, f. ἦσω, to be downcast, struck dumb. From
κατ-ήφης, ές, (κατά, φάος) wth downcast eyes, do-
leful, downcast, struck dumb. Hence
κατ-ήφω, ὄνος, δ, one who causes shame, a disgrace.
κατ-ήχω, f. ἦσω, to resound. II. to sound a
thing in one's ears, din it into one:—Pass. to be in-
truded of a thing. 2. to teach by word of mouth,
to teach the elements of religion:—Pass. to be instructed
in these elements; aor. I κατηχήθην, pf. κατήχημαι.
κατ-ήχη, ές, (κατά, ἦχος) sounding, resounding.
κατ-ήχην, aor. I pass. of κατ-ήχω.
κάτ-ήδον, Ep. aor. 2 of καθάνησκω.
κατ-ήδονομαι, fut. of καθάνησκω.
κατ-ήθαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of καταθάπτω.
κατ-ήθην, poet. aor. 2 opt. of κατατίθω.
κατ-ήθην, Ep. for καταθύναι, aor. 2 inf. of κατατί-
θω: but κλ-θμεν, Ep. I plur. of same.
κάτ-ητε, κάτ-ησαν, Ep. 2 and 3 pl. aor. 2 of κατα-
τίθω.
κατ-ήμεθα, Ep. and I pl. aor. 2 med. of κατατίθω.
κατ-ήμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. med. of κατατίθω.
κάτ-ησο, Ep. for κατάθω, aor. 2 imperat. med. of
κατατίθω.

κατ-ήσθην, Ep. 2 pl. aor. 2 med. of κατατίθω
κατ-ήπτω, f. φω, to harm, hurt, damage.
κατ-ήσσω, 3 pl. of κάτειμι (εἰμι ἴδο).
κατ-ήσσω, Ion. for καθίσαι, 3 pl. of καθίμι.
κατ-ήσθην, aor. 2 inf. of καθοράω.
κατ-ήσθην, aor. 2 inf. med. of καθοράω.
κατ-ήσω, Ion. for καθίζω.
κατ-ήμι, Ion. for καθίμι.
κατ-ήσθην, Ion. for κατεσθύνω.
κατ-ήσθην, Ion. for καθικελεύω.
κατ-ήσω, f. ὕσω [υ], (κατά, λύνω) to fill with mud
or dirt.
κατ-ήμι, Ep. inf. of κάτειμι (εἰμι ἴδο).
κατ-ήπτω, κατ-ήρω, κατ-ήσσω, Ion. for καθ-
ήσσω, 2 sing. imperat. of κάτειμι, v. *κατέλω.
κατ-ήσσω, to make to waste away, bring down.
κατ-ήσσω, f. ὕσω [υ], to have power over, prevail
against, overpower, c. gen. II. intr. to come to
one's full strength, be in full vigour.
κατ-ήσω, collat. pres. form of κατέχω, to hold
back, hold in, restrain, Lat. detineo:—Med. to keep
by one. II. to possess, occupy. III. to guide
or steer for a place. IV. intr. to light upon; σέ-
λας κατ-ήσσει ἐξ οὐρανοῦ the light comes down upon
the place from heaven.
κατ-ήσω, ὅσα, ὅν, aor. 2 part. of κάτειμι (εἰμι ἴδο).
κάτ-ήσσω, Ion. for κάθοδος.
κατ-ήσσω, pf. of *κατέλω.
κατ-ήσσω, f. ἦσω, to dwell in, inhabit:—Pass. to be
dwelt in, inhabited: of persons, to be settled in a
place. 2. of a state, to be administered, regulated
Hence
κατοικήσις, εως, ἡ, a settling in a place: dwelling.
κατοικητήριος, α, ὄν, (κατοικέω) fit for inhabiting:
κατοικητήριον (sub. χωρίον), τό, a dwelling-place.
κατοικία, ἡ, (κατοικέω) a dwelling, habitation. II.
a colony.
κατ-ήσσω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to bring or remove into
a dwelling persons as colonists:—Pass. to be placed,
settled. II. to colonise a place:—Pass., of places,
to have colonies planted there, to be colonised or estab-
lished. III. to bring home, restore to one's country.
Hence
κατοικίσις, εως, ἡ, a planting with inhabitants, colo-
nisation.
κατ-ήσσω, f. ἦσω, to build on or in a place.
κάτ-ήσσω, ὄν, (κατά, οἶκος) dwelling in, inhabiting.
as Subst. κάτοικος, δ, an inhabitant.
κατ-ήσσω, to have compassion on. II. intr.
to feel compassion, show pity.
κατ-ήσσω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to have compassion on
another:—Med., with aor. I pass. κατ-ήσσω, to pity
oneself, to bewail, lament. II. to cause or excite
pity. Hence
κατοικίσις, εως, ἡ, a pitying, compassion.
κατ-ήσσω, fut. -ώσομαι, to bewail, lament.
κάτ-ήσσω, ὄν, (κατά, οἶνος) drunken with wine.
κατ-ήσσω, fut. of καταφέρω.

κατ-όχομαι, fut. -οιχήσομαι, Dep. to have gone down; or κατοιχόμενοι, the departed.

κατ-οκνέω, f. ήσω, to shrink from doing a thing.
κατοκωχή, ή, (κατέχω) a being possessed, possession. Hence

κατοκώχμιος, on, held in possession, detained. II. capable of being possessed, frantic.

κατ-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to slip down.

κατ-έλλύμαι, Pass., with pf. act. -όλωλα; (κατά, ἔλυμι):—to perish utterly.

κατ-ολολύω, f. ύώ, to sbrick over.

κατ-ολοφύρομαι, Dep. to bewail, lament. [5]

κατ-ομβρέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, ὄμβρος) to rain upon:—Pass. to be rained upon: to be wet as with rain.

κατ-όμνυμι and -ύω: fut. -ομύμαι: aor. I -ώμοσα:—to swear to, confirm by oath. 2. c. acc. pers. to call to witness, swear by. 3. c. gen. pers. to take an oath against, accuse on oath.

κατ-ονήνυμι, fut. -ονήσω, to be of use, profit, advantage:—Med. to have the benefit of, enjoy. [vi]
κατ-όνομαι, Dep. to blame, slight.

κατ-όξυς, εια, v, (κατά, ὄξυς) very sharp, piercing.
κατ-οπάζω, f. άσω, to follow after.

κατ-όπνυ, Adv., = κατόπισθε.

κατ-όπισθε, and before a vowel -θεν, (κατά, ὀπισθε)
Adv. of Place, behind, after, in the rear. II. of Time, hereafter.

κατ-οπτέω, f. σω, (κατόπτη) to spy out, observe.
κατ-οπτήρ, ήρος, ό, (κατά, ὀπτήρ) a spy, scout.

κατ-όπτης, on, ό, = κατοπτήρ.
κάτ-οπτος, on, (κατά, ὄφθαιμι) to be seen, visible: c. gen. to be seen from a place, within sight of.

κατοπτρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιδώ, to shew as in a mirror: Med. to behold oneself in a mirror. 2. in Med. also to reflect as in a mirror. From

κάτοπτρον, τό, (κάτοπτος) a mirror, Lat. speculum, anciently of polished metal.

κατ-οράω, Ion. for καθοράω.

κατ-οργάνίζω, f. ίσω, to sound with music through.
κατ-ορθόω, f. άσω: aor. I κατώρθωσα:—to set upright, erect. 2. metaph. to keep straight, set right: to direct or manage well: absol. to be set in a thing:—Pass. to succeed, prosper: also to be well determined or purposed. II. intr. to be successful, go on prosperously. Hence

κατόρθωμα, avcs, τό, that which is done rightly: a right action. 2. a success.

κατ-ορούω, f. σω, to rush downwards.

κατ-ορρωδέω Ion. καταρρ-, f. ήσω, to be dismayed at, dread. II. absol. to be afraid.

κατ-ορύσσω Att. -ττω: f. έω: fut. I pass. -ορυχθήσομαι, fut. 2 -ορύχσομαι:—to bury, inter: to bide in the ground.

κατ-ορχέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to dance in triumph over, Lat. insultare: hence to treat despitefully, insult. II. to charm by dancing.

κατ-όσσομαι, Dep. to contemplate, behold.

κατ-ύτι, Adv. Ion. for καθ' ό τι.

κατ-ουδαίος, on, (κατά, οὐδας) under the earib.

κατ-ουλόω, f. άσω, (κατά, οὐλή) to make to cicatrise or form a scar over:—Pass. to cicatrise, heal over.

κατ-ουρέω, f. ήσω, to make water upon.

κατ-ουρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιδώ, to waft with a fair wind. II. intr. to sail before the wind, come safely to port.

κατ-ουρόω, f. άσω, = κατουρίζω.

κατ-οφρύνομαι, (κατά, ὀφρύνε) to contract the eyebrows, frown.

κατοχή, ή, (κατέχω) a bolding fast, detention. 2. possession by a god.

κατόχμιος, on, incorrect form of κατοκώχμιος.

κάτοχος, on, (κατέχω) bolding fast. II. pass. beld fast, overpowered, constrained. 2. possessed inspired.

κατ-όψιος, on, (κατά, ὄψις) full in sight, opposite.

κατόφοιαι, used as fut. of καθοράω.

κατ-τά, κατ-τάδε, Dor. for κατά τά, κατά τάδε.

κατ-τάνυσαν, Ep. for κατετάνυσαν, 3 pl. aor. I of κατατάνω.

καττίτερος, Att. for κασσίτερος, tin.

κάττυμα, καττώ, Att. for κάσσυμα, κασσύνω.

κατ-τώ, Dor. for κατά τοῦ.

κατ-υβρίζω, κατ-υπέρθε, κατ-υπέρτερος, Ion. for καθ-.

κατ-υπνώ, Ion. for καθυπνώ.

κάτω, Adv. (κατά) down, downwards. II. beneath, below, underneath, opp. to άνω. 2. of κάτω those in the nether world, the dead: also, dwellers on the coast or in the plain, as opp. to those inland or on the hills. 3. άνω και κάτω, or άνω κάτω upside down. III. c. gen. under, below: down from. IV. Comp. κατωτέρω: Sup. κατωτάτω.

κατ-ώγειος, on, Att. κατώγειος, aw, gen. ω, = κατώγειος.

κάτωθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. (κάτω) from below, up from below. II. below, beneath.

κατ-ωθέω, f. -ήσω: aor. I -έωσα, to thrust down.
κάτω-κάρα, Adv. (κάτω, κάρα) head downwards. [vi]
κατώκησα, aor. I of κατοικέω.

κατώκισθεν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κατοικέω.

κατ-ωμάδεις, α, on, (κατά, ὤμος) down from the shoulder, ὤσκος κατωμάδιος a quoit thrown down from the shoulder. II. borne on the shoulder.

κατ-ωμάδεν, Adv. (κατά, ὤμος) from the shoulder with the whole arm.

κατωμοσία, ή, (κατόμνυμι) an oath taken against one, accusation on oath.

κατω-νάχη, ή, (κάτω, νάκος) a coarse frock with border of sheepskin (νάκος). [vi]

κατ-ωρδίζομαι, Ion. for καθωραίζομαι.

κατώρθωσα, aor. I of κατορθόω: but κατώρθωσα 2 sing. pf. pass.

κατ-ωρυξ, ύχος, ό, ή, (κατορύσσω) imbedded in the earth. II. buried, bidden in the ground, underground. III. as Subst., κατ'ωρυξ, ή, a pit, cavern.

κατώτατος, η, on, (κάτω) the lowest.

κατωτάτω, Adv. Sup. of κάτω, at the lowest part.
κατώτερος, α, ον, (κάτω) lower: of Time, later.
κατωτέρω, Adv. Comp. of κάτω, lower than, fur-
ther downwards.

κατω-φάγεις, οὐ or ἀ, δ, (κάτω, φαγεῖν) *guttator*, i.e.
name of a bird in Aristophanes.

κατω-φερέης, ἐς, (κάτω, φέρομαι) *depressus* or *in-*
ferus, *prestitus*.

κατ-ωχράω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ὀχεύω) *pa-*
uauas, for *κατφάσσει* (wit-
ness, aor. I opt. of *κατάγνυμι*).

αὐλίνος, η, ον, made of stalk or stick. From
ΑΥΛΑΟΣ, δ, a stalk, stem. 2. a handle, shaft:
spear-shaft: the bill of a sword.

καύμα, ατος, τό, (καίω) burning heat, as of the sun;
καύματος, ἡ, sol. in the heat. II. feverish heat.

καυμάτιζω, f. ἴσω, to scorch, wither by heat.

καυκάριος, ον, δ, a Persian garment. [δ] (Foreign
rd.)

ΚΑΥΝΟΣ, δ, a lot.

καυσία, ἡ, (καίω) a heat-shade, name of a broad-
rimmed Macedonian hat.

καυσίμος, ον, (καίω) fit for burning, combustible.

καυσίσις, εως, ἡ, (καίω) a burning: burning heat.
καύσεως, ἡ, (καίω) a burning: burning heat.

καυσόδομαι, Pass. to be on fire, intensely hot.

καυσότερα, fem. Adj. with no masc. in use, burning.

καυστήριον, see *καυτήριον*.

καύω, fut. of καίω.

καύων, ανος, δ, (καίω) burning heat: a scorching
heat.

καυτήρ, ἦρος, δ, (καίω) a burner.

καυτηριάω, f. ἴσω, to sear with red-hot iron:—
taph. in Pass. to be seared in conscience. From

καυτήριον, τό, (καίω) a branding-iron.

καυτήρ, ον, δ, — καυτήρ.

καυτός, by crasis for καὶ αὐτός.

καυδομαι, fut. —ήσονται: pf. *κεκαύχημαι*: Dep.:
to boast or vaunt oneself. (Akin to αὐχέω, εὐ-
χόμεαι.)

καυχάσαι, for *καυχῆ*, 2 sing. of *καυχάομαι*.

αὐχῆ, ἡ, — καύχησις, a boasting, vaunting.

αὐχῆμα, ατος, τό, (καυχάομαι) a vaunt, boast. 2.
subject of boasting.

αὐχῆμος, ονος, δ, ἡ, (καυχάομαι) boastful.

αὐχῆσις, εως, ἡ, (καυχάομαι) a boasting, cause of
boasting.

αὐχάζω, f. ἴσω Dor. αὐῶ, to laugh loud, Lat. *cachin-*
are: to laugh scornfully. (Formed from the sound.)

αὐχασμός, δ, (καχάζω) a loud or mocking laugh.

αὐχ-εταίρεια, ἡ, (κακός, ἑταῖρος) ill company.

αὐχ-ήμερος, ον, (κακός, ἡμέρα) living sad days,
sorrowful.

αὐχλάω, f. ἴσω, redupl. from χλάω, to dash, splash,
bubble, of the sound of liquids.

αὐχλήξ, ἡκος, δ, a pebble: collectively, gravel,
gravel. (Akin to χάλιξ.)

καχ-ορμίσια, ἡ, (κακός, ὀρμίσω) ill barbourage.

κάχυρος, ὅος, ἡ, — κάγχυρος, parched barley.

κάχ-ὑπόπτος, ον, (κακός, ὑπόπτος) suspecting evil,
meanly suspicious.

ΚΑΨΑ, ἡ, a box, chest, case, Lat. *capsa*.

[α], Att. for *καλω*, to burn.

ΚΕ, and before a vowel *κεν*, Ep. and Ion. for *άν*,
Dor. *κᾶ*: *άν κε*, *κεν άν*, are sometimes found together:
κε is always enclit.

κέαζω, f. ἴσω: aor. I *ἐκέασα* Ep. *ἐκέασσα*, *κέασα*,
and *κέασσα*: Pass., aor. I *ἐκέασθην* Ep. *κέασθην*:
(κέω, κείω):—to split, cleave: of lightning, to shiver,
shatter: generally, to sever, separate, divide forcibly.

κέαρ, ἦρος, τό, Lat. *cor*, the heart:—contr. κῆρ, q. v.

κέας, part. of Att. aor. I of *καίω*.

κέασα, κέασσα, Ep. aor. I of *κέαζω*.

κέαται, κέατο, Ep. and Ion. 3 pl. pres. and impf. of
κέμαι.

κέβλη or κεβλή, ἡ, contr. for *κεφαλῆ*, the head.

κέβλη-πύρις, (κεβλή, πύρ) a bird called the redcap.

κεγχριαῖος, α, ον, (κέγχυρος) of the size or shape of
a grain of millet.

κεγχρίτης [ῖ], ον, δ, fem. —ῖτις, ἴδος, (κέγχυρος), like
millet, full of small grains.

κεγχρο-βόλος, ον, (κέγχυρος, βάλλω) scattering
millet.

ΚΕΪΤΧΡΟΣ, δ, and ἡ, millet, Lat. *milium*: hence
any small grain: also the spawn of fish.

κεγχρώματα, αν, τά, (κέγχυρος) things of the size of
millet-grains: eyelet-holes in the rim of the shield.

κεδάννυμι: f. *κεδάσω*: Ep. aor. I *ἐκέδασσα*: aor. I
pass. *ἐκεδάσθην*:—poet. for *σκεδάννυμι*, to scatter,
disperse, break up, break in pieces.

κεδασθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of *κεδάννυμι*.

κεδνός, ἡ, ὄν, (κῆδος) careful, discreet, trusty. II.

pass. *cared for*, *dear*: of things, valued, prized.

κέδρινος, η, ον, (κέδρος) of cedar, made of cedar.

κεδρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (κέδρος) the cane of the cedar-tree:
also a juniper-berry.

ΚΕΪΔΡΟΣ, ἡ, the cedar-tree, Lat. *cedrus*. II.

anything made of cedar; a cedar coffin or chest.

κεδρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κέδρος) made of, or inlaid with,
cedar-wood.

κέεσθαι, Ion. inf. of *κέμαι*.

κέεται, Ion. 3 sing. of *κέμαι*.

κέα, Ep. aor. I of *καίω*.

καίμενος, Ep. aor. I med. part. of *καίω*.

καίαντες, Ep. aor. I part. pl. of *καίω*.

κέεσται, κέατο, Ep. 3 pl. pres. and impf. of *κέμαι*.

κεῖθεν, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for *ἐκεῖθεν*, thence.

κεῖθι, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for *ἐκεῖθι*, there: thither.

ΚΕΓΜΑΙ, *κέσαι*, *κέται* Ion. *κέεται*; 3 pl. *κείν-*
ται, Ion. and Ep. *κέαται*, Ep. also *κείαται* and Ion.

κείονται: so 3 pl. impf. *έκειντο* Ion. *έκέατο* Ep. *κέ-*
ατο, *κέατο*; subj. *κῶμαι*, *κῆρ*, *κῆται* Ep. *κῆται*:

opt. *κείμην*: inf. *κείσθαι* Ion. *κέεσθαι*: part. *κείμε-*
νος:—fut. *κείσομαι* Dor. *κείσῃμαι*. Used as Pass. to

τίθηναι.

Radix. sense, *to be laid, to lie: to lie down, lie asleep.* 2. *to lie idle or at ease, be inactive:* also *to lie still, rest;* καὶν κείμενον abated, allayed evil. 3. *of many conditions, as to lie sick, lie in weakness or old age: to lie dead,* like Lat. jacere: *of things, to be destroyed, overbrowed, lie in ruins.* 4. *of a corpse, to lie unburied:* also *to lie uncared for, neglected.*

II. of places, *to lie, be situated.* 3. *of things, to be in or at a place, where continuance is implied.*

III. generally, *to be in a position, be laid or placed, stand.* **IV.** *to be laid up, laid in store; τὰ κείμενα deposits.*

V. *to be fixed, settled, laid down; κείται νόμος the law is fixed, laid down; κείται ζημία the penalty is fixed; κείται ἀεθλον the prize lies ready, is proposed.* 2. freq. in Homer, ταῦτα θεῶν ἐν γούνασι κείται these things rest on the knees of the gods, i. e. depend upon the gods; κείσθαι ἐν τινι *to be dependent on a person.*

κείμεν, Dor. for ἐκείμεν, impf. of κείμεν. κειμήλιον, τό, (κείμεν) anything stored up, a treasure or valuable: heirloom.

κείμεν, Ep. impf. of κείμεν. κείνος, κείνη, κείνο, Ion. and poet. for ἐκείνος, that, be, she, it; dat. fem. κείνῃ, as Adv. on that road: also in that way or manner.

κεῖνος, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. and poet. for κενός, empty. κείως, Adv., Ion. for ἐκείως, in that way. Κείος, ὁ, (Κέως) a Ceian, a man from the island Ceos: see Χίος.

κείρασθαι, aor. I inf. med. of κείρω. κείρια, ἡ, (κείρω) a bandage, roller, a swabbing-band. **II.** the cord or sacking of a bedstead.

κεῖρος, ὁ, for κηῖρος, a kingfisher. [ῥ] ΚΕΙΡΩ: fut. κερῶ Ion. κείρω Ep. κέρω: aor. I κείρω Ep. ἐκέρσα:—Med., fut. κερύμαι:—Pass., aor. I ἐκέρθη: aor. 2 ἐκάρην [ῥ]: pf. κέκαρμαι:—to clip, cut short, esp. the hair:—Med. to cut off one's own hair or have it cut off:—Pass., κεκάρθαι τὰς κεφαλὰς to have their heads shorn. 2. to cut out, be cut off. **II.** to ravage, waste a country, esp. by cutting down the fruit-trees. 3. generally, to cut up, devour, waste, consume, destroy.

κείς, contr. for καὶ εἰς. κείρε, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἐκείρε, thither. κεισεύμαι, Dor. fut. of κείμεν.

κείσο, κείσθω, 2 and 3 sing. imperat. of κείμεν. κείσομαι, fut. of κείμεν.

κείω, Ep. Desiderat. of κείμεν, to wish to lie down or sleep; βῆ κείων he went to lie down.

ΚΕΙΩ, to cleave, radic. form of κείζω: κευαδίσσομαι, Ep. fut. pass. of κείζω.

κεκάρθω, Ep. fut. of χάζω. κέκαρμαι, Dor. for κέκαρμαι, q. v. κευαδόντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 med. of χάζω.

κεκάρων, Ep. aor. 2 part. of χάζω. κεκαλυμένος, pf. part. pass. of καλύπτω.

κεκάλυπτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of καλύπτω.

κέκασμαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of κάμω:—subj. κέκαμαι, 3 pl. κέκαμω:—

κεκάρθαι, pf. inf. pass. of κείρω. κεκαρμένος, pf. part. pass. of κείρω. κέκαρμαι Dor. κέκαρμαι, pf. pass. (in pres. sense) of καλύπτω.

κέκαυμαι, pf. pass. of καίω. κακαύχημαι, pf. of καυχάμαι. κεκάφηναι, Ep. pf. part. of κάπται.

κεκείνωμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of κενόω. κέκευθαι, 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. of κεύθω. κέκλαυμαι, pf. pass. of κλαίω.

κεκλέσται, Ion. 3 pl. of κέκλημαι, pf. of καλέω. κέκλημαι or -σμαι, pf. pass. of κλείω. κέκλησομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of κλείω, to dwell.

κέκλημαι, pf. pass. of κλέγω. κέκλετο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κέλομαι. κεκλήσται, Ion. and Ep. for ἐκέκληντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of καλέω.

κέκληγα, part. κεκλήγως, pf. of κλάζω, whence is formed a pres. part. κεκλήγοντες, as if from κεκλήγω. κέκληκα, pf. of καλέω.

κέκλημαι, pf. pass. of καλέω: opt. κεκλήμην, -ῃσ, -ῃτο: inf. κεκλήσθαι: part. κεκλημένος. κέκλημαι, Att. pf. pass. of κλείω, κλῆω. κέκλησομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of καλέω.

κεκλήται, Ion. and Ep. for κέκλυται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of κλίνω.

κέκλυμαι, pf. pass. of κλίνω. κέκλυτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of κλίνω. κεκλόμενος, poet. aor. 2 part. of κέλομαι, calling out to one, to cheer him on, c. dat.: but c. acc. calling on one, calling him for help.

κέκλοφα, pf. act. of κλέπτω. κέκλυθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 imperat. of κλῆω. κεκλυμένος, pf. part. pass. of κλῆω.

κέκλυτε, 2 pl. poet. aor. 2 imperat. of κλῆω. κέκμηκα, pf. of κάμω.

κεκμηώς, gen. ὡτος or ὅτος, Ep. pf. act. part. of κάμω.

κέκναυσμαι, pf. pass. of κναίω. κέκομμαι, pf. pass. of κόπτω.

κεκονάμενος, pf. pass. part. of κονιάω. κεκονήμενος, pf. part. pass. of κονίαω. κέκονίτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of κονίαω.

κεκοπώς, pf. part. of κόπτω. κέκορμαι, Ion. for κέκορμαι, pf. pass. of κορέννυμι. κέκορως, ὅτος, Ep. and Ion. pf. part. (with pass. sense) of κορέννυμι; hence dual κέκορῃτε.

κεκορυμένος, Ion. and Ep. for κέκορυσμένος, pf. part. pass. of κορύσσω.

κεκοτῃς, gen. ὅτος, Ep. pf. act. part. of κοτέω. κευαδάνται, κευαδάντο, Ep. 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of κρᾶνω, κρᾶνίω.

κέκρυγα, pf. (with pres. sense) of κρύβω. Hence κέκραγμα, ατος, τό, (κράζω) a scream, cry. κευαγμός, a screaming, crying. κευακτῃς, ου, ὁ, (κράζω) a crier, bawler.

κράμαι, pf. pass. of κεράννυμι.

κράζι-δάμας, αὐτός, ὁ, (κέκράγα, δάμα) *he who howls all in bawling, the blusterer.*

κράζομαι, paullo-p. fut. (with act. sense) of κράζω.

κράχθι, imperat. of κέκράγα, pf. of κράζω.

κρίγα, pf. 2 of κρίω.

κρίμενος, pf. pass. part. οἱ κρίνω.

κρόπται, αὐ; οἱ, *the sons or descendants of Crops, i. e. the Athenians.*

κρόπιος, α, ον, (Κέκροψ) *Cecropian, i. e. Athenian; Κεκροπία (γῆ), ἡ, Attica; οἱ Κεκρόπιοι, the Cecropians.*

κροπῖς, ἴδος, pecul. fem. of Κρόπιος.

κροταμένος, Dor. pf. part. pass. of κροτέω.

Κρόψ, οτος, ὁ, *Cecrops, an ancient king of Athens.*

κρυμμένος, pf. part. pass. of κρύπτω.

κρύφαλος, ὁ, (κρύπτω) *a woman's bead-dress, made net, to confine the hair, Lat. reticulum.*

κρύβει, οὐ, ὁ, *to confine the hair, Lat. reticulum.* II. *part of the headstall of a bridle.*

κρύφεται, Ion. and Ep. 3 pl. pf. pass. of κρύπτω.

κρύπται, pf. of κτάομαι: inf. κεκτῆσθαι.

κρυμνός, [ῥ], Ep. 3 pl. redupl. aor. 2 subj. of κρύβω.

κύλισμαι, pf. pass. of κυλίνδω.

κύφα, pf. of κύπτω.

ελάδενός, ἡ, ὅν, Dor. κελαδενός, α, ον, (ελάδος) *murmuting, noisy, boisterous: also clear-toned.*

ελάδω, ἡ, ἡσώ also ἡσομαι. Ep. aor. I ελάδησα: (ελάδος) *to murmur, roar, like the rushing of water.*

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κέλει, Ep. 2 sing. of κέλομαι.

κελέβη, ἡ, *a drinking vessel: an urn or pail.*

κελέοντες, αὐ, οἱ, (καλον, κήλον) *the beasts in the loom between which the web was stretched.*

κέλετο, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of κέλομαι.

κελευθήτης, ον, ὁ, (κέλευθος) *a wayfarer.*

κελευθο-ποιός, ὁν, (κέλευθος, ποιέω) *road-making.*

κελευθο-πόρος, ον, (κέλευθος, πόρος) *a wayfarer.*

κέλευθος, ὁ, with neut. pl. κέλευθα, but also κέλευθοι:—*a road, way, path, track, either by land or water; κέλευθοι νυκτός τε καὶ ἡμέρας the ways of night and day, i. e. night and day.*

II, *a travelling, journey, voyage: an expedition.*

III, *a mode of walking, gait: metaph. a way or walk of life: also a way or course of doing.*

κέλευσμα or κέλευμα, ατος, τό, (κελεύω) *an order, command: the word of command in war. the call of the κελυστής, which gave the time to the rowers.*

κελυσμός, ὁ, (κελεύω) *an order, command.*

κελυσμοσύνη, ἡ, Ion. for κελυσμός

κελυστής, οὔ, ὁ, (κελεύω) *a commander, fugleman on board ship, the man who by his call (κέλευσμα) gives the time to the rowers, a boatswain.*

κελυστός, ὁ, ὅν, (κελεύω) *ordered, commanded.*

κελυτιάω, frequentat. of κελεύω, *to be continually bidding or urging on.*

κελεύω, f. σω: Ep. aor. I κέλευσα. (κέλλω):—*to urge on: to exhort, bid, command, order: to beseech urgently: of the κελυστής, to give time to the rowers by his call.*

II, c. dat. pers. to call to, order.

κελών, ὁ, obsolet. sing. of κέλέοντες

κέλης, ητος, ὁ, (κέλλω) *a carriage, race-horse, driven or ridden singly.*

II *a far-sailing vessel with one bank of oars, Lat. celer, celox.*

κελήσομαι, fut. of κέλομαι

κελητήζω, f. ἴσω, (κέλης, to ride a race-horse, generally, to ride: esp. of a man who rode two or more horses leaping from one on another

κελήτιον, τό, Dialect. of κελή

ΚΕΛΛΩ, f. κέλλω: acc. ἡ κέλλω

of κελαιον, to drive on, ρυθὸς αἰθωρε, ἡ καὶ κελαιον to race a ship αἰθωρε.

II intr. of ships, to run αἰθωρε, but into harbour—generally, to race αἰθωρε.

κέλομαι, f. κελήσομαι: acc. α κελόμεν and ἐκε κλόμην, 3 sing. κελετο, ἐκέλετο, part. κελόμενος: (κέλλω):—*poet. for κελεύω, to urge: on, exhort, cheer on, command.*

II, also like καλεῖν, to call, call to: to call by name.

κέλομαι, aor. I inf. of κέλλω.

Κελτοί, οἱ, the Kelts or Celts; later Κέλται Hence Κελτιστί, Adv. in Keltic or Celtic, in the language or after the manner of the Kelts.

κέλυφος, εος, τό, *a husk, rind, pod, shell: metaph. of old δικαιοταί, ἀνθρωπιστῶν κελύφη mere affidavit-busks.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΚΕΛΩ, aor. ὁ, α son.

κεμάς and κεμιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, *a young deer.*

κέν, before a vowel for κε.

κεν-αγγής, ές, (κενός, άγγος) emptying vessels, breeding famine, bungry.

κενανδρία, ή, lack of men, dispeopled state. From κέν-ανδρος, ον, (κενός, άνήρ) empty of men, dispeopled.

κεν-αυχής or κενε-αυχής, ές, (κενός or κει εός, αυχή) vain-boasting, braggart.

κενέβρεις, ον, dead: in pl., κενέβρεια, τά, carrion. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κεν-εμβατέω, f. ήσω, (κενός, έμβάτης) to step into a hole, stumble.

κενεός, ή, όν, Ion. for κενός, empty.

κενεό-φρων, ον, (κενεός, φρήν) empty-minded.

κενεών, ώνος, ό, (κενός) the hollow between the ribs and the hip, the flank. II. any hollow space.

κεν-οδοντίς, ίδος, fem. of κενύδους.

κενοδοξία, ή, vain-glory, vanity. From

κενό-δοξος, ον, (κενός, δόξα) vain-glorious.

κεν-όδους, οντος, ό, ή, (κενός, όδούς) toothless.

KENO'Σ Ion. κενός, ή, όν; Ep. κενεός:—empty: empty-handed. II. fruitless, vain, idle: κενός as Adv. in vain.

III. exhausted: c. gen. void, destitute, bereft of: absol. of a lioness, bereaved of her young. IV. Comp. and Sup. κενύτερος, -ώτατος: but also regular κενώτερος, -ώτατος.

κενο-τάφω, (κενός, τάφος) to honour with a cenotaph.

κενο-τάφιον, τό, (κενός, τάφος) an empty tomb, cenotaph.

κενύ-φρων, ον, (κενός, φρήν) empty-minded.

κενοφωνία, ή, vain talk, babbling. From

κενό-φωνος, ον, (κενός, φωνή) empty-sounding, frating.

κενώω Ion. κενώνω: f. ώσω, aor. I έκένωσα:—Pass., aor. I έκενώθην: pf. κεκένωμαι: (κενός):—to empty out, drain: forsake, desert:—Pass. to be emptied of a thing, c. gen.: also to be left empty, deserted. II.

to make void or of no account:—Pass. to become vain, of none effect.

κένσαι, Ep. aor. I act. inf. of κεντέω, as if from *κέν-τω. II. also aor. I med. imperat. of κεντέω.

κένταυρος, Dor. 3 sing. aor. I of κεντέω.

Κενταύρειος, α, ον, (Κένταυρος) Centaurian, of or for Centaurs.

Κενταυρίδης, ον, ό, (Κένταυρος) descended from Centaurs.

Κενταυρικός, ή, όν, (Κένταυρος) like a Centaur: savage, brutal. Adv. -κώς.

Κενταυρο-πληθής, ές, (Κένταυρος, πλήθος) full of Centaurs.

Κέν-ταυρος, ό, (κεντέω) a Centaur, properly a Piercer, Spearman: they were a race of savage horsemen, dwelling between Pelion and Ossa in Thessaly, extirpated in a war with their neighbours the Lapithae.

II. later, they were believed to be monsters of double shape, half man and half horse.

KENTE'Ω: f. ήσω: aor. I έκέντησα: inf. κένσαι as if from *κέντω:—to prick, goad, sting: to wound, stab, pierce.

κέντο, Dor. for έκέλετο: cf. γέντο, ήμθον.

κεντώ, false form for κεντρόω.

κεντρο-ηλεκής, ές, (κέντρον, *ένέγκω) goaded on.

κεντροίξω, f. ίσω, (κέντρον) to prick, goad, spur.

κεντρο-όηλητος, ον, (κέντρον, δηλέομαι) goaded.

act. goading, stinging.

κεντρο-μάνης, ές, (κέντρον, μανήναι) spurting to madness.

κέντρον, τό, (κεντέω) a point, prickle, spike, sting: a horse or ox-goad: a spur: proverb., πρὸς κέντρον λακτίξαι to kick against the pricks. 2. an instrument of torture. 3. metaph. a spur, incentive.

II. the point round which a circle is described, the centre.

κεντρο-τύπης, ές, (κέντρον, τυπήναι) struck by a spur.

κεντρόω, f. ώσω, to furnish with a sting:—Pass. to be so furnished. 2. to strike with a goad.

κέντρων, ανος, ό, (κέντρον) a rogue that has been branded, a spur-galled jade.

κεντρονίον, ανος, ό, the Lat. centurio.

κέντωρ, ορος, ό, (κεντέω) a goader, driver.

κενός, Adv. of κενός, vainly, idly.

κεοίμην, opt. of κείμαι.

κείμαι, Ep. and Ion. collat. form of κείμαι, whence 3 sing. κέεται, 3 pl. κέονται.

Κέος, ή, Ion. for Κέως.

ΚΕΤΙ'ΦΟΣ, ό, a light sea-bird of the petrel kind: metaph. a light-headed simpleton, a noddy.

κεράσθε, Ep. 2 pl. pres. med. of κεράω.

κεράσσει, Ep. dat. pl. of κέραια.

κεράτα, ή, (κέραια) a horn.

II. anything like a horn, a yard-arm, Lat. cornu antennarum: a projecting beam or timber. 2. a horn or promontory of land. 3. a small dot in writing, 'a title.'

anything made of horn, e. g. a bow.

κεράττω, f. ίτω, later ίξω: aor. I έκεράισα: (κέραια) —to lay waste, ravage.

II. of persons, to kill: slaughter: to disable ships.

κεράϊς, ίδος, ή, (κέραια) a worm that eats horn.

κεράϊστής, ού, ό, (κεράϊω) a ravager, robber.

κεράω, Ep. for κεράω, the Root of κεράννυμι, mix: ζαρότερον κέραε mix the wine stronger.

κεράμεικος, ή, όν, (κίραμος) earthen.

Κεράμεικος, ό, (κεραμέυς) the Potters' Quarter in Athens, where two places were called Cerameicus, one within and the other without the Thriasian Gate.

κεράμειος, α, ον, (κίραμος) of clay, earthen.

κεράμεις, ίως, ό, (κίραμος) a potter:—proverb., κεραμεις κεραμει κοτίζει potter envies potter.

κεράμειος, f. σω, (κίραμος) to be a potter, work in earthenware: metaph. to botch or patch up the state.

κεράμητις, η, ον, Ion. and Ep. for κεράμιος.

κεράμητις, ίδος, pecul. Ep. fem. of κεράμιος.

κεράμινος, η, ον, and κεραμικός, ή, ύν, = κεράμιος of earthenware or clay.

κεράμιον, τό, (κίραμος) an earthenware vessel, a pot, jar, pipkin, Lat. testis.

κεραμίς, ἴδος Att. ἴδος [ἴ], ἡ, (κέραμος) a tile: also tiled roof.

ΚΕΡΑΜΟΣ, ὁ, potter's earth, potter's clay. II. earthen vessel, a pot, jar; also in collective sense, earthenware, pottery.

III. a tile; collectively, tiles; τῷ κεραμῷ βάλλειν to strike with tiles, never plur.

IV. χαλκῶ ἐν κεράμῳ seems to be in earthen prison.

κεράννυμι and -ῶν: fut. κέρασω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐκέρᾶσα. κέρασσα:—Med., Ep. 3 sing. aor. I κέρασσαςτο: Pass., aor. I ἐκέρασθην and ἐκέρᾶσθην [ᾶ]: pf. κέκέρημαι and κέκέρημαι: (κεράω):—to mix, mingle, often diluting wine: more freq. in Med., as, κρηττέρα κερασσάμεναι to mix oneself a bowl; Pass., κύλιξ ἴσον κεκραμένην a cup mixed half and half.

2. to temper or cool. 3. metaph. to blend together, temper, regulate, tone down. II. generally, to mix, compound, Lat. *attemperare*.

κεράω-ξός, ὄν, (κέρας, ξέω) polishing born, working born; esp. for bows.

κεράός, ἄ, ὄν, (κέρας) borned. II. made of born.

κερα-οὔχος, ὄν, (έχω) = κερ-οὔχος.

κέρας, τό; gen. κέρατος Ep. κέραος Att. contr. κέρα; dat. κέρατι, κέραϊ, κέρα:—dual κέραε; κέρα, ἡ, and dat. κέραϊν, κερῶν: plur. κέραα, κέρα; gen. κέραων, κερῶν; dat. κέρασι Ep. κέρασι and κέραεσσι: Ion. declension κέραα, κέραος, κέρει: (akin to κερα):—the horn of an animal: hence born, as a material for working. II. anything made of born; e. g. a bow: later, a horn for blowing: also a drinking-born, or a goblet in the shape of a horn.

III. born or guard at the end of a fishing-line, to prevent the fish from biting it.

IV. an arm or limb of a river, so called from its shape.

V. wing of an army or fleet; ἐπὶ κέρας Att. ἐπὶ κέρασιν, in single file, in column, i.e. one after another, abreast.

VI. the sail-yard of a ship. VII. projection or elevation, as a mountain-peak, ὄρος.

κέρασσε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κεράννυμι.

κεραστός, ὄν, ὁ, (κέρας) borned.

κεραστός, ἡ, ὄν, (κεράννυμι) mingled, tempered.

κερασ-φόρος, ὄν, (κέρας, φέρω) born-bearing.

κερατία or -ία, ἡ, (κέρας) the locust-tree: its fruit is κεράτιον.

κεράτινος, ἡ, ὄν, (κέρας) of born, made of born.

κεράτιον, τό, Dim. of κέρας, a little born. II. fruit of the κερατία or locust-tree.

κεραυτής, ὄν, ὁ, (κέρας, αὐλέω) a horn-blower.

κεραύνειος, ὄν, (κεραυνός) thundering.

κεραυνός, ἄ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, (κεραυνός) of a thunder-bolt.

II. thunder-stricken.

κεραυνοβόλος, ἡ, ἴστω, to hurl the thunderbolt: to strike with thunderbolts. From

κεραυνοβόλος, ὄν, (κεραυνός, βάλλω) hurling the thunderbolt, smiling with it.

κεραυνοβρόντης, ὄν, ὁ, (κεραυνός, βροντάω) the lightning and thunderer.

κεραυνομάχης, ὄν, ὁ, (κεραυνός, μάχομαι) fighting with the thunderbolt.

ΚΕΡΑΥΝΟΣ, ὁ, a thunderbolt, thunder and lightning, Lat. *fulmen*: thunder by itself was βροντή, Lat. *tonitru*, and the flash of lightning ἀστεροπή, στεροπή, Lat. *fulgur*: plur. κεραυνοί, thunderbolts.

κεραυνοφάης, ἑ, (κεραυνός, φάος) flashing like the thunderbolt.

κεραυνῶ, ἡ, ὦσω, (κεραυνός) to strike with a thunderbolt.

ΚΕΡΑΨΩ, Ep. Radic. form of κεράννυμι, to mix.

Κέρβερος, ὁ, Cerberus, the dog which guarded the gate of the nether world; acc. to Hesiod, the fifty-headed son of Typhaon and Echidna; later, represented with three heads.

κερδαίνω, ἡ, κερδανῶ Ion. -έω: aor. I ἐκέρδανα Ion. ἐκέρδηνα: fut. also κερδήσω. κερδήσομαι: aor. I ἐκέρδησα: (κέρδος):—to gain, make gain or profit from: absol. to gain advantage, be benefited. 2. hence to traffic, make merchandise.

II. in bad sense, like ἀπολαύω, to gain a loss.

κερδαῖλος, ἄ, ὄν, (κέρδος) with an eye to gain, crafty, cunning: shrewd. 2. of things, gainful, profitable: Adv. κερδαλέως, to one's profit.

κερδαλέω-φρων, ὄν, (κερδαλέος, φρήν) crafty-minded.

κερδάνης, ἄ, ὄν, aor. I subj. of κερδαίνω.

κέρδιστος, ἡ, ὄν, Sup. of κερδαίνω (with no Positive in use), formed from κέρδος, most cunning or crafty. II. most profitable.

κερδίω, ὄν, gen. ονος, Comp. (with no Positive in use), formed from κέρδος, more profitable.

ΚΕΡΔΟΣ, ὄν, τό, gain, profit, advantage: desire of gain. II. in pl. cunning arts, wiles, tricks.

κερδοσύνη, ἡ, (κέρδος) cunning, craft, shrewdness: dat. κερδοσύνη as Adv. cunningly, shrewdly.

κερδῶ, ὄς contr. οὖς, ἡ, (κέρδος) the wily one. or the thief, name of a fox.

κερδῶος, ἄ, ὄν, (κέρδος) bringing gain.

κέρεα, Ion. for κέραα, κέρατα, pl. of κέρας.

κερῶ, Ion. for κέρα, fut. of κείρω.

κερκίζω, ἡ, ἴσω, to close the web with the kerke. From κερκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (κέρκω, κρέκω) = σπάθη, a staff or rod to make the web close: the weaver's comb: the shuttle containing the spindle, Lat. *radius*. II. any taper rod, of wood, ivory, etc., as the quill with which stringed instruments were struck, Lat. *plectrum*. 2. a measuring-rod, Lat. *radius*.

ΚΕΡΚΟΣ, ἡ, the tail of a beast, Lat. *cauda*.

κέρκουρος or κερκούρος, ὁ, a boat, pinnace.

Κέρκυρα, ἡ, the island Corcyra, now Corfu: hence Κερκυραῖος, ὁ, a Corcyraean: Adj. Κερκυραῖος. ἡ, ὄν, of or for Corcyra.

κέρκω, rarer collat. form for κρέκω

κέρμα, ἄτος, τό, (κείρω) a slice: in plur. small coin, small change: small wares. Hence

κερματίζω, ἡ, ἴσω Att. ὦ, to mince up. II. to coin into small money: to change large coin for small. Hence

κερματιστής, οὐ, δ, α money-chang.
 κερο-βάτης [ἄ], οὐ, δ, (κέρας, βαίνω) born-footed,
 born-boofed, epith. of Pan.
 κερο-βόας, οὐ, ἡ, (κέρας, βοάω) sounding with born,
 of a flute tipped with horn.
 κερό-δετος, οὐ, (κέρας, δέω) bound with born.
 κερύεις, ὅσσα contr. οὔσσα, οὐ, (κέρας) borned.
 κερ-οίαξ, ἄκος, δ, (κέρας, οίαξ) a rope belonging to
 the sailors; cf. κέρας vi.
 κερο-τύπew, f. ἦσω, (κέρας, τύπτω) to butt with the
 born; generally, to dash or knock about.
 κερ-ουλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κέρας, ἔλκω) drawing a bow of
 born. 2. of the bow, drawn by the horns.
 κερουτιάω, (κέρας) to toss the horns or head.
 κερ-ουχίς, ἰδοί, fem. of sq.
 κερ-ούχος, οὐ, (κέρας, ἔχω) having horns, borned.
 κερο-φόρος, οὐ, (κέρας, φέρω) borned.
 κέρσας, Ep. aor. I part. of κείρω.
 κέρσε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κείρω.
 κερτομέω, f. ἦσω, (κέρτομος) to taunt, to mock or
 sneer at a person: absol. to sneer, scoff. Hence
 κερτόμησις, -ως, ἡ, jeering, mockery.
 κερτόμια, ἡ, = κερτόμησις.
 κερ-τόμιος and κερ-τομος, οὐ, (κέρ, τέμνω) heart-
 cutting, stinging, κερτόμια ἔπη or absol. κερτόμια,
 stinging, reproachful words. II. mocking, delusive.
 κέρχνη, ἡ, (κέρχων) a kind of hawk, so called from
 its hoarse voice, the kestrel.
 κερχνής, ἦδος, and κερχνῆς, ἦδος, ἡ, collat. forms
 of κέρχνη.
 ΚΕΨΧΝΩ, to make rough or hoarse. II. intr.
 and in Pass. to be hoarse, of the voice.
 κερῶ, fut. of κείρω.
 κερῶν, part. of κεράννυμι.
 κέρωνται, Ep. 3 pl. subj. pass. of κερῶ.
 κῆς, v. sub κᾶς.
 κέσκετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of κείμαι.
 κερτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κεντέω) worked, embroidered; κεστός
 ἱμάς of the girdle of Venus: hence II. as Subst.
 κεστός, δ, a girdle, Lat. cestus.
 κίστρα, ἡ, (κεντέω) a pickaxe, ποισαν. II. α
 kind of fish, a pike, or a conger.
 κευθάνω, poet. for κεύθω.
 κεύθα, ατος, τό, and κευθός, δ, = κευθών.
 κευθών, ὄνος, δ, (κεύθω) any secret place, hole,
 hiding-place, den; the lair of a beast. 2. of the
 nether world, the abyss. 3. = ἄδυτον, the inmost
 place, sanctuary.
 κεύθοισα, Dor. for κεύθουσα, part. fem. of κεύθω.
 κεύθος, εος, τό, (κεύθω) = κευθών; in pl., κεύθεα
 γαίης the depths of the earth.
 ΚΕΥΘΩ, fut. κεύσω: aor. 2 κεύθων, Ep. redupl.
 subj. κεύθω: pf. κέκευθα: plqpf. ἐκεκεύθειν Ep. κε-
 κεύθειν:—to cover up, hide, conceal, sbrowd:—Pass.
 to lie hidden. 2. to keep hidden or secret, conceal,
 disguise: with dupl. acc., κεύθει τινα τι to keep a
 thing concealed from one. 3. the pf. κέκευθα is
 used as pres., I keep concealed; and plqpf. ἐκεκεύθειν

as impf., I concealed, contained. II. intrans. to
 be concealed, lie hidden.
 κεφαλᾷ, Dor. dat. of κεφαλῆ.
 κεφάλαιος, α, ον, (κεφαλῆ) of or belonging to the
 head: metaph., like Lat. capitalis, principal,
 chief. II. κεφάλαιον, τό, as Subst., like κεφαλῆ,
 the head, as κεφάλαιον ραφανίδος the head of a radish:
 the chief or main point: in money, the capital
 sum. 2. a summary, the sum of the matter; ἢ
 κεφαλῶν or ἐν κεφαλαιοῖς εἰπεῖν to speak summa-
 rily. 3. generally, the crown, completion, finish of
 a thing. Hence
 κεφαλαιῶω, f. ὤσω, to bring under heads, sum up,
 state summarily II. to smite on the head, slay.
 κεφαλᾶ-ώδης, ες, (κεφαλῆ, εἶδος) principal, capital.
 κεφαλαιῶμα, ατος, τό, (κεφαλαιῶω) the sum total.
 κεφαλ-αλγής, ἐς, (κεφαλή, ἄλγος) causing pains in
 the head. Hence
 κεφαλalgία, f. ἡ, head-ache.
 ΚΕΦΑΛΗ, ἡ, the head, Lat. caput; ἐς πόδας ἐς
 κεφαλῆς from head to foot; ἐπὶ κεφαλὴν head fore-
 most. 2. the head, as the noblest part, for the whole
 person, just as Lat. caput is used: esp. in salutation,
 φίλη κεφαλῆ, Lat. carum caput; in bad sense, ὦ κα-
 καὶ κεφαλᾶι. 3. the life, Lat. caput, as we use
 head; παρθέμενοι κεφαλὰς setting their heads on the
 cast; ἐς κεφαλὴν τρέπεται' ἐμοὶ on my head be
 it! II. the head or upper part of anything: the
 coping of a wall: in pl. the head or sources of
 river. III. κεφαλῆ περιθετος a wig or head-
 dress. IV. metaph. the point, sum, conclusion.
 κεφαλῆφι, κεφαλῆφι, Ep. gen. and dat. of κεφαλῆ.
 κεφαλῆς, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of κεφαλῆ, a little head or
 bulb II. a head, chapter, division.
 Κεφαλλήνη, ἦνος, δ, α Cephalenian:—hence
 Κεφαλλήνια, ἡ, Cephalenia, an island in the Ionian
 sea, now Cefalonia.
 κεχάλασμαι, pf. pass. of χαλάω.
 κέχανθα, pf. of χανθάνω, whence part. neut. pl. α
 χανδότα, 3 plqpf. Ep. κεχάνθει.
 κεχαρσμένος, pf. part. pass. of χαρσσω.
 κεχάρηκα, pf. of χαίρω.
 κεχάρημαι, pf. pass. of χαίρω.
 κεχάρησέν, Ep. fut. inf. of χαίρω.
 κεχάρησμαι, Ep. paulo-post fut. of χαίρω
 κεχάρητο, κεχάρηντο, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. plqpf.
 pass. of χαίρω.
 κεχάρηως, Ep. pf. part. of χαίρω.
 κεχάρσμένος, pf. part. of χαρίζομαι, agreeably,
 winning, charming: Adv. κεχαρισμένος, charmingly,
 gracefully.
 κεχάριστο, 3 sing. plqpf. of χαρίζομαι.
 κεχάριτωμένος, pf. part. pass. of χαριτών. Adv.
 κεχαριτωμένος, agreeably, welcome.
 κέχαρμαι, pf. pass. of χαίρω.
 κεχρόατο, Ep. for κεχάροντο, 3 pl. Ep. redupl.
 aor. 2 med. opt. of χαίρω.
 κεχάροντο, 3 pl. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med. of χαίρω

κήνηα, pf. of χάλαιω or χάσσω, *to gape*. Hence κηνηαῖοι, *an. oi. Gapers*, comic for Ἀθηναῖοι.
χλάδω, pf. part. of χλάζω: there is also an acc. κευχλάδοντας, as if from κευχλάω, like κευκλήγον- from κευκλήγω.

χλιάγκα, pf. of χλιαίνω.
χλιδῶς, pf. part. of χλιώ.
χολώσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of χολάω.
χολώσσομαι, paullo-post fut. of χολάω.
χρηματισμένος, pf. part. pass. of χρηματίζω.
εχρημένος, pf. part. of χράομαι.
ἐχῦτο, pf. pass. of χέω.
ἐχῦτο, κέχυντο, 3 sing. and pl. Ep. plqpf. pass. of χύω.

εχωρίζεται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of χωρίζω.
εχωμένος, pf. part. pass. of χώννυμι.
έω, Ep. collateral form of κέω.
έως Ion. Κέος, Ceos, an island in the Archipelago.
έμαι, subj. of κείμαι.

ή, Ion. for πῇ (interrog.): but κη enclit. for πῇ.
ήται, Ep. aor. I inf. καίω; but κήται, 3 sing. opt. ηάμενος, Ep. aor. I part. of καίω.
ήγώ or κήγών, Dor. for κάγώ, i. e. καὶ ἐγώ.
κηδεῖα, ή, (κηδος) *care for the dead: obsequies*. II.

finity, connexion by marriage.
κήδειος, on, (κηδος) *cared for, dear, beloved*. 2. *reful for*. II. *of or for a funeral, sepulchral*.
κηδεμονεύς, έω, δ, (κηδέω) = κηδεμάν.
κηδεμάν, όνος, δ, (κηδέω) *one that has charge of a person, one who cares for the dead, a mourner:—a collector, guardian*. II. *a relation by marriage, at. affinis*.

κήδεος, on, = κήδειος.
κήδεσκον, Ion. impf. of κηδω.
κηδέσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. pass. of κηδω.
κηδεσότης, ού, δ, (κηδος) *a connexion by marriage, at. affinis: a son-in-law, also a father-in-law, brother-in-law*. Hence

κηδεστία, ή, *connexion by marriage, affinity*.
κήδευμα, ατος, τό, (κηδέω) *alliance by marriage, finity*. 2. *one who is so connected, a connexion, at. affinis*.

κηδεύω, f. σω, (κηδος) *to take charge of, care for, md*. 2. *to pay the last offices of the dead:—Pass. have these last offices paid one*. II. *to ally oneself in marriage to a person:—Pass. to be so allied*. 2. *to make a person one's kinsman by marriage*.

κηδήσω, fut. of κηδω (as if from κηδω).
κηδιστος, ή, on, Sup. formed from κήδος, like κέρ- στος from κέρδος, *most cared for, dearest, most be- loved*. II. *most nearly allied by marriage*.

κήδος Dor. κάδος, εος, τό, (κηδω) *care, concern, regard for another*. 2. *trouble, sorrow, affliction, distress:—mourning for one dead: hence a fune- ril*. 3. *an object of care, a care*. II. *con- nexion by marriage, Lat. affinitas*.

κηδόςυνος, on, (κηδος) *anxious*.

ΚΗ'ΔΩ, f. κηδήσω, *to make anxious, give concern: hence to trouble, annoy, distress*. II. in Pass., with Ep. fut. κευκδήσομαι, pf. act. κέκηδα:—*to be troubled, distressed, annoyed: part. κηδόμενος, ή, on, distressed, in trouble: c. gen. to be anxious or con- cerned for: ούκέτι Δαναών κευαδησόμεθα*.

κήδωκε, by crasis for καὶ ἔδωκε.
κήεν, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I of καίω.
κηθάριον, τό, *a vessel into which the lots were cast, a ballot-box*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κήκ, Dor. for κάκ, by crasis for καὶ ἐκ.
ΚΗΚΙ'Σ, ίδος, ή, *matter that oozes or exudes from a burnt sacrifice: juice, moisture: ink*. Hence

κηκίω, Ep. impf. κηκίων:—*to gush or ooze forth: also in Med., αίμας κηκιομένα ἐλκείω* clotted blood oozing from his wounds. [Y Ep., i Att.]
κήλεος or κήλειος, on, (καλώ) *burning, blazing*.

ΚΗΛΕ'Ω, f. ήσω, *to charm, bewitch, fascinate: ge- neraly, to wheedle, beguile, seduce*.

ΚΗ'ΛΗ, ή, *a rupture, Lat. bernia*.
κηληθμός, δ, (κηλέω) *rapture, fascination*.
κήλημα, ατος, τό, (κηλέω) *a magic charm, spell*.
κήλησις, εως, ή, (κηλέω) *an enchanting, charming*.

κηλητήριος, on, (κηλέω) *charming: appeasing*.
κηλιδέω, f. ώσω, (κηλίς) *to stain, sully: metaph. to stain, disbonour, disgrace*.

ΚΗΛΙ'Σ, ίδος, ή, *a stain, spot: a blemish, disgrace*.
ΚΗ'ΛΟΝ, τό, *the shaft of an arrow: an arrow*.

κήλων, ανος, δ, (κήλω) *a swipe or machine for drawing water from a well*.

κηλώνειον Ion. —ήϊον, τό, = κήλων.
κημαυτόν, Dor. by crasis for καὶ ἑμαυτόν.

κήμέ, Dor. by crasis for καὶ ἐμέ.
ΚΗΜΟ'Σ, δ, *a muzzie or halter, put on a led horse*. 2. *the funnel-shaped top to the voting urn (κάδος) in the Athenian law-courts, through which the ballots (ψήφοι) were dropped in the urn*.

κημώ, f. ώσω, (κημός) *to muzzie a horse*.
κήν, Dor. for κάν, i. e. καὶ ἐν: but κήν for καὶ ἄν.

κήνθε, Dor. by crasis for καὶ ἦνθε (i. e. καὶ ἦλθε).
κήνος, Aeol. for κείνος, ἐκείνος.

κήνσος, δ, the Lat. census, an assessment: tribute.
ΚΗ'Ξ, κηκός, ή, *a sea-gull, sea-mew*.

κήομεν, Ep. for κήωμεν, I pl. aor. I subj. of καλώ.
κήπε, Dor. by crasis for καὶ εἶπε.

κήπεϊ, κήπειτα, Dor. for κἀπεϊ, κἀπειτα, i. e. καὶ ἐκ- κήπευμα, ατος, τό, (κηπειώ) *that which is reared in a garden, a garden-herb or flower*.

κηπεύς, έω, τό, (κήπος) *a gardener*.
κηπεύω, f. σω, (κήπος) *to rear in a garden: me- taph. to tend, cherish, foster*.

κήπί, Dor. for κἀπί, i. e. καὶ ἐπί.
κηπίον, τό, Dim. of κήπος, *a small garden, par- terre: metaph. a decoration, ornament*.

κηπο-λόγος, on, (κήπος, λέγω) *teaching in a garden*.
ΚΗ'ΠΟΣ Dor. κάπος, δ, *a garden, an orchard or plantation: also the enclosure for the Olympic games: ol' Ἀδώνιδος κήποι, cresses and other plants grown*

quickly in pots:—hence proverb. of amusements and pastimes.

κηπ-ουρός, δ, (κήπος, οὔρος) a gardener.

ΚΗΡ, ἡ, gen. Κηρός, acc. Κηρα, the goddess of death or of fate: hence doom, death, destruction. 2. the goddess of mischief or evil: hence bane, mischief, evil itself. II. any evil fate; disease; and, of moral evil, disgrace

ΚΗΡ, τό, gen. κήρος, acc. κήρ, contr. from κέαρ, the heart, Lat. cor. The dat. κήρι is in Homer freq. used as Adv., like κηρόθι, with all the heart, heartily.

κηραίνω, f. ἄνω, (κήρ, ἡ) to barm, hurt, destroy. κηραίνω, f. ἄνω, (κήρ, τό) to be alarmed, disquieted. Κηρερσι-φόρητος, ον, (Κήρ, φορέω) borne on by the Kēres or fates

κήρινος, η, ον, (κήρος) of wax, waxen.

κηρι-ο-κλέπτης, ου, δ, (κήριον, κλέπτω) stealer of boneyscombs

κήριον, τό, (κήρος) a boneyscomb, Lat. favus. II. a waxen tablet.

κηρι-τρέφης, ἐς, (κήρ, τρέφω) born to die.

κηρο-δέτης, ου, δ, Dor. κηροδέτας, = κηροδետος.

κηρο-δέτος, ον, (κήρος, δέω) bound together by wax.

κηρο-δομέω, f. ἴσω, (κήρος, δέω) to build with wax.

κηρόθεν, Adv. (κήρ) from the heart.

κηρόθι, Adv. (κήρ) in the heart, with all the heart, heartily

κηρο-πᾶγής, ἐς, (κήρος, παγῆναι) fastened with wax.

κηρο-πλάστης, ου, δ, (κήρος, πλάσσω) a modeller in wax.

κηρο-πλαστος, ον, (κήρος, πλάσσω) moulded of wax, waxen. II. = κηροδետος.

ΚΗΡΟ΄Σ, δ, bees-wax, wax, Lat. cera.

κηρο-τρόφος, ον, (κήρος, τρέφω) wax-producing.

κηρο-χίτων, ανος, δ, ἡ, (κήρος, χιτών) clad with wax.

κηροχύτεω, f. ἴσω, to mould in melted wax: to make waxen cells. From

κηρο-χύτος, ον, (κήρος, χέω) moulded of or in wax.

κήρυγμα, ατος, τό, (κηρύσσω) a proclamation by berald, public notice; ἐκ κηρύγματος by proclamation.

κηρυκαίνα, ἡ, fem. of κήρυξ, a female berald.

κηρυκαία Ion. -ῆτι, ἡ, (κήρυξ) the office of berald.

κηρυκαίον Ion. -ῆτον, τό, a berald's wand, Lat. caduceus. [ῆ] Properly neut. from

κηρυκαίος, α, ον, (κήρυξ) of or for a berald. [ῆ]

κηρυκεσσι, Ep. for κήρυξι, dat. pl. of κήρυξ.

κηρυκευμα, ατος, τό, (κηρυκεύω) a berald's proclamation, public notice. [ῆ]

κηρυκεύω, f. σω, (κήρυξ) to be a berald, give public notice. II. trans. to proclaim, give notice of.

κηρυκίη, -κίχιον, Ion. for -κία, -ειον

κηρύλος Att. κερύλος, δ, a sea-bird, the bascyon. [ῆ]

κήρυξ, ὅκος, δ, (κηρύσσω) a berald or pursuivant, whose chief duties were to summon the assembly, to separate combatants, to carry to and fro messages between enemies. They carried wands (σκηπτρα): their persons were inviolable, and they were regarded as the messengers and under the protection of Jove.

ΚΗΡΥ΄ΣΣΩ Att. -τω: f. ξω: pf. κηκρήρυχα:—Pass., fut. κηρυχθήσομαι, but also fut. med. κηρύξομαι in pass. sense: pf. κηκρήρυγμα:—to be or act as berald: to make proclamation as a berald, summon, convene as berald. 2. impers., κηρύσσει (sc. δ κήρυξ) notice is given, proclamation is made. II.

to proclaim, announce: to extol 2. to put up or advertise for sale. 3. to call on, invoke. III.

to preach or teach publicly.

κηρυχθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of κηρύσσω.

κήρωμα, ατος, τό, (κηρία) anything waxed over: a waxed tablet for writing. 2. an unguent used by wrestlers. Hence

κηρωματικός, ἡ, ὄν, anointed with κήρωμα.

κηρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κήρω) waxed:—hence, as Subst.,

κηρωτόν, τό, or κηρωτή, ἡ, a cerate or ointment.

κήρ, Dor. for καί εις

κήται, Ep. for κέταται, 3 sing. subj. of κείμαι.

κήτειος, α, ον, (κήτος) of sea-monsters

ΚΗΤΟΣ, εος, τό, any sea-monster or huge fish: in

Odyssey, a seal or sea-calf; later a whale, Lat. cete.

κητο-φόνος, ον, (κήτος, φένω) killing sea-monsters.

κητώεις, εσσα, εν, only as epith. of Lacedaemon, κολλη Λακωνισμῶν κητώεσσα, either (from κήτος as implying hugeness) vast, spacious; or (from κήτος as if = καίαδας, a gulf, abyss) sunken, hollow.

κηῦ, by crasis for καί εὔ

κήυξ, ὅκος [ῆ], δ, (κήξ) a sea-gull.

κήφᾶ, Dor. by crasis for καί ἔφη

ΚΗΦΗΝ, ἦνος, δ, a drone-bee, drone, Lat. fucus: metaph. a drone or lazy fellow, who will do nothing for his bread; also of an old, decrepit person.

Κηφήνες, οί, Cephenes, old name of the Persians

κήφθᾶ, Dor. by crasis for καί ἔφθῃ.

Κηφίστος, δ, the Cephissus, a river in Boeotia; hence fem. λίμνη Κηφισία. II. a famous river of Athens: also a river in Argolis and in other places.

κηώδης, ες, (καίω) fragrant, sweet-scented.

κηώεις, εσσα, εν, = κηώδης, fragrant.

κιάθω, Att. lengthd. for κίω, to go. [ᾶ]

κιβδηλεύω, f. σω, (κίβδηλος) to adulterate, alloy. II. metaph. to pass off, palm off.

κιβδηλία, ἡ, (κίβδηλος) alloy, base metal: metaph. fraud, dishonesty

κίβδηλος, ον, (κίβδος) adulterated, spurious, base. II. metaph. of men, base, false. 2. base-born, bastard. 3. deceitful, ambiguous, of oracles.

ΚΙΒΔΟΣ, ἡ, dross, alloy.

κίβιστος, ἡ, a pocket, wallet, scrip.

κιβωτάριον and κιβώτιον, τό, Dim. of κιβωτίς.

ΚΙΒΩΤΟΣ, ἡ, a wooden box, chest, coffer.

κιγκίλιζω, f. ἴσω, (κίγκλος) to wag the tail like the κίγκλος: metaph. to change constantly.

ΚΙΓΚΑΙ΄Σ, ἴδος, ἡ, the Lat. cancelli, a latticed gate or partition, fencing off the courts of justice or council chamber, the bar.

ΚΙΤΚΛΟΣ, δ, a water-bird, a kind of wagtail.

κιγχνών [ᾶ], Att. for κίγχνω [ᾶ].

κλίνεσθαι, Pass., poet. for σκεδένεσθαι, to be spread.
ΚΙΘΑΡΑ Ion. -ῃ, also κίθαρις, ios, ῆ, Lat. ci-
thara, a lyre, *barp* or *lute*, like the φόρμιγγις or λύρα.

κίθαρ-αοιδός contr. -ωδός, δ, (κίθαρα, δοιδός) one
who plays and sings to the lyre or *barp*, a *barper* :—
Sup. κίθαραιδοτάτος. [ᾶ]

κίθαριζω, f. *lōw* Att. ἰω, (κίθαρις) to play the lyre or
lute : it is also used of the φόρμιγγις and λύρα, so that
the κίθαρα, λύρα, and φόρμιγγις must have been nearly
the same.

κίθαρις, ios, ῆ, acc. κίθαριν, = κίθαρα : also music,
barping, playing.

κίθαριστής, οὐ, δ, (κίθαρις) a player on the lyre
or *barp*, a *barper*. Hence

κίθαριστρίς, ἰδος, ῆ, fem. of κίθαριστής.

κίθαριστύς, υός, ῆ, (κίθαρις) a playing the lyre or
barp, the art of playing it.

κίθαροβυός, ῆ, ὄν, of or for *barp*-playing. From
κίθαρ-ωδός, δ, contr. for κίθαροιδός.

κίθων, ἄνος, δ, Ion. for χιτών.

κίσειν, inf. of a poet. aor. 2 ἔκικον ; see κίκα.

κίκα, τό, = κρότων. II. the berry of the κρότων,
cactor-berry.

ΚΙΚΙΝΝΟΣ, δ, a curled lock of hair, a ringlet of
hair, Lat. *cincinnus*.

κικκᾶσθαι, a cry in imitation of the screech-owl's
note, *tootibit*, *tootiboo*.

ΚΙΚΚΟΣ, δ, the bush, *ebell* of fruit, Lat. *ciscus*.
κυκλήσκειν, poet. redupl. form of καλέω, to call,
summon, *tootile* : to call on, *invokes* also in Med. II.
to accost, address. III. to name, call by name.

κικράω, Dor. for κεράννυμι, κινράω

ΚΙΚΥΣ, ῆ, strength, vigour.

*ΚΙΚΩ, a verb only found in -aor. 2 ἔκικον, inf.
κίσειν, and Dor. aor. 1 ἔκικα, med. ἐκίκαμην :—to
make to go, move, *toos*. (Akin to κλαίω and δαίσειν.)

Κιλίκιος, α, ον, Cilician. From

Κιλίξ, κως, δ, a Cilician. [Υ] Hence

Κιλίσσα, ης, ῆ, a Cilician woman. 2. as Adj.,
fem. of Κιλίκιος.)

κίλλι-βας, αγτες, δ, a *tristle*, stand or support for
anything, esp. for a shield. (From κίλλος, ass, βαίνω :
so Germ. *escl*, our *easel* and *horse*.) [Υ]

ΚΙΛΛΟΣ, δ, an ass. (Dor. word.)

Κιμῆριαι, οί, the Cimmerians, a people supposed to
dwell in perpetual darkness : later, a people about the
Palus Maeotus.

Κίμωλια (γη), ῆ, Cimolian earth, a kind of white
clay, like fuller's earth, from Cimolus in the Cyclades.

ΚΙΝΑΒΡΑ, ῆ, the rank smell of a goat. Hence
κίναβρᾶω, to smell like a goat.

κίναδος, εος, τό : vocat. κίναδε, as if it were masc.
—Sicil. word, a fox : metaph. a wily fellow, a cheat.

κινάθισμα, ατος, τό, a rustling motion, rustling.
(From κινάθίζω, = κινέω.) [Υᾶ]

κιν-άχυρα, ῆ, (κινέω, άχυρον) a kind of bag or sieve
for bolting flour.

κινδυνεμα, ατος, τό, a risk, venture, enterprise ; and

κινδυνεύεον, verb. Adj. one must venture ; and
κινδυνευτής, οὐ, δ, an adventurous person :—from
κινδυνεύω, f. σαι, to be daring, venture into danger,
run a risk, hazard. 2 absol. to make a venture,
do a daring thing : so with acc. of the danger, κ.
κινδυνεμα to venture the risk. II. from the notion

of running a risk, κινδυνεύω c. inf. comes to
mean, to run a risk or chance of doing, be likely to do
so and so ; κινδυνεύουσι οί άνθρωποι οἷτοι γόητες εἶναι
they run a risk of being reputed conjurers : hence κιν-
δυνεύει as impers. it seems to be, is likely :—Pass. to
be hazarded, exposed to danger. From

ΚΙΝΔΥΝΟΣ, δ, a danger, risk, hazard, venture
Lat. *periculum* : an experiment, trial ; κινδυνον ποιεῖν
Lat. *periculum facere*, to make an experiment.

κινεῖν, Dor. for κινεῖν, pres. imperat. pass. of κινέω.

κινέω, f. ἴσω. (κίω) to move, set in motion, set a-
going, urge on : to move a thing from its place ; hence,
to meddle with things sacred : to change, innovate. 2.
to set in motion, originate, be the author or contriver
of a thing. 3. to stir up, arouse : to move to anger,
provoke. 4. κινεῖν πᾶν χρέμα to set every engine

at work, turn every stone. II. Pass., with fut.
med. κινήσομαι and παρ. κινήθησομαι, aor. 1 ἐκινήθην :
to be put in motion, to be moved, to move, of an earth-
quake, as, ἐκινήθη Δῆλος.

κινήθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of κινέω.

κινήθιμος, δ, = κλησις, motion.

κλήσις, εως, ῆ, (κινέω) a moving or being moved ;
motion. II. excitement, commotion ; a move-
ment, disturbance. [κί]

κινήτηρ, ἦρος, δ, = κινήτης. Hence

κινήτηριος, α, ον, liable to move or excite.

κινήτης, οὐ, δ, (κινέω) a mover, author.

κινήτικός, ῆ, ὄν, (κινέω) putting in motion, stirring
up, exciting.

κιννάμωμον, τό, cinnamon, a word introduced by
the Greeks from the Phoenicians

κίννυμα, ατος, τό, (κινύσσομαι) a floating or hover-
ing body, a phantom. [κ]

κινύμαι, Ep. Pass. (from an absol. Ac* κινύμι), = κιν-
έομαι, to be in motion, go, move, march. [Υ]

κινύντο, Ep. for ἐκινύντο, 3 pl. imper. of κινύμαι.

κινύρομαι [Υ] Dep. to utter a plaintive sound, moan,
lament : a acc. cognate, χαλινὸν κινύρονται φόνον the
bridles ring or clash murderously. From

κινύρός, α, ὄν, wailing, plaintive. (Formed from
the sound.)

κινύσσω, = κινέω, to put in motion :—Pass. to waver,
be swayed to and fro.

κινώ, οὐς, ῆ, Dor. for κλησις.

κινό-κράνον. τό = κινονόκρανον.

κίονεν, Ep. for κίωμεν, I pl. subj. of κίω.

κίον, Ep. for ἔκικον, impf. of κίω.

κινονό-κράνον, τό, (κίω, κρονον) the capital of a
column.

κίονα, dat. pl. of κίον, a pillar.

Κίρκη, ῆ, Circe, an enchantress who changed

Ulysses' companions to swine, v. *Odyss. lib. 10, Hor.*

Epist. I. 2, 23.

κικρήλατος, *ov*, (κίρκος, ἐλαύνω) chased by a hawk.

ΚΙΡΚΟΣ, *δ*, a kind of hawk or falcon, which flies in wheels or circles. 2. a circle, ring, mostly in

form κίρκος. Hence

κίρκω, *f. ὥσω*, to hoop in, secure by rings.

κίρνω and -νῃ, *post.* forms of κεράννυμι, to mix wine with water:—from κίρνω comes 3 *sing. pres.* κίρνῃ, 3 *sing. impf.* κίρνω: from κίρνῃ, *Ep.* 3 *sing. impf.* κίρνῃ, *part.* κίρνῃς.

ΚΙΣ, *δ*, *gen.* κίος, *acc.* κίς, a worm in wood or in corn, the weevil, *Lat. curculio.*

κίστηρις, *εω*, *ῆ*, (κίς) the pumice-stone, *Lat. pumex.*

ΚΙΣΣΑΊΑ *Att.* κίττω, *ῆ*, a chattering bird, the jay. II. the longing of pregnant women, a craving for strange food. Hence

κισσαβίζω *Att.* κισσαβίζω, *f. ἴσω*, to scream like a jay.

κισσάω *Att.* κιστάω, *f. ἴσω*, (κίσσα II) to crave for strange food: generally, to long or yearn after.

κισσῆρης, *ε*, (κισσός) ivy-clad.

κισσηρις, *εω*, *ῆ*, —κισσηρις, *q. v.*

κισσίνοος, *η*, *ov*, (κισσός) of ivy.

κισσο-δέτης, *ov*, *δ*, *Dor.* -δέτας, (κισσός, δέω) bound or crowned with ivy.

κισσο-κόμης, *ov*, *δ*, (κισσός, κόμη) ivy-tressed, crowned with ivy.

ΚΙΣΣΟΣ *Att.* κιστός, *δ*, ivy, *Lat. hedera.*

κισσο-στεφάνος, *ov*, and κισσο-στεφής, *ε*, (κισσός, στέφανος, στέφω) ivy-wreathed.

κισσοφορέω *Att.* κιστ-, to be decked with ivy. From

κισσο-φόρος, *ov*, (κισσός, φέρω) wearing ivy, ivy-crowned: luxuriant with ivy.

κισσώω *Att.* κιστ-, *f. ὥσω*, (κισσός) to deck with ivy.

κισσύβιον [ῆ], τό, (κισσός) a drinking-cup either made of ivy-wood or with ivy-leaves carved on it.

κισσωτός, *η*, *ov*, (κισσός) decked with ivy.

ΚΙΣΤΗ, *ῆ*, a box, chest, *Lat. cista.*

κιστίς, *ἴδος*, *ῆ*, *Dim.* of κίστη, a little chest.

ΚΙΤΡΕΊΑ or κιστρία, *ῆ*, the citron-trees.

κίτρενος, *η*, *ov*, (κίτρον) of citron.

κίτρον, τό, the fruit of the κιστρία, citron.

κίττα, κιστάβιον, κιστάω, *Att.* for κισσ-.

κιστός, *δ*, *Att.* for κισσ-.

κixάνω [α], used only in *pres.* and *impt. indic.*, in *inf.* κixάνειν, and *Med.* κixάνομαι: most of the

other moods and tenses being formed as if from κixήμι:—*Ep.* subj. κixείω, *opt.* κixείην, *inf.* κixήναι

Ep. κixήμεναι, *part.* κixῆς and *Med.* κixήμενος: so *impt.* κixήν, 2 *sing.* κixῆς (as if from κixείω): 1 *pl.* κixήμεν, 3 *dual* κixήην: *fut.* κixήσομαι: *aor.* 2 κixήχον *Ep.* κixον, *part.* κixών: *aor.* 1 *med.* κixήχάμεν:

Att. κixήναι, *q. v.*:—to light upon, meet with, find: to arrive at.

κixείην, *opt.* of κixάνω.

κixῆς, *pres. part.* of κixήμι, —κixάνω.

κixέομεν, *Ep.* for κixώμεν, *Ep.* 1 *pl.* subj. of κixήμι.

κixήλα, *ῆ*, *Dor.* for κixήλῃ.

κixήμεναι, κixήμενος, v. sub κixάνω

*κixήμι, v. sub κixάνω.

κixήσομαι, *fut.* of κixάνω.

κixον, *aor.* 2 of κixάνω.

ΚΙΧΛΗ, *ῆ*, a thrush or fieldfare, *Lat. turdus.*

κixλίζω, *f. ἴσω* *Att.* ἰώ, to titter, giggle, formed like

καρχαλίζω from the sound. II. (κixλή) to eas

κixλήν, to live daintily.

κixλίσθοντι, *Dor.* for κixλίσουσι, 3 *pl.* of κixλίζω.

κixλίσμός, *δ*, (κixλίζω) a tittering, giggling. II.

(κixλή) daintily living.

κixήρῃ, *fut.* χρήσω: *aor.* 1 ἐχρήσα: (see χράω c. II):

—to lend.

II. *Mod.* κixήραμαι, *fut.* χρήσομαι:

aor. 1 ἐχρήσάμην:—to have lent to one, to borrow.

*ΚΙΩΝ, to go, *pres.* not used in *indic.*: subj. κίω,

Ep. 1 *pl.* κίωμεν; *opt.* κίωμι, *part.* κίών, κίωσα: *impt.*

κίωον *Ep.* κίω:—to go: of ships, to sail.

ΚΙΩΝ, *ov*, *δ* and *ῆ*, a pillar, column. II. =

στήλη, a graves-stone, *Lat. ciprus* [I]

κixγγάνω, *collat. form.* of κλάω, of hounds, to give

longue: of birds, to scream, screech.

κixγγαῖντι, *Dor.* for κixγγούσι, 3 *pl.* of

κixγγέω, = κλάω, of hounds, to give tongue.

κixγγή, *ῆ*, (κλάω) any sharp, quick sound, as the

twang of the bow, the scream of birds, the bissing of

serpents, the barking or baying of dogs: also the

grunting of swine. Hence

κixγγήδων, *Adv.* with a clang, noise, din.

κixγγός, *ά*, *ov*, (κλάω) screaming, screeching.

κixγγός, *aor.* 1 *part.* of κλάω.

κixδάρος, *ά*, *ov*, (κλάω) broken, fragile, brittle.

κixδας, *irreg. acc. pl.* of κλάδου.

κixδας, *Dor.* for κixείας, *acc. pl.* of κλείς.

κixδῆ, *Dor.* for κλειδί, *dat.* of κλείς.

κixδῆιον, τό, *Dim.* of κλάδος.

κixδίσκος, *δ*, *Dim.* of κλάδος.

κλάδος, *ov*, *δ*, (κλάω) a young slip or shoot of a tree:

a young branch or shoot, esp. an olive-branch, which

was wound round with wool and presented by sup-

pliants.

ΚΛΑΪΩ, *f.* κλάγω: *aor.* 1 ἐκλαγα: *Ep.* *aor.* 2

ἐκλάγον, *inf.* κλαγέιν: *pf.* with *pres.* sense κέκλαγα

and κέκλαγα, *part.* κελήγως, ὅτος, also κελήγων,

οντος (as if from a new *pres.* κελήγω):—*Pass.*

paullo-p. *fut.* κελάγομαι:—to make a sharp, quick

sound; of arrows in the quiver, to clash, clang, rattle,

of birds, to scream, screech: of dogs, to bark or bay,

of the wind, to rustle: of men, to shout aloud, halloo,

shout forth, cry out.

κλαίσκον, *Ion.* *impt.* of κλαίω.

κλάτῃ, *gen.* κλάδου, *ῆ*, *Dor.* for κλητί, κλείς, *Lat. clavic.*

κλαίστρον, *Dor.* for κλειστόν, κλειθρον.

ΚΛΑΪΩ *Att.* κλάω [α]: *f.* κλαύσομαι *Dor.* κλαυ-

σομαι: also κλαύσω *Att.* κλάθω: *aor.* 1 ἐκλαυσα:

Ep. κλαύσα:—*Pass.*, paullo-p. *fut.* κελάυσομαι: *pf.*

κέκλαυμαι and κέκλαυμαι:—to weep, lament, wail:

hence *Att.* phrase, κλαύσεται he shall weep, i.e. he

shall repent it, have cause to rue it: so, κλαίων and

your peril, to your sorrow; κλάειν σε λέγω, Lat. *plorare te jubeo*. II. transit. to bewail, mourn, deplore:—Pass. *to be mourned for or lamented*; also *κεκλαυμένοις bathed in tears, weeping*.
 κλάξ, ἄκος, ἥ, Dor. for κλείς, a key.
 κλαξῶ, Dor. fut. of κλείω, to shut.
 κλαπῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κλέπτω.
 κλάριος, ον, (κλάρος) apportioning by lot. [ἄ]
 κλάρος, κλαῖρος, κλαρόνομέω, Dor. for κληρ-
 κλάσε, Ep. for ἐκλάσε, 3 sing. aor. I of κλάω.
 κλαῖσι-βῶλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἥ, (κλάω, βῶλαξ) *clod-break-
 ing*.
 κλάσις, εως, ἥ, (κλάω) a breaking. [ἦ]
 κλάσμα, ατος, τό, (κλάω) *that which is broken off,
 a fragment, piece, morsel*.
 κλάσσε, κλάσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I act. and med.
 of κλάω.
 κλαστάξω, f. ἄσω, (κλάω) to *prune a vine*, Lat. *ram
 pinare*; metaph. *to bring down, humble*.
 κλαστός, ἥ, ὄν, (κλάω) *broken in pieces*.
 κλαῖω, Dor. for κλάω, fut. of κλάω.
 κλαυμός, ὁ, (κλαίω), a weeping, wailing. Hence
 κλαυμύριζω, f. σω, to make to weep. Hence
 κλαυμύρισμός, ὁ, a crying like a child.
 κλαῖμα, ατος, τό, (κλαίω) a weeping, wailing. II.
 a trouble, misfortune.
 κλαῦσάρα, by ctasis for κλαῦσαι ἄρα. [σᾶ]
 κλαῦσε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κλαίω
 κλαυσάω, (κλαῦσις) *to wish to weep*; τὸ θύριον
 φθεγγόμενον ἄλλας κλαυσῆ the door is like to weep,
 i. e. *shall suffer*, for creaking without cause.
 κλαυσί-γελως, ωτος, and ω, ὁ, (κλαίω, γέλω) *smiles
 and tears*. [ῖ]
 κλαυσί-μάχος, ον, (κλαίω, μάχη) parody on the
 name of *Lamachus, Rue-the-fight*.
 κλαῦσομαι, fut. of κλαίω:—Dor. κλαουσόμεαι.
 κλαυστός or κλαυτός, ἥ, ὄν, (κλαίω) *wept, bewailed*;
to be bewailed, mournful.
 ΚΛΑ΄Ω: f. κλάω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐκλάσα Ep. κλάσα,
 κλάσσα: aor. 2 part. κλάς, as if from κλήμ:—Pass.,
 aor. I ἐκλάσθην: pf. κέκλασμαι:—*to break, break off,
 break in pieces*: of plants, *to prune*:—metaph. *to
 weaken, enervate*.
 κλάω, Att. for κλαίω, as κᾶω for καίω. [ᾶ]
 κλέα, Ep. shortd. form of κλέα, plur. c. κλέος.
 κλεινός or κλεονός, ἥ, ὄν, poet. for κλεινός, famous.
 κληδών, Ep. for κληδών
 κλείω, contr. of κλέα, nom. and acc. pl. of κλέος.
 κλειδίον, τό, Dim. of κλείς, a little key.
 κλειδουχέω Att. κληδ-, *to hold the keys, have the
 charge or custody of*; κλειδουχεῖν θεῶς *to be priestess
 of a goddess*:—Pass. *to be watched*. From
 κλειδ-ούχος Att. κληδ-, ον, (κλείς, ἔχω) *holding the
 keys, having charge or custody of*: of a goddess, tutelary.
 κλειδο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἥ, (κλείς, φύλαξ)—*foreg.*
 κλείζω, f. κλείζω Dor. for κλήζω.
 κλειθρον Att. κληθρον Ion. κλήθρον, τό, (κλείω)
 a bolt or bar for closing a door.

κλεινός, ἥ, ὄν, (κλέος) famous, renowned, illustrious.
 κλείζω, aor. I inf. of κλείζω, Dor. for κλήζω.
 κλείς, ἥ, gen. κλειδός: acc. κλείδα Att. κλείν: pl.
 nom. κλείδες, acc. κλείδας contr. κλείς: Ion. κληίς,
 gen. κληίδος, acc. κληίδα: old Att. κλης, gen. κλη-
 δός, acc. κληδα:—*a thing to close the door with*: I.
 a key, by which the bolt (ὄχεύς) was shot or unshot
 from the outside: if the door was fastened on the in-
 side, there was a latch (ἰμάς) by which the bolt was
 made fast to the handle (κοράνη). 2. a bar or
 bolt, commonly of wood, drawn across the door. 3.
 metaph. of silence, κλης ἐπὶ γλώσσῃ a key on the
 tongue, as if from some weight pressing it down;
 κληδας ἔχειν, like κληδουχεῖν, *to watch, have the
 charge of*. II. the book or tongue of a clasp. III.
 the collar-bone, Lat. *jugulum*; κληθε ποίεργει εὐχένα
 τε στήθος te locks the neck and breast together. IV.
 a bench for rowers. V. a narrow strait or pass,
 such as we call the key of a country; mostly in pl., as,
 Κλείδες τῆς Κύπρου.
 κλείς, contr. nom. and acc. pl. of κλείς, κλειδός.
 κλειστός, old Att. κληστός, Ion. κληϊστός, ἥ, ὄν,
to be shut or closed.
 κλειστρον, τό, (κλείω) a bolt, bar, Lat. *claustrum*.
 κλειτός, ἥ, ὄν, (κλείω v), renowned, famous: of
 things, splendid, excellent.
 ΚΛΕ΄Ω (A); f. κλείω: aor. I ἐκλείσα:—Pass.,
 aor. I ἐκλείσθην: pf. κέκλεισμαι and κέκλειμαι:—
 Ion. and Ep. pres. κληίω: f. κληίω: aor. I ἐκλήισα
 Ep. κλήισα:—old Att. κλήω, f. κληίω: aor. I ἐκ-
 λησα: pf. pass. κέκλημαι:—Dor. fut. κλαξῶ. Lat.
 CLAUDO, *to shut, shut up, close, keep fast*: *to con-
 fine*:—Pass. *to be shut up*.
 κλείω (B), poet. for κλάω, *to celebrate*.
 Κλειώ, οὐς, ἥ, (κλέος) *Clio, the Celebrator, the Muse
 of Epic Poetry and History*.
 κλέμμα, ατος, τό, (κλέπτω) a thing stolen: a
 theft. 2. a trick, device, stratagem.
 κλέος, τό, only used in nom. and acc.: Ep. pl. κλέα,
 κλεία for κλέα:—a rumour, report, common fame,
 news; σὺν κλέος news of thee: v. *to mere report*, opp.
 to certainty; ἡμεῖς δὲ κλέος ὅλον ἀκούομεν οὐδὲ τι
 ἴδμεν we hear a rumour only, but know not any
 thing. II. good report, fame, glory; also *repute*
 whether good or bad:—in plur., κλέα ἀνδρῶν ἀειδεῖν
 to sing the glorious deeds of heroes; κλέος ἀρεσθῆαι
 to win honour.
 κλέπτω, Dor. for κλέπτην, acc. of κλέπτης.
 κλεπτόν, verb. Adj. of κλέπτω, one must withhold
 κλεπτοσκον, Ion. impf. of κλέπτω.
 κλεπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and κλέπτης, ου, ὁ, (κλέπτω) a
 thief: generally, a rogue, deceiver.
 κλεπτίστατος, η, ον, Att. Sup. formed from κλέ-
 πτης the most arrogant thief.
 κλεπτον, v. κλέπτω.
 κλεπτοσύνη, ἥ, *thieviness, knavery*. From
 ΚΛΕ΄ΠΤΩ: f. ψω, or med. κλέβομαι: aor. I ἐκ-
 λεψα: pf. κέκλοφα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκλέφθην: aor. 2

ἐκλάπην [α], inf. κλαπῆναι: pf. κέκλεμαι:—*to steal, filch, purloin*: of women, *to carry off*: part. κλέπτων, οὖσα, ov, *thievish*; κλέπτων βλέπει he has a *thief's* look. II. *to cozen, cheat, beguile, deceive*: hence *to mislead*.

III. *to withhold, conceal, keep secret, disguise*. IV. generally, *to do a thing slyly or treacherously*: so c. part., κλέπτων ποιεῖ he does it *secretly*.

κλεψίφρων, ov, gen. ονος, (κλέπτω, φρήν) of *deceptive mind, dissembling*. κλεψίχωλος, ov, (κλέπτω, χῶλος) *disguising lameness*. [Y]

κλεψύδρα, ἡ, (κλέπτω, ὕδωρ) a *water-clock*, with a narrow orifice through which the water trickled, (instead of sand, as in our glasses);—used to time speeches in law-courts.

ΚΛΕΨΩ. Ep. κλείω (κλέος) = κλήζω, *to tell of, celebrate, glorify, extol*:—Pass. *to be famous*. II. — καλέω, *to call*.

κλήδες, Att. for κλείδες, nom. pl. of κλής.

κλήδην, Adv. (καλέω) *by name*.

κλήδονισμα, atos, τό, (κλήδων) a *sign or omen*.

κλήδ-ουχέω, κλήδ-ούχος, Att. for κλειδ-.

κλήδων, ὄνος, ἡ, Ep. κληδών and κληηδών: (κλέω): *an omen, presage, boding*. II. a *rumour, report*: *reputation, glory*.

III. a *calling, invocation*. κλήζω (A), f. ἦσα: aor. I ἐκλήσα: pf. pass. κέκλησμαι:—Ion. pres. κληίζω Dor. κλειζω: (κλέος):—*to make famous, to celebrate*. II. *to name, call*:—

Pass. *to be spoken of, be mentioned*.

κλήζω (B), f. σω, late form for κλήω, κλείω, *to tell*.

κλήδων, Ep. for κληδών:

κλήθηναι, aor. I inf. pass. of καλέω.

ΚΛΗΘΡΑ Ion. κλήθρη, ἡ, *the alder*, Lat. *alnus*.

κλήθρον, τό, Att. for Ion. κλήθρον, = κλειθρον.

κλήιδεσσι, Ep. for κληῖσι, dat. pl. of κληῖς.

κλήϊζω, f. ἴσω, Ion. for κληῖζω.

κλήϊθρον, τό, Ion. for κληῖθρον, κλειθρον.

κλήϊς, ἴδος, ἡ, Ion. for κλεις.

κλήϊσα, Ep. aor. I of κληῖω, κλείω.

κλήϊστός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for κληῖστός, κλειστός.

κλήϊω, f. ἴσω, Ion. for κλείω, *to shut*.

κλήϊμα, atos, τό, (κλάω) a *shoot or twig broken off* to be grafted on another tree, a *slip, cutting*: esp. a *vine-twig*, Lat. *palmes*. Hence

κλημάτινος, η, ov, *made of vine-twigs*.

κλημαῖτις, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of κλήϊμα: mostly in pl. *brushwood, fagot-wood*.

κληρίον, τό, Dim. of κλήρος, a *small portion*.

κληρονομέω, f. ἴσω, (κληρονόμος) *to obtain a portion or lot*: *to receive a share of an inheritance, to inherit*. Hence

κληρονόμημα, atos, τό, *an inheritance*: an

κληρονομία, ἡ, (κληρονομέω) *an inheritance, patrimony*: generally, *possession, property*.

κληρονόμος, ov, (κλήρος, νέμομαι) *receiving one's portion*: as Subst., κληρόνομος, ὁ, *an inheritor, heir*.

κληρο-πάλλης, ἐς, (κλήρος, πάλλς) *distributed by shaking the lots*.

κλήρος Dor. κλάρος, ov, ὁ, a *lot*; *twigs, potsherds*, or even a *clod of earth* was used for the purpose. In Homer each hero marks his own lot, and they are thrown into a helmet: the first which came out was the winning lot. 2. a *casting lots, drawing lots*.

II. *an allotment, portion*, often of *conquered land*: *an inheritance, estate, property*: generally, *lands*.

III. *the clergy*, as opp. to *the laity*.

κληρουῖέω, fut. ἴσω, (κληρούχος) *to possess or hold by allotment*, *to have allotted to one*. Hence

κληρουχία, ἡ, *the allotment or portioning out of land in a foreign country among the citizens of a state*. 2. *the body of citizens among whom it was divided*.—An Athenian κληρουχία differed from a colony (ἀποικία), in that the κληρούχοι were still citizens of the mother-country, instead of forming an independent state.

κληρουχικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κληρουχία) of or for a κληρουχία or apportionment of land.

κληρούχος, ov, (κλήρος, ἔχω) *holding or possessing of an allotment of land*; esp. of *land in a foreign country portioned out among the citizens* as Subst., κληρούχος, ὁ, a *portion-holder*.

2. metaph., πολλῶν ἐτῶν κληρούχος *possessed of many years*, i.e. *advanced in years*.

κληρώω, f. ὠσω, (κλήρος) *to choose by lot*, and generally, *to choose*: of the lot, *to fall on one, designate*.

—Pass. *to be chosen by lot*:—Med. *to cast lots for a thing, to have a thing allotted one*. II. *to allot, assign, apportion*:—Pass., κληρούσθαι δούλη *to be allotted as a slave, to have slavery for one's lot*. Hence

κλήρωσις, εως, ἡ, a *choosing by lot*.

κληρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κληρώω) *appointed by lot*.

κλης, κληδός, old Att. for κλεις, κλειδός.

κληῖσις, εως, ἡ, (καλέω) a *calling*: a *calling into court, legal summons, citation*: hence an *indictment, impeachment*.

2. a *calling or invitation to a feast*.

3. a *name, appellation*.

κλήσις, εως, ἡ, (κλήω = κλείω) a *shutting up, closing, blockading*.

κλήσω, fut. of κλήω = κλείω:—also of κλήζω.

κλητεύω, f. σω, (καλέω, κλητός) *to cite or summon into court*.

II. *to be a witness, give evidence*.

κλητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (καλέω) *one who calls, a summoner*.

II. a *witness, called to prove that this legal summons has been served*.

κλητός, ἡ, ὄν, (καλέω) *called, invited*: *welcome*. *called out, chosen*.

κλήω, old Att. for κλείω, *to shut*.

κλιβάνιτης, κλιβάνος, v. sub κριβαν-.

κλιθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of κλίνω.

κλίμα [Y], τό, (κλίνω) an *inclination, slope*. II

a *region or zone of the earth, climate*: *climate*.

κλιμάκιον, τό, Dim. of κλίμαξ, a *small stair or ladder, a flight of steps*.

κλιμακτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κλίμαξ) *the step of a staircase, round of a ladder.*

κλίμαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, (κλίνω) *a ladder or staircase, flight of steps, from its leaning ascent: a scaling-ladder: a ship's ladder.*

II. *An instrument like a ladder, on which persons were tortured.*

III. in Soph. Trach., κλίμακες ἀμφίπλεκτοι seem to be twistings or grapplings of two bodies entangled with each other.

IV. in Rhetoric, a *climax*, a gradual ascent from weaker expressions to stronger, as in Cicero against Catiline, *abitu evasit erupit.*

κλίναν, Ep. for ἐκλιναν, 3 pl. aor. I of κλίνω.

κλίνη, ἡ, (κλίνω) *that on which one lies, a couch, bed: also a bier.* [I]

κλίνῃσαν, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κλίνω.

κλινήρης, ἐς, (κλίνη, ἀράρεϊν) *bed-ridden.*

κλίνθηρ, Ep. aor. I pass. of κλίνω.

κλινίδιον, τό, Dim. of κλίνη, *a small couch.*

κλινίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of κλίνη, *a small couch.*

κλινό-πετής, ἐς, (κλίνη, πεσεῖν) *bed-ridden.*

κλινό-χάρης, ἐς, (κλίνω, χαρῆναι) *fond of bed.*

κλιτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κλίνω) *a couch, bed, sofa.*

ΚΛΙΝΩ [I]: fut. κλινῶ: aor. I ἐκλίνα: pf. κέκλιμαι:

—Med., aor. I ἐκλινάμην:—Pass., aor. I ἐκλίνθην and ἐκλίθην [Y], aor. 2 ἐκλίνην [X]: pf. κέκλιμαι:—*to make slope or slant, incline.* 2. *to make one thing slope against another, prop or rest it against.* 3.

to turn aside; ὅσσε πάλιν κλίνειν to turn back the eyes. 4. *to make to recline or sit down, esp. at meat.* II. *Pass. to be bent: to bend aside, to swerve.* 2. *to lean, rest, support oneself against a thing.* 3. *to lie down, esp. at meals, Lat. discumbere.* 4. of Places, *to be sloping: λίμνη κεκλιμένη sloping towards the lake.* 5. *to wander from the right course.*

III. Med. *to decline, verge: so later in Act., ὁ ἥλιος κλίνει the sun declines; κλίνειν ἐπὶ τὸ χεῖρον to fall away for the worse.*

κλίσια Ion. —τη, ἡ, (κλίνω) *a place for lying down: a hut, tent, cot, or cabin, used by herdsmen in time of peace, and by soldiers in time of war: as they were of wood, an army on breaking up did not strike the κλίσιας, but burned them on the spot: the collected κλίσιας formed a camp.* II. *a couch, bed.* III. *a company of people sitting at meals.*

κλίσιάδες, αὐ, αἱ, (κλίνω) *folding-doors or gates: metaph. an entrance. Prob. better κλεισιάδες, from κλείω to shut.*

κλίστηθεν, Adv. (κλίσια) *out of a cot or tent.*

κλίστηνδε, Adv. *to a cot or tent.*

κλίσιον, τό, (κλίσια) *the outbuildings round a herdsman's lodge.*

κλίσιν, εὖς, ἡ, (κλίνω) *a bending, inclination.* II. *a lying down, reclining.* [Y]

κλισμός, ὁ, (κλίνω) *a couch or chair for reclining.*

κλίτος, τό, = κλίμα II, *a climate.* [Y]

κλίτῳ, νός, ἡ, acc. pl. κλίτῳ: (κλίνω) *a sloping place, slope, bill-side, Lat. clivus.*

κλοιός, ὁ, with irreg. pl. κλοιά, as well as κλοιοί:

Art. κλοφός: (κλείω):—*a dog-collar: esp. a large wooden collar: hence also a pillory.*

κλονέω, f. ἴσω, (κλίνω) *to drive in confusion, to confound, agitate, distract:—Pass. to flee in confusion, rush wildly: to be beaten by the waves.*

ΚΛΟΝΟΣ, ὁ, any violent motion, esp. the press of battle, the battle-rout: generally, a tumult, throng.

κλοπαίος, α, ον, (κλόψ) *stolen: furtive, stealthy.*

κλοπέως, ἔως, ὁ, (κλέπτω) *a thief: a secret door.*

κλοπή, ἡ, (κλέπτω) *theft.*

II. *a stealthy act, fraud: ποδοῦν κλοπὰν ἀρέσθαι to steal away on foot.*

κλόπιος, α, ον, (κλοπή) *thievish, artful.*

κλοπός, ὁ, (κλέπτω) *a thief.*

κλοτοπεύω, *to deal subtly: a lengthd. form of κλέπτω, κλοπεύω.*

κλύδων, αὐος, ὁ, (κλύω) *awave, billow, surge.* II. metaph., κλύδων κακῶν *a flood of ills.* Hence

κλύδωνίζομαι, Pass. *to be tossed by the waves.*

κλύδωνιον, τό, Dim. of κλύδων, *a little wave, ripple: but often like κλύδων, a wave: a surging sea.*

ΚΛΥΨΩ: Ion. impf. κλύζεσκον: fut. κλύσω [Y]

Ep. κλύσσω: Pass., aor. I ἐκλύσθην: pf. κέκλυμαι:—*to wash or dash against, break over:—Pass. of the sea, to be stormy, dash bigd: so intr. in Act., κύματα κλύζεσκον ἐπ' ἡτίονα the waves dashed, broke against the shore.*

II. *to wash off or away: to wash out.* 2. κισσύβιον κεκλυσμένον καρῶ *a wooden vessel washed or coated with wax.*

κλύθι, aor. 2 imperat. of κλύω.

κλύμενος, η, ον, (κλύω) = κλυτός, famous. [Y]

κλύσμα, τό, (κλύω) *a liquid used for washing out: a clyster or drench.* II. *the part washed by the waves, the beach.*

κλυστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κλύω) *a clyster-pipe, syringe.*

κλύτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of κλύω.

κλύτῳ-δενδρῳ, ον, (κλυτός, δένδρον) *famed for trees.*

κλύτο-εργός, ον, (κλυτός, ἔργον) *famous for work.*

κλύτῳ-καρπῳ, ον, (κλυτός, καρπός) *famous with fruit.*

κλύτῳ-μητις, ι, (κλυτός, μήτις) *famous for skill.*

κλύτῳ-μοχθῳ, ον, (κλυτός, μόχθος) *famous for toils.*

κλύτῳ-νόος, ον, contr. -νους, ονν, (κλυτός, νόος) *famous for wisdom.*

κλύτῳ-παῖς, παιδῶς, ὁ, ἡ, (κλυτός, παῖς) *with famous children*

κλύτῳ-πῶλος, ον, (κλυτός, πῶλος) *famous for horses,*

κλυτός, ἡ, ον, also ὅς, ὅν, (κλύω) *beard of, famous, glorious, renowned.* 2. of things, glorious, noble, splendid, beautiful.

κλύτο-τέχνη, ον, ὁ, (κλυτός, τέχνη) *famous for art, renowned artist.*

κλύτῳ-τόξῳ, ον, (κλυτός, τόξον) *famous for the bow, renowned archer.*

ΚΛΥΨΩ: impf. or aor. 2 ἐκλυον, imperat. sing. and pl. (as if from κλύμι), κλύθι, κλύτε, Ep. redupl. κέκλυθι, κέκλυτε:—*to bear, to give ear to, listen to, hearken to: but also c. gen. to obey.* 3. *to bear, learn by bearing, ascertain.*

4. generally, *to prove*

ceive. II. *to bear oneself called, be called so and so, like ἀκούω.* Lat. *audio*; κακῶς κλέειν *to be ill spoken of.*

ΚΛΩΒΟΣ, ὁ, *a cage, bird-cage.*

κλωγμός, ὁ, (κλώζω) *the whistle or sound which a rider uses to his horse.*

ΚΛΩΖΩ, *f. κλώγω, to croak, have a hoarse note, properly of jackdaws.*

ΚΛΩΘΩ, *fut. κλώσω, to twist, spin, esp. of the goddesses of fate.* Hence

Κλωθά, οὐα, ἡ, Lat. *Klotho*, one of the three Μοῖραι or Fates, who span the thread of life.

κλωμάκους, εσσα, *en, stony, rocky, rugged.* From

ΚΛΩΜΑΣ or κρώμαξ, ἄκος, *os, a heap of stones.*

κλών, *gen. κλωνός, ὁ, (κλάω) = κλάδος, a young shoot, sprout, twig, Lat. vireulus.*

κλωνίον, *Dim. of κλών.*

κλωός, *Att. for κλωίος.*

κλωπεύω, *f. σω, = κλοπεύω, to steal.*

κλωπικός, ἡ, *όν, (κλάψ) thievish, furtive.*

κλωπο-πάτωρ, *ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (κλάψ, πατήρ) of a thievish or unknown father.* [ἄ]

κλωστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κλάθω) *a thread, yarn, line.*

κλωστός, ἡ, *όν, (κλώθω) spun, twisted.*

κλώψ, κλωπός, ὁ, (κλέπτω) *a thief, Lat. fur.*

κνώω, = *Att. κνώω, like κνώω for Att. κνώω, etc.*

κνώκων, *ορος, ὁ, Dor. for κνήκων, the goat: see κνηκός.*

κνώμα, *Dor. for κνήμη.*

κνώμος, *Dor. for κνημός.*

κνώμπτω, *old Att. for γνάμπτω.*

κνώπτω or γνάμπτω: *f. ψω: (κνώω): to scratch: esp. to tease, card or comb wool, to full cloth, from the tease or comb (κνώφος) which was used.* II. *metaph. to mangle, tear, lacerate.*

κνώσαιω, *2 sing. aor. I opt. mea. or κνώω.*

κνώσω, κνώσαι, *Dor. for κνήσω, κνήσαι, fut. and aor. I inf. of κνώω.*

κνώφειον *Ion. ἥιον, τό, (κνώπτω) a fuller's shop.*

κνώφεις or γναφείς, *εἰω, ὁ, Lat. fullio, a fuller, cloth-carder or dresser, clothes-cleaner.*

κνώφυνω, *f. σω, (κναφύνω) to full or card cloth.*

κνώφῆιον, *Ion. for κναφείον.*

κνώφος, ὁ, (κνώω) *the prickly teasel, Lat. spina fulonica, a plant used by fullers to card or clean cloth: hence also a carding-comb; also used as an instrument of torture.*

ΚΝΑΨΩ, *Att. 2 and 3 sing. κνήσ, κνή, inf. κνήν; impf. 3 sing. κνήη Ep. κνή (used in the sense of aor. 2): fut. κνήσω: aor. I κνήσθην—to scrape or grate, Lat. radere: to scrape off: metaph. to wear down, scrape away:—Med., κνάσθαι τὰ ἄτα to tickle one's ears.*

κνεφάζω, *f. ἄσω, (κνέφω) to cloud over.*

κνεφαίος, *α, ὦν, also ὦς, ὦν, (κνέφας) dark, gloomy, murky. 2. in the dark, either at nightfall or before daybreak.*

κνέφας, *τό, Att. gen. κνέφους; dat. κνέφω ποῖτ. κνέφει: (νέφος) darkness, dusk at nightfall, also the morning twilight or dawn, Lat. diluculum.*

κνή, *Ep. for κνήη, 3 sing. impf. of κνώω.*

κνήθω, *f. κνήσω, (κνώω) to scratch.*

κνήθω:—*Pass. to itch.*

κνηκίαι, *ον, ὁ, v. sub κνηκός.*

ΚΝΗΨΟΣ, ἡ, *Lat. cnicus or cnicus, a plant of the thistle kind.*

κνηκός, ἡ, *όν, Dor. κνώκός, ἄ, ὦν, (κνήκος) pale yellow, whitish yellow, hence the goat is called ὁ κνάκων and the wolf ὁ κνηκίας.*

κνήμ-αργός, *ον, (κνήμη, ἀργός) white-legged.*

ΚΝΗΜΗ, ἡ, *the part of the leg between the knee and ankle, the leg, Lat. tibia.*

κνημίδο-φόρος, *ον, (κνήμη, φέρω) wearing greaves to protect the leg.*

κνήμις, *ἰδος, ἡ, (κνήμη) a greave, leg-armour, reaching from knee to ankle; the κνημίδες consisted of two parts, and were fastened with silver clasps (ἐπισφύρια); but βότεια κνημίδες are boots or leg-gings of ox-hide, to protect the legs.*

κνημός, ὁ, (κνήμη) *the slope or shoulder of a mountain; as it were the leg, opp. to πούς (the foot).*

κνησιώω, *f. ἄσω, Desiderat. of κνώω, to wish to scratch, to itch.*

κνήσμα, *τό, (κνώω) an itching*

κνησμονή, ἡ, —*κνήσμα.*

κνήστις, *εἰς and ἰος, ἡ; contr. dat. κνήστῃ: (κνώω) a knife for scraping, a rasp, grater.*

κνήθη, ἡ, (κνήω) *a nettle, Lat. urtica.* [ῥ]

Κνίδιος, *α, ὦν, Cnidian, of or from Cnidos. From Κνίδος, ἡ, Cnidus.*

κνίλη, *η, ἡ, —κνίλη. From*

κνίλω: *f. κνίσω: aor. I κνίσω Dor. κνίφα:—Pass., aor. I κνίσθην: (κνώω): to scrape or grate, rasp.*

II. *to make to itch: hence metaph. to nettle, tease, chafe, vex:—Pass. to be teased, chafed, fretted.*

κνίπός, *όν, (κνίω) scraping, niggardly, miserly.*

ΚΝΙΨΑ *Ep. κνίσω, η, ἡ, Lat. nidor, the smell or savour of a victim, name of a burnt sacrifice.* II.

the fat-caul, in which the flesh of the victim was wrapped: the fat itself. Hence

κνισάαι, *εσσα, ὦν, Dor. for κνισήαι*

κνισάντω. *Dor. for κνισάντω, dat. of κνισάαι*

κνισάω, *f. ἦσω, (κνίσω) to fill with the steam or savour of a burnt sacrifice.*

II. *metr. to raise the steam of sacrifice.*

κνίσω, *Dor. for κνίω.*

κνισήαι *Dor. κνισάαι, εσσα, ὦν, (κνίω) full of the steam of sacrifice, steaming.*

κνίσμα, *τό, (κνίω) that which is caused by itching: a scratch, scraping.*

κνισμός, ὁ, (κνίω) *an itching of the skin, tickling, irritation, fretting.*

κνισο-διώκτης, *ον, ὁ, (κνίσω, διώκω) hunting after the smell of roast meat, name of a mouse.*

κνίσσα, κνισσάαι, *less correct forms for κνίσω, κνισάαι, etc.*

κνισωτός, ἡ, *όν, (κνισώω) steaming with burnt sacrifice.*

κνήψ, δ, also ἥ, gen. κνήπος, pl. κνήπες, (κνήψω) a kind of *emmet*, which gnaws figs.

κνήβη, contr. for κνώβα.

κνυζάομαι and -έομαι, Dep. only used in pres., to *wbine, whimper*, of a dog; also of children. (Formed from the sound.) Hence

κνυζηθμός, δ, a *wbining, whimpering*.

κνυζήμα, τό, = κνυζηθμός.

κνυζέω, f. ὥσω, to *disfigure, make dim and dark*.

κνώω, f. ὤσω [ῥ]: (κνώω) to *scratch or touch gently*.

κνώδαλον, τό, any *dangerous animal, a monster, beast*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κνώδων, οντος, δ, (δδούς) a *sword*: pl. κνώδοντες, two *projecting scabb* on the blade of a hunting spear; ξίφους διπλοὶ κνώδοντες a *cross-hilted sword*.

ΚΝΩΨΞΩ, only used in pres. to *nod, slumber, sleep*.

κοάλεμος, δ, a *stupid fellow, booby*. [α]

κοάξ, Comic word formed to imitate the croaking of frogs βρεκεκεκέξ κοάξ κοάξ.

κοάω, v. κοάω.

κοβαλίκευμα, τό, a *knavisb trick*. From

κοβαλίκευω, to *play the knave*. From

κόβαλος, δ, an *impudent rogue, an arrant knave*: neut. Adj. κόβαλα, *knavisb tricks, rogueries*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΚΟΤΥΧΗ, ἡ, a *muscle or cockle*, Lat. *concha*: also a *muscle-shell*. II. the *case round a seal* attached to documents: (hence ἀνακογχυλιάζω), to *unseal*).

κόγχος, δ, also ἡ, = κόγχη, a *muscle or cockle*.

κογχύλη, ἡ, = κόγχη. [ῥ] Hence

κογχυλιάτης (sub. λίθος), ου, δ, a *shelly marble*. [α]

κογχύλιον, τό, (κογχύλη) a *muscle or cockle*: also its *shell*, generally, a *bivalve-shell*. [ῥ]

κοδράντης, ου, δ, Greek form of the Lat. *quadrans*, = $\frac{1}{4}$ of an *as*, about $\frac{1}{2}$ d. English.

ΚΟΕΨ or κοάω contr. κοῶ, Ion. for νοέω νοῶ, to *mark, perceive, hear, observe*.

κόθεν, Ion. for πίθεν.

κόθορνος, δ, Lat. *cotburnus*, a *buskin or bigb boot*, covering the whole foot and reaching to the middle of the leg, laced in front, and with thick soles. 2. the *κόθορνος* was worn by tragic actors: thus it became the emblem of Tragedy, as the *soccus* of Comedy. 3. since the buskins might be worn on either foot, δ Κόθορνος was a nickname for a *trimmer* or *time-server* in politics.

κόθορος, ον, = κολουρος, without a *sting*.

ΚΟΨ, sound to express the *grunting* of young pigs. κοΐω, f. ἴω, (κοί) to *grunt like a young pig*.

κοίη, Ion. for ποίη, dat. sing. of ποίος, Ion. κοίος, used as Adv. *how? in what manner? in what respect?* κοιάνω, inf. ἄνω: aor. I κοιάληνα, inf. κοιάληνα, Att. κοιόλانا, inf. κοιόλαναι: pf. pass. κεκοίλασμαι: (κοίλος):—to *make hollow, scoop, hollow out*.

κοίλη, ἡ, a *bollow*, properly fem. of κοίλος: the name of a *δήμος* or borough in Attica.

κοιλία Ion. -ιη, ἡ, (κοίλος) the *bollow of the belly*,

the *belly*, Lat. *venter*.

2. the *contents of the belly*,

the *bowels*: tripe: *black-puddings*.

κοιλιο-πώλης, ου, δ, (κοιλία, πωλέω) a *tripe or black-pudding seller*.

κοιλο-γαστήρ, ορος, δ, ἡ, (κοίλος, γαστήρ) *bollow bellied*: hence *hungry, ravenous*.

κοιλό-πεδος, ον, (κοίλος, πέδον) *lying in a bollow*.

ΚΟΓΛΟΨ, η, ου, *bollow, hollowed*: κοίλαι νῆες, for the early ships were hollowed out, like canoes; later, κοίλη ναὺς or κοίλη alone was the *bollow* or *bold* of the ship: of Places, *lying in a bollow* or *vale*: of a road, *cut deep, overhung*: κοιλον, τό, a *bollow place, bollow, recess*: κοίλος χρυσός *gold made into bollow vessels*, i. e. plate.

κοιλ-όφθαλμος, ον, (κοίλος, ὀφθαλμός) *bollow-eyed*.

κοιλο-χείλη, ες, (κοίλος, χεῖλος) *bollow to the rim*.

κοιλώω, f. ὥσω, (κοίλος) to *make bollow*.

κοιλ-ώτης, ες, (κοίλος, εἶδος) *bollow-looking*.

κοίλωμα, ματος, τό, (κοιλώω) a *bollow*.

κοιλ-ώνυξ, ὅχος, δ, ἡ, (κοίλος, ὄνυξ) *bollow-hoofed*.

κοιλ-ώπις, ου, δ, fem. κοιλωπίς, ιδος, = κοιλωπός.

κοιλ-ωτός, ὄν, (κοίλος, ὄν) *bollow-looking*.

κοιμάτο, Ep. 3 sing. impf. pass. of κοιμάω.

κοιμάω Ion. -έω, fut. ἥσω, (κείμαι) to *lull to sleep, put to sleep, put to bed*. 2. generally, to *lull still, calm, tranquillise, soothe, assuage*.

II. Med. and Pass., fut. κοιμήσομαι, aor. I med. ἐκοιμησάμην, pass. ἐκοιμήθην:—to *fall asleep, go to bed*: of animals, to *lie down*: κοιμήσατο χάλκεον ὕπνον *he slept a brasen sleep*, i. e. the *sleep of death*. 2. to *sleep the sleep of death, be fallen asleep*.

κοιμέω, Ion. for κοιμάω.

κοιμηθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of κοιμάω.

κοιμημα, τό, (κοιμάω) *sleep*: κοιμηματα αὐτογένητα *intercourse of the mother with her own son*.

κοιμήσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κοιμάω.

κοιμήσις, εας, ἡ, (κοιμάω) a *sleeping*. also 2 *rest, repose*.

κοιμίω, f. ἴω Att. ἴω, = κοιμάω, to *put to sleep*.—to *lay asleep*, of the *sleep of death*. 2. generally, to *lay to rest, to quench; to appease, assuage*.

κοιμιστής, οῦ, δ, one *putting to sleep*.

κοινάν ἄς, δ, Dor. for κοινάν, κοινανός.

κοινᾶνέω, Dor. for κοινανέω.

κοινάσομαι, Dor. for κοινώσομαι, fut. of κοινώω

κοινάσαντες, Dor. for κοινώσαντες, aor. I part. of κοινώω.

κοινή dat. fem. of κοινός used as Adv., in common, by common consent. 2. publicly.

κοινο-βουλέω, (κοινός, βουλή) to *deliberate in common*.

κοινο-βωμία, ἡ, (κοινός, βωμός) *community of altars*, of gods who are worshipped at one common altar.

κοινό-λεκτρος, ον, (κοινός, λέκτρον) *having a common bed, a bedfellow, consort*.

κοινο-λεχής, ες, (κοινός, λέχος) *sharing the same bed, a paramour*.

κοινο-λογέομαι, Dep., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, aor. I

med. ἐκοινολογησάμην and pass. -ήθην: πρ. κεκοινο-
λογημαι: (κοινός, λόγος):—to take common counsel
with, to consult together.

κοινό-πλοος, ον, contr. -πλους, ον, (κοινός, πλέω)
sailing in common: making a joint expedition.

κοινό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδός, (κοινός, πούς)
with common foot, coming together.

ΚΟΙΝΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, common, shared in
common.

II. common to all the people, public; τὸ κοινὸν ἀγαθὸν the common weal. 2. τὸ κοινὸν
the state, Lat. *res publica*; ἀπὸ τοῦ κοινού by public
authority, on the part of the state: also the public
treasury;—τὰ κοινὰ the public moneys, public af-
fairs.

III. of persons, impartial, affable, acces-
sible. 2. of common origin, kindred. IV. of

forbidden meats, common, profane. Hence
κοινότης, ἡ, ὅς, ἡ, a sharing in common, fellow-
ship. II. affability.

κοινό-τοκος, ον, (κοινός, τεκεῖν) born of common
parents.

κοινο-φιλής, ἐς, (κοινός, φιλέω) loving in common.

κοινό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (κοινός, φρήν) like-minded.

κοινόω, ἡ, ὥσω: Dor. fut. κοινάσσομαι, aor. ἰ ἐκοί-
νῃσα:—to make common, communicate, im-
part: to make a sharer in. 2. to make common

or unclean, to pollute: Med. to deem common or un-
clean. II. Med. to communicate, like the Act. 2.

take counsel, counsel. 3. to be partaker or sharer
in a thing, c. gen.: also c. acc. rei, to take part or
share in.

III. Pass. to hold communion, have
intercourse with.

κοινῶν, ἄνους, Dor. κοινῶν, ἄνους, ὁ, —κοιναῶν.
κοινωνέω, ἡ, ὥσω, (κοινωνία) to be a partaker, have
a share of, to take part in; κοινωνεῖν τὶ to have
dealings with a man. Hence

κοινωνία, ματος, τό, a communication: and
κοινωνία, ἡ, communion, fellowship, intercourse.

κοινωνικός, ἡ, ὄν, communicative, social. From
κοινωνός, ὁ, also ἡ, (κοινός) a companion, partner,

fellow, associate. II. as Adj. —κοινός.

κοινῶς, Adv. of κοινός, in common, jointly: by com-
mon consent. 2. publicly.

κοίτης, ἡ, ον. Ion. for ποίως, α, ον.
κοιρᾶνέω, ἡ, ὥσω, (κοίρανος) to be lord or master. to
rule, command. 2. c. acc. to lead, arrange. Hence

κοιρανία Ion. -λη, ἡ, lordship, rule.
κοιρανίδης, ον, —κοίρανος

ΚΟΙΡΑΝΟΣ, ὁ, a ruler, leader, commander, either
in war or peace: generally, a lord, master.

Κοιστροόμαι, Pass. (Κοιστή) to live like Cossura
(wife of Alcmaeon), i. e. live a gay, fashionable life.

κοιτάζω, (κοίτη), to put to bed: Med., with Dor.
aor. ἰ κοιταζάμην, to go to bed, sleep.

κοιταῖος, α, ον, (κοίτη) lying in bed, asleep, 2.
as Subst., τὸ κοιταῖον the lair of a wild beast.

κοίτη, ἡ, (κειμή) a place to lie down in, bed, couch:
the marriage-bed: κοίτην ἔχειν to be pregnant;

τεῖται in pl. lewdness. 2. of animals, a lair, den,

nest. II. *sleep*, the act of going to bed; τῇ κοι-
τῇ ὥρῃ bed-time.

κοίτης, ὁ, —κοίτη. 2. a going to bed: sleeping,
sleep. Hence

κοιτῶν, ἄνους, ὁ, —(κοίτη) a bed-room, bed-chamber.
κόκκινος, ἡ, ον, scarlet, Lat. *coccineus*. From

ΚΟΚΚΟΣ, ἡ, a kernel, a berry: esp. the kermes-
berry used to dye scarlet

κόκκυ, properly of the bird's cry, cuckoo: hence
cry or call to a person; κόκκυ, μεθεῖτε, quick, let go.

κοκκύω Dor. κοκκύσσω: ἡ, ὥσω: πρ. κεκοκκύκα;
(κόκκυ):—to cry cuckoo: of the cock, to crow. II.

to cry like a cuckoo or cock, give a signal by such cry.
κόκκυξ, ὄνος, ὁ, (κόκκυ) a cuckoo, from its cry.

κοκκύσσω, Dor. for κοκκύω.

κόκκων, ἄνους, ὁ, (κόκκος) a pomegranate-seed.
κόκκω, οἱ, ancestors. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κολᾶ, 2 sing. fut. med. of κολάζω.

κολάζω f. κολάσσω: aor. ἰ ἐκόλασα: also in Med.,
fut. κολάσσομαι, Att. contr. κολῶμαι, κολᾶ: aor. ἰ
ἐκόλασάμην:—Pass., fut. κολασθήσομαι: aor. ἰ ἐκο-
λάσθην: πρ. κεκόλασμαι: (κόλος, akin to κολούω):

—to prune, retrench: metaph. to bold in check, keep
in, confine: then to chastise, correct, punish:—Pass.

to be punished.

Κολανίς, ἰδος, ἡ, epith of Artemis. (Deriv. and
meaning uncertain.)

κολᾶκεια, ἡ, (κολακεύω) flattery, fawning.

κολᾶκευμα, τό, (κολακεύω) a piece of flattery. [α]
κολακηντέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of κολακεύω, to be

flattered.

κολᾶκευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κολακεύω) flattering, fawning.

κολᾶκω, ἡ, σω, (κόλαξ) to flatter, fawn on:—Pass.
to be flattered.

Κολᾶκ-ἄνυμος, ὁ, (κόλαξ, ὄνομα) parasite-named,
Comic distortion of a real name Kleonymos.

ΚΟΛΑΞ, ἄνους, ὁ, a flatterer, fawner.

κολαπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a chisel, graver. From

ΚΟΛΑΠΤΩ, ἡ, ψω, to beat, cut, chisel: of birds
to peck.

κόλασις, εως, ἡ, (κολάζω) a pruning: a checking,
punishing, correction, chastening.

κόλασμα, τό, (κολάζω) chastisement, punishment.

κόλαστρον, ἡ, fem. of κολαστήρ.

κολαστήριος, ον, (κολαστήρ) fit for punishing. II.
as Subst., κολαστήριον, τό, a prison. 2. a punish-
ment, punishing.

κολαστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, —κολαστής.

κολαστήρ, οὔ, ὁ, (κολάζω) a chastiser, punisher.

κολάστρια, ἡ, fem. of κολαστήρ.

κολᾶφιζω, ἡ, ἰσω Att. ἰω, (κόλαφος) to give one a
box on the ear, buffet, cuff.

κόλαφος, ὁ, (κολᾶτω) a box on the ear, cuff.

κολέον Ion. κολουέον, τό, —κολεύω, a sheath.

κολέος, ὁ, or κόλεον, τό, κολουέον, τό, (κοίλος) a
sheath or scabbard of a sword.

κολεράω, ἡ, ὥσω, to transpire on.

κόλλα Ion. κόλλη, ἡ, ἡ, glue, Lat. *gluten*.

κόλλαβος, ὁ, —κόλλαβ. II. a kind of *wbateen* cake, named from its shape.
 κόλλαβος, f. ἥσω, (κόλλα) to glue, cement. 2. to play: to weld. II. to join together, unite — Pass. to be joined to, to attach oneself to, cleave to.
 κόλληται, εσσα, εν, (κόλλα) glued together, close-joined.

κόλλησις, εσσ, ἡ, (κόλλω) a *gluing, cementing*: *κόλλησις σιδήρου* a *welding* of iron.
 κόλλητος, ἡ, ὄν, (κόλλω) *glued together, cemented, closely joined, well-fastened*.

κολλικο-φάγος, ον, (κόλλις, φάγειν) *roll-eating*.
 ΚΟ'ΑΛΙΞ, ἱκος, ὁ, a *long roll of coarse bread*.
 ΚΟ'ΑΛΟΥ, ονος, ὁ, the *peg or screw* of a lyre, by which the strings are tightened: metaph. *κόλλουα ὀργῆς ἀνείναι* to unscrew your passion.

κολλυβιστής, οὐ, ὁ, (κόλλυβος) a *money-changer*.
 ΚΟ'ΑΛΥΒΟΣ, ὁ, a *small coin*. 2. in plur., *κόλ-λυβα*, τά, *small round cakes*. [ῥ]

κόλλυρα, ἡ, —κόλλις. [ῥ]
 κολλύριον, τό, Dim. of *κόλλυρα*, *eye-salve*, Lat. *collyrium*, so called because it was made up in *small cakes*. [ῥ]

κολοβός, ὄν, (κόλος) *docked, curtailed*, Lat. *curtus*: of animals, *short-borned*: also *maimed, mutilated*. Hence *κολοβός*, f. ὥσω, to *dock, curtail, shorten*
 κολοι-άρχος, ον, ὁ, (κολοίος, ἀρχω) a *leader of jack-daws*, a *jackdaw-general*.

κολοίος, f. ὥσω, (κολοίος) to *scream like a jackdaw*.
 κολοίος, ὁ, a *jackdaw*, Lat. *graculus*: proverb, *κολοίος ποτὶ κολοίον* = "birds of a feather flock together."

κολοκάσιον, ἡ, or *κολοκάσιον*, τό, the *colocasia* or *Egyptian bean*, a plant resembling the water-lily, found in the marshy parts of Egypt.

κολό-κυμα, τό, (κόλος, κύμα) a *large heavy wave* before it breaks, *the heavy swell* before a storm.

κολοκύνθη or -κύνθη, ης, ἡ, the *round gourd* or *pumpkin*, Lat. *cucurbita*. Hence

κολοκυνθία, ἀδός, ἡ, *food prepared from pumpkins*.
 κολοκύνθιος, ἡ, ον, *made from pumpkins*.

κόλον, τό, the *colon* or *lower part of the bowels*. From ΚΟ'ΛΟΣ, ον, *docked, curtailed, stunted*, Lat. *curtus*; *κόλον ὀτρύν* a *spear broken short off*: esp. of oxen, etc., *hornless, short-borned*.

κολοσσός, ὁ, a *colossus, gigantic statue*; also simply a *statue*. The most famous Colossus was that of Apollo at Rhodes seventy cubits high, made in the time of Demetrius Poliorcetes.

κολοσσύτης, ὁ, a *rabble* or *noisy crowd*. *κρόαοι*.
 κολούω, f. σω; aor. I ἐκόλουσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκολούην and -ούσθην: pf. κεκόλουμαι and -ουσαι: (κόλος):—to *dock, clip, curtail, cut short, abridge*:

metaph., *ἔπος μεσοτηγὴν κολοῦεν* to *cut short* a word in the middle, Lat. *praeclidit*, i.e. *leave it unfinished*; *δῶρα κολοῦεν* to *abridge, limit gifts*. also 2. like *πυλάω*, to *check, restrain, put down*.
 κολοφών, ὄνος, ὁ, a *top, finishing end*.

κολπίας, ον, ὁ, (κῆλος) *travelling in folds*.

ΚΟ'ΛΠΟΣ, ὁ, the *bosom, lap*. later also the *mother's womb*. II. the *lap or fold* formed by a loose garment, sometimes used for a pocket. III. any

lap or hollow, θαλάσσης κώπων ὑποδύναι to go under the *lap* of ocean, i.e. the *deep hollow* between two waves. 2. a *bay or creek* of the sea.—It corresponds in all senses to the Lat. *sinus*. Hence

κολπῶς, f ὥσω, to *form into a lap or fold*: to *make a sail belly* or *swell*.

κολπ-ώδης, ες, (κῆλος, εἶδος) *embosomed, embayed*.

ΚΟΛΥΜΒΑ'Ω, f. ἥσω, to *dive*: to *swim*. Hence *κολυμβήθρα*, ἡ, a *place for diving, a swimming-bath*: and

κολυμβητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and *κολυμβητής*, οὐ, ὁ, (κο-λυμβάω) a *diver, swimmer*.

κολυμβίς, ἱδος, ἡ, (κο-λυμβάω) a *sea-bird, a diver*.

κόλυμβος, ὁ, (κο-λυμβάω) a *diver, swimmer*. II. —*κόλυμβοις*.

Κόλχος, ὁ, a *Colchian*:—hence Adj *Κολχικός*, ἡ, ὄν, *Colchian*; pecul. fem. *Κολχίς*, ἱδος.

κολφάω Ion. -έω, f. ἥσω, (κολφός) to *brawl, scold*. *κολῶμενος*, Att. contr. fut. part. med. of *κολάζω*.

ΚΟΛΩ'ΝΗ, ἡ, a *bill, mound*: esp. a *sepulchral mound, barrow, cairn*, Lat. *tumulus*.

κολωνία, ἡ, the *Lat. colonia, a colony*
κολωνός, ὁ, (κόλων) a *bill*; *κολωνὸς λίθων* a *heap of stones*. II. *Colonus*, a *demos* of Attica lying on and round a hill, sacred to Poseidon, the scene of the Oedipus Coloneus of Sophocles.

κολῶς, οὐ, ὁ, (κολοίος) a *brawling, wrangling*.

ΚΟΜΑΡΟΣ, ὁ, and ἡ, the *strawberry-tree, arbutus*.
κομάρω-φάγος, ον, (κομάρω, φάγειν) *eating the fruit of the arbutus*.

κομάω Ion. -έω, Ep. part. *κομάων*: fut. ἥσω: aor. 1 ἐκόμησα: (κόμη):—to *let the hair grow long, wear long hair*: as long hair was a sign of birth, it meant to

prize oneself, to be proud, haughty, arrogant; οὗτος ἐκόμησε ἐπὶ τυραννίδι *he aimed at the monarchy*. Originally the Greeks seem generally to have worn their hair long, whence *κόρη κομῶντες ἄχαιοί* in Homer. At Sparta the citizens continued to wear long hair; but at Athens it was worn only by youths until the 18th year.

II. of horses, to be *docked with manes*.

III. metaph. of trees, plants, etc., to have leaves or foliage.

κομέσκε, 3 sing. Ion. unpf. of *κομέω*.

ΚΟΜΕ'Ω, f. ἥσω, to *take care of, attend to, tend*.

κομέω, Ion. for *κομάω*

ΚΟΜΗ, ἡ, the *hair* Lat. *coma*; *κείρασθαι κομήν* to have one's hair cut close in sign of mourning.

II. metaph. like *coma*, the *foliage, leaves*, of trees.

Κομητ-ἀμύνιας, ον, ὁ, (κομήω) *long-haired*; ἵδα κομήτης ὁ *feathered arrow*. 2 *leafy, gray*. II. a *comet*.

κομίδη, ἡ, (κομίζω) *attendance, attention, care*: also

the management, care of a garden.

II. a bringing or carrying of supplies, a procuring of supplies, Lat. *commeatus frumenti*, a gathering in of harvest:—also provisions, stores.

2. (from Med. *κομίζομαι*) a carrying away for oneself, a rescue, recovery.

3. (from Pass. *κομιζομαι*) a going or coming: a return, means of getting back.

κομιδή, dat. of *κομιδή* used as Adv., with care, carefully, exactly: wholly, altogether: absolutely, quite: in answers, *κομιδή μὲν οὐν* very much so indeed, just so, ay and more than that.

κοιμήμεθα, Dor. for *κοιμούμεθα*, 1 pl. contr. fut. med. of *κοιμίζω*.

κοιμίζω, f. *ισω* Att. *ῶ*: aor. I *ἔκομισα* Ep. *ἔκομισσα* and *κόμισσα*:—Med., Att. fut. *κοιμούμαι*: Ep. aor. I *ἔκομισάμην* and *κομισάμην*:—Pass., f. *κομισθήσομαι*: aor. I *ἔκομισθην*: pf. *κεκόμισμαι*: (*κομέω*):—to take care of, provide for, supply:—Med. to receive hospitably.

2. of things, to take care of, take heed to, mind, τὰ σ' αὐτῆς ἔργα *κόμιζε* mind thine own affairs.

III. to carry away, in order to save; νεκρὸν *κομίζειν* to carry away a corpse:—Med. to carry with one, rescue, save, cf. *ἐρύομαι*; *κόμισαί με* convey me away, rescue me.

2. to carry off or away, bear off:—Med. to carry off as a prize: also to get, gain, receive.

3. to bring to a place: to gather in corn; to introduce, import.

4. to conduct, escort.

5. to fetch back, redeem:—Med. to get back, recover.

III. Pass. to be carried, to convey oneself, journey, travel, voyage: to betake oneself.

2. to come back, return.

κοιμίζομαι, Att. contr. fut. med. of *κοιμίζω*.

κόμισαο, 2 sing. aor. I med. opt. of *κοιμίζω*.

κόμισα and *κόμισσα*, Ep. aor. I of *κοιμίζω*.

κομιστός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of *κοιμίζω*, to be taken care of, to be gathered in.

κομιστήρ, ἦρος, δ, = *κομιστής*.

κομιστής, οὐ, δ, (*κοιμίζω*) one who takes care of, a protector, guardian.

II. a bringer, conductor.

κόμιστρα, τὰ, (*κοιμίζω*) rewards or payment for saving.

κοιμῶ, Att. contr. fut. of *κοιμίζω*.

κόμια, τό, (*κόπτω*) *ἱβας* which is struck or cut, the stamp or impression of a coin: proverb., *πονητοῦ κόμματος* of bad stamp.

2. generally, coin.

II. a short clause in a sentence, Lat. *comma*. Hence *κομματικός*, ἡ, ὅν, framed in short clauses.

ΚΟΜΜΙ, τό, gum, Lat. *gummi*: indecl.

κομιός, οὐ, δ, (*κόπτω*) a striking: esp. like Lat. *planctus*, a beating of the breasts, in sign of lamentation, hence a lament, wail, dirge.

II. in the Att. Drama, a song sung alternately by an actor and the chorus, mostly a mournful dirge.

κομῶντες, *κομῶντες*, Ep. part. dual and pl. of *κομῶ*.

κομῶντι, Dor. for *κομῶσι*, 3 pl. opt. *κομῶ*.

κομπάω, f. *ῶω*, (*κόμπος*) to vaunt, boast, brag: c. acc., *κομπάειν λόγον* to speak big words; *κομπάειν*

τέχνην to boast one's art:—Pass. to be made a boast, be renowned.

Κομπασεύς, δ, Comic word, one of the borough

Κόμπος, a Bragsman.

κόμπασμα, τό, (*κομπάω*) a boast: in pl. boasts, vaunts, braggart words.

κομπέω, f. ἦσω, (*κόμπος*) to ring, clash, rattle.

II. metaph. to utter high-sounding words, talk by boast, vaunt:—Pass. to be boasted of.

κομπο-λακέω, f. ἦσω, (*κόμπος*, *λακέω*) to talk big, be an empty braggart.

Hence *κομπολακικός*, ον, δ, braggart, boaster. [ῥ]

ΚΟΜΠΟΣ, ὁ, a noise, din, clash, as of a boar's tusks: the stamping of dancers' feet: the ringing of metal.

II. metaph. big words, boasting: a boast, vaunt.

κομπός, δ, (*κομπέω*) a boaster.

κομπο-φάκελορ-ρήμων, ον, gen. *ονος*, (*κόμπος*, *φάκελος*, *ῥήμα*) pomp-bundle-worded, epith. of Aeschylus, because of his long compound words.

κομπ-ώδης, ες, (*κόμπος*, *εἶδος*) boastful.

κομπεία, ἡ, (*κομπεύω*) elegance, refinement: affectionation.

κομπ-ευρίπικως, Adv. (*κομπός*, *Εὐριπίδης*) with the prettiness or affectionation of Euripides.

κομπεύω, f. σω, (*κομπός*) to make elegant, refine; *κομπέω τὴν δόξαν* refine on your suspicion, like Lat. *argutari*:—Med. to refine overmuch:—Pass. to play the exquisite.

κομψο-πρεπής, ἐς, (*κομπός*, *πρέπω*) dainty-seeming.

κομπός, ἡ, ὅν, (*κομέω*) well-dressed, neat, fine, Lat. *comptus*: hence a pretty fellow, Lat. *bellus homo*.

2. of words and things, elegant, pretty, clever, witty, exquisite, affected. Hence

κομπῶς, Adv. prettily, exquisitely: Comp., *κομφοτέρος* *εἶναι* to be better in health.

κονάβέω, f. ἦσω, (*κόναβος*) to resound, clash, ring: to re-echo. Hence

κονάβηδόν, Adv. with a clash, ringing.

κονάβίζω, f. ἴσω, = *κοναβέω*.

ΚΟΝΑΒΟΣ, δ, a clashing, ringing.

ΚΟΝΑΤΑΟΣ, δ, a knuckle: in pl. the knuckles.

κονέω, f. ἦσω, (*κόνις*) to raise dust, to hasten.

κονία Ion. and Ep. *κονίνη*, ἡ, (*κόνις*) dust, a 'cloud' of dust, as stirred up by men's feet; *ποδῶν ὑπὲρθε*

κονὴ ἵστατ' *δειρομένην* from beneath their feet the dust stood rising:—freq. in plur. *κονίαι*, in collective sense, like Lat. *arenas*: *πίπτειν ἐν κονίῃσι*, to fall in the dust.

2. dust or sand.

II. cinders or ashes, also in plur., like Lat. *cineres*.

III. a fine powder, sprinkled over wrestlers' bodies after being oiled, to make them more easily grasped by the opponent. [τ' in Homer; in Att. mostly ι.]

κονιάτῃς, ἡ, ὅν, plastered, whitewashed. From

κονιάω, pf. pass. *ἐκονοιάμην*: (*κονίω*)—to plaster with lime, to plaster, Lat. *dealbare*; *τάφοι πεκονιαμένοι* plastered, whitened sepulchres.

κονίζω, a mistaken form, originating in the wrong form *ἐκόνισσα, κεκόνισμαι*; see *κονία*.

κονι-ορτός, ὁ, (κόνις, ὄρνυμι) *dust stirred up, a cloud of dust*; κόνιορτος ὕλης *κεκαυμένης* a cloud of wood-ashes.

II. metaph. a dirty fellow.

κόνιος, α, ον, (κόνις) *dusty*.

ΚΟΝΙΣ, ἰος Att. εως, ἡ: dat. κόνι for κόνι: = *κονία, dust*. II. *the dust of ashes, ashes*. III.

the powder with which wrestlers were sprinkled after being oiled, cf. *κονία*: metaph. of toil. [Ὶ]

κονισῶν [Ὶ], ὁ, (κόνις) *dust, a cloud of dust*.

κονίω: fut. ἴσω [Ὶ]: aor. I ἐκόνισα:—Pass., pf. κεκόνισμαι: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. κεκόνιτο: (κόνις):—to make dusty, cover, fill with dust:—Pass., κεκονιμένος *all covered with dust*, i. e. in the greatest haste: so in Med., κλῖσαι λαβάν *make haste and take*. 2.

to sprinkle or cover as with dust, strewn over. II.

intr. to raise dust, make haste, speed.

κοννέω, contr. κοννῶ, = γιγνώσκω.

ΚΟΝΝΟΣ, ὁ, *the beard*. 2. Κόννος, as the pr. n. of an insignificant person; Κόννου ψήφος, proverb. of something worthless.

κοντός, οὔ, ὁ, a pole, esp. a punting-pole, Lat. *contus*. 2. *the shaft of a pike*.

κοντο-φόρος, ον, (κοντός, φέρω) *carrying a pole or pike: hurling a pike*.

ΚΟΝΤΖΑ contr. κνύζα, ης, ἡ, *fleabane, pulicaria*.

κοπάζω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἐκόπασα: (κόπος):—to grow tired or weary: generally, to abate, lull.

κοπᾶνον, τό, (κόπτω) *an instrument for braying, a pestle*: also 2. = κοπίς, an axe.

κοπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of κοπᾶν: κοπέεις, aor. 2 part. pass. κοπετός, ὁ, (κόπτομαι) *a wailing, mourning*.

κοπεύς, ἐως, ὁ, (κόπτω) *a chisel*.

κοπή, ἡ, (κόπτω) *a striking: a cutting in pieces, slaughter*.

κοπιᾶω, f. ὄσω [ᾱ]: aor. I ἐκοπιᾶσα. pf. κεκοπιᾶκα: (κόπος):—to work hard, work till one is weary. II.

to be tired, grow weary; κοπιᾶν ὑπὸ ἀγαθῶν *to be exhausted by good things*.

κοπίς, εως, ὁ, (κόπτω) *a dabbler, wrangler*.

κοπίς, ἰος, ἡ, (κόπτω) *a chopper, cleaver, bill-book*.

κόπος, ον, ὁ, (κόπτω) *a striking, beating*. II.

toil and trouble, suffering, pain, weariness. Hence κοπίω, f. ὄσω, *to weary*:—Pass. = κοπιᾶω.

κόπτα, τό, a letter of the ancient Greek alphabet, which was not received into the later Athenian alphabet: its sign was Ϙ, cf. κοπῳρίας. In the alphabet Korra stood between π and ρ, like the Lat. q, and was retained as a numeral = 90, as were also σταυ and σάμμι, qq. v. Hence

κοπῳρίας, ον, ὁ, ἵππος, a horse branded with the letter Korra (Ϙ) as a mark. Cf. σαμφόρας.

κοπράγειον, f. ἴσω, *to carry dung*. From κοπρ-ἄγωρος, ὄν, (κόπρος, ἄγω) *carrying dung*.

κόπρειος, α, ον, (κόπρος) *full of dung, filthy*.

κοπρία, ἡ, (κόπρος) *a dungbill*.

κοπρίζω, f. ἴσω Ep. ἴσσω, (κόπρος) *to dung, manure*. κοπρο-λόγος, ον, (κόπρος, λέγω) *collecting dung or manure*: hence a dirty fellow.

ΚΟΠΡΟΣ, ἡ, *dung*: manure: filth, dirt. II. a dung-yard, a cattle-stall or stable.

κοπροφορέω, f. ἴσω, *to carry dung: to cover with dung or dirt*. From

κοπρο-φόρος, ον, (κόπρος, φέρω) *carrying dung*: κόφινος κοπροφόρος a dung-basket.

κοπρώ, ὄντος, ὁ, (κόπρος) *a place for dung, privy*. κόπτοιςα, Dor. for κόπτουσα, part. fem. of κόπτω.

κοπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κόπτω) *beaten, bruised, pounded*.

ΚΟΠΤΩ: κόψω: aor. I ἐκοψα: pf. κέκοφα, Ep. part. κεκοπώς:—Pass., aor. 2 ἐκόπη: pf. κέκομαι:—to strike, smite, cut. 2. to knock down, fell, slay. 3. to cut off, chop off; δένδρα κόπτειν *to cut down, fell trees*; hence absol., κόπτειν τὴν χώραν *to lay a country waste by cutting down the trees*: to damage, hurt; φρενῶν κεκομμένος, *deprived of sense or reason*. 4. to hammer, forge: also to stamp, coin money, Lat. *percutere nummos*:—Med.

to coin oneself money. 5. κόπτειν τὴν θύραν *to knock or rap at the door*, Lat. *pulsare*. 6. to cut small, chop up. 7. of birds, to peck at, strike with the beak: of a horse, to jolt, shake: also, to tire, stun, deafen.

II. Med. κόπτομαι, *to beat or strike oneself*, in sign of grief, like Lat. *plangere*: also, κόπτεσθαι τινα *to mourn for any one*, Lat. *plangere aliquem*.

κορᾶκινος, ὁ, (κώρα) *a young raven*.

ΚΟΡΑΣ, ἄκος, ὁ, a raven or crow: Proverb., λευκοὶ κόρακες, like 'black swans,' of anything unusual; ἔρρε ἐς κόρακες, or ἐς κόρακας alone, like Lat. *pasce corvos*, go and be hanged! βάλ' ἐς κόρακας hang him! hang it! II. anything booked like a raven's beak, as, I. an engine for grappling ships. 2. a booked handle of a door, like κοράνη. 3. an instrument of torture.

κοράσιον, τό, Dim. of κόρη, a little girl, damsel.

κόρανα, ἡ, a barbarism for κόρη.

κορᾶν, ὁ, indecl., Hebrew word, a gift offered to God, a consecrated offering. 2. the treasury of the Temple.

κορδακίζω, f. ἴσω, (κέρδα) *to dance the κέρδα*.

κορδακισμός, ὁ, the dancing the κέρδα.

ΚΟΡΔΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, the cordax, a low dance belonging to the Old Comedy; κέρδακα ἐλκύσαι *to dance the cordax*, from its slow, trailing movement.

ΚΟΡΔΥΛΗ [Ὶ], ἡ, a cudgel, truncheon: also a swelling. II. a covering for the head, head-dress; ἐγκεκορδυλημένος *wrapped or rolled up*.

κορέει, Ep. 3 sing. fut. of κορέννυμι.

κορέννυμι: f. κορέσω Ep. κορέω: aor. I ἐκόρεσα Ep. κορέσσα:—Med., aor. I ἐκορεσάμην Ep. ἐκορεσάμην and ἐκορεσάμην:—Pass., aor. I ἐκορεσθην: pf. κεκέρεσμαι Ion. κεκόρημαι; also pf. act. part. with pass. sense, κεκορηώς, ὅτος (κόρος):—to satisfy, glut, or fill with a thing:—Pass. and Med. to be glutted with a thing,

have one's fill of a thing, c. gen.; φυλόπιδος κορέσασθαι to have one's fill of strife.

κορεπαίωτο, 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of κορέννυμι.

κορεσθείς, aor. I part. pass. of κορέννυμι.

κορέσαστο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κορέννυμι.

κορεύμα, τό, maidenhood. From

κορεύομαι, f. κορευθήσομαι: Pass.: (κόρη):—to be a maid, grow up to maidenhood.

ΚΟΡΕΨ, f. ἥσω, to sweep, brush; κορεῖν τὴν Ἑλλάδα to sweep Greece clean, empty her of people.

κορέω, Ep. fut. of κορέννυμι.

κόρη Ion. κόυρη Dor. κώρα, ἡ, fem. of κύρος, κύρος, a maiden, maid, girl, damsel, Lat. puella: sometimes of a newly-married woman, young wife, like νύμφη, Lat. puella, nympha. 2. with the gen. of a pr. name added, a daughter, as Νύμφαι, κούραι Διὸς II. a puppet, doll, Lat. pupa. 2. the pupil of the eye from the small images seen in it, Lat. pupa, pupilla. III. a long sleeve reaching over the hand.

Κόρη Ion. Κούρη, ἡ, was the name under which Proserpine was worshipped in Attica, the Daughter (of Demeter); hence the two are often mentioned together, as τῇ Μητρὶ καὶ τῇ Κούρῃ.

κόρηθρον, τό, (κορέω) a besom, broom.

κόρημα, τό, (κορέω) sweepings, refuse. 2. a besom, broom

κορθύω, κορθύω [v]

κορθύς, vos ἡ, (κορυς) a rising, beard.

κορθύω or -ύνω, (κορύβη) to lift up, raise, show its crest:—Pass., κύμα κορβύεται the wave is lifted up, rears its crest.

ΚΟΡΙ'ANNON, τό, coriander, the plant or seed.

κορίδιον, τό, Dim. of κόρη = κοράσιον.

κορίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, (κόρη, κόριον): Dep.:—to fondle, caress, coax.

Κορίνθιος, α, ον, also Κορινθαῖος, ἡ, ον, and fem. Κορινθιάς, ἡ, ος, ἡ:—Corinthian. From

Κόρινθος, ἡ, Corinth, the city and country: anciently Ἐφύρι: Adv. Κορινθόθεν, at Corinth.

κόριον, τό, Dim. of κόρη, a little girl.

ΚΟΡΙΣ, 108 Att. εως, ὁ, a bug: pl. κέρεις, οί.

κορίσκιον, τό, Dim. of κόρη.

κόρκωρος or κόρχωρος, ὁ, a poor vegetable, growing wild in the Peloponnesus, a kind of pimpinell. (Depon. uncertain.)

κορκορύγῃ, ἡ, the rumbling or grumbling of the empty bowels: also hollow sound, din, tumult. (Formed from the sound.)

κορυός, ὁ, (κέραι) the trunk of a tree with the boughs lopped off, a log.

ΚΟΡΟΣ, ου, ὁ, one's fill, satiety, surfeit, Lat. satietas; κόρον ἔχειν τινός to have enough or too much of a thing: in bad sense, satiety, surfeit: heaco II.

insolence, petulance; τρεῖς κόρον insolently.

κόρος, ου, ὁ, Ion. κύρος Dor. κώρος, (κέραι) a boy, lad, youth, stripling. 2. with genit. of pr. names, a son. Cf. κόρη.

κόρος, ὁ, the Hebrew cor, a dry measure containing ten Att. medimni, or about 120 gallons.

κόρη, ἡ, later Att. κόρη Dor. κόρρα, (κάρα) the side of the forehead; ἐπὶ κόρῃ πατάσσειν to slap on the face. II. the hair on the temples.

Κορυβάντειος, α, ον, (Κορύβας) Corybantian.

Κορυβαντάω, f. δσω, (Κορύβας) to celebrate the rites of the Corybantes: to start up like a Corybant.

Κορυβαντίω, f. λω, (Κορύβας) to purify by the rites of the Corybantes.

Κορύβαντ-ώδης, es, (Κορύβας, εἶδος) Corybant-like, frantic.

Κορύβης, αντος, ὁ, a Corybant priest of Cybele in Phrygia. [v]

κορυβαλλή, -αλλίς, -αλλός, - κορυβδος.

κορύβδος, ὁ, and κορυβός, ἡ, (κύρις) the crested or tufted lark, Lat. alauda cristata.

κορύβα, ης, ἡ, (κόρη, κόρυς) a cold in the head, as running at the nose, catarrh, Lat. pituita. II. metaph. drivelling, stupidity. Hence

κορυζάω, to have a running at the nose, to have a cold.

κορύβας, κόρυβας, acc. sing. and pl. of κόρυς.

κορυ-αίξ, ἴκος, (κύρις, αἶσσω) helmet-shaking, with waving plume. [α]

κορυθ-αἰόλος, ον, (κύρις, αἰόλος) with glancing helmet.

κορυμβος, ὁ, pl. κορύμβα as well as κύρμβοι: (κύρις, κορυφή):—the top, peak, summit; κορύμβα νηῶν the high prows of the ships. II. the cluster of the ivy flower: generally, a cluster of fruit or flowers.

κορυνάω, f. ἥσω, to put forth knobs or buds. From

κορύνη, ἡ, (κύρις) a club, often shod with iron for fighting, a mace: also a shepherd's staff. [v]

κορυνήτης, ου, ὁ, (κορυνάω) a club-bearer, one who fights with a club or mace.

κορυνή-φόρος, ον, (κορύνη, φέρω) club-bearing

κορυνηφόροι, οί, club-bearers, the body-guard of Peisistratus, instead of δορυφόροι.

κορυνάω, = κοριννάω: in Ep. part., κορυνιδάπτα πέτληα sprouting leaves.

κορυπήλος, ὁ, one that butts with the head. [v] From

κορύπτω, f. ψω, to butt with the head. From

κόρυς, ὅθως, ἡ, acc. κόρυθα and κύρην, (κάρα) a helmet, helm, casque. II. the head. Hence

κορύσσω, fut. κορύξω:—Med., aor. I ἐκορυσάμην part. κορυσάμενος:—Pass., pf. κεκορύμην:—to arm with a helmet: generally, to arm, equip, array:—

Pass. and Med. to arm oneself; to do battle, fight; also of things, δοῦρε κεκορυθμένα χαλκῷ spears beaded with brass. 2. generally, to furnish, provide.

II. to make crested; κορύσσει κύμα the river rears his wave to a crest:—Pass. to come to crest or head, rear its head, as a wave does. Hence

κορυστής, οὔ, ὁ, a man armed with a helmet, a armed warrior.

κορυφαία, ἡ, (κορυφή) the head-stall of a bridle.

κορυφαῖον, τό, the upper rim of a hunting-net: strictly neut. from sq.

κορυφαῖος, α, ον, (κορυφή) at the head:—ὁ κορυ-

μαῖος the foremost man, leader, chief; in the Att. Drama, the leader of the chorus.

κορυφή, ἡ, (κόρυς) the head, top, summit: the crown or top of the head. 2. the top or peak of a mountain.

3. metaph. the highest point, acme, prime.

κορυμβόω, ι. ωωα, (κορυφή) to bring to a head, make peaked:—Pass., κῆμα κορυφούται the wave rises to a crest

II. like κεφαλαιῶν, to bring to an end, sum up.

κορων-ἀκάβη, ἡ, (κορώνη, Ἑκάβη) an old woman as old as a crow and Hecuba. [d]

κορωνεῖα, ω, ἡ, of a raven-grav colour. From κορώνη, ἡ, (κορωνύς) a kind of sea-fowl, sea-crow

2. a crow or raven, Lat. cornix. II.

anything hooked like a crow's bill, as, I. the pandle on a door 2. the tip of a bow, on which the bowstring was hooked.

3. the tip or projection of the plough-beam, upon which the yoke is hooked. Cf. κόραξ.

κορωνιάω, f. ἄωα, (κορώνη II, to bend, curve. of a horse, to arch the neck.

κορωνίς, ἴος, ἡ, (κορώνη II) as Adj. crook-beaked: generally, crooked, curved, bent, hooked. 2. of kine, with crumpled horns

II. as Subst. anything curved: I. a wreath or garland, Lat. corona. 2. a flourish with the pen at the end of a book: generally, the end, completion.

κορωνο-βόλος, ον, (κορώνη, βαλεῖν) shooting crows:—as Subst., κορωνοβόλον, τό, a sling or cross-bow for cross-bow-shooting.

κορωνός, ἡ, ὄν, (κύραξ) curved, bent: of kine, with crumpled horns.

κοσκινιδόν, Adv. (κόσκινον) as in a sieve.

κοσκινό-μαντις, ιος Att. εως, ὅ, and ἡ, (κόσκινον, μάντις) a diviner by a sieve.

ΚΟΣΚΙΝΟΝ, τό, a sieve.

κοσकुλίματια, ων, τά, (σκύλλω) parings or shreds of leather: metaph. of the scraps of flattery of the sinner Cleon.

κοσμέω, f. ἥσω, (κόσμος) to order, arrange: esp. to set an army in array, marshal it; and in Med., κοσμησάμενος πολιήτας having marshalled his countrymen: δύρρον κοσμεῖν to arrange a repast. II.

to order, rule, govern. III. to deck, adorn, trick out, embellish. 2. of persons, to honour them, adorn, be an honour or ornament to. IV. in Pass. to be assigned to, be classed under.

κόσμηθεν, Acol. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κοσμέω.

κοσμήν, Dor. inf. cf κοσμέω.

κοσμητής, οὔ, ὁ, (κοσμέω) an orderer, arranger. 2. an adorning.

κοσμητός, ἡ, ὄν, (κοσμέω) well-arranged, regular.

κοσμήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (κοσμέω) a commander.

κοσμοκός, ἡ, ὄν, (κόσμος) of the world, earthly, worldly.

κόσμος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κόσμος) well-ordered, moderate, regular: of persons, orderly, well-behaved, modest: τὸ κόσμον order, decorum. Hence

κοσμοσις, ητος, ἡ, propriety, decorum, orderly behaviour.

κοσμίως, Adv. of κόσμιος, regularly, decently: Comp. κοσμιώτερον; Sup. -ώτατα.

κοσμο-κόμη, ου, ὁ, (κοσμέω, κύμη) dressing the hair.

κοσμο-κράτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (κόσμος, κρατέω) ruler of this world. [d]

κοσμο-πλόκος, ον, (κόσμος, πλέκω) framing or bolding together the world.

κόσμος, ου, ὁ, (κομέω) order: κατὰ κόσμον or κόσμῳ in order, duly; οὐδένι κόσμῳ in no sort of order. 2. good order, good behaviour, decency. 3.

a set form or order: of states, government. 4. the mode or fashion of a thing. II. an ornament, decoration, dress, raiment: plur. ornaments, 2.

an honour, credit. III. the world or universe, from its perfect arrangement, Lat. mundus.

κοσμο-φθόρος, ον, (κόσμος, φθείρω) world-destroying.

κόσος, η, ον, Iou. and Acol. for πίσος.

κόσσαβος, ὁ, Ion. for κύτταβος.

κόσσυφος Att. κόττ-, ὁ, a blackbird.

κοταίνω, -κοτέω, to bear hatred against.

κότε and κοτέ, Ion. for τότε and ποτέ.

κότερον, κότερα, Ion. for πότερον, πότερα.

κοτέω, Ep. aor. I κοτέσα: Ep. pf. part. κεκοτηώς:—Med., κοτέομαι: Ep. 3 pl. impf. κοτέοντο, Ep. fut

κοτέσομαι: Ep. aor. I ἐκοτεσσάμην, κοτεσσάμην (κότος):—to bear a grudge or spite, bear malice against, envy, Lat. invidio: proverb, κεραμεὶς κεραμεὶ κοτέει, cf. κεραμεύς.

κοτήεις, εσσα, εν, (κοτέω) angry, wrathful, jealous.

κοτήνη-φόρος, ον, (κύτινος, φέρω) producing wild olive-trees.

ΚΟΤΙΝΟΣ, ὁ or ἡ, the wild olive, Lat. oleaster.

κοτίνο-τράγες, ον, (κότινος, τράγειν) eating the wild olive.

κότορνος, ὁ, Ion. for κόθορνος.

ΚΟΤΟΣ, ου, ὁ, a grudge, spite, rancour, ill-will: also, anger, wrath: later, envy, jealousy.

κοττάβιζω, f. ἴωω Att. ἰῶ, (κύτταβος) to play at the cotabbus.

κότταβος Ion. and old Att. κόσσαβος, ὁ, the cottabus, a Sicilian game, much in vogue at the drinking-parties of young men at Athens. The simplest mode

was when each threw the wine left in his cup smartly into a metal basin; if all fell inside the basin, and the sound was clear, it was a favourable sign. The game

was played in various ways. (Deriv. uncertain.) ΚΟΤΤΑΝΟΝ, τό, a small fig, Lat. cottānum.

ΚΟΤΥΛΗ, ἡ, a small cup or vessel. 2. a liquid measure containing 6 κύαθοι or a ½ ξέστης, nearly a ½ pint.

II. the cup or socket of the hip-bone. Hence

κοτυληδών, ὄνος, ἡ, any cup-like hollow: in pl. the

suckers on the feelers of the polytus, Ep. dat. κοτυλή-
ρονόφιν. II. the socket of a joint

κοτύλ-ήρυτος, ον, (κοτύλη, ἀρύω) that can be
drawn in cups, i. e. flowing copiously.

κοτύλις, ἴδος, ἡ, -ίσκιον, τό, and -ίσκος, δ, Dimi-
natives of κοτύλη, a small cup.

κότυλος, ὁ, = κοτύλη.

κοῦ, by crasis for καὶ οὐ.

κοῦ and κου, Ion. for ποῦ and που.

κούκετι, by crasis for καὶ οὐκ ἐτι.

κουλέον, κουλεός, Ion. for κολεόν, κολεός.

κοῦμι, Hebrew word, arise.

κουρά, ἄς, ἡ, (κείρω) a clipping or cropping of the
hair or beard, as a sign of mourning. II. a lock

cut off.

κουρεῖον, τό, (κουρά) a barber's shop.

κουρεύς, ἑας, ὁ, (κείρω) a barber, hair-cutter, Lat.
tonsor: hence a tailor, gossip.

κουρή, ἡ, Ion. for κῆρη. II. also Ion. for κουρά.

κουρήτις, ἡ, ον, Ion. for κῆρετις, youthful.

κουρήτες, αὐ, οἱ, (κῆρος, κῆρος) young men, young
warriors.

Κουρήτες, αὐ, οἱ, the Curiæ, inhabitants of Pleuron
in Aetolia

κουριάς, ον, δ, (κουρά) one who wears his hair soot.
κουριάω, φ, ἄσω, (κουρά) to wear untrimmed

hair. 2. of the hair, to need clipping.

κουρίδιος, α, ον, (κούρος, κούρη) wedded, lawfully
wedded; κουρίδιος πύσις her wedded husband; then,
as Subst., (without πύσις), κουρίδιος φίλος her dear

husband. 2. more frequently of the wife, κουριδίη
ἄλοχος his lawful, wedded wife, as opp. to a concu-
bine (παλλακίς); so, 3. κουριδιον λέχος the bed of
lawful marriage. 4. κυριδίη, bridal; κουριδιος

χιτῶν the bridal robe.

κουρίω, φ, ἴσω, (κῆρος, κούρος) intr. to be a
youth. II. trans. to bring up to manhood.

κουρίμιος, ἡ, ον, also ος, ον, (κουρά) fit for cutting
or shaving hair, transcant. II. pass. shorn, crop-

ped, clipped:—as Subst., κουρίμιος, ἡ, a mask with the
hair cut shorn.

κουρίξ, Adv. (κουρά) by the hair.

κουρο-βόρος, ον, (κούρος, βιβρώσκω) devouring chil-
dren; κουροβόρος πᾶχνη the blood of eaten children.

κούρος, ὁ, Ion. for κῆρος, a boy, youth, son.

κουροσύνη, ἡ, (κούρος) youthful prime, youth: hence
youthful spirits, miribfulness.

κουρότερος, α, ον, Comp. of κούρος, younger, more
youthful.

κουρο-τόκος, ον, (κούρος, τεκεῖν) bearing boy-child-
dren.

κουρο-τρόφος, ον, (κούρος, τρεφω) rearing boys:
so Ithaca is called ἀγαθή κουροτρόφος a good nursing-
mother of boys.

κουστωδία, ἡ, the Lat. custodia, a watch, guard.

κουφίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (κούφος): I. intr. to
be light

II. trans. to lighten: to lift up, raise:

κουφίσειν αλμα to make a light leap. 2. metaph.

to lighten, assuage, relieve: of persons, to relieve them
from burthens. Hence

κούφισις, εως, ἡ, a relief, alleviation.

κούφισμα, ατος, τό, (κουφίζω) that which is lifted
up. 2. a lightening, relief.

κουφολογία, ἡ, light talking. From

κουφο-λόγος, ον, (κούφος, λέγω) lightly-talking.

ΚΟΤΦΟΣ, ἡ, ον, light, nimble: neut. pl. κούφα
Adv., lightly. 2. metaph. easy, light:—empty, vain,

idle. Hence

κούφως, Adv. lightly: Comp. κουφοτερον, more
lightly, with lighter heart: Sup. κουφότητα, most
lightly.

ΚΟΦΙΝΟΣ, δ, a basket.

κοχλίας, ον, δ, (κόχλος) a snail with a spiral shell,
Lat. cochlea. II. any thing twisted spirally, a

screw: a spiral stair.

κοχλίων, τό, Dim. of κόχλος, a small snail.

ΚΟΧΛΟΣ, ον, δ, a shell-fish with a spiral shell:
the shell itself. sometimes used as a trumpet, like Lat.
concha.

κοχύδεω, Ion. impf. κοχύδεσκε:—to stream forth
copiously. (Reduplicated from χέω, χύδην.)

ΚΟΧΩΤΗ, ἡ, dual κοχῶν, the barns.

κόψατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κόπτω.

κόψυχος, ὁ, = κόσσυχος, a blackbird.

Κῶνδε, Adv. (Κῶας Ep. for Κῶας) to Cos.

κράτος, κράτι, κράτα, lengthd. forms of κῆρος

κράτι, κῆρα, gen., dat., acc. of κῆρας = κῆρα, a bead.

κράββατος, ὁ, a couch, Lat. grabātus. (Maced. word.)

κῆρᾶν. Adv. (κῆρᾶω) with loud cries.

κῆρδαί. ω, (κῆρδαῶ) to swing, brandish, shake:—Pass.
to vibrate, quiver.

ΚΡΑΔΑΪΝ, to brandish, shake.

κῆρδῃ, ἡ, (κῆρδαῶ) the light quivering spray at the
end of a branch: generally, a branch, esp. of a fig-
tree: hence a fig-tree. [α]

κῆρδία, ἡ, Dor. for κῆρδῃ, κῆρδία.

κῆρδῃ, ἡ, lon. and Ep. for κῆρδία.

ΚΡΑΪΝ: fut. κῆρᾶω, but Att. in paullo-post
form κῆρᾶσθαι: aor. I ἐκῆρα: aor. 2 ἐκῆρᾶν: pf.
with pres. sense ἐκῆρᾶα, I pl. contr. ἐκῆρᾶμεν,
imperat. κῆρᾶχθι, part. κῆρᾶγῶς, inf. κῆρᾶναι:—
to croak, properly of the raven: generally, to scream,
screech, cry: hence c. acc. to call out or clamour for
a thing.

κῆρθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of κῆρᾶναι.

ΚΡΑΙΝΩ, fut. κῆρᾶν: aor. I ἐκῆρᾶ Ep. ἐκῆρᾶν:

—Pass., fut. κῆρᾶσθαι, but also Ep. fut. inf. in pass.
sense κῆρᾶσθαι: aor. I ἐκῆρᾶν: Homer mostly

uses the Ep. form κῆρᾶναι, 3 sing. impf. ἐκῆρᾶναι:

aor. I imperat. κῆρᾶναι, κῆρᾶναι, inf. κῆρᾶναι: 3
sing. pf. pass. κῆρᾶναι, and plqpf. κῆρᾶναι:—to

accomplish, bring to pass, fulfil, execute:—Pass. to be
accomplished, brought to pass: οὐ μοι δοκεῖ τῆδῃ

γ' ὁδῷ κῆρᾶσθαι it seems to me that it will not be

accomplished by this journey; κῆρᾶνται ψῆφος the

vote hath been determined; also of workmanship,

χρυσῷ ἐπὶ χεῖλεα κεκράνται the edges are finished off with gold. II. intr. to have the ruling power: later c. gen. to reign over, govern: c. acc. cognato, κραίνειν σκήπτρα to sway the sceptre. II. intr. also to come to an end or result in a thing.

ΚΡΑΙΠΑΛΗ [α], ἡ, a lebanic and its consequences, nausea, sickness, and headache, Lat. *crapula*; ἐκ κραিপάλῃς after the debauch was over.

κραιπᾶλο-κῶμος, ον, (κραιπᾶλη, κῶμος) rambling in drunken revelry.

κραιπνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρπ-άζω, like *rapidus* from *rap-io*) tearing, sweeping, rushing: cf. καρπάλιμος. 2. swift, rapid. 3. metaph., hasty, hot, impetuous.

κραιπνό-συτος, ον, (κραιπνός, σέουμαι) swift-rushing. 1. gen.

κραιπνο-φόρος, ον, (κρῖ νός, φέρω) swift-bearing.

κρακτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κράζω) clamorous.

ΚΡΑΜΒΗ, ἡ, cabbage, kail, Lat. *crambē*.

ΚΡΑΜΒΟΣ, ἡ, ον, dry, parched, shrivelled. 2. metaph. clear, loud.

κραμβο-φάγος, ον, (κράμβη, φάγειν) Cabbage-eater, name of a frog.

κράνῃ-πεδος, ον, (κρανάς, πέδον) with stony soil κράνας, Dor. pl. of κρήνη.

ΚΡΑΝΑΨ, ἡ, ὄν, bard, rugged, rocky, stony, of Athens, from its soil, cf. λεπτόγυνος: οἱ Κραναοὶ the people of Attica.

κράνῃσθαι, Ep. fut. inf. med. (with pass. sense) of κράνω.

κράνειδ Ion. -είη, ἡ, (κράνον) the cornel-tree, Lat. *cornus*: it was used for spear-shafts and bows: hence a spear.

κράνῃνος, η, ον, (κράνον) made of cornel-wood, κρανῖνον ἀκόντιον, cf. Virgil's *spicula cornea*.

κράνα, ἡ, Dor for κρήνη. [α]

κρανθῆναι, aor. i inf. pass. of κραίω.

Κρανίνας, Κρανίς, Dor. for Κρηνιάς, Κρηνίς.

κράνιον, τό, (κάρα) the upper part of the head, skull.

ΚΡΑΝΟΝ, τό, the cornel-tree, Lat. *CORNUS*.

κράνοποιός, ἡ, ὄν, ἡσω, to make helmets: to talk big and warlike. From

κράνο-ποιός, ὄν, (κράνος, ποίω) making helmets: as Subst., κρανοποιός, ὁ, a helmet-maker.

κράνος, εος, τό, (κάρα) a helmet. [α]

κράντειρα, ἡ, fem. of κραντήρ.

κραντήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (κράνω) one that accomplishes, a doer, performer.

κράντωρ, ορος, ὁ, (κράνω) a ruler, sovereign.

ΚΡΑΣ, ὁ, collat. form of κόρα, gen. *krārus* (which is sometimes fem.), dat. *krātī*, acc. *krāta*: plur., gen. *krātōn*, dat. *krāōi* Ep. *krātesphi*: in Hom. also a lengthd. gen and dat., *krāitos*, *krāiti*, pl nom. *krāta*:—the head: metaph. a top, peak, height.

κράσις, εως, ἡ, (κεράννυμι) a mixing, compounding, blending. II. the temperature of the air, climate, Lat. *temperies*

III. in Gramm., crasis, when the consecutive vowels of two words melt into one, e. g. *τοῖνομα* for τὸ ὄνομα, *ἀγῆρ* for ὁ ἀγῆρ.

ΚΡΑΣΠΕΔΟΝ, τό, the edge, border, margin, bent of a thing. Hence

κρασπεδῶ, ἡ, ὄν, ἡσω, to surround with a border or fringe.

κράσπων, ον, Dor. for *κρεσπων*, *κρείσων*.

κράτα, τό, indecl., = *κάρα*:—but also *krāta*, τόν, acc. of *κρας*.

κράτα-βόλος, ον, (κραταίος, βάλλω) hurled with violence

κράται-γύαλος, ον, (κραταίος, γύαλον) with strong back and breast piece, strongly arched. of a corslet

κράταις, ἡ, —κράτος, only of the stone of Sisypnos, τότ' ἀποστρεψάσκε *κραταίς* αὐτίς then did mighty force turn it back again. II. *Κράταις*, as pr. n. *Crataeis*, the mighty one, name of the mother of the sea-monster Scylla

κράταί-λεως, ον, gen. ω, (κραταίος, λᾶς) stony, rocky rugged.

κράταις, α, ὄν, (κράτος) poet. for *κρατερός*, mighty, strong, resiless.

κράταιώ, ἡ, ὄν, later form for *κρατύνω*.

κράταί-πεδος, ον, (κραταίος, πέδον) with hard ground or soil.

κράταί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, —που, τό, gen. —ποδος: also *κραταίπους*: (κραταίος, πούς): stout-footed sure-footed.

κράταί-ρινος, ον, (κραταίος, ρίνος) strong-shelled

κράτερ-αίχμη, ον, ὁ, also *καρτ-*, (κρατερός, αἰχμή) mighty with the spear, warlike.

κράτερός poet. *καρτερός*, ὁ, ὄν, (κρατός, κρατέω) strong, stout, mighty, valiant: but also *hard-bearded*, *cruel*, *barb*, *rough*: so, *χῶρος κρατερός* *hard*, *solid*, *ground*. 2. also *strong*, *violent*.

κράτερό-φρων, ον, gen. *ονος*, (κρατερός, φρήν) stout-bearded, dauntless.

κράτερό-χειρ, *χειρος*. ὁ, ἡ, (κρατερός, χεῖρ) stout of hand

κράτερ-ῶνυξ, ἥρος, ὁ, ἡ, (κρατερός, ὄνυξ) strong-boofed, solid-boofed: of lions, with strong claws.

κρατερός, Adv. of *κρατερός*, strongly, stoutly: sternly, *roughly*

κράτεσφι, Ep. dat. pl. of *κράς*. [α]

ΚΡΑΤΕΥΤΑΙ, ὦν, οἱ, the forked stand or frame on which a spit turns.

κράτεω. ἡ, ὄν, (κράτος):—to be strong and mighty: to rule, bold sway: c. dat. to rule among, ἀνδράσι καὶ θεοῖσι *κρατεῖν*.

2. c. gen. to lay bold of, become master of, to be lord of, ruler over; also to conquer, subdue: absol. to prevail, get the upper hand: of reports, to prevail, become current. II. c. acc. pers. to prevail against, vanquish, master: also to surpass, excel

III. c. acc. rei, to bold fast, seize, secure.

IV. to order, command:—Pass. to obey.

κράτῃ Ion. *κρητήρ*, ἥρος, ὁ, (κεράννυμι) a mixing vessel, a bowl, in which the wine was mixed with water, and from which the cups were filled; *κρητήρα* *κεράσασθαι* to mix a bowl.

II. any hollow, a basin in a rock: the mouth of a volcano, *crater*.

κράτῃσι-μάχος, *ον*, (κρατέω, μάχη) *victorious in the fight.*

κράτῃσι-πους, *ο, ή, πουν, το*, *gen. ποδος*, (κρατέω, πούς) *victorious in the foot-race.*

κράτῃσι-ἵππος, *ον*, (κρατέω, ἵππος) *victorious in the horse-race.*

κράτῃ, *dat. sing. of κράς.*

κράτιστεύω, *ῖ, σω*, (κράτιστος) *to be best, most excellent, supreme: to excel.*

κράτιστος *Ep. κάρτιστος, η, ον*, and as irreg. *Sup.* of ἀγαθός, being formed from κράτος, as κείδιστος from κέρδος:—*strongest, mightiest, fiercest.*

2. *best, most excellent.*—The *Comp.* in use is κολεισίων. [δ]

ΚΡΑΤΟΣ *poët. κάρτος, εος, τό*, *strength, might, prowess: force, violence; πόλιν ἐλεῖν κατὰ κράτος* to take a city by open force, by storm; also, κατὰ κράτος with all one's might; so also, ἀνὰ κράτος up to one's full power, with all one's might. II. generally,

might, power, rule, sway, dominion: c. gen. power over.

III. *mastery, victory.*

κράτῃς, *gen. of κράς.*

κράτύνω *Ep. καρτύνω: ῖ, ὤνω* (κράτος):—*to strengthen, confirm: Med. to strengthen for oneself, ἐκαρτύναντο φάλαγγας* they strengthened their ranks:—*Pass. to become strong, be strengthened.*

2. *to harden.* II. *to rule, govern, c. gen.*

2. *to become master, get possession of: to conquer.* [ῥ]

κράτῃς, *masc. Adj., only found in nom., (κράτος) strong, mighty.* [ῥ]

κραυγάζω, *ῖ, ὦν*, (κραυγή) *to scream, shriek.*

Κραυνᾶσιδος, *ον, ὁ*, (κραυγή) *Croaker, name of a frog.*

κραυγῇ, *ή*, (κράζω) *a crying, screaming, shrieking.*

κρε-άγρα, *ὁ*, (κρέας, ἀγρέω) *a flesh-book.*

κρε-αγρίς, *ἴδος, ή*, = κρεάγρα.

κρεάδιον, *τό*, *Dim. of κρέας, a slice of flesh.*

κρεανόμεω, *ῖ, ὦν*, (κρεανόμος) *to distribute flesh, to divide the flesh of a victim amongst the guests:—Med. to divide amongst themselves. Hence*

κρεανόμια, *ή*, *a distribution of the flesh of a victim amongst the guests, Lat. visceratio.*

κρεανόμος, *ον*, (κρέας, νέμω) *distributing the flesh of victims: as Subst., κρεανόμος; ὁ, a carver, Lat. dispensator.*

ΚΡΕΑΣ *Dor. κρής, τό; gen. κρέως: plur. κρέα, gen. κρέων Ep. κρέων; dat. κρέσσι Ep. κρέσσι:—flesh, a piece of meat: meat.*

2. *a carcass: a body, person.* κρεη-δόκος, *ον*, and κρεο-δόκος, *ον*, (κρέας, δέχομαι) *containing flesh.*

κρείων, *τό*, (κρέας) *a meat-tray, dresser.*

κρείουσα, *fem. of κρείων, q. v.*

κρείσσο-τέκνος, *ον*, (κρείσσω, τέκνον) *dearer than children.*

κρείσσω, *ον*, *gen. ονος, Att. κρείττων Ion. κρεσσων Dor. κάρρων:—stronger, mightier: better, braver: used with εἰμι sum and part., as κρείσσω γάρ ἦσθα μηκέτι ἂν ή ξῶν τυφλός* thou wert better

not alive, than living blind.

II. *too great for, exceeding; ὕψος κρείσσον ἐκπηδήματος* a height too great for leaping out; of evil deeds, κρείσσον' ἀγχόνης too bad for hanging.

III. *superior to master of; κρείσσω χρημάτων* superior to bribes.

IV. in moral sense, *better, more excellent.* (κρείσσω is used as irreg. *Comp.* of ἀγαθός, κράτος being the Root, whence also *Sup.* κράτιστος.)

κρείττων, *Att. form of foreg.*

ΚΡΕΙΩΝ, *οντος, ὁ: fem. κρεουσα, ή:—a ruler, lord, master: a general title of honour, like ἀναξ.*

κρείων, *Ep. for κρέων, gen. pl. of κρέας.*

κρεάδια, *ον, τά*, (κρέα) *a kind of tapestry.*

κρεκτός, *ή, ὁν*, *struck so as to sound, of stringed instruments; played, sung. From*

ΚΡΕΚΩ, *ῖ, ὦν* *aor. I ἐκρεξα:—to strike, beat: to strike the web with the shuttle, to weave.*

2. *to strike with the plectrum, to play on an instrument.*

3. *generally, to make any sharp sound, to rustle.*

κρεμάθρα, *ή*, (κρεμάννυμι) *a basket to hang things up in.*

κρεμάμαι, *shortd. pres. pass. of κρεμάννυμι; subj. κρέμωμαι; opt. κρεμαίμην; inf. κρέμασθαι: impf. ἐκρεμάμην: fut. (in pass. sense) κρεμήσομαι.*

κρεμάννυμι rarely ὤω *fut. κρεμάσω [ᾶ] Att. κρεμῶ, ᾶς, ᾶ, Ep. lengthd. κρεμόω: aor. I ἐκρέμασα Ep. κρέμασα:—Med., aor. I ἐκρεμάσθην:—Pass., κρεμάννυμι: fut. κρεμασθήσομαι: aor. I ἐκρεμάσθην:—to hang, hang up, let hang down: to hang up by a thing, c. gen.; κρεμάσαι τὴν ἀσπίδα* to hang up one's shield, i. e. give up war: so in *Med., πηδάλιον κρεμάσθαι* to hang up one's rudder, i. e. give up the sea

II. *Pass. to be hung up or suspended, to swing from, bang down from*

2. *metaph. to be in suspense.*

κρεμάσας, *aor. I part. of κρεμάννυμι.*

κρεμασθεῖς, *aor. I part. pass. of κρεμάννυμι.*

κρεμαστός, *ή, ὁν*, (κρεμάννυμι) *hung up, hung, banging: c. gen. bung from or on a thing; κρεμαστός αὐχένος* hung by the neck

κρεμάστρα, *ή*, = κρεμάθρα.

κρεμάω, *Root of κρεμάννυμι, to hang, bang up.*

κρεμβάλλω, *ῖ, ὦν*, (κρέμβαλα) *to keep time with castanets. Hence*

κρεμβάλαστος, *νος, ή*, *a rattling with castanets, to give the time in dancing.*

ΚΡΕΜΒΑΛΑ, *τά*, *castanets.*

κρεμήσομαι, *ῖ, ὦν*, (in pass. sense) of κρέμαμι.

κρεμῶ, *Ep. for Att. κρεμῶ, fut. of κρεμάννυμι.*

κρέξ, *ή, gen. κρεκός, Lat. cres, (κρέκω) a bird with a sharp notched bill, a rail.*

κρέο-βοτος, *ον*, (κρέας, βόσκω) *fed on flesh.*

κρεο-δαίτης, *ον, ὁ*, (κρέας, δαίω) *the carver at a public meal.*

κρεοκοπέω, *Att. for κρεοκωπέω.*

κρεο-πώλης, *ον, ὁ*, (κρέας, πωλέω) *a butcher.*

κρεουργέω, *ἔ. ἦσω*, (κρεουργός) *to cut up meat like a butcher: to butcher.* Hence

κρεουργηδόν, Adv. *like a butcher: in joints or pieces: and*

κρεουργία, *ἡ, a cutting up like a butcher, butchering.*
κρεουργός, *όν*, (κρέας, ἔργον) *cutting up meat: as*
Subst., κρεουργός, *δ, a butcher or a carver.* —κρεουργόν *ἡμῶν a day of feasting.*

κρεο-φάγος, *ον*, (κρέας, φάγειν) *eating flesh, carnivorous.*

κρέσσαν, *ων*, gen. *ονος*, Ion for κρέσσων.

κρέων, *οντος*, = κρέων.

κρέων, gen. pl. of κρέας.

κρήνους, *ον*, good, agreeable. II. *true, real.*

κρήν-δεμνον Dor. κρά-δεμνον, τό, (κρά, δέω) *a sort of head-dress, like a veil or mantilla with lappets.* II. metaph. in plur. *the battlements which crown the walls.* III. *the lid of a vessel.*

κρήναι, aor. I inf. of κρηαίνω, Ep. for κρηαίνω.

κρήνηνον, aor. I imperat. of κρηαίνω, Ep. for κρηαίνω.

κρήθεν, Adv. (κράς) *from the head, from above.*

κρημνάς, part. of κρημνῆμι.

κρημνάς and κρημνῆμι, —κρεμάννυμι, *to let down from a height, cast down, bang down:—Pass. κρημνῶμαι, to bang down, be suspended: to float or bover in air.*

κρήμνη, for κρήμναθι, imperat. of κρημνῆμι.

κρημνο-βάτης [ἄ], *ου, δ*, (κρημνός, βαίνω) *haunter of the steep.*

κρημνο-ποιός, *όν*, (κρημνός, ποίω) *talking precipices, using big rugged words, of Aeschylus.*

κρημνός, *δ*, (κρεμάννυμι) *an overhanging steep, a beetling crag: also the steep bank or edge of a river or trench*

κρημνο-ώδης, *ες*, (κρημνός, εἶδος) *precipitous, steep.*

κρήναί, aor. I inf. of κρηναίω.

κρηναίος, *α, ον*, (κρήνη) *of or from a spring or fountain.*

κρηναῖον ὕδωρ *spring water.*

ΚΡΗΝΗ Dor. κράνα, *ἡ, a well, spring, Lat. fons: in pl. water.* I II. *a source, fountain-head.* Hence

κρήνηθεν, Adv. *from a well or spring: and*

κρήνηνδε, Adv. *to a well or spring.*

κρηναῖος, *ἄδος*, *ἡ*, pecul. fem. of κρηναίος, *of or from a well or spring: Dor. Κρανιάδες, Nymphs of a spring: so too Κρανίδες.*

κρηνίς, *ἰδος*, *ἡ*, Dim. of κρήνη. [Υ]

κρήνον, aor. I imperat. of κρηναίω.

ΚΡΗΝΙΨ, *ἰδος*, *ἡ*, a kind of man's boot: in Theocritus, a groundwork, foundation, basement, of a temple or altar: metaph., *ἡ ἐγκράτεια ἀρετῆς κρηνίς self-command is the foundation of virtue.* 2. *the side of a river with a coping to it, a quay, Lat. crepidio: generally, an edge.* [Υ]

κρής, Dor. for κρίας.

Κρής, *δ*, gen. Κρητός: pl. Κρήτες, gen. Κρητῶν: —a Cretan: fem. Κρήσσα.

Hence

Κρήσιος, *α, ον*, Cretan.

κρήσαι, Ep. for κερᾶσαι, aor. I inf. of κεράννυμι.

κρησφύγετον, τό, *a place of refuge or security, retreat, resort.*

Κρήτη, *ἡ, the island Crete, now Candia.* Hence

Κρήτηθεν, Adv. *from Crete: and*

Κρήτηνδε, Adv. *to Crete.*

κρητήρ, Ep. for κρατήρ: dat. pl. κρητήρσι.

Κρητίζω, *ἑ. σω*, (Κρής) *to lie like a Cretan.*

Κρητικός, *ἡ, ὢν*, (Κρήτη) *Cretan, of the island of Crete:—Adv. —κῶς, in Cretan fashion.* II. κρητικόν (sub. ἱματίον), τό, *a garment of Cretan fashion.* III.

κρητικός (sub. ποῦς), *δ*, *a metrical foot, e. g. Ἄντι-φών [—] called also amphimacer (ἀμφίμακρος).*

κρητισμός, *οὔ, δ*, (Κρητίζω) *lying.*

κρί, τό, Ep. shorter form for κριθή, *barley.*

κριθάντης [ἰ], *ον, δ*, *baked under a pot or pan:—κριθάντης (sub. ἄρτος), δ, a loaf so baked.* From

κριθᾶνος, *δ*, Att. for κλίβανος, *a covered earthen vessel, a pot, pan or pipkin, in which bread was baked by putting hot embers round it.* [ἰ] Hence

κριθᾶνωτός, *ἡ, ὢν*, —κριθάντης.

ΚΡΙΖΩ, *ἑ. ξω*: aor. 2 ἐκρίκον: pf. κέκριγα: —*to creak, Lat. stridere: to screech, squeak.* (Formed from the sound.)

κρήδόν, Adv. (κρίς) *like a ram.*

κρίθαια, *ἡ*, (κριθή) *a mess of barley pottage.*

κρίθω, *ἑ. ἦσω*, (κριθή) *to be over-fed with barley, to be restive.*

κρίθεις, aor. I pass. part. of κρίνω.

κρίθεν, Aeol. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κρίνω.

ΚΡΙΘΗ, *ἡ*, and in plur. κριθαί, *αἱ, barley: οἶνος ἐκ κριθέων (Ion. gen. pl.) wine made from barley, i. e. a kind of beer: also roasted barley.* [ἰ]

κρίθηναι, aor. I inf. pass. of κρίνω.

κρίθιαις, *εως, ἡ*, (κριθή) *a disease of horses, caused by feeding them with barley, Lat. bordeatio.*

κρίθιζω, *ἑ. σω*, (κριθή) *to feed with barley.*

κρίθινος, *η, ον*, (κριθή) *made of barley.*

κρίθο-τράγος, *ον*, (κριθή, τράγειν) *barley-eating.*

κρίθω, aor. I subj. pass. of κρίνω.

κρίκε, Ep. for ἐκρίκε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of κρίζω.

κρίκος, *δ*, —κίρκος, *a ring, circle: also an eyelet-hole, a deadeye, in the corner of a sail.*

κρίμα, not κρίμα, *ατος, τό*, (κρίνω) *a judgment, sentence.* 2. *a matter for judgment: an accusation, charge, Lat. crimen.*

κρίμνον, τό, (κρί, κριθή) *coarse barley-meal.*

κρίμν-ώδης, *ες*, (κρίμνον, εἶδος) *like coarse meal:*

κατανάφει κρινώδη *it snows thick as meal.*

κρίνας, aor. I part. of κρίνω.

ΚΡΙΝΟΝ, τό, *a lily: irreg. pl. κρίνεα, dat. κρίνεσι, as if from a nom. κρίνος, eos, τό.* [Υ]

ΚΡΙΝΩ [ἰ]: fut. κρίνω: aor. I ἐκρίνα: pf. κέκρινα: —Med., fut. κρινούμαι: aor. I ἐκρίνάμην: —Pass., fut. κριθήσομαι: aor. I ἐκρίθην [Υ], older ἐκρίνθην, whence part. κρινθείς: pf. κέκριμαι, inf. κερκίσθαι: —the Lat. CERNO, *to separate, divide, put apart:*

hence *to pick out, choose: and in Med. to pick out.*

for oneself, choose, prefer:—Pass. to be chosen or distinguished.

2. to decide a contest or dispute, e. g. for a prize; σκολιδά θέμιστας κλίνειν to judge crooked judgments. i. e. to judge unjustly:—Pass. and Med. κλινομαι, to be at variance, contend, fight: to dispute, quarrel.

3. to judge of, estimate: hence to expound, explain: c. inf. to judge, pronounce that a thing is.

III. to question, examine, bring to trial, accuse, arraign:—Pass. to be brought to trial, tried.

2. to pass sentence upon, to condemn:—Pass. to be judged, condemned.

κρίξις, δ, Dor. for κρισός, κισός.

κρτο-βόλος, ον, (κρίς, βάλλω) ram-slaying.

κρτο-πρόσωπος, ον, (κρίς, πρόσωπον) ram-faced.

ΚΡΙΤΏΣ, δ, a ram, Lat. aries. 2. 1. battering-ram, because it butted like a ram; generally finished in the shape of a ram's head.

Κρίσα, ης, ή, Crisa or Crissa, a city in Phocis, not far from Delphi:—Adj. Κρισσαῖος, α, ον, Crissaeon.

κρίσις [ι], εως, ή, (κρίνω) a separating, putting apart: hence a picking out, choosing. 2. a deciding, determining; a judgment, sentence. 3. a trial. II. a dispute, quarrel.

III. the event, issue, decision.

κρίτηριον, τό, (κριτής) a means for judging or trying, a standard, test. 2. a court of judgment, tribunal.

κρίτης, ού, δ, (κρίνω) a discernor, judge, arbiter: at Athens of the judges in the poetic contests. 2.

κριτής ένπντων, an interpreter, expounder of dreams. Hence

κρίτικός, ή, όν, able to discern and decide, critical.

κρίτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of κρίνω, picked out, chosen: choice, excellent.

κροαίνα, Ep. for κρούα, of a horse, to stamp or strike with the hoof.

κρόκα, heterocl. acc. sing. of κρόκη.

κροκάλη, ή, = κρόκη π: in pl. the sea-shore, beach, strand. [δ]

κρόκεος, ον, (κρόκος) saffron-coloured.

κρόκεα, al heterocl. nom. pl. of κρόκη.

κρόκη, ή, with heterocl. acc. κρόκα and nom. pl. κρόκεα, as if from a nom. κρόξ: (κρέω):—the woof or warp, Lat. subditemen, opp. to στήμων the warp: generally, a thread: in pl. wool. II. a rounded stone or pebble.

κροκήτιος, η, ον, ποδ. for κρόκεος, saffron-coloured.

κροκό-βαπτος, ον, (κρόκος, βάπτω) saffron-dyed.

κροκο-βάφης, ές, (κρόκος, βαφηναι) crocus-dyed, of ποικυλ-βιος, i. e. purple, red, not yellow (see κρόκος).

κροκόδειλος, ό, a lizard. II. name given by the Ionians to the crocodile or alligator of the Nile: in full, ό κροκόδειλος ό ποτάμιος, called by the natives χάμαρα.

κροκόεια, εσσα, εν, (κρόκος) saffron-coloured. II. as Subst., κροκόεις (sub. πέπλος) ό, a robe of saffron.

κροκό-πεπλος, ον, (κρόκος, πέπλος) saffron-robed.

ΚΡΟΚΟΣ, ον, ό, the purple crocus. II. saffron (which is made from its stamens).

κροκός [υ], ύδος, ή, (κρόκη) the flock, nap, pile of cloth: generally, a piece or flock of wool

κροκωτίδιον, τό, Dim. of κροκωτός, a short, saffron robe.

κροκωτός, ή, όν, (κροκώ) saffron-dyed or coloured. II. as Subst., κροκωτός (sub. πέπλος), ό, a saffron-coloured robe for state occasions, as for the festivals of Bacchus.

κροκωτοφόρεω, έ ήσω, to wear a saffron robe. From κροκωτο-φόρος, ον, (κροκωτός, φέρω) wearing a saffron robe.

κρομμύ-οξύ-ρεγγία, ή, (κρόμμυον, όξος, έρεγγμός) a bunch of onions and vinegar.

ΚΡΟΜΥΏΝ or κρόμμυον, τό, an onion.

Κρονίδης, ον, δ, patronym. from Κρόνος, son of Cronos or Saturn, i. e. Zeus: cf. Κρονίαν, Κρόνος. [ι]

Κρονικός, ή, όν, (Κρόνος) old-fashioned, antiquated, out of date, cf. sq.

Κρόνιος, α, ον, (Κρόνος) of Cronos or Saturn: τὰ Κρόνια (sub. έπά), τά, his festival celebrated at Athens on the twelfth of the month Hegatombeon: Κρονίαν όζειν to smell of old times, to smack of antiquity.

Κρόν-ιππος, ό, (Κρόνος, ίππος) an old fool, old dotard.

Κρονίαν, ό, gen. ίονος [ι], but also Κρονίεως, patronym. from Κρόνος, son of Cronos or Saturn, Zeus.

Κρόνος, ό, Cronos, Lat. Saturnus, son of Uranos and Gaia, husband of Rhea, father of Zeus: his time was the golden age. II. a name given at Athens to a superannuated dotard.

ΚΡΟΨΣΑΙ, ών, αλ, battlements on walls. 2. the courses or steps in which the Pyramids rose from bottom to top.

κροτάλλω, f. έσω, (κρόταλον) to rattle castanets: generally, to make to rattle.

κρόταλον, τό, (κροτέω) a rattle, castanet II. metaphor. a rattling, chattering fellow.

κροτάφος, ό, (κροτέω) the side of the forehead: in pl. the temples, Lat. tempora: also the sides of the face. 2. metaphor. the brow of a mountain.

κροτέω, fut. ήσω: (κρότος):—to make to rattle or clasp.

II. to knock, beat, strike: of a smith, to hammer or weld together, forge:—Pass. to be worked with the hammer, welded, forged: εΐθις τὸ πρᾶγμα κροτείσθαι, let the matter be struck at once, i. e. 'strike while the iron is hot.' 2. to strike together, clap the hands, in token of applause: absol. to clap, to applaud.

III. intr. in Act. to rattle, make a clatter. Hence

κροτημός, ό, a striking, beating.

κροτητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of κροτέω, stricken, smitten, sounding with blows. 2. rattled or whirled rattling along.

3. played with the plectrum.

κρότος, ον, ό, (κρούω) the sound of striking: κρότος χειρών a clapping of hands: generally, a loud rattling or noise.

κρωτών, ώνος, ό, a tick, Lat. ricinus. II. the

calma Christi or *ricinus*, which bears the castor-oil berry.

κροῦμα, ατος, τό, (κρούω) *a beat, stroke.* 2. *a sound produced by striking a string, a note.*

κροῦνισμα, ατος, τό, *a gushing or stream.* From ΚΡΟΥΝΟΣ, οὔ, δ, *a spring, well-head:* in pl.

streams: metaph. *a torrent of words.* Hence κροῦνο-χυτρο-λήρατος, δ, (κροῦνός, χύτρος, λήρος) *a pouter forth of weak, wasby twaddle.*

κροῦσι-δημιώ, f. ἦσσι, (κρούω, δῆμος) *to play upon the people, impose upon them.*

κρούσις, εως, ἡ, (κρούω) *a striking: a playing on a stringed instrument.*

κρουστέον, verb. Adj. οἱ κρούω, *one must knock at.* κρουστικός, ἡ, ὄν, *fit for striking* II. metaph.

striking, astonishing, forcible; τὸ κρουστικὸν striking eloquence. From

ΚΡΟΥΩ, f. σσι: aor. I ἐκρούσα:—Pass., pf. κέ-κρουμαι and -σμαι:—*to knock, strike, smite; κρούειν χεῖρας to clap the hands; κρούειν πόδα, to strike the foot against the ground in dancing.* 2. *to strike with a plectrum; generally, to play any instrument.*

3. κρούειν τὴν θύραν *to knock at the door.* 4. Med. κρούεσθαι —ῥιμῶν *to back stern foremost; cf. ἀνακρούειν.*

κρύβδᾶ, Adv. (κρύπτω) *without the knowledge of, κρύβδα Διός, Lat. clam Jove*

κρύβδην Dor. —δαν Adv. (κρύπτω) *secretly, covertly: —also, like κρύβδα, without the knowledge of*

κρύβηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κρύπτω. κρυέρος, ἄ, ὄν, (κρύος) *icy, chill, chilling.*

κρύμους, δ, (κρύος) *icy cold, chill, frost.* κρύμ-ώδης, ες, (κρυμός, εἶδος) *icy-cold: frozen, icy.*

κρύδαις, εσσα, εν, —κρυερός, *icy-cold, chilling.* ΚΡΥΨΩ, τό, icy cold, chill, frost: metaph. *an inward chill, shudder, horror.*

κρυπτάδιος, α, ὄν, also os, ον: (κρύπτω) *secret, bidden, clandestine.*

κρυπτάζω, f. ἄσω, collateral form of κρύπτω. κρύπτασκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of κρύπτω.

κρυπτεῖα, ἡ, (κρυπτεύω) *a secret service or commission: at Sparta intrusted to the young men, to season them against fatigue.*

κρυπτεόν, verb. Adj. of κρύπτω, *one must conceal.* κρυπτεύω, f. σσι, (κρύπτω) *to conceal, bide.* II.

to bide oneself, lie concealed. III. Pass. κρυπτεύομαι, *to have snares laid for one.*

κρυπτή, ἡ, *a covered place, vault, crypt.* From κρυπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of κρύπτω, *bidden, secret.*

ΚΡΥΠΤΩ: Ion. impf. κρυπτασκον: fut. κρύψω: aor. I ἐκρύψα: pf. κέκρυφα:—Pass., fut. 2 κρύβησομαι, paullo-p. fut. κεκρύψομαι: aor. I ἐκρύβην: aor. 2 ἐκρύβην [ῥ]: pf. κέκρυμαι:—*to bide, cover, conceal: —Pass. to bide oneself, lie bidden.* II.

metaph. *to conceal, keep secret or covered over; with dupl. acc., μή με κρύψῃς τοῦτο do not bide this from me.*

κρυστάλλιζω, f. ἴσω, (κρύσταλλος) *to be like crystal.*

κρυστάλλινος, η, ὄν, (κρύσταλλος) *of crystal.*

κρυστάλλο-πηκτος, ὄν, ὁρ κρυστάλλο-πῆξ, ἡγος, δ, ἡ, (κρύσταλλος, πήγνυμι) *congealed to ice, frozen.*

κρύσταλλος, δ; (κρύος) *clear ice, ice, Lat. glacies.* 2. *extreme cold, torpor.* II. δ and ἡ, crystal, rock-crystal.

κρύφα, Adv. (κρύπτω) *secretly from, without the knowledge of, like κρύβδα, c. gen. [ῥ]*

κρύφαίος, α, ὄν, and os, ον, (κρύπτω) *secret, bidden, covert.* Adv. —ως.

κρύφῃ Dor —φα, Adv. (κρύπτω) *secretly, in secret.* κρύφῃδόν, Adv. = foreg.

κρύφῃς, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of κρύπτω. κρύφιος, α, ὄν, also os, ον, (κρύπτω) *secret, bidden, clandestine.* [ῥ]

κρύψος, δ, (κρύπτω) *concealment, obscurity.* κρύψω, late form of κρύπτω.

κρύψαι, aor. I inf. of κρύπτω. κρυψι-μέτωπος, ὄν, (κρύπτω, μέτωπον) *hiding the forehead.*

κρυψι-voos, ὄν, contr. —vous, ον: (κρύπτω, νόος): *biding one's thoughts, reserved, dissembling.*

κρύψις, εως, ἡ, (κρύπτω) *a biding, concealment: the art or means of concealing.*

ΚΡΩΒΥΛΟΣ, δ, *a roll of hair gathered to a knot on the crown of the head.* II. *the crest on a helmet.* [ῥ]

κρωγμός, ο, (κράζω) *the croaking or cawing of a crow.* ΚΡΩΨΩ, f. κρώξω, *to croak or caw like a crow, Lat. crocitare.* II. of men, *to croak out.* (Formed from the sound.)

κρῶσσαι, Ion. for κρῶσαι. κρωστίον, τό, Dim. of κρωσός.

ΚΡΩΣΟΣ, οὔ, δ, *a water-pail, piteber, jar.* 2. *a cinerary urn.*

κτά, for ἔκτα, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κτείνω: optat. κταῖν; inf. κτάναι; part. κτάς.

κταίνω, Dor. for κτείνω. κτάμεν, κτάμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of κτείνω. [ᾱ]

κτάμεν aor. 2 part. med. (with pass. sense) c5 κτείνω.

κτάνε, 3p. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κτείνω. [ᾱ] κτάνθεν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κτείνω.

ΚΤΑΪΟΜΑΙ Ion. κτέομαι: fut. κτήσομαι: paullo-p. fut. κεκτήσομαι: aor. I ἐκτησάμην: pf. κέκτημαι

Ion. ἐκτημαι, subj. κέκτωμαι, opt. κεκτῆμην or -ήμην: plqpf. ἐκεκτήμην: Dep.:—*to get for oneself, gain, be in the course of acquiring or procuring; also to bring upon oneself, incur.* II. in pf. κέκτημαι or ἐκτημαι, and paullo-p. fut. κεκτήσομαι, *to have acquired or got, and so, to possess, to have or hold; δ κεκτῆ-μένος an owner, master: hence as Subst. c. gen., ὁ ἐμοῦ κεκτῆμένης my master; ἡ ἐμῇ κεκτῆμένῃ my mistress.*

III. aor. I ἐκτηθήν is used in pass. sense, *to be gotten, obtained, acquired.*

κτάσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. med. (with pass. sense) of κτείνω; but, II. κτάσθαι, inf. of κτάομαι.

κτέανον, δ, (κταομαι) = κτήμα: but mostly in pl.

possessions, property; Ep. heterocl. dat. κτεάτεσσι, as if from κτέαρ.

κτεάτετρα, ἡ, fem. of κτεάτηρ, she that buys one in possession of. [ᾶ]

κτεάτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κτάομαι) a possessor.

κτεάτιζω, f. ἰω: Ep. aor. 1 κτεάτισσα: (κτεαρ):—to get, gain, win: pf. pass. with med. sense, ἐκτεάτισμαι to get for oneself. Hen

κτεάτιστός, ἡ, ὄν, gotten, won, acquired.

κτείνω: Ion. impf. κτείνεσκον: f. κτενῶ Ep. κτένω or κτανέω: aor. 1 ἐκτεῖνα: aor. 2 ἐκτένω: pf. ἐκτενα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐκτέανθη: pf. ἐκτάμαι:—the following Ep. forms are freq. in Homer, 3 sing. and pl. aor. 2 ἐκτᾶ, ἐκτάν (as if from κτῆμα); subj. κτέω, 1 pl. κτέωμεν; inf. κτάμεν, κτάμεναι [ᾶ], for κτάναι; part. κτάς: aor. 2 med. (with pass. sense) ἐκτάμην [ᾶ], inf. κτάσθαι; part. κτάμενος: also Aeol. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. ἐκτάθεν:—to kill, slay: of animals, to slay.

κτείνωμι, Ep. pres. subj. for κτείνω.

ΚΤΕΪΣ, ὁ, gen. κτενός, a comb. 2. the weaver's comb, Lat. pecten or radius. 3. a rake, barrow. 4. the band, with the fingers spread open. Hence κτενέω, Ion. fut. of κτείνω.

κτενίζω, f. ἰω, to comb: to curry horses:—Med., κτενίτσειν κόμας to comb one's hair.

κτενίον, τό, Dim. of κτεῖς, a small comb.

κτενισμός, ὁ, (κτενίζω) a combing.

κτέομαι, Ion. for κτάομαι.

κτέρας, ατος, τό, (κτάομαι) = κτέανον, κτῆμα.

κτέρεα, τά, (κτάομαι) properly = κτῆματα, possessions, property: but mostly of favourite possessions, such as pieces of armour, burnt with the dead: generally, funeral honours, obsequies; see κτερεῖω, κτερίζω.

κτερεῖω, f. ἰω, lengthd. for κτερίζω, to bury with due honours:—with acc. of cognate sense, κτέρεα κτερεῖν to pay funeral honours; see κτερίζω.

κτερίζω: fut. κτεριῶ: aor. 1 ἐκτερίσα: (κτέρεα):—to bury with due honours:—with acc. of cognate sense, κτέρεα κτερίζειν to pay funeral honours, Lat. iusta facere, exequias facere.

κτεριοῦσι, 3 pl. fut. of κτερίζω.

κτερίσματα, τά, (κτερίζω) = κτερέα.

κτέω, κτέωμεν, 1 sing. and pl. Ep. aor. 2 subj. of κτείνω.

κτεθῆναι, aor. 1 inf. of κτάομαι, used in pass. sense.

κτῆμα, ατος, τό, (κτάομαι) anything gotten, a piece of property, possession:—in pl. κτῆματα, possessions, property, goods. II. a thing, like χρήμα.

κτηνηδόν, Adv. (κτῆνος) like beasts.

κτῆνος, αος, τό, (κτάομαι) properly, like κτῆμα, a piece of property; chiefly used in pl. κτῆνεα, contr. κτήνη, property in herds or flocks, cattle: rarely in sing. of a single head of cattle, an ox or sheep.

κτῆσαιτο, 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of κτάομαι.

κτῆσιος, α, ον, also ον, ον, (κτῆσις) of or from one's property; κτῆσιον βοτόν a sheep of one's own

flock.

II. belonging to one's own house, domestic, Lat. penetralis; κτῆσιοι θεοὶ household gods.

κτῆσις, εως, ἡ, (κτάομαι) an acquiring, getting. II. (from pf. pass. κέκτημαι) possession:—as collective, possessions, property.

κτητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of κτάομαι, that may be gotten or gained. II. acquired, held as property, possessed.

κτήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (κταομαι) a possessor, owner.

κτίδεος, α, ον, (κτίς) = κτλίδεος, of a marten-cat, made of its skin.

ΚΤΙΖΩ, f. ἰω: aor. 1 ἐκτίσα Ep. ἐκτίσσα, κτίσσα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐκτίσθη: pf. ἐκτίσμαι:—to people or occupy a country: of a city, to found, plant, build:—of a festival, to institute, establish. II. to produce, create. 2. generally, to make or render so and so. 3. to perpetrate a deed.

ΚΤΙΛΟΣ, ον, gentle, tame. II. as Subst., κτίλος, ὁ, a ram. [Ὶ] Hence

κτίλω, f. ὦω: aor. 1 med. ἐκτιλώσμαι:—to tame, civilise: to win the affections of.

κτίμενος, η, ον, Ep. part. aor. 2 pass. of κτίζω, built, founded: only in compd. ἐν-κτίμενος. [Ὶ]

κτίς, ἡ, = κτλίς, a marten-cat, marten.

κτίσις, εως, ἡ, (κτίζω) a founding, settling, foundation. 2. a making, creating: the creation of the universe. II. the world or universe itself. 2.

a created thing, creature. [Ὶ]

κτίσμα, ατος, τό, (κτίζω) a created thing, creature.

κτίσσειν, Ep. aor. 1 of κτίζω.

κτίστης, ον, ὁ, (κτίζω) a founder, establisher. 1

κτιστός, υος, ἡ, Ion. for κτίσις.

κτίστωρ, ορος, ὁ, = κτίστης.

κτίτης [Ὶ] ον, ὁ, (κτίζω) a founder, colonist: generally, an inhabitant.

κτύπεω, f. ἦω: aor. 1 ἐκτύπησα ποδῆ, κτύπησας: aor. 2 ἐκτύπων Ep. κτύπον: (κτύπος): I. intr.

to crash, as trees falling: to ring, resound, echo. II. trans. to make to resound:—Pass. to ring, resound.

Hence

κτύπημα, ατος, τό, a sound, a crashing: a clapping of the hands. [Ὶ]

κτύπος, ον, ὁ, (τύπτω) any loud noise, the crash of thunder, rattling of chariots, clash of arms. [Ὶ]

κύαθος, ὁ, (κύω) a cup for drawing wine out of the κρατήρ or bowl. II. an Attic measure holding two κόγχει, about $\frac{1}{16}$ of a pint.

III. a cupping-glass.

κῦμεντός, ἡ, ὄν, (κυαμεύω) chosen by beans, i.e. by lot.

κῦμενω, f. ον, (κύαμος) to choose by beans or lot.

κῦμαλιος, α, ον, (κύαμος) of the size of a bean.

ΚΥΑΜΟΣ, ὁ, a bean. II. the lot by which

public officers were elected at Athens; δὲ κῦμα λαχών an officer chosen by lot, = κληρατός.

κῦμο-τρώξ, ὄνος, ὁ, (κύαμος, τρώγω) bean-eater.

κῦμο-φάγία, ἡ, (κύαμος, φαγείν) eating of beans, a bean-diet.

κῦαν-αίγίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (κύανος, αἰγίς) with dark... egger

κυαν-άμπυξ, ὄκος, δ, ἡ, (κύανος, ἀμπυξ) *with dark blue band or margin.*

κυαν-αυγής, ἐς, (κύανος, αὐγή) *dark-gleaming, murky.*

Κυάναει (sc. νῆσοι or πέτραι), αἱ, *the Dark Rocks, two small islands at the entrance of the Euxine; also, κυάναει Συμπληγάδες.* [ᾱ]

κυαν-έμβολος, ον, (κυάναος, ἔμβολον) *with dark blue prow or peak.*

κυάναος, α, ον, (κύανος) *dark blue: generally, dark, dusky, murky.* [ῥ]

κυανό-βλέφαρος, ον, (κύανος, βλέφαρον) *dark-eyed.*

κυανό-ειδής, ἐς, (κύανος, εἶδος) *dark blue, deep blue.*

κυανό-θρίξ, ριχος, δ, ἡ, (κύανος, θρίξ) *dark-haired.*

κυανό-πέλα, ἡ, (κύανος, πέλα) *with feet of cyanus.*

κυανό-πέπλος, ον, (κύανος, πέπλος) *dark-veiled.*

[κυ-, metri grat.]

κυανό-πρῶρος, ον, and κυανό-πρῳρος, ον, (κύανος, πρῶρα) *with dark blue prow, dark-prowed.*

κυανό-πτερος, ον, (κυανος, πτερόν) *with dark blue or black feathers, dark-winged.*

ΚΥ'Α'ΝΟΣ, ον, δ, *cyanos, a dark blue substance, used in the Heroic age to adorn works in metal, perhaps blue steel.* II. *the blue corn-flower.*

κυανό-στόλος, ον, (κύανος, στολή) *dark-robed.*

κυαν-όφρυς, υ, gen. vos, (κύανος, ὄφρυς) *dark-browed.*

κυανό-χαίτης, ου, δ, (κύανος, χαίτη) *dark-haired; of a horse, dark-maned.*

κυανό-χρως, ον, -χρως, ωτος, δ, ἡ, (κύανος, χρῶς, χρώς) *dark-looking, of dark colour or complexion.*

κυαν-ώπης, ου, δ, (κύανος, ὤψ) *dark-eyed: fem. κυαν-ώπις, ἰδος.*

κύβᾱ, Adv. (κύπτω) *with the headforwards, stooping.*

κύβεια, ἡ, (κυβέω) *dice-playing, dicing, gambling: hence sleight, trickery, deceit.*

Κυβέλη, ἡ, Cybele, a Phrygian goddess, worshipped throughout Asia Minor, also at Greece, and later at Rome, under the name of the Idaean Mother.

ΚΥΒΕΡΝΑ'Ω, fut. ἦσω, Lat. gubernō, to steer: metaph. to bold the helm of the state, guide, govern. Hence

κυβερνήτης Dor. -ἄσις, εως, ἡ, a steering, pilotage: metaph. a guiding, governing.

κυβερνήτης, voc. of κυβερνήτης.

κυβερνήτεω, ἡ, fem. of κυβερνήτης.

κυβερνήτης, ἦρος, δ, rarer form for κυβερνήτης.

κυβερνήτης, ου, δ, (κυβερνάω) a steersman, helmsman, Lat. gubernator: metaph. a guide, governor. Hence

κυβερνητικός, ἡ, ὄν, skilled in steering or governing.

κύβευς, f. ωα, (κύβος) to play at dice: to run a hazard, take the chances. a. trans. to set upon a brow.

κυβιστάω, f. ἦσω, (κύπτω) to brow oneself headforemost, tumble headlong: to plunge headlong into water, dive: to tumble, turn heels over head, turn a summerset, of mountebanks. Hence

κύβιστημα, ατος, τό, a summerset.

κύβιστητήρ, ἦρος, δ, (κυβιστάω) a jumbler headforemost, a diver: a mountebank, tumbler.

ΚΥ'ΒΟΣ, δ, Lat. cubus, a solid square, a cube.

II. a cubical die, marked on all six sides for the game of dice: the Greeks throw three dice; τρίς ἐξ βαλεῖν to throw three sixes, i. e. to throw the highest throw, have complete success; κρίνειν τι ἐν κύβοις to decide a thing by the die, i. e. by chances.

κυδάζω, no fut. in use, (κύδος) to revile, abuse:—Pass. to be mocked, insulted. (κυδάζω is used in bad, κυδαίνω in good sense.)

κυδαίνο, f. ἀνώ: aor. I ἐκύδανα Ep. κύδηνα: (κύδος): —to honour, do honour to, glorify, praise: also of the outward appearance, to beautify, adorn: to gladden by marks of honour II. seldom in bad sense, to flatter. See κυδάω.

κυδάλιμος, ον, (κύδος) glorious, renowned, famous; κυδάλιμον κῆρ noble heart.

κυδάω [ᾱ], = κυδαίνω, to honour, bold in honour. II. intr. = κυδιάω, to vaunt aloud, boast.

κυδήναι, aor. I inf. of κυδαίνω.

κυδήνεν, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κυδαίνω.

κυδήεις, εσσα, εν, (κύδος) glorious, noble.

κτιδι-άνειρα, ἡ, (κύδος, ἀνῆρ) fem. Adj. like ἀντι-άνειρα, as if from a masc. in -άνωρ, man-ennobling, bringing glory to men.

κυδιάω, Ep. part. κυδιάων, no fut. in use: (κύδος): —to vaunt or pride oneself, Lat. gloriari: hence to exult, rejoice.

κυδιμος, ον, κυδάλιμος.

κυδιών, Ep. part. of κυδιάω.

κυδιστος, η, ον, Sup. of κυδρός (formed from κύδος, as αἰσχιστος from αἰσχος), most glorious, most honoured, noblest: the greatest.

κυδιών [ῖ], ον, gen. ονος, Comp. of κυδρός (see κύ-διστος), more glorious, nobler: generally, better.

κυδνός, ὁ, ὄν, = κυδρός.

κυδοιδωπάω, f. ἦσω, (κυδοιμός) to make a hubbub or uproar.

κυδοιμέω, fut. ἦσω, (κυδοιμός) to make an uproar, spread confusion and alarm. II. trans. to drive in confusion.

ΚΥΔΟΙΜΟΣ, δ, uproar, confusion, tumult, hubbub.

ΚΥ'ΔΟΣ, εως, τό, glory, fame, renown, esp. in war: κύδος ἀρέσθαι to win glory; of a hero, μέγα κύδος Ἀχαιῶν the great glory or pride of the Achaeans, like Lat. decus.

κυδρός, ὁ, ὄν, (κύδος) glorious, illustrious, noble: of a horse, proud, stately.

Κύδων or Κύδωνια, ἡ, Cydonia, a city of Crete

Κύδωνιάω, to swell like a quince. From

Κύδωνιος, α, ον, (Κύδων) Cydonian, i. e. Cretan; μῆλον Κυδωνίων the quince. II. metaph. swell-

like a quince, round and plump.

κύω, older form for κύω, impf. ἐκύνουν: fut. κήσῃ: aor. I ἐκύνῃσθαι: I. trans. to bear in the womb, to be pregnant of, Lat. gestare. II. intr. to be pregnant, to conceive.

κύθε, Ep. for *ἐκῆθε*, 3 sing. aor. 2 of *ἐκῆναι*.
Κυθήρεια, ἡ, *Cytherea*, surname of Venus, from the city *Κύθηρα* in Crete, or from the island *Κύθηρα*.

Κύθηρα, ὠν, *τά*, *Cythera*, an island on the south of Laconia, now *serigo*.

Κυθηρο-δικτης, ον, ὁ, (*Κύθηρα*, *δικη*) a Spartan magistrate sent annually to govern the island of *Cythera*.

Κυθηρόθεν, Adv. (*Κύθηρα*) from *Cythera*.

κύθηρα, -θρος, -θρος, Ion. for *χῦτρος*.

κυῖσκω, only used in pres. (*κύω*, *κύνω*) to impregnate:—Pass. to become pregnant, conceive.

κυκῶνάω, collat. form of *κυκάω*, to confound.

ΚΥΤΚΑΪ, ὦν, ἡ, ἡσώ, to mix up, beat up and mix. II. like Lat. *miscere*, to stir up, mix together: to throw into confusion, confound:—Pass. to be confounded, panicked; also of the mind, to be disquieted, agitated.

κυκῶν, ὄνος, ὁ: acc. *κυκῶνα*, shortd. Ep. *κυκῶ* and *κυκῶν* (*κυκάω*):—a mixture, a mixed drink, refreshing draught, tankard, compounded of barley-meal, grated cheese and wine.

κυκῆθησαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of *κυκάω*.

κυκῆθρον, τό, (*κυκάω*) a ladle for stirring; metaph. a turbulent fellow, agitator. [ῥ]

κυκῆσι-τεφρος, ον, (*κυκάω*, *τέφρα*) mixed up with ashes.

κυκλάμινος, ἡ, *cyclamen*, *zow-bread*, a bulbous plant, with a fragrant flower used for garlands.

κυκλάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (*κύκλος*) encircling: αἱ *Κυκλάδες* (sub. *νησοί*), the *Cyclades*, islands in the Aegean sea, which encircle Delos. II. of Time, circling, revolving.

κυκλώω, ἡ, ἡσώ, (*κύκλος*) to move a thing round and round, wheel along; πόδα *κυκλῆναι* to walk round and round:—Pass. to surround, encircle. II.

κυκλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (*κύκλος*) fem. Adj. round, circular.

κυκλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*κύκλος*) circular. II. those Epic poets were called οἱ *Κυκλικοί*, whose writings collectively formed a cycle or series of heroic legends down to the death of Ulysses.

κυκλιο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (*κύκλος*, *διδάσκω*) a teacher of the cyclic chorus, a *ditbyrambic* poet.

κύκλιος, α, ὠν, also ος, ὠν, (*κύκλος*) round, circular: neut. τὸ *κύκλιον*, as Subst. a circle. II. *κύκλιοι χοροί*, οἱ, circular or cyclic choruses, dancing in a ring round the altar of the god; chiefly appropriated to those of Bacchus, *ditbyrambic* choruses; hence, *κύκλια μέλη ditbyrambs*.

Κυκλοβοῶ, ἡ, ἡσώ, to roar like the torrent of *Cycloborus*.

Κυκλο-βόρος, ὁ, (*κύκλος*, *βιβρώσκω*) a mountain-torrent in Attica.

κυκλο-βίωκτος, ον (*κύκλος*, *διώκω*) driven round in a circle. [ῥ]

κυκλᾶς, εσσα, εν, (prodt. for *κυκλικός*) circular.

κυκλόθεν, Adv. (*κύκλος*) in a circle all around.

κυκλο-μόλιβδος, ὁ, (*κύκλος*, *μόλιβδος*) a round lead-pencil.

κυκλο-ποιέω, ἡ, ἡσώ, (*κύκλος*, *ποιέω*) to make into a circle, form like a circle.

ΚΥΤΚΛΟΣ, ον, ὁ, also with irreg. pl. *κύκλα*, a ring, round, circle: *κύκλα* as Adv. in a circle, round about: also like a Prep., c. acc., *κύκλῃ σῆμα* round about the monument; and c. gen., *κύκλῃ τοῦ στρατοῦ*.

II. any circular body: as, 1. a wheel. 2. a place of assembly: also like Lat. *corona*, a crowd of people standing round, a ring of circle of people 3. the vault of the sky: the moon's disk. 4. the circle or walls surrounding a city, esp. of Athens. 5. a shield. 6. in pl. the balls of the eye. III. any circular motion, orbit or revolution.

κυκλᾶς, Adv. (*κύκλος*) in or into a circle, around.

κυκλο-σοβέω, ἡ, ἡσώ, (*κύκλος*, *σοβέω*) to drive round in a circle, whirl round.

κυκλο-τερίζω, ἑς, (*κύκλος*, *τερίζω*) made round by rubbing or turning, circular; *κυκλοτερές τόξον* etc. i.e. he bent the bow into a circle.

κυκλώω, ἡ, ὠσώ, (*κύκλος*) to encircle, surround; but in this sense mostly in Med. II. to drive round and round whirl round. III. to form into a circle:—Pass. to form a circle, be bent round; also of a fleet wheeling into a crescent shape.

κυκλώμα, ατος, τό, (*κύκλω*) anything made into a circle, as a wheel. 2. *βυσσότονον κυκλώμα* a circle with hide stretched over it, i.e. a drum.

Κυκλώπειος, α, ὠν, (*Κύκλωψ*) *Cyclopean*, of or befitting the *Cyclopes*, commonly used of the ancient architecture attributed to them (also called *Πελασγικός*).

Κυκλωπικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or like the *Cyclopes*, Adv. -*κῶς*.

Κυκλώπιον, τό, Dim. of *Κύκλωψ*.

Κυκλώπιος, α, ὠν, = *Κυκλώπειος*:—pecul. fem. *Κυκλωπίς*, ἰδος.

κύκλωσις, εως, ἡ, (*κυκλώω*) a surrounding, enclosing.

κυκλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (*κυκλώω*) rounded, round.

Κύκλωψ, ατος, ὁ, (*κύκλος*, ἄψ) a *Cyclops*, i.e. Round-eye; as Hesiod says. *Κύκλωπες δ' ὄνομα ἦσαν ἐπ' ἀννμον, οὐνεκ' ἄρα σφίον κυκλοτερεῖ οφθαλμοῖς* ζεῖ ἐνέκειτο μετώπῳ:—in sing. of *Polyrbemus*; but Hesiod mentions three *Cyclopes*, *Brontes*, *Storpes*, and *Arges*, who forged the thunderbolts for Zeus.

κυκνειος, α, ὠν, (*κύκνος*) of or like a swan.

κυκνῶ-μορφος, ον, (*κύκνος*, *μορφή*) swan-shaped.

ΚΥΤΚΝΟΣ, ὁ, a swan, Lat. *cygnus*. II. metaph. from the swan's dying song, a poet.

κύκν-οις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (*κύκνος*, ὄψις) like a swan.

ΚΥΤΛΑ, ὠν, *τά*, the parts under the eyes.

κύκλινδῶ, ἡ, ἡσώ, late form of *κυλίνδω*. Hence *κυλινδῆθρα*, ἡ, = *ἀλινδῆθρα*: and *κυλινδῆσις*, εως, ἡ, a rolling, wallowing, erise, practice.

ΚΥΤΑΙΝΔΩ: fut. *κυλίσω* [ῥ]: aor. 1 *ἐκύλισα*, inf. *κυλίσαι*: aor. 1 pass. *ἐκυλίσθην*:—older form of *κυλινδῶ*, to roll, roll on or along. II. Pass. *κυλίνδομαι*, to be rolled or roll along, to roll or toss, like

a ship at sea: to roll or wallow in the dirt. 2. to be circulated, be much talked of, like Lat. *jactari*. 3. to be employed on a thing, like Lat. *versari*.

ΚΥΛΙΞ [ῥ], *kylos*, ἡ, a cup, drinking-cup.

κυλίσθη, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I pass. of κυλίω.

κύλισμα, ατος, τό, (κυλίνδω) a roll: also a place to roll in. [ῥ]

κυλίχνη, ἡ, (κύλις) a small cup.

κυλίχνηον, τό, a little cup or box.

κύλιω [ῖ], late form for κυλίνδω.

κύλλασις Ion. κύλλησις, ιος, ὁ, Egyptian bread made from δρύρα.

κύλλη, ἡ, see κυλλός.

Κυλλήνη, ἡ, *Cyllenē*, a mountain in Arcadia: whence *Hermes* was called *Κυλλήνιος*, ὁ.

Κυλλο-ποδίων [ῖ], *kylos*, ὁ, (κυλλός, ποῦς) maimed of foot, halting, Ep. name of *Vulcan*.

κυλλός, ἡ, ὄν, crooked, crippled, halt. 2. κυλλή

χείρ is the band with the fingers bent to make a hollow for alms; ἐμβαλε κυλλῇ (sub. χεῖρι) put it into the hollow of the band.

κύλ-οιδιάω, (κύλα, οἰδᾶω) to have a swelling below the eye, from blows or from sleepless nights.

κύμα, ατος, τό, (κύω) anything swollen, the swell of the sea, a wave, billow, surge: collectively, ὡς τὸ κύμα ἐστρωτο when the waves abated. II. like κύημα, the foetus in the womb, embryo.

κυμαίνω, f. αἰνῶ, (κύμα) to swell or rise in waves, surge, seethe: so also, metaph., of passion. Hence ἐμπατίας, ου, ὁ, Ion. ἡς, (κύμα) surging, billowy. 2. act. causing waves, stormy.

κυματο-ᾄγής, ἐς, (κύμα, ἄγνυμι) breaking like waves, stormy.

κυματόεις, εσσα, εν, poet. for *κυματίας*.

κυματο-πλήξ, ἡγος, ὁ, ἡ, (κύμα, πλήσσω) wave-beaten.

κυματόω, f. ὥσω, (κύμα) to drive the waves over — pass. to rise in waves, to swell, of the sea.

κυματ-ωγή, ἡ, (κύμα, ἄγνυμι) a place where the waves break, beach, strand.

κυμβαλίζω, f. ἴσω, (κύβαλον) to play the cymbals.

κύβαλον, τό, (κύμβος) a cymbal, Lat. *cymbalum*.

κύμβαχος, ον, (κύπτω) head-foremost, Lat. *pronus*.

II. κύμβαχος, ὁ, as Subst. the crown or top of a helmet, in which the plume is placed.

ΚΥΜΒΗ, ὁ, a hollow vessel: I. a drinking vessel, cup, bowl. II. a boat, Lat. *ymba*. Hence

κυμβίον, τό, Dim. a small cup.

κύμνις, Ion. name of the bird *χαλκίς*, the night-dove: χαλκίδα κυκλήσκουσι θεοί, ἄνδρες δὲ κύμνιν.

κύμνινεω, f. σω, (κύμινον) to strew with cummin.

ΚΥΜΙΝΟΝ, τό, cummin, Lat. *cuminum*.

κύμιν-πρίστης, ου, ὁ, (κύμινον, πρίω) a cummin-splitter, i. e. a skinflint, niggard, scurvy.

κύμιν-πριστο-καρδαμό-γλύφος, ον, (κύμιν-πρίστη, καρδαμόγλυφος) a cummin-splitting cress-scraper, of an excessive miser. [ῥ]

κύμα-δέγγων, ον, gen. ονος, (κύμα, δέχομαι) receiving or meeting the waves.

κύνα, κύνας, acc. sing. and pl. of κύων.

κυνώγεια, κυνώγετας, Dor. for κυνηγ-,

κύν-ἄγος, ον, Dor. for κυνηγός, but the Dor. form is always used in Att. poets: (κύων, ἄγω):—dog-leading: hence as Subst. a hunter, huntsman

κύν-ἄρχη, ἡ, (κύων, ἄρχομαι) cynarchē, a bad kind of sore throat. II. a dog-collar.

κύν-ἄγωγος, ὁ, (κύων, ἄγω) a dog leader, huntsman.

κύν-ἄλωπηξ, εκος, ἡ, (κύων, ἄλωπηξ) a fox-dog, mongrel between dog and fox: applied as a nickname to Cleon.

κύνά-μυια, ἡ, (κύων, μυῖα) dog-fly, shameless fly.

κύνάριον, τό, Dim. of κύων, a little dog, whelp, puppy. [ᾱ]

κύνάς, ἄδος, fem. Adj. of a dog, Lat. *caninus*. II.

as Subst., κυνάς (sub. θρίξ), ἡ, dog's hair, of a bad fleece.

κύνᾶω, f. ἴσω, (κύων) to play the Cynic.

κυνήη, Att. contr. κυνή, (properly fem. of κύνεος, sub. δορά), ἡ, a dog's skin, a leather cap or bonnet, a soldier's cap: a helmet of any kind: a bonnet.

κύνει, Ep. for κύνει, 3 sing. impf. of κύνεω.

κύνειος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κύων) of a dog.

κύνεος, α, ον, (κύων) of or like a dog: metaph.

shameless, unabashed.

κύνες, nom. pl. of κύων.

ΚΥΝΕΩ: fut. κύνήσομαι, but also κύσω [ῥ], poet.

κύσσω: of aor. I ἐκύσα Ep. κύσα, ἐκυσσα, κύσσα:—to kiss: of doves, to bill. 2. to intreat, beseech.

κυνή, ἡ, Att. contr. for κυνέη.

κυνηγεσία, ἡ, = κυνηγέσιον.

κυνηγεσίον, τό, a hunting establishment, huntsman and bounds, a pack of bounds. II. the hunt, chase: a hunting-ground. III. that which is taken in

bunting, the game. From

κύνηγετώ, f. ἴσω, to hunt: to chase, pursue. 2.

to persecute, harass. From

κύν-ηγέτης, ου, ὁ, Dor. κυνώγετας, (κύων, ἡγέομαι):

a hunter, huntsman. Hence

κύνηγετικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for hunting.

κύν-ηγέτης, ιδος, ἡ, fem. of κυνηγέτης, a huntress.

κυνήγλις, ἡ, a hunt, chase. From

κύνηγος, v. sub κυναγός.

κύνηδόν, Adv. (κύων) like a dog, greedily.

κύνηποδες, οί, (κύων vi, ποῦς) the fetlocks of a horse.

Κύνθος, ὁ, *Cynthus*, a mountain in Delos, birthplace of *Apollo* and *Artemis*: whence *Apollo* is called *Κύνθιος*, *Cynthian*, and *Κυνθο-γενής*, *Cynthus-born*.

κύνθιον, τό, Dim. of κύων, a little dog.

κύνκός, ἡ, ὄν, (κύων) of or like a dog, Lat. *caninus*.

κύνσκη, ἡ, (κύων) a bitch-puppy.

κύνσκοκος, ὁ, (κύων) a young dog, whelp, puppy &

metaph. a little Cynic.

κύν-δρομέω, f. ἴσω, (κύων, δραμεῖν) to run down,

chase with dogs: metaph. to hunt after.

κύν-θαρσις or -θρασις, ἐς, (κύων, θαρρέω) impudent as a dog.

κύνο-κέφαλος, *ον*, (κύων, κεφαλῇ) *dog-beaded*. 2. as Subst., κυνοκέφαλος, *ὁ*, the *dog-beaded ape*.
 κύνο-κλόπος, *ον*, (κύων, κλέπτω) *dog-stealing*.
 κύνο-κοπέω, *ι*, ἤσω, (κύων, κόπτω) *to beat like a dog*.
 κυνόμυια, = κυνάμυια.
 κύνο-πρόσωπος, *ον*, (κύων, προσωπον) *dog-faced*.
 κύνο-ραιστής, *ου*, *δ*, (κύων, ραίω) *a dog-tick*.
 κύνος, *gen.* of κύων.

Κύνσαργες, *εως*, τό, Cynosarges, a gymnasium outside the city of Athens, sacred to Hercules, for the use of those who were not of pure Athenian blood.

κύνδουρα, *ης*, (αυνός, οὐρά) *a dog's-tail*: esp. the Cynosura, name of the constellation Ursa Minor.

κύνο-σπάρακτος, *ον*, (κύων, σπάρασσω) *torn by dogs*,
 κύνο-συχός, *ὁ*, (κύων, ἔχω) *a dog-bolder, dog-leash*,
 κῆρ.

II. *a dog-skin sack*, used in hunting.

κύνό-φρων, *ον*, *gen.* *ονος*, (κύων, φρήν) *dog-minded*,
sordid or *shameless* of soul.

κύνδο-βῆτος, *ης*, (κύων, βάτος) *dog-torn*, a kind of wild rose.

κύντερος, *α*, *ον*, Comp. Adj. formed from κύων, *more dog-like*, i. e. *more shameless, more audacious*:—Sup.

κύντατος, *η*, *ον*, *most shameless*.

κυνά, *ους*, *ης*, (κύων) *a she-dog, bitch*.

κύν-ώπις, *ου*, *δ*, (κύων, ὤψ) = κυνός ὄμματ' ἔχων, *the dog-eyed*, i. e. *shameless one*:—fem. κύν-ῶπις, *ιδος*, *ῆ*, *the shameless woman*; also *fierce-eyed, terrible*.

κύπαιρος, Dor. for κύπειρος.

κύπάρισσος Att. —ττινος, *η*, *ον*, (κυπάρισσος) *made of cypress wood*.

ΚΥΤΠΑΡΕΣΣΟΣ Att. —ττος, *η*, *a cypress*, Lat. *cupressus*.

ΚΥΤΠΕΙΡΟΝ, τό, or κύπειρος, *δ*, a marsh-plant, used to feed horses, *galingal*.

κύπελλο-μάχος, *ον*, (κύπελλον, μάχομαι) *at which they fight with cups*, cf. Horace's *scyphis pugnare*.

κύπελλον, τό, (κύπη) *a capacious drinking-vessel, a beaker, goblet*. [ῥ]

κύπερος, *δ*, Ion. for κύπειρος.

κύπη, *ῆ*, = γύπη, *a hole, hollow*.

Κυπρίδος, *α*, *ον*, (Κύπρις) *of or like Cyprus*, *lovely, tender, delicate*. [δ]

Κύπριοξ, *α*, *ον*, (Κύπριος) *of Cyprus*, *Cyprian*.

Κύπρις, ἴδος, *ῆ*, acc. Κύπριν and Κύπριδα, *Cypris*, a name of Venus, from the island of Cyprus, where she was most worshipped. II. *love*.

Κυπρο-γενής, *ἑς*, (Κυπρος, *γένω) *Cyprus-born*: fem. Κυπρο-γένεια *from* -γενεία, *ῆ*.

Κυπρόθεν, Adv. *from Cyprus*: and

Κύπρονδε, Adv. *to Cyprus*. From

Κύπρος, *ου*, *ῆ*, *Cyprus*, a Greek island on the southern coast of Asia Minor. (Hence Lat. *cyprum*, our copper.)

κυπτάω, *ι*, ἄσω: Frequentative from κύπτω, *to keep stooping*, *to go poking or pottering about* a thing.

ΚΥΠΤΩ, *ι*, κύψω: aor. I ἐκύψα: pf. κέκυψα:—*to bend forward, stoop*: *to bow down under a burden*; κίρεα πεκυφότες ἐς τὸ ἔμπροσθεν *horns growing bent*

forward; often in aor. I part. with another Verb, θίει κύψας *runs with the head down*; κύψας ἰσθλεῖ *eats stooping*, i. e. *greedily*.

Κύρβας, *αυτος*, *δ*, shortd. form of Κορύβας κυρβάσια, *ῆ*, a *Persian bonnet or bat*, with a peaked crown. The king alone wore it upright.

ΚΥΤΡΒΕΙΣ or κύρβεις, *gen.* κύρβειαν, *dat.* κύρβεσι, *triangular tables*, forming a three-sided pyramid turning round on a pivot; the few early laws of Athens were written on the three sides. II. later, any pillars or tablets with inscriptions. III. the sing.

κύρβις is used later of a *pettifogging lawyer*.

ΚΥΤΡΩ and ΚΥΡΩ [ῥ]: impf. ἐκύρουν [ῥ] and ἐκύρον with Ep. 3 sing. κύρε: fut. κύρησω and κύρσω: aor. I ἐκύρησα [ῥ], inf. κύρησαι, part. κύρησας; and Ep. ἐκύρσα, inf. κύρσαι, part. κύρσας: I. followed by a case, I. dat. *to hit, light upon, reach, attain*:

to meet with, fall in with; as λέων σώματι κύρσας. 2. dat. with ἐπὶ or ἐν, as, λέων ἐπὶ σώματι κύρσας = λέων σώματι κύρσας. 3. gen. *to reach to*, as far as: *to arrive at, gain, win, obtain* 4. acc. *to reach, obtain*; also *to find by chance*.

II. intrans. *to happen, come to pass, turn out*. 2. absol. *to be right, hit the exact truth*; with part., τὸδ' ἂν λέγων κύρησας *you would be right in saying this*. 3. as auxil. Verb, like τυγχάνω with partic. *to turn out, prove, happen to be so and so*; κυρεῖ ἂν *he happens to be*.

κύρηβαίω, *ι*, ἄσω, (ἀκιν to κυρίσω) *to butt with the horns*: generally, *to strike*. Hence

κύρηβασία, *ῆ*, *a butting*: *fighting*.

ΚΥΡΗΒΙΑ, *ον*, τό, *chaff, husks, bran*.

Κυρηναίος, *α*, *ον*, of *Cyrené*. From

Κυρήνη, *ῆ*, *Cyrené*, the name of a Greek colony in Africa, famous for its breed of horses.

κύρια, *ῆ*, *the mistress, lady*.

κύριακός, *ῆ*, *όν*, (κύριος) *of, belonging to a lord or master*; esp. *belonging to the LORD (CHRIST)*:

hence ἡ κυριακή (sub. ἡμέρα), *the Lord's day, dies dominica*: τὸ κυριακόν, *the Lord's house*, whence our *kyrk, church*.

κυριεύω, *ι*, *σω*, *to be lord or master of*. From

κύριος, *α*, *ον*, also *ος*, *ον*, (κύριος): I. of men, *having power or authority over, lord or master of*, c. gen.: κύριος εἰμι c. inf., *I have the right or am entitled to do*.

II. of things, *decisive, valid*: *critical*. 2. *authorised, ratified*. 3. of times, *fixed, appointed, regular*: at Athens, κυρία ἐκκλησία *an ordinary assembly*, opp. to σύγκλητος ἐκκλησία (*one specially summoned*). 4. *principal, chief*. 5. esp. of language, *strict, literal*.

III. as Subst., κύριος, *δ*, *a lord, master*: *an owner, possessor*: 2. ὁ Κύριος = Hebr. *YEHOWAH, THE LORD*: in N. T. of *CHRIST*. Hence

κυριότης, *ῆ*, *power, rule, dominion*.

κυρίσω Att. —τω, fut. ἴσω, (κύρις) *to butt with the horns*: also *to strike or dash against*, of floating bodies.

κυρώς, Adv. of κύριος, like a lord or master, authoritatively. 2. rightfully, fitly.

κυρκᾶνῶ, rare form for κυκανῶ.

κύρμα, ατος, τό, (κύρι) that which one lights upon, a godsend, booty, prey, spoil.

ΚΥΡΟΣ, εως, τό, supreme power, authority. II. validity, security.

III. as pr. n. Κύρος, ὁ, Cyrus, the founder of the Persian empire. Hence

κύρω, f. ὥσω: aor. I ἐκύρωσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκυρώθην: pf. κεκύρωμαι:—to make valid or sure, Lat. ratum facere: to settle, accomplish: to confirm, ratify:—Pass. to be ratified, fixed, settled; c. inf., ἐκεκύρωτο συμβάλλειν it had been decided to engage.

κύρωσαι, κύρωσας, aor. I inf. and part. of κύρω

κύρω, fut. of κύρω.

κυρτευτής, ου, ὁ, (κυρτή) a fisherman.

ΚΥΡΤΗ, ἡ, a fishing-basket, weel, Lat. nassa.

κύρτος, ὁ, = κύρτη.

ΚΥΡΤΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, curved, bent, arched; ὦμα κυρτῶ round, bumped shoulders:—convex, opp. to concave.

κυρτώ, (κυρτός) to curve, bend, arch.

ΚΥΡΩ, = κυρέω, of which it is the Radic. form.

κύρωσις, εως, ἡ, (κυρώ) a ratification: hence execution, accomplishment. [v]

κύσα, Ep. for ἐκύσα, aor. I of κυνέω: inf. κύσαι.

κύσαμένη, aor. I part. med. of κύω.

κύσθος, ὁ, (κύω) any hollow.

κύσθι, dat. pl. of κύων.

κύσσα, Ep. for ἐκύσσα, aor. I of κυνέω.

κύστις, εως and ιος, ἡ, (κύω) = κύστη, the bladder: generally a bag, pouch.

κύσω, fut. of κυνέω.

ΚΥΤΙΣΟΣ, ὁ, cytisus, a shrubby kind of clover.

κυτῆς, ἰδος, ἡ, a kind of plaster.

κύτο-γάστρω, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (κύτος, γαστήρ) with capacious belly, capacious.

κύτος, εως, τό, (κύω) a hollow: a hollow vessel, a vase, jar, pot, urn. II. the body, the skin, Lat. cutis.

κύτρα, κύτρος, Ion. for χύτρ-.

κύτταρον, τέ, = sq., a pine-cone.

κύτταρος, ὁ, (κύτος) any hollow or cavity: κύτταρος οὐρανοῦ, the vault of heaven, Lat. caelum: the call of a honeycomb: the cup of an acorn: a pine-cone.

κύττω-γωνός, ὁ, (κυφός, ἄγω) with arching neck.

κύφας, ὁ, ὄν, ποῖτ. for κυφός.

κύφός, ἡ, ὄν, (κέκυφα, pf. of κύπτω) bent or bowed forwards, stooping. Hence

κύφων, ανος, ὁ, a crooked piece of wood, esp. the bent yoke of the plough. II. a sort of pillory in which animals were fastened by the neck. 2. one who has been in the pillory, Lat. furcifer.

κύψαι, κύψας, aor. I inf. and part. of κύπτω.

κύψέλη, ἡ, (κύπη) any hollow vessel: a chest, box, bin (whence Cypselus was called).

Κυψέλας, οί, the descendants of Cypselus.

ΚΥΩ, to hold, contain:—I c. acc., like κυέω, to carry in the womb, Lat. gestare. 2. absol. to be big with young, be pregnant, conceive: metaph. to be

in labour with a thought.

II. Causal in aor. I act. ἐκύσα, of the male, to impregnate. make to conceive: but in aor. I med. ἐκυσάμην, to conceive.

ΚΥΨΩΝ, ὁ and ἡ, gen. κυνός, dat. κυνί, acc. κύνα, voc. κύων:—plur. nom. κύνες, gen. κυνών, dat. κυσί

Ep. κύνεσαι, acc. κύνας:—a dog or bitch; κύνες τραπεζῆς house-dogs, that fed while their master was at table; κύνες θηρυνταῖς bounds, of which the Laconian breed was famous, and later the Molossian.

II. a dog, bitch, as a word of reproach, to denote shamelessness or audacity.

III. this term is often applied to the faithful or watchful servants of the gods: so the eagle is Διὸς πτηνὸς κύων; the griffins also are Ζηνὸς κύνες.

IV. a sea-dog. V. the dog-star.

VI. the fellow-joint of a horse.

κω, Ion. for πω.

κῶας, later contr. κῶς, τό: irreg. pl. nom. and acc. κῶα, dat. κῶσι: (καίμαι) —a soft fleece, sheepskin.

κῶάριον, τό, Dim. of κῶδιον. [α]

κῶδεα, ἡ, the head: the head of a porphy.

κῶδιον, τό, Dim. of κῶας, a fleece, sheepskin.

ΚΩΔΩΝ, ανος, ὁ Att. ἡ, a bell: in fortified towns a bell was passed round at night from sentinel to sentinel to secure their being at their post; τοῦ κῶδωνος παρεγχεθέντος as the bell went its rounds. 2. an alarm-bell: metaph. a noisy rattling fellow.

II. the mouth of a trumpet: also the trumpet itself. Hence

κῶδωνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to try or prove by ringing.

κῶδων-κροτος, ον, (κῶδων, κροτέω) ringing or jingling as with bells.

κῶδωνο-φάλαρό-παλος, ον, (κῶδων, φαλάρα, πῶλος) with bells on his horses' trappings.

κῶδωνο-φορέω, f. ἴσω, (κῶδων, φέρω) to carry bells: to go the rounds (cf. κῶδων):—so in Pass., ἅπαντα κῶδωνοφορεῖται everywhere the bell goes round, i. e. the sentinels are challenged.

κῶεα, κῶεσι, Ep. nom. and dat. pl. of κῶας.

ΚΩΨΩΝ, ανος, ὁ, a Laconian earthen drinking-vessel: generally, a cup, goblet.

κωθώνιον, τέ Dim. of κῶδων.

κωῖλος, α, ος, Aeol. for κωῖλος.

Κῶτος, α, ον, contr. Κῶος, q. v.

κῶκήρια, ατος, τό, (κωκῶ) a shriek, wail, lament.

κωκῆτος, ὁ, (κωκῶ) a shrieking, wailing. II. as pr. n., Κωκῆτός, ὁ, Cocytus, the river of wailing.

one of the rivers of hell.

ΚΩΚΥΨΩ, f. ὥσω [v] or ὥσομαι: aor. I ἐκῶκυσσα Ep. κῶκυσσα:—to shriek, cry, wail, lament.

κωλα-αγρέτης or -ακρέτης, ον, ὁ, (so called ἐκ τοῖ ἀγρέων τὰς κωλῆς):—the collector of the fragments at a sacrifice, name of an ancient magistracy at Athens, originally entrusted with the charge of the finances: afterwards they only had to see after the public table in the Prytaneum, and the payment of the dicasts.

κωλάριον, τό, Dim. of κῶλον.

κωλή, ἡ, contr. from κωλέα or κωλέα, (κῶλον), the thigh-bone with the flesh, hind-quarter, ham.

κῶληψ, ἦψ, ἦ, (κῶλον, κῶλη) *the hollow or bend of the knees.*

Κωλιάς (sub. ἄκρα), ἄδος, ἦ, Colias, a promontory of Attica, with a temple of Venus there.

ΚΩΛΟΝ, τό, a limb, member of a body. II. generally, a member or part of anything. I. of a building, *the side or front.* 2. one limb or half of the race-course. 3. a member or clause of a sentence.

Κωλύμα, ατος, τό, (κωλύω) a hindrance, obstruction, Lat. impedimentum. II. a defence or precaution against a thing.

κωλύμη, ἦ, = κάλυμα, [v]

κωλύσι-δρομος, η, ον, (κωλύω, δρόμος) *checking the course.*

κωλύτέον, verb. Adj. of κωλύω, one must binder.

κωλύτης, οὔ, δ, (κωλύω) a binder.

κωλύτικός, ἦ, ον, (κωλύω) *binder, preventive.*

κωλύω [v]: f. ἴσω [v]: aor. I ἐκάλυσα:—Pass., fut. κωλυθήσομαι, but also f. med. κωλύσομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ἐκάλυθην: pf. κεκάλυμαι: (κόλος):—akin to κολούω, to cut short: hence to lei, binder: 1. c. inf. to binder one from doing, forbid to do. 2. c. gen. rei, to let or binder one from a thing. 3. c. acc. rei, to binder, prevent a thing. 4. absol., esp. in part., δ κωλύσον one to binder, a preventer; τό κωλύσον a hindrance; also οὐ κωλύει there is no hindrance. II. Pass. to be hindered.

κῶμα, ατος, τό, (κείμει, κοιμάω) a deep, sound sleep, Lat. sopor. 2. a lethargy, a trance.

κωμάζω: fut. ἀσάω or ἀσσομαι: aor. I ἐκώμασα: pf. κευκάμα: Dor. pres. κωμάσθω, f. ἀζομαι, aor. I ἐκώμαθα: (κῶμος):—to go about with a company of revellers, revel, make merry. 2. to celebrate a κῶμος or merrymaking, in honour of the victor at the games, to join in these festivities: to honour or celebrate in or with the κῶμος. 2. generally, to visit or break in upon in the manner of revellers: to burst in, force a way in.

κωμ-άρχης, ον, δ, (κῶμη, ἀρχω) *the head of a village.*

κωμάσθω, Dor. for κωμάω.

κωμαστής, οὔ, δ, (κωμίζω) a reveller, merry-maker:—of Bacchus, *the jolly go.*

κωμάστωρ, ορος, δ, poet. for κωμαστής.

ΚΩΜΗ, ἦ, = Lat. vicus, an unwall'd village or country town, a Dor. word—the Att. δῆμος; κατὰ κῶμας ἀκείσθαι to dwell in villages, as opp. to walled towns.

II. of a city, a quarter, ward, district. Hence

κωμηδόν, Adv. in villages, Lat. vicatim.

κωμήτης, ον, δ, (κῶμη) a villager, countryman. II. in a city, one of the same ward, Lat. vicinus: generally, an inhabitant.

κωμήτης, ιδος, fem. of κωμήτης.

κωμικεύομαι, Dep. to speak like a comic poet. From κωμικός, ἦ, ον, (κῶμος) of or for comedy, comic.

κωμῶ-πολις, εως, δ, (κῶμη, πόλις) a village-town. a town built in a straggling way.

κῶμος, οὔ, δ, (κῶμη) a revel, carousal, merrymaking, Lat. comessatio, with music and dancing: it ended in the party parading the streets with crowned heads, and with torches, singing and dancing: there were also κῶμοι, *festal processions*, in honour of several gods, as Bacchus, and also in honour of the victors at the games. II. *the band of revellers; metaph. any riotous band or company.* III. *the Ode sung at one of these festive processions.*

κωμῳδέω, f. ἴσω, (κωμῳδός) to represent in a comedy: to ridicule, caricature:—Pass. to be so satirised. κωμῳδία, ἦ, (κωμῳδέω) a comedy: a mirthful spectacle or exhibition. There were three periods of Attic Comedy, the Old, the Middle, and the New. Hence κωμῳδικός, ἦ, ον, of or for comedy, comic.

κωμῳδό-γέλας, ατος, δ, (κωμῳδός γέλας) a comic actor.

κωμῳδο-γράφος, δ, (κωμῳδος, γράφω) a comic writer. κωμῳδοδιδασκαλία, ἦ, *the rehearsing a comedy with the actors: generally, the comic poet's art.* From κωμῳδο-διδάσκαλος, δ, (κωμῳδός, διδάσκαλος) a comic poet, because he had the charge of teaching and training the actors, chorus, etc.

κωμῳδο-λοιχέω, f. ἴσω, (κωμῳδός, λειχῶ) to play the parasite and buffoon.

κωμῳδο-ποιητής, οὔ, δ, and

κωμῳδο-ποιός, δ, (κωμῳδός, ποιέω) a maker of comedies, comic poet.

κωμῳδός, δ, (κῶμη, ἀοιδός) a comedian: I. a comic actor. 2. a comic poet.

κωμῳδο-τράγηδία, ἦ, (κωμῳδός, τραγῳδία) a tragic-comedy.

ΚΩΝΕΙΟΝ, τό, hemlock, Lat. cicuta. 2. hemlock juice, a poison by which criminals were put to death at Athens.

κωνίον, τό, Dim. of κῶνος, a small cone.

κωνίτης [f], ον, δ, fem. -ῖτις, ιδος, extracted from pine-cones.

ΚΩΝΟΣ, ον, δ, a pine-cone, fir-cone:—as fem. a pine or fir tree. 2. the cone or peak of a helmet.

κωνο-φόρος, ον, (κῶνος, φέρω) cone-bearing, as pines. etc.: also of the thyrsus, which had a pine-cone on the point.

κωνωπεῖον, τό, = κωνωπέων, Lat. conopium.

κωνωπέων, ἄνος, δ, (κῶνυψ) an Egyptian bed or litter with mosquito-curtains.

ΚΩΝΩΨ, ονός, δ, a gnat, Lat. culex.

Κῶος, α, ον, of, from the island Cos, Coan. II. δ Κῶος, often written κῶος (sub. βόλος), the biggest throw with the dice, counting six, opp. to Χῖος, which counted one: hence the proverb, Κῶος πρὸς Χῖον.

κωτεύς, εως, δ, (κῶπη) a piece of wood fit for an oar, a spar for an oar.

κωπεύω, f. σαι, (κῶπη) to propel with oars. 2. to fit out with oars.

κῶπη, ἦ, (from κάρπω, capio, as λαβή from λαμβάνω) any handle, as the handle of an oar: then, the oar itself. 2. the handle or hilt of a sword, the

bilt, Lat. *manubrium*. 3. *the handle of a key*. 4. *the handle or haft of a torch*. Hence κωπήεις, εσσα, εν, *bilted*. κωπηλατέω, f. ἴσω. *to row; to move like an oar, move backwards and forwards*. From κωπ-ηλάτης, ου, ὁ, (κώπη, ἐλαίνω) *a rower*, Lat. *remex*. κωπ-ήρης, ες, (κώπη, ἀραεῖν) *furnished with oars*. II. *holding the oar*. κωπίον, τό, Dim. of κώπη, *a small oar*. κώρα, Dor. for κούρη, κόρη. κώριον. Dor. for κούριον, κόριον. κώρος, κώρος, Dor. for κούρος, κούρη: ΚΩΡΥΚΟΣ, ὁ, *a leathern sack or wallet with provisions: also a large stuffed sack or bag for tilting at*, like the quintain. Κώρυκος, ὁ, *Corycus, a promontory of Cilicia, with a famous cavern; there was another at Delphi*. Κῶς Ep. Κῶς, ἡ, gen. Κῶ, *the island Cos, in the Aegaeon sea, opposite Caria*. κῶς, Ion. for πῶς: but enclit. κῶς, Ion. for πῶς. κοτιλλοῖσαι, Dor. part. pl. fem. of κοτίλλω. ΚΟΤΥΛΛΩ, *to prate, chatter*, Lat. *garrire: to wheedle, coax*. II. *trans. to chatter to, talk over*. Hence κοτῖλος, η, ου, *chattering, prattling: of a swallow, twittering*. II. *coaxing, wheedling*. [Υ] κοφάω, f. ἴσω, (κοφός) *to make deaf or dumb*. II. *to dull, blunt*. κοφός, ἡ, ὅν, (κόπτω) *blunt, opp. to ὀξύς*. II. *f the senses*, 1. *dumb*, Lat. *mutus*; κοφὸν κύμα *a noiseless wave; before it breaks; of men, dumb, mute, speechless; also insensate, unmeaning*. 2. *also dull of bearing, deaf*, Lat. *surdus*. 3. *dull of mind, stupid, obtuse*. κοῤχετο, by crasis for καὶ ὤχετο, ἱμφ. of ὀχομαι, κοῤψον, by crasis for καὶ ὤψον.

Δ

Δ, λ, λάμβδα or λάβδα, τό, indecl., *eleventh letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral λ' = 30, but λ = 30,000*. The Lacedaemonians bore Δ upon their shields, as the Sicyonians Σ, the Messenians Μ. Changes of λ: I. Dor. into ν, as ἦνθον φίντατος for ἦλθον φίλτατος: whereas the Att. prefers λ, as, λίτρον πλεῖμαν for νίτρον πνεῦμαν II. Ion., λ beginning a word is dropped, as εἶβω for λείβω, ἀλνῆρος for λαϊνῆρος. III. Ep. poets use λλ for λ, esp. after the augment, as ἔλλαβε for ἔλαβε; and in compds., where the latter part begins with λ, as in τριλλιστον. IV. Att., λ is sometimes changed into ρ, as κρίβανος for κλίβανος, ναύκραρος for ναύληρος. V. Aeol., δ is sometimes changed into λ, as Lat. *laeryma* corresponded to δάκρυον, *tears*

to ὕξειν, ὀδ-ῶδέναι. VI. in some words γ and λ are interchanged, as in μόνις and μῶλις. VII. ν before λ becomes λ, as in συλλαμβάνω παλλιλλογος ἐλλείπω. ΔΑ, insep. Prefix with *intensive* force (like λαί-, λει-, δα-, ζα-), e. g. in λά-μαχος *very warlike*, λα-κατάρατος *much accursed*. ΔΑ'ΑΣ, ὁ, gen. λᾶος, dat. Κάϊ, acc. λᾶαν: plur., gen. λᾶων, dat. λᾶσει Ep. λᾶσει:—in Att. also coutr. nom. λᾶς, acc. λᾶν:—a gen. λᾶον also occurs: Lat. *LAPIS, a stone*. II. *a rock, crag*. λᾶβειν Ion. λαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of λαμβάνω. λαβέν, Dor. for λαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of λαμβάνω: but λαβέν, Ep. 3 sing. λάβεσκον, Ion. aor. 2 of λαμβάνω. λᾶβή, ἡ, (λαβεῖν) *the part to hold by, a handle, haft, bilt; λαβὴν δοῦναί to give one a grip or hold, metaphor., to give one a handle, something to lay hold of*, Lat. *ansam praebere*. II. *the act of grasping, a taking, acceptance*. λαβὴν, Dor. for λαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of λαμβάνω. λάβησι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of λαμβάνω. λαβοῖσα, Dor. aor. 2 part. fem. of λαμβάνω. λαβρ-αγόρης, ου, ὁ, Att. -αγόρας, (λάβρος, ἀγορεύω) *a bold talker, braggart*. λάβραξ, ακος, ὁ, (λάβρος) *a sea-wolf*. λαβρεύομαι, Dep. (λάβρος) *to talk boldly, brag vaunt*. λαβρο-πόδης, ου, ὁ, (λάβρος, ποῦς) *rapid of foot, impetuous*. λαβροποτέω, f. ἴσω, *to drink hard*. From λαβρο-πότης, ου, ὁ, (λάβρος, πίνω) *a hard drinker*. ΔΑ'ΒΡΟΣ, ου, *furious, boisterous, blustering, vehement*. 2. of persons, boisterous, furious, turbulent: also *gluttonous, greedy*. λαβροστόμεω, (λαβρόσθεμος) *to talk boldly*. Hence λαβροστομία, ἡ, *bold, rash talking*. λαβρόστομος, ου, (λάβρος, στόμα) *talking rashly*. λαβροσύνῃ, ἡ, (λάβρος) *boisterousness: also greediness*. λαβρό-στυς, ου, (λάβρος, σέω) *rushing furiously*. λάβρος, Adv. of λάβρος, *violently, greedily*. λαβύρινθος, ὁ, *a labyrinth, maze, a large building with intricate passages intersecting each other: the earliest was that of Crete*. II. *anything of spiral or twisted shape*. (Foreign word.) λαβύρινθ-ώδης, ες, (λαβύρινθος, εἶδος) *like a labyrinth, intricate*. λάβω, λαβών, aor. 2 subj. and part. of λαμβάνω. λαγᾶρίζω, f. σω, (λαγρός) *to make slack or hollow:—Med. to become hollow or gawny from hunger*. λαγᾶρός, ἂ, ὅν, *slack, hollow, sunken*. II. *slack, pliant, flexible*. (Akin to λαπαρός.) Hence λαγᾶρόω, = λαγαρίζω: Pass. *to become slack or loose*. λάβην, Adv. (λάζω, λακτίζω) = λάζ, *with the heel*. λάγεις, ου, also α, ου, (λαγός, λαγώς) *af or from a bare*.

λα-γέτης, ου, Dor. λαγέτας, α, ό, (λαός, ήγέομαι) leader of the people.

ΛΑΤΗΝΟΣ, ό, a flagon, Lat. iagena.

λάγνως, η, ου, (λαγός) of or from a bare.

λαγνόν, τό, Dim. of λαγός, a leveret.

λαγνεία, lewdness, lust, desire. From

ΛΑΤΝΟΣ, ου, lewd, lustful.

λαγο-δαίτης, ου, ό, (λαγός, δαίω) bare-devourer.

λαγο-θήρας, ου, ό, (λαγός, θήρῶ) a bare-hunter.

Hence

λαγοθήρῶ, to hunt bares.

λαγοκτονέω, f. ήσω, to kill bares. From

ΛΑΤΟΣ, ου, ό, collat. form of λαγός, a bare.

λάγνως, ό, also ή, = λαγνως. [Later also ύ.]

ΛΑΓΧΑΝΩ; fut. λήξομαι Ion. λάφομαι: aor. 2

ἐλάχων Ep. ἐλλάχων: pf. εἴληχα, poet. ἔελογχα:—

Pass., aor. 1 ἐλήχθην: pf. εἴληγμαι:—to obtain by

lot or fate: generally, to obtain, get possession of:

c. acc. cognato, πάλον λαχεῖν to have a part assigned

one by lot. 2. to have assigned to one, to have for

one's share; esp. of the gods, Κηρ λάχε γεγνόμενον

Fate had him given over to her at his birth: hence

to protect as the tutelary deity of a place: also of

men, to obtain for one's share: later, to obtain by in-

heritance, succeed to. 3. absol. to draw lots: to

obtain an office by lot, to cast lots for: c. inf., ό λα-

χὼν πολεμαρχεῖν he who had the lot to be polemarch:

absol., ό λαχόντες those on whom the lot fell. 4.

as Att. law-term, λαγχάνειν δίκην τινί to sue one at

law: hence, λαγχάνειν τοῦ κλήρου (sc. δίκην) to sue

for one's inheritance. II. with partitive gen., to

receive a share of, become possessed of a thing. III.

Causal, in Ep. redupl. aor. 2 λέλαχον, to put in pos-

session of; λελαχεῖν τινά πυρὸς to grant one the right

of funeral fire. IV. intr. to fall to one's lot or

share: to be assigned by lot.

λαγω-βόλον, τό, (λαγός, βάλλω) a staff for fling-

ing at bares, also used as a spherædæ's crook, Lat.

pædum: and

λαγωδάριον and λαγωδίων, τό, Dim. of λαγός, a

leveret.

ΛΑΤΩΝ, όνος, ή, also ό, poet. dat. pl. λαγόνεσσι,

any hollow: esp. like κενεών, the hollow part below

the ribs, the flank: in pl. λαγόνες, the flanks,

loins.

λαγω-βόλος, ου, (λαγός, βαλεῖν) hitting bares.

ΛΑΤΩΟΣ, ου, ό, Ep. for λαγός, λαγός, a bare.

Λάγως, α, ου, contr. for λαγώσος, (λαγός) of or

from a bare:—τὰ λαγῶα (sub. κρέα) bare-flesh, roast

bare, and generally, dainties, delicacies.

ΛΑΤΩΣ, ό, gen. λαγός, acc. λαγών and λαγώ:

Ep. nom. λαγώος, ου, Ion. also λαγός:—Lat. LEPUS,

a bare.

λάδανον, τό, = λήδανον.

λάε, -Ep. 3 sing. impf. of λάω, to see.

λάε, dual nom. of λάας a stone.

λάεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of λάας a stone.

λαζεῖν, Dor. Imperat. of λάζομαι.

λάζομαι, Dep. poet. for λαμβάνω, to take, seize, grasp, catch, hold; λάξεσθαι τινα ἀγκάς to take one in the arms: metaph., μῦθον πάλιν λάξεσθαι to take back one's words, retract.

λάζωμα, collat. form of λάζομαι.

λάβα, ή, Dor. for λήθη.

λαθ-άνεμος, ου, (λήθη, άνεμος) Dor. φοί ληθάνεμος, escaping the wind.

λάθε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of λανθάνω.

λαθέμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of λανθάνω.

λαθέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of λανθάνω.

λαθι-κτής, ές, (λαθεῖν, κτῆδος) banishing care.

λαθι-πότης, ου, (λήθη, πότης) forgetful of sorrow.

grief; βίσιος ὀδυνῶν λαθιπότης, a life forgetting, i.e.,

exempt from, pain.

λαθι-φθογάς, ου, (λαθεῖν, φθογή) robbing of voice.

striking dumb, epith. of death.

λαθοῖατο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. opt. of λανθάνω.

λάθος, εος, τό, Dor. for λήθος, = λήθη.

λάθρα, v. sub λάθρη. Hence

λαθραῖος, α, ου, also ος, ου, secret, hidden, stealthy,

covert. Adv. -ως, Sup. λαθραιότατα.

λάθρη, Ep. and Ion. Adv., Att. λάθρᾱ: (λαθεῖν):

secretly, by stealth, covertly, insensibly: c. gen. ὠτῶν

one's knowledge; Καθμείων λάθρα without the know-

ledge of the Cadmeans.

λάθρηδόν, Adv. = λάθρη.

λαθρίδιος, α, ου, poet. for λάθριος. Adv. -ως. [Υ]

λάθριος, ου, (λάθρα) stealthy, secret, furtive.

λαθρο-βόλος, ου, (λάθρα, βαλεῖν) hitting secretly.

λαθρο-δάκνης, ου, ό, (λάθρα, δάκνω) biting secretly.

λαθρό-πους, ό, ή, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδός. (λάθρα,

ποδός) stealthy-paced, silent-footed.

λάθω, λathών, aor. 2 subj. and part. of λανθάνω.

λαί-, insepr. Prefix, with intens. force, like λα- or

λι-, found in few compds., as λαί-μαργος.

λαίγχι, ἔγγος, ή, Dim. of λάας, a pebble.

λαίθ-αργος, ου, = λήθαργος.

λαικάζω, f. άσσομαι, (ληκω) to wench.

λαικαστής, ου, ό, (λαικάζω) a wencher: fem. λαι-

κάστρεα, a harlot.

ΛΑΙΛΑΨ, άπος, ή, a tempest, storm, hurricane.

λαίμα, τό, Comic word coined as a pun on λήμα,

αἷμα, and λαίματος.

λαί-μαργος, ου, (λαί-, μάργος) greedy, glutton-

ous. II. talkative.

λαίμαρσσω Att. -ττω, (λαίμος) to swallow greedily,

bold, devour: intr. to be greedy.

λαίμη-τόμος, ου, poet. for λαμοτόμος.

λαίμο-δάκτης, ές, (λαίμος, δακνέιν) throat-biting.

λαίμοπείδη, ή, (λαίμος, πείδη) a dog-collar. II

a spring for catching birds.

λαίμο-ρύτης, ου, (λαίμος, ρέω) gushing from the

throat.

ΛΑΙΜΟΣ, ου, ό, the throat, gullet.

λαίμο-τμήτος, ου, (λαίμος, τμήτος) with the throat

cut or severed.

λαίμο-τούος, ου, (λαίμος, τεμείν) throat-cutting. II

pass. λαυμότομος, *ov*, with the throat cut, severed by the throat.

λαῖνεος, *α, ov*, = λαῖνος. [X]

λαῖνος, *η, ov*, (lāas) of stone, stony; λαῖνον ἔσσο χιτῶνα thou hadst put on coat of stone, i.e. thou hadst been buried in stones, stoned to death.

λαῖον, *τό*, Dor. for λήιον.

λαῖός, *ά, όν, left*; λαῖα χεῖρός on the left hand; so πρὸς λαῖα χερί; ἐπὶ λαῖον on the left.

λαιο-τομέω, *f. ἦσω*, (λαῖον, τεμεῖν) to plough land.

λαιο-ήιον, *τό*, (λάσιος) a shield or target lighter than the δόπις, covered with raw hides.

ΛΑΙΤΜΑ, *τό*, the deep sea.

ΛΑΙΓΦΟΣ, *τό*, a tattered garment, generally, a garment: also a piece of cloth, a sail.

λαυπηρό-δρομος, *ov*, (λαυπόος, δραμεῖν) swift-running.

λαυπηρός, *ά, όν*, (λαυ-, ψαιρῶ) light-footed, swift.

λαῖκάζω, = λακέω, λάσκω, to shout, bowl.

Δάκαινα, *ή*, fem. of Δάκων, Lat. Lacaena, Laconian.

2, (sub. γυνή), a Laconian woman.

Δακάνην, Dor. gen. pl. of Δάκαινα.

λακάνη, late form for λεκάνη.

λῦ-καταπύγων, *ov*, (λα-, καταπύγων) very lustful. [v]

λάκς, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of λάσκω.

Δάκεδαῖρων, *ovos*, *ή*, Lacedaemon, the capital of Laconia; also Laconia itself.

λακεῖν, *aor. 2 inf.* of λάσκω.

λακέρυζα, *ή*, (λακέω) one that cries; λακέρυζα κορώνη a cawing crow; λακέρυζα κύνων a yelping dog.

λακέω, Dor. for ληκέω.

λακίσσω, *fut.* of λάσκω.

λακίζω, *f. ἴσω* Att. *ιδῶ*, to rend, tear.

λακίς, *ἴδος, ή*, (λάσκω) a rent, tearing, rending; λακίδες πέπλον ragged robes, tatters.

λάκισμα, *ατος, τό*, (λακίζω) that which is torn: in pl. rags, tatters.

λακιστός, *ή, έν*, (λακίζω) torn, rent; μόρος λακιστός death by rending.

λακκό-πρόκτοφ, *ov*, (λάκκος, προκτός) a lewd person, an adulterer.

λακκό-πύγος, *ov*, (λάκκος, πυγή) = λακέπρωκτος.

ΛΑΓΚΟΣ, *ό*, any hollow, a hole, pit: a cistern, tank: also a cellar, storehouse: ανφονδ: also a stew for water-fowl, Lat. vivarium.

λάκος, wrong form of λάκκος.

λακ-πάτητος, *ov*, (λάξ, πατέω) trampled under foot, trodden down. [πᾶ]

λακτίζω, *f. ἴσω* Att. *ιδῶ*, (λάξ) to kick with the heel or foot, stamp or trample on; λακτίζειν τὸν πεσόντα to trample on the fallen.

2. absol. to kick; λακτίζειν πρὸς κέντρα to kick against the pricks: also to struggle convulsively, throб. Hence

λάκτισμα, *τό*, a kick: a trampling on.

λακτιστής, *ov*, *ό*, (λακτίζω) one who tramples; λακτιστής ληνόυ a treader of the wine-press.

Δάκων, *ovos*, *ό*, a Laconian or Lacedaemonian; and as Adj. Laconian: fem. Δάκαινα. Hence

Δάκωνίζω, *f. ἴσω*, to imitate the Lacedaemonians in manners, dress, etc.: hence to speak Laconically.

II. to be in the Lacedaemonian interest. Hence

Δάκωνικός, *ή, έν*, Laconian; - τὸ Δάκωνικόν the Laconian people: — *ή* Δακωνίση, I. (sub. γή), Laconia.

2. (sub. κρηπίς), a kind of man's shoe.

Δάκωνίς, *ἴδος*, fem. of Δακωνικός, I. (sub. γυνή), a Laconian woman.

2. (sub. γή), the Laconian land.

Δάκωνισμός, *ό*, (Δακωνίζω) the imitation of the Lacedaemonians in manners, dress, etc.

II. a being, in the Lacedaemonian interest, Laconism.

Δάκωνιστής, *ov*, *ό*, (Δακωνίζω) one who imitates or takes part with the Lacedaemonians, a Laconizer.

Δάκωνο-μάνέω, (Δάκωv, μανήναι) to be mad after the Lacedaemonians, to have a Laconomania.

λαλαγευντες, λαλαγευντι, Dor. for λαλαγοῦντες, λαλαγοῦσι, pres. part. and ind. of λαλαγέω.

λαλάζω, *f. ἦσω*, (λαλέω) to prattle, babble: of birds, to chirrup, chirp. Hence

λαλάγημα, *ατος, τό*, (λαλαγέω) a prattling, babbling.

λαλάζω, to prattle, babble, of water. From

λαλάξ, (λαλέω) a prattler, babbler.

λαλεῦμεv, Dor. pres. ind. of λαλέω.

ΛΑΔΕΩ, *f. ἦσω*, to prate, chatter, babble: of birds, to twitter, chirp: properly, to make an inarticulate sound, opp. to articulate speech: but also, generally, to talk, talk of. Hence

λάλημα, *τό*, talk. II. a talker, prater.

λάλητός, *α, ov*, verb. Adj. of λαλέω, to be talked of.

λάλητής, *ov*, *ό*, (λαλέω) a talker, prater.

λάλητικός, *ή, έν*, (λαλέω) given to talking.

λάλητρίς, *ἴδος, ή*, fem. of λαλητής, a gossip.

λαλάξ, *ή*, (λαλέω) talking, chat, gossip. II. a form of speech, dialect.

λάλοις, *α, ov*, ποῖτ. for λάλος.

λάλλαι, *αἱ*, (λαλέω) pebbles, from their babbling in the stream.

λάλος, *ov*, (λαλέω) talkative, chattering: of wings, flapping.—Irreg. Comp. λαλίστερος, Sup. λαλίστατος.

λαμά, Heb. for what? why?

Λαμαχ-ἱππιον, *τό*, (Δάμαχος, ἱππίον) name for Lamachus, little jockey Lamachus.

λά-μάχος, *ov*, (λα-, μάχη) very warlike, name of an Athenian general.

λαμβάνω. *fut.* λήψομαι Ion. λάμφομαι Dor. λαψομαι, —εῦμαι:—*aor.* 2 ἔλαβον Ep. ἔλλαβον Ion. λάβεσκον, imperat. λάβε, inf. λαβην, part. λαβών, οὔσας:—*pf.* ἐλήφα Ion. ἔλελάβηκα: plarf. ἐλήφεv:—*Med.*, *aor.* 2 ἐλαβόμην, Ep. redupl. inf. λελαβέσθαι: *Pass.*, *fut.* ληφθήσομαι: *aor.* 1 ἐλήφθην Ion. ἐλάμφθην: *pf.* ἐλήμμαι ποῖτ. ἐλήμμαι Ion. ἐλάμμαι. To take, take bold of, grasp, seize: when this action refers to a part, the part is put in genit., as, τὴν πτερυγὸν λάβειν he caught her by the wing:—*metaph.*, φρενὶ λαβείν to grasp with the mind; also, absol. to understand, comprehend:—*Med.* to keep bold of, grasp tight: also to get bold of, make one's own: *metaph.*, λαβέσθαι τῶν ὄρων to take to the hills. II.

to catch, some upon, overtakes: of things, to take away, carry off. 2. Att. to meet with, find, find out, detect.

III. to take in, receive hospitably, entertain. IV. to gain, win, procure, acquire.

λαμβάνειν τινὰ ὀρκίῳσι to bind one by oath. VI. metaph. to take a thing in a particular sense. VII.

to have given one, receive, get: in Med. to have to wife. 2. of a woman, to conceive. 3. ἐκην λαβεῖν to receive, i. e. exact, a penalty, Lat. sumere poenas: but also in the opposite sense, to suffer punishment, Lat. dare poenas.

λάμδα, τό, indecl., v. sub λ.

Λάμια, ἡ, (λάμος) a fabulous monster said to feed on man's flesh, a vampire, a bugbear to children.

λαμπαδῆ-δρομία, ἡ, (λαμπάς, δρόμος) the torch-race, an Athenian ceremony at the festivals of Prometheus, Vulcan and Minerva, in which the runners carried lighted torches from the joint altar of these gods in the outer Cerameicus to the Acropolis. After the Persian war Pan received a like honour.

λαμπαδηφορία, ἡ, a carrying of torches, = λαμπαδηδρομία. From

λαμπαδῆ-φόρος, ον, (λαμπάς, φέρω) torch-bearing: as Subst., λαμπαδηφόρος, ὁ, a torch-bearer.

λαμπαδῖον, τό, Dim. of λαμπάς, a small torch. II. a bandage for wounds.

λαμπαδῶ-οὔχος, ον, (λαμπάς, ἔχω) torch-carrying, bright-beaming, flashing.

λαμπάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (λάμπω) a torch: also a light, lantern, lamp. 2. the torch-race, like λαμπαδηδρομία. II. as Adj., poet, fem. of λαμπρός, gleaming with torches.

λάμπσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of λάμπω.

λαμπετάω, poet, for λάμπω, to shine, flash, only in Ep. part. λαμπετῶν.

λαμπέτης, ον, ὁ, fem. λαμπέτις, ἰδος, (λάμπω) the lustrous one.

ΛΑΨΙΠ, ἡ, the scum or coating which gathers on liquors left to stand.

λαμπηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, (λάμπω) lustre.

Λάμπτος, ὁ, (λάμπω) one of the horses of Morn, Bright.

λαμπ-ουρος, ον, (λάμπω, οὐρά) bright-tailed: as a dog's name, Firetail.

λαμπρός, ὁ, ὄν, (λάμπω) bright, brilliant, radiant; λαμπρὸν ὕδωρ limpid water. 2. of the voice, clear, distinct. 2. of the wind, fresh, keen. 3. metaph. evident, clear, manifest. II. of men, illustrious, brilliant, magnificent, splendid. Hence

λαμπρότης, ητος, ἡ, brilliancy, splendour. II. metaph. distinction, splendour: munificence.

λαμπροφονία, ἡ, loudness of voice. From

λαμπρό-φωνος, ον, (λαμπρός, φωνή) loud-voiced.

λαμπρότης, f. ἡ: Med., aor. I ἐλαμπρύναμην:—Pass., 3 sing. πρ. λελάμπρυνται:—(λαμπρός):—to make bright or brilliant. II. Med. to pride oneself on a thing: to distinguish oneself in.

III. Pass. to become bright; λαμπρύνεσθαι ὁμασιν to be

come clear-sighted.

2. to be or become clear, evident, notorious.

λαμπρῶς, Adv. of λαμπρός, brilliantly: Sup. λαμπρότατα.

λαμπρέος, ον, Ion. for ληπτέος, verb-Adj. of λαμβάνω, to be taken.

λαμπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (λάμπω) a stand or grate for burning wood in: a beacon-light, watch-fire: a torch, lamp.

λαμπτήρ-ουχία, ἡ, (λαμπτήρ, ἔχω) a holding of torches; λαμπτήρουχίαι the beacon-watebes.

λαμπτήρον, dat. pl. of λαμπτήρ.

ΛΑΜΠΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἐλαμψα: pf. ἐέλαμπα:—to shine, to be bright, brilliant, radiant. 2. of sound, to be clear, ring loud and clear. 3. metaph. to shine forth, be conspicuous or illustrious. II. trans. to make to shine, light up: Pass. to shine.

λαμψρός, ὁ, ὄν, (λάμος), yawning, profound. II. voracious, gluttonous. III. metaph. bold, wanton: of women, coquettish; wayward, arch. Hence

λαμψρός, Adv. greedily: Comp. λαμψρότερον.

λαμψθήναι, Ion. aor. I pass. inf. of λαμβάνω.

λάμψομαι, Ion. for λήψομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω.

λανθάνω or ΛΗΨΘΗ, whence the tenses are formed: fut. λήσω Dor. λήσω: aor. 2 ἐλάθον: pf. ἐέλαθα: plaqf. ἐέλελθεν:—to escape or elude notice, to be unseen, unnoticed; c. acc. pers., λάθην Ἐκτορα he escaped the notice of Hector. 2. with part., λανθάνει κλέπταιν he escapes notice while stealing, i. e. he steals without being seen, (where λανθάνω is best expressed by an Adverb, unawares, secretly): also with a pass. part., as, μὴ διαφθαρεῖ λάθῃ lest he perish without himself knowing it: with the acc. of the pers. pron. added, as, ἔως αὐτὸν λάθῃ διαπραγείῃ until thou mayest not observe thyself having burst in twain, i. e. mayest burst without being thyself aware of it.

II. Causal, in pres. ληθάνω, aor. I ἔλησα, redupl. Ep. aor. 2 ἐέλαθον, subj. λελάθῃ:—to make to forget: hence,

III. Med. and Pass. λανθάνομαι or λήθομαι: fut. λήσομαι Dor. λήσεύμαι paullo-post fut. λελήθομαι: aor. 2 med. ἐέλαθον: aor. I pass. ἐέλησθην: pf. ἐέλησμαι, Ion. and Ep. ἐέλασμαι part. λελασμένος:—to forget, lose the memory of.

λανός, λανῶ, Dor. for ληνός, ληνῶ.

ΛΑΨ, Adv. with the heel or foot; λαψ πατεῖσθαι to be trodden under foot.

λαξευτός, ὁ, ὄν, beun in stone. From

λαξεύω, (λας, ξέω) to cut stones: to beun in stone.

λάξιν, (λάξομαι) an allotment of land.

λάξιν, ιος, ὁ, Dor. for λήξιν, cessation.

λάξομαι, Ion. for λήξομαι, fut. of λαγχάνω.

λαο-δάμης, ατος, ὁ, (λαός, δαμάω) man-subduing.

λαο-ξέος, ον, (λαός, ξέω) stone-cutting: as Subst.,

λαοξέος, ὁ, a sculptor.

λαο-πάθης, ἰς, (λαός, παθεῖν) suffered by the people.

λαο-πόρος, ον, (λαός, πόρος) conveying the people.

ΛΑΨ, οὔ, ὁ, Ion. ληός Att. λείος:—the people 2

—in the II. *the soldiery, host, army*; also *a land-army* opp. to a fleet; also *the common men* opp. to their leaders. II. in plur. λαοί, *the subjects of a prince*.

Λῆος, irreg. gen. of λῆας, *a stone*.
 Λῆο-σεβής, ἐς, (λαός, σέβομαι) *revered by the people*.
 Λῆο-σός, ον, (λαός, σείω) *rousing or stirring nations*.

Λῆο-τέκτων, ονος, ὁ, (λῆας, τέκτων) *a worker in stone, mason*.

Λῆο-τίνακτος, ον, (λῆας, τινάσσω) *stirred by a stone*.
 Λῆο-τρόφος, ον, (λαός, τρέφω) *nourishing the people*.

Λῆο-τύπος, ον, (λῆας, τύπτω) *cutting stones*: as Subst., λαοτύπος, ὁ, *a stone-cutter, stone-mason*.

Λῆο-φθόρος, ον, (λαός, φθείρω) *ruining the people*.
 Λῆο-φόνος, ον, (λαός, φένω) *slaying the people*.

Λῆο-φόρος Att. λεο-φόρος, ον, (λαός, φέρω) *bearing people*; λαοφόρος ὁδός *a road, highway*.

Λῆπάξω, f. ξω, = ἀλαπάξω, *to plunder, spoil, pillage*: also, *to carry off*.

Λῆπαρῆ Ion. -ρη, ἡ, *the soft part of the body between the ribs and hips, the flank, loins*, Lat. *ilia*. Properly fem. of λαπαρός.

Λῆπαρός, ὁ, ὄν, (λαπάξω) *slack, loose, relaxed*.

ΛῆΤΗ, ἡ, *pblegm*, Lat. *pituita*: metaph., ἀνηλία λάτῃ—in *sunless damp*, cf. Virgil's *loca senta situ*. [ἄ]

Λῆπῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of λάπτω.

Λῆπιθαι, οἱ, the *Lapithae*, a Thessalian people in the heroic age, conquerors of the Centaurs. [Υ]

Λάπτω, fut. ψω: aor. I ἐλαψα: pf. λέλαφα:—*to lap with the tongue*, like Lat. *lambo*: generally, *to drink, drain, suck*. (Formed from the sound.)

Λῆρινός, ἡ, ὄν, (λῆρός) *fatted, fat*.

Λῆρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = λῆρος, *a gull*.

Λῆρῖσα Ion. Ληρ-, ἡ, *Larissa*, name of many old Greek cities, esp. of one in Thessaly. Hence

Λῆρῖσαιος, α, ον, *Larissaeon*, of or from *Larissa*.

Λαρκίδιον, τό, Dim. of λῆρκος. [κ]

ΛῆΡΚΟΣ, ὁ, *a basket for charcoal, a coal-basket*.

ΛῆΤΡΑΞ, ἄκος, ἡ, *a coffer, box, chest*: *a cinerary urn*: an ark.

ΛῆΤΡΟΣ, ὁ, *a ravenous sea-bird, the gull, a cormorant*. [ἄ, except in one passage.]

ΛῆΡΟΣ, ὁ, ὄν, *dainty, sweet, pleasant*:—irreg. Sup. *λαρώτατος*: but the reg. Comp. *λαρότερον* occurs as Adv.

Λῆρυγγίω, (λῆρυγῆ) *to scream, screech*.

Λῆρυγγίω, Att. fut. ἰώ, (λῆρυγῆ) *to bawl, bel-low*. [Υ] II. *to outdo in shouting*.

ΛῆΡΥΤΞ, gen. -γγος, ὁ, *the larynx or upper part of the windpipe*: also *the gullet, throat*.

Λῆς, λῆος, ὁ, *a stone*, Att. contr. for λῆας.

ΛῆΣΑΝΟΝ, τό, always in pl. *a trivet or stand for a pot, a gridiron*. II. Lat. *lasanum*, *a night-stool*. [ἄ]

Λῆσεο, Dor. for λῆζον, imperat. of λῆζομαι.

Λῆσεσθαι, Dor. for λῆσσομαι, fut. med. of λανθάνω: I pl. *λασεύμεθα*, for *λησεύμεθα*.

ΛῆΣΘΗ, ἡ, *mockery, insult*.

Λασθήμεν, Dor. for λασθῆναι, λησθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of λανθάνω.

Λῆσι-αύχη, ενος, (λάσιος, αὐχὴν) *with shaggy neck*.
 Λῆσιβ-θρίξ, τρήχος, ὁ, ἡ, (λάσιος, θρίξ) *shaggy-haired*.

Λῆσιος, α, ον, Att. os, on, *shaggy with hair or wool, hairy*. II. *shaggy with bushes, bushy*. (Akin to δασύς.) [ἄ] Hence

Λῆσιβ-στερνος, ον, (λάσιος, στέρνον) *with hairy chest*.

ΛῆΣΚΟΝ, (the tenses formed from obsol. *λῆσκέω, λῆκω): fut. λῆκῆσομαι: aor. I ἐλάκησα [ἄ]: aor. 2 ἐλάκον, inf. λῆκεῖν: pf. λέλακα Ion. λέληκα, Ep. part. fem. λελάκνυα:—Med., aor. 2 ἐλῆκόμεν, Ep. redupl. λελακόμεν, whence 3 plur. λελάκοντο [ἄ]:—*to ring, clash, crash, crackle*: of axles, *to creak*: commonly of things, but also II. of animals, *to sbrick, scream*: of dogs, *to howl, bay*. III. of men, *to speak loud, shout, shout forth*: rarely *to sing*.

Λῆσῶ, Dor. for λῆσω, fut. of λανθάνω.

ΛῆΤΑΞ, ἄγος, ἡ, *a drop of wine*.

Λατο-γενής, ἐς, (λατώ, *γένω) *born of Latona*.

Λατομέω, f. ἥσω, (λατόμος) *to quarry stones*. Hence

Λατομία, ἡ, *a stone-quarry*.

Λῆ-τόμος, ὁ, (λῆς, τέμνω) *a stone-cutter, quarry-man*.

Λατρεία, ἡ, (λατρεύω) *hired labour, service, servitude*: esp. *the service of the gods, worship*.

Λάτρευμα, τό, *hired service, servitude*: esp. *service paid to the gods, worship*. II. *a slave*. From

λατρεύω, f. σω, (λάτρεω) *to work for hire or pay*. 2. *to serve, be bound or enslaved to*, c. dat. pers.: but also c. acc. pers. *to serve*. 2. *to serve the gods*, c. dat.

Λάτριος, α, ον, *of a servant or service*. From

λάτρεω, ιος, ὁ and ἡ, *a hired servant*, Lat. *latro*: generally, *a servant, slave*.

ΛῆΤΡΟΝ, τό, *pay, hire*; λῆτρων ἀτερθε *without rent or quittance*.

Λαυκάνη, ἡ, = λαιμός, *the throat*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΛῆΤΡΑ Ion. λαύρη, ἡ, *an alley, lane, narrow passage between houses*: also *a pass between rocks, ravine, defile*. II. *a sewer, drain*.

Λῆφυγμός, ὁ, (λαφύσσω) *greediness, gluttony*.

ΛῆΦΥΤΡΑ, τά, *spoils taken in war*, Lat. *spolia*.

Λῆφῦρ-αγωγέω, f. ἥσω, *to make booty of*. From

λῆφῦρ-αγωγός, ον, (λῆφῦρα, ἄγω) *carrying off booty*.

Λῆφῦροπωλέω, f. ἥσω, *to sell booty*. From

λῆφῦρο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (λῆφῦρα, πωλέω) *a retailer of booty*, Lat. *sector*.

Λῆφύσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, (λάπτω) *to swallow greedily, eat up, devour*: of men, *to eat gluttonously, gorge, Lat. belluari*. Hence

Λῆφύσιος, α, ον, *gluttonous*.

ΛῆΧΑΙΝΩ, f. ἀνῶ: aor. I ἐλάχηνα:—*to dig*.

Λῆχῆναιω, f. σω, (λύχανον) *to plant with potberbs*:—Med. *to gather herbs*.

Λῆχῆνη-λύγος, ον, (λάχανον, λέγω) *gathering herbs*.

λάχανίζομαι, Dep. (λάχανον) to gather herbs. Hence
 λάχανισμός, δ, a gathering of herbs.

λάχανον, τό, (λάχανον) mostly in pl. λάχανα, τά,
 garden-herbs, opp. to wild plants *καὶ* herbs, vegetables,
 greens, garden-stuff, Lat. *olerā*. 2. τὰ λάχανα *the*
vegetable-market, the green-market.

λάχανο-πώλης, ου, δ, (λάχανον, πωλέω) a green-
 grocer: fem. λάχανο-πωλήτρια, and λάχανο-πωλίς,
 ιδος, ἡ, a woman who sells garden-stuff

λάχε, Ep. for ἐλάχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of λαγχάνω.
 λάχεια, either for ἐλάχεια, fem. of ἐλαχύς, small;
 or fem. of an Adj. λαχύς (from λαχαίνω) well-tilled,
 fertile.

λάχεϊν, aor. 2 inf. of λαγχάνω.

Λάχαις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, (λάχεϊν) Lachesis,
 one of the three Fates, the disposer of lots. II.
 lot, destiny, fate.

λάχη, ἡ, (φαχαίνω) a digging.

λαχναῖος, α, ου, woolly, hairy, downy. From
 ΛΑΧΝΗ, ἡ, soft woolly hair, down: the soft nap
 or pile on cloth: *sheep's-wool*. Hence

λαχνηίς, εσσα, εν, woolly, hairy.

λαχνό-γυιός, ου, (λάχνη, γυῖον) with hairy limbs.

λάχνος, δ, = λάχνη, wool. Hence

λαχνῶς, ε, ὥστω, to make hairy:—Pass. to grow
 downy.

λαχν-ώδης, ες, (λάχνη, εἶδος) like down, downy.

λάχοϊν, Att. for λάχοιμ, aor. 2 opt. of λαγχάνω.

ΛΑΧΟΣ, τό, (λάχεϊν) one's lot, fate, destiny. II.
 the portion obtained by lot, a lot, share, portion. [ἄ]

λῶχών, aor. 2 part. of λαγχάνω.

λαψέομαι and λαψοῦμαι, Dor. fut. of λαμβάνω.

λαψών, fut. part. of λαττω.

λαψῆ, Dor. 2 sing. aor. I med. subj. of λαμβάνω.

ΔΑΨ, = βλέπω, to see; behold, look at: old Ep.
 word used by Hom. in part. λᾶων and Ep. 3 sing.
 impf. λᾶε [ἄ]

*ΔΑΨ, = θέλω, to wish: see λῶ.

λείαινα, ἡ, fem. of λέων, a lioness.

λείανω, ε, λεῶν Ep. λειάνω: aor. I ἐλένη Ep.

λένη: (λείος) —to smooth, polish, work smooth;
 λειάνειν κελεῖσθον to smooth the way. II. to

τυῖ smooth, bray or pound in a mortar: to de-
 stroy. III. metaph. to smooth away, smooth or

soften down

λεάνταρα, ἡ, fem. of λεαντήρ.

λεαντήρ, ἦρος, δ, (λεαίνω) a polisher.

λέβης, ἦρος, δ, (λείβω) a kettle, caldron, II.
 the basin in which the purifying water (χερὶς) was
 laved round: but also, a sort of basin which was
 struck like a cymbal at the funerals of the Spartan
 kings. III. a cinerary urn.

λεγών, ὄνος, δ, Gr. form of the Lat. *legio*, a legion.
 λέγομαι, λέγοντι, Dor. for λέγομεν, λέγουσι, I and
 3 pl. of λέγω.

ΛΕΤΩ, ε, λέω: aor. ε ἔλεα: pf. ἐλοχα —Med.,
 fut. λέβομαι: aor. I ἐλεβάνην:—Pass., fut. λεχθήσο-
 μαι: panilo-post fut. λελέβομαι: aor. I pass. ἐλεχθην,

aor. 2 ἐλεγην: Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἐλέγμην, 3 sing.
 λέτω: pf. εἰλεγμαί or ἐλέγμαι: I. Act. ΤΟ

ΛΕΤΩ, to lay asleep, lull to sleep:—Pass. and Med.
 ΤΟ ΛΕΤΩ, to lie down. II. to lay in order, ar-
 range, and so to gather, pick up:—Med. to gather

for oneself: hence to choose, pick out III. to
 reckon, count, tell or reckon up.

IV. to recount,
 tell, relate: hence to speak, say, utter: also of ora-
 cles, to say, declare: It is used later to express an
 communication by word of mouth: λέγειν κατὰ τινας
 to accuse one: c. inf., λέγειν τινα ποιεῖν τί to tell,
 bid, command: λέγειν τί, to say something, i. e. to
 speak to the purpose: opp. to λέγειν οὐδέν, to say
 nothing to the purpose: also, like Lat. *dicere*, to speak
 of, mean, refer to, as, εἶω κομίζου σύ, Κασάνδραν
 λέγω, go thou within, I mean Cassandra:—Pass. λέ-
 γεται, it is said, on dit; τὸ λεγόμενον, absol. as the
 saying goes.

λεηλασία, ἡ, a driving off booty, pillaging. From

λεηλάτω, ε, ἦστω, to drive away booty, drive cattle,

to make booty: hence to plunder, despoil. From

λε-ηλάτης, ου, δ, (λεία, ελαῖν) one who drives off
 booty, a plunderer, marauder. [ἄ]

ΛΕΙΓΑ Ion. λητή, ἡ, booty, plunder, esp. of cattle.

hence what can be driven off as booty.

λείαινα, fut. λειάνω, Ion. and Ep. for λειάνα.

ΛΕΙΨΩ, ψω: aor. I ἔλεψα —to pour, pour forth:

mostly like σπένδω, to pour a libatio. II. to

let flow, shed:—Med. to flow, run, trickle; λείβε-
 σθαι δακρύοις to melt into tears: hence to melt or

pine away:—Pass. to be moistened, bedewed.

λείτομαι, Ion. and poet. for ληΐτομαι.

λείθηνα, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of λειάνα.

λειήνας, Ep. aor. I part. of λειάνα.

λείμαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, = λειμάν, a meadow: a garden.

λείμμα, ατος, τό, (λείπω) a remnant, remains

λειμάν, ὠνος, δ, (λείβω) any moist grassy place, a

meadow, mead, Lat. *pratum*.

λειμωνιάς, ἄδος, poet. iain. ὅς λειμώνιος: νύμφη λει-
 μονιάς a meadow-nymph.

λειμώνιος, α, ου, (λειμάν) of a meadow

λειμωνίς, ιδος, poet. fem. of λειμώνιος.

λειμωνόεν or -θε, Adv. (λειμάν) from a meadow.

λειο-γένεος, ου, (λείος, γένειον) smooth-skinned.

λειο-κύμων, ου, (λείος, κύμα) with gentle waves.

λειό-μιτος, ου, (λείος, μίτος) smoothing the threads

of the warp.

λειοντή, ἡ, poet. for λεοντή, a lion's skin.

λειοντο-μάχης, ου, δ, (λεων, μάχη) poet. for λεοντ-,
 a lion-fighter.

λειοντο-πάλης, ου, δ, (λεων, πάλη) poet. for λεοντ-,
 wrestler with a lion.

ΛΕΙΟΣ, α, ου, or os, ου, Lat. *LAEVIS*, smooth:

of the ground, smooth, level, flat; of the sea, smooth:

c. gen., λείος πετράων level and free from rocks. 2.
 with a smooth chin, beardless. 3. metaph. smooth,
 soft, gentle.

λειότης, ἦτος, ἡ, (λείος) smoothness.

λείουσι, poet. for λέουσι, dat. pl. of λέων.
 λειπτόν, verb. Adj. of λείπω, one must leave.
 ΛΕΙΠΩ, f. λείψω: aor. 2 act. ἔλιπον, inf. λῑπεῖν;
 (aor. I ἔλειψα only in late writers): pf. λέλοιπα—
 Med., fut. λείψομαι in pass. sense:—Pass., fut. λειφ-
 θήσομαι, paullo-post. fut. λελείψομαι: aor. I ἐλειφ-
 θην: aor. 2 ἔλιπην [τ]: pf. λέλειμαι: plqpf. ἐλελείμ-
 μην:—Lat. *LINQUO*, to leave, leave remaining: of
 dying persons, to leave behind, bequeath:—so in Med.
 to leave behind one, bequeath, leave as a memo-
 rial. 2. to desert in danger, abandon, for-
 sake. II. Pass. to be left, left behind, left re-
 maining. 2. to be left behind in a race: pf. part.
 λειπευμένος, left behind, lingering behind, inferior
 to: absol. to stay behind. 3. c. gen. to be left
 without: to come short of . . , be inferior, worse, weaker
 than another. 4. to be wanting or lacking. III.
 intr. in Act. to be gone, fail, disappear: to be want-
 ing, cease, Lat. *deficere*.
 λειρούεις, εἶσα, εν, (λείριον) of or like a lily, lily-
 white, delicate.
 ΛΕΙΡΨΙΟΝ, τό, a lily, the white lily, Lat. *lilium*.
 λείστος, see ληίστος.
 λείτος or λείτος, εν, (λαός, λέως) of the people, Ion.
 for Att. δημόσιος.
 λειτουργέω, f. ἦσα, (λειτουργία) to perform public
 duties, to do the state service:—at Athens, to serve
 public offices at one's own cost: cf. λειτουργία. II.
 to minister as a priest, officiate. Hence
 λειτουργία, ἡ, a public service:—at Athens a liturgy,
 i. e. a burdensome public office or charge, which the
 richer citizens discharged at their own expense, properly
 in rotation, but also voluntarily or by appointment. II.
 divine service, whence our word *Liturgy*.
 λειτουργικός, ἡ, ὄν, performing public service, mini-
 stering. From
 λειτουργός, ὄν, (λείτος or λείτος, ἔργον) perform-
 ing public duties, serving the state. II. a priest,
 minister of God.
 ΛΕΙΧΗΝ, ἦνος, δ, a tree-moss, lichen. II.
 hence a lichen-like eruption on the skin, scurvy: of
 the ground, a blight, canker.
 ΛΕΙΨΩ, f. ξω: aor. I ἔλειψα:—Lat. *LINGO*, to
 lick: to lick up: hence irreg. pf. part. λελειχμένος.
 λείψας, aor. I part. of λείπω.
 λειψάνη-λόγος, εν, (λειψανον, λέγω) gathering
 remnants.
 λειψάνον, τό, (λείπω) a piece left, remnant, relic,
 wreck: in plur. remains, remnants, Lat. *reliquiae*.
 λειψ-ύδριον, τό, (λείπω, ὕδωρ) an ill-watered dis-
 trict near mount Parnes in Attica.
 λέων, δ, poet. for λέων, hence Ep. dat. λείουσι.
 λεκάνη, ἡ, (λέκος) a dish, pot, pan. [ᾶ] Hence
 λεκάνης, ἡ, λεκάνιον, τό, λεκανίσκη, ἡ, Diminutives
 of λεκάνη:—a little dish or pan, platter.
 λεκίθο-πώλης, ου, δ, fem. -πώλης, ιδος, (λέκιθος,
 πάλειον) a pulse-porridge seller.
 ΛΕΚΤΙΘΟΣ, δ, pulse-porridge

ΛΕΚΟΣ, εως, τό, a dish, plate, pot, pan.
 λεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (λέγω) good at speaking, fluent
 eloquent. II. suited for speaking.
 λέκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λέγω.
 λεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (λέγω) gathered, chosen, picked
 out. II. uttered, spoken, said: to be spoken.
 λέκτρον, τό, (λέγω) a couch, bed, Lat. *lectus*: λέκ-
 τρονδε to bed. 2. in pl. the marriage-bed, marriage.
 λελαβέσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 inf. med. of λαμβάνω.
 λελάβηκα, Ion. pf. of λαμβάνω.
 λελάθη, 3 sing. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 subj. of λαμβάνω.
 λελάθοντο, λελαθέσθω, λελαθέσθαι, 3 pl. indic., 3
 sing. imperat., and inf., aor. 2 med. of λαμβάνω.
 λελάκα, pf. of λάσκει.
 λελάκοντο, 3 pl. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med. of λάσκει.
 λελάκυια, Ep. pf. part. fem. of λάσκει.
 λελαμμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of λαμβάνω.
 λείλασμαι, Ion. and Ep. pf. pass. of λαμβάνω.
 λελάσχω, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of λαγχάνω.
 λελάχω, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 subj. of λαγχάνω.
 λελειπτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of λείπω.
 λελείφθαι, pf. pass. inf. of λείπω.
 λειλεχυότες, nom. pl. irreg. pf. part. of λείχω.
 λείλευσμαι, pf. pass. of λένω.
 λελέχθαι, 3 pl. pf. pass. of λέγω.
 λέλθα, Ion. pf. of λαμβάνω.
 λέλθα, Ion. pf. of λάσκει: part. λεληκώς.
 λέλθμαι, poet. pf. pass. of λαμβάνω.
 λέλθμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of λαμβάνω: but λέλθμαι,
 pf. pass. of ληίζομαι.
 λελίθμαι, old Ep. pf. of ληλαίομαι, (and therefore
 properly λελίθμαι), to strive eagerly, long for, be
 zealous for: part. λελιθμένος, zealous, basty, eager.
 λελιμμένος, pf. pass. part. of λίσσω.
 λείλογα, pf. of λέγω.
 ληλογισμένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of λογιζομαι, de-
 liberately, advisedly.
 λείλογχα, pf. of λαγχάνω.
 λελόγχη, poet. for ἐλελόγχει, 3 sing. plqpf. of
 λαγχάνω.
 λείλοιπα, pf. of λείπω.
 λειουμένος, pf. part. pass. of λούω.
 λελύμασμαι, pf. pass. of λυμάλινος. [ῑ]
 λελυνται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of λύω:—λελυντο, Ep. for
 ἐλέλυντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass.
 λελύτο, Ep. for ἐλελύτο, 3 sing. pf. opt. pass. of λύω
 λελύθημαι, pf. in pass. sense of λωβάομαι.
 ΛΕΜΒΟΣ, δ, a small boat with a sharp prow. =
 felucca.
 λέμμα, απος, τό, (λείπω) that which is peeled off, peel,
 husk, skin, scale.
 λέντιον, τό, the Lat. *linteum*, a linen cloth, napkin.
 λέξω, Ep. for λέξαι, aor. I imperat. med. of λέγο-
 μαι, to lie down.
 λέξις, εως, ἡ, (λέγω) a speaking, speech. 2. a way
 of speaking, diction, style.
 λέξω, Ep. for λέξαι, aor. I med. imperat. of λέγο-
 μαι, to lie down.

λεοντέη contr. λεοντή (sub. δορά), ἡ, a lion's skin, properly fem. of λεόντειος

λεόντειος, α, ον, (λέων) of a lion: lion-like.

λεοντό-διφρος, ον, (λέων, δίφρος) in chariot drawn by lions

λεοντο-κέφαλος, ον, (λέων, κεφαλή) lion-headed.

λεοντό-πους, ο, ἡ, πουν, τό, (λέων, ποῦς) lion-footed.

λεοντο-φόνος, ον, (λέων, φένω) lion-killing.

λεοντο-φόρος, ον, (λέων, φέρω) lion-bearing.

λεοντο-φύης, ἐς, (λέων, φύη) of lion nature.

λεοντο-χλαῖνος, ον, (λέων, χλαῖνα) clad in lion's skin.

ΛΕΥΠΑΔΟΝ. τό, a broad leather strap or band, fastening the yoke round the neck, and passing between the fore legs to join the girth (μασχαλιστήρ).

λεπασός, α, ον, (λέπας) of a scur or crag: craggy.

λεπ-αργος, ον, (λέπος, ἀργός) with white skin or feathers.

λέπας, τό, (λέπω) a bare rock, scur, crag.

λεπάς, ἄδος, ἡ, a limpet, Lat. patella, from its clinging to the rock (λέπας).

λεπαστή, ἡ, (λέπας) a limpet-shaped drinking-cup.

λεπιδόρμαι, Pass. (λεπίς) to be covered with scales. Hence

λεπιδωτός, ἡ, ὅν, scaly, covered with scales; λεπιδωτός ὠνὴρ scale-armour. II. Subst. a fish with large scales.

λεπίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (λέπας) a scale, bush, shell.

λέπρα Ion. λέπρη, ἡ, (λέπρος) the leprosy.

λεπράς, ἄδος, ἡ, poet. fem. of λεπρός, rough.

λεπρός, α, ὅν, (λέπος) scaly, rough: leprous, mangy.

λεπτακύνος, ἡ, ὅν, poet. for λεπταλέος.

λεπτάλεος, α, ον, (λεπτός) fine, slender, delicate.

λεπτο-επί-λεπτος, ον, thin upon thin, thin as can be.

λεπτό-γειος, ον, Att. λεπτό-γεως, ον, (λέπτος, γαῖα, γῆ) of a thin or poor soil

λεπτο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (λεπτός, γνώμη) subtle in mind

λεπτό-γραμμος, ον, (λέπτος, γραμμή) drawn fine.

λεπτό-γραφος, ον, (λέπτος, γράφω) written fine.

λεπτό-δομος, ον, (λέπτος, δέμα) slightly built: slight.

λεπτολογέω, i. ἤσω, to speak subtly, to ebor logic, quibble: so too λεπτολογέομαι, as Dep. From

λεπτο-λόγος, ον, (λεπτός, λέγω) speaking subtly, subtly, quibbling.

λεπτό-μίτος, ον, (λέπτος, μίτος) of fine threads

λεπτόν (sub. νόμισμα), τό, a very small coin, about a fourth of a farthing, a mite.

λεπτός, ἡ, ὅν, (λέπω) peeled, cleaned of the husks: —hence, generally, thin, fine, slender, delicate: in bad sense, thin, lean, meagre. II. strait, narrow.

III. slight, small, insignificant: τὰ λεπτά τῶν προβάτων small cattle, i.e. sheep and goats; λεπτά πλοῖα small craft: of sound, light, slight. IV. metaph. fine, subtle, refined ingenious: of the voice, fine, delicate.

λεπτοσύνη, ἡ, —λεπτότης.

λεπτότης, ἡτος, ἡ, (λεπτός) thinness, fineness, slightness, leanness. II. metaph. subtlety.

λεπτοουργέω, f. ἤσω, (λεπτοουργός) to do fine work: hence to refine, contrive, deal subtly, quibble.

λεπτο-ουργός, ἐς, (λεπτός, ἔργον) finely worked.

λεπτο-ουργός, ὅν, (λεπτός, ἔργον) producing fine work.

λεπτο-ὑφής, ἐς, (λεπτός, ὑφανώ) finely woven. [V]

λεπτο-ψάματος, ον, (λεπτός, ψάματος) with fine sand

λεπτύνω, f. νῶ, (λεπτός) to make thin: to thin, beat out: —Pass. to grow lean.

Κεῖτός, Adv. of λεπτός, slightly: subtly

λεπτόριον, τό, Dim. a small bush, thin rind. From

λεπτόριον, τό, (λέπος) a shell, bush, rind.

ΛΕΠΩ, fut. ψω: aor. i. ἐλεψα—to strip off the bark or rind, to peel or bark.

Λέρνα, ἡ, Lerna, a marsh in Argolis, the abode of the Hydra: —hence Λερναῖος, α, ον, Lernaean.

Λεσβιάζω, to imitate the Lesbian women. From

Λεσβιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (Λέσβος) a Lesbian woman.

Λεσβίζω, —λεσβιάζω.

Λέσβιος, α, ον, (Λέσβος) Lesbian of Lesbos.

Λεσβόθεν, Adv. from Lesbos. From

Λέσβος, ἡ, Lesbos, a large island on the coast of Asia Minor.

λεσχάζω, (λέσχη) to chatter, gossip.

λέσχη, ἡ, (λέγω) a place where people resorted to talk and hear the news, a lounge, place of public resort: also a council-hall. II. talking, gossip

in good sense, conversation, discussion, debate; πρὸς ἐμὴν λέσχην to conversation with me. Hence

λεσχηνεύω, f. σω, to chat or converse with.

λευγάλεος, α, ον, (akin to λυγρός) in sorry plight, wretched, pitiful, melancholy, dismal.

Λευίτης, ον, δ, one of the tribe of Levi (Λευί), a Levite. [I] Hence

Λευιτικός, ἡ, ὅν, Levitical.

λευκαίνω, (λευκός) to whiten, bleach, bleach. 2. to make bright or light.

λευκάν, Dor. for λευκάν, gen. pl. of λευκός.

λευκάναι, aor. i inf. of λευκαίνω.

λευκ-ανθής, ἐς, (λευκός, ἄνθος) white-blossoming white, blanched, pale; λευκανθὲς κάρα a white head.

λευκ-ανθίζω, (λευκός, ἄνθος) to have white blossoms: generally, to be white.

λευκάς, ἄδος, poet. fem. of λευκός, white, chalky: hence the promontory of Epirus was called Λευκάς

λευκάς, Dor. gen. fem. of λευκός.

λευκ-ασπις, ἴδος, δ, ἡ, (λευκός, ἀσπίς) white-shielded.

λευκή, ἡ, (λευκός) the white leprosy. II. the white poplar, Lat. populus alba, used for chaplets.

λευκ-ἡρπυμιός, ον, (λευκός, ἥρως) with white or foaming oars.

λευκ-ἡρης, es, (λευκός, ἀραιή) white, blanched.

Λευκιππίδες, αἱ, daughters of Leucippus, nymphs worshipped at Sparta.

Λεύκιππος, ον, (λευκός, ἵππος) riding or driving white horses: famous for white horses.

λευκίτης [τ], ου, δ, —λευκός.
 Λευκο-θεά, ἡ, (λευκή, θεά) *the white goddess*; the name by which Ino was worshipped as a propitious sea-goddess.
 Λευκο-θρίξ, τρίχος, δ, ἡ, (λευκός, θρίξ) *white-haired*.
 Λευκο-θώραξ, ἄκος, δ, ἡ, (λευκός, θώραξ) *with white cuirass*.
 Λευκό-ϊον, τό, (λευκός, ἵον) *the stock or wall-flower*.
 Λευκο-κύμα, ον, γεν. ονου, (λευκός, κύμα) *white with waves, surfy*. [v]
 Λευκό-λινον, τό, (λευκόν, λινόν) *white flax for ropes and rigging, used by the Phoenicians*.
 Λευκο-λόφος, ου, δ, and Λευκό-λοφος, ον, (λευκός, λόφος) *white-created*:—Λευκόλοφος, τό, *a white bill*.
 Λευκο-όπωρος, ον, (λευκός, ὀπώρα) *with white autumn fruits*.
 Λευκο-πάρειος Ιον. —πάρηος, ον, (λευκός, παρεία) *fair-cheeked*.
 Λευκό-πέπλος, ον, (λευκός, πέπλος) *white-robed*.
 Λευκό-πηνυς, υ, γεν. εως, (λευκός, πήνυς) *white-armed*.
 Λευκο-πληθής, ἐς, (λευκός, πληθός) *filled with white or with persons in white*.
 Λευκό-πους, δ, ἡ, πουν, τό, γεν. ποδος, (λευκός, ποίς) *white-footed*: *barefooted*.
 Λευκο-πρεπής, ἐς, (λευκός, πρέπω) *white-looking*.
 Λευκό-πτερος, ον, (λευκός, πτερόν) *white-winged*.
 Λευκό-πῶλος, ον, (λευκός, πῶλος) *with white horses*: *riding a white horse*.
 ΛΕΥΚΟΣ, ἡ, ον, *light, bright, brilliant, clear*: of water, bright. II. *white, gray, hoary*: of the skin, *white, fair*, but also, *blanched, pale, wan*. 2. *λευκός χρυσός, pale* (i. e. alloyed) *gold*, opp. to ἀμφέθος or refined. 3. *metaph. fair, happy, joyful, good*. 4. of sound, *clear*, like λαμπρός.
 Λευκο-στεφής, ἐς, (λευκός, στέφω) *white-uncrowned*.
 Λευκό-στικτός, ον, (λευκός, στίζω) *speckled with white, grizzled*.
 Λευκό-σφύρος, ον, (λευκός, σφυρόν) *white-ankled*.
 Λευκό-τροφος, ον, (λευκός, τρέφω) *white-growing*.
 Λευκο-φάής, ἐς, (λευκός, φάος) *white-gleaming*.
 Λευκο-φόρος, ον, (λευκός, φέρω) *white-robed*.
 Λεύκ-οφρυς, υ, (λευκός, ὄφρυς) *white-browed*.
 Λευκο-χίτων, ανος, δ, ἡ, (λευκός, χιτών) *white-roated*. [τ]
 Λευκό-χρως, ον, contr. —χρως, ουν, (λευκός, χρώα) *white-coloured*: heterocl. acc. Λευκόχρως.
 Λευκό-χρως, οτος, δ, ἡ, (λευκός, χρώα) *white-skinned*.
 Λευκός, ι, ὄσω, (λευκός) *to whiten*: *to paint white*: —Med., *λευκοῦσθαι ὄπλα* *to whiten their shields*. II. *λευκοῦν πόδα* *to bare the foot*.
 Λευκο-ώλεος, ον, (λευκός, ὠλήνη) *white-armed*.
 Λεύκωμα, τό, (λευκός, λεύκω) *anything whitened*: *a white tablet for public notices*, Lat. *album*.
 Λευρός, ὁ, ον, (λεῖος) *smooth, level, even*. II. *smooth, polished*.
 *ΛΕΥΣ, δ, —λάας, *a stone*: hence
 Λεύσιμος, ον, *stoning*; *λεύσιμος θάνατος* *death by*

stoning; *λεύσιμοι ὄρα* *curse that will end in stoning*: *λεύσιμος δίκη* *the penalty of death by stoning*.
 Λευσιμός, οὐ, δ, (λεύς, λείω) *a stoning*.
 Λεύσσω, fut. λεύσω (only in late authors), *to look or gaze upon, see, behold*. 2. *absol. to look*; *ὁ μὴ λεύσσαν*, *he that sees not*, i. e. one that is dead.
 Λευστήρ, ἦρος, δ, (λεύς, λεύω) *one who stones or deserves stoning*:—as Adj., *λευστ.ρ μόρος* *death by stoning*.
 Λεύω, ι, σω, aor. τ pass. ἐλεύσθην; (λεύς):—*to stone*.
 Λεχε-ποίη, ἡ, (λέχος, ποία) *with grassy couch, grassy, meadowy*.
 Λεχ-ήρης, ἐς, (λέχος, ἀραεῖν) *bed-ridden*.
 Λεχθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of λέγω.
 Λέχος, εος, τό, (λέγω ι) *a couch, bed*. 2. *a bier*. II. *the marriage-bed*: *a marriage*. Hence
 Λέχοσδε, Adv. *to bed*.
 Λέχρο-ος, α, ον, *slanting crosswise, oblique*. From
 ΔΕΧΡΙΣ, Adv. *slanting, crosswise, askew*.
 Λεχώ, ὅς contr. οὐς, ἡ, (λέχος) *a woman in child-bed*.
 Λεχώτις, ον, (λεχός) *of, belonging to child-bed*.
 Λεω-κόριον, τό, (Λεώς, κόρα) *the temple of the daughters of Leos*.
 ΛΕΩΝ, οντος, δ, Ep. dat. pl. λείουσι, Lat. LEO, *a lion*: *metaph. of Artemis*, Ζεύς σε λείοντα γυναιξὶ ἤκε Zeus made thee a lion toward women, i. e. their destroyer.
 Λεωργός, ὄν, (Adv. λέως, ἔργον) *all-daring, audacious*: as Subst., *λεωργός, δ, a knave, villain*.
 Λεώς, ὦ, δ, Att. for λαός, nom. pl. λεῶ, *people*: ἀκούετε λεῶν hear O people, the beginning of Athenian proclamations.
 Λεώς, Adv., Ion. for λῆαν, *entirely, wholly*.
 Λεω-σφέτερος, ον, (λεώς, σφέτερος) only in Hdt. 9. 33, *λεωσφέτερον ἀποήσαντο* *Τισαμένους* they made him one of their own people.
 Λεω-φόρος, ον, (λεώς, φέρω) *bearing people, frequented*: *λεωφόρος* (sub. ὁδός), ἡ, *a thoroughfare*.
 Λῆ, 3 sing. of *λάω, λῶ.
 Ληγέμεναι, ληγμέν, Ep. inf. of λήγω.
 ΛΗΤΟ, ι, ξω, to LAY, *allay, abate, like παύω*: c. gen., *λήγειν χεῖρας φόνοιο* *to stay one's hands from murder*. II. *more freq. intr., to leave off, or cease from*, *λήγειν ἔριδος* *to cease from strife*; c. part., *λήγων ἐναρίζων* *I cease slaying*:—also *absol. to cease, make an end*.
 Λῆδανον, τό, (λήδον) *gum ladanum, gum mastich*.
 ληδάριον, τό, Dim. of λῆδος, *a light dress*. [α]
 ΛΗΔΟΝ, τό, *the mastich, a shrub on the leaves of which the gum λῆδανον is found*.
 λῆδος, εος, τό, (λεῖος) *a thin cloth, light dress*.
 ληῖομαι, Att. for ληίζομαι.
 λήθαιος or ληθαῖος, α, ον, (λήθη) *of or for forgetfulness, oblivious*. II. *of or from Leibe, Letsean*.
 ληθάνω, Causal of λανθάνω: see λανθάνω II.
 ληθαργικός, ἡ, ον, *drowsy, slothful*. From
 ληθαργος, ον, (λήθη) *forgetting*, c. gen.: *absol. forgetful, lethargic*.

ληθεδανός, ἡ, ὄν, (ληθάνω) *causing forgetfulness*.
 ληθεδών, ὄνος, ἡ, ποῖτ. for λήθη.
 λήθη Dor. λάθα, ἡ, (λήθομαι) *a forgetting, forgetfulness, Lat. obliuio*. II. *Leibé, the river of oblivion* in the lower world.

λήθος, τό, Dor. λάθος, = λήθη.
 ΛΗΘΩ, λήθομαι, older form of λάνθανω, λανθάνωμαι, whence the tenses are formed; see λανθάνω.
 λη-άνειρα, ἡ, (ληΐς, ἄνθρωπος) *making prey of men*.
 ληΐδας, ἄδρος, ποῖτ. fem. of ληΐδιος, *captiue*.
 λη-βοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, fem. ληΐ-βότειρα, (λήϊον, βόσκω) *crook-devouring*.

ληΐδιος, α, ὄν, (ληΐς) *taken as booty, captiue*.
 ληΐζομαι Att. λήζομαι: fut. ληίσομαι Ep. ληίσσομαι: aor. I ἐληίσαμην Att. ἐλρσάμην, Ep. 3 sing. ληίσασατο:—Pass., pf. ἐλέλθην: Dep.: (ληΐς):—*to seize as booty, make spoil of; generally, to get or gain by force*. II. *to plunder, ravage a country*. III. pf. ἐλελθσμαι occurs in pass. signif., *to be spoiled, taken as booty*.

ληΐη, Ion. for λεία.
 ληϊ-νόμος, ὄν, (λήϊον, νέμω) *dwelling among the corn-fields*.

ΛΗΪΟΝ, τό, a *crook, crook of corn*: later, a *corn-field*.
 ληΐς, ἴδος, ἡ, Ion. for λεία, *booty, spoil*. a. a *herd or flock, cattle*.

ληΐσαστο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of ληΐζομαι.
 ληιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ληΐζομαι) Ep. for Att. ληιστής.
 ληιστής, οὐ, ὁ, Ion. for ληιστής.
 ληιστωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, = ληιστήρ.
 ληιστός or λειστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ληΐζομαι) *carried off as booty, to be won by force*.

ληιστός, ὄρος, ἡ, (ληΐζομαι) *plundering, spoiling*.
 ληΐτης, ἴδος, ἡ, (ληΐς) *she who makes or dispenses booty*, epith. of Athena.

λήϊτον [Υ], τό, Achaian name for the Athen. πρυτανεΐον, the *town-hall*. Properly, neut. of λήϊτος.

λήϊτος, ἡ, ὄν, (λεώς, λαός) *of the people, public*.
 ΛΗΚΕΪΝ Dor. Λακείω, *to sound*, = λάσκω. Hence ληκίνδα, Adv. *sounding; παύειν λ. to beat time*.

ληκύδιον, τό, Dim. of λήκυθος, a *small oil-flask*.
 ΛΗΚΥΘΟΣ, ἡ, an *oil-flask, oil-bottle: a casket*. [Υ]

λήμα, τό, (*λάω, λῶ) *wish, will, purpose: in good sense, spirit, courage*; in bad sense, *pride, arrogance*.
 λημαλέος, α, ὄν, (λήμη) *bleared, purblind, of the eyes*, Lat. *lippus*.

ληματιάω, (λήμα) *to be spirited or resolute*.
 λημαίω, (λήμη) *to be bleared: to be purblind*.

ΛΗΜΗ, ἡ, Lat. *gramia*, a *bumour that gathers in the eye, rheum*: αἱ λήμα, *sore eyes*.

λήμμα, τό, (εἰλημμαι) *anything received, income, receipts: gain, profit, Lat. lucrum*.

Λήμνιος, α, ὄν, of Lemnos, Lemnian. From Δήμνος, ἡ, Lemnos, an island in the north Aegean sea, sacred to Vulcan, because of its volcanic fires.

Ληναϊκός, ἡ, ὄν, (Ληναία) *belonging to the Ληναία*.
 ληναῖος, α, ὄν, (ληνός) *belonging to the wine-press*: 1. Ληναῖος, Lat. *Lenaeus*, epith. of Bacchus

as *god of the wine-press*. 2. Ληναία (sub. ἱερὰ), τὰ, the *Lenaea*, an Athenian festival held in the month Ληναίων in honour of Bacchus, at which there were dramatic contests, esp. of the Comic poets. 3. Ληναῖον, τό, the *Lenaeum*, or place at Athens where the *Lenaea* were held.

Ληναΐτης, ὄν, ὁ, = Ληναϊκός.

Ληναίων, ὄνος, ὁ, old name of the Att. month Γαμηλιών in which the Athenian *Lenaea* were held, the latter part of Jan. and former of Feb.: the seventh month of the Attic year.

ΛΗΝΟΣ Dor. λῆνός, οὐ, ἡ ὁ δ, a *trough*, Lat. *alveus*: 1. a *wine-vat*. 2. a *trough for watering cattle*. 3. a *kneding-trough*.

ΛΗΝΟΣ Dor. λῆνος, εως, τό, Lat. *LANA*, *wool*.

λήξαιμι, aor. I opt. of λήγω.

λήξις, εως, ἡ, (λήγω) *a cessation, end*.

λήξις, εως, ἡ, (λήζομαι) *appointment by lot, allotment*. II. as law-term, a *written complaint lodged with the archons, a plea or accusation*. 2. λήξις τοῦ κλήρου *an application for one's lawful inheritance*.

λήζομαι, fut. of λαγχάνω.

ληός, rare Ion. form for λαός.

ληπτίος, α, ὄν, verb. Adj. of λαμβάνω, *to be taken*. II. neut. ληπτέον, *one must take bold: one must take or accept*.

ληπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of λαμβάνω, *to be taken or comprehended*.

ληρῶ, f. ἦσα, (λήρος) *to be foolish or silly, behave foolishly: ληρεῖ ἔχειν he keeps on acting foolishly*.

ΛΗΡΟΣ, ὁ, *idle talk: frivolousness, nonsense*.

ληρός, οὐ, ὁ, a *small trinket*, Lat. *leria*.

λης, 2. sing. of *λάω, λῶ.

λησίμ-βροτος, ὄν, (λήθω, βροτός) *taking men unawares, a cheat*.

λησμοσύνη, ἡ, *forgetfulness*. From

λήσμων, ὄν, gen. ὄνος, (λήθω) *forgetting, unmindful*.

λήσομαι, fut. med. of λανθάνω.

ληστεία, ἡ, (ληστεύω) *a course of plundering, robbery, piracy*, Lat. *latrocinium*.

ληστεύω, f. σω, (ληστής) *to be a robber or pirate*. c. acc. *to plunder, sack*.

ληστήριον, τό, a *band of robbers*. From ληστής Ion. ληϊστής, οὐ, ὁ, (λήζομαι) *a robber, plunderer: esp. a pirate*.

ληστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ληστής) *inclined to rob, piratical: τὸ ληστικόν piracy*. Adv. -κῶς, *in the manner of pirates*: Comp. ληστικώτερον *more after the manner of pirates*.

λήστω, ἡ, (λήθω) *a forgetting*.

ληστο-κτόνος, ὄν, (ληστής, κτείνω) *slaying robbers*.

ληστροικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ληστικός, *piratical: τὸ ληστροικόν a pirate-vessel*.

ληστρίς, ἴδος, pecul. fem. of ληστροικός.

λήσω, fut. of λανθάνω.

Λητο-γενής, ἡ, Dor. Λατ-, (Λητώ, *γένω) *born of Leto, of Apollo and Diana: fem. Λητογένεια, of Diana*.

Ἀητοΐδης Dor. Ἀητᾶ·ον, ὁ, (Ἀητώ) son of Leto, of Apollo. [Y]

Ἀητώ, dos contr. οὐς, ἡ, Leto, Lat. Latona, mother of Apollo and Diana; gen. Ἀητοῦς, dat. Ἀητοῖ, acc. Ἀητώ, voc. Ἀητοῖ.

Ἀητῶς Dor. Ἀητᾶ-, α, ον, (Ἀητώ) of or born of Latona: fem. also Ἀητωίς, ἴδος.

ληφθεῖς, aor. 1 pass. part. of λαμβάνω.
λήψης, ἡ, (λήψομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω) a taking, seizing.
α. an accepting, receiving.

λήψομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω.

ΛΙ-, insep. Prefix with intens. force, cf. λα-, λαι-.
ΛΙ·Α·ΖΟΜΑΙ, aor. I ἐλίσσθην: Pass.:—to bend sideways, *incurve, withdraw*: of the waves, to retire, recede: to vanish, of a visitor II. to bend downwards, slip down, fall; part. λισσθεῖς *baving fallen*; πτερὰ πυκνὰ λισσέν the thick wings drooped.

λίαν Ion. λίην, Adv. (λί-) too much, over-much, like the later ἄγαν, Lat. nimis. II. very much, exceeding, right well. [ε both long and short.]

λίῆρος, ὁ, ὄν, = χλιαρός, warm, lukewarm: generally, soft, mild.

λίσσθεις, aor. I part. pass. of λιάζομαι.

λίσσθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of λιάζομαι.

λίθβας, f. σω, (λίβας) to let fall in drops:—Med. to run out in drops, trickle

λίβανος, ὁ, the frankincense-tree, producing λιβανωτός. II. = λιβανωτός, frankincense.

λιβάνο-φόρος, ον, = λιβανωτοφόρος.

λιβανωτός, οὐ, ὁ, (λίβανος) frankincense, the gum of the tree λιβανος. II. a censer.

λιβανωτο-φόρος, ον, (λιβανωτός, φέρω) bearing frankincense.

λίθας, ἄδος, ἡ, (λείβω) anything that drops or trickles: a spring, fount or stream: in pl. water; δακρύων λιθάδες streams of tears.

λιβερτίνος, ὁ, the Lat. *libertinus*, and λιβερτος, υ, the Lat. *libertus*, a freedman.

λίβος, τό, = λίβας, tears: but λιβος, gen. of λίψ.

λιβρός, ὁ, ὄν, (λείβω) dripping, wet.

Λιβύη, ἡ, Libya, the north part of Africa, west of Egypt, first mentioned in the Odyssey.

Λίβυς, ὅς, ὁ, fem. Λίβυσσα, (Λιβύη) a Libyan: also as Adj. *Libyan*. Hence

Λιβυστικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for Libya, African.

ΛΙΤΑ·, Adv. of λιγύς, as ἄκα of ἄκως, loudly, clearly, *brillingly, shrilly*. [Y]

λίγαλιν, (λιγύς) to cry out with clear loud voice: to shriek, scream: also to sound, play, sing

λίγγω, (λιγύς) only found in Ep. aor. I, λίγξε βίος the bowstring twanged.

λιγδην, Adv. (λίω) scraping, grazing, Lat. *strictim*.

λιγεῶν, poet. for λιγείων, gen. pl. fem. of λιγύς.

Λιγέως, Adv. of λιγύς, loudly, clearly, *shrilly*.

ΛΙΓΝΥ·Σ, ὅς, ἡ, smoke mixed with flame, murky fumes.

λίγξ·, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I of λιγγώ.

λιγυ-χήξ, ἔς, (λιγύς, ἤχη) clear-sounding.

λίγυ-υρρος, ον, contr. -θρους, ον, (λιγύς, θρός) clear-singing.

λίγυ-μολπος, ον, (λιγύς, μολπή) clear-sung.

λίγυ-μῦθος, ον, (λιγύς, μῦθος) clear-speaking.

λίγυ-πνείων, οντος, (λιγύς, πνέω) *sbrill-blowing, whistling, rustling*.

λίγυ-πνοιος, ον, (λιγύς, πνοή) — *λιγυπνείων*.

λίγυ-πτερύγος, ον, (λιγύς, .τέρυξ) *chirping with the wings*, of the cicada.

λιγυρῖω, f. σω, (λιγυρίς) to sting loud or clear.

λιγυρός, ὁ, ὄν, (λιγύς) *sbrill, sbrarp, piercing*, of sound: also clear, sweet clear-toned II. later, pliant, flexible.

λιγυρός, Adv. *loudly, clearly*.

ΛΙΓΥ·Σ, λιγεία, λιγρό, of sound, clear, sbrarp, piercing, *sbrill: also clear-toned, sweet*: also of grief, clamorous: and of the nightingale, *thrilling*. [Y]

Λίγυς, υος, ὁ, ἡ, a *Ligurian*, one who lived in Liguria (north of Genoa).

λιγύ-φθογγος, ον, (λιγύς, φθογγή) clear-voiced, clear-toned.

λιγύ-φωνος, ον, (λιγύς, φωνή) clear-voiced, screaming.

ΛΙΥΩ, f. ξω, (akin to λείχω) to graze, scratch, wound slightly: hence λιγδην and επι-λιγδην.

λίην, Adv., Ion. for λίαν.

λιθάζω, f. σω, (λίθος) to throw stones. 2. to stone.

λίθαξ, ακος, ὁ, ἡ, (λίθος) stony, rocky. II. as Subst. λίθαξ, ἡ, a stone.

λίθας, ἄδος, ὁ, (λίθος) a stone: collectively, a shower of stones.

λίθεος, α, ον, (λίθος) made of stone, stony.

λίθη-λογής, ἔς, (λίθος, λέγω II) built of stones.

λίθιδιον, τό, Dim. of λίθος, a small stone, pebble.

λίθινος, η, ον, (λίθος) made of stone, stony. Adv. —ως, like stone, with stony look.

λίθο-βλητος, ον, (λίθος, βάλλω) stone-throwing, pelting.

II. set with stones.

λίθοβολέω, f. ἤσω, to pelt with stones, stone. From λίθο-βόλος, ον, (βαλεῖν) throwing stones, pelting with stones; οἱ λίθοβόλοι stone-throwers, slingers. II.

λίθόβολος, ον, pass. struck with stones, stoned.

λίθο-γλύφος, ον, (λίθος, γλύφω) carving stone: as Subst., λιθογλύφος, ὁ, a sculptor. [Y]

λίθο-δερκής, ἔς, (λίθος, δέркоμαι) with stony look, looking one to stone.

λίθο-δεμτος, ον, (λίθος, δέμω) stone-built.

λίθο-δόμος, ον, (λίθος, δέμω) building with stone: as Subst., λιθοδόμος, ὁ, a mason.

λίθο-εργός, ὄν, (λίθος, *έργω) turning to stone. \

λίθο-κόλλητος, ον, (λίθος, κολλάω) wrought with stone, inlaid with precious stones: hard as stone.

λίθο-κτονία, ἡ, (λίθος, κτείνω) death by stoning.

λίθό-λευστος, ον, ὁ, (λίθος, λένω) stoned with stones;

λιθόλευστος Ἀρη death by stoning.

λίθολόγημα, ατος, τό, a stone building. From

λίθο-λόγος, ον, (λίθος, λέγω II) picking out stones and laying them together not shaped or hewn; cf

λογαυρον;—as Subst., λιθολόγος, ὁ, α mason, = λιθο-
δεσμός.

Λιθο-ξόος, ον, (λίθος, ξίω) polishing stone: as Subst.,
λιθόξοος, ὁ, α marble-mason.

Λιθο-ποιός, ὄν, (λίθος, ποίω) turning to stone.

Λιθόρ-πινος, ον, (λίθος, ρινός) with stony skin.

ΛΙΘΟΣ [ῥ], ον, ὁ, α stone: of stupid people, λίθοι,
blocks, stones: proverb., λίθον ἔπειν to boil a stone,
i.e. to lose one's labour.

2. stone as a sub-
stance. II. λίθος, ῥ, mostly of some special stone,
as marble or the magnet; ῥ διαφανής λίθος a trans-
parent crystal used for a burning-glass. III. at
Athens, λίθος was a name for various blocks of stone
used for rostra or pulpit, to speak from; as the
Bema of the Pryx.

IV. the piece on a draught-
board.

Λιθο-σπαδής, ἐς, (λίθος, σπα) rent in the stone,
made by tearing out a piece of rock.

Λιθο-στρωτός, ον, (λίθος, στρώννυμι) paved with
stones, inlaid with stones: as Subst., λιθόστρωτον, τό,
a tessellated pavement.

Λιθοτομία, ῥ, α cutting or quarrying of stones: a
stone-quarry. From

Λιθο-τόμος, ον, (λίθος, τέμνω) cutting stone.

Λιθουργός, ῥ, ἡσω, to work in stone: turn into stone.

Λιθ-ουργός, ὄν, (λίθος, ἔργω) working in stone: as
Subst., λιθουργός, ὁ, α stone-mason, also a sculptor:
hence, σιδήρια λιθουργά α stone-mason's tools.

Λιθοφόρεω, ῥ, ἡσω, to carry stones. From

Λιθο-φόρος, ον, (λίθος, φέρω) carrying stones.

Λιθ-ώδης, ἐς, contr. for λιθωειδής, (λίθος, εἶδος) like
stone, stony.

Λικμαίος, α, ον, of or for winnowing. From
λικμάω, ῥ, ἡσω, (λικμός) to winnow corn.

2. *instaph.* to scatter like chaff. Hence.

Λικμητήρ, ῥος, ὁ, α winnower of corn

λικμητός, ὁ, (λικμάω) α winnowing.

ΛΙΚΜΟΣ Σ, οὐ, ὁ, = λίκνον.

ΛΙΚΝΟΝ, τό, α wicker fan or basket for throwing
the corn against the wind, so as to separate the chaff
from the grain, α winnowing-fan. II. α fan-
shaped basket, used at the feast of Bacchus, called by
Virg. mystica vannus Iacchi.

III. α cradle of
wicker-work.

Λικνο-φόρος, ον, (λίκνον, φέρω) carrying the sacred
winnowing-fan in procession.

Λικριφίς, Adv. crosswise, sideways, askew. (From
λέχρην, λέχριος.)

Λιλαίσμα, (λι-, λελήμαι) Dep. to long, crave; of
a lange, λελαισμένη χροὺς ασια longing to taste flesh:
α gen. to long or thirst for a thing.

Λιπᾶναι, (λιμός) to hunger, be starved, famished.

Λιμένεσσιν Ep. for λιμένιν, Dat. pl. of λιμήν.

Λιμενίτης [ῥ], ον, ὁ, fem. -ῆτις, ἰδος, (λιμήν) of the
harbour: presiding over the harbour.

Λιμεν-ορμήτης [ῥ], ον, ὁ, (λιμήν, ὀρμήω) stationed
in the harbour.

ΛΙΜΗΝ, ἑνός, ὁ, α harbour, haven. 2. metaph.

α haven, retreat, refuge. 3. α gathering-place, re-
ception.

Λιμηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (λιμός) hungry, starved, famished.

Λίμναι, αἱ, (λίμνη) α quarter of Athens near the

Acropolis, in which stood the Lenaean.

Λιμναίος, α, ον, (λίμνη) marshy, of or from the
mere, ὀρνίθες λιμναῖοι water-fowl: stagnant.

Λιμνάς, ἄδος, ῥ, poet. fem. of λιμναῖος

Λιμνάτης [ῥ], fem. -ῆτις, Dor. for λιμνήτης, -ῆτις.

Λίμνη, ῥ, (λείβω) α large pool of standing water:
α lake, mere, esp. α marshy lake. 2. in Homer, the
sea. 3. α basin or artificial reservoir for water.

Λιμνήτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ῆτις Dor. -ῆτις, ἰδος, (λίμνη)
living or growing in marshes.

Λιμνο-φύης, ἐς, (λίμνη, φύω) marsh-born.

Λιμν-ώδης, ἐς, (λίμνη, εἶδος) like α marsh, marshy.

Λιμο-θνής, ῥτος, ὁ, ῥ, (λιμός, θνήσκω) dying of
hunger.

ΛΙΜΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, also ῥ, hunger, famine.

Λιμο-φορεύς, ὁ, (λιμός, φέρω) α bringer of hunger,

λίμωδης, ἐς, (λιμός, εἶδος) like hunger, famished.

Λιμώσω Att. -ττω, (λιμός) to be famished.

Λίνεος, α, ον, contr. -οῦς, ῥ, οὖν, (λίνον) of flax,
flaxen, linen, Lat. lineus.

Λινευτής, οὐ, ὁ, (λίνον) α bunter with nets.

Λινό-δεσμος, ον, (λίνον, δεσμός) = λινόδετος.

Λινό-δετος, ον, (λίνον, δέω) bound with flaxen bonds
or bands 2. tied by a thread.

Λινο-θήρας, ον, ὁ, (λίνον, θηράω) α bunter with nets.

Λινο-θήρῃς, ῥκος, ὁ, ῥ, Ion. for λινωθάρῃς, (λίνον,
θάρα) wearing α linen cuirass.

Λινό-κλωστος, ον, (λίνον, κλώω) spinning flax.

Λινό-κροκος, ον, (λίνον, κρέκω) flax-woven.

ΛΙΝΟΝ, τό, anything made of flax: α flaxen cord:
metaph. the thread spun by the Fates. 2. α net,
fishing-net. 3. linen, linen cloth: in pl. sail-cloth;
linen garments. 4. the wick of a lamp. II. the
plant that produces flax, lint, Lat. linum; λίνον σπέρμα
lint-seed. [ῥ]

Λινό-πέπλος, ον, (λίνον, πέπλος) with linen robe.

Λινό-πόρος, ον, (λίνον, πορεύω) sail-wafting.

Λινοπτάσμαι, Dep. (λινόπτης) to watch the nets.

Λινό-πτερος, ον, (λινόν, πτερόν) sail-winged.

Λινό-όπτης, ον, ὁ, (λίνον, ὄψομαι) one who wades
nets to see whether anything is caught.

Λινορ-ράφης, ἐς, (λίνον, ράπτω) sewed of flax; δόμος
λινορραφίς α ship having her sails of linen.

Λίνος, ον, ὁ, Linos, α minstrel, son of Apollo and
Urania. II. as appellat., Λίνος, ὁ, the song or lay
of Linos; in Homer sung by a boy while the vintage
is going on. Cf. αλίνον.

Λινοσ-τέσια, ῥ, α laying of nets. From

Λινο-στατέω, ῥ, ἡσω, (λίνον, ἵστημι) to lay nets.

Λινοῦς, ῥ, οὖν, contr. for λίνεος.

Λινο-φθόρος, ον, (λίνον, φθείρω) linen-washing.

Λίπα, τό, an old word used by Homer in the phrases
δαίψαι and δαίψασθαι λίπ' ἐλαίφ, probably used as
an Adv. unctuously, richly. (Cf. λίπος.) [ῥ]

λιπαίνω, f. ἀνῶ, (λίπας, λίπος) to oil, anoint: metaph. to make fat, enrich:—Med. to anoint oneself.
 λιπᾶρ-ἀμπυξ, ὄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπαρός, ἀμπυξ) with bright fillet or tiara.
 λιπᾶρέω, f. ἡσώ, to persist, bawl out, persevere: c. dat. to persist in a thing. II. to beg or pray earnestly, to be importunate, ask pertinaciously: c. inf., λιπαρεῖς τυχεῖν ἰθου art earnest to obtain. From ΛΙΠΑΡΗΨ, ἐς, persisting or persevering in a thing, earnest, pertinacious. II. earnest in praying, importunate.
 λιπαρητέον, verb. Adj. οἱ λιπαρέω, one must be importunate, beg hard.
 λιπαρία, ἡ, (λιπαρέω) perseverance, importunity.
 λιπαρό-ζωνος, ον, (λιπαρός, ζώνη) bright-girdled.
 λιπαρό-θρονος, ον, (λιπαρός, θρόνος) bright-throned.
 λιπαρό-κρήδεμνος, ον, (λιπαρός, κρήδεμνον) with bright head-band or fillet.
 λιπαρό-πλόκαμος, ον, (λιπαρός, πλόκαμος) with shining locks.
 λιπαρός, ὁ, ον, (λίπας or λίπος) oily, smearing, anointed with oil: later fat, greasy. II. of the skin, shining, sleek, in good case, Lat. nitidus: metaph. sleek, comfortable, easy. III. of things, bright, brilliant, costly: amble IV. of soil, fat, rich.
 λιπαρό-χρους, ον, contr. -χρους, ον, and -χρως, οτος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπαρός, χρῶς, χρώς) with sleek, shining body or skin.
 λιπαρώς, Adv. οἱ λιπαρός, sleekly, comfortably.
 λιπαρώς, Adv. of λιπαρός, earnestly, importunately.
 ΛΙΠΑΨ, aor. τό, = λίπος, fat, oil. [Υ]
 λιπ-αυγής, ἐς, (λιπεῖν, αὐγή) deserted by light, blind.
 λιπάω, (λίπας, λίπος) to be fat and sleek.
 λίπε, λίπεν, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of λείπω.
 λιπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of λείπω.
 λιπερνήτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ήτις, ἰδος, (λιπεῖν, φέρνῃ) without dowry, destitute.
 λιπό-γάμος, ον, (λιπεῖν, γάμος) leaving a wife or husband, adulterous: ἡ λιπογάμος the adulteress.
 λιπο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (λιπεῖν, γνώμων) of horses, without the tooth which marks their age: hence generally, of unknown age.
 λιπό-γυλος, ον, (λιπεῖν, γυῖον) wanting a limb, maimed.
 λιποῖσα, λιποῖσαν, Dor. for λιποῖσα, λιποῖσαν, aor. 2 part. of λείπω.
 λιπο-μήτηρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπεῖν, μήτηρ) without a mother, orphan.
 λιπό-ναυς Dor. also λιπό-ναῦς, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπεῖν, ναῦς) leaving the ship, deserting the fleet.
 λιπο-ναύτης, ον, ὁ, (λιπεῖν, ναύτης) leaving the sailors.
 λιπό-νεως, ον, = λιπόνους.
 λιπο-πάτρις, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπεῖν, πατρίς) causing to forget one's country.
 λιπο-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπεῖν, πατήρ) a deserter, forsaker of one's father.

λιπό-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνοος, ουν (λιπεῖν, πνοή) scant of breath, breathless, dead.
 ΛΙΠΟΣ, τό, grease, whether animal, as fat, lard, tallow: or vegetable, as oil: metaph., λίπος αἵματος a clot of blood.
 λιπο-σαρκής, ἐς, (λιπεῖν, σάρξ) wanting flesh, meagre.
 λιπο-στεφάνος, ον, (λιπεῖν, στέφανος) falling from the wreath.
 λιπο-στράτις, ἡ, and λιπο-στράτιον, τό, (λιπεῖν στρατιά) desertion of the army.
 λιπο-ταξία, ἡ, and λιπο-τάξιον, το, (λιπεῖν, τάξις) a leaving one's post, desertion.
 λιπο-τρίχης, ἐς, (λιπεῖν, τρίχ) scant of hair, bald.
 λιπο-ψυχέω, f. ἡσώ, (λιπεῖν, ψυχή) to be lifeless i. e. senseless, to faint, swoon: to die. II. to lack spirit
 λιπόω, Ep. παρ. of λιπάω.
 λιπτομαι, Dep. with pf. pass. λέλιμαι: (tormented from prefix λι-):—to be eager: c. gen. to be eager for, long for: in pf. part., λελιμένοι μάχης eager for battle.
 λιπών, οὔσα, ὅν, aor. 2 part. of λείπω.
 λῖς, ὁ, acc. λῖν, Ep. for λέων, a lion:—later nom. and dat. plur. λῖες, λῖεσι.
 λῖς, ἡ, Ep. apocoricate form for λισσῇ, smooth: λῖς πέτρῃ a bare, smooth rock.
 λίσαι, aor. 1 imperat. of λίσσομαι. [Υ]
 λίσσῃ, 2 sing. fut. of λίσσομαι. [Υ]
 λίσπος, ἡ, ον, (λίσσός, λείος) smooth, polished.
 λίσσαι, Ep. aor. 1 imperat. of λίσσομαι.
 λίσσός, ἰδος, pecul. fem. of λίσσός, smooth:—as Subst., λίσσός, ἡ, a smooth bare cliff: cf. λίσσός.
 λισσόκομος, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of λίσσομαι.
 ΛΙΣΣΟΜΑΙ, aor. 1 ἐλίσσάμην Ep. ἐλλισάμην: aor. 2 ἐλίστόμην, opt. λιστόμην, inf. λιτέσθαι: Dep.:—to beg, pray, intreat, beseech, either absol., or c. acc. pers.: c. inf., λίσσεσθαι μὴ προδοῦναι to pray one not to betray.
 λισσός, ἡ, ὅν, (λείος, λίσπος) smooth: λισσῇ πέτρῃ a smooth, bare cliff: cf. λισσά.
 λιστός, ἡ, ὅν, (λίσσομαι) to be moved by prayer.
 λιστρεῖν, f. σω, to dig, bore: φυτὸν λιστροῦν to dig round a plant. From
 λίστρον, τό, (λίσσός) a tool for levelling or smoothing, a shovel, spade, hoe.
 λίτα, τά, in Homer, smooth, plain clothes: v. sub λῖς π.
 λιταῖον, (λιτή) to pray, entreat: supplicate.
 λιτανεύομεν, Ep. for -ομεν, aor. 1 subj. of λιτανεύω.
 λιτάνεύω, f. σω:—the augm. tenses are used in Ep. with ἁλ. metri grat., impf. ἐλλιτάνεον, aor. 1 ἐλλιτάνευσαι (λιτή):—to pray, entreat, beseech, conjure, supplicate.
 λιτάνος, ἡ, ον, (λιτή) praying, suppliant: as Subst., λίτανα, τά, = λιταί, prayers.
 λιταργίζω, f. σω, to baste, run, hurry. From
 λιτ-αργος, ον, (λι-, αργός) running quick.
 λιτέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of λίσσομαι.

Λιτή, ἡ, (λίσσεται) *a prayer, entreaty, supplication.* II. Λιταί, *Prayers*, personified as goddesses, in II. 9. 502, sq.

Λιτοίμην, aor. 2 opt. of λίσσεται.

Λίτομαι [ῖ], rarer pres. for λίσσεται, *to pray.*

Λιτός, ἡ, ὄν, (λείος) *smooth, plain*, Lat. *simplex*.

Λιτός, ἡ, ὄν, (λίσσεται) *praying, supplicatory.*

Λίτρα, ας, ἡ, Lat. *libra*, *a pound*: as *a weight*, = 12 ounces. Hence

Λιτραῖος, α, ον, *worth a λίτρα.*

Λιτρὸν, τό, Att. for νίτρον.

Λιτύρσης, ον, ὁ, Dor. -σας, *Lityerses*, a son of Midas, from whom was named a song sung by reapers; cf. *Λίνος*, *Μανέρως*.

Λίτυον, τό, the Roman *lituus* or augur's rod.

Λίχάνος, ον, (λείχω) *licking*: as Subst., *λίχανος* (sub. *δάκτυλος*), ὁ, *the fore-finger.*

Λιχήν, ἦνος, ὁ, ν. sub *λειχήν.*

Λιχμάζω, f. *άσω*, (λείχω) *to lick.*

Λιχμάσμαι, Dep. (λείχω) *to lick, to play with the tongue*, esp. of snakes.

Λιχναία, ἡ, *daintiness, greediness.*

Λιχνο-βόρος, ον, (λίχνος, βορά) *nice in eating, dainty.*

Λίχνος, η, ον, (λείχω) *dainty, lickerish, greedy.* 2. *metaph. curious, eager.*

Λίψ, ὁ, gen. λίβος, (λείβω) *the SW. wind*, Lat. *Africus*.

Λίψ, ὁ, gen. λίβος, acc. λίβα, (λείβω) *any liquid poured forth, a drop, libation, drink-offering.*

λό, for λύε; see λούω.

Λοβός, οὔ, ὁ, (λέπω) *the lobe or lower part of the ear*—*the lobe of the liver.* 2. *a pool.*

Λογάδην, Adv. (λογάς) *picking out*, esp. of stones *picked out* for building, without being squared. [ᾶ]

Λογάς, ἄδος, ὁ and ἡ, (λέγω) *gathered: picked, chosen*, esp. of soldiers.

Λογάω, (λόγος, λέγω) *to be fond of talking.*

Λογέιον, τό, (λόγος) *a speaking-place*: in the Att. theatre the front of the stage occupied by the speakers or actors, Lat. *pulpitum*.

Λογία, ἡ, (λέγω) *a collection for the poor.*

Λογίδιον, τό, Dim. of λόγος, *a little fable.* [ῖ]

Λογίζομαι, f. *ισομαι* Att. *ιούμαι*: aor. I med. *ἐλογισάμην*, pass. *ἐλογίσθην*: pf. *λελόγισμαι*: Dep. (λόγος)—*to count, reckon, calculate, compute*; ἀπὸ χειρὸς *λογίζεσθαι* *to calculate off hand.* II. *to take into account, consider*: c. acc. *to count or consider* as so and so. 2. c. inf. *to count or reckon upon doing.* 3. *to calculate, reason*: also, *to conclude by reasoning, infer.* III. the pres., and the aor. I and pf. *ἐλογίσθην*, *λελόγισμαι*, are also used in pass. sense, *to be computed or calculated.*

Λογικός, ἡ, ὄν, (λόγος) *belonging to speech or speaking.* II. *belonging to the reason, rational.* 2. *fit for reasoning*: hence ἡ *λογική* (sub. *τέχνη*), *Logic.* Λόγιμος, η, ον, also ος, ον, (λόγος) *worth mention, remarkable, considerable.*

Λόγιον, τό, *a declaration, oracle*: neut. of λόγιος

Λόγιος, α, ον, (λόγος) *skilled in words*: I.

learned, esp. *learned in history*: as Subst., *λόγιος*, ὁ, *a writer of annals, chronicler, prose-writer*, as opp. to ποιητής. II. *eloquent.*

Λογισμός, ὁ, (λογίζομαι) *reckoning, computation.* II. *consideration, reasoning, reflexion*: *a conclusion.*

Λογιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (λογίζομαι) *a calculator, computer.* II. in pl. *auditors*: at Athens, a board of ten, to whom magistrates going out of office submitted their accounts.

Λογιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (λογιστής) *skilled in calculating.* II. *skilled in reasoning or arguing.*

Λογογράφία, ἡ, *prose-writing*, opp. to poetry. From

λογε-γράφος, ον, (λόγος, γράφω) *writing prose*: as Subst., *λογογράφος*, ὁ, *a chronicler, annalist.* II.

writing speeches, esp. for others to deliver.

Λογο-λέσχης, ον, ὁ, (λόγος, λέσχω) *a prater.*

Λογομαχέω, (λογομάχος) *to strive about words.* Hence

Λογομαχία, ἡ, *a war about words.*

Λογομάχος, ον, (λόγος, μάχω) *warring about words.*

Λογοποιέω, (λογοποιός) *to make words, invent stories, fabricate reports.* Hence

Λογοποιία, ἡ, *invention of stories, tale-telling.*

Λογο-ποιός, ὄν, (λόγος, ποιέω) *word-making*:—as Subst., *λογοποιός*, ὁ, *a writer of prose, a chronicler, annalist, prose-writer.* 2. *a writer of fables.* II.

at Athens, *one who wrote speeches* for others to deliver.

2. *an inventor of stories, tale-teller, news-monger.*

Λόγος, ὁ, (λέγω) I. *the word by which the inward thought is expressed*: also II. *the inward thought or reason itself.*

I. Lat. *oratio, vox*, *that which is said or spoken*: 1. *a word*, in pl. *words, language*; ὡς εἰπεῖν λόγῳ in *a word*:—in Att., *talk, pretence*; τῷ λόγῳ in *pretence*, opp. to ἐργῳ in *reality.* 2. *a saying, expression*: an oracle, maxim, proverb.

3. *conversation, discussion*; εἰς λόγους ἐλθεῖν, *to have a conference or interview.* 4. *a speaking or talking about a thing*; λόγου ἄξιος *worth talking of*, *worth mention*:—*a report, rumour*; λόγος ἐστὶ ὃ ἔχει, *so the story goes*, Lat. *fama fert.*

5. *a tale, story*, opp. both to mere *fable* (μῦθος) and to regular history (ιστορία): a. *fictional story, fable*, such as those of Aesop. b. *a story, narrative*, mostly in pl., *histories, chronicles*: in sing. *one part of the narrative.*

6. *λόγοι*, *prose-writing, prose*, opp. to ποίσις, *a book.* b. at Athens, *speeches*: *a speech*; *the power of speaking*, oratory, eloquence.

7. *the right or privilege of speaking*, Lat. *copia dicendi*.

λόγον τιλὶ δίδοναι *to give one the right of speaking*, i. e. *a hearing.* 9. *like ῥῆμα*, *the thing spoken of, the subject of the λόγος.*

II. Lat. *ratio, thought, reason*; κατὰ λόγον *agreeable to reason*; *reflexion, deliberation*: λόγον ἑαυτοῦ δίδοναι *to allow himself reflexion*, i. e. *to think over a thing.* 2. *account, consideration, esteem.*

regard; λόγον ποιῆσαι τινα to make one of account; λόγον τινὸς ἔχειν to make account of a person; opp. to ἐν οὐδενὶ λόγῳ ποιῆσαι τινα to make one of no account; ἐν ἀνδρὶ λόγῳ ἔχειν to regard in the light of a man.

3. calculation, reckoning: the account or reckoning: λόγον δίδοναι to give an account.

4. relation, proportion, analogy. 5. a reasonable ground, a condition, esp. in the phrase ἐπὶ τῷ λόγῳ or ἐπὶ τοῖς λόγοις upon condition; ὁ λόγος αἰεὶ it stands to reason that, Lat. ratio evincit.

III. in N. T., Ὁ ΛΟΓΟΣ, the LOGOS or WORD, comprising both senses of Word and Reason.

ΛΟΤΥΧΗ, ἡ, a spear-head, javelin-head, Lat. spiculum: in pl. the point with its barbs. II. a

LANCE, spear, javelin, Lat. lancea. III. a troop of spearmen.

λογχ-ήρης, es, (λόγχη, ἀραρεῖν) armed with a spear. λογχιδιον, τό, Dim. of λόγχη.

λόγχιμος, ov, (λόγχη) of or with a spear.

λογχο-ποιός, ov, (λόγχη, ποιέω) making spears.

λογχο-φόρος, ov, (λόγχη, φέρω) spear-bearing: —

as Subst., λογχοφόρος, ὁ, a spearman, pikeman.

λογχωτός, ἡ, ov, (λόγχη) lance-headed.

λόγως, Dor. acc. pl. of λόγος.

λόε, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of λούω.

λοέσσας, λοεσσάμενος, Ep. for λούσας, λουσάμε-

νος, aor. I part. act. and med. of λούω.

λοέσσομαι, Ep. for λούσσομαι, fut. med. of λούω.

λοετρόν, λοετρο-χός, oldest form of λουτρο-

λόεω, Ep. form of λούω.

λοιβή, ἡ, (λείβω) a pourir-- a drink-offering libation, Lat. libatio.

λοιγός, ion, (λοιγός) pestilent, deadly.

ΛΟΙΠΟΝ, ov, ὁ, ruin, mischief, death: plague.

λοιδορία, ἡ, (λοιδορέω) railing, abuse, reproach. λοιδορός, ov, railing, abusive. ΛΟΙΠΟΝ, ov, ὁ, a plague, pestilence, Lat. pestis.

λοιπός, ἡ, ov, (λείπω) remaining, surviving, Lat. reliquus; τοῦ λοιποῦ (sub. χρόνου), for the rest of the time, henceforward; οἱ λοιποὶ all the rest, Lat. ceteri; τὸ λοιπὸν the remainder, Lat. quod superest; τὰ λοιπὰ the rest, residue, Lat. cetera.

λοισηθῆς, ov, Ep. for λοισθιος, λοισθος; λαισηθῆον

δεθλον the prize for the last in the race.

λοισθιος, α, ov or oi, ov, = λοισθος.

λοισθος, ov, (λοιπός) left behind, last: Sup. λαισθί-
τατος, last of all.

λόκη (not λόκη), ἡ, a cloak.

Λοκρίς, ιδος, fem. Adj. Locrian. II. as Subst.

(sub. γῆ) Locris. From

Λοκροί, οἱ, the Locrians: the Opuntian Locrians

opp. Euboea; the Epinemidian, on the Malian Gulf; the Epizephyrian, in the South of Italy

Λοξίας, ου, ὁ, epith. of Apollo, from λέγειν, λόγος, as being the Interpreter of Zeus.

ΛΟΞΟ-ΒΑΤΗΣ, ου, ὁ, (λοξός, βαίνω) walking sideways.

ΛΟΞΟΣ, ἡ, ov, slanting, crosswise, Lat. obliquus: λοξὸν or λοξά βλέπειν τινα to look askance at one, Lat. limis oculis spectare; αὐχένα λοξὸν ἔχειν to hang down the head, Lat. stare capite obstricto.

ΛΟΞΟ-ΤΡΟΧΙΣ, ιδος, fem. Adj. (λοξός, τρέχω) oblique-running.

λόον, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of λούω.

ΛΟΠΑΔ-ΑΡΠΑΓΪΔΗΣ, ου, ὁ, (λοπάς, ἀρπάξω) a disbnatcher.

ΛΟΠΑΔΙΟΝ, τό, Dim. of λοπάς, a little dish, platter. [α]

ΛΟΠΑ΄Σ, ἀδος, ἡ, a flat dish, plate or platter.

λοπίς, ιδος, ἡ, = λεπίς.

λοπός, ου, or λόπος, ου, ο, (λεπω) a shell, husk, bark, peel.

λούειν, Ep. for λούω.

λούμαι, Att. for λούομαι, Pass. of λούω.

λούσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of λούω

λούσεν, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of λούω.

λούσθαι, contr. inf. pass. of λούω.

λουσά, Dor. fut. of λούω.

λουτῖαι, Desiderat. of λούω, to wish to bathe.

ΛΟΥΤΡΙΟΝ, τό, (λούω) water that has been used in a bath.

ΛΟΥΤΡΟ-ΔΑΪΚΤΟΣ, ov, (λουτρόν, δαίω) slain in the bath.

ΛΟΥΤΡΟΝ Ep. λοετρόν, τό, (λούω, λούω) a bath, bathing-place.

II. water for bathing; ἐν λουτρῷ while bathing.

III. libations

ΛΟΥΤΡΟ-ΦΕΡΟΣ, ov, (λουτρόν, φέρω) bringing water for bathing or washing, esp. at a marriage; λουτρο-φάρος χλιδή the marriage-ceremony.

ΛΟΥΤΡΟΧΟΕΩ, to pour water into the bath. From

λουτρο-χός, ov, Hom. λοετρ-, (λουτρόν, λοετρόν, χέω) pouring water into the bath, preparing it.

ΛΟΥΤΡΩΝ, ὄνος, ὁ, (λουτρόν) a bathing-room, bath.

ΛΟΥΤ΄Ω: fut. λούσω Dor. λουσά: aor. I ἐλουσα Ep. λούσα:—Med., f. λούσσομαι: aor. I ἐλουσάμην.

Ep. 3 pl. λούσαντο:—Pass., aor. I ἐλουσθην:—pf. λέλουμαι.—From the unconstr. form λέω come the

Ep. impf. λδεον, aor. I inf. and part. λδεσσαι, λδεσ-

σας: Med., fut. λδεσσομαι; 3 sing. aor. I ind. and part. λδεσσαι, λδεσσάμενος.—Several forms also

come from λδεω, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. impf. λδε, λδον; Ion. and old Att., pl. impf. ἐλδουμεν (contr. from ἐλ-

δομεν), pres. med. λδουμεν, λδυνται; impf. ἐλδοντο, ἐλδοντο, inf. λδεσθαι, λδυσθαι. To wash, esp. to

wash the body: Med. and Pass. to wash oneself, bathe; c. gen., λελουμένος Ὁκεανοῖο (of a star just risen)

fresh bathed in Ocean. II. to wash off or away.

ΛΟΦΑΔ, f. ἡσω, (λόφος, to have a crest. 2. to be sick, ill of a crest.

ΛΟΦΑΪΟΝ, τό, (λόφος) a crest-case: spy case.

λοφία Ion. —ή, ή, (λόφος) *the mane of animals, esp. of horses, the bristly back of boars; ἀντὶ λόφου ή λοφίη κατέχευα the mane served for a crest.* II. *the ridge of a bill, a bill.*

λοφίτης, ου, ό, (λόφος) *a dweller on the bills.*
 λοφός, ίδος, ή, (λέπτα) *a torch of vine-bark.*
 λοφος-ποιός, όν, (λοφος, ποιός) *making crests: as Subst., λοφοποιός, ό, a crest-maker.*

ΛΟΨΟΣ, ου, ό, *the back of the neck, the neck. esp. of draught-cattle: metaph., ὑπὸ ζυγῷ λόφον ἔχειν to have the neck under the yoke* II. *a ridge of ground, the brow of a bill, Lat. jugum, dorsum: a bill.*

III. *the crest of a helmet, Lat. crista, commonly of horse-hair.* 2. *a tuft of hair on the crown: the crest or tuft on the head of birds, Lat. crista, a cock's comb.*

λόφωσας, ή, (λόφος) *the wearing a crest: the crest itself.*

λοχ-ἀγέτης, ου, ό, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγέτης, = λοχαγός, q. v.

λοχῦγέω, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγέω, (λοχαγός) *to lead a λόχος or company* Hence

λοχάγία, ή, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγία, *the rank or office of λοχαγός.*

λοχ-ἀγός, ου, ό, (λόχος, ἀγός) Dor. and Att. for λοχηγός, *the leader of a λόχος, the captain of a company, Lat. centurio.*

λοχάξω, = λοχάω.

λοχάω, f. -ήσω and -ήσομαι: aor. I ἐλόχησα: 3 pl. Ep. pres. λοχάωσι, part. pl. λοχάωντες: (λόχος): — *to waylay, lie in wait, lay wait for, c. acc. pers.* II. *absol. to lie in wait or ambush* III. *c. acc. loci, to beset with an ambush.*

λοχεία, ή, (λοχεύω) *child-birth.* II. *a child.*

λοχείας, α, ον, (λόχος) *of or for child-birth.* II. *τά λοχεία (sub. χωρία), a birth-place*

λοχεός, ου, ό, = λόχος, *an ambush.*

λόχευμα, τό, (λοχεύω) *that which is born, a child.* II. *child-birth: metaph., κάλυκος λοχεύματα the bursting of the bud.*

λοχεύω, f. σω, (λόχος π) *to bring forth, bear.* 2. *to attend in child-birth, bring to the birth.* II. *Pass. to travail, bear children* 2. *to be brought forth, born* 3. *generally, to lie imbedded.*

λοχηγέτης, -ηγέω, -ηγός, Ion. for λοχαγ-.

λοχήσαι, aor. I inf. of λοχάω

Λοχία, ή, fem. of λόχιος, *name of Diana, as the goddess of child-birth.*

λοχίζω, f. ίσω, (λόχος) *to waylay, lie in wait or lay wait for.* 2. *to place in ambush.* II. *to arrange men in companies, draw up in order of battle.*

λόχιος, α, ον, = λοχείος, *of or for child-birth.*

λοχίτης [I], ου, ό, fem. —ίτις, ίδος, (λόχος) *one of the same company, a fellow-soldier, comrade.*

λοχμαίος, α, ον, *haunting the woods.* From

λόχμη, ή, (λόχος) *a thicket, lair of wild beasts: generally, corpse-wood, a coppice.* Hence

λόχμιος, ον, also α, ον, *dwelling in the coppice.* 2. as Subst., λόχμη, τά, *a thicket, coppice.*

λοχμ-ώδης, es, (λόχμη, είδος) *overgrown with corpse-wood, bushy.*

λόχωνδε, Adv. *to ambush, for ambushade.* From

λόχος, ό, (λέγω I, λέγομαι) *a place for lying in wait, ambush or ambushade: the lair of wild beasts.* 2. *the act of lying in wait or the men that form the ambush; λόχον είσαι to place an ambushade; λόχωνδε κρίνειν άνδρας άριστήας to pick out the best men for an ambushade.* 3. *any armed band, a company, commonly reckoned at 100 men:—among the Spartans a λόχος was the fourth or fifth part of a μόρα (q. v.): generally, any body or company of people.* II. *a lying in: child-birth, like*

λοχεία.

λοχώντες, λοχόωσι, Ep. pres. part. and 3 pl. ind. of λοχάω.

Λόω, = λούω; from it come several Ion. and old Att. forms; v. λούω.

λύα, ή, (λύω) *dissolution: faction, riot, sedition.*

Λύαιος, ό, (λύω) *the looser or deliverer from care, epith. of Bacchus, Lyaeus; cp. Lat. Liber.*

λύγδην, Adv. (λύς) *with soba.*

λυγδίνεος, α, ον, and λυγδίνος, η, ον, *of white marble.* 2. *white as marble, dazzling white.* From

ΛΥΤΑΟΣ, ό, *a dazzling white stone, white marble.*

ΛΥΤΗ, ή, *shadow, darkness, gloom.* [v]

λυγίζω: f. ίσω Dor. λυγέω: Pass., aor. I pass. έλυγίχθην: pf. λελύγισμαι: (λύγος): — *to bend, twist, to throw in wrestling.* II. *Pass. to bend or twist oneself, to writhe.* 2. *to be thrown or mastered.*

λύγινος, η, ον, (λύγος) *of willow or withy, Lat. vītis.*

λυγέειν, Dor. fut. inf. of λυγίζω.

λυγισμός, ου, ό, (λυγίζω) *a bending, twisting: metaph. the winding and twisting of a sophist.*

λύγκειος, α, ον, (λύγξ, ό) *lynx-like.*

ΛΥΤΞ, λυγκός, ό, *a lynx.*

λύγξ, λυγγός, ή, (λύζω) *a biccough or biccup.*

ΛΥΤΟΣ, ή, *any pliant twig or rod, a willow twig, with, Lat. vitmen.* II. *a willow-like tree, a withy.* Lat. *villex agnus castus.* [v]

λύγο-τευχής, ές, (λύγος, τεύχω) *made of withs.*

Λυγός, ώσων, — λυγίζω.

ΛΥΓΡΟΣ, ά, όν, *mournful, sad, gloomy, aisma: φάρμακα λυγρά baneful drugs; είματα λυγρά sorry garments; and neut. pl. alone, λυγρά, banes, misery, ruin* II. *of men, baneful, mischievous.* 2. *sorry, weak, cowardly.* Hence

λυγρώς, Adv. *sadly, sorryly.*

Λυδία, ή, *Lydia, the kingdom of Croesus in Asia Minor, afterwards a Persian satrapy.*

Λυδίζω, f. ίσω, (Λυδία) *to imitate the Lydians.*

Λυδισός, α, ον, (Λυδία) *Lydian; ή Λυδία λίθος, a stone used to test gold, like βάσανος.*

Λυδοιστί, Adv. (Λυδός) *in the Lydian tongue or fashion.*

Λυσιπάρης, ἐς, (Λυσιπάρης, παθεῖν) *luxurious as a Lydian*.

Λυσιπάρης, οὐ, ὁ, α *Lydian*.

ΛΥΣΙΠ, f. ἔω, to have the hiccup or hiccup II.
το ἰού, Lat. *singultus* : to whine, whimper.

Λύθεν, Aesl. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of λύω.

Λύθεν, aor. I part. neut. pass.

Λύθηναι, aor. I pass. inf. of λύω.

Λύθρον, τό, or λύθρος, ὁ, filth, defilement, esp. of blood : gore, impure blood. (Akin to λύμη.)

Λυθράδης, ἐς, (λύθρον, εἶδος) like gore, defiled with gore.

Λυκά-βας, αντος, ὁ, (*λύκη, βαίνω) the path of light, the sun's course the year. II. as Adj. making up the year, λυκαβαντίδες ἔτη.

Λυκαῖνα, ἡ, (λύκος) a she-wolf. [v]

Λυκαῖον, τό, Mount Lycaeus in Arcadia.

Λυκαῖος, α, ον, Lycæan, Arcadian, epith. of Jupiter. II. as Subst., Λυκαῖος, ὁ, or Λυκαῖον, τό, a mountain in Arcadia. 2. Λυκαῖα (sub. ἱερὰ), τά, the festival of Lycæan Jupiter :—also the Roman Lupercalia.

Λυκαονιστί, Adv. in the Lycæonian language.

Λυκ-αυγής, ἐς, (*λύκη, αὐγή) of or at the gray twilight : as Subst., λυκαυγές, τό, early dawn.

Λυκάων, ονος, ὁ, a Lycæonian, inhabitant of Lycæonia, in the South of Asia Minor

Λυκέη, Att. contr. λυκή (sub. δορά), ἡ, a wolf's-skin : a helmet of it, cf. κυνέη.

Λύκειον, τό, the Lyceum, a gymnasium with covered walks in the Eastern suburb of Athens, named after the neighbouring temple of Apollo Δύκειος.

Λύκειος, α, ον, (λύκος) epith. of Apollo, of doubtful meaning, either, 1. from λύκος, wolf-slaying, like λυκοκτόνος ; 2. from Λυκία, the Lycian god, like Λυκηγενής ; or, 3. from *λυκή (light), the god of day.

Λυκή, ἡ, Att. contr. for λυκέη.

*ΛΥΚΗ, light, an obsol. Root, whence come λυκά-βας, λυκόφως, λυκός. Lat. *luceo*, *lux*, etc.

Λυκη-γενής, ἐς (Λυκία, γένος) epith. of Apollo, Lycian-born.

Λυκήδον, Adv. (λύκος) wolf-like.

Λυκία, ἡ, Lycia, in the South of Asia Minor :—Λυκίηθεν, Adv. from Lycia : Λυκίηνδε, Adv. to Lycia.

Λυκιο-εργής contr. -ουρήνης, ἐς, (Λυκία, ἔργον) of Lycian workmanship.

Λυκιο-εργής, ἐς, (λύκος, ἔργον) wolf-destroying, Lat. *lupos conficiens* ; πρόβολοι λυκοεργέες javelins for killing wolves.

Λυκο-θαρής, ἐς, (λύκος, θάρσος) bold as a wolf.

Λυκο-κτόνος, ον, (λύκος, κτείνω) wolf-slaying : epith. of Apollo, the wolf-slayer.

Λυκο-ραστής, ον, ὁ, (λύκος, ραῖω) a wolf-worrier.

ΛΥΚΟΣ, ὁ, a wolf :—proverb., λύκον ἰδεῖν to see a wolf, i.e. to be struck dumb, as was believed of those at whom a wolf got the first look ; so in Virg., *Mos- rim lupi videre priores*.

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βίβη of hard-mouthed horses, Lat. *lupi*, *lupata*, from their resemblance to the jagged teeth of a wolf.

Λυκόφως, ατος, ὁ, (λύκη, φῶς) twilight, both of morning and evening, the gloaming, Lat. *diluculum*.

Λύκος, f. ὄσω, (λύκος) to tear like a wolf :—Pass. to be torn by wolves.

Λύμα, ματος, τό, filth or dirt removed by washing : also the dirty water, washings, offscourings. II.

moral defilement, disgrace, infamy. III. an abandoned man : (From λύω, Lat. *luo*).

Λυμαίνομαι, f. λυμάνομαι : aor. I ἐλυμνήμην : also aor. I pass. ἐλυμάνην : pf. λελύμασμαι, but 3 sing. λελύμηναι : Dep. : (λύμη) :—to treat with indignity or contumely, outrage :—to maltreat, maim, mutilate, spoil, destroy : also, to persecute. II. the pres.

λυμαίνομαι, with aor. I and pf. pass. are sometimes used in pass. sense, to be maltreated, destroyed. Hence

Λυμαντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a spoiler, destroyer : and λυμαντήριος, α, ον, injurious, destructive : c. gen., ruining another.

Λυμαντής, οὐ, ὁ, = λυμαντήρ.

Λύμασις, ἡ, = λύμη. [v]

Λύματος, ὄνος, ὁ, (λύμη) a destroyer, spoiler.

ΛΥΜΗ, ἡ, outrage by word or deed, an affront, disgrace : generally, maltreatment, maiming, mutilation, destruction : ἐπὶ λύμῃ for the sake of insult.

Λύμην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λύω.

Λυμνήμενος, aor. I part. of λυμαίνομαι.

Λύντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λύω.

Λυπέω, f. ἥσω, (λύπη) to give pain to, to pain, distress, grieve, annoy : of light troops, to harass, annoy :—Pass. with f. med. λυπήσομαι, to be sad, to be grieved.

ΛΥΠΗ [v], ἡ, pain, either of body or mind, Lat. *dolor* : grief, distress, suffering, sad plight.

Λύπημα, ατος, τό, (λυπέω) pain, distress.

Λυπήν, Dor. inf. of λυπέω.

Λυπηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (λυπέω) painful, Lat. *molestus*.

Λυπητέον, verb. Adj. of λυπέομαι, one must feel pain.

Λυπηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (λυπέω, λυπηρός) wretched, distressed, poor, sorry. II. painful, distressing.

ΛΥΡΑ [v], ἡ, Lat. *lyra*, a lyre, a Greek musical instrument of seven strings, like the κιθάρα and φόρμιγγ.

Λύρ-δοῖδος, ὁ, (λύρα, δοῖδος) one who sings to the lyre.

Λύρίζω, f. ἴσω, (λύρα) to play the lyre.

Λύρικός, ὁ, ὄν, (λύρα) singing to the lyre : as Subst., λυρικός, ὁ, a lyric poet.

Λύριον, τό, Dim. of λύρα.

Λύρο-γηθής, ἐς, (λύρα, γηθῶ) delighting in the lyre.

Λύρο-βελγής, ἐς, (λύρα, θέλγω) charmed by the lyre.

Λύρο-κετύπια, ἡ, (λύρα, κτυπέω) a sounding the lyre.

Λύρο-ποιός, ὄν, (λύρα, ποίω) making lyres.

Λύρ-ώεις, ἐς, (λύρα, εἶδος) adapted to the lyre, lyrical.

Λύρδός, ὁ, contr. for λυραοῖδος.

Λύσ-άνιας, ον, ὁ, (λύω, ἀνία) ending sadness.

Λύσειαν : v. acc. I opt. of λύω.

λωβέω, *λ. σω*, (λώβη) *to mock, make a mock of*.
ΛΩΒΗ, *ή*, *ill-usage by word or deed, despicable treatment, outrage, contumely, indignity; mutilation, maiming*. 2. of a person, *a disgrace, opprobrium*.
 λωβηθῆναι, *aor. I inf. of λωβάομαι*.
 λωβήτειρα, *fem. of λωβητήρ*.
 λωβητήρ, *ήρος, ό*, (λωβάομαι) *one who treats despitely, a foul slanderer; generally, a destroyer; mutilator, murderer*. II. *pass. a worthless wretch*.
 λωβητής, *ού, ό*, —λωβητήρ; *λωβητής τέχνης a disgrace to his trade*.

λωβητός, *ή, όν*, (λωβαομαι) *ill-treated, outraged, dishonoured*. II. *act. insulting, abusive; baneful*.
 λωβήτωρ, *oros, ό*, —λωβητήρ.
 λώα, λωίτερδς, *ν. λωίων*.
 λωίων, *onos, ό, ή*, λάων, *τό*: *Att. contr. λῶων*, *λῶον*: *neut. pl. λωίονα, syncope. λώα: (λῶ to wish): more desirable; better*:—*Sup. λώιστος, η, on, contr. ῶιστος*.—There is also a second Comp. λωίτερος, *ον*.
ΛΩΜΑ, *ατος, τό*, *the beam or border of a robe*.

Hence
 λωμάτιον, *τό*, *Dim. a fringe, flounce*.
 λώντι, *3 pl. of Dor. verb λῶ, to wish*.
 λώνη, *ή*, (λέτω, λωός) *a covering, mantle*. 2.
a skin, husk, shell.

λωπίζω, *ι. ίσω*, (λῶπη) *to cover, wrap up*.
 λωποδύτew, *ή, ήσai, to steal clothes: hence trans. to rob, plunder*. From
 λωπο-δύτης [ῶ], *ου, ό*, (λῶπος, δύνω) *one who slips into another's clothes or strips him of them, a clothes-stealer; generally a thief, robber, footpad*.

λῶπος, *ό*, —λαση.
 λῶστος, *η, on*, *Att. contr. from λώιστος, Sup. of λωίων, most desirable, best*.
 λωτέντια, *Ion. acc. neut. pl. of λωτέος*.
 λωτίξω, *ι. ίσω*, (λωτός) *to pluck flowers*:—*Med. λωτίξομαι, to cull flowers for oneself, choose the best*.
 λώτινος, *η, on*, (λωτός) *of lotus*.
 λώτισμα, *τό*, (λωτίξω) *a flower; metaph. the flower, choicest, best*.

λωτός, *εσσα, εν*, (λωτός) *overgrown with lotus; πεδία λωτένια, Ion. for λωτόεσσα, lotus-plains*.

ΛΩΤΟΣ, *ού, ό*, *the lotus, name of several plants*:—I. *the Greek lotus, a kind of clover or trefoil, on which horses fed*. II. *the Cyrenean lotus or jujube, an African shrub, the fruit of which was eaten by certain tribes on the coast, hence called Lotopbagi: the fruit was honey-sweet, μελιθήης: in size as large as the olive, and in taste resembling the date*. III. *the Egyptian lotus, the lily of the Nile*. IV. *there was also a lotus-tree growing in Africa, distinguished by its hard, black wood, of which flutes were made: hence λωτός is used poet. for a flute*.

λωτο-τρόφος, *ον*, (λωτός, τρέφω) *growing lotus*.
 λωτο-φάγος, *ον*, (λωτός, φάγειν) *eating lotus: as Subst., Λωτοφάγοι, οι, the Lotus-eaters, a peaceful nation on the coast of Cyrenaica*.

λωτρόν, λωτρο-χόες, *Dor. for λούτρον*.

λωτῶ, *Dor. for λωτοῦ, gen. of λωτός*.
 λωφάω *Ion. -έω, ι. ήσαι, (λόφος) to rest from toil, take rest: c. gen. to have rest, abate from*. 2. *to abate, of a disease or of wind*. II. *trans. to lighten, relieve, release*.
 λωφήσεις, *3 sing. aor. I opt. of λωφάω*.
 λώφησης, *ή*, (λωφάω) *rest from:—remission, cessation*.

λῶων, *neut. λῶον, Att. contr. for λωίων, λώιον*.

M

M, *μ, μυ Ion. μά, τό*, indecl., twelfth letter of the Gr. alphabet: as numeral, *μ' = 40*, but *μ = 40,000*.

Changes of *μ*, esp. in the dialects: I. *Aeol. and Lacon. into π, as μετά into πεδά*. II. *Aeol. μ doubled, e. g. έμμε, έμμε, for ήμεις έμεις*. III.

μ becomes ν, as, μίν Dor. νίν μή, Lat. ne. IV. *μ is often added or left out, 1. at the beginning of a word, as ία μά, έσχος μσσχος, δχλεύς μοχλεύς, "Αρης Lat. Mars*. 2. *in the middle of a word, as πμπλημι τίπλημι, πμπρημι πίπομη, άμβροτος έβροτος, έμβριμος έβριμος, etc.* V. *μ sometimes has a or o prefixed, as, μέλγω άμέλγω, μέργω άμέργω, μόργνυμι άμόργνυμι*. VI. *σ is added or left out before μ, as, σ μάραδος-μάραδος, σμάω μάω, σμκρόε μκρόε, σμνγερός μογερός*.

μ, apostr. for με. II. *very rarely for μοι*.
μά, a Particle used in strong protestation and oaths, either affirmative or negative acc. to the context: I. *in affirmation; ναί μά τόδε σέψητρον yea by this sceptre*. II. *in negation; ού μά γάρ Απόλλωνα nay by Apollo*. III. *Att. μά is used absol., μά Δία, by Zeus!* IV. *in common discourse, the name of the deity sworn by was often suppressed, ναί μά τόν, ού μά τόν (sub. Δία)*. V. *μά is sometimes omitted after ού; α, ού τόν Δία, ού τόν θεόν, no by Jove, etc.*

μά, Aeol. and Dor. shortd. for μάτηρ μήτηρ, as μά γά for μήτηρ γή: cf. βᾶ, δᾶ, λᾶ.
μαγάδιον, τό, the bridge of the magadis. [α] From μάγαδης, ή, gen. έδος: irreg. dat. μαγάδι: acc. μάγαδιν:—the magadis, a harp with twenty strings.
μαγγάνευμα, τό, a piece of jugglery: pl. juggleries, mountebank's tricks: and

μαγγάνευτης, ού, ό, a juggler, mountebank. From *μαγγανέω, ι. σω, (μάγαγον) to cheat by sleight of hand: to bewitch*. 2. *intr. to play tricks*.

MATTA-NON, *τό, any means for picking or bewitching, a philtre, drug: a juggler's apparatus*. II. —γάγγανον, *a bunting-net*.
μάγεια, ή, (μαγέω) the religion of the Magi. 2. *magic, art*.
μαγειρεῖον, το, (μαγειρος) a place for cooking. 2. *Maced. a pot, kettle*.

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μαγειρεῖον, το, (μαγειρος) a place for cooking. 2. *Maced. a pot, kettle*.

μαγειρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μάγειρος) fit for a cook or cookery: ἡ μαγειρική (sub. τέχνη), cookery. Hence μαγειρικῶς. Adv. in a cook-like way, artistically. μάγειρος, ὁ, a cook: also a butcher. (From μάσσω, μάζα, because the baking of bread was originally the chief business of the cook.)

μάγευμα, τό, (μάγεύω) a piece of magic art: in pl. charms, spells.

μάγευο, f. σω, (Μάγος) to be a Magus or a magician: μαγεύειν μέλη to sing incantations. II. trans. to enchant, bewitch, charm.

Μάγνης, ητος, ὁ, fem. Μάγνησσα, a Magnesians, a dweller in Μαγνησία in Thessaly: also Μαγνήτης, fem. Μαγνήτις. II. λίθος Μαγνήτης, ἡ, the magnet, also called λίθος Ἑρακλείδ.

ΜΑΤΟΣ, ου, ὁ, a Magus, Magian, one of a Median tribe.

II. one of the wise men or seers in Persia who interpreted dreams. III. any enchanter, wizard: magician: in bad sense a juggler, quack. [ᾶ]

μάγο-φόνια, τά, (Μάγος, φόνος) the slaughter of the Magi, a Persian festival.

μαγώτερος, α, ου, Comp. Adj. formed from μάγος, more magical.

μαδάρος, ὁ, ὄν, (μαδάω) of flesh, flaccid, loose: of the head, bald.

μαδάω, f. ἴσω, (μαδός) to be moist or wet, to melt away: of hair, to fall off, Lat. defluere: hence to be bald.

μάδδα, Dor. for μάζα.

*ΜΑΔΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, the Root of μαδάω, etc., = μαδαρός.

μάζα, ἡ, (μάσσω, to knead) barley-bread, a barley-cake, opp. to ἄρτος, wheaten bread: μάζαν μεμᾶχ'ς having baked him a cake, with a pun on μάχη.

μαζίσκη, ἡ, Dim. of μάζα, a barley-scone.

μαζο-νόμος, ὁ, (μάζα, νέμω) a wooden trencher for serving barley-cakes on: generally, a large platter or charger, Lat. mazonomus.

ΜΑΖΟΣ, ου, ὁ, one of the breasts (στέρον being the whole breast or chest), mostly of women, but also of men. μαστός differs from μαζός only in dialect.

μαθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of μαθάνω.

μαθεῖμαι, Dor. for μαθήσομαι, fut. of μαθάνω.

μάθημα, ατος, τό, (μαθεῖν) that which is learnt, a lesson.

α. learning, knowledge:—in pl., τὰ μαθήματα mathematics. Hence

μαθηματικός, ἡ, ὄν, fond of learning.

II. belonging to the sciences, esp. to mathematics: ἡ μαθηματική (sub. ἐπιστήμη), mathematics: ὁ μαθηματικός a mathematician.

μάθησις, ἡ, (μαθεῖν) the act of learning, acquiring information.

2. desire or power of learning.

μαθήσομαι, fut. of μαθάνω.

μαθητέος, α, ου, verb. Adj. of μαθάνω, to be learnt.

II. neut. μαθητέον, one must learn.

μαθητεύω, f. σω, to be a pupil or scholar.

II. trans. to make a disciple of one, instruct. From

μαθητής, ου, ὁ, (μαθεῖν) a learner, pupil, Lat. discipulus: a disciple.

μαθητιάω, Desiderat. of μαθάνω, to wish to become a disciple.

II. to be a disciple or pupil.

μαθητός, ἡ, ὄν, (μαθεῖν) learnt, that may be learnt.

μαθήτρια, ἡ, fem. of μαθητής, a female pupil.

μαθούσι, Dor. fem. of μαθών, aor. 2 part. of μαθάνω.

μάθος [ᾶ], Ep. aor. 2 of μαθάνω.

μάθος [ᾶ], τό, poet. and Ion. for μάθησις.

μαθών, aor. 2 part. of μαθάνω.

ΜΑΙ'Α, ἡ, good mother, dame.

II. a nurse, foster-mother, mother.

III. a midwife.

Μαῖα, ἡ, Maia, daughter of Atlas, mother of Hermes: also Μαῖας, ἄδος, ἡ.

Μαλάνδρος, ὁ, Maeander, a river in Caria noted for its windings.

μαιεύομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. (μαῖα m) to serve as a midwife: trans. to batch.

Μαιακτηριών, ὥνος, ἡ, the fifth Attic month, answering to the end of November and beginning of December, so called from the festival of Zeus Μαιακτής held in it.

Μαιμάκτης, ου, ὁ, (μαίμασσω) epith. of Jupiter, the boisterous, stormy, in whose honour the Maemacteria were kept at Athens in the first winter month, as being the god of storms, etc.

μαίμασσω, = μαίμω, to burst forth.

μαίμω, Ep. 3 pl. μαίμωσι, part. μαίμων, -ώσω: f. ώω: Ep. aor. 1 μαίμησα: (redupl. of μάω, as παίφασσι from φάω):—to be very eager, to pant or quiver with eagerness: c. gen. to be eager for.

μαῖνās, ἄδος, ἡ, (μαῖνομαι) mad, raving, frantic.

2. as Subst. a mad woman: a Bacchanal, a Maenad.

II. act. causing madness.

ΜΑΙ'ΝΗ, ἡ, maena, a small sea-fish, like our hering.

μαῖνις, ἴδος [ῖ], ἡ, Dim. of μαῖνη, a strat.

μαινόληγος, ου, ὁ, fem. μαινόληις, ἴδος, (μαῖνομαι) raving, frenzied.

μαινόληος, α, ου, = μαινόληγος.

μαίνομαι, fut. μᾶνῃσομαι and μᾶνῶμαι: pf. with pres. sense ἐμῆννα, also (in pass. form) μεμᾶνμαι: aor. 1 med. ἐμῆνᾶμην, aor. 2 pass. ἐμᾶνην, part. μᾶνείς, inf. μᾶνῆναι: (*μᾶω):—to rage, to be furious, in war: also to rave with anger: to be mad with wine, be madly drunk, and of Bacchic frenzy, μαῖνόμενος Διόνυσος the frenzied Dionysus: metaph. of things, to rage, riot —μαῖνεσθαι ὑπὸ τοῦ θεοῦ to be driven mad by the god:—Att. phrase, πλεῖν ἢ μαίνομαι, more than madness, i. e. utter distraction.

II. Causal in aor. 1 act. ἐμῆννα, to make mad, madden.

ΜΑΙ'ΟΜΑΙ, fut. μάσσομαι [ᾶ], Dep. to endeavour, strive: to seek, seek to compass: cf. ἐπιμαίομαι.

μαῖομαι, f. -ώσομαι, Dep. = μαίεομαι.

Μαῖρα, ἡ, (μαρ-μαῖρα) the Sparkler, i. e. the dog-star.

Μαωπιστί, Adv. in Maotic (i. e. Scythian) fashion.

ΜΑ'ΚΑΡ [μά], ἄρος, ὁ, fem. μάκαρ or μάκαιρα:—blessed, happy, properly of the gods, opp. to mortal men: absol. μάκαιρες, the blessed ones, i. e. the gods.

II. of men, supremely blest, fortunate:

but also, *prosperous, wealthy*. III. the dead were esp. called, *μάκαρες, the blessed*, as being beyond the reach of pain:—*μακάραν νήσοι* the islands of the *blessed*, (placed by the later Greeks in the ocean at the extreme West).—Comp. and Sup., *μακάρτερος, -τατος*. *μακάρεσσι*, Ep. dat. pl. of *μάκαρ*.

μακάρια, ή, (μάκαρ) happiness, bliss. II. *the abode of the blessed*.

μακάριζω, fut. ίσω Att. ίω, (μάκαρ) to call or esteem happy to *bliss*.

μακάριος, α, ή, ον, or ός, ον, collat. form of μάκαρ, blessed, happy, fortunate:—in Att. *one of the upper classes*:—Comp. and Sup. *μακαριώτερος, -τατος*.

μακάρισμός, ού, ό, (μακαρίζω) a pronouncing or esteeming happy, a blessing.

μακάριστός, ή, όν, (μακαρίζω) deemed or pronounced happy by others: absol. enviable. Adv. *-τως*.

μακάριτης [ι], ου, ό, like μάκαρ III, one in a state of bliss, i. e. one dead: fem. *μακάριτις, ιδος*.

μακαρτός, ή, όν, = μακαριστός.

μακεδνός, ή, όν, (μήκος) tall, taper.

Μακεδονίζω, f. σω, (Μακεδόν) to be on the Macedonian side: or, *to speak Macedonian*.

Μακεδόνιος, α, ον, and -ονικός, ή, όν, Macedonian.

Μακεδών, όνος, ό, α Macedonian.

μάκελλα, poet. also μακέλη, ή, (μία, κέλλω, as δικάλλα from δίσ, κέλλω) a pick-axe with one point.

μάκελλον, τό, Lat. macellum, a slaughter-house, stambles, market.

μακεστήρ, ήρος, ό, (μάκος) used as Adj., μῦθος μακεστήρ a long, tedious tale.

Μακηδών, όνος, ό, poet for Μακεδών.

μάκιστος, Dor. for μήκιστος, (μήκος) irreg. Sup. of μακρός, = μέγιστος, greatest.

μακκοῶ, f. άσω, [ά], to be stupid: pf. part. *μεμακκοῦκώς, dreaming, mooning*.

μάκος, τό, Dor. for μήκος, length: acc. *μάκος* as Adv., = *μακράν, afar*.

μακρά (sub. γραμμή), ή, the long line which the δικαστής drew upon his tablet in token of condemnation, opp. to the short line (βραχεία), which was in token of acquittal.

μακρ-αίων, ανος, ό, ή, (μακρός, αίων) lasting long: of persons, *long-lived*; of *μακράωνες the immortals*.

μακράν Ion. μακρήν, acc. fem. of μακρός, used as Adv. at a distance, afar off, far: Comp. *μακροτέραν, farther, to a greater distance*. 2. also of Time, at length, tediously; *μακράν ελπεῖν to speak at great length*: also *long, μακράν ζην to live long*.

μακρ-αύχην, ενος, ό, ή, (μακρός, αύχην) long-necked.

μακρ-ηγορέω, f. ήσω, (μακρός, άγορεύω) to speak at great length. Hence

μακρηγορία Dor. μακραγ-, ή, long-windedness, prolixity, prating.

μακρ-ημερία, ή, (μακρός, ήμερα) the season of long days.

μακρό-βιος, όν, (μακρός, βίος) long-lived: of *Μακρόβιοι* an Ethiopian people south of Egypt, *μακρο-βίωτος, ον, (μακρός, βίωτος) long-lived, of long duration*.

μακρό-γήρως, αν, gen. ω, (μακρός, γήρας) very old, in advanced age.

μακρο-δρόμος, ον, (μακρός, δραμεῖν) far-running. *μακρόθεν, Adv. (μακρός) from afar*.

μακροθυμέω, f. ήσω, (μακροθυμος) to be long-suffering, patient; *μακροθυμεί εἰς τινα to be forbearing or long-suffering towards one*. Hence

μακροθυμία, ή, long-suffering.

μακρό-θυπος, ον, (μακρός, θυμός) long-suffering, forbearing: patient. Adv. *-μως, patiently*.

μακρολογέω, f. ήσω, (μακρολόγος) to speak at length: c. acc. rei, *to speak long on a subject*. Hence

μακρολογία, ή, a speaking at length.

μακρο-λόγος, ον, (μακρός, λέγω) speaking at length.

μακρό-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνους, ουν, (μακρός, πνέω) long-breathed: *long-lived, lasting long*.

μακρός, ά, όν, (μάκος, μήκος) long, whether of Space or Time: 1. of Space, *long, far-stretching*. 2. *tall, lofty*: also *deep*. 3. *far, far distant*; *μακραί επιβοήθειαι succours from a distance*: *ἐπὶ μακρόν far, for a long way*; *όσον ἐπὶ μακρότατον as far as possible*.

4. dat. *μακρῷ* is often used, like *πολύ, by far, much*; *μακρῷ πρώτος by far the first*. II. of Time, *long*: *long-lasting, enduring*; *διὰ μακροῦ (sc. χρόνου) after a long time*; *εἰς μακρόν for a long time*.

2. *long, tedious*; *διὰ μακρῶν at great length*.

III. regul. Comp. *μακρότερος*; *ἐνρ. μακρότατος*; Irreg. Comp. *μάσσων, μάσσον*; Sup. *μήκιστος* Dor. *μάκιστος*, formed from *μήκος*, as *αἰσχιστος* from *αἰσχος*.

IV. the neut. pl. *μακρά* is used as Adv., *μακρά βιβάς taking long strides*; *μακρά μεμῶκώς loudly bellowing*; *μακρά προσεύχεσθαι to make long prayers*:—so also neut. sing., *μακρὴν αὐτεῖν to shout aloud*.

μάκρος, eos, τό, = μάκος, μήκος, length.

μακρο-τένων, οντος, ό, ή, (μακρός, τείνω) far-stretched, long drawn out.

μακροτέρων, Comp. of μακράν, q. v.

μακρό-τονος, ον, (μακρός, τείνω) = μακροτένων.

μακρο-φάρυγξ, υγγος, ό, ή, (μακρός, φάρυγξ) wide long throat or gullet.

μακρο-φλυᾷρητης, ου, ό, (μακρός, φλυαρέω) a tedious prater.

μακρο-χρόνιος, ον, (μακρός, χρόνος) long-enduring.

μάκτρα, ή, (μάσσω) a kneading-trough.

μάκτρον, τό, (μάσσω) a towel, napkin.

μακύνω, Dor. for μηκύνω.

μάκων, old poet. aor. 2 part. of μηκῶμαι.

μάκων [ά], ανος, Dor. for μήκαν, ανος.

ΜΑ'ΛΑ', Adv. very, very much, exceedingly, quite: 1. strengthening the word with which it stands; *μάλα πολλά very many*; *μάλ' εὖ right well*; *μόλ' αὐτίκα quite directly*; *μάλα διαμπερές right through*; *οὐ μάλα by no means, on no account*. 2.

strengthening a whole sentence; ἡ μάλα δὴ . . , now in very truth . . ; so, with a part, μάλα περ μεμῶς though desiring never so much.

II. Comp. μᾶλλον, more, more strongly; also rather, Lat. potius. 2. too much, far too much. 3. μᾶλλον is sometimes joined to another Comp.; ῥηίτερος μᾶλλον more easier; ἐχθίον μᾶλλον; etc. 4. μᾶλλον ἢ is often followed by οὐ (where οὐ seems redundant), as, πόλιν ἑλὼν διαφθεῖρειν μᾶλλον ἢ οὐ τοὺς αἰτίους; in this case μᾶλλον ἢ is preceded by another negat. 5. παντὸς μᾶλλον more than anything, i. e. by all means.

III. Sup. μάλιστα, most, most strongly; most of all, especially; ἐν τοῖς μάλιστα (sc. οὐαί), Lat. imprimis, as much as any; ἐς τὰ μάλιστα for the most part, mostly; μάλιστα is sometimes added to another Sup., as ἐχθιστος μάλιστα. 2. in numbers, μάλιστα is often added to shew that they are not exact, at the most, at most; πενήτηντα μάλιστα fifty at most, where the real number is forty-nine; hence about, pretty near, ἐς μέσον μάλιστα about the middle. 3. καὶ μάλιστα most certainly, Lat. *vei maxime*.

μαλάβαθρον or μαλόβαθρον, τὸ, malobatrum, the aromatic leaf of an Indian plant, the betel or areca.

μαλάκαί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (μαλακός, πούς) softly treading.

μαλάκία, ἡ, (μαλακός) softness, tenderness: of men, effeminacy, weakness.

μαλάκιάω, (μαλακός) to be soft or tender.

μαλάκιζω, f. σω, (μαλακός) to make soft, enervate. II. Pass. and Med. μαλακίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι; aor. I med. ἐμαλακισάμην, pass. ἐμαλακίσθην:—to be soft or tender, weak or effeminate. 2. to be softened or oppressed.

μαλάκιον, ονος, ὁ, (μαλακός) a darling. [κί]

μαλάκο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μαλακός, γνώμη) gentle of mood.

ΜΑ'ΛΑ'ΚΟ'Σ, ἡ, ἡν, Lat. MOLLIS, soft; μαλακὸς λείμων a soft, grassy meadow. II. soft, gentle, mild.

2 in bad sense, soft, effeminate: easy, careless, remiss.

μαλάκ-χειρ, χειρος, ὁ, ἡ, (μαλακός, χεῖρ) soft-handed, soothing.

μαλάκύνω, = μαλακίζω, to soften:—Pass, to be soft or weakly, to flag.

μαλάκως, Adv. of μαλακός, softly: easily, carelessly: Sup. μαλακώτατα.

μαλάσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, (μαλακός) to make soft, soften: of leather, to make supple, curry: and metaph., μαλάσσειν τινά to give one a dressing, curry him.

II. metaph. to soften by entreaties, to pacify: also to relieve.—Pass. to be softened: c. gen. to be relieved from.

μαλάχη, ἡ, (μαλάκός) a mallow, Lat. malva.

μαλῆρος, ὁ, ὅν, (μάλα) very strong, mighty, raging, of fire: metaph. glowing, vehement.

ΜΑ'ΛΗ, ἡ, the arm-pit, Lat. ala: only in the phrase ὑπὸ μάλῃ or ὑπὸ μάλῃν, under the arm.

ΜΑ'ΛΘΑ' or μάλθη, ἡ, a mixture of wax and pitch for calking ships. 2. the wax laid over writing-tablets.

μαλθακίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, = μαλακίζω, to soften:—Pass, to be softened: to be remiss.

μαλθακίνος, η, ον, poet. for μαλθακός.

μαλθακιστέον or -έα, verb. Adj. of μαλθακίζομαι, one must be remiss.

μαλθᾶκός, ἡ, ἑν, = μαλακός (with θ inserted), soft. II. soft, gentle, mild: in bad sense, soft, weakly, effeminate.

μαλθᾶκώς, Adv. softly: gently, mildly.

μαλθάσσω, f. ξω, = μαλάσσω, to soften, soothe:—Pass., μαλθαχθῆναι ὑπνῳ to be unnerved by sleep.

μάλινος, α, ον, Dor. for μήλινος.

μάλιον, τό, (μαλλός) hair, a lock of hair. [α] Μαλῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dor. for Μηλῖς, (μᾶλον, = μήλορ) a nymph who protects the flocks (μήλα).

μάλιστα, Adv., Sup. of μάλα: v. μάλα π.

μᾶλλ-ε, by crasis for μὴ ἀλλά, nay but.

μαλλό-δετος, ον, (μαλλός, δέω) bound with wool.

μᾶλλον, Adv., Comp. of μάλα: v. μάλα π.

ΜΑΛΛΟ'Σ, οὐ, ὁ, a lock of wool, the wool of εἰςεφ, a fleece: of men, a lock or braid of hair.

μαλόβαθρον, v. μαλάβαθρον.

μᾶλον, Dor. for μήλον π.

μαλο-πάρηος, ον, Dor. for μηλοπάρηος.

μαλός, ἡ, ὅν, white. (Origin uncertain.)

μαλο-φόρος, μαλο-φύλαξ, Dor. for μηλοφ-

μάμψ and μάμμη, ἡ, a child's attempt to call to its mother; like ἄλλα, ἄλλα, ἄλλα, πάντα. II. = μήτηρ, mother. III. later a grandmother.

Μαμμάκυθος, ὁ, proverb. word for a blockhead.

μαμμέν αἰτεῖν, to cry for the mother's breast, of young children before they can articulate.

μαμμία, ἡ, (μάμμα) a mother.

Μαμμωνᾶς or Μαμωνᾶς, οὐ, ὁ, Mammon, the Syrian god of riches, = Greek Πλούτος: hence generally, wealth, riches.

μάν, affirm. Particle, Dor. and old Ep. for μήν.

ΜΑ'ΝΑΡΑ, ἡ, a fold, byre, stable, Lat. mandra: also 2. the seating of a seal, Lat. pala, funda.

μανδράγωρος, ον, ὁ, mandrake, a narcotic plant,

μανεῖς, εἶσα, ἑν, aor. 2 part. of μαίνομαι.

Μανέρως, ὁ, Maneros, only son of the first king of Egypt: also a national dirge named after him, identical with the Greek Λίνος.

μᾶνες, Dor. for μήνες, pl. of μήν.

μανθῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of μαίνομαι.

ΜΑΝΘΑ'ΝΩ: fut. μάθησομαι Dor. μαθεύμαι; aor. 2 ἐμάθον, in Homer either without augm. μάθον, or with double μ, ἐμμαθες, ἐμμαθε: pf. μεμάθηκα:—to learn by inquiry, to ascertain: in aor. to have learnt, i. e. to understand, be acquainted with. II. of the attempt, to ask, inquire about.

III. to perceive, understand, comprehend, like Lat. teneo; μανθάνει: do you understand? Ans., πάνν μανθάνω, perfectly! —c. part., μάνθανε ὄν, know that you are. IV.

ΜΑΡΠΤΩ, fut. *μάρψω*: aor. I *ἐμαρψα*: Ep. redupl. aor. 2 *μέμαρπον*: and a shortd. aor. 2 *ἐμάπον*, inf. *μᾶπτεν*, whence 3 pl. opt. *μεμᾶποιεν*: pf. part. *μεμαρπῆς*:—to grasp, hold, catch: to lay hold of, seize: to embrace, clasp: to reach, overtake, catch.

ΜΑ'ΡΣΙ'ΠΟΣ, a bag, pouch, Lat. *marsupium*.

ΜΑΡΤΥ'Ρ, ὄρος, δ and ἡ, Aeol. for *μάρτυς*. Hence *μαρτύρεω*, f. ἥσω:—Pass., fut. I *μαρτυρήσομαι*, but also f. med. in pass. sense, *μαρτυρήσομαι*: aor. I *ἐμαρτυρήθην*: pf. *μεμαρτύρημαι*:—to be a witness: to bear witness: *μαρτυρεῖν τι* to bear witness in favour of another: c. acc. rei, to bear witness to a thing, testify to: c. inf. to testify or declare that a thing is:—Pass. to have witness borne to one. II.

later, to be or become a martyr. Hence

μαρτύρημα, ατος, τό, testimony.

μαρτύρια, ἡ, (*μαρτυρέω*) a bearing witness. 2.

witness, testimony, evidence.

μαρτύριον, τό, a testimony, proof: in pl., *μαρτύρια*, τά, evidence. [ῥ] From

μαρτύρομαι [ῥ]: f. ὄρωμαι: aor. I *ἐμαρτύράμην*: Dep.: (*μάρτυς*):—to call to witness, invoke: absol. *μαρτύρομαι*, I call witnesses, I protest.

μάρτυρος, δ, Ep. form of *μάρτυς*, a witness.

ΜΑΡΤΥ'Ξ, δ or ἡ, gen. *μάρτυρος*, acc. *μάρτυρα*, as if from *μάρτυρ*, but also acc. *μάρτυν*: pl. *μάρτυρες*, dat. *μάρτυσι* poet. *μάρτυσσι*:—a witness.

μαρκαῖομαι, μαρύνκημα, Dor. for *μηνυκ-*

μαρύνομαι, Dor. for *μηνύομαι*.

μάρψαι, aor. I inf. of *μάρπτω*.

μᾶσσομαι, f. ἥσομαι, Dep., (*μάω*, *μάσσω*) to chew.

μάσασθαι [ᾶ], aor. I inf. of Root **μάω*, to touch.

μάσδος, μασδός, Dor. for *μάζα*, *μαζός*.

μάσθλη, ἡ, = *ιμάσθλη*, a leathern thong. Hence *μάσθλης*, ητος, δ, a leathern thong. II. metaph. a slippery, slippery knave.

μασθός, δ, a Dor. form of *μαστος*, *μαζός*.

μασι, Dor. for *μασί*, dat. pl. of *μήν*.

μάσσομαι [ᾶ], fut. of **μάω* u.

Μασσαλία, ἡ, Lat. *Massilia*, *Marseilles*. Hence

Μασσαλιώτης, ου, δ, a man of *Marseilles*.

μασσόμαι, etc., = *μασάομαι*.

μάσσω Att. *μάττω*: fut. *μάψω*: aor. I *ἐμαφα*: pf.

μέμαφα:—Pass., aor. I *ἐμάχθην*: pf. *μέμαγμα*: (**μάω*):—to touch, handle. II. to work with the hands, to knead dough, Lat. *pinso*:—Pass., *σίτος μεμαγμένος* dough ready kneaded.

μάσσω, δ, ἡ, neut. *μάσσω*, gen. *μασσωνος*, irreg. Comp. of *μακρὸς* for *μακρότερος*, longer, larger.

μάσταξ, ἄκος, ἡ, (*μασάομαι*) that with which one chews or eats, the jaws, mouth. II. that with which one chews, a mouthful, morsel.

μαστάρυξ or *-ίξ*, to tumble, of an old man. (Formed from the sound.)

μάστειρα, ἡ, fem. of *μαστήρ*

μάστευα, f. σω, = *μαρεύω*, to seek: to seek or endeavour to do: to seek or search after.

μαστήρ, ἦρος, δ, (**μάω*) a seeker, searcher. Hence

μαστήριος, α, ov, searching,

μαστιγῆς, false form for *μαστιγῶς*.

μαστιγῆς, ov, δ, (*μάστιξ*) one who deserves whipping, a worthless slave, sorry knave, Lat. *verbero*.

μαστιγοφόρος, ov, (*μάστιξ*, *φέρω*) carrying a whip: as Subst., *μαστιγοφόρος*, δ, a sort of constable.

μαστιγῶς, f. ὥσω: pf. aor. I *ἐμαστιγῶσα*:—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense *μαστιγώσομαι*: pf. *μεμαστιγώμαι*: (*μάστιξ*):—to whip, flog, beat. Hence

μαστιγώσιμος, ov, that deserves whipping.

μαστιγώσιος, α, ov, verb. Adj. of *μαστιγῶς*, to be whipped, deserving a whipping.

μαστιζῶ, f. ῶω: aor. I *ἐμάστιξα* Ep. *μάστιξα*: (*μάστιξ*):—to whip, flog.

μαστικτῶρ, opos, δ, (*μαστιζῶ*) a scourger.

μάστιξ, ἴγος, ἡ, (*μάω*, *μάσσω*) a whip, scourge; ἵππου *μάστιξ* a horse-whip. II. metaph. a scourge-plague; *μάστιξ Πειθούς* the lash of eloquence.

μαστιδών, Ep. part. of *μαστιζῶ*.

μάστις, ἴος, ἡ, Ion. for *μάστιξ*; dat. *μάστι*.

μαστιάδω, Dor. for *μαστιζῶ*.

μαστιχάω, (*μάσταξ*) to gnash the teeth, only in Ep. part. dat. *μαστιχῶντι*.

μαστιζῶ, collat. form of *μαστιζῶ*, to whip, scourge, beat, lash:—Med., *μαστιεῖται* πλευρὰς οὐρῇ [the lion] lashes his sides with his tail.

μαστό-δετον, τό, (*μαστός*, *δένω*) a breast-band.

μαστός, οὐ, δ, one of the breasts of a woman, later form for Hom. *μαζός*. II. metaph. a round bill, knoll. III. a piece of wool fastened to the edge of the nets.

μαστροπελα, ἡ, a pandering.

μαστροπεύω, f. σω, (*μαστροπέω*) to be a pander, play the pander: c. acc. to seduce.

μαυροπρός, δ and ἡ, (*μάω*, *μαστήρ*) a pander, pimp, Lat. *leno*, *lena*.

μασχάλη, ἡ, (*μάλη*) the arm-pit, Lat. *ala*, *axilla*. [χα]

μασχάλλω, f. ἴσω, (*μασχάλη*) to put under the arm-pits: to mutilate a corpse, since murderers fancied, that by cutting off the extremities, and placing them

under the arm-pits, they would avert vengeance. Hence

μασχάλιστήρ, ἦρος, δ, a broad strap passing behind the horse's shoulders and fastened to the yoke by the *λέπαδνον*: generally, a girdle, band.

ματάξω, (*μάτην*) to act unmeaningly or foolishly.

μάταιόξω, (*μάταιος*) = *ματάξω*.

μάταιολογία, ἡ, idle talking. From

μάταιο-λόγος, ov, (*μάταιος*, *λέγω*) idly talking.

μάταιος [ᾶ], α, ov, or os, ov, (*μάτη*) idle, foolish, unmeaning, trifling. II. thoughtless, rash, wanton, profane. Hence

μάταιότης, ητος, ἡ, folly, vanity.

μάταιως, Adv. of *μάταιος*, idly, without reason.

ΜΑΤΑ'Ω, f. ἥσω, (*μάτη*) to be idle, to loiter, linger; lag: οὐ κατὰ τοῦργον the work lags not. II. to be in vain, fruitless.

μάτεύω, f. σω: aor. I *ἐμάτευσα*: (**μάω*):—to seek, search: to seek to do. 2. to seek or search after: to search, explore.

ματέω, rare form for ματέω.
of πατέω, to tread on.

MATH, ἡ, = *μαρία*, a folly, a fault. [d] Hence
μάτην Dor. μάταν [d], Adv. in vain, idly, foolishly,
Lat. frustra.

2. senselessly, at random, Lat. temere.—3. idly, falsely, Lat. falso. Originally acc.

of μάτη, hence εἰς μάτην at random. [d]

μάτηρ, Dor. for μήτηρ, Lat. mater. [d]

ματῆς, Dor. for ματᾶς.

μάτλια Ion.: -λή, ἡ, (μάτην) a vain attempt.

ματρ-αδελφός, ματρο-δόκος, etc., Dor. for μητρ-.

ματτήν, ἡ, a rich, big-seasoned dish, Lat. mattea

nd mattea. (Foreign word.)

ματτω-λοιχός. ὄν, (ματτῖα, λείχω) licking up

quinties.

μάττω, f. ζω, Att. for μάσσω.

μαῦλις, ἰδος or ιος, ἡ, a knife.

μαυρός, like ἀμαυρόω, to darken: metaph. to make
powerless, to make obscure or forgotten:—Pass. to
become dark or obscure.

μάχαιρα [μά], ἡ, a large knife, worn like a dirk next
the sword-sheath. II. as a weapon, a short sword

or dagger: a sabre or scimitar, opp. to ξίφος (the
straight sword). III. a kind of razor; διπλή

μάχαιρα scissors. Hence

μάχαιριδιον, τό, Dim. a short sword or dagger.

μάχαιρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of μάχαιρα, a small
knife. 2. a small razor.

μάχαιροποιεῖον, τό, a sword or knife factory. From

μάχαιρο-ποιός, ὄν, (μάχαιρα, ποιέω) a cutler.

μάχαιρο-φόρος, ὄν, (μάχαιρα, φέρω) wearing a sabre.

μάχαιράς, ὁ, Dor. for μαχητῆς.

Μάχων [α], ὄνος, ὁ, Macbaon, son of Aesculapius.

μαχεύμενος, Ep. part. of μάχομαι.

μάχομαι, Ion. for μάχομαι.

μαχεύμενος, Ep. part. of μάχομαι.

μαχέσκητο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of μάχομαι.

μάχεν, Dor. for μάχον, pres. imperat. of μάχομαι.

ΜΑΧΗ [α], ἡ, a battle, fight, combat; properly an
engagement between armies, but also, a single combat;

μαχην νικᾶν to win a battle; but μάχη νικᾶν τινά
to conquer one in battle. II. a quarrel, strife,

wrangling.

III. an amicable contest, as for a
prize in the games. IV. a mode of fighting, way

of battle. V. a field of battle. Hence

μαχήμων, ὄν, gen. ὄνος, warlike.

μαχητῆς, οὔ, ὁ, (μάχη) a fighter, warrior; as Adj.
warlike. Hence

μαχητικός, ἡ, ὄν, οἱ or οἱ, fighting, pugnacious.

μάχιμος, ἡ, ὄν, (μάχη) disposed for battle, warlike:
οἱ μαχιμοὶ or τὸ μαχιμον the soldiery, the effective

force.

μαχίμωδης, ἐς, (μάχιμος, εἶδος) warlike, conten-
tious.

μαχλάς, ἄδος, poet. fem. of μάχλος.

ΜΑΧΛΟΣ, ὄν, lewd, lustful: wanton. Hence

μαχλοσύνη, ἡ, lewdness, lust, wantonness.

μαχναίωτο, Ion. for μάχοντο, 3 pl. opt

II. Aeol. form

μάχομαι Ion. μαχέσθαι [α], Ep. part. μαχεύμενος
and μαχεύμενος: fut. μαχέσσομαι Ep. μαχέσσομαι or
μαχίσσομαι Att. μαχούμαι: aor. 1 ἐμαχεσάμην, Ep.
inf. μαχέσασθαι or μαχίσσασθαι: pf. μεμάχημαι:
Dep.: (μάχη):—to fight, contend in battle; c. dat.
pers. to fight with, i. e. against; but, σὺν τινι with
the sanction of; κατὰ σφέας μάχεσθαι to fight by
themselves: but, καθ' ἑνα μάχεσθαι to fight one
against one, in single combat. I. generally, to

quarrel, wrangle, dispute: hence, to oppose, with-
stand one.

III. to contend for the prize in the

games: to measure oneself with.

ΜΑΨ, Adv. in vain, idly, fruitlessly; μᾶψ ὁδοῦσαι
to swear lightly, vainly. II. thoughtlessly,

rashly, indecorously.

μαψ-αὔρα, ὄν, αἱ, (μάψ, αὔρα) squalls, gusts of wind.

μαψίδιος, ὄν, (μάψ) vain, false, idle, useless. Hence

μαψίδιος, Adv., = μᾶψ foolishly, thoughtlessly: with-
out reason: recklessly.

μαψι-λόγος, ὄν, (μάψ, λέγω) idly talking.

μαψι-τόκος, ὄν, (μάψ, τεκεῖν) bringing forth in
vain.

μαψ-ὑλάκᾱς, ὄν, ὁ, (μάψ, ὑλακᾱ) idly yelling, re-
peating again and again. [αδ]

*ΜΑΩ, a Root, only used in pf. act. and in
Med.:

I. μέμα, pf. with pres. sense, 3 pl. με-
μάσσι, often in the syncopate forms, dual μεμάσιν,

μεμάμεν, μεμάτε; 3 sing. imperat. μεμάτω [α]; 3 pl.
plupf. μεμάσαν; but most often in part. μεμαῖος, με-

μαῖνᾱ, μεμαῖος, μεμαῖος, but also μεμαῖος, μεμαῖ-
ότε:—to strive after, long for, desire eagerly, mostly

c. inf. also absol., πρόσσω μεμαῖνᾱ pressing for-
ward; μεμαῖος ἐγχείρῃσι pressing forward with
their spears. 2. to wish or claim to be. II.

Med., μάομαι, μῶμαι, part. μῶμενος, inf. μῶσθαι, im-
perat. μῶεο, to seek after, covet.

μέ, enclit. acc. of ἐγώ.

μεγά, neut. of μέγας.

μεγά-θαρσής, ἐς, (μέγας, θάρσος) very bold.

μεγάθος, Ion. for μέγεθος.

μεγά-θύμος, ὄν, (μέγας, θυμός) big-minded, mag-
nanimous.

μεγαίρω, aor. 1 ἐμέγηρα, (μέγας) to look on a thing
as too great: hence, to grudge a thing to another as

too great for him, and generally, to refuse or deny,
withhold from envy: to object, complain.

μεγά-κῆτης, ἐς, (μέγας, κῆτος) huge, unwieldy.

μεγα-κλής, ἐς, declined (as if from μεγακλής) με-
γακλῆος, -έτι, -έα, -έες, cf. εὐκλεῆς: (μέγας, κλῆος):

—very famous. 2. pr. n. of several of the family
of the Alcmaeonidae at Athens.

μεγά-κῦδος, ἐς, (μέγας, κύδος) much renowned.

μεγάλα, neut. pl. of μέγας.

μεγάλ-ἀνορία, μεγάλη-ἀνωρ, Dor. for μεγαλην-.

μεγάλ-αυχία, f. ἡσω, (μέγας, αὐχέω) to boast bigly,
speak boastfully:—Med. to boast oneself.

μεγάλ-αυχητός and μεγάλη-αυχος, ὄν, (μέγας, αὐ-
χέω) very boastful, vaunting, arrogant.

μεγαλειος, α, ον, (μέγας) magnificent, splendid: of men, *haughty*. Hence

μεγαλειότης, ητος, ή, grandeur, splendour, majesty.

μεγαλῶς, Adv. of μεγαλειος, magnificently.

μεγαληγορέω, f. ήσω, (με-ναλήγορος) to talk big, boast. Hence

μεγαληγορία, ή, big talking.

μεγαλήγορος, ον, (μέγας, ἀγορεύω) talking big, vaunting, boastful.

μεγαληγορία, ή, manliness courage. 2. in bad sense, *haughtiness*. From

μεγαλήνωρ, ορος, δ, ή, (μέγας, ἀνήρ) heroic, big-minded. 2. in bad sense, *haughty*.

μεγαλήτωρ, ορος δ, ή, (μέγας, ήτωρ) great-bearded: magnanimous.

μεγαλλίζω, (μέγας) to magnify:—Pass. to be exalted, to bear oneself haughtily.

μεγαλογνωμοσύνη, ή, loftiness of sentiment. From μεγαλό-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέγας, γνώμη) of lofty sentiments, big-minded.

μεγαλό-δοξος, ον, (μέγας, δόξα) very glorious.

μεγαλοδωρία, ή, munificence, liberality. From

μεγαλό-δωρος, ον, (μέγας, δῶρον) making rich presents: munificent.

μεγάλο-οιτος, ον, (μεγας, οϊτος) very wretched.

μεγαλό-κευθής, ές, (μέγας, κεύθω) concealing much: hence *capacious*.

μεγαλό-κράτης, ές, (μέγας, κράτος) far-ruling.

μεγαλό-μητις, ι, (μέγας, μήτις) of big design, ambitious.

μεγάλο-μισθος, ον, (μέγας, μισθός) receiving large pay.

μεγάλο-πετρος, ον, (μέγας, πέτρα) on the vast rock.

μεγάλο-πολις, ι, gen. ιος Att. εως, (μέγας, πόλις) joined with the name of a place, as, Ἀθῆναι μεγαλοπόλις the great city of Athens.

μεγάλο-πράγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέγας, πρᾶγμα) disposed to do great deeds, forming great designs.

μεγαλοπρέπεια, ή, splendour, magnificence. From

μεγάλο-πρεπής, ές, (μέγας, πρέπω) befitting greatness: magnificent, splendid, sumptuous. Hence

μεγαλοπρεπῶς Ion. —έως, Adv. magnificently: Comp. μεγαλοπρεπέστερον, Sup. —έστατα.

μεγάλος, v. μέγας.

μεγάλο-σθενής, ές, (μεγας, σθένος) of great strength.

μεγάλο-σπλάγχχνος, ον, (μέγας, σπλάγχχνον) big-hearted.

μεγάλο-στονος, ον, (μέγας, στένω) very piteous.

μεγαλοσύνη, ή, = μέγεθος.

μεγάλο-σχήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέγας, σχήμα) of large form, magnificent.

μεγάλο-τολμος, ον, (μέγας; τόλμα) greatly daring, enterprising, adventurous.

μεγαλόφρωνος, Adv. of μεγαλόφρων, generously, proudly.

μεγαλόφρονέω, f. ήσω, (μεγαλόφρων) to be big-minded: in bad sense, to be proud, haughty. Hence

μεγαλόφροσύνη, ή, greatness of mind: in bad sense, pride, *haughtiness*.

μεγάλο-φρων, ονος, δ, ή, (μέγας, φρήν) big-minded, noble, generous: in bad sense, proud, *haughty*.

μεγαλόφονία, ή, big talking, vaunting. From

μεγάλο-φωνος, ον, (μέγας, φωνή) loud-talking.

μεγαλόψυχία, ή, greatness of soul, magnanimity: in bad sense, arrogance. From

μεγάλο-ψυχος, ον, (μέγας, ψυχή) big-souled, great-bearded, magnanimous.

μεγαλύνω, (μέγας) to make great or powerful:—Pass. to be exalted. II. to extol, magnify.

to exaggerate or aggravate a crime.

μεγαλ-ώνυμος, ον, (μέγας, όνομα) giving a great name, conferring glory.

μεγάλως, Adv. of μέγας, greatly.

μεγάλωστί, Adv. of μέγας, over a large space: greatly, hugely: also magnificently.

μεγάλωσύνή, ή, (μέγας), greatness.

μέγαν, acc. masc. of μέγας.

μέγαν-άνωρ, ορος, δ, ή, (μέγας, ἀνήρ) manly, heroic. [α]

Μέγαρα, ον, τά, Megara:—Μεγαρεύς, έως, δ, ο Megarian. Hence

Μεγαρόβω, f. low Att. ώ, to take part with the Megarians, speak their dialect: cf. Λακωνίζω.

Μεγαρόκως, ή, όν, (Μέγαρα) Megarian.

Μεγαρίς, ίδος, fem. Adj. Megarian:—as Subst. (sub. γής), the Megarian territory, Megarid.

Μεγαρόθεν, Adv. (Μέγαρα) from Megara: and

Μεγαροί, Adv. at Megara.

μεγάρον, τό, (μέγας) a large room or chamber, the ball

2. a woman's apartment 3. a bed-chamber. II. a house, mansion, mostly like Lat.

aedes, a house in plur. III. the sacred chamber in the temple at Delphi, the sanctuary, shrine: in this sense

always in sing., like Lat. aedes, a temple. Hence

μεγαρόνδε, Adv. homewards, home.

ΜΕΤΑΨ, μεγάλη [α], μέγα: gen. μεγαλου, ης, ον: dat. μεγάλω, η, φ, acc. μέγα, μεγάλην, μέγα:

dual μεγάλα, α, ον: plur. μεγάλοι, αι, α, etc., like a regul. Adj. in ον: but the regul. form ΜΕΤΑΛΟΞ is never used in sing. nom. and acc. masc. and neut.

large, big, great:—hence, I. great, vast, tall. 2. spacious, wide. 3. long. II. of degree, great, powerful, mighty: weighty, important. 2. strong, violent. 3. of sounds, loud. 4. in bad sense, over-great, excessive: μέγα φρονεῖν to have too big, presumptuous thoughts. III. besides the Adv. μεγάλως and μεγαλωστί, the neut. sing. and pl. μέγα and μεγάλα are used as Adv., very much, exceedingly. 2. of Space, far. 3. with

Adjs., far, μέγ' ἀμείνων, far better. IV. Comp. μέζων, neut. μέζον, gen. μέζονος; in Ion. prose μέζων, ον: Dor. μέζον, Boeot. μέζων: greater, larger: also too great, more than enough.—Sup. μέγιστος, η, ον, greatest, largest.

μεγα-σθενής, ές, (μέγας, σθένος) very mighty.

μεγα-αυχής, ές, (μέγας, αὐχέω) vaunting, braggart.

μέγεθος Ion. μέγαθος, εος, τό, (μέγας) *greatness, height: magnitude, bulk, size; μεγάθει συμκρῶς small in size: μεγάθει μέγας large in size*—the acc. μέγαθος is used absol. as Adv., in size, or like μεγάλας, greatly, λάμποντες μέγαθος shining greatly: so too in pl., ποταμοὶ οὐ κατὰ τὸν Νεῖλον ἔοντες μεγάθρα rivers not bearing any proportion to the Nile in size.

μέγῆρας, aor. I part. of μεγαῖραι.
μεγ-ῆρατος, ον, (μέγας, ἐρατός) *passing lovely*.
μεγιστᾶνες, οί, (μέγιστος) *the nobles, chief men*.
μεγιστό-πολις, ι, gen. ιος Att. εως, (μέγιστος, πόλις) *making cities greatest or most blest*.
μέγιστος, η, ον, Sup. of μέγας.
μεγιστό-τιμος, ον, (μέγιστος, τιμή) *greatest in honour*.

μέδων, οντος, δ, = μέδω, *one that cares for or rules, a guardian, ruler, of guardian gods; Ἰδῆεν μέδων guardian of Ida*, 2. fem. μέδουσα, = μέδουσα, *always of guardian goddesses: ruling, presiding over*. Properly the part. of an old Verb, μέδω, to rule.

μεθήσομαι, fut. of μέδομαι.
ΜΕΔΙΜΝΟΣ, δ, Ion. also ἥ, *the medimnus or common Attic corn-measure, containing 6 ἔκτεϊς, 48 χοί- νικες, and 192 κοτύλαι, = 6 Roman modii = nearly 12 gallons*.

ΜΕΔΟΜΑΙ, fut. μεθήσομαι: Dep.: *to give heed to, attend to, think on; c. gen., πολέμοιο μέδεσθαι, to be thinking of, preparing for battle*. II. *to plan, contrive or devise*.

μέδουσα, fem. of μέδω, like μέδουσα, *a ruler: hence as name of the Gorgon, Medusa*.

μέδων, οντος, δ, *one who rules over: a guardian, lord*. Properly part. of an old Verb μέδω, to rule.

μέγεια, ον, τά, = μήδεα, *the genitals*.

μεζόνως, Ion. Adv. of μέζων.

μέζων, ον, Ion. for μεῖζων, Comp. of μέγας.

μεθ-αιρέω, aor. 2 μεθείλον Ion. μεθέλεσκον:—*to catch in turn*.

μεθ-άλλομαι: Ep. syncop. aor. 2 part. pass. μετάλ- λεναι:—*to leap or rush upon*. II. *to rush after, overtake*.

μεθ-ἄμειρος, Dor. for μεθ-ημέριος.

μεθ-αρμόζω, f. σῶ: aor. I μεθήρμωσα:—*to dispose differently, to correct, reform*:—Med., with pf. pass. μεθήρμωσμαι, *to alter one's way of life; μεθάρμωσαι* [aor. I imperat.] νέους τρόπους ἀδοξῇ new habits.

μεθήκα, Ep. for μεθήκα, aor. I of μεθήμι.

μεθείην, aor. 2 opt. of μεθήμι.

μεθείλον, aor. 2 of μεθαίρω.

μεθαίνει, μεθείς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of μεθ-ἔμμι.

μεθείω, Ep. for μεθεῖω, μεθῶ, aor. 2 subj. of μεθήμι.

μεθεκτέον, verb. Adj. of μετέχω, *one must share in*.

μεθέλκε, Ion. for μεθείς, 3 sing. aor. 2 of μεθαίρω.

μεθίμην, Ep. for μεθεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of μεθήμι.

μεθῆν, Dor. for ἐμῆν = ἐμοῦ, gen. of ἐγώ.

μεθέξομαι, fut. of μετέχω.

μεθ-έπω, impf. μεθείπον Ep. μέθεπον: fut. μεθέψω: poet. aor. 2 μετέσπον, inf. μετασπεῖν, part. μετασπών: aor. 2 med. μετεσπόμην:—*to follow after, follow closely, bard upon, chase, Lat. insequi*. 2. *to seek or search after*. 3. *to visit*. 4. metaph. *to manage, dispose; ἄχθος μεθέπον disposing a burden on his back*. II. trans., Τυδείδην μέθεπεν ἵππους *he turned the horses in pursuit of* Tydides.

μεθ-ερμηνεύω, f. σῶ, to translate.

μεθίστηκα, pf. of μεβίστημι.

μέθη, ἥ, (μέθυ) *strong drink*. II. *drunkenness*.

μεθήκα, aor. I of μεθήμι.

μεθ-ήκω, to have come in quest of.

μεθ-ημαι, properly pf. of μεθ-έξομαι, to be seated among.

μεθ-ημερίως, ἥ, ὅν, (μετά, ἡμέρα) *happening by day, in open day-light, Lat. diurnus*.

μεθ-ημέριος, ον, = μεθημερινός.

μεθημοσύνη, ἡ, remissness, carelessness. From

μεθ-ήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μεθήμι) *remiss, careless*.

μεθ-ήρμωσμαι, pf. pass. (in med. sense) of μεθ-αρμόζω.

μεθησέμεναι, μεθησέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of μεθήμι.

μεθην, Ep. for μεθείσαν, 3 pl. impf. of μεθήμι. [X]

μεθ-ήμι, inf. μεθεῖναι part. μεθείς: fut. μεθήσω:

aor. I μεθήκα Ep. μεθήκα: aor. 2 inf. μεθεῖναι part.

μεθείς:—Med. μεθίμαι: f. μεθήσομαι: 3 sing. aor. 2

μεθείτω, inf. μεθεῖσθαι.—Homer uses 2 and 3 sing.

pres. μεθείς, μεθείς (as if from μεθίω), Ep. inf. μεθ-

είμεν, μεθείμεναι: 2 and 3 sing. impf. μεθείς, μεθείς

(as if from μεθίω), 3 pl. μεθείν (for μεθείσαν): aor. I

μεθήκα and μεθήκα: aor. 2 subj. μεθείω for μεθῶ,

inf. μεθέμεν for μεθεῖναι:—Herodotus has 3 sing.

pres. μετεί (not μετεῖ), and also 3 sing. impf. pass.

μετέτο or ἐμετέτο (for μεθιέτο): fut. pass. μεθή-

σομαι; pf. pass. part. μεμετιμένος (for μεμετιμέ-

νος), I. trans. to set loose, let go, I. c. acc.

pers. to let loose, release: to set or leave at li-

berty. 2. c. acc. rei, to let go, let fall, throw;

μεθιέναι χόλον to let go, give up one's wrath; μεθ-

ιέναι δάκρυα to let tears flow, i.e. shed them; μεθ-

ιέναι γλῶσσαν Περσίδα to let drop, utter Persian

words. 3. to release or relieve from. 4. to give

up, resign: also c. dat. pers. et acc. rei, to give up to

or for another. 5. to neglect, regard lightly. 6.

to forgive, excuse one a fault. II. Med. μεθι-

εῖσθαι, to loose oneself from, let go bold of, παιδεῶν

μεθήσομαι; the Act. takes the acc. to let go, παῖδα

οὐ μεθήσω.

III. intrans. in Act. to relax one's

efforts; in war, to slacken, be lukewarm: generally,

to be remiss or careless, to be idle, loiter. 2. c.

gen. rei, to cease from, abandon: c. gen. pers. to

abandon or neglect one. 3. c. part., κλαύσας καὶ

δδυράμενος μεθέηκε having wept and bewailed he left

off. [I in Att.; Y in Ep., except metri gratia.]

μεθ-ιστάνω, collat. form of μεβίστημι.

μεθ-ιστήμι, I. Causal: in pres. and impf., fut.

μετα-στήσω: aor. I act. μετέστησα and med. -εστη-

σάμην:—to place in another way: to substitute, change.

2. to put away, remove: generally, to remove from one place to another: so too in aor. I med. to remove from oneself.

II. intrans. in Med. and Pass., pres. μεθίσταμαι impf. μεθίσταμην; aor. I μετεστάθην [ᾶ]; and in intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 μετέστην, pf. μεθέστηκα, plpf. μεθεσθήκειν:—to change one's place, withdraw, retire; δαίμων στρατῷ μεθέστηκε fortune bath changed for the army: to go over to another party, to revolt: hence generally to change, either for the better or for the worse.

μεθοδία, ἡ, craft, artifice. From μεθοδεύω, f. σω, (μέθοδος) to work by method: hence to deal craftily with.

μέθ-odos, ἡ, (μετά, ὁδός) a following after: a scientific inquiry or treatise: method, system.

μεθ-ομιλέω, f. ἴσω, to associate with, mix with.

μεθ-όριος, α, ον, (μετά, ὅρος) bordering on, forming a boundary; τὰ μεθόρια (sub. χωρία), the borders, frontier.

μεθ-ορμῶω, f. ἴσω, (μετά, ὁρμῶω) to urge in pursuit:—Pass., aor. I μεθορμήθην, to follow closely, pursue eagerly; μεθορμηθεὶς following close.

μεθ-ορμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to remove ships from one anchorage to another, properly trans., but often intr. with νέας omitted: metaph. to remove from one place to another:—Pass. to sail from one place to another.

ΜΕΘΥ΄, ὅς, τό, wine, Lat. merum.

μεθ-υδρία, ἄδω, ἡ, (μετά, ὕδωρ) of or from the water, epith. of Nymphs.

Μεθ-ύδριον, τό, (μετά, ὕδωρ) a place between waters, a place in the heart of Arcadia, whence the waters ran different ways: cf. Lat. Interamnia.

μεθ-υπιδάξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέθυ, πιδάξ) gushing with wine.

μεθ-υπλήξ, ἡγος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέθυ, πλήσσω) wine-struck, drunken.

μεθ-υποδέομαι, Med. (μετά, υποδέομαι) to change shoes, put on another person's shoes.

μεθύσις, ἡ, (μεθύω) drunkenness.

μεθύσσω, f. ὕσω (ῦ), aor. I ἐμέθυσσα:—Causal of μεθύω, to make drunk with wine, to intoxicate:—Pass., in pres. to get drunk; in aor. I ἐμεθύσθην, to be drunk.

μεθύσο-κότταβος, ον, (μέθυσο, κότταβος) drunk with playing at the κότταβος.

μεθύσος, η, ον, also ος, ον, (μέθυ) drunken.

μεθ-ύστερος, α, ον, later, living after; cf. μεθύστεροι posterity: neut. μεθύστερον as Adv. afterwards, later.

μεθ-υσφαλής, ἐς, (μέθυ, σφαλῆναι) reeling-drunk.

μεθυστής, αῦ, ὁ, (μεθύω) a drunkard.

μεθ-υτρόφος, ον, (μέθυ, τρέφω) producing wine.

μεθύς, only used in pres. and impf., the other tenses being supplied by the Pass. of μεθύσσω: (μέθυ):—to be drunken, be given to drinking. II. metaph. to be drenched, steeped in any liquid. 2. to be intoxicated with passion: to be stupefied with blows.

μεθῶμεν, I pl. aor. 2 εἴβ. of μεθίμην.

μει-ἄγωγία, f. σω, (μεῖον, ἀγαγία) to bring too little; μειαγωγεῖν τὴν τραγῳδίαν τὸ weigh tragedy by scruples, weigh scrupulously: see μειον.

ΜΕΙΔΑ΄Ω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐμείδωσα Ep. μείδωσα:—to smile: for Σαρδάνιον μείδωσαι, see Σαρδάνιος.

Hence

μείδημα and μείδισμα, atos, τό, a smile, smiling.

μειδάω, f. ἴσω [ᾶ], collat. form of μειδάω, to smile.

Ep. part. μειδιδών.

μεῖζωνος, Adv. of μεῖζων, in a greater degree.

μεῖζότερος, later form for μεῖζων.

μεῖζων, ον, irreg. Comp. of μέγας, greater.

μεῖλιαν, Ep. for dat. of μέλις.

μεῖλια, ἴων, τά, (μειλίσσω) anything that pacifies or pleases, bridal gifts, a bridal dowry.

μεῖλιγμα, atos, τό, (μειλίσσω) anything to soothe or gladden; μειλίγματα θυμοῦ sorais to appease hunger.

2. in pl. a propitiation offered to the dead, Lat. inferias.

3. a fondling, darling, Lat. delicias.

4. a soothing song.

μειλικτήριος, ον, (μειλίσσω) able to soothe, propitiatory; μειλικτήρια (sub. ἱερά), τά, atonements.

μειλίνος, η, ον, poet. for μέλινος, ashen.

μειλίσσω, f. ἔω: (μέλι):—to make mild, to soothe, please: to treat kindly: to appease, propitiate:—Pass. to be soothed, grow calm:—Med. to use soothing words; μηδὲ τί μ' αἰδόμενος μειλίσσεο μηδ' ἐλεείρων extenuate not aught from respect or pity.

μειλίχλα Ion. -λη, ἡ, (μειλίχος) mildness, gentleness: but also backwardness, lukewarmness in battle.

μειλίχος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (μειλίσσω) mild, gentle, soothing: in neut. pl., προσαυδᾶν μειλίχοις (sub. ἐπέεσσ.) to address with soothing words: cf. κεπτέμα.

II. of persons, mild, gracious.

μειλίχδ-γῆρυς, υ, (μειλίχος, γῆρυς) soft-voiced.

μειλίχδ-δωρος, ον, (μειλίχος, δῶρον) giving pleasing gifts.

μειλίχος, ον, (μειλίσσω) mild, gentle, kind.

μεῖων, aor. I inf. of μένω.

μεῖων, μέινω, Ep. 3 pl. and sing. aor. I of μένω.

μεῖον, ονος, τό, neut. of μέιον, less, too small.

II. μεῖον, τό, name of the lamb which was offered at the Athenian Apaturia; since, if not of a certain weight, it was rejected as μεῖον, too light: see μειαγωγία.

μειον-εκτέω, f. ἴσω, (μεῖον, ἔχω) to have too little, to be poor: c. gen. rei. to be scant of a thing. Hence μειονεξία, η, disadvantage.

μεῖωνος, Adv. of μέων, in a less degree; μεῖωνος ἔχειν to be too mean.

μεῖωω, f. ὥσω, (μεῖων) to make smaller, lessen, diminish.

2. to lessen in honour, degrade.

3. to extenuate.

II. Pass. to become smaller, to decrease.

2. to become worse or weaker; c. gen. to fall short of.

μεῖρακι-εξαπάτης, ου, ὁ, (μεῖρακιον, ἐξ-απατάω) a boy-cheater. [ᾶ]

μειρακισμός, Dep. (μείραξ) to be a boy: to be idle or mischievous, Lat. adolescenturire.

μειράκιον, τό, Dim. of μείραξ, a lad, stripling.

μειράκιος, Dep. (μείραξ) to be a boy or lad.

μειράκιση, ἡ, Dim. of μείραξ, a little girl.

μειράκιος, ὁ, Dim. of μείραξ, a lad, stripling.

μειράκιον, τό, Dim. of μείραξ, a mere lad.

ΜΕΙΡΑΞ, ὁ, and ἡ, a boy or girl, lad or lass.

ΜΕΙΡΟΜΑΙ: pf. ἐμμορα pass. εἰμαρμαι: Dep. I. in pres. to receive as one's portion or due; c. acc., ἤμισυ μείρο τιμῆς take half the honour as thy due.

II. in pf. ἐμμορα, to have or obtain one's share of a thing; c. gen., ἐμμορε τιμῆς be bath gotten his share of honour.

III. the pf. pass. is used as impers. εἰμαρται, it is allotted or decreed by fate; plqpf. εἰμαρτο it was so decreed:—also in part. εἰμαρμένος, η, on, allotted, decreed; ἡ εἰμαρμένη (sub. ὁρα), that which is allotted, destiny, like πεπωμένη from πεπωται.

μεῖς, ὁ, Ion. and Aeol. for μῆν, a month.

μείωμα, ατος, τό, (μείωω) a diminution: a fine.

μείων, neut. μέιον, gen. μείονος, used as Comp. of μικρός and ὀλίγος.

μελάγ-γατος, on, μελάγ-γαιος, on, and μελάγ-γεως, on, gen. on, (μέλας, γαῖα = γῆ) with black soil, loamy.

μελάγ-κερος, gen. ω, (μέλας, κέρας) black-borned.

μελαγ-κόρυφος, ὁ, (μέλας, κορυφή) with a black head: as Subst., μελαγκύρυνος, ὁ, a bird, the blackcap.

μελάγ-κερκος, on, (μέλας, κρέκω) woven with black: of a ship, with black sails.

μελαγ-χαίτης, on, ὁ, (μέλας, χαίτη) black-haired.

μελάγχεμα, on, τό, dark spots in snow. From μελάγχμιος, on, black, dark. (Formed from μέλας with termination -χμιος, as δυσ-χιμος from δυσ-).

μελαγ-χίτων, onος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, χίτων) with black raiment: hence gloomy, dark-brooding.

μελάγ-χλαινος, on, (μέλας, χλαῖνα) black-cloaked: οἱ Μελάγχχλαιοι a Scythian nation.

μελαγχολῶ, (μελάγχολος) to be jaundiced or melancholy.

μελάγ-χολος, on, (μέλας, χολή) with black bile, jaundiced. II. dipped in black bile.

μελαγ-χροῖης, ἐς, (μέλας, χροιά) = μελάγχρους.

μελάγ-χρους, on, contr. -χρους, on, (μέλας, χροά) black-skinned, sun-burnt, bronzed, swarthy: there is an iteg. nom. pl. μελάγχρους.

μελαγ-χρῶς, ὦτας, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, χρῶς) = μελαγ-χρους.

μελαθρον, τό, (μέλας) the cross-beam or rafter in a room, so called from being blackened with smoke, hence the ceiling: also the projecting beam outside a house, the cornice. II. generally, a roof: in pl., like Lat. tecta, a house.

μελαθρόφιν, ποῖθ, gen. of μελαθρον.

μελαινῶ, f. ανῶ:—Pass., aor. I ἐμελάνθην: pf. μελάνθηναι: (μέλας) = to blacken, make black:—Pass. to grow black or dark, turn black.

μελαμ-βάθης, ἐς, (μέλας, βάθος) deep in darkness.

μελαμ-βάφης, ἐς, (μέλας, βαφήνα) dark-dyed.

μελάμ-βωλος, on, (μέλας, βῶλος) with black soil.

μελαμ-πᾶγης, ἐς, Dor. for μελαμπαγῆς, (μέλας, πᾶγνυμι) black-clothed: generally, black, discoloured.

μελάμ-πεπλος, on, (μέλας, πέπλος) black-robed.

μελαμ-πέταλος, on, (μέλας, πέταλον) dark-leaved.

μελάμ-πτερος, on, (μέλας, πτερόν) black-winged.

μελαμ-φθῆς, ἐς, (μέλας, φάος) with darkness for light.

μελάμ-φυλλος, on, (μέλας, φύλλον) dark-leaved: with dark foliage, dark-wooded.

μελάν, ἄνος, τό, (neut. of μέλας) black dye, ink.

μελάν-αιγίς, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, αἶγίς) with dark aegis.

μελάν-αυγῆς, ἐς, (μέλας, αὐγή) dark-gleaming.

μελάν-δετος, on, (μέλας, δέω) bound or mounted with black: σάκος μελάνδετον an iron-timmed shield.

μελαν-δόκος, on, (μέλαν, δέχομαι) holding ink; κίστη μελανδόκος an ink-stand.

μελάν-δρυν, τό, (μέλας, δρῦς) heart of oak.

μελάν-εἰμων, on, (μέλας, εἶμα) with black raiment.

μελάνει or μελανεῖ, a 3 sing. without any other part of the Verb in use, either to make dark (from μελάνω = μελαινῶ), o. to grow dark (from μελανέω).

μελ-ανθής, ἐς, (μέλας, ἄνθος) with black blossoms: generally, black-coloured.

μελάνια, ἡ, (μέλας) a black cloud.

μελάνδ-ξυς, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, ξύγνυμι) with black benches.

μελάνδ-κάρδιος, on, (μέλας, καρδία) black-bearded.

μελάν-ὀμμῆτος, on, (μέλας, ὀμμα) black-eyed.

μελάνο-νεκτίο-εἰμων, on, gen. onος, (μέλας, νέκυς, εἶμα) clad in black shroud.

μελάνδ-πτερος, on, and μελάνο-πτέρυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, πτερόν, πτέρυξ) black-winged.

μελάν-οστος, on, (μέλας, ὀσς) black-eyed.

μελάν-οστος, for μελάνοστος, on, (μέλας, ὀστέον) black-boned.

μελάν-ουρος, on, fem. μελάν-ουρίς, ἴδος, (μέλας, οὐρά) black-tailed.

μελάνδ-χροος, on, = μελάγχρους.

μελάνδ-χρος, οος, ὁ, ἡ, = μελάγχρους.

μελάν-τειχῆς, ἐς, (μέλας, τεῖχος) with black walls.

μελάντερος, α, on, Comp. of μέλας.

μελάν-τραγῆς, ἐς, (μέλας, τραγεῖν) black when eaten.

μελάν-υδρος, on, (μέλας, ὕδωρ) with black water. [δ]

ΜΕΛΑΨ, Aeol. μέλας, μελαινά, μέλαιν: gen. μέλανος, μελαινῆς, μέλανος; etc.: cf. τάλας:—black, dark, gloomy, dusky, murky.

II. Comp. μελάντερος, α, on.

ΜΕΛΑΩ, only used in pres. to melt, make liquid:—Pass. μέλδομαι, to melt, grow liquid.

μέλε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of μέλω.

μέλε, ὦ μέλε, as a familiar address, my friend, my dear: Ep. vocat., of which no other part remains in use.

μελεδαινώ, (μέλω) to care for, be cumbered or anxious about, c. gen.

II. to tend, attend upon, c. acc. Hence

μελέδμημα, ατος, τό, *care, anxiety, concern*. II. *the thing cared for*. Hence
 μελεδμήμων, ον, gen. ονος, *caring for, anxious about*. II. *busy*.
 μελεδών, ὄνος, ἡ, = μελεδώνη.
 μελεδωνεύς, ὁ, poet. for μελεδωνός.
 μελεδώνη, ἡ, like μελεδών, (μελεδαίνω) *care, sorrow*.
 μελεδωνός, ὁ, and ἡ, (μελεδαίνω) *one who takes care of, a guardian, steward: a keeper or tender*.
 μέλει, impers., see μέλω
 μελεῖσθαι, Adv. (μελεῖσθω) *limb from limb*.
 μελεο-πῶθής, ἐς, (μέλεος, παθεῖν) *suffering misery*.
 μελεο-πόνος, ον, (μέλεος, πόνος) *labouring in misery*.
 μέλεος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (μέλω) *fruitless, vain, empty*: neut. μέλεον as Adv. in vain. 2. *unhappy, wretched*.
 μελεο-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλεος, φρήν) *wretched in mind*.
 μελεσί-πτερος, ον, (μέλος, πτερόν) *singing with its wings*.
 μέλειται, 3 sing. pres. med. of μέλω.
 μελετάω, f. ἥσω:—to *care for*, c. gen. II. c. acc. to *study, prosecute diligently*, Lat. *excolere*: to *court*: to *practise, exercise*; μελετᾶν σοφίαν to *practise wisdom*; also c. dat. rei, μελετᾶν τόῳ to *practise with the bow*: absol. to *practise, exercise oneself*; ἐν τῷ μὴ μελετῶντι (dat. part. for inf.) *by want of practice*: absol. to *take heed, take thought*. 2. c. acc. pers. to *exercise or train one*. From
 μελέτη, ἡ, (μέλομαι) *care, attention* 2. *practice, exercise*. II. *care, anxiety*.
 μελέτημα, ατος, τό, (μελετάω) *a practice, study*.
 μελετηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (μελετάω) *practising diligently*.
 μελετητέον, verb. Adj. of μελετάω, *one must practise*.
 μελέτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (μέλω) *one who cares for, a guardian, avenger*.
 μεληδών, ὄνος, ἡ, = μελεδών, μελεδώνη.
 μέλημα, ατος, τό, (μέλω) *an object of care: a beloved object* II. *a charge, duty: care, anxiety*.
 μελησέμεν, Ep. for μελήσειν, fut. inf. of μέλω.
 μελησίμ-βροτος, ον, (μέλησις, βροτός) *cared for by men*.
 Μελητίδης [Υ], ον, ὁ, proverbial name at Athens for a blockhead, as if patronym. from Μέλητος.
 ΜΕΛ'ΑΙ, ἴτος, τό, Lat. MEL, *boney*.
 μέλια Ion. -λή, ἡ, the ash, Lat. *fraxinus*: from its toughness it was used for spears II. a *spear*
 μελι-βόας, ὁ, (μέλι, βοή) *with boney-tone*.
 μελι-βρομος, ον, (μέλι, βρέμω) *boney-toned*.
 μελι-ῥουπος, ον, (μέλι, ρουπέω) *sweet-sounding*.
 μελι-γυρνος Dor. -γυρνος, υος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλι, γήρως) *boney-voiced, musical*.
 μελι-γλωσσος, ον, (μέλι, γλῶσσα) *boney-tongued*.
 μέλιγμα, ατος, τό, (μελίω) *song: a pipe*.
 μελίξω Dor. μελίσδω, (μέλος) *to modulate, warble, play*: so also in Med., with Dor. fut. μελίξομαι 2. *trans. to sing of, celebrate in song*.

μελι-ῥήθς, ἐς, (μέλι, ῥήθς) *boney-sweet: metaphorical sweet to the soul, pleasing*.
 μελί-θρεπτος, ον, (μέλι, τρέφω) *boney-fed*.
 μελί-θροος, ον, contr. -θρουε, ον, (μέλι, θροεῖα) *sweet-sounding*.
 μελί-κηρον, τό, (μέλι, κηρός) *a boneycomb*.
 μελί-κομπος, ον, (μέλι, κομπέω) *sweet-sounding*.
 μελί-κράτος Ion. -κρήτος, ον, (μέλι, κεράννυμι) *mixed with boney*: μελί-κρητον Att. -κράτον, τό, *a drink of boney and milk offered as a libation*.
 μελικτής, οὔ, Dor. μελικτάς, ἄ, ὁ, (μελίξω) *a singer, player, esp. a flute-player*.
 μελί-λωτον, τό, also μελί-λωτος, ο, (μέλι, λωτός) *melilot, a kind of clover, so called from the quantity of honey it contained*.
 ΜΕΛΙΝΗ, ἡ, *millet*, Lat. *panicum*: in pl. *millet fields*. [Υ]
 μέλινος Ep. μέλινος, η, ον, (μελία) *ashen*, Lat. *fraxineus*.
 Μελίνο-φάγοι, οἱ, (μελίνη, φάγεῖν) *the Millet-eaters*, name of a Thracian tribe.
 μελί-παις, παιδος, ὁ and ἡ, (μέλι, παῖς) *with boney-children*, epith. of the bee-hive.
 μελί-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνουε, ον, (μέλι, πνέω) *boney-breathing, sweet-breathing*.
 μελίρ-ροος, ον, (μέλι, ῥέω) *flowing with boney*.
 μελίρ-ῥυτος, ον, = μελίρροος.
 μελίσδω, Dor. for μελίξω: μελίσδεν, Dor. inf.
 μέλισμα, ατος, τό, (μελίξω) *a song, chant: a tune*.
 μέλισσα Att. μέλιττα, ης, ἡ, (μέλι) *a bee*. 2. *a priestess of Delphi*. II. *boney itself*.
 μελίσσειος, not μελίσσιος, α, ον, (μέλισσα) *of, belonging to bees*; μελίσσειον κηρίον *a boneycomb*
 μελίσσο-βοτος, ον, (μέλισσα, βόσκω) *fed on by bees*.
 μελίσσο-νόμος, ον, (μέλισσα, νέμω) *keeping bees*. II. (μέλισσα 1. 2) *a priestess*.
 μελίσσο-πόνος, ον, (μέλισσα, πονέω) *tending bees*.
 μελίσσο-σός, ον, (μέλισσα, σούς) *guardian of bees*.
 μελίσσο-τοκος, ον, (μέλισσα, τεκεῖν) *produced by bees, honied*.
 μελίσσο-τρόφος, ον, (μέλισσα, τρέφω) *feeding bees*.
 μελισσών Att. μελιττών, ὄνος, ὁ, (μέλισσα) *a bee-house, apiary*.
 μελι-στάγης, ἐς, (μέλι, σταγῆναι) *dropping boney*.
 μελί-στακτος, ον, = μελιστάγης.
 μελίτεια, ἡ, (μέλι) *a herb, baulm*, Lat. *apistrum*.
 μελί-τερπής, ἐς, (μέλι, τέρπω) *boney-sweet*.
 Μελητίδης, false form for Μελητίδης.
 μελίτρεψ, εσσα, εν, (μέλι) *bonied, sweet*. II. *made of boney*: as Subst., μελιτρέσσα Att. μελιτούττα (sub. μάζα), ἡ, *a boney-cake*.
 μελιτο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (μέλι, πωλέω) *a dealer in boney*.
 μελιτούττα, γ. μελιτοεις.
 μελίττω, f. ὥσω, (μέλι) *to sweeten with boney*.
 μέλιττα, ἡ, Att. for μέλισσα, *a bee*.
 μελίττιον, τό, Dim. of μέλιττα, *a small bee*.
 μελιττο-τρόφος, Att. for μελισσο-

μελιττ-ουργός, -ουργέω, -ουργία, ἡ, Att. for μελισσ-.

μελιτ-ώδης, ες, (μέλος, εἶδος) like honey.

μελιτωμα, ατος, τό, (μελιτώω) a honey-cake. [γ]

μελι-φθογγος, ον, (μέλι, φθογγή) honey-voiced, sweet-toned, homied.

μελι-φρων, ονος, ό, ἡ, (μέλι, φρήν) sweet to the mind, delicious.

μελι-φурτος, ον, (μέλι, φύρω) mixed with honey.

μελι-χλωρος, ον, (μέλι, χλωρός) yellow or pale as honey, tawny.

μελι-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ουν, (μέλι, χρώα) honey-coloured, tawny.

μελιχρ-ώδης, ες, (μελίχρους, εἶδος) yellow as honey.

μελι-χρος, ωτος, ό, ἡ, (μέλι, χρώς) = μελίχρους.

μελλημα, ατος, τό, (μέλλω) a delay: in pl. delays.

μέλλησα, Ep. for έμέλλησα, aor. I of μέλλω.

μέλλησις, ἡ, (μέλλω) a being about to do, intending or threatening to do: an intention. II. an unfulfilled intention, a delaying, delay.

μελλητέον, verb. Adj. of μέλλω, one must delay.

μελλητής, ού, ό, (μέλλω) a delayer.

μελλό-γᾶμος, ον, (μέλλω, γαμέω) betrothed.

μελλο-δειπνικός, ἡ, όν, (μέλλω, δείπνον) played at the beginning of dinner, of music.

μελλο-νικιάω, (μέλλω, νικάω) to put off conquering; with a pun upon the name of Nicias.

μελλό-νυμφος, ον, (μέλλω, νύμφη) about to be wedded: also, in wider sense, whoever is of marriageable age.

ΜΕΛΛΩ, impf. έμελλον: fut. μελήσω: aor. I έμέλλησα: in Att. the augm. is doubled, ήμελλον, ήμέλλησα:—to be on the point of doing, to be about to do or suffer: hence to intend, design, purpose. II. to be fated, destined to do; τὰ οὐ τελείσθαι έμελλον which were not destined to be accomplished. 2. to be likely, to be certain, often best rendered by must:

μέλλω που απέχρεσθαι διτ πατρί I must be that I am hated by father Zeus. 3. to mark a probability;

τὰ δέ μέλλετ' άκούμεν you are likely to have heard of it; όθι που μέλλουσιν άριστοι βουλάς βουλευέιν where the best are likely to be holding counsel. III. to be always going to do, meaning to do, without doing: hence to delay, put off, hesitate, scruple. IV.

μέλλω often stands without its infin., and so seems to govern an acc., which depends on the inf. omitted; ό τι μέλλετε [sc. πράττειν] εύθις πράττετε, what you are about [to do], do quickly: the part. μέλλων is also used so, as ό μέλλων χρόνος the future time; ή μέλλουσα αύτου δύναμις his future power: esp. in neut., τὸ μέλλον, τὰ μέλλοντα things to come, the issue, result.

μελλά, ούς, ἡ, poet. for μέλλησις.

μελογραφός, ἡ, song-writing. From

μελο-γράφος, ον, (μέλος, γράφω) writing songs.

μελοποιέω, f. ήσω, (μελοποιός) to make lyric poems.

μελοποιητής, ού, ό, = μελοποιός.

μελο-ποιός, όν, (μέλος, ποιέω) making lyric poems: as Subst., μελοποιός, ό, a lyric poet.

ΜΕΛΟΣ, εος, τό, a limb; κατὰ μέλα limb by limb. II. a song, strain; plur. μέλη, lyric poetry, choral songs. 2. the music to which a song is set, an air, melody.

μελο-τύπτω, f. ήσω, (μέλος, τύπτω) to strike up a strain, chant.

μέληθρον, τό, (μέλω) the song and dance, festivity, sport; μέληθρα κύνων a sport for dogs.

Μελπομένη, ἡ, Melpoméné, the Songstress, the Muse of Tragedy. From

μέλω, f. ψω: aor. I έμελψα: (μέλος):—to sing, celebrate. 2. intr. to sing. II. so also μέλ-

πομαι, fut. -ψομαι, as Dep.; μέλπεσθαι κιθαρίζω to sing to the harp; μέλπεσθαι to dance in honour of Mars, i. e. to fight bravely. 2. c. acc. to sing, celebrate.

μελύδριον, τό, Dim. of μέλος, a ditty.

ΜΕΛΩ, fut. μελήσω:—to be an object of care or thought; πᾶσι μέλω I am a care to all. 2. mostly in 3 sing. μέλει, impf. έμελε, fut. μελήσει, pres. and fut. inf. μέλειν and μελήσειν:—something is a care to me, an object of thought, anxiety, Lat. curae est mihi; of a pursuit, μέλει μοι πόλεμος war is a care to me: so in inf., σοι χρή τάδε μέλει it is right that these things should be a care to thee. 3. μέλει is often impers.; μέλει μοι τοῦδε there is a care to me for this, I care for this. II. pres. and fut. Med.

μέλεται, μελήσεται, are also used in 3 sing. for μέλει, μελήσει; as έμοι δέ κε τὰτα μελήσεται but these things shall be my care. 2. pf. act. έμέμηλε with pres. sense, for Att. μεμέληκε, and the plqpf. μεμήλει, with impf. sense, to be a care, be thought of; μεμηλότα έργα carefully tended works. 3. Ep. pf. and plqpf. pass. μέμβλεται, έμβλετο, shortd. for μεμέληται, έμεμέλητο, also occur in pres. and impf. sense; ή νύ τοι οὐκεί μεμβλετ' Άχιλλεύς surely Achilles is no longer a care to thee; μέμβλετο ό τείχος the wall was a care to him.

III. the Act. μέλω, Med. μέλομαι are also found in trans. sense, to care for, take care of, tend, c. gen., μέλειν βροτών to take care of mortals; so in pf. part., πολέμοιο μεμηλώς busied with war: also in aor. I pass. μεληθῆναι, to care for, take care of.

μελωδέω, f. ήσω, (μελωδός) to sing. Hence

μελωδία, ἡ, a singing.

μελωδός, όν, (μέλος, ψή) singing, musical.

μεμάς, pf. of *μάς: 3 pl. μεμάσι.

μεμάσθηκα [μά], pf. of μαθήνω.

μεμάκναι, Ep. pf. part. fem. of μακάομαι.

μέμαμεν. Ep. for μεμάομεν, 1 pl. pf. of *μάω.

μεμύνημαι [μά], pf. of μαινομαι, formed as if from *μανόμαι.

μεμᾶοτες, pf. part. pl. of *μάω.

μεμᾶοτες [μά], 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 opt. of μάρπτω.

μεμαρπώς, pf. part. of μάρπτω.

μεμάτε, Ep. for μεμάετε, 2 pl. pf. of *μάω.

μέμαχα, pf. of μάσσω.
μεμᾶως, μεμᾶνία, pf. part. of *μάω: μεμαῶτες, μεμαῶτας, lengthd. for μεμαότες, μεμαότας, nom. and acc. plur.

μέμβλεται, μέμβλετο, Ep. for μεμέλνται, ἐμμέλντο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of μέλω.

μέμβλωκα, pf. of. βλώσσω.

μεμβρόνα, ἡ, Lat. membrāna, a parchment, skin.

ΜΕΜΒΡΑΨ, ἄδος, ἡ, a small kind of anchovy. [ἄ]

μεμέληκα, pf. of μέλω.

μεμένηκα, pf. of μένω.

μεμετιμένος, Ion. for μεθειμένος, pf. pass. part. of μεθίημι.

μεμηκώς, pf. part. of μηκάομαι.

μεμήλε, Ep. 3 sing. pf. of μέλω, with pres. sense,

also μεμήλει, plqpf. with impf. sense.

μέμηνα, pf. of μαίνομαι.

μεμηχνημένος, Adv. pf. part. of μηχανάομαι, craftily, by stratagem.

μεμίσμαι, pf. pass. of μαίνω.

μεμίγμα, pf. pass. of μίγνυμι: inf. μεμίχθαι.

μεμῆμένος, Dor. pf. part. of μμνήσκω.

μῆνεο, Ion. pf. pass. imperat. of μμνήσκω.

μεμῆστο, Ion. for μέμνηστο, 3 pl. pf. opt. pass. of μμνήσκω.

μῆννμαι, pf. pass. of μμνήσκω, inf. μμνήσθαι.

μῆννμην, μῆννμην, pf. opt. pass. of μμνήσκω.

μῆννηστέμενος, pf. part. pass. of μμνηστέω.

μῆννμαι, pf. subj. pass. of μμνήσσομαι.

Μῆνων, ὁ, δ, (μένω) Memnon, properly the Resolute.

μῆνδλγικα, -σμαι, pf. act. and pass. of μολύβο.

μέμονα, poet. and Ion. pf. with pres. sense, without

any pres. in use: (*μάω):—to wish, long, yearn, strive; διχθὰ δέ μοι κραδίη μέμονε my heart longs with a twofold wish.

μεμδρῆται, poet. 3 sing. pf. pass. of μέρομαι.

μεμоруγμένος, pf. part. pass. of μоруσσω.

μεμούνωμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of μоруώ.

μεμπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (μέμφομαι) to be blamed, blameworthy, contemptible.

II. act. blaming, bearing a grudge against.

μέμῦκα, pf. of μμκόμαι: also of μύω.

ΜΕΜΦΟΜΑΙ, fut. μέμφομαι: aor. 1 med. ἐμεμψάμην, pass. ἐμεμψθην: Dep.:—to blame, upbraid, reproach, find fault with, c. acc. pers. or rei; c. gen. rei, to complain of a thing; c. acc. rei et gen. pers., δ μάλιστα μέμφομαι ἡμῶν which is the chief complaint they make against us.

II. c. dat. pers. et acc. rei, to object a thing to another: reproach him with it: c. dat. pers. to find fault with.

μεμψί-μοιρος, ὄν, (μέμφομαι, μοίρα) complaining of one's fate, repining, discontented.

μέμψις, εὖς, ἡ, (μέμφομαι) a blaming, reproach, reproof.

2. a complaint.

MEN, conjunctive Particle, used to distinguish the word or clause with which it stands from something that is to follow, and commonly answered by δέ in the corresponding clause. Generally, μέν and δέ

may be expressed by on the one hand . . , on the other: as well . . as, while; μέν, like δέ, can never stand first in a clause: μέν is not always answered by δέ, but by other Particles, as by ἀλλά, ἀτάρ, ἔπειτα, αὐτε, αὖτις; also by μένοι, εἴτα. Μέν is often found without δέ expressed, as, ὥς μὲν λέγουσι as they say, (but as I do not believe). Μέν was orig. the same as μήν, and ἡ μέν is retained in Ion. for ἡ μήν as a form of protestation.

II. μέν before other Particles:

1. μέν ἀρα, Ep. μέν βα, accordingly, and so.

2. μέν γε or μέν . . γε, yet at least, certainly, Lat. certe.

3. μέν δὴ however.

4. μέν οὖν or μῶν, Lat. imo vero, ay indeed: rather, nay rather:

so too, μέν οὖν γε or μῶν, yea rather.

5. μέν τοι Ep., Att. μέντοι, certainly, at any rate.

b. to recall what has gone before, now.

c. to mark an objection, or exception, yet, however, still, nevertheless.

μεναίχμης, ὄν, δ, (μένω, αἰχμή) sustaining the fight, resolute, unflinching.

μενεαῖω, only used in pres. and impf., (μένος) to desire earnestly, to be bent on doing: c. gen., μενεαῖωιν μάχης to long for battle.

II. to be angry, rage, be furious:—to be convulsed in death.

μεν-έγγης, ες, (μένω, έγγος) steadfast in fight.

μενε-δῆιος, ὄν, (μένω, δῆιος) standing one's ground against the enemy, staunch, unflinching.

μενεθᾶμεν, Ep. 1 pl. aor. I of μενεαῖω.

Μενέ-λαος, Att. Μενέλεως Dor. Μενέλας, ὁ, pr n.

(μένω, λαός) Menelaus, i. e. withstanding men.

μενε-πτόλεμος, ὄν, (μένω, πόλεμος) staunch in battle, steadfast, resolute.

Μενεστέας, εὖς, Ion. ἦος, δ, (μένω) Menestheus, i. e.

the Abider.

μενετίον, verb. Adj. of μένω, one must abide.

μενετός, ἡ, ὄν, (μένω) standing one's ground, steadfast: also patient, long-suffering; οἱ καιροὶ οὐ μενετοὶ opportunities will not wait.

μενε-φύλοπις, εὖς, δ, ἡ, (μένω, φύλοπις) = μενεπτόλεμος. [δ]

μενε-χάρμης, ὄν, δ, and μενέ-χαρμος, ὄν, (μένω, χάρμη) staunch in battle, resolute.

μενο-εἰκής, ες, (μένος, εἰκός from εἰκος) suited to the desires, satisfying, plentiful: generally, agreeable, pleasant, suiting one's taste.

μενοινάω, f. ἦσω: Ep. impf. μενοίνεον: Ep. pres. μενοινάω, 3 sing. μενοινά: Ep. aor. 1 μενοίνησα, 3 sing. opt. μενοινήσει: (μενοινή):—to desire eagerly, long for, to strive for.

2. to purpose, intend.

μενοινή, ἡ, eager desire.

μενοινάω, Ep. for μενοινάω.

ΜΕΝΟΣ, εὖς, τό, force, strength of body, prowess.

2. of animals, strength, fierceness, spirit.

3. of things, strength, might, force: hence of the blood as giving strength; μέλαν μένος a flow of black blood.

II. spirit, ardour: μένεις, dat. with fury, violently.

2. wish, bent, purpose.

3. generally, temper, disposition.

III. μένος is also used in

periphr. like βίη, ἴς; as ἱερὸν μένος Ἀλκινόοιο the sacred Alcinōus himself.

μενοῦν, μέντοι, etc., γ. sub μέν π. 4, 5.

ΜΕΝΩ: Ion. impf. μένεσκον: fut. μενῶ, Ep. uncontr. μενῶ: aor. ἰ έμεῖνα: pf. μεμένηκα:—to stay, wait, Lat. MANEO: to abide, stand one's ground. 2. to stay at home, tarry. 3. to stay behind, linger, dally.

4. of things, to be lasting, to remain, stand. 5. of condition, to be unchanged, continue, bold good. 6. to abide or stand by an opinion.

II. trans. to await, expect, abide, await steadfastly:—to await for; μένον δ' ἐπὶ ἔσπερον ἔλθειν they waited for evening's coming on: also to watch for.

μερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: Dor. μερίσσω, f. ἴσω: (μερίς):—to divide into parts. II. to divide, distribute:

—Med. to divide among themselves.

μέριμνῶ, ἡ, (μερίς, μερίζω) care, thought: anxious care or thought, trouble, disquietude. II. the thought, mind. Hence

μεριμνῶ, f. ἴσω, to care for, be anxious about, think earnestly upon; πολλά μεριμνᾶν to be cumbered with many cares. Hence

μεριμνημα, ατος, τό, anxious thought, care: and μεριμνητής, οὔ, δ, one who is careful about things. μεριμνο-τόκος, ον, (μέριμνα, τεκεῖν) giving birth to care.

μεριμνο-φροντιστής, οὔ, δ, (μέριμνα, φροντίζω) an over-careful thinker.

μερίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (μέρος) a part, portion, share. II. a part, class: a party, faction, Lat. partes.

μερισμός, δ, (μερίζω) a partition, dividing, distributing.

μεριστής, οὔ, δ, (μερίζω) a divider or distributor.

μεριττής, ον, δ, (μερίς) a partaker. [ἴ]

μέριμος, ον, (μέριμνα) full of care, causing anxiety, mischievous, baneful: neut. pl. μέμερα, mischiefs, troubles. Hence

μέριμνῶ, ἡ, poet. for μέριμνα, care, trouble. Hence μεριμνήζω, f. ἴσω: Ep. aor. ἰ μεριμήριζα:—to be anxious, thoughtful, to ponder, think earnestly: hence, to be perplexed, to hesitate. II. trans. to think of, devise.

ΜΕΡΜΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, a cord, string, rope, line.

μεροπῆτιος, ον, (μέροψ) human.

ΜΕΡΟΣ, εος, τό, a part, share: a portion, heritage, lot. 2. a share in a thing with others, hence, each person's turn; ἐν μέρει in turn; so, ἀνὰ μέρος or κατὰ μέρος in turn, successively; κατὰ τὸ ἐμὸν μέρος as far as concerns me, Lat. pro rata; but τοῦ μὲν or τὸ σὺν μέρος as to me, Lat. quod ad me attinet. 3. ἐν μέρει τινὸς τιθέναι, to put in the class of . . . consider as so and so, like ἐν λόγῳ ποιεῖσθαι, Lat. in numero habere.

μέρ-ου, οπος, δ, (μέρομαι, ὕψ) dividing the voice, i. e. endowed with speech, articulate-speaking, epith. of human beings.

μέζ, Dor. for μέν.

μέσᾱ-βον, τό, (μέσος, βουῖς) a leather strap, by which the yoke was fastened to the pole, Lat. subjugium.

μεσ-ἀγκύλον, τό, (μέσος, ἀγκύλη) a favelin with a thong for throwing it by.

μεσαι-πόλιος, ον, (μέσος, πολίος) poet. for μεσο-πόλιος, half-gray, grizzled, middle-aged.

μεσαίτατος, η, ον, Ion. Sup. of μέσος, the midst, middlemost:—Comp. μεσαίτερος, η, ον, more in the middle.

μέσ-ακτος, ον, (μέσος, ἀκτή) midway between two shores, in mid-sea.

μεσο-αμβρίη, ἡ, Ion. for μεσημβρία.

μεσο-αμβρινός, μεσο-αμέριος, Dor. for μεσημ-μεσάπιος, ον, μέσᾱπιος, η, ον, poet. for μέσος: α, also Ep. μέσᾱπιος and μεσᾱπίος.

μέσ-αυλος Ep. μέσσαυλος Att. μέταυλος, ον, inside the αὐλή or hall:—as Subst., μέσσαυλος, δ, or μέσσαυλον, τό, the inner court. II. in Att. μέταυλος (sc. θύρα), ἡ, the door between the court-yard and inner part of the house, the inner door.

μέσδων, ον, Dor. for μέζων, μέζων.

μεσηγνύ, and before a vowel -ύς, Ep. μεσσηγνύ-ύς, Adv. of Space: (μέσος):—in the middle between. 2. c. gen. in the middle of, betwixt. II. of Time, meanwhile, meantime. III. as Subst., μεσηγνύ, τό, the part between, interval: τὸ μεσηγνύηματος midday, noon.

μεσήεις, εσσα, ἐν, (μέσος) middle, middling.

μεσημβρία Ion. μεσο-αμβρίη, ἡ, (for μεσημερία, from μέσος, ἡμέρα) midday, noon, when the sun is at the meridian; μεσημβρία ἵσταται 'tis high noon. II. the country towards the meridian, the South. Hence

μεσημβοτάζω and -άω, to pass the noon, Lat. meridari.

μεσημβρινος, η, ον, commoner form for μεσημερίος, (μεσημβρία) belonging to noon, noontide; θάληη μεσημβρινή noonday heat. II. southern.

μεσημέριος, ον, = μεσημβρινος.

μεσ-ήρης poet. μεσσηήρης, ες, (μέσος, ἀρρεῖν) set in the middle, midmost; Σείριος ἐστὶ μεσσηήρης Sirius is still in mid-heaven.

μεσότης, f. σω, to be or act as a mediator. From

μεσότης, ον, δ, (μέσος) a mediator, intercessor. [ἴ]

μεσότης, ἰδος, fem. of μεσότης.

μεσό-γαίος or -γαιος, ον, also α, ον, also μεσό-γαιος, ον, (μέσος, γῆ, γαῖα) inland, in the heart of a country: as Subst., ἡ μεσογεία (sub. χώρα), the interior.

μεσό-διμη, ἡ, (μέσος, δέμη, as if for μεσοδόμη) properly, something built between; hence the part between two upright beams, a panel. 2. κολή μεσοδμη the cross-plank of a ship, with a pole through it, for the mast.

μέσος, poet. μέσσοι, Adv. (μέσος) in the middle.

μεσο-λαβής, ες, (μέσος, λαβείν) held by the middle firm-grasped.

μεσό-λευκος, ον, (μέγος, λεῦκος) middling white,
half white.

μεσο-βυβαλος, ον, (μέσος, βυβαλος) in mid-navel, central, midmost, of Apollo's shrine at Delphi, from the prevalent notion that it was the centre of the earth.

μέσον, τό, see μέσος III.

μεσο-νύκτιος, ον, (μέσος, νύξ) of or at midnight :
neut. μεσονύκτιον as Adv., at midnight.

μεσο-πάγης Ep. μεσσοπ-, ές, (μέσος, παγῆναι)
driven to the middle.

μεσο-πᾶλης, ἐς, Ep. μεσσοπ-, (μέσος, παλῆναι)
swung or poised by the middle.

μεσο-πόρος, ον, (μέσος, πορεύομαι) in the midway, traversing the centre.

μεσο-ποτάμιος, α, ον, (μέσος, ποτάμιος) between rivers: as Subst., ἡ Μεσοποταμία (sub. χώρα), Mesopotamia, the land between the two rivers Tigris and Euphrates.

μεσο-πύλη, ἡ, = μέση πύλη, *the middle gate*. [ῥ]

MEΨΟΣ Ep. μέσος, η, ov : I. middle, in the middle, Lat. medius; μέσον ἡμῶν mid-day : in Att. also c. gen. between, midway between :—proverb. from the wrestling ring, ἔχεται μέσος he is caught by the middle II. middle or mean between two ex-

III. as Subst., μέσον, τό, the middle, the space between: also, common ground; ἐς μέσον τίθεναι τινί τι to set a prize before all, in public, Lat. in medio ponere; so, ἐς μέσον ἀμφοτέροις δικάζειν to judge fairly or impartially for both; ἐκ τοῦ μέσου καθέζεσθαι to remain neutral; διὰ μέσον, between; and of Time, meanwhile, in the meantime. IV. neut. μέσον.

as Adv. *in the middle*, like μέσως, *moderate*.
poët. Comp. μεσαίτερος. Sup. μεσαίτατος.

μεσο-σχιδής, ἐς, (μέσος, σχίζω) split in two.
μεσότης, ἡ, (μέσος) a middle, a mean between
two extremes, Lat. *mediocritas*.

μεσό-τοιχον, τό, (μέσος, τοῖχος, a partition-wall).

μεσοτομέω, to cut through the middle, bisect. From
μεσθό-τομος, ον. (μέσος, τεμείν) cut through the

μεσ-οὐράνημα, ατος, τό, (μέσος, οὐρανός) *the meridian or zenith.* 2. *the mid-heaven.*

μεσῶν, ἢ ὥτῳ, (μέσος) το ὅς in the middle, be half over, to reach the height, culminate; ἡμέρα μεσουῖσα midday, noon; θέρος μεσούν midsummer. 2. c.

gen. to be in the middle of, μεσὺν τῆς ἀναβάσεως
be in the middle of the ascent.

ME'ΣHTAON, τὸ, the medlar-tree: a medlar.

μέσσοτος, η, ον, = μέστος, poet. for μ

μέσσο-αυλος, ὁ, οἱ μέσσο-αυλον, τό,

μεσσηγύ, μεσσηγύς, ποῦτ. for μεσσηγ-.

Μεσσίας, ου. ὁ. Heb. *the Messiah*, i. e. *the Anointed*.

μεσούθεν, Ep. for μεσούθεν, Adv. (μέσος) from the middle.

μεσο-πᾶλής, μεσο-πόρος, poet. for μεσοπ-,

μέσος, η, ον, poet. for μέσος

ΜΕΣΤΟΣ, ἡ, ὅν, *full, filled, filled full*:—c. gen. *full of, filled with* a thing: metaph. *sated, disgusted with* a thing: c. part., μεστὸς ἦν θυμούμενος *he had his fill of anger*.

μεστῶ, f. ὦσω, (μεστός) to fill full, glut, cram:
—Pass. to be filled or full of.

μέσφᾱ, ποῖτ. Adv. for μέχρι, *till, until*, c. gen.:

μέσφ' ἡοῦς till morn:—μέσφ' ὅτε unt"

META', poet. μετά, Dor. πεδά or πέδα:—when placed after its Subst., it is written μέτα:—Prep. with gen., dat., & acc.

WITH GEN. *in the midst of, among, between.* II. *in common with, with the help or favour of;* μετ' Ἀθηναίων *with the help of Athena.* III. *with, by means of;* as μετ' ἀρετῆς πρῶτεύειν.

WITH DAT. only poet. properly of persons, among, *in company with*: sometimes, *besides, over and above*; $\kappa\alpha\tau\alpha\tau\omicron\varsigma\ \mu\epsilon\tau\alpha\ \delta\iota\varsigma\ \epsilon\tau\alpha\iota\rho\acute{o}\sigma\iota\nu$ last *over and above his companions*. 2. of things, *in the midst of, with, as*, $\mu\epsilon\tau\alpha\ \nu\eta\sigma\acute{o}\varsigma$, $\kappa\acute{\upsilon}\rho\alpha\sigma\iota$, $\delta\sigma\tau\alpha\sigma\acute{\iota}$; so also, $\mu\epsilon\tau\alpha\ \tau\upsilon\omicron\upsilon\eta\varsigma$ $\delta\alpha\mu\epsilon\iota\sigma\iota$ *in company with the winds*.

WITH ACCUS. of motion, *coming into or among*, as μετὰ φύλα θεῶν, μετὰ λαόν: generally, *after, in quest or pursuit of*, either in hostile or friendly sense: hence *with a view to, looking to*; πόλεμον μετὰ θαρήσσοντο they armed for the battle. II. of Place, *after*.

next after, behind; μετὰ κτήλον ἔσπετο μῆλα the sheep followed after the bell-wether. 2. of Time.

after, next to; μετὰ ταῦτα thereafter:—also, μεθ' ἡμέ-
ραν in the course of the day. Lat. *interdiu*. 2. of

order of Rank, next to, next after, after

ἀνὴρ μέγ' ἀμύμονα Πηλεΐωνα the fairest man *after*
the son of Peleus. III. *after, according to* : μετὰ

σὸν καὶ ἐμὸν κτῆ as you and I wish IV. among,
in between as with dat : used εἰς αὐτὰς δούρας here

of all, among all.

AS ADV. among them, with them. II. and then,
next afterwards. III. thereafter, afterwards;

from one place to another.

II. Causal in aor. 1 *μετέβησα*, inf. *μεταβῆσαι*, to carry over or away.
μετα-βάλλω, f. -βάλλω: aor. 2 *μετέβαλον*: pf. *μεταβέβληκα*, pass. -*βέβλημαι*:—to turn quickly or suddenly; *μεταβάλλειν ἤνν* to turn, i.e. plough, the earth, Lat. *novare*. 2. to turn about, change, alter, reverse; *μεταβάλλειν τὰ ὕδατα* to change the course of the water; *μεταβάλλειν διαίταν* to change one's diet or way of life.

II. intr. to undergo a change, become changed, alter: to change one's purpose. III. Med. to change for oneself, exchange, traffic. 2. to turn oneself, turn about: to change one's mind or purpose. 3. to turn one's back, turn or wheel round.

μετα-βάπτω, f. *ψω*, to change by dyeing: to stain, dye: metaph. to change one's complexion.

μεταβάς, āsa, ān, aor. 2 part. of *μεταβαίνω*.
μεταβάσις, ἡ, (*μεταβαίνω*) a passing over, shifting, changing.

II. change, alteration.
μετα-βέβηκα, pf. of *μεταβαίνω*.
μεταβῆναι, aor. 2 imperat. of *μεταβαίνω*.
μεταβήσομαι, fut. of *μεταβαίνω*.
μετα-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάζω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of *μεταβαίνω*, to carry or convey over, bring into another place.

μεταβολή, ἡ, (*μεταβάλλω*) a change, changing: in plur. changes, vicissitudes; but c. gen. change from a thing, as *μεταβολή κακῶν*: change to another party, *μεταβολή ἐς τοὺς Ἕλληνας* going over to the Greeks. 2. *μεταβολή τῆς ἡμέρας* an eclipse.

μετα-βουλεύω, or as Dep. *μεταβουλεύομαι*, to alter one's plans, change one's mind.

μετά-βουλος, ον, (*μετά*, *βουλή*) changing one's mind, changeable, fickle.

μεταβῶ, ἦς, ῆ, aor. 2 subj. of *μεταβαίνω*.
μετα-ἀγγελοῦ, ου, δ and ἡ, a messenger between two parties, a go-between, Lat. *internunciūs*.

Μετα-γεννῖων, ἄνος, ὁ, (*μετά*, *γεννῶν*) the second month of the Athenian year, answering to the Lacedaemonian *Καρνεῖος*, the latter half of August and first of Sept.; so called because then people flitted and changed their neighbours.

μετα-γινώσκω Ion. and in late Gr. -γινώσκω: p. -γνώσομαι: aor. 2 *μετέγνων*:—to ascertain after or too late.

II. to change one's mind: c. acc. to alter, repeal a decree. 2. to repent: c. acc. to repent of a thing.

μετά-γνοιά, ἡ, -*μετάνοια*, repentance, remorse.

μετάνγνωσις, εως, ἡ, (*μεταγνῶναι*) change of mind.

μετα-γράφω, ψω, to write differently: to alter, correct: also, to interpolate, falsify 2. to translate: Med. to get a letter translated.

μετ-άγω, f. -άξω: aor. 2 *μετήγαγον*:—to convey from one place to another. II. seemingly intr. to change one's course.

μετα-δαίνυμι, f. -δαίσομαι Dep. to share the feast: generally, to partake of.

μεταδέδογμα, pf. pass. of *μεταδοκέω*.
μετα-δέω, f. -θήσω, to tie differently: to untie.

μετα-δήμιος, ον, (*μετά*, *δήμος*) in the midst of or among the people: hence, native, at home.
μετα-διαιτῶ, f. ἦσω, (*μετά*, *διαίτα*) to change one's way of life.

μετα-δίδωμι, fut. -δώσω, to give part of, give a share.

II. to give after.
μετα-δίομαι, Dep., = *μεταδιώκω*.

μεταδιώκτος, ον, chased, overtaken. From *μετα-διώκω*, f. -διώξομαι later -διώξω, to give chase to, pursue closely.

II. intr. to follow close after.
μετα-δοκέω, f. -δόξω: aor. 1 -έδοξα: pf. pass. -δέδογμα:—to change one's opinion: impers. *μεταδοκεῖ*, *μετέδοξε*, one changes, one changed one's plans or purpose: absol. in pf. pass. part., *μεταδεδογμένον μοι* μη στρατεύεσθαι my purpose is changed so as not to march.

μετα-δόρπιος, ον, (*μετά*, *δόρπον*) during supper, or after supper.

μεταδός, aor. 2 imperat. of *μεταδίδωμι*.
μετάδοσις, ἡ, (*μεταδίδωμι*) the giving a share, imparting.

μεταδοῦνα, aor. 2 inf. of *μεταδίδωμι*.

μετά-δουπος, ον, (*μετά*, *δουπέω*) falling between, useless.

μετα-δρομάδην, Adv. (*μετά*, *δρομος*) running after, following close upon.

μετα-δρομή, ἡ, (*μετά*, *δραμεῖν*) a running after, pursuit, chase.

μετα-δρόμος, ον, (*μετά*, *δραμεῖν*, running after, pursuing, hunting down, taking vengeance of.

μετάτε, Adv. (*μετά*) afterwards.

μετα-ζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύξω, to yoke and put to another carriage.

μεταθεσις, ἡ, (*μετατίθημι*) transposition. change of opinions, a going over. II. the power or right of changing.

μετα-θέω, f. -νεύσομαι, to run after, chase.

μετά, poet. for *μετά*.

μετα-ἵζω, poet. for *μεθίζω*, to take one's seat beside.

μεταίξας, aor. I part. of *μεταίσσω*.

μετ-αίρω, to lift up and remove; ψήφισμα *μεταρπεν* to repeal a statute II. intr. (sub. *ἐαυτὸν*) to go away, depart.

μετ-αίσσω, f. ξω, to rush after, rush upon: to rush upon, attack.

μετ-αιτέω, f. ἦσω, to demand one's share of a thing: to beg. 2. to beg of, ask alms of, τινά.

μετ-αίτιος, ον, also ος, ον, (*μετά*, *αἷτιος*) being in part the cause; *μεταίτιος φόνου* an accomplice in, accessory to, the murder.

μετ-αίχμιος, ον, Aeol. *πεδ-*, (*μετά*, *αἰχμή*) between two armies: *μεταίχμιον τό*, the space between two armies; also, a disputed frontier, debatable ground. 2. generally, midway between, in mid air.

μετα-καθέζομαι, f. -εδοῦμαι, Med. to change one's seat or place.

μετα-καινίζω, ι. σω, to model anew.

μετα-καλέω, f. έσω, to call away: to call back, recall.

μετᾱ-κίθω, only used in impf., to follow after : either absol. to give chase, or c. acc. to chase. II. to go to visit, c. acc. III. πᾶν πεδίον μετεκίαθον they were marching over the whole field.

μετα-κίνω, f. ἦσω, to remove : to change, alter :—Med. to go from one place to another. Hence μετακινήτης, ἦ, ὄν, transposed, changed : to be changed or disturbed.

μετα-κλαίω, f. -κλαύσομαι, to weep or wail afterwards. 2. to weep for.

μετα-κλάω, to break and so change.

μετα-κλίνω, f. -κλινῶ, to turn in a new direction :—Pass. to take another course, set the other way.

μετα-κοιμίζω, f. σω, to lull to sleep.

μετά-κοινος, ὄν, (μετά, κοινός) sharing in common, partaking.

μετα-κοιμίζω, f. ἴσω, to transport, carry over.

μετα-κυλινδεύω, f. ἦσω, to roll away ; μετακυλινδεύειν αὐτόν to roll oneself over.

μετα-κύμιος, ὄν, (μετά, κύμα) between the waves ; ὅσας μετακύμιον between two waves of woe, i.e. bringing a short lull or pause from woe. [5]

μετα-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι, to get a share of.

μετα-λαμβάνω, f. σω, to take ; -εἰληφα : pass. -εἰλημαι :—to have or get a share of, to partake in :—Med. μεταλαμβάνεσθαι τινας to claim a thing to oneself, assume. II. to take instead, take in exchange, as πόλεμον ἀντ' εἰρήνης ; μεταλαμβάνειν παλόν to take a fresh dart. 2. to interchange.

μετ-αλγέω, f. ἦσω, to feel remorse, to repent. μετα-λήγω Ep. μεταλήγω, fut. ξω, to leave off, cease from.

μετάληψις, ἦ, (μεταλαμβάνω) a partaking of, communion in a thing.

μεταλλάγή, ἦ, (μεταλλάσσω) a taking in exchange, a changing, change ; μεταλλαγὴ τὰς ἡμέρας an eclipse.

μεταλλακτός, ἦ, ὄν, verb Adj. of μεταλλάσσω, changed, altered.

μετάλλαξις, ἦ, -μεταλλαγή, a change.

μετ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω : f. ξω : aor. I μετήλλαξα : to exchange, to change, alter. 2. to change to, take in exchange. 3. to change from, leave, quit. 4. intr. to undergo a change, change.

μετ-άλλω, Dor. for μετᾱλλω.

μετ-αλλάω, f. ἦσω, (μετ' ἄλλα) to search after other things, to explore, inquire curiously : to question : also to ask about, ask after. Cf. μέταλλον.

μεταλλεύω, f. σω, (μεταλλών) to produce by mining : to dig mines. II. -μεταλλάω, to explore.

μεταλλήγω, Ep. for μεταλήγω.

μεταλλήσσαι, aor. I inf. of μεταλλάω.

μετάλλητος, ὄν, verb. Adj. of μεταλλάω, to be searched, sought out.

μεταλλικός, ἦ, ὄν, of or for mines. From μέτ-αλλον, τό, a mine, quarry ; ἄλλος μέταλλον a salt-pit, salt-mine : mostly in pl., χρυσά καὶ ἀργύρεα

μέταλλα gold and silver mines. (From μετ' ἄλλα, in quest of other things ; cf. μεταλλάω.)

μεταλλό-χρυσος, ὄν, (μέταλλον, χρυσός) containing gold ore.

μετάλλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of μεθάλλομαι.

μετα-μάζιος, ὄν, (μετά, μαζία) between the breasts : μεταμάζιον, τό, the part between the breasts, chest.

μετα-μαίνομαι, Dep. to search after, chase.

μετα-μανθάνω, f. -μάθῃσομαι : aor. 2 μετέμαθον to learn differently : to unlearn one thing and learn another, Lat. didicere.

μετ-ᾄμειβω, f. ψω, to exchange, ἀγαθὸν κακοῦ good for evil ; also in Med. 2. to change, remove.

II. Med. to change one's condition, escape from ; μεταμειβόμενοι in turns.

μετα-μέλει, fut. -μελήσει : aor. I μετεμήλησε : I impers. it repents me, rue me, c. dat. pers. et gen. rei, μεταμέλει μοι τοῦ πεπραγμένου, Lat. poenitet me facti :

also, μεταμέλει μοι οὕτως ἀπολογησάμεν I repent of having so defended myself : absol., μεταμέλει μοι ἵ

repents me ; and in part., μεταμेलόν μοι, Lat. quum poeniteat me. 2. also with a nom., τῷ Ἀρίστωνι μετέμελε τό ἐρημένον what had been said caused sorrow to Ariston. Hence

μεταμέλεια, ἦ, change of purpose, regret, repentance : and

μετα-μέλομαι, fut. med. μεταμελήσομαι, aor. I pass. μετεμελήθην : Dep. : (μετά, μέλω) :—to feel repentance, to rue, regret : absol. to change one's purpose.

μετά-μελος, ὅ, (μετά, μέλομαι) repentance, regret.

μετα-μέλωμαι, Dep. to sing or dance among

μετα-μελητικός, ἦ, ὄν, full of repentance, repentant.

μετα-μύνημι, f. -μύζω, to mix among, confound with

μετα-μύνημι, = μεταμύνημι.

μετα-μορφόομαι, Pass. (μετά, μορφή) to be transformed : to be transfigured.

μετ-αμφιάζω, f. σω, to change another's dress, to transform : Med. to change one's own dress.

μετ-ᾄμῶνος, ὄν, (μετά, ἄνεμος) borne by the winds : vain, idle, bootless ; μεταμῶνια βάζειν to talk idly.

μετ-αναγνώσκω, to persuade one to change his purpose :—Pass. to be changed in purpose.

μετα-ναίεω, ὄν, ὅ, (μετά, ναίω) a settler in a new place, a wanderer.

μετ-ανᾱστίσις, ἦ, (μετανίσταμαι) migration.

μετ-ανίστημι, ὄν, ὅ, (μετά, ναίω) one who has changed his home, a wanderer, emigrant, opp. to an original inhabitant. Hence

μετανάστιος, ὄν, like a wanderer, wandering.

μετανάστρια, fem. of μετανάστιος.

μετανεγνώσθην, aor. I pass. of μεταγινώσκει.

μετ-ανίστηκα, -ανίστην, pf. and aor. 2 of μετ-ανίστημι.

μετα-νίσσομαι, Dep. to go over, pass over to the other side. II. trans. to go after, pursue.

μετ-ανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to remove another from his country. II. in Pass, with intr. tenses of Act.

αορ. 2 μετανέστην, pf. μετανέστηκα, to move off elsewhere, to migrate.

μετα-νοέω, f. ἦσω, to perceive afterwards or too late. 2. to change one's mind or opinion. 3.

to repent. Hence μετανοία, ἡ, after-thought: change of mind on reflection, repentance.

μετα-αντλέω, f. ἦσω, to draw from one vessel into another.

μεταξύ, Adv. (μετά) Adv. of Place, between, between: τὸ μεταξύ the space between:—of Time, between-whiles, afterwards. II. as Prep., with gen., between:—of Time, during.

μετα-παιδεύω, f. σω, to educate differently.

μετα-παύομαι, Pass. to rest between times. Hence

μετα-πανσυχή, ἡ, rest between times.

μετα-πείθω, f. σω, to change by persuasion, win over.

μετα-πείρομαι, Dep. to try in a different way.

μεταπεμπτός, α, ον, to be sent for: and

μετάπεμπτος, ον, sent for: verb. Adjectives from

μετα-πέμψω, f. ψω, to send for, summon, Lat. arcessere: the Med. is more frequent in same sense.

μετα-πέτομαι, f. -πτήσομαι: αορ. 2 -επτάμην: Dep. to fly away.

μετα-πηδάω, f. ἥσομαι, to leap from one to another.

μετα-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: αορ. 2 -έπεσον: pf. πέπτωκα:—to fall differently, undergo a change, change suddenly. 2, of votes, to change sides. 3. of

conditions, to change for the worse, to decline: but also to change for the better.

μετα-πλάσσω, f. -πλάσω [ᾶ], to mould differently, remodel.

μετα-ποιέω, f. ἥσω, to remodel, cast anew, alter:—Med. to pretend to, make pretence of a thing, c. gen. μετα-ποιῖος, ον, (μετά, ποιῖν) punishing afterwards.

μετα-πορεύομαι, fut. med. -εύσομαι: αορ. I pass. μετεπορεύθην: Dep.:—to go after or in quest of: to follow up, punish. II. to emigrate.

μεταπρεπής, ἐς, distinguished among. From

μετα-πρέπω, only used in pres. and impf. to be conspicuous or distinguished among.

μεταπτάμενος, αορ. 2 part. of μεταπτέτομαι.

μετα-πτοίεω, f. ἥσω, (μετά, πτοίεω) intr. to cower or crouch from fear.

μετα-πύργιον, τό, (μετά, πυργός) the wall between the towers, the curtain.

μετ-ἄριθμος, ον, (μετά, ἀριθμός) counted among.

μετα-ρίπτω, ψω, to turn upside down.

μεταρ-ρυθμίζω, f. ἴσω, to change the form or fashion of a thing, to remodel: esp. to reform, correct.

μεταρσιο-λεσχέω, f. ἥσω, (μετάρσιος, λέσχης) to talk on lofty subjects. Hence

μεταρσιολεσχία, ἡ, a talking on lofty subjects.

μετάρσιος, ον, also α, ον, Dor. πεδάρσιος: (μεταίρω) raised aloft, high in air: metaph. scattered to the winds. 2. floating in air, unsteady: also airy, empty. II. like μετῶπος, out at sea. Hence

μεταρσιώω, f. ὥσω, to raise aloft, lift up.

μετα-σεύομαι Ep. μετασ-σεύομαι: Ep. αορ. 2 μετεσσύμην, 3 sing. μετέσσυτο: Pass.:—to go along with. II. to rush after: c. acc. to rush upon.

μετα-σκευάζω, f. ἄσω, to fashion differently: to transform: to disguise.

μετα-σπᾶω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to draw over from one side to another, persuade, convince.

μετασπόμενος, αορ. 2 part. med. of μεθέπω.

μετασπᾶν, αορ. 2 part. act. of μεθέπω.

μέτασσα, αἱ, lambs coming midway between the πρόγονοι and ἔρσαι, the middle-born lambs, summer lambs. (From μετά, as περὶσσί from περί.)

μετασ-σεύομαι, Ep. for μετασεύομαι.

μετασταθῶ, αορ. I subj. pass. of μεθίστημι.

μεταστάς, ἄσα, ἄν, αορ. 2 part. of μεθίστημι.

μετάστασις, εως, ἡ, (μεθίσταμαι) a removal from one place to another; μετάστασις ἡλίου an eclipse. 2.

μετάστασις βίου departure from life: absol. de-

cease. II. a changing, change. 2. a change of political constitution, revolution.

μετα-στείχω, to go after or in quest of, pursue.

μετα-στέλλομαι, Dep. to send for, summon.

μετα-στένω, to bewail or lament afterwards: so also in Med.

μεταστήσας, μεταστήσω, αορ. I part., and fut., of μεθίστημι.

μετα-στοιχεί or -ῖ, Adv. (μετά, στοιχος) in a line one after another.

μετα-στονάζω, to sigh or wail afterwards.

μ-τα-στράτοπεδῶν, and Med. -εύομαι, to shift one's camp.

μεταστράφισομαι, fut. pass. of μεταστρέφω.

μεταστρεφθῆλς, αορ. I pass. part. of μεταστρέφω.

μετα-στρέφω, f. ψω, to turn about, turn round:—Pass., αορ. I μετεστρέφθην, αορ. 2 μετεστράφην [ᾶ], to turn oneself round, whether to rally or to flee: often in aor. I part. μεταστρεφθῆλς. 2. to turn round upon, report. 3. to change, alter. II.

intr. to change one's course. 2. to care for, regard, c. gen. 3. to turn round upon, to visit with vengeance.

μετασχεῖν, αορ. 2 inf. of μετέχω.

μετασχεσις, εως, ἡ, (μετέχω) a participation, sharing in.

μετα-σχηματίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ᾶ, (μετά, σχῆμα) to change the form of, alter, transform.

μετα-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. σω, to change the order of, arrange differently:—Med. to change one's order of battle: to go over to the enemy.

μετα-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: αορ. I μετέθηκα:—to place among. II. to place differently, change, alter:—

Med. to change for oneself: to change one's opinion, retract; μετατίθεσθαι τὴν γνώμην to change to a new opinion.

μετα-τίκτω, f. -τέξομαι, to bring forth after.

μετα-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn round:—Med. to turn

oneself round, turn back. 2. to turn and look after, to care for, regard, take care of.

μετα-τρέχω, f. -τρέβομαι. aor. 2 μετέδραμον (from obso. δρέω). —to run after.

μετα-τροπαλίζομαι, Pass. (μετά, τρέπω) to keep turning about, in a retreat.

μετατροπή, ἡ, (μετατρέπω) a turning round or back: a visiting, vengeance for a thing.

μετατροπία, ἡ, = μετατροπή.

μετάτροπος, ον, (μετατρέπω) turning round or about: of an enemy, turning round upon; ἐργα μετάτροπα deeds that are visited with vengeance.

μετα-τροπάω, f. ἦσαι, poet. for μετατρέπω.

μετα-αυγάω Dor. πεδ-, to look about for.

μετα-αυδάω, f. ἦσαι, to speak among, to address, c. dat. plur. II. later, to accost, address, c. acc.

μετα-αὐθής Ion. -αὐθς, Adv. afterwards, thereupon.

μετα-αυτίκα, Adv. forthwith, thereupon.

μετα-φέρω, f. μετοίσω, to carry from one place to another, transfer. 2. to change, alter: to pervert: —Pass. to change one's course.

μετά-φημι, impf. or aor. 2 μετέφην, to speak among.

μεταφορά, ἡ, (μεταφέρω) a carrying from one place to another. II. in Rhetoric, a transferring to one word the sense of another, a metaphor, trope.

μετα-φορέω, = μεταφέρω.

μετα-φράζομαι, f. σομαι, Med. to consider after.

μετά-φρενον, τό, (μετά, φρήν) properly, the part behind the midriff (φρένες), the broad of the back.

μετα-φωνέω, f. ἦσαι, to speak among, address.

μετα-χειρίζω, f. ἴσω, or more often as Dep. μετα-χειρίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ιούμαι: aor. 1 μετεχειρίσαμην: —to have in one's hands, handle. 2. to take in hand, manage, Lat. administrare; μεταχειρίζεσθαι πρᾶγμα to conduct an affair. 3. to have in hand, pursue, practice, Lat. exercere. 4. to handle, treat in a certain way.

μετα-χρόνιος, α, ον, = μετάχρονος. II. in Poets, = μετάρσιος, aloft, on high.

μετά-χρονος, ον, (μετά, χρόνος) after the time, done afterwards.

μετα-χωρέω, f. ἦσαι, to go to another place, withdraw: to migrate, of birds of passage.

μετα-ψαίρω, to brush against.

μετέισι, Ep. for μέτεισι, 3 pl. of μέτειμι.

μετέβαλον, aor. 2 of μεταβάλλω.

μετέβην, aor. 2 of μεταβαίνω.

μετα-εγγράφω, f. ψω, to enroll or enter on a new register, in fut. 2 pass. μετεγγραφήσεται.

μετέγων, aor. 2 of μεταγιγνώσκω.

μετέδοξα, aor. 1 of μεταδοικέω.

μετέδωκα, aor. 1 of μεταδίδωμι.

μετέειπε, μετέειπον, Ion. and Ep. for μετέειπε, etc.

μετέεισι, Ion. for μετέεισι, 3 sing. subj. of μέτειμι.

μετέθηκα, aor. 1 of μετατίθωμι.

μεταίληθα, -ημμαι, pf. act. and pass. of μεταλαμβάνω.

μέτειμι, f. μετέσομαι Ep. -έσομαι: (μετά, εἰμι

sum): —to be among, live with, associate with. II. impers., μέτεστί τοι τινος I have a share of a thing: part. neut. absol., μετόν there being a share or claim: —sometimes with a nom., μέτεσσι πᾶσι τὸ ἴσον equality is shared by all.

μέ-ειμι, (μετά, εἰμι ἴσο) to go between one and another. II. to go after or behind, follow. 2. to go after or for, fetch. 3. to pursue, visit with vengeance. 4. to go to, approach, draw near to. III. to pass over, go over to the other side.

μετα-εἶπον Ep. μετέειπον, used as aor. 2 of μετα-φημι: (μετά, εἶπον): —to speak among. 2. to speak thereafter, afterwards.

μετeis, Ion. for μεθείς, aor. 2 part. of μεθήμι.

μεταισάμενος, Ep. aor. 1 part. med. of μέτειμι (εἰμι ἴσο).

μετέω, Ep. for μετώ, subj. of μέτειμι (εἰμι sum).

μετα-εμβαίνω, to step out of one thing into another.

μετεκίβηον, impf. of μετακίβηω.

μετέλαβον, aor. 2 of μεταλαμβάνω.

μετέλαχον, aor. 2 of μεταλαγχάνω.

μετελεύσομαι, fut. of μετέρχομαι.

μετέλθε, μετελθών, aor. 2 imperat. and part. of μετέρχομαι.

μετέμεινον, aor. 2 of μεταμεινάναι.

μετα-εμβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go on board another ship.

μετα-εμβιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of μεταεμβαίνω, put on board another ship.

μετέμελε, μετεμέλησε, impf. and aor. 1 of μεταμέλει.

μετέμμεναι, Ep. pres. int. of μέτειμι (εἰμι sum).

μετα-ἐμφύτος, ον, (μετά, ἐμφύω) engrafted afresh.

μετα-ενδύω, f. δύσω, to put other clothes on a person. II. Med., with aor. 2 μετα-ἐνδυν, to put on other clothes.

μετενήνοχα, Att. pf. of μεταφέρω.

μετενίσσεται, 3 sing. impf. of μετανίσσομαι.

μετα-εννέπω, to speak among.

μετα-εξαιρέομαι, Med. to take out and put elsewhere.

μετα-εξανίσταμαι, Pass. to move from one place to another.

μετα-ἐξ-έτεροι, αι, α, (μετα, ἐξ, έτεροι) some others.

μετόν, Ion. for μετόν, neut. part. of μέτειμι (εἰμι sum).

μετα-επειτα, Adv. afterwards, thereafter.

μετέπεισον, aor. 2 of μεταπίπτω.

μετα-έρχομαι, f. μετελεύσομαι: Dep., with aor. 2 act. -ήλθον, pf. -εήλυθα: —to come among. 2. to go between the ranks. 3. to go in among, attack. II. to go to another place, go away. III. c. acc. to go after, to go to seek, go in quest of: hence to seek for, aim at. 2. of things, to go after, attend to, manage. 3. to pursue, visit as an avenger: in legal sense, to prosecute. 4. to approach with prayers, supplicate. 5. to court or woo.

μετέσοστο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of μετασέομαι.

μετέσχηκα, pf. of μετέχω.

μετ-εύχομαι, f. -εύχομαι, *ver.* to change one's wish or prayer, to wish something else.

μετέφη, 3 sing. impf. or aor. 2 of μετάφημι.

μετέχω, f. μετέχω, to partake of, have a share of, c. gen.: also c. acc. rei, μετέχειν ἴσον (sc. μέρος) ἀγαθῶν τινι to enjoy an equal share of good with another.

μέτεω, Ion. and Ep. subj. of μέτεμι (εἰμὶ sum).

μετewρίζω, f. ἴσω, (μετέωρος) to raise to a height, raise, lift up: Pass., μετewρισθεὶς ἐν τῷ πελάγει keeping out on the high sea. II. metaph. to buoy up or excite: to buoy up with false hopes.

μετewρο-κοπέω, f. ἴσω, (μετέωρος, κόπτω) to prate about the heavenly bodies.

μετewρο-λέσχης, ου, δ, = μετewρο-λόγος.

μετewρολογέω, f. ἴσω, (μετewρολόγος) to talk of high things, or of the heavenly bodies. Hence

μετewρολογία, ἡ, a treatise on the heavenly bodies.

μετewρο-λόγος, ου, (μετέωρος, λέγω) talking or treating of the heavenly bodies.

μετ-έωρος Ep. μετ-ήρος, ου, (μετά, ἔωρα or αἰωρα) suspended in mid air, aloft, raised on high, high in air. 2. of a ship, on the high sea, out at sea. II.

metaph. of the mind, excited, in suspense, Lat. *specerectus*: hence wavering, fluctuating. III. τὰ μετέωρα, things in the air, the heavenly bodies, meteors, natural phenomena: generally, abstruse, lofty speculations.

μετewρο-σοφιστής, δ, a meteorologica philosopher.

μετewρο-φάναξ, ἄκος, δ, a meteorological quack.

μετῆλθον, aor. 2 of μετέλθοι.

μετῆλθον Ep. μετῆλυθον, aor. 2 of μετέρχομαι.

μετῆλλαξα, aor. I of μεταλλάσσω.

μετ-ηνέμω, ου, (μετά, ἀνεμος) swift as the wind.

μετ-ήρος, older Ep. form for μετέωρος.

μετῆρα, aor. I of μεταίρω.

μετῆρεσθαι, Ion. for μεθήρεσθαι, fut. inf. mod. of μεθίμι.

μετῆνδων, as, α, impf. of μετανδῶν.

μετῆν, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of μεθίμι; also 3 sing. pres.

μετῆτο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. mod. of μεθίμι.

μετ-ήμι, μετ-ίστημι, Ion. for μεθ-.

μετ-ίσχω, = μετέχω.

μετοικεσία, ἡ, = μετοικία 2.

μετοικία, f. ἴσω, (μέτοικος) to change one's abode, remove to a place, c. acc.: c. dat. loci, to settle in. absol. to be a μέτοικος or settler. Hence

μετοικίσις, εως, ἡ, = μετοικία 1: and

μετοικία, ἡ, change of abode, migration. II. a settling as μέτοικος, a settlement: society. 2.

the condition of a μέτοικος or sojourner.

μετ-οκίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to lead to another abode:

—Pass., to be led to another country, to emigrate.

μετοικικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μέτοικος) of or for a μέτοικος:

τὸ μετοικικόν the list of μέτοικος or aliens.

μετοικικός, τό, the tax of twelve drachmae paid by

the μέτοικοι at Athens. From

μετ-οικος, ου, (μετά, οἶκος) changing one's abode, settling elsewhere.

II. at Athens, μέτοικος, δ and ἡ, a foreign settler, an alien who was suffered to settle in the city on payment of a tax (μετοικίον), yet without enjoying civic rights, Lat. *inquilinus*.

μετοικο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, ἡ, the guardian of the μέτοικοι or aliens at Athens.

μετ-οίχομαι, f. -οιχίσσομαι, Dep. to have gone after, to be gone in pursuit. 2. to have gone among or through.

μετοίσω, fut. of μεταφέρω.

μετ-οκλάζω, f. σω, to keep shifting one's knees, of a coward crouching in ambush.

μετ-ονομάζω, f. σω, to change the name, call by a new name: —Pass., to take a new name.

μετ-όπιν, Adv. = μετόπισθε.

μετ-όπισθε, and before a vowel -θεν, Adv. of Place from behind, backwards: —of Time, after, afterwards. II. as Prep. with gen. behind.

μετοπωρινός, ἡ, ὄν, of or like the end of autumn verging on winter, autumnal. From

μετ-όπωρον, τό, (μετά, ὥπαρα) the season after ὥπαρα, late autumn; cp. φθινόπωρον.

μετ-ορμίζω, Ion. for μεθορμίζω.

μετ-όρχιον τό, (μετά, ὄρχος) the space between rows of vines.

μετ-ουσία, ἡ, (μετοῦσα part fem. of μέτεμι intersum) participation, communion: possession, enjoyment.

μετοχή, ἡ, (μετέχω) a partaking of, communion.

μετ-οχλίζω, f. ἴσω, (μετά, ὄχλος) to remove by a lever, hoist out of the way.

μετοχλίσσασθαι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I opt. of μετοχλίζω

μέτοχος, ου, (μετέχω) partaking of: —as Subst. a partaker, partner, accomplice.

μετρέω, f. ἴσω, (μέτρον) to measure. I. of Space, to measure, i.e. pass over, Lat. *metiri*, *emetiri*: —Med.,

μετρεῖσθαι ἵχνη to measure the footmarks with the eyes.

II. of Number, to count: to measure out, dole out. 2. of Size, Value, etc., to measure, estimate, compute. Hence.

μέτρημα, ατος, τό, that which is measured out: 1. a measured distance. 2. a measure, dole.

μέτρησις, ἡ, (μετρέω) a measuring, measurement.

μετρητής, οῦ, δ, (μετρέω) = ἀμφορεύς, Lat. *metrēta*, at Athens the common liquid measure, holding 12

χόες, or 144 κοτύλαι, about 9 gallons English: the Roman amphora held $\frac{2}{3}$ of a μετρητής

μετρητός, ἡ, ὄν, (μετρέω) measured, measurable.

μετριάζω f. σω, (μέτριος) to be moderate: to be of an even temper, be calm, unruffled. II. trans. to moderate.

μετριοπαθῶν, f. ἴσω, to be moderate or merciful towards. From

μετριο-πάθης, ἐς, (μέτριος, παθεῖν) bearing moderately.

μετριο-πότης, ου, δ, (μέτριος, ΠΟ- root of some tenses of πίνω) a moderate drinker, moderate in potations: Συγ. μετριοποτιστάτης.

. μέτριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (μέτρον) *within measure, moderate*: of Size, of average or ordinary height. II. of Number, *few*.

III. of Degree, *holding to the mean, moderate*: of middle condition or rank: τὸ μέτριον *the mean*. 2. *tolerable*. 3. of Persons, *moderate, temperate*. also *fair, reasonable*. 4. *suitable*.—The neut. μέτριον, μέτρια are often used.

Adv. = μετρίως.

μετρίως, see μέτριος.

μετριότης, ητος, ή, (μέτριος) *moderation*.

μετρίως, Adv of μέτριος, *moderately, in due limits or measure*.

2. *modestly, temperately*: on fair terms.—Comp. μετρίωτερον, Sup. -ώτατα.

ΜΕΤΡΟΝ, *a measure or rule; a standard*. 2. *the contents or thing measured, as well as the measure itself*. 3. ατγ *space measured or measurable*: μέτρον ὁρου *the size of the harbour*: μέτρον ἔβης *the full measure or prime of youth*.

II. *the mean between two extremes, proportion, due measure*: *fitness*.

III. *metre*, opp. to μέλος (tune) and ῥυθμός (time).

μετοίκισα, νορ. I of μετοικίζω.

μετ-ωνύμια, ή, (μέτα, ὄνομα) *change of name*: in Rhetoric, *the use of one word for another, metonymy*.

μετ-ωπιδόν, Adv. (μέτωπον) *with the forehead foremost, fronting*: of ships, in line; opp. to ἐπὶ κέρας, in column.

μετ-ωπίδιος, ον, (μέτωπον) *on or of the forehead*.

μετ-ῶπιον, τό, = μέτωπον, *the forehead*.

μετ-ῶπον, τό, (μετά, ὤψ) *the space between the eyes, the forehead, front*. II. *the front or fore part of anything: the front or face of a building: the front of an army*.

μετωπο-σώφρων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέτωπον, σῶφρων) *with ingenuous countenance*.

μεύ, Ep. and Ion. gen. of ἐγώ.

ΜΕΨΧΡΙ, rarely μέχρις even before a vowel: I.

Prep. with gen. *until, unto, to a given point*. I. of

Place, μέχρι θαλάσσης *as far as the sea*. 2. of

Time, τέο μέχρις *until when?* μέχρις οὔ; μέχρις ὅσον; *until when? how long?* μέχρις τίνος *for a space*; μέχρις τοῦδε *until now*.

II. in Ion., μέχρις οὐ is sometimes followed by another gen., as, μέχρις οὐ ὑπὲρ πύργων, *as far as eight towers, instead of*

μέχρις οὐ ὑπὲρ πύργοι εἰσιν. III. Conjunct. *until, with indic., μέχρι ἕως ἐγένετο* *till morning came*;

with ἄν and subj., μέχρι ἄν τοῦτο ἴδωμεν *till we see this*; also, μέχρι οὐ in same sense.

ΜΗ, Adv. *not*, used where the Negation depends on some Condition, either expressed or implied, while

οὐ denies absolutely: μη expresses that one *thinks* a thing is *not*, οὐ that it is *not*: hence μη always follows εἰ, ἐάν, ἥν, ὅταν, ἐπειδάν, ἕως ἄν, because these

speak of a thing *not as a fact, but as a supposition*: whereas ἐπει, ἐπειδή are joined with οὐ, because they

refer to a *fact*. 2. μη also is used after the final

Conjunctions ἵνα, ὥς, ὅπως, ὥστε, because these are

in their nature contingent, as, ὥς μη . . ἔλονται *that*

they perish not.

3. with infin., as, τὸ μη ποῦθε-σθαι μ' ἀλγύνειν ἄν the ποι-knowing would grieve me.

4. with the Participle, as, μη ἀπερείσιος = εἰ

μη ἀπείρητος, *if he had not carried away*.

II. μη is freq. in INDEPENDENT clauses containing a com-

mand, when, like Lat. ne, it stands first in the sen-

tence: I. with the pres. imperat, μη λέγε. 2.

with the subjunctive aorist, μη λέγῃς. 3. with the

optat. aor. to express a wish, μη γὰρ ὅγ' ἔλθοι ἄνθρω-

πῶς O that he may not come!

B. μη, CONJUNCTION, *that not, lest*, Lat. ne: I.

with aor. subjunct. subjoined to a Verb in pres. or

fut., as, φεύγω μη ληφθῶ I flee lest I may be

caught. II. with optat. after principal Verb in

past tense, as, ἔφυγον μη ληφθῆναι I fled lest I might

be caught. III. after Verbs expressing fear, as,

δέδοικα μη γένηται, Lat. veror ne fiat, I fear lest it

happen, i. e. I fear it will happen.—For this subj.,

the Att. also use indic. fut. IV. μη is used with

inf. after vehement negations or affirmations: ἴστω

Ζεὺς μη μὲν χεῖρ' ἐπενεῖναι Jove be witness that I

have not laid on hand: so after negat. wishes, δὲδῶ

μη 'Οδυσσεὺς οἶκαδ' ἰκέσθαι. V. μη is used after all

Verbs which have a negative sense, such as ἀρνεῖσθαι,

καλύπτειν, εἰργεῖν, φεύγειν, as, ἀρνεῖσθαι τὸ μη ποιεῖν

to deny the doing a thing; also after Nouns of like

sense, as κάλυμα; or Adverbs, as ἐμποδῶν.

C. As INTERROGAT., in direct questions, where a

negative answer is expected, ἤ μη τοῦ . . φάσθε:

surely ye did not say? 2. μη is also used with the

indicative subjoined to another Verb, when it may be

expressed by *together*, as, δεῖδω μη δὴ πάντα νημερτῶ

εἶπεν I fear as to *together* she has spoken all too true,

i. e. I fear she has spoken all too true.

μη γάρ, an elliptic phrase, used in emphatic denial,

no certainly, Lat. nullo modo, where an imperat. or

optat. Verb must be supplied from the foregoing pas-

sage to which the denial refers, as, μη λεγέτω τὸ

ὄνομα, let him not say the name; Answ. μη γὰρ

[λεγέτω], no, certainly.

μη γε, *not at least*, strengthd. for μη.

μηδ-ᾶμά and μηδ-ᾤμῃ, Adv. of μηδαμός, no-

where. II. in *poisive*, *not at all*.

μηδαμόθεν, Adv. (μηδαμός) *from no place*; μηδα-

μόθεν ἄλλοθεν *from no other place*.

μηδαμόθι, Adv. *nowhere*: and

μηδαμοῦ, Adv. *nowhere*. From

μηδ-ᾤμός, ἤ, ὅν, for μηδὲ ᾤμός, *not even one not*

any one, no one, none. Hence

μηδαμοῦ, Adv. *nowhere*.

μηδαμῶς, Adv. of μηδαμός, *in no way, not at all*.

μη-δέ, Adv. (μη, δέ) *but not, and not, nor*, Lat. ne-

que, nec. 2. at the beginning of two following

clauses, μηδέ . . μηδέ . ., *neither . . nor . .*, Lat. ne-

que . . neque . . . II. strengthening the negative,

which is always the sense when joined with a single

word or phrase, *not even*, Lat. ne . . quidem.

μηδ-εἰς, μηδ-εμὶδ, μηδ-έν, gen. μηθενός, μηδεμίας,

μηδενός, etc.:—declined like εἰς μία ἓν, (μηδέ, εἰς) *not even one, no one, none*, Lat. *nullus*. 2. ὁ or ἡ μηδέν (sc. ὢν, οὔσα), *one who is a mere nothing, a nobody*:—τὸ μηδέν a *nothing, a useless or worthless person*. 3. neut. μηδέν often as Adv., *not at all, by no means*.

μηδέποτε, Adv. *not or nor at any time, never*.
μηδέ-πω, Adv. *nor as yet or not as yet*.
μηδε-πώποτε, Adv. *not yet at any time, never yet*.
μηδ-έτερος, α, ον, (μηδέ, ἕτερος) *neither of the two*.
μηδ-ετέρωσσε, Adv. *to neither side*.
μή δῆ, *pay do not*.
Μηδίζω, f. σω, (Μῆδος) *to imitate the Medes in manners, language, or dress*: esp. *to side with the Medes*, opp. to Ἑλληνίζω.

Μηδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Μῆδος) *Median*: τὰ Μηδικὰ (sc. πράγματα) *the Median affairs*, esp. *the great Median or Persian war*. II. Μηδικὴ ποία, *herba Medica*, a kind of clover, lucerne.

Μηδῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of Μηδικός, a *Median woman*.
Μηδιουργός, ὁ, (Μηδίζω) *a leaning towards the Medes, the being in their interest*.
Μηδο-κτόνος, ον, (Μῆδος, κτείνω) *Mede-slaying*.
Μηδομαί, f. μήσομαι: aor. I ἐμησάμην: Dep.: (μη-δος):—*to devise, resolve, counsel, advise*: 2. *to plot, scheme, bring about, contrive*.
μηδ-οπότερος, α, ον, (μηδέ, ὅποτερος) *neither of the two*.

ΜΗΔΟΣ, scs, τό, only used in plur. μήδεα, *counsels, plans, schemes*: *cunning, craft*. 2. like μή-τις, *care, anxiety*; σὰ μήδεα *care for thee*. II. in pl. also, like Lat. *virilia, the genitals*.

μηδ-οστιοῦν, neut. μηδοτιοῦν, *for μηδέ οστις οὖν, μηδέ ὅ τι οὖν, no one whatever, nothing whatever*.
μηδοσύνη, ἡ, (μηδος) *counsel, prudence*.
Μηδο-φόνος, ον, = Μηδοκτόνος.

μηδείς, neut. μηθέν, a later form for μηδείς, μηδέν.
ΜΗΚΑ'ΟΜΑΙ, Dep., with aor. 2 part. μακών: Ep. pf. with pres. sense, μέμηκα, part. μεμηκώς, shortd. fem. μεμῆκνῖα (so βέβρῦχα, μέμῃκα from βρυχάομαι, μυκάομαι): also impf., formed from pf., ἐμέμηκον:—*to bleat, of sheep: of fawns and hares, to scream, breek, cry*.

μηκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (μηκάομαι) fem. Adj. *bleating*, epith. of she-goats: as *Subst. a bleater, she-goat*.

μηκ-έτι, Adv. (μη, ἔτι) *no more, no longer, no further*.
μήκιστος, η, ον, Dor. and Att. μακίστος, [ᾱ], α, ον, (μήκος), Sup. of μακρός, but formed from μήκος, as αἰσχίστος from αἰσχος, the *longest, tallest, or generally, greatest*. II. neut. μήκιστον, pl. μήκιστα, as Adv., *for a very long time or in the biggest degree: very far*:—also at length, at last.

ΜΗΚΟΣ, εος, τό, length: also height, tallness, stature. 2. of Time, a long space, length. 3. of Size or Degree, greatness, magnitude. II. τὸ μήκος or μήκος, absol. as Adv., *in length or greatness*.
μή-κοτε, Adv., Ion. for μήποτε.
μηκύνω, f. -ύνω Ion. -ένω: Dor. μακυνω: (μήκος):

—*to lengthen, prolong*. 2. *to protract: to delay, put off*: μηκύνειν λόγον *to speak at length*; also without λόγον, *to be lengthy or prolix*. 3. μηκύνειν βοῆν *to raise a loud cry*. 4. Med. ἐμακύναντο κόλοισιν *erected a tall statue*.

ΜΗΚΩΝ Dor. μάκων, εως, ἡ, the *porphy*. 2. the *head of a porphy*. 3. porphy-seed, prepared for food.

μηλέα, ἡ, (μήλον) an *apple-tree*, Lat. *malus*.
μηλῆος, ον, also α, ον, (μήλον) *of or belonging to a sheep*.

Μηλιακός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for *Melis or Malia*.
Μηλιάδης or Μηλίδης, αἱ, (μήλον α or β) *nymphs of the flocks or of the fruit-trees*. 2. *nymphs of Melis or Malia in Trachis*: cf. Μηλιεύς.

Μηλιεύς, εως, ὁ, an *inhabitant of Melis or Malia in Trachis*. II. as Adj., Μηλιεύς κόλπος *the Malia gulf*.

μήλινος, η, ον, Dor. μάλινος, α, ον, (μήλον α) *of an apple-tree*.

Μήλιος, α, ον, of or from the *island of Melos, Melian*.

Μηλῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, with or without γῆ, *Melis or Malia in Trachis*.

μηλο-βοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and μηλο-βότης, ον, ὁ, Dor. -τας, (μήλον, βόσκω) a *shepherd*.

μηλό-βοτος, ον, (μήλον, βόσκω) *grazed by sheep*.

μηλο-δόκος, ον, (μήλον, δέχομαι) *sheep-receiving*.

μηλο-θύτης, [ῡ], ον, ὁ, (μήλον, θύω) a *sacrificer of sheep, a priest*: βαμδς μηλοθύτης a *sacificial altar*.
μηλοδόνθη, ἡ, a kind of beetle or *coc webster*.

ΜΗΛ'ΑΟΝ, ον, τό, (Α) a *sheep* or (sometimes) a goat: ἄρσena μῆλα *rams, weathers*: the pl. μῆλα means *flocks of sheep or goats, small cattle*, opp. to βόες.

ΜΗΛ'ΑΟΝ, ον, τό, (B) Dor. ΜΑ'ΑΟΝ, Lat. *MALUM*, an *apple*: generally, any *tree-fruit*, as, μῆλον Κυδώνιον *the quince*, μῆλον Περσικόν *the peach*, μῆλον Μηδικόν *the orange or citron*. II. *metaph. in pl. of a woman's breasts; or of the cheeks*, Lat. *miliae*.

μηλο-νομέυς, εως, or μηλο-νόμης, ον, Dor. -μης, α, ὁ, (μήλον λ, νέμω) a *shepherd, goatherd, herdsman*.
μηλο-νόμος, ον, (μήλον λ, νέμω) *feeding sheep or goats*.

μηλο-πάρειος, ον, Dor. μαλοπάρῃος, (μήλον β, παρεία) *apple-cheeked, ruddy-cheeked*.

μηλό-σκοπος, ον, (μήλον β, σκοπέω) *fit for watching sheep from*.

μηλό-σπορος, ον, (μήλον β, στείρω) *planted with fruit-trees*.

μηλοσ-σός, ον, poet. for *μηλοσός*, (μήλον λ, σω-ζω) *sheep-protecting*.

μηλοσφάγειν, f. ἡσω, *to slay sheep*: ἱερὰ *μηλοσφαγεῖν* *to offer sheep in sacrifice*. From

μηλο-σφάγος, ον, (μήλον λ, σφάγω) *slaying sheep*.

μηλο-τρώφος, ον, (μήλον λ, τρέφω) *sheep-feeding*.

μηλό-υχος, ὁ, (μήλον β, π, ἔχω) a *girdle that confines the breasts*.

μηλο-φόνος, *ον*, (μήλον *Α*, *φένω) *sheep-slaying*.
 μηλοφορέω, *φ. ήσω*, to carry apples. From
 μηλο-φόρος, *ον*, (μήλον *Α*, φέρω) *bearing apples*.
 μηλο-φύλαξ, *ἄκος, ὁ*, and *ή*, (μήλον *Α* or *Β*, φύλαξ)
one who watches sheep or apples. [5]

μηλωτή, *ή*, (μήλον *Α*) *a sheep's skin*.

μήλωψ, *οπος, ὁ, ή*, (μήλον *Β*, ἄψ) *looking like an apple, yellow, golden*.

μή μάν, *nay verily*.

μή μέν, *Ion. for μή μάν*.

μήν, *Dor. and Ep. μάν*, a Particle strengthening affirmation, *yea, indeed, verily, truly, in sooth*; *ή μήν* or *ή μάν*, in *very truth, yea verily*, used at the beginning of an oath: *καί μήν*, *Lat. et vero, and yet, nay more*: *ἀλλά μήν yet truly, Lat. verum enimvero*: *οὐ μήν* *assuredly not, so too μή μήν*; *τί μήν*; *what then?*
i. e. of course

II. = μέντοι, *bouever*.—Μήν was orig. the same as μέν, but after the introduction of the long vowel *η* it became the more emphatic form: but *ή μέν*, *μή μέν*, were retained in *Ep. and Ion.*, = *Att. ή μήν, μή μήν*.

ΜΗΝ, *δ*, gen. μηνός: dat. pl. μηνσί, *Αeol. and Dor. mels*:—*Lat. MEN-SIS, A MON-TH*: *κατά μήνα month by month, monthly*. In earlier times the month was divided into two parts, *μην ἰστάμενος*, the month rising, and *μην φθίνων* the month waning. The Attic division was into three, *μην ἰστάμενος*, *μεσών*, *φθίνων*: the last division was sometimes reckoned backwards, as *ἡμέρη τετάρτη φθίνοντος* the fourth day from the end of the month; sometimes onwards, as *τῇ τρίτῃ ἐπ' εἰκάδι* on the three-and-twentieth day of the month
 1. = μηνίστης II.

μηνάς, *ἄδος, ή*, = μήνη, *the moon*.

μηνάτο, *Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of μαινομαι*.

μηνεο, corrupt form of μηνσί, dat. pl. of μήν, μηνός.

μήνη, *ή*, (μήν) *the moon, Lat. luna*. Hence

μηνιαίος, *α, ον*, *monthly*.

μηνιθμός, *οὐ, ὁ*, (μηνία) *wrath*.

μηνίμα, *ατος, τό*, (μηνία) *the cause of anger*; *μηνιμα θεῶν* *the cause of divine wrath*. 2. *guilt of blood, blood-guiltiness*.

ΜΗΝΙΣ *Dor. μάνις, ιος ή*, *Att. gen. μηνίδος*, *wrath, anger*; also, *malice*.

μηνίσκος, *δ*, *Dim. of μήνγ*, *a crescent, Lat. lunula*. II. *a crescent-shaped body, to protect the head of statues*

μηνίω *Dor. μανίω*: *f. μηνίσω* [1]: *aor. I ἐμηνίσα*: (μηνίε):—to cherish wrath, be wroth against; also to declare one's wrath against a person.

μηνο-επίς, *ές*, (μήνη, ἔδος) *crescent-shaped, Lat. Iupati*: of the sun and moon when partially eclipsed.

μηνύμα, *ατος, τό*, (μηνύω) *an information*.

μηνυτήρ, *ήρος, ὁ*, (μηνύω) *an informer, guide*.

μηνυτής, *οὐ, ὁ*, (μηνύω) *masc. Adj. bringing to light*. II. *ac Subst. an informer, Lat. delator*.

μηνυτήριον, *τό*, (μηνύω) *the price paid for information, reward*: almost always used in plur.

μηνύτωρ, *ορος, ὁ*, = μινυτήρ. [5] From

ΜΗΝΥΩ *Ω Dor. μάνω*: *f. μηνύσω* [5]: *aor. I ἐμήνυσσα*:—*Pass., aor. I ἐμηνύθην* [5]: *pf. μεμηνύμαι*:—to disclose, reveal, make known: betray. II. at Athens, to inform or lay public information against another: *Impers. in Pass., μηνύεται information is laid*: but in *Pass.* also of persons, to be informed against.

μή ὅπως (an ellipse for μή ὑπολάβητε ὅπως . . .) followed by *ἀλλά*, *do not suppose that . . ., but . . .; not only not so . . ., but . . .*

μή ὅτι, = μή ὅπως, followed by *ἀλλά*, *not only not so . . ., but . . .; not to mention that, let alone, Lat. ne dicam*.

μή οὐ, are joined I. with the subjunctive, after Verbs of fearing, doubting, and the like, as *δέδοικα μή οὐ γένηται* *I fear it will not be*, opp. to *δέδοικα μή γένηται* *I fear it will be*. Here both negatives have their proper force: but II. with the Infinitive, after Verbs of denying, doubting, etc., as *οὐδέλε σοι ἀντιλέγει τὸ μή οὐ λέγειν* *no one disputes your right to speak* (where *μή οὐ* may be translated by *Lat. quin, quominus*), *nemo te impediet quin dicas*. 2. generally, after all clauses in which a negat. is expressed or implied, as, after *οὐ δύναμαι*, *οὐκ ἔστι* etc.; as *οὐ οἰκός ἐστι Ἀθηναίους μή οὐ δοῦναι δίκας* *it is not reasonable that the Athenians should not . . .*

Lat. non potest fieri quin . . .; so also, with a negat. implied, as, *δεινὸν ἔδοκε*. *μή οὐ λαβεῖν* it seemed strange not to take. III. with a Participle, *δυσάλγητος γὰρ ἦν, μή οὐ κατοικτείρων* *for I were unfeeling, did I not pity*.—In II. and III. *μή* might stand without *οὐ*

μή πολλακίς, *lest perchance, Lat. ne forte*.
 μή ποτε, = μή ποτε, I. with subj. *that at no time, lest ever, Lat. ne quando* 2. with infin. *never*.

μή που, *lest anywhere: lest perchance*.

μή ποω, = μή ποω, *not yet, Lat. nondum*: *μή ποω γε*, *not yet*.

μή πώποτε, *never yet*.

μή ποω, = μή ποω, *lest in any way, lest any how, lest perchance*. II. in case of doubt, *whether or no*.

μηρά, *τά*, = μηρία, *thigh-bones*.

μηρία, *τά*, never used in sing., (μηρός) *the thigh-bones*, which by old usage they cut out from the leg (ἐκ μηρία τάνον), and wrapped in two folds of fat (μηρία κνίστη ἐκάλεσαν, δίπτυχα ποιήσαντες): they were then laid on the altar and burnt. II. = μηροί, *the thighs*.

μηρίατος, *α, ον*, (μηρός) *of or belonging to the thigh, Lat. femoralis*: *ή μηρίατα*, *the thigh*.

μηρινθος, *ον, ή*, (μηρώ) *a cord, line, string*; proverb., *ή μήρινθος οὐδέν ἔσπασε* *the line caught nothing, i. e. it was of no avail*.

ΜΗΡΟΨ, *οὐ, ὁ*, *the upper part of the thigh, the ham*.

μηρο-τραφέης, *ές*, (μηρός, τραφήναι) *nursed in the thigh, epith. of Bacchus*.

μηρο-τύτης, *ές*, (μηρός, τυτῆναι) *striking the thigh*.

μηρυκάομαι, *Dep. to cbeu the cud, Lat. ruminare*.

ΜΗΡΤΟΜΑΙ, f. -ύσομαι [ῥ]. aor. I ἐμῆρυσάμην: —to draw up or fur! sails: to draw up an anchor.

2. in weaving, κρόκα ἐν στήμονι ὑπὸρυσσάσθαι to weave the woof into the warp.

II. **μηρύομαι** is sometimes used as Pass., κισσὸς **μηρύεται** περί χεῖλιν ivy is twined around the edge.

μήσοο, **μήσατο**, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. aor. I of **μήδομαι**.

μήσειαι, Ep. 2 sing. of **μήσομαι**, fut. of **μήδομαι**.

μήσοτο, Ep. 3 sing. contr. aor. 2 of **μήδομαι**.

μήσωρ, ὅρος, δ. (**μήδομαι**) an adviser, counsellor; **μήσωρ μάχης** the adviser or leader of battle.

μή-τε, = τῇ τε, and not.

II. repeated, **μήτε** ..

μήτε, neither .. nor.

ΜΗΤΗΡ Dor. **ΜΑΤΗΡ**, ἡ, gen. **μητέρος**, contr. **μητρός**: acc. **μητέρα**, pl. **μητέρας**:—Lat. **MATER**, **MOTHER**: of animals, a dam; metaph. of lands, **μήτηρ μήλων** mother of flocks; γῆ **μήτηρ** Mother Earth:—ἡ **Μητήρ** sometimes Ceres, sometimes Rhea or Cybelé.

μήτι, neut. of **μήτις**, **μήτινος**.

μήτι, contr. for **μήτις**, dat. of **μήτις**, **μήτιος**.

μητιάσθαι, **μητιάσθε**, Ep. for **μητιάσθαι**, **μητιάσθε**, pres. inf. and 2 pl. pres. ind. of **μητιάω**.

μητιάω, f. **μητιάσω**: (**μήτις**):—to meditate, intend, plan a thing: absol. to deliberate, and in Med. to deliberate in one's own mind. II. to devise, contrive, bring about.

μητιέτης Ep. **μητιετῆς**, ου, δ. (**μήτις**) counsellor. **μητιέτης**, εσσα, εν, (**μήτις**) wise in counsel: also, skilful, skilfully chosen.

μητιόμαι, f. -ίσσομαι [ῖ]: aor. I ἐμῆτισάμην: Dep.: (**μήτις**):—to invent, contrive, devise.

μητιόων, Ep. for **μητιών**, part. of **μητιάω**.

μητιόωτο, -όωντο, Ep. 3 pl. pres. act. and impf. med. of **μητιάω**.

ΜΗΤΙΣ, ιος, ἡ; Att. gen. ἴδος; Ep. dat. **μήτι** for **μήτις**; acc. **μήτιν**:—counsel, wisdom, skill, cunning, craft. II. a plan, enterprise.

μή-τις, δ, ἡ, **μήτι**, τό, gen. **μήτινος**: (**μή**, **τις**):—lest any one, lest anything; that no one, that nothing, Lat. *ne quis, ne quid*. II. **μήτις** is freq. as Adv. *lest by any means, that by no means*: also separately, **μήτι**: in an indirect question, *whether perchance*.

μή-τοι, stronger form of **μή**, in *no wise, nay*: **μήτοι γε**, *nay upon no account*.

μήτρα, ἡ, (**μήτηρ**) Lat. *matrix*, the womb.

μητρ-ἀγύρτης, ου, δ. (**μήτηρ**, ἀγύρτης) a begging priest of Cybelé, a sort of mendicant friar.

μητρ-ἀδελφεός or **μητρ-ἀδελφος**, δ and ἡ, Dor. **ματρ-**, (**μήτηρ**, ἀδελφός) a mother's brother or sister, an uncle or aunt.

μητρ-ἀλοῖος or **μητρ-αλώφας**, ου, δ. (**μήτηρ**, ἀλοῖω) striking one's mother, a matricide.

μήτηρ, ἡ, Ion. for **μήτρα**.

μητριὰς, ἀδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of **μήτριος**.

μητριδός, α, ου, (**μήτρα**) fruitful, prolific.

μητρό-δοκος Dor. **ματρ-**, ου, (**μήτηρ**, δέχομαι) received by the mother.

μητρόθεν Dor. **ματρόθεν**, Adv. (**μήτηρ**) from the mother, by the mother's side.

μητρο-κασιγνήτη, ἡ, (**μήτηρ**, κασιγνήτη) a mother's sister.

μητροκτονέω, f. ἴσω, to kill one's mother, to be a matricide. From

μητρο-κτόνος, ου, (**μήτηρ**, κτείνω) killing one's mother, a matricide. II. **μητρόκτονος**, ου, pass. killed by one's mother.

μητρο-μήτωρ Dor. -μάτωρ [ᾱ], ὅρος, ἡ, = **μητρός** **μήτηρ**, one's mother's mother, grandmother.

μητρο-πάτωρ [ᾱ], ὅρος, δ, = **μητρός** **πατήρ**, one's mother's father, grandfather.

μητρό-πολις Dor. **ματρ-**, εως, ἡ, (**μήτηρ**, πόλις) the mother-state, from which colonies were sent out. generally, a metropolis, a capital. III. one's mother-city, mother-country, home.

μητρο-πέλος, ου, (**μήτηρ**, πολέομαι) tending mothers.

μητρόρ-ριπτος, ου, (**μήτηρ**, ῥίπτω) rejected by one's mother.

μητρο-φουρος, ου, (**μήτηρ**, φθείρω) mother-murdering.

μητρο-φόνος, ου, also η, ου, (**μήτηρ**, *φένω) mother-murdering, matricidal.

μητρο-φόντης, ου, δ. (**μήτηρ**, *φένω) a matricide.

μητρυῖα, ᾱς, Ion. **μητρυνή**, ἡς, ἡ, (**μήτηρ**) a step-mother, Lat. *noverca*: metaph. a rocky coast is called **μητρυνία νῆων**.

μητρῶς Ep. **μητρῶϊος**, α, ου, (**μήτηρ**) of or belonging to a mother, maternal.

μητρως, δ; gen. **μητρως** and ω; acc. **μητρωα** and ων; (**μήτηρ**) a maternal uncle 2. any relation by the mother's side.

μηχανάσθαι, -άσθε, Ep. for **μηχανᾶσθαι** -ᾶσθε, pres. inf. and 2 pl. ind. of **μηχανάομαι**.

μηχανάομαι, f. -ήσομαι: aor. I ἐμῆχανησαμην: pf. **μεμῆχανῆμαι**: Dep.: (-μῆχανῆ):—Lat. *machinari*, to make by art, put together, contrive, prepare. 2. to contrive, devise, scheme. II. as Med. to procure for oneself.

μηχανάω, = **μηχανάομαι**, found in act. voice in Ep. part. **μηχανάωντας**: but perf. **μεμῆχανῆμαι** is used in pass. sense.

μηχασομένη, -όω, -όωτο, Ep. for **μῆχανσμένη**, pres. opt. of **μηχανάομαι**.

μηχανέομαι, Ion. for **μηχανάομαι**.

μηχανή, ἡ, (**μῆχος**) Lat. *machina*, an instrument or machine for lifting weights:— 2. an engine of war.

II. any artificial means, a contrivance, device; generally, a way, means:—**μηχαναί**, arts, wiles: c. gen., **μηχανῇ κακῶν** a contrivance against ills: **μηδεμῇ μηχανῇ** by no means whatsoever, by no contrivance.

μηχανήμα, ατος, τό, (**μηχανάομαι**) an engine. II. a subtle contrivance or device, art, trick.

μηχανητέον, verb. Adj. of **μηχανάομαι**, one must contrive.

μηχανητικός, ὁ, ὄν, (**μηχανάομαι**) = **μηχανικός**.

μηχανικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μηχανή) *inventive, ingenious, clever*. II. as Subst., ἡ μηχανική (sub. τέχνη), *mechanics*.

μηχανιώτης, ου, ὁ, poet. for μηχανητής. μηχανο-δίδης, ου, ὁ, (μηχανή, διδάω) *inventing contrivances or artifices, ingenious*.

μηχανόεις, εσσα, εν, (μηχανή) *inventive, ingenious*. μηχανο-ποιός, ὄν, (μηχανή, ποίω) *making machines*: as Subst., μηχανοποιός, ὁ, *an engineer, maker of war-engines*.

μηχανορᾶφέω, f. ἦσω, *to contrive craft, deal subtly, craftily*. From

μηχανορ-ράφος, ον, (μηχανή, ῥάπτω) *contriving devices, crafty-dealing, craft-contriving*.

μηχαν-ουργός, ὄν, (μηχανή, ἔργον) = μηχανοποιός. II. pass. cunningly contrived.

μηχανώνεται, -δώντο, 3 pl. pres. and impf. of μηχανώμαι.

-ἄχαρ, τό, = μήχος, *a means, contrivance*.

ΜΗΧΟΣ, τό, *a means, expedient, contrivance*.

μῦδ, ἡ; gen. μῦδς Ion. μήδ; dat. μῦδ, μῦ; acc. μῦδν:—fem. of εἰς, one.

ΜΙΑΙΝΩ, f. μῦνῶ: aor. I ἐμίμηνα Att. ἐμίανῶ: pf. μεμίμηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἐμίανθην: pf. μεμίασμαι or -αμμαι:—to, *paint over, stain, dye, colour*, Lat. *violare*. 2. *to stain, defile, soil*. 3. metaph. *to taint, defile, pollute*.

μῖαιφονέω, f. ἦσω, (μῖαιφονος):—to be blood-stained, bloody, murderous. Hence

μῖαιφονία, ἡ, *bloodguiltiness*.

μῖαι-φόνος, ον, (μῖαινω, *φένω) *blood-stained, bloody: defiled with blood, blood-guilty*:—Comp. -ώτερος; of Sup. -ώτατος.

μῖανθην, Ep. for ἐμίανθην, aor. I pass. of μῖαινω.

μῖαρία, ἡ, (μῖαρός) *brutality*. II. *defilement*.

μῖαρό-γλωσσος, ον, (μῖαρός, γλῶσσα) *foul-mouthed*.

μῖαρός, ἂ, ὄν, (μῖαινω) *defiled with blood*. 2.

generally, *polluted, abominable, foul*. Lat. *impurus*: *brutal, coarse, disgusting*. Adv. μῖαρῶς, *brutally*.

μῖασμα, ατος, τό, (μῖαινω) *a stain, defilement; of persons, a pollution*.

μῖασμός, οῦ, ὁ, (μῖαινω) *pollution*.

μῖάστωρ, ορος, ὁ, (μῖαινω) *a guilty wretch, one who brings pollution*, Lat. *homo piacularis*. II. ἀλάστωρ, *an avenger of such guilt*.

μίγα, Adv. (μῖγνυμι) *mixed or blended with*.

μῖγάζομαι, Dep. poet. for μῖγνυμαι.

μῖγᾶς, ἀδης, ὁ, ἡ, (μῖγα) *mixed up, promiscuous*.

μῖγδᾶν and μῖγδην, Adv. *promiscuously*.

μῖγεῖν, aor. 2 opt. pass. of μῖγνυμι.

μῖγεις, aor. 2 part. pass. of μῖγνυμι.

μῖγεν, for ἐμίγησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of μῖγνυμι.

μῖγημεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. pass. of μῖγνυμι.

μῖγνῆαι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of μῖγνυμι.

μίγμα, ατος, τό, (μῖγνυμι) *a mixture, compound*.

ΜΙΛΝΤΜΙ and -ύω, also ΜΙΣΓΩ: f. μίξω: aor. I ἐμίξα, inf. μῖξαι:—Med. and Pass. μῖγνῦμαι and μῖσσομαι: fut. med. μίξομαι, fut. I pass. μῖχθήσομαι,

f. 2 μῖγῆσσομαι, f. 3 μεμίξομαι: aor. I ἐμίχθην, aor. 2 ἐμίγην [γ]; 3 sing. Ep. aor. pass. ἐμικτο, μῖκτο: pf. μέμικμαι: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. μέμικτο:—Lat. *MISCO*, *to mix, mix up, mingle, properly of liquids*, e. g. οἶνον καὶ ὕδωρ. generally, *to join, bring together, bring in contact with*. 3, *to make acquainted with, unite with*: also, μῖξαι τινα ἀνδρσι *to cover one with flowers*. II. Med. and Pass. *to be brought into contact with, to be mingled with, to reach*; κλισίῃσι μῖγῆναι *to reach the tents: to come to, to be present at*: hence *to meet, live, associate with*: but also in hostile sense, *to encounter*: more rarely μῖσσομαι ἐς Ἀχαιοὺς, *to go to join the Achaeans*. 2. *to lie with: to have intercourse with, to be united to*.

μῖγνῦν, = μῖγνυμι.

μῖγη, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of μῖαινω.

μῖη-φόνος, ον, = μῖαιφόνος.

μῖκός, ἂ, ὄν, Dor. for μικρός, *little*.

μῖκρ-αῦλας, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (μῖκρός, αὔλας) *with small furrows*: hence *small, scanty*.

μῖκρ-ἔμπορος, ὁ, (μῖκρός, ἔμπορος) *a pedlar*.

μῖκρολογέομαι, f. -ῆσομαι, Dep., (μῖκρολόγος) *to examine or discuss with extreme minuteness*. Hence

μῖκρολογία, ἡ, *minute discussion, frivolity*.

μῖκρο-λόγος, ον, (μῖκρός, λέγω) *reckoning trifles: caring about petty expenses, penurious, mean*. 2. *cavilling about trifles, captious*.

μῖκρο-πολίτης [γ], ου, ὁ, fem. -ιτις, ἑδος, ἡ, (μῖκρός, πόλις) *a citizen of a petty town or state*.

ΜΙΚΡΟΨ, Ion. and old Att. σμικρός Dor. μῖκρός, ἂ, ὄν, *small, little: petty, mean, trivial, insignificant*:

of Time, *little, short*. II. Adv. usages: gen. μικροῦ (sub. δει) *it wants but little, almost*:—dat. μικρῷ *by a little*: acc. μικρόν *a little*. 2. with Preps., ἐπὶ μικρόν *for a little, but a little*; κατὰ μικρόν *little by little, or into small parts*; μετὰ μικρόν *after a little*; παρὰ μικρόν *within a little, almost*.—

Besides the regular Comp. and Sup. μικρότερος, μῖκρότατος, the irr. forms ἐλάσσων, ἐλάχιστος, μέλειον, μείστος, μείότερος, μείοτάτος are used.

μῖκροφιλοτιμία, ἡ, *petty ambition*. From

μῖκρο-φιλότητις, ον, (μῖκρός, φιλότιμος) *ambitious of petty distinctions*.

μῖκροψυχία, ὁ, *littleness of soul, meanness of spirit*. From

μῖκρῶ-ψυχος, ον, (μῖκρός, ψυχή) *little-souled, narrow-minded, paltry*.

μῖκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of μῖγνυμι.

μῖκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (μῖγνυμι) *mixed, compound*.

μῖλας, ἄκος, ἡ, Att. for σμῖλας, *the yew-trees*. II. *a convolvulus*.

Μιλήσιος, α, ον, of or from Miletus. From

Μίλητος, ἡ, Miletus, a famous Greek city in Caria.

μυλιᾶριον, τό, *a milestone, the Lat. milliarium*. II. *a copper vessel for boiling water in*.

μῖλιον, τό, *a Roman mile*, Lat. *mille passus*, = 8 stades, = 1680 yards, i. e. 80 yards less than our mile.

μιλτεῖον, τό, *a vessel for keeping milts* in.
 μιλτο-ηλιφής, ἐς, (μίλτος, ἀλιφής) *painted red*.
 μιλτο-πάρης, ον, (μίλτος, παρείά) *red-cheeked*: of
 ships, *with the bows painted red*.

ΜΙΛΤΟΣ, ἡ, *red earth, red calk or ochre, ruddle*.
 Lat. *rubrica*. II. *vermilion*, Lat. *minium*.
 μιλτο-φύρης, ἐς, (μίλτος, φυρῆν) *smeared with*
ochre.

μιλτώ, f. ὥσω: pass. pf. μεμίλωμαι; (μίλτος):—
to colour with ochre, paint red; *σχοινίον μεμλω-*
μένον a rope *smeared with red paint*, with which
 they swept the Agora at Athens, and drove the idlers
 to the Pnyx.

μιλτο-ώδης, ἐς, (μίλτος, εἶδος) *of the nature or colour*
of milts.

μίμαρκευς, ἡ, *a kind of bare-soup*. (A foreign word.)
 Μίμας, αντος, ὁ, *a rocky promontory of Ionia*.

ΜΙΜΕΩΜΑΙ, f. —ήσομαι: aor. I ἐμμησάμην:
 pf. μεμίμημαι: Dep.:—*to imitate, mimic, copy*: pf.
 part. μεμιμημένος, in pass. sense, *made exactly like*,
made in imitation of. II. *of the fine arts, to re-*
present by means of imitation. Hence

μιμηλός, ἡ, ὄν, *imitative*.
 μίμημα, ατος, τό, (μυέομαι) *an imitation, copy*.
 μίμησις, ἡ, (μυέομαι) *imitation*.
 μιμητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. *of μυέομαι, to be imi-*
tated. II. *μιμητέον, one must imitate*.

μιμητής, οὔ, ὁ, (μυέομαι) *an imitator, copyist*.
 μιμητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μυέομαι) *imitative*.
 μιμητός, ἡ, ὄν, (μυέομαι) *to be imitated or copied*.
 μίμωξας, Frequent. *of μίμω, μένω, to keep staying,*
to stay, remain. II. *trans. to expect, await*.

μιμνήσκω, fut. μνήσω: aor. I ἐμνησα: (μνάω):—
to remind, put in mind. 2. *to recall to the memory*
of others.

II. Med. and Pass. *μιμνήσκομαι*, with
 the older form *MNA'OMAI*, *μνώμαι*, whence the
 tenses are formed: fut. med. *μνήσομαι*, f. I pass.
μνησθήσομαι, f. 3 *μεμνήσομαι*: aor. I med. *ἐμνησά-*
μην, pass. *ἐμνήσθην*:—the pf. *μεμνήμαι* is both med.
 and pass., in Att. with pres. sense like Lat. *memini*,
 2 sing. *μέμνη*, shortened from *μέμνησαι*; imperat.
μέμνησο Ion. *μέμνεο*; subjunct. *μέμνημαι*; optat.
μεμνήμην, but also *μεμνήμην*, φο, φτω, Ion. *μεμνέ-*
σο: infin. *μεμνήσθαι*: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. *ἐμμενέατο*:
 —*to remind oneself, remember*: c. gen. *ἀλκῆς μνή-*
σασθαι *to betink one of one's strength*: also, c. part.,
μέμνημαι ἐλθάν *I remember having come*. 2. *to*
mention, make mention of. 3. *to give heed to,*
judge of.

μῖμοντι, Dor. for *μῖμονται*, 3 pl. of *μῖμω*. 2.
 dat. pres. part. of the same Verb.
 μῖμω, for *μῖ-μένω*, redupl. form of *μένω, to remain,*
stay, wait: c. acc. *to await*.

μῖμο-λόγος, ον, (μῖμος, λέγω) *mocking one's*
words. II. *as Subst. a writer of mimes*.

ΜΙΜΟΣ, ου, ὁ, *an imitator, copyist*: an actor,
 mime. II. *a mime, a kind of drama*.

μῖν [ῖ], Ion. acc. sing. of the Pron. of the 3rd pers.

through all genders, for *αὐτόν, αὐτήν, αὐτό*: always
 enclitic: Dor. and Att. *νιν*: *μῖν αὐτόν himself*; but,
αὐτόν μιν oneself, for εαυτόν. II. rarely as 3 pers.
 pl., for *αὐτούς, αὐτάς, αὐτά*. III. —the reflex.
 Pron. *εαυτόν*.

ΜΙΝΘΟΣ, ὁ, *human ordure, dung*. Hence
 μινθός, f. ὥσω, *to besoul with dung*.

Μίνυαι, οἱ, *the Minyans, a race of nobles in Orchomenos*. Adj. Μινύειος, α, ον, Ed. Μινυῖος, *of the*
Minyans.

ΜΙΝΥΘΩ [ῖ], .ον, impf. μινύθεσκον, Lat. *minuo*,
to diminish, lessen, curtail, weaken. II. intr. *to*
decrease, decline, fall away, be wasted. Hence
 μινυθῶ, Adv. *a little, very little*: of Time, *a short*
time. Hence

μινυθῶδιος, α, ον, *lasting a short time, short-lived*:
 Comp. *μινυθαδιώτερος*.

μῖνυρξ, f. ἰώω, (μινυρός) *to moan, wbine*: also *to*
burn, chant in a low tone, Lat. *minuire*. Hence

μῖνυρσιμα, ατος, τό, *a warbling, bummings*.
 μῖνυρσιμός, ὁ, (μινυρίζω) *a moaning*: *warbling*.
 μῖνυρομαι, Dep.=μινυρίζω, *of the nightingale, to*
warble: generally, *to burn a tune, chant in a low*
tone. [ῖ]

ΜΙΝΥΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, *complaining in a low tone,*
moaning, wbinning, whimpering.

μῖνυ-ώριος and μινύ-ωρος, ον, (μινύω, ὥρα) *short-*
lived.

Μίνως, ὁ, *Minos, king of Crete*: gen. Μίνως and
 Μίνω; dat. Μίνωϊ, Μίνω; acc. Μίνωα, also Μίνω and
 Μίνων:—hence Adj. Μινώϊος Att. Μινώϊος, α, ον, *of*
Minos.

μῖξαι, aor. I inf., μίξεσθαι, fut. inf. med. of *μιγ-*
ννμι.

μῖξις, εως, ἡ, (μῖξω fut. of *μίγνυμι*), *a mixing, min-*
gling. II. *intercourse or commerce with others*.

μῖξο-βάρβαρος, ον, (μῖξω fut. of *μίγνυμι*, *βάρβαρος*)
half barbarian half Greek.

μῖξο-θηρ, ὁ, ἡ, (μῖξω, θήρ) *half beast*.

μῖξο-θροος, ον, (μῖξω, θρόος) *with mingled cries*.

μῖξο-λευκος, ον, (μῖξω, λευκός) *mixed with white*.

μῖξομαι, fut. med. of *μίγνυμι*.

μῖξομ-βροτος, ον, for *μῖξο-βροτος*, (μῖξω, βρότος)
half mortal.

μῖξο-νόμος, ον, (μῖξω νέμω) *feeding promiscu-*
ously.

μῖξο-παρθενος, ον, (μῖξω, παρθένος) *half a maiden,*
half woman.

μῖξω, fut. of *μίγνυμι*.

μῖσαγαθία, ἡ, *batred of good*. From

μῖσο-ἀγαθός, η, ον, (μῖσος, ἀγαθός) *bating good*.

μῖσο-ἀθηναίος, ον, (μῖσος, Ἀθηναίος) *bating the*
Athenians.

μῖσο-ἀλάξων, ον, gen. ονος, (μῖσος, ἀλάξων) *bating*
boasters.

μῖσο-Ἀλέξανδρος, ον, (μῖσος, Ἀλέξανδρος) *bating*
Alexander.

μῖσο-ἄμπελος, ον, (μῖσος, ἄμπελος) *bating the vine*.

μισάνθρωπος, *ον*, (μισος, ἄνθρωπος) *hating mankind, misanthropic.*

μισο-ἄγκεια, ἡ, (μισογ-, ἄγκος) *a place where several mountain glens (ἀγκη) meet, a meeting of glens.*

μισογενεῖαι, *pres. inf. pass. of μίσγω.*

μισογιοῖσαι, *Dor. pres. part. pl. fem. of μίσγω.*

ΜΙΣΤΩ, *see μίσγνυμι.*

μισο-ἔλλην, *ηνος, ὁ, ἡ*, (μισος, Ἑλλήν) *a bater of the Greeks.*

μισέω, *ῥ. ἦσω*: *pf. μεμίσηκα*:—*Pass., f. med. in pass. sense μισήσομαι*: *aor. I ἐμισήθην*: *pf. μεμίσημαι*: (μισος):—*to bate*:—*Pass. to be bated.*

μισήθρον, τό, (μισέω) *a charm for producing hatred, opp. to φίλτρον (from φιλέω), which caused love.*

μισήμα, *ατος, τό*, (μισέω) *an object of bate.*

μισήτοις, *verb. Adj. of μισέω, to be bated.*

μισήτρια, ἡ, (μισέω) *bateful loudness or greediness.*

μισήτός, ὁ, *ὄν*, (μισέ ^αted, *bateful, odious.*

μισήτρον, τό, = *μισή.*

μισοαποδοσία, ἡ, *payment of wages, recompense.*
From

μισο-αποδότης, *ον, ὁ*, (μισοθῶ, ἀποδίδωμι) *one who pays wages, a rewarder, recompenser.*

μισθάριον, τό, *Dim. of μισθός, a small fee.*

μισθαρνέω, *ῥ. ἦσω*, (μισθαρνος) *to work or serve for hire, receive pay.* Hence

μισθαρνία, ἡ, *a receiving of wages, hired service.*

μισθ-αρνος, ὁ, (μισθός, ἀρνυμαι) *a hired servant.*

μισο-ἀρχίδης, *ον, ὁ*, (μισθός, ἀρχή) *a Comic Patronymic, son of a placeman.*

μισθίος, *α, ον*, also *ος, ον*, (μισθός) *hired, salaried.*

μισοδοσία, ἡ, *payment of wages.* From

μισοδοτέω, *ῥ. ἦσω*, *to pay wages.* From

μισο-δοτής, *ον, ὁ*, (μισθός, δίδωμι) *one who pays wages, a paymaster.*

ΜΙΣΘΟΨ, *οῦ, ὁ*, *wages, pay, hire*: *μισθός* *ἡτός* *fixed wages*: *ἐπὶ μισθῷ* *for hire*: *διδόναι τάλαντον μηνὸς μισθόν* *to give a talent as a month's pay.* 2.

at Athens *the pay of the soldiery*: also, *μισθός* *βουλευτικός* *the pay of the council of 500, a drachma each for every day of sitting*: *μισθός* *δικαστικός* *or ἡλιαστικός* *the wages of a dicast or juror (at first one obol, from the time of Cleon three) for every day he sat on a jury*: *μισθός* *συνηγορικός* *the pay of a public advocate, one drachma for every court-day.* 3.

generally, *recompense, reward*: in bad sense, *punishment, retribution.*

μισθοφόρά, ἡ, (μισθοφόρος) *receipt of wages: wages received, wages, pay, salary.*

μισθοφορέω, *ῥ. ἦσω*, (μισθοφόρος) *to receive wages, to serve for hire*: *c. acc. rei, to receive as pay.* Hence

μισθοφορητέον, *verb. Adj. one must keep in pay.*

μισθοφορία, ἡ, (μισθοφορέω) *service for wages or pay, hired service.*

μισθο-φόρος, *ον*, (μισθός, φέρω) *receiving wages, serving for hire*: *οἱ μισθοφόροι* *hiring soldiers,*

mercenaries: *μισθοφόροι τριήρεις* *galley's manned with mercenaries.*

μισθός, *ῥ. ὦσω*: *aor. I ἐμισθωσα*: *pf. μεμισθωκα*: (μισθός):—*to let out for hire, farm out*, *Lat. locare*: *c. inf., μισθοῦν τὸν νηὸν τριηκοσίαν τάλαντων* *ξεργάσασθαι* *to let out the building of the temple for 300 talents*, *Lat. locare aedem exstruendam.* II. *Med.,*

f. μισθώσομαι: *aor. I ἐμισθωσάμην*: *pf. (in med. sense) μεμισθώμαι*:—*to engage or hire at a price*, *Lat. conducere*: *to retain*, as an advocate or physician: *μισθοῦσθαι τινα τάλαντον* *to engage his services at a talent*: *c. inf., μισθοῦσθαι νηὸν* *ἐξοικοδομήσαι* *to contract for the building of the temple*, *Lat. conducere aedem aedificandam.* III. *Pass., aor. I ἐμισθώθην*: *pf. (in pass. sense) μεμισθώμαι*:—*to be hired for pay.* Hence

μισθωμα, *ατος, τό*, *that which is let for hire, a hired house.* II. *the price agreed on, the contract-price*: *rent.*

μισθώσιμος, *ον*, (μισθός) *that can be hired.*
μισθωσις, *εως, ἡ*, (μισθός) *a letting for hire.* II.
(μισθόμαι) *a hiring.* III. = *μισθωμα, rent.*

μισθωτής, *οῦ, ὁ*, (μισθός) *one who pays rent, a tenant.*

μισθωτικός, ὁ, *ὄν*, (μισθός) *mercenary.*

μισθωτός, ὁ, *ὄν*, (μισθός) *hired or to be hired*: as *Subst. a hiring, mercenary, of soldiers.*

μισό-γάμος, *ον*, (μισος, γάμος) *marriage-bating.*

μισό-γελως, *ατος, ὁ, ἡ*, (μισος, γέλω) *laugher-bating.*

μισο-γότης, *ον, ὁ*, (μισος, γόης) *bating imposture.*

μισοδημία, ἡ, *bated of democracy.* From

μισο-δημος, *ον*, (μισος, δήμος) *bating the commons*

bating democracy.

μισό-θεος, *ον*, (μισος, θεός) *bating the gods, godless.*

μισό-θηρος, *ον*, (μισος, θήρα) *bating the chase.*

μισο-καίσαρ, *αρος, ὁ*, (μισος, Καίσαρ) *bating Caesar*

μισο-λάκων, *ατος, ὁ*, (μισος, Λάκων) *a Laconian-bater.* [ἀ]

μισο-λάμχος, *ον*, (μισος, Λάμαχος) *bating Lama-*

cbus. [λα]

μισολογία, ἡ, *bated of argument.* From

μισό-λογος, *ον*, (μισος, λόγος) *bating argument.*

μισό-νοθος, *ον*, (μισος, νόθος) *bating bastards.*

μισό-παις, *παιδος, ὁ, ἡ*, (μισος, παῖς) *bating children*

μισο-πέρσης, *ον, ὁ*, (μισος, Πέρσης) *a Persian bater*

μισό-πολις, *ιος, ὁ, ἡ*, (μισος, πόλις) *bating the state.*

μισοπονιήριος, *ῥ. ἦσω*, *to bate the bad.* From

μισο-πόνηρος, *ον*, (μισος, πονήριος) *bating the bad*

μισο-πόνια, ἡ, (μισος, πόνος) *bated of work.*

μισο-πέρταξ, *ακος, ὁ, ἡ*, (μισος, πέρταξ) *bating the*

shield-handle, i. e. bating war: *Sup. μισοπορταῖ*

στατος.

μισό-πτωχος, *ον*, (μισος, πτωχός) *bating the poor.*

μισο-ρώμαιος, *ον*, (μισος, Ρωμαίος) *Roman-bating*

ΜΓΣΟΣ, τό, *bate, bated*: I. *pass. bate born*

one. 2. *act. a bating, a grudge, strong dislike.*

II. *a bateful object, = μισημα.*

μισο-σύλλας, ου, δ, (μῖσος, Σύλλας) *bating Sylla*.
μισο-τύραννος, ου, (μῖσος, τύραννος) *tyrant-bating*.
μισο-φιλιππος, ου, (μῖσος, Φίλιππος) *bating Philip*.
μισο-χρηστος, ου, (μῖσος, χρηστός) *bating the good*.
μισο-ψευδής, ἐς, (μῖσος, ψεύδος) *bating lies*.

ΜΙΣΤΥ ΛΑῶ, ἡ, ἰδῶ, *to cut up meat before roasting*.
μῖτο-εργός, ὄν, (μῖτος, *ἐργω) *working the thread*.
μῖτορ-ῤαφής, ἐς, (μῖτος, ῤαφῆναι) *sewn with thread, baving meshes of thread*.

ΜΙΤΟΣ, ου, δ, *a thread of the warp*, Lat. *tela* :—
generally, *a thread* : *a web*. [r] Hence

μῖτῶ, ἡ, ὥσω, *to stretch the warp in the loom* :—
Med. *to ply the loom* ; metaph., φθόγγον μῖτῶσασθαι
to let one's voice sound like a harp-string.

μίτρα, Ep. and Ion. μῖτρη, ἡ, (μῖτος) *a linen girdle*
or *band*, worn below the θώραξ : generally *a girdle*,
zone. II. *a beadband*, *a snood*. 2. *a Persian*

cap, like κυρβάσια.

Μίτρα, ἡ, ἡ, the Persian Aphrodité or Venus.
μῖτρη-φόρος, ου, (μῖτρα, φέρω) *wearing a μῖτρα*,
on either girdle or bead-dress

μῖτρό-δετος, ου, (μῖτρα, δέω) *bound with a μῖτρα*.
μῖτροφορέω, ἡ, ἴσω, *to wear a μῖτρα*. From
μῖτρο-φόρος, ου, = μῖτρη-φόρος.

ΜΙΤΤΛΟΣ, ου, μῖτυλος, ἡ, ου, Lat. *mutilis*, *cur-*
tailed, esp. *bornless*. [r]

μῖτ-ώδης, ἐς, (μῖτος, εἶδος) *like thread, of linen*.

μῖχθῆναι, aor. i inf. pass. of μῖγνυμι.

μῖχθω, Ep. 3 sing. aor. i pass. of μῖγνυμι.

μῖχθμεναι, Ep. aor. i pass. inf. of μῖγνυμι.

ΜΝΑ Ion. μνῆα, ἡ ; gen. μνάς ; nom. pl. μνάε :—
the Lat. *MINA*, I. *a weight*, — 100 drachmae
= 15 oz. 83½ grs.

II. *a sum of money*, also —
100 drachmae, — 4l. 1s. 3d. :—60 μνάι *made a talent*.

μνάμα, μνάμεϊον, μναμοσύνη, Dor. for μνημ—.

ΜΝΑΪΟΜΑΙ (A), contr. μνώμαι, *used in the contr.*
forms 3 sing., i and 3 pl, μνάται, μνάμεθα, μνώνται ;
imperat. 3 sing. μνάσθω ; inf. μνάσθαι ; part. μνώ-

μενος ; also in Ep. resolved forms, 2 sing. μνάα inf.
μνάσθαι ; 3 sing. Ion. impf. μνάσκετο for ἐμνάτο,
Ep. 3 pl. μνώοντο, part. μνώμενος :—*to woo to wife*,
woo, court. II. generally, *to court, sue for, solicit*,

canvass for, Lat. *ambire*.

ΜΝΑΪΟΜΑΙ (B), contr. μνώμαι, *to remember*, Ep.

and Ion. for μμνήσκομαι.

μνάσθαι, inf. of μνάομαι *to*

μνάσθω, 3 sing. pres. imperat. of μνάομαι *to woo*.

μνάσσεσθαι, Dor. for μνήσσεσθαι, fut. med. of μμνήσκειν.

μνάστῃρ, ὅ, fem. μνάστειρα, Dor. for μνηστ—.

μνάστῃς, ἡ, Dor. for μνήστῃς, q. v.

μνῆα, Ion. for μνά.

μνῆα, ἡ, (μνάομαι B) *remembrance, memory*. II.

μνῆαν ποιεῖσθαι τινας, Lat. *mentionem*

facere.

μνήμα Dor. μνάμα, ατος, τό, (μνάομαι B) Lat. *moni-*
mentum, *a memorial, remembrance, record of a*

person or thing : a memorial of one dead, a monu-

ment. II. = μνήμη, *memory*.

μνημεῖον Ion. —ήιον Dor. μνάμεϊον, τό, (μνήμα)
Lat. *monumentum*, *a memorial, remembrance, record*

of a person or thing : of one dead, a monument.
μνήμη, ἡ, (μνάομαι B) *remembrance, memory, recol-*
lection. 2. *the faculty of memory* ; μνήμης ὕπο from

memory. 3. *a memorial, monument*. II.

mention or notice of a thing.

μνημῆιον, τό, Ion. for μνημεῖον.

μνημονεύω, ἡ, σω, (μνήμων) *to remember, call to mind,*

recollect. 2. *to call to another's mind, mention,*

say, Lat. *memorare*. II. Pass., with i. med

—εύσομαι and pass. —εὐθήσομαι : aor. i ἐμνημονεύθην

—*to be remembered, had in memory, mentioned*.

μνημονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μνήμων) *of or for remembrance*

or memory ; τὸ μνημονικόν = μνήμη, *memory*. II.

of persons, of good or ready memory.

μνημονικῶς, Adv. *from or by memory, readily*.

μνημοσύνη, ἡ, (μνήμων) *remembrance, memory, Lat.*

memoria. II. as prop. n. *Mnemosyné*, the mother

of the Muses ; because before the invention of writing

memory was the Poet's chief gift.

μνημόσυνον Dor. μνάμ—, τό, (μνήμων) *a remem-*

brance, memorial, record of a thing : also *a reminder,*

refresher. 2. *honourable mention, fame*.

μνήμων, δ, ἡ, neut. μνήμον, (μνάομαι B) *mindful,*

remembering : c. gen. *mindful of*. 2. *ever mind-*

ful, unforgetting.

μνήσαι, aor. i inf. and aor. i med. imperat. of μ-

μνήσκειν.

μνησαίετο, Ion. for μνήσαιετο, 3 pl. aor. i med. opt

of μμνήσκειν.

μνήσασθαι, aor. i inf. med. of μμνήσκειν.

μνησάσκετο, Ion. for ἐμνήσατο, 3 sing. aor. i med.

of μμνήσκειν.

μνησθῆναι, aor. i pass. inf. of μμνήσκειν.

μνησθῆναι, 2 sing. aor. i imperat. pass. of μμνήσκειν.

μνηστῶ-δωρέω Dor. μνάσ—, ἡ, ἴσω, (μνήσις, δῶρον)

to bring presents in token of gratitude : to be grateful.

μνηστικῶς, ἡ, ἴσω, *to remember old injuries : to*

bear ill-will or malice ; οὐ μνησικακεῖν to bear no

malice, pass an act of amnesty. II. also c. acc.

rei, τὴν ἡλικίαν μνησικακεῖν *to remind of the ills of*

age. From

μνηστῆ-κάκος, ου, (μνασθῆναι B, κακόν) *remembering*

old injuries, bearing malice.

μνηστῆ-πῆμων, ου, gen. πνος, (μμνήσκειν, πῆμα) *re-*

mindful of misery.

μνήσις Dor. μνάσις, εως, ἡ, (μνάομαι B) *remem-*

brance, memory.

μνήσομαι, fut. med. of μμνήσκειν.

μνήστειρα, ἡ, fem. of μνηστῆρ, (μνάομαι A) *a*

bride. II. fem. Adj. (μνάομαι B) *reminding of*.

μνήστευμα, ατος, τό, (μνηστεύω) *courtsbip, wooing :*

in plur., espousals.

μνηστεύω, ἡ, σω : aor. i ἐμνηστεύσα : (μνάομαι B) :

—Pass., aor. i ἐμνηστεύθην :—*to woo, court, seek in*

marriage ; to espouse : Pass. *to be courted*. II.

to promise in marriage, betroth : Pass. *to be betrothed*.

μνηστήρ Dor. μναστήρ, ἦρος, δ, (μνάομαι A) a wooer, suitor: later, a bridegroom. II. (μνάομαι B) calling to mind, mindful of.

μνηστήρεσσι, Ep. for μνηστήρσι, dat. pl. of foreg. μνήστis Dor. μνάστis, ιος, ἡ, (μνάομαι B) a remembering, remembrance. II. reputation, fame.

μνηστός, ἡ, ὄν, (μνάομαι) wooed, wedded.
μνηστός, ὄος, ἡ, Ion. for μνηστέλα, a wooing, courting, seeking in marriage.

μνήστωρ, ορος, δ, (μνάομαι) mindful of.
μνήσω, fut. of μμνήσκω.
μνῆρός, ἄ, ὄν, mossy; soft as moss. From ΜΝΙΨ, τῷ, moss, sea-weed.

μνός contr. μνοῦς, δ, fine down.
μνώμενος, part. of μνάομαι, to woo.
μνῶνται, 3 pl. of μνάομαι to woo.

μνώμενος, Ep. part. of μνάομαι, to remember.
μνώοντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of μνάομαι A and B.

μογερός, ἄ, ὄν, of persons, labouring, distressed, wretched: of things, toilsome, grievous. From μογέω, f. ἤσω, (μόγος) to toil, labour, be in trouble or distress: pres. part. μογέων = μόγισ, with trouble, bardly; μογέων ἀποικνήσασκε with much toil he moved, bardly he moved. II. to labour at.

μογι-λάλος, ὄν, (μόγισ, λαλέω) speaking with difficulty, stammering or dumb.

μόγισ, Adv. (μόγος, μογέω) with toil and trouble: bardly, scarcely: like the later μόλις. Hence ΜΟΤΟΣ, ὄν, δ, toil, trouble: hardship, pain, sorrow, with difficulty; οὐ μόλις not scarcely, i. e. quite, utterly.

μογοσ-τόκος, ὄν, (μόγος, τεκεῖν) helping women in hard travail.

μόδιος, δ, a dry measure, Lat. modius, = $\frac{1}{8}$ of a medimnus, = 2 gallons.

ΜΟΘΟΣ, δ, battle, the battle-din; μόθος ἔπων the noise or trampling of horses.

μόθων, ὄνος, δ, at Sparta, a name for the child of a Helot: such children being brought up as foster-brothers of the young Spartans. 2. from their insolence, μόθων meant an impudent fellow: hence invoked as the god of impudence. 3. a rude dance.

μολ, enclit. dat. sing. of ἐγώ.

μοῖρα, gen. as Ion. ης, ἡ: (μεῖραμαι):—a part, portion, division, as opp. to the whole: a division of an army. II. a part or party in a state, Lat. partes.

III. the part or portion which falls to one, esp. one's portion of the spoil: one's inheritance, patrimony. 2. one's portion in life, lot, destiny: esp. like μόρος, one's fate, doom. 3. that which is one's due; generally, that which is met and right; κατά μοῖραν εἶπες thou hast spoken fitly, rightly; μοῖραν νέμειν τινί to give one his due: hence 4. due reverence, consideration; ἐν μοῖρῃ ἀγειν τινά to hold one in proper respect.

Μοῖρα, as prop. n., Moira, the goddess of fate: later there were three, Clotho, Lachesis, Atropos.

μοιράω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ] Ion. ἡσω: (μοῖρα):—to share, distribute: Med. to share among themselves.

μοιρῇ γενῆς, ἐς, (μοῖρα, γένος) fated from birth.

μοῖρῃσι, α, ὄν, also ος; ὄν, (μοῖρα) allotted by fate or doom, destined, fated, Lat. fatalis.

μοῖρῷ-κραίντος, ὄν, (μοῖρα, κραίνω) ordained by fate, fated, destined.

Μοῖσα, ἡ, Aeol. for Μοῦσα: Μοισάν, Aeol. for Μοῦσαν, pl. gen.

Μοισαῖος, α, ὄν, Aeol. for Μοῦσειος.

μοιχ-ἄγρια, τᾶ, (μοιχός, ἄγρια) only in pl. the fine imposed on one taken in adultery.

μοιχαλῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, irreg. fem. of μοιχός, an adulteress, Lat. moecha: as fem. Adj. adulterous.

μοιχάς, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. of μοιχός, an adulteress, μοιχάω, f. ἡσω, (μοιχός) trans. to commit adultery with; μοιχᾶν τὴν θάλατταν to bold dalliance with the sea. II. intr. to commit adultery, Lat. moechari.

μοιχεύω, f. σω, to commit adultery with, to seduce, c. acc. II. intr. to commit adultery, Lat. moechari.

μοιχῖδος, α, ὄν, (μοιχός) born in adultery

μοιχός, α, ὄν, adulterous. From ΜΟΙΧΟΣ, οὔ, δ, an adulterer, paramour, seducer, Lat. moechus; κεκάρηται μοιχὸν μᾶ μάχαρᾶ to have the head shaven with a razor like an adulterer's; since persons taken in adultery had their heads close shaven by way of punishment.

ΜΟΛΑΙΨ, α, ὄν, (μόλις) born in adultery

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ΜΟΛΥΝΩ [v]: f. ὄνω: pf. pass. μεμόλυσμαι:—*to stain, sully, defile, corrupt*: also *to seduce a woman*:—Pass. *to be or become vile, wallow*.
μολυσμός, ὁ, (μολύνω) *defilement, pollution*.
μολών, οὔσα, ὄν, αοι, 2 part. of βλώσκει.
μομφή, ἡ, (μέμφομαι) *blame, reproof, complaint*:—*a cause of complaint*.

μόνα, Dor. for μόνη.
μονάξω, f. σω, (μόνος) *to be alone, live in solitude*.
μοναμπύκλια, ἡ, for ὁ μονάμπυξ, *a race-horse that runs single*.

μον-άμπυξ, ὅκος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, ἀμπυξ η) *having one frontlet*: **μονάμπυκες** πῶλοι *horses that run single, race-horses*: also of a bull, *having no yokefellow*.

μοναρχέω Ion. **μονν-**: f. ἴσω: (μόναρχος):—*to be monarch or sovereign*: ἐπὶ τούτου **μοναρχέοντος** in this king's reign Hence

μοναρχία Ion. **μονν-**, ἡ, *absolute rule, sovereignty, monarchy*.

μόν-αρχος Ion. **μονν-**, ον, (μόνος, ἀρχω) *ruling alone, sovereign*.

μονάς Ion. **μοννάς**, ἄδος, ἡ, (μόνος) properly a fem. Adj., *solitary, single*: also masc. of a man, *alone, by oneself*. II. as Subst., **μονάς**, ἡ, *a unit*.

μονάχῃ, Adv. properly dat. fem. of **μοναχός**, in one way only: *singly or alone*.

μονάχος, ὁ, ὄν, (μόνος) *solitary*:—as Subst. **μοναχός**, ὁ, *a monk*.

μον-ερέτης Ion. **μονν-**, ον, ὁ, (μόνος, ἐρέτης) *one who rows singly, a sculler*.

μονή, ἡ, (μένω) *a staying, abiding, tarrying*. 2. *a place to stay in, mansion*.

μον-ημέριον, τό, (μόνος, ημέρα) *a bunt of one day*.
μον-ήρης, ἐς, (μόνος, ἀρᾶν) *singles*: *ναῦς μονήρης* *a ship with one bank of oars*.

μόνιμος, ον, or η, ον, (μονή) *staying, fixed*: of persons, *steadfast, constant*. 2. of conditions, *abiding, lasting*, Lat. *stabilis*.

μόν-ιππος, ον, (μόνος, ἵππος) *with one horse, a horseman*, opp. to a charioteer.

μονο-βάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μόνος, βαίνω) *walking alone*: of metre, *consisting of one foot*. [Bā]

μονό-γάμος, ον, (μόνος, γαμέω) *marrying one wife*.

μονο-γένεια Ion. **μονογν-**, ἡ, pecul. fem. of sq.

μονο-γενής Ep. and Ion. **μονογν-**, ἐς, (μόνος, γένος) *only-begotten*: *born from one and the same mother*.

μονό-γλήνως, ον, (μόνος, γλήνη) *one-eyed*.

μονό-δάκτυλος, ον, (μόνος, δάκτυλος) *one-fingered*.

μονο-δίακτις, ον, ὁ, (μόνος, δέκνομαι) *one-eyed*.

μονό-δοπος, ον, (μόνος, δοῦπος) *of unvaried sound, monotonous*.

μον-όδους, -όδοντος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, ὁδοῦς) *one-toothed*.

μονό-δροπος, ον, (μόνος, δρέπω) *plucked from one stem*: *cut or carved from one block*.

μονο-εἰδής, ἐς, (μόνος, εἶδος) *of one kind, simple*.

μονο-ξυγής, ἐς, and **μονόξυξ**, ὅκος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, ξυγῆναι) *having one horse yoked*: generally, *single, alone*.

μονο-ήμερος, ον, (μόνος, ημέρα) *lasting but one day*.

μονο-κῆλς Ion. **μουνο-κ-**, ἦτος, ὁ, (μόνος, κῆλς) *a single horse*.

μονό-κερως, αν, gen. -κερω, acc. -κεραν, (μόνος, κέρας) *one-horned*: as Subst. *a unicorn*.

μονό-κλαυτος, ον, (μόνος, κλαίω) *with one mourner*.

μονό-κλινον, τό, (μόνος, κλίνη) *a bed for one only, a coffin*.

μονο-κοιτέω, f. ἴσω, (μόνος, κοιτέω) *to sleep alone*.

μονο-κρήπις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, κρήπις) *with but one sandal*.

μονό-κροτος, ον, (μόνος, κροτέω) *with one bank of oars*.

μονό-κωλος Ion. **μονν-**, ον, (μόνος, κῶλον) *with but one limb*: of buildings, *with but one room*: *περίοδος μονόκωλος* *a sentence consisting of one clause*.

μονό-κωπος, ον, (μόνος, κωπή) *with a single oar*: *with a single ship*.

μονό-λίθος Ion. **μονν-**, ον, (μόνος, λίθος) *made out of one stone*.

μονο-μάτωρ, ορος, Dor. for **μονομήτωρ**. [ā]

μονομάχης Ion. **μονν-**, f. ἴσω, (μονομάχος) *to fight in single combat*: of the Athenians at Marathon,

μοῦνοι μονομαχῆσαστες τῇ Πέρσῃ *having fought single-handed with the Persian*. Hence

μονομάχια Ion. **μονομαχίη**, ἡ, *single combat*.

μονομάχιον, τό, = **μονομαχία**.

μονο-μάχος, ον, (μόνος, μάχομαι) *fighting in single combat*: *wielded in single combat*.

μονο-μήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, μήτηρ) *left alone by one's mother, deprived of one's mother*.

μονο-νυχί Ion. **μονν-**, Adv. (μόνος, νύξ) *in a single night*.

μονό-ξύλος, ον, (μόνος, ξύλον) *made from a single log*. II. *made of wood only*.

μονό-παις, -παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, παῖς) act. *having but one child*. II. pass. = **μόνος παῖς**, *an only child*.

μονο-πάλης Ion. **μονν-**, ον, ὁ, (μόνος, πάλη) *one who conquers alone in wrestling*. [ā]

μονό-πέλμος, ον, (μόνος, πέλμα) *with but one sole*.

μονό-πέπλος, ον, (μόνος, πέπλος) *left without a robe, clad in a tunic only*: v. **ἄπεπλος**.

μονό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος, (μόνος, ποῦς) *one-footed*.

μονό-πῶλος, ον, (μόνος, πῶλος) *with one horse*.

μονο-ορύχτης, ον, ὁ, (μόνος, ορυγῆναι) *digging with one point*. [v]

ΜΟΝΟΣ Ion. **μόνος**, η, ον, Dor. **μῶνος**, α, ον, *alone, left alone, forsaken*: c. gen. **μόνος σου** *left of, deprived of thee*. II. *alone, only*: often with gen.

added, **μόνος πάντων ἀνθρώπων** *alone of all men*. -III. like Lat. *unus* for *unicus*, *standing alone, single in its kind, unique*. IV. Sup. **μονώτατος**, *the one only person, one above all others*, cf. **αὐτότατος**.

V. neut. **μόνον** as Adv., *alone, only, merely*: **μόνον οὐ**, Lat. *tantum non*, *all but, well nigh*.

μονο-σίδηρος, ον, (μόνος, σίδηρος) *made of iron only*.

μονοστίτευ, f. ἴσω, *to eat but once in the day*. From

μονό-σitos, ον, (μόνος, σίτος) *eating but once a day*.

μονο-σκήπτρος, *ον*, (μόνος, σκήπτρον) *wielding the sceptre alone, absolute.*

μονο-στίβης, *ἐς*, (μόνος, στιβείν) *walking alone, unaccompanied.*

μονο-στίχος, *ον*, (μόνος, στίχος) *consisting of one verse.*

μονό-στολος, *ον*, (μόνος, στολή) *going alone: generally, alone, single.*

μονο-στέρβυξ, *υγγος*, *δ*, *ἡ*, (μόνος, στέρβυξ) *carved out of a single block.*

μονο-σύλλαβος, *ον*, (μόνος, συλλαβή) *of one syllable, dealing with monosyllables.*

μονό-τέκνος, *ον*, (μόνος, τέκνον) *with but one child.*

μονο-τράπεζος, *ον*, (μόνος, τράπεζα) *at a solitary board, eaten apart.*

μονό-τροπος, *ον*, (μόνος, τρόπος) *solitary, unsocial.*

μον-οτιάς, *ον*, (μόνος, οὗς) *one-eared: with one band.*

μονο-φάγος, *ον*, (μόνος, φάγειν) *eating alone or once a day: irreg. Sup. μονοφαγίστατος.*

μον-όφθαλμος *Ion.* *μουν-*, *ον*, (μόνος, όφθαλμός) *one-eyed.*

μονό-φρουρος, *ον*, (μόνος, φρουρά) *watching alone.*

μονό-φρων, *ον*, *gen. onos*, (μόνος, φρήν) *single in one's opinion, standing alone, single.*

μονο-φύης *Ion.* *μουν-*, *ἐς*, (μόνος, φυή) *of simple nature: made of one piece.*

μονό-χηλος *Dor.* -χαλος, *ον*, (μόνος, χηλή) *solid-boofed.*

μονό-ψηφος *Dor.* -ψαφος, *ον*, (μόνος, ψήφος) *voting alone: singular in one's vote or purpose.*

μονώ *Ion.* *μουν-*: *f.* ὥσω: *aor. I* ἐμόνωσα *Ep. μούνωσα*:—*Pass.*, *aor. I* ἐμονάσθην, *Ion. part. μουνωθεῖς*: *pf.* μεμύνημαι *Ion.* μεμύνημαι: (μόνος):—*to make single or solitary; μουνούν γενεήν to give an only son in each generation*:—*Pass. to be left alone, to be forsaken*: also *to be taken apart, without witnesses*: *c. gen.*, μεμουνωμένοι *συμμάχων* *deserted by allies.*

μονωδέω, *f.* ἥσω, (μονωδός) *to sing alone, to sing a monody. Hence*

μονωδία, *ἡ*, *a song sung alone, a monody, solo, opp. to the song of the chorus.*

μον-ωδός, *όν*, (μόνος, ωδή) *singing alone.*

μονωθεῖς, *aor. I pass. part. of μονώ*

μόνος, *Adv. of μόνος, only.*

μον-ώφ *poët. μούν-*, *ώπος*, *δ*, *ἡ*, (μόνος, ὄψ) *one-eyed.*

μόρα, *ἡ*, (μείρομαι) = μοῖρα. 2. *one of the six divisions of the Spartan infantry.*

μορταί (*sc. ἐλαία*), *αἱ*, *the sacred olives in the Academy, so called because they were supposed to be parted or propagated (μειρόμεναι, μεμορημέναι) from the original olive-stock that grew in the Acropolis. Hence Ζεὺς Μόριος as the guardian of these sacred olives* II. μορία [Ὶ], = μαρία, *folly.*

μόριμος, *ον*, *poët. for μόριμος.*

μόριον, *τό*, *Dim. of μόρος, a small piece, generally, a piece, portion.*

μόριος, *α*, *ον*, *poët. for μόριμος.*—*For Ζεὺς Μόριος see μορία.*

μορμολύκειον, *το*, *a bugbear, bogoblin. From μορμολύττωμαι, Dep. (μορμά) to fright, scare. μορμορ-ώπος, ὅν*, (μορμά, ὄψ) *bideous to behold. μορμύρω* [ῡ], *formed from μύρω, as πορφύρω from φύρω, of water, to roar, boil, Lat. murmuro.*

ΜΟΡΜΟΝ', *gen. όος*, *contr. όός*, *ἡ*, *a hideous specter, to frighten children with; a bugbear, bogoblin* II. in Aristophanes, a mere exclamation μορμά *τοῦ θράσους* *a fig for his courage!* μορδαίς, *εσσα*, *εν*, *skilfully or richly wrought; or glistening, shining.* (*Deriv. unknown.*)

ΜΟ'ΡΟΝ, *τό*, *the black mulberry.*

μόρος, *δ*, (μείρομαι) *like μοῖρα, one's appointed lot, fate, doom, destiny; ὑπὲρ μόρον beyond one's doom, against fate.* 2. *esp. an unhappy lot, ruin, death* *Lat. fatum*, in Homer always a violent death.

μόρσιμος, *ον*, (μός) *appointed by fate, doomed, destined, Lat. fatalis: foredoomed, destined to die: hence μόρσιμον ἡμῶν the fated day, the day of doom. τὸ μόρσιμον fate, doom, destiny.*

ΜΟΡΤ'ΣΣΩ, *to soil, stain, defile, sully: pf. pass. part. μεμορηνμένος, soiled, defiled.*

μορφαί, μορφάν, *Dor. for μορφή, μορφήν.*

μορφάζω, (μορφή) *to make gesticulations,*

μορφάω, *f. ήω*, (μορφή) *to shape, fashion, mould.*

Μορφεύς, *ἑσας*, *δ*, Μορφέως, *son of Sleep, god of dreams: properly the fashioner, moulder, so called from the shapes he calls up before the sleeper. From*

ΜΟΡΦΗ', *ἡ*, *form, shape, figure: a beautiful form, beauty, Lat. forma* 2. *generally, form, fashion, appearance* 3. *a form, kind, sort. Hence*

μορφήεις, *εσσα*, *εν*, *formed, fashioned, shaped: well-shaped, comely, Lat. formosus.*

μόρφνος, *ον*, (*epith. of the eagle*) *of colour, dusk, dark, = ὀρνυμένη (from ὀρνυη), Lat. furvus*

μορφόω, *f.* ὥσω, (μορφή) *to form, give shape to. Hence*

μόρφωμα, *ατος*, *το*, *form, shape, figure: the outline of a figure.*

μόρφωσις, *ἡ*, (μορφώω) *a shaping: form, semblance.*

μορφωτήρ, *ἦρος*, *δ*, (μορφώω) *one who shapes:—fem.*

μορφώτρια, *συνὸν μορφώτρια* *changing men into swine.*

μόσσην or μόσυν, *ἕνος*, *δ*, *a wooden bouse or tower.*

Μοσσύν-οικοι or Μοσσύν-οικοί, *οἱ*, (μόσσην or μόσυν, οἰκέω) *an Asiatic race near the Black Sea, neighbours of the Colchians, living in wooden houses.*

μόσχειος, *α*, *ον*, (μόσχος) *of a calf: μόσχειος κυνόυχος a calf-skin leash: as Subst., μόσχειον, τό, a calf-skin.*

μοσχέω, *f. σω*, (μοσχος) *to want a sucker, propagate. μοσχέλιον, τό*, *Dim. of μόσχος, a young sucker. [Ὶ]*

μόσχος, *α*, *ον*, (μόσχος) *like μόσχειος, of a calf.*

μόσχο-ποιέω, *f. ήω*, (μόσχος, ποίω) *to make a calf. μόσχος, δ*, also *ἡ*, *the young shoot of a plant, a sprout, sucker, scion.*

II. *metaph. of the young of ani-*

males, a calf: also a young bull: a beifer.
boy: more often a girl, maid, L^{re} *juvencula*.
any young animal.

μουνάξ, Adv. (μουνός) singly, alone.

μουναρχέω, Ion. for *μοναρχέω*.

μουνός, Ion. for *μόνος*. For all Ion. forms beginning with *μουν-*, see under *μουν-*.

Μουνύχια, *ή*, Munychia, a harbour at Athens, adjoining Piræus.

II. epith. of Diana, who was worshipped there. Hence

Μουνύχιαζε, Adv. to *Munychia*: and

Μουνύχιαστ, Adv. at *Munychia*.

Μουνύχιών, *ῶνος*, *δ*, *Munychion*, the tenth Attic month, in which was held the festival of *Munychian Artemis*, = the latter part of April and beginning of May.

μουνωθείς, Ion. aor. I part. pass. of *μονόω*.

μουν-ώψ, Ion. for *μονάψ*.

ΜΟΥΣΑ, *ης*, Aeol. Μοῖσα Dor. Μῶσα Lacon.

Μῶα, *ας*, *ή*, the *Muse*, goddess of song, music, poetry, dancing, and the fine arts. There were nine *Muses*,—

Clio, *Euterpe*, *Thalia*, *Melpomēnē*, *Terpsichorē*, *Erato*, *Polymnia* or *Polyhymnia*, *Urania*, and *Calliope*. II.

later *music*, song: also *eloquence*; and in pl. *arts*, *accomplishments*.

Μουσ-ἀγέτης, *ον*, *δ*, Dor. for *Μουσηγ-*, (Μοῦσα, *ηγέομαι*), the leader of the *Muses*, i. e. *Apollo*.

Μουσείον, *τό*, the temple of the *Muses*, seat or haunt of the *Muses*: hence a school of arts and learning, a *Museum*: metaph., *μουσεῖα θρηνημασι ξυνφδά* halls resounding with lamentations; *μουσεῖα χελιδόνων* places where swallows twitter. Properly neut. of *Μοῦσεος*.

Μοῦσεος Dor. Μοισαῖος, *α*, *ον*, also *ος*, *ον*, (Μοῦσα) of or belonging to the *Muses*, sacred to the *Muses*.

μουσιζομαι, Dep. (Μοῦσα) to sing or play.

μουσικός, *ή*, *όν*, (Μοῦσα) of the *Muses* or of the fine arts, devoted to the *Muses*. II. as Subst., I.

μουσικός, *δ*, a musician, poet, a lyric-poet: generally, a man of letters, a scholar, an accomplished person, opp. to *ἄμουσος*.

2. μουσική (sc. τέχνη), *ή*, any art over which the *Muses* presided, esp. music or lyric poetry set and sung to music,—one of the three branches of Athenian education, the other two being *γράμματα*, *γυμναστική*:—generally, arts, letters, accomplishments.

III. Adv. —*κῶς*, harmoniously, elegantly: Sup. —*κᾶτατα*.

μουσιδω, Dor. for *μουσιζω*.

μουσδ-δομος, *ον*, (Μοῦσα, *δέμω*) ouilt by song.

μουσομανέω, *ι*, *ᾶσω*, to be *Muse-mad*, smitten by the *Muses*. From

μουσο-μάνης, *ες*, (Μοῦσα, *μανῆναι*) smitten by the *Muses*.

μουσδ-μαντις, *εως*, *δ*, *ή*, (Μοῦσα, *μάντις*) of prophetic song.

μουσο-μήτωρ, *ορος*, *ή*, (Μοῦσα, *μήτηρ*) the mother of the *Muses* and arts.

μουσο-ποιέω, *ι*, *ῆσω*, to write poetry about. From

2. α μουσο-ποιός, *όν*, (Μοῦσα, *ποιέω*) making poetry: μουσοποιός, *ή*, a poetess: also singing or playing.
3. μουσο-πόλος, *ον*, (Μοῦσα, *πολέω*) serving the *Muses*: as Subst., μουσοπόλος, *δ*, a minstrel.

μουσο-πρόσωπον, *ον*, (Μοῦσα, *πρόσωπον*) musical-looking.

μουσουργία, *ή*, a making poetry, singing. From μουσ-ουργός, *όν*, contr. for μουσο-εργός, (Μοῦσα, *ἔργον*) devoted to the service of the *Muses*, playing, singing:—as Subst., μουσουργός, *ή*, a singing-girl.

μουσο-φίλης, *ον*, *δ*, and μουσδ-φίλος, *ον*, (Μοῦσα, *φιλέω*) loving the *Muses*.

μουσο-χαρής, *ες*, (Μοῦσα, *χαίρω*) delighting in the *Muses*, delighting in music or poetry.

μουσῶω, *ι*, *ᾶσω*, (Μοῦσα) to devote to the *Muses*:—Pass. to be well educated, accomplished, elegant.

μοχθεύντας, Dor. part. acc. pl. of *μοχθέω*.

μοχθέω, *ι*, *ῆσω*, (μόχθος) to be weary with toil, be sore troubled or distressed, to suffer greatly: c. acc. cognato, μοχθεῖν μόχθους, πόνους to undergo hardship, toils; μοχθεῖν μαθήματα to toil at learning.

Hence μόχθημα, *ατος*, *τό*, toil, hardship.
μοχθηρία, *ή*, wretchedness, poor condition: mostly in moral sense, badness, wickedness. From

μοχθηρός, *ά*, *όν*, (μοχθέω) in sore distress, wretched 2. of things, toilsome, laborious: but also in sorry plight. II. in moral sense, knavish, villainous, rascally, Lat. *pravus*. Hence

μοχθηρός, Adv. in sorry plight, miserably.

μοχθητέον, verb. Adj. of *μοχθέω*, one must labour.

μοχθίζω, *ι*, *σῶ*, = *μοχθέω*, to toil, labour: also to suffer greatly.

μόχθος; *δ*, (μογέω) toil, hardship, distress, trouble: in pl. toils, troubles, hardships:—μόχθος differs from πόνος, in that μόχθος always implies distress, hardship, Lat. *aeruma*, while πόνος is merely work, Lat. *labor*.

μοχλευτής, *ου*, *δ*, one who heaves up by a lever; θαλάσσης μοχλευτής he who makes the sea to heave; καινῶν ἐπὶν μοχλευτής one who heaves up new words. From

μοχλευω, *ι*, *σῶ*, (μοχλός) to prise up, to heave up or wrench by a lever.

μοχλῶν, *ς*, *Dim.* of *μοχλός*.

ΜΟΧΛΟΣ, *ος*, *δ*, a lever or bar for prising or heaving up, a crowbar, Lat. *vectis*. II. any bar or stake:—the bar or bolt of a door, Lat. *obex*.

ΜΤ^ο or ΜΤ^ο, an imitation of the sound made by murmuring or muttering with closed lips. II. to imitate the sound of sobbing.

μῦ-άγρα, *ή*, (μῦς, *άγρα*) a mouse-trap.

μῦώω, (μῦ) to bite or compress the lips.

μῦ-γάλη, (μῦς, *γάλη*) the field-mouse, brew-mouse, Lat. *mus araneus*.

μυγμός, *ου*, *δ*, (μῦζω) a moaning, muttering.

μυδαλέος, α, ον, wet, dripping, soaked.

damp, mouldy. From

μυδάω, f. ἤσω, (μύδος) to be damp, wet, dripping.

II. to be damp or clammy from decay.

ΜΥΨΔΟΣ, δ, damp; clamminess, decay, Lat. situs. [ῥ]

μυδροκτυπέω, f. ἤσω, to forge red-hot iron. From μυδρο-κτύπος, ον, (μύδρος, κτυπέω) forging or welding red-hot iron.

ΜΥΨΑΡΟΣ [ῥ], δ, any red-hot mass; μύδρους αἶρειν χερσὶν to lift masses of red-hot iron in the hands, as an ordeal: also any lump or mass of metal.

μυέλινος, η, ον, (μυελός) — μυελόεις.

μυελοῖς, εσσα, εν, (μυελός) full of marrow.

ΜΥΕΛΟΣ, ου, δ, Lat. MEDULLA, marrow: metaph. of strengthening food, as wine and barley, which are called μυελὸς ἀνδράν.

2. the marrow of the skull, the brain. 3. generally, the inmost part, core. [ῥ in Hom., ῥ in Att.]

μύεω, f. ἤσω: aor. I ἐμύησα:—Pass., aor. I ἐμυήθη: pf. μυήμαι: (μύω):—to initiate into the mysteries.—Pass. to be initiated; c. acc. cognato, μυεῖσθαι τὰ Καβείρων ὄργια to be initiated in the mysteries of the Cabiri; μυεῖσθαι τὰ μέγιστα to be initiated in the great mysteries. 2. generally, to instruct.

μύζω, f. μύζω, (μύ) to murmur with closed lips, moan: to mutter. II. to drink with closed lips, to suck in.

μυθεῖναι, Ep. 2 sing. μυθεῖαι, contr. for μυθέεαι, and omitting one ε, μυθείαι: 3 pl. Ion. impf. μυθέσκοντο: f. μυθήσονται: aor. I ἐμυθήσαμην, Ep. 3 sing. μυθήσατο: Dep.: (μύθος) —to say, speak, tell, name. II. to say over to oneself, like φράζομαι, con over, consider.

μυθεῖν, Dor. for μυθεῖν, imperat. of μυθεῖναι.

μυθεύμαι, Dor. for μυθεῖναι.

μυθεύω, = μυθεῖναι:—Pass., to be the subject of a story, to be talked of.

μυθησαμένην, aor. I med. opt. of μυθεῖναι.

μυθιάζομαι, Dep. = μυθεῖναι.

μυθίσδιον, τό, Dim. of μύθος, a short tale or fable.

μυθίζω Dor. —λέω, later form for μυθεῖναι.

μυθικός, ή, όν, (μύθος) mythic, legendary.

μυθίσδιον, Dor. for μυθίζω.

μυθο-λογεῖν, (μύθος, λέγω) to tell word for word.

μυθο-λογεῖν, f. ἤσω, (μυθολόγος) to tell mythic tales

τ legends: also to tell as a legend:—Pass. to be or become mythic. 2. to tell tales, talk. Hence

μυθολογικόν, verb. Adj. one must tell legends.

μυθολογία, ή, (μυθολογία) a telling of mythic tales or legends, mythology. Hence

μυθολογικός, ή, όν, versed in mythology.

μυθο-λόγος, ον, (μύθος, λέγω) dealing in mythic legends: as Subst., μυθολόγος, ό, a teller of legends.

μυθο-πλόκος, ον, (μύθος, πλέκω) weaving tales.

ΜΥΨΡΟΣ, δ, anything delivered by word of mouth, word, speech: as opp. to ἔργον, a mere word, without the deed: a speech. II. talk, conversation: also,

the subject of conversation, the matter itself.

advise, a command, order.

IV. a purpose, design, plan. V. a tale, story: afterwards, μύθος was the poetic or legendary tale, as opposed to the historical account. 2. a tale, story, fable, such as Aescop's fables.

μύθ-ωδης, ες, (μύθος, εἶδος) like a fable, legendary fabulous.

ΜΥΨΑ Att. μύα, ή, a fly, Lat. musca.

μυτο-σόβη, ή, (μύια, σοβέω) a fly-flap.

μυτο-σόβος, ον, (μύια, σοβέω) flapping away flies.

ΜΥΨΑΨΑΙ, f. —ήσομαι: Ep. aor. 2 ἐμύκον: Ep. pf. μέμυκα (so βέβρυχα, μέμμηκα from βρυχάομαι, μηκάομαι): Dep.:—Lat. MUGIRE, of oxen, to bellow: also of other animals, as of asses, to bray, of dogs, to growl, etc.: of things, to grate, jar, roar: also to groan from exertion. (Formed from the sound of oxen, as βληκάομαι, μηκάομαι from that of sheep and goats, βρυχάομαι from that of bulls, etc., βρωμάομαι from that of asses.)

μύκε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of μυκάομαι. μύκηθμός, ό, (μυκάομαι) a bellowing: and μύκτημα, ατος, τό, a bellowing: the roar of thunder. [ῥ]

Μύκηναῖος, ον, of or from Mycenae. From Μύκηνη, ή, and Μύκηναι, αι, Mycenae, Mycenae, an ancient Pelasgic city, superseded by the Doric Argos:—Adv. Μυκηνηθεν, from Mycenae.

Μύκηνις, ιδος, ή, pecul. fem. of Μυκηναῖος.

ΜΥΨΗΣ, ητος, ό, also μύκης, ον, ό, a mushroom, Lat. fungus. II. any round body, shaped like a mushroom, as, 1. the cap at the end of a sword's scabbard. 2. the stuff of a lamp-wick, supposed to forebode rain; cf. Virgil's putres concresecere fungos

μύκητινος, η, ον, (μύκη) made of mushrooms.

μύκτηρ, ηρος, ό, (μύζω) the nose, snout: in pl. the nostrils. Hence

μυκτηρίζω, f. ίσω, to turn up the nose or sneer at, Lat. naso adunco suspendere.

μυκτηρόθεν, Adv. (μυκτηρ) out of the nose.

μυκτηρό-κομπος, ον, (μυκτηρ, κόμπος) sounding from the nostril.

μύλαος, ον, (μύλη) working in a mill.

μύλακρίς, ιδος, ό, (μύλη) of a mill—μυλακρίς λάαα a millstone.

μύλαξ, άκος, ό, (μύλη) a millstone, any large round stone.

μύλ-εργάτης, ον, ό, (μύλη, ἐργάτης) one who works in a mill, a miller. [α]

μύλᾱ [ῥ], ή, a mill, Lat. mōla, a hand-mill. II. the neiber millstone.

μύλᾱ-φάτος, ον, (μύλη, πέφασμαι pf. pass. of φένω) bruised or crushed in a mill.

μύλιάω, (μύλη) to gnaw or grind the teeth.

μύλικός, ή, όν, (μύλη) of or for a mill; λίθος μυλικός a millstone:

μύλλα, (μύλη) to crush, pound, Lat. molere.

μύλο-ειδής, ες, (μύλος, εἶδος) like a millstone;

μῦλος, δ, (μύλη) *a millstone*; Ep. *ὄνικος*. [ὅ] μύλωρος, δ, (μύλη) *a miller, a master miller*.
μύλων, ὄνος, δ, *a mill-house, mill*, Lat. *pistrinum*; *θάλλειν ἐν μύλῳ*, Lat. *detrudere in pistrinum*, to condemn [a slave] to work the mill.

μύνη, ἡ, (ἀμύνω) *an excuse, pretence, pretext*. [ὅ] μύνομαι, Dep. (μύνω) *to make excuses: to put off*.
μύξω, ἡ, (μύξω, μύξω) *the discharge from the nose, mucus, phlegm*.

μύξωτήρ, ἦρος, δ, = *μυκτήρ*, *a nose, nostril*.
μύο-κτόνος, ον, (μύς, κτείνω) *mouse-killing*.
μύρανα, ἡ, (μύρος) Lat. *muraena*, *a sea-eel or lamprey*; also *a sea-serpent*.

μυριάκις, Adv. (μύριος) *ten thousand times*.
μυρί-ἀμφορος, ον, (μύριος ἀμφορεύς) *holding ten thousand measures (ἀμφορεῖς)*.

μυρί-ἀρχης, ον, δ, and μυρί-αρχος, δ, (μύριος, ἀρχω) *a commander of 10,000 men*.

μυριάς, ἄδος, ἡ, Att. gen. plur. μυριαδῶν, (μύριος) *the number 10,000, a myriad*:—when μυριάς, μυριάδες are used alone of money, δραχμαὶ must be supplied; when of corn, μεδίμνον.

μυρί-ετής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (μύριος, ἔτος) *lasting ten thousand years: of countless years*.

μυρίζω, f. ἴσω: pf. pass. μεμύρισμαι: (μύρον):—*to anoint*.

ΜΥΡΙΚΗ [ῖ], ἡ, Lat. *myrica*, *the tamarisk*. Hence μυρίκνεος, α, ον, *of the tamarisk*; and μυρίκνιος, η, ον, *of the tamarisk*. [ῖ]
μυρίδ-βοιός, ον, (μύριος, βοῦς) *with ten thousand*

μυρί-δδους, ὀδοντες, δ, ἡ, (μύριος, δδούς) *having immense teeth*.

μυρίδ-καρπος, ον, (μύριος, καρπός) *bearing countless fruit*.

μυρίδ-κράνος, ον, (μύριος, κράνον) *with numberless beads, many-beaded*.

μυρίδ-λεκτος, ον, (μύριος, λέγω) *said ten thousand times*.

μυρίδ-μορφος, ον, (μύριος, μορφή) *of countless shapes*.
μυρίδ-μοχθος, ον, (μύριος, μόχθος) *of endless toil*.

μυρίδ-ναῦς, ασι, δ, ἡ, (μύριος, ναῦς) *of numberless ships*.

μυρίδντ-αρχος, ον, = *μυρίαρχος*.

μυρίο-πάλαι, Adv. (μύριος, πάλαι) *time out of mind*.

μυρίο-πλάστων, ον, gen. ονος, (μύριος) *ten thousand fold: infinitely more than*.

μυρίο-πληθής, ἐς, (μύριος, πλήθος) *of infinite number, countless*.

ΜΥΡΙΟΣ, α, ον, *numberless, countless, of Number mostly in pl., but often in sing., as μύριον αἶμα, χαλκός, etc.* 2. of Size, huge, vast, immense, infinite; ἔχος μύριον *infinite sorrow*. 3. of Time, endless, infinite. II. as a definite Numeral in pl., μύριοι, αἱ, α, *ten thousand: in some phrases the sing. may be used, as ἵππος μυρία 10,000 horse*. [ὅ]

μύριοστός, ἡ, ὄν, (μύριος) *the 10,000th*.
μύριοστύς, υος, ἡ, (μύριοι) *a body of ten thousand*.

μύριο-τευχής, ἐς, (μύριοι, τεῦχος) *with ten thousand armed men*.

μύριο-φόρος, ον, (μύριοι, φέρω) *of ten thousand talents buried*.

μύριο-φότος, ον, = *μυριοφόρος*

μύριδ-φώνος, ον, (μύριος, φωνή) *with countless voices*.
μύρι-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνοος, ουν, (μύρον, πνέω) *breathing of unguents or essence*.

μύρι-ωπός, ὄν, (μύριος, ὤψ) *with countless eyes*.
μυρμηκία, αἱ, ἡ, (μύρμηξ) *an ant's nest, ant-bill*.

μυρμηκίας, ον, δ, (μύρμηξ) *got from ant-bills*.
ΜΥΡΜΗΞ, ηκος, δ, *the ant*, Lat. *FORMICA*. I.

a beast of prey in India. III. *a sunken rock on the Thessalian coast between Sciathus and Magnesia*.

Μυρμιδόνες, οἱ, *the Myrmidons, a warlike people of Thessaly, subjects of Peleus and Achilles*.

μύρο-βόστρυχος, ον, (μύρον, βόστρυχος) *with perfumed locks*.

μύροεις, εσσα, εν, (μύρον) *anointed, scented*.
μύρομαι, v. sub μύρω. [ὅ]

ΜΥΡΟΝ [ῖ], τό, *sweet oil extracted from plants: generally, sweet oil, an unguent, perfume, balsam*. II. *the place where unguents were sold, the perfume-market* III. *metaph. anything sweet or charming*.

μύρο-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνοος, ουν, (μύρον, πνέω) *breathing of unguent*.

μύρο-πώλης, ον, δ, fem. -πωλις, ιδος, ἡ, (μύρον, πωλέω) *a dealer in unguents, a perfumer*.

μύρο-ραντος, ον, (μύρον, ραίνω) *wet with unguent*.

μύρο-φειγγής, ἐς, (μύρον, φέγγος) *shining with unguent*.

μύρό-χριστος, ον, (μύρον, χριστός) *anointed with sweet oil*.

μύρώ, f. ὠσω, (μύρον) *to rub with unguent, anoint*.
ΜΥΡΡΑ, ἡ, *the juice of the Arabian myrtle*, Lat. *myrrha*, *murrha*.

μυρρίνη [ῖ], ἡ, later Att. for μύρο-, *a myrtle twig or wreath*. II. *μυρρίναι, αἱ, the myrtle-markets*.

μύρρινος, η, ον, (μυρρίνη) *of myrtle*, Lat. *myrteus*.
μυρρίνών, ὄνος, δ, (μυρρίνη) *a myrtle-grove*, Lat. *myrtetum*.

ΜΥΡΣΙΝΗ [ῖ] later Att. *μυρρίνη, ἡ, the myrtle*. II. *a myrtle-branch*. [ῖ]

μυρσίνο-εἰδής, ἐς, (μυρσίνη, εἶδος) *myrtle-like*.
μύρτον, ον, τό, *the fruit of the myrtle (μύρτος), the myrtle-berry*, Lat. *myrtum*.

ΜΥΡΤΟΣ, ἡ, *the myrtle*, Lat. *myrtus*.
ΜΥΡΤΩ [ὅ], only used in pres. and impf., *to flow, run, trickle, stream*. II. Med. *μύρομαι, to melt into tears: to shed tears, weep*. 2. *trans. to weep for, bewail, lament*.

μύρομα, ατος, τό, (μύρω) *plaster*.
ΜΥΣ, δ, gen. μύδος, acc. μῦν, voc. μῦ, *a mouse*, Lat. *MUS*: μῦς ἀρουραίος, *a field-mouse*. II. *a muscle of the body*, Lat. *musculus*.

μύσαγμα, ατος, τό, (μυσάττομαι) = *μυσος*.
μύσαν [ὅ], Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of μύω.

μυστρός, ὁ, ὄν, (μύσος) foul, loathsome, abominable, Lat. *impurus*: τὸ μύσαρον an abomination.
 μυσάττομαι, f. μυσαχθῆσθαι: aor. I ἐμυσάχθην: Dep.: (μύσος):—to loathe, abominate.
 μύσος [ῥ], τό, (μύζω) anything that causes disgust: metaph. an abomination, defilement, Lat. *piaculum*.
 Μύσος, ὁ, a Mysian.
 μυσ-πολέω, (μῦς, πολέω) to run about like a mouse.
 μυστηρικός, ἡ, ὄν, for mysteries, mystical. From μυστήριον, τό, (μύστης) a mystery, secret rite: mostly in pl. μυστήρια, τὰ, the mysteries, religious celebrations, the most famous of which were the Eleusinian mysteries of Demeter or Ceres. 2. any mystery or secret thing: a mystic history or dispensation.
 μυστηρίς, ἰδος, pecul. fem. of μυστηρικός.
 μυστηριάτης, ου, ὁ, fem. -άτις, ἰδος, (μυστήριον) belonging to the mysteries.
 μύστης, ου, ὁ, (μυνέω) one initiated. Hence μυστικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the mysteries: secret, mystical.
 μυστιλάομαι, Dep. to sop bread in soup or gravy to eat it with. From ΜΥΣΤΙΓΓΑΗ [γ], ἡ, a crust of bread hollowed out as a spoon, to sup soup or gravy with.
 μυστι-πρόλος, ον, (μύστης, πολέω) solemnising the mysteries.
 μυστο-δόκος, ον, (μύστης, δέχομαι) receiving the mysteries, receiving the initiates.
 μυστο-δότης, ου, ὁ, (μύστης, δίδωμι) initiating, introducing into the mysteries.
 μυτιλος [γ], ὁ, (μῦς) the fish muscle, Lat. *mytilus*.
 μυττωτέω, f. σω, to make into mince-meat. From ΜΥΤΤΩΤΩΣ, ὁ, a mess of cheese, honey, garlic beaten up together, mince-meat.
 μύχαιος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of μύχιος, formed from μύχος, α μέστος from μέσος. [ῥ]
 μυχίζω, f. σω, Dor. μυχθίσδω, (μύζω) to breathe hard through the nostrils, to snort or moan from passion. 2. to make mouths at, sneer. Hence μυχθισμός, ὁ, a snorting: sneering.
 μύχως, α, ον, (μυχός) inward, inmost, most retired, Lat. *intimus*: irreg. Sup. μύχοιτατος.
 μυχμός, ὁ, (μύζω) moaning, groaning.
 μύχθεν, Adv. (μύχος) from the inmost part of the house, from the women's chambers.
 μύχοιτατος, η, ον, (μυχός) irreg. Sup. of μύχιος: μύχοιτατος I see he sat in the farthest corner.
 μυχόνος, Adv. (μυχός) to the far corner.
 μυχός, οὔ, ὁ, (μύω) the innermost place, inmost nook or corner, a recess, Lat. *sinus*: the inmost part of a house, the women's apartments, Lat. *penetrabilia*. 2. a bay or creek running far inland
 ΜΥΩ, f. μύω: aor. ἐμύσα: pf. μέμικα: I. intr. to be shut or closed, esp. of the lips and eyes; but also of wounds: σὺν δ' ἔλκεα πάντα μέμικεν all

his wounds have closed. 2. of persons, to shut the eyes, keep one's eyes shut: absol., μύσας with one's eyes shut. 3. metaph. to be lulled to rest, to abate. II. trans. to shut, close.
 μῦδων, ὄνος, ὁ, (μῦς) a knot of muscles, a muscular part of the body.
 μῦδων, gen. plur. of μῦς.
 μῦδπάω, (μυδάω) to be furblind, to see dimly.
 μῦδπίξω, (μυδάω) to spur, prick with the spur, goad. II. Pass. to be teased by flies.
 μῦδ-ωπός, ὄν, (μῦς, ὄψ) = μῦδός 1.
 μῦδ-ώψ, ὄπος, ὁ, ἡ, (μῦς, ὄψ) closing the eyes, shorn sighted. II. as Subst., μῦδ-ώψ, ὄπος, ὁ, the horse-fly or gad-fly. 2. a goad, spur. [ῥ]
 Μῦδω, ἡ, Lacon. for Μοῦσα.
 μῦδλος, ὁ, a toil, esp. the toil or tug of war: battle, war: a struggle, contest: generally, a quarrel, broil.
 Μῦδ-ῶς, ὄς, το, moly, a magic herb with a black root and white blossom, given by Hermes to Ulysses, as a counter-charm to the spells of Circe.
 Μῦδ-ἄν-ῶς, ὄπος, ὁ, the mark of a blow, a weal, bruise.
 μωμῶμαι, Ion. -έομαι: f. -ήσομαι: aor. ἐμωμη-σάμην, Dor. poet. 3 sing. μωμάσατο: Dep.: (μῶμος):—to find fault with, blame, chide, c. acc.:—aor. pass. ἐμωμήην in pass. sense, to be blamed.
 μωμῶμαι, f. σω, (μῶμος) to blame, chide, find fault with.
 μωμητός, ἡ, ὄν, (μωμάομαι) blamed, blamable.
 μῶμος, ον, ὁ, (μέφομαι) blame, censure, disgrace. II. personified, Momus, the god of blame.
 μῶν, Adv., Dor. contr. for μῆ οὔν, used in questions to which a negative answer is expected, it is not, is it? Lat. *num?* e.g. μῶν ἔστι . . ; Answ. οὐ δῆτα. Sometimes however it asks doubtfully, Lat. *num forte?* and may be answered in the affirmative.
 μῶνος, α, ον, Dor. for μόνος, μόνος.
 μῶν-νυξ, ὄχος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, νυξ) with single, solid, unclouven hoof, Lat. *solipes*, epith. of the horse.
 μόνωνος, ον = μῶν-νυξ.
 μωμάλω, f. ἄνῳ: aor. I ἐμῶρᾶν: (μωρός):—to do silly, foolish, to play the fool: c. acc., πείραν μωμάλω to make a senseless attempt. II. to make foolish, convict of folly. 2. to make tasteless: Pass. to become so.
 μωρανθῆς, aor. I pass. part. of μωρᾶναι.
 μωρία, ἡ, (μῶπος) silliness, folly, absurdity.
 μωρολογία, ἡ, a speaking foolishly, idle talk. From μωρο-λόγος, ον, (μωρός, λέγω) speaking foolishly.
 Μῶρο-ῶς, ὁ, ὄν, dull, heavy: generally, stupid, silly, foolish. 2. tasteless, insipid.
 μωρο-σοφός, ον, (μῶπος, σοφός) foolishly wise, μῶρως, Adv. of μωρός, foolishly.
 Μῶσα, ἡ, Dor. for Μοῦσα.
 μῶσθαι, inf. of μῶμαι, v. sub. *μῶω c.

N

N, ν, νϛ, τό, indecl., thirteenth letter of Gr. alphabet: as numeral, ν' = 50, but ν = 50,000.

Changes of ν: I. into γ before the gutturals γ, κ, χ, ξ, as ἐγ-γονος, ἐγ-καιρος, ἐγ-χάριος, ἐγ-ξέω.

II. into μ before the labials β, π, φ, μ, ψ, as σύμ-βιος, συμ-πότης, συμ-φύης, ἐμ-μνής, ἐμ-ψυχος.

III. into λ, before λ, as ἐλ-λείπω. IV. into ρ before ρ, as συμ-ράττω.

V. into σ before σ, as σός-σιτος. VI. ν is inserted in aor. I pass. of some pure Verbs, as ἰδρύνθην from ἰδρύω.

The νύ ἐφελεκυστικόν or final ν is found with cat. pl. in σι, as ἀνδράν for ἀνδράσι; 3 pers. pl. of verbs in σι, as εἰλῆφασιν for εἰλῆφασι; 3 pers. sing. in ε and ι, as ἔκτανεν δέικνυσιν, for ἔκτανε δέικνυσι: with the locat. termin. -σι, as Ἀθήνησιν Ὀλυμπίασιν; the Epic termin. φι, as ὀστεόφιν; with the numeral εἴκοσι for εἴκοσι; the Adv. νόσφιν πέρυ-σιν, for νόσφι πέρυσι; with the enclit. Parts. κέν, νόν, for κέν νύ. It is used to avoid hiatus where a vowel follows.

νάς, νάας, Dor. nom. and acc. pl. of ναῖς.

ναετήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ναέτης, ου, ὁ, (ναῖς) an inhabitant, dweller.

Ναζαρηνός and Ναζωραῖος, ὁ, a Nazarene inhabitant of Nazareth.

ναί, Adv., used in strong affirm., yea, verily, Lat. nae: with an affirmative clause: but in answers the Att. use ναί by itself, yea, yes, aye.

ναῖ, Dor. and Att. poet. dat. of ναῖς.

Ναῖάκος, ἡ, ὅν, (Ναῖάς) of or for a Naiad.

Ναῖάς, ἄδης, ἡ, mostly in pl. Ναῖάδες Ion. Νηϊάδες, (νάω) a Naiad, a river or water-nymph.

ναίεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ναῖω.

ναιετάσκει, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ναιεράω.

ναιετάω: Ep. part. fem. ναιετάωσα, Ion. impf. ναιετάσκον: (ναῖω): I. of persons, to dwell, inhabit: generally, to live, be:—c. acc. loci, to dwell in, inhabit.

2. of places, to be situated, lie: and so in pass. sense, to be inhabited.

ναῖον, Ep. impf. ναῖω n.

ναῖος, α, ον, Dor. for νήος.

ναίωσα, Dor. for ναίονσα, pres. part. fem. of ναῖω.

Ναῖς, ἴδως, ἡ, Ion. Νηῖς, (νάω) = Ναῖας. [N]

ναίχι, Adv. for ναί, like οὐχί for οὐ.

ΝΑΙΩ (A): I. intr. in pres. and impf., I. of persons, to dwell:—c. acc. loci, to dwell in, inhabit.

2. of places, to lie, be situated. II. Causal, in Ep. aor. I. ἐνάσσα or νάσσα, for ἐνάσω, to make inhabited, give to dwell in; καὶ κέ οἱ Ἀργεῖ νάσσα πόλιν I would have given him a town in Argos for his home.

2. to make a person dwell in a place, to settle him:—in Ep. aor. I. pass. and med., to settle, dwell; πατήρ ἐμός Ἀργεῖ νάσθη my father settled at Argos; νάσσατο ἀρχὴ Ἑλικωνῶν he settled near Helicon.

ναῖω (B), = ναι, to flow, overflow.

ΝΑΚΗ, ἡ, a goat-skin: a sheep's fleece, Lat. velus. [A]

νάκος, τό, later form of νάκη. [A]

νάμα, ατος, τό, (νάω) anything flowing, a current, stream, spring; ν. πυρός a stream of fire. Hence νάματιάω, α, ον, flowing, running.

ναμερτής, ναμέρτεια, Dor. for νημ-.

νάμ, Dor. for ναῖν, acc. of ναῖς.

ΝΑ'ΝΟΣ, ὁ, a dwarf, Lat. nanus.

νάνο-φύης, ἐς, (νάως, φνί) of dwarfish stature.

Νάξος, α, ον, (Νάξος) from the isle of Naxos:

Νάξιοι, οἱ, the Naxians: Ναξία λίθος or πέτρα a kind of whetstone, Lat. cos Naxia.

Ναξέ-ουργής, ἐς, (Νάξιος, ἔργον) of Naxian work.

Νάξος, ἡ, Naxos, one of the Cyclades, anciently called Dia.

νάο-πόλος Ion. νηο-πόλος, ον, (ναός, πολέω) dwelling or busied in a temple: as Subst., ναοπόλος, ὁ, the keeper of a temple, Lat. aedituus.

νάος Ion. νηός Att. νεώς, ὁ, (ναῖς) the dwelling of a god, a temple, Lat. aedes (in sing.). II. the inner part of a temple, the cell, the shrine in which the image of the god was placed.

νάος, Dor. and Att. poet. gen. of ναῖς.

ναπαῖος, α, ον, (νάπη) of, in a wooded vale or dell.

ΝΑΠΗ, ἡ, a woody dell or glen, Lat. saltus. [A]

νάπος, τό, later form of νάπη.

ΝΑΠΥ, vos, τό, = σίναπι, mustard.

ναρδο-λίπτης, ἐς, (νάρδος, λίπος) anointed with nard-oil.

νάρδος, ἡ, nard, spikenard, Lat. nardus. II.

nard-oil.

ναρθηκο-πλήρωτος, ον, (νάρθηξ, πληρώω) filling the hollow of the nardhe or reed.

ναρθηκο-φόρος, ον, (νάρθηξ, φέρω) carrying a staff of reed (νάρθηξ), = θηρσοφόρος: a rod-bearer.

ΝΑΡΘΗΞ, ἡκος, ὁ, a tall umbelliferous plant, Lat. ferula, with a pithy stalk, in which Prometheus conveyed the spark of fire from heaven to earth: a reed. The stalks were used for wands, canes, rods: also, as splints.

ναρκάω, f. ἦσω: Ep. aor. I. νάρκησα:—to grow stiff, numb or dead, Lat. torpere, to be rigid. From

ΝΑΡΚΗ, ἡ, stiffness, numbness, Lat. torpor.

νάρκισσος, ὁ, the narcissus. (From ναρκάω, because of its narcotic properties.)

ναρός, ἄ, ὅν, (νάω) flowing, liquid.

νάς, ἡ, Dor. for ναῖς.

νάσθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I. pass. of ναῖω; ν. ναῖω n. 2.

νάσιώτας, Dor. for νησιώτης.

νασμός, ὁ, (νάω) a flowing current: a stream, spring.

νάσος, Dor. for νήσος.

νάσσα, Ep. for ἐνάσα, aor. I. of ναῖω.

νάσσα, Dor. for νήσσα, νήττα, a duck.

νάσσωτο, Ep. for ἐνάσσωτο, 3 sing. aor. I. med. of ναῖω: ν. ναῖω n. 2.

ΝΑ'ΣΣΩ, f. νάξω: aor. I. ἐναξα: pf. pass. νέννημαι

οτ νίναγμαί:—to press or squeeze close, stand down, compress: to pile up.

ναστός, ἡ, ὄν, (νάσσω) close-pressed, firm, well-kneaded. II. as Subst., ναστός, ὁ, a well-kneaded cake.

νάττω, Att. for νάσσω.

ναυάγω Ion. ναυηγ : f. ἦσω: (ναυαγός):—to suffer shipwreck, be shipwrecked: to crash, smash, of chariots. Hence

ναυάγια Ion. ναυηγίη, ἡ, shipwreck, wreck.

ναυάγιον Ion. ναυήγιον, τό, a piece of a wreck, wreck: ναυάγια ἱππικα the wreck of a chariot. From ναυ-αγός Ion. ναυηγός, ὄν, (ναῦς, ἄγνυμι) shipwrecked, stranded, Lat. naufragus: generally, ruined, wrecked.

ναυαρχέω, f. ἦσω, (ναύαρχος) to be admiral of a fleet. Hence

ναυαρχία, ἡ, the command of a fleet, office of admiral. 2. the period of his command.

ναύ-αρχος, ὁ, (ναῦς, ἀρχω) the commander of a fleet, an admiral.

ναύατης, οἱ, ὁ, poet. for ναύτης. [ᾶ]

ναυ-βάτης [ᾶ], οἱ, ὁ, (ναῦς, βαίνω) one who embarks in a ship, a seaman. II. as Adj. nautical, of sailors.

ναύ-δετον, τό, (ναῦς, δέω) a ship's cable.

ναυηγός, ναυηγέω, ναυηγία, Ion. for ναυᾶγ-.

ναυκληρέω, f. ἦσω, (ναύκληρος) to be a ship-owner, master of a ship. II. metaph. to manage, govern. Hence

ναυκληρία, ἡ, the life and calling of a master of a ship, a seafaring life. 2. poet. a voyage: generally, an enterprise. 3. also a ship.

ναυκληρικός, ὁ, ὄν, (ναυκληρος) of or for the master of a ship.

ναύ-κληρος, ὁ, (ναῦς, κληρος) the owner or master of a ship, who carried goods or passengers. 2. poet. a seaman.

ναύ-κράτος, ὁ, the same with ναύκληρος. II. at Athens, the member of a division (ναυκραπία) of the citizens: in Solon's time there were 12 in each of the 4 tribes, 48 in all: when Cleisthenes increased the number of the tribes to 10, there were 5 ναυκοαροί belonging to each tribe, 50 in all.

ναυκρατίω, f. ἦσω, to have the mastery at sea, to command the sea:—Pass. to be mastered at sea. From

ναυ-κράτης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, (ναῦς, κρατέω) having the mastery at sea, commanding the sea.

ναυ-κράτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (ναῦς, κρατέω) commanding the sea. II. as Subst. the master of a ship. [ᾶ]

ναύλος, ὁ, or ναῦλον, τό, (ναῦς) passage-money, fare, Lat. paulum. 2. also a freight.

ναυλοχέω, f. ἦσω, (ναύλοχος) to lie in a harbour or creek: to lie in wait, so as to sally out upon ships passing: c. acc. to lie in wait for.

ναύ-λοχος, ον, (ναῦς, λόχος) affording safe anchorage, having a good roadstead. II. as Subst.

ναύλοχος, ὅς, with irreg. pl. ναύλοχα, an anchorage, Lat. statio navium.

ναυμάχew, f. ἦσω, (ναυμαχος) to fight in a sea, to fight by sea: generally, to fight or contend with. Hence

ναυμάχια, ἡ, a sea-fight.

ναύ-μάχος, ον, (ναῦς, μάχομαι) of, for or suited to a sea-fight: ξυστά ναύμαχα boarding pikes.

ναυπηγέω, f. ἦσω, (ναυπηγός) to build ships:—Med., ναῦς ναυπηγέσθαι to build oneself ships:—Pass. of the ships, to be built.

ναυπηγίσμος, ον, (ναυπηγέω) suited for ship-building.

ναυπηγία, ἡ, (ναυπηγέω) ship-building.

ναυπήγιον, τό, a place for ship-building, a dock-yard. From

ναυ-πηγός, ὄν, (ναῦς, πήγνυμι) building ships: as Subst., ναυπηγός, ὁ, a ship-builder, shipwright.

ναύ-πορος, ον, (ναῦς, πόρος) traversed by ships, naval. II. παροχ. ναυπόρος, ον, propelling a ship.

ΝΑΥ-Σ, ἡ, Lat. NAV-IS, a ship; ναῦς μακρά, a long ship, ship of war.—Att. declens., ναῦς, νέως, νηί, ναῦν; dual gen. νεοῖν; pl. νῆες, νεῶν or νηῶν, ναυσί, ναῦς:—Ion., νῆς, νεός, νηί, νέα, pl. νῆες, νεῶν, νηυσί, νέας:—Ep. νῆς, νηός, νηί, νῆα, pl. νῆες, νηῶν, νηυσί or νήεσσι, νῆα, (but also gen. and acc. νεός, νέα, pl. νῆες, νεῶν, νῆεσσι, νέας):—Dor. ναῦς, νᾶῦς, νᾶί, ναῖν, pl. νᾶες, νᾶων, ναυσί or νᾶεσσι, νᾶας.

ναυσθλῶω, contr. for ναυστολέω, to carry by sea. Med. to take with one by sea: to hire a ship for oneself:—Pass., with fut. med. ναυσθλώσομαι, to go by sea.

ναυσία Att. ναυτία, ἡ, (ναῦς) sea-sickness, qualms, sickness, retching, Lat. nausea. Hence ναυσιάω Att. ναυτιάω, (ναυσία) to be seasick, to retch, suffer from sea-sickness.

ναυσι-κλειτός, ὁ, ὄν, (ναῦς, κλειτός) renowned for ships, famous by sea.

ναυσι-κλύτός, ὄν, = ναυσικλειτός.

ναυσί-πίδη, ἡ, (ναῦς, πέδη) a ship-cable.

ναυσί-πέρατος Ion. νηυσιπέρητος, ον, (ναῦς, περάω) to be crossed by a ferry or traversed by ships, navigable.

ναυσι-πόμπος, ον, (ναῦς, πέμπω) ship-wafting; ναυσιπόμπος αὔρα a fair breeze. [Υ]

ναυσί-πορος, ον, (ναῦς, πόρος) = ναυπορος, traversed by ships, of a river, navigable. II. παροχ. ναυσιπόρος, ον, act. going in ships, sea-faring. 2. propelling a ship, ship-speeding.

ναυσί-στονος, ον, (ναῦς, στένω) lamentable to the ship.

ναυσί-φόρητος, ον, (ναῦς, φορέω) carried in a ship, going by ship.

ναυ-σταθιον, τό, (ναῦς, σταθμός) a harbour, anchorage, roadstead, Lat. statio navium.

ναυστολέω, f. ἦσω, (ναυστόλος) trans. to carry or convey by sea:—Pass., with fut. med. ναυστολήσομαι, to go by sea. 2. to guide, govern. II. intr., like Pass., to go by sea, sail. Hence

ναυστόλημα, ατος, τό, α voyage.
 ναυστολία, ή, (ναυστολέω) a going by ship.
 ναυ-στόλος, ου, (ναύς, στέλλω) sending by ship. II.
 voyaging, sailing.
 ναυτής, ου, ό, (ναύς) Lat. nauta, a seaman, sailor. II.
 one who goes on ship-board, a companion by sea.
 ναυτία, ναυτιάω, Att. for ναυσία, ναυσιάω.
 ναυτικός, ή, όν, (ναύς, ναύτης) of or for a ship;
 ναυτικός στρατός a sea-force, opp. to πεζός; also,
 ναυτικός, τό, a fleet; ναυτικά, τά, naval affairs, naval
 power. 2. of persons, skilled in seamanship,
 nautical.
 ναυτίλια, ή, (ναυτίλος) sailing, seamanship: in pl.
 voyages. Hence
 ναυτίλλομαι, Dep. only found in pres. and impf. to
 go by sea, make a voyage, sail.
 ναυτίλος [Υ], ό, (ναύτης) a seaman, sailor. 2.
 Adj. of a ship, naval. II. the nautilus, a shell-
 fish, furnished with a membrane which serves it for
 a sail.
 ναυτο-λογέω, ή, ήσω, (ναύτης, λέγω) to enlist sea-
 men, take on board: generally, to receive.
 ναυφθορία, ή, shipwreck, loss of ships. From
 ναύ-φθορος, ου, (ναύς, φθείρω) shipwrecked; ναύφθο-
 ρος σολή the garb of shipwrecked men.
 ναύφι, ναύφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. pl. of ναύς.
 ναύ-φρακτος Att. ναύ-φαρκτος, ου, (ναύς, φράσσω)
 ship-fenced, ship-girt; ναύφρακτον βλέπειν to look
 like a ship of war.
 ΝΑΨΩ, only found in pres. and impf. to flow
 νέα, Ion. acc. sing. from ναύς.
 νε-άγγελτος, ου, (νέος, ἀγγέλλω) newly told.
 νεά-γενής, ές, (νέος, *γένω) newly born.
 νεάζω, only found in pres. (νέος), intr. to be young
 or new: to be the younger of two. 2. to act or
 think like a youth. 3. to grow young, grow young
 again.
 νε-αίρετος, ου, (νέος, αἰρέω) newly caught.
 νεαίτερος, irreg. Comp. of νέος: νεαίτατος and
 νεάτος, irreg. Sup.
 νε-ακόνητος, ου, (νέος, ἀκονάω) newly-whetted, keen-
 edged.
 νεαλής, ές, (νέος) fresh with youth: generally, fresh,
 vigorous.
 νε-άλωτος, ου, (νέος, ἀλῶμαι) newly caught. [ά]
 νε-ανθής, ές, (νέος, ἀνθέω) new-budding, blooming.
 νεάνις, ου, Ep. and Ion. νενήτης, ου, ό, (νέος) a
 young man, youth: often with another Subst., as,
 ἄνδρες νενήται, παῖς νενήτης. II. as masc. Adj.
 youthful: fresh, vigorous, impetuous.
 νεανίστομαι, Dep. (νεανίας) to be a youth: to act like
 a youth, behave wilfully or impetuously, to make youth-
 ful boasts.
 νεανικός, ή, όν, (νεανίας) youthful: fresh, impetuous,
 vigorous. 2. high-spirited, noble. 3. in bad
 sense, hasty, wanton, insolent. 4. generally, great,
 mighty, strong.
 νεανικώς, Adv. of νεανικός, vigorously.

νεάνις Ion. νεήνις, gen. ίδος, acc. νεάνιδα and νεάνιν,
 fem. of νεανίας, a young woman, girl, maiden. II.
 as Adj. youthful: new.
 νεανισκείσθαι, Dep. (νεανίσκος) to be in one's youth,
 be a stripling.
 νεανίσκος Ion. νεηνίσκος, ό, (νεανίας a youth,
 young man.
 νε-αυιδός, όν, (νέος, αιδιδός) singing youthfully.
 νεαρός, ά, όν, (νέος) young, youthful: fresh, new,
 recent, late.
 νεο-φάγς, ες, (νεαρός, φαός) coming fresh to ligh-
 new-appearing.
 νέας, Ion. and Ep. acc. pl. of ής.
 νέατος Ion. νεάτος, η, ου, irreg. Sup. of νέος, as
 μέστος from μέσος, the last, uttermost, lowest, ex-
 treme; πόλις νεάτη Πύλου a city lying on the border
 of Pylos. II. of Time, latest, Lat. novissimus.
 νέατος, ό, the ploughing up of fallow land. From
 νεάω, ή, άσω, (νέος) to plough up fallow land, to till
 anew: νεωμένη (sc. γή), ή, land ploughed anew.
 νεβριδό-πεπλος, ου, (νεβρίς, πέπλος) clad in a
 fawn-skin.
 νεβρίζω, ή, σω, to wear a fawn-skin, to run about at
 the feast of Bacchus. From
 νεβρίς, ίδος, ή, (νεβρός) a fawn-skin, worn at the
 feasts of Bacchus.
 ΝΕΒΡΟΨ, ου, ό, the young of the deer, a fawn.
 νέες, Ion. and Ep. nom. pl. of ναύς.
 νέεσι, rarer Ep. dat. pl. of ναύς.
 νέμαι, Ion. for νέη, 2 sing. pres. subj. of νέομαι.
 νεη-γενής Att. and Dor. νεαγενής, ές, (νέος, γένος)
 new-born, just born.
 νεη-θάλής, ές, (νέος, θαλεῖν) fresh-shooting, fresh-
 blowing.
 νε-ηκής Dor. νεακής, ές, (νέος, ἀκή) newly whetted
 or sharpened.
 νε-ηκονής, ές, (νέος, ἀκονή) = νεηκής.
 νε-ήλατος, ου, (νέος, ἐλαίνω) newly rounded, fresh
 ground; as Subst., νεήλατος, τά, cakes of fresh flour.
 νέ-ηλϋς, ὕδος, ό, ή, (νέος, ἔλυσσι) one newly come,
 a new-comer, Lat. advenca.
 νενήτης, νεήνις, Ion. for νεανίας, νεάνις.
 νεηνίσκος, Ion. for νεανίσκος.
 νεη-φάτος, ου, (νέος, φημί) fresh-uttered, new-
 sounding.
 νέλ, Boeot. for νή.
 νελαί, Ep. 2 sing. pres. of νέομαι.
 νελαρᾶ Ion. νεαλή, ή, irr. fem. Comp. of νέος, as
 νεαίτος for νεάτος in Sup., latter, lower; νεαλήρᾶ ἐν
 γαστρὶ in the lower part of the belly.
 νελάτος, η, ου, Ion. for νεάτος, Sup. of νέος.
 νεκείω, νεκείησι, νεκείεσκον, v. νεικέω.
 νεκεστήρ, ήρος, ό, (νεικέω) a wrangler, disputor,
 brawler: c. gen. one who wrangles with.
 νεκεσσι, Aeol. for νεκοῦσι, 3 pl. of νεικέω.
 νεκείος, Ion. and Ep. νεικέω, Ep. 3 sing. subj. νε-
 κείρσι, Ion. impf. νεκείων and νεκείεσκον: Ep. fut.
 νεικέσσω, Ep. aor. I νείκεσσα: (νείκος);—to quarrel,

wrangle, dispute with: also c. acc. cognato, *νείκεα νείκειν*: part. *νείκων*, holding out obstinately, contentiously. II. trans. to vex, annoy, esp. by word, to taunt, upbraid, to accuse, criminate.

νείκη, ἡ, —νείκος.

ΝΕΙ ΚΟΣ, τό, α quarrel, wrangle, dispute: strife: esp. railing, a taunt, reproach. 2. a strife at law, debate, dispute before a judge. 3. also, battle, fight.

II. the cause of strife, matter or ground of quarrel.

Νειλαιεύς, ὁ, (Νεῖλος) a native of the Nile.

Νεिलाῖος, α, ον, (Νεῖλος) of or from the Nile.

Νεῖλο-γενής, ἐς, (Νεῖλος, γενέσθαι) Nile-born.

Νεῖλο-θερής, ἐς, (Νεῖλος, θέρω) fostered by the Nile.

Νεῖλор-рѣτος poet. Νεῖλο-рѣτος, ον, (Νεῖλος, ρέω) watered by the Nile.

Νεῖλος, ὁ, the Nile, the great river of Egypt, called in Homer Αἴγυπτος.

Νεῖλωϊς, ἴδος, ἡ, (Νεῖλος) built on or by the Nile.

Νεῖλωτης, ου, ὁ, fem. —ωτις, ἴδος, (Νεῖλος) living in or on the Nile; χθὼν Νεῖλωτις the land of Nile.

νείμας, αor. I part. of νέμω.

νείμεν, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I of νέμω: νείμαν, 3 pl.:

νείμον 2 sing. imperat.

νείθεν, Ion. for νέθεν, Adv. (νέος) from the bottom; νείθεν ἐκ κραδίης from the bottom of his heart.

II. *answ.*

νείθεθι, Ion. for νεθι, Adv. (νέος) at the bottom, in the inmost part.

νέο-κόρος, ὁ, ἡ, Ion. for νεωκόρος.

νέομαι, Ion. for νέομαι.

νέο-ποιέω, f. ἤσω, (νείω, ποιέω) to let a field lie fallow, or to take a green crop off it, so to prepare it for corn.

νέος, οὐ, ἡ, (νέος) new land, land ploughed up anew, a fallow, fallow ground, Lat. novale.

νείος, Ion. for νέος: Sup. νείστατος, η, ον.

νέο-τομεύς, ὁ, (νείος, τεμείν) one who breaks up a fallow.

νείρα or νείρα, ἡ, contr. for νείαιρα, the belly, stomach.

νείται, contr. for νέεται, 3 sing. of νέομαι.

νέκας, ἄδος, ἡ, (νέκυς) a heap of slain: Ep. dat. pl. νεκάδεσσι.

νεκ-ἄγγελος, ον, (νεκρός, ἀγγεῖλος) messenger to the dead.

νεκράγωγις, f. ἤσω, to conduct the dead. From νεκρ-ἄγωγός, ὄν, (νεκρός, ἄγω) conducting the dead.

νεκρ-ἀκαδημία, ἡ, (νεκρός, Ἀκαδημία) a school of the dead.

νεκρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (νεκρός) of or for the dead.

νεκρο-βάρης, ἐς, (νεκρός, βάρος) laden with corpses.

νεκρο-δέγγων, ον, gen. ονος, (νεκρός, δέχομαι) receiving the dead.

νεκρο-δόκος, Ion. for Att. -δόχος, ον, (νεκρός, δέχομαι) receiving the dead. Hence

νεκρο-δοχεῖον, τό, a receptacle for the dead, cemetery.

νεκρο-θήκη, ἡ, (νεκρός, θήκη) a receptacle for a corpse, coffin.

νεκρο-πομπός, ὄν, (νεκρός, πέμποι) conducting the dead, ferrying the dead over the Styx.

νεκρός, οὐ, ὁ, (νέκυς) a dead body, carcase, corpse, corpse: in pl. the dead.

II. as Adj., *νεκρός, ἄ, ὄν, dead.*

νεκρο-στολέω, (νεκρός, στέλλω) to ferry over the dead.

νεκρόω, f. ὥσω, (νεκρός) to make dead:—Pass. to be put to death, become lifeless.

2. metaph. to deaden, mortify.

νεκρών, ὄνος, ὁ, (νεκρός) a place for dead bodies, a burial-place.

νέκρωσις, ἡ, (νεκρώ) a making dead.

II. pass. a becoming dead, death: deadness.

ΝΕΚΤΑΡ, ἄρος, τό, nectar, the drink of the gods, as ambrosia was their food: in Homer the nectar is red (ἔρυθρόν), poured like wine by Hebe, and, like it, drunk mixed with water. Hence

νεκτάρους, α, Ion. η, ον, like nectar, scented, fragrant: generally, divine. [ᾶ]

νεκτ-ηγός, ὄν, (νέκυς, ἄγω) —νεκροπομπός, conducting, guiding the dead.

νεκτο-μαντεῖον, Ion. —ήιον, τό, (νέκυς, μαντεῖον) an oracle of the dead, a place where the ghosts of the dead were called up and questioned.

νεκτο-στόλος, ον, (νέκυς, στέλλω) ferrying the dead.

ΝΕΚΤΣ, ὄος, ὁ, Ep. dat. sing. νέκυϊ: Ep. dat. pl.

νεκύεσσι contr. νέκυσι: acc. pl. νέκυσ contr. νέκυσ: —a dead body, a corpse: in pl. the dead.

II. as Adj. *dead, lifeless. [ῥ]*

Νεμέα, Ion. —ἤη, ἡ, Nemea, a place between Argos and Corinth; cp. Νέμεσα, τό.

Νέμεσα poet. Νέμεια, τά, the Nemean games, celebrated in the second and fourth years of each Olympiad.

Νέμεος or Νέμειος, α, ον, of or from Nemea.

νέμεθω, poet. for νέμω, in 3 pl. impf. med. νεμέθοντο, Ep. for ἐνέμοντο, they grazed, fed.

νεμεσάω, Ion. impf. νεμέσασκον: fut. ἤσω: Ep. aor. I νεμέσῃσαι:—Ep. pres. νεμεσάω, f. νεμεσῆσω, etc.: (νέμεσις): —to feel just indignation, properly at undeserved good fortune, generally, to be angry, vexed.

II. Med. and Pass., *νεμεσώμαι: f. —ήσομαι: aor. I pass. ἐνεμεσῆσθην Ep. νεμεσῆσθην; Ep. aor. I med. opt. νεμεσῆσθαιτο:—to be displeased or vexed with oneself: to be ashamed, be filled with shame.*

2. c. acc. rei, *νεμεσάσθαι κατὰ ἔργα: be vexed just displeasure at, visits, punishes evil deeds.*

Νεμέσια, (sub. leπά), τό, the feast of Nemesia.

νεμεσιπτός Ep. νεμεσιπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (νεμεσάω) causing indignation or wrath, worthy of it; οὔτοι νεμεσιπτόν it is not a thing fit to raise indignation.

II. *to be regarded with awe, awful.*

νεμεσίζομαι, Dep. only found in pres. and impf. to become or be displeased with: to chafe or chide at a thing: absol. to be angry, surprised.

II. like *νεμεσάομαι, to be ashamed, feel dread or awe: c. acc., θεοὺς νεμεσίζωτο be wood in awe of the gods. From*

νέμεοις Ep. νέμεοις, εως, ἡ, (νέμω) just or deserved indignation, anger at anything unjust, righteous resentment. 2. indignation at undeserved good fortune: jealousy, vengeance, esp. of the gods: of men, grudging, envy.

II. that which causes or deserves just indignation, the object of just resentment: οὐ νέμεοις [ἔστι] there is not cause for indignation. III. in one's own person, a sense of sin, remorse.

Νέμεσις, ἡ, as prop. n., voc. Νέμεσι: Nemesis, personified as the goddess of Retribution, who brings down all immoderate good fortune.

νεμεσσατά, Dor. for νεμεσσητή.

νεμέσσα, Ep. for νεμέσα, imperat. of νεμεσάω.

νεμεσσάω, f. ἦσαι, Ep. for νεμεσάω.

νεμεσσηθείς, Ep. aor. I part. pass. of νεμεσάω.

νεμεσσηθῶμεν, Ep. I pl. aor. I subj. pass. of νεμεσάω.

νεμεσσητός, ἡ, ὅν, Ep. for νεμεστος.

νέμεσις, ἡ, Ep. for νέμεσις.

νέμετωρ, opos, ὁ, (νέμω) a dispenser of justice, a judge, arbiter.

νέμος, εως, τό, (νέμω) a wooded pasture, grove, Lat. nemus.

ΝΕΜΩ: fut. νεμῶ, later νεμήσω: aor. I ἐνείμα Ep. νεῖμα: pf. νενέμηκα:—Med. νέμομαι: f. νεμοῦμαι, later νεμήσομαι:—Pass., aor. I ἐνεμήθην: pf. νενέμημαι (but these tenses are also used in med. sense):—to deal out, distribute: to apportion, assign, allot.

II. Med. νέμομαι, c. acc., to distribute among themselves, hence to possess, enjoy, have in use.

2. also to dwell in, inhabit, occupy. III. later also in Act. to hold, possess: Pass. of places, to be inhabited.

2. to sway, manage, wield, control.

3. like νομίζω, to esteem, consider.

B. νέμω, of herdsmen, to pasture, drive to pasture, Lat. pascere: more freq. in Med. νέμεσθαι, of cattle, to feed, go to pasture, graze, Lat. pasci: hence to eat, feed on: metaph. of fire, to feed on, devour, consume: also Pass., πῦρ χθὸν νέμεται the land is consumed by fire.

II. later in Act., ὅρη νέμειν to graze the hills (with cattle): metaph., πῦρ νέμειν πόλιν to waste a city by fire.

III. in Med. also of ulcers, to spread.

νένασμαι, pf. pass. of νάσσω.

νεύεται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of νέω, to bear.

νενέμηκα, pf. of νέμω.

νένηκα, pf. of νέω, to spin.

νένιμαι, νένιπται, 1 and 3 sing. pf. pass. of νίζω.

νενομούμαι, pf. pass. of νομίζω.

νένωμαι, νενωμένοις, Ion. and Dor. for νενόημαι,

νενωμένος, pf. pass. ind. and part. of νοέω.

νεο-άλωτος, ὄν, (νέος, ἀλῶναι) = νεόλωτος.

νεο-αρδής, ἐς, (νέος, ἀρδῶ) newly watered.

νεο-γάμος, ὄν, (νέος, γαμέω) new-married: as Subst.,

νεόγαμος, ὁ or ἡ, a bridegroom or bride.

νεο-γενής, ἐς, (νέος, γενέσθαι) new-born.

νεογίλος, ἡ, ὄν, new-born, young. (Deriv. uncertain.)

νεο-γνής, ἐς, = νεογνός.

νεο-γνός, ὄν, contr. for νεόγονος, new-born.

νεό-γονος, ὄν, (νέος, γενέσθαι) new-born.

νεό-γραπτος and νεό-γράφος, ὄν, (νέος, γράφω) newly painted or written.

νεό-γυιός, ὄν, (νέος, γυῖον) with young, fresh limbs.

νεο-δαυμάδης, ἐς, a Spartan word, lately made one of the people (νέος, δᾶμος = δήμος), newly enfranchised:

hence those Helots were called Νεοδαμώδεις, who were set free in reward for services in war.

νεό-δαρτος, ὄν, (νέος, δέρω) newly stripped off, newly flayed.

νεο-διδάκτος, ὄν, (νέος, διδάσκω) newly taught. or a play newly brought out, newly exhibited.

νεο-δμητής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, and νεό-δμητος, ὄν, (νέος, δαμάω) newly tamed or broken in: metaph. newly-wedded.

νεό-δμητος Dor. -δματος, ὄν, (νέος, δέμα) newly built.

νεό-δρεπτος, ὄν, (νέος, δρέπω) fresh plucked or cropped: wreathed with fresh leaves.

νεό-δρομος, ὄν, (νέος, δρᾶμῖν) just having run.

νεό-δροπος, ὄν, = νεόδρεπτος.

νεό-ζυκτος, ὄν, (νέος, ζεύγνυμι) = νεοζυγής.

νεο-ζυγής, ἐς, and νεό-ζυγος, ὄν, (νέος, ζυγῆναι) newly yoked: metaph. newly married.

νεό-ζυξ, ὅς, ὁ, ἡ, = νεοζυγής.

νεο-θάλής, ἐς, Dor. for νεοθηλής.

νεόθεν, Adv. (νέος) anew: newly, lately.

νεο-θηλής, ἐς, (νέος, τέθηλα) fresh budding or sprouting: metaph. fresh, cheerful.

νεό-θηλος, ὄν, = νεοθηλής.

νεο-θήξ, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (νέος, θήγω) newly sharpened.

νεο-θλιβής, ἐς, (νέος, θλιβῆναι) newly pressed.

νεοίη, ἡ, (νέος) poet. for νεότης, youthful spirit.

νέ-οικος, ὄν, (νέος, οἰκέω) newly built on.

νεο-κατάστατος, ὄν, (νέος, καθίστημι) lately established or settled.

νεο-κηδής, ἐς, (νέος, κηδῶ) having a fresh grief.

νεο-κληρόνομος, ὄν, having lately inherited.

νεό-κλωστος, ὄν, (νέος, κλώσθαι) newly spun or woven.

νεο-κόννητος, ὄν, (νέος, καίνω) newly shed: νεοκόννητον αἷμα χερσὶν ἔχειν to have newly-shed blood upon his hands.

νεό-κοπτος, ὄν, (νέος, κοπῶ) fresh-chiselled.

νεόκοτος, ὄν, (νέος) strange, unheeded of:—generally, fresh, new.

νεο-κράς, ἄτος, ὁ, ἡ, (νέος, κεράννυμι) newly mixed: νεόκρας φίλος a newly made friend.

νεό-κτιστος, ὄν, αἰὼ ἡ, ὄν, (νέος, κτίζω) newly founded or built: new-made.

νεό-κτονος, ὄν, (νέος, κτείνω) just killed.

νεο-λαία, ἡ, (νέος, λαός) a band of youth, the youth of a nation, Lat. juvenis.

νεό-λουτος poet. νεόλουτος, ὄν, (νέος, λούομαι) just bathed.

NE'OMAI contr. νεῖμαι, 2 and 3 sing. νεῖται, νεῖται: inf. νέεσθαι contr. νεῖσθαι: Dep., only used in

pres. and impf. :—*to go or come* : commonly with a fut. sense, *to go away or back* : also *to go to the war* : of a stream, *to flow back*.

νεο-μηνία contr. νουμηνία, ἡ, (νέος, μήν) *the time of the new moon, the beginning of the month*.

νεο-πάθής, ἐς, (νέος, παθεῖν) *suffering from a late calamity*.

νεο-πενθής, ἐς, (νέος, πένθος) *fresh-mourning*. II. pass. lately mourned

νεο-πηγής, ἐς, (νέος, πήγνυμι) *newly congealed or frozen*.

νεο-πλουτος, ον, (νέος, πλοῦτος) *newly enriched, vainglorious, ostentatious* ; opp. to ἀρχαίωπλουτος.

νεο-πλύτος, ον, (νέος, πλύνω) *newly washed*

νεο-πέκος, ον, (νέος, πέκω) *newly shorn*.

νεο-πρίστος, ον, (νέος, πρίω) *fresh-sawn*.

Νεο-πτόλεμος, ον, (νέος, πτόλεμος) *New-to-war*, surname of Pyrrhus son of Achilles, because he came late to Troy.

νεο-πόλις, ἡ, (νέος, πόλις) *newly founded*.

νεο-ραντος, ον, (νέος, ραίνω) *newly sprinkled* : *fresh-reeking*.

νεο-ρύτος, ον, (νέος, ῥέω) *fresh-flowing*.

νεο-ρύτος, ον, (νέος, ῥύνω) *just drawn*.

νεο-ροτος, ον, (νέος, ὀρνυμι) *newly risen*, generally, *new*, late.

ΝΕΨ, νέα Ion. νέη, νέον, Att. also ος, ον : Ion. νέος, η, ον :—of men, young, youthful : as Subst., νέοι, young men, youths ; ἐκ νέου from a youth, from youth upwards, Lat. a puero. 2. suited to a youth, youthful, Lat. juvenilis. 3. of things, new, fresh, recent : but also, strange, unexpected. 4. of Time, ἐκ νέου and ἐκ νέας anew, afresh, Lat. denuo : hence νέον Ion. νέον, as Adv., newly, lately, anew : ἡ νέα (sub. σελήνη) *the new moon* : for ἐν καὶ νέα, see ἐν.

II. the degrees of Comp. are νεώτερος, νεώτατος Ion. νεύτατος, v. νέος. Hence νέος (sub. γῆ), ἡ, *fresh land, fallow*, Lat. novāle. νέος, Ion. gen. of ναῦς.

νεο-σίγαλος, ον, (νέος, σίγαλεις) *new and sparkling, glossy*.

νεο-σκύλευτος, ον, (νέος, σκύλευω) *newly plundered*.

νεο-σμηκτος, ον, (νέος, σμήχω) *newly cleaned*.

νεο-σπδής, ἐς, and νεο-σπᾶς, ἄδος, δ, ἡ, (νέος, σπᾶν) *newly plucked or gathered*.

νεο-σπορος, ον, (νέος, σπείρω) *newly sown*.

νεοσσένων Att. νεοττεύω or νοττεύω : f. σω : (νεοσ-τέω) :—*to bathe* ; pf. part. pass. νεοσσευμένοι.

νεοσσά Ion. —ἡ—Att. νεοττιά, ἡ, (νεοσσά) *a nest of young birds, a nest* : the brood of young birds.

νεόστιον Att. νεόστιον or νόστιον, τό, Dim. of νεοσσά, *a young bird, nestling, chicken*.

νεοσσίς Att. νοτίς, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of νεοσσός, *a chicken*.

νεοσσο-κόμος Att. νεοττ-, ον, (νεοσσός, κομω) *rearing young birds or chickens*.

νεοσσός Att. νεοττός, δ, (νέος) *a young bird, nest-*

ling, chicken. 2. any young animal, as the young of a crocodile : a young child : in pl. a swarm of young bees.

νεοσσός, Dor. for νεοσσός.

νεο-στροφος, ον, (νέος, στρέφω) *newly twisted*.

νεο-σφάγής, ἐς, (νέος, σφαγῆναι) *newly slaughtered*.

νεότας, ἄτος, ἡ, Dor. for νεότης.

νεο-τεκτος, ον, and νεο-τευχής, ἐς, (νέος, τεύχω) *newly wrought or fashioned*.

νεότης, ητος, ἡ, (νέος) *youth* : also 2. youthful spirit, rashness. II. a body of youth, the youth, Lat. juvenus.

νεο-τήκτος Dor. —τηματος, ον, (νέος, τέμνω) *newly cut*.

νεο-τοκος, ον, (νέος, τεκεῖν) *new-born*. II. νεοτόκος, ον, act. having just brought forth.

νεο-τομος, ον, (νέος, τεμνῖν) *fresh cut or ploughed* : νεότομα πληγήματα blows newly inflicted. II.

νεο-τρυφῆς, ἐς, (νέος, τρέφω) *newly reared, young*.

νεοττεύω, νεοττιά, νεόττιον, νεοττός, Att. for νεοσσ-,

νεοττο-τροφῆς, (νεοττός, τρέφω) *to rear young birds*.

νεοργγῆς, f. ἥσω, *to make new, renew*. From νεοργγός, ὄν, (νέος, ἔργω) *making new, renewing*.

νεο-ούτως, ον, (νέος, οὕτως) *lately wounded*.

νεο-φοντος, ον, (νέος, φοιτάω) *newly trodden*.

νεο-φονος, ον, (νέος, φένω) *lately killed* : *fresh-shed*.

νεο-φύτος, ον, (νέος, φύνω) *newly planted*. II. a new convert, neophyte.

νεο-χάρακτος, ον, (νέος, χιράσσω) *newly impressed or imprinted*.

νεοχμός, ὄν, (νέος) *new, fresh*. 2. novel, unusual, strange, revolutionary. Hence

νεοχμῶν, f. ὥσω, *to make new, esp. to make political innovations*.

νεο-χνοος, ον, (νέος, χνός) *with the first down*.

νέος, f. ὥσω, (νέος) *to renew, renovate, change*.

νέπodes, ον, οί, *children* ; an old Epic word.

νέρθε and νέρθεν, Adv., —ἐνέρθε, *under, beneath* : also from below II. c. gen. under, beneath.

νερτέριος, α, ον, (νέρτερος) *underground*, Lat. inferus.

νερτερο-δρόμος, ον, δ. (νέρτερος, δρόμος) *the courier of the dead*.

νέρτερος, α, ον, —ενερτερος, *lower, neither*, Lat. inferior, a Comp. without any Posit. in use : but also as a Posit. —νερτέριος, *neither, infernal, underground* ; οί νέρτεροι *the dwellers in the neither world, the gods below or the dead*, Lat. inferi.

ΝΕΡΤΟΣ, δ, *a bird of prey*.

νεύμα, ατος, τό, (νέω) *a nod or sign* : a command.

νεύμα, Ep. and Ion. contr. pres. for νέωμαι.

ΝΕΤΡΑ Ion. νευρή, ἡ, *a sinew, tendon*. II. a string or cord of sinew ; 1. a bow-string. 2. a musical string or chord.

νευρεῖ, ἡ, ποδ. for νευρά.

νευρή, ἡ, Ion. for νευρά.

νευρήφι, νευρήφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. of νευρή

νευρο-λάλος, *ον*, (νεῦρον, λαλέω) *with sounding strings.*

NETPON, τό, Lat. *nervus*, a *sineu*, tendon: esp. in pl. *νεῦρα*, the *tendons* of the feet; *νεῦρα τέμνειν* to hamstring, disable. 2. metaph. *strength*, vigour, *nerve*.

II. a *string*, cord, lace made of *sineu*: hence 2. a *bowstring*: also cord of a sling. 3. a *musical string* or chord.

νευρο-πλεκής, *ἐς*, (νεῦρον, πλέκω) *plaited with sinews.*
νευροραφίω, *ῥ*, ἴσω, to *stitch* with *sinews*: to mend shoes. From

νευρο-ράφος, *ον*, (νεῦρον, ῥάπτω) *stitching with sinews*: as Subst. a *cobbler*.

νευρο-σπαδής, *ἐς*, (νεῦρον, σπάω) *drawn or strained back with a sineu* or string; *νευροσπαδὴς ἄτρακτος* the arrow drawn back with the string, i. e. just ready to fly.

νευρο-σπαστος, *ον*, (νεῦρον, σπάω) *drawn by strings*; ἀγάλματα *νευρόσπαστα* puppets moved by strings.

νευρο-τενής, *ἐς*, (νεῦρον, τείνω) *stretched by sinews.*

νευρο-χάρης, *ἐς*, (νεῦρον, χαρῆναι) *delighting in the bowstring*

νεύσομαι or νευσούμαι, fut. of νέω B.

νευστάζω, (νεύω) to nod, Lat. *nūto*; *νευστάζειν κόρυθι* to nod with the crest, stride with nodding crest; *νευστάζειν κεφαλῇ* to nod with the head, of one fainting; *νευστάζειν ὀφρύσι* to make signs with the eyebrows.

NETΩ, f. νέσω, to nod, beckon, as a sign or command. 2. in token of assent, to nod, bow, promise, confirm by a nod. 3. generally, to nod, bend forward; *νεύειν κάτω* to stoop; *νεύειν κεφαλὰς* to bow down, droop the head; *νεύειν εἰς τι* to incline towards a thing.

4. metaph. to decline, fall away.

νεφέλη, ἡ, (νέφος) a cloud, mass of clouds, Lat. *nebula*: metaph. the cloud of death; ἄχεος *νεφέλη* a cloud of sorrow. II. a fine bird-net.

νεφελ-ηγερέτα, Ep. for -της, ὁ, only used in nom. and gen. *νεφέλεγκρέτα*, (νεφέλη, ἀγείρω) *cloud-gatherer*, cloud-compeller.

Νεφέλο-κένταυρος, ὁ, (νεφέλη, Κένταυρος) a cloud-centaur.

Νεφέλο-κοκκυγία, ἡ, (νεφέλη, κόκκυξ) *Cloud-cuckoo-son*, built by the birds in Aristoph. *Aves*. Hence

Νεφέλο-κοκκυγμεύς, ὁ, citizen of *Cloud-cuckoo-town*.
νεφέλω, *ῥ*, ὥσω, (νεφέλη) to make cloudy. Hence

νεφέλωτός, ὁ, ὄν, made of clouds.

νεφο-εἰδής, *ἐς*, (νέφος, εἶδος) like a cloud.

ΝΕΨΟΣ, *εος*, τό, a cloud, mass of clouds, Lat. *nebula*: metaph. the cloud of death, *θανάτου μέλαν νέφος*; so, νέφος ὀφρύων a cloud upon the brow. 2. metaph. also, a cloud or dense throng of men, birds, etc.

νεφρῖτις, *ιδος*, (νεφρός) fem. Adj. of or in the kidneys; ἡ *νεφρῖτις* (sc. νόσος), a disease in the kidneys.

ΝΕΦΡΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, mostly in pl. the kidneys.

ΝΕΩ (A), to go, v. sub νέομαι.

ΝΕΩ (B), Impf. ἔνεον Ep. ἔνεον: fut. νέσομαι and νευσούμαι: aor. I ἔνευσα:—to swim, Lat. *nāre*. 2. of shoes that are too large; *νεῦν ἐν ἐμβάσιν* to swim or slip about in one's shoes.

ΝΕΩ (C), fut. νήσω: Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. νήσαντο: aor. I pass. ἐνήθην:—to spin, Lat. *nēre*.

ΝΕΩ (D), fut. νήσω: Ion. νήω, νηέω, νηνέω: pf. pass. νένημι or νένησμαι:—to pile, heap, bear up.

νεωκορέω, *ῥ*, ἴσω, (νεωκόρος) to be a *bedel*, to bear charge of a temple. II. metaph. to keep clean and pure. Hence

νεωκορία, ἡ, the office of a *bedel*
νεω-κόρος, ὁ, (νέως, κορέω) properly one who sweeps a temple: hence one who has charge of a temple, a *bedel*, *verger*, Lat. *aedituus*. II. a title of cities, which had built a temple in honour of their patron-god: hence Ephesus was called *νεωκόρος Ἀρτέμιδος*.

νέως, gen. pl. of νέος: but νεών, gen. pl. of ναῦς.

νεών, ἄνος, ὁ, (ναῦς) a dock or basin for ships.

νε-ώνητος, *ον*, (νέος, ἠνέομαι) newly bought.

νε-ωρής, *ἐς*, (νέος, ὥρα) new, fresh, late.

νε-ώριον, τό, (νεωρός) a place where ships are overhauled, a dock-yard, arsenal.

νέως, ὦ, ὁ, Att. for ναός, a temple, like Λεώς for λαός.

νέως, Att. gen. of ναῦς.

νεώσ-οικος, ὁ, (νέως gen. of ναῦς, οἶκος) literally a ship's house, a slip or dock in which a ship was built or repaired: a store-house, being a part of the νεώριον.

νεωστί, Adv. of νέος, lately, just now, recently.

νέωτα, Adv. of νέος, Aeol. for νέωτε, νεώτε, next year, for next year; also, εἰς νέωτα.

νεώτατος, ἡ, *ον*, Sup. of νέος: Adv. νεώτατα, most recently.

νεωτερίζω, *ῥ*, ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (νεώτερος) to make changes or alterations: to make innovations or revolutionary movements. II. trans. to change entirely; *νεωτερίζειν τὴν πολιτείαν* to revolutionise the state.

νεωτερικός, ἡ, ὄν, (νέος) natural to a youth, youthful.

νεωτερισμός, οὐ, ὁ, (νεωτερίζω) innovation.

νεωτροποιία, ἡ, innovation, revolution. From

νεωτρο-ποιός, ὄν, (νεώτερος, ποιέω) innovating, revolutionary.

νεώτερος, *α, ον*, Comp. of νέος, younger: newer, fresher: in bad sense, strange, unusual; τὰ νεώτερα or νεώτερα πράγματα, revolutionary movements, Lat. *res novae*. Adv. νεωτέρως, more recently.

νη-, insepr. Prefix, being a strengthened form of ἀνα-, privat., as in *νη-εὐθής*; cf. Lat. *ne-* in *ne-fas*, etc.

ΝΗ΄, Att. Particle affirming strongly, with acc. of the person invoked; *νὴ Δία* or *νὴ τὸν Δία*, also *νὴ μὲν τὸν Δία*, yea by Zeus!

νήα, νῆας, Ion. acc. sing. and pl. cf. ναῦς.

νηγάτος, ἡ, *ον*, (for νηγάτος by transposition of *α* and *η*, from νέος, γάγαι.) new-made.

νή-γρετος, *ον*, (νη-, ἐγείρω) *unwaking*; νήγρετος ὕπνος a sleep that knows no waking, a sound deep sleep: later also of death: neut. as Adv., νήγρετον *waking*.

νήδυια, *ον, τό, (νηδύς) the entrails, bowels, Lat. intestina.*

νηδυόφιν, for νηδυόφιν, Ep. gen. of νηδύς.

νηδυός, *ον, Homeric epith. of ύπνος: either like νήγρετος, sound, deep sleep; or from ήδύς, sweet, delightful, as if for ήδυμος.*

ΝΗΔΥΨ, *ύος, ή, the stomach, or the belly, paunch: the womb:—also the bowels, entrails: έξελεῖν τήν νηδύν to take out the entrails, disembowel.*

νήεον, Ep. impf. of νήέω.

νήες, *nom. pl. of ναύς.*

νήεσαι, Ep. dat. pl. of ναύς.

νήέω, *fut. νηήσω, Ion. and Ep. for νέω, to bear or pile up.*

II. *to pile, load.*

νήησαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of νηέω:—νηησάσθω, 3 sing. aor. I imper. med.

νήθω, (*νέω c*) *to spin.*

νηί, *Ion. dat. sing. of ναύς.*

Νηιάς, *άδος, ή, Ion. for Ναΐας.*

νήος, *η, ον, Dor. νάιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, of, belonging to a ship; δόρυ νήιον ship-timber.*

Νηίς, *ίδος, ή, Ion. for Ναΐς.*

νήις, *ίδος, ό, ή, (νη-, ίδειν) unknowing, unlearned: c. gen. unskilled in a thing.*

νηίτης, *ον, ό, (ναύς) of or belonging to a ship, consisting of ships. [I]*

νη-κερδής, *ές, (νη-, κέρδος) without gain, unprofitable.*

νή-κερως, *ατος, ό, ή, Ep. νή-κερος, ον, (νη-, κέρας) not horned, without horns.*

νή-κεστος, *ον, (νη-, άκείομαι) incurable.*

νη-κουστέω, (*νη-, άκούω*) *to give no heed to, disobey: Ep. aor. I νηκούστησα.*

νη-λεής, *ές, dat. and acc. νηλέϊ, νηλέα, as if from νηλής, (νη-, έλεος) without pity, pitiless, ruthless, remorseless; νηλεές ήμαρ the ruthless day, i. e. the day of death.*

II. *unpitied.*

νηλειής, *ές, Ep. for νηλεής. Adv. νηλειώς.*

νηλεό-θυμός, *ον, (νηλεής, θυμός) of ruthless spirit.*

νηλεό-ποινος, *ον, (νηλεής, ποιμή) punishing ruthless.*

νηλεώς, *Adv. of νηλεής, without pity.*

νηλής, *ές, see νηλεής.*

νηλέπους, *ό, ή, -πουν, τό, gen. -πόδος, = άν-ηλίπους, unsboed, barefooted: hence needy, abject. [I]*

νη-λίτης, *ές, (νη-, άλτρείν) guiltless, harmless, unoffending.*

νήμα, *ατος, τό, (νέω to spin) that which is spun, thread, yarn: the thread of a spider's web: the thread of the Fates.*

νη-μερτής, *ές, (νη-, άμαρτεῖν) unfailing, unerring, infallible; νημερτές ένισπεῖν, νημερτέα εἰπεῖν to speak infallible truths.*

νηνεμία *Ion. -ή, ή, stillness in the air, a calm:—γαλήνη έπλετο νηνεμία there was a calm and perfect stillness. From*

νή-νεμος, *ον, (νη-, άνεμος) without wind, breezeless, calm, tranquil.*

νηνέω, = νήέω, *Ion. and Ep. for νέω, to bear.*

νήνις, *ιος, ή, contr. for νεάνις, a girl, maiden.*

νήϊσις, *εως, ή, (νήχω) a swimming.*

νήϊομαι, *fut. of νήχομαι.*

νηο-βάτης, *ον, ό, Ion. for ναυ-βάτης. [α]*

νηο-πόλος *Att. ναο-, ον, (νηός = ναύς, πολέω) busying oneself in a temple: as Subst., νηοπόλος, ό, a priest, temple-keeper, Lat. aedituus.*

νηο-πορέω, *f. ήσω, (ναύς, πόρος) to go in a ship*

νηός, *ού, ό, Ion. for ναός, a temple.*

νηός, *Ion. gen. of ναύς.*

νηό-σοος *poët. νηός-σοος, ον, (ναύς, σαδω) protecting ships.*

νηο-φόρος, *ον, (ναύς, φέρω) bearing ships.*

νη-όχος, *ον, (ναύς, έχω) bolding ships.*

νη-πενθής, *ές, (νη-, πένθος) free from sorrow. II. act. soothing or assuaging sorrow.*

νηπία *Ep. νηπία and νηπιή, ή, (νήπιος) child-bod, infancy: in plur. childishness, folly.*

νηπιάζω, *f. ήσω, = νηπιαχέω.*

νηπιάχευω, *to be childish, play like a child. From*

νηπιάχος, *οκ, poët. for νήπιος, childish.*

νηπιτή, *ή, Ion. for νηπία.*

νηπιός, *a Ion. η, ον, Att. also ος, ον, (νη-, έπος) properly, not speaking. Lat. infans; νηπία τέκνα infant children: also νηπία αλόνε, the young of an animal.*

II. *metaph. childish, senseless: without*

forethought, weak, helpless.

νηπιότης, *ητος, ή, = νηπία.*

νη-πλεκτος, *ον, (νη-, πλέκω) not plaited: with unbraidcd hair.*

νη-ποινεί or -ί, *Adv. of νήποιος, Lat. impune, with impunity.*

νη-ποινος, *ον, (νη-, ποιμή) unpunished, unavenged, with impunity: but, φυτών νήποινος without share of, unblest with, fruitful trees.*

νηπύτιεύομαι, *Dep. to behave childishly. From νη-πύτιος, α, ον, (νη-, άπύω) childish, infantine: and as Subst. a child, like νήπιος, Lat. infans:—metaph. childish, thoughtless, heedless.*

Νηρεΐς *Ion. Νηρηΐς, ίδος, ή, a daughter of Nereus, hence a Nereid or Nymph of the sea, always in pl. Νηρηίδες: they were fifty in number. Cf. Ναΐδες.*

Νηρεύς, *γέν. έως Ion. ήος, ό, Nereus, an ancient sea-god. He was eldest son of Pontus (the sea), husband of Doris and father of the Nereids. Hence*

Νηρέη, *poët. for Νηρηΐς.*

Νηρηΐς, *ίδος, ή, Ion. for Νηρεΐς.*

νή-ριθμος, *ον, (νη-, άριθμός) countless, numberless.*

νηρίτος, *ον, poët. form of νήριθμος.*

νήσαι, *aor. I inf. both of νέω (c) to spin, and νέω*

(d) to pile up.

νησαίος, *a Ion. η, ον, (νήσος) of or for an island, insular.*

νησαντο, *Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of νέω (c) to spin.*

νησιδιον, *τό, Dim. of νήσος, an islet.*

νησιόν, *τό, Dim. of νήσος, an islet.*

νησίς, *ίδος, ή, Dim. of νήσος, an islet.*

νησίτης, ου, ὁ, (νήσος) of or for an island: fem. νησίτις, ιδος, ἡ. [Γ]

νησιώτης, ου, ὁ, fem. -ώτις, ιδος, ἡ, (νήσος) an islander. II. as Adj. of an islander: insular, living, situated on an island. Hence

νησιωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for an island or an islander; τὸ νησιωτικὸν insular situation.

νησο-μάχη, ἡ, (νήσος, μάχη) an island-fight.

ΝΗΞΟΣ Dor. νῆσος, οὐ, ἡ, an island, Lat. insula: also, a peninsula, applied to the Peloponnese

νήσσα Att. νήττα, ἡ, (νέω to swim) a duck, Lat. anas.

νησσάριον Att. νηττ-, τό, Dim. of νήσσα, a duckling.

νηστεία, ἡ, (νηστεύω) fasting, a fast.

νηστεύω, f. σω, (νήστις) to fast; νηστεύειν τινός to fast from, abstain from a thing

νήστις, ιος or έως, ὁ, and ἡ: nom. pl. νήστιες or νήστεις: (νη-, έσθιω):—not eating, fasting. 2.

act. causing hunger, starving.

νησύδριον, τό, Dim. of νήσος, an islet.

νή-τιτος, ου, (νη-, τίνω) unavenged, unpunished.

νητός, ἡ, ὄν, (νέω to bear) beaped up, piled up

νητός, ἡ, ὄν, (νέω to spin) spun, twisted.

νήττα, ἡ, νηττάριον, τό, Att. for νησσ-.

νηῦς, ἡ, Ion. for ναῦς.

νηυσί, Ion. dat. pl. of ναῦς.

νηυσι-πέρητος, ου, v. ναυσι-πέρητος.

νή-υτος, ου, (νη-, άυτμή) breathless.

νηφάλιεύς, ὁ, = νηφάλιος.

νηφάλιος, α, ὄν, also ος, ου, (νήφω) of persons, drinking no wine, sober: of drink, without wine; νηφάλια μελίγματα, of the offerings to the Eumenides, which were composed of water, milk, and honey. [Δ]

νήφοσι, poet. for νήφουσι, dat. pl. part.

ΝΗΦΩ, f. νήψω, to drink no wine, to be sober, live soberly.

νή-χυτος, ου, (νη-, χέω) not merely poured, full-flowing.

νήχω Dor. νάχω, f. ξω, (νέω) to swim: also as

Dep. νήχομαι, f. ξομαι, aor. I ένηξάμην.

νηών, Ion. gen. pl. of ναῦς.

νηώς, Dor. for ναούς, acc. pl. of ναός.

νίγλῃρος, ὁ, a small fife, pipe or whistle, used by the κελευστής to give the time in rowing.

ΝΙΨΩ, f. νίψω: aor. I ένιψα:—Med., f. νίψομαι: aor. I ένιψάμην: pf. νένιμμαι:—to wash, esp. the hands and feet; νίψασθαι ἄλως to wash one's hands

with sea water: generally, to purge, cleanse, purify. II. to wash off.—νίζω is properly used of

washing part of the body, λούομαι of bathing, πλύνω of washing clothes.

νικᾶξω, Dor. for νικήσω, fut. of νικάω.

νικασείν, Dor. for νικήσειν, fut. inf. of νικάω.

νικᾶτηρ, ὁ, Dor. for νικητήρ.

νικάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, Dor. for νικητῶρ.

νικάω, f. ἡσώ, (νίκη) to conquer, prevail, get the upper hand; τὰ χερσίνια νικά the worse prevails;

τὸ εὖ νικάω let the good prevail; νικάω τινα to win in the judgment of another. 2. of opinions, to

prevail, carry the day; ἡ νικάσα γνώμη the prevailing opinion, vote of the majority. 3. as law-term, to win in a suit, gain a cause. II. trans. to conquer, vanquish, overcome, overpower.—Pass., νικᾶσθαι to be vanquished, overcome by another: to be inferior to, give way to. III. c. acc. cognato, νικῆν νικᾶν to gain a victory; ναυμαχίαν ναυμαχεῖν to win a sea-fight.

νικειος, ου, (νίκος) victorious.

ΝΙΚΗ [Γ], ἡ, victory, conquest, Lat. victoria: the fruits of victory.

νίκη, Aeol. and poet. for ἐνικα, 3 sing. impf. of νικάω.

νικήεις Dor. νικάεις, εσσα, εν, (νίκη) victorious, conquering.

νικηθείς, aor. I part. pass. of νικάω.

νίκημι, Aeol. for νικάω. [Γ]

νικησέμεν, Ep. for νικήσειν, fut. inf. of νικάω.

νικητέον, verb. Adj. of νικάω, one must conquer.

νικητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, like νικητής, a conqueror. Hence

νικητήριος, α, ου, belonging to a conqueror or to victory. II. as Subst. νικητήριον (sub. ἄθλον), τό, the prize of victory 2. νικητήριον (sub. ἐπεά), τό, a festival in honour of victory; νικητήριον έστιᾶν to celebrate the feast of victory.

νικητής, ου, ὁ, (νικάω) a conqueror.

νικητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (νικάω) likely to conquer, conducing to victory.

νικητῶρ, ορος, ὁ, poet. for νικητήρ, a conqueror.

νικηφόρεω, f. ἡσώ, (νικηφόρος) to carry off as prize, win. Hence

νικηφορία, ἡ, a conquering, victory.

νίκη-φόρος, ου, (νίκη, φέρω) bringing victory. II. bearing off the prize, conquering, victorion

νικό-βουλος, ου, (νικάω, βουλή) prevailing in the Council.

νικο-μάχης, ου, ὁ, (νικάω, μάχη) conqueror in the fight.

νίκος, εος, τό, later form for νίκη, victory.

νικῶεν, Att. contr. for νικάοειν, 3 pl. opt. of νικάω.

νίν, Dor. and Att. enclit. acc. of 3rd pers. Pron., for αὐτόν, αὐτήν, αὐτό, him, her, it; never used reflexively: of all genders, both sing. and pl., but the pl. is much more rare: Hom., and Ion. writers use μιν.

νιπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (νίζω) a washing vessel, basin, laver.

νίπτρον, τό, (νίζω) water for washing: mostly in plur.

νίπτω, later form for νίζω.

νίσσομαι, f. νίσσομαι [Γ]—νέομαι, to go, to go away.

ΝΙΤΡΟΝ, τό, in Herodotus and Att. λίτρον, carbonate of soda, soda.

νίφα, τήν, snow, irreg. acc. of νιφάς, as if from a nom. *νίψ.

νιφάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (νίψω) a snow-flake: in pl. snow-flakes, a storm of snow. 2. generally, a shower:—metaph., νιφάς πολέμου the storm or sleet of war. II. as Adj., fem. of νιφάεις, snowy, snow-capt.

νιφέμεν, Ep. inf. of νίψω.

νιφέτης, ου, ὁ, (νίψω) a shower of snow, a snow-storm.

νιφέ-βολος, (νίφα, βάλλω) snow-beaten, wintry.

νιφοίσις, εσσα, εν, (νιφα) snow-covered, snow-capt.
νιφο-στῖβής, ἐς, (νίφα, στιβεῖν) thick with snow.
ΝΙΨΩ [ξ], f. νίψω, intrans. to snow; ὁ θεὸς νίψει,
or νίψει alone, it snows. II. trans. to cover with
snow: Pass. to be snowed on, covered with snow. Cf.
ὕω, ὕομαι.

νίψαι, νίψασθαι, aor. I inf. act. and med. of νίξω.
νίψω, fut. of νίξω, and also of νίφα.

νοερός, ὁ, ὄν, (νόος, νοῦς) intellectual.

νοεῖν, f. νοήσω: Ion. νόσσω: aor. I ἐνόησα Ion.
ἐνώσα: pf. νενόηκα Ion. νένωκα:—Med., Ep, 3 sing.
aor. νοήσατο Ion. part. νωσάμενος:—Pass., aor. I
ἐνόηθην:—Pass., aor. I ἐνόηθην: pf. νενόημαι Ion.
ἐνώμην: Ion. plpf. ἐνενώμην: (νόος):—to see so
as to remark or discern, distinguished from merely
seeing, as, τὸν δὲ ἰδὼν ἐνόησε when he saw him be
perceived who he was: to notice, remark. II. to
think: absol. to be minded: hence, to purpose, in-
tend: c. inf. to intend to do a thing: in part. νοεῶν,
discreet, thoughtful. 2. of words or expressions, to
mean, imply, have a certain sense. III. to think
out, devise, contrive. IV. to think or deem that
a thing is so and so.

νόημα, ατος, τό, (νοεῶ) that which is thought, a
thought. II. a purpose, design, resolve. III.
generally, thought, understanding, mind. Hence
νοήμων, ον, gen. ονος, thoughtful, sensible: also in
ones right mind, opp. to παραφρονεῶν.

νόησις, εως, ἡ, (νοεῶ) thought, intelligence.
νοητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (νοεῶ) intelligent.

νοητός, ἡ, ὄν, (νοεῶ) perceptible, intelligible.
νοθα-γενής, ἐς, Dor. for νοθηγενής, (νόθος, γενέ-
σθαι) base-born.

νοθο-καλλοσύνη, ἡ, (νόθος, κάλλος) spurious charms.

ΝΟΨΘΟΣ, ἡ, ον, Att. also ος, ον, illegitimate, born
out of wedlock; νόθος νόος a natural son, opp. to
γνήσιος, Lat. legitimus. II. generally, spurious,
counterfeit, adulterated.

νοῖδιον, τό, Dim. of νόος, νοῦς, a little thought, a
notion.

νομαῖος, α, ον, (νομός) roaming, roving, ranging.

νόμαιος, α, ον, (νόμος) customary, conventional: τὰ
νόμαια, like νόμια, customs, usages, Lat. instituta.

νομ-άρχης, ον, ὁ, (νομός, ἀρχω) the chief of an
Egyptian province (νομός): also among the Scythians.

νομιάς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (νόμος) roaming, ranging, wan-
dering from one place to another: Νομάδες, οί, pas-
toral tribes that roved about with their flocks, Nomads;
and as prop. n. Numidians, Lat. Numidae. II.
grazing, feeding.

νόμειμα, ατος, τό, (νομείω) that which is put to
graze, a flock or herd.

νομείς, εως Ep. ἦος, ὁ, (νέμω, νόμος) a shepherd or
herdsman. II. a dispenser, distributor. III.

plur. νομῆς = ἐγκοιλία, are the ribs of a ship.

νομεῖσι, dat. pl. of νομείς.

νομευσά, Dor. for νομεύσω, fut. of νομεύω.

νομεύω, (νομεῖν) to pasture, feed, drive afield; βοῦσι

νομοῦς νομεῖν to feed down the pastures with oxen,
Lat. depascere.

νομή, ἡ, (νέμω) a pasture, pasturage: fodder,
food. 2. a feeding, grazing. II. division, dis-
tribution; esp. of an inheritance.

νομήεις, Ep. for νομείς, nom. pl. of νομείς.

νομίζω: fut. νομήσω Ion. νομῶ Att. νομῶ.

pf. νενόμικα:—Pass., aor. I ἐνομίσθην: pf. νενό-
μισμαι: (νόμος):—to hold or own as a custom
or usage: said of things recognised by convention or
prescriptive right; νομίζειν τοὺς θεοὺς to recognise
the gods acknowledged by the state; but, νομίζειν
θεοὺς to recognise the existence of the gods gene-
rally:—Pass. to be in esteem; νομίζεται it is the cus-
tom, is customary, is usually recognised; τὰ νομιζόμενα
or νενομισμένα, customs, usages, laws, Lat. instituta.

2. to adopt, practise a custom or usage

Ἕλληνες ἀπ' Ἀλγυπτίας ταῦτα νενομίσκασιν the Greeks
have adopted these customs from the Egyptians.

3. to own, acknowledge, recognise as; τοὺς κακοὺς χρη-
στούς νομίζειν:—in Pass., τοῦ θεῶν νομίζεται; to
which of the gods is it held sacred? 4. absol. to
be accustomed. 5. Pass. to be governed after old
laws and customs. II. c. dat., like χρῆσθαι, to
be accustomed to a thing, practise it; hence to make
common use of, use; and in Att., to use as a current
coin. III. c. acc. et inf. to expect that a thing
will be.

νομικός, ἡ, ὄν, (νόμος) of or for the laws: resting
on the authority of law. II. learned in the law:
as Subst., νομικός, ὁ, a lawyer.

νόμιμος, ἡ, ον, (νόμος) conformable to usage or law:
hence I. conventional, prescriptive. 2. lawful,
legal. 3. in neut. pl. νόμια, usages, customs;
νόμια ποιεῖν, of funeral rites, to pay the customary
offices, Lat. justa facere. II. of persons, observant
of law. Hence

νομίμως, Adv. according to law: Comp. νομιμώ-
τερον.

νόμος, α, ον, (νομός) belonging
to shepherds, pastoral.

νόμισις, ἡ, (νομίζω) usage, prescription: also, a
mode of esteeming.

νόμισμα, ατος, τό, (νομίζω) anything recognised by
established usage, viz., 1. the current coin of a
state, Lat. nummus: cf. νομίζω, fin. 2. an estab-
lished weight or measure, legal measure. 3. any
institution or custom.

νομο-γράφος, ον, (νόμος, γράφω) writing laws: as
Subst., νομογράφος, ὁ, a lawgiver.

νομο-δελκτής, ον, ὁ, (νόμος, δέλκνυμι) an explainer-
of the laws.

νομο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (νόμος, διδάσκαλος) a teacher
of the law: so, νομο-διδάκτης, ον, ὁ.

νομοθεσία, ἡ, law-giving, legislation. From

νομοθετέω, f. ἴσω, (νομοθέτης) to be a law-giver,
make laws:—Pass. to have a code of laws:—Med. to
make laws for oneself. II. to ordain by law. Hence

νομοθέτημα, **ματος**, τό, *a law, ordinance.*
νομο-θέτης, **ου**, ὁ, (**νόμος**, **τίθημι**) *a lawgiver.*
νομόνδης, Adv. (**νομός**) *to the pasture.*
νομός, **ου**, ὁ, (**νέμω**) *a pasture, place for cattle to graze; νομός ὕλης a woodland pasture.* 2. *pasturage, herbage*: generally, *food.* 3. *metaph., ἐπέων πολλὸς νομός ample pasture, a wide range for words.* II. *an abode allotted to one, a district, department, province, satrapy, Lat. praefectura.*
νόμος, **ου**, ὁ, (**νέμω**) *anything assigned or apportioned, viz.,* I. *an usage, custom, convention*: a positive enactment, *law, ordinance, Lat. institutum; νόμῳ, conventionally, opp. to φύσει, naturally*:—at Athens **νόμοι** was the name given to Solon's laws, in contradistinction to those of *Draco*, which were called *θεσμοί*. 2. *χειρῶν νόμος the law of force or might, opp. to δίκης νόμος; ἐν χειρῶν νόμῳ διαφθείρεσθαι to die in the fight or scuffle; ἐς χειρῶν νόμον ἀπικέσθαι to come to blows.* II. *a musical strain*: a song, ode; *νόμοι πολεμικοὶ war-songs.*
νομο-φύλαξ, **ακος**, τό, (**νόμος**, **φύλαξ**) *a guardian of the laws.* [ῥ]
νοδ-πληκτος, **ου**, (**νόος**, **πλήσσω**) *striking the mind, mind-distracting.*
ΝΟΪΣ, **νόνου**, contr. **νοῦς**, **νοῦ**, ὁ; later also gen. **νόος**, dat. **νοῖ**, acc. **νόα**, nom. pl. **νόες**:—*mind, Lat. mens; νῶν or σὺν νῶν mindfully, prudently; πάρεκ νόον without sense; ἀνθρώπων νόος the mood or temper of men; ἐκ παντὸς νόου with all his heart; κατὰ νόον according to one's mind.* II. *a thought, purpose, resolve.* III. *the sense or meaning of a word or expression.*
νοσέρος, ἄ, ὄν, (**νόσος**) *sickly, ill.*
νοστέω, *f. ἦσω, (νόσος), to be sick, ill, sickly, to ail, whether in body or mind.* 2. *metaph. to be distressed, suffer, be afflicted.*
νοσηλεύς, ἦ, (**νοσηλεύω**) *matter discharged from a running sore.*
νοσηλεύω, (**νοσέω**) *to tend a sick person.*
νόσημα, **ατος**, τό, (**νοσέω**) *a sickness, disease, plague, malady.* 2. *metaph. a disease, disorder, affliction.*
νοσηματ-ώδης, **ες**, (**νόσημα**, **εἶδος**) *sickly.*
νοσηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (**νοσέω**) *unhealthy, unwholesome, of places.*
ΝΟΣΟΣ Ion. **νοῖσος**, ἦ, *sickness, disease*: a *malady, ailment.* II. *metaph. distress, affliction, evil.* 2. *disease of mind, esp. madness.* 3. generally, *a plague,bane, mischief.*
νοσο-φόρος Ion. **νουσ-**, **ον**, (**νόσος**, **φέρω**) *bringing sickness or disease.*
νοσοεύω, contr. for **νοσοσσεύω**, *to hatch.*
νοσσία, ἦ, and **νοσσιόν**, τό, Att. contr. for **νοσοσ-νοσσία**, **ιδος**, ἦ, Dim. of **νοσός**, Att. contr. for **νοσσία**, *a little bird*: also *a young girl.*
νοστοο-τροφέω, contr. for **νοσοστροφέω**.
νοστέω, *f. ἦσω, (νόστος) to return, come, or go back, to one's home or country.* 2. *to return safe after danger.* 3. generally, *to go, come, travel.*

νοστήσει, Acol. 3 sing. opt. aor. I. of **νοστέω**.
νοστησέμεν, Ep. inf. fut. of **νοστέω**.
νόστιμος, **ου**, (**νέστος**) *of or belonging to a return; νόστιμον ἡμῶν the day of return.* 2. *returning, that will or may return, surviving, safe, Lat. salvus.*
νόστος, **ου**, ὁ, (**νέομαι**) *a return home or homeward*: c. gen. loci, *return to a place.* 2. generally, *travel, journey; νόστος φορβῆς a journey to bring food home, i. e. in search, in quest of food.*
νόσφι, before a vowel or metri grat. **νόσφιν**: I. as Adv. of Place, *afar, aloof, apart*; hence *aside, secretly, furtively*: **νόσφιν ἀπὸ**, c. gen., like **νόσφι π**, *aloof from.* II. as Prep. c. gen. *far from, aloof or away from*, mostly of Place: hence *without, separate from.* 2. of mind or disposition, **νοσφιν Ἀχαιῶν apart from the Achaeans, i. e. differing from them. 3. *besides, except.*
νοσφίσις, **α**, **ον**, (**νίσφι**) *taken away, abstracted.*
νοσφίζω, *f. ἴσω* Att. **νοσφίω**, (**νόσφι**) *to put away, remove, part.* II. Med. and Pass. **νοσφίζομαι**, *f. -ίσομαι*: aor. I med **ἐνοσφισάμην** Ep. **νοσφισάμην**, Ep. part. **νοσφισάμενος**: aor. I pass. **ἐνοσφίσθη**:—*to remove oneself, withdraw, retire*: and in act. sense, *to leave, forsake, abandon.* 2. *metaph. of the mind, to become estranged or alienated.* III. act. *to abstract, steal*: c. dupl. acc., *to rob one of a thing*:—Med. *to appropriate.* 2. *to make away with, kill, despatch.*
νοσφιστής, aor. I part. pass. of **νοσφίζω**.
νοσφισσάμενος, Ep. aor. I part. med. of **νοσφίζω**.
νοσ-ώδης, **ες**, (**νόσος**, **εἶδος**) *sickly, ailing*: generally, *diseased.* II. act. *unwholesome, unhealthy.*
νοτερός, ἄ, ὄν, (**νότος**) *wet, damp, moist*; **νοτερός χειμῶν** a storm of rain.
νοτία, ἦ, *wet, damp, moisture, rain*; **νοτία ελαίνειν** spring rains.
νοτίω, *f. ἴσω, (νότιος) to moisten*:—Pass. *to be wet.*
νότιος, **α**, **ον**, also **ος**, **ον**, (**νότης**) *wet, damp, rainy*: **ἡπὸ δ' ἐν νοτίῳ τήν γ' ὕμωσαν** they moored her [the ship] far from land in the sea, opp. to the beach. II. *southern, southerly.*
νοτίς, **ιδος**, ἦ, (**νότης**) *moisture, damp, wet.*
ΝΟΤΟΣ, **ου**, ὁ, *the south or south-west wind, Lat. Notus.* II. *the south or south-west quarter.*
νοττεύω, **νοττίον**, etc., contr. for **νοττ-**.
νομ-βυστικός, ἦ, ὄν, (**νοῦς**, **βύω**) *choke-full of wit, crammed with cleverness, clever.* Adv. *-κῶς, cleverly.*
νουθεσία, ἦ, *a warning, admonishing*: reproof. From **νουθετέω**, *f. ἦσω, (νοῦς, τίθημι) to bring to mind*: to remind, warn, advise, admonish, chastise. Hence **νουθέτημα**, **ατος**, τό, *an admonition, warning.*
νουθετητός, **α**, **ον**, verb. Adj. of **νουθετέω**, *to be warned, advised.*
νουθετικός, ἦ, ὄν, (**νουθετέω**) *admonitory.*
νομ-μηνία, ἦ, Att. contr. for **νοεμνία**, *the new moon*: the time of the new moon, the first of the month.
νουνέχης, **ης**, (**νοῦς**, **ἔχω**) *having understanding, sensible, discreet.* Adv. *-χῶς, discreetly, prudently***

νοῦς, δ, contr. for νός, *mind*.
 νοῦσος, ἡ, Ion. for νόςος.
 νοσο-φόρος, ον, Ion. for νοσοφόρος.
 νύ, see νῦν, νύν.
 νύγδην, Adv. (νύσσω) *by pricking, Lat. punctim*.
 νύγεις, aor. 2 part. pass. of νύσσω.
 νυκτερίσιος, ον, = νυκτερήσιος, *nightly*.
 νυκτ-ερέτης, ου, δ, (νύξ, ἐρέσσω) *one who roams by night*.
 νυκτερευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, *fit for watching by night, fit for hunting by night*. From
 νυκτερεύω, f. σω, (νύκτερος) *to pass the night: to keep watch, mount guard by night, bivouac: also to hunt, fish, etc., by night*.
 νυκτερήσιος, ον, (νύκτερος) *nightly*.
 νυκτερίσιος, ἡ, ὄν, (νύξ) *nightly, by night, Lat. nocturnus*.
 νυκτερίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (νύξ, νύκτερος) *a night-bird, a bat, Lat. vespertilio*.
 νύκτερος, ον, (νύξ) *nightly*.
 νυκτε-ωπός, ὄν, (νύκτερος, ὥψ) *night-faced, dusky*.
 νυκτ-ηγόρεω or in Med. νυκτ-ηγωρόεμαι, (νύξ, ἀγορά) *to assemble by night*. Hence
 νυκτηγορία, ἡ, *a nightly assembly or discourse*.
 νυκτ-ηρεφής, ες, (νύξ, ἐρέφω) *shrouded by night, gloomy*.
 νυκτί-βρομος, ον, (νύξ, βρέμω) *roaring by night*.
 νυκτί-γάμος, ον, (νύξ, γαμέω) *marrying by night or clandestinely*.
 νυκτι-κλέπτης, ου, δ, = νυκτοκλέπτης.
 νυκτί-κόραξ, ἄκος, δ, (νύξ, κόραξ) *the night-jar, goat-eater: also the screech-owl*.
 νυκτί-λαθραίο-φάγος, ον, (νύξ, λαθραῖος, φάγειν) *eating secretly by night*.
 νυκτί-λάλος, ον, (νύξ, λαλέω) *nightly-sounding, serpenading*.
 νυκτί-λαμπής, ἐς, (νύξ, λάμπω) *illuminated by night alone, i. e. gloomy, murky*.
 νύκτιος, α, ον, (νύξ) *nightly*.
 νυκτί-πᾶται-πλάγιος, ον, (νύξ, πατέω, πλάγιος) *roaming about by night*. [δ]
 νυκτί-πλαγιστος, ον, (νύξ, πλάζω) *making to wander by night, disguising, disturbing: also 2. pass. νυκτίπλαγιστος εἶναι a bed from which one wanders by night, a restless bed*.
 νυκτι-πλάνης, ἐς, and νυκτί-πλάνος, ον, (νύξ, πλαναω) *wandering, rambling about by night*.
 νυκτί-πόλος, ον, (νύξ, πολέω) *roaming by night*.
 νυκτί-σεμνος, ον, (νύξ, σεμνός) *solemnised by night*.
 νυκτι-φανής, ἐς, (νύξ, φανῆναι) *shining or appearing by night*.
 νυκτί-φαντος, ον, (νύξ, φαίνομαι) *appearing by night: nightly*.
 νυκτι-φρουρήτος, ον, (νύξ, φρουρέω) *keeping night-watches*.
 νυκτι-θήρας, ου, δ, (νύξ, θηράω) *one who hunts by night*.
 νυκτο-λέπτης, ου, δ, (νύξ, κλέπτω) *a thief of the night*.
 νυκτο-μάχη, f. ἡσω, (νύξ, μάχη) *to fight by night*. Hence

νυκτομάχη, ἡ, *a night battle, a battle in the dark*.
 νυκτο-περιπλάνητος, ον, (νύξ, περιπλανάω) *rambling about at night*.
 νυκτοπορεύω, f. ἡσω, *to go or travel by night*. From
 νυκτο-πόρος, ον, (νύξ, πόρος) *travelling by night*.
 νυκτο-φάης, ἐς, (νύξ, φάος) *giving light by night, shining by night*.
 νυκτοφύλακός, f. ἡσω, *to keep guard by night, to be a night-watch*. From
 νυκτο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, ἡ, (νύξ, φύλαξ) *one that keeps watch by night, a warder, Lat. excubitor*.
 νυκτῶον, τό, (Νύξ) *a temple of Night*.
 νυκτ-ωπός, ὄν, (νύξ, ὥψ) *with the look of night, i. e. murky, obscure*.
 νύκτωρ, Adv. (νύξ) *by night, Lat. noctu*.
 νύμφᾱ, poet. for νύμφη, in voc. νύμφα φίλην.
 νύμφᾱ, Dor. for νύμφη.
 νυμφ-ἄγωγός, ὄν, (νύμφη, ἄγω) *the leader of the bride; esp. one who leads her from her home to the bridegroom's house: the friend of the bridegroom*.
 νυμφαῖον, τό, *a temple of the Nymphs, Lat. Nymphaeum*. From
 νυμφαῖος, α, ον, (νύμφη) *of or sacred to the Nymphs*.
 νυμφᾶν, Dor. gen. pl. of νύμφα.
 νυμφεῖος, α, ον, (νύμφη) *belonging to a bride, bridal, nuptial*. II. as Subst., νυμφεῖον (sub. δῶμα), τό, *the bridechamber*. 2. νυμφεῖα (sub. ἱερά), τά, *nuptial rites, marriage:—but, also, the bride herself*.
 νυμφεῖμα, τό, (νυμφεῖν) *marriage, espousal*. II. *the person married, a mate*.
 νυμφευτήριος, α, ον, (νυμφεῖν) *bridal, nuptial*.
 νυμφευτής, οὔ, δ, (νυμφεῖν) *the friend of the bridegroom, = παρὰνύμφος*. II. *a bridegroom, husband*.
 νυμφεύτρια, ἡ, (νυμφεύτης) *a bridesmaid*. II. *the bride herself*.
 νυμφεύω, f. σω, (νύμφη) *to give a daughter in marriage, to betroth, lead to the bridechamber*. 2. *to marry, mostly of the woman, Lat. nubere: but also of the man, Lat. ducere*. II. Pass., with fut. med. νυμφεύσομαι, aor. I both med. and pass. ἐνυμφεύσῃ, ἐνυμφεύσθην:—*to be given in marriage, marry, of the woman*. III. Med., of the man, *to take to wife*.
 ΝΥΜΦΗ, ἡ, voc. also νύμφᾱ: *a bride, Lat. nupta: hence, 2. a young wife*. 3. *any married woman, like Lat. nympha*. 4. *a marriageable maiden*. II. as prop. name, *a Nymph, a goddess of lower rank, called in Homer θεαὶ Νύμφαι: they presided over springs, trees, seas, mountains, etc., and were distinguished by special names: spring-nymphs were Naiads, Naïdes: sea-nymphs, Nηρηίδες: mountain-nymphs, Νύμφαι ὄρεστιάδες or ὄρεάδες: tree-nymphs, from the oak their favourite tree, Ἀρνιάδες, Ἀμαδρναδες, Ἀδρναδες: rain-nymphs, Νύμφαι ὕδαες: meadow-nymphs, Νύμφαι λειμωιάδες: rock-nymphs, Νύμφαι πετράιαι*. 2. *the Muses are often called Nymphs: hence all persons in a state of rapture were said to be caught by the Nymphs, νυμ-*

φύληπτοι, Lat. *lymphati*.

φυρά of moths.

νυμφίδιος, α, ον, (νύμφη) of or belonging to *bridal, nuptial*.

νυμφικός, ή, όν, = νυμφίδιος.

νυμφός, ό, (νύμφη) a *bridegroom, husband*.

as Adj., νύμφος, ιον, *newly-wedded: bridal*.

νυμφό-κλαυτος, ον, (νύμφη, κλαίω) *deplored by brides or wives*.

νυμφοκομέω, f. ήσω, to *dress oneself as a bride*.

From

νυμφο-κόμος, ον, (νύμφη, κομέω) *dressing or taking care of a bride: bridal*.

νυμφό-ληπτος, ον, (νύμφη, λαμβάνω) *possessed by Nymphs, i. e. rapt, entranced, Lat. lymphatus*.

νυμφο-στολέω, f. ήσω, (νύμφη, στέλλω) to *escort the bride*.

νυμφό-τιμος, ον, (νύμφη, τιμάω) *honouring the bride; μέλος νυμφότιμον the song in honour of the bride*.

νυμφών, ώνος, ό, (νύμφη) the *bridechamber*.

ΝΥΝ, enclit. νυν Ep. νυ, Adv. *now, at this very time, Lat. nunc; οί νυν άνθρωποι men of the present day; ό νυν χρόνος the time present*.

a. with the Article, τó νυν or τά νυν, τονύν or τανύν, as to the present, i. e. at the present moment, a stronger form of νύν.

II. νύν also denotes the immediate following of one thing upon another in point of Time, *then, thereupon*.

a. also an Inference, *then, therefore; μή νύν μοι νυμεσήσετε now do not, do not then, be wroth with me*.

3. in enclit. form νυν, used to strengthen a command, as, δευρό νυν quick *then!* φέρε νυν, άγε νυν come *then*.

νύνι Att. νύν, strengthd. like ούτοσί for ούτος, *now, at this moment*.

νύν ότε, = έστιν ότε, at *times, sometimes*.

ΝΥΞ, νυκτός, ή, NIGHT, Lat. NOX, whether the *night-season or a night; νυκτός by night, Lat. noctu; νύκτα during the night, the night long*:-so also with preps., άνά or διά νύκτα all *night long; διά νυκτός in the course of the night; εκ νυκτός just after night-fall; so also επό νύκτα; πάρος της νυκτός far into the night*.

II. *gloom, darkness, murkiness*.

a. the *night of death, i. e. death itself*.

3. the *neither world*.

III. Νύξ, as prop. n., the *goddess of Night, daughter of Chaos*.

IV. pl. *hours, the hours or watches of the night: from Homer downwards, the Greeks divided the night into three watches; μέσαι νύκτες midnight*.

V. the *quarter of night, the evening-quarter of heaven, i. e. the West, as opp. to the dayspring in the East*.

νύξ, Ep. for ένυξ, 3 sing. aor. I of νυσσω.

ΝΥΨ, ου, ή, a *daughter-in-law: generally, any female connected by marriage, as γαμβρός meant a man connected by marriage*.

II. generally, a *bride, mistress*.

νύσσα, η, ή, (νύσσω) a *post or pillar on a race-course, viz.,*

1. the *turning-post* so placed at the end of the course, that the chariots driving up the

right side turned round it and returned by the left side; the same as καμπτήρ, Lat. *meta*: as the near horse was turned sharp round this post, έν νύσση ιγ-χρμψθήναι meant to make a sharp turn, graze the turning-post.

2. the *starting-post, pillar*.

3. generally, a *partition-wall*.

ΝΥΨΣΩ Att. νύττω: f. νύξω: aor. I ένυξαι: Pass., aor. 2 ένύγην, Inf. νύγηναι:—to *prick, spur, pierce, puncture*.

νυστίζω, fut. άσω and άξω:—to *nod, esp. in sleep, hence to slumber, sleep: also to be sleepy, drowsy, Lat dormito: also to bang down the head*. Hence

νυστακτής, ου, ό, as Adj. *nodding, drowsy*.

νύττω, Att. for νύσσω.

νύχθ, Adv. (νύξ) = νύκταρ, by *night*. [V]

νύχ-εγρεσία, ή, (νύξ, έγείρω) the *being roused at night, rising by night*.

νύχευμα, ατος, τό, a *nightly watch, Lat. p̄rnigiliu*.

[V] From

νύχεω, f. σω, (νύξ) to *watch the night through*.

νυχθ-ήμερον, τό, (νύξ, ήμερα) a *day and night*.

νύχιος [V], α, ον, also ος, ον, (νύξ): I. act. *doing a thing by night: as if asleep*.

2. *dark as night, murky*.

νώ, for νῶϊ, nom. and acc. dual of έγώ, *we two*.

νώ-δός, ή, όν, (νῶ-, δδούς) *toothless, Lat. e-dentulus*.

νωδύνια, ή, *ease or relief from pain*. From

νώδδυνος, ον, (νῶ-, δδύνη) = άνώδδυνος, *without pain, pleasing, grateful*.

II. act. *soothing pain*.

νώε, pc̄t. for νῶϊ.

ΝΩΘΗΨ, ές, gen. έος, *sluggish, lazy, torpid: dull, stupid*. Comp. νωθέστερος.

νωθητι, Ion. contr. for νωθήγητι, aor. I pass. imperat. of νωέω.

νωθρός, ά, όν, = νωθής, *sluggish, lazy, dull*.

ΝΩΤ, nom. and acc. dual of έγώ, *we two, us two*, Att. νώ: pc̄t. νῶε: gen. and dat. dual νῶιν, of *us two, to us two*; Att. νῶν. Hence

νωτέρος, α, ον, of, from, or *belonging to us two*. [V]

νωλεμές, Adv. *unceasingly, continually, without intermission*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

νωλεμέως, Adv. = νωλεμές.

νωμα, τό, Ion. for νόημα

νωμάω, f. ήσω, (νέμα) to *deal out, distribute, dispense*.

II. to *direct, guide, control*:

1. of weapons, to *manage skilfully, wield, sway, ply*.

2. of the limbs, to *ply nimbly*.

3. metaph. to *revolve in the mind: to think on, observe, remark*.

νῶν, Att. for νῶιν; see νῶϊ.

νώνυμος, ον, Ep. collat. form of νώνυμος, like διδυμνος for διδυμος, άπλάμνος for άπάλαμος.

νώνυμος, ον, (νῶ-, όνυμα Aeol. for όνομα) *without name, i. e. unknown, inglorious*.

II. c. gen. *without the name of, i. e. without knowledge of*.

νώροψ, οπος, ό, ή, only in dat. and acc., *νώροπι χαλκήψ, νόροπα χαλκήν flashing, gleaming brass*.

νυσάμενος, νύσασθαι, Ion. aor. I med. part. and inf. of νωέω.

νωτ-ἀγωγέω, f. ἦσω, (νῶτον, ἀγωγός) to carry on the back.

νων-ἄκμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (νῶτον, ἄκμων) with mailed back.

νωτίαῖος, α, ον, (νῶτον) of or belonging to the back; νωτιαία ἄρθρα the joints of the back, the vertebrae.

νωτίζω, f. ἴσω, (νῶτον) to make to turn the back, put to flight.

II. intr. to turn one's back, turn and flee.

III. to cover the back of another:—πύντον ναῖσαι to skim the sea.

νωτο-βάτew, f. ἦσω, (νῶτον, βαλνω) to mount the back.

II. to walk on the back or ridge of.

ΝΩΤON, τό, τά, the back, Lat. *tergum*; the pl. νῶτα often used for the sing., like Lat. *terga*, e. g. ῥά νῶτα δοῦναι to turn the back, flee, like Lat. *dare terga*; κατὰ νῶτον from behind.

II. metaph. any wide surface; εὐρέα νῶτα θαλάσσης the broad back or surface of the sea: also large tracts of land, plains.

2. any back or ridge.

νωτο-φόρος, ον, (νῶτον, φέρω) carrying on the back.

νωχελής, ές, moving sluggishly, slothful, inactive. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

νωχελία Ep. -της, ἡ, laziness, sluggishness.

Ξ

Ξ, ξ, ξι, τό, indecl., fourteenth letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral ξ', 60, but ξ, 60,000.—It was a double consonant, compounded of γσ, κσ, χσ. In Att. Greek, ξ came in with the Samian alphabet (see II, η); before this it was represented by χσ.

II. ξ in Aeol. and Att. is interchanged with κ and σ, as, κοινός ξυνός; and Dor. fut. and aor. κλαξῶ for κλήσω, παῖξαι for παῖσαι, etc.

III. ξ also is often interchanged with σσ or ττ, not only in the fut. of Verbs in -σσω and -ττω, e. g. ἀνάσσει, ἀνάξω, but also in words like δισσοῦς τρισσοῦς Ion. διξός τριξός.—ξ was most. freq. in Dor. and old Att. dialect.

[Vowels before ξ are always long by position.]

ΞΑΙΝΩ, f. ξάνω: aor. I ξήνα:—Pass., aor. I ξή-ανθην: pf. ξέφαμαι:—to scratch, comb: esp. of wool, to card, so as to make it fit for spinning.

2. of cloth, to full, clean.

II. metaph. to treat as in fulling, to tress, mangle, lacerate.

Ξανθός, Dor. for ξανθός, fem. gen. of ξανθός.

Ξανθίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω, (ξανθός) to make yellow or brown: to roast or fry brown.

Ξάνθισμα, ατος, τό, (ξανθίζω) that which is dyed yellow.

Ξανθό-γεως, ον, (ξανθός, γῆ) of yellow soil.

Ξανθό-θριξ, τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (ξανθός, θρίξ) yellow-haired.

Ξανθό-κόμης, ον, ὁ, (ξανθός, κόμη) = ξανθόθριξ.

Ξανθός, ἡ, ὦν, yellow of various shades, golden or pale yellow; also red-yellow, chestnut, auburn, Lat. *flavus*; ξανθαί τρίχες golden hair; ξανθός ἔπρους

chestnut mares.

II. Ξάνθος paroxyt., as prop. n., 1. a stream of the Troad, so called by gods, by men Scamander. 2. a horse of Achilles.

Ξανθο-φύης, ές, (ξανθός, φύη) yellow by nature.

Ξανθο-χίτων, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (ξανθός, χιτών) with yellow coat.

Ξανθό-χροος, ον, (ξανθός, χρώς) with yellow skin.

Ξάντης, ον, ὁ, fem. Ξάντριά, (ξαίνω) a wool-carder.

Ξειν-ἁπάτης, ον, ὁ, Ion. for ξεναπάτης.

Ξείνη, ἡ, Ion. for ξένη.

Ξεινη-δόκος, ον, poet. for ξεινοδ-.

Ξεινήιον, τό, (ξείνος) Ion. for ξενεῖον, a host's gift, presented on parting, mostly in pl.: also provision made for a guest, and generally, friendly gifts.

Ξενίζω, Ion. for ξενίζω.

Ξείνη, ξενικός, Ion. for ξεν-.

Ξείλιον, τό, ξείλιος, η, ον, Ion. for ξεν-.

Ξενίσαι, Ep. for ξενίσαι, aor. I inf. of ξενίζω.

Ξενίσσεν, Ep. for ξένισεν, 3 sing. aor. I of ξενίζω.

Ξεινο-δοκέω, ξεινο-δόκος, ον, Ion. for ξεινοδ-.

Ξεινο-κτονέω, Ion. for ξενοκτονέω.

Ξείνος, η, ον, Ion. for ξένος. Hence

Ξεινοσύνη, ἡ, Ion. for ξενοσύνη.

Ξεινός, Ion. for ξένος.

Ξεν-ἀγέτης, ον, ὁ, (ξένος, ἀγέτης) one who takes charge of guests.

Ξενάγew, f. ἦσω, (ξεναγός) to be a guide of strangers:—Pass. to be conducted to see sights.

II. to levy or lead mercenary troops.

Ξεν-αγός, ὢν, (ξένος, ἡγέομαι) conducting strangers or guests.

II. as Subst., ξεναγός, ὁ, the leader of a body of mercenaries.

Ξεν-ἁπάτης ον, ὁ, poet. ξειν-, (ξένος, ἀπατάω) one who deceives guests or strangers. [ἀ]

Ξεν-αρκής, ές, (ξένος, ἀρκέω) aiding strangers.

Ξένη, ἡ, fem. οἱ ξένος: 1. (sub. γυνή), a female guest: a foreign woman.

II. (sub. χώρα or γῆ), a foreign country.

Ξενήλασία, ἡ, at Sparta, a measure for keeping foreigners out of the country. From

Ξεν-ηλατέω, (ξένος, ἐλαύνω) to banish foreigners.

Ξένια Ep. ξενίη Ion. ξενίη, ἡ, (ξένος) the state or privileges of a guest, hospitality: hospitable reception, entertainment.

2. a friendly relation between two princes or states.

II. the state or rights of a foreigner, as opp. to a citizen: ξενίας φεύγειν (sc. γραφήν) to be indicted as an alien for usurping civic rights.

Ξενίζω Ion. ξενίζω: fut. ξενίσω Ep. ξενίσσω: aor. I ξένισα Ep. ξέρινισσα or ξείνισσα: (ξένος):—to receive a guest or stranger, to entertain hospitably, Lat. *hospitio excipere*:—Pass. to be entertained as a guest.

II. to be or speak like a foreigner.

Ξενικός, ἡ, ὢν, also ὅς, ὢν, Ion. ξενικός: (ξένος):—of or for a stranger, foreign.

2. of soldiers, mercenary, hired for foreign service; τὸ ξενικόν, = οἱ ξένοι, a body or army of mercenaries.

II. strange, foreign, outlandish.

ξένος, α, ον, Att. also ος, ον, Ion. ξένος (ξένος, ξένος):—belonging to a guest, hospitable, belonging to hospitality; ξένος τινι bound to one by ties of hospitality.

II. ξένια (sub. δῶρα), τά, a guest's gifts: friendly gifts.

ξένιστος, ἡ, (ξενίζω) the entertainment of a guest.

ξενισμός, οὐ, δ, —ξένιστος.

ξενιτεύω, (ξένος), or ξενιτεύομαι as Dep., to be a foreigner: to be a mercenary in foreign service.

ξένο-δαικτης, οὐ, δ, (ξένος, δαίω) a murderer of a guest.

ξένο-δαίτης, ον, δ, (ξένος, δαίω) a devourer of guests or strangers.

ξένο-δοκεῖν and —χεῖον, τό, a place for strangers to lodge in, an inn: from

ξενοδοκέω Ion. ξενοδοκέω, (ξενοδόχος) to entertain, lodge guests or strangers. Hence

ξενοδοχία, ἡ, the entertainment of a guest or stranger.

ξένο-δόχος, ον, Ion. ξένο-δόκος, (ξένος, δέχομαι) entertaining guests or strangers: as Subst., ξένο-δόκος, δ, the host, opp. to ξένος, the guest.

ξένο-δότης, ου, δ, (ξένος, δίδωμι) the lost.

ξένους, ἐσσα, εν, (ξένος) full of strangers.

ξενεκτονέω Ion. ξενεκτ-, f. ἴσω, to slay guests or strangers. From

ξένο-κτόνος, ον, (ξένος, κτείνω) slaying guests or strangers.

ΞΕΝΟΣ Ion. ξένος, δ, a guest or host, Lat. hospes: either as

I. the friend, with whom one has a treaty of hospitality: in this sense both parties are ξένοι, and the relation was hereditary.

II. in Homer mostly the guest, as opp. to the host. 2. any stranger, as being entitled to the rights of hospitality.

3. later, ὁ ξένη, O stranger, was a common term of address. 4. from meaning a stranger ξένος came to signify a hireling, who entered into foreign service, a mercenary soldier, e. g. of the Greeks in Persian pay.

5. simply for βάρβαρος a foreigner.

As Adj. ξένος, η, ον, Att. ος, ον, Ion. ξένος, η, ον, foreign, strange.

2. c. gen. rei, strange to a thing, unacquainted with, ignorant of it.

ξένο-σάσις, ἡ, (ξένος, ἵσσημι) a lodging for guests or strangers.

ξενοσύνη Ion. ξέν-, ἡ, (ξένος, ξένος) hospitality, the ties or rights of hospitality.

ξέν-τιμος, ον, (ξένος, τιμῶ) honouring guests or strangers.

ξενотроφёω, f. ἴσω, to entertain or maintain guests: esp. to maintain mercenary troops. From

ξένο-τρόφος, ον, (ξένος, τρέφω) entertaining guests: esp. maintaining mercenaries.

ξενοφονέω, f. ἴσω, to murder guests or strangers. From

ξένο-φόνος, ον, (ξένος, φένω) murdering strangers.

ξένω Ion. ξένω, f. ὥσω, (ξένος) to make or treat as one's guest: to entertain

II. Pass., with fut. med. ξενώσομαι: aor. I ξενώθην: to enter into a

treaty of hospitality with one. 2. to be lodged as a guest, to be entertained. 3. to be in foreign parts, to be abroad: to go into banishment.

ξενών, ὄνος, δ, (ξένος) a guest-chamber.

ξένος, Adv. of ξένος, strangely: ξένος ἔχειν to be strange.

ξένωσις, ἡ, (ξενώ) estrangement: innovation.

ΞΕΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, Ion. for ξηρός, dry: πρὶ ξερὸν to dry land.

ξέσμα, ατος, τό, (ξέω) that which is smoothed, polished: hence —ξέσμον, a statue or image.

ξεσμάω, (ξέω) to rub off, wipe out.

ξέσσει, Ep. for ξέσει, 3 sing. aor. I of ξέω.

ξέσσης, ου, δ, a liquid and dry measure, corrupted from the Lat. sextarius, nearly — a pint English.

ξεστρός, ἡ, ὄν, (ξέω) scraped, planed, smoothed, polished.

ΞΕΩ: f. ξέσω Ep. ξέσω: aor. I ξέσα Ep. ξέσσα: —to scrape, to polish by scraping or planing.

II. to carve or work in wood or stone.

ξήνας, part. aor. I of ξάλω.

ξηραίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ξηράνω:—Pass., aor. I ξηράνθην: pf. ξηράσμαι or ξηράμμαι: (ξηρός):—to parch up, dry up:—Pass. to become or be dry, parched.

2. to empty, drain, dry, Lat. siccare.

ξηρ-ἄλοιφέω, f. ἴσω, (ξηρός, ἀλείφω) to rub with dry unguents, to use oil unmixed with water: a term used by wrestlers.

ξηρ-ἄμπέλινος, η, ον, (ξηρός, ἄμπελος) of the colour of withered vine-leaves, a sort of scarlet, hence Lat. vestes xerampelinae.

ξηρανθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ξηραίνω.

ΞΗΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, dry, parched, of the channel of a river, also of the air: of persons, withered, bag-

gard. II. like Lat. siccus, fasting, sober, austere, harsh.

III. generally, drained, exhausted. IV. as Subst., ξηρά (sub. γῆ), ἡ, dry land, opp. to ὑγρά; so also τὸ ξηρόν.

ξηρότης, ητος, ἡ, (ξηρός) dryness or soundness of timber.

ξηρο-φάγέω, f. ἴσω, (ξηρός, φαγείν) to eat dry food.

ξίφ-ήρης, es, (ξίφος, ἀράειν) armed with a sword, sword in hand.

ξίφη-φόρος, ος, (ξίφος, φέω) bearing a sword: sword in hand.

ξίφιδιον, τό, Dim. of ξίφος, a small sword, a dagger, dirk. [Y]

ξίφο-ἄηλητος, ον, (ξίφος, δηλέομαι) slain by the sword: of wounds, inflicted by the sword.

ξίφο-κτόνος, ον, (ξίφος, κτείνω) slaying with the sword. II. προπαροχ. ξιφοκτονος, ον, pass, slain by the sword.

ξίφο-μάχαιρα, ἡ, (ξίφος, μάχαιρα) a sword slightly curved, between a straight sword and sabre: cf. sq. [α]

ΞΙΦΟΣ Dor. σκίφος, εος, τό, a sword: in Homer described as large and sharp, and two-edged: later, ξίφος was distinguished as the straight sword, from the sabre, μάχαιρα. [Y]

ξιφουλκός, ὄν, (ξίφος, ἔλκω) *drawing a sword*.
 ξιφουργός, ὄν, (ξίφος, ἔργον) *making swords*.
 ξόανον, τό, (ξέω) *an image carved of wood: the statue of a god*.

ξόανο-ποιός, ἡ, (ξόανον, ποιέω) *a carving of images*.

ξοίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ξέω) *a sculptor's chisel*.

ξουθό-πτερος, ὄν, (ξουθός, πτερόν) *having dusky wings*.

ΞΟΥΘΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, akin to ξανθός, *a colour between fawnish and purrish, yellowish, tawny, dusky, mostly of colour; but also of sound, sbrill, thrilling; τέττιξ ξουθα λάλων* the cicada with its sbrill note.

ΞΥΓΓ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συγγ-.

ξύγκλησις, εως, ἡ, old Att. for σύγκλησις.

ξύγκληω, f. ἦσω, old Att. for συγκλείω.

ξύλη, ἡ, (ξύω) = κνήστις, *a tool for scraping or filing wood, a plane or rasp*. II. *a curved dagger*, used by the Spartans.

ξύληγέω, f. ἦσω, *to carry wood as timber*. From

ξύλ-ηγός, ὄν, (ξύλον, ἄγω) *carrying wood*.

ξύλιζομαι, Dep. (ξύλον) *to carry or gather wood*, Lat. *lignari*.

ξύλινος, ὃν, (ξύλον) *of wood, wooden*. [ῥ]

ξύλλ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συλλ-.

ξύλο-κόπος, ὄν, (ξύλον, κόπτω) *beaving, felling wood*. 2. as Subst., ξυλοκόπος, ὁ, *a wood-cutter*.

ξύλον, τό, (ξύω) *wood ready for use, firewood, timber*, etc.: in pl., ξύλα *námá* *ship-timber*. II. *a stick or piece of wood: a stick, cudgel*. 2. *a collar of wood*, put on the neck of the prisoner to confine him,

δησαί τινα ἐν ξύλῳ: the πεντεσύντριγγον ξύλον consisted of a wooden collar with stocks to confine the arms and legs. 3. *a bench, table, esp. a money-changer's table*. 4. *πρῶτον ξύλον*, *the front bench of the Athenian theatre, and so nearest the actors*.

III. later, *a tree*; cp. εἶπον.

ξύλο-τόμος, ὄν, (ξύλον, τεμεῖν) *cutting wood: as Subst., ξυλοτόμος, ὁ, a wood-cutter*.

ξύλουργέω, f. ἦσω, (ξύλουργός) *to work wood*. Hence

ξύλ-ουργία, ἡ, *the working of wood*.

ξύλο-ουργός, ὄν, (ξύλον, ἔργον) *working in wood: as Subst., ξυλουργός, ὁ, a joiner, carver of images*.

ξύλοχίζομαι Dor. ξυλοχισδομαι, Dep. *to gather wood*. From

ξύλ-οχος, ἡ, (ξύλον, ἔχω) *a thickset, corpse: hence the lair of a wild beast*.

ξύλδω, f. ὥσω, (ξύλον) *to make of wood*. Hence

ξύλωσις, ἡ, *the wood-work, framework of a house*.

ξύμβαίη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ξυμβαίνειν.

ξύμβλημεναι, Ep aor. 2 pass. inf. cf. συμβάλλω;

ξύμβλητο, ξύμβληντο, 3 sing. and pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. ind.

ξύμμ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συμμ-.

ΕΥΤΩΝ, used in old Att. for the later and more common *εὐν*; *εὐν* seldom occurs in Homer. For all compds. of *εὐν*-, v. sub συν-.

ἐυναίγερατο, Ep. for συνηγήερατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of συναίγερα.

ἐυνάν, ἄνος, ὁ, = ἐυνάων, ἐυνήων, q. v.

ἐυνάων, ὄνος, ὁ, Dor. for ἐυνήων. [ᾱ]

ἐυνάεξα, aor. I of συνάγωμι.

ἐύν-εἰκοσι, Ep. for ἐυνείκοσι, συνεικοσι, (ἐύν, εἰ-κασι) *twenty at a time, twenty together*.

ἐυνήκα, Ep. for ἐυνήκα, aor. I of ἐυνήμι.

ἐυνέκληρον, old Att. impf. of συγκλείω.

ἐυνελάσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐυνελαύνω.

ἐύνες, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐυνήμι.

ἐυνέων, ἄνος, ὁ, Ion. for ἐυνήων.

ἐυνῆ, Adv., = κοινῇ, *in common*, properly dat. fem. of ἐυνός.

ἐυνήιος, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. for ἐύνειος, (ἐυνός) *public, common: as Subst., ἐυνήια, τά, public property*.

ἐυνήκα, aor. I of ἐυνήμι.

ἐυνήων, ὄνος, ὁ, Dor. ἐυνάων [ᾱ], Ion. ἐυνέων Dor.

ἐυνάν: (ἐυνός): *a joint owner, part proprietor, partner: ὅλς ἐυνάων*, *the salt on the common table*.

ἐύνε, pres. imperat. of ἐυνήμι, as if from *ἐυνίω.

ἐύνιε, pres. imperat. of ἐυνήμι, as if from *ἐυνίω. [Υ]

ἐύντον, Ep. for ἐυνέισαν, 3 pl. impf. of ἐυνήμι. [Υ]

ἐύνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐύν) = κοινός, from which it only dif-

fers in dialect, *common, public, general, belonging to all in common; ἐυνά λέγειν* *to speak for the common good: dat. fem. ἐυνῇ* *as Adv. = κοινῇ, in common: so too neut. pl. ἐυνά*. Hence

ἐύνο-φρων, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐυνός, φρήν) *like-minded*.

ἐύνο-χάρης, ἐς, (ἐυνός, χαρῆναι) *rejoicing with all alike*.

ἐύνωνία, ἡ, = κοινωνία, *partnership, fellowship*.

ἐύνον, Ep. for ἐξύνον, impf. of ἐύνω.

ἐύνάω or -έω: f. ἦσω: (ἐυρόν) = *to shave*; proverb., *ἐυρεῖν ἐν χρῶ* *to shave to the quick*.—Med., with pf. pass. ἐξήρηναι: *to shave oneself or get oneself shaved: also c. acc., ἐυρεῖσθαι κεφαλῇν* *to shave one's head or get it shaved*.

ἐυρ-ήκης, ἐς, (ἐυρόν, ἀκή) *keen as a razor, with a razor's edge*. II. *close-shaver*.

ἐυρο-δόκη and ἐυρο-δόχη, ἡ, (ἐυρόν, δέχομαι) *a razor-case*.

ἐυρόν, τό, (ξύω) *a razor: proverb. of critical situations, ἐπὶ ἐυροῦ ἵσταται ἀκμῆς*... *ἄλεθρος ἢ ἐβίωναι* *death or life stands on a razor's edge; so, ἐπὶ ἐυροῦ τῆς ἀκμῆς ἔχεται ἡμῖν τὰ πράγματα* *our affairs rest on a razor's edge*.

ἐυρο-φορέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐυρόν, φέρω) *to carry a razor*.

ἐυρρ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συρρ-.

ἐυρώω, = ἐυράω: aor. I med. ἐυράμην.

ἐύσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐύνω.

ἐυσθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἐύνω.

ἐύσμα, ματος, τό, and ἐυσμή, ἡ, (ξύω) *that which is scraped or planed off, filings, shavings*.

εὐστῆρ, ἥκος, ὁ, (ξύω) *a graving tool, sculp-
 t. m.*

εὐστῆς, ἴδος, Att. εὐστῆς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ξύω) *a rods with
 a sweeping train*.

εὐστο-βόλος, *ον*, (εὐστόν, βαλεῖν) *spear-darting, hurling the javelin*.

εὐστόν, τό, (εὖ) *the polished shaft of a spear*, in Homer once mentioned as twenty-two cubits long. 2. like δόρυ, *a spear, dart, javelin*; generally, *a pole, shaft*. (Properly neut. of the Adj. εὐστός.)

εὐστός, ὁ, (εὖ) *a covered colonnade in gymnasia or schools of exercise, where athletes exercised in winter, serving also for a walking-place, so called from its smooth and polished floor*. II. in Roman villas, *a terrace with a colonnade*, also *xystum*. (Properly masc. of the Adj. εὐστός, sub. δρόμος.)

εὐστός, ὄν, (εὖ) *scraped, polished*, Lat. *rasus*. εὐστο-φόρος, *ον*, (εὐστόν, φέρω) *carrying a spear*. εὐστρα, ἡ, = εὐστρίς.

εὐστρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (εὖ) *a tool for scraping or rubbing off, the scraper or strigil used after bathing*. ET' O: impf. ἐξῦν *Ἐρ. εὖν*: f. εὖσαι: aor. I ἐξύσα: —Pass., aor. I ἐξύσθη: pf. ἐξυσμαι:—to *scrape, plane, smooth or polish*. 2. generally, to *make smooth or fine, to work finely or delicately*. 3. εὖσαι ἀπὸ γῆρας ὀλοῖον *to rub away, get rid of sad old age*.

O

O, ο, ὁ μικρόν, *little*, i. e. *short ο*, (in opp. to ὁ μέγα *great*, i. e. *long and double ο*, ω being for oo): fifteenth letter in the Greek alphabet: as numeral ο', 70, but ο, 70,000.

O came very near to diphth. ου, as appears from their frequent interchange; as in Aeol. βόλομαι for βούλομαι, and Ion. μόνος νοῦσος for μόνος νύσος.

Aeol., ο is often changed into ὅ, as ὅνυμα μύγης for ὄνομα μύγης. II. Dor. often for οἱ, as ἀγνοίειν πτοίειν πνοιά for ἀγνοεῖν πτοεῖν πνοά.

III. like α, ο is often rejected or prefixed, as κέλλω ὀκέλλω, δύρομαι ὀδύρομαι. IV. in compds., esp. Adjectives, ο, if it comes before the second member, is changed by Poets metri grat. into a long vowel, usu. η. as θεογενής θεοδόκος ἐξοφόρος, into θεηγενής (Dor. θεάγενής) θεηδόκος ἐξηφόρος.

'O, 'H, 'TO', is, A. demonstr. Pronoun; B. the definite Article; C. accentuated in masc. and fem. sing. and plur. ὁ, ἡ, τό, relative Pronoun for ὅς, ἥ, ὅ. Gen. τοῦ, τῆς, τοῦ: dat. τῷ, τῇ, τῷ: acc. τόν, τήν, τό:—dual nom. and acc. τῶ, τῶ: gen. and dat. τοῦν, ταῖν, τοῖν:—plur. nom. οἱ, αἱ, τῶ: gen. τῶν. dat. τοῖς, ταῖς, τοῖς: acc. τοὺς, τὰς, τὰ. Homer has also gen. sing. τοῖο for τοῦ, nom. pl. τοί, ταί, gen. pl. fem. τῶν [ᾱ], dat. pl. τοῖσι, τῇς and τῇσι, as demonstr. Pronouns.

A. ὁ, ἡ, τό, DEMONSTR. PRONOUN, for ὅδε, ἥδε, τόδε, in Homer the usual sense. Homer uses the Pronoun chiefly in two ways: I. joined with a Subst. not as the Article, but like Lat. *ille*, ὁ Τυδείδης *the*

famous son of Tydeus; Νέστωρ ὁ γέρον Nestor, *that* aged man.

II. without a Subst., *he, she, it, as, ὁ γὰρ ἦλθε for he came*.

III. peculiar uses as Pronoun: I. before relat. Pronouns ὅς, ὅσος, οἷος, it serves to recall the attention to the foregoing noun, as, ἐφαμην σε περὶ φρένας ἔμμεναι ἄλλων, τῶν, ὅσοι Ἀνείρην ναυετάρουσιν I thought that thou wert in sense far above the rest, *namely those who*, etc. 2. ὁ μὲν.., ὁ δέ.., from Homer downwards a very common phrase, *sometimes* in opposition (where ὁ μὲν refers to *the former*, ὁ δέ to *the latter*), sometimes expressing different parts of a thing, *the one*, *the other*.., Lat. *hic*.., *illuc*..: in neut. τὸ μὲν.., τὸ δέ.., in adverbial sense, *partly*.., *partly*..: also τὰ μὲν.., τὰ δέ.—'Ο δέ.. often occurs without ὁ μὲν.. before. On the other hand οἱ μὲν.. is often answered by some similar word, as ἀλλά, or by ἕτερος δέ.., ἐνιοὶ δέ.., etc.

B. ὁ, ἡ, τό, THE DEFINITE ARTICLE, *the*, the indefn. Pron. being τίς, τι. The use of ὁ, ἡ, τό, as the Article, is later than its use as the Pronoun, and sprang from it, as τὸν ἀριστον, *him that* was bravest, came to mean simply *the* bravest; φίλους ποιεῖσθαι to make friends, but τοὺς φίλους ποιεῖσθαι to make *the* friends *one does make*.

Peculiar usages of the Article. I. it may stand with prop. names, as ὁ Σακράτης; but not when some attribute with the Article follows, as Σακράτης ὁ φιλόσοφος. 2. before the Infinitive, used as a neut. Subst., in all cases, as τὸ εἶναι *the being*, τοῦ εἶναι, etc. 3. before Adverbs, which thus take an Adject. sense, as τὸ νῦν *the present*; οἱ τότε *the men of that time*. The Subst. is often omitted, as, οἱ τότε (sc. ἄνθρωποι), ἡ αὔριον (sc. ἡμέρα) *the* morrow. 4. before any word or phrase cited, the Art. is used in neut. gen., as, τὸ ἄνθρωπος *the word* or *poison* man; τὸ λέγω *the word* λέγω, etc.; so before a whole sentence, as, τὸ μὴδὲνα εἶναι τῶν ζῶντων ἄλβιον *the fact or statement* that no living man is happy. 5. absol. with Adverbs of time and place, where the Adv. retains its adverbial force, and the Art. only serves to strengthen it, as τὰ νῦν *now*, τὸ πρὶν *formerly*. 6. before the interrog. Pron., τίς or ποῖος, mostly in neut. sing., τὸ τί; τὸ ποῖον; to make the question more precise.

II. in elliptic expressions: I. before gen. of a prop. name, ὁ Διὸς *the son of* Jupiter, ἡ Λητοῦς *the daughter of* Latona, where υἱός or θυγάτηρ is to be supplied; but this form also includes other persons, which must be supplied from the context, as *brother, wife*, etc. 2. before a neut. gen. it indicates any relation to a thing, and often alters the meaning but little, as τὸ τῆς πόλεως *that which belongs to* the state, nearly the same as ἡ πόλις; so, τὰ τῶν Ἑλλήνων, *that of* the Persians *the affairs or power of* the Greeks, Persians, etc.; τὰ τῶν Ἀθηναίων φρονεῖν to hold *the sentiments* of the Athenians, i. e. be on their side: so, with neut. of possess. Pron., τὸ ἐμόν, τὸ σόν

what regards me or thee, my or thy part, often put for ἐγώ, σύ, etc.

ABSOL. USAGE OF SINGLE CASES: I. τῆ of Place, *there, that way, here, this way*, Lat. *hac*. 2. with a notion of motion towards *thither*. 3. of Manner, *τῇ in this way, thus* 4. repeated *τῇ μὲν . . . τῇ δέ . . .* of Place, *here . . . ; there . . .* also on the one part . . . , on the other . . . 5. relative, *where, for* τῇ, only Ep II. τῷ, dat. neut., *therefore, on this account*. 2. *thus, so, in this wise*, only Ep. III. τό, acc. neut. (like Att. δ neut. from ἐς), *wherefore*. IV. τοῦ, gen. neut. *wherefore* V. with Prepositions, of Time, *ἐκ τοῦ ever since*, τῷ *whilst*.

C. ἡ, ἣ, τό, accentuated through all cases, RELATIVE PRONOUN, for δέ, ἡ, δ: very freq. in Homer, also Ion.

D. the enclitic gen. and dat. *του, τῶ*, are used for *τινός, τινί*, from the INDEFINITE PRONOUN *τις τί*. So Ion. *τεο*, contr. *τεν*: dat. *τεῶν*: gen. and dat. pl. *τεων, τεοιά, τεοισιά*:—but *τοῦ*; Ion. *τέο*; *τεῦ*; for *τινός*; interrog., *wherefore?* dat. *τέῳ* for *τινί*; pl. gen. *τέων*; dat. *τέοις, τέοισι*.

δ, Ion. and Dor. relat. Pron. for δέ; v. ε, ἡ, τό α. δ, neut. of relat. Pron. δέ.

δα, woe! Lat. *vae!* [dā]

“ΟΑΡ, δάρος, ἡ, a consort, mate, wife: gen. pl. δάρων: contr. nom. ᾠρ, with dat. pl. ᾠρῶσι. Hence διᾠρίζω contr. ᾠρίζω, f. σω, to converse familiarly, *bol-i converse with*. Hence διᾠρισμός, οὐ, δ, familiar converse, fond discourse. διᾠριστής, οὐ, δ, (δαρίζω) a companion, mate, bosom-friend.

διᾠριστός, νόσ, ἡ, Ion. for δάρισμα, (δαρίζω) familiar converse, fond discourse. 2. generally, intercourse. 3. a band or company.

“ΟΑΨΟΣ, δ, = δαρισμός, familiar converse, fond discourse, and generally, converse, discourse, words, mostly in plur.; but also in sing. *talk, discourse*.

“Οἶσις, ἡ, Oāsis, a name of the fertile spots in the Libyan desert.

ὀβελίσκος, δ, Dim. of ὀβελός, a small spit: any pointed instrument, the leg of a compass II. a pointed pillar, obelisk.

ὀβελός Acol. and Dor. ὀδελός, οὐ, δ, a spit: any pointed instrument. II. a pointed pillar, obelisk. (ὀβελός, = βέλος with ο prefixed.)

ὀβολός, οὐ, δ, collat. form of ὀβελός, an obol, a coin worth 8 χαλκοί, 1/8th of a δραχμή, rather more than three halfpence. II. also as a weight, the sixth part of a drachma.

ὀβολοστατίω, f. ἥσω, to practise petty usury. From ὀβολο-στατής, ου, δ, (ὀβολός, ἰστημι) a weigher of obols: a petty usurer, pawnbroker. [ἀ]

“ΟΒΡΙΑ, τά, the young of animals.

ὀβρίκαλα, τά, = ὀβρια. [Υ]

ὀβρίμο-εργός, ὧν, (ὀβριμος. ἰσθονί) doing deeds of violence or wrongs

ὀβρίμό-θυμος, ον, (ὀβριμος, θυμός) strong-minded.

ὀβρίμο-πάτηρ, ἡ, (ὀβριμος, πατήρ) daughter of a mighty father, epith. of Minerv

“ΟΒΡΙΜΟΣ, ον, also η, ον, strong, mighty

ὀδός, ἄδος, ἡ, (ὀκτώ) the number eight.

ὀγδόατος, η, ον, poet. for ὀγδοος (like τρίτατος for τρίτος), the eighth:—ἡ ὀγδοάτη (sub. ἡμέρα), the eighth day.

ὀγδοήκοντα, οί, αἱ, τά, indecl. (ὀκτώ) eighty.

ὀγδοήκοντᾶ-ετής, ἐς, or ὀγδοήκοντ-ούτης, ἐς, (ὀγδοήκοντα, ἔτος) eighty years old.

ὀγδοήκοστος, ἡ, ὧν, (ὀγδοήκοντα) the eigbtietb.

ὀγδοος, η, ον, (ὀκτώ) the eighth, Lat. octavus.

ὀγδῶκοντα, οί, αἱ, τά, indecl., contr. for ὀγδοήκοντα, eighty, Lat. octoginta.

ὀγδωκοντᾶ-ετής, ἐς, contr. for ὀγδοήκονταετής, eighty years old.

ὀ-γε, ἡ-γε, τό-γε, the demonstr. Pron. δ, ἡ, τό, made more emphat. by the addition of γε, Lat. *hicce, haecce, bocce, be, she, it*. 2. fem. dat. *τῇγε*, used as Adv. of place, *here, on this spot* 3. acc. neut. *τόγε* on this account, for this very reason.

“Ογκά poet. “Ογκαίη, ἡ, a name of Minerva in Thebes: a gate in that city was called from her “Ογκαίοι or “Ογκαίδης.

ὀγκάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to bray. Hence

ὀγκηρός, δ, a braying.

ὀγκηρός, ἄ, ὧν, (ὀγκος) bulky, swollen. II. metaph. stately, pompous. 2. grievous, troublesome. Lat. *molestus*.

ὀγκητής, οὐ, δ, (ὀγκάομαι) a b: r, i.e. an ass.

ὀγκιον, τό, (ὀγκος) a case for barbed arrows, etc.

“ΟΓΚΟΣ, δ, (A), (ἀγκος) a bend, curve, hence a book, barb, esp. of an arrow or spear-head.

“ΟΓΚΟΣ, δ, (B), bulky, mass; ὀγκος φρυγανῶν a heap or pile of faggots. 2. a particular way of dressing the hair; which was gathered up into a bushy knot or roll, to give the appearance of height to the person II. metaph. bulk, weight, importance, dignity: vut also in bad sense, arrogance, conceit. 2. trouble, difficulty.

ὀγκῶ, . ὤσω: aor. I ὤγκωσα:—Pass., aor. I ὤγκωσθην: pf. ὤγκωμαι: (ὀγκος B):—to make bulky, enlarge:—Pass. to be heaped up, swollen II. metaph. to exalt, raise to honour: but also, to puff up with pride:—Pass. to be puffed up, swollen, elevated.

ὀγκύλλομαι, Pass., = ὀγκόομαι.

ὀγκ-ώδης, ἐς, (ὀγκος B, εἶδος) bulky, sw rounded: turgid.

ὀγκωτός, ἡ, ὧν, (ὀγκῶ) heaped up.

ὀγμεύω, f. -εύσω, to, trace a straight line, ploughers, reapers, or mowers: of an army, to file, ὀγμενον αὐτῷ they were marching in file before him: metaph., ὀγμεύειν στίβον to trail one's weary way, of a lame man From

δῆμος, δ, (ἀγῶ) anything traced in a straight line: a furrow in ploughing; a swathe in reaping: a race or line: a path; esp. the path of the heavenly bodies.

“ΟΓΧΝΗ, ἡ, *a pear-tree.*

II. *a pear.*

δδ-αγός, ὁ, Dor. for δδηγός.

δδαίος, α, ον, (δδός) *belonging to a way or journey.*

II. δδαία, τά, *goods with which a merchant travels, merchandise.*

δδάξ, Adv. (δάνω with ο euphon.) *with the teeth, biting, Lat. mordicus.* Hence

δδάξω or as Dep. δδάξομαι: impf. δδαζον: pf. pass. δδαγμαι:—*to feel a biting pain, feel irritation.* II.

act. sense, *to bite, nibble, sting.*

δδάω, f. ἤσω, (δδός) *to export and sell, traffic in:—pass. to be carried away and sold.*

δ-δε, ἡ-δε, τό-δε, demonstr. Pron., formed by adding the enclit. -δε to the old demonstr. Pron. ὁ, ἡ, τό, and declined like it: Ep. dat. pl. masc. and fem. τοῖσδεσι, τοῖσδεσσιν, as well as τοῖσδε: Att. more emphat. δδὶ, ἡδὶ, τοδὶ, etc. [f]:—δδε, ἡδε, τόδε is much the same as οὗτος, *this*, but is more emphatic, *this one here*, Lat. *hic, haec, hoc*: as opposed to οὗτος, δδε marks *what is to follow*, while οὗτος refers *to what has been before mentioned.* II. it often seems to stand, like Lat. *hic*, as Adv. of Place, *here*, but always agreeing with its noun, as, ἐγὼχος ἐν τόδε κείται ἐπὶ χθονός *here lies the lance upon the ground*; Ἀχιλλεύς ἐγγυς δδε κλονέων *here is Achilles nigh at hand routing.* 2. with a pers. Pron., δδ' εἰμὶ, δδ' ἐγὼ ἤλυθον *here am I.* 3. with ἴς, τίς δδε Ναυσικάα ἔσεται; *who is here following Nausicaa?* 4. also with Verbs of motion, like εὔρο, *hither.* III. to Advs. of Place and Time this Pron. adds precision, *just, very*; αὐτῷ τῷδ' ἐνὶ ἡμῶν *here amid this very people.* IV. δδ' αὐτός, stronger form for ὁ αὐτός, *the very same, this very*; οὗδ' αὐτοῦ λυκάβαντος *this very year.* V. in Att. dialogue, the masc. and fem. Pron. often refer to the speaker, δδ' ἐνὶ, or δδε alone, *this man here, the man before you*, i.e. myself, emphatic for γώ.

VI. ellipt. with gen., ἐς τόδε χρόνου *to this point of time.*

B. absol. usage of some cases: τῇδε of Place, *here*, ἐν τῇδε, *at the spot*, Lat. *hac.* 2. of the Way or Manner, οὕτως, II. acc. neut. τόδε, *hither, to this spot.* 2.

before, *on this account.* III. acc. neut. pl. τάδε, *on this account.* 2. *thus, so.* IV. dat. neut. pl. ταῖσδε, *on this wise, after this fashion*;

also, *with these words.*

δδελός, ὁ, Aeol. and Dor. for δβελός and δβολός.

δδεντής, οὐ, ὁ, *a wayfarer, traveller.* From δδένω, f. σω, (δδός) *to go, journey, travel.*

δδηγέω, f. ἤσω, *to lead one upon his way, to show one the way, guide, act as guide.* From

δδ-ηγός Dor. δδ-αγός, ὁ, (δδός, ἀγω) *a guide.*

δδὶ, ἡδὶ, τοδὶ, Att. ἔγδδε, ἡδε, τόδε, q. v. [f]

δδαίος, α, ον, (δδός) *belonging to a way or journey*;

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δδὶ, ἡδὶ, τοδὶ, Att. ἔγδδε, ἡδε, τόδε, q. v. [f]

δδμή Ion. δομή, ἡ, (δζω) *a smell, scent, a sweet odour*; also *a bad smell, stench, stink.*

δδοιπλάνέω, f. ἤσω, *to stray from the road, wander about, lose one's way.* From

δδοι-πλάνής, ἔς, (δδός, πλανάομαι) *straying from the road, wandering about, roaming.*

δδοιπορέω: impf. ὠδοιπόρου: f. ἤσω: pf. ὠδοι-πόρηκα: (ὠδοιπόρος):—*to be a wayfarer, to travel, journey, walk.* Hence

δδοιπορία, ἡ, *a journey, way: a journey by land, opp. to a sea-voyage.*

δδοιπορικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a journey. Adv. -πῶς, *like a traveller.*

δδοιπόριον, τό, *provision for a journey.* From

δδοι-πόρος, ον, (δδός, πόρος) *travelling, journeying*;

as Subst., δδοιπόρος, ὁ, *a wayfarer, foot-traveller*; also, *a fellow-traveller or guide.*

δδόντα, δδόντας, acc. sing. and pl. of δδοῦς, δδοντο-φόρος, ον, (δδοῦς, φέρω) *bearing teeth*;

κόσμος δδ. *an ornament consisting of strings of teeth.*

δδοντο-φύξ, ἔς, (δδοῦς, φύω) *sprung from teeth.*

δδοντώω, f. ὠσω, (δδοῦς) *to furnish with teeth.*

Hence δδοντωτός, ἡ, ὄν, *furnished with teeth.*

δδοποιέω: impf. ὠδοποιούν: f. ὠσω: pf. pass. ὠδο-ποίημαι: (δδοποιός):—*to make or level a road: to make a path for oneself*;

—Pass., of roads, *to be made fit for use.* 2. *to make practicable or passable.* 3. *to put one in the way, guide, to set forward on a journey*;

—Pass. *to make one's way, advance*, Lat. *progredi.*

δδοποιία, ἡ, *road-making, the duty of a pioneer.*

From δδο-ποιός, ὄν, (δδός, ποιέω) *making roads*;

as Subst., δδοιποιός, ὁ, *a road-maker, pioneer: a road-surveyor.*

δδός, οὐ, ὁ, Att. for Ion. οὐδός, *a threefold.*

“ΟΔΟΨ Aeol. οὐδός, οὐ, ἡ, *a way, path, road, highway*;

a track, pathway: *an entrance, approach: the course, channel of a river: the path of the heavenly bodies: πρὸ δδοῦ further on the way*;

κατ' ὁδόν *by the way.* II. *a travelling, journey, or voyage*;

also *a march or expedition*: οὐανῶν ὁδὸς *the flight of birds*;

λογίων ὁδός *the way, i.e. meaning, of the oracles.* III. metaph. *the way, means, or manner of doing a thing.* 2. *a way or method*;

also, *a way of thinking, mode of belief*, esp. used of the Christian Faith.

δδ-οὔρος, ον, (δδός, οὔρος) *watching or guarding the road*;

as fem Subst., δδοῦρος, ἡ, *a conductress.*

“ΟΔΟΤΨ, in Ion. Prose δδών, ὁ, gen δδόντος: dat. pl. δδοῦσι:—*a tooth*, Lat. *dens*;

ἐκρος δδόντων, *see ἐκρος.*

δδο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (δδός, φύλαξ) *a watcher, patrol of the roads.* [v]

δδῶω, f. ὠσω: aor. I ὠδωσα: (δδός):—*to lead into the right way: to put in the way*;

c. inf., ὠδωσε βροτοὺς φρονεῖν *be guided mortals to be wise*; also *to*

bring, send :—Pass. to be brought on the way, advance, succeed.

δδυνάσαι, for δδυνᾶ, 2 sing. pres. pass. of δδυνάω.

δδύνω, f. ἴσω, to cause pain, to pain, distress :—

Pass. to feel pain, suffer. From

ᾠΔΥΝΗ, ἡ, Lat. dolor, pain of body, but also, 2. of mind, grief, distress. [ῥ]

δδύνηρος Dor. —ἄρος, ἄ, ὅν, (δδύνη) painful. 2.

grievous : distressing. Adv. —ῶς.

δδύνῃ-φάτος, ὄν, (δδύνῃ, πέφαται, 3 sing. pt. of φένω) killing (i. e. stilling, assuaging) pain.

δδურμα, ἄτος, τό, wailing, lamentation : and

δδურμός, ὁ, a wailing, lamenting. From

ᾠΔΥΡΟΜΑΙ, Trag. also δύρομαι : Ion. 3 sing. impf. δδυρέσκετο : fut. δδύρομαι : aor. I ἄδύράμην,

part. δδύράμενος :—to bewail, mourn for, lament, c.

acc. : c. gen. pers. to mourn for, for the sake of : c. dat. pass. to wait to or in answer to another : absol.

to wail, mourn. [ῥ] Hence

δδυρότης, ἡ, ἄν, mourned for, lamentable : δδυστά, as Adv., lamentably

δδύσαντο, Ep. for ᾠδύσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I of δδύσσομαι.

ᾠδυσσεΐα, ἡ, the story of Ulysses, the Odyssey. From

ᾠδυσσεύς, ἄς, ὁ, Lat. Ulysses or Ulixes, king of Ithaca, whose return from Troy to Ithaca forms the subject of the Odyssey : Ep. declens., ᾠδυσσεύς, -ῆος,

-ῆτι, -ῆα : Ep. nom also ᾠδῦσεύς : Aeol. gen. ᾠδῦσεύς.

*ᾠΔΥΣΣΟΜΑΙ, Dep., used only in aor. I med. ᾠδύσσω, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. ᾠδύσσο, ᾠδύσατο, Ep. 3

pl. ᾠδύσαντο, part. δδυσσάμενος, and 3 sing. pf. pass. ᾠδύσσωται (redupl. for ᾠδύσσαι) :—to be grieved or

worried at, c. dat.

διδῶδα, pf. (with pres. sense) of δίζω.

διδῶδει, 3 sing. plqpf. (with impf. sense) of δίζω.

διδῶδῃ, ἡ, (δίζω) smell scent, odour also the sense of smell.

διδῶδυσται, 3 sing. pf. (with pres. sense) of διδύσσομαι.

διδῶν, ὄντος, ὁ, Ion. for δδοῦς, a tooth.

διδῶτός, ἡ, ὅν, (διδῶ) passable : practicable.

δεσσι, Ep. dat. plur. of δεῖς, οἷς.

δεξιλέος, α, ὄν, (δεξίος) branching.

δεξίῳ, fut. of δίζω.

ᾠξῆλαι, οἱ, the Ozolae, a tribe of the Locrians.

*ΟΖΟΞ, ὄν, ὁ, a bough, branch, twig, shoot. II.

metaph. an offshoot, scion; δεξος Ἄρπος scion of Mars : cf. ἔρπος, θάλος.

ᾠξό-στομος, ὄν, (δεξίω, στόμα) with bad breath.

ΟΖΝ, fut. δεξήσω : pf. with pres. sense δδῶδα : plqpf. with impf. sense ᾠδῶδεν, Ep. 3 sing. δδῶδει :—to smell,

to have a smell, whether pleasant or not : c. gen. to smell of a thing, δεξείω to smell of violets : metaph.

to smell or savour of a thing, Lat. sapere aliquid ;

Ἐρονίαν δεῖν to smell of antiquities : c. dupl. gen.,

τῇ κεφαλῇ δεξω μύρου I smell of ointment from the

head.

II. often used impers., ὄζει ἡδὲ τῇς χροῦς there is a sweet smell from the skin ; ἱματίαν ὄζει : δεξιότητος there will be an odour of wit from your clothes.

ᾠθεν, Adv. (δε) whence, from whence, Lat. unde : also of persons, from whom or which. 2. also like

οὔ, as an Adv. of Place, = ὅθι, ὅπου, where, but only

as relative to a word implying motion from.

in Att. also, wherefore, on which account.

ᾠθι, relat. Adv., poet. for οὔ, where, Lat. ubi.

ᾠθνεός, α, ὄν, also ος, ὄν, (ἔθνος) strange, foreign.

*ΘΟΟΜΑΙ, Dep., only used in pres. and impf., to have a care or concern for, take heed, regard : c. part.

οὐκ ᾠθεο ρέζων be recked not that he was doing : c. gen. pers., οὐδ' ᾠθομαι κοτέοντος I do not heed him

when he is angry.

ᾠΘΟΨΗ, ἡ, mostly in plur., fine white linen : a fine linen veil, a linen garment : also, sail-cloth, a

sail : also, a sheet, linen cloth. Hence

ᾠθόνινος, η, ὄν, made of linen.

ᾠθόνιον, τό, Dim. of ᾠθών, a piece of fine linen, in

pl. linen bandages for wounds, or lint.

ᾠθ-οὐνεκα, for ὅπου, ἔνεκα, because : sometime also

for ὅτι, that, Lat. quod.

ᾠθ-ρίξ, gen. ὄρτιχος, poet. for ὀμό-θριξ, δ, ἡ, (δμοῦ θρίξ) with like hair.

ᾠΙ, exclam. of pain, grief, pity, astonishment, ὀβ

ab ! Lat. heu or vae : sometimes c. nom., οἷ ἔγω

mostly c. dat., οἷ μοι.

οἷ, nom. pl. masc. of Art. ὁ.

οἷ, nom. pl. masc. of relat. Pron. ὅς.

οἷ, dat. sing. of third pers. Pron., masc. and fem.

for αὐτῷ αὐτῇ, to him, to her : more rarely used in

the reflexive sense himself, as the Ep. εἰς is always

wanted ; often also οἷ αὐτῷ, to himself. The Nom. is

wanting, gen. οἷ, acc. ἔ.

οἷ, relat. Adv., properly dat. of relat. Pron. ὅς.

whither, how far, Lat. quo : often c. gen., οἷ κενῶ

to what a height of miseries.

οἷκίζω Ion. οἷκ-, f. σαι, (οἷα) to steer, manage :

οἷκισμα, τό, (οἷαίω) the act of steering or governing. [ᾠ]

οἷακo-νόμος, ὄν, (οἷα, νέμω) holding the helm

steering : as Subst. a pilot, ruler.

οἷακo-στροφῆω, f. ἴσω, to turn the helm, steer. From

οἷακo-στροφός, ὄν, (οἷα, στρέφω) guiding the helm

steering.

ᾠΑΞ, ἄκος, Ion. οἷξ, ἡκος, ὁ, the tiller, band of the rudder, the helm. pl. οἷξες, the rings of the yoke, through which pass the cords for guiding the oxen.

Οἷατις νόμος, a pasture in the Attic deme Οἷα.

οἷγνυμι or -ύω, lengthd. from ΟἷΓΝΩ : f. οἷγω : aor. I ᾠγα Ep. ᾠγα, part. οἷγας :—Pass., Ep. 3 pl. impf. ᾠγνυντο : aor. I ᾠχθην :—to open, unlock : of a case to be

οἷδα, I know, pf. with pres. sense of ᾠείδω, v. ᾠείδω : οἷδάνω [ᾠ] or οἷδάνω, (οἷδω) to make to smell

swell, Lat. *tumescere*: Pass. to be swollen, swell, Lat. *tumere*. II. intr. —οἰδέω.

οἶδας, 2 sing. of οἶδα, for the Att. οἶσθα.

οἰδέω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ᾤθησα: pf. ᾔθηκα: (οἶδος):—intr. to swell, swell up, become swollen, Lat. *tumere*, *turgere*; οἰεῖν τῷ ποδὶ to swell in the feet, i. e. to have swollen feet. II. metaph. to be inflamed or troubled; πράγματα οἰδέοντα, unsettled, disordered circumstances. Hence

οἰδήμα, τό, a swelling, tumour.

Οἰδύ-πόδης, ον, ὅ, properly patronym. of Οἰδίπους, son or descendant of Oedipus: but commonly poet. for Οἰδίπους, Oedipus himself.

Οἰδί-πους, ποδός, ὁ: acc. —ποδα and —πουν: voc. —πους, more rarely —που: (οἰδέω, πούς):—Oedipus, i. e. the swollen-footed: poet. Οἰδίπος, ον, ὁ. [Y]

οἰδμα, ατος, τό, (οἰδῶ) the swell of the sea, a wave, billow. II. the swelling of the wind.

ΟΓΔΟΣ, τό, a swelling, tumour.

οἶος, α, ον, (οἶς) of or from a sheep; ἡ ολέη (sub. ὀπά) a sheepskin.

οἶεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of οἶς.

οἶ-ετης, ες, (ὁμός, ἔτος) contr. for ὁμοέτης, equal in years, of the same age: cf. ὁμήρ.

οἶζυος, ον, = διζυρός.

οἶζυρός Att. οἶζυρός, ὁ, ὄν, (οἶζυς) woful, pitiable, miserable, woe-begone: of things, toilsome, dreary, painful: also sorry, wretched, poor. Ep. Comp. and Sup. οἶζυρῶτερος, —ᾤωτατος, for —δτερος, —δτατος.

οἶζυς Att. οἶζυς, υός, ἡ, as dissyll.: contr. dat. οἶζυι for οἶζυι: (οἶ):—woe, misery, distress, bardship. [ῶ in trisyll. cases, in dissyll. ῶ.] Hence

οἶζυω Att. οἶζυω (as trisyll.): f. ὤωω [ῶ]: aor. I διζύσα:—to wail, mourn, lament. II. c. acc. rei, to suffer: absol. to be miserable, or to suffer.

οἰθηθῆναι, aor. I inf. of οἰομαι.

οἰήνω, τό, = οἰήξ, οἶαξ, a rudder, helm. [I]

οἰηκίζω, Ion. for οἰακίζω.

οἰήξ, ηκος, Ion. for οἶαξ, ἄκος.

οἰήσομαι, fut. of οἰομαι.

οἶς, ὄδος, ἡ, poet. for οἶς, a sheep: acc. οἶδα.

οἶκα, ας, ε, Ion. for οἶοικα.

οἰκάδε Dor. οἰκάδης, Adv. (οἶκος) = ἔκονδε, to one's house, home, or country, home, homewards. II. = οἶκοι, at home.

οἰκέτας Ion. for οἰκνται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of οἰκέω. οἰκέος, α, ον, also ος, ον: Ion. οἰκήιος, η, ον, (οἶκος):—belonging to a house or household affairs, domestic: —τά οἰκήια household affairs, a household; also, household goods, Lat. *res familiaris*. II. belonging to a family, akin, intimate, Lat. *familiaris*; οἰ οἰκεῖοι friends, relations, connexions; Ion. Sup. of οἰκηῖωται οἱ τινας one's most intimate friends: τὸ οἰκεῖον relationship.

III. belonging to one's house or family, one's own, private: so of possessions, one's own, peculiar; ἡ οἰκεία ἡ οἰκήη (sub. γῆ), one's own land, one's country: hence of corn, home-grown, opp. to imported. IV. proper to a thing,

fitting, suitable: naturally suited to a thing: τὸ οἰκεῖον — τὸ καθήκον, what is suitable, befitting.

οἰκεῖότης Ion. οἰκηῖότης, ητος, ἡ, relationship: intimacy, friendship: also marriage.

οἰκεῖω Ion. οἰκηῖω: f. ὤωω: (οἰκέος):—to make one's own: hence to make a person one's friend: Med. to make a person one's friend, win his regard. 2. to make one's own, appropriate: Med. to claim, reckon as one's own.

οἰκεῖω, Adv. of οἰκεῖος, in a friendly manner, familiarly; οἰκεῖω ἔχειν πρὸς τινα to be intimate with one. 2. as if it was one's own. 3. properly, naturally: dutifully.

οἰκέω, poet. for οἰκέω.

οἰκεῖωσις, ἡ, (οἰκεῖω) a taking as one's own, appropriation.

οἰκετεῖα, ἡ, the household, the servants, Lat. *familia*. From

οἰκετεύω, f. ὤω, to inhabit. From

οἰκέτης, ον, ὁ, (οἰκέω) an inmate of one's house: a house-slave, menial, domestic, Lat. *verna*:—in pl. οἰκέται, one's family, women and children.

οἰκέτις, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of οἰκέτης, a female domestic or slave. II. the mistress of the house, housewife.

οἰκεῦντες, Dor. for οἰκούντες, part. pl. c. f. οἰκέω.

οἰκεῖς, ἑως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (οἰκέω) an inmate of one's house. II. a domestic servant.

οἰκέω, impf. ᾔκειον contr. —οῦν Ion. οἰκειον: fut. οἰκήσω: aor. I ᾔκησα: pf. ᾔκηκα:—Med., f. οἰκήσομαι in pass. sense:—Pass., aor. I ᾔκήθην: pf. ᾔκημαι Ion. οἰκημαι: (οἶκος): I. trans. to inhabit: hence to possess, occupy:—ἡ οἰκουμένη (sub. γῆ), the civilised world, the whole habitable globe. 2. like οἰκίζω,

to place or settle persons in a place; in Pass., to be settled: the pf. pass. ᾔκημαι Ion. οἰκημαι is used as pres. to be settled; c. acc. to inhabit; of cities, to be placed or situated. 3. like διοικέω, to manage, govern. II. intr. to dwell, live, to have as one's abode. 2. of states, to be settled, situated, lie:—also to be managed, governed, ἡ πόλις οἰκεῖ κακῶς the state is ill managed.

οἰκήσας, Ep. for οἰκέας, acc. pl. of οἰκεῖς.

οἰκήτος, η, ον, Ion. for οἰκέος.

οἰκηῖότης, ητος, ἡ, Ion. for οἰκεῖότης.

οἰκηῖω, Ion. for οἰκεῖω.

οἰκήμα, τό, (οἰκέω) a dwelling-place, a dwelling-house, a chamber in a house, the story of a house. 2. a cage or pen for animals. 3. a temple, fane. 4. a prison.

οἰκήν, Dor. for οἰκεῖν, pres. inf. of οἰκέω.

οἰκήσιμος, ον, habitable. From

οἰκήσις, ἡ, (οἰκέω) the act of dwelling. II. a

place for dwelling, a house, dwelling.

οἰκητήρ, ἦπος, = οἰκητής.

οἰκητήριον, τό, (οἰκέω) a dwelling.

οἰκητής, οἶ, ὁ, (οἰκέω) an inhabitant, dweller.

οἰκητός, ἡ, ὄν, (οἰκέω) inhabited: habitable.

οἰκήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = οἰκητήρ, —τής, an inhabitant.

οἰκία Ion. -λή, ἡ, (οἶκος) a house, dwelling. II. a household: also the inmates of the house, Lat. familia. III. a house or family from which one is descended. Hence

οἰκῆτός, ἡ, ὅν, of one's own house, domestic. οἰκίδιον, τό, Dim. of οἶκος, a small house. οἰκίζω, f. low Att. ἰά: aor. I. οἰκισα Ion. οἰκισα:—Med., fut. οἰκισύμαι:—Pass., fut. οἰκισθήσομαι: aor. I. οἰκίσθην: pf. οἰκισμαι Ion. οἰκισμαι: (οἶκος):—to build a house: to found or establish a new settlement: to people a country, to colonise. II. to settle or fix as a colonist or inhabitant: to remove, transplant:—Pass. to settle or establish oneself in a place: also c. acc. to inhabit.

οἰκίον, τό, (οἶκος) always used in pl. οἰκία, τὰ, like Lat. aedes, a house, dwelling, abode: esp. a palace containing ranges of buildings. 2. a den, lair, etc., of animals: a nest.

οἰκίσιν, ἡ, (οἰκίζω) the building or settlement of a colony: colonisation.

οἰκίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of οἶκος, a small house or room: a cage, coop, pen.

οἰκίσται, Ion. for οἰκισται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of οἰκίζω. οἰκιστήρ, ἦρος, poet. for οἰκιστής.

οἰκιστής, οὗ, ὁ, (οἰκίζω) a settler, colonist.

οἰκο-γενής, ἐς, (οἶκος, γενέσθαι) born in the house, home-bred, domestic: of animals, tame.

οἰκοδεσποτέω, f. ἦσω, to be master of a house, to manage the household. From

οἰκο-δεσπότης, ου, ὁ, (οἶκος, δεσπότης) the master of a house or family: the good-man of the house.

οἰκοδομέω, f. ἦσω, (οἰκοδόμος) to build a house. 2. generally, to build, construct:—Med., οἰκοδομεῖσθαι οἰκῶν to build oneself a house. 3. metaph. to build or found upon. 4. metaph. to edify. Hence

οἰκοδομή, ἡ, = οἰκοδόμησις, the act of building:—a building; edifice. 2. metaph. edification, improvement, instruction.

οἰκοδόμημα, τό, (οἰκο-δομεω) a house built building. οἰκοδόμοις, ἡ, = οἰκοδομία.

οἰκοδομία, ἡ, (οἰκοδομέω) the building of a house, a way of building, structure. 2. a building, edifice.

οἰκοδομικός, ἡ, ου, (οἰκοδομος, skilful in building: ἡ οἰκοδομική (sub. τέχνη) architecture.

οἰκο-δόμος, ου, (οἶκος, δέμω) building a house:—as Subst., οἰκοδόμος, ὁ, a builder, an architect.

οἰκοθεν, Adv. (οἶκος) from one's own house, from home. - 2. from one's own fortune or means, from one's own nature, of oneself; οὐκ εἶχον οἰκοθεν I had it not of my own.

οἰκοῦ, Adv. (οἶκος) at home, Lat. domi. οἰκοί, Adv. (οἶκος) at home, Lat. domi: τα οἰκοί one's own affairs.

οἰκόνδε, poet. for οἰκαδε, (οἶκος) homeward, home. οἰκονομέω, f. ἦσω, (οἰκονόμος) to be a householder or steward. 2. c. acc. to manage, order, arrange.

οἰκονομία, ἡ, (οἰκονομέω) the management of a

household or family: generally, administration, government of a state.

οἰκονομικός, ἡ, ου, conversant with the management of a household or family: generally, practised in managing, thrifty, economical: ἡ οἰκονομική (sub. τέχνη) domestic economy; also τα οἰκονομικά, domestic affairs. Adv. -κῶς. From,

οἰκο-νόμος, ου, (οἶκος, νέμω) managing a household or family: as Subst. οἰκονόμος, ὁ, a house-keeper manager, steward.

οἰκό-πεδον, τό, (οἶκος, πέδον) the site of a house, Lat. area domus. II. the house itself.

οἰκο-ποιός, ὅς, (οἶκος, ποιέω) making or constituting a house.

οἰκόριος, α, ου, Dor. for οἰκούριος.

Οἶκος, ου, ὁ, a house, abode, dwelling: any place to live in: κατ' οἶκον or κατ' οἴκου at home. 2. part of a house, a room, chamber: hence οἶκοι in pl. often stands for a single house, like Lat. aedes. 3. a temple. II. household affairs, house-wifery: household property, house and goods. III. a household, family. IV. a house, race, family.

οἶκος, Ion. for οἶκος, part. neut. of οἶκα.

οἰκό-στρος, ου, (οἶκος, στρο) feeding at home, living at one's own cost. II. living in a house.

οἰκο-τριβής, ἐς, (οἶκος, τρίβηναι) ruining a house or family.

οἰκό-τριψ, ἴβος, ο, (οἶκος, τρίβω) a slave worn and bred in the house, Lat. verna.

οἰκό-τύραννος, ὁ, (οἶκος, τύραννος) a domestic tyrant.

οἰκότως, Ion. for οἰκίτως, Adv. of οἰκός (part. of οἶκα), reasonably, probably.

οἰκουμένη (sub. γῆ), ἡ, v. sub οἰκίω.

οἰκουρέω, f. ἦσω, (οἰκουρός) to watch or keep the house: c. acc. to guard, order, govern. II. to keep within doors, stay at home. Hence

οἰκουρήν, τό, the watch of a house: generally, watch and ward; οἰκουρήμα ξένων watch kept by strangers. II. one who keeps house, a stay-at-home.

οἰκουρία, ἡ, (οἰκουρέω) a keeping at home: inactivity.

οἰκούριος, ου, belonging to housekeeping; hence τα οἰκούρια (sub. δῶρα), wages for housekeeping. II. keeping within doors: εἶραι οἰκούρια (Dor. for οἰκού-) female house-mates. From

οἰκο-οὔρος, ὅν, (οἶκος, οὔρος) watching or keeping the house. II. staying at home, domestic: as Subst., οἰκουρός, ἡ, the mistress of the house.

οἰκοφθορέω, f. ἦσω, (οἰκοφθόρος) to ruin a house or family, consume one's substance:—Pass. to lose one's fortune, to be ruined, undone. Hence

οἰκοφθορία, ἡ, ruin of a house or family.

οἰκο-φθόρος, ου, (οἶκος, φθείρω) ruining a house: as Subst., οἰκοφθόρος, ὁ, a prodigal.

οἰκο-φύλας, ὅκος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶκος, φύλαξ, a house-guard, οἰκτεῖρω, τό, and οἰκτεῖρης, ἡ, fut. From

οἰκτεῖρω: impf. οἰκτερον Ion. οἰκτερον: fut. οἰκτερώ: aor. I. οἰκτεῖρα, (οἶκος):—to pity, have pity or com-

passion upon, commiserate, c. acc. pers.; οἰκτ. τινά τινός *to pity one for or because of a thing* οἰκτιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: aor. I φέκισα: (οἰκτος):—*to grieve for, pity, commiserate*:—Med. *to express grief, mourn*: *to bewail, lament*.

οἰκτιρμός, οὐ, δ, (οἰκτέλω) *pity-compassion*.
οἰκτιρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (οἰκτέλω) *merciful*.
οἰκτισμα, ατος, τό, (οἰκτιζω) *lamentation*.
οἰκτισμός, οὐ, δ, (οἰκτίζω) *lamentation*.
οἰκτιστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of οἰκτρός (formed from οἰκτος, cf. αἰσχρός, αἰσχιστος; but the Comp. is οἰκρότερος):—*most pitiable, miserable, lamentable*: neut. pl. οἰκτίστα as Adv. *most miserably*

ΟΙΚΤΟΣ, ου, δ, *pity, compassion*. 2. *the expression of pity or grief, weeping, wailing*
οἰκρό-βιος, ον, (οἰκρός, βίος) *leading a pitiable life*.

οἰκρός ἄ, ὄν, (οἰκτος) *pitiable, lamentable: piteous, mournful*. Comp. and Sup. οἰκρότερος, οἰκρότατος, also irreg. Sup. οἰκτίστος

οἰκτρο-χόεω, (οἰκρός, χέω) *to pour forth piteously*, οἰκτρός, Adv. of οἰκρός, *piteously*: Sup. οἰκρότατα. οἰκώς, νῆα, ὅς, Ion. for οἰκῶς, part. of οἰκα.

οἰκ-ωφελής, ἐς, (οἰκος, ὠφελέω) *profitable to a house*. οἰκωφελία Ion. -ῆ, ῆ, (οἰκωφελής) *profit to a house*: hence *thrift or carefulness in household matters, of a home-life*, as opp. to the life of a warrior.

οἰμα, ατος, τό, (*οἶμα=φίμα) *an impetuous attack, the spring of a lion, swoop of an eagle*, Lat. *impetus*. οἰμαι, Att. contr. from οἰομαι.

οἰμάω, f. ἦσαι, (οἶμα)=ὀρμάω, *to dart upon, to pounce or swoop*, of a bird of prey

ΟΙΜΗ, ῆ, -οἶμος, *a way, path: metaph. the course of a tale or poem: the tale or poem itself*

οἶμος, exclam. of pain, fright, pity, anger, surprise, *woe's me!* οἶμος is used with a nom., as, οἶμοι ἐγὼ *ah me!* *woe's me!* or with a gen., as, οἶμοι τῶν κακῶν *alas for my misfortunes!*

ΟΙΜΟΣ, ου, δ, *a way, road, course, path*. 2. *a stripe, layer* 3. *a strip of land* 4. *metaph. like οἶ-η, οἶμος ἀοιδῆς the course or strain of song, a song, lay*.

οἰμωγή, ῆ, (οἰμῶζω) properly *a crying* οἶμοι, *weeping and wailing, lamentation*.

οἰμωγμα, ατος, τό, *a cry of lamentation, wail: and οἰμωγμός, ὁ, a lamenting*. From

οἰμῶζω, fut. οἰμῶξομαι later οἰμῶξω: aor. I φῶμξα: (οἶμοι):—*to cry οἶμοι, (as αἰῶζω to cry αἶ, αἶ), to wail, lament*; οἰμῶξε as a curse, *go bowl! plague take you!* Lat. *abi in malam rem!* so, οὐκ οἰμῶξεταί: *shall he not have to cry out?* i. e. *shall he not rue it?*

II. trans. *to pity, bewail*, c. acc.

οἰμωκτός, ῆ, ὄν, (οἰμῶζω) *to be pitied or bewailed*. οἰμῶξε, 3 sing. Ep aor. I opt. of οἰμῶζω.

οἰν-άνθη, ῆ, (οἶν, ἄνθη) *the first shoot or bud of the vine*: then, like Lat. *pampinus, the vine-stock, the vine*.

2. *the down of the vine-leaf: metaph. the down on the cheek*, Lat. *lanugo*.

οἰν-ανθίς, ἴδος, ῆ, = οἰνάνθη.

οἰνάρεον, τό, = οἰναρον.

οἰνᾶριζω, f. σω, (οἶναρον) *to strip off vine-leaves*.

οἰνάριον, τό, Dim. of οἶνος, *weak, poor wine*.

οἰνᾶρον, τό, (οἶν) *a vine-leaf*; Lat. *pampinus*.

ΟἶNH, ῆ, *the vine*, Lat. *vilis*. 2. = οἶνος, *wine*.

οἰνηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (οἶνος) *of wine, addicted to wine*, Lat. *vinosus*. II. *containing wine*. III. *of countries, rich in wine*.

οἰν-ήρυσσις, ῆ, (οἶνος, ἄρυν) *a vessel for drawing wine*

οἰνίζω, (οἶνος) *to smell of wine*. II. Med. *κ*

procure wine by barter, buy wine.

οἰνο-βαρῶν, ὁ, an Ion. participial form (as if from οἶνο-βαρέω) = οἰνοβαρής. From

οἶνο-βαρής, ἐς, (οἶνος, βαρύς) *heavy or drunken with wine*, Lat. *vinu gravis*.

οἶνο-βρεχής, ἐς, (οἶνος, βρέχω) *soaked in wine*, i. e. *drunken*.

οἶνο-δέκος, ὄν, (οἶνος, δεχομαι) *receiving or holding wine*.

οἶνο-δέτης, ον, Dor. -δότας, α, δ, (οἶνος, δίδωμι) *giver of wine*, epith. of Bacchus.

οἶνούς, -οεσσα, -οεν, contr. οἶνούς, -ούσσα Att. -ούττα, -οῦν, (οἶνος) *made of or with wine*. II.

as Subst., οἶνούττα, ῆ, *a cake or porridge of pearl-barley, water, oil and wine*, esp. for rowers.

οἶνό-μελι, ἴτος, τό, (οἶνος, μέλι) *honey mixed with wine, mead*.

οἶνό-πέδη, ῆ, and οἶνό-πεδον, τό, (οἶνος, πέδον) *land fit for growing wine, a vineyard*.

οἶνό-πεδος, ον, (οἶνος, πέδον) *fit for the growth of the vine, abounding in wine*.

οἶνο-πέπαντος, ον; (οἶνος, πεπαίνω) *ripe for making wine*.

οἶνο-πίπης [ῆ], ον, δ, (οἶνος, διπιπτεω) *gaping after wine*, formed like the Homeric πορθενοπίπης.

οἶνο-πλήθης, ἐς, (οἶνος, πλήθω) *abounding in wine*.

οἶνο-πλήξ, ἦτος, ὁ, ῆ, (οἶνος, πλήσσω) *wine-stricken*, i. e. *drunk*.

οἶνοποτάζω and οἶνοποτέω, (οἶνοπότης) *to drink wine*.

οἶνο-ποτήρ, ἦτος, ὁ, and οἶνο-ποτής, ον, δ, tem. οἶνο-πότις, ἴδος, (οἶνος, ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of πίνω) *a wine-drinker, wine-bibber*.

ΟἶNOS, ου, δ, Lat. VINUM, *wine*; ἐν οἶνῳ, ἐπ' οἶνῳ, παρ' οἶνῳ, *over wine*, Lat. *inter pocula*.

2. *the fermented juice of apples, pears, etc., cider, perry*: οἶνος ἐκ κριθῶν *barley-wine*, a kind of beer: *palm-wine*, *lotus-wine*, also occur as distinguished from

grape-wine (οἶνος ἀμπέλινος)

οἶνο-τρέφος, ον, (οἶνος, τρέφω) *producing wine*. οἶνούς, οἶνούσσα Att. -ούττα, -οῦν, contr. for οἶνούς, εσσα, εν.

οἶνο-φάγλι, ῆ, (οἶνος, φαγεῖν) *a consuming of wine*. οἰνοφλυγία, ῆ, *a love of drinking, drunkenness*. From

οἶνό-φλυξ, ὕτος, ὁ, ῆ, (οἶνος, φλύω) *given to drinking, drunken*.

οἶνο-φόρος, ου, (οἶνος, φέρω) *carrying, holding wine*, as Subst., οἰνοφόρος, ὁ, Lat. oenophorus, a wine-cask.
οἶνο-χάρης, ἐς, (οἶνος, χαρῆναι) *rejoicing in wine*.
οἶνο-χάρων, οντος, ὁ, (οἶνος, χάρις) *the Wine-Charon*, a nickname of Philip of Macedon, because he killed his enemies by poisoning their wine.

οἶνο-χεύω, Ep. form of οἶνοχέω, *to pour out wine*.
οἶνοχοεῖω: 3 sing. impf. φῖνοχέει Ep. ἐπινοχέει; f. ἦσω: aor. I inf. οἶνοχοῆσαι: (οἶνοχός):—*to be a cup-bearer: to pour out wine or like wine; νεκταρ ἐπινοχέει she was pouring out nectar for wine*.

οἶνο-χότη, ἡ, (οἶνος, χέω) *a cup or can for ladling wine from the bowl (κρατήρ) into the cups*.

οἶνο-χόος, ου, (οἶνος, χέω) *pouring out wine to drink*: as Subst., οἶνοχόος, ὁ, *a cup-bearer*.

οἶνδ-χύτος, ου, (οἶνος, χέω) *poured of or with wine; πῶμα οἶνδχυτόν a draught of wine*.

οἶν-οψ, σπος, ὁ, = οἶνοψ, *wine-coloured, wine-dark*.
οἶνός, f. ὤσσι:—Pass., aor. I φνῶσθην: pf. φνῶμαι
Ion. οἶνωμαι: (οἶνος):—*to make drunk with wine*:—Pass. *to get drunk, be drunken*.

οἶνών, ὠνος, ὁ, (οἶνος) *a wine-cellar, wine-sdop*.

οἶν-ώπός, ἡ, ὅν, or ὅς, ὅν, and οἶν-ῶψ, ὠπος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶνος, ὠψ) *wine-coloured*.

οἶψας, aor. I part. of οἶννυμι.

οἶο. Ep. for οἷ, gen. of possess. Pron. ὅς, bis, her.

οἶδ-βάτος, ου, (οἶος, βαῖνω) *walking alone*: *lonesome*.

οἶο-βουκῆλος, ου, (οἶος, βουκῆλος) *herdsman of a single cow*.

οἶο-βιάτας, ὁ, (οἶος, βόσκω) *one who feeds alone*: *φρενὸς οἶοβιάτας feeding his mind apart, self-willed*.

οἶδ-ῥμος, ου, (οἶος, γαμέω) *married only to one*.

οἶδ-ῥανος, ου, (οἶος, ῥάνη) *with one girdle*, i.e. *single-banded, alone*.

οἶθεν, Adv. (οἶος) *from one side alone*, hence generally, *alone*; οἶθεν οἶος *all alone*.

Οἶ'ΟΜΑΙ Ep. οἶομαι: impf. φῶμην, Ep. 3 sing. ὤλετο: fut. οἴσσομαι: aor. I Ep. ὤσθην part. οἴσθεις, Att. φήσθην inf. οἴσθηναι part. οἴσθεις: Ep. aor. I med. ὤσάμην, 3 sing. οἴσατο part. οἴσάμενος. The Act. οἶω or οἶω has also found: Dor. pres. οἶω. The Att. also use a contr. pres. οἶμαι, impf. φῶμην.

To suppose, think, believe, as opp. to knowing, always of the fut.: of good, *to hope, anticipate*; of evil, *to fear*:—often used absol., αἰεὶ οἶσαι ἔθου *art ever suspecting*; and so in the sense *to deem, believe, expect*; θυμὸς οἴσατό μοι *my heart foreboded it*: it is also once found impersonal, οἶσά μοι ἀνὰ θυμὸν *there comes a boding into my heart*. 2. *to be minded, to mean, purpose to do a thing*. 3. also used parenthetically in first person, ἐν πρώτοιςιν (οἶω) κείσεται among the first (*metabinks*) will he be lying: so in Att., the contr. οἶμαι impf. φῶμην, *I think, I suppose, I believe*, is put without any grammat. construction in the sentence: also in phrase, πῶς οἶει; πῶς οἴσθεις; *how think you?*

[When the diphthong is resolved Ep., the ε is long in all tenses, οἶω, οἴσατο, etc.: only the act,

pres. οἶω has sometimes ι in the middle of the verse.]

οἶον-εἰ, for οἶον εἰ. as if: Dor. οἶον αἰ.

οἶο-νόμος, ου, (οἶος, νέμω) *feeding alone*: *lonely*.

οἶο-νόμος, ου, (οἶος, νέμω) *feeding sheep*: as Subst. *a shepherd*.

οἶον-τε, possible; οὐχ οἶοντε *impossible*: v. οἶος π.

οἶδ-ποκος, ου, (οἶος, πέκω) *shorn from a sheep*.

οἶοπολέω. f. ἦσω, *to roam or haunt alone*. From οἶο-πῶλος, ου, (οἶος, πέλομαι) *being alone*: *lonely, solitary*.

B. (οἶος, πολέω) *tending sheep*.

οἶορ, Scyth. for ἀνῆρ. Hence

οἶορ-πατα, Scyth. word in Herodotus. = ἀνδροκτόνοι.

Οἶ'ΟΣ, οἶη, οἶον, *alone, by oneself, lone, lonely*: it can often only be rendered by an Adv., *alone, only*: strengthd., εἰς οἶος, μία οἶη *one alone, one only*: also in dual, δύο οἶω, and in pl., δύο οἶως. 2. c. gen., τῶν οἶος *left alone by them*; οἶος θεῶν *alone of all the gods*; οἶος Ἀτρεΐδων *apart from the sons of Atreus*. II. singular, peculiar of its kind, unique, Lat. *unicus*.

οἶος, οἶα Ion. οἶη, οἶον, (ὅς) *such as, of such sort, manner or kind as* . . . Lat. *qualis*; relat. Pronoun, answering to ποῖος interrog. and indef., and to demonstr. τοῖος; ὅσος οἶος τε, Lat. *qualis quantusque*: c. acc., οἶος ἀρετῇ *what a man for virtue*: often only to be rendered by an Adv., as, οἶος μέτεισι πλεμῶνδε *how he rushes into war*.

Οἶος in an independent sentence often expresses astonishment, being often strengthd. by δή, οἶον δή τὸν μῦθον *ξέπας what a word hast thou spoken!*—the neut. οἶον is often used as an Adv. οἶον δὲ νῦν θεοὺς βροτοὶ αἰτιόωνται *how do men now find fault with gods!*

II. implying a Comparison, the antec. οἶος or τοῖόςδε being often omitted; οἶος ἀστὴρ εἰσι *like as a star wanders*; and so as an exclam., οἶ' ἀγορεύεις *what art thou saying!* οἶά μ' ἔοργας *what hast thou done to me!*

2. οἶος often introduces a reason for what has gone before, δὴ being sometimes added to express certainty; οἶος δὴ, οἶον δὴ, *such as all know*.

3. if the Comparison is general, Homer uses οἶός τε, in some such way as, οἶός τε πλεῖστοις ἐρχεται Ἀρης *some such one as Ares*; so, οἶός τις *the sort of person*.

4. when a Comparison involves Time, οἶος ὅτε is used, *like as when*.

5. οἶος is used in many brief Att. expressions, as, οὐδὲν οἶον ἀκούειν αὐτοῦ τοῦ νόμου *there's nothing like, i.e. so good as, hearing the law itself*:—it adds force to the Superl., χαριῶν οἶον χαλεπώτατον, in full τοιοῦτον οἶον ἔστι χαριῶν, *ground the most difficult possible*.

III. οἶος c. inf. implies Fitness or Ability, οἶος ἔην τελέσαι ἔργον *te ἔπος τε how able was he to make good both deed and word*: οἶος ἔην βουλευμένῃ ἰδὲ μάχεσθαι *how able was he to counsel and to fight*: in this sense οἶός τε is more usual, οἶός τε εἰμὶ ποιεῖν *I am such a man as to do it*, i.e. *I am able to do it*: in neut. sing. and pl., οἶον *τέ ἐστι* and οἶά *τέ ἐστι*, it is possible. 2. absol.

in peut., οὐκ τε, ἐστὶ it is possible; οὐκ οὐδὲν τε ἐστὶ it is impossible.

IV. οἶος is in Att. often repeated in the same clause, as, οἷ' ἔργα δράσας οἷα λαγχάνει κακὰ having done, *what kind of actions, what kind of sufferings he receives!* οἷαν ἀνθ' οἷαν θυμάτων χάρεν *what thanks, for what offerings!*

V. as Adv. in peut. sing. οἷον, also in pl. οἷα, *'bow'*; also with Adj. οἷον ἑρσέθεις *bow fresh*.

2. in Comparisons, as, like as, just as: οἷον ὄρε, as *mountains*. 3. as, like, for instance.

4. about, hard upon, Lat. *uasi*, οἷον δέκα σταδίων *about ten stades*.

οἶός, οἶός, gen. of οἷς οἷς.

οἶό-φρων, *ονος, δ, ἡ, (οἶος, φρήν) single, in one's opinion*; generally, *lonely*.

οἶο-χί ὦν, *ανος, δ, ἡ, (οἶος, χιτάν) with nothing but a tunic on, lightly clad*.

οἶῶν, (οἶος) *to leave alone*: Pass. οἶδουαι, Ep. aor. I οἶδωην, *to be forsaken*.

*ΟἷΣ, δ and ἡ, gen. οἷος acc. δῖν; plur., nom. οἷες gen. οἷων, dat. οἷοι Ep. δῖεσι shortened δῖεσι; acc. οἷας; contr. nom. and acc. pl. οἷς:—Att. nom. οἷς gen. οἷός, dat. οἷ acc. οἷν; pl. nom. οἷες gen. οἷων, dat. οἷοί acc. οἷας; nom. and acc. pl. also οἷς. Lat. QVIS, *a sheep*, whether *ram* or *eus*; though sometimes the gender is marked by a word added, as, οἷς ἀρνείος or ἀρσῆν *a ram*; οἷς θήλων *a ewe*.

οἷσατο, οἷσάμενος, Ep. aor. I med. of οἷσμαι. [ε]

οἷσε -έτω, -ερε, fut. imperat. of φέρω.

οἷσμεν, οἷσέμεναι, Ep. for οἷσεν, fut. inf. of φέρω.

οἷσμεν, Dor. for οἷομεν, I pl. fut. of φέρω.

οἷσθα, *thou knowest*, 2 sing. of οἷδα.

οἷσθής, aor. I pass. part. of οἷσμαι.

οἷσθήσομαι, fut. pass. of φέρω.

οἷσομαι, fut. med., with pass. sense, of φέρω.

ΟἷΣΙΗ, ἡ, *the grease in unwashed wool, greasy wool*.

οἷο-πῶτη, ἡ, (οἷς, οἷς, πάτος) *the dirt on the blinder part of a sheep*.

οἷστέος, α, *ον, verb. Adj. of φέρω, to be borne*.

neut. οἷστέον *one must bear*.

οἷστυτήρ, ἦρος, δ, and οἷστυτής, οὔ, δ, (οἷστέων) *a Bowman, an archer*.

οἷστέων, f. σω, (οἷστέος) *to shoot arrows*: aor. I part. οἷστέσας.

II. trans. *to shoot with an arrow*.

οἷστο-δέγμων, *ον, gen. ανος, (οἷστέος, δέχομαι) bold-ing arrows*.

οἷστέος, ἡ, ὤν, (οἷσω) *that must be borne, endurable*.

οἷστέος, Lat. οἷστέος, οὔ, δ, (οἷσω, fut. of φέρω) *an arrow*, Lat. sagitta.

οἷστέων or οἷστέων: f. ἡσω: aor. I act. οἷσθησα inf. οἷσθήσθαι:—Pass., aor. I οἷσθήσθην inf. οἷσθήσθηναι: (οἷστέων):—properly of a gadfly, *to torment by stinging*; generally, *to sting or goad to madness*: Pass. *to be driven mad*. II. intr. *to go mad, run wild, rage*.

οἷστέων-ἡλᾶτος, *ον, (οἷστέων, ἡλᾶνω) driven by the gadfly, driven mad*.

οἷστέων, ατος, τό, (οἷστέων) *the smart of a gad-fly's sting; a fit of madness, raving*.

οἷστέων-βολέω, f. ἡσω, (οἷστέων, βαλεῖν) *to strike with a sting, esp. of love*.

οἷστέων-δινέω, *ον, (οἷστέων, δινέω) driven round and round by the gadfly: driven wild*.

οἷστέων-δονέω, *ον, and -δονος, ον, (οἷστέων, δονέω) driven by the gadfly: driven wild*.

οἷστέων-πλήξ, ἦρος, δ, ἡ, (οἷστέων, πλήσσω) *being by a gadfly, driven mad*.

ΟἷΣΤΕΡΟΣ, *ον, δ, the gadfly, breeze*, Lat. *asilus*, an insect which infests cattle: in Poets of the fly that tormented Io.

II. metaph. *a sting, goad, anything that torments: the smart of pain, agony*. 2. any vehement passion: *madness, frenzy*.

οἷστέων-φόρος, *ον, (οἷστέων, φέρω) maddening*.

ΟἷΣΤΑ, ἡ, *a tree of the osier kind*. Hence

οἷστέων, *η, ον, of osier, made of wicker-work*.

οἷστέων, ἡ, οἷστέων.

οἷστέων, α, ὤν, (οἷστέων) *greasy, dirty, esp. of unwashed wool*, Lat. *lana succida*.

οἷστέων, δ, (οἷς) = οἷστέων, οἷστέων.

οἷστέων Dor. οἷστέων, fut. of φέρω, from Root *οἷω; whence is formed Ep. imperat. οἷσε, inf. οἷστέων, οἷστέων.

ΟἷΣΤΟΣ, *ον, δ, fate, lot, doom*: in Homer *ill fate, doom, ruin, death*; κακὸν οἷστον ἀπὸλλυσθαι *to die a sad death*.

Οἷστέων, δ, the Scyth. name of Apollo.

οἷστέων, = οἷστέων, q. v

οἷστέων, Ion. impf. οἷστέων, = οἷστέων, *to go, come*; of birds, *to fly*:—generally, *to walk, live*.

ΟἷΣΤΟΜΑΙ, Dep.: impf. οἷστέων: fut. οἷστέων: pf. οἷστέων Ion. οἷστέων: also pf. med. οἷστέων Ion.

οἷστέων: Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. οἷστέων. The pres. οἷστέων Ion. οἷστέων also occurs: I. of persons, *to be gone, to have gone, and so opp. to ἦμαι to have come*: c. part., οἷστέων φεύγων *he has fled and gone*; οἷστέων θανάων *he is dead and gone*: c. acc. cognate, οἷστέων οἷστέων *to be gone on a journey*: c. acc. pers. *to have escaped from*. 2. for θνήσκω, *to be gone hence, to have departed, be deceased*; Att. part. οἷστέων μενος *the departed*. 3. pf. οἷστέων, like ὄλωκα, *to be undone, ruined*. II. of things, as of darts, etc., *to rush, sweep along*. 2. of strength, *to be gone, lost, vanished*.

οἷω and οἷω, used by Ep. Poets for οἷστέων.

*οἷω, see φέρω.

οἷστέων, aor. I pass. of οἷω.

οἷστέων, Att. fut. οἷστέων: Dep.: (οἷστέων):—to take omens from the flight and screams of birds, Lat. *augurium capere*.

II. *to look upon as an omen, forebode*, Lat. *augurari*.

οἷστέων, ατος, τό, (οἷστέων) *divination by the flight or cries of birds*, Lat. *augurium*.

οἷστέων-στήριον, τό, (οἷστέων) *a place for watching the flight of birds*, Lat. *templum augurale*.

II. *the omen or augury itself*.

οἰωνιστής, οὗ, δ, (οἰανίζομαι) *one who foretells from the flight and cries of birds, an augur, diviner.*

οἰανο-θέτης, ου, δ, (οἰανός, τίθημι) *an interpreter of auguries, an augur.*

οἰανό-θροος, ου, (οἰανός, θρόος) *of the cry of birds.*
οἰανο-κτόνος, ου, (οἰανός, κτείνω) *killing birds*
οἰανό-μαντις, εως, δ, and ης, (οἰανός, μάντις) *an interpreter of the flight and cries of birds, an augur.*

οἰανο-πόλος, ου, (οἰανός, πολέω) *observing the flight and cries of birds:* as Subst., οἰανοπόλος, δ, *an augur.*

οἰανός, οὗ, δ, (οἶος) *a solitary bird, esp. a bird of prey, such as a vulture or eagle.* II. *a bird of omen or augury, because the greater birds of prey were observed for the sake of omens; and so distinguished from the common birds, θρνίθες.* III. *an omen, presage, Lat. auspicium or augurium; εἰς οἰανὸς ἀρστος, ἀμύνεσθαι περὶ πάτρης the one best omen is, to fight for one's country; οἰανοὶ ἀγαθοὶ good omens.*

οἰανωσκοπέω, f. ἦσω, *to watch the flight or cries of birds, to take auguries, practise augury.* From

οἰανο-σκοπός, ου, (οἰανός, σκοπέω) *watching birds, taking omens from their flight or cries:* as Subst., οἰανωσκόπος, δ, *an augur, soothsayer.*
οἶως, Att. Adv. of οἶος, οἶος ἂν οἶος ἔχεις *being such a man in what a state art thou!*

ὄκα poet. ὄκαῖ, Dor. for ὅτε, *when.*

ὄΚΕ'ΑΛΩ, aor. I ὄκειλα, inf. ὀκειλάω, = κέλλω, nautical term, I. *trans. of the sailors, to run a ship aground, run it on shore, strand it.* II. *intr. of the ship, to run aground.*

ὄκη, Ion. for ὅγη.

ὄκα poet. for ὅκα.

ὄκ-κα or ὅκ κα, for ὅτε καὶ, like καὶ κεφαλῆς for κατὰ κεφαλῆς.

ὀκλάδιος (sub. δίφρος), ου, δ, (ὀκλάζω) *a seat with folding joints, a folding-chair, camp-stool.*

ὀΚΛΑ'ΖΩ, f. σω: aor. I ὄκλασα:—*to sink on one's knees, to crouch down, cower: generally, to bend, sink down: to sink from weariness, to sit down to rest.* 2. *to leave off through weariness, to flag, slacken, abate.* II. c. acc. *to let sink, to bend, lower.*

ὀκνᾶλέος, α, ου, (ὀκνος) poet. for ὀκνηρός.

ὀκνεῖω, poet. for ὀκνέω.

ὀκνέω poet. ὀκνεῖω: imperf. ὀκνεῖον: f. ἦσω: (ὀκνος):—*to shrink from doing, scruple or hesitate to do a thing.*

ὀκνηρός, ᾶ, ὄν, (ὀκνος) *shrinking, hesitating, unready.* II. *of things, grievous, troublesome*

ὀΚΝΟΞ, δ, *a shrinking, hesitation, unreadiness: cowardice.*

ὀκόθεν, ὀκοῖος, ὀκόσος, ὀκότε, ὀκότερος, ὅκου, Ion. for ὀπόθεν, ὀπόιος, etc.

ὀκρίζω, (ὀκρις) *to make rough or jagged: metaph. in Pass. to be exasperated.*

ὀκριεῖς, εσσα, εν, (ὀκρις) *rugged, jagged, of unhewn stone.*

ὀκριώνωτο, Ep. for ὀκρίωντο, 3 pl. imperf. of ὀκρίωαι.

ὀκρίς, ιος, ἡ, like ἄκρις, ἄκρα, *a jagged point, a crag.* II. as Adj. ὀκρις, ἴδιος, ὁ, ἡ, *rugged, jagged.*

ὀκρύβεις, εσσα, εν, (κρύβεις, with o euphon.) = κρύβεις, *cold, chilling: fearful, dreadful, horrible.*

ὀκτά-βλαμος, ου, (ὀκτώ, βλαμός) *consisting of eight mouthfuls; ὀκτάβλαμος ἄρτος a kind of loaf which was scored in eight equal parts.*

ὀκτά-δάκτυλος, ου, (ὀκτώ, δάκτυλος) *eight-fingered.*

ὀκτά-ἡμέρος, ου, (ὀκτώ, ἡμέρα) *for eight days: on the eighth day.*

ὀκτάκις, Adv. (ὀκτώ) *eight times.* [ᾶ]

ὀκτάκις-μύρια, αι, α, *eighty thousand.*

ὀκτάκις-χίλιοι, αι, α, *eight thousand: it is also used in sing., ἵππος ὀκτακισχίλη = ὀκτακισχίλιοι ἵππεϊς, '8000 horse.'*

ὀκτά-κνήμις, ου, (ὀκτώ, κνήμη) *with eight spokes.*

ὀκτάκτοιοι, αι, α, (ὀκτώ) *eight hundred.*

ὀκτά-μήνος, ου, (ὀκτώ, μήν) *eight months old, in the eighth month.* [ᾶ]

ὀκτά-πέδος, ου, Dor. for ὀκτάπους.

ὀκταπλάσιος, α, ου, and ὀκταπλάσιων, ου, gen. ονος, (ὀκτώ) *eightfold, Lat. octuplus.*

ὀκτά-πόδης, ου, δ, (ὀκτώ, πούς) *eight feet long.*

ὀκτά-πους, δ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδός, (ὀκτώ, πούς) *eight-footed.* II. *eight feet long.*

ὀκτάρ-ριζος, ου, (ὀκτώ, ρίζα) *with eight roots: of a stag's horns, with eight points or tines*

, ὀκτάρ-ρῦμος, ου, (ὀκτώ, ρυμός) *drawn by eight pairs.*

ὀκτά-τονος, ου, (ὀκτώ, τείνω) *eight-stretched; ἑλικου ὀκτάτονοι the eight arms which the cuttle-fish stretches out to catch its prey.*

ὀΚΤΩ, οί, αί, τά, indecl. *eight, Lat. OCTO.*

ὀκτώ-δάκτυλος, ου, *with eight fingers.*

ὀκτώ-καί-δεκα, οί, αί, τά, indecl. *eighteen.*

ὀκτωκαίδεκά-δραχμος, ου, (ὀκτωκαίδεκα, δραχμή) *weighing or worth eighteen drachmae.*

ὀκτώ-καὶ-εἰκάτος, η, ου, *the eighteenth: ὀκτωκαίδεκάτη (sub. ἡμέρα), the eighteenth day.*

ὀκτωκαίδεκά-ετής, ου, ὁ, (ὀκτωκαίδεκα, ἔτος) *eighteen years old:—fem. ὀκτωκαίδεκά-ετης, ἰδέο.*

ὀκχέω, poet. form of ὀκχέω, *to bear, convey, carry.*

ὀκχος, οί, poet. form of ὀχος, *a chariot.*

ὄκος, Ion. for ὄκος.

ὄκωχα, old pf. of ἔχω, whence the compd. dual συνοχωκότε.

ὀλβίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω: aor. I ὀλβισα:—*Πάλα, aor. I ὀλβισθη: pf. ὀλβισμαι: (ὀλβος):—to make happy: to deem or pronounce happy, like μακαρίζω and εὐδαιμονίζω.*

ὀλβιο-δαίμων, ονος, δ and ἡ, (ὀλβιος, δαίμων) *of blessed lot or fortune*

ὀλβιό-δωρος, ου, (ὀλβιος, δῶρον) *bestowing bliss, bounteous.*

ὀλβιο-δότης or -δότης, ου, δ, fem. -δῶπα, ἰδέο, (ὀλβιος, δόσιμα) *bestower of bliss.*

ὀλβιο-εργός, ὄν, (ὀλβιος, ἔργον) *making happy.*

ὀλβιό-μοιρος, ον, (ὀλβιος, μοῖρα) *of happy fate*

ὀλιγός, *ον, or α, εν*, (ὀλιγός) *barry, blest*, esp. with worldly goods, *prosperous, wealthy, rich*, Lat. *beatus*: generally, *barry, blessed*: Homer only uses neut. pl., as ὀλβια δούναι to bestow rich gifts; δῶρα ὀλβια ποιεῖν to make gifts *blessed*: so in Adv. ὀλβια ζεῖν to live *barryly*. Irreg. Sup. ὀλβιστος, *η, ον*, formed directly from ὀλβος, as ἀσχυστος, κέρδιστος from ἀσχος, κέρδος: the reg. Sup. ὀλβιώτατος also occurs. Adv. —ως.

ὀλβιό-φρων, *ονος, ὁ, ἡ*, (ὀλβιος, φρήν) *leaning towards the rich*.

ὀλβιστος, *η, ον*, irreg. Sup. of ὀλβιος.

ὀλβίως, Adv. of ὀλβιος, *barryly, blissfully*.

ὀλβο-δοτήρ, *ἦρος, ὁ*, and ὀλβο-δότης, *ου, ὁ*, fem. ὀλβο-δότειρα, (ὀλβος, δίδωμι) *giver of bliss or prosperity*.

ὈΛΒΟΣ, *ου, ὁ*, *happiness, bliss, wealth*.

ὀλβο-φόρος, *ον*, (ὀλβος, φέρω) *bringing bliss*.

ὀλέσθαι, Ion. for ὀλείσθαι, fut. med. inf. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσκει, Ion. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέθριος, *ον*, also *α, ον*, (ὀλεθρος) *destructive, deadly*; ὀλέθριον ἦμαρ the day of destruction: c. gen., γάμος ὀλέθριον φίλον a marriage destructive to one's friends. II. pass. lost, undone.

ὀλεθρος, *ὁ*, (ὀλλυμι) *ruin, destruction, undoing*; οὐκ εἰς ὀλεθρον (sc. ἐρρήσεις); wilt thou not go to perdition? i.e. ruin seize thee, answering to Comic phrase οὐκ ἐν κίρκας; II. like Lat. *perniciēs*, *that which causes destruction, a bane, plague, pest*.

ὀλεῖ, ὀλεῖται, 2 and 3 sing. fut. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέκρᾱνον, τό, = ὀλέκρᾱνον.

ὈΛΕΚΩ, only used in pres. and impf. ὀλεκον (without augm.), collat. form of ὀλλυμι:—to ruin, destroy, kill:—Pass. to perish, die.

ὀλέσας, ὀλέσας, aor. I inf. and part. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλεσ-ῆναι, *ονος, ὁ, ἡ*, (ὀλλυμι, ἀνὴρ) *man-destroying*.

ὀλέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλεστί-θηρ, *ἦρος, ὁ, ἡ*, (ὀλλυμι, θήρ) *destroying wild beasts*.

ὀλεσίμ-βροτος, *ον*, (ὀλλυμι, βροτός) *man-destroying*.

ὀλεσι-τύραννος, *ον*, ποθ. ὀλεσσιν-, (ὀλλυμι, τύραννος) *destroying tyrants*.

ὀλέσκω, collat. form of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσσαι, ὀλέσας, Ep. for ὀλέσαι, ὀλέσας.

ὀλεσσεν, Ep. for ὤλεσε, 3 sing. aor. I of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσσει, Ep. for ὀλέσει, 3 sing. fut. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσω, fut. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέτειρα, *ἡ*, fem. of ὀλετηρ, a murderer.

ὀλετήρ, *ἦρος, ὁ*, (ὀλλυμι) a destroyer, murderer.

ὀλέτις, ὤος, *ἡ*, = ὀλέτειρα.

ὀλῃαι, ὀλῃται, 2 and 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. med. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλίγάκις, Adv. (ὀλίγος) *but few times, seldom*. [ᾗ]

ὀλίγ-ἄμπελος, *ον*, (ὀλίγος, ἄμπελος) *scant of vines*.

ὀλιγανδρός, (ὀλιγανδρός) *to be scant of men*. Hence

ὀλιγανδρία, *ἡ*, *fewness of men*.

ὀλίγ-ανδρος, *ον*, (ὀλιγος, ἀνὴρ) *scant of men*.

ὀλιγανθρωπία, *ἡ*, *scantiness of people*. From ὀλίγ-ἀνθρώπος, *ον*, (ὀλίγος, ἀνθρώπος) *scant of people*. ὀλίγ-αρχέομαι, Pass. (ὀλίγος, ἄρχω) *to be governed by a few, be subject to an oligarchy*. Hence ὀλιγαρχία, *ἡ*, an oligarchy; *σοῦvernment by a few families or persons*. Hence ὀλιγαρχικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, *oligarchical: inclined to oligarchy*.

ὀλίγ-αὐλαξ, *ἄμος, ὁ, ἡ*, (ὀλίγος, αὐλαξ) *having few furrows, having but little land for ploughing*.

ὀλιγᾶχθεν, Adv. (ὀλίγος) *from few parts or places*: c. gen., ὀλιγαχθέν τῆς Ἀσίας *from few parts of Asia*.

ὀλιγῃπελῶν, εὐσσα, (participial form, as if from a pres. ὀλιγῃπελῶ), *having little power, powerless*. From

ὀλιγῃ-πελής, *ἐς*, (ὀλίγος, πέλομαι) *powerless*. Hence

ὀλιγῃπελῆς Ion. —ῖη, *ἡ*, *feebleness*.

ὀλιγῆριος, *ον*, = ὀλίγος, *small, little*.

ὀλιγῃ-ηροσίη, *ἡ*, (ὀλίγος, ἄροσις) *want of arable land*.

ὀλιγῃ-στίπυς, *ον*, (ὀλίγος, στίπυς) *with a small corn-bin: with little corn*.

ὀλιγιςτος, *η, ον*, irreg. Sup. of ὀλιγος, *least*.

ὀλιγογονία, *ἡ*, *scantiness of produce, barrenness*. From

ὀλιγῶ-γονος, *ον*, 'ὀλίγος, *γένω) *producing little, unfruitful, barren*.

ὀλιγοδρανῶν, εὐσσα, participial form, as if from a pres. ὀλιγοδρανῶ, *able to do little, feeble, powerless*. From

ὀλιγο-δράνης, *ἐς*, (ὀλίγος, δρᾶναι) *of little strength, powerless*. Hence

ὀλιγοδρανία, *ἡ*, *feebleness*.

ὀλιγο-ἔτης, *ες*, (ὀλίγος, ἔτος) *of few years*. Hence

ὀλιγοετία, *ἡ*, *fewness of years, youthfulness*.

ὀλιγό-ξύλος, *ον*, (ὀλίγος, ξύλον) *with little wood*.

ὀλιγό-πιστος, *ον*, (ὀλίγος, πίστις) *of little faith*.

ὈΛΙΓΟΣ, *η, ον*, of Number or Quantity, *few, little*, opp. to πολὺς.—The governing body in Oligarchies was called οἱ ὀλίγοι, *the Few*, opp. to τὸ πλῆθος or οἱ πολλοί (*the Many, the People*). 2. c. inf. *too few* to do a thing. II. of Size, *small, little*, opp. to μέγας: the neut. ὀλίγον as Adv., *little, a little, in a small degree*: so also dat. ὀλίγῳ.

III. special phrases: ὀλίγον δεῖ *there wants but little*, i.e. almost; c. inf., ὀλίγον ἐδέησε καταλαβεῖν *it wanted but little to overtake, all but overtook*: hence ὀλίγον alone (δεῖ being omitted), *within a little, all but, nearly, almost*. 2. δι' ὀλίγον, *at a short distance*; or of Time, *after a short space; shortly, in a short time*.

3. ἐν ὀλίγῳ, *in a small compass*; and of Time, *in short, briefly*: also, like ὀλίγον, *almost*. 4. ἐν ὀλίγον, = παρ' ὀλίγον.

5. κατ' ὀλίγον by little and little: but the Adj. is often put in the gender and number of its Subst., as, οὐτοι κατ' ὀλίγους γυγνόμενοι ἐμάχοντο *these fought forming themselves into small parties*. 6. παρ' ὀλίγον, *within a little, all but, almost*.

IV. Degrees of Comparison:—μελᾶν, *ον*, gen. ονοῦ, as also ἁλάσων,

is used for the Comp. 2. Sup. δλίγιστος, η, ον: δλίγιστον, genit. used Adv. (see δλίγος in) very nearly. δλιγοστικήα, ή, the consisting of few lines. From δλίγός-στικός, ον, (δλίγος, στικός) consisting of few lines or verses.

δλίγοστος, ή, όν, (δλίγος) one out of a few, opp. to πολλοστός.

δλίγότης, ητος, ή, (δλίγος) fewness, smallness.

δλιγοτροφέω, to give little nourishment. From δλιγο-τρέφος, ον. (δλίγος, τρέφω) giving little nourishment.

δλιγο-φιλία, ή, (δλίγος, φίλος) fewness of friends.

δλίγο-χρόνιος, ον, also α, ον, (δλίγος, χρόνος) lasting but little time, of short duration.

δλιγοψυχέω (δλιγόψυχος), to be faint-hearted. Hence

δλιγοψυχία, ή, faint-heartedness.

δλίγός-ψυχος, ον, (δλίγος, ψυχή) faint-hearted.

δλίγ-άλας, άκος, ό, ή, = δλιγαύλας.

δλίγωρῶ, f. ήσω, (δλίγωρος) to regard lightly, make small account of, c. gen. Hence

δλίγωρλα, ή, a regarding lightly, slighting, contempt.

δλίγ-ωρος, ον, (δλίγος, ώρα) little caring, lightly regarding, slighting, despising; contemptuous. Hence δλιγώρος, Adv. carelessly; δλιγώρως έχειν or διακείσθαι to be careless, heedless. [X]

δλίγως, Adv. of δλίγος, a little.

δλισθάνω and later -άνω: fut. δλισθήσω: aor. I ώλισθησα: pf. ώλισθηκα: aor. 2 ώλισθον, part. δλισθών, inf. δλισθύν: (δλισθος):—to slip, slide, fall suddenly; νηός δλισθών having slipped from the ship. δλισθε, Ep. for ώλισθε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ώλισθάνω.

δλισθεύν, aor. 2 inf. of δλισθάνω.

δλισθηός, έσσα, εν, = δλισθηρός.

δλισθημα, ματος, τό, (δλισθεύν) a slip, fall.

δλισθηρός, ά, όν, (δλισθεύν) slippery, sliding.

δλισθο-γυμνώνω (δλισθεύν, γνύμη), to make a slip or error in judgment.

“ΟΛΙΣΘΟΣ, ό, slipperiness: a slip.

δλικάς, άδος, ή, (έλκω, δλική) a ship which is towed, a ship of burlben, merchantman, trading vessel.

δλική, ή, (έλκω) a drawing, trailing, dragging. I. a being drawn towards a thing, attraction.

δλικός, ή, όν, (έλκω) attractive.

δλικός, ού, ό, (έλκω) as an Instrument, that which draws or hauls; δλοκοί machines for hauling ships on land. 2. a strap or trace for drawing. II.

a track made by drawing, a furrow, track, Lat. sulcus: the trail of a serpent. III. periphr. δλοκοί

δφάνης drawings of laurel, i. e. laurel-boughs drawn along.

“ΟΛΛΥΜΙ and έλλυν: impf. έλλυν: f. δλέσω Ep. δλέσω Ion. έλέω Att. έλώ: aor. I έλεσα Ep. έλεσσα, έλεσσα: pf. έώλεκα:—Med. έλλυμαι, Ion. fut. δλόμομαι Att. δλούμαι: aor. 2 ώλόμην: pf. 2 έώλαα: plarf. έώλεην:—ούλόμενος, properly aor. 2 part. med. for ώλόμενος, became a mere Adj., v. sub voce. I. Act. to destroy, make an end of, to

kill. 2. to lose.—The Act. corresponds in its two senses to Lat. perdere.

II. Med. to perish, come to an end, die: δλοιο, δλοιοτα, δλοισθε, etc., may 'st ibou, may be, may ye perish!—to be undone, ruined. 2. so pf. 2 έώλαα, I am undone, ruined; οί δλοάλετες the dead.

δλλύς, ύσα, ύν, pres. part. of έλλυμι.

δλμος, ός (είλω, Lat. volvo) a round smooth stone, a roller. 2. a mortar. 3. a kneading-trough.

δλόεις, έσσα, εν, = δλοός, destructive.

δλοθρευτής, ού, ό, (δλοθρεύω) a destroyer.

δλοθρεύω, f. εύω, (ύλεθρος) to destroy.

δλοφίος, ον, poet. for sq., like ύμοφιος for ομοιος.

δλοίός, όν, poet. for ύλοός, destructive.

δλοί-τροχος or δλοί-τροχος, ό, Ep. δλοοί-τροχος, (prob. from είλω volvo, τρύχος) a rolling stone, a round stone, such as the besieged rolled down on the enemy: also as Adj. round, globular.

δλοκαντέω, f. ήσω, to bring a burnt-offering. From δλό-καυτος, ον, (ύλος, καίω) burnt whole: as Subst., δλόκαυτον, τό, a burnt-offering. Hence

δλοκαντός, f. ώσω, to burn whole: to make a burnt-offering. Hence

δλοκαύτωμα, ατος, τό, a whole burnt-offering.

δλοκληρία, ή, soundness in all parts. From δλό-κληρος, ον, (ύλος, κληρος) complete in all parts, entire, sound, perfect, Lat. integer.

δλολύγῃ, ή, (ύλολύω) any loud crying, esp. of women, Lat. ululatus: usually a cry of joy; but also of lamentation.

δλόλυμα, ατος, τό, (ύλολύω) a loud cry, usually of joy.

δλολυγμός, ού, ό, (ύλολύω) a loud crying, usually in honour of the gods, expressive of joy.

δλολύγών, όνος, ή, an animal, named from its note, the tree-frog. From

δλολύξω, f. -ύξομαι: aor. έώλύξα:—to cry aloud to the gods, usually of female voices, Lat. ululare. II. to utter a loud cry, usually in sign of joy. (Formed from the sound.)

δλόμην, έλοντο, Ep. for ώλ-, aor. 2 med. of έλλυμι. δλοοί-τροχος, ό, poet. form of ύλοίτροχος.

δλοός poet. δλοίός, δλοιός, ή, ον, (έλλυμι) destructive, destroying, hurtful, deadly; δλοός φρονεύν to design ill:—Comp. and Sup. δλοώτερος, δλοώτατος. II. pass. destroyed, lost, undone, Lat. perditus.

δλοδ-φρων, όνος, ό and ή, (δλοός, φρήν) meaning mischief, baleful. II. crafty, sagacious.

δλόπτω, f. ψω, to pull, pluck out: to strip off (Akin to λοπός, λέπω.)

“ΟΛΟΣ Ep. ύλος, ή, ον, whole, entire, complete, Lat. solus, solidae; τά όλα one's all. 2. entire, utter; ύλον άμάρτημα an utter blunder: in neut., as Adv., έλον and τά έλον altogether. II. whole, i. e. safe and sound, Lat. integer.

δλο-σφύρητος Dor. -σφύρατος, ον, (ύλος, σφύρα) battered all through, made of solid metal, opp. to cast.

ὄλο-σχερής, ἑς, (ὄλος, σχερός) *whole, entire, sound, complete, Lat. integer.* 2. *relating to the whole, important, considerable.*
 II. Adv. —ρῶς, *completely, entirely.*
 ὄλο-τελής, ἑς, (ὄλος, τέλος) *quite complete, perfect.*
 ὄλοῦμαι, fut. med. of ὄλλυμι.
 ὄλο-φυλῶν, ὄνος, ἡ, (ὄλος, φύω) *a large pimple, pustule.*
 ὄλοφυνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄλοφύρομαι) *lamenting, wailing:* —neut. pl. ὄλοφυνά, as Adv., *miserably.*
 ὄλοφύρομαι, οὐ, ὁ, *a lamenting, lamentation.* From ὄΛΟΦΥΡΟΜΑΙ [v], Dep.: f. ὄλοφύρομαι: aor. I ὄλοφύραμην, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. ὄλοφύρας, ὄλοφύρατο: aor. I part. pass. ὄλοφυρθεῖς, in same sense. I. intr. *to lament, wail, moan, weep.* 2. *to lament or mourn for others, to feel pity:* c. gen. *to have pity upon.* 3. *to beg with tears and lamentations.* II. c. acc. *to lament over, bewail, weep for, mourn.* 2. *to pity.* Hence ὀλόφυρσις, ἡ, *lamentation.*
 ὀλοφώος, ον, lengthd. for ὀλοός, ὀλωός, *destructive, deadly;* ὀλοφώια εἰδώς versed in *pernicious arts*
 ὄΛΠΗ, ἡ, *a leathern oil-flask, used in the palaestra.*
 ὄΛΠΗΣ, ιος and ἰδος, ἡ, = ὄλπη.
 Ὀλυμπία, ἡ, *Olympia*, a district of Elis round the city of Pisa, where the Olympic games were held: properly fem. of Ὀλύμπιος (sub. γῆ or χώρα).
 Ὀλύμπια, τά, *the Olympic games*, established by Hercules and renewed by Iphitus, held at intervals of four years in honour of *Olympian Zeus* by the Greeks assembled at *Olympia* in Elis; Ὀλύμπια νικᾶν *to conquer at the Olympic games*; also, Ὀλύμπια ἀνελεῖσθαι or ἀναρῆκεναι *to have carried off the prize at the Olympic games.*
 Ὀλυμπιάς, Adv. (Ὀλυμπία, ἡ) *to Olympia.*
 Ὀλυμπιάθεν, Adv. (Ὀλυμπία, ἡ) *from Olympia.*
 Ὀλυμπιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, *pecul. fem. of Ὀλύμπιος, Olympian, epith. of the Muses: generally, a dweller on Olympus, a goddess.* 2. Ὀλυμπιάς ἑλαῖα *the olive-crown of the Olympic games.* II. as Subst., 1. *the Olympic games.* 2. *a victory at Olympia* (sub. εἰκη); Ὀλυμπιάδα ἀναρῆσθαι, νικᾶν *to gain a victory in the Olympic games.* 3. *an Olympiad*, i.e. the space of four years between the celebrations of the Olympic games: the first Olympiad begins 776 B. C.
 Ὀλυμπιάσι, Adv. (Ὀλυμπία, ἡ) *at Olympia:* cf. θύρασι.
 Ὀλυμπιασί, [ᾱ], dat. pl. of Ὀλυμπιάς.
 Ὀλυμπιεῖον or Ὀλυμπιεῖον, τό, (Ὀλύμπιος) *the temple of Olympian Zeus.*
 Ὀλυμπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Ὀλυμπος) *Olympic;* δ Ὀλυμπικὸς ἀγὼν *the Olympic games.*
 Ὀλυμπιό-νικης, ον, ὁ, (Ὀλύμπια, νικάω) *a conqueror in the Olympic games.* [v]
 Ὀλυμπιό-νικος, ον, (Ὀλύμπια, νικάω) *conquering in the Olympic games.*
 Ὀλύμπιος, ον, (Ὀλυμπος) *Olympian, dwelling on Olympus*, epith. of the gods above, esp. of Jove, who

is called also simply Ὀλύμπιος; Ὀλύμπια νοματα *the mansions of Olympus.*
 Ὀλυμπόνδε Ep. Οὐλ-, Adv. *to or towards Olympus.*
 Ὀλύμπος Ep. and Ion. Ὀβλύμπος, ὁ, *Olympus*, a high wall on the Macedonian frontier of Thessaly. It was believed to be the abode of the gods, and that the approach was guarded by a thick cloud.
 ὈΛΤΗΘΟΣ, ὁ, *a fig which grows during the winter, but seldom ripens: an untimely fig, Lat. grossus.*
 ὈΛΤΡΑ, ἡ, mostly in pl., *a kind of grain, spelt*, mentioned as food for horses along with barley (κρί); used in Egypt for making bread.
 ὀλῶος, collat. form of ὀλοός, ὀλοίος.
 ὀλωα, pf. med. of ὀλλυμι.
 ὀλώλεκα, pf. of ὀλλυμι.
 ὀλως, Adv. of ὄλος, *wholly, altogether, on the whole: in short, Lat. denique: οὐχ ὀλως not at all, Lat. omnino non.*
 ὀρᾶ, Adv. *mor. for ὀρῆ.*
 ὀρᾶδῆς, f. ἡσος, (ὀρᾶδος) *to make a noise or din.*
 ὀρᾶδος, ὁ, (ὀρᾶος) *a noise, din, made by many voices together.* II. *a tumultuous crowd. 'brons'.* III. *the din of battle, the battle-brong.*
 ὀρᾶμνος, ον, *related by blood, kinarea.* From ὀρᾶ-μνος, ον, (ὀρᾶς, αἷμα) *of the same blood, related by blood, akin, Lat. consanguineus:* as Subst., ὀρᾶμνος, ὁ, ἡ, *a brother or sister.* Hence ὀρᾶμοσύνη, ἡ, *relationship by blood.*
 ὀρᾶ-μνων, ον, gen. ονος, = ὀρᾶμνος:—Comp. ὀρᾶμνοστέρος, *more nearly akin.*
 ὀρᾶμχία, ἡ, *a fighting together: a defensive alliance, league.* From ὀρᾶ-μχμος, ον, (ὀρᾶς, αἰχμή) *fighting together:* as Subst., ὀρᾶμχμος, ὁ, an ally.
 ὀρᾶλῆς, ἑς; (ὀρᾶλός) *even, level: τὰ ορᾶλῆ level ground.*
 ὀρᾶλίζω, .. σω, (ὀρᾶλός) *to make even or level, to level: to equalise.*
 ὀρᾶλός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀρᾶς) *even, level: τὸ ορᾶλόν level ground.* 2. *of equal, like degree; ὀρᾶλὸς γάμος marriage with one of like degree.* 3. *metaph. middling, average, ordinary.* Hence ὀρᾶλότης, ἡ, *evenness, equality.*
 ὀρᾶλῶς (ὀρᾶλός), Adv. *evenly; ὀρᾶλῶς βαίνειν to march in even line.*
 ὀρᾶ-ρτέος: impf. ὀρᾶρτων Ion. —εν: f. ὀρᾶρ-σῶ: aor. I ὀρᾶρτησα: (ὀρᾶοῦ, ὀρᾶάω) :—to meet; I. in hostile sense, *to meet in fight:*—Med. *to attack in fight* 2. *to walk together, esp. in part., βῆσαν ὀρᾶρτήσαντες they walked in company: to keep pace, equal in speed:* c. dat. *to walk beside, accompany* 3. *to pursue.*
 ὀμαρτή or ὀμαρτη. Adv. *together, jointly*, another form of ὀμαρτή, ὀμαρτή.
 ὀμαρτή, Dor. for ὀμαρῖ, 3 sing. impf. of ὀμαρτέω.
 ὀμαρτήσαντο, Ep. for ὀμ-, 3 pl. aor. I med. of ὀμαρτέω.
 ὀμαρτήσκειν, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I opt. of ὀμαρτέω.

δμαρτήτην, Ep. for δμ-, 3 dual impf. of δμαρτέω.

δμ-ασπης, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (δμοῦ, ἀσπῆς) allied in arms: as Subst., δμασπης, ὁ, a comrade, fellow-soldier.

δμ-αῦλαξ, ἀκος, ὁ, ἡ, (δμοῦ, αὔλαξ) with adjoining furrows or lands.

δμ-αυλία, ἡ, a dwelling together, union. From δμ-αυλος, ον, (δμοῦ, αὐλή) living together: hence, neighbouring.

δμ-αυλος, ον, (δμοῦ, αὐλός) playing together on the flute, harmonious, blending, in unison.

δμβρέω, f. ἦσω, (δμβρος) to rain. II. traps. to rain or shower down upon: to bedew, wet.

δμβρηρός, ὁ, ἄν, (δμβρος) rainy, watery.

δμβριμος, ον, = ὄβριμος.

δμβριος, ον, also α, ον, (δμβρος) rainy: of οὐρανὸς longing to rain, Lat. pluvialis; ὕδωρ δμβριον rain-water.

δμβρο-δόκος, ον, (δμβρος, δέχομαι) holding or receiving rain.

δμβρο-κτύπος, ον, (δμβρος, κτύπew) striking with rain.

ἸΜΒΡΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. IMBER, a storm of rain, a thunder-shower, rain. 2. generally water. II.

metaph. a storm or shower of tears, darts, etc.

δμβρο-φόρος, ον, (δμβρος, φέρω) rain-bringing.

δμεΐται, 3 sing. fut. of δμνυμι.

δμ-έστιος, ον, (δμοῦ, ἐστία) sharing the same hearth.

δμ-εννέτης, ον, ὁ, fem. δμ-εννέτις, ιδος, = δμ-εννος.

δμ-εννος, ον, (δμοῦ, εὐνή) sleeping together: as Subst., δμ-εννος, ὁ, ἡ, a bedfellow, consort.

δμ-έψιος, ὁ, ἡ, (δμοῦ, ἐψία) a playmate.

δμη or δμηῖ, Adv. (δμός) poet. for δμοῦ.

δμ-ηγερός, ἑς, (δμός, ἀγείρω) assembled together.

δμηγυρίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to assemble, call together. From

δμ-ηγύρις Dor. δμ-αγ-, ιος, ἡ, (δμός, ἄγυρις) an assembly, meeting: a throng, company.

δμηλίκια Ion. -ῖη, ἡ, (δμηλίξ) equality of age:—as Collective Subst. those of the same age, one's friends, playmates, comrades. II. of a single person, = δμηλίξ.

δμ-ῆλιξ, ἑκος, ὁ, ἡ, (δμοῦ, ἡλιξ) of the same age, esp. of young persons: as Subst. an equal in age, comrade, playmate. II. of like stature.

δμηρεία, ἡ, (δμηρεύω) a giving hostages or securities: a security, pledge.

Ὀμηρεϊος, α, ον, (Ὀμηρος) of Homer, Homeric.

δμηρεῖσαι, Ion. for δμηροῦσαι, part. fem. pl. of δμηρέω.

δμηρέω, f. σω, (δμης) to be a hostage, serve as a pledge or hostage. II. trans. to give as a hostage, pledge or security.

δμηρέω, f. ἦσω, (δμης) to meet. 2. metaph. to accord, agree.

Ὀμηρίδης, ον, ὁ, mostly in plur. Ὀμηρίδαι, οἱ, the Homerids, a family of poets in Chios, who pretended to trace their descent from Homer, and recited his poems: generally, the admirers of Homer.

δμ-ηρος, ον, (δμοῦ, ἀραρῶν) joined together, united, wedded.

II. as Subst., δμης, ὁ, a pledge to preserve peace, a surety, security, hostage.

δμηλᾶδον, Adv. (δμηλος) in groups, bands, Lat. turmatim: in crowds.

δμηλέω, f. ἦσω: aor. ἰ δμηλήσα: (δμηλος):—to be together or in company with; μετ' Ἀχαιοῖσιν δμηλεῖν to associate with the Achaeans; ἐν πρωτοῖσιν δμηλεῖν to be in company among the foremost; περὶ νεκρὸν δμηλεῖν to throng about the corpse. 2. absol. to come or live together.

II. in hostile sense, to meet in battle, encounter: absol. to meet one another. III. of social intercourse, to hold converse

to live familiarly with, associate with: to have dealings with. 2. absol. to be friends. IV. of pursuits or business, to be conversant with, engaged in, attend to. 2. of things, to be present to one, to be at hand. V. of a place, to come into, be in: to haunt, frequent a spot.

δμηλήδον, Adv. = δμηλᾶδον.

δμηλήσειν, fut. inf. of δμηλέω.

δμηλητής, οὔ, ὁ, (δμηλέω) a scholar, bearer.

δμηλητός, ἡ, ὄν, (δμηλέω) to be conversed with; οὐχ δμηλητός unapproachable, savage.

δμηλία, ἡ, (δμηλος) a being or living together, intercourse, converse, dealings with another; ἡ ἐμὴ δμηλία converse with me; δμηλία χθονός intercourse with a country. 2. instruction. II. a meeting, assembly; ναὺς δμηλία ship-mates.

δμ-ιλος, ὁ, (δμοῦ, ἱλη) an assembled crowd, a throng of people, mob, multitude. II. the throng of battle, tumult.

δμυχω, f. ἦσω, = δμίχω.

ὈΜΙΧΛΗ Ion. δμῖχλη Dor. δμῖχλα, ἡ, misty air, a mist, fog. II. also smoke, steam. Hence δμυχλήεις Ion. δμυχλ-, εσσα, εν, misty. ὈΜΙΧΛΩ, to make water, Lat. MINGO. [T]

δμμα, ατος, τό, (ἄμμα, pf. pass. of ὁράω) the eye; δμματι λόφῳ ἰδεῖν to look with eye askance at; opp. to ὁρθοῖς δμμασιν ὁρᾶν or ἐξ ὁρθῶν δμμάτων, Lat. rectis oculis videre, to look straight at; κατ' δμμα face to face, in full sight; ὡς ἀπ' δμμάτων to judge by the eye, Lat. ex obitu; ἐν δμμασι, Lat. in oculis, before one's eyes; so also παρ' δμμα, πρὸ δμμάτων; ἐξ δμμάτων out of sight. II. that which one sees, a sight. 2. a phantom, image of fancy. III.

δμμα νυκτός, i. e. the moon; so δμμα αἰθέρος, of the sun; generally, light; δμμα φήμης the light of happy tidings. IV. metaph. anything dear or precious. V. periph. of the person, δμμα πελείας for πελεία, δμμα νύμφας for νύμφα; cf. κάρα. Hence

δμμάτιον, τό, Dim. of δμμα, a little eye.

δμμάτο-στερής, ἑς, (δμμα, στερέω) deprived of eyes. II. act. depriving of eyes: blighting, cankering, esp. the buds of plants.

δμμάτω, f. ὥσω: pf. pass. ὠμμάτωμαι: (δμμα):—to give eyes to:—Pass., φρὴν ὠμματομένη a rained

quick of sight.
explain.

II. metaph. to make distinct;

*ΟΜΝΤΜΙ or ὁμνῶ, imperat. δυνυθι or δυνυ, 3 pl. δυνόντων: impf. δυνυν or δυνυνον: fut. δομῶμαι, εἰ, εἴται, inf. δμείσθαι, later fut. δμῶσα: aor. ἰ δμοσα Ep. δμοσα, δμοσσα: pf. δμῶμοκα: plqpf. δμῶμοκιν: —Pass., aor. ἰ δμῶσθην or δμῶθην: pf. δμῶμοσμαι, 3 pers. δμῶμοσται or δμῶμοται:—to swear; ἔρκον δμῶσαι to swear an oath: to swear to a thing, affirm, confirm by oath: foll. by inf. to swear that one will . . : ἦ μὴν is often inserted before the inf. for the sake of emphasis; freq. in part., as, εἰπεῖν δμῶσας to say with an oath. II. to call as witness of an oath, invoke, swear by.

ὁμο-βῶμος, on, (δομῶ, βῶμός) having one common altar, like Ceres and Proserpine.

ὁμο-γάλαξ, ακτος, δ, ἡ, (δμός, γάλα) suckled with the same milk: a clansman.

ὁμό-γάμος, on, (δομῶ, γαμέω) married together, as Subst. a husband or wife.

ὁμο-γάστρος, on, (δμός, γαστήρ) from the same womb, born of the same mother; κασίγνητος δμόγαστρος an uterine brother.

ὁμο-γενέτωρ, opos, δ, born of the same parents a brother. From

ὁμο-γενής, ἐς, (δομῶ, *γένω) of the same family: generally, kindred, akin. II. act. engendering with. ὁμο-γέρων, onτος, ὁ, (δομῶ, γέρων) a contemporary in old age.

ὁμογλωσσέω Att. -γλωττέω, to speak the same tongue. From

ὁμό-γλωσσος Att. -γλωττος, on, (δμός, γλῶσσα) speaking the same tongue or language with.

ὁμό-γνιος, on, contr. for δμογένιος, (δομῶ, γένος) of the same race. II. presiding over kindred; δμύ-γνητοι θεοὶ gods who protect a race or family, Lat. Dii gentilitii.

ὁμο-γυνώνεω, ι. ἦσω, to be of one mind, to league together: to agree with, assent to. From

ὁμο-γνώμων, on, gen. onος, (δομῶ, γνώμη) of one mind, like-minded. Adv. -μόνως.

ὁμό-γονος, on, (δομῶ, γονή) of the same family.

ὁμό-γραμμας, on, (δομῶ, γραμμή) of or with the same letters.

ὁμό-δάμος, Dor. for δμόδημος.

ὁμο-δέμνιος, on, (δομῶ, δέμνιον) sharing one's bed, δμό-δημος Dor. -δάμος, on, (δμός, δῆμος) of the same people or race.

ὁμοδοξέω, to be of the same opinion, to agree. From

ὁμό-δοξος, on, (δομῶ, δόξα) of the same opinion.

ὁμό-δουλος, on, (δομῶ, δούλος) a fellow-slave.

ὁμο-δρομία, ἡ, (δομῶ, δρόμος) a running together or meeting.

ὁμο-εθνής, ἐς, (δομῶ, ἔθνος) of the same nation, ὁμό-ζυγος, on, (δομῶ, ζυγήναι) yoked together: as Subst. a yoke-fellow. II. yoked in wedlock, married.

ὁμο-ήθης, ἐς, (δομῶ, ἥθος) of the same character.

ὁμο-ἡλιξ, ἶκος, δ, ἡ, (δομῶ, ἡλιξ) of the same age, Lat. aequalis.

ὁμόθεν, Adv. (δμός) from the same place, of the same origin: δ δόθεν a brother. II. from near at hand, band to band: close upon.

ὁμό-θρονος, on, (δομῶ, θρόνος) sharing the same throne, partner of one's throne.

ὁμοθυμᾶδόν, Adv. with one accord. From

ὁμό-θυμος, on, (δομῶ, θυμός) of one mind, unanimous.

δομοῖζω, f. σω, (δμοιος) to be like, resemble.

δομοῖτος, Ep. for δμοιος. [7 Ep.]

δμοιο-κατάληκτος, on, (δμοιος, καταλήγω) ending alike, of verses.

δμοιοπαθεῖω, f. ἦσω, to be in like case, to be similarly affected, sympathise. From.

δμοιο-πάθος, ἐς, (δμοιος, πάθος) being in like case, having like affections, sympathising.

δμοιο-πρεπής, ἐς, (δμοιος, πρέπω) of like appearance with.

δμοιος, α, on, Ion. and old Att. δμοῖος, η, on, Att. also os, on; Ep. δμοῖτος, on: (δμός):—like, resembling, Lat. similis: Proverbs, ὡς αἰεὶ τὸν δμοῖον ἄγει δεῖς ὡς τὸν δμοῖον 'birds of a feather flock together': τὸ δμοῖον ἀνταποδίδναι, Lat. par pari re-

ferre, to give like for like, pay tit for tat. 2. shared alike, common, mutual. 3. equal in force, a match for one, Lat. par.

4. in unison with, agreeing. ἡ δμοία (sub. δίκη or χάρις), τὴν δμοίαν δίδναι, ἀποδιδναι to pay any one like for like, to make a like return; τὴν δμοίαν φέρεσθαι to have a like return made one; ἐπ' ἴση καὶ δμοίᾳ on fair and equal terms. 6. ἐν δμοίᾳ ποιεῖσθαι τι to hold a thing in like esteem. II. of the same rank or station:

οἱ δμοιοί, all citizens with equal privileges: peers.—The person or thing to which another is like is commonly in dat., but also like Lat. similis in genit.:—

also followed by a Relat., δμοιος ὥσπερ . . , like as . . ; δμοιος καὶ . . , Lat. aequus ac . . , like as . . ; cf. δμοίως.

δμοιότης, ητος, ἡ, (δμοιος) likeness, similitude.

δμοιό-τροπος, on, (δμοιος, τρόπος) of like manners and life. Adv. -πως, in like manner with.

δμοιῶω, f. ὥσω: aor. ἰ δμοίωσα:—Pass. and Med., δμοιῶσθαι and -αθήσσομαι (in same sense): aor. ἰ δμοιῶσθην: (δμοιος):—to make like, assimilate: esp. to liken, compare:—Pass. to be made like, become like, δμοιῶθήμεναι ἀντην to be made like before one.

II. Med. to make a like return. Hence δμοιωθήμεναι, Ep. for δμοιωθῆναι, aor. ἰ inf. pass. of δμοιῶω.

δμοιωμά, atos, τό, that which is made like, a likeness, image.

ὁμοίως, Adv. of δμοιος, in like manner, like, alike: the neuter δμοίαν and ὅμοια, Ion. δμοῖον, δμοῖα, were also common as Adv.:—δμοίως ὡς . . , like as . . ; so, ὁμοίως καὶ . . , Lat. aequus ac . . -perinde ac . . ; δμοιὸν ὥστε . . , like as: ὅμοια τοῖς μάλιστα on a par with the best.

ῥμοίωσις, ῥ, (ῥμοίω) a making like, likening. I.

becoming like. 2. a likeness, image.

ῥμδ-κλῆρος, Dor. for ῥμδκλῆρος.

ῥμο-κλᾶω, 3 sing. impf. ῥμδκλᾶ, = ῥμοκλέω.

ῥμοκλέω; f. ῥσω: aor. I ῥμδκλήσα, Ion. 3 sing. ῥμοκλήσασκε:—to call out, shout to, either to encourage, cheer on, or to upbraid, chide; mostly in latter sense: c. inf. to command with a loud shout, call to one to do. From

ῥμο-κλή, ῥ, (ῥμοῦ, κλέω) a calling out together, shouting of several persons: the harmony or concert of flutes: any loud calling or shouting, whether to encourage or upbraid.

ῥμδ-κλῆρος, on, (ῥμοῦ, κλῆρος) having an equal lot, share or portion, esp. of an inheritance: as Subst.,

ῥμδκλῆρος, δ, a coheir, Lat. consors.

ῥμοκλήσασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. I of ῥμοκλέω.

ῥμοκκλητή, ῥρος, δ, (ῥμοκλέω) one who calls out to, a cheerer on, encourager.

ῥμδ-κλῖνος, on, (ῥμοῦ, κλῖνῃ) reclining on the same couch at table.

ῥμδ-λεκτρον, on, (ῥμοῦ, λέκτρον) sharing the same bed.

ῥμολόγιος, f. ῥσω: aor. I ῥμολόγησα: pf. ῥμολόγηκα—Pass., aor. I ῥμολογήθην: pf. ῥμολόγημαι: (ῥμολόγος):—to speak together, to speak one language.

2. to hold the same language, to agree with: of things, to be in accordance with. to make an agreement, come to terms, esp. of a surrender: ἐνί τισι on certain terms. to agree to a thing, allow, admit, confess; ῥμολογῶ σοι I grant you.

5. to agree, promise to do. 6. to be connected with, bear affinity to. II. Med. to agree, assent to; much like the Act.

III. Pass. to be allowed or granted; esp. in part. pres. τὰ ῥμολογούμενα and pf. part. ῥμολογημένα, things granted, acknowledged principles. Hence

ῥμολόγημα, ματος, τό, a thing agreed on, a postulate; and

ῥμολογία, ῥ, agreement. 2. an agreement made, compact: in war, terms of surrender. 3. an assent, admission, confession.

ῥμδ-λογος, on, (ῥμοῦ, λέγω) assenting, agreeing, admitting.

2. of things, suitable, in accordance with:—Adv. -γως, confessedly, avowedly.

ῥμολογουμένως, Adv. pres. part. pass. of ῥμολογέω, agreeably, conformably to: confessedly, avowedly.

ῥμδ-μαστιγίας, on, δ, (ῥμοῦ, μάστιξ) one flogged with another, a fellow-slave.

ῥμδ-μήτριος, α, on, (ῥμοῦ, μήτηρ) born of the same mother, an uterine brother or sister.

ῥμδ-νεκρος, on, (ῥμοῦ, νεκρός) companion in death.

ῥμδνοός, f. ῥσω, (ῥμδνοος) to be of one mind, agree together, have sentiments in common. Hence

ῥμδνοητικός, ῥ, on, conducing to agreement.

ῥμδνοία, ῥ, sameness of mind, agreement in sentiments, unity, Lat. concordia. From

ῥμδ-νοος, on, contr. -νοος, on, (ῥμοῦ, νόος) of one

mind, agreeing in sentiments, unanimous, Lat. concors.

Adv., ῥμδνωσι, unanimously.

ῥμδ-παθής, ἐς, (ῥμοῦ, πάθος) having the same passions.

ῥμδ-πάτριος, on, (ῥμοῦ, πατήρ) by the same father.

ῥμδ-πλεκτής, ἐς, (ῥμοῦ, πλέκω) inter-laced.

ῥμδ-πλούς, on, contr. -πλous on, (ῥμοῦ, πλός) sailing together or in company.

ῥμδ-πολις poet. ῥμδπόλιος, εως, δ, ῥ, (ῥμοῦ, πόλις) from the same city or state.

ῥμδ-πτερός, on, (ῥμοῦ, πτέρον) with the same plumage? of like feather, akin, alike: generally, of ῥμδ-πτεροι birds of the same feather, comrades; vñes ῥμδ-πτεροι consort-ships, i. e. that sail in company.

ῥμδ-πόλις, poet. for ῥμδπόλις.

ῥμδργάω, = ῥμδργνυμι, to wipe off.

ῥμδργνυ, Ep. for ῥμδργνυ, 3 sing. impf. of

ῥμδργνυμι, fut. ῥμδργνω:—Med., aor. I ῥμδργνῶμαι:—to wipe, to wipe off, dry up:—Med. to dry for oneself; δάκρυα ῥμδργνῶσαι to dry one's tears.

ῥμδργάμενος, aor. I part. med. of ῥμδργνυμι.

ῥμδργέω Ion. ῥμδργέω, to have the same boundaries with, to border on. From

ῥμδ-ρος Ion. ῥμδρους, on, (ῥμοῦ, ῥρος) having the same borders, bordering on, Lat. finitimus:—as Subst., ῥμδρος, δ, a neighbour, borderer: τὸ ῥμδρον neighbourhood.

ῥμδρροθῶ, f. ῥσω, to row together: generally, to agree with, agree together. And

ῥμδρροθίος, on, rowing or swimming together. From ῥμδρ-ροθος, on, (ῥμοῦ, ῥοθῶ) rowing together: generally, acting together.

ῥμδρρῶς, ῥ, on, one and the same: belonging to two or more jointly, common, joint, Lat. communis. (Akin to ῥμα: hence ῥμοιος, ῥμῶς, ῥμας, ῥμοῦ, ῥμῇ, ῥμότεν, ῥμῶσε.)

ῥμδσαι, ῥμδσας, aor. I inf. and part. of ῥμδνυμι.

ῥμδσε, Adv. (ῥμδς) to one and the same place, to the same spot: ῥμδσε λῖναι, in hostile sense, to come to close quarters, Lat. cominus pugnare; ῥμδσε λῖναι τοῖς ἐχθροῖς to go to meet the enemy.

ῥμδ-σθενής, ἐς, (ῥμοῦ, σθένος) of equal might.

ῥμδστέω, f. ῥσω, to eat or live together with. From

ῥμδ-στίος, on, (ῥμοῦ, στίος) eating together.

ῥμδ-σκευος, on, (ῥμοῦ, σκευή) arrayed in the same way.

ῥμδσκηνία, ῥ, a living in the same tent. From

ῥμδ-σκηνος, on, (ῥμοῦ, σκηνή) living in the same tent, Lat. contubernalis.

ῥμδ-σκηνώ, f. ῥσω, to live in the same tent with.

ῥμδ-σπλαγχνος, on, (ῥμοῦ, σπλάγχνα) from the same womb, of the same mother.

ῥμδ-σπονδος, on, (ῥμοῦ, σπονδή) sharing in the drink-offering, sharing the same cup: bound by treaty.

ῥμδ-σπορος, on, (ῥμοῦ, σπείρω) sown together: sprung from the same parents or ancestors.

ῥμδσσαι, ῥμδσας, Ep. for ῥμδσα, ῥμδσας.

ῥμδ-στίχας, (ῥμοῦ, στίχας) to walk together with.

ῥμδ-στολος, on, (ῥμοῦ, στῆλλον) sent together with.

in company with.

II. (δμοῦ, στολή) clad alike :

δμο-τάφος, ον, (δμοῦ, τάφος) buried together.
δμο-τεχνος, ον, (δμοῦ, τέχνη) practising the same craft : as Subst., δμότεχνος, δ, a fellow-workman.
δμο-τίμος, ον, (δμοῦ, τιμή) equally honoured, held in equal honour : οἱ δμότιμοι among the Persians, the chief nobles who were equal among themselves, the peers of the realm.

δμο-τοίχος, ον, (δμοῦ, τοίχος) having one common wall, separated by a party wall : metaph. hardly different from.

δμο-τράπεζος, ον, (δμοῦ, τράπεζα) sitting or eating at the same table with.

δμο-τροπος, ον, (δμοῦ, τρόπος) of the same habits : δμότροπα ἥθεα like habits :—as Subst., δμότροπος, δ, a comparison.

δμο-τροφος, ον, (δμοῦ, τρέφω) brought up or bred together with : δμότροφα τοῖσι ἀνθρώποισι θηρία beasts brought up with men.

δμοῦ, Adv. (properly neut. gen. of δμός), together, of Place :—also together, at once : γαῖαν δμοῦ καὶ πῶτον earth and sea together 2. together with, along with : c. dat., δμοῦ νεκρῶσι with or among the dead. 3. near, bard ὅν : nearly, almost. 4. δμοῦ καί, in like manner as, just like as, Lat. aequo ac.

δμοῦμαι, fut. of δμνυμι.

δμουρέω, δμουρος, Ion. for δμορέω, δμορος.

δμο-φοιτος, ον, (δμοῦ, φοιτάω) going together with : as Subst., δμόφοιτος, δ, a companion.

δμοφρονέω, f. ἦσω, (δμόφρων) to be of one mind with : πῶλεμος δμοφρονέων a war resolved on unanimously.

δμοφροσύνη, ἡ, a being of the same mind, unity. From δμο-φρων, ονος, δ, ἡ, (δμοῦ, φρήν) of one mind, agreeing in sentiments, united.

δμο-φυής, ἐς, (δμοῦ, φυή) of the same age or nature.

δμο-φύλος, ον, (δμοῦ, φύλον) of the same race or people : as Subst., δμόφυλοι, οἱ, men of the same race : τὸ δμόφυλον sameness of race.

δμοφωνέω, f. ἦσω, to speak the same language with. 2. to chime in with. From

δμο-φωνος, ον, (δμοῦ, φωνή) speaking the same language with. 2. agreeing in tone, in unison with.

δμο-χρoία, ἡ, (δμοῦ, χρoία) sameness of colour. II. smoothness of surface : the surface, skin.

δμοχρονέω, f. ἦσω, to keep time with. From

δμοχρονος, ον, (δμοῦ, χρόνος) of the same time with.

δμο-χροος, ον, contr. -χροος, ον, (δμοῦ, χρoία) of the same colour.

δμο-ψηφος, ον, (ομοῦ, ψηφος) voting with. II. having an equal right to vote with.

δμός, f. ὄνος, (δμός) to join together, unite :—Pass., aor. 1 ἀμώθην, to be united.

ὈΜΠΝΗ, ἡ, corn, food.

ὀμπνιακός, ἡ, ὄν, = ὀμπνιος.

ὀμπνιος, α, ον, (ὀμπνη) of or from corn, nourishing, thriving, large :—Ὀμπνία [ἄ], ἡ, a name of Ceres, as the mother of corn.

δμφάκλις, ον, δ, (δμφαξ) wine made from unripe grapes. II. metaph. as masc. Adj. harsh, austere, bitter, crabbed.

δμφάκιο-ράξ, ἄγος, δ, ἡ, (δμφαξ, ράξ) with sour or unripe grapes.

δμφάλιος, ον, (δμφαλός) belonging to the navel : as Subst., δμφάλιον, τό, = δμφαλός. 2. having a boss, like a boss.

δμφαλδεῖς, εσσα, εν, (δμφαλός) having a navel or boss : ἀσπίς δμφαλδεσσα a shield with a central boss.

ὈΜΦΑΛΟΨΟΨ, οὐ, δ, the navel, Lat. umbilicus. II. anything like a navel : the raised knob or boss in the middle of the shield, Lat. umbo. 2. a knob on the horse's yoke to fasten the reins to. 3. the centre : so Calypso's island Ogygia is called δμφαλός θαλάσσης, the navel or centre of the sea : and Delphi was called δμφαλός as the navel or centre of Earth.

ὈΜΦΑΞ, ἄκος, ἡ, an unripe grape. 2. metaph. a young girl.

ὀμφή, ἡ, a divine voice, opp. to αὐδή : a prophecy, oracle, warning voice : any token conveying divine intimation : later, tuneful voice, melody. II. fame, report : σὴ δμφή the report about thee.

δμωθῆναι, aor. 1 inf. pass. of δμός.

δμ-ῶλαξ, ἄκος, δ, ἡ, = δμῶλαξ.

δμώκοκα, pf. of δμνυμι.

δμώκοσμαι, 3 sing. δμώκομαι, pf. pass. cf δμνυμι.

δμ-ωνύμιος, α, ον, and δμ-ώνυμος, ον, (δμός, ὄνομα) having the same name :—as Subst., δμώνυμος, δ, ἡ, a namesake. II. ambiguous, equivocal.

δμ-ωρόφιος, ον, and δμ-ωρόφος, ον, (δμοῦ, ὀροφή) living under the same roof with.

δμῶς, Adv. of δμός, equally, alike, in equal parts, Lat. pariter. 2. like δμοῦ, together, at once, alike. II. c. dat. like as, equally with, Lat. pariter ac : ἐχθρὸς δμῶς Ἄλδω πύλῃσι hated like the gates of Hell.

δμως, Conj. (δμός) nevertheless, notwithstanding, yet, still, Lat. tamen : δμως μὴν or μέντοι but still, for all that.—δμως is in Att. often joined with a part, Lat. quamvis, κλῦθί μου νοσῶν δμως hear me although thou art diseased.

δμ-ωχέτης, ον, δ, (δμός, ἔχω) holding or dwelling together : θεοὶ δμωχέται gods worshipped in the same temple.

δν-ἄγος, δ, Dor. and Att. for δνηγός.

δν-αγρος, δ, (δνος, ἄγριος) the wild ass.

δναιμην, δναιο, δναιο, aor. 2 med. opt. of δνιμην.

ὈΝΑΡ, τό, a dream, vision in sleep, opp. to a waking vision (ὑπαρ) : only used in nom. and acc. (ὄνειρος and δνειρον being used in the other cases) :—proverb. of anything fleeting or unreal, σκίας ὄναρ the dream of a shadow. II. in Att., ὄναρ was mostly used as an Adv., in a dream, in sleep : οὐδὲ ὄναρ not even in a dream : often opp. to ὑπαρ, ὄναρ ἢ ὑπαρ ἦν to live in a dream or awake.

δνάριον, τό, Dim. of ὄνος, a young ass.

δυνασεί, Dor. for δύνῃσει, 3 sing. fut. of δύνῃμι.

δυνασθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. δύνῃμι.

δυνασις, Dor. for δύνσις.

δυναρ, τό, gen. δυνάετος, (δύνῃμι) anything that profits or is helpful, advantage, succour: a refreshment, refectory: plur. δυνάετα, food, victuals.

δυνείδιος, ον, (δυνείδος) reproachful: disgraceful.

δυνείδιω, f. ἰσώ Att. ἰώ: aor. I ἀνείδισα: pf. ἀνείδικα:—Pass., with fut. med. δυνείδιουμαι: (δυνείδος):—to throw a reproach upon, cast in one's teeth, object or impute something to one, Lat. obijcere, 2. to reproach, upbraid.

δυνείδισμα, τό, (δυνείδιω) a reproach.

δυνείδισμός, ό, (δυνείδιω) a reproaching: reproach.

δυνείδιστήρ, ἦρος, ό, (δυνείδιω) a reproacher, upbraid-er: as masc. Adj. reproachful.

*ONEIAOΞ, τό, any report or character, whether good or bad, like Lat. fama: but commonly, reproach, blame. 2. matter of reproach, a reproach, disgrace.

δυνείος, ον, (δυνος) of an ass; δυνείον γάλα ass's milk.

δυνείρατα, τά, used as pl. of δυνείρον.

δυνείρειος, α, ον, (δυνείρος) dreamy, of dreams; ἐν λυνείρεισι πύλῃσι at the gates of dreams.

δυνείρο-κρίτης, ου, ό, (δυνείρος, κρίτης) an interpreter of dreams.

δυνείρο-μαντις, ους, ό, ἡ, (δυνείρος, μάντις) an interpreter of dreams.

δυνείρον, τό, collat. form of δυνείρος, a dream: the pl. mostly in use is δυνείρατα, -άτων, -ασι: and from these a sing. gen. and dat., δυνείρατος, -ατι were formed, as if from a nom. δυνείραρ.

δυνείροπολέω, f. ἥσω, to be absorbed in dreams: c. acc. to dream of, as, ἵππους of horses. II. to cheat by dreams. From

δυνείρο-πόλος, ον, (δυνείρος, πολέω) versed in dreams:

as Subst., δυνείροπόλος, ό, an interpreter of dreams.

*ONEIPOΞ, ό, a dream: also the subject of a dream: cf. δυναρ, δυνείρον. 2. as prop. n., *Ονειρος, god of dreams.

δυνείρο-σκόπος, ον, (δυνείρος, σκοπέω) an interpreter of dreams.

δυνείρο-φαντος, ον, (δυνείρος, φαίνομαι) appearing in dreams, haunting one's dreams.

δυνείρο-φρων, ονος, ό, ἡ, (δυνείρος, φρήν) understanding dreams.

δυνείρωσω Att. -ττω, (δυνείρος) to dream.

δυνεύω, (δυνος II) to draw up with a windlass, to haul up.

δυν-ηγός Dor. δυν-αγός, ό, (δυνος, ἡγέομαι) an ass-driver.

δυν-ηλάτης [ἄ], ον, ό, (δυνος, ἑλαύνω) an ass-driver.

δυνήμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of δύνῃμι; δύνῃσα, Ep. for δύνῃσα, aor. I; δύνῃσει, 3 sing. fut.

δυνήσιμος, ον, (δύνῃσις) useful, profitable: aiding, succouring.

δυνῃσις, ους, ἡ, (δύνῃμι) profit, advantage, service: enjoyment, delight.

*ONΘOΞ, ό, dirt, dung.

δύνια, ἡ, Aeol. for δύνια.

δύνιλιον, τό, Dim. of δυνος, a little ass, donkey.

δυνίκος, ἡ, όν, (δυνος) of or for an ass; δυνικός μύλος a mill-stone turned by an ass, larger than the stones of the common hand-mills.

δύνῃμι, δύνῃης, δύνῃσις, inf. δύνῃναι: [ἄ], part. δύνῃς: fut. δύνῃσω: aor. I δύνῃσα: as if from obsol.

*ONE'Ω:—Med. and Pass. δυνάμμαι, impf. δυνάμην fut. δύνῃσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνῃμην, -ῃσο, -ῃτο, or ἀνῃμην imperat. ὕνησο, opt. δυνάμην, inf. δυνάσθαι, part. δυνήμενος: aor. I ἀνῃμην. I. Act. to profit, benefit, help, support; and, like Lat. juno, to gratify, delight. II. Med. to have profit or advantage, to enjoy help; esp. to have delight or enjoyment: c. gen. to enjoy, have enjoyment or pleasure of a thing. 2. freq. in aor. 2 opt. δυνάμην, αιο, αιτο, to express good wishes, οὕτως δυνάμην so may I thrive! δυναιο, Lat. sis felix! mayest thou be happy! also with χάριν, δυναιο τοῦ γενναίου χάριν bless thee for thy noble spirit: so also in phrase ἑσθλός μοι δοκεῖ εἶναι, δυνήμενος (sub. εἴη or ἔστω), he seems brave, may be fortunate!:—also ironical, δυναιο μέντ' αν εἰ τις ἐκπλυνεῖ σε you would however be the better for it, if one were to wash you.

δύνis, ἰδος, ἡ, (δυνος) ass's dung.

δύνοιτο, 3 sing. pres. opt. of δύνομαι.

*ONOMA, ἄτος, τό, Ion. ονόμα Aeol. δῶμα:—Lat. NOMEN, a name; δνομα θεῖναι τι to give one a name; δνομα φέρεσθαι to bear a name; δνομο καλεῖν τινα to call one by a name. II. name, fame, report, whether good or bad. III. name, as opp. to reality, esp. opp. to ἔργον, like λόγος. 2. a false name, pretence, pretext; ἐπ' δνόματι under the pretence. IV. δνομα is also used with the names of persons, for the person, like κῆρα, as ὁ φίλτατον δνομα Πολυνέικους. V. a word, expression: a saying. VI. in Grammar, a noun, Lat. nomen, opp. to ῥήμα, Lat. verbum.

δνομάζω Ion. ονόμαζω: fut. δνομάζω Aeol. δνιμάζω: aor. I ἀνόμασα: pf. ἀνόμακα:—Pass., aor. I ἀνομάσθην: pf. ἀνόμασμαι: (δνομα):—to name, speak of, call or address by name. 2. to name or speak of, as opp. to doing, as δνομα opp. to ἔργον. 3. to call one by a name, δνομάζειν τινά τι; also σοφιστήν δνομάζουσι τὸν ἄνδρα εἶναι they call the man a sophist by name: δνομάζειν ἀπό or ἐκ τινος to name or call from or after another; so also ἐπὶ τινος or τινι:—Med. to have one called by a name, name:—Pass. to be called by a name.

*ONOMAI, 2 sing. δνοσαι, 3 pl. δνόνται; imperat. δνοσο, 3 sing. opt. δνοιτο: fut. δνόσομαι Ep. δνόσομαι: aor. I ἀνοσάμην, opt. δνοσαίμην, αιο, αιτο, Ep. inf. δνόσσασθαι; also aor. I pass. ἀνόςθην: Homer has also Ep. 2 pl. pres. σύνεσθε, 3 sing. aor. ἔδνατο: Dep.:—to blame, reject, find fault, be discontented with, scold: c. gen., οὐδ' ὥς σε ἔολπα δνόσεσθαι κακότητος not even thus do I fancy that thou wilt be discontented with thy ill fortune.

ὀνομαίνω: fut. ὀνομήσω Ion. ὀνομανέω: aor. I ἠνόμηνα Ep. ὀνόμηνα: (ὄνομα):—poët. for. ὀνομάζω, to name, call by name, Lat. *nomino*: also, to give a name to, call by a name. 2. to promise to do. 3. to name, appoint. 4. to pronounce, utter.

ὀνομα-καλέειν, Adv. (ὄνομα, καλέω) calling by name, by name, Lat. *nominatim*.

ὀνομα-κλυτός, ὄν, (ὄνομα, κλυτός) of famous name, renowned. II. act. celebrating.

ὀνομαστῆ, Adv. (ὀνομάζω) by name, Lat. *nominatim*. ὀνομαστός Ion. οὐν-, ἦ, ὄν, (ὀνομάζω) named: to be named, to be mentioned. II. of name or note, famous, glorious: of things, memorable.

ὀνοματο-λόγος, ὁ, (ὄνομα, λέγω) one who tells people's names, Lat. *nomenclator*.

ὀνόμηνα, Ep. aor. I of ὀνομαίνω. "ΟΝΟΣ, ὁ and ἦ, an ass, Lat. *asinus*, *asina*: Proverbs: *περὶ ὄνου σκιάς* for an ass's shadow, like Lat. *de lana caprina*, i. e. for a mere trifle: ὄνου πόκα ass's wool, like ὀνιδὸν γάλα, of something not existing. II. from the ass being a beast of burden, the name was applied to, I. a windlass, crane, pulley. 2. the upper millstone. III. a beaker, wine-cup, prob. from its shape.

ὀνοσάμενος, Ep. aor. I med. part. of ὀνομαι. ὀνόσσεσθαι, Ep. for ὀνόσσεσθαι, lat. inf. of ὀνομαι. ὀνοστός, ἦ, ὄν, (ὀνομαι) to be blamed or scorned. ὀνοτάζω, like ὀνομαι, to blame, rail at.

ὀνοτός, ἦ, ὄν, for ὀνοστός. ὀνο-φορβός, ὄν, (ὄνος, φέρβω) an ass-keeper. ὄντα, τὰ, pl. part. neut. of εἰμί, the things which actually exist, the present, opp. to the past and future:—also reality, truth. II. that which one has, property, fortune.

ὄντως, Adv. part. of εἰμί *sum*, really, actually. ὄνυμα, τό, Aeol. for ὄνομα. Hence ὄνυμάζω, ὀνυμαίνω, Aeol. for ὄνομ-, ὄνυξ, ὄνυχος, ὁ, dat. pl. ὄνυξι Ep. ὄνυχεςσι: 1. in pl. the talons of a bird of prey: also in sing., of beasts of prey, a claw; of human beings, a nail, Lat. *unguis*; of cattle, a hoof; ὄνυχας ἐπ' ἄρουρα στήναι to stand on tiptoe, Lat. *summis digitis*. 2. ἐξ ἀπαλῶν ὄνυχων, Horace's *de tenero ungui*, from a tender age. II. a gem streaked with veins, an onyx: also any vessel made of it.

ὄνυχεςσι, Ep. dat. pl. of ὄνυξ. ὀξ-άλμη, ἡ, (ὄξος, ἄλμη) a sauce made of vinegar and brine.

ὀξεία, Ion. for ὀξεῖα, fem. of ὀξύς:—ὀξέσι, dat. pl. ὀξέως, Adv. of ὀξύς, sharply.

ὀξηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (ὄξος) of or for vinegar; κέραμος ὀξηρός a jar for vinegar.

ὀξύληγος [γ], οὐ, ὁ, (ὄξος) sour, of wine. 2. metaph. sour-tempered, crabbed.

ὀξύς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ὄξος) a vinegar-cruet, Lat. *acetabulum*. II. a sort of shrimp.

ὄξος, εὖς, τό, (ὄξύς) sour wine: vinegar, Lat. *acetum*.

ΟΞΥ'Α or ὀξύη, ἡ, a kind of beech. II. a spear-shaft made from its wood: generally, a spear.

ὀξύ-βάφων, τό, (ὀξύς, βάπτω) a vinegar-saucer, Lat. *acetabulum*: a shallow dish or saucer.

ὀξύ-βελής, ἐς, (ὀξύς, βέλος) sharp-pointed: generally, pointed, rough.

ὀξύ-βόας and ὀξύ-βόης, οὐ, ὁ, (ὀξύς, βοάω) shrill-screaming: sharp-huzzing.

ὀξύ-γυός, οὐ, (ὀξύς, γυός) shrill-wailing.

ὀξύ-δερκής, ἐς, (ὀξύς, δέρκομαι) sharp-sighted, quick-sighted: Sup. ὀξύδερκέστατος.

ὀξύ-δουπος, οὐ, (ὀξύς, δοῦπος) sharp-sounding, shrill-sounding.

ὀξύ-θεῖρος, οὐ, (ὀξύς, ζθεῖρα) with sharp, pointed hair: irreg. plur. ὀξύθειρες.

ὀξύ-θηκτος, οὐ, (ὀξύς, θήγω) sharp-edged, sharp-pointed: metaph. sharply goaded.

ὀξύθυμῶ, f. ἦσω, (ὀξύθυμος) to be quick to anger, quick-tempered:—also as Pass. to be provoked. Hence ὀξύθυμία, ἡ, quickness to anger, cholera.

ὀξύ-θυμος, οὐ, (ὀξύς, θυμός) quick to anger, quick-tempered, passionate, choleric.

ὀξύ-κάρδιος, οὐ, (ὀξύς, καρδία) quick-tempered.

ὀξύ-κίνητος, οὐ, (ὀξύς, κινέω) moved quickly. [1]

ὀξύ-κομος, οὐ, (ὀξύς, κόμη) with pointed hair: of plants, with prickly leaves.

ὀξύ-κώκυτος, οὐ, (ὀξύς, κωκύνω) loudly wailed.

ὀξύλαβῶ, (ὀξύλαβής) to seize quickly: to seize the opportunity.

ὀξύ-λαβής, ἐς, (ὀξύς, λαβείν) seizing quickly.

ὀξύ-λάλος, οὐ, (ὀξύς, λαλέω) glib-tongued.

ὀξύ-μελής, ἐς, (ὀξύς, μέλος) clear-singing.

ὀξύ-μέριμνος, οὐ, (ὀξύς, μέριμνα) keenly laboured or studied.

ὀξύ-μήντιος, οὐ, (ὀξύς, μηνίω) quickly roused to wrath; φόνος ὀξύμήντιος murder in hot blood.

ὀξύ-μολπος; οὐ, (ὀξύς, μολπή) clear-singing.

ὀξύ-μωρος, οὐ, (ὀξύς, κώρος) pointedly foolish:—as Subst., ὀξύμωρον, τό, a remark that seems to contradict itself, a paradox, such as, insanians apientia or concordia discors.

ὀξύθυεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of ὀξύνω.

ὀξύτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a sharpener. From ὀξύνω, f. ἔνω, (ὀξύς) to make sharp or pointed, to sharpen. 2. metaph. to spur on, stimulate, sharpen: also to provoke:—Pass. to be provoked.

ὀξύτεος, εἶσα, εν, poët. for ὀξύς, sharp-pointed; or from ὀξύνα with beechen shaft.

ὀξύ-δοτράκος, οὐ, (ὀξύς, δοτράκον) with a sharp jagged shell.

ὀξύ-παγής, ἐς, (ὀξύς, παγῆναι) sharp-pointed.

ὀξύ-πενκής, ἐς, (ὀξύς, πένκη) sharp-pointed.

ὀξύ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδός, (ὀξύς, ποῦς) swift-footed.

ὀξύ-πρωρος, οὐ, (ὀξύς, πρόρα) having a sharp prow: generally, with a sharp front or point.

ὀξύ-ρεπής, ἐς, poët. for ὀξύρρεπής, = ὀξύρροπος.

ὀξύρ-ροπος, οὐ, (ὀξύς, ῥέτω) quick-turning, nicely

poised, of a delicate balance; easily swayed: metaph. easily roused or led on, Lat. *propensus*.

ΟΕΥΣ, δέξια Ion. δέξα, δέξυ, sharp, keen, pointed; λίθος δέξυς a sharpened stone for a knife; ἐς δέξυ ἀνιγμένον brought to a point; τὸ δέξυ the sharp point, or vertex of a triangle. II. of impressions on the senses, sharp, keen, piercing; of the sun, like rapidus sol in Virgil, dazzling. 2. of sight, keen, piercing; δέξυτατον δερκεσθαι to be most keen of sight; δέξυ ἀκούειν to be quick of hearing. 3. of sound, sharp, shrill, opp. to βαρύς. 4. of taste, sharp, pungent. 5. of pain or grief, sharp, piercing. III. quick, sharp, keen, basty, esp. quick to anger. IV. of motion, quick, swift.—Besides Adv. δέξως, the neut. δέξυ, and pl. δέξια, are often used as Adv. sharply, etc.

δέξυ-στομος, on, (δέξυς, στόμα) sharp-toothed; of the gad-fly, sharp-stinging; of a sword, keen-edged. δέξυ-τενής, ἐς, (δέξυς, τεῖνω) = δέξυτος. δέξυτης, ητος, ῆς, (δέξυς) sharpness, pointedness. II. of sound, highness of pitch or tone. 2. of taste, pungency. III. metaph. sharpness, cleanness. 2. of action, quickness, haste.

δέξυ-τόμος, on, (δέξυς, τεμῖν) sharp-cutting, keen. δέξυ-τονος, on, (δέξυς, τόνος) stretched to a point: sharp, piercing: violent. II. having the acute accent, i. e. accent on the last syllable, oxytone.

δέξυ-τόρος, on, (δέξυς, τεῖνω) piercing, pointed, prickly. δέξυ-φθογγος, on, (δέξυς, φθόγγος) = δέξυφανος. δέξυ-φρων, onος, δ, ῆς, (δέξυς, φρήν) sharp-witted. δέξυ-φωνος, on, (δέξυς, φωνή) with clear, shrill voice. δέξυ-χειρ, χειρος, δ, ῆς, (δέξυς, χεῖρ) quick of hand. 2. δέξυ χειρ κτύπος a sound of quick-beating with the bands.

δέξυ-χολος, on, (δέξυς, χόλος) quick to anger. δέξυ-ωπής, ἐς, (δέξυς, ὥψ) sharp-sighted. δου, Ep. for οὐ, gen. of οὐς or οὔ. δπα, Dor. for δπη.

δπαδῶ, δπαδός, Dor. for δπηδέω: δπηδός, an attendant. ΟΠΑΖΩ, f. δπάσω Ep. δπάσω: aor. I ὤψα Ep. ὤπασα:—Med., Ep. fut. δπάσομαι, Ep. aor. I ὤπασαμην:—to make to follow, give as a companion or follower; πολλὸν λαὸν δπάειν τινί to give him much people to follow, i. e. make him leader over many:—Med. to make another follow one, take as a companion or follower. II. of things, κῦδος δπάειν τινί to give him glory to follow:—to add, attach, annex to:—generally, to give, grant, bestow; ἔργον πρὸς ἀπιδί δπάειν to put a work of art on the shield. III. to follow, pursue, press hard: absol. to force one's way:—Pass., χειμαρρὸς δπαζόμενος Διὸς δμῶν a torrent forced on (i. e. swollen with) the rain.

δπαίος, α, on, (δπη) with a hole or opening: as Subst., δπαῖον, τό, a hole in the roof. δπανίκα, Dor. for δπανίκα. δπάσαιμι, aor. I opt. of δπάω.

δπασσε, δπάσσατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I act. and med. of δπάω.

δπάσσει, Ep. for δπάσει, 2 sing. fut. med. of δπάω.

δπατρος, on, for δπα-πάτρος, (δπάς, πατήρ) by the same father. δπάων [α], onος, Ion. δπῆων, -εἰνος, δ, (δπάω) like δπηδός, a companion, comrade, esp. in war: later a servant, attendant.

ΟΠΕΑΣ, ἄρος, τό, an awl, Lat. *subula*: Aeol. ὕπεας, which is the usual form. δπερ, Ep. for ὅσπερ. δπῆων, onος, δ, Ion. for δπάων.

ΟΠΗ, ῆς, ἡ, an opening, bole: a bole in the roof, for a chimney. δπη Ep. δπηγ Dor. δπη Ion. δκη, Adv. of Place, by which way, Lat. *qua*, and so *where*, like ὅπου, Lat. *ubi*: also like ὅποι, *whither*, Lat. *quo*. 2. α: gen., δπη γὰρ, Lat. *quo terrarum?* to which part of the land? also like Lat. *ubi terrarum?* *where?* 11. of Manner, in what way? how?

δπηδέω, Dor. δπαδέω, to follow, accompany, attend, go with another. From δπηδός, ὄν, Dor. δπαδός, (δπάω) accompanying, attending: and as Subst. δπηδός, δ, an attendant. δπηγίκα, Adv. when, at what time. II. since, Lat. *quoniam*.

δπίας, on, δ, (δπός) cheese made from milk curdled with fig-juice (δπός): in full τυρός δπίας. δπιζομαι, f. -ίσομαι: Dep.: (δπις):—to have respect for, care for, regard: to stand in awe of, dread, fear: also to reverence, honour, obey. δπίθε and δπίθεν, Adv., poet. for δπισθε, δπισθεν. δπιθύμ-βροτος, on, poet. for δπισθύμβροτος, (δπιθε, βροτός) coming after a mortal; δπισθύμβροτεν αὐχίμα the glory that lives after men.

Οπικοί, οί, the Opicans, an ancient people of Italy: Adj. Οπικός, ῆς, ὄν, ancient, barbarous, Gothic. δπιπτεύω, f. σαι, (*δπιτομαι) to look around after, gaze curiously at: generally, to observe, watch. δπίς, ιδος, ῆς, acc. δπιν or δπίδα, (δψ) regard paid to a person or thing: I. in bad sense, vengeance, punishment; δπις θεῶν the vengeance of the gods. 2. in good sense, reward, favour, regard. 3. awe, veneration, respect, Lat. *reverentia*. δπισθα, Adv., Aeol. and Dor. for δπισθε.

δπισθε, and before a vowel δπισθεν, Ep. δπίθε, δπίθεν: (δπις): Lat. *postea*: I. of Place, after, behind, opp. to πρόσθε in front; εἰ δπισθε those left behind; οἱ δπισθε λόγοι the remaining books; τὸ or τὰ δπισθε the hinder parts, rear, back; εἰς τοῦτιθεν back, backwards. 2. as Prep. with gen., behind: also inferior, second to. II. of Time, after, in future, hereafter.

δπισθιος, α, on, also os, on, (δπισθε) binder, Lat. *posticus*: δπ. σκέλεα the bind-legs. δπισθο-βάμων, on, gen. onος, (δπισθε, βαῖνω) walking backwards. [α] δπισθό-γράφος, on, (δπισθε, γράφω) written on the back or cover.

ὀπισθό-δετος, *ον*, (ὀπισθε, δεῶ) *bound behind or backwards.*

ὀπισθό-δομος, *ο*, (ὀπισθε, δόμος) *the back chamber of a temple: at Athens the cella of the old temple of Athena: in the citadel, used as the treasury.*

ὀπισθα-νόμος, *ον*, (ὀπισθε, νέμω) *grazing backwards, of certain cattle with large horns slanting forwards.*

ὀπισθο-νύγης, *ές*, (ὀπισθε, νυγῆναι) *prickin' from behind.*

ὀπισθό-πους, *ο*, *ή*, *πουν*, *το*, *gen.* ποδός, (ὀπισθε, ποῖς) *walking behind, following, attendant.*

ὀπισθοφύλαξ, *ς*, *ήσω*, (ὀπισθοφύλαξ) *to guard the rear, form the rear-guard. II. to command the rear-guard. Hence*

ὀπισθοφύλακία, *ή*, *the command of the rear.*

ὀπισθο-φύλαξ, *ακος*, *ο*, *ή*, (ὀπισθε, φύλαξ) *one who watches behind: οἱ ὀπισθοφύλακες the rear-guard of an army.*

ὀπίσσω, *Adv.*, *Ep.* for ὀπίσω.

ὀπίστατος, *η*, *ον*, (ὀπισθε) *hindmost, Lat. postremus!*

ὀπίσω *Ep.* ὀπίσσω, *Adv.* (ὀπίς) *of Place, behind, backwards: τὸ ὀπίσω, contr. τοῦπίσω, also εἰς τοῦπίσω, backwards. 2. as Prep. with gen. after, behind. III. of Time, afterwards, hereafter.*

over again, again. [r]

ὀπλᾶς, *Dor.* for ὀπλής, *gen.* of ὀπλή.

ὀπλήω, (ὅπλον) *poët.* for ὀπλίζω, *to make ready.*

ὀπλή, *ή*, (ὅπλον) *a hoof, properly the solid hoof of a horse: but also the cloven hoof of horned cattle.*

ὀπλήεις, *εσσα*, *εν*, (ὅπλον) *armed.*

Ὀπλήτης, *οἷ*, = ὀπλῆται, *name of one of the four old tribes at Athens.*

ὀπλίζω, *f. ἴσω* *Att. ῶ*: *aor.* ὤπλισα *Ep.* ὤπλισσα: —*Med.*, *Ep. aor.* ἰ ὤπλισσάμην: —*Pass.*, *aor.* ἰ ὤπλι-σθην, *Ep.* 3 *pl.* ὤπλισθεν: *pf.* ὤπλισμαι: —*to make or get ready: of meats, to dress: so in Med., δόρπον ὀπλίζεσθαι to prepare one a meal: of horses, to get ready, harness: of soldiers, to equip, arm, harness: also, to train, exercise. 2. to arm as ὀπλῆται. II.*

Pass. to get ready, be ready: to arm, prepare for battle. Hence

ὀπλῖσις, *ή*, *a preparing for war, equipment, accoutrement, arming.*

ὀπλισμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (ὀπλίζω) *equipment, armour II. an army, armament.*

ὀπλισμός, *ο*, (ὀπλίζω) = ὀπλῖσις.

ὀπλιστής, *εν*, *verb. Adj.* of ὀπλίζω, *one must arm*

ὀπλιστής, *οῦ*, *ο*, (ὀπλίζω) *of a warrior.*

ὀπλιτ-ἀγωνίε, *όν*, (ὀπλῆτης, ἀγω) *commanding the heavy-armed.*

ὀπλιτεύω, *f. ἴω*, *to be an ὀπλίτης, serve as a heavy-armed soldier. From*

ὀπλίτης [r], *ου*, *ο*, (ὅπλον II. 2) *heavy-armed, armed in full armour: ὀπλίτης στρατός an armed host. II.*

as Subst., ὀπλίτης, *ου*, *ο*, *a heavy-armed foot-soldier, who carried a pike (δέρυ), and a large shield (ὅπλον),*

a man-at-arms: opp. to light-armed troops, ψιλοὶ or γυμνῆτες, γυμνήται. Hence

ὀπλιτικός, *ή*, *όν*, *of or for a heavy-armed soldier: τὸ ὀπλικόν, = οἱ ὀπλῆται.*

ὀπλομαι, *Med.* (ὅπλον) *poët.* for ὀπλίζομαι, *to get ready for oneself.*

ὀπλομάνω, *f. ἴσω*, *to be maaay fond of arms, have a mania for war. From*

ὀπλο-μάνης, *ές*, (ὀπλόν, μακῆναι) *madly fond of arms.*

ὀπλομαχία, *ή*, *the art of using heavy arms: generally, the art of war, tactics. From*

ὀπλο-μάχος, *ον*, (ὅπλα, μάχομαι) *fighting in heavy arms. II. one who drills soldiers.*

ὈΠΛΑΟΝ, *τό*, *any tool or implement: I. a ship's tackling, cordage, cables, ropes, cords: ὅπλα χαλκῆα a blacksmith's tools: ἀρούρης ὅπλον a sickle: ὅπλον γεροντυκόν a staff. II. mostly in plur.*

implements of war, arms whether offensive or defensive, harness, armour: rarely in sing. a weapon: ἐν ὅλοις μένειν to remain under arms. 2. in sing.

mostly the heavy shield used by Greek foot-soldiers, whence the name ὀπλίται. 3. τὰ ὅπλα = ὀπλῆται, heavy-armed soldiers. 4. τὰ ὅπλα also, the camp, quarters.

ὀπλότερος, *α*, *ον*, and ὀπλότατος, *η*, *ον*, *Comp.* and *Sup.* without any *Posit.* in use: *poët.* for νεώτερος, νεώτατος: (ὅπλα): —*those more or most capable of bearing arms, the youth, the men fit for service, opp. to the old men and children:—then, generally, of age, δαλότερος γενεῇ younger by birth, Lat. minor natu:—also, ἄνδρες ὀπλότεροι men of later days.*

ὀπλοφορέω, *f. ἴσω*, *to bear heavy arms, be a heavy-armed soldier:—Pass. to have a body-guard. From*

ὀπλο-φόρος, *ον*, (ὅπλα, φέρω) *bearing arms, armed: as Subst., ὀπλοφόρος, ο*, *an armed man, a warrior. II. one of the body-guard.*

ὀποδᾶπός, *ή*, *όν*, (ποδαπός) *relat. Adj. what sort of a person, esp. of what country, Lat. cujus.*

ὀπόθεν *Ep.* ὀπποθέν *Ion.* ὀκόθεν, *relat. Adv. whence, from what place.*

ὀπόθι *Ep.* ὀποόθι, *relat. Adv. (πόθι) where.*

ὅποι *Ion.* ὅκου, *relat. Adv. of Place, whither, thither where: ὅποι ποτὲ whithersoever: μέχρι ὅποι up to what place, how far. 2. c. gen., ὅποι γῆς whither in the world, Lat. quo terrarum. II. of Manner,*

for ὅπως, how, how far.

ὅποιος, *α*, *εν*, *Ep.* ὀπποῖος, *η*, *ον*, *Ion.* ὅκοῖος, *η*, *ον*: (ποῖος) *relat. Adj. of what sort, kind, or quality, Lat. qualis.*

II. the correlat. of ὅποιος is τοῖος: τοῖος .. ὅποιος such as: ὀπποῖόν κ' εἴρησθα ἔπος, τοῖόν κ' ἐπακούσας such word as thou hast spoken, such shalt thou hear again. III. ὀποῖός τις refers to a special subject: ὀποῖός τις ἦ what manner of man was he. IV. ὀποῖος οὖν of what kind soever, Lat. qualiscunque.

V. Adv. ὀποῖως: also in neut. pl. ὀποῖα, like as, Lat. qualiter.

ὈΠΟ΄Σ, *οῖ*, *οῖ*, *δ*, *juice, esp. of trees or plants, the milky*

juice, resin, or gum: the acid juice of the fig-tree — metaph. ὀπὸς ἡβης the juicy freshness of youth — ὀπός, gen. of ὄψ.

ὀποσάκις, Adv. (ὀπόσος) as many times as .. as often as ... [ᾶ]

ὀποσάχῃ, Adv. (ὀπόσος) at as many places as ...

ὀπόσε Ep. ὀππόσε, Adv., poet. for ὅποι, whither.

ὀπόσος, η, ον, Ep. ὀππόσος, ὀπόσος, ὀππόσος

Ion. ὀκόσος: (πόσος): relat. Adj., I. of Number, as many, as many as .., Lat. quot. II. of Space, as large, as large as .., Lat. quantus.

ὀπότ' ἂν Ep. ὀππότ' ἂν, for ὀπότ' ἂν, (πότε): Conj. followed by subjunctive, whenever, Lat. quando-cunque.

ὀπότε Eo. ὀππότε Ion. ὀκότε, relat. Conj. when, Lat. quando. II. in causal sense, for that, because, since.

ὀπότερος, α, ον, Ep. ὀππότερος, η, ον: (πότερος): — which of two, whither of the twain, Lat. uter: also which of us two, which of you two. 2. ὀποτερο-σούν and ὀπότερος δήποτε, whichever of the two, Lat. utervis, uterlibet, utercunque. 3. neut. ὀπότερον

and ὀπότερα as Adv., for ὀποτέρως, in whichever of two ways: also for πότερον, whether, Lat. utrum, when there is choice of two things. II. one of two, Lat. alteruter. Hence

ὀποτέρωθε, — ὅθεν Ep. ὀπποτ-, relat. Adv. from which of the two, from whether of the twain

ὀποτέρως, relat. Adv. in whichever of two ways..

ὀποτέρωσε, relat. Adv. (ὀπότερος) to which or whichever of two sides; in which of two ways.

ὅπου Ion. ὅκου, relat. Adv. where, Lat. ubi. 2. also c. gen., ὅπου γῆς where in the world, Lat. ubi terrarum. 3. ἔσθ' ὅπου there are places, where... i. e. in some places, somewhere, as Lat. est ubi .., for alicubi.

4. ὅπου ἂν or ὅπουκερ ἂν, wherever: — ὅπουοῦν, ὅπουοῦν, ὅπουοῦν, wherever, Lat. ubicunque. II. of Time, like Lat. ubi, when, at the time when. III. of Manner, how. IV. Causal, because, since, Lat. quando, quoniam. (Really gen. of an old Pron. *ὄρος.

ὄππα, Adv. poet. for ὄπα, Dor. for ὄπη. ὄππατα, Dor. for ὄμματα.

ὄπη, Adv., Ep. for ὄπη.

ὄππθεν, ὄππθι, Ep. for ὄπθεν, ὄπθι.

ὄπποιος, ὄππόσε, Ep. for ὄποιος, ὄπόσε.

ὄπποκά, Dor. for ὄπότε

ὄππόσος, η, ον, Ep. for ὄπόσος.

ὄππόταν, ὄππότ' ᾧ, Ep. for ὄπτόταν, ὄπτότ' ᾧ.

ὄππότε, Ep. for ὄπότε.

ὄππότερος, ὄππότεροθεν, Ep. for ὄπότερ-.

ὄππως, Ep. for ὄπως.

ὄπτῆλος, α, ον, (ὄπτάω) roasted: also baked.

ὄπτάιον, τό, (ὄπτάω) a kitchen.

ὄπτασία, ἡ, (ὄψομαι) a vision.

ὄπτα, ἡ, impf. ὄπταν: I. ὄπτήσω:—Pass., aor.

I ὄπτήσῃν: pf. ὄπτημαι:—to roast or broil meat, opp. to ἔψω, to boil. 2. to bake bread; also of

pottery, to bake or burn. 3. to bake, harden by

exposure to the sun.

scorch, burn.

ὄπτεύμενος, Dor. for ὄπτάμενος, pres. pass. part. ὄπτάω.

ὄπτεύω, — ὄράω, to see.

ὄπτήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (ὄψομαι) one who looks after a thing, a spy, Lat. speculator.

ὄπτήριος, α, ον, (ὄψομαι) of or belonging to sight: τὰ ὄπτήρια (sub. ὄρα), presents made by the bridegroom on seeing the bride without the veil: generally, presents upon seeing or to see a person.

ὄπτῖλος [r], ὄ, (ὄψομαι) the eye; Dor. also ὄπτῖλλος. *ὄπτομαι, obsol. pres. whence the tenses of ὄράω are formed: see ὄράω.

ὄπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄπτάω) roasted: generally, prepared by fire, baked: ἔφθα καὶ ὄπτά boiled meats and roast: also of pottery, etc., baked or burned.

ὄπτις Att. ὄπτις, f. ὄπτις [v]: I. Act. of

the man, to marry, wed, take to wife, have to wife: ὄπτινους married men, opp. to the unmarried (ἡ-θεοί). II. Pass., of the woman, to be married, become a wife.

ὄπτα, Ion. pf. med. of ὄράω: Dor. 3 sing. ὄπτη.

ὄπτη, ἡ, (ὄπταω) poet. for ὄψις, a sight, view, vision. II. sight, power of seeing.

ὄπτητήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (ὄπταω) a spy, looker out.

ὄπτις Ion. ὄπτις, ἡ, properly the part of the year between the rising of Sirius and of Arcturus, the end of summer: it was the rainy and stormy season. II. from being the fruit-time, ὄπτις also means the fruit itself, esp. tree-fruit. III. metaph. the vigour of life, ripe manhood.

ὄπτινους, Ion. for ὄπτινους, part. Att. fut. of ὄπτις.

ὄπτις, f. ὄπτις Att. ὄπτις, (ὄπτις) to gather fruits. II. to gather fruits off a tree.

ὄπτις, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄπτις) of or at the time of early autumn, autumnal; ἀστὴρ ὄπτις the summer-star, dog-star, also Σείριος, whose rising marked the beginning of ὄπτις. [i is long Ep., when last syll. is long.]

ὄπτις, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄπτις) to bear fruit. From

ὄπτις, ὄπτις, ὄν, (ὄπτις) bearing fruit.

ὄπτις Ep. ὄπτις Ion. ὄπτις:—relat. Conj. of Manner, how, in what way or manner, Lat. quomodo. 2

sometimes put for οἷος, as, τοῖον με ἔθηκεν, ὄπτις ἔθελαι, for οἷον ἔθελαι, he has made me such as he wills. 3. ὄπτις ἔχω as I am, i. e. immediately, on the spot. 4. c. gen., σούσθε ὄπτις ὡδῶν (sub. ἔχετε), run as you are off for fest, i. e. as quick as you can. 5. ὡσούθι, ὡσούσιν, ὡσούσιν, ὡσούσιν, in what manner soever; so, οὐδ' ὡσούσιν, not in any way whatever, not in the least. 6. οὐκ ἔσθ' ὄπτις it is not (i. e. cannot be) that ..; but, οὐκ ἔσθ' ὄπτις οὐ, Lat. non fieri potest quin... it cannot but be that.. II. like Lat. ut, if Time, when, as, so soon as; Τῶς ἱππύρῃσαν, ὄπτις ἰδὼν ἀλλοὺν ὤφιν the Trojans shuddered when they saw. III. like ᾧ and ὅτι, Lat. quam, with Sup.

of Adv. ὅπως τάχιστα as quickly as possible, Lat. quam celerrime; ὅπως ἄριστα as well as possible.

B. ὅπως as final Conjunction, denoting an end or purpose, *that, in order, that, so that*, Lat. quā ut, followed,

I. by the Subjunct. when the anteceded.

Verb is of pres. time, as, ὅρα ὅπως γένηται he is looking *that* he may be; πείρα, ὅπως κεν ἵκηαι keep trying *that* thou mayest come:—also elliptically (sub. ὅρα, ὅρατε, etc.) to express a caution, usually with μή, as, ὅπως τοῦτο γε μὴ ποιήσῃς, [see] thou do it not; so also with indicat. fut., ὅπως ἄνδρες ἔσεσθε see *that* ye be men!

II. by the Optat., if the anteceded. Verb be of past time, whether imperf. or aor., as, ἔλεγον (εἶπον) ὅπως γένοιτο I kept speaking (spoke) *that* it might be done.

III. by the Indicat. of fut.; θέλγει ὅπως Ἰθακῆς ἐπιλήσεται she beguiles him *with the view that* he should forget Ithaca: also to convey a caution, δεῖ σ' ὅπως δειφέῃς.

IV. in Att. occurs the phrase οὐχ ὅπως, ἀλλὰ or ἀλλὰ καί. . . not only not so, but . . . οὐχ ὅπως χάριν αὐτοῖς ἔχεις, ἀλλὰ καὶ κατὰ τὸν αὐτὸν πολιτεύῃ you not only are not grateful to them, but you are even taking measures against them:—in full, οὐ λέγω ὅπως I do not say *that*, etc.; so, οὐχ ὅπως, ἀλλ' οὐδέ ποτ' only not so, but not at all. V. ὅπως μή, = the Conjunction μή: generally used only with aor. 2 subj., or with indicat. fut.

ὁράας, Ep. for ὁράς, 2 sing. of ὁράω.

ὁράμα, τό, (δοῶν) *that which is seen, a view, sight*.

ὁράμνος, ὁ, later form of ὁρδαμνος.

ὁράσας, εὼς, ἡ, (ὁράω) *seeing, the sense of sight*.

ὁρατός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὁράω) *to be seen, visible*; τὰ ὁρατά *visible objects*.

'ΟΡΑΩ, impf. Att. ἑώραν: Ion. ὁρέω impf. ὤρεον: Ep. also ὁρώω: pf. ἑώρακα later ἑώρακα, pass. ἑώραμαι later ἑώραμαι. Other tenses are supplied from the Root *ΟΡΗ-ΟΜΑΙ, fut. ὄψομαι, with a rare aor. I ὤψαμην: Pass., fut. ὀφθήσομαι: aor. I ὤφθην inf. ὀφθῆναι: pf. ὤμμαι, ὤμμαι, ὤπται, inf. ὤφθαι: there is also in Ep. a perf. med. ὄποπα, plqpf. ὄπῳπειν from the same Root.* Lastly, from the Root *ΙΔΩ are formed also aor. 2 act. εἶδον inf. ἰδεῖν: aor. 2 med. εἰδόμεν, inf. ἰδέσθαι: pf. with pres. sense οἶδα, οἶστα, I know, etc., inf. εἰδέναι (see οἶδα).

To see, to look; κατ' αὐτοὺς αἰὲν ὄρα (3 Ep. impf.) *be kept looking continually at them* 2. to have sight, like βλέπω, opp. to μὴ ὁρᾶν to be blind; ὄσ' ἂν λέγοιμι, πάνθ' ὁρᾶντα λέξομαι my words *shall have eyes*, i. e. shall have meaning; ἐν σκότειν ὀφθαλμοῖς *may they have sight in darkness*, i. e. may they be blind. 3. to see, look to, take heed, beware, mostly in Imperat. ὄρα εἰ . . . 4. c. acc. cognate, ὁρᾶν ἄλκων to look prowess, ἰοοκ like a warrior. 5.

trans. to see, look at, behold, perceive, observe, c. acc.; ὁρᾶν φάος Ἥελιοιο (Hom.), and φᾶς ὁρᾶν (Att.) to see the light, i. e. to be alive.

II. Pass. to be seen, also to appear; c. part., ὤφθην ὄντες ἄλλοις *we were*

seen to be wretched: τὰ ὁρώμενα *things visible*. III. of the mind, to discern, perceive.

ὀργάζω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ὀργασα: p. pass. ὀργασμαι: (ὀργάζω):—to soften, knead, mould, Lat. subig.

ὀργαίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ὀργάνα: (ὀργή):—to make angry, enrage.

II. intr. to grow or be angry.

ὀργάνον, τό, Dim. of ὀργάνον, a small tool or instrument.

ὀργάνον, τό, (εργον) an instrument, implement, tool, engine; λαῖνα Ἀμφίονος ὄργανα, the stony works of Amphion, i. e. the walls of Thebes.

II. a musical instrument. III. the material of a work. IV. the work, product itself.

ὀργάνος, η, ὄν, (*ἐργω) working, fashioning.

ὀργάς (sub. γῆ), ἄδος, ἡ, (ὀργάω) a well-watered, fertile tract of land, a meadow.

ὀργάω, (ὀργή) to swell or teem with moisture: of soil, to abound, swell with produce: of fruit, to swell as it ripens; c. inf., ὀργά ἀμᾶσθαι [the crop] is ripe for cutting.

II. of animals, to swell with lust, wax wanton, be at heat: to be excited, passionate. 2. c. gen. to yearn or long for.

ὀργέων, ανος, Ep. ὀργέων, ονος, δ, (ὀργια) a priest.

ὀργή, ἡ, (ὀρέγω) impulse, feeling: the temperament, disposition, temper, esp. in pl., ὀργαὶ ἀσυννόμοι social dispositions.

II. any violent emotion or passion, anger, wrath; ὀργῇ χρᾶσθαι to indulge one's anger; ὀργὴν ἄκρος prone to anger, passionate: ὀργῇ as Adv. in anger, in a passion: so. also δι' ὀργῆς, κατ' ὀργὴν, μετ' ὀργῆς, πρὸς ὀργὴν. 2. Παρὰ ὀργαί panic passions, terrors.

ὀργία, ἰων, τὰ, (ἐργων) only used in pl., secret rites, secret worship, practised by the initiated alone at the secret worship of Demeter at Eleusis: also the rites of Bacchus, orgies

II. any rites, worship, sacrifice. 2. any mysteries, without reference to religion. Hence

ὀργιάζω, f. ἄσω, to celebrate orgies. II. to solemnise or celebrate any sacred rites.

ὀργίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰω: aor. I ὀργισα: (ὀργή):—to make angry, provoke to anger, irritate.

II. Pass., with fut. med. ὀργιούμαι, but also pass. ὀργισθήσομαι: aor. I ὀργίσθην: pf. ὀργισμαι:—to grow angry, be wrath.

ὀργίλος [ἔ], η, ὄν, (ὀργή) prone to anger, passionate. ὀργιο-φάντης, ον, ὁ, (ὀργια, φαίνω) one who initiates others into orgies.

ὀργυιά or ὀργυιά, ἡ, (formed from ὀρέγω, as ἀγυιά from ἀγω) the length of the outstretched arms. 1. as a measure of length, = 4 πήχεις or 6 feet 1 inch, about our fathom: 100 ὀργυιαί make one stadium. Hence

ὀργυιαῖος, α, ὄν, a fathom long or large.

ὀρεγμα, ατος, τό, (ὀρέγω) a stretching out: a holding out, offering.

ὀργένυς, = ὀρέγω, whence ὀργένυς (part. pres.)

'ΟΡΕΤΩ, fut. ὀρέω: aor. I ὤρεψα:—to reach, stretch out, extend, Lat. porrigo: to stretch out the

hands in entreaty.

2. *to reach out, band, offer, give.*

II. Med. *δρέγομαι*, with aor. I med. *ἔδραμην*, and pass. *ἔδρεχθην*: pf. pass. *ἔδρεγμαι*:—*to stretch oneself out, reach out; χερσὶ δρέεσθαι* to reach with the hands; *δρέεσθαι ἐγγχεῖ* to lunge, thrust out with the spear; *ποσσὶν δρερέχεται* (pf.) *πολεμίζων* of horses, they stretched themselves with their feet (i. e. went at full gallop) to the fight; *δρέεζατ' ἅν* he stretched himself as he went, i. e. went at full stride.

2. c. gen. *to reach at or to a thing, grasp at: to reach at, aim a blow at: metaph. to reach after, grasp at, desire.* 3. c. acc. *to reach, gain one's end: also to reach with a weapon, strike, wound: to band to oneself, reach for oneself.*

δρεῖ-ἀρχης, ου, δ, (δρῆς, ἀρχω) *lord of the mountains.*

δρεῖας, ἄδος, ἡ, (δρος) *pecul. fem. of δρεῖος, of or belonging to mountains.*

II. sub. *Νύμφη*, an Oread, mountain-nymph.

δρεῖβᾶτew, *to roam the mountains.* From

δρεῖ-βάτης, ου, δ, (δρος, βαλva) *mountain-ranging.*

δρεῖδρομία, ἡ, *a running wild over the hills.* From

δρεῖ-δρόμος, ου, (δρος, δρεμῖν) *running on the hills.*

δρεῖ-νόμος, ου, (δρος, νέμω) *feeding on the mountains, mountain-ranging.*

δρεῖνός, ἡ, ὄν, (δρος) *mountainous, billy.*

II. on or of a mountain: as Subst., *δρεῖνός*, δ, *a mountaineer.*

δρεῖο-νόμος, ου, = *δρεῖνός*.

δρεῖος, α, ου, also ος, ου, Ion. *οὔρεος*, (δρος) *mountainous, billy: also, living on the mountains.*

δρεῖο-κάρης, ἐς, (δρος, χαρῆναι) *delighting in the hills.*

δρεῖ-πλαγκτός, see *δρεῖπλαγκτός*.

δρεῖ-τύπος, ου, (δρος, τύπτω) *working in the mountains, i. e. felling timber, or quarrying stone.*

δρεῖ-φοίτης, ου, (δρος, φοιτᾶω) *mountain-ranging.*

δρεῖ-χαλκος, δ, (δρος, χαλκός) *Lat. orichalcum, fine copper ore and the brass made from it: also, fine brass.*

δρεῖώτης, ου, δ, (δρος) *a mountaineer.*

δρεῖκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (δρέγω) *stretched out, presented: also, to be presented.*

δρεῖζόμενος, *δρέζας*, aor. I part. med. and act. of *δρέγω*.

δρεῖτε, εως, ἡ, (δρέγω) *a longing or yearning after a thing, desire for it.*

δρεῖ-κομος, ου, incorrect form of *δρεῖνός*.

δρεῖοντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 med. of *δρυνμι*.

δρεῖοπολίω, *to haunt the mountains.* From

δρεῖο-πόλιος, ου, (δρος, πολίω) *mountain-haunting.*

δρεῖ-τροφός, ου, (δρος, τρέφω) *mountain-bred or reared, epith. of the lion.*

δρεῖ-σκίος, ου, (δρος, σκιά) *shadowed by mountains.*

δρεῖ-κοτος Ep. *δρεῖ-κός*, ου, (δρος, κείμαι) *lying on mountains, mountain-bred, wild.*

δρεῖσ-αῦλος, ου, (δρος, αὐλή) *dwelling in the mountains.*

δρεσσι, Ep. for *δρεσι*, dat. pl. of *δρος*.

δρεσιβᾶτης ου, δ, = *δρεῖβᾶτης*. [X]

δρεσσι-γένης, ἐς, and *δρεσσι-γονος*, ου, (δρος, γένος, γόνος) *mountain-born.*

δρεσσι-νόμος, ου, (δρος, νέμω) Ep. for *δρεῖνός*, *feeding on the mountains, mountain-haunting.*

Ὀρεστής, ἡ, *the tale of Orestes*, the general name for the Agamemnon, Choëphoroe and Eumenides of Aeschylus, being the only extant Trilogy.

δρεῖστροπος, α, ου, (δρος) *poët. for δρεῖνός*, *mountainous, dwelling in the mountains.*

δρεῖστιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (δρος) = *Ὀρεῖας; Νύμφαι δρεῖστιάδες*, *the mountain-nymphs, the Oreads.*

δρεσφί, -φιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. and pl. *δρος*.

δρεψι Ion. *οὔρεψις*, ἐως, δ, (δρος *a mountain*) *a mule.*

δρεψι, Dor. for *δρεος*, gen. of *δρος*.

δρεχεῖν, f. *ἴσω*, = *ἔργεσθαι*, *to stretch oneself; also, to beat fast, pant, quiver, of the heart, etc.; βδεις δρεχέσθων σφαζόμενοι* the steers lay stretched, or quivered convulsively, as they were slain: *θάλασσαν ἐα ποτὶ χέρσων δρεχεῖν* (Dor. inf. for *δρεχεῖν*) let the sea stretch itself (i. e. roll up) to the beach.

δρέω pl. *δρέομεν*, Ion. for *δράω*, *δράομεν*.

δρηται or *δρηται*, *poët. 2 sing. pres. med. of δράω.*

δρημι, Acol. for *δράω*, inf. *δρῆν*, part. *δρης*.

δρητός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for *δρατός*.

δρθα, inf. of *ὄρμην*, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of *δρυνμι*.

δρθεύς, f. σω, (δρθός) = *δρθώω*, *to set upright: set straight.*

Ὀρθία, ἡ, name of Diana in Laconia and Arcadia.

δρθια, neut. pl. of *δρθιος*: used also as Adv. *aloud.*

δρθιάδς, Adv. (δρθιος) *straight up, upwards.*

δρθιάω, f. *ἄω* (δρθιος) *to speak in a high tone of voice or in a high key, speak loud.*

II. *to set upright.*

δρθίασμα, ατος, τό, (δρθιάω) *a high pitch of the voice, a loud shout or cry.*

δρθιος, α, ου, f. t. also ος, ου, (δρθός) *straight up, rising upwards, steep; δρθιον πορεύεσθαι* or *πρὸς ὄρθιον λέναι* to march up hill; *τὰ ὄρθια* the country from the coast upwards.

2. *upright: of animals, standing upright, rearing.*

3. *straight, right.*

IV. of the voice, *high-pitched, loud, shrill, clear; νόμος δρθιος*, *a stirring, shrilling air*: in neut. pl. as Adv., *ἔρθια ἦν* she cried aloud.

III. *ἔρθια ἦν* she cried aloud.

IV. generally, ilke *δρθός*, *straight, opp. to crooked.*

δρθο-βᾶτew, (δρθός, βαλva) *to go straight on or upright.*

δρθό-βουλος, ου, (δρθός, βουλῆ) *right-counselling.*

δρθο-δᾶης, ἐς, (δρθός, δαῖναι) *knowing rightly how to do, c. inf.*

δρθο-δικαιος, ου, (δρθός, δίκαιος) *righteously judging.*

δρθο-δικας, Dor. for *δρθοδίκη*, ου, δ, (δρθός, δικάω) *a righteous judge.* [X]

δρθοδρομέω, *to run straight forward.* From

ὀρθο-δρόμος, *ον*, (ὀρθός, δρᾶμῃ) *running straight forward.*

ὀρθο-ῆπεια, *ῆ*, (ὀρθός, ἔπος) *correct language.*

ὀρθό-θριξ, *τρίχος*, *ὀ*, *ῆ*, (ὀρθός, θρίξ) *with hair up-standing, or making the hair stand on end.*

ὀρθό-κραίρος, *α*, *ον*, (ὀρθός, κραῖρα) *with straight or upright horns*, *epith.* of horned cattle: *with upright beaks*, of the two ends of a galley which turned up so as to resemble horns: *Ep. gen. pl. fem.* ὀρθο-κραϊράων.

ὀρθό-κράνος, *ον*, (ὀρθός, κράνον) *having a high head or crown: with a lofty mound.*

ὀρθομαντεία, *ῆ*, *true prophecy.* From ὀρθό-μαντις, *εως* *Ion* *ιος*, *ὀ*, *ῆ*, (ὀρθός, μάντις) *a true prophet.*

ὀρθο-πάλη, *ῆ*, (ὀρθός, πάλη) *wrestling upright.* [ᾗ] ὀρθό-πλος, *ον*, *contr.* -πλους, *ον*, (ὀρθός, πλώω) *sailing straight before the wind: generally, successful.*

ὀρθοποδεῖν, (ὀρθόπους) *to walk straight or uprightly.*

ὀρθό-πολις, *εως*, *ὀ*, *ῆ*, (ὀρθός, πόλις) *upholding cities.*

ὀρθό-πους, *ὀ*, *ῆ*, -που, *τό*, *gen.* -ποδος, (ὀρθός, πούς) *with straight feet: standing upright.* II. *uphill, steep.*

ὈΡΘΥ *Σ*, *ῆ*, *όν*, *straight*, *Lat. rectus: in height, upright, standing erect.* II. *in line, straight, straight forward, in a straight line: ὀρθός ἀντ' ἡελίου* *τετραμένους* *turned straight to front the sun: ὀρθον πόδα τίθεναι* *to put the foot straight out, as in walking, opp. to κατρεφής* *when it is covered with the robe from not being in motion: βλέπειν ὀρθά* *to see straight or well.*

III. *metaph. right, safe, prosperous.* 2. *right, true, exact: ὀρθ' ἀκούειν* *to be rightly called: ὀρθῶ λέγειν* *in strict terms, in very truth: so Adv., ὀρθῶς λέγειν* *to speak true.* 3. *true, genuine, real.* 4. *upright, righteous, just, Lat. rectus: κατὰ τὸ ὀρθὸν δικάζειν* *to judge righteously.* 5. *on expectation, in eager expectation, Lat. erectus animo.*

IV. *ῆ* ὀρθή (*sub. πτώσις*) *the nominative, Lat. casus rectus, as opp. to the oblique cases.*

ὀρθο-στάδην, *Adv.* (ὀρθός, στήναι) *standing upright, in a standing posture.*

ὀρθο-στάτης, *ον*, *ὀ*, (ὀρθός, στήναι) *one who stands upright*

II. *an upright shaft, pillar: as Adj., κλίμακες ὀρθοστάται* *upright ladders.* III. *a sort of cake used in funeral oblations.* [ᾗ]

ὀρθότατα, *Adv. Sup.* of ὀρθῶς.

ὀρθότης, *ῆτος*, *ῆ*, (ὀρθός) *straightness, upright posture.*

II. *metaph. rigidity, fitness: the right sense.*

ὀρθο-τομέω, (ὀρθός, τέμνω) *to cut straight: handle right.*

ὀρθῶ, *f. ὦσω: aor. I* ὤρθωσα:—*Pass., aor. I* ὤρθω-*θην*—(ὀρθός):—*to set straight:*

I. *in height, to set upright, set up* of buildings, *to raise, restore, repair: hence, ὀρθῶνται* *raised up, set on one's legs again:—Pass. to stand or sit upright.* 2. *in a line,*

to set straight:—Pass. to be aimed straight. II. *metaph. to raise up, restore to health, safety, etc.* 2. *to exalt, honour, extol.* 3. ὀρθῶσαι ὕμνον *to raise the lofty song.* 4. *to guide aright.* III. *Pass.*

of actions, *to succeed: prosper: τὸ ὀρθούμενον* *success: of persons and places, to flourish, prosper.* 2. *to be right, be true.* 3. *to be upright, deal justly or uprightly.*

ὀρθρεῦναι, *Dor.* for *-εὔναι*, *part. fera.* of ὀρθρεῖω, *f. σω*, (ὀρθρος) *to rise or wake early.*

ὀρθρίδιος, *α*, *ον*, *poët.* for ὀρθριος. [ῖ]

ὀρθρίζω, *f. σω*, (ὀρθρος) *to rise, wake early.*

ὀρθρινός [ῖ], *ῆ*, *ύν*, (ὀρθρος) *later form for ὀρθριος.*

ὀρθριος, *α*, *ον*, *also os, on*, (ὀρθρος) *at daybreak, at dawn, in the morning, early: irreg. Comp. and Sup.*

ὀρθραιότερος, -αῖτατος:—*Neut. τὸ ὀρθριον* *or ὀρθριον*, *as Adv. in the morning, early.*

ὀρθρο-βόας, *ον*, *ὀ*, (ὀρθρος, βοάω) *the early caller, Chanticleer, i. e. the cock.*

ὀρθρο-γόνῃ, *ῆ*, (ὀρθρος, γοάω) *early-wailing, of the swallow.*

ὀρθρο-λάλος, *ον*, (ὀρθρος, λαλέω) *early-tittering.*

ὈΡΘΡΟΣ, *ὀ*, *the time about daybreak, dawn, early morn: τὸν ὀρθρον*, *absol., in the morning: so, ὀρθρου γενομένου* *at dawn: and ἅμα ὀρθρῷ, ἐς ὀρθρον, κατ' ὀρθρον, περὶ ὀρθρον: but πρὸς ὀρθρον* *towards dawn: ὀρθρος* *badus* *early morn.*

ὀρθρο-φοντο-συκοφαντο-δικο-τάλαιπρος, *ον*, (ὀρθρος, φοιτάω, συκοφάντης, δίκη, ταλαιπώρος) *ὀρθ. τρόπος* *early-growing base-informing sad-litigious plaguay ways.*

ὀρθωθεῖς, *aor. I pass. part.* of ὀρθῶ.

ὀρθ-ώνυμος, *ον*, (ὀρθός, ὄνομα) *rightly-named.*

ὀρθῶς, *Adv.* of ὀρθός, *rightly: uprightly, justly: truly, really.*

Ὀρθωσία, *ῆ*, = Ὀρθία.

ὀρθωτήρ, *ῆρος*, *ὀ*, (ὀρθῶ) *one who sets upright, a restorer.*

ὀρθ-βάτης, *ον*, *ὀ*, *dub.* for ὀρειβάτης.

ὈΡΙΤΑΝΟΝ, *τό*, and ὀρίγανος, *ῆ*, *an acrid herb, marjoram: ὀρίγανον* *βλέπειν* *to look origanum, i. e. to look sour or crabbed.* [ῖ]

ὀριγνόμεαι, *Med., with fut. -ήσμαι, aor. I pass. ὀριγνήθην: (ὀρέγομαι):—to stretch oneself out.* 2. *c. gen. to stretch oneself after a thing, reach at, grasp at.*

ὀρίζω, *fut.* ὀρίσω *Att.* ὀρίω: *aor. I* ὤρισα *Ion.* ὠ-*ρισα: pf.* ὤρικα:—*Med., fut.* ὀριοῦμαι: *aor. I* ὤρισά-*μην:—Pass., fut.* ὀρισθήσμαι: *aor. I* ὤρισθην: *pf.* ὤρισμαι (sometimes used in *med. sense*): (ὄρος):—*to divide or separate one part from another, to divide as a boundary: ποτιμυδὲ οὐρίζει τήν τε Σκυθικὴν καὶ τὴν Νευρίδα γῆν* *a river is the boundary between Scythia and Neuris:—Pass., of a country, to be bounded.* 2. ὀρίζειν τινα ἀπὸ γῆς *to part, banish one from the land.*

II. *to mark out by boundaries, lay down, mark out: τοῦ ὁρίματος οὐρίζει* *to mark out for oneself, set up, dedicate.* III. *generally, to deter-*

mine, appoint: to settle. 2. to define a word. 3. to assign, ὀρίσειν ψήφον to give a vote. IV. intr. to border upon.

ὄρκος, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄρευσ) of or for a mule.

ὀρηνθεῖν, aor. I pass. opt. of ὀρηνω.

ὀρηνω: aor. I ὀρίνω Ep. ὀρίνα:—Pass. 3 sing. impf. ὀρίνῃτο: aor. I ὀρίνην Ep. ὀρίνην: (ὀρηνυμι):—to stir, raise, Lat. *agitare*: metaph. to move, excite, affect the mind:—Pass. to be stirred, roused, disquieted: to be affrighted, thrown into confusion.

ὄριον, τό, = ὄρος, a bound, goal: ὄρια, τὰ, boundaries, borders, frontier.

ὄριος, ον, (ὄρος) of or presiding over boundaries.

ὄρισμα Ion. οὐρ-, τό, (ὀρίω) a boundary: in plur. the borders, frontier.

ὄριστής, οὗ, ὅ, (ὀρίω) one who marks boundaries: one who determines.

ὀρί-τροφος, ον, (ὄρος, τρέφω) mountain-reared.

ὀρκάνη, ἡ, = ἑρκάνη, ἑρκος, from ἑργω, εἶργω, an enclosure, fence: a trap or pitfall. [A]

ὀρκ-ἁπάτης, ον, ὅ, (ὄρκος, ἀπατάω) an oath-breaker. [A]

ὀρκίζω, f. ἴσω, (ὄρκος) to make one swear, adjure.

ὀρκιον, τό, (ὄρκος) an oath: also a pledge, surety. II. mostly in plur., ὀρκια, τὰ, things sworn to, articles of a treaty, a treaty; ὀρκια πιστὰ ταμεῖν to conclude a binding treaty, Lat. *foedus ferire*, *icisse foedus*: of two parties, in Med., ὀρκια τάμεσθαι to make a treaty between them; ὀρκια δηλήσασθαι, ὑπὲρ ὀρκια δηλήσασθαι to violate a solemn treaty: so too, ὀρκια συγχεύειν, ὀρκια ψεύσασθαι, opp. to ὀρκια φυλάσσειν or τηρεῖν. 2. the victims sacrificed on taking these solemn oaths, like λέρα.

ὄρκιος, ον, more rarely α, ον, (ὄρκος) of or for an oath: sworn, bound by oath. 2. that is sworn by, adjured as witness to an oath; ὄρκιοι θεοὶ the gods invoked at an oath; εἶδος ὀρκιον a sword which is sworn by.

*ΟΡΚΟΣ, ον, δ, an oath; ὄρκον δόσσαι to swear an oath; ὄρκος θεῶν an oath by the gods; ὄρκον λαμβάνειν to accept an oath from another; ἀποδιδύναμι to take it oneself. 2. the witness of the oath, the tower or object adjured, as the Styx by the gods. II.

*Ορκος, personified, son of Eris, who visits the transgression of an oath. (ὄρκος was orig. equiv. to ἑρκος, as ὀρκούρος to ἑρκούρος.)

ὀρκ-οὔρος, ὅ, = ἑρκούρος.

ὀρκώω, f. ὤσω, (ὄρκος) to make one swear, bind by oath:—Pass. to be bound by oath, to swear.

ὀρκωμαι, τό, (ὀρκώω) an oath.

ὀρκωμοσία, ἡ, (ὀρκωμοτέω) a swearing, an oath.

ὀρκωμόσιον, τό, the place of an oath. II. in pl. asseverations on oath. From

ὀρκωμοτέω, f. ἴσω, to take an oath, swear: δοκωμοτεῖν θεοῖς to swear by the gods. From

ὀρκ-ωμότης, ον, ὅ, (ὄρκος, ὀρνυμι) = ὀρκωτής.

ὀρκωτής, οὗ, ὅ, (ὀρκώω) one who administers an oath.

ὀρμαῖν, an aor. 2 form of ὀρμαῖν, to rush, whence subj. ὀρμαῖν: but ὀρμαῖν is Dor. for ὀρμηθῇ, 3 sing. aor. I subj. pass. of ὀρμαῖν.

ὀρμαῖός, οὗ, ὅ, (ὀρμος) a row, chain, cluster or string of things hanging one from the other.

ὀρμαίνω: impf. ὀρμαινον: aor. I ὀρμηνα: (ὀρμαῖν):—to move or stir violently; to turn over or revolve a plan in the mind, to ponder or muse upon it: to debate, consider. 2. to long for, desire. II.

later, 1. trans. to drive, urge on: to excite, inflame. 2. intr. to hasten, hurry, be impatient.

ὀρμάω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ὀρμησα: pf. ὀρμηκα: (ὀρμή): I. trans. to set in motion, urge on, rouse: to stir up. II. intr. to hurry or rush on:

c. inf. to be eager to do, to start or essay to do: absol. to be eager or foremost. 2. to rush headlong, esp. at one, c. gen. III. Pass. with fut. med. ὀρμήσομαι; aor. I med. ὀρμήσασθαι and pass. ὀρμηθῆναι; pf. pass. ὀρμημαι:—in same sense as intr. act.: I.

to hurry, hasten, start off eagerly: generally, to be eager, to long or purpose to do. 2. to set off or proceed from a place, to begin from; of a general, to make a place his base of operations: ἀπ' ἐλασσόνων ἑρμώμενος setting out from or beginning with smaller means.

3. absol. to rush on, make a desperate attack. to be eager: generally, to make a start, go; ὁ λόγος ὀρμηται the report flies abroad.

ὀρμέατο, Ion. for ὀρμηγντο, 3 pl. plarf. pass. of ὀρμάω.

ὀρμάς, ἡ, = ὀρμά.

ὀρμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of ὀρνυμι.

ὀρμέω, f. ἴσω, (ὄρκος):—to be moored, lie at anchor, of a ship: proverbial, ἐπὶ δύοιν ἀγκυραῖν ὀρμεῖν to ride two anchors, as we say 'to have two strings to your bow': metaph. to anchor one's boats upon, depend upon.

ὀρμεώμενος, Ion. part. pass. of ὀρμάω.

ὀρμή, ἡ, (ὀρνυμι) an assault, attack, the first shock or onset in war, Lat. *impetus*; mostly of things, as, ἔγχεος ὀρμή the force of a spear; πυρὸς ὀρμή the rage of fire; κύματος ὀρμή the shock of a wave. 2. the beginning or first start in a thing: a struggle or effort to reach a thing. 3. eagerness, violence, passion, impulse; μία ὀρμή with one accord; c. gen. eager desire for a thing. 4. a start, setting out on a march, etc.

ὀρμηθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of ὀρμάω.

ὀρμημα τό, (ὀρμάω) any violent impulse, passionate desire.

ὀρμησία, 3 Ep. aor. I opt. of ὀρμαω.

ὀρμητήριον, τό, (ὀρμάω) any means of exciting, a stimulant, incentive. II. a starting-place, station, head-quarters.

ὀρμιά, ἡ, (ὄρκος) a fisbing-line of horse-hair Lat. *linea*. [I]

ὀρμίζω: fut. -ίσω Ep. -ίσσω Att. -ῶ: aor. I ὀρμισα: (ὄρκος):—to bring to anchorage, bring into harbour, to moor, anchor. 2. generally, to make fast or sure. II. Med., with fut. med. ὀρμούμαι,

aor. I med. ἄρμισάμην and pass. ἄρμισθην : pf. pass. ἄρμισμαι :—to come to anchor, anchor; δρμίζεσθαι πρὸς πέδον to come to a place and anchor there. 2. metaph. to be in haven, to reach the harbour, i.e. to be at rest; δρμίζεσθαι ἐκ τιῶς to be dependent on a thing.

δρμηι-βόλος, ον, (δρμά, βάλλω) ibrowing a line, angling.

δρμο-δοτήρ, ἡρος, δ, (δρμος, δίδωμι) a bringer into harbour, a pilot.

δρμος, δ, (εἶρω) a cord, chain, necklace, collar; στεφάνων δρμος a string of crowns. 2. a kind of dance performed in a ring.

δρμίστην, Lat. statio navalis : the inner part of a harbour, as opp. to λιμὴν. 2. generally, a haven, place of shelter or refuge.

δρνήπιτον, τό, Boeot. for δρνεον.

δρνεον, τό, = δρνις. II. τὰ δρνεα, the bird-market.

δρνεό-φοιτος, ον, (δρνεον, φοίτω) haunted by birds.

δρνή-αρχος, δ, (δρνις, ἀρχός) king of birds. [Ὶ]

δρνήτειος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (δρνις) of or belonging to a bird; κρέα δρνήτεια birds' flesh.

δρνήθεντης, οὐ, ὁ, a bird-catcher, fowler. From

δρνήθειω, f. σω, (δρνις) to catch, net, snare birds.

δρνήτιος, ον, (δρνις) masc. Adj., a name given to the north wind in spring, which brought the birds of

passage; χειμῶν δρνήτιος a storm of birds.

δρνήτιος, ἡ, ὅν, (δρνις) of or for birds.

δρνήτιον, τό, Dim. of δρνις, a little bird : a nestling,

chicken. [νι]

δρνήθ-γονος, ον, (δρνις, γένω) sprung from a bird.

δρνήθ-θήρας, ον, δ, (δρνις, θηράω) a bird-catcher,

fowler.

δρνήθ-λόχος Dor. δρνήχ-, δ, (δρνις, λοχάω) a bird-

catcher, fowler.

δρνήθ-μάνης, f. ἡσω, to be mad for birds. From

δρνήθ-μάνης, ἐς, (δρνις, μανῆναι) mad after birds.

δρνήθ-πέδη, ἡ, (δρνις, πέδη) a snare or gin for birds.

δρνήθος, gen. of δρνις : Ep. dat. pl. δρνήθεςσι.

δρνήθ-σκόπος, ον, (δρνις, σκοπέω) observing the

flight and cries of birds, Lat. augur, auspex; θάκος

δρνήθ-σκόπος an augur's seat, Lat. templum augurale.

δρνήθ-τροφία, ἡ, (δρνις, τρέφω) bird-keeping.

δρνήτος, ον, also ος; ον, poet. for δρνήτειος.

*ΟΡΝΙΣ, δ, but also ἡ : gen. δρνήτος, etc. : acc. sing.

δρνήθα and δρνιν : pl. δρνήτες, etc. : Att. pl. δρνεῖς,

gen. δρνεων, acc. δρνεῖς : Dor. forms, gen. δρνήχος,

pl. δρνήχες, etc., as if from a Nom. δρνήξ :—a bird :

often added to the names of birds, as δρνις ἀηδών,

δρνις πέφτις, the nightingale, the partridge. II.

also like οἰάνος, a bird of omen, δρνις κακός a bird of

evil augury : hence, like Lat. avis for augurium, the

omen or prophecy taken from the flight or cries of

birds : in bad sense, an omen, fateful presage. III.

in Att., δρνις, ὁ, a cock; δρνις, ἡ, a hen. IV. in

pl. sometimes the bird-market, cf. δρνεον. V.

poet. Μονάων δρνήτες, the birds of the Muses, i. e.

poets. VI. proverb., δρνήθων γάλα 'pigeon's milk,'

i. e. any marvellous good-fortune.

δρνήχος, -χα, Dor. gen. and acc. of δρνις : poet. dat. pl. δρνήχεσσι.

δρνήθι, ὕτω, pres. imperat. of δρννμι.

δρνύμεν, δρνύμεναι, Ep. for δρνύναι, pres. inf. of

δρννμι.

δρνύμενος, ἡ, ον, pres. med. part. of δρννμι.

δρνύμι or δρνύω [ῡ], lengthd. form of Root *ΟΡΝ :

imperat. δρνύθι, ὕτω, etc. : impf. ἄρνονν : fut. ἔρσω :

aor. I ἄρσα, pres. aor. 3 sing. ἔρσαο : 3

sing. redupl. aor. 2 ἄρσσε :—Med. δρνύμαι, imperat.

δρνυσσο, ὕσσω, πρῶτε, part. δρνύμενος : impf. δρνύμην,

3 sing. and pl. δρνύτο, ἄρνονν : fut. ἔρσομαι, also

δρούμαι, 3 sing. δρεῖται : aor. 2 ἄρύμην, 3 sing. ἄρετο

contr. ἄρτο, 3 pl. without augm. ὀρνοντο also δρέοντο ;

3 sing. subj. ὀρῆται ; imperat. ὀρσο or ἔρσο Ion. contr.

ὀρσεν ; inf. ὀρσαι, contr. for ἱρέσθαι ; part. ὀρμενος, ἡ,

ον, for δρόμενος :—pf. ὄρσα, in intr. sense 3 sing.

subj. ὄρῳρῃ : 3 sing. plqpf. ὄρῳρει, also ὠρῳρει I.

Act., to rouse, stir, stir up : to set on, let loose upon :—

Med., with pf. ὄρσα, to move, stir oneself; εἰσέκε

μοι φίλα γούνατ' ὄρῳρῃ while my limbs have power

to move. 2. Act. to make to arise, call forth : of

animals, to rouse, put up, start, chase :—Med. to

start up, arise : esp. to wake out of sleep, to spring

up : also c. inf. to rise to do a thing, set about. 3.

Act. to stir up, rouse, encourage, cheer on :—Pass.

and Med. to be roused, stirred in mind, excited, in-

flamed. 4. Act. of things, to call forth, cause,

excite, Lat. cœre :—Med. to come on, to arise, Lat.

oriri.

δρνύτο, δρνοντο, Ep. for ἄρνοντο, ἄρνοντο, 3 sing.

and pl. impf. of δρννμι.

*ΟΡΟΒΟΣ, ὁ, the vetch, Lat. ERVUM.

ὀρόγνυα, ἡ, poet. for ὀρνυῖα.

ὀρόδαμνις, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of ὀρόδαμνος, a sprig.

ὀρόδαμνος, ὁ, a bough, branch.

ὀρο-θεσία, ἡ, (ὀρος, τίθημι) the fixing of boundaries,

boundaries.

ὀροθύνω : Ep. impf. ἀρῶδυνον : also aor. I imperat.

ἀρῶδυνον—like δρννμι, to stir up, rouse, urge on.

ὀροί-τυπος, ον, = ὀρεῖ-τυπος

ὄρομαι, Dep. (οὔρος a guard) to watch, keep watch

and ward, be on guard.

ὀρο-μᾶλιδες, αἱ, (ὀρος, μῆλον) Dor. for ὀρομηλίδες,

a kind of wild apples.

*ΟΡΟΨ or ὀρρός, ὁ, whey, the watery or serous part

of milk, Lat. serum. 2. the watery parts of the blood.

*ΟΡΟΣ Ion. οὔρος, eos, τό, a mountain, hill : a range

or chain of hills.

*ΟΡΟΣ Ion. οὔρος, ον, δ, a boundary, limit, frontier,

border : esp. a land-mark. 2. οὔροι, plur., are

marking or monumental stones bearing inscriptions,

tables set up on mortgaged property, to serve as evi-

dence of the debt. II. a rule, standard, limit,

measure III. the definition of a word.

*Οροσάγγαι, οἱ, Persian word for the Benefactors of

the King, = εὐεργεταί.

δρνούω, fut. σω : aor. I ὀρνοσα : (δρννμι) :—intr. to

rush violently on or forward, to hasten, dart or start forward.

δροφή, ἡ, (ἐρέφω) *the roof or ceiling of a room: the roof of a house.*

δροφή-φάγος, ον, (δροφή, φαγείν) *roof-devouring.*

δροφή-φόρος, ον, (δροφή, φέρω) *bearing a roof.*

δροφίλας, ον, δ, *living under a roof; μῦς δροφίλας the domestic mouse, opp. to μῦς ἀρουραῖος (the field mouse); δροφίλας ὄφις a tame snake.*

δροφος, δ, (ἐρέφω) *the reeds used for thatching houses* II. *a roof: in pl. a house, temple.*

δρῶν, Ep. for δρᾶν: part. δρῶν for δρῶν.

δρόωντι, Dor. for δρῶσι, 3 pl. of δρᾶν.

ὄριπῆ Att. ὄριπῆς, ἦκος, Dor. ὄριπαῖ, ἄκος, δ: *—a sapling, young shoot or plant: a rod or pole: a lance.* II. *metaph. a action.*

δρρᾶνός, δ, Aeol. for οὐρανός.

δρρο-πύγιον, τό, (δρρῶ, πυγή) *the tail or tail-feathers of birds.* 2. *the tail-fin of fish.* 3. *the tail or rump of any animal.* [ῥ]

ὄρροσ, δ, *the end of the os sacrum: the tail, rump.*

ὄρρο'Σ, δ, = ὄρος, *weby, serum.*

δρρῶδέω Ion. ἄρρῶδ-: f. ἦσιν: *—to shudder at, shrink from, dread, Lat. horreo, c. acc.: c. gen. rei, to fear for or because of a thing.* Hence

δρρῶδία, ἡ, *a shuddering at, shrinking from, affright*

δρρῶς, aor. I part. of δρρῶν.

δρρᾶσκε, Ion. for ἄρρε, 3 sing. aor. I of δρρῶν.

δρρῶε, δρρῶεν, Ep. for ὄρρασι, aor. I med. imperat. of δρρῶν.

δρρῶε-κτύπος, ον, (δρρῶν, κτύπος) *noise-arousing; Ζεὺς δρρῶεκτύπος the rouser of thunder.*

δρρῶ-νεφής, ἐς, (δρρῶν, νέφος) *cloud-raising.*

δρρῶ-πους, -ποδος, δ, ἡ, (δρρῶν, ποίς) *raising the foot, light-footed.*

δρρῶ, Ep. for ὄρρασι, aor. I med. imperat. of δρρῶν, *bestir thee! up! arouse thee!*

δρρῶ-θύρη, ἡ, (δρρῶν, θύρα) *a raised door approached by steps.* [ῥ]

δρρῶλοπῶν and -ῆω, *to provoke, attack:—Pass., θυμὸς δρρῶλοπείται my heart is troubled.* From

δρρῶλοπος, ον, *provoking strife, turbulent.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

δρρῶς, Lacon. for ὄρρῶς.

δρρῶ-τρίαινας Dor. -τρίαίνας, α, δ; *a poet. nom. —τρίαίνα: (δρρῶν, τρίαίνα):—wielder of the trident.*

δρρῶ, fut. of δρρῶν.

δρρῶζω, Ion. for ὄρρῶζω.

δρρῶζις, ἰδος, ἡ, (δρρῶν) *the young of any animal, Lat. pullus: a young bird, a chicken.* Hence

δρρῶζιχῆς and δρρῶζιχος, δ, *a bird, fowl: a domestic fowl, chicken.*

δρρῶ, ἡ, Ion. for ὄρρῶ.

ὄρρῶ, ἡ, (δρρῶ) properly *Quail-island*, the ancient name of Delos: also part of the city of Syracuse, called also Nāsos or the Island.

δρρῶ-κόπος, ον, (δρρῶ, κόπτω) *playing at knocking down quails.*

δρρῶ-μήτρα, ἡ, (δρρῶ, μήτηρ) *a bird which migrates with the quails: applied to Leto the Ortygian mother: cf. Ὀρτυγία.*

ὄρρῶ, ὅς, δ, *the quail, Lat. coturnix, —ἴσις.*

δρρῶ-ῖνα, aor. 2 inf. pass. of δρρῶν.

δρρῶ, τό, (δρρῶ) *a place dug out, a pit, ditch, bole, trench, Lat. scrobs: a mine, tunnel: at Athens = βάραθρον, the pit into which criminals were thrown.* II. = ὄρρῶς.

δρρῶμαδός, δ, *late form for δρρῶμαδός.*

δρρῶμαδός, ἡ, ὄν, (δρρῶ) *dug, formed by digging.* II. *dug out, quarried, mined.*

δρρῶμαδός, δ, *a loud noise, rumbling, roaring, any tumultuous sound, not of the human voice.*

δρρῶ, ὅς, δ, (δρρῶ) *a kind of gazelle or antelope, in Egypt and Lybia, so called from its pointed horns.*

δρρῶ, aor. I inf. of δρρῶν.

δρρῶ, εως, ἡ, (δρρῶ) *a digging.*

δρρῶ, vos, δ, *an unknown wild animal in Lybia.*

ὄρρῶ-ΣΣΩ Att. -ττω: fut. δρρῶν: aor. I ὄρρῶ Ep. δρρῶ: pf. ὄρρῶχα: plqpf. ὄρρῶχεν:—Pass., aor. I ὄρρῶχην: pf. ὄρρῶμαι: plqpf. ὄρρῶμην:—to dig, Lat. fodio. 2. to dig up: Med., λίθους δρρῶσθαι to have stones dug out or quarried: Pass., δ δρρῶσθαι τοῦτο the soil that was dug up. 3. to dig through, make a passage through, burrow. 4. to bury.

δρρῶν, τό, ὄρρῶν state. From

δρρῶν, f. σαι, (δρρῶν) to take care of ὄρρῶν, tend, rear them:—Pass. with fut. med. -εύσομαι, to be an ὄρρῶν, be in an ὄρρῶν state.

δρρῶν, ἡ, (δρρῶν) orphanhood: generally, deprivation, destitution.

δρρῶν, f. σαι, (δρρῶν) to make ὄρρῶν, to be reave, deprive:—Pass. to be left an ὄρρῶν.

δρρῶν, ἡ, ὄν, (δρρῶν) orphan, fatherless; ἡμῶν δρρῶν the day which makes one an ὄρρῶν.

δρρῶν, ον, = δρρῶν.

δρρῶν, οὐ, δ, (δρρῶν) one who takes care of ὄρρῶν, a guardian.

ὄρρῶ-ΝΟ'Σ, ἡ, ὄν, Att. ὄς, ὄν, Lat. ORBUS, left orphan, without father or mother, fatherless. 2. c. gen. rest or bereft of a thing; ὄρρῶν γεγεῖς rest of offspring, childless.

δρρῶν-φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, (δρρῶν, φύλαξ) the guardian of an orphan. [ῥ]

δρρῶν, f. ὄν, (δρρῶν) to make ὄρρῶν:—Pass. to be bereft of a thing.

ὄρρῶ, α, ον, of ὄρρῶν.

ὄρρῶ, εως, δ, ὄρρῶ, a famous Thracian bard.

δρρῶ, α, ον, (ορρῶ) dark, dusky, murky. II. nightly, by night.

ὄρρῶ, Dor. δρρῶ, ἡ, darkness, night: gloom. Hence

δρρῶν, ἡ, ον, dark, dusky; δρρῶν χρῶμα a colour mixed of black, red and white, between πορφύρεος and φανίκεος.

ὁρφνίτης, ου, ὁ, (ὁρφνη) *dusky*. [I]

ῬΟΦΩΣ Att. ὁρφῶς, ὁ, a kind of *sea-perch*.

ὄρχαμος, ὁ, (ὄρχος) *the first of a row, a file-leader, fugle-man: the Coryphaeus or leader of the chorus*.

ὄρχατος, ὁ, = ὄρχος, a row of trees. II. a piece of land enclosed and planted, Milton's *orchard*, an *orchard, garden*. (From ὄρχος, like μέστος from μέσος.)

ὀρχέομαι, f. ἵσσομαι: aor. I ὀρχησάμην: Dep.: (ὄρχος):—to dance: c. acc. to represent by dancing or gestures; ὀρχέσθαι Κύκλωπα, Lat. *Cyclops moveri, to dance the Cyclops*. 2. to leap.

ὀρχηδόν, Adv. (ὄρχος) *one after another, all in a row, man by man*, Lat. *virutim*.

ὀρχηθμός Ion. ὀρχησιμός, ὁ, (ὀρχέομαι) *a dancing, the dance*.

ὀρχημα, τό, (ὀρχέομαι) *a dance, dancing*.

ὀρχησις, ἡ, (ὀρχέομαι) *dancing, the dance: pantomimic dancing*.

ὀρχησιμός, ὁ, Att. for ὀρχηθμός.

ὀρχηστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ὀρχηστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ὀρχέομαι) *a dancer*. Hence

ὀρχηστικός, ἡ, ὄν, of, *fit for dancing*.

ὀρχηστο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (ὀρχέομαι, διδάσκαλος) *a dancing-master*.

ὀρχηστο-μάνεύ, f. ἵσω, (ὀρχέομαι, μανῆναι) *to be dancing-mad*.

ὀρχήστρα, ἡ, (ὀρχέομαι) *an orchestra, in the Attic theatre a large semicircular space on which the chorus danced*. II. generally, *a place for dancing*.

ὀρχηστρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of ὀρχηστής, *a dancing girl*.

ὀρχηστύς, ὅος, ἡ, Ion. for ὀρχησις, (ὀρχέομαι) *the dance, dancing*; contr. dat. ὀρχηστῷ.

ῬΡΧΙΛΟΣ, ὁ, a bird, prob. the *uren*. [I]

ὀρχίπτεδον, f. ἵσω, (ὀρχίπτεδον) *to seize the testicles*.

ὀρχί-πέδη, ἡ, (ὄρχις, πέδη) *impotence*.

ὀρχί-πεδον, τό, in pl. ὀρχίπεδα, τά, (ὄρχις, πέδον) *the testicles, Lat. testiculi*.

ῬΡΧΙΣ, ἰος and εως, ὁ, pl. ὄρχις or ὄρχις Ion. ὄρχις, *a testicle, the testicles*.

Ῥρχομενός, ἡ, the name of several Greek cities, the most famous of which was Ῥρχόμενος Μινύειος in Boeotia.

ῬΡΧΟΣ, ὁ, a row of trees; cf. ὄρχατος.

ὄρρω, pf. of ὀρνυμι.

ὄρρωρ, 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. of ὀρνυμι.

ὄρρωρται, Ep. 3 sing. pres. pass. of ὀρνυμι, equiv. to ὄρρω: subj. ὄρρωρται.

ὄρρωρχαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ὀρέγω.

ὄρρωρχατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ὀρέγω.

ὄρρωρκτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ὀρύσσω.

ὄρρωρχα, pf. of ὀρύσσω.

ῬΣ, ἡ, ὁ; gen. οὐ, ἡς. οὐ, dat. φῖ, ἡ, φῖ; acc. ὄν, ἡν, ὁ: pl., nom. οἱ, αἱ, ἄ; gen. ὧν; dat. οἷς, αἷς, οἷς; acc. οὖς, αἷς, ἄ. There is also an Ion. gen. ὄου, fem. ἑης; and Ep. fem. dat. pl. ἡς and ὄου.

A. RELAT. PRONOUN, *who, which or that*, Lat. *qui*: the Relat. Pron. often takes the case of the Anteced.

by attraction, as, τῆς γενεῆς, ἡς Ζεὺς δῶκε, for ἡν Ζεὺς δῶκε: the neut. ὅ is used to refer to sentences where no antecedent is expressed, as, ὁ δὲ πάντων μέγιστον, ὁ δὲ πάντων δεινότατον, etc., but *what* is greatest of all, *what* is most strange of all, etc. The Relat. Pron. also stands for *iva*, as in Lat. *qui* for *ut*, to express an end or intention, as, ἀγγέλον ἡκαν, δε ἀγγείλειε γυναικί they sent a messenger to tell, Lat. *nuncium miserunt, qui nunciaret*.

The Relat. Pronoun is used absol. in some cases: I. gen. sing., of Time, ἐξ οὗ (sub. χρόνου) *from the time when, since*; also *only alone, when*; ἔστιν οὗ, sometimes, at times. 2. of Place, of which place, i. e. where; ἔστιν οὗ in some places. II. dat. sing. fem. ᾧ, of Place, Lat. *qua*, at which place, where:—later, of motion to a place, *whither*:—in full τῇ, ᾧ . . there, where . . , *thither, whither* . . . 2. of the Way or Manner, like *quomodo*; ᾧ ἔμελλε ἔστιν as is right: so far as, Lat. *qua, quatenus*. 3. with Sup. Adv., ᾧ μάλιστα, ᾧ ἄριστον, etc., like *ut maxime*, etc., Lat. *quam maxime*, etc. III. acc. sing. neut. ὅ, for *di* ὅ, that, because, Lat. *quod*. 2. *wherefore*, Lat. *quapropter*.

The Relat. Pron. is modified by having particles joined with it: I. ὅς γε, Lat. *qui quidem* or *quippe qui*, gives the Relat. a limiting force, *who at least, since it was he who* . . . II. ὅς κε or κέν Att. ὅς ἄν, is used in case of uncertainty, Lat. *quicumque, whosoever, who if any* . . .

B. ὅς is also used as a DEMONSTR. PRON., for οὗτος or ὅδε, *this, that*; chiefly in nom. masc. ὅς or ὅ, sometimes in fem. ᾧ and neut. ὅ: this is chiefly found in Homer, and later in dialogues of Plato, ᾧ δ' ὅς said *he*. II. in opposition, οἷ . . , οἷ . . . *these* . . , *those* . . , *the one party, the other*: Att. δὲ μὲν . . , ὅς δέ . . *the one . . , the other*: ἀ μὲν . . , ἀ δέ . . *partly . . , partly* . . . III. ὅς καὶ ὅς *such and such a person, so and so*.

C. There is also a POSSESSIVE PRON., ὅς, ἡ, ὅν, mostly of the third person, for ἑός, *his, her*: Ep. gen. οἷο.

II. of the second person, for σός, *thy, thine*.

III. of the first person, for ἐμός, *my, mine*.

δοράκι Ep. δοράκι, Adv. (δοσος) *as many times as, as often as*, Lat. *quoties*.

δοράτιος, α, ὄν, Ion. δοσάτιος, poet. for δοσος. [A]

δοσάχου, Adv. (δοσος) *in as many places as*.

δοσδος, Aeol. for δζος.

δοσδω, Dor. for δζω.

δοσ-ημέραι, Adv., for δοσαι ημέραι, *as many days as are*, i. e. *daily, day by day*, like Lat. *quotidie* for *quot dies*.

δοσία Ion. —λή, ἡ, properly fem. of δόσιος, *divine law, the law of nature*, answering to Lat. *fas*: hence οὐχ ὁσλή Att. οὐχ δοσία, c. inf., *it is against the law of nature to do*; πολλὰν δοσίαν τοῦ πράγματος νομίσαι to hold the full lawfulness of a thing. II. the service of God, rites, offering; δοσίης ἐπιβήναι to perform the *due rites*. III. proverb., *δοσία ἐνεκα*

ποιεῖσθαι τι to do a thing for form's sake, for the sake of the propriety of the thing, Lat. *dicis causa*. [ἴ]

ὅσιος, α, ον, sanctioned or approved by the law of nature, opp. to δίκαιος (established by human law); τὰ ὅσια καὶ δίκαια things of divine and human ordinance. 2. as opp. to ἐπὶ τοῖς (sacred, reserved to the gods), ὁσίως means what is not so reserved, i. e. appropriated or permitted to man's use; ἐπὶ καὶ ὅσια the property of gods and men, Lat. *sacra et profana*;

ὁσίον χωρίον a place not set apart to the gods, lawful for man to enter, and so = βέβηλος, Lat. *profanus*. II. more rarely of persons, pious, devout, scrupulous, religious; c. gen., ἐπὶ τῶν πατρῶν ὁσίος scrupulous in discharging the sacred rites of his forefathers; ὅσια χεῖρες pure, clean hands.

ὁσιότης, ητος, ἡ, (ὁσίος) observance of divine law, religiousness, piety, holiness.

ὁσιῶω, f. ὥσω, (ὁσίος) to make holy, to hallow, purify, make atonement for, Lat. *expiare*:—Med., στόμα ὁσιῶσθαι to keep one's tongue from evil.

ὁσίως, Adv. of ὁσίος, religiously, piously: Comp. ὁσιώτερον, Sup. —ώτατα.

ὁρμάομαι, Dep., like ὑδμάομαι, to smell, scent: generally, to perceive. From

ὁσμῇ, ἡ, (ὀζω) like ὀδμῇ, a smell, scent, odour, whether good or bad. 2. a scent, perfume.

ὁσον-ὦν, Ion. for ὅσον οὖν, however little, Lat. *quantulumcunque*.

ὍΣΟΣ, ὅτος, ὅσον, Ep. ὅσος, ὄσση, ὄσσον, Lat. *quantus*:—of Size, as great as, how great: of Quantity, as much as, how much: of Space, as far as, how far: of Time, as long as, how long: of Number, as many as, how many: of Sound, as loud as, how loud:—its Antecedent is ῥῶσος, after which ὅσος must be simply rendered as; ὅσα πλείστα or πλείστα ὅσα as much as possible. In plur. all that, as many as, often after πάντες. 2. of Time, ὅσοι μήνες, ὅσαι ἡμέραι every month, day, monthly, daily, Lat. *quot menses, quot dies*; cf. ὀσημέρι.

3. ὅσος δὴ and ὀσοσδήποτε, how great soever he be, Lat. *quantumcunque*; ὅσος ἂν how great soever. II. neut. ὅσον as Adv. as greatly as, as loudly as, etc. 2. Ep. and Ion., ὅσον τε about as far as; the Noun is often added, ὅσον τ' ὄργυιαν about a fathom; ὅσον τ' ἐπὶ ἡμισυ to about half. 3. ὅσον μόνον, Lat. *tantum non, all but*; so also, ὅσον οὐ; but Att. ὅσον and ὅσον μόνον only so far as, only just; ὅσον ὅσον only just. 4. ὅσσον ἐπὶ and ὅσσον τ' ἐπὶ as far as, Att. ἐφ' ὅσον.

5. with Comp. and Sup., ὅσον βασιλευτέρως ἐστί so far as, inasmuch as he is a greater king. 6. ὅσον τάχος as quick as possible: more usu. ὅσον τάχιστα. 7.

ὅσον αὐτίκα, also, ὅσον οὐκ ἤδη all but now, instantly. 8. οὐχ ὅσον not only not, Lat. *ne dicam*. III.

ὄσφι inasmuch as, with Comp. ὄσφι πλέον, ὄσφι μᾶλλον the more since, especially since. 2. ὄσφι with Comp. followed by another Comp. with τοσούτω, the more . . . so much the more . . ., like Lat. *quo* or *quanto melior, eo* . . . etc. 3. ὄσπερ by how much, in so far as.

ὅσοο-περ, ὄση-περ, ὄσον-περ, however great or much, as great or as much as.

ὄσ-περ, ἡ-περ, ὄ-περ, (Ep. also ὄπερ masc., as ὄ τε masc. for ὄστε), who, which, indeed. the very man who or thing which, Lat. *qui quidem*.

ὍΣΠΙ-ΟΝ, τό, pulse, beans: vegetables.

ὍΣΣΑ', ἡ, a rumour, Lat. *fama*: a divine voice or sound. II. generally, a voice. III. a

sound, tone, of the harp: the din of battle. IV. an ominous or warning voice, prophecy, boding: cf. δμψή.

ὄσσαι, Ion. neut. plur. of ὄσος.

ὄσσάκι, Adv., Ion. for ὄσάκι. [ἀ]

ὄσσάτιος, Ion. for ὄσάτιος. [ἄ]

ὍΣΣΕ, τό, neut. dual, the two eyes, often with pl. Adj., as, ὄσσε φαίνά, ὄσσε αἰμαρύνετα: the gen. and dat. took the plur. form of 2nd decl., ὄσσαν, ὄσσοις, ὄσσοις.

ὄσσιχος, η, ον, Dim. of ὄσος, ὄσσος, as little, how little, Lat. *quantulus*.

ὍΣΣΟΜΑΙ, (ὄσσε) Dep., only used in pres. and impf. (without augm.):—to see. II. to see in one's mind's eye, to presage, forebode, foretell.

ὄστος, η, ον, Ep. and Ion. for ὄσος.

ὄστάριον, τό, Dim. of ὄστέον, a little bone.

ὄσ-τε, ἡ-τε, ὄ-τε, (Ep. also ὄ τε for masc., as ὄπερ masc. for ὄπερ) who, which.

ὄστέτινος, η, ον, (ὄστέον) made of bone, bony.

ὍΣΤΕ'ΟΝ Att. contr. ὄστούν, τό, pl. ὄστέα Att. contr. ὄστᾶ:—a bone, Lat. *OS, OSSIS*.

ὄστέφιν, Ep. gen. pl. of ὄστέον.

ὄστινος, η, ον, (ὄστέον) — ὄστέτινος, bony, of bone: neut. pl. ὄστινα, τά, as Subst. Lat. *ibidae, bone pipes*.

ὄσ-τις, ἡ-τις, ὄ τε or ὄ, τι; gen. ὄστινος, ἡστινος; dat. ὄστινι, ἡστινι, etc.: pl. ὄστινες, αἰτινες, ἄτινα, etc.; (Ep. also ὄ-τις for masc., as ὄπερ for ὄπερ, ὄ τε for ὄστε); neut. ὄ ττι. II. also declined, gen. ὄστων, dat. ὄτῳ; Ep. gen. ὄττεο contr. ὄττεν and ὄτεν, dat. ὄτεφι; acc. ὄτινα:—plur., nom. neut. ὄτινα; gen. ὄτεων Att. ὄτων; dat. ὄτέοισιν, also fem. ὄτέρσιν; neut. acc. Ep. and Ion. ἄσσα Att. ἄττα. *Whosoever, whicheversoever, any one who, anything which*, differing from ὅς, as Lat. *quisquis, quicunque*, from *qui*;

ὄτις κ' ἐπιλοκον ὁμόςσων ὡσσο forswears himself; οὐδέις ὄστις οὐ there is none who does not, i. e. every one; οὐδὲν ὄ τι οὐκ everything. 2. in Att. Poets sometimes used simply for ὅς, qui. II. neut. ὄ τι or ὄ, τι absol. as Adv. *wherefore, for what reason*.

ὄστο-λογίω, f. ἡσώ, (ὄστέον, λέγω) to gather the bones after the burning of the body.

ὄστούν, τό, Att. contr. for ὄστέον.

ὄστο-φύής, ἐς, (ὄστέον, φύς) of bony nature.

ὄστράκειον, ἑως, ὄ, (ὄστρακον) a potter

ὄστράκλιον, f. ἰσώ Att. ἰώ, (ὄστρακον) to banish by potsherds, ostracise; see ὄστρακισμός.

ὄστράκινδα, Adv. (ὄστρακον) played with potsherds, of a game in which potsherds black on one side and

white on the other were tossed up, as in our 'heads or tails.'

δοτράκιος, η, ον, (δοτράκιον) like earthenware: earthen, made of clay, Lat. testaceus.

δοτράκιος, δ, (δοτράκιον) banishment by pot-berds, ostracism, which was practised at Athens to get rid of a citizen whose power was considered too great for the liberty of the state. Each person wrote on a potsherd the name of him who was to be banished.

δοτράκιος-δερμος, ον, (δοτράκιον, δέρμα) with a skin or shell like a potsherd.

δοτράκιος, εσσα, εν, ποστ. for δοτράκιος.

δοτράκιον, τό, a piece of earthenware, a tile, potsherd, Lat. testa: the earthen tablet used in voting.

2. a sort of castnet made of earthenware.

II. the hard shell of testacea, as snails, tortoises.

δοτράκιος-χρως, ον, contr. -χρως, ον, (δοτράκιον, χρῶς) with a hard skin, shell or rind.

δοτρείο-γραφή, ἑς, (δοτρείον, γραφή) turdlepainted.

δοτρεον or -ειον, τό, (δοτέον) an oyster, Lat. ostrea.

II. a purple used in dying, Lat. ostrum.

δοτ-ώδης, ες, (δοτέον, εἶδος) like bone, bony.

δοτφραίνωμαι, fut. δοφρήσομαι: aor. 2 ὠσφρόμην, part. ὠσφρόμενος: Dep.: (ὀσφω):—to smell, scent, track by scent, c. gen.: c. acc. cognato, δοφραίνεσθαι ὀσμην. Hence

δοφραντήριος, α, ον, smelling, that can be smelt. II. act. able to smell, sharp-smelling.

δοφρέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of δοφραίνωμαι.

δοφρήσις, εως, ἡ, (δοφρέσθαι) a smelling, sense of smelling.

δοφρόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of δοφραίνωμαι.

δοφροντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of δοφραίνωμαι.

ὈΣΦΥΣ, ὅς, acc. ὠσφύν and ὠσφύς, ἡ, the hip, Lat. coxa.

ὈΣΧΟΣ, ον, δ, -μύσχος, α, a sucker, shoot: a vine-brancho.

ὄτα, Aeol. for ὄτε, like πότα for πότε.

ὄταν, φοι ὄτ' αἰ, equivalent to Ep. ὄτε κεν, (ὄτε, ἄν):—Adv. of Time, whenever, Lat. quodcumque, foll. by subj.

ὄτε, Adv. of Time, when, Lat. quando:—the proper Antec. is τότε, sometimes ἔνθα, or any Adv. of Time.

2. sometimes in causal sense, since, seeing that, Lat. quandoquidem.

3. ὄτε μή is used for εἰ μή, unless, except, save when; οὐτέ τι περ σπένδεσκε θεῶν, ὄτε μή Διὶ πατρὶ nor διὰ he pour a libation to any of the gods, save to father Jove.

III. πρὶν γ' ὄτε ere the time when, before that.

2. εἰς ὄτε κεν against the time when.

IV. ἔσθ' ὄτε or ἔστιν ὄτε, like Lat. est ubi, there are times when, sometimes.

V. ὄτε is also used without any conjunctive force in two corresponding clauses, ὄτε μὲν ..., ὄτε δέ ..., now ..., now ...; sometimes ..., sometimes ...; at one time ..., at another time ...; but

in II. often answered by ἄλλοτε, ας, ὅτε μὲν κακός, ἄλλοτε δ' ἐσθλός.

ὄτε, neut. of ὅστε, also Ep. and Ion. masc. of ὅστε, δέσιον, Ep. for ὀστισιν, dat. pl. of ὅστις.

ὄτε, Ion. for ὀστινος, gen. of ὅστις.

ὄτε, Ep. for ὀστιν, dat. of ὅστις.

ὄτεων, Ep. for ὀστινων, gen. pl. of ὅστις.

ὅτι Ep. ὅττι, Conjunction, ἵνα, being originally neut. of ὅστις, as Lat. quod, that, of qui. II. Att. ὅτι is used like our that in quoting another's words: and especially in the N. T., often introduces the very words of a speech, when it need not be rendered in English.

III. ὅτι in Att. often represents a whole sentence, as in οἷδ' ὅτι (sub. οὕτως ἔχει) I know that it is so; so οἶσθ' ὅτι, ἴσθ' ὅτι: so also δηλονότι as Adv., manifestly, for ὅτι δηλονότι οὕτως ἔχει.

IV. ὅτι μή, unless, except, except that, Lat. nisi, nisi quod, like εἰ μή.

V. μή ὅτι ..., ἀλλά ..., like μή ὅπως and μή ἵνα, not that so and so is the case ..., but ...; not only so, but ..., Lat. non modo non ..., sed ne quidem ...

VI. μή ὅτι alone, without an answering ἀλλά, Lat. ne dicam, not to mention that ..., not to say that ...

B. ὅτι, as a Causal Particle, for that, because, Lat. quod.

2. in Ep. sometimes for τούνεκα, therefore.

II. with Sup. of Adv. in Ep. ὅτι τάχιστα as quick as possible, Lat. quam celerrime. 2. in Att. also with Sup. of Adj., as, ὅτι πλείστον χρόνον as long a time as possible; ὅτι πλείστοι, Lat. quam plurimi, as many as possible. 3. with a Subst. only in phrase ὅτι τάνος for ὅτι τάχιστα, as quickly as possible.

ὅ τι, neut. of ὅστις, anything which; often written ὅ, τι, to distinguish it from ὅτι, that.

ὀτλή, Conjunct., (ὅτι) because.

ὀτινα, Ep. for ὀντινα and ἄτινα, acc. masc. sing. and neut. pl. of ὅστις.

ὀτινας, Ep. for ὀστινας, ἄτινας, acc. pl. of ὅστις.

ὀτις, Ep. and Ion. for ὅστις.

ὀτλεύω, f. -εύσω, or ὀτλέω, f. ἡσώ, to suffer, endure. From

ὀτλος, δ, suffering, distress. (ὀτλος is formed from τλήμι, with ο euphon.)

ὀτοβέω, f. ἡσώ, to sound loud, sound many. From

ὀτοβος, any loud, wild noise, the din of battle: the rattling of chariots: also of the sound of the flute. (Formed from the sound.)

ὀτοτοῖ, an exclamation of pain and grief, ah! woe! also lengthd. ὀτοτοτοῖ, ὀτοτοτοτοῖ.

ὀτοτύζω, (from ὀτοτοῖ, as αλάζω from αλαῖ) to cry ὀτοτοῖ, to wail, lament:—Pass. to be bewailed. Hence

ὀτοτύξιοι, ὀ, Com. pr. n., the Wailers.

ὀτου, ὀτω, gen. and dat. sing., ὀτων, ὀτοις, gen. and dat. pl. of ὅστις.

ὀτραλέως, Adv. of an obsol. Adj. ὀτραλέος = ὀτρνός, nimble, actively, zealously.

ὀτρνός, ἄ, ὄν, (ὀτρνῶ) quick, nimble, busy, zealous.

δοτρίχες, nom. pl. of δοτρίχ.

ὀτρύναι, aor. I inf. of ὀτρύνω.

ὀτρύναια, Ep. aor. I opt. of ὀτρύνω.

ὀτρύνεμεν, Ep. pres. inf. of ὀτρύνω.

ὀτρύνεσκον, Ep. impf. of ὀτρύνω.

ὀτρυνέω, Ep. and Ion. fut. of ὀτρύνω.

ὀτρυνύς, υός, ἦ, Ion. for ὀτρυνύς, a stirring up, rousing, encouragement. From

ῥΩΠΥΝΩ [ῥ]: impf. ὀτρύνων Ion. ὀτρύνεσκον: fut. ὀτρυνέω Ep. and Ion. ὀτρυνέω: aor. I ὀτρύναια:—to stir up, rouse, prompt, cheer, urge on, encourage: to rouse from sleep, wake up:—Pass. to rouse oneself, bestir oneself, to hasten. 2. of animals, to spur, goad, cheer on. 3. of things, to urge forward, quicken, speed.

ὄττα, ἦ, Att. for ὄσσα.

ὄττεο contr. ὄττεν, Ep. for οὐτινος, gen. of ὄστις.

ὄττι, Ep. for ὄτι, that.

ὄ τι, Ep. for ὅ τι, neut. of ὅστις.

ὄττοβέω, ὄττοβος, wrong forms for ὀδοβέω, ὀτοβος.

ὄττομαι, Att. for ὄσσομαι.

ὄτω, Att. for ὅτινι, dat. of ὄστις.

Οὔ, before a vowel with smooth breathing οὐκ, before one with rough breathing οὐχ: in Att. also οὐχί [χ] Ep. οὐκί [χ]: negat. Adv., not, Lat. non, used in independent clauses, whereas μή is used in dependent; οὐκ ἀγαθόν ἐστι it is not good; οὐ δοκεῖ it seems not. II. οὐ may be used in independent clauses, after the definite Relative ὅς, after the Conjunctions ὅτι because, ἐπεὶ, ἐπειδὴ since, and others which introduce a positive fact. 2. οὐ is joined with a Participle when it can be expressed in English by *though* or *since* with a verb, but μή is used when the Participle is expressed by *if* or *unless*, as, οὐ λέγων = ὅτι οὐ λέγων; but μή λέγων = εἰ μή λέγων. 3. οὐ is often joined to an Adj. or Adv., as, οὐ πάνν not by any means, οὐχ ἥκιστος not the least, i.e. the greatest. III. when a negative sentence is strengthened by any, even, anywhere, etc., these words also are compounded with the negative, e.g. οὐκ ἐποίησε τοῦτο οὐδαμῶς οὐδέις no one ever did it. IV. οὐ is foll. by acc. in solemn asseverations for οὐ μά, as, οὐ τὸν Ὀλύμπου no, by Olympus.

Οὐ in questions expresses a question to which an affirm. answer is expected, as, οὐ νυ καὶ ἄλλοι ξασί; are there not others too? implying *that there are*. II. the fut. with οὐ is used interog. instead of the imperat., as, οὐ δράσεις; wilt thou not do it? i.e. *do it*.

Οὐ takes the ACCENT, I. when it is the last word in the clause, as, ἦν καλὸς μὲν, μέγας δ' οὐ. II. when it is repeated singly after a negative clause, and so is emphatic, as, θεοὺς τέθνηκεν οὗτος, οὐ κείνοισιν, οὐ' he is dead to the gods, not to them, no. III. when οὐ is a simple negat. answer, no.

Prosody:—if the vowel η precede οὐ, the two vowels coalesce into one syllable, as in ἦ οὐ, μὴ οὐ: so also ἐγὼ οὐ.

οὐ, gen. of relat. Pron. ὅς, q. v.

οὐ, Lat. sui, gen. of 3 pers. Pron. masc. and fem. for αὐτοῦ, αὐτῆς, and αὐτοῦ, αὐτῆς.

οὐά, exclam. of astonishment or abhorrence, Lat. vab! οὐά!, exclam. of pain and anger, Lat. vae, ab! woe!

οὐάς, αρος, τό, poet. for οὐς, the ear. Hence οὐαῖτες, εσσα, εν, with ears, long-eared. 2.

with ears or handles.

οὐ γάρ, for not.

II. in answers, to express a strong negative; οὐ γάρ, no—why should you?

οὐ γάρ ἀλλά, an ellipt. phrase, expressing a negation and adding the reason, as, μὴ σκώπττε μ' οὐ γάρ ἀλλ' ἔχω κακῶς, which in full would be μὴ σκώπττε με' οὐ γάρ σκωπτικῶς, ἀλλὰ κακῶς ἔχω do not jest at me, for I am not in a jesting mood, but badly off.

οὐ γάρ οὖν, a negat. answer, why no, certainly not.

οὐ γάρ ποτε, for never.

οὐ γάρ πού, for in no manner.

οὐγώ, Att. crasis for δ' ἐγώ.

οὐδαμῶ and οὐδαμῇ, Adv. of οὐδαμῶς, nowhere, in no place; to no place, no way. II. in no way, in no wise.

οὐδαμῶθεν, Adv. (οὐδαμῶς) from no place, from no side.

οὐδαμῶθι, Adv. (οὐδαμῶς) poet. and Ion. for οὐδαμῶ, nowhere, in no place: c. gen., οὐδαμῶθι τῆς Εὐρώπης in no part of Europe.

οὐδ' ἄμός, ἦ, ὅν, for οὐδὲ ἄμός, not even one, i.e. none.

οὐδ' ἄμῶς, Adv. (οὐδαμῶς) to no place, no way.

οὐδαμῶ, Adv. of οὐδαμῶς, nowhere: c. gen., οὐδαμῶ γῆς in no part of the earth; οὐδαμῶ λέγειν, or οὐδαμῶ ποιεῖσθαι τινα to esteem as laughable, Lat. nullo loco babere. II. of manner, in no way, not at all.

οὐδαμῶς, Adv. (οὐδαμῶς) in no wise.

ΟΥ' ΔΑΣ, τό, gen. οὐδεός, dat. οὐδεῖ, οὐδεῖ:—the surface of the earth, ground; οὐδας ὁδὰς ἔλιν to bite the dust; οὐδάσδε to the ground, to earth. 2. the floor or pavement in houses.—Proverb., ἐπ' οὐδεῖ καθίσειν τινά to bring a man to the ground, strip him of all he has.

οὐ-δέ, Adv. (οὐ, δέ) but not, and not, nor, connecting two whole clauses. 2. doubled οὐδέ . . , οὐδέ . . at the beginning of two following clauses, not even . . , nor yet . . ; as, καὶ μὴν οὐδ' ἡ ἐπιτείχισις οὐδὲ τὸ ναυτικὸν ἄξιον φοβηθῆναι and so not even their building forts, nor yet their navy, is worth fearing:—οὐδέ often follows the simple negat. οὐ . . , as, οὐκέτι μένος ἔμπεδον οὐδέ τίς ἀλκή. II. strengthening the negat., not even; which is always the sense when attached to a single word or phrase; Homer joins it with Advs., as οὐδ' ἡβαῖον, οὐδέ τυτθόν, οὐδέ μίνυθα, etc. not even a little, not even for a short space.

οὐδ-εἰς, οὐδ-εἰς, οὐδ-έν, gen. οὐδενός, οὐδεμῶς, οὐδενός, etc. declined like εἰς, μία, ἕν: (οὐδὲ εἰς):—and not one, i.e. no one, none, no, as Lat. nullus for ne ullus: the neut. οὐδέν is used as Adv., in nothing.

by no means, in no wise. 2. in plur. οὐδένας, gen. οὐδένα, dat. οὐδέσιν, for οὐδαμοί, none. 3. δ and ἡ οὐδέν (sub. ὧν, οὐσα), a good-for-nothing, worthless person: so in masc. οὐδεὶς, a nobody, one who goes for nothing. 4. οὐδέν ὃ τι οὐ, Lat. nihil non, every, all; so in masc. οὐδεὶς ἕστις οὐ, Lat. nemo non, every one.

οὐδέ-κοτε, Ion. for οὐδέποτε.
οὐδενός-ωρος, ov, (οὐδεὶς, ὥρα) not worth notice or regard, contemptible.

οὐδέ πη, Adv. in no wise, by no means.
οὐδέ-ποτε Ion. οὐδέ-κοτε, Adv. and not ever, not at any time, never.

οὐδέ-πω, Adv. and not yet, nor as yet, not yet.
οὐδέ-πώ-ποτε, Adv. not yet at any time, never yet.

οὐδ-έτερος, α, ov, (οὐδέ, ἕτερος) neither of the two, Lat. neuter. II, τὸ οὐδέτερον (sub. γένος), Lat. genus neutrum, the neuter gender.

οὐδ-ετέρως, Adv. of οὐδέτερος, in neither of two ways.
οὐδ-ετέρωσσε, Adv. to or towards neither of two sides, nowither.

οὐδ' ἔτι, Adv. and no more, no longer.
οὐ δῆ, Adv. certainly not, Lat. non sane.

οὐ δὴ που or οὐ δῆπου, no I surely imagine not.
οὐδός, δ, Ion. for ὀδός (ῆ), the threshold of a house,

the threshold or sill of a door: metaph., ἐπὶ γῆρας οὐδῶ on the threshold or verge of old age.
οὐδός, ῆ, Aeol. for ὀδός (ῆ), a way.

ΟΥ'ΘΑΡ, ἄρος, τό, properly of animals, the UDDER: later of women, the breast. II. metaph. fruitfulness, milkiness, exuberance; οὐθαρ ἀρούρης the most fertile land, Lat. uber arvi.

οὐθατα, neut. pl. of οὐθαρ.
οὐθατίος, α, ov, (οὐθαρ) of the udder.

οὐθ-εἰς, οὐθ-έν, later form for οὐδεῖς, οὐδέν.
οὐ θην, surely not, certainly not.

οὐκ, for οὐ before a vowel with smooth breathing, and in Ion. (for οὐχ) before a rough breathing.

οὐκ, crasis of ὃ ἐκ.
οὐκ ἄρα, no not, not then: surely not.

οὐκ-ἐτι, Adv. no more, no longer, no further.
οὐκέ, Ion. Adv. for οὐχί, = οὐκ. [I]

οὐκ-οὐν, Adv. not therefore, no not, Lat. non ergo.
2. in interrog., not therefore? not then? and so not? like Lat. nonne ergo? is it not?

οὐκ-οὐν, Adv. therefore, then, accordingly, Lat. ergo. When the word has this accent, the negat. sense vanishes, and the force of οὐν only remains.

οὐ-κω or οὐ κω, Ion. for οὐπω, not yet.
οὐκ-ων, οὐκ-ῶν, Ion. for οὐκουν, οὐκοῦν.

οὐ-κως or οὐ κως, Ion. for οὐπας, by no means.
οὐλαί Att. δαλαί, ai, bruised or coarsely-ground barley, which was sprinkled on the head of the vic-

tim before the sacrifice, like the mola salsa of the Romans. (Commonly derived from οὐλος, ὄλος, as if οὐλαί or ὄλαί were the whole, unground barley-corns.)
οὐλαμός, οὐ, δ, (εἰλω) a band or ibrong of warriors.

ΟΥ'ΑΗ', ῆ, a wound healed or scarred over a scar; Lat. cicatrix.

οὐλος, α, ov, (οὐλος, δλεῖν) baneful, deadly
οὐλό-θριξ, -τρίχος, δ, ῆ, (οὐλος, θρίξ) with curly hair
οὐλό-κάρηνος, ov, (οὐλας, κάρηνον) with thick, curl-

ing hair.
οὐλόμενος, η, ov, properly an Ep. form of δλόμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of δλλυμι; but commonly used as Adj. destructive, baneful, deadly, fatal.

ΟΥ'ΛΟΝ, τό, mostly in plur. οὐλα, the gums.
οὐλοός, ῆ, δν, Ep. for ὀλοός.

ΟΥ'ΛΟΣ, η, ov, Ep. and Ion. form of ὅλος, whole, entire, perfect, complete, Lat. integer; οὐλος ἄρτος a whole loaf 2. of full force, able, substantial. 3.

of sound, continuous, incessant; οὐλον κεκλήγοντες screaming incessantly. 4. of sight or touch, fine, thick, fleshy; οὐλαι κόμαι a thick head of hair: later, twined, crooked. II. Ep. Adj. of δλλυμι, = οὐλό-

μενος, οὐλοός (for δλόμενος, ὀλοός), destructive, baneful, deadly, fatal.
οὐλό-χῦται, ai, (οὐλαί, χέω) bruised or coarsely-

ground barley sprinkled over the victim and the altar before a sacrifice; οὐλοχύτας καταρχεσθαι to begin the sacred rites by sprinkling the barley.
Οὐλυμπος, δ, Ion. for *Ολυμπος: Οὐλυμπόνδε τοι

*Ολυμπόνδε, to Olympus.
οὐλο, (οὐλος ι) to be whole or sound, to be hale or well: imperat. οὐλε, as a salutation, like χαῖρε, healib

to thee, hail, Lat. salvé.
οὐ μάν, Dor. for οὐ μήν, in truth not, assuredly not.

οὐ μέν, no truly, nay verily; old form for οὐ μήν.
οὐ μέν δῆ, in truth not, nay verily.

οὐ-μεν-οὐν, for οὐ μέν οὐν, then not.
οὐ μέν πως, like οὐ πῶς, by no means, in nowise.

οὐ μέν-τοι, not however.
οὐ μή, in independent sentences often used to strengthen the simple negative, mostly with indicat.

fut., also with aor. 2 subj.: I. when used with fut. indic., the clause must be interrog. II. with aor. subj. there seems to be an ellipse of δεινόν

ἔστι or the like, as, οὐ μή ληφθῶ I shall not be taken, i. e. οὐ δεινόν ἔστι, μή ληφθῶ there is no danger lest I be taken.

οὐ μήν, indeed not, surely not.
οὐ μήν ἀλλά, also οὐ μήν ἀλλὰ καί, nevertheless, notwithstanding, yet still.

οὐ μήν γε, after a negat., no nor even yet, Lat. nedum.

οὐ μήν οὐδέ, nay not even.
οὐμός, by Att. crasis for ὃ ἐμός.

ΟΥ'Ν Ion. ἄν, Adv. then, denoting the sequence of one clause upon another. II. therefore, accordingly, consequently, to mark the result or consequence of what has been said, as at the end of a speech.

2. when a speech has been interrupted, οὐν serves to resume. 3. in repetitions οὐν implies the truth of what is repeated, surely, of a truth, as,

εἰ δ' ἔστιν, ὥσπερ οὐν ἔστι, θεός if he is, as he surely

is, a god: ἀλλ' οὖν introduces an objection, *certainly, but . . .*, but still . . . 4. attached to a relat. Pron. or Adv., οὖν makes it less definite, as, ὅστις *whoever*, ὅστισιν *whosoever*; ὅπως *how*, ὅπως οὖν *howsoever*.

οὐνεκα, before a vowel οὐνεκεν, Adv., for οὐ ἔνεκα, *on which account, wherefore*. 2. the anteced. τοῦνεκα being omitted, *therefore since, for that, because*.

3. after certain Verbs, so far as, *how* or so *what*. 4. *that, like etc.* II. οὐνεκα (in this sense never οὐνεκεν), Prep. with gen., equiv. to ἔνεκα, *on account of*, mostly following its case.

οὐνεσθε, Ion. for ὄνεσθε, 2 pl. pres. of ὄνομαι.

ὄνομα, οὐνομάζω, οὐνομαίνω, οὐνομαστός, Ion. for ὄνομα, ὄνομάζω, etc.

οὐξ, contr. for ὁ ξξ.

οὐξιών, by crasis for ὁ ξξιών, part. of ξξείμι *exibo*.

οὐπᾶ, Dor. for οὐπω.

οὐ περ or οὐ-περ, Adv. *by no means*.

οὐ πῃ, Adv. *nowhere, in no wise*.

οὐ ποῦ, Adv. *nowhere*.

οὐ-ποτε Dor. οὐ-ποκα, Adv. *not ever, never*.

οὐ ποῖ, by crasis for ὁ ἐποῖ.

οὐ-πω, Adv. *not yet, Lat. nondum*.

οὐ-πῶ-ποτε, Adv. *not yet at any time, never yet*.

οὐ-πως, Adv. *no how, in nowise, by no means*.

ΟΥΡΑ Ion. οὐρή, ἡ, the tail, Lat. *cauda*. II.

generally, *the binder parts, the after part of anything*;

of a ship, *the stern*. 2. of an army, *the rear-guard*,

rear: *the rear-rank*; κατ' οὐράν in rear, behind; ὁ κατ' οὐράν *the rear-rank-man*; ἐπὶ or κατ' οὐράν *to the rear, backward*.

οὐρα, τὰ, for οὐροί, ὅροι, *boundaries*: see οὐρον.

οὐρ-ἄγος, ὄν, (οὐρά, ἡγέομαι) *leading the rear of an army*;

as Subst., οὐράγος, ὁ, *leader of the rear-guard*.

οὐραῖος, α, ὄν, (οὐρά) *in or of the tail*; τριχες οὐραῖαι *the hairs of the tail*. 2. generally, *bindward*,

bindmost, οὐραῖοι πόδες *the bind feet*; τὰ οὐραῖα *the binder parts*.

Οὐράνια, ἡ, (οὐρανός) *Urania, i. e. the heavenly one*, name of one of the Muses, the Muse of Astronomy.

II. epith. of Aphrodité or Venus, *the heavenly*.

Οὐρανίδης, ὄν, δ, (οὐρανός) *son of Uranus*: generally, *a dweller in heaven*, Lat. *coelicola*, like Οὐρανίω.

οὐρανίος, α, ὄν, Att. also ος, ὄν, (οὐρανός) *heavenly*,

of or in heaven, *dwelling in heaven*; θεοὶ οὐράνιοι, or οὐράνιοι alone, like Οὐρανίους, Οὐρανίδαι, Lat. *coelites*, *coelicolae*, the dwellers in heaven, heavenly beings.

II. coming from heaven, of rain. III. reaching to heaven, high as heaven. 2. metaph. enormous, awful, stupendous; οὐράνιον ἥσον, like θαυμάσιον ὄσον, Lat. *immane quantum*:—neut. pl. οὐράνια, as Adv., *vehemently, tremendously*.

Οὐράνιος ἄνθρωπος, ὁ, (οὐρανός) like Οὐρανίδης, *the heavenly one*: in plur. Οὐρανίους θεοὶ or Οὐρανίους, *the gods*, Lat. *coelites*: fem. Οὐρανιώνα.

οὐράνιο-γνώμων, ὄν, (οὐρανός, γνῶναι) *skilled in the heavens*.

οὐράνῳ-δεκτος, ὄν, (οὐρανός, δεικνυμι) *shewn from heaven, shewing itself in heaven*.

οὐρανόθεν, Adv. of οὐρανός, *from heaven, down from heaven*: properly an old gen. of οὐρανός, and therefore used with Preps., ἀπ' οὐρανόθεν, ἐξ οὐρανόθεν.

οὐρανόθι, Adv. of οὐρανός, *in heaven, in the heavens*: but οὐρανόθι πρός for πρὸς οὐρανόν, where οὐρανόθι is gen. for οὐρανόν, as ὁρεσθι for ὄρος.

οὐράνω-μήκης, ἐς, (οὐρανός, μήκος) *as high as heaven, reaching to heaven*. 2. enormous, stupendous.

οὐράνω-νίκος, ὄν, (οὐρανός, νικάω) *conquering heaven*.

ΟΥΡΑΝΟΥΣ Dor. ὠρανός Aeol. ὄρανός, ὁ, *heaven*, Lat. *coelum*: in Homer *the vault or firmament of heaven, the sky* represented as a concave hemisphere, on which the sun performed his course; the stars too were fixed upon it, and revolved with it; οὐρανός ἀστεροῦς *the starry firmament*. 2. *heaven*, as the seat of the gods, above this vault or hemisphere; πόλαι οὐρανοῦ *Heaven-gate, i. e. a thick cloud, which the Hours lifted or put down*. II. as masc. prop. n. *Uranus*, son of Erebus and Gaia.

οὐράν-οὔχος, ὄν, (οὐρανός, ἔχω) *holding heaven*.

οὔρεα, τό, nom. and acc. pl. of οὔρος, Ion. for ὄρος, τό, *a mountain*.

οὔρεθ-εττος, v. l. for οὔρεθ-εττος, q. v.

οὔρειος, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ὄρειος, (ὄρος, τό) *of the mountain*;

Νύμφη οὔρη *a mountain-nymph*.

οὔρεό-φοιτος, ὄν, (οὔρος, τό, φοιτάω) *mountain-roaming*:—fem. οὔρεο-φοιτάς, ἄδος.

οὔρεσι-βώτης, ὄν, δ, (οὔρος, τό, βόσκειν) poet. φοι δρεσιβώτης, *feeding on the mountains*.

οὔρεσι-οικος, ὄν, (οὔρος, τό, οἰκέω) *mountain-dwelling*.

οὔρεσι-φύτης, ὄν, δ, and -φύτοος, ὄν, = οὔρεοφύτοος.

οὔρεϋς, ἦος, ὁ, Ion. for ὄρεϋς, *a mule*.

οὔρως, impf. εὔρουσιν: f. οὔρησιν or -ήσομαι: aor. 1 εὔρησα: (οὔρον):—*to make water*.

οὔρηας, Ep. acc. pl. of οὔρεϋς: οὔρηων, gen. pl.

οὔρησεαι, Desiderat. ὁ δ' οὔρῃω, *to want to make water*.

οὔρητιάω, = οὔρησεω.

οὔριδος, ὁ, (οὔρα) *the bindmost part, lowest part*,

ἔγχεος οὔριδος *the butt-end of a spear*.

οὔρι-βάτας, ὄν, δ, poet. for ὄρειβάτης, *mountain-walking*.

οὔριζω, Ion. for ὀρίζω, *to bound, limit*.

οὔριζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰω, (οὔρος) *to waft with a fair wind*: *to speed on the way, guide prosperously*.

II. intr. *to blow fairly, give a fair passage*.

οὔριθ-εττος, ἡ, ὄν, (οὔρος, τό, τρέφω) for ὄρειθ-εττος, *mountain-bred*.

οὔριος, α, ὄν, also ος, ὄν, (οὔρος) *with a fair wind*, Lat. *vento secundo*, esp. of a ship. 2. of a voyage, prosperous, fair: generally, *prosperous, successful*:—neut. plur. as Adv., οὔρια θεῖν *to run before the wind*: but ἐξ οὔριαν δραμεῖν (sub. πνεύματων), *to run with a fair breeze*.

II. prospering, favouring, propitiating. 2. οὔρια (sub. πνοῇ), ἡ, = οὔρος, *a fair wind*.

οὐριο-στάτης, ου, δ, (ουριος, ἵστημι) *standing prosperous or secure*. [ἀ]

οὐρίω, (οὐριος) *to give to the winds. let flow*.

οὐρισμα, ατος, τό, Ion. for ὄρισμα, *a boundary line*.

οὐρινε, by crasis for δ οὔρις.

ΟΥΡΟΝ. τό, Lat. URINA, *urine*.

οὔρον, τό, poet. for οὔρος, ὄρος, δ, *a boundary*; found in three places of Homer; (1) ὅσα δίσκον οὔρα πέλονται as far as the boundaries of the quoit reach, i. e. the distance of a quoit's throw: (2) ὅσπον τ' ἐν νεῖξ' οὔρον πέλει ἡμίνοιν τόσπον ὑπεκπροθέων . . ἔκετο; and (3) ὅσπον τ' ἐπὶ οὔρα πέλονται ἡμίονων; in which two passages, a certain distance is expressed by οὔρον ἡμίνοιν and οὔρα ἡμίονων, and the distance meant is that by which mules would beat oxen in ploughing a furrow of given length in a given time.

οὔρος, οὔ, δ, (εἶρω) *a trench or channel for hauling up ships on shore and launching them again*.

ΟΥΡΟΣ, ου, δ, *a fair wind, right astern*; πέμπειν κατ' οὔρον *to send down (i. e. with) the wind, to speed on its way*: metaph., οὔρος [ἔστι], like καυρός [ἔστι], *it is a fair time*.

ΟΥΡΟΣ, ου, δ, *a watcher, warder, guard*.

οὔρος, ου, δ, Ion. for ὄρος, *a boundary*.

οὔρος, εος, τό, Ion. for ὄρος, *a mountain*.

ΟΥΡΟΣ, δ, *a wild bull*, Lat. URUS.

ΟΥΣ, τό, gen. ὠτός, dat. ὠτί: pl. nom. ὠτα, gen. ὠταν, dat. ὠσιν: Ion. and Ep. οὔας, οὔατος: Dor. ὠς, ὠτός:—Lat. AURIS, *the ear*; εἰς οὔς, εἰς ὠτα in or into one's ear, i. e. *secretly*. II. *an ear or handle, of pitchers, urns, etc.*

οὔσια, ἡ, (οὔσια, part. fem. of εἰμί sum) *that which is one's own, one's property, substance: state, condition*; τὰς ἀπαιδας ἐς τὸ λοιπὸν οὔσιας *her childless state for the future*, i. e. *her bearing no children for the future*. II. *the being, substance, essence of a thing*.

οὔτᾱ, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2, but οὔτᾱ, 3 sing. impf., of οὔτᾱω.

οὔταε, imperat. of οὔτᾱω.

οὔτάξω, f. οὔτάσω: aor. I οὔτᾱσα: pf. pass. οὔτασμαι—like οὔτᾱω, *to wound*; οὔτασεν σάκος *they hit, battered the shield*; c. acc. cognato, ἔλακος, ἔμε βροτὸς οὔτασεν ἄνθρωπος *the wound which a man struck me withal*.

οὔταμεν, οὔτάμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of οὔτᾱω.

οὔτασται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of οὔτάξω.

οὔτᾱω, imperat. οὔταε: Ion. impf. οὔτασκον: fut. οὔτήσω: aor. I οὔτᾱρα Ion. οὔτήσασκον: aor. I

οὔτηθην:—Ep. 3 sing. aor. οὔτᾱ (as if from οὔτημι), inf. οὔτάμεναι and οὔτάμεν, part. (in pass. sense) οὔτάμενος [ἀ]:—*to wound, to wound by striking with a spear or sword, opp. to βάλλειν (to strike with a missile)*:—Pass., οὔταμένη ἀτειλή *the wound inflicted*.

οὔ-τε, Adv., *and not*.

οὔτε, . . , neither . . , nor . . , Lat. neque . . , neque . . : but τε is often used in the second clause answering to οὔτε in the first, *both not . . and . .*

οὔτερος, Ion. for δ ἑτερος: neut. τοὔτερον.

οὔτηθεις, aor. 1 pass. part. of οὔταω

οὔτήσασκε, Ion. 3 sing. aor. I of οὔτᾱω.

οὔτήτερα, ἡ, fem. of οὔτητήρ.

οὔτητήρ, ἥρος. (οὔταω) *one who wounds*.

οὔ-τι, neut. of οὔτις.

οὔτιδ' ἀνός, ἡ, ὄν, Att. also ὄς, ὄν, (οὔτις) *useless, worthless, good for naught*.

οὔ-τι-πω. Adv. for οὔ τί-πω, like οὔπω, *not at all yet*.

οὔ-τις, gen. οὔτινος, *no one, nobody*, Lat. ne ullus, nullus; neut. οὔ-τι, *nothing*, Lat. nihil:—neut. also as Adv. *by no means, not at all*: hence II. with changed accent, Οὔτις, δ, acc. Οὔτιν, *Noman, Nobody*, a name assumed by Ulysses to deceive Polyphemus.

οὔ-του. Adv. (οὔ, τοί) *indeed not*, Lat. non sane.

οὔτος, αὐτή, τοῦτο, gen. τούτου, ταύτης, τούτου, etc., demonstr. Pron., *this*, as opp. to ἐκεῖνος, *the nearer of two things, opp. to the more remote*, like Lat. hic opp. to ille. II. when opp. to ὅδε, οὔ-τος generally refers to what has gone before, ὅδε to what is to follow.

III. οὔτος, αὐτή are used to call a slave or an inferior, generally in a contemptuous sense, Lat. heus! you there! hollo you! also οὔτος σύ, *heus tu!* but also in a solemn call, as to Oedipus, ὦ οὔτος, οὔτος Οἰδῖπου! IV. τοῦτο μέν . . , τοῦτο δέ . . , or ταῦτα μέν . . , ταῦτα δέ . . , stronger than μέν . . , δέ . . , *on the one hand . . , on the other . . ; partly . . , partly . .*

V. καὶ ταῦτα, to add something with emphasis, *and that too, and more than that*, often without a Verb, as, καὶ ταῦτα τηλικούτος *and that too being such an one*; τί γὰρ δεινότερον δικαστοῦ καὶ ταῦτα γέροντος; *for what is more to be feared than a judge, and that too an old one?* VI. καὶ ταῦτα μέν δὴ ταῦτα, like ἔλεν, *so much for this*, Lat. haec haecenus.

VII. neut. pl. ταῦτα as Adv. *for this reason*, like διὰ ταῦτα, ταῦτ' ἄρα, ταῦτ' οὖν *for this reason then, accordingly*.

2. ταῦτα (sub. δράσω), in affirm. answers, ταῦτ', ὦ δεσπότης *yes, master*.

VIII. dat. fem. sing. ταύτῃ was also used as Adv., I. of Place (sub. χάρις), *in this spot, here*.

2. of Manner, *in this way*, so. 3. *in this respect, so far, for the matter of that*.

IX. οὔτος is often strengthened in Att. by the demonstr. ἱ, οὔτοσί, αὐτῇ, τοῦτί, gen. τουτοῦ, nom. pl. οὔτοισι, neut. ταυτί, etc., *this man here*, Lat. huius:—before a vowel ι becomes υ, as οὔτοσιν: neut. τουτοῦ, ταυτάχι.

οὔτως, before a conson. οὔτω, Adv. of οὔτος, *in this way or manner, so thus*, Lat. sic

II. with a qualifying power, *so, only so, simply, no more than*.

III. *in wishes*, with optat., εἰ γὰρ ἐγὼν οὔτα γε Διὸς παῖς ἐῖην *would I were the son of Jove* so [truly] as . . . 2. *in protestations*, as, ἐγὼ γ' οὔ-ταε θναίμην τῶν τέκνων, *μὴ τὸν ἄνδρα* I, *so help me my children, hate the man*.

IV. οὔτω μέν . . , οὔτω δέ . . , *partly . . , partly . . , on the one hand . . , on the other . .*; cf. οὔτος IV.

V. in beginning a

story, οὕτω ποτ' ἦν μὴ καὶ γαλῇ so there were once upon a time a mouse and a marten-cat.

οὕτωσι, οὕτωσιν, = οὕτως. [I]

οὐχί, Adv. for οὐ, not. [I]

οὐχίνος, by crasis for δ' ἐχίνος.

ὀφειλέτης, ον, ὁ, fem. ὀφειλέτις, ιδος, ῆ, (ὀφείλω) a debtor.

ὀφείλη, ῆ, (ὀφείλω) a debt: one's due.

ὀφείλω, τό, (ὀφείλω) *ibid* *ut* *is owed*, a debt.

ὀφείλω, impf. ὀφείλον: fut. ὀφείλισω: aor. I

ὠφείλῃσα: aor. 2 ὠφελον Ion. ὠφελλον Ep. ὠφελ-

λον, ὠφελλον: pf. ὠφείλῃκα:—*to owe*, *be indebted*

for, *have to pay*: absol. *to be in debt*:—Pass. *to be*

owed, *to be due*: part. ὀφειλόμενος, *bounden*, *due*,

fitting: τὸ ὀφειλόμενον one's due. 2. ζημίαν ὀφεί-

λειν *to be liable to*, *be in danger of* a penalty, etc.:

of retribution, βλάβην ὀφείλειν τινὶ *to owe* one an ill

turn. II. *to be under an obligation*, *to be bound*

to do a thing. 2. aor. 2 ὠφελον, I *ought*... of

what one has *not* done; ὠφελον ἀθανάτοισιν εὐχε-

σθαι *he ought* to have prayed to the gods: hence this

aor. comes to express the wish that a thing had hap-

pened which has not, as, τὴν ὀφελ' ἐν νήεσσι κατα-

κτείνεν 'Αρτεμις *would* *that* Diana had slain her! Lat.

ut *utinam* *eam interfecisset!* properly, Diana *ought*

to have slain her: mostly with the Conjunction εἴθε

Ep. αἶθε, αἰ, αἶθ' ὀφειλες ἄγονος ἔμεναι O *that* *thou*

hast been unborn! εἴθ' ὠφελ' 'Αργοῦς μὴ διαπύ-

σθαι σκάφος *would* *that* the Argo *had* not sped

through: also with *ὥς*, *ὡς* ὀφελον or ὠφελλον O *that*

I had .! also with negat., μὴ ὀφειλες *would* *thou*

hast not. .! III. of anything binding upon us,

esp. in Pass.; πᾶσιν ἡμῖν τοῦτ' ὀφείλεται παθεῖν this is

a debt due for us all to pay; so, πᾶσιν ἡμῖν κατα-

θαι εἰν ὀφείλεται, Horace's *debemur morti*, we must

all pay the debt of nature.

ὀφείλω, Ep. for ὀφείλω, impf. ὠφελον or

ὠφείλων, *to owe*: Pass., *χρεῖός* μοι ὀφείλεται a debt

is due to me. II. *to be obliged*, *bound*.

ὀφείλω, f. ὀφείλω: aor. I ὠφείλα, Aeol. 3 sing.

opt. ὀφέλλω:—poët. word, *to increase*, *enlarge*,

augment, *strengthen*; μῦθον ὀφέλλειν *to multiply*

words; ὀφέλλειν τινα τιμῇ *to raise* one in honour,

Lat. *honore augere*: generally, *to help*, *make* *to*

thrive:—Pass. *to wax*, *grow*, *thrive*, *increase*.

ὀφελον, Ep. aor. 2 of ὀφείλω.

ὀφελος, τὸ, (ὀφείλω) *advantage*, *help*, *profit*, *usance*;

c. gen., τῶν ὀφελος οὐδέν whose use was nothing, i. e.

who were of no use; so, ὅ τι ὀφελος στρατεύματος

what was really *serviceable* of the army.

ὀφθαλμία, ῆ, (ὀφθαλμός) a disease of the eyes ac-

companied by the discharge of humours, *orbitalmia*.

ὀφθαλμιάς, (ὀφθαλμία) *to have* the *orbitalmia*, *to*

have sore eyes.

ὀφθαλμίδιον, τό, Dim. of ὀφθαλμός. [I]

ὀφθαλμο-δουλεία, ῆ, (ὀφθαλμός, δουλεία) *eye-service*.

ὀφθαλμός, οὐ, ὁ, (ὀφθῆναι) *the eye*; *eye* ὀφθαλμός

tuus before one's eyes or face; ἐν ὀφθαλμοῖς Lat. in

oculis, before *the eyes*; ἐξ ὀφθαλμῶν out of *sight*;

κατ' ὀφθαλμούς to one's face. II. like ὄμμα and

ἄνθος, the *dearest*, *choicest*, *best* of anything, as the

eye is the most precious part of the body; ὀφθαλμός

στρατιᾶς the flower of the army, as we say, the apple

of the eye. III. in Persia, ὀφθαλμοὶ βασιλέως,

the king's eyes, were confidential officers, through

whom he beheld his subjects.

ὀφθαλμό-τεγκτος, ον, (ὀφθαλμός, τέγγω) *wetting*

the eyes.

ὀφθαλμο-ῥύχος, ον, (ὀφθαλμός, ῥύσσω) *tearing*

out the eyes.

ὀφθαλμός, Dor. for ὀφθαλμός.

ὀφθῆς, aor. I pass. part. of ὄραω.

ὀφθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of ὄραω.

ὀφθῆσομαι, fut. pass. of ὄραω.

ὀφίεσσι, Ep. for ὀφίσι, dat. pl. of ὄφίς.

ὀφίο-βόλος, ον, (ὄφίς, βαλεῖν) *serpent-slaying*.

ὀφίο-πους, ποδος, (ὄφίς, ποῦς) *with snakes* for legs.

ὀφί-Σ, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ὁ, a *serpent*, *snake*.

ὀφι-ώδης, ες, (ὄφίς, εἶδος) of *serpent* shape, *snaky*.

ὀφλεῖν, aor. 2 act. inf. of ὀφλίσκανω.

ὀφλημα, ατος, τό, (ὀφλεῖν) a debt or a fine incurred

in a lawsuit, *damages*.

ὀφλήσω, fut. of ὀφλίσκανω.

ὀφλίσκανω, fut. ὀφλήσω: pf. ὠφληκα: aor. 2 ὠφ-

λον, inf. ὀφλεῖν, part. ὀφλάν:—*to owe*, *incur* a debt,

but mostly used in the technical phrase *δικῇ* ὀφλεῖν

or ὀφλίσκάνειν, *to be cast* in a suit, *lose* one's cause;

as, ὀφλάν ἀρπαγῆς τε καὶ κλοπῆς *δικῇ* being cast in

a suit of robbery and theft; also, *θανάτου* *δικῇ* ὀφ-

λίσκάνειν *to be found* guilty of a capital crime: often

without *δικῇ*, ὀφλίσκάνειν ἀσφαλείας (sub. *δικῇ*)

to be found guilty of not serving: absol. *to be cast*,

be found guilty, convicted: also, *ζημίαν* ὀφλεῖν *to in-*

cur a penalty. II. generally, of anything one

brings on oneself; γέλωτα or αἰσχύνην ὀφλεῖν

to bring laughter or shame on oneself, *incur* them: so

also, *δειλίαν* ὀφλίσκάνειν *to incur* the charge of cow-

ardice; *μαρίαν* ὀφλίσκάνειν τινὶ *to bring* on oneself

the imputation of folly in any one's estimation.

ὀφλάν, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of ὀφλίσκανω.

ὀφρα, Conjunction, marking end or intention,

that, *in order* *that*, *to the end* *that*, Lat. *ut*. II.

Adv. of Time, like Lat. *donec*, so long as, *while*:

until.

ὀφρύν, ῆ, Ion. for ὀφρύς, the brow or edge of a

hill. [8]

ὀφρύοις, εῖσα, εν, (ὀφρύς) on the brow or edge of

a rock, *beelling*. 2. metaph. towering, *prompous*.

ὀφρύν, ῆ, acc. ὀφρύν later ὀφρύα; acc. pl.

ὀφρύας, ὀφρύς:—the eyebrow, Lat. *supercilium*, used

in many phrases to denote grief, rage, scorn or

pride; as, τὰς ὀφρύς ἀνασπᾶν *to draw up* the eye-

brows in token of grief; τὰς ὀφρύς συνάγειν *to knit*,

contract the brows, *frown*; opp. *to* λύνειν and μετέ-

βαιναι τὰς ὀφρύς *to smooth* or *unknit* the brow. 3.

ὀφρύς, like Lat. *supercilium*, gravity, dignity: scorn.

pride, II. metaph. *the brow of a hill, the edge of a cliff, a beetling or overhanging crag.*

ὄφρως, contr. for ὄφρως, acc. pl. of ὄφρως.

ὄψα, (ἐχω) Ep. Adv. by far. eminently, always with Sup. ἀριστος: later ἔψα.

ὄψανη, ἡ, and ὄψανον, τό, (ὀχέω, ἐχω) *the handle of a shield*, consisting of two bands fastened crosswise on the under side of the shield, through which the bearer passed his arm.

ὀχέεσκον, Ion. impf. of ὀχέω.

ὀχέεσσι, Ep. for ὀχεσί, dat. pl. of ὀχος.

ὀχέια, ἡ, (ὀχεύω) *a covering*, of the horse.

ὀχεσφι, -iv, Ep. for ὀχεσί, dat. pl. of τὸ ὄχος.

ὀχετεύω, f. σω, (ὀχετός) *to carry off by a ditch or channel: to divert by a canal or aqueduct*:—Pass., ὕδωρ ὀχετεύμενον *water carried off by a canal.*

ὀχετ-ηγός, ὄν, (ὀχετός, ἀγω) *drawing off water by a conduit or canal.*

ὀχετός, οὗ, ὁ, (ὀχέω) *a conduit, ditch, canal, aqueduct, drain: any channel for water, the bed of a river.* 2. metaph. *a channel or means of escape.*

ὀχεύς, gen. ἑως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (ἐχω) *any fastening*. 1. *the band or strap for fastening the helmet under the chin.* 2. in pl. *the clasps of the belt.* 3. *a bolt which fastened the door within.*

ὀχευτής, οὗ, ὁ, (ὀχεύω) *a stallion: a lewd person.* (ὀχέω) f. σω, (ὀχέω) *to ride: of male animals, to cover.*

ὀχέω, f. ἦσαι, (ὀχος, ὁ) collat. form of ἔχω, as φορέω of φέρω, *to bear, endure, support, hold; φρουρὰν ὀχεῖν to keep watch.* 2. *to let ride, mount* II. in

Pass., with fut. med. ὀχῆσθαι, *to be borne or carried; κύμασιν, νηυσὶν, ἵπποισιν ὀχεῖσθαι to be carried by the waves, by ships, etc.: hence without any Subst. after it, like Lat. vehi, to drive, ride, sail; ἐπ' ἀγκύρας ὀχεῖσθαι to ride at anchor.*

ὀχῆα, Ep. acc. of ὀχέως: ὀχῆες, nom. pl.

ὀχημα, τό, (ὀχέω) *that which bears or supports, a support, stay.* II. *a carriage, a chariot*, Lat. vehiculum: also *a vessel, ship.*

ὀχθέω, f. ἦσαι, *to be heavy laden: metaph. to be heavy or oppressed in mind, to be vexed at heart; ὀχθῆσαν τῇ were heavy at heart.* (From ἄχθομαι, as ὀχέω from ἐχω.)

ὄξθη, ἡ, older form of ὄχθος, *any raised ground, natural or artificial, a bill, mound, dyke, dam: in pl. the banks of a river or trench, dyke, etc.: also, crags by a river.* Hence

ὀχθηρός, ὁ, ὤν, *raised, billy.*

ὄχθος, ὁ, later form of ὄχθη, *rising ground, a bill.*

ὀχλέω, = μοχλέω, *to heave or move by a lever*:—Pass. *to be rolled, roll along; ψηφίδες ἀπασαι ὀχλεύονται* (Aeol. for ὀχλοῦνται) *all the pebbles are rolled or swept away by the water.*

ὀχλέω, f. ἦσαι, (ὄχλος) *to disturb by a mob or tumult; generally, to trouble or importune, c. acc.: at-sol. to be troublesome.*

ὀχληρός, ὁ, ὤν, (ὀχλέω) *troublesome, importunate.*

ὀχλίξω, f. ἴσω, = ὀχλέω, ὀχλεύω, *to move or heave by a lever, generally, to move a great weight, roll it away by dint of strength.*

ὀχλίσσειαν, 3 pl. Ep. aor. I opt. of ὀχλίξω.

ὀχλο-ποιέω, f. ἴσω, (ὄχλος, ποίεω) *to make a riot; ὀχλοποιεῖν τὴν πόλιν to set the city in an uproar.*

ὄχλος, ὁ, *a throng of people, an irregular crowd, mob, multitude: the populace, mob, Lat. turba, opp. to δῆμος (the people in a constitutional sense).* II. *noise made by a crowd, a riot, tumult, Lat. turba:—generally, disturbance, trouble, annoyance, importunity.*

ὀχλ-ώδης, ἑς, contr. for ὀχλο-ειδής, (ὄχλος, εἶδος) *like a mob, turbulent, riotous; τὸ ὀχλῶδες troublesomeness, turbulence.*

ὀχμα, ατος, τό, (ἐχω) *a bold, fastening.* Hence ὀχμάζω, f. ἴσω, *to grip, hold fast: to bind, fetter: of horses, to rein in, make obedient to the bit.*

ὀχνη, ἡ, *a wild pear*, late form of ὄχνη.

ὀχος, εος, τό, (ἐχω) *a chariot*, always in pl., and mostly in Ep. dat. ὀχεσφι, ὀχεσφιν, for ὀχεσι.

ὀχρεῖ ποэт. ὀκρος, ου, ὁ, (ἐχω) *that which holds: νηῶν ὄνοι places to hold ships, i. e. harbours, roadsteads.* II. *that which bears, a carriage, chariot car; but, ὄχοι ἀπήνης bearers of the chariot, i. e. the wheels.*

ὀχυρός, ὁ, ὄν, (ἐχω) *like ἐχυρός, firm, lasting, stout strong: esp. of places, firm, secure: strong, tenable of a fortress or the like.*

ὀχυρόω, f. ὤσω, (ὀχυρός) *to make fast, fortify* Hence

ὀχυρώμα, ατος, τό, *a stronghold, fortress.*

ὀχυρός, Adv. of ὀχυρός, *firmly, strongly.* ὀχωα, by metath. for ὀκωα, perf. of ἔχω.

ὀψ, ἡ, gen. ὀπός, dat. ὀπί, acc. ὀπα (εἰπεῖν, επος) *a voice.* II. *a discourse, word.*

ὀψ-ἄματς [μά], ου, ὁ, voc. ὀψάματα, (ὀψέ, ἀμείω) *one who mows till late at even; cf. ὀψαρότης.*

ὀψᾶνον, τό, (ὀψομαι) = ὀψις, *a sight, vision.*

ὀψάριον, τό, Dim. of ὀψόν, esp. fish: *a small fish.*

ὀψ-ἄροτς, ου, ὁ, (ὀψέ, ἀρώω) *one who ploughs late; cf. ὀψάριος.*

ὄψε, Adv. *after a long time, at length, late, Lat. sero; ὀψέ μαθάνειν to learn too late.* 2. *late in the day, at even, opp. to πρῶτ: late in the season,*

ὀψέ ἦν it was late: c. gen., ὀψέ τῆς ἡμέρας late in the day, Lat. serum diei: also, ὀψέ τῶν Τροικῶν long after the Trojan war.—Att. irreg. Comp. ὀψιαιτερον later; Sup. ὀψιαιτατα, latest

ὀψέω, Desiderat. of ὀράω, formed from fut. ὀφρομαι, *to wish to see.*

ὀψεσθαι, fut. inf. of ὀράω.

ὀψη, Aeol. for ὀψέ.

ὀψία (sub. ὥρα), ἡ, properly fem. of ὀψιος, *the latter part of the day, evening*, often joined with δειλη. Opp. to ὄρθρος: see δειλη.

ὀψιαιτερος, -τατος, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of ὀψιος: see ὀψέ.

δυσί-γνος, *ov*, (δύε, γενέσθαι) *late-born, after-born, born in a later age.* 2. of a son, *late-born, born in one's old age.* 3. *later-born, i. e. younger.* [Υ]

δυσίστερος, -τατος, Comp. and Sup. of δύσιος.
δύλιζω, *f. ἴσω*, (δύε) *to do, go or come late: to be too late in doing:* Pass. *to be belated, benighted.*

δυσί-κοιτος, *ov*, (δύε, κοίτη) *going late to bed, late watching or wakeful.*

δυσίμαθός, *f. ἴσω*, *to learn late or too late.* From δύσι-μαθής, *és*, (δύε, μαθεῖν) *late in learning, late to learn, Lat. serus studiorum: too late or too old to learn, c. gen.*

δυσίμος, *ov*, (δύε) *poët. for δύσιος, late, slow, tardy: τέρας δψιμον* a prognostic late of fulfilment.

δυσί-voos, *ov*, (δύε, νόος) *late of thought, inobservant.*

δύσιος, *a, ov*, (δύε) *late, Lat. serus, opp. to πρώσιος.* —Att. Comp. *δυσιάτερος, a, ov*, Sup. *δυσιαίτατος, η, ov*: Neut. *δυσιαίτερον, -τατα*, Adv. *as Comp. and Sup. of δύε.* The forms *δυσιάτερος* and *δυσιαίτατος* also occur.

δύσις, *gen. εως* Ion. *ιος, ἡ*, (ομομαι) *a sight, appearance: a vision, apparition:—δύσις οικοδομημάτων* a edow of buildings. 2. *outward appearance, look: the face, visage.*

II. *the power of sight or seeing, eyesight.* 2. *a viewing, seeing, view, sight, Lat. conspectus: ἀμικεσθαι ἐς δψιν τινί* to come into one's sight or presence.

δυσί-τελεστος, *ov*, (δύε, τελέω) *late of fulfilment, to be late fulfilled.*

δύομαι, *fut. of opaw*, formed from *δωτομαι.

δύον, τό, (έψω) *properly, boiled meat: generally, meat, flesh.* II. *anything eaten with bread, to give it flavour: hence onions are called δψον ποτφ, a zest or relish to drink.*

III. *generally, sauce, seasoning: metaph. of hunger or toil, οί πόνοι δψον τοῖς ἀγαθοῖς* labour is a sauce to good things IV. *any dainty food, rich fare: in pl. dainties.*

V. *at Athens, mostly of fish, the chief dainty of the Athenians.* 2. *the market-place, esp. the fish-market.*

δύοποιέω, Dep. (δύοποιός) *to dress meat delicately: Med. to eat meat or fish with bread. Hence*

δύοποιεῖα, *ἡ*, *the art of cookery: and*

δύοποιικός, *ἡ, ov*, *of or for delicate cookery.*

δύο-ποιός, *όν*, (δύον, ποιέω) *cooking food skilfully: as Subst., δύοποιός, δ, a cook.*

δύο-πόνος, *ov*, (δύον, πονέω) *dressing food elaborately.*

δύοφάγω, *f. ἴσω*, (δύοφάγος) *to eat or live upon dainties alone, to fare delicately. Hence*

δύοφάγία, *ἡ*, *dainty living: eating delicacies.*

δύο-φάγος, *ov*, (δύον, φάγειν) *eating dainties or delicacies: as Subst., δύόφαγος, δ, an epicure, gourmand.—Irreg. Att. Comp. and Sup. δύοφαγίστερος, δύοφαγίστατος.*

δύ-ωνέω, *f. ἴσω*, (δύον, ἐνέομαι) *to buy or survey: generally, to buy victuals. Hence*

δύωνιον, τό, *properly, provisions, supplies for an army: generally, recompense, wages.*

Π

Π, π, πῖ, indecl.: *sixteenth letter of Gr. alphabet: as numeral π' = 80, but π = 80,000.*

Changes of π: it is often interchanged with β, as in πάλλω βάλλω: often also in Ion. for φ, as ἀπικέσθαι for ἀφικέ-, ἀπηγέσθαι for ἀφηγέ-; and so before an aspirate, π was retained by the Ion., e. g., ἀπ' ἡμῶν, ἐπ' ἡμῶν for ἀφ' ἡμῶν, ὑφ' ἡμῶν. II. in Ion. Prose, π becomes κ in relatives and interrogatives, e. g. κῆς ὅκως κοῖος ὁκοῖος κόσος ὁκόσος for πῶς ὅπως ποῖος ὁποῖος ὅσος ὁπόσος. III. in Aeol. π is used for μ, as ἔππα for ἔμμα, πεδά for μετά. IV. in Aeol. and Dor. π is for τ, as πέμπε for τέμπε. V. π is sometimes interchanged with γ, as in λαπαρές λαγαρός. VI. π is often redupl. in relatives, metri grat. esp. in Aeol. e. g. ὅπη, ὅπως, ὅποιος, ὀππόσος for ὅπη, etc. VII. Poët., τ is sometimes inserted after π, esp. in πτόλις, πτόλεμος for πῶλις, πόλεμος with their derivatives.

πᾶ, πᾶ, Dor. for πῆ, πῆ.

πᾶα, Lacon. for πᾶσα.

πᾶνά, Dor. for πῆγῆ.

παγγενέτερα, *ἡ*, *mother of all.* From

παγ-γενέτης, *ov, δ*, (πᾶς, γενέσθαι) *father of all.*

παγ-γλυκερός, *α, ὄν*, (πᾶς, γλυκερός) *sweetest of all.*

παγ-γλωσσία, *ἡ*, (πᾶς, γλῶσσα) *wordiness.*

πᾶγεις, *εἶσα, ἐν*, *aor. 2 pass. part. of πήγνυμι.*

πάγην [ᾱ], Aeol. and Ep. for ἐπάγησαν, 3 pl. *aor. 2 pass. of πήγνυμι.*

πᾶγετός, *δ*, (πάγος, frost, ice).

πᾶγερ-ώδης, *es*, (παγερτός, ἐσ) *frosty, icy-cold.*

πάγη [ᾱ], 3 sing. Ep. *aor. 2 pass. of πήγνυμι.*

πάγη [ᾱ], *ἡ*, (παγήναι) *anything that fixes or boias fast: a snare, noose, trap: the tools used in fowling: a fowling-net.*

2. *metaph. a snare, stratagem.*

πᾶγήναι, *aor. 2 inf. pass. of πήγνυμι.*

πᾶγιδεύω, *f. σω*, (παγίς) *to lay a snare for, entrap.*

πάγιος, *a, ov*, (πᾶγήναι) *fixed, firm, solid, steadfast.*

Adv. -ίως, *firmly, steadily.*

παγίς, *ιδος, ἡ*, (παγήναι) *like πάγη, a snare, trap, gin:—ἀγκυρα παγίς νεῶν* the anchor which holds ships like a trap.

παγ-καλίστος, *ov*, (πᾶς, καλός) *all new or fresh.*

πάγ-κάκος, *ov*, (πᾶς, κακός) *quite or utterly bad: most unlucky or unfortunate: in moral sense, utterly bad or depraved: Sup. παγκάκιστος. Adv. παγκάκως, all miserably.*

πάγ-κάλος, *ov*, (πᾶς, καλός) *all-beautiful, all-good.*

παγκαρπία, *ἡ*, *an offering of all kinds of fruit.*

From

πάγ-κα, -ος, *ov*, (πᾶς, καρπός) *of or consisting of all kinds of fruit: rich in every fruit.*

παγ-κατάρατος, *ov*, (πᾶς, καταράσμαι) *all-accursed.*

παγ-κευθής, *és*, (πᾶς, κεύθω) *all-concealed.* II

act. *all-concealing.*

πάγ-κλαυτος and -κλαυτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, κλαίω) *all-lamented, most woeful.* II. *act. all-tearful.*

παγκληρία, ἡ, *a sole inheritance, full possession.* From

πάγ-κληρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, κλήρος) *beld in full possession.* πάγ-κοινος, *ον*, (πᾶς, κοινός) *common to all.*

παγ-κοίτης, *ου, ὁ*, (πᾶς, κοίτη) *giving rest to all; θάλαμος παγκοίτης the chamber in which all must rest, i.e. the grave.*

παγ-κόνιτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, κονίω) *coverea all over with dust; ἀεθλα παγκόνιτα prizes gained by all kinds of contests.*

παγ-κράτης, *ἑς*, (πᾶς, κράτος) *all-powerful, all-mighty, all-ruling: all-conquering.*

παγκρατιάξω, *ἑ, σω*, *to perform the exercises of the pancratium.*

παγκράτιον, τό, (παγκράτης) *a complete contest, i.e. an exercise which combined both wrestling (πάλη) and boxing (πυγμή), the pancratium.*

παγ-κρότος, *Adv.* (πᾶς, κρότος) *sounding au a once, of towers who keep good time.*

πάγος, ὁ, (πάγηναι) *a firm-set rock: a peak, crag, rocky hill: ὁ Ἄρειος πάγος the Areopagus at Athens.* [ᾱ]

πάγος, ὁ, (πάγηναι) *anyising stiffenea or hardened: frozen water, ice, frost.* [ᾱ]

πάγ-ουρος, ὁ, (πάγηναι, οὐρά) *a kind of crab.*

παγ-χάλεπος, *ον*, (πᾶς, χαλεπός) *very difficult and dangerous.* *Adv.* -πως.

παγ-χάλκεος and παγ-χαλκος, *ον*, (πᾶς, χαλκός) *all-brasen, all of brass.*

πάγ-χρηστος, *ον*, (πᾶς, χρηστός) *good for all work.*

πάγ-χριστος, *ον*, (πᾶς, χριστός) *all-anointed: πάγ-χριστον πειθοῦς the all-anointed of persuasion, of the robe anointed with the blood of Nessus, to be used as a love-charm.*

παγ-χρύσεος, *ον*, and πάγ-χρῦσος, *ον*, (πᾶς, χρυσοῦς) *all gold, of solid gold.* [ῥ]

πάγχι, *Adv.* (πᾶς, πᾶν) *Ion. for πάνν, quite, wholly, entirely, altogether.*

παγῶ, *aor. 2 subj. pass. of πᾶννυμι.*

παδάω, *Dor. for πηδάω.*

πάθος [ᾱ], *Ep. for πάθεσ, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πάσχω.*

παθεῖν *Ep. παθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of πάσχω. Hence*

πάθη [ᾱ], ἡ, *anything that befalls one: suffering, misfortune.*

πάθημα, *ατος, τό*, = πάθος, *a suffering, misfortune: τὰ παθήματα μαθήματα sufferings are lessons to learn by.*

πάθησθα, *Ep. 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. med. of πάσχω.*

πάθητός, ὁ, *ον*, (παθεῖν) *having suffered: subject to suffering, destined to suffer*

πάθος, *εος, τό*, (παθεῖν) *anything that befalls one, a suffering, misfortune, calamity.* 2. *a passive condition: a passion, affection.* 3. *an incident.*

πάθω [ᾱ], *aor. 2 subj. of πάσχω.*

παθών, *εῖσα, ὄν*, *aor. 2 part. of πάσχω*

παῖ, *Ep. παῖ, vocat. of παῖς.*

Παῖαν, *ἄνος, ὁ*, *Ep. and Ion. Παῖων, ὄνος, later Παῖαν, ὄνος, Pacon or Paean, the physician of the gods: Παῖημος γενέθλη the race of Pacon, i.e. physicians.* 2. *later the name was transferred to Apollo, who was invoked by the cry ἰηε Παῖαν; also to his son Aesculapius.* 3. *a physician: and more generally, a saviour, deliverer.* II. *as appellat. παῖαν Ion. παῖων, a paean, i.e. a choral song, a hymn or chant, addressed to Apollo, as Παῖαν.* 2. *a song of triumph after victory, properly to Apollo: also a triumphant song before battle, a war-song.* 3. *any solemn song or chant.* 4. *in pl., παῖηδες paean-singers. Hence*

παιδνῖω, *ἑ, σω*, *to chant the paean, sing a song of triumph.*

Παῖαν, *ὄνος, ὁ*, *Dor. for Παῖων. [ᾱ]*

παῖμα, *ατος, τό*, (παῖω) *play, sport; λωτοῦ π. flute-playing.*

παῖνιά, ἡ, (παῖω) *play, sport, a game, pastime.* II. *a feast, festival.*

παῖνια-γράφος, *ον*, (παῖνιά, γράφω) *writing sportive poetry.*

παῖνιήμων, *ον*, *gen. ὄνος*, (παῖνιά) *fond of a joke.*

παῖνιον, τό, (παῖω) *a plaything, toy: impl. of a person, like Lat. delicia, a darling.* II. *in Theocritus, the Egyptians are called κακά παῖνια, roguish cheats.* III. *a sportive poem: merry noise.*

παῖνιος, *ον*, (παῖνιά) *sportive, droll, done in play.*

παῖνι-ᾠδης, *ες*, (παῖνιά, εἶδος) *playful, sportive, merry: τὸ παῖνιᾠδες playfulness.*

παῖδ-ᾠγωγέον, τό, (παῖδαγωγός) *a school-room.*

παῖδαγωγέω, *ἑ, ἦσω*, (παῖδαγωγός) *to attend boys: to lead like a child, to train, educate. Hence*

παῖδαγωγία, ἡ, *an attending boys, education:—attendance.*

παῖδ-ᾠγός, *όν*, (παῖς, ᾠγώ) *attending or training boys: as Subst., παῖδαγωγός, ὁ, the slave who went with a boy from home to school and back again: hence generally, a tutor, teacher, instructor.*

παῖδριον, τό, *Dim. of παῖς, a young child, a little boy or girl.* II. *a young slave.*

παῖδω, *παῖδω, παῖδω, Lacon. for παῖω, παῖω.*

παῖδα, ἡ, (παῖδω) *the rearing or bringing up of a child: teaching, education, discipline, correction.* II. *youth, childhood.* III. *bandiwork.*

παῖδος, *ον*, (παῖς) *childish, concerning or suited to children: ὕμνοι παῖδοι hymns sung by the boys.*

παῖδεραστής, *ἑ, ἦσω*, *to love boys.* From

παῖδ-εραστής, *οῦ, ὁ*, (παῖς, ἐράω) *a lover of boys.*

παῖδεραστία, ἡ, (παῖδεραστής) *love of boys.*

παῖδεσι, *Ep. for παῖσι, dat. pl. of παῖς.*

παῖδεμα, *ατος, τό*, (παῖδω) *that which is reared or educated, a nursling, scholar, pupil.* II. *that which is taught, lesson.*

παῖδευσις, ἡ, (παῖδω) *a rearing, training, education.* II. *a place of teaching, school; ἡ ἡμετέρα*

πολις Ἑλλάδος παιδεύσει our city is the school of Greece.

παιδευτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of παιδεύω, to be educated: neut. παιδευτέον, one must educate.

παιδευτής, οὐ, δ, an educator, instructor. II.

a corrector, chastiser. From

παιδεύω, f. σω: aor. I ἐπαίδευσα: pf. πεπαίδευκα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπαίδειν: pf. πεπαίδευμαι: (παῖς):

—to rear or bring up a child: usu. 2. to teach, educate, instruct: δ πεπαιδευμένος a man of education, opp. to ἀπαιδευτός:—Med. to have any one taught or educated, applied to parents. 3. to accustom or inure to a thing. 4. to correct, chasten.

παιδῆτος, η, ον, Ion. for παλαιοῖς.

παιδιά, αἰ, ἡ, (παῖς) child's play, sport, pastime: a game.

παιδία, ἡ, worse form for παιδεία.

παιδικά, ὄν, τό, a darling, love, relating to a single person, Lat. *delicias*. II. παιδικά (sub. μέλη),

songs to or about a beloved boy. Neut. from

παιδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (παῖς) of or fit for a boy, childish,

boyish, Lat. *puerilis*. 2. playful, sportive. II.

belonging to a beloved youth.

παιδιόθεν, Adv. from childhood, from a child. From

παιδίον, τό, Dim. of παῖς, a young child. II.

a young slave.

παιδισκάριον, τό, Dim. of παιδίσκη, a little girl.

παιδίσκη, ἡ, Dim. of παῖς (ἡ), a young girl, maiden,

damsel. II. a young female slave: a courtesan.

παιδίσκος, δ, Dim. of ὁ παῖς, a young son, boy, lad.

παιδνός, ἡ, ὄν, also δ, ὄν, (παῖς) childish, silly,

playful II. as Subst. παιδνός, δ, — δ παῖς, a boy,

lad: παιδνῆ, ἡ, a girl.

παιδο-βόρος, ον, (παῖς, βόρᾶ) child-eating.

παιδο-γόνος, ον, (παῖς, *γένειναι) begetting chil-

dren. II. making fruitful or prolific.

παιδο-κομέω, (παῖς, κομέω) to take care of a child.

παιδο-κόραξ, ἄκος, δ, (παῖς, κόραξ) a boy-raven.

παιδοκτονέω, f. ἥσω, to murder children. From

παιδο-κτόνος, ον, (παῖς, κτείνειν) child-murdering.

παιδο-ολέτηρ, ἥρος, δ, and παιδο-ολέτωρ, ορος, δ,

(παῖς, ὀλλυμι) a child-murderer:—fem. παιδολέ-

τειρα and παιδολέτης, ἴδος, a child-murderess.

παιδο-λύμας, ον, δ, ἡ, (παῖς, λύμη) destroying chil-

dren. [9]

παιδο-νόμος, ον, (παῖς, νεμω) controlling boys: as

Subst., Παιδονόμοι, οἱ, magistrates who superintended

the education of youths, at Sparta.

παιδοποιέω, f. ἥσω, (παιδοποιέω) of men, to beget

children; of women, to bear children: so also in Med.,

with pf. pass. πεπαδοποίημαι. Hence

παιδοποιία, ἡ, a begetting or bearing of children.

παιδο-ποιός, ὄν, (παῖς, ποιέω) begetting or bearing

children: generative.

παιδο-πόρος, ον, (παῖς, πειρω) through which a child

passes.

παιδοσπορέω, f. ἥσω, to beget children. From

παιδο-σπόρος, ον, begetting children.

παιδοτριβέω, to teach boys wrestling: generally, to train, exercise, practise. From

παιδο-τριβή, ον, δ, (παῖς, τριβῆναι) a training-master for boys, a master of exercises: ἐν παιδοτριβῇ in the house or school of the trainer: generally, a

teacher, master. [X] Hence

παιδοτριβικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or fit for a training-master

or his art. Adv. —κῶς, like a gymnastic master

παιδο-τρυψ, ἴδος, δ, (παῖς, τριβῆναι) a slave that

attends upon the children.

παιδοτροφέω, f. ἥσω, (παιδοτρόφος) to rear children.

Hence

παιδοτροφία, ἡ, the rearing of children.

παιδο-τρόφος, ον, (παῖς, τρέφω) feeding or rearing

children: as Subst., παιδοτρόφος, ἡ, a mother.

παιδο-τρωτός, ον, (παῖς, τινρώσκει) wounded by

children: of wounds, inflicted by children.

παιδο-ουργέω, f. ἥσω, (παῖς, ἔργον) — παιδοποιεω.

Hence

παιδουργία, ἡ, a begetting children: also of the wife

herself.

παιδοφιλέω, f. ἥσω, to be fond of boys. From

παιδο-φίλη, ον, δ, (παῖς, φιλέω) fond of boys.

παιδο-φόνος, ον, (παῖς, *φένω) killing children:

συμφορὰ παιδοφόνος the calamity of having killed a

son: παιδοφόνον αἷμα the blood of slain children.

παιδο-φορέω, (παῖς, φορέω) to waft away a boy.

παῖς: f. παίζομαι or παιζοῦμαι, rarely παίζω: aor.

I ἐπαῖσα and ἐπαίζα: pf. πέτακα:—Pass., aor. I

ἐπαίχην: pf. πέταισμαι, also πέταιγμαι: (παῖς):—to

play like a child, to sport, play: to jest, joke, be

merry: to trifle. 2. to dance: also, to sing. 3.

to play at a game: σφαῖρην or σφαῖραν παίζειν to play

at ball. 4. to play (on an instrument). 5. to

make sport of, mock at, to jest upon a thing. 6.

transit. to treat jocosely.

Παιήνιος, α, ον, also fem. Παιήνιος, ἴδος, (Παιήων,

healing.

παιήων, fut. of παῖω to strike. *

Παιήων, ονος, δ, Ion. for Παιάν, Παιών, Paeon, the

physician of the gods. II. παιήων as appellat.

for παιάν, a festival song: cf. Παιάν.

Παιήων, ονος, δ, ἡ, as Adj. — Παιήνιος.

παιήτης, ον, δ, (παῖς) a dancer or player.

παιζομαι or παιζοῦμαι, Att. fut. of παίζω.

παιπάλη, ἡ, (redupl. from πάλη or παλή) the finest

flour or meal, Lat. *pollex*: any fine dust: metaph.

a subtle rogue. [X] Hence

παιπάλημα, ατος, τό, a subtle fellow.

πανπάλαιος, εσσα, εν, an old Ep. word, steep, craggy,

rugged. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΠΑΙΣ, παιδός, δ and ἡ; gen. pl. παίδων Dor. παι-

δων; dat. pl. παῖσι, παῖσσι: the Ep. preferred the

dissyll. nom. παῖς, vocat. πάϊ:

I. of Descent, a child, a son or a daughter: παῖς παδός a child's

child, grandchild. 2. periphr., Ἀνδῶν παῖδες sons

of the Lydians, i. e. the Lydians themselves. II.

of Age, a child: παῖς, δ, a boy, youth, lad; παῖς, ἡ, a

maiden, girl:—ἐκ παιδός, ἐκ παιδὸν from a child, from childhood. III. also like Lat. *puer*, ὁ or ἡ, a slave, servant.

παῖς, ὁ, Ep. for παῖς.

παῖσατε, 2 pl. aor. 1 imperat. of παῖω.

παῖσθα, Dor. for παῖδα, acc. of παῖς.

παῖσθω, Dor. for παῖω.

παῖφάσσω, (redupl. from ΦΑ-, the Root of φαῖνω) to look wildly, stare wildly about; later to quiver, palpiate.

ΠΑΪΩ, fut. παῖω and παῖήσω: aor. 1 ἐπαῖσα: pf. πέπακα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐπαίσθη: pf. πέπαισα:—to strike or smite a person:—Med., ἐπαίστατο τὸν μηρόν he smote his thigh. 2. to strike a weapon against a person. 3. to drive away. 4. to bit hard in speaking. II. intr. to strike against, to dash against or upon, Lat. *illido*.

Παιών, ὄνος, ὁ, like Παιάν, *Paeon*, the god of medicine, of Aesculapius: generally, a physician, healer.

II. like παιάν, a solemn song or chant. III. in Prosody, a *pacon*, a foot consisting of three short and one long syll., with four variations, — u u u, u — u, u u — u and u u —.

Παιωνιάς, ἄδος, fem. of Παιώνιος, medicinal, healing.

παιωνίζω, f. σαι, = παιανίζω, to raise the Paeon.

Παιώνιος, α, ον, (Παιών) belonging to Paeon or medicine, medicinal, healing. II. as Subst., Παιωνία, ἡ, Παιωνιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, and Παιωνίς, ἰδος, ἡ, with and without τέχνη, the healing art, medicine: τὰ Παιωνία a festival of Paeon

παιωνισμός, ὁ, = παιανισμός, a chanting of the paeon.

πακτός, πακτής, πακτός, Dor. for πηκτής, etc.

πακτόω, f. ὤσω, (πακτός) to fasten, make fast or close; δῶμα πακτοῦν to make fast the house. 2. to stop, to stop up, caulk. 3. to bind fast.

ΠΑΪΛΛΑΪ, ὄθῃ, ἡ, a sort of cake made of preserved fruit, mostly of figs melted together. [λᾶ]

ΠΑΪΛΛΑΪ, Adv. long ago, in olden time, of old. II. formerly, erst, before: also of time just past, opp. to the present: also τὴν πάλαι.

πάλαι-γενής, ἐς, (πάλαι, γενέσθαι) born long ago, aged, full of years.

πάλαι-γονος, ον, (πάλαι, γενέσθαι) = παλαιγενής.

πάλαιμονέω, f. ἦσω, = παλαίω, to wrestle, fight.

παλαιο-γενής, ἐς, = παλαιγενής.

παλαιό-γονος, ον, = παλαιόγονος.

παλαιο-μήτωρ Dor. —μάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (παλαιός, μή-τηρ) ancient mother.

παλαιό-πλοutos, ον, (παλαιός, πλοῦτος) = ἀρχαῖο-πλοῦτος, rich of old, rich in hereditary wealth, opp. to νέωπλοτος.

παλαιορ-πίος, ον, (παλαιός, ρίψα) with aged roots.

παλαιός, ὁ, ὄν, (πάλαι) old, aged. 2. ancient, of olden time; οἱ παλαιοὶ the ancients; παλαιὸς χρό-νος time long past: τὸ παλαιόν, as Adv., anciently, formerly: ἐκ παλαιού from of old. 3. of things, in good sense, ancient, time-honoured, venerable: in bad sense, antiquated, obsolete, out of date. II.

regul. Comp. and Sup. παλαιότερος, παλαιότατος; more often παλαιέρος, παλαιάτατος, formed from the Adv. πάλαι: ἐκ παλαιτέρου from the older time. Hence

πάλαιότης, ἡτος, ἡ, age, length of time, antiquity: old-fashioned ways: also dotage.

πάλαιό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (παλαιός, φρήν) old in mind, with the experience of age.

πάλαιω, f. ὤσω, (παλαιός) to make old: hence to abrogate, annul, Lat. *antiquare*:—Pass. to become obsolete.

πάλαισμα, ατος, τό, (παλαίω) a bout or fall in wrestling: generally, a struggle. II. any trick or artifice, a subterfuge.

πάλαιμοσύνη, ἡ, (παλαίω) poet. for πάλῃ, wrestling, the wrestler's art.

παλαιστή, ἡ, = παλάμη, the palm of the hand. II. a measure of length, a palm, four fingers breadth (a little more than three inches).

πάλαιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (παλαίω) a wrestler: generally, one who contends for a prize, a rival, candidate. 2. metaph. a trickster, cunning fellow.

πάλαιστιαῖος, α, ον, (παλαιστή) a palm song or broad.

παλαιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (παλαιστή) of or for wrestling.

πάλαιστρα, ἡ, (παλαίω) a palaestra, wrestling-school: generally a school. Hence

παλαιστρίτης [ῖ], ον, ὁ, presiding over the palaestra.

πάλαιερος and πάλαιατος, irreg. Comp. and sup. of παλαίω, formed from the Adv. πάλαι.

πάλαι-φάτος, ον, (πάλαι, φημί) spoken long ago, epith. of ancient oracles. II. spoken of long ago, legendary. III. primitive, ancient, olden.

πάλαι-χθων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πάλαι, χθών) long in the land: as Subst., παλαίχθων, ὁ, an old inhabitant, Lat. *indigena*.

παλαίω, f. αῖω: aor. 1 ἐπαῖσα: (πάλῃ):—to wrestle, Lat. *luctare*. II. metaph. to wrestle with, struggle against:—Pass. to be wrestled with. 2. absol. to labour or be distressed in battle, Lat. *laborare*.

παλάμμομαι, f. ἥσομαι: Dep.: (παλάμη):—to manage, work, bring about. II. to devise skilfully, contrive cunningly; τόλμημα παλαμήσασθαι to plan a daring deed.

ΠΑΪΛΛΑΪΜΗ, ἡ, Ep. gen. and dat. παλάμῃ, παλάμῃ:—the Lat. *PALMA* a palm of the hand, the band: metaph. force of band, violence, murder. II. metaph. a device, skilful plan or method, means, contrivance. 2. a thing made by art, an instrument.

παλαμναῖος, ὁ, (παλάμη) a murderer, one defiled by blood, a blood-guilty man: the suppliant not yet purified. II. the avenger of blood.

παλαξέμεν, Ep. for παλάξεν, fut. inf. of παλάσσω.

παλάσιον, τό, = παλάθη.

παλάσσω, f. ῶ: pf. pass. πεπάλαιγμα: (πάλαι):—to bespinkle:—Pass. to be besprikled, smeared, defiled; but also, ἐγκέφαλος πεπάλαικτο (3 pl. pf.) the brain was scattered about. II. to sbae the lots

in a *veimet*; and so, to draw lots: hence pf. pass., κλήρω πετάλαχθε (2 pl. perf. imperat.) *be ye decided by lot*, i. e. *decide the matter by lot*.

πάλαστή, ἡ, and παλαστιαῖος, α, ον, more correct forms for παλαιστή, παλαιστιαῖος.

ΠΑΛΑΙΤΩ, f. σω, to catch by decoy-birds.

παλέω, Ion. aor. I πάλησα, to be disabled.

πάλη, ἡ, (πάλλω) wrestling, Lat. *lucta*; generally, a struggle, contest.

πάλη, ἡ, (πάλλω) the finest meal or flour, i. e. pollen: hence παιπάλη.

παλήνα, aor. 2 inf. pass. of παλλω.

παλησσει, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of παλέω.

πάλι, short. poet. form of πάλιν. [ᾶ]

παλιγ-γενεσία, ἡ, (πάλιν, γένεσις) a being born again, new birth, regeneration. II. resurrection.

παλιγ-γλωσσος, ον, (πάλιν, γλῶσσα) double-tongued, contradictory, false. II. of strange or foreign tongue

παλικᾶπηλεύω, to sell over again, sell by retail. From

παλί-κάπηλος, δ, (πάλιν, κάπηλος) one who buys and sells again, a retailer, petty dealer, buckster.

παλίκοτος, ον, (πάλιν) properly of wounds, breaking out afresh, Lat. *recrudescens*. II. metaph.

malignant, spiteful, inveterate; παλίκοτος τύχη adverse fortune; οἱ παλίκοτοι adversaries.

παλί-κραῖνος, ον, (πάλιν, κραῖνός) very swift.

παλλολόγω, f. ἤσω, to say again, reiterate. From παλῖλ-λόγος, ον, (πάλιν, λέγω) collected again.

παλιμ-βάμος, ον, (πάλιν, βαίνω) going backwards.

παλιμ-βλαστής, ἐς, (πάλιν, βλαστειν) shooting up again.

παλιμ-βολία, ἡ, change of mind, repentance: in bad sense, fickleness. From

παλιμ-βολος, ον, (πάλιν, βάλλω) ibrowing back again: metaph. changeable, fickle.

παλιμ-μήκης, ἐς, (πάλιν, μήκος) as long again: generally, very long.

παλιμ-παῖς, -παῖδος, δ, ἡ, (πάλιν, παῖς) one who is a child again, in one's second childhood.

παλιμ-πετῆς, ἐς, (πάλιν, ΠΕΤ- Root of πέτω) falling back: neut. παλιμπετῆς as Adv. back, back again.

παλιμπλαγκτος, ον, tost to and fro, wandering back again. From

παλιμ-πλάζομαι, Pass. (πάλιν, πλάζομαι) aor. I part. παλιμπλαγχθεῖς: to wander back

παλιμ-πλάνης, ἐς, (πάλιν, πλάνη) wandering to and fro.

παλιμ-πλῆτος, ον, (παλιν, πλυνω) washed again, vamped up. II. act. vamping up old wares

παλιμ-ποινος, η, ον, (πάλιν, ποινή) requiting, revenging: τὸ παλιμποινον requital, retribution.

παλιμ-πους, ποδος, δ, ἡ, (πάλιν, ποῦς) going back, returning.

παλιμ-προμνηδόν, Adv. (πάλιν, πρόμνη) stern foremost.

παλιμ-φημος Dor. -φῆμος, ον, (πάλιν, φῆμη) *dissonant, discordant*.

ΠΑΛΙΜ-ΦΥΗΣ, ἐς, (πάλιν, φύομαι) growing again.

ΠΑΛΙΝ, Adv. back, backwards; πάλιν δούναι to give back, restore: sometimes c. gen., πάλιν κτε θυγατέρος ἥς she went back from her daughter. 2.

πάλιν also implies opposition, on the contrary, reversely; πάλιν εἰπὶν to say to the contrary, i. e. gain say; πάλιν ποίησε γέροντα she made him reversely an old man, i. e. transformed him into an old man. II. of Time, again, once more, anew.

παλίν-ἀγρετος, ον, (πάλιν, ἀγρεύω) taken back, to be taken back or recalled: ἔπος οὐ παλινάγρετον an irrevocable word

παλίν-αυξής, ἐς, (πάλιν, αὔξω) growing again.

παλίν-αυτομόλος, ον, deserting back again: as Subst. a double deserter.

παλίν-δίνητος, ον, (πάλιν, δινέω) whirling to and fro, eddying. [ᾶ]

παλινδρομέω, f. ἤσω, (παλινδρομος) to run back again. Hence

παλινδρομία, ἡ, a running back, going backwards.

παλιν-δρμεος, η, ον, (πάλιν, δρμεῖν) running back again, recurring.

παλι-νηνεμία, ἡ, (πάλιν, νήνεμος) a returning calm.

παλίν-ορμενος, η, ον, rushing back: cf. sq.

παλίν-ορσος Att. -ορρος, ον, (πάλιν, ὀρρυναι) hastening or darting back. II. recurring, in

veterate.

παλίν-οκτος, ον, = παλίσκιος.

παλίν-σοος, ον, safe again, recovered.

παλίν-στομέω, f. ἤσω, (πάλιν, στόμα) to speak again.

παλίν-τίτος, ον, (πάλιν, τίνω) requited, repaid: avenged, punished.

παλίν-τονος, ον, (πάλιν, τείνω) stretched back: epith. of the bow, παλίντονα τόξα, 1. of the strung or bent bow, when the archer pulls the two ends to him to discharge the arrow with more force. 2.

of the unstrung bow, which bends back in the contrary direction.

παλιν-τράπελος, ον, (πάλιν, τρέπω) = παλιντροπος

παλιν-τριβής, ἐς, (πάλιν, τριβῆναι) rubbed again and again: hardened, obdurate, villainous.

παλιν-τροπος, ον, (πάλιν, τρέπω) turned back or away, averted, Lat. *retortus*. II. turning back.

III. turned the contrary way, reverse fortune. παλιν-τύχης, ἐς, (πάλιν, τύχη) with a reverse or

fortune.

παλίν-φεδῶ, f. ἤσω, (πάλιν, φῆδῃ) to recant what has been said in an ode: generally, to recant. Hence

παλινφῆδία, ἡ, a recantation, palinode.

ΠΑΛΙΟΥΤΡΟΣ, ἡ, a kind of thorny shrub, *rubanus* palurus.

παλιουρο-φόρος, ον, (παλιουρος, φέρω) with a bundle of palurus-wood.

παλιρ-ρόθος, α, ον, (πάλιν, ρόθος) back-flowing; κύμα παλιρροῖον a wave dashing to and fro, ebbing and flowing.

παλirroθος, ον, (πάλιν, ῥέθος) *ebbing and flowing*.
παλirroα, ἡ, (παλirroος) *the reflux of water, backwater, ebb*.

παλirro-ροιος, η, ον, Ep. for παλirroος.
παλirro-ρος, ον, contr. παλirroου, ουν, (πάλιν, ῥέω) *flowing backwards, refluxent: ebbing and flowing*. II. *metaph. returning on one's head, retributive*.

παλirro-ροπος, ον, (πάλιν, ῥέπω) *sliding back, sinking*.
παλirro-σκίος, ον, (πάλιν, σκιά) *shadowed over, gloomy, dusky*.

παλirro-σύτος, ον, (πάλιν, σέω) *rusbing hurriedly back; δρόμημα παλirroσυντον a backward course*.

παλirro-ώξιος, ἡ, (πάλιν, ἰσκή) *a pursuit back again, pursuit in turn after a rally*.

παλirroαγμα, ατος, τό, (πάλαξ) *concubinage*.
Παλλάδιον, τό, (Πάλλας) *the statue of Pallas*.

Παλλάδιος, α, ον, (Πάλλας) *of or sacred to Pallas*.
παλirroκεύομαι, Dep. (πάλαξ) *to keep as a concubine*.

παλirroκή, ἡ, (πάλαξ) *a concubine*.
παλirroκίς, ἰδος, ἡ, = πάλαξ, *a concubine*.

ΠΑΛΛΑΞ, ἄκος, ἡ, a concubine, Lat. *pelleus*, opp. to the lawful wife (ἄκοιτις, ἄλοχος).

Παλλάς, ἄδος [ἄ], ἡ, (πάλλω) *Pallas*, name of Minerva, in Homer always Παλλάς Ἀθήνη or Παλλάς Ἀθηναίη, but later used alone, = Ἀθήνη.

Πάλλας, αντος, ὁ, *Pallas*, masc. prop. n.
πάλirro-λευκος, ον, (πάν, λευκός) *all white*.

ΠΑΛΛΩ: aor. I ἐπῆλα Ep. πῆλα: Ep. aor. 2 part. πεπῶλῶν (in compd. ἐμπεπῶλῶν):—Pass., pf. πέπαλμα: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. πάλοτο:—to wield, brandish, sway, whirl, swing: to toss with the arms:—Pass. to make a spring, move swiftly: to leap, bound: to quiver, as fish on land: to quiver or quake for fear or from any kind of agitation: to dash oneself. 2. κλήρουε πάλλειν to shake the lots together till one leap forth: hence πάλλειν, absol., to cast lots:—in Med. πάλλεσθαι to draw lots. II. πάλλω, intr.

like πάλλομαι, to leap, bound: to quiver, quake.
παλμός, ὁ, (πάλλω) intr. a quivering: the beating of the heart or pulse.

πάλος, ὁ, (πάλλω) *the lot cast from an helmet*, generally, a lot; ἀρχὰς πάλω ἀρχεω to hold public offices by lot.

πάλτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πάλλω.
παλτόν, τό, *any thing brandished or thrown, a dart or javelin, the jerssed*: properly neut. from παλτός.

παλτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πάλλω) *brandished, hurled*.
παλύνας, aor. I part. of παλύνω.

παλύνω, ἑ. ὕνω: aor. I ἐπάλυνα: (πάλλω):—to streu or scatter upon. II. to bestrew, besprinkle.

πάμα, ατος, τό, (πάομαι) *property*
παμ-Βασίλεια, ἡ, (πᾶς, βασίλεια) *queen of all, all-powerful queen*.

παμ-Βελεύρος, ἄ, ὄν, (πᾶς, βελεύρος) *all-loathsoms or abominable*.

παμ-βίας, ον, ὁ, (πᾶς, βία) *all-subduing*.
παμ-βοτος, ον, (πᾶς, βόσκω) *all-nourishing*.

παμ-βώτης, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. Adj. (πᾶς, βώτης) *all-feeding, all-nourishing*.

παμ-μάταιος, ον, (πᾶς, μάταιος) *all-vain, all-useless*.
πάμ-μᾶχος, ον, (πᾶς, μάχη) *all-conquering, triumphant*.

II. = παγκρατιαστής.

παμ-μέγας, -μεγάλη, -μεγα, (πᾶς, μέγας) *very great*.
παμ-μεγέθης, ἐς, (πᾶς, μέγεθος) *of enormous size*

παμ-μέλας, αινά, ἄν, (πᾶς, μέλας) *all black*.
παμ-μήτης, ἐς, (πᾶς, μήκος) *very long, prolonged*.

πάμ-μηνος, ον, (πᾶς, μῆν) *through every month, through the live-long year*.

παμ-μήτειρα, ἡ, = παμμήτωρ.
παμμήτης, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πᾶς, μήτις) *all-knowing, all-planning*.

παμ-μήτωρ, ορος, ἡ, (πᾶς, μήτηρ) *mother of all*. II. *altogether a mother, a very mother*.

παμ-μῆαρος, ον, (πᾶς, μαρός) *all-abominable*.
παμ-μῖγής, ἐς, (πᾶς, μίγναι) *all-blended, all-con-founded, promiscuous*.

πάμ-μικρος, ον, (πᾶς, μικρός) *very small*.
πάμ-μικτος, ον, = παμμιγής.

πάμ-μορος, ον, (πᾶς, μόρος) *all-barless*.
παμ-μύσῆρος, ἄ, ὄν, (πᾶς, μύσος) *παμμίαρος*.

πάμ-πᾶν, Adv. (πᾶς) *like πᾶν, quite, wholly, altogether*; οὐ πᾶμπαν not at all, by no means.

παμ-πειθής, ἐς, (πᾶς, πείθω) *all-persuasive*.
παμ-πήδη, Adv. (πᾶς) *like πᾶμπαν, entirely, totally*.

παμ-πησία, ἡ, (πᾶς, πέπᾶμαι) *entire possession*.
παμ-πληθεῖ, Adv. *with the whole multitude* From

παμ-πληθής, ἐς, (πᾶς, πλήθος) *of or with the whole multitude*. II. *very numerous*. III. neut.

παμπληθές as Adv. *entirely*.
πάμ-πληκτος, ον, (πᾶς, πλήσσω) *in which all kinds of blows are inflicted*.

παμ-ποικίλος, ον, also η, ον, (πᾶς, ποικίλος) *all-variegated, of rich and varied work*.

πάμ-πολις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (πᾶς, πόλις) *prevailing in all cities, universal*.

πάμ-πολυς, -πόλλη, -πολῶν, (πᾶς, πολύς) *very much, very great, and in pl. very many*:—neut. πάμπολυ as Adv. *very much*.

παμ-πόνηρος, ον, (πᾶς, πονηρός) *all-depraved, utterly base or bad*.

παμ-πόρφυρος, ον, (πᾶς, πορφύρα) *all-purple*.
παμ-πόντια, ἡ, (πᾶς, πόντια) *all-venerable*.

πάμ-πρεπτος, ον, (πᾶς, πρέπω) *all-conspicuous, splendid, resplendent*.

παμ-πρόθυ, corrupt word in Aesch. Agam.
πάμ-πρωτος, η, ον, (πᾶς, πρῶτος) *the very first, first of all*: πάμπρωτος and πάμπρωτα as Adv., *first of all*.

παμ-φᾶής, ἐς, (πᾶς, φάος) *all-beaming, all-blazing*; also *transparent, translucent*. Adv. -ῶς.

παμφαῖνω, redupl. form of φαῖνω, to shine or beam brightly: Ep. 3 sing. pres παμφαίνησι, as if from παμφαίνημι;

πρῶτον παμφαίνω, of a star first rising.
παμφᾶνδων, fem. -ῶσα, gen. -ῶντος, Ep. part. of

παμφαῖνω (as if from παμφᾶνῶ) *all-shining, bright-beaming, glistening*.

παμ-φάρμακος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φάρμακον) *skilled in all charms or simples.*

παμ-φενγής, *ἐς*, (πᾶς, φέγγος) *all-shining, resplendent.*

παμ-φθαρτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φθείρω) *all-destroying.*

παμ-φλεκτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φλέγω) *all-burnt, all-blazing.*

παμ-φορβος, *ον*, also *η*, *ον*, (πᾶς, φορβή) *all-feeding.*

παμ-φόρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φέρω) *all-bearing, all-productive.* II. *bearing all things with it.*

παμ-φύλος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φυλή) *of all tribes or sorts.*

παμ-φωνος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φωνή) *with all tones, full-toned: generally, expressive.*

παμ-ψηφεί, *Adv.* (πᾶς, ψήφος) *with all the votes.*

παμψυχος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ψυχή) *in all life, in full possession of life.*

πᾶν, *neut.* of πᾶς.

Πάν, *gen.* Πάνος, *ὁ*, Pan, an Arcadian rural god, drawn with goat's feet, horns, and shaggy hair: at Athens the worship of Pan did not begin till after the battle of Marathon:—*plur.* Πάνης, = *Lat.* Fauni.

πᾶν-αβρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄβρος) *quite or very soft.*

πᾶν-ἄγης, *ἐς*, (πᾶς, ἄγος) *all-ballowed, Lat. sacrosanctus.*

πᾶν-ἀγρετος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀγρεύω) *all-catching.*

πᾶν-αγρεύς, *ἔως*, *ὁ*, (πᾶς, ἀγρεύω) *one who catches everything.*

πᾶν-αγρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄγρα) *catching all.*

πᾶν-ἀγρυπνος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀγρυπνέω) *quite sleepless, wakeful, watchful.*

πᾶν-ἀγυρις, *Dor.* for πανήγυρις.

Πᾶν-Ἀθηναία (*sub.* ἱερά), *τά*, (πᾶς, Ἀθήνη) *the Panathenaea*, two festivals of the Athenians, *τά μεγάλα* and *τά μικρά*, in honour of Athena or Minerva. Hence Πᾶν-Ἀθηναϊκός, *ἡ*, *ὅν*, *of or for the Panathenaea*, Panathenaea.

πᾶν-ἄθλιος, *α*, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄθλιος) *all-wretched.*

πᾶν-αἰγλήεις, *εσσα*, *εν*, (πᾶς, αἰγλή) *all-shining.*

πᾶν-αἶθος, *η*, *ον*, (πᾶς, αἶθος) *all-blazing.*

πᾶν-αἰόλος, *ον*, (πᾶς, αἰόλος) *all-variegated, glittering, glancing.* II. *metaph. manifold.*

πᾶν-αἰσχρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, αἰσχύρως) *utterly ugly or shameful: Sup.* παναἰσχυρτος.

πᾶν-αἷτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, αἷτια) *the cause of all: to whom all the guilt belongs, opp. to μεταίτιος.*

παν-ἄκεια, *ἡ*, (πᾶς, ἄκος) *a panacea, universal remedy: also πανάκη, ἡ.*

πᾶν-ἀλάστωρ, *ορος*, *ὁ*, (πᾶς, ἀλάστωρ) *an all-avenging genius.*

πᾶν-ἀληθής, *ἐς*, (πᾶς, ἀληθής) *quite true: all too true. Adv.* -θῶς, *all truly.*

πᾶν-ἀλκήος, *ἐς*, (πᾶς, ἀλκή) *all-powerful.*

πᾶν-ἄλωτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀλωτός) *all-catching, all-encompassing.* [ᾗ]

πᾶν-ἄμερος, -αμέριος, *Dor.* for πανήμερος -ημέριος.

πᾶν-ἄμωρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄμωρος) *without any share in.* II. *all-luckless.*

πᾶν-ἄμωμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄμωμος) *all-blameless.*

παν-δοιδιμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, δοιδιμος) *sung by all.*

παν-ἄπαλος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀπαλός) *all-tender or delicate.*

πᾶν-ἄπενθής, *ἐς*, (πᾶς, ἀπένθος) *wholly without grief, sorrowless.*

πᾶν-ἄπῆμων, *ον*, *gen.* ονος, (πᾶς, ἀπῆμων) *all-harmless, all free from hurt.*

πᾶν-ἄποτμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄποτμος) *all-bapless.*

πᾶν-ἄργυρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀργυρος) *all of silver.*

παν-ἄρετος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀρετή) *all-virtuous.*

πᾶν-ἄριστος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀριστος) *best of all.*

πᾶν-ἀρκέτας, *gen. fem.* of πανάρκετος, *all-sufficing, all-powerful.*

πᾶν-αρμόνιος, *α*, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀρμονία) *embracing all modes or tones, of full compass.* 2. *harmonising with all, all-harmonious.*

πᾶν-αρχος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀρχω) *all-powerful, ruling all.*

παν-ατρεκτής, *ἐς*, (πᾶς, ἀτρεκτής) *all-exact, infallible.*

πᾶν-ἄφῆλξ, *ἱκος*, *ὁ*, *ἡ*, (πᾶς, ἀπό, ἡλξ) *all away from the friends of one's youth.*

πᾶν-ἄφθιτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀφθιτος) *all-imperishable.*

πᾶν-ἄφυκτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀφυκτος) *all-inevitable.*

πᾶν-ἄφυλλος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀφυλλος) *all-leafless.*

Πᾶν-ἄχαιοι, *οἱ*, = πάντες Ἀχαιοί, *all the Achaeans.*

πᾶν-ἄχραντος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀχραντος) *all-unstained.*

πᾶν-ἄωριος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄωρος) *all-untimely, doomed to an all-untimely fate.*

παν-δασία, *ἡ*, (πᾶς, δαίε) *a complete banquet, a banquet at which nothing fails.*

πᾶν-δάκρυτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, δακρύω) *all in tears, all-tearful.* II. *all-bewept, most lamentable.*

παν-δᾶμάτωρ, *ορος*, *ὁ*, (πᾶς, δαμάω) *all-subduer* παν-δαμεί, *Dor.* for πανδημί.

πᾶν-δεινός, *ον*, (πᾶς, δεινός) *all-dreadful, frightful.*

πανδελέτειος, *α*, *ον*, (Πανδέλειος) *knavish like Pandeleus.*

παν-δερκέτης, *ου*, *masc. Adj.* and πανδερκής, *ἐς*, (πᾶς, δέρκομαι) *all-seeing, observing all.*

παν-δημί and -δημί, *Adv.* of πάνδημος, *with the whole people, in a mass or body, en masse.*

πανδημία, *ἡ*, *the whole people: in dat.* πανδημίᾳ *as Adv., allogieiber.* From

παν-δήμιος, *ον*, (πᾶς, δήμιος) *of all the people, hence public, general, common.*

πᾶν-δημος, *ον*, (πᾶς, δήμος) *of, belonging to all the people, hence public, common, accessible to all: πάν-δημος ὅλης ἡ whole body of the city.*

Πᾶν-δία (*sub.* ἱερά), *τά*, (πᾶς, Δίος *gen.* Δίος) *a festival of Jupiter in Athens.*

πᾶν-δίκος, *ον*, (πᾶς, δίκη) *all-righteous. Adv.* πανδίκως, *all-justly.*

Πανδιονίς, *ἰδος*, *ἡ*, *fem. patronym., daughter of Pandion, i. e. the swallow.* II. (*sub.* φυλή), *one of the Athen. tribes, named from Pandion.*

παν-δοκεῖον, *τό*, *a house for the reception of strangers, an inn.* From

παν-δοκεύς, *ἔως*, *ὁ*, = πανδοκος, *a host: hence fem.*

παν-δοκεῖτρια, *ἡ*, *a hostess.*

παν-δοκεύω, f. σω, (πάνδοκος) to receive all, to entertain as a host, to keep an inn.

παν-δοκέω, = πανδοκεύω.

πάν-δοκος, ον, (πᾶς, δέχομαι) all-receiving: common to all: esp. receiving guests, hospitable:—as Subst., πάνδοκος, ὁ, an innkeeper, host.

πανδοξία, ἡ, unblemished fame, perfect glory. From πάν-δοξος, ον, (πᾶς, δόξα) all-glorious.

πάν-δουλος, ον, (πᾶς, δούλος) all a slave, an utter slave.

πανδοχεῖον, πανδοχεύς, etc., v. πανδοκ-.

πάν-δυρτος, ον, ποῖτ. for πανδύωτος, (πᾶς, δυρτος) all-lamentable, all-plaintive.

παν-δύσια, ἡ, (πᾶς, δύω) the total setting of a star.

παν-δώρα, ἡ, (πᾶς, δῶρον) giver of all, epith. of the earth. II. as fem. prop. n., Pandora, a beautiful woman made by V-^{an}, who received presents from all the gods.

πάν-δωρος, ον, (πᾶς, δῶρον) all-giving, all-bounteous.

πάν-ελεύθερος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐλεύθερος) entirely free.

Πᾶν-Ἕλληνες, οἱ, = πάντες Ἕλληνες, all the Hellenes or Greeks.

πάν-επήρατος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐπήρατος) all-lovely.

παν-επισκοπος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐπισκοπέω) all-surveying.

πάν-επ-ὄρφνιος, (πᾶς, ἐπὶ, ὄρφνη) all night long.

πάν-εργέτης, ον, ὁ, (πᾶς, ἐργάτης) all-effecting.

πάν-ἐρημος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐρημος) all-desolate.

πάν-ἐσπερος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐσπέρα) lasting the whole evening.

παν-ἐστιος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐστία) with the whole household.

πάν-έτης, ες, (πᾶς, ἔτος) lasting the whole year: neut. πάντες, as Adv., the whole year long.

παν-εὔτονος ον (πᾶς, εὔτονος) much-strained, very active.

πάν-εφθος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐφθός) quite boiled of metals quite refined or unalloyed.

παν-ηγυρίζω, f. σω, (πανήγυρις) to keep or attend a public festival: πανηγυρίζειν ἐς πόλιν to go to a city to attend a festival there. II. to make a set speech in a public assembly, to deliver a panegyric.

παν-ηγυρικός, ἡ, ὅν, fit for a public festival or assembly: solemn, festive: ὁ πανηγυρικός (with or without λόγος), a festival, oration, a panegyric, eulogy.

Adv. -κῶς, pompously. From παν-ήγυρις Dor. πανάγυρις, εως, ἡ; Ion. nom. and acc. pl. πανήγυρις: (πᾶς, ἄγυρις Aeol. for ἀγορά):—an assembly of a whole nation, esp. for a public festival, a high festival, a solemn assembly: πανηγυρίς πανηγυρίζειν to hold such festivals.

πάν-ἡμαρ, Adv. all day long, the livelong day.

πανημερεύω, f. σω, (πανήμερος) to spend the whole day in a thing.

πάν-ἡμέριος, α, ον, (πᾶς, ἡμέρα) lasting all day, doing a thing all day: νηὺς πανημερὴ a ship which sails all day: πανήμερος χρόνος all the day long:—neut. πανημέριον as Adv., all day long, the livelong day.

πάν-ἡμερος, ον, (πᾶς, ἡμέρα) doing all the day

long: πανήμερος μολεῖν to be a whole day in coming: neut. πανημερόν as Adv., all day long or every day.

παν-θηκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, fem. -κτηρα, ἡ, (πᾶς, θέλω) charmer of all.

παν-θηλής, ἐς, (πᾶς, τέθηλα) growing of all kinds, esp. shooting with all sorts of trees.

ΠΑΝΘΗΡ, ἦρος, ὁ, a panther, Lat. panthēra.

παν-θυμᾶδόν, Adv. (πᾶς, θυμός) in high wrath.

πάν-θυτος, ον, (πᾶς, θύω) celebrated with all kinds of sacrifices.

Πανικός, ἡ, ὅν, (Πᾶν) of or fit for Pan: Πανικόν (sub. δέμα), τό, panic fear, such fear being supposed to originate with Pan.

πάν-ἡμερος, ον, (πᾶς, ἡμερος) all-lovely, all-desired. [Ὶ]

πανίστομα, Dor. for πνίζομαι.

Πᾶν-ἰώνον, τό, = πᾶν ἰώνιον, the whole body or community of Ionians: their place of meeting at Mycale, their common temple. II. τὰ Πανιώνια (sub. ἱερά), the festival of the united Ionians.

παν-λάβητος, ον, (πᾶς, λαβάομαι) all-disfigured, bideous.

παννυχίζω, f. σω, (παννυχίς) to celebrate a festival by night. II. to watch or do anything the live-long night: παννυχίζειν τὴν νύκτα to spend the live-long night.

παννυχικός, ἡ, ὅν, (παννυχίς) of or for a vigil.

παν-νύχιος, α, ον, Att. also ος, ον, (πᾶς, νύξ) all night long, lasting or doing something the whole night: παννυχίᾳ νηὺς πείρει κέλευθον the ship continued her course all night long.

παν-νύχis, ἱδός, ἡ, (πᾶς, νύξ) a night-festival, vigil, Lat. pervigilium. II. a watching, keeping awake all night.

πάν νύχος, ον, = παννύχιος: neut. pl., πάννυχια as Adv., the livelong night.

πάν-όδυτος, ον, (πᾶς, δόδυμαι) all-bewailed, all-lamentable.

παν-οἰζύς, υ, gen. υός, (πᾶς, οἰζύς) all unhappy, most melancholy.

παν-οικεί and -οικί, Adv., = πανοικία.

πάν-οικία Ion. -ίη (πᾶς, οἶκος) dat. used as Adv., without any nom. πανοικία in use, with all the house, household and all.

παν-οἶμος, Interj. (πᾶς, οἶμος) oh utter woe!

πάν-ὀλβιος, ον, (πᾶς, ὀλβιος) truly happy, with unalloyed happiness.

πάν-ομιλῆς, Adv. (πᾶς, ὁμιλος) in whole troops.

παν-ὀμματος, ον, (πᾶς, ὄμμα) all eyes.

πάν-ὁμοιος Eo. -ομοίος [Ὶ], ον, (πᾶς, ὁμοιος) exactly like.

πάν-ομφαῖος, ὁ, (πᾶς, ὀμφή) author of all ominous voices, all-oracular.

πάνοπλία, ἡ, (πάνοπλος) the full armour of a heavily-armed soldier, i. e. shield, helmet, breastplate, greaves, sword, and lance, a full suit of armour, panoply: πανοπλίη in full armour, cap-a-pie. Hence

πάν-οπλίτης, ον, ὁ, a man in full armour. [Ὶ]

πάν-οπλος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ὅπλον) in full armour, 'with all his harness on.'

πάν-όπτης, *ου, ὁ*, (πᾶς, ὄψομαι) the all-seeing.

πάν-ορμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ὄρμος) always fit for landing.

πᾶνός, *ὁ*, Acol. for πάνος, (φαῖνω) a torch, beacon.

πανούργω, *ῥ*, ἦσα, (πανούργος) to play the knave or villain, act like a rogue; ὅσα πανουργεῖν to do a holy deed in an unholly way. Hence

πανούργημα, *ατος, τό*, a knavish, roguish act.

πανουργία, *ῆ*, (πανούργω) villainy, knavery, trickery: in plur. knavish tricks.

πανούργη-ἵππαρχιδας, *ου, ὁ*, (πανούργος, ἵππαρχος) a captain of rascals: *οἱ*—πανούργοι ἵππαρχοίη, knave Hipparchides.

πᾶν-ούργος, *ον*, (πᾶν, ἔργον) ready to do anything: mostly in bad sense, ready for all crimes, unscrupulous, knavish, villainous, treacherous: as Subst., πανούργος, *ὁ, ῆ*, a knave, villain, rogue; πανούργον, *τό*, —πανουργία.—Sup. πανουργότατος, most rascally.—Adv. πανούργως, villainously; Sup. —ότατα.

πᾶν-όψιος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ὄψις) seen by all, epith. of a spear.

παν-όγία, *ῆ*, (πᾶς, σάγη) = πανοπλία: dat. as Adv. πανοαγία, like πανοπλία, in full armour.

παν-σέληνος, *ον*, (πᾶς, σελήνη) of the moon, at the full; ὥρα πανσέληνος the time of full moon: ἡ πανσέληνος (sub. νύξ), the time of full moon, the full moon; ἡ αὔριον πανσέληνος to-morrow's full moon.

πάν-σεμνος, *ον*, (πᾶς, σεμνός) very stately.

πάν-σκοπος, *ον*, (πᾶς, σκοπέω) all-surveying.

πάν-σοφος, *ον*, (πᾶς, σοφός) all-wise, very wise.

πᾶν-στερμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, στέμμα) composed of all sorts of seeds.

παν-στράτις Ion. —ις, (πᾶς, στρατός) dat. used as Adv., without any nom. πανστρατιά in use (but gen. πανστρατίας occurs), with the whole army.

πᾶν-συδία Ion. —ις, (πᾶς, σέω) dat. used as Adv., without any nom. πανσυδία in use, with all speed.

πᾶν-συρτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, σύρμα) swept together from every side, accumulated.

παντᾶ, Adv., Dor. for πάντη.

πάντακῆ, Adv., Ion. for πανταχῆ.

παν-τάλας, *αινα, ἄν*, (πᾶς, τάλας) all-wretched.

παντάπασι, before a vowel —σιν, Adv. (πᾶς) entirely, wholly, altogether: in replying it affirms strongly, by all means, undoubtedly.

παντάρβη, *ῆ*, name of a precious stone.

παντ-ἀρκής, *ῆς*, (πᾶς, ἀρκέω) all-prevailing.

παντ-ἀρχης, Dor. for παντάρχης, *ου, ὁ*, (πᾶς, ἀρχή) ruler of all.

πᾶντ-ἀρχος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἐρχω) all-ruling, absolute.

παντᾶχῆ, Ion. παντακῆ, Adv. (πᾶς) of Place, everywhere: in every direction, every way. II. of Manner, by all means, absolutely: in all respects.

παντᾶχόθεν, Adv. (πᾶς) from all places or sides.

παντᾶχοι, Adv. (πᾶς) in all directions, every way.

παντᾶχόσε, Adv. (πᾶς) to all places, every way.

παντᾶχοῦ, Adv. (πᾶς) everywhere.

παντᾶχώς, Adv. (πᾶς) in all ways.

παν-τέλης, *ῆς*, (πᾶς, τέλος) all-complete, all-perfect: entire, absolute. 2. fully accomplished. 3. comprising all, the whole, Lat. universus. II. act all-accomplishing. Hence

παντελῶς Ion. —έως, Adv., also παντελές, completely, entirely, absolutely: outright.

πάντεσσι, Ep. for πᾶσι, dat. pl. of πᾶς.

παν-τευχία, *ῆ*, (πᾶς, τεύχος) = παν-οπλία, complete armour; ἐν οἱ ἐν παντευχία in full armour.

πᾶν-τεχνος, *ον*, (πᾶς, τέχνη) assisting all the arts.

πάντη Dor. παντᾶ, Adv. (πᾶς) everywhere, on every side, every way. II. in every way, by all means; οὐ πάντη not quite.

πᾶν-τίμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, τίμη) all-honourable.

παντῶ-γήρως, *ον*, gen. *ω*, (πᾶς, γῆρας) making all old, enfeebling all.

παντο-δᾶής, *ῆς*, (πᾶς, *δάω) all-knowing.

παντοδᾶπός, *ῆ, ὄν*, (πᾶς) of every kind, of all sorts, manifold. Adv. —πᾶς, in all kinds of ways.

παντοθεν, Adv. (πᾶς) from all quarters, from every side, Lat. undique.

πάντοθι, Adv. (πᾶς) everywhere.

παντοῖος, *α, ὄν*, (πᾶς) of all sorts or kinds, manifold; παντοῖος γενέσθαι to take all shapes, i. e. to try every expedient, turn every stone, in order to effect any object. Hence

παντοίως, Adv. in every kind of way.

παντο-κράτωρ, *ορος, ὁ*, (πᾶς, κρατέω) all-mighty.

παντο-ολιγοχρόνιος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ὀλιγοχρόνιος) utterly short-lived.

πᾶν-τολμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, τόλμα) all-daring, shameless.

παντο-μιότης, *ῆς*, (πᾶς, μίσος) all-bateful.

παντο-πάθης, *ῆς*, (πᾶς, παθεῖν) all-suffering.

παντο-πόρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, πόρος) all-inventive.

παντ-όπτας, Dor. for παντόπτης, *ου, ὁ*, (πᾶς, ὄψομαι) all-seeing.

πάντοσε, Adv. (πᾶς) in all ways, every way.

παντῶ-σεμνος, *ον*, (πᾶς, σεμνός) all-reverend, august.

πάντοτε, Adv. at all times, always.

παντῶ-τολμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, τόλμα) all-daring.

παντ-ουργός, *όν*, (πᾶς, ἔργον) = πανούργος.

παντῶ-φάγος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φαγεῖν) all-devouring.

παντῶ-φύρτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φύρω) all-confused, commingled.

πᾶν-τροπος, *ον*, (πᾶς, τρεπω) utterly routed.

παν-τρόφος, *ον*, (πᾶς, τρέφω) all-nourishing.

πάντως, Adv. (πᾶς) wholly, altogether: οὐ πάντως in no wise, by no means, not at all, Lat. omnino non.

II. in strong affirmation, at all events, at any rate, at least: in answers, yes, by all means.

πάνυ, Adv. (πᾶς) altogether: at all, in all, Lat. omnino. 2. very, very much, exceedingly. 3.

δὲ πάνυ with some Adj. omitted, the well-known, the thorough; οἱ πάνυ τῶν στρατιωτῶν the thorough soldiers, i. e. the veterans; δὲ πάνυ Περικλῆς the famous Pericles.

II. in answers, yes by all means, certainly. [A]

πανυπεύροχος, *ον*, (πᾶς, υπεύροχος) *eminent above all*.

παν-ὑπέρτατος, *η, ον*, (πας, ἑρτατος) *υψέρmost; highest of all*.

παν-υστάτος, *ον*, and πᾶν-ὑστάτος, *η, ον*, (πᾶς, ὑστάτος) *last of all*.

πᾶν-ωλεθρία, *ῆ*, *utter destruction, utter ruin*. From

πᾶν-ώλεθρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ᄅλεθρος, ᄅλλυμι) *utterly ruined, destroyed, undone*. 2. in moral sense, *utterly abandoned*. II. act. *all-destructive, all-ruinous*.

πᾶν-ᄅλης, *ες*, (πᾶς, ᄅλλυμι) *utterly ruined, destroyed*. 2. in moral sense, *utterly abandoned*. II. act. *all-destructive*.

πᾶν-ᄅφης, *εσσα, εν*, (πᾶς, ᄅφ) *visible to all*.

πᾶν-ᄅρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ᄅρα) *in every season*.

πᾶξ, Lat. *paax* *bus!* *still!*

πᾶσαι, πᾶσαιμι, Dor. for πῆσαι, πῆσαιμι, *aor. I inf. and opt. of πῆννυμι*.

ΠΑ'ΟΜΑΙ, *f. πάσομαι* [ᄅ]; *aor. I ἐπασάμην*; *pf. πέπαμαι*, *inf. πεπάσθαι*; *Dep. —to get, acquire*, Lat. *potior*:—the *pf.* is also used as a *pres.*, to possess, to have in possession.

παῖπα!, *Interj. of suffering*, Lat. *vae! ob!* *alas!* II. *of surprise, ah!*

παῖπαῖδε, *lengthd. for παπαῖ*.

Παπαῖος, *ᄅ*, a Scythian name of Jupiter.

παπαπαπαῖ, an exclam. of surprise.

παππαῖω, (πάππας) *to call papa, as a child: to coax or wheedle by calling papa*.

ΠΑ'ΠΠΑΣ, *ου, ᄅ*, *papa*, childish pronunciation of *πατήρ*, as *μάμα, manna*, of *μήτηρ*.

παππαῖας, *ου, ᄅ*, *Dim. of πάππας*, *dear little papa*.

παππιδιον, *τό*, = *παππίας*. [ῖ]

παππῖω, = *παππαῖω*.

ΠΑ'ΠΠΟΣ, *ᄅ*, a grandfather.

παππῶς, *α, ον*, (πάππος) *of or for one's grandfather, appointed by him*.

πάπρᄅς, *ακος, ᄅ*, a fish found in the Thracian lake *ῖrasia*. (Foreign word.)

παπταῖνισσα, Dor. for -*νουσα*, *part. fem. of*

ΠΑΠΤΑΙ'ΝΩ, *fut. ᄅνᄅ*; *aor. I ἐπάπτηνα*:—*to look cautiously or timidly round, to peer about: to look eagerly*. II. *c. acc. to look round for, look earnestly after*.

παπτήνας, *aor. I part. of παπταῖνω*.

πάπυρος, *ᄅ* and *ῆ*, the papyrus, a kind of rush, of which writing-paper was made in Egypt by cutting its inner rind (βύβλος) into strips: it was also used for making ropes.

πάρ, *poët. abbrev. for παρά*. II. it is also used for *pára* in sense of *πάρεστι*.

ΠΑΡΑ' *Ep. πάρ, παρὰ, Prep. with gen., dat., et acc.*: Radical sense, *beside*:

I. WITH GENIT. *from beside, from alongside of, whether of Place or Person*: metaph. *issuing, derived, proceeding from*; *παρ' ᄅαντοῦ διδόναι* to give from oneself, *from one's own means*. In Att. Prose, *παρά*

is used like *ὑπό*, Lat. *a* or *ab*, *by*, with *pass. Verbs* to denote the agent, as, *παρά τινος τυφθῆναι* to be struck by any one.

II. WITH DAT. *by the side of, beside, alongside of, by, both of Places and Things, as also of Persons*, Lat. *apud* and *coram*; *παρ' ᄅμοί*, Lat. *me jndice, before me*; *παρά Δαρείᄅ κρητῆ* before Darius as judge; *παρ' ᄅουτᄅ* at one's home, Lat. *apud sa*.

III. WITH ACCUS., I. of Place, *running along, beside* 2. of Motion to, to, towards, mostly of persons. 3. *going by, leaving on one side*; *παρά τῆν Βαβυλᄅνα παριέναι* to go past Babylon: metaph. *going by, beyond or beside the mark*; *παρά δύναμιν* beyond one's strength: *contrary to, against*; *παρά μοῖραν* contrary to destiny; *παρά δόξαν* contrary to opinion.

4. *beside, beyond, except*; *οὔκ ᄅστι παρά ταῦτ' ᄅλλα* besides this, there is nothing else; so, *παρά ᄅν πάλαισμα ᄅδραμε νικᄅν* Ὀλυμπιάδα he was within one conflict of winning the Olympic prize; *παρά μικρόν, παρ' ᄅλίγον* within little, i. e. *well-nigh, almost*; *παρά πολύ* by much; *παρά τοσούτον* by so much; *παρ' ᄅσον* by how much, Lat. *quatenus*;—so, *παρά μικρόν ἦλθεν ἀποθανεῖν* he came within a little of dying; *παρά τοσούτον κινδύνου ᄅλθειν* to come within so great a nearness of danger, i. e. to escape danger by so little.

5. *in comparison with*; *αὐτᄅς παρ' ᄅαντόν* himself compared with himself; *παρ' οὔδέν ᄅστι* it is compared with (i. e. as) nothing; *παρ' οὔδέν ἠγᄅσθαι* to consider as nothing:—also, *παρ' ἡμέραν* day as compared with day, day by day; *παρά τᄅ ᄅλλα ζᄅα ᄅσπερ θεοᄅ οἱ ᄅνθρωποι βιοτεῖν* men as compared with all other animals live like gods; *παρά τοῦς ᄅλλοις πορεύειν* to labour in comparison of all the rest, i. e. *more than the rest*.

II. of Time, *during*; *παρά τὸν πόλεμον* in the course of the war.

Παρά may follow its Subst. in all three cases, but is then written *πάρα*: so also when it stands for *παρεῖμι* or *πάρεστι*.

Παρά absol., as Adv., *near, together, at once*.

In Compos., *παρά* retains its chief usages as Prep.,

I. *alongside of, beside, as in παρά-κειμαι, παρ-ᄅμοι*.

II. *from one to another, as in παρα-δίδωμι, παρ-ᄅχω*.

III. *passing by, as in παρ-ᄅρχομαι, παρ-οῖχομαι*.

2. metaph. *swerving aside, i. e. amiss, wrong, as in παρα-βαίνω, παρ-ακούω*; also, *contrary to, against, as in παρ-αῖσιος*.

IV. of alteration or change, as in *παρ-ᄅφημι, παρα-πέθω*.

παραβᄅθῆναι, *aor. I pass. inf. of παραβαίνω*.

παρα-βαίνω, *f. -βῆσομαι*; *pf. -βέβηκα, part. -βεβᄅς* *Ep. παραβεβᄅς*; *aor. 2 παρέβην*:—*to go by or by the side of* to stand beside, *s. dat.*

II. to pass beside or beyond, i. e. to overstep, transgress; *ᄅ παραβάς* the transgressor:—*Pass.*, with *aor. I παρ-εβᄅθην* [ᄅ], *pf. παρα-βέβησομαι*, to be transgressed or offended against.

III. to pass over, omit: *to let pass, let slip*: *οὔ με παρᄅβα* it escaped me not.

IV. in Comedy, *παραβαῖναι ᄅς* or *πρᄅς τὸ θέατρον* to step forward to address the spectators.

παρά-βακτρος, ον, (παρά, βάκτρον) like a staff. as of a staff.

παρά-βακχος, ον, (παρά, Βάκχος) like a Bacchanal. παρα-βάλλω, f. -βάλλω: aor. 2 παρέβαλον: pf. -βέβληκα:—Pass., aor. 1 -έβληθην: pf. -βέβλημαι:—to throw beside, put before, as fodder before horses, Lat. obicere, projicere: to hold out as a bait: also to object or cast in one's teeth, Lat. obicere.

II. to set side by side, to stake one thing against another, as in games of chance; then generally, to venture, hazard, stake:—Med. to expose oneself to danger; ἐμὴν ψυχὴν παραβάλλομενος πολεμίζειν setting my life upon a cast in war: so, παραβάλλεσθαι τὰ τέκνα to stake one's own children. 2. to set side by side, so as to compare one with another:—Med., παραβάλλομενοι vying with one another: Pass., πάντα δ' ἀπάταις παραβαλλομένα one piece of treachery set against another.

III. to bring to the side of: esp. in Med., παραβάλλεσθαι τὴν ἅκτον to bring the boat alongside; and absol. in aor. 2 imperat. παραβαλοῦ, put to land. IV. to throw

or turn sideways; ὄμμα παραβάλλειν to cast one's eye askance: παραβάλλειν τῷ ὀφθαλμῷ to cast both eyes sideways, i. e. to squint. V. to deposit with one, entrust to him. VI. to deceive, betray.

VII. intr. in Act. to come near, approach. 2. to pass over by sea, like Lat. trajicio.

παρὰβάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of παραβαίνει. παρὰβάσις Ep. παραιβάσις, εως, ἡ, (παραβαίνει) an overstepping, transgression.

II. the parabasis or digression, a part of the old Comedy, in which the Chorus came forward and addressed the audience in the Poet's name.

παρὰβάτης [ᾱ], ον, ὁ, (παραβαίνει) one who stands beside: the warrior or combatant who stands beside the charioteer. II. a transgressor, in poet. form παρβάτης.

παρὰβάσις poet. παρβατος, ἡ, ον, (παραβαίνει) transgressed. II. to be gone beyond, surpassed.

παρὰβῆσθαι, pf. pass. of παραβαίνει.

παρὰβῆσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of παραβαίνει.

παρὰβῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of παραβαίνει.

παρὰβιάζομαι, f. ἄσσομαι: Dep.:—to do a thing by force contrary to law. 2. to use violence towards any one, to constrain, compel.

παρὰβλέπω, f. ψω, to look aside or askance, take a side look; παραβλέπειν θατέρῳ to wink with one eye. 2. to see wrong.

παρὰβλήδην, Adv. (παραβάλλω) thrown in by the side: metaph., παρὰβλήδην ἀγορεύειν to speak with a side meaning, i. e. maliciously, invidiously.

παρὰβλημα, ατος, τό, (παραβάλλω) something hung beside, a curtain or screen used to cover the sides of ships.

παρὰβλώσκω, f. -μολοῦμαι: aor. 2 παρεμολον: pf. παρήμεβλωκα Ep. παρήμεβλωκα:—to go beside, for the purpose of aiding or protecting.

παρὰβλητός, α, ον, and παρὰβλητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of παραβάλλω, comparable.

παρὰβλῶν, ὤπος, ὁ, ἡ, (παραβλέπω) looking sideways or askance, squinting.

παρὰ-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to call or cry out to. παρα-βοηθῶ, f. ἤσω, to come to help another: absol. come to the rescue.

παρὰβολέομαι, Dep. (παράβολος), to expose oneself to danger, run hazard.

παρὰβολή, ἡ, (παραβάλλω π) a placing beside, comparison: illustration, parable.

παράβολος, ον, (παραβάλλομαι) staking, risking: barding: of persons, venturesome, reckless. 2. of things, hazardous, perilous.

παρὰ-βουλεύομαι, Dep. to sbeu aisregard.

παράβυστος, ον, (παραβύω) stuffed in.

παρὰ-βύω, f. σω, to stuff in, insert. [ῥ]

παραγαγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of παράγω.

παραγγεῖλα, ἡ, a command issued to soldiers: the word of command. 2. the summoning one's partisans. 3. instruction, doctrine. From

παρ-αγγέλλω, f. -αγγεῖλω: aor. 1 παρήγγειλα: p. παρήγγελα: pass. παρήγγελμαι:—to pass an announcement from one to another. II. as military term, to give the watchword, which was passed from man to man, Lat. imperium per manus tradere:—also to give the word of command, give orders:—then 2. generally, to recommend, charge, exhort.

3. c. acc. rei, to order; παραγγέλλειν σιτία to order provisions, like Lat. imperare frumentum: τὰ παραγγελλόμενα orders given. III. also to encourage, cheer on. IV. to summon to one's help, to summon one's partisans or clients. Hence

παράγγελμα, ατος, τό, an announcement passed from one to another. II. an order, word of command. III. instruction.

παράγγελσις, ἡ, (παραγγέλω, an announcing. II. in war, a giving orders, giving the word of command.

παρὰ-γεύω, f. σω, to give just a taste of a thing:—Med. to taste slightly of a thing.

παρὰ-γηνάω, f. ἄσσομαι, to be the worse for one's age.

παρὰ-γίνομαι, later -γίνομαι [ι]: fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 παρεγενόμην:—to be at hand, by or near, be present: to stand by, to second, support.

2. of things, to be at hand, to come, happen, belong to. II. to come to, arrive at: absol. to arrive at one's destination. 2. to come to maturity.

παρὰ-γινώσκω, later -γινώσκω: fut. -γνωσομαι: aor. 2 παρήγνων:—to decide beside the right, i. e. to decide unfairly, err in one's judgment.

παρ-αγκάλισμα, ατος, τό, (παρά, ἀγκαλή) that which is taken in the arms, the object of one's embrace.

παρ-αγκωνίζομαι, Dep. (παρά, ἀγκών) to bush aside with the elbows, elbow.

παρὰγονός, παραγώναι, aor. 2 part and inf. of παραγιγνώσκω.

παράγραμμα, ατος, τό, (παραγραφω) that which one writes beside, an additional clause, codicil.

παράγραφῃ, ἡ, (παρὰνάλω) any thing written beside, a marginal note.

II. an exception taken by the defendant to the indictment (γραφῇ).

παρά-γράφω, f. ψω, to write beside, to add, subjoin, annex a clause or codicil.

II. Med., with pf. pass. παραγράφμαι, to have a thing written by the side : to have a person registered

2. παραγράφειν γραφῇν to take an exception to an indictment (γραφῇ) ; absol., παραγράφεσθαι to demur : cf. παραγραφή.

παρά-γυμνώνω, f. ὦσω, to lay bare at the side : metaphor. to lay open, disclose.

παρά-άγω, f. ἔω : aor. 2 -ήγαγον :—to lead beside, to lead by or past.

2. as military term, to make the men file off, to wheel them from column into line.

II. to lead aside from the way, lead away : absol. to mislead, deceive : generally, to persuade, bring over, but in bad sense

2. to lead aside, divert, alter the course of, to distort, pervert.

III. to bring beside or in front, to bring forward as a speaker, witness, etc.

IV. to bring in stealthily.

V. intrans. to pass by, pass on one's way : pass away. Hence

παράγωγη, ἡ, a leading by or past, carrying across.

2. of soldiers, a wheeling from column into line.

3. a sliding motion of the oars so as to make no splash (πίτυλος) in coming out of the water.

II. a leading aside or away, misleading : a fallacy, quibble.

III. an alteration, change, variety.

παρά-δακρύνω, f. ὦσω [ῶ], to weep beside or along with.

κίπια-δαρθάνω, f. -δαρθήσομαι : aor. 2 παρέδαρθον

Ep. παρέδραθον, inf. παραδραθέειν :—to sleep beside or by.

παράδειγμα, τό, (παράδεικνυμι) a pattern, model, plan, Lat. exemplar : a copy, representation.

2. a precedent, example ; ἐπὶ παραδείγματος by way of example : also an example, lesson, warning.

3. an illustration, proof from example. Hence

παρά-δειγματίζω, f. σω, to make an example of, make a show of, put to sham

παράδειγματῶδης, ες, (παράδειγμα, εἶδος) like an example.

παρά-δείκνυμι and -ύω : f. -δείξω :—to show by the side of : to exhibit, bring forward.

2. to represent as so and so, to represent, portray.

3. to hand over or assign money

παρά-δειπνέομαι, Dep. (παρά, δείπνον) to go without one's dinner.

παράδεισος, ὁ, a park or pleasure-grounds : an Eastern word used in the Septuagint for the garden of Eden.

παρά-δέχομαι Ion. -δέκομαι : f. -δέξομαι : pf. -δέδεγμαι : Dep. :—to take or receive from another, to have by right of succession, as hereditary.

2. c. inf. to take upon oneself or engage to do.

3. to admit, let in : hence to admit, allow.

παρά-διδόναι, f. ὦσω, to disclose by a side bin.

παρά-διᾶκονέω, f. ῥω, to attend and serve.

παρά-διατριβή, ἡ, useless disputation.

παρά-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give or hand over, Lat. tradere : to commit, consign.

2. to give into another's hands as an hostage, Lat. dedere : to deliver up, surrender : to hand over to justice : also to betray.

3. to hand down, transmit to posterity.

II. to grant, bestow, offer : c. inf. to grant, allow, concede.

παράδοθῶ, ῆς, ῆ, aor. I pass, subj. of παραδίδωμι.

παράδοξο-λογία, ἡ, (παράδοξος, λόγος) a strange story, marvel.

παρά-δοξος, ον, (παρά, δόξα) contrary to opinion, unexpected, strange, marvellous.

Adv. -ξως.

παρά-δοσις, ἡ, (παράδιδωμι) a handing down, bequeathing, transmission

2. a giving up, surrender.

3. the transmission or handing down of legends, doctrines, etc., tradition :—also that which is handed down, a tradition.

παράδοτος, α, ον, or παραδοτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj of παραδίδωμι, to be handed down, etc. :—neut. παραδοτόν or -δοτέα (plur.) one must give up.

παράδους, aor. 2 part. of παραδίδωμι.

παράδοχή, ἡ, (παράδεχομαι) the act of receiving from another.

2. that which has been so received, a custom

παράδραθῆν Ep. -έειν, aor. 2 inf. of παραδραθάναι

παράδραμεν, aor. 2 inf. of παρατρέχω.

παρά-δράω Ep. παρα-δρώω : fut. -έρασσω :—to be near as a servant, to serve.

παράδρομή, ἡ, (παράδραμεν) a running beside or by ; ἐκ παραδρομῆς cursorily, by the way. Lat. obiter.

παράδρομος, ον, (παράδραμεν) running beside.

II. that may be run through ; τὰ παράδρομα spaces for getting through, gaps.

παρά-δρώω, Ep. for παραδράω.

παράδύμεναι, Ep. for παραδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of παραδύνω.

παρά-δύναστέω, f. σω, (παρά, δύναστη) to govern or reign with one.

παράδυσσις, ἡ, a sinking in beside.

From παρα-δύομαι, Med., with aor. 2 act. παρέδυν, inf. παραδύναι

Ep. παραδύμεναι :—to creep or sink past 2. to creep in underhand, sink or steal in.

παράδωσις, Desiderat. of παραδίδωμι to be disposed or ready to deliver up.

παρά-εἶδω, f. σω, to sing beside or to one.

παρά-εἶρω contr. παρᾶρω (παρά, εἶρω contr. εἶρω) to lift up and set beside :—Pass. to hang on one side

Ep. aor. I pass. παρήρθην Att. παρήρθην.

παρά-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύξω, to yoke beside couple : to set beside :—Pass. to be joined side by side coupled together.

παρά-ζηλώω, f. ὦσω, to provoke to jealousy.

παρά-ζώννυμι and -ύω, f. -ζώσω, to gird to the side, hang to the girdle.

παρά-θάλασσιδος Att. -ττιδος, ον, -παράθαλασσιος.

παρά-θάλασσιος Att. -ττιος, α, ον, also ος, ον (παρά, θάλασσα) beside the sea, lying on the seaside.

παρα-θάλλω, f. ψω, to *cherish, comfort*.
 παρα-θαρσύνω later -θαρρύνω, to *embolden, cheer on, inspire with confidence*.
 παραθεῖν, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of παρατίθημι.
 παραθείς, παράθες, aor. 2 part. and Imperat. of παρατίθημι.
 παρα-θέλω, f. ξω, to *soften, assuage, soothe*.
 παρα-θερμαίνω, to *heat or inflame to excess*.
 παραθέσις, εως, ἡ, (παρατίθημι) a *putting beside, juxtaposition, comparison*. II. *suggestion, advice*.
 παρα-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to *run beside* II. to *run to one side of, deviate from* III. to *run beyond, outrun*.
 παρα-θεωρέω, f. ἦσω, to *observe one thing beside another, compare*. II. to *overlook, slight*.
 παρα-θήγω, f. ξω, to *whet or sharpen upon*: metaph. to *encourage*.
 παραθήκη, ἡ, (παρατίθημι) *anything lodged with one, a deposit*: of persons, a *hostage*.
 παραθήσομαι, fut. med. of παρατίθημι.
 πᾶρα, poet. for παρά.
 παραιβάσις, ἡ, poet. for παραβασία, *transgression*.
 παραιβάτω, παραι-βάτης, poet. for παραβ-,
 παραιβόλος, ον, poet. for παράβολος, (παραβάλλω) *thrown in by the way, sneering, malicious*: see παραβλήνν.
 παρ-αιθύσσω, f. ξω, to *stir up, kindle*. II. intr. of words, to *fall from one by chance*.
 παραινέσις, ἡ, (παραίνω) *advice, counsel*.
 παρ-αινέω, f. -έσω or -έσομαι: aor. I παρήνεσα: pf. παρήνεκα: Pass., aor. I παρηνέθην: pf. παρήνῃμαι:—to *advise, recommend, counsel*.
 παραινέσθην, παραινέσθω, παραινέσθω, Ep. for παρ-αίθην, παρ-αίθω, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj., and part. fem. aor. 2 of παρ-αίθω.
 παρ-αίρνω, ἡ, a *taking away from beside, a withdrawing of, curtailing*. From
 παρ-αίρω, f. ἦσω: aor. 2 παρείλον: pf. παρήρηκα: Pass., aor. I παρρήρην: pf. παρήρημαι:—to *take away from beside*. 2. to *draw aside on one, to divert to*: παρ-αίρειν ἄρην εἰς παῖδα to *draw aside the curse on thy son*. II. Med. to *draw off or away from, draw over to one's own side, detach*. 2. generally, to *take away from*: also to *lessen, damp*. Hence
 παρ-αίρημα, ατος, τό, *that which is taken off from the side, the salvage of eloib*: generally, a *band, strip*.
 παρ-αίρω, contr. for poet. παρ-αίρω.
 παρ-αισθάνομαι, f. -αισθήσομαι: Dep.:—to *bear of by the way*.
 παρ-αίσιος, ον, (παρά, αἰσιος) of *ill omen, ominous, portentous*.
 παρ-αίσιω, i. ξω: Ep. aor. I παρήξια:—to *dart past*.
 παρ-αίτωμαι, f. -ήσομαι: pf. παρήτημαι: Dep. ~ to *beg of or from another*: c. acc. rel. to *obtain by prayer or entreaty*. 2. c. acc. pers. to *move by entreaty obtain leave from*: also to *intercede with, beg*

earnestly. 3. to *entreat one to do*. II. like Lat. *deprecari*, to *avert by entreaty, beg off*. Hence παραίτησις, ἡ, an *obtaining by prayer*: *earnest supplication*. II. a *deprecating*. III. an *interceding for, begging off*.
 παρ-αίτιος, ον, also α. ον, (παρά, αἰτία) *being in part the cause*: *accessory to*.
 παρ-αί-φάμενος, η, ον, Ep. for παραφάμενος, pres. med. part. of παραφάμη. *exhorting, encouraging*.
 παρ-αί-φασις, ἡ, poet. for παραφασις, (παραφάμη) *encouragement, persuasion*: also, a *beguiling*.
 παρ-αί-φρονέω, poet. for παραφρονέω.
 παρ-αί-φρω, f. ἦσω, to *hang up beside*:—Pass. ἡ *be hung or hang beside*.
 παρακάβῃς, Ep. for παρακατέβαλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of παρακαταβάλλω.
 παρακαθεῖσθαι, aor. 2 int. med. of παρακαθίζω.
 παρα-κάθημαι, inf. -καθῆσθαι, Dep. to *sit beside or near*.
 παρα-καθίζω, f. -καθίζω Att. -καθῶ, to *set beside or near*. II. Med., fut. -καθεδούμαι: aor. 2 -εκαθεζόμεν: also aor. I ἐκαθίσάμην:—to *sit down beside*.
 παρα-καθίημι, f. -καθήσω, to *let down by the side*: so also in Med. παρα-καθίεμι.
 παρα-καθίστημι, f. -καταστήσω, to *put, place, set down beside or near*. II. in Med. and intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 -κατέστην, pf. -κατέστηκα, to *stand beside or near*.
 παρα-καίριος and παρ-α-καιρος, ον, (παρά, καιρος) *untimely, ill-timed, unseasonable*.
 παρα-καίω, f. -καύσω, to *light, kindle, burn beside or near*.
 παρα-κάλλω, f. -καλῶ later -καλέσω: pf. -κέκληκα, pass. -κέκλημαι:—to *call to one, i. e.*, I. to *call to aid, send for, summon*, Lat. *accersere*: to *call as witness, to invoke the gods*: to *invite*. II. to *call to, cheer on, encourage, exhort*: to *excite*. III. to *demand, require*.
 παρακάλυμμα, τό, a *covering*: metaph. a *cloak, veil*. From
 παρα-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to *cover by hanging something beside, to veil, cloak, disguise*.
 παρα-καταβάλλω, f. -καταβάλλω: Ep. aor. 2 παρακαβαλον for παρακατέβαλον:—to *throw or put down beside*: παραβάλλειν ζώνην τινί to *put a girdle beside one, i. e. gird it around one*. II. as *law-term*, to *make a deposit, pay a sum into court*. Hence
 παρακαταβολή, ἡ, *money deposited in suits for recovery of an inheritance, to be forfeited in case of failure*, Lat. *sacramentum*.
 παρακαταθήκη, ἡ, (παρακατατίθημι) *anything lodged in one's hands, esp. a deposit, trust*.
 παρα-καταθνήσκω, f. -καταθανούμαι: aor. 2 -κατέθανον: Ep. -κάτθανον:—to *die beside or near*.
 παρα-κατάκειμαι, inf. -κατακείσθαι, Pass. to *lie beside or near, esp. to sit by at meals*, Lat. *juxta accumbere*.
 παρα-κατακλίνω, f. ἴω, to *lay down beside*.

παρακατάλεγομαι, *ἑ. ἔομαι*, Pass. *to lie down beside, to lie with*: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 παρατέλεκτο.
 παρακατάλειπω, *ἑ. ψω*, *to leave behind in one's hands*.
 παρακαταπήγνυμι, *ἑ. καταπήξω*, *to fix or drive in alongside*.
 παρακατατίθημι, *ἑ. καταθήσω*, *to deposit or lodge in a person's hands*:—Med. *to deposit one's property with another, give it in trust, entrust to his keeping*.
 παρακατέχω, *ἑ. καθέξω*, *to keep back, restrain*.
 παρακατοικίζω, *ἑ. σω*, *to make to dwell beside*:—Med. *to settle another near oneself*.
 παρακατῶ, Att. for παρα-κασῶ, *to set on or to*:—metaph. in Med. *to set all straight*.
 παρά-κειμαι, inf. -κέσθαι: 3 sing. Ep. ἱπρφ. παρεκέσκειτο: Pass. 1.—*to lie beside, near or before*: generally, *to be ready, lie close at hand*: metaph. *to be presented or proposed to one*; τὰ παρακείμενα *things before one or present*.
 παρακείμενα, *ματος, τό*, = παρακείμενα.
 παρακελεύομαι, Med. *to exhort, advise, recommend, prescribe*. II. *to exhort, encourage, cheer on by shouting*: 3 sing. plupf. παρακελεύεστο is used in pass. sense, *orders had been given*. Hence παρακελεύεις, *ἑ. ἀ*, *a calling out to, cheering on*.
 παρακείμενα, *ματος, τό*, (παρακελεύομαι) *an exhortation, encouragement*.
 παρακελεύσμός, *ἑ. δ*, = παρακείμενα.
 παρακελεύστος, *ἑ. ὄν*, (παρακελεύομαι) *cheered on, summoned*.
 παρακελητίζω, *ἑ. σω*, *to ride by or pass*.
 παρακινδύνους, *ἑ. ἀ*, *a desperate venture*. From παρα-κινδύνω, *ἑ. σω*, *to make a rash venture, to dare recklessly*: c. acc. rei, *to venture or bazaar a thing*: c. inf. *to have the hardihood to do*: absol. *to venture, run the risk, stand the hazard*: in Pass., *ἑπος παρακεκινδυνευμένον* *a bardy, venturous phrase*.
 παρακινέω, *ἑ. ἦσω*, trans. *to move aside*: *to excite, disturb violently*, Lat. *commovers*. II. intr. *to shift one's ground, alter*. 2. *to be impassioned*: *to be distraught, mad*. 3. *to raise troubles or commotions*.
 παρακίω, *to pass by*.
 παρακλαίω, *ἑ. κλαύσομαι* and *-κλαυσούμαι*:—*to weep beside or at*.
 παρακλέω Ion. -κλήω, *to bar or shut out*.
 παρακλέπτω, *ἑ. ψω*, *to steal from the side or in passing, filch underhand*.
 παρακληθῆσομαι., fut. pass. of παρακαλέω.
 παρακληῶ, Ion. for παρακλείω.
 παρακλησις, *ἑ. ἀ*, (παρακλέω) *a calling to one, summons to assist*. 2. *a calling upon, imploring*. 3. *exhortation, encouragement*.
 παρακλητός, *α. ὄν*, = παράκλητος: neut. παρακλητέον, *one must call on*.
 παρακλητικός, *ἑ. ὄν*, (παρακαλέω) *of or for exhorting, hortatory*.
 παράκλητος, *ον*, verb Adj. of παρακαλέω, *called to*

one's aid, esp. in a court of justice, Lat. *advocatus*: as Subst., παράκλητος, *ἑ. ἀν*, *an advocate*. 2. generally, *a helper*; hence in N. T., *ὁ Παράκλητος the Helper, Comforter*.
 παρακλιδόν, Adv. (παρακλίνω) *bending sideways, turning aside, averting*.
 παρακλινῶ, *ἑ. ἀ*, = παρακλίτης. From παρα-κλίνω [*ἑ. ἀ*], *to turn or bend aside*; παρακλίνειν τὴν θύραν *to set the gate ajar*. 2. metaph. *to make to swerve, distort*; ἄλλη παρακλινούσι δίκας *they turn righteous judgments aside*. II. Pass. and Med., aor. 2 παρακλήθην [*ἑ. ἀ*]: pf. παρακέκλιμαι: *to lie down beside, lie near*, esp. at meals, Lat. *juxta accumbere*. III. intr. in Act., *to turn aside, slip away, escape*. Hence παρακλήτης, *ον, ἑ. δ*, *one who lies beside at meals*. [*ἑ. ἀ*] παρα-κλίνω, *to bear beside or amiss*: *to bear wrong*.
 παρ-ακμάζω, *ἑ. ἄσω*, *to be past the prime*: *to be faded, withered*.
 παρα-κοῶω, Ion. for παρα-νοῶω.
 παρᾰκοή, *ἑ. ἀ*, (παρακούω) *bearing amiss*: *unwillingness to hear, disobedience*.
 παρακοινοῶμαι, Med. (παρά, κοινός) *to take counsel with another, Lat. communicare*.
 παρακοίτης, *ον, ἑ. ἀ*, (παρά, κοιτός) *one who sleeps beside, a bedfellow, busband*.
 παρ-ακοίτης, *ιος, ἑ. ἀ*, acc. IV: Ep. dat. παρακοίτι: (παρά, ἀκοίτης) *a wife, consort*.
 παρ-ακολουθῶ, *ἑ. ἦσω*, *to follow close or hard upon one*: *to attend studiously*: of rules, *to hold good throughout*. II. metaph. *to follow in one's mind, to understand*.
 παρακομίζω, *ἑ. ἀ*, (παρακομίζω) *a carrying across, transporting, conveying*. II. (from Pass.) *a going or sailing across*.
 παρακομίζω, *ἑ. ἴσω* Att. *ἑ. ἴω*: *to carry beside or along with, escort*: *carry across*: generally *to carry or convey*:—Med. *to have a thing brought one*:—Pass. *to sail beside, coast along*.
 παρ-ακονάω, *ἑ. ἦσω*, *to sharpen or whet besides*.
 παρ-ακοντίζω, *ἑ. ἴσω*, *to throw the dart with others*.
 παρακοπή, *ἑ. ἀ*, (παρακόπτω) *a striking falsely, a coining falsely*: metaph. *madness, frenzy*.
 παρακοπος, *ον*, (παρακόπτω) *struck falsely, counterfeit*: metaph. *deranged, mad*.
 παρακόπτω, *ἑ. ψω*, *to strike amiss*, esp. of money, *to forge, counterfeit*; ἀνδράρια παρακεκομμένα (pf. pass. part.) *men of a false stamp*. II. Med. *to cheat, swindle out of a thing*, c. gen.: absol. *to cheat*:—Pass. *to be cheated*. III. metaph. *to drive mad, derange, distract*.
 παρ-ακούω, *ἑ. ἀκούσομαι*, (παρά, ἀκούω) *to hear beside or by the way, to hear talk of*. II. *to hear or learn underhand*. III. *to hear wrong, misunderstand*.
 παρ-ακρεμάννυμι, *ἑ. ἀ*, -κρεμᾶω Att. -κρεμᾶω:—*to let hang on the side*.
 παρακρεμάσας, aor. I part. of παρακρεμάννυμι.

παρα-κρίνω [ἱ], f. -κρίνω: aor. ἱ παρέκρινα: pf. παραέκρινα: Pass., aor. ἱ παρεκρίθην [ἱ]: pf. παραέκριμαι:—to separate and place beside:—Pass. to be drawn up along, extend over a space.

παρα-κροτέω, f. ἤσω, to pat, touch on the side, παράκρουσις, ἡ, (παράκρουω) a striking beside, striking a false note: an error. II. a cheating, fraud.

παρ-κρούω, f. σω: pf. παραέκρουκα: Pass., aor. ἱ παρεκρούσθην: pf. παραέκρουμαι:—to strike beside, esp. to strike a wrong note in music. II. to lead aside, mislead, deceive.

παρα-κτάομαι, f. ἤσομαι, Dep. to get over and above: in pf. παραέκτεταμαι, to have over and above. παρ-ακτίδιος, ov, and παρ-ακτίος, α, ov, (παρά, ἀκτὴ) on the seaside, on the shore.

παρα-κίπτω, f. ψω: aor. ἱ παρέκνυφα:—to stoop aside, put one's head on one side affectively. 2. generally, to take a side glance at, look carelessly at. 3. to lean forward and peer out of a door, window, etc.: also to peer in.

παρ-ακωχέω, see παρ-ακωχέω.

παρα-λαμβάνω: f. -λήψομαι Ion.: -λάμβομαι: aor. 2 -έλαβον, inf. -λαβεῖν: pf. -έλιψα, pass. -έλιψμαι:—to receive from another, to succeed to an office or to property. 2. to take possession of, to take in pledge: also to take by force, seize forcibly. 3. to take to oneself, as to wife:—to produce or bring forward as a witness. II. to receive or entertain as a friend, to invite. III. to receive by hearsay or tradition, to learn, hear, Lat. accipere. IV. to take upon oneself, undertake, Lat. suscipere. V. to wait for, intercept, Lat. excipere.

παρ-αλέγω, f. ζω, to put, lay beside or near:—Med., f. -λέξομαι: aor. ἱ παρελέξαμην: 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 παρ-έλεκτο: to lie beside or with one, to lie down beside. II. παραλέγεσθαι γῆν to sail by or along the land, to coast along.

παρ-αλειπτέω, verb. Adv. one must omit. From παρ-αλείπω, f. ψω, to leave on one side, leave remaining. 2. to leave on one side, leave unnoticed, pass by, Lat. praetermittere. 3. to neglect, Lat. omittere.

παρ-αλέιψω, i. ψω, to smear with ointment. παρ-αλείψμαι, pf. pass. of παρ-αλύω. παρ-αλεύσσω, = παρ-οράω.

παρ-αληπτέω, verb. Adj. of παραλαμβάνω, one must take to oneself. παρ-αληπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of παραλαμβάνω, to be accepted.

παρ-αληπτός, f. ἤσω, to talk great nonsense, to be in one's dotage, Lat. delirare. παρ-αληφθήσομαι, παρ-αλήψομαι, fut. pass. and med. of παραλαμβάνω.

παρ-αλήψης, εως, ἡ, (παραλαμβάνω) a receiving from another, succession. παρ-αλία (sub. χώρα), ἡ, the sea-coast, coastland.

παρ-αλίω, f. ἤσω, to talk great nonsense, to be in one's dotage, Lat. delirare. παρ-αληφθήσομαι, παρ-αλήψομαι, fut. pass. and med. of παραλαμβάνω.

παρ-αλήψης, εως, ἡ, (παραλαμβάνω) a receiving from another, succession. παρ-αλία (sub. χώρα), ἡ, the sea-coast, coastland.

παρ-αλίω, ov, also α, ov, (παρά, ἄλι) by the sea, on the sea shore.

παρ-αλλάγῃ, ἡ, (παρ-αλλάσσω) a passing from band to band, transfer. II. alternation: change, variation.

παρ-αλλάγμα, ματος, τό, (παρ-αλλάσσω) an exchange. παρ-αλλάξ, Adv. (παρ-αλλάσσω) alternately: in alternating rows.

παρ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: 1. ξω: aor. ἱ παρῃλλαξα: Pass., aor. ἱ ἡλλάχθην: aor. 2 -ἡλλάχην [ἡ]: pf. -ἡλλαγμαί:—to make things alternate. 2. to exchange or alter a little, esp. for the worse, to corrupt. 3. of Place, to pass by or beyond. II. intr. to pass by one another. 2. to pass aside, turn from the path, to deviate, vary:—hence to slip aside, escape.

παρ-άλληλος, ov, (παρά, ἄλλοι) beside one another, side by side, parallel.

παρ-αλυγίζομαι, f. λομαι, Dep. to reckon wrong, misreckon, miscalculate. 2. to reason falsely. II. to cheat by false reasoning. Hence

παρ-αλογισμός, ὁ, false reckoning: a fallacy.

παρ-α-λογος, ov, (παρά, λόγος) beyond calculation, unexpected, unaccountable. Hence

παρ-α-λογος, ὁ, as Subst. that which is beyond all calculation, an unexpected issue: miscalculation.

παρ-ἄλος, ov, (παρά, ἄλι) by or near the sea, naval, maritime.

II. οἱ Παράλιοι in Attica, the people of the sea-coast (Παραλία): opp. to the dwellers on the plain, and the mountaineers. 2. the crew of the ship Paralos.

III. ἡ Παράλος (sub. ναῦς or τριηρης), the Paralos, one of the Athenian state-galleys, reserved for religious missions, embassies, etc.: the other was called Σαλαμῖνα

παρ-αλῦπτός, f. ἤσω, (παρά, λυπτός) to grieve along with something else: οἱ παραλυπότες, the refractory.

παρ-αλυτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (παρ-αλύω) affected with palsy, paralytic.

παρ-αλύω, f. -λύσω [ῥ]: aor. ἱ παρέλυσσα: pf. -λέλυκα: Pass., aor. ἱ παρελύθην [ῥ]: pf. -λέλυμαι:—to loose from the side, loose and take off, detach from. 2. to separate, part from:—Pass. to be parted from. 3. to release or set free from:—Pass. to be exempt from a thing. 4. to discharge, dismiss, depose from command: also to set free.

5. to undo, put an end to. II. to relax at the side:—Pass. disabed on one side, to be palsied: pf. part. παραλυμένος, like παραλυτικός, palsied, paralytic: generally, to be enfeebled or exhausted, to flag.

παρ-αμείβω, f. ψω: aor. ἱ παρήμειψα: (παρά, ἀμείβω):—to exchange or alter a little. 2. to leave on one side, pass by: hence to exceed, excel. II. Med. to pass beside, pass by: outrun. 2. to pass over, omit, make no mention of. 3. of Time, to pass, go by. 4. to exchange for oneself. 5. to lead aside from the road.

παρ-αμείλω, pf. -ἡμέληκα: Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. παρ-αμειλήκα:—to pass by and disregard, pay no heed to.

παρ-αμείλω, pf. -ἡμέληκα: Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. παρ-αμειλήκα:—to pass by and disregard, pay no heed to.

παρ-αμείλω, pf. -ἡμέληκα: Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. παρ-αμειλήκα:—to pass by and disregard, pay no heed to.

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παραμένυμαι, pf. of παραμνήσκομαι.

παρά-μένω, f. -μένω: aor. I παρέμεινα:—to stay beside or near, stand by. II. absol. to stand one's ground, stand fast 2. to stay at a place, stay behind 3. to survive, remain alive: of things, to endure, last.

παρ-άμερος, ov, Dor. for παρήμερος. [ἀ]

παρά-μετρέω, f. ἴσω, to measure one thing by another, to compare. II. to measure out.

παρ-άμευω, Dor. = παραμείβω:—Med., παραμείβεσθαι τινος μορφῇ to surpass one in beauty.

παρά-μηρίδιος, ov, (παρά, μῆρος) at the side of or along the thighs: τὰ παραμηρίδια armour for the thighs, cuisses.

παρά-μινυμι and -ύω Ion. -μίγω: f. -μίξω: pf. pass. -μέμικται:—to mingle, intermix with, τινί τι. 2. to mix in, add by mixing.

παρ-άμιλλος, ov, (παρά, ἀμιλλα) vying or racing with. παρά-μινύσκομαι, fut. -μνήσσομαι: pf. -μέμνημαι: Dep.:—to mention besides or by the way, to make mention of one thing along with another.

παρά-μινω, poet. for παραμένω absol., to tarry, stay.

παρά-μίσγω, Ion. for παραμίνυμι.

παρά-μνάσσομαι, Ion. for παραμνήσκομαι.

παρᾶμολειν, aor. 2 inf. of παραβλάσκειν.

παρᾶμόνιος, ov, also η, ov, (παράμειν) abiding by, lasting, steadfast, faithful. Neut. παρᾶμόνιον, as Adv., steadfastly.

παρά-μονος poet. πάρμονος, ov, (παράμειν) lasting. παρά-μοσος, ov, (παρά, Μοῦσα) averse to the Muses or music, discordant with: hence barsb, horrid.

παρά-μπεχον:—ἀμπίσχω: f. παραμφέω: aor. 2 παρήμπεχον: (παρά, ἀμπίσχω):—to cover with a cloak or robe: hence to cloak or disguise.

παρά-μυκίξω Lacon. -μυκίδω: (παρά, ἀμυξέ):—to bind the hair with a fillet or head-band

παρά-μυθέομαι, f. -ήσομαι: aor. I -εμυθήσασθαι: Dep.:—to address with soothing or cheering words: to encourage, exhort, advise. 2. to console, appease. Hence

παράμυθία, η, incouragement: also persuasion.

παράμυθιον, τό, (παράμυθέομαι) an address, exhortation. 2. a consolation, relief, assuagement.

παρά-μυκάομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to bellow beside or near.

παρά-αναγινώσκω later -αναγίνωσκω: f. -αναγνώσσομαι: (παρά, αναγινώσκω):—to read beside or near: to read side by side, compare, collate.

παρά-ναίετός, ov, to dwell beside or near.

παρά-ἀναλίσκω, f. -ἀναλώσω, to spend beside or amidst, to waste, lavish.

παρά-νατέλλω, to arise beside or near.

παρά-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι and -νευσούμαι, (παρά, νέω to swim) to swim beside or by.

παρά-νέω, f. -νήσω, (παρά, νέω to hear) to hear or pile up beside. Ion. παρα-νήω and -νήνέω.

παρά-νήχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to swim beside, to swim along the shore.

παρά-νικάω, f. ἴσω, to corrupt by conquest.

παρά-νίσσεται, Dep. = παρᾶνέομαι, to pass beside or near.

παρ-ανίσχω, to raise up beside or in answer. II. intr. to stand forth beside.

παρά-νοέω, f. ἴσω, to think amiss or wrongly. II. to be deranged, senseless: to go mad. Hence

παράνοια, η, derangement, madness, folly.

παρ-ανόλινυμι and -ανόλγω: f. -ανόλω, (παρά, ἀνόλω) to open at the side or a little.

παρά-νομέω: impf. παρενόμουν: aor. I παρενόμῃσα: pf. παρενόμῃκα: Pass., aor. παρενομήθην: pf. παρενόμῃκα: (παράνομος):—to transgress the law, act illegally. 2. to commit an outrage: c. acc. pers. to commit an outrage upon one: so in Pass., to be ill-used, maltreated. Hence

παράνομημα, ατος, τό, an illegal act, transgression. παρανομία, η, (παράνομέω) transgression of law, habitual law-breaking.

παρά-νομος, ov, (παρά, νόμος) contrary to law and custom, unlawful, illegal: generally, lawless, unjust, violent. II. as Att. law-terms, παράνομα γράφειν to propose unconstitutional measures: but, παρανόμων γράφεσθαι τινα to indict one for proposing unconstitutional measures.

παρά-νοος, ov, contr. παρᾶ-νοος, ου, (παρά, νόος) distraught, frenzied.

παρ-αντα, Adv. (παρά, ἀντος) sideways, sideways.

παρ-αντέλλω, poet. for παρανατέλλω.

παρά-νυμφος, η, (παρά, νύμφη) the bride's-maid, who conducts her to the bridegroom.

παρά-νύσσω Att. -πτω, f. έω, to prick beside: metaph. to prick on or stimulate to do a thing.

παρά-ξενος, ov, with a false claim to friendship or hospitality: generally, false, spurious.

παρά-ξω, f. έω, to scrape beside: to graze in passing.

παρ-αξίνιος, ov, (παρά, άξων) beside or near the axles παραξίνια, τά, as Subst. rapid whirlings.

παρά-ξύω, f. -ξύσω [v], to shave at the side: metaph. to graze, keep close beside.

παρά-πάλω, f. -παήσω, to strike on the side. II. intrans. strike aside: to fall aside, fall out from, Lat. exidere: παραπαίειν φρενών to wander from one's senses, lose one's wits.

παρά-πάλλω, to burl beside:—Med. to vault or bound aside.

παρά-παν. Adv., for παρᾶ πᾶν, on the whole, altogether, absolutely: in reckoning, ἐπὶ δικησεία τὸ παράπαν up to two hundred altogether, on the average.

παρ-ᾤπτᾶω, f. ἴσω, to mislead, cajole.

παρ-ᾤπφίσκοι: fut. -απαφήσω: aor. 2 παρήπφον:—poet. for παραπατάω, to mislead: to persuade one to do a thing by craft or fraud.

παρά-πειθω, f. -πείσω, to win by persuasive arts, to prevail upon, win over: Homer often uses an Ep. redupl. aor. 2 subj. in 3 sing. παρᾤπειθήσῃ: part. παρᾤπειθών, παρᾤπειθούσα, παρᾤπειθόντες.

παραιοπειδομαι, f. αδομαι [α], Dep. to make trial of.
παραιοπειτω, f. ψω: aor. I παραιοπειφα:—to send by or beyond, make to pass through: of sound, to send or echo back.

2. to send by or along the coast: generally to send along. 3. to escort, convoy: so in Med., to convoy ships. II. to send besides or in addition. III. metaph. to let pass take no heed

qf. Lat. praetermitter

παραιοπεσων, aor. 2 part. of παραιοπειτω.

παραιοπεταμαι, = παραιοπειτομαι.

παραιοπεταννυμι and -υω, f. -πετασω: pf. -πεπειτασμαι:—to stretch a curtain before. Hence παραιοπετασμα, atos, τό, that which is spread out before, a curtain, veil.

παραιοπειτομαι: f. -πετησσομαι, syncop. -πησσομαι: Dep.:—to fly beside, near, by: to fly along, fly over: to fly to.

παραιοπηγνυμι and -υω, f. -πηξω, to fix or plant beside or near:—Pass., with pf. med. -πείπηγα, to be fixed or planted beside.

παραιοπειδω, f. ήσομαι, to spring by or beyond: c. acc. to overleap, transgress.

παραιοπικραινω, to embitter, provoke. Hence

παραιοπικρασμος, ό, provocation: contumacy.

παραιοπιμπρημι, f. -πρησω, to kindle, burn beside or near:—Pass. to be inflamed.

παραιοπιπτω, f. -πεσσομαι: aor. 2 -επεσον: pf. -πέπτωκα:—to fall beside. II. to fall in one's way, fall in with:—of things, to befall, happen, offer oneself. III. to fall aside: hence to mistake, err.

παραιοπλάγξας, aor. I part. of παραιοπλάξω.

παραιοπλάξω, f. -πλάγξω: aor. I παραιοπλάγξα: Pass., aor. I παραιοπλάγχην:—to make a person wander from the right way, lead astray, to drive out of the course:—Pass. to wander, go astray, wander away from. II.

metaph. to mislead:—Pass. to be misled, err, be wrong. παραιοπλευριδω, τά, (παρά, πλευρά) covers for the sides of war-horses.

παραιοπλέω Ion. -πλώω: f. -πλεύσομαι and -πλευσομαι: 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 παραιοπλω (as if from a Verb in -μι):—to sail beside, near or alongside: to sail along a coast: to sail past.

παραιοπλήγας, acc. pl. of παραιοπλήξω.

παραιοπληκτος, on, (παραιοπλήσσω) stricken aside: metaph. frenzy-stricken.

παραιοπλήξω, ήγος, ό, ή, (παραιοπλήσσω) struck side-ways; ήθύνες παραιοπλήγες a shelving beach, on which the waves break obliquely, and not directly (as against a cliff).

II. metaph. = παραιοπληκτος, mad. παραιοπλήσιος, on, also α, ω, (παρά, πλησιος) coming close beside, resembling, near akin to, about the same, about equal:—Sup. -άτατος.—Neut. παραιοπλήσιον, παραιοπλήσια as Adv., but also regul. Adv. παραιοπλήσιω, nearly, almost; παραιοπλήσιω αγωνιζεσθαι to fight with nearly equal advantage.

παραιοπλήσσω Att. -πτω, f. ζω, to strike on the side:—Pass. to be stricken on one side, to be palsied, deranged, frenzied.

παραιοπλόμενος, η, on, coming to a place, Ep. syncop. part. from an absol. pres. παραιοπλομαι.

παραιοπλος contr. -πλους, ό, (παραιοπλώ) a sailing beside. 2. a passage over the sea, Lat. trajetua.

παραιοπλώω, Ion. for παραιοπλώ.

παραιοπλώω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2, as if from a Verb in -μι. παραιοπνεύσας, aor. I part. of παραιοπνέω.

παραιοπνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to blow beside or by the side, to escape by the side.

παραιοποδιος, ποδύ, παραιοποδιος, on, (παρά, πούς) at the feet, close by, present.

παραιοποιέω, f. ήσω, to make falsely:—Med. to make falsely for oneself, get a thing made falsely

παραιοπολλυμι, f. -απολώω Att. -απολώ, to destroy, ruin beside:—Pass., with fut. nied. -απολούμαι, pf. -απόλωκα, plpf. -ολώλειν, to perish beside or near.

παραιοπομπή, ή, (παραιοπέμπω) a conveying, procuring. II. that which is procured, supplies, provisions.

παραιοπόντιος, on, (παρά, πόντος) by the sea.

παραιοπορεύομαι, Pass. to go beside or past.

παραιοποτάμιος, α, on, (παρά, ποταμός) beside or near a river, situated or dwelling on a river; οι παραιοποτάμιοι people who live on a river.

παραιοπράσσω Att. -πράττω Ion. -πρήσσω, f. ζω, to do beside or beyond the main purp. se. II. to do with another, join or help in doing.

παραιοπρεσβεία, ή, a false or dishonest embassy. From

παραιοπρεσβεύω, Act. and Med. to execute an embassy feebly or dishonestly.

παραιοπρισμα, atos, τό, that which falls off in sawing, saw-dust. From

παραιοπρίω, f. -πριούμαι, to saw beside or gently. [T] παραιοπρίω, f. ψω, to fasten beside, near or alongside.

—Pass., παραιοπριμένα χερού πλατά the oar grasped by the hands:—Med. to touch beside or at the side.

παραιοπτωμαι, atos, τό, (παραιοπτω) a fall beside: metaph. a transgression.

παραιοπύθια, τά, (παρά, Πύθια) a sickness which prevented one from being victor at the Pythian games (Πύθια).

παραιοραθυμέω, παραιοραίνω, etc., v. παραιορ-

παραιορος Ion. παραιορος, on, like παραιοροπος, (παρά, αείρω) deranged in mind.

παραιορός, on, Dor. and poet. for παραιοροπος, distraught.

παραιορατάξω, fut. άσω, later άξω, to take away from the side, filch.

παραιοραράω, ψω, to sew beside or along:—Pass. to be sewn on as a fringe or border.

παραιορέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: pf. παραιορήκα: aor. 2 lo pass. form παραιορήν: (παρά, ρέω)—to flow beside, by or past, c. acc. 2. c. dat., παραιορειν τινι to slip off it.

II. to slip away, to slip from one's memory. III. to slip in unawares.

παραιορήγνυμι, f. -ρήξω: aor. I παραιορήξα: (παρά, ήγνυμι):—to break at the side, esp. to break a line of battle:—Pass. of the line, to be broken. II. Pass., with pf. med. παραιορηγα, to break or burst out beside

or from; παρέρραγεν ποδὸς φλέψ a vein has burst out from his foot.

παραρρητός, ἡ, ὄν, (παρά, ρητός) οι persons, that may be moved by words. II. of words, persuasive.

παραρρηγών, (παρά, ριγών) to freeze beside or near.

παραρρίπτω and -έω, to throw beside, esp. to throw down one's stake: hence to run the risk of doing a thing.

II. to throw aside or away, reject.
παραρρηγείη, aor. 2 opt. of παραρρῶ.

παραρ-ρhythmos ποῖτ. παράρυθμος, ον (παοά, ρυθμός) out of time or tune: discordant.

παράρρῡμα, ατος, τό, anything drawn along the side for shelter: a curtain stretched along the sides of ships to protect the men. From

παραρ-ρῡμαι. Dep. (παρά, ρύομαι) to draw along the side.

παρ-άρτῶ ion. -εω: f. ἦσω: pf. pass. παρήρτημαι: —to bang or attach alongside or upon. II. Ion. παράρτομαι, I. Med. to fit out, equip, get ready. 2. Pass. to be or get ready, hold oneself in readiness. Hence

παρ-άρτημα, τό, anything banging at the side.
παρ-ασάγγης, ον, ὁ, a parasang, the Persian farsang, a measure of distance equal to thirty stadia.

παρ-άσττω, f. ξω, to stuff or cram in beside.

παρ-άσειρος, ον, (παρά, σείρά) fastened beside with a thong or cord; παρ-άσειρος ἵππος a horse fastened alongside of the regular pair by a rein or trace, an outrigger (σειραφόρος), opp. to ζύγιος:—metaph. a yokefellow, comrade.

παρ-άσειρος, f. σω, to swing beside one.

παρ-ασημαίνω, f. ανώ, to seal by the side:—Med. to seal for oneself, seal up: to counterseal.

παρ-ασημον, τό, a mark of distinction; the ensign of a ship: properly neut. of παρ-άσημος.

παρ-άσημος, ον, (παρά, σῆμα) stamped amiss or falsely: of money, base, counterfeit, spurious. II. marked in any way, conspicuous.

παρ-ασιτέω, f. ἦσω, (παράσιτος) to eat at another's table, to be a parasite. II. to have a seat at the public table.

παρ-ασιτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a parasite or flatterer: ἡ παρ-ασιτική (sub. τέχνη), the trade of a parasite. From

παρ-άσιτος, ον, (παρά, σίτος) eating at the table of another: as Subst., παρ-άσιτος, ὅ, one who lives at another's table, a parasite, flatterer.

παρ-ασκενάζω, f. σω: aor. I. παρ-εσκεύασα: Pass., pf. παρ-εσκεύασμαι: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. παρ-εσκεύαδαν: —to get ready, prepare: to hold ready; also to procure, provide, furnish. 2. to make or render so and so. II. Med. to get ready, prepare or furnish for oneself: absol. to make preparations. 2. to procure by fair means or foul, as witnesses, partisans, etc.: to manage: absol. to form a party: to bring over to one's party.

III. Pass. to get oneself ready, prepare: in pr. παρ-εσκεύασμαι to be ready, be prepared. 2. of things, to be got ready, prepared,

ὡς παρ-εσκεύαστο when preparations had been made; παρ-εσκεύαδαν τοῖς Ἑλλησι preparations had been made by the Greeks. Hence

παρ-ασκεύασμα, ατος, τό, anything got ready or prepared.

παρ-ασκευή, ἡ, a getting ready, preparing, preparation, provision: preparation, practice: ἀπό or ἐκ παρ-ασκευῆς, of set purpose, Lat. ex instituto; δι' ὀλίγη παρ-ασκευή with short practice, i.e. at short notice. 2. a plan, scheme, plot, intrigue. II.

that which is prepared, furniture, garniture, Lat. apparatus: pomp. 2. of warlike preparation, a force, power, equipment: generally, means, resources.

παρ-ασκηνέω, f. ἦσω, (παρά, σκηνή) to pitch one's tent beside or near.

παρ-ασκήνια, τά, (παρά, σκηνή) the space at the sides of the stage, the side scenes; pr, the side entrances to the theatre.

παρ-ασκηνόω, f. ὠσω, (παρά, σκηνή) to throw over one like a curtain or tent.

παρ-ασκίπτω, f. ψω, to light or fall beside or near. παρ-ασκιρτάω, f. ἦσω, to leap beside or near.

παρ-ασκοπέω, f. -σκέψομαι, to look aside from, miss the sense of.

παρ-ασκώπτω, f. ψω, to jeer, jest beside or inactively. παρ-ασπείω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to wrest aside, distort:—

Med. to draw off or away from a thing: to detach from a party.

παρ-ασπίζω, f. ἴσω, (παρά, ἀσπίς) to bear a shield beside, to fight or stand by another. Hence

παρ-ασπιστής, οὔ, ὁ, one who bears a shield beside one, a companion in arms.

παρ-ασπονδέω, f. ἦσω, to act contrary to engagements: to break a treaty. From

παρ-άσπονδος, ον, (παρά, σπονδή) contrary to a compact or treaty. 2. of persons, faithless, forsworn.

παρ-αστάδων, Adv. (παρίσταμαι) stepping beside going up to. II. standing beside or at the side.

παρ-ασταῖον, παρ-αστάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 opt. and part. of παρίστημι.

παρ-αστάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (παρίσταμαι) properly, anything that stands beside, a door-post, pillar: plur. παρ-αστάδες, αἱ, pillars that stand in line, a colonnade, the portico of a house or temple, Lat. vestibulum. See the shortened form παστάς.

παρ-αστάσας, εως, ἡ, (παρίστημι) a putting aside, banishing. II. (παρίσταμαι) a being beside, a position or post near a king.

παρ-αστάτης, f. ἦσω, to stand by or near. From παρ-αστάτης, ον, ὁ, (παρίσταμαι) one who stands by or near: in line of battle, one's comrade on the flank, as προστάτης is one's front-rank-man, ἐπιστάτης one's rear-rank-man: generally a comrade in battle. Hence

παρ-αστάτης, ἴδος, ἡ, a helper, assistant, ally.
παρ-αστείχω, aor. 2 παρ-εστίχων, to go by, past or beyond, pass by: pass into.

παρα-στήναι, -στήσαι, aor. 2 and 1 inf. of παρίστημι.
παρα-στορέννυμι, f. -στορέσω Att. -στορώ:—to stretch beside or along, lay flat.

παρα-στρέφω, f. ψω, to turn or twist aside. 2. to turn aside, prevent, divert.

παρα-συγγράφω, f. ἥσω, (παρά, συγγραφή) to break contract with.

παρα-συλλέγομαι, Pass. without Act. in use, to assemble beside or with others.

παρα-σύρω [ῶ], f. -σύρῳ, to drag or sweep away, hurry along, as a flood. 2. παρασύρειν ἔπος to drag, force a word in.

παρα-σάλλω, fut. -σάλλῳ: aor. 1 παρέσφαλα:—to push or thrust off sideways: make to glance or slide off: of an arrow, to make miss or swerve aside.

παράσχε, -έτω, aor. 2 imperat. of παρέχω.

παρασχεῖν, poet. aor. 2 inf. of παρέχω.

παρασχεῖν Ep. παρασχέμεν, aor. 2 inf. of παρέχω.

παρα-σχίζω, f. -σχίσω, to rip up lengthwise.

παρασχόν, aor. 2 part. neut. of παρέχω, used absol., see παρέχω iv.

παρατάξις, ἡ, an arranging soldiers in order of battle: an army in array; ἐκ παρατάξεως in battle-array. From

παρα-τάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. 1 παρέταξα: Pass., pf. παρατέταγμαi: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. παρατετάχατο:—to post beside others, esp. in order of battle:—Med. to draw up one's men in order of battle:—Pass. to be set or posted beside in array: to be drawn up in order of battle. II. Med. to meet one another in battle: absol. to stand side by side in battle.

παρα-τέλω, fut. -τενώ: aor. 1 παρέτεινα: pf. παρατέτακα: Pass., aor. 1 πατετάθην: pf. παρατέταμαι:—to stretch out along, beside or near: to stretch out in a line; παρατελῖν τάφρον to draw a long trench. 2. of time, to protract, prolong, wear out by delay. 3. to stretch on the rack, torture:—Pass. of a corpse, to be laid along, lie dead; πολιορκία παρατελεσθαι to hold out to the last in a siege. II. intr. to stretch out, extend along, run along.

παρα-τείχισμα, ατος, τό, (παρά, τείχιζω) a wall or fort built beside: a side or cross wall.

παρα-τεκταίνομαι, aor. 1 πατετεκτινάμην: Med.:—to work into another form: generally, to fashion anew, transform, alter. 2. to alter from the truth, falsify.

παρα-τέμνω, f. -τεμῶ poet. -τάμῳ:—to cut off at the side, cut off.

παρατετάχατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of παρατάσσω.

παρα-τηρέω, f. ἥσω, to watch closely or narrowly: to observe superstitiously. Hence

παρατήρησις, ἡ, an observing closely, observation.

παρα-τίθημι, with 3 sing. pres. παρτιθεῖ, and 2 and 3 sing. impf. παρτιθεῖς, -ει (as if from παρτιθέω): fut. -θήσω: aor. 1 παρτίθηκα: Med., aor. 2 παρθέμην: Pass., pf. παρτίθειμαι:—to place beside or be-

fore, set before: generally, to provide, furnish, supply. 2. to lay before one, represent, declare: to allege.

3. to place side by side, compare. II. Med. to set before oneself, have set before one: esp. to take to oneself.

2. to deposit in a person's hands, to commit to his charge. 3. to venture, stake, hazard.

παρα-τίλλω, f. -τίλῳ, to pluck the hair off:—Med. to pluck hairs from one's own person:—Pass., of part. παρατετιλμένος with one's hair plucked out.

παράτονος, ov, (παρτείνω) stretched out beside or along, hanging down by the side.

παρτερᾶγιν, aor. 2 inf. of παρτερῶ.

παρα-τρέπω, f. -τρέψω, to turn aside, to turn from the right way, mislead; ποταμόν παρτερπεῖν to divert a river from its channel, Lat. derivare: metaph. to pervert, falsify: generally, to alter. 2. to turn one from his opinion, to mislead:—Pass. to let oneself be diverted from a thing.

παρα-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to rear beside or with:—Pass. to live with or at the expense of another.

παρα-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι or -δράμομαι: aor. 2 παρεδράμον:—to run, rush by or past: c. acc. to escape. 2. to outrun, overtake, run down. 3. to run through or over. II. to run up to, run quickly to.

παρα-τρέω, f. -τρέσω, to start, swerve aside from fear.

παρα-τρίβω, f. ψω, to rub beside; παρτρίβειν χρυσόν ἀκήρατον ἄλλω χρυσῷ (sc. εἰς βάσανον) to rub pure gold by the side of other gold on the lapis Lydius and see the difference of the marks they leave: Pass. to be rubbed beside baser metal and so tested. [X]

παρα-τροπιέω, = παρτερπεῖω, to turn aside, turn from the right way, mislead.

παρτροπιῇ, ἡ, (παρτερπεῖω) a turning off or away, averting, means of averting.

παράτροπος, ov, (παρτερπεῖω) turned aside, turned from the right way. II. act. turning away or averting a thing.

παρα-τροχάζω, poet. for παρτερῶ.

παρα-τρώω, fut. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 παρτερῶγον:—to gnaw at the side, nibble at, take a bite of, c. gen.

παρα-τροπῶω, poet. for παρτερπεῖω, to turn away, divert.

παρα-τυγχάνω, f. -τευξομαι: aor. 2 πατετύχων:—to happen to be by or at hand, come to: to be present at, Lat. interesse: of a thing, to offer or present itself, Lat. praesio esse. 2. ὁ παρτυχών whoever chanced to be by, any chance person; τὸ παρτυχάνον or τὸ παρτυχόν, whatever happens. 3. παρτυχόν, absol. like παρόν, παρσχόν, it being in one's power.

παρά-τύπος, ov, (παρά, τύπτω) marked with a false stamp, base, counterfeit.

παρτυχών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of παρτυγχάνω.

παρ-αυδῶ, f. ἥσω, to speak to, address. 2. to make light of in speaking. 3. to try to persuade one of a thing, talk over to a thing.

παρ-αυλίζω, or in Med. παρὰυλίζομαι, *to dwell or lie near.*

παρ-αυλος, *ον*, (παρά, αὐλή) *dwelling or lodging beside; generally, neighbouring, near.*

παρ-αυλος, *ον*, (παρά, αὐλός) *out of tune.*

παρ-αὐτά, Adv. for παρ' αὐτά (sc. τὰ πράγματα), *like παραχρῆμα, immediately, on the spot.* II.

in like manner, Lat. perinde.

παρ-αὐτίκα, Adv. (παρά, αὐτίκα) *immediately, on the instant: with the Art., αὐ παρὰντίκα ἡδοναί present, momentary pleasures.*

παρ-αυχῆλιος, *ον*, also α, *ον*, (παρά, αὐχὴν) *beside or on the neck.*

παρὰφθεῖν, *αορ. 2 int. οὐ παρεσθία.*

παρὰ-φαίνω ποῖτ. παρ-φ- : f. -φάνω : *to shew or make appear beside: to produce, present; παραφαίνειν τοῦ σώματος to give a glimpse of the body.* 2. *to shew a light at the side, to light one to a place.* II. Pass. *to shew oneself or appear beside.*

παρὰφασις ποῖτ. παρὰφασις and πάρφασις, *η*, (παράφημι) *a speaking to, an address, consolation, assuagement.* 2. *allurement, persuasion*

παρὰ-φέρω, *φ. πορ-οῖσω* :—*to bear, bring or carry along to: to band to, serve up: Pass. to be set on table.* 2. *generally, to bring forward, produce: to allege, mention; παραφέρειν νόμον to propose a law.*

3. *to turn aside or away: to avert.* 4. *to carry away: Pass. to be carried away.* II.

to carry past or beyond:—Pass. to be carried past or round: metaph. to go past or beside the truth, to err.

III. *intrans. in Act., like Pass. to go past, pass, of Time.* 2. *to be beyond, be over and above.*

παρὰ-φεύγω, *1. -φεύγομαι and ουμαι, to flee close by, past, beyond.*

παρὰ-φημι, *φ. -φησω, to speak to: also to talk over, exhort, persuade.* II. *to speak deceitfully*

παρὰφθαίν, *αορ. 2 opt. of παραφθάνω.*

παρὰφθάμενος, *αορ. 2 med. part. of παραφθάνω.*

παρὰ-φθάνω [α], *φ. -φθάσω [α] and -φθήσομαι: αορ. 2 παρεφθην part. παραφθας:—to anticipate, overtake, be beforehand with, surpass.*

παρὰ-φθέγγομαι, *φ. -φθέγγομαι, to say beside or by the way.*

παρὰ-φθήσι, *Ep. for παραφθῃ, αορ. 2 subj. of παραφθάνω.*

παρὰφορά, *ῆ*, (παράφερομαι) *a being carried aside, distraction, madness.*

παρὰφορέω, = παραφέρω, *to bring forward, produce, present.*

παράφορος, *ον*, (παράφέρω) *carried aside or out of the way; reeling, staggering.*

παράφραγμα, *ατος, τό*, (παφρασσω) *a fence, breastwork: a low screen in a ship, the bulwarks.*

παρὰ-φράσσω Att. -ττω, *φ. ξω, to run a fence beside or round a place: to enclose with a fence.*

παρὰ-φρόνέω, *φ. ῆσω, to be beside oneself, to be distraught.* Hence

παρὰφρόνησις, *εως, ῆ*, παρὰφρονία, *ῆ*, and παρὰφροσύνη, *ῆ*, (παράφρων) *derangement of mind.*

παρὰ-φρόνιμος, *ον*, = παράφρων.

παρὰ-φρυκταρεύομαι, *Dep. (παρά, φρυκταρός) to make signals to the enemy underhand.*

παρὰ-φρων, *ον*, *gen. ονος, ὁ, ῆ*, (παρά, φρήν) *beside one's right mind, out of one's wits.* 2. *false, foolish.*

παρὰ-φύλασσω Att. -ττω, *φ. ξω, to watch or keep guard beside, to watch narrowly.*

παρὰ-φυσάω, *φ. ῆσω, to puff up.*

παρὰ-φύω, *φ. -φύσω [υ]*, *to make grow beside.* II. Med., with act. pf. πέφυκα, *αορ. 2 παρέφυν, intr. to grow beside or at the side.*

παρὰ-φύλλω, *φ. ἄσω [α]*, *to slacken: of a ship, to let in water, to leak.*

παρὰ-χειμάζω, *φ. ἄσω, to winter at a place.* Hence παρὰ-χειμάσσια, *ῆ*, *a wintering in a place.*

παρὰ-χέω, *φ. -χέω: αορ. 1 παρέχεα: pf. -κέχυκα:—to pour in beside, pour in: to heap up beside.*

παρὰ-χορδίζω, *φ. σω*, (παρά, χορδή) *to strike beside the right string, to strike a wrong note.*

παρὰ-χράσσω, *φ. ἡσσομαι, Dep. to use amiss, abuse, misuse: to act wrongly or ill: to disregard, neglect, slight: absol. in Ion. part. παραχρήμενοι, regardless of their lives, fighting desperately.*

παρὰ-χρήμα, Adv. for παρὰ τὸ χρήμα, *on the spot, forthwith, straightway: ἡ παραχρήμα ἀνάγκη the immediate necessity; ἐκ τοῦ παραχρήμα off-hand, on the spur of the moment.*

παρὰ-χροος, *ον*, contr. -χροος, *ον*, (παρά, χροά) *changing its colour, colourless, faded.*

παρὰ-χώννυμι, *φ. -χώσω, to throw up a mound near or beside.*

παρὰ-χωρέω, *φ. ῆσω, to go aside so as to make room, to give place: to retire or withdraw from a place.*

Hence παρὰχωρητέον, *verb. Adj. one must give way.*

παρὰ-ψύχῃ, *ῆ*, *a cooling, refreshment, comfort.* From παρὰ-ψύχω, *to cool, refresh, comfort.* [υ]

παρ-βάτης, *ον*, ὁ, ποῖτ. for παραβάτης. [βᾶ]

παρβεβᾶς, ποῖτ. for παραβεβᾶς, *pf. part. of παραβαίνω.*

ΠΑΡΔΑΚΟΣ [α], *ον*, *wet, damp.*

παρδαλέη Att. contr. παρδαλή (sub. δορά), *ῆ*, *a leopard-skin.* From

πάρδαλις, *εως Ion. ιος, η*, = πάρδος, *Lat. pardalis a pard, leopard or panther.*

παρδαλωτός, *ῆ*, *όν*, (πάρδαλις) *spotted like the pard.*

παρδεῖν, *παρδήσομαι, αορ. 2 inf. and fut. of πέρω.*

ΠΑΡΔΟΣ, ὁ, *like πάρδαλις, πάνθηρ, a pard, leopard or panther.*

πάρδω, *αορ. 2 subj. of περδω.*

παρᾶσι, *Ep. for παρείσι, 3 pl. of πάρεμι (εἰμι sum).*

παρεβάθην [α], *αορ. 1 pass. of παραβαίνω.*

παρεβᾶλον, *αορ. 2 of παραβάλλω.*

παρέβην, *αορ. 2 of παραβαίνω.*

παρ-εγγράφω [α], *φ. ψω, to add at the side, interpo-*

late: to enroll illegally among the citizens; παρεγγράφει, aor. 2 pass. part. illegally registered.

παρ' ἑγγύῳ, f. ἦσσι, to band on to one's neighbour; παρεγγύαν τὸ ξύνθημα to pass on the watchword or word of command. 2. to command suddenly, to exhort, encourage.

3. to pledge one's word to another. II. to band over, commit or commend to another. Hence

παρ' ἑγγύῃ, ἡ, and παρ' ἑγγύῃσι, ἡ, a passing on the watchword or word of command.

παρεδόθην, aor. I pass. of παραδίδωμι.

παρεδράβην, 3 sing. aor. 2 of παραδράβην.

παρεδράμων, aor. 2 of παρατρέχω.

παρεδρεύω, f. σσι, (πάρεδρος) to sit constantly beside, to be ever with or by, Lat. assidere. II. to be an assessor (πάρεδρος) to one.

παρ' ἐδρία, ἡ, (πάρεδρος) a sitting beside. II. the office or dignity of assessor.

πάρεδρος, ον, (παρά, ἔδρα) sitting beside: generally, beside, next to, near. II. as Subst. πάρεδρος, ὁ, an assessor, assistant:—in Prose, the assessor or coadjutor of a magistrate.

παρέδωκα, παρίδων, aor. I and 2 of παραδίδωμι.

παρ' ἔξομαι, f. —εδοῦμαι, Dep. to sit beside: but παρ' ἔξω, παρεζόμενος are aor. 2 med. imperat. and part. of παρίω.

παρεθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of παρίημι

παρήθηκα, aor. I of παρτίθημι.

παρεῖά, ἡ, (παρά) the cheek, used by Homer always in plur.; in sing. he uses Ion. form παρήιον. II. the cheek-pieces of a helmet.

παρέλας, ον, ὁ, —παράσ.

παρ' εἶδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, παρ' ὁράω being used instead, (παρά, εἶδον) to observe by the way, to remark, notice. II. to overlook, disregard.

παρεῖθην, aor. I pass. of παρίημι.

παρ' εἰκω, f. ἔω: poet. aor. 2 παρεῖκθον, inf. —αθεῖν: —to yield on one side, give way: to permit, allow.

II. impers., παρῆκει μοι it is in my power, allowable; ὅπῃ παρῆκει wherever it was practicable; κατὰ τὸ δὲ παρῆκειν as it was practicable from time to time.

παρ' εἰλίσσω, poet. for παρελίσσω.

παρῆμαι, pf. pass. of παρίημι.

παρ' ἐμῃ inf. παρῆναι: impf. παρῆν: f. παρῆσομαι: (παρά, εἰμί sum): —to be by, to be present. 2. to be by or near one, c. dat.: also to be present in or to.

3. to be present to help, to stand by, like Lat. idesse. 4. to have arrived at a place. 5. impers., παρῆστί μοι it is in my power: absol. it is possible, it may be done, it is allowed: part. παρὼν

Ion. παρόν, it being possible, since it is allowed, Lat. quum fieri possit. 6. τὰ παρόντα present circumstances, the present state of condition; also τὰ παρόν.

παρ' ἐμῇ inf. παρῆναι: impf. παρῆν: (παρά, εἰμί ido): —to go by, beside or over, to pass: to go alongside.

2. to pass by, overtake, surpass. 3. of Time, to pass on, pass. II. to pass on towards,

to go to or near, enter: absol. to approach. III

generally, to come, put oneself forward, present oneself. παρῆναι, inf. of πάρεμι (εἰμί sum).

παρ' εἶπον, (παρά, εἶπον) aor. 2 with no pres. in use, παρα-φῆμι being used instead: c. acc. pers. to pass over, persuade: hence to overreach. [In Hom., part.

πᾶρειών, πᾶρειπούσα, metri grat.]

παρ' εἰρώ, Ion. for παρῆναι.

παρ' εἰρω, (παρά, εἰρω) to fasten or attach beside, insert; νόμους παρῆρην seems to mean adding observance of the laws.

πάρεis, 2 sing. of πάρεμι (εἰμί sum).

παρῆis, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of παρίημι.

παρ' εἰσάγω, f. ἔω, to bring in beside: to bring forward, introduce, exhibit. II. to introduce secretly.

παρῆισακτος, ον, brought in beside, introduced secretly.

παρ' εἰσδέχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to take in besides or along with.

παρ' εἰσδύομαι, Pass. and Med., with act. aor. 2 —ἐδυν pf. —δέδυνκα, and plqpf. —δεδύκειν, intr.: —to get in by the side, to slip or creep in.

παρ' εἰσέρχομαι, Dep. with act. aor. 2 —ἤλθον, pf. —ἤλθισθα: —to come in secretly or wrongfully.

παρ' εἰσφέρω, to bring in beside; παρ' εἰσφέρειν νόμον to introduce a law inconsistent with another. II. to add or apply besides.

παρῆται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of παρίημι.

παρ' ἐκ, before a vowel παρ' ἐξ, (παρά, ἐκ) av Prep., I. c. gen. outside, before: —besides, except, exclusive of. 2. c. acc. out along, beyond, alongside of; παρ' ἐκ νόον out of reason, foolishly; also, παρ' ἐκ Ἀχιλλῆα without the knowledge of Achilles. II. as Adv. of Place, out beside, out and away. 2. metaph. beside the mark, senselessly, foolishly. 3. beside, except, παρ' ἐκ ὅσον, except so long as.

παρ' ἐκβαίνω, f. —ἐκβήσομαι, to step out past or beyond, to deviate from: to overstep, transgress a rule: absol. to deviate, to make a digression. Hence

παρ' ἐκβῆσις, ἡ, a stepping out beyond, deviation: also a digression.

παρ' ἐκδύομαι, Pass. to slip on, by one's self, steal away

παρ' ἐκίσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of παρῆκεται.

παρ' ἐκκλίνω, to turn a little aside: to deviate.

παρ' ἐκλέγω, f. ἔω, to collect covertly, to embezzle.

παρ' ἐκπροφεύγω, to flee out away from before, to elude; προεκποφύγησι, Ep. for —φύγη, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj.

παρ' ἐκτάνω, t. νωσι, = παρ' ἐκτείνω.

παρ' ἐκτείνω, f. τενώ, to stretch out along, to deploy.

παρ' ἐκτελέω, f. ἔσω, to accomplish against a wish.

παρ' ἐκτέον, verb. Adj. of παρέχω, one must furnish.

παρ' ἐκτός, Adv. (παρά, ἐκτός) out of, without, besides.

παρ' ἐκτρέπω, f. ἔψω, to turn aside, avert, from the way.

παρ' ἐκτρέχω, to run out past.

παρ' ἐλάβω, aor. 2 of παραλαμβάνω.

παρ-ελάυνω: f. -ελάσω [ἄ], Ep. -ελάσω Att. -ελῶ: aor. I παρήλασα Ep. παρέλασσα:—to drive by or past.

II. as if intr. (sub. δίφρον, ἵππους, etc.) to drive past; then with a new acc. to drive past a person, overtake him; also, παρελαύνειν ἐφ' ἄρματος, ἐφ' ἵππου to drive on a chariot, or ride on horseback. 2. to row or sail by, past (sub. ναῦν): then with an acc. loci, to sail by, past a person or place. 3. later also to ride by, run by:—to ride to, advance towards:—to ride on one's way.

παρέλεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of παραλέγω. παρελύντα, Dor. for παρελῶντα, fut. part. acc. of παρελαύνω.

παρελεύσομαι, rare fut. of παρέρχομαι; πάρειμι (εἰμι ibo) being so used in Att.

παρ-έλκω: f. παρέλξω or παρελκύσω [ῥ]: aor. I παρελκύσα: pf. pass. παρελκυσμαι: (παρά, ἔλκω):—to draw aside or to the side:—Med. to draw aside for oneself, intercept.

2. to lead alongside, of led horses; of boats, παρέλκειν ἐκ γῆς to tow from the bank. 3. to distort, twist. II. to spin out, prolong, put off: intr. to delay.

παρ-εμβάλλω, f. -εμβάλλω, to put in beside or between, interbolate: hence to throw in by the way, insinuate. II. to draw up troops in battle order, to encamp.

παρ-εμβλεπω, i. ψω, to look askance.

παρεμβολή, ἡ, (παρεμβαλεῖν) a putting in beside, insertion, interpolation. II. a drawing up in battle-order: an army so drawn up, a regular camp: hence any fortified place, a castle, camp.

παρ-εμβύω, f. ὕω [ῥ], to push or stuff in.

παρ-έμμεναι, Ep. inf. of πάρειμι (εἰμι sum).

παρ-εμπίπλημι, f. -εμπλήω, to fill secretly full of.

παρ-εμπίπτω, f. -εμπεσούμαι, to fall in by the way, creep in.

παρ-εμπολαω, f. ἦσω, to traffic underband in a thing, to smuggle in, bring about fraudulently.

παρεμπορένμα, ατος, τό, an article of small value. From

παρ-εμπορεύομαι, Dep. (παρά, ἔμπορος) to traffic in besides. II. metaph. to yield or afford besides.

παρ-εμφύομαι, Pass. to grow in beside, hang upon.

παρ-ενεγκείν, aor. 2 inf. of παραφέρω.

παρ-ενεῖδον, inf. -ιδεῖν, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, to take a side look at.

παρ-ενήγειν, impf. of παρηνέω (see παρηνέω).

παρ-ενθῆν, παρ-ενθῶ, Dor. for παρ-ελεθῆν, παρ-ελεθῶ, aor. 2 inf. and subj. of παρέρχομαι.

παρ-ενθήκη, ἡ, (παρ-εντίθημι) something put in beside, an appendix; παρ-ενθήκη λόγου a digression.

παρ-ενοχλέω, f. ἦσω, to trouble or annoy one while about something: Pass., pf. παρηνόχλημαι, to be troubled besides.

παρ-ενοσάλλω, f. σω, intr. to swing to and fro.

παρ-έξ or παρ-εξ, v. παρέκ.

παρ-εξάγω, f. ξω, to lead out beside or past: hence to mislead.

παρ-εξαντέω, f. ἦσω, to wear out with playing upon: pf. pass. part. παρεξηνημένος worn out by being played upon, generally, worn out, exhausted.

παρ-εξέβην, aor. 2 of παρεκβαίνω.

παρ-έξειμι, inf. παρεξίεταί, (παρά, ἔξειμι) to go out beside, pass by or alongside. 2. to overstep, transgress.

παρ-εξ-ειρεσία, ἡ, (παρά, ἐκ, εἰρεσία) the part of the ship out beyond the rowers, either end of the ship, the bows or the stern.

παρ-εξελαύνω, f. -εξελάσω Att. -εξελῶ:—seemingly intr. (sub. ἵππον, etc.), to drive out past, to drive past: (sub. ναῦν) to row past: (sub. στρατόν) to march by.

παρ-εξελεθῶν, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of παρεξέρχομαι.

παρ-εξέμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of παρεξίημι.

παρ-εξέρχομαι, f. -εξελεύσομαι: Dep. with act. aor. 2 παρεξήλθον pf. παρεξέηλθα:—to go out beside, to slip past, elude: to pass out over, c. gen.; but also c. acc. to pass by one.

II. to overstep, transgress.

παρ-εξετάζω, f. ἄσω, to search out by comparison.

παρ-εξευρίσκω, f. -εξευρήσω, to find out besides.

παρ-εξίημι, f. -εξήσω, to let out beside:—of Time, to let pass.

παρ-εξίστημι, f. -εκστήσω, to remove aside, change:—Pass., with intr. tenses of Act., to undergo a change.

παρ-εοῖσα, Dor. fem. part. of πάρειμι (εἰμι sum).

παρ-επεισο, aor. I of παρατεῖθω.

παρ-επάλλομαι, Ion. for παρεφάλλομαι.

παρ-επιδείκνυμι, f. -επιδείξω, to point out beside. II. Med. to exhibit out of season, make a display.

παρ-επίδημος, ον, sojourning at a strange place: as Subst. a stranger, sojourner.

παρ-επισκοπέω, f. -επισκέψομαι, to inspect beside.

παρ-επιστροφή, ἡ, (παρ-επιστρέφω) a turning round in passing.

παρ-επλάγχθη, aor. I pass. of παραπλάζω.

παρ-έπλω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of παραπλέω, as if a Verb in -μι.

παρ-έπομαι, f. ψομαι, Dep. to follow by the side, follow close: to follow as an escort.

παρ-εργάτης, ου, ὁ, (πάρεργον) a doer of trifles, a trifler. [ἄ]

παρ-εργος, ον, (παρά, ἔργον) beside the main subject, subordinate, incidentally. II. as Subst., πάρεργον, τό, a by-work, subordinate business; ἐν πάρεργῳ as a by-work, as subordinate or secondary, Lat. obiter; ἐκ πάρεργου ποιεῖσθαι to do by the way: hence 2. a useless addition, appendix.

παρ-εργως, Adv. of πάρεργος, incidentally.

παρ-έρπω, f. παρερπύσω [ῥ]: aor. I παρερπύσα:—to creep in at the side: to creep up to. II. to pass by.

παρ-ερύω Ion. παρερρύω, i. ὕω, (παρ-, ἐρύω) to draw along the side. [ῥ]

παρ-έρχομαι: fut. -ελεύσομαι, but the Att. fut. is πάρειμι (εἰμι ibo): Dep., with aor. 2 -ήλθον Ep. -ήλυθον pf. -ελήλυθα:—to go by, beside or past,

pass by, pass away. 2. of Time, to pass; ὁ παρελθὼν χρόνος time past; τὸ παρελθόν and ἐν τῷ παρελθόντι in time past, of old. II. to pass by, outstrip, surpass: metaph. to outwit, overreach, circumvent. III. to pass by without heeding, pass over, slight: also of things, to escape one's notice, be passed over. 2. also to transgress. IV. pass on and to come to a place, arrive at: esp. to pass into a house. V. to come forward, esp. to speak in public.

πάρεσαν, Ep. 3 pl. impr. of πάρεμι (εἰμί sum). παρ-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι: aor. 2 -έφαγας, inf. -φάγειν: —to eat besides. II. to eat & gnaw of, gnaw or nibble at, c. gen.

πάρεσις, ἡ, (παρήμι) a letting pass, a letting go: also remission, forgiveness.

παρεσκευάδαι, παρεσκευάδω, Ion. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. pass. of παρασκευάζω.

παρεστάνειν, παρεστάναι, Ep. vf. inf. of παρίστημι.

παρέστηκα, pf. of παρίστημι: part. παρεστηκώς, contr. παρῆστώς: —neut. παρεστηκός used absol., see παρίστημι, at end.

παρεστήναι, aor. 2 of παρίστημι.

παρ-έστιος, ov, (παρά, ἐστία) by or at the hearth.

παρέσχοι, aor. 2 of παρέχω.

παρετήρουν, impf of παρατηρέω.

πάρετος, ov, verb. Adj. of παρήμι, relaxed, palsied.

παρέτρεσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of παρτρέω.

παρ-ευδοκίμειν, f. ἦσω, to surpass in reputation.

παρ-εὐθύειν, to guide one from the right way, to constrain. [v]

παρ-ευκηλέω, f. ἦσω, (παρά, εὐκηλος) to calm, soothe.

παρ-ευναζομαι, fut. -άσομαι, Med. to lie or sleep beside.

παρ-εννος, ov, (παρά, ευνη) lying beside or with.

παρ-εὐρίσκω, f. -εὐρήσω: aor. 2 -εὐρον: —to find out or discover besides: to invent.

παρ-ευτρεπίζω, f. ἴσω, to put in order, arrange. 2. to arrange amiss, neglect.

παρέχων, part. neut. of παρέχω used absol., see παρέχω iv.

παρέχοντι, Dor. for παρέχουσι, 3 pl. of παρέχω. II. pres. part. dat. of παρέχω.

παρ-έχω: f. παρέξω or παρσχήσω: pf. παρσχήκα: aor. 2 παρσέχων poet. παρσέχων: —to hold beside, hold in readiness: to furnish, supply.

II. of things, to afford, grant, cause, render.

III. to offer or present for a purpose: also to make oneself over to another, put oneself at his disposal: also to make or render so and so: to put forward, represent, produce, esp. as parties to an agreement.

IV. to allow, grant.

V. impers., παρῆχει τινί it is allowed one, is in one's power to do so and so, Lat. licet: hence neut. part. pres. and aor. 2 παρέχων and παρσχών (used absol. like παρὼν, ἔξων, etc.), it being or having been in one's power, Lat. quum liceat or

liceret.

VI. absol. in imperat., πάρεχ' ἐκποδῶν get yourself out of the way.

B. Med. παρέχομαι, f. παρέξομαι or παρσχήσομαι: pf. παρσχήκα: —to offer or supply of oneself or from one's own means: to produce or display on one's own part; παρῆσθαι τινα μάρτυρα to bring forward as a witness.

II. generally, to have as one's own, produce as one's own; παρῆσθαι τινα ἀρχοντα to acknowledge as one's general; of an ambassador, παρῆσθαι πόλιν μεγίστην to represent the greatest city.

III. to make or render so and so. IV. of Numbers, to make up, amount to, give the sum of.

παρ-ήβω, f. ἦσω, to be past one's prime, to be verging towards old age.

παρ-ήβος, ov, (παρά, ἥβη) past one's prime.

παρήγγελλα, aor. I of παρηγγέλλω.

παρήγον, impf. of παράγω.

παρηγορέω, impf. παρηγόρουν, rarely ἐπαρηγόρουν: f. ἦσω: aor. I παρηγόρησα: (παρήγορος): —to address, exhort, encourage: to advise, exhort.

II. to console, comfort, soothe.—The Med. παρηγορομαι is also used like the Act. Hence

παρηγορία, ἡ, an addressing, exhortation, persuasion. 2. a consolation.

παρ-ήγορος, ov, (παρά, ἀγορεύω) addressing, encouraging, cheering. 2. consoling.

παρήρθην, aor. I pass. of παραιρέω.

παρήρον, τό, used in Homer as sing. for παρειά (which has only uses in plur.), the cheek: the jaw of a wild beast.

II. the cheek-ornament of a bride.

παρήρις, -ήιδος, contr. Att. παρῆς, -ῆδος, ἡ, = παρήιον, the cheek.

παρήκα, aor. I of παρήμι.

παρ-ήκω, f. ξω, to have come alongside: to lie beside, stretch along. 2. to reach or extend to or towards.

II. to come forth, appear. III. of Time, to be gone by, past.

παρήλασσα, aor. I of παρειαίνω.

παρήλθον, aor. 2 of πατέρχομαι.

παρ-ήλιξ, ἱκος, δ, ἡ, like παρήβος, past one's prime.

παρήμαι, inf. -ῆσθαι: properly the pf. pass. of παρίζω, to be seated by, beside, or at, c. dat.: to sit by one: to dwell with one: to be present at or near.

παρ-ήμερος Dor. παράμερος, ov, (παρά, ἡμέρα) coming day by day, daily.

παρηγών, impf. of παραινέω.

παρήξαι, aor. I of παρῆσαι.

παρήξις, ἡ, (παρήκα) arrival alongside, coming to shore.

παρ-ηονίτης, ov, δ, fem. -ίτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (παρά, ἡών) lying on the shore. [z]

παρηορία, ἡ, (παρήγορος) the reins by which the outside horse or outrigger was fastened beside a pair of horses in the yoke.

παρ-ήγορος Dor. παρ-άγορος, ov, (παρά, αἶρω) hanging beside: παρήγορος (sub, ἵππος) a horse which drags by the side of the regular pair (ἐναγρίς) an outrigger, also called παράσειρος or σειραφόρος. opp. to ζυγίτης

or ζύγιος.

II. *lying along, sprawling, helpless* :

—also *beside oneself, distraught, silly*.

παρήπαφε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of παραπαύσκει.

παρῆς, -ῆδος, ἡ, Att. contr. for παρῆς, -ῆδος.

παρήπαθα, Ep. 2 sing. impf. of πάρειμι (εἰμι sum).

παρήπθην, Dor. 2 sing. aor. 2 of παραισθάνομαι.

παρήγημα, pf. pass. of παραιτέω.

παρθέμενος, poet. aor. 2 med. part. of παρτίθημι.

παρθενία and -ία, ἡ, (παρθενείω) maidenhood, virgin estate or condition.

παρθένα, τά, = παρθένια, τά.

παρθένης Ion. -ῆτος, ον, (παρθένος) maidenly, maiden, virgin. /

παρθενομία, ατος, τό, (παρθενείω) virgin estate or condition : in plur. the pursuits of a virgin.

παρθεύω, f. σω, (παρθένο) to bring up a virgin :

—Pass. παρθεύομαι, to lead a maiden life, remain a maid.

παρθενία, ἡ, = παρθενεία.

παρθένια (sub. μέλη), τά, songs sung by maidens to the flute with dancing :—properly neut. from παρθένης.

παρθενικῇ (sub. κόρη), ἡ, poet. for παρθένο, a virgin, maid : strictly fem. from sq.

παρθενικός, ἡ, όν, (παρθένο) of or for a maiden, maidenly.

παρθένος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (παρθένο) of a maiden or virgin, maiden. παρθένιος, ό, as Subst., the son of an unmarried woman

II. metaph. virgin, pure, chaste, unsullied.

παρθεν-οπίτης [ί], ον, (παρθένο, οπιπτεύω) one who looks after maidens, a seducer.

ΠΑΡΘΕΝΟΣ, ἡ, a maid, maiden, virgin, Lat. virgo :—sometimes masc., an unmarried youth. 2.

Παρθένος, as a name of several goddesses, of Minerva at Athens; of Diana and the Tauric Iphigenia. II. as Adj. maiden, virgin, pure, chaste.

παρθενό-σφάγιος, ον, (παρθένο, σφαγῆναι) from the sacrifice of a maiden.

παρθενό-χρως, ατος, ό, ἡ, (παρθένο, χρώς) of maidenly, delicate colour.

παρθενών, ώνας, ό, (παρθένο) the young women's chamber, in a house, mostly in plur. II. the temple of Athena Parthenos in the citadel at Athens, the Parthenon, rebuilt by Pericles.

παρθεν-ωπός, όν, (παρθένο, ώπ) of virgin aspect.

πάρθεσαν, poet. for παρέθεσαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of παρτίθημι.

παρθεσίη, ἡ, (παρτίθημι) a deposit, pledge.

παρ-ταύω, (παρά, ταύω) to sleep beside or with.

παριδεῖν, inf. of παριδόν.

παρ-ιδρύω, f. σω, to set up beside :—so also in Med.

παρ-ίζω, to place or make to sit beside. intrans. to seat oneself beside, sit beside, but this sense is more common in Med. παρίζομαι, aor. 2 παρζέωμην, inf. παρζέσθαι.

παρ-ίζημι, fut. παρήσω : aor. I παρήκα : pf. παρέικα : Med., aor. 2 παρείμην : Pass., aor. I παρείθην, inf.

παρεθῆναι : pf. παρείμαι, part. παρείμενος :—to let drop beside or at the side, let fall. II. to let by, pass, idroῖgh.

2. metaph. to let pass, disregard, neglect, Lat. praetermittere. 3. of Time, to let pass.

III. to unloose, relax, Lat. remittere. 2. c. gen., τοῦ ποδὸς παρῖναι to let go one's bold of, slack away the sheet : metaph. to yield, give way :—

Med. and Pass. to be relaxed, weakened, hence pres. part. παρίμενος, aor. 2 παρέμενος, pf. παρείμενος, exhausted, Lat. remissus. 2. to remit, Lat. condonare : hence to forgive, pardon.

IV. to yield, give up, Lat. concedere : to allow, permit : hence to admit, let in.

V. Med. παρίσθαι, to win a person over : to bear off a thing, beg to be excused : to ask pardon.

παρ-ίκο, old. poet. form of παρήκο. [ί]

παρ-ίπτεω, f. σω, to ride alongside. 2. to ride along or over.

παρ-ίτος, ον, (παρά, ίτος) almost equal, just like.

παρ-ίσωω, f. ώω, to make just like :—Pass., aor. I παρίσώθην, to measure oneself with, vie with.

παρίστω, pres. med. imperat. of

παρ-ίστημι, f. παρστήσω : I. trans. in pres., impf., fut. and aor. 1, make to stand beside, to place by, beside, or near, to present, offer to one. 2. to set before the mind, present, offer, suggest :—to prove, show. 3. the Med., esp. fut. -στήσομαι, and aor. I -έστημην, have peculiar usages, to set by one's side, produce :—to bring to one's side, to bring over by force, overcome, subdue : also to win over, persuade : hence also to dispose for one's own views.

II. intrans. in Pass. -ίσταμαι, with act. aor. 2 -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, plqpf. -εστήκειν, to stand by, beside, or near : hence to stand by, to help or defend. 2. of events, to be near, be close at hand : τὸ παρισταμένον present circumstances : so too, τὸ παρεστώς or παρ-εστώ, contr. pf. part. for παρεστηκός. 3. to come to the side of another : metaph. to come over to his opinion : absol. to come to terms, surrender, submit. 4. to come into one's head, suggest itself to one. 5. of events, to take place, occur, happen : so too in fut. med. -στήσομαι. 6. to be in one's power, hence absol., pf. part. παρεστηκός, = παρόν, έξόν, it being in one's power to do, Lat. quum liceat.

παρ-ιστίδιος, α, ον, (παρά, ιστός) by or at the loom.

παρ-ίσχω, collat. form of παρέχω, to have by, hold in readiness : to present, offer.

παρ-ιτήρητο and -έα, verb. Adj. of πάρειμι (εἰμι idō), one must approach or go.

παρκατέλεκτο, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of παρακαταλέγω, as if from παρακατελέγημι.

παρκεῖμενος, Ep. part. of παράκειμαι.

παρ-κλίνω, Ep. for παρακλίνω.

παρ-κλίνω, Ep. for παρακλίνω ; Dor. part. fem. παρκλῖπτισα, for παρακλῖπτουσα.

παρμέβλωκε, Ep. 3 sing. pf. of παραβλῶμαι.

παρ-μένω, Ep. for παραμένω.

παρ-μόνιμος, poet. for παραμόνιμος.

παρ-μονος, *ον*, poet. for παράμονος.

Παρνάσιος [ᾱ], *α, ον*, Ion. Παρνήσιος, *η, ον*, also *ος, ον*, of or from Parnassus: Ion. fem. Παρνησιάς, ἄδος, and Παρνησίς, ἴδος. From

Παρνάσος Ion. Παρνησός, *δ*, Parnassus, a mountain of Phocis: later Παρνασσός (with double σ).

Παρνήσιος, *α, ον*, of or from Parnes. From

Πάρνης, *ηθος, η* or *δ*, Parnes, a mountain of Attica.

Παρνησός, *δ*, Ion. for Παρνασός.

ΠΑΨΟΨ, *σπος, δ*, a kind of locust.

παρ-οδεύω, *φ. σω*, to journey by.

παροδίτης [ῑ], *ου, δ*, voc. -ίτα: fem. παροδίτις, ἴδος: (πάροδος):—a passer by, traveller, wayfarer.

πάρ-εδος, *η*, (παρά, ὁδός) a way past, passage. 2. a going by or past, passing: ἐν παρόδῳ in passing.

II. a side-entrance, a narrow entrance or approach.

III. a coming forward to speak before the assembly. 2. the first entrance of a chorus into the orchestra, which was made from the side.

παρ-οίγνυμι and παρ-οίγω: *φ. -οίγω*: aor. I -έγω: —to open at the side or a little, set ajar: c. gen., παροίγας τῆς θύρας having opened a little of the door.

παρόιθε and before a vowel -θεν, (πάρος) Prep. with gen. before, in the presence of, Lat. ante, coram. 2. of Time, before.

II. Adv. of Place, before, in front. 2. of Time, before this, erst, formerly, heretofore: παρόιθε πρὶν, Lat. priusquam.

παρ-οικέω, *φ. ἦσω*, to dwell by, beside, or near. II. to sojourn. Hence

παρourkeσία and παροίκις, *η*, a dwelling beside or near, neighbourhood.

παροικία, *η*, (πάροικος) a dwelling in a place as παρόικος, sojourning.

παροικίζω, *φ. ἴσω*, (πάροικος) to place or settle near another:—Pass. to settle or live near.

παρ-οικοδομέω, *φ. ἦσω*, to build beside or near, build a wall along or across. II. to keep off by a wall or bank.

πάρ-οικος, *ον*, (παρά, οικέω) dwelling beside or near, neighbouring.

II. as Subst., πάροικος, *δ*, a neighbour:—also an alien, foreigner, who dwells in the land, a sojourner, Lat. inquilinus.

παροιμία, *η*, (παροιμῖος) a by-word, proverb, adage, saw.

2. a parable, in St. John's Gospel; elsewhere in N. T. called παραβολή. Hence

παροιμιακός, *η*, *δ*, *ον*, proverbial:—as metrical term, παροιμιακός (sub. στίχος), *δ*, a paroemiac, an Anapaestic dimeter catalectic, mostly at the end of an Anapaestic system.

παρ-ομος, *ον*, (παρά, οἶμος) by the way-side.

παρ-οινέω: impf. ἐπαρῖνον and aor. I ἐπαρῖνῃσα, with dupl. augm.: pf. πεπαρῖνῃκα, with augm. and redupl.: so in Pass., aor. I ἐπαρῖνῃθην: pf. πεπαρῖνῃμαι: (παρῖνος):—to behave ill in one's cups, play drunken tricks.

II. trans. to maltreat one in drunkenness: generally, to maltreat and abuse, like a drunken man.

παροινία, *η*, (παρῖνος) drunken violence: a drunken frolic.

παραινικός, *η*, *δ*, *ον*, disposed to drunkenness. From παρ-οίνιος, *ον*, and πάρ-οινος, *ον*, (παρά, οἶνος) drunken with wine, quarrelsome over one's cups.

παρόλτατος, *η, ον*, Sup. of πάροιθε, πάρος, of Place, the foremost.

παρότερος, *α, ον*, Comp. of πάροιθε, πάρος, the one before or in front.

παρ-οίχομαι, *φ. -οιχέσσομαι*: pf. παρήχηκα Ion. παροίχικα, and in late writers pass. παρήχημαι:

Dep.: to have past by, pass on. 2. of Time, to be gone by, spent: ἡ παροιχόμενη νύξ the bygone night;

ἄνδρες παροιχόμενοι men of bygone times. II. to be gone, be dead, like οίχομαι.

III. c. gen. to shrink from. 2. to wander, depart from; ὅσον μολπας παροίχῃ how art thou fallen from thy high estate.

παροικωχή *η*, (παρέγω) Att. redupl. form of παροχή, a furnishing.

παρ-ολισθάνω, later -αίνω: fut. -ολισθήσω:—to slip in secretly.

παρ-ομοιάζω, *φ. ὁσω*, to be like, to resemble.

παρ-όμοιος, *ον*, also *α, ον*, (παρά, ὅμοιος) nearly like, much alike: nearly equal.

παρόν, ὄντος, τό, pres. part. neut. of πάρεμι (εἰμι sum), used absol., see πάρεμι §.

παροξυντικός, *η*, *δ*, *ον*, fit for inciting, provoking. From παρ-οξύνω, *φ. ὠνύω*: aor. I παρώξυνω:—to make keen for a thing: metaph. to urge, prick, or spur on: to provoke, irritate, excite. Hence

παροξυσμός, *δ*, irritation: a provoking, inciting.

παροράσις, *η*, (παροράω) an overlooking: carelessness.

παρ-οράω, *φ. παρήσομαι*: aor. 2 παρείδον (γ. sup. δρᾶω):—to look at by the way, notice, remark.

II. to look past, overlook: to slight, make light of. III. to look sideways.

παρ-οργίζω, *φ. ἴσω*, to provoke to anger:—Pass. to be or be made angry at. Hence

παροργισμός, *δ*, provocation to anger.

παρ-ορίζω, *φ. ἴσω*, to pass one's own boundaries, encroach on a neighbour. Hence

παροριστής, *ου, δ*, an encroacher.

παρ-ορμώω, *φ. ἦσω*, to put in motion, urge on:—Pass., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to pass rapidly, rush at.

παρ-ορμύω, fut. ἴσω Att. -ιῶ, to bring to anchor side by side.

παρ-ορνύς, ἴδος, *δ*, *η*, ill-omened, with evil auspices.

παρ-ορύσσω Att. -ττω: *φ. ἔω*: aor. I παρώρυσα:—to dig beside or along.

II. to dig one against another, as was done in training for the Olympic games.

παρ-ορχέομαι, *φ. -ήσομαι*, Dep. to dance amiss, dance the wrong dance

ΠΑΨΟΣ, Adv., I. of Time, before, erst, formerly: also with the Att., τὸ πάρος or τοῦ πάρος, formerly.

2. with inf., like πρὶν, Lat. priusquam, πάρος ἢν γαῖαν κτεῖσθαι before he should reach his

own land. 3. παρός, followed by πρὶν γε as relat., Lat. *prius* .., *quam*, rather .., *iban*. 4. too soon. 5. rather, sooner. II. of Place, before, in front.

B. Prep., poet. for πρό, before, both of Time and Place. II. before, rather *iban*: also for, instead of.

Πάριος, α, ον, of the island of Paros, Parian; Πάριος λίθος Parian marble. From

Πάρος, ἡ, Paros, one of the Cyclades, famous for its white marble.

παρ-οτρύνω, f. ὠτρύνω, to urge or excite to mischief.

παρ-ουσία, ἡ, (παρών, παρούσα) a being present, presence; ἀνδρῶν παρουσία = ἀνδρες οἱ παρόντες; παρουσίαν ἔχειν = παρῆναι. 2. arrival. II. like τὰ παρόντα, present circumstances.

παρ-οχεύω, f. σω, to turn off into a side channel: metaph. to turn off or divert an inquiry.

παρ-οχέω, f. ἴσω, (παρά, ὀχέω) to carry by or beside:—Med. to sit beside in a chariot.

παροχή, ἡ, (παρέχω) a supplying, furnishing.

παρ-οχλίζω, f. ἴσω, to move aside with a lever, remove.

πάρ-οχος, δ, (παρά, ὄχος) one who rides beside in a chariot.

παρ-οψίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (παρά, ὄψον) a dainty side-dish.

παρόψομας, fut. of παροράω, formed from obsol. παρόπτομας,

παρ-οψώνω, f. ἴσω, to buy a dainty dish to set before one. Hence

παροψώνημα, ατος, τό, an additional dainty set before one: metaph., παροψώνημα τῆς χλιδῆς a fresh relish to the pleasure.

παρπεπλῶν, redupl. aor. 2 part. of παραπέλω.

παρ-ρησία, ἡ, (πάς, ῥήσις) freedom of speech: in bad sense, licence of tongue. Hence

παρ-ρησιάζομαι, f. -άσσομαι, Dep. to speak freely.

παρσένος, Lacon. for παρθένος.

παρσταῖην, παρσάσα, Ep. for παρασταῖην, παρσάσα, aor. 2 opt. and part. fem. of παρίστημι.

παρστήτηον, Ep. for παραστήτηον, 2 dual aor. 2 subj. of παρίστημι.

παρταμεῖν, poet. for παραταμεῖν, aor. 2 of παρατέμνω.

παρτέμνω, poet. for παρατέμνω.

παρτιθεῖ, poet. for παρατιθεῖ, = παρατίθω.

παρ-υφαίνω, f. ἀνῶ: pf. pass. παρύφασμαι:—to weave beside or along, attach to the side or bent: metaph., ὅπλα παρυφασμένα armed men hemming in a crowd.

παρφαίνει, poet. pres. imperat. of παραφαίνω.

παρφόμενος, παρφάσθαι, poet. aor. 2 med. part. of παράφηναι.

παρ-φάσθαι, ἡ, poet. for παραφάσθαι.

παρ-φάσσει, ἡ, poet. for παράφασσει.

παρ-φέρομαι, poet. for παραφέρωμαι.

παρ-φύγειν, poet. for παραφυγίην, aor. 2 inf. of παραφεύγω.

παρφυκτος, ον, poet. for παράφυκτος, verb. Adj. of παραφεύγω, to be avoided.

παρῳάς, ον, δ, (παρών) a snake of a colour between red and brown, sacred to Aesculapius.

παρῳαδία, ἡ, a burlesque, parody. From

παρ-ῳάδω, ὄν, (ῳδή) singing a song in a different style, burlesquing a song. II. intimating ob-

scurely.

παρ-ῳθέω, fut. -ῳσω and -ῳθήσω:—to push aside or away, repulse from one: to put on one side, keep secret:—Med. to push away from oneself, reject, renounce.

παρών, οὔσα, ὄν, part. of πάρεμι (εἰμι sum).

παρ-ώνυμος, ον, (πάρα, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) formed by a slight change from a word.

παρῳός, ὄν, reddish brown or bay, of horses.

παρ-ῳρείτης, ον, δ, (παρά, ὄρος) one who dwells a mountain-side.

παρ-ῳρος, ον, (παρά, ὥρα) out of season, untimely: neut. pl. πάραπα as Adv., unseasonably.

παρ-ῳροφίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (παρά, ὄροφῆ) the part of the roof stretching beyond the wall, the eaves, cornice.

παρῳήχο, 3 sing. impf. of παροίχομαι.

παρῳήχεται, pf. of παροίχομαι; part. παρῳήχμενος.

ΠΑΨ, πάσα, πάν: gen. παντός, πάσης, παντός: gen. pl. masc. and neut. πάντων, fem. πᾶσάν Ion. πᾶσέων.

Ep. also πᾶσαν: dat. pl. masc. and neut. πᾶσι poet. πάντεσσι, fem. πάσαις:—all, Lat. *omnis*: of one person or thing, the whole, entire, all; of each of a number, every; in plur. all: ἡ πάσα βλάβη she who is all mischief; ἐς πᾶν κακοῦ to the uttermost of evil:

—δοσι, not ὅς properly follows πάντας as relat., πάντες, δοσι... Lat. *omnes quicunque*... all whosoever: πᾶς τις every one taken one by one, every single one: παντὸς μάλλον more than anything, above everything. II. with Numerals it marks an exact number; τὰ πάντα δέκα ten in all. III. in dat. pl. masc. πᾶσι, in the judgment of all; δ πᾶσι κλεινός the renowned in the judgment of all. 2. πᾶσι as neut., in all things, altogether. IV. the neut. is used in various senses:—πάντα γίνεσθαι, like παντοῦς γίνεσθαι, to become all things, to try every expedient: but, πάντα εἶναι τινι to be everything to one.

2. τὸ πᾶν the whole, and as an Adv. altogether; οὐ τὸ πᾶν, not at all; so also εἰς τὸ πᾶν, εἰς πᾶν, on the whole; ἐς πᾶν κακοῦ to every extremity of evil; περὶ παντὸς ποιεῖσθαι τινα to esteem one above all.

3. πάντα as Adv. for πάντως, entirely, utterly, wholly: but, τὰ πάντα in every way, by all means.

4. διὰ παντός continually, always.

πασών, Dor. for πασῶν, gen. pl. fem. of πᾶς.

πάσασθαι [ᾶ], aor. I inf. of πατέρομαι.

πάσασθαι [ᾶ], aor. I inf. of πάρομαι.

πᾶσι-μέλουσα, ἡ, (πᾶς, μέλει) a care to all: generally, known to all, famous.

πάσομαι [ᾶ], fut. of πατέρομαι.

πάσομαι [ᾶ], fut. of πάρομαι.

πασπάλῃ [ᾶ], ἡ, = παιπάλῃ, the finest meat: a

morsel, scratch · ὕπνον οὐδὲ πασπάλῃ not even a *wink* of sleep.

πασσάλεντός, ἡ, ὄν, *pin*ned down. From πασσάλενός Att. πατταλένός, f. σω (πάσσαλος) to *pin* to 2. to *drive in* like a bolt.

πάσσᾱλος Att. πάτταλος, ὁ, (πήγνυμι) a *peg*, to hang anything upon: often in Ep. genit. πασσαλόφι; αἰρεῖν ἀπὸ πασσαλόφι to take down from a *peg*; κρεμᾶσαι ἐκ πασσαλόφι to hang upon a *peg* · the form πασσαλόφιν is also dat.

II. a *gag*. πασσαλόφι, old Ep. gen. and dat. of πάσσαλος. πασσάμενος, πάσσασθαι, Ep. for πᾶσάμενος, πάσσασι, aor. I part. and inf. med. of πατέομαι.

πάσσαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, rarer collat. form of πάσσαλος. πάσσε, Ep. for ἔπασσε, 3 sing. impf. of πάσσω. πασσοφός, ὄν, for πάνσοφος.

πασσοῦδελ, πασσοῦδελ, Adv. for πανσουδελ, etc.

ΠΑΨΣΩ Att. πάττω: f. πάσω [ᾗ]: aor. I ἐπάσα: Pass., aor. I ἐπάσθην: pf. πέπασμαι:—to sprinkle upon:—metaph. to sprinkle in or upon, interview, work in embroidery. II. to besprinkle with a thing.

πάσσων, ὄν, gen. ὄνος, irr. Comp. of παχύς, for παχύτερος and παχίων, like γλύσσων from γλυκύς: thicker, broader, stouter.

παστός, ἄδος, ἡ, shortened from παραστάς (q. v.) a porch in front of the house, a colonnade, Lat. porticus.

II. an inner chamber: a bridal chamber.

παστέος, α, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πάσσω, to be besprinkled.

παστός, ὁ, = παστάς, a bridal chamber or bridal bed: a shrine.

Πάσχα, ῥο, inaecl. the Passover, paschal lamb: also the time or feast of the Passover. (Hebrew word.)

ΠΑΨΧΩ, fut. πείσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπάθον: pf. πέπονθα, 2 pl. πέποισθε, Ep. for πεπόνθατε: fem. part. pf. πεπώνυα, Ep. for πεπονθούα:—to suffer or be affected by anything whether good or bad, opp. to acting of oneself: εἰ τί πάθοιμι or ἦν τί πάθω if aught were to happen to me, Lat. si quid mihi acciderit, was used to imply death: τί πάθω; what is to become of me? so, τί πάσχω; τί πάσχεις; what is the matter with me or you? so in part. τί παθών; implying something amiss, τί παθόντε λελάσμεθα θούριδος βλάβης; what ails us that we have forgotten our impetuous prowess?

II. πάσχειν with other words; κακῶς πάσχειν to be ill off, in evil plight; κακῶς πάσχειν ὑπὸ τινος to be ill used, evilly entreated by any one; opp. to εὖ πάσχειν to be well off, in good case; εὖ πάσχειν ὑπὸ τινος to be well used, well treated by.., receive kindness from a person.

III. πάσχειν is also used of states or conditions; ἵνα μὴ ταῦτό πάθῃτε τῷ ἵππῳ that ye be not in the same case with the horse: so, of Things, to be liable to certain affections; πάσχειν ταῦτόν ὅπερ ἄλλοι to be liable to the same as others; so, πάσχει τούτο καὶ κάδαμα this is just the way with cress.

πατά, Scythian word, = κτείνειν.

πατάγιω, f. ἤσω, (πάταγος) to clatter, clasp, crash,

of the noise caused by the collision of two bodies: of the waves, etc., to dash, splash: hence to chatter, scream, as birds.

ΠΑΤΑΤΟΣ, ὁ, a clattering, clashing, any harsh noise made by the collision of two bodies; πάταγος ὁδόντων a chattering of the teeth; πάταγος κυμάτων the splash of waves. (Formed from the sound.)

Πάτακοι or Παταϊκοί, οἱ, Phoenician deities of dwarfish shape, whose images formed the figure-head of Phoenician ships.

πατάξαι, πατάξας, aor. I inf. and part. ο πατάσσω, f. ἔω: aor. I ἐπάταξα:—intr. to beat, knock, throb; Ἐκτορι θυμὸς ἐνὶ στήθεσσι πάτασεν his heart was beating, throbbing in his breast. 2. to clap the hands. U. trans. to strike, wound, beat, smite.

ΠΑΤΕΟΜΑΙ, f. πάσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐπάσάμην, Ep. part. πασσάμενος: pf. πέπασμαι:—to feed on, eat, taste

πατεοντι, Dor. for πατέουσι, 3 pl. of πατέω: also part. sing. dat.

πάτερῖω, f. ἰώω, (πατήρ) to say, call father πατέω, f. ἡσώ, (πάτος) to tread, walk, step. II. trans. to tread on, tread: πορφύρας πατεῖν to walk on purple carpets. 2. to tread constantly, frequent, traverse a place: metaph., like Lat. terere, to thump with using, as, πατεῖν Αἰσωπον to be always thumping Aesop. 3. to tread under foot, trample on.

ΠΑΤΗΡ, ὁ, gen. πατέρος contr. πατρός, dat. πατέρι contr. πατρί, acc. πατέρα: in dual and pl. ε is retained, except that in gen. pl. πατρῶν is used as well as πατέρων, and dat. pl. is always πατράσι [ᾶ]:—a father; πατὴρ πατήρ a grandfather. II. among the gods Jove is emphat. called πατήρ.

III. πατήρ is used like ἀπφα, ἄττα, as a mode of address to an older person. IV. in plur., forefathers, ancestors.

πατησεῖς, Dor. for πατήσεις, 2 sing. fut. of πατέω. πάτησμός, ὁ, (πατέω) a treading on.

πάτην, ἡ, Dor. for φάτην.

ΠΑΤΟΣ, ὁ, a trodden or beaten way, path. [ᾶ]

πατρός, as Ion. πάτρη, η, ἡ: (πατήρ) one's father-land, native land, country, like πατρίε.

II. a body of persons claiming the same race or descent, a house, clan, Lat. gens.

πατρ-ἀδελφεός, ὁ, poet. for πατρ-ἀδελφος.

πατρ-ἀδελφος, ὁ, = πατὴρ ἀδελφός, a father's brother, uncle by the father's side.

πάτραβη, Adv., Dor. for πάτρηθε.

πατρ-ἀλοῖας, gen. α and ὄν, voc. -αλοῖα, ὁ, (πατήρ, ἀλοῖα) one who strikes or slays his father, a parricide.

πάτρη, ἡ, Ion. for πάτρα. Hence

πάτρηθε and -θεν Dor. πάτράθε, Adv., = ἐκ πάτρας, from one's native land.

II. from a race or lineage.

πατριά, as Ion. πατριά, η, ἡ, ἡ (πατήρ) lineage, descent.

II. a house, clan.

πατρι-ἀρχης, ὄν, ὁ, (πατριά, ἀρχή) the father or chief of a family, a patriarch.

πατριδιον, τό, coaxing Dim. of πατήρ, daddy, papa.
πατρικός, ὁ, ὅν, (πατήρ) from one's fathers or ancestors, patriarcal, hereditary. II. of or from one's father; ἡ πατρική (sc. οὐσία) one's patrimony; το τὰ πατρικά (sc. χρήματα).
πάτριος, α, ον, also os, ον, (πατήρ) of or belonging to one's father, Lat. paternus. II. of or from one's forefathers, hereditary, customary, national: τὰ πάτρια, the manners, customs, institutions of ancestors, Lat. instituta majorum.

πατρίς, ἰδος, poet. fem. of πάτριος, of one's fathers; πατρίς γαῖα, one's father-land, country; πατρίς πόλις one's native city:—also as Subst., πατρίς, ἡ, like πάτρα.

πατριώτης, ου, δ, (πάτριος) one of the same country, a fellow-countryman.

πατριῶτις, ἰδος, fem. of πατριώτης; πατριῶτις γῆ, —πατρίς, one's native land; πατριῶτις στολή a dress of the country.

πατρο-δώρητος, ον, (πατήρ, δωρέω) given by a father.

πατρόθεν, Adv. (πατήρ) from or after a father, by one's father's name; ἀναγραφῆναι πατρόθεν ἐν στήλῃ to have one's name inscribed on a tablet with one's father's name added.

πατρο-κασίγνητος, δ, —πατὴρ κασίγνητος, a father's brother, uncle by the father's side.

Πάτροκλος, δ, Patroclus, the friend of Achilles: the gen. Πατροκλήος, acc. Πατροκλήα, voc. Πατρόκλειε occur in Hom.; but there is no nom. Πατροκλείς.

πατροκτονέω, f. ἴσω, to murder one's father. From πατρο-κτόνος, ον, (πατήρ, κτείνω) murdering one's father, parricidal.

πατρο-νομία, ἡ, (πατήρ, νόμος) a father's authority. πατρο-παράδοτος, ον, (πατήρ, παραδίδωμι) handed down or inherited from one's fathers.

πατρο-πάτωρ, οπος, δ, —πατὴρ πατήρ, a father's father, grandfather.

πατρο-στερής, ἐς, (πατήρ, στερέω) ref^d of one's father, fatherless.

πατρο-ούχος, ον, (πατήρ, ἔχω) having her father's property: as Subst., πατρούχος (sub. παρθένος), ἡ, a sole-beirress, opp. to a co-beirress.

πατρο-φονεύς, ἔως Ep. ἦος, ὅ, (πατήρ, φονεύς) the murderer of one's father.

πατρο-φόνος, ον, (πατήρ, *φένω) murdering one's father, parricidal.

πατρο-φόντης, ου, δ, (πατήρ, *φένω) murderer of one's father, a parricide.

πατρώιος, η Dor. α, ον, poet. form of πατρός.

πατρώμιος, ον, (πατήρ, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) named after one's father, by the father's side.

πατρώος, α, ον, also os, ον, poet. πατρώος, η Dor. α, ον: (πατήρ):—of a father, coming or inherited from a father, Lat. paternus: transmitted from one's father; ἔχθρα πατρός hereditary feud.

πάτρεως, δ, gen. ωος and ω, dat. ω, acc. ωα and ων: (πατήρ):—πατροκασίγνητος, πατράδελφος, an uncle

by the father's side, Lat. patruus; opp. to μήτρως, one by the mother's side

πατῦλεῖω, πάτταλος, Att. for πασσ—. παύσκειν, Ion. impf. of παύω:—παύεσκειτο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. med.

παῦλα, ἡ, (παύω) a resting-point, pause, rest; παῦλα κακῶν rest from ills. II. a bringing to an end: means of overpowering.

παυράκις or -κι [ᾶ], Adv. (παῦρος) like ὀλιγάκις, few times, seldom.

παυρίδιος, α, ον, poet. for παῦρος, little, very abortive. neut. παυρίδιον, ἐς Adv., a very little.

παυρο-επής, ας, (παῦρος, ἔπος) of few words.

παῦρος, α, ον, little, small: of Time, abortive, brief. 2. mostly in pl. παῦροι, of Number, few; so with a collective Subst., παῖρος λαός few people:—Comp. παυρότερος, fewer. 3. neut. pl. παῦρα as Adv. seldom.

παυρ-άνεμος, ον, (παύω, ἀνεμος) calming the wind. παύσειεν, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of παύω.

παυστ-κάπη [ᾶ], ἡ, (παύω, κάπη) a projecting collar worn by slaves while grinding or kneading, to prevent their eating any of the corn.

παυστ-λύπος, ἡ, (παύω, λύπη) ending pain or grief.

παυστ-νόστος, ον, (παύω, νόστος) checking sickness.

παυστ-πόνος, ον, (παύω, πόνος) ending toil.

παυστέον, verb. Adj. of παύω, one must stop or put an end to. II. of παύομαι, one must cease.

παυστήρ, ἦρος, δ, (παύω) one who stays or calms, an allayer, assuager. Hence

παυστ-ήριος, ον, fit for allaying or relieving.

παυσσάλη, ἡ, like παῦλα, rest.

ΠΑΥΩ: f. παύωσ: aor. I ἔπαυσα: pf. πέπαυκα: Med. and Pass., fut. παύσομαι, pass. παυσθήσομαι, and paullo-p. fut. πεπαύσομαι: aor. I med. ἐπαυσάμην, pass. ἐπαύθην or ἐπαύσθην: pf. πέπαυμαι:—to make to cease, to stop, bring to an end: of a king, to depose, put down: to stop from a thing, c. gen. 2. of things, to make an end of: of suffering, etc., to abate, allay. II. Med. and Pass. to come to an end, cease, rest, leave off: also of a magistrate, to be deposed from office: c. gen. to cease from. III. intr. in Act., like παύομαι or λήγω, but only in imperat., παῦε, stop! I have done!

Παφλαγών, ὄνος, δ, a Paphlagonian.

παφλάζω, f. ἄσω: (redupl. from φλάζω, like ποιπνῶ from πνέω):—to bubble, froth, foam: of the wind, to storm, bluster. II. metaph. to splutter, fret, fume, chafe, of the angry Cleon, with allusion to Παφλαγόν. Hence

πάφλασμα, ατος, τό, a frothing, foaming, of the sea, etc. II. metaph., παφλάσματα spluttering words.

Πάφος, ον, ἡ, Paphos, a town in Cyprus celebrated for its temple of Venus.

πάχετος, irreg. Ep. form for παχύτερος, thicker.

πάχετος, τό, (παχύς) poet. for πάχος, thickness.

παχθῆ, Dor. for πηχθῆ, 3 sing. aor. I pass. subj. of πηγνυμι.

πάχιοςτος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of παχύς.

παχίων, gen. ονος, irreg. Comp. of παχύς.

πάχνη, η, (πήγνυμι) *boar-frost, rime*, Lat. *gruina*. 2. metaph. *clotted blood*. Hence

παχνόω, f. ὥσω, *to cover with boar frost or rime*:—Pass. *to be so covered*. II. metaph. *to strike chill, to freeze*; ἐπάχνωσεν φίλον ἦτορ *he made his heart's blood run cold*:—Pass. *to be struck with chill, to be frozen*.

πάχος, eos, τό, (παχύς) *thickness*: acc. πάχος *is used absol., in thickness*, as μήκος *in length*, εὔρος *in breadth*, etc. [ᾶ]

παχύ-κνημος, ον, (παχύς, κνήμη) *with stout calves*.

παχύνω [ῶ], f. ὥνω: aor. I επαχύνω: pf. pass. πεπαχύνμαι:—*to thicken, to fatten*: also *to make dull or gross of understanding*:—Pass. *to become thick: to grow fat, to be swollen*: also *to look large*, of objects seen in a mist: metaph., ὁλος ἄγαν παχυνθεὶς *wealth 'when it has waxed fat.'*

παχύς, Dor. for πῆχυσ.

ΠΑΧΥΣ, εἶα, ὅ, *thick, large, stout*: παχύς *lāas a large heavy stone*: of linen, etc., *thick, coarse*. 2. of the consistence of a mass, *thick, curdled, clot- ted*. 3. later, *stout, fat*, Lat. *pinguis*. 4. generally, *great, large, considerable*. II. of παχέες, opp. to δημος, *the men of substance, the wealthy*. III. *thick-witted, dense, stupid*, Lat. *pinguis*. IV. Comp. πάσσων, ον: also παχίων, ον, gen. ονος:—Sup. πάχιστος: later the regul. παχύτερος (Ep. πάχετος) and παχύντατος.

παχύτης, ητος, η, (παχύς) *thickness, of the skin, etc.*: ης *the sediment or lees of liquor*. [ῶ] πιδᾶ, Aeol. for μετά.

πεδάα, Ep. 3 sing. pres. of πεδάω.

πεδάσσκον, Ion. impf. of πεδάω.

πεδ-αῖρω, Aeol. for μεταίρω.

πεδ-αίχιμος, ον, Aeol. for μεταίχιμος.

πεδ-αμείβω, Aeol. for μεταμείβω.

πεδ-άροπος, ον, Aeol. for μετήροπος. [ᾶ]

πεδ-άριστος, ον, Aeol. for μετάρσιος.

πεδ-αυγάω, Aeol. for μεταυγάω.

πεδά-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, Aeol. for μετάφρων, (μετά, φρήν) *wise too late*. πεδάω, f. ἥσω: Ep. aor. I πέδησα: (πέδη):—*to bind with fetters, to bind fast, make fast*: generally, *to shackle, trammel, constrain*.

πεδ-έρχομαι, Aeol. for μετέρχομαι.

πεδ-έχω, Aeol. for μετέχω.

πεδίω, Ion. for πεδάω.

πέδη, η, πέδ(α) *a fetter, Lat. pēna, compes*; ζεύγος πεδῶν *a pair of fetters*. II. *a mode of breaking in a horse*.

πεδητής, οῦ, δ, (πεδάω) *one who fetters: a binder*.

πεδιάς, ἄδος, fem. Adj. (πεδίον) *flat, even, level*: ἡ πεδιάς (sub. γῆ), *the plain country*. II. *on a*

plain or level country: λόγῃ πεδιάς *the spear (i. e. battle) on a fair field*.

πεδιεύς, εως, δ, (πεδίον) *a man of the plain*.

πεδι-ήρης, es, (πεδίον, ἀραρεῖν) *abounding in plains*.

πέδιλον, τό, (πέδη) *mostly in plur. sandals, a pair of sandals*. II. *any covering for the feet, shoes, slippers*; also *boots, brogues*. III. *a tie for cows* at milking time.

IV. metaph., Δαρῖον πεδάλω φωνᾶν ἐναρμύζει *to suit one's voice to the Dorian march*, i. e. *to write in Doric rhythm*.

πεδινός, η, ὄν, (πεδίον) *flat, level, even*. II. *of, from the plain, living in or on the plain*.

πεδίον, τό, (πέδον) *a plain, flat, open country, an open plain, a field*, Lat. *campus*; πεδία πύοντος *the fields of the sea*, Lat. *Neptunia arva*. Hence

πεδιόνδε, Adv. *to the plain*.

πεδιτο-νόμος, ον, (πεδίον, νέμομαι) *haunting the fields*.

πεδορ-βάνων [ᾶ], ον, gen. ονος, Dor. for πεδοβήμων, (πέδον, βαῖνω) *walking upon earth, of the earth*.

πεδόθεν, Adv. (πέδον) *from the ground*: metaph. *from the ground or bottom of the heart*.

πέδος, Adv. (πέδον) *on the ground, on earth*.

πεδοικος, ον, Aeol. for μέτοικος.

πεδο-κοίτης, ον, δ, (πέδον, κοίτη) *making one's bed or lair on the ground*.

ΠΕ'ΔΟΝ, ον, τό, *the ground, earth*: generally *land, soil*. Hence

πεδιόνδε, Adv. *to the ground, earthwards*.

πεδόσε, Adv. — πεδιόνδε.

πεδο-στιβῆς, es, (πέδον, στείβω) *treading, pacing the earth*. 2. *on foot, opp. to ἱππηλάτης*.

πεδο-τριψ, ἱβος, δ and ἡ, (πέδη, τρίβω) *wearing out fetters, of good-for-nothing slaves*.

πεδ-ῥύχος, ον, (πέδον, ὑρύσσω) *digging the soil*. πέζα, η, ἡ, (πέδον) *the foot*: metaph. *the bottom of anything*: ἐπὶ ῥυμῷ πέζῃ ἐπὶ πρώτῃ *on the pole at the very end: the hem or border of a garment*

πεδ-ἄρχος, ον, (πεζύς, ἀρχω) *leading infantry or land-army*: as Subst., πέζαρχος, δ, *a leader of foot*.

πεδ-ἑταῖρος, οἱ, (πεζύς, ἑταῖρος) *the foot-guards in the Macedonian army*.

πεζεύω, f. σω. (πεζύς) *to go or travel on foot, walk, opp. to riding or driving*. 2. *to go or travel by land, opp. to going by sea*: Pass. *to be traversed by travellers*.

πεζῆ, v. sub πεζύς.

πεζικός, η, ὄν, (πεζύς) *on foot or by land*, πεζικὸς λέως *foot-soldiers, infantry* as opp. to horse, or an army as opp. to a fleet.

πεζο-βόας, α, ὅ, Dor. for -βόης, (πεζύς, βοή) *one who shouts on foot, a foot-soldier, a soldier*.

πεζομαχέω, f. ἥσω, *to fight by land*. From

πεζο-μάχης, ον, δ, (πεζύς, μάχομαι) *fighting on foot, as opp. to cavalry*. 2. *fighting on land*, as opp. to sea. Hence

πεζομαχία, η, *a battle by land*, opp. to ναυμαχία.

πεζο-νόμος, ον, (πεζύς, νέμομαι) *commanding by land*

πεζοπορέω, *to go on foot*. 2. *to go by land*. From

πεζοπόρος, *ον*, (πεζός, πορεύειν) *going on foot, walking*. 2. *going by land*.

πεζός, *ή, όν*, (πέζα) *on foot, walking*; πεζοί *foot-soldiers*, *opp.* to ιππείς; so, πεζός στρατός is sometimes *foot-soldiery*, *opp.* to cavalry; but also a *land-army*, *opp.* to a sea-force; δ πεζός, and τὸ πεζόν are also so used. II. *on land, going or travelling by land*; *Dat. fem.* πεζῇ as *Adv.* (sub. δδῶ), *on foot or by land*; *fem. πεζῇ* as *sub.* to follow by land.

πει, *Dor.* for πῇ, ποῦ.

πειθάνω *Ion.* πειθῆνω, *ορος*, δ, *ή*, (πειθομαι, ἀνῆρ) *obeying men, obedient*.

πειθαρχέω, *ή, ήσω*, also *Med.* —έομαι, (πειθαρχος) *to obey one in authority, be obedient*. Hence

πειθαρχία, *ή*, *obedience*.

πειθάρχος, *ον*, (πειθομαι, ἀρχή) *obeying one in authority, obedient*.

πειθῆμι, *Aeol.* for πείθω.

πειθός, *ή, όν*, (πειθώ) = *πεινάος, persuasive*.

ΠΕΙΘΩ, *fut.* πείσω: *aor.* 1 *έπεισα*: *aor.* 2 *έπιθον*

Ep. redupl. πέπιθον, 1 *pl. subj.* πεπιθόμεν, *opt.* πεπιθόμεν, *inf.* πεπιθεῖν, *part.* πεπιθών: *pf.* πέπεικα:—

Med. and *Pass.* πείθομαι: *fut.* πείσομαι: *aor.* 2 *έπιθόμην* *Ep.* πιθόμην, *imperat.* πίθου, *Ep. redupl.* opt. πεπιθόμεν, *inf.* πιθέσθαι: *pf.* med. πέποιθα; *plqpf.* πεποίηθα, *contr.* 1 *pl.* έπέπιθμεν: *pf. pass.* πέπεισμαι.

Homer has also a *fut.* πιθήσω and *aor.* 1 *part.* πιθήσας, *intr.* as if from πιθέω: but the *redupl.* *aor.* 1 *subj.* πεπιθήσω is *transit.*:

1. *Act.* to prevail upon, win over, talk over, persuade: in bad sense, to mislead, over-persuade, cheat. 2. to prevail on by entreaty, to appease, propitiate; πείθειν τινα χρήμασι to bribe one. 3. to impel, stir up. 4. *c. dupl. acc.*, πείθειν τινά τι to persuade one of a thing. 5. *c. acc. rei only*, to argue a point. II. *Med.* and *Pass.* to be won over, prevailed on, persuaded to comply. 2. πείθεσθαι τινι to listen to a person, obey, comply with; γηράι πείθεσθαι to yield to old age. 3. πείθεσθαι τινι to believe or trust in a thing; also *c. neut. acc.*, ταῦτ' ἐγώ σοι οὐ πείθομαι I do not take this on your word; *c. acc. et inf.* to believe that . . . III. *pf.* med. πέποιθα, *inf.* πεποιθέναί, to trust, rely, have confidence in.

IV. *pf. pass.* πέπεισμαι to be fully persuaded, believe, trust: of things, to be believed. Hence

Πειθώ, *δος contr.* οὐς, *ή*, *Persuasion personified as a goddess*, *Lat.* Suada, Suadela. II. the faculty of persuasion, eloquence, persuasiveness. 2. a persuasion in the mind. 3. a means of persuasion, inducement; *dat.* πειθῶ by fair means, *opp.* to βία by force. 4. obedience.

ΠΕΙΝΑ or πείνη, *ή*, *hunger, famine*, *Lat.* fames. 2. *metaph.* hunger or longing for a thing. Hence

πεινάλεος, *a, ov*, *hungry, empty*. [α̅]

πεινάμες, *Aeol.* for πεινώμεν, 1 *pl.* of πεινάω.

πεινάντο, *Dor.* for πεινῶντι, *dat. pres. part.* of πεινάω: also for πεινώσι 3 *pl. pres.*

πεινάω *contr.* πεινώ, *ής, ή*; *inf.* πεινήν *Ep.* πεινή-

μεναι; *fut.* πεινήσω, later πεινάσω [α̅]: (πεινα): *aor.* 1 *έπεινησα*, later —άσα: *pf.* πέπεινηκα:—to be hungry, suffer hunger, be famished. II. *c. gen.* to hunger after: *metaph.* to hunger after or for, crave after.

πεινώω, *Ion.* for πεινάω.

πεινή, —πεινά.

πεινήν, *inf.* of πεινάω; *Ep.* πεινήμεναι.

ΠΕΙΡΑ, *ή*, *trial, attempt, essay, experiment*: hence

experience; πείραν έχειν to have experience, to make proof of; ἐπὶ πείρᾳ by way of test or trial. II.

an attempt, plot or design against one. III. generally, an attempt, plan, enterprise.

πείρα, *Ep.* for έπειρα, *aor.* 1 of πείρω.

πείρα, *ή*, (πείρω) a point, edge.

πειράζω, *f. άσω*: *Pass.* *aor.* 1 *έπειράσθην*: *pf.* πεπειράσμαι:—like πείρω, to make proof or trial of one:—to tempt, make trial of, seek to seduce. II.

to attempt a thing.

Πειραιεύς or Πειραιεύς, *δ*, *Peiræus*, the most famous harbour of Athens, from which it was distant about five English miles: *gen.* Πειραιεύς or —αῖος; *dat.* —αίε; *acc.* —αῖα.

Πειραιεύς, *Adv.* at or in Peiræus.

πειραῖνα, *f. άνῶ*: *aor.* 1 *έπειρηνα*: (πειρα):—to bind, tie on or to, fasten on by a knot; σείρην ἐξ αὐ-

τοῦ πειρήνατε tying a rope from or to it. II. lengthd. for περαιῖνα, to end, complete, finish; in *Pass.*, πάντα πεπειράνται (3 *sing. pf.*) all has been completed.

πείραν, *Ep.* 3 *pl. aor.* 1 of πείρω.

ΠΕΙΡΑΡ, *άρος, τό*, *poët.* for πέρας, an end; in *plur.*, πείρατα γαῖης the ends of the earth: the ends of ropes, knotted ropes. II. the end or issue of a thing: the furthest point, the utmost verge; the chief or most important object. III. *act. that which finishes*; a goldsmith's tools are called πείρατα τέχνης, the finishers of art.

πειράω, *ή*, (πειράω) a trying: an attempt.

πειρασμός, *δ*, (πειράω) a tempting, temptation.

πειράτέον, or in *plur.* —έα, *verb. Adj.* of πειράω, one must make trial, attempt.

πειράτῃρ, *ήρος, δ*, *collat. form* of πειρατής.

πειράτῃρον *Ion.* πειρητ—τό, (πειράω) a means of trying or proving, ordeal; φόνια πειρατήρια the murderous ordeal, i. e. torture. II. a pirate's net.

πειρατής, *οῦ, δ*, (πειράω) one who attempts: a pirate, *Lat.* pirata.

πειρατικός, *ή, όν*, *piratical*.

πειράω, *f. άσω* *Ion.* ήσω: more freq. as *Dep.* πειράομαι, with *fut. med.* πειράσομαι, *Dor.* 2 *pl.* πειρα-σέσθε: *aor.* 1 *med.* έπειράσμεν *Ion.* έπειρησάμην; *pass.* έπειράθην [α̅] *Ion.* έπειρήθην: *pf. pass.* πεπειρά-μαι *Ion.* πεπειρήμαι: (πειρά):—to attempt, undertake, try. 2. *c. gen. pers.* to make trial of a person; to try to persuade him: also to make an attempt on, attack: also *c. acc.* to make an attempt on. 3. *absol.* to try one's skill or luck in a thing. II. the *Dep.* πειράομαι is mostly used with *gen. pers.*, to make trial

of one, *put him to the proof*; hence to *examine, question*: also to *try oneself against another, to match oneself with him* 2. c. gen. rei, to *make trial or proof of a thing, have experience of*. 3. absol. to *try one's strength, make a trial*: to *make a trial or attempt with words*; *πειπερήμαι μύθοις* I have tried myself, i. e. I am versed or skilled, in words.

πειρηθείν, πειρηθῆναι, aor. I opt. and inf. pass. of *πειράω, πειράομαι*.

πειρητήριον, τό, Ion. for *πειράτήριον*.

πειρητίζω, f. *ίσω*, = *πειράω*, to *attempt, try, prove*.

II. c. gen. pers. to *make trial of, put to the proof*: also to *try another in battle*: c. acc. to *attempt, attack, assail*.

πίειρος, ἴθος, ἡ: acc. *πείρινθα*:—the wicker-basket used in Greece as the body of a cart upon the ἄμαξα or carriage.

ΠΕΙΡΩ, fut. *περῶ*: aor. I *ἔπειρα* Ep. *πείρα*: Pass., aor. 2 *ἐπάρην* [ᾶ] pf. *πέπαρμαι*: (*πέρας*):—to *pierce quite through, to run through, pierce, of meat, to spit*; *κρέα ἀμφ' ὀβελοῖσιν ἔπειραν* they stuck the meat on the spits:—pf. part., *ἤλοισι πεπαρμένον* stuck close or studded with nails; metaph., *ὀδύνησι πεπαρμένος* pierced with pain.

II. metaph., *κύματα πείρειν* to *cleave the waves*; *πείρει κέλευθον* cleave her way (through the waves).

πείσῃς, ἡς, ἡ, (*πείθω*) doct. for *πειθῶ*, *persuasion or obedience, subjection*.

πείσεις, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of *πείθω*.

πεισί-βροτος, ον, (*πείθω*, *βροτός*) *persuading or convincing mortals*.

πείσκειν, Ep. for *πείσειν*, fut. inf. of *πείθω*.

πείσμα, ατος, τό, (*πείθω*) the cable by which the ships were secured by the stern to the land: generally, a cable, rope.

II. *that on which one may trust*.

πεισμονή, ἡ, (*πείθω*) *earnest persuasion, solicitation*.

πείσομαι, fut. med. of *πείθω*.

πείσομαι, irreg. fut. of *πάσχω*.

πειστέον, verb. Adj. of *πείθω*, *one must persuade*. II.

(from Pass.) *one must obey*: cf. *ἀρτέον*.

πειστήριος, α, ον, (*πείθω*) *fit for persuading, persuasive, winning*.

πειστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*πείθω*) *persuasive*.

πείσω, fut. of *πείθω*.

πέκος, τό, (*πέκω*) wool, a fleece.

πεκτέω, f. *ήσω*, (*πέκω*) to *shear, clip*.

ΠΕΚΩ Ep. *πέκω*: f. *πέγω*: aor. I med. *ἐπεξάμην*, part. *ἐπεγμένος*; aor. I pass. *ἐπέχθη*:—to *comb or card wool*, Lat. *pectere*: med., *χαίτας πεξαμένη* having combed her hair.

2. to *shear, clip*.

πελάγισος, f. ἴσω, (*πέλαγος*) to *form a sea or lake*:

of a river, to *overflow*: of places, to *be flooded, swamped*.

II. to *be out at sea*.

πελάγιος, α, ον, also *ος, ον*, (*πέλαγος*) of, on or by the sea: *living in the sea*, Lat. *marinus*: *out at sea*, on the open sea.

πελάγιτης [ῖ], *ου, ὁ*, fem. *-ῖτις, ἴδος*, (*πέλαγος*) of or on the sea.

ΠΕΛΑΓΟΣ, *ος, τό*: Ep. dat. pl. *πελάγεσσι*:—the sea, the high sea, open sea, the main, Lat. *pelagus*: any large expanse of water is so called: metaph. of anything huge or excessive, as, *πέλαγος καῶν α* 'sea of troubles.'

πελάζω: f. *πελάω* Att. *πελῶ*: aor. I *ἐπέλασσα* Ep. *πέλασα*, *ἐπέλασα* and *πέλασσα*: aor. I med. *ἐπελάσασθην*: Pass., aor. I *ἐπελάσθην* poet. *ἐπλάθην* [ᾶ] Ep. aor. 2 pass. *ἐπλήμην*, 3 sing. and pl. *πλήτω*, *πλήντω* and *ἐπλήντω* pf. pass. *ἐπλημαι* part. *ἐπλημένος*:—*πελάω*, *πελάθω*, *πλάθω* are collat. forms: (*πέλας*): I. intrans. to *approach, draw near* to any point: absol. to *come near, draw near or nigh*.

II. trans. to *bring near or to, make to approach or draw nigh*; *πελάζειν νευρήν μαζί* to draw the bowstring to one's breast:—metaph., *πελάζειν τινα ὀδύνην* to *bring him near to anguish*; so, *ἔπος ἔρως, ἀδάμαντι πελάσας* I will speak a word, having made it firm as adamant; *φυγὰ μ' οὐκέτ' ἀπ' αὐλίων πελάτε* (sc. ὕμιν) no more will ye draw me after you in flight from my cave: c. gen. pro dat., *πέρα πελάσαι φάος νεῶν* thou may'st bring light near the ships.

III. in Pass. like the intr. Act. to *be brought near or close to, come nigh, approach*; *ἐπεὶ τὰ πρῶτα ἐπέλασθεν* when they first drew near: so in Ep. aor. 2, *ἀσπίδες ἐπλήντη* ἀλλήλων the shields were brought close to each other; *πλήτω χθονί* he came near, i. e. sank to earth; so also, *πελασθήναι ἐπὶ τὸν θεόν* to draw nigh to the god.

2. to *approach or wed* a woman.

πελάθω [ᾶ], collat. form of *πελάζω*, always intr.

πέλανος, ὁ, any half-liquid mixture, of various consistency; a mixed mass or gruel, applied to oil, honey, foam, clotted blood.

II. of a mixture offered to the gods, of meal, honey and oil, poured out, (Deriv. uncertain.)

πελαργιδεύς, ὁ, (*πελαργός*) a young stork.

πελαργικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a stork. From

πελαργός, ὁ, (*πελός, ἀργός*) the stork.

ΠΕΛΑΓΟΣ, Adv. *near, hard by, close, nigh* to. mostly c. gen., but also c. dat.: c. gen. it answers to Lat. *prope* ab aliquo loco, c. dat. to Lat. *prope* ad aliquem locum.

II. absol. *near, nigh at hand*: οἱ *πέλας* one's neighbours, fellow-creatures, mankind: rare in sing., ὁ *πέλας* one's neighbour.

πελασάτω, Ep. for *πελάσαιντο*, 3 pl. aor. I opt. med. of *πελάω*.

Πελασγικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the Pelasgians: τὸ *Πελασγικόν* name of the northern side of the Acropolis at Athens. From

Πελασγός, ὁ, a Pelasgian; *Πελασγοί, οἱ*, the Pelasgians, placed in Thessaly by Homer, but among the allies of the Trojans; also in Crete and about Dodona: contrasted by Herodotus with the Hellenes.

πελάτης [ᾶ], *ου, ὁ*, fem. *-άτις, ἴδος*, (*πελάζω*) one who approaches or comes near, a neighbour, Lat. *decima*: also an invader, intruder.

II. c. client.

πελάω, shorter form of *πελάζω*, trans and intrans. 1. to *bring near*. 2. to *come or draw near*.

πλέθος or σπέλεθος, δ, (πηλός) *ordure, dung*.
 πλέθρον, τό, lengthd. poet. form for πλέθρον.
 πλεία, ἡ, (πελός) *the wood-pigeon, ring-dove, cushat*,
 from its dark colour. II. πέλειαι, αἱ, name of
 the prophetic priestesses, derived from the prophetic
 doves of Dodona.

Πελειάς, ἄδος, ἡ, = πέλεια.
 Πελαΐδες, αἱ, = Πλειάδες, *the Pleiads*: also in sing.
 Πελαΐς, ἄδος, ἡ, a *Pleiad*.

Πελαιο-θρέμων, ον, (πέλεια, τρέφω) *pigeon-feed-
 ing*.
 Πελεπᾶν, ἄνος, or πελεκᾶς, ἄντος, Dor. πελεκᾶς, ἄ,
 δ, (πελεκᾶς) *the woodpecker, the joiner-bird*. II.
the pelican.

Πελεκᾶς, f. ἦσω, (πέλεκυς) *to bew or shave with an
 axe, rough-bew, Lat. dolare*.
 πελεκίζω, f. ἰσώ, (πέλεκυς) *to strike with an axe, to
 behead, Lat. securi percutere*.

Πελεκίνος, δ, = πελεκᾶν π, a water-bird of the *pelican*
 kind.
 πελεκίκτης, for ἐπελέκκησε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of
 πελέκω.

Πελέκων, τό, (πέλεκυς) *an axe-handle*.
 Πελέκτις, εως Ion. εος, δ: dat. pl. πελέκεσι Ep. πε-
 λέκεσι:—a double-edged axe, an axe; οὐ δόρασι
 μάχεσθαι, ἀλλὰ καὶ πελέκεσι to fight not with spears
 only, but also with axes, i. e. not soldiers only, but
 every man.

Πελεμίζω, fut. ξω: Ep. aor. I πελέμιστα: aor. I pass.
 ἐπελεμήχην: (πάλλω):—to swing, shake, to make to
 shake, quiver or tremble:—Pass. to be shaken, to
 tremble, quake: to be driven away, flee trembling.
 Πελεμήχην, Ep. for ἐπελεμήχην, aor. I pass. of
 πελεμίζω.

Πελέσκεο, Ion. and Ep. 2 sing. impf. of πέλωμαι.
 Πέλευ, Ep. 2 sing. imperat. of πέλωμαι.
 Πελιγιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, Ion. for πελειάς.
 Πελιδνός or Πελιτνός, ἡ, ὄν, (Πελιός) *livid*.
 Πελιός, ἄ, ὄν, (Πελός) of the body, discoloured by a
 bruise, *livid*.
 ΠΕ΄ΛΛΑ Ion. Πέλλη, ἡ, ἡ, a wooden bowl, milk-
 pail, Lat. *mulcitra*. II. a drinking-cup.

ΠΕΛΛΟ΄Σ or Πελός, ἡ, ὄν, Lat. *PULLUS*, dark-
 coloured, blackish, dusky.

Πέλωες, Dor. for πέλωμεν, I pl. of πέλω.
 Πελοποννήσιοι, οἱ, the *Peloponnesians*.
 Πελοποννησιῶτι, Adv. in the *Peloponnesian* (i. e.
 Dorian) dialect. From

Πελοπόν-νησος, ἡ, = Πέλωπος νῆσος, the *Peloron-
 nesus*, now the *Morea*.

Πελός, ἡ, ὄν, v. πελλός.
 Πέλωος, οπος, δ, (Πελός, ὄψ) *Pelops*, i. e. *dark-face*,
 son of *Tantalus*, said to have migrated from *Lydia*,
 and to have given his name to the *Peloponnesus*.

Πελάζω, f. σω, (πέλη) to serve as a *targeteer*.
 Πελαστῆς, οὐ, δ, (Πελάζω) one who bears a *target*
 or *light shield* (πέλη) instead of the large shield
 (ὄπλον), a *targeteer*, Lat. *cetratus*: they held a place

between the ὀπλίται or heavy-armed infantry, and the
 ψιλοί or light-armed troops. Hence

Πελαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, skilled in the use of the *target*:
 τὸ πελαστικόν, = οἱ πελασταί, *the body of targeteers*.
 ΠΕ΄ΑΤΗ, ἡ, a small light shield without a rim
 (true), orig. used by the *Thracians*. 2. a body of
targeteers (Πελασταί), as ἀσπίς for ἀσπιστοί, ὄπλον
 for ὀπλίται. III. a shaft, pole

III. a horse's ornament.

Πελο-φόρος, ον, (πέλη, φέρω) *bearing a target*.

ΠΕ΄ΛΩ, more common as Dep. πέλωμαι, only used
 in pres. and impf., which latter is used in syncop.
 forms, as 3 sing. impf., act. ἔπλεν for ἔπελεν; 2 sing.
 impf. med. ἔπλεο, ἔπλεν, for ἔπελον; 3 sing. ἔπλετο
 for ἔπελετο: the impf. is also lengthd. Ion. in 2 and
 3 sing. πέλεσκεο, πέλεσκετο: imperat. πέλεν: the
 pres. part. is syncop. in the compds. ἐπιπλόμενος,
 περιπλόμενος, for ἐπιπλόμενος, περιπλόμενος, but
 does not occur in the simple form:—orig. to be in
 motion, to go or come, rise; κλαγγὴ πέλει οὐρανὸν
 πρὸ the cry goes up to heaven; γῆρας καὶ θάνατος
 ἐπ' ἀνθρώποισι πέλονται old age and death come upon
 men.

II. to be, implying continuance, to be used
 or want to be: to become.

ΠΕ΄ΛΩΡ, τό, undeclined, a monster, of anything
 huge, but mostly in bad sense. Hence

Πελώριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, = πελώριος, monstrous,
 huge, immense; τὰ πρὶν πελώρια the mighty ones of
 old.

Πέλωρον, τό, = πέλωρ, a monster; πέλωρα θεῶν por-
 tents sent by the gods; strictly neut. of

Πέλωρος, η, ον, (πέλωρ) monstrous, prodigious, huge,
 portentous; and so, terrible: neut. pl. as Adv., πέ-
 λωρα, hugely, portentously.

Πέμμα, ατος, τό, (πέπεμμα) any kind of dressed
 food: esp. in plur. cakes, sweetmeats.

Πεμπάδ-ουργός, δ, (πέμμα, ἔργον) a pastry-cook.

Πεμπάδ-άρχος, δ, (Πεμπάς, ἄρχω) a commander of
 a body of five.

Πεμπάζω, f. ἄσω, to count on the five fingers, count
 by fives: generally, to count. From

Πεμπάς, ἄδος, ἡ, Aeol. for πεντάς, the number five:
 a body of five.

Πεμπαστής, οὐ, δ, (Πεμπάζω) one who counts by fives:
 generally, one who counts, μύρια πεμπαστής reviewing
 by tens of thousands.

Πέμπε, Aeol. for πέντε, five.

Πεμπέμεναι, πεμπέμεν, Ep. for πέμπειν.

Πεμπταίος, α, ον, (πέμπτος) in five days, on the
 fifth day.

Πεμπτ-ήμερος, ον, (πέμπτος, ἡμέρα) Dor. for πενθ-
 ἡμερος, of five days.

Πεμπτέον, verb. Adj. of πέμπω, one must send.

Πέμπτος, η, ον, (πέντε) the fifth; ἡ πέμπτῃ (sub.
 ἡμέρᾃ) the fifth day.

Πεμπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πέμπω, sent.

ΠΕ΄ΜΠΩ fut. πέμψω: aor. I ἐπέμψα Ep. πέμψα:
 pf. πέπομψα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπέμψην: pf. πέπεμψα.

3 sing. πεπεμπται:—to send, despatch.

II. to send off or away, dismiss, send home; *χρηξέινον παρεόντα φιλεῖν, ἐθέλοντα δὲ πέμπειν* 'welcome the coming, speed the parting guest.' 2. of things, to throw from one, of missiles, to shoot, dart, discharge.

III. to convoy, attend, escort, conduct; *ὁ πέμπων τὴν ἀποστολὴν* of Mercury; *πομπὴν πέμπειν* to conduct a procession 2. to send with one, esp. to take on a journey.

IV. to send up: of the earth, to produce. V. Med., *πέμπειν τινα*, to send for one. 2. to send one's own or in one's own service.

πεμπόβολον, τό, (πέμπε, ὁβολός) a five-pronged fork.

πέμψαις, 2 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of πέμπω.

πέμψεσθαι, Ep. for πέμψειν, fut. inf. of πέμπω.

πέμψις, εὐς, ἡ, (πέμπω) a sending: a mission.

πέμψω, πέμψει, Dor. for πέμψω, πέμψει.

πενέστερος, πενέστατος, Comp. and Sup. of πένης. πένεστος, οὐ, ὁ, a servant, labourer; the πενέσται were the Thessalian serfs or villains, like the Εἰλωτες in Laconia, orig. a conquered tribe, afterwards increased by prisoners of war. II. generally, any slave, bondsman, poor man.

πένης, ητος, ὁ, (πένομαι) one who earns his daily bread, a day-labourer, hence a poor man. II.

as Adj. poor: c. gen., like Lat. *egens*, πένης χρημάτων poor in money.—Comp. πενέστερος, Sup. πενέστωτος.

πενητο-κόμος, ον, (πένης, κομέω) tending the door.

πενθάλειος, α, ον, (πένθος) sad, mourning.

πινθία, ἡ, collat. form of πένθος.

πινθείετον, Ep. for πινθείτον, 3 dual of πινθέω.

πινθέρη, ἡ, fem. of πινθέρης, a mother-in-law, Lat.

SOULUS.

ΠΕΝΘΕΡΟΣ, ὁ, a father-in-law, Lat. *socer*; also *ἐκκύρς*. II. generally, a connexion by marriage, brother-in-law.

πινθέω, f. ἦσω: Ep. 3 dual πινθείετον for πινθείετον, πινθείτον: pres. inf. πινθήμεναι for πινθεῖν: (πένθος):—to bewail, lament, mourn for. Pass. to be mourned for. 2. to deplore a thing.

πένθημα, τό, (πινθέω) lamentation, mourning.

πινθήμεναι, Ep. inf. pres. of πινθέω.

πενθήμερος, ον, (πέντε, ἡμέρα) of, lasting five days: πινθήμερον, τό, a space of five days.

πενθ-ἡμιμερής, ἐς, (πέντε, ἡμιμερής) consisting of five halves, i.e. of two and a half; hence in Prosody, τριμῇ πινθῆμιμερής the caesura after two feet and a half, as in Iamb. Trim., opp. to τριμῇ ἐφθῆμιμερής the caesura after three feet and a half.

πενθ-ἡμιποδιαίος, α, ον, (πέντε, ἡμιποδιόν) consisting of five half feet, i.e. of 2½ feet.

πινθημων, ον gen. ονος, (πινθέω) mournful, sorrowful, sad.

πινθήρης, ἐς, (πένθος, ἀρᾶρειν) lamenting, mourning.

πινθητήρ, ητος, ὁ, ἡ (πινθέω) a mourner, wailer.

πινθητήριος, α, ον, (πινθέω) in sign of mourning.

πινθητήρια, ἡ, fem. of πινθητήρ.

πινθητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πένθος) of or for grief, mourning, sorrowful. Adv., πινθητικῶς ἔχειν τινός to be in mourning for a person.

πινθητικός, ον, in token of grief, mourning sorrowful. II. mournful, wretched. From

ΠΕΝΘΟΣ, εὐς, τό, grief, sorrow: mourning for the dead. II. a misfortune.

πινθία Ion. -ῖη, ἡ, (πινόμαι) poverty, need.

πινθῖα, ον, ον, collat. form of πινθῖος, πινθῖος.

πινθῖος, α, ὄν, like πένης, poor, needy.

ΠΕΝΟΜΑΙ, only used in pres. and impf.: Dep. I intr. to work for one's living, to toil, work, labour:—to be poor or needy: c. gen. to be poor in, have need of. II. trans. to work at, prepare, be busy with.

πενταδραχμία, ἡ, five drachms. From πιντά-δραχμος, ον, (πέντε δραχμή) of the weight or value of five drachms.

πιντά-ἄθλιον, τό, poet. for πιντάθλιον.

πιντά-ἄθλιον, τό, poet. for πιντάθλιον

πιντά-ἄθλιος, ὁ, poet. for πιντάθλιος.

πιντά-ἔτηρις, ἴδος, ἡ, five years, a space of five years.

II. as Adj. coming every five years, recurring at intervals of five years. From πιντά-ἔτηρος, ον, poet. for πινταετής, five years old. πιντά-ἔτης, ἐς or πιντα-ἔτης, ἐς, (πέντε, ἔτος) five years old. II. of Time, lasting five years: hence πινταετής, as Adv. for five years.

πιντά-ἄθλιον, τό, collat. form of πιντάθλιον.

πιντά-ἄθλιον Ion. πιντά-ἄθλιον, τό, (πέντε, ἄθλιον) the contest of the five exercises; πιντά-ἄθλιον ἀσκεῖν to practise the five exercises. These were ἄλμα, δίσκος, δρόμος, πάλη, πυγμή: but for the last the ἀκόντιος or ἀκων was substituted: the five are comprised in one Pentameter line,—ἄλμα, ποδάκειαν, δίσκον, ἀκόντα, πάλην.

πιντά-ἄθλιος Ion. πιντά-ἄθλιος, ὁ, (πέντε, ἄθλιον) one who practises the πιντάθλιον or five exercises, the conqueror in them. II. metaph. one who tries his hand at everything, a 'jack-of-all-trades.'

πιντά-αίχμιος, ον, (πέντε, αἰχμή) five-pointed.

πιντάκις, Adv. (πέντε) five times.

πιντάκις-μύριοι, α, α, five times 10,000 = 50,000

πιντάκις-χίλιοι, α, α, five times 1000 = 5000.

πιντάκόσιοι Ep. πιντακόσιοι, α, α, (πέντε) five hundred: also in sing. with a collective noun, πιντακόσια ἵππος five hundred horse. II. at Athens, οἱ πιντακόσιοι,—ἡ βουλὴ, the council of 500, i.e. the senate chosen by lot (οἱ ἀπὸ κλήρου), fifty from each of the ten tribes.

πιντάκοσιο-μέδιμνος, ον, (πιντακόσιοι, μέδιμνος) possessing land that produced 500 medimni yearly: acc. to Solon's distribution of the Athenian citizens the πιντακοσιομέδιμνοι formed the first class 'the other three being the πτωεῖς, (εὐγῆται, ἥγες.

πιντάκοσιοστὴς, ἡ, ὄν, (πιντακόσιοι) the five hundredth.

πιντά-κύμα, ἡ, (πέντε, κύμα) the fifth wave, sur-

posed to be larger than the four preceding; cf. *τρι-
κυ, ia, δεκακυμία*.
 πεντά-πάλαστος, *ον*, (πέντε, παλαστή) *five hand-
breadths wide*.
 πεντά-πηχυς, *υ, gen. εος*, (πέντε, πήχυς) *five cubits
long or broad*.
 πενταπλάσιος [ἀ], *α, ον*, (πέντε) *fivefold*.
 πενταπλήσιος, *η, ον*, *Ion. for πενταπλάσιος*.
 πεντά-πολις-ή, (πέντε, πόλις) *a state of five towns*,
 as *Τρίπολις* was a state of three, *Δεκάπολις* of ten.
 πεντάρ-ῤαγος, *ον*, (πέντε, ῤάξ) *with five berries*.
 πεντα-σπιῦδμος, *ον*, (πέντε, σπιθαμή) *five spans
long or broad*. [χ]
 πεντά-στίχος, *ον*, (πέντε, στίχος) *of five lines or
verses*.
 πεντά-στομος, *ον*, (πέντε, στόμα) *with five mouths
or openings, of the Nile and Danube*.
 πεντά-τευχος, *ον*, (πέντε, τεῦχος) *consisting of five
books in one volume: as Subst., πεντάτευχος* (sc.
βιβλος), *ή, the five books of Moses, Pentateuch*.
 πεντά-φύης, *ές*, (πέντε, φύή) *five in nature or
number*.
 πένταχᾶ, *Adv.* (πέντε) *fivefold, five-ways, in five
divisions*.
 πενταχοῦ, *Adv.* (πέντε) *in five places*.
 ΠΕΝΤΕ *Acol.* πέμπε, *οί, αἱ, τά*, indecl. *five*. *Iat.*
quinque. In *Compos.* it takes the form *πεντα-*
 as well as *πεντε-*.
 πεντε-καί-δεκα, *οί, αἱ, τά*, indecl. *fifteen*.
 πεντεκαίδεκά-ναῦα, *ή, (πεντεκαίδεκα, ναῦς) a squad-
ron of fifteen ships*.
 πεντεκαίδεκα-τάλαντος, *ον*, (πεντεκαίδεκα, τάλαν-
 τον) *of fifteen talents worth or weight*.
 πεντε-καί-δέκατος, *η, ον*, *fifteenth*.
 πεντεκαίδεκ-ήρης, *ες*, *with fifteen banks of oars*.
 πεντε-σύριγγος, *ον*, (πέντε, σύριγξ) *with five pipes
or holes; ξύλον πεντεσύριγγον a wooden machine fur-
nished with five holes, through which the head, arms,
and legs of criminals were passed, a sort of pillory*.
 πεντε-τάλαντος, *ον*, (πέντε, τάλαντον) *worth five
talents: for the recovery of five talents, of a law-suit*.
 πεντ-ετηρίς, *ιδος, ή, a term or space of five years;*
*διὰ πεντετηρίδος at intervals of five years, every five
years*. II. *a festival celebrated every five years,*
such as the Panathenaea at Athens. From
 πεντ-έτης, *ες*, (πέντε, ἔτος) *of five years, lasting
five years*.
 πεντε-τριάξω, *to conquer five times*.
 πεντήκοντα, *οί, αἱ, τά*, indecl. (πέντε) *fifty*.
 πεντηκοντά-ετις, *ιδος, ή, fem. of*
 πεντηκοντά-ετής, *ές or -έτης, es, contr. -ούτης,*
(πεντήκοντα, ἔτος) of fifty years, lasting for fifty years.
 πεντηκοντά-κάρηνος, *ον*, (πεντήκοντα, κάρηνον)
fifty-beaded.
 πεντηκοντά-κεφάλος, *ον*, (πεντήκοντα, κεφαλή)=
 πεντηκοντακάρηνος.
 πεντηκοντά-παις, -παιδος, *ό, ή, consisting of fifty
childr*.

πεντηκόντ-αρχος, *ό*, (πεντήκοντα, ἄρχω) *the com-
mander of fifty men*. II. *one who commands a*
πεντηκόντορος, the captain of a penteconter.
 πεντηκόντερος, *ή, = πεντηκόντορος*.
 πεντήκοντα, ἦρος, *ό*, (πεντήκοντα) *the commander
of fifty men, a title peculiar to the Spartan army*.
 πεντηκοντό-γῦδος, *ον*, (πεντήκοντα, γῦα) *of fifty
acres of corn-land*.
 πεντηκοντό-όργυιος, *ον*, (πεντήκοντα, όργυια) *fifty
fathoms deep, big, etc*.
 πεντηκόντορος, *ή*, *with and without ναῦς*, (πεντή-
 κοντα) *a ship of burden with fifty oars*.
 πεντηκοντ-ούτης, *ες*, *contr. for πεντήκονταέτης*.
 πεντηκόσιοι, *αι, α, Ep. for πεντάκισιοι*.
 πεντηκοστεῖω, *ι, σω*, (πεντηκοστή) *to collect the tax*
πεντηκοστή or two per cent:—Pres. to pay the tax.
 πεντηκοστή, *ή*, *see πεντηκοστής*.
 πεντηκοστήρ, ἦρος, *ό, = πεντηκοντήρ*.
 πεντηκοστο-λόγος, *ον*, (πεντηκοστή, λέγω) *collect-
ing the tax πεντηκοστή: as Subst., πεντηκοσταλόγος,*
ό, the collector of the πεντηκοστή.
 πεντηκοστό-παις, -παιδος, *ό, ή, (πεντήκοντα, παῖς)
with fifty children*.
 πεντηκόσιος, *ή, όν*, (πεντήκοντα) *fiftieth*. II.
*as Subst., πεντηκοστή, ή, I. (sub. μερίς), the fiftieth
part, at Athens, the tax of the fiftieth, or two per cent.,
imposed on all exports and imports*. 2. (sub.
*ἡμέρα), the fiftieth day after the Passover, the day of
Pentecost. Hence*
 πεντηκοστής, *υος, ή, the number fifty, a number of
fifty, as a division of the Spartan army*.
 πεντ-ήρης, *ες*, (πέντε, ἑρέσω) *with five banks of oars:*
as Subst., πεντήρης (sub. ναῦς), ή, a quinquereme.
 πέντ-οςος, *ον*, (πέντε, όςος) *having five branches or
poins: Hes. calls the hand πέντορον, the five-pointed*.
 πεντ-όργυιος, *ον*, (πέντε, όργυια) *of five fathoms*.
 πεντ-ώβολος, *ον*, (πέντε, όβολός) *of or worth five
obols: as Subst., πεντάβολον, τό, a five-obol piece:*
*πεντάβολον ἡλιάσασθαι to sit in the court Heliaea at
five obols a day*.
 πεξαμένη, *aor. I med. part. fem. of πέκω*.
 πεξάω. *Dor. for πέξω, fut. of πέκω*.
 ΠΕΨΩ, *ες, τό, membrum virile, Lat. penis*.
 πεπαθῦια, *Ep. for πεπονθῦια, pf. part. fem. of πάσχω*.
 πεπαλνω, *ι, άνω: aor. I ἐπεάνθη: Pass., fut. πεπα-
θήσομαι: aor. I ἐπεάνθη: pf. inf. πεπάνω: (πέ-
πων):—to ripen, make ripe or mellow: of pain, etc.,
to soothe, assuage, soften:—Pass. to become ripe, soft,
mellow: to be softened*. II. *intr. to become ripe,
mellow*.
 πεπαίτερος, πεπαίτατος, *irreg. Comp. and Sup. of
πέπων*.
 πεπαλαγμένος, πεπαλάχθαι, *pf. pass. part. and inf.
of παλάσσω*.
 πεπαλακτο, 3 *sing. plpf. pass. of παλάσσω*.
 πεπαλαιομαι, *pf. pass. of παλαιο*.
 πέπαλμαι, *pf. pass. of πάλλω*.
 πεπαλών, *Ep. redupl. aor. 2 part. of πάλλω*.

πεπαμαι, pf. of πάμαι.
 πέπανος, on, collat. form of πέπων, *ripe, mellow*.
 πεπαρῖν, an old aor. 2 inf. to display, manifest.
 πέπαρμαι, pf. pass. of πείρω: inf. πεπαρῖναι.
 πεπαρμένος, pf. pass. part. of πείρω.
 πέπασθαι, pf. inf. of πατέρομαι.
 πεπασθαι, pf. inf. of πάμαι, to possess.
 πέπασμαι, πεπάσθην, pf. and plqpf. of πατέρομαι.
 πεπάχυσμαι, pf. pass. of παχύνω.
 πεπειῖσθαι, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of πείθω.
 πέπεικα, pf. of πείθω.
 πέπειρος, on, also fem. πέπειρα, = πέπων, *ripe, mellow*, Lat. *maturus*: metaph. *mild, softened*.
 πέπεισθί, 2 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of πείθω.
 πέπεισμαι, pf. pass. of πείθω.
 πεπέρασμαι, pf. pass. of περαίνω.
 πεπερημένος, Ep. pf. part. pass. of περάω.
 πέπηγα, pf. med. of πήγνυμι.
 πεπιέσμαι, pf. pass. of πιάζω.
 πεπιθέσθαι, redupl. aor. 2 med. inf. of πείθω.
 πεπιθήσω, Ep. fut. of πείθω.
 πέπιθον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of πείθω; πεπιθόμεν I pl. subj.; πεπιθόμεν, πεπιθοῖεν I and 3 pl. opt.: inf. πεπιθεῖν, fem. part. πεπιθούσα.
 πεπιλάνημένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of πλανάω, *roaming, wandering*.
 ιεπίπασμαι, pf. pass. of πλάσσω.
 ιεπένυσμαι, pf. pass. of πλέω.
 ιεπληγγέμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of πλήσσω.
 ιεπλήγων, πεπληγόμεν, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 act. and mid. of πλήσσω.
 ιεπληγώς, pf. part. of πλήσσω.
 ιεπλήμα, pf. pass. of πελάζω.
 ΙΕΠΛΟΣ, ὁ, in Poets also with irreg. pl. πέπλα, τά, Lat. *peplum*, any woven cloth used for a covering, a sheet, banging, curtain. II. a large full robe or shawl worn by women: esp. the robe of Minerva, which was carried in procession at the Panathenaic festival. III. also a man's cloak or robe, of the long Eastern dress.
 ιεπλύμαι, pf. pass. of πλύνω: inf. πεπλύνθαι.
 πεπλώμα, atos, τό, (πέπλος) a flowing robe, garment.
 πεπνύμαι, poet. pf. pass. of πνέω, used as pres., to have breath or soul; metaph. to be wise, discreet, prudent, sage; 2 sing. πεπνύσαι; inf. πεπνύσθαι; 2 sing. plqpf. πεπνύσο:—part. πεπνυμένος used as Adj. sage, wise, prudent.
 πεπνυμένος, part. of πέννυμι.
 πέποιθα, perf. med. of πείθω, to trust, rely on. Hence πεποιθεα, Ep. for ἐπεποιθεῖν, plqpf. med. of πείθω.
 πεποίθησις, ἡ, trust, reliance, boldness.
 πεποίθην, opt. of πέποιθα.
 πεποίθωμεν, Ep. for ἐπεποιθόμεν, I pl. subj. of πέποιθα.
 πεποίσω, subj. of πέποιθα.
 πεπόλιστο, Ep. 3 sing plqpf. pass. of πόλιζω.
 πέπομαι, pf. pass. of πίνω.
 πεπόνητο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of πονέω.

πέπονθα, pf. 2 of πάσχω.
 πέπορθα, pf. med. of πέρω.
 πέποσθε, Ep. for πεπόνθατε, 2 pl. pf. of πάσχω.
 πεποτήσθαι, Ep. for πεπύτηνται, 3 pl. pf. of ποτάομαι: πεποτήσθαι, inf. of same.
 πέπρωγα, pf. 2 of πράσσω.
 πέπρωμαι, pf. pass. of πράσσω.
 πέπρωκα, πέπρωμαι, pf. act. and pass. of πιπράσκω.
 πέπρισμαι, pf. pass. of πρίω.
 πέπρωται, πέπρωτο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of an obsol. Verb *πρίω (from which also comes aor. 2 ἔπορον):—it has, had been fated; part. πεπωμένος, fated: ἡ πεπωμένη (sub. μοῖρα), that which is fated, fate, destiny, like εἰμαρμένη.
 πέπτῳμαι, pf. pass. of πετάννυμι: part. πεπταμένος.
 πεπτέσθαι, for πέπτανται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of πετάννυμι.
 πεπτέωτα, for πεπτῶτα, pf. part. nom. and acc. neut. of πίπτω.
 πεπτηώς, Ep. for πεπτηκώς, pf. part. of πτήσσω. frightened, timid, shy.
 πέπτωκα, pf. of πίπτω.
 πεπτώς, Att. pf. part. of πίπτω.
 πέπτω, see πέσσω.
 πεπύθοιτο [ῶ], 3 sing. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 opt. of πυθάνομαι.
 πεπύκασμένος, pf. pass. part. of πυκάω.
 πέπυσμαι, pf. of πυνθάνομαι: inf. πεπύσθαι.
 πένυστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of πυνθάνομαι.
 πέπωκα, pf. of πίνω.
 ΠΕΠΩΝ, on, gen. onos; Comp. and Sup. πεπωτέρος, -τατος:—of fruit, ripe, mellow, Lat. *unila, maturus*. II. metaph. soft, tender, gentle; also softened, assuaged: often used in addressing a person, ὦ πέπων, as Subst., oh my friend: so, ἰπιδέ πέπον my pet ram: in bad sense, ὦ πέπωνες ye weaklings, ye dastards.
 ΠΕΡ, enclit. Particle, adding force to the word to which it is annexed: much, very, often with an Adj. and the part. of εἶμι, ἐπεὶ μ' ἔτεκες γι μινυνθάδιον περ ὄντα since you have given birth to me all short-lived as I am: also with an Adj. only, κρατερός περ strong as he is; or with an Adv., μινυνθά περ, for a very little time; ὀλίγον περ little as it is. 2. to call attention to something objected to, albei, though, however; so, λυγὸς περ ἔων ἀγορητὴς however loud-tongued a talker he be. 3. also to strengthen a negation, οὐδέ περ, no, not even, not at all, where, as in Lat. *ne .. quidem*, οὐδέ is divided by one or more words from περ. II. To call attention to one of more things, however, at any rate, yet, as, ἄλλοι περ ἔλαρε pity others at any rate. III. περ is often attached to a relat. Pron., Adj. or Adv., as ὅσα περ, ἥπερ, διόπερ, ὥσπερ, etc.
 πέρα, Adv. beyond, across or over further, Lat. *ultra*; μέχρι τοῦ μέσου πέρα δ' οὐ as far as the middle, but no further. II. of Time, beyond, longer: c. gen., πέρα μεσούσης ἡμέρας beyond midday. III. metaph. beyond measure, excessively: c. gen., πέρα

δικη *beyond all justice*, IV. absol. expressing something greater: ἅπιστα καὶ πέρα κλύων hearing things incredible, and more than that.

περᾶν, Ep. for περᾶν, pres. inf. of περάω.

περάσκει, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of περάω.

περᾶθεν Ion. πέρηθεν, Adv. (πέρα) from beyond, from the far side.

περαῖνω: aor. I ἐπεράνω: Pass., aor. I ἐπεράσθην: pf. πεπέρασμαι, inf. πεπεράσθαι: (πέρας)—to bring to an end, finish, complete: to bring about, accomplish:—Pass. to be brought to an end, be finished: to be fulfilled, accomplished.

2. περαίνειν λόγον to end a discourse: hence absol. to conclude, come to an end.

II. intr. to extend, reach, or penetrate.

περαῖος, α, ov, (πέραν) being or dwelling beyond, esp. beyond the sea or river.

II. ἡ περαῖη (sub. γῆ or χώρα) as Subst., the country beyond the sea or river: the country over against or opposite. Hence

περαῖω, f. ὥσω: aor. I ἐπεραῖωσα: Pass., f. περαιώθσομαι: aor. I ἐπεραιώσθην: pf. πεπεραιώμαι:—to carry or convey to the opposite country or bank, carry over or across:—Pass. to pass over, cross.

II. intr. in Act. to cross, pass over.

περαιτέρος, α, ov, Comp. of πέρα, beyond, further: ὁδοὶ περαιτέραι roads leading further: Adv. περαιτέρω: also neut. περαιτέρων, further, beyond.

περᾶν Ion. and Ep. πέρην, Adv. (πέρα) on the other side of, across, Lat. trans, c. gen. 2. absol. over, to or on the opposite side: πέραν εἰς τὴν Ἀσίαν διαβῆναι to cross over into Asia.

II. over against, c. gen., α, Χαλκίδος πέραν.

III. sometimes = πέρα, out beyond.

περαντικός, ἡ, ὄν, (περαίνω) conclusive.

περ-άπτω, Aeol. for περιάπτω.

περᾶς, ἄτος, τό, (πέρα) an end, extremity: an end, issue, termination: as Adv., at last. 2. in a race-course, the goal, Lat. meta.

II. metaph. accomplishment, the power of accomplishing.

περάσιμος, ov, (περάω) that may be crossed or traversed, passable. [ᾶ]

περάσις, ἡ, (περάω) a going beyond, passing: βίον περάσις passage from life (to death).

περάσιος, η, ov, (πέρα) on the opposite side, Lat. ulterior.

II. ἡ περάτιη (sub. γῆ or χώρα) as Subst., the opposite country, also the opposite quarter of the heavens, esp. of the west, as opp. to the east.

περάσιος Ion. περητός, ἡ, ὄν, (περάω) like περάσιμος, that may be crossed or passed over.

περάω (A), inf. περᾶν Ep. περάν: Ion. impf. περάσκων: fut. περάσω [ᾶ] Ion. περήσω, Ep. inf. περησέμεναι: aor. I ἐπεράσα Ion. ἐπέρησα: pf. πεπεράκα (πέρα):

I. trans. to drive right across or through. 2. to pass across or through, to pass over, cross, traverse: τάφρος ἀργαλή περάν a ditch hard to pass: metaph. κίνδυνον περᾶν to pass through a danger: περᾶν ὄρκον to go through or recite the terms of an oath.

2. to let go through. II. intr. to penetrate or pierce right through: to extend,

reach. 2 to pass right across or through, pass, traverse, go through, or over. 3. c. gen. to exceed, go beyond in.

περάω (B): fut. περάσω [ᾶ] Ep. περάσσω Att. περώ: aor. I ἐπεράσα Ep. ἐπέρασα: pf. pass. πεπέρημαι: (πέρα):—to carry beyond seas for sale, hence to sell, mostly to sell as slaves: περᾶν τινα Λήμνον to sell one to Lemnos.

Περγᾶμια, ἡ, = Πέργαμι

Περγᾶμιος, ἡ, Pergamos, the citadel of Troy: also in pl. Πέργαμια, τά, as appellat., like ἀκρόπολις, the citadel of any town.

ΠΕΡΑΙΞΕ, ἴκος or ἴκος, ὁ and ἡ, the partridge, Lat. perdix, -icis.

ΠΕΡΑΟΜΑΙ, Dep., with act. aor. 2 ἐπαρδον, pf. πέπορδα:—to break wind.

περσιμένον, Aeol. for πεσιειμένον, pf. pass. part. of περ-έννυμι.

πέρηθεν, Adv., Ion. for πέραθεν.

πέρην, Adv., Ion. for πέραν.

περησέμεναι, Ep. for περήσειν, fut. inf. of περάω.

περητός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for περᾶτός.

πέρθω, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of πέρθω.

ΠΕΡΘΩ, fut. πέρω: pf. πέπορθα: aor. I ἐπερσα: aor. 2 ἐπαρδον, inf. πρᾶθην Ep. πρᾶθειν:—Pass. with fut. med. πέρσομαι: Ep. aor. 2 inf. πέρθαι, like δέχθαι from δέχομαι:—to waste, ravage, sack, raze. 2. of persons, to destroy, kill, slay. 3. of things, to destroy. II. to get by plunder.

ΠΕΡΙ, Prep., with gen., dat., et acc.: Radic. sense, all around, about.

WITH GENITIVE: I. of Place, around, about, near.

II. Causal, about, concerning, on, of: περὶ νόστου ἄκουσα I have heard of his return: λέγειν περὶ τίνος to speak of a subject.

2. about, for, on account of: βουλεύειν περὶ φόβου to lay plans for the slaying.

3. of contending for an object: περὶ θανάτου, or the dead: θεῖν περὶ ψυχῆς to run for one's life: μάχεσθαι περὶ πύλιος to fight for the city.

4. of the motive: περὶ ἐρίδος μάρασθαι to fight for very enmity's sake.

5. about a Subst., as to, in reference to, with regard to, about: ἀριθμοῦ περὶ as to number.

III. like Lat. *prae*, before, above, beyond: περὶ πάντων ἔμμεναι ἄλλων to be above or before all the rest: in this sense, the Prep. is often divided from its gen.

IV. the following phrases are of common occurrence: περὶ πολλοῦ ἔστιν ἡμῖν, it is of much consequence to us: περὶ πολλοῦ ποιέσθαι or ἡγεῖσθαι τι, to reckon a thing worth much: περὶ πλείονος, περὶ ὀλίγου, περὶ οὐδενὸς ποιέσθαι to reckon a thing of more, of little, of no consequence.

WITH DATIVE of the object, about, or near which a thing is, around, about:

I. of Place, around, round about: περὶ χροῖ close round the skin: χεῖρ περὶ ἔγχεϊ the hand round, grasping the spear: ἀσπαρῖν περὶ δουρὶ to quiver round or on the spear.

2. hard by, near, always of several, as en-

compassing round about one.

II. Causal, of an object for which one fights; μάχεσθαι περί οἷσι κτεάτεσσι to fight for one's own possessions. 2. of anxiety, care, or confidence about a thing; *for*, about, on account of. 3. by reason of, like Lat. *propter*; περί φόβῳ for fear; περί χάριτι for joy.

WITH ACCUS. of the object round about which a thing goes or moves: I. of Place, about, around, near, *by*; ἡ περί Κνίδον ναυμαχία the sea-fight off Cnidos; περί τὰ ἔλεια οἰκόνουσι they dwell all about the marshes; πλείυνες περί ἑνα many round about one, many to one. II. of persons who are about one, as attendants, comrades, like οἱ ἀμφὶ τινα; τὰ περί τι all that belongs to a thing. III. of the object with which one is occupied, esp. of the place; περί δόρπα πονεῖσθαι to be busy about supper: metaph., ἡ φιλοσοφία περί ἀληθείαν ἐστι philosophy is occupied about or with truth. 2. in relation or reference to, with regard to; τῷ περί τὸν Κύρον οὕτως ἐγένετο the circumstances relating to Cyrus turned out thus. IV. of Time, about, Lat. *circa*; περί τούτους χρόνους; also of numbers, περί τρισχιλίουσ about 3000.

IN POSITION, *peri*. may follow its Subst. in all cases, and then it becomes paroxyt. *πέρι*. As Adv., περί, around, about, also near, *by*. II. also *πέρι*, with accent thrown back, before, above, exceedingly, above measure; so in phrases, περί κῆρι, περί θυμῷ beyond measure in heart or soul; where *peri* must not be taken as Prep. with the dat. Πέρι sometimes stands for *περίεστι*. In COMPOS. all its chief senses recur: around, about, as in περι-βάλλω, περι-έχω, περι-βαίνω. II. a going beyond, exceeding, as in περι-γίγνομαι, περι-εργάζομαι. III. beyond measure, very, exceedingly, as in περι-καλλής, περι-δεῖδω, like Lat. *per-* in *per-multus*, *per-gratus*.

QUANTITY. Though *ε* in *περί* is short, yet it is not properly elided before a vowel. περι-αγγέλλω, *f.* -αγγέλω, to announce by a message sent round: absol. to send or carry a message round. I. c. dat. et inf. to send round orders for people to do something; π. παρασκευάζεσθαι to send orders round to make ready; π. ναῦς to order ships. περι-άγης, , περί, ἔαγα broken in pieces. II. Dor. for *περιηγής*. περι-άγνυμι and -έω, *i.* -ἄγω, to break all round, break in pieces:—Pass., διὺ περιάγνυται the voice is echoed all round. περι-άγω, *f.* -ἄγω, to lead round, drive round; c. acc. loci, περιάγουσι τὴν λίμνην κύκλῳ they drive round the lake in a circle. 2. to lead about with one: so also in Med. 3. to turn round: also to twist or wrench round. II. intr. to go round; περιάγειν τὰς πόλεις to go round the cities. [ᾶ] Hence περιάγειν, ἔω, δ, a machine for twisting round, σ τourniquet.

πριαγωγῇ, ἡ, (περιάγω) a turning round, *revolution*. περι-αρετός, ἡ, *όν*, able to be taken off. From περι-αίρω: *f.* περιαίρῃσιν: aor. 2 περιείλον, inf. περιελύν:—to take away all round, as the walls of a city, or the earthen mould in which gold has been cast: generally, to take off or away: c. gen. pass. to strip a thing off one. II. Med. to take off from oneself; περιαιρεῖσθαι κυνέην to take off one's helmet βιβλίον περιαιρεόμενος taking the cover off one's letter; but it is often used just like the Act. III. Pass. to be stripped off or taken away from one: also to have a thing taken away from one.

περι-αλγέω, *f.* ἡσώ, to be greatly distressed. περι-αλείφω, *f.* ψώ, to anoint or smear all over. περι-άλλω, *ον*, (περί, ἄλλω) beyond or before others. —neut. pl. περιάλλα as Adv., before all: exceedingly.

περι-άλουργός, *όν*, (περί, ἄλουργός) dyed with purple all round: metaph., κακοὶ περιάλουργοί double-dyed in villany.

περιάμμα, *ατος, το*, (περιάπτω) anything fastened round one, an amulet.

περι-αμπέχω, *f.* -αμφέχοι: aor. 2 περιήμπεσχον:—to put round about:—Med. to put around one, to put on. II. to cover all round. περι-αμπίσχω, *impf.* -ήμισχον, = περιαμπέχω. περιάπτω, *ον*, hung about or upon:—as Subst., περιάπτων, τό, = περιάμμα. From περι-άπτω, *f.* ψώ, to fasten about, attach to:—Med., to put round oneself, to gain for oneself.

περι-αρμόζω Att. -όττω, *f.* ὄσω, to fasten or fit one all round:—Pass. to have fastened round or fitted on.

περι-αστράπτω, *f.* ψώ, to lighten or flash all round. περι-ασχολέω, *f.* ἡσώ, to be busy about a thing. περι-αυχίνιος, *ον*, (περί, αὔχη) worn round the neck; as Subst., περιαυχίνιον, τό, a necklace.

περιάχων, Ep. for *περίαχων*, *impf.* of *περιαίχω*. περι-βαίνω, *f.* -βήσομαι: aor. 2 περιέβην: pf. περι-βέβληκα:—to go round about or to stride one who has fallen, so as to defend him: c. gen., περιβήνας ἀδελφείουσ κταμένοιο to stand over his slain brother: of sound, to float around.

περι-βάλλω, *f.* -βάλλω: aor. 2 περιέβαλον: pf. περι-βέβληκα:—to throw round, about, or over, put on one over, invest with; περιβάλλειν τινά χαλκεύματι to fix him round a sword, i. e. to stab him. 2. Med., with pf. pass. περιβέβλημαι, to throw round or over oneself, put on: to throw round oneself for defence, enclose around: c. dupl. acc., τείχος περιβάλλεσθαι πόλιν, to build a wall round a city. II. metaph., to put round or upon a person, invest with. 2. to attribute or ascribe to a person. 3. to surround, encompass, enclose with a thing: metaph. to involve or implicate in evils, etc. 4. c. acc. only, to embrace, encompass, surround; περιβάλλει με σκότος darkness encompasses me. 5. of ships, to fetch a compass round, double. 6. to frequent, be fond of a place.

III. in Med. to embrace for oneself, to compass, aim at, Lat. *affectare*: pf. pass. to be im-

possession of. IV. to throw beyond: beat in throwing: generally, to beat, excel.
 περι-βαρίδες, αἱ, (περί, βάρις) a sort of women's shoes.

περί-βῆρυς, υ, gen. eos, exceeding heavy.
 περιβάς, ἄσα, ἀν, aor. 2 part. of περιβαίνω.
 περιβέβλημαι, pf. pass. of περιβάλλω.
 περίβη, Ep. for περιέβη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of περιβαίνω.
 περιβήναι, aor. 2 inf. of περιβαίνω.
 περιβλεπτος, ον, (περιβλέπω) looked at from all sides, gazed at, notable.

περί-βλέπω, f. ψω, intr. to look round about, gaze around.
 II. trans. to look at on all sides, look much at: hence to gaze on, survey, admire:—Pass. to be looked at, admired, looked up to.

περιβλήτος, ον, (περιβάλλω) put round or on.
 περιβόητος, ον, (περιβοάω) noised abroad, notorious, in good or bad sense: hence either famous, extolled: or exclaimed against.

I. act. with loud cries.
 περιβόλαιον, τό, (περιβάλλω) that which is put round one, a covering, garment.

περιβολή, ἡ, (περιβάλλω) anything thrown or put round: περιβολή εἶφεος the sheath of a sword: walls thrown round a town.

II. a space enclosed, compass.
 III. a circumference, circuit.

IV. metaph. a compassing, aiming at.

περίβολος, ον, (περιβάλλω) going round, compassing, encircling.
 II. as Subst., περίβολος, ὁ, = περιβολή, anything thrown round: οἱ περίβολοι walls thrown round a town.
 2. an enclosure, circuit, compass.

περί-βομβέας, f. ἦσω, to bum round.
 περί-βουνος, ον, surrounded by hills.

περί-βρυχτόνιον, τό, (περί, βραχίον) an armlet or piece of armour for the arm.

περί-βρύχιος, α, ον, (περί, βρύχιος) surging all round. [v]

περί-βωτος, ον, Ion. for περιβήτος.

περί-γίγνομαι, Ion. and later form -γίνομαι [Γ]: fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 -εγενόμην—to be over or above:

I. to be superior, prevail over, overcome, excel: to be better or more advantageous, c. gen.

II. to live over: to survive, get over, escape from.
 2. of things, to remain over and above.

also to remain as a result or consequence, to result or proceed from: cf. περίειμι (εἰμι sum).

περί-γλαγγής, ἐς, (περί, γλάγος) full of milk.

περί-γλήναομαι, Dep. (περί, γλήνη)—to turn round the eyeballs, glare around.

περί-γλωσσος, ον, (περί, γλῶσσα) eloquent.

περί-γνώπτω, f. ψω, to bend round, fetch a compass round, double a headland.

περί-γογγύζω, f. σω, to mutter or whisper round about.

περίγραμμα ατος, τό, (περιγράφω) anything marked round by a line, an enclosure, ring.

περιγραπτός, ὁ, (περιγράφω) marked round, fenced in, enclosed.

περιγράφῃ, ἡ, a marking round: an outline, sketch: an impression, print. From

περί-γράφω, f. ψω, to draw a line round, mark round, circumscribe: περιγράφειν κύκλον to draw a circle round.

2. to define, determine. II. to draw in outline, sketch out, Lat. delineare.

III. to enclose within brackets, to strike out, cancel.

περιδδεῖσα, Ep. for περιέδεισα, aor. 1 of περιδίδω.

περι-δέδρομα, pf. of περιτρέχω.

περι-δέης, ἐς, (περί, δέος) very timid or fearful: Adv. -ῶς, in great fear.

περιδεῖδαι, Ep. pf. of περιδίδω.

περι-δεῖω, f. -δέσσομαι: aor. 1 περιέδεισα Ep. περιδδεῖσα, part. περιδδεῖσας: pf. περιδέδοικα Ep. περιδέδισα—to fear very much, be in great fear or dread about one.

περί-δειπνον, τό, (περί, δείπνον) a funeral feast.

περι-δέξις, ον, like ἀμφιδέξις, using both hands alike, Lat. ambi-dexter. II. generally, very dexterous, versatile, or expert.

περι-δέσκομαι, Dep. I. intr. to look round about, gaze about.

II. trans. to look earnestly at.

περι-δέω, f. -δέησω, to bind, tie round or on:—Med. to bind round oneself, put on.

περι-δήριτος, ον, (περί, δῆριον) fought for, disputed.

περι-δίδωμι, Ion. 2 and 3 sing. -διδούς, -διδούς: f. -δώσω—to give round.

II. Med. περιδίδωμι, fut. -δώσομαι: aor. 2 -εδόμην—to stake or wager, c. gen. rei: τρίποδος περιδώμεθον let us make a wager of a tripod: ἐμεῖς περιδώσομαι αὐτῆς I will wager for myself, i.e. pledge myself: περιδίδωμι περὶ τῆς κεφαλῆς I stake my head: absol., περιδύω νῦν ἐμοί come now, lay a wager with me.

περι-δινέω, f. ἦσω, to whirl or wheel round:—Pass. to whirl oneself round, run round and round: to spin round, like a top: περιδινθήτην, Ep. 3 dual aor. 1.

περί-δίνης, ἐς, (περιδινέω) whirled round.

περι-δίω, old Ep. form for περιδίδω: to be much afraid about one.

περίδω, aor. 2 imper. med. of περιδίδωμι.

περιδράμον, Ep. for περιέδραμον, aor. 2 of περιτρέχω.

περι-δράσσομαι, Dep. to grasp round with the hand.

περι-δρόμας, ἄδος, fem. of περιδρόμος, surrounding, encompassing.

περιδρομή, ἡ, (περιδρόμος) a running round and round, a circuit.

2. a revolution, orbit.

περιδρόμος, ον, (περιδραμεῖν) running round, surrounding: circular.

2. going about, roaming.

3. pass. that can be run round, standing detached.

II. as Subst., περιδρόμος, ὁ, like περιδρομή, that which surrounds or encompasses: as 1. the string that runs round a net for closing it.

2. a gallery running round a building.

3. the rim of a shield.

περι-δρύντω, f. ψω, to tear all round about:—1. pass., Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 περιδρύνθη, he had the skin torn off all round.

περι-δύω, f. -ύσω, to pull off from around, strip off

περιδῶμεθον, 1 dual aor. 2 med. subj. of περιδίδωμι.
 περι-εδέετο, 3 sing. plpf. pass. of περιδέω.
 περι-έξωμαι, pf. pass. of περιζώννυμι.
 περι-εἶδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, περιόρῳ
 being used instead:—to look about for, await. 2.
 to overlook, neglect, disregard, hence also to let pass,
 allow, suffer. II. pf. περιόρῳ with pres. sense;
 plqpf. περιῶν with impf. sense, Att. περιῶν; inf.
 περιεἰδέναι Ep. περιιδμεναι: to know or understand
 better; Βουλῇ περιιδμεναι ἄλλων to be better in
 counsel than others.

περιελῖς, ἄδος, ἡ, (περιελῶ) wound round, en-
 circling.

περι-εἰλίσσω, Ion. for περιελίσσω.

περιελῶ, aor. 2 of περιαιρέω.

περι-εἶλλω or -εἰλέω, to fold or wrap round:—
 Pass. to be wrapped round. 2. to wrap up.

περι-εἰμι, (περί, εἰμί sum) to be around; τὰ περι-
 ὄντα circumstances. II. to be better than or su-
 perior to another, surpass. 2. to exceed in number,
 outnumber. III. over-live, outlive: absol. to sur-
 vive: of things, to be extant. 2. of property, to be
 over and above, to remain in hand. IV. to re-
 main as a result or consequence, come about, ensue:
 cf περιγίγνομαι.

περι-εἰμι, (περί, εἰμί ibo) to go round or about,
 fetch a compass. 2. c. acc. to go round, compass;
 περιέναι φυλακάς to go the rounds of the guards. II.
 to come round in to turn. III. of Time, χρόνου
 περιόντος as time came round.

περι-εἶρω, to insert or fix round. II.
 to come round in to turn. III. of Time, χρόνου
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περι-εἶρω, to insert or fix round. II.
 to come round in to turn. III. of Time, χρόνου
 περιόντος as time came round.

a thing, to be over-officious; τῷ θυλάκῳ περιειργή-
 σθαι (pf. inf.) that they had overdone it with their
 'sack' (i.e. need not have used the sword). 2. to
 meddle, interfere, be officious.

περί-εργος, or, (περί, ἔργον) over-careful, taking
 needless trouble: τὰ περίεργα curious arts. 2.
 meddling, interfering, officious. II. pass. over-
 wrought, elaborate, expensive. 2. superfluous.

περι-έρω Att. -είρω, f. ἔω, to enclose all round,
 encompass.

περι-ερρήν, aor. 2 pass. of περιρρῶ.

περι-έρρω, to wander or ramble about.

περι-έρχομαι, impf. περιρρόμην: f. -ελεύσομαι;
 aor. 2 -ἤλθον: pf. -ελήλυθα:—to go round, go
 about: esp. to go about canvassing, like Lat. ambire:
 c. acc. loci, to go round, visit in succession. 2. of
 Time, to come round. II. to go round and re-
 turn to a spot, to come round to; ἡ τίσις περιῆλθε
 τὸν Πανιδώνιον vengeance came at last upon him.

III. c. acc. pers., like Lat. circumvenire, to come
 round, overreach, cheat.

περι-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι, to gnaw round about.

περίσκεμμα, pf. pass. of περισκοπέω.

περισπᾶτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of περισπᾶω.

περί-εσσι, Ep. for περί-ει, 2 sing. of περίεμι (εἰμί sum).

περιστώς, pf. part. of περιστήμι.

περιέσχω, aor. 2 of περιέχω

περι-έσχες, ἡ, on, about the last.

περι-έφθος, or, (περί, ἐφθός,) thoroughly boiled.

περι-έχω: f. περιέξω and περισχῶω: aor. 2 περι-
 ἔσχον, inf. περισχεῖν: aor. 2 med. περισχόμεν, inf.
 περισχεῖσθαι:—to hold around, encompass, embrace:
 surround: of a city, to beleaguer or blockade. II.
 like περίεμι (εἰμί sum) II, to be superior to, surpass.
 overcome: esp. to outnumber, to outflank. III.

Med. to clasp round, and so to take charge of, to pro-
 tect. 2. to hold fast on by, to cling to, cleave to.

3. to be pressing, urgent with.

περι-ῖδμενως, Adv. (περί, ἱαμένη) very powerfully
 or violently.

περι-ῖξω poet. -ῖξέω, f. -ῖξω, to boil round about.

περί-ζυγος, or, also περίζυγε, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (περί, ζυ-
 γόν) over and above a pair, more than a pair: esp.
 of horses' harness, περίζυγα are spare straps.

περίζωμα, atos, τό, an apron. From

περιζώννυμι or -ώνω: f. -ζώσω: to gird round:—
 Med. to gird round oneself, put on as a belt or apron.

Hence

περιζωσάμενος, aor. 1 med. part.

περι-ζώστρα, ἡ, (περί, ζώστρον) a girdle, apron.

περι-ηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to lead round about
 show the way round. Hence

περιηγής, ἑς, (περιάγω) drawn round, lying in a
 circle, forming a circle: circular.

περιήγιστε, εως, ἡ, like περιγραφή, a sketch, out-
 line: generally, a form, figure.

περιῆδη, Att. plqpf. of περιόρῳ: see περιεἶδον.
 περι-ήκω, f. ἔω, to have come round to one, to have

arrived at last: c. acc., τὰ σὲ περιήκοντα ἵβαι which has come round to thee, fallen upon thee.

περιήλθον, aor. 2 of περιέρχομαι.

περιήλυσαι, ἡ, (πειέρχομαι) a coming round, revolution.

περι-ημεκτέω, f. ἦσω, to be greatly aggrieved or disconcerted at a thing, c. dat.: c. gen. pers. to be greatly aggrieved at or with him. (The deriv. of ἡμεκτέω is uncertain.)

περιήνεκα, Ion. aor. I of περιφέρω.

περι-ηχέω, f. ἦσω, to echo or ring all round.

περι-θαλπής, ἐς, (περί, θάλπος) very warm or hot.

περιθίς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of περιτίθημι.

περιθίσεις, εὖς, ἡ, (περιτίθημι) a placing or putting round, putting on.

περιθετός, ἡ, ὄν, and περιθετος, ον, (πειοτίθημι) put round, put on, assumed, of false hair.

περι-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run round.

περι-θεωρῶ, f. ἦσω, to go round and observe.

περι-θύμος, ον, (περί, θυμός) very wrathful. Adv., περιθύμως ἔχειν to be very angry.

περι-ιάπτω, f. ψω, to wound all round.

περι-ιάχω [ᾶ], to ring around, re-echo: Ep. 3 sing. impf. περιᾶχε [ῖ] for περιᾶχε.

περιδεῖν, inf. of aor. 2 περιεῖδον.

περιβμεναι, Ep. for περιεῖδεναι, inf. of περιόιδω.

περι-ίζομαι, Dep. to sit round about.

περι-ίστημι, f. περιστήσω: aor. I -έστησα;—to place or set round a person or thing: metaph. to bring round to a certain state. 2. aor. I med. περιεστησάμην is also trans., to place round oneself.

II. Pass., with intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 -έστην: pf. -έστηκα: plqpf. -εστήκειν:—to stand round about: to encircle, surround, encompass. 2. to come round to, devote upon: of events, to come round to be so and so, turn out, esp. for the worse.

3. to go round so as to avoid, to shun.

περι-ίσχω, = περιέχω.

περιών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of περιέω (εἶμι)

περι κάθαρμα, ατος, τό, an offscouring, defilement: hence a polluted wretch.

περι-καθίζομαι, Dep. to sit down round about, esp. to invest, beleaguer a town.

περι-κάθημαι Ion. -κάτημαι, inf. -ῆσθαι: (properly pf. pass. of περικαθέ(σ)μαι):—to be seated round, to sit round; περικαθῆσθαι πόλιν to beleaguer or invest a town: of ships, to blockade: c. acc. pers. to sit beside one as a companion.

περι-καίω fut. -καύσω, to set on fire, burn round about:—Pass. to be scorched all round: metaph. to be inflamed.

περι-καλλής, ἐς, (περί, κάλλος) very beautiful.

περι-κάλυπτο, f. ψω, to put round as a covering, throw as a veil over. II. to cover all round, cover completely.

περι-κατάννυμι, f. ἄω, to break all round.

περι-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to embrace all round. 2. to overtake. 3. to constrain, compel.

περι-καταρρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι, to fall down all round, go to ruin.

περι-καταρρήγνυμι, f. -ρήξω, to tear down round about, rend off:—Med. to rend one's own garment.

περι-κάττημαι, Ion. for περικάττημαι.

περι-κάω, Att. for περικαίω. [ᾶ]

περι-κειμαι, inf. -κέσθαι, used as Pass. of περιτίθημι, with f. med. -κέισομαι:—to be put round, to lie round or so as to embrace: absol. τεῖχος περικείται a wall is round about. 2. metaph. to be over and above, profit; οὐ τι μοι περικείται there is no advantage for me. II. to have round one, to have on one; περικείμενος ὕβριν clad in arrogance.

περι-κείρω, f. -κέρσω, to shear or clip all round:—Med., περικείρεσθαι τρίχας to clip one's hair.

περικεκλιμένος, Ion. pf. pass. part. of περικλείω.

περι-κεφαλαία, ἡ, (περί, κεφαλή) a helmet.

περι-κήθομαι, Dep. to be very anxious or concerned about one.

περι-κῆλος, ον, (περί, κῆλον) exceeding dry, well-dried.

περι-κίδναμαι, Pass. to spread round about.

περι-κλάω, f. -κλάσω, to break around.

περι-κλέης, ἐς, (περί, κλέος) far-famed.

περι-κλειτός, ον, famous all round, far-famed.

περι-κλείω Ion. -κλήϊω old Att. -κλήϊω: f. -κλείσω or -κλήσω: (περί, κλείω):—to shut in all round, enclose, environ: to surround, of ships.

περι-κλύζω, f. -ύσω, to wash all round:—Pass. to be washed all round, of an island. Hence

περικλυστος, η, ον, Att. also ος, ον, washed all round by the sea, sea-washed, sea-girt.

περι-κλυτός, ἡ, ὄν, beard of all round, famous, renowned, Lat. inclytus: of things, excellent, noble, glorious.

περι-κνίδιον, τό, a stalk or sprig.

περι-κνίω, f. -ίσω, to scratch all round:—Med., poet. aor. I περιεκνιζάμην, to gnaw all round.

περι-κοκκίζω, f. σω, to cry cuckoo all round.

περι-κομίζω, f. -ίω, to carry round:—Pass. to be conveyed round, hence to go round.

περίκομμα, ατος, τό, (περικόπτω) that which is cut off all round, the clippings, trimmings; περικόμματα ἐκ σοῦ σκευάσω I will make minced meat of you.

περικομμάτιον, τό, Dim. of περίκομμα.

περι-κομψός, ον, very elegant, exquisite.

περι-κονδύλο-πωρο-φίλα, ἡ, (περί, κόνδυλος, πῦρος, φίλω) fem. Adj., epith. of the gout, exceeding fond of swelled knuckles.

περικοπή, ἡ, a cutting all round, mutilation. From περι-κόπτω, f. ψω, to cut all round, clip, mutilate. 2. to cut down the fruit-trees in an enemy's country, to lay waste, plunder.

περι-κράτης, ἐς, (περί, κράτος) having full command of.

περι-κρεμάννυμι: f. -κρεμάσω [ᾶ], Att. -κρεμῶ:—to hang up all round:—Pass. to be hung about, cling to, c. dat. Hence

περι-κρεμής, ἑς, *hung round with a thing.*
 περι-κρούω, f. σω, *to strike or knock all round.*
 περι-κρύβω [ῥ], *late form of περικρύπτω.*
 περι-κρύπτω, f. ψω, *to cover all round, conceal: to hide oneself.*
 περι-κτίονες, ὄνων, οἱ, Ep. dat. pl. περικτιόνεσσι, (περί, νρι(ω)) ἵκο ἀμφι-κτίονες, *the dwellers around, neighbours.*
 περι-κτῖναι [ῖ], ὦν, οἱ, —περικτιόνες.
 περι-κυκλείομαι, f. —ήσομαι: Dep. *to encircle, encompass, enclose*
 περι-κυκλώ, f. ὤσω, *to encircle, encompass.* Hence περικυκλωσις, ἡ, *an encircling.*
 περι-κυλινδῶ: f. —κυλίσω [ῖ]: *to roll round: Pass. to be rolled about.*
 περι-κῦμα, ὄν, gen. ὄνος, (περί, κύμα) *surrounded by the waves.*
 περι-κωμάζω, f. ὤσω, *to go about with a party of revellers (κῶμος): to carouse around.*
 περι-κωνέω, f. ἤσω, (περί, κῶνος) *to smear all over with pitch: περικωνεῖν τὰ ἐμβάδια to black shoes.*
 περι-λαλέω, f. ἤσω, *to chatter on all sides or beyond measure.*
 περι-λαμβάνω, f. —λήψομαι: aor. 2 περιέλαβον: *to seize around, embrace.* 2. *to encompass, surround: hence to get possession of, catch, secure:—Pass. to be caught.* II. *to comprehend, take in.*
 III. *to constrain, compel.*
 περι-λάμπω, f. ψω, *to shine or beam round about.*
 περι-λείβομαι, Pass. *to be shed all over.*
 περι-λείπω, f. ψω, *to leave remaining:—Pass. to be left remaining, survive.*
 περι-λείχω, f. ζω, *to lick all round: lick clean.*
 περι-λεῖσι, ἡ, (περιλέγω) *circumlocution.*
 περι-λέπω, f. ψω, *to strip off all round.*
 περι-λεσχίνευτος, ὄν, (περί, λεσχηνέω) *talked about on all sides, much discussed.*
 περι-λιμνάζω, f. ὤσω, (περί, λίμνη) *to surround with water, insulate.*
 περι-λιχμάομαι, Dep. —περιλειχῶ.
 περι-λοιπός, ὄν, *left remaining.*
 περι-λούω, f. σω, *to wash all round, wash carefully.*
 περι-λύπος, ὄν, (περί, λύπη) *exceeding sorrowful.*
 περι-μαίμω, *to gaze eagerly round: Ep. part. fem. περιμαίμωσα.*
 περι-μαίνομαι, Dep. *to rage round about*
 περι-μακής, ἑς, Dor. for περιμηκής.
 περι-μάρναμαι, Dep. *to fight round about: also to fight for a thing.*
 περι-μάσσω Att. λττω: f. ζω: *to wipe all round: metaph. to purify by magic arts.*
 περιμάχης, ὄν, *fought about, fought for: and so, to be desired.* From
 περι-μάχομαι [ᾱ], Dep. *to fight around.*
 περι-μῶναι, *to wait for one, await, expect.* II.
 Inti. *to wait, abide.*
 περι-μεστός, ὄν, *full all round, very full.*
 περι-μετρον, τό, (περί, μέτρον) *the circumference,*

περί-μετρος, ὄν, (περί, μέτρον) *above measure, very large, immense.* II. *measuring round: as Subst. περίμετρος (sub. γραμμή), ἡ, a circumference.*
 περι-μήκετος, ὄν, ποῖτ. for περιμήκης.
 περι-μήκης, ἑς, (περί, μήκος) *very tall, high: long*
 περι-μηχανόομαι, f. —ήσομαι: Ep. 3 pl. impf. —μηχανόοντο: Dep.: *to contrive cunningly, schemingly, craftily for.*
 περι-μυχέομαι, Dep. *to bellow around.*
 περι-ναϊετάω, *to dwell round about or near.* 2. *in pass. sense to be inhabited.*
 περιναϊέτης, οὐ, δ, *a neighbour.* From
 περι-ναῖω and Med. —ναίομαι, *to dwell round.*
 περι-νεφέλος, ὄν, (περί, νεφέλη) *overclouded.*
 περι-νέω, f. ἤσω: aor. i inf. περινήσαι Ep. —νηήσαι: (περί, νέω) *—to pile round.*
 περι-νεως, ὁ, gen. —νεω, nom. pl. περίνεω: (περί, νέος gen. of ναῦς) *a supernumerary in a ship, a passenger, as opp. to a rower (πρόσκατος).*
 περινήσας Ep. —νηήσας, aor. i part. of περινέω.
 περι-νίσσομαι, Dep. *to go round: of Time, to recur.*
 περι-νέω f. ἤσω, *to consider on all sides: to contrive cunningly.*
 περινοῖα, ἡ, *intelligence.* II. *over-wiseness.* From
 περι-νοος, ὄν, (περί, νόος) *exceeding wise.*
 περι-νοστήω, f. ἤσω, *to go round or about.*
 περίρξ, strengthd. for περί. I. Prep. *round about, all round: c. gen., but mostly c. acc.* II. Adv. *round about.*
 περι-ξεστός, ἡ, ὄν, *polished all round.*
 περι-ξέω, f. —ξέσω, *to polish all round.*
 περι-ξύρω Ion. —ξύ, f. ἤσω, *to shave all round.*
 περί-οδος, ἡ, *a going round, the making a circuit round.* II. *a way round: a circuit, compass: τὴν περίοδον absol. in circumference.* III. *a book of travels, account of countries travelled over: also a map or chart.* IV. *a going round in a circle, a cycle of years, a period of time.* 2. *a course at dinner: περίοδος λόγων table-talk.* 3. *the orbit of a heavenly body.* 4. *a fit that recurs at intervals.* V. *a well-rounded sentence, period.*
 περίοδος, pf. of περιείδω: see περιείδω II.
 περι-οικέω, f. ἤσω, *to dwell round about: c. acc. to dwell round a person or slave.*
 περι-οικῆς, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of περίοικος, *dwelling or lying round about, neighbouring.* II. *as Subst., περίοικη (sub. γῆ or χώρα), ἡ, the country round: also the suburbs, outskirts.*
 περι-οικοδομέω, f. ἤσω: pf. pass. —περοδόμηναι Ion. —οικοδύμηναι: *to build round about.* II. *to enclose by building round:—Pass. to be built up, walled in.*
 περί-οικος, ὄν, (περί, οἰκῶ) *dwelling round about or near, neighbouring.* II. *οἱ περίοικοι were, in Laconia, the free inhabitants of the country-towns, the remains of the original inhabitants, who enjoyed civil but not political privileges, opp. on the one hand to the Spartans, and on the other to the Helots.*

περιοίω, fut. of περιφέρω.

περι-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to slip about.

περιόντα, part. neut. pl. of περιέμι (εἰμι sum).

περι-οπτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of περιόραω (see περιόφωμαι), to be overlooked, suffered or disregarded. II. neut. περι-οπτός, one must overlook or suffer.

περι-οπτος, ον, (περιόφωμαι) seen from all sides: admired, admirable.

περι-οράω: impf. περιώραν Ion: περιώραν: pf. περιώρακα or -εώρακα: pass. περιώραμαι:—f. περιόφωμαι, from an obol. verb περιόπτομαι; whence also aor. I pass. περιώφθην, pf. περιώμμαι:—(for aor. 2 περιείδον, pf. περιόιδα, see περι-είδον):—to look around for, wait for. II. to overlook, to disregard, suffer to be or do. III. Med. to look about before doing a thing, to be circumspect, delay, wait: to shrink from. 2. c. gen. to look about for, Lat. respicere.

περι-οργής, ές, (περί, οργή) very angry, wrathful: Adv. -ώς, very wrathfully.

περί-ορθρον, τό, (περί, ορθρος) daybreak, dawn.

περι-ορίζω, f. σω, to mark out by boundaries. Hence

περιορισμός, ου, δ, a marking out by boundaries.

περι-ορμέω, f. ήσω, to be moored or anchor round so as to blockade.

περι-ορμίζω, f. ήσω, to bring round a ship to anchor:—Med. and Pass. to come to anchor round.

περι-ορύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to dig round.

περιουσία, ή, (περίεμι) that which is over and above: a surviving. 2. that which remains over and above, the residue, surplus, abundance, plenty.

3. superiority, advantage. Hence

περιούσιος, ον, more than enough, abundant. 2. peculiar, proper.

περιοχή, ή, (περιέχω) the full meaning or contents. II. a section of a book.

περιόφωμαι, used as fut. of περιόραω, formed from *περιόπτομαι.

περί-παπαίνω, to look timidly round.

περι-πάτew, f. ήσω, to walk round, walk about: to walk, live. Hence

περιπατητικός, ή, ον, given to walking about, esp. while teaching: hence Aristotle and his followers were called Περιπατητικοί, Peripatetics.

περί-πάτος, ό, (περί, πάτω) a walking about, strolling. Lat. ambulatio. II. a place for walking, a covered walk. III. a conversation during a walk: generally, a philosophical discussion.

περι-πέρω, to put round a spit, to pierce through.

περι-πέλωμαι, Dep.: syncop. Ep. part. περιπλόμενος: (περί, πέλω):—to move round, to be round or about. 2. of Time, to come round, revolve, recur.

περίπεμπτος, ον, verb. Adj. of περιπέμπω, sent round.

περι-πέμπω: f. ψω: aor. I pass. περιεπέμθην:—to send round, dispatch in different directions.

περιπέπταμαι, pf. pass. of περιπετάννυμι.

περι-πέσσω Att. -ττω: f. -πέψω: aor. I pass. -επέφθην:—to bake all round: metaph. to crust or gloss over: to cajole, aor. I pass. part. περιπεφθείς cajoled.

περιπεσεῖν, περιπεσών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of περιπίπτω.

περι-πετάννυμι or -ύω: f. -πετάσω [ᾶ]: pf. pass. -πέπταμαι or -πέπτασαι:—to spread or stretch around: to spread out. Hence

περι-πεταστός, ή, ον, spread round, outspread.

περιπέτασις, ή, (περιπέτης) a sudden change of fortune, a reverse, on which the plot of a Tragedy turns.

περιπετής, ές, (περιπίπτω) falling round, with arms clasped round. 2. enfolded, encompassed; but, έγχος περιπετές the sword on which be bad fallen.

II. falling in with. III. changing suddenly; reversed; περιπετή πράγματα a sudden reverse of circumstances.

περι-πέτομαι: f. -πετήσομαι syncop. -πητήσομαι: Dep.:—to fly around.

περι-πενκής, ές, (περί, πένκη) very sharp or keen.

περι-πήγνυμι or -ύω: f. -πήξω:—to fix round, to put as a fence round. II. to make to congeal round:—Pass. to grow stiff round: of shoes, to be frozen on the feet.

περι-πηδάω, f. -ήσομαι, to leap round about.

περι-πιμπλημι, f. -πλήσω, to fill entirely:—Pass. to be quite filled.

περι-πίμπρημι, to set on fire round about: impf. 3 sing. and pl. περι-επιμπρα, -επιμπρασιν.

περι-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον: pf. -πέπτωκα:—to fall around, so as to embrace 2. to fall round or upon a sword. II. to fall in with, esp. of ship: also to fall foul of, be dashed or wrecked against. 2. metaph. to fall into, be betrayed into; εαυτῷ περιπίπτειν to be caught in one's own snare.

II. of a thing, to befall one.

περι-πίτνω, = περιπίπτω, to come over or upon.

περι-πιδάω, to make to wander about:—Pass. to wander or roam about: metaph. to flutter or hover round about: to be in a state of uncertainty. Hence

περιπιδάιος, ον, wandering, roving about.

πε-ιπλέγδην, Adv. closely twined, in close embrace. From

περι-πλέω, f. ξω, to twine round about. 2. to intertwine, interweave:—Pass., aor. I -επλέχθην, pf. -επέλεγμα: to fold oneself round, cling to, clasp, c. dat.: Ιστῷ περιπλεχθείς folded round the mast.

περι-πλευρος, ον, (περί, πλευρά) covering the side.

περιπλέχθην, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of περιπλέω.

περι-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι and -πλευσοῦμαι: aor. I -έπλευσα: Ion. -πλώω:—to sail or swim round, to circumnavigate, c. acc.

περί-πλεως, ον, nom. pl. -πλεω, -πλεα: Ion. περι-πλεος, ον:—quite full, over-full.

περι-πληθής, ές, (περί, πλήθος) very full: very populous: also very large.

περιπλοκάδην, Adv. (περιπλοκος) twined round.

περιπλοκή, ἡ, (περιπλέω) a twining round. 2. entanglement, intricacy.

περιπλοκος, ον, (περιπλέω) enfolded: entangled. περιπλόμενος, Ep. syncop. pres. part. of περιπλέωμαι.

περί-πλους, ον, contr. -πλους, ον, (περιπλέω) act. sailing round. II. pass. that may be sailed round.

περί-πλος, ὅς, contr. -πλος, gen. -πλου: nom. pl. -πλοι: (περιπλέω): a sailing round, c. gen.: a circumnavigating. 2. the account of a coasting voyage.

περί-πλυνω [ῶ], to wash all round, wash clean.

περί-πλώω, Ion. for περιπλέω.

περί-πνέω, ποэт. for περιπνέω.

περί-πνέω, f. -πνέσσομαι, to breathe round.

περί-πόθητος, ον, (περί, ποθέω) desired on all sides, much beloved.

περί-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, to make to remain over and above, to preserve, keep safe, protect. 2. to save up, lay by: to lay up in store, procure. II. Med. to keep or get for oneself, to compass, acquire, gain possession of. Hence

περιποιήσις, εως, ἡ, a keeping safe: an acquiring, gaining possession.

περιπολ-άρχης, ου, or -αρχος, ον, ὁ, (περίπολος, ἀρχω) a superintendent of guards or patrols.

περί-πόλεω, f. ἦσω, to go round, wander about, range about. 2. c. acc. to traverse. 3. to walk round, as a patrol.

περί-πόλιον, τό, a station for περίπολοι, a guard-house. From

περί-πολος, ον, (περί, πόλεω) going round, going the rounds. II. as Subst., 1. περίπολοι, οἱ, the patrol: at Athens young citizens between 18 and 20 who were employ'd on home service; to guard the frontier, Lat. publici iustodes. 2. generally, περίπολος, ὁ, an attendant, follower.

περί-πόνηρος, ον, very villainous.

περί-πόρφυρος, ον, (περί, πορφυρα) edged with purple, Lat. praetextatus.

περί-ποτάομαι, ποэт. for περιπέτομαι, to bower about.

περί-πρό, Adv., = περί πρό, very, especially.

περί-προχέω, f. -χέω: aor. I -έχεα: pf. -έχχκα:—to pour forth round or over: Pass. aor. I part., ἔπος θυμόν περιπροχέειν ἐδάμασσε love gushing forth over his soul overcame it.

περίπτωμος, ατος, τό, a busk, skin. From

περί-πτισσω, to strip off the busk or skin: pf. pass. part. περιεπτισμένος free from chaff, clean winnowed.

περίπτυγμα, ατος, τό, (περιπτύσσω) anything folded round, a covering.

περιπτύξας, ασα, αν, aor. I part. of περιπτύσσω.

περί-πτύσσω, f. ἔω: aor. I περιέπτυξα:—to enfold, envelop, enbroud: to clasp, embrace: as military term, to outflank. II. to fold round: Pass. to be folded round, coiled round. Hence

περιπτύχῃ, ἡ, something enfolding, a cloak, fence: τεχνέων περιπτυχαί the fence or circuit of walls; Ἀχαιῶν ναυλοχοὶ περιπτυχαί the naval fence or bawark of the Achaeans. 2. an enfolding, embracing.

περιπτύχης, ἐς, (περιπτύσσω) folded round: φασγάνῳ περιπτυχῇ fallen round (i. e. upon) his sword.

περι-πτώσσω, to fear very much.

περιρραγῆς, ἐς, (περιρραγῆναι) broken or rent round about.

περι-ρραίνω, f. ἄνω, to besprinkle or wet round about. Hence

περιρραγῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of περιρρήννυμι.

περιρραντήριον, τό, a vessel for sprinkling water at sacrifices: a vessel for lustral water.

περι-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: pf. -ερύηκα: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) -ερύην:—to flow round, c. acc.:—Pass. to be surrounded by water. II. to slip from off a thing: ἡ ἀσπίς περιερύη ἐς τὴν θάλασσαν his shield slipped off into the sea. 2. to overflow on all sides: to run over, to be in abundance.

περι-ρήννυμι and -ῶω, f. -ρήσω: aor. I -έρηξα: Pass., aor. 2—εράγγην [ᾶ]: intr. pf. -έρωγα:—to break off round: to rend all round, to rend and tear off:—Pass. to be rent and torn off: to be broken or parted all round: κατὰ τὸ δὲ Δέλτα περὶ ῥήγνυται ὁ Νεῖλος at the apex of the Delta the Nile is broken round it, i. e. breaks into several branches.

περιρρῆδης, ἐς, (περιρρῆω) falling round or upon.

περιρρόῃ, ἡ, (περιρρέω) a flowing round about.

περιρροος, ον, contr. -ρροος, ον, (περιρρέω) like περιρροός, surrounded with water.

περίρρυτος, ον, also η, ον, (περιρρέω) surrounded with water, sea-girt. 2. act. flowing round, c. gen., πεδία περίρρυτα Σικελίας the waters that flow round Sicily.

περί-σαίνω Ep. περισ-σαίνω, to wash the tail round, fawn upon.

περί-σεω ποэт. περισσεῖω, f. σω, to shake all round:—Pass. to be shaken all round, wave about, float upon the air.

περί-σεμος, ον, also η, ον, very solemn.

περί-σεπτος, ον, also η, ον, (περί, σέβομαι) much revered, greatly honoured.

περί-σημος, ον, (περί, σῆμα) very famous or distinguished, Lat. insignis.

περισθενέω, f. ἦσω, to be exceedingly powerful, to be strong about measure. From

περί-σθενής, ἐς, (περί, σθένος) exceeding strong or powerful.

περί-σκελής, ἐς, (περί, σκέλλω) dried or hardened all round, rigid. 2. metaph. obstinate, stubborn, unbending.

περί-σκελής, ἴδος, ἡ, (περί, σκέλος) a band for the leg, a garter or anklet.

περί-σκεπτος, ον, (περί, σκέπτομαι) to be seen on all sides, far-seen, conspicuous, admirable.

περισκίψομαι, fut. of περισκοπέω.
 περι-σκιάζω, f. σω, to overshadow.
 περι-σκιρτάω, f. ἦσω, to leap round or about.
 περι-σκοπέω : f. -σκέψομαι : aor. I -εσκεψάμην :
 ἦ. -έσκευμαι, formed from *περισκέπτομαι :—to look
 'round. 2. to consider on all sides or well, to look
 fr. from all points : to watch and see : to look about
 rne, be circumspect.
 περι-σκύλακισμός, οὐ, δ, (περί, σκύλαξ) a sacrifice
 in which a puppy was sacrificed and carried round.
 περι-σπράγγειω, f. ἦσω, to rattle all round.
 περι-σπύξω, to consume by a smouldering fire. [5]
 περι-σπύξω, f. ἦσω, to chase or rush about. II.
 ἦτι. to run round about, c. acc.
 περι-σοφίζομαι, Dep. to overreach, trick.
 περι-σπάω, f. ἄσω [ἄ], to draw off from around,
 strip off :—Med. to strip oneself of a thing. II.
 to wheel round. III. Pass. to be drawn different
 ways, distracted.
 περισπείν, aor. 2 inf. of περιέπειν.
 περισπερχόμεν, = περισπερχής εἰμι, to be very indig-
 nant. From
 περι-σπερχής, es, (περί, σπέρχω) very basty or bur-
 ried : περισπερχής πάθος an over-basty death.
 περι-σπλάγχχνος, ον, (περί, σπλάγγχνον) great-
 hearted.
 περισ-σαίνω, Ep. for περισαίνω.
 περισσειά, ἡ, (περισσεύω) superfluity, abun-
 dance. II. superiority, preeminence.
 περισ-σείω, poet. for περισεύω.
 περισσευμα, τό, superabundance, what which is left
 is over, a remnant. From
 περισσεύω later Att. -τιεύω : impf. ἐπερίσσειον :
 (περισσός) :—to be over and above, outnumber, be
 too many for, c. gen. II. to be more than enough ;
 τὰ περιττεύοντα what remains over, the surplus ;
 τοσοῦτον τῷ Περικλεῖ ἐπερίσσειε such an abundance
 of reason had Pericles. 2. in bad sense, to be over-
 much or superfluous. III. to have more than
 enough of a thing, c. gen. IV. later in causal
 sense, to make to abound.
 'περισσο-λογία, ἡ, (περισσός, λόγος) useless talking,
 wordiness, verbiage.
 'περισσός later Att. περιττός, ἡ, ὅν, (περί) above
 measure, more than the average, above the common :
 uncommon : c. gen. beyond, greater than ; περισσός
 ἄλλων πρὸς τι beyond others in a thing. 2. strange,
 unusual : in bad sense, monstrous ; in good, extraor-
 dinary. II. more than sufficient ; τὸ περισ-
 σόν a surplus, residue ; περισσὰ σιγηναὶ spare
 tents. III. in bad sense, superfluous, excessive ;
 περισσὰ δρᾶν to be over-busy ; περισσὰ φρονεῖν to be
 over-wise. 2. of speeches, over-subtle, refined over-
 much : artificial. IV. of numbers, odd, uneven,
 Lat. impar, opp. to ἄρτιος.
 περισσότης later Att. περιττότης, ητος, η, (περι-
 σσός) superfluity, excess.
 περισσό-φρων, ὁ, ἡ, (περισσός, φρήν) over-wise.

περισσώς, Adv. of περισσός, exceedingly : Comp.
 περισσότερον more abundantly. 2. οὐδὲν περισσώ-
 τερον, Lat. nihil aliud, nothing else ; so. οὐδὲν περισ-
 σότερον ἢ εἰ . . no otherwise than if.
 περι-στάδον, Adv. (περίστημι) standing round
 about.
 περι-στάζω, f. ξω, to drop or trickle round about.
 περισταθή, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of περίστημι. [ἄ]
 περισταῖν, aor. 2 opt. of περίστημι.
 περιστάς, -στάσα, -σάν, aor. 2 part. of περίστημι.
 περι-στᾶτος, ον, (περίστημι) surrounded, admired
 by the crowd.
 περι-σταυρώ, f. ὦσω, to fence about with a palisade,
 fortify or fence round :—Med. to fortify oneself with
 a palisade.
 περιστέλλας, aor. I part. of περιστέλλω.
 περι-στείχω, f. ξω, to go round about.
 περιστέλωσι, Ep. for περιστώσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of
 περιστήμι.
 περι-στέλλω, f. -στέλω : aor. I -έστειλα :—to
 dress, clothe, to wrap round : to lay out a corpse, Lat.
 componere ; hence to bury. II. to wrap up, cover,
 cloak. III. to take care of, protect, maintain,
 περιστέλλειν δοῖδαν to uphold minstrelsy ; περιστέλ-
 λειν ἔργα to attend to agriculture.
 περι-στενᾷχλω, f. ἴσω, to sigh, groan about or over,
 bemoan :—Med. to echo around.
 περι-στένω, to cram full all round : Pass. to be
 crammed full. II. to groan around.
 περιστέπτος, ον, (περιστέφω) crowned, wreathed.
 ΠΕΡΙΣΤΕΡΑ, ἡ, a dove, pigeon.
 περιστερών, ὄνος, δ, a dove-cote. From
 περι-στεφᾶνών, f. ὦσω, (περί, στέφανος) to encircle,
 surround as with a crown.
 περιστεφής, ἑς, wreathed, crowned ; ἀνθέων περι-
 στεφής with a crown of flowers. II. act. twining,
 encircling. From
 περι-στέφω, f. ψω, to surround as with a crown, en-
 wreath.
 περίστησαν, Ep. for περίεστησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of
 περιστήμι.
 περιστήσαντο, Ep. for περιεστήσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I
 med. of περιστήμι.
 περιστήωσι, Ep. for περιστώσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of
 περιστήμι.
 περι-στιζώ, f. ξω : aor. I -έστιξα :—to dot at equal
 intervals, hence to place round at equal distances. 2.
 c. dat. to stick round with things.
 περι-στιβάζω, f. ψω, to beam or flash round about.
 περι-στιχίζω, f. σω, (περί, στίχος) to put all round.
 περι-στοιχίζω, f. σω, (περί, στοίχος) to surround
 with toils or nets :—Med. to bedge in.
 περί-στοιχος, ον, (περί, στοίχος) set round in
 rows.
 περι-σπονδᾷχλω, to groan all round.
 περι-στράτοπεδεύομαι, f. σομαι : aor. I -εστρατο-
 πεδευσάμην : Dep. :—to encamp about, invest, besiege,
 beleaguer.

περι-στρέφω, *f. ψω*, to *whirl round*, of one preparing to throw a stone:—Pass. to be turned round, to spin round. Hence

περιστροφή, *ἡ*, a turning round: an orbit or revolution.

περι-στρωφάω, *f. ἴσω*, to *turn round often*:—Pass. to go round about to; περιστρωφόμενος πάντα τὰ χρηστήρια going round to all the oracles.

περί-στυλος, *ον*, (περί, στυλος) with pillars set round, surrounded with a colonnade:—as Subst., περί-στυλον, τό, a colonnade round a building.

περί-σφαλής, *ἐς*, (περί, σφαλῆναι) very slippery. περι-σφύριος, *ον*, (περί, σφύρον) round the ankle:—as Subst., περισφύριον, τό, an anklet.

περί-σφύρος, *ον*, = περισφύριος. περισχεῖν, *Ep.* for περισχεῖν, *aor. 2 inf* of περιέχω. περίσχεο, *Ep.* for περίσχον, *aor. 2 med. imperat.* of περιέχω.

περί-σχιζω, *f. ἴσω*, to *slit all round, cut off*. II. Pass., of a river, to split into two branches, so as to enclose a space.

περί-σχοινίζω, *f. ἴσω*, (περί, σχοῖνος) to part off by a rope, as in the Athenian law-courts, to keep the judges apart from the people.

περί-σώζω, *f. σω*, to *save alive, save from death*:—Pass. to escape with one's life.

περί-τάμνω, *Ion.* for περιτέμνω.

περί-ταφρεύω, *f. σω*, (περί, τάφρος) to dig a trench around; surround with a trench.

περί-τείνω, *f. -τενῶ*, (περί, τείνω) to stretch all round or over.

περί-τειχίζω, *f. ἴσω*, to *wall all round, fortify*. 2. to build a wall round, invest, beleaguer, blockade:—Pass. to be built round. Hence

περιτειχίσαις, *ἡ*, a walling round, an investing, beleaguering.

περιτειχίσμα, τό, (περιτειχίζω) a wall built round, blockading wall.

περιτειχισμός, *ὁ*, (περιτειχίζω) a walling round, blockading.

περί-τελέω, *f. εἰσω*, to finish completely.

περί-τέλλομαι, Pass. (περί, τέλλω) to go or run round; of Time, to revolve.

περιτεμεῖν, *inf. fut.* of περιτέμνω.

περί-τέμνω *Ion.* and *Ep.* περιτέμνω: *f. -τεμῶ*; *aor. 2 -έτεμον*:—to cut round, clip round about:—Med., περιτάμνεσθαι τὰ αλδοῖα to practise circumcision; περιτάμνεσθαι βραχίονας to make incisions all round one's arms.

II. to cut off the extremities: Pass., περιτέμνεσθαι γῆν to be curtailed or cut short of certain land.

III. to cut off, intercept: Med. to intercept for oneself: Pass. to be cut off or intercepted.

περί-τέρμων, *ον*, (περί, τέρμα) bounded all round.

περί-τέχνησις, *ἡ*, (περί, τέχνη) eminent art or cunning.

περί-τίθημι, *f. -θήσω*; *aor. 1 -έθηκα*; *aor. 2 -έθην*, imperat. -θε:—to place round about, put round or on:—Med. to put round oneself, put on. II. to

bestow or confer upon, invest with: also to impose upon.

περί-τίλλω, to pluck or strip all round.

περί-τίμῃεις, *εσσα, εν*, (περί, τιμή) much honoured.

περιτομή, *ἡ*, (περιτέμω) circumcision.

περί-τοξένω, *f. σω*, to overshoot, outshoot.

περί-τραχήλιον, τό, (περί, τράχηλος) a necklace.

περί-τρέπω, *f. -τρέψω*; *aor. 1 -έτρεφα*:—to turn round about, to turn upside down, to overturn. II.

intr. to turn or go round, revolve.

περίτρεσαν, 3 pl. *Ep. aor. 1* of περιτρέω.

περί-τρέφω, *f. -θρέψω*; *aor. 1 -έθρεφα*:—to make to congeal around:—Pass. to congeal or stiffen round about.

περί-τρέχω, *f. -θρέξομαι*: other tenses formed from περι-δρέμω, *f. -δρεμόμαι*; *aor. 2 -έδρεμον*; *pf. -δέδρομα*:—to run round, spin or whirl round. II.

c. acc. to run round about, make the circuit of: to run round in quest of. 2. metaph. to come round, overreach.

περί-τρέω, *f. -τρέσω*, to tremble round about.

περιτριβής, *ἐς*, (περιτριβῆναι) worn all round. From

περί-τριβω, *f. ψω*; *aor. 1 -έτριψα*:—Pass. *aor. 2 -έτριβην* [*Y*]: *pf. -τέτριμμαι*:—to wear down all round. Hence

περιτριμμα, *ατος, τό*, anything worn smooth by rubbing: metaph. a practised knave.

περί-τρομέω, (περί, τρέμω) to tremble or quiver all round: Pass. *ὄρκες περιτρομέοντο μέλεσιν* all the flesh quivered on his limbs.

περί-τροπέω, *Ep. collat. form* of περιτρέπω, intr. to turn oneself round; of Time, to revolve. 3. c. acc. to drive about, harass.

περιτροπή, *ἡ*, (περιτρέπω) a turning about, revolution; ἐν περιτροπῇ or ἐκ περιτροπῆς by turns.

περί-τρόχῳλος, *ον*, = περίτροχος; neut. pl. as Adv., περιτρόχαλα κείρεσθαι to have one's hair clipped round about.

περί-τροχάω, collat. form of περιτρέχω, to run round: to crowd round about.

περίτροχος, *ον*, (περιτρέχω) running round, round.

περί-τρώγω, *f. -τρώξομαι*; *aor. 2 -έτρώγον*:—to gnaw round about, nibble, carp at: to nibble off, purloin.

περιττεύω, περιττός, etc., later Att. for περισσεύω, περισσός, etc.

περί-τυγχάνω, *f. -τεύξομαι*; *aor. 2 -έτύχον*; *pf. -τέτυχκα*:—to happen to be about, at or near: to light upon, fall in with, meet with, encounter: also to happen to one, befall.

περί-τύμβιος, *ον*, (περί, τύμβος) round about the grave.

περί-υβρίζω, *f. ἴσω*, to treat with great insult, to insult very wantonly:—Pass. to be wantonly ill-treated.

περιφαίνομαι, Pass. to be visible all round; ἐν περιφανομένῳ (sc. χώρῳ) on a spot seen far around.

περιφάνεια, ἡ, a being seen all round: full knowledge, notoriety. [ᾶ] From
 περιφανής, ἐς, (περιφαινομαι) seen all round: manifest: Comp. and Sup., περιφανέστερος, —ίστατος, περίφαντος, ον, (περιφαινομαι) seen all round, manifest: also 2. famous, renowned, Lat. illustris.
 περιφάνως, Adv. of περιφανής, manifestly.
 περιφείδομαι, Dep. to spare so that he survives, c. gen.
 περιφέρεια, ἡ, a circumference: a round figure. From
 περιφέρης, ἐς, (περιφέρω) carried round about: revolving, rolling: surrounding 2. surrounded by.
 περιφέρω, f. περιόλω: aor. I περιήνεκα:—to carry round or about: to carry about with one. 2. to move a thing round in a circle: to band round. II. οὐ με περιφέρει οὐδὲν εἰδέναι τούτων [sc. ἡ μνήμη] my memory does not carry me back to know any of these things. III. to endure, hold out. IV. Pass. to move round, revolve, esp. of time. 2. to wander or range about.
 περιφύγω, f. —φεύξομαι and —φευξομαι:—to flee from, avoid, elude, c. acc. 2. to escape from illness, get over an attack.
 περιφλεύω, pf. pass. περιτέφλεσμαι:—to scorch or burn all round.
 περίφλοιος, ον, (περί, φλοιος) with bark all round.
 περιφλύω [ῶ], = περιφλεύω.
 περιφοβέομαι, Pass to fear greatly.
 περίφοβος, ον, (περί, φόβος) in great fear, fearful about measure, terrified.
 περίφοιτος, ον, (περί, φοιτάω) wandering about.
 περιφορά, ἡ, (περιφέρω) a carrying or banding round: also the necks banded round. II. (from Pass.) a going or turning round, circuit, revolution.
 περιφορέω, —περιφέρω. Hence
 περιφορητός, ὢν, carried about. II. going or ranging about.
 III. notorious, infamous
 περιφροδής, ἐς, very thoughtful, very careful, considerate. Adv. —δέως, carefully. From
 περιφράζομαι, Med. to think over, consider on all sides.
 περίφρακτος, ον, fenced round:—as Subst., περίφρακτος, τό, an enclosure. From
 περιφράσσω Att. —ττω, f. ἔω, to fence round.
 περιφρονέω, f. ἴσω, to compass in thought, speculate about. II. to have thoughts above or beyond, to condemn, despise.
 περιφρουρέω, f. ἴσω, to guard on all sides, blockade.
 περίφρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, voc. περίφρον, (περί, φρήν) very thoughtful, very careful. II. like ὑπέρφρων, haughty, overweening: c. gen. despising a thing.
 περιφύγη, ἡ, (περιφυγεῖν) a place of refuge.
 περιφύς, ὅσα, ὕν, aor. 2 part. of περιφύω.
 περιφύσσητος, ον, (περί, φύσάω) blown upon from all sides.
 περιφύω, fut. —φύσω [ῶ]: aor. I —ἐφύσα:—trans. to make to grow round or upon, make to cling to or

adhere. II. intr. in Med. περιφύομαι: fut. —φύσομαι [ῶ]: with pf. act. περιπέφυκα: aor. 2 περιέφυ, inf. περιφύναι, part. περιφύς [ῶ]:—to grow round about or upon, c. dat. 2. to cling to, clasp, c. dat.
 περιχάρακός, f. ὥσα, (περί, χάραξ) to surround with a palisade: generally, to fortify.
 περιχάρασσω Att. —ττω, fut. ἔω, to scratch or cut all round.
 περιχάρα, ἡ, exceeding great joy. From
 περιχάρης, ἐς, (περί, χαρῆναι) exceeding glad or joyous: τὸ περιχαρές —(περί, χεῖρα) to surround with a rim or border.
 περιχέω, f. —χεῶ: aor. I περιέχεα: Ep. pres. περιχέω, aor. I περιχέυα: Pass., aor. I —εχύθη [ῶ]: pf. —έκχυσμαι:—to pour round about, over or upon: περιχέειν χρυσὸν κέρασι to put gold round the horns: —Pass. to be poured or spread all about: of persons, to pour or crowd round.
 περιχθών, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, round about the earth.
 περιχορεύω, f. ὥσα, to dance round or about
 περιχρυσόω, f. ὥσα, to gild all over.
 περιχέωμαι, f. —χέσομαι: Ep. aor. I περιχασάμην:—to be exceedingly angry or wroth.
 περιχωρέω, f. ἴσω, to go round about. II. to come round to, come to in succession.
 περίχωρος, ον, (περί, χώρος) round about a place: as Subst., περίχωρος (sub. γῆ), ἡ, the country round about.
 περιψάω, inf. —ψῆν: fut. —ψήσω:—to wipe all round: to wipe the eyes. Hence
 περίψημα, τό, anything wiped off, offscouring.
 περιψιλώω, f. ὥσα, (περί, ψιλός) to make bald all round: to strip or peel off all round: Pass., περιψιλωθῆναι τὰς σάρκας to have the flesh all stripped off.
 περιψδέω, f. ἴσω, (περί, ψδή) to subdue by spells.
 περιωδύνια, ἡ, excessive pain. From
 περιώδυνος, ον, (περί, ὀδύνη) exceeding painful
 II. suffering great pain.
 περιώθω, f. —ωθήσω and —ώσω, to push or thrust about:—Pass. with pf. περιέωμαι, to be thrust away or pushed on one side, to be repulsed.
 περιωπή, ἡ, (περί, ὤψ) a place commanding a wide view: ἐκ περιωπῆς by a bird's-eye view. II. circumspection, caution.
 περιώσιος, ον, ἰον, for περιώσιος. immense, vast, as Adv. περιώσιον, exceeding, beyond measure: also as Comp., περιώσιον ἄλλων far beyond the rest.
 περκάζω, f. ὥσα, (περκύς) to turn dark, of grapes ripening.
 πέρκυ, ἡ, the perch, Lat. perca.
 ΠΕΡΚΝΟ΄Σ, ἡ, ὢν, dark-coloured, of grapes ripening: dark, dusky, name of a kind of eagle.
 πέρκος, ἡ, ον, = περκνός.
 πέρνα, ἡ, a bam, Lat. perna.
 πέρνυμι, 3 pl. περνάσι, part. περνάς: 3 sing. Ion. impi. πέρνασκε: (περνάω):—to carry beyond seas for sale, to export, sell:—Pass. to be offered for sale.

πέρδος, ἡ, Aeol. for *peridos*.

περόναμα, -ατρίς, Dor. for *περόνημα*, -ητρίς.

περονάω, f. ἤσω, (*περόνη*) to pierce, pin: Med., *χλαῖναν περονήσασθαι* to pin or buckle one's cloak. *περόνη*, ἡ, (*πεῖρα*, *περάω*) anything pointed for piercing: a large pin for fastening a cloak, a buckle, brooch, Lat. *fibula*. II. the small bone of the arm or leg, Lat. *radius*, *fibula*.

περόνημα Dor. -αμα, ατος, τό, = *περονητρίς*. *περονητρίς* Dor. -ατρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (*περονάω*) a robe fastened on the shoulder with a buckle or brooch.

περονίς, ἰδος, ἡ, = *περόνη*. *περπερεύομαι*, Dep. to boast or vaunt oneself, be a braggart. From

ΠΕΡΠΕΡΟΣ, ον, vainglorious, braggart.

πέρρ-οχος, ον, Aeol. for *periochos*.

πέρσα, Ep. for *ἑρσα*, aor. I of *πέρθω*.

πέρσ-πολις ποῖτ. *περσέπολις*, εως, δ, ἡ, (*πέρθω*, *πόλις*) destroyer of cities. II. (*Πέρσαι*, *πόλις*)

Persepolis, the ancient capital of Persia.

Περσεύς, εως Ep. ἦος later Ion. εως, δ, *Perseus*, son of Jove and Danaë, one of the most famous Grecian heroes.

Περσεφόνη, ἡ, ποῖτ. *Περσεφόνη* also *Περσεφασσα*:—*Persephoné*, *Proserpine*, Lat. *Proserpina*, daughter of Jupiter and Ceres. Pluto carried her off, and as his consort she reigned in the lower world.

Πέρσης, ου, δ, acc. *Πέρσην* or *Πέρσέα*, voc. *Πέρσᾱ* or *Πέρση*, a *Persian*, native of Persis. (The Greeks derived the name of the people from *Perseus*.)

Περσίζω, f. σω, (*Πέρση*) to side with or imitate the Persians. 2. to speak Persian.

Περσικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*Πέρση*) *Persian*: hence 1. αἱ *Περσικαί* a sort of thin shoes or slippers. 2.

Περσικός ὄρνις the common cock. 3. τὸ *Περσικόν* a *Persian* dance. 4. ὁ *Περσικός* or τὸ *Περσικόν* (sub. *μήλον*), the peach.

Περσίς, ἰδος, ποῖτ. fem. of *Περσικός*, *Persian*. II. as Subst. 1. (sub. γῆ), *Persis*, *Persia*. 2. (sub. γυνή), a *Persian* woman. 3. (sub. χλαῖνα), a *Persian* cloak.

Περσιστί, Adv. (*Περσίζω*) in *Persian* fashion, in the *Persian* tongue.

Περσο-διώκτης, ου, δ, (*Πέρσης*, *διώκω*) pursuer of the Persians.

Περσο-υπόμειμαι, Pass. to be governed by the Persian laws or by Persians. From

Περσο-νόμος, ον, (*Πέρσης*, *νέμω*) ruling Persians.

πέρυσι or -ιν, Adv. (*πέρας*) a year ago, last year; ἡ *πέρυσι κωμῳδία* the comic play of last year. Hence

πέρυσινός, ἡ, ὄν, of last year, last year's.

Περσέρες, οἱ, the name of the five officers who escorted the Hyperborean maidens to Delos.

πεσδᾶ, Adv., Dor. for *πεσῆ*.

πέσσε, Ep. for *ἔπεσε*, 3 sing. aor. 2 of *πίπτω*.

πεσσεῖν Ep. *πεσείν*, aor. 2 inf. of *πίπτω*.

πέσσημα, ατος, τό, (*πεσείν*) a fall: a falling or fallen body.

πέσος, τό, = *πέσημα*, *πτῶμα*, a fall, slaughter.

πεσοῦμαι, fut. med. of *πίπτω*.

πεσοῖς Att. *πεττ-*, ἡ, the game of draughts. From *πεσοῦν* Att. *πεττ-*, (*πεσός*) to play at draughts.

πεσο-νομέω, f. ἤσω, (*πεσός*, *νέμω*) to set the *πεσοῖς* in order for playing: to arrange, dispose, adjust.

ΠΕΣΣΟΣ Att. *πεττός*, ὁ, pl. *πεσσοί* and *πεσσοῖ* an oval-shaped stone for playing a game like our draughts, mostly in plur. 2. in pl. also the board on which the game was played: it was divided by five lines both ways, and so into thirty-six squares: the middle line was called *ἑρὰ γραμμῇ*. 3. *πεσσοί*, οἱ, also, the place in which the game was played: the game itself.

ΠΕΣΣΩ Att. *πέττω*, later also *πέπτω*: fut. *πέψω* aor. I *ἔπεσα*:—Pass. aor. I *ἐπέφθην*: pf. *πέπεμα* inf. *πεπέφθαι*:—to soften, make soft: of the sun, to ripen.

II. to boil: generally, to cook, dress also to bake: Med., *πέσσεσθαι* *έμματα* to bake oneself cakes. III. of the stomach, to digest, Lat. *coquere*, *concoquere*.

2. metaph. to stomach or digest an affront, or rather to brood over it; so *γέρπεσσεμεν* (Ep. for *έπείσεμεν*) to brood over or dwell on one's honours; *βέλος πέσσειν* to nurse or have to bear the wound of a dart.

πεσών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of *πίπτω*.

πετάλισμός, ὁ, *petalism*, a mode of banishing citizens practised in Syracuse, like the *δοτρακισμός* at Athens, except that the name of the obnoxious citizen was written on olive-leaves instead of potsherd. From

πέταλον Ion. *πέτλην*, τό, a leaf: hence

used for voting, a vote, ballot; cf. *ψήφος*. (Properly neut. from *πέταλος*.)

πέταλος Ion. *πέτληος*, η, ον, (*πετάννυμι*) spread out, unfolded, broad, flat. II. metaph. full-grown.

πέταμα, -έτομαι, q. v.

ΠΕΤΑΝΝΥΜΙ or -ώω: f. *πετάσω* [ᾶ] Att. *πετάω* aor. I *ἐπέτασα* Ep. *πέτασα* and *πέτασσα*: Pass., aor.

ἐπέτασθην Ep. *κέτασθην*: pf. *πεπέτασμαι* Ep. *πέπταμαι*: Ep. plpf. *ἑπεπτάμην*, *πεπτάμην*:—to spread stretch out, unfold, unfold, unfold; metaph. *θυμῷ* *πέτασαι* to open one's heart:—pf. pass. *πέπταμαι*, be spread on all sides, to be widely extended; part. *πταμένος*, η, ον, spread wide, opened wide, of folding doors.

πέτασε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of *πετάννυμι*.

πέτασμα, ατος, τό, (*πετάννυμι*) anything spread out: in plur. bangings, curtains, carpets.

πετάσσεις, Ep. aor. I part. of *πετάννυμι*.

πέτ-αυρον or *πέτ-ευρον*, τό, (*πέταυρος* Aeol. for *πέταρος*) a pole or perch for fowls to roost on.

πετεινός, ἡ, ὄν. Ep. *πετεινός*, Ion. *πετηνός* metaph. *πτεηνός*, able to fly, winged, flying: *πετηνά*, πτεηνά winged creatures, fowls of the air. 2.

young birds, fledged.

πέτευρον, το, -έταυρον.

πέτλην, τό, Ion. for *πέταλον*.

πετοῖσαι, Dor. for πεσοῦσαι, aor. 2 part. nom. pl. of πέτω.

ΠΕΤΟΜΑΙ: impf. ἐπέτομην Ep. πετόμην: f. πέτησμαι, shortd. πτησμαι: sync. aor. 2 ἐπτύμην, inf. πτέσθαι, part. πτόμενος; also ἐπτάμην, Ep. 3 sing. subj. πτήται for πτάται, inf. πτάσθαι, part. πτάμενος: Dep.:—but there is also an act. aor. 2 ἐπτην, inf. πτήναι, part. πτάς, as if from ἵπτημι:—there is also a present πέταμαι: ποτάομαι, πωτάομαι are lengthd. forms:—to spread the wings in flight, to fly: of any quick motion, to fly, dart, rush, speed: imperat., πέτω fly! i. e. make haste. II. metaph. to be on the wing, flutter, Lat. volitare; ὄρνις πετόμενος a bird over on the wing. 2. to fly abroad, be bruited abroad.

πετόντεσσι, Acol. and poet. for πεσοῦσι, aor. 2 part. dat. pl. of πέτω.

ΠΕΤΡΑ Ion. πέτρη, ἡ, a rock, crag, Lat. rupes, scopulus; πέτρος being a stone, Lat. saxum: a ledge or shelf of rock (in the sea), λείος πετράων free from rocks:—pl. πέτραι, masses of rock: διστόμος πέτρα a rock or cave with double entrance. Hence πετραῖος, α, ον, rocky, of or belonging to a rock, living among the rocks.

πετρη-γενής, ἐς, (πέτρα, γενέσθαι) rock-born. πετρήεις, ἐσσα, εν, (πέτρα) rocky. πετρο-ηρεφής, ἐς, (πέτρα, ἐρέφω) over-arched with rock.

πετρήρης, ἐς, (πέτρα) of rock, rocky. πετρίδιον, τό, Dim. of πέτρα. [f] πέτρινος, η, ον, (πέτρα) of rock, rocky. πετροβολία, ἡ, a stoning. From πετρο-βόλος, ον, (πέτρα, βαλεῖν) throwing stones. πετρό-κοιτος, ον, (πέτρα, κοίτη) sleeping on rock. πετρορ-ριφής, ἐς, (πέτρα, ριφῆναι) buried from a rock.

ΠΕΤΡΟΣ, ὁ, a piece of rock, a stone; cp. πέτρα. πέτρο-τόμος, ον, (πέτρα, τεμείν) cutting or hewing stones: as Subst., πετροτόμος, ὁ, a stone-cutter.

πετρώω, f. ὥσω, (πέτρος) to stone:—Pass. to be stoned. πετρώδης, ἐς, (πέτρα or πέτρος, εἶδος) like rock or stone, rocky, stony.

πετρώμα, ατος, τό, (πετρώι) a piece of stone or rock. II. a stoning; λευσίμω πετρώματι θανεῖν to die by stoning.

πεττεῖα, πεττεύω, πεττός, Att. for πεσσ-.

πέττω, Att. for πέσσω.

ΠΕΥΘΟΜΑΙ, poet. for the prose πυνθάνομαι: impf. ἱπυνόμην. Hence

πυνθά, οὖς, ἡ, tidings, news.

πευκάεις, Dor. for πευκήεις.

πευκάλιμος [α], η, ον, lengthd. Ep. form of πυκινός (cf. λευγάλεος, λυγρός), wise, prudent.

πευκεδάνος, ἡ, ὄν, (πεύκη) keen, piercing.

ΠΕΥΚΗ, ἡ, the fir, Lat. picea. II. anything made from the wood or resin of the fir, a torch of fir-wood. Hence

πευκήεις Dor. πευκάεις. ἐσσα, εν, of or made of fir, fortib.

πέυκην σκάφον, a boat of fir-wood.

II. metaph.

sharp, keen, piercing.

πευκίνας, η, ον, (πεύκη) of or made of fir-wood; πεύκινα δάκρυα tears of the fir, i. e. the gum or resin that exudes from it

πεύσομαι Dor. πεισοῦμαι, fut. of πυνθάνομαι πειυστήριος, α, ον, of or for enquiry: ἡ πειυστήρια (sub. θυσία) a sacrifice for learning the will of the gods.

πεφάνθαι, pf. pass. inf. of φαίνω.

πέφανται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of φαίνω. II. 3 plur. pf. pass. of *φένω.

πέφαρμαι, Att. for πέφραγμα, pf. pass. of φράσσω.

πέφασμαι, pf. pass. of φαίνω and of φημί: part. πεφασμένος, η, ον, brought to light, made manifest.

πεφευγώς, pf. part. of φεύγω.

πέφνη, pf. of φαίνω.

πέφησμαι, poet. paullo-p. fut. of φαίνω.

πεφήσομαι, poet. paullo-p. fut. of *φένω.

πεφθίσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 inf. of φείδομαι.

πεφθίσθαι, Ep. paullo-p. fut. of φείδομαι.

πεφθίσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 opt. of φείδομαι.

πεφιλῆμένος, Dor. for πεφιλῆμένος, pf. pass. part. of φιλέω.

πεφίλωσο, pf. pass. imperat. of φιλέω.

πέφνε, πεφνέμεν, πέφνων, etc., v. sub *φένω.

πεφοβήατο, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of φοβέομαι

πεφοβημένος, η, ον, pf. part. pass. of φοβέω: Adv. πεφοβημένως, timorously.

πεφορτισμένος, pf. pass. part. of φορτίζω.

πέφραγμα, pf. pass. of φράσσω.

πέφραδον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of φράζω: Ep. inf.

πεφράδειν and πεφράδμεν.

πέφρῖκα, pf. of φρίσσω: poet. part. πεφρίκοντες.

πεφύασι, Ep. for πεφύκασσι, 3 pl. pf. of φύω.

πεφυγμένος, η, ον, pf. pass. part. of φεύγω.

πεφυγότες, Ep. for πεφευγότες, nom. pl. pf. part. from pres. *φύζω, = φεύγω.

πέφῦκα, pf. of φύω.

πεφύκω, Ep. pres. formed from pf. πέφῦκα: Ep. impf. πέφῦκον.

πεφυλαγμένος, η, ον, pf. pass. part. of φυλάσσω: —Adv. πεφυλαγμένως, cautiously, guardedly.

πεφυρμένος, pf. pass. part. of φύρω.

πεφυῖα, Ep. for πεφυκία, pf. part. fem. of φύω.

πεφύυτες, Ep. for πεφυκύτες, pf. part. pl. of φύω.

πη Ion. κη Dor. πᾶ, enclit. Particle: of Manner, in some way or other, somehow: οὐδέ πη in no way at all, not at all: of numbers, about. 2. of Space, by some way, to some place. 3. πῇ μὲν .., πῇ δὲ .. now one way, now another; partly .., partly .. II. πῇ; Ion. κῇ; Dor. πᾶ; interrog. Particle: 1. of Manner, how? also why? in Att. how? 2. of Space, which way? Lat. qua? also where?

πηγάζω, f. ἀώω, (πηγή) to spring, well, or gush forth.

πηγῆς Dor. πευκάεις. ἐσσα, εν, of or made of fir, fortib.

πηγῆς Dor. πευκάεις. ἐσσα, εν, of or made of fir, fortib.

πηγῆς Dor. πευκάεις. ἐσσα, εν, of or made of fir, fortib.

πηγῆς Dor. πευκάεις. ἐσσα, εν, of or made of fir, fortib.

πηγαῖος, *π* *ον*, also *ος*, *ον*, (πηγή) from a well or spring.

ΠΕΤΑΨΑΝΟΝ, τό, *vue*, Lat. *ruta*: proverb., οὐδ' ἐν σελίνῳ οὐδ' ἐν πηγάνῳ, not even at the parsley nor the rue, i.e. scarcely at the beginning of a thing, because these herbs were planted for borders in gardens.

πηγᾶς, ἄδος, ᾗ, (πήγνυμι) anything congealed or hardened: *boar-frost*, *rime*.

Πηγάσιον, τό, Dim. of Πηγάσος. [ᾗ]

Πηγάσις, ἴδος, fem. Adj. of *Pegasus*; Πηγάσις κρήνη = "Ἰππου κρήνη": see Πηγάσος.

Πηγάσος, ὁ, *Pegasus*, a horse sprung from the blood of Medusa, and named from the springs (πηγαῖ) of Ocean, near which she was killed. Later he was supposed to be the winged horse which Belerophon rode when he slew Chimaera, under whose hoof the fountain *Hippocrene* (Ἰππου κρήνη) sprang up on Helicon.

πηγεῖο-μαλλός, *ον*, (πήγνυμι, μαλλός) *thick-fleeced*.

ΠΗΓΗ Dor. παγά, ᾗ, a spring, well, Lat. *fons*; in pl. the springs or source of rivers; but also, πηγαῖ ποταμῶν river waters: metaph. of anything liquid, πηγαῖ δακρύων the source or fount of tears, i.e. the eyes; also, πηγή ἀκουόουσα the fount of hearing, i.e. the ear; πηγαῖ γάλακτος streams of milk; πηγή πυρός the source of fire; also, πηγή ὀρυγούρου a well (i.e. rich vein) of silver. 2. metaph. the fount, source, origin of anything.

πήγμα, ατος, τό, (πήγνυμι) anything fastened together: metaph. a bond, obligation.

ΠΗΤΝΥΜΙ or -ύω, fut. πήξω, aor. I ἐπήξα Ep. πήξα: Pass., pres. πήγνυμαι: fut. πάγησομαι: aor. I ἐπήχθην, aor. 2 ἐπάγην [ᾗ]: pf. πέπηγα, but the pf. med. πέπηγα is mostly used in this sense:—to stick or fix in, make firm or fast in: of plants, to set or plant: σκηνὴν πήγνυμαι to fix or pitch a tent; and Med., σκηνὰς πήξασθαι to fix their tents:—Pass. to be fixed: of persons, to be impaled. 2. to stick or fix on: metaph. to fix or fasten upon. II. to fasten together, put together, construct, build: Med., ἐμαυτὰν πήξασθαι to build oneself a wagon. III. to make solid, stiff: to congeal, freeze:—Pass. to be or become stiff, be frozen. IV. metaph. to make fast, fix, Lat. *pangere*; ὄρκος παγείας a sure and steadfast oath.

πηγός, ᾗ, ὄν, (πήγνυμι) firm, solid: compact, strong. πηγύλης, ἴδος, ᾗ, (πήγνυμι) covered with boar-frost, frozen, icy.

πηδάλιον, τό, (πηδόν) a rudder: a Greek ship had two, hence mostly in pl. πηδάλια: they were moved like large oars or sweeps; and the two were often joined by cross-bars or rudder-bands (ζεῦγλαι or ζευκτήρια): the upper part with the tiller being called *οἶα*. 2. metaph. of a horse's reins or bridle. [ᾗ]

ΠΗΔΑΨΑΝΟΝ, lon. inf. πηδέειν: fut. ήσω or -ήσομαι, aor. I ἐπήδησα:—to spring, bound, leap: of things, to dart, spring: c. acc. cognato, πήδημα πηδᾶν to

take a leap; hence πηδᾶν μέλινον (sub. πηδήματα) to take a greater leap: but πεδία πηδᾶν to bound over the plains. II. to leap, throb, beat, esp. on the pulse.

πήδημα, ατος, τό, (πηδᾶν) a leaping, bounding: a beating or throbbing of the heart.

ΠΗΔΟΣ, ὁ, or ΠΗΔΟΝ, τό, the flat or blade of an oar:—an oar.

πηκτίς, ἴδος, ᾗ, (πήγνυμι) an ancient sort of bag with twenty strings, mostly used by the Lydians, also called μαγάδις. 2. a shepherd's pipe.

πηκτός, ᾗ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πήγνυμι, fixed or fastened in: of trees, planted. II. well put together, compact. 2. ᾗ πηκτὴ a sort of cage to catch birds.

3. τὰ πηκτὰ (Dor. πακτὰ) τῶν δωματίων the barriers of the house, the door. III. solid, thick, congealed, curdled: ᾗ πηκτὴ Dor. πακτὴ cream-cheese.

πήλαι, πήλας, aor. I inf. and part. of πάλλω.

πήλε, Ep. for ἐπήλε, 3 sing. aor. I of πάλλω.

Πηλείδης, *ον* Ep. *εω* and *αο*, ὁ, patronymic of Πηλεὺς, son of Peleus, Achilles.

Πηλεῖων, *ανος*, ὁ, the same as Πηλείδης: Adv. Πηλεϊωνάδε, to the son of Peleus.

Πηλεὺς, *έως* Ep. ἥος, ὁ, Peleus, son of Aeacus, husband of Thetis, father of Achilles, prince of the Myrmidons in Thessaly.

Πηληιάδης, *εω*, ὁ, Ep. for Πηλείδης.

Πηληῖος, *η*, *ον*, Ep. Adj. (Πηλῆος, Ep. gen. of Πηλεὺς) of or belonging to Peleus.

πήληξ, *ηκος*, ᾗ, (πήλαι) a helmet, casque.

Πηληϊάκος, ᾗ, ὄν, of Mount Pelion.

Πηλιάς, ἄδος, ᾗ, (Πηλῶν) of or from Mount Pelion. πηλίκος [ᾗ], *η*, *ον*, interrog. of τηλίκος, ἡλίκος. *how great? how much? how old?* Lat. *quantus?*

πήλιος, *η*, *ον*, (πηλός) of clay, earthen, Lat. *luteus*.

Πήλιον, τό, Pelion, a mountain in Thessaly. Hence Πηλιώτης, *ον*, ὁ, fem. -ώτις, ἴδος, of or from Pelion.

πηλο-βάτης [ᾗ], *ον*, ὁ, (πηλός, βαίνω) mud-walker, name of a frog.

πηλοδομέω, *η* ήσω, to build of clay. From

πηλό-δομος, *ον*, (πηλός, δέμω) clay-built.

πηλο-πλάθος [ᾗ], *ον*, (πηλός, πλάσσω) moulding clay: as Subst., πηλοπλάθος, ὁ, a potter.

ΠΗΛΟΣ, ὁ, clay, such as was used by the potter. Lat. *lutum*: also mud, Lat. *coenum*.

πηλο-ουργός, ὄν, (πηλός, ἔργον) working in clay as Subst., πηλοουργός, ὁ, a worker in clay.

πηλοφορέω, *η* ήσω, to carry clay. From

πηλο-φόρος, *ον*, (πηλός, φέρω) carrying clay.

πηλό-χυτος, *ον*, (πηλός, χέω) cast in clay, earthen.

πηλ-ώτης, *εω*, (πηλός, εἶδος) like clay, clayey, of the consistency of clay.

πήμα, ατος, τό, (πήσομαι, fut. ήσχω) suffering, misery, woe: also of a person, πημά τινα a bane or sorrow to ... Hence

πημάλινον: *ε* ἀνὸν Ion. ἀνέω, aor. I ἐπήμηναι: Met. fut. πημάνουμαι (in pass. sense): Pass., aor. I ἐπήμηναι

μάνθην Ep. πῆμάνθην:—to make suffer, bring into misery: also to grieve, distress: to harm, injure: absol. to do mischief. Hence

πῆμαντεος, α, ον, possible to be injured.

πῆμῆνεαι, 3 pl. Acol. aor. I opt. of πῆμαινω.

πῆμονῆ, ἦ, poet. for πῆμα, suffering.

πῆμονῆ, ἦ, = πῆμονῆ, πῆμα, suffering.

Πηνελόπη Ep. Πηνελόπεια, ἦ, Penelope, daughter of Icarus, wife of Odysseus: (called from her weaving the web, πῆνῃ).

πηνέλοψ, οπος, δ, a kind of duck.

Πῆνῃ, ἦ, like πῆνος, the thread on the shuttle, the woof; in plur. the web.

πηνίξομαι Dor. πανίξομαι: Dep.: (πηνίον):—to wind thread off a reel: generally, to wind off.

ΠΗΝΙΚΑ [χ], Adv. at what point of time? at what hour? πηνίξ' ἐστὶ τῆς ἡμέρας; what hour of day is it?

πηνίον, τό, Dim. of πῆνος or πῆνῃ, the thread of the woof: or the quill on which the thread is wound.

πῆνισμα, ατος, τό, (πηνίξω) the thread wound on a spindle, the thread of the woof.

πῆξαι, aor. I inf. of πῆννυμι.

πῆξε, Ep. for ἐπῆξε, 3 sing. aor. I of πῆννυμι.

πῆρος Dor. πᾶρος, οὔ, δ, (πάρομαι) a kinsman by marriage, a connexion, Lat. affinis.

Πῆρα Ion. πῆρη, ἦ, a leatheren pouch, a wallet, scrip, knapsack, Lat. pera.

πῆριδιον, τό, Dim. of πῆρα, a little wallet.

πῆρό-δετος, ον, (πῆρα, δέω) tying a wallet.

Πῆρο'ς, ἄ, ἐν, disabled in a limb, maimed, Lat. mancus.

πῆρώ, f. ὦσω, (πῆρος) 'o maim, disable: metaph. to incapacitate.

πῆσσομαι, Ion. fut. of πάσχω.

πῆχῡατος, α, ον, a cubit long.

πῆχύνομαι, Med. to take into one's arms.

Πῆχ'τες, εως, δ: gen. pl. πῆχεων:—the fore-arm, from the wrist to the elbow, Lat. ulna: generally the arm.

II, the centre-piece, which joined the two horns of the bow. III. in pl., πῆχες are the horns or sides of the lyre, opp. to ζυγόν the bridge.

IV. as a measure of length, the space from the point of the elbow to the end of the little finger, Lat. cubitus; a cubit, orig. containing 24 δάκτυλοι, or about 18 inches: the πῆχυς βασιλῆως was longer by three δάκτυλοι, being = 27 δάκτυλοι or about 20 inches. V. a cubit-rule.

πιάξω, f. ἄσω and ἄξω: aor. I part. πιάξας: Dor. form of πιάω, to press: to lay hold of, apprehend.

πιάνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἐπιάνα, pass. ἐπιάσθην: pf. pass. πεπιάσμαι: (πιάω) —to make fat, fatten; of the soil, to fatten, enrich: metaph. to increase, enlarge. 2. metaph. to make wanton:—Pass. to become fat, wax wanton.

πιάξας, Dor. aor. I part. of πιάξω.

πῖα, τό, indecl. (πῖα) fat, tallow, suet: also oil, cream: hence fatness: metaph. the fat of the land, the cream of a thing, the choicest, best.

πῖαρός, ἄ, ὄν, (πῖα) fat, rich.

πιάσμα, τό, (πιάνω) that which makes fat or rich, an enricher, fattener, of a river.

πιδᾶκίτις, ιδος, ἦ, (πιδᾶξ) of the spring or fountain.

πιδᾶκίδης, εσσα, ἐν, (πιδᾶξ) gushing.

πιδᾶκ-ώδης, ες, (πιδᾶξ, εἶδος) like a fountain, gushing with spring-water.

Πῖ ΔΑΞ, ἄκος, ἦ, a spring, fountain. Hence

πιδῆις, εσσα, ἐν, rich in springs.

πιδύω, to gush out.

πῖε, Ep. 2 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of πίνω: but also Ep. for ἔπιε, 3 sing. indic.

πῖεν, Ep. for πῖεν, aor. 2 inf. of πίνω.

πῖξω, = πῖεω: and hence Ep. impf. πῖξεν and Ion. part. pass. πῖεζέμενος.

Πῖ'Ε'Ω, f. πῖεω: aor. I ἐπῖεσα: Pass., aor. I ἐπῖεσθην or ἐπῖεχθην: pf. πεπῖεσμαι or πεπῖεγμαι:—to press, squeeze, crush, press hard upon.

II. to lay hold of.

πῖεν, aor. 2 inf. of πίνω.

πῖερα [i], ἦ, pecul. fem. of πῖων, fat, rich: of cities, prosperous, wealthy: δαῖς πῖερα a plentiful meal:—of pine-wood, resinous, juicy, unctuous.

πῖμεν, Ep. for πῖεν, aor. 2 inf. of πίνω.

Πιερίδες, αἱ, the Pierides, name of the Muses, from mount Pierus in Thessaly.

Περίρην, Adv. from Pieria in Thessaly.

πῖσαι, for πῖε, 2 sing. fut. of πίνω.

πῖσθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of πῖξω.

πῖης, εσσα, ἐν, poet. for πῖων, fat, rich.

πῖρσθα, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of πίνω.

πῖρακῃ Att. φιδάκῃ, ἦ, (πῖθος) a wine-cask, wine-jar.

πῖθακος, Dor. for πῖθηκος, an ape.

πῖθᾶνολογῶ, f. ἦσω, (πῖθᾶνολόγος) to use probable arguments. Hence

πῖθᾶνολογία, ἦ, the use of probable arguments.

πῖθᾶνο-λόγος, ον, (πῖθᾶνός, λέγος) speaking persuasively, using probable arguments.

πῖθᾶνός, ἦ, ὄν, (πῖθω) act. calculated to persuade: 1. of persons, persuasive. 2. of manners, winning. 3. of reports, plausible, credible: hence reasonable, likely. 4. of works of art, producing illusion, natural. II. pass. easy to persuade, credulous. 2. obedient.

πῖθᾶνός, Adv. of πῖθᾶνός, persuasively: Comp. πῖθανότερον, more persuasively.

πῖθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of πῖθω.

πῖθεών, ὦνος, δ, (πῖθος) a place for casks, a cellar, πῖθηκῖζω, f. ἴσω, (πῖθηκος) to play the ape. Hence

πῖθηκοσμός, δ, a playing the ape, aping.

πῖθηκος Dor. πῖθακος, ὄ, (πῖθω) an ape, Lat. simius: hence, one who plays ape's tricks, a jacksnipe.

πῖθηκο-φάγος, (πῖθηκος, φαγεῖν) to eat ape's flesh.

πῖθηκο-φόρος, ον, (πῖθηκος, φέρω) carrying apes.

πῖθήσας, aor. I part. of πῖθω, as if from πῖθω.

πῖθι, irreg. 2 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of πῖνω.

πῖθ-οἰγία, ἦ, (πῖθος, οἶννυμι) an opening of casks.

πιθολγία, τό, (πίθος, οἶγνυμι) *the cask-opening, a festival on the first day of the Anthesteria.*

πιθόμην, Ep. for ἐπιθόμην, aor. 2 med. of πείθω.

πίθος, ὁ, *a wine-jar made of earthenware.* [Υ]

πίθαν, ὁ, = πύθος, an ape. [Υ]

πίθον, αὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of πείθω.

πικραίνω, f. ἄνω, (πικρός) *to make sharp or bitter: metaph. to embitter, anger:—Pass. to grow angry.*

πικρία, ἡ, (πικρός) *bitterness: of temper, bitterness, malice, venom, spleen.*

πικρό-γάμος, ον, (πικρός, γαμέω) *embittered in marriage, unhappily wedded*

πικρό-γλωσσος, ον, (πικρός, γλῶσσα) *of sharp or bitter tongue.*

πικρό-καρπος, ον, (πικρός, καρπός) *bearing bitter fruit.*

ΠΙΚΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, *sharp, keen, piercing: of taste, sharp, pungent, bitter: of sound, sharp, piercing, shrill.* 2. of persons, words, acts, etc., *bitter, cruel, harsh, stern, morose, severe: also hateful, hostile.*

II. Comp. and Sup. πικρότερος, -ότατος, never πικρώτερος, -ώτατος. Hence

πικρότης, ἡτος, ἡ, *bitterness: harshness, cruelty.*

πικρό-χολος, ον, (πικρός, χολή) *with bitter gall: spleenetic.*

πικρῶς, Adv. of πικρός, *sharply, harshly, bitterly, cruelly.*

πιλῶ, = πιλῶν:—Pass. *to be close pressed.*

πιλίδιον, τό, Dim. of πῖλος, *a little felt-hat, Lat. pileolus.* [ΛΥ]

πι-λίπης, ἐς, (πῖ, λιπεῖν) *wanting the letter πῖ.*

πιλῶν, = πελάων, *to bring near to:—Pass. πιλανάμαι, to draw near to, approach, encounter, c. dat.*

ΠΙΛΟΣ, ὁ, *wool or hair wrought into felt, felt, felt-cloth.* II. *a felt-cap, hat: πῖλος χαλκοῦς* a brassy hat, i. e. helmet: also *a felt cuirass.*

πιλοφορικός, ἡ, ὄν, *used to wear a felt-hat. From*

πιλο-φόρος, ον, (πῖλος, φέρω) *wearing a felt-hat.*

πιλῶ, f. ὤσω, (πῖλος) *to press wool so as to make it into felt, to felt wool: hence to press close, squeeze tight.*

πιμελή, ἡ, (πίων, πῖαρ) *fat, Lat. adeps.* Hence

πιμελής, ἐς, *fat, Lat. pinguis.*

πιμπλάντω, Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. of πιμπλημι.

πιμπλάνω, poet. for πιμπλημι, hence pres. med. πιμπλάνεται for πιμπλάται.

πιμπλέω, = πιμπλημι: Ion. part. pl. fem. πιμπλεῦσαι.

ΠΙΜΠΑΗΜΙ, inf. πιμπλάναι [Ἀ]: 3 pl. impf. ἐπιμπλάσαν: (tenses formed from πλῆθω): fut. πλησ-σω: aor. I ἐπλησα, med. ἐπλησάμην: Pass., aor. I ἐπλήσθην: pf. ἐπέπλησμαι:—also, Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἐπλήμην, 3 sing. and pl. πλήτω, πλήντω, imperat. πλήσω, opt. πλημην or πλείμην:—to fill, fill up, fill full of a thing, c. acc. pers. et gen. rei: or to fill with a thing, c. dat. rei. 2. c. acc. pers. only, to fill full, satisfy, glut.

3. to fulfil, discharge an office. II. Med. to fill for oneself, or what is one's own. III.

Pass. *to become or be full of: to be filled, satisfied, have enough of a thing.*

ΠΙΜΠΗΜΙ, inf. πιμπράναι [Ἀ]: (tenses formed from πρήθω): fut. πρήσω: aor. I ἐπρησα: Pass., aor. I ἐπρήσθην: pf. ἐπέπρησμαι:—to kindle, burn, set on fire:—Pass. ἐπιπράμαι, to be burnt, set on fire, consumed.

πῖν, poet. inf. of ἐπιον, aor. 2 of πίνω.

πινάκτηδόν, Adv. (πίναξ) *like planks.*

πινάκιον, τό, Dim. of πίναξ, *a little tablet, esp. that on which the judges (δικασταί) wrote their verdict of guilty or not guilty, Lat. tabella.*

πινάκιοςκος, ὁ, = πινάκιον.

πινάκο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (πίναξ, πωλέω) *one who sells small boards ranged upon a board.*

ΠΙΝΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, *a board, plank: a writing-tablet: a votive tablet.* 2. *a wooden trencher, dish, plate, or platter.* 3. *a board for painting on, a picture, Lat. tabula.* 4. *a plate engraved or written upon: a chart or map.* 5. *a board for public notices: a register, list.*

πινῆρός, ἄ, ὄν, (πίνος) *dirty, squalid.*

πινῶν, (πίνος) *to be dirty.*

πινέμεν, πινέμεναι, Ep. inf. of πίνω.

πίνεσκον [Υ], Ion. impf. of πίνω.

πινήρός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for πινάρος.

ΠΙΝΝΑ and πίννη, ἡ, a kind of muscle, the pinna. πιννο-τήρης, ον, ὁ, (πίννα, τηρέω) *a small crab that lives in the pinna's shell: metaph. a little parasit.*

πινέως, εσσα, εν = πινάρος.

ΠΙΝΟΣ, ὁ, dirt, filth, Lat. squalor. [Υ]

πινύσσω: aor. I ἐπινύσσα: pass. ἐπεπύσθην: (πέ-πνυμαι, pf. pass. of πνέω):—to make wise or prudent, admonish, instruct, inform. Hence

πινύτης, ἡ, *understanding, wisdom.*

πινύτης, ἡτος Dor. ἄτος, ἡ, = πινυτή.

πινύτης, ἡ, ὄν, (πινύσσω) *wise, understanding.*

πινύτῶ-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πινύτης, φρήν) *of wise or understanding mind.*

ΠΙΝΩ [Υ]: fut. πίομαι: aor. 2 ἐπιον, imperat. πῖε, also πῖθι, inf. πείν: from Root ΠΟ—come pf. πῖεωκα, aor. I pass. ἐπόθην: pf. pass. inf. πεπῖσθαι:—to drink, Lat. bibo: c. gen. to drink of a thing: metaph. to drink up, absorb: pf. πῖεωκα, to have drunk, to be drunken.

πῖν-ώτης, ες, (πίνος, εἶδος) *dirty, squalid.*

πίομαι, aor. 2 opt. of πίνω.

πίομαι, fut. of πίνω: but also used as pres. med.

πίον, Ep. aor. 2 of πίνω.

πίος, α, ον, poet. for πῖων.

πίότης, ἡτος, ἡ, (πίος, πῖων) *fatness, richness.*

πίπρω, f. πῖσω [Υ]: aor. I ἐπίσα: Causal of πίνω, to give to drink, c. dupl. acc.: πῖσω σφε Δίρκας ὕδωρ I will give them the water of Dircé to drink.

πιπλῶ, poet. for πιμπλημι, impf. ἐπιπλῶν, to fill.

πιπρίζω, f. ἰσω, to chirp like young birds. (Formed from the sound.)

πιπράσσω Ion. πιπρήσσω, redupl. form of περάω:

pf. πέπρωκα: Pass., fut. I πράθῃσθαι, paulo-p. fut. πεπράσθαι [α]: aor. I pass. ἐπράθην [α]: pf. πέπρωμαι Ion. -ημαι: (περάω):—to sell beyond seas, like περάω: generally, to sell:—Pass. to be sold: metaph. to be bought and sold, i. e. betrayed.

πίπτω, for πν-πέτω, redupl. from Root ΠΕΤ-: ερ. impf. πίπτον: fut. πεσοῦμαι Ion. πεσέομαι: aor. 2 ἐπεσον, inf. πεσόν: pf. πέπτωκα, Ep. part. πεπτῶς and πεπτέως, -έωτος Att. πεπτῶς, -ώτος, syncop. from πεπτωκός:—to fall, fall down: c. acc. cognato, πίπτειν πτώματα, πεσώματα: absol. in pf. πέπτωκα, to be fallen, lie low.

II. Special usages: πίπτειν ἐν τινί to fall upon a thing violently, to attack. 2. πίπτειν ἐκ τινος to fall out of or lose a thing, Lat. decidere de...: ἐκ θυμοῦ πίπτειν τινί to fall out of or lose one's favour. 3. πίπτειν μετὰ ποσὶ γυναικὶς to fall between the feet of a woman, i. e. to be born.

4. to fall in fight. 5. to fall, sink, leave off: ἀνεμος πέσε the wind fell. 6. πίπτειν ὑπὸ τινος to fall by another's hand, to be overbrowed, overcome: ὁ στρατός αὐτοῦ ὑπ' αὐτοῦ ἐπεσε the army failed of itself, Lat. mole sua corruit. 7. to fall short, fail: of a play, to fail, Lat. cader. 8.

of the dice, to fall in a certain position: τὰ δεσποτῶν εὖ πεσόντα θήσονται I shall count my master's throws lucky: generally, εὖ or καλῶς πίπτειν, to be lucky:—so also, to fall, turn out, happen.

πίρωμις, an Egypt. word = καλὸς κἀγαθός, noble. πρίσιον, η, ον, (πίσος) made of peas, ἔτνος πρίσιονον pea-soup.

ΠΙΨΟΣ, a kind of pulse, the pea, Lat. pisum. [γ] πίσος, τό, (πίσω fut. of πίπσκα) only in nom. and acc. pl. πίσκα, moist lands, meadows.

ΠΙΨΣΑ Att. πῖττα, ἡ, pitch, Lat. pix: proverb, μελάντερον ἢ τε πίσσα blacker than pitch.

πισήρης, ες, (πίσσα) of or like pitch, pitchy.

πίσσιον Att. πῖττιον, η, ον, (πίσσα) pitched over, roated with pitch.

πισσῶω Att. πῖττω, f. ὦω, to pitch, cover with pitch.

πίστευμα, τό, (πιστεύω) a pledge of good faith.

πιστευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, disposed to trust, confiding. From πιστεύω, f. βω, (πίστις) to believe, trust in, put faith in, confide in, rely on a person or thing: absol., χαλεπὸν πιστεῖν hard to believe: πιστεύειν εἰς τινα to believe on a person:—Pass. to be believed or trusted.

2. to believe, comply, obey. II. c. inf. to believe that, feel sure or confident that a thing is: also c. dat. et inf. to trust to one, rely on one to do so and so.

III. to entrust or confide something to another. πιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πίνω) drinkable, liquid. πιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πίστις) trusty, faithful. 2. persuasive. 3. pure, genuine.

πίστις, εως, ἡ, (πέλω, πελθομαι) trust, in others, faith, belief: Lat. fides, fiducia: πίστις θεῶν faith in the gods: persuasion of a thing, confidence, assurance. 2. good faith, faithfulness, honesty, Lat. fides. 3. credit, trust: εἰς πίστιν διδόναι to give in trust. II. that

which gives trust or confidence, an assurance, pledge of good faith, warrant: πίστιν καὶ ὅρκια ποιεῖσθαι to exchange assurances and oaths. 2. a means of persuasion, an argument, proof.

πιστός, ἡ, ὄν, (πίνω) drinkable, liquid: τὰ πιστά liquid medicines, draughts.

πιστός, ἡ, ὄν, (πέλω) of persons, faithful, true: in Persia οἱ πιστοὶ or τὰ πιστά were confidential officers about the court, privy-councillors: πιστά πιστάν, like ἔσχατ' ἐρχάταν, = πιστότατοι, most trusty. 2. believed, trusted. II. of things, trustworthy, sure, deserving belief: credible.

2. τὸ πιστόν, as Subst., a pledge, security, warrant: πιστόν or πιστὰ δοῦναι καὶ λαβεῖν to give and receive pledges: also τὸ πιστόν = πίστις, good faith. III. act. believing, relying on. 2.

obedient. Hence

πιστότης, ητος, ἡ, good faith, honour, faithfulness. πιστώω, f. ὦω, (πιστός) to make faithful or trustworthy, bind by a pledge or engagement. II. Pass.

to be made trustworthy, give a pledge or warrant: ὅρκῳ πιστωθῆναι to pledge oneself by oath. 2. to feel trust, to be persuaded: πιστωθεῖς, trusting, confiding. III. Med. to give one another pledges or guarantees, exchange troth. 2. πιστωσθαι τινα ὑφ' ὅρκου to secure his good faith, bind him by oaths.

πίστρα, ἡ, (πίνω) a drinking-trough or cup. πίστρον, τό, (πίνω) = πίστρα. πίστωμα, ατος, τό, (πιστώω) an assurance, guarantee, pledge. 3. γηραλέα πιστώματα = πιστοὶ γέροντες, as πιστὰ Περώων is used for πιστοὶ Περώων.

πιστός, Adv. of πιστός, faithfully: persuasively.

πιστώσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of πιστώω.

πίσυνος, η, ον, (πέλω) trusting on, relying or depending on, confiding in, c. dat. πίσυρες, οί, αἱ, πίσυρα, τά, Aeol. for τέσσαρες, τέσσεσρα.

πίσω [I], fut. of πίπσκα.

πίτνα, Ep. for ἐπίτνα, 3 sing. impf. of πίτννμι.

πίτνας, ασα, αν, part. of πίτννμι.

πίτνημι, collat. form of πέτανννμι, to spread out, extend, expand.

πίτνω = πετάνννμι, to spread out: impf. ἐπίτνον.

πίτνω [γ], poet. form of πίττω, used metri grat. when the penult. is required to be short, as μῦμνος is used for μῦνω, when the penult. is to be long.

πῖττα, ἡ, Att. for πίσσα.

πῖττιον, η, ον, Att. for πῖσιονος.

πῖττω, Att. for πῖσσω.

πῖττω-κάμπτης, ου, δ, = πῖτνω-κάμπτης.

πῖττωλέω, f. σω, (πίττω) to ply the plashing oar.

ΠΙΤΤΑΟΣ [γ], ὄν, the measured plash of oars: ἐν πίττῳ with one stroke. II. the plash of falling drops: πίττωλος σκύφον the plash of wine poured into a cup. 2. the noise made by a quick succession of blows, as, the beating of the breast, clapping of the hands, repeated blows with the fist, with the spear. 3. metaph. of any violent gestures, frantic passion.

πύτις-κάμπτης, *ον, ὁ*, (πίτυς, κάμπτω) *the pine-bender*, epith. of the robber Sinis, who killed travellers by tying them between two pine-trees bent down so as nearly to meet, and then let go.

πίτυς-τρόφος, *ον*, (πίτυς, τρέφω) *growing pines*.

πίτυρον, τό, (πίττω) *bran, the husk of corn*: generally, *refuse*, Lat. *furfur, furfura*; mostly used in pl.

ΠΙΤΥΣ, *vos, ἡ*, poet. dat. pl. *πίτυσιν*: *the pine-tree*, Lat. *pinus*: proverb., *πίτυς δίκην ἐκτρίβεισθαι* to be destroyed like a pine-tree, i. e. utterly, because the pine-tree once cut down never grows again.

πίτυ-στεπτος, *ον*, (πίτυς, στέφω) *pine-crowned*.

πιφάυσκω, (redupl. form of φαίνω, akin to φάσκαω, as διδῶ-δοῦναι), only used in pres. and impf. to *let be seen, shew, reveal by a token*: mostly, to *shew by words, to make known, tell, declare, reveal*. 2. *πιφάυσκομαι* as Dep. to *make manifest, make known, declare*.

πίω, aor. 2 subj. of πίνω.

ΠΙΩΝ [ῖ], ὁ, ἡ, neut. πῖον, gen. πῖονος:—Lat. *PINGUIS*, *fat, plump, sleek*, of animals: *oily, rich*. II. of soil, *fat, rich, fertile*: also *wealthy*. III. Comp.

and Sup. *πίωτερος, πῖωτατος* (as if from πῖος),

πίων, οὔσα, *όν*, aor. 2 part. of πίνω.

πλαγά, Dor. for πληγή.

πλαγιάζω, *ἑ, ἄω*, (πλάγιος) *to turn sideways or slanting, turn aside*: to *tack to and fro*.

πλαγί-αυλος, ὁ, (πλάγιος, αὐλός) *the cross flute, German flute*.

πλάγιος, *α, ον*, also *ος, ον*, placed sideways, slanting, *oblique*; *els πλάγιον sideways*; τὰ πλάγια *the sides*, in military sense, *the flanks* of an army; *els τὰ πλάγια right and left*; κατὰ πλάγια *in flank*; ἐκ πλάγιον *on the flank*; *πλαγίους λαβεῖν τοὺς πολεμίου* to take the enemy in flank. II. metaph. *sideways, askance, treacherous*.

πλάγιός, (πλάγιος) *to turn or move sideways*.

πλάγιος, Adv. of πλάγιος, *aslant*.

πλαγκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πλάζω) act. *he that leads astray, a misleader*. 2. pass. *a wanderer, rover*.

πλαγκτός, ἡ, *όν*, also *ὅς, ὄν*, (πλάζω) *wandering, roaming*. II. metaph. *wandering in mind, distraught, unsettled*. Hence

πλαγκτοσύνη, ἡ, *a wandering, roaming*.

πλάγξομαι, fut. med. of πλάζω.

πλαγχθῆναι, -θείς, aor. I pass. inf. and part. of πλάζω.

πλάδῃρος, ὁ, *όν*, wet, moist. From

ΠΛΑΨΩ, ὁ, moisture.

ΠΛΑΨΩ: Ep. impf. πλάζον: f. πλάγξω: aor. I *ἐπλαξα*:—to *make to wander or roam, drive from the right course, cast away*: metaph. *to lead astray*: generally, *to mislead, seduce*. II. Pass., with fut. med. *πλάγξομαι*, aor. I pass. *ἐπλάγχθην* Ep. *πλάγχθην*, to *wander, go astray*: to *glance or slide off*.

πλάθῃν, ἡ, (πλάσσω) *a platter or mould to bake in*.

πλάθων, τό, πλάθανος, ὁ, = πλάθων.

πλάθηναι, -θείς, aor. I pass. inf. and part. of πλάζω.

πλάθω, collat. form of πλάζω, intr. to *approach, draw near, come nigh*. [ἀ]

ΠΛΑΨΙΣΙΟΝ, τό, an oblong figure or body; *ισό-πλευρον πλάσιον* a square: of an army, *ἐν πλαισίῳ τετάχθαι* to be drawn up in square, Lat. *agmine quadrato*, as opp. to marching order, *agmine longo*.

πλακεῖς, εἶσα, *ἐν*, aor. 2 pass. part. of πλάκω.

πλάκερός, ὁ, *όν*, (πλάξ) = *πλατίς, broad*.

πλάκινος, ἡ, *ον*, (πλάξ) *made of a board or plank, wooden*. [ἀ]

πλάκοις, οὔντος, ὁ, contr. from *πλακοῖς*, (πλάξ) *a flat cake*.

πλάκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, Dor. for *πλήκτωρ*.

πλάν, Dor. for *πλήν*.

πλανάω Ion. —έω, f. ἦσω, (πλάνη) *to lead astray, lead wandering about*: of ships, *to drive from their course*: generally, *to mislead, lead into error*. II. Pass. *πλανᾶμαι*, with fut. med. *πλανήσομαι*, aor. I pass. *ἐπλανήθην*, pf. *πεπλάνημαι*:—to *wander, roam about, stray*: c. acc., *πλανᾶσθαι χθόνα* to wander over a land, Lat. *errare*: *πλανᾶσθαι ἐν λόγῳ* to be at a loss in one's story: *to wander in mind, be at a loss*.

ΠΛΑΨΗ, ἡ, *a wandering or roaming about, straying*: *erring, error*. [ἀ]

πλάνημα, ατος, τό, (πλανάω) *a wandering, going astray*.

πλάνης, ητος, ὁ, (πλάνη) *a wanderer, roamer, rover*, Lat. *erro*; *πλάνητες ἀστέρες* wandering stars, planets.

πλάνησις, εως, ἡ, (πλανάω) *a leading astray: a dispersing*. [ἀ]

πλάνητεον, verb. Adj. of *πλανᾶμαι*, *one must wander*.

πλάνητης, *ον, ὁ*, fem. —ήτις, ιδος, (πλανάω) = *πλάνης, a wanderer*. 2. *a planet*.

πλάνιος, *α, ον*, poet. for *πλάνος*.

πλάν-οδία, ἡ, (πλάνος, ὁδός) *a wrong way, by-way*. [πλᾶ—metri gra.]

ΠΛΑΨΝΟΣ [ᾶ], ἡ, *ον*, also *ος, ον*, act. *leading astray, deceiving*: as Subst., *πλάνος, ὁ, a deceiver*. 2. pass. *wandering, roaming*.

ΠΛΑΨΝΟΣ, ὁ, = *πλάνη, a wandering about, roaming, straying*: *φροντίδος πλάνοι* wanderings of thought.

πλάνο-στῆβης, ές, (πλάνος, στείβω) *troddeu by wanderers*.

πλάνύτω, = *πλαναομαι, to wander about*.

ΠΛΑΨ, ἡ, gen. *πλάκος*, anything flat and broad, flat land, a plain; *πόντου πλάξ* the ocean plain: the flat top of a hill, table-land:—also a flat stone, tombstone.

πλάξεν, Dor. 109 *ἐπληξεν*, 3 sing. aor. I of *πλήσσω*.

πλάξ-επιπος, *ον*, Dor. for *πλήξειπος*.

πλάσμος, ατος, τό, (πλάσσω) anything moulded or modelled in clay or wax, an image, figure; *πλάσματα* *πηλοῦ* vessels of clay. II. *that which is imitated, a forgery*.

ΠΛΑΨΣΩ Att. —ττω: i. *πλᾶσω* [α]: aor. I *ἐπλάσσα* Ep. *ἐπλάσσα*, *πλάσσα*: pf. *πέπλακα*: Pass., aor. I *ἐπλάσθην*: pf. *πέπλασμαι*:—to *form, mould*,

πλείω, *cr. pres.* for *πλέω*, to sail.

πλείων or πλέων, ὁ, ἡ, neut. πλείον or πλέον, gen. onos; *Ep. nom. and acc. pl.* πλέες πλέας, *Dor.* πλείς; πλείν, πλείνος, πλείνεις, etc. are *Ion.* and *Dor.* for πλέον, πλέονος, etc.: πλείν *Att.* for πλέον, like δύν for δέον: *Ep. dat. pl.* πλείνεσσι: *Comp.* of πολύν:—*more*; also *greater, larger*, of size as well as number:—οἱ πλείονες *Ion.* and *Dor.* οἱ πλείνεις, *the greater number*, and so, like οἱ πολλοί, *the many, the people*, opp. to the chief men; τὸ πλείον *the greater part*; so also agreeing with its Noun, πλέων νύξ *the greater part of night*.

II. the neut. πλείον has various usages, *more* of a thing, *Lat. plus*; τὸ πλέον, *Ion.* and *Dor.* τὸ πλείν, as *Adv. mostly*; οὐ τὸ πλέον not so much; πλέον ἢ. *more than.*; but the ἢ may be omitted, πλείω ἐβδόμηκοντα *more than seventy*:—πλείον ἐφέρε οἱ ἡ γνώμη his opinion rather tended; πλέον ἔχειν to have the best of it, opp. to ἔλαττον ἔχειν to be beaten:—with Preps., ἐπὶ πλέον as *Adv. more, further*; ἐς πλέον *more*; περὶ πλείονος of more importance, of higher value.

πλειών, ὥνος, ὁ, (πλείος, πλέος) a full space of time, a year.

πλέκος, εος, τό, (πλέκω) anything twined or plaited, wickerwork.

πλεκτῶνάω, *f. ἴσω*, to twist into wreaths, coil. From πλεκτάνη, ἡ, (πλέκω) anything twined or plaited, a coil, wreath; πλεκτάνη καπνοῦ a wreath of smoke. [ᾶ]

πλεκτή, ἡ, fem. of πλεκτός, a coil, wreath. 2.

a twisted rope, cord, string.

πλεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πλέκω) of or for plaiting.

πλεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πλέκω) plaited, twisted, twined; πλεκταὶ στέγαι wicker coverings, i.e. cats; τὰ πλεκτά any plaited instruments, ropes.

ΠΛΕΓΚΩ, *f. ἔω*: aor. 1 ἐπλέξα: pf. πέπλεχα: *Pass.*, aor. 1 ἐπλέχην, and aor. 2 ἐπλάκην [ᾶ]: pf. πέπλεγμαι:—to twine, twist, weave, braid, enfold, *Lat. plico*, *plecto*: also to knit; *Med.*, πλέξασθαι πείσμα to twist oneself a rope. 2. metaph. to plan, devise, contrive.

II. *Pass.* to be plaited or woven. 2. to twist oneself round, and so to clasp, embrace.

πλέον, neut. of πλέων, *more*: also neut. of πλέος, full.

πλεονάζω, *f. ἄσω*: pf. πεπλέονεκα: (πλέον):—to be more than enough, to go too far, take or claim too much: to presume on, *c. dat.* II. to exaggerate, overstate.

πλεονάκις, *Adv.* (ηλέων) more frequently, oftener: too often. [ᾶ]

πλεονεκτήω, *f. ἴσω* or ἴσομαι, = πλέον ἔχω to have or take more than another, to have or claim a larger share; to claim more than is one's due, to be grasping: to gain some advantage. 2. *c. gen.* to have or gain the advantage over another:—*Pass.* to be overreached, defrauded. 3. *c. gen. rei*, to have a greater share of a thing; πλεονεκτεῖν ψυχῆς to bear more cold. Hence

πλεονέκτημα, ατος, τό, an advantage, gain: in pl. gains, successes.

πλεονέκτης, ου, ὁ, = ὁ πλεῶν ἔχων, one who has or claims more than his share, hence greedy, grasping, selfish: also as *Adj.* λόγος πλεονέκτης a grasping, overbearing speech. And

πλεονεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, disposed to take more than one's share. From

πλεονεξία *Ion.*—ἡ, ἡ, a disposition to take more than one's share, a grasping temper, greediness, covetousness, a claiming more than one's share. 2. advantage, superiority; πλεονεξία τινός advantage over another; ἐπὶ πλεονεξίᾳ for one's advantage or gain.

πλεόνως, *Adv.* of πλέων, too much.

ΠΛΕΟΨ, α, ον, *Ion.* πλείος, ἡ, ον, *Att.* πλέως, έα, έων; *pl.* πλέφ, πλέα (for πλείαι), πλέα:—full, filled, *c. gen.*: hence satisfied, cloyed: of Time, full, complete. *Comp.* πλειότερος.

πλέτο, poet. for ἔπλετο, 3 sing. impf. of πλέομαι.

πλεύν, *Ion.* and *Dor.* for πλέον: so πλεύνος, πλεύνες, for πλέονος, πλέονες, etc.

πλεύσας, *Adv.* *Ion.* for πλέωνας, too much.

ΠΛΕΥΡΑ', ές, ἡ, a rib, *Lat. costa*: in pl. *the ribs, the side or sides*. II. later, *the page* of a book.

πλευριτις, ιδος, ἡ, (πλευρά) pain in the side, pleurisy.

πλευρόθεν, *Adv.* (πλευρά) from the side.

πλευρο-κοπέω, *f. ἴσω*, (πλευρά, κόπτω) to smite the ribs.

ΠΛΕΥΡΟΝ, τό, a rib, an older poet. form of πλευρά: in pl. *the ribs, the side*.

πλευρο-τύτης, ές, (πλευρόν, τύπτω) striking the sides.

πλευρώμα, ατος, τό, like πλευρόν, the side.

πλευροσσομαι or πλευσσομαι, fut. med. of πλέω.

πλευστήν, verb. *Adj.* of πλέω, one must sail.

πλευστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πλέω) fit for sailing, fair.

ΠΛΕΥΩ *Ep.* πλέω: fut. πλεύσομαι or πλευσσομαι: aor. 1 ἔπλευσα: pf. πέπλευκα; *Pass.*, aor. 1 ἔπλευσθην: pf. πέπλευσμαι: *cp.* the *Ion.* form πλώω:—to sail, go by sea; *c. acc.* cognate, ἐγὼρ κέλευθα πλεῖν to sail the watery ways:—to swim, float;—metaph., πλεῖν κατ' ὀρθήν to go on prosperously.

πλέω, *Att. nom.* and *acc. neut. pl.* of πλείων, *more*.

πλέων, neut. πλέον, for πλείων, *q. v.*

πλέως, πλέα, πλέων, *pl.* πλέφ, πλέα (for πλείαι), πλέα, full, *Att.* for πλέος.

πληγείς, είσα, έν, aor. 2 pass. part. of πλησσω.

πληγή, ἡ, (πλήσσω) a blow, stroke, stripe:—also a wound, *Lat. plūga*: also a beating or fighting with clubs: metaph. a blow, stroke, shock.

πληγῆμα, ατος, τό, = πληγή.

πληθος, εος, τό, (πίμπλημι) a great number, a mass, throng, crowd: the greater part, the mass, main body; hence the people, the commons: also the government of the people, democracy. II. number or quantity: also magnitude, size, bulk. III. sometimes length, duration of Time.

πληθύνω [ῶ], *f. ἴνῶ*, (πληθύς) to make full: to increase, multiply: *Pass.* to increase (*intr.*), to be completed; of persons, to be fully resolved. II. *intr.* = πληθύνω.

πληθύνω, εὖς, ἡ, Ep. dat. πληθύνῃ. Ion. for πληθύνω, a *crowd*.

πληθύνω, (πληθύνω) to be or become full; ἄγορῃς πληθύνουσι when the market-place becomes full: of rivers, to swell, rise. 2. to abound: to increase in number: to spread, prevail; ὁ πληθύνων λόγος the current story.

πλήθω, pf. πέπληθα: (πλέος):—to be or become full; πληθύνουσα σελήνη the moon at the full: of rivers, to be full, to swell, rise. 2. to complete a space of time.

πληθώρα, ἡ, (πλήθω) fulness: safety.

πλήκτης, ου, ὁ, (πλήσσω) a striker, brawler, quarrelsome person.

πληκτίζομαι, Dep. (πλήσσω) to fight, combat. II. to beat one's breast for grief. Lat. *blangere*. III. to engage in dalliance.

πληκτισμός, ὁ, (πληκτίζομαι) dalliance.

πλήκτρον, τό, (πλήσσω) an instrument to strike with, an instrument for striking the lyre, Lat. *plectrum*. 2. a spear-point. 3. a cook's spur, Lat. *calcar*. 4. a punting-pole or paddle.

πλήκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (πλήσσω) a striker, brawler.

πλήμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of πίμπλημι.

πλημμέλεια, ἡ, (πλημμελής) a mistake in music, false note: generally, a fault, error, offence.

πλημμελέω, ἑ, ἦσω, (πλημμελής) to make a false note in music: to err, offend:—Pass. to be neglected, to be ill-treated or insulted. Hence

πλημμέλημα, ατος, τό, = πλημμέλεια.

πλημ-μελής, ἐς, (πλήν, μέλος) out of tune, making a false note: generally, erring, faulty, offending: of things, *unpleant, barish*. Adv. -λῶς.

πλήμμη, ἡ, = πλήσση.

πλήμμυρα, ἡ, = πλημμυρίς, flood-tide: a flood. Hence

πλημμυρέω, ἑ, ἦσω, to overflow.

πλημ-μυρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (πλήμμη) the flow of the sea, the flood-tide; πλημμυρίς ἐκ πόντου the flood setting in towards land: generally, a flood, deluge. [Ἵ Ep., ὁ Att.]

πλήμμη, ἡ, (πλήθω) the nave of a wheel.

πλήν, (properly contr. from πλέων, more than), beyond: 1. as Prep. with gen. except, save. II.

as Adv. besides, unless, save, except; πλήν ὅσον except so far as: it is often followed by some conjunct; πλήν ὅταν save when; πλήν ὅτι except that; πλήν εἰ ἢ ἐάν, Lat. *nisi si*; only if; etc.; when apparently followed by an acc., there is an ellipse, οὐκ οἶδα πλήν ἔν (sc. οἶδα) I know not, only one thing (I know).

πλήντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πίμπλημι. II. 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πελάζω.

πλήξα, Ep. for ἐπληξα, aor. 1 of πλήσσω.

πλήξ-ιππος, ου, (πλήσσω, ἵππος) striking or driving horses.

πληρεύντες, -εύμεναι, Ion. part. act. and pass. of πληροῦν

πλήρης, ἐς, gen. εὖς contr. οὖς. (πλέος) full of, c.

gen.; rarely c. dat. filled with: absol. full, filled to the brim. 2. generally, full, complete, sufficient.

3. of persons, satisfied, satiated, cloyed with a thing.

πληρο-φορέω, ἑ, ἦσω, (πλήρης, φέρω) to bring full confirmation, to fulfil:—Pass. to be fully assured: of things, to be fully believed. Hence

πληροφορία, ἡ, full conviction, certainty.

πληρώω, ἑ, ὤσω: pf. πεπλήρωκα: fut. med. πληρώσομαι mostly used in pass. sense: fut. pass. πληρωθήσομαι (πλήρης):—to fill, make full: πληροῦν ναῦν to man a ship: πληροῦτε θορακεία man the walls. 2. to fill full of good, to satiate, satisfy. 3. πληροῦν τὴν χρείαν to supply the need.

II. of numbers, to make full, complete, make up.

III. to fulfil a duty: generally, to perform or discharge a task.

IV. intr. to be complete. Hence

πλήρωμα, ατος, τό, that which fills up, a full measure, complement: of the men in a ship, a ship's complement, her crew: of number, the sum. II. a filling up, completing.

πλήρωσις, ἡ, (πληρώω) a filling up, joining: the completing a number: the manning a ship.

πληροῖατο, Ep. for πλήσσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of πίμπλημι.

πλήσας, aor. I part. of πίμπλημι.

πλήσθεν, Ep. for ἐπλήσθεν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of πίμπλημι.

πλησθίσομαι, fut. pass. of πίμπλημι.

πλησιάζω, ἑ, ὤσω: pf. πεπλησίακα: (πλησίος):—to bring near:—Pass. to be brought near, approach. II. intr. to be near: to approach: c. dat. also, to be always near, associate with.

πλησιότερος, -αίτατος, Att. Comp. and Sup. of πλησίος: Adv. Comp. πλησιότατος, nearer.

πλησιόστερος, -έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of πλησίος.

πλησιος, α, ου, (πέλας, πελάζω) near, bard by, close to.

II. as Subst. πλησίος, ὁ, a neighbour.

III. Adv. πλησίον, near, nigh, bard by; ὁ πλησίον (sub. ὄν) one's neighbour: so Dor. ὁ πλάτιον.

IV. Comp. πλησιόστερος, Sup. -έστατος, also πλησιότατος, -αίτατος, nearer.

πλησιό-χωρος, ου, (πλησίος, χώρα) near a country, bordering upon, Lat. *finitimus*: as Subst. one who lives near, a neighbour

πλησ-ιστιος, ου, (πίμπλημι, ἰστίον) filling or swelling the sails.

πλήσση, ἡ, (πίμπλημι) the swelling or rising of a river.

πλησμονή, ἡ, (πίμπλημι) a filling up or being filled up, satiety: generally, fulness, repletion, plenty.

ΠΑΗ'ΣΣΩ Att. -ττω: ἑ, ἔω: aor. I ἐπληξα Ep.

πλήξα: pf. πέπληγα: Pass., fut. πληγήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. πεπλήγομαι: aor. 2 ἐπλήγην, in compds. ἐπλάγην [α]: pf. πέπληγαμαι:—Ep. redupl. aor. 2 act. πέπληγον, inf. πεπληγέμεν, med. πεπληγόμεν:—to strike, smite, wound, of a direct blow, as opp. to βάλλω.

λεῖν (to strike with a missile): of Jove, to strike with lightning: to strike back, drive away:—Med., πλῆ-
ξαθαι to smite or beat oneself in sign of grief:—Pass.
to be struck, stricken, smitten: also to be beaten: to
be stricken by misfortune: but, πλήσσεσθαι δῶροισι
to be touched by bribes.

II. metaph. of violent emotions, to strike, amaze, confound, stun; πληγῆς
ἐροῦσι smitten with love.

πλήστινγς, ἡ, Ion. for πλάστριγς.
πλήστο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πῖμπλημι. II.
3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of πελάω, be came near.
πλινθεῖω, f. σω, (πλίνθος) to make into bricks.
absol. to make bricks. II. to build of brick.

πλινθηδόν, Adv. (πλίνθος) in the shape of a brick.
πλίνθινος, η, ον, (πλίνθος) made or built of brick.
πλινθιον, τό, Dim. of πλίνθος, a small brick.

πλινθίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of πλίνθος: a whetstone.
πλινθο-ποιεῖω, f. ἥσω, (πλίνθος, ποιέω) to make bricks:
πλίνθος, ἡ, a brick, Lat. later; πλινθοὶ ὄνται baked
bricks; πλινθους ἐλάτσει or ἐρύσαι Lat. ducere late-
res, to make bricks: δόμοι πλινθου layers of brick. 2.
anything shaped like a brick, a plinth, an ingot of
metal. 3. the plinth of a column.

πλινθοσυργέω, f. ἥσω, to make bricks. From
πλινθο-συργός, ὄν, (πλίνθος, *ἐργω) making bricks:
as Subst., πλινθοσυργός, ὁ, a brick-maker.

πλινθοφέρω, f. ἥσω, to carry bricks. From
πλινθο-φέρω, ον, (πλίνθος, φέρω) carrying bricks.
πλινθώω, f. ὠσω, (πλίνθος) to make of brick: Med.
to build for oneself.

πλινθ-ὑφής, ἐς, (πλίνθος, ὑφαίνω) brick-built.

ΠΑΥΣΣΟΜΑΙ, f. πλίσσομαι: pf. πέπλισμαι: Dep.:
—to cross one's legs in walking: to walk briskly, trot.

πλοη-τόκος, ον, (πλῖος, τεκεῖν) producing naviga-
tion.

πλοῦριον, τό, Dim. of πλοῖον, a skiff, boat.

πλοῖον, τό, (πλέω) a floating vessel, a ship of any
kind; πλοῖα λεπτά small craft; πλοῖα ἱππαγωγὰ
transport-vessels; πλοῖα μακρά ships of war, Lat.
longae naues; πλοῖα στοργυλά ships of burthen,
Lat. naues onerariae:—as distinguished from ναῦς (a
ship of war), πλοῖον was a merchant-ship or trans-
port.

πλοκάμῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (πλόκαμος) a braid, lock, or curl
of hair: also curly hair. [f]

πλόκαμος, ὁ, (πλέω) a braid, lock or curl of hair:
in pl. the locks, the hair. II. a twisted rope.

πλοκή, ἡ, (πλέω) anything plaited or woven, a
web: metaph. a web of deceit.

πλόκος, ὁ, (πλέω) a lock or curl of hair. II.
a wreath or chaplet.

πλόμενος, Ep. syncopr. pres. part. of πέλομαι.
πλόος Att. contr. πλοῦς, ὁ, plur. πλοῖ, πλῶν, etc.:
(πλέω)—a sailing voyage: time or tide for sailing:
—proverb., δεύτερος πλοῦς the next best way.

πλουθ-ὑγία, ἡ, (πλούτος, ὑγία) health and wealth.

πλοῦς, ὁ, Att. contr. for πλῖος.

πλούσιος, α, ον, (πλούτος) rich, wealthy: c. gen.

rei, rich in a thing Lat. dives opum. II. ample,
abundant.

III. Adv. ἰως, like a rich man.

Πλουτεύς, ἑως, ἡ, poet for Πλούτων.

πλουτέω, f. ἥσω, (πλούτος) to be rich, wealthy: c.

gen. to be rich, abound in a thing. Hence

πλουτηρός, ὁ, ὢν, enriching.

πλουτίζω, f. ἰσω, (πλούτος) to enrich, make wealthy.

πλουτο-γυθής, ἐς, Dor. for πλυντογυθής, (πλούτος,

γυθῆω) delighting by or in riches

πλουτο-δοτήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, and πλουτο-δότης, ον, ὁ,

(πλούτος, δίδωμι) giver of rich.

πλουτο-κράτια, ἡ, (πλούτος, κρατέω) an oligarchy

of wealth.

ΠΛΟΥΤΟΣ, ὁ, wealthy, riches. II. as masc.

prop. n. Plutus, god of riches, represented as blind.

πλουτο-χθον, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πλούτος, χθών) rich in

the treasures of the land.

Πλούτων, ανος, ὁ, Pluto, god of the nether world:
a name of Ἄιδης, derived from πλούτος, because corn,
the wealth of early times, was sent from beneath the
earth as his gift.

πλοχμός, οὔ, ὁ, (πλέω) mostly in pl. locks, hair.

πλῦναν, Ep. for ἐπλυναν, 3 pl. aor. I of πλύνω.

πλύνεσκον [v], Ion. impf. of πλύνω.

πλύνος, ὁ, (πλύνω) a trough or pit to wash clothes

in: a washing trough or tub:

πλυντήριος, ον, (πλύνω) of or for washing: τὰ

Πλυντήρια (sub. ἱερὰ) a festival at Athens, in which

the robes of the statue of Minerva were washed.

ΠΑΥΝΩ [v]: fut. πλυνῶ Ion. πλυνέω: aor. I.

ἐπλῦνα Ep. πλύνω: Pass., aor. I ἐπλύνην: pf. πέ-

πλῶμαι:—to wash clean, esp. linen, opp. to λούομαι,

(to bathe), or νίω (to wash the hands or feet). 2.

to wash off dirt. II. metaph., πλύνειν τινά

to give him a dressing, to beat or cudgel. Hence

πλῦσις, ἐως, ἡ, a washing. [v]

πλωάς, ἄδος, (πλέω) fem. Adj. floating.

πλωῖω, f. σω, (πλώω) to sail on the sea, use ships,

practise navigation.

πλωίμος, ον, (πλώω) fit for sailing: of a ship, fit

for sea, sea-worthy, serviceable. 2. of the sea,

to be sailed over, navigable: in neut., πλωιματόερον γε-

νομένην or ὄνταν as circumstances became or were

more favourable to navigation.

πλωσίμος, ον, = πλωίμος, to be sailed over.

πλωτήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (πλώω) a seaman, sailor. II.

a swimmer.

πλωτός, ἡ, ὢν, (πλώω) sailing, floating, swim-

ming. II. that can be sailed on, navigable.

πλώω, f. ὠσω: aor. I ἐπλωσα: pf. πέπλακα: Ep.

and Ion. for πλέω, to sail, float: there is also (as if

from a Verb in μι) an Ep. aor. 2 ἐπλων, ας, ω, part.

πλῶς, gen. πλῶντος.

πνέω, Ep. pres. for πνέω, to breathe.

πνεῦμα, ατος, το, (πνέω) wind, air. II. breath,

πνεῦμα βίου the breath of life; πνεῦμα ἀφίεμαι to give

up the ghost:—spread one's spirit, life. 2. spirit,

inspiration. III. a Spirit, spiritual Being.

Πνεῦμα and ἅγιον Πνεῦμα the Holy Spirit, Holy Ghost. Hence

πνευματικός, ἡ, ὄν, *belonging to wind or breath.* II. *of the spirit, spiritual:* Adv. -κῶς, *spiritually.*

πνευματίζω, ἑ, ὥσω, (πνεῦμα) *to turn into wind or air: to inflate.* 2. *to agitate with wind.*

πνεύμων common Att. πλεύμων, ονος, ὁ, (πνέω, πνεῦμα) used both in sing. and pl. *the organs of breathing, the lungs.*

πνεύσομαι, fut. of πνέω.

ΠΝΕΪΝ Ep. πνέω: f. πνέουσαι and πνευσούμαι, later πνεύσω: aor. I ἐπνεύσα: Pass., aor. I ἐπνεύσθην: pf. πέπνυμαι, part. πεπνυμένος (v. sub. πέπνυμαι): — *to blow, breathe, of the wind.* II *to breathe, send forth an odour, exhale:* c. gen. rei, *to smell of a thing, be redolent of;* rarely c. dat. rei, *to smell with it.* III. *of animals, to breathe hard, pant, gasp.* IV. *to draw breath, breathe:* *to live.* V. metaph., c. acc. cognato, μέντα πνέοντες *breathing spirit;* Ἄρεα πνείν, Lat. Martem spirare: μέγα πνείν *to be of a high spirit.* VI *to breathe favourably or graciously on one, Lat. aspirare alicui.*

πνίγεις, ἑως, ὁ, (πνίγω) *an oven:* or 2. *a cover or damper put on coals to smother the flame.*

πνίγηρός, ἁ, ὅν, (πνίγω) *choking, stifling, of throttling or heat.*

πνίγξω, = πνίγω.

πνίγμα, ατος, τό, (πνίγω) *a choking.*

πνιγμός, ὁ, (πνίγω) *a choking, stifling beat.*

πνιγμός, εσσα, εν, *choking, stifling.* From πνίγος, τό, (πνίγω) *a choking, stifling, of heat.*

ΠΝΙΓΩ [Γ]: fut. πνίξω or med. πνίξομαι: aor. I ἐπνίγα, inf. πνίξαι: Pass., fut. πνιγήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπνίγην [Γ]: — *to stifle, choke:* *to seize by the throat, throttle:* — Pass. *to be stifled or choked:* also *to be drowned.* II. *to cook in a covered vessel, to seethe, stew.*

πνιγώδης, ες, (πνίγος, εἶδος) *stifling.*

πνικτός, ἡ, ὅν, (πνίγω) *stifled, strangled.*

πνοή, ἡς, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. πνοή Dor. πνοά, πνοά: (πνέω): — *a wind, blast, air:* ἅμα πνοῖς ἀνέμοιο *along with (i. e. swift as) blasts of wind:* πυρὸς πνοαὶ *blasts of fire:* metaph., πνοαὶ Ἄρεος *blasts of Arcs.* II. *a hard-drawn breath, breath.* III *a breathing odour, fragrance:* *a vapour, exhalation.* IV. *the breath of a wind-instrument.*

ΠΝΥΞ, gen. πνικύς (not πνικύς), ἡ, the Pnyx, the place at Athens where the ἐκκλησία or meetings of the people were held: it was cut out of a small hill just west of the Acropolis, of semicircular form like a theatre.

ΠΟΪΑ, ἡ, Ion. πόη and πόλη Dor. ποία: — *grass:* sola Μηδική, Lat. herba Medica, sainfoin or lucerne.

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ποδ-άγρα, ἡ, (πούς, ἄγρα) *a trap or snare for the feet.* II. *gout in the feet*, opp. to χειράγρα (gout in the hands). Hence

ποδαγρῶω, *to have gout in the feet.*

ποδαγρικός, ἡ, ὅν, (ποδάγρα) *liable to gout, gouty.*

ποδαγρός, ὅν, (πιδάγρα) *gouty.*

ποδά-νιπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πούς, νίξω) *a vessel for washing the feet in, fion'-pan.*

ποδά-νιπτρον, τό, (πούς, νίξω) *water for washing the feet in.*

ποδάσος, ἡ, ὄν, interrog. Adj. — ποῦ (or πόθεν) ἀπο: *from what country?* Lat. cujus?

πόδ-αργος, ον, (ποιός, ἀργός) *swift- or white-footed.*

ποδ-άρκης, ες, (πούς, ἀρκίω) *able of foot, swift footed.*

ποδ-ένδυτος, ον, (πούς, ἐνδύω) *drawn upon the foot.* 2. as Subst., ποδένδυτον, τό, *a robe or garment reaching to the feet.*

ποδεών, ὄνος, ὁ, (ποιός) in plur. *the ragged ends formed by the feet and tail, in the skins of animals;* δέρμα λένοντος ἀφηγμένον ἀκρον ἐκ ποδεώνων *a lion's skin hung round one's neck by the ends.* II. *the neck or mouth of a wine-skin, which was formed by one of these ends, the other being sewn up.* III. *any similar extremity;* ποδεὶν στενὴς *a narrow strip of land.* 2. *the lower end or corner of a sail, the sheet.*

ποδ-ηγός, ὅν, see ποδ-ἄγος.

ποδ-ηκεῖς, ἐς, (πούς, ἐνέγκω) *reaching down to the feet.*

ποδ-ήνεμος, ον, (ποιός, ἀνεμος) *swift as the wind.*

ποδ-ήρης, ες, (πούς, ἀρᾶν) *reaching down to the feet;* πέπλος ποδῆρης *a robe that falls over the feet:* hence, ποδῆρης στύλος *a tall straight pillar;* ποδῆρης ἀσπίς *the large shield which quite covered the body:* — τὰ ποδῆρη, *the feet.*

ποδιαῖος, α, ον, (πούς) *of the measure of a foot, a foot long, broad, or high.*

ποδίξω, f. ὅσω, (πούς) *to bind the feet, tether:* — Pass., of horses *to have the feet tied, be tethered.*

ποδί-κροτος, ον, (πούς, κροτέω) *fixed on or to the feet.*

ποδιστήρ, ἦρ, ὁ, (ποδίζω) *reaching over the feet:* πέπλος ποδιστήρ *a long garment that entangles the feet in it.*

ποδίστρα, ἡ, (ποδίξω) *a strap or snare for the feet.*

ποδοῖν, Fp. gen and dat. dual for ποδοῖν.

ποδο-κτύπη, ἡ, (ποιός, κτύπew) *a dancing-girl.*

ποδορ-ράγης, ἐς, (πούς, ῥαγῆναι) *bursting forth at a stamp of the foot.*

ποδο-στράβη, ἡ, (πούς, στράβη) *a snare or trap to catch the feet.*

ποδό-ψηστρον, τό, (πούς, ψάω) *a cloth to rub the feet on, a foot-cloth, mat.*

ποδώκεια, ἡ, *swiftness of foot, fleetness.* From ποδ-ώκης, ες, (πούς, ἄκως) *swift-footed, fleet of foot:* generally *swift, quick.*

πόη, ἡ, Ion. for πῶα, *grass.*

ποθέσκει. 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ποθέω.

ποθεινός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (ποθέω) *longed for, desired, missed, regretted*: hence *mourned for*.

πόθεν Ion. κῶθεν, interrog. Adv. *whence? from what place?* Lat. *unde? τίς, πόθεν εἰς ἀνδρῶν*; who, *whence art thou of men? πόθεν τῆς Φρυγίας*; *from what part of Phrygia?* II. in Att. to express surprise, *whence can it be? how possibly?* III. for ποῦ; *where?*

ποθέν, enclit. Adv. *from some place or other*.

ποθ-έρπω, Dor. for προσέρπω.

ποθ-έσπερος, ὄν, Dor. for προσέσπερος.

ποθεύντες, Dor. and Aeol. part. pl. of ποθέω.

ποθεύντι, Dor. 3 pl. of ποθέω.

ποθέω, fut. ποθήσω or ποθέομαι: aor. 1 act. ἐπόθησα or ἐπίθησα Ep. πόθησα: pf. πεπόθηκα, pass. πεπόθημαι: (ποθή or πόθος):—*to desire what is absent or lost, to desire or regret fondly, yearn after, long for*; and so *to miss, regret, Lat. desiderare: τὸ ποθεῖν = πόθος, one's desiring, one's desire*. 2. c. inf. *to long or be anxious to do*. II. as Dep., *πῶθου-μένη φρήν the longing soul*.

ποθή, ἡ, Ep. = πόθος, *fond desire of, regret for; σὴ ποθή a longing after thee*.

ποθήμεναι, Ep. pres. inf. of ποθέω (as if from πόθημι).

ποθητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ποθέω) *desired, longed for, regretted*. ποῖτι, interrog. Adv., ποῖτ. for ποῦ, *where?* II. for ποῖ, *whither?*

ποῖτι, enclit. Adv., ποῖτ. for ποῦ, *anywhere, somewhere*: also *anyhow, perhaps*. II. of Time, *some time: at length*.

ποδό-βλητος, ὄν, (πόθος, βάλλω) *love-stricken*.

πόθ-οδος, ἡ, Dor. for πρόσ-οδος.

πόθ-οράω, ποθ-όρημι, Dor. for προσ-οράω.

ποθορεῖσα, for προσορώσα, part. fem. of προσορώω.

ΠΟΘΟΣ, ὁ, *desire for what is absent or lost, fond desire or regret, a yearning after, longing for, Lat. desiderium; σὺς πόθος a yearning after thee: love*.

ποῖ, interrog. Adv. *whither?* Lat. *quo?* c. gen. ποῖ χθονός: *to what spot of earth?* 2. for ποῦ: Lat. *ubi?* *where?* II. *to what end?* Lat. *quorsum?*

ποῖ, enclitic Adv. *somewhere*.

ποῖα, ἡ, Dor. for πόα, grass.

ποιεῦμενος, Ep. pres. med. part. of ποίεω.

ποιεῦντα, Ep. impf. med. of ποίεω.

ποιεῦντα, Dor. for ποιοῦντα, pres. part. act. of

ΠΟΙΕΩ, ἡ ἴστω: 1. *to make, produce, execute, esp. of works of art*:—Med. *to make for oneself, of bees, οἰκία ποιήσασθαι to make themselves houses*; also *to have a thing made*. 2. *to bring to pass, bring about, cause, effect*: *ποιεῖν ἱρά, Lat. sacra facere, to do sacrifice, perform the rites of sacrifice*; *ποιεῖν ἱσθμια to celebrate the Isthmian games*. 3. *to make, shape, create: to beget*: of corn, etc., *to produce, grow, raise*: also *to make or render so and so*:—Pass. *to be made so and so, to become*:—Med. *to make so and so for oneself, ποιεῖσθαι τινα ἐταῖρον to make him one's friend: ποιεῖσθαι τινα υἱόν to make*

a person one's son, i. e. to adopt him as son; ἐλπτε ποιεῖσθαι τι to make a thing one's own: generally *to hold, reckon, esteem a thing as* . . . συμφορὰν ποιεῖσθαι τι to take, reckon a thing for a visitation; δεινὸν ποιεῖσθαι τι to esteem it a grievous thing; περὶ ποῦ τοῦ ποιεῖσθαι, Lat. *magni facere, to esteem a thing a great moment*. 4. *to compose, write, esp. in verse*: *to make: also to invent*:—also *to make, represent poetry* (whence ποιητής a poet): periphr. in Med. ὀργὴν ποιεῖσθαι for ὀργίζεσθαι, θαῦμα ποιεῖσθαι for θαυμάζειν: also ποιεῖσθαι δι' ἀγγέλου, for ἀγγέλλειν.

II. *to do*; Σπαρτιτικὰ ποιεῖν to act like a Spartan: c. acc. dupl. *to do something to another*: κακὰ or ἀγαθὰ ποιεῖν τινα to do one good or evil. 2. *to put*. III. intr. *to be doing, to do*: ποιεῖν ἢ παθεῖν to do or have done to one.

There is also a peculiar usage, ἡ εὔνοια παρὰ πολλοὺς ποιεῖν ἐν τοῖς Λακεδαιμονίοις, good-will made greatly for or towards the Lacedaemonians. [Att. Poets, esp. Comic, often use the p-enclit. short, ποί-]

ποίη, ἡ, Ion. for πῖα, grass.

ποίησις, εσσα, εν, (ποίη) *grassy, rich in grass*.

ποίημα, ατος, τό, (ποίηω) *anything made or done*: 1. a work, piece of workman-ship. 2. a poetical work, poem.

3. an act, deed.

ποιημάτιον, τό, Dim. of ποιήμα, a little poem.

ποιηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (ποίη) *grassy*.

ποίησαν, 3 pl. Aeol. aor. 1 opt. of ποίεω.

ποίησις, εως, ἡ, (ποιέω) a making: a forming, creating.

II. the art of poetry. 2. a poem.

ποιητός, α, εν, verb. Adj. of ποίεω, *to be made or done*. II. neut. ποιητέον one must make or do.

ποιητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ποιέω) *one who makes, a maker*. II

a maker, i. e. a poet.

ποιητικός, ὁ, εν, (ποιέω) *capable of making, productive: poetical*:—ἡ ποιητική (sub. τέχνη) *the art of poetry, poetry*. Adv. = πῶς.

ποιητός, ἡ, εν, (ποιέω) *made, fabricated, worked*. II made by oneself, invented.

ποιη-έγειω, (ποῖη, φαγεῖν) *to eat grass*.

ποικιλό-ἄνιος, ὄν, Dor. for ποικιλό-ἡνιος, (ποικίλος, ἡρία) *with brodered reins*.

ποικιλό-εἰμων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (ποικίλος, εἶμα) *with party-coloured robe, with s-fangled garb*.

ποικίλις, ἡ, (ποικίλος) *an embroidering, embroidery*. a piece of embroidery: metaph. cunning.

ποικίλλω, f. λῶν: ἐποικίλα. Pass., pf. πεποίημαι: (ποικίλος):—*to broder, work in embroidery*.

II. *to embroider: to diversify, vary*: metaph. *to trick out with fair words, embellish*. Hence ποικίλμα, ατος, τό, *anything wrought in various colours*. 2. *brodered work, broderery*.

ποικιλό-βουλος, ὄν, (ποικίλος, βουλή) *of changeful or subtle counsel*.

ποικιλό-γυρτος Dor. -γάρυς, υος, ὁ, ἡ, (ποικίλος, γήρυς) *of varied voice, many-toned*.

ποικιλό-δειρος, ὄν, (ποικίλος, δείρα) *with variegated neck*.

ποικίλο-δέρμων, *ον, γεν. ονος, (ποικίλος, δέρμα)* with spotted or dappled skin.

ποικίλο-εργός, *ον, (ποικίλος, ἔργον)* of varied work.

ποικίλο-θρίξ, -τρίχος, *ὁ, ἡ, (ποικίλος, θρίξ)* with spotted hair, spotted, dappled.

ποικίλο-μήτης, *ον, ὁ, and ποικίλο-μητις, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ποικίλος, μήτις)* full of various wiles.

ποικίλο-μήχανος, *ον, (ποικίλος, μηχανή)* full of various devices.

ποικίλο-μορφος, *ον, (ποικίλος, μορφή)* of variegated form, variegated.

ποικίλο-μῦθος, *ον, (ποικίλος, μῦθος)* of various discourse.

ποικίλο-νωτος, *ον, (ποικίλος, νῶτος)* with back of varied hues.

ποικίλο-πτερος, *ον, (ποικίλος, πτερόν)* with wing of changeable hue.

ΠΟΙΚΙΛΑΟΣ, *η, ον, many-coloured, spotted, pied, dappled.* II. worked in various colours, of varying colour; *τεύχεα ποικίλα χαλκῇ* arms inwrought with brass.

III. generally changeable, various; hence of various art, elaborate, inlaid, variegated. 2. changeable, varying,—intricate, riddling, ambiguous; hence artful, cunning.

ποικίλο-σάνδαλος, *Αεολ. -σάμβάλος, ον, (ποικίλος, σάνδαλον)* with brodered sandals.

ποικίλο-στολος, *ον, (ποικίλος, στολή)* with variegated robe: of a ship, with painted prow.

ποικίλο-τερπής, *ἑς (ποικίλος, τέρπω)* with varied delights: delighted by variety.

ποικίλο-τευκτος, *ον, (ποικίλος, τεύχω)* curiously wrought.

ποικίλο-τραυλος, *ον, (ποικίλος, τραυλός)* twittering or singing in various notes.

ποικίλο-φόρμιγξ, *ιγγος, ὁ, η, (ποικίλος, φόρμιγξ)* accompanied by the various notes of the harp.

ποικίλο-φρων, *ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ποικίλος, φρήν)* with manifold counsel, wily-minded.

ποικιλτής, *οὔ, ὁ, fem. ποικιλτρια, ἡ, (ποικίλλω)* one who embroiders: a broiderer.

ποικίλ-φδός, *όν, (ποικίλος, φῶς)* of riddling song.

ποικίλως, *Adv. of ποικίλος, variously; ποικίλως ἔχειν to be different.*

ποιμαίνω, *ἑ. ἀνῶ, (ποιμῆν)* to feed, tend, Lat. *pascere*: absol. to keep flocks, be a shepherd. 2. metaph. to tend, cherish, foster:—to guide, lead, govern:—also to soothe, lull, beguile, like Lat. *pascere*: hence to deceive. II. Pass. to graze, Lat. *pasci*: to range over in grazing, to stray: *πᾶς πεπολιμνται τόπος* every place has been ranged over, traversed.

ποιμάν, *ὁ, Dor. for ποιμήν.*

ποιμάνοριον, *τό, (ποιμάνειρ)* a herd: metaph. an army under its leader.

ποιμάνω, *fut. of ποιμαίνω.*

ποιμάνωρ [*ᾱ*], *ορος, ὁ, (ποιμαίνω)* = ποιμήν, a herdsman, shepherd: a shepherd of the people, prince, chief.

ποιμήν, *ἑνος, ὁ, (ποιά)* a herdsman, a shepherd; ποιμήν λαῶν a shepherd of the people, i. e. a prince, chief.

ποιμήν, *ἡ, (ποιμῆν)* a herd of cattle, a flock of sheep. ποιμνήσος, *η, ον, (ποιμήν)* of or for a flock or herd. ποιμνιον, *τό, Dim. of ποιμήν, a little flock.*

ποιναῖος, *α, ον, (ποινή)* puni-bing, avenging.

ποινάτωρ, *ορος, ὁ, ἡ, an avenger, punisher. [ᾱ]*

ποινάω, *ἑ. ἀνῶ [ᾱ] Ion. ἥσω, to avenge, punish:—*

Med. to avenge oneself on one. From

ποινή, *ἡ, a ransom paid for the shedding of blood; generally, a price paid, redemption, requital; also the price exacted, vengeance, penalty, Lat. poena; ἀνελίσσθαι ποινὴν τῆς ψυχῆς to take vengeance for his life: ποινὴν τίσαι ἑξέρη τῶν κηρύκων ἀπολόμενον to give Xerxes satisfaction for the death of his heralds: often in phrase, ποινὰς δοῦναι, like δίκην δοῦναι, to suffer punishment, Lat. dare poenas; ποινὰς λαμβάνειν to inflict it, Lat. sumere poenas. 2. in good sense, recompense, reward.* II. personified, Ποινή, *ἡ, the goddess of vengeance, vengeance.*

ποινήτης, *ον, ὁ, fem. -ήτις, ἰδος, one that punishes or avenges, an avenger.*

ποινήμιος, *ον, (ποινή)* avenging, punishing.

ποιολογέω, *ἑ. ἥσω, to galber herbs: also to put up corn in sheaves. From*

ποιο-λόγος, *ον, (ποιά, λέγω)* gathering herbs.

ποιο-νόμος, *ον, (ποιά, νέμω)* feeding in grass or herbs. II. ποιό-νομος, *ον, (ποιά, νομή)* with grassy pastures.

ΠΟΙΟΣ, *α, ον Ion. κοῖος, η, ον, interrog. Adj. of what nature? of what sort? Lat. qualis? in Homer expressing surprise and anger; αἰὼν τῶν μῦθων ξεῖπες! what manner of speech has thou spoken! II. in Att. also with the Art. when it stands alone, ὁ ποῖος; III. fem. dat. ποῖα Ion. κοῖα (sub. ὁδῶ): as Adv., = πῶς; Lat. quomodo? how? in what manner?*

ποιός, *ᾱ, ὄν, indef. Adj. of a certain nature, kind or quality.*

ποιότης, *ητος, ἡ, (ποιός)* quality.

ποιπνυω, *ἑ. ἴσω [ῶ], (redupl. from πνέω), to be out of breath; hence generally, to hasten, hurry, bustle: also to work hard, be busy.*

ποῖφυγμα, *ατος, τό, a blowing, snorting. From*

ποῖφύσσω, *ἑ. ῶ, (redupl. from φύσσω) to blow, puff, snort. II. to blow out, puff up.*

ποι-ώδης, *ες, (ποιά, εἶδος)* like grass, grassy. ποκά or ποκά, *Dor. for ποτέ or ποτέ.*

ποκά, *ἰδος, ἡ, (πύκνη)* wool, hair.

ποκίζω, *ἑ. ἴσω Dor. ἴω, (πόκος)* to shear wool:—*Med. to shear or clip for oneself.*

πόκος, *ὁ, (πέκω)* wool uncombed, a fleece: also a flock or tuft of wool. II. a sheep-bearing. III. an irreg. pl. act. occurs in the proverb εἰς ἔνου πόκας, to an ass-bearing, i. e. to a place where nothing is to be got. Hence

ποκῶ, *ἑ. ὥσω, to cover with wool: Pass. to be covered or clothed in wool.*

πόκος, *Dor. πόκους, acc. pl. of πόκος.*

πολέες, *ἑ. ῶ, ἑας, Ep. plur. of πολύς.*

πολεμαδόκος, Dor. for πολεμηδόκος.

πολεμαρχεῖον, τό, the Polemarch's residence: and πολεμαρχία, f. ἦσιν, to be Polemarch. From πολῆ-αρχος, ὁ, (πόλεμος, ἀρχω) one who begins or leads the war, a leader, chieftain.

II. at Athens the Polemarch was the third archon, who originally commanded in battle; he was present at the battle of Marathon: later he presided in the court in which the causes of the μέτοικοι were tried. 2. in Sparta the commander of a division or μύρα. 3. at Thebes it was the name of two officers of chief rank after the Boeotarchs.

πολεμέω, f. ἦσω: Pass., aor. I ἐπολεμήην: (πόλεμος):—to be at war, wage war with: also to fight, give battle: generally, to quarrel, dispute with one.

II. c. acc. to make war upon, treat as an enemy, attack:—Pass. to have war made upon one; so fut. med. πολεμήσονται in pass. sense.

II. in Pass. also of war, to be waged or carried on; ὅσα ἐπολεμήθη whatever hostilities were committed.

πολεμη-δόκος Dor. πολεμα-δόκος, ον, (πόλεμος, δέχομαι) undertaking war: warlike.

πολεμήσιος, ον, Ion. form of πολέμιος, (πόλεμος) warlike.

πολεμησεῖω, Desiderat. of πολεμέω, to wish for war.

πολεμητέον, verb. Adj. of πολεμέω, one must go to war.

πολεμίζω poet. πολ-: fut. ἴσω Dor. ἴξω: (πόλεμος):—poet. for πολεμέω, to wage war, fight with or against one; μετά τινι in conjunction with another: latter to quarrel, wrangle, dispute.

II. trans to make war upon, fight with.

πολεμικός, ὁ, ὄν, (πόλεμος) of or for war, warlike; τὰ πολεμικά, warlike exercises, warlike wages, the art of war: so, ἡ πολεμική (sub. τέχνη), the art of war, war.

2. τὸ πολεμικόν the signal for battle. II. hostile: also causing hostility. Hence

πολεμικῶς, Adv. in hostile fashion: πολεμικῶς ἔχειν to be hostile.

πολέμιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πόλεμος) of or belonging to war; τὰ πολέμια the business of war.

2. rarely like πολεμικός, warlike. II. hostile:—as

Subst., πολέμιοι, οἱ, the enemy. 2. ἡ πολεμία (sub. γῆ, χώρα), the enemy's country.

3. τὸ πολέμιον, hostility.

πολεμιστά, ὁ, Ep. for πολεμιστής: a warrior.

πολεμιστήριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, of or belonging to a warrior; πολεμιστήρια ὄρματα war-chariots.

II. τὰ πολεμιστήρια the business of war. From

πολεμιστής Ep. πολ-, οὐδ, ὄν, (πολεμίζω) a warrior, combatant; ἵπποι πολεμισταὶ war-horses.

πολεμδ-κλονος, ον, (πόλεμος, κλόνος) raising the din of war.

πολεμδ-κραντος, ον, (πόλεμος, κρανῶ) finishing war.

πολεμο-λαμ-αχαιῆκος, ὁ, ὄν, compd. of πόλεμος, Λάμαχος and Ἀχαιῆκος, like a Greek Lamachus in war.

πoλεμδnde Ep. πτόλ-, Adv. of πόλεμος, to the war, into the fight.

πολεμο-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, (πόλεμος, ποιέω) to stir up war.

ΠΟΛΕΜΟΣ Ep. πτόλεμος, ὁ, a battle, fight: generally, war; πόλεμον αἰρεῖσθαι τινι to levy war against one.

II. personified, War, Battle. πολεμο-φθόρος, ον, (πόλεμος, φθείρω) wasting war.

πολεμῶν, f. ὦσα, (πόλεμος) to make hostile, make an enemy of:—Pass. to be made an enemy of.

πολεύω, (πόλος) iutr. to go or range about, Lat. versari. II. trans. to turn up, till, plough.

πολέω, (πόλος) to go about, range, haunt. II. trans. to turn up, to turn the soil with the plough, to plough.

πόλεων, gen. pl. of πόλις: but πολέων, Ion. form

πολλῶν, gen. pl. of πόλιν.

πόλητες, ον, as, Ion. for πόλεες, πολεῖς, plur. of πόλις: Ion. gen. and dat. sing. πόλητος, πόλητι.

πολιαινομαι, Pass. (πολις) to grow gray or white

πολιά-οχος, ον, Dor. for πολιτήοχος, πολιούχος, q. w.

πολι-αρχος, ὁ, (πόλις, ἀρχω) prince of a city or state

Πολιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (πόλις) guardian of the city, epith. of Athena (Minerva) in her oldest temple on the

Acropolis of Athens, as distinguished from Ἀθηνᾶ Παρθένου and Ἀθηνᾶ Πρόμαχος.

πόλις, πολίσσιν, Ep. nom. and dat. pl. cf πόλις

πολίξω, f. ἴσω, aor. I ἐπόλισα Ep. πόλισσα: Pass. pf. ἐπόλισμαι: (πόλις):—to build or found a city

generally, to build, found, lay the foundation of. II. to colonize by building a city.

πολιτή-οχος, Dor. πολιτάρχος—πολιούχος.

πολιτήτης, εἰ, ὁ, Ion. fr. πολίτης, a citizen: also a fellow-citizen, countryman.

πολιήτης, ἴδης, fem. of πολιήτης.

πόλινδε, Adv. of πόλις, into or to the city.

πολιο-κρότάφος, ον, (πολιός, κρόταφος) with gray hair on the temples, growing gray

πολι-ορκέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐπολιόρκησα: Pass. aor. I ἐπολιόρκησμαι, and in med. ἵστω πολιορκήσονται

aor. I ἐπολιόρκησθην: (πόλις, εἶργα or ἔρκος):—to besiege a city, blockade, beleaguer: metaph. of

besiege, importune. Hence

πολι-ορκητός, α, ον, verb. Aug., eat must or can be taken by siege.

πολιορκία, ἡ, (πολιορκέω) a beleaguering or besieging a city, a siege.

ΠΟΛΙΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, also ἴς, ὄν:—gray, white; of hair, gray or hoary; αἱ πολιαί (sub. τρίχες), gray or white hair; ἅμα ταῖς πολιαῖς κατιούσαις as the gray hairs come lower down (i. e. from the head and temples to the beard): πολιός absol. a gray-bearded man.

II. metaph. bright, serene. III. metaph. hoary, venerable.

πολι-ούχος, ον, (πόλις, ἔχω) protecting a city.

πολιδ-χρως, ὤτος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολιός, χρῶς) with white skin: white.

πολι-πρόβης, ον, (πολις, περῶ) sacker of cities.

ΠΟΛΙΣ Ep. πτόλις, εἰς, ἡ; Ion. gen. πόλιος Αἰν

ποῖτ. also πόλεος Ep. πόλης, πόλεως: dat. πόλει Ep. πόλιν: acc. πόλιν, but Ep. acc. πόλιν also occurs:—
Plur., nom. πόλεις Att. πόλεις Ion. πόλεις: gen. πόλιν: dat. πόλιν Ep. πολίεσσι Dor. πολίεσι: acc. πόλιν, πόλεις Ion. πόλιν:—a city: πόλις ἄκρη, = ἀκρόπολις, the fortress of the city, citadel, which at Athens was sometimes called πόλις, while the rest of the city was called ἄστυ.

II. a whole country, state.

III. when πόλις and ἄστυ are joined, πόλις is the body of citizens, ἄστυ their dwellings: hence πόλις the state, the citizens who form the state, a free state, republic.

2. the right of citizenship.

πόλις, ατος, τό, (πολίω) a collection of buildings, a city, town.

πολιςσο-νόμος, ον, (πόλις, νέμω) managing or ruling a city.

πολις-σός, ον, (πόλις, σώω) guarding a city.

πολιςσο-ούχος, ον, ποῖτ. for πολιούχος.

πολιτ-άρχης, ου, ὁ, (πολίτης, ἀρχω) a ruler of citizens or a state, a chief magistrate.

πολιτεία Ion. -ητή, ἡ, (πολιτεύω) the relation of a citizen to the state, the condition and rights of a citizen, citizenship, Lat. civitas.

2. the life of a citizen.

III. the life of a statesman, government, administration:

III. civil polity, the condition of a state, a state, constitution.

2. a commonwealth: a republic.

πολιτεύμα, ατος, τό, (πολιτεύω) a measure of government, political act.

II. a state, community.

πολιτεύω, f. σω, (πολίτης) to be a citizen or freeman, live in a free state.

2. to have a certain form of government, have public affairs administered in a certain way: Pass. to be governed.

II. Dep. πολιτεύομαι, fut. med. πολιτεύσομαι: aor. i med. ἐπολιτεύσῃ and pass. ἐπολιτεύθῃ: pf. pass. πεπολιτεύμαι:—to be a free citizen, have the qualifications of a free citizen: generally, to live in a state.

2. to take part in the government.

III. trans. to administer or govern: absol. to conduct the government.

πολιτήν, ἡ, Ion. for πολιτεία.

πολίτης [ῖ], ον, Ion. πολίτης, εω, ὁ, (πόλις) the member of a city or state, a citizen, freeman, Lat. civis.

2. also a fellow-citizen, fellow-countryman: also used with another Subst., θεοὶ πολῖται gods our fellow-citizens, gods of the city.

πολιτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πολίτης) of or for a citizen, befitting a citizen, like a citizen, constitutional, Lat. civilis: τὸ πολιτικόν the body of citizens, the community.

II. belonging to or befitting a statesman: as Subst., πολιτικός, ὁ, a statesman.

III. belonging to the state or its administration, concerning the body politic: τὸ πολιτικόν the commonwealth; but ἡ πολιτική (sc. τέχνη) the science of politics; τὰ πολιτικά, state-affairs.

IV. generally, public.

as opp. to private.

πολιτικῶς, Adv. of πολιτικός, in a manner befitting a citizen, constitutionally, Lat. civiliter.

πολίχνη, ἡ, (πόλις) a small town.

πολίχιον, τό, Dim. of πολίχνη, a very small town.

πολλάκις ποῖτ. πολλάκι [ᾶ], Adv. (πολύς) many times, often, oft.

II. in Att. ei πολλάκις perhaps, perchance, Lat. si forte; μή πολλάκις Lat. ne forte.

πολλαπλάσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πολύς) many times as many, many times more, many times larger: followed by ἢ, ἥπερ., or by a gen.: neut. pl. πολλαπλάσια as Adv.

πολλαπλάσιον, ον, gen. ονος, = πολλαπλάσιος: Adv. -ίονως.

πολλαπλήσιος, η, ον, Ion. for πολλαπλάσιος.

πολλάχῃ, Adv. (πολύς, πολλή) many ways, many times, often.

II. in various manners.

πολλάχθεν, Adv. (πολύς, πολλή) from many places or sides: for many reasons.

πολλάχθόν, Adv. (πολύς, πολλή) in many places.

πολλάχθόν, Adv. (πολύς, πολλή) towards many sides, into many parts or quarters.

πολλάχθον, Adv. = πολλάχῃ, many times, often.

II. in many places:

πολλο-δεκάκις, Adv. (πολλός = πολὺς, δεκάκις) many tens of times. [ᾶ]

πολλός, πολλόν, Ion. masc. and neut. for πολὺς, πολὺ, but used almost entirely in the oblique cases: v. πολὺς.

πολλοστός, ἡ, ὄν, (πολλός, πολὺς) one out of many, Lat. multestimus: very little, slight, trivial.

II. of Time, πολλοστός ἐτεῖ in the last of many years, i. e. after many years; πολλοστός χρόνος after a very long time.

Adv. -τως, in a very small degree.

πόλος, ὁ, (πέλος, πολέω) a pivot or axis on which something turns, the axis of the globe, the pole.

2. that which revolves on an axis, the vault of heaven, the sky or firmament, Lat. polus.

II. land turned up with the plough.

III. a basin-shaped sundial.

πολύ-αγρος, ον, (πολύς, ἄγρος) catching much game.

πολύ-αθλός, ον, (πολύς, ἀθλον) conquering in many contests.

πολύ-αἶγος, ον, (πολύς, αἶς) abounding in goats.

πολύ-αἷμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, αἷμα) very bloody.

πολύ-αἰνετος, ον, and πολὺ-αἶνος, ον, (πολύς, αἶνος) much-praised.

2. full of wise discourse.

πολύ-αἶψ, ἴκος [ῖ], (πολύς, αἶσσω) with many shocks, impetuous; κάματος πολὺαἶψ weariness caused by impetuous onsets.

πολὺ-ἀνδρῶ, το be full of men, to be populous.

From

πολύ-ἀνδρος, ον, (πολύς, ἀνὴρ) of places, with many men, full of men, thick-peopled.

II. of persons, numerous.

πολύ-ἄνθεμος, ον, (πολύς, ἄνθεμον) rich in flowers.

πολύ-ἀνθή, ἡ, (πολύς, ἀνθήω) much-blossoming.

πολὺ-ἀνθρωπία, ἡ, a large population, multitude of people.

From

πολύ-ἄνθρωπος, ον, (πολύς, ἄνθρωπος) full of people

populous: crowded.

πολύ-άνωρ [ἄ], ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, ἀνήρ) = πολὺαν-
 ὄρος: much frequented. II. of many husbands.
 πολὺ-ἀργύρος, ον, (πολύς, ἀργυρός) rich in silver.
 πολὺ-ἀρήτος Att. -ἀράτος, ον, (πολύς, ἀράομαι)
 much prayed for, much desired.
 πολὺ-ἀρκής, ἐς, (πολύς, ἀρκέω) much-sufficing, sur-
 passing many, abundant.
 πολὺ-ἀρματός, ον, (πολύς, ἄρμα) with many chariots.
 πολὺ-ἀρμόνιος, ον, (πολύς, ἁρμονία) many-toned.
 πολὺ-αρνός, ον, iteg. dat. πολὺαρνι: (πολύς, ἀρνύς):
 with many lambs or sheep: with many flocks.
 πολὺ-αρχία, ἡ, (πολύς, ἀρχαί) the government of many.
 πολὺ-αστράγαλος, ον, (πολύς, ἀστράγαλος) with
 many joints.
 πολὺ-αστρος, ον, (πολύς, ἄστρον) with many stars,
 many.
 πολὺ-άσυχος, ον, (πολύς, ἀσυχός) much-busied.
 πολὺ-αὔλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, αὔλαξ) with many
 furrows: with broad acres, spacious.
 πολὺ-αύχηνος, ον, (πολύς, αὐχὴν) with many necks.
 πολὺ-βαφής, ἐς, (πολύς, βαφῆναι) deep-plunged,
 drowned.
 πολὺ-βενθής, ἐς, (πολύς, βένθος) very deep.
 πολὺ-βοςκος, ον, (πολύς, βόσκω) much-nourishing.
 πολὺ-βότερα Ep. πολυβότερα, ἡ, (πολύς, βόσκω)
 fem. Adj. nourishing many, much-nourishing.
 πολὺ-βοτός, ον, (πολύς, βόσκω) much-nourishing.
 πολὺ-βοτρυς, υος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, βότρυς) with many
 clusters, abounding in grapes.
 πολὺ-βουλος, ον, (πολύς, βουλή) much-counselling,
 excelling wise.
 πολὺ-βοῦτης, ον, ὁ, (πολύς, βοῦς) rich in oxen.
 πολὺ-βροχός, ον, (πολύς, βροχός) with many nooses.
 πολὺ-γυθής, ἐς, Dor. for πολυγυθής.
 πολὺ-γυθής, Dor. -γυθής, ἐς, (πολύς, γυθῆω) much-
 cheering, delightful, gladsome.
 πολυ-γῆρας, ον, (πολύς, γῆρας) exceeding old.
 πολὺ-γλευκος, ον, (πολύς, γλεύκος) abounding in
 must or new wine.
 πολὺ-γλήνος, ον, (πολύς, γλήνη) many-eyed.
 πολὺ-γλωσσος Att. -ττος, ον, (πολύς, γλῶσσα)
 many-tongued: harmonious.
 πολὺ-γναμπος, ον, (πολύς, γνάμπτω) with many
 windings, curling.
 πολὺ-γνωτός, ον, (πολύς, γινώσκω) well-known.
 πολὺ-γομφος, ον, (πολύς, γόμφος) fastened with
 many nails, well-bolted.
 πολυγονέομαι, Dep. (πολύγονος) to multiply.
 πολὺ-γόνος, ον, (πολύς, γόνος) producing many,
 prolific.
 πολὺ-δαίδαλος, ον, (πολύς, δαίδαλος) much or highly
 wrought, richly digbt. II. act. working with great
 art, very skilful.
 πολὺ-δάκρυος, ον, and πολὺ-δακρύς, gen. υος, ὁ, ἡ,
 (πολύς, δάκρυ) of or with many tears: hence much-
 wept, tearful. II. act. much-weeping.
 πολὺ-δάκρυτος, ον, (πολύς, δακρύα) much wept,
 very lamentable, tearful. II. act. much-weeping.

πολὺ-δάπανος, ον, (πολύς, δαπάνη) causing great
 expense: of a person, expensive, extravagant.
 πολὺ-δειράς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, δειρή) with many
 ridges or necks of land.
 πολὺ-δένδρεος and πολὺ-δενδρος, ον, (πολύς, δέν-
 δρον) with many trees, full of rees.
 πολυδένδρεσσι, poet. dat. pl. as if from πολυδένδρη.
 πολὺ-δερκής, ἐς, (πολύς, δερκομαι) much-seeing.
 πολὺ-δεσμος, ον, (πολύς, δεσμός) with many bands,
 strong-bound.
 πολὺ-δευκής, ἐς, (πολύς, δεύκος = γλεύκος) very
 sweet. II. Πολυδεύκης, εως, ὁ, Polydeuces, Lat.
 Pollux, son of Leda, brother of Castor, one of the
 Dioscuri, celebrated as a boxer.
 πολὺ-δίψιος, ον, (πολύς, δίψα) very thirsty, i. e. ill-
 watered, afflicted with drought.
 πολὺ-δονος, ον, (πολύς, δονέω) much-driven.
 πολὺ-δοξος, ον, (πολύς, δόξα) very famous.
 πολὺ-δρομος, ον, (πολύς, δραμῆναι) much-running,
 much-wandering.
 πολὺ-δροςος, ον, (πολύς, δρύσος) very dewy.
 πολυδορία, ἡ, liberality, munificence. From
 πολὺ-δωρος, ον, (πολύς, δάωω) with rich gifts, well-
 dowered.
 πολὺ-ειδής, ἐς, (πολύς, εἶδος) of many kinds, diverse,
 various.
 πολὺ-έλαιος, ον, (πολύς, ἔλαιον) yielding much oil,
 abounding in oil.
 πολὺ-ἐλικτός, ον, (πολύς, ἐλίσσω) many-folded,
 mazy, complicated.
 πολὺ-ἐπαινέτος, ον, (πολύς, ἐπαινέω) much-praised.
 πολὺ-ἐπής, ἐς, (πολύς, ἐπος) of many words, wordy.
 πολὺ-ἐραστός, ον, (πολύς, ἐράω) much-loved.
 πολὺ-εργής, ἐς, and πολὺ-εργος, ον, (πολύς, ἐργον),
 much-working, hard-working.
 πολὺ-ετής, ἐς, (πολύς, ἔτος) of many years, full of
 years.
 πολὺ-ευκτος, and πολὺ-εύχεται, ον, (πολύς, εὐχο-
 μαι) much wished for, much desired.
 πολὺ-ζηλος, ον, (πολύς, ζηλος) much envied, much
 desired. II. full of envy.
 πολυ-ζήλωτος, ον, (πολύς, ζηλώω) much envied or
 desired.
 πολὺ-ζυγος, ον, (πολύς, ζυγόν) many-benched.
 πολὺ-ήγορος, ον, (πολύς, ἀγορεύω) speaking much
 wordy.
 πολυ-ήρατος, ον, (πολύς, ἐράω) much-loved, very
 lovely.
 πολὺ-ηχής, ἐς, (πολύς, ἦχος) many-toned: much
 resounding.
 πολυ-ήχητος Dor. πολυήχ-, ον, (πολύς, ἡχέω)
 loud- or far-sounding.
 πολυ-θαράς, ἐς, (πολύς, θάρσος) very confident,
 over-confident, bold.
 πολὺ-θεός, ον, (πολύς, θεός) of many gods, divided
 to many gods: consisting of many gods.
 πολὺ-θήρ, ον, (πολύς, θῆρ) with much game, full
 of wild beasts.

πολυ-θρέμων, *ον*, *γεν. ονος*, (πολύς, θρέμμα) of the Nile, much-fertilising or abounding in monsters.
 πολυ-θρεπτος, *ον*, (πολύς, τρέφω) much-nourishing.
 πολυ-θρήνητος, *ον*, (πολύς, θρηνέω) much-bewailed.
 πολυ-θρήνος, *ον*, (πολύς, θρήνος) much-wailing.
 πολυ-θρίξ, τρήχος, *ο, ή*, (πολύς, θρίξ) with much hair.
 πολυ-θροος, *ον*, *contr. θρους*, *ουν*, (πολύς, θρόος) with much noise, clamorous.
 πολυ-θρύλητος, *ον*, (πολύς, θρύλλω) much talked of, notorious.
 πολυ-θύρος, *ον*, (πολύς, θύρα) with many doors or apertures. 2. metaph. with many leaves.
 πολυ-θύτος, *ον*, (πολύς, θύω) celebrated with many sacrifices: abounding in sacrifices.
 πολυ-ίδμων, *ον*, *γεν. ονος*, = πολυῖδρις.
 πολυῖδρεια, *ή*, (πολυῖδρις) much knowledge, sagacity, cunning.
 πολυ-ῖδρις, *Ion. γεν. ιος Att. εως, ο, ή*, (πολύς, ἴδρις) of much knowledge, very wise or learned.
 πολυ-ἵππος, *ον*, (πολύς, ἵππος) having many horses, rich in horses.
 πολυ-ἴστωρ, *ορος, ο, ή*, (πολύς, ἴσμη) = πολυῖδρις.
 πολυ-ἰχθύος, *ον*, (πολύς, ἰχθύς) abounding in fish.
 πολυ-καγκής, *ες*, (πολύς, *κάγκω = καίω) very dry or parched: also much-parching.
 πολυ-κάής, *ον*, (πολύς, καίω) much-burning.
 πολυ-κάμμορος, *ον*, (πολύς, κάμμορος) very ill-fated or miserable.
 πολυ-καμπής, *ες*, (πολύς, κάμπω) with many twists and turns.
 πολυ-κάνης, *ες*, (πολύς, καίω) much-slaughtering.
 πολυ-καπνος, *ον*, (πολύς, καπνός) much-smoked: with smoky rafters.
 πολυ-κάρηνος, *ον*, (πολύς, κάρηνος) many-beaded.
 πολυκαρπία, *ή*, abundance of fruit. From
 πολυ-καρπος, *ον*, (πολύς, καρπός) with much fruit, rich in fruit, fruitful.
 πολυ-κίλαδος, *ον*, (πολύς, κίλαδος) much-sounding.
 πολυκέρδεια, *ή*, great craft or cunning. From
 πολυ-κέρδης, *ες*, (πολύς, κέρδος) very cunning or crafty.
 πολυ-κερως, *ωτος, ο, ή*, (πολύς, κέρας) many-horned: *ω φόνος* the slaughter of much horned cattle.
 πολυ-κεστος, *ον*, (πολύς, κεστός) much-wrought: with the needle, well-stitched.
 πολυ-κηδής, *ες*, (πολύς, κηδος) full of care, grievous.
 πολυ-κήριος, *ον*, (πολύς, κήρ) very deadly.
 πολυ-κήτης, *ες*, (πολύς, κήτος) full of monsters.
 πολυ-κλαυστος *οι* -κλαυτος, *ον*, also *η, ον*, (πολύς, κλαίω) much deplored or lamented.
 πολυ-κλέης, *ες*, (πολύς, κλέος) far-famed.
 πολυ-κλειτος, *ον*, also *η, ον*, (πολύς, κλειτός) far-famed, of great renown.
 πολυ-κλήεις, *εσσα, εν*, (πολύς, κλέος) = πολυκλειτος.
 πολυ-κλήης, *ιδος [ι]*, *ή*, (πολύς, κλείς) with many benches of rowers, with many banks of oars.
 πολυ-κλήρος, *ον*, (πολύς, κλήρος) with a large lot or portion, rich in land.

πολυ-κλήτος, *ον*, (πολύς, καλέω) called from many a land.
 πολυ-κλυστος, *ον*, (πολύς, κλύω) much dashing or swelling. II. *pass. washed by many a wave*.
 πολυ-κμητος, *ον*, (πολύς, κάμνω) much-wrought; 2. later, laborious.
 πολυ-κνημος, *ον*, (πολύς, κνημός) with many shoulders, of mountains: mountainous.
 πολυ-κοινος, *ον*, (πολύς, κοινός) common to many.
 πολυκοιρανία *Ion. -ία, ή*, the rule of many. From
 πολυ-κοιρανός, *ον*, (πολύς, κοίρανος) wide-ruling.
 πολυ-κόλυμβος, *ον*, (πολύς, κολυμβάω) oft-diving.
 πολυ-κράνος, *ον*, (πολύς, κράνον) many-beaded.
 πολυ-κράτης, *ες*, (πολύς, κράτος) very mighty.
 πολυ-κροτος, *ον*, also *η, ον*, (πολύς, κροτέω) ringing loud or clearly.
 πολυ-κρουνος, *ον*, (πολύς, κρουνός) with many springs.
 πολυ-κτέανος, *ον*, (πολύς, κτέανον) = πολυκτήμων.
 πολυ-κτήμων, *ον*, *γεν. ονος*, (πολύς, κτήμα) with many or great possessions, very wealthy.
 πολυ-κτήτος, *ον*, (πολύς, κτάομαι) = πολυκτημα.
 πολυ-κτόνος, *ον*, (πολύς, κτείνω) much-slaying, murderous.
 πολυ-κύδιστος, *ον*, also *η, ον*, (πολύς, κύδιστος) held in highest honour, most glorious.
 πολυ-κύμων, *ον*, *γεν. ονος*, (πολύς, κύμα) swelling with many waves.
 πολυ-κώκτος, *ον*, (πολύς, κωκίω) much-lamenting, very plaintive.
 πολυ-κωμος, *ον*, (πολύς, κῶμος) much-revelling.
 πολυ-κωπος, *ον*, (πολύς, κωπή) of many oars.
 πολυ-κώτιλος, *ον*, (πολύς, κωτίλος) much-battering, much-warbling.
 πολυ-λήμιος, *ον*, (πολύς, λήμιον) with many corn-fields.
 πολυλ-λίθος, *ον*, (πολύς, λίθος) very stony.
 πολυλίστος, *ον*, (πολύς, λίσσομαι) much implored or entreated; *νῆδος πολυλλιστος* a temple where many prayers are offered.
 πολυλ-λίτος, *ον*, (πολύς, λιτομαι) = πολυλλιστος.
 πολυλογία, *ή*, much speaking, much talk. From
 πολυ-λογος, *ον*, (πολύς, λόγος) much-talking, *ιστιος*. 2. much talked of.
 πολυ-μάθης, *ες*, (πολύς, μαθεῖν) having learnt much, knowing much. Adv. -θῶς, in a very learned way.
 πολυ-μανής, *ες*, (πολύς, μανῆναι) very furious.
 πολυ-μάχητος, *ον*, (πολύς, μάχομαι) much or often fought for. [α]
 πολυ-μέθης, *ες*, (πολύς, μέθη) very drunk.
 πολυ-μέλης, *ες*, (πολύς, μέλος) with many limbs or members. II. many-toned, musical.
 πολυ-μερής, *ες*, (πολύς, μέρος) consisting of many parts. Adv. -ρῶς, in many ways.
 πολυ-μετρος, *ον*, (πολύς, μέτρον) holding many measures: generally, abundant.
 πολυ-μηκάς, *αδος, ο*, (πολύς, μηκάομαι) much-dising,

πολύ-πόταμος, *ον*, (πολύς, ποταμός) *with many or large rivers*

πολύ-πόντια, *ἡ*, (πολύς, πόντια) *very venerable*.
πολύπους [ῥ], -ποδος, *ὁ*, *ἡ*, acc. πολύνουν, (πολύς, πούς) *many-footed*

II. as Subst. πολύπους or more commonly (even in Att.) πολυπό-πους, *ον*, *ὁ*, *ἡ* *the many-footed one, the sea-polyurus*; gen. πολυπό-δος; acc. πολύνουν or πολυπόδα: plur. nom. πολύ-ποδες, etc.: poët. nom. πολύπους, *ον*: Dor. πώλυ-πος; Lat. *polyurus*

πολυπραγμανέω Ion. -πρηγμανέω, *ἡ* ἴσω, (πολυ-πράγμων) *to be busy about many things, to be very busy: to be meddling or officious: to meddle in public affairs, intrigue.*

πολυπραμοσύνη, *ἡ* (πολυπράγμων) *officious interference, meddling: a meddling, active character.*
From

πολυ-πράγμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (πολύς, πράσσω) *busy after many things, officious, meddling, turbulent.*
πολυ-πρᾶος, *ον*, (πολύς, πρᾶος) *very mild.*

πολυ-πρηγμανέω, Ion. for πολυπραγμανέω.
πολυ-πρόβατος, *ον*, (πολύς, πρόβατον) *rich in sheep or cattle*: Sup. πολυπροβατώτεος.

πολυ-πρώτιστος, *η*, *ον*, = πολὺν πρώτιστος.
πολυ-πτόητος Ion. -πτοίητος, *ον*, (πολύς, πτοέω) *much-scared, timorous.*

πολύ-πτύχος, *ον*, (πολύς, πτυχή) *of or with many folds: with many glens or valleys.*

πολύ-πυργος, *ον*, (πολύς, πύργος) *with many towers.*
πολύ-πύρος, *ον*, (πολύς, πύρος) *rich in corn.*

πολύρ-ραπτος, *ον*, = πολύρραφος.
πολύρ-ράφος, *ον*, (πολύς, ράπτω) *much-worked, highly-wrought.*

*πολύρ-ρην, *ηνος*, *ὁ*, *ἡ*, (πολύς, *ῥήν = ἀμνός) *rich in sheep or flocks*: only found in nom. pl. πολύρρηνες, never in nom. sing.

πολύρ-ρηνος, *ον*, = *πολύρρην.
πολύρ-ρίζος, *ον*, (πολύς, ρίζα) *with many roots.*

πολύρ-ροδος, *ον*, (πολύς, ῥόδον) *abounding in roses.*
πολύρ-ροθος, *ον*, (πολύς, ῥόθος) *much-dashing, loud-roaring: very clamorous.*

πολυρροιβήτης, *ον*, (πολύς, ροιβδέω) *much-ubiquitous.*

πολύρ-ροος, *ον*, contr. -ροος, *ον*, and πολύρ-ρῆτος, *ον*, (πολύς, ῥέω) *much-flowing: of blood, shed in streams.*

ΠΟΛΥΤΨ, πολλή, πολύ; gen. πολλοῦ, *ἡς*, *οὔ*; dat. πολλῷ, *ῇ*, *φ*; acc. πολλόν, πολλήν, πολύν;—Ion. nom. πολλός, πολλή, πολλόν, acc. πολλών, πολλήν, πολλύν: the Ion. declension is retained by the Att. in all cases, except nom. and acc. sing., masc. and neut. The following are Ep. forms: sing. gen. πολέος, pl. nom. πολέες contr. πολέες; gen. πολέων; dat. πολέσι, πολέσσι, πολέεσσι; acc. πολέας contr. πολέες; also gen. plur. fem. πολλέων and πολλάων [α]:—πολύς, *ον*, *ον*, *ον* are also Ed. forms.

I. Of Number, *many*, opp. to ὀλίγος *few*: also of anything often repeated: πολλόν *ἦν* τοῦτο τὸ ἔπος

this word was often repeated. 2. also of Size or Degree, as, πολὺς νιφετός *a heavy storm of snow*; πολὺς ὕπνος *deep sleep*; of a person, μέγας καὶ πολὺς *great and large*; πολλὰ κέκλημαι *I have been much extolled*; πολλὰς λόγος *a far-spread report*; πολλὴ ἀνάγκη *strong necessity*. 3. of the Value of a thing; πολλοῦ ἀξίος *worth much*; πολλοῦ ποι-εῖσθαι τι, Lat. *magni facere*, to reckon of much consequence. 4. c. gen., as πολλοὶ Τρώων for πολλοὶ Τῶες; πολλὴν σαρκίς for πολλὴ σὰρξ. 5. πολὺς is often joined to another Adj., πολέες τε καὶ ἑσθλοὶ *many men and good*. 6. in Att. with the article, οἱ πολλοὶ *the many, a majority*; so also, τὰ πολὺ; ὡς ἐπὶ τὸ πολὺ for *the most part*. 7. πολὺς is often joined with a Partic. and εἰμί; as, πολλὸς ἦν λισσά-μενος *he was urgent in his entreaties*. II. of Space, large, far, wide; πολλὴ ὁδὸς *a long way*.

III. of Time, long. As Adv. in neut. sing. and pl., πολὺ Ion. πολλόν, πολλὰ, *much, very*: also many times, oft-times, often, often strengthd. by μάλα: of Space, *a great way*: of Time, long: of Degree, far, very much. 2. πολὺ is joined with a Comp. Adj. to increase its force; πολὺν or πολλόν ἀμείων *much better*: with Comp Adv., πολὺ μάλλον *much more*: with Sup., as πολὺ πῶτος *much the first*. 3. πολλὰ many times, often: τὰ πολλὰ *mostly, usually*. 4. with Preps; ἐπὶ πολὺ for long; ἐπὶ πολλόν far.

Comp. πλείων Att. πλεον; Sup. πλείστος.
πολύ-σαφρος, *ον*, (πολύς, σαφρός) *very rotten.*
πολύ-σαρκία, *ἡ*, (πολύς, σὰρξ) *fleshy, plumpness.*
πολύ-σέβαστος, *ον*, (πολύς, σεβαστός) *most august.*
πολύ-σεμνός, *ον*, (πολύς, σεμνός) *very venerable.*
πολύ-σημάντωρ, *ορος*, *ὁ*, (πολύς, σημαίνω) *a teller over many.*

πολύ-σίνης, *ἡς*, (πολύς, σίνομαι) *very burlful, dan-ful, mischievous.*

πολύσιτία, *ἡ*, abundance of corn or food. From πολὺ-σίτος, *ον*, (πολύς, σῖτος) *abounding in corn*. II. high-fed, full of meat.

πολύ-σκαλμος, *ον*, (πολύς, σκαλμός) *many-oared.*
πολύ-σκαρθμός, *ον*, (πολύς, σκαίρω) *far-springing, swift bounding.*

πολύ-σκηπτρος, *ον*, (πολύς, σκηπτρον) *wide-ruling.*

πολύ-σκιος, *ον*, (πολύς, σκιά) *very shady.*

πολυ-σκόπελος, *ον*, (πολύς, σκόπελος) *very rocky.*

πολυ-σπᾶθης, *ἑς*, (πολύς, σπάθη) *thick-woven*

πολυ-σπερής, *ἑς*, (πολύς, σπείρω) *wide-spread, scat-tered abroad, numerous.*

πολύ-σπλαγχνος, *ον*, (πολύς, σπλαγχνον) *of great mercy or compassion.*

πολύ-σπορος, *ον*, (πολύς, σπείρω) *much-sown, fruitful.*

πολυ-στάφυλος, *ον*, (πολύς, σταφυλή) *rich in grapes.*

πολύ-στάχυς, *υ*, gen. *υος*, (πολύς, στάχυς) *rich in ears of corn yielding rich crops.*

πολυ-στῆλεχος, *ον*, *with many stems.*

πολυ-στένακτος, *ον*, (πολύς, στενάζω) *dear-sighing, miserable.*

πολυ-στέφανος, *ον*, *with many wreaths.*

πολυ-στεφής, *ἐς*, (πολύς, στέφω) *crowned with many a wreath; πολυστεφής δάφνης thick-crowned with laurel.*

πολύ-στικτος, *ον*, (πολύς, στίζω) *much-spotted, dappled.*

πολυ-στιχία, *ἡ*, *a number of lines.* From

πολύ-στιχος, *ον*, (πολύς, στίχος) *of or in many lines.*

πολύ-στοιχος, *ον*, (πολύς, στοιχος) *with many rows.*

πολυστοιμέω, *to speak much.* From

πολύ-στομος, *ον*, (πολύς, στόμα) *many-mouthed.*

πολύ-στονος, *ον*, (πολύς, στένω) *much sighing, mournful, melancholy.*

πολυ-στροφία, *ἡ*, *a turning oneself to and fro.* From

πολύ-στροφος, *ον*, (πολύς, στρέφω) *much-twisted: pliant, versatile.*

πολύ-σύλλαβος, *ον*, (πολύς, συλλαβή) *of many syllables.*

πολυ-σφόνδύλος, *ον*, *many-jointed.*

πολύ-σχιστος, *ον*, (πολύς, σχίζω) *splits into many parts, branching.*

πολύ-σχοινος, *ον*, (πολύς, σχοῖνος) *many-corded.*

πολύ-σωρος, *ον*, (πολύς, σωρός) *yielding large heaps of corn.*

πολύ-τάλαντος, *ον*, (πολύς, τάλαντον) *weighing or worth many talents.*

πολυ-ταρβής, *ἐς*, (πολύς, τάρβος) *much-frightened.*

πολύ-τεκνος, *ον*, (πολύς, τέκνον) *bearing many children.*

πολύτεια, *ἡ*, (πολυτελής) *great expense, costliness, expensiveness.*

πολύ-τελής, *ἐς*, (πολύς, τέλος) *very expensive, costly:—of persons, sumptuous, extravagant:—Comp. and Sup. πολυτέστερος, —έστατος.*

πολυτελώς, *Adv.* of πολυτελής, *expensively:—Sup. πολυτελέστατα, in the costliest manner.*

πολύ-τερπής, *ἐς*, (πολύς, τέρω) *much-delighting.*

πολύ-τέχνης, *ον*, *ὁ*, *οἱ* πολύ-τεχνος, *ον*, (πολύς, τέχνη) *one skilled in many arts.*

πολύ-τίμητος, *ον*, *αἰο*, *η*, *ον*, (πολύς, τιμάω) *highly honoured or revered.* II. *of high value, costly.*

πολύ-τιμος, *ον*, (πολύς, τιμή) *much revered.* II. *of high value, costly.*

πολύ-τιτος, *ον*, (πολύς, τίω) *beld in high honour: also worthy of high honour. [metri grat.]*

πολύ-τλας, *αντιος*, *ὁ*, (πολύς, τλήναι) *much-enduring.*

πολυ-τλήμων, *ονος*, *ὁ*, *ἡ*, (πολύς, τλήμων) *much-enduring, very patient.*

πολύ-τλητος, *ον*, (πολύς, τλήναι) *having had much to endure, hence unfortunate.*

πολύ-τμητος, *ον*, (πολύς, τέμνω) *much-cut, much-lacerated.*

πολυ-τρήρων, *ανος*, *ὁ*, *ἡ*, (πολύς, τρήρων) *abounding in dows.*

πολύ-τρητος, *ον*, (πολύς, τρητός) *much-pierced, perforated, full of holes, porous*

πολυ-τρίπους, —ποδος, *ὁ*, *ἡ*, (πολύς, τρίπους) *with many tripods.*

πολυτροπία *Ion.* —λη, *ἡ*, *variety of resources, versatility, craft.* From

πολύ-τροπος, *ον*, (πολύς, τρέπω) *much-turned, i.e. much-travelled, wandering:—II. turning many ways, versatile, ingenious: changeful. a. manifold. Hence*

πολυτρόπως, *Adv.* *in divers manners.*

πολυ-τρέχᾶλος, *ον*, (πολύς, τρέχω) *running about much, bustling.*

πολύ-ὑμνητος, *ον*, (πολύς, ὑμνέω) *much-famed in song, much-repounded.*

πολύ-ὑμνος, *ον*, (πολύς, ὕμνος) *much sung of, famous: honoured with many hymns.*

πολύ-φάρμακος, *ον*, (πολύς, φάρμακον) *knowing many drugs or charms.*

πολύ-φάτος, *ον*, (πολύς, φημί) *much spoken of, very famous: also in a high strain.*

πολύ-φημος *Dor.* —φαιος, *ον*, (πολύς, φήμη) *with many tales or legends: also with loud cries.* II.

wordy, full of the din of voices: ἡ πολύφημος, as Subst., —ἀγορά, the many-voiced, the assembly; ἡ

πολύφημον ἐκφέρειν to bring before the assembly.

πολυ-φθόρος, *ον*, (πολύς, φθείρω) *destroying many, baneful, pernicious.* II. *pass., πολυφθορος, on,*

utterly destroyed or ruined.

πολύ-φίλος, *ον*, (πολύς, φιλέω) *having many friends, much-beloved.*

πολύ-φίλτρος, *ον*, (πολύς, φίλτρον) *suffering from many love-charms: deeply enamoured, love-sick.*

πολύ-φλοισβος, *ον*, (πολύς, φλοῖσβος) *loud-roaring, epith. of the sea.*

πολυ-φόνος, *ον*, (πολύς, φένω) *killing many, murderous.*

πολύ-φορβος, *ον*, *αἰο*, *η*, *ον*, (πολύς, φέρβομαι) *feeding many, bountiful.*

πολύφορία, *ἡ*, *productiveness.* From

πολύ-φόρος, *ον*, (πολύς, φέρω) *bearing much; πολυφόρος αἶνος wine which will bear much water; πολυφόρος δαίμων a fortune that wants tempering.*

πολυ-φραδής, *ἐς*, (πολύς, φράζω) *very eloquent, wise, sagacious.*

πολύ-φροντις, *ιδος*, *ὁ*, *ἡ*, (πολύς, φροντίς) *full of care.*

πολυ-φρόντιστος, *ον*, (πολύς, φροντίζω) *much-thinking, thoughtful.*

πολυφροσύνη, *ἡ*, *fullness of understanding, great wisdom or understanding.* From

πολύ-φρων, *ονος*, *ὁ*, *ἡ*, (πολύς, φρήν) *much-thoughtful, very sagacious: also ingenious, inventive.*

πολύ-χαλκος, *ον*, (πολύς, χαλκός) *abounding in copper or brass: hence rich in copper vessels or money.* II. *wrought of solid brass, all-brass.*

πολυ-χανδής, *ἐς*, (πολύς, χανδάνω) *wide-yawning.*

πολύ-χαρμος, *ον*, (πολύς, χάρμη) *very warlike.*

πολύ-χειο, —χειρος, *ὁ*, *ἡ*, (πολύς, χεῖρ) *many-banded, with many bands: also with many bands or men. Hence*

πολυχειρία, ἡ, a multitude of hands or workmen.

πολύ-χορδος, ον, (πολύς, χορδή) many-stringed: hence many-toned.

πολυχρημάτια, ἡ, possession of great wealth. From πολυ-χρήματος, ον, (πολύς, χρήμα) very wealthy. πολυ-χρόνιος, ον, (πολύς, χρόνος) existing a long time, of the older time, ancient.

πολύ-χρυσος, ον, (πολύς, χρυσός) rich in gold, adorned with gold.

πολύ-χωστος, ον, (πολύς, χάννυμι) big-bearped.

πολύ-ψάμμος, ον, (πολύς, ψάμμος), and

πολύ-ψαμμος, ον, (πολύς, ψάμμος) very sandy.

πολυψηφία, ἡ, number or diversity of votes. And

πολυ-ψηφίς, ἰδως, ὁ, ἡ, with many pebbles, pebbly, of the beds of rivers. From

πολύ-ψηφος, ον, (πολύς, ψήφος) with many or various votes.

πολύ-ψοφος, ον, (πολύς, ψοφέω) loud-sounding.

πολύ-ώδυνος, ον, (πολύς, ὀδύνη) very painful. II.

pass. suffering great pain.

πολύ-ώνυμος, ον, (πολύς, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) of

many names, worshipped under many names II.

of great name, famous, renowned.

πολυ-ωπίης, ἐς, and πολυ-ωπός, ὄν, (πολύς, ὥπη)

with many bores or cells, close-meshed.

πολύ-ωρέω, (πολύς, ὦρα) to pay much regard or

attention to, to esteem highly.

πολύ-ωφελής, ἐς, (πολύς, ὄφελος) very, highly use-

ful, useful in many ways: Sup. πολυωφελέστατος.

Adv. -λῶς, in a very serviceable manner.

πολύ-ωψ, ὥπος, ὁ, ἡ, = πολυωπός.

πόμα, ατος, τό, (πίνω, πένομαι) a drink, draught.

πομπάιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πομπή) conducting,

attending, escorting: of a wind, fair: of Hermes,

conducting the souls of the dead to the nether world.

πομπάν, πομπάς, Dor. for πομπήν, πομπής.

πομπεία, ἡ, (πομπεύω) a leading in procession:

any solemn or religious procession. II. jeering,

ribaldry, customary in the processions of Bacchus

and Ceres.

πομπεῖον, τό, (πομπή) any vessel employed in

solemn processions. II. at Athens, the place

where they were kept.

πομπεύς, ἑως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (πομπός) one who attends

or escorts, a guide, conductor. 2. one who goes in

procession.

πομπεύω, Ion. impf. πομπεύεσκον: f. σω: (πομ-

πή):—to attend, escort, guide, conduct. II. to

lead a procession: to swagger or strut: to abuse with

ribald jests, as was customary in processions (see

πομπεία).

πομπή, ἡ, (πέμπω) a sending, despatching, escort-

ing: guidance, conduct, escort. 2. a sending

away, a sending home to one's country. II. a

πομπικός, ὁ, ὄν, (πομπή) of or for a solemn pro-

cession: sbow, stately.

πομπήμιος, ον, also ἡ, ον, (πομπή) conducting, es-

corting, guiding: homeward. II. pass. sent.

brought.

πομπός, ὁ, (ἔμποι) one who attends or escorts, an

escort, guide: plur. πομποί attendants, guards. 2.

a messenger. II. as Adj. conducting, leading:

πῦρ πομπόν the signal or beacon fire.

πομπο-στολέω, (πέμπω, στόλος) to conduct a fleet

or ship.

πομφόλυγ-παφλασμα, τό, (πομφόλυξ, παφλάω)

the noise made by bubbles rising.

πομφόλυξ, f. ξω, (πομφόλυξ) to bubble or boil up:

to gush forth.

πομφόλυξ, ὕγος, ἡ, (πομφός) a bubble.

ΠΟΜΦΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, a bubble, blister.

πονέυμενος, Aeol. for πονούμενος, part. pass. or

med. of πονέω.

πονέω, (πόνος) used by Hom. mostly as Dep. πο-

νέομαι, with fut. med. -ήσομαι; aor. I med. ἐπονη-

-σάμην and pass. ἐπονήθην; pf. pass. πεπόνημαι: I.

absol. to toil, work hard; πονέεσθαι κατὰ ὕμνην to

toil in the fight; hence to be worn out, exhausted. 2.

metaph. to be in distress or anxiety, feel pain of

mind II. c. acc. to work at, work hard at, to

perform zealously.

After Hom. the Act. πονέω is more freq., i. -πον-

-ήσω: aor. I ἐπόνησα: pf. πεπόνηκα:—Pass., aor. I

ἐπονήθην: pass. πεπόνημαι I. c. acc. pers. to

cause toil or pain to another. 2. c. acc. rei, to

gain by toil or labour, to work out: Pass. to be won

by labour and pains. II. intr. to toil, suffer pain

or hardship: c. acc. cognato, πονεῖν πόνον, μόχθους

to undergo, endure labour. Hence

πόνημα, ατος, τό, that which is wrought out,

work.

πονήρευμα, ατος, τό, a knavish trick. From

πονήρευμαι, Dep. (πονήρός) to be evil or wicked.

to deal wickedly.

πονηρία, ἡ, (πονήρός) baseness, ill condition, wicked-

ness, knavery, Lat. pravitas: also cowardice

πονήρός, ὁ, ὄν, (πονέω) causing pain or hardship:

hence, 1. painful. 2. distressed, in sorry

plight: of things, bad, sorry: useless, in bad state

or condition: πονηρὰ πράγματα a bad state of

things. 3. in moral sense, bad, worthless, villain-

ous, knavish, wicked. Hence

πονηρῶς, Adv. ill, miserably: πονηρῶς εἶχειν to be

ill off, be in a sorry plight.

πονήσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. or πονέω.

πόνος, ὁ, (πένω, πένομαι) task-work, bard work,

toil, drudgery, Lat. labor: μάχης πόνος the toil of

battle: hence πόνος, = μάχη, a battle, action, the tug

of war. 2. a task. II. pain of body or mind,

suffering, grief: in plur. pains, distress. III. the

fruit or result of labour, a work.

ποντιάς, ἄδος, poet. fem. of πόντιος. U

ποντίζω, f. ἴσω, (πόντος) to plunge or sink in the sea, Lat. *mergo*:—Pass. to be drowned.

ποντικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πόντος) of, from or in the sea: esp. of the πόντος Εὐξείνιος or Black Sea: cf. πόντος. II. from Pontus, Pontic; Ποντικὸν δένδρεον the tree from Pontus, the hazel.

πόντιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πόντος) of, from or in the sea: ruling the sea.

πόντισμα, ατος, τό, (ποντίζω) that which is cast into the sea.

ποντόθεν, Adv. (πόντος) from or out of the sea.

ποντο-θήρης, ου, ὁ, (πόντος, θηρῶν) one who fishes in the sea.

ποντο-μέδων, οντος, ὁ, (πόντος, μέδω) lord of the sea.

πόντονδε, Adv. (πόντος) into the sea.

Ποντοπόρεα, ἡ, (ποντοπόρος) a Nereid, the Sea-passer.

ποντοπορεύω and -πορεύω, to pass over the sea. From

ποντο-πόρος, ον, (πόντος, πόρος) passing over the sea, sea-faring.

Ποντο-ποσειδῶν, ὄντος, ὁ, (πόντος, Ποσειδῶν) Sea-Poseidon, Neptune of the sea.

ΠΟΝΤΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, the sea, esp. the open sea, the high sea. II. Πόντος the Black Sea; in full,

Πόντος Εὐξείνιος. 2. the country Pontus at the east end of the Black Sea.

ποντο-τίνακτος, ον, (πόντος, τινάσσω) sea-shaken.

ποντόφιν, Ep. gen. of πόντος.

ποπάνευμα, ατος, τό, = πόπανον.

πόπανον, τό, (πέπω) anything baked, a flat cake, used at sacrifices.

πόπαξ, an exclamation of surprise, akin to πόποι.

ποπάς, ἀδως, ἡ, = πόπανον.

ποποῖ, the cry of the boopoe.

ποποῖ, exclam., of surprise, anger, or pain, οὐ! fie! shame! akin to παπαί!—also ὦ ποποῖ.

ποποπό, cry of the boopoe.

ποππύσα Dor. ποππύσσω: fut. ποππύσω: aor. I ἐποπύσα: Pass., aor. ἐποπύσθην:—to whistle with the lips compressed: to cry bush! also to make a hissing sound in playing the flute, to play ill. Hence

ποππυλλιάω Dor. -άσω, = ποππύζω.

ποππύσσω, Dor. for ποππύζω.

πόππυσμα, ατος, τό, and ποππυσμός, οὐ, ὁ, (ποπύζω) a whistling, esp. in applause.

πόρδαλις, ὁ, ἡ, older form of πόρδαλις.

πορδή, ἡ, (πέρδω) crepus venteris.

πόρε, Ep. for ἔπορε; see *πορε.

πορεία, ἡ, (πορεύω) a walking, mode of walking, gait, Lat. *incessus*. II. a going, a journey, passage: a march. 2. a crossing beyond seas, crossing a river.

πορευθεῖς, πορευθῆναι, aor. I part. and inf. of πορεύομαι.

πόρευμα, ατος, τό, (πορεύομαι) a passage, way; πόρευμα βροτῶν a place where men resort. 2. a means of going, carriage, conveyance.

πορεύσιμος, ον, also ἡ, ον, (πορεύω) that may be crossed or traversed, passable.

πορευτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of πορεύομαι, to be traversed or travelled over. II. neut. πορευτέον, one must go.

πορευτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὁς, ὄν, (πορεύομαι) travelling, journeying.

πορεύω, f. -εύσω: (πόρος):—to bring, carry, convey, esp. to ferry or convey across a river. 2. of things, to bring, carry: to furnish, supply. II. Pass. and Med. πορεύομαι, fut. med. -εύσομαι, aor. I pass. ἐπορεύθην: pf. πεπρεύμαι:—to be carried or carry oneself, to go, walk, march, travel. 2. c. acc. loci, to pass over, traverse.

πορθέω, f. ἦσω: pf. pass. πεπόρθημαι:—collat. form of πέρθω, to destroy, ravage, waste, plunder: to besiege a town: of persons, to slay, kill, destroy:—Pass. to be ruined, undone. Hence

πόρθημα, ματος, τό, (πορθέω) ravage, plunder.

πόρθσις, εως, ἡ, (πορθέω) the sack of a town.

πορθητής, οὐ, ὁ, (πορθέω) a ravager, plunderer.

πορθήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, poet. for πορθητής, a ravager.

πορμείον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (πορμύω) a place for crossing, a passage over, ferry. II. a passage-boat, ferry-boat. III. the fare of a ferry, Lat. naulum.

πορμύημα, ατος, τό, (πορμύω) a crossing over, passage.

πορμύς, εως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (πορμύω) a ferryman, boatman, Lat. *portitor*: a seaman.

πορμύω, f. σω, (πορμός) to carry or ferry over a strait, river, etc.: to carry over, carry, convey:—Pass. to be carried or ferried over, to be transported from place to place. II. intr. in Act., like Lat. *trajicere*, to pass over, cross over.

πορμύιον, τό, Ion. for πορμύειον.

πορμύς, ἴδος, ἡ, (πορμός) a ferry; a strait. II. a ferry-boat, passage-boat.

πορμύς, ὁ, (πεῖρω) a ferry: a strait, frith. II. a crossing by ferry, a passage.

πορίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: aor. I ἐπόρισα: Med. f. πορίζομαι: Pass., f. πορίσθωμαι: aor. I ἐπορίσθην: pf. ἐπορίσμαι: (πόρος):—to bring, conduct, fetch, convey. II. to furnish, provide, supply: to bring about, contrive, devise:—Med. to furnish for oneself, provide, procure, get:—Pass. πορίζεται, impers. it is in one's power to do...

πόριμος, ον, (πόρος) able to provide or supply: wealthy, rich. II. full of resources, inventive: c. acc., πόριμος ἄπορα fertile of resource in difficulties. III. of things, practicable.

πόρις, ιος, ἡ, poet. form of πόρις.

πορισμός, ὁ, (πορίζω) a procuring: a means of acquiring: also profit, gain.

ποριστής, οὐ, ὁ, (πορίζω) a provider, purveyor: at Athens, the πορισταί were a financial board to raise ways and means. 3. purveyors, conveyancers, as pirates called themselves. Hence

ποριστικός, ἡ, ὄν, fit for purveying: able to procure. ΠΟΡΚΗΣ, οὐ, δ, a ring or hoop, which ran round the part where the iron head of a spear was fastened to the shaft.

πορνεία, ἡ, (πορνεύω) fornication: prostitution.

πορνείον, τό, (πορνείω) a brothel.

πορνεύω, ἡ, σω, (πόρνος) to prostitute:—Pass., of a woman, to be or become a harlot.

πόρνη, ἡ, (περνάω) a harlot.

πορνίδιον, τό, Dim. of πόρνη. [γῆ]

πορκαίος, ἡ, ὄν, (πόρνη) of or for harlots.

πορνοβοσκία, ἡ, ἡσώ, (πορνοβοσκός) to keep a brothel. Hence

πορνοβοσκία, ἡ, brothel-keeping.

πορνο-βοσκός, ὁ, (πόρνη, βόσκω) a brothel-keeper.

πόρνος, ὁ, (πόρνη) a fornicator.

πόρος, ὁ, (περῶ) a means of passing a river, a ford or ferry: a strait, strib. 2. πόροι ἁλός the straits of the sea. 3. a way through or over, thoroughfare, passage: a way, track.

II. c. gen. τει, a way or means of achieving: πόρος οδοῦ a means of performing the journey; πόρος χρημάτων a way of raising money. 2. absol. a contrivance, resource. 3. in plur. 'ways and means,' resources, revenue.

πορπακίζω, ἡ, ἰσώ, (πόρπαξ) to grasp by the handle, to hold a shield by the handle.

πόρπαμα, ατος, τό, (πορπάω) a garment fastened with a buckle or brooch.

πόρπαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (πόρπη) the handle of a shield.

πορπάω, ἡ, ἰσώ [ᾶ] Ion. ἡσώ:—to fasten with a buckle, to buckle or clasp down. From

πόρπη, ἡ, (πεῖρω) like περόνη, the pin or tongue of the buckle, a buckle or brooch.

πόρπημα, ατος, τό, Ion. for πόρπαμα.

πόρρω, Adv., Lat. porro, Att. for πρῶς, far, far off: see πορρωτέρω, —ωτάτω. Hence

πόρρωθεν, Adv. from afar; and

πόρρωθι, Adv. far.

πορρώτατος, ἡ, ον, Sup. Adj. (πόρρω) furthest.

πορρωτέρω, —ωτάτω, Adv., Comp. and Sup. of πόρρω, further on or off, furthest off.

πορσαίνω, —πορσύνω, to offer, give: hence to attend to, cherish: to manage, arrange.

πόρσιον, πόρσιστα, Adv., Comp. and Sup. of πόρσω or πρῶσω, further, furthest.

πορσύνω [ῶ]: Ep. fut. πορσύνέω contr. —ῶνῶ: (*πόρω):—to proffer, offer, give, present, furnish: fem. part. fut., κείνον πορσύνέουσα λέχος to prepare his bed.

II. generally, to make ready, provide:—Med. to provide for oneself, get ready. 2. to execute, order, arrange, adjust.

III. of persons, to treat with care, to cherish, tend: also to esteem.

πόρσω, Adv., —πόρρω, πρῶσω: see πόρσιον, πόρσιστα.

πόρταξ, ἄκος, ἡ, —πόρτις, a calf.

πόρτις, ἴος, ἡ, a young heifer, calf: any young animal: metaph. a young maiden, girl, Lat. juvenca.

πορτι-τρόφος, ον, (πορτις, τρέφω) breeding calves. πορφύρα Ion. —ύρη [ῶ], ἡ, (πορφύρω) the purple-fish, Lat. murex. II. the purple dye obtained from it, purple.

III. in plur. purple clothes or robes.

πορφύρεος, ἡ, ον, Att. contr. πορφύρεος, ἡ, οὖν: (πορφύρα):—Lat. purpureus, purple, dark, first of the sea: πορφυρέη νεφέλη a dark cloud. 2. dyed with murex or purple-fish, purple, red. 3. rosy, bright, beauteous, like Lat. purpureus.

πορφύρευς, ἴσος, ὁ, (πορφύρα) a fisher for purple-fish, a purple-dyer, Lat. purpurarius. Hence

πορφυρευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a purple-dyer.

πορφύρις, ἴδος, ἡ, (παρφύρα) a purple garment or covering. II. a red-coloured bird.

πορφύριον, ἄνος, ὁ, (πορφύρα) a red-coloured water-bird.

πορφύρο-εἰδής, ἴς, (πορφύρα, εἶδος) purpled, dark. πορφύρο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, fem. —πώλις, ἴδος, (πορφύρα, πωλεῖν) a dealer in purple, seller of purple.

πορθύρο-στρωτος, ον, (πορφύρα, στρώννυμι) spread with purple cloth.

πορθύρεος, ἡ, οὖν, Att. contr. for πορφύρεος.

πορφύρω [ῶ], a redupl. form of φύρω, (as μορμίρω of μύρω), to grow dark, esp. of the sea; ὡς ὅτε πορφύρη πέλαγος μέγα κύματι κακῶ as when the huge sea grows dark with its dumb swell (i. e. with waves that do not break, opp. to πολλή ἑλα): metaph. to be troubled, disquieted, πολλά δέ οἱ κραδίη πόρφυρε much wails his heart troubled. II. to grow purple.

*ΠΟΡΩ, obsol. pres. of the aor. 2 ἔπορον, and pf. τέπωμαι: I. aor. 2 ἔπορον Ep. πόρον, part. πορών:—to bring to pass, contrive: to give, offer, bestow, grant; εὖχος πορεῖν to fulfil a wish. II. pf. pass. τέπωμαι, to be given or assigned as one's portion or lot, only used in 3 sing. pf. pass. τέπωται, and 3 sing. plqpf. τέπωται, it has, had been fated, and part. τεπωμένος, ἡ, ον, allotted or fated to one: hence, ἡ τεπωμένη, an appointed lot, Fate, Destiny; so also τῶ τεπωμένον.

*ΠΟΣ, assumed as the interrog. Pron., answering to the relat. ὅς, whence ποῦ, ποῖ, πῇ, πῶ, also, πύθεν, πόθι, πόσε, πότε, and the Adj. πότερος.

ποσάκις Ep. ποσάκι [ᾶ], Adv. (πόσος) how many times? how often? Lat. quoties?

πόσε, Adv. (*πός) whither? Lat. quo?

Ποσειδᾶν and Ποσειδῶν, ἄνος, ὁ, Dor. for Ποσειδῶν.

Ποσειδάνιος and —αόνιος, α, ον, Dor. for Ποσειδάνιος.

Ποσειδειον, τό, a temple of Neptune: neut. from Ποσειδανός, α, ον, = Ποσειδάνιος.

Ποσειδεών, ἄνος, Poseidon, ὁ, the sixth month of the Attic year, answering to the latter half of December and first half of January.

Ποσειδῶν, ἄνος, ὁ: acc. Ποσειδῶν voc. Πόσειδον: Homeric form Ποσειδῶν [ᾶ], δανος, acc. δανα, voc. Ποσειδῶν: Dor. Ποτειδᾶν or Ποτιδᾶν, ἄνος: Ion.

Ποσειδέων, ἄνος:—Poseidon, Lat. Neptuneus, son of Cronos and Rhea, brother of Jupiter, god of the sea.

Ποσειδώνιος, α, *on*, *Ion.* sacred to Neptune: τὰ Ποσειδώνια (sub. *λερά*), the festival of Neptune.

ΠΟΨΘΗ, ἡ, *membrum virile*.

πόσθων, *ἄνος, δ*, (πόσθη) a little boy.

ποσί, *dat. pl. of ποῦς*: but πόσι, *vocat. of ποῖσι*.

Ποσιδῖον, τό, *Ion.* for Ποσειδεῖον.

Ποσιδῖος, ἡ, *on*, *Ion.* for Ποσειδεῖος. sacred to Poseidon or Neptune.

ΠΟΣΙΓΨ, ὁ, *gen.* πόσιος, *dat.* πόσει *Ep.* πόσει, *voc.* πόσι or πόσι: *pl., nom.* πόσις, *Ep.* acc. πόσις:—husband, spouse, mate: when opp. to ἀνήρ, πόσις was a lawful husband, ἀνήρ a paramour.

πόσις, *ios Att.* εως, ἡ, (πίνω) a drinking, drink, beverage: a drinking-bout: παρὰ τὴν πόσιν, *Lat.* inter pocula, *over their cups*.

πόσος *Ion.* κόσος, ἡ, *on*, *interrog. Adj.* of *relat.* ὅσος and *demonstr.* τόσος:—how great? how much? of what value? *Lat.* *quantus*? *II.* ποσός, ἡ, *ὄν*, *indef. Adj.*, of any size or number, *Lat.* *aliquantus*: ἐπὶ ποσόν to a certain degree.

ποσσο-ἡμαρ, *Adv.* (πόσος, ἡμαρ) in how many days? within how many days?

ποσσί or -ίν, *Ep.* for ποσί, *dat. pl. of ποῦς*.

ποσσί-κροτος, *on*, (ποῦς, κροτέω) beaten by the foot in dancing.

πόσσις, εως, ὁ, *poët.* for πόσις, a husband.

ποσταῖος, α, *on*, (πόστος) in how many days? on which day?

πόστος, ἡ, *on*, (πόσος) which of a number? *Lat.* *quotus*? πόστον δὲ ἔτος ἵστιν ὅτε...; how many years is it since...? *II.* how small? *Lat.* *quantivus*

πότ, short. *Dor.* for ποτί, πρόσ, only before the Article, as πὸτ τῷ, πὸτ τόν, πὸτ τό, etc.

πότα, *Aeol.* for πότε.

πότᾱγε, *Dor.* for πρόσγε, *imperat.* of προσάγω.

ποτ-αἰσμομαι, *Dor.* fut. of προσαιδω.

ποτ-αῖνος, α, *on*, also *os, on*, (ποτί—πρός, αἶνος) like πρόσφατος, newly told of, fresh, new, *Lat.* *recens*: inetaph. unwonted, unheard-of.

ποτάμειος, α, *on*,—ποτάμιος. [δ]

ποτᾱμείωτο, *Dor.* and *poët.* for προσημείωτο, 3 *sing. aor.* I med. of προσαιδω.

ποτᾱμείξομαι, *Dor.* fut. med. (in pass. sense) of προσαιμέλω.

ποτᾱμηδόν, *Adv.* (ποτάμιος) like a river.

ποτᾱμήιος, ἡ, *on*, *Ion.* and *poët.* for ποτάμειος.

ποτᾱμήις, ἴδος, *poët.* fem. of ποτάμειος.

ποτᾱμ-ῥύτος, *on*, (ποτάμιος, ῥύτω) drawn from a stream or in streams.

ποτάμιος, α, *on*, also *os, on*, (ποτάμιος) of or from a river, on a river.

ποτᾱμόνδε, *Adv.* into, to, towards a river. From ποτᾱμός, *οὗ, δ*, (ΠΟ—, Root of πίνω) a river, stream. *II.* personified, Ποταμός, δ, a river-god.

ποτᾱμο-φόρητος, *on*, (ποτάμιος, φορέω) carried away by a river.

ποτᾱνός, α, *on*, (ποτάομαι) *Dor.* for ποτηνός, winged, flying, furnished with wings.

ποτάομαι, *poët.* for πέτομαι, to fly: *ant. med.* ποτᾱήσομαι: *aor.* I pass. ἐποτήθη *Dor.* ἄθην: *pf.* πεπότημαι *Dor.* ἄμαι (with pres. sense), *Ep.* 3 *pl.* πεποτήγαται: 3 *sing. plarf.* πεποτήγτο:—so be upon the wing, hover, flit about.

ποτᾱπός, ἡ, *ὄν*,—ποτᾱπός. *Adv.*—πῶς.

ποτ-αυλίω, *Dor.* for προσαυλίω.

ποτ-αῖος, α, *on*, *Dor.* for προσηξος.

πότε *Ion.* κότε, (*πος) *interrog. Particle*, when? at what time? *II.* ποτί, *enclit. Particle*, at some time, at any time, once, erst. In answering clauses, ποτέ μέν... ποτέ δέ... at one time... at another... sometimes... sometimes; *Lat.* modo... modo...—in questions it strengthens the interrogation, τί ποτε; *Ep.* τίτε; how ever? how possibly?

Ποτειδάν, ἄνος, *Dor.* for Ποσειδών.

ποτεράμξατο, *Dor.* f-r προσεράμξατο, 3 *sing. aor.* I med. of προσάμσσω.

ποτέομαι, *Ep.* for ποτάομαι, to fly.

ποτέος, α, *on*, *verb. Adj.* of πίνω, to be drunk, drinkable. *II.* ποτέον, *neut. one must drink*.

ποτ-ερίω, *Dor.* for προσερίω.

πότερος, α, *on* *Ion.* κότερος, ἡ, *on*, (*πος, ἔτερος) whether or which of the two? *Lat.* *uter*? 2. the *neut.* πότερον or πότερα is freq. used as *Adv.* at the beginning of an *interrog.* sentence containing two contrary propositions, πότερον... ἤ...; like *Lat.* utrum... an...? whether... or...? *II.* without *interrog.*, like ὁπότερος, either of the two, *Lat.* *alteruter*.

ποτ-έρχομαι, *Dor.* for προσέρχομαι.

ποτέρωθι, *Adv.* (πότερος) on whether of the two sides...? on which of two sides? at which of two places?

ποτέρως, *Adv.* of πότερος, in which of two ways? *Lat.* *utro modo*?

ποτέρωσσε, *Adv.* (πότερος) to whether of two sides? to which of two places?

ποτ-έχω, *Dor.* for προσέχω.

ποτή, ἡ, (ποτάομαι) flight.

ποτᾱήμεν, *Dor.* for προσεῖναι, *inf.* of πρόσσειμι.

πότῃμα, *ατος, τό*, (ποτάομαι) flight.

ποτᾱμένα, *Dor.* for ποτᾱμένα, *part.* of ποτάομαι.

ποτηνός, ἡ, *ὄν*, v. ποτᾱνός.

ποτηρ, ἥρος, δ, (ΠΟ— Root of πίνω) a drinking-cup, wine-cup.

ποτήριον, τό, (ΠΟ— Root of πίνω) a drinking-cup, wine-cup.

ποτής, ἥτος, ἡ, (ΠΟ— Root of πίνω) drink.

πότης, *ου, δ*, *fem.* πότις, ἴδος, (ΠΟ— Root of πίνω) a drinker, tippler: with another Subst., πώτης λύχνος a tipping lamp:—Comic Sup. *fem.*, ποτιστάτη a bard drinker.

ποτηνός, ἡ, *ὄν*, (ποτάομαι) flying, winged: ποτηνά, τά, fowls, birds.

ποτί, *Dor.* for πρόσ.

ποτ-άιπτω, ποτᾱβάλλω, *Dor.* for προσιάπτω, προσβάλλω.

ποτᾱβλέπω, *Dor.* for προσβλέπω.

ποτιδόμενος, Dor. for προσδόμενος, part. Ep. aor. 2 of προσδέχομαι.

ποτ-ιδεῖν, Dor. for προσιδεῖν.

ποτῖ-δέρομαι, -δεύομαι. -δόρπιες, Dor. for προσδ-

ποτῖ-αλέω, Dor. for προσεἰλέω.

ποτίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰώ, (πότος) to give to drink: to water.

ποτίθαι, Dor. for πρόσθες, aor. 2 imperat. of προστίθημι.

ποτῖκέλιται, Dor. for προσκέλι-, 3 sing. pf. pass. of προσκείμεν.

ποτῖλέατο, Dor. for προσελέατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 3rd, of προσλέγω.

πότιμος, ov, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) of water, fit to drink, fresh: opp. to salt: metaph. sweet, pleasant.

ποτῖ-νίσσομαι, Dor. for προσν-

ποτῖνεπνίγναι, Ep. pf. part. fem. I. of προσπνίγναι.

ποτῖ-πτύσσω, Dor. for προσπτύσσω;

ποτῖσθω, Dor. for ποτίζω.

ποτῖ-στάζω, Dor. for προ-στάζω.

ποτῖστατος, Comic Sup. of πότης.

ποτῖ-τέρπω, Dor. for προστέρπω.

ποτῖ-τρώπαιος, ov, Dor. for προστρώπαιος.

ποτῖ-φώνηεις, εσσα, ev, Dor. for προσφωνήεις.

πότμος, ό, (πίτω) that which befalls one, one's lot, destiny: one's evil destiny; death.

πότνια, ή, Ep. for πύτνια.

πότνια, ή, a title used in addressing females:—as Subst. lady, mistress, queen: c. gen., πότνια θηρών queen of wild beasts:—as Adj. revered, august, awful:—only found in nom. and voc. πότνια, acc. πύτνια, except that nom. pl. πύτνιαι is used of Ceres and Proserpine.

ποτριάδες, αἱ, (πύτνια) the shouting, screaming ones, epith. of the Bacchanals. 2. also as pl. to πύτνια, awful, used of the Erinyes.

ποτριάομαι, Dep. to call out πύτνια, πύτνια, to a deity: to invoke with loud cries, cry aloud, shriek.

ποτ-όδω, Lacon. for προσίζω.

ποτόν, τό, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) that which one drinks, a drink, draught: σῖτα καὶ ποτά meat and drink. 2. a spring of fresh water, a well: generally, water.

ποτ-οπατάω, Dor. for προ-οπατάω.

ποτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. from Root ΠΟ- (π. πίνω) for drinking, drunk.

πότος, ό, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) a drinking, a drink-ing-bout, carousal.

ποτ-όδω, Dor. for προσίζω.

ποττό, ποττόν, ποττώ, ποττώ, ποττόν, etc., Dor. for πρὸς τό, πρὸς τόν, πρὸς τοῦ, πρὸς τοῦς, πρὸς τήν, etc.

ποτ-ώκει, Dor. for προσ-ώκει.

πού; Ion. κοῦ; interrog. Adv.: (*πός) where? Lat. ubi? c. gen., πού ἤσας; πού χθονός; where, in what part of the world? Lat. ubinam terrarum? 2. how? in what manner? II. πού as enclit., anywhere, somewhere.

πολυ-πόδης, Ion. for πολυπόδης.

πολύ-πους, πολύπους, Ion. for πολύπους, πολύπους.

πολύς, neut. πολύ, Ep. for πολός, πολύ.

πολυ-βότειρα, ή, Ion. for πολυβότειρα.

πολυ-πάθης, ές, Ion. for πολυπαθής.

πολυ-πλήγτος, ov, Ion. for πολυπλήγτος.

ΠΟΥΨ, ό, gen. ποδός: dat. pl. ποσί Ep. ποσσί, πύδσσι: Ep. gen. and dat. dual ποδών:—Lat. PES, a foot: in plur. also a bird's talons or claws; the arms or feelers of a polypus:—ξύλιος πούς a wooden, artificial foot: in plur. also a foot-race, πύξ . . ή δέ πύδσσι in boxing and in the foot-race; ποῖν ἐρίξειν to race on foot: but, ές πύδας εκ κεφαλής from head to foot.

2. of close proximity, πύσθεν πύδος or ποδών, προπάρειθε ποδών just before one's feet, i. e. before one;—so also, έν ποσί, παρὰ ποδός, πρὸ ποδός, παρὰ ποδῖ, close before or beside one; παρὰ ποδός straightway, at once: hence, τὰ έν ποσί and τὰ πρὸ ποδών what lies before one, anything obvious, common; cp. ἐμπύδων, ἐκποδών.

3. in various phrases: ἐπὶ πόδα backwards, with one's face forwards; ἐπὶ πόδα ἀναχωρεῖν to retreat without turning one's back, at one's leisure:—κατὰ πόδας with all the power of one's feet, at full speed, on the track or trail, Lat. vestigio; ή κατὰ πόδας ήμέρα the very next, following day:—ός ποδών έχει as he is off for feet, i. e. as quick as he can:—έξω τινός πόδα έχειν to have one's foot out of a thing, be clear of it:—έξ ένός ποδός, i. e. alone, singly; έξ ήσχύος ποδός quietly.

II. metaph. of things, the foot or lowest part, the foot of a bill, Lat. radix montis. 2. in a ship, πύδες are the two lower corners of the sail, or rather the ropes by which the sails are tightened and slackened, the sheets; παριέναι τοῦ ποδός to slack the sheet; so χαλῶν πόδα, opp. to τείνειν πόδα to haul it tight.

III. a foot, as a measure of length. IV. a foot in Prosody.

πράγμα Ion. πρήγμα, atos, τό: (πράσσω):—that which has been done, a deed:—generally, like Lat. res, a thing done, a thing, fact, matter, affair: esp. a thing right or fit to be done, one's business: πρήγμα έστὶ μοι, c. inf. it is my duty or business to do: with a negat., οὐδέν πρήγμα it is no matter, of no consequence. 2. an object of consequence or consideration: of a person, ήν μέγιστον πρήγμα Δημοκλήδης παρὰ βασιλεί Democedes was treated with the greatest consideration by the king. 3. of a battle, an action, affair.

4. of something disgraceful, the thing, the business, job. II. in plur. πράγματα affairs, circumstances. 2. state-affairs, public business, the power of a state; τὰ πράγματα τών Έλλήνων the affairs or interests of the Greeks, political tower; οἱ έν τοῖς πράγμασι men in office, ministers.

3. one's private affairs; ἀγαθὰ πράγματα a good condition of affairs, success, good luck. 4. business, esp. in bad sense, troublesome business, trouble, annoyance; πράγματα έχειν to have trouble about a thing; πράγματα παρέχειν τινί to cause one trouble.

πραγματεία, ή, (πραγματεύομαι) the prosecution of a business, diligent study, diligence: the course or mode

of treating a thing. II. an occupation, business; a trade, calling, way of life: law-business, a lawsuit: in plur. troubles.

πραγματεύομαι Ion. πρηγμ-: Dep. with fut. med. εἰσομαι, aor. I med. ἐπραγματεύσομαι, pass. ἐπρηγματεύσομαι: pf. pass. πεπραγματεύσομαι: (πράγμα) :—to be busy, take trouble: c. acc. rei, to make a thing one's business, take in hand, treat of, labour to bring it about; esp. to carry on a business, Lat. negotiari: to prosecute a lawsuit: πραγματεύεσθαι τὴν νύκτα to spend the night in business.

II. pf. πεπραγματεύσομαι also in pass. sense, to be laboured at, worked out. πραγμάτων, τό, Dim. of πρᾶγμα, a petty lawsuit. πραγματο-δίφης, οὐ, δ (πράγματα, διφάω) one who hunts up lawsuits, a pettyfogger.

πράγος, cos, τό, poet. for πρᾶγμα: also = πράγματα, state-affairs.

πραῶς, Adv. of πρᾶς, mildly, gently.

πρᾶθῆναι, Ep. for πρᾶθῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of πέρθω.

πρᾶθῆς, or. I pass. part. of πηράσκω.

πρᾶθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of πηράσκω.

πραιτώριον, τό, the Lat. praetorium, the tent or hall of the praetor: a judgment-hall: the palace of the chief magistrate.

πρᾶ-τέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of πράσσω, to be done.

II. neut. πρακτέον, one must do.

πρακτήρ Ion. πρηκτήρ, ἦρος, δ, (πράσσω) one that does, a doer: a trader, merchant. Hence

πρακτήριος, ον, executing, accomplishing.

πρακτικός, ἦ, ὄν, (πράσσω) fit for doing, fit for action or business: active, busy, able, effective energetic.

πρακτός, ἦ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πράσσω, don., to be done; τὰ πρακτά subjects of moral action, opp. to τὰ ρουτὰ.

πράκτωρ, οπος, δ, poet. for πρακτήρ, one who aoes or executes, a worker.

II. one who exacts payment, a tax-gatherer. 2. one who exacts punishment, a punisher, avenger; also as Adj., σὺν δορὶ καὶ χειρὶ πράκτορι with avenging hand.

Πράμνεος or Πράμνιος οἶνος, δ, Pramnian wine, so called from Mount Pramne in the island of Icaria.

πρᾶν, Doric Adv., = πρὶν, before: formerly, one time, lately; πρᾶν ποκα a short time ago. [α]

πρᾶνῆς, εἰς, Dor. and Att. for πρηνῆς.

πράξις, εἰς Ion. πρήξις, ιος, ἦ, (πράσσω) a doing, transaction, business, affair; κατὰ πρήξιν on business, for purposes of traffic. 2. the progress or result of a business; οὐ τίς πρήξις πέλεται λόγος no good comes of weeping; πρήξις χρησμῶν the issue of the oracles.

II. a doing, acting, action, opp. to πάθος, suffering. III. intr. a doing (well or ill), a certain state, condition. IV. the exaction of money or of punishment: revenge.

πρᾶνως, Adv. of πρᾶος, formed from obsol. πρᾶων, temperately.

ΠΡΑΨ, neut. πρᾶον from the fem. in use is πρᾶϊδα, from πρᾶψ (Ion. πρηῖς), which is also used in masc.

and neut. of all the singul. cases: in plur. both πρᾶος and πρᾶῖς in nom., πρᾶος and πρᾶῖς in dat.: neut. nom. and acc. is πρᾶς, rarely πρᾶ:—mild, soft: of persons, meek, gentle: of animals, tame: of sound, gentle, low, soft.

2. soothing, taming.—Comp. πρᾶότερος or πρᾶύτερος Ion. πρηύτερος. Hence

πρᾶότης, ἦτος, ἦ, mildness, meekness, gentleness.

ΠΡΑΨ, ἴδος, ἦ, mostly used in pl. πρᾶῖδες, αἱ = φρένες, the midriff, diaphragm:—then, since this was thought to be the seat of the understanding, 2. like φρένες, the understanding mind: αἱ ἴδοις the heart. [γ]

πρᾶσά, ἦ, (πράσον) a bed in a garden, garden-plot: πρᾶσαι πρᾶσαι by companies.

πρᾶσίμος, ον, (πρᾶσις) for sale, to be sold, Lat. venalis.

πράσος, εἰς Ion. πρήσις, ιος, ἦ, (πιπράσκω) a selling, sale.

ΠΡΑΨΩΝ, τό, a leek, Lat. porrum. [α]

πρᾶσδ-κουρον, τό, (πράσον, κέρω) a leek-slice.

Πρασσοφάγος, ὁ, Ep. for Πρᾶσο-φάγος, (πράσον, φάγειν) Leek-eater, name of a frog.

Πρασσαῖος, ὁ, poet. for πρᾶσαῖος, Leek-green, name of a frog.

πράσσομεν, Dor. for πρᾶσσομεν.

ΠΡΑΨΩ Ion. πρήξω Att. πρᾶττω: fut. πράξω Ion. πρήξω: aor. I ἐπράξα Ion. ἐπρήξα: pf. πέπραχα Ion. πέπρηχα, and in intr. sense pf. 2 πέπρηγα:—

Pass., fut. πραχθήσομαι, paulo-post ἔ. πεπράξομαι: aor. I ἐπράχθην: pf. πέπραγα:—properly, to pass through, like περάω; ἡλα πρήσσειν to pass through the sea; ὁδον πρήσσειν to pass through, finish a journey:—hence, in common usage, to achieve, bring about, effect, accomplish, to do, work; πράσσειν κλέος, to achieve, win glory; to take charge of a thing. II. to practise a business, trade, way of life; πρᾶττειν τὰ ἴδια to attend to, mind one's own affairs, opp. to πρᾶττειν τὰ κοινά, τὰ τῆς πόλεως to manage state-affairs: also absol., ἵκανὸς πρᾶττειν competent to manage public affairs: hence, generally, to transact, manage; πρᾶττειν Θηβαίους τὰ πράγματα to manage matters for the interest of the Thebans.

III. to do, practise, Lat. agere: absol. to act, be the doer or agent.

IV. intr. to be in a certain state or condition, fare: esp. εὖ or κακῶς πρᾶττειν to do or fare well or ill; esp. in pf. 2 πέπρηγα.

2. εὖ and κακῶς πρᾶττειν mean also to deal well or ill, to behave well or ill towards.

V. c. dupl. acc. pers. et rei, πρᾶττειν τινά τι to do something to one.

VI. c. dupl. acc. in another sense, πρᾶττειν τινά ἀργύριον to exact money from one: metaph., φόνον πρᾶττειν to exact punishment for a murder: and so to avenge:—Pass., πρᾶγμένος τὸν φόρον having the tribute exacted:—

Med., πράσασθαι to exact or extort for oneself. VII. c. acc. pers., πρᾶττειν τινά to make an end of him, Lat. conficere; pf. pass. part. πεπραγμένος undone, utterly ruined, Lat. confectus.

πράσω, fut. of πηράσκω. [α]

πρωτήρ Ion. πρητήρ, ἥρος, δ, (πῆ-πρᾶμαι) a seller, dealer.

πρωτήριον Ion. πρητήριον, τό, (πῆ-πρᾶμαι) a place for selling, a market, mart.

πρωτίστος, Dor. for πρώτιστος. [ᾱ]

πρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πηράσκει, to be sold.

πράτος, α, ὄν, Dor. for πρώτος.

πράττω, Att. for πράσσω.

πρᾶν-γελως Ion. πρηγῶ-, ατος, δ, ἡ, (πρᾶν, γέλως) joyfully-smiling.

πρᾶν-μητις, ιος, δ, ἡ, (πρᾶν, μήτις) of gentle counsel.

πρᾶν-ους, εως, ἡ, a softening, appeasing. From πρᾶν-ων Ion. πρηνῶν [ῶ]: fut. πρᾶνῶ: aor. I ἐπρᾶνω: Pass., aor. I ἐπρᾶνθην: pf. πεπράσμαι: (πρᾶν):—to make soft, mild or gentle, to soften, soothe, calm, tame:—Pass. to become gentle, calm down: of passion, to abate.

πρᾶν-πάθεια, ἡ, (πρᾶν, πάθος) gentleness.

πρᾶν, πρᾶεία, πρᾶν, Ion. πρην, = πρᾶος. Hence

πρᾶντης, ητος, ἡ, mildness, gentleness.

πρᾶως, Adv. of πρᾶος, mildly, gently.

πρέμνοθεν, Adv. from the stump, root and branch, utterly. From

ΠΡΕΜΝΟΝ, τό, the lowest part of the trunk of a tree, the stump, Lat. caudex: generally, the stem, trunk.

πρεπόντως, Adv. part. of πρέπω, in fit manner, fitly, meetly, becomingly, gracefully.

πρεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πρέπω) distinguished, eminent.

ΠΡΕΠΩ: fut. πρέψω: aor. I ἐπρέψα: no pf. is found:—to be clearly seen or heard, be conspicuous: to be distinguished in or by a thing: generally, to be plain or manifest. II. to be like, resemble. III. to become, beseech, suit: c. dat. pers., θνατὰ θνατοῖσι πρέπει mortal things beseech mortal men. 2. imper.

πρέπει, Lat. decet, it is fitting, it becometh, suits, becomes, c. dat. pers. et inf.: when the acc. follows alone, this depends on an inf. omitted, as, τίσασθαι οὕτω, ὡς ἐκείνους [τίσασθαι] πρέπει to avenge ourselves, as it is fit [to avenge ourselves upon] them: rarely c. gen. pers., πρέπον ἦν δαίμονος τοῦ 'μοῦ τότε this were well worthy of my evil genius. 3. part. neut. τὸ πρέπον, τοῦ πρέποντος, that which is seemly, fitness, propriety, Lat. decorum.

πρεπ-ώδης, ες, (πρέπω, εἶδος) fitting, becoming, suitable, proper.

πρέσβη, ης, ἡ, old Ep. fem. of πρέσβυς, the august, honoured.

πρεσβεία, ἡ, (πρεσβέω) age, seniority: κατὰ πρεσβείαν by the right of the elder. II. rank, dignity.

III. as ambassadors were usually old men, an embassy, embassy, the body of ambassadors.

πρεσβέιον, Ion. and Ep. -ήιον, τό, (πρεσβέω) a gift of honour, such as was offered to an elder: mostly in pl. privileges, prerogatives.

πρεσβείος, α, ὄν Ion. -ήιος, η, ὄν, (πρέσβυς) venerable.

πρέσβειρα, ἡ, = πρέσβα, fem. of πρέσβυς, the august, venerated.

πρέσβευμα, ατος, τό, (πρεσβεῖω) one sent on an embassy, an ambassador.

πρέσβευσις, ἡ, (πρεσβέω) a serving on an embassy, embassy.

πρεσβυτής, οῦ, ὁ, (πρεσβέω) an ambassador.

πρεσβέω, f. εύω: pf. πεπρέσβευκα: (πρέσβυς):—intr. to be older or eldest. 2. to take place of others, properly, by right of seniority, to take precedence, c. gen.: hence to rule over, sway, c. gen.: absol. to be best.

II. trans. to place as oldest, first, to put first in rank: hence to pay honour or worship to:—Pass. to be first or foremost, hold the first place: also to have the advantage, have the best of it, Lat. antiquior esse.

III. to be an ambassador, treat or negotiate as one:—Med. to send ambassadors: also to go as ambassador:—Pass, pf. part. τὰ πρεσβευμένα the acts of an ambassador.

πρεσβῆ, ἡ, Ion. for πρέσβα.

πρεσβήιον, τό, Ion. for πρεσβεῖον.

πρεσβήιος, η, ὄν, Ion. for πρεσβείος.

πρεσβῆς, ἰδος, ἡ, = πρέσβα: πρεσβῆς τιμή the highest or most valued honour.

πρεσβς, ἡ, poet. for πρεσβεία, age.

πρεσβιστος, η, ὄν, poet. Sup. of πρέσβυς.

πρέσβος, τό, (πρέσβυς) an object of reverence.

πρεσβυγένεια, ἡ, seniority of birth. From πρεσβυ-γενής, ές, (πρέσβυς, γενέσθαι) eldest-born.

ΠΡΕΣΒΥΤΣ, υος and εως, ὁ, an old man, poet. for πρεσβύτης:—hence, as from an Adj., come the Degrees of Comparison, see πρεσβύτερος, πρεσβύτατος, πρέσβιστος. II. an elder: then, since the elders

were preferred to power and dignity, πρέσβεις, οἱ, dat. πρέσβεισιν, elders, chiefs, princes. 2. an ambassador.

πρεσβύτατος, η, ὄν, Sup. of πρέσβυς, eldest: hence venerable, revered, honoured.

πρεσβύτεριον, τό, a council of elders (πρεσβύτεροι). From

πρεσβύτερος, α, ὄν, Comp. of πρέσβυς, elder: hence superior by birth, and so generally, greater, higher, more important: τὰ τοῦ θεοῦ πρεσβύτερα ποιεῖσθαι ἢ τὰ τῶν ἀνδρῶν to reckon their duty to the gods superior to their duty to men. II. as Subst., πρεσβύτερος, ὁ, an elder of the Jewish Council: an elder of the Church, a presbyter.

πρεσβυτής [ῶ], οῦ, ὁ, (πρέσβυς) an old man. Lat. senex: fem. πρεσβυτίς, ἰδος, an old woman. Hence

πρεσβυτικός, ἡ, ὄν, like an old man, elderly.

πρεσβυτο-δόκος, ὄν, (πρεσβύτης, δέχομαι) receiving the aged.

πρευνέμενα, ἡ, kindness, graciousness. From πρευν-μενής, ές, (πρην, μένος) gentle of mood, kindly, gracious.

II. propitiating.

πρεών, ὄνος, ὁ, = πρῶν.

πρηγμα, Ion. for πρᾶγμα.

πρηγματεύομαι, Ion. for πραγματοεύομαι.

πρηγορεύω or πρηγοράω, ὄνος, δ, (πρό, ἀγείρω) *the crop of a bird, so called because the food is there collected before it passes into the stomach.*

πρηθῆναι, Ion. for πρᾶθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of πρηθασκω.

ΠΡΗΘΩ, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐπρησα: no perf. in use: (see τιμπρημι):—*to blow up, swell out by blowing; ἐπρησεν δ' ἄνεμος μέσσην ἰστίον the wind swelled out the middle of the sail.* 2. *to blow out, force or drive out by blowing.*

πρηκτήρ, ἦρος, δ, Ion. for πρακτήρ.

πρημαῖνος, (πρήθω) *to blow, blow hard.*

ΠΡΗΝΗΣ Dor. πρᾶνῆς, ἐς; gen. ἑός contr. οὐς, Lat. *pronus, bent forward, head-foremost*, opp. to ὑπίος. 2. *down-bill, downwards*, opp. to ὕβριος (up-hill). Hence.

πρηνίζω, f. σω: aor. I pass. ἐπρηνίχθην:—*to tower headlong*:—Pass. *to fall headlong.*

πρήξαι, Ion. for πράξαι, aor. I inf. of πράσσω.

πρήξις, ιος, ῆς, Ep. and Ion. for πρᾶξις.

πρήσεν, Ep. for ἐπρησεν, 3 sing. aor. I ot πρήθω.

πρήσις, ιος, ῆς, Ion. for πρᾶσις, sale.

πρήσσω, Ep. and Ion. for πράσσω.

πρηστήρ, ἦρος, δ, (πρήθω, πρήσω) *a flask of lighting, a thunderbolt.* II. *a hurricane.*

πρήστις, εως, ῆς, see πρίστις.

πρήσω, fut. of πρήθω *to blow.* 2. fut. of τιμπρημι *to burn.*

πρητήριον, τό, Ion. for πρᾶτήριον, *a market.*

πρηθ-νομος, ον, Ion. for πρᾶθνομος, (πρηθς, νόμος) *of gentle manners, gentle, meek.* [ῶ]

πρηθνω, Ion. for πρᾶθνω: [ῶ] From

πρηθς, εἶα, ῦ, Ion. for πρᾶθς. [ῶ]

πρηθύνων, οντος, δ, (πρηθς, τέων) *with tamed neck.* [ῶ]

πρηών, ὄνος Ep. ονος, δ, = πρᾶν, *a jutting rock, forehead, headland, promontory.*

πριάμενος, aor. 2 part. of ἀνέομαι.

πριαμένην, aor. 2 opt. of ἀνέομαι.

Πριάμικός, ῆς, ὄν, also fem. Πριάμεις, ιοος, of or for Priam.

Πριάμος, δ, Priam, king of Troy: properly *the Chief, Leader*: (from περί or πρίν).

Πριάπιζω Ion. Πριηπίζω, f. ισω, *to be like Priapus.* From

Πριάπιος Ion. Πριηπιος, δ, Priapus, the god of gardens and vineyards, and generally, of agriculture, chiefly worshipped at Lampsacus.

πριάσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνέομαι.

πριάσω, imperat. aor. 2 of ἀνέομαι.

πριάτο, Ep. 3 sing. of ἐπριάμην, aor. 3 of ἀνέομαι.

πρίζω, f. πρίσω, = πρίω, *to saw.*

Πρίητος, δ, Ion. for Πριάπιος. [ῆ]

ΠΡΙΝ Dor. πρᾶν, Adv. of Time: I. in independent sentences, *before, formerly, erst*, Lat. *prius*: also with the Art., τό πρίν or τοπρίν, *formerly*. 2. *before that, first, sooner*: πρίν δέ κεν οὔτι δεχοίμην *I foretime I would not at all receive him; strengthd.,*

πρίν wrote once on a time; πολὺ πρίν long ago. 3. in Att. it is often inserted between the Art. and its Subst., ὁ πρίν Αἰγέως (sc. ὁ πρίν ἄν), *ancient Aegeus*; ἡ πρίν ἡμέρα (sc. ἡ πρίν οὔσα), *the day before*. II. πρίν is often followed by ἤ, so that πρίν ἤ is exactly like the Lat. *priusquam, before that*..., followed sometimes by the Infinitive, sometimes by Subj., etc.:—instead of ἤ, πρίν is often repeated in the relat. clause, as, τίς κεν ἀνὴρ πρίν τλαίῃ, πρίν λύσασθ' ἐτάρους:—πάρω and πρόσθε are often also put in the anteced. clause instead of the first πρίν:—but πρίν is also very often used alone for πρίν ἤ, so that it becomes a Conjunction, like *priusquam*.

πρινίδιον, τό, Dim. of πρίνος.

πρίνιως, η, ον, (πρίνος) *made from theholm or evergreen oak*, Lat. *ilignus*: metaph. *oaken, tough, sturdy*: ἀνδρες πρίνινοι *beasts of oak*.

ΠΡΙΝΟΣ, δ, theholm-oak, evergreen oak, Lat. *ilex*. II. *the scarlet oak*.

πρίν-ώδης, ες, (πρίνος, εἶδος) *like oak-oak, tough as oak*.

πρίον-ώδης, ες, (πρίων, εἶδος) *like a saw, jagged*.

πρισθείς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I part. pass. of πρίω.

πρίσις, εως, ῆς, (πρίω) *a sawing*.

πριστήρ, ἦρος, δ, (πρίω) *a sawyer*: a saw: πριστήρες ὀδόντες *the incisors or front teeth*.

πρίστις, εως, ῆς, a kind of *usable*: but the true name is πρήστις, εως, ῆς, *the blower (from πρήθω)*.

πριστός, ῆς, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πρίω, *cut with a saw, sawn*: *that may be sawn*.

πρίω, = πριάσω, imperat. aor. 2 of ἀνέομαι.

πρίωμαι, aor. 2 subj. of ἀνέομαι.

ΠΡΙΩ, imperat. πρίε: aor. I ἐπρίσα: pt. ἐπρίκα. Pass., aor. I ἐπρίσθην: pf. πέπρισμαι:—*to saw, saw asunder*: *to sever, cut in twain*. II. *to grind or gnash the teeth*, Lat. *stridere or frendere dentibus*; esp. with rage: generally, *to bite*. III. *to seize as with the teeth, grip, hold fast*, Lat. *stringere*. [ῆ]

πρίων, ονος, δ, (πρίω) *a saw*. [ῆ]

πρίων, ονος, δ, (πρίω) *a sawyer*. [ῆ]

ΠΡΟ, before, Lat. PRO, PRAE, PREP. WITH GENIT., I. of Place, *before, in front of*: πρὸ οἴκου, *in front of the house*, hence *outside*. 2. of persons, *going before another*. 3.

in front of, so as to defend: στήναι πρὸ Τρώων *to stand in front of*, i.e. *in defence* of the Trojans: hence *in favour of*, for. 3. πρὸ ὁδοῦ *further on the road*, i.e. *forwards*. II. of Time, *before*, opp. to μετά c. acc. (after): often in phrase πρὸ τοῦτου and πρὸ τοῦ, *before this, ere this*: but πρὸ δ τοῦ, for δ πρὸ τοῦ, *the one before the other*. III. of Choice, *before, sooner or rather than*: αἰρεῖσθαι τι πρὸ τινος *to choose one thing before another*. IV.

of Exchanging, *for, in lieu of, instead of*: ἐν πρὸ πολλῶν *one thing in lieu of many*. V. of Cause. Lat. *pro, for, because of*: πρὸ φόβοιο *for fear*; πρὸ τῶνδε *therefore*.

POSITION: some words may be put between πρὸ

and its Subst., but it is never put after its case, except after the Ep. gen. in -θι, as, *Ἰαίθι πρό, οὐρανὸν πρό.*
πρό, absol. as Adv., I. of Place, *before*; in *front, forth*. II. of Time, *before, beforehand, sooner*.

In Compos., of Place, *before, forth, forward*: *before the eyes, in one's presence*; as in *προ-βαῖνω, προ-βάλλω, προ-τίθημι*; also *defence*, as in *προ-κιν-δυνέω*. II. of Time, *before, beforehand, earlier*, as in *προ-αγγέλλω*. III. of Preference, *rather, sooner*, as in *προ-αίρεομαι*. IV. strengthening, as in *πρό-πας, πρό-παλαι, πρό-κακος. προ-αγγέλλω, f. -αγγελῶ, to announce beforehand. προ-άγγελος, ov, (πρό, ἄγγελος) announcing be-forehand*; as Subst., *προάγγελος, ὁ, a herald, bar-binger.*

προάγγελσις, ἡ, (προαγγέλλω) a forewarning, early intimation.

προ-ἄγορεύω, f. σω; aor. I -ἡγόρευσα pf. -ἡγόρευκα; but the Att. fut., aor. and pf. are *προεῖρω, προείπον, προείρηκα*—*to tell beforehand*; c. inf. *to tell before-hand that . . . to forewarn*. 2. *to foretell, pro-phy.*

II. *to tell before others or publicly*: *to publish or proclaim publicly*: *to issue a public notice.*

προ-άγω, f. ἄγω; aor. 2 *προήγαγον*; pf. *προήχα*; Pass., aor. I *προήχην*; pf. *πρόχημαι*:—*to lead forward, lead on or onward*; also *to escort or conduct on-ward*. 2. *δᾶκρυ προάγειν to bring out or shed a tear*. 3. *to carry forward*: *to bring on*; metaph. *to lead on to a thing, induce, persuade*. 4. *to pro-mote, advance*:—Pass. *to advance, increase*. II.

intr. *to lead the way, go before, go onwards, proceed, advance.*

προάγωγία, ἡ, a leading on. II. a pandering, procuring. From

προάγωγέω, f. σω, (προαγωγός) to lead on to pro-stitution, of a procurer.

προ-ἄγωγός, ὁ, (προάγω) a pander, pimp, procurer.

προ-ἄγων, ὁ, (πρό, ἄγων) a preliminary contest.

προ-ἄγωνίζομαι, f. ἴσσομαι, Dep. to fight before. 2. *to fight for or in defence of.*

προ-ἄδικέω, f. ἴσω, to wrong another first: *to com-mit the first wrong.*

προ-ᾄδω, to sing before, make a prelude.

προ-αἰδέομαι, Dep. with fut. med. -έσομαι, aor. I pass. προήδισθην, pf. pass. προήδημαι, Ion. 3 προ-εἶδατο for -ἤντο:—*to owe one special respect, be under great obligations to one.*

προ-αἰρέομαι, v. sub προαίρω.

προαίρεσις, εως, ἡ, (προαίρεομαι) a choosing one thing before another, deliberate choice, purpose; ἐκ *προαίρεσεως*, Lat. *ex instituto*, of set purpose, advisedly; κατὰ *προαίρεσιν*, in same sense. 2. *προαίρεσις βίου* a purpose or plan of life. 3. *προαίρεσις πολιτείας* a mode of government, a policy.

προ-αἰρετός, verb. Adj. of προαίρεομαι, one must choose or prefer.

προαιρετικός, ὁ, ὄν, (προαίρεομαι) disposed. *πρᾶν.*

προαιρετός, ὁ, ὄν, chosen before, preferred. From *προ-αἰρέω, f. ἴσω*; aor. 2 *προείλον*; pf. *προήρηκα*:—*to take away before or first*. 2. *to bring forward or forth, produce publicly*. II. Med. *προαίρεομαι*:

f. ἴησομαι; aor. 2 *προειλόμην*; pf. pass. (in med. sense) *προήρημαι*:—*to take or choose before or sooner than another, prefer one thing to another*. 2. absol. *to choose deliberately, prefer*. 3. *to purpose or intend a thing*: *to determine previously*; *to undertake*.

προ-αἰσθάνομαι, Dep. with fut. med. -αισθήσομαι, aor. 2 -ἡσθόμην, pf. pass. προήσθημαι:—*to perceive, learn or observe beforehand*. 2. *to learn before.*

προ-αἰτιάομαι, f. -άσσομαι, Dep. to accuse before-hand.

προακήκοα, pf. of προακούω.

προ-ἄκοντιζω, f. ἴσω, to throw a javelin before-hand:—Pass. *to be darted before.*

προ-ἄκούω, f. -ακούσομαι; pf. *-ακήκοα*:—*to hear beforehand*.

προ-ἄλξω, ἑς, (πρό, ἄλλομαι) springing forward: *overhanging, abrupt*.

προ-ἄλίσκομαι, Pass., with fut. med. (in pass. sense) -ἄλώσομαι, and (in same sense) aor. 2 and pf. act. -ἔδλων, -ἔδλωκα:—*to be taken or convicted before-hand*.

προ-ἄμαρτάνω, t. -ἄμαρτησομαι; pf. *-ἡμάρτηκα*:—*to fail or sin before*.

προ-ἄμυνομαι, f. -αμύνομαι, Med. to ward off or repel beforehand; absol. *to defend oneself*.

προ-αναβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go up to or mount before, so as to preoccupy.

προ-αναβάλλομαι, Med. to sing or play by way of prelude (ἀναβολή).

προ-ἄνάγω, f. ἴω, to lead up before; *προανάγειν ναῦν to put out into the high sea before*:—Pass. *to put to sea before*.

προ-αναίρειω, f. ἴσω, to remove before.

προ-ἀνασιμῶ, f. ἴσω, to use up, spend before:—Pass., (Ion. part. pf. *προανασιμαμένος* for *προαντα-μεμένος*), *to be spent, consumed, used up before*.

προ-ανακινῶ, f. ἴσω, to stir up before.

προ-ανᾶλίσκω, fut. -ανᾠλώσω; aor. I -ανᾠλωνα:—*to use up, spend, consume before*:—Pass. *to throw away one's life before*.

προ-αναρπάξω, f. -άσσομαι, to arrest beforehand.

προ-αναχωρέω, f. ἴσω, to go away before. Hence *προαναχώρησις, ἡ, a former departure*.

προ-ανέχω, f. ἴω, to hold up before. 2. intr. *to jut out beyond*.

προ-ἄνυτα [ῥ] and -ανύω; f. *-ανύσω [ῥ]*:—*to accomplish or complete first*.

προ-ἀπαγορεύω, f. σω, to give in or fail beforehand.

προ-απαλλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ἴω, to remove before-hand:—Pass. *to depart or die before*.

προ-απαντάω, f. ἴσω, to go forth to meet, meet be-forehand, be beforehand with.

προ-ᾠπεύω, to go away first.

προ-απίπον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (cp. προ-αγορεύω) : pf. προαπίρηκα : Med., aor. 1 προαπί-
'παμην : —to renounce first.

προαπελθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προαπέρχομαι.

προ-απέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι : aor. 2 act. -ήλθον :
Dep. : —to go away, depart first.

προ-απεχθάνομαι, f. -απεχθήσομαι : Pass. : —to be
dated beforehand.

προ-απηγέομαι, for προαφηγέομαι.

προ-απικνέομαι, Ion. for προαφικνέομαι.

προ-αποδεῖκνύμι, f. -δείξω, to prove or shew first.

προ-αποθνήσκω, f. -θανούμαι, to die before or first :
of a coward, to die beforehand.

προ-αποθρνέω, f. -ήσω, to bewail beforehand.

προ-αποκληρώω, f. -ώσω, to assign away beforehand.

προ-αποκτείνω, f. -κτενῶ, to kill beforehand.

προ-απολαύω, f. -σομαι, to enjoy beforehand.

προ-απολείπω, f. -ψω, to abandon beforehand. II.
intr. to fail before or first.

προ-απόλλυμι, to destroy first : —Pass., with fut.
med. -ολούμαι, pf. 2 act. -όλωλα, to perish first.

προ-αποπέμπω, f. -ψω, to send away, dismiss or dis-
band first.

προ-αποστέλλειν, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἀποστέλλω.

προ-αποστέλλω, f. -αποστέλω, to send away or
despatch in advance : —Pass. to be sent in advance.

προ-αποσφάζω, f. -ξω, to slay or butcher before.

προ-αποτρέπω, f. -ψω, to turn away beforehand : —
Med. to turn oneself away from, to leave off doing.

προ-αποχωρίζω, f. -ήσω, to go away before.

προ-αρπάζω, f. -άξω and -άσομαι, to snatch up first.
προ-άστειον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (πρό, ἄστυ) the space
in front of a town, a suburb, the environs, Lat.
pomœrium.

προ-άστιον, τό, = προάστειον.

προ-αυδᾶν, inf. προαυδᾶν, f. -ήσω,
to declare before or first.

προ-αὐλίον, τό, (πρό, αὐλή) a place before a court,
vestibule, porch. II. (πρό, αὐλός) a prelude on
the flute.

προ-αφηγέομαι Ion. προαφηγ- : I. -ησομαι : Dep. :
—to relate, detail, or explain before.

προ-αφικνέομαι, f. -ίξομαι : Dep. : —to arrive or
come to first.

προ-αφίσταμαι, Pass., fut. med. -αποστήσομαι, aor.
2 and pf. act. -απέστην, -αφέστηκα : —to revolt
beforehand. II. to desist before.

πρόβα, for πρόβητι, aor. 2 imperat. of προβαίνω.

πρόβαδην [ᾶ], Adv. (προβαίνω) as one goes along :
going on, straight forward.

προ-βαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι : pf. -βέβηκα : aor. 2 προ-
έβην contr. προβήν, inf. προβήναι, part. προβάς :
Ep. pres. part. προβιβάς, ἄσα, ἄν (as if from προβί-
βημι), and προβιβάν -ᾶντος (as if from προβιβίω) : —
to step forward, go on, advance, make progress ;
ἄσπρα προβέκηκε the stars are far gone ; προβήναι
πόρρω μοχθηρίας to be far gone in knavery : of Time,
to go on, wear away, ἡ νύξ προβαίνει the night is

wearing fast ; but also, to be gone by, past. 2. to
go before, hence to be before, be superior to an-
other.

II. Causal, in fut. προβήσω, aor. I -έβησα,

to move or put forward, advance, promote. III.

the pres. and aor. 2 are sometimes used with an acc.
of the instrument of motion, as, προβαίνειν πόδα,

κῶλον to advance one's foot or leg.

προ-βακχίος, ὁ, Ion. for προβάκχειος, (πρό, βάκ-

χειος) leader of the Bacchianals.

προ-βάλεσκον, Ion. aor. 2 of προβάλλω.

προ-βάλλω, f. -βάλω : aor. 2 προβῶλον : pf. -βέ-
βληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι : —to throw or cast before,

throw to : to put forth beyond. II. to throw forward,

throw away. III. to expose or give up to a thing ;

προβάλλειν ἑαυτὸν to give oneself up for lost. IV.

to put forward, put in the foreground : to propose :

—also bazaar, venture, stake, pledge. 2. to put for-
ward an argument : also to allege, plead an excuse.

Med. to throw before one, throw away. II. to

throw beyond, beat in throwing : hence, to surpass,

excel. III. to set before oneself, propose to one-
self.

IV. to put forward, propose for election,

Lat. designare : also to bring forward, cite, quote,

produce on one's own side : to quote as an example :

to use as an excuse or pretext. V. to hold before

oneself, to put forth as a shield or defence : absol.

in Pass. to stand on guard : —hence also, προβάλ-
λεσθαι συμμαχίαν to put forward the plea of an

alliance : so in pf. pass. part., προβεβλημένος τινός

before another as a cover or shield ; προβεβλη-
μένος, ἡ, ov, defensive. VI. to denounce or accuse

of a thing : —Pass. to be publicly impeached.

προβάλομι [α], aor. 2 opt. of προβάλλω.

προβάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of προβαίνω.

προ-βάσανίζω, f. -ίσω, to try or torture before.

πρόβασις, ἡ, (προβαίνω) a stepping forward. II. as

a Collective noun, things that walk, cattle.

προβάτελα, ἡ, (προβατεύω) sheep-keeping, a shep-
herd's life.

προβατευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, suited to the breeding of

cattle : ἡ -κῆ (sub. τέχνη), the art of breeding or

keeping cattle, esp. sheep, Lat. pecuaria. From

προβατεύω, f. σω, (πρόβατον) to keep sheep, be a

shepherd.

προβατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πρόβατον) of or for sheep : ἡ

προβατική (sub. πύλη), the sheep-gate.

προβάτιον, τό, Dim. of πρόβατον, a little sheep :

προβατίου βίος the life of a poor sheep, i.e. a lazy,

stolthful life.

προβάτο-γνώμων, ov, gen. ovας, (πρόβατον, γνώμη)

a good judge of cattle : metaph. a good judge of

character.

πρόβατον, τό, (προβαίνω) anything that goes for-
ward : mostly used in plur. πρόβατα, animals in

general, esp. cattle, a drove or flock : mostly of small

cattle, esp. sheep.

πρόβατο-πώλης, ov, ὁ, (πρόβατον, πωλῶ) a sheep-

dealer.

προβέβηκα, pf. of προβαίνω.
 προβέβηκα, pf. of προβάλλω.
 προβέβουλα, pf. 2 of προβούλομαι.
 πρόβηκα, ατος, τό, (προβαίνω) a step forward.
 πρόβησμαι, fut. of προβαίνω.
 προ-βιάζομαι, f. -άσμαι: Dep.:—to obtain by force, force through before.
 προ-βιάζω, f. -βιάσσω Att. -βιάω:—Causal of προβαίνω, to make to go forward, bring forward. II. to carry on further, to lead on, induce.
 προβιάς, Ep. pres. part. of προβαίνω.
 προβιβάν, ὄντος, Ep. pres. part. of προβαίνω.
 προ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to foresee, to provide for one.
 πρόβλημα, ατος, τό, (προβάλλω) anything that juts out or projects; πρόβλημα πόντου a headland that juts into the sea. II. anything held before one, a guard, a barrier, fence, armour: c. gen., πρόβλημα πετρών a defence against, a shelter from, stones. III. anything put forward as an excuse, a screen, cloak. IV. that which is proposed as a task, a task: a problem.
 προβλήτος, ἦτος, δ, ἡ, (προβάλλω) thrown forward, jutting, projecting:—προβλήτες absol. as Subst., forelands, headlands.
 πρόβλητος, ον, (προβάλλω) thrown forth or away, cast out, Lat. projectus.
 προ-βλύσκω, aor. 2 προβουλον, inf. προμολεῖν: pf. προμέβλωκα:—to go or come forth, to go out of the house.
 προ-βοάω, f. -βοήσμαι, to shout before, cry out.
 προβόλαιος, ον, δ, (προβάλλω) a spear held out before one. 2. as Adj. outstretched, couched.
 προβολή, ἡ, (προβάλλω) a jutting forward, esp. of a weapon for defence; τὰ δόρατα εἰς προβολὴν καθιέναι to bring the spears to the rest, couch them: of a boxer, a lunging out with the fist. II. anything held out before one, a guard, defence: c. gen. a defence against. III. a jutting rock, foreland. IV. as Att. law-term, προβολαί, αἱ, a vote of the Ecclesia authorising a public prosecution, a vote for impeachment.
 προβόλιον, τό, Dim. of προβολή, a weapon held out for attack or defence, a spear.
 πρόβολος, ον, (προβάλλω) anything that is held forward: a jutting rock, foreland. II. a weapon held out for defence, a hunting-spear. 2. a defence, bulwark: of a person, a protector, guardian.
 πρό-βοσκος, δ, (πρό, βύστω) one who drives the herd to pasture, a herdsman.
 προβούλευμα, ατος, τό, (προβουλεύω) a preliminary decree or order of the Senate.
 προβουλευμάτιον, τό, Dim. of προβούλευμα.
 προ-βουλεύω, f. σω, to contrive before, concert measures before or first: Med. to debate or consider first. 2. of the Senate (βουλή) at Athens, to frame a decree. 3. to act as πρόβουλος. II. to have the chief voice in passing decrees. III. προβουλεύειν τινός to deliberate for one, provide for his interest.

προ-βουλή, ἡ, (πρό, βουλή) forebought: malice prepense.
 προ-βούλομαι, pi. 2 προβεβουλα in pres. sense: Dep.:—to wish rather, to prefer one before another.
 προβουλό-παις, -παιδος, ἡ, (πρόβουλος, παῖς):—προβουλόπαις Ἀττης, = πρόβουλος παῖς Ἀττης, the crafty child of Atē.
 πρό-βουλος, ον, (πρό, βουλή) debating beforehand or for others:—as Subst., πρόβουλοι, οἱ, preliminary counsellors, a committee to examine measures before they were proposed to the people:—also, deputies or representatives elected by the people.
 προ-βύω, f. ύω [ῶ], to push forwards; πρ. λύχνον to push up the wick of a lamp, to trim it.
 προ-βωθέω, Ion. for προβουθέω.
 προ-βώμιος, ον, (πρό, βωμός) at or in front of the altar: as Subst., προβώμια, τά, the space in front of an altar.
 προ-γαστήριον, τό, (πρό, γαστήρ) a piece of armour for the belly, as προστέρνιον for the breast.
 προ-γάστωρ, ορος, ὅ, (πρό, γαστήρ) having a paunch in front, pot-bellied.
 προ-γένειος, ον, (πρό, γένειον) with prominent chin.
 προ-γενής, (πρό, γένος) of old time, ancient:—Comp. προγενέστερος, α, ον, earlier in birth, elder, older:—Sup. προγενέστατος, η, ον, earliest in birth, eldest, oldest.
 προ-γενήτωρ, ορος, δ, a forefather, ancestor.
 προ-γίγνομαι, Ion. and later -γίνομαι [ῖ]: f. -γενήσμαι: aor. 2 προυγενόμην: pf. 2 act. προγέγονα and pass. προγενένημαι: Dep.:—to come forwards: present oneself before. II. of Time, to be, happen, come to pass before or earlier; οἱ προγεγονότες men of former times; τὰ προγεγεννημένα things that occurred of old.
 προ-γινώσκω, Ion. and later προγιν-: f. -γινώσμαι: pf. act. προέγνωκα, pass. προέγνωσμαι:—to know, perceive, learn or understand beforehand: to foreknow. II. to judge or decide beforehand.
 πρόγνωσις, ἡ, (προγινώσκω) a perceiving beforehand, foreknowledge.
 πρό-γονος, ον, (πρό, γενέσθαι) earlier born, elder, older:—as Subst., πρόγονος, ὁ, an ancestor; οἱ πρόγονοι forefathers, ancestors. II. πρόγονοι are early lambs, cp. μέτασσα.
 πρό-γραμμα, ατος, τό, (προγραφή) a public proclamation or notice, programme.
 προγρᾶφή, ἡ, (προγράφω) a public notice, advertisement. 2. also used for the Lat. proscription.
 προ-γράφω, f. ψω, to write before or first. II. to write in public, give public notice of:—also to appoint by public notice. 2. also used for the Lat. proscribo.
 προ-γυμνάζω, f. άσω, to exercise beforehand.
 προδαείς, aor. 2 pass. part. from Root προδάω: see προδαναι.
 προδανῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of προδαναι with act. sign., from the root *δάω, to know beforehand.

προδιδωκα, pf. of προδίδωμι.
προ-δεῖδω, f. σω, to fear or dread beforehand.
προ-δεῖλεος, ov, (πρό, δεῖλεος) happening or doing before evening.

προ-δεικνύμι and -ύω: f. -δείξω Ion. -δέξω:—to show beforehand, point out, esp. by way of example: to make known or publish beforehand: to foresee. II. to point before one; σκήπτρῳ προδεικνύναι to feel one's way with a staff: also c. acc. to put out before one.

III. χερσὶ προδεικνύναι to make a feint with the hands, Lat. *tracudere*: also in war, to make a demonstration.

προ-δευαίνω, to fear or dread beforehand.
προ-δέκτωρ, opos, δ, Ion. for προδείταις, (προδείταις) one who foresees: a foreseer.

προ-δέρκομαι, f. -ξομαι, Dep. to see beforehand.
πρό-δηλος, ov, (πρό, δηλος) clear beforehand; ἐκ προδήλου manifestly. Hence.

προ-δηλώω, f. ὥσω, to make clear beforehand.*

προ-διαβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα:—to go across before others.

προ-διαβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to raise prejudices against beforehand.

προ-διαγινώσκω, f. -γνώσομαι, to understand or know thoroughly beforehand. II. to resolve or decide beforehand.

προ-διατῶω, f. ἥσω, to prepare by diet. Hence προδιατῆσις, ἡ, preparation by diet.

προ-διαλέγομαι, f. -λέξομαι, Med. with aor. I pass. -διελέχθην:—speak or converse beforehand.

προ-διασύρω, to jeer or ridicule beforehand. [v]
προ-διαφθείρω, f. -φθερῶ: aor. I -έφθειρα: pf. act. -έφθαρκα, pass. -έφθαρμαι:—to ruin or destroy beforehand: to corrupt or seduce beforehand.

προ-διδάσκω, f. ἄξω, to teach beforehand: to teach thoroughly:—Pass. to learn beforehand.

προ-δίδωμι, f. δώσω: pf. act. -δέδωκα, pass. -δέδομαι:—to give beforehand, pay in advance II. to give up to the enemy, betray, Lat. *prodo* 2. to forsake, abandon: absol. to desert, turn traitor; ἡ χάρις προδοῦσ' ἀλίσκεται gratitude is convicted of proving traitor. 3. of things, to betray, fail one:—intr. to fail, give up, like ἐνδιδόναι, Lat. *desicere*. 4. to give up, surrender, lose.

προ-διεξέρχομαι, f. -διεξελεύσομαι, Dep. to go out through before, pass through first.

προ-διερευνάω, f. ἥσω, to discover by searching beforehand. Hence

προδιερευνητής, ου, δ, one sent out to march beforehand.

προ-διέρχομαι, 1. -εξελεύσομαι, aor. 2 -ἤλαθον: Dep.:—to go through, detail, narrate before.

προ-διηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to relate beforehand, premise. Hence

προδιηγῆσις, ἡ, a detailing beforehand.

πρό-δικος, δ, (πρό, δική) an advocate, defender; an avenger. 2. at Sparta, a young king's guardian, a regent.

προ-διοικέω, f. ἥσω, to regulate, order, manage beforehand.

προ-διώκω, f. ξω, to pursue further or to a distance.

προδοβέις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of προδίδωμι.

προ-δοκέω: pf. pass. προδεδόχμαι, 3 sing. plqpf. προυδέδοκτο:—to think beforehand:—only used in Pass., προυδέδοκτο ταῦτά μοι this was my former opinion; τὰ προδεδογμένα previous resolutions.

προ-δοκῆ, ἡ, (πρό, δέχομαι) a place where one lies in wait, a lair, ambush; πέτρης ἐν προδοκῇ in the lurking holes of the rock.

προ-δομος, δ, the fore-house, i. e. the room entered from the court (αὐλή), the hall, vestibule.

προ-δομος, ov, being before the house.

προ-δοξάζω, f. ἄσω, to form an opinion beforehand.

προδοσία Ion. -τή, ἡ, (προδίδωμι) a giving up, betrayal, treachery, treason.

προδοσις, ἡ, (προδίδωμι) payment beforehand. II. a giving up, betrayal

προδοτής, ov, δ, (προδίδωμι) a betrayer, traitor: one who abandons in danger.—Fem. προδότις, ἴδος.

a traitress. Hence

προδοτικός, ἡ, ὄν, disposed to betray, traitorous.

πρόδοτος, ov, (προδίδωμι) betrayed, abandoned.

πρό-δουλος, ov, serving for a slave.

προδούναι, προδούς, aor. 2 inf. and part. cf προδίδωμι.

προδραμῖν, προδραμών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προτρέχω, formed from obsol. *δρέμω.

προδρομή, ἡ, (προδραμῖν) a running forward, a sally or sudden attack.

προδρομος, ov, (προδραμῖν) running before, speeding forward. II. as Subst., πρόδρομοι, οἱ, men sent on before to reconnoitre, scouts.

προ-δυστύχew, f. ἥσω, to be unhappy beforehand.

προέδραμον, aor. 2 of προτρέχω: cf. προδραμῖν.

προεδρεύω, f. σω, (πρόεδρος) to be president; προεδρεύειν τῆς βουλῆς to be president of the council.

προεδρία Ion. -τή, ἡ, (προεδρεύω) the seat or dignity of president (πρόεδρος), the first seat, presidency. 2. the privilege of the front seats at a theatre, at Athens a public honour. 3. the front seat itself, chief place: at Athens, the seats of the πρόεδροι in the Ecclesia

πρό-εδρος, ov, (πρό, ἔδρα) sitting in front or in the first place. II. as Subst., πρόεδρος, δ, a president: in the assembly (ἐκκλησία) at Athens, nine of the πρυτάνεις in office were so called;—see πρύτανις.

προ-έρρω, Ep. for προείρω, to stop by standing before, to obstruct.

προήκα, Ep. for προήκα, aor. I of προήκω.

προ-εἴξω, f. ἴσω, to accustom or inure beforehand.

προ-εἶδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, προοράω being used instead, part. προΐδων, inf. προΐδεν:—to look forward, keep a look out ahead: to see from afar: to foresee. II. to have a care for, provide, against.

προελόμην, aor. 2 med. of προαιρέω.

πρό-ειμι, (πρό, εἶμι ἰδο) serving in Att. as fut. of

προ-έρχομαι, to go forward, go on, advance; προΐ-
φωτος τοῦ χρόνου as time went on: to go first, go
in advance. 2. to go forth. 3. προτείνει εἰς τι
to pass on to, proceed to another thing. 4. also of
a thing, to go on well, succeed.

προ-εἶπον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (προαγορεύει
being used instead), inf. προειπεῖν, part. προειπών:—
to foretell, say before: to premise. II. to order or
bid beforehand, proclaim. III. to proclaim pub-
licly, give notice or warning of a thing.

προεῖρακα, see προεῖρα.
προ-εἰσάγω Ion. προ-εσαγω: f. ἔσω:—to bring in,
introduce before:—Med. to bring in for one's own
use before, import before.

προεισενεγκεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προεισφέρω.
προ-εισέρχομαι, Dep. to come or go in before.
προεισολύω, fut. of προεισφέρω.
προ-εἰσπέμπω, f. ψω, to send in before.
προ-εισφέρω, to bring in before. 2. to pay the
property-tax (εἰσφορά) in advance for others. Hence
προεισφορά, ἡ, money advanced to pay the property-
tax (εἰσφορά) for others.

προ-εἰθέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run out before, rush
bastily on.

προ-εἰκομίζω, f. σω, to carry out beforehand.
προ-εκλέγω, f. -εκλέξω: pf. pass. -εξείλεγμαι:—to
collect money or taxes in advance, τὰ προεξελεγμένα
taxes collected in advance.

προ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send out beforehand.
προ-εκπέλω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail out beforehand.
προ-εκπλήσσω, f. ξω, to terrify beforehand.
προ-εκπονέω, f. ἦσω, to work out or finish before.
προ-εκφοβέω, f. ἦσω, to terrify before. Hence
προεκφόβησις, ἡ, a previous panic.

προ-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω: pf. act. -ελέηλακα, pass. -ελέ-
ηλαμι:—to drive before or forward:—intrans. (sub.
ἵππων), to ride on, ride forward; c. gen. to ride be-
fore one: generally, to advance:—Pass., ὡς πρόσω
τῆς νυκτὸς προεληλάτο (3 sing. plqpf.) when the
night was far advanced.

προελθῶν, προελθών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προ-
έρχομαι.

προ-ελπίζω, f. ἴσω, to hope before.
προελών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προαιρέω.
προ-εμβάλλω, to project so as to strike in: of ships,
to make the charge (ἐμβολή) first.

προέμεν, Ep. for προεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of προῖημι.
προέμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of προῖημι.
προ-εμπλήθω, to be quite full.

προ-ενάρχομαι, fut. -ξομαι, Dep. to begin before
προενεγκεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προφέρω.
προ-εννέπω, contr. προύννέπω, to announce before
or publicly.

προ-ενουκέω, f. ἦσω, to dwell in before. Hence
προενοικήσις, ἡ, a dwelling before in a place.
προ-εξαγγέλλω, f. ἐλῶ, to announce beforehand.
προ-εξάγω, f. ξω, to bring out beforehand or first:

to lead out before: intrans. to move out before or in
front:—Pass., to go out first. [ἄ]

προ-εξαίσσω Ait. -άσσω, f. ξω, —to dart out before.

προ-εξήμαρτάνω, to fail, do wrong before

προ-εξανίσταμαι, Pass. with act. aor. 2 -ανέστην,
pf. -ανέστηκα, plqpf. -ανεστήκειν:—to rise and go
out before; προεξανίστασθαι ἐς τοὺς βαρβάρους to rise
before others and march against the barbarians: in a
race, to start before the signal is given, start too soon.

προ-εξέδρα Ion. -ῆ, ἡ, a raised seat, chair of state.

προ-εξίεμι, (πρό, ξε, εἰμι ibo) to go out before, to
sally forth before.

προ-εξεπιστάμαι contr. προῦξ-: fut. med. -επι-
στήσομαι, aor. 1 pass. προῦξεπιστήθην: Dep.:—to
know exactly, thoroughly understand beforehand.

προ-εξερευνᾶω contr. προῦξ-, to investigate or
search out before. Hence

προερευνήτης contr. προῦξ-, οὗ, an explorer
sent before.

προ-εξέρχομαι: aor. 2 act. -εξήλθον: pf. -εξεήλ-
λυθα: Dep.:—to go out or forth before: to go for-
ward.

προ-εξετάζω, f. σω, to examine or search out before.

προ-εξεφίεμαι contr. προῦξ-, Dep. to enjoin before-
band.

προ-εξορμάω, f. ἦσω, to set out or start beforehand,
προ-επαγγέλλω, f. ἐλῶ, to announce before:—Med.
to promise before.

προ-επαίνεω, f. ἔσω, to praise beforehand, or in the
presence of others

προ-επανασείω, f. σω, to raise the band against be-
fore: generally, to set in motion before.

προ-επαφίημι, to send forward against.

προεπεπολήτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of προποιέω.

προ-επιβουλεύω, f. σω, to plot against beforehand.

προ-επιξενόομαι, Pass. (πρό, ἐπιξενῶ) to be received
as a guest before, abide in one's house first

προ-επιστάμαι, fut. med. -επιστήσομαι, aor. 1 pass.
προῦπιστήθην: Dep.:—to know or understand before-
band.

προ-επιχειρέω, f. ἦσω, to undertake or attack before.

προ-εργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: pf. προεργασμαι: Dep.:
—to do or work at beforehand: esp. of the ground,

to till, work first:—the pf. is also used in pass. sense,
τὰ προεργασμένα former performances; ἡ προεργασ-
μένη δόξα glory achieved before

προ-ερῶσω, f. ἔσω, to row forwards.

προ-ερευνᾶω, f. ἦσω, to search out before:—Med.,
οἱ προερευνῶμενοι ἵππεῖς the horse reconnoitring in
advance.

προ-ερέω Att. contr. προεῶ, serving as fut. to
προεῖπον, (the pres. in use being προαγορεύω: from
the same root come pf. προ-έρηκα, pass. -εῖρημαι;
aor. 1 pass. προερρήθην contr. προῦρρήθην:—to fore-
tell.

II. to order beforehand or publicly, give
public notice:—pf. pass. part. προειρημένος, fore-
ordained, appointed.

προέρυσσα, Ep. aor. 1 from

προ-ερίω, f. ἴσω [ῥ], to draw on or forward; προ-ερίσαι νῆα to move a ship forward.

προ-έρχομαι, f. -ελευσμαι (cp. πρόειμι): aor. 2 -ἦλθον; pf. -ἐλήλυθα: Dep.:—to come or go forward, to go on, advance; τὰ Περσῶν πρήγματα ἐς τοῦτο προελθόντα the power of the Persians having advanced to this height; προελθὼντος ἡλικία, Lat. *provenctus aetate*, advanced in age. 2. to go before or first.

πρόες, προέτω, aor. 2 imperat. of προίημι.

προεσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of προίημι.

προεστᾶτε or προεστᾶτε, Ion. for προεστήκατε, 2 pl. pf. of προίστημι.

προεστώς, contr. from προεστήκως, pf. part. of προίστημι.

προέσχον, aor. 2 of προέχω.

προετίον, verb. Adj. of προίημι, one must throw away, throw up.

προετικός, ἡ, ὅν, (προίημι) disposed to throw away, lavish, prodigal.

προ-ετοιμάζω, f. ἄσω, to get ready before:—Med. to prepare for one's own use.

προ-ευαγγελίζομαι, Dep. to bring glad tidings beforeband, esp. to preach the gospel beforeband.

προ-εὐλαβέομαι, fut. med. ἴσομαι, aor. I pass. προ-εὐλάβηθην: Dep.:—to take heed, be cautious beforeband.

προεφθᾶσα, aor. I of προφθάνω.

προ-έχω contr. προύχω: f. προέξω:—to hold before, esp. so as to shield or protect:—Med. προέχομαι contr. προύχομαι, impf. προύχουμι, to hold before oneself: metaph. to put forward or hold out as a pretext. 2. to hold forth, proffer, offer. 3. to have before or in preference to. 4. to have before or first: hence to know beforeband. II. intr. to be before, come forth, project, jut out: to be the first, have the start; ἡμέρης ὀδὸν προέχειν τινός to keep a day's march ahead of him 2. of rank, c. gen. to be chief or head of anything: generally, to be eminent or distinguished; οἱ προύχοντες the chief men. 3. to surpass, exceed. 4. impers., οὐ τι προέχει it is not at all better, if naught avails.

προεώρῳκα, pf. of προοράω.

προ-ηγμῶν, ὄνος, δ, one who goes before as a guide.

προ-ηγέομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to go first and lead the way: generally, to go before, guide, conduct: to be the leader. Hence

προηγγητήρ, ἦρος, and προηγγητής, οὐ, δ, one who goes before to show the way.

προηγγορέω, f. ἴσω, (προήγορος) to speak for others.

προ-ήγορος, δ, (πρὸ, ἀγορεύω) one who speaks for others, a defender, advocate.

προ-ηγουμένως, Adv. of pres. part. of προηγέομαι, antecedently.

προήκα, aor. I of προίημι.

προ-ήκης, es, (πρὸ, ἀκή) pointed in front.

προ-ήκω, f. ἴω, to have gone before, to be the first:

to have advanced. II. to jut forward, reach beyond.

προήκα, pf. of προάγω.

προ-βάλλης, ἐς, (πρὸ, θέλειν) growing, flourishing before the time, precocious.

προβέης, εἶσα, ἐν, part. aor. 2 of προτίημι.

προ-θέλυμος, on, (πρὸ, θέλυμον) by the roots; προβέλυμος ἔλετο χαιτὰ he tore his hair out by the roots; προβέλυμα χαμαὶ βάλε δένδρεα he threw to earth trees uprooted; but, σάκος σάκει προβέλυμφ φράξαντες fencing shield upon shield close-compact:—θέλυμα being the several layers or coats of the shields; and so προβέλυμος means, with layer upon layer.

πρόθεσις, ἡ, (προτίημι) a placing before, setting forth; ἄρτι τῆς προθέσεως the bread of the setting forth, i. e. the show-bread. II. a purpose, resolve, design.

προ-θέσιμος, α, on, (πρὸ, θεσμός) laid down before, appointed, fixed: ἡ προθεσμία (sub. ἡμέρα), a day fixed for anything, a limited period, within which proceedings must be taken.

προ-θεσπίζω, f. ἴω, to foretell.

προ-θέω, Ion. impf. προθέσκω: pf. -θέυσομαι:—to run before. 2. to run forward or forth. II. c. acc. to outrun, outstrip.

προ-θέω, old form of προτίημι, to put forward, permit; τοῦνεκά οἱ προθέουσιν ὀνειδέα μνησασθαι; do they therefore let him speak reproachful words?

προ-θνήσκω, f. -θνούμαι, to die before. II. to die for one.

προθοράν, aor. 2 part. of προθρώσκω.

προθρεύω, f. ἴσω, to bruit abroad beforeband.

προ-θρώσκω, f. -θοροῦμαι: aor. 2 προθορον, inf. προθορεῖν, part. προθορών:—to spring before or forward, to dart in front.

προ-θύελλα, ἡ, a storm the barbing of another.

πρόθυμα, ατος, τό, (προθύω) a preparatory or preliminary sacrifice.

προθυμέομαι: Att. impf. προθυμούμην: fut. med. προθυμήσομαι, also pass. προθυμηθήσομαι: aor. I προθυμήσῃην: Dep.: (πρόθυμος):—to be ready, willing, eager to do a thing: c. acc. to be earnest for a person or thing, desire eagerly: absol. to be earnest, zealous, show zeal. Hence

προθυμῆτέον, verb. Adj. one must desire eagerly.

προθυμία Ion. -λή, ἡ, (πρόθυμος) readiness, willingness, zeal, earnestness; πάσῃ προθυμίᾳ with all zeal.

II. good will, ready kindness.

πρό-θυμος, on, (πρὸ, θυμός) ready, willing, eager, zealous, earnest: c. gen. rei, eager for. II. bearing good will, wishing well to one, well-disposed.

III. Adv. προθύμως, readily, actively: Comp. -ότερον, more readily: Sup. -ότατα, most readily.

προ-θύρατος [ῥ], on, (πρὸ, θύρα) before the door: τὰ προθύρια the space before a door.

πρό-θυρον, τό, (πρό, θύρα) *a front door.* 2. *the place before a door, a porch, Lat. vestibulum.*
προ-θύω, to sacrifice before or first. II. to sacrifice in behalf of.

προθύωμαι, aor. 2 med. subj. of προτιδῆμι.

πρόι, Adv. (πρό) = *proat.*

προ-ἰάλλω, to send forth or away, dismiss. II. to send before.

προ-ἰάπτω, f. ψω: aor. 1 προἶαφα:—to send forward, to send before the time.

προϊδών, οὔσα, ov, aor. 2 part. of προείδον.

προΐειν, eis, ei, Ion. and Att. impf. of προήμι.

προΐεις, εἶσα, ἐν, pres. part. of προήμι.

προΐζω, to set or place before:—Med. to sit before, take the first seat.

προ-ἵημι, 3 sing. προΐει and opt. προΐου (as if from προ-ἵω): Att. impf. προΐειν, eis, ei: fut. προήσω: aor. 1 προήκα Ep. προήκα: aor. 2, 3 pl. προέσαν, imper. προές, προέτω, inf. προέμεν, Ep. for προείναι:—Med., aor. 2 προηκάνην: aor. 2 opt. προείμην or προοίμην:—Pass., pf. προείμαι: plpf. προείμην:—to send before, send on or forward; generally, to dismiss, let go: also to send on to another. 2. to let fall, let slip; ἔπος προέηκε be let drop a word: an inf. is often added, αἰετῶ προέηκε πέτεσθαι he sent his eagles forth to fly; προέηκεν οὖρον ἀγναι be sent forth the breeze to blow.

3. to throw before, throw away: of missiles, to shoot forth, dart, hurl, discharge. 4. to give up, deliver over: also to devote oneself, exert oneself upon a thing.

II. Med. to send forward from oneself, give up, betray: also to desert, forsake, throw overboard. 2. of things, to give freely: in bad sense, to throw away, squander, lavish; λόγους προέσθαι to throw words away: also to let go, let slip. 3. to give over to one. 4. to drive forward, force on.

5. to allow or suffer a person to do a thing. III. Pass. to be thrown away, be neglected.

προΐητι, Dor. for προήησι.

προΐκα, Adv. freely, gratis: properly acc. of προῖξ.

προΐκτης, ου, ὁ, (προῖξ) one who asks for a free gift, a beggar.

προῖξ, Att. προῖξ, ἦ, gen. προικος, dat. προικί, acc. προικία:—a gift, present; προικὸς γεύεσθαι to enjoy a free gift:—hence gen. προικός is used as Adv. freely, without return. Lat. gratis: also with impunity: so also acc. προίκα.

II. later a marriage-portion.

ΠΡΟΨΕΣΣΟΜΑΙ, f. προΐξομαι Att. προΐξομαι: Dep.:—to ask a gift, to beg.

προ-ἵστημι, f. προστήσω: aor. 1 προύστησα, inf. προστήσαι, part. προστήσας: aor. 2 προύστην, inf. προστήναι, part. προστάς: aor. 1 pass. προστάθην, προστάθην, part. προστάθεις, εἶσα, ἐν: pf. προσέστηκα, Ion. 2 pl. προσεστήατε, part. προσεστηκώς Ion.

προσεστώ or προσεστώ. I. Causal in pres., impf., fut. and aor. 1, to set before or in front. 2.

also in Med. προϊσταμαι, aor. 1 προεστήαμην, to put before one, put in front.

3. to put before oneself, choose as one's leader.

4. in Med. also to put forward, put out: to put forward as an excuse or pretence.

II. intrans. in Pass., with aor. 2, pf. and plpf. act.:—to stand before or forward, come forward: to stand near. 2. c. acc. pers. to approach.

3. c. gen. to be set over, be at the head of, be the chief; προστήμαι φόνον to be the author of slaughter: of προσεστώτες Ion. —εὔτες, the leading men, chiefs:—hence to manage, regulate, govern. 4. to stand before so as to protect any one; hence to protect, guard.

προ-ἵσχω, = προέχω, to hold before, hold out. II. Med. προϊσχομαι, to hold out before oneself, stretch forth.

2. to put forward, propose, offer. 3. to put forward, allege, plead.

προΐ-ν οὔσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of προείμι (εἶμι ibo).

προ-ἰώξω, ἦ, (πρό, ἰώκω = διώκω) *a driving before or onwards, opp. to παλῶξω.*

πρόκῃ or πρόκατε, Ion. Adv. (πρό) forthwith, straightway, suddenly.

προ-καθεύδω, f. —καθευδήσω, to sleep before or first. II. to sleep in front of.

προ-κάθημαι Ion. προ-κάτῃμαι, properly perf. of προκαθέσθαι:—to sit before or in front of; τοσούτο πρό τῆς ἄλλης Ἑλλάδος προκατῆσθαι to be situated so far in front of the rest of Greece: also to protect, defend.

προ-καθίζω Ion. προ-κατίζω, f. ἴσω; also Med. προκαθίζομαι:—to sit down before or in front. II. to sit in public, sit in state.

προ-καθίημι, f. —καθήσω, to let down beforehand: metaph. to involve in. II. to put forward.

προ-καθίστημι, f. —καταστήσω, to post before: Med. to post before oneself. II. in Pass. and intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 —κατέστην; pf. —καθέσθηκα; plpf. —εσθήκειν:—to be set or posted before.

προ-καθοράω f. —κατῶρομαι, to view or examine beforehand.

προ-καίω, f. —καύσω, to burn before.

προ-κάκοπαθέω, f. ἦσω, to suffer ills before.

πρό-κάκος, ov, very bad, exceeding bad.

προ-κᾶλώ, f. ἔσω, to call forth, call on:—Med. to call forth to one: to call out to fight, challenge: defy, Lat. provooco. 2. to invite beforehand. II. c. acc. rei, to offer or propose. III. to call up or forth, rouse.

προ-κᾶλίζομαι, Dep. only used in pres. and imp. = προκαλέομαι, to call forth, challenge, defy. προ-κᾶλινδῶ, to make roll forward or in front:—Pass. to fall prostrate before another.

προκάλυμμα, atos, τό, anything hung in front to cover: a covering, curtain: metaph. a screen or blind. From

προ-κάλυπτω, f. ψω, to hang before as a covering:—Med. to put something over oneself, to veil or screen oneself; of a woman, οὐ προκαλυπτόμενα [τε] παρη-

ἴδω putting no veil over her face.
over, veil.

προ-κάμνω, f. -κάμωμαι : aor. 2 προύκαμον : pf. -έκεμκα :—to work or toil before.

II. to work for another.

III. to grow weary, faint too soon.

IV. to have a previous illness : to be distressed beforehand.

προ-καμῶν, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προκάμνω.

προ-κάρηνος, ον, (πρό, κάρηνον) head-foremost.

προκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, = πρόξ, the roe-deer.

προ-καταγγέλλω, to announce or declare beforehand.

προ-κατάγεταις, ἴδος, ἡ, Ion. form, (πρό, καθηγέομαι) a woman who goes before, a female leader.

προ-καταγινώσκω, Ion. and in late Gr. -γινώσκω : f. -γνώσκωμαι : pf. -έγνωκα :—to vote against

beforehand, condemn by a prejudgement : πρ. φόνον

τινός to give a verdict of murder against : also c. inf.

to prejudice against one that . . .

προ-κατάγω, f. ξω, to bring to land before.

προ-καταθῶ, f. -θέσσωμαι, to run down beforehand.

προ-κατακάω, f. -καύσω, to burn before : of a coun-

try, to ravage by fire all before one.

προ-κατάκειμαι, Pass. to lie down in front.

προ-κατακλίνω, to make to recline at table before.

προ-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψωμαι :—to seize upon or

occupy beforehand : to take possession of before another : metaph. to prevent, anticipate.

προ-καταλέγω, to detail or describe beforehand.

προ-καταλύω, to break up or annul beforehand :—

Med. to adjust or compose beforehand : προκαταλύεσθαι

τῇ ἐχθρῇ to end their mutual enmity before.

προ-κατάρχομαι, Dep. to begin first : but mostly in

technical sense, to offer the first of the sacrifice.

προ-κατασκευάζω, to make ready beforehand.

προ-καταφεύγω, to escape to a place of refuge before :

προκαταφεύγειν ἐς τόπον to escape before to a place.

προ-καταχράομαι, Dep. to use up beforehand.

προ-κατεσθίω, f. -κατέδομαι, to eat up beforehand.

προ-κατέχω, aor. 2 προέσχον :—to gain possession of

or occupy beforehand, preoccupy :—Med. to boid before

for oneself.

προ-κατηγόρω, to accuse beforehand. Hence

προκατηγορία, ἡ, previous accusation.

προ-κάτῃμαι, Ion. for προκάθημαι.

προ-κατίξω, Ion. for προκαθίξω.

προκατόψομαι, fut. of προκαθοράω.

πρό-κειμαι, impf. προύκειμην, Ion. inf. προκέεσθαι :

fut. -κέεσμαι :—used as Pass. of προτίθημι, to be set

before, lie before or in front of : to stretch forward,

jut out.

II. to be set before one : metaph. to be

proposed or laid before one, mooted ; πρόκειται περὶ

σωτηρίας the question is concerning safety ; ἀέθλος

προκείμενος a task proposed ; τὸ προκείμενον πηγῆ-

μας the matter in debate.

III. to lie before

one, lie exposed ; to lie dead, ὁ προκείμενος ἡς

corpse.

IV. to be held out, set forth.

προ-κείμενος, ον, (πρό, κείμενος) forerunning.

II. to cover

προ-κελευσματικός, δ, (πρό, κέλευσμα) a proceleu-
smatic, a foot consisting of four short syllables, e. g.
κατέβαλε.

προ-κενῶν, f. ὥσω, to empty beforehand.

προ-κήδομαι, Dep. to take care of, take thought for.

προ-κηράνω, (πρό, κήρ) to be anxious for one.

προ-κηρυκεύομαι, f. εὔσομαι, Med. to have pro-

claimed by berald, to give public notice.

προ-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to proclaim by

berald, proclaim publicly.

προ-κινδυνεύω, f. σω, to run the first risk, bear the

brunt of battle.

προ-κινέω, f. ἥσω, to move forward : to urge on :—

Pass. with fut. med. -κινήσομαι, to come on, advance.

προ-κλαίω Att. -κλάω, fut. -κλαύσομαι, to weep

beforehand or openly.

II. trans. to bewail before-

band.

προκληθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of προκαλέω.

πρόκλησις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, (προκαλέω) a

calling forth :—a challenging to combat ; ἐκ προκλη-

σιος in pursuance of a challenge.

II. an invi-

tation, proposal.

III. as law-term, a formal

challenge offered by either party for the purpose of

bringing disputed points to issue.

προ-κλίνω, f. -κλινῶ, to lean forward.

πρόκλυτος, ον, heard formerly : legendary. From

προ-κλύω, to bear or learn beforehand.

προ-κλῦπιον, τό, (πρό, κόλπος) a robe falling over

the breast.

προ-κομίζω, f. ἴσω, to bring forward.

II. to

carry on before :—Pass. to be carried away.

προ-κόμιον, τό, (πρό, κόμη) the front hair : the

forelock of a horse.

προκοπή, ἡ, progress on a journey.

II. metaph.

progress, advancement, improvement. From

προ-κόπτω, impf. προύκοπτον : f. ψω, to cut away

before one, or clear the way in front : hence to for-

ward or promote a work :—Pass. to advance, thrive,

prosper.

II. intr. in Act. to make one's way for-

ward, to make progress : of time, to be far gone, far

advanced.

πρόκριμα, ατος, τό, preference, partiality. From

προ-κρίνω [I], f. -κρίνῶ : to choose before others.

pick out, prefer before :—Pass. to be preferred before

or be superior to others.

II. to judge beforehand,

decide.

πρόκριτος, ον, (προκρίνω) preferred.

πρό-κροσσος, η, ον or ος, ον, (πρό, κροσσαι) with

projecting battlements : ranged like battlements or iobers :

rows : so of ships, νῆες πρόκροσσαι ἐς πύκτον ἐπ'

ὀκτώ, ranged in rows turned sea-wards eight deep

also of a cup, ἐπὶ αὐτοῦ γρυπῶν κεφαλαὶ πρόκροσσαι

ἦσαν the heads of griffins were set at regular distances

round it.

προ-κύνιδέω, f. -κύνισω [I] :—to roll forth, to

rolling forward :—Pass., προκυνδιδέσθαι τινι to

grouse or prostrate oneself before one.

προ-κύντω, f. ψω, to stoop forward and peep out.

προ-κῦρόω, f. ὥσω, to confirm or ratify before.
προ-κύων, -κυνός, δ, the star that rises before the Dog-star, Procyon. II. one who snarls like a dog, a snarling critic.

προ-κῶμος, ον, (πρό, κῶμος) before the festal revel : τὸ προκῶμον ὕμνον the prelude of a hymn.

προ-κάπτος, ον, (πρό, κῆπη) grasping the bill, sword-in-hand.

II. pass. grasped by the bill.
προ-λαγχάνω, to obtain by lot beforeband.

προ-λάζυμαι, Dep. to receive beforeband.

προ-λαλέω, f. ἴσω, to prate before.

προ-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι : aor. 2 προῦλᾶβον : pf. -εἶλφα, pass. -εἶλμμαι :—to take beforeband : to receive as an earnest or deposit. 2. to take before or sooner than another : to take away before.

3. to obtain first, procure.

II. to outstrip, get the start of. 1. to outstrip, get the start of the road. 2. to be beforeband with, anticipate, claim or take before the time : hence to prejudge.

III. to repeat from the beginning.
προ-λέγω, f. ξω—pf. pass. προλέλεγμαι :—to pick out or choose before others, prefer.

II. to say beforeband : to foretell, prophesy, of an oracle. 2. to tell publicly, proclaim : to warn : to profess, declare : to order.

προ-λείπω, f. ψω : pf. προλέλοιπα :—to leave by going forth, to leave behind, forsake ; μήτις σε προλέλοιπε prudence forsook thee : also to quit beforeband ; χώρην προλείπειν to abandon one's post. 2. to omit to do a thing.

II. intr. to cease or fail beforeband : absol. to faint, fall into a swoon.

προ-λεκτικός, ή, όν, (προλέγω) foretelling, prophetic.

προλέλοιπα, pf. of προλείπω.

προ-λεοσχηνεύομαι, pf. pass. προλελεσχένευμαι : Dep. :—to converse with one before, arrange by word of mouth before.

πρό-λεσχος, ον, (πρό, λέσχη) prating, chattering.

προ-λεῖσσω, to see before or in front.

προλῖπειν, aor. 2 inf. of προλείπω.

προλιπών, οὔσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of προλείπω.

πρόλογος, ό, (πρόλέγω) a prefatory speech : in Trag. and old Com., the prologue was all of the piece that came before the first chorus : after Euripides, it was a narrative of facts introductory to the main action. opp. to ἐπίλογος.

προ-λογίζω, f. ἴσω : pf. pass. προελοχίσμαι :—to lay an ambush before :—Pass., αἱ προελοχισμένοι ἐνέδραι the ambush that had before been laid.

II. to beset with an ambuscade.

προμαθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προμανθάνω.

προ-μαλίσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to soften beforeband.

προ-μανθάνω, f. -μαθήσω : aor. 2 προῦμᾶθον :—to ascertain or find out beforeband.

προ-μαντεία Ion. -ήνη, ή, the right of consulting the oracle first. From

προ-μαντεύομαι, Dep. to foretell, prophesy.

προ-μαντήλη, ή, Ion. for προμαντεία.

πρό-μαντις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, δ, ή, a prophet or prophetess : ή πρόμαντις was the title of the Pythia or Delphic priestess. II. as Adj. prophetic, presaging.

προ-μαρτύρομαι, Dep. to witness beforeband. [ῶ]

προ-μάτωρ, ορος, ή, Dor. for προμήτωρ.

προ-μάχω, = προμαχίζω.

προμάχεών, ὄνος, ό, (προμάχομαι) a bulwark, rampart, Lat. propugnaculum.

προμαχίζω, f. σω, (πρῆμαχος) to fight before or in front of : also to fight with another as champion.

προ-μάχομαι : f. -μάχισσομαι Att. -μάχομαι : Dep. :—to fight before, fight in the front rank, fight in the van. II. to fight before or in defence of.

πρό-μάχος, ον, (πρό, μάχομαι) fighting before, fighting in front : as Subst., mostly in plur., the foremost fighters, champions. II. fighting for. τινός.

προ-μελέτω, f. ἴσω, to practise beforeband.

Προμένεια, ή, name of a prophetess of Dodona.

προ-μεριννάω, f. ἴσω, to take earnest thought beforeband.

προ-μετωπίδιος, ον, (πρό, μέτωπον) worn or being on the forehead. II. as Subst., προμετωπίδιον, τό, the skin of the forehead. 2. a front-piece, frontlet for horses.

προμήθεια Dor. προμάθεια [ᾱ], ή, (προμηθής) foresight, forethought : consideration.

Προμηθεα, τά, (Προμηθεύς) the festival of Prometheus.

Προμηθεος, α, ον, of or from Prometheus.

προμηθεόμαι, fut. med. -μηθήσομαι : aor. I pass. προῦμηθήην : Dep. : (προμηθής) :—to take care beforeband, to provide for : to shew forethought for, Lat. cavere : c. acc. pers. to shew regard or consideration for.

Προμηθεύς, gen. εως Ion. ἦος, ό, (προμηθής) Prometheus, Forethought, son of the Titan Iapetus, brother of Epimetheus or Afterthought : inventor of many arts, esp. of working in metal and clay, whence he is said to have made man from clay, and to have furnished him with the ἐντεχνον πῦρ, stolen from Olympus. II. as appellat. forethought, caution.

προ-μηθής Dor. προμᾶθής, ές, (πρό, μήτις) forethinking, cautious, wary : caring about a thing.

προμηθία Ion. -ή, ή, = προμήθεια.

προμηθικός, ή, όν, (προμηθής) inclined to forethought, wary. Adv. -κώς, warily.

προ-μηνύω, f. ἴσω [ῶ], to inform of or denounce beforeband.

προ-μήτωρ Dor. προμάτωρ, ορος, ή, (πρό, μήτηρ) the first mother, ancestress of a race.

προμίσγναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of προμίσγνμι.

προ-μίσγνμι, f. μίξω, to mingle beforeband :—Pass., aor. 2 inf. προμίσγναι, to have intercourse with beforeband.

προ-μισθώω, f. ὥσω, to hire beforeband.

προ-μνάομαι, Dep. to woo for another : generally, to endeavour to obtain, solicit : to plead with, c. dat. II. to forebode, presage.

(προ-μνηστίνος, αἱ, ὡ, one by one, one after the other.
(Deriv. uncertain.)

προμνηστρία and προμνηστρίς, ἴδοι, ἡ, (προμνάομαι) a woman who woos for another, a match-maker.

πρό-μορος, ὄν, (πρό, μόρα) before the destined term, untimely.

προμολεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προβλάσκει hence
προμολή, ἡ, an approach, vestibule. II. in plur.

the jutting foot of a mountain: the mouth of a river.

προμολών, aor. 2 part. of προβλάσκει.

πρόμος, δ, (πρό) the foremost man, a champion, like
πρόμαχος:—a chief, Lat. princeps.

προ-μοχθέω, f. ἦσαι, to work beforehand.

πρό-νυος or προ-νάιος, α, ὄν Ion. προ-νήιος, ἡ,
ὄν, (πρό, ναός) before or in front of a temple: as

Subst., I. προνήιον, τό, the court before a temple

at Delphi, because she had a chapel or statue
there before the great temple of Apollo. III.

πρόναος, δ, the hall or vestibule of a temple, through
which was the way to the temple itself.

προ-ναυμαχέω, f. ἦσαι, to fight at sea for or in
defence of, τινός.

προ-νέμω, f. -νεμῶ, to assign beforehand: to hold
forth, present. II. Med. προνέμομαι, of cattle,

to go forward in grazing: hence to gain ground,
spread.

προ-νέω, f. ὦ, to nod or stoop forwards.

προ-νήιος, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for πρόναος.

προ-νηστεύω, f. ὦ, to fast beforehand.

προ-νικάω, f. ἦσαι, to gain a victory beforehand.

προ-νοέω, f. ἦσαι; also Med. προ-νοέομαι, f. ἦσο-
μαι, with aor. I med. and pass. προνοήσασθαι, πρό-
νοήσθην:—to perceive or observe beforehand. II.

to plan or devise beforehand: to provide. a. a.
gen. to provide for, take thought for. g. absol. to

be provident, act warily. Hence

προνοήτων, verb. Adj. one must take care.

προνοητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προνοέω) disposed to practise
foresight, provident, cautious, wary. II. of

things, showing forethought or design. Adv. -κῶς,
with forethought.

πρόνοια Ion. -νοή, ἡ, (πρόνοος) a perceiving or
knowing beforehand. I. fore-sight, forethought,

forecast; 2. προνοίας with forethought, advisedly,
Lat. ex con-silio, and of crimes, with malice prepense.

a. the providence of the gods

προνομαία, ἡ, (προνέμομαι) a proboscis.

προνομία, ἡ, a foraging, plundering. From

προ-νομεύω, f. ὦ, to go out foraging, to forage.

προνομή, ἡ, (προνέμομαι) a foraging, foray, raid.

πρόνομος, ὄν, (προνέμομαι) going forward to seed,
grazing forward.

πρό-νοος, cv contr. πρό-νοου, ὄν, (πρ, νόος) ibid.
ing beforehand, wary:—Comp. προνοώτερος

προ-νωπής, ἔς, (πρό, ὤψ) bent or bending forwards:
drooping, sinking. 2. metaph. inclined, ready.

προ-νόπιος, ὄν, (πρό, ἐνώπια) before or without the

walls: generally, in front of, outside a place. II.

as Subst., προνώπιον, τό, a ball or court.

ΠΡΟΨ, gen. προψός, ἡ, a kind of deer: the gazelle
or perh. the roe: also προκάς.

πρό-ξενος, δ, Ion. for πρόξενος.

προξενέω, impf. προῦξένουν: f. ἦσαι: aor. I προ-
ξένῃσα: (πρόξενος):—to be any one's πρόξενος, to be

one's protector or patron. II. to negotiate,
manage, effect anything for another: to supply, fur-

nish, present, grant. 2. c. dat. et inf. to contrive
for one that...: also to advise, give directions. 3.

to introduce one person to another.

προξενία, ἡ, a treaty or compact of friendship
between a state and a foreigner, public friendship,

Lat. hospitium. II. the rights and privileges of a
πρόξενος or public friend, esp. of an ambassador

From

πρό-ξενος Ion. πρό-ξενος, δ, (πρό, ξένος) a public
ξένος, i.e. a public guest or host: the word expressed

the same relation between a state and an individual
of another state, that ξένος did between two individ-

uals of different states: the πρόξενος possessed
great privileges in the state to which he was allied;

the relation usually passed on from father to son.
II. one who represented a foreign state, a sort of

consul or agent. III. generally, a patron, as-
sistant, defender, guardian. 2. as Adj. assisting,

relieving.

προ-ξυράω, f. ἦσαι, to shave beforehand.

προ-ογκάζομαι, Dep. to bray beforehand.

προ-οδεύω, f. ὦ, to travel before.

προ-οδοποιέω, f. ἦσαι, to prepare the way before,
pave the way II. metaph. to prepare before-

hand.

προ-οδοπορεω, f. ἦσαι, to travel before.

πρό-οδος, ὄν, (πρό, ὁδός) going before or in advance:
as Subst., πρόδοι, αἱ, a party of soldiers in advance.

πρό-οδος, ἡ, (πρό, ὁδός) a going on, advance.

πρό-οιδα, inf. προειδέναι, part. προειδώς: plapf.
προήδειν: fut. προείσομαι: (with no pres. in use):—

to know beforehand. Cf. προείδον.

προ-οιμάζομαι Att. contr. προοιμάζομαι, f. -άσο-
μαι: Dep.:—to make a preamble or prelude:—the

pf. προοιμάσμαι is used in pass. sense, to be stated
by way of preamble. From

προ-οίμιον Att. contr. προοίμιον, τό, (πρό, οἶμος)
an opening or introduction to a thing: in Music, a

prelude, overture: in speeches, a preface, exordium.
of laws, a preamble: metaph. any beginning. 2.

a hymn.

προ-οίχομαι, fut. -οιχσομαι: Dep.:—to have gone
on before.

προ-οιῶμι and -ῶ, to swear before or beforehand:
to testify on oath before

προσπτεόν, verb. Adj. οἱ προσπτάω, one must look
beforehand, take care of: cf. sq.

πρόσπτος Att. contr. πρόσπτος, ὄν, verb. Adj. of
επρόπται (as if from *πρόπτομαι), foreseen: manifest.

προορατός, ἡ, ὄν, νεῦδ. Adj. of προοράω, foreseen, to be foreseen.

προ-οράω, f. προόφωμαι: aor. 2 προείδον: pt. προέδρακα—to foresee: absol. to look forward, be provident. 2. to look forward at, see before one: also to see from afar. 3. c. gen. to provide for a person or thing.

II. also in Med. προοράομαι, to foresee. 2. to look before one. 3. to provide for, to provide, Lat. cavere.

προ-ορίζω, f. σω, to mark out beforehand, to pre-terminate.

προ-ορμάω, f. ἤσω, to drive forward or onward: Pass. to rush or start on. II. intr. in Act. to start forward.

προ-ορμίζω, f. ισω, to moor before or in front.

προ-οφείλω Att. contr. προούφειλω: f. -οφειλήσω:—to owe beforehand:—Pass. to be due beforehand or before, to remain as a debt.

πρό-οψις, εως, ἡ, (πρό, ὄψις) a foreseeing. II. a seeing before one.

προ-όψομαι, fut. of προοράω (as if from *προόψομαι).

προ-πᾶγής, ἐς, (πρό, πᾶγηναι) fixea in front, prominent.

προπαθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προπάσχω.

προ-παιδεύω, f. σω, to teach beforehand.

πρό-πᾶλαι, Adv. very long ago.

πρό-πᾶρ, (πρό, παρά) Prep. with gen. before. II. Adv. before, sooner.

προ-παραβάλλω, to put beside or along beforehand.

προ-παρασκευάζω, f. ἄσω, to prepare beforehand:—Pass. to be prepared beforehand.

προ-παρέχω, to supply beforehand: to offer before.

προ-πάροικε and before a vowel -θεν: Prep. with gen., before, in front of; προπάροικε ποδῶν before one's feet, close at hand; προπάροικε θυράων before the door.

II. Adv., 1. of Place, in front, forward, before. 2. of Time, before, formerly.

πρό-πῆς, -πᾶσα, -ᾶν, (πρό, πᾶς) strengthd. for πᾶς, πῶταν ἡμῶν all day long; νῆας προπᾶσας all the ships together: neut. πῶταν as Adv. utterly.

προ-πάσχω, f. -πέλομαι, to suffer before or beforehand: to be ill-treated before.

προ-ᾠάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (πρό, πᾶτηρ) the first founder of a family, forefather: in plur. προπάτορες, οἱ, ancestors, forefathers.

προ-πείθω, f. σω, to persuade beforehand.

πρό-πειρα, ἡ, a previous trial or venture; πρόπειραν ποιεῖσθαι, Lat. experimentum facere, to make a trial.

προ-πειράω, to attempt beforehand: also as Dep. προπειράομαι, with aor. I and vf. pass. προπειράσθην [α], προπειράσμαι.

προ-πέμπω, f. ψῶ: aor. I προῦπεμψα:—to send before or beforehand: to send away, dismiss: to send on: to send forth; προ-πέμψειν ἰούς to shoot forth arrows: also to afford, furnish. II. to conduct,

accompany: esp. to conduct in procession, to follow a corpse to the grave, Lat. efferre. II. to pursue.

προπεσών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προπίπτω.

προ-πετάννυμι, f. -πέτασσω [α], to spread out before.

προπέτεια, ἡ, rashness, reckless haste. From προπετής, ἐς, (προπίπτω) falling forwards, bending forward, Lat. prociduus, proclivis: drooping, at the point of death.

II. metaph. being on the verge of, ready for, prone to a thing. 2. precipitate, sudden, rash, hasty, reckless. Hence

προπετώς, Adv. forwards. II. in headlong haste.

προπεφάνται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of προφαίνω.

προπεφραδμένος, ἡ, ον, pf. pass. part. of προφράζω.

προ-πηδῶ, f. ἥσομαι, to string out before: to spring forward from.

προ-πηλάκιζω, f. ισω Att. ἰῶ, (πρό, πηλός):—to cover with mud: to treat with indignity, to abuse foully:—also to throw in one's teeth, reproach one with. Hence

προπηλάκισις, εως, ἡ, and προπηλακισμός, ὁ, contumelious treatment.

προ-πίνω [ι], impf. προῦπινον: f. προπίομαι: aor. 2 προῦπιον: pf. att. προπέπωκα, pass. προπέπομαι:—to drink before or to one, to drink to another's health, pledge him, Lat. propinare, because the Greek, as also the Roman, custom was to drink first oneself, and then pass the cup to the person pledged.

as the cup was often given as a present, προπίνειν came to signify to give away, make a present of, to compliment away: προπίνειν τὴν ἐλευθερίαν Φιλίππῳ, to pledge away liberty to Philip: so, προπέτεται τὰ τῆς πόλεως πράγματα the interests of the state have been complimented away.

προ-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 προψεσον, inf. προψεσείν: pf. προπέπτωκα:—to fall or throw oneself forward: to rush forward, rush headlong.

προ-πιστεύω, f. σω, to trust or believe beforehand.

προ-πίτνω, poet. for προπίπτω (v. πίτνω):—to fall down before, fall prostrate, of suppliants.

προ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail before. Hence πρό-πλοος, ον contr. -πλους, ουν, sailing before, in front or at the head.

προ-πλώω, Ion. for προπλέω.

προ-ποδηγός, ὄν, going before to show the way, guiding.

προ-ποδίζω, f. ισω, (πρό, ποῦς) to put the foot forward, stride forward.

προ-ποτέω, f. ἤσω, to do beforehand, take the first step:—Pass. to be made or prepared beforehand.

προ-πολέμω, f. ἤσω, to fight before or in front of.

προπόλευμα, atos, τό, service rendered. From προπόλεως, f. σω, (πρόπολος) to serve as a priest.

πρό-πολος, ὁ, ἡ, (πρό, πολέω) a servant that goes before one: an attendant, minister: a power. 2. one who serves a god, a priest or priestess: a temple-servant.

II. as Adj. ministering to a thing, devoted or dedicated to it.

προπομπή, ἡ, (προπέμω) *a sending on before.*
II. *an attending, escorting, conducting.*

προπομπία, ἡ, (πρό, πομπή) *the first place in a procession, like προεδρία*

προπομπός, ὁ, (προπέμω) *escorting in a procession: c. acc., προπομπὸς χόας carrying drink-offerings in procession.* II. *as Subst. a conductor, escort.*

προ-πένω, f. ἴσσω, *to work or take pains before-hand.* II. *to labour for or instead of another.*

III. c. gen. rei, *to work for a thing, i. e. to obtain it.*
IV. c. acc. rei, *to obtain by previous labour: hence in pf. pass. pātt., τὰ προπεποιημένα things formerly pursued with zeal.* V. Med. προπονέομαι, *to grow weary or tire too soon.*

πρό-πονός, ον, *very toilsome, exceeding toilsome.*

Προ-ποντίς, ἴσος, ἡ, (πρό, πόντος) *the name of the Sea of Marmora, so called because it leads into the Pontus or Black Sea.*

προ-πορεύω, f. σω, *to conduct forward:—Pass. with fut. med. —πορεύσομαι, and pass. —πορευθήσομαι, to go before or forward.*

προ-πορίζω, f. ἴσω, *to provide before-hand:—Pass. to be provided before-hand.*

πρόποινα, εως, ἡ, (προπίνω) *a drinking before or to one; a pledging.* II. *a drink.*

προπότης, ὁ, (προπίνω) *one who drinks beatily.*

πρό-πους, —ποδός, ὁ, *the projecting foot of a mountain.*

προ-πράσσω Att. —ττω, f. ἴω *to do before.* II. *to exact before-hand.*

προ-πραίω, ἄνω, ὁ, *inclining forward: metaph. forward, ready, willing.*

προ-πρηνής, ἐς, *inclined or bent forwards: swaying forwards:—neut. προπρηνές as Adv., forward.*

προ-πρός, *strengthened form of πρό, tight before.*

προπρο-κυλίνδομαι, Pass. strengthd. for προκυλίνδομαι, *to roll on and on, to keep rolling oneself before another's feet: to be driven about from place to place.*

πρό-πρυμνα, Adv. (πρό, πρύμνα) *stern-foremost, properly of a ship on the point of sinking: hence on the brink of ruin, utterly cast away.*

προ-πυλαίω, f. σω, *to stumble before*

προ-πύλαιος [ῆ], ον, (πρό, πύλη) *before the gate.* II. neut. pl. as Subst., προπύλαια, τὰ, *a gateway, entrance: at Athens the Propylaea, the entrance to the Acropolis, built by Pericles.*

πρό-πύλον, τό, (πρό, πύλη) *a portico, vestibule.*

προ-πυνθάνομαι, f. —πύσομαι: aor. 2 προὔπυθον: Dep. —: *to learn by inquiry before, bear or ascertain before-hand.*

πρό-πυργος, ον, *before or for towers; θυσίαι πρό-πυργοι offerings made for the city.*

προ-ρέω, f. —ρεύσομαι, *to flow forward, flow amain, Lat. profuere.*

πρόρρησις, ἡ, (πρό, ῥήσις) *a foretelling.* 2. *previous instructions or orders.* II. *a proclamation public notice.*

πρόρρητος, ον, (πρό, ῥητός) *foretold.* II. *proclaimed, commanded.*

πρόρ-ριζος, ον, (πρό, ῥίζα) *by the roots, root and branch: neut. πρόρριζον or πρόρριζα as Adv., up by the roots, Lat. radicitus.*

ΠΡΟΨ, Prep. with gen., dat., and acc.: with gen. implying motion from or from the side of a place; with dat., abiding at a place; with acc., motion to a place:—Dor. προτί and ποτί [—], contrd. πόντ.

WITH GENIT., I. of Place, from forth: hence from or on the side or quarter of; πρὸς Νότον on the side of the South, i. e. in the direction of the South; φυλακαὶ πρὸς Αἰθιοπῶν garrisons on the side of, i. e. against, the Ethiopians; Ἀθήνηα ἰδρύναι πρὸς τοῦ Ἑλληνιστῆτος, μάλλον ἢ τοῦ Στρυμόνος Abdera is situated on the side of the Hell. point rather than of the Strymon, i. e. is nearer to it. 2. metaph., πρὸς πατρός σου the father's side: also on the part of, at the band of, ἔχειν τιμὴν πρὸς Ζηνός to have honour at the band of Jove: so, πρὸς Διὶ εἰσι ξεῖναι τε πτωχοὶ the strangers and the poor are sent by Jove. 3. in presence of, before, whence its use in oaths and protestations: μάρτυροι πρὸς θεῶν, πρὸς ἀνθρώπων witnesses before gods and men: in which case the Att. insert εἰ between the prep. and acc., πρὸς σε θεῶν αἰτῶ I beseech thee by the gods, Lat. per te deos oro. II. with a passive Verb—ὄψο, as, διδάσκεισθαι πρὸς τινος to be taught by one; ἀτιμάζεσθαι πρὸς τινος to be dishonoured by one. III. from the local sense on or from the side of comes the sense suiting, becoming; οὐ πρὸς τοῦ ἀπαντος ἀνδρός not befitting every man; πρὸς δικῆς agreeable to justice; πρὸς γυναικὸς ἐστὶ it is like a woman.

WITH DAT., generally, *bard by, near, in the presence of, at, on; βάλλειν ποτὶ γαλὶ to dash upon earth; πρὸς ἀλλήλησιν ἐχέσθαι to cling close to each other.* II. in addition to, besides; πρὸς τοῖς τοῖς in addition to this; πρὸς τοῖς ἄλλοις κακοῖς in addition to all other evils. III. of close engagement in a thing, γίγνεσθαι πρὸς τῇ σκοπῇ to be employed upon considering.

WITH ACCUS., it expresses motion, I. of Place, forwards, to, upon; πρὸς ἡδὺ towards the East; καλεῖν πρὸς οὐρανόν to cry to heaven. 2. in hostile sense, against: in the titles of speeches, πρὸς τινα in reference or reply to, in answer to, Lat. adversus; not in accusation of, which is properly κατὰ with gen., Lat. in. 3. without hostile sense, εἰπὲν πρὸς τινα to address oneself towards or to one. II. of Time, towards, near, bard upon. III. generally, of Relation, with a view to, in regard or relation to; πρὸς ταῦτα in regard to this, therefore; τὰ πρὸς τὸν πόλεμον things relating to war; τὰ πρὸς τοὺς θεοὺς our relations to the gods. 2. according to, suitable to, at, upon; πρὸς τὴν φήμην at the news; so, πρὸς τί; to what end? 3. in proportion to, in comparison of; πρὸς τὸν πατέρα Κίρον in comparison of his father Cyrus; πρὸς πάντας τοὺς ἄλλους in com-

parison of all the rest, implying superiority, Lat. *grae aliis omnibus*.

IV. in Att., *πρός* with acc. is often put for Adv., as, *πρός βίαν*, *πρός ἀνάγκην* by force, forcibly; *πρός καιρὸν* in season; *πρός χάριν* *τινὶ* to please one; *πρός τὸ βλαῖον*—*βλαῖον*.
ABSOL. AS ADV., *besides. over and above.*

IN COMPOS. it implies I. motion towards, as in *προσάγω*. II. addition, *besides*, as in *προσέτιμα*.

III. a being by or *besides*, as in *προσέτιμα* *beside*, as in *πρόσ-εimi* (*elimi sum*).

προσάββατος, *ον*, (*πρό*, *σάββατα*) *before the Sabbath* as Subst., *προσάββατον*, *τό*, *the eve of the Sabbath*.

προσ-αγγέλλω, *φ. ελῶ*, *to announce: to announce*.
προσαγγέρευσζ, *εως*, *η*, *an addressing*. From
προσαγορευτέος, *α*, *ον*, verb. Adj. *to be called or named*. From

προσ-ἄγορεύω, *φ. σω*: *αορ.*—*ηγουρενσα*: *pf.*—*ηγορεύκα*: but the Att. fut., *αορ.* and *pf.* are *προσερῶ*, *προσειπον*, *προσελρηκα*:—*to address, accost*. II. *to name, call by name*.

προσ-ἄγω, *φ. ξω*: *αορ.* 2 *προσῆγγον*, rarely *αορ* I. *προσῆγα*. fut. med. in pass. sense *προσάφομαι*:—*to bring to or upon: to supply, furnish* 2. *to put to, add*. 3. *to bring to, move towards, apply, employ*. 4. *to bring in, introduce*. 5. *to lead on, induce*.

II. intr. *to draw near, approach*; *πύσσαγε*, *come on!* III. Med. *to attach to oneself, bring over to one's side*. 2. *to embrace, salute*. 3. *to induce to do a thing*. 4. *to get for oneself, procure, import*: hence in Pass., *τὰ προσαχθέντα imports*. Hence

προσῳγαγεύς, *εως*, *δ*, *one who brings to an introducer*.

προσῳγαγή, *η*, (*ποσαγω*) *a bringing to or towards: acquisition*. II. (from the intr. sense of *προσάγω*) *ἄρροαα* or *access to, the privilege of entrance*.

προσαγωγός, *ον*, (*προσάγω*) *bringing to, attractive, persuasive*

προσ-ῳδω, *αορ. φ. ποτ-αείσομαι*:—*to sing to*; *τις ποτ-αείσομαι*, Dor. *for σοὶ προσῳσομαι*, *to thee will I sing*. 2. *προῳδαῖν τραγῳδίαν* *to sing the songs in a Tragedy to music*. II. *to harmonise or combine in with*. Lat. *concinere*.

προσαΐξας, *αορ. I part.* of *προσαΐσσω*.

προσ-αιρέομαι, Med. *to choose to oneself, attach to oneself*. II. *to choose or elect in addition to*.

προσ-αΐσσω Att. *-ῳσσω*, *φ. ξω*, *to spring or rush to: to come quickly upon or over*.

προσ-αἰτέω, *φ. ἦσω*, *to ask besides*. 2. *to demand in addition*. II. *to continue asking, to beg of one*: absol. *to beg hard*. Hence

προσ-ακοντίζω, *φ. σο*, *to shoot like a javelin*.

προσ-ακτέον, verb. Adj. of *προσάγω*, *one must bring to*.

προσαίτης, *ον*, *δ*, *a beggar*.

προσ-ἄκουω, *φ. -ακούσομαι*, *to hear besides*.

προσ-ἄλειψω, *φ. ψω*, *to rub or smear upon*.

προσ-ἄλλομαι, Pass. *to be taken besides, to be cast in a lawsuit besides*.

προσ-ἄλλομαι, *φ. -αλούμαι*: *αορ. I*—*ἠλάμην*: Dep.:—*to jump up, at or upon one*.

προσ-ἀμβολομαι, Dor. poet. *αορ. I* *ποταμαιψάμην*, *to answer*.

προσ-ἄμεινω, *φ. ξω*, *to milk besides*: Dor. fut. med. (in pass. sense) *ποταμέλγεται* *will yield milk besides*.

προσ-ἀμπέχομαι, (*πρός*, *ἀμπέχω*), Pass *to be held fast in a thing*.

προσ-ἄμυνω [B], *φ. ὕνω*, *to come to aid one*

προσ-ἀμφιέννυμι, Att. fut. *-ἀμφιῶ*, *to put on over*.

προσ-ἀναβαίνω, *φ. -βήσομαι*, *to climb up to: cf*

riders, to mount besides. Hence

προσανάβασις poet. *προσάμβ-*, *η*, *a going up to, approach*, *κλίμακος* *προσανάβασις* *approach and ascent by means of a ladder, i. e. a scaling-ladder*.

προσανάβηθι, *αορ. 2* Imperat. of *προσαναβαίνω*.

προσ-ἀναγιγνώσκω, *to read besides*.

προσ-ἀναγκάζω, *φ. ἄσω*, *to force or constrain besides*. 2. *to bring under command, discipline*.

προσ-ἀναγορεύω, *to announce besides*.

προσ-ἀναγράφω, *φ. ψω*, *to write or note down besides*.

προσ-ἀναγίρω, *φ. ἦσω*, *to lift up besides*: Med. *to take upon oneself or undertake besides*. II. of an oracle, *to give an answer besides*.

προσ-ἀνασφίρω, *φ. ὠσω*, *to spend or consume besides*.

προσανάκλιμα, *τό*, *that on which one leans*. From

προσ-ἀνακλινομαι, Pass. *to lean on*. [I] Hence

προσανάκλινσις, *η*, *a leaning or lying on*.

προσ-ἀναλαμβάνω, *φ. -λήψομαι*, *to take up or receive besides*. 2. metaph. *to recruit or refresh besides*.

προσ-ἀνάλισκω, *φ. -ανῶλω*, *to spend or consume besides*—*αορ. I part.* *προσανῶλῶσα*

προσ-ἀναπληρώω, *φ. ὠσω*, *to fill up by something into fill up the measure of*.

προσ-ἀναρτάω, *φ. ἦσω*, *to buoy up besides or upon*.

προσ-ἀναστέλλω, *to bold in check besides*.

προσ-ἀνατίλλω poet. *προσ-αντ-*, *to rise up towards*.

προσ-ἀνατίθημι, *φ. -θήσω*:—*to offer or dedicate besides*:—Med. *to take something additional on oneself: to contribute besides*: also I. *to confer or consult with*.

προσ-ἀνδράπέδω, *φ. ἴσω* Att. *ἰῶ*, *to enslave besides*.

προσ-ἀνεμι (*ἀνά*, *ἔμι* *ibo*), *to go up to*

προσ-ἀνείπον, *αορ. 2* without pres. in use (*προσ-αναγορεύω* being used instead) *to announce, publish or order besides*.

προσ-ἀνής, *ἐς*, Dor. *for* *προσηνῆς*.

προσ-ἀντης, *ἐς*, gen. *εως*, (*πρός*, *ἀντην*) *rising up against or so as to meet one, up-bill*, Lat. *arduus*.

II. metaph. *steep, arduous: irksome, displeasing painful*. III. of persons, *adverse, hostile*.

προσ-ἀπαγγέλλω, *φ. ελῶ*, *to report besides*.

προσ-ἀπαγορεύω, *to forbid besides*.

προσ-ἀπαίτεω, *φ. ἦσω*, *to demand besides*.

προσ-ἀπειλέω, *φ. ἦσω*, *to threaten besides*.

προσ-ἀπείπον, *αορ. 2* without pres. in use (*προσ-*

απαγορεύω being used instead), to forbid, renounce besides.

προσ-αποβάλλω, f. βαλῶ, to throw away or lose besides.

προσ-απογράφω, f. ψω, to enroll or register besides.

προσ-αποδείκνυμι, f. δείξω, to prove besides.

προσ-αποδίδωμι, to pay as a debt besides.

προσ-αποκρίνομαι, Med. to answer besides.

προσ-αποκτείνω, f. κτενῶ, to kill or slay besides.

προσ-απολαύω, f. σω, to enjoy besides.

προσ-απόλλυμι and -λύω : f. -ολέσω :—to destroy, despatch, kill besides : to lose besides :—Med., with pf. 2 act. προσ-απόλωλα, to perish besides or with others.

προσ-αποπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away or off besides.

προσ-αποτέλλω, f. -στελῶ, to send off besides.

προσ-αποστερέω, f. ἥσω, to defraud besides.

προσ-αποτιμῶ, f. ἥσω, to value or estimate besides.

προσ-αποφέρω, f. -αποίω, to carry off besides : to return or report in besides.

προσ-άπτω Dor. προτι-άπτω, f. ψω, to fasten to or upon, attach to, confer upon : in bad sense, to fix or impose upon, saddle with. 2. to apply to : to deliver, commit to. II. intr. to be added. III. Med. προσάπτωμαι, to touch, lay hold on, meddle with.

προσ-αραρίσκω, f. -άρσω : aor. 2 -ήραρον :—to join, fit, fasten to, c. dat. II. intrans. in pf. 2 προσ-άραρον Ion. -άραρα : 3 sing. Ep. pf. pass. προσ-αρήρεται :—to be fitted, attached or closely joined to.

προσ-αράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to dash against.

προσ-άρηρα, Ion. pf. of προσαραρίσκω.

προσ-αρήρεται, 3 sing. Ep. pf. pass. of προσαραρίσκω.

πρ-σ-αρίκω, f. έσω, to lend sufficient aid, to succour, help, assist, c. dat. II. to afford, yield, present, c. acc. reit.

προσ-αριζώ later Att. -αριζώ : f. όσω : pf. pass. -ήρσομαι :—to fit to, put or attach closely to : metaph. to adapt. II. intr. to suit or agree with a thing.

προσ-αρτάω, f. ἥσω, to fasten or attach to :—Pass. to be attached to, accrue or belong to : to be devoted to.

προσ-άσσω, Att. for προσ-αίσσω.

προσ-ατιμῶ, f. ώσω, to dishonour or deprive of civil rights besides, to degrade besides.

προσ-αυαίνωμαι, Pass. (πρός, αυαίνω) to become dried up, waste or pine away upon.

προσ-αυδάω, f. ἥσω : impf. προσηύδα, 3 sing. -ηύδα, 3 dual -ηυδήτην :—to speak to, address, accost.

προσ-αυλείος, ov, (πρός, αυλή) near a farm-yard, rustic.

προσ-αυλέω, f. ἥσω, to accompany on the flute.

προσ-αυξάνω, f. αυξήσω, to increase besides :—Pass. to grow or wax larger.

προσ-αύω, to burn by touching.

προσ-αφαιρέω, έ ἥσω, to take away besides :—Med. to take away for oneself besides :—Pass. to have a thing taken away besides.

προσ-αφικνέομαι, f. -αφίξομαι, Dep. to arrive at.

προσ-αφίστημι, f. -στήσω, to cause to revolt besides :

—Pass., with aor. 2 act. -απέστην, pf. -αφέστηκα, to revolt besides.

προσ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι : pf. -βέβηκα : αυτ. 2 -έβην, aor. I med. -εβησάμην :—to go towards, step up on : to mount or ascend. 2. to come near : to come upon, attack.

προσ-βάλλω, fut. -βαλῶ : aor. 2 -έβαλον : pf. -βέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι :—to throw to or upon, to apply or affix. 2. to assign to, add or attach to : of the Sun, άρούρας προσβάλλειν to strike the earth with his rays : to strike or reach the senses. 3. metaph., προσβάλλειν τί to lay a thing to bear, attend to it :—Med. to throw oneself upon, attack.

II. intr. to strike against, make an attack or assault upon, engage : also to attack, assail : to approach, come to. 2. to put in with a ship, come to land or port.

προσβάς, άρα, άν, aor. 2 part. of προσβαίνω.

πρόσβασις, ή, (προσβαίνω) a means of approach, access.

πρ-σ-βατός, ή, ύν, (προσβαίνω) accessible.

προσ-βιάζομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep. to force, compel, constrain to a thing. II. in aor. I pass. προσ-βιασθήναι, to be forced or hard pressed.

προσ-βιβάζω : f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ :—Causal of προσβαίνω, to bring or convey to : metaph. to bring over, persuade.

προσ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look at or upon.

προσ-βλῶσκω, f. -μολούμαι : aor. 2 -έμολον :—to come or go to, to reach, arrive at : to approach.

προσ-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to call to :—Med., Iou. aor. I προσεβωσάμην, to call to oneself, call in.

προσ-βοηθέω Ion. -βωθῶ, f. ἥσω, to come to aid, come up with succour : to bring succour or support to.

προσβολή, ή, (προσβάλλω) a putting to or upon ; applying. II. a falling upon, an attack, assault ; προσβολή 'Αχαιῶν an attack of the Achæans. 2. generally, a going towards, a means of approaching : an approach. 3. of ships, a place to touch at, harbour.

πρόσ-γενος, ov, (πρός, γένεα=γή) near the earth : near land.

πρόσ-βορρος, ov, (πρός, βορέας) exposed to the north wind.

προσ-γελάω, f. -άσομαι [ά], to look with a smile upon, to gladden, Lat. arrire.

προσ-γίγνομαι, later προσ-γίν- [ι] : fut. -γενήσομαι : pf. -γεγέννημαι : Dep. :—to come or go to, attach oneself to. 2. generally, to be added, accrue. Lat. accedere. 3. to arrive : of things, to come to, happen to.

προσ-γράφω, f. ψω : pf. -γέγραφα, pass. -γέγραμμαι :—to write besides, annex a clause or codicil ; τα προσγεγραμμένα conditions added to a treaty.

προσγυμνάζω, f. άσω, to exercise at or with.

προσ-δανείζω, f. σω, to lend in addition to :—Med. with pf. pass. προσδεδάνεισμαι, to have lent one, borrow in addition.

προσ-δανᾶν, f. ἦσω, to spend besides.
 πρόσδεγμα, ατος, τό, (προσδέχομαι) reception.
 προσ-δεῖ, impers. there is still wanting. 2. c. gen.
 there is still need of.

πρόσ-δέχομαι, Ion. for προσδέχομαι.
 προσ-δέομαι Dor. poet. ποτι-δέομαι: f. -δεήσω:
 aor. I pass. -εδεήθην: Dep.:—to be in want of, stand
 in need of besides: absol. to be in want. II. to
 beg or ask of another: to beg one to do.

προσ-δέρομαι Dor. ποτι-δέρομαι: fut. med. -δέρ-
 ξομαι: aor. I pass. -εδέρχην; and in same sense
 aor. 2 act. -έδρακον, pf. -δέδορκα: Dep.:—to look at,
 behold.

πρόσδετος, ον, (προσδέω) tied to a thing.
 προσ-δύομαι. poet. for προσδέομαι. Dor. ποτιδ-
 προσ-δέομαι Ion. τροσ-δέομαι: fut. -δέξομαι: pf.
 -δέδεγμα Ep. aor. 2 προσεδέγμην, with Dor. part.
 ποτιδέγμενος:—to accept or receive favourably: to
 admit into one's presence: generally to admit. II.
 to wait for or expect a thing: absol. to wait patiently,
 abide.

προσ-δέω (A), f. -δήσω: pf. pass. προσδέδεμαι:—
 to tie, bind, or fasten to or on.

προσ-δέω (B), f. -δεήσω, to need besides.
 προσ-δηλέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to injure or ruin
 besides.

προσ-διαβάλλω, to calumniate besides. II. to
 insinuate besides.

προσ-διαιρέομαι, Dep. to distinguish further.
 προσ-διαλέγομαι, aor. I pass. -διελέχην, Dep. to
 converse besides with.

προσ-διαμαρτύρῳ, f. ἦσω, to testify in addition.
 προσ-διανέμω, to distribute:—Med. to divide among
 themselves.

προσ-διαπασσάλευ, to fasten to with nails.
 προσ-διαπράσσω, f. ξω, to achieve or accomplish
 besides:—Med. to achieve for oneself besides.

προσ-διαφθείρω, f. -φθερῶ; pf. -έφθαρκα, pass.
 -έφθαρμαι. aor. 2 pass. -εφθάρην [α]:—to destroy
 besides: Pass. to perish besides.

προσ-δίδωμι, f. δώσω, to give besides or in addition.

προσ-διηγέομαι, f. ἦσομαι, Dep. to narrate be-
 sides.

προσ-δικάζω, f. ἄσω, to award as a judge to a per-
 son:—Med. to be engaged in a lawsuit

προσ-διορθόω, f. ἄσω, to ordain besides:—Med. to
 correct oneself besides

προσ-διορίζω, f. σω, to define or specify besides.

προσ-διώκω, f. ξω, to pursue besides.

προσ-δοκᾶν Ion. -έω: fut. ἦσω: aor. I -έδοκσα:
 —to expect, look for: to await.

προσ-δοκῶ, f. -δέξω: aor. I -έδοξα:—to seem or
 be thought besides.

προσδοκῆτος, ον, (προσδοκάω) expected.

προσδοκία, ἡ, (προσδοκάω) a looking for, expecta-
 tion, anticipation, whether of good or bad; πρόσ
 προσδοκίαν according to expectation.

προσδοκίμος, ον, (προσδοκάω) expected, looked for,

or to be expected; ἐπὶ Μίλητον προσδοκίμος expected
 to come against Miletus.

προσ-δότης Dor. ποτιδότης, ον, (πρός, δόρον)
 belonging to or serving for supper.

προσ-δράκειν, aor. 2 inf. of προσδέρομαι.

προσδράμειν, aor. 2 inf. of προστρέχω: προσδρα-
 μών, part.: formed from obsol. δρέμω.

προσ-εάω, f. ἄσω [α], to suffer to go further.

προσέβην, aor. 2 of προσβαῖνω.

προσεβήσето, Ep. for -ατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of
 προσβαῖνω.

προσ-εγγίζω, f. σω, to bring near. II. intr. to
 approach, draw near.

προσ-εγγράφω, f. ψω, to inscribe besides upon a
 pillar: esp. to add a limiting clause.

προσ-εγγυᾶομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Med. to become surety
 besides.

προσ-εγχρίβω, f. ἴσω [ι], to smear on besides: to be-
 smear or bedaub besides.

προσ-εδάφίζω, f. σω, to fasten to the ground: ge-
 nerally to make fast.

προσεδρεία, ον -ία, ἡ, a sitting by or near: esp. a
 sitting down before a place, besieging, blockade, Lat.
 obsessio. 2. close attention to a thing, Lat. assi-

duitas:—esp. a sitting by a sick-bed. From
 προσεδρεῖν, aor. 2 (πρόσεδρος) to sit beside or near,
 be near to, Lat. assidere. 2. to attend constantly.

προσεδρία, ἡ, = προσεδρεία.

πρόσεδρος, ον, (πρός, ἔδρα) sitting or abiding near;
 πρόσεδρος λγνύς the surrounding smoke.

προσέειπε, Ep. for προσεῖπε: see προσεῖπον.

προσέθηκα, aor. I of προστίθημι.

προσ-εθίζω, f. σω, to accustom or inure one to a thing:
 —Pass. to accustom or inure oneself to a thing.

προσ-εἶναι, -δῶς, inf. and part. of προσοίδα.

προσ-εἶδον, inf. προσοῖδεν, part. προσιδών: aor. 2
 without any pres. in use, προσοράω being used in-
 stead: inf. med. προσοιδέσθαι:—to look at or upon.
 II. Pass. προσοίδομαι, to appear beside or near to, to
 be like.

προσεῖκα, Att. for προσοεῖκα, q. v.

προσ-εἰκάζω, f. σω: aor. I -ἤκασα:—to make like
 to, liken to, make to resemble:—Pass. to be like, re-
 semble. II. metaph. to compare.

προσ-εἰκελος, η, ον, also ος, ον, somewhat like.

προσ-εἰλέω Dor. προπι-εἰλέω, to press or force
 upon or against, compress.

προσεῖληφα, -εἰλημμαι, pf. act. and pass. of προσ-
 λαμβάνω.

προσελόμεν, aor. 2 med. of προσαιρέω.

πρόσ-ελος, ον, (πρός, εἰλη) towards the sun, sunny,
 warm, light.

πρόσ-εἰμι, inf. προσιέναι: impf. προσ-ῆεν Ion. -ῆισ.
 Att. -ῆα: aor. 2 part. προσιών: (πρός, εἰμι ἵδο):—to
 go to or towards: to approach one. 2. in hostile
 sense, to go or come against, attack. 3. to come
 forward to speak. II. of Time, to come

on. III. to come in: τὰ προσιόντα χρήματα or

τὰ προσπίοντα alone, *ti* public income, revenue, Lat. *reditus*.

πρόσ-εμι, inf. προσεῖναι: impf. προσῆν: (προς, εἰμὶ πῆν):—to be at, near or by, to be against. II. to be added to, attached to: to belong to, be in: absol. to be there, be offered.

προσ-εῖπον, inf. προσεῖπν: aor. 2 without any pres. in use (προσαγορεύω being used instead):—to speak to one, to address or accost: to salute. 2. to call so and so: to name

προσ-εἰσπράσσω, f. ξω, to exact payment of besides. προσ-σεῖω, f. σω, to bold out and shake: προσεῖεν χεῖρα to shake one's hand with a threatening gesture: to bold out as a bugbear, menace one with.

προσ-εκβάλλω, to cast out or expel besides.

προσ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away besides.

προσ-εκπύρρω, f. ὦσω, to kindle, set on fire besides.

προσ-εκτίον, verb. Adj. of προσέχω, one must apply: absol. one must attend.

προσεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προσέχω) attentive.

προσ-εκτ'λλω, to pluck out besides.

προσεκυρσα, aor. I of προσκυρέω.

προσ-εκχλευάζω, f. σω, to ridicule besides.

προσ-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω [ᾶ], Att. -ελάω: aor. I -ἤλασσα:—to drive towards II, intr., I. (sub. ἵππον or ἄρμα), to ride towards, ride up to, Lat. *adequitare*. 2. (sub. στρατόν), to march up, proceed, arrive.

προσελεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of προσλέγω.

προσελέω, false form for προουσελέω.

προσελθεῖν, προσελθών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προσέρχομαι.

προσ-έλκω, f. -έλξω or -ελκύω [ῥ]: aor. I -εἰλκῦσα:—to draw to or towards, draw on:—Med. to draw towards oneself, attract.

προσ-ελλέπω, f. ψω, to be still wanting.

προσ-εμβαίνω, f. -εμβήσομαι: aor. 2 -ενέβην:—to step upon: to trample upon, Lat. *insultare*.

προσ-εμβλέπω, f. ψω, to look into besides.

προσ-εμπικραίνω, Pass., with fut. med. -ανούμαι, to be angry with besides or further.

προσ-εμφερέης, ές, resembling.

προσ-εναΐε, Dor. for προσ-ένηξε, 3 sing. impf. of προσνήχω.

προσ-ενδείκνυμι, f. -ενδείξω, to declare besides:—Med. to shew oneself off to another.

προσ-ενεχυράζω, f. σω, to seize as an additional pledge for payment.

προσ-ενθυμέομαι: fut. med. -ενθυμήσομαι and pass. -ενθυμηθήσομαι: Dep.:—to think on or take into consideration besides.

προσ-ενέπω, to address, accost. 2. to intr or command to do, c. inf. 3. to call by name.

προσ-ενοέω, f. ἥσω, to think on or observe besides.

προσ-εντέλω, f. -τενώ, to inflict besides.

προσ-εντέλλομαι, Dep. to enjoin or command besides.

προσ-εφαρίομαι, Med. to choose out for oneself or select besides.

προσ-εἰμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι, to fail still more.

προσ-εξανδραποδίζομαι, Att. fut. -ιούμαι: Dep.:—to enslave utterly besides.

προσ-εξανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to make to stand forth besides:—Pass., with aor. 2 act. to rise up to.

προσ-εργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:—to work out or accomplish besides: the pf. προσεξεργασμαι is used in the depon. sense, but also takes a pass. sense, to have been achieved or effected besides: cf. ἐργάζομαι.

προσ-εξετάζω, f. σω, to examine, search into besides.

προσ-εξευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to find out besides.

προσ-έοικα, pf. with pres. sense, Att. προσεῖκα, inf. προσεῖκεναι: there is also a pass. form of pf., προσήγμαι:—to be like or resemble in a thing. II. to seem fit.

III. to seem to do.

προσ-επαίνω, f. έσω, to praise besides.

προσ-επατιόμαι, f. -άσομαι [ᾶ]:—to accuse besides.

προσ-επεμβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, -προσεμβαίνω.

προσ-επεξευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to invent or devise for any purpose besides.

προσέπεσον, aor. 2 of προσπίπτω.

προσ-επβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to throw upon besides, to add over and above

προσ-επιγράφω [ᾶ], f. ψω, to write upon besides.

προσ-επικειμαι, Pass. to press or bear hard upon.

προσ-επικτάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to gain or acquire besides: to make additions to.

προσ-επιλαμβάνομαι, Med. to help to take hold of a thing: to help or succour, esp. in war

προσ-επιορκέω, f. ἥσω, to swear a false oath besides.

προσ-επινέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to blow against still.

προσ-επιπνέω, f. ἥσω, to trouble oneself still more.

προσ-επισκώπτω, f. ψω, to jest at besides.

προσ-επίσταμαι, fut. med. -επιστήσομαι, aor. I pass. -ηπιστήθην: Dep.:—to understand or know besides.

προσ-επιστέλλω, f. -στελῶ: to notify, enjoin, charge besides: esp. by letter.

προσ-επισφραγίζομαι, Att. fut. -ιούμαι:—med.:—to set one's seal to besides: hence to confirm or ratify besides

προσ-επιτρέπομαι, Pass. to enjoy oneself besides or still more.

προσ-επιτροπέω, t. σω, to act as guardian to one further:—Pass. to be subject to as guardian, be the ward of another.

προσ-επιφωνέω, f. ἥσω, to say by way of addition.

προσ-επιχαρίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, Dep. to gratify besides.

προσπεπάμην [ᾶ], aor. 2 of προσπετομαι.

προσ-εργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: pf. -είν-ασμαι: Dep.:—to work or effect besides.

πρόσ-εργος, ον, (πρός, έργον) industrious.

προσ-ερεύομαι, Dep. to vomit forth against: metaphor., κύματα προσερεύεται πέτρων the waves break foaming against the rocks.

προσερέω Att. contr. προσερά, fut. to προσείπον: —to speak to, to address.
 προσ-ερίψω, f. σω, to strive, vie with or against.
 προσ-έρομαι, f. —ερίσσομαι: aor. —ηρόμην, inf. —ερέσθαι: Dep.:—to ask besides.
 προσ-ερίπω Dor. ποθέριπω: f. ψω: aor. I προσείρ-
 πύσα:—to creep or steal on, approach, draw nigh; δ
 προσέρπων χρόνος the coming time; τὸ πρόσεργον the
 coming event, the future.
 προσέρρηξα, aor. I of προσήγγνυμι.
 προσ-εργυγγάνω, = προσερευγομαι.
 προσ-έρχομαι, impf. —ηρχόμεν, f. —ελεύσομαι (but
 the Att. impf. and fut. are προσθην, πρόσκειμι): Dep.
 with act. aor. 2 —ήλθον, pf. —ελήλυθα:—to come or
 go to: to come forward: absol. to approach, draw
 nigh; also to be nigh at hand. 2. to visit, asso-
 ciates with. 3. in hostile sense, to go or march
 against. II. to come in, of revenue, Lat. redire.
 προσ-ερωτάω, f. ήσω, to ask or question besides.
 προσ-έσπερος Dor. ποθ-έσπερος, on, verging to-
 wards evening: neut. pl. τὰ ποθέσπερα as Adv.,
 towards evening.
 προσ-εταίριζομαι, Med. to take to oneself as a friend,
 choose as one's comrade, attach to oneself. Hence
 προσεταιριστός, on, joined with as a comrade, at-
 tached to a party.
 προσ-ετί, Adv. over and above, besides.
 πρόσευξαι, aor. I imperat. of προσεύχομαι.
 προσ-ευπορέω, f. ήσω, to procure or supply besides:
 be provided with.
 προσ-ευσκω, f. —ευσήσω, to find besides.
 προσ-ευχή, ή, prayer. II. a place of prayer. From
 προσ-εύχομαι, f. —ξομαι, Dep. to offer prayers or
 vows: absol. to worship: also c. acc. to pray for a
 thing.
 προσέφην, ης, η, aor. 2 of πρόσφημι.
 προσεχής, ές, (προσέχω) of place, adjoining, bor-
 dering upon, close to, next.
 προσ-έχω, f. έω: aor. 2 πρόσέσχον: pf. προσ-
 έσχηκα:—to have besides or in addition. II. to
 hold to, bring to or near; προσέχουσιν ναύν to bring a
 ship to port or to land; and without ναύν, to put in
 or touch at a place; προσέχειν τή γή, τή νήσῳ to
 touch at: to land: sometimes also ναυσί προσ-
 έχειν. III. προσέχειν τὸν νοῦν, to turn one's
 mind, thoughts, attention to a thing, Lat. animum
 advertere: also without τὸν νοῦν, to attend; προσ-
 έχειν ταυτὶ to give heed to oneself. 2. to devote
 oneself to a thing. 3. to pay court to. IV.
 Med. to attach oneself to a thing, cling, cleave to it:
 also to devote oneself to the service of any one. V.
 Pass. to be held fast by a thing: to be implicated in.
 προσ-έως, on, (πρός, έως) towards dawn or morn-
 ing.
 προσ-έυνυμι, f. —έυνω; to yoke or fasten to:—
 Pass. to be bound or yoked to.
 πρόσ-ηβος, on, (πρός, ήβη) near manhood.
 προσηγάγον, aor. 2 of προσάγω.

προσηγορέω, f. ήσω, (προσήγορος) to address kindly:
 to console. Hence
 προσήγόρημα, atos, τό, the object of an address.
 προσήγορία, ή, (προσηγορέω) an addressing kindly,
 friendly greeting. II. a naming, name.
 προσ-ήγορος, on, (πρός, άγορεύω) addressing, ac-
 costing: αἱ προσήγοροι δρύες the speaking oaks: c. gen.,
 εύχμάτων Παλλάδος προσήγορος addressing prayers
 to Pallas: generally, affable. II. pass. addressed,
 accosted:—as Subst. προσήγορος, δ, an acquaintance.
 προσηδάφισμαι, pf. pass. of προσεδάφιζω.
 προσήξει, 2 sing. pf. pass. of προσείκω.
 προσηκάμην, aor. I med. of προσήμι.
 προσηκόντως, Adv. pres. part. of προσήκω, suitably,
 fitly, becomingly.
 προσήκον, part. neut. of προσήκω used absol., it
 being fit or becoming, Lat. quum conveniat or con-
 veniret.
 προσ-ήκω, to have come to, to have arrived at a
 place: to be near, be at hand. 2. metaph. to be-
 long to. II. impers., προσήκει πρὸς τινα it con-
 cerns, has reference to one; c. dat., προσήκει μοι it is
 my business. 2. it belongs to, seems, befits: see
 προσήκον.
 III. the Partic. προσήκων, οντα, on,
 is very common, belonging to, befitting, seeming:
 and of persons, related, akin: οἱ προσήκοντες (in full
 οἱ προσήκοντες γένει), one's kinsmen, relatives: τὸ
 προσήκον or τὰ προσήκοντα that which belongs to
 one; all that is proper to oneself; τὴν προσήκονσαν
 σωτηρίαν εκπορίζεσθαι to devise means for one's own
 safety; τὰ προσήκοντα what is fit or seemly, one's
 duties.
 προσ-ήλιος, on, (πρός, ήλιος) towards the sun, ex-
 posed to the sun, sunny.
 προσ-ήλω, f. ώσω, to nail, pin, or affix to. II.
 to nail up, shut close up.
 προσήλϋθον, aor. 2 of προσέρχομαι.
 προσ-ήλϋτος, on, (προσηλυθον) come to, arrived at:
 —as Subst., προσήλϋτος, δ, a new comer, stranger,
 Lat. advena; hence, one who has come over to Ju-
 daism, a convert, proselyte.
 πρόσ-ημαι, properly pf. of προσέζομαι: Pass.:—to
 sit upon or close to: to remain close to.
 προσ-σημαίνω, f. ανώ: aor. I προεσήμνηα:—to give
 previous or public intimation: to foretell, an-
 nounce. II. to proclaim, publish.
 προσήνεγκα, used as aor. I of προσφέρω.
 προσ-ήνεμος, on, (πρός, άνεμος) towards the wind,
 windward.
 προσηνήχον, used as aor. I pass. of προσφέρω.
 προσ-ηνής, Dor. προσ-ανής, ές, (πρός, ές) soft,
 gentle, kindly: well-disposed: hence inclined, sui-
 table to. Adv. προσηνώς.
 προσήρητμαι, pf. pass. of προσάρταω.
 προσηύδα, 3 sing. impf. of προσαυδάω.
 προσ-ηϋος, on, (πρός, ήως) Ion. for προσεως, to-
 wards morn: neut. as Adv. in Dor. form τὸ ποτ-αϋον,
 towards morning.

προσ-θᾶκω, f. ἦσω, to sit beside, near or upon.
 πρόσθε, Ion. and poet. for πρόσθεν.
 προσθέν, προσθεῖς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προστίθημι.

πρόσθεν Ion. and poet. πρόσθε: (πρό).
 As Prep. with gen.: I. of Place, before, in front of, in defence of. II. of Time, before.

As Adv.: of Place, before, in front, to the front, forwards: with the Art., εἰς τὸ πρόσθεν forward, further, to the front. II. of Time, before, formerly, of old: also c. Art., ἡ πρόσθεν ἡμέρα the day before: also τὸ πρόσθεν as Adv., formerly.

III. also before, in sense of sooner, Lat. prius; πρόσθεν ἀποθανεῖν ἢ.. to die sooner than ..

προσθέντο, Ion. for προσθῆτο, aor. 2 med. opt. of προστίθημι.

πρόσθε, aor. 2 Imperat. of προστίθημι.

πρόσθεσις, ἡ, (προστίθημι) a putting to, applica-

tion. II. an adding, an addition

προσθητέον, verb. Adj. of προστίθημι, one must add: also one must teach.

πρόσθετος, ov, or η, ov, verb. Adj. of προστίθημι, added, fitted or adapted to: put on, of false hair.

προσ-θῶ, f. -θύσομαι, to run towards or to.

προσθήκη, ἡ, (προστίθημι) an addition, appendage, supplement. 2. something added, a mere acci-

dent. II. aid, help, assistance.

πρόσθημα, ατος, τό, (προστίθημι) an addition.

προσ-θυγγάνω, f. -θῶ: aor. 2 προστέγγον. inf. προσθιγγεῖν:—to touch.

πρόσθιος, α, ov, (πρόσθεν) the foremost; of πρόσθιος πόδες the fore feet.

προσθό-δομος, δ, (πρόσθε, δόμος) the chief of a house.

προσθοῖ, aor. 2 med. imperat. of προστίθημι

προσ-θροέω, f. ἦσω, to call to, address

προσ-θυμιος, ov, (πρός, θυμός) according to one's mind, agreeable, welcome.

προσθιεῖν, προσθιδών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προσθιέω

προσ-ῥιζέω, to sit by or near. II. to be always near, cleave to, follow close, Lat. instare

προσ-ῥίζω, f. -ῥήσω, to sit by or near

προσ-ῖημι: fut. προσήσω, med. -ήσομαι: aor. 1 προσῆκα, med. -ηκάμην:—to send to or towards, let come to to apply.

II. Med. προσέωμαι, to let come to or near one, suffer to approach, admit. 2. to admit, allow, accede to, believe: to approve. 3.

to accept, submit to, put up with. 4. c. inf. to undertake to do. venture: c. acc. pers. to please one; in od προσέταλ με one thing pleases me not.

προσ-ῖνκομαι, f. -ῖομαι, Dep. to come to, arrive at, reach: c. gen. to reach so far as, come up to. 2. to come to as a suppliant. Hence

προσέκτωρ, opos, ὁ, one that comes to the temples, a suppliant.

II. pass. he to whom one comes as a suppliant, a protector, guardian.

προσ-ῖπνέω, f. σω, to ride up to, charge.

προσ-ῖστημι, f. -στήσω: to place near, bring

near.

II. Pass. προσίσταμαι, with intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 -έστην, pf. -έστηκα:—to stand near to, beside or at: also to come to, arrive at. 2 metaph., προσίσταται τί μοι something occurs to me. 3. to set oneself against: hence to offend

give offence to.

προσ-ιστορέω, f. ἦσω, to narrate besides.

προσ-ῖσχω, = προσέχω, to hold towards or against: intr. to put to land, but into port:—Med. to stick or cleave to.

προσινός, ἡ, ὅν, verb. Adj. of πρόσσειμι (εἴμι ἰβοῖ, approachable.

προσινών, οὔσα, ὅν, aor. 2 part. of πρόσσειμι (εἴμι ἰβοῖ).

προσ-καθίζομαι, f. -καθεδούμαι: aor. 2 -καθεζόμεν Dep.:—to sit by, near, beside. II. to sit down be-

fore a town, besiege it, Lat. obsidere.

προσ-κάθημαι Ion. -κάττημαι, properly pf. of προσ-καθίζομαι: Pass.:—to sit by or near, to sit beside one, to live with. II. to sit down before a town,

besiege it, Lat. obsidere.

προσ-καθέλω, aor. 1 -καθελέω, to haul down besides.

προσ-καθίζω, f. σω, to sit down by or near: also c. acc. cogato, θέκον προσκαθίζεω, to sit on a seat

προσ-καθίστημι, f. στήσω, to appoint besides.

προσ-καθοπλίζω, f. σω, to arm or equip besides.

πρόσ-καιρος, ov, lasting but for a time, transitory

προσ-καίω, f. -καύσομαι, to set on fire besides:—

Pass., pf. προσέκαυμαι, to be burnt through: σκέην προσέκαυμένα pots burnt through: also to be inflamed with love, to be in love with.

προσ-κᾶλώ, f. ἔσω, to call to, call on, summon:—

Med. to call to oneself, call to one's aid. 2. in Att of a prosecutor, to call into court, summon, accuse, lay an indictment against: in full, δίκην ἀσβείας

προσκαλεῖν πρὸς τὸν βασιλέα to bring an action for impiety against .., but commonly without δίκην

προσκαλεῖν τινα ἀνανδρίας (sub. δίκην) to bring an action for cowardice against:—Pass., ὁ προσκληθείς

the party summoned.

προσ-κάρδιος Dor. ποτι-κ-, ov, (πρὸς, καρδία) on or at the heart.

προσ-καρτερέω, f. ἦσω, to persevere in a thing. 2. to adhere firmly to a man. Hence

προσκαρτερήσεις, ἡ, perseverance.

προσ-καταβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go down to besides

προσ-καταβάλλω, f. -βαλῶ, to pay so as to make up a deficiency. Hence

προσκατάβλημα, ατος, τό, that which is paid in addition, a sum paid to make up a deficiency in the revenue.

προσ-καταγιγνώσκω, f. -γνώσομαι, to condemn besides.

II. to adjudge or award to.

προσ-κατασχίνω, f. ἑνῶ, to disgrace still further

προσ-καταλέγω, f. ἔω, to enroll in addition to.

προσ-καταλείπω, f. ῥω, to leave behind, bequeath besides: also to leave, lose besides.

προσ-κατανέμω, f. -νεμῶ, to allot or assign besides,

προσ-καταριθμέω, f. ἦσω, to count besides.
 προσ-κατασκευάζω, f. σω, to furnish or prepare besides:—Pass. to be furnished or prepared besides.
 προσ-κατασύρω [ῶ], to pull down besides.
 προσ-κατατίθημι, f. -καταθήσω, to pay down besides, pay as a further deposit.
 προσ-κατηγορέω, f. ἦσω, to lay to one's charge besides:—Pass., as logical term, to be predicated besides.
 προσ-κάτھμαι, Ion. for προσκάθημαι.
 πρόσ-κειμαι Ion. πρόσ-κέομαι, f. -κείσομαι, serving as Pass. of προστίθημι, to be placed or laid besides or upon, lie by, near, or upon; τῇ θύρᾳ προσκείσθαι to keep close to the door. 2. to lie with. II. to be joined with, involved in. III. to be attached or devoted to; προσκείσθαι τῷ λεγομένῳ to put faith in, subscribe to a story: to devote oneself to: also in bad sense, to be given or addicted to. IV. to press upon, solicit: to press close or hard. V. of things, to fall to one, belong to: also to be laid upon, imposed, inflicted: also to be added.
 προσκέκλημαι, pf. pass. of προσκαλέω.
 προσ-κερδαίνω, f. δῆσω, to gain besides.
 προσ-κεφάλαιον, τό, a cushion for the head, pillow: also a cushion for sitting on, a boat-cushion.
 προσ-κηρδής, ἐς, (πρός, κῆδος) attached to, affectionate. II. akin to, allied with.
 προσ-κηρτκεύομαι, Dep. to send a herald to one.
 προσ-κηρῡσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to summon by herald.
 προσ-κιγκλίζω, (πρός, κίγκλος) to move to and fro, wag the tail at:—Pass., εὔ ποτεκιγκλίσδεν (2 sing. Dor. impf. for προσεκιγκλίζου) nimbly didst thou twist or writhe about.
 προσ-κλάω, f. άσω [ᾶ], to shatter or shiver against.
 προσ-κληρόω, f. ώσω, to assign by lot:—Pass. to be associated with.
 πρόσκλησις, ἡ, (προσκαλέω) a judicial summons.
 προσ-κλίνω, f. -κλινῶ: pf. pass. προσκλίνμαι, Dor. 3 sing. ποτικέκλιται:—to make to lean against, to put to or against:—Pass. to lean against, to be turned towards. Hence
 πρόσκλισις, εως, ἡ, inclination, bias, partiality.
 προσ-κλύζω, f. ύσω, to wash with waves: to dash against, of the waves.
 προσ-κνέω, f. -κνήσω, to rub against:—Med. to rub oneself against.
 προσ-κοιμίζομαι, Pass. to go to sleep beside.
 προσ-κοινώω, f. ώσω, to communicate to, give a share of a thing to another.
 προσ-κολλάω, f. ἦσω, to glue on or to:—Pass. to be fastened to, to cleave to.
 προσ-κομίζω, f. ύω Att. ιῶ, to carry or convey to a place:—Med. to bring with one, bring home: to import.
 πρόσκομμα, ατος, τό, (τροσκύπτω) a stumble: an occasion of stumbling, cause of offence or sin.
 προσ-σκοπέω fut. προσκείσομαι and aor. I προύσκοψά-

μην (as if from προσ-σκέπτομαι, which does not occur): pf. προύσκεμαι:—to see beforehand, look out for: to provide against:—Med. to watch, take care of. II. to spy or reconnoitre beforehand. Hence
 προσ-σκοπή, ἡ, a spying or reconnoitring beforehand.
 πρόσ-κοπή, ἡ, (προσκόπτω) = πρόσκομμα.
 πρόσ-σκοπος, ον, seeing beforehand, foreseeing. II. as Subst., πρόσκοποι, οί, outposts, scouts.
 πρόσ-κόπτω, f. ψω, to strike or dash against; πρ-τὸν ποῦν to strike one's foot, i. e. to stumble, against, Lat. offendere. II. metaph. to mistake, err. 2. to take offence, be angry at.
 προσ-κορής, ἐς, (πρός, κορέννυμι) causing satiety, palling, disgusting.
 πρόσ-κράνος, ον, (πρός, κρᾶνον) on or for the head:—as Subst., πρόσκρᾶνον Dor. ποτικρ-, τό, a cushion for the head, pillow.
 προσ-κρούω, f. σω, to strike against: to have a collision with, quarrel with.
 προσ-κτάομαι, f. -κτῆσομαι: pf. -κέκτημαι: Dep.:—to gain, get or win besides: to win over to one's side or party: pf. part. also in pass. sense, τὰ προσκεκτημένα things acquired besides.
 προσ-κῦλλω, f. -κυλίω [ῖ]: aor. I -εκύλισα:—to roll to or against.
 προσ-κύνέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I προσεκύνησα ποῖτ. προσέκυσα:—to prostrate oneself before in token of respect, to do obeisance to. 2. of the gods, to worship: also to deprecate the wrath of the gods, disarm them by worship. Hence
 προσκύντης, οὔ, ὁ, a worshipper.
 προσ-κύπτω, f. ψω: pf. -κέκλυτο:—to stoop to or over one, to stoop and whisper to him.
 προσ-κύρῶ, f. ἦσω; with three irreg. tenses, impf. προσέκυρον, f. προσκίρσω, aor. I προσέκυρσα:—to reach, arrive at, c. dat.; to be at or near: to befall, betide: c. acc. to meet with.
 προσκύσαι, πρόσκυσον, aor. I inf. and imper. of προσκύνω.
 πρόσ-κυνος, ον, (πρός, κύπη) working at the oar: as Subst., πρόσκυπος, ὁ, a rower.
 προσλαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προσλαμβάνω.
 προσλαβών, προσλαβόμενος, aor. 2 part. act. and med. of προσλαμβάνω.
 προσ-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι: aor. 2 -έλαχον: pf. -είληχα:—to obtain by lot besides; προσλαγχάνειν δίκην to obtain the right of bringing an action besides.
 προσ-λάττωμαι, Dep. = προσλαμβάνω.
 προσ-λάλλω, f. ἦσω, to talk to or with.
 προσ-λαμβάνω, fut. -λήβομαι: aor. 2 -έλαβον: pf. -είληφα:—to take or receive besides or in addition to: to get over and above, to gain or win besides:—so also in Med. 2. to take another to help one, take with one. II. to take bold of: to take part in:—to take hold of a thing besides:—so also in Med., c. gen. reid, to be accessory to, take part in a work; and c. dat. pers. to help, assist.
 προσ-λέγω, f. ξω, to lay to or near:—Pass. to lie

near or by; 3 sing. Ep. aor. 3 pass. προσέ-
λεκτο. II. to speak to, address, accost:—Med. to
mediate.

προσ-λεύσσω, to look at or upon.

πρόσληψις, ἡ, (προσλαμβάνω) a taking or assuming
besides: an assumption.

προσ-λῑ-ἄρῃω, f. ἦσω, to persist or persevere in. II.
to importune, c. dat. Hence

προσλῑλήρῃσις, ἡ, importunity.

προσ-λογίζομαι, f. ἴσμαι Att. ἰούμαι, Dep. to
reckon or count in addition to. II. to impute to.
Hence

προσλογιστέον or plur. -ῖα, verb. Adj. one must
count besides, reckon in.

προσμάθητέον, verb. Adj. one must learn besides.
From

προσ-μανθάνω, f. -μάθῃσμαι, to learn besides.

προσ-μαρτύρῃω, f. ἦσω, to bear witness besides,
bear additional witness: to confirm by additional
evidence.

προσ-μάσσω, f. ῥω: aor. I -έμαθα:—Pass., aor. I
προσεμάχθην: pf. -μέμαγαί:—to knead or plaster
against, to attach closely to; προσμάσσειν τὸν Πει-
ραιᾶ τῇ πόλει to knead or stick on Peiræus to the
city:—Pass. to be stuck fast to; πλευραῖσι προσμα-
χύεν stuck close to his sides: so aor. I med. with pass.
σεῖσε, ποτιμαζόμενος, stuck or sticking close to (the
hand).

προσ-μάχομαι [ᾶ]: f. -μαχέσμαι Att. -μαχοῦμαι:
Dep.:—to fight against: esp. to assault a town.

προσμεῖναι, προσμεῖναις, aor. I inf. and part. of
προσ-μένω, f. -μενῶ, to abide or wait still longer;
πρῑσμένειν τινί to remain or wait for some one. II.
trans. to await, c. acc.: to abide one in battle, stand
on's ground against.

προσ-μεταπέμποιμαι, Med. to send for besides.

προσ-μηχανάομαι, f. ἦσμαι, Med. to contrive be-
sides for oneself. II. Pass. to be cunningly fas-
tened to.

προσ-μῑγνῦμι and -νῶ: fut. -μίξω:—to mingle or
join with, unite to, bring to. II. intr. to come

into contact with, come or go to a place: also to land,
arrive at. 2. of persons, to hold intercourse with,
meet with:—in hostile sense, to go against, to meet in
battle, engage with.

πρόσμιξις, ἡ, (προσμίγνυμι) a mixing or mingling
with. II. a coming to, approaching. 2. an
attacking, assault.

προσ-μίσγω, Ion. form of προσμίγνυμι.

προσ-μίσθω, f. ἦσω, to bate besides.

προσ-μισθῶ, f. ὦσω, to let out for hire or interest
besides:—Med. to take into one's hire, hire.

προσ-μολαῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προσβλάσσω.

πρόσ-μορος, ov, doomed to woe, ill-fated.

προσ-μυθέομαι, f. ἦσμαι: Dor. ποτι-μ-: Dep.:—to
address, accost.

προσ-μυθολογέω, f. ἦσω, to chatter in.

προσ-μύρομαι, Dep. to flow to or with. [9]

προσ-ναυπηγέω, f. ἦσω, to build ships in addition.
προσ-νάχω [ᾶ], Dor. for προσνήχω.

προσ-νέμω, f. -νεμῶ: aor. I -νεῖμα:—to allot,
assign, devote or dedicate to: to add:—Pass. to be
assigned:—Med. to grant on one's own part, to de-
votē, dedicate. 2. προσνέμειν ποῖμνας to drive flocks
to pasture.

προσ-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι, to swim to or towards.

προσ-νήχω, also as Dep. προσ-νήχομαι, to swim
towards. II. of water, to dash upon.

προσ-νίσσομαι Dor. ποτιν-, Dep. to come or go
to. II. to come against.

προσ-νοέω, f. ἦσω, to perceive besides.

προσ-νομῶ, f. ἦσω, to put to one's lips.

προσ-ἔνν-: for all words so beginning, see προσ-
συν-.

προσ-ὄδιος, ov, (πρός, ὄδιος) belonging to a solemn
procession, processional: τὸ προσόδιον (sub. μέλος) a
solemn thanksgiving, Lat. supplicatio.

πρόσ-οδος, ἡ, a going or coming to, an approach,
advance: in pl. πρόσοδοι, onsets, attacks. 2. a
solemn procession to a temple. 3. a coming for-
ward to speak, leave to speak. II. income, rent,

esp. the public revenue; mostly in plur. revenues, re-
turns, profits, Lat. redditus, proventus.

πρόσ-οῖδα, pf. without any pres. in use, (πρός, οἶδα)
to know besides. 2. προσειδέναι χάριν to owe
thanks besides.

προσ-οικεῖω, f. ὦσω, to assign to a person as his own.

προσ-οικέω, f. ἦσω, to dwell by or near; of towns,
to lie near or next. II. trans. to dwell in or near
a place.

προσ-οικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build in addition or near.

πρόσ-οικος, ov, (πρός, οἰκέω) dwelling near to, bor-
dering on, neighbouring: as Subst., πρόσοικος, ὁ, a
neighbour.

προσοιστέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of προσφέρω, to be
added to. 2. neut. προσοιστέον one must add.

προσ-οῖσω, used as fut. of προσφέρω.

προσ-οίχομαι, Dep. to go to a place.

προσ-οκέλλω, aor. I -ῶκεῖλα, to run asbore.

προσ-ολοφύρομαι, Dep. to utter one's sorrows to.

προσ-ομαρτέω, f. ἦσω, to go along with.

προσ-ομιλέω, f. ἦσω, to hold intercourse or converse
with, associate with. II. c. dat. loci, to remain
at or cling to a place. III. to busy oneself with,
be engaged with a thing.

προσ-ὀννυμι, to swear besides or in addition.

προσ-ὀμοῖος, ov, nearly like, resembling. Hence
προσομοῖω, f. ὦσω, to make like to.

προσ-ομολογέω, f. ἦσω, to concede or grant be-
sides: to acknowledge a further debt. 2. to pro-
mise besides. 3. to give in, surrender, come to
terms. Hence

προσ-ὀμωρος, ov, adjoining, adjacent.

προσ-ονομάζω, to call by a name; προσονομάζειν
θεούς to give them the name θεοί.

προσ-οπτέζω Dor. ποτ-, poet. for προσοράω,

προσ-οράω, f. -όσομαι : aor. 2 -είδον :—to look at :
—so also in Med. προσοράομαι.
προσ-ορέγομαι, Med. to reach out after : c. dat. to
be urgent or pressing with.
πρόσ-ορθρος, ον, (πρός, ὀρθρος) towards morning :
neut. as Adv. in Dor. form τὸ ποτὶ ὀρθρον, at dawn.
προσ-ορίζω, f. σω, to mark out besides :—Med. to
mark out for oneself besides ; προσορίζεσθαι οἰκίαν to
have a house marked in proof of a mortgage.
προσ-ορμίζω, f. σω, to bring to anchor at or near
a place :—Pass. and Med., f. -ορμίζομαι, aor. I -ωρ-
μισάμην and -εομισήην, to come to anchor near a
place. Hence
προσ-ορμίστις, ἡ, a coming to anchor or to land.
προσ-ουδίζω, f. σω, (πρός, οὐδας) to dash to earth.
προσ-ουρέω, f. ἦσω, to make water upon.
πρόσ-ουρος, ον, Ion. for πρόσυρος, (πρός, ὄρος) ad-
joining, bordering on, adjacent ; τὰ πρόσορα the ad-
jacent parts ; ἐν αὐτῷ ἦν πρόσορος where he was his
own neighbour, i. e. lived in solitude.
προσ-οφείλω, f. ἦσω, to owe yet more, be in debt
besides :—Pass. to be still owing, be still due.
προσ-οφλισκάνω, f. -οφλήσω : aor. 2 -ῶφλον, inf.
-οφλεῖν :—to owe besides, to incur as a further debt :
generally, to incur or deserve besides : as law-term, to
lose one's suit and incur a penalty besides.
προσ-οχθίζω, f. σω, to be wroth with : to be offended at.
πρόσ-οψις, ἡ, appearance, aspect, look ; σὴ πρόσ-
οψις thy presence, i. e. thine own self, thine. II. a
seeing, beholding, sight.
προσ-οπαίω, f. -παίσομαι : aor. I -έπαισα :—to play,
sport or jest with. 2. to laugh at, banter, mock.
πρόσ-οποιος, ον, (πρός, ποίω) striking upon : sudden,
new, fresh, recent : ἐκ προσοποιου as Adv., suddenly,
suddenly.
προσ-πάλαω, f. σω, to wrestle or struggle with one.
προσ-παραγράφω, to write beside or in addition.
προσ-παρακάλω, f. έσω, to call in besides, invite.
προσ-παραμένω, to remain near besides.
προσ-παρασκευάζω, f. σω, to prepare besides.
προσ-παρδένω, aor. 2 inf. of προστέρδω.
προσ-παρίχω, f. έω, to furnish or provide besides.
προσ-πασσάλλω Att. -παττάλλω, f. σω, to nail
fast on or to. II. to nail up or bang upon a peg.
προσ-πάσχω, f. -πείσομαι, to be affected be-
sides. II. to be passionately in love with.
προσ-πεινος, ον, (πρός, πείνα) hungry, a-hungered.
προσ-πελάζω, f. έσω, to bring near to, drive
against. II. intr. and Pass. to approach, come
nigh to.
προσ-πέμπω, f. έω, to send to : to conduct or convey to.
προσ-πέρδομαι, with aor. 2 act. -έπαρδον. oppedere.
προσ-περιβάλλω, to throw or put around besides :
—Med. to put round oneself :—Pass. to be put or
drawn round. II. Med. to compass, seek to
obtain.
προσ-περιγίγνομαι, Dep. to remain over and above.
προσ-περιλαμβάνω, to embrace besides.

προσ-περιποιέω, to lay by or preserve besides.
προσ-περονάω, f. ἦσω, to fasten with a pin to or on.
προσ-πεσών. οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προσπίπτω.
προσ-πέσομαι, f. -πήσομαι : aor. 2 -επάμην [ά],
for which an aor. 2 act. προσέπτην is often used : Dep. :
—to fly to or towards : to come or light upon one
suddenly.
προσ-πέθομαι, poet. for προσπνθανομαι.
προσ-πήγνυμι and -ύω, f. -πήξω, to fix to or on :
affix to the cross.
προσ-πίέζω, f. έσω, to press or oppress besides.
προσ-πίλναμαι, Dep. to approach quickly
προσ-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι : aor. 2 -έπεσον :—to
fall upon or against : strike against. 2. to fall
upon, attack, assault. 3. to fall upon a person,
embrace him, join him. 4. to run or rush up to :
to embrace : to join. 5. to fall in with, light upon,
encounter. II. of events, to fall upon, befall one :
to happen, occur. 2. to come suddenly to one's
knowledge. III. to fall down to or before, to
prostrate oneself : c. acc. to fall down to, suppli-
cate.
προσ-πίνω, poet. for προσπίπτω, to fall upon : to
embrace. II. to fall down to or before, supplicate.
προσ-πλάζω, shortd. for προσπελάζω, intr. to come
near, draw nigh, approach.
προσ-πλάσσω Att. -πτω :—I. -πλάσω [ά] : pf. pass.
-πέπλασαι :—to form or mould upon.
πρόσπλευτος, ον, (προσπλάζω) approachable.
προσ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι : Ion. pres. προσπλώω :
—to sail towards or against.
προσ-πληρόω, f. έσω, to fill up or complete a num-
ber : to man ships besides, man more ships ; and in
Med. to get them manned.
προσπλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, to or on which one may sail,
navigable. From
προσ-πλώω, Ion. for προσπλέω.
προσ-πνέω Ep. -πνέω : f. -πνεύσομαι :—to blow
or breathe upon, inspire : impers. with gen., προσπνέ-
μοι κρεῖων there is a smell of meat.
προσ-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, to make over to, attach or add
to. II. Med. προσποιέομαι, to add or attach
to oneself : of person* to bring over to one's own side,
win or gain over. 2. of things, to take to oneself,
pretend to, lay claim to, Lat. affectare. 3. gene-
rally, to pretend, feign, affect ; c. inf. to pretend
to do : also to use as a pretence, allege, adduce : δέῃ μὴ
προσποιεῖσθαι one must make as if it were not, pre-
tend it is not so, Lat. dissimulare. Hence
προσποίησις, ἡ, a gaining for oneself, an acqui-
sition. 2. a taking to oneself, pretence or claim
to a thing.
προσ-ποιητός, ὄν (προσποιέω) taken to oneself, as-
sumed, adopted.
προσ-πολεμῶ, f. ἦσω, to carry on war against, be
at war with : also to attack or harass in war.
προσ-πολεμῶ, f. έσω, to make hostile besides :—
Med. to go to war with besides.

προσ-πολέω, *f. ἴσω*, to attend or wait upon:—Pass. to be attended, ministered to. From
 πρόσ-πολος, *ov*, (πρός, πολέω) serving:—as Subst., πρόσπολος, *o* and *h*, a servant, esp. a ministering priest or priestess; πρόσπολος φόνου minister of death.
 προσ-πορεύομαι, *f. εὐσομαι*, Dep. to go to, approach.
 προσ-πορίζω, *f. ἴσω* Att. *ῶ*, to procure besides.
 προσ-πορπάτεις, *h*, *ov*, (πρός, πορπάω) fastened on or to with a pin, close-fastened.
 πρόσ-πράσσομαι, *f. πράσομαι*: aor. I -επραξάμην: Med.: (πρός, πράσσω):—to exact or demand besides.
 πρόσπταισμα, *ατος*, τό, a stumble. From
 προσ-πταίω, *f. σω*, to strike against: esp. to strike one's foot against, and absol. to stumble, to limp, halt. II. metaph. to fail: to suffer a disaster or defeat.
 προσπῆναι, inf. of προσέπτην, aor. 2 act. of προσπέτομαι.
 προσ-πτήσσω, *f. ξω*, to crouch or cower towards; εἶται λιμένος ποτιπεπτηνῆαι (Ep. and Dor. for προσπεπτηνῆαι, pf. part. pl. fem.) headlands verging towards the harbour, i. e. closing it in.
 πρόσπτυγμα, *ατος*, τό, that which is embraced, the object of one's embrace or caress. From
 προσ-πτύσσω, *f. ξω*, aor. I -έπτυξα:—to embrace. II. as Dep., προσ-πτύσσομαι Dor. ποτι- or προτι-πτύσσομαι: *f. -πτύσομαι*: pf. -έπτυγμαι:—of a garment, to fold itself close to, cling close round. 2. of persons, to fold to one's bosom, clasp, embrace: hence to greet warmly, welcome. 3. of a festival, to celebrate.
 προσ-πτύω, *f. -πτύσω* [δ]:—to spit upon: aor. I part. προσπτύσας, spitting in sign of contempt.
 προσ-πυνθάνομαι, *f. -πύνσομαι*: aor. 2 -επύθόμην:—to enquire or learn besides.
 προσ-ραίνω, to sprinkle besides or about.
 προσραπτέω, verb. Adj. one must sew on. From
 προσ-ράπτω, *f. ψω*, to sew on.
 προσ-ρέω, *f. -ρεύσομαι*: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) -ερρήν:—to flow to or towards, flow in a stream to, hence to gather, assemble.
 προσ-ρήνυμι, *f. -ρήξω*: aor. I -έρρηξα:—to assault or beat against.
 πρόσ-ρημα, *ατος*, τό, an address, salutation: a name, designation.
 πρόσ-ρησις, *h*, an addressing, accosting: a name.
 προσ-ρήσσω, -προσρήνυμι.
 προσ-ρίπτω, *f. ψω*, to throw on.
 προσ-σαίνω, to fawn upon, of dogs: metaph. to wheedle, flatter: of things, to please, Lat. arrideo.
 προσ-σίβω, to worship or honour besides.
 πρόσσοθεν, poet. for πρόσωθεν, forwards, onwards.
 προσσοτέρω, Adv., poet. for προσωτέρω.
 προσ-σπαίρω, to pant for a thing.
 προσ-στίβω Dor. ποτι-, to drop on, speak over.
 προσ-σταυρώ, *f. ὥσω*, to draw a stockade along or in front of a place, c. acc.
 προσ-στέλω, aor. 2 -έστιχον:—to go to or towards.

προσ-στέλλω, *f. -στελῶ*, to compress in small compass: pf. pass. part. προσεσταλμένος, tight-drawn, tucked up. Lat. adstrictus. II. to fit to: Mea. to keep close to.
 προσ-συκοφαντέω, *f. ἴσω*, to slander besides.
 προσ-συμβάλλομαι, Med. to contribute to besides or at the same time, c. gen.
 προσ-συνίστημι, *f. -συστήσω*, to recommend further.
 προσ-συνοικέω, *f. ἴσω*, to settle with others in a place, make a joint settlement with.
 πρόσσω, Adv., poet. for πρόσω.
 προσ-σώρεύω, to bear up besides.
 προστάκεις, προστάκηναι, aor. 2 pass. part. and inf. of προστήκω.
 προστάθεις, aor. I pass. part. of προίστημι.
 προσ-σφάζω or -σφάττω, *f. ξω*, to slay at or near.
 πρόσταγμα, *ατος*, τό, (προστάσσω) an order, command: ἐκ προστάγματος by command.
 προσ-τάθεις, aor. I pass. part. of προστέλνω.
 προστακτίον, verb. Adj. of προστάσσω, one must order.
 προσ-τάλαιπωρέω, *f. ἴσω*, to persist or persevere till further.
 πρόσταξις, *h*, (προστασσω) an ordaining, ordinance: πρόσταξιν ποιέσθαι to make an assessment.
 προ-στάσια, *h*, (προίστημι) a being at the head of, presidency, chieftainship, leadership: patron-ship. 2. patrisanship, party, faction II. a place before a building, a court, area
 προσ-τάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: aor. I -έταξα: Pass., aor. I -ετάχην: pf. -τέταγμα:—to place or post at a place. 2. to ascribe, assign, award to a class or party; plqpf. pass., Ἰνδοί προσετέταχτο the Indians had been assigned to . . . 3. to appoint as commander. II. to enjoin or give orders, to order to do; τα προσταχθέντα orders given.
 προστασία, *h*, (προστάτης) = προστασία, presidency, authority: patronage, protection.
 προ-στάτεύω, (προστάτης) to be leader: absol. to exercise authority: πρ. ὅπως . . ., to provide or take care that . . .
 προ-στέτω, *f. ἴσω*, (προστάτης) to stand before or at the head of, be ruler over, be president or leader of; δ προστατῶν be that acts as chief:—Pass. to be ruled or led by one. II. to stand before, protect, guard, c. gen.; in Att. to be a patron or guardian. III. δ προστατῶν χρόνος time that is close at hand. Hence
 προστατήριος, *a, ov*, standing before, protecting, guarding. II. standing before or close to, hovering or sitting before one.
 προστατής [δ], *ov, o*, (προστάται) one who stands in front, a front-rank man. II. a chief, ruler, leader: the leader of a party. III. one who stands before and protects, a protector, patron, guardian:—at Athens, a citizen, whom a μέτοικος chose as his patron, standing to him in much the same

relation as the Roman *clien*s to his *patronus*; γράψασθαι προστάτον to register oneself by one's patron's name; in Pass., γεγράφομαι προστάτου I will be enrolled under the name of a patron. IV. one who stands before a god, a suppliant.

προ-στάτις, ἴδος, fem. of προστάτης, a protectress. προ-σταυρώ, f. ὥσω, to draw a stockade along. προ-τεθήσομαι, fut. pass. of προστίθην. προ-τεχίζω, f. σω, to add to a wall, include within the walls.

προ-τείχω, to advance, go before. προ-τεκταίνομαι, Med. to add of one's own device. προ-τελέω, f. ἔσω, to pay or spend besides. προ-τέλλω, f. -στελῶ, to guard or cover in front, shelter:—Med., προστέλλεσθαι τινα to send one forth equipped:—Pass., aor. 2 προστάλῃν [ἄ], to equip oneself for a journey, go forth, start. προ-οσενάξω, f. ξω, and προ-στένω, to sigh or grieve beforehand.

προ-στερνίδιος, ον, (πρό, στέρνον) before the breast: as Subst., προσστερνίδιον, τό, a covering or ornament for the breast of horses.

πρό-στερνος, ον, (πρό, στέρνον) before or on the breast. προσ-τέρπω Dor. ποτι-τέρπω, to delight beside. προσ-τεταγμένος, pf. pass. part. of προστάσσω. προ-σ-τεχναόμαι, Dep. to devise besides. προσ-τήκω, f. ξω, to melt into besides. II.

intrans. in pf. act. προστέτηκα, aor. 2 pass. προσετέτηκην [ἄ], to stick fast to, to cleave to.

προ-στήσας, aor. I part. of προσστήμι. προσ-τίθημι, fut. -θήσω: aor. I -έθηκα: aor. 2 -έθη:—to put to, apply, fit. 2. to put to, add.

3. to bestow or confer upon, to give: in bad sense, to impose, inflict. 4. to attribute or impute to. 5. to band over, to deliver over, consign to.

II. Med. προστίθεμαι: aor. 2 -εθέμην, imperat. -θοῦ, subj. -θῶμαι:—to add or associate oneself to, join: to agree with, consent to, to be well-inclined towards: absol. to come over, submit. 6. 2. to take to oneself besides or to take as one's friend or ally; προστίθεσθαι πολέμους to make one's enemy besides; προστίθεσθαι δέμαρτα to take to wife. 3. to apply to oneself, bring upon oneself. 4. to exhibit, declare.

προ-τίλω, f. ἦσω, to be foul with dung. προσ-τίμω, f. ἦσω, to award a further penalty:—Med. to propose an additional penalty:—Pass. to be imposed as an additional penalty. Hence προστίμημα, ατος, τό, that which is awarded over and above the regular penalty, an additional penalty.

προ-στόμιον, τό, a mouth of a river. προσ-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn to or towards in prayer or supplication, to supplicate:—so also in Med. to turn oneself towards, supplicate.

προ-τρέφω, f. -θρέφω, to bring up in. προσ-τρέχω, f. -δράμωμαι: aor. 2 -εδράμον:—to run to, towards or against: absol. to run up. 2. in hostile sense, to run at, make a sally or sudden attack.

προ-τρέβω [ῥ]: f. ψω: Pass., aor. 2 -ετρέβην [ῥ]: pf. -τέτριμμα:—to rub on or against:—Med. to rub oneself against: to inflict or cause to be inflicted on a person: to attach the rebutation of a thing to him:—Pass. to be inflicted. II. in Pass. also to have intercourse with. Hence

πρό-τριμμα, τό, that which is rubbed on or inflicted upon one: a brand, disgrace, affliction.

προ-τρόπαιος Dor. ποτι-τρ-, ον, (προστροπή) I. act. turning oneself towards or to a god to obtain purification after being stained by crime, a suppliant: as Adj., προστρόπαιοι λιταὶ suppliant prayers. II. also of one who has not yet been purified, a polluted person, Lat. homo piacularis: as Adj., προστρόπαιον αἷμα, polluting blood, blood-guiltiness. II. pass. be to whom one turns; θεὸς προστρόπαιος the god to whom one turns for vengeance, the avenger:—as Adj. visiting with vengeance, implacable.

προστροπή, ἥ, (προστρέπω) a turning oneself towards in prayer or supplication: in plur. prayers, conjurings; πόλεως προστροπὴν ἔχων to address a petition to the city. 2. προστροπή γυναικῶν a suppliant band of women.

πρό-τροπος, ον, (προστρέπω) turning towards: hence, like προστρέπαιος, a suppliant.

προ-τυχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι: aor. 2 -έτυχον:—to hit or light upon, meet or fall in with, obtain, c. gen. 2. of events, to befall one. 3. ὁ προστυχάνων, ὁ προστυχὼν the first person one meets, anybody; τὰ προστυχόντα ἐμένα the gifts that come to one's share. προσ-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω, to insult or treat with indignity besides.

πρό-συγγίγνομαι Att. προ-ξυγγ-, Dep. to be with beforehand, converse with beforehand.

προ-συμμιόγω, to intermix first.

προ-συνοικέω, f. ἦσω, to live together before.

προ-υπάρχω, f. ξω, to exist or happen besides.

προ-υπέχω, f. -υφέξω, to be accountable also, stand surety for.

προ-υποσχέομαι, Dep. to promise besides πρόσ-φάγιον, τό, (πρός, φάγειν) anything eaten with other food: something to eat.

πρό-σφαγμα, ατος, τό, that which is sacrificed to or before, a victim. 2. a sacrifice, slaughter. From

προ-σφάζω latec -πτω, to sacrifice beforehand. II. to sacrifice for or in behalf of.

προ-σφαίνομαι, Pass. to appear besides.

προ-σφάσθαι, inf. med. of πρόσφηνμι.

πρό-σφάτος, ον, (πρός, σφάττει 3 sing. pf. pass. of *σφένω) lately slain, fresh-slaughtered: generally, fresh, new, late, Lat. recens:—neut. πρόσφατον as Adv., lately: also regul. Adv. πρόσφατος, lately.

προσφερής, ἐς, (προσφέρω) brought to or near, approaching. 2. like, resembling. II. = πρόσφορος, serviceable, conducive.

προσ-φέρω Dor. ποτι-φέρω: f. προσοίσω: aor. I pass. προσ-ενέχθησθαι Ion. ἐνέχθησθαι:—to bring to, near or upon: to apply to, lay to or upon. 2. to

present, offer: also to eat before one, offer meat or drink: and in Med. to take meat or drink to oneself. 3. to give besides, to add. 4. to bring forward, produce as authority. 5. to contribute to, to bring in, yield.

II. Pass., with fut. med. προσοίσσμαι, to be borne or carried towards: of ships, to put in. 2. to rush against or upon, attack, make an onset:—το ρυβ. 3. to approach, converse with, to have dealings with. 4. absol. to behave or bear oneself. 5. to come near, be like, resemble: cp. προσφέρης, ἰμπερής. 6. to be put or imposed upon one.

προσ-φεύγω, f. -φεύγομαι, to flee for refuge to. Hence

προσφευκτέον, verb. Adj. one must be defendant in an action besides: cf. φεύγω IV.

πρόσ-φημι, to speak to, address: imperf. or aor. 2 πρόσφημι, η, η; inf. med. προσφάσθαι.

πρόσ-φθέγγομαι Dor. ποτι-φθέγγομαι: f. -φθεγγομαι: Dep.:—to call to, address, accost, salute. II. to call by name, call. Hence

προσ θόλομαι, Pass. to be ruined besides: to go to ruin, meet in an evil hour, esp. in aor. 2 part. προσθθάρει.

προσφθεγκτός, ὅς, addressed, saluted. II. act. saluting.

πρόσφθεγμα, ατος, τό, (προσφθέγγομαι) an address, salutation: in plur. words, accents.

πρόσφθογγος, ον, (προσφθέγγομαι) addressing, saluting.

προσ-φθονέω, f. ἦσω, to oppose through envy.

προσφίλεια, ἡ, (προσφίλη) kindness, good will.

προσφιλέστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of προσφίλος.

προσ-φίλης, ἐς, (πρὸς, φιλέω) dear, beloved, friendly: of things, dear, pleasing, grateful, Lat. gratus. II. of persons, kindly affectioned, grateful.

προσ-φίλοσοφός, f. ἦσω, to study philosophy besides, to speculate further upon.

προσφιλώς, Adv. of προσφιλης, kindly; προσφιλώς ἔχειν to be kindly affectioned.

προσ-φοιτάω, f. ἦσω, to go regularly to, as to a school, to shops, and the like: see φοιτάω.

προσφορά, ἡ, (προσφέρω) a bringing to, applying: a presenting, offering. II. that which is brought to a person, an addition, increase: also a kindness, benefice.

προσ-φορέω, = προσφέρω to put up, apply. 2. to present, offer. Hence

προσφόρημα, ατος, τό, that which is taken to one, food, victuals.

πρόσφορος Dor. ποτίφ-, ον, (προσφέρω) serviceable, useful, profitable. 2. convenient, suited to, fit or meet for: c. inf. fit or meet to do:—τὰ πρόσφορα what is fit or meet, fitting service; τὰ πρόσφορα as Adv., fitly.

προσφύεις, Ion. Adv. of προσφύης: see προσφύω.

προσφύης, ἐς, (προσφύω) growing upon, hanging to, attached to, devoted. II. naturally fitted, suitable.

προσφύς, aor. 2 part. of προσφύω.

πρόσφύσις, ἡ, (προσφύομαι) a growing to or upon, a clinging to.

προσ-φύω, f. -φύσω: aor. I προσέφυσα:—to make to grow to or upon, to hang upon, fasten to. II.

Pass., with intr. tenses of Act., viz. aor. 2 προσέφυν, part. προσφύς, ὄν, ἔν; pf. προσπέφυκα:—to grow to or upon: to hang upon, cling to, be attached to.

προσφύως Ion. -έως, Adv. of προσφύης, with natural fitness, suitably, ably.

προσ-φώνέω, f. ἦσω, to call or speak to, address, accost. 2. to call by name, to name, speak of.

3. to address or dedicate a thing to another.

προσφώνηεις Dor. ποτιφ-, εσσα, εν, (προσφωνέω) addressing, capable of addressing.

προσφώνημα, ατος τό, (προσφωνέω) that which is addressed to another, an address.

προσφώνηεις, εως, ἡ, (προσφωνέω) an addressing. 2. a dedication.

προσ-χάσκω, f. -χάνομαι: aor. 2 προσέχων: pf. (in pres. sense) προσέχην:—to gape or stare open-mouthed at one, Lat. inhiare.

προσ-σχεθεῖν, poet. for προσχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προέχει:—Med., προσχεθόμην, I warded off from myself.

προσ-χέω, I. χέω, to pour to or on.

πρόσχημα, ατος, τό, (πρόχω) that which is held before, hence, I. a skreen, cloak, pretence, pretext: πρόσχημα τοῦ πολέμου the ostensible cause for the war. II. outward show, ornament: so

Miletus is called πρόσχημα τῆς Ἰωνίης the chief ornament of Ionia.

προσ-χόω, old form of προσχώννυμι, to dam up.

προσ-χρήζω, f. ἦσω: Ion. προσχρήζω, f. ἦσω:—to require or desire besides: προσχρηζῖς ἑμέων τελεθεσθαι I desire you also to obey.

πρόσχυσις, ἡ, (προσχύω) a pouring upon.

προσ-χώννυμι and -ύω: f. -χώσω (from προσχώω): aor. I προσέχωσα:—to heap up besides: of water, to deposit mud, silt, etc.; προσχώννυμι χερσὶ to form new lands by deposition. 2. to choke up with mud, silt up. II. to throw earth against: Pass. to have earth thrown against.

προσ-χωρέω, f. ἦσω or ἦσομαι, to go to, approach, c. dat. II. to come or go over to, join another:

to surrender, give oneself up to. 2. to accede, assent or agree to: to concur in: to believe. 3. to approach, be near to, agree with, be like. 4. to put faith in, believe.

πρόσ-χωρος, ον, (προς, χώρα) lying near, adjoining, adjacent:—as Subst., πρόσχωρος, ὁ, a neighbour.

πρόσχωσις, ἡ, (προσχώννυμι) a heaping up besides: deposition of mud, etc. II. a bank or mound raised against a place.

προσ-ψαύω Dor. ποτιψαύω, to touch upon, touch.

προσ-ψιθυίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι: Dep.:—to vote besides: to grant by a majority of votes.

προσ-ψιθυρίζω, f. σω, to whisper, chirp or whistle to.

πρόσω *poēt.* πρόσσω Dor. and Att. πόρσω later πόρρω, like Lat. *porro*, Adv.: (πρό, πρός): I. as Adv., 1. of Space, *forwards, onward, further on*; opp. to ἐγγύς, *far off, afar*; also with the Art., τὸ πρόσω *forward*. 2. of Time, *forward, before*. II. c. gen. *far towards or to*; πρόσσω τοῦ ποταμοῦ *far into the river*; προβαίνειν πόρρω τῆς μοχθηρίας *to be far gone in wickedness: far from, οὐ πρόσσω Ἑλλησπόντου not far from the Hellespont*. 3. of Time, πρόσσω τῆς νυκτὸς *far into the night*.—Comp. and Sup. προσωτέρω, —άτω.

προσ-ωδία, ἡ, (πρός, ᾠδή) *a song sung to or accompanied by music*. II. *the tone or accent of a syllable*.

προσ-ωδός, ὄν, (πρός, ᾠδή) *singing or sounding to, in harmony with*.

πρόσσωθεν Adv. Att. πόρρωθεν Ep. πόρροθεν (πρό-σω) *from afar*. II. *from long ago*.

προσ-ωνέομαι, f. ἥσομαι, Dep. *to buy besides*.

προσώπατα, τά, Ep. plur. of πρόσωπον.

προσωπεῖον, τό, (πρόσωπον) *a mask*.

προσωποληπτέω, *to be a respecter of persons*. From προσωπο-λήπτης, οὐ, ὁ, (πρόσωπον, λήπται 3 sing. pf. pass. of λαμβάνω) *a respecter of persons*.

προσωποληψία, ἡ, (προσωποληπτέω) *respect of persons*.

πρόσ-ωπον, τό: pl. πρόσωπα Ep. προσώπατα, Ep. dat. προσώπασι: (πρός, ὤψ)—*a face, visage, countenance*; κατὰ πρόσωπον *in front, face to face*. II. also *one's look, countenance, Lat. vultus*; τὸ σὺν πρόσωπον, periphr. for σὺ.

III. —προσωπεῖον, *a mask, Lat. persona*—*hence like πρόσχημα, show, outward appearance*. IV. *later, a person*.

προ-σωρεύω, f. σω, *to pile or heap up before*.

προσωτάτος, ὁ, οὐ, Sup. Adj. formed from Adv. πρόσω, *furthest*:—*hence Adv. προσωτάτω, or neut. plur. προσωτάτα as Adv., furthest*.

προσώτερος, α, οὐ, Comp. Adj. formed from Adv. πρόσσω, *further off*: *hence Adv., προωτέρω or τὸ προωτέρω, further*.

προσ-ωφέλει, f. ἤσω, *to help or assist besides, contribute one's help to*: absol. *to be of use or assistance*. Hence

προσωφέλημα, ατος, τό, *assistance in a thing; and προσωφελήσις, ἡ, a helping, aiding, advantage*. προσωφελήτεον, verb. Adj. of προσωφελέω, *one must assist*.

προτακτέον, verb. Adj. of προτάσσω, *one must place or post in front*. 2. *one must prefer*.

προ-τάμνω, (πρό, ταμία) *to lay in beforeband*.

προ-τάμνω, Ion. for προτέμνω.

προτάμωμην, aor. 2 med. opt. of προτέμνω.

προτέμνω, aor. 2 part. of προτέμνω.

προ-ταρβέω, f. ἤσω, *to fear beforeband*. II.

to fear or be anxious for one.

προ-ταρχειώ, f. σω, *to salt or pickle beforeband*: generally, *to preserve or prepare for keeping*.

πρότῃσις, ἡ, (προτάσσειν, 2 sing. pf. pass. of τείνω)

a stretching forward.

II. *that which is put forward*: in Logic, *a proposition assumed, a premise*. 2. in Gramm., *the antecedent clause of a sentence, answered by the ἀπόδοσις*.

προ-τάσσω Att. —τω: f. ξω: aor. I —έταξα: pf. —τέταχα: Pass., aor. I —ετάχην: pf. —τέταγμαi:—*to place or post in front*: Med., προετάξω τῆς φάλαγγος τοὺς ἱππεῖς *he posted his horse in front of the phalanx*:—Pass. *to be stationed first, take the lead*; τὸ προταχθέν or οἱ προτεταγμένοι, *the front ranks, van*.

II. generally, *to determine or arrange beforehand*.

προ-τείνω, f. —τενῶ: aor. I —έτεινα: pf. —τέτακα: Pass., aor. I —ετάχην [α]: pf. —τέταμαι:—*to stretch out, put forward: to expose to danger*. 2. metaph. *to hold out, put forward as a pretext or excuse*. II. *to stretch forwards or forth, bold out, as a suppliant*.

2. *to offer, tender, proffer*: also *to bold out, show at a distance, Lat. ostentare*. III.

Med., μισθὸν προτείνεσθαι *to claim or demand as a reward*. IV. intr. *to stretch or project forward*.

προ-τειχίζω, f. σω, *to protect by a wall*. Hence προτειχισμα, τό, *an advanced work, outwork*.

προ-τέλειος, οὐ, (πρό, τέλος) *before a solemnity or religious rite*. II. προτέλεια (sc. ἱερὰ), τά, *sacrifices or rites usual before any solemnity*; προτέλεια γάμων *the sacrifice before the marriage-rite*; θύειν τὰ προτέλεια *to perform an initiatory sacrifice in behalf of*.

2. προτέλεια, generally, *a beginning, outset*.

προ-τελέω, f. έσω, *to pay as toll or tribute, give, pay, or expend beforehand*.

προ-τελίζω, f. ίσω, (πρό, τέλος) *to present as a previous sacrifice or offering, esp. before marriage*.

προ-τεμένισμα, ατος, τό, (πρό, τέμενος) *the precincts or entrance of a τέμενος or sacred place*.

προ-τέμνω, f. —τεμῶ: aor. 2 προϋτάμω:—*to cut up beforehand*.

II. *to cut off in front, cut short, Lat. praecidere*.

III. *to cut forward or in front of one*; hence, in aor. 2 med. opt., εἰ ἄλλα διηνεκέα προταμοίμην *if I were to cut a long furrow in front of me*.

προτενθεύω, f. σω, *to pick out the dainty bits beforehand, to help oneself first to anything*. From

προ-τένθης, οὐ, ὁ, one who picks out dainty bits beforehand, *a gourmet, epicure*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

προτεραιός, α, οὐ, (πρότερος) *on the day before, like δευτεραίος, τριταίος, etc.*: ἡ προτεραία (sub ἡμέρα), *the day before*; τῇ προτεραίᾳ, Lat. *pridie, on the day before*; c. gen., τῇ προτεραίᾳ τῆς καταστάσιος *on the day before the audience*.

προτεραιότερος, α, οὐ, Comp. of προτεραιός, for πρότερος, *very long before, much earlier*.

πρότεριώ, f. ἤσω, (πρότερος) *to be before, in front, at the head*; προτερεῖν τῆς οδοῦ *to be forward on the way*.

2. of Time, *to be beforehand, get the start*.

πρότερος, η, οὐ, Comp. without any Posit. in use (the Sup. being πρώτος), answering to Lat. *prior*: cf

Place, before, in front, forward; πόδες πρότεροι the fore-feet.

II. of Time, before, sooner, earlier, older; in full, πρότερος γενεῇ elder in age; πρότεροι παῖδες children by a former marriage; τῇ προτέρῃ (sc. ἡμέρᾳ), on the day before, like προτεραία.

2. as Comp. c. gen., ἔμει πρότερος sooner, earlier than I.

3. the neut. πρότερον was used as Adv., before, sooner, earlier; πρότερον ἢ or ἥπερ, Lat. priusquam: also with Artic., τὸ πρότερον: πρότερον is often put between Art. and Subst., e. g. ὁ πρότερον βασιλεὺς the former king.

III. of Rank or Precedence, superior.

πρότερά, Adv. of πρότερος, further towards, further, forward.

πρότερώς, Adv. (πρότερον) towards the front, forward.

προ-τεύχω, f. ξω, to make or do beforehand: pf. pass. inf. προτενύχθαι, to have been done beforehand, to be past.

πρότι, old Ep. form for πρόσ. [X]

προτι-άπτω, Dor. for προσάπτω.

προτι-βάλλομαι, Dep. for προσβάλλομαι.

προτιδεγμένος, Dor. part. of Ep. aor. 2 pass. of προτιδέχομαι.

προτιελάω, Dor. of προσεἰλάω.

προτιείποι, Dor. for προσείπον, opt. of προσείπον.

προτιθεν, Ep. for προετίθειν, 3 pl. impf. of προτίθημι.

προ-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: aor. I προέθηκα Att. προέθηκα: aor. 2 προέθην contr. προέθην, inf. προθεῖναι:—to place or set before, set out: to hand to, present to:—Med. to have meat set before one.

2. to put forth or expose a child: to expose to danger.

3. to set before, set up as a mark or prize, propose: also to set as a penalty: generally, to set, fix.

II. Med. put forth on one's own part, to display: also to propose to one's mind, entertain.

III. to set forth, put out publicly; προθεῖναι νεκρόν to lay out a dead body, let it lie in state: also to make a show of, expose for view.

IV. to put forward: to hold forth, offer, tender.

2. to hold out as a pretext.

V. to put before or over.

VI. to put before, to prefer one to another.

προτι-μάσσω, Dor. for προσμάσσω.

προ-τίμω, f. ἴσω, to honour before or above another, to prefer to another.

2. to prefer in honour: to hold in esteem or regard:—Pass. to be preferred in honour; προτιμάσθαι ἐς τὸ κοινὰ to be preferred to public honours.

3. c. gen. to take heed of, care for.

4. c. inf. to wish rather, prefer: also to wish greatly, wish much. Hence

προτιμῆσις, ἡ, a preferring in honour, preference.

προτιμητός, α, ων, vet. Adj. of προτιμάω, to be preferred.

προ-τίμιον, τό, (πρό, τιμή) money paid in advance, earnest-money.

πρό-τιμος, ον, (πρό, τιμή) honoured before, worth more than.

προτι-μυθόμαι, Dor. for προσ-μυθόμαι.

προ-τίμαρέω, f. ἴσω, to help beforehand or first:—Med. to revenge oneself before.

πρότι-οπτος, ον, Dor. for πρόσ-οπτος.

πρότι-δοσσομαι, Ep. Dep., only used in pres. and impf.; (πρότι Dor. for πρόσ, δοσσομαι):—to look at or upon, behold.

II. of the mind, to foresee, forbode, presage.

προ-τίω, f. -τίσω [X], to honour before another, prefer; προτινὶ τὰ τάφου to deem one more worthy of the honour of burial than the other.

πρότι-μναι, ἡ, (πρότιμναι) the waist: the loins.

προ-τολμάω, f. ἴσω, to venture before or more:—Pass. to be first ventured or risked.

πρότι-μή, ἡ, (πρότιμναι) the upper part of anything: a half-length figure, a bust.

προτονίζω, f. σω, to baul up with ropes. From πρότονος, ὁ (προτείνω) a rope from the mast-head to the bow of a ship, the forestay of the mast.

2. a halyard.

προ-τοῦ, for πρὸ τοῦ, = πρὸ τούτου, formerly, before now, erst.

προ-τράπτεσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of προτρέπω.

προτρεπτικός, ἡ, ὄν, fitted for urging on, persuasive. Adv. -κῶς, persuasively. From

προ-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn or urge forwards, urge on, exhort or persuade to do a thing: so too in Med., to persuade, exhort to: also c. dupl. act., τὰ κατὰ τὸν Τέλλον προετρέψατο ὁ Σόλων τὸν Κροῖσον Solon prompted Croesus to inquire as to what concerned Tellus.

III. Pass., with aor. 2 med. προτρέπομαι in pass. sense, to turn forwards, turn in headlong flight: metaph., ἀχέει προτραπέσθαι to give oneself over to grief.

προ-τρέχω, f. -δραμούμαι: aor. 2 προΐδραμον (formed from obsol. δρέμω):—to run forward or forth.

II. to outrun, run past, overtake.

πρό-τρίτα, Adv. (πρό, τρίτος) three days before or for three successive days.

προ-τροπάδην, Adv. (προτρέπω) turned forwards head-foremost, headlong, with headlong speed. [X]

προ-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύσομαι: aor. 2 -ετύχον:—to happen before or beforehand: also to meet with first; τὸ προτύχον the first thing that came to hand.

προ-τύπτω, f. ψω, intr. to strike forwards, break forth, burst out; Τρῶες προτύπησαν the Trojans burst forward.

II. trans. to drive, force on; aor. 2 pass. part. προτύπει, driven, urged on.

προτύχων, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 of προτυγχάνω.

προὔβαλον, προὔβην, for προεβ-, aor. 2 of προβάλλω, προβαίνω.

προὔρραφον, for προεγραφον, impf. of προγράφω.

προὔδιδάξω, προὔδωκα, προὔθετο, for προ-δ-.

προὔθηκε, for προέθηκε, 3 sing. aor. I of προτίθημι.

προὔθυμήθη, for προεθ-, aor. I of προθυμέομαι.

προὔθυμούμην, impf. of προθυμέομαι.

προὔκαμον, for προέκαμον, aor. 2 of προκάμνω.

προὔλαβον, for προελ-, aor. 2 of προλαμβάνω.

προϋκίετο, προϋκινδύνει, for προεκ-
 προϋκῖσθαι, for προεκ-, aor. 2 of προμανθάνω.
 προϋμνηθήην, for προεμ-, aor. 1 of προμνησέομαι.
 προϋμολον, for προεμολον, aor. 2 of προβλάσκει.
 προϋνοησάμην, for προεν-, aor. of προνοέομαι.
 προϋνύπτω, v. sub προεν-.
 προϋνένησε, for προε-, aor. 1 of προξενέω.
 προϋξ-επίσταμαι, προϋξ-ερευνάω, for προεξ-
 προϋξερευνάω, for προεξερευνάω,
 προϋξέφιεμαι, for προεξεφίεμαι.
 προϋπάγω, f. ξω, to lead on gradually:—Med. to
 reduce first under one's power.
 προϋπάρχω, f. ξω: pf. pass. προϋπηργμαι: (πρό,
 υπάρχω) —to be beforeband in a thing, begin with:
 c. gen. to be the first to do a thing. II. intr. to
 exist before; προϋπάρχοντα things that happened be-
 fore, past events; τὰ προϋπηργμένα a man's antece-
 dents.
 προϋπεμψα, for προέπεμψα, aor. 1 of προπέμψω.
 προϋπεξ-οριζάω, f. ήσω, to go out secretly before.
 προϋπτεον, for προεπ-, aor. 2 of προτίπτω.
 προϋπηργμένος, pf. pass. part. of προϋπάρχω.
 προϋπτιον, προϋπτιον, for προεπ-, impf. and aor. 2
 of προπίνω.
 προϋπιστήθην, for προεπ-, aor. 1 of προεπίσταμαι.
 προϋποσχέομαι, Dep. to promise before.
 προϋποβάλλω, to put under as a foundation.
 προϋπείσμαι, f. -κείσομαι, Pass. to exist before.
 προϋπολαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to assume beforeband.
 προϋπτος, ov, contr. for πρόστος.
 προϋπύθωμι, for προεπ-, aor. 2 of προπυνθάνομαι.
 προϋργιαίτερος, α, ov, see προύργου.
 προύργου, contr. for πρό έργου, for a work or ob-
 ject: hence worth while, profitable, useful, good for
 anything; προύργου τι δρᾶν to do something of use:
 also as Adv. serviceably, conveniently.—Comp. προύρ-
 γιαίτερος, α, ov, more serviceable, useful, important;
 προύργιαίτερον ποιέσθαι to deem of more conse-
 quence:—Sup. προύργιαίτατος, η, ov, most service-
 able, etc.
 προύρρηθην, aor. 1 pass. of προερέω.
 προυσελέω, to maltreat, outrage. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 προϋστάλην, for προεστ-, aor. 2 pass. of προστέλλω.
 προϋστήσα, προϋστην, for προεστ-, aor. 1 and 2
 of προστήτημι.
 προϋτίθει, προϋτίθη, for προετ-
 προϋτίθει, for προέφαινε.
 προϋφαιρέω, f. ήσω, to withdraw from one before.
 προϋφέλω, for προοφέλω.
 προϋχω, προϋχουσα, προϋχοντο, for προέχ-
 προ-φαίνω, f. -φάνω: aor. 1 -έφηνα:—to bring forth
 to light, shew forth, manifest, display. 2. to shew
 forth by word, to declare:—Pass. aor. 2 προϋφάνην
 [ᾶ], part. προφανείς, εἶσα, έν, to be shewn forth, come
 forth and appear, come into sight, come to light;
 προϋφάνη κτύπος the sound was clearly heard. II.
 to shew beforeband, foresbew: metaph. to hold out a
 prospect beforeband, promise:—Pass. and Med. to

shew itself or appear before, be revealed before. III.
 intr. to shine forth: hold a light before.
 προϋφάνηαι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of προφαίνω.
 προϋφάνης, ές, (προφανήναι) shewing itself from
 afar: quite plain or clear; από or εκ του προφανούς
 openly.
 προϋφαντος, ov, (προφαίνω) shewn or seen from afar,
 far-famed. II. foresbwn, disclosed beforeband.
 προϋφασίζομαι, impf. προϋφασίζομην: f. ίσομαι Att.
 ιουμάι: aor. 1 προϋφασισάμην: Dep.: (πρόφασις)
 —to set up as a pretext, allege by way of excuse, c.
 acc.: absol. to make excuses: the aor. 1 pass. προϋφ-
 ασισθήναι takes a pass. sense, to be pretended, be made
 a pretence.
 προϋφάσις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ή, (προφαίνω) an appa-
 rent cause, reason, motive, pretext: mostly in bad
 sense, a mere pretext, a pretence, excuse, evasion:
 absol. in acc. πρόφασιν, as one pretends, ostensibly:
 also in dat. προφάσει, absol. for appearance, for a
 show or pretence; ἐπὶ πρόφασεως and ἐπὶ προφάσει
 by way of excuse; πρόσφασιν ποτείνειν or παρέχειν
 to put forward an excuse: elliptically, μή μοι πρόφα-
 σιν [make] me no excuse: προφάσιος έχεσθαι to lay
 hold of a pretext.
 προϋφάτος, ov, (προφαίνομαι) shewn forth, renowned.
 προ-φάτεω, προ-φάτης [ᾶ], Dor. for προφήτ-
 προφερέης, ές, placed before or in front, preferred,
 excellent: Comp. and Sup. προφερέτερος, α, ov, προ-
 φερέστατος, η, ov, more, most excellent: the Sup. also
 signifies most advanced in age, oldest. There is also
 a contr. Comp. and Sup., προφέρετος, προφέρετατος.
 προφέρησι, Ep. for προφέρη, 3 sing. subj. of προφέρεω.
 προ-φέρω, f. προοίσα: aor. 1 προήνεγκα: aor. 2
 προήνεγκον:—to bring before one, bring to, pre-
 sent. 2. of words, to throw in one's teeth, bring
 forward, object to one, Lat. objicere, exprobrare: also
 simply to utter, assert, declare: to bring forward,
 quote, produce. 3. of an oracle, to propose, com-
 mand. II. to bring forward, display; πόλεμον
 προφέρειν to declare war. III. to bear on or away,
 to carry or sweep away. IV. metaph. to put for-
 ward, further, assist, Lat. proferre, promoveri; προ-
 φέρειν τινα δδου to further one on the road. V.
 intr. to surpass, excel.
 προ-φεύγω, f. -φεύγομαι: aor. 2 προϋφύγον:—to
 flee forwards or away, flee. II. c. acc. to flee
 from, shun, avoid.
 πρό-φημ, to say beforeband, foretell.
 προφητεία, ή, (προφητεύω) the gift of interpreting
 the will of the gods. 2. the gift of expounding of
 scripture, public instruction, preaching.
 προφητεύω Dor. προφάτ-: f. σω: aor. 1 έπροφή-
 τευσα: (προφήτης):—to be an interpreter of the
 gods, interpret or expound their word. II. to ex-
 pound publicly, preach.
 προφήτης, ov, ό, Dor. προφάτης: (πρόφημ): one
 who speaks for another: an interpreter of the will
 of a god, Διός προφήτης έστί Λογίας πατρός Lc. 24

is the interpreter of his father Jove: so Poets are called Μουσῶν προφῆται, interpreters of the Muses: generally, an interpreter, proclaimer. II. an interpreter of scripture, inspired teacher, preacher. III. a foreteller, prophet.

προφητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προφήτης) oracular.

προ-φήτις, ἴδος, fem. of προφήτης, a prophetess.

προ-φθάνω, f. -φθάσω and -φθήσομαι: aor. 2 προ-φθην:—to outrun, anticipate, be beforehand with

προφθάνω, aor. 2 part. of προφθάνω.

προφθίμενος, η, ον, dead or killed before. [†]

προ-φοβέω, f. ἴσω, to frighten beforehand:—Pass.

with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to fear beforehand

προ-φορέω, to bring forward:—Med. προφορέομαι to pass the weight to and fro: metaph. to run to and fro.

προ-φράζω, f. σω: pf. pass. -πέφραμαι: to foretell.

πρόφρασσα, irreg. Ep. fem. of πρόφρων, having forethought, thoughtful.

προφρόνως Ep. -ῶς, graciously, willingly, readily, gladly: Adv. of πρόφρων.

πρό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πρό, φρήν) with forward mind, i. e. earnest, hearty, kindly, willing, ready to do a thing.

προφύγειν, aor. 2 inf. of προφεύγω,

προφύγυσθα, Ep. for προφύγεις, 2 sing. aor. 2 opt. of προφεύγω.

προφυλάκῃ, (προφυλάσσω) a guard in front, outpost, advanced guard: αἱ προφυλακαὶ outposts, picquets: διὰ προφυλακῆς on guard.

προφυλάκεις, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. Adj. of sq.; ναὺς προφυλακὴς a look-out ship.

προ-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, an advanced guard. [ὕ]

προ-φύλασσω Att. -ττω: f. ῶ:—to keep guard before or in front, to guard, c. acc.: προφυλάσσειν ἐπὶ τινι to keep guard over a person or place: absol. to be on guard, be on the look-out, keep watch:—Med.

to guard oneself: to guard against, be on one's guard against, Lat. cavere, c. acc.

προφύλαχθε, irreg. 2 plur. imperat. of προφυλάσσω.

προ-φύρω, f. ἄω [ᾶ]: pf. pass. προτεφύρωμαι:—to knead beforehand. II. metaph. to concoct, brew.

προ-φύτεύω, f. σω, to plant before: metaph. to produce, give birth to.

προ-φύω, f. σω, to generate before. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. προέφυ, pf. προτέφωκα, to be born before another.

προ-φώνω, f. ἴσω, to utter or declare beforehand. II. to command publicly.

προ-χαίρω, to rejoice beforehand: 3 sing. imperat. προχαίρετα, far be it from me! away with it! cf. χαίρε, χαίρετα, sub χαίρω.

προ-χαλκεύω, f. σω, to forge beforehand.

προ-χειρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. μῶ, to put into the band, deliver up:—Pass., aor. I part. προχειρισθῆς, and pf. προκειρισμένος, to be taken in band, undertaken: also to be arranged, made ready beforehand. II. as Dep. προχειρίζομαι, Att. fut. -ισθ-

μαι, to take into one's hand, to make ready, make me of. 2. to choose, select, appoint.

πρό-χειρος, ον, (πρό, χεῖρ) at hand, close to, convenient: handy, ready 2. easy, common. 3. of persons, ready or inclined to do.

προ-χαροτονέω, f. ἴσω, to elect before.

προχείρω, Adv. of πρόχειρος, offhand, readily: Comp. -στέρας.

προ-χέω, f. -χέω: aor. I προέχεα: pf. -πέχθηκα: Pass., aor. I προεχύθη [ῶ]: pf. -πέχθηκα:—to pour forth or forward:—Pass., metaph. of a crowd of men; ἐς πεδίον προέχοντο they poured or streamed on to the plain.

πρόχυνθι, Adv. (πρό, γόνυ) kneeling, on one's knees, πρόχυνθι δάσθαι, to perish in a kneeling state, i. e. in wretched plight.

προχόη, ἡ, (προχέω) a pouring out or forth: in plur. προχοαί, the mouth of a river.

προχότη, ἡ, (προχέω) = πρόχοος.

προ-χολίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of πρόχοος, a jug.

πρόχοος Att. contr. -χούς, ἡ: irreg. dat. pl. πρόχουσι: (προχέω):—a vessel for pouring out, a jug, pitcher, vase, urn: also the flagon or wine-flask from which the cup-bearer pours into the cups.

προ-χορεύω, f. σω, to lead a chorus; προχορεύειν κῶμον to lead a band of revellers.

προ-χους, Att. for πρόχοος: πρόχουσι, irreg. dat. pl. προ-χρίω, f. ἴσω [†], to smear or anoint before.

πρό-χρονος, ον, previous, prior.

πρόχυσος, ἡ (προχέω), a pouring or spreading out; πρόχυσιν ποιέσθαι σίλδα κριθῶν = προχέειν σίλδα κριθῶν, to pour forth the sacrificial barley: also a deposit, alluvial soil.

προχύται (sub. κριθα), αἱ, properly fem. pl. of προχύντος, the barley cakes thrown forth at the beginning of a sacrifice.

προχύτης, ον, δ, (προχέω) = πρόχοος, a jug or pitcher: an urn, vase. [ὕ]

προ-χύντος, ἡ, ὄν, (προχέω) poured forth.

πρό-χολος, ον, very lame or halt.

προ-χωρέω, f. ἴσω, to go or come forward, advance, go on. II. metaph. of Power, to advance, become greater, προχωρεῖν ἐπὶ μέγα: of an enterprise, to go on, succeed; εἰ προχωρεῖν to go on well: impers., προχωρεῖ it goes on well; ἀντὶ οὗ δόλω οὐ προεχώρεε when it did not go on well for him by craft, i. e. when he did not succeed by craft. III. to come forward to speak.

προ-ωθέω, f. -ώθησω and -ώσω: aor. I προέωσα:—to push forward, push or urge on; προωθεῖν αὐτὸν to urge oneself on, rush on. II. to push off or away, in wrestling.

προ-ώλης, es, (πρό, ἔλλυμι) ruined beforehand.

προώριστα, aor. I of προορίζω.

πρό-ωρος, ον, (πρό, ὥρα) before the time, untimely.

προωφειδύμην, imperf. pass. of προοφείλω.

πυλῆες, αν, οί, soldiers, combatants on foot: opp. to chiefs fighting from chariots. (Deriv. uncertain.)

πρύμνα Ion. and poet. πρύμνη, ἡ, properly fem. of πρυμνός (sub. ναῦς), *the hindmost part of a ship, the stern*, πορρ, Lat. puppis: ἐπὶ πρύμνῃν ἀνακρούεσθαι (see ἀνακρούω); ἀνεμος ἐπείγει κατὰ πρύμνῃν the wind impels us *right astern*: ships were generally fastened to land by the stern, hence πρύμνας λύσαι mean to loose the cable.

II. metaph., πρύμνα πόλεος *the Acropolis*; πρύμνα Ὀσσης *the foot of Mount Ossa*.

πρυμναῖος, α, ον, (πρύμνα) *of a ship's stern*.

πρύμνη, ἡ, Ion. and poet. for πρύμνα.

πρύμνηθεν, Adv. of πρύμνη, *from the ship's stern*: generally, *from behind*.

πρυμνήσιος, α, ον, (πρύμνη) *of or from a ship's stern*:—as Subst., πρυμνήσια (sub. σχοινία), τά, *ropes from a ship's stern to fasten her to the shore, stern-cables*, Lat. retinacula.

πρυμνήτης, ον, δ, (πρύμνη) *the steersman, helmsman*: metaph. *the pilot of the state*.

πρυμνόθεν, Adv. (πρύμνη) *from the stern*.

II. from the lowest part, Lat. funditus: utterly, root and branch.

πρυμόν, τό, *the lower part, end*: properly neut. of πρυμός.

πρυμός, ἡ, ὄν, *the hindmost, undermost, endmost*: in Homer used of different limbs, where it means the end next the body, as, πρυμνός βραχίον *the end of the arm* (where it joins the shoulder): hence, πρυμνήν ἔλῃν ἐκτάμνειν to cut off the wood at the root.—Sup. πρυμότατος, at the lowest end.

πρυμνοῦχος, ον, (πρύμνα, ἔχω) *holding the ship's stern*.

II. *detaining the fleet*.

πρυμνοῦρα, ἡ, (πρυμός, ὄρος) *the bottom or foot of a mountain*.

πρυτάνεια Ion. —ἡ, ἡ, (πρυτανεύω) *the prytaneia or presidency*, at Athens a period of 35 or 36 days, during which the prytanes of each φυλή in turn presided in the βουλή or Council of 500, and in the ἐκκλησία or popular Assembly:—κατὰ πρυτανείαν by presidencies, i. e. every 35 or 36 days.

II. *any public office held by rotation for given periods*: πρυτανεία τῆς ἡμέρας *the chief command for the day*.

πρυτάνειον Ion. —ἡ, ἡ, (πρύτανις) *the president's hall, town-hall*, a public building in Greek cities, consecrated to Vesta, to whom a perpetual fire was kept burning in it, which in colonies was originally brought from the Prytaneion of the mother-city: the Prytanes for the time being had their meals there, and entertained foreign ambassadors; citizens also who had deserved well of the state, and the children of those who fell in battle, were rewarded with a seat at this public table.

II. a law-court at Athens.

III. pl. πρυτανεία, a sum of money deposited by the parties to a lawsuit before the suit began, Lat. sacramentum; τιθέναι πρυτανείᾳ τινι to make a deposit against one, i. e. bring an action against him.

πρυτάνειον, ἡ, σ, (πρύτανις) to be πρύτανις or pre-

sident, bold way.

II. at Athens, to hold office as Prytanis, to put to the vote as Prytanis, propose or lay before the assembly: the φυλή or tribe, whose 50 βουλευταὶ were πρυτάνεις for the time being, was called φυλή πρυτανεύουσα, (see πρύτανις, πρυτανεία): ὁ πρυτανεύσας de viro put a question to the vote.

III. generally, to manage, regulate, administer.

πρυτάνη, —ἡ, ἡ, Ion. for πρυτανεία, —ἡ, ὄν.

πρυτάνης, εως, ὁ, pl. πρυτάνεις, as if from πρυτανεύω: (πρό, πρότερος): a prince, ruler, lord.

II. a Prytanis or President: at Athens the πρυτάνεις were a committee of 50, being the deputies of one of the ten φυλαί, and so forming $\frac{1}{10}$ part of the βουλή or Council of 500: out of these fifty πρυτάνεις one was chosen by lot as chief-president (ἐπιστάτης); he chose nine πρόεδροι: and these, with a secretary (γραμματεὺς) not of their own body, formed the Presidency (πρυτανεία).

The φυλή which first entered office every year was determined by lot, and their term of office was called πρυτανεία: during this time all public acts ran in their name, in this form; Ἀκαμαντὶς [φυλῆ] ἐπρυτάνευσεν, Φαίνιππος ἐγραμμάτευσεν, Νικιάδης ἐπεστάτης, 'the tribe of Acamas were πρυτάνεις, Phae-nippus was secretary, Niciaes was chief-president.' See πρυτανεία, πρυτανεύω.

πρῶ or πρῶ. Adv., Att. for πρῶ.

πρῶν Dor. πρῶαν, (πρῶ) lately, just now, not long ago, Lat. nuper.

II. the day before yesterday: proverb., μέχρι οὗ πρῶν τε καὶ χθές till yesterday or the day before, i. e. till very lately.

πρωθ-ῆβης, ον, δ, (πρῶτος, ἥβη) a youth in his first bloom.

πρωθ-ῆβος, ον, also ἡ, ον, (πρῶτος, ἥβη) in the bloom or flower of youth.

πρῶ [Y], Att. shortd. πρῶ: Adv.: (πρό):—early, early in the day, at morn, Lat. mane: c. gen., πρῶ ἐτι τῆς ἡμέρας still early in the day; ἡμέρας τὸ πρῶ the early part of the day; ἅμα πρῶ at early morn; ἀπὸ πρῶ from morn.

2. generally, betimes, early, in good time, Lat. mature, tempestive.

II. Comp. πρῶταίτερον, earlier, Sup. πρῶτατα, earliest, formed from πρῶτος.

πρῶτα (sub. ἑωρ), ἡ, fem. of πρῶτος, morning. [Y]

πρῶταίτερον, πρῶτατα, Comp. and Sup. of πρῶ.

πρῶτις, ον, = πρῶτος, early, timely, in good time: Adv. πρῶτις, like πρῶν, the day before yesterday: but also too early, before the time.

πρῶμιος, ον, (πρῶ) early.

πρῶνός, ἡ, ὄν, = πρῶτος. [Y]

πρῶτος Att. πρῶος, α, ον, (πρῶ): early, early in day, at morn; δειλὴ πρῶτα the early part of the afternoon, opp. to δειλὴ ὀψία, the latter part; πρῶτας, absol. as Adv., early.

II. early in the season; πρῶτα τῶν καρπίμων early fruits.

πρωκτο-πεντετηρία, ἴδως, ἡ, (πρωκτός, πεντετηρία) five years of debauchery.

πρωκτός, ὁ, (πρόαγω) the anus, the binder parts, back, tail.

πρῶν, πρῶνος, δ, contr. from πρῆν, πρῆνος; nom. pl. πρῶνες, as if from πρῶν:—anything that juts forward, a foreland, headland, Lat. promontorium; ἄλιος πρῶν ἀμφοτέρως κοινὸς αἶας the jutting ridges of the sea (i. e. the bridge) which joined both lands.

πρῶος, α, ov, Att. for πρῶιος.

πρῶρα, as Ion. ης, ἡ, (πρῶ) the fore-part of a ship, a ship's head, prow, bows, Lat. prora: also (as if from an Adj. πρῶρος) νηὺς πρῶρη the prow of a ship, like νηὺς πρυμνή; πνεῦμα τοῦκ πρῶρας a head-wind, opp. to πνεῦμα κατὰ πρύμνην, a stern-wind. II. generally, any front: hence a head, face.

πρῶρᾱθεν, or before a consonant -θε, Adv. (πρῶρα) from the ship's head, from the front.

πρῶρᾱτεῶς, f, σω, to be a look-out man, look out ahead. From

πρῶράτης [α], ov, δ, (πρῶρα) a man who stood at the ship's head to give signals to the steersman, a look-out man.

πρῶρεῦς, έως, ἡ, (πρῶρα) = πρῶράτης.

πρῶρηθεν, Adv., Ion. for πρῶρᾱθεν.

πρῶσαι, πρῶσας, πρῶσον, contr. for προ-ῶσαι, etc., aor. I inf., part., and imperat. of προσθέω.

πρῶτα, neut. pl. of πρῶτος, as Adv. first of all, in the first place.

πρωτ-ἄγος, ου, δ, (πρῶτος, ἄγω) leading in advances; of πρωταγοί, the vanguard.

πρωτ-ἄγρια, τᾶ, (πρῶτος, ἄγρα) the first-fruits of the chase.

πρωτ-ἄγωνιστής, ου, δ, (πρῶτος, ἀγωνιστής) one who plays the first part, the chief actor, Lat. primarium partium actor; the other two actors being called respectively δευτεραγωνιστής, τριταγωνιστής: generally, the chief personage.

πρωτ-αρχος, ov, (πρῶτος, ἀρχω) first-beginning, primal, originating.

πρωτεῖον, τό, (πρωτεύω) the chief rank, first place: esp. in pl., τὰ πρωτεῖα the first prize or place.

πρωτεύω, f, σω, (πρῶτος) to be the first, to excel, be preëminent. 2. to be the first among. be superior to, c. gen.

πρωτ-ἡρότης, ov, υ, (πρῶτος, ἡρότης) one who ploughs earliest or first.

πρωτιστος, η, ov, also os, ov, poet. Sup. of πρῶτος, the first of the first, first of all, very first; neut. πρωτιστον and -τα as Adv., first of all.

πρωτῶ-Βολος, ov, (πρῶτος, βαλεῖν) first thrown at or struck. II. parox. πρωτο-Βόλος, ov, act. striking first.

πρωτο-γλύφης, ές, (πρῶτος, γλύπτω) newly-carved.

πρωτῶ-γονός, ov, (πρῶτος, γενέσθαι) firstborn. 2. of rank, high-born, illustrious. 3. first-ordained.

πρωτῶ-ζυξ, υγος, (πρῶτος, ζυγῆναι) newly married.

πρωτῶ-θρονος, ov, filling the first seat: integ. pl. πρωτόθρονες (as if from πρωτόθρον).

πρωτο-καθεδρία, ἡ, (πρῶτος, καθέδρα) the first seat, chief place.

πρωτο-κλίσια, ἡ, (πρωτός, κλίνω) the first place or seat at table.

πρωτο-κτείνω, ov, (πρῶτος, κτείνω) saying first, committing the first murder.

πρωτο-κύων, δ, (πρῶτος, κύων) the first dog, i. e. the chief of the Cynics.

πρωτῶ-λαια, τᾶ, (πρῶτος, λαία) the first spoils in war, the first-fruits:—as Adv. in the first place.

πρωτολογία, ἡ, the right of speaking first. From πρωτο-λόγος, ov, (πρῶτος, λέγω) speaking first.

πρωτῶ-μαντις, εως, δ, (πρῶτος, μάντις) the first prophet or seer.

πρωτῶ-μορος, ov, (πρῶτος, μόρος) dying or dead first.

πρωτο-πᾶγής, ές, (πρῶτος, παγῆναι) first put together, i. e. newly made.

πρωτο-πῆμων, ovos, δ, ἡ, (πρῶτος, πῆμα) burling first: the first cause of ill.

πρωτῶ-πλοος, ov, Att. contr. -πλους, ov, (πρῶτος, πλοος) making the first voyage, going to sea for the first time. II. sailing first or foremost.

πρωτόρ-ριζος, ov, (πρῶτος, ρίζα) being the first root or origin.

πρῶτος, η, ov, Sup. of πρό, as if contr. from πρότατος, πρότος, Dor. πρῆτος (the Comp. being πρότερος):—first, foremost, front, of Number or Place; of Time, first, earliest, Lat. primus; ἐν πρώτοις, μετὰ πρώτοις among the first fighters, i. e. in front. 2. neut. pl. τὰ πρῶτα (sub. ἄλλα) the first prize; τὰ πρῶτα φέρεσθαι to carry off the first prize; ἐς τὰ πρῶτα to the highest degree: of persons, ἐὼν τὰ πρῶτα τῶν Ἐρετρίων being the first or foremost man among the Eretrians; τὰ πρῶτα τῆς ἐκεί μοχθηρίας the chief of the rascality there. 3. τὴν πρώτην, as Adv., first, at present, just now: so with εἶναι, τὴν πρώτην εἶναι, like ἐκὼν εἶναι, at first. 4. neut. sing. and plur. πρῶτον, πρῶτα as Adv., first, in the first place, Lat. primum: first of all, above all. 5. after a Relative, πρῶτον means once, once for all, as, ὅντινα πρῶτον λάβωσιν ἄλλαι whom storms may catch for the first time, 'e. once for all. 6. ἐν πρώτοις, Lat. in primis, among the first, chiefly, especially; ἐν τοῖς πρώτοις, as if shortd. for ἐν τοῖς πρώτοις πρῶτοις, first among the first.

II. πρῶτος is sometimes found as a Comp. c. gen., before, sooner than: also πρῶτον ἡ., = πρὶν ἡ., Lat. priusquam.

πρωτῶ-σπορος, ov, (πρῶτος, σπείρω) first sown or begotten.

πρωτο-στατης, ov, δ, (πρῶτος, ἵσταμαι) one who stands first, the first man on the right of a line: but also, of πρωτόσταται the front-rank men. II. a chief, leader. [α]

πρωτοτοκία, ἡ, a savoring her firstborn: and πρωτοτόκια, ov, τᾶ. the privilege of the first-born, birthright. From

πρωτο-τόκος, ov, (πρῶτος, τεκεῖν) bearing her first-born. II. proparox. πρωτότοκος, ov, pass. first-born.

πρωτό-τομος, *ον*, (πρώτος, τεμείν) *first cut or cut off*.
πρωτό-φυτος, *ον*, (πρώτος, φύω) *firstborn*.
πρωτό-χνοος, *ον* contr. -χνοος, *ουν*, with the *first* down.

πρωτό-χυτος, *ον*, (πρώτος, χέω) *first-flowing*.
πρωῦδαν, contr. for προ-αυδαν, inf. of προαυδάν.
πρώων, *ονος*, δ, Ep. lengthd. form for πρῶν.
πταίον, Dor. pres. part. fem. of πταίω.
ΠΤΑΙΩ, f. πταίω: aor. I ἐπτάρα: aor. 2 ἐπτάρον:—to sneeze; μέγ' ἐπτάρε *he sneezed aloud*, which was taken for a good omen:—metaph. of a lamp, to sputter.

πταίσμα, τό, (πταίω) *a stumble, false step*: metaph. *a mistake, blunder*. II. *a failure, misfortune*.

ΠΤΑΙΩ, f. πταίω: aor. I ἐπτάρα: Pass., aor. I ἐπταίσθη: pf. ἐπταίσμαι:—to make to stumble, Lat. *offenders*. II. intrans. (sub. πύδα), *to strike the foot, stumble*; πταίειν πρὸς τινι *to stumble against*; also, περί τινι, as, μὴ περί Μαρδονίῳ πταίσῃ ἡ Ἑλλάς *lest Hellas should get a fall over him*. 2. metaph. *to make a false step or mistake, to fail*.

πτάμενος, ἡ, *ον*, aor. 2 part. of πέταμαι. [ἄ] πτανός, Dor. for πτηνός.

πτάξ, gen. πτάκός, ὁ, ἡ, (πτήσσω) *the cowering animal*, i. e. *the hare*.

πταρός, ὁ, (πταίω) *a sneezing, sneezes*.
πταρόνυμα, Dep. = πταίρω, *to sneeze*.

πτάς, part. of ἐπτην, aor. 2 act. of πέτομαι.
πτάσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of πέταμαι.

πτάτο, Ep. for ἐπτάτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πέταμαι.
ΠΤΕΛΕ'Α Ion. -έη, ἡ, *the elm*, Lat. *ulmus*.

πτερίνος, ἡ, *ον*, also *ος*, *ον*, (πτερόν) *made of feathers*; πτερίνος κύκλος *a fan of feathers*. II. *feathered, winged*.

πτερίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (πτερόν) *a kind of fern*, so called from its leaves being like feathers.

ΠΤΕΡΝΑ Ion. -νή, ἡ, *the bee*. II. -πέρινα, *a bam*.

Πτερνο-γλύφος, ὁ, (πτέρνα, γλύφω) *Ham-scraper*. name for a mouse in the Batrachomyomachia.

Πτερνο-τρώκτης, *ου*, δ, (πτέρνα, τρώγω) *Ham-nibbler*, the name of a mouse in the Batrachomyomachia.

Πτερνο-φάγος, ὁ, (πτέρνα, φάγην) *Ham-eater*. name of a mouse in the Batrachomyomachia.

πτερο-δόνητος, *ον*, (πτερόν, δονέω) *moved with flapping wings*: metaph. *high-soaring, high-flown*.

πτερός, *εσσα*, *εν*, contr. fem. πτερούσσα, gen. πτερούντος: (πτερόν):—*feathered, winged*: also *light as a feather*: used by Homer mostly in phrase ἔπεα πτερόντα, *winged words*.

πτερόν, τό, (πέτομαι, πτέσθαι) *a feather*, mostly in plur. *feathers*. 2. *wings*: ὑπὸ πτεροῖς εἶναι *to be under their mother's wings*. II. *a winged creature*.

2. for οἰωνός, *an augury, omen*. III. of anything like wings or feathers, such as oars, ἑρεμά, τά τε πτερὰ νηυσὶ πέλονται *which are the wings of ships*. 2. ἀέθλων πτερὰ *the prize which wafes the Poet as it were to heaven*. 3. *the leafage of trees*,

like κόμη. 4. in Architecture, *the rows of columns along the sides of Greek temples*, whence the terms ἄπτερος, δίπτερος, περίπτερος.

πτερο-ποικίλος, *ον*, (πτερόν, ποικίλος) *mosaic-feathered, of pied plumage*.

πτερό-πους, -ποδος, (πτερόν, πόυς) *wing-footed*.

πτερορ-ροέω and -ρῦέω, f. ἦω: (πτερόν, ῥέω):—to shed the feathers, *lose feather*. μου'· metaph. *to be plucked, fleeced, pigeoned*.

πτερο-φόρος, *ον*, (πτερόν, φέρω) *feathered, winged*; πτεροφόρα φύλα *the feathered tribes*.

πτερο-φύω, (πτερόν, φύω) *to grow feathers on wings*. πτερός, f. ὥω, (πτερόν) *to furnish with feathers on wings, to feather*; πτεροῦν βιβλίον *to tie a letter to a feathered arrow and shoot it off*:—Pass. *to be feathered*. 2. of ships, *to furnish with oars*.

πτερύγεσι, Ep. dat. pl. of πτέρυξ.

πτερύγιζω, f. ἴσω, (πτέρυξ) *to flutter or flap the wings*.

πτερύγιον, ὄν, τό, Dim. of πτέρυξ, *a little wing*. II. anything like a wing, as, a turret or battlement; or, a pointed roof, a pinnacle.

πτερύγ-ωκῆς, ἑς, (πτέρυξ, ὥκυσ) *swift of wing*.

πτερύγωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πτερυγώ) *fledged, winged, wing-shaped*.

πτέρυξ, ὄρος, ἡ, (πτερόν) *a wing*. II. anything like a wing, as I. a rudder. 2. in plur. the skirts of a coat of mail.

2. the wing of a building. III. anything that covers or protects like wings, a fold, flap or cape.

IV. metaph., πτέρυγες γλῶσσαι *the wings*, i. e. *the flight or flow of grief*.

πτερύσσομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. = πτερυγίζω.

πτερούμα, ατος, τό, (πτερώ) *that which is feathered, a feathered arrow*.

πτερώσις, ἡ, (πτερώ) *a feathering, plumage*.

πτερωτός, ἡ, ὄν, also *ος*, ὄν, (πτερώ) *feathered: winged*.

πτέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of πέτομαι.

πτήναι, inf. of ἐπτην, aor. 2 act. of πέτομαι.

πτην-ολέτης, ἰδος, ἡ, (πτηνός, ὀλλυμι) *bird-killing*.

πτηνός, ἡ, ὄν Dor. πτανός, ἄ, ὄν, (πτήναι) *feathered, winged*: πτηνά, τά, *fowls, birds*. II. of young birds, *fledged*.

III. metaph., πτηνοὶ μῦθοι, like ἔπεα πτερόντα, *winged, passing words*; πτηναὶ ἐλπίδες *fleeting hopes*.

πτήξαι, aor. I inf. of πτήσσω.

πτήσις, ἡ, (πτήναι) *a flying, flight*.

πτήσομαι, fut. of πέτομαι.

ΠΤΗΞΩ, fut. πτήξω: aor. I ἐπτηξα Ep. πτήξα: aor. 2 ἐπτάκον, only found in compd. καταπτάκων: pf. ἐπτήχα, Ep. part. πεπτηγός, ὥτος:—to frighten, scare, alarm, terrify, Lat. *terrere*.

II. intr. to crouch down or cower for fear; πτήσσειν βωμόν *to flee cowering to the altar*. 2. c. acc. to crouch for fear of a thing.

πτήται, Ion. for πτάται, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of πέτομαι.

ΠΤΥΛΟΝ [Υ], τό, *a feather: plumage: esp. of the under feathers, down*. II. *a wing*.

πτύλο-νυξ, *ον*, (πτύλον, νύτον) *with feathered back*.
 πτύσανη [ἄ], ἡ, (πτύσσω) *peeled barley*. II. *a*
drink made from it, barley-water, barley-gruel.

ΠΤΥΣΣΩ, fut. πτίσω: aor. I ἐπτίσα: Pass., aor. I
 ἐπτίσθη: pf. ἐπτισμαι:—*to husk, peel or winnow*
grain: also to grind coarsely, to pound.

ΠΤΩΑ *Ion.* πτοίη, ἡ, (πτοέω) *fear, terror*.

ΠΤΟΕΩ: f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐπτόησα poet. ἐπτοίησα:
 —Pass., aor. I ἐπτοήθη poet. ἐπτοίηθη: pf. ἐπτόη-
 μαι poet. ἐπτοίημαι:—*to frighten, scare away*:—Pass.
to be scared or dismayed.

II. metaph. *to flutter, to pass, to be*
excited, agitate:—Pass. *to be in a flutter, be agitated*:
to be wild, distracted; τὸ πτοηθέν *distraction*. Hence
 πτόσις or πτοήσις, *εως, ἡ, terror*: any vehement
 passion, excitement.

ΠΤΟΙΕΩ, πτοήσις, πτοητός, *v. sub* πτοέω.

ΠΤΟΛΕΜΙΩ, πτολεμιστής, *εως, Ep. for πολεμ-*

πτόλεμος, *δ, Ep. for πόλεμος, war*.

ΠΤΟΛΙ-αρχος, *ον, Ep. for πολίαρχος*.

ΠΤΟΛΙΕΘΡΟΝ, τό, Dim. of πτόλις, but used like πόλις,
a city.

ΠΤΟΛΙ-πορθος and ΠΤΟΛΙ-πόρθιος, *ον*, (πτόλις,
 πέρθω) *sacking or wasting cities*: also ΠΤΟΛΙ-πόρθης,
ον, δ.

ΠΤΟΛΙΣ, *Ep. for πόλις*.

ΠΤΟΛΙΣΜΑ, *Ep. for πόλισμα*.

ΠΤΟΡΒΟΣ, *δ, a young branch, shoot, sucker, sabb-*
ling. II. *a sprouting, shooting, budding*.

ΠΤΥΧΑ, *ατος, τό, (πτύσσω) anything folded, a fold*.
 ΠΤΥΚΤΟΣ, ἡ, *όν, (πτύσσω) folded*; ΠΤΥΚΤΕΡΑ ΠΙΝΑΞ,
folding tablets, consisting of two thin plates of wood,
one folding upon the other.

ΠΤΥΞ, ΠΤΥΧΟΣ, ἡ, later ΠΤΥΧΗ, ἡς, ἡ, (πτύσσω):—
anything in folds, a fold, leaf, layer, plate, πτύχες
σάκεος plates forming a shield. II. *of the clefts*
or breaks in the side of a hill, which at a distance look
like folds; *a cleft, dell, comb*: so also of the sky,
folds or clouds.

III. *in form* ΠΤΥΧΗ, *a folding*
tablet. IV. *in Comedy, wrinkle*

ΠΤΥΟΝ, τό, *Ep. gen. πτόδον, (πτύω) a winnowing-*
sieve or fan, Lat. vannus.

ΠΤΥΡΩ [ῶ], *f. πτύρῳ*:—*to frighten, scare, terrify*:
 —Pass. πτύρομαι, aor. 2 ἐπτύρην [ῶ]: *to be frightened*.

ΠΤΥΣΜΑ, *ατος, τό, (πτύω) spittle*.

ΠΤΥΣΣΩ, *f. ῶ*: aor. I ἐπτύσα: Pass., aor. I
 ἐπτύθη: pf. πέπτυγμαι:—*to fold or double up,*
fold and lay by.

II. Pass. *to be folded or*
doubled up: of spear-points, *to be folded or bent*
back. 2. *to fold or cling round or to*. III.

Med. *to fold round oneself*. Hence

ΠΤΥΧΗ, ἡ, see ΠΤΥΞ.

ΠΤΥΩ, *f. πτύω* [ῶ]: aor. I ἐπύσα: pf. pass.
 ἐπύσμαι:—*to spit out*: *to spit, Lat. spuo*. II.

to disgorge, cast out, throw up, vomit forth. III.
 metaph. *persons having spat, with an expression of*
disgust; πτύσας προάφω *with loathing in his face*.

ΠΤΩΚΑΣ, *άδος, ἡ, (πτῶξ, πτώσσω) shy, timorous,*
fearful.

πτῶμα, *ατος, τό, (πίπτω, πέπτωκα) a fall: a mis-*
fortune, calamity, disaster, Lat. casus. II. *ibat*

which has fallen, a corpse, carcase

ΠΤῶΞ, *δ, ἡ, gen. πτωκός, (πτῶσσω) the covering*
animal, i. e. the bare.

ΠΤΩΣΙΩΣ, *ον, (πίπτω, πέπτωκα) fallen, slain*.

ΠΤΩΣΙΩ, *εως, ἡ, (πίπτω, πέπτωκα) a falling, fall*.

ΠΤΩΣΚΑΪΩ, poet. for πτώσσω, *to crouch for fear*.

ΠΤΩΣΣΩ, like πτήσσω, intr. *to crouch or cover*
from fear: also *to go cowering about, like a beggar,*
to visit like a beggar. 2. *to flee agitated*; c. acc.
to flee from.

ΠΤΩΧΕΙΑ *Ion.* —ἡγή, ἡ, (πταχεύω) *begging, beggary*.

ΠΤΩΧΕΥΩ, *Ion. impf. πτωχεύεσκον*: f. *σω*: (πτα-
 χός):—*to be a beggar, beg*. II. trans., I.
 c. acc. rei, *to get by begging*. 2. c. acc. pers. *to beg*
or ask an alms of.

ΠΤΩΧΗΓΗ, *Ion. for πτωχέα*.

ΠΤΩΧΙΚΟΣ, ἡ, *όν, (πτωχός) of or for a beggar, beg-*
garly.

ΠΤΩΧΙΣΤΕΡΟΣ, irreg. Comp. of πτωχός.

ΠΤΩΧΟ-ποιός, *όν, (πτωχός, ποιέω) drawing beggarly*
characters, of a poet.

ΠΤΩΧΟΣ, ἡ, *όν*, also *ός, όν, (πτῶσσω) one who*
crouches or cringes; as Subst., πτωχός, *δ, a beggar*:
 also πτωχός *άνη* *a beggarman*. II. as Adj. *beg-*
garly, mean, sorry:—later also *poor*.—Comp. and
 Sup. πτωχότερος, —ότατος; irreg. Comp. πτωχι-
 στερος.

ΠΥΔΝΕΨΙΑ (sub. ἱερά), τά, (πύανος, ἔψω) *the Pyan-*
epsia, an Athenian festival in the month πυναιψίων,
in honour of Apollo: said to be so called from *a dish*
of beans then eaten. Hence

ΠΥΔΝΕΨΙΩΝ, *ώνος, δ, the fourth month of the Attic*
year, so named from the festival Πυναιψία: corre-
 sponding to the latter part of October and former of
 November.

ΠΥΑΝΟΣ, *δ, a bean*.

ΠΥΓΑΙΟΣ, *α, ον, (πυγή) of or on the rump*: τὸ πυ-
 γαῖον *ἀκρον the tip of the rump*

ΠΥΓ-αργος, *ον, (πυγή, ἀργός) white-rump, name of*
a Libyan antelope; also of the sea-eagle.

ΠΥΓΗ, ἡς, ἡ, *the rump, buttocks*. Hence

ΠΥΓΙΔΙΟΝ, τό, Dim. *a thin, narrow rump*. [M]

ΠΥΓΜΑΙΟΣ, *α, ον, (πυγμή η) about a foot long or*
tall. II. Πυγμαῖος, *οι, the Pigmies, a fabulous*

race of dwarfs on the upper Nile, said to have been
attacked and destroyed by Cranes.

ΠΥΓΜΑΧΕΩ, *f. ἴσω, to practise boxing, be a boxer*.
 And

ΠΥΓΜΑΧΙΑ, ἡ, *boxing, Lat. pugilatus*. From

ΠΥΓ-μάχος, *ον, (πυγμή, μάχομαι) fighting with the*
fist: as Subst., Πύγμαχος, *δ, a boxer, Lat. pugil*.

ΠΥΓΜΗ, ἡ, (πύξ) *a fist, Lat. pugnus*: also *a battle*
with fists, boxing-match: Πυγμην νικᾶν *to be con-*
queror in the contest of boxing. II. *a measure*

of length, the distance from the elbow to the knuckles,
 = 18 δάκτυλοι, about 1 ft. 1½ inches. III.

πυγῇ, dat. used as Adv., either—*πύκα*, often, frequently; or *up to the elbow*.

πύγο-στόλος, ov, (πυγή, στολή) *with sweeping train, with trailing robe*.

πύγουστος, α, ov, about 15 inches long. From ΠΥΤΤΩΝ, όνος, ή, the elbow. II. as a measure of length, the distance from the elbow to the first joint of the fingers, = 20 δάκτυλοι or 5 παλασταί, about 15 inches.

πυθαρίζω, f. ίσω, to hop, jump, dance.

ΠΥΓΕΛΟΣ, ή, a tub, trough or vessel for feeding animals: a *bathtub*: a *vat*, boiler, copper.

Πυθαγόρας, ov Dor. α, δ, the philosopher Pythagoras. Hence

πυθαγορίζω, f. ίσω, to be a disciple of Pythagoras.

Πυθαγοριστής, ου, Dor. -ικτάς, α, δ, (πυθαγορίζω) a Pythagorean, follower of Pythagoras.

πυθέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of πυνθάνομαι.

πύθεν, Dor. for πυθού, aor. 2 med. imperat. of πυνθάνομαι.

Πύθια (sub. έπεια), ή, tem. of Πύθιος, the Pythia or priestess of Pythian Apollo at Delphi, who uttered the responses of the oracle.

Πύθια (sub. έπα), τα, neut. pl. of Πύθιος, the Pythian games, celebrated every four years at Pytho (see Πυθώ) in honour of Pythian Apollo.

Πυθιάς, άδος, pecul. fem. of Πύθιος; Πυθιάς βοά a song to Apollo. II. (sub. περίοδος), a Pythiad, period of four years, after which the Pythian games were celebrated, like Όλυμπιάς. 2. the celebration of the Pythian games.

Πυθικός, ή, έν, (Πυθώ) of or for Pytho, Pythian, Delphic.

Πύθιον, τό, the temple of Pythian Apollo at Delphi.

Πυθιο-νίκης, ov, δ, (Πύθια, νικάω) a conqueror in the Pythian games.

Πυθώ-νίκος, ov, (Πύθια, νικάω) of or belonging to a victory in the Pythian games.

Πύθιος, α, ov, (Πυθώ) Pythian, of or belonging to Pytho, Delphian.

II. Πύθιοι, οι, at Sparta, four persons whose office it was to consult the Delphic oracle on affairs of state.

πυθμήν, ένος, δ, (δυόβη) the hollow bottom or stand of a drinking-cup, Lat. fundus; πυθμήν θαλάσσης the bottom of the sea: metaph. the base or foundation of anything: in pl. the depths, foundations. II.

the bottom, root of a tree: generally. a root: metaph. the original stock or stem of a family.

Πυθού, Adv., properly dat. of Πυθώ, at Pytho or Delphi.

πύθοιατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. & opt. of πυνθάνομαι.

Πυθούϊδε, Adv., = Πυθώδε, to Pytho or Delphi.

Πυθώ-κραντος, ov, (Πυθώ, κραίνω) confirmed by the Pythian god: τὰ Πυθώκραντα the Pythian oracles.

Πυθώ-μαντις, εως, δ, ή, (Πυθώ, μάντις) a Pythian prophet. II. used as Adj., of the Pythian prophet:

Πυθώμαντις έστία the prophetic hearth of Pytho.

Πυθώ-χρήστης, ov, Dor. -τας, α, δ, (Πυθώ, χράω) a consultant of the Pythian god.

Πυθώ-χρηστος, ov, (Πυθώ, χράω) delivered by the Pythian god. II. consulting the Pythian god.

ΠΥΨΩ [ψ]: fut. πύσω: aor. 1 έψυσα Ep. πύσα:—to make rot, to rot, corrode:—Pass. to become rotten, to rot, decay, moulder

Πυθώ, gen. ουs, dat. of, ή, Pytho, old name of that part of Phocis at the foot of Parnassus, in which lay the town of Delphi: also the oldest name of Delphi itself. Hence

Πυθώδε, Adv. to Pytho or Delphi; and

Πυθώθεν, Adv. from Pytho or Delphi.

Πυθών, άνος, ή, older form for Πυθώ.

Πυθωνόθεν, Adv., = Πυθώθεν, from Pytho.

ΠΥΚΑ, poet. Adv. from same Root as πυκνός, πυκνός, thickly, frequently. 2. wisely, prudently.

πυκάζω old Dor. -άσδω: f. άσω: aor. 1 έπύκασα Ep. πύκασα: Pass., aor. 1 έπυκάσθη: pf. πεπύκαμαι: (πύκα):—to make thick or close, cover up closely,

embrace: πυκάζειν στεφάνους to cover thick with crowns: hence to cover so as to protect, to shelter: absol. to crown:—aor. 1 and pf. pass. part. πυκασθής and πεπυκασμένος, thickly covered, well clothed. 2. metaph. to overcloud, cast a shadow over:—Med. to prepare. fit, make ready for one. II. to close fast, shut up.

πυκάσδω, Dor. for πυκάζω.

πύκλ-μητής, έs, (πυκνός, μήδω) of close or cautious mind, discreet.

πύκλνός, ή, έν, poet. lengthd. form for πυκνός: neut.

πυκνόν and πυκνά as Adv. closely, thickly: sbrewdly.

πύκλν-φρων, όνος, (πυκνός, φρήν) wise minded.

πυκνός, Adv. of πυκνός: see πυκνός v.

πυκνά, neut. pl. used as Adv. of πυκνός: see πυκνός v.

πυκνότης, ov, δ, = πυκνότης, (Πυνύ) assembling in the Pnyx. [Γ]

πυκνόν, neut. used as Adv. of πυκνός: see πυκνός v.

πυκνό-πετρος, ov, (πυκνός, πέτρον) thick-feathered.

πυκνόρ-ραξ, -ράγος, (πυκνός, ράξ) or πυκνόρ-ρωξ,

-αγος, δ, ή, (πυκνός, ράξ) thick with berries.

πυκνός Ep. lengthd. πύκλνός, ή, έν, (πύξ):—close, compact: of substance, close, solid: thick, close-packed, dense, crowded: of foliage or plumage, thick, close. 2. frequent, thick, rapid, Lat. creber, frequens: πυκνά βέλεια a thick shower of darts. II.

well put together, well made, compact, fast, strong: hence well-concerted: well-guarded III. great, excessive. IV. metaph. of the mind, close guarded, cautious; hence sbrewd, discreet, wise. V.

besides the regular Adverbs πυκνός and πυκνός, Homer also uses neuters πυκνόν and πυκνά, πυκνόν

and πυκνά as Adv., 1. closely, firmly, fast. 2.

much, often, excessively. 3. wisely, sbrewdly.

πυκνός, gen. of πύξ.

πυκνό-στικτος, ov, (πυκνός, στίξω) thick-spotted, dappled, brindled.

πυκνότης, ήτος, ή, (πυκνός) closeness, thickness,

aensensus.

II. frequency.

wisdom, shrewdness, discretion.

πυκνῶω, f. ὥσω, (πυκνός) to make close or solid : to pack close, roll into small compass, condense :—Pass. to be filled out with a thing. Hence

πύκνωμα, ατος, τό, a close covering, veil.

πυκνός, Adv. of πυκνός : see πυκνός v.

πυκτάλιζω, f. σῶ, = πυκτεύω, to box, spar.

πύκτας, Dor. for πύκτης, a boxer.

πυκτεύω, f. σῶ, to be a boxer, practice boxing, box, spar : to strike with the fist. From

πύκτης, ου, ὁ, (πύξ, πυγμή) a boxer, Lat. pugil.

πυκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πύκτης) skilled in boxing.

πυκτίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (πύκτω) a writing tablet.

πυκτίς, ἰδος, ἡ, an animal mentioned in Aristophanes, supposed to be the beaver.

Πύλ-ἀγώρας or Πύλ-άγορος, ου, ὁ, (Πύλαι, ἀγείρω) one sent as an orator to the Amphictyonic Council at Pylae, the deputy of a Greek state at the Amphictyonic Council. Hence

πύλ-ἀγορεύω, f. ἡσω, to be a Πύλαγώρας, to be sent as a deputy to the Amphictyonic Council.

Πύλ-ἀγώρος, see Πύλαγώρας.

Πύλαι, αἱ, see πύλη π. 2.

Πύλαια (sub. σύνδοσις), ἡ, fem. of πυλαῖος, the meeting of the Amphictyons at Pylae; generally, the Amphictyonic Council : also the right of sending deputies to the council.

πυλαι-μάχος, ου, (πύλος or πύλη, μάχομαι) fighting at the Gate, or fighting at Pylae.

πυλαῖος, α, ου, (πύλη) at or before the gate 2.

(Πύλαι) at Pylae; v. Πυλαία. [ῥ]

πύλ-ἄρτης, ου, ὁ, (πύλη, ἀρτρίσκω) he who keeps the gate of bell : Aeol. gen. πυλάρταο.

πύλ-ἄωρος, ὁ, (πύλη, ἄρα) Ep. for πυλαῖος, keeping the gate : as Subst., πυλῶρος, ὁ, a gate-keeper, Lat. janitor.

ΠΥΛΗ, η, a gate : in plur. the gates of a town, opp. to θύρα (a house-door) : but also = θύρα, the door of a house.

II. generally, an entrance, inlet. 2. an entrance into a country through a mountain-pass was called its gate, πύλαι, e.g. Πύλαι, αἱ, the shorter name for Θερμοπύλαι, Pylae, the pass under the mountains from Thessaly to Locris, considered the Gates of Greece; so too of the pass from Syria into Cilicia. 3. also of narrow straits. [ῥ]

Πύλ-ηγόρης, ου, ὁ, Ion. for Πύλαγώρας.

πύλη-δόκος, ὁ, (πύλη, δέχομαι) watching at the gate.

πύλλα, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of πύλη, a little gate, postern.

Πύλῳθεν, Adv. (Πύλος) from Pylae.

Πύλοι-γενής, ἐς, (Πύλος, γενέσθαι) born or sprung from Pylae.

Πύλῳδε, Adv. (Πύλος) to or towards Pylae.

πύλος, ὁ, = πύλη, a gate.

Πύλος, ὁ or φ, Pylae, a town and district of Triphylia in Peloponnesus, where Nestor ruled : there were two other towns of the same name in Elis and Messenia. [ῥ]

III. metaph.

πύλ-ουρός, ὁ, (πύλη, οὖρος) a gate-keeper.

πύλῳ, f. ὥσω, (πύλη) to furnish or enclose with gates :—Pass. to be furnished with gates.

πύλωμα, ατος, τό, a gate, gateway.

πύλωμα, ἄνωος, ὁ, (πύλη) a gateway, gate-house : also a porch or vestibule.

πύλωρος, to be a gate-keeper. From

πύλ-ωρός, ὁ, (πύλη, ἄρα) a gate-keeper, warder.

πύμῃτος, η, ου, (πυμήν) the bindmost, uttermost, last : πύματον and πύματα as Adv. at the last, for the last time.

πύνδαξ, ακος, ὁ, (πυμήν) the bottom of a vessel.

πυνθάνομαι, lengthd. from πεύθομαι : f. πεύσομαι

Dor. πευσοῦμαι : aor. 2 ἐπύθην, imperat. πυνθού

Dor. πυνθού, inf. πυνθίσθαι, Ep. 3 sing. opt. πυνθούτο :

pf. πέπυσμαι, 2 sing. πέπυσαι Ep. πέπυσσαι : plqpf.

ἐπεπύσθην, Ep. 3 sing. πέπυστο, Ep. 3 dual πεπύσθη :

—to ask, inquire, hence to learn, ascertain by asking or inquiry : to bear, learn, understand : c. gen. to bear of, bear news of : also c. acc. to inquire about : c. inf. to bear or learn that ..

ΠΥΨΕ, Adv. with clenched fist ; πύξ ἀγαθός good at the fist, i. e. at boxing

πυξίνεος, α, ου, and πυξίνος, η, ου, (πύξ) made of box-wood.

ΠΥΨΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. BUXUS, the BOX-tree : also its wood.

ΠΥΤΟΣ or πύος, ὁ, the first milk after the birth, Lat. colostrum.

πύππα, an exclamation of surprise, bravo !

ΠΥΡ, πύρος, τό, fire ; πυρ Διός the fire of Jove, i. e. lightning. II. metaph. fever-beat, also feverish boils

III. to express things terrible ; κρείσσον ἀμαυμακτόν πυρός stronger than invincible fire ; διὰ πυρός λέναι to go through fire and water. Hence

πύρά, ὄν, τά, watch-fires, only in pl.

πύρά, ας, Ion. πύρή, ης, ἡ, the place where fire is kindled : a funeral-pyre : also a burial-place. 2.

an altar for burnt-sacrifice : also the fire burning upon the altar

πύρ-ἄρα, ἡ, (πύρ, ἀγρέω) a pair of fire-tongs

πύρ-αγρήτης, ου, ὁ, = πυράγο

πύρ-αἶθω, (πυρά, αἶθω) to light a watch-fire, keep it burning.

πύρ-ακτέω, f. ἡσω, (πύρ, ἀγω) to turn in the fire, to batten in the fire, char.

πυράμινος, η, ου, (πυρός) = πυρινός, of wheat, wheaten.

πυράμις, ἰδος, ἡ, a pyramid :—an Egyptian woe.

πυράμοις, ὄντος, ὁ, contr. for πυράμοις, (πυρός) a cake of roasted wheat and honey ; given as a prize to him who kept awake best during a night-watch : generally, the need or prize of victory.

πύρ-αγής, ἐς, (πύρ, ἀγή) fiery bright.

πυργηδόν, Adv. (πύργος) like a tower. II. of

soldiers, in masses or columns, in close array.

πυργηρέω, f. ἡσω, to shut up in a tower :—Pass. to be beleaguered, besieged. From

πυργήρης, es, (πύργος, ἀρᾶειν) *shut up in a tower, beleaguered: besieged.*

πυργίδιον, τό, Dim. of πύργος, a *turret.*

πύργινος, η, on, (πύργος) *strong as a tower.*

πυργίον, τό, Dim. of πύργος, a *turret.*

πυργο-δάκτος, on, (πύργος, δαίω) *destroying towers.* [d]

πυργο-μάχew, (πύργος, μάχomai) *to assault or batter towers.*

ΠΥΡΓΟΣ, δ, a *tower*: in plur. *walls and towers*: generally, any *fortification, a fortress, castle*: also a *moveable tower* for storming towns. 2. metaph. a *tower of defence, rampart, bulwark*: πύργος θανάτων a *bulwark against death.* 3. the *highest part of any building.*

III. a *division of an army drawn up in close order, a column*: see πυργηδόν.

πυργο-φόρος, on, (πύργος, φέρω) *tower-bearing.*

πυργο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, (πύργος, φύλαξ) a *tower-guard, warder.* [δ]

πυργώω, f. ὠσαι, (πύργος) *to gird or fence with towers*:—Med. *to build towers*:—Pass. *to be furnished with a tower.*

II. *to raise up to a towering height*: metaph., πυργῶσαι ῥήματα σεμνά 'to build the lofty rhyme': hence *to exalt, extol, exaggerate*:—Pass. *to exalt oneself, be overbearing, haughty.*

πυργ-ώδης, es, (πύργος, εἶδος) *like a tower.*

πύργωμα, ατος, τό, (πυργώω) *a place furnished with towers, a fenced city*: in plur. *towers and walls.*

πυργῶτις, ιδος, fem. Adj. (πυργώω) *towering.*

πυρ-δάής, es, (πύρ, δαίω) *burning with fire, incendiary.*

πυρῖον Ion. πύριον, τό, (πύρ) plur. πυρήια, *pieces of wood rubbed one against another till they caught fire*: generally, any means of kindling fire.

πυρέσσω Att. -ττω: fut. πυρέξω: aor. ι ἐπύρεξα: (πυρετός) —to be feverish, be sick of a fever.

πυρετός, οὔ, δ, (πύρ) *burning heat, fiery heat.* II. esp. *feverish heat, a fever*: πυρετός τριταῖος, τεταρταῖος a *tertian, quartan fever.*

πυρεύς, εως, δ, (πύρ) *a fire-proof vessel.*

πύρη, ῆς, η, Ion. and Ep. for πυρά.

πύρηλον, τό, Ion. for πυρεῖον.

ΠΥΡΗΝ, ἦνος, δ, the *stone of stone-fruit, as olives, dates, pomegranates, etc.*

πύρ-ἥνεμος, on, (πύρ, ἀνεμος) *fanning fire.*

πύρη-τόκος, on, (πυρός, τεκεῖν) *wheat-producing.*

πύρη-φάτος, on, (πυρός, πέφαται 3 sing. pf. pass. of *φείω) *wheat-slaying, epith. of a millstone.*

πύρη-φόρος, on, poet. for πυροφόρος, (πυρός, φέρω) *wheat-bearing.*

πύρια, η, (πύρ) *a vapour-bath, consisting of an airtight covering, within which fragrant substances were thrown on hot embers to produce steam.*

πυριάτη [d], η, (πύρος) *a pudding made with bee-stings, i. e. the first milk after calving.*

πυριάτηριον, τό, a *vapour-bath.*

πυρῶω, (πυριά) *to put into a vapour-bath.*

πύρι-βλητος, on, (πύρ, βάλλω) *striking with fire.*

πύρι-γενής, es, δ, —πυριγενής.

πύρι-γενής, es, (πύρ, γενέσθαι) *born of fire: wrought or forged by fire.*

πύρι-γόνος, on, (πύρ, γενέσθαι) *fire-producing.*

πύρι-δαπτος, on, (πύρ, δάπτω) *devoured by fire.*

πύριδιον, τό, Dim. of πυρός.

πύρι-ήκης, es, (πύρ, ἄκη) *pointed in the fire, Lat. praestus.*

πύρι-καής, es, —πυρίκαυστος.

πύρι-καυστος, on, (πύρ, καίω) *burnt in the fire.*

πύρι-κόλτης, es, (πύρ, κολίτη) *wherein fire lies asleep*

πύρι-λαμπής, es, (πύρ, λάμπω) *brilliant with fire.*

πύρινος [δ], η, on, (πύρ) *of fire, fiery: sparkling.*

πύρινος [δ], η, on, (πυρός) *of wheat, wheaten.*

πύρι-πνεύς, ουσας, on, (πύρ, πνέω) *fire-breathing.*

πύρι-πνοος, on contr. -πνοους, ουν, (πύρ, πνέω) *fire-breathing: glowing, fiery.*

πύρι-σπαρτος, on, (πύρ, σπείρω) *sowing fire, inflaming.*

πύρι-σπειρητος, on, (πύρ, σπειράω) *swathed in fire.*

πύρι-στακτος, on, (πύρ, στάω) *streaming with fire.*

πύριτης [d], on, δ, fem. πύριτις, ιδος, (πύρ) *of or conversant with fire.*

πύρι-τρόφος, on, (πύρ, τρέφω) *cherishing fire.*

πύρι-φάτος, on, (πύρ, πέφαται) *eat by fire.*

Πύρι-φλεγέων, οντος, δ, (πύρ, φλέγω) *one of the rivers of hell, literally Fireblazing.*

πυρι-φλεγής, es, and πυρι-φλέγων, οντος, δ, (πύρ, φλέγω) *blazing with fire, flaming.*

πύρι-φλεκτος, on, (πύρ, φλέγω) *burnt or blazing with fire: fiery.*

πυρίχη, η, poet. for πυρρίχη.

πύρ-καεύς, εως, δ, (πύρ, καίω) *a fire-kindler.*

πυρκαϊά Ion. -τή, η, (πύρ, καίω) *any place where fire is kindled, a funeral-pyre.* 2. a *fire, conflagration.* 3. metaph. the *flame or fire of love.* II.

an *olive-tree which has been burnt down to the stump, and grows up again a wild-olive.*

πυρναῖος, α, on, (πύρνον) *fit to eat, ripe.*

πύρνον, τό, shortd. for πύρινον (sub. σιτίον), neut. of πύρινος (πυρός), *wheaten bread.* 2. anything fit to eat, food generally.

πύρο-γενής, es, (πυρός, γενέσθαι) *made from wheat.*

πύρραϊς, εσσα, εν, (πύρ) *fiery.* II. δ *πύρραϊς* the *planet Mars, from his fiery colour.*

πύροκλοπία, η, the *fire-theft.*

πύρο-κλόπος, on, (πύρ, κλέπτω) *fire-stealing.*

πύρο-λόγος, on, (πυρός, λέγω) *reaping wheat.*

πύροπυλῶω, f. ἥσω, *to deal in wheat.*

πύρο-πώλης, on, δ, (πυρός, πωλέω) *a wheat-merchant, corn-merchant.*

πύρορ-ράγης, es, (πύρ, ραγῆναι) *bursting: or splitting in the fire*: as Adv. *πύρορραγές, cracked.*

πύρός, δ, *wheat*: in plur. *grains of wheat.* (From πύρ, because of its flame colour when ripe?)

πύρο-φόρος, on, (πύρ, φέρω) *fire-bearing.*

πύρο-φόρος, on, (πυρός, φέρω) *wheat-bearing.*

πύρρωω, f. ὠσαι, (πύρ) *to set on fire, to burn: to burn*

as a burnt-sacrifice. 2. metaph. to inflame. II. to fumigate.

πυρ-πάλᾱμαι, f. ἦσω, (πῦρ, παλαμάομαι) to handle fire: to play tricks with fire, play mischievous pranks.

πυρ-πάλᾱμος, η, ον, (πῦρ, παλάμη) wrought of fire.

πυρ-πνός, ον, (πῦρ, πνέω) fire-breathing.

πυρπολέω, f. ἦσω, (πυρπόλος) to light or make a fire, esp. to keep up a fire, watch a fire; πυρπολεῖν τοὺς ἀνθρώπους to stir up or fan the fire. II. to waste with fire, burn to the ground, burn down. Hence

πυρπόλημα, ατος, τό, a watch-fire, beacon.

πυρ-πόλος, ον, (πῦρ, πολέω) busied with fire: wasting with fire, scorching.

πυρρόζω, f. σαι, (πυρρός) to be fiery-red.

πυρρίας, ου, δ, (πύρρος) name of a slave, used of the red-haired slaves from Thrace.

πυρρίχη (sub. ὄρχησις), ἡ, the Pyrrhic dance, a kind of war-dance, a violent movement or contortion: proverb., πυρρίχην βλέπειν 'to look daggers.' (Called from Πύρριχος, the inventor.) [I]

πυρρίχιδός, ἡ, ὅν, (πυρρίχιος) in the Pyrrhic metre.

πυρρίξω, f. ἴσω, (πυρρίχη) to dance the Pyrrhic dance.

πυρρίχιος, δ, (πυρρίχη) of or belonging to the Pyrrhic dance; πυρρίχιον ὄρχημα the Pyrrhic dance. II. ποὺς πυρρίχιος a pyrrhic, i.e. a foot consisting of two short syll., as μετὰ, which was much used in the Pyrrhic song: also called παρίαμβος.

πυρρίχιστής, οὔ, δ, (πυρρίχίζω) a dancer of the Pyrrhic dance.

πύρριχος, η, ον, Dor. πυρρός, red.

πυρρο-γένειος, ον, (πυρρός, γένειον) red-bearded.

πυρρο-θρίξ, τρήχος, ὁ, ἡ, (πυρρός, θρίξ) red-haired.

πυρρο-ὀπίτης [I], ον, δ, (πυρρός, ὀπίττειν) one that ogles boys, with an allusion to πῦρ-ὀπίτης ogling wbeat, i.e. dinner in the Prytanæum.

πυρρός, ἄ, ὅν, Ion. ἄ, ὅν, old Att. πυρσός, ἡ, ὅν, (πῦρ) flame-coloured, red, Lat. rufus, darker than ξανθός: generally, reddish, red, tawny.

πυρρό-τρήχος, ον, = πυρρόθριξ.

πυρσαίνω, (πυρσός) to make red, tinge with red.

πυρσεύω, (πυρσός) to set on fire, light up with beacon-fires. II. to kindle torches (πυρσολ), make signals by torches or beacon-fires.

πυρσο-βόλος, ον, (πυρσός, βαλεῖν) fire-shooting.

πυρσο-κόμος, ον, (πυρσός, κόμη) red-haired.

πυρσο-κνῶτος, ον, (πυρσός, κνῶτος) red-backed.

πυρσός, οὔ, δ: irreg. pl. πυρσά, τά: (πῦρ) a fire-brand, torch. II. a beacon or signal-fire.

πυρσός, ἡ, ὅν, old Att. and Dor. for πυρρός.

πυρσο-τόκος, ον, (πυρσός, τεκεῖν) fire-producing.

πυρσο-ῶδης, es, (πυρσός, εἶδος) like a firebrand, bright-burning.

πυρσο-ῶρος, δ, (πυρσός, ὥρα) a watchman who makes signals by fire.

πυρφορέω, f. ἦσω, to be a torch-bearer: to set on fire. From

πυρ-φόρος, ον, (πῦρ, φέρω) fire-bearing. charged

with fire: ὁ Πυρφόρος the Fire-bringer, name of Prometheus in a play of Aeschylus; πυρφόροι οἱ στοί arrows with combustibles tied to them.

II. θεὸς πυρφόρος the fire-bearing god, i.e. who produces plague or fever.

III. πυρφόρος, in the Lacedaemonian army, was a priest who kept the sacrificial fire: hence proverb. of a total defeat, εἶδε μὴδὲ πυρφόρον περιγενέσθαι it was fated that not even a fire-guarding priest should survive.

πῦρ-ωπός, οὔ, (πῦρ, ὤψ) fiery-eyed.

πύρωσις, εως, ἡ, (πύρω) a setting on fire, burning. πύστις, εως, ἡ, (πυνθάνομαι) an asking, inquiring, ascertaining: a question. II. what is learnt by asking, news, tidings.

πύσω, fut. of πύθω.

πυτίζω, f. ἴσω, (πτύω) to spurt out water from one's mouth.

πυτίναϊός, α, ον, plaited with willows. From ΠΥΤΙΝΗ, ἡ, a flask covered with plaited willow twigs. [I]

πυτίσμα, ατος, τό, (πυτίζω) that which one spits out. πῶ Ion. κω, enclit. Particle, up to this time, yet, ever yet, Liberto, mostly with negat. II. πῶ; Sicilian

for ποῦ; as interrog. where?

ΠΩΤΩΝ, ανος, ὁ, the beard; πάγων πυρός a beard or tail of fire. Hence

παγωνίας, ου, δ, bearded; ἀστὴρ παγωνίας a bearded star, i.e. a comet.

παγωνίων, τό, Dim. of πάγων, a little beard.

παγωνο-φόρος, ον, (πάγων, φέρω) wearing a beard. πάσα, τά, pl. nom. of πῶ.

πωλεῖα, ἡ, (πωλεύω) a breeding of foals.

πωλέομαι Ion. πωλεῖμαι, whence part. πωλεύμενος, impf. πωλεύμην; also Ion. 3 sing. impf. πωλέσκετο: fut. πωλήσομαι: Dep.:—Frequent. of πωλέω, to go up and down in a place, frequent, wander about, Lat. versari in loco: to go or come frequently to a place: c. gen., ἀγγελίης πωλεῖσθαι to go on a message. II. to pursue a walk or line of life.

πωλεύωμαι, Ep. for ἐπωλούμην, impf. of πωλέομαι.

πωλευσις, ἡ, (πωλεύω) horse-breaking.

πωλεύω, (πῶλος) to break in a young horse.

πωλέω, Ion. impf. πωλέσκον: f. ἦσω; (*πωλάω, which occurs in ἐμ-πωλάομαι):—to sell, opp. to ἀνείσθαι πωλεῖν πρὸς τινα to deal with one:—πωλεῖν τέλην, to let out the taxes, Lat. locare:—Pass. to be sold: of persons, to be bought and sold, betrayed; cf. πωπράσκει.

πώλης, ου, δ, (πωλέω) a seller, dealer.

πώλησις, ἡ, (πωλέω) a selling, sale.

πωλητήριον, τό, a place where wares are sold, a mart, warehouse, shop. II. the place where the taxes were let to the highest bidder: see πωλητή.

πωλητής, ου, δ, (πωλέω) a seller, dealer. II.

at Athens the πωληταί were ten officers, who used to let out (ἐπώλουν, Lat. locabant) the taxes and other revenues to the highest bidders.

πωλικός, ἡ, ὅν, (πῶλος) of foals or fillies: generally,

f or *for* horses; ἀθήνη πωλική a chariot drawn by mares. II. poet. virgin, maidenly.
 πωλίον, τό, Dim. of πῶλος, a pony.
 πωλοδαμνέω, f. ἦσω, to break young horses. 2.
 metaph. to train up, rear. From
 πωλο-δάμνης, ου, ὁ, (πῶλος, δαμάω) a horse-breaker.
 πωλο-μάχος, ου, (πῶλος, μάχομαι) fighting on horse-
 back or in a chariot. [α]
 ΠΩΛΟΣ, ὁ and ἡ, a foal, whether colt or filly:
 generally, a young animal. II. poet. as fem. a
 young girl, maiden, like μόσχος, πόρτις, Lat. ju-
 venca; more rarely as masc. a young man, a son.
 πῶλυ-πος, ὁ, Aeol. and Dor. for πολύπους.
 πῶμα, ατος, τό, a lid, cover. (Deriv. unknown.)
 πῶμα, ατος, τό, (ΠΟ—Root of some tenses of πίνω)
 drink, a draught, potion.
 πῶ-μᾶλ᾽, Adv. for πῶς μάλα; how in the world?
 hence in Att. without any question,=οὐδαμῶς, not
 be least, by no means.
 πῶ-ποτε, (πω, ποτέ) ever yet, mostly with a negat.
 πῶπρινος, η, ου, (πῶπος) made of tuffa or tuff-stone.
 πῶρος, ὁ, tuff-stone, Lat. topbus, Ital. tuffa, friable
 and porous.
 πῶρω, f. ὠσαι, (πῶπος) to petrify, turn into
 stone. II. generally, to barden, make cal-
 lous. III. metaph. in Pass. to become barded
 or callous, of the heart.
 πῶρωσις, εως, ἡ, (πῶρῶ) a turning into stone:
 metaph. from Pass. πῶρόμαι, bardness of heart, cal-
 lousness.
 πῶς Ion. κῶς, interrog. Adv. how? in what way or
 manner? Lat. quomodo? in Att. sometimes c. genit.,
 πῶς ἄγανος ἤκομεν; how are we come off in the con-
 test? II. at the beginning of a speech, How now?
 πῶς γάρ .; as if something had gone before, How
 couldst thou be, for it cannot be that...? so also πῶς
 ἡ; πῶς γάρ δή, III. πῶς ἄν with the opt. ex-
 presses a wish, O how might I...? would that I
 could! πῶς ἄν ὀλοίμην; would that I could pe-
 nish! V. καὶ πῶς; introducing an objection, yet
 how can that be? but how? V. πῶς οὐ; Lat.
 quidni? why not? certainly. VI. πῶς δοκεῖς; how
 dost thou? i. e. you cannot think how.
 πῶς Ion. κῶς, enclit. Adv. in any way, at all, by
 any means, Lat. aliquo modo.
 (Strictly speaking, πῶς is Adv. of *πός; quis?
 whence πού, ποί, etc.)
 πωτάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Ep. for πέτομαι, ποτάομαι,
 o fly. Hence
 πῶτῆμα, ατος, το, figoi.
 ΠΩΤ' ἤ, εως, τό, pi. πῶσα, τά, a flock of sheep, with
 or without ὀλῶν, opp. to βοῶν ἀγέλας.

P

Π, ρ, πῶ, το, indecl., seventeenth letter of Greek
 alphabet: as numeral π' = 100, but π = 100,000.

Dialectic changes of ρ: 1. Aeol. at the end of
 words σ passed into ρ, as, οὐταρ μάρτυρ for οὔτος
 μάρτυς: so in Lat. arbor arbos, honor bonos II.
 in later Att., the Ion. and old Att. ρ passed into ρρ,
 as ἀρρην θάρρος, for ἀρρην θάρσος. III. Att., ρ
 was often put for λ, as κρίβανος ναύκαρος σιγηρός,
 for κλίβανος ναύκληρος σιγηλός. IV. in Poets,
 ρ is transposed, as κάρτος Ep. for κράτος, θάρσος for
 θράσος. V. ρ is doubled after a Prep. or a privat.,
 and commonly after the augment, as ἀπορ-ρίπτω, ἐρ-
 ρωστός, ἐρρῖψε. VI. ρ at the beginning of a word
 sometimes makes a short vowel at the end of foreg.
 word long by position, as, ψυχρῇ ὑπὸ ριπῆς, σπεύδειν
 ἀπὸ ρυτῆρος. VII. ρ was called by the ancients
 littera canina,=irritata canis quod 'rr' quam plu-
 rima dicat, Lucil.
 ρά, enclit. Particle, Ep. for ἀρα, q. v. [α]
 'PA' or ρά, Adv. easily: see ρέα, ρεῖα.
 ραββί, ὁ, indecl., Hebrew word, Rabb-i, i. e. my
 master:—so also ραββονί or ραββονί, ὁ, Rabb-oni,
 my master, a term of higher honour than Rabb-i.
 ραβδίξω, f. σω, (ράβδος) to beat with a stick, cudgel:
 to thrash out corn.
 ραβδίον, τό, Dim. of ράβδος, a small wand.
 ραβδονομέω, f. ἦσω, to sit as umpire. From
 ραβδο-νόμος, ου, (ράβδος, νέμω) holding a rod or
 wand: as Subst., ραβδονόμος, ὁ,=ραβδοῦχος, the
 Roman Lictor.
 'PA'BAOS, ἡ, a rod, wand, stick, switch. 2. a
 magic wand, as that of Circe or Hermes. 3. a fish-
 ing-rod. 4. a spear-staff or shaft. 5. a wand
 or staff of office: a sceptre. 6. in pl. ράβδοι are
 the fasces of the Roman lictors
 ραβδοῦχῶ, f. ἦσω, (ραβδοῦχος) to carry a rod or
 wand of office. 2. to carry the fasces, to be a lictor:
 —Pass. to be attended by lictors. Hence
 ραβδοῦχία, ἡ, the office of lictor.
 ραβδ-οῦχος, ου, (ράβδος, ἔχω) carrying a rod:—
 as Subst., ραβδοῦχος, ὁ, one who bears a staff of office,
 a judge, umpire. 2. a magistrate's attendant, a
 sort of constable or beadle:—at Rome, a lictor.
 ραβδο-φόρος, ου,=ραβδοῦχ
 ραβδοῦχος, ἡ, ὅν, (ράβδος) striped, streaked, Lat.
 virgatus.
 ράγας, ἄδος, ἡ, (ραγῆναι) a rent, chink.
 ράγῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of ράγνυμι.
 ραγδαίος, α, ου, (ράσσω) tearing, furious.
 ράγλις, f. ἴσω, (ράξ) to gather grapes.
 ράγο-λόγος, ου, (ράξ, λέγω) galbering berries or
 grapes.
 ραδινάκη, ἡ, Persian name for a black ill-smelling
 petroleum found at Ardericca near Susa.
 'PA'ΔITNO'Σ, ἡ, ὅν, Aeol. βραδινός, ὁ, ὅν, slender:
 taper, slim, delicate, tender.
 ράδιος, α, ου, Att. also os, ου, Ion. ρηίδιος, η, ου [Υ].
 or ρήιδιος, η, ου (ρά, ρέα, ρεῖα), easy, easy to make
 or do; οἶμος ρηιδίη an easy road: c. inf., τάφρος
 ρηιδίη περῆσαι a trench easy to cross:—also ligbt,

simple, little-beeded.

II. of persons, easy, ready, willing to oblige, complaisant, affable, Lat. facilis, somniodus.

2. In bad sense, heedless, reckless.—The degrees of Comparison are irreg., being formed from the Root *ρα*:—Comp. *ράων*, neut. *ράων* Ion. *ρήων*, *ρήων* Ep. *ρήτερος* contr. *ρήτερος*:—Sup. *ράστος*, η, or Ion. *ρήστος* Dor. *ράστος* Ep. *ρήτατος*.

ραδιουργέω, f. *ήσω*, (*ραδιουργός*) to do with ease.

II. in bad sense, to act thoughtlessly, recklessly: to misbehave. 2. to lead an easy, lazy life. Hence

ραδιούργημα, *όν*, a thoughtless, reckless action: and *ραδιουργία*, *ή*, doing or acting easily, a ready way of doing a thing, facility.

II. in bad sense, recklessness. 2. indolence, laziness.

ραδι-ουργός, *όν*, (*ράδιος*, *έργον*) doing things easily, ready.

II. in bad sense, acting lightly or carelessly, thoughtless, reckless.

ράδως Ep. and Ion. *ρηιδίως*, Adv. of *ράδιος*, easily, lightly, readily: *ράδως* φέρειν to bear lightly, make light of a thing.

ράθαμιγέω, ιγγος, η, (*ραίνω*) a drop. II. of solids, a grain, bit.

ράθ-πυγίζω, (*ράσσω*, *πυγή*) to slap one on the back.

ραθυμέω, f. *ήσω*, (*ράθυμος*) to be easy-tempered, thoughtless, careless.

II. to slacken work, be idle. Hence

ραθυμία, *ή*, easiness of temper: thoughtlessness, carelessness.

II. a taking things easily, indifference, sluggishness, laziness.

III. relaxation, amusement, pastime.

ρά-θυμος, *ον*, (*ράδιος*, *θυμός*) easy-tempered, thoughtless, careless.

II. sluggish, lazy, slothful. Hence

ραθύμως, Adv. with easy temper, carelessly: *ραθύμως* φέρειν to take easily, to shew indifference to a thing.

ραιβό-κράνος, *ον*, (*ραιβός*, *κράνιον*) crook-beaded.

ΡΑΙΒΟΣ, *ή*, *όν*, crooked, bent, bandy.

ραιβο-σκελής, *ές*, (*ραιβός*, *σκέλος*) crook-legged.

ράϊζω Ion. *ρήϊζω*, f. *ίσω*, (*ράδιος*) to grow easy: to find relief, recover: to take one's rest.

ΡΑΙΝΩ, fut. *ράνω*: aor. I *ῥάνα*, Ep. 2 pl. imperat. *ράσσατε* (as if from **ρά(ω)*): pf. pass. *ῥρασμαι* (also from **ρά(ω)*), Ep. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. *ῥράδαται*, *-ατω*:—to sprinkle, besprinkle, of water: of solids, to strew, bestrew, scatter: metaph. to bedew, besprinkle, bespatter.

ραισέμεναι, Ep. 1or *ραισεν*, fut. inf. of *ραίω*.

ράισχ, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of *ραίω*.

ραιστήρ. *ήρος*, *ός*, (*ραίω*) a breaker, crusher: a hammer.

ῤΑΙΩ, f. *σω*: aor. I *ῥραισα*:—to break, smash, shiver, shatter:—Pass. to be shivered, shattered, crushed.

II. to crush, destroy:—Pass. to be broken down, crushed.

ρακά, *ός*, a worthless, wicked man. (Hebrew word.)

ράκιον, *τό*, Dim. of *ράκος*, a rag, shred, patch: in plur. rags. [*ᾱ*]

ράκιο-συρραπτάτης, *ον*, *ός*, (*ρακίον*, *συρραπτά*) a rag-stitcher, patcher of tatters, of Euripides.

ράκό-δύτος, *ον*, (*ράκος*, *δύω*) clad in rags: ragged.

ράκούς, *έσσα*, *ον*, ragged, tattered. II. wrinkled. From

ΡΑΚΟΣ [*ᾱ*], *εος*, *τό*, a ragged, tattered garment: in plur. *ράκα*, *ράκη*, rags, tatters: generally, a strip or shred of cloth. 2. in plur. wrinkles.

metaph., *σώματος* *ράκος* a shred of life, of an old man.

ράκω, f. *ώσω*, (*ράκος*) to tear in strips. Hence

ράκωμα, *ατος*, *τό*, = *ράκος*, a rag: in pl. rags. [*ᾱ*]

ΡΑΜΝΟΣ, *ή*, a thorn or prickly shrub. Hence

Ραμνούς, *οἰντος*, *ός*, *Rhamnús*, a demus or borough in Attica: properly contr. from *ραμνούς*, *έσσα*, *εν* thorny. Hence

Ραμνουσία, *α*, *ον*, or *Rhamnús*: *ή* *Ραμνουσία*, the Rhamnusian goddess, name of Nemesis from her temple at Rhamnús.

ΡΑΜΦΟΣ, *εος*, *τό*, toe crooked beak of birds, esp. of birds of prey: a beak, bill

ράνεις, *έτος*, *ή*, (*ραίω*) anything sprinkled: a drop of rain, etc.

ραντήριος, *α*, *ον*, (*ραίω*) sprinkled: reeking.

ραντίω, f. *σαι*, (*ραίω*) to sprinkle, moisten: hence to cleanse by sprinkling.

ραντισμός, *ός*, (*ραντίω*) a sprinkling, purification

ράξ, gen. *ράγος*, *ή*, a grape: cp. Lat. *racemus*.

ράων, neut. of *ράων*, often used as comp. Adv., more easily.

ράωνως, Adv. of *ράων*, more easily.

ράπιζω, f. *ίσω*: pf. pass. *ῥεπάπισμαι*: (*ραπίε*):—to strike with a stick, to thrash, cudgel.

II. to slap in the face, box on the ear, cuff.

ράπισ, *ιδος*, *ή*, (*ράβδος*) a rod, stick.

ράπις, *ατος*, *τό*, (*ράπιζω*) a blow with the palm of the hand, a slap on the face, cuff.

ραπτός, *ή*, *όν*, (*ράπτω*) sewn, stitched, patched: generally, strung together.

II. worked with the needle, embroidered: *ῥαπτή σφαίρα* a ball patched of divers colours.

ΡΑΠΤΩ, f. *ράπω*: aor. I *ῥραψα* Ep. *ράψα*: Pass., aor. 2 *ῥεράπων* [*ᾱ*]: pf. *ῥραμμαι*:—to sew or stitch together:—Med. to stitch, sew, patch for oneself.

II. later, to work with the needle, embroider.

III. metaph. to devise, contrive, concert, plot:—proverb., *τοῦτο τὸ ὑπόδημα ῥραψας μὲν σὺ, ὑπέδησας δὲ Ἀρισταγόρης* this shoe you indeed stitched, but Aristagoras put it on, i. e. you planned the plot, but he executed it.

IV. to link or string together.

Ράριος, *α*, *ον*, from *Raros*, *Rarian*: *ῤάριον* (sub. *πέδιον*), *τό*, the Rarian plain near Eleusis, sacred to Demeter: whence the goddess was herself called *Ραρία*. From

ῤάρος, *ον*, *ός*, *Raros*, father of Triptolemus.

ράσσατε, Ep. aor. I imperat. of *ραίω* (as if from **ρά(ω)*).

'PA'ΣΣΩ, f. ἔω: aor. I ἔπραξα:—like ἀράσσω, to strike, smite, dash down: akin to Ion. ῥήσσω, ῥήγνυμι. ῥάστω, neut. pl. of ῥάστος, as Adv., most easily. ῥάστος, ἡ, ov, irreg. Sup. of ῥάδιος, contr. of ῥάιστος, most easy.

ῥαστωναύω, = ῥαθυμέω, to be idle, listless. From ῥαστώνη Ion. ῥηστώνη, ἡ, (ῥάστος) easiness of doing anything, facility. II. easiness of temper, good nature, Lat. *facilitas*; ἐκ ῥηστώνης τῆς Δημοκρίδους from kindness to Democedes. III. relief, rest, cessation from a thing: absol. rest, leisure, ease: indolence.

ῥάτερος, α, ov, irreg. Comp. of ῥάδιος, more easy. ῥάφάνιδός, (ῥαφανίς) to punish as an adulterer. ῥάφάνις, ἴδος, ἡ, the radish, Lat. *raphanus*. From 'PA'ΦΑ'ΝΟΣ, ἡ, cabbage. [ῥά] ῥάφεις, ἔω, δ, (ῥάπτω) a stitche, sewer. II. metaph. a plotter, contriver, planner. ῥάφή, ἡ, (ῥάπτω) a seam; ῥάφή κραινίου the suture of the skull.

ῥάφῃναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ῥάπτω. ῥάφιδεύς, ἔω, ἡ, = ῥαφεύς. ῥάφης Dor. ῥαπίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ῥάπτω) a needle, pin. ῥαχία Ion. ῥηχίη, ἡ, (ῥάσσω) like ῥηγμίν, the breaking of the sea on the shore, breakers, surf: the flood-tide, opp. to ἀμπωτίς the ebb: generally, a big tide, flood. II. an edge of the sea, the beach, on which the waves break. 2. a mountain-ridge.

ῥάχιζω, f. ἴσω, (ῥάχις) to cut through the spine: to cleave in twain, hew in pieces.

ῥάχις [ᾱ], gen. ιος Att. ἔω, ἡ, the back of men or animals; the spine: also the backbone, Lat. *spina dorsi*; ἐπὶ ῥάχιν παγῆναι to be impaled. II. anything like the backbone, a mountain-ridge.

ῥαχός Ion. ῥηχός, οὐ, ἡ, a thorn-bush, briar. 2. a thorn-bedge. 3. a thorn-stick, a twig.

ῥάψαι, aor. I inf. of ῥάπτω. ῥαψωδέω, f. ἴσω: (ῥαψώδης):—to recite poems:—Pass. of the poems, to be recited. 2. to repeat by heart or rote, declaim: to reiterate, keep saying that... II. c. acc. pers., to sing of one. Hence ῥαψωδία, ἡ, recital of Epic poetry: Epic composition, opp. to Lyric.

ῥαψ-ωδός, δ, (ῥάπτω, ᾧδῃ) one who stiches or strings songs together: one who recited Epic poems, a rhapsodist; sometimes of the bard who recited his own poem, but mostly of a class of persons who got their living by reciting the poems of Homer: hence the poems of Homer came to be divided into certain lengths called *rhapsodies*, i. e. lays or cantos, which were recited at one time. II. the Sphinx is called ῥαψωδός κύων, from proposing her riddle.

ῥάων, ov, irreg. Comp. of ῥάδιος, more easy. ῥέδ, Ep. Adv. for ῥᾶ (whence ῥάδιος), easily, lightly. [u a, but also contr. as one long syll.]

'Ρέα, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. 'Ρεῖη or 'Ρῆη, Rhea, wife of Saturn and mother of Jupiter. (Deriv. by transpos. from ἔρα, Earth f)

'PETKΩ, f. ῥέγω, to snore: of horses, to snort. (Formed from the sound.)

'PETOΣ, εος, τό, = ῥήγος, a rug, coverlet.

ῥέγω, = ῥέγκω, q. v.

ῥέδη, ἡ, a wagon, from the Lat. *rbeda*.

ῥέθρον, τό, Ion. and poet. for ῥεῖθρον, a stream.

'PE'Ω, Ion. impf. ῥέεσκον: fut. ῥέω: aor. I ἔρεξα and ἔρρεξα: of Pass. only aor. I ῥεχθῆναι is used:—like ἔρδα, to do, act: absol., but mostly transit., to do, accomplish, make, effect: c. dupl. acc. to do something to one: also c. Adv., κακῶς ῥέζειν τινά to maltreat one. II. ἑρὰ ῥέζειν θεῷ to fulfil or accomplish a sacrifice to a god, Lat. *sacra facere*: hence to sacrifice: but also absol. to do sacrifice, like Lat. *operari, facere*.

'PE'ΘOΣ, εος, τό, a limb.

II. the face, countenance. ῥεῖα, another Ep. form of ῥέα, Adv. of ῥάδιος, easily, lightly, carelessly.

'Ρεῖη, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. for 'Ρέα.

ῥεῖθρον, τό, Att. contr. from Ion. ῥέεθρον, (ῥέω) a river, stream. 2. later, the bed of a river: also a channel, stream. ῥέκτηρα, ἡ, fem. of ῥεκτήρ.

ῥεκτήρ, ἦρος, δ, (ῥέζω) a doer, agent.

ῥέμβομαι, Den. to roam, rove, roll about: to act at random.

ῥέξαι, ῥέξας, aor. I inf. and part. of ῥέζω.

ῥέος, τό, (ῥέω) a stream.

'PE'Ω, i. ψω, properly of the descending scale, to incline downwards, to sink, fall, verge, Lat. *vergere*, *inclinare*: hence simply to fall or turn downwards. 2. of one of two parties, to preponderate, prevail, outweigh. 3. of persons, to incline towards a thing. 4. of duties, to fall or devolve upon one. 5. of events, to incline, fall, happen in a certain way: to incline, conduce towards... II. trans. to make the scale incline one way or the other: hence in Pass., ἴσως βέπεσθαι to be equally balanced or poised.

ῥερύπνωμένος, pf. pass. part. of ῥυπόω.

ῥεῖμα, αρος, τό, (ῥέω) that which flows, a flow, stream, a river: also a stream of lava: metaph. a stream, flood or tide of men. 2. a flood.

ῥεύσομαι, fut. of ῥέω, to flow.

ῥεχθῆς, aor. I pass. part. of ῥέζω.

*'PE'Ω, to say, root of some tenses given under ἔρεω, εἶπον.

'PE'Ω, f. ῥεύσομαι: Att. fut. ῥηήσομαι and aor. 2 ἔρρηνη, in pass. form but with act. sense: pf. ἔρρηκα:—to flow, run, stream, gush; ῥέειν αἵματι γαῖα the ground streamed with blood: also c. acc. cognate, ῥεῖται χώρα γάλα, μέλι let the land flow with milk, honey; ῥεῖν ἀπὸ χιύνος to flow from melted snow. 2. metaph. of a flow of words, to stream, run glibly. 3. to fall, drop off. 4. to flow or melt away.

II. trans. to let flow, make stream, pour.

ῥήγμα, ατος, τό, (ῥήγνυμι) *a fracture, breakage, crash, downfall.*

ῥήγνιν or -μιν, gen. ἱνός, ὁ, (ῥήγνυμι) *the sea breaking on the beach, or the edge of the shore on which the sea breaks: the breakers, surf.* 2. metaph. *the verge or edge of a thing.*

ΠΗΝΤΗ or -ωω: 3 sing. impf. ῥήγυσσε, Ion.
 for ῥήγυνυ: fut. ῥήξω: aor. 1 ῥρηξά: pf. 2 ῥερρα
 (in the sense of the Pass.)—Med., f. ῥήξομαι: Ep.
 aor. 1 ῥηξάνυ:—Pass.: fut. 2 ῥυγίσσομαι: aor. 1
 ῥρηχθῶ, more usual. aor. 2 ῥράγυν [ᾶ]: pf. ῥερρη-
 γυν—*to break, burst, break asunder or in pieces,*
shiver, shatter: of garments, *to tear, rend*, esp. in sign
 of grief. 2. as a term of war, *to break a line of*

battle; τὸ μέσον ρήξαι to break through the centre:—also in Med., ρήξασθαι στίχας to break oneself a way through the ranks:—also absol. both in Act. and Med., ρήξαι, ρήξασθαι, to break or force one's way through. 3. to let break loose, to unchain, let

loose; ῥήξαι φωνήν to let loose, give utterance to the voice, properly of persons speaking for the first time; then to speak freely, speak out, like Virgil's *rumpere vocem*: so, ῥήξαι βοῆνῃν to let loose the thunder; ῥήξαι δάκρυα to burst into tears. 4. in form ῥήσσει, absol. to beat the ground, to dance. 5. of boxers, to fell, knock down. II. Pass. to break, burst:

to break asunder: to break open, yawn, as the earth in an earthquake. 2. to burst forth, like lightning. 3. of ships, to be wrecked, shattered. III. intr. chiefly in pf. ἐπάρχα, to break or burst forth: of a river, to break its banks:—metaph. to burst or gush forth.

ῥήγνυσκε, Ion. for ῥρηγγνυ, 3 sing. inapf. of ῥήγνυμι.
 ΡΗΓΟΣ, eos, τό, a rug or blanket, used as a cover-
 let for a bed, for a seat, or as a garment.

ῥῆδιος, η, ον, Ion. contr. from ῥηΐδιος, *easy*.
 ῥηθείς, aor. I part. pass. of ῥέειν, ῥῶν : ῥηθῆναι inf.
 ῥηΐδιος, η, ον, Ion. for ῥάδιος, *easy*.

ῥήϊστος, η, ον, Ion. for ῥᾶστος, Sup. of ῥάδιος.
 ῥήϊτατος, η, ον, Ep. Sup. of ῥάδιος.
 ῥήϊτερος, η, ον, Ep. Comp. of ῥάδιος.

ῥηξί-voos, ov, (ῥήγνυμι, νόος) *breaking the spirit.*

ῥήξῃς, εως, ἡ, (ῥήγνυμι) a breaking. II. a rent, cleft. 2. a bursting or breaking forth of the entrails of victims.

ρήσις, gen. εως lon. ιος, η, (*ῥέω=ἔρῳ) *a saying, speaking; a word, speech*; καταπλέξα τὴν βῆσιν *to bring one's speech to an end.* II. *a tale, legend.* III. *an expression or passage in an*

ῥήσσω, rarer collat. form of ῥηγγυμι: ῥησσειν τυμ-
πανα *to beat drums*. 2. absol. *to strike the earth in
dancing, to dance*, Lat. *tripudiare*.

ῥηστῶνη, ἡ, Ion. for ῥαστῶνη.
ῥητέον, verb. Adj. of *ῥέω, one must say.

ῥητήρ, ῥητορ, ὁ, (*ῥέω = ἔρω) like ῥήτωρ, a speaker.
ῥητορεύω, f. σω, (ῥήτωρ) to be a public speaker.

*practise oratory, speak in public:—*Pass., of a speech, to be spoken.

ῥητορικός, ἡ, ον, (ῥήτωρ) *fit for a public speaker*
or *public speaking*, oratorical, rhetorical:—ἡ ῥητορικὴ
(sub. τέχνη), *rhetoric, the art of speaking*.

ρητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *ρέω = ἔρῳ, said, spoken: named, specified, settled, Lat. ratus; ἐν ῥητοῖς γέ-
ρασι with specified prerogatives; ἐν ῥητοῖσι on set
terms. 2. spoken of, known, famous.

ῥήτρα Ion. ῥήτρῃ, ῥή, (*ῥέω = ἑρῶ) a word, saying, maxim. 2. \square unwritten law, whence the laws of Lycurgus were called ῥήτρας. 3. a verbal agreement, covenant.

ῥήτωρ, ὁρος, ὁ, (*ῥέω = ἔρω) *a public speaker, pleader, orator, Lat. orator* II. *a rhetorician, Lat. rhetor.*

ῥητῶς, Adv. of ῥητός, in express terms.

ῥηχίη, ῥ, Ion. for βαχία.

ῥηχός, ἡ, Ion. for ῥάχος.

πιγεδνός, ἡ, ὄν, or ὅς, ὄν, making one shudder, shilling; *πιγεδανῇ* 'Ελένη Helen at whose name one shudders. From

πίπτω, *f. ῥωσ*: aor. 1 ἔπληγσα Ep. *πίγησα*: pf. ἔπληγα, Dor. 3 pl. ἔπληγαντι (for -ασι), Ep. 3 sing subj. ἔπληγῃσι, Ep. dat. part. ἔπληγοντι, in pres sense: (*πίρως*):—to shiver or shudder with cold: metaph. to shudder with fear or horror: c. inf. to shudder or fear to do a thing. 2. to grow cold, cool, slacken

II. trans. c. acc. to *shudder at* anything.

ῥιγλός, *ov*, *making one shiver, chilling.*
ῥίγιον, *Comp. Adv. formed from ῥίγιος, more*
chilly. II. metaph. more horribly.

πίστετος, η, ον, Sup. formed (like Comp. Adv. *πίγιον*) from *πίτος*, *most chilly*. II. metaph. *most horrible*.

ῥίγο-μάχης, ου, ο, (ῥίγος, μάχομαι) *fighting with frost or cold.* [ἀ]

ΠΙΤΟΣ, εος, τό, Lat. *FRIGUS*, frost, cold. II.
 shivering from cold, shuddering, Lat. *horro*
 πύω, f. ὦω, (πίος) like πύειν to be cold, shiver
 from frost or cold, be chilled.—This Verb sometimes

contracts into ω instead of $\omicron\upsilon$ (as if it were $\mu\epsilon\gamma\acute{\alpha}\omega$), as, part. $\mu\epsilon\gamma\acute{\omega}\nu$, $\mu\epsilon\gamma\acute{\omega}\sigma\alpha$, dat. $\mu\epsilon\gamma\acute{\omega}\nu\tau\epsilon$; also opt. $\mu\epsilon\gamma\acute{\omega}\nu\eta$.

‘PI’ZA, a root: in plur. the roots: metaph. the roots of the eye; the roots or foundations of the earth, of a mountain, etc.

II. that from which anything springs; metaph. a root, stem, stock of a family, Lat. stirps: a race, family. 2. the root or origin of anything.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\iota\omicron\nu$, τό, Dim. of $\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\alpha$, a little root.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\acute{\epsilon}\theta\epsilon\nu$, Adv. ($\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\alpha$) from the root or roots.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\omicron$ -τομός, $\acute{\omicron}\nu$, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\alpha$, τεμείν) cutting roots, esp. for purposes of medicine or witchcraft.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\acute{\omega}$, $\acute{\iota}$ $\acute{\omega}\sigma\omega$: pf. pass. $\epsilon\pi\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\omicron\mu\alpha\iota$: ($\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\alpha$):—to make strike root, plant: metaph. to plant, fix firmly; τυραννίς $\epsilon\pi\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\omicron\mu\acute{\epsilon}\nu\eta$ a firmly rooted tyranny:—Pass., of trees and plants, to take root: also to be rooted or made fast.

II. in Pass. also, of a place, to be planted with trees.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\omega\mu\alpha$, ατος, τό, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\omega$) a root:

II. metaph.

a root, stem, stock, race, lineage.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta$ -ώρυχος, $\acute{\omicron}\nu$, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\alpha$, όρύσσω) digging for roots.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\kappa\acute{\nu}\omicron\varsigma$, $\acute{\eta}$, $\acute{\omicron}\nu$, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\kappa\gamma\omicron\varsigma$) stiff or stark with cold: withered, sbrivelled.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\kappa\upsilon\kappa$ -ώτης, $\epsilon\varsigma$, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\kappa\acute{\nu}\omicron\varsigma$, είδος) sbrivelled-looki.g.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\acute{\alpha}$, Adv. ($\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\tau\omega$) lightly, swiftly, fleetly.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi$ -άρματος, $\acute{\omicron}\nu$, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\alpha$, άρμα) of a swift chariot; $\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\acute{\alpha}\rho\mu\alpha\tau\omicron\iota$ άμλλαι with racing of chariots.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\nu$, $\acute{\eta}$, later form for $\rho\acute{\iota}\varsigma$.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\acute{\alpha}\omega$, $\acute{\iota}$ $\acute{\eta}\sigma\omega$, to file down or off: Pass. to be filed off: to be the result of filing. From

‘PI’NH, $\acute{\eta}$, a file, rasp. [I]

$\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\eta\lambda\acute{\alpha}\tau\epsilon\omega$, $\acute{\iota}$ $\acute{\eta}\sigma\omega$, to track by the nose, follow by scent, hunt down. From

$\rho\acute{\iota}\nu$ -ηλάτης, $\acute{\omicron}\nu$, δ , ($\rho\acute{\iota}\alpha$, ελάνω) one who tracks by the nose or scent.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\acute{\epsilon}$ -βόλος, $\acute{\omicron}\nu$, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\varsigma$, βάλλω) forced through the nostril, snorting.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\acute{\omicron}\nu$, τό, a hide, skin.

‘PINO’Z, $\acute{\omicron}\nu$, δ and $\acute{\eta}$, the skin of a man. II. the hide of a beast, esp. an ox-hide: a wolf’s skin. 2. an oxhide shield.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\omicron$ -τόπος, $\acute{\omicron}\nu$, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\acute{\omicron\varsigma}$, τοπέω) piercing shields.

‘PION, τό, the peak of a mountain. 2. the end of a promontory, a headland, foreland.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\epsilon\sigma\omicron\iota$, Ep. pl. dat. of $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\upsilon$.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\acute{\eta}$, $\acute{\eta}$, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\tau\omega$) the force with which a thing is thrown, rushing motion, flight, sweep, wing, Lat. impetus; $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\eta$ πυρός the rush or blast of fire. 2. a rushing sound, flapping, fluttering of wings; the buzzing of a gnat; also the quivering notes of a lyre: of time, a twinkling of the eye. 3. any quivering motion, a quivering or twinkling light, as of stars:—also the quick glancing of feet.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\acute{\iota}\zeta\omega$, $\acute{\iota}$ $\acute{\omega}\sigma\omega$, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\acute{\iota}\varsigma$) to blow up or fan the flame, Lat. conflare.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\acute{\iota}\varsigma$, ίδας, $\acute{\eta}$, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\eta$) a fan for raising the fire, used for bellows. 2. a lady’s fan.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\omega\mu\alpha$, ατος, τό, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\acute{\iota}\zeta\omega$) the air or wind of a sail, $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\omicron\varsigma$, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\omega$) a mat or wicker burdle.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\acute{\alpha}\zeta\omega$, $\acute{\iota}$ $\acute{\alpha}\sigma\omega$, Frequentative of $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$, to throw to and fro, throw or toss about, Lat. jactare:—Pass. to toss oneself about.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\alpha\sigma\kappa\omicron\nu$, Ion. impf. of $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\acute{\epsilon}\omega$, a form of $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$, used only in pres. and impf. to throw or toss about.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\acute{\omicron\varsigma}$, $\acute{\eta}$, $\acute{\omicron}\nu$, verb. Adj. of $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$, thrown, cast, hurled; $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\acute{\omicron\varsigma}$ μόρος death by being thrown down a precipice.

‘PI’TOZ f. $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\omega$: aor. I $\epsilon\pi\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\alpha$ Ep. $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\alpha$: pf. $\epsilon\pi\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\alpha$: Pass., fut. I $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\theta\acute{\eta}\sigma\omicron\mu\alpha\iota$, fut. 2 $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\theta\acute{\eta}\sigma\omicron\mu\alpha\iota$, paullo-p. fut. $\epsilon\pi\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\theta\omicron\mu\alpha\iota$: aor. I $\epsilon\pi\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\theta\eta\nu$, and aor. 2 $\epsilon\pi\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\theta\eta\nu$ [I]: pf. $\epsilon\pi\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\mu\alpha\iota$: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. $\epsilon\pi\acute{\epsilon}\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omicron$:—to throw, cast, hurl; $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\epsilon\iota\nu$ $\chi\theta\omicron\nu\iota$ to throw on the ground: to cast a net, $\epsilon\pi\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\alpha\iota$ δ βόλος the cast has been made. 2. to cast out. 3. to cast away: to throw away, waste. 4. to throw about. 5. to throw forth, let drop, utter, of words; $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\epsilon\iota\nu$ $\tau\acute{\iota}$ $\tau\acute{\iota}\nu\omicron\varsigma$ to throw a thing at one. 6. to cast down; $\rho\acute{\iota}$ $\epsilon\lambda\upsilon\tau\acute{\omicron}\nu$. 7. $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\epsilon\iota\nu$ κίνδυνον to make a venture or hazard, run a risk. II. intr. to throw or cast oneself, to fall.

‘PI’Z, $\acute{\eta}$, gen. $\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\acute{\omicron\varsigma}$, acc. $\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\alpha$: plur. $\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\epsilon\varsigma$, Ion. gen. $\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\acute{\omicron}\nu$:—the nose:—in pl. the nostrils, Lat. nares.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\theta\acute{\epsilon}\iota\varsigma$, $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\theta\acute{\epsilon}\iota\varsigma$, aor. I and 2 pass. part. of $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$.

‘PI’Z, $\acute{\eta}$, gen. $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\omicron\varsigma$, mat-work of osiers or rushes, wicker-work: a mat, or wicker burdle, Lat. crate.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\alpha$, Ep. for $\epsilon\pi\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\alpha$, aor. I of $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi$ -ασπίς, ίδος, δ , $\acute{\eta}$, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$, άσπίς) throwing away a shield in battle, a dastard, recreant.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\iota\varsigma$, εως, $\acute{\eta}$, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$) a throwing: a casting. II.

a being thrown, falling.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\omega$ -κίνδυνος, $\acute{\omicron}\nu$, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$, κίνδυνος) running need-less risk, foolhardy; see $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$ 7.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi$ -οπλος, $\acute{\omicron}\nu$, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$, όπλον) throwing away one’s arms, panic-struck.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\alpha$, $\acute{\eta}$, see $\rho\acute{\iota}\alpha$.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\delta\acute{\alpha}\nu\eta$, $\acute{\eta}$, the nose:—in pl. the nostrils, Lat. nares.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\delta\acute{\alpha}\nu\omicron\varsigma$, $\acute{\eta}$, $\acute{\omicron}\nu$, ($\kappa\rho\acute{\alpha}\delta\acute{\alpha}\omega$) waving, quivering.

$\rho\acute{\��}\delta\acute{\alpha}\epsilon\alpha$, contr. $\rho\acute{\��}\delta\acute{\eta}$, $\acute{\eta}$, ($\rho\acute{\��}\delta\acute{\omicron}\nu$) a rose-bush, rose-tree.

$\rho\acute{\��}\delta\acute{\epsilon}\omicron\varsigma$, α , $\acute{\omicron}\nu$, ($\rho\acute{\��}\delta\acute{\omicron}\nu$) of roses, Lat. roseus.

$\rho\acute{\��}\delta\acute{\eta}$, $\acute{\eta}$, contr. for $\rho\acute{\��}\delta\acute{\epsilon}\alpha$.

$\rho\acute{\��}\delta\acute{\omicron}\nu\omicron\varsigma$, η , $\acute{\omicron}\nu$, ($\rho\acute{\��}\delta\acute{\omicron}\nu$) made or twined of roses.

$\rho\acute{\��}\delta\acute{\omicron}\iota\omicron\varsigma$, α , $\acute{\omicron}\nu$, ($\rho\acute{\��}\delta\acute{\omicron}\nu$) Rbodian, of or from Rhodus.

$\rho\acute{\��}\delta\acute{\omicron}$ -δάκτυλος, $\acute{\omicron}\nu$, ($\rho\acute{\��}\delta\acute{\omicron}\nu$, δάκτυλος) rosy-fingered.

$\rho\acute{\��}\delta\acute{\omicron}$ -ειδής, $\acute{\epsilon}\varsigma$, ($\rho\acute{\��}\delta\acute{\omicron}\nu$, είδω) rosy-like, rosy.

$\rho\acute{\��}\delta\acute{\omicron}\acute{\epsilon}\iota\varsigma$, $\epsilon\sigma\sigma\alpha$, $\epsilon\nu$, ($\rho\acute{\��}\delta\acute{\omicron}\nu$) of roses.

$\rho\acute{\��}\delta\acute{\omicron}$ -κισσος, δ , ($\rho\acute{\��}\delta\acute{\omicron}\nu$, κισσός) rose-ivy.

$\rho\acute{\��}\delta\acute{\omicron}$ -μηλον Dor. -μαλον, τό, ($\rho\acute{\��}\delta\acute{\omicron}\nu$, μήλον) a rose-apple: metaph. a rosy cheek.

‘PO’DON, τό, the rose, Lat. rosa.

$\rho\acute{\��}\delta\acute{\omicron}$ -πηχυς Dor. -παχυς, υ , gen. $\nu\omicron\varsigma$, ($\rho\acute{\��}\delta\acute{\omicron}\nu$, πηχυς) rosy-armed.

$\rho\acute{\��}\delta\acute{\omicron}$ -πνοος, $\acute{\omicron}\nu$ contr. -πνοους, $\acute{\omicron}\nu\acute{\nu}$, ($\rho\acute{\��}\delta\acute{\omicron}\nu$, πνέω) breathing of roses.

‘P6DOS, $\acute{\omicron}\nu$, $\acute{\eta}$, the island of Rhodus. Lat. Rhodus.

ῥοδόχρους, αἶτος, δ, η, (ῥόδον. χράς) rose-coloured, of rose complexion.

ῥοδωνία, ἡ, (ῥόδον) a rose-bed, garden of roses, rosary, Lat. *rosarium*.

ῥοή Dor. ῥοά, ἡ, (ῥέω) a river, stream, current, flow; ἀμπέλου ῥοή the juice of the grape;—metaph., ῥοαί streams of events, the tide of affairs.

ῥοθεῖω, f. ἤσω, (ῥόθος) to dash, plash, esp. of the stroke of oars. 2. to murmur, sound hoarse or loud.

ῥοθαίω, f. ἄσω, (ῥόθιος) to dash with the oar. 2. of pigs eating, to make a guttling noise.

ῥόθιας, ἄδος, ἡ, poet. fem. of ῥόθιος, roaring, dashing. ῥόθιον, τό, a dashing wave, a breaker: surge, surf. 2. a loud roar or shout of applause: generally, a tumult, uproar. Properly neut. from

ῥόθος, ov, also α, ov, (ῥόθος) rushing, roaring, dashing.

ῬΟΘΟΣ, δ, a rushing noise, the roar or the dash of waves, the dash of oars; ἐξ ἑνὸς ῥόθου with one stroke, all in time. 2. a hoarse or tumultuous noise, din. II. a rushing motion. (Formed from the sound.)

ῥοία or ῥοά Ion. ῥοία, ἡ, a pomegranate-tree. II. the fruit, a pomegranate.

ῥοιβδέω, f. ἤσω, (ῥοιβδόν) to swallow greedily down: also to make rustle.

ῥοιβδήσκειν, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. or ῥοιβδέω.

ῥοιβδησις, ἡ, (ῥοιβδέω) a whistling, piping.

ῥοιβδός, δ, any rushing noise or motion, the whirling or flapping of wings, the rushing of the wind.

ῥοιζασκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ῥοιζέω.

ῥοιζέω, f. ἤσω, (ῥοιζός) to make a whistling or rushing sound, whistle, burtle, whiz, Lat. *stridere*. Hence

ῥοιζήδον, Adv. with a rushing noise or motion.

ῥοιζήμα, αἶτος, τό, (ῥοιζέω) a rushing noise or motion, the flapping of wings.

ῬΟΙΖΟΣ, δ, Ion. ἡ, any whistling or rushing sound, the whizzing of an arrow, the flapping of wings, etc. (Formed from the sound.)

ῬΟΙΚΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, crooked.

ῥομβητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ῥομβέω) spun round like a top, whirled about.

ῥόμβος, δ, (ῥέμβω) anything that may be spun or whirled round: a top, Lat. *turbo*. 2. a magic wheel, Lat. *rombi rota*. II. a spinning, whirling motion; ῥόμβος αλερόν the eagle's wheeling flight. III. a rhombus, i.e. a four-sided figure with all the sides, but only the opposite angles, equal.

ῥομβώω, f. ὠσω, to make into the shape of a rhombus.

ῥομβωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ῥομβώω) panelled in lozenge.

ῥομφαία, ἡ, a large sword or scymitar, used by the Thracians: generally, a sword. (Foreign word.)

ῥόος Att. contr. ῥοῦς, ov, δ, (ῥέω) a stream, current; κατὰ ῥόον, Ep. κἀρ ῥόον, down stream, with stream; ἀνὰ ῥόον up stream, against stream.

ῥόπαλον, τό, (ῥέω) a club, a stick or cudgel which is thicker at one end: a war-club or mace of brass. II. a knocker on a door.

ῥοπή, ἡ, (ῥέω) inclination downwards, a sinking, falling, verging: the sinking of the scale, fall or turn of the scale. 2. metaph. the turn of the scale, the critical moment; ἐπὶ ῥοπῆς μᾶς ἐστί is just on the turning-point; ῥοπή flow the turning-point, verge of life. II. the weight which makes the scale turn; συμκρὰ ταλαία σάματ' εὐνάζει ῥοπή a slight weight thrown in puts aged frames to rest

ῥοππρόν, τό, (ῥέμβω) a club, mace, cudgel. 2. the wood in a trap which strikes the mouse. 3. the knocker on a house-door. 4. a kettle-drum or tambourine.

ῥοῦς, δ, Att. contr. for ῥοός.

ῥοφέω, f. ἡσμαι, (ῥόφος) to sup greedily up, gulf or bolt down.

ῬΟΦΟΣ, δ, a swallowing or gulping down. II. that which is gulped down.

ῥοχθεῖω, f. ἤσω, to roar, of the waves. From

ῬΟΧΘΟΣ, δ, a roaring, esp. of the sea.

ῥο-όδης, es, (ῥόος, εἶδος) fluid, liquid: also surging; billowy, rough.

ῥοῦαξ, ἄκος, δ, (ῥέω) a stream that bursts forth, a mountain-stream or torrent swollen by rains; a stream of lava.

ῥύατο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 of ῥύομαι.

ῥυγχ-ελέφας, αἶτος, δ, (ῥύγχος, ἐλέφας) with an elephant's trunk.

ῥυγχίον, τό, Dim. or ῥυγχος, a snout, muzzle.

ῥύγχος, eos, τό, (ῥύζω) a snout, muzzle, of swine: of birds, a beak, bill, neb.

ῥύδην and ῥύδον, Adv. (ῥέω) flowingly, abundantly; copiously.

ῥυεῖς, aor. 2 pass. part. of ῥέω.

ῥυήσομαι, Att. fut. of ῥέω.

ῬΥΖΩ, to growl, snarl. (Formed from the sound.)

ῥύη, Ep. for ῥέρυη, 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of ῥέω.

ῥυθμίζω, f. ἴσω: pf. pass. ῥεπύθμισμαι: (ῥυθμός): —to bring into measure or proportion, to set to time.

II. generally, to order, arrange, control, train; ὡδ' ἐπρύθμισμαι thus have I been controlled.

ῥυθμός Ion. ῥυσμός, οὔ, δ, (ῥέω) measured motion, time, Lat. *numerus, rhythm*, in Prose as well as Verse; ἐν ῥυθμῷ in time, Lat. in *numerus*; ῥυθμὸν ἐπάγειν to keep time; θάρττον ῥυθμὸν ἐπάγειν to introduce a quicker time (in playing). II. proportion or symmetry of parts: hence form, shape. III. generally, proportion, arrangement, order, method. 2. the state or condition of anything: of a man, temper, disposition: the manner or fashion of a thing.

ῬΥΚΑΝΗ, ἡ, a plane, Lat. *runcina*. [α]

ῥύμα, αἶτος, τό, (*ῥύω = ῥέω) that which is drawn, a drawing; τόξον ῥύμα the drawing of the bow, i.e. men that draw the bow (the Persians), opp. to λόγχησ the might of the spear (the Greeks); ἐν τόξῳ ῥύματος within bow-shot. II. (ῥύομαι) deliverance, protection.

ῥύμβος, ov, δ, Att. for ῥομβος.

ῥύμη [Ῥ], ἡ, (*ῥύω = ῥέω) the force, swing, rush of a

body in motion, Lat. *impetus*; *πτερυγῶν ῥύμη* the rush of wings: absol. an onset, charge, attack: dat. *ῥύμῃ* with a swing, with a run. II. a quarter of a city, street, Lat. *vicius*; also a lane, alley.

ῥύμμα, ατος, τό, (*ῥύττω*) anything used for washing, soap.

ῥύμός, οὔ, δ, (**ῥύω*—*ἔρύω*) the pole of a car.

ῤΥ'ΟΜΑΙ: f. *ῥύσσομαι* [ῥ]: aor. I *ἔρρυσάμην* Ep. *ῥύσάμην*: aor. 2, 3 sing. *ἔρρτο* Ep. *ἔρτο*, 3 pl. *ἔρυντο* Ep. *ῥύτο*; inf. *ῥύσθαι*: Dep.:—to draw to oneself, draw out of harm's way: hence to rescue, save: c. inf., *ῥύσθαι τινα θανεῖν* to rescue one from death:—absol. to cure, heal. II. to free, redeem, deliver.

III. to shield, guard, protect, defend: of armour, to shield, cover: also to conceal. IV. to draw back, hold back, check. V. to draw down the scale, outweigh, counterbalance.

ῥύπα, τά, irreg. plur. of *ῥύπος*.

ῥύπαίνω, f. *αἰώ*: aor. I *ἔρρύπανα*: (*ῥύπος*):—to cover with dirt:—Pass. to be or become dirty.

ῥύπαρία, ἡ, dirt, filth. From

ῥύπαρός, ὁ, ὄν, (*ῥύπος*) foul, dirty: metaph. sordid, mean. Adv. *-ῤῶς*.

ῥύπῶ Ep. *ῥύπῶ*: impf. *ἔορύνων*: (*ῥύπος*):—to be foul or dirty.

ῥύπόεις, εσσα, εν, (*ῥύπος*) foul, dirty.

ῤΥΠΙΟΣ, ὁ, dirt, filth, uncleanness: irreg. pl. *ῥύπα*, τά, but also regul. *ῥύποι*, οί. II. Att. *sealings-wax*. [ῥ] Hence

ῥύπας, f. ὥω, pf. pass. *ῥερύτωμαι*:—to make dirty:—Pass. to be dirty or filthy.

ῥύπῶ, Ep. for *ῥυπαῶ*.

ῥυπηατά, a cry of the Athenian rowers, *yo ho*: τὸ *ῥυπηατά* is put for the rowers, the crew.

ῥύπτα, f. ψω, (*ῥύπος*) to remove dirt, to cleanse, wash:—Pass. to wash oneself.

ῥυσαίνομαι, Pass. (*ῥυσός*) to be wrinkled.

ῥύσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of *ῥύομαι*.

ῥύσιάζω, f. ἄω, (*ῥύσιον*) to seize as a pledge: to seize as one's own property: hence to drag away, carry off by force.

ῥύσι-βομος, ον, (*ῥύομαι*, *βομός*) defending altars.

ῥύσι-διφρος, ον, (*ῥύομαι*, *διφρος*) preserving the chariot.

ῥύσιον [ῥ], τό, (**ῥύω*—*ἔρύω*) that which is seized and dragged away: booty, plunder, prey, mostly of cattle. II. that which is seized as a pledge or warranty, a pledge, security: *ῥύσια*, τά, pledges entrusted to a god, i. e. suppliants. III. that which is seized by way of reprisals, reprisals. 2. *ῥύσια*, τά, claims to things alleged to have been seized, Lat. *res repetundae*. 3. in plur., *ῥύσια*, τά, deliverance.

ῥύσιον, ον, (*ῥύομαι*) delivering, rescuing. [ῥ]

ῥύσι-πολις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (*ῥύομαι*, *πόλις*) saving the city.

ῥύσι-πνος, ον, (*ῥύομαι*, *πνος*) setting free from oil and trouble.

ῥύσις, ὅ, (*ῥέω*) a flowing: a river, stream. [ῥ]

ῥύσσομαι, collat form of *ῥύομαι*, Dep. to save, rescue: hence *ῥύσκει*, Ep. 2 sing. impf.

ῥυσμός, ὁ, rarer form for *ῥύμός*.

ῥυσός, ἡ, ὄν, (**ῥύω*—*ἔρύω*) drawn, drawn up: wrinkled, scurvelled.

ῥυστάζω, f. ἄω, Frequentat. of **ῥύω*—*ἔρύω*, to drag along violently, drag to and fro: πολλὰ *ῥυστά* (esse (3 sing. Ion. impf.) *περὶ σῆμα* be dragged it many times round the grave of Patroclus. Hence *ῥυστακτής*, ὅς, ἡ, a dragging violently: generally, violent treatment or behaviour.

ῥυσ-ώδης, es, (*ῥυσός*, *εἶδος*) wrinkled-looking.

ῥύτ-ἀγωγεύς, εως, ὁ, (**ῥύω*, *ἀγωγεύς*) the rope of a horse's halter.

ῥύτῃρ, ῆρος, ὁ, (**ῥύω*—*ἔρυω*) one who draws or stretches. 2. a rope to draw with, a trace:—the thong by which one holds a horse, a rein; ἀπὸ *ῥύτῃρος* with loose rein, at full speed. II. (*ῥύομαι*) a saviour, defender, rescuer.

ῥύτιδ-φλοιος, ον, (*ῥύτις*, *φλοιός*) with scurvelled rind.

ῥύτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (**ῥύω*—*ἔρύω*) a wrinkle, Lat. *ruga*. *ῥύτός*, ἡ, ὄν, (**ῥύω*—*ἔρύω*) dragged along. II.

as neut. Subst., *ῥύτά*, τά, poet. for *ῥύτῃρ*, a rein. *ῥύτῆς*, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς. ὄν, (*ῥέω*) flowing, running, fluid, liquid.

ῥύτω [ῥ], ορος, ὁ, (**ῥύω*—*ἔρυω*) one who draws; *ῥύτωρ* τῶον a bowman, archer. II. (*ῥύομαι*) a saviour, deliverer, defender.

ῥύψις, ἡ, (*ῥύπτα*) a cleansing, purifying.

**ῤΥ'Ω*,—*ἔρύω*, to draw, not used in Act.; see *ῥύομαι*.

ῥωαῖλέος, α, ον, (*ῥάψ*) broken, rent, torn, ragged. *ῥωγάς*, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (*ῥάψ*) fem. Adj. rent, ragged; *ῥωγὰς πέτρα* a cloven rock.

ῤωμαῖκός, ἡ, ὄν and *ῤωμαῖος*, α, ον, (*ῤώμη*) Roman as Subst., a Roman. Adv. *-κώς*, in Roman fashion. Hence

ῤωμαῖστί, Adv. in the Roman or Latin language. *ῥωμαῖλέος*, α, ον, (*ῥώμη*) strong of body: generally, powerful, mighty, strong.

ῥώμη, ἡ, (*ῥώμαι*) bodily strength, might: generally, strength, force. II. a force, i. e. army. III.

ῤώμη, ἡ, Roma, Rome.

ῥώννυμι or *-ύω*, f. *ῥύσω*: aor. I *ἔρρωσα*: (*ῥώομαι*):—to strengthen, make strong: to confirm. II.

Pass. *ῥώννυμαι*, but the pf. *ἔρρωμαι* is generally used as pres., and the plqpf. *ἔρρωμην* as impf.: aor. I *ἔρρωσθην*:—to be strong or vigorous: pf. imperat. *ἔρρωσο*, fare-well, Lat. *vale*, the usual way of ending a letter; also, *φράζω τινὶ ἔρρωσθαι*, like Lat. *jubeo valere*:—see *ἔρρωμένος*.

ῥῶξ, ἡ, gen. *ῥωγός*, (*ῥήγνυμι*) a cleft, narrow passage; *ῥωγὸς μεγάρου* the narrow entrance of a room.

ῤΩ'ΟΜΑΙ, 3 pl. impf. *ἔρρωοντο* Ep. *ῥώνοντο*: 3 pl. aor. I *ἔρρωσαντο*: Dep.:—to move violently, to dart or rush on; *ῥέσθαι περὶ πυρὴν* to move rapidly round the pyre; c. acc. cognato, *χορὸν ἔρρωσαντο*

they plied the lusty dance; of hair, ἔρποντο μετὰ πνοῆς ἀνέμοιο it streamed on the wind.

ῥωπήιον τό, (ῥώπ) Ep. and Ion. for ῥωπέιον (which is not used), a thicket, coppice: in plur. ἔσδες, brushwood, underwood.

ῥωπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ῥώπος) of or like small wares: hence cheap, worthless.

ῤΩ ΠΟΣ, ὁ, any small wares, frippery, trumpery. ῥωσθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of ῥώννυμι.

ῥωχμή, ἡ, = ῥωχμός.

ῥωχμός, οὗ, ὁ, (ῥώξ) like ῥήγμα, a cleft; ῥωχμός γαῖης a gutter or channel worked out in the earth.

ῤΩΨ, ἡ, gen. ῥωψός, a low shrub, bush; in plur. underwood, brushwood.

Σ

Σ, σ, σίγμα, τό, indecl., eighteenth letter of the Gr. Alphabet: as numeral σ' = 200, but ς = 200,000.

The final σ was written s. This s must not be confounded with s, stav, which was in fact the digamma, f, vau, and occupied the sixth place in the old Greek alphabet: hence σ' = 6. There was another form, san or sanpi, ς, which was retained as a numeral, = 900.

Changes of σ in the dialects: I. Aeol., Dor. and Ion. into δ, as δδμή ἵδμεν for δσμή ἵσμεν.

Dor. into θ, as σιὸς ἀγασθός ποταμός for θεός ἀγαθός παρθένος.

II. Aeol. and Dor. into τ, as in τὴ τέ φατί for σὺ σέ φησί. 2. also in later Att., as μέτ-αυλος τήμερον τύκον for μέσ-αυλος σήμερον σῦκον:—so σσ passed into ττ, as πράττω τάττω for πράσσω τάσσω; θάλαττα διττὸς for θάλασσα διστός.

IV. Aeol. and Ep., σ was often doubled, as δσσοι μέσσοι for δσοι μέσοι, and in the Ep. fut. and aor. forms ἔσω ἔσω ἴσω, as δαμάσσω ὀλέσσω κομίσσω for δαμάσω ὀλέσω κομίσω; so ὀνίσσω for ὀπίσω.

V. σσ and πτ were sometimes interchanged, as πέσσω πέπτω, ἐνίσσω ἐνίπτω.

VI. Dor. σ becomes ξ in fut. and aor. I of Verbs, as θεσιξέω for θεσπίζω: so, διξός τριξός for δισός τρισός.

2. in old Att., the Prep. σύν was written ξύν.

VII. σ took the place of the aspirate, esp. in Aeol., with which the Lat. agrees, us, sūs eis, āle uil, ēξ esē, ἐπτά septem, ἔρω serpo.

2. σ was added to words beginning with a conson., esp. μ and τ, as μράραδος σμάραγδος, μύραινα σμύραινα, μικρός σμικρός, τέγος στέγω Lat. lego.

3. σ was inserted by Poets in the I pers. pl. pass. and med., as, τυπτόμεθα for τυπτόμεθα metri grat.: so too in the Adv. in -θεν, as, ἐπισθεν for ὑπστην.

VIII. σ is changed into ρ when another ρ precedes, as, ἄρρην χερρὸς ἄρρως for ἄρσιν χερσὸς ἄρσος.

IX. σ is added to οὐτως ἄχρι μέχρι before a vowel.

σά μάν; Dor. for τί μήν;

Σαβάκιος, ὁ, (Σαβός) a Phrygian deity, afterwards taken as a name of Bacchus himself.

σαβάκτης, ου, ὁ, (σαβάξω) a shatterer, destroyer, name of a mischievous goblin who broke pots.

σάβαχθα-νί, Chaldaean form, ibou-bast-forstaken me, or bast-ibou-forsaken me?

σαβαῶθ, Hebrew plur. noun, hosts, armies.

Σάββασι, irreg. dat. pl. of Σάββατον.

Σαββατίξω, f. ἴσω, (Σάββατον) to keep the Sabbath.

Σαββατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Σάββατον) of or for the Sabbath.

2. for a Jew.

Σαββατισμός, ὁ, (Σαββατίξω) a keeping of the Sabbath: rest on the Sabbath.

Σάββατον, τό, the Hebrew Sabbath, i.e. Rest: hence the seventh day or day of Rest:—also in plur., τὰ σάββατα; irreg. dat. pl. σάββασι, as if from a nom. σάββας. 2. a week.

Σάγαρις, ιος, ἡ; pl. σαγάρις, Ion. -ις:—a weapon used by the Scythian tribes; also by the Persians, Amazons, etc.: a single-edged axe or bill.

Σάγη or σαγή, ἡ, (σάττω) the housings, harness, of a horse or mule; hence of a man, furniture, equipment: esp. armour, harness.

σάγηναιος, α, ον, (σαγήνη) belonging to a drag-net.

σάγηνεύς, ἑως, ὁ, = σαγηνευτήρ.

σάγηνευτήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, one who fishes with a drag-net: hence a comb is called τριχών σαγηνευτήρ.

σάγηνεύω, f. ωμι, (σαγήνη) to enclose fish in a drag-net: metaph. of men, to sweep as with a drag-net.

ΣΑΨΗΝΗ, ἡ, a large drag-net for taking fish, a seine.

σάγννο-βόλος, ον, (σαγήνη, βαλεῖν) throwing the drag-net: as Subst. a fisherman.

σάγννο-δέτος, ον, (σαγήνη, δέω) attached to a net.

σάγμα, ατος, τό, (σάττω) the housings of a horse, a saddle, packsaddle.

II. of persons, a covering, clothing, a large cloak.

III. the covering or case of a shield.

IV. a heap or pile.

Σαδδουκαῖος, ον, ὁ, a Sadducee, one of the Sadducees, name of a Jewish sect who did not believe in a Resurrection, nor in the existence of Spirits.

σαθρός, ἁ, ὄν, = σαπρός, rotten, decayed, unsound, cracked.

II. metaph. unsound, decayed, rotten, perishable.

ΣΑΙΝΩ, f. σάινω: aor. I ἔσηνα Dor. ἔσανα:—to wag the tail, fawn.

II. metaph. to fawn upon, caress, wheedle; σαίνειν μόνον to deprecate, ἀπὸ τῆς θανάτου from death.

2. absol. to be gentle, kind: of a summer sea, to smile.

III. to cheer, please.

ΣΑΙΡΩ, f. σάρω: pf. (with pres. sense) ἔσηρα, part. σεσηρώς Dor. σεσάρως, uia, ὅς, Ep. fem. σεσάρως:—to show the teeth, grin like a dog, Lat. ringi; esp. in scorn or malice: but also in good sense, to smile.

II. to sweep clean: to sweep away.

σάκισ-πάλος, ον, (σάκος, πάλω) wielding or brandishing a shield.

σάκεσ-φόρος, ον, (σάκος, φέρω) shield-bearing.

σάκιον, = σακκίον.

σακίτας, α, Dor. for σπηκίτας, ον.

σακκίον, (σάκος) to strain, filter.

πακκίον Att σάκκιον. τό, Dim. of σάκκος or σάκος, a small bag.

σακκο-γενεῖο-τρόφος, ον. (σάκκος, γενεῖο, τρέφω) *cherishing a large beard.*

ΣΑΚΚΟΣ or σάκος, ὁ, a coarse cloth of hair, esp. of goats' hair. Lat. *cilicium* : sackcloth. II. anything made of this cloth I. a sack, bag. 2.

a sieve, strainer. III. a baggy beard.

σάκος, ὁ, v. sub σακκος.

σάκος, ὁ, Dor. for σήκος.

σάκος [ᾱ], gen. σάκος Ion. σακευς, τό, (σάττω) a shield, made of wickerwork or wood, covered with one or more ox-hides: it was concave, and was sometimes used as a vessel to hold liquid.

σάκτας, ον, ὁ, (σάττω) a sack.

σάκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (σάττω) one who crams or fills up: Αἰδου σάκτωρ one who crowds the nether world, i.e. a slayer of many.

σακχ-υφάντης, ον, ὁ, (σάκκος, υφαίνω) a weaver of sackcloth or canvas, a sailmaker.

σαλάκων [ᾱ], ανος, ὁ, (σαλάσσω) one who walks in a swaggering fashion, a swaggerer, roosterer.

σαλάκωνεύω, f. σω, (σαλάκων) to play the swaggerer, to swagger.

σαλάμανδρα or -μάνδρα, the salamander, a kind of lizard, supposed to put out fire. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Σαλαμιν-δόφτης, ον, ὁ, (Σαλαμίς, δόφιμι) betrayer of Salamis.

Σαλαμίνιος [μῖ], α, ον, also ος, ον, (Salaminian, of or from Salamis. II. ἡ Σαλαμῖνία (sub. ναῦς or τρήρης), the Salaminia, one of the two state galleys of the Athenians, used for special missions; cf. παράλος. From

Σαλαμίς, gen. ἴνος, ἡ, Salamis, an island opposite Athens. II. a town of Cyprus founded by Teucer of Salamis.

σάλασσα, Dor. for θάλασσα.

σάλασσω Att -ττω : f. ξω : pf. pass. σεσάλαγμα : (σάλος) :—to cram/full, stuff.

σάλευς, f. σω : aor. I ἐσάλευσα : Pass., aor. I ἐσαλεύθην : pf. σεσάλευμαι : (σάλος) :—to shake much : to make to totter :—Pass. to be shaken, to totter, reel.

II. intr. to move to and fro, to roll or toss like a ship at sea : metaph. to toss, be in sore distress.

σάλος, ὁ, (ἄλλομαι) the tossing or rolling swell of the sea, the surge : hence the open, exposed sea. 2. a roadstead, anchorage. II. of ships, a rolling about, tossing on the sea : hence sea-sickness : metaph. restlessness, disquiet.

σαλπυγο-λογχ-ύπηναοι, οἱ, (σάλπιγξ, λόγχη, ὑπήνη) bearded-lance-trumpeters.

σαλπικτής, οὔ, ὁ, (σαλπίζω) a trumpeter.

σάλπιγξ, ἱγγος, ἡ, a war-trumpet, trumpet : the salpīg was called Tuscan, Τυρσηνική : ὑπὸ σάλπιγγος, by sound of trumpet. II. a signal by trumpet, trumpet-call. From

ΣΑΛΠΙΖΩ, fut. -ίξω, aor. I ἐσάλπιξα : later fut. σαλπίσω, aor. I ἐσάλπισα :—to sound the trumpet,

give signal by trumpet : to peal like a trumpet-call, of thunder :—impers., ἐπεὶ ἐσάλπιγξε (sc. ὁ σαλπικτής) when the trumpet sounded :—c. acc. to proclaim, announce. Hence

σαλπικτής, οὔ, ὁ, = σαλπικτής.

σάλπιξ, ἱγος, ἡ, poet. for σάλπιγξ.

σαλπιστής, οὔ, ὁ, = σαλπικτής.

σάμα, τό, Dor. for σῆμα.

σαμαίνω, Dor. for σημαίνω.

Σαμαρείτης, ον, ὁ, a Samaritan, inhabitant of Samaria, a district lying between Judea and Galilee formerly inhabited by part of the 12 Tribes : the Samaritans were bitter enemies of the Jews. Fem. Σαμαρεῖτις, ἴδος, ἡ, a Samaritan woman.

σάμβαλον, τό, Aeol. for σάνδαλον.

σάμερον, Dor. for σήμερον, to-day.

Σάμη, ἡ, Samē, the older name of Κεφαλληνία.

σαμῆον, τό, Dor. for σημείον.

Σάμιος, α, ον, (Σάμος 3) of Σάμος, Samian.

Σάμο-θράκη Ion. -θρηκή, ἡ, = Σάμος Θρακία, Samothrace, an island near Thrace.

Σάμο-θράκιος, α, ον Ion. -θρηκίος η, ον, Samothracian.

Σάμο-θραξ Ion. -θρήξ, ἱκος, ὁ, a Samothracian

Σάμος [ᾱ], ἡ, Samos, the name of several Greek islands : I. an old name for Κεφαλληνία also called Σάμη. 2. Σάμος Θρηκίη, = Σαμοθράκη 3

the large island over against Ephesus.

σαμπί, an old letter, see Σ, σ, σίγμα.

σαμ-φόρος, ον, ὁ, (σάν, φέρω) a horse branded with the letter σάν (v. σίγμα) : cf. κοπταῖος

σάν, Dor. for σίγμα, q. v.

σανδάλιον, τό, Dim. of σάνδαλον, a small sandal or slipper.

σανδάλισκος, ὁ, Dim. of σάνδαλον, = σαράλιον.

σάνδαλον Aeol. σάμβαλον, τό, a wooden sole, bound on by straps round the instep and ankle, a sandal.

σανδάρακη, ἡ, a bright-red mineral : hence σεσάρη, Lat. sandaraca. [ρᾱ] Hence

σανδάράκιος, η, ον, of or like σανδάρη, bright-red.

σανίδιον, τό, Dim. of σάνις, a panel : a trencher.

σάνις, ἴδος, ἡ, a board, plank : anything made of board or plank : a door, in plur. folding doors. 2.

a wooden scaffold or stage. 3. a wooden floor : a ship's deck. 4. in plur. wooden tablets for writing on, tablets covered with gypsum, on which were written public notices. 5. a plank to which offenders were bound or nailed as to a cross.

σαοί, 3 sing. of σαόω.

ΣΑ'ΟΣ, as posit., found only in contr. form σῶς, safe : Comp. σῶωτερος.

σῶο-φρονέω, σῶο-φροσύνη, σῶο-φρων poet. for σωφρονέω, σωφροσύνη, σάφρων.

σῶω Ep. σῶω, = σῶζω, to save :—3 sing. pres. σῶω, 3 pl. σαοῦσι : 3 sing. impf. ἐσῶω Ep. σῶω : 2 sing. imperat. σάου or σάω : fut. σῶσω : aor. I act. ἐσῶω, pass. ἐσάωθην : fut. med. σαῶσομαι.

σάπειν, aor. 2 pass. opt. of σήπω.
 σάπεις, aor. 2 pass. part. of σήπω.
 σάπη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. subj. of σήπω.
 σάπηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of σήπω.
 σάπρως, ἄ, ὧ, (σαπῆναι) rotten, diseased,
 Lat. tabidus: decayed unsound. II. generally,
 worthless, useless. III. old, obsolete, musty.

σάπφειρος, ἡ, the sapphires or the lapis lazuli, a
 precious stone.

Σαπφώ, οὖς, vocat. Σαπφοῖ, ἡ, Sappho. Hence

Σαπφῶς, α, ον, of Sappho, Sapphic.

σαπῶν, aor. 2 part. of σήπω.

σαράνη, ἡ, like ταρχίνη, wickerwork, a basket: a

plait, band. [ἄ]
 σαρδάνιος, α, ον, (σαίρω) in phrase σαρδάνιον [sc.
 γέλωτα] γελᾶν, to laugh a bitter laugh, laugh bit-
 terly, from anger or secret triumph: μεῖδῃσε δὲ θυμῷ
 σαρδάνιον μάλα τοῖον but he laughed in his soul a
 very bitter laugh. It was also written σαρδόνιος, α,
 ον, as if from σαρόνιον, a plant of Sardinia (Σαρδῶ),
 which was said to distort the face of the eater.

Σάρδεις, ευν, Ion. Σάρδιες, ἰων, αἱ, Sardis, the cap-
 ital of Lydia:—hence Adj., Σαρδιανός Ion. -ιηνος,
 and Σαρδιανικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or belonging to Sardis:
 βάμμα Σαρδιανικόν a Sardinian, i.e. scarlet, aye,
 hence, of a sound thrashing.

σαρδίνη [ῖ], ἡ, or σαρδίνος, ὁ, the sardine.

σαρδίον, τό, (Σάρδεις) the Sardin stone.

σαρδ-όνυξ, ὄνυξ, ὁ, (σαρδῖον, ὄνυξ) the saraonyx, a
 kind of onyx, so called when the different colours
 were disposed in layers, or intermingled.

Σαρδῶ, gen. ὄνυξ contr. οὖς, ἡ, Sardinia: hence
 Adj., Σαρδῶς, α, ον, Σαρδωνικός, ἡ, ὄν, Σαρδώνιος
 and Σαρδόνιος, α, ον, of or belonging to Sardinia,
 Sardinian.

ΣΑΡΔΩΝ, ὄνυξ, ἡ, the upper eage of a bunting-net.
 σάρισσα or rather σάρισσα, ἡ, the sarissa, a long
 pike used in the Macedonian phalanx.

σαρκάζω, f. σω, (σάρξ) to rend off flesh like dogs.

σαρκασιμο-πίτυο-κάμπτης, ον, ὁ, (σαρκάζω, πίτυς,
 κάμπτη) sneering-pinebender.

σαρκίζω, f. σω, (σάρξ) to strip off the flesh, σαρκ-
 ξειν τὸ δέρμα to draw off the skin, to flay.

σαρκικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σάρξ) of flesh. II. fleshy, of
 the flesh, carnal, sensual, opp. to πνευματικός.

σάρκινος, η, ον, (σάρξ) of flesh. II. fleshy, fat.

σαρκο-λιπής, ἐς, (σάρξ, λιπείν) forsaken by flesh, lean.

σαρκο-πάγης, ἐς, (σάρξ, παγήναι) with compact flesh.

σαρκοφάγιω, f. ἔσσω, to eat flesh: devour. From

σαρκο-φάγος, ον, (σάρξ, φάγειν) eating flesh. II.

λίθος σαρκοφάγος a lime-stone which like slacked
 lime consumed animal substances, wherefore coffins
 were often made of it:—hence as Subst., σαρκοφά-
 γος, ὁ, a sarcophagus, coffin.

σαρκώω, f. ὥσω, (σάρξ) to make fleshy, make into
 flesh.

σαρκ-ώδης, (σάρξ, εἶδος) like flesh, fleshy; θεοὶ ἑναι-
 μοι καὶ σαρκώδεις gods of flesh and blood.

ΣΑΡΞ, ἡ, gen. σαρκός, flesh: in plur. all the flesh
 or muscles in the body: hence ἡ flesh, body. 2.
 flesh, human nature, human kind.

σάρον, τό, (σαίρω) a besom, oroom.

σάρωω, f. ὥσω, (σαίρω) to sweep with a besom, cleanse.

Σαρπηδών, ὄνυξ, ὁνυξ, ὄντι, ὁ; voc. Σαρπη-
 δὼν.—pr. n. Sarpedon.

σαρῶ, fut. of σαίρω.

Σάτανᾶς, ἄ and Σάτᾶν, ὁ, indecl. Satan; a Hebr.
 word meaning the adversary, enemy.

σατίνη, ἡ, a war-chariot: generally, a chariot, car.

σάτον, τό, a Hebrew measure, about a modius and half.

σατραπεία Ion. -ητί, ἡ, a satrapy, the office or pro-
 vince of a satrap. From

σατραπῆω, f. σω, intr. to be a satrap. I.

trans. to rule as a satrap, c. acc. or gen. From

σατράπης, ον, ὁ, a satrap, Lat. satrāpa, title of a
 Persian viceroy or governor of a province. (Persian
 word.)

ΣΑΤΤΩ, fut. σάξω; aor. I ἔσαξα: Pass., aor. I
 ἐσάχην: pf. σέσαγμα: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. ἐσε-
 σάχατο:—to pack or load, properly of beasts of
 burden:—hence of warriors, to load with full armour,
 harness: Pass., to be armed or harnessed. 2. to

load, furnish, equip, fit out. II. to load heavily:

in pf. pass., πημάτων σεσαγμένους laden with woes;

σεσαγμένους πλοῦτον overloaded with riches. III.

to pack close, press down, stamp down.

Σατύρικος, ἡ, ὄν, (Σάτυρος) fit for or like a Satyr.

Σατύρικος, ὁ, Dim. of Σάτυρος, a little Satyr.

ΣΑΤΥΡΟΣ [ῖ], ὁ, a Satyr, companion of Bacchus,
 represented with long pointed ears, and a goat's tail:
 later, goats' legs were added. The Satyr differed
 from Pan or the Faun in having no horns. 2. a

lewd, goatish fellow. II. a kind of play, which
 the Chorus consisted of Satyrs, the Satyric drama.

σαυλόμοι, Pass. (σαῦλος) to be affected or effemi-
 nate in one's gait.

σαυλο-προκτικός, i σαῦλος προκτικός) to walk in a
 swaggering, affected way.

ΣΑΥΛΟΣ, ἡ, ον, conceited, affected, effeminate.

ΣΑΥΡΑ Ion. σαύρη, ἡ, a lizard, Lat. lacerta.

ΣΑΥΡΟΣ, ὁ, -σαύρα, a lizard, Lat. lacertus.

σαυρωτήρ, ἡρος, ὁ, a spike at the butt-end of a
 spear, by which it was stuck into the ground, the
 butt-end.

σαυτοῦ, σαυτῆς contr. for σεσουτοῦ, σεαυτῆς.

σάφᾳ, poet. Adv. of σαφῆς, clearly, plainly, assuredly:
 σάφα εἰδώς knowing of a surety: also truly, σάφα

εἰπέναι to tell plainly, speak truly. [σά]

σάφᾳ, ἐς, Dor. for σαφηνῆς.

σάφᾳ, ἐς, Dor. for σαφηνῆς.

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σάφᾳ, ἐς, Dor. for σαφηνῆς.

σαφηνής Dor. σαφανής, ἐς, (σαφής) *clear, plain, open, manifest: true: τὸ σαφανές the whole truth.*
σαφηνίζω, f. ἰω, (σαφηνής) *to make clear or plain, to explain, clear up.*

σαφηνῶς, Adv. of σαφηνής, *clearly, plainly.*

ΣΑΦΗΨ, ἐς, gen. ἐός contr. οὖς, *clear, distinct, plain, sure, certain: τὸ σαφές the truth: of seers, sure, unerring.* Comp. and Sup. σαφέστερος, -έστατος.

σαφῶς Ion. σαφέως, like σάφα, *clearly, plainly, surely: Comp. σαφέστερον: Sup. σαφέστατα.*

σαχθείς, aor. I part. pass. of σάπτω.

ΣΑΨΩ, Root. of σήθω, *to sift, bolt: 3 pl. σῶσι.*

σάω, Ep. pres. imperat., and 3 sing. impf. of σάωω.

σαωθείς, -θήναι, aor. I pass. part. and inf. of σάωω.

σαωσέμεν, Ep. for σάσωμεν, fut. inf. of σάωω.

σάωσω, fut. of σάωω.

σάωτερος, Comp. of σάος.

σάωτηρ, ἦρος, δ, ποῖτ. for σωτήρ, *a saviour, deliverer.*

σάωτης, ου, δ, (σαώω) ποῖτ. for σωτήρ, *a saviour.*

σβείην and σβείς, aor. 2 opt. and part. of σβέννυμι.

σβέννυμι and -ύω, fut. σβέσω: aor. I ἔσβεσα Ep.

σβέσα, Ep. inf. σβέσαι:—*to quench, put out, Lat. extinguere.* 2. generally, *to quench, quell, put out, put down.*

II. Pass. σβέννυμαι: aor. I ἔσβεσθην: pf. ἔσβεσμαι: with intrans. tenses of Act., aor. 2 ἔσβην Dor. ἔσβῶ, opt. σβείην, inf. σβήναι: pf. ἔσβηκα:—*to be quenched, be put out, go out, Lat. extinguī: to die.* 2. of liquids, *to become dry, be exhausted.*

3. generally, *to become still, lull, cease.*

σβέσσαι, Ep. for σβέσαι, aor. I inf. of σβέννυμι.

σβεστήριος, α, ον, (σβέννυμι) *serving to quench or put out.*

σβήθι, aor. 2 imperat. of σβέννυμι.

-σε, adverbial termin., denoting *motion towards*, as, ἄλλο-σε *to some other place*, etc.

σεαυτοῦ Ion. σεαυτοῦ, -τῆς, -τοῦ, reflexive Pron. of 2nd pers., of *itself*, only used in sing. gen., dat., acc., masc. and fem.: in plur. separated, ὑμῶν αὐτῶν, etc.: so also in sing. in Homer, who uses σοὶ αὐτῷ, σ' αὐτόν.

σεβάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: aor. I ἔσεβασάμην, Ep. 3 sing. σεβασάσσο: also aor. I pass. ἔσεβασθην: Dep.: (σεβας):—*to feel awe of, to dread.*

σεβας, τό, (σεβομαι) *reverential awe, a feeling of awe: generally reverence, worship, honour, respect, awe.*

II. *the object of reverential awe, majesty.* 2. *an object of wonder, a wonder.* III. *an honour conferred on one.*

σεβασμα, ατος, τό, (σεβάζομαι) *an object of awe or worship.*

Σεβαστιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, special fem. of Σεβαστός, *Augusta*, title of the Roman Emperresses.

σεβαστός, ἡ, ὄν, (σεβάζομαι) *reverenced, awful, august.* II. the Lat. *Augustus*, as a title applied to the Roman Emperors, was rendered by Σεβαστός.

σεβίζω, f. ἰω: aor. I ἔσέβισα:—*to worship, honour.*

ΣΕΨΟΜΑΙ: aor. I ἔσέφθην: Dep.:—*to feel awe*

or fear, to feel shame, be ashamed, be afraid. 2.

to worship, pay high regard or respect to

ΣΕΨΩ, f. σέψω, = the earlier form σέβομαι, *to worship, honour: absol. to worship, be religious:—hence σέβομαι also as Pass., to be revered.*

σέθεν, old poet. form of σοῦ, gen. of σού.

Σελήνης, ὁ, *Silenus*, a companion of Bacchus, the most famous of the Satyrs.

σεῖο, Ep. for σοῦ, gen. of σού.

σεῖος, σεῖα, σεῖον, Lacon. for θείος, α, ον.

σειρά Ion. σειρή, ἡ, (εἶρω) *a cord, rope, string, thong: also a chain.* II. *a cord with a noose, a lasso*, used by the Sagartians to entangle and drag away their enemies.

σειραῖος, α, ον, (σειρά) *joined by a cord or band: of a horse fastened on by a rope outside, an outrigger: see σειραφόρος.*

σειρῦ-φόρος Ion. σειρη-φόρος, ον, (σειρά, φέρω) *having a rope attached, led by a rope: δ σειραφόρος (sub. ἵππος), the horse which draws by the trace only: an outrigger*, whereas the ζύγιοι *drew by the yoke or collar:—metaph. a partner, coadjutor.* A quadriga (τέτρωπος) had four horses abreast, two ζύγιοι in the middle, and two σειραφόροι—one on each side.

Σειρήν, ἡνός, ἡ, *a Siren: in pl. Σειρῆνες, αἱ, the Sirens*, nymphs who allured sailors by their sweet songs and then slew them. II. *metaph. a Siren, deceitful woman.*

σειριό-καντος, ον, (σείριος, καῶω) *scorched by the heat of the dog-star.*

σείριος, α, ον, (σειρός) *hot, scorching: epith. of the heavenly bodies which cause this heat, σείριος ἀστήρ the sun: but, δ Σείριος (sub. ἀστήρ) the dog-star, Lat. Sirius*, also called Κύνω σείριος or Κύνω.

ΣΕΙΡΟΨ, ὁ, ὄν, *hot, scorching, of summer-heat.*

σειρο-φόρος, ον, (σειρά, φέρω) = *σειραφόρος.*

σειρατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of σείω.

σεισ-ἄχθεια, ἡ, (σείω, ἄχθος) *a shaking off of burdens*, the name given to the disburdening ordinance of Solon, by which all debts were lowered, answering to the Lat. *novae tabulae.*

σεισ-ἄχθων, ονος, ὁ, (σείω, χθάν) *earth-shaker.*

σεισμός ὁ, (σείω) *a shaking, shock: the shock of an earthquake, an earthquake.*

σειστός, ἡ, ὄν, (σείω) *shaken.*

-σείω, ending of Verbs expressing desire or intention, *Desideratives*, like Lat. -urio. They are formed from the fut. of the orig. Verb, as δράω, δράσω, δρασίω: γελᾶω, γελάσω, γελασίω.

ΣΕΙΩ, f. σείσω: aor. I ἔσεισα: Pass., aor. I ἔσείσθην: pf. σέσεισα:—*to shake, move to and fro, brandish.* .. absol., *σειεῖ there is an earthquake* (see σειρμός), like *ῥεῖ it rains*, etc. 3. Pass. and Med. *to be shaken, shake, heave: generally, to move, sway to and fro: of places, to feel the shock of an earthquake.*

II. in Att. *to harass, annoy with accusations*, so as to extort money.

σέλα, for σέλας, dat. of σέλας.

σελάγῳ, f. ἦσω, (σέλας) to enlighten:—Pass. to beam brightly, blaze, flash. II. in Act. to shine, to beam.

σελάη-γενέτης, ου, δ, (σέλας, *γένω) father of light.

σελάνα, σελάναϊα, Dor. for σελήνη, σεληναία.

ΣΕ'ΛΑΣ, αος, τό: Ep. dat. σέλαϊ contr. σέλα: bright light, brightness, a bright flame, blaze, flash: a flash of lightning, lightning: a torch.

σελασ-φόρος, ον, (σέλας, φέρω) light-bringing.

σελάχος, τῷ, α shark.

Σεληναίη, ἡ, Ion. and Ep. for Σελήνη Att. Σεληναία:—the Moon.

σεληναίος, α, ον, lighted by the moon; σεληναία νύξ a moonlight night. From

σελήνη, ἡ, (σέλας) the moon; σελήνη πληθούσα the full-moon; πρὸς τὴν σελήνην by the light of the moon. II. a moon, month; δεκάτη σελήνη in the tenth moon.

σεληνιαζομαι, Dep. (σελήνη) to be moon-struck or lunatic.

σελιθε-φά-οο ον (σελίς, φάγην) devouring leaves of books.

ΣΕ'ΛΙΓ'ΝΟΝ, τό, parsley, Lat. apium: the victors at the Isthmian and Nemean games were crowned with chaplets made of its leaves.

ΣΕΛΙΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, the space between two rowing-benches (σέλματα).

II. the space between two columns in the page of a book: generally, a page or column: a book.

Σελλοί, οί, the Selli, original inhabitants of Dodona, among whom was the oracle of Jove.

σέλμα, ατος, τό, the upper framing of a ship, the deck. 2. pl. σέλματα, τά, the rowing-benches, Lat. transtra. 3. generally, a seat, throne. II. any timberwork, a platform, scaffold.

σεμιδάλις, ιος and εως, ἡ, the finest wheaten flour, Lat. simila, similitago.

σεμνό-θεσμος, ον, (σεμνός, θεσμός) worshipped with solemn rites.

σεμνολογέω, f. ἦσω, to speak gravely and solemnly:—Dep. σεμνολογέομαι, to talk in solemn speech. From

σεμνο-λόγος, ον, (σεμνός, λέγω) speaking solemnly.

σεμνό-μαντις, εως, δ, (σεμνός, μάντις) a reverend seer.

σεμνομύθεω, f. ἦσω, to talk in solemn speech, assert gravely. From

σεμνό-μυθος, ον, (σεμνός, μυθεομαι) talking solemnly.

σεμνοπροσωπίω, f. ἦσω, to assume a grave, solemn countenance. From

σεμνο-πρόσωπος, ον, (σεμνός, πρόσωπον) of a grave countenance

σεμνός, ἡ, ὅν, (σέβομαι) august, holy, solemn, awful: at Athens, esp. of the Furies or Erinyes, who were called σεμναί θεαί or Σεμναί. II. of men, grave, solemn, stately, majestic: in bad sense, haughty, pompous, grand; σεμνὸν βλέπειν to look grave and solemn.

III. of things, stately, solemn, august, grand.

σεμνό-στομος, ον, (σεμνός, στόμα) solemnly spoken.

σεμνότης, ητος, ἡ, (σεμνός) solemnity dignity, majesty: in bad sense, pomposity.

σεμνό-τιμος, ος, (σεμνός, τιμή) revered with awe.

σεμνῶς, f. ὥσω, (σεμνός) to make grand or pompous, to dignify: esp. in a tale, to embellish, amplify.

σεμνῶν [ῶ], f. ὕνω, (σεμνός) to make pompous or majestic, to dignify, magnify:—Med. σεμνύνομαι, aor. I ἐσεμνύαμην, to be pompous or haughty: to affect a solemn air: hence, to vaunt oneself or be proud of a thing.

σεμνός, Adv. of σεμνός, solemnly, grandly.

σός, Ep. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

σεπτός, ἡ, ὅν, verb. Adj. of σέβομαι, august, holy.

ΣΕ'ΡΙΣ, εως or ἰδος, ἡ, endive or succory.

σερφος, δ, a small winged insect, a gnat or ant.

ύσταγμα, pf. pass. of σάττω.

σεσδρωμένος, pf. pass. part. of σαρώ.

σεσδρός, νία, δς, Dor. for σεσδρός, pf. part. of σαίρω:—σεσδρύα, Ep. fem.

σέσειμαι, pf. pass. of σείω.

σέσηπα, pf. of σήπω.

σεσηρώς, pf. part. of σαίρω.

σεσοφισμένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of σοφίζω, cunningly, cleverly.

σεσύλημαι, pf. pass. of σὺλδω.

σίστυρκα, σίστυρμαι, pf. act. and pass. of σύρω.

σίσσωμαι, pf. pass. of σώζω.

σεσωφρονισμένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of σωφρονίζω, temperately, soberly.

σέτω, Lacon. for θέτω, 3 sing. aor. 2 imp. of τίθημι.

σευ enclit. σευ, Ion. and Dor. gen. of σύ.

σευα, Ep. for ἔσσευα, aor. I of σεύω: part. σεύας.

σευμαι, contr. for σεύομαι, pres. pass. of σεύω: 3 sing. σεύται.

σευτλον, τό, Ion. for τευτλον.

ΣΕΤ'Ω, with σσ in augm. tenses, impf. ἔσσευον, pass. and med. ἔσσεύομαι: aor. I ἔσσευα, med. ἔσσεύαμην; also Ep. without augm. σευα, σευε, σεύατο: pf. pass. ἔσσεύμαι, part. ἔσσεύμενος: plpf. (in aor. sense) ἔσσεύμην [ῶ], 2 sing. ἔσσευ for ἔσσευσθαι, 3 sing. ἔσσευτο Ep. σύτο; part. σύμενος: aor. I pass. ἔσσεύθην [ῶ]. There is also 3 sing. σεύται from a contr.

pres. σεύμαι: also σοῦμαι, 3 pl. σσύνται: imperat. σοῦ, 3 sing. σοῦσθαι, 2 pl. σοῦσθε: inf. σοῦσθαι. To put in quick motion, drive, hunt, chase. 2. to set on, let loose at. 3. to drive or chase away.

4. of things, to throw, hurl: also to bring forth, cause to spring; αἷμα ἔσσευα I made blood spout forth:—Med., αἷμα σύτο blood spouted forth.

II. Pass. and Med. to be in quick motion, to run, dart, or shoot along; σθεῖς βαῖντας, gone. 2. c. inf. to hasten, speed; ὅτε σεύατο διώκειν when he hastened to pursue.

3. metaph. to be eager, yearn after, long for.

σεφθείς, aor. I pass. part. of σεβῶ.

σέω, Dor. for θέω, to run.

σεωντοῦ, fem. σεωντης, Ion. for σεωντοῦ, σεωντης.

σηκάζω, f. -άσω, (σηκός) *to drive into a pen, coop up, shut up.*

σηκάσθην, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of σηκάω.

σηκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (σηκός) *a housekeeper, portress.*

σηκίτης, ου, ὁ Dor. σακ-, (σηκός) *a stall-fed animal: σακίται ἄρνα a house-fed lamb.*

σηκο-κόρος, ου, (σηκός, κορέω) *cleaning a stable or pen: as Subst., σηκοκόρος, ὁ, a herdsman.*

ΣΗΚΟΨ Dor. σακός, ὁ, *a pen or fold for sheep and goats.* 2. *any dwelling.* II. *any enclosure: a sacred enclosure, a chapel, shrine: also a sepulchre sacred to the dead.* III. *the trunk of an olive-tree.* Hence.

σηκῶν, f. ὥσω, *to weigh, balance.* Hence
σηκῶμα Dor. σάκῶμα, ατος, τό, *a weight in the balance, a counterpoise.* II. *like σηκός, a chapel, sacred enclosure, shrine.*

ΣΗΜΑ Dor. σάμα, ατος, τό; *a sign, mark, token: the mark or star on a horse's forehead.* 2. *a sign from heaven, an omen, portent: also,* 3. *a battle-sign, signal.* 4. *a mound, barrow, Lat. tumulus, to mark a tomb by: generally, a grave, tomb.* 5. *in plur. written characters: the σήματα λυγρά of Bellerophon in the Iliad were not written letters, but pictorial tokens or devices.* 6. *the device or bearing on a shield: also the device on a seal, a seal.* 7. *a constellation: in plur. the heavenly bodies, Lat. signa.*

σημαίνουσα, Dor. pres. part. fem. from
σημαίνω fut. -άνω Ion. -άνω: aor. I ἐσήμνην or ἐσήμνην, inf. σημήναι: Pass., aor. I ἐσημάνθη: pf. σεσήμασαι, but 3 sing. σεσήμανται, inf. σεσημάνθαι: (σημα) —to shew by a sign or token, point out: absol. *to give a sign or token.* II. *to give a sign or signal to do a thing: hence to bear command over, rule: absol., σημαίνω a commander.* 2. *in battle, to give the signal of attack: impers. σημαίνει (sc. ὁ σαλπικτής), like σαλπίζει, signal is given: τοῖς Ἑλλήσι ὡς ἐσήμνην when the signal was given for the Greeks, to attack.* III. *to signify, announce, intimate: with a part., to signify that a thing is.* IV. *to stamp with a sign or mark, to seal, Lat. obsignare: pf. pass. σεσημασμένα, things sealed, opp. to ἀσημαντα.* V. Med. σημαίνομαι, *to infer or conclude for oneself from signs.* 2. *to mark for oneself, note down.*

σημαντήριον, τό, (σημαίνω) *a seal set upon a thing.*

σημαντήρις, ἴδος, ἡ, (σημαίνω) fem. Adj. *suited for sealing: σημαντήρις γῆ clay used for sealing.*

σημαντρον, τό, (σημαίνω) *a seal.*

σημαντωρ, ορος, ὁ, (σημαίνω) *one who gives a sign or signal: a leader, commander: also of animals, a driver, a herdsman.*

σημάτιον, τό, Dim. of σήμα. [ἄ]

σημάτιος, εσσα, εν, (σήμα) *full of tombs.*

σηματ-ουργός, ὄν, (σήμα, *εργω) *making devices for shields.*

σημειο-γράφος, ου, (σημεῖον, γράφω) *writing in cipher.* [ἄ]

σημεῖον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (σήμα) *a mark, sign or token by which something is known: a trace, track.* 2. *a sign from the gods, an omen.* 3. *a sign or signal to do anything: the signal for battle.* 4. *a flag or ensign on the admiral's ship, or on the general's tent: generally, a standard, ensign.* 5. *a device upon a shield: also on a seal: a seal itself.*

II. *in reasoning, a sign or proof.*

σημειῶν, f. ὥσω. (σημεῖον) *to mark:—Med. to mark for oneself, remark: also to give notice of.*

σήμερον Dor. σάμερον Att. τήμερον, Adv. (ήμερα with σ prefixed) *to-day: so also ἡ σήμερον (sub. ἡμέρα), and τὸ τήμερον.*

σημήιον, τό, Ion. for σημεῖον.

σημήνα, Ep. for ἐσήμνην, aor. I of σημαίνω.

σημι-κίνθιον, τό, the Lat. semi-cinctium, an apron.

σημηδέστος, ου, (σήμα, τίθημι) *made for ruling lines.*

σηπεδών, ὄνος, ἡ, (σήπω) *decay, putrefaction: of quick flesh, mortification.*

ΣΗΠΙ΄Α, ἡ, the sepia or cuttle-fish, which when pursued troubles the water by ejecting a dark liquid.

ΣΗΨΩ, f. σήψω: aor. I ἐσηψα:—*to make rotten or putrid: to make fester or mortify.* II. Pass. σήπομαι: aor. 2 ἐσάπη [ἄ], Ep. 3 sing. subj. σάπη, for σάπη: pf. act. (in pass. sense) σέσπηα:—*to be or become rotten, to moulder, putrefy: of diseased flesh, to mortify.*

Σήρ, Σήρως, ὁ, mostly in pl. Σήρες, the Seres, an Indian people, from whom silk was first brought: hence, II. the Seric worm, silkworm.

σήρ, ὁ, Lacon. for θήρ.

σήραγξ, αγγος, ἡ, (σαῖρα, σέσπηα) *a hollow rock, a cleft, cave hollowed out by the sea.*

σηρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Σήρ) Seric: silken.

σηρο-κτόνος, ου, Lacon. for θηροκτ-.

ΣΗΨ, ὁ, gen. σεός, nom. pl. σεές, gen. σεών: later also gen. σητός:—*a moth, Lat. tineæ: a book-worm.*

σης, Ion. for σαῖς, dat. pl. fem. of σός, σή, σύν.

σησαμῖος, α, ου, made of sesamé. From

σησάμη, ἡ, sesamé, an eastern leguminous plant. [ἄ]

σησαμή, ἡ, a mixture of sesamé-seeds roasted and pounded with honey, a sesamé-cake.

σησαμῖνος, η, ου, (σησάμη) made of sesamé: σησαμῖνον ἔλαιον sesamé-oil. [ἄ]

σησαμῖος, εσσα, εν, (σησάμη) of sesamé: ὁ σησαμῖος (sub. ἄρτος) a sesamé-cake.

σησάμον, τό, (σησάμη) the seed or fruit of the sesamé-tree (σησάμη)

σησαμό-τύρον, τό, (σησάμη, τυρός) sesamé-cheese.

σησαμόους, οῦντος, contr. from σησαμόεις.

Σηστός, ἡ, also ὁ, Sestos, a town on the European side of the Hellespont, over against Abydos.

σητὲς Att. τῆτες, (έτος) this year: see σήμερον.

σητὲς-βρωτος, ου, (σής, βιβρώσκω) fretted by moths, moth-eaten.

σητό-κοπος, ου, (σής, κοπῆναι) fretted by moths.

σθενερός, ἄ, ὄν, (σθένος) strong, mighty.

ΣΘΕΝΟΣ, eos, τό, strength, might, prowess: mostly of men, but also of things, as of a river; σθένομος δελίου the strength of the sun; σθένει by force; παντί σθένει with all one's might. 2. might, power, force.

II. a force of men. III. periphr., like βίη, is, μένος with a gen., as, σθένος Ἑκτορος Hector himself.

σθενόω, f. ὥσω, (σθένος) to strengthen, make strong. σθένω, only used in pres. and impf.: (σθένος):—to be strong or mighty, have power; σθένει χειρὶ, ποσὶ to be strong in hand, in foot; οἱ κάτω σθένοντες they who rule below. 2. c. inf. to have strength or power to do, be able or competent to do.

σιά, Lacon. for θεά.

ΣΙΓΓΑΤΩΝ Ion. σιγγών, ὄνος, ἡ, the jaw-bone, jaw. ΣΙΓΓΑΪΟΝ Ion. σιγέον, τό, spittle, foam from the mouth, Lat. saliva (Engl. slaver).

ΣΙΓΓΑΟΣ, ὁ, a fat hog: also with another Subst., οὗς σιγίος, like οὗς κάρπιος, etc. II. fat, grease.

Σιβύλλα, ἡ, a Sibyl, prophetess. (Deriv. uncertain.) [r] Hence

Σιβύλλειος, α, ον, Sibylline.

Σιβυλλιάω, (Σιβύλλα) to play the Sibyl: metaph. to be like a Sibyl, i. e. credulous or silly.

Σιβυλλιστής, οὐ, ὁ, a believer in the Sibyl, diviner.

ΣΙΒΥΝΗ, ἡ, σιβύνη, ον, ὁ, a bunting-spear. [v]

σιγά, Adv. (σιγή) silently, still, noiselessly: as an exclam., σίγα hush! be still!

σιγά, imperat. of σιγάω, hush! be still!

σιγά, Ep. for εἰσίγα, 3 sing. impf. of σιγάω.

σιγά, 3 sing. of σιγάω, or Dor. dat. of σιγή.

σιγάω, f. ἄσω, (σιγή) to bid one be silent, force or constrain to silence.

σιγαλέος, α, ον, (σιγάω) silent, still.

σιγαλόεις, εσσα, εν, (σιγίος) smooth, glossy, shining, glittering, esp. of horses' reins. 2. rich, splendid, sumptuous.

σιγαλός, Dor. for σιγγαλός.

σιγάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σιγή) silent.

σιγάω f. -ήσομαι, later -ήσω: pf. σεσίγηκα: Pass., aor. I εἰσιγήθην: pf. σεσίγημαι: (σιγή)—to be silent or still, to keep silence:—imper. σίγα, hush! be still! —Pass. to be passed over in silence, Lat. iacere; but the pf. σεσίγημαι is also used in act. sense, to be silent.

σιγαῖν. Lacon. for θιγαῖν.

σιγί, Dor. σιγά, ἡ, (σιζω) silence, a being silent; σιγήν ἔχειν to keep silence, to hold one's peace; σιγήν ποιῆσαι to make silence. II. dat. σιγῇ as Adv., in silence, silently: also like σίγα, as an exclam., σιγῇ νυν silence now! σιγῇ ποιῆσαι λόγον to carry on a conversation in an under tone. 2.

secretly: also as a Prep., σιγῇ τινας, Lat. clam aliquo, like κρόφα τινός, unknown to him.

σιγηθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of σιγάω.

σιγηλός, ἡ, ὄν Dor. σιγαλός, ὄν, (σιγή) silent, still, quite dumb:—τά σιγηλά silence.

σιγηρός, ἄ, ὄν, = σιγγαλός.

σιγηρόν, verb. Adj. of σιγάω, one must be silent.

σίγλος or σίκλος, ὁ, the Hebrew shekel = 2 drachmae: a Persian σίγλος is mentioned by Xenophon as worth 7½ or 8 oboli, about 1 shilling English.

σίγμα, (σίω) the letter sigma, see Σ, σ.

σίγνυς, ον, ὁ, Cyprian word for δέρι, a spear. II. among the Ligyes near Marseilles used for κάπηλος.

III. the Σιγνύαι were a people on the Danube, see Herodotus 5. 9.

σιγῶντι, Dor. 3 plur. of σιγάω: also dat. sing. pres. part.

σιδαρος, ὁ, Dor. for σιδήρος: for σιδάρεος and other Dor. forms, v. sub σιδήρ—

ΣΙΔΗ, ἡ, a pomegranate tree: also the fruit. [i]

σιδηραῖα, ἡ, (σιδηρεύω) a working in iron.

σιδήρεος, α Ion. η, ον, Att. contr. σιδηροῦς, ἄ, ον, Ep. σιδήρειος, η, ον, Dor. σιδάρεος [ἄ], α, ον: (σιδήρος):—made of iron or steel, iron; σιδήρεος οὐρανός the iron sky: metaph., σιδήρεος θυμός, a mind of iron; σιδήρειον ἦτορ an iron heart. II.

σιδάρεσι, οἱ, a Byzantine iron coin.

σιδηρεύς, εως, ὁ, (σιδηρός) a worker in iron, a smith.

σιδήριον, τό, (σιδήρος) a tool of iron or steel, an iron sword or knife.

σιδηρίτης [i], ον, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ἰδος, Dor. σιδάρετας, α, ὁ, (σιδηρός) of iron.

σιδηρο-βριτής, ἐς, (σιδηρός, βριθῶ) iron-loaded.

σιδηρο-βρώς, ὥτος, ὁ, ἡ, (σιδηρός, βιβρώσκω) iron-eating, epith. of a whetstone.

σιδηρο-δάκτυλος, ον, (σιδηρός, δάκτυλος) iron-fingered.

σιδηρό-δετος, ον, (σιδηρός, δέω) iron-bound, bound with iron.

σιδηρο-κμής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (σιδηρός, κάμνω) slain by iron, slain by the sword.

σιδηρο-μήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (σιδηρός, μήτηρ) mother of iron, epith. of the earth.

σιδηρο-νόμος, ον, (σιδηρός, νεμῶ) distributing by the sword, or swaying the sword.

σιδηρό-νωτος, ον, (σιδηρός, νῶτον) iron-hacked.

σιδηρό-πλακτος Dor. for -πληκτος, ον, (σιδηρός, πλήσσω) smitten by iron or by the sword.

σιδηρό-πλαστοι, ον, (σιδηρός, πλάσσει) moulded of iron.

ΣΙΔΗΡΟΣ Dor. σιδαρὸς, ὁ, iron: it was of high value, in Homer's time, since pieces of it were given as prizes: it mostly came from the north and east of the Euxine.

II. like Lat. ferrum, anything made of iron, an iron tool or implement, a sword, spear, axe: also a knife, sickle. III. a place for selling iron, a culler's shop.

σιδηρό-σπαρτος, ον, (σιδηρός, σπείρω) sown or produced by iron.

σιδηρο-τέκτων, ονος, ὁ, (σιδηρός, τέκτων) a worker in iron.

σιδηρο-τόκος, ον, (σιδηρός, τεκεῖν) iron producing. σιδηροτομέω, f. ἴσω, to cleave with iron. From,

σιδηροτόμος, *ον*, (σιδηρος, τεμεῖν) *cutting with iron*.

σιδηροφορέω, *ῥ. ἴσω*, to wear iron arms, wear arms: so also as *Dep.*—έομαι. From

σιδηροφόρος, *ον* (σιδηρος, φέρω) *wearing iron, bearing arms*.

σιδηρόφρων, *ον*, *gen. ονος*, (σιδηρος, φρήν) *of iron heart*.

σιδηρόχαλκος, *ον*, (σιδηρος, χαλκός) *of iron and copper*.

σιδηροχάρμης, *ον, ὁ*, (σιδηρος, χάρμη) *fighting in iron*, *epith. of mailed war-horses*.

σιδηρώω, *ῥ. ὤσω*, (σιδηρος) *to make of iron, overlay with iron*:—*impers.* in *plqpf. pass.* ἔσσειδῆρατο ἐπὶ μέγα καὶ τοῦ ἄλλου ξύλου *iron had been laid over a great part also of the rest of the wood*.

σίδιον, *τό*, (σίδη) *pomegranate-peel*. [σῖ]

Σιδονίηθεν, *Adv. from Sidon*. From

Σιδών, *ἄνως, ἡ*, Sidon, one of the oldest cities of Phoenicia. *Adj.* Σιδόνιος or Σιδώνιος, *α, ον*, *of or belonging to Sidon*; *fem.* also Σιδωνιάς, *ἄδος*.

Σιδών, *ὄνος, ὁ*, *a man of Sidon*.

ΣΙΖΩ, *impf. ἔσιζον Ep. σίζον*; no *fut.* in use:—to hiss, of hot iron plunged into water; σίζ' ὀφθαλμοὺς εὐαίνεω *περὶ μοχλῶν* the eye of the Cyclops bitted when the burnt stake was thrust into it. II. to set a dog on.

Σιθωνία, *ἡ*, Sithonia, a part of Thrace, generally for the whole country: *Adj.* Σιθώνιος and Σιθόνιος, *α, ον*, *Thracian*: Σιθών, *ὄνος, ὁ*, *a Sithonian*; and Σιθωνία, *ἰδος, ἡ*, *a Sithonian woman*.

Σικάνια, *ἡ*, Sicania, properly a part of Sicily near Agrigentum, used generally for the whole of Sicily.

Σικανός, *οὐ, ὁ*, *a Sicanian* (see Σικανία): *Adj.* Σικανικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, Sicania.

σικάριος, *ὁ*, the *Lat. sicarius*, assassin. [ἀ]

Σικελία, *ἡ*, (Σικελός) Sicily: *Adj.* Σικελικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, Sicilian. Hence

Σικελίζω, *ῥ. ἴσω*, to do or speak like the Sicilians: to favour the Sicilians.

Σικελικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, (Σικελος) *of or like a Sicilian*.

Σικελιώτης, *ον, ὁ*, *a Sicilian Greek, a Greek settler in Sicily*, as distinguished from the Σικελοί or Siculi, the more ancient inhabitants: cf. *Ἰταλιώτης*.

Σικελός, *ἡ, ὄν*, Sicilian, of or from Sicily, *Lat. Siculus*: the Σικελοί originally migrated from Italy to Sicily; the Σικελιώται were the later Greek settlers.

σίκερα [ῖ], *τό*, *gen. σίκερος*, a sweet fermented liquor, strong drink. (Hebr. *shakar*, to be intoxicated.)

σικαννίς or σίκινος, *ἰδος, ἡ*, the Sicinnis, a dance of Satyrs used in the Satyrical drama, named from its inventor Sicinnos.

σίκλος, *ὁ*, = σίγλος.

σίκυς *Ion.* σικύη, *ἡ*, a fruit like the cucumber or gourd, but eaten ripe. II. a cupping glass, from its shape, *Lat. cucurbita*. [ῦ]

σίκυος, *ὁ*, the common gourd or cucurbit.

Σικυνών, *ἄνως, ἡ*, Sicyon, a town and district on the

north of the Peloponnesus: *Adj.* Σικυνώνιος, *α, ον*, Sicyonian: *Adv.* Σικυνώνοθεν, *of or from Sicyon*.

σικχαίνω, *το* *loathe*. From

ΣΙΚΧΟΣ, *ὁ*, *a squeamish, fastidious person*.

Σιληνός, *ὁ*, see Σειληνός.

σίλι, *τό*, the palma Christi, cameo also σιλλικυπριον.

σιλλαίνω, (σίλλος) *to insult, mock, jeer*.

σιλλακύπριον, *τό*, = σίλι. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΣΙΓΔΟΣ, *ὁ*, *one who looks askance: a satirist*.

II. a satire, satirical poem.

ΣΙΔΩΤΡΟΣ, *ὁ*, a river-fish, prob. the sbad, *Lat. silurus*.

ΣΙΛΦΗ, *ἡ*, a kind of grub or beetle, *Lat. blatta*. II. a book-worm.

ΣΙΛΦΙΟΝ, *τό*, *Lat. laserpitium*, a plant, the juice of which was used in food and medicine, and was reckoned a valuable specific: according to Bentley, the *asa-fetida*. Hence

σιλφιωτός, *ἡ, ὄν*, prepared with silphium.

σιμβλέω, *ῥ. σω*, (σίμβλος) *to form or grow in the hive*, of honey.

ΣΙΜΒΑΟΣ, *ὁ*, a bee-bive: metaph. any store or board.

σιμ-κίνθιον, less correct form of *σημ-κίνθιον*.

Σιμόεις, -όντος *contr.* Σιμοῦς, -οῦντος, *ὁ*, the Simois, a river near Troy:—*Adj.* Σιμοέντιος *contr.* Σιμούντιος, *α, ον*, *of, near the Simois*: *fem.* also Σιμοεντία, *ἰδος*.

ΣΙΜΟΣ, *ἡ, ὄν*, snub-nosed, flat-nosed:—generally, flat. I. of other things, steep, up-bill, *Lat. acclivis*: *προς τὸ σιμὸν διώκειν* to pursue up bill. a bent in, hollow, concave.

σιμότης, *ητος, ἡ*, (σιμός, *see* swape of a snub-nose; flatness.

Σιμόεις, -οῦντος, *ὁ*, *contr. form of Σιμοῖς*.

σιμόω, *ῥ. ὤσω*, (σιμός) *to turn up the nose, bend upwards*. Hence

σίμωμα, *ατος, τό*, anything bent upwards. From σινάμωρος, *ῥ. ἴσω*, to damage wantonly: generally, to handle roughly. From

σινάμωρος [ἄ], *ον*, (σίνος, μῶρος) mischievous, burlesque: *c. gen. rei, τῶν ἐαυτοῦ σινάμωρος* ruining his own affairs: wanton, lewd.

σινάπην, *εως*, and σινάπην, *ῶος, τό*, (γᾶπην) mustard, *Lat. sinapi*: the better Att. form was γᾶπην.

σινδά, *οὐς, ἡ*, *Att. for σινδών*.

σινδών, *ὄνος, ἡ*, *sindon*, a fine Indian cloth, muslin. II. a garment or napkin made of this cloth.

σινέομαι, *Ion.* for σίνομαι.

σίνηπτις, *ιος*, and σίνηπτις, *υος, το*. *Ion.* for σίναπτις; σίναπτις. [σῖ]

σινάζω, *ῥ. σω*, (σινίον) *to sift, fan, winnow*.

ΣΙΝΤΟΝ, *τό*, a sieve

σίνος, *ἰδος, ὁ*, *acc. σίνην*, (σίνομαι) a destroyer, ravager, robber: as *Adj.* destroying, ravaging. II.

as *prop. n.*, Σίνις, *ὁ*, Sinnis, the Destroyer, a famous robber of early Greece. [υ υ]

ΣΙΝΟΜΑΙ [ῖ] *Ion.* σινέομαι: *Ion. impf. σίνεσκό-*

μην: αορ. ἰ ἐξιδάμην: Dep. i.—to plunder, spoil, pillage: to barry, ravage: hence of wild beasts, to tear in pieces, devour. II. in more general sense, to damage, distress. α. also to hurt, wound. Hence

σίτος [ῥ], εος, το, hurt, harm, mischief, damage. II. anything hurtful, a mischief, plague.

σίντης, ου, δ, (σινόμα) tearing, ravenous, devouring.

σίντης, ιος, δ, = σίντης, only as plur. in prop. n., Σίντιες, the Sintians, the early inhabitants of Lemnos, who were pirates.

σίντωρ, ορας, δ, = σίντης.

Σινόπη, ῆ, Sinopé, a town of Paphlagonia, on the Black Sea:—Σινόπιτης, ου, δ, an inhabitant of Sinopé: Adj. Σινόπικος, ῆ, ὄν, of or belonging to Sinopé.

ΣΙΩΝ, τό, a marsh or meadow plant.

σιός, Lacon. for θεός.

σίπυξ, ῆ, a flour-bin, meal-jar.

ΣΙΠΑΙΟΝ, τό, new wine boiled down, Lat. defrutum.

σίπος, δ, a pit or hole sunk in the ground, for keeping corn in: also a pitfall.

σίσυμβριον, τό, = σίσυμβρον.

ΣΥΣΤΜΒΡΟΝ, τό, a sweet-smelling plant, mint or thyme.

σιούρα [ῥ] or σίσυρνα, ῆ, a baggy goatskin worn as an outer garment: a rough outer garment, with a coarse nap.

σίσυρνο-φόρος, ον, (σίσυρνα, φέρω) wearing a σίσυρνα or cloak of goatskin.

Σισύφειος, α, ον, of Sisyphus, Corinthian: fem. also Σισύφεις, ἰδος. From

Σι-σύφος [ῥ], ον, δ, an ancient king of Corinth, punished for bad faith in the shades below. (Redupl. from σοφός, the Wise or Cunning.)

σίτα, τά, irreg. pl. of σίτος.

σιτάγωγός, ῆ, ὄν, (σιταγωγός) to transport corn to a place. Hence

σιτάγωγία, ῆ, conveyance of corn to a place.

σιτ-αγωγός, ὄν, (σίτος, ἀγω) transporting corn to a place; σιταγάγα πλοῖα vessels engaged in conveying corn, corn-ships.

σιτάβην, Dor. for ἐσιτήβην, αορ. ἰ pass. of σιτέω.

σιτεύσιμος, η, ον, (σιτεύω) well-fed, fattened.

σιτευτός, ῆ, ὄν, fattened, stalled, Lat. altitlis. From σιτέω, f. σω: Ion. impf. σιτεύεσκον: (σίτος):—

to feed, fatten:—Pass. to be fed, to eat.

σιτέω, f. ῥω, (σίτος) to feed:—Pass. σιτέομαι, Ion. 3 pl. ἀμφ. σιτέσκοντο: fut. med. σιτήσομαι: αορ. ἰ pass. ἐσιτήην:—to be fed, to eat, take food: to feed on, eat a thing, c. acc.

σιτηγέω, f. ῥω, (σιτηγός) to convey or transport corn: to import corn. Hence

σιτηγία, ῆ, the conveyance or importation of corn.

σιτ-ηγός, ὄν, (σίτος, ἀγω) conveying corn.

σιτηρέσιον, τό, (σιτηρός) provisions, victuals: forage-money, of soldiers.

σιτηρός, ὰ, ὄν, (σίτος) of or belonging to corn.

σίτῃσι, εως, ῆ, (σιτέω) an eating, feeding: also

food, provisions; σίτῃσι ἐν Πρυτανείῳ public maintenance in the Prytanæum.

σιτίζω, f. ῥω, (σίτος) to feed, fatten:—Pass. to feed upon, eat.

σιτίον, τό, (σίτος) mostly in plur. σιτία, food made of corn, bread: generally, food, victuals, provisions, diet; σιτία τριῶν ἡμερῶν three days' provision; τὰ ἐν Πρυτανείῳ σιτία public maintenance in the Prytanæum, like σίτησις.

σιτιστός, ῆ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of σιτίζω, like σιτευτός, fed, fattened: as Subst. a faling.

σιτο-δέα Ion. -δητή, ῆ, (σίτος, δέομαι) want or scarcity of corn: dearth, famine.

σιτο-δόκος, ον, (σίτος, δέχομαι) balking food.

σιτοδοτέω, f. ῥω, to furnish with corn, victual:—Pass. to be provisioned or victualled. From

σιτο-δότης, ου, δ, (σίτος, δίδωμι) a furnisher of corn.

σιτο-μέτριον, (σίτος, μετρέω) a measured allowance of corn.

σιτο-νόμος, ον, (σίτος, νέμω) dealing out corn or food; σιτονόμος ἐλπίς the hope of getting food.

σιτοποιέω, f. ῥω, (σιτοποιός) to prepare corn or food, to make bread: to prepare, purvey food or victuals:—Med. to prepare food for oneself: to take food. Hence

σιτοποιία, ῆ, bread-making, preparation of food. Hence

σιτοποιικός, ῆ, ὄν, of or for bread-making.

σιτο-ποιός, ὄν, (σίτος, ποίω) preparing corn for food: as Subst., σιτοποιός (sub. γυνή), ῆ, a woman that ground the corn in the hand-mill: generally, a maker of bread, baker. 2. σιτοποιός ἀνάγκη the task of grinding corn.

σιτο-πομπία, ῆ, (σίτος, πεμπω) the conveyance of corn: also provision for its safe convey, an escort, a convoy.

σιτο-πώλης, ου, δ, (σίτος, πωλέω) a corn-merchant, corn-factor.

ΣΙΤΟΣ, δ, irreg. pl. σῖτα, τά, wheat, corn, grain: also meal, flour, bread: hence generally, food, victuals, provisions; but properly of bread, as opp. to meat: but also of anything eaten as opp. to drink; σίτος ἢ δὲ ποτή the meat and drink.

σιτο-φάγος, ον, (σίτος, φάγην) eating corn or bread.

σιτο-φόρος, ον, (σίτος, φέρω) carrying corn.

σιτο-φύλακες, οί, (σίτος, φύλαξ) corn-watchers, corn-inspectors, Athenian officers, originally three in number, but afterwards ten in the city and five in Peiræus, who superintended the importation and sale of corn.

σίτιτ' and σίττε, a cry of drovers to their flocks, at which ἀπό follows, to drive them off; when πρός follows, to call them on.

σίτ-ώνης, ου, δ, (σίτος, ὀνέομαι) a buyer of corn.

σίτανία, ῆ, (σίταννη) a buying of corn, purchase of corn.

ΣΙΦΛΟ΄Σ, ῆ, ων, crippled, maimed: also lame, limping: of the eyes, blind. Hence

σιφλώ, *f. ὤσω, to maim, cripple: to hurt, confound, ruin: σιφλώσει, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. i opt.*

Σίφνιος, *α, ον, of or from Sipbnius, Sipbñian. From*

Σίφνος, *ή, Sipbnius, one of the Cyclades.*
σίφαν, *ανος, ὁ, a reed, straw, any tube, esp. the*
siphon, used to draw wine out of the cask. 2. a
sucker, as of a pump. Hence

σιφονίζω, *f. σω, to tap a cask with a siphon, to*
draw off wine.

σιώπῃ, *fut. -ήσομαι: aor. i εἰώπησα: pf. σεσιώ-*
πηκα:—to be silent or still, to keep silence: σιωπᾶν
τινι to keep silence towards one: imperat., σιώπα
busb! be still! II. transit. to keep in silence,
keep secret, Lat. tacere:—Pass. to be kept silent or se-
cret, Lat. taceri. From

ΣΙΩΠΗ', *ή, silence, a being silent: dat. σιωπῇ, in*
silence. 2. silence, stillness, a calm.

σιώπηλός, *ή, ὄν, (σιωπάω) silent, still.*

σιώπηρός, *ά, ὄν, collat. form of σιωπηλός.*

σιωπήσειαν, *3 pl. Aeol. aor. i opt. of σιωπάω.*

σιωπητέος, *α, ον, verb. Adj. of σιωπάω, to be passed*
over in silence. II. σιωπητέον, one must pass
over in silence.

ΣΚΑ'ΖΩ, *f. άσω, to limp, halt. II. σκάζων,*
also χαλαμβος (sub. ποῦς), ὁ, the iambic verse of Hip-
ponax, which was a regular iambic senarius, except
that a spondee or trochee was substituted for the
iambus in the last place.

ΣΚΑΙΟ'Σ, *ά, ὄν, Lat. scaevus, left, on the left hand*
or side, like ἀριστερός:—ή σκαία (sub. χεῖρ), the left
band. II. western, westward, for the Greek
auspex turned towards the north, and so had the
West on his left: Σκαία πύλαι the West-gate (of
Troy). 2. unlucky, ill-omened, because birds of
ill-omen always appeared on the left of the Greek
auspex, or in the West: birds of good omen on the
right, or in the East: (cf. δεξιός). III. metaph.
like French gauche, left-banded, awkward, clumsy,
uncouth. Hence

σκαιοσύνη, *ή, = σκαϊότης.*

σκαϊότης, *ήτος, ή, (σκαίος) leftbandedness, awk-*
wardness, clumsiness, stupidity.

σκαί-συργέω, *f. ήσω, (σκαίος, ἔργον) to be left-*
banded in work, to behave rudely or indecorously.

ΣΚΑΙ'ΡΩ, *to skip, dance, bound.*

σκαίως, *Adv. of σκαίος, in a left-banded manner,*
awkwardly.

σκαλάθурμα, *ατος, τό, (σκαλαθύρω) a subtle ques-*
tion: generally, trifling, nonsense.

σκαλάθурμάτιον, *τό, Dim. of σκαλάθурμα, a tri-*
fling subtilty, petty quibble.

σκαλάθύρω, = σκάλλω, *to dig: metaph. to explore*
over-subtly or cunningly. [v]

σκαλεύς, *ἑως, ὁ, (σκάλλω) one who hoes: a boer or*
a boe.

σκάλευω, *κά' λα, to stir, hoe: σκαλεύειν, ἄνθρα-*
κας to stir or poke a coal-fire.

σκαληνός, *ή, ὄν, or ὁς, ὤν, (σκάζω) limping, halt-*

ing. II. ανευεν: ἀριθμὸς σκαληνός an odd
number: τρίγωνον σκαληνόν a triangle with unequal
sides.

ΣΚΑ'ΛΛΩ, *to stir up, hoe, harrow.*

σκαλλός, *ὁ, (σκάλλω) the pin or tbole to which the*
Greek oar was fastened by the τροπατήρ, Lat. scal-
mus, paxillus.

σκάλοψ, *οπος, ὁ, (σκάλλω) the digger, i.e. the mole.)*

Σκάμανδρος, *ὁ, the Scamander, a river of Troy, ὃν*
ἔχοντον καλέουσι θεοὶ ἄνδρες δὲ Σκάμανδρον:—Adj.
Σκάμανδριος, α, ον, Scamandrian; whence Hector
called his son Σκαμάνδριος.

σκανά, *Dor. for σιγνή.*

σκανδάληθρον, *τό, the stick or support in a trap on*
which the bait is placed, and which, when touched,
makes the trap shut, the trap-spring: metaph., σκαν-
δάληθρ' ἱστὰς ἐπὶων setting word-traps, i.e. words
which one's adversary will catch at, and be caught
himself. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σκανδάλιζω, *f. σω, to make to stumble, give offence*
or scandal to any one, throw difficulties in his way.

From

σκανᾶλλον, *τό, = σκανδάληθρον, a trap laid for an*
enemy:—a stumbling-block, offence, scandal.

σκανᾶλο-πώλης, *ου, ὁ, (σκανᾶν, πωλέω) a dealer*
in chervil.

ΣΚΑ'ΝΔΙΕ, *ἱκος, ή, chervil, Lat. scandix.*

σκάπτειν, *ή, (σκάπτω) a spade or hoe. [πά]*

σκάπετος, *ὁ, (σκάπτω) = κάπετος.*

σκαῖπτειρα, *ή, fem. of σκαπτήρ, a woman that digs*
σκαπτήρ, ήρος, ὁ, (σκάπτω) a digger, deliver.

σκάπτρον, *τό, Dor. for σκήπτρον.*

σκαπτός, *ή, ὄν, (σκάπτω) dug: that may be*
dug. II. Σκαπτή ὕλη a country in Thrace, named
after a forest in which mines had been worked.

σκάπτρον, *τό, Dor. for σκήπτρον.*

ΣΚΑ'ΠΤΩ, *fut. σκάψω: Pass. aor. 2 ἐσκάφην [α]:*
pf. ἔσκαμμα:—to dig: σκάπτειν τάφρον to dig a
trench: also Med. σκάπτομαι, like Act.

σκαρᾶ-μύσσω *Att. -ττω, fut. ξω: (σκαίρω, μύω):*
—to blink, wink.

σκαρᾶφισμός, *ὁ, a scratching or scraping up: σκαρι-*
φισμὸς λήρων a raking up of trifles. From

σκάρφος, *ὁ, = κάρφος: also a stile for drawing out-*
lines: an outline, sketch.

σκάτος, *genit. of σκάω.*

σκάτο-φάγος, *ον, (σκάτος, φαγεῖν) dung-eating.*

σκάφεύς, *ἑως, ὁ, (σκαφήναι) a digger, deliver, ditcher*
σκάφη, ή, (σκαφήναι) anything dug or scooped out,
a hollow vessel, a tub, trough, basin, bowl. 2. a
light boat, skiff, Lat. scapha.

σκάφηναι, *aor. 2 pass. inf. of σκάπτω.*

σκάφιον, *Dim. of σκαφή or σκάφος, a small tub,*
basin, or bowl: a small boat or skiff. II. a fashion
of hair-cutting (borrowed from the Scythians), in
which the hair was cut off all round the head, leaving
only the hair on the crown, which then looked like
a bowl. 2. the crown of the head.

σκάφίς, ἴδιος, ἡ, like σκάφιον, Dim. ὁ. σκάφη or σκάφος, a small tub, bowl, pail. 2. a small boat, skiff.

II. α digging-tool, a spade, mattock. σκάφος, εὐς, τό, (σκαφήναι) a digging: also the time or season for digging. II. ἡ which is dug or scooped out, any hollow vessel, a tub: esp. the hull of a ship, Lat. *alveus*, and generally a ship, boat. III. a digging-tool, spade. [ᾶ]

σκαδάννυμι and -νῶ, lengthd. from obsol. *σκαδῶν: fut. σκαδῶ [ᾶ] Att. σκεδῶ, ᾶς, ᾶ: aor. I ἔσκαδασα Ep. σκαδασα: Pass., aor. I ἔσκαδάσθην: pf. ἔσκαδασμαι:—to scatter, disperse: generally, to scatter, spread abroad: to shiver, break a thing. II.

Pass. to be scattered, to disperse: of the rays of the sun, to be shed abroad: of a report, to be spread about, bruited abroad.

σκαδασα, Ep. aor. I of σκαδάννυμι, σκεδάσθης, ἡ, (σκαδάννυμι) a scattering, dispersing. σκεδᾶ, Att. fut. of σκαδάννυμι.

σκηρός, ὁ, ὄν, tight, exact, careful. Adv. σκερῶς, thoroughly, exactly. (From σκερῆν, poet. aor. 2 of ἔχω.)

Σκεῖρων, ἄνθρωπος, ὁ, Sciron, a robber who infested the coast between Attica and Megara: Σκεῖρωνος ἄκρα, i. e. the coast of Megara; also called Σκεῖρωνίδες πέτραι: Σκεῖρωνικὸν οἶμα the sea off this coast.

σκελῆς, ἴδιος, ἡ, = Att. σχελίς.

σκελίσκος, ὄν, ὁ, Dim. ὁ. σκέλος, a small leg.

ΣΚΕΛΩ: fut. σκελῶ Ion. σκελέω: aor. I ἔσκηλα:—to dry, dry up, parch, wither. II. Pass. σκελλομαι: fut. σκελοῦμαι: with. intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 ἔσκηλν, inf. σκλήναι (as if from *σκληῖν): pf. ἔσκηλκα with pres. signif.:—to be parched, lean, withered.

ΣΚΕΛΟΣ, εὐς, τό, the leg: ἐπὶ σκέλος ἀνάγειν to retreat with the face towards the enemy, retire leisurely. II. τὰ σκέλη the legs, i. e. the two long walls, between Athens and the Peiræus.

σκέμμα, ματος, τό, (ἔσκεμμαι, pf. pass. of σκέπτομαι) a subject of reflexion, a question.

σκένος, Aeol. for τένος.

σκέπᾶ, poet. nom. and acc. pl. of σκέπας.

σκαπέζω, ἡ, ἴδιος, (σκέπας) like σκαπῶς, to cover, shelter, screen. Hence

σκαπέζων, τό, (σκέπας) a covering.

σκαπεῖνός, ἡ, ὄν, (σκέπας) covered, sheltered.

ΣΚΕΠΑΡΟΝ, τό, or σκαπαρῶς, ὁ, a carpenter's axe or adze.

ΣΚΕΠΑΣ, αὐς, τό, a covering, shelter: ἐπὶ σκέπας εἶναι or under shelter: σκέπας ἀνέμωσιν shelter from the wind.

σκαπασμα, ατος, τό, (σκαπέζω) = σκαπῶς.

σκαπαῖς Ep. σκαπέως, to cover, shelter.

ΣΚΕΠΗ, ἡ, like σκέπας, a covering, shelter: μεταφ. ἐν σκαπῇ τοῦ πολέμου under shelter from war: ἐν σκαπῇ τοῦ φόβου under shelter from fear.

σκαπέωσι, Ep. for σκαπέωσι, 3 pl. pres. from σκαπῶς.

σκαπεῖν, one must look or consider: verb. Adj. of

σκέπτομαι, fut. σκέβομαι: aor. I ἔσκαπαμην: pf. ἔσκεμμαι: Dep.:—the pres. and impf. σκέπτομαι, ἔσκαπαμην, are seldom found in Att., σκοπεῖν or σκοποῦμαι being used instead: I. intr. to look about, look carefully at, look after, watch. II. of the mind, to look to, view, examine, consider.

ΣΚΕΠΩ, rare radic. form of σκαπέζω.

σκαρβόλεω and σκαρβάλλω, (σκαρβόλος) to scold, abuse, revile. From

σκαρβόλος, like κέρτομος, scolding, abusive. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σκαυόγυνε, ἡ, ἡσῶ, to remove one's goods and chattels. From

σκαυ-ἄγωγός, ὄν, (σκαυός, ἄγω) conveying or moving one's goods and chattels:—as Subst., σκαυαγός, ὁ, the officer who looks to the baggage, baggage-master.

σκαυῶ, ἡ, ἴδιος: aor. I ἔσκαυα: Pass., ἔσκαυασμαι, Ion. 3 pl. ἔσκαυάσθην: Ion. 3 pl. plpf. ἔσκαυάσθην: (σκαυός, σκαυή):—to prepare, make ready: to prepare or dress food: generally, to provide:—Med. to prepare for oneself, to procure, devise. II. of persons, to furnish or supply with a thing. 2. to dress up, disguise: pf. pass. part.

ἔσκαυσμένος, dressed up.

σκαυῖον, τό, Dim. of σκαυός or σκαυή, a trifling part of one's dress or equipment. [ᾶ]

σκαυστήν, verb. Adj. of σκαυῶ, one must prepare.

σκαυστός, ἡ, ὄν, (σκαυῶ) prepared, artificial.

σκαυή, ἡ, (σκαυός) equipment, attire, dress, Lat. apparatus: the properties or dress of an actor, etc. 2. a fashion in dress. II. an implement of any kind, like σκαυός: the tackling of a ship.

σκαυοθήκη, ἡ, (σκαυός, θήκη) a storehouse for all kinds of dress or equipments, an armoury, arsenal.

σκαυοποιέω, ἡ, ἴδιος, (σκαυοποιός) to make arms or implements, to manufacture. Hence

σκαυοποίημα, ματος, τό, the dress of an actor.

σκαυοποιός, ὄν, (σκαυός, ποιέω) making arms or implements: making masks and stage-dresses.

ΣΚΕΤΟΣ, εὐς, τό, a vessel or implement of any kind. 2. in plur. σκεῖ, τά, implements, tools: the baggage of an army. Lat. impedimenta. the trappings of horses: the tackling of ships, naval stores: the dresses of actors. II. the body, as the vessel or instrument of the soul.

σκαυοφόρεω, ἡ, ἴδιος, (σκαυοφόρος) to carry baggage:—Pass. to have one's baggage carried.

σκαυοφορικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the carrying of baggage: βάρος σκαυοφορικόν the load of a beast of burden. From

σκαυο-φόρος, ὄν, (σκαυός, φέρω) carrying baggage: of σκαυοφόροι the sulkers, camp-followers: σκαυοφόροι κάμηλοι the baggage-camels: τὰ σκαυοφόρα the beasts of burden.

σκαυοφύλαξ, ἡ, ἴδιος, to watch the baggage. From

σκαυο-φύλαξ, ὄν, (σκαυός, φύλαξ) a storekeeper.

σκαυορῶμαι, Dep. with fut. med. -ἴσσομαι, pf. pass.

σκευώρημαι; (σκευωρός):—to watch or look after the baggage. 2. to examine thoroughly. II. to contrive cunningly:—intr. to act knavishly. Hence σκευώρημα, ατος, τό, a cunning trick. σκευωρία, ἡ, (σκευωρέομαι) care in looking after baggage: great care, diligence. II. cunning, knavery.

σκευωρός, ὄν, (σκευος, ὥρα) looking after baggage. σκεψάμενος, aor. I part. of σκέπτομαι or σκοπέω. σκέψις, εως, ἡ, (σκέπτομαι) perception by the senses. II. examining: consideration, reflexion. σκήλαι, aor. I inf. of σκέλλω: σκήλε, 3 sing. opt. σκηνάομαι, Dep., with pf. pass. ἐσκήνημαι, to dwell, live. II. also as Med. to build for oneself.

σκηνέω, f. ἦσω, (σκηνή) to be or dwell in a tent, to be encamped: to be quartered or billeted: generally, to dwell, stay, lodge in a place.

ΣΚΗΝΗ', ἡ, a tent, booth: a tabernacle: in plur. 1 camp, Lat. castra. 2. a dwelling-place, house: 1 temple. II. a wooden stage or scaffold for actors to perform on:—hence the stage, the part on which the actors performed, opp. to the θυμέλη (where the Chorus danced and sang). III. the tilted cover of a wagon or carriage: also a bed-tester. IV. an entertainment given in tents, a banquet.

σκήνημα, ατος, τό, (σκηνέω)=σκηνή, a dwelling-place, nest, abode. σκηνίδιον, τό, Dim. of σκηνή, a little tent. [νί] σκηνίς, ἴδος, ἡ,=σκηνή. σκηνίτης, ου, ὁ, (σκηνή) a dweller in tents: on a tent. [ί] σκηνόπηγέω, (σκηνόπηγος) to put up a tent or booth. Hence σκηνόπηγία, ἡ, a pitching of tents. II. the feast of tabernacles, which lasted for eight days in the month Tisri, to commemorate the dwelling in tents in the wilderness: also σκηνοπήγεια, τά.

σκηνόπηγος, ου, (σκηνή, πήγνυμι) fixing a tent. σκηνοποιός, ὄν, (σκηνή, ποίω) making tents: as Subst., σκηνοποιός, ὁ, a tent-maker. σκηνογράφος, ου, (σκηνή, ῥαφῆναι) stitching tents: as Subst., σκηνογράφος, ὁ, a tent-maker. σκῆνος Dor. σκάνος, εος, τό, like σκηνή. 1. a body.

σκηνοφύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (σκηνή, φύλαξ) a guard or watcher in a tent. σκηνώω, f. ὥσω, (σῆνος) to pitch tents, encamp. II. to live or dwell in a tent: generally, to lodge, take up one's abode. σκηνύδριον, τό, Dim. of σκηνή.

σκήνωμα, ατος, τό, (σκηνώω) a tent, tabernacle: a habitation: in pl. soldiers' cantonments. σκηπάνιον, τό,=σκήπτρον, a sceptre, staff. σκηπτοβάμων [ᾱ], ου, gen. ονος, (σκήπτρον=σκήπτρον, βαίω) sitting, perched on the sceptre.

σκήπτρον, τό,=σκήπτρον, only in Dor. form σκάπτρον, and a few compds.

σκηπτός, ὁ, (σκήπτω) a gust or squall of wind that

comes down suddenly: a thunderbolt.

σκήπτω, a sudden visitation or calamity.

σκήπτουχία, ἡ, the bearing a staff or sceptre: chief command. From

σκηπτο-ούχος, ου, (σκήπτρον, ἔχω) bearing a staff, baton or sceptre as the badge of command. 2. as Subst., σκηπτοῦχος, ὁ, the wand-bearer, an officer in the Persian court.

σκηπτο-φόρος, ου,=σκηπτο-φόρος. σκήπτρον Dor. σκάπτρον, τό, (σκήπτω) a staff or stick to lean upon: a walking-stick. II. a staff or baton, as the badge of command, a sceptre, borne by kings, chiefs, and heralds: speakers on rising received a σκήπτρον from the herald. 2. the sceptre, to express royalty or kingly power.

σκηπτοφορέω, f. ἦσω, to bear rule over. From σκηπτο-φόρος, ου, (σκήπτρον, φέρω) bearing a sceptre, kingly, princely.

ΣΚΗΠΤΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἐσκηψα: I. trans. to prop, support, stay: hence to let fall upon, hurl, shoot: also in Med. 2. intr. to fall or dart down, light. II. Pass, and Med., to prop or support oneself by a staff, to lean upon: metaph. to depend or rely upon. 2. σκήπτεσθαι c. acc. to put before oneself as a prop or support, to pretend, allege by way of excuse: c. inf. to pretend to be. 3. absol. to excuse or defend oneself: σκήπτεσθαι πρὸς τινα, to excuse oneself towards another.

σκήπων, ονος, ὁ, (σκήπτω) like σκήπτρον and σκίπων, a staff.

σκηρίπτω, like σκήπτω, to prop, stay:—Med. to support oneself, to lean or press against.

σκήψις, εως, ἡ, (σκήπτω) a pretext, excuse, pretence, reason alleged.

ΣΚΙΑ', ἄς Ion. σκίη, ἡς, ἡ, a shadow, shade: the shade or ghost of one that is dead, Lat. umbra: of things, a mere shadow, phantom, spectre. 2. the shade of trees: πετραίη σκίη the shade of a rock: ἐν σκιᾷ indoors. 3. a shady place.

σκιᾶγράφω, f. ἦσω, (σκιᾶγράφος) to paint in light and shade, to paint slightly, sketch out, Lat. adumbrare.

σκιᾶγράφία, ἡ, (σκιᾶγραφέω) painting in light and shade, rough painting.

σκιᾶγράφος, ου, (σκιᾶ, γράφω) painting in light and shade (without colours). [γρᾶ]

σκιᾶδειον, τό, (σκιᾶ) anything that shades: an umbrella or parasol.

σκιᾶδισκη, ἡ,=σκιᾶδειον, an umbrella, parasol.

σκιᾶζω, f. σιάσω Att. σκιῶ: aor. I ἐσκίασα: (σκιᾶ):—to shade, overshadow, darken: to throw a shadow on.

σκιᾶ-μάχη, f. ἦσω, (σκιᾶ, μάχη) to fight in the shade (i.e. in the school, not in real battle), to spar.

II. to fight with a shadow: hence to fight in vain.

Σκιᾶ-ποδες [ᾱ], οί, (σκιᾶ, ποῦς) the Shadow-footed, a fabulous people in Libya.

σκιᾶρό-κομος, ου, (σκιᾶρός, κύμη) shady with leaves.

σκιαρός, ὁ, ὄν, Dor. for σκιερός.

σκιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σκιά) any shady covering, a canopy, pavilion.

σκιάσμα, ματος, τό, (σκιάω) a shadow.

σκιά-τροφῆς Ion. σκιητρ-, ἡ ἦσω: (σκιά, τρέφω):—to rear in the shade, to bring up tenderly:—Pass. to keep in the shade, shun heat and toil, live effeminately.

II. intr. to wear a covering, keep one's head covered.

σκιάω Ep. σκιάω, = σκιάζω: only in Pass. to be shaded, become dark.

σκιδναμαι, like κιδναμαι, Pass., only used in pres. and impf.:—to be spread or scattered, scattered abroad, dispersed; σκιδναμένης Δημήτερος ἡ συνιούσης when the corn is scattered abroad or gathered in, i. e. at seed-time or at harvest; ἅμα ἡλῶ σκιδναμένης as the sun begins to scatter his beams, spread his light.

σκιερός Dor. σκιαρός, ὁ, ὄν, (σκιά) shady, shaded. σκιά, ἡ, Ion. for σκιά.

ΣΚΙΤΑΛΑ, ἡς, ἡ, a sea-onion or squill, Lat. squilla.

σκιμαλίζω, ἡ ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to give one a tap or fillip, generally, to insult. (Deriv. unknown.)

σκιμπτους, —ποδος, ὁ, (σκιμπτω) a small couch, low bed, pallet, Lat. grabbātus.

σκιμπτω, ἡ ψω, = σκίπτω.

σκινδάλμιος, ὁ, contr. σκινδαλμιός Att. σχινδάλμιος contr. σχινδαλμός: (σχίζω) a piece of cleft wood, a splinter, Lat. scindula: metaph., λόνων ἀκριβῶν σχινδάλαμοι straw-splittings, quibbles.

σκινδάλμο-φράστῃς, οὐ, ὁ, (σκινδάλαμος, φράζω) a straw-splitter.

σκινδαλμός, ὁ, contr. for σκινδάλαμος.

σκιο-εὐδής, ἑς, (σκιά, εἶδος) like a shadow, fleeting like a shadow, shadowy.

σκιέας, εὖσα, εν, (σκιά) shady, shadowy: gloomy, dark.

σκιδνῶντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. of σκιάω.

σκίπων, ὀνος, ὁ, (σκιμπτω) a staff, Lat. scipio. [Υ]

Σκίρα, τά, (σκίρον) = Σκιροφῶρια.

Σκίρας, ἄδος, ἡ, epith. of Athena, see Σκιροφῶρια.

σκιράφειον, τό, a gambling-house. From σκιράφος [Υ], ὁ, a dice-box. 2, metaph. trickery, cheating. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Σκιρίται, οἱ, the Scirites, a division of the Spartan army, consisting of 600 foot: they came from the Arcadian district Σκιρίτις.

ΣΚΙΡΟΝ [Υ], τό, like σκιάδειον, the parasol borne, at Athens, by the priestesses in a festival of Athena Σκίρας, thence called τὰ Σκίρα or τὰ Σκιροφῶρια, giving name to the month Σκιροφοριῶν.

σκίρον, τό, the hard rind of cheese, cheese-parings.

ΣΚΙΡΟΣ, ὁ, also σκίρρος, gypsum, stucco.

Σκίρο-φῶρια, τά, (σκίρον, φέρω) the festival of Athena Σκίρας, celebrated in the month Σκιροφοριῶν.

Σκίρο-φοριῶν, ὀνος, ὁ, (Σκιροφῶρια) Scirophorion, the 12th Attic month, answering to the latter part of June and former part of July.

ΣΚΙΡΤΑ'Ω, ἡ ἦσω, to spring, leap, bound.

σκίρτημα, ἄτος, τό, a bound, leap.

σκιρτητής, οὐ, ὁ, (σκιρτάω) a leaper, jumper.

σκιρτο-πόδης, οὐ, ὁ, (σκιρτάω, ποῦς) spring-footed, with bounding foot.

σκιρτῶεν, 3 pl. pres. opt. of σκιρτάω.

Σκίτῳλοι, οἱ, fellows invoked among the powers of Impudence by Aristophanes (Eq. 634).

σκιφίζω, Dor. for ξιφίζω.

σκιφος, τό, Dor. for ξίφος, a sword. [Υ]

σκι-ώδης, ἑς, = σκιοειδής, shady: gloomy.

σκληναι, inf. aor. 2 of σκέλλω.

σκληρ-ἀγωγέω, (σκληρός, ἀγωγή) to bring up hardy, σκληρο-καρδία, ἡ, (σκληρός, καρδία) hardness of heart.

σκληρος, ὁ, ὄν, (σκληναι) dry, hard, Lat. durus. 2. of sound, hoarse, harsh, rough. 3. of taste and smell, harsh, rough. 4. stiff, stark, Lat. rigidus: sturdy, tough. II. metaph. 1. of things, hard, austere. 2. of persons, hard, harsh, stern, also stubborn.

σκληρότης, πτος, ἡ, (σκληρός) hardness, harshness, roughness.

σκληρο-τράχηλος, ον, (σκληρός, τράχηλος) stiff-necked. [α]

σκληρύνω [Υ], ἡ ἔνῳ: aor. I ἐσκληρύνω: pf. pass. ἐσκληρύνμηναι: (σκληρός):—to harden, esp. to harden the heart: to make thick, gross, stupid.

σκληρός, Adv. of σκληρός, in hard or rough fashion.

σκινῆπιος, ὁ, ον, (κνέφας) of or in the twilight.

σκολιό-θριξ, —τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (σκολιός, θρίξ) with curled, twining hair or leaves.

σκόλιον, τό, neut. of σκολιός (sub. μέλος), a song at banquets, sung to the lyre; said to have been introduced by Terpander, and so called from the irregular way it was passed on: each guest who sung held a myrtle-branch (μυρτίνη) in his hand, which he passed on to any one he chose.

ΣΚΟΛΙΟΣ, ὁ, ὄν, crooked, bent: twisting, winding.

II. metaph. crooked, tortuous, unjust.

σκολιώς, Adv. crookedly.

σκολόπεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of σκόλοψ.

σκολοπίζω, ἡ σω, (σκόλοψ) to impale.

ΣΚΟΛΟΥ, οπος, ὁ, a pale, stake: in plur. σκόλοπες, οἱ, pales, a palisade, stockade: in Persia, used for impaling or fixing heads on, whence σκολοπίζω, ἀνασκολοπίζω. II. a tree.

ΣΚΟΛΙΤΜΟΣ, ὁ, an eatable kind of tistile: an artichoke

ΣΚΟΜΒΟΣ, ὁ, a kind of fish, of which the θύνος and πηλαμύς were varieties.

σκοπο-άρχης, οὐ, ὁ, (σκοπός, ἀρχή) leader of the spies or of a party of videttes.

σκοπελο-δρόμος, ὁ, (σκόπελος, δραμεῖν) running over rocks.

σκόπελος, ὁ, (σκοπέω) a look-out place, a crag or headland, Lat. scopulus: generally, a high rock, peak.

σκοπέω, = σκοπέα.

σκοπέω, also σκοπέομαι as Dep.: only used in pres. and impf., the other tenses, fut. σκέψομαι, aor. I ἐσκεψάμην, pf. ἔσκεμμαι, being supplied by σκέπτομαι: (σκοπός):—to look at or after a thing: to behold, contemplate, survey: generally, to look: to look out.

II. metaph. to look to, consider, pay regard to: σκοπεῖν τὰ ταῦτο to look to one's own affairs.

III. to inquire, ascertain. Hence

σκοπή, ἡ, a look-out place, watch-tower.

σκοπία Ion. -ιή, ἡ, (σκοπός) a look-out place, mountain-peak.

2. a watch-tower, Lat. specula. II. a looking out, keeping watch; σκοπιὺν ἔχειν to keep watch. Hence

σκοπιάζω, to look about or spy from a watch-tower: generally, to spy, explore.

II. transit. to sōn out, search out, discover.

σκοπιάω, later poet. form for σκοπιάζω.

σκοπιήτης, ον, δ, (σκοπιάω) a spy, scout. II. a mountaineer, epith. of Pan.

σκοπι-ωρέομαι, f. ἡσομαι: Dep.: (σκοπιά, ὥρα):—to spy or observe from a look-out place

σκοπός, δ and ἡ, (σκέπ-τομαι) one that watches or looks out: in bad sense, one who lies in wait for another. 2. of gods, the guardian, protector, tutelary god of a place. 3. a look-out man or watcher in war, Lat. speculator; also one who marks game: a spy, scout: a messenger.

I. the mark or object on which one fixes the eye, a mark, Lat. scopus; ἀπὸ σκοποῦ away from the mark

σκορδινάομαι Ion. -έομαι: f. ἡσομαι: Dep.:—to stretch one's limbs, yawn, gape, feel tired or lazy. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σκοροδ-άλμη, ἡ, (σκόροδον, ἄλμη) a sauce or pickle composed of brine and garlic.

σκοροδίξω, f. ἴσω: pf. pass. ἔσκορδισμαι: (σκόροδον):—to feed with garlic: to train game-cocks on garlic for fighting; ἔσκοροδισμένος primed with garlic.

σκοροδίδιον, τό, Dim. of σκόροδον: in pl. sprouts or stalks of garlic.

ΣΚΟΡΟΔΟΝ contr. σκόρδον, τό, garlic, Lat. allium; often mentioned with the onion (κρόμμυον), and leek (πράσον). Hence

σκοροδο-πανδοκευτῆ-αρτοποιίας, ιδος, ἡ, (σκόροδον, πανδοκεύτῃς ἀρτοποιίας) a garlic-breadselling-bossess.

ΣΚΟΡΠΙΖΩ, f. ἴσω, to scatter, disperse, spread abroad: to be lavish: cf. σκεδάννυμι.

ΣΚΟΡΠΙΟΣ, ἡ, a scorpion.

σκοταῖος, α, ον, (σκότος) dark, in the dark: before daybreak or after nightfall.

σκοτεινός, ἡ, όν, (σκότος) dark, dusky: in the dark, blind. II. metaph. dark, obscure:—Adv. -νῶς.

σκοτία, ἡ, (σκότος) darkness, gloom, dusk.

σκοτίζω, f. ἴσω, (σκότος) to make dark:—Pass. to be dark, darkened.

σκότιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (σκότος) dark, dusky: in the dark: of love, secret, stolen.

σκοτο-δασύ-πυκνό-θριξ, -τρήχος, δ, ἡ, (σκότος, δάσος, πυκνός, θρίξ) with dark rough thick hair.

σκοτο-δινέω, (σκότος, δίνος) to grow blind and dizzy, to have a dizziness or vertigo. Hence

σκοτοδινία, ἡ, dizziness, vertigo.

σκοτοδινιάω, = σκοτοδινέω.

σκοτο-εἰδής, ἐς, (σκότος, εἶδος) dark-looking.

σκοτῆεις, ἐσσα, εν, poet. for σκότιος, (σκότος) dark, gloomy.

σκοτό-μαινα, ἡ, Att. for σκοτομήνη.

σκοτο-μήνη, ἡ, (σκότος, μήνη) a moonless night

σκοτομήνιος, ον, (σκοτομήνη) moonless, dark.

ΣΚΟΤΟΣ, ον, δ, darkness, gloom: in Homer often of the darkness of death in the phrase, τὸν δὲ σκότος ὅσσε κάλυπεν: of blindness, σκότον βλέπειν to look on darkness, i.e. to be blind: metaph., σκότων κρύπτειν to hide in darkness.—The neut. form σκότος, eos, τό, also occurs, but rarely in Attic Greek. Hence

σκοτώω, f. ὥσω, to make dark darken, to blind.

σκοτάδης, ἐς, = σκοτοειδής.

σκύβαλον, τό, dung, filth, refuse. (Said to be derived from ἐς κύνας βαλεῖν.)

σκυβᾶναι, = σκύβομαι, to be angry with one.

ΣΚΥΤΟΜΑΙ, Dep. to be angry or wroth with one.

Σκύθαινα, ἡ, fem. of Σκύθης. [ῥ]

Σκύθης, ον, δ: voc. Σκύθα:—a Scythian: proverb., Σκυθῶν ἐρημία a Scythian wilderness.

1. as Adj. Scythian. II. at Athens, one of the city-guard, which was mostly composed of Scythian slaves. [ῥ] Hence

Σκύθῳ, f. ἴσω, to be or behave like a Scythian: to side with the Scythians.

2. to drink like a Scythian. 3. since the Scythians scalped their enemies, hence to shave the head.

Σκυθιστί, Adv. (Σκυθῳ) in the Scythian fashion, in the Scythian tongue.

Σκυθο-τοξότης, ον, δ, (Σκύθος, τοξότης) a Scythian Bowman.

σκυθράζω, f. ἄσω, (σκυθρός) to be angry or sullen.

ΣΚΥΘΡΟΣ, ἄ, όν, angry, sullen, gloomy.

σκυθρωπάω, f. ἄσω, (σκυθρός) to look angry or sullen, be of a sad countenance.

σκυθρ-ωπός, όν, also ἡ, όν, (σκυθρός, ὤψ) sullen, angry-looking: of a sad countenance. Adv. σκυθρ-ώπως ἔχειν to be of a sad countenance.

σκυλάκαινα, ἡ, fem. of σκύλας, a she-whelp.

σκυλάκευμα, atos, τό, a whelp, cub. From

σκυλάκειω, f. σω, (σκύλας) to bair dogs for breeding: generally, to breed dogs.

σκυλάκ-ώδης, ἐς, (σκύλας, εἶδος) like a young dog: neut. τὸ σκυλακώδες as Subst., the nature of puppies.

σκύλαξ, ἄκος, δ and ἡ, like σκύμνος, any young animal, esp. a young dog, a whelp, puppy.

σκύλευμα, atos, τό, plunder, booty, spoil. From

σκέλευω, f. σω, (σκέλυω) to strip or spoil a slain enemy of his arms, Lat. spoliare: c. acc. pers. et rei, Κύνων τεύχεα ἀπ' ὤμων σκελεύσαντες having stripped the arms of Cygnus from off his shoulders.

σκύλη-φόρος, ον, = σκυλοφόρος.

Σκύλλα or Σκύλλη, ἡ, *Scylla*, a female monster inhabiting a cavern in the Straits of Sicily, who *rended* her prey in pieces: (hence called Σκύλλα from σκύλλω.)

ΣΚΥΤΑΛΩ, aor. I ἔσκυλα:—properly to *flay*: generally, to *rend, mangle, tear*: metaph. to *trouble, annoy, Lat. vexare*. Hence

σκύλα, ατος, τό, a *piece plucked out*.

σκυλμός, δ (σκύλλω) a *rending, mangling*: metaph. *trouble*.

σκυλοδεψέω, f. ἦσω, to *tan hides*. From σκυλο-δέψης or -δέψος, ου, δ, (σκύλον, δέψω fut. of δέφα) a *tanner of hides*.

σκύλον, τό, (σκύλλω) mostly in plur. σκύλα, the *arms stript off a slain enemy, spoils*, Lat. *spolia*; σκύλα γράφειν to write one's name on *arms gained as spoils*: rarely in sing. *booty, spoil, prey*.

σκύλος [ῥ], eos, τό, (σκύλλω) the *skin of an animal, a lion's hide*.

σκυλο-φόρος, ου, (σκύλον, φέρω) *receiving the spoil*.

σκυλο-χάρης, ἐς, (σκύλον, χαρῆναι) *delighting in spoils or booty*.

ΣΚΥΜΝΟΣ, δ, like σκύλαξ, any *young animal*; but properly a *lion's whelp*. as σκύλαξ was a *dog's whelp, puppy*. Hence

σκυμνος, Dor. for σκύνουμος, acc. pl. of σκυμνος.

Σκύρος, ἡ, the *isle of Scyros*, one of the Sporades, not far from Euboea: Σκυρόθεν, Adv. from Scyros.

σκυτάλη [ᾱ], ἡ, (akin to εὔλω) a *stick, staff, cudgel*: at Sparta, a *staff*, used by way of a cipher for writing despatches: a strip of paper was rolled spirally round it, on which the despatches were written, so that when unrolled they were unintelligible: generals abroad had a similar staff, round which they rolled these papers, and so were able to read the despatches. Hence σκυτάλη meant a *Spartan despatch*, and metaph. a *message*.

σκυτάλιον, τό, Dim. of σκυτάλη, a *canoe*. [ᾱ]

σκυτάλις, ιδος, ἡ, Dim. of σκυτάλη.

σκυτάλην, τό, = σκυτάλη, a *cudgel, club*. [ῥ]

σκυτέος, ἑως, δ, (σκυτός) a *shoemaker, cobbler*.

σκυτεύω, f. σω, (σκυτέος) to be a *shoemaker*.

ΣΚΥΤΗ Dor. σκυτά, ἡ, the *neck*

σκυτίνος, η, ου, (σκυτός) *leathern, made of leather*; τδ σκυτίνον a *leathern ornament or appendage*.

σκυτός, τό, (σκυτός, whence Lat. *cutis*) a *skin, hide, esp. a dressed or tanned hide, leather*. II. any-

thing made of leather, a *whip, thong*.

σκυτοτομείον, τό, a *shoemaker's shop*. From

σκυτοτομέω, f. ἦσω, (σκυτοτόμος) to *cut leather for shoes, to be a shoemaker*.

σκυτοτομικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a *shoemaker*. From σκυτο-τόμος. ου, (σκυτον, τεμῖν) *cutting leather*:

as Subst., σκυτοτόμος, δ, a *worker in leather, shoemaker*

σκυτο-τρώγω, (σκυτον, τραγῆν) to *consume leather*.

σκύφος, ου, δ, and σκύφος, ἑος, τό, (akin to κύπελλον, κύπη) a *cup, beaker, can, flagon*.

σκοληκῶ-βρωτος, ου, (σκόληξ, βιβρώσκω) *eaten of worms, worm-eaten*.

ΣΚΩΛΗΞ, ηκος, δ, a *worm*, Lat. *lumbricus*.

ΣΚΩΛΟΣ, δ, a *pointed stake*: a *thorn, prickles*.

σκάμμα, ατος, τό, (σκάπτω) a *jest, joke, gibe, scoff*.

σκαμμάτιον, τό, Dim. of σκάμμα, a *petty joke*.

σκαμπόλης, ου, δ, (σκάπτω) a *mock, jester*.

ΣΚΩΠΤΩ, fut. σκώφομαι: aor. I ἔσκεψα: aor. I pass. ἔσκάφθην:—to *mock, jeer, scoff at, jest at*:—absol. to *jest, joke, be in fun*.

ΣΚΩΡ, τό, gen. σκάτος, *dung*.

σκάψ, δ, gen. σκαπτός, nom. pl. σκαπτες: (from σκέπτομαι, as κλώψ from κλέπω) a *kind of owl*.

σμάνος, Dor. for σμήνος; dat. pl. σμάνεσσι.

σμάραγδινος, η, ου, of *emerald*. From

ΣΜΑΡΑΓΔΟΣ or μάραγδος, δ and ἡ, Lat. *smaragdus*, a *precious stone of green colour*: prob. not the *emerald*.

ΣΜΑΡΑΓΓΕΩ, f. ἦσω, to *crash*: of the sea, to *roar*: of birds, to *scream*, etc. (Formed from the sound.)

Σμαράγος, δ, (σμαραγέω) a *brawling goblin*.

σμάω, f. σμήσω Dor. σμάσω: aor. I ἔσμησα: in the pres., the Att. contr. is σμῶ, σμῆς, σμῆ, inf. σμήν: (μάω):—to *smear, rub*: to *anoint*: Med., σμᾶσθαι τὴν κεφαλὴν to *anoint one's head*. 2. to *rub, wipe, wash off, cleanse*. Cp. σμήχω.

σμερδᾶλος, ἑα Ion. ἑῶν, terrible, *fearful, awful*:—neut. σμερδᾶλιον as Adv. *terribly*.

σμερδνός, ἡ, ὄν, = σμερδάλεος.

σμεῶ, Ion for σμάω.

σμηνο-δόκος, ου, (σμήνος, δέχομαι) *holding a swarm of bees*.

σμήνος, eos, τό, (from ἑσμός) a *bee-bive*. II. a *swarm of bees*: generally, a *swarm, crowd, throng*.

σμήχω, f. ἑω: aor. I pass. ἑσμήχην:—collat. form of σμάω, to *rub, wipe off or away*. 2. to *wipe clean*. See σμασ.

σμήκρο-, for words beginning thus, see μικρο-.

σμήκρος, ἄ, ὄν, Ion. and old Attic for μικρόν. [ῥ]

σμήκροτης, σμήκρυνος, γ. sub μικρ-.

σμήκρος, Adv. of σμήκρυνος, but little.

σμίλαξ, ἄκος, δ, = Att. μίλαξ, the *yew*, Lat. *taxus*.

σμίλευμα, ατος, τό, (σμίλευω) *carved work*: metaph., σμιλεύματα ἔργων *finely carved works*.

σμιλευτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of σμιλεύω, *carved*.

σμιλεύω, f. σω, to *cut out, carve finely*. From ΣΜΙΛΗ [ῥ], ἡ, a *knife for cutting or carving*, Lat. *scalprum*: a *graving tool, chisel*: generally, a *knife*.

Σμινθεύς, ἑως, δ, epith. of Apollo, from Σμίνθη a town in the Troad, the *Sminthian*.

σμίνθη, ἡ, a *two-pronged bos or mattock*, Lat. *bidens*.

σμήγερός, Adv. -ρᾶς, poet. for μογερός, -ρᾶς.

σμίγαι, aor. I inf. of σμύχω.

σμίρνα Ion. -νη, ἡ, (μύρρα) *myrrh*, the resinous gum of an Asabian tree, used for embalming the dead. Hence

σμυρναῖος, α, ον, of myrrb. II. Σμυρναῖος, α, ον, of Smyrna, an inhabitant of Smyrna.

σμυρνίζω, f. ἴσω, (σμύρνα) to flavour with myrrb. ΣΜΥΡΝΩ [ῥ], f. ξω: aor. I ἔσμυρνα: Pass., aor. I ἔσμυρην: pf. ἔσμυρμαι:—to burn in a smouldering fire, to make smoulder away: Pass. to smoulder away.

ΣΜΥΛΑΙΣ, σμώδιγγος, ἡ, a weal or swollen bruise caused by a blow, Lat. *vibex*.

σμήχω, f. ξω, = σμήχω, to rub: to rub to pieces, grind down.

σπαρδένουμαι, Dep. (σπαρρός) to stalk about in a haughty way, to strut pompously.

σπαρρο-βλέφαρος, ον, (σπαρρός, βλέφαρον) with haughty eyebrows, in pompous fashion.

σπαρρός, α, ον, (σπαρύνω) scaring people away: hence bustling, swaggering, pompous, haughty, insolent. 2. of things, stirring, bustling, violent.

σπαρύνω, f. ἴσω, to make the noise σού, σού (sboo! sboo!), to scare away birds: generally, to drive away, knock off. II. to excite, agitate. III. intr.

in Act. to walk in a pompous manner, to strut, swagger, bustle along.

σσί, dat. of σύ.

σσίτο, Ion. gen. masc. and neut. of σός.

σολοικία, ἡ, = σολοικισμός.

σολοικίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (σόλοικος) to speak or write incorrectly, commit a solecism; φωνῇ Σκυθικῇ σολοικίζειν to speak bad Scythian. Hence

σολοικισμός, ὁ, incorrectness in the use of language, an ungrammatical mode of speaking, a solecism.

σολοικιστής, οὗ, ὁ, (σολοικίω) one who speaks incorrectly, one who commits solecisms.

σόλοικος, ον, speaking incorrectly; using barbarisms or solecisms:—hence barbarous. II. metaph.

awkward, clumsy, offensive. (Derived from the corruption of the Attic dialect among the Athenian colonists of Σόλοι in Cilicia.)

ΣΟΛΟΣ, ὁ, a mass of iron used as a quoit, spherical in shape, and so distinguished from the flat round δίσκος.

σός, ἡ, ον, Ep. form of σώος, safe and sound in body, whole, unburt, Lat. *integer*.

σορο-πηγός, ὁ, (σορός, πήγνυμι) a coffin-maker.

ΣΟΡΟΣ, ἡ, a vessel or urn to hold the ashes of the dead: a coffin.

σός, ἡ, ον, possessive Adj. of the 2nd pers. pron. σύ, thy, thine, of thee, Lat. *tuus, tua, tuum*: also objective, σός πόντος regret for thee. Earlier Ep. and Dor form τεός, τεή (Dor. τεά), τέον.

σού, gen. of σύ; also of σός.

σού, σού, sboo! sboo! a cry to scare away birds.

Properly imperat. of σοῦμαι: see σοβέω.

σουδάριον, τό, the Lat. *sūdarium*, a napkin or cloth to wipe off sweat with.

σοῦμαι, contr. for σοόμαι, = σείω, σείομαι.

σοῦνεκα, by crasis for σου ἔνεκα, on thy account.

Σουνι-άρατος, ον, (Σούνιον, ἀράομαι) invoked or worshipped at Sunium.

Σουνάς, ἄδος, ἡ, of Sunium, epith. of Minerva, from her temple at Sunium.

Σουνι-εράκος, ὁ, (Σούνιον, ἑράξ) hawk of Sunium.

Σούνιον, τό, Sunium, the southern promontory of Attica.

σοῦσθαι, inf. of σοῦμαι: σοῦσθε, σοῦσθω, imperat. Σουσι-γενής, ἐς, (Σούσα, γενέσθαι) born at Susa.

σοῦσον, τό, the lily, Persian word:—hence Σούσα, τά, Susa, the royal city of the Persians, in the province of Susiana or Shushan: also Σούσιος, ὁ, a man of Susa: fem. Σούσις, ἰδος (sub. γυνή) a woman of Susa; or (sub. χώρα), the province of Susiana.

σοῦσιτί, by crasis for σοῖ ἐσιτί.

σοφία Ion. -τή, ἡ, (σοφός) cleverness or skill in art. 2. cleverness, skill, wisdom in common things, prudence: also cunning, shrewdness, craft. 3. perfect scientific knowledge, wisdom, philosophy.

σοφίζω, f. ἴσω, (σοφός) to make σοφός, to instruct, make wise or learned. II. Pass. to become or be wise: to be clever or skilled in a thing. 2. to play the sophist: to deal subtly or cunningly. 3. aor. I

inf. σοφισθῆναι in a strictly pass. sense, to be cleverly devised or contrived. II. σοφίζομαι, f. ἴσσομαι, pf. τεσοφίσμαι, as Dep.: to devise, contrive skilfully, shrewdly. 2. to deceive, beguile. Hence

σόφισμα, ατος, τό, any clever or cunning contrivance, a device, invention, trick: an artifice: also a stage-trick. 2. a captious argument, a quibble: so a person is called σόφισμ' ὄλον, a trick all over.

σοφιστεύω, to act as a sophist, give lectures. From σοφιστής, οὗ, ὁ, (σοφίζω) a master of one's craft, used of poets and musicians. 2. generally, one who is clever or shrewd in matters of life, a prudent man; so the seven Sages are called σοφισταί: hence a wise man, philosopher.

II. at Athens, one who professed to make men wise, a Professor of arts and sciences, a Sophist: from their extravagant assumptions they fell into disrepute, esp. from being attacked by Socrates and Plato, as also by Aristophanes: hence, 2. a sophist, quibbler, cheat.

σοφιστικός, ἡ, ον, (σοφιστής) of or for a sophist: τό σοφιστικόν the body of the sophists.

Σοφοκλῆς contr. -κλῆς; gen. -κλέους and -κλέος; acc. -κλέα: (σοφός, κλέος): Sophocles, the tragic Poet.

σοφό-νους, ον, contr. -νους, ον, (σοφός, νόος, νούς) clever, wise of mind.

ΣΟΦΟΣ, ἡ, ον, clever or skilful in any art, cunning in one's craft: esp. one who has natural abilities for anything: c. inf., σοφός λέγειν clever in speaking, etc. 2. clever in common matters, prudent, shrewd, cunning. 3. skilled in the sciences, learned, wise: hence ironically, abstruse. II. of things, cleverly devised, prudent, wise. Hence

σοφῶς, Adv. cleverly, wisely: Comp. -ώτερον σοφ.

-ώτατα. Hence

σοφ-ουργός, ον, (σοφός, *έργω) working skilfully.

σώω, Ep. for σώζω.

σπαδίξω, f. ξω, (σπάω) to draw off.

σπάδιξ [ᾱ], ἱκος, ἦ, (σπάω) a bough or branch torn off: a palm-branch, frond. 2. as Adj. of palm

colour, bay, Lat. spādix.

σπαδονίζω, f. σω, (σπάω) to tear in pieces. Hence σπαδόνισμα, ατος, τό, a tearing, rending.

σπάδων [ᾱ], σνος and σντος, ὁ, (σπάω) an eunuch, Lat. spado.

σπαθᾶω, f. ἦσω, (σπάθῃ) to strike down the woof with the σπάθῃ (q. v.); λαν σπαθᾶν to weave at a great rate, go fast, a phrase for throwing away money.

II. metaph. to weave, contrive, devise, Lat. texere: see ράπτω, ὑφαίνω.

ΣΠΑ'ΟΗ [ᾱ], ἦ, any broad blade: a broad flat piece of wood used by weavers, for striking the threads of the woof home, so as to make the web close. 2.

a spatula for stirring or mixing anything. 3. the stem of a palm-leaf. 4. a broadsword.

σπάδιον, τό, Dim. of σπάθῃ, a little spatula. [ᾱ]

ΣΠΑΓΓ'Ω, = ἀσπαίρω.

σπάκα, Persian for κνίνα.

σπαλεῖς, Aeol. for σταλεῖς, aor. 2 pass. part. of στέλλω.

σπανίξω, f. ἴσω, (σπάνις) of things, to be rare, scarce, few or scanty. 2. of persons, to lack or be in want of a thing: so also pf. pass. ἐσπάνισμα.

σπάνιος, α, ον, like σπανός, rare, few, scarce, scanty: —dat. fem. σπανία, as Adv. = σπάνιος. II. of persons, lacking, needy, in want.—Comp. and Sup. σπανιώτερος, —ώτατος. Hence

σπανιότης, ητος, ἦ, want, lack, need.

σπάνις, εως, ἦ, (σπάνος) of things, scarceness, rareness; οὐ σπάνις [ἐστί], c. inf., 'tis not hard to do a thing. II. of persons, lack, want, need, c. gen.

σπανιστός, ἦ, ὄν, (σπανίζω) of things, wanted, scarce, needed, lacking: hence poor, mean.

σπανίως, Adv. of σπάνιος, seldom: Comp. —ώτερον, Sup. —ώτατα.

ΣΠΑ'ΝΟΣ, ἦ, ὄν, of things, scarce, rare. II. of persons, in want of, lacking. [ᾱ]

σπάνω-σίτλια, ἦ, (σπανός, σῖτος) lack of corn or food. σπαράγμα, ατος, τό, (σπαράσσω) a piece torn off, a torn body, a shred. II. a rending, tearing.

σπαράγμος, ὁ, (σπαράσσω) a rending, tearing, mangling: II. a convulsion, spasm.

σπαράσσω Att. —ττω: f. ἔω: aor. I ἐσπάραξα; (σπάω):—to tear or rend in pieces, mangle, Lat. lacerare; Med., σπαράσσεσθαι κόμας to tear one's hair. 2. generally, to rend, cleave: metaph. to attack savagely.

σπαργάνζω, f. ἴσω, (σπάργανον) to swathe, wrap up. σπαργάνωτης, ου, ὁ, a child in swaddling-clothes. From

σπάργων, τό, (σπάργω) a swaddling or swathing band: in pl. swaddling-clothes; and so, in Trag., remembrances of one's childhood, tokens by which a person's extraction is discovered, Lat. monumenta, crepundia. Hence

σπαργάνω, f. ὥσω, to swathe in swaddling-clothes.

ΣΠΑΡΓ'Ω, f. ἦσω, to be full to bursting, to teem, swell, be ripe, Lat. turgere.

ΣΠΑ'ΡΤΩ, f. ἔω, to swathe in swaddling-clothes.

σπαρείς, σπαρήναι, aor. 2 pass. part. and inf. of σπαίρω.

σπαρνός, ἦ, ὄν, poet. for σπανός, σπανιος.

σπαρτή, ἦ, a rope made from the shrub σπάρτος.

Σπάρτη, ἦ, Sparta in Laconia:—Adv., Σπάρτηθεν from Sparta: Σπάρτηνδε to Sparta. Hence

Σπαρτιάτης [ᾱ], ου, ὁ, a Spartan: fem. Σπαρτιάτις, ιδος, (sub. γυνή), a Spartan woman: or (sub. χώρα) the Spartan land, Laconia. Adj. Σπαρτιατικός, ἦ, ὄν, Spartan.

σπαρτίον, τό, Dim. of σπάρτον, a small cord or rope.

σπάρτον, τό, a rope, cable; properly one made from the shrub σπάρτος.

σπαρτός, ἦ, ὄν, (σπαίρω) sown, scattered: metaph. begotten. II. at Thebes, Σπαρτοί, οἱ, the Sown-men, those who claimed descent from the dragon's teeth sown by Cadmus: hence Σπαρτοί generally = Θηβαῖοι.

ΣΠΑ'ΡΤΟΣ, ὁ and ἡ, spartum, a kind of broom, growing in Spain, used for making cords or ropes.

σπασθεῖς, εῖσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of σπάω

σπασσάμενος, Ep. for σπασ-, aor. I med. part. of σπάω.

σπασμός, ὁ, (σπάω) a convulsion, spasm. II. tension.

σπατάλᾶω, f. ἦσω, to live riotously. From

σπατάλη, ἦ, (σπαθῶν) wantonness, riot.

σπατάλημα, ατος, τό, (σπατάλη) = σπατάλη.

σπατάλιον or σπαθάλιον, τό, a kind of bracelet.

σπατάλης, ὄν, (σπατάλη) wanton, riotous.

σπατίλη [ῖ], ἦ, excrement, dung. (From σκατός, gen. of σκύρ, and τιλάω.)

ΣΠΑ'Ω, f. σπάσω [ᾱ]: aor. I ἔσπασα Ep. σπάσα: pf. ἔσπακα: Med., aor. I ἐσπασάμην Ep. σπασάμην, Ep. part. σπασσάμενος: Pass., aor. I ἐσπασθην: pf. ἔσπασμαι:—to draw, draw out or forth, of a sword, etc. II. to pluck off or out. 2. to tear, rend. 3. to tear or drag away: metaph. to draw or drag aside, pervert. III. to draw in, suck in: to drain, quaff. IV. to draw tight, pull the reins. 2. of angling, to pull up, catch; hence proverb., οὐκ ἔσπασε ταύτη γε 'be took nothing by his motion.' V. in Pass. to be wrenched, dislocated, of a bone.

σπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἔπω.

σπεῖο, Ep. for σπέο, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔποιμαι.

σπεῖος, τό, Ep. for σπέος.

ΣΠΕΓΓΑ, ἦ, Lat. spira, anything wound or wrapped round a thing. 2. in plur. the twisted folds or coils of a serpent (which Milton calls spires). 3. in pl. also, the twists or coils of a net. 4. σπειραι βύβειαι thongs or straps of ox-hide to strengthen the blow of the fist, the caestus. II. a body of soldiers, the Roman manipulus, = two centuries: but also a cohort.

σπείραμα, Dor. and Att. for σπείρημα.

σπείρεσκον, Ion. impf. of σπείρα.

σπείρηδόν, Adv. (σπείρα) in coils or spires.

σπείρημα, Dor. and Att.—ἀμα, ατος, τό, (σπείρα) a wreath folded round, a fold, coil, spire.

σπείριον, τό, a light, thin garment: Dim. of

σπείρον, τό, (σπείρα) a cloth for wrapping about, a wrapper, cloth, garment. 2. sail-cloth, canvas.

σπείρο-οἶχος, ὁ, (σπείρα, ἔχω) containing a spiral figure or a circle, circular.

ΣΠΕΙΡΩ, f. σπερῶ: aor. I ἔσπειρα: Pass., aor. 2 ἐσπάρην [ᾱ]: pf. ἔσπαρμαι:—to sow: I. to sow seed or grain. 2. to sow or plant a field; ἡ σπειρομένη ἀγυρτος the arable part of Egypt: πόντον σπείρειν to sow the sea, proverb. of lost labour, like Lat. *serere arenam*.

II. metaph. to engender or beget children:—Pass. to spring to light, or be born. III. to scatter like seed, fling, throw about: to spread a report:—Pass. to be scattered or dispersed.

σπείσαι, σπείσας, aor. I inf. and part. of σπένδω.

σπείσασκε, Ion. 3 sing. aor. I of σπένδω.

σπείσω, fut. of σπένδω.

σπεκουλάτωρ, opos, ὁ, the Lat. *speculātor*, a guard.

ΣΠΕΥΝΔΩ, f. σπείσω: aor. I ἔσπεισα Ep. σπείσα:

Pass., aor. I ἔσπεισθην: pf. ἔσπεισμαι:—there are also Ion. forms of the impf. and aor. I σπένδωσκε, σπείσασκε, and an Ep. 2 sing. pres. subj. σπένδουθα:—to pour out or offer a drink-offering to a god before drinking wine, Lat. *libare*, mostly with dat. of the god to whom the libation was made, σπένδειν-θεοῖς, Διί, etc.—The religious sense was not always retained, and sometimes it means simply to pour: to sprinkle. II. Med., f. σπείσομαι: pf. ἔσπεισμαι (which is also used in pass. sense):—to pour libations one with another, and since this was the custom in making treaties, to make a treaty, make peace: also absol. to make a treaty: c. acc., σπείσασθαι εἰρήνην to conclude a formal peace; σπείσασθαι ἀναίρεσιν τῶν νεκρῶν to make a truce so as to allow of taking up the dead.

ΣΠΕΥΟΣ, τό; Ep. forms: nom. σπεῖος, gen. σπείους, dat. σπῆϊ, gen. pl. σπείων, dat. σπέσσι and σπῆεσι:—Lat. *SPECUS*, a cave, cavern, grot. σπέρμα, ατος, τό, (σπείρω) that which is sown, seed, the seed or germ of anything; in plur. seeds. 2. also of animals, seed, Lat. *semen*. II. metaph. seed, offspring, issue: also origin, descent, family.

σπερμ-ἀγοραῖο-λέκιθο-λάχανο-πῶλις, ἰδος, ἡ, (σπέρμα, ἀγοραῖος, λέκιθος, λάχανον, πωλέομαι) a green-grocery market-woman.

σπερμαῖον, (σπέρμα) to sow: metaph. to beget.

σπερμολόγῳ, f. ἡσω, (σπερμολόγος) to pick up seeds: to babble. Hence

σπερμολογία, ἡ, babbling, gossip.

σπερμο-λόγος, ον, (σπέρμα, λέγω) picking up seeds. II. as Subst., σπερμολόγος, ὁ, a crow that picks up seeds, rook. 2. metaph. one who picks up scraps of knowledge, an idle babbler.

σπερμο-φόρος, ον, (σπέρμα, φέρω) bearing seed.

Σπερχεῖος, ὁ, the *Spercheios* or *Spercheüs*, a river of Thessaly, the *Rapid* (from σπέρχω).

σπερχνός, ἡ, ὄν, (σπέρχω) basty, rapid: generally, basty, hot, violent.

ΣΠΕΡΧΩ, f. φω: aor. I pass. ἐσπέρχθην:—to drive, hasten, hurry on:—Pass. to move rapidly or hastily, to baste; σπέρχεσθαι ἐρετμοῖς to ply rapidly with oars:—pres. pass. part. σπερχόμενος is used as Adj., basty, rapid; of the mind, eager, vehement:—of temper, to be basty, hot; σπέρχεσθαι τινι to be angry with one. II. intr. in Act. = Pass., to rush or be driven rapidly.

σπέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἔσποιμαι, as σχέσθαι of ἔχομαι.

σπέσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of σπέος.

ΣΠΕΤΔΩ, f. σπεύσω: aor. I ἔσπεισα, Ep. subj. I pl. σπείσομεν (for-ωμεν): pf. pass. ἔσπεισμαι: I. trans. to urge on, press on, baste, quicken: also to seek eagerly, strive after: to promote or further zealously, to advance or forward a thing. II. intr.

to press on, hasten: to exert oneself, strive eagerly: to be eager or anxious to do a thing: also in Med. to baste, hurry.

σπευδόμενος, Dor. I plur. pres. subj. of σπεύδω.

σπευστέον, verb. Adj. of σπεύδω, one must hasten.

σπῆεσι, Ep. dat. pl. of σπέος.

σπῆϊ, Ep. dat. sing. of σπέος.

σπήλαιον, τό, (σπέος) a grotto, cave, pit, Lat. *spe-laeum*.

σπήλυγξ, υγγος, ἡ, (σπέος) = σπήλαιον, Lat. *spe-lunca*.

ΣΠΗΔΗΨ, ἐς gen. ἐός, only in Il. 11. 754, διὰ σπιδέος πεδίοιο through the far-stretched, broad plain.

ΣΠΗΖΩ, to pipe, chirp, of the shrill note of small birds, Lat. *pipio*.

ΣΠΗΘΑΜΗ, ἡ, the space one can span between the thumb and little finger, a span, Lat. *dodrans*:—as a measure, about $7\frac{1}{2}$ inches.

ΣΠΗΛΑΣ, ἄδος, ἡ, a rock or crag against which the sea dashes:—generally, a stone: a hollow rock, cave.

ΣΠΗΛΟΣ, ὁ, a stain, spot: metaph. a stain, blemish. Hence

σπιλδω, f. ὦσω: pf. pass. ἐσπίλωμαι:—to stain, spot, contaminate.

σπινθάρυγξ, ιγγος, ἡ, and σπινθάρης, ἰδος, ἡ, = σπινθάρ, a spark.

ΣΠΙΝΘΗΡ, ἦρος, ὁ, a spark, Lat. *scintilla*.

σπίνος [ῖ], ὁ, (σπίζω) a small bird, so called from its shrill piping note, commonly eaten at Athens, a kind of finch.

σπλαγχνέω, f. σω, (σπλάγχνα) to eat the inwards or flesh of a victim after a sacrifice.

σπλαγχνίζομαι, f. -ισθήσομαι: aor. I ἔσπλαγχνίσθην: Dep.: (σπλάγχνον):—to feel bowels of pity, have pity, compassion or mercy. Hence

σπλαγχνισμός, ὁ, a feeding the inwards of a victim, Dat. *visceratio*. II. compassion.

·σπλάγγχον· τό:—mostly in plur. σπλάγγχνα, τά, Lat. *viscera*, the inward parts, inwards, esp. the heart, lungs, and liver, and such inward parts as are fit for eating. 2. a sacrificial feast, Lat. *visceratio*. 3. any of the inward parts, the bowels, also the womb. 4. metaph. the heart, the seat of the feelings: as also in sing., ἀνδρὸς σπλάγγχον ἐκμαθεῖν to learn a man's inward nature.

ΣΠΛΑΓ'Ν, ὁ, gen. σπληνός, the *milt*, spleen.

σπογγία, ἡ, = σπόγγος, a *sponge*, Lat. *spongia*.

σπογγίζω, f. ἴσω, (σπόγγος) to wipe with a sponge.

σπογγιον, τό, Dim. of σπόγγος, a small piece of sponge.

ΣΠΟΙΤΤΟΣ Att. σφόγγος, ὁ, a *sponge*.

σποδιά ἡ, Lacon. for σπονδή.

σποδ-ευνής, ἐς, (σποδός, εὐνή) sleeping on asbes.

σποδέω, f. ἴσω, (σποδός) to beat off a or dust, to dust: hence to knock, smite, beat: Pass., ποδοῦμενος νιφάδι πέλλει by the storm; σποδοῦμενος πρὸς πέτρας dashed against the rocks; absol., στρατὸς κακῶς σποδοῦμενος an army handled roughly. II. to eat greedily, devour, gulp down.

σποδιά Ion. -νή, ἡ, (σποδός) a heap of asbes: asbes.

σποδίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (σποδός) to roast or bake in the asbes. II. to burn to asbes.

ΣΠΟΔ'ΟΣ, ἡ, asbes: wood-asbes, embers; the asbes of the dead. II. dust. III. metaph., σποδὸς κυλικῶν a soaker of cups, i. e. a drunkard. Hence

σποδῶ, f. ὠσω, to burn to asbes:—Med. to strew with asbes.

σπολάς, ἄδος, ἡ, a leathern garment, buff jerkin. (For σπολάς, from στέλλω.)

σπόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of ἔπομαι

σπονδ-αρχία, ἡ, = σπονδῆς ἀρχή, the beginning of the drink-offering or libation, the right of beginning it.

σπονδαίος, α, ον, (σπονδή) of, belonging to a drink-offering or libation. II. σπονδαίος (sub. ποῦς),

ὁ, in metre, a spondee, a foot consisting of two long syllables, as τμήη, so called because at σπονδαὶ slow solemn melodies were used.

σπονδή, ἡ, (σπένδω) a drink-offering, libation, the wine which was poured out to the gods before drinking, Lat. *libatio*: the libation made in concluding treaties of peace, covenants, etc. 2. in plur. σπονδαί, αἱ, a solemn treaty or truce, because such treaties were made with libations; σπονδαὶ ἀκρητοὶ a truce made by pouring unmixed wine; σπονδὰς τέμνειν (like ἔρκια τέμνειν) to conclude a treaty.

σπονδο-φόρος, ον, (σπονδῆ, φέρω) bringing drink-offerings: as Subst., σπονδοφόρος, ὁ, one who brings proposals for a truce or treaty of peace. II. a

herald or officer who published the sacred truce of the Olympic and other games.

σπονδύλη, ἡ, Att. σφονδύλη, q. v. [v]

σπορά, ἡ, (σπείρω) a sowing: a begetting of children: generation, birth. 2. seedtime. II.

the seed sows. 2. that which is born, seed, off-

spring, issue: in plur. young ones; θηλὴ σπορά the female race.

σποράδην, Adv. (σποράς, σπείρω) spread or scattered about, Lat. *passim*. [d]

σποράς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σπείρω) scattered, spread about: αἱ Σποράδες (sub. νήσοι) the group of islands off the west coast of Asia Minor.

σπορεύς, εὖς, ὁ, (σπορά) a sower.

σπορητός, ὁ, (σπορά) a sown field, corn-field: a crop. 2. a sowing.—See ἀρητὸς.

σπόριμος, ον, (σπείρω) sown, fit for sowing: τὰ σπόριμα the corn-fields: μέτρων σπόριμον a measure of seed-corn.

σπόρος, ὁ, (σπείρω) a sowing. 2. seed-time. II. seed, produce, a crop.

σπού, in Scythian, an eye.

σπουδάξω, f. -άσομαι: aor. I ἔσπουδασα: pf. ἔσπουδασκα: Pass., aor. I ἔσπουδάσθην: pf. ἔσπουδασμαι:

(σπονδή): I. intr. to make haste, to be busy, zealous or earnest: absol. to speak seriously, to be serious or earnest. II. trans. to do hastily or earnestly: to pursue or follow up zealously:—Pass.

to be earnestly or zealously pursued.

σπουδαιολογέω, f. ἴσω, to speak seriously, talk on serious subjects:—Pass. to be treated or discussed seriously. From

σπουδαιο-λόγος, ον, (σπουδαῖος λέγω) speaking seriously.

σπουδαῖος, α, ον, (σπονδή): I. of persons, busy, zealous, in earnest, serious. 2. good, excellent. II.

of things, serious, grave, earnest, weighty: generally, excellent; σπουδαῖος ἐς εὖνιν goodly, comely to look on.—Comp. and Sup. σπουδαιότερος, -ότατος:—also irreg. Comp. and Sup. σπουδαιέστερος, -έστατος.

Hence

σπουδαῖως, Adv. seriously, earnestly, carefully:—Comp. σπουδαιότερον, Sup. σπουδαιότατα.

σπονδ-ἀρχης, ον, ὁ, (σπονδή, ἀρχή) one who canvasses eagerly for offices of state, a placeman. Hence

σπονδ-αρχίδης, ον, ὁ, a comic Patronymic of σπονδ-ἀρχης, Son of a Placeman, a mock prop. n.

σπουδάσας, ατος, τό, (σπουδάξω) a thing eagerly pursued, a study.

σπουδαστέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of σπουδάξω, to be sought for zealously. II. σπουδαστέον, one must be anxious, be in earnest.

σπουδαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (σπουδάξω) a zealous supporter.

σπουδή, ἡ, (σπένδω) haste, speed, eagerness; σπουδῇ in haste, hastily; so also, διὰ σπουδῆς, κατὰ σπουδῇ.

II. zeal, pains, earnestness; σπονδῆς ἄξιος worth pains: dat. σπονδῇ as Adv. with great trouble, i. e. scarcely, hardly.

2. σπονδαὶ in plur. heart-burnings, rivalries. III. earnestness, seriousness; ἀπὸ σπουδῆς, μετὰ σπουδῆς, or σπουδῇ, in earnest, seriously.

IV. zeal, regard for a person; κατὰ σπουδὰς through regard of persons, through party influence.

σπυρίδιον, τό. Dim. αἱ σπυρί, a band-basket. [r]

σπυρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (σπείρα) a round plaited basket: a fish-basket.

στάγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of στάζω.

στάγμα, ατος, τό, (στάζω) a drop, a liquid; στάγμα της ἀνθεμουργοῦ, periph. for honey.

στάζων, ὄνος, ἡ, (στάζω) a drop.

στάδαιος, α, ον, (στάδην) standing erect or upright;

ἔγχρη σταδαία spears for close fight.

στάδην, Adv. (ἵστημι) in a standing posture, upright. [ἀ]

στάδιοδραμοῦμαι, irreg. fut. of

στάδιοδρομέω, to run in the stadium, run a race. From

στάδιο-δρόμος, ον, (στάδιν, δραμεῖν) running in the stadium, running for a prize.

στάδιον [ἀ], τό: in plur. στάδιοι, οἱ, or στάδια, τά:—a fixed standard of length, a stade, = 100 ὀργυαίαι, i.e. 600 Greek or 606½ English feet, about ⅓ of a Roman mile; ἑκατὸν σταδίοισιν ἄριστος, 'a hundred miles best'; so, πλεὺν ἢ σταδίῳ λαλίστερος more talkative by a mile and more. II. a race-course, because that of Olympia was exactly a stade long: hence, ἀγωνίζεσθαι στάδιον to run a race; στάδιον νικῶν to win a race; ἐξήλινον στάδιον, a kind of chess-board.

στάδιος [ἀ], α, ον, (ἵστημι) standing firm, standing fast: στάδι ὑμῖν ἡ close fight, a battle fought hand to hand, Lat. pugna stataria.

ΣΤΑΪΖΩ, fut. στάζω: aor. ἔσταξα Ep. στάξα: I. trans. to let drop, to fall drop by drop, distil. II. intrans. to drop, fall in drops, drip; στάζειν χεῖρας αἵματι to have one's hands dripping or reeking with blood; στάζειν κἀρὰ ἰδρωτί to have one's head dripping with sweat. 2. to fall off, e.g. of ripe fruit.

στάθεν, Aeol. for ἐστάθησαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of ἵστημι:—but σταθέν, aor. 1 pass. part. neut. [ἀ]

στάθερός, α ἰον. ἡ, ὄν, (ἵστημι) standing fast, fixed, steady: of liquids, congealed: also calm, still, of the sea; σταθερὰ μεσημβρία high noon, when the sun seems to stand still in the meridian:—ἡ σταθερά (sub. γῆ), the solid earth.

στάθεινός, ἡ ὄν, scorched, burnt, fried. From

στάθειν, f. σῶ, (σταθερός) to scorch, burn, roast, fry.

στάθισομαι, fut. pass. of ἵστημι.

στάθι, Dor. for στῆθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἵστημι.

σταθμάω, f. ἥσω, (στάθμη):—to measure by rule:

Pass., with fut. med. in pass. sense σταθμήσομαι, to be measured. II. σταθμάομαι, f. ἥσομαι: aor. 1 ἐσταθμῆσαμην: Dep.:—to measure, prove by rule: hence to calculate, estimate. 2. metaph. to measure, estimate, judge of a thing.

στάθμη, ἡ, (ἵστημι) a carpenter's line or rule:—proverb., παρὰ στάθμην along the rule, by rule, straight, Lat. ad amussim; also in bad sense, beside the rule, wrongly:—κατὰ στάθμην νοεῖν to guess aright. II. like γραμμή, the line which bounds the race-course, the goal. III. metaph. order, law, Lat. norma.

σταθμόνδε, Adv. to the standing-place, to the stall: homewards. From

σταθμός, ὁ, with irreg. pl. σταθμά, τά, but also σταθμοί, οἱ: (ἵσταμαι):—a standing-place, of farm-yard buildings, a stable, stall, fold, like Lat. stabulum from stare: generally, a dwelling, abode. 2. quarters, lodgings for travellers or soldiers, Lat. statio:—in Persia, σταθμοί were stations or stages on the royal road, where the king rested in travelling. 3. generally, a day's journey, day's march, mostly about 5 parasangs or 15 miles.

II. an upright standing-post, the bearing pillar of the roof, the roof-tree; also the door-posts.

III. a balance, pair of scales: also, weight by the balance; σταθμὸν ἔχειν τάλαντον to be a talent in weight; absol. σταθμὸν διτάλαντα two talents in or by weight.

σταθμόω, f. ὠώω, (σταθμός) to bring to the scale. II. Med., esp. in aor. ἔσταθμώσαμην, to conjecture, conclude or infer by or from a thing.

σταῖην, ης, η, aor. 2 opt. of ἵστημι.

σταῖεν, σταῖτε, σταῖεν, Att. for σταλήμεν, σταλήτε, σταλήσαν, aor. 2 opt. plur. of ἵστημι.

ΣΤΑΙΞ or σταῖς, τό, gen. σταίτος, wheaten flour mixed and made into dough. Hence

σταίτινος, η, ον, of wheaten flour or dough.

στακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (στάζω) oozing out in drops, trickling, dripping.

στάλα, ἡ, Dor. for στήλη.

στάλαγμα, ατος, τό, (σταλάζω) that which drops, a drop. [στά]

στάλαγμος, ὁ, (σταλάζω) a dripping, dripping: also = στάλαγμα, a drop.

σταλάσσω, f. ῥω, and σταλάω, to fall in drops, drop, drip. II. trans. to let fall in drops, let drop, let fall.

στάληναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of στέλλω.

στάλις, ἴδος, ἡ, Dor. στάλιξ, (ἵστημι) anything set up: a pole or stake to which nets were fastened.

σταλ-ουργός, ὄν, Dor. for στήλη-, (στήλη, ἔργον) marked, furnished with a gravestone.

*σταμῖν or σταμίς, ἴνος, ἡ, only found in Ep. dat. pl. σταμίνεσι: (ἵστημι): anything set upright: in plur. the ribs of a ship standing up from the keel, Lat. statumina; ἱκία ἀρῶν θαμέσι σταμίνεσι having fitted planks to the close-set ribs.

σταμῖνον, τό, Dim. of στάμνος, a wine-stoup.

στάμνος, ὁ, also ἡ, (ἵστημι) an earthen jar or bottle for racking off wine, a jar, vase.

στάν, Aeol. for ἔσαν, ἔστησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ἵστημι. 2. aor. 2 part. neut. of ἵστημι.

σταξεύμεν, Dor. for στάφομεν, fut. of στάζω.

στάξις, εως, ἡ, (στάζω) a dripping.

στάς, στάσας, στάς, aor. 2 part. of ἵστημι.

στάσιάζω, f. ἄσω, (στάσις) intr. to rebel, revolt, rise in rebellion, τινί against one: generally, to quarrel, dispute; στασιάζειν μετὰ τινος to side with one against another: of states, to be divided into factions, be distracted by party strife.

στάσι-αρχος, ὁ, (στάσις, ἀρχω) the chief of a band or company: the head of a faction, leader of a seditious party.

στάσιασμός, ὁ, (στασιάζω) a raising of sedition.
στάσιαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (στασιάζω) seditious.
στάσιμος, ὄν, (στάσις) standing, stationary, stable, steady, fixed. 2. **στάσιμον**, τό, in Tragedy, a continuous song of the Chorus.

στάσις [ᾱ], εὖς, ἡ, (ἵσταμαι) a standing, the posture of standing. 2. a position, post, station: a point of the compass, as, **στάσις τοῦ νότου**, τῆς μεσημβρίας. 3. the state or condition in which a person is, Lat. status. II. a party, company: esp. a party formed for political purposes, a faction, party. 2. sedition, faction.

στάσι-ώδης, ἐς, (στάσις, ἔϊδος) seditious.
στάσι-ῶρον, τό, = στάσις ἐν ὄρει, a mountain-fold; but better **στασι-ῶρος**, ὁ, (στάσις, ὥρα) watcher of the station or fold.

στασιώτης, ὄν, ὁ, (στάσις II) one of a party or faction, a partisan: in plur. the members of a party or faction in a state, partisans, conspirators. Hence **στάσιωτικός**, ἡ, ὄν, inclined to faction, seditious.

στάσις, Ion. for ἔστη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἵστημι.
στασιῶ, Dor. for στήσω, fut. of ἵστημι.

στάτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἵστημι) any weight. II. a coin of a certain weight, a stater, at Athens of silver, called also **τετραδραχμος**, worth about 3s. 3d. 2. later; a gold stater was current at Athens, worth 20 Att. drachmae, = 16s. 3d.: the oldest were struck by Croesus in Lydia: Darius Hystaspis struck them of very pure gold, called from him **Darics**, **στατήρες Δαρείκοι**, worth about 1l. 1s. 10d.

στατήριον, poet. for ἵστημι, to place: Pass. ἵσταμαι, to stand. II. intr. also in Act., to stand.

στατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἵστημι) causing to stand. II. skilled in weighing: ἡ **στατική** (sub. τέχνη), Statics, the science which treats of the properties of bodies at rest, opp. to Dynamics.

στατός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἵστημι, placed, standing; **στατός ἵππος** a stalled or stall-fed horse; **στατὸν ὕδωρ** standing water.

σταυ, see Σ, σ.
σταυρός, ὁ, (ἵστημι) an upright pale, stake or pole; in plur. a palisade. II. the Cross.

σταυρο-φάνης, ἐς, (σταυρός, φανῆναι) appearing like a cross. Adv. -ῶνς.

σταυρο-φόρος, ὄν, (σταυρός, φέρω) bearing the cross.

σταυρώω, ἑ-ἔσσω, (σταυρός) to fence by driving in pales, to make a palisade round a place. II. to crucify. Hence

σταυρώμα, ἀτος, τό, a place fenced with a palisade: a palisade, stockade, Lat. vallum.

σταυρώσις, ἡ (σταυρώω) a palisading. II. crucifixion.

στάφλις, ἴδος, ἡ, a dried grape, raisin, also ἀσταφίς. (Akin to σταφυλή.)

ΣΤΑΦΥΛΗ, ἡ, a bunch of grapes. II. παροκ., σταφυλή, the plummet of a carpenter's level, the level itself; ἵπποι σταφυλή ἐπὶ νύκτον ἕϊσιν horses matched in height by the level.

στάφυλῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, = σταφυλή, a bunch of grapes.
εἰσάφυλο-κλοπίης, ὄν, ὁ, (σταφυλή, κλοπή) a grape-stealer.

στάχυ-τόμος, ὄν, (στάχυς, τεμῆν) cutting ears of corn, reaping.

στάχυ-τρόφος, ὄν, (σταχυς, τρέφω) nourishing ears of corn.

στάχυ-φόρος, ὄν, (στάχυς, φέρω) bearing ears of corn.

στάχυ-μήτηρ, ὄρος, ἡ, (στάχυς, μήτηρ) mother of ears of corn.

στάχυ-θρίξ, -τρίχους, ὁ, ἡ, (στάχυς, θρίξ) with leaves like ears of corn.

στάχυο-στέφανος, ὄν, (στάχυς, στέφανος) crowned with ears of corn.

ΣΤΑΧΥΣ, υος, ὁ: pl. nom. and acc. **στάχυες**, -ας, contr. **στάχυς**:—an ear of corn, Lat. spica. II. generally, a plant: metaph. a scion, child. [σ-]

στιάρ, τό, gen. **στιάτος** [as trochee], contr. **στήρ**, **στητός**: (ἵστημι):—bald fat, tallow, suet, Lat. sebum, sebum; opp. to **πυμελή** soft fat, Lat. adeps.

στεγάζω, f. ἄσω, = στέγω, to cover, protect:—Pass. to be covered; of a ship, to be decked.

στεγάνη, ἡ, (στεγανός) a covering. [ᾱ]

στεγανός, ἡ, ὄν, (στέγω) covered, sheathed: roofed over. 2. close-covered or close-covering, waterproof.

II. covering: confining, enclosing. Hence

στεγανῶς, Adv. closely, through a covered or confined passage: Comp. **στεγανώτερον**, more closely.

στέγ-αρχος, ὁ, (στέγη, ἀρχω) master of the house

στέγασμα, ἀτος, τό, (στέγανω) anything which covers or shelters, a covering, roof, Lat. tectum.

στεγαστέον, verb. Adj. of στέγανω, one must cover.

στεγαστρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (στεγανώ) fem Adj. that covers or serves for covering.

στέγαστρον, τό, (στέγανω) a cover, wrapper.

στέγη, ἡ, (στέγω) a roof, Lat. tectum. II. a covered place, a chamber, room: a tent. 2. in plur., like Lat. tecta, a house, dwelling, abode; **κατὰ στέγας** at home.

στεγνός, ἡ, ὄν, contr. from **στεγανός**, covered, close, water-tight.

στεγνο-φυής, ἐς, (στεγνός, φυή) of a thick nature.

στέγος, εὖς, τό, = στέγη, a roof: a house. 2. an urn for the dead.

ΣΤΕΤΩ, f. ἔω, to cover closely, so as to keep out wet: absol., **νῆες οὐδὲν στέγουσαι** ships not water-tight. 2. generally, to keep off, fend off:—Med.,

στέγεσθαι ὁμῶς to keep off rain from oneself II. to cover, shelter, protect: to contain, hold. 2. to bide, to keep secret:—Pass. to be kept secret. III. to hold water; **τὸ μὴ στέγον** a leaky vessel. IV. metaph. to sustain, bear, endure.

ΣΤΕΙΒΩ, fut. **στείβω**: aor. 2 **ἔστιβον**:—to tread, tread on, tread under foot; **στείβων ἐν βόθροις** ἐμάτα they trod on the clothes in pits, to wash

them. 2. c. acc. cognato, *to tread, walk*; χορὸν *στειβεῖν* *to tread a measure, dance*; *to tread, walk on a road, etc.*—Med. *to go upon any one's track, to trace or hunt out.*

ΣΤΕΙΛΑ, Ep. for ἔστειλα, aor. I of στέλλω.

ΣΤΕΙΛΕΑ Ἰον. —εἷη, ἡ, (στέλλω) *the bole for the handle of an axe.* Hence

ΣΤΕΙΛΕΩΝ, τό, *the handle or bevel of an axe fitted into the stelaia.*

ΣΤΕΙΝ-ΑΥΧΗΝ, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (στενός Ἰον. for στενός, αὐχὴν) *narrow-necked.*

ΣΤΕΙΝΟ-ΠΟΡΟΣ, ον, Ἰον. for στενὸ-πορος.

ΣΤΕΙΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, Ἰον. for στενός, *narrow.*

ΣΤΕΙΝΟΣ, εος, τό, (στείνω) *a narrow, close or confined space, a strait*: στείνεις ὁδοῦ *a narrow part of the way, a pass.* II. metaph. *press, straits, distress*, Lat. *angustiae.*

ΣΤΕΙΝΩ, (στείνω) Ἰον. for στενών, = στείνω.

ΣΤΕΙΝΩ, (στείνω) *to make strait, narrow or close; to straiten*:—Pass. *to become strait, to be narrowed; to be straitened for room.* 2. *to be full, be thronged.* 3. metaph. *to be straitened, hard pressed, distressed.*

ΣΤΕΙΝ-ΩΠΟΣ, Ἰον. for στενωπός.

ΣΤΕΙΟΜΕΝ, Ep. for στῶμεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.

ΣΤΕΙΡΑ Ἰον. —ρη, ἡ, (στεῖρος) *the stout beam of a ship's keel, the cutwater*, Lat. *carina.*

ΣΤΕΙΡΑ, ἡ, pecul. fem. of στεῖρος, *barren.*

ΣΤΕΙΡΟΣ, α, ον, also ος, ον, (στερρός, στερεός) *barren, Lat. sterilis.*

ΣΤΕΙΛΩ, f. στείλω: aor. I ἔστειλα: aor. 2 ἐστήχον:—*to walk, go or come: to approach: to go in line or order, to march.* 2. sometimes c. acc. cognato,

σείχειν ὁδὸν *to go a journey*; also, ἀνὴρ ὀπλιτῆς κλίμακος προσαμβάσεις στείχει *an armed man advances scaling-ladders.*

ΣΤΕΙΩ, Ep. for στῶ, aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.

ΣΤΕΙΛΩΝ, εἷη, ἡ, = στείλει ἡ.

ΣΤΕΙΛΕΩΝ, τό, = στείλειον, *a banane.* Hence

ΣΤΕΙΛΕΩ, f. ὥσω, *to fit with a bandl or baft.*

ΣΤΕΙΛΕΧΗ-ΤΟΜΟΣ, ον, (στέλεχος, ἡμεῖν) *cutting stems or trunks.*

ΣΤΕΛΑΙΟΣ, τό, *the crown of the root whence the trunk springs, the stump*, Lat. *codex*: generally, *a trunk, log*, Lat. *fustis* Hence

ΣΤΕΙΛΕΩ, f. ὥσω, *to form a stem, to shoot out with.*

ΣΤΕΛΛΙΔΙΟΝ, τό, Dim. of στελεών.

ΣΤΕΛΩ fut. στέλω Ep. στέλω: aor. I ἔστειλα: pf. ἔσταλκα: Pass., aor. 2 ἐστάλην [ᾶ]: pf. ἔσταλμα: pl. pf. ἐστάλην:—*to set in order, arrange, array*: *to furnish, equip, get ready*: of a ship, *to rig or fit out*; στόλον στέλαι *to fit out an armament*:—Med., *στείλασθαι* *to equip oneself, to put on clothes*:—Pass. *to fit oneself out, get ready, prepare*: also *to be dressed, decked.* II. *to despatch on an expedition, to despatch, send*: Pass. *to get ready for an expedition, start, set off*: hence *to go, depart, travel.* 2. intr. in Act. *to start, set forth.* III.

to fetch, bring, conduct a person to a place:—so in Med. sometimes, στέλλεσθαι τινα *to send for one.* IV. as a nautical term, ἱστία στέλλειν *to take in sail, shorten sail*: generally, *to contract, draw in, withhold*: Med. *to avoid.*

ΣΤΕΛΜΩΝΙΑ, αἱ, (τελαμών) *broad belts or girths, put round dogs when used to hunt wild beasts.*

ΣΤΕΜΜΑ, ατος, τό, (στέφω) *anything to crown with, a wreath, garland, chaplet, from wool being chiefly used, it came to mean the wool itself*: in plur. στέμματα, τά, *a sbrine decked with chaplets.*

ΣΤΕΜΜΑΤΩΣ, f. ὥσω, (στέμμα) *to furnish, adorn with a wreath or chaplet.*

ΣΤΕΜΦΥΛΟΝ, τό, mostly used in plur. στέμφυλα, (στέμβω = στείβω) *olives already pressed, the mass of pressed olives, oil-cake.*

ΣΤΕΝΑΓΜΑ, ατος, τό, (στενάζω) *a groan, moaning.*

ΣΤΕΝΑΓΜΟΣ, ὁ, (στενάχω) *a groaning, moaning.*

ΣΤΕΝΑΪΩ, f. ᾶω, Frequentat. of στένω, *to sigh much or deeply, to groan, moan.* II. trans. *to bemoan, bewail.* Hence

ΣΤΕΝΑΚΤΕΩΝ, verb. Adj. *one must groan.*

ΣΤΕΝΑΚΤΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, (στενάζω) *to be sighed for, to be mourned*: *mournful.*

ΣΤΕΙΝ-ΑΥΧΗΝ, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (στενός, αὐχὴν) *narrow-necked.*

ΣΤΕΝΑΧΙΩ, f. ἰώω, = στενάχω, *to sigh, groan, moan.* II. trans. *to bemoan, bewail, lament.*

ΣΤΕΝΑΧΩ [ᾶ], lengthd. form ὅς τε στένω, *to sigh, groan, moan*: metaph. of a torrent, &c., *to roar*: of horses galloping, *to breathe loudly*; στοὰ στενάχουσα *the magazine groaning from fulness.* II. trans. *to bemoan, bewail, lament.*

ΣΤΕΝΟΛΕΣΧΩ, *to talk subtly, raise nice points.* From στενο-λέσχης, ον, ὁ, (στενός, λέσχη) *a quibbler.*

ΣΤΕΝΟ-ΠΟΡΒΜΟΣ, ον, (στενός, πορβμός) *at or on a strait.*

ΣΤΕΝΟ-ΠΟΡΟΣ Ἰον. στεν-, ον, (στενός, πόρος) *with a narrow pass or outlet*:—τά στενόπορα *narrow passes, defiles*; or in the sea, *straits, narrows.*

ΣΤΕΝΟ-ΣΤΕΝΩ Ἰον. στενός, ἡ, ὄν, *narrow, strait*, Lat. *angustus*: ἐν στενῇ *in a narrow compass*: τὸ στενὸν *the strait* (i. e. the Hellespont); τὰ στενά *the straits, narrows*: στενή, ἡ, *a narrow strip of land.* II.

metaph. *close, cribbed, confined, scanty*.—Comp. and Sup. στενότερος, -ότατος, Ἰον. στεινότερος, -ότατος: but the regular forms στενιώτερος, -άτατος, also occur: Hence

ΣΤΕΝΟΣ Ἰον. στέινος, εος, τό, *a strait, difficulty, trouble.*

ΣΤΕΝΟΤΕΡΟΣ, Comp. of στενός, ἡ, ὄν.

ΣΤΕΝΟΤΗΣ Ἰον. στεν-, ητος, ἡ, (στενός) *narrowness, straintness.*

ΣΤΕΝΟ-ΧΩΡΕΩ, f. ἡσω, (στενός, χωρέω) *to crowd, straiten for room.* II. intr. *to be straitened or pressed for room.* Hence

ΣΤΕΝΟΧΩΡΙΑ, ἡ, *narrowness of space, a confined space, want of room.* II. metaph. *straits, difficulty, distress.*

στενῶν, *f. ὥσω*, (στενός) *to make narrow*.
 Στένωρ, ὀρος, δ, *Stentor*, a Greek at Troy, famous for his loud voice: hence proverbially, *a Stentor*.
 στενυγρός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for στενός, *παινω*.
 στενῶν, only used in pres. and impf., (στενός) *to sigh, groan, moan*. 2. transit. *to bemoan, bewail, lament, deplore*.

στενωπός Ion. στενωπός, ὄν, (στένος, ὄψ) *made narrow, straitened, strait, confined*, Lat. *arctus*. 2. as Subst., στενωπός, ἡ, *a narrow way, by-way*, Lat. *angiportus*.

στεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (στέφω) *crowned*.
 στερήγηθρον, τό, (στέργω) *a love-charm*. II. *love, affection, regard*.

στέργημα, ατος, τό, (στέργω) *a love-charm*.
 στέργουσα, Dor. for στέργουσα, part. fem. of ΣΤΕΡΓΩ, *f. ῶ*: aor. I ἔστεργα: pf. 2 ἔστοργα: Pass., aor. I ἔστερχην: pf. ἔστεργμαι:—*to love*, of the mutual love of parents and children: of any natural affection, as, between king and people. II. *to be fond of, like, be pleased with*.

III. *to be content or satisfied, acquiesce*; c. acc., στέργειν τὰ παρόντα *to be content with, acquiesce in the present state of things*; στέργειν τὴν τυραννίδα *to bear with tyranny*; also c. dat., στέργειν τοῖς παροῦσι, etc. IV. *to pray, beg, entreat* that ., c. acc. et inf.

ΣΤΕΡΕΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, stiff, stark, firm, solid, Lat. *rigidus*. 2. metaph. *stiff, stubborn, unrelenting, cruel*. II. of bodies and quantities, *solid, cubic*;

στερεός ἀριθμός *a cubic number*. Hence στερεότης, ἡτος, ἡ, *stiffness, firmness*.
 στερεόφρων, ὀνος, δ, ἡ, (στερεός, φρήν) *hard or firm of soul, stubborn-hearted*.
 στερεῶν, *f. ὥσω*, (στερεός) *to make firm or strong*: *to confirm*.

στερέσαι, aor. I inf. of στερέω.
 ΣΤΕΡΕΩ, fut. στερήσω Att. στερῶ: aor. I ἔστερησα, Ep. inf. στερῆσαι:—Pass. στερέομαι, στρούμαι, with collat. form στέρομαι: fut. med. στερήσομαι: aor. I and pf. pass. ἔστερήθην, ἔστεργμαι:—*to deprive, bereave, or rob a person of anything*:—Pass. *to be deprived, bereaved, or robbed of anything*. II. *to take away a thing*: Pass. *to have a thing taken away*.

στερέωμα, ατος, τό, (στερεῶν) *a solid body*. 2. *a foundation, basis*: metaph. *steadfastness*. 3. *the firmament of heaven*.

στερεώς, Adv. of στερεός, *firmly, strongly, fast*.
 στέρημα, ατος, τό, (στέρέω) *that which is taken away, plunder, booty*.

στερήσις, ἡ, (στερέω) *privation, loss*.
 στερήσομαι, fut. med. (with pass. sense) of στερέω.
 στερῆσκω, Att. collat. form of στερέω.
 στερήφος, ἡ, ὄν, = στερεός, στερρός, *firm, hard, solid*. II. *unfruitful*: of women, *barren*.

στερκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of στέργω, *to be loved, lovely*.

ΣΤΕΡΝΟΝ, τό, *the breast, chest*. 2. *the breast as the seat of the affections, the heart*.

στερνο-τύπής, ἐς, (στέρνον, τυπῆναι) *of a beaten breast, caused by beating the breast*. Hence στερνοτύπια, ἡ, *a beating of the breast for grief*, Lat. *planctus*.

στερν-ὄχθος, ὄν, (στέρνον, ἔχω) *with broad bosom, broad-swelling*, of the plain at Athens.

ΣΤΕΡΟΜΑΙ, Pass., aor. 2 ἔστερην:—collat. form of στερέομαι, *to be deprived of, to be without, to be wanting in, to lack, want*, Lat. *carere*.

στεροπή, ἡ, = ἄσπεροπή, ἄσπρατή, *a flash of lightning*: generally, *any flashing, dazzling light, glare*.

στεροπ-ηγερέτῃ, δ, (στεροπή, ἀγείρω) Aeol. for στεροπηγερέτης, *collector of lightning*.

Στερόπητις, ον, δ, (στεροπή) *Lightner*, name of one of the three Cyclopes.

στέροψ, ὀνος, δ, ἡ, (στεροπή) *lightning, flashing, dazzling*.

στερρό-γυιός, ὄν, (στερρός, γυῖον) *strong-limbed*.
 στερρός, ἄ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, = στερεός, *stiff, firm, solid*: also *strong, stout*: of water, frozen. II.

of countries, *hard, stony, barren*, Lat. *sterilis*. III. *stiff with age*. IV. metaph. *stiff, stubborn, obstinate, cruel*. Hence

ΣΤΕΡΦΟΣ, τό, *a hide, skin*.
 ΣΤΕΡΨΩ, see στέρομαι.

στερρῶς, Adv. *stiffly, obstinately*.
 στεύμαι, Epic Dep., used only in 3 sing. pres. and impf. στεύται, στέδω, and in 3 pl. pres. στεύνται:

(ἵστημι):—*to stand on the spot*:—c. inf. *to make gestures or a show of doing something, to promise, engage or threaten to do*.

στεφανεύνται, Ion. for στεφανοῦνται.
 στεφάνη [ἄ], ἡ, (στέφω) *anything that encircles, the head: the brim of the helmet, a helmet*. II. part of a woman's head-dress, a diadem, coronal: generally, *a head-dress*. III. *the brim or border of anything, brow of a hill, edge, verge*: also *the parapet or battlement of a wall*.

στεφάνηπλοκέω, *f. ῶσω*, (στεφανηπλόκος) *to plait wreaths or chaplets*.
 στεφανηπλόκιον, τό, *the wreath-market*. From στεφάνη-πλόκος, ὄν, (στεφάνη, πλέκω) *plaiting wreaths or chaplets*.

στεφάνηφόρεω, *f. ῶσω*, (στεφανηφόρος) *to wear a wreath or chaplet*. Hence

στεφάνηφόρη, ἡ, *the wearing a wreath of victory*. II. *the right of wearing a crown*.

στεφάνη-φόρος, ὄν, (στεφάνη, φέρω) *wearing a crown or wreath, crowned, wreathed*; ἀγών στεφανηφόρος *a contest in which the prize was a crown*. II.

στεφανηφόροι, οἱ, *certain magistrates in the Greek states who had the right of wearing crowns when in office, as the Archons at Athens*.
 στεφανίζω, *f. σῶ*: Dor. aor. ἔστεφνίζα: (στεφανος) —*to crown*.
 στεφάνιον, τό, Dim. of στέφανος.

στεφάνισκος, ὄ, Dim. of στέφανος.
 στεφανίτης [ι], ον, δ, fem. -ιτις, ιδος, (στέφανος) *of*

or consisting of a crown or wreath; στεφανίτης δῶν a contest in which the prize was a crown or wreath.

στέφανος, ο, (στέφω) that which encircles: στέφανος πολέμοιο the circling crowd of war. II. a crown, wreath: the conqueror's wreath at the public games, crown of victory: hence the prize, Lat. palma. These crowns were of leaves, viz., of wild thyme (κόρινθος) at the Olympic games, laurel (δάφνη) at the Pythian, parsley (σέλινον) at the Nemean, ivy (κίσσος) at the Isthmian. III. a crown as a badge of office, public honours: hence a crown conferred on a citizen in token of public services.—Cf. στεφάνη.

στεφάνω, f. ὤσω: pf. act. ἐστεφάνακα, pass. ἐστεφάνομαι: (στέφανος):—to put round as a crown: Pass. to be so put round; περί νήσον πόντος ἐστεφάνονται the sea lies round about the island. II. to wreath with a crown, to crown: c. acc., στεφανοῦν εὐαγγέλια to crown one for good tidings:—Pass. to be crowned or rewarded with a crown:—Med. to crown oneself, win a crown. 2. to crown, honour. III. in Pass. also to wear a crown, as persons sacrificing, or magistrates in office.

στεφάν-ῶδης, es, (στέφανος, εἶδος) like a crown or wreath, wreathing, twisted.

στεφάνωμα, atos, τό, (στέφανω) that which surrounds or encompasses, a circlet. II. a crown or wreath, as the prize of victory. 2. generally, a reward, honour, glory.

στεφάνως, Dor. acc. pl. of στέφανος.
στέφανος, eos, τό, (στέφω) poet. for στέφανος, a crown, wreath.

ΣΤΕΦΩ, ψω: aor. I ἐστεφα: Pass., aor. I ἐστέφθη: pf. ἐστεμμαι:—to put round as a crown. II. to surround, encompass, encircle, to crown, wreath:—Med. to crown oneself:—Pass. to be crowned, wreathed, garlanded. 2. generally, to crown, to honour.

στέωμεν, Ion. 1or στῶμεν, I plur. aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.

στή, Ion. for ἔστη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἵστημι.
στής, στή, Ep. for στῆ, στή, 2 and 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.
στήθεσφι, Ep. dat. pl. of στήθος.
στήθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἵστημι.
σθητο-μελής, es, (στήθος, μέλος) singing with or from the breast.

ΣΤΗΘΟΣ, eos, τό, the breast, chest, Lat. pectus. II. metaph. the breast, the heart, i. e. the feelings, affections: cf. στήρνον.

στήκω, formed from ἔστηκα, pf. of ἵστημι, used only in pres., to stand.

ΣΤΗΛΗ Dor. στάλα, ἡ, an upright stone, a post: a block or post, Lat. cippus. II. a post or slab bearing an inscription, a monument, a grave-stone. 2. a post or slab set up in a public place, inscribed with treaties, decrees, etc.: hence, κατὰ τὴν στήλην according to treaty. III. a boundary-post: the

turning-post at the end of the race-course, Lat. meta:—Στήλαι Ἡρακλῆαι the pillars of Hercules.

στυλίδιον, τό, Dim. of στήλη, a small monument. [Υ] στυλιδεύω, f. σω, to inscribe on a στήλη, to post or placard publicly. From

στυλότης [Υ], ου, ὁ, fem. -ίτης, ιδος, (στήλη) of or like a block or pillar. II. inscribed on a pillar, placarded as infamous.

στήμεναι, στήμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἵστημι.
στημορ-ράγιω, f. ἦτω, (στήμων, ραγῆναι) to tear or undo the threads of a warp. II. intr. to be torn to shreds.

στήμων, ονος, ὁ, (ἵστημι) the warp in the upright loom: the woof was called κρόκη. 2. a thread spun.

στήναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἵστημι.

στήρ, τό, gen. στήτος, contr. for στέαρ, στέατος, as κῆρ for κέαρ: see στέαρ.

στήριγμα, atos, τό, (στηρίζω) a support, prop, stay. 2.=Lat. furca.
στηρικτός, ὁ, (στηρίζω) a setting firmly, propping, supporting. II. pass. a standing still, fixedness: steadfastness.

στήριγξ, γγος, ἡ, (στηρίζω) a support, prop, stay.
ΣΤΗΡΙΖΩ, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐστήριξα Ep. στήριξα: Pass., aor. I ἐστήριχθη: pf. ἐστήρικμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐστήρικτο:—to set fast, make fast, prop, fix: metaph. to confirm, establish. II. Pass. to be firmly set or fixed, to stand fast, have a footing, be rooted to a spot, tarry, linger. III. the Act. also is intrans. to stand fast or firm: to be joined or fastened to.

στήσα, Ep. for ἔστησα, aor. I of ἵστημι.
στήσομαι, fut. med. of ἵστημι.

στήγῃ or στήτα, ἡ, Dor. for γυνή.

στήωσι, Ep. for στήσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.
στιβάρως, ἄ, ὅν, (στείβω) close pressed, compact: thick, stout, sturdy: Comp. στιβαρώτερος. Adv. -ρῶς, closely.

στιβάς, ados, ἡ, (στείβω) a bed of straw, rushes or leaves, a litter: also a mattress, pallet.

στείβειν, aor. 2 inf. of στείβω.

στείβω, f. ἴσω: pf. pass. ἐστείβημι: (στείβω):—to tread, walk upon; πάν ἐστείβηται πέδον all the plain has been traversed, searched.

στίβη [Υ], ἡ, (στείβω) frozen dew, rime, hoar-frost.

στίβος [Υ], ὁ, (στείβω) a trodden or beaten way, a track, foot-path. II. a track, footstep: κατὰ στίβον on the track or trail. III. a going, gait.

στιγεύς, εως, ὁ, (στίζω) a brander.

στίγμα, atos, τό, (στίζω) a prick or puncture of a pointed instrument, a brand-mark, a brand: generally, a mark, spot.

στιγματῆφορος, to bear brand-marks. From
στιγματῆ-φόρος, ον, (στίγμα, φέρω) bearing brand-marks.

στιγματίας, ου, ὁ, (στίγμα) one who has been branded: a runaway slave.

στιγμή, ἡ, (στίζω) a prick, mark, puncture: a moment.

thematical point, Lat. *punctum*.

II. metaph. a

point, title: of time, a moment.

ΣΤΙ'ΖΩ, f. στίξω: aor. ἔστιξα: pf. pass. ἐστιγμαι, inf. ἐστιγθαι:—to prick, puncture, Lat. *pungere*: hence to tattoo: to burn a mark in, to brand, of runaway slaves: to brand cattle with a distinctive mark: στίγματα στίξιν τινά to brand one with a mark.

2. to make spotted; βακτηρία στίξιν to beat black and blue:—Pass. to be spotted.

3. to mark with a full stop, Lat. *interpungere*.

στυκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of στίξω, pricked, branded: hence marked, spotted, dappled.

στυκτό-χρως, ὄν, contr. -χρως, ὄν, (στυκτός, χρῶς) with spotted skin.

ΣΤΙΛΒΩ, f. ψω, to shine, glitter, glisten; σιλβειν

ἀστραπῶς to flash lightning. 2. metaph. to shine, to be bright or brilliant.

ΣΤΙΛΛΗ [], ἡ, a drop, Lat. *stilla*: metaph. a moment.

στιλανός, ἡ, ὄν, (σιλβω) glittering, glistening.

*στίξ, ἡ, only used in gen. sing. στιχός, and in nom.

and acc. plur. στίχες, στίχας: see στίχος.

στιπτός or στεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (στειβω) trodden down: close-pressed, close, firm, solid, Lat. *stipatus*: hence sturdy, tough, stout.

στῖφος, εὖς, τό, (στειβω) a close, compact body: a body of men in close array; νεῶν στῖφος the close array of the ships; στῖφος ποιήσασθαι to form a close column.

στυπρός, ἄ, ὄν, (στειβω) close-pressed: close, compact, solid, tough, stout.

στιχ-αυδός, ὁ, (στιχος, δειδω) a verse-maker, poet.

στίχας, acc. pl. of *στίξ.

στίχως, (στίχος) to set, range, place in ranks:—Med. στιχάμαι, Ep. 3 sing. impf. ἐστιχύνοντο, to march in rows or ranks.

στίχες, αἱ, pl. nom. of *στίξ.

στίχο-γράφος, ὄν, (στίχος, γράφω) writing verses.

στίχος [], ὁ, there is also a gen. sing. στιχός; and a nom. and acc. pl. στίχες, στίχας, as if from an old nom. στίξ: (στειχω):—a row, line, rank: a line of soldiers, a row of trees.

II. a line of writing, a verse.

στίχός, τῆς, gen. from *στίξ.

ΣΤΑΓΙΓΓΙΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, a sort of scraper, Lat. *strigil*, to remove the oil and dirt from the skin in the bath.

στοά or στοιά, ἡ, (στήμη) a place enclosed by pillars, a colonnade, piazza, cloister, Lat. *porticus*.

II. at Athens this name belonged to various public buildings, a storehouse, magazine, warehouse, for corn.

2. ἡ βασιλείος στοά the court where the ἄρχων βασιλεὺς sat.

3. the Poecile, or painted Stoa:—since Zeno of Citium and his successors taught in this piazza, this school of philosophers was called οἱ ἐκ τῆς στοᾶς or Στωικοί, Stoics.

στοιά, ἡ, see στοά.

στοιβάξω, f. ἄσω, (στοιβή) to pile or heap up.

στοιβάς, ἄδω, ἡ, (στειβω) anything trodden or pressed

down, a bed of leaves, etc.: hence boughs or branches strewn on the ground.

στοιβή, ἡ, (στειβω) a stuffing, filling up. II. metaph. anything stuffed in, an expletive.

Στοιικός, ἡ, ὄν, = Στωικός.

στοιχεῖον, τό, Dim. of στοιχος, a small upright post: the gnomon of the sun-dial, or the shadow thrown by it.

II. a first beginning, first principle or element: a simple sound of the voice, as the first element of language.

2. τὰ στοιχεῖα the simplest component parts: in physics, the primary matter, elements.

2. the elements of knowledge, rudiments.

στοιχῶ, f. ἴσω, (στοίχος) to stand in a line or rank, to stand in battle-order.

II. to walk straight.

στοιχ-ηγorew, f. ἴσω, (στοίχος, ἀγορεύω) to tell in regular order.

στοιχίζω, f. ἴσω, (στοίχος) to set a row of poles with nets to drive the game into: to set in order.

στοίχος, ὁ, (στειχω) a row, line, rank; ἐπὶ στοίχου or κατὰ στοίχον all in a row: of soldiers, a file.

II. a line of poles with hunting-nets into which the game was driven.

στολ-άρχης, ὄν, ὁ, (στολος, ἄρχω) a commander of a fleet, admiral.

στολός, ἄδος, ἡ, (στέλλω) going in a body. II. as Subst., στολός, ἡ, a horseman's cloak.

στολή, ἡ, (στέλλω) a fitting out, equipping. II. clothing, dress, equipment: a garment, robe, Lat. *stola*.

στολιδύω, f. ὤσω, (στολίσ) to draw on, put on:—Med. to put on oneself, dress oneself in.

στολιδύω, ατος, τό, (στολιδύω) a fold of a robe.

στολιδωτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of στολιδύω, folded, banging in folds.

στολίζω, f. ἴσω, (στολίσ) to make ready, trim, equip, deck:—Pass. to be equipped, armed.

στόλιον, τό, Dim. of στολή, a small or scanty garment.

στολίσ, ἰδος, ἡ, (στολή) a garment, robe; νεβρών στολίδες garments of fawn-skin.

στόλισμα, ατος, τό, (στολίζω) an equipment, dress: garment, mantle.

στολμός, ὁ, (στέλλω) a clothing, dressing: in plur. στολμοί, folds.

στόλος, ὁ, (στέλλω) an equipment for warlike purposes, an expedition by land or sea, a journey, voyage; ἰδίω στόλῳ in a journey privately undertaken; opp. to κοινῷ στόλῳ in a journey on behalf of the state.

2. the purpose or cause of a journey.

3. that which is sent on an expedition, an army, a fleet, band, troop, company; πρῶτος στόλος all the people.

II. a ship's beam.

στόμα Acol. στόμα, ατος, τό, ἡ μούη, Lat. os, oris; also the whole face; sometimes used in pl. στόματα, like Lat. ora, of one person: ἐπὶ στόμα on one's face; κατὰ στόμα face to face: metaph., στόμα πολλοῖμοι the very jaws of battle.

2. ἡ μούη, tongue: εἰπεῖν, words, language: ἀπὸ στοματοῦ εἰπεῖν to speak by word of mouth, i.e. by memory.

ἀνὰ στόμα or ἐν στόματι ἔχειν to have always in one's mouth; διὰ στόμα εἶναι to be in people's mouths; ἔξ ἐνὸς στόματος, with one voice, all at once. II. the mouth of a river, bay or sea, Lat. ostia, fauces; also a chasm or cleft in the earth; any outlet or entrance.

III. the foremost part, front; of weapons, the point; the edge, point of a sword, Lat. acies; also the front ranks of the battle, the front; of ἀπὸ στόματος the front ranks; ἄκρον στόμα πύργων the utmost verge of the towers.

στόμα-ργος Att. στόμαλγος, ov, (στόμα, ἀλγέω) grievous, with the tongue, long-tongued, noisy, babbling, wearisome.

στομαῖτ-ουργός, όν, (στόμα, *ἔργω) making with the mouth, word-coining.

στόμαχος, ός, (στόμα) the throat, gullet. II. the mouth of a vessel; mouth of a cave, a cave, vault: the socket of a bolt. III. a bridle-bit, bit.

στομῶν, f. ώων, (στόμα) to stop the mouth, to muzzle, gag. II. to furnish with a mouth or opening. III. to furnish with a point or edge, to make into steel: metaph. to steel, harden.

στομφάξω, f. άσω, (στόμφος) to rant, mouth: metaph. to talk big, vaunt.

στόμφαξ, άκος, ό, ή, (στόμφος) one who uses bombastic turgid words.

στόμφος, ός, (στόμα) lofty phrases, bombast, rant. στόμωμα, atos, τό, (στομῶν) a mouth, inlet.

στόμωσις, εως, ή, (στομῶν) a giving an edge to a thing, a hardening of iron into steel; στόμα πολλήν στόμωσιν ἔχον a mouth that has much moulbing or sharpness of tongue.

στοναῶ, f. ήσω, (στοναχή) to groan, sigh, moan. II. trans. to sigh, groan over or for, lament.

στοναῶ, ή, (στενάχω) a groaning, sighing, wailing: in plur. groans, sighs.

στονόεις, εσσα, εν, (στόνος) causing groans or sighs: generally, mournful, sad, wretched.

στόνος, ός, (στενῶν) a groaning, sighing, wailing. στόνυξ, ύχος, ό, like όνυξ, a sharp point: a sharp instrument, knife, scissors.

στοργή, ή, (στέργω) love, affection, the natural affection of parents and children.

ΣΤΟΡΕΝΝΤΜΙ shortd. στόρνυμι, by metath.

στρορννύμι and στροννύμι: fut. στρορέω Att. στροῶ, also στροῶσαι: aor. I ἔστροβσα, also ἔστροβσαι: pf. pass. ἔστρωμαι:—to spread, spread out, stretch out, strew; λέχος στροπέσαι, Lat. lectum sternere, to spread or make up a bed; to strew with a thing, δδδν μυρσίγησι στροπέσαι to strew the road with myrtle-boughs. 2. to spread smooth, level; δδδν στροπέσαι to make a level road, Lat. viam sternere:—metaph. to level, lay low; also to level, calm, assuage.

στροπέσαι, aor. I inf. of στρορέννυμι.

στρορευνύτι, Dor. for στρορέσονται, 3 pl. fut. of στρορέννυμι.

στορεστής, ου, ός, (στορέννυμι) one who lays low, a calmer.

στρορννυμι, a later form of στρορέννυμι.

στοχάζομαι, f. άσσομαι: aor. I med. ἔστοχασάμην: pf. pass. ἔστοχασμαι: Dep.: (στόχος):—to aim or shoot at, c. gen.: metaph. to aim at, seek after. 2. to guess, c. acc.: to surmise, conjecture.

στοχασμα, atos, τό, (στοχάζομαι) a missile aimed at a mark, an arrow, javelin.

στοχαστικός, ή, όν, (στοχάζομαι) able to hit: able to guess, shrewd, sagacious. Adj. —κός.

ΣΤΟΧΟΣ, ός, an aim, sbot. 2. a guess, conjecture.

στραγγέω, f. σω, (σπάγγω) to twist, wind:—Med. στραγγέομαι, to turn oneself about, waver, loiter.

στραγγ-ουρία, ή, (σπάγγε, ούρέω) retention of the urine, strangury. Hence

στραγγουρία, to suffer from strangury or retention of the urine.

ΣΤΡΑΤΙΩ, fut. σπάγγω, Lat. stringo, to draw tight, bind tight, squeeze, compress.

σπάγγε, ή, gen. στραγγός, (σπάγγω) that which oozes or is squeezed out, a drop.

σπάπτω, f. ψω, for δσπάπτω, to lighten.

στράτ-άρχης, ου, ός, (στράτός, άρχω) the general of an army, a commander.

στράτ-αρχος, ός, = στρατάρχης.

στρατός, (στρατός) to encamp:—Pass. to lie encamped; Ep. 3 pl. ἔστρατώσιντο.

στράτεία Ion. —ήτις, ή, (στρατεύω) an expedition, campaign; ἐπὶ στρατείας εἶναι to be on foreign service; οἰκοὶ καὶ ἐπὶ στρατείας, Lat. domi et militiae, at home and abroad: in pl. campaigns, military service, warfare.

στράτεία, ή, fem. Adj. the Warlike, epith. of Minerva, στρατευμα, atos, τό, (στρατεύω) an expedition. II. an armament, army: a company.

στρατεύσιμος, ov, (στρατεύω) belonging to or fit for military service, serviceable.

στρατεύσις, ή, (στρατεύω) an expedition.

στρατευτέον, verb. Adj. one must march. From

στράτεω, f. σω, (στρατός) to serve in war, serve as a soldier: to take the field, march. II. Dep.

στρατεύομαι, f. med. στρατεύσομαι: aor. I and pf. pass. ἔστρατεύθην, ἔστρατευμαι: to take the field, serve as a soldier; pf. pass. part. ἔστρατευμένος, having been a soldier.

στράτηγεον, to, incorrect form of στρατήγον.

στράτηγός, f. ήσω, (στρατηγός) to be a general: c. gen. to be general of an army, command. II.

c. acc. rei, to do a thing as general. Hence

στράτηγμα, atos, τό, the act of a general, esp. a stratagem, piece of generalship.

στράτηγία Ion. —ήτις, ή, (στρατηγός) the office, dignity, post of a general, command. 2. the qualifications of a general, generalship. 3. the time of a general's command.

στράτηγίδω, Desiderat. of στρατηγέω, to wish to be general.

στρατηγικός, ἡ, ὄν, (στρατηγός) of or fit for a general: ἡ στρατηγική (sub. τέχνη), or τὰ στρατηγικά, generalship, Lat. scientia rei militaris. II. fitted for command, versed in generalship, skilled in military matters. Adv. —ῶς, like a general.

στρατήγιον, τό, (στρατηγός) the general's tent, Lat. praetorium: at Athens, the place where the ten generals held their sittings. II. = στρατόπεδον, a camp.

στρατηγίς, ἴδος, fem. Adj. (στρατηγός) of a general; πύλαι στρατηγίδες the door of the general's tent; ναὺς στρατηγίς the admiral's ship, the flag-ship; and το, ἡ στρατηγίς alone. II. as Subst. a female commander or general.

στράτ-ηγός, ὁ, (στρατός, ἄγω) the leader or commander of an army, a general: also the commander of a fleet, an admiral. II. at Athens, οἱ στρατηγοὶ were ten general officers elected by yearly vote to command the army and navy, and conduct the war-department. III. στρατηγὸς ὑπάτος the Roman Consul; στρατηγὸς alone, the Praetor.

στρατήγῃ, ἡ, Ion. for στρατεία.

στρατήλασία Ion. —λή, ἡ, an expedition, campaign. II. the army itself. From

στρατήλατῶ, f. ἦσω, to lead an army into the field: to take the field. II. trans. to lead, command, c. gen.; also c. dat. From

στράτ-ηλάτης [ᾶ], ου, ὁ, (στρατός, ἐλαύνω) a leader of an army, a general, commander.

στρατιά Ion. —λή, ἡ, (στρατός) an army, armament: generally, a company, band. II. στρατεία, an expedition. Hence

στράτ-αρχος, ὁ, = στρατάρχης, a general.

στράτιος, ου, (στρατός) of, belonging to an army or expedition, warlike: στρατίον as Adv., valiantly.

στρατιώτης, ου, ὁ, (στρατιά) a citizen on military service: a soldier. Hence

στρατιωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for soldiers: τὸ στρατιωτικόν (sub. ἀργύριον), the pay of the forces; τὸ στρατιωτικόν (sub. πλήθος) the soldiery; τὰ στρατιωτικά (sub. πράγματα) military affairs. II. fit, suited for a soldier or military service. Hence

στρατιωτικῶς, Adv. in military style, like soldiers; Comp., στρατιωτικώτερον παρεσκευάσθαι to be fitted out more like transport-ships.

στρατιώτις, ἴδος, fem. of στρατιώτης, a female soldier: as fem. Adj. martial. 2. στρατιωτίς (sub. ναὺς), ἡ, a troop-ship, transport.

στράτο-λογέω, f. ἦσω, (στρατός, λέγω) to levy an army, enlist soldiers.

στράτῳ-μαντις, εως, ὁ, (στρατός, μάντις) a prophet to the army.

στράτοπεδ-άρχης, ου, ὁ, (στρατόπεδον, ἄρχω) the commander of the praetorian guards at Rome.

στράτο-πέδεια, ἡ, and

στράτο-πέδευσις, ἡ, an encamping: an encampment: also the station of a fleet. From

στράτοπεδεύω, also as Dep. στρατοπεδεύομαι, (στρατόπεδον) to encamp, take up a position.

στράτῳ-πεδον, το, (στρατός, πέδον) the ground on which soldiers are encamped: Στρατόπεδα, τὰ, as pr. n. a part of Egypt held on a military tenure. 2.

generally, a camp, encampment, army encamped: an army. 3. a squadron of ships, fleet.

ΣΤΡΑΤΟΨ, ὁ, a camp, encamped army: generally, an army, host, armament. II. the soldiers as opposed to the chiefs, hence the commons, people.

στρατόφι, Ep. gen. of στρατός.

Στράτ-ωνίδης, ου, ὁ, Comic patronymic as if from Στράτ-ωνης (στρατός, ἀνέομαι) a dealer in armies.

στράφεις, στράφηναι, aor. 2 pass. part. and inf. of στρέφω.

στραφθεὶς, aor. I pass. part. of στρέφω.

στρέβλη, ἡ, (στρεβλός) an instrument for winding, a windlass: a screw, press. II. an instrument of torture, rack.

στρεβλός, ἡ, ὄν, (στρέφω) twisted, bowed, distorted στρεβλός, f. ὥσω, (στρεβλός) to strain with a windlass, to screw up, tighten, make taut I. to wrench, dislocate: hence to stretch on the rack, wrench, rack, torture:—Pass. to be racked, wrenched, tortured.

στρέμμα, ατος, τό, (στρέφω) that which is twisted or dislocated: a sprain.

στρέπτ-αιγλος, η, ου, (στρέφω, αἶγλη) whirling-bright.

στρεπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (στρέφω) anything which turns, one of the vertebrae of the neck: also a socket.

στρεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, verb. Adj. of στρέφω, easily bent or twisted, pliant; στρεπτός χιτὼν a flexible coat, i.e. a shirt of chain-armour or mail: pliant, supple. 2. as Subst., στρεπτός (sub. κύκλος), ὁ, a collar of twisted or linked metal, Lat. torques.

στρεπτά, τὰ, necklaces. II. metaph. to be bent or turned, to be wrouncht upon; στρεπτή γλῶσσα a glib, pliant tongue.

III. bent, curved.

στρεπτο-φόρος, ου, (στρεπτός, φέρω) wearing a collar or necklace, Lat. torquatus.

στρεύομαι, Pass. (στράγγω) to be squeezed or pressed out: to be drained of strength, exhausted, grow weary, to be worn out.

στρεφε-δινέω, f. ἦσω, (στρέφω, δινέω) to spin or whirl a thing round:—Pass. to be whirled, to spin round and round.

στρεφθεὶς, aor. I pass. part. of στρέφω.

ΣΤΡΕΨΩ, f. ψω: aor. I στρέψα Ep. στρέψα: πρ. ἔστροφα:—Pass., aor. I ἐστρέφην Dor. ἐστράφην† aor. 2 ἐστράφην [ᾶ]: πρ. ἔστραμμα.

A. Act. to twist, turn, bend; ἵππους στρέφειν to turn or guide horses: to wheel soldiers round. II.]

to turn about: to change, alter: also to pervert. III.]

to twist a rope: to twist, torture, torment:—also of wrestlers, to twist the adversary back. IV. metaph.

to turn over in one's mind, revolve. V. to divert from the right course, embezzle, intercept.

VI. intrans., in same sense as Pass., to turn or wheel about. B. Pass. and Med. to twist or turn oneself, to turn round about, toss to and fro: absol. to turn back; to

turn and flee: of the heavenly bodies, *to revolve, circle*. 2. metaph., *στροφὰς στρέφεισθαι to twist about*, like a wrestler trying to elude the grasp of an adversary, *to shuffie, evade*; *πάσας στροφὰς στρέφεισθαι to twist every way*, practise every kind of evasion.

3. c. gen., *στρέφεισθαι τινος to turn oneself to, attend to*. II. *to attach oneself, stick close, adhere*. III. *of limbs, to be twisted, dislocated*. IV. *to roam about*: of things, *to be rife*.

στρέψασκον, 3 pl. Ion. aor. I of *στρέφω*. *στρέψις*, εως, ἡ, (*στρέφω*) a turning, twisting. *στρεψο-δικέω*, f. ἥσω, (*στρέφω*, *δικη*) *to twist or pervert justice*.

στρεψοδικό-πᾶνουργία, ἡ, (*στρεψοδικέω*, *πανουργία*) *cunning villany in the perversion of justice*.

ΣΤΡΗΝΗΨ, ες, rough, harsh, grating.

στηρνῶν, f. ἄσω [ἀ], (*στήρνω*) *to riot, to wax wanton*.

στηρῆνος, εως, τό, (*στηρῆνης*) *excess of strength: insolence, wantonness*.

στρέψαλκίγξ, Comic word, *the very least fraction or part*.

ΣΤΡΙΨΩ, collat. form of *τρίψω*, *to try in a whirl tone, to scream*.

στροβέω, f. ἥσω, (*στροβέω*):—*to spin or whirl about like a top: to make giddy, dizzy*:—Pass., with fut. med. *στροβήσομαι*, *to spin round and round*. Hence *στροβήτος*, ἡ, ὄν, *whirled round or about*.

στροβιλίζω, f. ἴσω, (*στροβίλος*) *to twist about*.

στροβίλος, ὁ, (*στροβέω*) *anything which whirls round or spins: a top*: hence, from likeness of shape, *a fir-cone, pine-cone*. 2. *a whirlwind* 3. *a whirling dance, pirouette*

στροβιλῆς, ἡ, ὄν, (*στροβέω*) *spinning, whirling*. *στροβιλώδης*, ες, (*στροβίλος*, *εἶδος*) *like a pine-cone*.

στροβός, ὁ, (*στρέφω*) *a whirling round*.

στρογγύλλω, (*στρογγύλος*) *to round off: to twirl*.

στρογγύλλος [ῥ], ἡ, ὄν, (*στρογγύω*) *round, rounded*; *στρογγύλη ναὺς a merchant ship, from its round shape*, opp. to the *long ship of war* (*μακρὰ ναὺς*), *Lat. navis longa*. II. metaph. *well-rounded, neat, terse*.

στρομβέω, f. ἥσω, (*στρομβέω*) = *στροβέω*, *to whirl*.

στρομβηδόν, Adv. (*στρομβέω*) *spinning like a ball*.

στρομβός, ὁ, (*στρέφω*) *anything whirled round, a top*. 2. *a spiral shell*.

στρούθειος, α, ὄν, (*στρουθός*) *of or for small birds*: *στρούθειον μῦλον a quince*

στρουθίον, τό, Dim. of *στρουθός*, *a young sparrow*.

ΣΤΡΟΥΘΟΣ, ὁ, also ἡ, *any small bird*, esp. *a sparrow*.

II. *any bird, as an eagle*:—*ὁ μέγας στρουθός the large bird, the ostrich*, called *στρουθός κατάγειος* from its running along the ground: also *simply στρουθός* (ἡ).

στροφαίος, α, ὄν, (*στροφή*) *cunning, versatile*; also (from *στροφεύς*) *standing at the door-post*:—name of *Mercury*, in both senses.

στροφάλιγξ, ιγγος, ἡ, (*στροφᾶλιζω*) *a whirl, eddy*. [ἀ]

στροφαλίζω, a lengthd. form of *στρέφω*, *to turn quickly*; *ἡλάκατα στροφαλίζειν to whirl the spindle*. *στροφᾶς*, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (*στροφῶν*) *whirling, circling*; *ἀρκτου στροφᾶδες κέλευθοι the Bear's circling paths*.

στροφῆιον, τό, (*στρέφω*) *a twisted noose, cord*. ■ *a wooden windlass*.

στροφεύς, εως, ὁ, (*στρέφω*) *one of the vertebrae*. II. *the socket* in which the pivot of a door moves; cf. *στροφίγξ*.

στροφέω,—*στροφῶ*: esp. *to have the colic*.

στροφῆ, ἡ, (*στρέφω*) *a turning: a turning round circling, rolling*. 2. *a twist, a slippery trick* 3. in Music, *a twist or turn*. II. *the dancing of the Chorus towards one side of the ὀρχήστρα*: hence also *the song sung during this evolution, the strophé*, to which the ἀντιστροφῆ answers.

στροφίγξ, ιγγος, ὁ, (*στρέφω*) *the pivot or axle on which a body turns* 2. *στροφίγγες* were *pivots sunk in sockets*, which served as hinges; cf. *στροφεύς*. 3. *στροφίγξ γλώττης*, of a *well-bung tongue*.

στροφίον, τό, Dim. of *στροφός*, *a band or girdle worn by women round the head or round the breast*.

στροφίς, ιος, ἡ, (*στρέφω*) *a twisting, slippery fellow, a shuffler*.

στροφίς, ἱδος, ἡ, = *στροφίον*, *a band, girdle*.

στροφο-δινέομαι, Pass. (*στροφός*, *δινέομαι*) *to wheel eddying round, of birds*.

στροφός, ὁ, (*στρέφω*) *a twisted band, a belt: a cord, rope*. 2. *a swaddling-band*. II. *a twisting of the bowels, colic, Lat. tormina*.

Στρυμόνας Ion. —ἡς, ὁ, *a wind blowing from the Thracian river Strymon, i. e. a NNE. wind*.

Στρυμόνης, α, ὄν, of the Strymon: *Dim.*

Στρυμών, ὄνος, ὁ, the Strymon, a river in Thrace.

στρυφνός, ὄν, (*στρύφω*) *sour, harsh, rough to the taste*. II. metaph. *sour, harsh, austere, morose*.

στρώμα, ατος, τό, (*στράννυμι*) *anything spread out for lying or sitting upon*: in pl. *the bed and bed-clothes, mattress, bedding, Lat. vestis stragula*.

στροφωτό-δεσμον, τό, (*στροφῶ*, *δεσμός*) *a sack in which slaves tied up the bed-clothes*

στροφωτο-φύλαξ, ακος, ὅ, (*στρώμα*, *φύλαξ*) *one who has the care of the bedding*.

στροφωτή, ἡ, *a bed spread out: a bed, mattress, bedding*. From

στράννυμι and *στροφάννυμι*, f. *στρώσω*, formed by metaph. from *στέρνυμι*, *σπορέννυμι*: v. *σπορέννυμι*.

στρώων, aor. I imperat. of *στράννυμι*.

στρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (*στράννυμι*) *spread, laid, covered*. Lat. *stratus*, of bed-furniture.

στροφᾶς, Ion. Frequent. of *στρέφω*, as *τρωπᾶς* for *τρέπω*:—*to turn oneself about, like Lat. versari, to stay or dwell in a place*.

στύγ-ἄνωρ [ἀ], ὀρος, ὁ, ἡ, (*στυγέω*, *αὐγῆ*) *bating the man or men in general*.

στυγερός, ὁ, ὄν, (στυγέω) *hated, abominated, hateful, loathsome*: c. dat. *bearing malice or hatred towards* a man.

στυγερ-ώπης, ἐς, and στυγερ-ώπός, ὄν, (στυγερός, ἄψ) *with hateful look*: *hateful*.

στυγερῶς, Adv. of στυγερός, *to one's sorrow, miserably*.

στυγέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἔστύγησα: also (as if from στύγω), aor. I ἔστυξα, opt. στύξαιμι: aor. 2 ἔστύγην: fut. 3 pass. στυγήσομαι: (στύγος):—*to hate, abominate, abhor, loathe*: stronger than μισέω, *to express abhorrence*. II. *to make hateful or horrid*. Hence

στυγήμα, ατος, τό, *a hated object, abomination*. [ὑ]

στυγητός, ὄν, (στυγέω) *hated, abominated, loathed*: *hateful*.

Στύγιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (Στύξ) *of the Styx or the nether world, Stygian*. II. = στυγητός. [ὑ]

στυγνάζω, f. ἄσω, (στύγος) *to be sad or gloomy, to be of sad countenance*.

στυγνός, ἦ, ὄν, (στυγέω) *hated, abhorred, hateful, hostile*. II. *sad, gloomy*, Lat. *tristis*:—neut., στυγνόν as Adv., *gloomily*.

στυγνῶω, f. ὥσω, (στυγνός) *to make sad or gloomy*: —Pass. *to be or become gloomy*.

στυγό-δένμος, ον, (στυγέω, δέμνιον) *hating the marriage-bed*.

στύγος, εος, τό, (στυγέω) *hatred, abhorrence*: *gloom, horror*. II. *an object of hatred, an abomination*. [ὑ]

ΣΤΥΓΛΟΣ, ὁ, *a pillar*: also, 2. *a post, pale, a beam or mast of a ship*.

στυλός, f. ὥσω, (στύλος) *to support with pillars*.

στύμα [ὑ], ἄρος; τό, Aeol. for στόμα.

ΣΤΥΓΓΗΣ, ἡ, gen. Στυγός, *the Styx*, i. e. *the Hateful, Horrible*, a river of the nether world, by which the gods in Homer swore their most sacred oaths. II. *that which is hated, an abomination*.

στυξαίμι, aor. I opt. of στυγέω.

στυπεῖον or στυπτεῖον, τό, like στύπη, *tow, coarse flax or hemp*: *a rope or balter made of it*.

στυπειο-πώλης or στυπτε-, ον, ὁ, (στυπεῖον, πωλέω) *a hemp or rope-seller*.

ΣΤΥΠΗ, ἡ, *του, the coarse part of flax or hemp*. [ὑ]

στυπτός, εος, τό, (στυφώ) *a stem, stump*, Lat. *stipes*: also *a stick*. [ὑ]

στυπτηρία Ion. -τη (sub. γῆ), ἡ, *an astringent salt, alum*: strictly fem. of

στυπτηρίος, α, ον, (στυφώ) *binding, astringent*.

στυράκιον, τό, Dim. of στυράξ. [ἄ]

ΣΤΥΡΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, *the spike at the butt end of a spear-shaft*. [ὑ]

ΣΤΥΡΑΞ, ἄκος, ἡ, *the shrub or tree which yields the gum called storax*. [ὑ]

στυφελιγμός, ὁ, *a striking, beating, pushing about*; generally, *ill-usage*. From

στυφάλλω, f. ἔω, (στυφελός) *to thrust or push*

rudely, shake, smite: of the wind, *to scatter the clouds*: generally, *to treat roughly, maltreat*.

στυφελός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (στυφά-) *close, solid, tough*: of flavour, *sour, acid*. 2. metaph. *harsh, crabbed, cruel*.

στυφλός, ὄν, also ἦ, ον, *snorted*, from στυφελός, *hard, rugged*. 2. *rough*.

στυφό-κόπος, ον, (στύπος, κόπτω) *striking with a stick*.

στύφω, f. ψω, *to contract, draw together*: of an astringent taste, in Pass., χεῖλεα στυφθεῖς *having one's lips drawn in*. [ὑ]

στωά, ἡ, Dor. for στοά.

στοικός, ἡ, ὄν, (στοά) *of or like a colonnade or portico*. II. *Stoic, of or belonging to the Stoics or their system*: Στωικός, ὁ, *a Stoic*.

στωμύλλω, = στωμύλλω. Hence

στωμύλλια, ἡ, *wordiness, chattering, gossip*.

στωμύλλιο-συλλεκτάδης, ον, ὁ, (στωμύλλια, συλλέγω) *a gossip-monger*.

στωμύλλω or as Dep. στωμύλλομαι, (στωμύλος) *to be talkative, to chatter, prate*: in good sense. *to talk, converse*.

στωμύλλω, ατος, τό, = στωμύλλια, *chattering*: of persons, *a gossip, chatterer*.

στωμύλος, ον, (στόμα) *mouthy, wordy, talkative, gossiping*: also *fluent*. [ὑ]

ΣΥ Dor. ΤΥ, Lat. ΤΥ, ΤΥΟΥ; subst. Pron. of 2nd pers.: Ep. nom. τύνῃ:—gen. σοῦ, dat. σοί, acc. σέ, enclit. σου, σοί, σε. There are also Ep. forms of

gen. σεῦ, σέο, σείο, σέθεν, enclit. σευ, σεο: Dor. τεῦ, rarely τέο, lengthd. τεοῦ and τεοῖο: Aeol. and Dor. τεύς, τεοῦς.—Ion. and Ep. dat. τοί; Dor. τεῖν and τίν.—Dor. acc. τέ, enclit. τυ.—Dual σφῶι, σφῶ:

gen. and dat. σφῶιν, σφῶν: pl. ὑμεῖς, ὑμῶν, ὑμῖν or ὑμῖν, ὑμεῖς, Ep. ὑμεας.

συαγρεσία, ἡ, (σῦς, ἄγρα) *a boar-hunt*.

σύαγρος, ὁ, (σῦς, ἄγρα) *one who hunts wild boars*.

Συβαρίτης, f. ἴω, *to live like a Sybarite*, i. e. *luxuriously, effeminately*. From

Συβάρις [ὑ], gen. εως, Ion. ιος, ἡ, *Sybaris*, a city of Magna Graecia, on a river of the same name noted for luxury.

Συβαρίτης [ὑ], ον, ὁ, (Σύβαρις) *a Sybarite: a luxurious liver, voluptuary*.

Συβαρίτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Σύβαρις) *of or like to Sybaris*.

Συβαρίτις, ἴδος, fem. of Συβαρίτης, *a woman of Sybaris*.

σὺβῆνη, ἡ, *a flute-case*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σὺ-βόσιον, or rather σὺ-βορεῖον, τῆς (σῦς, βόσκω) *a herd of swine*. II. *a pigsty*.

Σύ-βοτα [ὑ], τῶ, (σῦς, βόσκω) *the name of some islets near Corcyra, and spots on the mainland opposite*; originally, *swine-pastures*.

σὺ-βότης and σὺ-βώτης, ον, ὁ, (σῦς, βόσκω) *a swineherd*.

σὺν-γάμος, ον, (σύν, γαμεῖν) *united in marriage, married, wedded*: as Subst. σὺν-γάμος, ὁ, ἡ, *a bus-*

band or wife. 2. sharing the marriage-bed; in plur. of rival wives.
 συγγεῖτων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, γεῖτων) bordering on.
 συγγέλδω, f. -άσομαι, (σύν, γελᾶω) to laugh with or together.
 συγγένεια, ἡ, (συγγενής) connexion by descent or family, relationship, kin. 2. kinsfolk, kin, family.
 συγγενέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of συγγίνομαι.
 συγγενέτειρα, ἡ, a common mother: fem. of συγγενέτης, ου, ὁ, (σύν, γενέσθαι) a common father.
 συγγενής, ἐς, (σύν, γενέσθαι) born with, congenital, natural, inborn. II. of the same stock, descent or family, akin: οἱ συγγενεῖς kinsfolk, kinsmen; τὸ συγγενές = συγγένεια, kin, relationship. 2. metaphor. of the same sort or kind, resembling: fitting, proper, natural.
 συγγενικός, ἡ, ὄν, (συγγενής) becoming or like kinsmen. Adv. -κῶς, like kinsfolk.
 συγγέρων, οντος, ὁ, (σύν, γέρον) a fellow in old age.
 συγγεωργῶ, f. ἦσω, to be a fellow-labourer. From συγγεωργός, ὁ, (σύν, γεωργός) a fellow-labourer in the fields.
 συγ-γηθῶ, f. ἦσω, to rejoice with.
 συγ-γηράσκω + -άσομαι [ᾱ], to grow old together with.
 σύγ-γηρος, ον, (σύν, γήρας) growing old together.
 συγ-γίνομαι later -γίνομαι [i]: fut. -γενήσομαι:—to be with, hold communication or associate with, live with, hold intercourse with, converse with. 2. to come to assist. 3. absol. to come together, meet.
 συγ-γινώσκω later -γινώσκω: f. συγγνώσκειν: aor. 2 συνέγνω: pf. συνέγνωκα:—to think with, agree with, hold the same sentiments with; absol. to consent, agree. II. to yield, concede, own, allow, acknowledge, confess & also in Med. to grant, allow. III. συγγνώμην ἑαυτῷ, to be conscious. IV. to have a fellow-feeling with another, to make allowance for another, excuse, pardon:—Pass. to obtain pardon or forgiveness.
 συγγνωία, ἡ, = συγγνώμη.
 συγγνώμη, ἡ, (συγγνώμην) fellow-feeling with another, allowance for him: pardon, forgiveness: also a claim to forgiveness, excuse.
 συγγνωμονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (συγγνώμων) inclined to make allowance, indulgent II. of things, pardonable.
 συγγνωμοσύνη, ἡ, fellow-feeling, forgiveness. From συγγνώμων, ον, gen. ὄνος, (συγγνώμην) disposed to pardon or forgive: indulgent. II. pass. pardoned, forgiven, deserving pardon, allowable.
 συγγνώμην, aor. 2 inf. of συγγινώσκω.
 συγγνωστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of συγγινώσκω, to be pardoned, pardonable, allowable.
 σύγ-γονος, ον, (σύν, γενέσθαι) born with, congenital, natural, inborn. 2. connected by blood, akin, Lat. cognatus: as Sibst., σύγγονος, ὁ, ἡ, a brother, sister.

σύγραμμα, ατος, τό, (συγγραφῶν) that which is noted or written down. a written paper or document: a writing, book: a prose work.
 συγγραφεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (συγγραφῶν) one who writes down, one who collects historical facts, an historian: generally, a prose-writer, author. II. συγγραφεῖς, οἱ, commissioners appointed at Athens in the Peloponnesian war to consider any suggested alterations of the Constitution.
 συγγραφῆ, ἡ, (συγγραφῶν) a writing or noting down. II. that which is written, a book, a history.
 2. a written contract, a covenant, engagement. III. work done by contract.
 συγγραφικός, ἡ, ὄν, given to writing history. From συγ-γράφω, f. ψω, to write or note down, Lat. conscribere:—to describe. II. to compose or compile a work. Lat. componere: c. acc., πολέμων συγγραφῶν to write the history of the war: generally, to compose or write in prose. III. to draw a written contract: Med. to settle by written contract 2. to draw up a resolution. IV. to paint by contract.
 συγ-γυμνάζω, f. ἄσω, to exercise with.
 συγ-καθαίρω Ion. -καταίρω, f. ἄσω: aor. 2 συκαθέλον:—to pull down together, to join in pulling down or subduing: generally, to accomplish with any one.
 συγ-καθαροῖζω, f. σαι, to join in arranging or burying.
 συγ-καθίζομαι, fut. -καθεδούμαι: Med.:—to sit with or together.
 συγ-καθίστημι Ion. συγ-κατείρω, to shut up or enclose with others.
 συγ-καθέλω, f. -ελκύσω [ῥ]: aor. 1 -εἰκύναι: fut. pass. -εἰκνύσθαι: (see ἔλκω):—to drag down, destroy with.
 συγ-καθεύδω, f. ἦσω, to sleep with.
 συγ-καθημαί, properly pf. of συγκαθίζομαι, to be seated with or by the side of: to meet together in a council or assembly.
 συγ-καθίζω, f. ἦσω, to make to sit or place together:—Med. to sit together, meet for deliberation. II. intr. also in Act. to sit with.
 συγ-καθίμι, f. -καθίσω, to let down with or together:—Pass. to let oneself down, stoop, condescend.
 συγ-καθίστημι, f. -καταστήσω, to establish with or together, to join in establishing, settling, managing.
 συγ-καίω Att. -κάω [ᾱ]: fut. -καύσω:—to set on fire with or at once, burn up, consume, Lat. comburo.
 συγ-κακοπαθῶ, f. ἦσω, to suffer with or together II. to feel with or for any one in suffering.
 συγ-κακοχέομαι, Pass. (σύν, κακοχέω) to endure trouble or suffering with.
 συγ-καλέω, f. ἑώω: pf. -κέκληκα pass. -κέκλημαι:—to call or summon together, call to council:—Med. to call to oneself 2. to call together, invite to a feast.
 συγκαλυπτός, α, ον, to be covered or veiled: and συγκαλυπτός, ἡ, ὄν, covered, enwrapped. From

συγ-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to cover or veil completely, ibroud:—Med. to wrap oneself up, cover one's face.
 συγ-κάμνω, f. -κάμνεται: aor. 2 -ἐκάμην:—to labour or suffer with, sympathise with. 2. to labour or travail with.

συγ-καμπή, ἡ, (συγκάμπω) a joint.
 συγ-κάμπω, f. ψω, to bend together, bend the knee:—Pass. to bend oneself.

συγ-κάσινγη, ἡ one's own sister.
 συγ-κάσις, ιος, ὁ, and ἡ, (σύν, κάσις) one's own brother or sister.

συγ-καταβαίνω, f. -καταβήσομαι: aor. 2 -κατέβην: pf. -καταβέβηκα: to go or come down with: to come to one's aid, come down to the contest with. 2. to descend.

συγ-κατάβαλλω, f. -καταβάλω: aor. 2 -κατέβαλον:—to pay down together.

συγ-κατάβασις, ἡ, (συγκатаβαίνω) a going down with. 2. condensation, submission, accommodation.

συγ-καταγῆρασκω, f. -γῆράσομαι [ᾶ]:—to grow old with or together.

συγ-κατάγω, f. ξω, to lead down with; to join in bringing back.

συγ-καταδραχνάνω, aor. 2 -κατέδραχον, to sleep with.

συγ-καταδιώκω, f. ξω, to pursue with or in company.

συγ-καταδουλώω, f. ὦσω, to join in enslaving.

συγ-καταδύνω and -δύω: aor. 2 -κατέδυν:—to sink or set together with.

συγ-καταεὐγνῆμι, f. -εὐξω, to join together by the yoke, join in marriage, marry: metaph., συγκαταεὐξάτενα ἄτη to make him a yoke-fellow with misery.

σὺγ-καταθάπτω, f. ψω, to bury along with.

συγ-κατάθεσις, ἡ, (συγκатаτίθημι) agreement, approval, assent. II. submission.

συγ-καταθῆω, to make an inroad with another.

συγ-καταθνήσκω, to die along with.

συγ-καταίδω, to burn all together.

συγ-καταινῶ, f. ἔσω or ἦσω, to agree with, favour, assent to

συγ-κάταινος, ων, agreeing, approving, assenting to.

συγ-καταίρειω, Ion. for συγκαθαίρειω.

συγ-κατακαίω Att. -κάω [ᾶ]: f. -καύσω:—to burn down along with:—Pass. to be burnt with.

συγ-κατάκειμαι, Pass. to lie down with, lie with.

συγ-κατακλείω Ion. -κλήλω, to shut in or enclose with or together.

συγ-κατακλίνω, to make lie down with:—Pass. to recline on the same couch with another at table.

συγ-κατακόπτω, to cut up together.

συγ-κατακτόμαι, f. ἦσομαι: Dep. to get or gain with, to join in acquiring.

συγ-κατακτάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of

συγ-κατακτείνω, f. -πτενῶ, to slay with or together.

συγ-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to seize or occupy with or together.

συγ-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave all together.

συγ-καταλύω, f. σω, to join in undoing or putting down to help to depose:

συγ-καταμίννυμι and -ῶω, f. -μίξω, to mix in with, mingle with: metaph. to absorb in a thing.

συγ-καταμύω, f. σω, to be shut close.

συγ-κατανανυμάχῃω, f. ἦσω, to assist in conquering.

συγ-κατανέμω, to allot jointly:—Med. to share among themselves.

συγ-καταπλήμμι, f. πλήσω, to fill up with at the same time.

συγ-καταπλέκω, f. ξω, to intertwine with.

συγ-καταπράσσω, f. ξω, to join in effecting.

συγ-καταρρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw down together.

συγ-κατασκάπτω, f. ψω, to demolish with another or utterly.

συγ-κατασκεδάννυμι, f. -σκεδάσω [ᾶ], to pour over at the same time:—Med. to pour over oneself at the same time.

συγ-κατασκευάζω, f. σω, to help in making or setting up. 1. to furnish completely.

συγ-κατασκηνῶω, f. ὦσω, to bring into one tent with.

συγ-κατασκήπτω, f. ψω, to dart down together.

συγ-κατασπᾶω, f. -σπάσω [ᾶ], to pull down together.

II. to gulp down together.

συγ-καταστρέφω, f. ψω, to bring to an end together:—to make subject together or at the same time.

συγ-κατατάσσω Att. -τίτω, f. ξω, to arrange or draw up with or together.

συγκατατεθειμένος, pf. pass. part. of συγκατατίθημι, to lay down or deposit at the same time. II. Pass. συγκατατίθεμαι, pf. συγ-καταθέθειμαι, to agree with, assent to

συγ-κατατρώνω, aor. 2 -έτρᾶνον, to eat up together.

συγ-καταφαγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of συγκατεσθῆω.

συγ-καταψεύδομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to join in a lie against another.

συγ-καταψηφίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to condemn with or together. II. Pass. to be reckoned along with.

συγ-κάτεμι, (σύν, κατά, εἰμι ἴδω) to go down with.

συγ-κατέργω, Ion. for συγκατεέργω.

συγ-καταεργάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι: pf. -εργασμαι: Dep. —to help or join in accomplishing a work: to coöperate with. II. to help in subduing. III. to kill with or together, help in slaying

συγ-κατέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. -ἤλθον

pf. -εἰλήλυθα: Dep. to come or go back together.

συγ-κατεσθῆω, f. -έδομαι: aor. 2 -έφαγον —to eat up with or together.

συγ-κατεύχομαι, f. -εύσομαι, Dep. to pray for with or together.

συγ-κατηγορέω, f. ἦσω, to accuse together.

συγ-κάθημαι, Ion. for συγκαθήμαι.

συγ-κατοικέω, f. ἦσω, to dwell with or together.

συγ-κατοικίζω, f. ἴσω, to colonise jointly with another, join or assist in colonising. II. to settle in a place along with. III. to establish at the same time.

συγ-κατοικίζω, f. ἴσω, to pity with or together:—Med. to bewail with or together.

συγκατορύσσω Att. -τιω, f. ἔω, to bury with.
συγκάπτω, to patch up, cobble, furbish up.
συγκέας, aor. I part. of **συγκαίω**.
σύγ-κειμαι, Pass. to lie with or together. II. to have been put together, to be composed or compounded of.
 III. to be agreed on; δ **συγκείμενος** χρόνος, or τὸ **συγκείμενον** χωρίον, the time or place agreed upon; κατὰ τὸ **συγκείμενα** according to the terms of the agreement.
 2. impers. **σύγκειται**, it is agreed on: so absol. in neut. gen., **συγκειμένου** σφί since it had been agreed to by them.
συγκεκαλυμμένος, pf. pass. part. of **συγκαλύπτω**.
συγκέκλημαι, Att. pf. pass. of **συγκλείω**: Ion. **συγκεκλήμαι**.
συγκεκομμένος, pf. pass. part. of **συγκόπτω**.
συγκέκραμαι, pf. pass. of **συγκεράννυμι**.
συγκεκράμηνος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of **συγκεράννυμι**, in a tempered manner.
συγ-κεροττημένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of **συγκροτέω**, as if welded together, i. e. firmly, closely.
συγκεκύρηκα, pf. of **συγκύρω**.
συγκέκυθα, pf. of **συγκύτω**.
συγ-κελεύω, f. σὼ, to join in ordering or bidding.
συγ-κεντέω, f. ἥσω, to pierce or stab together.
συγ-κεράννυμι or -ύω: f. -κεράσω [ᾶ]: pf. -κέρασα pass. -κέραμαι: aor. I pass. -εγράθην [ᾶ] Ion. -εκρήθην—to mix together, mingle: to blend together, temper by mixing:—Med., **συγκεράσασθαι** φίλων to form a close friendship. II. Pass. to be mixed with, become united, blend, coalesce. 2. to become deeply involved or implicated in.
συγ-κεραυνῶ, f. ὠσω, to strike with a thunderbolt, to shiver in pieces:—Pass. to be thunder-stricken, astounded.
συγ-κεφαλαιῶ, f. ὠσω, to bring under one head or summary, to sum up, reckon up.
συγκέχυμαι, pf. pass. of **συγχέω**.
συγ-κέχωμαι, pf. pass. of **συγχάννυμι**.
συγ-κινδυνεύω, f. σὼ, to incur danger along with others: to be partners in danger.
συγ-κινέω, f. ἥσω, to move or put in commotion with.
συγ-κλαίω Att. -κλάω [ᾶ]: f. -κλαύσομαι:—to weep or lament with.
συγ-κλάω, f. -κλάσω [ᾶ]: pf. pass. -κεκλασμαι:—to break or shiver together, break in pieces, crush.
σύγκλεισις Att. **σύγκλησις**, εὖς, ἡ, a shutting up, closing up. From
συγ-κλείω, f. κλείω, Ion. **συγκελίω**, f. ἥσω, old Att. **ἐνγκλήψω**, f. ἥσω: Pass., aor. I **συνεκλείσθην** old Att. **ἐννεκλήσθην**: pf. -έκλεισμαι or -ῆμαι Ion. -κεκλήσθην or -ῆμαι:—to shut up, to hem in, enclose. 2. to shut, close. 3. to close up; **συγ-κλείειν** τὰς δασίδας to lock their shields. II. Pass. to be shut in, enclosed, surrounded to be closely united.
συγ-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal along with.
συγκλένω, Ion. for **συγκλείω**.
συγ-κληρονόμος, σν, a joint-heir.

σὺγκληρος, σν, having one's lot together, having a neighbouring lot, neighbouring. II. assigned by the same lot. Hence
συγ-κληρός, f. ἔσω, to embrace in one lot. II. to assign by the same lot.
σὺγκλησις, Att. for **σύγκλεισις**.
σύγκλητος, σν, (συνκαλέω) called together, convened. II. **σύγκλητος** (sub. ἐκκλησία), ἡ, a specially convened assembly; a senate.
συγκλέω, Att. for **συγκλείω**.
συγκλινία, ἡ, a meeting of slopes, a defile. From
συγ-κλίνω [i], f. ἴνῳ, to lay together:—Pass. to lie with.
συγ-κλονέω, f. ἥσω, to shake up together, confound.
σὺγκλυς, ὕδω, δ, ἡ, (σύν, κλύω) washed together by the waves: thrown together, promiscuous.
συγ-κοιμάομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -κοιμήσομαι, pf. pass. -κεκοίμημαι:—to sleep with another, lie with. Hence
συγκοίμημα, ατος, τό, a sleeping together. II. the partner of one's bed, consort: and
συγκοίμησις, ἡ, a sleeping together.
συγ-κοιμίζω, f. σὼ, to put to bed together, join in wedlock.
συγ-κοινόομαι, Ded. to make common with, impart, give a share of.
συγκοινωνέω, f. ἥσω, to have a joint share of a thing, c. gen. rei. II. to partake in a thing, c. dat. rei. From
συγ-κοινωνός, ἡ, σν, partaking jointly of a thing.
σὺγκοιτος, σν, (σύν, κοίτη) sharing one's bed. II. of or belonging to the marriage-bed.
συγ-κολλάω, f. ἥσω, to glue or stick together. Hence
συγκολλήτης, οὔ, δ, one who glues or sticks together: metaph. a fabricator, concocter
σὺγκόλλω, σν, (σύν, κόλλα) glued together, closely joined:—Adv. **συγκόλλως**, in accordance with
συγκομιδή, ἡ, a bringing together: esp. of harvest a gathering in, bousing. From
συγ-κομίζω, f. -ίσω Att. -ῶ, to carry or bring together: of harvest, to gather it in, bouse it; in Pass., ὅργᾳ **συγκομίζεσθαι** it is ripe for carrying:—Med. to get together or gather in for oneself, supply oneself with: to send for; **συγκομίζεσθαι** πρὸς ἑαυτὸν to claim as one's own. 2. in Pass. also to be gained together. II. to help in burying.
συγκοπή, ἡ, a cutting into small pieces. II. a retrenching, cutting away; in Gramm. **συνκοπέ**, i. e. a striking out one or more letters in a word. III. a fainting fit, swoon. From
συγ-κόπτω, f. ψω, to beat together. 2. to knock in pieces, cut up. II. to thrash soundly, maltreat.
συγ-κοσιεύω, f. ἥσω, to set in order together, arrange. II. to confer honour on.
συγ-κουφίζω, f. ἴσω, to help to lighten.
σὺγκρασις, εὖς, ἡ, (συγκεράννυμι) a mixing together, blending, tempering.

συζητητής, οὗ, δ, *a fellow-inquirer : a disputer.*
 συ-ζοφόρομαι, Pass. (σύν, ζῆφος) *to grow dark together.*
 συζύγια, ἡ, (συζεύγνυμι) *union : a joint.* II. *a yoke or pair of animals.*

συζεύγναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of συζεύγνυμι.
 συζύγιος [ῥ], α, on, poet. for συζυγοί, *yoked together, joined, united.*

σύζυγος, ον, (συζυγναι) *yoked together, paired, united, esp. wedded :—as Subst., σύζυγος, ἡ, a wife :* but also, σύζυγος, δ, *a yoke-fellow, comrade, friend.*
 σύζυξ, ὅς, ἡ, = σύζυγος.

σύζωμα, ατος, τό, *a girding together.* II. *a girde.* From

συ-ζώννυμι, f. -ζῶσω, *to gird together, gird up :—Med. to gird oneself, gird up one's loins.*

συ-ζωοποιέω, f. ἥσω, *to quicken at the same time.*

σῦθεις, aor. 1 pass. part. of σέω.

σῦθεν, Aeol. for ἐσῦθσαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of σέω.

συκάριον, f. ἄσων (συκή) *to gather ripe figs.*

συκάμινον, τό, *the fruit of the συκάμνος, a mulberry, Lat. morum.*

συκάμινος, ἡ, *the mulberry-tree, Lat. morus.*

συκάς, εἰς, Ion. and Ep. συκή, ἐπὶ contr. συκῇ, ἡ, ἡ; Ion. gen. pl. συκέων : (συκον) :—*the fig-tree, Lat. ficus.*

συκῆδιον, τό, Dim. of συκον, *a small fig.*

συνέλω, f. ἴσω, (συκον) *to fatten with figs.*

συνέκινος, η, ον, (συκον) *of or belonging to the fig-tree or figs; σῦκινον ἔξωλον the wood of the fig-tree.* II.

metaph. from the spongy nature of this wood, συνικινὸν ἄνδρες weak, good-for-nothing fellows : also with allusion to συκοφάντης, false, treacherous.

συκίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (συκέ) *a slip or cutting from a fig-tree, a young fig-tree.*

συκολογέω, f. ἥσω, *to gather figs.* From

συκο-λόγος, ον, (συκον, λέγω) *gathering figs.*

συκο-μορέα, ἡ, = συκόμορος.

συκό-μορος, ἡ, (συκον, μόρον) *the fig-mulberry, an Egyptian kind, called also συκάμνος ἢ Αἰγυπτία.*

ΣΥΓΓΡΑΜΜΑ, τό, *a fig, Lat. ficus.*

συκο-πέδιλος, δ, (συκον, πέδιλον) *with sandals of fig, a parody on Ηοπτεῖς χρυσοπέδιλος.*

συκο-τραγέω, f. ἥσω, (συκον, τραγεῖν) *to eat figs.* Hence

συκοτραγῆδης, ον, δ, *a fig-nibbler.*

συκοφάντης, f. ἥσω, (συκοφάντης) *to be an informer : c. acc. pers. to inform against, accuse falsely, slander.* 2. c. acc. rei, *to lay information against a thing :* but, συκοφαντεῖν τριάκοντα μνᾶς *to extort 30 minae by laying informations; συκοφαντεῖν τί τινας to extort money from another by false informations.*

Hence
 συκοφάντημα, ατος, τό, *false accusation, slander, misrepresentation.*

συκο-φάντης, ον, δ, (συκον, φαίνω) *properly a fig-shower, i. e. one who brings figs to light by shaking the tree; or a fig-informer, i. e. one who informed against persons exporting figs from Attica : but used*

in the sense of a common informer, a false accuser, slanderer.

συκοφαντία, ἡ, (συκοφαντέω) *the behaviour of a sycophant, false accusation, slander.* Hence
 συκοφαντίας, ον, δ, *the sycophant-wind.*

συκοφαντικός, ὁ, ὄν, (συκοφάντης) *like a sycophant, slanderous.* Adv. -κῶς.

συκοφάντρια, ἡ, fem. of συκοφάντης, *a female informer.*

συκοφάσις, εως, ἡ, poet. for συκοφαντία.

συκοφορέω, f. ἥσω, *to carry figs.* From

συκο-φόρος, ον, (συκον, φέρω) *carrying figs.*
 συκόω, f. ὥσω, *to feed with figs.*

σύλα, Ep. for ἐσύλα, 3 sing. impf. of σῦλαω.

σῦλ-ἀγνέω, f. ἥσω, (σῦλον, ἄγω) *to carry off as booty or plunder.* II. *to rob, despoil.*

σῦλασσε, Ion. for ἐσύλα, 3 sing. impf. of σῦλαω.

ΣΥΤΛΑΨΩ, f. ἥσω : aor. 1 ἐσύλησα : Pass., aor. 1 ἐσυλήθην : pf. σεσύλημαι :—*to strip off the arms of a slain enemy : c. acc. pers. et rei, to strip off arms from a person, or to strip him of his arms : so also c. acc. pers. et gen. rei :—Pass. c. acc. rei, to be robbed or deprived of a thing.* 2. c. acc. pers. only, *to strip, despoil, pillage, plunder.* 3. c. acc. rei only, *to strip off : hence to take away, carry off :—Pass. to be taken away or carried off as spoil : generally, to be taken away.*

συλευόμενος, Dor. for συλούμενος, pres. pass. part. of συλῶ.

σῦλῶ and σῦλέω, collat. forms of συλάω, *to despoil.* 2. *to rob secretly, defraud : to trick, cheat.*

σῦλη, ἡ, or σῦλον, τό, only used in plur. σῦλαι, αἰ, or σῦλα, τά, (συλάω) *the right of seizing the ship or cargo of a foreign merchant : the right of seizure, right to make reprisals in case of war, answering to modern letters of marque.*

σῦληθεις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 1 pass. part. of συλάω.

σῦλητήρ, ἦρος, and σῦλητῶρ, ορος, δ, (σῦλῶ) *a robber :—fem. σῦλητέρα :*

σῦλλαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of συλλαμβάνω.

σῦλλαβέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of συλλαμβάνω.

σῦλλαβή, ἡ, (σῦλλαβεῖν) *that which holds together.* II. (from pass.) *that which is held together, esp. several letters forming one sound, a syllable; ἐν γραμμάτων συλλαβαῖς in written words.*

σῦλλαβίζω, f. σῶ, (σῦλλαμβάνω) *to read in syllables.*

σῦλ-ἄλέω, f. ἥσω, *to talk or converse with.*

σῦλ-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι : aor. 2 συνέλαβον, inf. συλλαβεῖν : pf. -είληφα, pass. -είλημμαι : cf. λαμβάνω :—*to bring together or collect into a body, to rally troops.*

III. *to put together, close the mouth and eyes (of a corpse).* IV. *to take together, lay hold of, seize, apprehend, arrest.*

IV. *to comprehend, comprise : of the mind, to comprehend, understand.* V. *to receive all together, to enjoy.* VI. *of a woman, to conceive.* VII. c. dat. pers. *to take part with another, to assist one in a thing : absol. to assist : so also in Med. συλλαμβά-*

νομαί, *to help to take bold of a thing, and so to help, assist.*

συλ-λέγω, *f. ἔω*: aor. I συνέλεξα: pf. συνείλοχα: Pass., fut. 2 συλλεγήσομαι: aor. I συνελέχθην, aor. 2 συνελέγην: pf. συνείλεγμαι and συλλέλεγμαι:—*to gather, collect, bring together*: of persons, *to call together*, also *to raise or levy an army*, Lat. conscribere:—Pass. *to come together, assemble* 2. of things, *to gather, collect*:—Pass. of things, *to become customary*.

σύλ-λεκτρος, *ον*, (σύν, λέκτρον) *sharing one's bed*: as Subst., σύλλεκτρος, *ὁ, ἡ*, *the partner of one's bed, husband or wife*.

συλλήβδην, Adv. (συλλαμβάνω) *taken together, collectively, in sum, in short*.

συλ-λήγω, *f. ἔω*, *to cease or come to an end together*.

συλληπτέος, verb. Adj. of συλλαμβάνω, *one must lay bold of together*.

συλληπτρια, *ἡ*, fem. of συλληπτωρ.

συλληπτωρ, *ορος, ὁ*, (συλλαμβάνω) *one that takes bold of with, a partner, sharer, assistant, coadjutor*.

συλληφθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of συλλαμβάνω.

σύλληψις, *εως, ἡ*, (συλλαμβάνω) *a taking or shutting together*.

II. *a seizing, laying bold of, apprehending*.

III. *a grasping with the mind, comprehension*.

IV. *conception in the womb*.

συλλήψομαι, fut. of συλλαμβάνω.

συλλογή, *ἡ*, (συλλέγω) *a gathering, collecting* 2. *a raising, levying of soldiers*, Lat. conscriptio.

II. *an assembling, an assembly, concourse, meeting*.

συλ-λογίζομαι, *f. -ίσομαι*, Dep. *to reckon all together, to sum up, reckon up*.

II. *to collect or conclude from premises*: *to infer by way of syllogism*.

συλλογίματος, *α, ον*, (συλλέγω) *collected from different places*.

συλλογιζόμες, *ὁ*, (συλλογίζομαι) *a reckoning all together, reckoning up*.

I. *a collecting from premises, reasoning*:—*a syllogism, inference or conclusion drawn from premises*.

σύλλογος, *ὁ*, (συλλέγω) *a gathering together, an assembly or meeting of persons*; σύλλογον ποιήσασθαι *to convene an assembly*.

II. *metaph. power of collecting oneself, presence of mind*.

συλ-λούομαι, Pass. *to bathe together*.

συλ-λοχίτης [ι], *ου, ὁ*, (σύν, λόχος) *a soldier of the same λόχος or company*.

συλ-λυπέω, *f. ἥσω*, *to hurt together*:—Pass. with fut. *-λυπηθήσομαι* and med. *-λυπήσομαι*, *to sympathise or console with*.

συλ-λυσοῦμαι, Pass. *to be mad in company with*.

συλ-λύω, *f. ὕσω* [ῶ], *to help in loosing or setting free*.

σθλον, *τό*, see σῦλη.

σὺλ-όνυξ, ὄχος, *ὁ, ἡ*, (συλάω, ὄνυξ) *paring the nails*.

συμβαλῆναι, aor. 2 opt. of συμβαίνειν.

συμ-βαίνω, *f. -βήσομαι*: aor. 2 συνέβην, inf. συμβήναι: pf. *-βέβακα*, syncop. 3 pl. *-βεβασί*, Ion. inf. συμβεβάναι, part. *-βεβας*: Pass., 3 sing. aor. I subj. συμβαθῇ: pf. inf. *εὐμβεβάσθαι*: (cf. *-βαίνω*):—*to*

stand with the feet together.

or beside, hence *to assist*.

III. *to come together, meet*: hence, like συνμίσγω, *to reach to or be at a place*, c. dat.; συμβαίνειν *κακοῖς* *to fall in with evils*.

2. *to agree with*, Lat. convenire: *to come to an agreement, make an agreement*; generally, *to be or make friends with*: in perf. inf. συμβεβάναι, *the terms, to be agreed on*.

3. *to suit, fit, be like* to coincide or correspond with: *to be fitting*.

IV. *to fall to one's lot*.

V. of events, *to come to pass, fall out, happen*, Lat. contingere: impers. συμβαίνει, *συνέβη* *it happens or happened that* ..; so, συμβαίνει *εἶναι* or *γίγνεσθαι*:—*τὸ συμβεβηκός, a chance event, contingency*; *κατὰ συμβεβηκός by chance*.

2. *to turn out in a certain way, whether well or ill*: absol. *to turn out well, succeed*, ἦν *εὐμβῇ* *ἡ* *εἴρα* *if the attempt succeed*.

3. of consequence, *to come out, result, ensue*: of conclusions, *to follow*.

συμ-βακχεύω, *f. σω*, *to join in the feast of Bacchus or Baccic revelry*.

σύμ-βακχος, *ὁ, ἡ*, *joining in Baccic revelry*.

συμ-βάλλω: *f. -βᾶλῶ*: aor. 2 συνέβαλον, inf. συμβᾶλῆναι: pf. *-βέβηκα*: I Med., fut. *-βλήσομαι*: Pass., aor. I συνεβλήθην:—Homer uses Ep. aor. 2 pass. συνεβλήμεν in forms *εὐμβλητο*, *-βλήτην*, *-βληητο*, subj. *σὺμβληται*, inf. *-βλήμεναι*, part. *-βλήμενος*:—*to throw or dash together*: *to bring together*, esp. of rivers, *to unite their streams*: *to throw together, collect*:—*συμβάλλειν ἀσπίδας*, *to lock, join closely their shields*; *συμβάλλειν βλέφαρα* *to close the eyes*: generally, *to join, unite*: of contracts, *to conclude, to lend money on bond*:—Med. *to contribute of one's own property, to pay a share*: generally, *to contribute, bear a part in*; *εὐμβάλλεται πολλά τοῦδε δειμάτος* *many things contribute [their share] of this fear*, i. e. *join in causing it*; *συμβάλλεσθαι ἐνίαν* *to contract friendly relations*; *συμβάλλεσθαι λόγους*, or absol. *συμβάλλεσθαι*, *to hold a conference with, converse, confer*: generally, *to do one's part, be useful*.

II. *to bring men together, to set them together, match them to fight*, Lat. committō; so also, *συμβάλλειν μάχην* *to engage in, join battle*; *εἶχθον*, *ἐπὶν συμβάλλειν* *to contract enmity, etc.*

2. Med. *to fall in with one, meet him by chance*.

III. *to put together, to compare, reckon, compute*: Pass. *to correspond*: τὸ Βαβυλωνίων τάλαντον συμβαλλόμενον πρὸς τὸ Εὐβοϊκόν *the Babylonian talent being reduced to the Euboeic*.

2. *to conclude from a comparison of facts, to conclude, infer*: c. acc. *to guess or make out by conjecture, to interpret, understand*.

IV. Med. *to agree upon*.

V. intr. *to come together*: *to meet, join*.

to engage, encounter.

συμβάς, *ἄσα, ἄν*, aor. 2 part. of συμβαίνειν.

συμ-βάσειν, Desiderat. of συμβαίνειν, *to wish to make a league or covenant with*.

συμ-βάσειν, *f. σω*, *to rule conjointly with*.

σύμβασις, *εως, ἡ*, (συμβαίνειν) *an agreement, arrangement, convention, treaty*.

II. *to stand with*

III. *to come together*

IV. Med.

V. intr.

to meet, join.

to engage, encounter.

to wish to make a league or covenant with.

to rule conjointly with.

an agreement, arrangement, convention, treaty.

συμβᾶτήριος, *ον*, and συμβᾶτικός, *ή, όν*, (συμβαίνω) *tending to agreement, conciliatory.*

συμβεβάναι [ᾶ], *Ion.* for συμβεβηκέναι, *perf. inf. of συμβαίνω.*

συμβεβᾶσθαι, *pf. inf. pass. of συμβαίνω.*

συμβήηκα, *pf.* of συμβαίνω.

συμβήναι, *aor. 2 inf. of συμβαίνω.*

συμβιάζω, *f. άσω*, to exert by force at the same time.

συμβιάξω, *f. -βιάσω*, *Att. -βιάω* :—Causal of συμβαίνει, to bring together, put together: metaph. to bring to terms, reconcile :—*Pass.* to come to terms with another. II. to compare, contrast. III. to prove. IV. to teach, instruct.

συμβιών, *f. -βιώνωμαι* : *aor. 2 συνεβίον*, *inf. συμβιώναι* : *pf. συμβεβίωκα* :—to live with.

συμβιώτης, *ου, ό*, one who lives with, a companion.

συμβλήμενος, *Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of συμβάλλω.*

συμβλήσεται, *Ep. 2 sing. fut. pass. of συμβάλλω.*

συμβλητής, *ή, όν*, *verb. Adj. of συμβάλλω*, comparable.

συμβόω, *f. -βοήσωμαι*, to cry aloud or shout together with, *τινί* : *c. acc. pers.* to shout to, call on at once.

συμβοηθεία, *ή*, joint aid or assistance. From συμβοητέω, *f. ήσω*, to render joint aid, join in giving aid.

συμβόλαιον, τό, (συμβάλλω) a mark or sign to conclude from, a token : a symptom. II. plur.

συμβόλαια, τά, a contract, covenant or bond : acknowledgment for money lent. 2. *intercourse.*

συμβόλαιος, *α, ου*, (σύμβολον) of or referring to bargains or contracts, esp. in trade.

συμβολέω, *f. ήσω*, (συμβάλλω) to fall in with.

συμβολή, *ή*, (συμβάλλω) a bringing together. II. (from *Pass.*) a coming together, meeting, joining: the part that meets, the joining, *end.* 2. a meeting, in hostile sense, an engaging, encountering. 3. a contribution, subscription :—*plur.* συμβολαί, αί, contributions to provide a common meal : *δειπνεῖν ἀπὸ συμβολῶν*, *Lat. de symbolis esse*; also the meal or entertainment itself. Hence

συμβολικός, *ή, όν*, of or for a contribution or common meal.

σύμβολον, τό, (συμβάλλω) a sign or mark to infer a thing by, a signal, token; σύμβολα λαμπάδος a beacon-fire, signal. 2. σύμβολα were also the two pieces of a coin, etc., which two contracting parties broke between them and each preserved one part,

allies, *Lat. tesserae hospitalitatis.* 3. at Athens, σύμβολον was a ticket or cheque, *Lat. tessera*, which the dicasts had given them on entering the court, and on presenting which they received their fee: also given on other occasions, as to persons who took part in a common meal: also a permit or licence.

II. σύμβολα, τά, also denoted a covenant or treaty between two states for mutual protection of commerce; σύμβολα ποιεῖσθαι πρὸς πόλιν to make a commercial treaty with a state.

σύμβολος, *ον*, (συμβάλλω) coming together: accidental. II. σύμβολος (*sub, olon*), *ό*, an augury, omen.

συμβούλευμα, *ατος, τό*, (συμβουλεύω) advice given. συμβουλευτικός, *ή, όν*, (συμβουλεύω) deliberative.

συμβουλεύω, *f. σω*, to advise, counsel, *c. dat. pers.*, as in *Lat. consulere alicui*; *c. inf.* to advise one to do : *c. acc. rei*, to recommend a thing. II. *Med.* to take counsel with a person, *Lat. consulere aliquem*: *absol.* to consult together, deliberate.

συμβουλή, *ή*, (σύν, βουλή) advice or counsel given. II. a taking counsel, consultation.

συμβουλία, *ή*, = συμβουλή 1.

συμβούλιον, τό, (σύν, βουλή) advice, counsel. II. a council.

συμβούλομαι, *fut. -βουλήσομαι*, *Dep.* to will or wish together with: to agree with.

σύμβουλος, *ό*, (σύν, βουλή) an adviser, counsellor.

συμβύς, *f. ύςω* [ῡ], to cram together.

συμμάθειν, *aor. 2 inf. of συμμαθάνω.*

συμμάθητής, *ου, ό*, (συμμαθάνω) a fellow-disciple, a school-fellow, *Lat. condiscipulus.*

συμ-μαίνομαι : *pf. 2 συμμέμνηα* : *aor. 2 pass. συνεμάνην* [ᾶ] :—to rave or be mad along with or together.

συμ-μανθάνω, *f. ήσω*, to learn along with one :—*ό* συμμαθών one who has learnt thoroughly, i. e. is used to a thing.

συμ-μάρπτω, *f. ψω*, to grasp together.

συμπαρτίρω, *f. ήσω*, to bear witness with or in accordance with, to testify to a thing with another. And συμπαρτίρομαι [ῡ], *Dep.* = συμπαρτίρῶ. From συμπαρτός, *υπος, ό*, *ή*, a fellow-witness.

συμμάχω, *f. ήσω*, (σύμμαχος) to be an ally, be in alliance with: and so generally, to help, aid. Hence συμμάχια *Ion. -ίη, ή*, in war, an alliance offensive and defensive (whereas *ἐπμαχία* is a defensive alliance) :—generally, aid, succour, help. II. = *οι σύμμαχοι*, the body of allies: also an auxiliary force.

Hence

συμμάχικός, *ή, όν*, of or for alliance; *θεοὶ ἐνμαχικοὶ* the gods invoked at the signing of an alliance. II. τὸ συμμαχικόν, = *οι σύμμαχοι*, the auxiliaries, allied forces. 2. a treaty of alliance.

συμ-μάχης, *ιδος*, *pecul. fem. of σύμμαχος*, allied: *ή ἐνμαχίς* (*sub. πόλις*), an allied state. II. the body of allies.

συμ-μάχομαι, *f. -μαχοῦμαι*, *Dep.* to fight along with, to be an ally: generally, to take part with.

συμ-μάχος, *ον*, (σύν, μάχη) fighting along with, allied with, auxiliary :—as *Subst.*, σύμμαχος, *ό*, an ally, auxiliary in war: an assistant, helper, supporter. συμμέμνημι, *pf. pass. of συμμύνημι.*

συμ-μεθίπω, to sway jointly with.

συμ-μελετάω, *f. ήσω*, to practise with or together.

συμ-μένω, *f. -μενῶ*, to stay together, keep together. 2. to hold together, abide, continue.

συμ-μερίζω, f. σω, (σύν, μέρος) to give a share of a thing with others:—Med. to receive a share of a thing jointly with others, c. dat.

συμ-μεταβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go over or away along with.

συμ-μεταβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to join in changing:—Pass. to change sides and take part with.

συμ-μεταχειρίζομαι, f. -σομαι: Dep.: also Act. συμμεταχειρίζω:—to manage or take charge of along with.

συμ-μετέχω, f. -μετέλω, (σύν, μετέχω) to take part in or partake of along with.

συμ-μετίσχω, = συμμετέχω.

συμμέτοχος, ον, (συμμετέχω) partaking in jointly.

συμ-μετρέω, f. ήσω, to make commensurate with or proportional to a thing:—Med. to compute, ascertain: to make an estimate of a thing:—Pass. to be commensurate, measured out along with; ήμαρ συμμεβούμενον χρόνῳ this day being measured with the time of his absence. Hence

συμμέτρησις, ήα measuring by a standard, admeasurement.

συμμετρία, ή, symmetry, due proportion. From σύμ-μετρος, ον, (σύν, μέτρον) measured or commensurate with: of like measure or size with. II. in due proportion, symmetrical, fitting, meet. 2. resembling, like: of like age with, keeping measure with.

II. Adv., συμμέτρως ἔχειν to be in proportion: -Comp. -ότερον, in a manner better fitted.

συμ-μητιάομαι, f. -άσομαι [ᾱ], Dep. to take counsel with or together.

συμ-μηχανόομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to contrive together, to help to bring about.

σύμμιγν̄, Adv. confusedly, all together with. From συμμιγν̄ναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of συμμίγνυμι.

συμμιγν̄ς, ἐς, (συμμιγν̄ναι) mixed up together, blended, mingled, promiscuous: common.

συμ-μίγνυμι or -ύω: fut. συμμίξω: Ep. and Ion. pres. συμμίσχω:—to mix or mingle one thing with another, commingle, blend: metaph. to bring in connexion with, unite: to communicate a thing to a person.

II. Pass., with fut. med. συμμιζομαι, to be commingled or blended: to be formed by combination: of rivers, to join, unite: to be brought in contact or collision with. III. intrans. in Act., to have dealings or intercourse with: to converse with: to treat or negotiate with: also 2. to engage, encounter, come to blows. Hence

συμμικτός, ὄν, commingled, promiscuous. II. mingled, confounded.

συμ-μιμέομαι, Dep. to join in imitating. Hence συμμιμητής, οὗ, ὁ, a joint or fellow imitator.

συμ-μνησκόομαι, pl. -μέμνημαι, Dep. (σύν, μνησκειν) to remember, bear in mind along with.

συμμιζαι, aor. 1 inf. of συμμιγνυμι.

σύμμιξις, ἐως, ή, (συμμίγνυμι) a mixing together, commixture.

II. intercourse.

συμ-μίσγω, Ep. and Ion. for συμμίγνυμι.

σῶμ-μολπες, ον, (σύν, μολπή) in harmony or unison with, harmonious.

συμ-μορία, ή, (σύν, μέρος) a joint division: at Athens, the 1200 wealthiest citizens were divided into 20 συμμορία or companies, two in each tribe (φυλή), each company being in turn liable to discharge extraordinary expenses.

σύμ-μορος, ον, (σύν, μέρος) contributing or rated along with: οἱ ἐξέμμοροι the confederate states of Boeotia.

συμ-μορφίζω, = συμμορφύω. From σύμ-μορφος, ον, (σύν, μορφή) like-shaped, conformed to. Hence

συμμορφός, f. ὥσω, to form or fashion alike:—Pass. to be conformed to.

συμ-μοχθέω, f. ήσω, to share in toil with.

συμ-μύω, f. ύσω [ῡ]: intrans. to be shut up close, be closed, of wounds; also of the eyelids and lips. II. trans. to shut, close.

συμπάθεια, ή, (συμπάθη) fellow-feeling, sympathy.

συμπάθειω, f. ήσω, to feel with or together, to sympathise with a person, sympathise in a thing. From

συμ-πάθης, ἐς, (σύν, παθεῖν) of like feelings, sympathetic: sympathising with.

συμπάθια, ή, poet. for συμπάθεια.

συμπάθως, Adv. of συμπάθης, sympathetically.

συμ-παίδνιζω, f. ίσω, to raise the pæan with another: to shout out together.

συμ-παιδεύω, f. σω, to teach together:—Pass. to be educated with others.

συμ-παίζω, f. -παίζομαι, to play or sport with: absol. to play together: c. acc. cognato, συμπαίζειν ἑορτήν μετά τινος to keep holiday with. Hence

συμπαίκτης, ον, ὁ, = συμπαιστής: fem. συμπαίκτηρια.

συμ-παίκτηρ, ορος, ὁ, = συμπαιστής.

συμπαίσδεν, Dor. for συμπαίζειν.

συμ-παιστής, οὗ, ὁ, (συμπαίζω) a playmate, play-fellow: fem. συμπαίστρια, ή.

συμ-παίστωρ, ορος, ὁ, = συμπαιστής.

συμ-παίω, f. -παίησα: aor. 1 -έπαισα:—to beat, strike, dash one thing against another. II. intrans. to dash or beat against.

σύμπαν, τό, neut. of σύμπας, q. v.

συμ-παράβω, f. ύσω [ῡ], to cram in along with.

συμ-παράγινομαι, Dep. to come in or come to hand at the same time. II. to come in to assist.

συμ-παράθω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run along with.

συμ-παραινέω, f. έσω, to exhort together: to join in recommending or approving.

συμ-παρακαθίζω, f. ίσω, to set beside with another: Med. to set beside or with.

συμ-παρακάλω, f. έσω, to call upon or exhort together: to invite at the same time. II. to ask for at the same time.

συμ-παρακλεύομαι, Med. to join in exciting.

συμ-παράκολουθεω, f. ήσω, to follow along with, follow close, stick to.

συμ-παρομιζω, f. σω, to conduct alongside together: of ships, to convoy along shore.

συμ-παράκλπτω, f. ψω, to bend oneself along with.

συμ-παραλαμβάνω, f. -λῆψομαι, to take along with.

συμ-παράμειναι, to stay along with or among, c. dat.

συμ-παράμειναι or -ύω, f. -μῖξω, to mix in together.

συμ-παράνευω, f. σοι, to nod assent, incline both ways, of ambiguous oracles.

συμ-παράνηχομαι, f. -νήξομαι, Dep. to swim beside together.

συμ-παράπεμπω, f. ψω, to escort along with others.

συμ-παράπλῃμι, f. -ολέσω, to destroy along with:—Pass. and Med., with pf. 2 -όλωλα, to perish along with or besides.

συμ-παρασκευάζω, f. σω, to get ready or bring about along with others: to join in preparing or providing for.

συμ-παραστιάτω, f. ἦσω, to stand by one so as to help or support. From

συμ-παραστάτης, ου, δ, (συμπάρισταμαι) one who stands by to aid, a joint helper or assistant.

συμ-παράτασσομαι Att. -ττομαι, Pass. to be set in array with others, be drawn up in battle order along with.

συμ-παρτηρέω, f. ἦσω, to watch alongside of or together.

συμ-πατρύφω, f. -θρέψω, to feed or nurture along with.

συμ-παράφέρω, f. -πορίσω, to carry forth along with:—Pass. to rush forth or along with.

συμ-παρεδρεύω, f. σω, to sit beside or along with.

συμ-πάρεμι, inf. παρίναμι, (εἰμι sum) to be present along with: to be present together or at the same time.

συμ-πάρεμι, inf. παρίναμι, (εἰμι ido) to go along at the same time: to go on together.

συμ-παρεισέρχομαι, fut. -παρελίσσεται: aor. 2 act. -παρήλθον, pf. -παρελήλυθα: Dep.:—to go or slip into along with.

συμ-παρέπομαι, Dep. to go along with, accompany.

συμ-παρέχω, f. ἔω, to offer or present along with.

συμ-παρίπταμαι, Dep. to fly along with.

συμ-παρίστημι, to place together by the side of:

—Pass. and Med., with aor. 2 act. -παρέστην, pf. -παρέστηκα, to stand beside so as to assist.

συμ-παρομαρτέω, f. ἦσω, to follow together with, to accompany closely.

συμ-παροξύνω, f. ὕνω, to provoke together with.

σύμ-πας Ep. and Att. ξύμ-πας, -πᾶσα, -πᾶν: all together, all at once, all in a body: in sing. the whole together. II. τὸ σύμπαν the whole together, the sum of the matter:—τὸ σύμπαν also as Adv., altogether, on the whole, in general.

συμ-πάσχω, f. -πέσσομαι, to feel or be affected along with: to have a fellow-feeling, sympathise with.

συμ-πάτασσω, f. ἔω, to strike along with or together.

συμ-πάτεω, f. ἦσω, to tread together, tread clothes in washing.

2. to trample under foot.

συμ-πατριώτης, ου, δ, a fellow-countryman.

συμ-πεδάω, f. ἦσω, to bind together, bind hand and foot: metaph. of frost, to benumb, cramp.

συμ-πειθω, f. σω, to persuade along with or together, to join in persuading:—Pass. to be persuaded at the same time.

σύμ-πειρος, ου, (σύν, πείρα) acquainted with a thing.

συμ-πέμψω, f. ψω, to send or despatch along with or together.

2. to help in conducting.

συμ-πενθew, f. ἦσω, trans. to mourn for or bewail along with others.

II. intr. to mourn together with.

σύμ-πεντε, (σύν, πέντε) five together, by fives.

συμ-περαίνω, f. ἀνῶ, to finish along with or at the same time, to join in finishing: to secure or conclude firmly:—in Logic, συμπεραίνεται it is concluded, the conclusion is so and so.

II. Med. συμπεραίνομαι, to join fully in a thing with.

συμ-πέρβω, f. σω, to destroy with, help to destroy.

συμ-περιάγω, f. ἔω, to lead about along with or together:—Med. to lead about with oneself.

συμ-περιεμῖ, inf. -έναι, (εἰμι ido) to go about along with.

συμ-περιλαμβάνω, f. -λῆψομαι, to embrace or comprehend together with: to comprehend in a treaty with others.

συμ-περινοστέω, f. ἦσω, to go to and fro, travel about with.

συμ-περιφέρω, to carry about with. II. Pass.

συμπεριφέρομαι, to be carried round about with: to revolve with.

2. to have intercourse or associate with one: to accommodate or adapt oneself to.

συμ-πέσσω Att. -ττω: fut. -πέψω:—to help in cooking: to digest entirely.

συμπέφρασμαι, pf. of συμφράζομαι.

συμπέφυρμαι, pf. pass. of συμφύραμι.

συμ-πήγνυμι and -ύω: fut. -πήξω:—to put together, frame, construct.

2. to make solid, congeal.

II. Pass., with pf. 2 act. συμπέπηγα, to be compounded.

2. to congeal or become frozen together. Hence

σύμ-πηκτος, ου, joined together, framed, constructed.

συμ-πίεζω, f. ἔσω, to press or squeeze together, to grasp closely, squeeze hard:—Pass. to be squeezed up.

συμ-πίνω [ῖ], f. -πίομαι: aor. 2 συνέπιον, inf. συμπεῖναι:—to drink with or together, join in a drinking-bout with.

συμ-πίπτω, f. -πέσσομαι: aor. 2 συνέπεσον: pf. συμπεπτόνα:—to fall together, meet violently, Lat. concurrere: to meet in battle, to encounter, come to blows.

2. generally, to fall in with, meet with.

3. of accidents, to fall or light upon, happen to.

4. absol. to happen or fall out at the same time, concur.

5. impers. συνέπιπτε, συνέπεσε it happened, fell out, came to pass.

II. to coincide, agree or be in accordance with: absol. to agree exactly.

III. to fall together, fall in, collapse, Lat. concidere: σύμμα

συμπεσόν a frame fallen away by sickness.

συμ-πίτω, poet. for συμπίπτα, to fall together, dash

together.

II. to agree.

συμπλάκῃναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of συμπλέκω.
σύμ-πλάνος, ον, (σύν, πλάνος) wandering or roa-
ming about together.

συμπλάσας [ᾶ], aor. 1 part. of συμπλάσσω.
συμ-πλάσσω, f. -πλάσσω [ᾶ]: aor. 1 συνέπλᾶσα:
—to mould or fashion together, γαλῆς out of clay. II.
metaph. to fabricate together.

συμ-πλάτῳ, f. ἥσῳ, to clasp together.
σύμπλεκτος, ον, twined together, interlaced. From
συμ-πλέκω, f. ἔω: aor. 1 συνέπλεξα: Pass., aor. 2
συνεπλάκην [ᾶ]: pf. συμπέπληγμαι:—to twine or
plait together: also to twist, force together. II.

Pass. to be twined together, plaited: of persons wrest-
ling, to be locked together, to be engaged in a close
struggle: of a ship, to be entangled with her oppo-
nent: metaph. to be entangled in: ἔχνη συμπεπλεγ-
μένα a maze of footsteps.

συμ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail, float, swim along
with or together.

συμ-πληγᾶς, ἄδος, fem. Adj. (συμπλήσσω) striking
or dashing together II. Συμπληγάδες (sc. πέ-
τραι), αἱ, the clashing or jostling rocks, the Κυνεαὶ
τῆσοι, which were supposed to close on all who sailed
between them: also συνδρομάδες.

συμπληγῶν, Adv. (συμπλήσσω) by beating or
dashing together

συμ-πληθύνω [ῶ], to multiply together.
συμ-πληθύω, to help to fill, swell, increase.

συμ-πληρῶ, f. ὦσω, to help to fill, fill completely:
of ships, to man with a full complement.

συμπλοκή, ἡς, ἡ, (συμπλέκω) an intertwining II.
a close struggle

σύμπλοκος, ον, (συμπλέκω) entwined, interwoven.

σύμπλοος, ον contr. -πλοος, ον: (συμπλέω):—
sailing with one on board ship:—as Subst., ξύμπλοος,
δ, a shipmate: metaph. a partner or comrade in a thing.

συμ-πλώω, Ep. and Ion. for συμπλέω.

συμ-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to blow or breathe toge-
ther. II. metaph. to agree with, Lat. conspirare;

συμπνεῖν ἱμαῖους τύχαις to blow with, i.e. be carried
along with, sudden blasts.

συμ-πνίγω [ῖ], f. -πνιξομαι, to throttle: to choke up.

συμ-πνύζω, f. ἴσω Att. ὦ, to tie the feet together,
bind hand and foot: metaph. to entangle, involve.

συμ-ποιέω, f. ἥσω; to help in doing.

συμ-ποιμαίνω, Pass. (σύν, ποιμαίνω) to feed toge-
ther: to herd together.

συμ-πολεμῶ, f. ἥσω, to take part in a war with.

συμ-πολιορκέω, f. ἥσω, to join in besieging, besiege
jointly.

συμπολιτεύω, f. ὦω, to be a fellow-citizen, be a
member of the same state: so also in Med. συμπολι-
τεύομαι; οἱ συμπολιτευόμενοι one's fellow-citizens.

συμ-πολιτῆς [ῖ], ον, δ, a fellow-citizen, Lat. concivis.

συμ-πομπέω, f. ὦω, to accompany in a procession.

συμ-πονέω, f. ἥσω, to work with or together, to help,
or relieve in work.

συμ-πονηρεύομαι, Dep. to join in villainy, play the
knave together.

συμ-πορεύομαι, fut. med. -πορεύσομαι: aor. 1 pass.
συνεπορεύην: Dep. 1—to go or journey together.

συμ-πορθέω, f. ἥσω, like συμπερθεῖν, to help to de-
molis or lay waste.

συμ-πορίζω, f. ἴσω, to help in procuring or providing.

συμπόσις, ἡ, (συμπίνω) a drinking together.

συμποσί-αρχος, δ, (συμπόσιον, ἀρχῶν) the president
of a drinking-party, toastmaster, Lat. magister bē-
bendi.

συμπόσιον, τό, (συμπίνω) a drinking-party, enter-
tainment, Lat. convivium.

συμπότης, ον, δ, (συμπίνω) a fellow-drinker, boon
companion. Hence

συμποτικός, ἡ, ὅν, of or suited for a συμπόσιον or
drinking-party, convivial:—as Subst., συμποτικός, δ,
a jolly fellow.

συμ-πράκτω Ion. -πρήκτω, opoσ, δ, a helper, as-
sistant; συμπρακτὸρ ὁδοῦ a fellow-wayfarer. From

συμ-πράσσω Att. -πτω Ion. συμπρήσσω: fut. ἔω:
aor. 1 συνέπραξα:—to do with another, to help in
doing: to act with, assist. 2. to be in the interest
of another, side with another. II. Med. συμπρά-
σσομαι, to help in exacting a debt.

συμ-πρεπής, ἐς, (σύν, πρέπω) befitting, befitting.

συμπρεσβυτής, οὔ, δ, a fellow-ambassador. From

συμ-πρεσβεύω, to be a fellow-ambassador, be asso-
ciated with on an embassy:—Med. to join in sending
an embassy.

σύμ-πρεσβυς, εως, δ, a joint-ambassador.

συμ-πρεσβύτερος, δ, a fellow-presbyter or elder.

συμ-πρήκτω, opoσ, δ, Ion. for συμπράκτω.

συμ-πρήσσω, Ion. for συμπράσσω.

συμ-πριάσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of συνανέομαι (no pres.
συμ-πρίαμαι in use), to buy together, buy up.

συμ-προθύμιομαι: f. med. -ἤσομαι: aor. 1 pass.
-προθύμηνην: Dep. 1—to join zealously in promot-
ing, to have equal zeal for a thing: absol. to share
one's eagerness.

συμ-προξενέω, f. ἥσω, to help in furnishing with
means.

συμ-προπεμπω, f. ῶω, to escort together, join in
escorting.

σύμπυκτος, ον, folded together, fitted together.

From

συμ-πύσσω, f. ἔω, to fold together, fold up and
lay by.

συμπυθῆν, aor. 1 pass. part. neut. of συμπίπτω.

σύμπυτμα, ατος, τό, (συμπίπτω) anything that has
befallen one, a chance, mischance, calamity.

σύμ-πυκνος, ον, (σύν, πυκνός) compressed.

συμ-πυνθάνομαι, Dep. to ascertain along with.

συμ-πύρῳ, f. ὦω, to burn up or consume along
with or together.

συμ-φάγειν, aor. 2 inf. of συν-εσθίω.

συμ-φερόν, τό, see συμφέρειν II. 3. Hence
συμφέρων, Adv. profitably, with expedience.

σὺμφερτός, ἡ, ὄν, (σὺμφέρω) brought together, united, banded.

σὺμ-φέρω, f. σὺνοίωω. aor. I σὺνήνεγκα Ion. ἤνευκα: aor. 2 σὺνήνεγκον: pf. σὺνήνεχα: (cf. φέρω):—to bring together, gather, collect: to contribute.

2. to match together. 3. to bear along with or jointly, help to bear; σὺμφέρειν κακά to bear evils with others: hence to bear with, excuse. II. intr. to be useful or profitable, conduce to one's advantage.

2. impers. σὺμφέρει, it is of use, profitable expedient. 3. part. σὺμφέραν, οντα, ὄν, useful, expedient: neut. σὺμφέραν, οντος, τό, that which is useful, an advantage, expediency. 4. to agree with: to assist: to come to terms with, give way to. 5. of events, to happen, take place, turn out.

III. Pass. σὺμφέρομαι, fut. med. σὺνοίσομαι: aor. I pass. σὺνήνεχθην Ion. σὺνήνεχθην: pf. σὺνήνεγμα:—to come together, meet in hostile sense, to meet in battle, engage, Lat. congređi. 2. to agree together, agree with, allow, assent to: to bear with. 3. generally, to be acquainted, versed in. 4. of events, to happen, turn out: also impers., it happens, falls out: οὐδέν σφι χρηστὸν σὺνεφέρο no good came of it to them.

σὺμ-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee along with: to be banished or be in exile along with.

σὺμ-φημι, to assent, say yes to, approve fully: to agree with, τινί: c. inf. to agree that...

σὺμ-φθέγγομαι, f. -ξομαι, Dep. to accord with.

σὺμ-φθείρω, to destroy along with or entirely.

σὺμ-φθίβω [Υ], to perish along with: so in aor. 2 pass. σὺνέφθιτο.

σὺμ-φθογγος, ὄν, sounding together.

σὺμ-φιλῶ, f. ἤσω, to love mutually, join in loving.

σὺμ-φίλονεικίω, f. ἤσω, to be emulous along with: to take zealous interest in.

σὺμ-φλέγω, f. ἤσω, to set on fire together, burn to ashes.

σὺμ-φιλοσοφῶ, f. ἤσω, to join in philosophic study.

σὺμ-φιλοτιμέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to join in emulous efforts.

σὺμ-φοβέω, f. ἤσω, to frighten along with:—Pass. to be afraid at the same time.

σὺμ-φοιτῶ Ion. -έω: fut. ἤσω:—to go regularly to a place together: to go to school together. Hence σὺμφοίτησις, ἡ, a going to school together. And σὺμφοιτητής, οὗ, ὅ, a schoolfellow.

σὺμ-φονεύω, f. σὼ, to kill along with or together.

σὺμφορά Ion. -ρή, ἡ, (σὺμφέρω) a bringing together.

II. an event, circumstance, chance, either in good or bad sense, but commonly the latter, a mishap, mischance, misfortune, disaster, calamity: but also good luck, a piece of good fortune.

σὺμφορεὺς, ὁ, (σὺμφέρω) a Lacedaemonian officer, a kind of aide-de-camp.

σὺμ-φορέω, f. ἤσω, to bring together, gather, bear up.

σὺμφορησις, εως, ἡ, (σὺμφορέω) a bringing together.

σὺμφορητός, ἡ, ὄν, (σὺμφορέω) brought together, promiscuous.

σὺμφορος, ὄν, (σὺμφέρω) happening with, accom-

panying.

II. useful, profitable, expedient: suitable, proper, convenient. Hence

σὺμφόρος, Adv. profitably: σὺμφόρος ἔχειν to be expedient: Comp. σὺμφορώτερον; Sup. -ώτατα.

σὺμφράδην, ὄν, ὁ, ἡ, giving good counsel: as Subst. a counsellor. From

σὺμ-φράζομαι, f. -άσομαι: aor. I σὺνεφράσάμην, Dep. 3 sing. σὺμφράσσατο: pf. pass. σὺμπέφρασμαι, Dep. I:—to take counsel with: to debate, consider, contrive together.

σὺμ-φράσσω Att. -πτω: f. ξω: aor. I σὺνέφραξα: to press or pack closely together. II. to force into an enclosed space.

σὺμ-φροντίξω, f. ἴσω, to have a joint care for.

σὺμ-φρουρος, ὄν, (σύν, φρουρά) keeping ward together; μέλαθρον ξύμφρουρον ἐμοί the chamber that keeps watch with me, i.e. in which I lie without sleeping.

σὺμ-φρων, ὄν, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, φρήν) of one mind, agreeing, brotherly: favouring, propitious.

σὺμ-φύγας, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, φυγή) a fellow-exile.

σὺμφυεῖς, aor. 2 pass. part. of σὺμφύνω.

σὺμ-φυής, ἐς, (σὺμ-φύομαι) growing together, attached to, congenital.

σὺμ-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, a fellow-watchman, warder, or guard. [Υ]

σὺμ-φύλασσω, f. ξω, to keep guard along with or together. 2. c. acc. to guard together.

σὺμ-φύλετης, ὄν, ὁ, of or from the same tribe, Lat. contriūdis: generally, a countryman.

σὺμ-φύλος, ὄν, (σύν, φύλις) of the same tribe or race: οἱ σὺμφυλοι his congeners.

σὺμφυρτος, ὄν, kneaded or mixed together: metaph. confounded, confused. From

σὺμ-φύρω [Υ]: pf. pass. σὺμπέφυρμαι:—to knead or mix together, to blend, combine: metaph. to confound, confuse.

σὺμ-φύσω, f. ἡσω, to blow together, make up, Lat. consflare. II. metaph. to agree exactly, harmonise.

σὺμ-φύτω, f. σὼ, to plant in together: metaph. to contrive or concoct with.

σὺμφύτος, ὄν, (σὺμφύω) planted together with, congenital, innate, inborn; σὺμφυτος αἰών one's natural age; ἐς τὸ σὺμφυτον according to one's nature.

σὺμ-φύω, f. ὤσω: aor. I σὺνέφύσα:—to make to grow together. II. Pass., with act. pf. σὺμπέφυκα, aor. 2 σὺνέφυν, aor. 2 pass. part. σὺμφυεῖς:—to grow together, to grow into one.

σὺμ-φωνέω, f. ἤσω, to agree in sound, be in harmony or unison. II. generally, to agree with, to make an agreement or engagement with. Hence

σὺμφώνησις, ἡ, an agreeing in sound, agreement.

σὺμφωνία, ἡ, (σὺμφωνος) an agreeing in sound, harmony. II. sympathy or unison of voices or instruments in concord.

σὺμ-φωνος, ὄν, (σύν, φωνή) agreeing in sound, harmonious: as Subst. a musician. II. metaph. in unison or concert with, friendly.

σὺμ-ψαύω, f. σὼ, to touch one another.

συν-ψάω, inf. -ψήν: f. -ψήσω: aor. I συνέψαα:—to *scrape together*, to *wipe out*, *sweep away*, as a torrent.
συν-ψηφίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to *reckon together*, *count up*, *compute*. II. Med. to *vote with*.

σύν-ψηφος, ov, *voting with* another.
σύν-ψυχος, ov, (σύν, ψυχή) of *one mind*, *unanimous*.
ΣΥΝ old Att. ξύν, Prep. with dat., Lat. cum:—*along with*, *in company with*, *together with*.

2. with collat. notion of help, σύν θεῷ with God's help, (the God being conceived as *standing with* or *by* one); σύν τινι εἶναι to be *with* another, *on his side*.

3. *furnished with*, *endued with*; σύν ὅπλοις *with arms*. 4. *in connexion*, *conjunction with*; σύν τῷ σὺ ἀγαθῷ *with advantage* to you; σύν τοῖς νόμοις *in accordance with the laws*.

5. *more rarely* of the instrument or means *with* or *by* which a thing is done, *with*, *by means of*; σύν νεφέεσσι κάλυψεν γαῖαν καὶ πύκτον he *covered earth and sea with clouds*.

σύν as Adv., *together*, *at once*, *jointly*. 2. δε-κτες, *moreover*, *furthermore*, *too*.

συν— in Compos., *with*, *along with*, *together*, *at the same time*. With a transit. Verb it may mean *two things*, e. g. σύν in συγ-κτείνειν may mean *to kill one person as well as others*, or *to join with others in killing*.

2. of the completion of an action, quite, *thoroughly*, *completely*. 3. with numerals it has a separate force, σύνδυο *two* and *two together*, by twos.

II. συν-, before β, μ, π, φ, ψ, changes into σμ-; before γ, κ, ξ, χ, into συγ-; before λ, into συλ-; before σ into συσ-.

σύν, acc. of σὺς.

συνάγειν, aor. 2 act. int. of συνάγω.

συνάγον, Dor. for συνήγαγον, aor. 2 of συνάγω.

συν-άγγελος, ἡ, a *fellow-messenger*.

συν-αγείρω: f. αἰγῶ: aor. I συνήγειρα Ep. ξυνα-γῆρα: Pass., aor. I συνηγέρην, Ep. 3 pl. συνάγεσθαι: to *gather persons together*, *assemble* or *collect them*;

Med. and Pass. to *gather themselves together* or *be gathered together*, to *come together*, *assemble*; συνα-γόμενοι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part., *those assembled*. II. to *collect things*; and in Med. to *collect for oneself*.

III. συναγείρειν ἑαυτὸν to *collect oneself*: Pass. to *recover one's strength*, *rally*.

συν-αγνέω, f. ἥσω, to *bring together*, to *collect*.

συν-αγκεία, ἡ, (σύν, ἀγκος) = *μσγαγκεία*.

συν-ἀντῆμι, f. -άξω: aor. I συνέταξα:—to *break together*, *break in pieces*, *shiver*.

συν-ἀγορεύω, f. σω, to *speak with* another, *join in advising* or *recommending*: to *agree* to, *concur in*. II. to *speak with* or *in behalf* of a person, *support*, *advocate his cause*.

συν-αγρεύω, (σύν, ἀγρῶ) to *join in the chase*.

συναγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of συναγείρω.

συν-άγω, f. -άξω: aor. I σύνηξα: aor. 2 συνήγαγον:

Att. pf. σύνηχα, later συναγῆχα: pf. pass. σύνηγμαι:—to *lead* or *bring together*, to *gather together*, *assemble*: συναγεῖν Ἀργα, πύλεμον to *join battle*: also

to *set to fight*, *match one against the other*: also *into* to *engage*.

II. to *bring together*, *unite*, *combine*: συναγεῖν γάμους to *contract a marriage*.

2. metaph. to *bring together*, *reconcile*. III. to *draw together*, *straiten*, *narrow*, *contract*.

IV. to *gather from premises*, *collect*, *infer*. Hence

συνάγωγός, ὅς, δ, one who *brings together*, a *uniter*.

συνάγωγῃ, ἡ, (συνάγω) a *bringing together*, a *gathering*, *uniting*, *collecting*; συναγωγή πολέμου a *levying war*.

2. a *place of meeting* or *assembling*: among the Jews after the captivity, a *synagogue*. II.

drawing together, *contracting*.

συν-ἀγωνίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ισύμαι: Dep. I:—to *contend along with*, to *share* or *take part in a contest*: to *help in a contest*. Hence

συνάγωνστής, ὅς, δ, one who *contends along with* a fellow-combatant: generally, an *assistant*.

συν-ἀδελφος, ov, one that has a *brother* or *sister*.

συν-ᾄδικία, f. ἥσω, to *join in doing wrong* or *injury*.

συν-ᾄδω Ion. συν-αείδω: f. -ᾄσομαι:—to *sing with* or *together*, to *accompany in a song*. 2. generally, to *accord with*, *agree with*. II. c. acc. to *sing* or *celebrate together*.

συν-αείρω, aor. I -ἔειρα, poet. form of συναίρω. II. to *yoke together*: Med. to *yoke together for oneself*.

συν-αείξω, poet. for συναύξω.

συν-αθλέω, f. ἥσω, to *contend along with*, *share* or *take part in a contest*.

συν-ᾄπολίζω, f. σω, to *gather together*, *assemble*.

συν-ᾄτλην, Adv. (σύν, ἀίσω) *pressing violently together*.

σύν-αιμος, ov, (σύν, αἷμα) of *common blood*, *kindred*; νεῖκος ξύναιμον *strife between kinsmen*; Ζεὺς ξύναιμος *Jove the protector of kin*:—as Subst., σύναιμος, δ, ἡ, a *kinsman* or *kinswoman*, a *brother* or *sister*.

συναίμων, ovos, δ, ἡ, = σύναιμος.

συν-αινέω, f. ἔσω, to *join in praising* or *approving*: to *agree* or *come to terms with* a person. II. to *agree* to a thing, *grant it at once*.

συν-αίνυμαι, defect. Dep. to *take hold of together*: to *gather up*: Ep. 3 sing. impf. συναίνυτο.

συν-αίρω, fut. ἥσω: fut. 2 συνεῶ: aor. 2 συνεῖλα Ep. σύνελον, part. συνελάν: (cf. αἰρέω):—to *grasp* or *seize together*, *seize at once*.

2. to *bring into small compass*, *comprise*, *comprehend*; hence, συνελὼν λέγω I *say briefly*. II. to *help to conquer* or *subdue*: metaph. to *cut short*, *make an end of*, *destroy*.

συν-αίρω poet. συναείρω (q. v.), to *raise*, *lift*, *take up together*; συναίρειν λόγον to *cast up accounts*.

II. Med. to *take part in a thing*, c. gen. rei: to *help bear* or *support*, *undertake jointly*. II. Pass. to be *joined*, *knitted together*.

συν-αισθάνομαι, f. -αισθόσμαι, to *perceive* or *feel together*.

συν-αίτιος, ov, also α, ov, (σύν, αἷμα) being the *joint cause* of a thing, *helping towards*: *sharing* in the *guilt*, *accessory to*:—as Subst., συναίτιος, δ, ἡ, an *accomplice*, *tying in a thing*.

συν-αἰμαζέω, f. ἄσω, to fight along with.
 συν-αἰμαζώτορος, ον, a fellow-prisoner.
 συν-αἰωρέομαι, Pass. to be held in suspense with.
 συν-ακμάω, f. σω, to blossom or flourish together.
 συν-ακολασθῆναι, to live dissolutely together.
 συν-ἀκολουθῆναι, f. ἦσω, to follow along with or closely: to follow an argument, understand.
 συν-ἀκοντίζω, f. ἴσω, to throw a javelin together or at the same time.
 συν-ἀκούω, f. ἀκούσομαι, to hear along with or at the same time. 2. to bear one another.
 συνακτίον, verb. Adj. of συνάγω, one must bring together.
 συνακτικὸς, ἡ, ὄν, (συνάγω) able to bring together: τὸ συνακτικόν power of accumulation in oratory.
 συν-ἀλάλῃω, f. ἄσω, to cry aloud with
 συν-αλγέω, f. ἦσω, to share in suffering or grieving for. II. to feel with, sympathise in: absol. to share in sorrow.
 συν-αλγῆδόν, ὄνος, ἡ, joint pain or grief:—in Plut. = αἰ συναλγούσαι, partners in grief.
 συν-αλείφω, f. ψω, to smear together, daub over: to help to anoint.
 συν-ἀλιζέω, f. ξω, (σύν, ἄλια) = συναλίζω.
 συν-ἀλίζω, f. ἴσω: aor. I Ion. συνάλισα: to gather together, collect, assemble:—Pass. to come together, meet.
 συναλλάγῃ, ἡ, (συναλλάσσω) an interchange; λόγων ἐναλλαγαὶ interchange of words: absol. a making up of strife, reconciliation: pl. ἐναλλαγαί, a treaty of peace. 2. commerce, intercourse. II. intervention, interference, interpositions: νόσου ἐναλλαγῇ by the intervention of disease. 2. a contingency, result.
 συνάλλαγμα, ατος, τό, (συναλλάσσω) a mutual agreement, covenant, contract.
 συν-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I συνήλλαξα:—Pass., aor. I συνηλλάχην: pf. συνήλλαγμα:—to interchange with: to exchange. 2. intr. to deal, associate, have intercourse with. II. to bring into association or union with: to reconcile:—Pass. and Med. to be reconciled with, come to terms: make a league or alliance with: make peace.
 συν-ἄλωάω poet. -ἄλωάω: f. ἦσω: aor. I συνηλόησα:—to thresh with or together: to dash to pieces, smash.
 συν-ἄμδ, Adv. for σύν ἅμα, together.
 συν-ἄμιλλᾶομαι, f. μέδ, ἥσομαι: aor. I pass. -ἤμιλλῆθην: Dep.:—to race or contend together.
 συν-ἀμπεχέω: fut. -ἀμφέξω: aor. 2 -ἤμπεσχον, inf. -ἀμπισχεῖν:—to cover up entirely, wrap closely: metaphor. to shroud.
 συν-ἀμπίσχω, = συναμπεχέω.
 συν-ἀμφοτέρος, α, ον, both together: used both in sing. and plur.
 συν-ἀναβαίνω: f. ἀναβήσομαι: aor. 2 -ἀνέβην:—to go up along with or together, esp. of going up into central Asia from the coast.

συν-ἀναβοάω, f. -βοήτομαι, to cry out together.
 συν-ἀναγκάζω, f. ἄσω, to compel or constrain at the same time, c. inf.:—Pass. to be compelled at the same time. II. to extort by force.
 συν-ἀνάγω, f. ξω, to carry up along with:—Pass. to go to sea together.
 συν-ἀναδίδωμι, to give up along with or together.
 συν-ἀναιρέω, f. ἦσω, to take away or destroy along with or together. II. to give the same answer.
 συν-ἀνακείμεναι, Pass. to recline together at table.
 συν-ἀνακλινόμαι, Pass. to lie down along with, to recline along with at table. [I]
 συν-ἀνᾶλίσκω, f. -ανᾶλῶσω, to spend or waste along with. II. to help by furnishing money.
 συν-ἀναμίγνυμι, f. -ἀναμίξω, to mix up with at the same time:—Med. and Pass. to associate with.
 συν-ἀναπαύομαι, Pass. to take rest together, to refresh oneself or receive comfort together with.
 συν-ἀναπειθῶ, f. σω, to join in persuading.
 συν-ἀναπέμπω, f. ψω, to send up together.
 συν-ἀναπλέκω, f. ξω, to entwine together.
 συν-ἀναπράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to join in expending payment.
 συν-ἀναρριπτέω, f. ἦσω, to throw up together.
 συν-ἀνάσσω, to rule as king with another.
 συν-ἀναστρέφω, f. ψω, to turn back together:—Pass. to live along with or among.
 συν-ἀνατῆκω, f. ξω, to melt with or together.
 συν-ἀνατρέχω, f. -θρέξω, to run up along with.
 συν-ἀνατίθηναι, f. -θήσω, to set up along with.
 συν-ἀναφύγγομαι, Dep. to cry out together.
 συν-ἀναφύρω [φῶ], to knead or mix up together:—Pass. and Med. to have constant intercourse with, to associate constantly with.
 συν-ἀναχρήμπτομαι, Dep. to cough up together.
 συν-ἀνίστημι, to make to stand up or rise together. II. Pass., with aor. aor. 2 -ἀνέστην, pf. -ἀνέστηκα, to rise at once or together. 2. to help in setting up again or restoring.
 συν-ἀντάω Ion. -έω: f. ἦσα: aor. I -ἤντησα:—to meet face to face: generally, to meet together, assemble. II. to meet with. III. of things, to happen to one. Hence
 συν-ἀντησις, ἡ, a meeting.
 συναντήτην, 3 dual Ep. impf. of συναντέω.
 συν-ἀντιάω, f. ἄσω, = συναντάω, to encounter.
 συναντιλάβηται [ἄ], 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of
 συν-ἀντιλαμβάνομαι, Dep. to lay hold of along with: to take part with, help.
 συν-ἀντλέω, f. ἦσω, to drain along with or together: συναντλεῖν Πάππῳ τινί to join him in bearing all his sufferings, Lat. una exaurire labores.
 συν-ἀντομαι, Dep., used only in pres. and impf.: = συναντάω, to come to meet, fall in with: also to engage in battle.
 συν-ἀνύτω [ῦ], to come to an end together with.
 συν-ἀξίω, f. ὤσω, to join in thinking fit: generally, to approve, allow.

συν-αοιδός, ὄν, = συνῳδός.
 συν-άροπος, ὄν, Dor. for συνήροπος.
 συν-ἀνάγω, f. ξω, to lead away with:—Pass. to be led away together with or besides.
 συν-ἀπᾶς, ἅσα, ἄν, like σύμπας, all together, the whole together.
 συν-ἀπειμι, inf. -απείναι, (εἰμι ἰδο) to go away together.
 συν-ἀπεργάζομαι, f. ἄσσομαι, Dep. to help in finishing.
 συν-ἀπισταμαι, Ion. for συναφίσταμαι.
 συν-ἀποβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go away along with or together: to disembark along with.
 συν-ἀποδιδράσκω, f. -δράσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. 2 -ἀπέδραν:—to run away or escape along with.
 συν-ἀποδοκιμάζω, f. σω, to join in reprobating or disapproving.
 συναποθάνειν, aor. 2 inf. of συναποθνήσκει.
 συν-ἀποθνήσκω, f. -αποθνούμαι: aor. 2 -ἀπέθανον:—to die together with.
 συν-ἀποικίζω, f. ἴσω, to go as colonists together.
 συν-ἀποκίμνω, to be tired or worn out together.
 συν-ἀποκτείνω, to kill along with or together.
 συν-ἀπολαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι:—to receive from another with or together: to take or receive in common.
 συν-ἀπολάμπω, f. ψω, to shine forth together.
 συν-ἀπολλύμι, fut. -απολώ:—to destroy with or together; συναπολλύναι τοὺς φίλους to involve one's friends in one's own ruin:—Pass., with pf. 2 -ἀπόλωλα, to perish along with or together.
 συν-ἀπολογέομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to join or help in defending.
 συν-ἀπομαρναίνω, to make to wither away together:—Pass. to fade away or wither together.
 συν-ἀπονεύω, f. σω, to swerve away from a blow together.
 συν-ἀποπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away together.
 συν-ἀπορηγγνυμι, f. -ρήξω, to break off together.
 συν-ἀποστελλω, to send off or despatch together with.
 συν-ἀποστερέω, f. ἴσω, to help to strip or cheat, join in robbing.
 συν-ἀποφαινομαι, Med. to declare together.
 συν-ἀποφέρω, to carry off along with or together.
 συναπτός, ἦ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, verb. Adj. joined together, fastened, tied: continuous. From
 συν-ἄπτω, f. -ἄψω: aor. I συνῆψα: Pass., pf. συνῆμμαι:—to tie or join together, unite; συνάπτειν πόδα to meet; συνάπτειν βλέφαρα to close the eyes; συνάπτειν στόμα to join lips, to kiss; συνάπτειν μηχανήν to frame, concert a plan; συνάπτειν τι κακὰ to fasten evil upon him.
 II. to make persons engage or encounter, bring into action; συνάπτειν μάχην to join battle.
 2. in friendly sense, to join, attach oneself to a person; συνάπτειν ἑαυτὸν ἐς λόγους τινὶ to enter into conversation with a person; so συνάπτειν μῦθον, etc.; also συνάπτειν λόγοισι or ἐς λόγους τινὶ (sub. ἑαυτὸν); συνάπτειν γάμους to form an alliance by marriage.
 III. intrans., of lands, to border on, lie next to: to be joined to. 2. of Time, to be nigh

at hand.
 IV. Med. to reach, attain to: to take part with, contribute towards.
 συνᾶραι, aor. 1 inf. of συναίρειν.
 συν-ᾶρῶσκει, to join together. II. intr. in pf. συνάρηρα Att. συνάρᾶρα, to be well fitted, suit well together.
 συν-ᾶράσσω Att. -ῆρω, f. ξω, to dash together: to dash in pieces, crush, destroy:—Pass. to be dashed in pieces; but, συναράσσεσθαι κεφαλὰς to get their heads broken.
 συν-ᾶρέσκω, f. -ἄρῶ:—to please or satisfy together.
 II. impers., like Lat. placet, συναρέσκει μοι I am content also, c. inf.
 συνάρηρε, 3 sing. pf. 2 of συναρῶσκει.
 σύν-αρθρος, ὄν, (σύν, ἄρθρον) linked together: in accordance with.
 συναριθμῶ, f. ἴσω, to count along with.
 συν-ἀριθμός [ᾶ], ὄν, (σύν, ἀριθμός) included in a number.
 II. of like or equal number.
 συν-ἀριστάω, f. ἴσω, (σύν, ἀριστον) to take break-fast or luncheon with.
 συν-ἀριστεύω, f. σω, to do feats of bravery together.
 συν-ἀριστος, ὄν, (σύν, ἀριστον) breakfasting with [ᾶ]
 συν-αρμόζω Att. -ττω: f. ὅσω Dor. ὅξω: Pass., aor. I συν-ηρμόσθην: pf. -ηρμόσμαι:—to fit together, close, join exactly; συναρμόζειν βλέφαρα to close the eyelids; εὐχερέειν συναρμόσαι βροτοῖς to adapt mortals to recklessness. 2. to join together, unite. 3. to put together, compact, construct. II. intr. to agree together, fit, suit.
 συν-αρμολογῶ, f. ἴσω, to frame accurately together.
 συναρμολογῶ, οὐ, ὅ, (συναρμόζω) one who joins together; συναρμολογῆς πολιτείας a remodeller of a state.
 συν-αρμόττω, Att. for συναρμόζω.
 συν-αρπάττω, fut. ἄσω or ἄσσομαι: aor. I συνῆρπασα:—to carry off or away with one:—Pass. to be seized and carried off. 2. to hold fast together:—Med. aor. I συνῆρπάσασθαι, of a wrestler, to seize and hold one fast. 3. metaph. to seize with the mind, catch at.
 συν-αρτάω, f. ἴσω: aor. I συνῆρτησα:—to bang up with: to fasten on along with, knit together:—Pass. to be closely engaged or entangled with.
 συν-ἀρχω, f. ξω, to rule jointly with: to be a colleague in office; ὁ συνάρχων a colleague.
 συν-ἄρωγός, ὄν, a joint-helper.
 συν-ἄσεβῶ, f. ἴσω, to join in impiety.
 συν-ασκῶ, f. ἴσω, to practise together, join in practising.
 συν-ἄσοφῶ, f. ἴσω, (σύν, ἄσος) to be unwise or foolish along with.
 συν-ἄσπισδῶ, f. ὅσω, (σύν, ἄσπς) to keep the shields locked close together.
 συν-ἄσπίζω: fut. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: (σύν, ἄσπς):—to hold the shields together: generally, to fight together, be comrades; συνασπίζειν τινὶ to be his messmate.
 συν-ἄσπιστής, οὐ, ὅ, a fellow-soldier, comrade.
 συν-ἄσχαλάω, to feel joint indignation at a thing.

συν-ἄτυχέω, f. ἦσω, to be unlucky with or together, to share a person's ill luck.

συν-αυαίνω, f. ἄνω, to dry quite up: Pass. to wither away.

συν-αυδάω, f. ἦσω, to speak together: to agree, confess, allow.

συν-αυλέω, f. ἦσω, to accompany on the flute. Hence συναυλία, ἡ, a playing on the flute together, a concert; ξυνασπλιαν κλάειν Οὐλύμπου νόμον to sob one of Olympus' pieces in concert.

συν-αυλίζομαι, f. med. ἴσομαι: aor. I pass. συνηυλίσθη: Dep.:—to lodge, dwell together, take up one's abode with.

σύν-αυλος, ον, (σύν, αὐλός) playing the flute together: in concord or union with, harmonious: metaph. agreeing with, in harmony with.

σύν-αυλος, ον, (σύν, αὐλή) dwelling together or with; σ. μανίᾳ associated with madness, i. e. mad.

συν-αυξάνω and συν-αύξω, f. -αυξήσω, to increase, enlarge, augment with or together:—Pass. to increase or grow with, grow larger together.

συν-αφαιρέω, f. ἦσω, to take away together:—Med. to assist in rescuing.

συν-αφίστημι, to make to revolt together, draw into a revolt.

συν-ἀφίστημι, II. Pass., with act. aor. 2 -έστην pf. -έστηκα, to fall off or revolt along with.

συναχθῆναι, aor. I inf. of συνάγω.

συν-ἄχθομαι: fut. med. -αχθήσομαι Att. -αχθήσομαι: aor. I pass. -ηχθέσθην: Dep.:—to be troubled or grieved along with or together, to mourn with.

συν-δαίξω, f. ξω, to kill together with another.

συν-δαίνυμι, f. -δαίσω, to feast along with or together; συνδαίσις γάμος τινί to share a marriage feast with one. Hence

συνδαίτωρ, ορος, ὁ, a companion at table, messmate.

συν-δάκνω, f. -δήξομαι, to bite or champ together, bold fast between the teeth.

συν-δακρύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], to weep with or together.

συν-δειπνέω, f. ἦσω, to dine or sup with: to dine or eat together.

σύν-δειπνον, τό, a common meal or banquet.

σύν-δειπνος, ον, (σύν, δειπνον) dining together: as Subst., σύνδειπνος, ὁ, a companion at table, Lat. conviva.

συν-δεκάξω, f. ἄσω, to bribe in a lump, to bribe all together.

συν-δέομαι, fut. med. -δεήσομαι: aor. I pass. -εδεήθη: Dep.:—to beg along with, to join in begging.

σύν-δεσμος, ὁ, irreg. plur. σύνδεσμα, τὰ:—that which binds together, a band, bond: a cramp.

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συν-διαβαίνω, to go through or cross over together.

συν-διαβάλλω, to convey over together: and intrans. to cross over together, Lat. trajicio.

συν-διαβήσομαι, II. to accuse along with or together: Pass. to be so accused.

συν-διαγιγνώσκω, f. -διαγνώσομαι, to decide along with, join in decreeing.

συν-διαιτάομαι, f. -διαίτησομαι: Dep.: (σύν, διαίτῳ):—to live with or together.

συν-διαιτητής, οὔ, ὁ, a joint arbitrator.

συν-διακινδυνεύω, f. σῶ to meet danger along with, incur danger jointly.

συν-διακοσμέω, f. ἦσω, to set in order together.

συν-διακτορος, ὁ, a co-mate of Mercury.

συν-διαλύω, f. -λύσω [ῥ], to help to reconcile:—Med. to help to pay.

συν-διαμνήω, f. -μενῶ, to continue with throughout.

συν-διαμνημονεύω, f. σῶ, to bring to remembrance along with.

συν-διαπολεμέω, f. ἦσω, to join in carrying on a war to the end or throughout.

συν-διαπράσσω Att. -πρω, f. ξω, to carry through or effect together: Med. to negotiate with.

συν-διασκοπέω, f. -διασκέφομαι, to examine along with.

συν-διασώζω, f. σῶ, to help in preserving.

συν-διαταλαιπωρέω, f. ἦσω, to endure hardship with or together.

συν-διατελέω, f. -τελέσω, to continue with throughout or to the end.

συν-διατίθημι, f. -διαθήσω, to help in arranging.

συν-διατρίβω [ῥ], f. ψω, to pass one's time with or together; esp. with a master, οἱ τῷ Σωκράτει συνδιατρίβοντες the disciples of Socrates.

συν-διαφείρω, f. -διοίσω, to carry through or over with: II. to bear throughout along with or together, to help in sustaining.

συν-διαφθίρω, f. -φθερῶ, to destroy with or together:—Pass. to perish along with.

συν-διαφύλασσω, f. ξω, to guard along with or together.

συν-διαχειρίζω, f. ἴσω, to take in hand together, assist in managing.

συν-διέξεμι, inf. -διεξίεναι (εἰμι ἴβο) to go through in detail along with.

συν-διημερεύω, f. σῶ, to spend the day with.

συνδίκηνα, Ion. for -ήνεγκα, aor. I of συνδιαφέρω.

συν-δικάζω, f. ἄσω, to help to judge: act as assessor to a judge.

συν-δικαστής, οὔ, ὁ, a fellow-dicast or jurymen.

συνδύκεω, f. ἦσω, (σύνδικος) to defend one accused, to be the defendant's advocate: generally, to speak for or in support of anything.

σύν-δικος, ον, (σύν, δίκη) helping one in a trial or lawsuit: as Subst., σύνδικος, ὁ, an advocate, esp. at Athens, the defendant's advocate, opp. to συνήγορος the prosecutor's: generally, an advocate, supporter, backer.

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δικοι were the syndics or judges appointed to determine on confiscations. II. belongin^g to. befitting in common: Adv. συνδίκως, jointly.

συν-διοικέω, f. ἴσω, to administer or arrange together.

συν-διώραω, f. -διύθομαι, to see through or examine together.

συν-δισκεύω, to play at quoits with.

συν-διώκω, f. -διώξω or -ώσομαι, to chase away along with. II. as law-term, to join in a prosecution.

συν-δοκέω, f. -δόξω and -δοκήσω, to seem alike to several: to seem good to another also: συνδοκεῖ, impers. like Lat. placet, συνδοκεῖ ἡμῖν we are all agreed: —the neut. part. is also used absol., συνδοκοῦν ἅπανιν ἡμῖν since it seems good to all of you, since you all agree: σύνδοκον πατρί since it seemed good to the father also.

συν-δοκιμάζω, f. ἄσω, to test or examine along with.

συν-δοξάζω, f. ἄσω, to agree in opinion. II. to glorify or extol jointly.

συν-δόξαν, aor. I part. neut. of συνδοκέω.

σύν-δουλος, δ, ἡ, serving with. as Subst., συνοῦλος, δ, a fellow-slave.

συν-δράω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to do along with or together, help or concur in doing; αἶμα συνδρᾶν to assist in shedding blood.

συν-δρομάς, ἄδος, fem. οι συνδρομος: ἡ συνδρομάδες πέτραι, = συμπληγάδες.

συν-δρομή, ἡ, (σύν, δόμος) a running together: a discourse of people.

σύν-δρομος, ον, (σύν, δραμεῖν) running together, meeting; σύνδρομοι πέτραι = συμπληγάδες. II.

running along with, following close. Hence

συνδρόμως, Adv. close upon the track.

συν-δύαζω, f. ἄσω, (σύν, δύο) to join two together, to couple, pair, unite in wedlock.

συν-δύας, ἄδος, ἡ, (σύνδυο) two together, paired, wedded.

σύν-δυο, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, (σύν, δύο) two together, two and two, by pairs, Lat. bini.

συν-δυστήχω, f. ἴσω, to be unlucky along with or together, to be in like misfortune.

συν-δώδεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, every twelve, by twelves or dozens.

συνέβαλον, aor. 2 of συμβάλλω.

συνέβαν, Dor. for συνέβην, aor. 2 of συμβαίνω.

συνέβη, aor. 1 of συμβαίνω.

σύν-εγγύς, Adv. quite near, close to hard upon.

συν-γέλω, f. -εγερῶ, to awaken together: esp. to raise from the dead with another: —Pass. to rise together.

συνεδράμων, aor. 2 of συντρέχω.

συνεδρέω, f. σω, (σύνεδρος) to sit together in council, sit in consultation: οἱ συνεδρεύοντες the members of a council.

συνεδρία, ἡ, (σύνεδρος) a sitting together, cf. gregarious birds. II. a sitting in council, a council.

συνέβριον, τό, (σύνεδρος) a number of persons as-

sembled in council, a council-board, council: —in N T. the Sanhedrim. 2. a council-chamber, senate-house, Lat. curia.

σύν-εδρος, ον, (σύν, ἔδρα) sitting together or with assembled in council. II. as Subst., σύνεδρος, δ, one who sits with others in council, a councillor-senator.

συν-εἰκόσι, Ep. for συνέκοσι

συν-εργᾶθον, Ep. lengthd. impf. of συνέργω.

συν-εργῶ, Ep. for συνέργω.

συνέξευα, aor. I of συζέειν.

συνήκα, Ion. for συνήκα, aor. I of συνήκω.

συν-εθέλω post. συν-θέλω, to wish with or together to concur in a wish.

συνέθεντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of συντίθημι.

συνεθηκάμην, aor. I med. of συντίθημι.

συν-εξίζω, f. ἴσω, to accustom, inure, make habitual: —Pass. to become used or inured to.

συναιδέναι, inf. of σύνοιδα; v. *συνεῖδω. Hence συνέλιδος, ἡ, a joint knowledge, consciousness. 2. conscience.

*συν-εἶδω, in aor. 2 συν-εἶδον, inf. -ἰδέναι: —to see together, see in one view, see plainly: understand: in this sense, the pres. in use is συν-οράω, fut. συν-οράσομαι, pf. συν-εόρακα. II. pf. σύνοιδα in pres. sense.

inf. συνειδέναι: papi. with impf. sense συνῆδεν Att. συνῆδη, Ion. 2 plur. συνῆδῃτε: also fut. συνείσομαι: —to share in the knowledge, be cognisant of a thing, privy to it: part. συνειδώς an accomplice: τὸ συνειδὸς = συνελιδσις. 2. c. dat. pers. to know the same as another; συνειδέαι ἐαυτῶ οὐδ' ὀπίσθιν σοφὸς ὢν I am conscious to myself of not being in the least wise; or in the dat., σύνοιδα ἐμαυτῶ οὐδὲν ἔπισχεμένῳ I am conscious to myself of knowing naught: also to be in a person's confidence, be privy to his plans or opinions.

συν-εἰκοσι, Ep. συνεῖκοσι, twenty together, by twenties, Lat. viceni.

συνελεγμένω, pf. part. of συλλέγω.

συν-εἰλέω, f. ἴσω, to crowd or throng together: — persons, to bind firmly together: —Pass. to be crowded or pressed together.

συνεληφα, pf. of συλλαμβάνω.

συνεληχα, pf. of συλλαγχάνω.

συνελέκυσσα, aor. I of συνέλκω.

συνελοχα, pf. of συλλέγω.

σύν-εμ, f. -έσομαι, (σύν, εἰμι sum) to be with. be joined or united with, be conversant with; συνεῖναι νόσῳ = νοσεῖν; συνεῖναι μερίμναις to be acquainted with cares; συνεῖναι πράγμασι to be engaged in business.

2. of persons, to have intercourse, associate live with: of a woman, to live with her husband generally, to associate with, have to do with, take part with, follow; οἱ συνόντες partisans, disciples.

σύν-εμ, (σύν, εἰμι ἰδοί) to go or come to, either hence to assemble, meet. 2. in hostile sense, to meet in battle, engage with: of states, to engage in war. 3. in peaceable sense, to come together, meet.

to deliberate.

4. of revenue, to come together, to come in.

συν-είπον, inf. -εἰπείν, aor. 2 of συναγορεύω or σύμφημι, there being no pres. in use :—to speak with any one, agree with, confirm : to advocate a person's cause : generally, to help, further. 2. to tell along with one, help one to tell.

συν-είργνυμι, = συνείργω.

συν-είργω Ep. -εέργω old form -έργω : Ep. impf. συνείργον : Ep. aor. 2 συνείργαθον : f. συνείρξαι :—to shut in or enclose together : to bind together : generally, to join together, fasten together, unite.

συνείρηκα, used as pf. of σύμφημι.

συν-είρω, to string together, join one after another, add on without stopping. II. intr. to string words together, to speak on and on, go on continuously.

συν-εἶσα, εἶσα, év, part. aor. 2 of συνήμι.

συν-εισάγω, f. ξω, to bring in with or together.

συν-εισβαίνω, f. βήσομαι, to embark together with. συν-εισβάλλω, intr. to make an inroad into a country together, join in an incursion or invasion.

συν-εισέρχομαι, aor. 2 act. -εισῆλθον, pf. -εισελήλυθα : Dep. :—to enter along with or together.

συνείσομαι, fut. without any pres. in use ; v. *συν-είδω II.

συν-εισπίπτω, f. -πessούμαι : aor. 2 -έπεσον :—to fall or be thrown into along with II. to rush in along with or together, to burst or break in together.

συν-εισπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail into together.

συν-εισπράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to help in exacting money from others.

συν-εισφέρω, to join in paying the war-tax (εισφορά).

συν-εμβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go out together.

συν-εκβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to cast out along with : to assist in casting out.

συν-εμβιβάζω, f. -εμβιβάζω Att. -εμβιβῶ, Causal of συνεβαίνειν, to help in bringing out.

συν-ἐκδημος, on, travelling with : as Subst. a fellow-traveller.

συν-εκδίδωμι, f. -εκδώσω, to give out together : to help a poor man in portioning out his daughter.

συν-εκδύω, f. -εκδύσω [v], to strip off together :—Med. to strip oneself of or put off together.

συν-εκθνήσκω, f. -εκθάνουμαι, to die along with or together : metaph. to fail or be exhausted together.

συν-εκαδέκα, sixteen together, by sixteens.

συν-εκκλέπτω, f. ψω, to help to steal away ; συνεκκλέπτειν γάμους to help in frustrating a marriage.

συν-εκκομίζω, f. σω, to help in carrying out. II. to help in bearing or supporting.

συν-εκκόπτω, f. ψω, to help to cut out or away.

συνέκλεισα, aor. I of συγκλείω.

συν-εκλεκτός, ή, on, chosen along with or together.

συν-εκλύω, f. -λύσω [v], to dissolve with or together.

συν-εκμαχέω, f. ήσω, (σύν, εκ, μάχομαι) to march out to fight together.

συν-εκμοχλεύω, f. σω, to join in forcing with a lever.

συν-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send out together.

συν-εκπεράω, f. άσω [ā], to pass out together.

συν-εκπίνω [r], f. -πίομαι, to drink off together.

συν-εκπίπτω, f. -πessούμαι, to rush out along with.

II. of the votes taken out of the voting urn, to fall out in agreement with each other, to concur : c. dat. to come out equal to another, run a dead heat with.

III. to fall out, be thrown out, fail together.

συν-εκπλέω Ion. -πλώω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail out along with.

συν-εκπνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe out one's breath along with another.

συν-εκπονέω, f. ήσω, to help in working out or achieving : to coöperate with.

συν-εκπορίζω, f. σω, to help in supplying or providing.

συν-εκποτεω or -εα, verb. Adj. of συνεκπίνω, one must drink out or off together.

συν-εκπράσσω Att. -ττω Ion. -πρήσσω, f. ξω, to exact money with or together :—Med. to help a person in taking vengeance for a thing.

συν-εκσώζω, f. σω, to help in preserving or delivering.

συν-εκτάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to arrange in line or battle order along with others.

συν-εκτέω, verb. Adj. of συνέχω, one must keep with one or together.

συν-εκτίνω [r], f. -τίσω [r], to pay along with, to help in paying.

συν-εκτρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to rear w^h along with :—Pass. to grow up with.

συν-εκτρέχω, f. -εκδραμούμαι : aor. 2 -εξεδράμω :—to run out along with, to sally out together.

συνεκύρησα and συνέκυρσα, aor. I of συγκυρέω.

συνέκυψα, aor. I of συγκύπτω.

συν-εφέρω, f. -εφέσω, to carry out together to burial : to attend a funeral.

συνελάβον, aor. 2 of συλλαμβάνω.

συνελάλουν, impf. of συλλαλέω.

συν-ελαύνω : f. -ελάσω [ā] : aor. I -ήλασα Ep. -έλασσα : pf. -ελήλακα :—to drive, force or bring together : συνελαύνειν δόντας to gnash the teeth together, to set together, match in combat, set to fight. 2. intr., ἐριδι συνελαύνειν to meet in quarrel.

συνελεῖν, σύν-ελεν, Ep. inf. and 3 sing. aor. 2 of συναίρω.

συν-ελευθερώ, ι. ώσω, to join in freeing from : αποδω to join in freeing or delivering.

συνελεύσομαι, fut. of συνέρχομαι.

συνεληλυθα, pf. of συνέρχομαι.

συνεληφθην, aor. I pass. of συλλαμβάνω.

συνελεθῆν, aor. 2 inf. of συνέρχομαι.

συν-ελκυστίον, verb. Adj. of aor. I of συνελκω, one must draw together.

συν-έλκω, f. ξω : aor. I συνελκῶσα (as if from συν-ελκύω) :—to draw together or to a point. 2. tt draw up, contract.

II. to help to draw out.

συνελών, aor. 2 part. of συναρῶ.

συν-εμβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to put in along with, help in putting in.

II. intr. to fall in or upon together, join in attacking: to make a joint inroad. Hence

συνεμβολή, ἡ, α throwing in together; συνεμβολή κώνη the regular dip of all the oars together.

συν-εμμεν, poet. for συνεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of συνήμ.

συνέμμεα, aor. I of συμμῆνυμι.

συνέμμεθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of συμμῆνυμι.

συν-εμπτήριμ, fut. -εμπτήσας: aor. I -ἐπτήσα:—to burn along with or together.

συν-έμπορος, on, travelling with: as Subst., συνέμπορος, ὁ, a fellow-wayfarer, fellow-traveller, companion, attendant; συνέμπορος χορείας a partner in dancing.

συνεμπήρσαι, aor. I inf. of συνεμπτήριμ.

συνενέγκαντες, aor. I part. pl. of συμφέρω.

συν-ενελομαι, Ep. for συμφέρομαι, Pass. to be carried so as to meet, to strike or dash against.

συν-ενθουσιάζω, to be inspired together with.

συν-εξάγω, f. ξω, to lead out together: Pass. to be carried away with.

συν-εξαιρέω, f. ἤσω, to take out together, to help in removing: to help in taking or capturing:—Med. to take away forcibly from one.

συν-εξάκουω, f. -ακούσσομαι, to hear of a thing all together.

συν-εξάμαρτανω, .. -μαρτήσομαι to err along with, to commit a joint error, have part in a fault.

συν-εξανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to make to stand up together.

II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -εξανέστην, pf. -εξανέστηκα:—to rise and come forth together.

συν-εξάπτάτω, f. ἤσω, to cheat along with or together.

συν-εξίεμι, (εἰμι ἰδο) to go out along with or together.

συν-εξελαύνω, f. -εξελάσω, to drive out along with or together.

II. (sub. στράτον, ἵππον) to march or ride out together.

συν-εξερύω, f. σω, to draw out with or together.

συν-εξίρχομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -εξήλθον, pf. -εξεήλθθα: (cf. ἔρχομαι):—to go or come out with.

συν-εξετάζω, f. άσω, to search out or examine along with or together:—Pass. to be reckoned with or among.

συν-εξευρίσκω, f. -εξευρήσω, to find out together.

συν-εξορμάω, f. ἤσω, to help to urge on. II. intr. to sally forth together: to shoot up along with.

συν-εοχμός, ὁ, poet. for συνοχμός.

συν-επαύω, f. ξω, to join in bringing against another, join in inviting.

συν-επάδω poet. -αείδω, to join in celebrating.

συν-επαίνω, f. έσω Ep. ἤσω, to approve or advise together: to join in advising or recommending: to approve, agree to.

II. to join in praising.

συν-επαίνομ, on, joining in, consenting to a thing, being a consenting party to it.

συν-επαίρω, f. -επάω, to raise or lift at the same time

II. to urge on together or also:—Pass. to rise together with.

συνέπαισα, aor. I of συμπαιω.

συν-επαιτίζομαι, f. -άσσομαι [ά], Dep. to accuse together, involve in a common charge with.

συν-επᾶκολουθεῖν, f. ἤσω, to follow together, follow close.

συν-επαῖμνω, f. -αμῖνῶ, to join in repelling.

συν-επανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to make to rise or rebel along with or together.

II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα:—to join in a revolt or rebellion.

συν-επανορθώω, f. άσω, to join in re-establishing.

συνέπαξα, Dor. aor. I of συμπήρηνυμι.

συν-επάπτομαι, Ion. for συνεπάπτομαι.

συνεπέδησα, aor. I of συμπεδάω.

συν-έπειμι, (σύν, ἐπι, εἰμι ἰδο) to go against, join in attacking.

συν-επεισφέρωμαι, Med. to join in bringing in.

συν-επεκπίνω [I], f. -πίνω, to drink off quickly.

συν-επελαφρύνω [V], to help to make light, to help to bear or sustain.

συν-επερίζω, f. έσω, to contend with.

συνέπεσον, aor. 2 of συμπίπτω.

συνεπεσπόμην, aor. 2 of συνεφέπομαι.

συνεπέστην, aor. 2 of συνεφέστημι.

συν-επείχομαι, f. -εύσομαι, Dep. to join in a prayer to vow at the same time.

συν-επηγχείω, f. ἤσω, to join in singing, join in a chant or chorus.

συν-επιβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to mount together upon.

II. to enter upon along with.

συν-επιβουλεύω, f. σω, to join in plotting against.

συν-επιγρᾶφεύς, ὁ, a fellow-registrar, fellow-clerk.

συν-επιθύμω, f. ἤσω, to desire along with.

συν-επικαίμαι, f. -καίσομαι, Pass. to press upon together, to join in attacking.

συν-επικοσμώ, f. ἤσω, to help to array or adorn.

συν-επικουρέω, f. ἤσω, to join as an ally, help to support or relieve.

συν-επικουφίζω, f. έσω, to lighten at the same time.

συν-επικράδαινω, to move backwards and forwards together with.

συν-επιλαμβάνομαι, f. -επιλήψομαι, Dep. to take part in a thing together, have a share in: to take part with a person, support him.

συν-επιμαρτύρω, f. ἤσω, to join in attesting or ratifying: to confirm.

συν-επιμελόμαι, Dep., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, aor. 1 pass. -επεμελήθην:—to join in taking care of: to have joint charge of: to join in providing.

συν-επιμελητής, οὔ, ὁ, one who joins in taking care of, an associate, coadjutor.

συνέπον, aor. 2 of συμπνέω.

συν-επιπλέω, f. ξω, to help to twine or plait.

συν-επιπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to join in sailing against together, to make a naval expedition in concert.

συν-επιρρώννυμι, f. -επιρρώσω, to help to strengthen.

συν-επισκοπέω, f. -επισκέψομαι: pf. -επέσκεμμαι:—to examine along with or together.

συν-επισπάω, f. άσω [ά], to draw on together:—

Mea. to draw along with or together: to draw to oneself, draw over to one's own views.

συνεπισπένσθαι, συνεπισπόμενος, aor. 2 inf. and part. of συνεφέπομαι.

συν-επισπένδω, f. σπω, to join in urging forward.

συν-επιστάμαι, Dep. to know along with, be privy to.

συν-επιστέλλω, f. -τελῶ, to send with or together.

συν-επιστρέφω, f. σω, to make war together with.

συν-επιστρέφω, f. φω, to assist in turning a person to a thing.

συν-επισχυω, f. ὤσω [ῶ], to help to strengthen or support.

συν-επιτελέω, f. ἔσω, to join in performing or accomplishing.

συν-επιτιβήω, f. -επιθήσω, to throw upon together:—Med. to set on or attack jointly: to apply oneself to a thing together.

συν-επιτρίβω [τρί], f. φω, to wear away or destroy utterly.

συν-επιτροπος, δ, a joint-guardian.

συνεπλάσσω, aor. I of συμπλάσσω.

συνεπλέξα, aor. I of συμπλέκω.

συν-ἵπομαι, aor. 2 -εσπόμην, Dep. to follow close upon, to keep up with; ποιμαίνω συνεπείσθαι to follow the flocks.

II. to follow with the mind, understand.

συν-επόμενυμι, to swear to in addition or besides.

συνεπνίξα, aor. I of συμπνίγω.

συνέπρηξα, Ion. aor. I of συμπράσσω.

συν-εραστής, οὐ, δ, a fellow-lover, joint-lover. From

συν-εράω, to love jointly or in concert:—Med., συνε-ράσθαι τινι to return love for love.

συν-εργάζομαι, f. -άσσομαι; pf. -εργασμαι (used both in act. and pass. sense): Dep. —to work or labour together with another, to help, assist or contribute to a thing: pf. part. in pass. sense. λίθοι συνεργασμένοι stones wrought for building.

συν-εργάτης [ἀ], ον, δ, a fellow-worker, partner, colleague, coadjutor.

συν-εργάτινυς [τρί], ον, δ, poet. for συνεργάτης.

συν-εργάτις [ἀ], ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of συνεργάτης.

συνεργέω, impf. συνήργουν, (συνεργός) to work together with, to join or help in work: to coöperate with, assist, do service to one.

συν-εργήτης, ον, δ, poet. for συνεργάτης.

συνεργία, ἡ, (συνεργός) a joint-work, assistance, coöperation; in bad sense, conspiracy, collusion.

συν-εργός, ὄν, (σύν, ἔργον) working together with another, joining or helping in work: taking part in a thing, contributing towards it—as Subst., συνεργός, δ or ἡ, an associate or partner in a work, a fellow-workman, a coöperator, coadjutor.

συνέργω, old form of συνείργω.

συν-ερίδω, f. ἔω, to join in a work, coöperate with.

συν-ερίδω, f. σω: aor. I. συνήρεισα —to set firmly together: to bind or fasten close together, to clench:—Pass., aor. I. συνηρείσθην; pf. συνήρεισμαι or -ερή-ισμαι —to be fast bound or set firmly together.

συν-ερέω Att. συν-ερώ, fut. without any pres. in

use (συναγορεύω or σύμφημι being used instead): —I shall speak with or in support of, ἀνυστάσαι support.

συν-ερίδος, δ, also ἡ, a fellow-worker, helpmate.

συνερεπτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (συνέργω) of a speaker, driving his opponent into a corner, cogent, forcible.

συν-έρπω, f. φω, to creep together.

συνέρραξα, aor. I of συρράσσω.

συνέρρηγμα, pf. pass. of συρρήγγυμι.

συνέρρηξα, aor. I of συρρήγγυμι.

συνέρρωγα, pf. 2 intr. of συρρήγγυμι.

συν-έρρωμαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. -ἤλθον; pf.

-ἤλθουθα; Dep. —to go along with or together.

II. to come together, meet: to have dealings or intercourse with.

2. in hostile sense, to meet in battle, encounter, Lat. concurrere: of a battle, to be engaged in.

3. c. acc. cognato, στρατείας συνελθεῖν to join in an expedition; συνελθεῖν λόχος σύν τῃ share thy bed.

III. of things, to be joined in one, be united.

IV. of events, to concur, coincide, happen together.

συν-ερωτάω, f. ἦσω, to ask questions with or at the same time.

II. to establish a point by questioning:

—Pass. to be established by questioning.

σύνες, aor. 2 imperat. of συνίημι, mind: mark.

συν-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι: aor. 2 -έφαγον —to eat together with.

σύνεσις Att. ἔννεσις, εως, ἡ, (συνίημι) a joining, meeting together.

II. the faculty of apprehension, judgment, understanding, intelligence.

2. conscience, = συνείδησις.

συνεσπάραξα, aor. I of συσπράσσω.

συνεσπόμενυ, aor. 2 of συνεπόμενυ.

συνεστάμαι, pf. pass. of συστέλλω.

συνεσταάτες, Ep. pf. part. pf. of συνίστημι.

συνεσταυρωμένος, pf. pass. part. of συσταυρόω.

συνεστάλην [ἀ], aor. 3 pass. of συστέλλω.

συνεστέλλω, aor. I of συστέλλω.

συνέστην, aor. 2 of συνίστημι.

συν-εστίαω, f. ἄσω [ἀ], to entertain in one's house:

—Pass. to feast along with or together.

συν-εστίη, ἡ, (σύν, ἐστία) a common feast.

συν-ἐστιος, ον, (σύν, ἐστία) sharing one's hearth or home, living or dwelling together: as Subst., συν

ἐστιος, δ, ἡ, an inmate, guest.

1. of Jupiter, the guardian of the hearth.

συνεστός, pf. part. of συνίστημι.

συνέσχω, aor. 2 of συνέχω.

συν-ἐταίρος, δ, (σύν, ἑταῖρος) a companion, partner, comrade.

συνετάραχθην, aor. I pass. of συνταράσσω.

συνετάρην [ἀ], aor. 2 pass. of συνάπτω.

συνετάρηθην, aor. I pass. of συνταράσσω.

συνετέλεντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of συντίθημι.

συνέλων, Dor. aor. 2 of συνιλάω.

σύνετο Ep. ἔνετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐνίημι.

συνετός, ἡ, ὄν, (συνίημι) quick at apprehending, understanding, intelligent, sagacious.

is *be comprehended intelligible*: neut. pl. συνετά as Adv. intelligibly.

συνετριβήν [ῖ], aor. 2 pass. of συνετρίβω.

συνετῶς, Adv. of συνετός, intelligently.

συν-ευδαιμονέω, f. ἦσω, to share in happiness with.
συν-ευδοκέω, f. ἦσω, to approve of, be well pleased with or together, to consent.

συν-εἶδω, f. -εὔδῃσω, to sleep or lie with; ὁ εὐνεύδων χρόνος the time which sleeps with one, i. e. which passes while one is asleep.

συν-ευνάξω, f. σω, to make to sleep together, to marry to each other:—Pass. to lie with.

συν-ευνέτης, ου, ὁ, a bedfellow, busband, consort: fem. συνευνέτις, ἰδος, a wife, mate.

σύν-ευνος, ου, (σύν, εὐνή) sharing one bed: as Subst., σύνευνος ὁ, ἡ, a bedfellow, consort, busband or wife.

συν-ευνάσχω, f. -πέσομαι, to be well treated with, to receive favours along with.

συν-ευπορέω, f. ἦσω, to help to provide, contribute, c. acc. rei: c. gen. rei, to provide a part of, contribute towards:—c. dat. pers. to assist, help.

συν-ευτύχῃω, to be fortunate along with or together.

συν-εύχομαι, f. -έξομαι, Dep. to pray with or together, to join in making a prayer.

συν-ευωχέομαι, to feast with or together.

συνεφέδω, used as aor. 2 of συνεσθία.

συν-επάπτομαι Ion. -επάπτομαι: f. -εφάβομαι: Dep.:—to lay bold of, put hand to along with or together, c. gen. rei. 2. c. gen. pers. to join in attacking.

συν-εφέλλω, f. ξω. aor. I -εφέλικυσα:—to draw after or towards along with.

συν-εφέπομαι, aor. 2 -εφεσπομην Ion. -εφεσπόμην: Dep.:—to follow along with or together.

συν-εφήβος, ου, at the age of youth together.

συν-εφίστημι, to place over together: metaph. to make attentive: also (sub. τὸν νοῦν) to attend to.

II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -επίστην, pf. -εφέστηκα:—to be placed over, superintend along with or together. 2. to rise up against, attack jointly.

συνέφραξα, aor. I of συμφράσσω

συνεγάρην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. or συγκαίρω.

συνέχεια, aor. I of συγχέω.

συνέχεια, ἡ, (συνεχής) a continuous series of things, continuity.

II. continued attention, perseverance.

συνέχεια, Ep aor. I of συγχέω.

συνεχέως, Ion for συνεχῶς

συνεχῆς, ἐς, (συνῆχ) keeping or holding together: continuous, in an unbroken line: c. dat. continuous with, next to, adjacent.

II. of Time, continuous, continued, unceasing, uninterrupted: the neut. συνεχές is used as Adv., = συνεχῶς.

συν-εχθαίρω, to hate along with, join in hating

συν-έχθω, poet. for συνεχθαίρω.

συνεχῶν [ῶ], aor. I pass. of συγχέω.

συν-έχω Att. ἔνν.: 1. ἔχω: aor. 2 συνέσχον:—to hold or keep together:—συνέχειν τὴν εἰρησίαν to keep the towers together. 2. to contain, comprise. 3.

to constrain, oppress: Pass. to be constrained, distressed, affected by. 4. in Pass., συνέχεσθαι ἀνιμῆσι to engage with spears.

συνεχῶς Ion. -έως, Adv. of συνεχής, continually, unceasingly.

συν-εψιάω, (σύν, ἐψιδόμαι) to play together.

συνεώνημαι, pf. of συνωνέομαι.

συν-ἡβῶν, f. ἦσω, to ^{as} associate their youth together: to be young together.

συν-ἡβολέω, to fall in with.

σύν-ἡβος, ου, (σύν, ἡβη) young at the same time: as Subst., σύνῆβος, ὁ, ἡ, a young friend or comrade.

συνῆγάγον, aor. 2 of συνάγω.

συνηγμένος, pf. pass. part. of συνάγω.

συνηγόρεω, f. ἦσω, (συνήγορος) to plead another's cause, to be an advocate for, esp. for the prosecution, opp. to σύνδικος; συνηγορεῖν τῷ κατηγορῷ to second the accuser. Hence

συνηγORIA, ἡ, advocacy of another's cause, pleading for another, esp. for the prosecutor.

συνηγориκός, ἡ, ὡν, of or for a συνήγορος or advocate: τὸ συνηγορικόν, the advocate's fee, being a drachma per diem paid to the public συνήγοροι while the court sat.

συν-ἡγορος, ου, (σύν, ἀγορεύω) speaking with, agreeing with. 2. supporting, on one's side, esp in a court of justice: as Subst., συνήγορος, ὁ, an advocate, counsel for the prosecution, opp. to σύνδικος.

συνῆδεν Att. ξυνῆδη, plupf. of σύνιδα.

συνῆδκατε, Ion. 2 pl. plupf. of σύνιδα.

συν-ἡδομαι: fut. -ῆσθῃσομαι. aor. I -ἡσθην: Dep.:—to rejoice together; συνῆδασθαι τινι to rejoice with one, to congratulate: also c. dat. rei to rejoice at a thing, to be pleased or gratified, to sympathise with one's good fortune.

συνῆθια, ἡ, a dwelling or living together, intercourse, intimacy, Lat. consuetudo. II. use, custom, habit, usage. From

συν-ῆθης, ἐς, gen. εὐς contr. ους: gen. pl. συνηθέων contr. συνηθῶν: (σύν, ἦθος):—dwelling or living together, of like habits or customs, akin, well suited to: συνηθῆς τινι well-acquainted or intimate with him; χεῖρ συνηθῆς = χειρ συνηθῆς, tame. II. habitual, customary: familiar.

συνῆθροισμένος, pf. pass. part. of συναθροίζω.

συνῆθως, Adv. of συνηθῆς, customarily.

συνῆκα, aor. I of συνήκω.

συν-ῆκα, to have come together, to be assembled.

συνῆλαῖα, aor. I of συνηλαίω.

συνῆλθον, aor. 2 of συνερχομαι.

συν-ῆλικιώτης, ου, ὁ, = συνηλξ.

συν-ῆλιξ, ἱκος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, ἡλιξ) of like or equal age, Lat. aequalis: as Subst., συνηλξ, ὁ, ἡ, an associate of one's own age, a comrade.

συνῆλυστήν and συνῆλυσια, ἡ, (συν-ερχομαι, συνελεῖσθαι) a meeting, assembly.

συν-ἡμερεύω, f. σω, (σύν, ἡμέρα) to pass the day with or together, to live with.

συνημοσύνη, ἡ, union, connexion: in plur. covenants, solemn promises. From
συνήμιον, ov. gen. ονος, (συνήμι) joined together, united: a companion.

συν-ήσος Dor. and Att. συν-άσος, ov. (σύν, αλω-
ρέω) banging together, linked with, wedded to: as
Subst., συνήσος, ὁ, ἡ, a consort, a husband or a wife.
συν-ηπερπέω, f. ἴσω, to join in cheating or tricking.
συν-ηρετέω, f. ἴσω, (σύν, ἑρετής) = συνηερμέω.
συν-ηρετρέω, f. ἴσω, to row with: generally, to
work or ply with, be friends with.
συν-ηρεφέω, f. ἴσω, to throw a shade over. From
συν-ηρεφής, ἐς, (σύν, ἑρέφω) thickly shaded, cover-
ed over.

συν-ήριθμος, ov, ποῖτ. for συνάριθμος.
συνήρπακα, pf. of συναρπάζω.
συνήρπασα, aor. I of συναρπάζω.
συνήρτημαι, pf. pass. of συναρτάω.
συνηυλίσθη, aor. I of συναυλίζωμαι.
συνήρων, impf. of συνερίω.
συν-ησάσθαι Att. -ττάσθαι, Pass. to be conquered
or overcome together.

συν-ηχέω, f. ἴσω, to sound or ring together.
συνήχθη, aor. I pass. of συνάγω.
συνήψα, aor. I of συνάπτω.
συνθάκω, f. ἴσω, to sit with or together, to sit in
council with, take counsel with. From
σύν-θακος, ov, sitting with or together. 2. shar-
ing in, partaking of.

συν-θαμβέω, to be astounded along with.
συν-θάλλω, f. ψω, to warm with or together: me-
taph. to soothe by flattery.
συν-θάπτω, f. ψω, to bury with or together:—Pass.
to be buried with or together.

συν-θεάσθαι, f. -άσσομαι [ᾶ], Dep. to view together,
to see a spectacle together. 2. to examine together,
examine carefully. Hence

συνθεάτης, οὗ, ὁ, a fellow-spectator or looker on.
συν-θεάτρια, ἡ, fem. of συνθεατής.
συνθεός, aor. 2 part. of συντίθημι.
συν-θέλω, ποῖτ. for συνεθέλω.
συνθεμα, ατος, τό, ποῖτ. for σύνθημα.
συνθίμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of συντίθημι.
σύνθεο, Ep. for σύνθου, aor. 2 med. imperat. of
συντίθημι.

συνθεσία, ἡ, (συντίθημι) a placing together, an
arrangement, covenant, treaty: in plur. injunctions,
instructions.

σύνθεσις, ἡ, (συντίθημι) a putting together. com-
pounding, composition; σύνθεσις γραμμάτων a com-
bination of letters. II. metaph. an agreement,
treaty, covenant: cf. συνθήκη.

συνθετικός, ἡ, ὄν, (συντίθημι) skilled in putting
together.

σύνθετος, Ep. for συνέθετος, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of
συντίθημι.

σύνθετος, ov, also η. ov, (συντίθημι) put together,
compounded of parts, compound: complex. II.

put together, feigned, forged.

agreed upon, covenanted; ἐκ συνθέτου by agreement,
Lat. ex compacto.

συν-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run along with, to run
together: of things, to go along with, to go smoothly
with, concur with one's wishes: to run together, meet.

συν-θεωρέω, f. ἴσω, to contemplate together: to go
to a spectacle together.

συνθήκη, ἡ, (συντίθημι) a putting together. II.
an agreement, arrangement: in plur. articles of
agreement, a covenant, contract, treaty.

σύνθημα ατος, τό, (συντίθημι) that which is put
together. II. anything agreed upon, a precon-
certed signal: generally, a token, sign. 2. a watch-
word, Lat. tessera.

3. an agreement, covenant,
engagement. Hence

συνθηματίας, α, ov, agreed upon: bargained for.
συνθηράτης, οὗ, ὁ, a fellow-hunter. From

συν-θηράω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to hunt with or together:—
Med. to catch together:—Pass. to be caught and
bound together.

συνθηρετής, οὗ, ὁ, = συνθηρτής. From
συν-θηρεύω, = συνθηρέ ' to hunt together:—Pass.
to be found out to be.

συν-θηρος, ov, (σύν, θήρα) hunting with or in com-
pany: joining in chase or pursuit of.

συν-θᾶσώτης, ov, ὁ, a partner in the θίασος or
sacred company: generally, a fellow, comrade.

συν-θλάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to crush along with or together.
συν-θλιβω [ῖ], f. ψω, to press together, compress.

συν-θνήσκω: f. -θνήσσομαι: aor. 2 -έθανον, inf.
-θανεῖν:—to die with or together.

συν-θoinάτωρ [ᾶ], opos, ὁ, (σύν, θoinάω) a partaker
of the same feast, a fellow-banqueter.

συν-θρανών, f. ὦσω, to break in pieces, shiver.
συν-θραύω, f. σω, to break in pieces, crush, shiver.

σύν-θρηνος, ov, mourning with or together.
σύν-θρονος, ov, sitting on the same seat or throne
with: ruling jointly.

σύν-θροος, ov, sounding with, in harmony with.
συν-θρύπτω, f. ψω, to break in pieces, crush: metaph.

to enervate, weaken.
συν-θύω, f. -θύσω [ῶ], to offer sacrifice along with.

συντιδεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of *συντιδέω.
συντιέ [ῖ], imperat. and 3 sing. impf. of συντίθημι.

συντιέμαι, Ep. for συντιέναι, inf. pres. of συντίθημι.
σύντιεν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of συντίθημι.

συν-ιεροποιέω, f. ἴσω, to join in sacrifice with.
συν-ιζάνω, to settle down, collapse, shrink. 2. to
sink, fall, of the wind.

συν-ιζω, f. -ιζήσω, intr. to sit together, to hold a
sitting.

συν-ιζημι Att. ξυνίημι [for the quantity, see ἔημι]:
impf. συνιζην or συνιέν: f. συνήσω or συνήσομαι: aor. I

συνήκα: pf. συνέεικα:—also (as if from συνιέν) 3 pl. pres.
συνιούσι, inf. συνιέν, imperat. ξυνίει, inf. συνιέμεν; 3

sing. impf. συνιέι, 3 pl. ξυνιέσαν Ep. ξυνιέν; also (as if
from συνιέν) impf. 3 pl. ξύνιον; aor. I ξυνέεικα: aor. 2

imperat. *ἐλθέτε*; aor. 2 med. 3 sing. *ἐλθέτω*, 3 pl. subj. *συνώμεθα* :—to send, bring or set together, Lat. *committere*.

II. metaph. to perceive, bear: to take notice of, observe, understand, know. III.

Med. to come to an understanding about a thing.

συνίμεν, Ep. for *συνίεναι*, inf. of *σύνειμι* (*εἰμι* *ibo*). [Y]

συνιοῦσι, 3 pl. pres. of *συνίημι*, as if from *συνίω*.

συν-ἱππαρχος, ὁ, a joint commander of horse.

συν-ἵππευς, ἑως, ὁ, a fellow-rider or horseman, a fellow-knight.

σύνισαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of *σύνειμι* (*εἰμι* *ibo*), they went together.

II. Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of *σύνοιδα*, they shared in the knowledge.

συνισᾶσι, 3 pl. of *σύνοιδα*.

σύνισθι, imperat. of *σύνοιδα*.

σύνισμεν, 1 pl. of *σύνοιδα*.

συν-ίστημι, inapf. *συνίστην*: f. *συστήσω*: aor. I *συνέστησα* :—to place or set together, to combine, unite: to associate, band together; also to annex, attach to.

2. to put together, organise, compose, create, frame: hence to arrange, contrive, concert together.

3. to bring together as friends, introduce, recommend: to advise one to do.

4. to produce, exhibit, represent to one.

5. to make firm or solid, harden.

II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. *συνέστην*; pf. *συνέστηκα*, part. *συνεστηκώς* contr. *συνεστώς*, ὄσα, ὡς, Ion. *συνεστώς*, *εἴσω*, *εἴως* :—to stand together, stand in close order: also to stand one's ground.

2. to meet or come together: in hostile sense, to join battle, to engage, encounter, and of the battle, to be joined, to begin: absol., *συνεστηκότων*

τῶν στρατηγῶν when the generals were in dispute.

3. of friends, to form a league or association, to club, league together: τὸ *ἐνιστάμενον* or τὸ *συνεστηκός*, a conspiracy: then generally, to be connected or allied.

4. to be engaged, involved, implicated in a thing.

5. to be put together, to be composed, framed: to hold together, endure, continue.

6. to be contracted, condensed: to be gloomy, sullen.

συν-ίστωρ, ὁπος, ὁ, ἡ, knowing also or along with,

conscious of a thing; θεοὶ *συνίστορες* the gods are witnesses.

συν-ισχνάω, to help dry up: metaph. to join with in diminishing or reducing.

συν-ισχυρίζω, f. *ίσω* Att. *ῶ*, to help to strengthen.

συνιάν, Ion. for *συνιείς*, pres. part. of *συνίημι*.

συν-ιναίω, to dwell along with or together.

συν-νάσσω, f. *ῶ*, to pack tight together.

συν-ναυβάτης, ου, ὁ, a shipmate. [X]

συν-ναυκληρος, ου, a joint owner of a vessel.

συν-ναυμάχῃ, to engage in a sea-fight along with.

συν-ναυστολέω, f. ἡσώ, to be shipmate with another.

συν-ναύτης, ου, ὁ, a shipmate.

συν-νέζω, f. *σω*, to spend one's youth or be young with.

συννέειται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of *συννέω*.

συν-νέω, f. *σω*, to bend together: also,

to incline to the same point, converge. II. to assent to or approve by a nod, consent.

συν-νέφελος, ου, (σύν, νεφέλη) cloudy, overcast.

συννέφω, f. ἡσώ, to collect clouds.

II. intr. to be clouded over: impers. *συννέφει*, it is cloudy.

III. metaph. to be under a cloud, in adversity. From

συν-νέφης, ἑς, (σύν, νέφος) overcast with clouds, clouded.

συν-νέω, f. -νῆσω: pf. pass. *συννένημα*, Ion. 3 pl.

συννέεται :—to pile or heap together, heap up.

συν-νέω, f. -νέυσωμαι, to swim together.

συν-νήχομαι, f. -ξομαι, Dep. to swim together with.

συν-νικάω, f. ἡσώ, to have part in a victory with.

II. transit. to help in conquering.

συν-νοέω, f. ἡσώ, to think upon together, to think over, meditate or reflect on: also in Med. Hence

σύννοια Ion. -ολή, ἡ, meditation, thought: anxious

thought, trouble.

2. consciousness.

συν-νομοθετέω, f. ἡσώ, to be a joint-lawgiver.

σύν-νομος, ου, (σύν, νέμα) feeding or herding to-

gether, consorting:—metaph. consorting with.

2. partaking or sharing in a thing: hence,

3. as Subst., σύννομος, ὁ, ἡ, one who lives with, a consort;

of birds, a mate; generally, a partner, fellow, com-

panion, congener.

σύν-νοος, ου Att. contr. -νους, ουν, thinking deeply,

thoughtful, anxious.

συν-νοσέω, f. ἡσώ, to be ill together or along with.

σύν-νους, ουν, contr. for σύννοος.

συν-νυμφόκμος, ου, helping to deck a bride.

συν-οδεύω, f. *σω*, to journey along with. Hence

συνοδία, ἡ, a journey in company. II. a party

of travellers, a caravan.

συν-οδίτης, ου, ὁ, a fellow-traveller.

συνοδοιοπορέω, f. ἡσώ, to travel together. And

συνοδοιοπορία, ἡ, a travelling together. From

συν-οδοιόπορος, ὁ, a fellow-traveller.

σύν-οδος, ὁ, ἡ, = *συνοδοιόπορος*.

σύν-οδος, ἡ, a coming together, assembly, meeting;

also an association.

2. In hostile sense, a meeting

of two armies, engagement, Lat. *concursus*.

3. of things, a coming together; *χρημάτων σύνοδος* a

coming in of money, income, like *πρόσοδος*.

4. a meeting, joining, junction.

σύν-οιδα, pf., with pres. sense, of **συνέιδα*, q. v.

συν-οικεῖω, f. ὥσω, to bind one to another by ties

of friendship.

συν-οικέω, f. ἡσώ: pf. -έκηκα :—to dwell or live

together: of the scattered inhabitants of a country,

to dwell together, form a community: of persons, to

live together as man and wife: absol. to marry, wed:

metaph. to be wedded or yoked to misery.

II. to make to dwell in together: In Pass., of a country,

to be thickly peopled. Hence

συνοικημα, ατος, τό, that with which one lives; σ.

δχαριτάτατον a most unpleasant house-mate.

συνοικήσις, ἡ, (συνοικία) a dwelling or living to-

gether: wedded life, marriage.

συνουήτωρ, ὁπος, ὁ, ἡ, (συνοικία) one that lives with.

συνοικία Att. *ἐννοικία*, ἡ, (συνοικέω) a living to-

gather. 2. a body of people living together, a community.

II. a place where people live together: a house in which several families live, a house divided into chambers or flats, opp. to *olkia*, as Lat. *insula* to *domus* (a house occupied by one family). 2. a room built on to a house, an out-house.

συνολία (sub. *ἱερά*), τά, (συνολίεω) an annual feast at Athens to commemorate Theseus uniting all the towns of Attica under the government of Athens, celebrated on the 17th of Boëdromion.

συν-οικίω, f. *ἴσω* Att. *ἰώ*, to make to live with: to give in marriage.

2. to make to live together, to join in one city: *ἐξοικίσασι τὴν Λέσβον ἐς τὴν Μυτιλήνην* to concentrate all the people of Lesbos at Mytilene. II. to live in peopling or colonising a country. Hence

συνολίσις, ἡ, a making to live together, joining under one city as a capital.

συνολικότης, ἡρος, ὁ, (συνολίω) one who joins in peopling, a fellow-colonist.

συν-οικοδομέω, f. ἴσω, to build with or together:—Pass. to be built up with other materials.

σύν-οικος, ον, (σύν, οἰκέω) living with or together, inhabiting jointly: as Subst. a joint inhabitant, a denizen:—metaph., *ἐξοικός* ἀλλοτρίῳ βίον associated with change of life.

συν-οικοῦρος, ὄν, keeping house together: metaph., *συνοικοῦρος κακῶν* a partner in mischief.

συν-οικτίζω, f. *ἴσω* Att. *ἰώ*, to pity along with or together.

συνολός, fut. of *συνφέρω*, med. *συνόισμαι*.

συν-ολοθάνω, to slip and fall together with.

συν-όλλωμι: f. —ολέσω Att. —ολῶ: to destroy along with or together:—Med., with pf. 2 —όλαλα, to perish along with or together.

συν-ολολύζω, f. *ἴσω*, to raise a loud cry together, properly of women, and usually to raise a shout of joy.

σύν-ολος, ον, also η, ον, all together: τὸ σύνολον the whole together. Hence

συνόλων, Adv. on the whole, at once.

συν-ομαίμων, ον, gen. *ονος*, (σύν, ὁμαίμος) of the same blood, kindred: as Subst., *συνομαίμων*, ὁ, ἡ, a brother, sister.

συν-ομάλις, Dor. for *συν-ομήλις*.

συν-ομαρτέω, f. ἴσω, to follow along with, attend upon.

συν-ομήλις Dor. —ομάλις, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, a friend of the same age, a fellow, comrade.

συν-ομιλέω, f. ἴσω, to converse or associate with.

συν-ὀμνυμι or —ύω: f. —ομῶω: aor. I —ῶμοσα:—to swear along with or together, to join in a league or confederacy. II.

to swear to one, promise by oath: *συνομῶσαι θανάτων τι* to join in swearing death against a man.

συν-ομολογέω, f. ἴσω, to say the same thing with, agree with: to agree mutually. II. to agree to do, promise, make a covenant with.

συν-ομορέω, f. ἴσω, (σύν, ὁμορος) to border or abut

συν-οπαδός, ὄν, following along with, attending on. σύν-οπλος, ον, (σύν, ὅπλον) armed together, allied. σύν-οράς, f. *συνόρομαι* (as if from *συνόπτομαι*): aor. 2 *συνείδον*, inf. *συνίδειν* (as if from *συν-εἶδω*):—to see together or at the same time. II. to see all at once, take in all at a glance: to take a view of a thing.

συν-οργίζομαι, fut. med. —ίσομαι: aor. I pass. *συν-οργίσθην*: Dep.:—to be angry along with or together.

σύν-ορθος, ον, dawning together with.

συν-ορίω [ῖ], to stir up together or violently:—Pass. to be moved or urged on together.

σύν-ορκος, ον, (σύν, ὅρκος) bound by oath.

συν-ορμιάς, ἀδός, ἡ, (σύν, ὀρμή) clashing together.

συνόρμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of *συνόρνυμι*.

συν-ορμίζω, f. *ἴσω*, to bring to anchor together.

συν-ὀρνυμι, = *συνορίνω*: Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. *συν-ὀρμενος*, having started or set forth together.

σύν-ορος Ion. σύνουρος, ον, bordering on: *κόνις πηλοῦ κάσις ξύνουρος* dust twin-brother of mud.

συν-οροφῶ, f. ἴσω, (σύν, ὀροφή) to roof all over, cover completely.

σύν-ουρος, ον, Ion. for *συνορος*.

συν-ουσία Ion. —λή, ἡ, (from *σύνων*, *συνουσα*, part. of *σύνειμι*) a being with or together: a living together, social intercourse, association, society. II.

a society, meeting of friends, party.

συνουσιαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (συνουσία) one who lives with, a companion: a disciple. Hence

συνουσιαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, suited for society, sociable.

συν-οφρυδομαι, f. med. ὄσωμαι: pf. pass. —ᾠφρύωμαι: Dep.: (σύν, ὀφρύς):—to knit the brow, frown.

συν-οχή Att. *ἐξοχή*, ἡ, (συνέχω) a holding or being held together, a meeting, joining. 2. metaph.

straitness, distress, anguish. Hence

συνοχηδόν, Adv. holding together.

συν-οχμός, ὁ, Ep. *συνεοχμός*, = *συνοχή*, junction.

σύνοχος, ον, (συνέχω) held together: metaph. agreeing with, suiting.

συνόχωκα, for *συνόκωχα*, xp. intr. pi. of *συνέχω*, to be held together, come together: ὥμα ἐπὶ στήθος *συν-οχωκότες* shoulders contracted over the chest:

συνόψομαι, fut. of *συνοράω*.

σύνταγμα, ατος, τό, (συντάσσω) that which is put together in order: a body of troops drawn up in order, a squadron, corps, contingent. 2. the constitution of a state.

συντάκηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of *συντήκω*.

συντακτέον, verb. Adj. of *συντάσσω*, one must arrange.

συν-τάλαιπωρέω, ι. ἴσω, to endure hardships together, to share in misery.

συν-τάμνω, Ion. for *συντέμνω*.

συν-τάνωμι, = *συντείνω*, to bring together into one. σύνταξις, εως, ἡ, (συντάσσω) a putting together in order: of soldiers, a drawing up in order, a complete array: hence 2. order, arrangement: organisation, system. 3. a body of troops 4. in Gramm.

the combination of words and sentences, syntax. II. a covenant, contract. 2. a contribution, quota. 3. = σύνταγμα, a contingent of soldiers. 4. a settled rate of remuneration.

συν-τάρασσω Att. -ττω: 1. ξω: aor. I -ετάραξα: Pass., aor. I -εταράχθην: pf. -τετάραγμαi:—to throw into utter confusion, to disturb, Lat. conturbare: to trouble, confound, perplex, disquiet:—Pass. to be thrown into utter confusion: to be much disturbed, troubled, disquieted, vexed.

συν-τάσσω Att. -ττω: 1. ξω: aor. I -έταξα: Pass., aor. I -ετάχθην: pf. -τέταγμαi:—to put together in order, to draw up in order of battle, put in array: also to draw up or bring into line along with others. 2. to arrange, organise, Lat. constituere: to regulate, ordain: to command. II. Pass. to be drawn up in order of battle. 2. to be joined to, drawn up with. 3. metaph. to be collected or firm. 4. to be assessed for taxation. III. Med. to put themselves in order of battle, form in line. 2. to arrange for oneself. 3. to agree together, bargain. 4. to take leave of, bid farewell.

συν-τάχυνω [ῥ], to help to urge on, hurry. II. intr. to hasten, hasten to an end.

συν-τετραμμένος, pf. pass. part. of συντρέφω.

συν-τείνω, pf. -τέτακα, pass. -τέταμαι:—to stretch together, strain, draw tight: metaph. to exert, strain: Pass. to exert oneself, use all one's endeavours II. intr. to exert oneself, strive, Lat. contendere. 2. to direct one's powers to one object, tend towards, Lat. tendere ad.

συν-τελιχίζω, f. ξω Att. ῶ, to help to build a fortification.

συν-τεκμαιρόμαι, aor. I -ετεκμηράμην: Dep. to conjecture, guess, calculate.

συν-τεκνοποιέω, f. ἥσω, to breed children with another.

συν-τεκνύω, f. ὠσω, to help in breeding: also to breed.

συν-τελέω, = συντελέω intr., to belong to.

συντέλεια, ἡ, (συντελής) a joint payment, a contribution to the public burdens, subscription. II. at Athens, a party of 5, 6, 10, or more citizens, who equipped a ship at their joint expense, and were called συντελεῖς.

III. an union or partnership formed for bearing public burdens, a club or company. IV. an accomplishment, completion, end, consummation.

συν-τελέω, f. έσω: pf. pass. συντετέλεσμαι:—to bring to an end together, bring quite to an end, complete, finish off. II. to pay joint taxes, contribute equally: συντελέω εἰς τὸν πόλεμον to pay all alike towards the war.

2. συντελεῖν εἰς τοὺς ἵππους to be rated or assessed as belonging to the knights: hence to belong to or be counted in a class or body: esp. of a number of small states tributary or confederate with a larger.

συν-τελής, ἐς, (σύν, τέλος) paying joint taxes, contributing one's share: συντελής πόλις the city which

had to pay its share of the penalty. 2. belonging to the same συντέλεια or company. 3. tributary to another's state.

συν-τέμνω Ion. -ταμνω: fut. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 -έτεμον:—to cut in pieces, to chop. up. II. to cut down, cut short, Lat. concidere: metaph. to cut short, abridge, curtail.

III. intr. (s. b. ὀδόν), to make a short cut: (sub, λόγον), to cut the matter short speak briefly, concisely: τοῦ χρόνου συντάμνωτος a time became short.

συν-τερερίζω, to whistle an accompaniment.

συν-τέρμων, on gen. ονος, (σύν, τέρμα) bordering on. συντεταγμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συντάσσω in an orderly manner, in set terms.

συντεταμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συντείνω, earnestly, eagerly, vigorously.

συντετάραγμαi, pf. pass. or συντάρασσω.

συντετέλεσμαι, pf. pass. of συντελέω.

συντέτκα, pf. with intrans. sense of συντήκω.

συν-τετραίνω: f. -τρήσω: aor. I -έτρησα: 'pi. pass. -τέρημαι:—to bore through so as to meet, to perforate:—Pass. to be connected by openings or channels II. metaph., συντετραίνειν μῦθον δι' ἄτων to let words pierce through the ears, sink deeply.

συντετριμμένος, pf. pass. part. of συντρίβω.

συντετριβήαι, pf. pass. inf. of συντρίβω. συν-τεχνος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, τέχνη) practising the same art: as Subst., σύντεχνος, ὁ, a fellow-workman.

συν-τήκω, f. ξω: aor. I -έτηξα:—to melt together, melt or fuse into one mass. II. to melt down, dissolve by melting, make to waste away. 2. Pass. συντήσκομαι, aor. I συντετήχθην: aor. 2 συντεάχην [ᾶ]: with pf. act. intrans. συντέτκα:—to melt away, dissolve, disappear.

συν-τηρέω, f. ἥσω, to watch closely: to preserve, keep safe: keep in mind. 2. to watch one's opportunity.

συν-τίθημι, f. -θήσω:—to place or put together, to add together. 2. to put together so as to form a whole, frame, construct: to compose. 3. to compose a book. 4. to contrive, devise. 5. to put together in one, unite, comprehend. II. Med.

συντίθεμαι: aor. I συνεθηράμην: aor. 2 συνεθέμην:—to put together for oneself, perceive, observe, take heed to: σὺ δὲ σύνθεο do thou take heed, 2. to set in order, organise. 3. to agree on, conclude: to covenant or contract to do a thing.

συν-τίμω, f. ἥσω, to value together:—Med. to fix an estimate:—Pass. to increase in value, rise in price.

συν-τρίνασσω, f. ξω, to shake together, shake to the foundations, shake violently, Lat. concutere: to confuse, confound.

συν-πνέωσκω, f. -πνέσω, to wound in many places. *συν-πλάω, aor. 2 συνέπλην, to venture together.

σύντομος, on, (συντεμνέω) cut off, cut short: metaph. abridged, shortened, esp. of a road, σύντομος ὁδός a short cut: συντομάτων or τὰ συντομάτα, by the shortest cut. 2. concise, brief, short.

Hence

συντόμως, Adv. *concisely, shortly* : Comp. -ώτερον and -ωτέρως : Sup. -ώτατα and -ωτάτως.
σύντονος, ov, (συντείνω) on the stretch, strained fight. 2. metaph. *intense, excessive* : of persons, earnest, serious, vehement : neut. pl. σύντονα as Adv. earnestly, vehemently. II. (σύν, τόνος) in harmony or unison with.
συν-τράγωδῶ, f. ἦσω, to act tragedy together.
συν-τράπεζος, ov, (σύν, τράπεζα) eating at the same table : as Subst., συντράπεζος, ὁ, ἡ, a messmate.
σύν-τρεψ, οι, αι, σύν-τρια, τά, (σύν, τρεῖς) three together, three and three.
συν-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to feed besides, help to feed : -Pass. to grow up together, live together. II. of liquids, to congeal : -Pass. to be congealed, freeze.
συν-τρέχω, f. -θρέξωμαι, or more commonly -δράμωμαι : aor. 2 -έδραμόν : to run together, gather together : to commingle. 2. of enemies, to rush together, meet in battle, encounter, Lat. concurrere. 3. as friends, to come together, agree : generally, to co-occur, coincide. 4. to meet with. 5. to run or shrivel up.
συντριβῆσαι, aor. I inf. of συντριβαίνω.
συν-τρίαινῶ, f. ὥσω, (σύν, τρίαῖνα) to overbrow with a trident : generally, to overwhelm in ruin.
συντριβήσομαι, fut. pass. of συντριβῶ.
συν-τρίβω [τ] : f. ψω : aor. I -έτριψα : Pass., aor. 2 -έτριβην [τ] : pf. -τέτριμμαι : to rub together II. to crush, grind down, shiver to atoms, Lat. conterere : συντριβεῖν τὰς ναυὶς to stave the ships in : Pass., συντριβήμαι τῆς κεφαλῆς to have one's head broken. III. metaph. in Pass. to run against, clash with.
συντριηραρχέω, f. ἦσω, to be a συντριηραρχος. From συν-τρηραρχος, ὁ, a partner in fitting out a trireme.
σύντριμμα, ατος, τό, (συντριπῶ) a fracture, destruction. II. a stumbling-block, offence.
σύντριψ, ἱβος, ὁ, ἡ, (συντριβῶ) shattering, smashing : of a lubber-head that breaks the pots in the kitchen.
συντροφία, ἡ, a being reared together : a brood. From
σύντροφος, ov, (συντρέφω) brought up together with : of the same origin as. 2. generally, living with : familiar, ordinary, common : of animals, brought up together. 3. natural, usual, common. II. aet., σύντροφος ζωῆς helping to preserve life
συν-τροχάξω, = συντρέχω.
συν-τυγχάνω, fut. -τεύσομαι : aor. 2 -έτυχον : to meet with, fall in with : to converse, speak with : ὁ συντυχάν, like ὁ ρυχάν, the first that meets one, any one : τὸ συντυχόν the first thing that comes to hand, anything common or mean. II. of accidents, to happen to, befall : absol. to happen, fall out, chance : εὖ συντυχόντων if things should go well : impers., συνετύχανε, συνέτυχε it happened that..
συν-τυμβωρύχῶ, f. ἦσω, to help in robbing graves.
συν-τύραννοκτονέω, f. ἦσω, to join in slaying tyrants.

συν-τύρῶ, f. ὥσω, (σύν, τυρός) to make into cheese together, hence to concoct, Lat. concoquer
συντυχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of συντυγχάνω
συντύχια Ion. -λη, ἡ, (συντυχεῖν) an occurrence, incident : a conjuncture, happy chance, happy even* - also a mischance, accident.
συν-υποκρίνομαι, Dep. to play a part along with : to help in maintaining a character.
συν-υποτίθηναι, f. -θήσω, to help in putting under : Med. to help in composing.
συν-υπουργέω, f. ἦσω, to join in serving or assisting.
συν-ὑφαίνω, aor. I -ὑφήνα [ῡ] : aor. I pass. -ὑφάνθην : to weave together : metaph. to combine as in one web, frame cunningly.
συν-ωδίνω [τ], to be in travail together : to share in any agony.
συν-ωδός, ὄν, (σύν, ῥή) singing or sounding in unison : echoing or responsive to : metaph. according with, in unison with.
συνώκησα, aor. I of συνοικέω.
συνώμεθα, I pl. aor. 2 med. subj. of συνίλημι.
συναμωσία, ἡ, (συνόμνυμι) a being leagued by oath, a conspiracy : confederacy.
συναμώτης, ov, ὁ, (συνόμνυμι) one who is leagued by oath, a fellow-conspirator, confederate.
συνάμοτος, ov, (συνόμνυμι) leagued or banded by oath : confederate.
συν-ανέομαι, f. ἦσομαι : pf. pass. -έωνημαι : Dep. : to buy together : to collect by offering pay, take into one's pay. II. to buy up, Lat. coemere : pf. also in pass. sense, ὁ συνεωνημένος σίτος corn bought up.
συν-άνθυμος, ov, (σύν, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) of like name or meaning
συνωραστής, οῦ, ὁ, (συνωρίς) one who drives a pair-horsed chariot
συνωρίζω, f. σω, (συνωρίς) to yoke together : -Med. to link with oneself.
συνωρικήεσθαι, Dep. to drive a συνωρίς. From συνωρίς, ἱδός, ἡ, (συνάρος) a pair of horses or mules, a two-horse chariot. II. generally, a pair or couple of anything, Lat. biga. III. that which binds together, a pair of fetters.
συν-ωφελέω, f. ἦσω, to join in helping : absol. to be of use, assist together : -Pass. to derive profit together.
συνωφρυσμένος, pf. part. of συνοφρύνωμαι.
συν-ωχάδῶν, Adv. (συνέχω) of Time, perpetually, continually : continuously.
συο-κτάστια, ἡ, (σὺς, κτείνω) a slaying of swine.
συο-φόντης, ου, ὁ, (σὺς, *φένω) a slayer of swine.
συο-φόντις, ιδός, ἡ, fem. of συοφόντης.
Σύρα, ἡ, fem. of Σύρος, a Syrian woman.
Συράκουσαι [α], αι, Ion. Συρήκουσαι Dor. Συράκουσαι, Syracuse. Hence
Συράκοσιος, α, ov, Ion. Σύρηκ- Dor. and Att. Συράκοσιος, Syracusan.
σύρ-γαστρος, ὁ, (σύρομαι, γαστήρ) trawling the veiny, of a worm or snake.

σὺρδην, Adv. (σὺρῶ) rushing furiously. 2. in a long line.

Σύρια, ἡ, (Σύρος) the land of the Syrians, Syria.

σὺρίσμα, αἶρος, τό, (σὺρίτω) the sound of a pipe, a piping or whistling sound.

σὺρίμβος, ὁ, (σὺρίτω) the sounding of a pipe, a piping, whistling.

σὺρίγξ, ἡ, α, (σὺρίτω) a shepherd's pipe, Pan's-pipe. II.

anything in shape like a pipe, as, I. a spear-ease. 2. the box or hole in the nave of a wheel. 3.

metaph. of the nostrils or wind-pipe. From

ΣΥΡΙΞΩ Att. σὺρίτω Dor. σὺρίσσω: fut. -ιξω Att. -ίξομαι: aor. I ἔσῤῥιξα later ἔσῤῥισα, inf. σὺρίσαι:—to play on the Pan's pipe (σὺρίγξ). II.

to make a piping, whistling sound: hence to hiss an actor, Lat. explodere.

Συρίη-γενής, ἐς, (Σύρια, γένος) Syrian-born.

σὺρικτάς, ὁ, δ, Dor. for σὺριστής, οὗ.

Σύριος, α, ον, (Σύρος) Syrian.

σὺρίσσω, σὺρίσθες, Dor. for σὺρίζω, σὺρίζεις.

σὺρίσμα, αἶρος, τό, = σὺρίγμα.

σὺριστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = σὺριστής.

σὺριστής, οὗ, ὁ, (σὺρίζω) a player on the Pan's pipe (σὺρίγξ), a piper.

Σύρισι, Adv. (Σύρος) in the Syrian language.

σὺρίτω, f. ἴζω, = σὺρίζω, q. v.

σὺρμα, αἶρος, τό, (σὺρῶ) anything which is drawn or trailed along: a robe with a long train.

σὺρμαία ἰον. -αῖη, ἡ, (σὺρμῶς) an emetic or purgative draught, used by the Egyptians, chiefly consisting of the juice of the radish and salt water. whence the radish itself is called σὺρμαῖη. Hence

σὺρμαίω, f. σω, to take an emetic or purge.

σὺρμάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σὺρῶ) anything swept together, refuse, rubbish.

σὺρμός, ὁ, (σὺρῶ) any sweeping or trailing motion, Lat. tractus, the track of meteors, etc. II. that which is dragged along, a trail. III. a vomiting, purging.

σὺροισα, Dor. for σὺροισα, part. fem. of σὺρῶ.

Σύρος, ὁ, Syros, one of the Cyclades: also called Σύρα, ἡ, and in the Odyssey Σὺρλη.

Σύρος, ὁ, a Syrian. [ῥ]

Σύρο-φοίνις, ἴκος, ὁ, (Σύρος, Φοινίκη) a Syrophoenician: fem. Σύροφαινισσα, a Syrophoenician woman.

σὺρ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew or stitch together, sew up.

σὺρ-ράσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, = σὺρρηγνυμι in intr. sense, to dash together, clash together, fight with, Lat. configere.

σὺρ-πέω, f. ξω, to sacrifice together.

σὺρ-πέω, f. -πέσσομαι: pf. -εppήκα: aor. 2 in pass. form -εppήν:—to flow together or in one stream: metaph. of men, to flow or stream in together.

σὺρ-ρήγνυμι or -ῥω: f. -ρήξω: aor. I συνέρρηξα: Pass. aor. 2 συνερράγγην [ῥ]: pf. συνέρρηγμα, but also pf. 2 intr. συνέρρηγα:—to break to pieces: σὺρ-ρήξαι εἰς ἓν to break up and make into one: metaph. in Pass. to be broken down by sufferings. II. Pass.

and intr. in Act. (esp. in pf. 2 συνέρρηγα): to break or fall to pieces, to be broken up and run together: rivers, to run into one another: of war, to break on σὺρ-πέθεμαι, Pass. (σύν, βίβω) to have the root united: to take root together with.

Σύρτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (σὺρῶ) a sand-bank in the sea: the sand-banks on the coast of Africa, of which there were two, the Syrtis Major and Minor.

σὺρφαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (σὺρῶ) = σὺρφεός. II. as Aug. swept together like refuse, vulgar, promiscuous.

σὺρφεός, ὁ, (σὺρῶ) anything swept together, refuse, litter, rubbish, Lat. quisquilliae. II. metaph.

mixed crowd, mob, rabble.

ΣΥΡΩ [ῥ]: f. σὺρῶ: aor. I ἔσῤῥα: pf. σέσσυμαι Pass., aor. 2 ἐσὺρην [ῥ]: pf. σέσσυμαι:—to drag, trail along: to drag by force, force away, hale: generally, to sweep away.

ΣΥΨΩ, ὁ and ἡ, gen. σύψς, acc. σὺν: nom. pl. σὺν acc. σὺς contr. σὺς, dat. σὺσί Ep. σὺεσαι:—L. SUS, = ūs, a swine, pig, whether hog or boar, or some σὺς κάπριος a wild boar.

σὺ-σκέδαννυμι, f. -σκηδάσω, to toss all about.

σὺ-σκενάζω, f. ἄσω, to put baggage or furniture together, to pack up: generally, to make ready, prepare: to contrive, concert. II. Med. to pack

one's own baggage, and generally to pack up: pass. pf. pass. συνεσκευασμένος or συσκευασμένος packed up, in marching order. 2. to prepare, make ready, provide. 3. to contrive, concert. 4. gen-

erally, to bring together, scrape together for one's own use: to band together. Hence

σὺσκευασία, ἡ, a packing up, getting ready, for journey or march.

σὺ-σκευοφόρῶ, f. ἡσω, to carry baggage together: σὺ-σκευορόμαι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep: to contrive, devise, concert.

σὺ-σκηνοῦ, f. ἡσω, to live in the same tent or house with another, to lodge together: to mess with another. Hence

σὺσκηνητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, one who lives in the same tent a messmate, Lat. contubernalis.

σὺσκηνήτρια, ἡ, fem. of σὺσκηνητήρ.

σὺσκηνία, ἡ, (σὺσκηνος) a dwelling in one tent: soldiers, a messing together.

σὺσκήμιον, τό, a common meal, of the Lacedaemonians. From

σὺ-σκηνος, ον, (σύν, σκηνή) living in one tent: Subst. σὺσκηνος, ὁ, a messmate, comrade, Lat. contubernalis. Hence

σὺ-σκηνώ, f. ἄσω, = σὺσκηνέω.

σὺ-σμάζω, f. ἄσω, to throw a shade quite over, cover entirely.

σὺ-σκιας, ον, (σύν, σκιά) shaded over, shaded.

σὺ-σκοπέω, to contemplate along with or together

σὺ-σκοτάζω, f. ἄσω, to grow or become dark: in pers., σὺσκοτάζει it grows dark.

σὺ-σχυθροπάζω, f. σω, to look sad or gloom together.

συν-σπάρσσω Att. -ττω, f. ἔω, to rend in pieces.
συν-σπᾶω, f. ἄω [ᾶ], to draw or squeeze together :
of skins, to sew together.

συν-σπειράομαι, Pass. (σύν, σπείρα, to be coiled up
together : of soldiers, to be formed in close order : to
march in close order.

συν-σπείρω, to sow or sprinkle together.

συν-σπένδω, f. -σπείσω, to join in making a liba-
tion :—Med. to join in making a peace, treaty, etc.

συν-σπένδω, f. σπῶ, to join in hastening or promoti-
ng, to lend a helping hand.

συν-σπλαγχνεύω, f. σπῶ, (σύν, σπλάγχχνα) to heap o
the flesh of the victim at a sacrifice.

σύν-σπονδος, ov, (σύν, σπονδή) making a libation
with : joining in the same treaty.

συν-σπουδάζω, f. ἄω, to make haste along with or
together, to be in earnest about a thing. II. trans.
to pursue or manage zealously together.

συσ-σείω, f. σπῶ, to shake together : to make to quiver
or tremble.

συσ-σημαίνομαι, Dep. (σύν, σημαίνω) to join in
sealing and signing.

σύν-σημος, ov, (σύν, σῆμα) marked in common : as
Subst., σύσσημον, τό, a fixed sign or signal.

συσσιτέω, f. ἔω, (σύσσιτος) to eat or mess with :
to eat or mess together. Hence

συσσιτήσις, εως, ἡ, = συσσιτία : ana
συσσιτία, ἡ, a messing together or in common. II.
a club or mess.

συσσιτίων, τό, (συσσιτέω) : I. in pl. a common
meal, esp. at Sparta where all dined together accordi-
ng to the institution of Lyncurgus. II. a dinin-
g-room, hall.

σύν-σιτος, ov, (σύν, σιτέω) eating together with or
in common : as Subst., σύσσιτος, ὁ, a messmate.

συσ-σώζω, f. σπῶ, to help to save or deliver

σύν-σωμος, ov, (σύν, σῶμα) united in one body.

συσ-σωφρονέω, f. ἔω, to be a partner in tem-
perance.

συστάδόν, Adv. (συνίσταμαι) standing close toge-
ther : of fighting, at close quarters, Lat. cominus.

συστάθεις, aor. I pass. part. of συνίστημι.

συστάλεις, aor. 2 pass. part. of συστέλλω.

συν-στασιάζω, f. ἄω, to join in sedition, be factious
with. Hence

συστάσιαστής, οὔ, ο, one who takes part in a sedi-
tion, a fellow-rioter.

σύν-στασις, ἡ, (συνίσταμαι) a standing together,
meeting : in hostile sense, close combat, conflict, bat-
tle : σύστασις γνώμης a conflict of mind. 2. an

union, association, club. 3. metaph. earnestness,
hardness, rigour.

συν-στασιώτης, ov, ὁ, (σύν, στασιώτης) a member of
the same party, a partisan.

συστακτικός, ἡ, ἐν, (συνίστημι) of or for bringing
together, introductory, commendatory : ἡ συστακτικὴ
ἐπιστολή a letter of introduction.

συν-σταυρώω, f. ὥω, to crucify along with.

συν-στεγάζω, f. ἄω, to cover together or entirely.

συν-στέλλω, f. -στέλω : aor. I.—έστειλα : pf. act.—έστα-
λκα, pass.—έσταλμαι :—to draw together, draw in :
hence to shorten sail. 2. to draw in, contract, com-
press, condense :—Pass. to be contracted, get smaller ;

συστέλλεσθαι εἰς εὐτέλειαν to be drawn in towards
economy, i.e. to retrench : so also in pf. pass. part
συσσεσταλμένος, drawn in, brought into narrow com-
pass, moderate. 3. metaph. to lower, humble,
abase :—Pass. to be lowered or cast down. II. to

wrap closely up, shroud, veil :—Med., συστέλλεσθαι
θολμάτιον to wrap one's cloak close round one ; συ-
στέλλεσθαι ἑαυτὸν to gird up one's loins ; so aor. 2
pass. part. συσταλὲς ready for action. III. in

Gramm. to use a syllable short.

συν-στενάζω, f. ἔω, to sigh or groan with.

συν-στεφανόω, f. ὥω, to crown along with or together.

σύστημα, atos, τό, (συνίστημι) that which is put
together, a composite whole : a composition : a col-
lege, assembly

συν-στοιχέω, f. ἔω, (σύν, στοιχος) to stand in the
same row or line with : to be coördinate or in conformi-
ty with, to correspond to.

συν-στολίζω, f. ἔω, = συστέλλω, to put together, fa-
bricate. II. to unite.

συστρατέα, ἡ, a common campaign or expedition.
From

συν-στράτευω, f. -εύω ; also as Dep. συστρατεύο-
μαι, f. -εύσομαι :—to make a campaign, serve along
with or together, to join or share in an expedition.

συστρατήγιω, f. ἔω, to be the fellow-general of.
From

συν-στράτηγος, a fellow-general, joint commander.

συν-στράτιώτης, ov, ὁ, a fellow-soldier.

συν-στράτοπεδεύομαι, Dep. to encamp along with.

συν-στρέφω, f. ψω : Pass., aor. 2 συνεστράφη [ᾶ] :
pf. συνεστράμμαι :—to twist or coil up together, roll
into a mass, Lat. conglobare ; generally, to collect in
one, combine : of soldiers, to rally, form into a solid
body ; συστρέφειν ἑαυτὸν to rally or collect oneself :

—Pass. to be united in one body, combine : to club
together, conspire. 2. of sentences, to compress,
condense, make terse or concise ; συνεστραμμένη λέ-
ξις a rounded, periodic style. II. to twist or whirl
round, whirl away, carry off. III. to turn all
together, to make wheel round. Hence

συστροφή, ἡ, a rolling up together, winding into
a ball. II. any dense or compact mass : a body
of men, a crowd, Lat. globus : a coming together,
gathering.

συν-σφάζω, f. ἔω : aor. 2 pass. συνεσφάγη [ᾶ], inf.
συσφαγήναι :—to slay along with or together.

συν-σφίγγω, f. γέω, to lace or bind close together.

συν-σχηματίζω, f. σπῶ, to conform one thing to
another :—Pass. to be conformed to another's ex-
ample.

συν-σχολάζω, f. σπῶ, to pass one's leisure with or to-
gether.

σύντο [γ], Ep. for ἐσύντο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (with aor. sense) of σέναι.

σῦφείδης, δ, lengthd. form for συφείδης.

σῦφείδος, δ, (σῦς) a bog-sty; συφείνδε = εἰς or πρὸς συφείν, to the sty.

σῦ-φῆρβιον, τό, (σῦς, φέρβω) a herd of swine.

σῦ-φορβός, δ, (σῦς, φέρβω) = ὑφορβός, a swine-herd.

σῦφος, α, ον, Aeol. for σόφος

ΣΥΧΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, of Time, long; with plur. nouns, many together. 2. of Number and Quantity, many, much, frequent, great: with singular nouns, much, numerous, frequent.

3. the dat. συχνῷ is often joined with a Comp. Adj., like πολλῷ, as, συχνῷ βελτίων far better. 4. neut. συχνόν and συχνά as Adv. often, much.

σφαγείον, τό, (σφαγήναι) a bowl for catching the blood of the victim in sacrifices. II. like σφάγιον, the victim itself

σφαγείς, aor. 2 pass. part. of σφάζω.

σφαγεύς, εἰς, δ, (σφάζω) a slayer, butcher: a murderer: ὁ σφαγεύς ἐστήκε the slayer is set, of the sword on which Ajax is about to throw himself: a sacrificial knife.

σφαγῆ, ἡ, (σφαγήναι) slaughter, butchery, sacrifice: the victim itself: σφαγαὶ πυρὸς the sacrificial fire. 2. a wound. II. the throat, Lat. jugulum, mostly in plur.

σφαγιαζομαι, f. ἀσوماί, Dep. (σφάγιον) to slay a victim, to sacrifice.

II. more rarely an Act. σφαγιαζέω occurs in the same sense, whence aor. I part. σφαγιασθεὶς as Pass., having been sacrificed. Hence

σφαγιασμός, δ, a slaying, sacrificing.

σφάγιον, τό, mostly in plur., σφάγια, τά, a victim: δοῦλα σφάγια the sacrifice of a slave. Properly neut. from sq. [ἀ]

σφάγιος, ον, also α, ον, (σφάζω) slaying, sacrificing: killing, deadly.

σφάγίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (σφάζω) a sacrificial knife: generally, a knife.

ΣΦΑΔΑΨΩ, f. σω, to struggle, plunge, like a restive horse: to writhe or struggle convulsively. Hence

σφαδάσμος, δ, a spasm, convulsion.

ΣΦΑΖΩ Att. σφάττω: f. σφάζω: aor. I ἐσφαξα: Pass., aor. I ἐσφάχθην: aor. 2 ἐσφάγην [ἀ]: fut. σφάγησμαι: pf. ἐσφαγμαι:—to slay by cutting the throat, Lat. jugulare: to slay, slaughter, sacrifice, immolate.

ΣΦΑΙΠΑ, ας, ἡ, a ball, esp. a ball to play with; σφαίρην παίζειν to play at ball; σφαίραν βίπτειν to toss the ball about. 2. a sphere, globe.

σφαιροδόν, Adv. (σφαίρα) like a globe or ball.

σφαιρίζω, f. ἴσω, (σφαίρα) to play at ball.

σφαιρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σφαίρα) like a ball, spherical: τὰ σφαιρικά the science of the spheres, astronomy.

σφαιρίον, τό, Dim. of σφαίρα, a small ball.

σφαιριστής, οὔ, δ, (σφαρίζω) a ball-player.

σφαιρο-ειδής, εἰς, (σφαίρα, εἶδος) ball-like, globular, spherical: rounded, blunted.

σφαιρώ, f. ὠω: pass. pf. ἐσφαίρωμαι, plqpf. ἐσφαίρωμαι: (σφαίρα):—to make globular or spherical:—Pass., στήθεα δ' ἐσφαίρωτο his chest was round and arched.

II. to tip with a ball or button; ἀκόντια ἐσφαίρωμαι spears tipped with buttons.

σφαιρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (σφαίρα) rounded, made globular.

II. tipped with a ball or button.

σφακέλιζω, f. σω, to be gangrened, mortify; ἐσφακέλισε τὸ δὸς τὸν καὶ δ' ἡμῶς ἐσάπη the bone became gangrened and the thigh mortified. From

σφακέλος, δ, gangrene, mortification. 2. a spasm, convulsion: convulsive fury. [ἀ]

ΣΦΑΚΟΣ, ἡ, δ, the plant sage, Lat. salvia. [ἀ]

σφακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (σφάζω) slaughtered, sacrificed.

σφαλῆς, aor. 2 part. pass. of σφάλλω.

σφαλερός, ἡ, ὄν, (σφάλλω) making to fall, totter or stagger: metaph. slippery, perilous, precarious, Lat. lubricus. II. intr. ready to fall, tottering, staggering. Adv. —ρῶς.

σφαλήναι, aor. inf. pass. of σφάλλω.

σφαλλόντι, Dor. 3 pl. pres. of σφάλλω.

ΣΦΑΛΛΩ: f. σφίλω: aor. I ἐσφηλα, inf. σφῆλαι. Pass., with fut. med. σφάλλησομαι, σφάλλομαι: aor. 2 ἐσφάλην [ἀ]: pf. ἐσφαλμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐσφαλτο:—to make to fall; properly, to trip up in wrestling: make to stumble, throw down, overthrow: to make to totter or reel. 2. metaph. to baffle, foil, balk, disconcert, d'sappoint. II. Pass. to be tripped up, to stumble, stagger, reel: to fall, esp. by disasters. 2. to be baffled, foiled, disappointed: to be defeated, to fail, be unsuccessful: οὐ τι μὴ σφαλῶ γ' ἐν σοὶ ποτε I shall never be disappointed in thee:—c. gen. rei, to be balked or disappointed of a thing. 3. to fail, err, be deceived, blunder. Hence

σφάλμα, ατος, τό, a stumble, false step. II. metaph. a failure, defeat, disaster. 2. a fault, failing, trespass.

σφάζ, Dor. for σφήξ, a wasp.

σφάξας, aor. I part. of σφάζω.

σφαράγεσθαι, Dep. (σφάραγος) to burst with a noise, to crack, crackle, hiss. 2. to groan with

foolishness, be full to bursting.

σφαράγιζω, f. σω, to stir up with a loud noise. From ΣΦΑΡΑΓΟΣ, δ, a bursting with a noise, cracking, crackling. (Formed from the sound.) [σφαρά]

σφᾶς, enclit. acc. of σφέις.

σφᾶς [ἀ], acc. pl. fem. of σφ'ς.

σφάττω, Att. for σφάζω.

σφε, Ep. and Ion. enclit. acc. pl. masc. and fem. of σφέις, ibem. II. in Attic and later Poets, also acc. sing. btm, ber.

σφέας, nom. and acc. pl. neut. of σφέις.

σφέας, Ep. and Ion. acc. pl. for σφέας.

σφεδάνος, ἡ, ὄν, collat. form of σφοδρός, eager, vehement, earnest: neut. σφεδανόν as Adv. eagerly, vehemently.

ΣΦΕΓΣ, nom. pl. masc. and fem. of the personal Pron. of 3rd person, *they*, neut. *σφέα* : gen. *σφῶν* : dat. *σφίσι* : acc. *σφέας*, neut. *σφέα*. The Ep. and Ion. forms are,—nom. *σφεῖς* : genit. *σφέων* Ep. also *σφεῖων* : dat. *σφι* and *σφῖν*, very rarely used also for dat. sing. : accus. *σφέας* Ep. also *σφεῖας*, also *σφε* (both sing. and pl.). There are also some Aeol. and Dor. forms, —nom. *σφές*, dat. *σφῖν* and *ψῖν*, acc. *ψε*. In Homer this Pron. is always personal, and therefore he uses no neut., which first occurs in Herodotus. The notion is often strengthened by *αὐτός*, as in *σφῶν αὐτῶν*, *σφέας αὐτοῦς*. II. there is a rare usage of *σφεῖς* for 2nd pers. pl., *μετὰ σφίσιν* for *μεθ' ὑμῖν*.

ΣΦΕΛΑΣ, ατος, τό, a footstool : Ep. contr. plur. *σφέλα*, for *σφέλατα*, *σφέλαα*.

σφενδάμνινος, η, ον, of maple wood, Lat. *acernus* : metaph. *ἄνδρες σφενδάμνινοι* 'hearts of maple.' From **ΣΦΕΝΔΑΜΝΟΣ**, ἡ, the maple, Lat. *acer*.

σφενδονάω, f. ἴσω, to sling, to use the sling. II. to throw as from a sling, hurl violently. 2. to move like a sling, to swing, brandish. 3. to smite with a sling. From

σφενδόνη, ἡ, a sling, Lat. *funda*, being a strip of leather broad in the middle and narrow at each end. II. anything like a sling in shape; the hoop of a ring in which the stone was set as in a sling, the outer or broader part round the stone, Lat. *funda* or *pala annuli*.

III. the act of slinging, a throw, cast. IV. that which is slung, the stone or bullet of the sling.

σφενδονήτης, ου, ὁ, (σφενδονάω) a slinger. **σφές**, Aeol. and Dor. for *σφεῖς*.

σφετερίζω, f. ἴσω Dor. ἴξω, (σφέτερος) to make one's own, appropriate, usurp : also as Dep. **σφετερίζομαι**, whence Dor. aor. I part. **σφετεριζάμενος**.

σφέτερος, α, ον, possessive Adj. of the 3rd pers. Pron. *σφεῖς*, their own, their, belonging to them : — also of the 3rd pers. sing., *his*, *hers*. II. sometimes also used of others than the 3rd pers., as : I. of the 2nd pers. pl., — *ὑμέτερος*, your own : and of the 2nd pers. sing., — *σός*, thy, thine own. 2. of the 1st pers. pl., — *ἡμέτερος*, our own : and of the 1st pers. sing., — *ἐμός*, my own, mine.

σφέων, Ep. and Ion. for *σφῶν*, gen. of *σφεῖς*. **σφῆ**, dat. fem. of *σφός*.

σφηκιά, ἡ, (σφήξ) a wasp's nest.

σφηκίσκος, ὁ, (σφήξ) a piece of wood pointed like a wasp's sting, a pointed stick or stake.

σφηκο-εἰδής, ἐς, (σφήξ, εἶδος) = **σφηκώδης**.

σφηκός, f. ὥσω, (σφήξ) to make like a wasp, to pinch in at the waist : generally, to pinch in, bind tightly : —Pass., **πλοχοῖ** χρυσῷ τε καὶ ἀργύρῳ ἐσφῆκαντο (3 pl. plqpf.) the braids of hair were tight bound with gold and silver.

σφηκ-ώδης, ἐς, contr. for **σφηκοειδής**, (σφήξ, εἶδος) wasp-like, pinched in at the waist like a wasp.

σφήκομα, ατος, τό, (σφηκός) the point of a helmet in which the plume is fixed.

σφήλαι, aor. I inf. of *σφάλλω*.

σφήλα, Ep. for *ἐσφῆλα*, aor. I of *σφάλλω*.

ΣΦΗΝ, σφηνός, ὁ, a wedge, Lat. *cuneus*.

σφηνο-πύγων, ανος, ὁ, (σφήν, πύγων) with a wedge-shaped or peaked beard, as Mercury is represented : in Comedy old men were thus brought on the stage.

σφηνώω, f. ὥσω, (σφήν) to wedge up, close.

ΣΦΗΞ, ηκός, ὁ, a wasp, Lat. *vespa*.

Σφηντός, ὁ, an Attic deme : Adv. **Σφηντοῦ** at *Sphettus* : Adj. **Σφήτιος**, α, ον, a *Sphettian*.

σφι, σφῖν, Ep. and Ion. dat. pl. of *σφεῖς* : also, but very rarely, as dat. sing.

σφιγγίον, τό, (σφίγγω) a band, a bracelet or necklace.

ΣΦΙΤΤΩ, f. *σφίγγω* : aor. I *ἐσφίγη* : Pass., aor. I *ἐσφίγηθην* : pf. *ἐσφιγμαι* : —to bind tight, bind in or together : to squeeze, throttle, hence to torture : to shut close : also to straiten, compress. Hence

σφιγκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a tight binder, a lace, band.

σφιγκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *σφίγγω*, tight-bound : θάνατος **σφιγκτός** death by strangling.

σφιγκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, poet. for **σφιγκτήρ**.

Σφίγξ, ἡ, gen. **Σφιγγός**, the *Sphinx*, a she-monster, who proposed a riddle to the Thebans and murdered all who failed to guess it; Oedipus guessed it, and thereupon she killed herself : in works of art she is represented with a woman's bust on the body of a lioness. (From *σφίγγω*, so the *Sphinx* properly means the Throttler.)

σφῖν, v. *σφι*.

σφίστι, **σφίστιν**, dat. of *σφεῖς*.

σφογιά, **σφόγγιον**, **σφόγγος**, Adv. for *σπογγ-*.

σφόδρα, Adv., properly neut. pl. of *σφοδρός*, very, very much, exceedingly, with vehemence.

ΣΦΟΔΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, vehement, violent, excessive. II. of men, violent, impetuous : also active, zealous.

σφοδρύνω, (σφοδρός) to make vehement : —Pass. **σφοδρύνομαι**, to be violent or overbearing : **σφοδρύνεσθαι τι** to put overweening trust in a thing. [ὑ]

σφοδρῶς, Adv. of *σφοδρός*, violently : Sup. **σφοδρότατον**.

σφονδύλη, ἡ, Att. for **σπονδύλη**, an insect which lives on the roots of plants, a kind of beetle.

σφονδύλιος, ὁ, like **σφόνδυλος**, a vertebra.

σφονδύλο-δίνητος, ον, (σφόνδυλος, δινέω) twirled on a spindle.

σφόνδυλος, ὁ, Att. for **σπίνδυλος**, a vertebra, Lat. vertebra. II. any round body : the round weight which twirls a spindle.

σφός, **σφή**, **σφόν**, (σφέ) sing. masc., *his*, *his own* ; fem., *her*, *her own*. II. (*σφεῖς*) plur. masc. and fem., *their*, *their own*, like *σφέτερος*.

σφραγίδιον, τό, Dim. of **σφραγία**.

σφραγιδ-ονυξ-αργο-κομήτης, ου, ὁ, (σφραγίς, *onyx*, *αργός*, κομέω) Comic name for a coxcomb, a lazy long-haired fellow that wears an *onyx* signet-ring.

σφραγίζω Ion. **σφρηγ-** : f. ἴσω : pf. pass. **ἐσφρά-**

γισμαί: (σφραγίς):—to seal: to seal up, shut up. II. generally, to mark as with a seal, stamp.

II. metaph. to seal or stamp with approval, limit, define, determine.

ΣΦΡΑΓΙΣ Ion. σφρηγίς, ἴδος, ἡ, a seal to mark anything with: a seal, signet-ring: generally, a ring: also the gem or stone for a ring. II. the impression of a signet-ring, a seal.

III. anything sealed or marked with a seal, a token, ticket, passport, permit.

σφράγισμα, ατος, τό, (σφραγίζω) an impression of a signet-ring, a seal.

σφρηγίζω, σφρηγίς, Ion. for σφραγίς.

σφρίγῶ, f. ἥσω, to be full to bursting, to be plump and full, Lat. turgere, turgescere: esp. of horses, to be in full health and strength, Lat. vigere. II.

metaph. to swell with pride; σφριγῶν μύθος an overweening speech.

σφυγμός, δ, (σφύζω) the throbbing pulse in inflamed parts: also the beating of the heart, the pulse.

σφύζω, f. ζω, to throb, beat violently: of the pulse, to beat; τὰ σφύζοντα, the veins or arteries.

ΣΦΥΤΡΑ, ἡ, a hammer. II. an implement of husbandry, a beetle, mallet, for breaking clods of earth.

σφύρας, ἄδος, ἡ, Att. for στυράς, στυράθος, the dung of goats and sheep.

σφύρ-ῥήλατος, ον, (σφύρα, ῥηλαῖον) wrought or beaten out with the hammer. II. metaph. wrought as out of iron, rigid.

ΣΦΥΡΟΝ, τό, the ankle: metaph., ὁρθῶ στήσαι ἐπὶ σφυρῶ to set upon upright ankle, i. e. to set upright.

II. metaph. the lowest part or base.

σφύσδος, Dor. for σφύζω.

σφῶ, apocopate Att. nom. and acc. for σφῶν: gen. and dat. σφῶν for σφῶν.

ΣΦΩΕ, dual masc. and fem. nom. and acc. of person Pron. of 3rd pers.; gen. and dat. σφῶν:—they two, both of them.

ΣΦΩΤ, nom. and acc. dual masc. and fem. of person. Pron. of 2nd pers.; gen. and dat. σφῶν:—you two, both of you.

σφωίτερος, α, ον, possess. Adj. of 2nd person dual σφῶν, of or belonging to you two . as possess.

Adj. of 3rd pers. dual σφῶν, of or belonging to them two or both of them

II. also used as possess. Adj. of 2nd pers. sing., thy, thine. 2. of 3rd pers. sing., his, her.

σφῶν, contr. Att. for σφῶν, gen. and dat. of σφῶν.

ΣΧΑΔΩΝ, ὄνος, ἡ, the larva of the bee or wasp. II. the cell of a honeycomb, the honeycomb.

Lat. favus.

ΣΧΑΖΩ, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἔσχασα:—to slit, cut open; σχάζειν φλέβα to lance or open a vein. II. to let fall, let drop, let down: metaph., σχάζεσθαι τὴν ἰσχυρίην to give up one's love for horses, to cut the turf.

2. to check, stop, master. 3. to let go; σχάζειν τὴν φροντίδα to let the mind go free.

ΣΧΑΛΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, a forked stick, used as a ladder, Lat. scala:—a forked stick, used as a prop for nets.

σχῶ, impf. ἔσχων, rare Att. form of σχάζω.

σχέ, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔχω, for σχέε.

σχεδία Ion. ἰλη, ἡ, a light boat or craft, raft, float; σχεδία διφθέρην a raft of hides: poet. a boat, ship. 2. a light bridge, a bridge of rafts or pontoons.

σχεδιάζω, f. ἄσω, (σχεδῖος) to make or do a thing off-hand: to speak or write off-hand.

σχεδῖον, Ep. Adv. formed from the fem. of σνέδιος, near, nigh, Lat. cominus. II. at once.

σχεδῖος, α, ον, (σχεδόν) near, at close quarters; σχεδία μάχη a close fight, hand to hand.

σχεδός, Adv. (σχεδόν) from near, from nigh at hand: also nigh at hand, near.

σχεδόν, Adv. (σχεῖν) of Place, near, nigh, close, Lat. cominus: also used as Prep., c. dat. and c. gen.

2. of Motion, into the neighbourhood of, towards.

3. of Degree, nearly, hard upon all but; οχέδον πάντες nearly all, οχέδον ἐπίσταμαι I am pretty well assured.

σχεθόν, Ep. for ἔσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of ἔχω.

σχεθῖον Ep. σχεθῖον, poet. aor. 2 inf. of ἔχω: see ἔσχεθον.

σχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἔχω.

σχελῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, Att. for σκελῖς, mostly in plur. σχελῖδες, ribs of beef.

σχεμεν, σχέμεναι, Ep. for σχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἔχω.

σχενδύλα or σχενδύλη, ἡ: (σχεῖν) a carpenter's tool, a pair of pincers or tongs.

σχείο, Ep. for σχοῖ, aor. 2 med. imperat. of ἔχω.

Σχερία, ἡ, Sceria, the island of the Phaeacians: later Κέρκυρα, Lat. Corcyra, now Corfu.

σχερός, δ, used only in the phrase ἐν σχερῶ, in a row or line, one after another, successively. Compare ἐπισχερώ.

σχέε, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔχω.

σχεσθαί, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἔχω.

σχέσις, εως, ἡ, (σχεῖν) state, condition, habit of body: the nature or fashion of a thing; βλου σχέσις a way of life.

σχετήριον, τό, (σχεῖν) a check, a remedy.

σχετλιάς, f. ἄσω, (σχετλῖος) to complain of hard-ship, to inveigh bitterly. Hence

σχετλιασμός, δ, angry complaining, invective.

σχετλῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον: (σχεῖν):—properly, able to bear: I. of Persons, hardhearted, merciless, cruel, savage

2. much-suffering, unflinching, hardy.

3. miserable, unhappy. II. of Things, cruel, abocking, horrid, abominable. Hence

σχετλίως, Adv. cruelly, abominably: Sup. σχετλίω-τατα.

σχήον, Ep. for ἔσχετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἔχω.

σχῆμα, ατος, τό, (σχεῖν) form, shape, outward appearance, the figure, person. 2. the form, outside, opp. to the reality: a mere show, pretence.

3. the bearing, look, mien: stateliness, dignity: in plur

gestures. — *the fashion, manner, way of a thing*; σχῆμα *στολή* *fashion of dress.* 5. *the state, nature, constitution of a thing.* 6. *a figure in dancing*; in plur. *steps.* Hence

σχηματίζω, f. *low* Att. *ιδω*, to form, fashion, shape, arrange: so in Med., σχηματίζεσθαι κόμην to dress her hair, Lat. *figere*. 2. intr. to assume a certain form or position: to make steps or figures, to dance.

II. Pass. σχηματίζομαι, to be fashioned, dressed out, adorned in a certain way. 2. to demean oneself in a certain way, hence to pretend; σχηματίζονται ἁμαθεῖς εἶναι they pretend to be unlearned. 3. to gesticulate.

σχημάτιον, τό, Dim. of σχῆμα: in plur. *the figures of a dance*; σχηματία Λακωνικά *Laconian figures.*

σχημάτο-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, (σχήμα, ποιέω) to form, shape or fashion a thing:—Pass. to adopt a certain shape or appearance, to gesticulate.

σχῆσω, fut. of ἔχω.

σχίδαξ, ἄκος, δ, (σχίζω) = σχίζα.

σχίζα Ion. σχίζη, ἡ, (σχίζω) a cleft piece of wood, splinter, latb, splint, Lat. *scindula*: in plur. wood cleft small, firewood. II. an arrow, spear.

ΣΧΙΖΩ, f. ἴωω: aor. I ἔσχισα: Pass., aor. I ἔσχισθην: pf. ἔσχισμαι:—to split, cleave, Lat. *scindo*: to rend asunder: generally, to part asunder, separate, divide:—so in Pass., Νεῖλος σχίζεται τριφασία δούοις the Nile branches into three channels; ἔσχισοντο σφῶν αἱ γνώμαι their opinions were divided. Hence

σχιנדάλαμος, Att. for σκινδάλαμος.

ΣΧΙΝΟΣ, ἡ *the mastich tree*, Lat. *lentiscus*. II. a squill.

σχίνο-τρώκτης, ου, δ, (σχίνος, τρώγω) one who eats mastich-wood.

σχισθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of σχίζω.

σχίσαις, εως, ἡ, (σχίζω) a cleaving, parting, division.

σχίσμα, ατος, τό, (σχίζω) that which is cleften or parted: a rent, cleft, division. II. generally, division, schism.

σχισμός, δ, (σχίζω) a cleaving, splitting, rending.

σχίσσα, ποῖος, for ἔσχισα, aor. I of σχίζω.

σχιστός, ἡ, ὅν, (σχίζω) split, cleften, parted, divided; σχιστή ὁδός a road that branches off.

σχοῖστο, poet. 3 pl. aor. 2 med. opt. of ἔχω.

σχοῖην, aor. 2 opt. of ἔχω.

σχοίνινος, η, ου, (σχοῖνος) of rusbes, made of rusbes.

σχοίνιον, τό, (σχοῖνος) a rope twisted of rusbes: generally, a rope, cord, line.

σχοίνης, ἴδος, ἡ, (σχοῖνος) = σχοίνιον.

σχοινίτης [ι], ου, δ, (σχοῖνος) made of rusbes: fem. σχοινίτις, ἴδος.

σχοινο-βάτης [α], ου, δ, (σχοῖνος, βαίνω) a rope-dancer, Lat. *scoboebates*.

ΣΧΟΙΝΟΣ, δ, also ἡ, a rush, Lat. *juncus*. 2. a sharp, tough rush or reed, used as an arrow; also as a spit. 3. a place where rusbes grow, a rush-bed. II. anything twisted or plaited of rusbes, a

rope, cord; πελεκη σχοῖνος a wicker basket. III. in Greece, the σχοῖνος was a land measure, = 2 Persian parasangs, or 60 stades.

σχοινο-τενής, ἐς, (σχοῖνος, τείνω) stretched out like a measuring-line: in a straight line, straight. II. twisted or plaited of rusbes.

σχολάζω, f. ἄωω, (σχολή) to have leisure or spare time, be at leisure: also to have rest or respite from a thing: c. inf. to have leisure or time to do a thing. 2. to act leisurely, linger, delay, loiter. II.

σχολάζειν τινί, Lat. *vacare rei*, to have leisure, time or opportunity for anything, to devote one's time to anything: also c. dat. pers. to devote oneself to one.

σχολαῖος, α, ου, (σχολή) at one's leisure or ease, leisurely, slow:—Comp. σχολαίτερος. Hence

σχολαιότης, ητος, ἡ, slowness, laziness.

σχολαῖως, Adv. of σχολαῖος, leisurely:—Comp.

σχολαίτερον or -αίτερα: Sup. σχολαίτατα:—formed like παλαιτέρος.

σχολαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σχολαζω) being at leisure, leisurely, at ease, Lat. *otiosus*. II. devoting all one's leisure to learning, learnae: hence pedantic.

ΣΧΟΛΗ, ἡ, leisure, spare time, ease, Lat. *otium*; σχολῆν ἄγειν to be at leisure; σχολῆς ἔργον a work for leisure; ἐπὶ σχολῇ at leisure; so, ἐπὶ or μετὰ σχολῆς, κατὰ σχολῆν. II. dat. σχολῇ absol. as Adv., (1) leisurely, slowly: (2) at one's leisure, by leisure, bardly, scarcely, scarcely at all. III. c.

gen. leisure, rest from a thing. IV. idleness.

V. a work of leisure, esp. a learned discussion, disputation, Lat. *schola*. VI. the place where such lectures were given, a school.

σχολή, dat. of σχολῆ, used as Adv.: in a leisurely way, slowly, late. 2. scarcely, bardly, not at all.

σχόλιον, τό, (σχολή) a scholium, note, comment.

σχόμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ἔχω.

σχοῦ, aor. 2 med. imperat. of ἔχω.

σχω, aor. 2 subj. of ἔχω: I plur. σχῶμεν.

σχωῖν, aor. 2 part. of ἔχω.

σῶ, Att. nom. pl. contr. for σώοι.

σώεσκον, Ion. impf. of σώω.

σώζω, lengthd. from ΣΑΐΝ, ΣΑΟΐΝ, ΣΟΐΝ: f. σώσω: aor. I ἔσωσα: pf. σέσωκα: Pass., aor. I ἔσώθην: pf. σέσωσμαι Att. σέσωμαι. From the obsol. σώω are formed fut. σώσω, aor. I act. ἔσώσω [α]: fut. med. σώσωμαι: aor. I pass. ἔσώθην. 2. from contr.

pres. σώω we have part. σώοντες, Ion. impf. σώεσκον. 3. from σώω, subj. σῶν, σῶν, σώσι:—to save, keep: esp. to keep alive, preserve:—Pass. to be saved, preserved; σώζω, Lat. *salvus sis! vale! God be with you!* 2. of things, to keep safe, preserve.

3. of the laws, to keep, observe. 4. to keep in mind, remember, opp. to διαλλῖναι to forget; mostly in Med.

II. σώζω is often used with the additional sense of motion to a place, to bring one safe to:—Pass. to get safe or escape to a place; ἔς οἶκον σωθῆναι to be brought or get safe home. 2.

σώζειν ἐκ πολέμου, to carry off safe, rescue from war)

ἐχθρῶν σῶσαι χθόνα *to rescue a country from the enemy.*

σωθῆναι, aor. I inf. of σώζω.

σικέω, f. ἦσω, like ἰσχύω, *to have power or bodily strength: to be able to do, c. inf.* From

ΣΩΚΟΣ, δ, stout, strong.

Σωκράτew, f. ἦσω, *to do like Socrates, to imitate his dress, gait, speech, etc.* From

Σωκράτης, gen. εὐσεβ. contr. ous: acc. Σωκράτη or Σωκράτην: vocat. Σώκρατες:—*Socrates, the philosopher.* Hence

Σωκράτιδον, τό, Dim. dear little Socrates. [τῖ]

Σωκράτικός, ἡ, ὄν, Adj. of Σωκράτης, *of or befitting Socrates; Socratic; of Σωκρατικοί the philosophers of his school, Socratics.*

ΣΩΛΗ'Ν, ἦνος, δ, a channel, gutter, pipe.

σῶμα, ατος, τό, *the body: in Homer the dead body of man or beast, a corpse, carcase, whereas the living body is δέμας: but later either of the living or dead body.* 2. body, as opp. to soul (ψυχή); τὰ τοῦ σώματος ἔργα bodily labours; αὐ τοῦ σώματος ἡδοναί pleasures of the body, sensual pleasures. 3. one's bodily existence, life. II. any material body. III.

a person, human being: esp. of slaves, as opp. to other goods.

σωμ-ασκέω, f. ἦσω, (σῶμα, ἀσκέω) *to exercise the body, train, to practise wrestling.* Hence

σωμασκία, ἡ, bodily exercise, training.

σωματικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σῶμα) *of or for the body, bodily, Lat. corporeus.* Hence

σωματικῶς, Adv. in bodily form.

σωμάτιον, τό, Dim. of σῶμα, a small body. [α]

σωμᾶτο-ειδής, ἐς, (σῶμα, εἶδος) *of the nature of a body, corporeal.*

σωμᾶτο-φθορέω, f. ἦσω, (σῶμα, φθείρω) *to corrupt or enervate the body*

σωμᾶτο-φυλάκιον, τό, (σωμα, φυλακή) *a place where a body is kept, a grave, sepulchre.* [α]

σῶος, α, ον, contr. σῶς, acc. σῶν; v. σῶς.

σῶπάω, Dor. for σιωπάω, *to be silent.*

σῶρευμα, ατος, τό, (σῶρεω) *that which is heaped up: a heap, pile.*

σῶρευω, f. σῶ, (σῶρεω) *to pile or heap one thing on another.* II. *to heap up, cover over with.*

ΣΩΡΟΣ, δ, a heap, Lat. cumulus: a heap of corn: generally, a heap, quantity, store: a heap or mound of earth.

ΣΩ'Σ, δ, σῶν, τό, acc. sing. σῶν, acc. pl. masc. and fem. σῶσι: defect. Adj. σῶος=σός, qq. v.: (the radic. form ΣΑΟΣ was found only in the Homeric comp. σώτερος):—*safe and sound, in good case, healthy, Lat. saluus: of things, sound, whole, entire, Lat. integer.* 2. metaph. safe, sure, certain.

σωσί-πολις, εως, δ, ἡ, (σῶζω, πόλις) *saving the city or state.* [ε]

σωστέον, verb. Adj. of σῶζω, *one must save.*

σῶστρον, τό, mostly in plur. σῶστρα, τά, (σῶζω) *like ἱσάγρια, a reward for saving one's life, a thank-*

offering for deliverance from a danger; σῶστρα τοῦ παιδὸς θύειν θεοῖς to offer a sacrifice in thanksgiving for his son's deliverance. II. *the reward for bringing back a runaway slave.*

σῶστρον, ἡ, fem. of σῶστρο, *the too. saves.* II. epith. of protecting goddesses, as of Τύχα.

σῶστρο, ἦρος, δ, vocat. σῶστρο, (σῶζω) *a saviour, deliverer, preserver; c. gen. subjecti, σῶστρο Ἑλλάδος a saviour of Greece; also c. gen. objecti, σῶστρο νόσον a preserver from disease.* 2. as epith. of protecting gods, esp. of Jupiter, to whom, under the name of Ζεὺς Σῶστρο, the third cup of wine was dedicated: generally, a guardian or tutelary god: also instead of σῶστρον, as epith. of Τύχη.

II. poet. as Adj. saving, preserving; even with a fem. noun, σῶστρος τιμαί the office of saving. Hence σῶστρον. Ion. -λη, ἡ, a saving, deliverance, means of safety, safety, Lat. salus. 2. a safe return, ἡ οἰκᾶδε σῶστρον a safe return home. 3. a keeping safe; ἐπὶ σῶστρον for safeguard.

σῶστρον, ὄν, (σῶστρο) saving, delivering: neut. pl., σῶστρον, τά, like σῶστρον, ἡ, deliverance, safety. 2. σῶστρον (sc. ἐπά), τά, an offering in return for safety.

II. pass. saved, delivered, preserved.

σῶστρον, τό, (σῶζω) the wooden circumference of the wheel, the felloe: the iron hoop or tire being ἐπισῶστρον.

σωφρονέστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of σωφρόνως.

σωφρονέω, f. ἦσω: poet. σωφρονέω: (σώφρων):—*to be of sound mind, be in one's sound senses: to practise self-control, to be discreet, temperate, moderate.* 2. *to learn moderation, to recover one's senses.* Hence

σωφρόνημα, ατος, τό, an act of self-control, an instance of temperance, act of moderation: and σωφρονήτεον, verb. Adj. one must be temperate.

σωφρονητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σωφρονέω) *disposed to temperance, moderate, under self-control*

σωφρονίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (σώφρων, *to moderate, control, chasten.* 2. *to chastise, correct.*

σωφρονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σώφρων) *disposed to temperance, moderate, sober.* Adv. -κῶς

σωφρονισμός, δ, (σωφρονίζω) *a making temperate-chastening.*

σωφρονιστής, οὔ, δ, (σωφρονίζω) *one that makes temperate, a chastener, chastiser, censor.*

σωφρόνως, Adv. of σώφρων, *temperately, moderately, soberly: Comp. σωφρονέστερον: Sup. σωφρονέστατα.*

σωφρόσυνη ερ. σωφροσύνη, ἡ, *the character or conduct of the σώφρων, moderation, discretion: self-control, temperance, chastity, sobriety, Lat. temperantia.* From

σώ-φρων Ep. σωφρων, ατος, δ, ἡ: neut. σώφρων: (σῶς, φρήν):—*of sound mind, discreet, prudent, moderate: esp. self-controlling, temperate, chaste, sober.* Comp. and Sup., σωφρονέστερος, -έστατος.

ῥώχω, Ion. form for ψώχω, *to rub to pieces*.
ῥώω, Ep. for σώζω.

T

τ, ταϑ, τό, indecl., nineteenth letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral, τ' = 300, but τ = 300,000.

Changes of τ: in Acol. and Dor., τ into σ, as τύ at τ, τοί γέ, τύκον, φαρτί, etc. for σύ, σοί, σέ, σύκον, σσί, etc.

τ, in new Att., ττ for σσ, as πράττω, τττω, for πράσσω, τάσσω 3. in Ion., τ for θ, as τῆς for αἰθῆς: in the substantive termin. -τρον for ρον, as in κύσμητρον, φύβητρον, for κόσμητρον, φόβητρον. 4. τ is inserted in some words metri grat., πτόλις, πτόλεμος, for πόλις, πόλεμος 5. in Dor. d Ion., τ is omitted in the oblique cases of some nouns of 3rd decl., as κέρατος, τέρας, for κέρᾱτος, τέράτος.

τ, apostroph. for τε, ana. 2. the particle τοι is used by crasis with other particles beginning with vowel, as τάν, τᾶρα, μετάν, for τοι ἄν, τοι ἄρα, ντοι ἄν.

3. the Artic. τό, τά, is never elided, though joined with another word by crasis, as τάγα-ν for τὸ ἀγαθόν.

τά, neut. pl. of δ, ὅ, and ὅς.

ταβέρνη, ης, η, the Lat. *taberna*, a *tavern*, inn: εἰς ταβέρνας the *Three Taverns*, a place on the Lybian Road.

ἀγαθά, Att. contr. for τὰ ἀγαθὰ.

ἀγεία, ἡ, (ταγεύα) the *office* or *rank* of *Tagus*: generally, *command*, *rule*.

ἀγεία, εἶσα, ἑν, aor. 2 pass. part. of τάσσω.

ἀγεύω, f. σω, (ταγός) to be *Tagus*: generally, to *command*, *rule*:—Pass. to be united under one ταγός.

Ἀγέω, f. ἦσω, (ταγός) to be *commander* or *ruler*.

ἀγῆ, ἡ, = τάξις, an *ordering*, *arraying*.

ἀγῆ, ἡ, (ταγός) *authority*: as Collective Noun, the *commanders*.

ἀγῆνον, τό, like τήγανον, a *frying-pan*.

ἄγκλημα, ατος, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐγκλημα.

ἄγμα, ατος, τό, (τάσσω) an *ordinance*, *command*. 2. a *regular body* of *soldiers*, a *corps*, *division*.

ἄγος, δ, (τάσσω) an *orderer*, *commander*, *ruler*: as title of the *Chief* of *Thessaly*.

ἀγ-οὔχος, δ, (ταγῆ, ἔχω) be *that has the command*, *rule*, a *commander*, *ruler*.

ἄδελφον, Att. crasis for τοῦ ἀδελφοῦ

ἄδικον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἄδικον

ἀδελός, εἶσα, ἑν, aor. I pass. part. of τείνω.

ἄθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of τείνω. [ά]

αἰ, Ep. and Ion. for αἰ, nom. pl. fem. of the Art. δ.

αἰνᾶρος, ὁ, ἡ, also Ταἰνᾶρον, τό, *Taenarus*, a promontory and town at the southern extremity of *La-*

ταινίω, f. ὠσω, (ταινία) to *bind with a ταινία* or *bead-band*, esp. as *conqueror*:—Med. ταινιόμας. a *wear a bead-band* or *fillet*.

ταῖτιον, crasis for τὸ αἶτιον.

τάκει, τάκείων, crasis for τὰ ἑκεῖ, τὰ ἑκείνων.

τάκερος, ὁ, ὅν, (τακῆναι) *fluid*, *melting*, *soft*, *tender* metaph. *melting*, *languishing*.

τάκῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of τῆκω.

τακτικός, ὁ, ὅν, (τάσσω) *fit for ordering* or *arranging*, of or *fit for military tactics*; τὰ τακτικά *military tactics*.

τακτός, ὁ, ὅν, verb. Adj. of τάσσω, *ordered*, *arranged*, *fixed*, *stated*; τακτὸν ἀργύριον a *stated sum*.

τάκω, Dor. for τῆκω.

τάλᾱ-εργός, ὅν, (τλάω, ἔργον) *enduring labour*, *painful*, *drudging*: generally, *much-enduring*.

τάλαινα, fem. of τάλας.

τάλαιπωρέω, f. ἦσω: pf. τεταλαιπώρηκα; also as Dep. τεταλαιπωρόμαι, with f. med. -ήσομαι, aor. pass. ἔταλαιπώρηθην: (ταλαίπωρος):—to *endure hardship*, *do hard work*; *suffer hardship* or *distress*. II.

trans. to *weary*, *wear out*, *annoy grievously*. Hence

τάλαιπωρία Ion. -ῆη, ἡ, *hard work*, *severe labour*: in pl. *bodily hardships* or *exertions* 2 *bodily pain*, *suffering*: *affliction*, *misery*.

τάλαιπωρος, ον, (τάλας) *enduring toil*, *laborious*. II. *suffering hardship*, *miserable*. Adv. -πως.

τάλαι-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (*τλάω, φρήν) *patient of mind*, *wretched*: also *stout-hearted*, *daring*.

τάλᾱ-κάρδιος, ον, (*τλάω, καρδία) *patient of beat*, *stout-hearted*. 2. *much-enduring*, *miserable*.

τάλάντερος, α, ον, τάλάντατος, η, ον, Comp. and Sup. of τάλας.

τάλαντεῦω, f. σω, (τάλαντον) to *balance*: Pass. to *sway to and fro*, *oscillate*. 2. to *weigh out*, *measure out* by *weight*.

τάλανταῖος, α, ον, (τάλαντον) *worth a talent*. 2. *weighing a talent*.

τάλαντιζω, = τάλαντεῦω, q. v.

ΤΑΛΑΝΤΟΝ [τά-], τό, a *balance*: in plur. a *pair of scales*. II. *anything weighed*: but mostly used of a *fixed weight*, a *talent*: in the post-Homeric times it had a double sense: 1. the *talent of weight*: the *Euboic* or old *Attic* talent weighed about 57lb. avoird., and the *Aeginetan* 95. 2. the *talent of money*, i.e. a *talent's weight* of *silver*, or a *sum* of *money* equivalent to this, which would make the *Euboic* or old *Attic* talent worth in our money 243*l.* 15*s.* The talent contained 60 minae, and each mina 100 drachmae.

3. *that which is weighed out* or *apportioned* to one.

τάλαντ-οὔχος, ον, (τάλαντον, ἔχω) *holding the scale* or *balance*: metaph. *turning the scale* of *battle*.

τάλᾱός, ὁ, ὅν, (*τλάω) = τάλας, *patient*, *enduring*: hence *hard-fated*, *wretched*.

τάλᾱ-πείριος, ον, (*τλάω, πείρα) *one who has suffered much*, epith. of *Ulysses*: hence later *rambling*, *vagabond*.

τάλα-πενθής, ἐς, (*τλάω, πένθος) *enduring*
woe, patient in woe. 2. of things, *toilsome*.
 ΤΑΛΑΨΟΣ [τᾶ-], ὁ, *a basket, Lat. qualus: a*
cheese-basket, through which the whey ran off.
 τάλαρως, Dor. acc. pl. of τάλαρως.
 τάλαις, τάλαινᾶ (sometimes τάλας), τόλᾶν: gen.
 ἄνος, αἰνής, ἄνος: voc. τάλᾶν or τάλας: (*τλάω):—
suffering, wretched, Lat. miser: enduring, patient:
also fool-barry, headstrong; τάλαν Or wretch! Comp.
τᾶλάντερος, α, on: Sup. τᾶλάντατος, η, on. [τᾶλᾶς:
Dor. also τᾶλᾶς.]
 τᾶλᾶσειος, α, on, Ion. and Ep. τᾶλᾶσῆιός, η, on,
 (ταλασία) of wool-spinning.
 τᾶλᾶσία, ἡ, (τᾶλᾶν) wool-spinning.
 τᾶλᾶσιουργέω, f. ἡσῶ, (ταλασιουργός) *to spin wool:*
generally, to spin.
 τᾶλᾶσιουργικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for wool-spinning. From
 τᾶλᾶσι-ουργός, ὄν, (ταλασία, *έργω) *spinning wool:*
as Subst., ταλασιουργός, ὁ, ἡ, a wool-spinner.
 τᾶλᾶσι-φρων, onos, ὁ, ἡ, (*τλάω, φρήν) *patient of*
mind, stout-hearted, of enduring spirit.
 τᾶλᾶσσης, -σση, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. aor. I subj. of
 *τᾶλᾶω.
 τᾶλᾶυ-ρίνος, on, (*τλάω, ῥίνος) *with shield of tough*
bull's-hide: neut. as Adv., ταλαύρινον πολέμιζεν to
fight on toughly, stoutly.
 τᾶλᾶ-φρων, onos, ὁ, ἡ, shortd. for ταλασίφρων.
 τᾶληθές, Att. crasis for τὸ ἀληθές.
 ταλιθά, Syrian word, *a damsel, maiden.*
 ΤΑΛΙΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, *a marriageable maiden, bride.*
 τᾶλᾶ or τᾶλλα, crasis for τὰ ἄλλα.
 τᾶμά, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐμά.
 τᾶμε [ᾶ], Ion. 3 sing. aor. 2 of τέμνω.
 τᾶμεῖν Ep. τᾶμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of τέμνω.
 τᾶμεῖον, τό, = ταμεῖον, *a chamber, closet.*
 τᾶμέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of τέμνω.
 τᾶμεσί-χρως, oos, ὁ, ἡ, (τᾶνω, χρώς) *cutting or*
penetrating the skin, hounding.
 τᾶμία, Ep. -λή, ἡ, fem. of ταμίας, *a housekeeper,*
housewife; also γυνή ταμίη.
 τᾶμίας Ep. ταμίης, on, ὁ, (τάμνω) *one who cuts*
up and distributes, a distributor, dispenser: a
manager, overseer. II. *a steward, receiver,*
treasurer; ταμίης τοῦ ἱεροῦ the comptroller of the
sacred treasure in the citadel of Athens. 2. = Lat.
quaestor.
 τᾶμεία, ἡ, (ταμεύω) *the office of steward, house-*
keeping, management. II. = Lat. quaestura, *the*
quaestorship.
 τᾶμείον, τό, (ταμεύω) *a magazine, storehouse,*
treasury.
 τᾶμείωμα, ατος, τό, (ταμεύω) *management, house-*
keeping.
 ταμευντικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for housekeeping. II.
 = Lat. quaestorius, of the quaestor or the quaestor-
 ship. From
 τᾶμεύω, f. σω, and Dep. τᾶμεύομαι, f. σομαι:
 (ταμίας):—*to be a housekeeper, manager or steward;*

οὐκέτι ταμεύσεις μοι ἔθου εἶαι no longer *be* m
 steward. 2. *to be quaestor.* II. trans.
 serve out stores, dispense. III. *to regulat*
 manage. 2. *to husband save, store up: metapl*
 to turn to good account.
 τᾶμίη, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. for ταμία.
 τᾶμίης, on, ὁ, Ep. and Ion. for ταμίας.
 τᾶμνω, Ion. for τέμνω.
 τᾶμος, Dor. for τήμος.
 τᾶμπαλιν, Att. crasis for τὰ ἔμπαιιν
 τᾶμών, Ion. aor. 2 part. of τέμνω.
 τᾶν or τᾶν, indecl., only used in the Att. phrase
 τᾶν or ᾧ τᾶν, as a form of address, *sir, my good friend*
 τᾶν, Att. crasis for τοι ᾧ.
 τᾶν, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐν.
 Τάναγρα, ἡ, Tanagra, a town of Boeotia. Hence
 Ταναγραῖος, α, on, of or from Tanagra.
 τᾶνᾶ-ηκής, ἐς, (τᾶναός, ἀκή) *with long point o*
edge, cutting far or deep.
 τᾶνᾶ-μῦκος, on, (τᾶναός, μυκάομαι) *bellowing u*
as to be heard far off, loud-bellowing.
 τᾶναντία, crasis for τὰ ἐναντία.
 τᾶ-ζό διερως, on, (τᾶναός, διερῆ) *long-necked.*
 τᾶνᾶός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (τανύω, τείνω) *stretche*
outstretched, tall, taper, long.
 τᾶνᾶν-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, Ep. for τᾶνίπους.
 τᾶνδον or τᾶνδον, Att. crasis for τὰ ἔνδον.
 τᾶνδρί, τᾶνδρός, Att. crasis for τῷ ἀνδρί, τοῦ ἀνδρός.
 τᾶνη-λεγής, ἐς, (τᾶναός, λέγω) *stretching one*
length, epith. of death.
 τᾶνένδε, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐνθένδε.
 τᾶνίκα, Dor. for τῆνίκα.
 Ταντάλειος or Ταντάλειος, α, or, of or for Tantal
 lus: and
 Ταντάλις, ἰδος, ἡ, daughter of Tantalus. From
 Τάνταλος, on, ὁ, Tantalus king of Phrygia, ances
 tor of the Pelopidae.
 ταντάλω, f. ὦσω, (τᾶλᾶντο) quasi ταλαντίω, a
 swing:—aor. I pass. part. τανταλωθεῖς, swung, hurled
 dashed down.
 τᾶνῦ-γλώσσον, on, (τανύω, γλώσσα) *long-tongued,*
chattering, noisy.
 τᾶνῦ-γλώχις, ἰνος, ὁ, ἡ, (τανύω, γλῶχις) *with long*
point or head.
 τᾶνῦ-δρομος, on, (τανύω, δρόμος) *running at fa*
stretch.
 τᾶνῦ-θήριος, on, (τανύω, ἔθειρα) *long-haired, with*
flowing hair: fem. also ταννέθειρα.
 τανῦ-ηκής, ἐς, like ταναηκής, (τανύω, ἀκή) *with*
long point or long edge. II. *far-stretching.*
 τᾶνῦ-ηλῆς, ἰκος, ὁ, ἡ, (τανύω, ἡλῆς) of extended ag
 τᾶνῦ-θριξ, -τριχος, ὁ, ἡ, (τανύω, θριξ) *long-haired*
saggy.
 τᾶνῦ-κραίος, on, (τανύω, κραιρά) *long-borned.*
 τᾶνῦμα, Pass. = τανύομαι, *to be stretched, extend*
 τᾶνῦ-μήκης, ἐς, (τανύω, μήκος) *long-stretched, lon*
 drawn out, tall and tapering.
 τανῦν, Adv., = τὰ νῦν, *now at present.*

τανύ-πεπλος, *ον*, (τανύω, πέπλος) *with flowing robe*.
 τανύ-πλακτος, *ον*, (τανύω, πλέκω) *in long plaits*.
 τανύ-πλευρος, *ον*, (τανύω, πλευρά) *long-sided, enormous*.

τανύ-πους *Ep.* ταναύ-πους, -ποδος, *δ, ή*, (τανύω, πούς) *stretching the feet, long-striding, long-shanked*.
 τανύ-περος, *ον*, (τανύω, περόν) *shorter form for τανυσίπερος*.

τανύ-πτερύγος, *ον* and τανύ-πτερυξ, *υγος, δ, ή*, (τανύω, πτερυξ) = τανύπτερος, τανυσίπερος.

τανύρ-ριζος, *ον*, (τανύω, ρίζα) *with spreading roots*.
 τανύσειεν [β], *3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of τανύω*.

τανυσθείς, *aor. I pass. part. of τανύω*.

τανύσθην, *Ep. aor. I pass. of τανύω*: *Ep. 3 pl. τανυσθεν*.

τανύσι-πτερος, *ον*, (τανύω, πτερόν) *with extended wings, long-winged*.

τάνυσσα, *Ep. aor. I of τανύω*.

τάνυστός, *υος, ή*, (τανύω) *a stretching, straining*:
 τανυστὲ τόξου *a stringing of the bow*.

τανύ-σφύρος, *ον*, (τανύω, σφυρόν) *with taper ankles*.

τανύ-φλοιος, *ον*, (τανύω, φλοιός) *with extended bark*: *of trees, of tall or slender growth*.

τανύ-φύλλος, *ον*, (τανύω, φύλλον) *with long-pointed leaves, of the olive*. *II. with thick foliage, leafy*.

τάνυω [β]: *fut. ώω*, *Ep. also -ώω*: *aor. I ἐτάνυσα*
Ep. ἐτάνυσσα or τάνυσσα: *Pass., aor. I ἐτανύσθην*:
pf. τετάνυσμαι:—*Ep. form of τείνω, to stretch, strain, stretch out*; *τάνυειν τόξον to draw a bow*: *in Med., τήξον τανύσασθαι to stretch one's bow, i. e. to string*; *ἱμῶσι τανύειν to pull or guide with the reins*. *2. to stretch out, to lay along, lay out, stretch at full length*.

3. metaph. to strain, make more intense. *II. Pass. to be on the stretch, to expand, be filled out*. *2. to lie stretched out, to extend*:
aor. I pass. part. τανυσθείς, stretched on the ground. *3. metaph. to strain or exert oneself, to run at full stretch*.

ταξιάρχης, *ς, ή*, *ωω*, *to be a taxiarch or commander of a division*. From

ταξι-άρχης, *ου, δ*, = ταξιάρχος.

ταξι-άρχος, *δ*, (τάξις, ἄρχω) *a taxiarch, the commander of a brigade or division, a brigadier*. *II.*

at Athens, the commander of the τάξις or quota of infantry furnished by each of the ten φυλαί.

ταξι-λόχος, *ον*, (τάξις, λόχος) *commanding a division of an army*.

ταξιόω, *ς, ή*, *ωω*, (τάξις) *to arrange, set in order*.

τάξις, *εως* *Ion. ιος, ή*, (τάσσω) *an arranging*: *of soldiers, a drawing up in order, the disposition of an army*. *2. battle-array, order of battle, Lat.acies*. *3. a single rank or line of soldiers, Lat.ordo*. *4. a post or place in the line of battle, Lat. station*: *ἐκλείπειν τὴν τάξιν to desert one's post*. *5. like τάγμα, a division of an army, a brigade*: *at Athens, the quota of infantry furnished by each φυλή*: *also of smaller bodies, a company, cohort*: *generally, a band, company*. *II. an arranging, ar-*

rangement. *2. an assessment of tribute*. *III.*

order: *ὕστερον τῇ τάξει later in order*. *IV.*

the post, rank or position one holds: *ἐν ἐχθροῦ τάξει in the light or position of an enemy*. *2. one's duty towards another*: *ή εὐνοίας τάξις the duty of good-will*. *V. an order, class of men*.

ΤΑΞΟΣ, *δ*, *the yew tree, Lat. taxus*.

ΤΑΨΕΙΝΟΣ, *ς, ή, όν, low, Lat. bumilis*: *of Place, lying low*: *of stature, low*. *2. of Condition, Rank, etc., brought down, bumbled, lowly*. *3. bumbled, humiliated*: *in bad sense, mean, abject*: *in good sense, lowly, humble*. Hence

τᾷπενότης, *ητος, ή*, *lowliness of stature*. *2. of condition, lowliness, low estate, abasement*. *3. lowliness of spirits, dejection, baseness, wiliness*. *in good sense, lowliness, humility*

τᾷπενόφροσύνη, *ή*, *lowliness of mind*. From

τᾷπενόφρων, *ονος, δ, ή*, (ταπεινός, φρήν) *low-minded, base*. *2. lowly in mind, humble*.

τᾷπενώω, *ς, ή*, *ώω*, (ταπεινός) *to make low, lower, humble, abase*: *also to make light of a thing*. *2. to cast down, discourage*. *3. to make lowly or humble*.

ταπεινός, *Adv. of ταπεινός, humbly, poorly*.

τᾷπείνωσις, *ή*, (ταπεινός) *alowering, bumbling*. *2. lowliness, humility*.

ΤΑΠΗΣ, *ητος, δ*, *Lat. TAPES, a carpet, rug, made of wool*. [α]

τάπη, *Att. crasis for τὰ ἐπι*.

τάπεικῃ, *Att. crasis for τὰ ἐπεικῇ*.

τάπη, *δος, ή*, *later form of τάπη*.

τάπῳ, *Att. crasis for τὰ ἀπῳ*.

τὰ-πρώτα, *Adv. for τὰ πρώτα, at first*.

τᾶρα, *Att. crasis for τοι ἄρα*.

τᾶραγμα, *ατος, τό*, (ταράσσω) *disquietude, trouble*.

τᾶραγμος, *δ*, (ταράσσω) = τᾶραξις.

τᾶρακτρον, *τό*, (ταράσσω) *a thing to stir with: a ladle*.

τᾶράκτωρ, *ορος, δ*, (ταράσσω) *a disturber, disquieter, agitator*.

Τᾶραντιδίον, *τό*, (Τάρας) *a fine Tarentine garment*.

Ταράντινος, *η, ον*, (Τάρας) *Tarentine*.

τᾶραξ-ἡκάρδιος, *ον*, (ταράσσω, καρδία) *heart-troubling, vexing the heart*.

τᾶραξ-ἡπρό-στράτος, *ον*, (ταράσσω, ἦπος, στρατός) *troubling troops of horse*.

τᾶραξις, *ή*, (ταράσσω) *disturbance, confusion, disquietude, tumult*.

Τάρας, *αντος, δ*, also *ή*, *Tarentum, a town of Magna Graecia*.

ΤΑΡΑΨΣΩ *Att. -πτω, Att. also contr. θράσσω*: *fut. ταραΐω contr. θράξω*: *aor. I ἐτάραξα*: *Pass., fut. ταραχθήσομαι, but also fut. med. ταραξομαι in passive sense*: *aor. I ἐταράχθην*: *pf. τετάραγμαi*—*to stir, stir up, disturb, trouble, disquiet*: *ταράσσειν τὸν θῖνα to stir up the sand*: *metaph. to stir up, rouse, provoke*. *2. to trouble the mind, to confound, alarm, frighten*: *generally, to disturb, throw into disorder*: *Pass. to be in disorder*. *3. of political matters, to*

agitare, distract:—Pass. to be in a state of disorder or anarchy.

II. to this Verb belongs the intrans. pf. *τέρηρχα*, to be in disorder or confusion, be in an uproar: plqpf. Ep. 3 sing. *τερήρχει*: part. *τερηρχώς*, *νῆα*, troublesome, disturbed, confused. Hence

τάραχῃ, ἡ, trouble, disorder, confusion: commotion, tumult.

τάραχος, ὁ, (*τάρασσω*) = *τάραχῃ*.
τάραχ-ώδης, ες, (*ταραχῇ*, εἶδος) troublesome, fond of troubling or perplexing. II. troubled, disordered: confused:—Adv. —δως, in confusion.

ταρβᾶλέος, α, ον, (*τάρβος*) frightened, fearful.
ταρβέω, f. ἦσω, (*τάρβος*) to be frightened or alarmed, to fear: τὸ *ταρβεῖν* the being frightened, a state of fear: also to feel awe. 2. c. acc. to stand in awe of, fear, dread.

ΤΑΨΕΩΣ, εος, τό, fright, alarm, terror: also awe, reverence. II. an object of alarm, a cause of dread.

ταρβοσύνη, ἡ, poet. for *τάρβος*.
ταρβοσύνος, η, ον, (*τάρβος*) affrighted.
τάργα or *τάργα*, Att. crasis for τὰ ἔργα.
τάργυριον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἀργύριον.
τάρχη Ion. —ήτις, ἡ, (*ταριχέω*) a preserving, pickling, salting: *ταριχηαί* were places in Egypt where fish was salted.

τάρχυνσις, ἡ, (*ταριχέω*) = *ταριχεία*, an embalming.
τάρχυντής, οὐ, ὁ, (*ταριχέω*) a salter, pickler, embalmer.

τάρχυντός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. salted, pickled. From *τάρχυνω*, f. —εύσω, (*τάριχος*) to preserve the body by artificial means, to embalm as in the case of the Egyptian mummies. II. to preserve meat, fish, etc. by smoking, salting, pickling; *τεμάχῃ τεταριχυνμένα* preserved, pickled meat. III. metaph. in Pass. to waste away, wither, pine.

τάρχιον, τό, Dim. of *τάριχος*. [ρῆ]
τάρχινοπωλείον, τό, the salt-fish market. From *τάρτιχο-πωλέω*, f. ἦσω, (*τάριχος*, *πωλέω*) to sell dried or salt fish. II. to be engaged in the embalming of corpses.

τάρτιχος, ον, ὁ, or *τάρτιχος*, εος, τό, anything preserved or pickled by artificial means: a dead body preserved by embalming, a mummy. II. generally, meat preserved by smoking, salting or pickling, dried or smoked fish.

ταρπῆναι Ep. —ήμεναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of *τέρπω*.
ταρρός, ὁ, Att. for *ταρσός*.

Ταρσεύς, ἔως, ὁ, a native of Tarsus in Cilicia.
ταρσός Att. *ταρρός*, ὁ, (*τέρσσομαι*) a stand or frame of wicker-work, a crate, flat-basket, Lat. crates, for drying cheeses on: also a mat of reeds, such as were built into brickwork to bind it together: also, a wicker-basket, like *τάλαρος*. II. any broad, flat surface; *ταρσὸς ποδός* the flat of the foot, the part between the toes and the heel. 2. *ταρσὸς κοπέως* the flat end, blade of an oar, Lat. *palmula*: generally, an oar.

3. *ταρσὸς πτέρυγος* the flat of the wing,

when stretched out, then generally, a wing:—from the fabled fall of the wing of Pegasus there, the city of Tarsus was so called.

Ταρτάρεος, α, ον, of or like Tartarus, Tartarean. From

Τάρταρος, ὁ, also ἡ: irreg. pl. *Τάρταρα* (as in Lat., *Tartarus*, *Tartara*):—*Tartarus*, a dark abyss, as deep below Hades, as earth below heaven, the prison of the Titans, etc. *ater, Tartarus was either the nether-world generally, or a place of torment and punishment, as opp. to the Elysian fields.

Ταρτάρω, f. ὥσω, to burl into Tartarus.
ταρφέες, οί, *ταρφέα*, τά, pl. of *ταρφή*.
ταρφέος, ὁ, ὄν, = *ταρφύς*, thick, close, frequent.
τάρφθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of *τέρπω*.
τάρφῃ, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of *τέρπω*.
τάρφος, εος, τό, a thicket. From

ΤΑΡΨΤΣ, εἰα or ὕς, ὅ, thick, close, frequent, dense: neut. pl. *ταρφέα* as Adv., oftentimes, often. The Ep. fem. *ταρφέαι* belongs to *ταρφέος*: if referred to *ταρφή*, it must be written *ταρφέαι*.

ταρχνω, f. ὥσω, shortened form of *ταριχέω*, to bury solemnly, inter.

τάσις, εος, ἡ, (*τείνω*) a stretching, straining. [ᾶ]

ΤΑΣΣΩ Att. —τω: fut. *τάξω*: aor. I *ἐτάξα*: pf. *τέταξα*: Pass., fut. *ταχθήσομαι*, and paullo-p. fut. *τεταθήσομαι*: aor. I *ἐτάχθην*: aor. 2 *ἐτάχην* [ᾶ]: pf. *τέταχμαι*:—to arrange or put in order, esp. in military sense, to draw up in line, array; as in Med., *ἐπὶ τεσσάρων ταξάμενοι τὰς ναῦς* having drawn up their ships in four lines; and absol., *τάσασθαι* to draw up, form in order of battle:—Pass. to be drawn up in order of battle. 2. to post, station. 3. to appoint: to appoint one to do a thing:—Pass. to be appointed to do, *τοῦτο τετάχμεθα* this we have been charged to do. 4. to order, command, give instructions. 5. to assign to a class. 6. to fix or assess payments to be made:—Med. to agree to pay a sum, *χρήματα ἀποδοῦναι ταξάμενοι* having covenanted to return the money: absol. in part. *ταξάμενος*, paying at intervals or by instalments. 7. to assign or impose punishments. 8. generally, to fix, settle, ὁ *τεταχμένος χρόνος* the appointed time.

τατάω, Dor. for *τητάω*.
τάπιν, Att. crasis for τὸ αἶτιον.

τάττω, Att. for *τάσσω*.
ταύρεος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (*ταῦρος*) of bulls, oxen or cows, Lat. *taurinus*: in Homer, of bull's-bide.
ταυρ-ελάτης, ον, ὁ, (*ταῦρος*, *ελαῖνω*) a bull-driver; a bull-fighter.
ταῦρεος, α, ον, (*ταῦρος*) = *ταυρεῖος*.
ταυρηδόν, Adv. (*ταῦρος*) like a bull: savagely, Lat. *torvo vultu*.

ταυρο-βόλος, ον, (*ταῦρος*, *βαλεῖν*) striking or slaughtering bulls.

ταυρο-βόρος, ον, (*ταῦρος*, *βορά*) devouring bulls.

ταυρο-γᾶστωρ, ορος, ὁ, (*ταῦρος*, *γαστήρ*) with the paunch or body of a bull: enormous.

ταυρο-δέτης, ου, ὁ, (ταῦρος, δέω) *binding bulls: fem.*
 ταυρο-δέτης, ἰδος.
 ταυρο-κερως, ους, ὁ, ἡ, (ταῦρος, κέρας) *with bull's horns.*
 ταυρο-κράνος, ους, (ταῦρος, κράνον) *bull-beaded.*
 ταυροκτονέω, ἢ ἦσω, *to slaughter or sacrifice* with cognate acc., *ταυροκτονεῖν βοῦς.* From.
 ταυρο-κτείνω, ου, (ταῦρος, κτείνω) *bull-slaying.* II. προπαγοχ. ταυροκτονος, *slain by a bull.*
 ταυρο-μορφος, ου, (ταῦρος, μορφή) *bull-formed.*
 ταυρο-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (ταῦρος, πῆτηρ) *sprung from a bull.*
 ταυρο-πόλος or ταυρο-πόλη, ἡ, (ταῦρος, πολεω) *hunting bulls, epith. of Diana.*
 ταυρο-πούς, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, -που, τό, (ταῦρος, πούς) *bull-footed.*
 ΤΑΥΡΟΣ, ὁ, *a bull: joined with another Subst.,* ταῦρος βοῦς, *like σὺς κάρπο*
 ταυροσφάγῳ, ἢ ἦσω, *to cut a bull's throat; ταυροσφαγεῖν ἐς σάκος to cut its throat (so that the blood runs) into a hollow shield.* From
 ταυρο-σφάγος, ου, (ταῦρος, σφάττω) *bull-slaughtering: sacrificial.* [ἄ]
 ταυρο-φάγος, ου, (ταῦρος, φάγειν) *bull-eating: a beef-eater.*
 ταυρο-φόνος, ου, (ταῦρος, *φένω) *bull-slaughtering: sacrificial.*
 ταυρώω, ἢ ὤσω, (ταῦρος) *to change into a bull:—* Pass., *ταυρόομαι, to be or become savage as a bull, to look savagely at, eye savagely.*
 ταῦτα, neut. pl. of οὗτος.
 ταῦτά, Att. crasis for τὰ αὐτά, *the same.*
 ταῦτη, also ταῦτη, δατ. fem. of οὗτος, freq. as Adv. *in this way or manner.*
 ταυτί [τ], strengthd. Att. for ταῦτα.
 ταυτό Ion. ταυτό, Att. also ταῦτόν, Att. crasis for τὸ αὐτό, *the same.*
 ταυτόγε Att. crasis for τὸ αὐτό γε.
 ταυτο-λόγος, ου, (τὸ αὐτό, λέγω) *repeating the same that has been said, tautologous.*
 ταυτομάτον, Att. crasis for τὸ αὐτομάτον, *what falls out by accident, a haf, chance; ἀπὸ ταυτομάτου, for ἀπὸ τοῦ αὐτομάτου of itself, by chance: cf. αὐτόματος.*
 τάφει, in Pindar for ἑτάφει, 3 sing. aor. 2 with no pres. in use: see τέθηπα.
 τάφειος, α, ου, see ταφήος.
 τάφειρος, ἑως, ὁ, (θάπτω) *one who buries the dead, a buryer.*
 ΤΑ-ΦΗ, ἡ, (θάπτω) *burial, Lat. sepultura: a mode of burial: in plur. a burial-place.*
 τάφιος, η, ου, Ep. and Ion. for ταφείος, (ταφή) *of a burial or a grave; φάρος ταφίον) a burial-cloth, winding-sheet, shroud.*
 τάφήναι, aor. 2 pass. of θάπτω.
 τάφιος [ἄ], α, ου, (τάφος) *of a grave; τάφιος λίθος a graves-one.*
 τάφωδία, Att. crasis for τὰ φώδία.
 ΤΑ-ΦΟΣ [ἄ], ὁ, (θάπτω) *a burial, Lat. funus: also a*

funeral-feast, wake; τάφου τυχεῖν to obtain the rites of burial. II. *the grave, tomb: in plur. a burial-place.*
 ΤΑ-ΦΟΣ [ἄ], τό, (τέθηπα) *astonishment, amazement.*
 Τάφος, ἡ, old name of one of the small islands between Acarnania and Leucadia: the Taphians were famous as seamen and pirates
 ταφρεύω, ἢ ὤσω, (τάφος) *to make a ditch.*
 τάφρη, ἡ, Ion. for τάφρος.
 ΤΑ-ΦΡΟΣ, ἡ, *a ditch, trench; τάφρον ἐλαυνειν to draw a trench.*
 τάφωρ, part. of aor. 2 ἔταφον: see τέθηπα.
 τάχα, Adv. (τάχως) *quickly, soon, Lat. statim.* II. in prose and Att., τάχα is often joined with *άν*, when it means, *probably, perhaps*, like ἵσως:—Sup. τάχιστα, see τάχος, ταχύς.
 τάχως, Adv. of ταχύς, *quickly.*
 τάχινος, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for ταχύς, *swift, speedy.*
 τάχιον, ονος, neut. of ταχίων, Comp. of τάχης, often as comp. Adv. of τάχα.
 τάχιστα, sup. Adv.: see τάχως.
 τάχιστος, η, ου, Sup. of ταχύς, *quickest, swiftest.*
 ταχίων, ονος, neut. τάχιον, Comp. of ταχ'ς. [τ]
 ΤΑ-ΧΟΣ, εος, τό, (ταχύς) *swiftness, speed, quickness, fleetness; τάχος ψυχῆς quickness of mind.* II. τάχος is often used as Adv. for ταχέως, *quickly, with speed; so also with a Prep., ἀπὸ τάχους, διὰ τάχους. ἐν τάχει, κατὰ τάχος, σὺν τάχει: also ὡς or ὅ τι τάχος, like ὡς or ὅ τι τάχιστα, with all speed; ὡς εἶχον τάχους as they were for speed, i. e. as quickly as they could.*
 ταχυ-άλωτος, ου, (ταχύς, ἀλίσκομαι) *conquered or captured quickly*
 τάχυ-βουλος, ου, (ταχύς, βουλή) *quick or hasty of counsel.*
 τάχυ-δακρυς, υ, gen. υος, (ταχύς, δάκρυ) *soon moved to tears.*
 ταχυ-δρόμος, ου, (ταχύς, δραμεῖν) *fast-running.*
 τάχυ-εργία, ἡ, (ταχύς, ἔργον) *quickness in working.*
 τάχυ-ήρης, es, (ταχύς, ἑρέσσω) *fast-rowing.*
 τάχυ-μηνις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ταχύς, μήνις) *quick to anger.*
 τάχυ-μήτωρ, ορος, ἡ, (ταχύς, μήτηρ) *being quickly a mother.*
 τάχυ-μορος, ου, (ταχύς, μύρος) *quick-dying, short-lived.*
 τάχυ-ναυτεω, (ταχύς, ναύτης) *to sail fast.*
 τάχινω [τ], ἢ ὤνω, (ταχύς):—*to make quick, to hasten, to urge on.* II. intr. *to make haste, speed.*
 τάχυ-πειθής, ἐς, (ταχύς, πείθω) *soon persuaded, credulous.*
 τάχυ-πομπος, ου, (ταχύς, πέμπω) *quickly-sending, quick-sailing.*
 τάχυ-πορος, ου, (ταχύς, πόρος) *quick-passing, quick of motion.*
 τάχυ-ποτμος, ου, (ταχύς, πύτμος) *quick-fated. short-lived.* [τ]
 τάχυ-πούς, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ταχύς, πούς) *swift-footed.*
 τάχυ-πτερος, ου, (ταχύς, πτέρνα) *with swift heels, swift-footed.*

ταχύ-πτερος, *ον*, (ταχύς, πτερόν) *swift-winged*.
ταχύ-πωλος, *ον*, (ταχύς, πῶλος) *with swift, fleet horses*. [β]

ταχύρ-ροθος, *ον*, (ταχύς, βοθέω) *rusbing rapidly*.
ταχύρ-ρωστος, *ον*, (ταχύς, ῥῶμαι) *borne quickly along, quick-rusbing*.

ΤΑΧΥΣ, εἶα, ὅ, *quick, swift, fast, fleet*. 2. of events, *quick, speedy*. II. Comparison: 1.

regul. Comp. ταχύτερος, α, *on only in Ion*. 2. irreg. Comp. θάσσων Att. -ττων, neut. θάσσον, gen. ονος; neut. ὀάττον, also used as Adv. *more quickly*.

3. another Comp. is ταχίων [ῖ], neut. ἰον: Sup., τάχιστος, *η, ον*; neut. πλ. τάχιστα as Adv., *most quickly, most speedily*; ὅπτι τάχιστα as *soon as may be*, as *soon as possible*; also in Prose, τὴν ταχίωτην (sub. ὁδόν), as Adv. *by the quickest way*, i. e. *most quickly*.

ταχύ-σκαρθμος, *ον*, (ταχύς, σκαίρω) *quick-springing*.
ταχύτης, ἦτος, ἦ, (ταχύς) *quickness, swiftness, speed*.
ταχύ-χειλής, ἐς, (ταχύς, χεῖλος) *over which the lips run quickly, of a flute*.

τάων, Dor., and Aeol. gen. pl. fem. of the Article.
ΤΑΩΣ, ὁ, gen. ταῶ, acc. ταῶν; nom. pl. ταῶ: another form of the nom. is ταῶν, gen. ταῶνος; pl. ταῶνες, dat. ταῶσι:—Lat. PAVO, a peacock: metaph. of coxcombs.

TE, enclitic Particle, *and*, answering to Lat. *que*, as *καὶ* answers to *et*. When it stands before another *τε* or before *καὶ*, it takes the sense of *both*; εἶδὲ *τε* μέγεθος *τε*, *both in form and in size*; αὐτοὶ *τε καὶ ἱπποὶ*, *both themselves and their horses*. II. in Ep. and Ion., *τε* is attached to Relatives, without altering their sense, as, ὅστε, ὅσος *τε*, etc., which is to be explained from the fact that the Relative Pronouns were originally Démonstratives, and required to be joined by a Conjunction: afterwards when they gained a relative force the Conjunction was retained as a mere affix, as in ὥστε, οἷός *τε*, ἐφ' ᾧ *τε*. It is also joined in like manner with many relat. Advs. as

ἔνθα *τε*, ὅτε *τε*, ὡσεὶ *τε*, ἵνα *τε*, ἀλλά *τε*, etc.
τέ, Dor. for σέ, acc. sing. of σύ.
τέ', apostroph. for τεά, nent. pl. of τεύς.
ΤΕΤΩ, fut. τέγῳ: aor. ἰ τέγεα: aor. 1 pass. ἐτέγηθην—to wet, moisten, esp. with tears: to bedew with tears. 2. with cognate acc., τέγγειν δάκρυα *to shed tears*: Pass., ὄμβρος ἐτέγγετο *a shower was poured, fell*. II. to soften, melt: metaph. to soften, move to compassion, make to relent. III. to dye, stain, Lat. *tingere*: metaph. *to stain or mix with anything else*.

Τεγία Ion. -ῆ, ἦ, Tegea, in Arcadia. Hence Τεγαίτης [ᾱ] Ion. -ῆτης, ὁ, *a man of Tegea*, a Tegeate: fem. Τεγαίτις, ἰδος, (sub. γῆ) *the land of Tegea*. Hence

Τεγεατικός Ion. -ητικός, ἦ, ὄν, *of or for a Tegeate*. Τέγος, *ον*, (τέγος) *with a roof, roofed, or near the roof*.

ΤΕΤΟΣ, εὖς, εὔ, like στέγος, *a roof, covering of a*

bouse or room, Lat. *lectum* *garret*: a *δ'rothel*.

II. *a room, chamber*.

τεθάλα, τεθάλως, ὅτος, Dor. for τέθηλα, etc. τεθάλναι, Ep. for τεθηλῆναι, pf. part. fem. of θάλλω. τεθάλφαι, pf. pass. inf. of θάλλω.

τεθάμαι, -ψαι, -πται, pf. pass. of θάπτω. τεθάφεται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of θάπτω.

τεθάσμαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of θάπτω.

τεθάται, for τέθαιται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of τίθημι.

τέθεικα, τέθειμαι, pf. act. and pass. of τίθημι.

τεθεμελιωτο, 3 sing pass. plqpf. of θεμελιώω.

τέθηγμαι, pf. pass. of ὀθῆγω.

τίθηλα, pf. of θάλλω: 3 sing. plqpf. Ep. τεθῆλει.

τεθῆναι, aor. 1 pass. inf. of τίθημι.

τίθηται, pf. with pres. sense, without a pres. in use:—intr. to be astonished, astounded or amazed, chiefly used in part. τεθηπώς: also in Ep. plqpf. as impf. ἐτεθήπεα.

II. from same root comes aor. 2 ἐτέδ-φω, with part. ταφών, *astounded or amazed*.

τεθήσομαι, fut. pass. of τίθημι.

τεθλασμένος, pf. pass. part. of θλάω.

τεθλιμμένος, pf. pass. part. of θλίβω.

τέθμιος, α, *ον*, Dor. for θέσμιος, *fixed, settled, stated*, regular, Lat. *solennis*: generally, *due, fitting*.

τεθμός, ὁ, (τίσημι) Dor. for θεσμός, *that which is fixed, a law, custom, ordinance*.

τέθναθι, pf. imperat. of θνήσκει.

τεθνηῖται, pf. optat. of θνήσκει.

τεθνάκαμες, Dor. for τεθνήκαμεν, 1 pl. pf. of θνήσκει.

τεθνάειν, τεθνάμεναι [ᾱ], Ep. pf. inf. of θνήσκει.

τεθνάμεν, Att. for τεθνήκαμεν, 1 pl. pf. of θνήσκει.

τεθνάειναι [ᾱ], rarely τεθνάειναι, pf. inf. of θνήσκει.

τεθναῖσι, for τεθνήκασι, 3 pl. pf. of θνήσκει.

τεθνεῖς, Dor. and Ep. for τεθνεώς.

τεθνεώς, -ῶτος, ὁ, Att. part. pf. of θνήσκει; fem. τεθνεώσα; neut. τεθνεώς and τεθνεός.

τέθνηκα, pf. of θνήσκει.

τεθνήξομαι, Att. fut. of θνήσκει.

τεθνηώς, -ῶτος, Ep. for τεθνεώς, masc. and neut. part. pf. of θνήσκει: Ep. gen. τεθνηότος, acc. -ότα: but the fem. is τεθνηκῆς formed from the orig. τεθνηκῆς.

τεθνός, ποστ. for τεθνεώς.

τεθοραῖν, redupl. for θοραῖν, aor. 2 inf. of θρώσκει.

τέτραμμαι and τέτρεμμαι, pf. pass. of τρέφω.

τετρ-ἡμερον, τό, (τέτταρα, ἡμέρα) *a time of four days*.

τεθριππο-βάμων [ᾱ], *ονος, ὁ*, (τέθριππος, βαῖνω) *driving a four-horsed chariot: a driver of four horses*.

τεθριππο-βάτης, *ον, ὁ*, (τέθριππος, βαῖνω) *driver of a four-horsed chariot*. [βᾱ]

τέτρ-ἱππος, *ον*, (τέτταρα, ἱππος) *with four horses yoked abreast*: as Subst., τέθριππον (sub. ἄρμα), τό, *a four-horsed chariot*; τέθριππον ἱππων *a team of four abreast*.

τεθριπποτροφέω, ἑ ἴσω, *to keep a four-horsed chariot*. From

τεθριππο-τρόφος, *ον*, (τέθριππον, τρέφω) *keeping*

a four-horsed chariot; *τεθριπποτρόφος οἰκία* a family *what could furnish such a chariot* in the games.

τεθυμένος, pf. pass. part. of *θύω*.

τεθυωμένος, pf. pass. part. of *θύω*.

τεῖ, poet. for *τέ*, which is Dor. for *σέ*, acc. sing. of *σύ*.

τεῖν, Dor. for *σοι*, dat. of *σύ*. [1]

τεῖδε, Dor. for *τῆδε*, *this way, here*.

τεῖνα, Ep. for *τέυνα*, aor. I of *τείνω*.

ΤΕΙΝΩ: f. *τενώ*: aor. I *τέυνα*: pf. *τέτακα*: Pass., aor. I *ἐτάθην* [α]: pf. *τέταμαι*: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. *τέτατο*, 3 dual *τετάσθην*, 3 pl. *τέταντο*:—to stretch, strain, extend, to draw tight; *τόξον τεῖναι* to stretch the bow to its full compass:—Pass. to be stretched to the full; *ιστία τέτατο* the sails were stretched taught; *παρὰ πόδα τεῖναι* to keep the sheet taught; *νύξ τέταται βροτοῖσιν* night is spread over mankind. II. to lay along, stretch out, stretch on the earth, lay prostrate; *ταβέλι ἐπὶ γαίῃ* stretched upon the ground. III. metaph. to strain to the utmost, make earnest or intense:—Pass. to be strained to the utmost, to be intense; also, to be stretched on the rack: also to exert oneself, be anxious. IV. to extend, lengthen, of Time. 2. to aim at, direct towards a point; hence to design.

B. intr. to stretch out or extend towards ..: absol. to stretch, extend. II. to aim at, strive to reach a thing: generally, to reach. III. to tend, refer, belong to, Lat. *spectare, pertinere ad* ..; *τεῖναι ἐς σέ* it has reference to you.

τέος, Adv., Ep. for *τέως*, *τέως*.

τέρεα, Ep. pl. of *τέρας*, the heavenly bodies, signs.

ΤΕΙΡΩ, impf. *ἔτειρον*; only found in pres. and impf.:—to rub, rub away: metaph. to wear away, wear out:—Pass. to be worn away, worn out, distressed. II. intr. to suffer greatly.

τειρεσι-πλήρης, ov, δ, (τέιχος, πελάς) *approacher, assailer, stormer of walls*.

τειρέω, f. ήσω, (τέιχος) to build walls: to build. II. to wall, fortify, c. acc.

τειχ-ήρης, es, (τέιχος, ἀραρεῖν) enclosed by walls, beleaguered, besieged.

τειρίζω, f. ήσω Att. ήω: aor. I *ἐτείχισα*: pf. *τετείχικα*: Pass., pf. *τετείχισμαι*: 3 sing. Ion. plqpf. *τετείχιστο*: (τέιχος):—to build a wall, generally, to build; *τείχος τεειχίσασθαι* to build oneself a wall: 3 sing. plqpf. pass. *τετείχιστο*, impers., there were buildings. II. to wall or fortify:—Pass. to be walled, fenced or fortified with walls.

τειχίδης, es, ev, (τέιχος) walled.

τειχίον, τό, Dim. of *τείχος*, a wall, mostly of the walls of private buildings, as opp. to those of a town (*τείχος, τείχη*).

τειχίστις, ή, (τειρίζω) the work of walling, building a wall.

τειχισμα, atos, τό, (τειρίζω) a wall or fort, a raised fortification.

τειχισμός, ό, (τειρίζω) = *τειχιστις*.

τειχοδομέω, f. ήσω, to build a wall or fort. From

τειχο-δόμος, ov, (τέιχος, δέμω) building a wall.

τειχομάχew, f. ήσω, to attack the walls, to assault or besiege a fortified place; *τειχομαχεῖν δυνατόι* skilled in conducting sieges. From

τειχο-μάχης, ov, δ, (τέιχος, μάχομαι) assaulting walls or fortified places: an engineer. [α]

τειχομαχία Ion. -ή, ή, (τειχομαχέω) an assault of walls, a siege: this was the name of II. 12.

τειχο-μελής, es, (τέιχος, μέλος) raising walls by music, of Amphion's lyre.

τειχο-ποιός, ov, (τέιχος, ποιέω) building walls or forts: *οἱ τειχοποιοί*, at Athens, officers charged with repairing the city walls.

ΤΕΙΧΟΣ, eos, τό, a wall, esp. a wall round a city, city-wall; *τειχέων κίθωνες* coats of wall, i. e. walls one within the other; *τείχεα ῥήσασθαι* to make a breach in the wall.—It differs from *τοῖχος, τείχιον*, as Lat. *muris, moenia* from *paries*, or city-walls from a house-wall. II. any fortification, a castle, fort: a walled town or city: a fortified post.

τειχο-φύλαξ, akos, δ, (τέιχος, φύλαξ) one that guards the walls, a sentinel, warder.

τειχύδιον, τό, Dim. of *τείχος*, a small wall or fortified place.

τέως, Adv. Ep. and Ion. for *τέως*.

τέκε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of *τίκτω*.

τεκεῖν, τεκίσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of *τίκτω*.

τεκμαίρομαι: fut. *τεκμαρῶμαι*: aor. I *ἐτεκμηράμην*: Dep.: (τέκμαρ):—to fix by a mark or boundary, to ordain, decree: generally, to enjoin, appoint: to mark out. II. to perceive from certain signs and tokens, to infer, conclude, judge; *τεκμαίρεσθαι τὰ καὶνὰ τοῖς πάλαι* to judge of new by old events: to conjecture. III. the Act. *τεκμαίρω* is rare, to shew by a sign or token.

ΤΕΚΜΑΡ Ep. *τέκμωρ*, τό, a fixed mark or boundary, a goal, end; *Ἰλίου τέκμαρ* the end of Troy: generally, a finishing, accomplishment: metaph. an end, purpose. II. a fixed sign, sure sign or token, a solemn pledge.

τέκμαρσις, ή, (τεκμαίρομαι) a concluding from signs or tokens: generally, a proving, shewing, a way or mode of shewing.

τεκμηρέμην, Ep. aor. I of *τεκμαίρομαι*.

τεκμήριον, τό, (τεκμαίρομαι) a sure sign or token, a positive proof; *τεκμήριον δέ* is sometimes put in an independent clause, here is the proof. II. in Logic, a demonstrative or certain proof, opp. to the fallible *σημείων*. Hence

τεκμηρίωω, f. ήσω, to give a token or proof, to shew or prove by evidence:—Med. to conclude from a sure sign or token.

τεκνίδιον, τό, = *τέκνον*.

τεκνίον, τό, Dim. of *τέκνον*, a little child.

τεκνογονέω, (τεκνογόνος) to bear children. Hence *τεκνογονία, ή*, child-bearing.

τεκνο-γόνος, ov, (τέκνον, *γένω) begetting or bearing children.

τεκνο-κτόνος, ov, (τέκνον, κτείνω) child-murdering.

τεκνολεττήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (τέκνον, ἄλλυμι) *losing or having lost one's children*: fem. τεκνολέτειρα, of the nightingale, *having lost her young*.

τέκνον, ου, τό, (τεκεῖν) *that which is borne or born, a bairn, child*, whether son or daughter: but often used in addresses from elder to younger persons, τέκνον ἔμον, my son: sometimes with masc. Adj., φίλε τέκνον.

2. of animals, the young.

τεκνοποιέω, ἡ ἴσω, (τεκνοποιός) *to bear children, of the mother*;—Med. *to beget children, of the father*; but Med. also of both parents, *to breed children*. Hence

τεκνοποιία, ἡ, *a bearing or begetting of children*.

τεκνό-ποινος, ου, (τέκνον, ποινή) *child-avenging*.

τεκνοποιός, ὄν, (τέκνον, ποιέω) *bearing or begetting children*.

τεκνο-σπορία, ἡ, (τέκνον, σπείρω) *a begetting of children*.

τεκνο-τροφέω, ἡ ἴσω, (τέκνον, τρέφω) *to bring up or rear children*.

τεκνοῦς, οὔσα, οὖν, (τέκνον) *contr. from τεκνοεῖς, οἶσα, οὖν, having children*.

τεκνο-φάγος, ου, (τέκνον, φάγειν) *eating children*.

τεκνοφονέω, *to murder children*. From

τεκνο-φόνος, ου, (τέκνον, *φένω) *child-murdering*.

τεκνώω, ἡ ὥσω (τέκνον), *to furnish with children*.

II. *to beget children, of the father*:—Med. of the mother, *to bear children*; metaph., χθῶν ἐτεκνώσατο τέκνα the earth gave birth to her children: also of wealth, etc.:—Pass. *to be born*.

τέκνωσις, εως, ἡ, (τεκνώω) *a begetting or bearing of children*.

τέκοιεν, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίκτω.

τέκον, Ep. aor. 2 of τίκτω.

τέκος, εος, τό, Ep. dat. pl. τεκεσσι, τεκέεσσι: (τεκεῖν):—poët. for τέκνον, *a child*.

τεκταίνομαι, Dep. (τέκτων) *to make, build, frame*:

—metaph. *to devise, plan, contrive*. II. later also in Act.: whence in Pass. *to be built, contrived*.

τεκτήναιτο, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of τεκταίνομαι.

τεκτήνατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of τεκταίνομαι.

τεκτονεῖον, τό, (τέκτων) *a carpenter's shop*.

τεκτονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τέκτων) *of or for a carpenter or builder, skilled in building*: as Subst., τεκτονικός, ὁ, *a good carpenter*; ἡ τεκτονική (sub. τέχνη) *carpentry*.

τεκτοσύνη, ἡ, *the art of a carpenter or builder: carpentry, building*. From

τέκτων, ονος, ὁ, *a worker in wood, a carpenter, joiner, builder*; ἡθῶν τέκτων *a ship-carpenter, ship-builder*. 2. *any craftsman or workman, a master of any art*; hence of the art of poetry, τέκτορες ὕμνων *makers of songs*.

II. *a planner, contriver, plotter*: generally, *an author*.

τεκὼν, aor. 2 part. of τίκτω.

ΤΕΛΑΑΜΩΝ, ὄνος, ὁ, *a broad band or strap for bearing or supporting anything, a leather strap or belt for carrying either the shield or sword*. 2. a

broad linen bandage or roller for wounds; also for swathing mummies.

τελείς, εσσα, εν, shortened form of τελής.

ΤΕΛΕΨΘΩ: 3 sing. Ion. impf. τελέθεσκε:—*to come forth, come into being, arise*: hence *to be, become*.

τέλειον, τό, *a complete feast, a royal feast*. From τέλειος or τέλεος, α, ου, in Att. also ος, ον: (τέλος):—*complete, perfect, entire*; of victims, *without spot or blemish*: but, λέα τέλεια *are perfect sacrifices, performed with full rites*.

2. of animals, *full-grown*; τέλειος ἀνὴρ *a full-grown man*, Lat. *adultus*: hence *perfect in his or its kind*. 3. of numbers, etc., *full, complete*.

4. of actions, *ended, finished*: of vows, etc., *fulfilled, accomplished*: also *fixed, resolved upon*. II. act. *bringing to pass, accomplishing*; ἀπὸ τελέα *a curse working its own fulfilment*.

2. *able to do or bring about*; τέλειος ἀνὴρ *a man who has full rule or authority*.

τελειότης, ητος, ἡ, (τέλειος) *completeness, perfection*.

τελειῶ or τελεῶω, ἡ ὥσω, (τέλειος):—*to make perfect*: *to inaugurate, consecrate*. II. *to complete, bring to accomplishment*: *to make successful*. 2. generally, *to fulfil, accomplish, effect*.

τελείται, 3 sing. pres. pass. and fut. med. of τελέω.

τελείω, Ep. for τελέω.

τελείως, doubtful form for τελέως.

τελείωσις, ἡ, (τελείωω) *a becoming perfect, completion, accomplishment, consummation*.

τελειωτής, οὔ, ὁ, (τελείωω) *a perfecter, finisher*.

τελεό-μηνος, ου, (τέλεος, μήν) *revolving with full completion of months*; ἀρτος τελεόμηνος, i. e. *a full twelvemonth*.

τέλεον, Ep. impf. of τελέω.

Τελεόντες, οί, one of the four original Attic tribes. (τελέω II) *Payers, Farmers*; or (τελέω III) *Priests*. τέλεος, α, ου, (τέλος) = τέλειος.

τέλεσται, Αολ. aor. I opt. of τελέω.

τελεσθεῖς, αοι. I pass. part. of τελέω.

τέλεσμα, ατος, τό, (τελέω) *a payment, outlay*.

τέλεσσα, Ep. aor. I of τελέω.

τελεσσι-δότειρα, ἡ, poët. for τελεσιδ-, (τέλος, δίδωμι) *she that gives completeness or accomplishment*.

τελεσσί-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, Ep. for τελεσίφρων, (τέλεω, φρήν) *working its complete will*.

τελεστήριον, τό, (τελέω) *a place of initiation*.

πλur. τελεστήρια, τά, *a thank-offering for success*.

τελεστῶρ, ορος, ὁ, poët. for τελεστής, (τελέω) *a magistrate*.

τελεσφορέω, ἡ ἴσω, *to bring fruit to perfection*: generally, *to bring to perfection*. II. *to pay toll or custom*. From

τελεσ-φόρος, ου, (τέλος, φέρω) *brought to an end, coming to an end*; τελεσφόρον εἰς ἐνιαυτὸν *for the space of a complete year*. 2. *brought to an end or fulfilment, accomplished*. II. act. *bringing to an end, accomplishing*; πεσεῖν ἐς τὸ μὴ τελεσφόρον *to fall with fruitless result, i. e. powder, idle*. 2.

bearing fruit in due season. 3. bearing rule, having the control or management of.

τελετή, ἡ, (τελέω) a making perfect: initiation in the mysteries, the celebration of mysteries. II. in plur. mystic rites, any religious rites, a festival. τελεῦμενος, Ion. part. fut. med. (in pass. sense) of τελέω.

τελεῖντι, Dor. for τελοῦσι, 3 pl. of τελέω.

τελευταῖος, α, ον, (τελευτή) at the end, last, Lat. ultimus, extremus. 2. the last, worst, extreme. II. neut. τὸ τελευταῖον, as Adv. the last time, last of all. 2. last, in the last place.

τελευταῖω, f. ἥσω: pf. τετελεύτηκα: fut. med. τελευτήσομαι in pass. sense: Pass., aor. ι ἐτελεύτησθην: pf. τετελεύτημαι: (τελευτή):—to bring to an end, complete, accomplish, Lat. perficere: to fulfil, ratify:—Pass. to be fulfilled, to come to pass, happen. II.

τελευτᾶν τὸν βίον, τὸν αἰῶνα to bring one's life to an end, i. e. to die: absol. τελευτᾶν, to die, be deceased: τελευτᾶν ὑπὸ τινος to die by another's hand: c. gen., τελευτᾶν βίου to make an end of life. 2.

intrants. to come to an end, finish: αἱ εὐτυχίαι ἐς τοῦτο ἐτελεύτησαν his good fortune came to this end. 3. the part. pres. τελευτῶν, ὦσα, ὦν, was used with Verbs like an Adv., at the end, lastly, at last: as, κἂν ἐγίγνετο πληρὴ τελευτῶσα there would have been blows at the last.

τελευτώω, Ion. for τελευτάω: part. τελευτέοντες, τελευτή, ἡ, (τελέω, τέλος) a bringing to an end, fulfilment, accomplishment. II. a finish, end: βίου τελευτή the end, finish of life: absol. the end of life, death; so, θανάτιο τελευτή the end that death brings, Lat. mortis exitus: ἐς τελευτήν at the end, at last: in plur. the boundaries or extremities, esp. of countries: metaph. the issues or events of things.

τελευτήσῃα, Aeol. aor. ι opt. of τελευτάω. τελέω, Ep. also τελέω: f. τελέσω Ep. τελέσωσα, Ion. τελέω contr. τελέω: aor. ι ἐτέλεσα Ep. ἐτέλεσσα: pf. τετέλεκα:—Pass. τελέομαι Ep. -είομαι: fut. med. in pass. sense τελέσομαι Ep. τελέομαι contr. τελοῦμαι: aor. ι ἐτέλεσθην: pf. τετέλεσμαι:—(τέλος)—to complete, fulfil, accomplish: generally, to perform, execute, Lat. perficere: to fulfil or keep one's word: with dat. pers. to fulfil for one, grant one the accomplishment of anything: generally, to work out, accomplish one's end:—Pass. to be completed, fulfilled, accomplished: to come to pass, happen: part. pf., τὸ καὶ τετελεσμένον ἔσται which shall also be accomplished. 2. to make perfect, bring to maturity. 3. to bring to an end, finish, end: in Pass. to come to one's end. 4. sometimes intr. like τελευτάω, to come to an end, be fulfilled, turn out: also, τελεῖν εἰς τόπον to finish (one's course) to a place, i. e. arrive at it. II. to pay one's dues or taxes, to pay as tax, duty, due: generally, to lay out, spend:—Pass. of money, to be paid, spent: of persons, to be liable to pay tax. 2. since at Athens the citizens were distributed into classes and rated according to

their property, τελεῖν meant to be rated or assessed in a certain class, to belong to, be classed among, as, τελεῖν εἰς ἱππείας to be rated among the knights; so of states, τελεῖν ἐς Ἑλλάδας, ἐς Βοιωτοῦς to belong to, be rated among the Greeks, the Boeotians; εἰς ἀστούς τελεῖν to be rated among the citizens. III.

to consecrate, initiate, esp. in the mysteries:—Pass. to have oneself initiated, Lat. initiari: Διονυσῶν τελεσθῆναι to be initiated in the mysteries of Bacchus; c. acc., τελεσθῆναι Βακχεΐα to be initiated in the rites of Bacchus. 2. τελεῖν ἱερά to perform sacred rites.

τελέως, Adv. of τέλειος or τέλειος, at last. II. completely, perfectly. Comp. τελεώτερον, Sup. -ώτατα.

τελήεις, εσσα, εν, (τελέω) perfect, complete, of full tale or number: ῥέζειν τεληέσσας ἑκατόμβας to offer hecatombs of full number or without blemish; τελήεντες οἰανοί birds of sure augury: ἔπεα τελέεντα sure predictions (from shortened form τελέεις). II.

τελήεις ποταμός, of Ocean, the last river, in which all others end.

ΤΕΛΑΛΩ: f. τελῶ: aor. ι ἔτειλα: pf. τέταλμαι: plqpf. ἐτετάλμην:—Med. τέλλομαι, aor. ι ἐτείλαμην:—to make to arise: generally, to accomplish:—Pass. to come forth, arise. 2. intr. to arise: ἡλίον τέλλοντος at sun-rise.

τέλμα, απος, τό, (τέλλω) water which has accumulated, standing water, a pool, pond. II. the mud of a pool: mud or clay to build with, mortar.

ΤΕΛΟΣ, εος, τό, an end accomplished: the completion or fulfilment of anything, Lat. effectus: τέλος ἔχειν to have reached the end, to be finished or ready; also of wishes, prayers, etc., to have their accomplishment, be fulfilled; also in Att. to have full powers, of ambassadors. 2. a complete state, full condition, as, τέλος γάμοιο; τέλος ἡβης manhood:—generally, an end, issue, Lat. eventus, exitus: τέλος βίου the end of life, then like τελευτή, without βίου, the end of life, death: but also, τέλος θανάτου the end or completion of death, i. e. death itself: so, νόστοιο τέλος the end or accomplishment of return, i. e. a safe return. 3. τέλος is often used adverbially, as, τέλος for κατὰ τὸ τέλος, at the end, at last: so also, ἐν τὸ τέλος, εἰς τέλος:—in dat. τέλει, at all, Lat. omnino:—διὰ τέλους, throughout, for ever, in perpetuity. II.

the end proposed, chief matter. III. a body of soldiers, κατὰ τέλεα in regular bodies, in divisions or troops, Lat. turmatim; τέλη νεῶν squadrons of ships; ὀρνίθων τέλεα flocks of birds. IV. the highest station, the possession of full power, a magistracy, office; οἱ ἐν τέλει men in authority; so, οἱ τὰ τέλη ἔχοντες; in Att., τὸ τέλος the government, τὰ τέλη the magistrates. V. that which is paid to the state (cf. τελέω II), a tax, duty, toll, due; τέλος πριάσθαι to farm a tax; λύνει τέλη to pay dues or tolls, hence to be profitable, advantageous, like λυσιστελέω.

2. at Athens, the property at which a citizen was as-

2. at Athens, the property at which a citizen was as-

sessae: hence a class or order of citizens. VI. *consummation by being admitted to mysteries, initiation, esp. into the Eleusinian mysteries: in pl. also, the mysteries themselves.* 2. generally, any religious ceremony, a solemnity, esp. of marriage.

τέλοσδε, as Adv. towards the end or term.

τέλσον, τό, collat. form of τέλος, a boundary, limit, τέλος ἀρούρητα a piece of corn land marked off.

Τελχίν, ἴνος, ὁ, (θέλγω) one of the Telchines, the first workers in metal: also a mischievous elf:—as Adj., τελχίνες sήτες mischievous moths.

τελωνέω, f. ήσω, to be a farmer of tolls, be a tax-gatherer, to farm the taxes. From

τελ-ώνης, ου, ὁ, (τέλος, ὠνεομαι) one who farms the tolls, customs or taxes of a state, a tax-gatherer, Lat. publicanus.

τελωνία, ή, (τελωνέω) the office of a farmer of the customs, the farming of the taxes.

τελωνιάς, ἀδός, ή, (τελώνης) of tax-gatherers.

τελωνικός, ή, ὢν, (τελώνης) of or for tax-gathering.

τελώνιον, τό, (τελωνέω) a toll-house, custom-house.

τέμαχος, εος, τό, (τέμνω) a slice cut off, a slice of salt-fish.

τεμεῖν, aor. 2 inl. of τέμνω.

τεμένιος, α, ον, (τέμενος) of or in the sacred precincts: φυλλάς τεμενία the grove in the sacred precincts.

τεμενίτης [τ], ου, ὁ, (τέμενος) the God of the sacred precincts, epith. of Apollo at Syracuse, whence a quarter of the city was called Τεμενίτης: fem., ή ἄκρα ή Τεμενίτης the height on which stood the temple of Apollo Temenites.

τέμενος, εος, τό, (τέμνω) a piece of land cut off and allotted for any purpose: a portion of land, esp. of corn-land. II. a piece of land sacred to a god: the precincts of a temple: hence, from the worship offered to the Nile, the valley of the Nile is called

τέμενος Νείλοιο.

ΤΕΜΝΩ Ion. τάμνω: fut. τεμῶ: aor. 2 ἔτεμον Ep. and Ion. ἔταμον, Ep. inf. ταμέειν: pf. τέτμηκα: Med., fut. τεμοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἔταμόμην, inf. ταμέσθαι: Pass., aor. 1 ἔτμήθην: pf. τέτμημαι:—to cut or hew in battle, to wound, maim. 2. of the surgeon, to cut, use the knife, as opp. to cautery. II. of animals, to cut up, cut in pieces: to slaughter, sacrifice:—since truces, covenants, and the like were solemnised with sacrifices, ὅρια τάμνειν came to mean to conclude, ratify oaths, as in Lat. foedus ferre, foedus ictum.

III. of timber, to cut, cut down, fell, hew, lop: in Med. c. acc., δοῦρα τάμνεσθαι to fell oneself timber: λίθους τάμνεσθαι to hew stone wrought or hewn. 2. φάρμακον τέμνειν to cut or chop up a plant for medicinal purposes: metaph., πόρον τέμνειν to contrive a means. 3. τέμνειν γήν, πεδίον, to lay waste a country by felling fruit trees, cutting the corn, etc.

IV. of cut off, sever: to part off, mark off: to divide. V. to cut or draw a line, τέμνειν ἀρουραν to plough corn land: τέμνειν ὀχέτους to cut

trenches: also, τέμνειν ὁδούς to cut or make roads: τέμνειν ὁδόν to cut or cleave one's way, go on, advance (cf. προκόπτω): μέσον τέμνειν to hold a middle course. 2. of ships, to cut through or cleave the waves, Lat. secare mare: so too of birds, to plough or cleave the air: absol., τέμνειν to go.

VI. to cut short, bring to a crisis.

Τέμπεα contr. Τέμπη, τά, Tempe, the valley between mounts Olympus and Ossa, through which the river Peneius flows into the sea.

τεμῶ, fut. of τέμνω.

τενάρητις [τ], ου, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ἴδος, used as Adj. sballow. From

ΤΕΝΑΤΟΣ, εος, τό, a shoal, sballow, Lat. vadum.

ΤΕΝΑΩ Att. τένθω, to gnaw, nibble at. Hence

τενθεία, ή, a nibbling: epicurism, gluttony.

τένων, οντος, ὁ, (τείνω) a sinew, tendon: usually, a tendon of the foot: hence the foot itself.

τέξω, τέξομαι, fut. act. and med. of τίκτω.

τέο, Ion. and Dor. for τίνος, gen. of interrog.

τίς. II. τεο, enclit., Ion. and Dor. for τίνος, gen. of enclit. τίς.

τέο, Dor. for σου, gen. of σύ.

τεοῖο, Ep. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

τεοῖσι, Ion. for τισί, dat. pl. of τίς.

τεός, ή, ὢν, Ep. and Ion. for σός, Lat. tuus.

τεοῦς, Dor. and Aeol. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

τεράζω, f. ἄσω, (τέρας) to interpret portents or prodigies, to bode.

τέραμνον or τέρεμνον, τό, anything closely shut, a room, chamber: only used in plur.

ΤΕΡΑΣ, gen., ατος Ep. aos Ion. eos, τό: plur., nom. τεράτᾱ Ep. τεράᾱ contr. τερά: Ep. gen. τεράων; dat. τεράσι Ep. τεράσσι:—a sign, wonder, marvel, portent. II. anything that serves as an omen: a monster, strange creature, Lat. monstrum. 2. like Lat. signum, a sign in the heavens, a constellation, meteor: cf. τέρεα.

τερα-σκόπος, ον, poet. for τερατο-σκόπος (τέρας, σκοπέω) boding, prophetic.

τεράστιος, α, ον, (τέρας) of portents, portentous.

τεράτεια, ή, (τεραπεύομαι) a dealing in the marvellous, imposture, quackery.

τεράτευμα, ατος, τό, a juggling trick, quackery. From

τερατεύομαι, Dep. (τέρας) to talk marvels, Lat. portentosa loqui: to deal in the marvellous, be an impostor.

τερατολογέω, f. ήσω, (τερατολόγος) to tell of marvels.

τερατολογία, ή, (τερατολογέω) a telling of marvels.

τερατο-λόγος, ον, (τέρας, λέγω) telling of marvellous sights or portents. II. pass. of which marvellous things are told, marvellous.

τεράτο-σκόπος, ον, (τέρας, σκοπέω) observing portents: as Subst., τερατοσκόπος, ὁ, a soothsayer.

τεράτουργία, ή, a working of wonders. From

τεράτ-ουργός, ὢν, (τέρας, ἔργω) wonder-working.

τερωτ-ώδης, es, (τέρας, εἶδος) like a prodigy, marvellous, wondrous.

τερωτ-ωπός, όν, (τέρας, όψ) with a marvellous face; τερωτώς ιδέσθαι marvellous to behold.

τερεβινθός, η, ov, made or taken from the turpentine-tree, made from turpentine. From ΤΕΡΕΒΙΝΘΟΣ, η, the terebint or turpentine-tree: also the resin that flows from it, turpentine.

τερεβινθ-ώδης, es, (τερεβινθος, εἶδος) like turpentine: full of turpentine-trees.

ΤΕΡΕΙΝΑ, fem. of τέρην.

τέρεμνον, τό, = τέραμνον.

τέρενος, η, ov, collat. form of τέρην.

τερελίζω, f. σω, to whistle. (Formed from the sound.) Hence

τερέτιον, ατος, τό, a whistling, trilling.

τέρετρον, τό, a borer, gimlet, Lat. terebra. From τερέω, f. ήσω and έσω, (τέρω) to bore, pierce, perforate. Hence

τερεδών, όν, η, the wood-worm, Lat. teredo.

τέρην, ενά, ev, gen. τέρενος, είνης, evos, etc.: (τέρω):—worn smooth, smooth, soft, delicate, Lat. tener:—

Comp. τερενώτερος.

τερενύομαι, Dep. = τερατεύομαι, to practise juggling tricks, use rhetorical artifices.

τέρετρος, ό, (τέρετρον) the rope from the end of a sail-yard (τέρετρον), the brace.

ΤΕΡΕΡΟΝ, τό, an end, extremity: properly, the end of a sail-yard.

τέρμα, ατος, τό, an end, boundary, Lat. terminus: the goal round which horses and chariots had to turn at races, Lat. meta. 2. a mark for throwing or shooting at. II. an end, limit: in plur. the boundaries.

2. metaph. the finishing point: the acmé, height, summit.

τερεμνός, η, ov, = τερεβινθός.

τέρμινθος, η, = τερεβινθος.

τερμεία, εσσα, ev, (τέρμα, reaching to the end; άστis τερμείασα a shield that covers one from top to toe; χιτών τερμεία a tunic reaching to the ground.

τέρμιος, α, ov, (τέρμα) at or coming to the end, last, final: of Time, τερμία ήμέρα the day of death.

τέρμιος, α, ov, (τέρμιον) at the far-end.

τέρμων, ovos, ό, = τέρμα, a boundary. II. an

end.

τερεπ-κέραννος, ov, (τέρω, κεραννός) delighting in thunder.

τερπνός, η, όν, (τέρω) delightful, pleasant, agreeable, cheering. II. pass. delighted, pleased.—

Comp. and Sup. τερπνότερος, -ότατος. Hence

τερπνός, Adv. agreeably, pleasantly.

ΤΕΡΠΝΑ, f. ψα: aor. I έτερπη:—Pass., aor. I έτερπην or έταρπην: aor. 2 έταρπην, inf. ταρπηναι Ep. ταρπήμεναι, Ep. I sing. and pl. subj. ταρπείω, ταρπείομεν:—Med. aor. I έτερπάμην: aor. 2 έταρπόμην, Ep. redupl. τεταρπόμην, τετάρπετο, I pl. subj. τεταρπώμεθα, part. τεταρπόμενος:—to delight, please. II. in Pass. and Med. to be cheered, enjoy one's self, make

merry:—absol., πίνε καί τέρω drink and be merry. 2. c. gen. rei, to have enough of, have one's

full enjoyment of, be content with. 3. rarely c. acc.,

τέρπεσθαι όνησιν, to enjoy profit. Hence

τερπωλή, η, poet. for τέρπις, delight.

τερσάναι, aor. I έτέρσηναι Ep. τέρσηναι: (τέρσομαι):—to dry, dry up, wipe up; αίμα μέλαν τέρσινε be dried up the black blood. Cp. τέρσομαι.

τερσιά, η, like τασιά, τρασιά, a frame for drying anything on, a frame of wickerwork. From

ΤΕΡΣΟΜΑΙ: aor. 2 inf. τερσέναι Ep. τερσήμεναι (but no indic. έτέρσην occurs):—to be or become dry, to dry, dry up, be staunched: also to be parched or dried up: c. gen., όσσε δακρυόφιν τέρσοντο his eyes became dry from tears. II. the Act. τέρσω occurs in Alexandr. poets. = τερσάναι.

τερφθείη, 3 sing. aor. I pass. opt. of τέρωμαι.

τερψίμ-βροτος, ov, (τέρω, βροτός) gladdening the heart of man.

τερψί-voos, ov, (τέρω, νόος) gladdening the heart. τέρπις, εως, η, (τέρω) enjoyment: gladness, delight.

Τερψι-χόρη Att. -χόρδ, η, (τέρω, χορός) she that delights in the dance, Terpsichore, one of the nine Muses.

τερψί-χορος, ov, (τέρω, χορός) delighting in the dance.

τέσσαρα, neut. or τέσσαρες.

τεσσαρά-βοιος, ov, (τέσσαρα, βοίς) worth four steers.

τεσσαρά-καί-δεκα, τά, see τεσσαρες-καί-δεκα.

τεσσαράκαιδεκά-δωρος, ov, (τεσσερακάδεκα, δώρον) fourteen handbreadths long, broad or high.

τεσσαράκαιδεκά-έτης, ov, ό, (τεσσερακάδεκα, έτος) fourteen years old: fem. -έτις.

τεσσαράκοντα Att. τεττάρáκοντα, ol, al, τά, indecl. (τέσσαρες) forty, Lat. quadraginta. [pá]

τεσσαράκοντά-έτης, ov, ό, and -έτης, ης, (τεσσαράκοντα, έτος) forty years old.

τεσσαράκοντ-όργυιος, ov, (τεσσαρακοντα, όργυια) forty fathoms high, deep, etc.

τεσσαράκοντ-ούτης, ov, ό, contr. for τεσσαρακονταέτης.

τεσσαράκοστος, η, όν, (τεσσαράκοντα) fortietb, Lat. quadragesimus. II. η τεσσαρακοστή (sub. μοίρα): 1. a law of one fortietb, i. e. 2½ per cent. 2. a fortietb, a coin of Chios.

ΤΕΣΣΑΡΕΣ, ol, al, τέσσαρα, τά; gen. τεσσαρών; dat. τέσσαρι ποδ. τέτρασι:—Att. τέτταρες, τέτταρα: in Ion. prose τέσσερες, τέσσερα, dat. pl. τέσσεροι: Dor. τέττορες or τέτορες: Aeol. πίσυρες:—four, Lat. quatuor.

τεσσαρε-καί-δεκα Ion. τεσσερες-, ol, al, τά, indecl. = τέσσαρες καί δεκα, fourteen: the neut. form τεσσαρα-καί-δεκα is very rare. Hence

τεσσαρεκαίδέκατος, η, ov, Ion. τεσσερακ-, the fourteenib.

τεσσαράκοντα, Ion. for τεσσαράκοντα.

τέσσερες, τέσσερα, Ion. for τέσσαρες, τέσσαρα.

τεσσαρήκοντα, f. l. for *τεσσαράκοντα*.
 τεταγμένος, pf. pass. part. of *τάσσω*: hence Adv.
τεταγμένως, in *set order, regularly*.
 τεταγών, όντος, ό, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 part. with no
 pres. in use; *βίβη ποδός τεταγών* he threw him *taking*
 him by the foot.
 τέτακα, pf. of *τείνω*.
 τέταλμαι, pf. pass. of *τέλλω*.
 τέταλτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of *τέλλω*.
 τέταμαι, pf. pass. of *τείνω*.
 τετάνός, όν, (τείνω) *stretched, strained, smoo'd*.
 τετάνως, ό, (τείνω) *a stretching, straining: tension*.
 τετάνυστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of *τάνυω*.
 τετάξομαι, paullo-p. fut. of *τάσσω*.
 τεταργμένος, pf. pass. part. of *ταράσσω*:—hence
 Adv. *τεταργμένως*, *confusedly*.
 τετάρτετο, -πόμειθα, -πόμενος, Ep. redupl. aor. 2
 3 sing., 1 pl. subj., and part. med. of *τέρπω*.
 τεταρταίος, α, ον, (τεταρτος) of or for *four danc*:
 on the *fourth day*.
 τεταρτη-μόριον, τό, (τεταρτος, μόριον) *the fourth*
part; a quarter-odokus, Lat. *quadrans*.
 τέταρτος, Ep. τέτατος, η, ον, (τέσσαρες) *the fourth*,
 Lat. *quartus*:—neut. τὸ τέταρτον as Adv., *the fourth*
time. II. ἡ τέταρτη (sub. ἡμέρα), *the fourth*
day. 2. (sub. μοῖρα), *a liquid measure, a quart*.
 τετάσθην, Ep. 3 dual plqpf. pass. of *τείνω*.
 τετάτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of *τείνω*.
 τετάχεται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of *τάσσω*.
 τετελεσμένος, pf. pass. part. of *τελέω*.
 τετέλεστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of *τελέω*.
 τετευξομαι, paullo-p. fut. of *τεύχω*.
 τέτευχα, pf. of *τυγχάνω*.
 τετευχᾶται, τετευχᾶτο, Ion. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf.
 pass. of *τεύχω*.
 τετευχεν, 3 dual pf. of *τεύχω*.
 τετευχημαι, inf. *τετευχῆσθαι*, Ep. pf. pass. with
 pres. sense, formed from the Subst. *τεύχεα*, without
 any pres. *τευχεῖ* in use:—*to be armed*.
 τέτῃκα, intr. pf. of *τήκω*.
 τετίμημαι, Ep. pf. pass. without any pres. *τιέω* in use,
to be sorrowful, be grieved, to sorrow:—used in
 a dual *τετίησθον*; but more commonly in part. *τετι-*
ημένος, τετιμένην, grieved, sorrow-stricken, esp. in
 phrase *τετιημένος ἦτορ grieved at heart*.
 τετιήως, Ep. pf. act. part. without any pret. *τιέω* in
 use, = *τετιημένος, grieved, sorrowing*.
 τέτιμαι, pf. pass. of *τίω*.
 τετιμήσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of *τιμάω*.
 τέτιομαι, pf. pass. of *τίω*.
 τέτλα, shortd. for *τέτλαθι*.
 τέτλαθι, Ep. pf. imperat. of **τλάω*.
 τετλαίην, Ep. pf. opt. of **τλάω*.
 τετλάμεν, τετλάμεναι [α], Ep. pf. inf. of **τλάω*;
 but *τέτλαμεν*, 1 pl. pf. for *τετλήκαμεν*.
 τετλάτω [α], 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of *τλάω*.
 τέτληκα, pf. of *τλήμ*.
 τετλήως, νία, gen. ότος, Ep. pf. part. of **τλάω*.

τέτμηκα, pf. of *τέμνω*.
 τετμημένος, pf. pass. part. of *τέμνω*.
 τετμητός, Ep. pf. part. of *τέμνω*.
 τέτμοιεν, 1 pl. opt. of *τέμνω*.
 τέτμον, Ep. for *έτετμον*, an aor. 2 without pres. in
 use, *to overtake, come upon*. 2. c. gen. *to partake of*.
 τετοκάς, τετοκυία, pf. part. of *τίκτω*.
 τέτορες, οι, αι, τέτορα, τά, Dor. for *τέσσαρες*
τετρήσω, irreg. fut. of *τορέω*.
 τετρα-, shortd. for *τέτορα* = *τέσσαρα*, only found in
 compd. words.
 τετρα-βάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (τετρα-, βαίνω) *four-*
footed, quadruped. [βᾶ]
 τετρα-γλώχης, ίνος, ό, ἡ, (τετρα-, γλῶχis) *with four*
points or angles, square.
 τετρα-γῦος, ον, (τετρα-, γυία) *as large as four acres*
(γυία) of land. II. *τετράγωνον*, τό, as Subst., *a mea-*
sure of land, as much as a man can plough in a day.
 τετραγωνέω, (τετράγωνος) an astrological term, *to*
stand in square with, c. acc.
 τετράγωνο-πρόσωπος, ον, (τετράγωνος, πρόσωπον)
square-faced, like otters and beavers.
 τετρά-γωνος, ον, (τετρα-, γωνία) *with four equal*
angles, square:—as Subst., *τετράγωνον*, τό, *a square,*
a body of me- drawn up in square, Lat. *agmen quad-*
ratum. II. *perfect as a square, complete, perfect*.
 II. *τετράγωνος αριθμός a square number,*
i. e. a number multiplied into itself.
 τετραδιδον, τό, (τετράς) *the number of four, four*
persons or things, a quaternion. [α]
 τετρα-έλικτος, ον, (τετρα-, έλίσσω) *four times wound*
or coiled.
 τετρα-έτης, ές, (τετρα-, έτος) = *τετραετής*. [α]
 τετρα-ετής, ές, (τετρα-, έτος) *four years old*. II.
of four years.
 τετρα-ζυγος, ον, (τετρα-, ζυγόν) *four-yoked, with*
four horses: as Subst., τὸ τετράζυγον (sc. ἄρμα) *a*
four-horsed chariot.
 τετρα-θέλυμος, ον, (τετρα-, θέλυμον) *of four lay-*
ers; τετραθέλυμος σάκος a shield of four ox-hides.
 ΤΕΤΡΑΙΝΟ, fut. *τετραῖνω*: aor. I *έτέτρηνα* Ep.
τέτρηνα: aor. I pass. *έτετράνθη*: also (from the
 root ΤΡΑΨ), fut. *τρήσω*: aor. *έτρησα*: pf. pass. *τέ-*
τρημαι:—*to bore through, pierce, perforate*.
 τετρα-και-δεκ-έτης, ίετη, ιδος, (τετρα-, καί,
 δέκα, έτος) *fourteen years old*.
 τετρα-κερως, ον, (τετρα-, κέρα) *four horned*. [α]
 τετρα-κέφαλος, ον, (τετρα-, κεφαλή) *four-headed*.
 τετράκις, Adv. (τετρα-) *four times*. [α]
 τετράκις-μύριοι, αι, α, (τετράκις, μύριοι) *four times*
ten thousand, forty thousand. [β]
 τετράκις-χίλιοι, αι, α, (τετράκις, χίλιοι) *four thou-*
sand. [χ]
 τετρα-κλίνας, ον, (τετρα-, κλίνη) *with four bed-*
couches to recline on at table.
 τετρα-κνάμος, ον, Dor. for *τετράκνημος, (τετρα-,*
κνήμη) with four spokes, fastened to a four-spoked
wheel.

τετρα-κόρυμβος, *ον*, (τετρα-, κόρυμβος) *with four bunches or clusters; generally, thick-clustering.*
 τετρα-κόρωνος, *ον*, (τετρα-, κορώνη) *four times a crow's age.*
 τετρακόσιοι, *αι, α*, (τετρα-) *four-hundred.* Hence τετρακόσιοστος, *ή, ύν*, *the four-hundredth.*
 τετρακτύς, *ύος, ή*, (τετράς) *the number four.*
 τετρα-κύκλος, *ον*, (τετρα-, κύκλος) *four-wheeled.*
 τετρα-λογία, *ή*, (τετρα-, λόγος) *a tetralogy, i. e. series of four dramas, viz. three Tragedies and one Satyric play, which were exhibited together on the Attic stage for the prize at the festivals of Bacchus:—without the Satyric play, the three Tragedies were called a trilogy, τριλογία, such as the Agamemnon, Choëphoroe, and Eumenides of Aeschylus.*
 τετρα-μετρος, *ον*, (τετρα-, μέτρον) *consisting of four metres, i. e. in iambic, trochaic and anapaestic verse, consisting of four double feet, cp. Lat. versus octonarius; in dactylic, choriambic, dochmiac verse, consisting of four feet:—as Subst., τετράμετρος (sub. στίχος), ό, a tetrameter or verse of four feet.*
 τετρα-μηναιός, *α, ον*, and τετράμηνος, *ον*, (τετρα-, μήν) *of four months, lasting four months.*
 τετραμμαι, *pf. pass. of τρέ*
 τετραμοίρια, *ή*, *a fourfold portion.* From τετρα-μοίρος, *ον*, (τετρα-, μοίρα) *consisting of four parts, fourfold.*
 τετρανήθης, *αορ. I pass. part. of τετραίνειν.*
 ΤΕΤΡΑΞ, *άγος*, and άκος, *ό*, prob. *the pheasant, Lat. avis Phasianus.*
 τετραορία, *ή*, *a four-horsed chariot.* From τετρα-ορος *contr. τετρώρος, ον*, (τετρα-, άείρω) *joked four together; τετρώρον όρμα a four-horsed chariot.*
 II. *four-legged. [ά]*
 τετρα-πάλαι, *Adv. four times long ago, long long ago.*
 τετρα-παλαιστος, *ον*, (τετρα-, παλαιστή) *of four spans, four spans long or broad.*
 τετρα-πηχυσ, *ν, γεν. εος*, (τετρα-, πήχυς) *four cubits (i. e. six feet) long, broad, etc.: of men, six feet high.*
 τετραπλάσιος, *α, ον*, (τετρα-) *fourfold, four times as much, Lat. quadruplus. [πλά]*
 τετρα-πλευρος, *ον*, (τετρα-, πλευρά) *four-sided.*
 τετραπλή, *Adv. (τετρα-) in a fourfold manner, fourfold.*
 τετραπλός, *η, ον contr. -πλούς, ή, ύν*, (τετρα-) *fourfold, Lat. quadruplus: as Subst., τδ τετραπλόν = τετραμοίρια, a fourfold portion.*
 τετρα-ποδηδόν, *Adv. (τετρα-, πούς) on four feet.*
 τετρα-ποδιστί, *Adv. (τετρα-, πούς) on all fours.*
 τετρα-πολις *poët. τετράπολις, εως, ή*, (τετρα-, πόλις) *of, with four cities*
 τετρα-πολος, *ον*, (τετρα-, πολεω) *turned up or brougnd four times.*
 τετρα-πους, *ό, ή, -πουν, τό*, (τετρα-, πούς) *four-footed:—as Subst., τετράποδα, τά, quadrupeds. II. of four feet in length.*
 τετρα-πτερος, *ον*, (τετρα-, πτερόν) *four-winged.*
 τετρα-

τετρα-πτερῆς, *ίδος, ή*, (τετρα-, πτερόν) *a four-winged creature, grasshopper, locust.*
 τετρα-πύλος, *ον*, (τετρα-, πύλον) *four-winged.*
 τέτραπτο, *Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τρέπω.*
 τετρα-πτολις, *ή, poët. for τετράπολις.*
 τετράρ-ρυμος or τετράρ-ρυμος, *ον*, (τετρα-, ρυμός) *with four poles, i. e. drawn by eight horses.*
 τετραρχέω, *to be a tetrarch.* From τετράρχης, *ον, ό*, (τετρα-, άρχω) *a tetrarch, one of four chiefs or princes in a tribe or country. Hence τετραρχία, ή, a tetrarchy, the power or dominions of a tetrarch:—Thessaly was anciently divided into four tetrarchies, and so Palestine under the Romans.*
 τετράς, *άδος, ή*, (τέτταρες) *the number four. 2. the fourth da*
 τετρα-σκελής, *ές*, (τετρα-, σκέλος) *four-legged, four-footed.*
 τετρα-στάτηρος, *ον*, (τετρα-, στάτήρ) *worth four staters, i. e. about 13 shillings.*
 τετρα-σύλλαβος, *ον*, (τετρα-, συλλαβή) *of four syllables.*
 τετρά-σώματος, *ον*, (τετρα-, σώμα) *with four bodies.*
 τετράτος, *η, ον*, *poët. for τέταρτος, fourth:—neut. τδ τέτατον as Adv., for the fourth time.*
 τετρά-τρυφος, *ον*, (τετρα-, θρύπτω) *broken or that may be broken into four pieces.*
 τετράφα, *pf. of τρέπω.*
 τετρά-φάληρος, *ον*, *of a helmet, = τετράφαλος. [φά]*
 τετρά-φαλος, *ον*, (τετρα-, φάλος) *of a helmet, with four phaloi; see φάλος.*
 τετράφαι, *-φάτο, Ion. 3 pi. pt. and plqpf. pass. of τρέπω.*
 τετράφω, *3 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of τρέπω.*
 τετρά-φύλος, *ον*, (τετρα-, φυλή) *divided into four tribes.*
 τετράχά, *Adv. (τέτταρες) fourfold, in four parts.*
 τετράχη, *Adv. = τέτραχα.*
 τετραχθά, *Adv. poët. for τέτραχα.*
 τετρά-χοος, *ον contr. -χους, ουν*, (τετρα-, χοεύς) *holding four χόες*
 τετρά-χορδος, *ον*, (τετρα-, χορδή) *four-stringed:—as Subst., τδ τετράχορδον, the tetrachord, a scale comprising two tones and a half.*
 τετρά-χυτρος, *ον*, (τετρα-, χύτρος) *made of four pots.*
 τετρεμáινω, *redupl. form of τρέμω, to tremble.*
 τετρήμαι, *pf. pass. of τετραίνειν.*
 τέτρηαι, *Ep. for έτετρήναι, αορ. I of τετραίνειν.*
 τέτρηχα, *intr. pf. with pres. signf. of παράσσω; part. fem. τετρηχία; 3 sing. plqpf. τετρήχει.*
 τετρίγει, *Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of τρίζω. [ί]*
 τετρίγώς, *τετρίγυια, pf. part. of τρίζω.*
 τετρίγώτος, *Ep. for τετρίγώτας, acc. pl. pf. part. of τρίζω.*
 τετρίμμαι, *pf. pass. of τρίβω.*
 τετρ-όργυιος, *ον*, (τετρα-, όργυια) *four fathoms long or broad.*
 τετροφα, *pf. of τρέπω; also intr. pf. of τρέφω.*
 τετρώσθαι, *pf. pass. inf. of τρώω*

τετρ-ώβολος, *ον*, (τετρα-, δβολός) *weighing or worth four obols* :—as Subst., τετράβολον, τό, *a four-obol piece*.

τετρώκοστος, *η*, Dor. for τεσσαρακοστός, *fortieth*.

τετρώμα, *πφ*. pass. of τετρώσκει.

τετρώρος, *ον*, contr. for τετράρορ.

τετρώροφος, *ον*, (τετρα-, ὄροφή) *of four stories*.

τετρώργιος, *ον*, more correct form of τετράργιος.

τέττα, an address of youths to their elders, *Father, like ἄττα, πάππα*.

τεττάρακοντα, τέτταρες, etc., Att. for τεσσαρ-.

τεττίγο-φόρος, *ον*, (τέττιξ, φέρω) *wearing a τέττιξ or cicada* : epith. of the Athenians, because in early times they wore golden grasshoppers in their hair as an emblem of their being αὐτόχθονε

τεττίγ-ώδης, *ες*, (τέττιξ, εἶδος) *like a τέττιξ or cicada*.

ΤΕΤΤΙΞ, ἴγος, δ, a kind of grasshopper, the cicada, Lat. *cicada*, a winged insect fond of basking on single trees or bushes, when it made a chirping noise :—see τεττιγοφόρος.

τέτυμαι, *πφ*. pass. of τεύχω.

τέτυμην, Ep. plqpf. pass. of τεύχω.

τετύκειν, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 inf. of τεύχει.

τετύκῃσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med. of τεύχει.

τετυμένος, *πφ*. pass. part. of τύπτω.

τέτυμαι, ξαι, κται, *πφ*. pass. of τεύχω.

τέτυμην, ξο, κτο, plqpf. pass. of τεύχω.

τετυφωμένος, Adv. *πφ*. pass. part. of τυφώω, *stupidly*.

τετύχηκα [ῡ], *πφ*. of τυγχάνω.

τετύχθαι, *πφ*. pass. inf. of τεύχω.

τετύχθω, 3 sing. *πφ*. pass. imperat. of τεύχω.

τεῦ, Dor. for σοῦ, gen. of τύ, σύ.

τεῦ, Ion. and Dor. for τίνος, gen. of τίς (interrog.) II. τεῦ enclit. gen. for τίνος. from τίς (enclit.)

τεύγμα, *ατος, τό*, (τεύχω) *that which is made, a work*.

τευθίς, ἴδος, ἡ, a cuttle-fish, Lat. *sepia, loligo*.

τευκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τεύχω, *made, prepared, wrought*.

τεύξα, Ep. aor. I opt. of τεύχω : opt. τεύξαι.

τεύξομαι, fut. of τεύχάνω. 2. fut. med. of τεύχω.

τεῦτλιον, = τεῦτλον, *beet*.

ΤΕΥΤΛΟΝ, τό, Att. for σεύτλον, a kitchen-herb, *beet*, Lat. *beta*.

τεύχεια, τά, see τεύχος.

τευχες-φόρος, *ον*, (τεύχεια, φέρω) *bearing arms, wearing armour*.

τευχηστήρ, ἦρος, δ, or τευχηστής, οῦ, δ, (τεύχεια) *an armed man, warrior*.

τεύχοισα, Dor. pres. part. fem. of τεύχω.

τεύχος, *εος, τό*, (τεύχω) like ὅπλον, *a tool, implement, utensil* : mostly in plur. τεύχεια *implements of war, armour, arms, barness*. 2. in plur. also the *tackle or rigging of a ship*.

3. *a vessel of any kind, as a bathing-tub, a balloting or funereal urn*. 4. *a book*, whence the term *Pentateuch* or *Five-books*.

ΤΕΥΧΩ : *ς*. ξω : aor. I ἔτευξα : Ep. aor. 2 τέτϋ-

κον : *πφ*. τέτευχα : Med., fut. τεύξομαι : Ep. aor. 2 τετύκῃσθαι : Pass., fut. 3 τετεύξομαι : aor. I ἐτέυχθην : *πφ*. τέτυμαι : Ep. 3 *πφ*. and plqpf. τετεύχεται, τετεύχῃτο :—to make, construct, of works in wood or metal, to build, forge : to weave : also metaph. to work, bring about, cause : to form, create :—Pass., c. gen. rel. τεύχῃσθαι χρυσοῦ to be wrought of gold.

II. c. dupl. acc. to make a person, so and so : and *πφ*. pass. τέτυμαι is often used = εἶμι or γίγνομαι, to have been made, i. e. to be, so and so : γυναικὶς ἀπὲρ τέτυτο, ἔβου badst been made, i. e. ἔβου wert, like a woman. 2. the *πφ*. pass. part. τετυμένος commonly means well or fitly made, well-wrought, compact, lasting : metaph. of a field, well-tilled, also of the mind, active, vigorous.

τέφρα Ion. τέφρη, ἡ, (τύφω) *ashes, sprinkled over the head and clothes in token of grief : the ashes of the funeral pile*.

τεφρώω, *ς*. ὠσω, (τέφρα) to reduce to ashes, consume.

τεχθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of τίκτω.

τεχνάζω, *ς*. ἄσω, (τέχνη) to use art or cunning, deal subtly, contrive cunningly.

τεχνάεις, *εσσα, εν*, Dor. for τεχνήεις.

τεχνασμα, *ατος, τό*, (τεχνάζω) anything made by art, a piece of bandiwork. II. an artifice, trick.

τεχνάομαι, *ς*. ἡσομαι : aor. I ἐτεχνησάμην : Dep. : (τέχνη) :—to make, contrive, devise by art, execute skilfully : also followed by a relat., to contrive that ...

I. τεχναόμαι also occurs as a Pass., with *πφ*. τετέχνημαι, to be made by art.

τέχνη, ἡ, (τεκεῖν) art, skill, regular method of making a thing : τέχνην by rules of art. 2. art, craft, cunning, sleight : in plur. cunning devices, arts, wiles.

3. generally, a way, manner, means whereby a thing is gained : μηδεμίαν τέχνην in no wise : πᾶσιν τέχνην by all means : παντοίη τέχνην by all manner of means. II. an art, craft, trade. III. a work of art.

τεχνήεις, *εσσα, εν*, (τέχνη) cunningly wrought, ingenious. Adv. τεχνηέντως, artfully, with art.

τεχνημα, *ατος, τό*, (τεχνάω) that which is wrought by art, a work of art, a bandiwork. II. an artful device, trick, artifice : *ς*. *εῦ* man, all trick and cunning.

τεχνήμων, *ον*, gen. *ωνος*, = τεχνήεις.

τεχνησσο, contr. for τεχνηέσσο, fem. of τεχνήεις.

τεχνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τέχνη) artistic, skilful. Adv. *κῶς*, artistically.

τεχνίτης [ι], *ον, δ*, (τέχνη) an artificer, artist, craftsman, workman : *ωνος* who works by rules of art.

τεχνίτις, *ιδος, funi*, of τεχνίτης.

τεχνοσύνη, ἡ, ποστ. for τέχνη, art, skilfulness.

τέω, Ion. for τίνι, dat. of τίς (interrog.). 2. τεῶν Ion. for τινί, dat. from τίς (enclit.)

τέων, Ion. for τίνων, gen. pl. of τίς (interrog.) 2. for τίνων, gen. pl. of τίς (enclit.).

τέως Ep. *τέως*, Adv. of Time, so long, meanwhile, the while : also before, ere this :—antecedent to the relat. *ἔως*. II. absol. a while, for a time. [τέως but it also occurs as one long syllable.]

τή, Ep, 2 sing. imperat., with no other form in use, like λάβε, ἔχε, φέρε, *there I take I always followed by a 2nd cond. imperat.*, as τῇ, πείσῃσι Διί .. *take and pour a libation to Jove* .. τῇ, πεί οἶνον .. *take and drink wine*.

τῇ, dat. fem. of the Art. δ. 2. in the Poets, dat. fem. of the Relat. δα. II. as Adv., like ταύτῃ, *here, this way*.

τῇδε, dat. fem. of δδε, used as Adv., *in this direction, in this way*.

τῇδί, dat. fem. of δδί, used as Adv. = τῇδε.

ΤΗΘΗ or τηθή, ἡ, a grandmother.

τηθίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (τήθη) a father's or mother's sister, aunt.

ΤΗΘΟΣ, εος, τό, an oyster.

Τηθύς, υἱος, ἡ, (τήθη) Teibys, wife of Oceanos, daughter of Uranos and Gaia a Sea Deity. II. later, put for the sea itself.

τηκεδών, υἱος, ἡ, (τηκω) a melting away, wasting away : hence consumption, decline, pthibis.

τηκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τηκω, melted, melted down so as to be poured in : soluble.

ΤΗΚΩ Dor. τάκω : fut. τήξω : aor. I ἔτηξα : I. transit. to melt, melt down, make to melt away ; to smelt metals : metaph. to make pine or melt away. II. Med. and Pass., f. med. τήσομαι, pass. πάκησομαι : aor. 2 pass. ἐτάκημι [ά] :—to melt, melt away : to pine, waste away : to ooze away, vanish, fall away. III. the pf. act. τέτηκα is used intr. = pres. pass.; and plqpf. ἐτετήκειν = impf. pass., to pine, melt away ; κρέα τετηκῶτα sodden flesh.

τηλ-αυγής, ἐς, (τῆλε, αὐγή) far-shining, glittering from afar : hence far-seen, conspicuous. Comp. and Sup. τηλαυγέστερος, -έστατος. Adv. τηλαυγῶς, clearly, distinctly.

ΤΗΛΕ, Adv., like τηλοῦ, far off, far away, far : abroad : c. gen. far from.

τηλε-βόας, ον, ὁ, (τῆλε, βοῶ) shouting afar or loud.

τηλε-βόλος, ον, (τῆλε, βαλεῖν) striking from afar.

τηλε-γονος, ον, (τῆλε, γενέσθαι) born far from one's father or one's fatherland.

τηλεδαΐος, ἡ, ὄν, (τῆλε) from a far country, foreign : also afar off, distant.

τηλεθάω, lengthd. for θάλλω (cp. pf. τέθηλα), used only in Ep. part. pres. τηλεθάων, Ep: -ῶν, ὡσα, luxuriant, blooming, flourishing, of trees and plants, as, ἕλη, ἐλαῖα, δένδρεα, etc. : metaph., παῖδες τηλεθάοντες blooming children ; χαίτη τηλεθάουσα luxuriant hair.

τηλε-κλειτός, ον, (τῆλε, κλέος) far-famed.

τηλε-κλητος, ον, (τῆλε, κλητός from καλέω) called from afar, summoned from afar.

τηλε-κλυτός, ὄν, (τῆλε, κλυτός from κλύω) = τηλε-κλειτός.

τηλε-μάχος, ον, (τῆλε, μάχομαι) fighting from afar : as pr. name, Τηλέμαχος, ὁ, a son of Ulysses.

τηλε-πλάνος, ον, (τῆλε, πλανάομαι) far-wandering, δαίμων.

τηλε-πομπος, ον, (τῆλε, πέμπω) sent from afar, far-journeying.

τηλε-πορος, ον, (τῆλε, πόρος) far-reaching.

τηλε-πύλος, ον, (τῆλε, πύλη) with gates far apart.

τηλε-σκοπός, ον, (τῆλε, σκοπέω) far-seeing. II.

προπορος. τηλεσκοπος, ον, pass., far-seen, conspicuous. τηλε-φώνης, ἐς, (τῆλε, φωνήναι) appearing afar, seen from far : of sound, heard from afar.

τηλε-φίλον, τό, (τῆλε, φίλος) far-love, love-in-absence, poetic name of a plant used as a charm by lovers to see whether their love was returned : if the leaf, when placed on one hand and struck by the other, burst with a loud crack, it was a good omen.

ΤΗΛΙΑ, ἡ, any flat board with a raised rim, as, 1. a sieve, the hoop of a sieve. 2. a stand or platform on which flour, etc., was set out for sale. 3. a gambling-table. 4. a chimney-top, i. e. a lid which covered the aperture in the roof.

ΤΗΛΙΚΟΣ, η, ον, Dor. τᾱλικός, α, ον [Υ] :—of such an age, so old or so young. generally, so great, Lat. tantus : antep. to the Relative ἡλικός, Interrog. πηλικός. Hence

τηλικόσδε, -ήδε, -όνδε, and τηλικούτος, -αὐτῇ or -ούτος, -ούτο, Att. for πηλικός, so very, so much.

τηλόθεν or -θε, Adv. (τηλοῦ) from afar, from a foreign land : c. gen. far from.

τηλόθι, Adv. (τηλοῦ) = τῆλε, τηλοῦ, far, afar, at a distance : also c. gen., τηλόθι πάτρης far from fatherland.

τηλο-ιέτης, ἐς, (τῆλε, πέτομαι) far-flying.

τηλο-ορός, ὄν, collat. form of τηλουρός.

τηλόσς, Adv. (τηλοῦ) to a distance, far away.

τηλοτάω, Adv., Sup. of τηλοῦ, furthest away.

τηλοτέρω, Adv., Comp. of τηλοῦ, further away.

τηλοῦ, Adv., like τῆλε, afar, far off or away, in a far country : also c. gen. far from.

τηλο-ουρός, ὄν, (τῆλε, ὄρος) with distant boundaries or confines : generally, far, distant, remote.

τηλύγετος, η, ον, also ος, ον, an epith. of sons, who have no brother, or of daughters who have no sister, a darling ; hence in bad sense, τηλύγετος ὡς like a spoilt child or pet. II. born afar off. (The latter sense points to the deriv. τῆλε, *γέναι. But Homer always uses the word in the first sense ; and its derivation, as he used it, remains doubtful.)

τηλ-ωπός, ὄν, (τῆλε, ὤψ) looking afar, seeing to a distance.

τημελῶ, f. ἴσω, to take care of, c. gen. 2. to heed, look after, see to, c. acc. (From

τη-μελής, ἐς, careful, heedful. (From μέλω, with the inseparable prefix τη- added.)

τήμερα, τήμερον, Att. for σήμερον.

τήμη, Att. crasis for τῇ ἐμῇ.

τῆμος, Adv. then, thereupon ; ἐς τῆμος till then.

τημοσδε Dor. ταμῶσδε, Adv. = τῆμος.

τημοῦτος, Adv. = τῆμος.

τηνεῖ, Adv., Dor. for ἐκεῖ, there : also for ᾧδε here.

τήνελλα, a word formed by Archilochus to imitate

the twang of a guitar-string at the beginning of a triumphal hymn to Hercules, *τῆνελλα ὦ καλλίνικε*, χαῖρε; hence *τῆνελλα καλλίνικε* became a common mode of saluting conquerors in the games. Hence

τῆνελλος ὁ, Comic word, a conqueror who is received with a cry of *τῆνελλα*, a victor in the games.

τηνικάδ, Adv. (*τῆνος*) at this or that time of day, then. [Υ]

τηνικάδε, Adv. (*τηνίκα*) at this time of day, so early; αὔριον *τηνικάδε* to-morrow at this time of day. [Ἀ]

τηνικάυτα, commoner form for *τηνίκα*, at this particular time: c. gen., *τηνικάυτα τοῦ θέρους* at this time of the summer. II, in this case, then.

τηνόθι, Adv. (*τῆνος*) Dor. for *ἐκεῖ*, there.

τῆνος, *τήνα*, *τῆνο*, Dor. for *κῆνος*, = *κεῖνος*, *ἐκεῖνος*, that. Hence

τηνώ, Adv., Dor. for *ἐκεῖ*, there.

τηνώθε and *-θεν*, Adv., Dor. for *ἐκεῖθεν*, thence.

τηξι-μελής, *ἐς*, (*τῆκος*, μέλος) melting or wasting away of the limbs.

τῆπερ, Ep. and Ion. for *ἦπερ*, dat. fem. of *δοπερ*, used as Adv., in which direction or way.

τηρέω, f. ἦσω, (*τηρός*) to give heed to, watch narrowly; to take care of, keep, guard; *τηρεῖν εἰρήνην* to keep, observe peace. 2. metaph. to observe, watch for a person or thing; *τηρήσας νύκτα ἀσέληνον* having watched for a moonless night. II.

Med., f. ἦσομαι, like *φυλάσσομαι*, to be on one's guard against, take care or heed: fut. med. *τηρήσομαι* is also used in pass. sense. Hence

τήρησις, *εὖς*, ἡ, a watching, guarding: vigilance. II, a means of keeping secure, a ward, prison.

ΤΗΡΟΣ, *ov*, a watch, guard.

τῆς, *τῆσι*, Ep. and Ion. dat. fem. pl. of *ὁ* and *ἡ*.

τητάω, f. ἦσω, to bereave, deprive:—Pass. to be in want: c. gen. to be bereft or deprived of a thing.

τῆτες, Adv., Att. for Ion. *σῆτες*, this year, of or in this year. (From *ἔτος*, as *τῆμερον* from *ἡμέρα*.)

τήτινος, *η*, *ov*, (*τῆτες*) of this year, Lat. *bornus*.

τητύσιος, *α*, *ov*, empty, idle, vain. Adv. *-ως*, in vain.

τί and *τί*, neut. of *τίς* (interrog.) and *τίς* (enclit.).

τιάρᾱ [ἄ], *ῆ*, or *τιάρας* Ion. *τιήρης*, *ov*, ὁ, a tiara, the Persian head-dress worn upright by the king. (Persian word.)

τιῦρο-ειδής, *ἐς*, (*τιάρα*, *εἶδος*) shaped like a tiara, like or resembling a tiara.

τιέμεν, *τιέμεναι*, Ep. inf. for *τιέν*.

τίεσκεν, *τίεσκειτο*, 3 sing. Ion. impf. act. and med. of *τιώ*.

τίη, strengthd. for *τί*; why? wherefore?

τιήρης, *ov*, ὁ, Ion. for *τιάρας*.

τιθαιβώσω, to build, make a nest: of bees, to make honeycombs. (Akin to *τιθήνη*, *τιθασός*.)

τιθάς, *ἄδος*, ἡ, (*τιθασός*) a barn-door fowl.

τιθᾶσενυτής, *ov*, ὁ, one who tames, domesticates. From

τιθᾶσεν, to tame, break in, domesticate. From *τιθᾶσός*, *ov*, (*τίθη*, *τιθήνη*) tamed, domesticated, of

animals, tame: of plants, cultivated: of men, moderate, mild: metaph., *τιθασός* Ἀρης domestic strife.

τιθεᾶμεν, for *τιθέμεν*, like *διδόαμεν* for *δίδομεν*. I pl. pres. of *τιθήμι*: so *τιθεᾶσι*, 3 pl. for *τιθεῖσι*.

τιθεῖς, *εἶσα*, *ἐν*, pres. part. of *τιθήμι*.

τιθεῖς, *τιθεῖ*, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. impf. of *τιθέω* = *τιθήμι*.

τιθεῖς, *τιθεῖ*, 2 and 3 sing. of *τιθέω* = *τιθήμι*.

τιθέμεν, Ep. for *τιθέναί*, inf. of *τιθήμι*: but *τιθέμεν*, I pl.

τιθέν, Aeol. and Dor. for *ἐτίθεσαν* Ep. *τίθεσαν*, 3 pl. impf. of *τιθήμι*.

τίθεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of *τιθήμι*.

τίθεσο Ep. *τίθεσσο*, pres. med. imperat. of *τιθήμι*.

τιθέω, poet. form of *τιθήμι*, whence 2 and 3 sing. *τιθεῖς*, *τιθεῖ*, and impf. *ἐτίθεις*, *ἐτίθει* Ep. *τιθεῖ*.

τιθήμεναι, Ep. for *τιθέμεναι*, *τιθέναί*, inf. of *τιθήμι*.

τιθήμενος, Ep. for *τιθέμενος*, pres. med. part. of *τιθήμι*.

τιθήμι, *τίθης*, *τίθησι*, also Ep. 2 sing. *τιθήσθα*; 3 pl. *τιθεῖσι* Ion. *τιθεᾶσι*; inf. *τιθέναί* Ep. *τιθέμεναι*, *τιθέμεν*; Impf. *ἐτίθην*, Ep. 3 pl. *τίθεσαν*; Ion. *τίθεσκον*: (there are also some forms from the pres. τίθει, q. v.): Fut. *θήσω*, Ep. inf. *θησέμεναι* or *θησέμεν*: Aor. I *ἔθηκα* Ep. *θήκα*: Pf. *τέθεικα*, plqpf. *έτεθεικεν*: Aor. 2 *έθην* only used in pl. *έθεμεν*, *έθετε*, *έθεσαν* Ep. *έθεσαν*; imperat. *θέε*; subj. *ῶ* Ion. *θέω*, I pl. *θέωμεν*; lengthd. Ep. *θείω*, 2 sing. *θήης*, pl. *θείομεν* for *θείωμεν*, *θῶμεν*; opt. *θείην*, pl. *θείημεν* or *θείμεν*, *θεῖτε*, *θεΐσαν*; inf. *θεΐναι* Ep. *θέμεναι*, *έθμεν*; part. *θεΐς*.—MED. *τιθέμαι*, *τίθεσαι*, imperat. *τίθεσο*, *τιθοῦ*, Ep. part. *τιθήμενος*: impf. *ἐτιθέμην*: Fut. *θήσομαι*: Aor. I *έθηκα* Ion., Ep. 3 sing. *θήκατο*: part. *θηκάμενος*: Aor. 2 med. *έθμεν*; imperat. *θέο* contr. *θοῦ*; opt. *θείμην*, 3 sing. *θεΐτο*.—

PASS. *τιθέμαι*: fut. *τεθήσομαι*: aor. I *έτέθην*: pl. *τέθειμαι*: plqpf. *έτεθείμην*. To place, put, set, Lat. *ponere*; *θεΐναι τι* τι ἐν χειρὶ to place a thing in a person's hands: metaph., *θεΐναι τι* ἔπος ἐν φρεσὶ or *βουλῇ* ἐν στήθεσσι, to plant a word, warning, etc., in his mind; but, *τιθέμεν νόω* to lay a thing to one's own heart, bear in mind.—MED., *θέσθαι θυμὸν ἐν στήθεσσι* to lay up or treasure anger in one's heart.

II, to fix, settle, determine; *τιθέναί* ἄγωνα to appoint, hold games: of the prizes, *θεΐναι* ἐς μέσον to set them in the middle, propose them for competition; also of sovereign power, *ὑμῖν ἐς μέσον ἀρχὴν τιθεῖς* throwing it open to you publicly. 2. to assign, award; *θεΐναι νόμον* to lay down, fix the law, of a king or legislator; *θεΐσαι νόμον* to give oneself a law, of the people. 3. to ordain, establish, order, institute. 4. in Med. to fix in common with others, agree upon, settle. III, to set up, in a temple, to devote, dedicate. 2. of Artists, to represent, portray, depict. IV, to assign to a place or class, to hold, reckon, esteem: to believe, consider. V, in Med., *τιθεσθαι ψήφον* to put down one's ballot, to give one's vote: hence *τιθεσθαι τὴν γνῶμην* to determine, decide: *τιθεσθαι τι* (sc.

την ψήφον) to decide in a person's favour: τιθεσθαι τη γνώμη to agree or subscribe to an opinion. 2. to lay to one's account: but also to pay down, pay, discharge. VI. to deposit, as in a bank. VII.

in military language, τιθεσθαι τὰ ὅπλα has three senses: 1. to stack or pile arms, to bivouack, take up one's quarters: generally, to take up a position. 2. to get soldiers under arms, to draw them up in order of battle. 3. to lay down one's arms, surrender.

VIII. τιθῃμι is often used of persons and things, to make or render so and so, bring into a certain state, effect; ναὺν λῦαν ἔθηκε he made the ship a stone: of persons, to make so and so, appoint. 2. with an Adj., θεῖναι τινα ἀθάνατον καὶ ἀγήραον to make him undying and undecaying. 3. παῖδα τιθεσθαι τινα to make him one's child, adopt him, like θερὸν παῖδα ποιεῖσθαι.

IX. of things, to make, cause, bring to pass:—Med. to make or prepare for oneself; θεσθαι δῶμα to build oneself a house; θεσθαι κέλευθον to make oneself a road. 2. εἶ or καλῶς θέσθαι τί to manage or arrange a thing well for oneself, to make good use of it. X. τίθῃμι, with acc., often stands for a simple Verb, as σκέδασιν θεῖναι to make a scattering, for σκεδάσαι; θεῖναι κρύφον, θεῖναι αἶνον, for κρύπτειν, αἰνεῖν, etc.

τιθηνέω, f. ἦω, to take care of, tend, nurse; and so generally, to cherish, foster: mostly used in Med. From

τίθῃνη, ἥ, (τιθηνός) a nurse.

τίθῃνητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (τιθηνός) = τιθηνός. Hence

τίθῃνητήριος, α, ον, nursing, tending.

τίθηνός, ὄν, (τίτῃ) nursing: as Subst., τιθηνός, ὁ, a foster-father.

τίθῃσθα [Υ], Ep. for τίθης, 2 sing. of τίθῃμι.

τίθῃτι [Χ], Dor. for τίθῃσι, 3 sing. of τίθῃμι.

τιθύμαλος, ὁ, irreg. pl. τὰ τιθύμαλα:—*spurge*, Lat. *euphorbia*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Τίθωνός, ὁ, Titibonus, brother of Priam, husband of Aurora, and father of Memnon: metaph. of a decrepit old man, because he had immortal life without the continuance of youth.

τίκτω, for τινέκω, which is formed by redupl. from Root *TE'KΩ: fut. τέξω or τέξομαι, poet. τεκοῦμαι, inf. τεκεῖσθαι: aor. 2 ἔτεκον Ep. τέκον: pf. τέτοκα, part. τετοκόω, ὤν, ὄς:—Med. τίκτομαι occurs in the same sense:—to bring into the world, I. of the mother, to bring forth, bear, Lat. *parere*. 2. of the father, to beget, Lat. *gignere*: hence, 3. οἱ τεκόντες the parents; ὁ τεκὼν the father; ἡ τεκοῦσα the mother: and even as Subst. c. gen., ὁ κείνων τεκὼν his father. II. of beasts, to bear young, breed; of birds, to hatch; ὡς τίκτειν to lay eggs. III.

of trees, to bring, produce. IV. metaph. to produce, bear about, give birth to.

τίλλουσα, Dor. for τίλλουσα, fem. part. of τίλλω.

ΤΙΛΛΩ, f. τίλλω: aor. I ἔτιλα: pf. pass. τέτιλμαι:—to pluck, pull, tear, esp. the hair in token of lamentation:—Med., χαίτας τίλλεσθαι to pluck out

one's hair. 2. from tearing the hair in token of sorrow, it came to mean absol. to mourn bitterly for any one. 3. to pluck at, vex, annoy.

τίλων, ὁ, a kind of fish, found in the Thracian lake Prasias.

τιλμός, ὁ, (τίλλω) a plucking, tearing.

τίλφη, ἥ, = σίλφη.

τιμαλφέω, f. ἦω, to do honour or observance to, worship, exalt, celebrate. From

τιμ-αλφής, ἐς, (τιμή, ἀλφεῖν) fetching a price: hence, costly, precious.

τιμάν, Dor. for τιμήν.

τιμάντα, Dor. for τιμήντα, acc. of τιμῆς.

τιμ-όρος, ον, Dor. for τιμαρός.

τιμᾶ-οχος, ον, poet. for τιμοῦχος, held in honour, honoured, esteemed.

τιμᾶσεντι, Dor. 3 pl. fut. of τιμάω.

τιμάω, f. ἦω: aor. I ἔτιμησα: pf. τετίμηκα: Med., fut. τιμήσομαι (but alway, in pass. sense): aor. I ἔτιμησάμην: Pass., fut. τιμηθήσομαι, also paullo-p. fut. τετιμηθήσομαι: aor. I ἔτιμήθην: pf. τετίμημαι:—to deem or hold worthy, to honour, respect, revere, hold in reverence; in Pass. c. gen. rei, τετιμῆσθαι τιμῆς to be deemed worthy of honour: also to value, cherish, love. 2. of things, to value, prize: c. gen.

to estimate or value at a certain price; πλοῖα τετιμημένα χρημάτων vessels valued at a certain sum: Med., πολλοῦ τιμᾶσθαι, like πολλοῦ ποιεῖσθαι τι, to hold in much account. II, c. dat. rei, to honour with

a thing, τιμᾶν τινα τάφῳ, στεφάνοις, etc., to honour with burial, garlands, etc.: hence to reward. III. as Att. law-term: I. Act., of the judge, to estimate the amount of punishment due to the prisoner, Lat. *litem aestimare*; τ. τὴν δίκην to award the sentence; τιμᾶν μακράν τινα to award the long line, i.e. sentence of death; hence, τιμᾶν τινα θανάτου (sc. δίκην) to give sentence of death against a man. 2.

Med., of the accuser, τιμᾶσθαι τινα [δίκην] δεσμών, φυγῆς, θανάτου, etc., to lay or assess the punishment at death, exile, bonds, etc.: in answer the accused could, if found guilty, lay the punishment at a less rate, which was called ἀντιτιμᾶσθαι or ὑποτιμᾶσθαι.

τιμή, ἥ, (τίω) the price, cost, worth of a thing. II. metaph. the honour in which one is held, worship, esteem, respect. 2. a place or post of honour, rank, dignity. 3. generally, distinction, privilege hence a dignity, office, magistracy. 4. an offering to the gods, Lat. *honor*: a reward, present. III. a prizing, valuing. 2. an estimate, valuation or assessment of damages; then compensation, satisfaction, esp. in money: a penalty, as the price or payment for wrong, and so punishment, damages. Hence

τιμῆς, ἐσσα, εν; contr. τιμῆς, acc. τιμήντα; Dor. τιμᾶεις:—valued, honoured, esteemed, of men. 2. of things, prized, costly, precious. Comp. τιμηέστερος: Sup. -έστατος.

τιμημα, ατος, τό, (τιμάω) that which is estimated or valued, the worth, price, value of a thing, τιμημα

A 2

τύμβου the honour of a tomb.

valuation; esp. the estimate of damages: hence a penalty, punishment: a fine.

2. the value at which an Albanian citizen's property was rated, rate of assessment, Lat. census; ἡ ἀπὸ τιμημάτων πολιτεία a government where the magistrates were chosen according to property or assessment. [Ἰ]

τιμῆντα, poet. for τιμῆντα, contr. acc. of τιμῆς.

τιμῆ-ορος, ov, Ion. for τιμάορος, τιμαρὸς

τιμῆς, poet. contr. for τιμῆς.

τιμησις, εως, ἡ, (τιμᾶω) an estimating, valuing the worth or price of a thing: an assessment of damages. [Ἰ]

τιμῆσσα, contr. poet. for τιμηῖσσα, fem. of τιμῆς.

τιμητεία or τιμητία, ἡ, (τιμητής) the censorship at Rome, Lat. censura.

τιμητός, α, ov, verb. Adj. of τιμᾶω, to be honoured.

II. τιμητέον, one must honour.

τιμητής, ου, ὁ, (τιμᾶω) a valuer, assessor. II. at Rome, a censor.

τιμητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τιμητής) estimating, valuing: for the purpose of estimating, for determining the amount of punishment.

II. ἡ, Rome, of censorial rank.

τιμητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τιμᾶω, estimated, valued, assessed: as Att. law-term, δίκη τιμητή a suit in which the damages are to be assessed by the judges; opp. to δίκη ἀρίμτος, where the penalty is fixed by law.

τιμιος, α, ov, also os, ov, (τιμή) valued: of persons, esteemed, held in honour: of things, prized, precious, honourable. 2. of high price, dear, Lat. carus. Hence

τιμιότης, ητος, ἡ, worth, value, preciousness.

τίμος, ὁ, poet. form for τιμή.

τιμωρέω, ἡ, ὄν, (τιμαρὸς) to help, aid, succour: esp. by way of redressing injuries, to avenge:—in full, τιμαρῆν τινι τοῦ παιδὸς τὸν φονέα to avenge a man on the murderer for (the murder of) his son:—Pass., τιμαρῆσθαι τινι to have vengeance taken for any one.

II. Med., f. -ήσομαι, with pf. pass. (in med. sense) τετιμωρημαι:—to exact vengeance from any one, avenge oneself upon him, punish, chastise him, c. acc. pers.: also c. gen. rei, τιμαρῆσθαι τινά τινος to take vengeance on one, punish him for a thing: absol. to avenge, right oneself, seek vengeance. Hence

τιμωρήμα, ατος, το, help, aid, succour. II. an act of vengeance.

τιμωρητέον, verb. Adj. of τιμωρέω, one must assist: one must avenge, punish.

τιμωρητής, ητος, ὁ, (τιμωρέω) a helper, aider. 2. an avenger.

τιμωρία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (τιμωρέω) help, aid, succour. II. vengeance, retribution: also punishment, torture.

τιμωρός, ὄν, (τιμή, αἰρω) contr. from τιμάορος: helping, aiding, succouring: as Subst., τιμαρὸς, ὁ, a helper, aider. II. avenging, punishing for wrong.

τίν, like τίν, ὅς σοί, dat. of σὺ. II. Dor. for σέ.

τίναγμα, ατος, τό, (τινάσσω) a shake, quaking.

τινάκτηρ, ητος, and τινάκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (τινάσσω) one who shakes, a shaker: fem. τινάκτειρα. τινάζεσθην, Ep. 3 dual aor. I of τινάσσω.

τινάσσω, f. ζω, (τελνω) to swing, shake, bransle: disturb, upset: of a harp, to make the strings quiver:—Pass. to be shaken or moved violently: also to quake with fear.

τιναχθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of τινάσσω.

τινάχθην, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of τινάσσω.

τινῶμαι, Med., poet. for τίνωμαι, to take vengeance upon, punish, chastise, c. acc. pers.: absol. to avenge oneself. 2. to avenge, take vengeance for.

τίνω [Ἰ Ep., Ὑ Att.] f. τίσω [Ἰ]: aor. I ἔτισα: pf. act. τέτικα, pass. τέτισμαι: I. Act. to pay a price, mostly to pay a penalty, Lat. dare poenas: also to pay a debt, quit oneself of a debt: τίειν χάριν τινί to pay or render thanks: the thing for which one pays is put in gen., τίειν ἀμοιβὴν βοῶν to pay compensation for the oxen: but the price being omitted, in acc., to pay or atone for a thing, τίσαι ὕβριν to atone for one's insolence: also c. acc. pers. to make atonement, pay the price for a person slain: absol. to make return or recompense, repay. II. Med. to have a price paid one, make another pay for a thing, avenge oneself on him, to punish, take retribution on one, Lat. poenas sumere de aliquo:—mostly c. acc. pers. et c. gen. rei, τίσεσθαι Ἀλέξανδρον κακότητος to punish Alexander for his wickedness: c. acc. rei only, to take vengeance for a thing: but also c. dupl. acc. pers. et rei, τίσεσθαι τινι δίκην to exact retribution from a person: but also with the means of punishment in the dat., τίσεσθαι τινι φυγῇ to requite, punish with exile: absol. to repay oneself, take vengeance.

τίω, τίω, imitation of a bird's note. τίνω, Ep. for ἔτιον, impf. of τίω. τί-ποτε; contr. τίποτε; Adv. (τί, ποτε) what or why then? why ever? why? wherefore? Lat. quid tandem? ΤΙΣ, neut. τι; gen. τινός Ep. τευ Att. του; dat. τινί Ep. τῷ or τῷ; acc. τινά, τι; plur. τινές, τινά; gen. τινῶν: dat. τισί; acc. τινάς, τινά:—indef. Pronoun, enclit. through all cases: masc. and fem., one, any one, some one, freq. answering to our indef. Article, a, an: of places and things, νηὶς τις an island, etc.: neut. anything, something: εἰ τις, εἴ τι, Lat. si quis, si quid, if any one or anything, whoever, whichever. II. τις is often used indef. of a number of persons, as ὦδε δέ τις εἶπεσκεν but thus some one said, i. e. thus men said. 2. like ἕκαστος or πᾶς, each, each one, every one; εἰ μὲν τις δόρυ θεῖσθω let each man look to sharpening his spear; ἀλλά τις αὐτὸς ἴτω let each come of himself. 3. so in Att., φοβεῖσθαι τις some one fears, fear is among them; πείσεσθαι τις some one will suffer. III. τις, τι, of a person or thing, some great person, some great thing, ἡχέεις τις εἷς

you boasted that you were somebody: opp. to οὐδείς, μηδείς; λέγειν τι to speak sense, hit the truth, opp. to οὐδὲν λέγειν. 2. emphatically a man, opp. to a brute; τις ἢ κῆν a man or a dog; but also in sign of contempt, somebody or other, Θεοσίτης τις ἦν there was one Thersites: hence τις is used for a slave.

IV. joined with Adjs., τις makes them less precise; *μανόμενος* a madman, *μανόμενός τις* a crazy sort of fellow: so with an Adj. of number or size, οἷός τις such a kind of person as...; πᾶς τις every one; εἰς τις some one; ὀλίγοι τινὲς some few; τρεῖς τινες some three or so. 2. joined with Adjectives, somewhat, in a certain way; ἡττόν τις somewhat less.

V. in long sentences τις is often repeated, else it generally is found in the second clause: and when ὅστις follows in the relative clause, τις must often be supplied from it in the antecedent.

ΤΙΣ, neut. τί; gen. τίνος, Hom. τέο contr. τεῦ, Att. τοῦ; dat. τινί Att. τῷ; acc. τίνα, neut. τί; Plur. τίνες, τίνα; gen. τίνων Hom. τέων; dat. τίσι; acc. τίνας, τίνα;—interrog. Pronoun masc. and fem. *who? which?* neut. *what? which?* Lat. quis, quae, quid? strengthd. τίς γάρ; τί γάρ; like Lat. quisnam? quidnam? ἐς τί; until when? how long? with another Pronoun it must be rendered by two clauses; τίς δ' οὗτος ἔρχεται; *who art thou that comest?* II. the question is modified by ἄν or κεν and a change of mood; τίς ἄν or κεν with the opt. expresses strong doubt, *who could, who would* do so? when there is no doubt the ἄν or κεν is omitted, τίς ἐργάσατο *who could do it?* i.e. no one.

III. τίς is also used in indirect questions; ἥρῳτα δὴ ἔπειτα, τίς εἶη καὶ πόθεν ἔλθοι he asked thereupon *who* he was, and *whence* he came.

IV. sometimes two questions are asked in one clause; ἐκ τίνος τίς ἐγένετο; *who* is he, and *from whom* descended?

V. τίς is also used for ποῖος; of *what sort?* as Lat. quis for qualis? so also for πότερος; as Lat. quis for uter? VI. τί; alone, *what?*—it takes the Article, τὸ τί; when the question refers to something going before.

VII. τί; often stands absol. as Adv., *how? for why? wherefore?* 2. τί δέ; but *how?* 3. τί δὴ; τί δὴ ποτε; *why ever? τί ὅρα;* *how pray?* expressing surprise. 4. τί μήν; *why not? how else?* i.e. yes surely! Lat. quidni? [τί was never elided, and sometimes stands before a vowel even in Trag., as τί οὖν; τί εἶπας;]

τίσαλατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of τίω. τίσις [τ], eos, ἡ, (τίνω) payment made by way of recompence, a penalty, punishment; τίσαν δοῦναι to suffer punishment, Lat. poenas dare. II. a requital in good sense, reward.

III. in plur. distributive justice, retribution. τίσων, aor. I imperat. of τίνω; inf. τίσαι. τίσω [τ], fut. of τίνω; also aor. I subj. τῖταινω, aor. I ἐτίτηνα, Ep. for τείνω, τανύω, to stretch: Med., τῶρα τιναίνεσθαι to stretch one's bow. 2. to spread out or along, spread, ex-

tend:—Med. or Pass. to stretch oneself, to extend, spread. 3. to draw along:—in Med. to strain or exert oneself; τιτανόμενος πεδίῳ stretching on over the plain; ἀφ' ὧσακε τιτανόμενος he thrust it back exerting himself, with all his strength.

τίταινω, part. from Τίτάν, only in passage, φάσκε δὲ τιταίνοντας ἀπασθαλῆν μέγα ξίφι ἔργον he said that, being Titans, they had done violence in their pride.

Τίτάν [τ], ἄνως, δ, mostly in plur. Τίτᾶνες, Ep. and Ion. Τίτῆνες, ol, the Titans, a race of gods placed beneath Tartarus; acc. to Hesiod six sons and six daughters of Uranos and Gaia. Later any descendants of Uranos and Gaia are so called, and in Latin Poets Titan is a name for the Sun.

Τίτᾶνις Ion. Τίτηνις, ἴδος, fem. of Τίτάν, a Titaness. ΤΙΤΑΝΟΣ, ἡ, a white earth, chalk or gypsum.

Τίτᾶν-ώδης, es, (Τίτάν, εἶδος) like Titans; Τιταν-ώδες βλέπειν to look Titanic.

τίτας, ου, δ, (τίω) Dor. for τίτης, = τιμαρός, an avenger. [τ]

Τίτηνες, ol, Ep. and Ion. for Τίτᾶνες τιθεία, ἡ, a suckling by a nurse, fostering. From τιθεῖω, f. σω, to suckle, nurse, foster. From

ΤΙΤΤΗ, ἡ, the teat of a woman's breast: a nurse. πηθίον, τό, Dim. of τίτθος, a nipple, teat.

ΤΙΤΘΟΣ, δ, the teat or nipple of a woman's breast. τίτλος, ου, δ, formed from Lat. titulus, a title, superscription.

τιτρώσκω, f. τρώσω: aor. I ἔτρωσα: Pass., fut. τρωθήσομαι, but also fut. med. τρώσομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ἔτρωμαι; pf. τέτρωμαι: (formed from Root *ΤΡΩ'Ω):—to wound, hurt; τετρώσθαι τὸν μηρόν to have been wounded in the thigh:—of ships, to damage, cripple, scatter: of wine, to overpower. τιττέβιζω, properly of the cry of partridges; but also of swallows and other small birds, to twitter, chirrup (Formed from the sound.)

Τίτυο-κτόνος, δ, (Τίτυός, κτείνω) slayer of Τίτυος. Τίτυός, δ, Τίτυος, son of Gaia, a giant.

τίτύσκομαι, only used in pres. and impf., akin both to τεύχω and τυγχάνω: I. like τεύχω, to make, make ready, prepare. II. like τυγχάνω, to aim; ἀντα τιτύσκεσθαι to aim straight before one; c. gen. to aim at an object. 2. metaph., φρεσὶ τιτύσκεσθαι to aim at a thing in one's mind, i.e. to purpose or design to do; c. inf.

ΤΙΨΗ, a kind of beetle or water-slug, that runs on the top of smooth water. [τ]

τίψθ', for τίπτε, before an aspirate. τίφος, eos, τό, a pool.

ΤΙΩ [τ], Ep. inf. τίμεν: impf. ἔτιον: Pass., pres. τιόμαι; pf. τέτιμαι, part. τετιμένος:—Ion. impf. act. and pass. τίεσκον, τιεσκόμην, 3 sing. τίεσκειτο:—to pay honour to a person, to esteem, honour, respect, regard: also of things, θεοὶ δίκην τίουσιν the gods honour right. 2. to value or rate at a certain worth. II. fut. and aor. I act. τίσω, ἔτισα, and fut. and aor. I med. τίσομαι, ἐτίσμεν, are only used

in the sense of *τίνω, τίνομαι*:—in Act. to *pay a price, make return*: in Med. to *have a price paid, or return made one*: see *τίνω*.

τλά-θύμος, *ov*, Dor. for τλῆθυμος.

τλαίην, aor. 2 opt. of *τλάω.

τλάμων, Dor. for τλήμων.

τλάς, τλάσα, τλάν, aor. 2 part. of *τλάω.

*ΤΛΑ΄Ω, a radic. form never found in pres.: fut.

τλήσομαι: aor. 2 ἔτλην (formed as if from τλημί), imperat. τλήθι, opt. τλαίην, Ep. 3 pl. τλαίεν (for τλαίησαν), inf. τλήναι, part. τλάς, τλάσα, τλάν: pf.

τέτληκα, also used in pres. sense; from this pf. is formed imperat. τέτλαθι, τετλάτω [α̃]; opt. τετλαίην; inf. τετλάναι [α̃] Ep. τετλάμεν, τετλάμεναι, Ep. part.

τετληώς, τετληυῖα, gen. τετληότος:—there is also a poet. aor. 1 ἐτάλασα (as if from a pres. ταλάω), Ep.

ἐτάλασσα, subj. ταλάσσω, ps. η̃:—to take upon oneself, to bear, suffer, undergo, endure hardship: sometimes εὐσολ., esp. in imperat. τλήθι, bear up, endure: so in pf. part., τετληότι θυμῷ with enduring, patient heart. II. to bear steadfastly, hold out: c. inf. to dare to do something, whether good or bad; also c. acc. to dare a thing, i. e. dare to do it.

τλή, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of *τλάω.

τλή-θύμος Dor. τλά-, *ov* (*τλάω, θυμός) of enduring soul, stout-hearted.

τλήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of *τλάω.

τλημόνως, Adv. of τλήμων, patiently.

τλημοσύνη, ἡ, *ibat* which is to be endured, misery, distress.

II. endurance, patience. From τλήμων, *ovos*, ὁ, ἡ, vocat. τλήμων, (*τλάω) suffering, enduring: hence, I. patient, steadfast, stout-hearted: also bold, daring: in bad sense, reckless, rash, Lat. *audax*. II. full of suffering, wretched, miserable.

τλήναι, aor. 2 inf. of τλάω.

τλησι-κάρδιος, *ov*, (*τλάω, καρδία) of patient heart, much-enduring, miserable. II. hard-hearted.

τλήσομαι, fut. of *τλάω.

τλήτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of *τλάω.

τλητός, ἡ, *ov*, verb. Adj. of *τλάω: I. act. suffering, patient, constant in suffering or labour. II.

pass. suffered, endured: to be suffered, endurable.

τμάγεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of τμήγω. [α̃]

τμάγον, Ep. for ἔτμάγον, aor. 2 of τμήγω.

τμήγω, f. τμήξω: aor. 1 ἔτμηξα: aor. 2 ἔτμάγον: aor. 1 med. ἔτμηξάμην: aor. 2 pass. ἔτμάγην [α̃] and ἔτμήγην:—Ep. collat. form of τέμνω, to cut, cleave:—Pass. to be divided, be parted asunder. Hence

τμήδην, Adv. by cutting, scratching, grazing.

τμηθήναι, aor. 1 pass. inf. of τέμνω.

τμήξας, aor. 1 part. of τμήγω.

τμητός, ἡ, *ov*, (τέμνω) cut, beewn, cut into strips. 2.

τμητ-σίδηρος, *ov*, (τμητός, σίδηρος) cut down

with iron.

τοδί, neut. of ὀδί.

τόθεν, demonstr. Adv., answering to relat. *θεν* and

interrog. *πόθεν*, (properly an old form of the gen. *ροῦ*) hence, thence. II. hence, therefore, thenceupon.

τόθι, demonstr. Adv. there, in that place. II. also for relat. *θθι*, where.

τοι, enclit. Particle of inference, therefore, accordingly; also strengthening an assertion, in truth, in sooth, verily: it is often joined with other Particles; with *ἀρα* it coalesces by crasis into *τάρα*, with *ἀν* into *τάν*, with *μέντοι* *ἀν* into *μεντάν*.

τοι, Dor., Ion., and Ep. for σοί, dat. sing. of σὺ, always enclitic.

τοί, ταί, Ep. and Ion. nom. plur. masc. and fem. of the Art. *ὁ* and the Relat. *ὅς*.

τοι-γάρ, strengthd. form of the enclit. Particle *τοι*, so then, wherefore, therefore, accordingly.

τοι-γαρ-οὖν Ion. τοι-γαρ-ὼν, strengthd. form of *τοιγάρ*, therefore indeed, therefore assuredly.

τοι-γάρ-τοι, strengthd. form of *τοιγάρ*, used at the beginning of a speech or narrative.

τοῖν, Ep. for τοῖν, gen. and dat. dual of *ὁ*.

τοί-νυν, (τοί, νυν) strengthd. form of the Particle *τοι*, so then, therefore. 2. in Att. often used to continue a speech, further, moreover.

τοῖο, Ion. and Ep. for τοῦ, gen. sing. of Art. *ὁ*.

τοῖος, τοία Ion. τοίη, τοῖον: (from τοῖο, old gen. of *ὁ*, ἡ, τό):—of such kind, nature or quality, such, such-like, Lat. *talis*, demonstr. Pron., to which the relat. *οἷος*, interrog. *ποῖος*, and indefin. *ποῖός* correspond: τοῖος in Homer commonly refers to something gone before: in later authors it points to something to come, the following. 2. τοῖος c. inf., such as to do, i. e. fit or able to do; τοῖοι *ἀμυνόμενοι* able to assist; cf. *οἷος*. II. with an Adj. it makes the sense of the Adj. more prominent, so very, just; *ἐπεικῆς τοῖος* just of moderate size; *κερδαλέος τοῖος* so very crafty.

III. Homer uses neut. τοῖον as Adv., so, thus, so very, so much.

τοῖσδε, τοιάδε Ion. τοιήδε, τοιόνδε: Att. also τοιοοσί, etc., like τοῖος, with stronger demonstr. sense, of such kind, nature or quality; more commonly of what follows than what has gone before, to which τοῖοιτος properly refers; *ἕτερος τοῖσδε* just such another.

τοιούτος, τοιαύτη, τοιοῦτο, Att. also τοιοῦτον: and in strengthd. form Att. τοιοῦτοσί, like τοῖος and τοῖσδε, of such kind, nature or quality: more commonly of what has gone before than what follows, such as the foregoing: absol., *ἐν τῷ τοιοῦτῳ*, *ἐν τοῖς τοιοῦτοις* in such a state of things: strengthd., τοιοῦτος ἕτερος: also in neut. *ἕτερον τοιοῦτον*, ἕτερα τοιαῦτα.

τοιουτό-τροπος, *ov*, (τοιούτος, τρόπος) of such fashion or kind, such like. Adv. *-τρόπως*, after such a fashion.

τοιουτ-όδε, *es*, (τοιούτος, εἶδος) of such kind or fashion.

τοῖσδεσι and τοῖσδεσσι, τοῖσδεσσω, Ep. forms for τοῖσδε, dat. pl. of ὅδε.

τοίχαρχος, δ, (τοίχος, ἔρχω) captain of the rowers on each side of the ship.

τοίχος, δ, (τείχος) the wall of a house or court, opp. to τάριχος, as Lat. *paries* to *moenia*: proverb., δ εὖ πράττω τοίχος, = 'the right side of the hedge.' II. in plur. the sides of a ship.

τοιχωρύχῳ, f. ἦσα, (τοιχωρύχος) to be a house-breaker, burglar: to play rogue's tricks. Hence τοιχωρύχια, ἡ, housebreaking, burglary.

τοιχωρύχος [ῆ], δ, (τοίχος, ὀρύσσω) one who breaks through the wall, a housebreaker, burglar: generally, a thief, knave.

τοίως, τοίωσδε, Adv. of τοίος, τοίωσδε.

τόκᾱ, Dor. for τότῃ.

τοκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (τεκεῖν) one who has just brought forth, Lat. *foeta*: as Adj., τοκάς λέαινα a lioness with cubs; ἐκ τοκάων from one's birth.

τοκετός, δ, = τόκος.

τοκεύς, εὐς, δ, (τεκεῖν) one who begets, a father: plur. τοκεῖς Ion. τοκῆες, parents.

τοκίζω, (τόκος) to lend on interest; τοκίζειν τόκον to practise usury. Hence

τοκισμός, δ, the practice of usury.

τόκος, δ, (τεκεῖν) a bringing forth, birth, the time of delivery. 2. offspring, young child, son. II. metaph. the produce or usance of money lent out, interest, Lat. *usura*: also in pl., τόκοι τόκων interest of interest, i. e. compound interest.

τοκο-φορέω, (τόκος, φέρω) to bring in interest.

ΤΟΛΜΑ Ion. τόλμη Dor. τόλμᾱ, ἡ, courage to venture on a thing, boldness, daring. 2. in bad sense, over-boldness, recklessness Lat. *audacia*: a bold or daring deed.

τολμᾶσθαι, Dor. 2 fut. of τολμάω.

τολμάω Ion. τολμέω, 2 pl. τολμήτε μοι. for τολμάτε: f. ἦσω: (τόλμα):—to undertake, take heart to do or bear anything, to endure, *ui go*. 2. to take courage, have the heart or resolution to do a thing: c. acc., τολμᾶν πόλεμον to venture on war; πάντα τολμᾶν to dare all things.

τολμήεις, εσσά, εν, Dor. -άας, Ep. contr. τολμῆς, ἦσα, ἦν (whence Sup. τολμήστατος) enduring, steadfast, stout-hearted: daring, bold, adventurous.

τόλμημα, ατος, τό, (τολμάω) a daring deed, adventure, enterprise.

τολμηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (τολμαω) daring, bold:—Comp. τολμηρότερος. Adv. -ρώς, boldly; Comp. -ρότερον; Sup. -ρότατα.

τολμῆς, ἦσα, ἦν, Ep. contr. for τολμήεις, q. v. τολμητέον, verb. Adj. of τολμάω, one must venture.

τολμητός, οὐ, δ, (τολμάω) a bold, venturesome man. τολμητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. from τολμάω, ventured, to be ventured or hazarded.

τομίστατος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of τολμήεις. το-λουπόν or division τὸ λουπόν, (λοιπός) as Adv., henceforward, for the future. 2. for the rest, accordingly.

τολύνειω, f. σω, (τολύπη) to wind off carded wool into a clew for spinning. II. metaph. to contrive, devise, invent. 2. to wind up, achieve, accomplish a hard task.

ΤΟΛΥΨΗ, ἡ, a clew or ball wound up, wool carded and made into a ball for spinning, Lat. *glomus*. [ῆ] τομαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (τομή) cut, cut off; ἄκος τομαῖον a remedy cut ready for use.

τομάω, (τομή) to need cutting; πῆμα τομῶν a disease that needs the knife.

τομή, ἡ, (τέμνω) the place from which a thing has been cut: the end left after cutting, a stump of a tree: the end of a beam, where it had been cut off; λίθοι ἐν τομῇ ἐγγώνιοι stones squared at the end. II. a cut, stroke, wound. III. a cutting, cutting off; καὺσι καὶ τομῇ cautery and the knife.

τόμιος, ον, (τομή) cut up: in pl., τὰ τόμια (sc. ἱερὰ), parts of a sacrifice used on taking solemn oaths: cf. τέμνω.

τομός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τέμνω, cutting, sharp: Comp. τομώτερος, cutting sharper: Sup. τομώτατος.

τόμος, δ, (τέμνω) a cut, a piece cut off, a slice. II. a part of a book rolled up by itself, a tome, volume.

τονθορύζω or -ίζω, to speak inarticulately, mutter: also of inarticulate cries of animals. (Formed from the sound.)

τόνος, δ, (τείνω) that which strains and tightens a thing, or that which can itself be stretched, a rope, cord, brace, band; of ὁ τόνοι τῶν κλινέων the cords of beds: also the strand of a rope. 2. in animals, the sinews or tendons, Lat. *nervi*. II. a stretching, tightening, bracing, straining, strain. 2 of sounds, a straining or pitching of the voice: hence, a tone, note: also the tone or stress falling on a syllable in a verse; τόνος ἑξάμετρος hexameter measure.

3. in Music, τόνοι were measures or modes, Lat. *modi*: of which in the earliest Greek music there were three, the Dorian, Lydian and Phrygian. III. exertion of force, force, intensity: also direction, tenour.

το-νύν, = τὸ νύν, for the present.

τοξάβομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep. (τόξον) to shoot with a bow: c. gen. to shoot at, take aim at.

τοξ-αλκέτης, ου, δ, (τόξον, ἀλκή) a strong archer.

τόξ-αρχος, δ, (τόξον, ἄρχω) master of the bow, a bowman, archer. II. the captain of the τοξόται at Athens.

τόξευμα, ατος, τό, (τοξεύω) that which is shot, an arrow, bolt; ὅσον τόξευμα ἐξικνέεται as far as an arrow reaches, i. e. a bowsbot. II. collective in plur. for οἱ τοξόται, the archers.

τοξευτής, οὐ, δ, (τοξεύω) a bowman, archer.

τοξευτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τοξεύω, struck by an arrow, shot.

τοξεύω, f. σω, (τόξον) to shoot with the bow. use the bow: c. gen., τοξεύειν τινός to shoot at a mark. 2. metaph. to shoot or wound with an arrow. II. to shoot as from a bow, discharge, launch forth.

τοξήρης, *es*, (τόξον, ἀραρεῖν) furnished with the bow.

2. of or for the bow.
τοξικός, ἡ, *όν*, (τόξον) of or for the bow: skilled in the use of the bow. 2. ἡ τοξική (sub. τέχνη), bowmansbip, archery.

τοξο-δάμης, *αντος*, *ο*, and τοξο-δαμνος, *ον*, (τόξον, δάμω) subduing with the bow; τοξοδαμνος Ἀρης the war of archers, i. e. of the Persians, see τόξον.

ΤΟΞΟΝ, τό, a bow, its arrows being ὡστώλ or ἰολί, the string νευρά or νεῦρον: often in pl. τόξα, because the bow consisted of two pieces of horn joined by the πῆχυς in the middle; τόξα τιταίνειν to draw the bow. As the bow was the Oriental weapon, τόξου ῥῆμα, i. e. the Persians, is opp. to λόγχης ἰσχύς, i. e. the Greeks, whose chief weapon was the spear; see τοξοδάμος. II. in plur. also, bow and arrows, or even the arrows only.

τοξοποιέω, *ι*, ἴσω, to make like a bow, to arch. From τοξο-ποιός, *όν*, (τόξον, ποίεω) making bows.

τοξοσύνη, ἡ, (τόξον) bowmansbip, archery.

τοξο-τευχής, *ές*, (τόξον, τεύχεα) armed with the bow.

τοξότης, *ου*, *δ*, (τόξον) a bowman, archer. II. at Athens, οἱ τοξόται were the police, also called Σκῆνθαι, because they were public slaves bought from the parts north of Greece.

τόξοτις, *ιδος*, fem. of τοξότης, an archeress; as Adj., τόξοτις χεῖρ an archer hand.

τοξο-εulκός, *όν*, (τόξον, ἔλκω) drawing the bow; τοξοεulκὸν λῆμα the spirit of archers, i. e. of the Persians; see τόξον.

τοξο-φόρος, *ον*, (τόξον, φέρω) bearing a bow: as Subst., τοξοφόρος, *δ*, = τοξότης, an archer, bowman.

τοπάριον, τό, = τόπαριος.

ΤΟΠΑΙΟΣ, *δ*, the topaz, a precious stone.

τοπάξω, *ι*, ἄσω, (τόπος) to guess, divine.

το-πάν, Adv., = τὸ πᾶν, altogether, quite, wholly: ἔσ τοπάν in general, for the mass.

το-παραντίκα, Adv., = αὐτίκα, in...eatiely, on the instant.

το-παροιθε, -θεν, Adv., = παροιθε.

το-πάρος, Adv., = πάρος. [ἄ]

τόπ-αρχος, *δ*, also ἡ, (τόπος, ἄρχω) ruling over a place: as Subst., τόπαρχος, *δ*, ἡ, a master or mistress.

ΤΟΠΟΣ, *δ*, a place, spot, Lat. locus; χθονὸς πᾶς τόπος the whole space of earth. 2. place, position.

3. a place or passage in an author, Lat. locus.

III. metaph. a place, occasion, opportunity.

το-πρίν, Adv., = τὸ πρίν.

το-πρόσθεν, Adv., = τὸ πρόσθεν.

το-πρώτον, Adv., = τὸ πρῶτον, first, at first, in the first place.

τόρευμα, τό, enbossed work, work in relief. II. = τόρνευμα, a circling or wheeling round.

τορεύς, *έως*, *δ*, (τορεῖν) the graver of a sculptor. II. a borer, auger.

τορευτός, ἡ, *όν*, verb. Adj. of τορεῖν, worked in relief or chased: metaph. elaborate.

τορεῖν, properly, = τέρειν, to bore through: metaph. to sing in a piercing tone. II. to work in relief.

2. to chase, Lat. caelare.

*ΤΟΡΕΩ, obsol. pres., whence aor. 2 ἔτορον, also aor. 1 ἐτόρησα, part. τήρηςας, and redupl. fut. τετορήσω:—to bore, pierce. II. metaph. to utter in a loud and piercing tone. Hence

τόρμιος, *δ*, a hole, socket: the nave of a wheel.

τορνευτο-λύρ-ασπίδο-πηγός, *δ*, (τορνεύω, λύρα, ἀσπίς, πήγνυμι) lyre-turner and shield-maker.

τορνεύω, *ι*, *σω*, to turn, work with a lathe and chisel, Lat. tornare: metaph. of verses, to turn neatly, round off: and generally, to twist round. From

τέρνος, *δ*, (τορεῖν) a carpenter's tool to draw a circle with, compasses, Lat. tornus. II. a turner's chisel, a lathe-chisel. Hence

τορνόομαι, *ι*, -ώσομαι, Dep. to make round, mark off with compasses; τορνῶσαντο σῆμα they rounded off the barrow; ἑδαφος νηδ τορνῶσεται ἀνὴρ he will round him off the ship's bottom.

τορός, *δ*, *όν*, (τερεῖν) piercing; of the voice, piercing, thrilling. 2. metaph. clear, distinct, plain. II.

of persons, sharp, quick, smart.

τορετιγέ or τοροτιγέ, imitation of a bird's note.

τορύνη, ἡ, (τερεῖν) a stirrer, ladle to stir things boiling, Lat. tudicula. [ῥ]

τορνῶν, (τορνῆν) to stir, stir up or about. [ῥ]

τοσσάκις Ep. τοσσάκι [ἄ], Adv. (τόσος) so many times, so often.

τόσος Ep. τόσος, *η*, *ων*, Lat. tantus, of Size, so great; of Space, so wide; of Time, so long; of Number, so many; of Sound, so loud; generally, so much, so very: answered by the Relat. ὅσος; but τόσος often stands alone in Homer, as τρεῖς τόσοι thrice as many. In Homer τόσον and τόσων are often Adv.

so much, so far, so very, Lat. tantum; λίην τόσον so much too much. 2. ἐκ τόσον, so long since.

τοσσός-δε Ep. τοσσός-δε, -ῆδε, -ὄνδε, = τόσος, with stronger demonstr. force, so great, large, wide, etc.:—*c*. inf. so strong, so able to do a thing. II.

τοσσόνδε Ep. τοσσόνδε, as Adv., so very, so much, to such a degree.

τοσσον-ἀριθμός, *ον*, (τοσσοντος, ἀριθμός) of so large a number. [ἄ]

τοσσούτος Ep. τοσσούτος, -πύτη, -ούτο Att. -ούτον, = τόσος, with a stronger demonstr. force, so great, so large, etc.: also to designate a very small degree, hence τοσσούτον, only so much, so much and no more; ἔσ τοσσούτο, Lat. eatenus, so far; ἔτερον τοσσούτο as great, as much or many again. II.

τοσσούτο or -ον, Ep. τοσσούτο or -ον, as Adv., so much, so far.

τοσσουτός, τοσσατη, τοσσουτονι, Att. ἰοι τοσσοντος.

τοσσάκι and τοσσάκις, Adv. Ep. for τοσσάκι. [ἄ]

τόσσαις, in Dor. form τόσσαις, = τυχάνω, aor. I part. of an obsol. pres., = τυχάνω, to hit, hit upon.

τοσσήνης, Dor. for τοσσούτος.

τόσσοις, *η*, *ων*, Ep. for τόσος.

τοσσόσδε—ή-δε, -όν-δε, Ep. for τοσσόσδε.
τοσσούτος, -αὐτῶν -οὗτο and -οὔτος, Ep. for τοσσούτος.

τόσως, Adv. οἱ τόσος, so much, as much.
τότε, Adv. at that time, then: often in Att., *aforetime*, formerly: sometimes emphatic, at that famous time.

γ. joined with other Particles, τότε δὴ, τότε ἔπειτα, τότε γὰρ 3. with the Article, οἱ τότε people then living; ἐν τῇ τότε in the then time. It answers to the Relat. ὅτε and interrog. πότε.

τοτέ, Adv. at times, now and then, mostly in answering clauses, τοτέ μὲν . . , τοτέ δέ . . , at one time . . , & another; τότε ἢ τότε, at one time or other.

το-τέταρτον, Adv. —τὸ τέταρτον, for the fourth time, like τόπρωτον, etc.

το-τηνικά, or divisim το τηνικά, Adv., = τηνικά. [Υ]
τοτοβρίζ, imitation of a bird's note.

το-τρίτον, Adv., —τὸ τρίτον, for the third time; cf. τοτέταρτον. [Υ]

τοῦ, gen. c. Art. υ, and interrog. Pron. τις.
του, enclit., gen. of enclit. Pron. τις.

τούβολου, Att. crasis for τοῦ ὀβολοῦ.
τούκ, Att. crasis for τοῦ ἐκ.

τούλασσον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔλασσον.
τούλάχιστον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐλάχιστον.

τούλεύθερον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐλεύθερον.
τούμόν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμόν.

τούμπαλιν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμπαλιν.
τούμπόδων, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμπόδων.

τούμπροσθεν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμπροσθεν.
τούμφάνες, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμφάνες.

τούμφυλον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμφυλον.
τούναντιον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐναντιον.

τούνεκα, Att. crasis for τοῦ ἔνεκα, for that reason, therefore.

τούνθινδε, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐνθινδε.

τούνομα, Att. crasis for τὸ ὄνομα.
τούντεθεν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐντεθεν, henceforth.

τούπέκεινα, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐπέκεινα.
τούπος or τοῦπος, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔπος.

τούργον or τούργον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔργον.
τούρανοῦ, Att. crasis for τοῦ οὐρανοῦ

τουτάκις or τουτάκι, Adv. ποῖτε, for τότε, then. II.
so many times, so often. [Α]

τουτεῖ, Adv., Dor. for ταύτῃ, in that direction, there, yonder.

τούτερον, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἔτερον.
τούτόθε Adv. (οὗτος) hence, thence.

τουτώθεν, Dor. Adv. (οὗτος) thence.
τόφρᾱ, Adv. of Time, up to that time, so long; answering to the Relat. ὅφρα.

II. τόφρα sometimes stands absol., meantime, meanwhile.

τράγᾱλίζω, = τράγω

Τράγᾱσαῖος, α, ον, ὅς or from the city Τραγασαί in Epirus: but of swine, ὅς or τραγασαῖα φαίνεται, with allusion to τραγεῖν, to eat: and again τραγασαῖον πατρός, with play upon τράγος, a goat.
τράγειν, aor. 2 inf. of τράγω.

τράγειος, α, ον, ποῖτε, for τραγεός: τραγεῖν (sub dorά), ἡ, a goat's skin. [Α]
τράγ-ἐλάφος, δ, (τράγος, ἐλαφος) the goat-stag, a fabulous creature mentioned in Aristophanes.

τράγεος, α, ον, (τράγος) of or from a he-goat; τραγῆ (sub. dorά), ἡ, a goat's skin. [Α]

τράγημα, ατος, τό, (τράγειν) mostly in plur. sweetmeats, dessert, Lat. bellaria.

τράγηματίζω, f. σο, to eat sweetmeats: so also in Med. τραγηματίζουμι.

τράγᾱκος, ἡ, ὄν, (τράγος) of or for a goat. II.
of or for a tragedy, tragic (cf. τραγωδία): τραγικὰ λήρος the tawdry decorations of tragedy:—hence generally, stately, majestic; in bad sense, pompous.

Adv. —κῶς, in tragic style.

τράγῖνος, η, ον, (τράγος) like τράγειος, of a he-goat
τράγῖσκος, δ, Dim. of τράγος, a young he-goat.

τράγο-κουρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τράγος, κουρα) of or for shearing he-goats.

τράγο-κτονος, ον, (τράγος, κτείνω) of slaughtered goats.

τράγο-μάσχᾱλος, ον, (τράγος, μάσχᾱλη) with arm-pits smelling like a he-goat.

τράγό-πους, ποδος, δ, ἡ, (τράγος, πούς) goat-footed.

τράγος, δ, (τράγειν) a he-goat, Lat. hircus, caper. II.
the smell of the arm-pits, Lat. hircus alarum.

τράγο-σκελής, ἐς, (τράγος, σκέλος) goat-skanked, of Pan.

τράγω, Dor. for τράγω, like ηῤατος for πρώτε. [Α]
τράγωδῶ, f. ἥσω, (τραγωδῶς) to act a tragedy:

generally, to represent or exhibit in tragedy:—Pass.
to be made the subject of a tragedy. II. metaph.

to tell in tragic phrase, to declaim, speak theatrically.
Hence

τράγωδία, ἡ, a tragedy or heroic play, invented by the Dorians, and with them of lyric character (τραγικοί χοροί); then transplanted to Athens, where it assumed its dramatic character. See τραγωδός.

τράγωδικός, ὁ, ὄν, (τραγωδός) befitting a tragic poet or tragedy.

τράγωδο-διδασκᾱλος, δ, (τραγωδός, διδάσκω) a tragic poet, who himself trained the chorus and actors.

τράγωδο-ποιός, ὄν, (τραγωδός, ποιῶ) making tragedies: as Subst., τραγωδοποιός, δ, a tragic poet.

τράγ-αδός, δ, (τράγος, αἰδός contr. φῖδος) a tragic poet and singer, as the poet took part in the performance of his play: later, the term τραγωδός was confined to the tragic actor. Properly, the goat-singer, either because a goat was the prize, or because the actors were clothed in goat-skins.

TPA-ΝΗΞ, ἐς, piercing: metaph. clear, plain, distinct.

τρανήσας, f. collat. form of τρανός.

τρανώς, (τρανός) to make clear, plain, distinct.

τρανώς, Adv. of τρανός, clearly, distinctly.

τράπε, for ἔτραπε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of τρέπω. [Α]
τρά-πεζα [τρά], ης, ἡ, a table, esp. a dining-table;

ξενὴν τράπεζα the hospitable board; τραπέζην καὶ κοίτην

δέχεσθαι to entertain at bed and board. 2 a table, dinner, meal. II. a money-changer's table or counter, a bank, Lat. *mensa argentaria*. III. any table or flat surface, a tablet, Lat. *tabula*. (Acc. to some from *τετρα-*, πῆλα; acc. to others from *τρι-*, πῆλα: Horace speaks of *mensa tripes*.) Hence
 τραπεζεύς, ἑως, δ, at or of a table; κύνες τραπεζῆς dogs that were fed at mealtime.
 τραπεζίτευμα, to be a money-changer or banker. From τραπεζίτης [τ], ου, δ, (τράπεζα) one who keeps an exchange-table, a money-changer, banker, Lat. *mensarius*, *argentarius*. Hence
 τραπεζίτικός, ἡ, ὄν, concerning a banker or banking.
 τραπελομεν, Ep. for τραπεῖομεν, τραπῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 pass., both of τρέπω and τρέπω.
 τράπεσθα, ἡ, Dor. for τράπεζα.
 τραπεσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of τρέπω.
 τράπεσκε, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of τράπω — τρέπω. [δ]
 ΤΡΑΠΕΩ, to tread grapes: hence Lat. *trapētes*, *trapētum*, an oil-press.
 τραπεῖναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of τρέπω.
 τραπεῖον, verb. Adj. of τρέπω, in pass. sense, one must turn.
 τράπω, Ion. for τρέπω. [δ]
 τράσιά, ἡ, (from τασός, as if τασιά) a crate to dry figs on.
 τραυλίζω, i. ἴσω, to lisp, mispronounce a letter, Lat. *balbutire*, s. of children. From
 ΤΡΑΥΛΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, lisping, Lat. *balbus*: of the swallow, twittering.
 τραῦμα Ion. τρώμα, ατος, τό, (τιτρώσκω) a wound, hurt; ἀπό τοῦ τρώματος ἀποθνήσκειν to die of the wound. II. a hurt, damage, as of ships. III. metaph. a blow, disaster, defeat. Hence
 τραυμάτις, ου, ὁ, Ion. τρωμ-, a wounded man.
 τραυμάτιζω Ion. τρωμ-, f. ἴσω, (τραῦμα) to wound.
 τράφμεν, Ion. for τραπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of τρέφα: see τρέφω n. 4.
 τράφει, Ep. and Aeol. for ἐτραφήσαν 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of τρέφω. [δ]
 τράφερός, ἄ, ὄν, (τρέφω) like τρόφις, well-fed, fat, solid, substantial: τραπερή (sub. γῆ), as opp. to ὑγρή, dry land, ἐπὶ τραπερὴν τε καὶ ὑγρὴν over dry land and sea: as Subst. of τραπεροῦ or τὰ τραπερά, the fishes.
 τράφη [δ], Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of τρέφω.
 τράφηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of τρέφω.
 τράφω, Aeol. and Dor. for τρέφω. [δ]
 τραχέως Ion. τρηχέως, Adv. roughly, harshly; τρηχέως περιεβῆναι to be roughly handled.
 τραχήλια, τά, (τράχλος) scraps of meat from about the neck thrown away, gristle, offal.
 τραχηλιάω, (τράχλος) to arch the neck, as a pampered horse: metaph. to be haughty, headstrong.
 τραχήλλω, f. ἴσω, (τράχλος) to take by the throat: to bend back the victim's neck, hence to expose to view, lay bare.
 τράχλο-δεσμότης, ου, ὁ, (τράχλος, δεσμός) as masc. Adj., chaining the neck.

ΤΡΑΧΗΛΟΣ, δ, the throat, neck. [δ]
 Τραχίς Ion. Τρηχίς, ἴνος, ἡ, Trachis, a city and district in Thessaly, named from its mountainous surface (τραχὺς). Hence
 Τραχίνιος, ἄ, ὄν Ion. Τρηχίνιος, ἡ, ὄν, of or from Trachis, Trachinian; αὐ Τραχίνας the Trachinian women, title of a tragedy by Sophocles.
 τραχύνη Ion. τρηχύνη [υ]: f. ὄν: pf. τετραχύνα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐτραχύνθη: pf. τετραχύσμαι and τετραχύμαι: (τραχύς):—to make rough, rugged: in Aesch. Theb. 1045, τραχύνε refers to τραχύς ὁ δῆμος just before, call them, make them rough.
 ΤΡΑΧΥΨ Ion. τρηχύς, εἰα, ὁ, rough, rugged: metaph. rough, harsh, savage.
 τραχύτης, ητος, ἡ, (τραχύς) roughness, ruggedness: the sharpness of a bit:—metaph. roughness, barbarous.
 τραχῶ, Dor. for τρέχω. [δ]
 τραχών, ἄνος, δ, a rugged, stony district: hence as fem. Subst. Τραχωνίτις, ἴδος, Trachonitis, i. e. the rugged country.
 ΤΡΕΙΣ, οἱ, αἱ, τρία, τά; gen. τριῶν; dat. τρισί; acc. τρεῖς, τρία:—THREE, Lat. *TRES*, *tria*.
 τρεῖς-καὶ-δέκα, οἱ, αἱ, τρια-καὶ-δέκα, τά, thirteen, Lat. *tredecim*.
 τρέω, poet. for τρέω.
 τρέω, only used in pres. and impf., (τρέω) Lat. *tremo*, to tremble, quake, quiver. II. c. inf. to tremble or fear to do: also c. acc. to tremble at, fear.
 τρεπτόν, verb. Adj. of τρέπω, one must turn.
 ΤΡΕΠΩ Ion. τράπω: f. τρέψω: aor. 1 ἐτρεψα: aor. 2 ἐτράπον: pf. τέτροφα or τέτραφα: Med., aor. 2 ἐτράπην: Pass., aor. 1 ἐτρέφην Ion. ἐτράφην: aor. 2 ἐτράπην, whence Ep. 1 plur. τραπεῖομεν (for τραπεῖομεν, τραπεῖομεν): pf. τέτραμμα, 3 plur. τετράφαται; imperat. τέτραφθι, τετράφθω: plqpf. ἐτετράμμην, Ep. 3 sing. τέτραπτο; 3 plur. τετράφατο:—to turn, Lat. *vertere*; τρέπειν τινα εἰς τι to turn, lead, guide to a thing:—Pass. and Med. to turn, betake oneself, Lat. *converti*; ἐπὶ ἔργα τρέπεσθαι to turn or go to work; also of place, ἀντ' ἡλλοιοῦ τετραμμένους turned towards the sun; τρέπεσθαι ὁδὸν to turn oneself to (i. e. take) a course; ποῖ τράπωμαι; which way must I turn me? II. to turn, i. e. turn round, put about; also, πῶλον τρέπειν to turn back: to turn away, divert; πρέπειν τὴν ὁργὴν εἰς τινα to divert anger on any one: Pass. and Med. to turn round. 2. to turn another way, alter, change: Pass. and Med. to be changed, change: absol., τράπομαι I am changed, change my opinion: also, οἶνος τρέπεται the wine is turned, becomes sour. III. to turn or put to flight, rout, defeat: later, τρέπειν εἰς φυγὴν, Lat. *convertere in fugam*, to put to flight:—Pass. to be put to flight, turn and flee:—Med. to turn oneself to flight, flee. V. to turn away or off, keep off: to binder, prevent. V. to overturn, upset. VI. to turn, apply to a purpose.
 τρέσσαι, Ep. for τρέσαι, aor. 1 inf. of τρέω.
 τρεφθῆναι, aor. 1 pass. inf. of τρέπω.

ΤΡΕΨΩ Aeol. and Dor. **τράφω** [ά]: fut. **θρέψω**: aor. 1 **έθρεψα**: Ep. aor. 2 **έτράφον**: pf. **τέτροφα**: Pass., aor. 1 **έθρέφθην**: aor. 2 **έτράφην** [ά]: pf. **τέτραμμαι** and **νέθρεμμαι**, inf. **τεθράφθαι**:—to make firm or solid, to thicken or congeal; γάλα **θρέψαι** to curdle milk; τυρόν **τρέφειν** to make cheese:—Pass., with intr. pf. act. **τέτροφα**, to become firm, curdle, congeal.

II. commonly, to nourish, feed, make to grow or increase, nurse, bring up, rear: Med. to rear for oneself:—Pass. to grow, grow up, wax, thrive, increase: hence to be born: and simply, to live; be.

2. of slaves, to keep, maintain: of plants, to rear, tend: **τρέφειν κόμην** to cherish one's hair, wear it long, Lat. **comam alere**: of the earth, sea, etc., to feed, rear, nourish, produce, Lat. **nutrire, alere**: hence poet. to contain, have.

III. Homer uses aor. 2 act. **έτραπεον** in intrans. or pass. sense, as, **έτραπε** for **έτράφη**, **έτραφέν** for **έτραφήτην**, inf. **τραφέμεν** (Att. **τραφείν**) = **τραφήναι**.

ΤΡΕΨΩ Dor. **τράχω** [ά]: fut. **θρέξωμαι**: aor. 1 **έθρεξα**: but more commonly (from Root ***ΔΡΕΨΩ**), fut. **δράμωμαι** Ion. **δραμέομαι** poet. **δράμομαι**: a 2 **έδραμον**: pf. **δεδράμκη** [ά] poet. **δέδρομα**:—to run, Lat. **currere**: of things, to move quickly. 2. c. acc. loci, to run over. 3. c. acc. cognato, **τρέχειν δρόμον** to run a course; metaph., **άγώνας δραμείν** περί **έαυτου** to run a race for one's life or safety; hence without δρόμον or άγώνα, to run a risk or chance, as **τρέχειν περί της ψυχής** to run a race for one's life; also, **παρ' εν πόλαισμα έδραμε νικάν** he was within one bout of carrying off the victory

τρέψαιαν, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 1 opt. of **τρέπω**.

ΤΡΕΨΩ poet. **τρέω**, inf. **τρέϊν**: f. **τρέσω**: aor. 1 **έτρεσα** Ep. **τρέσσα**:—to tremble, quake, esp. for fear: hence to run away, flee, fly: **δ τρέσας** the coward. II. trans. to fear, dread, be afraid of, c. acc.

τρήμα, ατος, τό, (τιτράω) that which is pierced or bored through: a bole, aperture.

τρηματώδεις, εσσα, εν, (τρήμα) with many holes, porous.

τρήρων, ανός, δι ή, (τρέω) fearful, timorous, shy: epith. of doves (πέλειαι or πελειάδες): hence later as Subst., **τρήρων**, ή, = πέλεια, a dove.

τρήσω, fut. of **τιτράω**.

τρήτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of **τιτράω**, bored or pierced through; τρήτα λέχεια bedsteads perforated for inlaid work.

τρηχάλιος, η, ον, poet. for **τρηχύς**, **τραχύς**.

τρηχύς, ειά, ό, Ion. for **τραχύς**: Adv. **τρηχέως**, Sup. **τρηχύτατα**.

τρί-, in compds. three times, thrice, Lat. **ter**.

τρίά, neut. from **τρείς**.

τριάς, η, άσος, (τρία) to conquer, vanquish: metaph. from a wrestler, who did not win until he had thrice thrown his adversary, or conquered him in three bouts: hence, did **τριάν άπόλλυσθαι** to be utterly undone.

τριάνα, ή, (τοία) Lat. **tridens**. a trident. the attri-

bute of Neptune: generally, a three-pronged spear.

τριανών, f. **ώσω**, to move or heave with the trident: hence to heave or prise up, overbrow; **τριανούν την γήν** **δικέλλη** to break up the ground with a mattock.

τριάκας Ep. and Ion. **τριηκάς**, άδος, ή, (τρείς, τρία), the number thirty. II. the thirtieth day of the month, also in pl. **τριάκαδες**. III. also any division of thirty.

τριάκονθ-άμματος, ον, (τριάκοντα, άμμα) with or of thirty knots.

τριάκονθ-ήμερος Ion. **τριηκοντήμερος** Dor. **τριω κοντάμερος**, ον, (τριάκοντα, ήμερα) of thirty days.

τριάκοντα Ep. and Ion. **τριήκοντα**, α, α, τά, indecl.: (τρείς, τρία), Lat. **TRIGINTA**, thirty. II. as Subst. of **τριάκοντα**:

1. at Sparta, the council of thirty, assigned to the kings. 2. at Athens, the thirty tyrants, appointed on the taking of Athens by Lysander (B. C. 404).

τριάκοντ-ετής Ion. **τριηκ-**, ές, (τριάκοντα, έτος):—thirty years old. II. of or lasting thirty years:

also fem. —έτις, ιδος:—Att. contr. **τριάκοντούτης**, ες: fem. **τριάκοντούτις**, ιδος, whence **τριάκοντούτιδες** σπονδαί a thirty years' truce.

τριάκοντά-ζυγος, ον, (τριάκοντα, ζυγόν) with or of thirty benches of oars.

τριάκοντ-αρχία, ή, (τριάκοντα, άρχω) the rule of the thirty tyrants at Athens: cf. **τριάκοντα** II. 2.

τριάκοντ-όργυιος, ον, (τριάκοντα, όργυια) of thirty fathoms.

τριάκοντορος Ion. **τριηκόντερος**, ον, with thirty oars:—as Subst. **τριάκοντορος** (sub. ναύς), ή, a vessel of thirty oars.

τριάκοντ-ούτης, ες, see **τριάκονταετής**.

τριάκοντ-ώργυος, ον, more correct form of **τριάκοντ-όργυος**.

τριάκόσσοι Ion. **τριηκοσίοι**, αι, α, (τρείς, τρία) three hundred, Lat. **triceni**.

τριάκοσιο-μέδιμνος, ον, (τριάκοσίοι, μέδιμνος) of three hundred medimni: οι **τριάκοσιομέδιμνοι** those whose property produced three hundred medimni, which was the qualification for admission into the Athenian **Ιππεΐς**.

τριάκοστός Ion. **τριηκ-**, ή, όν, (τριάκοντα) the thirtieth: ή **τριάκοστή** (sub. μοίρα), a duty of one thirtieth.

τριάκτηρ, ήρος, ό, (τριάω) a conqueror: see **τριάς**.

τρι-άρμενος, ον, (τρία, άρμενου) with three sails.

τριάς, άδος, ή, (τρείς) the number three, a triad.

τριάσσω, άξω, = **τρίβω**

τριβάκς, ή, άν, (τρίβω) rubbed, worn, Lat. **tritius**: ή **τριβαχή** a threadbare coat: cf. **τρίβω**.

Τριβαλλοί, the Triballi, a people on the borders of Thrace: hence as a name for barbarian gods.

τρι-βελής, ές, (τρι-, βέλος) three-pointed.

τριβή, ή, (τριβήναι) a rubbing. II. metaph. a rubbing or grinding away, wearing away: also of time, the spending; **βίος ούκ άχαρις** **ές την τριβήν** a pleasant life in the spending. 2. a busying oneself.

about a thing, practising it, practice: also mere practice, routine.

3. *that about which one is busied, the object of one's care.* 4. *delay, putting off, evasion; ἔς τριβὰς ἔλάν* to seek delays; and without a Verb, *μὴ τριβὰς ἔτι* no more delays.

τριβῆναι, aor. 2. pass. inf. of τριβαί.

τριβόλ-εκτραπέλος, ov, (τριβόλος, ἐκτραπέλος) neut. plur. as Subst., τριβόλεκτραπέλα unmannerly, coarse jests. [ᾶ]

τρι-βόλος, ov, (τρι-, βαλεῖν) *three-pointed, three-pronged.* II. as Subst., τριβόλος, δ. 1. *a prickly plant, burr.* 2. in plur. *smart sayings, gibes.* 2. in plur. also, *a threshing-machine.*

τριβός, ἡ, also ὅ, (τριβῆναι) *a worn or beaten track, a road, path: the high road, highway.* 2. metaph. *a path of life, course, career.* II. *a rubbing, like τριβίς.*

III. metaph. *practices.* 2. *delay.*

ΤΡΙΒΩ [τ]: f. τριβῶ: aor. 1. ἐτριβα, inf. τριβαί: pf. τέτριφα: Pass., fut. 1. τριφθήσομαι, fut. 2. τριβήσομαι, parlo-p. fut. τετριβήσομαι, also fut. med. τριβήσομαι in pass. sense: aor. 1. ἐτριβήην 2. ἐτριβην [τ]: pf. τέτριμμαι:—to rub: esp. to rub corn, *tribes* it out, because the Greeks threshed corn by rubbing it: also to grind, pound, bruise: to rub a thing in or on another; μόχλον τριβαί ἐν ὀφθαλμῷ to grind the stake in his eye; χρυσὸν βασάνῃ τριβεῖν to rub gold on a touchstone, so as to test its purity: Med. to rub upon another, hence to infect, defile with.

II. to rub away, grind down, wear out, damage, bruise: of a road, to wear or tread it smooth. 2. of Time, to wear away, spend; τριβεῖν βίον to pass away life, Lat. *terere vitam*: absol. to waste time, tarry. 3. metaph. of persons, to wear out, oppress: of a country, to ravage: of money, to waste, squander. 4. to wear or use:—Pass. to be much busied or engrossed with a thing.

τριβώμε [τ], Dor. for τριβαίμεν, 1 pl. subj. of τριβαί. τριβών [τ], ανος, δ, (τριβῆναι) *a worn garment, breadbare cloak.* II. as Adj. δ, ἡ, practised, well versed or skilled in a thing, c. gen.; also c. acc.

absol. as Subst. *a backneyed rogue, crafty knave.*

τριβονικῶς, Adv. (τριβών) *in the fashion of a triβών, cloak-wise.*

τριβώνιον, τό, Dim. of τριβών, *a small cloak, a cape.* τρι-γέρον, οντος, ὁ, ἡ, (τρι-, γερον) *triplely old, very very old.*

ΤΡΙΤΑΑ, ἡ, *a mullet*, Lat. *triglia*.

τρι-γληνός, ov, (τρι-, γληνός) epith. of ear-rings or drops, with three bright drops or brilliants.

τριγυλο-φόρος, ov, (τριγυλα, φέρω) *catching mullets.*

τρι-γλύφος, ov, (τρι-, γλύφω) *thrice-cloven*: as Subst., τριγλύφος, ἡ, in Doric architecture, the triglyph, a three-grooved tablet placed at equal distances along the frieze.

τρι-γλῶχis, ινος, δ, ἡ, (τρι-, γλῶχis) *three-barbed, three-forked.*

τριγμῆς, δ, = τρισμῆς.

τριγενεῖα, ἡ, *the third generation.* From

τρι-γονος, ov, (τρι-, γενέσθαι) *produced at three births, of children; τριγόνοι κόραι* three daughters.

τρι-γωνος, ov, (τρι-, γωνία) *three-cornered, triangular.* Hence

τριγωνων, τό, *a triangle.* II. *a musical instrument of triangular form.* [τ]

τρι-βουλος, ov, (τρι-, δουλος) *a slave through three generations, thrice or trebly a slave*

τρι-δραχμος, ov (τρι-, δραχμή) *worth or weighing three drachms.*

τρι-δύστηνος, ov, *thrice wretched.*

τρι-έλικτος, ov, (τρι-, ἐλίσσω) *torice wound or coiled: of a rope, consisting of three strands or cords.*

τρι-έμβολος, ov, (τρι-, ἐμβολον) *with or like three ships' beaks.*

τρι-έσπερος, ov, (τρι-, ἐσπέρα) *in three successive nights*

τρι-ετηρίς, ιδος, (τρι-, ἔτος) fem. Adj. *triennial*: as Subst. (sub. ἑορτή) *a triennial festival.*

τρι-έτης, ov, δ, (τρι-, ἔτος) *of three years, three years old.* Adv. *triētes, three years long.*

τριετία, ἡ, (τριέτης) *a space of three years, Lat. triennium.*

τρι-ζυγής, ἐς, and τρι-ζυγος, ov, and τρι-ζυξ, ὅγος, δ, ἡ, (τρι-, ζυγῆναι) *three-yoked: three-fold, triple*: also simply *three.*

ΤΡΙΖΩ, f. τριζῶ; pt. τετριζα with pres. sense; part. τετριζός, Ep. pl. τετριζότες for τετριζότες; plqpf. ἐτετριζειν Ep. τετριζειν, with sense of impf.:—of animals and birds, to make a shrill, piercing cry, to squeak: of ghosts, to squeak, gibber: also of joints, νῶτα τετριζει their backs cracked: of things, to creak, grate, jar, Lat. *stridere*. (Formed from the sound.)

τριηκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. for τριακάς.

τριηκοντα, τριηκόσιοι, Ep. and Ion. for τριακ-

τρι-ημι-πόδιον, τό, (τρι-, ἡμι-, πούς) *three half feet, i. e. a foot and half.*

τριηραρχέω, f. ἡσώ, to be a τριηραρχος, command a trireme, to be captain of a trireme; c. gen. τριηραρχεῖν νῆος to be captain of a ship. II. at Athens, to be trierarch, fit out a trireme for the public service. Hence

τριηραρχία, ἡ, (τριηραρχέω) *the command of a trireme.* II. at Athens, *the fitting out of a trireme for the public service: the office of trierarch.* Hence

τριηραρχικός, ἡ, ὅν, *fitted for a trierarch or his office.*

τριήρ-αρχος, ὁ, (τριήρης, αρχω) *the captain of a trireme.* II. at Athens, a trierarch, one who had to fit out a trireme for the public service.

τριηρ-αὔλης, ov, δ, (τριήρης, αὔλειω) *the flute-player who gave the time to the rowers in a trireme.*

τρι-ήρης, gen. eos Ion. eue; acc. ea, η; plur., nom. ees, eis; gen. τριηρέων contr. τριηρῶν: (τρίς, ἀρ-πείν or ἐπέσσω) properly an Adj. *thrice-fitted or three-rowed*:—but only used as Subst. τριήρης (sub. ναῦς), ἡ, Lat. *triremis*, a galley with three banks of oars, first built by the Corinthians: the lowest rowers

being called *θαλάμιοι*, the middle *ζυγῖται*, and the topmost *θρανῖται*; one man managed each oar. This was the usual size of ships of war; but in later times *quadriremes* (*τετρήρεις*), *quinqueremes* (*πεντήρεις*), etc., came into use.

τριηρίτης [τρί], ου, δ, (τριήρης) *one who serves on board a trireme.*

τριηρο-ποιός, όν, (τριήρης, ποιέω) *building triremes.*

τρί-κάρηνος, ου, (τρί-, κάρηνον) *three-beaded.* [κά]

τρί-κέφαλος, ου, (τρί-, κεφαλή) *three-beaded.*

τρί-κλινος, ου, (τρι-, κλίνη) *with three beds or couches, for sleeping or reclining on at meals:—*as Subst., *τρίκλινος* (sc. οἶκος), δ, like the Roman *triclinium*, a dining-room *with three couches*; also *τρίκλινον*, τό.

τρί-κλωστος, ου, (τρι-, κλώθω) *ibrice spun.*

τρί-κόρυθος, ου, and **τρί-κόρυς**, ύθος, δ, (τρι-, κόρυς) *with triple plume.*

τρί-κόρωνος, ου, (τρί-, κορώνη) *ibrice a crow's age.*

τρί-κράνθος, ου, (τρι-, κράνον) *three-beaded, with triple crest.*

τρί-κύαθος, ου, (τρί-, κύαθος) *holding three κύαθοι.*

τρί-κύμια, ή, (τρί-, κύμα) *the third wave, a huge, overubelining wave, since every third wave (as also every tenth, cf. δεκακύμια) was supposed to be larger than the rest; metaph., τρικυμία κακών a flood of evils.*

τρίλ-λίστος, ου, ποῖτ, for **τρίλίστος**, (τρι-, λίσσομαι) *ibrice prayed for, i. e. often or earnestly prayed for.*

τρίλογια, ή, (τρί-, λόγος) *a trilogy; see τετραλογία.*

τρίλοφια, ή, *a triple crest.* From

τρί-λοφος, ου, (τρί-, λόφος) *with three crests.*

τρί-μάκαρ, -μακαίρα, (τρί-, μάκαρ) *ibrice-blessed.*

τρί-μετρος, ου, (τρί-, μέτρον) of verses, consisting of *three metres*; the metre consisting either of one foot as in dactylic, or of two feet as in iambic verse; *τόνος τριμετρος trimeter iambic verse.*

τρί-μηνος, ου, (τρί-, μήν) of *three months, three months old*; ή *τρίμηνος a period of three months.*

τρί-μικρα, ατος, τό, (τρίβω) *that which is rubbed: metaph., like τρίβων, a practised, backbayed knave.*

τριμμός, δ, (τρίβω) *a beaten road, like τρίβος.*

τρίμοιρία, ή, *triple pay.* From

τρί-μοιρος, ου, (τρί-, μοῖρα) *threefold, triple.*

τρί-μορφος, ου, (τρί-, μορφή) *three-formed, triple: Μοῖρα τριμορφοῖ the three fates.*

Τρίν-ακρία, ή, (τρι-, άκρα) *epith. of Sicily, from its three promontories (άκραι):* also written **Τρινακία** *ιον. -ία* (from τρίναξ).

Τρίνάκριος, α, ου, of *Trinacria or Sicily, Sicilian.*

τρί-αξ, άκος, ή, (τρίς, άξή) *a trident.*

τριξός, ή, όν, *ιον. for τρισσός, threefold, triple; so διξός for δισσός.*

τρί-odos, ή, (τρί-, όδος) *a meeting of three roads, three cross-roads, Lat. trivium.*

τρί-δους, -όδοντος, ό, ή, (τρι-, δδούς) *with three teeth: as Subst., τριόδους, ό. a trident.*

τρί-δρυγιος, ου, (τρι-, δρυγία) *three fatboms long.*

τρι-δρόφος, ου, = *τριώροφος.*

τρι-όρχης, ου, ο, and **τρί-ορχος**, ου, (τρι-, όρχης) *a kind of falcon or kite.*

τριोटό, a sound imitative of a bird's voice.

τρί-πάλαι, Adv. (τρί-, πάλαι) *ibrice long since, i. e. very long ago.*

τρί-πάλαιστος, ου, (τρί-, παλαιστή) *ibree bands broad, long, etc.*

τρί-παλτος, ου, (τρί-, πάλλω) *ibrice-brandished; metaph. furious, fierce.*

τρί-πάνουργος, ου, (τρι-, πάνουργος) *trebly a rogue.*

τρίπάχιος, ου, Dor. for **τριπήχης**, q. v.

τρί-πέτηλος, ου, (τρι-, πέτηλον) *ibree-leafea.*

τρί-πηχης, υ, gen. eos, (τρι-, πήχης) *ibree cubits long*

τρί-πίθηκινος, η, ου, (τρι-, πίθηκος) *ibrice apish.*

τρίπλαξ, άκος, ό, ή, (τρίς) *triple, threefold, Lat. triplex.* [X]

τρίπλάσιος, α, ου, (τρι-) *ibrice as many, ibrice as much, ibrice as great as, c. gen.; neut. τριπλάσιον as Adv., τριπλάσιον σου ibrice as much as you*

τρί-πλεθρος, ου, (τρι-, πλέθρον) *ibree pleibra long.*

τρίπλη, v. **τριπλός**.

τριπλοιστός, όν, (τριπλός) *made ibreefold, tripled, trebled.*

τρίπλός, η, ου contr. **τριπλούς**, ή, ούν, (τρείς) *triple, threefold. Adv. -πλώς, but dat. fem. τριπλῇ is also used as Adv., triply, trebly.*

τρίπόδεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of **τρίπους**.

τρί-πόδης, ου, ό, (τρί-, πούς) *ibree feet long.*

τρί-πόθητος, ου, (τρί-, ποθέω) *ibrice longed for, much or earnestly desired.*

τρί-πολις, εως *ιον. ιος, ό, ή, (τρί-, πολις) with three cities; cf. δεκάπολις.*

τρί-πόλιστος, ου, (τρι-, πολίς) *ibrice-built, triply or firmly founded.*

τρί-πολος, ου, (τρί-, πολέω) *ibrics turned up or ploughed, bearing ibree crops in a year, of corn land.*

τρί-πόνητος, ου, (τρί-, πονέω) *ibrice-worked. έρις τριπόνητος a dispute between ibree labourers.*

τρί-πορθος, ου, (τρί-, πορθέω) *ibrice wasted.*

τρί-πος, ου, ό, ποῖτ, for **τρίπους**. [X]

τρί-πους, -ποδος, ό, ή, -πουν, τό, (τρί-, πούς) *ibree footed, ibree-legged or with three feet: measuring ibree feet.*

II. *going on ibree feet; proverb. of an old man who leans on a staff, τρίποδας όδους στει- χει.*

2. as Subst., **τρίπους**, ό, a tripod, a *ibree-footed brass kettle or caldron*; tripods were often made of exquisite material and workmanship, and dedicated in temples.

3. *the stool or ibrone of the Delphic priestess.*

τρί-πᾶτος, ου, (τρί-, πιπράσκω) *ibrice sold.*

τριπτήρ, ήρος, ό, (τρίβω) *a rubber or tool for rubbing, with, a pestle.*

τριπτήρ, ου, ό, (τρίβω) *a rubber, sampooer.*

Τρι-πόλεμος, ό, **Triptolemus**, an Eleusinian, who established the worship of Demeter.

τρί-πτύχος, ου, (τρι-, πτύσσω) *consisting of ibree layers or plates, threefold, triple; also simply ibree.*

τρί-πῶλος, ου, (τρί-, πῶλος) *of or with three horses.*

τρίρ-ρυμος, *ον*, (τρι-, ῥυμός) *with three poles, i. e. with four horses abreast.*

τρίς, *Adv.* of τρεῖς, *thrice, three times*, *Lat. ter*; *τρίς* τόσος *thrice as much*; *ἐς τρίς* *up to three times*: often used indefinitely in compds., to strengthen the force of the simple word, like *Lat. ter*, and our *thrice*. Proverb., *τρίς ἐξ βάλλειν* to throw *thrice six*, i. e. the highest throw (there being three dice), hence *to have the best luck*. [I]

τρίσ-άθλιος, *α, ὄν*, *thrice-unhappy.*

τρίσ-άλαστος, *ον*, *thrice-tormented.*

τρίσ-ἀριθμός, *ον*, *thrice-numbered.*

τρίσ-ἀσμενος, *η, ὄν*, *thrice-pleased, i. e. well-contented.*

τρίσ-ἄωρος, *ον*, *very untimely.*

τρίσ-δέιλαιος, *ον*, = τρισάθλιος.

τρίσ-δύστηνος, *ον*, *trebly, i. e. very, miserable.*

τρίσ-ενας, *ἄδος, ἡ*, (τρίς, ἐνέα) *sub. ἡμέρα, the third ninth day in a month*; i. e. the ninth day of the third decad, the 29th.

τρίσ-ἐλγηνος, *ον*, (τρι-, σελήνη) *of three moons or nights.*

τρίσ-ἐπαρχος, *δ*, (τρίς, ἐπαρχος) *thrice an overseer.*

τρίσ-θάνης, *ἐς*, (τρίς, θανέιν) *thrice worthy of death.*

τρίσ-καί-δεκα, *οἱ, αἱ, τά*, = τρεῖσκαῖδεκα.

τρίσκαῖδεκά-πγχυς, *υ, gen. eos*, *thirteen cubits, high, long, etc.*

τρίσκαῖδεκα-στάσιος, *ον*, (τρίσκαῖδεκα, ἵστημι) *of thirteen times the weight or value*. [στᾶ]

τρίσκαῖδεκάτος, *η, ὄν*, (τρίσκαῖδεκα) *the thirteenth.*

τρίσκαῖδεκ-έτης, *ον, δ, fem.* τρίσκαῖδεκέτις, *ἰδος*, (τρίσκαῖδεκα, ἔτος) *of thirteen years, thirteen years old.*

τρίσ-κακοδαίμων, *ον, gen. onos*, *thrice-unlucky, trebly ill-fated.*

τρίσ-καλμος, *ον*, (τρί-, οἰκαλμός) *with three benches of rowers*; *νῆες τρίσκαλμοι* = τριήρεις.

τρίσ-κατάρυτος, *ον*, (τρίς, καταρύομαι) *thrice accursed.*

τρίσ-κοπάνιστος, *ον*, (τρίς, κοπανάω) *thrice struck*; *ἄρτος τρίσκοπάνιστος* *thrice-kneaded bread.*

τρίσ-μάκαρ, *fem.* -μακάρα, *gen.* -μάκαρος, *δ, ἡ*, (τρίς, μάκαρ) *thrice blest*; *τρίσμάκαρες καὶ τετράκις*, *Virgil's terque quaterque beati.*

τρίσ-μακάριοι, *α, ὄν*, = τρίσμακαρ.

τρίσμος, *ὄ*, (τρίω) *a squeaking*; *a squeak.*

τρίσ-μύριοι, *αι, α*, (τρίς, μύριοι) *thrice ten thousand, 30,000*; also in sing. with a collective Subst., as, *τρισμυρία ἵπποις* *thirty thousand horse*. [v]

τρίσμυρίο-πάλαι, (τρίσμυριοι, πάλαι) *Adv.* *thirty thousand times long ago, immensely long ago.*

τρίσ-ολυμπιονίκη, *ον, δ*, (τρίς, Ὀλυμπιονίκη) *thrice victorious at Olympia*. [vi]

τρι-σπίθαμος, *ον*, (τρι-, σπιθαμή) *three spans long.*

τρίσ-σπονδος, *ον*, (τρι-, σπονδή) *thrice-poured, forming a triple libation or drink-offering.*

τρίσσάκις, *Adv.* (τρίς) *thrice, three times*. [α]

τρίσσάπιος, *η, ὄν*, *poët. for τρισσός*. [α]

τρίσσθεν, *Adv.* (τρισσός) *from three sides.*

τρισσός *Att.* τριπτός *Ion.* τρεξός, *ἡ, ὄν*, like *δισσός*, *διξός*, (τρίς) *threelfold*, *Lat. triplex*: in plur. = τρεῖς. *Adv.* -σως, *thrice times.*

τρίσσο-φαής, *ἐς*, and *τρίσσο-φωτος, ὄν*, (τρίς, φάος, φῶς) *in a threelfold light.*

τρί-στεγος, *ον*, (τρι-, στέγη) *of or with three stories*: τὸ τρίστογον (*sub. οἰκημα*), *the third story.*

τρι-στοιχεί *or* -χί [I], *Adv.* of τρίστοιχος, *in three rows.*

τρί-στοιχος, *ον*, (τρι-, στοιχος) *in three rows.*

τρί-στομος, *ον*, (τρι-, στόμα) *three-mouthed*. II. *thrice-edged or three-pointed.*

τριω-χίλιοι, *αι, α*, (τρίς, χίλιοι) *three thousand*; also in sing with a collective Subst., *τρισχιλία ἵπποις* *3000 horse*. [χI]

τρί-σώματος, *ον*, (τρι-, σῶμα) *with three bodies*, *Lat. tricornor.*

τρίτᾳγωνιστέω, *ἡ, ἴσσω*, ὅς *be* *a τριταγωνιστής*, *to play thirddrate characters*. From

τρίτ-ᾳγωνιστής, *οὔ, δ*, (τρίτος, ᾳγωνιστής) *the player who takes the third part, a thirddrate performer.*

τρίταιος, *α, ὄν*, (τρίτος) *of time, in three days, on the third day*; *τρίταιοι ἐγένοντο* they arrived on the third day. 2. *three days old*; *τρίταιος γενόμενος* after being three days dead. 3. *three days ago*. 4. generally for τρίτος, *third*.

τρί-τάλαντος, *ον*, (τρι-, τάλαντον) *of three talents weight or worth*. [τά]

τρί-τάλας, *τάλανα, τάλαν*, (τρι-, τάλας) *thrice-wretched*. [τά]

τρί-τάνωτος, *ον*, (τρι-, τανύω) *triply stretched or drawn out, i. e. very long.*

τρίτᾳτος, *η, ὄν*, *poët. lengthd. for τρίτος*, like μέσσοτος for μέσος. [I]

τρίτῃ-μόριος, *α, ὄν*, (τρίτος, μέρος) *equal to a third part, forming a third part*: as Subst., *τρίτῃ-μόριον* (*sub. μέρος*), *τό, a third part*.

τρίτῃ-μορίς, *ἰδος, ἡ*, like *τρίτῃ-μόριον*, *a third part*.

τρίτο-βάμων [α], *ον, gen. onos*, (τρίτος, βαίνω) *going as third, forming a third foot*.

Τρίτο-γένεια, *ἡ*, the *Trito-born*, *epith. of Minerva*; derived from the lake Τρίτωνίς in Libya, near which the goddess was born.

Τρίτο-γενής, *ἰος, ἡ*, = Τριτογένεια.

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in which one pours the third libation (to Ζεὺς Σωτήρ), i. e. a life without drawback.

τριτό-σπορος, *ον*, (τρίτος, σπειρώ) sown for the third time; τριτόσπορος γονή the third generation.

τριτότος, *ῆ, ὄν*, Att. for τριτός.

τριτύς, *ῆος, ῆ*, also τριτός, (τρεῖς) the number three, Lat. *ternio*.

II. a sacrifice of three animals, a bull, he-goat and boar, or of a bull, he-goat and ram, (like the Roman *su-ove-taurilia*). III. at Athens, a third of the φυλή or tribe.

Τρίτων, *ἄνος, ὁ*, *Τριῶνα*, a sea-god, son of Poseidon and Amphitrité.

2. the god of the Libyan lake Tritonis. II. a river in Libya, joining the lake Tritonis with the sea. [?] Hence

Τριτανιάς, *ἄδος, ῆ*, like *Τριτανίς*, epith. of Minerva: *Νίμνη Τριτανιάς* the Libyan lake Tritonis.

Τριτανίς, *ἰδος, ῆ*, the lake Tritonis in Libya famous for the birth of Athena. 2. epith. of Minerva.

τριτάσιος, *α, ὄν*, (τρεῖς) threefold, Lat. *triplex*: also simply three. [α]

τρι-φύλιτος Dor. -ἄτος, *ον*, (τρι-, φύλλω) thrice-befolled.

τρι-φύλλον, *τό*, (τρι-, φύλλω) a plant, trefoil, clover.

τρι-φύλος, *ον*, (τρι-, φύλη) of three tribes; τριφύλους ποιεῖν to divide them into three tribes.

τρίχα or τριχῆ, Adv. (τρίς) threefold, in three parts, Lat. *trifariam*: c. gen., *τρίχα νυκτός* in the third watch of the night; *τρίχα σχίζειν* to divide in three. [χ]

τρι-χάϊκες [χ], *οί*, the threefold people, i. e. the Dorians, so called from their three tribes. (Deriv. uncertain.)

τρι-χάλεπτος, *ον*, (τρι-, χαλέπω) very angry.

τρι-χάλος, *ον*, Dor. for τρι-χῆλος, (τρι-, χῆλη) cloven in three.

τρίχες, *αί*, nom. pl. of θρίξ. [χ]

τριχῆ, Adv. (τρίχα) in threefold manner.

τριχθά, Adv. poet. for τρίχα, triply, into three parts.

[α] Hence

τριχθάδιος, *α, ὄν*, threefold. [α]

τρίχινος, *η, ὄν*, (θρίξ) of or from hair. [τρι]

τρίχινος, *ἰδος, ῆ*, (θρίξ) a kind of anchovy full of small bones like hair, whence its name.

τριχό-βρωτος, *ῶτος*, (θρίξ, βιβρώσκω) eating hair: as Subst., τριχόβρωτες, hair-eaters, i. e. moths.

τρι-χοίνικος, *ον*, (τρι-, χοίνιξ) holding three χοίνικες: τριχοίνικον ἔπος a most capacious word.

τρι-χόλωτος, *ον*, (τρι-, χολώω) thrice-detested.

τριχό-μαλλος, *ον*, (θρίξ, μαλλός) with fleece-like hair.

τριχορρῶω, f. ἦσω, to shed or lose the hair. From τριχορ-ρῆς, *ἑς*, (θρίξ, ῥέω) shedding or losing the hair.

τριχός, gen. of θρίξ.

τρίχου, Adv. (τρίχα) in three places.

τρι-χρῶμος, *ον*, (τρι-, χρῶμα) three-coloured.

τριχῶμα, *ατος, τό*, (τρίχω) a growth of hair, shock of hair

τρίχως, Adv. (τρίχα) in threefold manner.

τρίβω, *ἄσρ. I inf.* of τρίβω.

τριψ-ἡμερέω, f. ἦσω, (τρίβω, ἡμέρα) to idle away the day, waste time in delays, Lat. *terere tempus*.

τρίβω, *εως, ῆ*, (τρίβω) a rubbing, friction. II.

firmness, resistance to the touch when rubbed. III.

τρίβω, *αί*, *ποτὸν* meat.

τρι-ώβολον, *τό*, (τρι-, ὀβολός) a three-οβοί piece, i. e. a half-drachma, about $4\frac{1}{2}$ d., from the time of Pericles, the pay of the Athenian jurymen for a day's sitting in court.

τρι-ώροφος, *ον*, (τρι-, ὄροφή) of three stories or floors: —as Subst., τριώροφον, *τό*, the third story.

τριάρυγος, *ον*, more correct Att. form of τριάρημος.

Τροιάθεν Ion. -ῆθεν or -θε, (Τροία) Adv. from Troy.

Τροίανδε Ion. -ῆνδε, (Τροία) Adv. to Troy.

Τροία Ion. Τροίη, ῆ, either the city or the country, Troy or the Troad: also Τροία as trisyll.

τρομεόλατο, Ion. for τρομέοιντο, 3 pl. med. opt. of τρομέω.

τρομέοντι, Dor. and Ep. for τρομέουσι, 3 pl. of τρομέω. 2. dat. pres. part. of τρομέω.

τρομερός, *ά, ὄν*, (τρομέω) trembling: quaking, quivering.

τρομεύμενος, Ion. part. med. of τρομέω.

τρομέω, f. ἦσω, (τρόμος) to tremble, quake, quiver: hence to be afraid. II. c. acc. to tremble before or at, to fear, dread, shudder at.

τρόμος, *δ*, (τρέμω) a trembling, quaking, quivering, esp. from fear.

τροπαία (sub πνοή, ῆ), (τροπαίος) a returning wind, alternating wind: one which blows back from the sea to land: metaph., λήματος τροπαία a change in one's spirit. 2. a change from, release from.

τρόπαιον Ion. τροπαῖον, *τό*, properly neut. f. τροπαῖος; a trophy, Lat. *tropaicum*, in token of the enemy's rout (τροπή): consisting of shields, helmets, etc. taken from the enemy, hung on trees, or fixed on upright posts: —στήσαι or στήσασθαι τρόπαια to set up trophies.

τροπαῖος, *α, ὄν*, (τρέπω) of a turning or change. II. of defeat or rout (τροπή); θεοὶ τροπαῖοι the gods who caused the defeat; Ἐκτορος ὄμμασι τροπαῖοι terrible to the eyes of Hector.

III. turning away, averting, Lat. *averruncus*.

τροπαιο-φόρος, *ον*, (τρόπαιον, φέω) bearing trophies.

τροπαλίζω, poet. for τρέπω.

τροπαλῖς, *ἰδος, ῆ*, a bundle, bunch. (Deriv. uncertain.)

τροπέω, poet. form of τρέπω, to turn.

τροπή, ῆ, (τρέπω) a turn, turning round or about; τροπαὶ ἡλείου the solstices or tropics, i. e. the points of midsummer and midwinter, when the sun appears to turn his course, called τροπαὶ θερινὰ and χειμερινὰ, Lat. *solstitium* and *bruma*. II. the turning about

of the enemy, putting him to flight; τροπήν τινας ποιεῖν or ποιεῖσθαι to put one to flight; ἐν τροπῇ δορὺς in the rout of the spear. 2. (from Pass. τρε-

πομαι) a flying, fleeing, flight, Lat. *conversio in fugam*. 2. a turn, turning, change.

τροπίας, ου, δ, (τρέπω) of wine, turned, i. e. sour. τροπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τρόπος) of or like a turn or turning: δ τροπικός (sc. κύκλος) the tropic circle on the globe: cp. τροπή. II. in Rhetoric, tropical, figurative.

τρόπις, ἡ, Ep. gen. τρόπιος or -ιδος; acc. τρώπιν: (τρώπιν):—a ship's keel: metaph., ἡ τρώπις τοῦ πράγματος the keel, i. e. foundation, of the matter.

τρόπος, δ, (τρέπω) a turn, direction, way. II. metaph. a way, manner, fashion, mode: in adverbial usages; dat., τρώπων τοιῶδε in such wise; οὐδενὶ τρώπων in no wise; παντὶ τρώπων by all means; ἐκουσίῳ τρώπων willingly; τρώπων φρενός according to one's way or humour; ἐν τρώποις Ἰξίονος after the fashion of Ixion. 2. absol. in acc., πάντα τρώπων in every way or manner; βάρβαρον τρώπων in barbarous fashion. 3. ἐκ παντὸς τρώπων by all means. III.

of persons, a way of life, habit, custom: a man's habits, character, temper; οὐ τοῦμοῦ τρόπου not after my taste; πρὸς τοῦ Κύρου τρώπων suitably to his temper or taste. IV. in Music, a particular mode.

τροπός, δ, (τρέπω) a twisted leathern thong; with which the oar was fastened to the thole, used instead of a rowlock.

τροπο-φορέω, f. ἤσω, (τρόπος, φέρω) to bear with another man's manners.

τροπώω, f. ὠσω, to furnish the oar with its thong (τροπός): Med., τροποῦτο κώπην fastened his own oar by its thong:—Pass. of the oar, to be furnished with a thong.

τροπωτήρ, ἦρος, δ, = τροπός, the thong that fastens the oar to the thole.

τροφαῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, (τρέφω) fresh cheese.

τροφαία, τά, (τροφεύω) pay or recompense for rearing, the wages of a nurse or foster-mother. II. living, food, subsistence.

τροφεύς, εὐς, δ, (τροφή) one who rears or brings up, a rearer, foster-father: metaph. of inanimate objects, ὦ τροφή! ἐμοὶ ye who have fed me.

τροφεύω, = τρέφω, as φορέω for φέρω.

τροφή, ἡ, (τρέφω) nourishment, food, victuals, maintenance; βίον τροφήν a livelihood, living; one's means of living.

II. a rearing or nursing, bringing up: a tending or keeping of animals. III. that which is reared, a nursling, brood.

τρόφιμος, ῆ, ου, also εὖ, ου, (τροφή) nourishing, nutritious, fruitful: c. gen., γῇ τρύφimos τέκνων earth prolific in children.

II. pass. nourished, reared up: as Subst. a nursing, foster-child.

τρόφισ, δ, ἡ, τρώφι, τό, gen. ιος, (τρέφω) well-fed, stout, large, big: τρώφι κύμα a huge, swollen wave.

τροφός, εσσα, εν, (τρέφω) well-fed, stout, large, huge.

τροφός, δ and ἡ, (τρέφω) a feeder, rearer, nurse.

τροφο-φορέω, f. ἤσω, (τροφή, φέρω) to bring nourishment to, maintain, support.

Τροφώνιος, δ, the builder of the first temple of Apollo at Delphi; to whom afterwards a cave and oracle were dedicated.

τροχάδην, Adv. (τρέχω) running in the course, running along. [α]

τροχάζω, f. ἄσω, (τρόχος) to run along, run quickly, trip along.

τροχαῖος, α, ου, (τρόχος) running, tripping: in prosody, δ τροχαῖος (sc. ποῦς) a trochee, foot consisting of a long and short syllable, used esp. in quick time, as more lively than the iambic.

τροχάλλος, ἡ, ὄν, (τρέχω) running: swift: round.

τροχληδένω, f. ἤσω, to drive a chariot. II. metaph. to drive about, drive round and round, chase. From

τροχ-ηλάτης [α], ου, δ, (τροχός, ἑλαίνω) a driver of a wheeled carriage, a charioteer.

τροχ-ήλατος, ου, (τροχός, ἑλαίνω) moved on wheels, wheel-drawn. 2. dragged by or at the wheels. 3. turned or fashioned on the potter's wheel. 4. metaph. driven round and round, driven about.

τροχιά, ἡ, (τροχός) the track of wheels. 2. the round of a wheel.

τροχίζω, f. ἴσω, (τροχός) to turn upon the wheel, torture.

τροχιά, ἡ, (τροχός) a pulley, Lat. trochlea.

τροχίλος, δ, (τρέχω) a small bird of the wagtail kind found in Egypt, said by Herodotus to pick βδέλλα out of the crocodile's throat. 2. a small land-bird, the wren. [γ]

τροχίος, α, ὄν, (τροχός) running round or quickly. τροχίος, ιος and εως, δ, (τρέχω) a runner, messenger.

τροχο-δινέω, f. ἤσω, (τροχός, δινέω) to turn round and round, whirl or roll round.

τροχο-εἰδής, ες, (τροχός, εἶδος) like a wheel, round, circular.

τροχόεις, εσσα, εν, (τροχός) round, circular. τροχοποιέω, f. ἤσω, to make wheels.

From τροχο-ποιός, ὤς, (τροχός, ποιέω) making wheels: as Subst., τροχοποιός, δ, a wheelwright.

τροχός, οὔ, δ, (τρέχω) anything that runs round, anything round or circular, a round ball or cake; the sun's disc: esp., II. a wheel: a potter's wheel. III. a boy's hoop, Lat. Graecus trochus. IV. the wheel of torture, cf. τροχίζω; ἐπὶ τροχῷ στρεβλοῦσθαι to be tortured on the wheel.

τρόχος, ου, δ, (τρέχω) a running, course, a circular course, revolution. 2. a place for running.

ΤΡΥΓΑΙΟΝ, τό, α, κυρ, bowl.

τρυγᾶω, f. ἤσω, (τρύγη) to gather in ripe fruits, gather in the vintage or harvest, with acc. of the fruit gathered: also in Med. II. with acc. of the field or trees, to reap the crop off a field: metaph., τρυγᾶν τινα to reap advantage from some one. 2. proverb., ἐρήμας τρυγᾶν (sc. ἀμπελούς) to strip unwatched vines, of one that is bold where there is nothing to fear.

τρύγη [υ], ἡ, (τρύγω) ripe fruit gathered in, a crop

of corn, fruit, grapes, etc.

II. a gathering of such fruits; ἀμπέλων τρύγη the vintage

τρύγητήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (τρύγῳ) one who gathers ripe

fruits, esp. grapes.

τρύγητος, ὁ, (τρύγῳ) a gathering of fruits, harvest, esp. the vintage. 2. the time of gathering in the crops or vintage.

τρύγητρια, ἡ, fem. of τρυγητήρ, a woman that sathers in the crops, esp. the vines.

τρύγη-φόρος, ον, (τρύγη, φέρω) wine-bearing.

τρύγκος, ἡ, ὄν, (τρύξ) made of leas. II. = του-

φωδικός, of or for comedy.

τρύγο-δαίμων, ονος, ὁ, (τρύξ, δαίμων) for τρυγῶδός, with allusion to κακοδαίμων, a luckless wight of a poet.

τρύγ-οιπος, ὁ, (τρύξ, ἵπος) a straining-cloth, strainer, esp. for wine. [ῥ]

τρύγῳφον, Ep. for τρυγῶφον, 3 pl. opt. of τρυγῶν.

ΤΡΥΤΩ, to dry. [ῥ]

τρύγ-ωδία, ἡ, (τρύγῳδός) = κωμῳδία, comedy. Hence τρύγ-ωδικός, ἡ, ὄν, = κωμωδικός, of or for comedy or the comic art.

τρύγ-ωδός, ὁ, (τρύξ, ὀδή) a must-singer or leas-singer; because, according to Horace, the singers smeared their faces with leas as a ludicrous disguise: afterwards called κωμῳδός when their performance assumed a more regular character.

τρύγῳν, ὄνος, ἡ, (τρυζῶ) the turtle-dove, named from its cooing.

ΤΡΥΨΩ, only used in pres. and impf. to make a murmuring sound; of doves, to coo; of men, to mutter, murmur (Formed from the sound.)

τρύμαλα, ἡ, (τρυῶ) = τρύμη: the eye of a needle.

τρύμη, ἡ, (τρυῶ) a bole. II. metaph. a sharp fellow, a sly knave. [ῥ]

τρυξ, ἡ, gen. τρύγος, (τρύγω, new wine not yet fermented, must, Lat. mustum. II. the lees of wine, dregs, Lat. faex: generally, refuse, dross, as of metal, Lat. scoria: metaph. of an old man or woman.

τρύπανον, τό, (τρυπάω) a carpenter's tool, a borer, auger, gimlet. [ῥ]

τρυπάω, f. ἥσω: pf. pass. τετρυπημαι: (τρύπη) — to bore, pierce through, perforate; ἅπα τετρυπημένα ears pierced for earrings; ψήφος τετρυπημένη the pebble of condemnation (which had a bole through it).

τρύπη, ἡ, (τρυῶ) a bole.

τρύπημα, ατος, τό, (τρυπάω) that which is bored, a bole: in a ship, a port-bole.

τρυπῶ, contr. for τρυπάω, 3 sing. opt. of τρυπάω.

τρυσ-άνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (τρυῶ, ἀνὴρ) boring, i. e. wearing out, men, harassing. [ᾱ]

τρυσι-βιος, ον, (τρυῶ, βίος) wearing out life. [σΥ]

ΤΡΥΤΑΝΗ, ἡ, the tongue of a balance: generally, a balance, pair of scales, Lat. trutina. [ᾱ]

τρῦ-φάλεια, ἡ, a helmet. (Prob. from τρυῶ and φάλος, strictly a helmet with a crest fixed in the φάλος.)

τρυφῶ, f. ἥσω, (τρυφή) to live softly or delicately, fare sumptuously, live in luxury:—part. τρυφῶν, ὤσα,

delicate, effeminate; neut. τὸ τρυφῶν as Subst., effeminacy. 2. to be licentious, to revel. 3. to carry oneself high, give oneself airs, be insolent.

ταῦφεραίνομαι, Pass. (τρυφερός) to be fastidious or delicate: aor. I part. τρυφῶσθαι, with a fastidious air.

τρυφερός, ὁ, ὄν, (τρυφή) soft, delicate, dainty, effeminate, luxurious, fastidious: neut. τὸ τρυφερόν as Subst., effeminacy. Adv. -ρῶς, voluptuously.

τρυφερότης, ητος, ἡ, (τρυφερός) delicacy, luxury.

τρυφή, ἡ, (θρύπτω) softness, delicacy, daintiness, luxury, fastidiousness: in plur. luxuries, daintinesses. Lat. deliciae. 2. conceit, insolence.

τρυφήλός, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for τρυφερός.

τρυφήμα, ατος, τό, (τρυφῶ) the object in which one takes pleasure: in plur. luxuries, Lat. deliciae.

τρυφήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of θρύπτω.

τρυφος, εος, τό, (τρυφήναι) that which is broken off, a piece, morsel, lump, fragment. [ῥ]

τρυχηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (τρυχος) ragged, tattered in rags and tatters.

τρυχος, ὁ, = στρυχνος, rough, rugged.

τρυχος, εος, τό, (τρυχω) a worn out, tattered garment, a rag, sbed: in plur. rags tatters. Hence

τρυχώ, rare form of τρύχω.

τρυχω, f. ἔω, (τρυῶ) to wear out, consume, waste: metaph. to eat one out of house and home. 2. generally, to distress, afflict, harass, vex:—Pass. to be worn out; λιμῷ τρύχεσθαι to be worn away with hunger: also c. gen., τρύχεσθαι τινος to waste or pine away for some one. [ῥ]

ΤΡΥΩ, chiefly in pf. pass. τετρυμαι, pa.. τετρυμαι, inf. τετρυσθαι:—to wear out: to distress, harass, afflict, vex; τετρυσθαι ἐς τὸ ἔσχατον κακοῖ to have been ground down to the extreme of misery. [ῥ]

Τρωάς, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. of Τρῶς, a Trojan woman. II. the region of Troy, the Troad.

τρωάλια, τά, (τρώω) fruits eaten at dinner, figs, almonds, sweetmeats, etc. [γα]

τρωγλή, ἡ, (τρώω) a bole.

τρωγλο-δύτης, ου, ὁ, (τρώγλη, δύνω) one who creeps into boles; of Τρωγλοδῦται, Troglodytes, as name of an Aethiopian tribe who dwell in boles or caves. [ῥ]

τρωγλο-δύνω, (τρώγλη, δύνω) to creep into boles.

τρωγοίσας, Dor. for τρωγούσας, fem. part. acc. pl. of τρώω.

τρώωντι, Dor. for τρωγουσι, 3 pl. pres. of τρώω.

ΤΡΩΤΩ, f. τρώεσθαι: aor. I ἐτρώεα: aor. 2 ἐτρώην: Pass., aor. 2 ἐτρώην [ᾱ]: pf. τέτρωμαι:—to gnaw, chew: of men, to eat raw vegetables, fruit, etc.; opp. to eating dressed food: esp. of dessert, to eat fruits, cp. τρωγλία

Τρωικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Τρῶς) of Troy, Trojan.

Τρῳίος, η, ον, Ep. for Τρωεύς, Trojan: fem. Τρῳιάς, ἄδος, a Trojan woman.

τρωκτά, τά, see τρωκτός.

τρώκτης, ου, ὁ, (τρώω) a gnawer, nibbler, lover of dainties: in the Odyssey the Phoenician traffickers

are called *τρώκται*, *greedy knaves*; so as Adj., *τρώκται* *χεῖρες* *greedy, grasping hands*.

τρωκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *τρώγω*, *gnawed, nibbled at*; of vegetables, fruit, etc., *eaten raw, eatable*: neut. *τρωκτά*, τά, as Subst., = *πραγάλα*.

τρώμα, *τρωματίζω*, *τρωματίζει*, Ion. for *τρανυμ-*.

τρώμη Dor. *τρώμα*, ἡ, = *τρώμα*, Ion. for *τραύμα*.

τρώξις, εὖς, ἡ, (*τρώγω*) *a gnawing*.

Τρώς, ὁ, ὄν, contr. for *Τρώϊος*, (*Τρώς*) *Trojan*.

Τρωο-φθόρος, ὄν, (*Τρώς*, *φθείρω*) *destructive to the Trojans or to Troy*.

τρωπῶω, Ep. for *τρέπω*, *to turn, to change, alter*;—Med. *to turn oneself, turn about or back*; 3 sing. Ep. and Ion. impf. *τρωπάσμετο φεύγειν* *be turned himself to flight*.

Τρώς, ὁ, gen. *Τρώος*, *Tros*, the founder of *Troy*: plur. *Τρώες*, οἱ, gen. *Τρώων*, dat. *Τρώσι*, *Trojans*.

τρώσσεσθαι, fut. med. inf. of *τιτρώσκω*.

τρώσω, fut. of *τιτρώσκω*.

τρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *τρωω*, *τιτρώσκω*, *wounded, that can be wounded, vulnerable*.

τρωύμα, false reading for *τρώμα*, Ion. for *τραύμα*.

τρωχάω, Ep. for *τρέχω*, *to run*.

ΤΡΩ'Ω, radie. form of *τιτρώσκω*, *to wound: to hurt, harm, damage, do one a mischief*.

τύ, Dor. for *σύ*: also acc. for *σέ*. [ῥ]

τύβι, τό, an Egyptian winter month.

τυγχάνω, fut. *τεύξομαι*: aor. 2 *ἐτύχον*, Ep. subj.

τύχου: Ep. aor. I *ἐτύχησα* [ῥ]: pf. *τετύχηκα* [ῥ], Ion. also *τέτευχα*: plqpf. *ἐτετεύχην* :—*to hit*, esp. *to hit with an arrow*, commonly joined with acc., when the object hit is alive, with gen. when it is lifeless.

II. generally, *to hit, hit upon, light upon*: so of persons, *to meet by chance, fall in with*, c. gen. 2. of things, *to meet with, hit, reach, gain, get, obtain a thing*, also c. gen. 3. in aor. 2 part., *ὁ τυχάνων* *one who meets one by chance, the first one meets, any one whatever*, Lat. *quivis*; *οἱ τυχόντες* *every-day men, the ordinary run of men*; *τὸ τυχόν* *any chance thing*.

4. in bad sense, *bias τυχεῖν* *to meet with, suffer violence*. III. absol. *to hit the mark, gain one's end or purpose*; *καλῶς τυχεῖν* *to fare well, succeed*, in speaking, *to hit the mark*, i. e. *to be right*. 2. generally, *to have the lot or fate*.

Intr. *to happen, to be at a place* 2. of things, *come to pass, fall out, occur by chance*; often impers., *ὅπως ἐτύγχανεν*, *ὥσπερ ἔτυχεν*, etc., *as it chanced, by mere accident*. 3. of events or undertakings, *to happen to, befall one, come to one's lot or share*, c. dat. pers.: esp. *to fall out well, come to a good end, succeed*.

II. in Att. *τυγχάνω* was used almost as an auxiliary Verb, and was esp. joined with the participles of other Verbs, *τυγχάνω ἔχων* *I happen to have*, i. e. *I have in possession*; *παρὰν ἐτύγχανον* *I chanced to be by*; *ἔτυχε κατὰ τοῦτο καιροῦ ἐλθόν* *he happened to come at that nick of time*; but, *τυγχάνω ὢν* = *εἰμί*, *I am*; so also without any part., *εἰ σοι χαρὰ τυγχάνει* *nádē* *if these things are pleasant*

to thee. 2. in such phrases as *ὅτι ἂν τύχωσι*, *τοῦτ' ἀέγουσι*, we must supply a part. from the other Verb: *ὅτι ἂν τύχωσι λέγοντες*, *τοῦτο ἀέγουσιν*, etc.

Τυδεύς, ἔως, Ep. *έος*, ὁ, *Tydeus*.

τυίδε, Adv. Dor. for *τῆδε*, *here*.

τύκίζω, f. *ίσαι*, (*τύκος*) *to work stones with a chisel or pick, to dress signs*. Hence

ΤΥΚΗ, ἡ, (*τέτυγμα*) *mason's work*. [τῷ]

τύκιμα, ατος, τό, *a working or dressing of stones* in plur., *κανόνων τυκίσματα* *walls of stone worked square by rule*. [ῥ]

τύκος, ὁ, (*τέτυγμα*) *a tool to dress stones with, a mason's hammer or pick*. II. *a battle-axe, pole-axe*. [*τυκτά*, a Persian word, which Herodotus explains by *τέλειον δειπνον βασιλίων*.

τυκτός, ὁ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *τεύχω* (*τέτυγμα*), *made ready*: esp. *made by art, artificial*, as opp. to *φύσις* *natural*: *τυκτὴ κρήνη* *a fountain made by man's hand*, esp. *well-made, well-wrought, finished carefully*.

ΤΥΛΗ, ἡ, like *τύλος*, any swelling or lump, esp., I. *a place worn hard by rubbing*, Lat. *callus*: II. *a pad for carrying*, *dens on*, a porter's knol. III. *a cushion*. [ῥ] in Att., ὕ later.]

τύλος, ὁ, = *τύλη*, *a knot or callus*; esp. on the hands, as from rowing, etc. II. anything rising like a lump, a knob, knot; esp. a wooden nail or bolt used in ship-building. [ῥ]

τύλω, freq. used in pf. part. *τετυλωμένος*: (*τύλος*):—*to make hard or callous*:—Pass. *to grow hard or callous from rubbing*, as the hand from rowing or digging; *ρόπαλα σιδήρῳ τετυλωμένα* *clubs knobbed or knotted with iron*: cf. *τυλατός*.

τύλατός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *τύλω*; *ρόπαλα τετυλωμένα* *clubs knobbed with iron*, like *τετυλωμένα*.

τύμβευμα, ατος, τό, (*τυμβεύω*) *a burial, grave*. I. *the corpse to be burnt or buried*.

τυμβεύω, f. *σαι*, (*τύμβος*) *to bury, burn or entomb a corpse*. 2. *χοὰς τυμβεύσαι τινι* *to pour libation as an offering on one's grave*. II. intr. *to be entombed*.

τυμβ-ήρης, ες, (*τύμβος*, ἀράρειν) *buried, entombed, interred, sepulchred*. II. *like a grave or tomb*.

τυμβίτης [ι], ὄν, ὁ, fem. *τυμβίτις*, ιδος, (*τύμβος*) *he or she at the grave*.

τυμβο-γέρον, υντος, ὁ, (*τύμβος*, γίραν) *an old man on the verge of the grave*.

τυμβο-ολέτης, ὄν, ὁ, (*τύμβος*, ὀλλυμι) *a destroyer of tombs*: fem. *τυμβόλετις*, ιδος.

ΤΥΜΒΟΣ, ὁ, *the place where a dead body is buried*, Lat. *humus*: commonly, *a mound of earth heaped over the ashes, a cairn, barrow*, Lat. *tumulus*: generally, *a tomb, grave*. II. metaph., *γέρον τυμβος*, = *τυμβογέρον*, *a decrepit old man*: so also *τύμβος*, absol.

τυμβο-οἶχος, ὄν, (*τύμβος*, ἔχω) *dwelling in a tomb sepulchral*.

τυμβο-φόνος, ὄν, (*τύμβος*, φένω) *tomb-destroyer*.

τυμβοχοεῖω, f. ἤσω, (τυμβοχόος) to *throw up a cairn or barrow* : to raise a mound over a grave. Hence **τυμβοχοή**, a *throwing up a cairn or barrow*.

τυμβο-χόος, *ον*, (τύμβος, χέω) *throwing up a cairn or barrow*. II. *pass. ἔθρυν* or *poured upon the tomb*.

τυμβό-χωστος, *ον*, (τύμβος, χάννυμι) *heaped up into a cairn or barrow*.

τυμβωρυχέω, f. ἤσω, to *break open graves*. From **τυμβ-ωρύχος**, *ον*, (τύμβος, ὀρύσσω) *digging up, breaking open graves*: as *Subst.*, **τυμβώρυχος**, *ὁ*, a *grave-robber*. [ρϋ]

τύμμα, *ατος*, τό, (τύπτω) a *blow, stroke, wound*.

τυμπάν(ι)ω, f. ἴσω, (τύμπανον) to *beat a drum*. II. generally, to *beat with a stick, bastinado*.

τυμπανισμός, *ὁ*, (τυμπανί(ω)) a *beating of drums*, as the Galli did in the worship of Cybelé.

τυμπανιστής, *οῦ*, *ὁ*, (τυμπανί(ω)) one who *beats the τύμπανον*, a *drummer*: fem. **τυμπανίστρια**, of a priestess of Cybelé.

τύμπανον, τό, (properly for **τύπανον**, from **τυπεῖν**) a *kettle-drum*, such as was used in the worship of Cybelé. II. a *drum-stick*: generally, a *staff, cudgel*.

III. in Lat., *tympāna* were *wagon-wheels made of a solid piece of wood, rollers*.

Τυνδάριος, *α*, *ον*, or *ος*, *ον*, of *Tyndarus*. From **Τυνδάρεος** Att. **Τυνδάρεως**, *εω*, *ὁ*, *Tyndarēus*, *Tyndarus*, husband of *Leda*.

Τυνδαρίδης [ϛ], *ου*, *ὁ*, (formed as if from **Τύνδαρος**) son of *Tyndarus*: **Τυνδαρίδαι**, *οἱ*, *Castor and Pollux*: fem. **Τυνδαρίς**, *ἰδος*, *daughter of Tyndarus*.

τύνη, Ep. and Dor. for **τύ**, *σύ*, as *ἐγώνη* for *ἐγώ*.

τυνός, *ῆ*, *ὄν*, akin to **τυθός**, so *small*, so *little*. Hence

τυνοῦτος, *ον*, Att. **τυκνυτοσί**, *-ονί*, so *small*, so *little*, Lat. *tantillus*.

τυντλάζω, to *dabble in the mud or mire*: esp. to *grub round the roots of a vine*. From

ΤΥΝΤΛΟΣ, *ὁ*, *mud, mire, dirt*.

τύπανον, τό, (τύπτω) orig. form of **τύμπανον**, preserved also in Latin *typanum*.

τύπειν, *ης*, *η*, aor. 2 *pass. opt.* of **τύπτω**.

τύπεῖν, aor. 2 *inf.* of **τύπτω**.

τύπεῖς, *εἶσα*, *έν*, aor. 2 *part. pass.* of **τύπτω**.

τύπη, *ῆ*, (τύπτω) a *blow, wound*.

τύπηται, aor. 2 *inf. pass.* of **τύπτω**.

ΤΥΠΟΣ, *ὁ*, a *blow*. II. *the mark of a blow*,

the impress of a seal, the stamp of a coin, a print, mark of any kind: **τύποι στίβον** the *prints or tracks of footsteps* 2. *figures or impressions wrought in metal or stone*: simply, a *figure, image, statue of a man*.

3. *an outline, sketch, draught*: **τύπος λέγειν** to *describe in outline* 4. *the original pattern, model, mould, type*: metaph. *a type, figure*. 5. *a system, form of doctrine*.

III. *the effect produced on the ear by a blow*, as *the beat of horses' feet*. Hence

τύπων, f. ὥσω, to *impress, stamp*. II. to *form, mould, model*.

τυπήσω, Att. fut. of **τύπτω**.

τύπτοντι, Dor. for **τύπτονσι**.

ΤΥΠΤΩ, fut. **τύψω** or **τύπησω**: aor. I **έτυλα**:

aor. 2 **έτύπον**: Pass., fut. **τύπησομαι**: aor. I **έτύφην**:

aor. 2 **έτύπην** [ϋ]: pf. **τέτυμαι**:—to *beat, strike, smite, knock*: metaph. to *strike or smite at heart*:

άχος δέκ κατά φρένα τύψε sharp grief smote him to the heart: **ή άληθήν έτυψε Καμβύσέα** the truth of it struck Cambyses: later of bees, etc., to *sting*. In

Homer **τύπτω** is chiefly used of a blow struck hand to

hand, as opp. to **βάλλω**, which implies a blow from a

missile. 2. **άλα τύπνεν έρετροίς** to beat the sea

with oars, i. e. to row: absol., **Ζέφυρος λαλαπει τύπ-
τω** the west wind beating, lashing with fury. II.

Med. to beat or strike oneself: esp. like **κόπτομαι**,

Lat. *plangor*, to beat one's breast for grief:—c. acc.

pers., **τύπτεσθαι τινα** to mourn for a person. III.

Pass. to be beaten, struck or wounded: c. acc. cognato,

τύπτομαι πολλή (sc. **πληγής**) I get many blows.

τύπωμα, *ατος*, τό, (τύπω) *that which is formed,*

fashioned, modelled: a vessel wrought: **τύπωμα χαλ-
κόπλευρον** a brazen urn: a *figure, outline*.

τύραννέω, f. **εύσω** and **τυραννέω**, f. ἤσω: fut. med.

τυραννήσομαι in *pass. sense*: (τύραννος):—to be a

τύραννος or absolute sovereign: to rule absolutely: c.

gen. to be ruler of a people or place: **τυραννεύειν**

Αθηνών to be tyrant of Athens:—the aor. I **τυραν-
νεύσαι** means to have acquired a tyranny, to have

made oneself tyrant. II. Pass. **τυραννέομαι** or

-έομαι, to be ruled by **τύραννοι**, to be governed with

absolute power.

τύραννικός, *ῆ*, *ὄν*, (τύραννος) of or fit for an abso-

lute prince, royal, imperial: befitting a tyrant, lordly,

imperial. Sup. **τυραννικώτατος**.

τύραννις, *ἰδος*, *ῆ*, vocat. **τυραννί**: (τύραννος):—the

rule of an absolute prince, absolute power or sway,

sovereignty, royalty.

τύραννος [ϋ], *δ* also *ῆ*, properly Dor. for **κόρανος** (from

κύρος, **κύριος**) a lord and master: hence an absolute

sovereign, unlimited by law or constitution: it was

applied to anyone who had made himself king by

force: not to hereditary monarchs, as (for instance)

not to the kings of Sparta, nor to the king of Persia:

and it did not necessarily imply cruel or overbearing

conduct: later however the term was used as our

tyrant or despot: and in poets it was taken loosely

for a king. 2. in a wider sense, the whole family

of a τύραννος:—hence also, *ῆ* τύραννος was the queen,

princess: as *ὁ* τύραννος was the king's son, prince. II.

τύραννος, *ον*, as Adj., like **τυραννικός**, princely, lordly:

imperious, despotic: **τύραννον δῶμα** the king's palace.

τύραννο-φόνος, *ον*, (τύραννος, *φένω) slaying tyrants.

τυρβάζω f. ὥσω, to trouble, confuse, stir up, Lat.

turbare:—Pass. to be in disorder, be jumbled or

crowded together. From

ΤΥΡΒΗ, *ῆ*, disorder, throng, bustle, Lat. *turba*.

τύρευμα, *ατος*, τό, (τυρεῖν) *that which is curdled,*

cheese. [ϋ]

τυρευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, ἀπὸ τυρευτήης οὐ, ὁ, (τυρεύω) *one who makes cheese*; said of Hermes as god of goat-herds and goats-milk cheese.

τυρεύω, f. εὐσω, and τυρέω, f. ἥσω: (τυρός):—*to make cheese*. II. metaph. *to stir up, jumble, confound*. 2. *to concoct, brew a thing cunningly*.

Τύριος, α, ον, of or from Tyre: a Tyrian. [ῥ]

τύρισδος, Dor. for συρίζω.

τύριος, εσσα, εν contr. τυρούς, ούσσα, ούν, (τυρός) *like cheese*: as Subst., τυρούς Dor. τυῶς, ὁ, *cheese-bread, a cheese-cake or cheese*.

τύρό-κνηστις, ἡ, (τυρός, κνάω) *a cheese-grater*.

τύρό-νωτος, ον, (τυρός, νῶτος) *with a layer of cheese, spread with cheese*.

τυροπωλέω, f. ἥσω, *to sell cheese, sell like cheese*. From

τύρο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (τυρός, πᾶλέω) *a cheesemonger*.

ΤΥΡΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, *cheese*. II. *the cheese-market*.

Τύρος, ὁ, Tyre, an ancient city of Phoenicia. [ῥ]

τυρούς, contr. for τυροίς.

τύρο-φόρος, ον, (τυρός, φέρω) *bearing cheese, spread with cheese*.

Τυρρη-ολέτης, ου, ὁ, (Τυρρηνός, ὄλλυμι) *destroyer of Tyrrhenians*.

Τυρρηνός Ion. and old Att. Τυρσηνός, ἡ, ὁν, Tyrrhenian, Etruscan: Τυρσηνοί or Τυρρηνοί *the Etruscans*:—Adj. Τυρσηνικός, ἡ, ὁν, Etruscan.

ΤΥΡΣΙΣ, ἡ, gen. ιος: acc. τύρσιν: nom. pl. τύρσεις, gen. έων, dat. εσι, Lat. *TURRIS*:—*a tower: a tower on a wall, a bastion*.

τυρῶς, ὄντος, Dor. for τυρούς.

ΤΥΤΘΟΣ, ὅν, also ἡ, ὁν, *little, small, young, of children*. II. neut. τυτθόν as Adv., *a little, a wee bit*: hence *scarcely, hardly*: of the voice, *low, softly, gently*. 2. also in pl., τυτθα διατμήσαι *to cut into small pieces*.

Τυφάν, ονος, ὁ, poet. Ep. lengthd. form for Τυφών: hence, Τυφαόνιος, α, ον, poet. for Τυφάνιος.

τυφεδάνος, ὁ, (τύφω) *one with clouded wits, a stupid fellow, a dullard*.

τυφ-ήρης, es, (τύφος, ἀρᾶειν) *set on fire, burning*.

τυφλό-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (τυφλός, ποῦς) *with blind foot, stepping in blindness*.

τυφλός, ἡ, ὁν, *blind*, Lat. *caecus*: c. gen., τυφλός *τινος blind to a thing*. 2. metaph., τυφλός τά τ' ὦτα τόν τε νοῦν τά τ' ὄμματα *blind in ears and mind and eyes*. 3. of things, *dark, unseen, dim, obscure*: τυφάλο σπιλᾶδες *blind, i. e. sunken, rocks*.

τυφλῶ, (τυφλός) *to blind, make blind*:—Pass. *to be blinded or blind*. II. metaph. *to blind, dull, baffle, dim*. Hence

τυφλῶς, Adv. of τυφλός, *blindly*.

γύφλωσις, ἡ, *a making blind, blinding*.

τυφλώττω, (τυφλός) *to be blind*.

τύφο-γέρων, ὄντος, ὁ, (τύφω, γέρων) *a silly old man, a dotard*: cf. τυμβογέρων.

τύφος, ὁ, (τύφω) *smoke, mist, cloud*. II. me-

taph. *conceit, vanity*, Lat. *fucus*.

τύφω, f. ὥσω, (τύφος) *to wrap in smoke or mist*: metaph. *to make dull or senseless, dim, obscure*: pl. pass. τετύφωμαι, *to be shrouded in conceit and folly*, *to be silly, stupid, absurd*.

ΤΥΦΩΝ [ῥ], f. θύω: aor. ἱέθυσα: Pass., aor. 2 ἐτόφην [ῥ]: pf. τέθυμαι:—*to raise a smoke*; c. acc. cognato, καπνὸν τύφειν *to make a cloud of smoke*. II. *to smoke*; καπνῷ τύφειν μελίσσας *to smoke bees*, an metaph., καπνῷ τύφειν πόλιν *to fill the town with smoke*. III. *to consume in smoke, burn with fire and smoke*:—Pass. *to smoke, smoulder*.

Τυφάων, έως, Ep. έος, ὁ: contr. Τυφῶς, ὦ:—Typhoeus, Typhos, a giant buried by Jove in Cilicia: cf. τυφῶς.

Τυφῶν, ὄντος, Ep. Τυφῶων, αονος, ὁ, Typhon, Typhaon, the same giant who is more freq. called Τυφῶς, Τυφάων.

II. as storms were ascribed to the agency of giants, the name came to mean *a furious storm, hurricane, typhoon*. Hence

Τυφωνικός, ἡ, ὁν, of or from Typhōn. II. *stormy, tempestuous*.

Τυφῶς, ὁ, contr. for Τυφάων. II. as appellat., τυφῶς, gen. τυφῶ, dat. τυφῷ, acc. τυφῶ:—like τυφῶν II, *a furious storm, hurricane*.

τύχε, Ep. for έτιχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of τυγχάνω.

τύχειν, aor. 2 inf. of τυγχάνω.

ΤΥΧΗ [ῥ], ἡ, *what man obtains (τυγχάνει) from the gods, good fortune, luck, Lat. fortuna*; κοινὸν τύχη *luck is a thing common to all*; τύχα θεῶν, οὐν θεοὶ τύχη *by luck from the gods*; esp. in phrase, θεία τύχη *by divine providence*; later, Τύχη was deified, like Lat. *Fortuna*, by the name of Τύχη Σώτειρα or Σωτήρ. 2. generally, *chance, fortune, good or bad, good luck or ill luck*; often with an Adj. *to shew which*; e. g. τύχη ἀγαθῇ *was often used in public acts, by crasis τύχᾱγαθῇ, also έπ' ἀγαθῇ τύχῃ and μετ' ἀγαθῆς τύχης, like Lat. quod felix faustumque sit*.

3. Adverbial usages, τύχῃ *by chance, Lat. forte, fortis, fortuna*:—so also ἀπὸ or ἐκ τύχης, κατὰ τύχην. II. *a chance, hap, lot, accident*: in plur., τύχαι ὑμέτεραι *your fortunes*. Hence

τυχηρός, α, ὁν, *fortunate, lucky*. 2. *by chance, accidental*. Hence

τυχηρώς, Adv. *luckily*.

τυχησῶς, aor. I part. of τυγχάνω.

τυχθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of τεύχω.

τυχοῦμι [ῥ], aor. 2 opt. of τυγχάνω.

τύχων, Adv., *by chance, perhaps*; properly acc. nom. of the aor. 2 part. of τυγχάνω.

τύχων, οὔσα, ὅν, aor. 2 part. of τυγχάνω.

τύψασκον, Ion. aor. I of τύπτω.

τῷ, dat. sing. of neut. τό, used absol., *therefore, so, in this wise*. II. for τίνι, dat. sing. of τίς; quis?

τῷ, enclit. for τίνι, dat. sing. of τίς, aliquis.

τάλαμα, ατος, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀγαλμα.

τάδε, dat. of ὅδε, used as Adv.,—οὕτως, *in this manner, thus*.

ΤΩΘΑ'ΖΩ Dor. τωθάσδε: fut. -άσομαι: aor. 1

ῶθασα, subj. ταθάσω:—so mock or scoff at, jeer, ui.

ταθάσδοισαι, Dor. pres. part. fem. of ταθάζω.

ῶληθές, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀληθές

ῶποβαῖνον, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀποβαῖνον.

ῶρχαιον, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀρχαῖον.

ῶς, demonstr. Adv., answering to Interrog. πῶς; d to the Relat. ὡς, — ὡς, οὕτως so, in ibis

II. Dor. = οὗ, ὠζερε.

ῶτρεκές, crasis for τὸ ἄτρεκές.

ῶυτό, gen. τούτου, dat. ταύτῃ, Ion. for τὸ αὐτό, ὡ αὐτοῦ, τῇ αὐτῇ.

Υ

υ, ὃ ψιλόν, τό, indecl., twentieth letter of the Greek Alphabet: as a numeral υ' = 400, but υ = 40,000. The written character Υ is supposed to have also stood for the digamma, which was a consonant; hence as a vowel it was distinguished by the me of Υ ψιλόν.

The use of υ was most freq. with the Aeolians, being put by them for ο, as in ὄνομα ὕμοιοις μύγῃς ὄνομα ὕμοιοις μύγῃς. They often inserted υ after and ε, as, θένω χένω for θέω χέω. The Aeol. sometimes changed the diphthong ου into οι, as οῖσα for Μοῦσα, λέγοισα for λέγουσα.

Ὑάδες, aw, al, (ῶ) the Hyades, the Rainers, Lat. *hulias*, seven stars in the head of the bull, which threatened rain when they rose with the sun. [Υ in om., ῶ in Eur.]

Ὑαινά, ἡ, (ῶ) a Libyan wild beast, the hyena, an animal of the dog kind, with a bristly hog's mane whence the name).

Ὑακινθία (sub. ἱερά), τά, the Hyacinthia, a Lacedaemonian festival in honour of Hyacinthus.

Ὑακινθινο-βάφης, ἐς, (ὑακινθίνος, βαφῆναι) dyed hyacinth colour. [ῶ]

Ὑακινθίνος, ἡ, ov, (ὑακινθος) hyacinthine, hyacinth-coloured.

Ὑακίνθος, ὁ, Hyacinthus, a Laconian youth, beloved by Apollo, but killed by him by a cast of the discus. Hence

ὑακίνθος, ὁ or ἡ, the hyacinth, a flower said to have sprung from the blood of Hyacinthus, or acc. to others from that of Telamonian Ajax; some pretended to decipher on the petals the initial letters of these names, ΤΑ or ΑΙ, or the interjection αἶ αἶ; hence it is called γραπτά ὑακίνθος, cf. Virg. Ecl. 3. 106. The older poets describe it as very dark, later authors make it lighter; so that several flowers seem to have been included under the name. II. ὑακίνθος, ἡ, the jacinth or perhaps the sapphire, a precious stone of blue colour.

ὑάλος, α, ov, contr. ὑαλοῦς, α, οὖν, (ὑαλος) of glass, like glass, glassy, transparent.

ὑάλινος later ὑέλινος, ἡ ov (ὑαλοῖ) of or made of glass, glass.

ὑάλοεις, εσσα, εν, (ὑαλος) of glass: like glass, glassy.

ὑάλος or ὑέλος, ἡ, a clear, transparent stone, of which the Egyptians made cases to enclose their mummies: oriental alabaster: also crystal, amber, etc. 2. a convex lens of crystal, used as a burning-glass, explained by Aristophanes as λίθος διαφανῆς ἀφ' ἧς τὸ ὑῖρ ἄπτονται a transparent stone from which they light fire. II. glass, Lat. vitrum; glass itself seems to have existed in the time of Herodotus, but was not called ὑαλος till the time of Plato. (Egyptian word.)

ὑάλοῦς, α, οὖν, contr. for ὑαλέος.

ὑαλό-χρους, ov, contr. -χρους, ουν, (ὑαλος, χρία) glass-coloured.

ὑαλό-χρώδης, es, = ὑαλόχρους.

ὑβ-βάλλω, Ep. contr. for ὑποβάλλω.

ῬΒΟΞ, ἡ, ἐν, bent outwards, bump-backed.

ὑβρίζω: f. ὑβρίσω Att. -ιδῶ: aor. I ὑβρισα: pf.

ὑβρικα: plupf. ὑβρικειν. Med., fut. ὑβρισῶμαι: Pass., fut. ὑβρισθήσονται: aor. I ὑβρίσθην: pf. ὑβρισμαι:—

to wake wanion, run riot, Lat. lascivire, opp. to σωφρονεῖν to practise moderation; of over-fed horses, to neigō, snort, prance, etc.; of plants, to run riot, grow over-rank. II. with regard to others, to treat despitefully, do despite to, to outrage, insult, affront, ill-treat; in Att. more commonly, ὑβρίζειν εἰς τινα to deal wantonly, commit outrages towards one; ὑβρίζειν ἐπὶ τινα to exult over one: c. acc. cognato, ὑβρίζειν ὑβρεῖς to commit outrages; so, ὑβρίζειν ἀδικήματα to do wanton wrongs. 2. at Athens to do one a personal outrage, to beat and insult, assault. [υ naturally short, but long in the augmented tenses.]

ῬΒΡΙΞ [ῶ], εως Ep. ios, ἡ, wanton violence, arising from the pride of strength, passion, etc., riotousness, insolence, lewdness, licentiousness. 2. of acts towards others, a piece of wanton violence, despiteful treatment, an outrage, gross insult, assault and battery:—at Athens, in law proceedings, ὑβρις meant an aggravated personal assault, the slighter kind being αἰκία [εἰ]; hence in the former case the injured person proceeded by γραφή or prosecution; in the latter by δίκερ or private suit 3. harm, detriment, damage, loss. II. as mascul. Adj., ὑβρις ἀνὴρ, = ὑβριστής.

ὑβρίσδω, Dor. for ὑβρίζω, 3 sing. ὑβρίσδει for ὑβρίξει. ὑβρισμα, atos, τό, (ὑβρίω) a wanton act, outrage, insult, Lat. contumelia. II. the object of insult.

ὑβριστήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, poet. for ὑβριστής.

ὑβριστής, οὖ, ὁ, (ὑβρίω) one who is violent and overbearing, a wanton insolent man, a licentious ungovernable man. II. as masc. Adj. unbridled, ungovernable: of beasts, tameless, savage. Hence ὑβριστικός, ἡ, ὄν, given to wantonness or insolence, outrageous: τὸ ὑβριστικόν an insolent disposition. Adv. —κῶς, insolently.

ὑβριστος, ἡ, ov, (ὑβρις) insulting, insolent: Comp. and Sup., ὑβριστότερος, -τατος.

ὑγιάζω, f. σω : aor. I ὑγίασα (ὑγιής) to make sound or healthy, to heal.

ὑγιαίνω, f. ἄνω : aor. I ὑγίαινα : (ὑγιής) :—to be sound, healthy, Lat. bene valere : to be in a certain state of health, Lat. valere. 2. metaph. to be sound of mind : also to be staunch, true, trustworthy ; τὸ ὑγιαίνειν τῆς Ἑλλάδος the sound part of Greece. 3. ὑγιαίνω, like χαίρει, a common form of taking leave, farewell, Lat. vale. [ὑ, but ὕ in augmented tenses.] ὑγιεῖν Ion. —είη, ἦ, and sometimes in Att. ὑγιεῖα : (ὑγιής) :—health, soundness of body, Lat. salus ; ὑγίεια φρενῶν soundness of mind. [ὑ]

ὑγιεινός, ἦ, ὅν, (ὑγιής) wholesome, sound, healthy, healthful : of food, wholesome. II. of persons, sound, healthy, stout, Lat. sanus. [ὑ] Hence

ὑγιεινός, Adv. healthily :—Comp. ὑγιεινότερος and -ρον ; Sup. -ότατα.

ὑγίαις, εσσα, εν, Boeot. for ὑγιή : acc. masc. ὑγιεῖτα. [ὑ]

ὑγιερός, ἄ, ὅν, (ὑγιής) good for the health, wholesome, hearty, strong, Lat. sanus :—Sup. ὑγιηρότατος. ὑγιής, ἔς, gen. ἑός : acc. ὑγιαῖ or -ιῇ Ion. —έα : plur. nom. neut. ὑγιαῖ or -ιῇ :—sound, healthy, hearty, stout, Lat. sanus ; σώσαι ὑγιή safe and sound. II.

sound in mind, sound-minded : metaph. of advice, sound, wholesome, wise ; οὐδὲν ὑγιεῖ προφέρειν to make no one sound proposal :—Comp. and Sup. ὑγιαίστερος, —έστατος. [ὑ]

ὑγραίνω, f. ἄνω, (ὑγρός) to wet, moisten : of a river, to water a country.

ὑγρο-βάλλω, εν, (ὑγρος, βαλεῖν) wetting, moistening.

ὑγρο-μελής, ἔς, (ὑγρός, μέλος) with pliant limbs. ὑδροπορέω f. ἦσω, to traverse water. From ὑγρο-πόρος, εν, (ὑγρός, πόρος) traversing water.

ὑγρός, ἄ, ὥς, (ὕω, ὕδωρ) wet, moist, liquid, Lat. liquidus, opp. to ξηρός (siccus) ; ὑγρὸν ἔλαιον liquid oil, as opp. to fat ; ἀνεμοὶ ὑγρὸν ἀέντες winds blowing moist or rainy : ἡ ὑγρὰ Ion. ὑγρή, the moist, the sea, opp. to χέρσος the dry land ; so, ὑγρὰ κέλευθα, or ὑγρὰ alone, the watery ways : τὸ ὑγρὸν and τὰ ὑγρὰ, wet, wetness, moisture, water, liquor ; θῆρες ὑγροὶ water animals.

II. soft, pliant, supple, lithe, waving, Lat. mollis ; κέρας ὑγρὸν a pliant bow : metaph. of the mind, pliant, facile, easy. 2. slack, languid, faint.

III. of the eyes, swimming, melting, languishing ; ὑγρὸς πόθος languishing desire ; neut. pl. as Adv., ὑγρὰ δεδωκώς with languishing glances. Hence

ὑγρότης, ητος, ἦ, (ὑγρός) wetness, moisture. II. generally, softness, pliancy, suppleness : metaph. pliancy of mind, softness or easiness of temper. 2. feebleness.

ὑγρό-φθογγος, εν, (ὑγρός, φθόγγος) of liquid poured from a bottle, making a gurgling sound.

ὑγρώς, Αἰ.τ. of ὑγρός, in liquid fashion : softly, pliantly.

ὑγρώσω ποῖτ. for ὑγραίνω, to be wet or moist.

ὑδάρις, ἔς, gen. ἑός, (ὕδωρ) watery, wasby : metaph. unstable as water, unstable, wavering.

ὑδάτινος, η, εν also os, ov, (ὕδωρ) of water, watery : wet, moist. II. transparent as water, of thin garments

II. like ὑγρός, pliant, supple, flexible.

ὑδάτιον, τό, Dim. of ὕδωρ, a small stream, rivulet.

ὑδάτινος, εσσα, εν, (ὕδωρ) watery, like water.

ὑδάτοποσις, ἦ, water-drinking. And

ὑδάτοποτέω, f. ἦσω, to drink water. From

ὑδατο-πότης, ου, ὁ, (ὕδωρ, πίνω) a water-drinker, Lat. aquae potor.

ὑδατος, gen. of ὕδωρ.

ὑδατο-τρέφης, ἔς, (ὕδωρ, τρέφω) bred in water, growing in or by the water.

ὑδατ-ώδης, es, (ὕδωρ, εἶδος) like water : watery, wet, sloppy.

ὑδερως, ὁ, (ὕδωρ) the dropsy.

ὑδνης, ου, ὁ, ἦ, (ὕω) watered, nourished.

ὑδρα, ἦ, (ὕδωρ) like ὕδρος, a water-serpent, Lat. hydra.

ὑδραίνω, (ὕδωρ) to water, to sprinkle or bedew with water :—Med. to wash oneself, to bathe ; λουτρά ὑδρᾶσθαι ποῖτ to pour water over one's body.

ὑδρεῖα, ἦ, (ὑδρεύω) a drawing water, fetching water. II. a watering place.

ὑδρεῖον Ion. —ήιον, τό, (ὑδρεύω) a water-bucket, well-bucket.

ὑδρεύω, f. σω, (ὕδωρ) to draw, fetch or carry water :—Med. to draw water for oneself, get water.

ὑδρήιον, τό, Ion. for ὑδρεῖον.

ὑδρηλός, ἦ, ὅν, (ὕδωρ) watery, moist, wet, damp.

ὑδρηναιμία, aor. I med. part. fem. of ὑδραίνω.

ὑδρία, ἦ, (ὕδωρ) a water-pot, bucket, picher. II.

a vessel of any kind, a balloting urn, a funereal urn.

ὑδρία, ἀδός, ἦ, (ὕδωρ) of or from the water.

ὑδρια-φόρος, εν, (ὑδρία, φέρω) carrying a water-vessel.

ὑδρο-ειδής, ἔς, (ὕδωρ, εἶδος) like water, watery.

ὑδρόεις, εσσα, εν, (ὕδωρ) watery.

ὑδροποσία, ἦ, water-drinking ; and

ὑδροποτέω, f. ἦσω, to drink water. From

ὑδρο-πότης, ου, ὁ, (ὕδωρ, πίνω) a water-drinker, a drinker of thin potations ; hence, in Comic phrase, for a thin-blooded fellow, Horace's aquae potor.

ὑδρορ-ρῶα or -ρῶη, ἦ, (ὕδωρ, ροή) a water-course, a conduit, canal, sluice, gutter.

ὑδρος, ὁ, (ὕδωρ) like ὕδρα, a water-serpent.

ὑδροφόρεω, to carry water. From

ὑδρο-φόρος, εν, (ὕδωρ, φέρω) carrying water :—as Subst., ὑδροφόρος, ὁ or ἦ, a water-carrier.

ὑδρο-χῶος, ὁ, (ὕδωρ, χέω) the water-pourer, the constellation Aquarius : Ep. dat. ὑδροχοῆι, as if from ὑδροχοεύς.

ὑδρό-χυτος, εν, (ὕδωρ, χέω) gushing with water.

ὑδρωπικός, ἦ, ὅν, (ὑδραψ) dropsical.

ὑδραψ, σπος, also σπος, ὁ, (ὕδωρ) dropsy. II. a dropsical person.

ὕδωρ, τό, gen. ὕδατος : Ep. dat. ὕδαι :—water of any kind ; ἡ ὕδατα Καρία the waters of

Cephus; ὕδωρ πότιμον fresh water; ὕδωρ πλατό salt water:—Proverb., γράφειν τι εἰς ὕδωρ to write in water. rain-water, and then rain, also called ὕδωρ ἐξ οὐρανοῦ.

3. in Attic law-phrase, τὸ ὕδωρ was the water of the water-clock (κλεψύδρα), and also the time it took in running out; ἐπιλαβεῖν τὸ ὕδωρ to stop the water (which was done while the speech was interrupted by the calling of evidence, as only a certain time was allowed for the speech of the plaintiff or defendant). [ὑ]

ὑεικός, ἡ, ὄν, and ὑειος, α, ον, (ὑε) of or belonging to a swine. [ὑ]

ὑέλινος, ὑέλιτης, Ion. forms of ὑαλ-.

ὑελος, v. sub ὑαλος.

ὑεσσι, dat. pl. of ὑε.

ὑετος, α, ον, and ὑετός, εσσα, εν, (ὑετός) rainy, bringing or causing rain.

ὑετός, ὁ, (ὑω) rain, Lat. *pluvia*: a heavy shower, a storm of rain, Lat. *nimbis*; whereas ὄμβρος, Lat. *imber*, is a lasting rain, and ψεκός or ψακάς, a drizzling rain.

II. as Adj. in Sup., ἀνεμοὶ ὑετώτατοι the rainiest winds.

ὑηνία, ἡ, swinishness, hoggrishness. From

ὑηνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὑε) swinish, hoggrish.

ὑθλέω, ἡ, ἴσθω, (ὑθλος) to talk nonsense, drible, trifle, Lat. *nugari*.

ῥῥῥῶς, ὁ, idle talk, nonsense, Lat. *nugae*.

ῥῥῥῶς, Ep. acc. sing. and pl. of ῥῥῥῶς, as if from ῥῥῥῶς.

ῥῥῥῶς, poet. dat. pl. of ῥῥῥῶς. [ῥ]

ῥῥῥῶς, εἰς, ὁ, (ῥῥῥῶς) a son's son, grandson: fem.

ῥῥῥῶς, a son's daughter, granddaughter.

ῥῥῥῶν, τό, Dim. of ῥῥῥῶς, a little son. II. Dim.

of ῥῥῥῶς, a little pig.

ῥῥῥῶς, οὗ, ὁ, (ῥῥῥῶς) a son's son, grandson.

ῥῥῥῶς, Ep. dat. of ῥῥῥῶς.

ῥῥῥῶς, ἡ, ὄν, (ὑε) of or fit for swine, like a swine, swinish, hoggrish.

ῥῥῥῶς-θεσία, ἡ, (ῥῥῥῶς, τίθημι) adoption as a son.

ῥῥῥῶς, Ep. gen. of ῥῥῥῶς, as if from ῥῥῥῶς

ῥῥῥῶς, ὁ, declined regul. ῥῥῥῶς, ῥῥῥῶς, etc.: but

it is also declined, as if from nom. *ῥῥῥῶς,—gen. ῥῥῥῶς,

dat. ῥῥῥῶς, acc. ῥῥῥῶς; Dual. ῥῥῥῶς, ῥῥῥῶς; Plur.

ῥῥῥῶς or ῥῥῥῶς, gen. ῥῥῥῶς, ῥῥῥῶς, dat. ῥῥῥῶς, acc. ῥῥῥῶς,

ῥῥῥῶς:—there is also an Ep. declension, as if from

nom. ῥῥῥῶς,—gen. ῥῥῥῶς, dat. ῥῥῥῶς, acc. ῥῥῥῶς; Dual. ῥῥῥῶς;

Plur. ῥῥῥῶς, dat. ῥῥῥῶς, acc. ῥῥῥῶς:—Lat. *FILIUS*, a son;

ῥῥῥῶν ποιεῖσθαι or τίθεσθαι τινι to adopt as son.

2. later, the plur. was often periph., ῥῥῥῶν ῥῥῥῶς, ῥῥῥῶν ῥῥῥῶς sons of physicians, sons of orators, i. e. physicians, orators themselves; so in Homer, ῥῥῥῶς Ἀχαιῶν for Ἀχαιοί.

ῥῥῥῶς, Ep. gen. of ῥῥῥῶς, as if from *ῥῥῥῶς.

ῥῥῥῶς, οὗ, ὁ, (ῥῥῥῶς) a child's child, a grandson.

ῥῥῥῶς, ατος, τό, (ῥῥῥῶς) the bark of a dog, a bark,

bowl, yelp: metaph. in plur. snarling words. [ῥ]

ῥῥῥῶς, ὁ, (ῥῥῥῶς) a barking, baying. [ῥ]

ῥῥῥῶς, ἡ, ἴσθω, to carry wood. From

ῥῥῥῶς, ὄν, (ῥῥῥῶς, ἄγω) carrying wood. [ῥ]

ῥῥῥῶς, Dor. for ῥῥῥῶς.

ῥῥῥῶς, α, ον, (ῥῥῥῶς) woody, belonging to wood or to a wood, of the wood or forest. [ῥ]

ῥῥῥῶς, ἡ, (ῥῥῥῶς) a barking, howling. [ῥ]

ῥῥῥῶς-μυρος, ον, (ῥῥῥῶς) ever barking, howling or yelling. Ep. word, formed like ῥῥῥῶς-μυρος, ῥῥῥῶς.

ῥῥῥῶς, f. ῥῥῶς, (ῥῥῥῶς) to bark, bay, bowl, Lat. *latrare*; metaph. of a hungry stomach, to cry out, yelp, bark: also, ῥῥῥῶς ῥῥῥῶς he howls his uncatch songs.

II. transit. to bark or yelp at, Lat. *aiatrare*. Hence

ῥῥῥῶς, οὗ, ὁ, a barker, bawler. [ῥ]

ῥῥῥῶς, ἡ, ὄν, (ῥῥῥῶς) yelping.

ῥῥῥῶς, gen. ῥῥῥῶς, contr. for ῥῥῥῶς, -ῥῥῶς.

ῥῥῥῶς, = ῥῥῥῶς.

ῥῥῥῶς, [ῥ], radic. form of ῥῥῥῶς, only used in pres. and impf., to bark, bay:—3 pl. impf. med. ῥῥῥῶς in same sense.

II. transit. to bark or bay at.

ῥῥῥῶς, ἡ, Lat. *SYLVa*, wood, a wood, forest, woodland, as opp. to δένδρα (fruit-trees): also of corpse, brushwood, underwood, as opp. to timber-trees.

II. wood cut down, timber, firewood, fuel,

logs of wood. III. generally, like Lat. *material*,

the stuff of which a thing is made; the raw material of any kind: hence metaph. the matter treated of, subject-matter, Lat. *sylva*.

2. matter, as opp. to mind, Lat. *sylva*.

ῥῥῥῶς, εσσα or -εις, εν, (ῥῥῥῶς) woody, wooded.

ῥῥῥῶς-κοίτης, ον, ὁ, (ῥῥῥῶς, κοίτη) one who lodges or makes his lair in the wood. [ῥ]

ῥῥῥῶς-τόμος, Dor. ῥῥῥῶς, ον, = ῥῥῥῶς.

ῥῥῥῶς-φόρος, ον, = ῥῥῥῶς.

ῥῥῥῶς-ωρός, ὄν, (ῥῥῥῶς, ὠρός) watching the wood, forest-ranging. [ῥ]

ῥῥῥῶς-δρόμος, ον, (ῥῥῥῶς, δρομεῖν) wood-ranging.

ῥῥῥῶς-κόμος, ον, (ῥῥῥῶς, κόμη) overgrown with wood.

ῥῥῥῶς-νόμος, ον, (ῥῥῥῶς, νέμωμαι) haunting the woods.

ῥῥῥῶς-τομέω, f. ῥῥῶς, to cut or fell wood. From

ῥῥῥῶς-τόμος, ον, (ῥῥῥῶς, τεμνέω) cutting or felling wood:—as Subst., ῥῥῥῶς, ὁ, a woodcutter, wood-

man. II. proparox. ῥῥῥῶς, ον, pass. cut in

the wood, used as a charm. [ῥ]

ῥῥῥῶς-ουργός, ὄν, (ῥῥῥῶς, ἔργω) working wood:—as

Subst., ῥῥῥῶς, ὁ, a carpenter or woodman. [ῥ]

ῥῥῥῶς-φάγος, ον, (ῥῥῥῶς, φάγναι) feeding in the woods.

ῥῥῥῶς-φορβός, ὄν, (ῥῥῥῶς, φέρβω) feeding in the woods.

ῥῥῥῶς-φόρος, ον, (ῥῥῥῶς, φέρω) carrying wood.

ῥῥῥῶς-ώδης, ἔς, (ῥῥῥῶς, εἶδος) woody, wooded, bushy.

ῥῥῥῶς, [ῥ], old Aeol. Dor., and Ep. ῥῥῥῶς Ion. ῥῥῥῶς

Dor. ῥῥῥῶς: gen. ῥῥῥῶς Ion. ῥῥῥῶς, Ep. also ῥῥῥῶς: dat. ῥῥῥῶς, old Aeol. ῥῥῥῶς, ῥῥῥῶς: but ῥῥῥῶς [-ω] or ῥῥῥῶς, only in Trag.: also ῥῥῥῶς Ion. ῥῥῥῶς: Aeol.

ῥῥῥῶς Dor. ῥῥῥῶς, in Trag. also ῥῥῥῶς [-ω] or ῥῥῥῶς.

—Pron. of 2nd pers. plur. of σὶ, ye, you.

ῥῥῥῶς, [ῥ], ὁ, (ῥῥῥῶς) hymenaeus, a wedding-song,

sung by the bride's attendants as they led her to the bridegroom's house.

II. later, = ῥῥῥῶς, *Hymen*.

the god of marriage, addressed in the wedding-songs as Ἰμήν ᾧ Ὑμέναιε Dor. Ὑμᾶν ᾧ Ὑμέναιε, Lat. *Hymen o Hymenaeae*. Hence

ἡμεναῖδω, f. ὦσω, to sing the wedding-song. II. to take to wife. [ὑ]

ἡμενίμος, ὁ, (*Ἰμήν) epith. of Bacchus as god of joy. ἡμενό-πτερος, ον, (ἡμήν, πτέρον) with wings of skin, membrane-winged, of the bat. [ὑ]

ἡμεν-δοτρακός, ον, (ἡμήν, δοτρακον) made of earthenware as thin as a membrane. [ὑ]

ἡμέτε, Dor. for ἡμεῖς.

ἡμέτερος, α, ον, (ἡμεῖς) your, yours, Lat. *vester*; also with gen. of the personal pron. added, as ἡμέτερος αὐτῶν θυμός your own mind; ἡμέτερόνδε to your house; τὸ ἡμέτερον (sc. μέρος) what in you lies, for your part. [ὑ]

ἸΜΗΝ [ὑ], ἑνός, ὁ, a skin, membrane.

ἸΜΗΝ [ὑ], ἑνός, ὁ, Hymen, the god of marriages, cf. Ὑμέναιος. II. like ἡμεναῖος, a wedding-song.

ἡμμε, Aeol., Dor. and Ep. acc. of ἡμεῖς.

ἡμμες, Aeol., Dor. and Ep. for ἡμεῖς.

ἡμμι, ἡμμιν, Aeol., Dor. and Ep. dat. of ἡμεῖς.

ἡμμος, α, ον, Aeol. for ἡμός, ἡμέτερος.

ἡμν-ἀγός, ον, ὁ, (ἡμνος, ἀγορεύω) a singer of hymns.

ἡμνεάται [ᾱ], Ion. for ἡμνηται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἡμνέω.

ἡμνέω, Ep. for ἡμνέω.

ἡμνέομε, Dor. for ἡμνέομεν, 1 pl. of ἡμνέω.

ἡμνέω, Dor. 3 pl. ἡμνεῖσι, part. fem. ἡμνεῖσα: fut. ἡσώ: aor. 1 ἡμνησα: pf. ἡμνηκα: (ἡμνος):—to sing, praise, sing of, tell of, decant upon, Lat. *canere*, c. acc.: part. pass. ἡμνούμενος, renowned, famous. 2. in bad sense, to tell of, reproach, chide, Lat. *increpare*. 3. to tell over and over again, to be always telling of, keep harping upon, Lat. *decantare*: to recite, as, τὸν νόμον ἡμνεῖν to recite the form of the law.

II. intr. to sing, chant.

ἡμνητήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, and ἡμνητήρ, οὔ, ὁ, (ἡμνέω) a singer of hymns, a minstrel, bard.

ἡμνητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἡμνέω, sung, praised, lauded, famous.

ἡμνίω, Dor. for ἡμνέω.

ἡμνο-θέτης, ον, ὁ, (ἡμνος, τίθημι) a composer of hymns, a lyric poet:—as Adj., ἡμνοθέτης στέφανος a garland of minstrelsy.

ἡμνο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἡμνος, ποιέω) making hymns: as Subst. ἡμνοποῖός, ὁ, a minstrel.

ἡμνο-πόλος, ον, (ἡμνος, πόλλω) busied with hymns: as Subst., ἡμνοπόλος, ὁ, a lyric poet, minstrel.

ἸΜΝΟΣ, a song: a hymn, festive song or ode, commonly in honour of gods or heroes.

ἡμνωδός, f. ἥσω, (ἡμνωδός) to sing a hymn or song of praise: c. acc. cognato, to sing, chant. II. to give a prophetic response. Hence

ἡμνωδία, ἡ, the singing or chanting of a hymn. II. a prophetic strain.

ἡμν-ωδός, ὄν, (ἡμνος, ᾠδή) singing hymns or odes; ἡμνωδοὶ κύριαι the minstrel maids.

ἡμός, ἁ and ἡ, ὄν, Dor. and Ep. for ἡμέτερος, your.

ἦν, acc. of ὅς.

ὄο-μουσία, ἡ, (ὄς, Μούσα) swine's music, swinish taste in music.

ὄός, gen. of ὄς.

ὄοο-κύαμος, ὁ, (ὄς, κύαμος) hog-bean, answering to our *ben-dane*, which causes giddiness and madness.

ὑπ-ἄγγελος, ον, (ὑπό, ἄγγελος) summoned by a messenger.

ὑπα-γκαλίσσω, f. ᾶω, (ὑπό, ἀγκαλίζομαι) to take in the arms, embrace, clasp in the arms: so in pf. part. pass., γένος ὑπηγκαλισμένη having clasped the children in her arms. Hence

ὑπαγκάλισμα, ατος, τό, that which is taken into the arms, a wife, mistress.

ὑπ-ἀγορεύω, f. σω, to dictate, Lat. *praeire verbis*.

ὑπ-άγω [ᾱ]: impf. ὑπῆγον: f. ὑπάξω: aor. 2 ὑπῆραγον:—to lead or bring under; ὑπάγειν ἵππους ζυγον to bring the horses under the yoke, yoke them; also simply ὑπάγειν ἵππους. 2. to bring under one's power:—Med. to bring under one's own power, reduce. 3. to draw from under, Lat. *subducere*:—Pass., ὑπαγομένον τοῦ χώματος as the mound of earth was drawn away from under. II. to bring a person before the judge; ὑπάγειν τινά ὑπὸ τὸ δικαστήριον to bring one before the court or under the cognisance of the court, i. e. to accuse, impeach him: ὑπάγειν τινά θανάτου ὑπὸ τὸν δῆμον to impeach him before the commons on a capital charge; so ὑπάγειν τινά alone.

III. to lead slowly on, Lat. *inducere*; to lead one by degrees or secretly, to draw on an enemy by stratagem: to lead, draw one on, induce one (to do a thing):—Med. to suggest, throw out so as to lead a person on: so in Pass., to be led, drawn on, induced, mostly in bad sense. IV. to lead or take secretly away, draw off, withdraw. V. intrans. to take oneself away secretly, withdraw, retire: of an army, to draw off or retire slowly. 2. to go after, go slowly on: ὑπάγε, like *aye*, come! cheer up!

ὑπάγωγος, ἑως, ὁ, (ὑπάγω) a travel or tool for shaping bricks.

ὑπάγωγῃ, ἡ, (ὑπάγω) a leading on gradually or secretly.

ὑπ-ᾄσω, f. -ᾄσομαι, (ὑπό, ᾄσω) to sing, to accompany with the voice. II. to sing by way of prelude.

ὑπαί, poet. for ὑπό.

ὑπαίδειδουκα, Ep. for ὑποδείδουκα, pf. of ὑποδεῖδω.

ὑπαἰδεόμαι, f. -έσομαι, Dep. to show some respect to another, c. acc.

ὑπαῖθ, Adv. (ὑπαί poet. for ὑπό) out under, slipping under and away: escaping to one side. II. as Prep. with gen., under, near, at one's side.

ὑπ-αἰθριος, ον, also α, ον, (ὑπό, αἰθήρ) under the sky, in the open air.

ὑπ-αἰθρος, ον, = ὑπαῖθριος, mostly in phrase, ἐν ὑπαῖθρι, Lat. *sub Dio*, in the open air.

ὑπ-αἰψω, = ὑποκαίω, to set on fire from beneath or secretly.

ὑπ-αινίσσομαι Att. -πτομαι: f. -ξομαι: Dep.:—

no intimate darkly give a slight hint of, make a covert allusion to.

ὑπ-αίρῳ, Ion. for ὑπαίρῳ.

ὑπ-αἰσσω, f. ξω, to dart beneath, c. acc. II. to dart from under, c. gen.

ὑπ-αισχύνομαι, Pass. (ὑπό. αἰσχύνω) to be somewhat ashamed of a thing before a person, c. dupl. acc.

ὑπ-αἰτος. on (ὑπό, αἰτία) under accusation, called to account for a thing; ὑπαίτιος τι responsible or accountable to one.

ὑπ-ακούῃ, ἡ, (ὑπακούω) hearkening to, obedience.

ὑπάκουσιν Dor. for ὑπακουσον, aor. i imperat. of ὑπακούω.

ὑπ-ακούω, f. -ακουσομαι; pf. -ακήκοα;—to listen, hearken give ear to; to listen to and answer. II.

to hearken to, give ear to, with gen. or dat.: often used of porters, to answer a knock at the door. 1. to obey, submit to, c. gen. pers.: to yield to, comply with, c. dat. pers.: absol. to submit, comply.

ὑπ-αλείφα, f. ψω, to spread thinly on, spread like ointment. II. to anoint:—Med. to anoint oneself;

ὑπαλείφειν τοὺς ὀφθαλμούς to anoint one's eyes.

ὑπ-αλέυομαι, imperat. -αλεύεο: Dep.: (ὑπό, ἀλεύω)—to avoid, shun, flee from, escape, elude, c. acc.;

mostly used in aor. I part. ὑπαλειόμενος ὑπαλλάξαι, ἡ, (ὑπαλλάσσω) an interchange, exchange.

II. *hypallagē*, a figure of speech, by which the parts of a proposition seem to be interchanged.

ὑπ-αλλάσσω Att. ττω, f. ξω, to interchange, exchange, barter

ὑπαλύξαι, aor. I part. of ὑπαλυσκω

ὑπάλυξαι, aor. ἡ, an avoiding, shunning escaping, eluding. From

ὑπ-αλύσκω, f. ξω. aor. I part. ὑπαλύξαι—like ὑπαλύομαι, to avoid, shun, flee from, escape, evade, c. acc.; χρεῖος ὑπαλύξαι having got quit of a debt.

ὑπ-αναγινώσκω, later -γινώσκω: f. -γινώσομαι:—to read by way of preface.

ὑπ-ανακίνω, f. ἡσω, intr. to rise up and go away.

ὑπ-ανάλίσκω, f. -ανάλῶσαι: aor. I -ανάλωσα:—to spend, waste, consume gradually.

ὑπ-αναχωρέω, f. ἡσω, to retire slowly.

ὑπαναστάτεον, verb. Adj. of ὑπανίσταμαι, one must rise up, to make room for another.

ὑπ-άνδρος, ov, (ὑπό, ἀνὴρ) under or subject to a man, married.

ὑπανηλώδην, aor. I pass. of ὑπαναλίσκω.

ὑπ-αντιά, f. άσω Ion. ἡσω:—to trouble or vex a little:—Pass. to be somewhat distressed.

ὑπ-ανίστημι, f. -αναστήσω: aor. I -ανέστησα:—to make to rise up, raise up gradually. II. Pass.,

with aor. 2 act. -ανέστην; pf. -ανέστηκα:—to rise, stand up: of game, to start up, to be sprung or roused; ὑπαναστήναι τῇς ἑδρας to rise up from one's seat to shew respect to another, Lat. *assurgere alicui*; ὑπαναστήναι τοῖς πρεσβυτέροις to rise up so as to make room for one's elders.

ὑπ-ανοίγω, f. ξω, to open underband or furtively; ὑπανοίγειν γράμματα to intercept and open letters.

ὑπ-αντάω Ion. -έω: f. ἡσω:—to come or go to meet, either as friend or foe. II. to meet, reply to.

Hence

ὑπάντησις, εως, ἡ, a coming to meet.

ὑπ-αντιάξω, f. άσω, to come or go to meet, step forth to meet, c. dat.; also c. acc.

ὑπ-ἀπειλώ, f. ἡσω, to threaten underband.

ὑπ-άπειμι, (ὑπό, ἀπό, εἶμι ibo) to depart underband or slowly, to retreat, retire.

ὑπ-αποκίνω, f. ἡσω, intr. to move off secretly, slink away, c. gen.:—verb. Adj. ὑπαποκινητέον, one must make off, slink away.

ὑπ-αποτρέχω, f. -θρέβομαι and -δράμωμαι, to run away secretly, slip away.

ὑπ-άπτω, Ion. for ὑφάπτω.

ῥῥΙΑΨ, τό, indecl. a real appearance when one is awake, a waking vision, opp. to ὕπαρ a mere dream: οὐκ ὕπαρ, ἀλλ' ῥῥια, i.e. no illusion but a reality. II. the acc. is used absol. as Adv., in a waking state, awake: hence really, actually. [ῥ]

ὑπαργαμί, Ion. for ὑπηργαμί, pf. pass. of ὑπάρχω.

ὑπ-ἀργύρος, ov, (ὑπό, ἀργυρος) having silver underneath: of rocks, containing silver, veined with silver: of metallic substances, containing a proportion of silver. II. turned into silver, sold for silver. III. of silver-gilt. IV. bired for silver, venal.

ὑπ-αρνος, ov, (ὑπό, ἀρνίον gen. of ἀρνός) with a lamb under, suckling a lamb: metaph. suckling an infant.

ὑπαρξίς, εως, ἡ, (ὑπάρχω) subsistence: one's substance, possessions, goods.

ὑπ-αρπάξω, Ion. for ὑφαρπάξω.

ὑπ-αρχή, ἡ, (ὑπό, ἀρχή) the beginning: ἐξ ὑπαρχῆς from the beginning, over again, afresh.

ὑπ-αρχος, ὁ, (ὑπό, ἀρχω) commanding under another: a lieutenant-governor, viceroy.

ὑπ-άρχω, f. ξω: aor. I ὑπῆρξα: Pass., pf. ὑπηργαμί: 3 sing. πλqpf. ὑπηρκετο: (ὑπό, ἀρχω):—to begin: c. gen.:

1. to make a beginning of. 2. c. part. to begin doing; ὑπάρχει εὖ ποιῶν τινα he begins doing good to one. 3. c. acc., ὑπάρχειν εὐεργεσίας εἰς τινα to begin [doing] kindnesses to one: Pass., τῷ τινας ὑπαρχμένα (Ion. for ὑπηργμένα) the beginnings made by one; τὰ παρὰ τῶν θεῶν ὑπηργμένα what has been given by the gods. 4. absol. to begin

II. to come into being, arise, spring up. 2. to be at hand, be ready. 3. to be:

ὑπάρχει impers., the case is.: ἡ ὑπάρχουσα τιμή the price being what it may.

III. to lie under, hence like ὑποκείμαι, to be taken for granted; τούτου ὑπάρχοντος, Lat. *his positis*, it is being granted, this being the case.

IV. to belong to, fall to: of persons, to be devoted to. 2. often in part., τὰ ὑπάρχοντα one's property, or present circumstances as advantages; ἐκ τῶν ὑπάρχοντων according to one's means.

3. impers., ὑπάρχει μοι it belongs to me I have.

IV. to be sufficient: ὑπάρχει impers., #

is possible, c. inf.; so absol. in part. neut. ὑπαρχον, since it is possible.

ὑπ-ασπιπίδιος, *ov*, (ὑπό, ἀσπίς) under cover of the shield; ὑπασπιπίδιος κόσμος the body-armour. [Υ']
ὑπ-ασπίζω, *f. iōw*, to carry the shield for one, serve as a shield-bearer. Hence

ὑπασπιστήρ, ἥρος, *ὁ*, and ὑπασπιστής, *οὔ, ο*, a shield-bearer, esquire, generally, an armour-bearer.

ὑπ-αστρος, *ov*, (ὑπό, ἄστρον) under the stars: guided by the stars.

ὑπάτικός, *ἡ, ov*, (ὑπατος *u*) of consular rank, Lat. consularis.

ὑπάτος [ὑ], *η, ov*, contr. for ὑπέρτατος, like Lat. summus for supremus, the highest, uppermost, first, epith. of Jove; *ὁ ὑπατοί*, Lat. *superi*, the gods above, opp. to those beneath the earth (χθόνιοι, ἐνεσολ, Lat. *inferi*).

2. of Place, highest, topmost; *ἐν πυρῇ ὑπάρη* on the very top of the funeral pile, c. gen. (as if it were a superlative Preposition), ὑπατοί λεχέων high above their nest. 3. of Quality, highest, best. 4. of Time, last, Lat. *supremus*.

II. ὑπατος, *ὁ*, as Subst., was used to render the Roman Consul.

ὑπ-αυγάζω. *f. άσω*, to begin to shine, dawn, of day-break.

ὑπ-αυλέω, *f. ήσω*, to play the flute in accompaniment.

ὑπ-αυλος, *ov*, (ὑπό, αὐλή) under the tent; σκηνῆς ὑπαυλος under cover of the tent.

ὑπ-αυχένιος, *a, ov*, (ὑπό, αὐχὴν) under the neck: as Subst., ὑπαυχένιον, *τό*, a cushion or pillow for the neck.

ὑπ-αφίσταμαι, with *aor. 2 act.* -ἀπέστην, *pf.* -ἀφίστηκα:—to step back slowly, retire.

ὑπ-αφρος, *ov*, (ὑπό, ἀφρός) somewhat frothy, moist.

ὑπ-αφρων, *ovos, ὁ, ἡ*, (ὑπό, ἀφρων) somewhat silly or senseless: Comp. ἀφρονέστερος.

ὑπάεισι, *Ion.* for ὑπείσι, 3 pl. of ὑπείμι (*εἰμί sum*).

ὑπέβαλον, *aor. 2* of ὑποβάλλω.

ὑπ-ἐγγυος, *ov*, (ὑπό, ἐγγύη) under surety: or persons, having given surety, responsible, liable to be called to account; ὑπ-ἐγγυος πλὴν θανάτου subject to any punishment except death.

ὑπεδάμνα, 3 sing. *impf.* of ὑποδάμνημι.

ὑπέδεισαν, *Ep.* for ὑπέδεισαν, 3 pl. *aor. 1* of ὑποδείδω.

ὑπ-εδείδισαν, 3 pl. *plqpf.* of ὑποδεῖδαι.

ὑπέδειξα, *aor. 1* of ὑποδείκνυμι.

ὑπέδεκτο, 3 sing. *Ep.* *aor. 2* pass. of ὑποδέχομαι.

ὑπέδραμόν, *aor. 2* of ὑποτρέχω.

ὑπέδυν, *aor. 2* of ὑποδύνω.

ὑπεδύνατο [ὑ], *Ep.* 3 sing. *aor. 1* med. of ὑποδύνω.

ὑπεθερμάνθη, *aor. 1* pass. of ὑποθερμαίνω.

ὑπ-εδόμην, (ὑπό, *εἶδω), *aor. 2* med. with no pres. in use, to look at, view from below: metaph. to mistrust, suspect, Lat. *suspiciari*.

ὑπ-εκάθον, *inf.* ὑπείκαθεν, *poët. aor. 2* of ὑπείκω.

ὑπ-εκάνω, *verb.* Adj. *one must give way*. From

ὑπ-εἶκω *Ep.* ὑπόεικα: *fut.* -εἶξω or -εἶξομαι: *aor.* ἱπείξα *Ep.* ὑπόειξα: *poët. aor. 2* ὑπέκασθον:—to retire, withdraw; ὑπείκειν τινὶ ἔδρηε to retire from

one's seat for another, make room for him; ὑπείκειν τινὶ λόγων to give him the first word. 2. c. acc. to escape, shun, elude; χεῖρας ἐμάς ὑπόειξε *be* escaped my hands.

II. to yield, give way: generally, to submit to, to obey.

ὑπ-εἰμι, (ὑπό, εἰμί *sum*, to *be* under, Lat. *subesse*; φίλτατοι ἄνδρες ἐμῷ ὑπέσι μελάρθρῳ my best friends are under my roof: of horses, to *be* under the yoke, to *be* yoked in the chariot. II. to *be* or *lie* underneath: to *be* at the bottom. 2. to *be* laid down, granted, assumed. 3. of things, to *be* left remaining: to remain behind, after everything else

III. generally, to *be* at or near, *be* at hand, at command.

IV. to *be* subjected or subject.

ὑπ-εἰμι, (ὑπό, εἰμι *ibo*) to come or go under, to steal in secretly, Lat. *subire*; ὑπέναι τινα to insinuate oneself into a person's favour. II. to depart gradually or secretly.

ὑπέξομαι, *fut. med.* of ὑπείκω: *Ep.* 2 sing. ὑπέξεαι.

ὑπέπινον, (ὑπό, εἶπον) *aor. 2* with no pres. in use, to say or repeat before another, Lat. *praeire verba*: also, to premise, say by way of introduction: to suggest. 2. to explain, interpret.

ὑπέρ, *poët.* for ὑπέρ, used when a long syll. is needed before a vowel, e. g. ὑπέρ ἄλα. [ὑ]

ὑπερέβαλον, *Ep.* *aor. 2* of ὑπερβάλλω.

ὑπέρεχον, *Ep.* for ὑπέρεχεον, *impf.* of ὑπερέχω.

ὑπέριηκα, ὑπέριημα, see ὑπερέω.

ὑπέροχος, *ov*, *poët.* and *Ion.* for ὑπεροχος.

ὑπέστας, *Ion.* for ὑφέστας, *aor. 1* part. of ὑφέσσω having set on, suborned.

ὑπ-ευσδόμαι, *Dep.*, with *aor. 2 act.* -ευσέδυν, *pf.* -ευσέδυνκα:—to slip or steal in, enter secretly.

ὑπ-εἰσεμι, (*εἰμι ibo*) to go in covertly.

ὑπ-έκ, before a vowel ὑπέξ, (ὑπό, ἐξ) *Prep.* with gen., *out from under, from beneath*: also written *divisim* ὑπ' ἐκ.

ὑπεκβάλλω, to cast out secretly.

ὑπεκδράμειν, *aor. 2* *inf.* of ὑπεκτρέχω.

ὑπ-εκδύομαι, *Dep.*, with *aor. 2 act.* -εξέδυν, *pf.* -εκδέδυνκα:—to get secretly out of, slip out of, shun, escape, c. acc.: absol. to slip out, steal out.

ὑπ-εκεχύτο, 3 sing. *plqpf.* pass. of ὑποχέω.

ὑπ-εκαίω, *f.* -καύσω, to set on fire from below or by degrees: metaph. to set on fire secretly.

ὑπ-εκαλύπτω, *f. ψω*, to uncover from below or a little.

ὑπέκαυμα, *ατος, τό*, (ὑπεκαίω) *fuei* put under to light a fire, combustible matter. 2. metaph. a provocative, incentive.

ὑπ-έκειμαι, *Pass.* to be carried out and away, to be put safe away, to be stored up or stowed in a safe place.

ὑπ-εκκλίνω, to bend aside, escape, delude.

ὑπ-εκομίζω, *f. iōw* Att. *iō*, to carry out or away secretly:—Med., ὑπεκομίσασθαι πάντα to get all one's goods carried secretly out.

ὑπ-εκλαμβάνω, *f.* -λήψομαι, to carry off underhand.

ὑπεκλήνθη, *aor. 1* pass. of ὑποκλίνω.

ὑπ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away underhand; ὑπεκπέμπειν χθονός to send secretly out of the land.
 ὑπ-εκπροθέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run forth from under, start out before: c. acc. to outrun, outstrip.
 ὑπ-εκπρολύω, f. σω, to loose from under: of horses, to unloose from under the yoke.
 ὑπ-εκπρορέω, f. -ρῆσομαι, to flow forth from under.
 ὑπ-εκπροφεύγω, f. -φεύβομαι, to flee away secretly, escape and flee: c. acc. to flee away secretly from.
 ὑπ-εκπροφυγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπεκπροφεύγω.
 ὑπεκρύφθην, aor. I pass. of ὑποκρύπτω.
 ὑπ-εκσώζω, to save from under, rescue or deliver from.
 ὑπ-εκτάνυω, to stretch out under.
 ὑπ-εκτίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put out secretly:—Med. to remove one's effects from a place of danger, carry safely away:—Pass. to be carried safe away.
 ὑπ-εκτρέπω, f. ψω, to turn gradually or secretly from a thing:—Med. to turn aside from, c. acc.
 ὑπ-εκτρέχω, f. -θρέβομαι and -δράμωμαι: aor. 2 -εξεδράμω (cf. τρέχω) γ- to run out from under, run beyond: to escape from, c. acc.
 ὑπέκυψα, aor. I of ὑποκύπτω.
 ὑπ-εκφέρω, to lift up a little. II. to carry out from under, esp. from danger: to carry away. III. intr., ὑπεκφέρειν ἡμέρης ὁδῷ to get on before, to get the start of another by a day's journey.
 ὑπ-εκφεύγω, f. -φεύβομαι, to fly out or escape secretly: to escape secretly from, c. acc.
 ὑπέκφυγε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπεκφεύγω.
 ὑπεκ-χαλάω, f. άσω [ά], to slacken from below or slightly.
 ὑπ-εχωρέω, f. ήσω, to retire secretly: withdraw quietly from a place: c. dat. pers. to retire and give place to one.
 ὑπέλαβον, aor. 2 of ὑπολαμβάνω.
 ὑπ-ελαύνω: f. -ελάσω [ά] Att. -ελῶ:—to drive under: intr. (sub. ἵππον) to ride up to.
 ὑπελείφθην, aor. I pass. of ὑπολείπω.
 ὑπέλθοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ὑπέρχομαι.
 ὑπέλοντο, Ep. for ὑφείλοντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of ὑφαιρέω.
 ὑπέλυτο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ὑπολύω.
 ὑπέλυσο [υ], Ep. 2 sing. aor. I med. of ὑπολύω.
 ὑπέμεινα, aor. I of ὑπομένω.
 ὑπεμνάσθε, Ep. 2 pl. impf. of ὑπομνάομαι.
 ὑπεμνήμυκε, Ep. for ὑπήμεκε, 3 sing. pf. of ὑπ-ημύω, to hang down the head. This is the only form of the Verb in use, and this only in one place, of an orphan boy, πάντα δ' ὑπεμνήμυκε he stands with head utterly hung down: see ἡμύω.
 ὑπ-εναντιόομαι, Dep. to oppose covertly.
 ὑπ-εναντίας, α, ov, (ὑπό, ἐναντίας) set over against, opposite. II. set against, hostile: as Subst., οἱ ὑπεναντίοι the enemy:—neut. as Adv., τὸ ὑπεναντίον τούτου in opposition thereto.
 ὑπεναντίως, eae, ή, (ὑπεναντιόομαι) a being opposed to: contrariety.
 ὑπ-ενδίδωμι, to give way a little, give in a little.

ὑπ-ἐνδύμα, ατος, τό, (ὑπό, ἐνδύω) an under-garment.
 ὑπ-ἐνερθε and -θεν, Adv. (ὑπό, ἐνερθε) under, underneath, beneath: under the earth, in the world below: c. gen. under, beneath.
 ὑπ-εξ, form assumed by ὑπ-εκ before a vowel.
 ὑπεξ-άγαγοι [γά], 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ὑπεξάγω.
 ὑπ-εξάγω, f. ξω, to carry out from under or secretly, esp. out of danger into safety. II. intr. to retire or withdraw gradually.
 ὑπ-εξαίρω, f. ήωv: pf. pass. -εξήρημαι Ion. -εξαράρημαι: aor. 2 -εξείλον:—to take away privily, destroy, remove secretly or gradually: τοῦτ' ἐκλήμ' ὑπεξελών having done away with the offence: generally, to set aside, put out of the question, hence in pf. pass. part., τούτων ὑπεξαραρημένων these things having been put out of the question:—Med. to take out or away privily for oneself: to steal or purloin.
 ὑπ-εξαίρω, to raise, lift up from below.
 ὑπ-εξακρίβω, to go up to the mountain-top.
 ὑπεξάλεσθαι, aor. I inf. of ὑπεξάλλομαι (a Dep. pres. not in use, see ἀλλέομαι), to flee out away and escape, c. acc.
 ὑπ-εξάλλωσκω, f. έξω, to flee away or escape from secretly, c. acc.
 ὑπ-εξαναβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to rise out from under secretly or gradually.
 ὑπ-εξανόχομαι, Pass. with aor. 2 med. -εξηγαγόμην, to sail out and away secretly. [άγ]
 ὑπεξαναδύομαι, Med., with aor. 2 act. -εξανέδυν, pf. -εξανεδεδυκα:—to come up from under gradually, esp. to rise from out the sea.
 ὑπεξαναδύς, ύσα, ύν, aor. 2 part. of foreg.
 ὑπ-εξανίσταμαι, Pass. to rise up and give place to.
 ὑπ-εξαντλέω, f. ήσω, to drain out from below, exhaust.
 ὑπεξαράρημαι, Ion. for ὑπεξήρημαι, pf. pass. of ὑπεξαίρω.
 ὑπ-εξείμι, (ὑπό, έξ, εἶμι ibo) to go away under or secretly, withdraw gradually: ὑπεξείναι τινί to make way for one. II. to go out to meet or against one.
 ὑπ-εξείρῳ, Ion. for ὑπεξέρῳ.
 ὑπ-εξελαίνω: fut. -εξελάσω [ά] Att. -εξελεῶ:—to drive out from under, drive off secretly. II. intr. to march away secretly or slowly.
 ὑπεξελείν, -ών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ὑπεξαίρω.
 ὑπ-εξέρῳ Ion. -εξείρῳ, to draw out from under, draw away underhand.
 ὑπ-εξέρχομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -εξηλθον, pf. -εξεληλύθα:—to go out from under: to go out secretly, withdraw, retire: also c. acc. to retire, withdraw from or before. 2. to rise up and quit one's settlements, to emigrate. II. to go out to meet.
 ὑπεξεσάωσεν, 3 sing. aor. I of an Ep. pres. ὑπεκ-σαώω, = ὑπεκσάζω.
 ὑπεξέφυγε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπεκφεύγω.
 ὑπ-εξήγω, intr. to withdraw secretly from a place.
 ὑπ-εξίσταμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. -εξέστην, pf. -εξέστηκα:—to go out from under, come but suddenly. • II. to go out of the way of, shun, avoid:

c. dat. *to give place to, rise up and make way for.* III. c. gen. rei, *to withdraw one's claims to a thing, retire from competition.*

ὑπέπλευσα, aor. I of ὑποπλέω.

ὑπέπτατο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑποπτάμαι.

ΥΠΕΡ Ep. ὑπέρ, in phrases ὑπὲρ ἁλός and ὑπὲρ ἁλα: Prep. governing gen. and acc., Lat. *SUPER*. Hence are formed the Comp. and Sup. ὑπεότερος, -τατος. [ῥ]

WITH GENIT., expressing that *over* which something is: 1. of Place, *over*: of rest, *over, above*; ὑπὲρ κεφαλῆς στήναι *to stand over a person's head*: 2. of motion, *over, across*; or *over, beyond*.

II. (from the notion of standing *over* to protect) *for, in defence of, in behalf of*; ὑπὲρ τῆς πατρίδος ἀμύνειν *to fight in defence of one's country*.

2. *for, because of, by reason of*: *for the purpose of, for the sake of*; ὑπὲρ τοῦ μὴ ἀποθανεῖν *for the sake of not dying*.

3. *for, instead of, in the name of, acting for*; ὑπὲρ ἑαυτοῦ in his stead. III. like περί, on, of, concerning, respecting, Lat. *de*.

WITH ACCUS., expressing that *over* and *beyond* which a thing goes: 1. of Place, *over, beyond, past*.

II. of Measure, *over, above, exceeding, beyond*: ὑπὲρ τὴν ἡλικίαν *above his years*. 2. *beyond what is right, against, contrary to*; ὑπὲρ αἰσαν *contrary to right*; ὑπὲρ θεόν *contrary to the will of the god*.

III. of Number, *above, upwards of, beyond, up to and over*; ὑπὲρ τὸ ἥμισυ *above half*.

POSITION: ὑπέρ may follow its Subst. in all cases, when it is written ὑπέρ.

IN COMPOS., ὑπέρ signifies *over, above, of Place, as in ὑπερβαίνω*.

2. *in defence of, in behalf of, as in ὑπερ-αλγέω, mostly c. gen.* 3. of excess, as in ὑπερ-ῥήφανος.

ὑπέρα, ῆ, (ὑπέρ) *the uppermost rope, the brace attached to each end of the sailyards (ἐπίμρια), by means of which the sails are shifted.* [ῥ]

ὑπερ-ἄβέλτερος, on, also α, on *above measure simple or silly*.

ὑπερ-ἀγᾶμαι, Dep. *to admire above measure.* [ᾱγ]

ὑπερ-ἀγανακτέω, f. ῥσω, *to be exceedingly angry or indignant at a thing*.

ὑπερ-ἀγαπάω, f. ῥσω, *to love exceedingly*.

ὑπερ-ἀγωνιάω, *to be in great distress of mind*.

ὑπερ-ἀής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπέρ, ἀήμι) *blowing down from: above or blowing very hard*.

ὑπερ-αιμώδω, (ὑπέρ, αἷμα) *to have overmuch blood*.

ὑπερ-αίρω, *to lift up over*: Med. and Pass. *to rise above, be lifted up*. II. *to rise up over, to climb over, scale, Lat. transcendere, c. acc.*

2. *to transcend, excel, outdo: to conquer*. 3. *to overshoot, go beyond, exceed c. acc.*

4. absol. of a river, *to overflow*.

ὑπέρ-αισχος, on, *exceeding base or ugly*.

ὑπέρ-αισχύνομαι, Pass. *to feel much ashamed*.

ὑπέρ-αυρίω, f. ῥσω, *to hang up over or above*.

II. Pass. *to be suspended over, project*

over a thing:—of ships, c. gen. loci, to lie off a place.

ὑπέρ-ακμος, on, (ὑπέρ, ἀκμή) *beyond the bloom of youth*.

ὑπέρ-ἄκοντιζω, f. ῖσω, *to overshoot, hence to outdo, surpass: c. part., ὑπερακοντίειν τινὰ κλέπτων to outdo one in stealing.*

ὑπέρ-ἄκριβής, ἐς, *exceedingly accurate or careful*.

ὑπέρ-ἄκρίζω, f. σω, *to mount and climb over*. II. *to project or beetle over, c. gen.*

ὑπέρ-ἄκριος, on, (ὑπέρ, ἀκρά) *over or upon the heights: τὰ ὑπεράκρια the heights above the plain; οἱ ὑπεράκριοι, at Athens, the inhabitants of the Attic uplands*.

ὑπέρ-ακρος, on, (ὑπέρ, ακρος) *over the top: metaph. going to extremes; Adv. ὑπεράκρως, to excess*.

ὑπέρ-αλγέω, f. ῥσω, *to be afflicted or feel pain for a thing: to grieve exceedingly at a thing: absol. to feel great pain of mind*.

ὑπέρ-αλγής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπέρ, αλγος) *exceeding grievous or painful*.

ὑπέρ-ἄλλομαι, f. -αλοῦμαι: aor. I -ἠλάμην: Ep. aor. 2 ὑπεράλτο, part. ὑπεράλμενος: Dep.:—*to spring or leap over, c. gen.; also c. acc.*

ὑπέρ-ἄλλος, on, *over or above others*.

ὑπεράλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of ὑπεράλλομαι.

ὑπεράλτο, 3 sing. aor. of ὑπεράλλομαι.

ὑπέρ-αναιδέομαι, Pass. *to be surpassed in impudence*.

ὑπέρ-αναίσχυτος, on, *exceeding impudent*.

ὑπέρ-ανατείνω, f. -ατενῶ, *to stretch excessively*.

ὑπέρ-ανίστημι, Pass. with aor. 2 act. -ἀνέστην, pf. -ἀνέστηκα, *to stand up or project above*.

ὑπέρ-αντλέομαι, Pass. (ὑπέρ, ἀντλέω) *to be very leaky, to be waterlogged*.

ὑπέρ-αντλος, on, quite full of water, waterlogged: metaph. overwhelmed, borne down. II. act. overflowing, overwhelming.

ὑπέρ-άνω, Adv. *over, above: ὑπεράνω γιγνεσθαι to get the upper hand of.* [ᾱ]

ὑπέρ-άνωρ, opus, ὁ, Dor. for υπερήνωρ.

ὑπέρ-ἄπατάω, f. ῥσω, *to deceive or cheat excessively*.

ὑπέρ-ἀποθνήσκω, f. -αποθνήσκω, *to die for*.

ὑπέρ-ἀποκρίνομαι, Med. *to answer for any one, vindicate.* [ῖ]

ὑπέρ-ἀπολογίαίμαι, fut. med. ῥσωμαι: Dep. *to speak for or in behalf of any one, defend*.

ὑπέρ-ἄρρωδέω, f. ῥσω, Ion. for υπεραρρωδέω, *to be exceedingly afraid, τῇ Ἑλλάδι for Hellas*.

ὑπέρ-ασθμος, on, (ὑπέρ, ἀσθμα) *gasping or panting exceedingly*.

ὑπέρ-ασπαίζομαι, f. ἀσπασμι Dep. *to be exceedingly fond of, greet very kindly*.

ὑπέρ-ἄτοπος, on, beyond measure absurd.

ὑπέρ-αττικός, ῆ, ὄν, excessively Attic, carrying the Attic dialect to excess. Adv. -κῶς.

ὑπέρ-αυγής, ἐς, (ὑπέρ, αὐγή) *exceedingly bright*.

ὑπέρ-αυξάνω, f. -αυξήσω, *to increase or enlarge*

above measure.

II. intr. to abound beyond mea-

sure

ὑπερ-αύξω, rarer form of ὑπεραυξάνω.

ὑπεραυχέω, f. ἦσω, to be over-provid. From

ὑπέρ-αυχος, ὄν, (ὑπέρ, αὐχῆ) exceeding boastful, overproud.

ὑπερ-άφανος, ὄν, Dat. for ὑπερήφανος.

ὑπερ-αχθής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπέρ, ἄχθος) overburdened.

ὑπερ-ἀχθομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -αχθέσομαι, to be exceedingly vexed or grieved at a thing, c. dat.

ὑπερ-βαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ὑπερέβην Ep. ὑπέρβην: pf. -βέβηκα:—to step over, climb over, scale, c. acc.: of rivers, to overflow, run over their banks. 2. to overstep or transgress a law: absol. to transgress, trespass, offend. 3. to pass over, pass by, take no notice of, Lat. praetermitto: hence to omit. 4. to go beyond: to surpass, outdo in a thing: also absol. to exceed. II. Causal, in aor.

I ὑπερέβησα, to put over, lift or raise over.

ὑπέρβαλον, Ep. aor. 2 of υπερβάλλω.

ὑπερ-βαλλόντως, Adv. pres. act. part. of υπερβάλλω, above measure, exceedingly.

ὑπερ-βάλλω, f. -βάλῳ: Ep. aor. 2 ὑπερ-έβαλον: pf. -βέβηκα, pass. -βέβημαι:—to throw over or beyond a mark, to overshoot: to beat at throwing, to throw further. 2. to outstrip in racing. II. to overshoot, outdo, excel, surpass, exceed: ὑπερβάλλειν τὸν χρόνον to exceed the time: ὑπερβάλλειν τὸν καιρὸν to go beyond the right time: to exceed all bounds, to go too far. 2. to go on further and further, bid more and more: προέβαινε τοῖς χρήμασι ὑπερβάλλων he went on bidding more and more. 3. to be at its height, at the zenith, of the sun. 4. to be over and above. 5. part. ὑπερβάλλων, οὔσα, ὄν, exceeding great, excessive, beyond measure: τὰ ὑπερβάλλοντα an exceeding high estate. III. to pass over, cross, or traverse mountains, rivers, etc., Lat. trajicere: of ships, to double a headland. 2. of rivers, to overflow: of a kettle, to boil over.

Med. to outdo, surpass, excel, exceed, c. acc. 2. to exceed all bounds: so in pf. pass. part, ὑπερβέβλημένη γυνή an excellent woman. II. to put off, delay, c. acc.: c. part., to put off doing: absol. to delay, linger.

ὑπερ-βάρης, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπέρ, βάρος) overloaded, overweighed, exceedingly heavy.

ὑπέρβασαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of υπερβαίνω.

ὑπερβασία, ἡ, (ὑπερβαίνω) an overstepping or transgression of law, trespass: wanton violence.

ὑπερβᾶτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of υπερβαίνω, stepped over: to be passed or crossed: of a wall, to be scaled.

II. act. overstepping: in bad sense, beyond bounds, excessive, outrageous.

ὑπέρβη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of υπερβαίνω.

ὑπέρβη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of υπερβαίνω.

ὑπερ-βιάζομαι, f. ἦσομαι: Dep.: (ὑπέρ, βία) —to press with great violence, or with plague.

ὑπερ-βιάζω, f. -βιάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of υπερβαίνω, to carry over, transport.

ὑπέρ-βιος, ὄν, (ὑπέρ, βία) of overwhelming strength or might: overweening, outrageous, wanton: neut. ὑπέρβιον as Adv. wantonly, arrogantly.

ὑπερβολήν, Adv. (ὑπερβολή) immoderately, excessively. [δ]

ὑπερβολή, ἡ, (ὑπερβάλλω) a throwing beyond: an overshooting, superiority, excess in anything: οὐκ ἔχει ὑπερβολήν it can go no further: ἐς or καθ' ὑπερβολήν as Adv., excessively. 2. excessive praise, hyperbolé. II. a passing over or crossing mountains, rivers, etc. 2. a place of passage, a mountain-pass. III. (from Med.) delay, putting off.

ὑπερ-βόρεος, ὄν, (ὑπέρ, Βορέας) beyond Boreas, i. e. in the extreme north: οἱ ὑπερβόρειοι the Hyperboreans, a supposed people in the extreme north distinguished for piety and happiness: τύχη ὑπερβόρεος more than mortal fortune.

ὑπερ-βράζω, f. σω, to boil or foam over.

ὑπερ-βριθής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπέρ, βριθος) overloaded, exceedingly heavy.

ὑπερ-βρύω, to be overfull, overflow.

ὑπερ-εργάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι: pf. pass. ὑπέρργασμαι (in act. and pass. sense): Dep. —to work under, plough up, prepare for sowing. Lat. subigere. II. to subdue, reduce, bring under one: pf. in pass. sense, to be subdued, ὑπέρργασμαι ψυχὴν ἔρωτι I have been subdued in my soul by love. II. = ὑπηρετέω, to do a service: here also pf. in pass. sense, πόλλ' ὑπέρργασται φίλα many kind services have been done.

ὑπερ-γέλοιος, ὄν, (ὑπέρ, γέλοιος) above measure ridiculous or laughable.

ὑπερ-γεμίζω, f. ἰσω, to overfill, overload.

ὑπερ-γῆρας, and ὑπέρ-γηρος, ὄν, = ὑπέργηρος.

ὑπέρ-γηρος, ὄν, (ὑπέρ, γῆρας) exceeding old, of extreme age: as Subst., τὸ ὑπέργηρον extreme old age.

ὑπέρ-δάσους, v, gen. ἐός, very hairy.

ὑπερ-δεής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, Ep. acc. ὑπερδέα, for ὑπερδέα, -α: (ὑπέρ, δέος) above or beyond fear, undaunted.

ὑπερ-δέλδω, f. -δέλω, to fear for or on account of one: absol. to be in exceeding fear.

ὑπερ-δειμαίνω, to be much afraid of, c. acc.

ὑπέρ-δεινος, ὄν, exceeding dangerous or formidable.

ὑπερ-δέξιος, ὄν, placed high above one on the right hand. 2. placed above or over: ὑπερδέξιον χωρίον higher ground: ἐξ ὑπερδεξίου from vantage ground. II. superior.

ὑπερ-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind upon

ὑπερ-διατείνωμαι, Pass. to bind or exert oneself above measure.

ὑπερ-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give up in behalf of.

ὑπερδύκει, f. ἦσω, to plead or act as advocate for one, advocate his cause. From

ὑπέρ-δύκος, ὄν, (ὑπέρ, δίκη) exceeding righteous or just. II. pleading for.

ὑπερ-ερεθίζω, to stimulate a little.

ὑπερ-εἶδον, inf. ὑπερίδεν, aor. 2 without any pres. in use, ὑπεροράω being used instead :—to overlook, *superlect*, slight, despise, c. acc.; also c. gen.: cf. εἶδω.

ὑπ-ερείδω, f. σω, to put under as a prop. 2. to prop or support from beneath.

ὑπ-ερείπω, f. ψω, to undermine, subvert. II. intr. in aor. 2 ὑπέρπτον, to tumble, fall down.

ὑπερ-έκεινα, Adv. (ὑπέρ, ἐκεῖνος) on von side, on ibn further part, beyond.

ὑπερ-εκθερᾶπνεω, f. σω, to seek to win over by excessive attention.

ὑπερ-εκκρεμάννυμι, f. -κρεμάσω [ᾶ], to hang out over.

ὑπερ-εκ-περισσοῦ, Adv. for ὑπὲρ ἐκ περισσοῦ, more than superabundantly: also ὑπερεκπερισσῶς.

ὑπερ-εκπίπτω, f. -εκπεσῶμι, to fall out over or beyond. II. absol. to go beyond all bounds.

ὑπερ-εκπλήσσω, f. ἔσω: pf. pass. ὑπερεκπέπληγμαι :—to frighten or astonish beyond measure:—Pass. to be astonished excessively: c. acc. to be frightened beyond measure at.

ὑπερ-εκτείνω, f. -τείνω, to stretch beyond measure: ὑπερεκτείνειν ἑαυτὸν to stretch oneself beyond one's measure.

ὑπερ-εκτίνω [Ἰ], f. ἴσω [Ἰ], to pay for any one.

ὑπερ-εκχέω, f. -χέω, also ὑπερ-εκχύνω [ῦ], to pour over :—Pass. to run over, overflow.

ὑπερ-ελαφρός, ov, exceedingly light or active.

ὑπερ-εμπλήννυμι, f. -εμπλήσω, to fill overfull of a thing. —Pass. to be overfull, be overloaded.

ὑπερ-εμφορέομαι, Pass. to be filled quite full of.

ὑπερ-εντυγχάνω, f. τεύχομαι, to intercede for another.

ὑπερ-εξηκοντα-έτης, ἐς, gen. εὐς, (ὑπέρ, ἐξήκοντα, ἑξήκοντα) above sixty years old.

ὑπερ-επαινέω, f. ἔσω and ἴσω, to praise above measure.

ὑπερ-επιθύμω, f. ἴσω, to desire exceedingly.

ὑπερέπτα, Dor. 3 sing. aor. 2 act. of ὑπερέπτομαι.

ὑπ-ερέπτω, f. ψω, (ὑπό, ἐρέπτω) to cut away from below, undermine.

ὑπερ-έρχομαι, f. -ελευσομαι: Dep. with aor. 2 act. -ἦλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα :—to come or go out over, pass over, c. acc.: absol. to exceed, excel.

ὑπερ-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι: aor. 2 -έφαγον :—to eat immoderately.

ὑπερέσσυμαι, pf. pass. of ὑπερσεύω.

ὑπερέσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of ὑπερέχω.

ὑπερ-έσχω, aor. 2 of ὑπερέχω.

ὑπέρ-ευ, Adv. exceeding well.

ὑπέρ-ευγε, Adv., strengthd. for εὖγε, bravo, capital.

ὑπερ-ευτυχία, ἡ, exceeding good luck.

ὑπερ-ευφραίνομαι, Pass. to rejoice exceedingly.

ὑπερ-εχθαίρω, to hate exceedingly, c. acc.

ὑπερ-έχω ἤρ. ὑπερέχω: Ep. impf. ὑπείρεχον: f.

ὑπερέξω: aor. 2 ὑπερέσχω poet. -έσχεθον :—to hold over. 2. bold over as to protect; ὑπερέχειν

χείρας τινος to hold one's arms over one to shield him.

II. intr. to be above, stand out above, as out of water: to rise above, overtop: to rise up over a thing, c. gen., e.g. γαίης: of a star, to rise above the horizon.

2. metaph. to be above, be superior, to excel, surpass, be the better; οἱ ὑπερέχοντες (be) more powerful; ἐὰν ἡ θάλαττα ὑπερσχή if the sea be too powerful:—Pass. to be outdone.

3. c. gen. to rise above, rise superior to, be able to bear.

to outflank, overlap.

3. to get over, cross.

ὑπ-ερέω Att. -ερώ, fut. of ὑπείρων, in same senses from same root come pf. act. ὑπ-είρηκα, pass. ὑπ-είρημαι.

ὑπερ-ζέω, f. -ζέσω, to boil over.

ὑπερηδέως, Adv. of ὑπερήδυσ, very pleasantly: Sup. ὑπερήδιστα.

ὑπερ-ἡδομαι, Pass. to rejoice beyond measure: c. part.

ὑπερήδετο ἀκούων be rejoiced much at hearing.

ὑπερ-ἡδύς, v, exceeding sweet or pleasant: Sup. ὑπ-ήδιστος.

ὑπερηρόντισα, aor. I of ὑπερακοντίζω.

ὑπερ-ἡλιξ, ἡσος, ὁ, ἡ, above a certain age.

ὑπέρ-ημαι, properly pf. of ὑπερέζομαι, to sit above

ὑπερ-ημερία, ἡ, (ὑπέρ, ἡμέρα) a being beyond the day: as law-term, a not meeting one's engagements at the proper day.

2. forfeiture of recognisance: a distraining of goods, execution.

ὑπέρ-ημερος, ov, (ὑπέρ, ἡμέρα) waiting over the day, not observing the appointed day: hence, suffering a distress, having an execution levied: metaph., c. gen.

ὑπέρημερος γάμιον over-due for marriage.

ὑπέρ-ημίσις, v, (ὑπέρ, ἡμισυς) above half more than half.

ὑπ-έρημος, ov, somewhat desolate.

ὑπερ-ηγορέω, ovτος, ὁ, (ὑπέρ, ἡγορέη) exceedingly mainly: in bad sense, overbearing, overweening.

II. exclaiming men, thinking oneself more than man.

ὑπερ-ἡνωρ, opos, ὁ, ἡ, (ὑπέρ, ἀνὴρ) overbearing.

ὑπερήσω, fut. of ὑπερήμι.

ὑπερηφάνεω, f. ἴσω, (ὑπερήφανος) to be conspicuous above others: in bad sense, esp. in part., like ὑπερήγορέω, overweening, arrogant.

II. transit. treat disdainfully.

ὑπερηφάνια, ἡ, (ὑπερηφανέω) arrogance, audacity: contempt for a person or thing, c. gen.

ὑπερήφανος, ov, = ὑπερ-φανής with η inserted, conspicuous above others: in good sense, magnificent, splendid, nobl.

2. in bad sense, extravagant, overweening, arrogant. Hence

ὑπερηφάνως, Adv. magnificently: arrogantly.

ὑπερ-θάλασσιδιος, ov, (ὑπέρ, θάλασσα) some way above the sea. [σῖ]

ὑπερ-θαυμάζω Ion. υπερθαύω, f. ἄσσομαι, to wonder exceedingly.

2. c. acc. to admire above measure

ὑπερ-θαυμάστος, ov, exceedingly admirable.

ὑπερθε and -θεν, Adv. (ὑπέρ) from above: above c. gen. above, over; ὑπερθεν εἶμι ἡ.. to be above or beyond, i. e. worse than.

ὑπερ-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, *to run over or beyond* 2. *to outstrip, to surpass, excel.*
 ὑπερ-θνήσκω, fut. -θνήσκειν, *to die for or instead of.*
 ὑπερθοροῦμαι Ion. -έομαι, fut. of ὑπερθρώσκω.
 ὑπερθορεῖν Ion. -έειν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπερθρώσκω.
 ὑπερ-θροῦσκειν: fut. -θοροῦμαι Ep. -θορέομαι: aor. 2 ὑπερέθορον Ep. ὑπέθορον, inf. -θορέειν contr. -εῖν: *to overleap, leap, spring, vault or bound over*, c. acc.
 ὑπέρ-θύμως, *on, high-spirited, daring.* II. in bad sense, *over-spirited, overweening*: of a horse, *too high-couraged, restive.* Henc
 ὑπερθύμως, Adv. *in excessive wrath.*
 ὑπερ-θύριον, τό, (ὑπέρ, θύρα) *the lintel of a door.* [ῥ]
 ὑπέρ-θύρος, *on, (ὑπέρ, θύρα) above the door*: as Subst., ὑπέρθυρον, τό, = ὑπερθύριον
 ὑπερ-ιάχω, *to shout above, outdo in shouting*, c. gen. [ᾱ]
 ὑπεριδεῖν, inf. of aor. 2 ὑπερεῖδ
 ὑπερ-ίημι, f. -ήσω, *to send or throw further hurl beyond the mark.*
 ὑπερ-ικταίνομαι, Pass. *to move exceeding swiftly*: the simple Verb is nowhere found, and its derivation is uncertain.
 Ὑπεριονίδης, *ou, δ, patronym. from Ὑπερίων [ῖ], son of Hyperion, i. e. the Sun.*
 ὑπερ-ιστάμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα: (ὑπέρ, ἵστημι): *to stand over*, c. gen.: *to stand over so as to protect one, to shield, guard.*
 ὑπερ-ιστωρ, *oros, δ, ἡ, knowing but too well*, c. gen.
 ὑπερ-ισχύρος, *on, (ὑπέρ, ισχυρός) exceeding strong.*
 ὑπερ-ισχω, = ὑπερέχω, *to boid above.* II. intr. *to be above: to prevail over*, c. gen. 2. *to protect*, c. gen.
 Ὑπερ-ίων [ῖ], *onos, δ, Hyperion, the sun-god, commonly joined with Ἥλιος in Homer, as Ὑπερίων Ἥλιος, or Ἥελιος Ὑπερίων.* (Said to be derived from ὑπέρ, ἰών, *he that walks on high.*)
 ὑπερ-κάθημαι, properly pf. pass. of ὑπερκαθέζομαι, *to sit over, above or upon.* II. metaph. *to sit over and watch, keep an eye upon.*
 ὑπερ-καλλής, *es, gen. εός, (ὑπέρ, κάλλος) exceeding beautiful or fine.*
 ὑπερ-καμνῶ, f. -καμοῦμαι, *to suffer or labour for any one*, c. gen.
 ὑπερ-καταβαίνω, f. -καταβήσομαι, *to get down over.*
 ὑπερ-καταγέλαστος, *on, exceedingly absurd.*
 ὑπερκατέβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ὑπερκαταβαίνω
 ὑπερ-καχλάζω, f. σω, *to laugh outright.*
 ὑπέρ-κειμαι, Pass. *to be situated over or above.*
 ὑπέρ-κηλέω, f. ἤσω, *to charm beyond measure.*
 ὑπερ-κολάκειω, f. σω, *to flatter immoderately.*
 ὑπέρ-κομπος, *on, (ὑπέρ, κόμπος) over-confident, overweening, boastful, arrogant*: generally, *excessive*; c. dat., *ἤτε ὑπερκόμποι τάχει ships surpassing in swiftness.*
 ὑπέρ-κοπος, *on, (ὑπέρ, κόπτω) like ὑπερκόμπος, overweaning, overbearing, boastful.* Henc
 ὑπερκόπως, Adv. *exceedingly.*

ὑπερ-κορέω, f. ἤσω, *to overfill or glut.*
 ὑπέρ-κοτος, *on, exceedingly angry or furious: exceedingly savage.* Adv. -τως, *overmuch, exceedingly.*
 ὑπερ-κρεμάννυμι: f. -κρεμάσω [ᾱ] Att. -κρεμῶ: *to hang up over- or out of the way.*
 ὑπερ-κτάομαι, f. -κτῆσομαι: aor. I -εκτησάμην: *to acquire over and above.*
 ὑπερκύδαντας, acc. pl. of
 ὑπερ-κύδας, *avtos, δ, (ὑπέρ, κύδος) exceeding famous or renowned, very glorious.*
 ὑπερ-κύπτω, f. ψω, *to bend, stretch over, press over.* 2. c. acc. *to overstep.*
 ὑπέρ-λαμπρος, *on, exceeding bright or glistening.* II. of sound, *exceeding clear or loud.*
 ὑπερ-λαμπρύνομαι, Pass. *to make a very splendid show*: also *to show great eagerness.* [ῥ]
 ὑπερ-λίαν, Adv. (ὑπέρ, λίαν) *beyond all measure or doubt, undeniably.* [ῖ]
 ὑπερ-λυπέω, f. ἤσω, *to pain exceedingly, cause one great distress*:—Pass. *to be distressed beyond measure.*
 ὑπερ-μαίνομαι, Pass., with f. med. -μάνομαι: aor 2 pass. ὑπερεμάνην [ᾱ]: *to be struck mad.*
 ὑπερ-μάχη, *es, Dor. for ὑπερμήχη.*
 ὑπερ-μάχew, f. ἤσω, (ὑπέρ μάχη) *to fight for or in defence of one*: also *to fight with one for another.*
 ὑπερμαχητικός, ἡ, *on, inclined to fight for another.*
 ὑπερ-μάχομαι [μά], fut. -μαχοῦμαι, Dep., like ὑπερμαχέω, *to fight for any one; ὑπερμαχοῦμαι τάδε πατρός I will fight out this for my father.*
 ὑπερ-μάχος, *on, (ὑπέρ, μάχομαι) fighting for as Subst., ὑπέρμαχος, δ, a champion.*
 ὑπερ-μεγάθης, Ion. for ὑπερμεγέθης. [ᾱ]
 ὑπερ-μέγας, *μεγάλη, μεγα, enormously great.*
 ὑπερ-μεγέθης Ion. ὑπερμεγάθης [ᾱ], *es, gen. εός, (ὑπέρ, μέγεθος) excessively large, enormous.* II. *exceedingly difficult.*
 ὑπερ-μεθύσκομαι, aor. I -μεθύσθην: Pass. -μεθύσκειν: *be excessively drunk.*
 ὑπερ-μενέτης, *on, δ, ποῖος for ὑπερμενης.*
 ὑπερμενέων, *ontos, δ, excessively mighty.* From
 ὑπερ-μενής, *es, (ὑπέρ, μένος) exceeding strong*: also in bad sense, *overweening, insolent.*
 ὑπέρ-μετρος, *on, (ὑπέρ, μέτρον) beyond all measure, excessive.* Adv. -τρω
 ὑπερ-μήκης, *es, gen. εός, (ὑπέρ, μήκος) exceeding long, high, broad, etc.: of sound, exceeding loud.*
 ὑπερ-μίσω, f. ἤσω, *to hate exceedingly.*
 ὑπέρ-μερον, Adv. = ὑπέρ μύρον, *beyond fate or destiny.*
 ὑπερ-νέφελος, *on, (ὑπέρ, νεφέλη) above the clouds.*
 ὑπερ-νικάω, f. ἤσω, *to be more than conqueror*
 ὑπερ-νόεω, f. ἤσω, *to think or reflect upon*, c. acc.
 ὑπερ-νότιος, *on, (ὑπέρ, νότος) beyond the south wind, at the extreme south, opp. to ὑπερβόρεος.*
 ὑπέρ-ογκος, *on, (ὑπέρ, ὄγκος) of excessive size or bulk, overgrown, immensely great.*
 ὑπερ-οιδάω *on -άω, to swell, to be much swollen.*
 ὑπερ-οιδάω Ion. -έω, f. ἤσω, *to swell excessively.*

ὑπερ-οικέω, f. ἦσω, *to dwell above or beyond.*

ὑπερ-οικος, ον, (ὑπέρ, οἰκέω) *dwelling above, beyond.*

ὑπεροπλία, ἡ, (ὑπέροπλος) *proud confidence, defiance, presumption: big courage.* [I Ep.]

ὑπερ-οπλιζομαι, f. ἴσσομαι, Dep. (ὑπέρ, ὀπλίζω) *to vanquish by force of arms.*

ὑπέρ-οπλος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ὀπλον) *confident in arms, hence overweening, arrogant; neut. as Adv., ὑπέρ-οπλον εἰπεῖν to speak haughtily, arrogantly.* II. generally, *excessive, immense.*

ὑπερόπτης, ον, ὁ, (ὑπερόψομαι) *a contemner, disdainer: absol. disdainful, haughty.*

ὑπεροπτικός, ὁ, ὄν, *contemptuous, disdainful, scornful.* Adv. —κῶς, *disdainfully.* From

ὑπέρ-οπτος, ον, (ὑπερόψομαι) *overlooking: hence disdainful, haughty: neut. pl. as Adv. haughtily.*

ὑπερ-οράω, fut. —άσομαι: aor. 2 —εἶδον inf. —ἰδεῖν: aor. I pass. —ώφθην: (cf. ὄράω) —*to look over, survey.* II. *to overlook, look no heed to. disregard: to slight, despise, disdain, both with acc. and gen.*

ὑπερ-όριος poet. —ούριος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ὅρος) *over or beyond the boundaries: foreign, outlandish.* 2. ἡ ὑπερορία (sc. γῆ) *the country beyond one's own frontiers, a foreign land or country.*

ὑπερ-ορνύμαι, Pass. (ὑπέρ, ὄρνυμι) *to rise up over a thing.*

ὑπερ-ορρωδέω Ion. —αρρωδέω: f. ἦσω: —*to be much afraid, be in great terror on account of.*

ῥΥΠΕΡΟΣ, ὁ, or ὑπερον, τό, *a yoke to yoke and pound with.*

ὑπερ-ουράνιος, ον, (ὑπέρ, οὐράνιος) *above the heavens.*

ὑπεροχή, ἡ, (ὑπερέχω) *a projection, prominence, summit.* II. metaph. *preëminence, superiority, supremacy: excellence.* 2. *excess, superabundance.*

ὑπέροχος Ep. ὑπείροχος, ον, (ὑπερέχω) *prominent, eminent, distinguished above others; c. gen., ὑπείροχον ἔμμεναι ἄλλων to be distinguished above others: in bad sense, overbearing.* Sup. —ώτατος.

ὑπεροψία, ἡ, *contempt, disdain: arrogance.* From ὑπερ-όψομαι, used as fut. of ὑπεροράω, from obsol. ὑπερόπτομαι.

ὑπερ-πάγης, ἐς, (ὑπέρ, πάγος) *excessively frosty: as Subst., τὸ ὑπερπαγές extremely hard frost.*

ὑπερ-παθεῖν, f. ἦσω, (ὑπέρ, παθεῖν) *to suffer excessively, be grievously afflicted.*

ὑπερ-παύω, f. —παισσω: pf. —πέπαικα: —*to strike beyond: hence to overstep, surpass, excel.*

ὑπερ-παλύνω, *to strew or scatter over.* [V]

ὑπερ-περισσεύω, also Dep. —εύομαι: —*to abound overmuch, to superabound.*

ὑπερ-πίρισσος, ἡ, ον, *excessive:—Adv. —σας, beyond measure.*

ὑπερ-πέτᾱμαι, Dep. = ὑπερνέτομαι.

ὑπερ-πετάννυμι, f. —πετάσω [fut.], *to stretch over.*

ὑπερ-πέτομαι or —πέτᾱμαι: aor. —πτήσομαι: aor. 2 —ετᾱμήν [ᾱ], whence Ep. 3 sing. ὑπέρπετατο: w: also find Dor. 3 sing. aor. 2 act. ὑπέρπετᾱ, from ὑπέρπεττην: Dep.: —*to fly over, above or beyond.*

ὑπερ-πέττω, Att. for ὑπερνέσσω.

ὑπερ-πηδάω, f. —ἤσομαι, *to leap over or beyond, and so to escape from.* II. metaph. *to overleap, transgress: to overleap, escape from.*

ὑπέρ-πίκρος, ον, *exceeding sharp or bitter.*

ὑπερ-πίμπλημι, f. —πλήσω, *to overfill:—Pass. to be overfull of a thing.*

ὑπερ-πίνω, f. —πιομαι, *to drink overmuch.* [I]

ὑπερ-πίπτω, f. —πessούμαι, *to fall over or beyond.* II. of time, *to be past, gone by, be spent.*

ὑπερ-πλεονάζω, f. ἄσω, *to abound exceedingly.*

ὑπερ-πλήθης, ἐς, (ὑπέρ, πλήθος) *superabundant.*

ὑπερ-πληρόω, *to fill overfull:—Pass. to be overfull.*

ὑπερπλουτέω, f. ἦσω, *to be exceeding rich.* From

ὑπέρ-πλουτος, ον, (ὑπέρ, πλούτος) *exceeding rich.*

ὑπέρ-πολυσ, πόλλη, πολυ, (ὑπέρ, πολὺς) *overmuch,*

very much or many.

ὑπερ-πονέω, f. ἦσω, *to toil or labour beyond measure: to suffer very greatly.* II. *to bear or endure for another:—Med., ὑπερπονέσθαι τινας to take trouble on oneself for another.*

ὑπερ-πόντος, ον, also α, ον, (ὑπέρ, πόντος) *over or beyond the sea, far away* II. *over or across the sea.*

ὑπέρπῃτο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπερνέτομαι.

ὑπερ-πυπάζω, (ὑπέρ, πύπας) *to make very much of one, to caress fondly.*

ὑπερ-πυρρίω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ] (ὑπέρ, πυρρός) *to redden or blush for another.*

ὑπερ-πυτᾱομαι, Ep. for ὑπερνέτομαι.

ὑπερράγη, aor. 2 pass. of ὑπορρήγνυμι. [ᾱ]

ὑπερ-σεμνύνομαι, Pass. (ὑπέρ, σεμνύνω) *to be exceeding solemn or pious.*

ὑπέρ-σοφος, ον, *extremely wise or clever.*

ὑπερ-σπουδάζω, f. σω, *to take excessive pains, be very anxious.*

ὑπερ-στάτέω, = ὑπερίσταμαι, *to stand over and protect, c. gen.*

ὑπέρσχη, ὑπέρσχοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. and opt. of ὑπερέχω.

ὑπέρτατος, ἡ, ον, Sup. Adj. of ὑπέρ, *uppermost, highest: eldest: more used in shortened form ὑψατος: there is also a form ὑπερώτατος.* [V]

ὑπερτεῖλας, aor. I part. of ὑπερτέλλω.

ὑπερ-τείνω, f. —τενώ: pf. —τέτᾱκα: —*to stretch over or above: to hold out over: ὑπερτείνειν σκιὰν σερπίου κυνός to spread a shade from the dog-star over the house: ὑπερτείνειν πόδα ἀκτῆς to stretch one's foot over the beach, i.e. pass over it.* II. intr. *to stretch, stand out or project beyond: c. acc., ὑπερτείνειν τὸ κέρασ to outflank the enemy's wing.* 2. metaph. *to surpass, excel.*

ὑπερτέλω, *to pass quite over, overleap.* From

ὑπερ-τελής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπέρ, τέλος) *going over or beyond the mark: generally, going over, overleaping: c. gen., ἄδων ὑπερτέλης one who has reached the end of his labours.* II. = ὑπερτέλλων, *rising over or above.*

ὑπερ-τέλλω, f. —τελᾱ: aor. I —έτειλα: —*to rise or*

appear over or above; ὑπερτεῖλαν ὁ ἥλιος the sun having risen above the horizon: ὑπερτέλλειν ἐκ γαίας to start from the ground: c. gen. to bang or project over.

ὑπερτερία Ion. -ίη, ἥ, the upper part, esp. the upper frame of a carriage. From

ὑπέρτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. of ὑπέρ, over or above, upper, higher: hence better, more excellent; γενεῇ ὑπέρτερος higher by birth, nobler; ὑπέρτερα νέντερα θείναι to turn topsy-turvy. II. stronger, mightier; victorious over, c. gen.: neut. as Adv., μαντέων ὑπέρτερον better than soothsayers. III. further, more.

ὑπερ-τίθημι, f -θήσω: aor. I -έθηκα: aor. 2 -έθην: —to put or set over: —Med., ὑπερτίθεσθαι τινί τι to make over, commit or intrust a thing to any one, to disclose a thing, refer it to another for advice

ὑπερ-τίμω, f. ἥσω, to prize or honour above measure.

ὑπέρ-τολμος, ον, (ὑπέρ, τόλμα) overbold.

ὑπέρτονος, ον, (ὑπερτείνω) overstrained, strained to the utmost, at full pitch or stretch.

ὑπερτοξέυσμος, ον, to be overbold: metaph. to be surpassed or outdone. From

ὑπερ-τοξεύω, f. σω, to overshoot.

ὑπερ-τρέχω: f. -δράμωμαι: aor. 2 ὑπερέδραμον: —to run over or beyond, outrun, escape from. 2. to excel, surpass. 3. to overstep, transgress a law.

ὑπερ-τρύφω, f. ἥσω, to revel extravagantly.

ὑπέρ-ερυθρία, f. δω [ᾱ], to grow rather red, to blush or colour a little.

ὑπέρ-ερυθρος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ἐρυθρός) somewhat red.

ὑπερ-ύψιλος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ὑψηλός) exceedingly high.

ὑπερ-υψίω, f. ώσω, to exalt or exult exceedingly.

ὑπερ-φαίνομαι, aor. 2 ὑπερεφάνην [ᾱ]: Pass. to ap-

pear over or above.

ὑπερ-φάλαγγίω, f. ἥσω, (ὑπέρ, φάλαγξ) to extend one's phalanx so as to outflank

ὑπερφάνηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of ὑπερφαίνομαι. Hence ὑπερφάνης, ἐς, gen. έος, appearing over or above.

ὑπέρ-φάτος, ον, beyond expression, ineffable

ὑπερ-φέρω, f. -οίω: aor. I act. ἤνεγκα, pass. ἠνέχθην: —to carry over or across. II. intr. to have the advantage over, to surpass, excel: to excel in a thing.

ὑπέρ-φει, Adv. like ὑπερφυῶς, excessively, overmuch: cf. Bigly.

ὑπερ-φθίνομαι, poet. 3 sing. aor. 2 -έφθιτο: Pass. to perish for or in behalf of

ὑπερφιάλος, ον, properly exceeding in power, exceeding puissant: but mostly in bad sense, overbearing, overweening, arrogant; θυμός ὑπερφιάλος an overbearing spirit. Adv. ὑπερφιάλως, exceedingly, excessively: also boastfully, arrogantly. (Deriv. uncertain: perhaps another form of ὑπέρβιος.)

ὑπερ-φιλίω, f. ἥσω, to love beyond measure.

ὑπερ-φοβέομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to be excessively afraid.

ὑπέρ-φοβος, ον, exceeding timid, very fearful.

ὑπερ-φορεῖω, to carry over

ὑπερ-φρίσσω Att -ττω f. ἔω: —to shudder at one beyond measure, to be terribly afraid of

ὑπερφρόνεια, f. ἥσω, to have high thoughts, to be overproud. 2. to look down upon, disdain From

ὑπέρ-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὑπέρ, φρήν) bigminded, bigspirited: boastful, disdainful, arrogant: ἐκ τοῦ ὑπερφρόνος from a confidence in one's superiority.

ὑπέρ-φύης, ἐς, (ὑπέρ, φύη) beyond natural i. ze. overgrown, enormous, immense. II. of things, extra

ordinary, singular: beyond the natural course of things, marvellous, strange, absurd: also joined with a relat., ὑπερφύης ὅσος, like Lat. mirum quantum

wonderful how great, i. e. excessively great

ὑπερ-φύομαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἐφυν pf. πεφύκα: —to spring or shoot up over or above: hence to outshoot, surpass, excel

ὑπερφυῶς, Adv. of ὑπερφύης, excessively, marvelously: ὑπερφυῶς ὡς wonderfully bow, i. e. most wonderfully.

ὑπερφύς, ὅσα, ὅν, aor 2 part. of ὑπερφύομαι

ὑπερ-χαίρω, f. -χάρησω: —to rejoice exceedingly as a thing, c. dat. II. — part. to delight in doing.

ὑπερ-χάλαω, f. αω [ᾱ], to let down over

ὑπερ-χθόνιος, ον, (ὑπέρ, χθών) above the earth.

ὑπερ-χλιδία, f. ἥσω, strengthd. for χλιδαίω, like ὑπερρυφία, to be over wanton or arrogant

ὑπέρ-ερχομαι, f. ελευσομαι. aor. 2 act. -ἤλθον or -ἤλθον pf. -ελήλυθα: (cf. ἐρχομαι): Dep.: —to go or come under, get under, enter, Lat. subire, c. acc.

II. to go into secretly, to steal or creep into: metaph. to come upon or over one; ὑπέρχεται με φρίκη a shuddering steals over me. III. to creep

into another's good graces, to fawn on: hence to undermine, deceive

IV. to advance slowly

ὑπέρ-χρεως, ον, (ὑπέρ, χρέος) excessively in debt

ὑπερ-ωέω, f. ἥσω, (ὑπέρ, ἐρωέω) to shrink back, recoil.

ὑπερφυῖ Att. ὑπερφά, ἡ, the upper part of the mouth, the palate: properly fem. of ὑπερφός.

ὑπερωίθεον, Adv. from the upper story. From

ὑπερῶν, Ep. and Ion. ὑπερώιον, τό, the upper part of the house, the upper story or upper room, where the women resided: properly neut of ὑπερφός (sub. οίκημα).

ὑπερῶς, α, ον, Ion. and Ep. ὑπερωίως (from ὑπέρ, α παρῶν from πατήρ), being above or over, overboard

ὑπερώτατος, η, ον, poet. Sup. for ὑπέρτατος.

ὑπερσείω, Dor. 3 sing. fut. of ὑπείμω (εἶμω super) ὑπέρσταν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ὑπέρστημι. also Dor. for ὑπέρσταν, I sing. of same.

ὑπέρσπελα, aor. I of ὑποσπένω.

ὑπέρστροφαι, aor. I of ὑποστρέφω.

ὑπέρσθεν, poet. aor. 2 of ὑπέρχω

ὑπέρσχετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπέρσχομαι

ὑπέρσχημα, pf of ὑπέρσχομαι.

ὑπέρσχεσθαι, 2 sing. aor. I of ὑπέρσχω

ὑπέρσχημα, aor I of ὑποσπένω

ὑπέρσθενος, ον, (ὑπέρ, εἰσθύνω) liable to give account

accountable, responsible; ὑπεύθυνος ἀρχή an office at the expiration of which the magistrate has to give an account of his conduct. 2. c. genit. liable to, amenable to, liable to make amends for a thing: guilty of a thing. 3. also c. dat. subject, liable, exposed to.

ὑπ-εννóμοι, Pass. (ὑπό, εὐνάω) to lie under.

ὑπέφθηα, aor. I of ὑποφαίνω.

ὑπέφραδε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑποφράζω.

ὑπέχευα, aor. I of ὑποχέω.

ὑπέχρισα, aor. I of ὑποχρίω.

ὑπ-έχω, f. ὑφέξω: aor. 2 ὑπέσχον ποδὶ. ὑπέσχεθον: (cf. ἔχω):—to boid under or underneath. 2. to put under or place under. 3. to boid out the hand as a pledge: ὑπέχειν ὄσας, Lat. *praebere aurem*, to lend an ear: hence to boid out, suggest: also to allege, make a pretence of. 4. to supply, afford, place at one's disposal. II. to boid from underneath, uphold, c. acc.: hence to bear up against, undergo, submit to, suffer. 2. in law-phrasē, ὑπέχειν δίκην τινός to have to give an account of a thing; ὑπέχειν λόγον to have to give account.

ὑπηγμαι, pf. pass. of ὑπάγω.

ὑπήγγον, ὑπήγγαγον, impf. and aor. 2 of ὑπάγω.

ὑπήκουσ, on, (ὑπακούω) giving ear, bearkening, listening to. II. obeying, obedient, subject, c. gen.: as Subst., ὑπήκοοι, ol, subjects.

ὑπήλθον, aor. 2 of ὑπέρχομαι.

ὑπ-ημύω, to bang down: see ὑπεμνήμυκε.

ὑπ-ήνεικαν, 3 pl. Ion. aor. I of ὑποφέρω.

ὑπ-ημέμος, on, (ὑπό, άνεμος) full of wind; ὑπνημέμον ὦν a wind-egg which produces no chicken.

ὑπ-ήνεμος, on, (ὑπό, άνεμος) under the wind, under shelter from it: ἐκ τοῦ ὑπνημέμον on the lee side.

ὑπήγη, ἦ, (ὑπό) the under part of the face, on which the beard grows: the beard itself. Hence

ὑπηγήτης, ou, ὁ, a bearded man; πρῶτον ὑπηγήτης a youth with his first beard.

ὑπ-ηοῖος, η, on, (ὑπό, ἡώς) about dawn, towards morning, early.

ὑπηργμαι, pf. pass. of ὑπαρχω.

ὑπηρεσία, ἦ, (ὑπηρετέω) the service or duty of rowers. 2. Collective for ol ὑπηρεταί, the complement of rowers and sailors, a ship's crew. II. generally, hard service, hard work: also service rendered to another, assistance.

ὑπηρέσιον, τό, (ὑπηρετέω) the cushion on a rower's bench, a rowing mat.

ὑπηρετέω, f. ἦσω: pf. act. ὑπηρετήκα, pass. ὑπηρετήμαι: (ὑπηρετής):—to row, serve on board ship. II. generally, to do hard service, to work for, aid and abet: to serve, comply with, obey, act under instructions: to comply with, gratify; ὑπηρετεῖν τι to do a service:—Pass. to be done as service; τὰ ἀπ' ἡμέων εἰς ὑμᾶς ὑπηρετέται the services which are rendered to you from us. 2. to suit oneself to, gratify, bountour. 3. absol. to be a servant. Hence

ὑπηρετῆμα, ατος, τό, service rendered, service, beap, Lat. *officium*.

ὑπ-ηρέτης, ou, ὁ, (ὑπό, ἐρέτης) a rower: generally, a seaman, sailor. II. any labourer: an assistant, servant, inferior officer, Lat. *apparitor*; ὑπ-ηρ-της ἐργου a helper in a work. 2. the servant who attended each heavy-armed soldier.

ὑπηρετικός, ἦ, ὅν, (ὑπηρετής) of or fit for rowing. II. generally, belonging to, suited for serving: of or for an ὑπηρετής or inferior officer or soldier; ὅπλα ὑπηρετικά the arms of the common man; κέλης ὑπηρετικός a boat attending on a larger vessel, a tender.

ὑπ-ηρέτις, ιδος, fem. of ὑπηρετής, a helpmate, assistant.

ὑπ-ήρπε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπηρείπω.

ὑπήσω, Ion. for ὑφήσω, fut. of ὑφίημι.

ὑπ-ηγέω, f. ἦσω, to sound under, answer with a sound from below.

ὑπ-ήμη, Ion. for ὑφίημι.

ὑπ-άλλω: aor. I ὑπίδα: (ὑπό, ἄλλω = εἰλω):—to force or draw in underneath: metaph. to keep under, check, restrain; ὑπάλλειν στόμα to check one's tongue.

ὑπιόδισα, part. fem. of ὑπείμι (εἰμι ἰδο).

ὑπ-ίστημι, Ion. for ὑφίστημι.

ὑπ-ισχνέμαι, contr. -οῦμαι Ion. ὑπίσχομαι: fut. ὑποσχήσομαι: aor. 2 ὑποσχύμην, imperat. ὑπόσχω: pf. ὑπόσχημαι: (ὑπό, ἰσχω = ἔχω):—to boid oneself under, i. e. to take upon oneself, undertake, promise, engage: of a father, to promise his daughter in marriage, betroth: of the bride, to plight her troth: also to promise or vow to the gods: generally, to assure, assert, profess.

ὑπ-ισχομαι, Ion. for ὑπισχνέμαι.

ὑπ-νάλιος, α, on, (ὑπνος) sleep-bringing, drowsy.

ὑπ-νιάτης, ou, ὁ, (ὑπνος, ἀπᾶτάω) cheating of sleep.

ὑπνιδιος, α, on, (ὑπνος) sleepy, drowsy. [πῖ]

ὑπνο-δοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ὑπνο-δότης, ou, ὁ. (ὑπνος, δίδωμι) giver of sleep; νόμος ὑπνοδότης a lulling strain: fem. ὑπνοδότειρα.

ὑπνο-μάχέω, f. ἦσω, (ὑπνος, μάχομαι) to resist or strive against sleep.

ΥΠΝΟΣ, ὁ, sleep, slumber: metaph. the sleep of death. II. Sleep, as a god, twin-brother of Death.

ὑπνο-φόβης, ou, ὁ, (ὑπνος, φοβέω) frightening in sleep.

ὑπνώω, f. ὥσω: pf. act. ὑπνώκα, pass. ὑπνώμαι: (ὑπνος):—to lull to sleep:—Pass. to fall asleep, go to sleep, sleep, slumber. II. intr. in Act. to fall asleep.

ὑπνώ, Dor. gen. of ὑπνος.

ὑπν-ώδης, es, (ὑπνος, εἶδος) of a sleepy nature; drowsy.

ὑπνών, Lacon. for ὑπνοῦν, inf. of ὑπνώω.

ὑπνώσω Att. -τω, = ὑπνώω, to be sleepy or drowsy; οὐκ ὑπνώσει κέαρ my heart slumbers not.

ὑπνώω, Ep. for ὑπνώω, to sleep, fall asleep.

ΥΠΟ΄, Prep., governing gen., dat., et acc.: under: ποδὶ ὑπαί, metri grat.

WITH GENIT., I. of Place, from under; μέν

αῖμα ὑπὸ σπείους a fountain flows from under a cavern; *ἔκτους ὑπὸ ζυγοῦ λύειν* to unharness horses from under the yoke; *ὑπ' ἀρνεῖσθαι λυόμεν* I loosed myself from under the ram. 2. of that under which a thing is, *under, beneath*; *ὑπὸ στέρνοιο τυχήσας* having hit him under the chest.

II. of the Agent, with pass. Verbs, and with neutrals in pass. sense, *by, through*, Lat. *a* or *ab*; *κτείνεσθαι ὑπὸ τινος* to be slain by a man; *θανεῖν ὑπ' αὐτοῦ* to fall by his hand; *ὑφ' ἑαυτοῦ* by one's own free action; *ἀκούειν ὑπὸ τινος* to hear, i. e. be told by, one. 2. where it is not the immediate act of the agent; *φεύγειν ὑπὸ τινος* to flee by reason of one; *ἡρῶκος προηγόρευε* he proclaimed by voice of herald.

3. *ὑπὸ* is often extended to feelings, passions, etc.; *ὑπὸ δέους, χαρᾶς*, etc., *by or from fear, joy*, etc.; hence with active Verbs also, as *πράττειν ὑπ' ἀρετῆς* to do somewhat by reason of courage; *ὑπὸ δέους* by reason of fear, etc.; *ὀρύσσειν ὑπὸ μαστιγῶν* to dig by constraint of the lash. 4. to express subjection, *ἀρετᾶσιν ὑπ' αὐτοῦ* they are virtuous under his sway. 5. *ὑπὸ* is often used of attendant circumstances; *ὑπὸ Ζεφύροιο λῶς* at the blast of Zephyr; of music, *καμάζειν ὑπ' αὐλοῦ* to revel to the sound of the flute; *πίνειν ὑπὸ σάλπιγγος* to drink to the sound of the trumpet; so, *ὑπ' εὐφήμου βοῆς θύσαι* to offer a sacrifice accompanied by a cheerful cry.

WITH DAT. of the object, under which a thing is: I. of Place; *ὑπὸ ποσὶ* under one's feet; *ὑπὸ τῇ ἀκροπόλει* under the acropolis; *ὑφ' ἄρμασι* under, yoked to the chariot; *ὑπὸ χειρὶ* *δαμναίναι* to be subdued under, i. e. by force of, one's arm; so *φοβεῖσθαι ὑπὸ τινι* to fear under, i. e. by reason of, one; *ὑπὸ πομπῇ τινος βῆναι* to proceed under one's guidance.

II. expressing subjection or dependence; hence *ὑπὸ τινι* under one's power; *εἶναι ὑπὸ τινι* to be subordinate, subject to a person; *ἔχειν ὑφ' ἑαυτῷ* to have under one, at one's command.

WITH ACCUS., I. of Place, to express motion towards and under an object, as, *ὑπὸ σπέος ἤλασε μῆλα* he drove the sheep under cover of the cave; *ὑπὸ Τροίην ἵεναι* to go under the walls of Troy; so, *ὑπὸ δικαστήριον ἀγεῖν* to bring under the judgment-seat. 2. under an object, without signif. of motion, *ὑπ' ἥῳ τ' ἡέλιόν τε* under morning and the sun. II. of Time, like Lat. *sub*, about, near *ὑπον*, *ὑπὸ νύκτα* towards night; *ὑπὸ τὴν ἑω* about morning; *ὑπὸ τὸν σεισμόν* about the time of the earthquake; also c. part., *ὑπὸ τὸν νῆδιν κατακάεντα* about the time of the burning of the temple.

POSITION: *ὑπὸ* sometimes follows its Subst., when it is written *ὑπο*.

ὑπο stands absol. AS ADV., *under, below, beneath* 2. *behind*. II. *secretly, unnoticed*.

IN COMPOS. 1. *under*, either of rest, as in *ὑπ-εμει* to be under; or of motion, as in *ὑπο-βαίνειν* to go under. 2. of the mixing of one thing with another, as in *ὑπ-άργυρος*, *ὑπό-χρυσος*. 3. to express

subjection, as in *ὑπο-δαμάω*, *ὑπο-δύμω*. II. denoting what is gradual, secret, etc., *somewhat, a little, by degrees*, like Lat. *sub*, as in *ὑπο-θαπνέω*.

ὑπό-βαθρον, τό, anything set under, a prop, stay, base, pedestal. 2. a carpet spread under foot.

ὑπο-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 -έβην: pf. -βέβηκα:—to go under, step or stand under, esp. as a prop or base. II. metaph. to be below, be less in height; *τεσσαρακοντα πόδας ὑποβάς τῆς ἐτέρης [πυραμίδος]* τὰὐτὸ μέγας going forty feet below the like size of the other pyramid, i. e. building it forty feet lower.

ὑπο-βάλλω Ep. *ὑββάλλω*: f. -βάλλω: pf. act. -βέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι:—to throw, put or lay under, Lat. *substernere*. II. Med. to substitute another's child for one's own, *palma a supposititious child upon one*. 2. metaph. to palm or pass off false charges.

III. to throw in a word after another, to rejoin, reply, retort. IV. to suggest, submit to one. *ὑποβάσις*, εως, ἡ, (*ὑποβαίνω*) a stooping or crouching down, as of a camel to take up a burden.

ὑπο-βένησις, ον, (*ὑπὸ, βένθος*) in the depths below.

ὑπο-βήσω Att. -βήττω: f. -βήξω:—to cough a little, have a slight cough.

ὑπο-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of *ὑπο-βαίνω*, to draw or bring down:—Med. to let oneself down, stoop or crouch down.

ὑπο-βλέπω, f. -βλέφομαι to look up from underneath at, glance at or look askance at, eye scornfully, suspiciously or angrily.

ὑποβλήτης, Adv. (*ὑποβάλλω*) *intruding in unawares or covertly*: suggesting a word, by way of suggestion, by way of caution or reproof. II. looking sidelong.

ὑποβλητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of *ὑποβάλλω*, to be laid or put under.

ὑποβλητος, ον, (*ὑποβάλλω*) put instead of another, spurious, counterfeit, false.

ὑποβολή, ἡ, (*ὑποβάλλω*) a putting or laying under. 2. a suggesting, reminding. II. pass. that which is put under, a foundation, groundwork: metaph. the subject, subject-matter.

ὑποβολιαίος, α, ον, (*ὑποβάλλωμαι*) *substitutea or stealth, supposititious, spurious, counterfeit*; τὰ *ὑποβολιμαία* (snb. τέκνα) supposititious children.

ὑπο-βρέμω, to roar under or in answer to.

ὑπο-βρέχω, f. *ἔω*: pf. pass. -βέβρεγμα:—to wet or moisten a little: metaph. to drink moderately:—pf. pass. part. *ὑποβεβρεγμένος*, somewhat drunk.

ὑπο-βρύχιος, ον, also α, ον, under water: generally, beneath the surface, under ground. (Deriv. uncertain.) [ὑ]

ὑπόβρυχος, ον, = *ὑποβρύχιος*, but only used in neut. plur. *ὑπόβρυχα* as Adv. under water; *γενέσθαι ὑπόβρυχα* to be covered with water.

ὑπό-γαιος or *ὑπόγαιος*, ον, (*ὑπὸ, γαῖα*) under ground, under the earth, subterraneous.

ὑπο-γάστριον, τό, (*ὑπὸ, γαστήρ*) the lower part of

B b

the belly, the paunch.

sea-fish, considered a delicacy at Athens.

ὑπό-γειος, *ov*, = ὑπόγειος.

ὑπο-γελᾶω, *f*, -άσομαι [ᾶ] :—to laugh at.

to laugh quietly, smile, Lat. *subridere*.

ὑπο-γενεῖδω, *f*, *sw*, (ὑπό, γένειον) to intreat by touching the chin.

ὑπο-γίνομαι, later and Ion. -γίνομαι: aor. 2 -εγε-νόμην: Dep.:—to grow up by degrees or in succession, Lat. *subnasci*.

ὑπό-γλαυκος, *ov*, somewhat gray.

ὑπο-γλαύσσω, (ὑπό, γλαύς) to glance from under, to eye askance or suspiciously.

ὑπο-γλυκαίνω, (ὑπό, γλυκύς) to sweeten a little: metaph. to coax and smooth down.

ὑπο-γνᾶμτω, *f*, *ψω*, to bend under or gradually.

ὑπογνώσῃς, 2 sing. aor. I subj. of ὑπογινώσκει.

ὑπόγραμμα, *ατος*, τό, (ὑπογράφω) that which is written under: a signature. 2. an inscription.

ὑπο-γραμμάτευσ, *έως*, ὁ, an under clerk, under secretary. Hence

ὑπογραμματεύς, *f*, *sw*, to be a ὑπογραμματαεύς, act as under clerk.

ὑπογραμμός, ὁ, (ὑπογράφω) a writing-copy, pattern, model.

ὑπογραφέυς, *έως*, ὁ, (ὑπογράφω) one who writes under another's orders, a secretary, amanuensis: at Athens, the clerk of the Popular Assembly (ἐκκλησία).

ὑπογραφῆ, ἡ, a subscription, signature: an indictment. 2. an impression, mark, print.

ὑπο-γράφω [ᾶ], *f*, *ψω*: pf. γέγραφα, pass. γέγραμμαι: —to write under, subjoin: to subscribe, sign: to write the name or title upon a thing.

II. Med. to set one's name to a bill of indictment, to join in bringing a charge against any one, Lat. *subscribere accusationem in aliquem*.

2. in drawing, to sketch, draw in outline or make a rough draught, Lat. *asumbrare*: metaph. to sketch out, delineate.

III. to paint under the eyelids.

ὑπό-γυιος or -γυιος, *ov*, (ὑπό, γυῖον) under the band, close at hand: fresh, new; hence late, recent.

II. sudden, unexpected; ἐξ ὑπογυίου off hand, on the spur of the moment. Hence

ὑπογυῖως or -γυῖως, Adv. newly, lately: Comp. ὑπογυῖωτερον more recently; Sup. ὑπογυῖωτα very lately.

ὑπό-γυος, *ov*, = ὑπόγυιος.

ὑπο-δακρύω, *f*, ὄσω [ᾶ], to weep a little or in secret.

ὑπο-δάμω, *f*, ὄσω [ᾶ]: pf. δέδμηκα: Pass., aor. I δέπμηθην: pf. -δέδμημαι:—to subdue under one, to overpower, overcome: aor. I pass. part. fem. ὑποδμηθεῖσα, having yielded to.

ὑπο-δάμνημι, = ὑποδάμω; so also in Med.:—Pass. ὑποδάμναι, to be overcome, let oneself be overcome.

ὑποδδελος, Ep. aor. I part. of ὑποδεδω.

ὑποδδέναντος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of ὑποδδένω.

ὑποδδηναι, pf. of ὑποδδένω.

II. the lower part of a

ὑποδεδεμένος, pf. pass. of ὑποδδένω.

ὑποδεδιώς, pf. part. of ὑποδδένω.

ὑποδεδίως, ὁ, (ὑπό, δεδίως) literally, crouching for fear, name of a bird in Aristophanes.

ὑποδδένω, poet. pf. of ὑποδδένω.

ὑπο-δεις, *ές*, gen. *έος*, (ὑπό, δέος) somewhat deficient, slighter, less, generally, below another, inferior to him; esp. in Comp., ὑποδδεστερος inferior;

πολλῷ ὑποδδεστέραν with means much inferior. Comp. Adv. ὑποδδεστέρας, in inferior numbers.

ὑποδειγμα, *ατος*, τό, (ὑποδεικνυμι) a sign, token, mark.

II. a pattern, copy, example.

ὑπο-δεδίω, *f*, *sw*: aor. I ὑπέδεισα Ep. ὑπέδδισα Ep. pf. ὑποδεδίδια: 3 pl. Ep. plqpf. ὑποδεδίδισαν: poet. pf. ὑπαδειδοικα, for ὑποδεδοικα:—to fear a little or slightly, be somewhat afraid of, c. acc.

2. to shrink in fear from, cower before. II. absol. to be somewhat afraid.

ὑπο-δεδνυμι and -δνω: fut. -δεδνω Ion. -δεδνω: aor. I ὑπέδειξα Ion. -έδεξα:—to shew underhand or secretly: to give a mere glimpse of.

2. to intimate give to understand. II. to mark out: to shew teach by example.

III. to shew forth, make a display of, pretend to: also simply, to shew.

ὑπο-δεδνύω, *f*, ὄσω [ᾶ], to be somewhat cowardly.

ὑπο-δεδνύω, to stand in secret awe of.

ὑπο-δεδνέω, *f*, ὄσω, to dine instead of another ὑποδδελος, aor. I part. of ὑποδδένω.

ὑπο-δεδναι, Ion. for ὑποδδένω.

ὑπο-δεδναι, to build under, lay as a foundation.

ὑποδδελή, ἡ, (ὑποδδένω) reception of a guest means of entertainment. [I in Ep., metri grat.]

ὑποδδελος, *α*, *ov*, (ὑποδδένω) able to receive, courteous, ample.

ὑπο-δεδναι, ἰδος, ἡ, (ὑπό, δέρη) a neck-ornament necklaces.

ὑποδδελος, *έως*, ὁ, (ὑποδδένω) = ὑποδδένω, one's shoes ὑποδδελος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of ὑποδδένω.

ὑπο-δεδναι Ion. -δεδναι: *f*, -δεδναι: aor. I -εδεδναι: pf. -δεδναι: also aor. I pass. -εδεδναι: (in pass. sense): Dep:—to receive beneath the surface of the sea.

2. to receive under one's roof, welcome, entertain; ὁ ὑποδδένων one's entertainer host.

3. to give ear to, hearken to. II. to undertake, engage, promise, Lat. in se recipere: also to undertake a work or task.

2. to admit or allow the justice of a thing; with a negat., οὐχ ὑποδδένω to refuse to admit, deny.

III. to endure bear. IV. to wait for, abide the attack of, Lat. excipere.

2. to follow in rank or order: to connect to, border upon.

V. of a woman, to conceive, become pregnant.

ὑπο-δεδναι, *f*, -δδναι: pf. pass. ὑποδδένω:—to bind or tie under:—Med. to bind under one's foot, put on shoes, etc., κοθῖνους ὑποδδένω to put on one's buskins: absol., ὑποδδένω to put on one's shoes: pf. pass. part., ὑποδδένων, with one's shoes on; ὑποδδένω μένοι τὸν ἀριστερὸν πόδα with the left foot shod.

ὑπο-δηλῶ, f. ὥσω, to shew secretly, indicate.

ὑπόδημα, ατος, τό, (ὑποδένω) that which is bound under, a sandal, Lat. solea: also, a shoe, boot, Lat. alceus.

ὑποδῆσαι, aor. I med. imperat. of ὑποδέω.

ὑποδῆσαι, aor. I act. inf. of ὑποδέω.

ὑπο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, the under-teacher of a chorus.

ὑπό-δικος, ον, (ὑπό, δίκη) subject to trial, brought to trial; c. gen., ὑπόδικος γενέσθαι χερῶν to be brought to trial on a charge of violence.

ὑπο-δίφθερος, ον, (ὑπό, διφθέρα) clothed in skins.

ὑποδμηθεὶς, aor. I pass. part. of ὑποδμάω.

ὑπο-δμῶς, -ῶος, ὁ, an under-servant, assistant.

ὑποδοχή, ἡ, (ὑποδέχομαι) a reception, a hospitable reception, entertainment: also a harbouring, as of aves. I. acceptance, approval: hence support, aid, succour. III. a supposition, assumption.

IV. a receptacle: a place of refuge, quarters.

ὑπόδρα, (ὑποδραεῖν) poet. Adv., used by Homer only in phrase ὑπόδρα, ἰδὼν, looking askance, i. e. fiercely, sternly.

ὑποδραεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑποδέρκομαι.

ὑποδραμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑποτρέχω.

ὑπο-δράω poet. ὑποδρώω: f. -δράω:—to act under, be serviceable or useful to one, c. dat.

ὑποδρηστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ὑποδράω) an under-servant, attendant, assistant.

ὑποδρομή, ἡ, (ὑποδραμεῖν) a running under or into the way of a thing.

ὑπόδρομος, ον, (ὑποδραμεῖν) running under; πέτρος ὑπόδρομος ἔχοντες a stone that got under, got in the way of, his foot.

ὑπό-δροςος, ον, somewhat dewy or damp.

ὑποδρῶσι, poet. for ὑποδρῶσι, 3 pl. of ὑποδράω.

ὑπο-δύνω, = ὑποδύνω. [v]

ὑποδύς, ὕσα, ὕν, aor. 2 part. of ὑποδύνω.

ὑπόδυσσις, εως, ἡ, a diving or plunging under. II. refuge, escape from a thing. From

ὑπο-δύω or -δύνω [v]: f. -δύσω [v]: aor. I ὑπέδυσαι:—to put on under, φ. intr. to slip in under, to slip

slide into, insinuate oneself into: but also to slip under, c. acc. II. mostly in Med. ὑποδύνωμαι, aor. I ὑπεδύσαμην: also with aor. 2 act. ὑπέδυν, ὑποδεδύκα:—to dive under, slip into, steal or sink

into: to put on, slip one's feet into shoes. 3. c. acc. to creep or come forth, emerge from. 4. of feelings, to steal into

over, come on gradually. 5. ὀφθαλμοὶ ὑποδεδυμένοις sunken eyes.

ὑπο-εἰκω, f. ὑπο-εἰξομαι, Ep. for ὑπεἰκω, ὑπεἰξομαι.

ὑπο-εργός, ὄν, contr. ὑπουργός, q. v.

ὑπο-ἐκόρος, ὁ, also ἡ, an under-priest or priestess.

ὑπο-ἐγγύνω and -ῶω, f. -ἐύξω: aor. I. ὑπέευξα:—to yoke under, put under the yoke: to bring under:—Pass. to yoked under, be subjected to.

ὑπο-ἐγγύνω, τό, (ὑπό, ἐγγόν) a beast under the yoke, a beast of draught or burden.

ὑπο-ἐγγύω, f. ὥσω, = ὑποεγγύνω.

ὑπόζωμα, ατος, τό, (ὑποζώννυμι) a flat rope or strap for undergirding a ship; cf. ὑποζώννυμι.

ὑπο-ζώννυμι and -ῶω: f. -ζώω: pf. act. ὑπέζακα, pass. ὑπέζωμαι:—to undergird, gird together: esp. to undergird a ship, i. e. to fasten ropes round her so as to prevent her going to pieces.

ὑπο-θάλλω, f. -ψω, to beat underneath or inwardly:—Pass. to glow beneath.

ὑποθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of ὑποτίθημι.

ὑπο-θερμαίνω, to beat gently:—Pass. to grow somewhat hot, to glow.

ὑπό-θερμος, ον, somewhat hot or passionate:—Comp. -ότερος, too busy or passionate.

ὑποθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ὑποτίθημι.

ὑπόθεσις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποτίθημι) a placing under, or that which is placed under, a groundwork, foundation. II. that which is laid down or assumed, a hypothesis, supposition, Lat. assumptio. 2. a question for discussion, the subject under discussion, Lat. argumentum. III. that which is laid down as a rule of action, a principle. 2. generally, a purpose, plan, design: a proposal.

ὑπο-θῆω, f. -θεύσωμαι, to run in under, trip up. II. to run in before, slip in before in running a race. III. to run in too hastily.

ὑποθήκη, ἡ, (ὑποτίθημι) a suggestion, hint, piece of advice. II. a pledging, mortgage.

ὑποθημοσύνη, ἡ, (ὑποτίθημι) ready suggestion, a piece of advice.

ὑποθήσομαι, fut. med. of ὑποτίθημι.

ὑπο-θλίβω [v], f. -ψω, to press under or gently.

ὑπο-θορυβέω, f. ἡσώ, to make a little noise: to begin to make a noise.

ὑπο-θράσσω Att. -ττω, fut. -θράξω, Att. contr. from ὑποταράσσω.

ὑπο-θρύπτομαι, fut. -θρύψομαι: aor. I ὑπεθρύφην: Dep.:—to be affected or effeminate: also to play the wanton.

ὑπο-θυμιάω, f. ἄσω [v]:—to burn scents so as to fumigate, Lat. suffire.

ὑπο-θυμῆς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ὑπό, θυμός) a garland worn on the neck. II. a kind of bird.

ὑπο-θυπεύω, to flatter a little, win by flattery.

ὑπο-θαρήσσω, f. ἡσώ, to arm underhand:—Med. to arm oneself secretly or unobserved.

ὑπο-τάχω [v], to sound forth a little or below.

ὑπο-οίγνω and ὑπο-οίγω, f. ὑποίγω, to open a little or secretly.

ὑπο-οικέω, f. ἡσώ, to dwell or lie under.

ὑπο-οικίζομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, οικήω) = ὑποοικέω.

ὑπο-οικοδομέω, f. ἡσώ, to build under or beneath.

ὑπο-οικουρέω, f. ἡσώ, to keep house, stay at home. II. c. acc. rei, keep secretly at home, to contrive underhand. 2. c. acc. pers. to intrigue with.

ὑπο-οιμῶζω, fut. -ώξομαι, to moan a little or softly.

ὑπο-καθέζομαι, fut. -εδοῦμαι, Dep. to sit down under.

ὑπο-κάθημαι Ion. -κατῆμαι, (properly perf. or υποκαθέζομαι): to sit down under or in a place, take one's station under. II. to sit down under cover, lie in ambush. 1. c. acc. pers., to lie in wait for.

ὑπο-καθίζω, fut. Att. ἰώ, to set down under: to place in ambush: Med. to lie in ambush, Lat. subsidere.

ὑπο-καίω, f. -καύσω, to set on fire from below.

ὑπο-κάμπτω, f. ψω, transit. to bend under, bend short back. 2. intr. to turn short back, double, as a hare.

II. metaph. to fall short of, c. acc.

ὑπο-κάρδιος, ον, (ὑπό, καρδία) under or in the heart.

ὑπο-καταβαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι, aor. 2. -έβην: pf. -βέβηκα: to go down or descend by degrees: to go down by stealth.

ὑπο-κατακλίνω, f. -κλινῶ, to lay down under: Pass. to lie down below: metaph. to give way, submit, yield.

ὑπο-κάτῆμαι, Ion. for ὑποκάθημαι.

ὑπο-κάτω, Adv. below, under: beneath, underneath. [α]

ὑπό-κειμαι, f. -κείσομαι, used as Pass. of ὑποτίθημι, to lie under or below; πεδίον ἱερῷ ὑπόκειται the plain lies below the temple: to lie bidden under.

II. metaph. to be put under the eyes, to be set or proposed before one; δυοῖν ὑποκειμένων two things being proposed.

2. to be laid down, assumed, taken for granted: ὑπόκειται absol. a rule is laid down. 3. to be suggested. 4. to be left at bottom, left remaining, reserved. 5. to be subject to, submit: also to form the subject or matter of an inquiry; ὅλη ὑποκειμένη subject matter. 6. to be subject to a mortgage, to be pledged or mortgaged; τὰ ὑποκείμενα the articles pledged.

ὑπο-κελεύω, f. σω, to act as κελευστής: to give the time in rowing.

ὑπο-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω, to proclaim by voice of herald: Med. to have a thing proclaimed or cried.

ὑπο-κινέω, f. ἴσω: aor. I. -έκινῃσα: to move below or a little, move gently: metaph. to urge gently on. II. intr. to move a little or gently; οὐδεμία πόλις οὐ ὑπεκίνησε no city would ever have moved so gently.

ὑπο-κλιδίω, f. σω, to bend the knees under one, sink slowly down: of an expiring lamp, to flicker.

ὑπο-κλαίω, to weep in secret.

ὑπο-κλάω, f. ἀσώ [α], to break underneath or by degrees.

ὑπο-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal underhand: Pass. to be defrauded in a matter.

ὑπο-κλίνω, to lay under: Pass., aor. I. ὑπεκλίνθην, to be laid or lie under.

ὑπο-κλονέω, f. ἴσω, to rout under one or by one's prowess: Pass. to be routed, scattered before one.

ὑπο-κρύπτω, f. ἴσω, like ὑποκλέπτω, to conceal under: Pass. to be bidden under.

ὑπο-κλύω, f. ὕω, to wash or cleanse from below: Pass. to be flooded, as with mischief.

ὑπο-κνίω, f. ἴσω, to irritate or excite secretly: Pass. to be provoked.

ὑπο-κόλπιος, ον, (ὑπό, κόλπος) lying on the bosom: as Subst. a darling. 2. worn under the girdle.

ὑπό-κοτος, ον, (ὑπό, κόπος) seemed tired.

ὑπο-κορίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, Dep. to play the child, to speak like a child: hence, 1. to call by endearing names. 2. to call by a soft or fair name, gloss over, extenuate, palliate. 3. also to call something good by a bad name, to disparage. Hence

ὑποκόρισμα, ατος, τό, a coaxing or endearing word: a fair name for something base.

ὑποκορύμβος, ὁ, = ὑποκόρισμα.

ὑπο-κουρίζομαι, Ion. for ὑποκορίζομαι: to console with songs.

ὑπο-κρέω, f. ζω, of stringed instruments, to sound under one's hand: to sound in harmony with, c. dat. 2. c. acc. to play an accompaniment.

ὑπο-κρητήριον, τό, a small stand or saucer to put under the bowl (κρητήρ). [γ]

ὑποκρίνατο, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ὑποκρίνομαι. [ε]

ὑποκρίνασθαι, aor. I inf. of ὑποκρίνομαι. [ε]

ὑπο-κρίνομαι [γ], f. -κρίνομαι: aor. I med. ὑπεκρίναμην, pass. ὑπεκρίθην [γ]: Med. to reply, make answer, answer, of an oracle, to make a response: to expound, interpret. II. in Att., of the actors, to speak dialogue, play a part on the stage, the part played being put in acc.; ὑποκρίνεσθαι Προμηθεά to play Prometheus. 2. of a theatrical style, to exaggerate, rant. 3. metaph. to play a part, dissemble, play the hypocrite.

ὑποκρίσῃς, ἡ, = ὑπόκρισις.

ὑπόκρισις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποκρίνομαι) a reply, answer. II. the playing a part on the stage, playing or acting, the player's art, declamation: also an orator's delivery, elocution. 2. metaph. the playing a part, feigning, hypocrisy.

ὑποκρίτης, οὔ, ὁ, (ὑποκρίνομαι) one who answers, an interpreter or expounder. II. one who plays a part on the stage, a player, actor. 2. a dissembler, pretender, hypocrite. Hence

ὑποκριτικός, ἡ, ὁρ, befitting an actor: skilled in elocution: suited for speaking or delivery: ἡ ὑποκριτικὴ (sub. τέχνη), the art of delivery, elocution.

ὑπο-κρούω, f. σω, to strike gently, of a harp striking the strings: to beat time. II. metaph. to take up the word, to break in upon, interrupt, attack.

ὑπο-κρύπτω, f. ψω: aor. I pass. ὑπεκρύβην: to bide under or beneath: Med., c. acc. pers. to keep something secret from one.

ὑπο-κρῶω, f. ζω, to croak against.

ὑπό-κυκλος, ον, running upon wheels.

ὑπο-κύντω, f. ψω: aor. I ὑπέκυναν: to bend or stoop under, esp. under a yoke; οἱ Μῆδοι ὑπέκυναν Πέρσας the Medes submitted to the Persians: to bow down, prostrate oneself: to stoop down to drink, also to stoop so as to peep into a place. II. c. acc.

ὑποκύντειν τὴν τύλαν to stoop the shoulder so as to let a load be put on.

ὑπο-κυομαι, med. (ὑπό, κύω) of the woman, to conceive, to become pregnant: aor. I part. ὑποκυσάμενη. ὑπο-κώλιον τό (ὑπό, κώλον) the hip-bone, or the thigh.

ὑπο-κωμωδέω, f. ἤσω, to ridicule a little or underband.

ὑπό-κωφος, ov, somewhat deaf, rather deaf.

ὑπολαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπολαμβάνω.

ὑπο-λαμβάνω, f. -λήσονται: aor. 2 ὑπέλαβον: pf.

ὑπέληκα, pass. ὑπελήμμαι: (cf. λαμβάνω):—to take up from below, take on one's back, Lat. suscipere. 2.

to catch up, come suddenly upon, overtake: of events, to follow next, come next. 3. to take up a word

and answer, to reply, rejoice, retort: often in aor. 2 part., ἔφη ὑπολαβών he said in answer. 4. to take up the conqueror, fight with him, Lat. excipere. II.

—ὑποδέχομαι, to take or receive under one's protection. 2. to accept or entertain a proposal. III.

to take up a notion, assume, understand:—Pass. to be supposed: ἡ ὑπειλημμένη χάρις the supposed favour. 2. to suspect. IV. to seize under-

band: to draw away, entice. V. ὑπολαμβάνειν ἔπουν to hold up or check a horse.

ὑπολαμπής, és, gen. έος, shining with inferior light, gleaming. From

ὑπο-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine in under, to gleam beneath. II. to shine a little, begin to shine or dawn.

ὑπο-λείβω, f. ψω, to pour a libation therewith or to.

ὑπο-λείπω, f. ψω, to leave remaining, leave behind. 2. of things, to fail one, fail. II. Pass., with fut. med. ὑπολείβομαι, to be left behind, stay behind

or at home: ὑπολείπεσθαι τοῦ στόλου to stay behind the expedition: generally, to remain behind, to be left over and above. 2. to be left behind or distanced

by any one, properly in a race: of stragglers, to lag behind: metaph. to be inferior to one. 3. absol.

to fail, come to an end: also to fall short of what one expects. III. Med. to leave a thing behind

one, c. acc.: to leave remaining, keep in reserve: ὑπολείπεσθαι αἰτίαν to leave cause for reproach

against oneself.

ὑπό-λεπτος, ov, somewhat fine or delicate.

ὑπο-λεπτύνω, to make rather fine or delicate.

ὑπο-λευκάνω, to make white underneath:—Pass., to become white underneath or somewhat white.

ὑπο-λήγω, f. ξω, to desist gradually.

ὑπο-λήνιον, τό, (ὑπό, ληνός) the vessel under a press to receive the wine or oil, a vat, Lat. lacus.

ὑπο-ληπτέον, verb. Adi² of ὑπολαμβάνω, one must suppose or understand.

ὑπολήψις, εως, ἡ, (ὑπολαμβάνω) a taking or catching up a word: ἕξ ὑπολήψεως, in turn, alternately. 2.

a rejoinder, reply II. a taking in a certain sense, an understanding, opinion.

ὑπο-ολίζων, ov, gen. ονος. (ὑπό, ολίζω) somewhat less, slighter or smaller.

ὑπό-λίθος, ov, somewhat stony.

ὑπο-λυμπάνω, collateral form of ὑπολείπω.

ὑπό-λισπος Att. -λίσφος, ov, somewhat smooth, worn smooth.

ὑπό-λιχος, ov, somewhat dainty.

ὑπο-λογίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιοῦμαι: Dep.:—to take into account or consideration.

ὑπό-λόγος, ό, a taking into account, a reckoning, account: ὑπόλογον ποιῆσαι τινος, to take account of a thing, Lat. rationem habere rei.

ὑπο-λόγος, ov Adj. taken into account, held accountable, responsible.

ὑπό-λοιπος, ov, left behind, staying behind: surviving, Lat. superstes.

ὑπο-λόχᾱγος, ό, a lieutenant.

ὑπο-λύριος, ov, (ὑπό, λύρα) under the lyre: δύναξ ὑπολύριος a bridge of reed on which the strings rest. [v]

ὑπο-λύω, f. -λύσω [v]: aor. I -έλυσα: pt. -έλεκα: Pass., pf. -έλεγμα: plqpf. -ελελύμην: Ep. 3 sing.

aor. 2 pass. ὑπέλυτο, 3 pl. ὑέλυντο:—to loosen, untie or unbind from below, loosen or slacken gradually:

ὑπέλυσε γυνῆ he loosened his limbs under him, i. e. gave him his death-blow: so in Pass., γυνῆ ὑέλυντο his limbs were relaxed under him. II. to loose

from under the yoke: to loose from bonds, set free by stealth. 2. to untie a person's sandals from under

his feet, take off his shoes, unshoe him:—Med., to take off one's own sandals or shoes, opp. to ὑποδίσσασθαι.

ὑπό-μακρος, ov, rather long, longish.

ὑπο-μαλᾱκίζομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, μαλακίω) to grow soft: or cowardly by degrees.

ὑπο-μαλᾱσσω Att. -τω, f. ξω, to soften a little or by degrees:—Pass. to be softened gradually.

ὑπό-μαργος, ov, somewhat mad, crazy: Comp. -ότερος.

ὑπο-μάσσω Att. -τω, f. ξω, to knead underneath: to smear or rub underneath.

ὑπό-μειδιάω, f. άωω [α], to smile a little or gently. ὑπομείναι, aor. I inf. of ὑπομένω.

ὑπο-μείων, ov, gen. ονος, somewhat less or inferior: as Subst., ὑπομείωνες, ol, among the Spartans, subordinate citizens, opp. to ὅμοιοι (peers).

ὑπο-μενετέον or -ητέον, verb. Adj. one must abide, endure. From

ὑπο-μένω, fut. -μενῶ: aor. I -έμεινα:—to stay behind: to stay at home. 2. to survive, remain

alive. II. trans. to abide or await another, to bide his attack. 2. c. acc. rei, to be patient under,

to abide patiently, submit to, endure: absol. to stand one's ground, stand firm: c. inf. to undertake to do a thing. 2. to wait for an event: to abide the

issue of a thing. 3. to uphold, support, maintain. ὑπο-μίσγνυμι, f. -μίξω: pf. pass. -μέμικμαι:—to mix among or up with. II. intr. to come near

secretly, c. dat.: ὑπομίσξαι τῇ γῇ to run close under land.

ὑπο-μνήσκω, f. -μνήσω: aor. I ὑπέμνησα:—I. c. acc. pers. to put one in mind or remind one of a thing. 2. c. acc. rei, to bring back to one's mind,

mention, suggest. II. Pass. and Med., f. -μήθη

σμαι: aor. I —εμνησάμην: pf. —μέμνημαι:—to call to mind, remember: to make mention of.

ὑπό-μισθος, ov, serving for pay, hired, retained.

ὑπο-μνάομαι contr. —μνῶμαι: Dep. I:—to court a woman underhand or behind her husband's back.

ὑπο-μνάομαι, Ion. pass. of ὑπομνήσκω; Ep. 2 pl. impf. ὑπεμνάσθε. Hence

ὑπόμνημα, atos, a remembrance, memorial, memorandum, reminder: mention. 2. in plur. notes, memoranda, Lat. commentarii.

ὑπομνήσαι, aor. I inf. of ὑπομνήσκω.

ὑπόμνησις, ewς, ἡ, (ὑπομνήσκω) a reminding, calling to mind. II. remembrance.

ὑπο-μνηστεύομαι, Med. to betroth underhand.

ὑπο-όμνυμι, to interpose by oath. II. Med. ὑπό-μνυμαι, f. ὑπομύμαι: aor. I ὑπομύσασθην:—to swear in bar of further proceedings. 2. to stay proceedings by making an oath, apply for a longer term on affidavit: to plead in excuse of non-appearance.

ὑπομονή, ἡ, (ὑπομένω) a remaining behind. II. a biding out, endurance, patience: c. gen. patience under, endurance of a thing.

ὑπό-μορος, ov, (ὑπό, μωρός) rather stupid or silly.

ὑπο-ναίω, to dwell under.

ὑπο-νείφω, incorrect form of ὑπονέφω.

ὑπο-νέμομαι, aor. I —ενεμάμην: Med. I:—to eat away from beneath: metaph. to consume secretly, undermine.

ὑπο-νέφελος, ov, (ὑπό, νεφέλη) under the clouds.

ὑπο-νήιος, ov, (ὑπό, Νήιον) under the promontory Neium, lying at its base.

ὑπο-νήχομαι, f. —ήχομαι, vep. to swim under, dive.

ὑπο-νίφω [Ὶ], to snow a little:—impers. ὑπένιφε, there was a little snow:—Pass. νύξ ὑπονιφομένη a snowy night.

ὑπο-νοέω, f. ἦσω, to think covertly, suspect: to conjecture, guess, guess at; ὑπονοεῖν τι εἶναι to entertain a suspicion of one. Hence

ὑπόνοια, ἡ, a hidden meaning or sense: I. a suspicion, conjecture, guess, supposition, fancy. 2. its true meaning which lies at the bottom of a thing.

ὑπονομηδόν, Adv. underground, by pipes. From ὑπόνομος, ov, (ὑπονόμω) going underground, underground.

II. as Subst. ὑπόνομος, ό, an underground passage, mine, Lat. cuniculus: a water-pipe.

ὑπο-νοσέω, f. ἦσω, to be somewhat sickly.

ὑπο-νοστέω, f. ἦσω, to go down, sink, settle down, Lat. subsidere: of a river, to abate, retire, fall.

ὑπο-νύσσω, f. ἔω, to prick underneath: to sting.

ὑπο-ξενίζω, f. ἴσω, to tell in a foreign accent.

ὑπό-ξύλος, ov, (ὑπό, ξύλον) wooden underneath, made of wood plated over.

ὑπο-ξύρω or ἔω, f. ἦσω, (ὑπό, ξυρῶ) to shave or cut off some of the hair: ὑπεξυρήμενος, half-shaven.

ὑπο-ξύριος, a, ov, (ὑπό, ξύρον) under the razor.

ὑπο-ξύω, f. ὕωα, [Ὶ], to scrape a little: to graze slightly, Lat. stringo.

ὑπο-παρῳίω, Ὶ, —αθήσω and —ώσω, to thrust aside by degrees or underhand.

ὑπο-πάσσω, f. —πάσω [Ὶ], to strewn under.

ὑπο-πεινώω, f. ἦσω, to be rather hungry, begin to be hungry.

ὑποπεμπτός, όν, despatched underhand, sent covertly, Lat. submissus. From

ὑπο-πέμπω, f. φῶ, to send under or into, c. acc. II. to send secretly: to send as a scout or spy, Lat. submittere.

ὑποπεπτηώτες, Ep. pf. part. nom. pl. of ὑποπτήσσω.

ὑποπέτωκα, pf. of ὑποπίτω.

ὑποπέπωκα, pf. of ὑποπίνω.

ὑπο-πέρδομαι, aor. 2 act. ὑπέπαρδον: Dep. I:—to break wind a little, Lat. suppedere.

ὑπο-περκάζω, f. άσω, to become dark-coloured by degrees, esp. of grapes, to begin to ripen.

ὑποπεσεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑποπίπτω.

ὑπο-πετάννυμι, f. —πετάσω [Ὶ]: pf. pass. —πέπταμαι:—to spread out under, lay under.

ὑπό-πετρος, ov, (ὑπό, πέτρα) somewhat rocky.

ὑπο-πίθηκίζω, f. σω, to play the ape a little.

ὑπο-πίμπλημι, f. —πλήσω: aor. I ὑπέπλησα, pass. —τέπλησθην:—to fill a little, fill by degrees:—Pass. —τέκων ὑποπλησθῆναι to abound with children.

ὑπο-πίμπρημι, f. —πρήσω, to set on fire, burn from below or gradually.

ὑπο-πίνω [Ὶ]: f. —πίομαι: pf. —πέπωκα:—to drink gradually or slowly, to keep on drinking or tipping: ὑποπετωκώς rather tipsy.

ὑπο-πίπτω, f. —πесοῦμαι: pf. —πέπτωκα: aor. 2 ὑπέπεσον:—to fall under or down, sink. 3. to fall down before anyone: of a flatterer, to cringe to, fawn on. 3. to fall behind, fall in the rear. III. of things, to fall out, happen to, befall.

ὑπο-πίσσω Att. —πτόω, f. άσω, to smear with pitch or tar.

ὑπο-πλάκιος, a, ov, (ὑπό, Πλάκος) under mount Placos near Troy: cf. ὑπονήιος. [Ὶ]

ὑπό-πλάτυς, v, somewhat flat or extended. II. somewhat salt: cf. πλατῖς.

ὑπό-πλεος, ov Att. —πλεως, av, (ὑπό, πλέω) pretty full of, c. gen.

ὑπο-πλέω, f. —πλεέσσομαι, to sail close under.

ὑπό-πλεως, av, gen. ω, Att. for ὑπόπλεος.

ὑπο-πλήσσω Att. —πτω, f. ἔω, to strike beneath.

ὑπο-πλώω, Ion. for ὑποπλέω.

ὑπο-πνέω, f. —πνεύσομαι, to blow underneath, blow gently.

ὑπο-πόδιον, τό, (ὑπό, ποῖς) a footstool.

ὑπο-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, to bring under:—Med. to make subject to oneself, bring into one's power, win by secret art.

II. in Med. also to assume, put on.

ὑπο-πόλιος, ov, (ὑπό, πολίς) somewhat gray.

ὑπο-πορεύομαι, Dep. to go under: go secretly.

ὑπό-πορτις, ιος, ἡ, with a calf under it: of a mother, with a child at the breast.

ὑπο-πράβω Ep. and Ion. —πρηύνω, to appease a little or by degrees. [Ὶ]

ὑπο-πρίαμαι, Dep. to buy under the price.
 ὑπο-πρίω, to gnash (the teeth) secretly. [r]
 ὑπό-πτερος, ον, (ὑπό, πτερόν) feathered, winged :
 swift-winged, fleet : also soaring, flighty.
 ὑποπτεῖναι, f. σω, to be suspicious, have suspicion of,
 suspect that, c. inf. : also to suspect, surmise :—Pass.
 to be suspected, mistrusted. From
 ὑπ-όπτει, ου, δ, (ὑπόφομαι, f. of ὑφορώ) as masc.
 Adj., suspicious, jealous : of a horse, shy.
 ὑπο-πτῆσσω, f. ξω : pf. -πέπτηχα, Ep. part. -πεπ-
 τῆως, pl. -πεπτηῶτες :—to crouch or cower down
 from fear ; πετάλοισ ὑποπεπτηῶτες crouching under
 the leaves. II. metaph. to crouch or cower be-
 fore another : absol. to be modest, abashed.
 ὑποπτος, ον, (ὑπόφομαι, f. of ὑφορώ) looked at
 from under : looked askance at, viewed with suspicion
 or jealousy, suspected. II. act. suspecting, fear-
 ing, Lat. suspicari : as Subst., τὸ ὑποπτον, suspicion,
 jealousy.
 ὑπόπτως, Adv. with suspicion, jealously.
 ὑπ-όρβριος, ον, also, α, ον, (ὑπό, ἔρβρος) towards
 morning, about dawn, at break of day.
 ὑπο-ρίπιζω, f. σω, (ὑπό, ῥίπις) to fan from below
 or gently.
 ὑπ-όρνυμι, f. -όρω : aor. 1 -ώρσα :—to stir up
 from under, rouse gently or gradually :—Pass. ὑπόρ-
 νύμαι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 ὑπώρτο : pf. 2 -ώρσα :—to
 arise from under or gradually.
 ὑπ-όροφος, ον, = ὑπόροφος. II. sounding softly
 from a reed ; ὑπόροφος βοά the soft note of the pipe.
 ὑπορ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew underneath, to patch up :
 metaph. to devise, make up.
 ὑπορ-ρέω : f. pass. -ρυήσομαι and aor. 2 ὑπερρύην
 (in act. sense) : pf. -ερρύηκα :—to flow away under :
 to glide into unperceived, Lat. subreperre ; to flow or
 fall in gradually. 2. to slip away : of the hair,
 to fall off : of Time, to run on
 ὑπορ-ρήγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ρήξω, to make to break
 underneath :—Pass. to be rent from beneath, break
 gradually open.
 ὑπόρ-ρηγος, ον, (ὑπό, ῥήγ) poet. for ὑπαρρος, with
 a lamb under it.
 ὑπορ-ρίπιζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰώ, = ὑπορίπιζω.
 ὑπ-ορύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to dig under, under-
 mine.
 ὑπο-ορχέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to dance with or to
 music.
 ὑπό-σαθρος, ον, somewhat rotten, tainted.
 ὑπο-σαλπίζω, f. ἱξω, to sound the trumpet slightly.
 ὑπο-σεῖω Ep. ὑποσσεῖω : f. -σεῖω :—to shake from
 below or gently, set in motion a little
 ὑπο-σημαίνω, f. ἀνώ, to give a hint of, intimate,
 indicate quietly : c. dat., σάλπιγγι ὑποσημαίνειν to
 make signal by sound of trumpet.
 ὑπο-σιγάω, f. -ήσομαι, to be silent to or during.
 ὑπο-σιωπάω, f. -ήσομαι, to pass over in silence.
 ὑπο-σκάζω, f. ἄσω, to bait a little.
 ὑπο-σκάλεύω, f. σω, to stir from underneath, of fire.

ὑπο-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig under, trench.
 ὑπο-σκελλίζω, f. σω, (ὑπό, σκέλος) to trip up one's
 heels, to upset, throw down, Lat. supplantare.
 ὑπό-σκιος, ον, (ὑπό, σκιά) under the shade, over-
 shadowed : of suppliants, shaded by their olive-
 branches.
 ὑπο-σμήχω, to burn by a slow or smouldering fire :—
 Pass. to smoulder away. [v]
 ὑπο-σπάνίζωμαι, pf. ὑπεσπάνισμαι : Pass. :—to suf-
 fer want a little, c. gen. rei, βορὰς ὑπεσπανισμένους
 stinted or in want of food.
 ὑπο-σπάω, f. ἄσω [α], to draw away from under,
 to withdraw secretly :—Med., ὑποσπάσθαι τὸν ἵπ-
 πον to give a slight pull at one's horse's rein.
 ὑπό-σπονδος, (ὑπό, σπονδή) under a truce or treaty,
 secured by treaty : subject to the conditions of a truce
 or treaty : τοὺς νεκροὺς ὑποσπόνδους ἀποδιδόναι or
 ἀναίρεισθαι, to grant or ask for a truce to take up
 the bodies of the slain.
 ὑποστάθμη, ἡ, (ὑφίσταμαι) that which settles at the
 bottom, sediment.
 ὑποσταῖν, aor. 2 opt. of ὑφίστημι.
 ὑποστάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of ὑφίστημι.
 ὑπόστασις, εως, ἡ, (ὑφίσταμαι) that which settles
 at the bottom, sediment. II. anything set under,
 a support : metaph. the groundwork or subject-matter
 of a thing. 2. metaph. the foundation or ground
 of hope or confidence, confidence, resolution. III.
 subsistence, reality : substance, nature, essence.
 ὑποστατός, ὢν, verb. Adj. of ὑφίσταμαι, set un-
 der. II. borne, endured, to be borne or endured.
 ὑπο-στάχυομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, στάχυς) to grow up
 gradually like ears of corn
 ὑπό-στεγος, ον, (ὑπό, στέγη) under the roof, under
 cover of a house. 2. covered over.
 ὑπο-στέγω, f. ξω, to cover, stow, bide under.
 ὑπο-στέλλω, f. -στέλω : aor. 1 ὑπέστειλα : pf.
 ὑπέσταλκα, pass. -έσταλμαι :—to let down, lower
 take in : to furl, strike sail, etc. II. Med. to
 draw or shrink back from, shrink from the presence
 of. 2. to cloak, conceal, suppress through fear :
 absol. to dissemble ; οὐδὲν ὑποστείλαμενος with no
 dissimulation.
 ὑπο-στενάζω, f. ξω, = ὑποστένω, to sigh or moan in
 an under tone. II. c. acc., οὐράνιον πόλον νῶτον
 ὑποστενάζει he groans under the weight of heaven
 on his back.
 ὑπο-στενάζω, f. ἰσω = ὑποστένω.
 ὑπο-στένω, to sigh or groan in a low tone, begin to
 sigh or groan.
 ὑποστήναι, aor. 2 inf. of ὑφίστημι.
 ὑπο-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to underprop.
 ὑποστήτω, 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of ὑφίστημι.
 ὑπο-τίλβω, f. ψω, to shine a little, shine softly.
 ὑποστολή, ἡ, (ὑποστέλλω) a letting down or lower-
 ing of sails : a shrinking back. II. submission.
 ὑπο-στονάζω, = ὑποστεναχίζω.
 ὑπο-στορνύμι also -στόρνυμι and -στρώννυμι :

fut. -στορέσω and -στρώσω : aor. I ὑπεστέρεσα and -έστρωσα : pf. ὑπέστρακα, pass. ὑπέστρωμαι :—to spread, lay or strew under :—Med., to strew or lay under for oneself : 3 sing. pf. pass., ᾧ χαλκὸς ὑπέστρωται which has copper laid under it.

ὑποστορέσαι, aor. I inf. of ὑποστρέφω.

ὑποστοδῆγγέω, f. ἦσω, to serve under as lieutenant.

From

ὑπο-στράτηγος, ὁ, a lieutenant-general.

ὑποστρεφθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. from

ὑπο-στρέφω, f. ψω : Pass., aor. I -εστρέφην : pf. -έστρωμαι :—to turn round about, guide back. II.

intr. to turn short round, wheel round, turn and flee : to return : so in fut. med. ὑποστρέφομαι and aor. I

pass. 3. to turn away, elude a person. Hence

ὑποστρεφέας, Ep. aor. I opt. of ὑποστρέφω.

ὑποστορφή, ἡ, (ὑποστρέφω) a turning round : a turning about, either to flee or to rally ; ἐξ ὑποστορφῆς, Lat. denuo, again, anew : also on the contrary.

ὑποστρωμα, ατος, τό, (ὑποστρώννυμι) that which is spread or strewed under, a bed, litter.

ὑπο-στρώννυμι, = ὑποστορέννυμι.

ὑπο-συρίλλω or -λίτω, f. ἔω, to whistle gently, rustle.

ὑπο-σύρω, to drag down : to trip up. [ῥ]

ὑπο-σφίγγω, f. γξω, to bind tight below.

ὑπόσχεο, a sing. aor. 2 imperat. of ὑποσχεομαι.

ὑποσχέε, έτω, aor. 2 imperat. of ὑπέχω.

ὑποσχεῖσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ὑποσχεομαι.

ὑποσχέσθην, ἡ, Ep. for ὑπόσχεσις, a promising.

ὑποσχέσιον, τό, = ὑπόσχεσις.

ὑπόσχεσις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποσχεομαι) a promising, promise, engagement ; ὑπόσχεσιν ἐκπληρῶσαι to fulfil a promise ; ὑπόσχεσιν ἀπολαβεῖν to receive the fulfilment of a promise.

ὑποσχομενος, aor. 2 part. of ὑποσχεομαι.

ὑπόσχωμαι, aor. 2 subj. of ὑποσχεομαι.

ὑποσχών, aor. 2 part. of ὑπέχω.

ὑποτάγη, ἡ, (ὑποτάσσω) subordination, subjection.

ὑπο-ταμνόν, τό, a plant cut off at the root for magic purposes. From

ὑπο-τάμνω, Ion. for ὑποτέμνω.

ὑπο-τάρασσω Att. -ττω, contr. -θράσσω : f. ἔω : pf. pass. τετάραγμα :—to stir up, trouble from below or a little :—Pass. to be somewhat troubled.

ὑπο-ταρβέω, f. ἦσω, to be somewhat afraid : c. acc. to be somewhat afraid of a thing, to fear a little.

ὑπο-ταρταριος, ov, (ὑπό, Τάρταρος) under Tartarus,

dwelling below Tartarus.

ὑποτάσσειν, εως, ἡ, (ὑποτέλλω) a stretching or spreading out from under ; πεδῖαν ὑποτάσσει the plains that stretch below.

ὑπο-τάσσω Att. -ττω : f. ἔω : pf. pass. τετάραγμα :—to place or arrange under, subject.

ὑπο-τέλλω, f. -τέλω : aor. I -τέλενα :—to stretch under, put under as a prop or stay.

to hold out before or towards, to hold out, suggest hopes, to promise, offer :—Med. to propose by way of question, sub-

mit. 3. to strain to the utmost, make intense.

ὑπο-τελλίω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to build a wall under or across : to build a cross-wall. Hence

ὑποτελίσσις, εως, ἡ, the building of a cross-wall ; and

ὑπο-τελισμα, ατος, τό, a cross-wall.

ὑπο-τέλω, f. ἴσω, to pay off, discharge, liquidate : absol. to pay tribute, be tributary.

ὑπο-τελής, ες, gen. έος, (ὑπό, τέλος) subject to taxes or tribute, tributary, Lat. vectigalis, tributarius. II.

act. receiving payment, c. gen.

ὑπο-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω : f. -τεμῶ and -τάμῳμαι : aor. 2 ἐπέταμον : Pass., aor. I -ετέμηθην : pf. -τέ-

μήμαι :—to cut away or under : to cut unfairly. II. to cut off, Lat. interciperē ; ὑποτέμνειν τὴν ἐλπίδα to cut off all ground for hope ; so also in Med., ὑ-

ποτέμεσθαι τὸν πλοῦν to cut off one's passage :—Pass., ὑποτάμεσθαι τὸ ἀπὸ τῶν νεῶν to be cut off from the ships.

ὑπο-τίθημι, f. -θήσω : aor. I ὑπέθηκα : aor. 2 ἐπέ-

θεν :—to place under : to put under, make subject. 2. place under as a foundation, to lay down :

esp. in Med. to lay down as a principle or rule for oneself, presuppose, premise. 3. to propose to oneself for discussion or argument : to propose to do.

II. to suggest, mostly in Med. : c. dat. pers. to advise, counsel, admonish : c. inf. to advise one to do a thing.

III. to put down as a deposit or stake, pawn, pledge, mortgage : hence, 2. to stake, hazard, venture. 3. to lay in store, store up, keep.

ὑπο-τίμαμαι, f. -ήσομαι, Med. : as Att. law-term, to propose a less penalty for oneself to lay the damages at a lower rate.

ὑπο-τίτρω, to bore through osseous.

*ὑπο-τλάω, obsol. pres., whence are formed fut. ὑποτλήσομαι, aor. 2 ἐπέτλην, pf. ὑποτέτληκα :—to bear, endure, submit to.

ὑπο-τονθορίζω or -ύζω, to murmur or hum softly.

ὑποτοπεύω, = ὑποτοπέω.

ὑποτοπέω, f. ἦσω : aor. I ὑπετόνησα : also as Dep. ὑποτοπέομαι : aor. I ὑπετοπήθην : (ὑποπτος) :—to suspect or surmise that : also c. acc., to suspect a person or thing.

ὑπο-τραυλίξω, f. ἴσω, to limp a little.

ὑπο-τρέλω, Ep. for ὑποτρέω.

ὑπο-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to bring up secretly or in succession : Med. to foster or cherish secretly.

ὑπο-τρέχω, fut. -θρέξομαι and -δράμῳμαι : aor. 2 ἐπέδρμον : pf. ὑποδίδρομα :—to run in under ; δ κύνων ὑπέδραμε ὑπὸ τοῖς πόδας τοῦ ἵππου the dog ran under the horse's legs.

II. to run under or below.

III. to run in between, intercept.

IV. to insinuate oneself into anyone's good graces. flatter, deceive.

ὑπο-τρέω, f. -τρέσω, to tremble a little : to shrink back, give ground.

II. c. acc. to tremble at anyone, be afraid of him.

ὑπο-τρέβω, f. ψω, to rub beneath, rub or wear away gradually.

II. to grate or pound ingredients for a dish ; cf. ὑπότριμμα. [i]

ὑπο-τρέχω, to chirp or whistle softly.
 ὑπότριμμα, ατος, τό, (ὑποτριβαί) an acid dish of various ingredients grated and pounded up together.
 ὑπότριμμα βλέπειν to look sharp and sour.
 ὑπο-τρομέω, f. ἦσω, to tremble under or a little. II. c. acc. to tremble before anyone.
 ὑπότρομος, ου, (ὑποτρέμω) trembling a little, somewhat fearful.
 ὑποτροπή, ἥ, (ὑποτρέπω) a turning back, reverse. II. a return, recurrence.
 ὑπότροπος, ου, (ὑποτρέπω) turning back, returning or returned home.
 ὑπο-τροχάω, ποῖτ. for ὑποτρέχω, to run under.
 ὑπο-τρύζω, to bum in an undertone.
 ὑπο-τρώγω, f. -τρώγομαι: aor. 2 -έτράγον:—to eat underhand or secretly.
 ὑπο-τύπω, f. ὥσω, (ὑπό τύπος) to sketch out, Lat. adumbrare.
 ὑπο-τύπτω, f. ψω, to strike or push down, to strike under the surface of a thing; ὑποτύπας κηλωνήν αντλεί he draws it up dipping with the bucket under the surface; ὑποτύπτουσα φιάλη τοῦ χρυσοῦ ἐδαρέτο dipping down with a cup she gave him of the gold.
 ὑποτύπωσις, τω-, ἡ, (ὑποτύπω) a general representation, outline, Lat. adumbratio: a copy, pattern.
 ὑπο-ουθατός, α, ου, (ὑπό, οὔθα) under the udder, hence sucking. [α]
 ὑπο-ουλος, ου, (ὑπό, ουλή) of wounds, festering under the scar, only skinned over: hence unsound or rotten underneath, hollow, unreal; κάλλος κακῶν ὑπουλον a fair outside that skins over evils below.
 ὑπο-ουράνιος, ου, (ὑπό, οὐράνός) under heaven or the heavens: reaching up to heaven.
 ὑπουργέω, f. ἦσω: pf. act. ὑποურγηκα, pass. ὑπουργημαι: (ὑπουργός):—to render service, to serve, succour: to be of service: c. neut. acc., χρῆσθαι Ἀθηναίοισι ὑπουργεῖν to do the Athenians good service; τὰ ὑπουργημένα services that have been rendered. Hence
 ὑπουργημα, ατος, τό, a service rendered.
 ὑπουργητέον, verb. Adi. of ὑπουργέω, one must serve or be kind to.
 ὑπουργία, ἥ, (ὑπουργέω) service, duty rendered, Lat. officium: in bad sense, obsequiousness, complaisance.
 ὑπο-ουργός, όν, contr. for ὑποεργός, (ὑπό, *έργω) rendering service, serviceable, conducive to.
 ὑπο-φαίνω, f. -φάνω: aor. 1 -έφηνα:—to shew or bring to light from under; θρήνον ὑπέφηνε τραπέζης he drew the stool from under the table. 2. to shew a little, give a glimpse of. II. Pass. to shew oneself or to be seen under; ὑπὸ τὰς πύλας πόδες ὑποφαίνονται feet are seen under the gates. III. intr. to shine forth a little: of morning, to dawn, break, glimmer: so also of the first appearance of spring; cf. ὑπολάμπω.
 ὑπο-φάτις, ιος, ἥ, Dor. for ὑποφήτις, fem. of ὑποφήτης, the priestess of an oracle.

ὑποφάναις, ἥ, a small light glimmering through a hole: generally, a narrow opening. From
 ὑπο-φάσκω, (ὑπό, φάος) to begin to shine.
 ὑπό-φαντις, ιος, ἥ, Aeol. for ὑπόφασις, (ὑπό, φάσις) a secret whispering.
 ὑπο-φείδομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to spare or forbear.
 ὑπο-φέρω, f. ὑπόσω: aor. 1 ὑπήνεγκα Ion. ὑπήνεκα: aor. 2 ὑπήνεγκον: (cf. φέρω):—to bear or carry away under; to bear out of danger, to rescue. II. to bear or carry by being under, to bear or support a burden: generally, to bear, endure, suffer. III. to hold out under or before: to hold out, suggest, proffer. 2. to pretend, allege.
 ὑπο-φεύγω, f. -φεύβομαι, to flee from under, evade: to retire a little, shrink back.
 ὑποφητεύω, to hold the office of ὑποφήτης. From
 ὑπο-φήτης, ου, ό, (ὑπό, φημί) an announcer or interpreter of the divine will, a priest who declares an oracle.
 ὑπο-φθάω [α]: f. ὑποφθήσομαι later also -φθάσω [α]: aor. 1 ὑπέφθα: aor. 2 ὑπέφθην, inf. ὑποφθῆναι, part. ὑποφθός: pf. ὑπέφθακα:—to baste before, be or get beforehand; ὑποφθὰς θοῦρῃ μέσον περόνησεν getting beforehand he pierced him through the middle with a spear; so in aor. 2 med. part., ὑποφθάμενος κτείεν he killed him beforehand.
 ὑπο-φθονέω, f. ἦσω, to feel secret envy at.
 ὑπό-φθονος, ου, a little envious or jealous: Adv. -νώς, somewhat jealously.
 ὑπο-φλέγω, f. ξω, to set on fire or heat from below.
 ὑπο-φόνιος, ου, (ὑπό, φόνος) in return for murder, avenging murder.
 ὑπο-φραδισύνῃ, ἥ, suggestion: in plur. counsels. From
 ὑπο-φράζομαι, Med. to conjecture.
 ὑπο-φρίσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: pf. -φέριφα:—to shudder a little.
 ὑποφύγω, οὔσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of ὑποφεύγω.
 ὑπο-φωλεύω, to lie bidden under.
 ὑπο-φωνέω, f. ἦσω, to call gently to.
 ὑπο-χάσσω, aor. 2 -κεκαδόμεν: Dep.:—to give away gradually or a little, retire slightly.
 ὑπο-χαλινίδιος [νί], α, ου, (ὑπό, χαλινός) under the bridle; ὑποναλινίδια (sc. ἡνία), ἥ, a kind of snaffle-bridle.
 ὑπο-χάρπος, όν, (ὑπό, χαρπός) of a somewhat fiery or fierce look.
 ὑπο-χάσκω, to gape or yawn open a little.
 ὑπο-χείριος, ου, also α, ου, (ὑπό, χεῖρ) under one's hands, in the hand: under anyone's power or control, subject to; ὑποχείριους ποιεῖσθαι to make subject.
 ὑπο-χέω, f. -χεύω: aor. 1 ὑπέχευα Ep. ὑπέχευα: pf. pass. -κέχυμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ὑπέκχυτο:—to pour under, pour out for another: of dry things, to strew or spread under; φύλλα ὑποκεχυμένα ὑπὸ τῶς ποσὶ the leaves strewn under their feet: metaph. in Pass., to be spread or steal over one gradually; ἀπιστήν ὑπέκχυτο αὐτῷ distrust stole over him.

ὑπο-χθόνιος, *ov*, (ὑπό, χθών) *under the earth, subterraneous.*

ὑπό-χθων, *ovos*, *δ, ἡ*, = ὑποχθόνιος.

ὑποχως, *ov*, (ὑπέχω) *subject, under control, τιμή to one: also c. gen., ὑποχολί τινας a king's subjects.*

ὑπό-χρεως, *an, gen. ω*, (ὑπό, χρέος) *subject to debt, in debt: of property, involved, embarrassed, Lat. obaeratus.*

ὑπο-χρίω, *t*, -χρίσω [ἴ]: *aor. I act. ἐπέχρισα, pass. ἐπεχρίσθην:—to smear under or on: to besmear or anoint a little, Lat. sublinere: to paint or colour the face under the eyes.*

ὑπό-χρυσος, *ov*, *containing a mixture of gold.*
ὑπο-χωρέω, *f. ἴσομαι*, to go back, recoil; ὑποχαρεῖν τοῦ πεδίου to retire from the plain; ὑποχαρεῖν τιμῇ τοῦ θρόνου to withdraw from one's seat in honour of one, give it up to him. *2. c. acc. pers. to retire before, avoid meeting. II. to go on in succession.*

ὑπό-ψαμμος, *ov*, *having sand under or in it, mixed with sand, sandy: Comp. —ότερος, somewhat sandy.*

ὑποψία *Ion.* —ἡ, ἡ, (ὑπόψομαι) *suspicion, jealousy; ὑποψίαν λαμβάνειν κατά τινας to entertain suspicion of a person; of things, ἔχειν ὑποψίαν to admit of suspicion. II. a jealous watchfulness, censoriousness.*

ὑπόψιος, *ov*, (ὑπόψομαι) *viewed from below, Lat. suspectus; hence viewed with suspicion.*

ὑπόψομαι, *servant as fut. of ὑπορώω.*

ὑπο-ψωνέω, *f. ἴσω*, (ὑπό, ψωνέω) *to underbid or cheat in the purchase of provisions.*

ὑπτιάζω, *f. ἄσω*, (ὑπτίος) *to bend oneself back: to carry one's head high. II. transit. to bend or throw back: Pass., ὑπτιάζεται κόρα his head is stretched back.*

ὑπτίασμα, *atos*, τό, (ὑπτιάζω) *that which is stretched out with the under side uppermost; ὑπτίασματα χειρῶν hands stretched up in supplication, cp. Lat. supinis manibus.*

ὑπτιαστέον, *verb. Adj. of ὑπτιάζω*, *one must throw back.*

ὑπτίος, *a, ov*, (ὑπό) *with the under side uppermost, bent back, laid back, on one's back, Lat. supinus, resupinus; of one falling, πέσεν ὑπτίος he fell on his back; ὑπτίος σέλμασιν ναυγίλλεται he sails with planks turned bottom upwards; γαστήρ ὑπτία belly uppermost.*

2. generally, anything turned up, inverted; κράνος ὑπτίον a helmet with the hollow uppermost; so, ἀστία ὑπτία; but, κύλιξ ὑπτία a cup with the bottom uppermost; ἄψις ὑπτία a half-wheel with the concave side uppermost.

3. of Place, sloping away from one, sloping evenly and gradually. Hence

ὑπτίω, *f. ἄσω*, to turn over, upset.

ὑπ-ώθω, (ὑπό, ἄθω) *to push or thrust away.*

ὑπ-ώλητος, *ov*, also *a, ov*, (ὑπό, ἄληνη) *under the arm or elbow.*

ὑπωμοσάμην, *aor. I med. of ὑπόμνυμι.*

ὑπωμοσία, *ἡ*, (ὑπόμνυμι) *an oath taken to bar proceedings at law, an application for delay upon affidavit: it was resisted by an ἀνθρωπομοσία.*

ὑπωπιάζω, *f. ἄσω*, (ὑπάπιον) *to strike one under the eye: generally, to beat black and blue: metaph. to mortify, afflict, vex or annoy greatly. Hence*

ὑπωπιασμός, *ἑ*, *a striking under the eye: affliction.*

ὑπό-ῶπιον, τό, (ὑπό, ὤψ) *the part under the eyes, the face.*

II. generally, like ὑπωπιασμός, a blow under the eye, a black eye.

ὑπ-ωρεία or ὑπ-ωρέα, *ἡ*, (ὑπό, ὄρος) *the foot of a mountainous track: plur. ὑπωρέα, the roots of a mountain, Lat. radices montis.*

ὑπόροπος, *3 sing. pf. intrans. of ὑπόρρυνμι.*

ὑπ-ωρόφιος, *ov*, also *a, ov*, (ὑπό, ὄροφος) *under the roof, under cover of a house, in a house: generally, under shelte.*

ὑπ-ώροφος, *ov*, = ὑπωρόφιος.

ὑπ-ῶσα, *ἡ*, *an earthen vessel for pickled fish, a pickle-jar, Lat. orea. (Aeol. word.)*

ὑς, *δ* and *ἡ*, *gen. ὄως [ῶ]: acc. ὅν:—like οὗς, a swine, pig, boar or sow, a tame pig; but ὅς ἄγριος, a wild boar.*

ὑς-ῖμη, *ἡ*, *a shrub from which comes the dye ὕσινον.*

ὑσγίνο-βαφής, *ἑς*, (ὑσγινον, βαφῆναι) *dipped or dyed in ὕσινον, scarlet.*

ὑσγίνον, τό, (ὑσγινον) *a vegetable dye of scarlet colour.*

ὑσδος, *for ὁσδος, Aeol. for ὄσος.*

ὑσθην, *aor. I pass. of ὕω.*

ὑς-ῖμην [ἴ], *ἡ*, *irreg. dat. ὕσμην, a fight, battle, combat; πρώτη ὕσμην the front of the fight: ὕσμηνδε to the fight. Ep. word.*

ὑσπληγίς, *ἰδος, ἡ*, *Dor. for ὕσπληγίς, = ὕσπληγξ.*

ὑσπληγξ, *αργος, ἡ*, *Dor. for ὕσπληγξ.*

ὑσπληγξ, *ηγγος, or —πληξ, ηγος, ἡ*, *a rope which was drawn across a race-course and was let down when the racers were to start.*

II. the snare of the Fowler. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ὑσσώπος, *ἡ*, *the aromatic plant hyssop. (Oriental word.)*

ὑστάτιος, *a, ov*, = ὑστατος, (*cp. μεσάτιος = μέσσος, τοσάτιος = τόσσος*), *last, hindmost: neut. ὑστάτιον as Adv., last, at last. [ᾶ]*

ὑστάτος, *η, ov*, (*Comp. ὑστερος, q. v.*) *last, utmost, hindmost, of space: also of time, ἡ ὑστάτη (sc. ἡμέρα) the last day:—neut. ὑστατον and ὑστατα, as Adv., last, at last.*

ὑστέρα *Ion.* —ἑρῃ, *ἡ*, (ὑστερος) *the womb, mostly in plur. ὑστέρας, αἱ, Ion. gen. —ἑων.*

ὑστεραῖος, *a, ov*, (ὑστερος) *properly on the day after; ἡ ὑστεραία (sub. ἡμέρα) the day after, following day; τῇ ὑστεραίᾳ Ion. —αίῃ, on the following day, next day, Lat. postidie: generally, —ὑστερος, later, next.*

ὑστερέω, *f. ἴσω*: *aor. I ὑστέρησα: pf. ὑστέρηκα: Pass., aor. I ὑστερήσθην: (ὑστερος):—to be behind, come later: of Place, to come after or afterwards.*

II. of Time, c. gen. rei, to come later than, come too late for; ὑστερεῖν τῇ μάχῃ πέντε ἡμέρας they were five days too late for the battle: c. dat. pers. to be too late for him: absol. to come late

or too late.

III. metaph. to come short of, be inferior to: also to be robbed of a thing. a. to be in want of:—in Pass. to be in want.

IV. of things, to fail, lack, be wanting. Hence ὑστέρημα, ατος, τό, a coming short, deficiency. ὑστέρησις, εως, ἡ, (ὑστερέω) a coming short: want, need.

ὑστερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: aor. 1 ὑστερίσα: (ὑστερος):—to come after, come later or too late. II. c. gen. rei, to come later than; ἡμέρη μὴ τῆς συγκειμένης ὑστερίζειν to be one day behind the day appointed.

III. metaph. to come short of, be inferior to, c. gen. IV. to be in want of, to lack

ὑστερό-ποινος, ον, (ὑστρος, ποιμή) late-avenging. ὑστερό-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, with late foot, late-coming. ὑστερος, α, ον, (Sup. ὑστατος, q. v.):—the latter, coming after, following, opp. to πρότερος. II. of Time, after, later, too late; c. gen., ὑστερός τινας later than a person. c. gen. rei, too late for a thing; with Preps., ἐς ὑστερον afterwards; so, ἐν ὑστέρῃ, ἐξ ὑστέρου and ἐξ ὑστέρης.

III. standing after, inferior, weaker; γυναικας ὑστερος under a woman's power. IV. the neut. ὑστερον is used as Adv. of Time, after, afterwards, hereafter, in future, for the future; also ὑστερα; c. gen., ὑστερον τουτέων later than these events.

ὑστερο-φθόρος, ον, (ὑστερος, φθείρω) destroying after, late-destroying.

ὑστερο-φωνος, ον, (ὑστερος, φωνή) sounding after, echoing.

ὑστρίπις, ἴχος, ὁ and ἡ, a hedgehog, porcupine. Hence

ὑστρίχis, ἴδος, ἡ, a whip for punishing slaves.

ὑπαγεύ, Dor. for ὑψηγοῦ, 2 sing. pres. imperat. of ὑψηγεῖμαι.

ὑψ-αιμος, ον, (ὑπό, αἷμα) suffused with blood, blood-shot. II. bot-blooded.

ὑψαίνεσκον, Ion. impf. of ὑφαίνω.

ὑΨΑΙΝΩ, f. ὑφάνω: aor. 1 ὑψηνα later ὑφάνα: Pass., aor. 1 ὑφάνην: pf. ὑφασμαι:—to weave; ἵσ-τον ὑφαίνειν to weave a web. II. absol. to weave, ply the loom.

III. metaph. to spin, contrive, plot, plan, devise, Lat. texere, as, μήτιν or δόλον ὑφαίνειν. 2. to make, construct, fabricate.

ὑφαίρεσις, εως, ἡ, (ὑφαίρῃ) a taking away under or underhand, a purloining, pilfering.

ὑφ-αίρω Ion. ὑπ-αίρῃ: f. -αίρῃσ: aor. 2 ὑφεῖλον: pf. ὑψήρηκα: Pass., aor. 1 ὑψήρέθην: pf. ὑψήρημαι, part. ὑψήρημένος Ion. ὑπαρημένονος:—to seize underneath or inwardly, to seize secretly. II. to draw from under. 2. to take away something of, c. gen. 3. to draw away, seduce. III. Med. to take away from underband, filch away, purloin: ὑφαίρεσθαι τινά τι or τινας to deprive one secretly of a thing. 4. to make away with underband, keep out of the way.

ὑφ-άλος, ον, (ὑπό, ἅλς) under the sea; ὑφαλον Ἑρεβος the darkness of the deep.

ὑφάντης, ον, ὁ, (ὑφαίνω) a weaver. Hence ὑφαντικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for weaving: skilled in weaving.

ὑφαντο-δόντης, ον, (ὑφαντός, δονέω) swung in the weaving, woven.

ὑφαντός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ὑφαίνω, woven: τὰ ὑφαντά cloth inwoven with figures.

ὑφ-άπτω Ion. ὑπ-άπτω: f. ψα: aor. 1 ὑψήψα Ion. ὑψήψα: pf. pass. ὑψημμαι:—to set on fire from underneath: metaph. to inflame secretly, excite. 2. absol. to light underneath: to light a fire under or in a place.

ὑφ-αρπάζω Ion. ὑπ-αρπάζω: f. -άσσομαι later -άσω: aor. 1 ὑφάρπασα:—to snatch away from under, take away underhand, filch away, Lat. surripere: to take the word out of one's mouth, interrupt.

ὑφαρπόμενος, ποῖτ, for ὑφαρπασάμενος, aor. 1 med. part. of ὑφαρπάζω.

ὑφασμα, ατος, τό, (ὑφαίνω) a thing woven, web, woven garment. [ὑ]

ὑφάω, ποῖτ, for ὑφαίνω: Ep. 3 pl. ὑφώωσι. ὑφεμένος, pf. pass. part. of ὑψημι: Adv. ὑφεμένως, slackly, less violently or insolently, quietly, Lat. submissé.

ὑφ-εῖσα, (ὑπό, εἶσα) Causal aor. 1 of ὑφίσκω, I placed under or secretly; Ion. part., ὑφείσας ἄνδρας having set men in ambush.

ὑφ-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of ὑπέχω, one must support. ὑφ-ελκτέον, verb. Adj. of ὑφέλκω, one must draw away under or underband.

ὑφ-έλκω, f. -έλκω: or -ελκύσω [ὑ]: aor. 1 ὑφείλκω: (cf. ἔλκω):—to draw away under, underband or gently; ὑφέλκειν τινά ποδοῖν to draw one away by the two legs:—to drag away by undermining, diminish by drawing from under:—Med. to draw along under one, trail along, as a pair of slippers.

ὑφελόιατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. 2 med. opt. of ὑφαίρῃ. ὑφέντας, acc. pl. of ὑφέας, aor. 2 part. of ὑψήμι. ὑφ-έρπω, f. -έρπω or -ερπύσω [ὑ]: aor. 1 ὑφείρπυσα: (cf. ἔρπω):—to creep under or secretly; ὑφ-είρπε πολύ it crept far on secretly, spread abroad. II. c. acc. to steal upon, come over.

ὑφ-εσπερος, ον, (ὑπό, ἑσπέρα) towards evening: neut. pl. ὑφέσπερα as Adv., about evening. ὑφή, ἡ, (ὑφαίνω) a weaving, web; πέπλων ὑφαῖ woven garments.

ὑφ-ηγμένων, ὄνος, ο, = ἡγεμών. ὑφ-ηγέομαι, f. ἡσσομαι: pf. ὑψήγημαι: Dep.:—to go just before, to guide, lead the way. 2. to show the way to do, instruct in a thing. 3. hence also to lead to, prove a thing. Hence ὑψήγησις, εως, ἡ, a leading, guiding; and ὑψήγητήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, and ὑψ-ηγητής, οὔ, ὁ, one who leads the way, a conductor: metaph. a leader, adviser. ὑψηνα, aor. 1 of ὑφαίνω. ὑψηναχέω, f. ἥσω, to be a charioteer:—Pass. to drive after or behind. From ὑψ-ἡνίοχος, ὁ, (ὑπό, ἡνίοχος) the charioteer, as subordinate to the warrior in his chariot.

ὑψ-ήσων, *ov*, gen. *ονος*, (ὑπό, ἥσων) *somewhat less or younger*.

ὑψ-ιζάνω, *f*, ζήσω, = ὑψίζω.

ὑψ-ίζω, *f*, ζήσω, (ὑπό, ἴζω) *to sit or crouch down: to sink or fall in*.

ὑψ-ιζήμι *Ion*. ὑπ-ιζήμι: *f*. ὑψήσω: *aor*. ἤψηκα: *pf*. ὑψείκα, *pass*. ὑψέμαι: (see ἵημι):—*to send down, let down, to lower; ὑψιέναι ἰστών to lower the mast; ὑψιέναι ἰστία to let down the sails.* 2. *to put under, to put a young one under its dam, put it to suck: in Med., of a woman, ὑψίσθαι μαστοῖς to put a child to her own breasts, to suckle it.* 3. *to engage secretly, Lat. submittere: hence pf. pass. part. ὑπειμένος, secretly lurking.* II. *intr. to slacken, relax or abate from a thing; c. gen. rei, ὑψιέναι τῆς ὀργῆς to cease from anger; so in Med., ὑψίσθαι ὀργῆς; τὸ ἕδωρ ὑπέραι τοῦ ψυχροῦ the water abates its coldness.* a. *absol. to submit, give in, slacken, abate.*

III. *in Pass. absol., to submit, surrender: c. inf., to submit to do a thing: so in pf. pass. part., πλεῖν ὑπειμένη to sail with lowered sails.*

ὑψίηα, *Dor.* for ὑψίησι, 3 *sing.* of ὑψιήμι.

ὑψ-ιστήμι: (cf. ἵστημι): 1. *Causal in pres. and impf., in f. ὑποστήσω and aor. ἤψεστησα:—to place or set under.* 2. *to post secretly.* 3. *to submit, propose, suggest: so also in fut. and aor. ἤψω. I Med. to lay down, suggest; εἰ μή τι πιστὸν ὑποστήσει unless thou shalt give some ground for confidence.* II.

Pass., with aor. 2 act. ὑπέστην, pf. ὑπέστηκα:—to stand under, be under or beneath; τὸ ὑψιστάμενον that which is underneath, of milk, as opp. to τὸ ἐπιστάμενον that which comes to the top, the cream. 2. *to place oneself under an engagement, engage or promise to do: c. acc. cognato, ὑποστήναι ὑπόσχεσιν to make a promise: absol. to promise.* 3. *to submit, yield to one: also c. inf. to submit to do.* 4. *c. acc. rei, to submit to.* 5. *ὑποστήναι ἀρχήν to undertake an office.* 6. *to put oneself under, hide oneself, lie concealed.* 7. *to support an attack, to resist, withstand: absol. to stand one's ground, face the enemy, Lat. subsistere.*

ὑψ-οράω, or as *Dep.* ὑφοράομαι: *fut.* ὑπόψομαι: (ὑπό, ὁράω):—*to look at from below, to look askance at, to view with suspicion, Lat. suspicere, suspicari.* II. *to keep in view.*

ὑ-φορβός, *δ*, (ὑε, φέρβω) *a swineherd.*

ὑψ-ορμίζω, *f*, ἴσω *Att.* ἰώ, *to bring into harbour secretly:—Pass. to come to anchor secretly, or generally, to come to anchor.* Hence

ὑφόρμιτος, *ῆ*, *a place for ships to run into, harbour.*

ὑψος, *eos*, τό, = ὑψή.

ὑψόωσι, *Ep.* for ὑψώσι, 3 *pl.* of ὑψάω.

ὑψ-υδρος, *ov*, (ὑπό, ἕδωρ) *under water.*

ὑψ-αγόρας, *ov*, *δ*, *Ion.* -αγόρη; (ὑψι, ἀγορεύω) *a big talker, a boaster, braggart.*

ὑψανυένω, *f*, ἴσω, and ὑψανυένω, *f*, ἴσω, *to carry the neck high, strut proudly.* From

ὑψ-αύχην, *enos*, *δ*, *ῆ*, (ὑψι, αὐχὴν) *carrying the neck high: hence stately, towering: haughty.*

ὑψ-ερεφής, *és*, (ὑψι, ἐρέφω) *high-roofed, high-vaulted.*

ὑψ-ηγόρας, *Ion.* for ὑψαγ-,

ὑψ-ήγορος, *ov*, (ὑψι, ἀγορεύω) *talking loftily, vaunting.*

ὑψη-ίης, *εσσα*, *ev*, *poët.* for ὑψηλός.

ὑψηλός, *Dor.* for ὑψηλῆς, *fem. gen.* of ὑψηλός.

ὑψηλ-αυχενία, *ῆ*, (ὑψηλός, αὐχὴν) *a carrying the neck high.*

ὑψηλό-κρημνος, *ov*, (ὑψηλός, κρημνός) *with high crags.*

ὑψηλός, *ῆ*, *δ*, *ov*, (ὑψι, ὑψος) *high, lofty, towering; χώρα ὑψηλή a highland country:—metaph. high, lofty, stately, proud.*

ὑψηλοφρονέω, *f*, ἴσω, *to be high-minded, bearing oneself haughtily.* From

ὑψηλό-φρων, *enos*, *δ*, *ῆ*, (ὑψηλός, φρήν) *high-minded, high-spirited, haughty.*

ὑψ-ηρεφής, *és*, *gen.* *έος*, = ὑπερεφής.

ὑψ-ήτης, *és*, *gen.* *έος*, (ὑψι, ἤχος) *sounding on high.*

ὑψ-ή, *Adv.* *high, aloft, on high: on the high sea: hence are formed Comp. ὑψίαν, Sup. ὑψιστος.*

ὑψί-βάτος, *ov*, (ὑψι, βαίνω) *set on high, standing high, high-placed.*

ὑψί-βρεμέτης, *ov*, *δ*, (ὑψι, βρέμω) *high-thundering.*

ὑψί-γέννητος, *ov*, (ὑψι, γεννάω) *high-grown, topmost.*

ὑψί-γυος, *ov*, (ὑψι, γυῖον) *with high limbs or branches, high-stemmed.* [Y]

ὑψί-ῥυγος, *ov*, (ὑψι, ῥυγόν) *of the benches in ships, sitting high or aloft on the bench: metaph. of Jove, high-enthroned.*

ὑψί-θρονος, *ov*, (ὑψι, θρόνος) *high-throned.*

ὑψί-κάρηνος, *ov*, (ὑψι, κάρηνον) *with high head.*

High-topped. [α] ὑψί-κέλευθος, *ov*, (ὑψι, κέλευθος) *with a path on high, moving on high or aloft.*

ὑψικέρατα, *ireg. acc.* of ὑψικέρα.

ὑψί-κερας, *ov*, *gen.* *ος*, (ὑψι, κέρας) *with high or lofty horns: there is also an irreg. acc. in phrase, ὑψικέρατα πέτρων a high-peaked rock.*

ὑψί-κομος, *ov*, (ὑψι, κόμη) *with lofty foliage, of the oak.*

ὑψί-κόμπω, *Adv.* (ὑψι, κόμπος) *with high boasts, arrogantly.*

ὑψί-κρημνος, *ov*, (ὑψι, κρημνός) *with high steep on cliffs, high-beeling, built on a cliff.*

ὑψί-λοφος, *ov*, (ὑψι, λόφος) *high-crested.* [Y]

ὑψί-μέδων, *ov*, *δ*, (ὑψι, μέδω) *high-ruling, ruling on high: lofty.*

ὑψί-μέλαθρος, *ov*, (ὑψι, μέλαθρον) *high-built.*

ὑψί-νεφής, *és*, (ὑψι, νέφος) *dwelling high in the clouds.*

ὑψί-πύργης, *ῆ*, (ὑψι, παρῆναι) *built on high.*

ὑψί-πέδος, *ov*, (ὑψι, πέδον) *with high ground, high-placed.*

ὑψί-πετής, *εσσα*, *ev*, *poët.* for ὑψητέτης.

ὑψί-πέτῃλος, *ov*, (ὑψι, πέτῃλον) *with high leaves or foliage.*

ὕψι-πέτης, ου, δ, (ὕψι, πέτομαι) *flying on high*,
 ὕψι-πολις, δ, ἡ, (ὕψι, πόλις) *highest in one's city*. [Υ]
 ὕψι-πους, δ, ἡ, neut. -πους, gen. -ποδος, (ὕψι, πους)
high-footed: on high, sublime.
 ὕψι-πύλος, ου, (ὕψι, πύλη) *with high gates*.
 ὕψι-πύργος, ου, (ὕψι, πύργος) *high-towering*.
 ὕψι-στος, η, ου, Sup. from Adv. ὕψι, *highest, loftiest*;
 ἄ ὑψιστα *the highest heavens*. 2. of persons, *most*
high, dwelling on high.
 ὕψι-τερος, α, ου, Comp. from Adv. ὕψι, *higher, loftier*.
 ὕψι-φαής, ές, (ὕψι, φάος) *beaming on high*.
 ὕψι-φανής, ές, (ὕψι, φανῆναι) *seen on high*.
 ὕψι-φορήτος, ου, (ὕψι, φορέω) *high-borne, soaring*
on high.
 ὕψι-φρων [Υ], ουος, δ, ἡ, (ὕψι, φρήν) *high-minded*,
sanguine.
 ὕψι-χαίτης, ου, δ, (ὕψι, χαίτη) *long-haired*.
 ὕψιων, ου, gen. ουος, poet. Comp. from ὕψι, *higher*,
loftier.
 ὕψιόθεν, Adv. (ὕψος) *from on high, from aloft, from*
above, Lat. *desuper*. II. *high, aloft, on high*.
 ὕψους, ου, Adv. *over*.
 ὕψόθεν, Adv. (ὕψος) *high, aloft, on high*.
 ὕψι-δροφος, ου, (ὕψι, δροφή) *high-roofed, high-*
vaulted.
 ὕψος, ους, τό, (ὕψι) *height: the top, summit, crown*;
 absol. in acc. ὕψος, *in height*.
 ὕψους, Adv. (ὕψος) *on high, upwards, aloft, up*.
 ὕψοθι, Adv. (ὕψος) *high, aloft, on high, up*.
 ὕψους, ε, ώς: aor. I ὕψασα: Pass., fut. ὑψοθήσο-
 μαι: aor. I ὑψάθην: (ὕψος):—*to heighten, raise, ele-*
vate, exalt. Hence
 ὑψώμα, ατος, τό, *height, elevation*.
 ΨΩ, ε, f. ψω [Ψ]: aor. I ψα: Pass., fut. med. ψομαι
 in pass. sense: aor. I ψαθην: pf. ψαμα:—*to wet*,
water: to rain, Ζεὺς ὕε Jove *sent-rain*; so, ὁ θεὸς ὕει
 the god *sends rain*; but the nom. was soon omitted,
 and ὕει: *used impera.*, like Lat. *pluit, it rains*; εἰ ὕει
 if it *rained*; part. neut. used absol., ὕοντος πολλῶ as
it was raining heavily: c. acc. loci, ἐπὶ δέ ἐτέων οὐκ
 ὕε τὴν Θήρην for seven years *it did not rain on*
Thera: c. acc. cognate, ὕει χρυσόν it *rained*
gold. II. Pass., of places, *to be rained on, to be*
wetted; λέων ὑόμενος a lion *drenched with rain*;
 ὑσθησαν αἱ Θήβαι Thebes *was rained upon*; ἡ γῆ
 ὑεται the country *is rained upon*, it rains in the
 country.

Φ

Φ, φ, φῑ, τό, indecl., twenty-first letter of the Greek
 alphabet: as a numeral φ' = 500, but φ = 500,000.
 The Consonant Φ arose from the labial Π fol-
 lowed by the aspirate; and was anciently written
 ΠΗ, and was expressed in Lat. by *ph*, though φ was
 used to express the Lat. *f*.

Changes of Φ. I. in Aeol., Dor. and Ion.
 the aspirate was often dropped, and φ became π, as
 λίσπος σπύργος σπονδύλη for λίσπος σπύργος σπον-
 δύλη: the Att. sometimes used it for π, as φανός
 φάτρα for πανός πάτρα. II. in Aeol., Dor. and
 Ion., φ is put for θ, as φήρ φλάω for θήρ θλάω.
 Φ was sometimes considered as a double conso-
 nant, so that a short vowel before it became long by
 position, as in ἔφης, quasi ἔφφης.
 φά, Dor. and poet. for ἔφα, ἔφω. 3 sing. aor. 2 of
 φημί.
 φάανθεν, lengthd. for φάνθεν, Ep. for ἐφάνθησαν,
 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φαίνω.
 φάαντατος, η, ου, Ep. Sup. of φαινός, *most bril-*
liant, brightest.
 φάαντερος, α, ου, Ep. Comp. of φαινός, *more bril-*
liant, brighter.
 ΦΑΓΕΪΝ Ion. φαγέων Ep. φαγέμεν, inf. of ἐφα-
 γον, with no pres. in use, used as aor. 2 of ἐσθίω, *to*
eat, devour, c. acc.: c. gen. *to eat of* a thing: gene-
 rally, *to eat up, devour, consume, waste*.
 φάγες, Ep. for ἐφάγες, 2 sing. aor. 2: see φαγεῖν.
 φάγησι, Ep. for φάγη, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj.: see φαγεῖν.
 φάγος, δ, (φαγεῖν) a *glutton*. [α]
 φάγωντι, Dor. for φάγωσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj.: see
 φαγεῖν. [α]
 φάε, 3 sing. impf. of φάω.
 φαεθοντίς, ιδος, poet. for φαέθουσα, fem. of φαέθων,
shining.
 φαέθω, (φάος) *to shine*; only found in part. φαέθων,
beaming, radiant: hence φαέθων as Subst., *the beam-*
ing one, the Sun; neut. pl., πάννυχτα καὶ φαέθοντα
whole nights and days.
 Φαέθων, δ, (properly part. of φαέθω) *Shining*, 'one
 of the steeds of Morning'. 2. son of Apollo, famous
 for upsetting the chariot of the sun.
 φαινός, ἡ, ὅν poet. φαινός, (φάος) *shining, beam-*
ing, radiant:—Comp. φαινότερος. 2. also like
 λαμπρός, of the voice, *clear, distinct*. 3. generally,
splendid, brilliant.
 φαινω, poet. form of φαίω, *to shine, give light*.
 φαινός, ἡ, ὅν, poet. form of φαινός.
 φαισίμ-βροτος, ου, (φάος, βροτός) *bringing light to*
mortals, shining on mortals.
 φαιοσ-φορός contr. φωσφόρος, ου, (φάος, φέρω) *light-*
bringing.
 φάη, contr. for φάεα, pl. of φάος.
 φάβη, imperat. pres. and aor. 2 of φημί.
 Φαλαξ, ἄκος, Ep. and Ion. Φαλίξ, ηκος, δ, α Phae-
 acian: *the Phaeacians* are in Homer inhabitants of the
 island of Scheria (afterwards Corcyra, now Corfu),
 and were famous as sailors.
 φαιδιμύεις, εσσα, εν, poet. form ο. φαιδιμο
 φαιδιμος, ου, also η, ου, (φαίω) *shining, brilliant*;
 metaphor. *famous, glorious*, Lat. *clarus*.
 φαιδρό-νοια, ου, (φαιδρός, νοῦ) of *cheerful, merry*
mind.
 φαιδρός, ἄ, ὅν, (φάω, φαίω) *beaming, radiant*

metaph. *beaming* or *radiant with joy, joyous, gay*. Adv. *-δρως, joyously, cheerily*: also neut. pl. *φαιδρά* as Adv. Hence

φαιδρότης, ητος, η, *brightness, lustre*. I. metaph. *joyousness*.

φαιδρῶ, f. ὦσω, (φαιδρῶ) *to make bright*. II. metaph. in Pass. *to be cheerful or joyous*.

φαιδρύντρια, ῆ, *a washer, cleanser*. From φαιδρύνω [ῶ]: f. ὦνω: aor. I ἐφαιδρῖνα: (φαιδρῶ):

—*to make bright, clean, cleanse*. II. metaph. *to cheer, please*: —Pass. *to brighten up with joy*.

φαιδρ-ωπός, ὄν, (φαιδρός, ὦπ) *with a bright, joyous look*.

φαίην, pres. or aor. 2 opt. of φημί. φακάς, ἄδος, ῆ, (φάος) *a kind of white shoe*.

φαίμεν, for φαίμεν, I pl. pres. or aor. 2 opt. of φημί. φαίνεμεν, Ep. for φαίνεμεν, inf. of φαίνομαι.

φαίνεσθε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. med. of φαίνομαι. φαίνδλῆς, ον, ὁ, formed from the Lat. *paenula*, *a thick upper garment or cloak*.

φαινοῖς, ἰδος, ῆ, (φαίνο) *light-bringing*. φαινομένη, Ep. part. dat. fem. of φαίνομαι.

φαίνο, f. φάνω: Att. also φάνω: aor. I ἐφην, inf. φήνω Dor. ἐφάνα: 3 sing. Ion. aor. 2 φάνεσκε: pf. πέφαγκα: pf. 2 (intr.) πέφην: Pass. and Med. φαίνομαι: fut. φανοῦμαι Ion. φανέομαι; also φανήσομαι: also poet. paullo-p. fut. πεφήσομαι: aor. I ἐφάνην, Ep. 3 sing. φάνθη, 3 pl. φάνθεν: aor. 2 ἐφάνην, Ep. inf. φανήμεναι: pf. pass. πέφασμαι, 3 sing. πέφανται, inf. πεφάνθαι, part. πεφασμένος: (φάω).

I. *to bring to light, make to appear: to shew, to make clear or known, hence to lay bare, uncover, disclose: hence almost to grant, as, γόνων Ἑλένη φαίνειν to grant Helen a child:—at Sparta, φρουρὰν φαίνειν to proclaim a levy, call out the array*.

2. *of sound, to make distinct, make ring-clear*.

3. *to bring to light, display, exhibit: also to explain, expound*.

4. in Att. *to inform against, indict, impeach: to inform of a thing as contraband: τὰ φανθέντα articles informed against as contraband*.

5. aor. I med. φήνασθαι *to shew or display as one's own*.

II. intr. *to give light, shine forth*.

2. *to appear, like the Pass., only in Ion. aor. 2 φάνεσκε, pf. 2 πέφην*.

III. Pass. *to come to light, be seen, appear, to be clear or manifest*.

2. *of the rising of heavenly bodies, to appear: ἅμα τοῖς φαινομένοις at break of day*.

3. generally, *to appear to be, o. part. or c. inf., which are used in different senses, φαίνεται c. inf. denoting what appears or is likely; φαίνεται c. part. what is apparent or manifest; as, φαίνεται εἶναι he appears or seems to be (like δοκεῖ), φαίνεται εἶναι he manifestly is*.

4. often in dialogue, *φαίνεται αὐτῷ ταῦτα; does this appear so? is not this so?* Answ., φαίνε: *it does appear so, yes*.

5. the phrase φανῆναι ὁδόν, *to appear on the road, is short, for λέγειν ὁδὸν ὥστε φανῆναι*: so also, κέλευθον φανέει.

6. in Att., esp. in aor. I ἐφάνην, *to be denounced, informed against; see φαίνομαι* I. 4.

ΦΑΙΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, dusky, dun, gray, Lat. *fuscus*. II. also like Lat. *fuscus*, of the voice, *deep, hollow*.

φαυο-χίτων, ανος, ὁ, ῆ, (φάος, χιτών) *dark-robed*.

ΦΑΚΕΛΟΣ, ὁ, *a bundle, Lat. fasciculus*.

φάκη, ῆς, ῆ, (φάκος) *a dish of lentils or pulse, pease porridge*.

ΦΑΚΟΣ, ὁ, *the plant lentil; also its fruit, which was eaten at funerals*.

φάλαγγδον, Adv. (φάλαγξ) *in phalanxes*.

φάλαγγον, τό, (φάλαγξ) *a venomous kind of spider*.

φάλαγγομάχῳ, f. ἴσω, *to fight with or in a phalanx: to fight in the ranks*. From

φάλαγγο-μάχης, ον, ὁ, (φάλαγξ, μάχομαι) *one that fights in the phalanx: fighting in the ranks*.

ΦΑΛΑΓΞ, αργος, ῆ, in Homer, *a line or order of battle, battle-array: mostly in plur. the ranks of an army in battle*.

2. later, *the Greek mode of drawing up infantry, the phalanx, a compact mass of infantry usu. of 8 deep, but also as much as 25 deep: the phalanx was brought to great excellence under Epaminondas, though it reached perfection under Philip of Macedon: ἐπὶ φάλαγγος ἄγειν to lead in phalanx, Lat. quadrato agmine*.

3. generally, *the main body, centre, as opp. to the wings (κέρατα)*.

4. also *a camp*. II. *a round piece of wood, a trunk or log: φάλαγγες ἐβένου logs of ebony*.

III. *a spider: see φάλαγγον*.

φάλαγξ, dat. pl. of φάλαγξ.

ΦΑΛΑΙΝΑ, ῆ, *a wale, Lat. balaena: hence of a devouring monster*. [φᾶ]

φάλακρα, ῆ, (φαλακρός) *baldness, a bald head*.

φάλακρος, ἄ, ὄν, (φάλος) *bald-headed, bald-pated*.

φάλακρός, f. ὦσω, (φαλακρός) *to make bald: Pass. to become bald*.

φάλανθας, ον, ὁ, *a bald man*. From

φάλανθος, ον, (φάλος) = φαλακρός. [φᾶ]

φάλαρα, τά, (φάλος) *the cheek-pieces of the helmet*.

II. *the cheek-pieces of horses: generally, trappings*. [φᾶ]

φάλας Ion. φαληρίς, ἰδος, ῆ, (φαλαρός) *a cool, Lat. sulca, so called from its bald white head*.

φάλαρος, ἄ, ὄν, Dor. for Ion. φαληρίς, (φάλος) *having a patch of white, white-crested*.

Φαληρεὺς, ἴως, ὁ, *a man of Phalerum, a Phalerian*.

φάληριον, (φαληρός) *to be or become white: Ep. part., κύματα φαληριόεντα waves crested with white foam*.

Φάληρον, τό, Phalerum, the western harbour of Athens: Φαληρόεν from Phalerum; Φαληρόνδε to Phalerum. [ᾱ]

φάληρός, ἄ, ὄν, Ion. for φαλαρός.

φάληρς or φάληρ, ητος, ὁ, = φάλλος.

φάλανα, ῆ, = φάλανα.

ΦΑΛΛΟΣ, ὁ, *membrum virile, a figure thereof, which was borne in solemn procession in the Bacchic orgies, as an emblem of the generative power in nature*.

ΦΑΛΛΟΣ, ὁ, *a part of the helmet worn by the*

Homeric heroes: either *the peak or fore-piece*, or perh. *a metal ridge on the crown in which the plume* (λόφος) *was fixed.* [ᾶ]

φάμα, ἡ, Dor. for φήμη.
φάμεν, Ep. for ἔφαμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 of φημί. 2.
poët. for φάναι, inf. of φημί. [ᾶ]

φάμεν (enclit.), 1 pl. pres. of φημί.
φάμενα, Dor. fem. of φάμενος.
φάμενος, pres. and aor. 2 med. part. of φημί. [ᾶ]

φαμί, Dor. for φημί.
φάν, poët. for ἔφησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of φημί. [ᾶ]
φάναι, pres. or aor. 2 inf. of φημί. [ᾶ]

φάναι, aor. 1 inf. of φαίνω.
φάνειν, 2 sing. aor. 2 pass. opt. of φαίνω.
φάνειμεν, Att. for φανείμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 pass. opt. of φαίνω.

φάνεις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of φαίνω.
φάνεν, Aeol. and poët. for ἐφάνησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of φαίνω; but φανέν, aor. 2 part. neut. [ᾶ]

φάνερός, ἄ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (φαίνω) *open to sight, visible: manifest, evident:* freq. joined with part., *ἐπισπεύδων φανερὸς ἦν* he was conspicuous urging the matter forward: *ἐκ τοῦ φανεροῦ* = Adv., *φανερῶς, plainly, clearly:* so, *ἐν φανερῷ, ἐν τῷ φανερῷ, κατὰ τὸ φανερόν.* 2. of persons, *known, famous, conspicuous.* 3. of property, *tangible, real*, opp. to money.

φάνερώ, f. ὦσω, (φανερὸς) *to make visible or manifest.* II. *to make known or famous:*—Pass. with aor. 1—ὤθην:—*to become known or famous.* Hence φανερῶς, Adv. of φανερὸς, *openly, manifestly:* Comp. φανερώτερον: Sup. φανερώτατα.

φάνερωσις, ἡ, *a making visible: a manifestation.*
φάνεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. 2 pass. of φαίνω. [ᾶ]
φάνη, ἡ, (φαίνω) *a torch:* in plur. *φανά, torch-processions.*

φάνηη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. subj. of φαίνω.
φάνηθι, aor. 2 pass. imperat. of φαίνω. [ᾶ]
φάνημεναι, for φανήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φαίνω.
φάνησμαι, fut. pass. of φαίνω.

φάνιον, τό, Dim. of φανός, (Subst.), *a small torch, taper.*

φάνοιην, for φανοῖμ, aor. 2 opt. of φαίνω.
φάνος, ἡ, ὅς, (φαίνω) *light, bright; τὸ φανόν brightness:*—of garments, *washed clean.* 2. *bright, joyous*, like φαιδρός. Comp. and Sup. φανύτερος, -ότατος. [ᾶ]

φάνος, also πάνος, ὁ, (φαίνω) *a lamp, lantern, torch.*
φανοῦμαι, fut. med. of φαίνω.

φαντάζω, f. ὦσω, (φαίνω) *to make visible, clear or manifest.* II. Pass., fut. φαντασθήσονται: aor. 1 ἐφαντάσθην:—*to become visible, appear, shew oneself.* 2. *to make a show or parade*, Lat. *se ostentare.* 3. *φαντάζεσθαι τινι* *to be like, assume a likeness to some one.* 4. used for φαίνεσθαι or συκοφαντεῖσθαι. *to be informed against.* Hence φαντάσθαι, ἡ, *a making visible, displaying.* 2. *display, parade*, Lat. *ostentatio.* II. as a term

of philosophy, *the power of the mind*, by which it places objects before itself, *presentative power.*

φάντασμα, ατος, τό, (φαντάζω) *an appearance, image, phantom*, like φάσμα: also *a vision, dream.* 2. *an image presented to the mind by an object*, Lat. *visum: a mere image, unreal appearance.*

φάντες, aor. 2 part. nom. pl. of φημί.
φαντί, Dor. for φασί, 3 pl. of φημί.

φάο, Ep. pres. or aor. 2 med. imperat. of φημί.
φάος, φάεος, εος contr. φάους, τό contr. φῶς, φῶτος: Ep. also φῶς: (φάω):—*light, daylight:* ἐν φάει *by daylight;* ἔτι φάους ὄντος while there was still daylight; often in phrases ὄρῳ φάος ἡλείοιο, or φάος βλέπειν, *to see the light of the sun*, i. e. to be alive; so also, φάος λείπειν ἡλείοιο, i. e. to be dead; eis φῶς λέναι *to come into the light*, i. e. into public.

2. *the light of a fire or torch, fire-light or torch-light.* II. metaph. *light*, i. e. joy, deliverance, happiness, and the like; ὃ μέγιστον Ἑλλησάν φάος O greatest light of safety to the Greeks. III. plur. φάεα, the eyes, Lat. *lumina:* so in sing. of the Cyclops' eye.

ΦΑΡΑΓΓΕ [φᾶ], αγγος, ἡ, *a mountain cleft, a deep chasm, ravine, gully.* (Akin to φάρυγξ.)

φάρῳ, τό, plough.
φάρετρα Ion. -την, ἡ, (φέρω) *a quiver for carrying arrows*, Lat. *pharetra.* Hence

φάρετρεών, ὡνος, ὁ, = φαρέτρα.
φάρετριον, τό, Dim. of φαρέτρα, *a small quiver.*
φάρετρο-φόρος, ον, (φαρέτρα, φέρω) *quiver-bearing.*

Φαρισαῖος, ου, ὁ, a Pharisee: pl. of Φαρισαῖοι, the Pharisees or Separatists, a sect of the Jews, who affected superior holiness of life and manners, and a rigid adherence to the law of Moses. They believed in the Resurrection, and in the existence of angels and spirits, which the Sadducees denied.

φαρμακάω, (φάρμακον) *to suffer from poison, be mad from the effects of poison.* II. *to require medicine*, as τομάω to require cutting.

φαρμακεία, ἡ, (φάρμακεύω) *the use of any kind of drugs, potions or spells: poisoning, witchcraft, sorcery.*
φαρμακία, ἡ, poët. for φαρμακεία.

φαρμακεύς, ὢς, ὁ, (φάρμακον) *one who deals in drugs or poisons, a sorcerer, poisoner:* fem. φαρμακεύτρια.

φαρμακεύω, f. σω, (φάρμακον) *to administer a drug* to use enchantments, practise sorcery; φαρμακεύειν τινι ἐς τὸν ποταμόν to use a thing as a charm to calm the river. 2. c. acc. pers. to drug, purge.

φαρμακίς, ἰδος, fem. of φαρμακεύς, *a sorceress, witch.*
φαρμακικός, εσσα, εν, (φάρμακον) *drugged, poisonous.*

ΦΑΡΜΑΚΟΝ, τό, *a medicine, drug, remedy;* φάρμακον νόσου *a medicine for disease;* metaph. φάρμακον λύπης, *a remedy against grief.* The φάρμακα applied outwardly were χριστά οἰκτνήματα or salves, and παστά, ἐπίπαστα or καταπαστά plasters; ἰδὸς taken inwardly were βρώσιμα, such as

ills, and πότιμα, ποτά, πιστά, draughts or potions. II. a poisonous drug, drug, poison. III.

an enchanted potion, philtre: also a charm, spell, enchantment: any secret means of effecting a thing. IV. also a means of producing something, as, φάρμακον σωτηρίας an expedient to procure safety. V. a means for colouring, a dye, colour.

φαρμάκο-ποσία, ἡ, (φάρμακον, ΠΟ—Root of πίνω) a drinking of medicine or poison.

φαρμάκο-πώλην, ον, δ, (φάρμακον, πώλῃ) one who sells drugs or poisons, a druggist, apothecary.

φαρμακός, δ, ἡ, (φάρμακον) = φαρμακεύς. II. one who is sacrificed as a purification for others, a scape-goat: then since worthless fellows were reserved for this fate, an arrant rascal, polluted wretch, Lat. homo piacularis.

φαρμάκο-τριβής [Γ], δ, (φάρμακον, τριβῆναι) one who grinds and prepares drugs or colours.

φαρμακῶς, f. ὤσω, (φάρμακον) to endue with healing power.

φαρμάσσω Att. —τιω: f. ἔω: pf. pass. πεφάρμαγμα: (φάρμακον):—to medicate, practise upon by drugs or philtres; φαρμάσσειν χαλκῶν to temper metal by plunging it in cold water. II. to enchant or bewitch by the use of potions, to poison. III. to alloy, adulterate: season, spice.

ΦΑΡΟΣ [ᾱ] or φάρος [ᾱ], εως, τό, a cloth, sheet, web: sail-cloth. I. a wide, loose cloak or mantle, wore as an outer garment, also used as a shroud; πύματον φάρος my last rag.

Φάρος, ἡ, Pbaros, an island in the bay of Alexandria, afterwards famous for its lighthouse. II. as appellat. φάρος, ὁ, a light-house.

φάρωσι, Ep. 3 pl. of φάραω.

φάρσος, εως, τό, (φάρω) a piece torn off or severed, a part, portion, division, Lat. pars; φάρσεα πόλιος the quarters of a city.

φάρυγξ, ἡ or δ, gen. ὕγος, (φάρω) the throat. II. = gulf, cleft, chasm in the earth: cf. φάραγξ. [ᾱ]

ΦΑΡΥΓΓ, f. φάρω: pf. πέφαρκα:—to cleave, part.

φάς, φάσα, φάν, part. pres. and aor. 2 of φημί.

φασγάνης, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim of φάσγανον, a knife.

φάσγανον, τό, (σφάζω, for σφάγανον) a thing to cut with, a sword.

φασγάνου-ουργός, ὄν, (φάσγανον, *ἔργω) forging swords.

φάσα, Dor. and poet. for ἔφησε, 3 sing. aor. I of φημί.

φάσηλος [ᾱ], ὁ, a sort of bean, Lat. p^hasēlus. II. a light boat, canoe, skiff, from its likeness to the pod of the φάσηλος. (Egyptian word.)

φάσθαι, Ep. med. inf. of φημί.

φάσθε, φάσθω, 2 pl. and 3 sing. imperat. med. of φημί.

φάσι, 3 pl. of φημί.

Φασιδνικός, ἡ, ὄν, from the river Pbasis, but with a play on συκο-φαντικός, informing-like.

Φασιδνός, ὄν, (Φάσις) from the river Pbasis: hence δ φασιδνός (sub. ὄρνις) the Pbasian bird, p^hasani,

Lat. p^hasianus: but Φασιδνός ἀνὴρ with a play on συκο-φάντης, an informer: cf. Φασιδνικός.

φάσις, εως, ἡ, for φάνσις, (φαίνω) an accusation, information. [ᾱ]

φάσις, εως, ἡ, (φημί) a saying, speech, sentence. II. affirmation, assertion. [ᾱ]

Φάσις, ἰος, δ, the river Pbasis in Colchis or Pontos. φάσκω, impf. ἔφασκον Ep. φάσκον, (which is used as impf. of φημί) = φημί, to say, but often with a collat. notion of saying what you do not believe, to allege, to pretend, Lat. p^has se ferre: also to think, suppose: to promise to do.

φάσμα, ατος, τό, (φαίνω) an apparition, phantom: φάσμα ἀνδρός the phantom of a man. 2. a sign from heaven, a portent, omen. 3. a monster, prodigy, portent: φάσμα ταύρου a monster of a bull.

ΦΑΣΣΑ Att. φάττα, ἡ, the wood-pigeon, ring-dove or cushat, Lat. palumbus.

φασσο-φόνος, ὄν, (φάσσα, *φένω) dove-killing, of the hawk: as Subst., φασσοφόνος, ὁ, name of a kind of hawk.

φάσω, φάσεις, Dor. for ὄψω, ὄψεις, fut. of φημί.

φᾶτέ, a plur. of φημί.

φᾶτεός, ᾱ, ὄν, (φημί) poet. for φάτε, to be spoken of, pronounced.

φᾶτεον, verb. Adj. of φημί, one must say.

φᾶτί, Dor. for φησί, 3 sing. pres. of φημί.

φᾶτιζω, f. ἴσω Dor. ἴζω: aor. I ἐφάτισα: Pass., aor. I ἐφάτισθην: pf. πεφάτισμαι: (φᾶτις):—to say, speak, report: τὸ φατίζόμενον used absol. as the saying is. II. to promise, plight, betroth. III. to call, name.

φᾶτις, εως Ion. ἰος, ἡ, (φημί) a saying, speech, report: κατὰ φᾶτιν as the report goes: ἡ φᾶτις ἔχει μιν the report goes of him. II. one's (good or bad) report, reputation, fame, report, Lat. fama. III. the saying, answer of an oracle. [ᾱ]

φᾶτην, ἡ, (πατέομαι) a manger, crib.

φάτο, Ep. for ἔφατο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.

φᾶτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φημί, said, spoken: that may be spoken, uttered or pronounced: with a negat., οὐ φάτος, unspeakable, unutterable. II. famous.

φάττα, ἡ, Att. for φάσσα.

φαῦλ-επί-φαῦλος, (φαῦλος, ἐπί, φαῦλος) bad upon bad, bad as bad can be.

φαυλίω, f. ἴω Att. ἰῶ, (φαῦλος) to hold cheap, to depreciate, disparage.

ΦΑΤΛΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, also ος, ὄν, like φλαῦρος, light, easy, slight, trifling. 2. trivial, paltry, petty, sorry, bad.

II. of persons, low in rank, mean, common: worthless, poor, common, of no account: οἱ φαῦλοι the vulgar, the common sort, also the weak or uneducated, as opp. to οἱ σοφοί. 2. of outward appearance, ugly, mean-looking. 3. careless, thoughtless.

φαυλότης, ητος, ἡ, meanness, paltriness. 2. want of accomplishments: ἡ ἐμὴ φαυλότης my lack of judgment.

φαῦλος, Adv. of φαῦλος, easily, lightly: φαῦλως

φέρειν τι to bear a thing *lightly*, take it *easily*. 2.
at a rough guess; φαύλως λογισασθαι to estimate
roughly; φαύλως εἰπεῖν to speak *loosely*.
 φανσίμ-βροτος, ον, = φαεσίμβροτος.
 ΦΑΨ, Root of φαῖνω, to give light, shine, beam,
 esp. of the heavenly bodies.
 ΦΕΒΟΜΑΙ, poet. Dep., used only in pres. and
 impf., = φοβέομαι, to be put to flight, flee affrighted:
 c. acc. to flee from.
 ΦΕΤΤΟΣ, eos, τό, light, splendour, lustre: sun-
 light, daylight; δεκάτω φέγγει ἔτους, periph. for in
 the tenth year. II. poet. light, gladness, joy. Hence
 φέγγω, to make bright—Pass. to shine, gleam, be
 bright.
 φειδέομαι, Ion. 109 φείδομαι.
 φείδεο, Dor. pres. imperat. of φείδομαι.
 φειδίτιον, τό, (φείδομαι) mostly in plur. φειδίτια,
 εἰς, spare thrifty meals, being the Spartan name for
 the public tables (συσσίτια), at which all citizens ate
 together the same frugal meal. 2. also the common
 hall, in which these meals were taken.
 ΦΕΥΔΟΜΑΙ: fut. φείσομαι Ep. paullo-p. fut. πε-
 φιδήσομαι: aor. I φεισάμην Ep. φεισάμην: Ep. re-
 dupl. aor. 2 πεφιδόμην, opt. πεφιδόμην, πεφιδόιτο, inf.
 πεφιδέσθαι: Dep.:—to spare, to be sparing or chary
 of a thing, Lat. parcere, c. gen.: of provisions, to use
 sparingly or thriftily: also to draw back or from, turn
 away from: c. inf. to spare or forbear to do. Hence
 φειδομένως, Adv. pres. part. of φείδομαι, sparingly,
 thriftily, charily.
 φειδῶ, ὅς contr. οὐς, ἡ, (φείδομαι) a sparing, re-
 fraining.
 II. thrift, stinginess.
 φειδωλή and φειδωλία, ἡ, = φειδῶ.
 φειδωλὸς, ἡ, ὅν, (φειδῶ) sparing, thrifty, chary
 of a thing: 2. gen., φειδωλὸς χρημάτων sparing of
 money. Adv. —λῶς, sparingly, thriftily.
 φείσασθαι, aor. I inf. of φείδομαι.
 φείστατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of φείδομαι.
 φειστότα, verb. Adj. of φείδομαι, one must spare.
 φελλεύς, εἰς, ὁ, stony ground or soil: hence as the
 name of a rocky district of Attica.
 φέλλινος, η, ον, (φελλῖς) made of cork.
 φέλλιον, τό, mostly in plur. stony ground: cf.
 φελλεύς.
 φελλό-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, neut. -πων, (φελλῖς,
 πούς) cork-footed.
 ΦΕΛΛΟΣ, ὁ, the cork-tree, Lat. quercus suber. 2.
 the bark of the cork-tree, a cork, Lat. cortex.
 φενακίζω, f. ἰσω, (φέναι) to play the impostor,
 cheat, lie. 2. trans. to cheat, trick:—Pass. to be
 cheated. Hence
 φενάκισμός, ὁ, quackery, imposture, trickery.
 ΦΕΝΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, a cheat, quack, impostor.
 *ΦΕΝΩ, to slay, obsol. Root, to which belong Ep.
 aor. 2 πέφνον, shortd. from the redupl. form πέφενον,
 also with augm. ἐπεφνον, infin. πεφνέμεν, part.
 πέφνων (not πεφνών) as if it were part. pres.:—
 a. pf. πέφαμαι, 3 sing. πέφαται, 3 pl. πέφανται,

inf. πεφάσθαι: paullo-p. fut. πεφήσομαι Ep. 2 sing.
 πεφήσεται.
 φερ-ανθής, ἐς, (φέρω, ἄνθος) bringing flowers.
 φέρ-ασπις, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (φέρω, ἀσπίς) shield-bearing.
 φερ-αυγής, ἐς, (φέρω, αὐγή) bringing light, shining.
 ΦΕΨΒΩ, plupf. ἐπεφύρβην:—to feed, nourish: to
 preserve. II. Pass. to be fed or feed upon a thing:
 hence to eat, consume, Lat. depasci: metaph. to feed
 on.
 III. Med. c. acc. to feed oneself on a thing:
 φέρβασαι νῦν to feed one's mind.
 φερ-έγγυος, ον, (φέρω, ἐγγύη) giving surety or bail,
 able to give security, trusty, responsible: generally,
 capable, competent: c. inf., λιμὴν φερέγγυος διασῶσαι
 τὸς νέας a harbour capable of preserving the ships:
 c. gen. able to answer sufficiently for a thing, trusty:
 —cf. ἐχέγγυος.
 φερέμεν, Ep. inf. of φέρω.
 φερεμ-μελήτης, poet. for φερεμελής, ον, ὁ, (φέρω,
 μέλα) a warrior bearing an aspen spear, generally, a
 spear-bearer.
 φερέ-νικος, ον, (φέρω, νίκη) carrying off victory,
 victorious.
 φερέ-οικος, ον, (φέρω, οἶκος) carrying one's house with
 one, of the nomad Scythians:—as Subst., φερέοικος, ὁ,
 the house-carrier, i.e. snail: cf. πουλύπους, ἀνίστοκος.
 φερέ-πνοος, ον, (φέρω, πῶνος) bringing trouble or
 sorrow.
 φερέσ-βιος, ον, (φέρω, βίος) bearing life or food,
 life-giving, food-giving.
 φέρεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φέρω.
 φερεσ-σάκης, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (φέρω, σάκος) ebiold-
 bearing, heavy-armed.
 φερ-εστάφυλος, ον, (φέρω, σταφυλή) bearing
 bunches of grapes.
 φέρετρον contr. φέρτρον, τό, (φέρω) a bier, litter,
 Lat. feretrum.
 φέρην, Aeol. for φέρειν, inf. of φέρω.
 φέρησι, Ep. for φέρη, 3 sing. subj. of φέρω.
 φέριστος, η, ον, like φέρτατος, stoutest, bravest.
 best: mostly in addresses, ὦ φέριστε.
 φέρμα, ατος, τό, (φέρω) that which is borne, a load,
 burden: the burden or fruit of the womb.
 φέρνῃ, ἡ, (φέρω) that which is brought by the wife,
 a dowry, portion, Lat. dos: φερναὶ πολέμου the dowry
 of war, i.e. a wife won in battle.
 φέροισα, Dor. part. fem. of φέρω.
 φέροντι, Dor. 3 pl. of φέρω: but also part. 3at.
 Φερσιφάτιον Att. Φερρεφάτιον, τό, a temple or
 sanctuary of Persephōnē. From
 Φερσέφασσα Att. —ττα, and Φερρέφασσα, ἡ, =
 Περσέφασσα, —ττα, Περσεφόνη, Proserpine.
 Φερσεφόνη, ἡ, = Περσεφόνη.
 φέρτατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. = φέριστος, stoutest,
 bravest, best, mightiest, most powerful. (From φέρω,
 as Lat. fortis from fero.)
 φέρτε, Ep. for φέρετε, 2 pl. of φέρω.
 φέρτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. stouter, braver, better,
 mightier, more powerful. See φέρτατος.

φερτός, ὅ, ὄν, verb. αἰῳ. of φέρω, *to be borne, endurable*.

φέρτρον, contr. for φέρετρον.

ΦΕΥΓΩ, a Root only used in pres. and impf.: Ep. forms, 2 pl. imperat. φέρετε for φέρετε; 3 sing. subj. φέρῃσι, Ep. for φέρῃ; Ion. impf. φέρεσκον, φέρεσκε. From the Root *ΟΓΩ comes the fut. οἶσω, med. οἶσομαι; Ep. imperat. οἶσε, inf. οἶσμεν, οἶσμεναι; also fut. pass. οἰσθήσομαι. From the Root *ΕΝ-ΕΤΚΩ come aor. 1 ἤνεγκα, Ion. ἤνεικα Ep. ἔνεικα, subj. ἐνέικω, inf. ἐνέικαι: aor. 2 ἤνεγκον Ion. ἤνεικον, Ep. inf. ἐνεῖκέμεν: Ion. aor. 1 pass. ἤνεχθη; 3 pl. aor. 1 med. ἤνεικαντο. From the same Root come pf. act. ἐνήνοχα, pass. ἐνήνεγμαι, fut. pass. ἐνεχθήσομαι, aor. 1 pass. ἤνεχθη. I. like Lat. *FERO*, *to bear or carry* a load.

II. *to bear along*, with an idea of *motion* added, as of horses, ἄρμα φέρειν, etc.

III. *to bear, endure, suffer*, esp. with an Adv., βαρέως, χαλεπῶς φέρειν τι, Lat. *aegrè, graviter ferre*, *to bear* a thing impatiently, *take* it ill or amiss, be disconcerted at it; opp. *to κεύθω φέρειν τι*, Lat. *leviter ferre*, *to bear* a thing cheerfully, *take* it easily.

IV. *to fetch: to bring, present, give*; ὥρα φέρειν *to bring* presents; and Med. *bring with one or for one's own use*:—χάριν τινὶ φέρειν *to grant* any one a favour, do him a kindness; but later, *to show* gratitude to one.

2. *to occasion, cause, work*; as, κακὸν or πῆμα φέρειν. 3. *to bring in, pay, discharge*; φέρον or δασμὸν φέρειν *to pay* tribute; τιμὴν φέρειν *to pay* a fine. 4. γῆφον φέρειν *to give* one's vote, Lat. *ferre suffragium*.

V. *to bear, bring forth, produce*: absol. of the earth or of trees, *to bear fruit, be fruitful*: metaph. *to bring in, yield, produce*; ἀγῶν δὲ τὸ πᾶν φέρον the contest that bestows everything.

VI. *to bear off, carry off or away: to carry away as booty or plunder*, mostly in phrase φέρειν καὶ ἄγειν, Lat. *agere et ferre*, where φέρειν refers to the moveables which are carried off, and ἄγειν to the cattle which are driven away: also simply φέρειν *to rob*.

2. *to carry off, gain: to win, achieve, gain*: also *to receive one's due*, e. g. *to receive pay*:—Med., esp. in phrases ἀθλον φέρεσθαι *to carry off* a prize; τὰ πρῶτα, τὰ δεύτερα φέρεσθαι *to win* and hold the first, the second rank: the Med. φέρεσθαι is used generally of everything which one gets for oneself or for one's own use and behoof, so as to take and carry away to one's home.

VII. absol. of roads, *to lead* to a place; ἡ ὁδὸς φέρε, like Lat. *via fert* or *ducit*.

2. of a tract of country, *to stretch, extend, verge to or towards*: metaph. *to lead or tend* to an end or object; τὰ πρὸς τὸ ὑγιαίνειν φέροντα that which is conducive to health; and so generally, *to contribute or conduce to or towards*.

3. *to aim at, hint or point at, refer* to a thing; ἐς ἀπρίους ἀγῶνας φέρον τὴν μαντήν the oracle referring to martial contests; τῶν ἡ γνώμη ἔφερε συμβάλλειν their opinion inclined to giving battle: also c. dat. pers.,

πλεον ἐφέρει of ἡ γνώμη, c. inf.; his opin' on inclined rather to do so and so:—φέρει is also used like συμ-φέρει, it tends [to one's interest] is expedient. VIII. *to carry about by word of mouth, in the mouth, to speak much of*; εὖ or πονηρῶς φέρεσθαι *to be well or ill spoken of*. 2. *to be carried about, to be in circulation*.

IX. φέρε is used in Homer as imperat., *bear, carry, bring*: but, like ἄγε, it was afterwards used as an Adv., *come, now, well, before* the 1 sing. or plur. subj., φέρε ἀκούσω, *come let me hear*; φέρε στήσωμεν *come let us set*.

Pass. *to be borne or carried from* a place, esp. involuntarily; *to be borne, carried on or along* by waves, *to be hurried, swept away, rush, fly along*, Lat. *ferri*; ἰθὺς φέρεσθαι *to rush* right upon; φερόμενοι ἐσέπιπτον ἐς τοὺς Αἰγινίτας bearing down they fell upon the Aeginetans: so also part. act. used intrans., φέρουσα ἐνέβαλε νηὶ φιλῆν bearing down she ran into a friendly ship. 2. also of bodies moved by their own power, *to hasten, run, fly, speed*.

3. metaph., εὖ or κακῶς φέρεσθαι, of schemes, etc., *to turn out, prosper well or ill*; τὰ πράγματα κακῶς φέρεται our affairs are in a bad state.

ΦΕΥ, Exclamation of grief or anger, *ah! alas!* *woe!* like Lat. *vah, vae, our fy!*: c. gen., *φεὺ τῆς Ἑλλάδος* *woe for Hellas!* II. of astonishment or admiration, *ah! ob!*

φευγέμεν, —έμεναι, Ep. for φεύγειν, inf. of φεύγω. φεύγεσκεν, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φεύγω.

φευγόντων, Ep. for φευγέτωσαν, 3 pl. imperat., *let them flee*: also part. gen. pl. of φεύγω.

ΦΕΥΓΩ: Ion. impf. φεύγεσκον: f. φεύσομαι Dor. φευζομαι: aor. 2 ἐφύγον: pf. act. πέφευγα, pass. (in act. sense) πέφυγα: there is also Ep. pf. part. πεφυζύτες, as if from φύζω:—*to flee, take flight*: c. acc. cognato, φεύγειν φυγὴν *to flee* in flight: also, φεύγειν τὴν παρὰ θάλασσαν [sc. τὴν ὁδὸν] *to flee* [the way] by the sea.

2. the pres. part. φεύγων often expresses only the purpose or endeavour to flee, the compds. ἀποφεύγω, ἐκφεύγω, προφεύγω being added to denote the escape; as, βέλτερον, ὡς φεύγων προφεύγειν κακὸν ἢ ἐδῶν it is better that running off one should escape than be caught; so, φεύγων ἐκφεύγειν, φεύγων ἀποφεύγειν. 3. φεύγειν ὑπὸ τινος *to flee* before any one.

4. c. inf. to sbun or shrink from doing: absol. *to fear, flinch*.

II. c. acc. to flee, sbun, avoid: as, φεύγειν θάνατον, πῦλον, etc.: metaph. of any rapid movement, ἡνίοχον φύγον ἡνία the reins escaped from the hands of the charioteer. 2. pf. pass. part. retains the acc. in Homer, πεφυγμένους μοῖραν, δλεθρον having escaped, being quit of fate, destruction: but also c. gen., πεφυγμένους ἀέθλων escaped from toils.

III. *to flee* one's country for a crime; φεύγειν ὑπὸ τινος *to be banished* by one: hence *to go into exile, live in banishment, be banished*, Lat. *exulare*.

IV. as Att. law-term, *to be accused or prosecuted at law*, opp. *to δικάω*: hence, ὁ φεύγων *the accused, defend-*

ant. Lat. *reus*, δ δικάων *the accuser, prosecutor*; c. acc., *φεύγειν γραφήν* or *δίκην*, to be put on one's trial on a public or private indictment: the crime being added in gen., as *φεύγειν φόνου* (sc. *δίκην*) to be defendant on a charge of murder, i.e. to be charged with murder.

φεύζω, f. *έω*: aor. I *έφευξα*:—to cry *φεύ*, cry *ωος*, wail. (From *φεύ*, as *οίμωζω* from *οίμοι*, *αιάζω* from *αί* αί.) *φευκτόν*, verb. Adj. of *φεύγω*, one must flee. *φευκτός*, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of *φεύγω*, to be avoided: that can be shunned or avoided.

φευξέω, Desiderat. of *φεύγω*, to wish or desire to flee. *φεύξις*, *έως*, ή, (*φεύγω*) = *φύξις*.

φεύξομαι Dor. *φευξοῦμαι*, fut. of *φεύγω*.

φεύξω, fut. of *φεύζω* (not of *φεύγω*).

ΦΕ΄ΥΑ'ΛΟΣ, *ov*, δ, and *φευάλυξ*, *ύγος*, δ, a spark, brand, piece of the embers or hot ashes. Hence

φευάλω, f. *ώσω*, to reduce to ashes, to burn up.

φευάλυξ, *υγος*, δ, = *φέφαλος*. [*α*]

φῆ, Ion. for *έφη*, 3 sing. aor. 2 of *φημί*.

φῆ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of *φημί*.

φηγίνεος, α, *ov*, and *φηγίνος*, η, *ov*, (*φηγίος*) *oaken*, of oak, Lat. *faginus*.

φηγίνους, ή, *ov*, contr. for *φηγινέος*.

ΦΗΓΟΣ, ή, a kind of oak, bearing an esculent acorn, not the Lat. *fagus* (beech). II. the esculent fruit of the same tree.

φῆη, Ep. for *φῆ*, 3 sing. pres. subj. of *φημί*

φῆληξ, *ηκος*, δ, (*φηλός*) *deceiver*, name of a wild-fig, which seems ripe when it is not really so.

φηλητεύω f. *σω*, to cheat, deceive, trick. From *φηλητής*, *ov*, or *φηλητής*, *ov*, δ, (*φηλός*), a *deceiver*, cheat, knave, thief.

ΦΗΛΟΣ, ή, *ov*, *deceitful*, *knaveish*. Hence

φηλώ, f. *ώσω*, to deceive, cheat, trick. Hence

φηλωμα, *ατος*, τό, a *deceit*, *deception*, *cheat*.

φήμη Dor. *φάμα*, ή, Lat. *fama*, (*φημί*) a voice from heaven, a prophetic voice: an oracle, an augury.

II. any voice or words, a speech, saying: also a song. 2. a common saying, an old tradition, legend, adage. 3. like Lat. *fama*, a rumour, report: hence a man's good or bad report, his fame, reputation, character. 4. a message.

ΦΗΜΙ, *φῆς*, *φῆσι*: aor. 2 *έφην* (the impf. being *έφασκον*, see *φάσκω*), *έφησθα* Ep. *φῆσθα*, *έφη*; imperat. *φάθι*; inf. *φάναι*; part. *φάς*, *φάσα*, *φάν*: fut. *φῆσω*: aor. I *έφησα*. Med., aor. 2 *έφάμην* [*α*], inf. *φάσθαι*, part. *φάμενος*: impf. or aor. 2 *έφάμην*: also pf. pass. *πέφασμαι*; 3 sing. imperat. *πέφασθω*. Ep. forms I pl. pres. opt. *φάμεν* for *φάιμεν*; 3 sing. subj. *φῆη* for *φῆ*; aor. 2 *φῆν*, *φῆς*, *φῆ*, for *έφην*, *έφης*, *έφη*, and 3 pl. *έφαν*, *φάν* for *έφασαν*; med. imperat. *φάο* for *φάσο*:—'Hμί is a shortd. form of *φημί*: *φάσκω* is also a collat. form. The pres. indic. *φημί* is enclitic, except in 2 pers. *φῆς*. To say, speak, tell: to express one's opinion or thoughts: hence to be of opinion, believe, think, imagine, esp. in Med.; *ίσον έμοι φάσθαι* to fancy himself equal to

me; in familiar language *φημί* is often put before its pronoun, as, *έφην έγώ* said I; *έφη δ Σωκράτης* said Socrates: *φημί* is sometimes joined with a synon. Verb, as, *έφη λέγων*, *έλεγε φάς*, etc. II. *φημί* often means, to say yes, affirm, assert: opp. to *ού φημι* or *φημί ούχί*, to say no, deny, refuse.

φημίζω, f. *σω* Att. *ώ* Dor. *έσω*: aor. I *έφήμισα* (*φῆμη*):—to speak, utter, name:—Med. to express in words.

φῆμς, *ιος*, ή, poet. for *φῆμη*, speech, talk: report, rumour, one's good or bad report, reputation; *δήμοις φῆμς* the voice or judgment of the people.

φῆν, Ep. for *έφην*, aor. 2 of *φημί*.

φῆναι, aor. I inf. of *φαίνομαι*.

φῆνεα, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of *φαίνομαι*.

ΦΗ'NH, ή, a kind of vulture.

φῆρ, δ, gen. *φηρός*, Aeol. for *θήρ*, esp. in plur. *Φῆρες*, the Centaurs.

φηρο-μάνης, *ές*, gen. *έος*, (*φῆρ*, *μανῆναι*) madly fond of wild animals or hunting.

φῆς, 2 sing. of *φημί*: but 2. *φῆς*, Ep. for *έφης*, 2 sing. aor. 2 of *φημί*.

φῆσθα, Ep. 2 sing. aor. 2 of *φημί*.

φῆτρη, ή, Ion. for *φάτρα*.

φθαίη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of *φθάνω*.

φθαίρω, Dor. for *φθειρώ*.

φθάμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of *φθάνω*. [*α*]

φθάν, Ep. for *έφθασαν*, 3 pl. aor. 2 of *φθάνω*.

ΦΘΑ'ΝΩ: fut. *φθήσομαι*, later also *φθάσω* [*α*]: aor. I *έφθασα*: aor. 2 *έφθην*, 3 pl. *φθάν* for *έφθασαν*, subj. *φθώ*, Ep. 3 sing. *φθῆη* and *φθῆσιν*, Ep. I pl. *φθέωμεν*, 3 pl. *φθέωσιν*, opt. *φθαίην*, inf. *φθῆναι*, part.

φθάς, pf. *έφθακα*: Ep. aor. 2 med. part. *φθάμενος* [*α*]: Dor. fut. *φθαζάω*, aor. I *έφθαξα*. To come before, do, reach before; δ *φθάσας* the first comer; *φθάνειν ές*

την πόλιν to come first into the city:—c. acc. pers. to be beforehand with, overtake, outstrip, anticipate, Lat. *praevenire*; and sometimes simply to arrive; *έφθασαν τόν χειμώνα* they anticipated the storm; it is often joined with a part. act. agreeing with the agent, *έφθη βαλάν αυτόν* he was beforehand in striking him; ή *κε πολύ φθαίη πόλις άλοῦσα* the city would be beforehand in being taken, i.e. it would be taken first. II. in these constructions, *φθάνειν* is best rendered in English by an Adv. before, sooner, first; *έφθην άφικόμενος* I came sooner or first: we also find the part. of *φθάνω* joined with another Verb, *ούκ άλλος φθάς έμεῦ καθήγορος έσται* no other shall be an accuser before me; *φθάσας προσπεσούμαι* I will first fall upon you; so part. *φθάσας* with imperat., *λίγχε φθάσας* speak quickly.

III. *φθάνειν* with *ού* and part., followed by *καί*, etc., like Lat. *simul ac*, denotes two actions following close on each other, *ού φθάνει εξαγορέμενος καί εύθις όμοίος έστι* no sooner is he brought out than he is like; *ούκ έφθη μοι συμβάσα ή άτυχία καί εύθις επεχειρήσαν* scarcely or no sooner had misfortune befallen me than they attempted. IV. in questions with *ού*, *φθάνω* de-

impatience to have the thing done; ἀποτρέχων οὐκ ἂν φθάνοις; will you not be quick and run off? i. e. make haste and run off. V. in answers with οὐ and opt. c. ἂν, οὐκ ἂν φθάνομαι I could not be too quick, i. e. I will begin directly.

φθάρῃναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φθέρω.

φθορτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φθέρω, corruptible, destructible, mortal, transitory.

φθάς, φθάσα, φθάν, aor. 2 part. of φθάνω.

ΦΘΕΤΓΟΜΑΙ, f. φθέγγομαι: aor. I ἐφθεγγάμην:

pf. ἐφθεγγαί: Dep.:—to utter a sound or voice, to speak loud and clear, articulate; τὸ φθεγγόμενον, what which uttered the sound, the voice. 2. of animals, as of a horse to neigh, snort; of a fawn, to cry; of a door, to creak. II. c. acc. cognato, φθέγγεσθαι ἔπος to utter or say a word.

III. to extol, praise, sing, celebrate.

φθέγμα, ατος, τό, (φθέγομαι) a voice: language, speech: a saying, word: in plur. accents, words. 2. generally, a cry, roar, sound.

φθέγγομαι, fut. of φθέγγομαι.

φθέμενον, Ep. for φθώμεν, φθώμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω.

ΦΘΕΙΡ, ὁ, gen. φθειρος, a louse, Lat. pediculus.

II. the small fruit or cone of a kind of pine.

φθειριάω, f. ἄω, (φθείρ) to be lousy, suffer from morbus pedicularis.

φθειρο-τράγην, f. ἡσώ, (φθείρ, τραγείν) to eat uce, or rather to eat fir-cones; cf. φείρ

φθέρω: fut. φθεράω Ep. φθέρω: aor. I ἐφθεира: pt. ἐφθορεα, pf. 2 ἐφθορα: Pass., pf. ἐφθαρηαι, 3 pl. ἐφθάρηται, 2 ἐφθάρην [α]: (φθίω):—to corrupt, spoil, ruin, waste, destroy, Lat. perdere, persumdare:—Pass. to go to ruin, perish; in Att., φθέρω was a common imprecation, go and be damned! Lat. abi in malam rem! hence, εἰ μὴ φθερεῖ unless thou depart; but, φθείρεσθαι εἰς or πρὸς τι to run headlong into a thing. 2. in Pass., of shipwrecked persons, to be cast away.

II. of men, to kill, slay, destroy: also of women to seduce:—Pass. to perish, pine away.

φθερεῖ-γενής, ἑς, (φθέρω, γένος) destroying the race or family

φθέμεν, φθώσιν, Ep. 1or φθώμεν, φθώσιν, 1 and 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω.

φθῆ, Ep. for φθῆ, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φθάνω.

φθῆη, Ep. for φθῆ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω.

φθῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of φθάνω.

φθῆσιν, Ep. for φθῆ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω.

φθῆσομαι, fut. of φθάνω.

Φθία, ας, Ep. and Ion. Φθίη, ης, ἡ, Pthia, a district in Thessaly, the home of Achilles. [r]

Φθία, ἁδός, ἡ, fem. of Φθίος, a Pthian woman.

φθίσεται, Ep. for φθίσεται, aor. 2 pass. subj. of φθίω.

φθίλινδε, Adv. to Pthia. [r]

Φθίλη, φθ. dat. sing. cf. Φθίη, at Pthia. [r]

φθίμενος, part. Eu. aor. 2 pass. of φθίω. [r]

φθίνάς ἁδός, ἡ, (φθίω) intr. perishing, wasting,

waning.

II. act. causing to decline wasting; νόσοι φθινάδης wasting diseases.

φθίνασμα, α: ε, τό, (φθίω) a declining, wasting, pining, waning. [r]

φθίναω and φθίνω, (φθίω) to waste or pine.

φθινό-καρπος, ον, (φθίω, καρπός) with blighted fruit.

φθινοπωρινός, ἡ, ὄν, (φθινοπωρον) autumnal.

φθινοπωρίς, ἰδος, fem. of φθινοπωρινός

φθίν-ἔπωρον, τό, (φθίω, ἔπωρον) the last part of ὥπώρα or the time after ὥπώρα, late autumn, the fall of the year

φθινύσκες, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φθινύθω. [r]

φθινύθω, poet. for φθίω, used only in pres. and impf. I. intr. to waste away, decay. II

trans. to consume, waste. [r]

ΦΘΙΝΩ, common form of φθίω. [r]

φθίωμα, Ep. for φθίωμαι, aor. 2 pass. subj. Φθίος, α, ον, (Φθία) Pthian; οἱ Φθίοι, the Pthians.

φθίσσεται [r], fut. med. inf. of φθίω.

φθισ-ἦνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (φθίω, ἀνὴρ) man-destroying, destructive, deadly, fatal.

φθίσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of φθίω. φθίω.

φθίσαι-βροτος, ον, (φθίω, βρότος) man-destroying.

φθίσις, εως, ἡ, (φθίω) of persons, consumption, decline, decay, Lat. tabes. 2. generally, a dwindling or wasting away, decay, waning. [r]

φθίτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. opt. of φθίω: out, 2. φθίτο [r], Ep. 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. indic.

φθιτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φθίω, wasted, decayed, dead; οἱ φθιτοὶ the dead.

ΦΘΙΩ, impf. φθίον, more common in form ΦΘΙΝΩ [r] Hom., ἔ Att.: fut. φθίσομαι [r]: pf. pass. (in same sense as act.) ἐφθίμαι: plarf. ἐφθίμην [r]: —but ἐφθίμην is more commonly Ep. aor. 2 pass., 3 pl. ἐφθίον; subj. φθίωμα Ep. φθίωμαι, 3 sing. φθίεται (for φθίηται), 1 pl. φθίωμεθα (for φθιάμεθα); opt. φθίμην, φθίω, φθίτο; inf. φθίσθαι; part. φθίμενος [r]:—to decline, decay, wane, pine or waste away, perish, die; οἱ φθίμενοι the dead: of Time, πρὶν κεν νδὲ φθίτο first would the night come to an end; φθίνουσιν νύκτες the nights wane; μηνῶν φθίνοντων in the moon's wane, i. e. towards the month's end: in Homer's time, the month was divided into two parts, μην ἱστάμενος and μην φθίνων, as in phrase, τοῦ μην φθίνοντος μηνὸς τοῦ δ' ἱσταμένου both at the waning of the month, and at its beginning; at Athens the month was divided into 3 decads, μην ἱστάμενος, μην μεσῶν, μην φθίνων; in the two first of which the days were reckoned forwards, in the last backwards. 2. of plants, to fade, wither, die.

II. Causal in fut. φθίσω [r], aor. I act. ἔφθισα (like βῆσα, ἔβησα):—to make to decline, decay or pine away, to consume: also of money, etc., to waste, squander.

Φθίωτης, ον, ὁ, (Φθία) a man of Pthia:—fem. Φθίωτις, ἰδος (sub. γῆ), the land of Pthia.

φθιζγῆ, ἡ, (φθέγγομαι) like φθέγγος, the voice of men: also the cry of animals.

φθογγός, ὁ, (φθέγγομαι) *the voice of men*: also *the voice of animals*: generally, *a sound*.

ΦΘΟΤ'Ξ, ἴος, ὁ, nom. pl. φθοῖς, *a kind of cake*.

φθονερός, ἄ, ὁν, (φθόνος) *envious, jealous*; τὸ θεῶν πᾶν ἔστι φθονερόν *the gods are altogether jealous*. Adv. φθονερώς *ἔχειν* *to be enviously disposed*.

φθονέω, f. ἤσω: aor. I ἐφθόνησα, in late Poets ἐφθόνησα: Pass., aor. I ἐφθονήθην: (φθόνος):—*to be envious or jealous, to envy, bear a grudge or ill-will*; c. dat. pers., φθονεῖν τινι *εὖ πρὸςσποντι* *to envy a man in a state of prosperity*: absol., μὴ φθονήσης *bear no malice*, Lat. *ne graveris*: also c. gen. rei, οὗ τοι ἡμόνων φθονέω *I bear thee no grudge for the mules*.

2. c. acc. rei, *to grudge, refuse or withhold through envy or jealousy*. 3. c. inf., οὐκ ἂν φθονέοιμι ἀγορεύσαι *I will not grudge to tell*; ἐφθόνησαν ἄνδρα ἓνα τῆς τε Ἀσίας καὶ τῆς Εὐρώπης βασιλεύσαι *they were jealous that one man should be king both of Asia and Europe*. 4. Pass. φθονοῦμαι, *to be envied or begrudged*, Lat. *invidetur* (in Horace). Hence φθόνητος, εὖς, ἡ, *an envying, a being jealous or grudging*: *envy*.

ΦΘΟΝΟΣ, ὁ, *ill will, envy, jealousy, at the good fortune of another*: also *an envying, a grudge, malice*, Lat. *invidia*; οὐδεὶς φθόνος *there is no grudging*, i. e. *I am willing*: c. gen. rei, *envy for or because of a thing*—φθόνος *jealousy at the great prosperity of men was ascribed to the gods, whence the phrase τὸν φθόνον πρόσκυσον*, *intreat, i. e. disarm, their envy*. φθορά Ion. φθορή, ἡ, (ἐφθορα) *corruption, decay*: *destruction, ruin*: also *a mortality, perdition, death*. 2. *seduction of a woman*. II. *moral corruption, depravity, wickedness*.

φθόρος, ὁ, = φθορά, *destruction, ruin, perdition*: hence, οὐκ ἔς φθόρον [sc. ἀπεί]; as a curse, like Lat. *abi in malam rem*, *wilt thou not go to ruin?* i. e. *go bang*.

II. like ὀλεσθός, *a pestilent fellow*. -φι, -φιν, in Ep. poetry *a termin. of the dat. and of genit.*, both in sing. and plur.: hence as an adverbial termin., mostly of place.

ΦΙΑ'ΔΗ [ᾱ], ἡ, *a flat shallow cup or bowl, esp. a drinking-bowl or bowl for libations*, Lat. *patena*: also *a funeral vase or urn*:—from its broad flat shape, Ἀρεὸς φιάλη *the bowl of Mars*, was a comic metaph. for ἀστὴς *a shield*.

φιάλλω, f. φιάλῳ, *to take in hand, undertake, set about a thing*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

φιάρός, ἄ, ὁν Ion. φιερός, ἡ, ὁν (πῆρ) *sleek, plump*. φιβάλεος Att. φιβαλέφ, αἰ, with or without ἰσχάδες, *a kind of early figs, so called from Φίβαλις, a district of Attica or Megaris*.

φιδίτιον, see φειδίτιον.

φιλ-άβουλος, ὁν, (φίλος, ἀβουλος) *wilfully thoughtless, wayward*.

φιλ-άγαθος, ὁν, (φίλος, ἀγαθός) *loving goodness*.

φιλ-άγλαος, ὁν, (φίλος, ἀγλαός) *loving splendour*.

φιλ-ἀγραιλος, ὁν, (φίλος, ἀγραιλος) *fond of a country life*. [ἀγρ]

φιλ-ἀγρέτης, ὁν, ὁ, (φίλος, ἀγρᾱ) *a lover of the chase*: fem. φιλαγρέτις, ἰδος, *a huntress*.

φιλ-ἄγρος, ὁν, (φίλος, ἀγρός) *fond of the country or of a country life*.

φιλ-ἀγρηνος, ὁν, (φίλος, ἀγρηνος) *fond of watching or watching, wakeful*. [ἀγρ]

φιλ-ἀγων, ἄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, ἀγών) *fond of contests: used in contests*. [ᾱ]

φιλ-ἀδελφία, ἡ, *brotherly or sisterly love*. From φιλ-ἀδελφος, ὁν, (φίλος, ἀδελφός) *fond of one's brother or sister, brotherly, sisterly*. [ᾱ]

φιλ-ἀεθλος, ὁν, (φίλος, ἀεθλον) *fond of the games*.

φιλ-ᾄθνηαιος, ὁν (φίλος; Ἀθηναίος) *fond of the Athenians*.

φίλαι, Ep. 2 sing. aor. I med. imperat. or φιλέω.

φιλ-αίκατος, ὁν, (φίλος, αἰάω) *fond of wailing: lamentable*.

φιλ-αἰδήμων, ὁν, gen. ονος, (φίλος, αἰδώς) *loving modesty*.

φιλ-αἰμάτος, ὁν, (φίλος, αἷμα) *fond of blood, blood-thirsty*.

φιλαίτερος, α, ὁν and φιλαίτατος, ἡ, ὡν, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of φίλος, *dearer, dearest*.

φιλ-αἰτιος, ὁν, (φίλος, αἰτία) *fond of bringing charges, fault-finding, censorious*. II. *liable to blame*.

φιλ-ἀκόλουθος, ὁν, (φίλος, ἀκόλουθος) *readily following*.

φιλ-ἀκράτος Ion -ακρητος, ὁν, (φίλος, ἀκρατος) *fond of sheer wine: given to wine*. [ἀκρ]

φιλᾶμα, Dor. for φίλημα.

φιλάμενος, poet. aor. I med. part. of φιλέω, in pass. sense.

φιλ-ἄμπελος, ὁν, (φίλος, ἄμπελος) *friend of the vine*.

φιλανδρία, ἡ, *love for a husband: love for men*. From φιλ-ἀνδρος, ὁν, (φίλος, ἀνήρ) *loving one's husband, conjugal*.

II. *loving men*. [γ]

φιλ-ανθής, ἔς, (φίλος, ἄνθος) *fond of flowers*.

φιλ-ανθρακεύς, εὖς, ὁ, (φίλος, ἀνθρακεύς) *friend of colliers*.

φιλανθρωπεύω, (φιλάνθρωπος) *to be a friend to mankind*: in Med. φιλανθρωπεύουαι, *to act humanely or kindly*.

φιλανθρωπία, ἡ, (φιλάνθρωπος) *love for mankind, humanity, benevolence, kindness, clemency*: in plur. acts of humanity or kindness.

φιλ-άνθρωπος, ὁν, (φίλος, ἄνθρωπος) *loving mankind, humane, benevolent, kind*. Hence

φιλανθρώπως, Adv. *humanely, kindly*: Sup. -ίστατα *most humanely*.

φιλ-ἄνωρ [ᾱ], ὁρος, ὁ, ἡ, Dor. for φιλήνωρ, (φίλος, ἀνήρ) *loving one's husband, affectionate*.

φιλ-αυδός, ὁν, (φίλος, αὐδός) *fond of singing or singers*.

φίλαοιδᾶ, Dor. gen. of φίλαοιδός.

φιλ-ἄπεχθημοσύνη, ἡ, *fondness for making enemies, readiness at picking quarrels*: in pl. quarrelsome attempts. From

φίλ-ἑπεχθήμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (φίλος, ἀπεχθάνομαι) fond of making enemies, quarrelsome, wrangling. Adv. —*μυνως*

φίλ-ἀπολικός, *η, ον*, (φίλος, ἀπόλος) fond of implicity or frankness

φίλ-ἀπόδύμος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἀπόδημος) fond of going abroad or travelling

φίλαργύρια, *ή*, love of money, covetousness. From φίλ-ἀργυρος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἀργυρος) fond of money, covetous, avaricious.

φίλ-Ἀριστείδης, *ον, δ*, (φίλος, Ἀριστείδης) a friend of Aristides.

φίλ-ἀρμάτος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἄρμα) fond of chariots or the chariot-race.

φίλαρχία, *ή*, love of rule, lust of power. From φίλ-αρχος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἀρχή) fond of rule, ambitious.

[φί]
φίλᾱς, —ᾱσας, Dor. for ἐφίλησε, φίλησας.
φίλᾱσσι, Dor. for φίλησει, 3 sing. fut. of φιλέω.

φίλ-αστραγάλος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἀστράγαλος) fond of playing at dice. [τρά]
φίλ-ᾱσματος, *ον*, (φίλος, ᾱσματος) fond of profission.

φίλᾱτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of φιλέω. [ί]
φίλ-αυλος, *ον*, (φίλος, αὐλός) fond of the flute. [ί]
φίλ-αυτος, *ον*, (φίλος, αὐτοῦ) fond of oneself. self-

loving, selfish. Adv. —*ταυς*. [ί]
φίλέσκες, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φιλέω

φίλ-ἑθαίρος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἑθαίρα) loving the hair, i.e. worn in the hair.

φίλ-ἑλληνηος, *δ, η*, (φίλος, Ἑλλην) fond of the Hellenes or Greeks.

φίλ-ἐννυχος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἐννυχος) loving night.

φίλέουσαι, Dor. pres. part. fem. pl. of φιλέω.
φίλῶντι. Dor. 3 pl. pres. of φιλέω; but also pres. part. dat. wng.

φίλ-έουτος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἑορτή) fond of feasts or holiday.

φίλ-ἐπιτιμητής, *ον, δ*, (φίλος, ἐπιτιμάω) fond of fault-finding: a censorious person.

φίλ-εραστής, *ον, δ*, (φίλος, ἐραστής) dear to lovers.

φίλεργία, *ή*, love of labour, industry. From φίλ-εργός, *ον*, (φίλος, ἐργον) loving work, working willingly, industrious.

φίλ-ἐριθος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἐριθός) fond of wool-spinning.

φίλ-ερωας, *ατος, δ, ή*, (φίλος, ἐρως) prone to love, full of love. [ί]

φίλ-ἑσπερος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἑσπερα) fond of evening.

φίλ-ἑταίρια, *ή*, love of comrades, friendship. From φίλ-ἑταίρος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἑταίρος) fond of one's comrades or friends, true to them. Adv. —*πως*.

φίλ-ἑυθείς, *ον*, (φίλος, εὐοί) loving the cry of εὐοί, epith. of Bacchus.

φίλ-εὐ-λεγχος, *ον*, (φίλος, εὐ, λέγω) fond of dainties.

φίλ-ευνος, *ον*, (φίλος, εὐνή) fond of the bed, esp. the marriage-bed. [ί]

φίλῶντι, φιλεῖντι, φιλεῖσα, Dor. for φιλοῦντα, φιλοῦντι, φιλοῦσα, forms of the pres. part. of φιλέω.

φίλ-εὐτακτος, *ον*, (φίλος, εὐτακτος) fond of order.

φίλ-ἐφηβος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἐφηβος) fond of youth.

φίλ-εχθής, *ές*, gen. *έτος*, (φίλος, ἐχθός) fond of making enemies, quarrelsome.

φίλῶς, *ί, ήως*: aor. I ἐφίλησα; pf. τεφίληκα: Med. Ep. aor. I ἐφίλησιν in 3 sing. ἐφίλητο, φίλητο, imperat. φίλει; 3 plur. subj. φιλῶνται. part. φιλάμενος in pass. sense, beloved: also fut. φίλησομαι in pass. sense: Pass., paullo-*p*. fut. πεφίλησομαι: aor. I ἐφίληθην: pf. πεφίλημαι: (φίλος):—to love.

Pass. to be beloved by one. From the general sense of loving came various special meanings, as, to treat affectionately or kindly, to welcome, to befriend; παρ' ἄμμι φίλησέαις τῶν ὑμῶν shall be welcome with us.

2. to shew signs of love, εἰς, to kiss; φιλεῖν τῷ στόματι to kiss on the mouth:—Med. to kiss one another.

3. to like, be fond of, practise. II. c. inf., like Lat. amo, to be fond of doing, be wont, use to do: imperat. φιλεῖ γίγνεσθαι it is wont to happen, usually, happens: absol., ὅλα δὴ φιλεῖς as is wont, Lat. ut solet 'I, except in Ep. aor. ἐφίλημην.]

φιλη, *ή*, fem. of φίλος, a mistress [ί]
φιληδέω, to love pleasure, find delight in a thing, c. dat. From

φιλ-ῆδής, *ές*, (φίλος, ἡδός) loving pleasure. Hence φιληδέλια, *ή*, (φιληδέω) fondness for pleasure, delight.

φίλ-ἡδονος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἡδονή) fond of pleasure. 1 causing pleasur

φιληκοῖα, *ή*, fondness for listening, attentiveness. From

φίλ-ἡκοος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἀκοή) fond of listening: fond of bearing discussions.

φίλ-ἡλακάτος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἡλακατή) fond of the spindle. [ᾱ]

φίλ-ἡλιαστής, *ον, δ*, (φίλος, ἡλιαστής) one who delights in trials, esp. as a jurymen in the court Heliæa.

φίλημα, *ατος, τό*, (φιλῶ) a kiss. [ί]
φίλημάτιον, *τό*, Dim. of φίλημα, a little kiss

φίλημναι, Ep. pres. inf. of φιλέω.
φίλημναι, Accl. for φιλέω. [ί]

φίλημοσύνη, *ή*, (φιλῶ) friendliness.

φίλ-ἡνους, *ον*, (φίλος, ἡνία) obeying the rein, tractable

φίλ-ἡρετρος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἡρετμός) loving the oar, fond of the sea.

φίλησα, Ep. for ἐφίλησα, aor. I of φιλέω. [ί]
φίλησέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of φιλέω.

φίλησι-μολπος, *ον*, (φίλος, μολπή) = φίλομολπος.

φίλητόν, verb. Adj. of φιλέω, one must love.

φίλητωρ, *ορος, δ*, = φίλητής, a lover.

φίλια Ion. φίλη, *ή*, (φιλῶ) love, affection, friendship, Lat. amicitia; φίλια ἢ ἐμῇ, ἢ σῇ, friendship for me, for thee.

φίλικός, *ή, ώς*, (φίλος) of or for a friend, friendly, affectionate; φίλικά proofs or marks of friendship.

Adv. —*πως*, in a kind, friendly way: Comp. φίλικώτερον; Sup. —*ώτατα*.

φίλιος, *α, ον*, also *ος, ον*, (φίλος) of or from a friend, friendly, kindly: opp. to πολέμιος, friendly, in alliance with one: ἢ φίλια (sc. χώρα) a friendly

country, opp. to ἡ πόλεμις. 2. Ζεὺς φίλιος, Jove as god of friendship. II. beloved, dear. Adv.

φίλιος, in a friendly way. [φί]

Φιλίππειος, α, ον, of Philip.

Φιλίππησιος, ον, (Φίλιππος) of or from Philip: as Subst. a Philiprian.

Φιλίππιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (Φίλιππος) to be on Philip's side or party, to Philipize.

Φίλιπποι, αἱ, a town in Thrace.

Φιλιπικός, ον, (φίλος, ἵππος) fond of horses: Sup.

φιλιπύτατος. II. as masc. pr. n., Philip. [φί]

φιλίτιον, τό, (φίλος) = φειδίτιον.

φιλίων, ον, gen. ονος, poet. Comp. of φίλος, dearer.

φίλιος, Adv. of φίλος, in a friendly manner.

φιλόβακχος, ον, (φίλος, Βάκχος) leaving Bacchus or wine.

φίλο-γάθης, ἐς, Dor. for φιλογηθής.

φίλο-γαίος, ον, (φίλος, γαῖα) loving the earth.

φίλο-γάμος, ον, (φίλος, γάμος) longing for marriage.

φιλο-γαστορίδας, ον, ὁ, (φίλος, γαστήρ) fond of one's belly.

φίλο-γέλοιος, ον, (φίλος, γέλοιος) fond of the ludicrous, loving a joke.

φίλο-γέλως, ὡτος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, γέλως) laughter-loving.

φιλογεωργία, ἡ, fondness for farming or for a country life. From

φίλο-γεωργός, ὄν, (φίλος, γεωργός) fond of farming or of a country life.

φίλο-γηθής, Dor. -γάθης, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (φίλος, γῆθος) loving mirth, mirthful, cheerful.

φίλο-δαφνος, ον, (φίλος, δάφνη) loving the laurel.

φίλο-δενδρος, ον, (φίλος, δένδρον) fond of trees.

φιλαδιστοπος, ον, (φίλος, δεσπότης) loving one's lord or master: of slaves, attached, submissive.

φίλο-δημος, ὄν, (φίλος, δῆμος) befriending the commons or people, the commons' friend.

φιλοδικέω, f. ἴσω, to be fond of law, litigious. From

φίλο-δίκος, ον, (φίλος, δίκη) fond of lawsuits: litigious.

φίλο-οδίτης, ον, ὁ, (φίλος, ὁδός) a friend of travellers. [ῖ]

φίλο-δοξος, ον, (φίλος, δόξα) loving honour or glory.

φίλο-δουπος, (φίλος, δούπος) loving noise.

φίλο-δύρτος, ον, (φίλος, δούρομαι) fond of lamenting, indulging sorrow, melancholy.

φίλο-δωρος, ον, (φίλος, δῶρον) fond of giving, bountiful. Adv. -ρως.

φίλο-εργός, ὄν, (φίλος, ἔργον) fond of work, industrious.

φίλο-ξέφυρος, ὄν, (φίλος, ξέφυρος) loving the west-wind.

φίλο-ζωος, ον, (φίλος, ζῷον) fond of one's life, cowardly. II. (φίλος, ζῶον) fond of animals.

φιλο-θεάμων [α], ον, (φίλος, θεάομαι) fond of seeing, fond of spectacles or shows.

φίλο-θεος, ον, (φίλος, θεός) loving God, pious, devout.

φιλοθηρία, ἡ, love of hunting, love of the chase. From

φίλο-θηρος, ον, (φίλος, θήρα) fond of hunting.

φίλο-θουκυδίδης, ου, ὁ, (φίλος, Θουκυδίδης) fond of Thucydides.

φίλο-θρηνης, ἐς, (φίλος, θρήνος) fond of wailing or lamentation.

φίλο-θύτης, ου, ὁ, (φίλος, θύω) one fond of sacrificing, a zealous worshipper. [ῦ]

φίλο-θύτος, ον, (φίλος, θύω) fond of sacrificing; φιλόθυστα ἔργα sacrifices offered with zeal.

φιλο-οικοδόμος, ον, (φίλος, οἰκοδομέω) fond of building.

φίλο-οικτίρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, οἰκτεῖρω) prone to pity, compassionate. Adv. -μῶνως.

φίλο-οίκτιστος, ον, (φίλος, οἰκτίζω) = φιλοίκτος.

φίλο-οίκτος, ον, (φίλος, οἶκτος) fond of compassionating, fond of lamentation: piteous. [ῖ]

φιλοῖνία, ἡ, love, fondness of wine. From

φίλο-οῖνος, ον, (φίλος, οἶνος) fond of wine.

φίλο-οίφης, ου, ὁ, (φίλος, οἰφάω) a lewd fellow.

φίλοκαλλέω, f. ἴσω, to be a lover of the beautiful, to indulge a taste for refinement. From

φίλο-κάλος, ον, (φίλος, καλός) loving the beautiful, loving beauty and goodness: fond of refinement and elegance. II. also fond of honour, seeking honour.

φίλο-καμητής, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (φίλος, καμητή) easily bent, pliant, lithe.

φίλο-καρποφόρος, ον, (φίλος, καρποφόρος) bearing fruit abundantly.

φίλοκέρδεια, ἡ, (φιλοκερδής) love of gain.

φιλοκερδέω, f. ἴσω, to be greedy of gain. From

φίλο-κερδής, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (φίλος, κέρδος) loving gain, greedy of gain.

φίλο-κέρτομος, ον, (φίλος, κέρτομος) fond of jeering or mocking.

φίλο-κηδεμών, ὄνος, ο, ἡ, (φίλος, κηδεμών) fond of one's relatives or connections.

φίλο-κίνδυνος, ον, (φίλος, κίνδυνος) fond of danger, venturesome, enterprising, bold. Adv. -ως, venturously, in an enterprising way.

φίλο-κισσοφόρος, ον, (φίλος, κισσοφόρος) fond of wearing ivy.

φίλο-κνίστος, ον, (φίλος, κνίζω) fond of pinching.

φίλο-κοῖνος, ον, (φίλος, κοινός) fond of what is common.

φίλο-κρημνος, ον, (φίλος, κρημνός) loving steep rocks, crag-loving.

φίλο-κρίνω, f. ἴσω, (φίλος, κρίνω) to pick and choose as friends.

φίλο-κρόταλος, ον, (φίλος, κρόταλον) loving a rattle or din.

φίλο-κροτος, ον, (φίλος, κρότος) loving noise or din.

φίλο-κτέανος, ον, (φίλος, κτέανον) = φιλοκτήμων, loving possessions, greedy of gain, covetous: Sup. φιλοκτηνώτατος, most covetous, most grasping.

φίλο-κτῆμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, κτῆμα) = φιλοκτέανος.

φίλο-κίβος, ον, (φίλος, κύβος) fond of dice or gambling.

φιλο-κυδής, ἐς, gen. εὐς, (φίλος, κῦδος) *loving splendour, joyous, brilliant.*

φιλο-κύνηγέτης, ον, δ, (φίλος, κυνηγέτης) *a lover of hunting or the chase.*

φιλό-κομος, ον, (φίλος, κῶμος) *fond of feasting and dancing, fond of revelry.*

φιλο-λάκων, ἄνος, δ, (φίλος, Λάκων) *fond of the Lacedaemonians.* [α]

φιλο-λήιος, ον, ποῖτ. for φιλόλειος, (φίλος, λήϊα, λέϊα) *loving booty.*

φιλό-λιχνος, ον, (φίλος, λίχνος) *loving dainties.*

φιλολογία, ἡ, *love of discussion, love of learning and literature: the study of language and history.* From φιλό-λογος, ον, (φίλος, λέγω) *fond of words, wordy.* II. *fond of dissertation; fond of learning and literature, Lat. studiosus:—as Subst., φιλό-λογος, δ, a student of language and history, a learned*

φιλο-λοιδόρος, ον, (φίλος, λοιδόρος) *fond of reviling, abusive.*

φιλομάθεια, ἡ, *love of knowledge.* [μᾶ] From φιλο-μαθής, ἐς, gen. εὐς, (φίλος, μαθεῖν) *fond of learning, loving knowledge.* Adv. -θῶς.

φιλό-μαντις, εως, δ, (φίλος, μάντις) *loving soothsayers or soothsaying.*

φιλό-μαστος, ον, (φίλος, μαστός) *loving the breast.*

φιλομάχῳ, f. ἦσω, *to be fond of fighting, eager to fight.* From

φιλο-μάχος, ον, (φίλος, μάχη) *loving fighting, warlike.*

φιλό-ομβριος and φίλο-ομβρος, ον, (φίλος, ὄμβρος) *rain-loving.*

φιλομήλα Ion. -λη, ἡ, *the nightingale*, so called, because, acc. to the legend, Philomela was changed into this bird. Hence

φιλομηλειος, α, ον, of, *belonging to the nightingale.*

φιλο-μήτωρ, ορος, δ, ἡ, (φίλος, μήτηρ) *loving one's mother.*

φιλο-μειδής, ἐς, ποῖτ. for φιλομειδής, (φίλος, μειδᾶω) *laughter-loving, epith. of Venus.*

φιλό-μολπος, ον, (φίλος, μολπή) *loving the dance and song.*

φιλομουσέω, f. ἦσω, (φιλόμουσος) *to love the Muses.*

φιλομουσία, ἡ, (φιλομουσέω) *love of the Muses.*

φιλό-μουσος, ον, (φίλος, Μοῦσα) *loving the Muses, loving music and the arts: refined, learned.*

φιλό-μῦθος, ον, (φίλος, μῦθος) *fond of fables.*

φιλό-μωμος, ον, (φίλος, μῶμος) *given to find fault, censorious.*

φιλό-μωσος, Dor. for φιλομουσος.

φιλο-ναύτης, ον, δ, (φίλος, ναῦτης) *loving sailors.*

φιλο-νάεικος, f. ἦσω, (φιλοναεικος) *to be fond of dispute, to act in a contentious spirit, contend eagerly or obstinately; c. dat. to strive or contend eagerly with one; τὰ χεῖρα φιλοναεικῶς in choose the worse part out of obstinacy.* Hence

φιλονακία, ἡ, *love of strife, contentiousness, rivalry, party-spirit, pertinacity, obstinacy.*

φιλό-νεικος, ον, (φίλος, νεῖκος) *fond of strife, contentious, pertinacious, obstinate.*

φιλονικέω, f. ἦσω, (φιλονικος) *to strive for victory.* Hence

φιλονικητέον, verb. Adj. *one must strive for victory.*

φιλό-νίκος, ον, (φίλος, νίκη) *striving for victory.*

φιλο-νύμφιος, ον, (φίλος, νύμφιος) *loving the bridegroom or bride.*

φιλό-ξενος, ον, ποῖτ. for φιλόξενος.

φιλό-ξενος ποῖτ. -ξενος, ον, (φίλος, ξένος) *loving strangers, hospitable.* Adv. -ως, *hospitably.*

φιλό-οινος, ον, ποῖτ. for φιλοίνος.

φιλό-παίγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, παῖγμα) *fond of play or sport, playful, sportive.*

φιλό-παις, -παιδος, δ, ἡ, (φίλος, παῖς) *loving one's children, loving boys.*

φιλο-πάτρις, (φίλος, πατρίς) *love of one's country.* 2. (φίλος, πατήρ) *love of one's father.*

φιλό-πάτρις, ἰδος, ἡ, acc. -πάτρην, (φίλος, πατρίς) *loving one's country.*

φιλο-πάτωρ, ορος, δ, ἡ, (φίλος, πατήρ) *loving one's father.*

φιλό-πλεκτος, ον, (φίλος, πλέκω) *constantly braided.* φιλό-πλος, ον contr. -πλους, ον, (φίλος, πλούς) *fond of sailing.*

φιλό-όπλος, ον, (φίλος, ὄπλον) *loving arms or war.*

φιλοπλουτία, ἡ, *love of riches.* From

φιλό-πλουτος, ον, (φίλος, πλούτος) *loving or seeking riches; φιλόπλουτος ἄμλλα the race for wealth.*

φιλο-ποιμνιος, ον, (φίλος, ποιμήν) *loving the flock.*

φιλό-πόλεμος ποῖτ. φιλοπόλεμος, ον, (φίλος, πόλεμος) *fond of war, warlike.* Adv. -μως.

φιλό-πολις, εως and ἰδος, Ion. ιος, δ, ἡ; acc. -ει; ποῖτ. also φιλόπολις: (φίλος, πόλις):—*loving one's city, state or country: as Subst., φιλόπολις, δ, a patriot; φιλόπολις ἀρετή or τὸ φιλόπολις patriotism:—at Athens, φιλόπατρις was used of one who loved Greece in general, φιλόπολις of one who was devoted to his own state.*

φιλοπονέω, f. ἦσω, (φιλόπονος) *to love labour, work hard, be diligent; τὸ φιλοπονέω, = φιλοπονία, love of labour, industry.*

φιλοπονηρία, ἡ, *love of bad men.* From φιλο-πότηρ, ον, (φίλος, ποτηρὸς) *fond of bad men.*

φιλοπονία, ἡ, (φιλοπονέω) *love of labour, patient industry.*

φιλό-πονος, ον, (φίλος, πόνος) *loving labour, diligent, industrious.* II. of things, *toilsome, laborious.* Adv. -ως, *laboriously: Comp. -νώτερον; Sup. -νώτατα.*

φιλοποσία, ἡ, *love of drinking, drunkenness, Lat. vinolentia.* From

φιλό-πόσις, ον, δ, (φίλος, ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of πίνω) *a lover of drinking, a toper, Lat. vinolentus.*

φιλοπραγμοσύνη, ἡ, *a restless, meddling disposition, officious interference, meddlesomeness.* From

φιλο-πράγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, πρᾶγμα) *fond*

of business, meddling, officious: as Subst., φιλοπράγμων, ὁ, a busybody, meddling fellow. Adv. —μόνος. φιλοπροσηγορία, ἡ, easiness of address, affability, courtesy. From φιλο-προσήγορος, ον, (φίλος, προσήγορος) easy of address, affable.

φιλο-πρωτεύω, f. σω, (φίλος, πρωτεύω) to strive to be first or in the front rank.

φιλο-πτόλεμος, ον, poet. for φιλοπτόλεμος.

φιλο-πτολις, ὁ, ἡ, poet. for φιλόπολις.

φιλο-πῦρος, ον, (φίλος, πυρός) loving wheat.

φιλο-στωριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (φίλος, ὄψωρα) a lover of autumn fruits.

φιλο-ὄργιος, ον, (φίλος, ὄργια) fond of orgies.

φιλο-ὀρθιος, ον, (φίλος, ὀρθιος) loving what is right.

φιλο-ορμίστειρα, ἡ, (φίλος, ὀρμίζω) she who loves to be barbour.

φιλο-ορνίθια, ἡ, fondness of birds. From

φιλονις, ἴθος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, ὄρνις) fond of birds: sheltering, barbouring birds.

φιλο-ρῶς, ὤγος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, ῥῶς) loving or bearing grapes.

φιλο-ὄρνις, ὤγος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, ὄρνις) fond of quails.

ΦΙΛΟΣ, ἡ, ον; vocat. φίλε, sometimes even with neut. nouns, as φίλε τέκνον:—loved, beloved, dear, Lat. amicus, carus. 2. as Subst., φίλος, ὁ, φίλη, ἡ, Lat. amicus, amica, a friend; ὁ Διὸς φίλος the friend of Jove: in addressing others, ὦ φίλος, ὦ φίλε, ὦ φίλοι, O friend, O friends: οἱ φίλοι friends, kinsmen, one's kith and kin; κοινὰ τὰ τῶν φίλων friends have all in common. 3. of things, dear, pleasing; φίλον ἐστὶ μοι it is dear to me, pleases me, Lat. cordi est. 4. Homer and other Poets use φίλος for the possessive Pronoun, my, thy, his, esp. of the heart, limbs, etc., as, φίλον ἦτορ, φίλα γυῖα, γούνατα, φίλος θυμός, ἄλοχος, τέκνα etc.; even when no affection is implied in it, as, μητρὶ φίλῃ ἑλθαίῃ χαόμενος κῆρ enraged in heart with his mother Althaea: also to denote possession or custom, φίλα εἴματα their own garments; φίλος πόνος their wonted labour.

II. in Poets also, with an act. sense, like φίλιος, loving, friendly, fond: kindly, kind; φίλα φρονεῖν to feel kindly; φίλα ποιεῖσθαι τινα to do one a kindness. φίλος has several forms of Comparison: 1. Comp. φίλιω, ον; Sup. φίλιστος, ἡ, ον, 2. Comp. φίλτερος; Sup. φίλτατος. 3. Comp. φιλαίτερος, Sup. φιλαίτατος.

φιλο-σίτος, ον, (φίλος, σίτος) fond of corn, agricultural. II. generally, fond of food or eating.

φιλο-σκηπτρος, ον, (φίλος, σκῆπτρον) sceptered.

φιλο-σκήπων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, σκήπων) loving or fattying a staff.

φιλο-σκόπελος, ον, (φίλος, σκόπελος) loving or baunting the rocks.

φιλο-σκώμμων, ον, γεν. ονος, (φίλος, σκῶμμα) loving a jest.

φιλοσοφῶ, f. ἴσω; pf. πεφιλοσοφῆκα; (φιλοσοφία):—to be a lover of knowledge, seek to become

wise, to seek after knowledge, study hard, Lat. philo-sophari.

II. c. acc. rei, to discuss or examine a subject by method, to inquire into, treat scientifically, Lat. meditari; φιλοσοφίαν φιλοσοφεῖν to seek out a philosophic system. 2. generally, to study, work at a thing. Hence

φιλοσοφῆτέον, verb. Adj. one must pursue wisdom. φιλοσοφία, ἡ, (φιλοσοφῶ) love of knowledge and wisdom, fondness for studious pursuits. 2. the systematic treatment of a subject, scientific investigation, Lat. meditatio. 3. philosophy, Lat. philosophia or sapientia.

φιλό-σοφος, ον, (φίλος, σοφία) loving wisdom or knowledge, first used by Pythagoras, who called himself φιλόσοφος, a lover of wisdom, not σοφός a sage: hence learned, literary, scientific, as opp. to the vulgar (οἱ πολλοί). 2. as Subst., φιλόσοφος, ὁ, one who professes an art or science; later, a philosopher, one who discusses subjects scientifically. II. philo-sophic, loving knowledge. Hence

φιλοσόφως, Adv. philosophically.

φιλο-σπῆλυξ, υγρος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος σπῆλυξ) fond of dwelling in grottoes.

φιλο-σπονδος, ον, (φίλος, σπονδή) loving drink-offerings or libations, employed in libations.

φιλο-σπουδος, ον, (φίλος, σπουδή) loving zeal zealous.

φιλο-στέφανος, ον, (φίλος, στέφανος) loving crowns wreathed, garlanded.

φιλο-στόνος, ον, (φίλος, στόνος) loving sighs or groaning, fond of lamentation. Adv. —τως.

φιλοστοργία, ἡ, tender love, warm affection. From

φιλο-στοργος, ον, (φίλος, στοργή) loving tenderly, affectionate, esp. of natural affection. Adv. —γως.

φιλο-στρατιώτης, ου, ὁ, (φίλος, στρατιώτης) the soldier's friend.

φιλο-σώματος, ον, (φίλος, σώμα) loving, indulging the body; sensual.

φιλοτάσιος [α], α, ον, Dor. for φιλοτήσιος.

φιλο-τέκνος, ον, (φίλος, τέκνον) loving one's children or offspring.

φιλοτεχνῶ, f. ἴσω, to love art, practise an art. From

φιλο-τεχνος, ον, (φίλος, τέχνη) fond of art, ingenious: of things, curious.

φιλότης, ητος, ἡ, (φίλος) friendship, love, affection, also of friendship between nations.

φιλοτήσιος, α, ον, also οε, ον, (φιλότης) of friendship or love, tending to or promoting it; φιλοτήσια ἔργα works of love. II. ἡ φιλοτησία κύλιξ, ον absol. ἡ φιλοτησία (sub. κύλιξ), the cup sacred to friendship, the loving-cup; φιλοτησίαν λαβεῖν to have one's health drunk; φιλοτησίαν προπίνειν to drink a health.

φιλοτιμέομαι; fut. med. ἴσομαι; aor. i-med. ἐφιλο-τιμησάμην, and pass. ἐφιλοτιμήθην; pf. πεφιλοτιμή-μαι; Dep.: (φιλότιμος):—to love honour or distinction: to be ambitious or emulous. 2. to place one's fame or glory in a thing, pride oneself on it, c. dat.;

φιλοτιμῆσθαι τι or πρὸς τι *to be eager for a thing, pursue it eagerly, hence to contribute liberally towards an object; φιλοτιμῆσθαι πρὸς τινα to vie eagerly with another, rival him.* 3. c. inf. *to strive emulously, endeavour earnestly, aspire to do a thing; οὐ πάντῃ ἂν φιλοτιμηθεῖεν φίλῳ σοι χρῆσθαι who would prize it above measure to have you for a friend.*

φιλοτιμία Ion. -ία, ἡ, (φιλοτιμέομαι) *love of honour or distinction, ambition; emulation, rivalry; hence the placing one's pride or distinction in a thing: in bad sense, pertinacity, obstinacy.* 2. ostentatiousness: in good sense, liberality. 1. f. a coveted object, honour, distinction.

φίλο-τιμος, on, (φίλος, τιμή) *loving honour, ambitious: zealous, emulous.* Adv. -μως. *emulously.* II. pass. *much-honoured.*

φιλοτάριον, τό, poet. for φιλοτάριον. Dim. of φίλος, a little pet, darling.

φίλο-φθογγος, on, (φίλος, φθογγή) *naïve-loving.*

φίλο-φίλος, on, *loving one's friends.*

φίλο-φόρμιγξ, ἴγρος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, φόρμιγξ) *loving the lyre, accompanying it.*

φίλο-φρονέομαι: f. med. ἡσόμεαι: aor. I med. ἐφιλοφρονήσαμην, and pass. ἐφιλοφρονήθην: (φίλο-φρων) *—to treat or deal with affectionately, to show kindness to: metaph. to foster, indulge, gratify: in aor. I pass. φιλοφρονήθηναι, to show kindness to one another, to greet or embrace one another, = φιλοφρονήσασθαι ἀλλήλους.* II. absol. *to be of a kindly, cheerful disposition.*

φιλοφρονέστωρ, α, on, Comp. of φίλοφρων.

φιλοφροσύνη, ἡ, (φίλοφρων) *friendly treatment or behaviour, friendliness, kindness: friendly greeting, welcome.* II. *cheerfulness, gaiety.*

φιλοφροσύνης, η, on, = φίλοφρων.

φίλο-φρων, onος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, φρήν) *kindly minded or affectioned, friendly, kindly.* Adv. -φρόνως, *kindly, affectionately, cheerfully.*

φίλο-χορευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (φίλος, χορεύω) *friend of or co-borall dance.*

φίλο-χορος, on, (φίλος, χορος) *loving the co-borall dance, epith. of Pan.*

φιλοχρημᾶτεω, f. ἥσω, (φιλοχρήματος) *to love money, be covetous.* Hence

φιλοχρημᾶτία, ἡ, *love of money, covetousness.*

φίλο-χρημᾶτος, on, (φίλος, χρήματα) *loving money, fond of money, covetous.* Adv. -τως.

φίλο-χρηστός, on, (φίλος, χρηστός) *loving goodness, fairness or honesty.*

φίλο-χριστός, on, (φίλος, Χριστός) *loving Christ.*

φίλο-χρῆστος, on, (φίλος, χρυσός) *greedy of gold.*

φιλοχωρέω, f. ἥσω, (φίλοχωρος) *to be fond of a place or country, to haunt a particular spot.* Hence φιλοχωρία, ἡ, *fondness for a place, attachment to a particular spot or haunt.*

φίλο-χωρος, on, (φίλος, χώρα) *fond of a place.*

φίλο-ψευδής, ἐς, gen. ἐως, (φίλος, ψεύδω) *fond of lies or lying.*

φίλο-ψογος, on, (φίλος, ψόγος) *fond of blaming, censorious.*

φίλοψυχέω, (φίλοψυχος) *to be fond of one's life, to be cowardly, dastardly or fainthearted.* Hence φιλοψυχία Ion. -ία, ἡ, *excessive love of life, cowardice, faintheartedness.*

φίλο-ψύχος, on, (φίλος, ψυχή) *loving one's life too well; hence cowardly, dastardly, fainthearted.* Adv. -χος.

φίλατος, η, on, irreg. Sup. of φίλος, *dearest, most loved, best beloved.*

φίλετος, α, on, irreg. Comp. of φίλος, *dearer, more or better loved.*

φίλτρον, τό, (φίλω) *a love-charm, spell to produce love, Shakespeare's 'medicine to make me love him': generally, a charm, spell:—so also, Apollo's oracles are called φίλτρα τολμῆς spells to produce boldness: cf. φάρμακον.* II. in plur. *charms, loveliness.*

φίλο-βριστης, οὔ, ὁ, (φίλος, ὑβριστής) *one given to wanton violence.*

φίλ-υδρής, on, (φίλος, ὑδρής) *abounding in moisture.*

φίλ-υμνος, on, (φίλος, ὕμνος) *loving song.* [γ]

φίλ-υπνος, on, (φίλος, ὕπνος) *loving sleep.* [γ]

ΦΙΛΑΤΡΑ Ion. φίλῤῥη, ἡ, *the lime or linden tree, Lat. tilia.* II. *the bass underneath its bark, Lat. pilyra, used to tie up flowers, etc.* [δ]

φίλῤῥινος, η, on, (φίλῤῥα) *of the lime or linden tree, light as linden wood.* [δ]

φίλ-ωδός, ὄν, (φίλος, ᾠδή) *fond of singing or song.*

φίλ-ωρετής, on, ὁ, (φίλος, ὄρος) *a lover of mountains.*

φίλως, Adv. of φίλος, *in friendly manner, in a pleasing way, kindly.* [γ]

ΦΙΜΩΣ, ὁ, with irreg. neut. pl. φῖμά, τά, *any instrument for keeping the mouth closed, a muzzle for dogs, calves, etc., Lat. capitrū, fiscella.* II. *the nose-band of a horse's bridle, to which pipes and bells were sometimes attached.*

III. *a kind of cup, used as a dice-box, Lat. fritillus.* Hence

φῖμω, f. ὥσω: aor. I pass. ἐφῖμωθην: pf. πεφῖμαμαι: *—to muzzle, gag, shut up as with a muzzle; φεμούν τῷ ξύλῳ τὸν αὐχένα to make fast his neck in the pillory: metaph. to muzzle, gag, put to silence: Pass., φεμώθητι δε θου silent; πεφίμωσο be still.*

ΦΙΤΡΟΣ, ὁ, *the stem of a tree, a trunk, block, log; generally, a piece of wood.*

φῖτρν, τό, poet. contr. for φῖτρυμα, as δῶ for δῶμα.

φῖτρυμα, ατος, τό, (φῖτρώ) *a shoot, scion: metaph. a son, scion.*

φῖτῤῥ-ποιμήν, ἐνος, ὁ, (φῖτῤῥ, ποιμήν) *a tender of plants, gardener.*

φῖτῤῥ-σεα, Ep. 2 sing. fut. med. of φῖτῤῥω.

φῖτῤῥω, f. ὥσω [γ]: aor. I ἐφῖτῤῥσα: (φῖτῤῥ) *= φυντεῖω, to sow, plant, raise: also to beget: in Med. of the woman, to bear, give birth to.*

*φλάζω, aor. 2 ἐφλάσθην, (φλάω) *to be broken or rent asunder with a noise.*

φλασῶ, Dor. for φλάσω, fut. of φλάω.

φλαττόθρατ and φλαττοθραττοφλαττόθρατ, Comic words in Aristophanes, meant to ridicule sound without sense.

φλαυρίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. for φαυλίζω. From φλαύρος, α, ον, collat. form of φαῦλος, preferred by Ion. writers.

φλαυρότης, ητος, ἡ, = φαυλότης.

φλαυρ-ύργος, ον, (φλαῦρος, ἔργον) working badly:

φλαυρούργος, ὁ, a sorry workman.

φλαύρος, Adv. of φλαῦρος, badly, meanly; φλαύρος ἔχειν τὴν τέχνην to know an art indifferently well; φλαύρος ἀκούειν, Lat. male audire, to be ill spoken of.

ΦΛΑΨΩ, 3 sing. impf. ἔφλα: f. φλάσω [ᾶ] Dor. φλάσω: aor. I ἐφλάσα: Pass., aor. I ἐφλάσθην: pf. πέφλασμαι:—collat. form of θλάω, to crush, bruise, pound: hence to hurt, wound. II. in Att. Comedy, to bruise or grind with the teeth, swallow greedily.

φλέγέω, collat. form of φλέγω, used only in pres.:—transit. to burn, scorch, burn up:—Pass. to be burnt II. intr. to blaze, blazes up, be in flames.

φλέγμα, ατος, τό, (φλέγω) a flame, fire, heat. II. as Medic. term, inflammation, heat. 2. phlegm, Lat. pituita

φλεγμιαίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἐφλέγμανα and ἐφλέγμνα: (φλέγμα):—to be heated, inflamed, to fester.

Φλέγρα, ας, ἡ, Pblegra; Φλέγρας πεδῖον a plain in Thrace famous for underground fire; here the giants are said to have been conquered by the gods: also in plur. Φλέγραι, as name of any place exposed to volcanic agency.

Φλεγυαῖος, α, ον, (Φλέγρα) of Pblegra, Pblegraeae. φλεγυρός, α, ὄν, (φλέγω) like φλογερός, burning, scorching: metaph. hot, ardent.

φλεγυάς, ον, ὁ, (φλέγω) a kind of vulvure or eagle, so called from being flame-coloured.

ΦΛΕΓΩ, fut. φλέξει: aor. I ἐφλεξα:—trans. to burn, scorch: Pass. to become hot, blaze up. 2. metaph.

to kindle, inflame, Lat. urere: Pass., like Lat. uri, to be inflamed, burn, glow. 3. metaph., also c. acc. rei, to make to blaze up, rouse up, excite. 4. Causal,

to make to flash; φλέγειν βέλος to hurl a flaming bolt:—metaph. to make illustrious or famous, Lat.

illustrare:—Pass. to be or become renowned or famous. II. intrans. to flame, blaze, flash. 2. metaph. to burst or break forth. 3. to shine forth,

become famous.

φλέδων, οννα, and φλεδών, ἄνος, ὁ, (φλέω) an idle talker, babler.

ΦΛΕΪΣ, εως, ἡ, name of an unknown bird.

φλέψ, ἡ, gen. φλεβός, (φλέω) a vein: metaph. any vein or channel: a vein of metal: a spring of water.

ΦΛΕΨΩ, to gush, teem, overflow.

φλέως, ω, ὁ, Att. for the Ion. φλοῦς, a kind of rush or reed.

φληνᾶφάω, f. ἴσω, to chatter, babble, drivel. From φληνᾶφος, ὁ, (φλέω) idle talk, babble, chatter.

ΦΛΙΓΑ΄, ἡ, in plur. φλιαί, the doorposts, jambs.

φλίβο, f. ψω, Aeol. and Ion. for θλίβο. [Ὶ]

φλόγεος, α, ον, (φλόξ) flaming, blazing, flashing.

φλογυρός, α, ὄν, (φλόξ) flaming, blazing, gleaming. φλογίζω, f. ἴσω, (φλόξ) to set on fire, burn up, kindle, scorch: metaph. to inflame:—Pass. to flame, blaze.

φλόγινος, η, ὄν, (φλόξ) flaming, fiery, burning.

φλογιστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φλογίζω, burnt, set on fire.

φλογμός, ὁ, (φλέγω) a blazing, blaze: inflammation.

φλογόεις, εσσα, εν, (φλόξ) flaming, fiery, blazing.

φλογ-ώτης, ες, (φλόξ, εἶδος) like flame, fiery hot.

φλογ-ώπος, ὄν, (φλόξ, ὤψ) fiery-looking, flaming.

φλογυρῖστος, εως, ἡ, (φλογύω) burning heat.

φλογ-ώψ, ὥπος, ὁ, ἡ, = φλογωπός.

φλόινος, η, ον, (φλοῦς, φλέως) of or from the water-plant φλοῖς or φλέως; ἐσθίτες φλόιναι garments made of φλοῖς, mat-garments.

φλοῖος, ὁ, (φλέω) the inner, bark of trees, smooth bark, bass.

φλοῖστος, ὁ, any roaring noise, the hum or din of a large mass of men, the battle-din: the roaring of the sea. (Formed from the sound.)

φλόξ, ἡ, gen. φλογός, (φλέγω) a flame, blaze; φλόγα ἐγείρειν to raise a flame: metaph., φλόξ οἴνου the fiery heat of wine: pl. φλόγες, flames, fire.

φλοῦς, ὁ, Ion. for φλέως.

φλυαρός Ion. φλυηρ: f. ἴσω: (φλυᾶρος):—to talk folly or nonsense, speak idly: also to play the fool, trifle, Lat. nugari. Hence

φλυαρία, ἡ, silly talk, nonsense, foolery.

φλυᾶρος, ὁ, (φλίω) silly talk, foolery. II. a

silly talker, prater.

φλύκταινα, ἡ, (φλίω) a rising on the skin: a blister: a pustule.

φλύος, τό, = φλυαρία, idle talk, foolery.

φλύω, f. φλύσω [ῶ]: aor. I ἐφλυσα: (φλέω):—to boil over, rise up. II. metaph. to overflow with words, talk idly, babble; γράμματ' ἐπ' ἀσπίδος φλύοντα devices idly threatening on his shield.

φνεί, Comic word to imitate a nasal sound.

φοβᾶθῃς, Dor. for φοβεθῃς, 2 sing. aor. I pass. subj.

of φοβέω.

φοβέσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φοβέω.

φοβεόντων, 3 pl. imperat. of φοβέω.

φοβερός, α, ὄν, (φοβέω) fearful: either, I. act. causing fear, frightful, awful, formidable; πλῆθει φοβερός formidable only from numbers. 2. fearful, giving cause for fear; οὐδὲ ὅρκος φοβερός nor was an oath a matter of dread; φοβερόν [ἔστι] μή there is reason to dread that ... II. pass. feeling fear, frightened, affrighted, afraid. 2. caused by fear, panic: anxious.

φοβερός, Adv. of φοβερός, fearfully, both in act. and pass. sense.

φοβεο-στράτης, ἡ, (φοβέω, στρατός) scarer of hosts, epith. of Minerva.

φοβέ-στράτος, ἡ, (φοβέω, στρατός) striking fear or panic into armies.

φοβεύμενος, Ep. and Dor. for φοβούμενος, pres. pass. part. of φοβέω.

φοβέω, f. ἤσω, aor. 1 ἐφόβησα: (φόβος):—to strike with fear, to frighten, terrify, dismay: to put to flight.

II. Pass. φοβέομαι: fut. med. φοβήσομαι, and pass. φοβηθήσομαι: aor. 1 med. ἐφοβησάμην, and pass. ἐφοβήθην: pf. pass. πεφόβημαι:—to be put in fear, take fright, be affrighted, to fear, dread: in Hom. usually, to be put to flight, to flee; ὑπὸ τινος φοβέεσθαι to flee before him: c. acc., φοβείσθαι τινα to flee from, fear, dread anyone; φοβείσθαι ἐς or πρὸς τι to be alarmed at a thing: but, φοβείσθαι ἀπὸ τινι, περὶ τινος or τινι, to fear or be anxious about a thing; c. acc. cognato, φόβον φοβεῖσθαι to fear: c. inf. to fear to do, be afraid of doing.

ΦΟΒΗ, ἡ, a lock, curl or tuft of hair, hair; the mane of a horse: δράκοντος φόβαι, the Gorgon's snaky locks.

II. metaph. like κόμη, Lat. coma, the leaves, foliage of trees; ἰαν φόβαι tufts of violets.

φοβηθεῖς, aor. 1 pass. part. of φοβέω.

φοβήθεν, Ep. and Dor. for ἐφοβήθησαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. ὡς φοβέω.

φόβημα, ατος, τό, (φοβέω) an object of fear, a terror.

φοβητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (φοβέω) liable to fear, timid.

φόβητρον, τό, (φοβέω) an object of terror, a terror.

φόβος, ὁ, (φέβομαι) fear, terror, fright, dismay: in

Hom.er flight, properly the outward show (as opp. to δέος the sensation) of fear: c. gen., φόβος ἀνδρῶν the flight of men; but also c. gen. objecti, fear or dread of another:—φόβονδε ἔπνοον ἔχειν, τραπᾶσθαι, ἀλίσσειν to turn the horses, turn, start to flight, like φύγαδε; φόβονδε ἀγορεύειν to advise to flight: also in plur., causes of fear. ἦν φόβους ἔλεγε. 2. an object of terror, a terror.

II. φόβος, personified, son of Mars, coupled with his brother Δεῖμος.

φοιβάω, f. ἄσω, (φοῖβος) to cleanse, purify. II.

(Φοῖβος) to utter prophetic words.

φοιβάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (Φοῖβος) the priestess of Phoebus: generally, one inspired by Phoebus, a prophetess.

φοιβάω, f. ἤσω, (οἰβός) poet. for φοιβάω, to cleanse, wash.

Φοῖβος, α, ον, also ος, ον, Ion. φοιβήτος, η, ον: (Φοῖβος): of Phoebus, belonging or sacred to Phoebus; hence prophetic, inspired.

Φοιβή, ἡ, Phoibé, Lat. Phoebé, a frequent name of Diana, as is Phoebus of Apollo.

Φοιβηίς, ἴβος, poet. fem. of Φοῖβητος.

Φοιβό-λαμπρος, ον, Ion. for Φοιβόληπτος, (Φοῖβος, λαμπρός) rapt or inspired by Phoebus.

φοῖβος, η, ον, (φᾶος) pure, bright, radiant, beam-ing. II. as prop. n., Φοῖβος, ὁ, Phoebus, the Bright One, epith. of Apollo: often joined Φεῖβος Ἀπόλλων.

φοινήεις, εσσα, εν, (φονίος) blood-red, deep-red; δράκων φονήεις a blood-red dragon.

φοινύκ-άνθεμος, ον, (φονίξ, άνθεμον) with purple flowers; φοινικάνθεμον ἔαρ, Lat. purpureum ver.

φοινίκεος, α, ον, contr. -οῦς, ἡ, οὖν, (φονίξ) of a purple dye, purple or crimson, Lat. puniceus. [V]

Φοινίχη [v], ἡ, (Φοινίξ) Phoenicia.

φοινίκης, η, ον, Ion. for φοινίκεος, = φοινικίνος,

of the date or palm-tree; ἔσθη φοινικῆη a garment of palm-leaves; φοινικῆος ὄλκας palm-wine. II. = Φοινικίος, Phoenician.

Φοινικικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Φοινίξ) Phoenician: later, Punic, Carthaginian:—Adv. -κῶς, in Phoenician fashion. II. φοινικίνος, red.

φοινικίνος, η, ον, (φονίξ) = φοινικίος, of, from the palm-tree; φοινικίνον μύρον palm-unguent [v]

φοινικίους, ἡ, οὖν, = φοινίκεος, purplish crimson.

φοινικίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (φονίξ) a red or purple cloth, a red cloak, Lat. punicea vestis: esp. a dark-red military cloak worn by the Lacedaemonians. 2. a red curtain.

3. at sea, a red flag hung out by the admiral as the signal for action: generally, a red standard or banner.

φοινικιστής, οὗ, ὁ, (φονίξ) among the Persians, a wearer of purple, i. e. one of the highest rank, Lat. purpuratus.

φοινικό-βαπτos, ον, (φονίξ, βάπτω) purple-dyed, crimson.

φοινικό-βάτew, f. ἤσω, (φονίξ, βαίνω) to climb palms.

φοινικό-γενής, ἐς, (Φοινίξ, *γένω) Phoenician-born.

φοινικό-δάκτυλος, ον, (φονίξ, δάκτυλον) crimson-fingered.

φοινικόεις, εσσα, εν, poet. for φοινίκεος, dark-red, purple or crimson: of a blood-red.

φοινικό-κροκος, ον, (φονίξ, κροκός) of purple wool.

φοινικό-λόφος, ον, (φονίξ, λόφος) purple-crested.

φοινικό-πάρεος Ion. -πάρηος, ον, (φονίξ, παρσία) purple-cheeked, red-cheeked, of ships having red bows.

φοινικό-πέδος, ον, (φονίξ, πέδον) with a red bottom or ground, of the Red Sea.

φοινικό-πέξα, ἡ, (φονίξ, πέξα) the ruddy-footed goddess, Virgil's rubicunda Ceres.

φοινικό-πτερος, ον, (φονίξ, πτερόν) with purple or crimson wings: as Subst., φοινικόπτερος, ὁ, a red water-bird, the flamingo.

φοινικό-ροδος, ον, (φονίξ, ῥόδον) red with roses.

φοινικό-σκελής, ἐς, (φονίξ, σκέλος) red-legged, red-shanked.

φοινικό-στερόπης, ον, Dor. -ας, α, ὁ, (φονίξ, στεροπή) burling red lightnings.

Φοινικό-στολος, ον, (Φοινίξ, στέλλω) sent by Phoenicians.

φοινικίους, ἡ, οὖν, contr. for φοινίκεος.

φοινικό-φᾶής, ἐς, (φονίξ, φᾶος) red-shining.

Φοινίξ, ἴκος, ὁ, a Phoenician, first mentioned in Homer; Φοινίξ ἀνὴρ ἀπατήλια εἰδώς a Phoenician skilled in trickery, so mentioned as being the first commercial nation: fem. Φοινίσσα, ἡ, a Phoenician woman.

2. a Carthaginian, Lat. Poenus.

φονίξ, ἴκος, ὁ, Subst. a purple-red, deep purple or crimson, because the discovery of this colour was ascribed to the Phoenicians.

II. the palm, date-palm: the male palm is called by Herodotus ὁ φονίξ ἔρσην, to distinguish it from ἡ φονίξ βαλανφόρος the female or fruit-bearing palm.

2. a musical instrument, like a

guitar, invented by the Phoenicians.

III. the fabulous Egyptian bird *phoenix*, described by Herodotus 2. 73.

φοῖνιξ, ἴκος, δ, ἡ, also fem. φοίνισσα, Adj. *purple-red, purple or crimson, red*; hence of a bay horse, of red cattle: also like Lat. *fulvus*, of the colour of fire. The words φοῖνιξ, φοινίκεος, etc., included all dark reds, from crimson to purple, while the brighter shades were denoted by πορφύρα, πορφύρεος, etc., scarlet being κόκκινος, κοκκοβαφής.

φοῖνιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (φοινός) *blood-red*: hence *blood-stained, bloody*, Lat. *cruentus*: also *warlike*.

Φοίνισσα, fem. of Φοῖνιξ (Subst.), a Phoenician woman.

II. φοίνισσα, fem. of φοῖνιξ (Adj.) φοινίσσω, f. βω: aor. I pass. ἐφοινίχθην: (φοινός): —to redden, to make red: to tinge, dye red:—Pass. to become red, to colour, blush.

φοινός, ἡ, ὅν, (φόνος) *blood-red*: *blood-stained, bloody*.

φοιτάλεος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (φοιτᾶν) *straying, ranging, roaming about*: metaph. *distracted, raving, frenzied*.

II. act. driving madly about, maddening. φοιταλώτης, ου, δ, (φοιτᾶν) epith. of Bacchus, a roamer, ranger.

φοιτάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (φοιτᾶν) poet. fem. of φοιταλέος, a strolling woman: metaph. a frenzied woman, esp. of the Bacchantes.

II. as Adj. mad or maddening; φοιτάς νόστος *madness, frenzy*. 2. also with a neut. Subst., φοιταῖσι περὶ οὖν on roaming, wandering wings.

φοιτᾶν Ion. ἐω: f. ἦσω: (φοῖτος): —to go to and fro, go up and down, to roam or range about, of irregular or hasty motion; διὰ νηὸς φοιτᾶν to range up and down the ship; ἐφοῖτων ἄλλοθεν ἄλλος they roamed one way, one another. 2. to roam wildly about: hence to go mad, rave; cf. φοιταλέος, φοιτάς.

3. of pain, to come in fits, to come on at regular times.

II. of constant, regular motion, esp. of objects of commerce, to come in constantly, be imported regularly; κέρεια τὰ ἴα Ἑλληνες φοιτέοντα horns which are imported into Greece; σῖτος σφισι πολλὰς ἐφοῖτα corn was imported for them in abundance: also of tribute or taxes, to come in, like Lat. *redire*; τάλαντον ἀργυρίαν Ἀλεξάνδρῳ ἡμέρῃς ἐκάστῃ ἐφοῖτα a talent of silver came in to Alexander every day.

2. φοιτᾶν παρά τινα to go to visit a person; φοιτᾶν ἐπὶ τὰς θύρας τινὸς to be a regular visitor at a great man's door; so of a dream, to recur again and again.

3. to go constantly or resort to a person, esp. of attending lectures or lessons; φοιτᾶν εἰς διδασκάλου [οἶκον] to go to school; absol. to go to school: whence συμφοιτᾶν, to go to school with another. Hence

φοιτήσις, εως, ἡ, a constant going or coming, a visiting. 2. a going to school.

φοιτήτην, Ep. for ἐφοιτάτην, 3 dual impf. of φοιτάω.

φοιτητήρ, ἦρος, δ, and φοιτητής, οὔ, δ, (φοιτᾶν) one who goes or comes regularly: one who goes to school, a disciple, pupil.

φοιτῆς, ποῖτ. for φοιτάς.

ΦΟΙΤΟΣ, δ, a going to and fro.

II. madness, frenzy.

φολκός, δ, found only in the description of Thersites, either (from φάεα ἔλκειν) *squint-eyed*; or more probably (akin to ἔλκω, ὀλκός) *bandy-legged*, Lat. *valgus*.

φδᾶλις, εως, ἡ, also δ, a single piece of money, formed from Lat. *folis*.

φονάω, f. ἦσω, (φόνος) to be athirst for blood, have murderous desires.

φόνευμα, ατος, τό, (φονεύω) that which is to be slaughtered, a victim.

φονεύς, εως Ion. ἦος, δ; acc. φονεῖα or φονεῖα: nom. pl. φονεῖς, φονεῖς, acc. φονεῖας: (φονεύω): —a murderer, slayer, homicide.

φονεύω, (φόνος) to murder, kill, slay.

φονή, ἡ, (*φένω) murder, homicide, slaughter; ἐν φοναίᾳ, in the midst of slaughter; σπᾶν φοναῖς to rend in murder, i. e. murderously.

φονικός, ἡ, ὅν, (φόνος) inclined to slay, murderous, bloody.

II. of, relating to blood or murder; φονικαὶ δίκαι trials for homicide.

φόνος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (φόνος) of blood, bloody.

II. bloody, blood-stained: murderous.

φονο-λιβής, ἐς, (φόνος, λείβω) blood-dripping.

φονόρ-ρυτος, ον, (φόνος, ῥέω) blood-streaming.

φόνος, δ, (*φένω) murder, homicide, slaughter, Lat. *caedes*; φόνος Ἑλληνικός a slaughter of Greeks: in plur. murders.

2. blood shed in murder, gore, blood, Lat. *cruur*.

3. a murdered body, corpse.

φοξί-χελος, δ, (φοξὺς χεῖλος) narrowing towards the lips; of a cup, narrower at the brim.

φοξός, ἡ, ὅν, (ὀξύς) pointed, tapering to a point: in the description of Thersites, φοξὸς ἔην κεφαλὴν he was pointed or peaked in the head.

φορά, ἡ, (φέρω) a carrying, bringing; ψήφου φορά the giving one's vote.

2. a bringing in, paying of money, payment.

3. a bearing, producing.

II. (from Pass. φέρομαι) a being borne or carried, motion: the course, career, orbit in which a body moves; ἡ φορὰ ἀκοντίου the javelin's range.

2. rapid motion, a rush, onset, Lat. *impetus*.

III. (also) from Pass. that which is borne or carried, a load, freight, burden.

2. that which is paid as rent or tribute, Lat. *vectigal*.

3. that which is brought forth, fruit, produce, a crop, Lat. *proventus*: metaph. a large crop, harvest.

φοράδην [ἄ], Adv. (φέρωμαι) with a rushing or violent motion.

II. borne or carried in a litter.

φορβάς, ἄδος, δ, ἡ, (φέρβω) giving pasture or food, feeding.

II. grazing in the pasture.

φορβέα, ἡ, (φέρβω) the halter by which a horse is tied to the manger, Lat. *capistrum*.

2. a mouth-band of leather put round the lips and cheeks of fliers to assist them in blowing.

φορβή, ἡ, (φέρβω) pasture, food, fodder, forage: of men, food, meat, victuals: metaph. fuel.

φορέσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φορέω.

φορέῃσι, Ep. 3 sing. subj. of φορέω.

φορείον, τό, (φορά, φέρω) a bandbarrow, litter, sedan-chair, Lat. sella, lectica.

φορείουσα, Dor. part. fem. of φορέω.

φορεύωντος, Dor. part. gen. of φορέω.

φορεύς, ἑως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (φέρω) a bearer, carrier.

φορέω, f. ἴσω: aor. i ἐφόρησα Ep. φόρησα:—Frequentat. of φέρω, to bear or carry constantly: hence to wear: and so, to have, possess: as differing from φέρειν, ἀγγελλῆν φέρειν mean to convey a message; but, ἀγγελίας φορέειν to be in the habit of conveying messages, serve as a messenger:—Pass. to be borne violently along, be hurried along: to be tossed about at sea:—Med. to fetch for oneself, fetch regularly.

φορηδόν, Adv. (φορέω) like a bundle.

φορημα, ατος, τό, (φορέω) that which is carried: a load, freight: a burden.

φορμέναι, Ep. for φορεῖν, inf. of φορέω.

φορήναι, Ep. for φορεῖν, inf. of φορέω.

φορητός, ἦ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φορέω, borne, carried: to be borne or endured, bearable.

φόρμις, ον, (φέρω) bearing, fruitful.

Φορκίδες [Γ], Ἰδων, αἱ, the daughters of Phorcys, i.e. the three Gorgons, Stheino, Euryalé, Medusa.

Φόρκος, ὅς = Φόρκυς.

Φορκῆς, ὕνος and ὕος, ὁ, Phorcys, an old sea-god, son of Pontos and Gaia, father of the Gorgons.

φορηγδόν, Adv. (φορμός) like mat-work or walling: crosswise, atwart.

φόρμιγξ, ἰγγος, ἦ, the phorminx, a kind of lyre, the oldest stringed instrument of the Greek minstrels, esp. the instrument of Apollo: it was richly inwrought, and had seven strings. (From φέρω, because it was carried on the shoulder by a strap.)

Hence

φορμίξω, f. ἴσω Dor. ἴξω, to play the φόρμιγξ or lyre. Hence

φορμικτής, οὔ, ὁ, Dor. —τής, a lyre-player, carper.

φορμῖς, ἰδος, ἦ, Dim. of φορμός, a small basket.

φορμο-ράφέω or φόρμορ-ραφέω, f. ἴσω, (φορμός, ῥάπτω) to stitch mats:—Pass. to be stitched up like a mat, straitened, hampered.

φορμός, ὁ, (φέρω) anything made of wicker-work

I. a wicker basket to carry corn, sand, etc. 2. a mat, Lat. storea: also a seaman's cloak made of coarse plaited stuff.

II. a measure of corn.

φόρον, ον, τό, the Lat. forum; Φόρον Ἀππίου Appii Forum, a small town on the Appian Way.

φόρος, ὁ, (φέρω) that which is brought in, tribute, paid by foreigners to a ruling state, as that paid to Athens by her subject states; φόρον ὑποτελεῖν to pay tribute; φόρον τάσασθαι to agree to pay tribute; φόρον τάξαι to impose tribute; φόρου ὑποτελής subject to pay tribute.

φορῶγαγίω, f. ἴσω, to carry loads or burdens: of a merchant-ship, to carry a freight or cargo. From

φορτ-ἀγωγός, ον, (φόρτος, ἄγω) carrying freights; ναῦς φορταγωγός a ship of burden, merchantman.

φορτηγίω, f. ἴσω, (φορτηγός) = φορταγωγίω.

φορτηγικός, ἦ, ὄν, belonging to the freight of a ship: πλοῖον φορτηγικόν a ship of burden, merchantman.

From

φορτ-ηγός, ὄν, (φόρτος, ἄγω) like φορταγωγός, carrying burdens: of a ship, freighted:—as Subst., φορτηγός; ὁ, a carrier, porter: a trafficker, mercantile.

φορτίξω, f. ἴσω, (φόρτος) to load; φορτία φορτίξω τινάς to load men with loads:—Med., τὰ μείζονα φορτίξασθαι to ship the smaller part of one's wealth:—Pass., pf. part. πεφορτισμένος heavy laden.

φορτικός, ἦ, ὄν, (φόρτος) of persons, burdensome, tiresome, common, vulgar:—so of things, φορτικὴ κομῳδία a vulgar, commonplace comedy. Hence φορτικῶς, Adv., vulgarly.

φορτίον, τό, (φόρτος) a buruen, load, a ship's freight or lading: in plur. wares, merchandises. II. the burden of the womb, a child unborn.

φορτίς, ἰδος, ἦ, (φόρτος) a ship of buruen, merchantman.

φόρτος, ὁ, (φέρω) a ship's freight or cargo. II. in Att. something coarse or vulgar, tiresome stuff.

φορύνω, = φέρω, of dough, to knead: generally, to mix up, spoil, defile. [v]

φορύνσω, f. ἴω, = φορύνω, to stain, defile.

φορϋτός, ὁ, (φέρω) whatever is swept along by the wind, rubbish, refuse, Lat. quisquiliæ: also chaff, sawdust, etc., used for packing earthenware

φῶς, τό, Ep. lengthd. from φῶς, light. Hence

φῶσδε, Adv. to the light, to the light of day.

φραγέλιον, τό, the Lat. flagellum, a scourge. Hence

φραγελλώω, f. ὤσω, the Lat. flagello, to scourge.

φράγηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φράσσω.

φράγησμαι, fut. pass. of φράσσω.

φράγμα, ατος, τό, (φράσσω) a fence, protection, palisade, defence.

φραγμός, ὁ, (φράσσω) a shutting up, blocking up: fencing, partition.

II. like φράγμα, a bedge, fence, paling.

φράγνυμι, = φράσσω.

φράδαίω: f. ἴω: aor. i ἐφράδασα poet. φράδασα: (φραδή):—to tell of, make known.

φράδῃ, ἦ, (φράζω) understanding, knowledge. II.

advise, a hint, warning, intimation. Hence

φρᾶδῆς, ἑς, gen. ἑος, understanding, sbrewd, cunning.

φραδμοσύνη, ἦ, understanding, sbrewdness, cunning.

From

φρέδμιον, ον, gen. ονος, (φράζω) = φραδῆς. From

ΦΡΑ'ΖΩ, f. φράσω: aor. i ἐφράσα Ep. φράσα and φράσσα: pf. πέφρακα: Ep. aor. 2 πέφραδον or ἐπέφραδον, inf. πεφραδέν or πεφραδέμεν:—to tell, declare, pronounce, stronger than λέγω:—c. dat. pers.

et inf., to counsel, advise, bid, order: also absol. to advise, counsel:—c. acc. τῶ, σήματα πέφραδε he gave indications by signs:—φράζειν χεὶρὶ to make signs, signal with the hand. Med. and Pass. φράζομαι:

3 sing. Ion. impf. φραζέσκετο: fut. φράσσομαι: aor. I med. ἐφράσσάμην, pass. ἐφράσθην: pf. pass. πέφραδμαι and πέφρασσα: to speak with oneself, to think or muse upon, consider, ponder; foll. by εἰ with indicat. fut., to consider whether; ἀμφὶ φράζεσθαι to think differently.

2. to devise or plan for a person, purpose, design or intend something for him.

3. c. acc. et inf. to think, suppose, believe, imagine that.

4. to remark, perceive, notice: to come to know, see, understand: also

5. to mind, heed, take care or heed of, c. acc.

φράν, ἡ, gen. φράνης, Dor. for φρήν.

φράξαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of φράσσω.

φράξω, ασα, αθ; aor. I part. of φράσσω.

φράσδω, Dor. for φράζω.

φράσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of φράζω.

φρασθεῖς, εἷσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of φράζω.

ΦΡΑ΄ΣΣΩ Att. -τω: f. ζω: aor. I ἐφρασα: Pass.,

fut. φράσσομαι: aor. I ἐφράχθην: aor. 2 ἐφράγην

[ᾶ]: pf. πέφραγμα:—in Att. the letters are sometimes transposed, as φάρασσα for φράσσαι, πέ-

φαργμα for πέφραγμα, φαρκτός for φρακτός:—to

fence in, hedge round, for defence; to fence, defend,

fortify; φράζει δέμας ὅπλοις to fence in one's body

with arms, to arm oneself:—so in Mtd., ἐφράξαντο

τὸ τεῖχος they strengthened the wall: in Med. also,

to fence oneself, strengthen one's fortifications.—Pass.

to be fenced in, fortified; φραχθέντες σάκεσιν fenced

with shields: absol. πεφραγμένους, fenced, secur-

ed.

II. to put up as a fence; φράξαντες δόρυ

δοῦρι, σάκος σάκει locking spear fast to spear, shield

to shield (so as to make a fence); φράξαντες τὰ γέγρα

βάοντες put up the shields as a fence.

III. to block up: make close, fill quite full.

φραστήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (φράζω) a teller, informer, of or

about a thing; φραστήρ ὀδῶν a man who tells one

the way, a guide:—φραστήρες ὀδόντες the teeth that

tell the age.

φράστωρ, ορος, ὁ, (φράζω)—φραστήρ.

φράτρη, ῥος, ὅτ φράτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (φάτρα) a mem-

ber of a φάτρα: pl. φράτερες or φράτορες those of

the same φάτρα or ward, Lat. curiales; εἰσάγειν

τὸν υἱὸν εἰς τοὺς φράτερας to introduce one's son to

his clansmen, which was done when the boy came of

age; οὐκ ἐφύσε φράτερας he has not yet got his φρά-

τερες, i. e. he has been entered in no φατρία, is no

true citizen, with allusion to φραστήρες ὀδόντες (see

φραστήρ). [ᾶ]

φρατριάκος, ἡ, ὅν, (φράτωρ) of, belonging to a clan

or clansmen.

φράτρα or φράτρη Ion. φρήτρη Dor. πάτρα,

ἡ:—a tribe of kindred race, a sept or clan; κρινῶ

ἄνδρας κατὰ φρήτρη, ὡς φρήτρη φρήτρηφιν ἀρήν

choose men by clans, that clan may stand by clan:

originally derived from ties of blood: but,

II.

at Athens, the subdivision of the φυλή, as at Rome

the curia was the subdivision of the tribus; every

φυλή consisted of three φράτραι or φατρίαί, whose

members were called φράτερες or φράτορες, as those of a φυλή were called φυλῆται, and at Rome the members of a tribus, tribules, those of a curia, curiales. (The word is derived from the same Root as Lat. *frater*, and properly meant a brotherhood.)

φράτρία, ἡ, = φάτρα.

φράτριάω, f. ἄω, to be in the same φατρία.

φράτρι-άρχης, ον, ὁ and φράτρι-αρχος, ὁ, (φα-

τρία, ἀρχή) president of a φατρία, Lat. *magister curiae*.

φράτριος, α, ον, (φάτρα) of or concerning a φά-

τρα: at Athens, epith. of Jupiter and Minerva, as

tutelary deities of the *phratræ*. [ᾶ]

φράττω, Att. for φράσσω.

φράτωρ, ορος, ὁ, see φράτρη.

ΦΡΕ΄Α΄Ρ, τό, gen. φρέατος: Ion. φρέαρ, gen.

φρείατος:—a well; or more commonly a water-tank,

cistern, reservoir, Lat. *puteus*: a *oil-jar*. Hence

φρεῖα, ἡ, a tank or reservoir.

φρεῖα, ον, ὁ, (φρέαρ) of a tank or reservoir.

φρέαρ, ἄτος, τό, Ion. and poet. for φρέαρ.

φρεν-ᾤπάτω, f. ἦσω, (φρήν, ἀπατάω) εἰδ. deceive

the mind, deceive. Hence

φρονᾤπάτης, ον, ὁ, one who deceives the mind, a

seducer.

φρεν-ήρης, ες, gen. εὖς, (φρήν, ἀρᾶρειν) master of

his mind, sound of mind, Lat. *compos mentis*.

φρενοβλάβεια, ἡ, damage of the understanding.

From

φρενο-βλάβης, ες, (φρήν, βλαβῆναι) damaged in

understanding, crazy.

φρενο-γῆθης, ες, (φρήν, γῆθος) of glad heart, de-

lighting the heart.

φρενο-δάλης, ες, (φρήν, δηλέομαι) impairing the

mind, maddening.

φρενόθεν, Adv. (φρήν) = ἐκ φρενός, from the heart,

heartily, of one's own will or accord.

φρενο-κλόπος, ον, (φρήν, κλέπτω) stealing away

the brains, deceiving.

φρενο-λῃστής, οὖ, ὁ, (φρήν, λῃστής) a robber of the

understanding, a deceiver.

φρενο-μάνης, ες, (φρήν, μανῆναι) frenzied in mind.

φρενο-μόρος, Adv. (φρήν, μόρος) only found in

phrase φρενομόρος νοσέει to be diseased in mind.

φρενο-πληγής, ες, (φρήν, πληγῆναι) giving a stroke

to the mind, maddening.

φρενό-πληκτος, ον, (φρήν, πλήσσω) stricken in mind,

smitten with madness, frenzied.

φρενο-πλήξ, ἥτος, ὁ, ἡ, — φρενόπληκτος.

φρενο-τέκτων, ον, gen. ονος, (φρήν, τέκτων) making

with the mind, ingenious.

φρενώ, f. ὥσω, (φρήν) to make wise, make under-

standing, instruct, inform, teach; φρενοῦν οὐκέτ' ἐξ

αἰνιγμάτων to teach no longer by riddles; κλαῖω

φρενώσεις θου shalt teach me to thy sorrow.

φρεν-ώλης, ες, (φρήν, ὄλλυμι) destroyed in mind,

frenzied.

ΦΡΕ΄Ω, f. φρήσω, a root, which is found only in

the compds. ἐκ-φρέω, εἰς-φρέω, δια-φρέω.

φρεωρυχέω, f. ἦσω, (φρέαρ, ὀρύσσειν) to dig tanks: metaph. of a gnat, to make a bold in one's skin.

ΦΡΗΝ, ἡ, gen. φρενός, plur. φρένες, gen. φρενῶν, etc.: Dor. φράν, gen. φρανός, dat. plur. φρασί, φρανών:—in plur. the midriff or the muscle which parts the heart and lungs from the lower viscera; also called διάφραγμα. 2. in Homer both in sing. and plur., the heart and parts near the heart, the breast, Lat. praecordia; the seat of the passions and affections: hence the heart, mind, understanding, reason: often joined with θυμός, as, κατὰ φρένα καὶ κατὰ θυμὸν, as in Lat. mens animusque; φρενῶν ἐκστήναι to be out of one's wits; φρενῶν ἐπιβολός possessed of sense, in one's right mind; ἐκ φρενός from one's very heart; ἐξ ἀκρας φρενός from the surface of one's mind, i. e. superficially, carelessly. 3. of beasts, sense, instinct. 4. φρένες is also used in Homer in the sense of the seat of life or life itself, as opp. to ψυχή (the departed soul).

φρήτηρ, ἡ, Ion. for φράτρα, a clan.
φρήτηρφυν, Ep. dat. of φρήτηρ.
φρήτριος, η, ov, Ion. for φράτριος.
φρίκη [ι], ἡ, = φρίζ, the ruffling or ripple on a smooth sea. II. a shuddering, shivering, chill. 2. shivering fear, shuddering, esp. from religious awe, Lat. horror: then any fear.

φρικ-ώδης, es, (φρίζ, εἶδος) that causes shuddering or horror, awful, horrible: neut. φρικώδης as Adv., horribly.

ΦΡΙΜ'Α'ΣΣΟΜΑΙ Att. -ττομαι: f. -ξομαι: Dep.:—to snort, neigh, of horses, to shew their mettle: to move briskly or wantonly.

φρίζ, ἡ, gen. φρίκός, (φρίσσω) the ruffling of a smooth surface, the ruffling or ripple caused by a gust of wind sweeping over the smooth sea, Lat. borror; μέλαινα φρίζ the dark ripple. II. a bristling up, of the hair: a shivering fit.

φρίζαι, aor. 1 inf. of φρίσσω.
φριξο-κόμη, ov, ὁ, (φρίσσω, κόμη) with bristling hair.

φρίξος, ὁ, a shivering, shuddering. From
ΦΡΙΞΩ Att. -ττω: f. φρίξω: aor. 1 ἐφρίξα: pf. ἐφρίκα: poet. part. πεφρίκω formed as if from a redupl. pres. πεφρίκω:—to be rough or ruffled, to bristle, Lat. borror, as of corn fields, or spears; of hair or mane, to bristle up, stand on end: c. acc., φρίσσειν λοφίην to bristle with the mane; πεποῖσι νῶτα πεφρίκοντες bristling on their backs with feathers: of smooth water, to be ruffled, to ripple, Lat. borrescere.

II. often of a feeling of chill, which causes what we call goose-skin and makes the hair bristle; 'γ have a chill or shiver come over one, to shiver with cold. 2. to shudder with fear: also c. acc. to shudder before anyone, to dread him. 3. also to shiver or quiver with delight; ἐφρίξ' ἐρωτὶ I thrilled with love.

φροϊμάζομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep. (φροῖμον) contr. for προϊμάζομαι, to make a prelude or beginning, to

begin: c. acc., προϊμάζεσθαι θεούς to begin with invoking the god.

φροῖμον, τό, contr. for προῖμον, (cp. φροῖδος) a prelude.

φρονέησι, Ep. for φρόνῃ, 3 sing. subj. of φρονέω.

φρονέω, Ep. impf. φρόνεον: f. ἦσσω: (φρήν):—to think, to have understanding; ἀριστοὶ μάχεσθαι τε φρονέειν τε best both in battle and counsel; οἱ φρονούντες the wise; τὸ φρονεῖν, like φρόνησις, understanding.

2. to be in one's sound senses; ἔξω ἐλαύνειν τινὰ τοῦ φρονεῖν to drive one out of his understanding or senses; ἐξίστασθαι τοῦ φρονεῖν to lose one's wits. 3. c. acc. rei, to have in mind, purpose.

II. to be minded or disposed in a certain way, to mean, intend, purpose; φρονῶν ἐπρασσον I did it designedly, Lat. prudens faciebam; c. inf. to mean to do a thing; ἴθι φρονεῖν to purpose to go straight, make straight for a place; τοῦτο φρονεῖ ἡ ἀγωγὴ ἡμῶν this is what your bringing us means. 2. often with a neut. Adj., ἀγαθὸν or φίλα φρονεῖν τινα to be well or kindly minded towards him; κακὰ φρονεῖν τινα to be evil minded towards him; τὰ ἀμείνω φρονεῖν to be of the better mind, bold the better opinion: and without a dat. pers., to be minded or inclined in a certain way; πικρὰ φρονεῖν to have wise thoughts; μέγα φρονεῖν, to have big thoughts, either in good sense to be big-minded, or in bad sense to be presumptuous and conceited, of animals, to be big-spirited; σκυμὰν φρονεῖν to be low-minded, poor-spirited; οὐ κατ' ἀνθρώπων φρονεῖν to think beyond what becomes a man:—also, τὰ τινος φρονεῖν to hold a person's opinions, be on his side or of his party; τὸ αὐτὸ φρονεῖν to be like-minded; ἄλλῃ φρονεῖν to think in another way. III. to think of, mind, heed, hence to take heed of, guard against a thing. IV. to have one's senses: to be alive, have life. Hence

φρόνημα, ατος, τό, the mind, will, spirit, Lat. animus: in plur. thoughts, purposes.

II. high-spirited, big spirit: and in bad sense, pride, presumption, arrogance, insolence. Hence

φρονημάτις, ov, ὁ, one who is high-spirited, or in bad sense, one who is proud, presumptuous.

φρόνησις, εως, ἡ, (φρονέω) a being minded to do so and so, purpose, intention. 2. big-mindedness: and in bad sense, pride, presumption. II. thoughtfulness, good sense, practical wisdom, prudence.

φρονητέον, verb. Adj. of φρονέω, one must pride oneself.

φρόνιμος, ov, (φρονέω) understanding, in one's right mind or senses. II. discreet, sensible, steady. III. thoughtful, practically wise, prudent, Lat. prudens; τὸ φρόνιμον practical wisdom, good sense; ἀποροὶ ἐν φρόνιμῳ without resource in matters of thought.

φρονίμως, Adv. sensibly, discreetly, prudently, skilfully.

φρόνις, εως, ἡ, (φρονέω) wise thoughts, wisdom.

φρονούτως, Adv. pres. act. part. of φρονέω, wisely, prudently.

φροντίζω: f. ἴσω Att. ᾶ: aor. 1 ἐφρόντισα: (φρον-

τίς):—to think, consider, reflect, to take thought, give heed; φροντίζειν ὅπως τι γενήσεται to take thought how a thing may be done. II. c. acc. rei, to think of, consider: to devise, contrive, invent.

III. c. gen. to take thought for, give heed to a thing, care about, reckon of, regard it; μηδὲν φροντίζειν τῶν θεῶν to take no thought of the gods; φροντίζειν περὶ τίνος to be concerned or anxious about a thing; μὴ φροντίσας heed not. IV. absol. τὸ be thoughtful or anxious; πεφροντικός βλέπειν to have a careworn look.

φροντίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (φρονέω) thought, care, heed to a thing, c. gen. II. absol. thought, reflection, meditation: in plur. thoughts. 2. deep thought, anxiety, concern. 3. power of thought, mind.

φρόντισμα, ατος, τό, (φροντίς) that which is thought out, a contrivance, invention.

φροντιστέον, verb. Adj. of φροντίζω, one must take care.

φροντιστήριον, τό, (φροντίς) a place for bar^d thinking, a thinking-shop, as the school of Socrates is called by Aristophanes.

φροντιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (φροντίς) a deep, bar^d thinker; φροντιστὴς τῶν μετεώρων or φροντιστὴς τὰ μετέωρα, a thinker on supra-terrestrial things. Hence

φροντιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for thinking, thoughtful, speculative. Adv.—κῶς, thoughtfully, carefully.

φροῦδος, η, ον, also ος, ον: (contr. from πρὸ δέου, as φροῖμον from προῖμον):—gone away: I. of persons, gone, departed; c. part., φροῦδοι [εἰσι] δίκοντες αἱ they are gone in pursuit of thee; of the dead, φροῦδος εἰ θανάμ thou art departed by death, art dead and gone: metaph. undone, ruined. 2. of things, gone, vanished.

φρουρά Ion. φρουρή, ἡ, (φρούρος) a looking out, watch and ward, guard; φρουρὰν ὀχεῖν to keep watch; φρουρὰς ἄδειν (sub. ἐνεκά) to sing on guard. 2. a watch of the night. 3. ward, prison, imprisonment.

II. of men, a watch or guard, a garrison. 2. at Sparta, a body of men destined for service, a levy, conscription; for φρουρὰν φαίνειν, see φαίνω.

φρουραρχία, ἡ, the post of commandant. From φρουρ-αρχος, ὁ, (φρουρά, ἄρχω) a commander of a watch, an officer or guard: the commandant of a garrison or fortress.

φρουρέω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐφρούρησα: Pass., f. med. -ήσομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ἐφρουρήθην: (φρούρος):—to keep watch or guard; οἱ φρουροῦντες those on guard, the watch or guard. II. trans. to watch, guard, keep: to garrison a place. 2. to watch for, observe. 3. Med., like φυλάσσομαι, to be on one's guard against, beware of, c. acc. Hence

φρουρήμα, ατος, τό, that which is watched or guarded; λείας βουκέλων φρουρήματα the herdsmen's charge of cattle. II. a guard, garrison: also of a single man. III. watch, ward, guard; φρουρήμα ἔχειν to keep watch.

φρουρητός, ἡ, ὄχ, verb. Adj. of φρουρέω, watched, guarded.

φρουρήτωρ, ὀρds, ὁ, (φρουρέω) a watcher, guard. φρουρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (φρουρά) of, belonging to a watch, guard, or garrison.

φρούριον, τό, (φρούρος) a watch-post, garrisoned fort, citadel: a casile, tower, isolated fort. II. the guard or garrison of a place.

φρούρις, ἰδος, ἡ, (φρούρος) a guard-ship. φρουρο-δόμος, ον, (φρούρος, δόμος) watching or guarding the house.

φρουρός, ὁ, (contr. for προορός from προοράω, as φροῦδος from πρὸ δέου): a watcher, guard; οἱ φρουροὶ the guards or garrison of a fort or city.

φρουρώμες, Dor. I pl. subj. of φρουρέω. φρύγμα, ατος, τό, (φρύσσομαι) a violent snorting, the neighing of a spirited horse. II. metaph. insolence, arrogance.

φρυαγμο-σεμνάκος, ον, (φρίαγμα, σεμνός) wanton and haughty. φρύσσομαι Att. -ττομαι, f. ξομαι⁹ Dep. to snort and neigh, of a spirited horse. II. metaph. to be wanton, insolent.

φρύγανίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. ἰοῦμαι, Dep. (φρύγανον) to gather sticks for fuel. φρύγανισμός, ὁ, (φρυγανίζομαι) a gathering of dry sticks for fuel, a collecting of firewood.

φρύγανον[ν], τό, (φρύγω) a dry stick: mostly in plur. dry sticks for fuel, firewood, Lat. sarmenta, virgulta.

φρύγαναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φρύγω. ΦΡΥΓΓΙΛΟΣ, ὁ, a finch, Lat. fringilla. [r]

Φρύγιος, α, ον, (Φρύξ) Phrygian; Φρύγιοι νόμοι, Φρύγια μέλη Phrygian music, i. e. music played on the flute, said to be invented by Marsyas, wilder than the music for the lyre. [v] Hence

Φρύγιστι, Adv. in Phrygian fashion; of music, in the Phrygian mode.

ΦΡΥΓΓΩ [v], also ΦΡΥΓΓΩ Att. -ττω: f. φρύξω Dor. ξω: aor. I ἐφρυξα: Pass., aor. I ἐφρύχθην: aor. 2 ἐφρύγην [v]: pf. πέφρυγμα:—to roast, toast, broil: of the sun, to parch, Lat. torrere. Hence

φρυκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. roasted, toasted, parched. II. as Subst., φρυκτός, ὁ, a firebrand, torch: in plur. a signal-fire, alarm-fire, beacon; φρυκτοὶ πολέμοι ἄρτονται ἐς τόπον fire-signals of an enemy's approach are made to a place.

φρυκτωρέω, f. ἴσω, (φρυκτωρός) to give signals by fire:—Pass., ἐφρυκτωρήθησαν νῆες προσυλῆονσαι the approach of ships was signalled or telegraphed by alarm-fires. Hence

φρυκτωρία, ἡ, a giving signals by beacon or alarm-fires. II. a night-watch to make fire-signals.

φρυκτ-ωρός, ὁ, (φρυκτός, ὀρος) one who watches or gives signals by beacons or alarm-fires.

ΦΡΥΓΓΗ, ἡ, a toad. [v] ΦΡΥΓΓΕ, ὁ, gen. Φρύγος, a Phrygian.

φρύξω Dor. -ξω, fut. of φρύγω. φρύσσω Att. -ττω, = φρύγω.

φρυγῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of φρύγω. φύ, Jaugh! an exclamation of disgust

φύ, Ep. for φύ, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φύω.

φύα, Dor. for φύη.

φύγαδ, Adv. (φύγη) like φύβουδ, to flight; φυγαδ' ἔτραπεν ἵππου he turned his horse to flight.

φύγαδευω, f. σω, (φυγάς) to make one an exile, drive from a country, banish. II. intr. to be an exile, live in banishment.

φύγαδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (φυγάς) fit for an exile or refugee; φυγαδική προθυμία the zeal of an exile.

φύγ-αίχμη, ου, ὁ, (φυγεῖν, αἰχμή) fleeing from the spear, unwarlike, cowardly.

φύγας, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (φυγεῖν) a fugitive, esp. a banished man, exile, refugee, Lat. exul, profugus; κατάγειν φυγάδας to recall the exiles; κατέβαιναι or κατελθεῖν was said of their returning themselves. 2. a deserter.

|φύγγανω, collat. form of φευγῶ.

φύγδ, Adv., contr. for φύγαδε, to flight.

φύγε, Ep. for ἔφυγε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φεύγω.

φύγειν Ion. φεύγειν, aor. 2 inf. of φεύγω.

φύγη, ἡ, (φυγεῖν) flight in battle, Lat. fuga; dat. φυγῇ, in hasty flight, hastily. 2. flight or escape from a thing, c. gen.; νόσων ἀμηγάνων φυγάς ξυμ-πέφραστοι he has devised means of escape from incurable diseases. II. banishment, Lat. exilium; φυγὴν φεύγειν to live in banishment. 2. as a collective

Noun φυγή, =φυγάδες, a body of exiles or refugees.

φύγισι, Ep. for φύγη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φεύγω.

φύγο-δέμνιος, ου, (φυνεῖν, δέμνιον) sunning the marriage-bed.

φύγο-δίκω, f. ἴσω, (φυγεῖν, ὤκη) to sbin a lawsuit; to dislike litigation.

φύγο-ξενος, ου, (φυγεῖν, ξένος) sunning strangers or guests, hence inhospitable.

φύγο-πτόλεμος, ου, poet. for φυγοπόλεμος, (φυγεῖν, πτόλεμος, πτόλεμος) sunning war, cowardly.

φύγών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of φυνεῖν.

φύεις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of φύω.

φύζα, (φεύω) poet. for φυγή, flight, rout. Hence φύζακινός, ἡ, ὄν, flying, shy, scared.

φύζαλέος, α, ου, =φύζακινός.

φύη Dor. φύα, ἡ, (φύω) growth, stature, fine growth, noble stature II. one's natural powers or parts, talents, genius: nature. III. the flower or prime of age.

φύη, for φυή, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. ο. φύω

φύηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φύω.

φύην, aor. 2 opt. of φύω.

φύκιος, εσσα, εν, (φύκος) full of sea-weed, weedv.

φύκιον or φύκιον, τό, (φύκος) sea-weed.

φύκο-γέτων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (φύκος, γέτων) near the sea-weed, dwelling by the sea

ΦΥΚΟΣ, εος, τό, Lat. FUCUS, sea-weed, sea-wrack, tangle. II. a red paint or dye formed from φύκος, Lat. jucus.

φυκτός, ἡ, ὄν, =φυκτος, v. λαγ. or φευγῶ, to be sunned or escaped, that can be escaped. II.

sunned, avoided.

φυλάκεσι, Ep. dat. pl. of φύλαξ.

φύλακή, ἡ, (φυλάσσω) a watching or guarding, keeping watch or guard, watch or guard; in plur. a night-watch, Lat. excubias; φυλάκας ἔχιν to mount the night-guard; φυλάκας φυλάττειν to keep guard or watch; τὰς φυλάκας καταστήσασθαι to set the watches. 2. a watch or guard, Lat. custodia; also a guard or garrison of a place. 3. a watch-tower: a fortified post or station. 4. of time, a watch, esp. a watch of the night. 5. a ward, prison, place of security. II. a watching, guarding, keeping in ward; ἔχιν τινα ἐν φυλακῇ to keep in custody:—also φυλακὴν ἔχιν, =φυλάττεσθαι to take heed or care, be cautious; δεινὸς ἔχιν ἐν φυλακῇσι to be straitly on one's guard.

φύλακίζω, f. ἴω Att. ἰῶ, (φυλακή) to throw into prison.

φύλακος, ὁ, poet. for φύλαξ.

φυλάκτος, α, ου, verb. Adj. of φυλάσσω, to be watched or kept. II. φυλακτός (from Med. φυλάσσομαι) one must guard against

φύλακτῆρ, ἦρος, ὁ, =φύλαξ, a guard. Hence φύλακτῆριον, τό, a post for a garrison, a fort or castle: an outpost, Lat. statio. 2. a safeguard, preservative, amulet: amongst the Jews, φυλακτήρια were strips of parchment with a portion of the Law written upon them, believed to be of efficacy against evil spirits.

φύλακτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (φύλασσω) fit for preserving, preservative, c. gen. II. cautious:—Adv. —κῶς.

φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, also ἡ, (φυλάσσω) a watcher, guard; a sentinel, Lat. excubitor; οἱ φύλακες the garrison; also body-guards. II. a guardian, keeper, protector, governor; φύλαξ παιδὸς a protector of the lad.

φύλαξις, Dor. for φύλαξις, 2 sing. fut. of φυλάσσω.

φύλαξις, εως, ἡ, (φύλασσω) a watching, guarding. II. (from Med.) occasion for guarding against, caution

φύλαρχος, f. ἴσω, to command the contingent of a tribe (φυλή).

II. to command the cavalry. From φύλ-αρχος, ο, (φύλη, ἀρχος) the chief of a tribe (φυλή).

II. a commander of cavalry.

φύλασσιμεναι, Ep. inf. of φυλάσσω.

ΦΥΛΑΨΣΩ Att.—τω: fut. φυλάξω: aor. I ἐφύλαξα Ep. φύλαξα: pf. πεφύλακα: Pass., f. φυλαχθήσομαι, also f. med. φυλάξομαι: aor. I ἐφυλάχθη: pf. πεφύλαγμαι: I. absol. to watch, be sleepless: esp. to keep watch and ward, be on guard; νύκτα φυλάσσειν to watch the night through. II. trans.

to watch, guard, keep, secure; φυλάττειν τινα ἀπὸ τινος to guard one from a person or thing. 2. to watch for, lie in wait or ambush for; to watch, wait for or observe the right time. 3. metaph. to preserve, keep, maintain; φυλάσσειν ἱρκία to keep, respect oaths; φυλάσσειν ἔπος to observe a command. III. Med. to heed, take heed or care, be on one's guard; used by Homer only in pf. pass.,

πεφυλαγμένος εἶναι to be cautious, prudent. 2. to keep a thing, bear it in mind or memory : c. inf. to take care to do; φυλάσσεσθαι μὴ ποιεῖν to take care not to do, to guard against doing. 3. c. acc. to take heed, beware of, be on one's guard against, shun, avoid: φυλάσσεσθαι τοὺς πολεμίους to be on one's guard against the enemy.—The Act. is sometimes used in the sense of the Med.

φυλέτης, ου, ὁ, (φυλή) one of the same tribe, a tribesman, Lat. tribulilis.

φυλή, ἡ, (φύω) a union among the citizens of a state, a class or tribe formed according to blood, a clan or caste. 2. later, a union according to local habitation, a tribe, Lat. tribus, independent of connexion by blood. II. a division in an army, the soldiers of one φυλή: also a certain number, a brigade, esp. of cavalry.

ΦΥΛΙΑ, ἡ, a wild olive-tree.

φυλλάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (φύλλον) a heap of leaves, a bed or litter of leaves. II. the leaves, leafage, foliage of a tree: metaph. of man, φυλλάδος ἡδη κατακαρφομένη when his leaf now becoming scree and withered. 2. a tree or plant itself: a branch or bough.

φυλλεῖον, τό, (φύλλον) in plur. green stuff, herbs, such as mint, parsley, etc., that were given into the bargain; ραφανιδίων φυλλεῖα, radish-tops.

φυλλίνος, η, ου, (φύλλον) of leaves, made of leaves.

φυλλοβολεῖω, f. ἦσω, to shed the leaves. From φυλλο-βόλος, ου, (φύλλον, βαλεῖν) shedding leaves.

φυλλό-κομος, ου, (φύλλον, κόμην) covered with leaves, thick-leaved, leafy.

ΦΥΛΛΑΔΟΝ, τό, a leaf; in plur. leaves, foliage; οἴηται φύλλον γενεή, τοιγάρ καὶ ἀνδρῶν as is the generation of leaves, so is also that of men; πλεκτὰ φύλλα wreathed leaves. 2. in pl. also flowers.

φυλλόρ-ροος, ου, (φύλλον, ρέω) leaf-shedding. Hence

φυλλορροεῖω, f. ἦσω, to shed the leaves: hence the Comic phrase, φυλλορροεῖν ἀσπίδα to shed or let drop one's shield.

φυλλό-στρωτος, ου, and φυλλο-στρώς, gen. ὠτος, ὁ, ἡ, (φύλλον, στρώννυμι) strewn or covered with leaves.

φυλλο-φόρος, ου, (φύλλον, φέρω) bearing leaves; φυλλοφόρος ἀγών a contest in which the prize is a crown of leaves.

φυλλο-χόεω, f. ἦσω, (φύλλον, χέω) to shed like leaves.

φυλλο-κρίνέω, f. ἦσω, (φύλλον, κρίνω) to distinguish races, choose by races.

φύλον, τό, (φύω) a stock, race, kind; φύλον θεῶν, γυναικῶν. 2. in plur. to denote a number of one kind, a troop, host, crowd, as, φύλα θεῶν, φύλα γυναικῶν, etc. : a swarm of gnats: φύλον ὀρνίθων the race of birds. 3. sex, τό, γυναικεῖον φύλον the female sex. II. a race, people, nation. III. in a more restricted sense, a clan, tribe; κατὰ φύλα by races or clans.

φύλο-πις, ἰδος, ἡ: acc. φύλοπιν or φυλόπιδα:—(φύλον, ὄψ) the battle-cry, din of battle, battle.

φύμα, (φύω) a thing that grows upon the body, a tumour, boil, cancer, Lat. tuber, vomica.

φύνα, aor. 2 inf. of φύω.

φύε-άνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (φεύγω, ἀνὴρ) fleeing men. [α] φύε-ῆλης, ιος and ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (φεύγω) fugitive, shy, cowardly.

φύεμος, ου, (φεύγω) of places, whither one can flee, where one can take refuge; as Subst., φύξιμον, τό, a place of refuge. II. c. acc., φύξιμός τινα able to flee from or escape one.

φύξις, εως, ἡ, (φεύγω) = φυγή, flight.

φύραμα, ατος, τό, (φύραω) that which is mixed or kneaded, paste, dough.

φύραω: f. ἄσω [α] aor. I ἐφύρασα Ion. —ησα: Pass., aor. I ἐφύραθην [α] Ion. —ήτην: pf. πεφύρημαι:—lengthd. form of φύρω, to mix up, mingle, knead: metaph. in Med., μαλακὴν φωνὴν πρὸς τοὺς ἐραστοὺς φάρασσαι to make up a soft voice towards one's lovers.

φύρδην, Adv. (φύρω) mixedly, in utter confusion.

φύρηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of φύρω.

ΦΥΡΩ, f. φύρω: aor. I ἐφύρω: Pass., paullo-p. fut. πεφύρωμαι: aor. I ἐφύρην: aor. 2 ἐφύρην [υ]: pf. πέφυρημαι:—to mix, mix up, mingle together, esp. with something wet: hence to wet, soil, defile. 2. to mix and knead dough; ὁ φύρων one who kneads bread, a baker. II. metaph. to mingle or jumble together, confound, confuse:—Pass. to be in confusion or disorder. [υ]

φύς [υ], aor. 2 part. of φύω: ὁ φύς a son.

φύσα, ης, ἡ, (φύω) a pair of bellows, bellows. II. a breath, blast: of fire, a stream or jet.

φύσαθεις, εἶσα, ἐν, Dor. for φυσηθείς, aor. I pass. part. of φυσάω.

φυσάις and φυσάλλις, ἰδος, ἡ, (φυσάω) a bladder, bubble, Lat. pustula. II. a wind-instrument, a pipe, bagpipe.

φυσάλος, ὁ, (φυσάω) a toad from its puffing itself up. [υ]

φύσας, aor. I part. of φύω; ὁ φύσας one's father. [υ]

φυσάτῃρον, τό, Dor. for φυστήριον.

φυσάω Ion. —έω, f. ἦσω: (φύσα):—to blow, puff, either with the breath or with bellows: to snort, snuff, breathe; δεινὰ φυσᾶν to snort furiously. II. trans. to puff or blow up, Lat. inflare; φυσᾶν κύστιν to blow up a bladder: Pass., plupf. ἐπεφύσθη ἡ γαστήρ my belly was blown out; pf. part. πεφύσθημένος, blown out, swollen. 2. metaph. to cheat; φυσᾶν τινα to puff one up, make him vain:—Pass. ἵδ' ἐπεφύσθη, elated. 3. to blow out, spurt out, discharge. 4. to blow out a lamp. 5. to blow a wind-instrument. φυσέω, Ion. for φυσάω: φυσεώμενος, Ion. for φυσώμενος, pres. pass. part.

φύση, ἡ, Ion. for φύσα.

φύσημα, ατος, τό, (φυσάω) that which is blown or blown out: a breath: any sound made by blowing as

snorting : a roaring, raging : of a horse, a *snorting*,
snuffing : αἵματος φύσημα a blowing forth blood.

φύσητέον, verb. Adj. of φυσάω, one must blow up.
 φύσητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (φυσάω) an instrument for blowing,
 a blow-pipe or tube. 2. a pair of bellows, a
 fan for blowing fire.

φύσητήριον Δογ. φυσατήριον, τό, (φυσάω) a pair
 of bellows. II. a wind-instrument.

φυσίδια, αὐτοῖς, τό, a blowing, snorting. From
 φυσιάω, Ep. part. φυσίων, (φυσάω) to blow, puff,
 snort, breathe hard, pant. II. transit. to blow or
 puff up :—metaph. to elate, make vain.

φυσιογγοῖμαι, Pass. (φύσιγέ) to be excited by eat-
 ing garlic, properly of fighting cocks : of the Mega-
 rians, δδύναι πεφυσιογγωμένοι inflamed to fury with
 their woes, in allusion to the garlic grown in Megara :
 cf. φύσιγέ.

φύσι-γνώμων, ὄν, gen. ονος, = φυσιογνώμων.
 φύσιγῆ, γῆγος, ἡ, (φυσάω) the hollow stalk or clove
 of garlic : garlic itself.

φύσι-ζῶος, ὄν, (φύω, ζῶῃ) producing or sustaining
 life, life-giving.

φύσικος, ἡ, ὄν, (φύσις) natural, produced or im-
 planted by nature, inborn, native. II. of or be-
 longing to external nature, physical, as opp. to moral,
 metaphysical, etc.

φύσιονγνωμένος, f. ἦσω, (φυσιογνώμων) to judge of
 a man by his features, know or detect him by his looks.

φύσιονγνωμονία, ἡ, the art of judging a man by his
 features, physiognomy

φύσιον-γνώμων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (φύσις, γνώμη) judg-
 ing of a man's character by his outward look.

φύσιώω, f. ὥσω, (φυσάω) to puff up, make proud.

φύσιον, Ep. pres. part. of φυσιάω.

φύσις [ῥ], εὐς, ἡ, (φύω) the nature, inborn quality,
 property or constitution of a person or thing : φύσις
 ἀριθμῶν the nature, natural power of numbers, Lat.
 vis : φύσεως ἀποστήναι χαλεπὸν it is hard to part
 from one's nature. 2. of the mind, one's nature ;

natural powers, parts, temper, disposition, etc. 3.
 the outward form, stature, look, Lat. species, like
 φυή.

4. natural order, nature : φύσει or κατὰ
 φύσιν by nature, naturally, opp. to νόμῳ or κατὰ νό-
 μον (by custom, conventionally) : ἅπας ὁ ἀνθρώπων
 βίος φύσει καὶ νόμῳ διοικεῖται the whole life of
 man is regulated by the constitution of nature and by
 laws : ὁ κατὰ φύσιν θάνατος a natural death, opp.
 to παρὰ φύσιν, contrary to nature ; so, προδότης ἐκ
 φύσεως a traitor by nature. II. natural origin,
 birth : φύσει by birth. III. a creature : θνητὴ
 φύσις mankind : πόντου εἰναλία φύσις the creatures
 of the sea ; θηλεία φύσις woman-kind.

φύσιωσις, εὐς, ἡ, (φυσιάω) a being puffed up, vanity.

φύσκη, ἡ, (φυσάω) the large intestine : a sausage
 or black pudding.

φυστή or φύστη, ἡ, (φύω) a kind of barley-cake,
 not kneaded firmly.

φύστις, εὐς, ἡ, (φύω) a progeny, race.

φυτάλις, ἡ, (φυτὸν) a planted place, an orchard or
 vineyard, as opp. to corn-land (ἀρουρα). II. a

plant, esp. of the vine.

φυτάλιμος, ὄν, (φυτὸς) producing, nourishing, fac-
 toring ; fatherly II. by nature, from one's birth :
 ἀρα καὶ ἡσθα φυτάλιμος δυσάλων ; wast thou thus
 miserable from thy birth ?

φύτεα, ἡ, (φυτεύω) a planting. II. a plant-
 tion ; or simply a plant.

φύτευεν, Aeol. and Ep. for ἐφύτελθσαν, 3 pl. aor.
 I pass. of φυτεύω : but φυτευθέν, aor. I pass. part
 neut. of φυτεύω.

φύτευμα, ατος, τό, (φύτεύω) that which is planted,
 a plant.

φύτευτήριον, τό, a plant grown as a sucker, a seed-
 ling, Lat. planta, stolo. From

φύτεω, f. σῶ : aor. I ἐφύτεσσα : Pass., aor. I ἐφύ-
 τεύην : pf. πεφύτευμαι : (φυτὸν) :—to plant trees or
 plants : mostly as opp. to ἀρῶ (to sow). 2. metaph.
 to beget ; ὁ φυτεύσας πατήρ or ὁ φυτεύσας
 alone, the father ; οἱ φυτεύσαντες the parents :—
 Pass. to be begotten, to spring from parents. 3.
 generally, to produce, bring about, cause. II. to

plant ground with trees : φυτεῖν χωρίον to plant a
 spot with trees :—Pass., γῇ πεφυτευμένη land planted
 with trees.

φύτλη, ἡ, (φύω) poet. for φύσις, a stock, genera-
 tion, race, tribe

φύτο-εργός, ὄν, poet. for φυτουργός.

φύτῶν, τό, (φύω) that which has grown, a plant,
 tree, fruit-tree

II. a creature : of men, a de-
 scendant, child. Properly neut. of φυτός.

φύτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φύω, grown, growing. 2.
 metaph. of a statue, made of the natural wood, native.

φύτο-σκάφος, ὄν, (φυτὸν, σκάπτω) digging or delv-
 ing round plants ; φυτοσκάφος ἀνὴρ a gardener.

φύτο-σπέρπος, ὄν, (φυτὸν, σπείρω) planting trees :
 —metaph. begetting, φυτοσπέρπος, ὁ, a father.

φύτ-ουργός poet. φύτο-εργός, ὄν, (φυτὸν, *ἐργω)
 cultivating plants or trees : as Subst., φυτουργός, ὁ, α
 gardener, vine-dresser. II. metaph. begetting :

as Subst., φυτουργός, ὁ, a father.

ΦΥΨΩ, fut. φύσῳ [ῥ] : aor. I ἐφύσα : in these tenses
 Causal, to bring forth, produce, make to grow ; τρίχας
 φύειν to make hair grow ; φύειν πτερὰ to put forth,
 grow wings : of a country, φύει καρπὸν τε θαυμα-
 στὸν καὶ ἀνδρας ἀγαθοὺς to produce excellent fruits
 and brave men :—also to beget, generate : ὁ φύσας,
 the begetter, father 2. metaph., φέρνας φύειν to
 get understanding ; δόξας φύειν to get or gain repu-
 tation. II. Pass. and Med. φύομαι : f. φύσομαι :

the sense of Pass. and Med. also belongs to intr.
 tenses of Act., aor. 2 ἐφύν, inf. φύναι, part. φύς, φύσα,
 φύν ; later in pass. form ἐφύην, φύναι, φυεῖς : perf.
 ἐφύκα, plupf. ἐπεφύκειν :—Ep. 3 pl. pf. πεφύκασι for
 πεφύκασι, part. πεφύκας, πεφυνάα, πεφυνκῶτος, for πεφύ-
 κως, —κύνα, —κῶτος : there is also an Ep. redupl. impf.
 ἐπεφύκων, as if from a pres. πεφύκω ; Ep. 3 plur. aor. 2

ἐφῶ for ἐφῶσαν : aor. 2 opt. φῶν for φῶνν :—to grow, spring up or forth, come into being, be produced; δένδρα πεφυκότα trees growing there. 2. of men, to be begotten or born, μὴ φῶναι νικᾶ not to have been born were best:—φῶναι or πεφυκέναι τινός to be born or descended from any one; ὁ φῶς the son, opp. to ὁ φύσας the father. 3. to be so and so by nature, be formed so and so: hence simply to be; the pf. πέφυκα being often used as a pres., I have been born, I am; plqpf. ἐπεφύκειν as impf., I had been born, I was; so also aor. 2 ἐφῶν I am; often expressed by an Adv., as, τὰ δεύτερα πέφυκε κρατεῖν it is the nature of second things to prevail, i. e. they naturally prevail. 4. c. dat. to fall to one by nature, be one's natural lot; ἄνθρωπος πεφυκός man according to his nature, as he is. φῶις, ἰδος, ἦ, contr. φῶς, φῶδύς: pl. φῶιδες, φῶδες: (φῶς):—a blister or weal, caused by a burn a burn, blister.

Φωκία Ion. -αλή, ἡ, a city in Ionia. Hence Φωκαεύς Att. -αῖος, εὖος, and Φωκαίτης, δ, a Phocæan: fem. Φωκαίς, ἰδος, a Phocæan woman. Φωκεύς, εὖος, δ, (Φωκίς) a Phocian. ΦΩ/ΚΗ, ἡ, a seal, sea-calf; Lat. phoca. Φωκικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Φωκίς) of Phocis, Phocian. Φωκίς (sub. γῆ), ἰδος, ἡ, Phocis, a country on the Corinthian gulf, west of Boeotia.

φωλάς, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. Adj. (φωλεός) lurking in a hole: lying torpid in its den, epith. of the bear.

φωλεός, δ, Ep. for φωλεός.

ΦΩΛΕΟ/Σ, δ, with irreg. plur. φωλεά, τά, a den, lair, hole, as of bears, foxes, mice.

φωλεῖω, f. εἴσω, or φωλεώ, f. ἦσω, (φωλεός) to lie in a hole or den: to lie torpid in a hole.

φωνάεις, Aeol. and Dor. for φωνήεις.

φωνᾶσαι, Dor. for φωνήσαι, aor. 1 inf. of φωνέω.

φωνασκός, f. ἦσω, (φωνασκός) to practise or cultivate one's voice, learn to sing or declaim. Hence φωνασκία, ἡ, practice of the voice.

φωνασκός, ὄν, (φωνή, ἀσκέω) practising the voice.

φωνεῖντες, φωνεῖντα, Dor. for φωνοῦντες, φωνοῦντα, pres. part. from

φωνέω, f. ἦσω, (φωνή) to produce an articulate sound or tone: of men, to speak loud or clearly, to call out, cry, pronounce; with a neut. Adj., μέγιστα φωνεῖν to have the loudest voice. 2. of animals, to cry.

3. to sound: of a musical instrument, to sound sweetly. 4. τὰ φωνοῦντα the vowels, like τὰ φωνήεντα.

II. c. acc. pers. to speak to, accost, address: to call by name, call to, cry to, call upon: c. acc. pers. et inf. to bid, command one to do. III. c. acc. rei, to speak of.

ΦΩΝΗ', ἡ, a sound, tone: mostly of men, the voice, Lat. vox: a loud clear voice, a cry; φωνῇ βηγγύναι to utter a clear, articulate sound. 2. the voice or cry of animals. 3. sound: the sound of musical instruments. 4. any articulate sound, as opp. to inarticulate (ψόφος); a vowel-sound, as opp. to that

of consonants. 1. the faculty of speech, discourse, Lat. sermo. 2. language, Lat. lingua. 3. a kind of language, dialect. Hence φωνήεις Dor. φωνάεις, εσσα, εν; contr. in neut. plur. φωνᾶντα:—sounding, speaking, gifted with speech: of wise sayings, φωνᾶντα συνετοῖσι that have speech to the wise: uttering a sound, tone or speech:—τὰ φωνήεντα vowels opp. to ἄφωνα (consonants). See φωνή.

φωνήμα, ατος, τό, (φωνέω) a sound made or uttered, voice. 2. a thing spoken, word, speech.

φωνήσα, Ep. for ἐφωνήσα, aor. 1 of φωνέω.

ΦΩ/Ρ, δ, gen. φωρός, dat. pl. φωροί, Lat. FUR, a thief; φωρὸν λιμὲν, a harbour at Athens, used by smugglers. Hence

φωρά, ἄς, Ion. φωρή, ἡς, ἡ, (φῶρ) a thief. II. detection.

φωράω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ]: Pass., aor. 1 ἐφωράθην [ᾶ]: pf. πεφωράμαι: (φωρά):—to search after a thief, search a house to discover a thief: generally, to trace, detect, discover:—Pass. to be caught, detected; c. part., φωρᾶσθαι κλέπτης ὢν to be convicted of being a thief; of things, ἀργύριον ἐφωράθη εξαγόμενον specie was discovered to be in course of exportation.

φῶρη, Ion. for φῶρα.

φωριᾶμός, δ, a chest, trunk, coffer, esp. for clothes and linen. (Deriv. uncertain.)

φωριδῖος, α, ον, poet. for φῶριος, stolon.

φῶριος, ον, (φῶρ) stolen: secret, clandestine, illicit.

φῶς, ὁ, gen. φῶτός; dual φῶτε, φῶτᾶν; pl. φῶτες, φῶτῶν: (*φῶα, the Root of φημί):—poet. for ἀνὴρ, a man: a mortal, as opp. to a god.

φῶς, τό, contr. for φῶος.

φωστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (φῶς) a light-giver, luminary. II. metaph. an opening for light, a door or window.

φωσ-φόρος, ον, (φῶς, φέρω) bringing light; as Subst., φωσφόρος, δ, with or without ἀστήρ, the light-bringer, Lat. Lucifer, i. e. the morning-star. 2. φωσφόροι κόραι, the eveball that gives him light, of the Cyclops' eye.

II. torch-bearing.

φωτ-ἄγωγός, ὄν, (φῶς, ἄγω) guiding with a light:—φωταγωγός (sub. θύρα), ἡ an o'fenins' door a window.

φωτενός, ὄν, ὄν, (φῶς) shining bright, giving light.

φωτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (φῶ) intr. to shine, give light, beam. II. transit. to bring to light, make known. 2. metaph. to enlighten, instruct, teach:—Pass. to be enlightened or instructed.

φωτισμός, ὁ, (φωτίζω) an enlightening.

that which enlightens, illumination, light.

X

X, x, χ, τό, indecl., twenty-second letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral χ' = 600, but χ =

X, x, χ, τό, indecl., twenty-second letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral χ' = 600, but χ =

600,000; also in Inscr. χ stands as first letter of $\chi\lambda\iota\sigma\iota$, 1000.

Changes of χ , esp. in the dialects: I. Dor. for θ , as $\theta\rho\iota\chi\iota\sigma$ for $\theta\rho\iota\theta\iota\sigma$. II. Ion. very freq.

into κ , as $\delta\epsilon\kappa\omicron\mu\alpha\iota$ $\kappa\iota\theta\acute{\alpha}\nu$ $\kappa\iota\theta\epsilon\alpha$ for $\delta\acute{\epsilon}\chi\omicron\mu\alpha\iota$ $\chi\iota\theta\acute{\alpha}\nu$ $\chi\iota\theta\epsilon\alpha$. III. put before λ , as $\chi\lambda\alpha\iota\upsilon\alpha$ for $\lambda\alpha\iota\upsilon\alpha$, $\chi\lambda\iota\alpha\rho\acute{\alpha}$ for $\lambda\iota\alpha\rho\acute{\alpha}$.

Like ϕ , χ was sometimes considered as a double consonant, so as to make a short syllable before it long by position, as in $\phi\alpha\iota\delta\chi\iota\tau\alpha\nu$.

$\chi\acute{\alpha}\delta\epsilon$, Ep. for $\acute{\epsilon}\chi\acute{\alpha}\delta\epsilon$, 3 sing. aor. 2 of $\chi\alpha\nu\delta\acute{\alpha}\nu\omega$.

$\chi\acute{\alpha}\delta\epsilon\iota\nu$ Ep. $\chi\acute{\alpha}\delta\epsilon\iota\nu$, aor. 2 inf. of $\chi\alpha\nu\delta\acute{\alpha}\nu\omega$.

$\chi\acute{\alpha}\zeta\omega$, Ep. fut. $\kappa\epsilon\kappa\acute{\alpha}\delta\eta\sigma\omega$: Ep. aor. 2 $\kappa\acute{\epsilon}\kappa\acute{\alpha}\delta\omicron\nu$, for $\kappa\acute{\epsilon}\chi\acute{\alpha}\delta\omicron\nu$:—to force to retire from, bereave of a thing, c. gen.

II. Med. $\chi\acute{\alpha}\zeta\omicron\mu\alpha\iota$: f. $\chi\acute{\alpha}\zeta\omicron\mu\alpha\iota$ Ep. $\chi\acute{\alpha}\zeta\omicron\mu\alpha\iota$: aor. 1 $\acute{\epsilon}\chi\alpha\zeta\acute{\alpha}\mu\eta\nu$, Ep. 3 sing. $\chi\acute{\alpha}\zeta\alpha\sigma\alpha\tau\omicron$, Ep. part. $\chi\alpha\zeta\acute{\alpha}\sigma\acute{\alpha}\mu\epsilon\nu\omicron\varsigma$: there is also Ep. 3 pl. $\kappa\epsilon\kappa\acute{\alpha}\delta\omicron\nu\tau\omicron$ for $\kappa\epsilon\chi\acute{\alpha}\delta\omicron\nu\tau\omicron$, from a redupl. aor. 2 $\kappa\epsilon\kappa\acute{\alpha}\delta\omicron\mu\eta\nu$:—to give way, give ground, draw or shrink back, recoil, retire: absol., $\acute{\omicron}\pi\iota\omega\varsigma$ $\chi\acute{\alpha}\zeta\epsilon\sigma\theta\alpha\iota$ to retire or retreat back.

2. c. gen. to draw back or retire from; $\pi\upsilon\lambda\acute{\alpha}\omega\nu$ $\chi\acute{\alpha}\zeta\epsilon\sigma\theta\alpha\iota$ to retire from the gates; $\chi\acute{\alpha}\zeta\epsilon\sigma\theta\alpha\iota$ $\acute{\epsilon}\tau\alpha\rho\omicron\nu$ $\epsilon\iota\varsigma$ $\acute{\epsilon}\theta\nu\omicron\varsigma$ to retire into the troop of his companions.

3. in Att. c. inf. to doubt, scruple, hesitate, fear to do.

$\chi\acute{\alpha}\iota\tau\acute{\iota}\omega$, seldom used in pres. and impf., $\chi\acute{\alpha}\iota\tau\acute{\iota}\omega$, $\acute{\epsilon}\chi\alpha\sigma\kappa\omicron\nu$ being used instead: fut. $\chi\acute{\alpha}\nu\omicron\upsilon\mu\alpha\iota$: aor. 2 $\acute{\epsilon}\chi\acute{\alpha}\nu\omicron$: pf. $\kappa\acute{\epsilon}\chi\eta\nu\alpha$, with pres. sense:—to yawn, gape, open wide; $\tau\acute{\omicron}\tau\epsilon$ $\mu\omicron\iota$ $\chi\acute{\alpha}\nu\omicron\iota$ $\acute{\epsilon}\upsilon\rho\epsilon\iota\alpha$ $\chi\acute{\theta}\acute{\omega}\nu$ then may earth yawn wide for me: to open the mouth: of a wound, to gape, yawn.

II. in Comic Poets, to gape or yawn from weariness or in eager expectation; $\acute{\alpha}\nu\omega$ $\kappa\epsilon\chi\eta\nu\acute{\alpha}\nu\alpha\iota$ to look gaping up; $\acute{\omicron}\iota$ $\kappa\epsilon\chi\eta\nu\acute{\omicron}\tau\epsilon\varsigma$ gapers, starters: $\chi\acute{\alpha}\sigma\kappa\epsilon\iota\nu$ $\pi\rho\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$ $\tau\iota$ to gape or look greedily after a thing; $\chi\acute{\alpha}\sigma\kappa\epsilon\iota\nu$ $\pi\rho\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$ $\tau\iota\nu\alpha$ to gape in wonder or admiration at a person: also to gape about, stare about.

III. to open the mouth to speak, to utter, pronounce, Lat. *biscere*, c. acc.; $\delta\epsilon\iota\nu\acute{\alpha}$ $\delta\eta\mu\alpha\tau\alpha$ $\kappa\alpha\tau\acute{\alpha}$ $\tau\iota\nu\omicron\varsigma$ $\chi\alpha\nu\acute{\epsilon}\iota\nu$ to speak foul words against any one.

$\chi\acute{\alpha}\tau\omicron\varsigma$, a, on, genuine, true, good, staunch.

$\chi\acute{\alpha}\iota\rho\epsilon\sigma\kappa\epsilon$, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\omega$.

$\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\epsilon\tau\iota\zeta\omega$, f. $\sigma\omega$, ($\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\epsilon\iota$) to greet. Hence

$\chi\alpha\rho\epsilon\tau\iota\sigma\mu\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$, $\omicron\upsilon$, δ , a greeting.

$\chi\alpha\rho\eta\delta\acute{\omicron}\nu$, $\acute{\omicron}\nu\omicron\varsigma$, $\acute{\eta}$, ($\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\omega$) joy, delight, formed like $\acute{\alpha}\lambda\gamma\eta\delta\acute{\omicron}\nu$.

$\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\eta\nu$, Dor. for $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\epsilon\iota\nu$, inf. of $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\omega$.

$\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\iota\sigma\omicron\alpha$, Dor. for $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\iota\sigma\omicron\alpha$, pres. part. fem. of $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\omega$. $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\iota\sigma\omicron\nu\tau\omicron$, 3 pl. imperat. of $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\omega$.

$\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\iota\sigma\omega$: f. $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\eta\sigma\omega$ Ep. $\kappa\epsilon\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\eta\sigma\omega$: pf. $\kappa\epsilon\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\eta\mu\alpha$, Ep. part. $\kappa\epsilon\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\eta\mu\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$:—Med., fut. $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\omicron\upsilon\mu\alpha\iota$: Ep. aor. 1 $\acute{\epsilon}\chi\eta\rho\acute{\alpha}\mu\eta\nu$, 3 sing. $\chi\eta\rho\acute{\alpha}\tau\omicron$: and from a redupl. aor. 2 $\kappa\epsilon\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\eta\mu\eta\nu$, the 3 pl. ind. $\kappa\epsilon\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\omicron\nu\tau\omicron$, 3 sing. and pl. opt. $\kappa\epsilon\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\omicron\iota\tau\omicron$, $\kappa\epsilon\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\omicron\iota\alpha\tau\omicron$: Pass., in same sense as Act., fut. $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\eta\sigma\omicron\mu\epsilon\iota$; Ep. paullo-p. fut. $\kappa\epsilon\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\eta\sigma\omicron\mu\epsilon\iota$: aor. 2 $\acute{\epsilon}\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\eta\nu$ [$\acute{\alpha}$], Ep. 3 sing. $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\eta$, opt. $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\epsilon\iota\nu$, inf. $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\eta\nu\alpha\iota$, part. $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\epsilon\iota\varsigma$: pf. $\kappa\epsilon\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\eta\mu\alpha\iota$, later $\kappa\acute{\epsilon}\chi\omicron\rho\eta\mu\alpha\iota$: Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. $\kappa\epsilon\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\eta\mu\tau\omicron$:—to rejoice, be glad, be

delighted or pleased; $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\epsilon\iota\nu$ $\nu\acute{\omicron}\omega$ to rejoice in one's mind.

2. c. dat. to rejoice at, be delighted with, take pleasure in a thing; also, $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\epsilon\iota\nu$ $\gamma\acute{\epsilon}\lambda\omega\tau\iota$ to express one's joy by laughter; more rarely c. acc. pers. as, $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\omega$ $\delta\acute{\epsilon}$ σ' $\acute{\epsilon}\upsilon\tau\upsilon\chi\omicron\upsilon\tau\alpha$ I rejoice at your prosperity.

3. c. part., $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\omega$ $\acute{\alpha}\kappa\omicron\upsilon\sigma\alpha\varsigma$ I rejoice at having heard, am glad to hear; $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\epsilon\iota\varsigma$ $\acute{\omicron}\rho\acute{\alpha}\nu$ $\phi\acute{\alpha}\nu$ $\theta\iota\beta\omicron\upsilon$ rejoiceest at seeing the light.

4. with the pres. part., $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\omega$ is used also in sense of $\phi\iota\lambda\acute{\epsilon}\omega$, to delight in doing, to be wont to do.

II. often with a negat., $\omicron\upsilon$ $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\eta\sigma\epsilon\iota\varsigma$ $\theta\iota\beta\omega$ wilt or shalt not rejoice, i.e. $\theta\iota\beta\omega$ shalt pay dearly for it, shalt repent; so also part. $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\omega\nu$ with impunity; $\omicron\upsilon$ $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\iota\omicron\nu\tau\epsilon\varsigma$ $\acute{\alpha}\pi\alpha\lambda\lambda\acute{\alpha}\zeta\epsilon\tau\epsilon$ ye shall not get off with impunity.

III. the imperat. $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\epsilon$ is a common form of greeting, either at meeting, *hail*, *welcome*, Lat. *salve*; or at parting, *farewell*, Lat. *vale*; so in part., $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\omega\nu$ $\theta\iota$ *fare-thee-well*.

V. inf. $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\epsilon\iota\nu$, in phrase $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\epsilon\iota\nu$ $\lambda\acute{\epsilon}\gamma\omega$ $\sigma\omicron\iota$, is used as a greeting like $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\epsilon\iota$; $\pi\rho\omicron\sigma\epsilon\iota\tau\acute{\alpha}\nu$ $\tau\iota\nu\alpha$ $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\epsilon\iota\nu$ having bid one welcome or farewell; so at the beginning of letters the inf. usually stood alone, as, $\kappa\upsilon\theta\omicron\varsigma$ $\kappa\nu\epsilon\zeta\acute{\alpha}\rho\eta$ $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\epsilon\iota\nu$ [sc. $\lambda\acute{\epsilon}\gamma\epsilon\iota$], Lat. *salvere jubet, salutem dicit*.

2. in bad sense, $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\epsilon\iota\nu$ $\acute{\epsilon}\lambda\omega$ or $\kappa\epsilon\lambda\acute{\epsilon}\upsilon\epsilon\nu$ to say farewell to a person or thing, to renounce, set at naught; $\pi\omicron\lambda\lambda\acute{\alpha}$ $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\epsilon\iota\nu$ $\epsilon\lambda\epsilon\iota\nu$ $\tau\iota\nu\iota$ to bid a long farewell to one; also in 3 sing. imperat. $\chi\alpha\rho\acute{\epsilon}\tau\omega$, like $\acute{\epsilon}\rho\rho\acute{\epsilon}\tau\omega$, let it go, away with it, a murrain with it.

$\chi\acute{\alpha}\iota\tau\eta$, $\acute{\eta}$, long flowing hair, both in sing. and plur.: also a horse's mane; later also a lion's mane, Lat. *juba*.

II. of trees, like Lat. *coma*, leaves, foliage. Hence

$\chi\alpha\tau\eta\tau\epsilon\varsigma$ Dor. $\acute{\alpha}\epsilon\iota\sigma\alpha$, $\epsilon\upsilon$, with long flowing hair: also with a long mane.

$\chi\alpha\tau\eta\mu\alpha$, = $\chi\alpha\tau\eta$, hair, the plume of a helmet.

$\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}$, $\acute{\eta}$, Dor. for $\chi\eta\lambda\acute{\eta}$.

$\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\zeta\alpha$, $\eta\varsigma$, $\acute{\eta}$, *bail*: a hail-shower, hail-storm: metaph. any shower, sleet, a pelting storm, a shower of stones or arrows. II. a small pimple or tubercle. Hence

$\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\zeta\omega$, to bail. II. to have pimples or tubercles. $\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\zeta\text{-}\epsilon\pi\eta\varsigma$, $\acute{\epsilon}\varsigma$, ($\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\zeta\alpha$, $\acute{\epsilon}\pi\omicron\varsigma$) *burning abuse* as *tick* as bail.

$\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\zeta\eta\epsilon\varsigma$ Dor. $\acute{\alpha}\epsilon\iota\sigma\alpha$, $\epsilon\upsilon$, ($\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\zeta\alpha$) like bail, *thick* as bail, *pelting*, *pitiless*.

$\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\zeta\omicron\text{-}\beta\omicron\lambda\acute{\epsilon}\omega$, f. $\acute{\eta}\sigma\omega$, ($\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\zeta\alpha$, $\beta\alpha\lambda\acute{\epsilon}\iota\nu$), to strike with bail.

$\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\iota\nu\omega$, poet. for $\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\omega$.

$\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\rho\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$, $\acute{\alpha}$, $\acute{\omicron}\nu$, ($\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\omega$) slackened, loosened, slack; $\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\rho\acute{\omicron}$ $\kappa\omicron\nu\nu\lambda\eta\delta\acute{\omicron}\nu$ a loose, supple joint: of music, languid, effeminate. Hence

$\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\rho\acute{\omicron}\tau\eta\varsigma$, $\eta\tau\omicron\varsigma$, $\acute{\eta}$, slackness, looseness.

$\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\omega$: f. $\acute{\acute{\alpha}}\omega$ [$\acute{\alpha}$]: aor. 1 $\acute{\epsilon}\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\sigma\alpha$ Ep. $\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\sigma\alpha$, Dor. part. $\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\zeta\alpha\iota\varsigma$; pf. $\kappa\epsilon\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\sigma\alpha$: Pass., aor. 1 $\acute{\epsilon}\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\sigma\theta\eta\nu$: pf. $\kappa\epsilon\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\sigma\mu\alpha\iota$: I. transit. to make slack or loose, slacken, loosen; $\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\nu$ $\tau\acute{\omicron}\zeta\epsilon\alpha$ to unstring the bow; $\eta\lambda\iota\alpha\varsigma$ $\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\nu$ to slack the reins; $\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\nu$ $\pi\acute{\omicron}\delta\alpha$ to slack the sheet of the sail.

2. to let down, let fall or drop; $\mu\acute{\epsilon}\tau\omega\pi\omicron\nu$ $\chi\acute{\alpha}\lambda\acute{\alpha}\nu$ to smoothe

the brow. 3. to let loose, loose, release; κλῆθρα or κλῆδας χαλᾶν to loose the bar or bolts. 4. metaph. to relax, let go, give up. II. intr. to become slack or loose: to gape, stand wide open. 2. metaph. c. gen. to relax or leave off from a thing, i. e. cease from. 3. c. dat. to give way or yield to any one: to be indulgent to any one, pardon him. 4. absol., like εἵκειν, to give in, yield:—Pass., like the intr. usage, to be loosened or slackened.

Χαλδαῖος, ὁ, a Chaldaean. II. an astrologer, easter of nativities, since the Chaldaeans were much given to such pursuits. Hence

Χαλδαῖοστί, Adv. in the Chaldee tongue.

χαλ-ειμάς, ἄδος, ἦ, (χαλαί, εἶμα) Lat. laxivestis, loose-robed, ungirt.

χαλεπαίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἐχαλέπηνα, pass. ἐχαλεπάσθην; (χαλεπός):—to be hard, sore, grievous, severe, of violent storms, Lat. ingravescere: metaph. of men, to deal severely or harshly, to be harsh, ill-tempered; χαλεπαίνειν τινί to be embittered or shew harshness towards one; χαλεπαίνειν ἐπὶ τινι to be angry at a thing: Med., χαλεπαίνεσθαι πρὸς ἀλλήλους to be angry or grow embittered towards one another.

χαλεπήναι, aor. I inf. of χαλεπαίνω.

χαλεπήρης, ἐς, poet. for χαλεπός.

ΧΑΛΕΠΟΣ [α], ἦ, ὄν, hard to bear, sore, severe, grievous; τὸ χαλεπὸν τοῦ πνεύματος the severity of the wind; τὰ χαλεπὰ hardships, sufferings. 2. hard to do or deal with, difficult, troublesome. 3. difficult, dangerous. 4. of approaches, difficult, rough, rugged, steep. II. of persons, hard to deal with, bitter, hostile, angry: οἱ χαλεπώτεροι bitterer enemies: mischievous, dangerous, troublesome. 2. harsh, cruel: of judges, severe, rigid, strict. 3. ill-tempered, angry, testy, morose. Hence

χαλεπότης, ητος, ἦ, difficulty, roughness, ruggedness. II. of persons, harshness, severity, rigour.

χαλέπτω, f. ψω: Pass., aor. I ἐχαλέφθην:—poët. for χαλεπαίνω, to deal harshly with, oppress, distress, harass: also to bring low, humble. 2. to provoke, enrage, irritate. II. intr. to be angry, irritated.

χαλεπός, Dor. for χαλεπός, gen. of χαλεπός.

χαλεπός, Adv. of χαλεπός, hardly, with difficulty; χαλεπὸς ἦν, c. inf., it was difficult to do. 2.

scarcely, Lat. aegré. II. of persons, severely, cruelly, harshly. 2. angrily, bitterly; χαλεπὸς φέρειν τι, Lat. aegré, gravior ferre, to bear a thing ill.

χαλεπώτερον, -ώτατα, Comp. and Sup. of χαλεπός.

χάλι-κράτος Ion. χάλι-κρητος, on, (χάλις, κεράννυμι) unmixed, of wine, Lat. merus.

χαλῖν-ἀγωγέω, f. ἦσω, (χαλινός, ἀγω) to guide with or as with a bridle: hence to curb, restrain.

χαλινός, ὁ, irreg. pl. χαλινά, τά, (χαλαί) a bridle, esp. the bit of a bridle; χαλινὸν ἐνδρακύν to clasp the bit; χαλινὸς δίδουσι to give a horse the rein 2. metaph. of anything which curbs or compels; Διὸς χαλινός the curb imposed by Jove.

χαλινός, f. ὥσω, to bridle or bit a horse:—Pass. to be bridled or curbed. Hence

χαλινώσις, εως, ἦ, a bridling. [Ὶ]

χαλινωτήρια, τά, (χαλινός) cables or ropes to moor ships to the shore.

ΧΑΛΙΞ, ἵκος, ὁ and ἦ, a small stone, pebble: as a collection, gravel, rubbish for filling up, rubble, Lat. caementum. [α]

χάλις, ιος, ὁ, (χαλαί) sheer wine, Lat. merum.

χαλιφρονέω, f. ἦσω, (χαλίφρων) to be light-minded, flighty, silly. Hence

χαλιφροσύνη, ἦ, levity, thoughtlessness, rashness.

χάλι-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἦ, (χαλαί, φρήν) light-minded, flighty, thoughtless.

χαλκ-ἀρμάτος, on, (χαλκός, ἄρμα) with brassen chariot, epith. of Mars.

χάλκ-ασπίς, ιδος, ὁ, ἦ, (χαλκός, ἀσπίς) with brassen shield.

χαλκ-έγχης, es, gen. eos, (χαλκός, ἔγχος) with brassen lance.

χαλκεῖον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (χαλκεύω) a smith's shop; forge, smithy, Lat. officina. II. anything made of copper: 1. a copper vessel, caldron. 2. a concave copper reflector in a lamp. 3. a copper badge. Strictly neut. from

χάλκεος, α, on Ion. χαλκήμιος, η, on, poet. for χάλκεος, (χάλκος) of brass, brassen.

χαλκ-ἐλάτος, on, (χαλκός, ἐλαύνω) poet. for χάλκηλατος.

χαλκ-ἐμβολάς, poet. fem. of χαλκέμβολος.

χαλκ-ἐμβολος, on, (χαλκός, ἐμβολον) with brassen beak or prow, of a ship.

χαλκ-ἐντής, ἐς, (χαλκός, ἔντεα) armed with brass.

χαλκεό-γομφος, on, (χάλκεος, γόμφος) fastened with brassen nails.

χαλκεό-θώραξ, ἄκος, Ep. -θώρηξ, ηκος, ὁ, ἦ: (χάλκεος, θώραξ) with brassen breastplate.

χαλκεό-κάρδιος, on, (χάλκεος, καρδία) with heart of brass.

χαλκεό-πέζος, on, (χάλκεος, πέζα) brass-footed.

χαλκεό-οπλις, on, (χάλκεος, ὅπλον) with arms or armour of brass.

χάλκεος, ἑα Ion. ἐή, εον, also eos, εον: contr. χαλκοῦς, ἦ, οῖν: poet. χάλκεος Ion. -ήμιος, η, on: (χαλκός):—of copper or bronze, brassen, Lat. aeneus; χάλκεος Ζεὺς a brassen statue of Jove; χάλκεον ἱστάναι τινά to raise a brassen statue to one. 2. metaph.

like brass, hard, stout; χάλκεον ἦτορ, a heart of brass; χάλκεος ὕπνος a brassen sleep, i. e. sleep of death.

χαλκεό-τευχής, ἐς, (χάλκεος, τεῦχος) in arms of brass.

χαλκεό-φωνος, on, (χάλκεος, φωνή) with voice of brass, i. e. ringing strong and clear.

χάλκευμα, ατος, τό, (χαλκεύω) anything made of brass, a brassen instrument or implement: a weapon, etc.: in plur. brassen bonds.

χαλκεύς, εως, ὁ, (χαλκεύω) a worker in copper, f.

smith, brasier. 2. more generally, a worker in metal, *smith*, even of a goldsmith; esp. a blacksmith. *χαλκευτής*, οὐ, δ, (*χαλκεύω*) = *χαλκεύς*: metaph. a forger.

χαλκευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the brasier or his art: skilled in metal-working: ἡ *χαλκευτική* (sub. τέχνη), the smith's art or trade.

χαλκευτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *χαλκεύω*, wrought of copper or metal.

χαλκεύω, ἑ σω, (*χαλκέω*) to make of copper or of metal, to forge:—Pass. to be wrought or forged. II. intr. to be a smith, work as a smith, ply the hammer or forge: τὸ *χαλκεύειν* the smith's art.

χαλκεών, ὄνος, δ, = *χαλκεῖον*, a forge, smithy.

χαλκεῖδών, ὄνος, δ, (*χαλκός*) *chalcēdōny*, name of a gem like an onyx.

χαλκήιον, τό, Ion. for *χαλκεῖον*.

χαλκήϊος, ἡ, ον, Ion. for *χαλκεῖος*.

χαλκ-ῆλατος also *χαλκ-έλατος*, ον, (*χαλκός*, ἐλαύνω) forged out of brass, of beaten brass.

χαλκήρης, ἐς, γεν. ἐος, (*χαλκός*, ἀρᾶρειν) furnished with brass: of spears and arrows, tipped with brass.

χαλκί-οικος, ον, (*χαλκός*, οἶκος) dwelling in a brassen house or shrine.

χαλκίον, τό, (*χαλκός*) a copper utensil, vessel, implement. 2. copper money, copper coin.

χαλκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, a bird of prey.

Χαλκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, *Chalcis*, a city in Euboea, said to have its name from neighbouring copper-mines.

χαλκοάρης, ἐς, γεν. ἐος, poet. lengthd. form for *χαλκήρης*. [ᾱ]

χαλκο-βάτης, ἐς, γεν. ἐος, (*χαλκός*, βάρος) heavy or loaded with brass.

χαλκοβάρεια, used as fem. of *χαλκοβαρής*.

χαλκο-βάτης, ἐς, γεν. ἐος, (*χαλκός*, βαῖνω) standing on brass, with foundation of brass, with brassen base.

χαλκο-βόας, ον, δ, (*χαλκός*, βοή) with voice of brass.

χαλκο-γένειος, ον, (*χαλκός*, γένειον), and *χαλκό-γενυς*, υ, γεν. υος, (*χαλκός*, γένυς) with teeth of brass.

χαλκο-γλῶχιν, ἴνος, δ, ἡ, (*χαλκός*, γλῶχis) with point or barbs of brass.

χαλκο-δαιδάλλω, ον, (*χαλκός*, δαιδάλλω) inlaid with brass. II. act. working in brass.

χαλκο-δάμῃς, αντος, δ, ἡ, (*χαλκός*, δαμάω) subduing, i. e. sharpening brass.

χαλκό-δετος, ον, (*χαλκός*, δέω) brass-bound.

χαλκο-θώραξ, ἄκος, δ, ἡ, (*χαλκός*, θώραξ) = *χαλκεο-θώραξ*, with brassen breastplate.

χαλκο-κνήμις, ἴδος, δ, ἡ, (*χαλκός*, κνήμις) with greaves of brass.

χαλκο-κορυστής, οὐ, δ, (*χαλκός*, κορύσσω) as masc. Adj., with or in brassen armour.

χαλκό-κροτος, ον, (*χαλκός*, κροτέω) sounding or rattling with brass: of horses, brassen-hoofed. II. beaten or forged of brass.

χαλκο-λίβανον, τό, fine or glowing brass. (Deriv. uncertain.)

χαλκο-μίτρας, ον, δ, (*χαλκός*, μίτρα) with girāle of brass.

χαλκό-νωτος, ον, (*χαλκός*, νῶτος) brass-backed.

χαλκο-παγής, ἐς, (*χαλκός*, παγῆναι) compacted of brass.

χαλκο-πάρηος Dor. -παρᾶος, ον, (*χαλκός*, παρειά) with cheeks or sides of brass, epith. of helmets.

χαλκό-πέδος, ον, (*χαλκός*, πέδον) with floor of brass.

χαλκό-πλευρος, ον, (*χαλκός*, πλευρά) with sides of brass, of an urn.

χαλκο-πληθής, ἐς, γεν. ἐος, (*χαλκός*, πλήθος) filled with brass, armed all in brass.

χαλκό-πληκτος Dor. -πλακτος, ον, (*χαλκός*, πλήσσω) forged or welded of brass.

χαλκό-πους, δ, ἡ, -πον, τό; gen. -ποδος (*χαλκός*, ποῦς):—brassen-footed, with brassen tramp. II.

with steps of brass, brassen.

χαλκό-πύλος, ον, (*χαλκός*, πύλη) with gates of brass or bronze.

ΧΑΛΚΟΣ, οὐ, δ, brass, or rather copper, Lat. *aes*, called from its colour *ἔρυθρός* and *αἰθίοψ*. Copper was the first metal that was wrought, and hence *χαλκός* was used as a name for metal in general; and afterwards, when iron began to be worked, the word *χαλκός* was used for *σίδηρος*. Later, *χάλκως* was applied to bronze, a mixture of copper with tin, which was the chief metal used by the ancients in the arts. II. in the Poets, anything made of brass or metal, esp. of brassen arms: also a brassen vessel, urn.

χαλκο-σκελής, ἐς, (*χαλκός*, σκέλος) with legs of brass.

χαλκο-στέφανος, ον, (*χαλκός*, στέφανος) crowned or compassed with brass.

χαλκό-στομος, ον, (*χαλκός*, στόμα) with brassen mouth. II. with edge or point of brass.

χαλκό-τευκτος, ον, (*χαλκός*, τεύχω) made of brass.

χαλκό-τευχής, ἐς, (*χαλκός*, τεύχος) in brassen armour.

χαλκό-τοξος, ον, (*χαλκός*, τόξον) with brassen bow.

χαλκοτορέω, ἑ ἴσω, to form or mould of brass. From

χαλκό-τορος, ον, (*χαλκός*, τείρω) wrought of brass.

χαλκο-τύπος, ον, (*χαλκός*, τύπτω) beating or working copper:—as Subst., *χαλκοτύπος*, δ, a worker in copper, coppersmith: generally, a smith. 2.

striking brass together, beating the cymbals, of the priests of Cybels. II. *χαλκοτύπος*, ον, pass., struck with brass, inflicted with brassen arms.

χαλκο-οὐργος, δ, (*χαλκός*, *ἔργω) a coppersmith.

χαλκοῦς, ἡ, οὖν, Att. contr. from *χάλκεος*. II. as Subst., *χαλκοῦς*, δ, a copper coin, somewhat less than a farthing.

χαλκο-φάλαρος, ον, (*χαλκός*, φάλαρα) adorned or ornamented with brass or copper. [φά]

χαλκόφξ, Ep. for *χαλκοῦ*, gen. of *χαλκός*.

χαλκο-χάρμης, ον, δ, (*χαλκός*, χάρμη) fighting in brassen armour.

χαλκο-χίτων, ανος, δ, ἡ, (*χαλκός*, χιτών) brassen-coated, brass-clad.

χαλκό-χυτος, ον, (χαλκός, χέω) cast in copper or brass.

χαλκός, f. ὥσω, (χαλκός) to cover with brass:—
aor. I pass. part. χαλκωθείς, clad in brass. II.
to make in brass or bronze

χάλκωμα, ατος, τό, (χαλκός) anything made of bronze or copper, a brassen vessel or instrument.

χάλυβδιδός, ή, ὄν, (χάλυψ) of steel; τὸ χάλυβδιδόν steel.

χάλυβος, ὁ, ποῖτ. for χάλυψ, steel.

Χάλυψ, ὕβος, ὁ, one of the nation of the Chalybes in Pontus, famous for the working of steel. II. as

appellat., χάλυψ, ὕβος, ὁ, barded iron, steel.

χαμᾶδης [μᾶ], Adv. (χαμαί) ποῖτ. for χαμᾶζε, on the ground, to the ground.

χαμᾶζε, Adv. (χαμαί) to the ground, on the ground, Lat. bumi.

χαμᾶθεν, Adv. (χαμαί) from the ground.

ΧΑ-ΜΑΙ, Adv. on the earth, on the ground. 2. like χαμᾶζε, Lat. bumi, to the ground, to earth.

χαμαι-γενής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (χαμαί, γενέσθαι) earth-born, sprung from the soil.

χαμαι-ευνός, ἄδος, ποῖτ. fem. of sq. [aἵ metri grat.] χαμαι-ευνής, ου, ὁ, (χαμαί, εὐνή) making one's bed or lair on the ground. [aἵ metri grat.]

χαμαιζήλος, ον, (χαμαί) growing low or near the ground: generally, low: ὁ χαμαιζήλος (sub. δίφρος), a low stool.

II. metaph. fond of mean things, humble; τὸ χαμαιζήλον humility.

χαμαικοιτέω, f. ἵσθαι, to lie, make one's bed on the ground. From

χαμαι-κοίτης, ου, ὁ, (χαμαί, κοίτη) lying or making one's bed on the ground.

χαμαιλεχής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (χαμαί, λέχος) = χαμαικοίτης.

χαμαι-λέων, οντος, ὁ, (χαμαί, λέων) the chameleon, a kind of lizard known for changing its colour.

χαμαιπετέω, f. ἵσθαι, to fall to the ground; γνώμα χαμαιπετοῖσα a thought that falls to the ground. From

χαμαι-πετής, ἐς, (χαμαί, ΠΕΤ- Root of πίπτω) falling to or on the earth; χαμαιπετής πίπτειν to fall to earth: fallen, prostrate in the dust. 2. lying or sleeping on the ground. 3. on the ground. II. metaph. falling to the ground, coming to naught, fruitless.

χαμαιπετοῖσα, Dor. for χαμαιπετοῖσα, part. fem. of χαμαιπετέω.

χαμαι-τυπέω, τό, (χαμαί, τυπεῖν) a brotbel.

χαμ-ερπής, ἐς, (χαμαί, ἐρπῶ) creeping on the ground, grovelling.

χαμ-εὐνή, ή, for χαμαιεὐνή, (χαμαί, εὐνή) a bed on the ground, pallet-bed, truckle-bed. II. a bedstead.

χαμ-ευνός, ἴδος, ή, (χαμαί, εὐνή) a low bed, a pallet-bed.

χαμηλός, ή, ὄν, (χαμαί) on the ground. 2. diminutive, trifling: metaph. low, mean.

χαμῶθεν, Adv. (χαμαί) later form for χαμᾶθεν, from the ground.

χάμψαι, of, the Egyptian name for crocodiles.

χάν, ή, Dor. for χήν, a goose.

Χαναανίτης, α, ον, Canaanitish, of Canaan:—as Subst., Χαναανίτης, ὁ, a Canaanite; Χαναανίτη, ή, a Canaanitish woman. Sec Καναανίτης.

χανδάνω, fut. χείσσομαι: aor. 2 ἐχάδων Ep. χάδον: pf. with pres. sense κέχανθα: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. with impf. sense κεχάνθει:—to bold, take in, comprise, contain, ἐξ μέτρα χάνδανε κρητήρ the bowl beld six measures: οὐκ ἔδυνήσατο πάσας ἀγαλὰς νῆας χαδέειν the beach could not bold all the ships.

χανδόν, Adv., (χαίνω) gaping, with mouth wide open: metaph. greedily, eagerly.

χάνειν, aor. 2 inf. of χαίνω.

χάνου [ᾱ], 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of χαίνω.

ΧΑ'ΟΨ [ᾱ], eos, τό, Chaos, Space, personified by Hesiod, who represents Chaos as the first state of existence, the rude unformed mass. 2. infinite space, the atmosphere: later any wide, empty space, a gulf, chasm.

χάος, ὄν, like χάος, genuine, true, good.

χάρᾱ, ή, (χαρῆναι) joy, delight, pleasure; χαρᾱ with joy: c. gen. joy in or at a thing.

χάραγμα, ατος, τό, (χάρασσω) any mark imprinted: χ. ἐχίδνης the serpent's bite. 2. a graven mark or line, character, inscription.

χαράδρα Ion. χαράδρη, ή, (χαράσσω) like χείμαρος, a mountain-stream, torrent, which cuts itself (χαράσσει) a way down the mountain-side, Lat. torrens. II. the bed of such a stream, a deep gully, rift, ravine. Hence

χαράδραϊος, α, ον, of or from a mountain-torrent.

χαράδριος, ὁ, (χαράδρα) a bird dwelling in clefts (χαράδραι) whence its name, the curlew.

χαράδρῳ, f. ὥσω: Pass., aor. I ἐχαροῦράθην: pf. κεχαράδρωμαι: (χαράδρα):—to tear up into clefts:—Pass. to be broken into clefts by mountain-streams, to be full of ravines and gullies; χώρα κεχαράδρωμένη a country intersected with ravines.

χαρῶκῳ, f. ὥσω, (χώρα) to pale round, palisade, fortify. II. to prop with a pole or stake.

χαράκτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (χαράσσω) that which is cut in or marked, the impress or stamp on coins, seals, etc.; χαρακτήρα ἐπεμβάλλειν τινί to set a stamp upon a thing. 2. metaph. the mark or token impressed on a person or thing, a characteristic, distinctive mark, character; ἀνδρῶν οὐδεὶς χαρακτήρ ἐμπεφύκε σώματι no outward mark has been impressed by nature on the person of men. 3. a likeness, image, exact representation.

χαρακτός, ή, ὄν, verb. Adj. of χαράσσω, cut in, notched, like a saw

χαράκωμα, ατος, τό, (χαράκω) a place paled round or palisaded, a fortified camp. II. a paling, palisade, Lat. vallum.

χαράκωσις, eos, ή, (χαράκω) a fencing with pales, a palisading, fortifying.

χάραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, also ή, (χάράσσω) a pointed stake: a vine-prop, vine-pole. II. a pale used in fortifying the rampart of a camp, Lat. vallus: hence

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collectively, a place *paled in*, a fortified camp, Lat. *vallum*.

ΧΑΡΑΨΣΩ Att. -ττω: f. *φα*: aor. I *ἐχάραξα*: Pass., aor. I *ἐχαράχην*: pf. *κεχάραγμα*:—to make sharp or pointed, sharpen: Pass. to be notched or jagged: of eyes, to sparkle. 2. metaph. to exasperate, irritate, provoke:—Pass. to be irritated, exasperated. II. to cut by furrows, furrow, plough. III. to engrave, inscribe.

χαρήναι, aor. I inf. pass. of *χαίρω*.

χαρήσομαι, later fut of *χαίρω*.

χαρί-δότης, ου, ὁ, (*χάρις*, *δίδωμι*) *he that gives joy or grace*.

χάρις, *χαρίεσσα*, *χαρίεν*, gen. *εντος*: (*χάρις*):—graceful, pleasing, agreeable, lovely, pretty, elegant. II. in Att., *χαρίεις* was often used of persons, graceful, elegant, accomplished, refined; of *χαριέντες* men of taste and refinement, men of education.

III. the neut. was used in Att. as Adv., when it was written *χαρίεν*. Hence *χαριεντίζομαι*, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι: Dep.:—to act or speak with grace or elegance: to be witty, to jest; σπουδῇ *χαριεντίζεσθαι* to jest in earnest.

χαριέντως, Adv. of *χαρίεις*, gracefully, elegantly: neatly, cleverly. 2. kindly, courteously.

χαρι-εργός, ὧν, (*χαίρω*, *ἔργον*) *delighting in the arts*, epith. of Minerva.

χαρίζομαι: fut. med. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι, also f. pass. -ισθήσομαι: aor. I *ἐχαρίσάμην* and *ἐχαρίστην*: pf. *κεχαρίσμαι* both in act. and pass. sense: Dep.: (*χάρις*):—to show favour or kindness, to oblige or gratify a person, c. dat.: absol. to be pleasing or agreeable, court favour. 2. in Att. to gratify or indulge a passion, like Lat. *indulgere*; *χαρίζεσθαι τῷ σώματι* to indulge one's body.

II. c. acc. *τε*, to offer willingly, offer as a free gift, give freely: c. gen. to give freely of a thing; *χαρίζεσθαι ἄλλοτρίῳ* to give freely of what does not belong to one; *ταμὴ χαριζομένη παρεόντων* the housekeeper giving freely of the stores in hand. III. in pass. sense, to be pleasing, agreeable, to be granted as a favour; τοῖσι *Εὐβοέεσι* *ἐκεχαρίστο* it was done to please the *Euboeans*.

2. pf. part. *κεχαρισμένος*, pleasing, acceptable, welcome; *ἐμὲ κεχαρισμένε θυμῷ* most welcome to my heart; *κεχαρισμένος ἦλθεν* he came welcomed for, was welcome.

χαριῆξ, Dor. for *χαρίσει*, 2 sing. fut. of *χαρίζομαι*.

χάρις [ἀ], ἡ, gen. *χαρίτος*: acc. *χάριν* or *χάρητα*: plur. *χαρίτες*, dat. pl. *χάρησι* Ep. *χαρίτεσι* poet. also *χάρησι*: (*χαίρω*):—favour, grace, Lat. *gratia*: I. outward grace, grace, loveliness; *χάριν καταχευάειν* to shed grace over one. 2. of things, a grace, a charm. II. grace or favour felt, either, 1. by the Doer, kindness, good-will: or, 2. by the Receiver, the sense of favour received, thanks, gratitude; esp. in phrases *χάριν εἶδέναι* to feel gratitude; *χάριν ὀφείλειν* to owe a debt of gratitude, be beholden; *χάριν* or *χάρητα καταθέσθαι τινί* to lay up

a store of gratitude with a person, i. e. earn his thanks; *χάριν λαμβάνειν* to receive thanks.

3. influence, as opp. to force, Lat. *gratia*; *χάριτι πλείον ἢ φόβῳ* more by favour than fear. III. a favour done, a grace, kindness, boon; *χάριν φέρειν τινί* to confer a favour on one: hence in phrases, *χάριν θέσθαι*, νέμειν, δρᾶσαι to confer a grace, favour, kindness. IV. a gratification, delight; *φορμυγος* from the harp. 2. *δαίμονας χάρις* homage or worship due to the gods: an offering, gift; *εὐκταία χάρις* a gift in consequence of a vow.

V. special usages: acc. sing. absol. *χάριν*, c. gen., in anyone's favour, for his pleasure, for his sake, *χάριν* "Εκτορος for the sake of Hector: also with the Artic., τὴν Ἀθηναίων *χάριν* for the sake of the Athenians:—it soon became used as a Prep., c. gen., = *ἐνεκα*, Lat. *gratia*, *causa*, for the sake, in behalf of, on account of: so too, ἐμὴν *χάριν*, σὴν *χάριν* for my, thy pleasure or sake, Lat. *mea*, *tua gratia*.

2. *eis* *χάριν τινός* to do one a pleasure; πρὸς *χάριν λέγειν τινί* to speak to one for the sake of pleasing him; but, πρὸς *χάριν ἐμᾶς σαρκός* for the sake of my flesh, i. e. of devouring it. 3. *ἐν χάριτι κρίνειν* τινά to decide from partiality to one. 4. *διὰ χαρίτων εἶναι* or *ἡλιγνεύειν* τινά to be on terms of friendship or mutual favour with one. VI. in Mythology, αἱ *Χαρίτες* the *Charitēs* or *Graces*, were the goddesses who confer all grace, even the favour of Victory in the games: three in number, *Aglaia*, *Euphrosyne*, *Thalia*.

χάρισμα, atos, τό, (*χαρίζομαι*) a grace, favour: a free gift, grace.

χαρίζοσθαι, Ep. aor. I med. inf. of *χαρίζομαι*.

χαριστήριος, ου, (*χαρίζομαι*) in token of thanks-giving. II. as Subst., *χαριστήριον*, τό, a grace, gift. 2. τὰ *χαριστήρια* (sub. *ιερά*), *thank-offerings*.

χαρίτια, ἡ, (*χάρις*) a jest, joke.

χαρίτω-βλέφαρος, ου, (*Χάρις*, *βλέφαρον*) with eyelids like the *Graces*.

χαρίτω-γλωσσέω Att. -πτέω, f. ἡσω, (*χάρις*, *γλῶσσα*) to speak to please, glose with the tongue.

χαρίτω, f. ὦσα, (*χάρις*) to show favour or grace to anyone:—Pass. to be highly favoured.

χαρίτ-ώπης, es, (*χάρις*, ὥψ) graceful of aspect: fem. *χαριτώπης*, ιδος.

χάρμα, atos, τό, (*χαίρω*) a source of joy, a joy: joy, delight.

χάρμη, ἡ, (*χαίρω*) = *χάρμα*, joy: the joy of battle, battle.

χαρμονή, ἡ, (*χάρμα*) joy, delight: in pl. joys, delights.

χαρμόσυνος, η, ου, (*χάρμη*) joyful, glad; *χαρμόσυνα ποιεῖν* to make rejoicings.

χαρμόφρων, ους, ὁ, ἡ, (*χάρμα*, φρήν) gladdening the heart or of joyous heart.

χαρο-ποιός, ὧν, (*χαρά*, ποιεῖν) causing joy, gladdening.

χαρ-οπέδ, ἡ, ὧν, also ὅς, ὧν, (*χαρά*, ὥψ) glad-eyed, bright-eyed: properly it only implied brightness and fierceness: later, it came to mean light blue or gray—such like *γλαυκός*.

χαρτάριον, τό, Dim. of χάρτης.

χάρτης, ου, ὁ, (χαράσσω) Lat. *charta*, a leaf of paper, made from the separated layers of the papyrus.

χαρτός, ὁ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of χαίω, *delightful, gladdening, cheerful*.

Χάρυβδις, εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, *Charybdis*, a dangerous whirlpool on the coast of Sicily, opposite the Italian rock Scylla; then generally a *whirlpool, gulf*; metaph of a *greedy rapacious person*, like Lat. *baratrum*.

Χάρων [ᾶ], ανος, ὁ, *Charon*, the ferryman of the Styx, so called from his *bright fierce eyes*. Cp. χάροπο

χασκάζω, f. ἄσω, Frequentat. of χάσκα, c. acc., to keep yawning or gaping at or for a thing.

χάσκα, ἔχασκον, to gape, yawn, used as pres. and imperf. of χαίω: see χαίω.

χάσμα, ατος, τό, (χαίω) a yawning *bouiw*, a chasm, gulf. II. the open mouth, like Lat. *rietus*. III. any wide space or expanse.

χασμάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. (χαίω) to yawn, gape wide, of the mouth.

χασμέομαι, Ion. for χασμάομαι.

χασμένεμος, Dor. pres. part. of χασμάομαι.

χάσμημα, ατος, τό, (χασμάομαι) a wide yawn, gape, Lat. *rietus*.

χασσάμενος, Ep. aor. I med. part. of χάσσομαι.

χάσσομαι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of χάσσομαι.

ΧΑΤΕΨΩ, f. ἥσω, to long, desire, wish much to do a thing, c. inf.: absol. to wish, desire. II. c.

gen. to crave, want, have need of a thing.

χάτψω, f. ἴω, like χαιέω, to long for, desire, crave: to want, have need of; χαιτίσειν ἐργοιο to want or be without work: absol. in part., one who is in want, a needy, poor person.

χάτις, ἡ, and χάτος, εος, τό, want, need, = χητίς, χήτος.

χαυλι-ῶδους, -ῶδοντος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαύλιος, ὀδούς) with outstanding or projecting teeth. II. χαυλιόδοντες ὀδόντες of the crocodile's teeth, outstanding,

kinky: absol., χαυλιόδοντες *sbarb*, jagged teeth.

χαυνο-πολίτης, ου, ὁ, (χαυνος, πολίτης) an open-mouthed citizen, a gaping cit. [I]

χαυνό-πρωκτος, ου, (χαυνος, πρωκτος) wide-breeched.

χαυνός, ὁ, ον, and οα, ου, (αἰώα) gaping: flaccid, loose, porous.

II. metaph. loose, foolish, silly, vain. Hence

χαυνότης, ἡ, looseness, porousness. II. metaph. folly, vanity.

χαίνωσθε, εως, ἡ, (χαίνω) a making loose or slack. II. metaph. making a thing light,

weakening its force.

χέει, χέν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. or 1st aor. I of χέω.

χελιδνίω, like χεσεῖω, Lat. *desiderat*. of χέζω, to wish to ease oneself.

ΧΕΨΩ: f. χεσοῦμαι: pf. κέχθοα: aor. I ἔχεσα: aor. 2 ἔχεσθον: pf. pass. κέχθην: to ease oneself: Pass., σπλέθεος ἀπὸ τῶς κεχέσμενος dung just dropt.

ΧΕΙΑ' Ion. χεῖη, ἡ, a hole, esp. of serpents. χέλευς, Dor. for χείλεος, gen. of χείλος.

χείλο-ποτέω, f. ἥσω, (χείλος, πίνω) to drink with the lips only, to sip.

ΧΕΙΛΟΣ, εος, τό: plur., gen. χείλων contr. ὦν; dat. χείλεσι Ep. -εσσι:—a lip: proverb., χείλεσι γελῶν to laugh with the lips (only); χείλεα μὲν τι ἐδίην', ὑπερήν δ' οὐκ ἐδίηνεν it wetted the lips, but the palate it wetted not 2. of beasts, the snout, muzzle: of birds, a bill, beak. II. metaph. of things, the edge, brink, brim, rim, esp. of a river or a cup.

χείμα, ατος, τό, winter-weather, cold, frost, Lat. *hiems*: winter, as a season of the year, opp. to θέρος:

χείμα absol. in acc., in winter. II. a storm: metaph. a storm of passion.

χειμάδιον [ᾶ], τό, a winter-dwelling, winter-quarters; χειμαδίῳ χρῆσθαι Λήμνῳ to fix upon Lemnos as winter quarters. From

χειμάζω, f. ἄσω: (χείμα): I. transit. to expose to the winter, set in the frost or cold: Pass. to be exposed to the frost or cold: live through the winter.

II. intr. to pass the winter: to go into winter quarters, to winter. I. at. *hiemare*. III. to raise a storm or tempest: metaph. to trouble, afflict.

2. absol. χεῖμάς' (sc. ὁ θεός), there is a storm, like *ῥέει, νίφει*, etc.; ἐξεῖμαζε ἡμέρας τρεῖς the storm lasted three days. 3. Pass. to be driven by a storm, suffer from it: metaph. to be tempest-tost, distressed, esp. of the state: to be distracted, overwhelmed by suffering.

χειμαίνω, f. ἄνω, (χείμα) distress by a storm or tempest:—Pass. to be driven by a storm, be tempest-tost.

II. intr. to be stormy.

χεῖμαρος, ὁ, (χείμα) a plug in a ship's bottom, drawn out when the ship was brought on land, to let out the bilge-water.

χειμάρροος, ον, Att. contr. -ροος, ονν: (χείμα, ῥέω):—winter-flowing, swollen in winter; χεῖμαρροος ποταμός a mountain-stream or torrent swollen by rain and melted snow. 2. as Subst., χεῖμαρρος, ὁ, a water-drain, conduit. II. wintry, stormy.

χεῖμαρρος or χεῖμαρρος, ον, poet. for χεῖμαρροος.

χειμάδσια Ion.-τι, ἡ, (χειμάζω) a passing the winter, wintering: winter-quarters.

χειμερίζω, f. ἴω Att. ἰώ, (χείμα) to pass the winter, winter.

χειμερινός, ὁ, ὄν, (χείμα) of or in winter, in winter-time, wintry, stormy; χειμερινὸν χωρίον a wintry, bleak place. See χειμέριος.

χειμέριος, α, ον, Att. also οα, ον: (χείμα):—in, of, belonging to winter, wintry; ὥρη χειμερῆ the winter-season; μήνες χειμεριᾶταιοι the most wintry, i. e. most stormy, months; ἀκτὰ χειμερία κυματοπλήγῃ a shore lashed by the waves of winter: metaph., χειμερία λύπη raging pain.—Generally, χειμέριος and χειμερινός are distinguished thus:—χειμέριος wintry, like winter, stormy; χειμερινός wintry, in winter-time.

χειμο-θνήσκει, ἡτος, ὁ, ἡ, (χείμα, θνήσκειν) frozen to death.

χειμῶν, ανος, ὁ, (χείμα) winter, the season of winter; τὸν χειμῶνα during winter; χειμῶνος in winter-

time.

II. wintry weather: a storm, tempest; χειμῶν νοτερός a storm of rain. 2. metaph. storm, fury: also great distress or suffering.

χειμῶνο-τύπος, ον, (χειμῶν, τύπτω) beating tempestuously.

ΧΕΙΡ, ἡ, gen. χεῖρος: plur. χεῖρες, χειρῶν, χερσὶ: Ion. decl., χεῖρ, χερός, χερί, χέρα, χέρες, etc.: but gen. and dat. dual are χερῶν (rarely χερῶν) even in Att.: Ep. dat. pl. χεῖρεσι and χεῖρεσι:—the hand, or rather the hand and arm, the arm; ἀκρα χεῖρ the band; χεῖρ σιδηρὰ an iron band, i. e. a grappling-iron, grapple.

2. χεῖρ is often joined with δεξιός and ἀριστερός, to mark the side on which a thing is; see ἀριστερός, δεξιός. 3. to denote act or deed, as opp. to mere words; ἐπεὶ καὶ χερσὶν ἀρῆξειν to assist with word and deed; προσφέρειν χεῖρας to apply force; of deeds of violence, χερῶν ἀρῆξειν to begin the fray.

4. like Lat. manus, a number or body of men, a band: the band, skill of an artist or workman: also his bandywork.

II. special usages: χεῖρς ἔχειν τινα to have, hold one by the band; χεῖρας ἀνασχεῖν θεοῖς to raise one's hands to the gods in prayer; χεῖρας ὀρέγειν to stretch or spread the arms as token of entreaty.

2. ἀγεσθαί τι ἐς χεῖρας to take a thing in band: ἐν χερσὶ, μετὰ or διὰ χεῖρας ἔχειν τι to have a thing in band, be engaged in it.

3. ἐν χερὶ, ἐν χερσὶ, in one's hand or hands, and so in one's power: but also in warlike sense, ἐν χερσὶ in the fray, in close fight. Lat. cominus.

4. ἐλθεῖν χεῖρας to fall into anyone's hands or power, be: also to come to blows.

5. ἐκ χερῶν, out of the hand, off band; ἀπὸ χερῶν λογισθῆσαι to reckon off by hand, roughly.

6. πρὸ χερῶν at hand, in readiness.

7. ὑπὸ χερῶν or χειρῶν, under the hands, under the power; cp. ὑποχείριος.

χειρ-άγρα, ἡ, (χείρ, ἀγρα) gout in the band; as ποδ-άγρα in the feet.

χειρᾶγωγέω, f. ἦσω, to lead by the band. From χειρ-ἄγωγός, ὅν, (χείρ, ἄγω) leading by the band:

as Subst., χειραγωγός, ὁ, one that leads by the band

χειρ-απτᾶω, f. ἄσω, (χείρ, ἄπτω) to touch with the band, take in band, handle.

χεῖρεσι, χεῖρεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of χεῖρ.

χειρῶτος, ὅν, (χείρ) having sleeves, sleeved, of the χιτὼν or tunic: the χιτὼν without sleeves was called ἑτάμις.

χείριος, α, ον, (χείρ) in the hands, in the power of, subject, captive.

χείρις, ἰδος, ἡ, (χείρ) a covering for the band, a glove: also a covering for the arm, a sleeve.

χειρῶτος, ἡ, ον, irreg. Sup. of χεῖρων, worst, Lat. pessimus: of χειρῶτοι men of lowest degree.

χειρ-βολέω, f. ἦσω, (χείρ, βαλεῖν) to throw with the band.

χειρ-γράφος, ον, (χειρ, γράφω) written with the band, in bandwriting:—as Subst., χειρόγραφον, τό, a bandwriting, written decree.

χειρ-δύκτος, ον, (χείρ, δύττω) slain by the band.

χειρ-δύκτος, ον, (δύκνυμι) pointed out by the band, Lat. digito monstratus: manifest, confessed.

χειρ-δίκη, ον, ὁ, (χείρ, δίκη) one who asserts his right by force of hands, who uses the right of might. [X]

χειρ-δράκων, οντος, ὁ, (χείρ, δράκων) with serpent hands or arms. [X]

χειρ-ήθης, ἐς, (χείρ, ἥθος) accustomed to the band, manageable, esp. of animals, tame, Lat. mansuetus: used or habituated to a thing: submissive, obedient.

χειρ-μακτρον, τό, (χείρ, μάσσω) a cloth for wiping the bands, a towel, napkin, Lat. manilla: the Scythians used scalp as χειρόμακτρα.

χειρομάχῳ, f. ἦσω, to fight with the bands. From χειρ-μάχος, ον, (χείρ, μάχομαι) fighting with the band.

χειρο-μύλη, ἡ, (χείρ, μύλη) a hand-mill. [U]

χειρονομία, f. ἦσω, (χειρονομία) to move the hands to a certain time or order; σκέλεσι χειρονομεῖν to gesticulate with one's legs as though with one's arms. Hence

χειρονομία, ἡ, measured motion of the hands, gesticulation.

χειρο-νόμος, ον, (νέμω) moving the hands regularly, gesticulating: as Subst., χειρονόμος, ὁ, Lat. pantomimus, a pantomimic performer.

χειρόνως, Adv. of χεῖρων, worse.

χειρ-πληθής, ἐς, (χείρ, πῖμπλημι) filling the band, as large as can be held in the band.

χειρ-ποιέομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to make or do by band. Hence

χειροποίητος, ον, made by hand, artificial: made on purpose.

χειρ-σοφός, ον, (χείρ, σοφός) skilled with the bands: hence = χειρονόμος.

χειρ-τένων, οντος, ὁ, ἡ, (χείρ, τένω) with outstretched arms, of the crab.

χειρότερος, α, ον, poet. for χεῖρων, worse.

χειρ-τέχνης, ον, ὁ, (χείρ, τέχνη) a handicraftsman, artisan, mechanic; χειροτέχνης ἰατροῦς a chirurgian, surgeon. Hence

χειροτεχνία, ἡ, handicraft, art.

χειροτεχνικός, ἡ, ὅν, (χειροτέχνης) of or for handicraft or a handicraftsman, skilful, mechanical. Adv. -κῶς.

χειροτονέω, f. ἦσω, (χειροτόνος) to stretch out the band, esp. to give one's vote in the Athenian ἐκκλησία.

II. c. acc. to vote for, elect:—Pass. to be chosen by vote, opp. to λαγχάνειν κλήρου to be chosen by lot: c. acc. rei, to vote for a thing. 2. to choose, appoint, ordain. Hence

χειροτονητέον, verb. Adj. one must vote.

χειροτονητός, ἡ, ὅν, verb. Adj. of χειροτονέω, elected by show of bands; ἀρχὴ χειροτονητῆ an elective magistracy.

χειροτονία, ἡ, (χειροτονέω) a stretching out of bands, at Athens, a voting or electing by show of bands; χειροτονία τοῦ δήμου election by the people. II. a vote, I. a suffragium: also collectively, the votes.

χειροτόνος, *ον*, (χείρ, τείνω) *stretching out the bands; of prayers, offered with outstretched hands.*

χειροτύπης, *ἐς*, (χείρ, τυπεῖν) *striking with the bands.*

χειρουργέω, *ἰ. ἡσω*, (χειρουργος) *to do with the bands, execute; to commit acts of violence.* Hence

χειρουργία, *ἡ*, *a working by hand, practice of a handicraft or art.* II. *a trade, business.*

χειροουργός, *ος*, (χείρ, *έργω) *working or doing by hand, practising a handicraft or art.* 2. as Subst.,

χειρουργός, *ὁ*, *a chiburgeon, surgeon.*

χειρώω, *ἰ. ὠσω*: Med., *ἰ. χειρώσομαι*: aor. *ἰ. ἐχειρώσαμην*: Pass., fut. *χειρωθήσομαι*: aor. *ἰ. ἐχειρώθην*: pf. *κεχείρωμαι*: (χείρ):—*to take in hand, bandle: to get into one's hands, to master, subdue, take possession: to take prisoner*:—Pass. *χειροῦμαι*, *to be mastered, subdued, led captive, taken prisoner.* Hence

χείρωμα, *ατος*, τό, *that which is done by hand; τυμβοχόα χειρώματα offerings to the dead poured by one's own hand.* II. *that which is brought into one's hands or under one's power, a conquest.* 2. *a deed of violence.*

χείρων, *ὁ, ἡ*, neut. *ον*; gen. *ονος*: plur., nom. and acc., *χείρονες*, *χείρονας* contr. *χείρους*, neut. *χείρονα* contr. *χείρω*; dat. *χείροσι* poet. *χείρονεσσι*: Ep. *χερῶων*, *ον*: Dor. *χερήων*: poet. also *χερότερος*, *χερειότερος*: irreg. Comp. of *κακός* (formed from **χέρης*):—*worse, meaner, inferior*: the comparative force sometimes almost disappears, esp. with a negat., as, *οὐ τι χέρειον ἐν ὥρῃ δειπνον ἐλέσθαι*, 'tis not ill to take one's meal in season; so, *οὐ χείρων [ἔστι]* it is well: of persons, *ὁ χείρωνος* *of lower degree*; of *χείρονες* *men of lower degree*:—*ἐπὶ τὸ χείρων τρέπεσθαι* *to fall off.* II. *χείρων*, as Adv., *worse*.—See *χείριστος*.

Χείρων, *ανος*, *ὁ*, *Cheiron*, one of the Centaurs, teacher of Aesculapius, Achilles, Jason, etc.; famous for his skill in surgery (whence his name, cf. *χειρουργός*).

χειρῶναξ, *ακος*, *ὁ*, (χείρ, ἄναξ) *one who is master of his band, a handicraftsman, artisan, mechanic, like ὠπάης ἄναξ*: also as Adj., *πᾶς ὁ χειρῶναξ* *all the mechanic sort.* Hence

χειρῶναξία Ion. —*ἡ*, *skill in workmanship, handicraft, trade.*

Χειρώνις, *ἰδος*, fem. Adj. of *Cheiron*: as Subst. (sub. βίβλος) *a book on surgery.*

χειρωτός, *ἡ, ὅν*, verb. Adj. of *χειρώω*, *subdued: to be subdued.*

χείσομαι, fut. of *χανδάνω*.

χέω, Ep. for *χάω*, *to pour.*

χελιδοί, irreg. voc. of *χελιδών*, as if *ἦ*

χελιδονίζω, *ἰ. ἰσῶ* Att. *ἰῶ*, (χελιδών) *to twitter like a swallow: to speak unintelligibly, to speak a foreign language.*

χελιδόνιον, τό, (χελιδών) *swallow-wort, celandine*, of which there were two kinds, *χελιδόνιον κνῶνεον* (or *γλανκόν*) and *χλωρόν*. Properly neut. of

χελιδόνης, *α, ον*, (χελιδών) *of the swallow, like the*

swallow: coloured like the swallow's throat, ruses brown.

χελιδόνισμα, *ατος*, τό, (χελιδονίζω) *the swallow-song*, an old popular song at the return of the swallows.

χελιδών, *όνος, ἡ*: irreg. vocat. *χελιδοί* (as if from *χελιδῶ*):—*the swallow*, Lat. *hirundo*. The twittering of the swallow was a proverbial expression for foreign or barbarous speech; for *χελιδόνων μουσειᾶ*, *see μουσειών*: proverb., *μία χελιδὼν ἔαρ οὐ ποιεῖ* *one swallow does not make a summer.* II. *the frog in the hollow of a horse's foot.*

χελύνῃ [ῶ], *ἡ*, (χεῖλος) *the lip*; *χελύνῃν ἐσθίειν ἐπ' ὀργῆς* *to bite the lip from passion.* II. *Aeol. for χελώνη.*

ΧΕ'ΛΤ'Σ, *ὅος, ἡ*, *a tortoise*, Lat. *testudo*: Mercury made the first lyre by stretching strings on its shell: hence 2. *the shell or lyre itself*, Lat. *testudo*. II. *the arched breast, the chest.*

χελώνη, *ἡ*, (χέλυσ) *a tortoise*: proverb., *ὡς χελῶναι μακάρια τοῦ δέρματος* *oh tortoises, happy in your thick hides!* 2. *the shell of the tortoise.* II. *the lyre*: see *χέλυσ*.

III. as a military term, *a pent-house formed of shields overlapping each other as in a tortoise's back*, the Roman *testudo*, used by storming parties in approaching a city's walls: hence *a shed or moveable roof for protecting besiegers.*

χένας, poet. for *χῆνας*, acc. pl. of *χῆν*.

χένιον, τό, *a kind of quail.*

χερᾶγρα, *ἡ*, = *χειράγρα*.

ΧΕ'ΡΑ'ΔΟΣ, τό, *the gravel and silt brought down by rivers, siltstone.*

ΧΕΡΑ'Σ, *αδος, ἡ*, doubtful form of *χέρασος*.

χέρεια, see *χέρης*.

χερειότερος, *α, ον*, Ep. Comp. for *χερῶων*.

χερῶων, *ὁ, ἡ*, neut. *χέρειον*, poet. for *χείρων*, *worse*.

χέρεσσι, poet. for *χερσί*, dat. pl. of *χείρ*.

ΧΕΡΗΣ, an obsol. Adj. from which the irreg. Comparatives *χείρων* and *χερῶων* are formed, used in dat. *χέρῃ*; acc. *χέρηα*; nom. pl. *χέρηες*; acc. neut. *χέρηα* or *χέρεια*:—*χέρης* itself has a comparative sense, *weaker, worse, inferior*.

χερῶων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, Dor. for *χερῶων*.

χερτί-άρης, *ον, ὁ*, (χείρ, ἀρᾶρῆν) *fitting with the band*. *χερτί-φύρης, ἐς* gen. *έος*, (χείρ, φύρω) *mixed or kneaded by band.*

χερμάδιον, τό, = *χερμάς*, properly neut. of *χερμαδῖος*. *χερμάδιος, ον*, *of the size of a large stone, fit for throwing.* [α] From

χερμάς, *αδος, ἡ*, *a stone or large pebble, for throwing or slinging, a sling-stone.* (Deriv. doubtful: either from *χέρασος*; or from *χείρ*, *a stone that can be grasped in the hand.*)

χερμαστήρ, *ῥρος, ὁ*, (χερμας) *a slinger*: as masc. Adj., *χερμαστήρ βινύς* *the leather of a sling.*

χέρντης, *ητος, ὁ*, (χείρ) *one who lives by the work of his hands, a day-labourer*: *a poor needy man.* as Adj., *poor, needy*

χερνήτης, *ον, ὁ*, = *χέρντης*.

χερνήτης, ἰδδς, fem. of χερνήτης, a workwoman, a woman that works for her daily bread.

χερ-νίβειον and χερ-νίβον, τό, (χείρ, νίβω) a vessel for water to wash the hands, a hand-basin.

χερνίπτομαι, f. ψομαι, Med. to wash one's hands with holy water: to sprinkle or purify with holy water, Lat. *lustrare*. From

χέρ-νυψ, ἴβος, ἦ, (χείρ, νίβω) holy water to wash or sprinkle the hands before a sacrifice.

II. plur. χερνίβες, purifications with holy water; εἰργεσθαι χερνίβω to be excluded from such purifications, as was done with those who were defiled by bloodshed; χερνίβων κοινωνός a partaker in the purifications by lustral water, i. e. an inmate of the same house.

χερνίψαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of χερνίπτομαι.

χερο-μύσῃς, ἐς, (χείρ, μύσος) hand-defiling.

χερό-πληκτος, ον, (χείρ, πλήσσω) stricken by or with the hand.

χερός, Ion. and poet. gen. of χεῖρ.

χερρό-νησος, ἦ, Att. for χερσώνησος. For all words formed from it, see under χερσ—

χέρπος, Att. for χέρσος.

χερσαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (χέρσος) from or of dry land, living or found on dry land; ὄρνιθες χερσαῖοι land-fowl, opp. to λιμναῖοι sea-fowl: also of landmen as opp. to seamen; metaph., χερσαῖον κύμα στρατοῦ the land wave of an army

χερσεύω, f. σαι, (χέρσος) to lie waste or barren.

χερσόθεν, Adv. (χέρσος) from dry land: from the earth or ground.

χερσόθι, Adv. (χέρσος) on dry land.

χερσονδε, Adv. (χέρσος) to or on dry land.

χερσονησίτης Att. χερρον-, ον, δ, (Χερσώνησος) a dweller in the Chersonese.

χερσονησο-εὐδής Att. χερρον-, ἐς, (χερσώνησος, εὐός) like a peninsula, peninsular.

χερσό-νησος Att. χερρόν-, ἦ, (χέρσος, νῆσος) a land-island, i. e. a peninsula: the long slip of Thrace that runs along the Hellespont was specially called The Chersonese or Peninsula: the Crimea was also called the Tauric Chersonese.

χερσονησ-ώδης Att. χερρον-, ἐς, contr. for χερσονησοειδής.

ΧΕΡΣΟΣ Att. χέρπος, ἦ, dry land, land, as opp. to water, esp. as opp. to the sea; χέρσον ἵκεσθαι to reach the land.

II. as Adj., χέρσος, ον, dry, firm, of land; χέρσος Εὐρώπη the mainland of Europe.

2. dry, barren, waste, bartered: χέρσα waste places.

3. c. gen. barren or destitute of.

χερῦδριον, τό, Dim. of χεῖρ, a little hand or arm.

χερσεύω, Desiderat. of χέω, to want to ease oneself.

χεύαι, χεῖαν, χεῖε, Ep. inf., 3 plur., and 3 sing. aor. I of χέω.

χεύμα, ἀπος, τό, (χέω) that which is poured: a stream.

II. that into which water is poured, a basin, bowl.

χεύομεν, Ep. for χέωμεν, I pl. aor. I subj. of χέω.

χεύω, Ep. fut. and aor. I subj. of χέω.

ΧΕΩ, fut. χεῶ Ep. χέω: aor. I ἔχεα Ep. ἔχεα or χεῖα; imperat. χέων Ep. χέον; subj. χέω ἴρ. χέω, Ep. I pl. χέομεν; inf. χεῖαι Ep. χεῖαι, part. χέας Ep. χέας: Ep. aor. I med. ἐχενάμην; Pass., f. χυθίσσμαι: aor. I ἐχούθην [ῥ]: pf. κεχύμαι [ῥ]: 3 sing.

Ep. plqpf. ἐκέχυτο: also Ep. aor. I ἐχύμην [ῥ], used in 3 sing. ἐχύτο, χύτο, 3 pl. ἐχυντο, χύντο, part. χύμενος:—to pour: of liquids, to pour out, shed, spill:—Pass. to be poured forth, flow, stream, gush forth.

2. to become liquid, melt, dissolve: so of the ground after rain, to be softened, relaxed:—Med. to pour for oneself, esp. of drink-offerings to the dead: c. acc. cognato, χοῖν χεῖσθαι νεκρούσι to pour forth a libation to the dead.

II. of solids, to pour or shoot out, shed, scatter: also, like χέω, to throw up earth, so as to form a mound; τύμβον χεῖν to raise a mound.

2. χεῖν δοῦρα to pour or shower spears.

3. to let fall or drop:—Pass. to be thrown or heaped up together: of men, to pour or stream in a dense mass.

III. metaph. of sounds, to pour, let stream or flow.

2. ἀχλὺν κατ' ὀφθαλμῶν χεῖν to shed darkness over the eyes; so, χεῖν ἡέρα to shed a mist abroad:—Pass. to be spread or flung around; ἀμφὶ δὲ οὐ θάνατος χύτο death was shed or spread around him; πάλιν χύτο ἀπὸ τῆς τοῦ θανάτου ἀπὸ τῆς θάνατος χύτο death was shed or spread around him; in pf. pass. part., κεχυμένος εἰς τι given up to a thing.

χηλ-αργός Dor. χἄλ-, ον, (χηλή, ἀργός) with fleet hoofs; χηλαργοὶ ἄμυλλαι the racing of fleet horses.

χηλευτός, ἦ, ὄν, verb. Adj. netted, plaited. From χηλεύω, f. σαι, (χηλή) to net, plait.

ΧΗΛΗ, ἦ, a horse's hoof: also a claven hoof, as of an ox: pl. χηλαὶ also of bird's talons, of a wolf's claws, of a crab's claws.

II. a sea-bank, sea-wall or breakwater, Lat. moles, so called from its stretching out like a claw: also a projecting ridge of rocks forming a natural mole.

χηλίνος, ἦ, ὄν, = χηλευτός.

ΧΗΛΟΣ, οὐ, δ, a large chest, coffer or strong box.

ΧΗΝ, ὁ and ἦ; gen. χηνός: irreg. acc. plur. χέας: Dor. χάν: (χαῖνω, κέχνηα):—a gander, goose, named from its wide bill, Lat. anser.

χην-ἀλώπηξ, ἕκος, ὁ, (χην, ἀλώπηξ) the fox-goose, an Egyptian species, living in holes, like our sheldrake,

χηνεῖος, α, ον, (χην) of or belonging to a goose, like a goose, Lat. anserinus.

χηνεὸς, ἦ, ον, Ion. for χηνεῖος.

χηνίσκος, ὁ, (χην) the end of a ship's stern which turned up like a goose's neck.

χηρα Ion. χήρη, ἦ, see χήρος.

ΧΗΡΑΜΒΗ, ἦ, a kind of muscle.

χηρᾶμο-δύτης, ον, δ, (χηρᾶμός, δύνω) one who creeps into holes. [ῥ metri grat.]

ΧΗΡΑΜΟΣ, ὁ, a hole, cleft, gap, hollow.

χήρατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of χήραο.

χήρα, ἦ, (χηρεῖω) widowhood, widowed estate.

χήρσιος, α, ον, (χήρος) widowed.

χηρεύω, f. σω, (χήρος) intr. to be bereaved, be destitute: c. gen., νῆσος ἀνδρῶν χηρεύει the island is destitute of men: to be bereaved of a husband or wife, to be widowed, be a widower or widow: hence to live in solitude. II. transit, to keep in widowhood, keep aloof or apart.

χηρήνιος, ἡ, ον, Ion. for χήρειος.
χήρος, α, ον, bereaved, bereft of, c. gen.: absol. bereft of a husband or wife, widowed. II. as Subst., χήρα Ion. χήρη, ἡ, a widow, Lat. vidua. Hence **χηρῶ**, ἱ. ὥσω: aor. ἱ ἐχέρωσα Ep. χήρωσα, pass. χηρῶσθην:—to bereave, make desolate or desert.

2. c. gen. to bereave of.: Ἄργος ἀνδρῶν ἐχηρῶθη was left destitute of men: to bereave of a husband or wife, to make widowed. II. intr., like χηρεύω, to be bereaved or destitute of. Hence **χηρωστής**, οὐ, ὁ, a collateral relation, heir-at-law.

χήσειτε, Dor. crasis for καὶ ἥσειτε, fut. of ἔημι.
χῆστις, ἰος Att. eos, ἡ, = χῆτος.

χῆτος, eos, τὴ, (χατέω) want, need, destitution; mostly in dat., χῆτει τοιοῦτ' ἀνδρός from want or loss of such a man; χῆτι (Ion. dat. of χῆτις) συμμάχων from need of allies. Hence

χητοσύνη, ἡ, want, need, destitution.
χῆφθαι, Dor. for καὶ ἥφθῃ, 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ἄπτω.
χθαῖαλός, ἡ, ὄν, (χαμαί) near the ground, on the ground, low, sunken, flat.

ΧΘΕΣ, Adv., lengthd. ἐχθές, yesterday; πρῶν τε καὶ χθές or χθὲς καὶ πρῶν yesterday and the day before, i. e. the other day. Hence

χθεσινός, ἡ, ὄν, = χθίζος, of yesterday; τὸ σκύροδον πρὸ χθεσινόν yesterday's onion.

χθιζά, Adv.: see χθίζος.
χθιζίνος, ἡ, ὄν, = χθεσινός.

χθιζός, ἡ, ὄν, (χθίς) = χθεσινός, of yesterday. ὁ χθιζὸς πόντος yesterday's labour: mostly used with Verbs, as, χθιζὸς ἔβη he went yesterday: the neut. χθιζόν and χθιζά are used as Adv., = χθίς, of yesterday; χθιζά τε καὶ πρῶν yesterday and the day before, lately, like χθὲς καὶ πρῶν.

χθόνιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (χθών) in or under the earth: esp. of the gods below; θεοὶ χθόνιοι the gods of the nether world, Lat. Inferi; χθόνιος Ἑρμῆς Hermes conducting below the earth. II. of or from the earth.

χθονο-στιβής, ἐς, (χθών, στιβεῖν) treading the earth, on or of the earth.

χθονο-τρέφης, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (χθών, τρέφω) nourished by or growing on earth.

ΧΘΩ'Ν, ἡ, gen. χθωνός, the earth, ground; χθόνα δύναι to go beneath the earth, i. e. to die; ὑπὸ χθονὸς κεκευθέναι to be hidden under the earth, i. e. to be buried. 2. of ὑπὸ χθονός those beneath the earth, i. e. those in the shades below, Lat. inferi. II. Earth, personified as a goddess. III. a particular land or country.

ΧΙΔΡΟΝ, τό, pl. χιδρα, τά, a ditb of unripe wheaten groats roasted:—as ἀλφίτα is a dish of barley groats.

χιλιάκις, Adv., (χίλιοι) a thousand times. [α]
χίλι-ανδρος, ον, (χίλιοι, ἀνὴρ) containing a thousand men.

χίλι-άρχης or **χίλι-αρχος**, ον, ὁ, (χίλιοι, ἄρχω) the commander of a thousand men. II. used to translate the Roman tribunus militum, a legionary tribune. Hence

χιλιάρχια, ἡ, the office or post of χιλιάρχος, command of 1000 men.

χιλιάς, ἀδος, ἡ, (χίλιοι) the number one thousand, a thousand.

χίλι-έτης, ον, ὁ, or **χίλι-ετής**, ἐος, ὁ, ἡ, (χίλιοι, ἔτος) lasting a thousand years.

ΧΙΛΙΟΙ, αι, α, a thousand, Lat. mille: the sing. is used with collective nouns, as, χίλια ἵππος a thousand horse, like μυρία ἵππος, etc.

χιλιό-ναυς, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (χίλιοι, ναῦς) of or consisting of a thousand ships.

χίλιο-ναύτης, ον, ὁ, Dor. -τάς, (χίλιοι, ναύτης) with or of a thousand sailors: with fem. Subst., χιλιοναύτης ἀρωγῇ the help of a thousand ships.

χίλιό-πάλαι, Adv. (χίλιοι, πάλαι) long ago a thousand times over, very long ago.

χιλιοστός, ἡ, ὄν, (χίλιοι) the thousandth.

ΧΙΛΙΟΣΤΟΣ, ὄς, ἡ, (χίλιοι) the body of a thousand.

ΧΙΛΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, green fodder for cattle, esp. for horses, forage, provender, grass; προίρχεσθαι ἐπὶ χιλόν to go on to forage; χιλὸς ἐπὶ ἡρῶ bay. Hence

χίλω, ἱ. ὥσω, to turn out to graze.

χίμαιρα [ῖ], ἡ, a she-goat, Lat. capra, fem. of χίμαρος. II. as prop. n., **Χίμαιρα**, ἡ, Chimæra, a monster breathing fire, with a lion's head, serpent's tail, and goat's middle, killed by Bellerophon.

χίμαιρο-βάτης [α], ον, ὁ, (χίμαιρα, βαίνω) epith. of Pan, be who mounts goats, or goat-footed.

χίμαιρο-θύτης, ον, ὁ, (χίμαιρα, θύω) one who sacrifices goats.

χίμαιρο-φόνος, ον, (χίμαιρα, *φένω) slaying goats.
χιμάρ-αρχος, ὁ, (χίμαρος, ἀρχω) leading goats; τράγος χιμάραρχος the he-goat that leads the flock.

ΧΙΜΑΡΟΣ [ῖ], ὁ, a he-goat, Lat. caper, = τράγος.
χίμαρο-σφάκτης, ον, ὁ, (χίμαρος, σφάζω) a goat-slayer.

χιμάρως, Dor. for χιμάρους, acc. pl. of χίμαρος.
χιμετλον [ῖ], τὸ, (χείμα) a chilblain, kibe.

Χίο-γενής, ἐς, (Χίος, γενέσθαι) of Chian birth or growth, of wine.

χίον, τό, (χίος) a wine-vessel, holding about 1½ χούς, i. e. about a gallon.

χιόνεος, α, ον, (χιών) of snow, snow.

χιονίζω, ἱ. ἴσω, (χιών) to snow upon, cover with snow: impers., εἰ ἐχιόνιζε τὴν χώραν if snow fell upon the country; absol., ἐχιόνιζε it was snowing.

χιονο-βλέφαρος, ον, (χιών, βλέφαρον) with eye of dazzling white.

χιονό-βλητος, ον, (χιών, βάλλω) beaten or covered with snow.

χιονο-βοσκός, *ον*, (χιών, βόσκειν) *fostering snow, snow-clad.*

χιονο-θρέμμων, *ον*, *gen. ονος*, (χιών, θρέμμα) *feeding snow, snow-clad.*

χιονό-κτύπος, *ον*, (χιών, κτυπέω) *snow-beaten.*

χιονο-τρέφω, *ον*, (χιών, τρέφω) *nursing snow, snow-clad.*

χιονό-χρως, *ατος* and *οος*, *ὁ, ἡ*, (χιών, χρώς) *with snow-white skin: generally, snow-white.*

χιον-ώδης, *ες*, (χιών, εἶδος) *like snow, snow-white.*

Χίος, *ἡ*, Cbios, an island in the Aegean sea, now *Sicò*. Hence

Χίος, *α, ον*, Cbian, of or from Cbios: οἱ Χῖοι *the Cbians.*

II. ὁ χῖος (*sub. βόλος*), an unlucky throw with the dice: the side with the ace-dot was χῖος ἀσπράγαλος, the opp. side with the size-dot was called Κῶος, *Lat. unio*; *cp. Κῶος*. The proverb οὐ Χῖος ἀλλὰ Κείος referred to the contrast between the dishonest Chians and the honest Ceians.

ΧΙΤΩΝ, ἄνωος, *ὁ*, in *Ion. Prose* κίθων, *an undergarment, frock, kirtle*, *Lat. tunica*, both of men and women: it was a woollen shirt worn next the body: on going out they threw a wide cloak over it, called φάρος, χλαῖνα, or ἱμάτιον: the χιτῶν sometimes reached to the feet, and was then called χιτῶν ποδήρης: with sleeves it was called χιτῶν χειρῶσός.

II. of soldiers, a coat of mail, cuirass; χιτῶνες λεπίδος σιδηρέης coats of iron scales.

III. in plur. *the pieces of a shoe.*

IV. *metaph. any coat, case or covering; λείωνος χιτῶν a coat or covering of stones, i. e. a tomb; τεχνῶν κίθωνες coats, lines of walls: also in plur. the coats of an onion.*

χιτῶνιον, τό, *Dim. of χιτῶν*, a little tunic, short coat.

χιτωνίσκος, *ὁ*, = χιτῶνιον.

ΧΙΩΝ, ὄνος, *ἡ*, snow; properly fallen snow, opp. to νιφάς or νιφετός, falling snow; χιών τηκομένη melting snow.

II. snow-water

ΧΛΑΪΩ, only found in *pf. κέχλαδα part. κεχλαδώς*, and plur. *κεχλαδόντες* (for *κεχλαδότες*):—to sound, ring, shout: hence *redupl. καχλάω*.

ΧΛΑΙΝΑ *Ion. χλαῖνη, ἡ, ἡ, Lat. laena, a large square upper garment, a cloak, mantle, worn loose over the shoulders, and fastened with a clasp; it served also as a covering in sleep. It was nearly the same as the φάρος and ἱμάτιον.*

χλαινίον, τό, *Dim. of χλαῖνα*, a small cloak.

χλαινώ, *ἑ, ὦσω*, (χλαῖνα) *to clothe or cover with a cloak: generally, to clothe.* Hence

χλαινώμα, *ατος*, τό, a clothing, covering.

χλαμῖδι-φόρος, *ον*, (χλαμῖς, φέρω) *wearing a χλαμῖς or horseman's cloak: as Subst., νλαμυθηφόρος, ὁ, a horseman, cavalier.*

χλαμῖδ-ουργία, *ἡ*, (χλαμῖς, *ἐργω) *the making of cloaks, the art or trade of a cloak-maker.*

χλαμῖς, ὕδος [ῥ], *ἡ*, a short cloak or mantle, worn by horsemen: generally, a military cloak, the general's cloak, *Lat. paludamentum*. It was fastened by

a brooch on the right shoulder so as to hang over the left. (*Akin to χλαῖνα*.)

χλαῖνιδιον, τό, *Dim. of χλαῖνις*, a small cloak or coverlet. [ῥ]

χλαῖνδο-ποιία, *ἡ*, (χλαῖνις, ποιέω) *the art or trade of cloak-making.*

χλαῖνις, ἴδος, *ἡ*, (χλαῖνα) *an upper garment of wool like the χλαῖνα*, but of finer make: worn by women as well as men: hence χλανίδα φορεῖν, to wear the χλαῖνις, was a mark of effeminacy.

χλαῖνισκίδιον [κί], or χλαῖνισκιον, τό, and χλαῖνισκος, ὁ, *Dim. of χλαῖνις*, a small cloak.

χλευάζω, *ἑ, ἄσω*, (χλεύη) *to joke, jest, scoff.* Hence

trans. *to mock, scoff at, jeer, treat scornfully.* Hence χλευασία, *ἡ*, and χλευασμός, ὁ, *mockery, scoffing.*

ΧΛΕΪΤΗ, *ἡ*, a joke, jest; χλεύην ποιεῖν or ποιεῖσθαι τινα *to make one a jest.*

ΧΛΗΔΟΣ, ὁ, slime, mud: the dirt and rubbish carried down by a flood; also rubbish swept out of a house, *Lat. quisquiliae.*

χλαῖνω, *ἑ, ἄνω*; *aor. ἑ χλήνω*: (χλίω):—to mail warm:—Pass. *to warm oneself: to grow warm.*

to soften by warmth, melt.

χλιάρως, ἄ, *ὄν Ion. χλιερός, ἡ, ὄν*, (χλίω) *warm, lukewarm, Lat. tepidus.*

χλιδαῖνω, (χλιδή) *to make soft or delicate:—Pass. to be luxurious or delicate, revel in luxury.*

χλιδῶνός, *ἡ, ὄν*, (χλιδάω) *delicate, voluptuous, luxurious.*

χλιδῶς, *ἡ, ὄν*, (χλιδή) *to be soft or delicate: a bad sense, to live delicately or luxuriously, to revel, luxuriate; χλιδῶν ἐπὶ τινι to pride oneself upon thing: hence to be insolent or arrogant.*

χλιδή, *ἡ*, (χλίω) *delicacy, luxury, voluptuousness.*

2. wantonness, insolence, arrogance.

any sign or accessory of luxury: in plur. *fine raiment, costly ornaments, Lat. deliciae: also charms, beauty.*

χλιδήμα, *ατος*, τό, (χλιδάω) = χλιδή. [ῥ]

χλιερός, *ἡ, ὄν*, *Ion. for χλιαρός.*

χλιῶς, *ἑ, ὄν*, *for χλιαῶς.*

ΧΛΙΩ, only used in *pres. and impf.*, *to become warm or soft, melt: metaph. to be luxurious, to revel, luxuriate.* [ῥ]

χλόα, see χλόη.

χλο-αυγής, *ἑς*, (χλόη, αὐγή) *with a greenish lustre*

χλοερός, ἄ, *ὄν*, poet. lengthd. for χλωρός.

χλοερό-τρόφος, *ον*, (χλοερός, τρέφω) *producing green herbs, grass-growing.*

χλοερό-ωπς, ἴδος, *ἡ*, (χλοερός, ὤψ) *greenish looking.*

ΧΛΟΗ, *ἡ*, and χλόα, *as*, also *Ion. χλοῖη, ἡ*, *the tender shoot of plants in spring, the blade of young corn or grass: poet. the young verdure of trees, foliage, leaves.*

χλοη-κομέω, *ἑ, ἡσω*, (χλόη, κόμω) *to be green as a young leaf.*

χλο-ήρης, *ες*, (χλόη, ἀρᾶρεῖν) = χλοερός, χλωρός.

χλοη-τόκος, *ον*, (χλόη, τεκεῖν) *producing young, shoots.*

χλοφ-φόρος, *ov*, (χλόη, φέρω) *putting out young shoots, bearing grass or leaves.*

χλοιάω, (χλοή) *Ion.* for χλοάω.

χλοή, *η*, *Ion.* for χλόη.

χλοήνης, *ov*, *η*, *Epic* epith. of the wild boar, taken to mean *feeding or living alone*: later as *Subst.* = κάπρος, *the wild boar itself.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

χλοῦνις, *η*, a doubtful word in Aesch. *Eum.* 189, commonly derived from χλόη, and taken to mean *green age, i. e. youth, freshness.*

χλωρ-αύχην, *ενος, ο, η*, (χλωρός, αύχήν) *with pale green or olive neck, of the nightingale*: see χλωρηίς.

χλωρηίς, *ιδος*, *poët. fem.* of χλωρός, for χλωρά, *pale green, olive-green, epith. of the nightingale.*

χλωρό-κομος, *ov*, (χλωρός, κόμη) *green-leaved.*

χλωρός *poët.* χλοερός, *ά, ον*, (χλόη) *pale green, light-green, bright green, green, of the colour of young grass*: also of the colour of honey and sand, *yellow.* II. generally, *pale, pallid.* III.

without regard to colour, *green, fresh*, as opp. to dry; τυρός χλωρός *fresh cheese*: *metaph. fresh, blooming, youthful*: *tender, delicate.*

χναύω, = κνάω, *to scrape, to gnaw, gnaw off, nibble.*

χνοάω, *f. άσω*, (χνός) *properly of youths, to get the first down on their chin*: also of the first growth of gray hair, χνοάων άρτι λευκανθές κάρα *having his head just sprinkled with white.*

χνοάω, = χνοάω.

ΧΝΟΉ *Ion.* χνοή, *η*, *the iron box of a wheel in which the axle turns, the nave, also the axle itself.* 2. *metaph., χνάαι ποδών the joints on which the feet are set.*

χνόιος, *α, ον*, (χνός) *downy.*

ΧΝΟΪΟΣ *Att. contr.* χνούς, *gen.* χνού, *δ*, *any light, porous substance, the foam of the sea*: *the fine down or bloom on the peach*: *the first down on the chin*, like άχνή.

χδά, *acc.* of χόος, χούς.

χοάνεύω *contr.* χωνεύω, *to cast metal.* From

χοάνη *contr.* χώνη, *η*, *a funnel.* II. = χά-
νος. [ά]

χάσνος, *δ*, (χέω) *the hollow in which metal was placed for melting, a melting-pot*: also *the mould for casting metal in.*

χός, *ol, nom. pl.* of χόος, χούς.

χοή, *η*, (χέω) *a pouring, esp. a drink-offering, Lat. libatio, made to the dead (λοιβή or σπονδή being that made to the gods); mixed of honey, wine and water.*

χο-ήρης, *es, gen. eos*, (χοή, άρπάειν) *furnished with drink-offerings to the dead*; άργος χοήρης *a vessel filled with them.*

χοη-φόρος, *ον*, (χοή, φέρω) *bearing drink-offerings.*

χοϊκός, *η, ον*, (χοῦς) *of rubbish, of earth or clay.*

χοινύκις, *ιδος, η*, (χοίνιξ) *an iron ring.*

χοινέ, *ικος, η*, *a choenix, a dry measure, containing three ποτύλα (about 1½ pint Engl.) or four κοτύλα (about a quart)*: *the choenix of corn was a slave's*

daily allowance; *ὅς κεν ἐμῇ γε χοίνικος ἄπτηται* *whoever tastes of my rations.* II. *from the shape, the box or nave of a wheel.* 2. *a kind of shackle or stocks for fastening the legs in.*

χοιράς, *άδος, η*, (χοῖρος) *a Ion. rock rising above the sea, like a hog's back, Virgil's dorsum immane mari summo*; χοιράς άμυδρά *a sunken rock*; χοιράς Δηλία *the Delian rock, i. e. the rocky isle of Delos.* II.

χοιράδες, *αι*, *glandular swellings.*

χοίρειος, *α, ον*, (χοῖρος) *of a swine or hog.*

χοίρεος, *α, ον*, *poët.* for χοίρειος: χοίρεα (*sub. κρέ-
ατα*), *τά*, *hog's-flesh.*

χοιρίδιον, *τό*, *Dim.* of χοῖρος, *a little pig.* [π]

ΧΟΙΡΙΨΗ, *η*, *a small sea-muscle, used by the Athenian dicasts in voting.* [ε]

χοιρίον, *τό*, *Dim.* of χοῖρος, *a little pig, porker.*

χοιρίσκος, *δ*, *Dim.* of χοῖρος, = χοιρίον.

χοιρο-κομείον, *τό*, (χοῖρος, κομείω) *a fence for keeping swine in, a pig-sty.*

χοιρο-κτένος, *ον*, (χοῖρος, κτείνω) *slaying swine.* II.

χοιρόκτονος, *pass.* of or belonging to a slain swine; αίμα χοιρόκτονον *blood of a slain swine.*

χοιρο-πώλης, *ου, δ*, *Dor.* -πώλας: (χοῖρος, πώ-
λειω) = *a dealer in swine.*

ΧΟΙΡΟΣ, *δ*, *a young pig, porker, Lat. porcus*: *generally, a pig.*

χολάς, *άδος, η*, (χολή) *in plur.* χολάδες, *the bowels, intestines.*

χολάω, (χολή) *like μελαγχολάω, to be full of bile, to be melancholy mad.* II. = χολόμαι, *to be angry, rage.*

ΧΟΛΗ, *η*, = χόλος, *gall, bile, Lat. fel, bilis*; χολή μέλαινα *black, i. e. diseased bile*: *pl.* χολαί, *the gall-bladder.* II. *metaph.* like *Lat. bilis, anger, wrath, bitterness*: *anything which causes disgust or aversion.*

ΧΟΛΙΞ, *ικος, η*, *mostly in plur.* χολίκες, *like χολάδες, the entrails or bowels of oxen, tripe.*

χόλιος, *α, ον*, also *ος, ον*, (χόλος) *enraged, angry.*

ΧΟΛΟΣ, *δ*, *like χολή, in physical sense, gall, bile, though this sense was mostly confined to χολή.* II.

bitter anger, wrath, Lat. bilis; χόλον σβέσαι, *παύσαι, to smother, get rid of wrath*: *c. gen., χόλος τινός either rage towards another or another's rage towards oneself.* Hence

χολάω, *f. άσσαι, to stir one's gall or bile*: *hence to make angry, embitter.* II. *Med. and Pass., f.*

χολώσμαι, *paullo-post fut.* κεχολώσμαι: *aor. 1 med.* έχολώσάμην, *pass.* έχολώθην: *pf. pass.* κεχόλω-
μαι: *to have one's bile stirred, be angered or embittered*; κεχολωμένος *τινι angry at or with a person.*

χολωθείς, *είσα, έν, aor. 1 pass. part.* of χολάω.

χολώθην, *Ep. aor. 1 pass.* of χολάω.

χολωσέμεν, *Ep. fut. inf.* of χολάω.

χολωτός, *η, όν, verb. Adj.* of χολάω, *angry, wrathful, passionate.*

χόνδρος, *δ*, *a corn, grain, groat, Lat. granum, mica*; άλός χόνδρου *lumps of salt.* 2. *wheat-groats.* 2.

a drink made from groats, a kind of gruel: proverbial of an old man, *χόνδρον λείπειν* to sip gruel.

χόνδρος, ὁ, ὄν, (*χόνδρος*) like groats; *χόνδροι ἄλες* coarse-grained salt, opp. to *λεπτοὶ ἄλες*, fine salt.

χῶος, see *χούς*.

χορ-άγιον, χορ-ᾄγος, Dor. and Att. for χορηγ-.

χορδεύμα, ατος, τό, a sausage or black-pudding.

From

χορδεύω, f. σω, (χορδή) to make into sausages: metaph., *χορδεύειν τὰ πράγματα* to make mincemeat of state affairs.

χορδή, ἡ, a string of gut: the string or chord of a lute. II. a sausage.

χορεία, ἡ, (χορεύω) a dancing: the choral dance.

χορεύμα, ατος, τό, (χορεύω) a choral dance.

χορευτέον, verb. Adj. of χορεύω, one must lead the choral dances, one must dance.

χορευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (χορεύω) a choral dancer; θεοῦ χορευτής the votary of a god.

χορεύω; fut. -εύσω: aor. I ἐχόρευσα: Med., fut. -εύσομαι: aor. I ἐχόρευσάμην: Pass., aor. I ἐχορεύθην: pf. κεχόρευμαι: (χορός):—to join in the dance, to dance: to form a chorus, perform the part of chorus, esp. at a festival in honour of the gods: to be one of a chorus. 2. metaph. to practise for the chorus; hence to practise a thing, be versed in it: c. acc. cognato, χορείας χορεύειν to ply the dance; φορέμιον χορεύσομαι I will begin festivities with a dance: pass., κεχόρευται ἡμῖν our dance has been danced.

II. trans. to celebrate with choral dances. III. Causal, to set dancing, to rouse or call to the dance.

χορηγία, Dor. χορᾶγέω: f. ἦσω: (χορηγός):—to lead a chorus. II. in Att. of the χορηγός, to defray the cost of bringing out a chorus; χορηγεῖν τὰς αὐτοῦ ἡδονὰς to find money for one's own pleasures, to pay the piper:—Pass. to have choregi found or supplied one; χορηγοῦσιν μὲν οἱ πλουσιοὶ, χορηγεῖται δὲ ὁ δῆμος the rich men act as choregi, but the people is supplied with them.

III. generally, to supply: to equip or furnish abundantly with a thing. Hence

χορηγία, ἡ, the office of χορηγός: at Athens, the defraying of the cost of the solemn public choruses, being the chief of the Athenian λειτουργία. II. means and fortunes sufficient for the cost of a chorus: abundance of means, wealth, plenty.

χορηγικός, ἡ, ὄν, (χορηγός) of or for a χορηγός; χορηγικοί ἀγῶνες rivalry in bringing out choruses.

χορηγίον Dor. and Att. χοράγιον, τό, a place of rehearsal for the chorus, the place where a chorus was trained. From

χορ-ηγός Dor. and Att. χορᾶγός, ὁ, (χορός, ἡγέομαι) one who leads the chorus, = κορυφαῖος: generally, the leader of a train or band. 2. at Athens, one who defrays the cost for bringing out a chorus. II. generally, one who supplies the costs for any purpose.

χορ-ιασμός, ὁ, (χόριος, ἱαμβος) in metric, a *choriambus*, i. e. a foot of four syllables, consisting of a *chorius* (or trochee) and *iambus*, as *ἱππομέδων*.

χορικός, ἡ, ὄν, (χορός) of or for a choral dance: τὸ χορικός the choral song.

ΧΟΡΙΟΝ, τό, skin, leather, Lat. *corium*: Doric proverb, χαλεπὸν χορίω κύνα γεῦσαι 'tis bad to let the dog taste leather, Horace's *canis a corio nunquam absterrebitur uncto*.

χόριος, ὁ, (χορός) a metrical foot, = τροχαῖος or trochee, e. g. ἱπποῖς.

χορο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (χορός, διδάσκαλος) one who teaches and trains the chorus, the chorus-master who was commonly the poet himself. 2. = χοραγός or κορυφαῖος, the leader of the chorus, because the older Tragic Poets not only taught, but led their own choruses.

χορο-ήθης, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (χορός, ἥθος) accustomed to the dance.

χοροι-θάλής, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (χορός, θαλεῖν) rejoicing in the dance.

χοροι-μῦνία, ἡ, (χορός, μῦνία) a rage for dancing.

χοροῦ-πία, ἡ, a beating the ground in the dance, dancing: also in plur. From

χοροι-τύπος, οὗ, ὁ, (χορός, τύπειν) beating the ground in the dance: dancing. II. χοροῖντυπος, ον, pass. played in the choral dance.

χορο-μᾶνής, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (χορός, μανῆναι) mad after dancing.

χορόνδε, Adv. (χορός) to the festive dance.

χορο-παίγμων, ον, gen. ονος, and χορο-παίκτης, ον, ὁ, (χορός, παίζω) sporting in the choral dance, dancing merrily.

χορο-ποιός, ὄν, (χορός, ποιεῖν) forming or arranging a chorus: leading the dance.

ΧΟΡΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, properly a dance in a ring, a circling dance: generally, a festive or choral dance, such as were danced on public festivals in honour of the gods. 2. a chorus, choir, i. e. a band of dancers and singers, who performed such dances. 3.

generally, a troop, band, company of persons; also of things, as, χορὸς ἀστρων the company of the stars; χορὸς καλάμων a row of reeds. II. a place for dancing.

The ancient Choral Dance of Greece, which originated among the Dorians, reached its perfection in the χορὸς κυκελικὸς performed at the Athenian Dionysia. This Chorus consisted of fifty persons. Hence arose the Attic Drama, which consisted at first of mere tales in the intervals of the Dance, told by a single Actor. The Chorus was then distinguished into three principal kinds, the χόρος τραγικός consisting of twelve or fifteen persons, the κομικός of twenty-four, and the σατυρικός. When a Poet wished to bring out a piece, the Archon granted him a Chorus (χορόν ἔδωκε) the expenses of which were defrayed by some rich citizen, hence called χορηγός: the Chorus was regularly trained by the Poet himself, who was hence called χοροδιδάσκαλος.

χορτάζω, f. ἄσω, (χόρτος) to feed or fatten in a stall: generally, to feed or fatten with a thing. Hence χορτάσια, ἡ, a feeding at the stall: generally, a feeding, fattening.

χορτάσμα, ατος, τό, (χορτάζω) fodder for cattle: rarely, food or provisions for men.

ΧΟΡΤΟΣ, ὁ, a feeding-place; ἀλλήν ἐν χορτῷ in the feeding-place of the court-yard: plur. feeding-grounds; χορτοὶ λέοντος the haunt of the lion. II. fodder, provender, esp. for cattle, grass, hay, opp. to αἶτος (food for man); but in Poets used for food generally.

χορ-ῶφελήτης, ου, ὁ, (χορός, ὠφέλειω) helping or cheering the chorus.

χοῦν, inf. of χῶω: see χώννυμι.

χοῦσι, 3 pl. of χῶω: see χώννυμι.

χοῦς, ὁ ἡ, gen. χούς; dat. χοῖ; acc. χοῖ: plur. χόες, χοῶν, χοῦσί, χόας: but also, gen. χόως, acc. χόα [ᾱ] (χέω):—a liquid measure, Lat. congius, = 12 κοτύλαι or 6 sextarii, about 3 quarts. 2. οἱ Χόες the feast of Pitchers, the second day of the Athenian Anthesteria, on the twelfth day of the month Anthesterion. χόος, ὁ, gen. χοῦ, acc. χοῦν, (χέω) a bank, mound, heap of earth, earth thrown up so as to form a mound. χῶω, see χώννυμι.

χραῖνω, f. χρᾶνῶ: aor. 1 ἐχρᾶνα:—χράω, to touch slightly, Lat. stringo: hence to smear, paint. 2. metaph. to stain, soil, defile, pollute.

χραισμέω, (χράσμαι) a Verb hardly used in pres., whence the following Ep. forms, fut. χραισμήσω, inf. χραισμησέμεν: aor. 1 χραίμησα: aor. 2 χραίμον, 3 sing. subj. χραίμω and -ποι, inf. χραισμεῖν:—like δύνω, to ward off something from one, Lat. defendo; ἐλεθρὸν τινι χραισμεῖν or χραισμήσαι to ward off destruction from one. 2. c. dat. pers. only, to defend any one, help, aid, succour with a neut. Adj., χραισμεῖν τι to assist or avail at all. Hence

χραισμήμων, τό, a means of help, remedy.

χραισμησέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of χραισμέω.

χραισμησῇ, Epi 3 sing. aor. 2 of χραισμέω.

χράσμαι, see χράω c.

ΧΡΑΨ (A), Aëol. χράψω, f. σω, to touch lightly, wound slightly, Lat. radere, stringere.

ΧΡΑΨ (B), only used in impf. to fall upon, attack, annoy; Πυργίος οἱ ἔχραε δαίμων a hateful god vexed him. II. to be eager to do a thing; 2 sing. χρῆς, χρήθα = χρήσις.

ΧΡΑΨ (C), Ion. χρέω Ep. χρεῖω: fut. χρησώ: aor. 1 ἔχρησα: Med., fut. χρήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐχρησάμην: Pass., paullo-p. fut. κεχρήσομαι, aor. 1 ἐχρήσθη: pf. κεχρησάμαι and κέχρημαι.—χράω contracts ae into η, as χρῆς, χρῆ, inf. χρῆν, etc., but Ion. into α, as χρᾶς, χρᾶ, inf. χρᾶν, etc.: there are also some Ion. forms of Med., χρέομαι, χρέεσθαι, χρεόμενος, ἐχρέοντο. Radic. sense, to give what is needful: I. Act., of the gods and their oracles, to give the needful answer, to proclaim, declare, pronounce; χρησώ βουλὴν Διὶς ἀνθρώποιον I

will proclaim the counsel of Jove to mankind. 2.

Pass. of the response, to be uttered, delivered; τὸ χρησθέν the divine response. 3. Med. of the votaries, to consult a god or oracle; also in pf. pass. part., κεκρημένος one who has consulted or has received an answer from a god or oracle; χρήσθαι περὶ τινος to consult an oracle about a thing: more commonly c.

dat. to inquire of or consult a god or oracle; ψυχῇ χρησόμενος Θεβαίων Τειρεσίαο to consult the shade of the Theban Tiresias: hence, χρήσθαι μαντικῇ, χρηστηρικῇ, Lat. uti oraculo, whence comes the common sense of χράσμαι to use; see below: II. in aor. 1 ἔχρησα, pf. κέχρηκα, with the pres. κίχρημι, this word has a different sense, to supply, hence to lend: in Med. κίχραμαι, aor. 2 ἐχρησάμην, to have furnished one, hence to borrow; πόδας χρήσας, ὅματα χρησάμενος having lent feet and borrowed eyes.

III. the Med. χράσμαι Ion. χρέομαι, is also used as a Dep., with pf. pass. κέχρημαι in same sense, (see above χράω 3), to use, Lat. uti, c. dat. 2. metaph. in various relations, to be possessed of, shew, express a feeling or state of mind, to experience anything; φρεσὶ γὰρ κέχρητ' ἀγαθῶν for he was endowed with a kind disposition; ὀργῇ or θυμῷ χρήσθαι to indulge one's anger; συντυχίᾳ, εὐτυχίᾳ χρήσθαι, Lat. uti fortuna mala, prospera, to be ill or well off; ὁμοφρογίᾳ χρήσθαι to come to an agreement: ἀνὴρ καὶ πράξει χρήσθαι to buy and sell: often periphr. with a Subst. for the simple Verb; as, μόρῳ χρήσθαι to meet one's death, i. e. to die: also to practise, pursue a trade, etc.; χρήσθαι τέχνῃ to follow a trade; χρήσθαι ἀνομίᾳ to practise lawlessness. 3.

χρήσθαι τινι εἰς τι to use a thing for an end or purpose: also with a neut. Adj. as Adv., τί χρήσομαι τούτῳ; what use shall I make of him? χρήσθαι τινι ὅτι βούλεται τις to make what use one likes of him; ἀπορῶν ὅ τι χρήσεται not knowing what to make of it. 4. of persons, to have intercourse or dealings with any one, have to do with him, treat, behave, conduct oneself to; χρήσθαι τινι ὡς φίλῳ, ὡς πολέμῳ to treat one as a friend or enemy:—also, χρήσθαι τινι, like Lat. uti aliquo or uti aliquo familiariter, to be intimate with a man, to make use of his good offices; παρέχειν ἑαυτὸν τινι χρήσθαι to place oneself at the disposal of another: absol., of χρώμενοι friends. 5. absol., or with an Adv., οὕτω χρώνται οἱ Πέρσαι such is the practice of the Persians. 6. c. acc. rei, χρέεσθαι πάντα δι' ἀγγέλων to manage, transact everything by messengers. 7. the perf. κέχρημαι with pres. sense, to be in need or want of a thing, c. gen.; τοῦ κεκρημένοι; in want of what? absol. as an Adj. needy, poor; but κεκρημένος occurs in the regular sense of χράσμαι, as συμφορῇ κεκρημένος having experienced a misfortune. 8. the aor. I pass. ἐχρήσθην has a pass. sense, αἱ νῆες οὐκ ἐχρήσθην the ships were not used.

χρέει, Ep. shortened for χρέεα, acc. pl. of χρέεα. χρήεσθαι, Ion. for χρήσθαι, inf. of χράσμαι.

χρεῖα, ἡ, (χράομαι) *use*, Lat. *usus*: *advantage, service*: τὰ οὐδὲν εἰς χρεῖαν things of no *use or service*: in plur. *services*.

2. *using, usance, use*; κτήσις καὶ χρήσις *having and using*. 3. of persons, *acquaintance, intimacy*.

II. like Lat. *opus*, *need, necessity*: ἐν χρεῖᾳ εἶναι or γίνεσθαι *to be in need, want of a thing*.

2. *want, poverty, lack*: c. gen. *want, lack of a thing*. 3. *need of a person's help*, hence a *request on the score of necessity*: generally, a *request*.

4. a *needed matter, business*; ἐν πάσαις ταῖς τοῦ σώματος νοείαις in all *functions of the body*.

χρεῖη, 3 sing. pres. opt. of *χρή*.

χρεῖος, τό, Ep. for *χρέος*.

χρεῖος, ov, (χρή) *useful: needful, fitting*. II. act. *needing, being in want of*, c. gen.: absol. *needy*.

χρεῖω, Ep. for *χρεώ, χράω*, to *deliver an oracle*.

χρεῖω, ὅς contr. οὗς, ἡ, Ep. for *χρεώ*.

χρεμετίζω, f. ἰσώ, to *neigh, snarl*, Lat. *binnire*, of a horse. (Formed from the sound.) Hence

χρεμέτισμα, τό, and χρεμετισμός, ὁ, a *neighing*.

χρέμισαν, shortd. poet. for *ἐχρεμέτισαν*, a pl. aor. I of *χρεμετίζω*.

ΧΡΕΜΙΤΟΜΑΙ, f. -ψομαι, Dep. to *bawk and spit, expectorate*.

χρεῖομαι, Ion. for *χράομαι*: part. *χρεόμενος*.

χρεόν, Ion. for *χρεών*.

χρεῖος, τό, gen. *χρέεος* contr. *χρέους*: Ep. nom. and acc. pl. *χρεῖᾶ Att. χρεῖᾶ*: Ep. nom. sing. *χρεῖος Att. χρεῖος* (*χράομαι, χρή*): I. like *χρεῖα, want, need*.

II. a *needed matter, business, affair*; κατὰ χρεῖος τινὸς ἐλθεῖν to come for *need of a person or thing*; ἐφ' ὃ τινι χρεῖος ἐμίλετε; for what *need* came ye?—also, like *χρήμα, a thing*.

III. a *debt*; χρεῖος ὀφείλεται μοι a *debt* is due to me; χρεῖος ἀποδιδόναι and ἀπολαμβάνειν to pay and recover *debts*; τὴν οὐσίαν ἅπασαν χρεῖα κατέλιπε he left all property in *outstanding debts*.

2. metaph. a *debt, trespass, sin*. 3. a *debt, due, duty*; κατὰ χρεῖος according to *what is due*: hence a *promise due*, ἀρᾶς τίθειν χρεῖος to pay the *debt*, i. e. do the *work*, of a *curse*.

χρεῖω, Ion. for *χράω*, to *deliver an oracle*.

χρεῶ Ep. *χρεῖω*, gen. ὅς contr. οὗς, ἡ: (*χρέος, χρεῖα*):—*want, need, hence desire, longing, urgent wish*, c. gen., *χρεῖω ἐμεῖο want, need of me*; ἐν οὗ χρεῶ πείσματος ἐστίν where there is no *need* of a cable.

2. in phrase, *χρεῖω ἰκάνεται want or necessity arises*, c. acc. pers.; τίνα χρεῖω τύσον ἕκει; to whom doth *necessity* come so much? so also with *γίγνομαι* and *εἰμί*, ἐμὲ δὲ χρεῶ γίγνεται νηὸς *need of a ship* comes upon me; οὐδὲ τινι μιν χρεῶ ἐσται τυμβοχοῆς nor will *need* of a grave come upon him.

3. hence *χρεῶ* is often used without a verb expressed c. acc. pers., τίποτε δὲ σε χρεῶ [sc. ἰκάνει] wherefore does *need* [come to] thee, i. e. why must thou do so? so also c. gen., οὐτε με ταύτης χρεῶ τιμῆς no *need of* this honour [touches] me; an inf. is also used, οὐδὲ

τι μιν χρεῶ ὡς ἐπιβαίνεμεν i. e. *does need* at all [reach] him to *embark on board this ship*. [χρεῶ in Homer is used as a monosyllable, *χρεῶ*.]

χρεῶμενος, Ion. for *χρώνμενος*, part. of *χράομαι*.

χρεῶν, τό, Ion. *χρεόν*, indecl., but seldom used except in nom. and acc.: properly a part. neut. from *χρεῶν* (Ion. for *χράω*), = τὸ χρεῶν γίγνεσθαι, *that which an oracle declares, that which must be, fate, necessity*; χρεῶν or χρεῶν ἐστί it is *fated* or *necessary*, it must be:—absol. *χρεῶν*, *it being necessary*, since it was *necessary*.

2. *that which is expedient or right*: absol. as Adv., οὐ χρεῶν ἀρχετε ye rule not *rightfully*. [υ-, but sometimes poet. *χρεω* as one long syllable.]

χρεώνται, Ion. for *χρώνται*, 3 pi. of *χράομαι*.

χρεῶς, τό, Att. for *χρέος*, a *debt*.

χρεώστης, ου, ὁ, (*χρεῶς*) a *debtor*.

χρε-ῶφειλέτης, ου, ὁ, (*χρεῶς*, ὀφείλω) a *debtor*.

χρή or χρή, ἡ, = *χρεῖα* II, *need, necessity*.

χρή, impers.: subjunct. *χρή*: optat. *χρή*: inf. *χρήναι*, poet. also *χρή*: impf. *ἐχρήν* and *χρήν*: fut. *χρήσει*: (for part., see *χρεῶν*):—it is *fated, necessary*: c. inf. *it must, must needs be*, it is *good, fit, meet*.

2. *'ke dei*, Lat. *oportet, decet*, c. acc. pers. et inf.; *one must needs do a thing, it beoves or befits, it is right and proper* that one should do.—Sometimes the inf. must be supplied from the context, as in the phrase οὐδὲ τί σε χρή, as *τίποτε μάχης ἀποπαύει*; οὐδὲ τί σε χρή *why retestest thou from the battle?* it *beoves* thee not [sc. ἀποπαύεσθαι μάχης].

3. c. acc. pers. et gen. rei, οὐδὲ τί σε χρή ἀποσύνης *thou hast no need of impudence*, i. e. it does not *befit* thee; οὐ σε χρή ἐρ' αἰδοῦς *thou hast no longer need of shame*.

II. in a less strong sense, *one may, one can*; πῶς χρή τοῦτο περᾶσαι; how is *one* to get through this?

III. τό *χρήν* *fate, destiny*.

χρή, shortened for *χρήεις*.

χρήζω, used only in pres. and impf.: Ep. and Ion. *χρήζω*: Dor. *χρήσσω* and *χρήδδω*: (*χρεῖα*):—to *need, want, lack, have need of*: absol. in part. *χρήζων, needy, poor*.

2. to *desire, long for*: to *ask, crave, desire, Lat. solicitare*:—c. gen. rei, to *ask or demand a thing*.

3. *μη' ἐχρήσῃς θανόν*, like *μη' ὠφείλεις*, *thou oughtest not to have died*, oh that thou hadst not...!

4. the part. *χρήζων* is used absol. for *εἰ χρήσει*, *if one will, if one chooses*: hence *εὐχόμενος*, *well-inclined*.

χρήζω, like *χράω* I, to *deliver an oracle, foretell*.

χρηῖα, ἡ, Ion. for *χρεῖα, use, need*.

χρηίζω, Ep. and Ion. for *χρήζω*.

χρηίσκομαι, Ion. collat. form of *χράομαι*, to *use, make use of*.

χρήμα, atos, τό, (*χράομαι*) a *thing that one uses or needs*: mostly used in plur. *goods, money*: proverb., *χρήσσω χρημάτων* superior to *money*, i. e. inaccessible to bribes.

II. a *thing, matter, business, affair*:—*κινεῖν πᾶν νόημα* to set everything in motion, 'to have one's *stomach* stirred': a *dealing, business*.

transaction, like Lat. *res*.

2. *χρήμα* is often expressed to strengthen a phrase, as, τί *χρήμα*; for τί; what? 3. *χρήμα* is also used to express something strange or unusual, μέγα σὺνδ *χρήμα* a huge monster of a boar; τοῦ χειμῶνος *χρήμα* ἀφόρητον the intolerable violence of the storm:—also to express a great number or mass, *χρήμα* πολλῶν ἀρδίων, νῆων, etc., a vast amount of javelins, ships, etc.; ὅσον τὸ *χρήμα* παρόντων what a lot of locusts; μέγα *χρήμα* Λακωνῶν a great host of Laconian women.

χρηματίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: pf. κε*χρημάτισκα*: (*χρήμα*):—to do or carry on business, have dealings: to negotiate, transact business. 2. to consult, debate, advise about a matter. 3. to give an answer after due deliberation: to warn solemnly: Pass. to be solemnly warned. II. Med. *χρηματίζομαι*, f. -ιοῦμαι, to transact business for one's own profit, to make money, enrich oneself: to transact business, have dealings with another.

III. in late Greek the Act. *χρηματίζω* means to bear a title or name; *χρηματίζει βασιλεὺς* he takes the title of king; οἱ μαθηταὶ Χριστιανοὶ ἐ*χρημάτισαν* πρῶτον ἐν τῇ Ἀντιοχείᾳ the disciples bore the name of Christians first in Antioch.

χρηματίζω, f. ἴσω, (*χρήμα*) of or for money. *χρηματίσις*, εὖς, ἡ, and *χρηματισμός*, δ, (*χρηματίς*) transaction of business. 2. of an oracle, a response: also a divine warning. II. (from Med.) a doing business for one's own gain: money-making, gain, profit.

χρηματιστέον, verb. Adj. of *χρηματίζω*, one must make money.

χρηματιστής, οὗ, δ, (*χρηματίζω*) one who carries on business, so as to make money, a moneyed man, a man of business, tradesman. Hence

χρηματιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, fitted for money-making; *χρηματιστικὸς* οὐλῶνς an omen portending gain.

χρηματίζω-δαίτης, οὗ, δ, (*χρήμα*, δατέομαι) a divider of money or of possessions.

χρηματίζω-ποιός, ὄν, (*χρήματα*, ποιέω) money-making, money-getting.

χρημοσύνη, ἡ, (*χράομαι*) = *χρεία*, need, want, lack. *χρήναι*, inf. of *χρήν*.

χρήσθω, Dor. for *χρήζω*.

χρήσις, *χρήσθα*, shortd. for *χρήσεις*, see *χράω* (B) π.

χρήσιμος, η, ον, also ος, ον: (*χράομαι*):—useful, serviceable, apt, fit, useful of its kind: τὸ *χρήσιμον* use, advantage. 2. of men, serviceable, useful, serviceable to the state. 3. used, made use of. Hence

χρήσιμος, Adv. usefully, serviceably.

χρήσιμος, Dor. for *χρησίμους*, acc. pl. of *χρήσιμος*.

χρήσις, εὖς, ἡ, (*χράομαι*) a using, employment, use made of a thing: in plur. uses. 2. power or means of using. 3. intimacy, acquaintance, Lat. *usus*. II. (*χράω* c) an oracle.

χρησολογία, f. ἡσω, to utter oracles, divine. From *χρησμο-λόγος*, ον, (*χρησμός*, λέγω) uttering oracles, divining; *χρησολόγος* ἄνθρωπος a soothsayer, diviner. II. an expounder or interpreter of oracles.

χρησμο-ποιός, ὄν, (*χρησμός*, ποιέω) making oracles in verse.

χρησμός, δ, (*χράω* c) the answer of an oracle, an oracular response, oracle.

χρησμοσύνη, ἡ, (*χράομαι*) like *χρημοσύνη*, need, want, poverty: an eager request, importunity.

χρησμο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, (*χρησμός*, φύλαξ) a keeper of oracular responses.

χρησμοφδός, f. ἡσω, (*χρησμοφδός*) to recite oracles in verse, to give oracles, prophesy. Hence

χρησμοφδία, ἡ, the answer of an oracle, given in verse, a prophecy.

χρησμοφδός, ἡ, ὄν, of or fit for a soothsayer or diviner, oracular. Adv. -κίως. From

χρησμο-φδός, ὄν, (*χρησμός*, φδῆ) resiting oracles in verse: prophesying, prophetic:—as Subst., *χρησμοφδός*, δ, a soothsayer, prophet.

χρήσον, 2 sing. aor. I imperat. of *χρήσσω*, to lend.

χρηστέον, verb. Adj. of *χράομαι*, one must us *χρηστεύομαι*, Dep. (*χρηστός*) to behave kindly, be kind or merciful.

χρηστηρία, f. ἴσω, like *χράω*, to give oracles, prophesy:—in Med., like *χράομαι*, to have an oracle given one, consult an oracle; *χρηστηριάξασθαι* θεῷ to consult a god; *φροῖσι* *χρηστηριάξασθαι* to consult victims. From

χρηστήριον, τό, the seat of an oracle, such as Delphi. 2. the answer of an oracle, oracular response. II. an offering made at the time of consulting an oracle, a sacrificial victim: metaph. a victim, sacrifice. Properly neut. of *χρηστήριος*.

χρηστήριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (*χράω*) of or belonging to an oracle, oracular, foreboding, presaging. 2. of, belonging to a prophet, prophetic.

χρήστις, ον, δ: gen. pl. *χρήστων* (to distinguish it from *χρηστῶν*, gen. pl. of *χρηστός*):—one who gives or expounds oracles, a prophet, soothsayer. II. a creditor, usurer. 2. (*χράομαι*) a debtor.

χρηστολογία, f. ἡσω, (*χρηστολόγος*) to use fair words. Hence

χρηστολογία, ἡ, fair-speaking: a kind address.

χρηστο-λόγος, ον, (*χρηστός*, λέγω) speaking fairly.

χρηστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *χράομαι*, like *χρήσιμος*, useful, serviceable: *χρηστά*, τά, as Subst. good services, benefits, kindnesses. 2. good, favourable; τελευτὴ *χρηστή* a happy end or issue: of victims and omens, boding good, auspicious, lucky. II. of men, good, stout, brave in war; of citizens, upright, deserving: ironically, *χρηστὸς* εἰ you are a nice fellow. 2. of the gods, kind, propitious: and so of men, good-natured, kind. Hence

χρηστότης, η, of persons, goodness, honesty, uprightness. 2. kindness, good-nature, like *εὐθεία*.

χρίμα, ατος, τό, = *χρίστω*.

χρίμπτω, f. ψω: also as Dep. *χρίμπτομαι*, f. *χρίμψομαι*; aor. I med. *ἐχρίμψαμην*, pass. *ἐχρίμψθην*, part. *χρίμψεις*:—poet. for *νέω* as *νέω* the surface

of a body, to graze, scratch, wound, Lat. *radere*, *stringere*; *χρῖμφθῆς πέλας* grazing close:—more generally, to come nigh, draw near. *approach*, c. dat.; *δομοῖς χρῖμπτέσθαι* to draw near the house. 2. also intr. in Act., to come or keep near: also with *πόδα* added, *πόδας χρῖμπτουσα βαχχίαισι* keeping her feet close to the shore; so, *ἐπ' ἐσχάτην στήλην ἐχρῖμπτ' αἰετὶ περιγὰ* he kept the axle close upon the post. *χρῖσαν*, Ep. for *ἐχρῖσαν*, 3 pl. aor. I of *χρῖω*. *χρῖσμα*, ατος, τό, (χρῖω) anything smeared on, a scented unguent, of thicker consistency than *μύρον*.

Χριστιανός, ὁ, (Χριστός) a Christian.

χριστός, ὁ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *χρῖω*, to be rubbed on, used as ointment or salve; *φάρμακα χριστά* salves. II. anointed; τὸ χριστόν anointing oil. 2. *Χριστός*, ὁ, the Anointed One, the CHRIST, as a transl. of the Hebrew *Messiah*.

ΧΡΙΩ, f. *χρῖω* [I]: aor. I *ἐχρῖσα* Ep. *χρῖσα*: Pass., aor. I *ἐχρῖσθην*: pl. *ἐκέχρῃμα*:—to touch the surface of a body: to anoint with scented unguents or oil, esp. after bathing:—Med. *χρῖομαι*, aor. I *ἐχρῖσάμην*, to anoint oneself; *χρῖσθαι ἰόντα* to anoint, i.e. poison, one's arrows. 2. to rub over with colour, to colour, dye, stain; *χρῖσθαι τὰ σώματα μιλτῷ* to dye their bodies with vermilion. 3. to puncture the skin slightly, prick, sting.

χρόα, *χροῖ*, irreg. acc. and dat. of *χρῶς*.

χροά, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. *χροῖ*, ἡ, Att. also *χροά*: (*χρῶς*)—the surface of a body, the skin; hence the body itself. II. the colour of the skin, the complexion; *χροῖν ἀλλάσσειν* to change colour: also the colour of a thing.

χροῖζω, f. *ἰζω*: contr. *χρώζω*, f. *σω*: (*χρῶς*):—to touch or graze the surface, also generally, to touch:—Med. *χροῖζομαι*, to touch another person, to lie with. *χροῖσμός*, ὁ, a grating or creaking noise, jarring, gnashing, crushing. (Formed from the sound.)

χρονίζω, f. *ἰζω* Att. *ἰω*, (*χρόνος*) intr. to spend time, tarry: to continue or last long, hold out: c. part. to persevere in doing; a. inf. to delay to do: absol. to linger, delay, be slow. II. to prolong, put off:—Pass. to be prolonged or protracted: absol. to grow up.

χρόνιος, α, ὄν, and Att. *ος*, ὄν: (*χρόνος*):—after a long time or interval, late. 2. for a long time; *χρόνιός ἐμὶ ἀπὸ βορᾶς* I have been for a long time apart from food. 3. long, lasting long; *χρόνιοι πόλεμοι* lasting wars: lingering, delaying:—neut. pl. *χρόνια* as Adv., after a long time.

ΧΡΟΝΟΣ, ὁ, time, indefinitely: also a certain time, a period, season, space of time: absol. in acc. *χρόνον* for a while; *πολὺν χρόνον* for a long time; *τὸν αἰὶ χρόνον* for ever; *ὀλίγον χρόνον* in a short time; *πόσον χρόνον*; for how long? *χρόνῳ* in time, at last. 2. with Prepositions:—*ἀνὰ χρόνον* in course of time: *διὰ χρόνον* after an interval; *ἐν χρόνῳ* long ago; *ἐν χρόνῳ* in time, at length; *ἐντὸς χρόνου* within a certain time; *ἐκ*

χρόνον for a time: *ἐς χρόνον* till aftertime.

time of life; *χρόνῳ βραδύς* slow from his time of life.

ΧΡΟΝΟ-ΤΡΙΒΕΩ, (*χρόνος*, *τρίβω*) to waste time, loiter.

χρός, gen. of *χρῶς*.

χρυσ-ἀλάκατος, ὄν, Dor. for *χρυσήλ-*.

χρυσ-ἀμοιβός, ὁ, (*χρυσός*, *ἀμείβω*) changing gold or gold money: metaph., *Ἄρρη σωμάτων χρυσάμ-*

βός Mars who buys men's bodies with gold.

χρυσ-ἀμπυξ, ἕκος, ὁ, ἡ, (*χρυσός*, *ἀμπυξ*) with fillet or frontlet of gold, epith. of horses: also of goddesses.

χρυσ-ανθής, ἐς, gen. *έος*, (*χρυσός* *άνθος*) with flower of gold.

χρυσ-άνιος, Dor. for *χρυσήνιος*.

χρυσ-ανταυγής, ἐς, (*χρυσός*, *άνταυγής*) reflecting a golden light.

χρυσ-άορος, ὄν, (*χρυσός*, *αορ*) with sword of gold, epith. of the gods.

χρυσ-άρματός, ὄν, (*χρυσός*, *άρμα*) with or in car of gold, epith. of the moon.

χρυσ-ασπις, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (*χρυσός*, *άσπίς*) with shield of gold. [π]

χρυσ-αυγής, ἐς, gen. *έος*, (*χρυσός*, *άυγή*) gold-gleaming.

χρυσ-άωρ, *ορος*, ὁ, ἡ, (*χρυσός*, *άωρ*) = *χρυσάορος*.

χρυσείον, τό, (*χρυσός*) mostly in plur., *χρυσεία*, τὰ gold mines, in full *χρυσεία μέταλλα*.

χρυσέος, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for *χρυσέος*.

χρυσ-ελεφαντ-ήλεκτρος, ὄν, (*χρυσός*, *έλέφας*, *ήλεκτρον*) of or overlaid with gold, ivory, and electrum.

χρυσέο-βόστρυχος, ὄν, (*χρυσέος*, *βύστρυχος*) with locks or ringlets of gold.

χρυσέο-βητος, ὄν, (*χρυσέος*, *δέμω*) built or formed of gold.

χρυσέο-κμητος, ὄν, (*χρυσέος*, *κάμνω*) wrought of gold.

χρυσέο-κύκλος, ὄν, (*χρυσέος*, *κύκλος*) with disk of gold.

χρυσέο-μαλλος, ὄν, = *χρυσόμαλλος*.

χρυσέο-μίτρης, ὄν, ὁ, = *χρυσομίτρης*.

χρυσέο-νωτος, ὄν, = *χρυσόνωτος*.

χρυσέο-πήληξ, ἡκος, ὁ, ἡ, (*χρυσέος*, *πήληξ*) with helm or casque of gold.

χρυσέο-πήνητος, ὄν, (*χρυσέος*, *πήνη*) with woof of gold, unwrought with gold.

χρυσέος, ἡ, ὄν, and *ος*, ὄν; Att. contr. *χρυσούς*, ἡ, ὄν; Ep. *χρυσέος*, ἡ, ὄν, (*χρυσός*):—golden, of gold, inlaid with gold: also gilded, gilt; *χρυσόν τινα ἰσθάναι* to raise a statue of gold to one. 2. *χρυσεία μέταλλα* gold mines; see *χρυσείον*. II. gold-coloured, of golden hue

III. metaph. golden, happy, blessed: hence the first Age of Man was the golden. [In Homer, *χρυσέη*, *χρυσήν*, *χρυσέου*, *χρυσέω*, etc. must be pronounced as spondee.

χρυσέο-σάνδαλος, ὄν, (*χρυσέος*, *σάνδαλον*) with sandals of gold; *ἔχουσ χρυσέοσάνδαλον* the step of golden sandals.

χρυσέο-στέφανος, ὄν, = *χρυσοστέφανος*.

χρυσέο-στολμος, ὄν, or *χρυσέο-στολος*, ὄν, (*χρυσέος*, *στέλλω*) decked or digbt with gold.

χρυσό-τευκτος, *ον*, = χρυσότευκτος.

χρυσό-φάλαρος, *ον*, (χρύσει, φάλαρα) with *trappings of gold*.

Χρυσήτις, *ιδος*, *ῆ*, patronym. of Χρύση, *ου*, *δ*, daughter of Chryses.

χρυσό-ηλακάτος, *ον*, (χρυσός, ἡλακάτη) with *spindle or arrow of gold*.

χρυσό-ῥαῖος, *ον*, (χρυσός, ῥαίω) *beaten out of gold, of beaten gold*.

χρυσό-ῥινοσ, *ον*, (χρυσός, ῥίνα) with *reins of gold*.

χρυσό-ῥητος, *ες*, *γεν.* *εος*, (χρυσός, ῥαῖρεῖν) *furnished & decked with gold, golden*.

χρυσίδιον, *τό*, *Dim.* of χρύσιον, *a small piece of gold*.

χρυσίον, *τό*, *Dim.* of χρυσός, *a piece of gold, gold* in general: anything made of gold, gold coin, money;

ἀργύριον καὶ χρυσίον *silver and gold money*: but the generic term for money was ἀργύριον, as in *Lat. argentum*.

II. as a term of endearment, *my little treasure!*

χρυσός, *ιδος*, *ῆ*, (χρυσός) *a vessel of gold. α. a golden dress*.

χρυσίτης [ῖ], *ου*, *δ*, *fem.* χρυσίτις, *ιδος*, (χρυσός) *like gold, containing a proportion of gold*.

χρυσό-βάφης, *ές*, (χρυσός, βαφῆναι) *gilded, gold-embroidered*.

χρυσό-βωλος, *ον*, (χρυσός, βῶλος) with *soil containing gold*.

χρυσό-γονος, *ον*, (χρυσός, γενέσθαι) *born or descended of gold, of the Persians, because they were descended from Perseus, the son of Danaë*.

χρυσό-δαίδαλος, *ον*, (χρυσός, δαίδαλλω) *richly wrought with gold*.

χρυσό-δακτύλιος, *ον*, (χρυσός, δακτυλίον) with *a gold ring*. [κτῦ]

χρυσό-δετος, *ον*, also *ῆ*, *ον*, (χρυσός, δέω) *bound with gold, set in gold: overlaid with gold*.

χρυσό-ἔμει, *ειρος*, *δ*, *ῆ*, (χρυσός, ἔμειρα) with *golden hair*.

χρυσό-εἰδής, *ές*, (χρυσός, εἶδος) *like gold*.

χρυσό-ἔγος, *ον*, (χρυσός, ἐγόν) with *yoke of gold*.

χρυσό-θριξ, -πρίχος, *δ*, *ῆ*, (χρυσός, θρίξ) *golden-haired*.

χρυσό-θρονος, *ον*, (χρυσός, θρόνος) *on throne of gold, gold-enthroned*.

χρυσό-κάρηνος *Dor.* -ἄνος, *ον*, (χρυσός, κάρηνον) with *head of gold*. [κᾶ]

χρυσό-κερως, *ωτος*, *δ*, *ῆ*, and χρυσό-κερως, *ον*, *γεν.* *ου*: (χρυσός, κέρας):—with *horns of gold. II.* with *gilded horns, like a victim for the sacrifice*.

χρυσό-κόλλητος, *ον*, (χρυσός, κολλάω) *welded or wrought of gold: generally, of gold, golden*.

χρυσό-κόλλος, *ον*, (χρυσός, κολλάω) *welded or inlaid with gold*.

χρυσό-κόμη, *δ*, *Dor.* -μας, *α*, *δ*, (χρυσός, κόμη) *be of the golden hair: δ* Χρυσοκόμης *the golden-haired, for Apollo*.

χρυσό-κομος, *ος*, (χρυσός, κόμη) *golden-haired: with golden plumage*.

χρυσό-κρόταλος, *ον*, (χρυσός, κρόταλος) *attling or ringing with gold*.

χρυσό-λίθος, *ῆ*, (χρυσός, λίθος) *the chrysolith or gold-stone, a bright yellow stone, perhaps the topaz*.

χρυσολογέω, *ι*, *ῥησι*, *to talk of gold. II.* *to collect gold, i. e. money. From*

χρυσό-λόγος, *ον*, (χρυσός, λέγω) *speaking of gold*.

χρυσό-λογχος, *ον*, (χρυσός, λόγχη) with *golden spear*.

χρυσό-λοφος, *α*, *ον*, (χρυσός, λóφος) with *golden crest*.

χρυσό-λύρης, *ου*, *δ*, *Dor.* -λύρας, (χρυσός, λύρα) with *golden lyre*. [λύ]

χρυσό-μαλλος, *ον*, (χρυσός, μαλλός) with *golden fleece*.

χρυσό-μάνης, *ές*, (χρυσός, μανῆναι) *mad after gold*.

χρυσό-μηλολόνη, *ῆ*, (χρυσός, μηλολόνη) *the gold-beetle or cockchafer. Hence*

χρυσό-μηλολόνηιον *or* -όντιον, *τό*, *Dim.* of χρυσόμηλολόνη, *a little cockchafer: used as a term of endearment*.

χρυσό-μίτρης, *ου*, *δ*, (χρυσός, μίτρα) with *girdle or head-band of gold*. [μῖ]

χρυσό-μορφος, *ον*, (χρυσός, μορφή) *in the shape or likeness of gold*.

χρυσό-νωτος, *ον*, (χρυσός, νῶτος) with *golden back: covered with gold; χρυσόνωτος ἥνια* *a rein studded with gold*.

χρυσό-παστος, *ον*, (χρυσός, πάσσω) *sprinkled or shot with gold; χρυσόπαστος τιθήης* *a turban of gold tissue; τὰ χρυσόπαστα* *gilded splendours*.

χρυσό-πέδιλος, *ον*, (χρυσός, πέδιλον) with *sandals of gold*.

χρυσό-πέπλος, *ος*, (χρυσός, πέπλον) with *robe of gold*.

χρυσό-πήληξ, *ηκος*, *δ*, *ῆ*, (χρυσός, πήληξ) with *helmet or casque of gold*.

χρυσό-πλόκαμος, *ον*, (χρυσός, πλόκαμος) with *tresses of gold*.

χρυσό-ποιός, *ον*, (χρυσός, ποιέω) *working in gold: as Subst., χρυσοποιός, δ*, *a goldsmith*.

χρυσό-πράσος, *δ*, (χρυσός, πράσον) *the chrysoprase, a precious stone of a yellow-green colour*.

χρυσό-πτερος, *ον*, (χρυσός, πτερόν) with *wings of gold*.

χρυσό-ράπης, *δ*, *poët.* for χρυσόρραπης.

χρυσό-ροος, *ον*, (χρυσός, ρέω) *streaming with gold*.

χρυσό-ρόφος, *ον*, (χρυσός, ὀροφή) with *golden roof or ceiling*.

χρυσόρ-ράπης, *ιδος*, *δ*, *ῆ*, (χρυσός, ράπς) with *wand of gold*.

χρυσόρ-ρύτος, *ον*, (χρυσός, ρέω) *issuing with gold, in a stream of gold*.

ΧΡΥΣΟΣ, *ου*, *δ*, *gold, Lat. aurum; χρυσός: κοίλος* *gold wrought into vessels, gold plate; χρυσός ἀνεφθός* *refined gold; λευκός χρυσός* *white gold, i. e. alloyed with silver*.

χρυσό-στέφανος, *ον*, (χρυσός, στέφανος) *gold-crowned*.

χρυσό-στομος, *ον*, (χρυσός, στόμα) of golden mouth, dropping words of gold.

χρυσό-στροφος, *ον*, (χρυσός, στρέφω) twisted with gold: of a bow, strung with twisted gold.

χρυσό-τέκτων, *ονος, δ*, a worker in gold, goldsmith.

χρυσότερος, *α, ον*, Compd. Adj. formed from χρυσός, more golden.

χρυσό-τευκτος, *ον*, (χρυσός, τεύχω) wrought of gold.

χρυσό-τευχής, *ές*, (χρυσός, τεύχος) with golden armour.

χρυσό-τοξος, *ον*, (χρυσός, τόξον) with bow of gold.

χρυσό-τρίαινος, *ον*, (χρυσός, τρίαινα) with trident of gold. [γ]

χρυσό-οὔατος, *ον*, (χρυσός, οὔα) with ears or handles of gold.

χρυσούς, *ή, ούν*, Att. contr. for χρυσεός.

χρυσό-φάνενος, *ον*, (χρυσός, φαίνωμαι) = χρυσοφάνης.

χρυσό-φαής, *ές*, (χρυσός, φάος) with golden light.

χρυσό-φεγγής, *ές*, (χρυσός, φέγγος) with golden beam.

χρυσό-φίλος, *ον*, (χρυσός, φίλος) gold-loving.

χρυσόφορέω, *ή, ήσω*, to wear gold or golden apparel.

From

χρυσό-φόρος, *ον*, (χρυσός, φέρω) wearing gold or golden apparel.

χρυσό-φύλαξ, *άκος, ο, η*, (χρυσός, φύλαξ) a guarder or keeper of gold: a treasurer. [φύ]

χρυσό-χαίτης, *ον, δ*, (χρυσός, χαίτη) with golden hair: fem. χρυσόχαιτις, *ιδος*.

χρυσό-χάλινος, *ον*, (χρυσός, χαλινός) with gold-studded bridle. [α]

χρυσό-χειρ, *-χειρος, δ, ή*, (χρυσός, χείρ) with gold on one's fingers.

χρυσό-χίτων *ανος, δ, ή*, (χρυσός, χίτων) with coat of gold. [χ]

χρυσόχοειον, *τό*, the shop of a goldsmith. From

χρυσόχοος, *ή, ήσω*, (χρυσόχοος) to be a goldsmith or gold-refiner: to work in gold.

χρυσόχοικός, *ή, όν*, belonging to a goldsmith or gold-refiner: χρυσόχοικήν τέχνην ἐργάζεσθαι to follow the trade of a goldsmith. From

χρυσό-χόος, *ον*, (χρυσός, χέω) melting or casting gold:—as Subst., χρυσόχοός, *δ*, one who gilds the horns of a victim; a goldsmith.

χρυσό-χρους, *ον* contr. -χρους, *ονν*, (χρυσός, χρώ) gold-coloured.

χρυσώω, *ή, ήσω*, (χρυσός) to make golden, gild.

χρυσῶ, Dor. for χρυσοῦ, gen. of χρυσός.

χρυσώμα, *ατος, τό*, (χρυσώω) that which is made of gold, wrought gold, gold-plate. [ψ]

χρυσῶ-αντος, (χρυσός, ἀνέωμαι) to buy or change gold.

χρυσῶ-ωπης, *ον, δ*, fem. -ώπης, *ιδος*, = χρυσώπης.

χρυσῶ-ωπός, *όν*, (χρυσός, ὦψ) with golden eyes or face, beaming like gold.

χρυσῶσις, *εως, δ*, (χρυσώω) a gilding. [ψ]

χρυσῶ-ψ, *ώπος, δ, ή*, (χρυσός, ὦψ) gold-coloured, shining like gold.

χρῶ, contr. from χρᾶσι, pres. imperat. of χράσμαι.

χρῶ, irreg. dat. of χρώς.

χρώω, *ή, ήρώω*: aor. *Ι* ἐχρώσα: Pass., aor. *Ι* ἐχρώσθην: pl. κέχρωμαι: (χρώς):—like χροῖω, to touch the surface of a body: generally, to touch, clasp.

2. to tinge, stain: generally, to taint, defile.

χρώμα, *ατος, τό*, (χράννυμι) the surface of the body, the skin.

II. the colour of the skin, the complexion:

μεθίσταναι τοῦ χρώματος to change colour. III.

metaph. in pl. ornaments, embellishments.

IV. as a technical term in Greek Music, a modification of the diatonic music. Hence

χρωματικός, *ή, όν*, suited for colour.

II. ή χρωματική (sc. μουσική) the chromatic music of the ancients, differing from the diatonic in having the tetrachord divided into less simple intervals.

χρωμάτιον, *τό*, (χρώμα) a colour, paint, dye. [α]

χρώννυμι, = χρώω.

χρώς, *δ*, χρωτός, χρωτί, χρώτα: Ion. χροός, χροῖ, χροά: Att. dat. χρῶ:—like χροῖα and χρώμα, the surface of the body, the skin, also the body itself: the flesh, as opp. to the bone: generally, one's body, frame.

2. ἐν χρῶ, Att. ἐν χρῶ, close to the skin: ἐν χρῶ κείρειν to shave close: metaph., εὐρεῖ ἐν χρῶ it shaves close, i.e. it touches one nearly, comes home: ἐν χρῶ παραπλῆειν to sail past so as to shave or graze, Virgil's *radere litus*.

II. the colour of the skin, complexion: χρώς τρέπεται his colour changes.

χρωστήρ, *ήρος, δ*, (χρώω) one who colours or dyes: χρωστήρ μόλυβος a lead-pencil.

χρωτίζω, *ή, ήσω*, (χρώς) like χρώω, to colour, dye, tint:—Med., χρωτίζεσθαι τήν φύσιν τινί to tinge one's nature with something.

χύδην [ψ], Adv. (χέω) in a stream or flood, without order, confusedly.

II. in flowing language, i.e. in prose, opp. to poetry.

III. abundantly, utterly.

χυθείην, aor. *Ι* pass. opt. of χέω.

χυλός, *ού, δ*, (χέω) juice, moisture: a decoction.

2. juice drawn out by digestion, chyle.

II. the flavour, taste of a thing.

χυμέσος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω. [ψ]

χυμίζω, *ή, ήσω* Att. *ω*, (χυμός) to make savory, season: metaph. to tone down, temper.

χυμός, *ού, δ*, (χέω) juice.

II. taste, flavour.

χύντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω.

χυσίς, *εως, ή*, (χέω) a pouring, shedding.

II. a flood, stream, gush.

2. of dry things, a bear: a quantity. [ψ]

χυτλάω, *ή, ήσω*, to pour out: metaph. to throw carelessly down. From

χύτλον, *τό*, (χέω) anything that can be poured, a liquid, fluid: esp.,

I. in plur. χύτλα, *τά*, water for washing or bathing.

2. a mixture of water and oil rubbed in after bathing. [ψ] Hence

χυτλώω, *ή, ήσω*, to wash, bathe, anoint:—Med. to anoint oneself after bathing.

χυτλώσασαι, 3 sing. aor. *Ι* med. χυτλώω.

χύτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω. [ψ]

χῦτος, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of χέω, poured, shed. 2. of dry things, heaped up; χυτή γαῖα a mound of earth. 2. as Subst., χυτοί, οἱ, mounds, dykes, dams.

II. made liquid, cast, melted; ὀρθήματα λίθινα χυτά pendants of melted stone, i.e. of glass.

III. liquid, fluid, flowing.

χῦτρα, ἡ, (χέω) an earthen pot:—pl. χύτραι, αἱ, the pottery-market:—χύτραι were also pots of pulse, used to consecrate altars and statues of inferior gods; hence of a statue, ταύτην χύτραις ἱδρυτέον this must be erected with pots of pulse. [ῥ]

χύτρειος, α, ὄν, = χυτρεοῦς, of earthenware: τὰ χύτρεια earthenware, pottery. [ῥ]

χύτρεος, ἡ, οὖν, (χύτρα) of earthenware.

χύτρίσις, ἑως, ὁ, (χύτρα) a potter.

χύτρίδιον, τό, Dim. of χύτρη, a small pot. [ῥ]

χύτρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (χύτρα) to put in a pot: to expose a child in a pot.

χύτρινος, ἡ, ὄν, (χύτρα) of or like a pot, earthen, Lat. testaceus. [ῥ]

χύτρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of χύτρα or χύτρος, a pot.

χύτρό-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, (χύτρος, ποῦς) a pot or caldron with feet: also a kind of chafing-dish.

χύτρος, ὁ, (χέω) an earthen pot, esp. for boiling: οἱ χύτροι was the name given to the hot-baths at Thermopylae. II. οἱ χύτροι, also, the feast of pots, the third day of the Anthesia, and thirteenth of the month Anthesterion. [ῥ]

χῶ, contr. for καὶ ὁ.

χῶο, 2 Ep. sing. imperat. of χῶομαι.

χωλαίνω, f. ἄνω, (χολός) to be or go lame.

χωλεύω, (χολός) to be or be lame, to halt, limp.

χῶλα-ἱαμβικός, ὁ, (χολός, ἱαμβός) a lame or halting iambic, i.e. one that has a spondee for an iambus in the last place, said to have been invented by Hippodam; also called σκάζων.

χῶλο-ποιός, ὄν, (χολός, ποιέω) making lame men, of Euripides, who was fond of introducing lame men upon the stage.

ΧΩΛΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, lame, halting, limping: also of the hand, maimed. II. metaph. maimed, imperfect, defective, Lat. marceus.

χῶμα, ατος, τό, (χώννυμι) earth thrown up, a bank, mound, thrown up by besiegers against the walls of cities: a dam, mound, mole or pier, thrown into the sea, Lat. moles: also like Lat. tumulus, a sepulchral mound.

χῶν, part. of χῶω: see χώννυμι.

χῶνη, ἡ, contr. from χῶνῃ, (χέω) a melting-pit, a mould to cast in. 2. a funnel.

χώννυμι: f. χῶσω: aor. I ἐχῶσα: Pass., fut. χωσθήσομαι: aor. I ἐχῶσθη: pf. κέχῶσμαι: there is also the regul. pres. χῶω, inf. χῶν, part. χῶν: (χέω):—to throw or bear up; χῶματα χῶν: to bear up a mound: to raise a sepulchral mound. 2. to block up by throwing in earth, to dam up:—Pass. to be filled with earth, be silted up with deposit from rivers. 3. in Pass. of cities, to be raised on mounds

or moles. 4. to cover with a mound of earth, bury, χῶσαι τινα λίθοις to cover any one over with stones:—Pass. to be heaped up with earth, have a sepulchral mound raised over one.

ΧΩΛΟΜΑΙ, f. χῶσομαι: aor. I ἐχῶσάμην:—Pass. to be angry, be wroth, be enraged: c. acc., χῶόμενος κῆρ enraged at heart; also c. dat., χῶοσθαι φρέσιν ἦσαν:—c. dat. pers. to be angry at one: also c. gen. pers. vel rei, to be angry about a person or thing: and c. neut. acc., μή μοι τῷδε χῶεο be not angry with me for this.

χῶρα Ion. χώρη, ἡ, —χώρος, the space or room in which a thing is, a place, spot, Lat. locus: the place assigned, the proper place; κατὰ χῶραν εἶναι to be in one's place; κατὰ χῶραν μένειν to stay in one's place, to stand one's ground; εἰς κατὰ χῶραν to leave in its place, leave as it was; χῶραν λαβεῖν to take a position, find one's place; εἰς ἃν χῶραν λάβῃ τὰ πράγματα till the affairs find their proper place. 2. metaph. the place assigned to any one, one's post, station, office, position; ἐν ἀνδραποδῶν χῶρα εἶναι to be ranked in the place of slaves; ἐν οὐδεμῇ χῶρα εἶναι to be of no account, Lat. nullo in numero haberi.

II. a land, country, tract, Lat. regio; ἡ χῶρα one's country. 2. landed property land, an estate, farm, Lat. ager. 3. the country, opp. to the town, Lat. rus.

χωρέω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴσομαι: aor. I ἐχώρησα: pf. κεχώρηκα: (χώρος):—to make room for another give way: to draw back, retire, withdraw; νεκροὺ χωρήσουσι they will retire from the dead body; ἀπὸ νηῶν ἐχώρησαν ποτὶ Ἴλιον they retired from the ships to Ilium. 2. c. dat. pers. to give way to one, make way for him.

II. to make room; and so, go forward, advance, to go on, come on; χωρεῖν πρὸς ἔργον to come to action; χωρεῖν πρὸς ἦπαρ to go to one's heart. 2. to advance, make way, proceed οὐ χωρεῖ τοῦργον the work advances not. 3. to come to an issue, turn out in a certain manner: absol. to go on well, succeed; παρὰ μικρὰ χωρεῖν to come to little. 4. to spread abroad, become current, of reports.

III. transit. to have space or room for a thing, to hold, contain, like χανδῶνα; ὁ κρητὴρ χωρεῖ ἀμφορέας ἑξακοσίους the bowl holds 600 amphorae; ἡ πόλις αὐτὸν οὐ χωρεῖ the city cannot contain him.

χωρίδιον, τό, Dim. of χωρίον, a little spot. [ῥ]

χωρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: pf. pass. κεχώρισμαι, Ion. 3 pl. κεχωρίδται: (χωρίς):—to separate, part, sever. divide:—οἱ χωρίζοντες Separatists, a name given to those Grammarians who ascribed the Iliad and Odyssey to different authors:—Pass. to be separated, severed or divided, hence to differ, be at variance; νόμοι κεχωρισμένοι different laws.

χωρίον, τό, Dim. of χώρος and χῶρα, a particular place, a place, spot, country; ἐκ τοῦ αὐτοῦ χωρίου from the same spot. 2. also a place or passage in a book, Lat. locus. II. a strong place, outpost,

a fortified post or town, esp. a detached fort. III. *landed property, an estate.*

χωρίς, Adv. separately, asunder, apart by oneself; *μετὰ χωρίς ὁ νεκρός* the corpse lies apart. 2. separately, one by one. 3. *χωρίς μὲν . . . χωρίς δὲ . . .* on one side . . . on the other, by themselves . . . by themselves . . .

χωρίς ἢ except; *χωρίς ἢ ὅτι* except that. II. of different or distinct kind; *χωρίς τό τ' εἶπειν πολλὰ* say the things it is a different thing to say many things and to the purpose.

χωρίς, Prep. with gen., *without: without the help or will of: χωρίς θεοῦ*, Lat. *sine diis*, *without the favour of the gods.* 2. *separate from, apart from: χωρίς ὀμμάτων ἑμῶν* far from my eyes. 3. *independent of, without reckoning, besides.*

χωρισμός, ὁ, (χωρίζω) a separating, separation. χωρίτης [ι], εἰ, ὁ, fem. χωρίτις, ἴδος, (χώρα, χώρος) a countryman, rustic, poor: fem. χωρίτις, ἴδος, a country girl. Hence

χωρίτικος, ἡ, ὄν, beseming a countryman, rustic, rural. Adv. -κῶς, in rustic fashion.

χώρος, ὁ, space to hold a thing, room, a place, spot II. a place, a land, country, Lat. *regio*: c. gen the district or tract belonging to or about a place; *χώρος τῆς Ἀραβίης* the tract of Arabia. 2. *landed property, an estate.* (Akin to *χανδάνω, χάρισμα*.)

Χάρος, οὐ, δ, Corus or Caurus, the north-west wind: the NW. quarter.

χωρο-φίλειο, ἡ ἴσων, (χώρος, φιλέω) to love a place or spot, haunt, frequent it.

χῶς, contr. for *καὶ ὡς*.

χῶσας, aor. I inf. of *χώννυμι*.

χωσάμενος, aor. I part. of *χώμαι*.

χωσθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of *χώννυμι*.

χῶσις, εἰς, ἡ, (χῶσαι) a heaping up of earth, raising a mound or bank, esp. by besiegers against a city: a filling in, blocking up by earth thrown in; ἡ *χῶσις τῶν λιμένων* the blocking up of harbours.

χῶσους, crasis for *καὶ ὄσους*.

χωστὴς, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *χώννυμι*, heaped up made of earth thrown up.

Ψ

Ψ, ψ, ψι, τό, indecl., twenty-third letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral *ψ* = 700, but *ψ* = 700,000.—The letter *ψ* is a double Consonant, compounded of σ and a labial, = σσ, βσ, εσ φσ. The character *ψ* was at first only Ion., and was adopted at Athens at the same time with η, ω and ξ: see Η, η.

Changes of *ψ*, esp. in the dialects: I. in Aeol. the older σσ was retained, esp. in prop.-names, as *Πέλοπς* for *Πέλοψ*. II. *ψ* was resolved into σπ, as, *ἀσπίνθιον* for *ἀψίνθιον*, *ψίν* Dor. for σφίν, *ψέ* for σφέ.

III. *ψ* was sometimes put for σ or σσ, as,

ψι *τακός* for *σιττακός*, *κόψιχος* for *κόσσυφος*.

ψ was omitted or added as in *ἄμμος ἄμαθις*, *ψάμμος ψάμαθις*.

ψ *ἰσθρὸς*, ὄν, (ψάω) friable, crumbling, falling in pieces, loose

ψαίρω, (ψάω) to graze or touch gently; *ψαίρει πτεροῖς οἶμον αἰθέρος* to skim with wings the path of ether, as in Virgil *radere iter liquidum*.

ψαίσω, to move lightly, to quiver, flutter. III. intrans. to move lightly, to quiver, flutter.

ψαιστόν, τό, Dim. of *ψαιστόν*, a small cake. *ψαιστός*, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *ψαίω*, ground; *τὰ ψαιστά* (sub. *πέμματα*) cakes of ground barley.

ψαίστωρ, ορος, ὁ, masc. Adj. *ibat* which wipes off. *ψαίω*, f. *ωα*, (ψάω) to rub away, grind down, pound.

ψακάω later *ψεκάω*, f. *άσω*, (ψακάς) to rain in small drops, drizzle, drip: impers., like *βέι*, etc., *ψακάει* it drizzles.

ψακάς later *ψεκάς*, ἄδος, ἡ, (ψάω) any small piece rubbed or broken off, a grain, crumb, morsel, bit; *ἀργυρίου μηδὲ ψακίς* not even a farthing of money: as collective Subst., *ψάμμον ψακάς* grains of sand. 2. a small drop, a quantity of small drops, a small drizzling rain, opp. to *θύμβρος*; *ὑσθησαν αἱ Θῆβαι ψακάδι* Thebes was rained on by a drizzling rain: metaph., *φοίνισσα ψεκάς* a shower of blood.

ψαλίδω-στομος, ὄν, (ψαλῖς, στόμα) having a mouth or beard like a pair of shears, epith. of a crab.

ψαλίξω: fut. *ίσω* and *ίξω* Att. *ῶ*: (ψαλῖς)—to clip with shears or scissors.

ΨΑΛΙΟΝ, a ring on the curb-chain of a bridle, to which the leading-rein was fastened: plur. *ψάλια*, τὰ, the curb-chain itself: hence more generally, a chain, and metaph. a curb, constraint.

ψαλῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ψάω) a pair of shears or scissors, Lat. *forfex*.

ΨΑΛΛΕΩ, strengthd. from *ψάω*: f. *ψάλλω*: aor. I *ἔψηλα*: pf. *ἔψαλα*:—to touch, stir or move by touching, to pull, pluck. 2. to pull and let go again, to pull, twang with the fingers; *τύξον νευρὰν ψάλλειν* to twang the bow-string: to play a stringed instrument with the fingers, instead of with the plectrum: absol. to play, and later, to sing to a harp. 3. Pass., of the instrument, to be struck or played. Hence *ψάλλμα*, ατος, τό, a tune played on a stringed instrument.

ψαλμός, ὁ, (ψάλλω) a pulling or twanging musical strings with the fingers. 2. a strain or burst of music: later, a song sung to a stringed instrument: a psalm. Hence

ψαλμο-χάρης, ἐς, (ψαλμός, χαρῆναι) delighting in harp-playing.

ψαλτήρ, ἦρος, also *της*, του, ὁ, (ψάλλω) a harper. *ψαλτήρια*, ἡ, fem. of *ψαλτήρ*.

ψάμαθος, ἡ, (ψάω) sea-sand, the sandy shore, the sands: proverb. of a countless multitude, *ὅσα ψάμαθος τε κύνις τε* as many as the sand and dust. See *ψάμμος*. [*ψά*]

ψάμαθ-ώδης, ες, (ψάματος, εἶδος) sandy.

ψαμαθῖν, ὄνος, δ, (ψάματος) a sandy place, sand-
its, Lat. sabuletum.

ψαμμακόσιοι-γάργυροι, αἱ, α, (ψαμμακόσιοι, Γάρ-
γυρα) Comic word in Aristophanes, numberless as
heaps of sand : cf. sq.

ψαμμ-ἄκόσιοι, αἱ, α, sand-hundred, numberless as
be sand, a Comic word formed from ψάμμος ἑκατον,
the cardinal numbers διακόσιοι, τριακόσιοι from
τρεῖς ἑκατόν, τρεῖς ἑκατόν, to denote a countless multi-
tude.

ψάμμη Dor. ψάμμα, ἡ, = ψάμμος, sand.

ψάμμινος, ἡ, ον, (ψάμμος) of sand, in the sand, sandy.

ψάμμινος, α, ον, = ψάμμιμος, on the sand.

ψαμμίτης [τ], ον, ὁ, fem. ψαμμίτις, ἴδος, (ψάμμος)
f sand, sandy.

ψάμμος, ἡ, (ψάω) sand, so called from its loose
rumbling nature: πρὸν, ἐκ ψάμμον σχοινίον
λέκειν to weave a rope of sand, of labour in
vain.

II. a tract of sand, the sand.—Both
ψάμμος and its ποῖτ. form ψάματος sometimes drop
the ψ, and become ἄμμος ἄματος.

ψαμμ-ώδης, ες, (ψάμμος, εἶδος) sandy.

ψῆνός, Dor. for ψηρός.

ψῆρ, ψῆρός, Ion. ψῆρ, ψηρός, ὁ, a starling, Lat.
turnus.

ψῆρὸς, ὁ, ὄν, (ψῆρ) like a starling, ashen-gray or
speckled; ψῆρὸς ἵππος a dapple-gray horse.

ψαύω, f. ψαύσω: aor. ἔψαυσα: pf. act. ἔψαυκα, pass.
ψαυσμαι: (ψάω)—to touch, c. gen.: c. dat. instru-
menti, ψαυὸν κύρυθες φάλοισιν the helmets touched
with their plumes; (1) also used c. acc. in two pas-
sages of Sophocles, (I) ἔψαυσαν ἀλγυνοτάτας ἑμοὶ
ἐπὶ ῥίνας, πατρὸς τριπόλιστον οἶτον τοῦ βασίλειου hast touched
upon themes of grief most painful to me, the thrice-
old fate of my father; (2) κείνος ἐπὶ ῥίνας ψαυὸν τὸν
ἐὸν ἐν κερτομίῳ γλώσσῃσιν he knew too late that he
had touched the god with abusive speech. II. to touch
as an enemy, lay hands upon. III. to touch,
reach, affect: also to reach, gain.

ψάφῳρίτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ῖτις, ἴδος, = ψαφαρός.

ψάφῳρός, ὁ, ὄν Ion. ψαφερός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψάω) friable,
loose, crumbling, without consistency. II. dry,
lusty, sandy:—as Subst., ἡ ψαφαρά the shore, opp. to
λα.

ψάφῳρό-τρίχος, ον, (ψαφορός, θρίξ) with rough
baggy hair or coat.

ψάφῳρό-χρους, ον contr. -χρους, ον, (ψαφαρός,
χρῶς) rough on the surface.

ψάφῳγξ. ψάφος, Dor. for ψῆφιγξ, ψήφος.

ΨΑΩ [α], ψῆς, ψῆ, inf. ψῆν (for the regular forms
ψῆς, ψῆ, ψῆν are incorrect): f. ψῆσω: Pass., aor. ἔ-
ψῆθην: pf. ψῆμαι:—to touch on the surface, to rub:
to rub away: intr. to crumble away, trickle away,
disappear.

ΨΕ, Dor. for σφέ, as ψῖν for σφίν: always enclit.

ΨΕΓΩ, f. ψέω: aor. ἔψεα:—to blame, dis-
parage. find fault with, c. acc.; ψέγειν τινά περί
τινος to blame one for a thing: also, with a neut.

Adj., ἃ με ψέγειε the things wherein thou blamest
me.

ψεδνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψέω) rubbed off, thin, spare, scanty,
of hair; of a person bald-headed.

ψεδύρος or ψευδύρος, ἡ, ὄν, = ψιδύρος.

ψέω, Ep. for ψέω, which is Ion. for ψάω.

ψεκάξω. ψεκάς. see ψακάξω, ψακάς.

ψέκτης, ὁ, ὄν, (ψέγω) a blamer, censurer, disparager.

ψεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ψέγω, blamed, to be
blamed, blameable. Adv. -τῶς.

ΨΕΛΙΟΝ, τὸ, an armlet, bracelet, Lat. armilla:
in pl. ψέλια, τὰ, bracelets, armlets, a favourite orna-
ment of the Persians.

ψελιο-φόρος, ον, (ψέλιον, φέρω) wearing bracelets.

ψελίω, f. ὥσω, (ψέλιον) to twine, weave.

ψέλλιον, incorrect form of ψέλιον.

ΨΕΛΛΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, unable to pronounce certain
letters or syllables, like a child. II. of words,
indistinctly uttered, unintelligible, obscure.

ψευδ-αγγελῆς, ἐς, gen. ἐός, = ψευδάγγελος. Hence
ψευδαγγελία, ἡ, a false message or report.

ψευδ-άγγελος, ον, (ψευδής, ἀγγέλλω) bringing a
false message or report:—as Subst., ψευδάγγελος, ὁ,
a false or lying messenger.

ψευδ-ἄδελφος, ὁ, (ψευδής, ἀδελφός) a false brother:
a pretended Christian. [α]

ψευδ-ἄμαμαξ, vos, ὁ, (ψευδής, ἀμάμαξ) a false,
barren vine. [μῦμ]

ψευδ-ἀπόστολος, ὁ, (ψευδής, ἀπόστολος) a false
apostle.

Ψευδ-ἀρτάβας, (ψευδής, ἀρτάβη) Comic name of a
mock-Persian in Aristophanes, literally, False-meas-
ure: see ἀρτάβη.

ψευδ-ἀτράφαξ, vos, ἡ, (ψευδής, ἀτράφαξ) false
orach, Comic name of a plant in Aristophanes.

ψευδ-Ἀττικῆς, ἡ, ὄν, (ψευδής, Ἀττικῆς) false
siam Attic.

ψευδ-αὐτόμολος, ὁ, ἡ, (ψευδής, αὐτόμολος) a dishonest
deserter.

ψευδ-ἐνέδρα, ἡ, (ψευδής, ἐνέδρα) a sham embuscade.

ψεύδο, Ep. imperat. of ψεύδομαι.

ψευδογγορέω, f. ἥσω, to speak falsely or untruly, to
lie. From

ψευδ-ηγῳρός, ον, (ψευδής, ἡγορέω) false-speaking.

ψευδη-λογέω, f. ἥσω, = ψευδολογέω.

ψευδής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ψεύδομαι) lying, false, untrue,
i.e. mendax, falsus, opp. to ἀληθής; ψευδῆς φαίνε-
σθαι to be detected in falsehood:—as Subst. ψευδής,
ὁ, a liar: ψευδῆ, τὰ, falsehoods:—ψευδεῖς λόγοι fal-
lacies. II. pass. belied, deceived. III. Att.

iteg. Sup. ψευδίστατος, ἡ, ον, most lying: as Subst.,
ψευδίστατος, ὁ, an arch-liar.

ψεύδης, ios, ὁ, ἡ, ποῖτ. for ψευδής.

ψευδο-βοήθεια, ἡ, (ψευδής, βοήθεια) pretended help.

ψευδο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (ψευδής, διδάσκαλος) a false
teacher.

ψευδο-κήρυξ, ὁ, (ψευδής, κήρυξ) a false or
lying herald.

ψευδο-κλητεία γρ -κλητεία, ἡ, (ψευδής, κλητεῖω) a false citation or summons, false indorsement of a summons, as if the indorser had witnessed the service of it; γραφή ψευδοκλητείας a prosecution for such false indorsement.

ψευδο-λίτρος, ον, (ψευδής, λίτρον) Att. for ψευδολίτρος, made from adulterated soda.

ψευδολογέω, f. ἥσω, (ψευδολόγος) to speak falsely, spread false reports. Hence

ψευδολογία, ἡ, a false speech, falsehood, false report.

ψευδο-λόγος, ον, (ψευδής, λέγω) speaking falsely.

ψευδο-μάντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ψευδής, μάντις) a false, lying prophet.

ψευδομαρτυρέω, f. ἥσω, to be a false witness, bear false witness. Hence

ψευδομαρτυρία, ἡ, false witness, a bearing false witness, perjury: mostly in plur., ψευδομαρτυριῶν ἀλῶναι to be convicted of perjury.

ψευδομαρτυρίου δίκη, (ψευδής, μαρτύριον) an action for false witness or perjury, only used in gen.

ψευδο-μάρτυς, ὅδε, ὁ, (ψευδής, μάρτυς) a false witness.

ψευδο-νίτρος, ον, (ψευδής, νίτρον) see ψευδολίτρος.

ψευδο-νύμφευτος, ον, (ψευδής, νυμφεύω) falsely wedded; ψευδονύμφευτος γάμος a pretended marriage.

ψευδο-παρθένος, ἡ, (ψευδής, παρθένος) a pretended maid or virgin.

ψευδο-ποιός, ὄν, (ψευδός, ποιέω) framing lies.

ψευδο-προφήτης, ου, ὁ, (ψευδής, προφήτης) a false or lying prophet.

ψευδορκέω, f. ἥσω, (ψευδορκος) to swear falsely, be false sworn.

ψευδ-όρκιος, ον, (ψευδής, ὄρκιον) perjured, forsworn.

ψευδ-όρκος, ον, (ψευδής, ὄρκος) = ψευδόρκιος.

ψεύδος, εως, τό Ep. dat. pl. ψεύδεσσι. (ψεύδω) a lie, falsehood, untruth: a fraud, deceit. II. a pimple on the nose.

ψευδοστομέω, f. ἥσω, to speak falsely, lie. From

ψευδο-στομος, ον, (ψευδής, στόμα) speaking falsely.

ψευδο-φήμις, ον, (ψευδής, φήμη) of false augury or divination.

Ψευδo-χρiστος, ὁ, (ψευδής, Χριστός) a false Christ.

ΨΕΥΔΩ, f. ψεύσω: aor. I ἔψευσα: Pass., aor. I ἐψεύσθην: pf. ἔψευσαι:—to cheat or impose upon by lies, to beguile, defraud: c. gen. to cheat of a thing; ἐψεύσας με ἐλπίδος ἔβου βαστ defrauded me of my hope:—Pass. ψεύδομαι, to be cheated, to be disappointed or deceived; ψευδοῦμαι δειπνῶν to be cheated of a supper; ἐψευσμένοι τῆς τῶν Ἀθηναίων δυνάμεως deceived in their notions of the Athenian power: absol. to be mistaken, be false; ἡ τρίτη τῶν ὁδῶν μάλαστα ἐψεύσται the third mode of explanation is most untrue.

II. c. acc. rei, to represent a thing as a lie or deception. a. to falsify: Pass., ἡ ψευσθεῖσα ὑπόσχεται the promise broken.

Dep. ψεύδομαι, f. ψεύσομαι: aor. I ἐψεύσαμην: pf. pass. ἔψευσμαι in act. sense:—absol. to lie, speak

false, play false. 2. generally, to be false or faithless, to be perjured or forsworn. II. to belie, falsify; ὅρκια ψεύσασθαι to falsify or break the oaths; οὐκ ἐψεύσαντο τὰς ἀπειλὰς they did not belie, i. e. they made good, their threats; τὰ χρήματα ἐψευσμένοι ἦσαν they had broken their word about the money. III. to belie or deceive by lies, cheat, impose upon.

ψευδ-ώνυμος, ον, (ψευδής, ὄνομα Aedl. for ὄνομα) under a false name, falsely called. Adv. -μως.

ψευδώς, Adv. of ψευδής, falsely, untruthy.

ψευσι-στύξ, ὅγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ψεύσις, στυγέω) bating falsehood and fraud.

ψεῦσμα, τό, (ψεύδω) a lie, untruth, fraud.

ψευστός, f. ἥσω, to be a liar: to lie, cheat, play false. From

ψεῦστης, ου, ὁ, (ψεύδω) a liar, cheat. 2. also as Adj., like ψευδής, lying, false.

ψεφηνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψέφος) dark, obscure: metaph. obscure, base, mean.

ΨΕΦΟΣ, εως, τό, darkness, smoke, mist.

ψέω, Ion. form for ψάω.

ψῆ, 3 sing. pres. of ψάω; but ψῆ, Ep. for ἔψη, 3 sing. impf.

ψῆγμα, ατος, τό, (ψῆχω) that which is rubbed or scraped off, shavings, Lat. ramentum; ψῆγμα χρυσοῦ gold-dust; and so absol. ψῆγμα, gold-dust.

ψηκτήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, and ψηκτρα, ἡ, (ψη-ω) an instrument for scraping off, a scraper, strigil.

ψηλαφάω, f. ἥσω, (ψάω) to feel, grope one's way, like a blind man; χερσὶ ψηλαφῶν (Ep. for -άων) feeling one's way with one's hands: c. acc. to feel for, grope after. III to feel, stroke, Lat. palpare, melleare. Hence

ψηλάφημα, ατος, τό, a touch: a caress. [λῆ]

ψηλαφῶν, Ep. part. of ψηλαφάω.

ΨΗΝ, ψηνός, ὁ, the gall-insect, which lives in the fruit of the wild-fig (δλυνθος) and male palm. Hence

ψηνίζω, f. ἴσω, to hang wild figs (δλυνθοί) on the cultivated tree, in order that the gall-insects (ψηνές) passing from the former may puncture the fruit of the latter. II. to write a play called the Ψήνης, as the Comic poet Magnes had done.

ψηνός Dor. φανός, ὁ, like ψευδός or ψιλός, = φαλκρός, a bald-head.

ψηξίς, εως, ἡ, (ψηχω) a rubbing or scraping: the currying of a horse.

ψῆρ, gen. ψηρός, ὁ, Ion. for ψάρ (q. v.), a starling.

ψησσα Att. ψῆττα, ἡ, a kind of flat-fish, such as a plaice, sole, or turbot, Lat. rhombus.

ψηφίδο-φόρος, ον, (ψηφίς, φέρω) giving one's vote, entitled to vote.

ψηφίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to count or reckon. II.

Med. ψηφίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι: aor. I ἐψηφίσαμην: pf. pass. ἐψηφίσμαι: (ψηφός):—to give one's vote with a pebble, which was thrown into the voting-urn; ψηφίζεσθαι ἐς ὕδριαν to throw one's ballot into the urn: generally, to vote, Lat. suffragari.

ψηφίζεσθαι τινι *to vote for* any one. 2. c. acc. *to vote for, adjudge* a thing *by vote*, ψηφίζεσθαι τινι τὸν πλοῦν *to vote him the voyage*; also, *to decide by vote*, *to vote*: κλήρῳ τινι ψηφίζεσθαι *to adjudge the inheritance to* one. 3. c. inf. *to vote or resolve to do something*: the aor. ἱ ἐψηφίσθην, and sometimes pf. ἐψηφίσμαι, are used in pass. sense, *to be voted, adjudged or decided by vote*; τοῖς στρατηγοῖς εἰ του προσδέονται ψηφισθῆναι *that anything which they wanted should be voted to the generals*.

ψηφίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ψηφός) *a small stone: a pebble for counting*, Lat. calculus.

ψηφισμα, ατος, τό, (ψηφίζομαι) *a proposition carried by vote*: at Athens, *a measure passed in the popular assembly* (ἐκκλησία), *a vote, decree*; ψηφισμα γράφειν *to move such a measure in the ἐκκλησία*, propose *a vote*. ψηφισμα καθαιρεῖν *to rescind a vote*.

ψηφισμάτω-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (ψηφισμα, πωλέω) *one who drives a traffic in acts or statutes*.

ψηφο-ποιός, ὁ, (ψηφος, ποιέω) *a making or tampering with votes*

ψηφός Dor. ψάφος, ἡ, (ψάω, ψέω) *a small stone, a small round stone, found in river beds, a pebble*. II.

a pebble used for reckoning, a counter, Lat. calculus: —in plur. accounts, καθαροὶ ψηφοὶ *an exact balance*.

2. in Att. *a pebble used in voting*, which was thrown into the voting-urn (ὕδρια), *the vote itself*; ψηφον φέρειν *to give one's vote* Lat. suffragium. 3. *to vote*; ψηφον κρίνειν, διακρίνειν *to determine by vote*; also *that which is carried by vote, a vote of the assembly*; ψηφός καταγνώσεως *a vote of condemnation*: hence *any resolution or decree*. The

ψηφός 'Αθηνᾶς, calculus Minervae, was a proverbial phrase to express acquittal when the votes were even; because Minerva interfered to procure the acquittal of Orestes, when the judges were equally divided. The voting by ψηφός, ballot, was different from that by κύματος, lot; the former being used in trials, the latter in the election of various officers.

The ψηφοὶ of condemnation or acquittal were sometimes distinguished by the former being bored (τετραπημέναι), the latter whole (πλήρεις). 3. *the place of voting* (as πεσσοί is used for the place of play).

ψήχω, f. ξω, from ψάω, (as νήχω from νωω, *to rub down, curry a horse*. II. *to rub down, wear away*.

ΨΙΑΖΩ Dor. ψιάδδω, fut. άσω, *to play, sport, dance, be merry*.

ψιάθος Ion. ψέθος ἡ, *a covering of rushes or reeds, a rush mat*.

ψιάθως, Dor. acc. pl. of ψιάθος.

ψιάς, άδος, ἡ, (ψίαω) like ψακίς or ψεκάς, *a drop*: in plur. *a shower of drops, small rain*.

ΨΙΖΩ f. ψίσω: pf. pass. ἐψισμαι:—*to feed on* rap.

ψιθύριζω Dor. ψιθυρίδω: fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: (ψιθύρος):—*to whisper, speak in a low tone*: also *to*

mutter, mumble. 2. of any whispering noise as of trees, *to rustle*.

ψιθύρισμα, ατος, τό, (ψιθύριζω) *a whispering, rustling*.

ψιθύριμος, ὁ, (ψιθυρίζω) *a whispering*. 2. *a whispering of slander, slander*.

ψιθύριστής, ου, ὁ, (ψιθυρίζω) *a whisperer*. 2. *a tale-bearer, slanderer*.

ψιθύρος, ὢν, *whispering*. 2. *whispering, slanderous*. (Formed from the sound.)

ψιλο-μετρία, ἡ, (ψιλός, μέτρον) *heroic poetry as not being accompanied by music*, opp. to lyric.

ΨΙΛΟ΄Σ, ἡ, ὢν, *bare, naked*: c. gen. *stript bare of a thing*: of land, *without trees*, ψιλὴ ἀρουρα *a bare corn-field* (without trees); *τεδον μέγα τε καὶ ψιλὸν* *a campaign country of large extent and without trees*; full, γῆ ψιλὴ *denuded land bare of trees*.

II. of animals, *stript of hair, feathers, etc.*, bald, Lat. calvus; ἰβις ψιλὴ κεφαλὴν *the ibis without feathers on the head*. 2. generally, *unclad, uncovered, bare*: c. gen., ψιλὴ σώματος οὕσα ἡ ψυχὴ *the soul being divested of the body*; ψιλὴ τρόπις *the bare keel with the planks torn from it*; ψιλὴ θρίδαξ *a lettuce with the side leaves pulled off*. III.

in Att. Prose, as a military term, οἱ ψιλοὶ (sc. τῶν ὅπλων) *soldiers without heavy armour, light troops*, such as archers, slingers, etc., opp. to ὀπλίται; ψιλὸς ἵππος *a horse without housings*: generally, *unarmed, defenceless*.

IV. ψιλὸς λόγος *language without accompaniments or accessories*, prose, as opp. to poetry: also of a speech, *unsupported by evidence*.

2. ψιλὴ ποίησις *poetry without singing or music*, Ἔρις poetry, as opp. to Lyric; cf. ψιλομετρία.

ψιλόω, f. ὥσω: pf. pass. ἐψιλώμαι: (ψιλός):—*to strip bare, to make bald*:—Pass. *to become bald*. II.

c. gen. *to strip bare of a thing*; ψιλοῦν τινα τὰ πλείστα τῆς δυνάμειος *to strip one of the chief part of his power*: generally, *to leave naked or defenceless*.

2. *to strip one thing off another*: pf. pass. part., κρέα ἐψιλωμένα τῶν ὀστέων *the flesh stripped from the bones*.

ψιλόω, Adv. of ψιλός, simply, merely, only.

ψιμβιον, ψιμίθιος, etc., later forms for ψιμβιον, etc. ψιμύθιον or ψιμυθιον, later also ψιμίθιον, τό: (ψιμύθος):—*white lead*, Lat. cerussa, used as a pigment, esp. to whiten the skin of the face. Hence

ψιμυθίω, f. ὥσω, *to paint with white lead*: Med. ψιμυθιούσθαι τὸ πρόσωπον *to apply a pigment of white lead to one's face*.

ΨΙΜΤ΄ΘΟΣ, ὁ, radic. form of ψιμύθιον, *white lead*.

ψιν, Dor. for σφιν, as πέ for σπέ.

ΨΙΞ, δ and ἡ, gen. ψιχός: nom. pl. ψιχες: *a crumb, morsel, bit*.

ψιπτά, = σίττα, a drover's or shepherd's cry, 'sit.'

ψιπτάκος, ὁ, or ψιπτάκη ἡ, *a parrot*. (Foreign word.)

ψιχλον, τό, Dim. of ψίξ, *a crumb of bread*.

ψῖω, aor. I ἔψισα, = ψίζω.

ψογερός, ἄ, ὄν, (ψόγος) fond of blaming, censorious.

ψόγιος, α, ὄν, blaming, fond of blaming. From

ψόγος, ὁ, (ψέγω) blame, censure.

ψολόεις, εσσα, εν, (ψολός) sooty, smoky: of the thunderbolt, smouldering.

ψολο-κομπία, ἡ, (ψολός, κομπέω) talk that ends in smoke: empty noise and fury.

ΨΟΛΟΣ, ὁ, soot, smoke.

ψοφέω, f. ἥσω: pf. ἐψόφηκα: (ψόφος):—to make a noise or din, Lat. strepere, of the creaking or sound made in opening a door; εἰ αἱ θύραι νύκτωρ ψοφοῖεν if the doors were heard to open at night, Lat. si crepissent fores.

ψοφο-δέης, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ψόφος, δέος) frightened at every noise. Adv. —εῷς, timidly.

ψοφο-μήδης, ἐς, gen. εὖς, (ψόφος, μῆδος) caring for noise, noisy, uproarious.

ΨΟΦΟΣ, ὁ, any inarticulate sound, as—opp. to φωνή: a noise, sound, Lat. strepitus: the sound of a door opening. 2. a mere sound, empty sound or noise; τοῦ σοῦ ψόφου οὐκ ἂν στραφεῖν I would not heed your noise; ψόφοι mere sounds without sense.

ψοφ-ώδης, ἐς, (ψόφος, εἶδος) noisy, ranting. ψυγῖναι, aor. 2 pass. of ψύχω.

ψυγῖσμαι, fut. pass. of ψύχω.

ψυδός, ἡ, ὄν, = ψυδρός.

ψυδρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ψύθος, ψεύδομαι) with collat. form ψυδύς, lying untrue.

ψυθής, ἐς, (ψύθος) = ψευδής, lying, false.

ψυθός, εὖς, τό, collat. form for ψεύδης, a lie. [ῥ]

ψυκτήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (ψύχω) a wine-cooler. II. in

plur. of ψυκτήρες cool shady places.

ψυκτήριον, τό, (ψυκτήρ) a cool shady place.

ψυκτήριος, α, ὄν, (ψυκτήρ) cooling, shady.

ΨΥΤΑΛΛΑ, ἡς, ἡ, a flea, Lat. pulx.

ψύλλον, τό, (ψύλλα) flea-word.

ψύλλο-τοξότης, ου, ὁ, (ψύλλα, τοξότης) a flea-archer, flea-knight, formed like ἱπποτοξότης, Comic word in Lucian.

ψύζασα, aor. I part. fem. of ψύχω.

ψύζει, εὖς, ἡ, (ψύχει) a cooling: a becoming cold.

ψύττα, = ψίττα, σίττα.

ψύχ-αγωγέω, f. ἥσω, (ψυχαγωγός) to be a conductor of the dead, to lead departed souls to the nether world, esp. of Hermes. II. to evoke or conjure up the dead by sacrifice. 2. metaph. to win or attract the souls of the living, to win over, persuade: mostly in bad sense, to lead away, seduce, delude. Hence

ψυχαγωγία, ἡ, an evoking of souls from the nether world. 2. metaph. a winning of men's souls, persuasion.

ψυχ-αγωγός, ὄν, (ψυχή, ἄγω) leading departed souls to the nether world, as epith. of Mercury, like ψυχοπομπός. II. conjuring up the dead, evoking the dead: as Subst., ψυχαγωγός, ὁ, a necromancer.

ψυχ-ἁπάτης, ου, ὁ, (ψυχή, ἀπάτω) deluding the soul: in good sense, beguiling the weary soul, gladdening.

ψυχενός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψύχος) cooling, cool, fresh.

ψυχή, ἡ, (ψύχω) breath, Lat. anima, esp. as the sign of life, life, spirit; ψυχή τε μένος τε life and strength; ψυχή τε καὶ αἰὼν spirit and life, etc.; ποιήν της Διόσπου ψυχῆς ἀνελεσθαι to take revenge for the life of Aesop; ψυχήν παρθέμενος staking or risking one's life; so, μάχεσθαι, θέειν περί ψυχῆς to fight, run for one's life. II. the soul of man, as opp. to the body: 1. in Homer, only a departed soul, spirit, ghost, which still retained the shape of its living owner. 2. generally, the soul or spirit of man, Lat. animus; ἀνθρώπου ψυχή θάνατός ἐστι the soul of man is immortal; hence ψυχή τινος is used for the man himself, e.g. ψυχῇ Ὀρέστου = Ὀρέστης: ψυχαὶ absol. = ἄνθρωποι, ψυχαὶ πολλὰί ἔθανον many souls perished: so in addressing persons, ὦ μελέα ψυχή O wretched being. 3. also as the seat of the will, desires, and passions, the soul, heart; ἐκ της ψυχῆς from the inmost soul, with all the heart: desire, appetite. III. the soul, mind, reason, understanding. Hence

ψυχῆιος, η, ὄν, having breath, alive, living.

ψυχίδιον, τό, Dim. of ψυχή, Lat. animula. [χ]

ψυκός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψυχή) of the soul or life. II.

mental, opp. to bodily. 2. concerned with this life

only, animal, natural, opp. to spiritual.

ψυχο-δαίκτης, ου, ὁ, (ψυχή, δαίω) destroying or

killing the soul.

ψυχο-δοτήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (ψυχή, δίδωμι) giver of the

soul or life.

ψυχο-λίπτης, ἐς, (ψυχή, λιπεῖν) left by the soul,

lifeless.

ψυχό-μαντις, εὖς, ὁ, (ψυχή, μάντις) one who con-

jurures up the souls of the dead to divine by them, a

necromancer.

ψυχο-μάχέω, f. ἥσω, (ψυχή, μάχομαι) to fight to

the last gasp, fight desperately.

ψυχο-πλάνης, ἐς, (ψυχή, πλανάω) perplexing or

misleading the soul.

ψυχο-πομπός, ὄν, (ψυχή, πέμπω) conducting souls

to the nether world, epith. of Charon, also of Mercury:

cf. ψυχαγωγός.

ψυχορραγία, f. ἥσω, to let the soul break loose, to

lie at the last gasp, be at the point of death, Lat. ani-

ma agere. From

ψυχορ-ράγῃς, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ψυχή, ραγῆναι) letting

the soul break loose, lying at the last gasp.

ψύχος, εὖς, τό, (ψύχω) coolness, cold, chill: cold,

frost, in pl. ψύχεα, extreme colds: also winter-time,

ἐν ψύχει in winter.

ψυχοσ-σός, ου, (ψυχή, σώω) saving the soul.

ψυχο-τάκης, ἐς, (ψυχή, τακῆναι) melting the soul.

ψυχάω, f. ὥσω, (ψυχή) to give soul or life, to animate.

ψυχο-βαφής, ἐς, (ψυχρός, βαφῆναι) dyed in cold

water, like red-hot iron.

ψυχρο-δόχος, *ov*, (φυκρός, δέχομαι) *receiving what is cold*; οἶκος ψυχροδόχος *the cold-bath room*.

ψυχρο-λογία, *ή*, (ψυχρός, λέγω) *the use of frigid phrases, exaggeration*.

ψυχρο-πότης, *ov*, *δ*, (ψυχρός, πο- Root of some tenses of πίνω) *a cold-water drinker*.

ψυχρός, *ά*, *όν*, (ψύχαι) *cold, chill*, Lat. *frigidus*: τὸ ψυχρόν (*sc. ὕδωρ*) *cold water*, Lat. *gelida* (*sc. aqua*); ψυχρῷ λούνται *they bathe in cold water*:—τὸ ψυχρὸν also = ψύχος, *cold*.

II. metaph. *cold, vain, fruitless, unreal*; ψυχρὰ νίκη *a delusive victory*; also *chilling, horrible*. 2. of persons, *cold-hearted, heartless, spiritless, indifferent*. 3. of exaggerated phrases, *cold, frigid*. Hence

ψυχρότης, *ητος*, *ή*, *coldness, chill*. II. metaph. of persons, *coldness of heart, indifference*. 2. of phrases, *frigidity*.

ψυχρῶς, *ή*, *ώσω*, (ψυχρός) *to make cold*:—Pass. to grow cold or cool.

ψυχρῶς, Adv. of ψυχρός, *coldly, frigidly*.

ΨΥΧΩ [ψ], *ή*, *ψύξω*: aor. I ἐψύξα: Pass., aor. I ἐψύχην: aor. 2 ἐψύχην and ἐψύχην [ψ]:—*to breathe, blow*; ἡκα μάλα ψύξατο *breathing very faintly*. II. *to make cool or cold*: hence *to refresh, recruit*. 2. Pass. *to grow cool or cold*.

ψυλλός, (ψάω) *δ*, *one circumcised*. 2. *a lewd fellow*.

ψωμιζω, *ή*, *ίσω* Att. *ώ*: (ψωμός):—*to feed by putting little bits into the mouth*, as nurses do children: hence *to pamper, feed, fatten*.

ψωμιόν, τό, Dim. of ψωμός, *a morsel, crumb*. ψωμός, *ού*, *δ*, (ψάω) *a bit, morsel, scrap*, esp. of meat or bread; ψωμοί ἀνδρόμοι *gobbets of man's flesh*.

ψώρα Ion. ψάρη, *ή*, (ψάω) *a cutaneous disease, the itch, scab or mange*, Lat. *scabies*.

ψωρῆλεός, *α*, *ον*, (ψάρα) *scabby, mangy*.

ψάχω Ion. σάχω, (ψάω) *to rub in pieces, rub*.

*ψάω, collat. form of ψάω, *to rub, rub in pieces*.

Ω

Ω, *ω*, *ώ* μέγα, twenty-fourth letter of the Greek Alphabet: as a numeral *ω* = 800, but *ω* = 800,000. The name of *ώ* μέγα, *great or long* *ω*, was given to distinguish it from the *δ* μικρόν *little or short* *ο*. It was not introduced as a written character at Athens till the Archonship of Euclides, see H, η.

Changes of *ω* in the dialects: I. Ion. sometimes for *α*, as ἀνθρώπος ὤριστος for ἀνθρώπος ἄριστος. II. Ion. also for *αυ*, as θῶμα τῶμα for θαῖμα τραῦμα.

III. Aeol. and Dor., *ω* is often put for *οὔ*, as ὠρανός Μῶσα κῶρος λιπῶσα for οὐρανός Μοῦσα κόυρος λιπούσα; also in genit. sing. and acc. pl. of 2nd decl., as, βροτῶ βροτῶς for βροτοῦ βροτοῦς.

IV. Dor. *ω* into *ά*, as πῶτος πῶτιστος θεῶρος; and so the

gen. plur. of first decl. *ων* becomes *ῶν*, as Μουσῶν for Μουσῶν.

ὦ and ῶ, an exclamation, expressing surprise, joy or pain, like our *O! oh!* 2. with the vocative it is a mere address, less emphatic than the Engl. *O!* As an exclamation it is written *ῶ*, as an address *ὦ*.

ῶα or ῶά *ή*, (ὄω) *a sheepskin with the wool on, a garment made of it*. 2. *the edge or skirt of a garment*.

Ὠδῖον [γ], *ωνος*, *δ*, poet. for Ὠρίων. Hence Ὠδῖόνεος, *α*, *ον*, of Orion.

ὦας, *ατος*, τό, Dor. for ὄωας, *ὄω*, *the ear*.

ὦγαθέ, with apostroph. ἄγαθ', contr. for ὦ ἄγαθέ.

ὦγμός, *ού*, *δ*, (ὦγία) *a crying oh!*

Ὠγυγία, *ή*, Ogygia, a fabulous island in the Mediterranean, the abode of Calypso. II. the oldest name of Egypt.

Ὠγυγίος, *α*, *ον*, Att. also *ος*, *ον*, Ogygian, of or from Ogyges, an Attic king of the earliest times: hence *primeval, primal*. [γ]

ὦδᾶς, Dor. for ὦδῆς, gen. of ὦδή.

ὦδε Att. ὦδί, from ὦδε, demonstr. Adv., I. of Manner, in this wise, so, thus, also so very, so exceedingly: as opp. to οὕτω it refers to what follows, in the following way, as follows; ὦδ' ἡμεῖς ποτε he answered in the following terms. 2. c. gen., ὦδε γένους thus off for family. II. of Place, *hither, here*.

ὦδε, 3 sing. impf. of οἰδέω.

ὦδειον, τό, (ὦδή) *the Odæum*, a public building at Athens built by Pericles for musical performances, but commonly used as a law-court.

ὦδή, *ή*, contr. for δοῦδή, (δεῖδα, δῖδα) *a song, lay, ode, strain*: in plur. lyric poetry.

ὦδήκαυτ, Dor. for ὦδήκασι, 3 pl. pf. of οἰδέω.

ὦδί, Att. strengthd. form of ὦδε. [γ]

ὦδικός, *ή*, *όν*, (ὦδή) *fond of singing, musical*. Adv.

-κῶς, musically, in good time or harmony.

ὦδῖνας, acc. pl. of ὦδῖς.

ὦδῖνω [γ], *ή*, *ίνω*: aor. I ὦδινα: (ὦδῖς):—*to have the pains or throes of childbirth, to be in travail or labour*: c. acc. *to be in travail of a child*; metaph. of a bee, κηρίον ὦδῖνευ *to be in labour with honey*. 2. of any great pain, *to be in travail, to be in pangs or pains*. 3. *to work painfully or hard, to travail, labour with*, c. acc. 4. metaph. of the mind, *to be in the throes or agonies of thought*.

ὨΔΥΣ, *ῖνος*, *ή*, *the pain of childbirth, travail-pain*; mostly in plur. *the pangs or throes of labour*. 2. in sing. also *the fruit of travail or labour, a birth, child*.

II. generally, *travail, pain, distress*. (Akin to ὀδύνη.) ὦδο-ποιός, *ον*, (ὦδή. ποιέω) *making songs or odes*. ὦδος, *δ*, contr. for δοῦδης, *a singer, minstrel*. ὦδωτα, poet. for ὠδῶτα, 3 sing. plqpf. of ὠδεῖν. ὠδον. τό. = ὠδόν, *an ewg*.

ὠξῆσα, aor. I of ὠξω.

ὠξω, *to cry oh!* hence ὠγμός. (From ὦ or ῶ, as

οἰζῶν from οἶ. οἰμῶζω from οἰμοί.)

ώή, *π* call to another, *βοή* *holla!* Lat. *ohē!* *Deus!*
 ώήθην, aor. I pass. of *οἰομαι*.

ώθεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of *ώθειν*.

ώθειντο, Dor. for *ώθοντο*, 3 pl. impf. med. of

ἴσθην, impf. *έωθουν*: fut. *ώθήσω* and *ώσω*: aor. I

έωσα Ion. and Ep. *ώσα*: pf. *έωκα*: Pass., aor. I *έω-*

σθη: pf. *έωσμαι* Ion. *ώσμαι*:—Ion. 3 sing. impf.

ώθεσκε, 3 sing. aor. I *ώσασκε*:—to thrust, push, shove,

force away or from a place; *έκ μηρού δόρυ ώσε* be

forced the spear from the thigh; *έξίφος άψ ές κουλεόν*

ώσε be thrust back the sword into its sheath: to push

or force back in battle; *ώσαι έαυτόν ές τό πυρ* to rush

into the fire; *ώσαι τήν θύραν* to force the door: to

break open, force a passage: metaph. to hurry,

push on; *ώθειν τά πρήγματα* to push matters on:—

absol. to push off from land:—Pass. to be thrust or

pushed away: also to force one's way:—Med. to thrust

or push from oneself, push or force back.

ώθίζω, f. *ίσω*, = *ώτέω*, to thrust or push on:—Pass.

and Med. to push against one another, struggle; metaph.

to be in hot dispute, Lat. *altercari*. Hence

ώθισμός, *δ*, a thrusting, pushing; a struggling,

wrestling: metaph., *ώθισμός λόγων* a struggle of

words, a hot debate.

ώγνυντο, Ep. for *ώγνυντο*, 3 pl. impf. pass. of *ώγνυμι*.

ώλετο, Ep. for *ώλετο*, 3 sing. impf. of *οἰομαι*. [*ί*]

ώλειαι, Ep. for *οἴλαι*, inf. of *οἶονυμι*.

ώλεξ, *ώλεξ*, Ep. for *ώλεξ*, *ώλεξ*, 3 sing. and 3 pl.

aor. I act. of *οἶονυμι*.

ώλεσην, Ep. aor. I of *οἶομαι*.

ώκα, poet. Adv. of *ώκύν*, quickly, swiftly, fast.

ώκίλιος, *η*, on, later *Έρ*. form for *ώκύν*.

ώκεια, Ep. and Ion. for *ώκεία*, fem. from *ώκυν*.

Ἰκεαίνην, *ή*, (*Ἰκεανύς*) daughter of Ocean, an

Ocean-nymph. [*ί*]

Ἰκεαίνης, *ίδοα*, *ή*, (*Ἰκεανύς*) daughter of Ocean

Ἰκεαίνονδης, Adv. to the ocean or sea. From

Ἰκεαίνος, *οὔ*, *δ*, *Oceanos*, acc. to Hesiod, son of

Uranos and Gaia, the source of all smaller waters:

ώκν-δήκτωρ, *δρος*, *δ*, (*ώκύν*, *δέκνω*) *bilinge eharply*.

ώκν-βύδακτος, *ον*, (*ώκύν*, *βύδακτω*) *quickly taught*.

ώκν-δίνητος Dor. -δίνωτος, *ον*, (*ώκύν*, *δίνω*) *quick-*

whirling. [*ί*]

ώκν-δρόμος, *ον*, *δ*, = *ώκνδρόμος*.

ώκν-δρόμος, *ον*, (*ώκύν*, *δρεμίν*) *swift-running*.

ώκν-επής, *ές*, gen. *έος*, (*ώκύν*, *έπος*) *quick-speaking*.

ώκν-θοος, *ον*, also *η*, *ον*, (*ώκύν*, *θέω*) *swift-running*.

ώκν-μάχος [*ά*], *ον*, (*ώκύν*, *μάχομαι*) *quick to fight*.

ώκν-μορος, *ον*, (*ώκύν*, *μόρος*) *short-lived, dying*

early: Sup., *ώκνμωράτατος*. II. act. bringing

a quick or early death.

ώκν-πέτης, *ου*, *δ*, (*ώκύν*, *ΠΕΤ-* Root of *πέτω*)

quick-flying.

ώκν-πλάνος, *ον*, (*ώκύν*, *πλάνη*) *quick-wandering*.

ώκν-πλος, *ον*, (*ώκύν*, *πλέω*) *fast-sailing*.

ώκν-πόδης, *ου*, *δ*, poet. for *ώκνπους*, *swift-footed*.

ώκν-ποινος, *ον*, (*ώκύν*, *ποινή*) *quickly-avenged*.

ώκν-πομπος, *ον*, (*ώκύν*, *πέμπω*) *swift-conveying*

ώκν-πορος, *ον*, (*ώκύν*, *πόρος*) *swift-passing*.

ώκν-πος, *ον*, collat. form of *ώκνπους*. [*ύ*]

ώκν-πους, *δ*, *ή*, -*πων*, *τό*, gen. -*ποδος* (*ώκύν*, *πούς*),

swift-footed, fleet of foot.

ώκν-πτερος, *ον*, (*ώκύν*, *πτερόν*) *swift-winged, swift-*

flying; τὰ *ώκνπτερα* the long quill-feathers in a

wing.

ώκν-ρός, *ου*, *δ* Dor. -*ρός*, = *ώκύνρος*.

ώκν-ροος, *ον*, (*ώκύν*, *ρέω*) *swift-flowing*.

ώκύν [*ύ*], *ώκεία*, *ώκύν*, gen. *ώκύνος*, *είας*, *έος*, Ep. fem

ώκεία:—*quick, swift, fleet, speedy*. Adv. *ώκύνως*, but

more commonly *ώκα*, *swiftly, fleetly*.—Comp. and Sup.

ώκύντερος, *ώκύντατος*: irreg. *ώκύνον*, gen. *ονος* (like

Lat. *ocyon, ocyus*), *ώκύντος*. (Akin to *όξύς*.)

ώκν-σκοπος, *ον*, (*ώκύν*, *σκοπέω*) *quick-aiming*.

ώκύντης, *ητος*, *ή*, (*ώκύν*) *quickness, swiftness, fleetness,*

speed. [*ύ*]

ώκντόκειος or -τόκιος, *ον*, *belonging to or pro-*

moting a quick and easy birth: τὸ *ώκντόκειον* (sc. *φάρ-*

μακον) a medicine to cause easy delivery. From

ώκν-τόκος, *ον*, (*ώκύν*, *τεκείν*) *causing quick and*

easy birth of a river, *fertilising*: τὸ *ώκντόκον* a *quick*

and easy birth.

ώλεξ, *ακος*, *ή*, Dor. for *αὔλαξ*.

ώλάφιον, contr. for *ώ έλάφιον*.

ώλε-κράνον, *τό*, properly *ώλενό-κρανον*, = *ώλενης*

κράνον, the point of the elbow: also *ώλέκρανον*.

Ἰλαενη, *ή*, the elbow, or rather the arm from the

elbow to the wrist, the lower arm, Lat. *ulna*: gene-

rally, an arm; *περί ώλένας δέρα βάλλειν* to throw

one's arms round a person's neck.

ώλεσα, aor. I of *έλλυμι*.

ώλεσι-βωλος, *ον*, (*έλλυμι*, *βώλος*) *crushing clods of*

earth.

ώλεσι-καρπος, *ον*, (*έλλυμι*, *καρπός*) of a tree, *losing*

its fruit, i. e. *shedding its fruit before it is ripe*.

ώλεσι-οίκος, *ον*, (*έλλυμι*, *οἶκος*) *destroying or ruin-*

ing the house.

ώλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of *έλλυμι*.

ῥλισθον, aor. 2 of ῥλισθάνω.
ῥλισθηκα, pf. of ῥλισθάνω.
ῥλλος, ῥλλοι, Ion. for ῥ ῥλλος, οἱ ῥλλοι.
ῥλξ, ῥ, poet. contr. for ῥλαξ, αῦλαξ, a *furrow*:
mostly used in acc. ῥλακ.

ῥλόμην, aor. 2 med. of ῥλλνμ.
ῥμ-αχθῆς, ἐς, (ῥμός, ἀχθος) *heavy to the shoulders*.
ῥμες, Dor. for ῥμεν, 1 pl. pres. subj. of ἐμῇ sum.
ῥμ-ηστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ῥμός, ἐσθλῶ) as masc. Adj. *eating raw flesh* also with a fem. Subst., Ἐχιδνα ῥμ-ηστής.

II. generally, *savage, brutal*.

ῥμαι, pf. pass. of ῥράω, formed from *ῥττομαι.
ῥμο-βοέος or -βείος, α, ον, (ῥμός, βοῦς) of *raw, unripened ox-bide*:—as Subst., ῥμοβοείη (sc. δορά), ῥ, α *raw ox-bide*, like λεοντέη, etc.: but, ῥμοβοείον (sc. κρέας), τό, *raw ox-flesh*.

ῥμο-βοεύς, ἐως, ὁ, (ῥμός, βοῦς) as masc. Adj. of *raw ox-bide*: acc. pl. ῥμοβοεῖς.

ῥμο-βόϊνος, ῥ, ον, like ῥμοβοέος, of *raw ox-bide*.
ῥμο-βρώς, ῥτος, ὁ, ῥ, (ῥμός, βιβρώσκω) *eating raw flesh*.

ῥμο-βρωτος, ον, (ῥμός, βιβρώσκω) *eaten raw*.
ῥμο-γέρων, οντος, ὁ, ῥ, (ῥμός, γέρον) *a fresh, active old man*, a *man in a green old age*; cp. Virgil's *cruda viridique senectus*.

ῥμο-δᾶκῆς, ἐς, (ῥμός, δακεῖν) *fiercely stung or fiercely stinging*.

ῥμο-δροπος, ον, (ῥμός, δρέπω) *plucked unripe*; νόμ-μα ῥμδροπος the *rights of the marriage-bed*.

ῥμο-θετός, f. ῥσω, (ῥμός, τίθημι):—in sacrificing, to *place the raw pieces* cut from a victim on the thigh-bones (μηρία) wrapped in the fat (ῥημός): also in Med.

ῥμο-θύμος, ον, (ῥμός, θυμός) *savage-bearded*.
ῥμοι, not ῥμοι, —ᾶ μοι, ab me, *woe's me*, Lat. *bei mihi*.

ῥμο-κράτης, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (ῥμός, κράτος) *strong-shouldered*, or (ῥμός, κράτος) of *savage strength*.

ῥμολογημένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of ῥμολογέω, *confessedly, without contradiction*.

ῥμο-πλάτη, ῥ, (ῥμός, πλάτη) *the shoulder-blade*, mostly in plur. ῥμοπλάται, αἱ, Lat. *scapulae*. [ᾶ
ῥΜΟΞ, ὁ, *the shoulder with the upper part of the arm*, *the shoulder*, Lat. *umerus*; φέρειν ῥμοις to *bear on one's shoulders*; ῥμοισι τοῖς ἐμοῖσι *by the strength of mine arms*: also of animals, as of a lion: of a horse, like Lat. *armus*.

ῥΜΟΞ, ῥ, ὁν, *raw, undressed*, Lat. *crudus*, esp. of *flesh*; ῥμὸν καταφαγεῖν τινα to *eat one raw*: of *food, undigested*. 2. *unripe, unseasonable*, properly of *fruits*: also of a man, ῥμὸν γήπας *an untimely old age*.

II. metaph. *savage, rude, cruel*. 2.

ῥμσθ, aor. I of ῥμνμ.
ῥμο-σίτος, ον, (ῥμός, σιτέομαι) *eating men raw*: hence *savage, ferocious*.

ῥμο-σπάρακτος, ον, (ῥμός, σπάρασσω) *torn in pieces raw*.

ῥμότης, ῥτος, ῥ, (ῥμός) *rawness, unripeness*. II. metaph. *savageness, cruelty*.

ῥμο-φάγος, ον, (ῥμός, φάγειν) *eating raw flesh*. I. ῥμόφαγος, ον, pass., *eaten raw, raw*.

ῥμο-φρων, ονος ὁ ῥ, (ῥμός, φρῆν) *savage-minded*. Adv. φρόνας.

ῥμωξ, aor. I of οἰμῶζω

ῥμώς, Adv. of ῥμός, *savagely*.

ῥν, Ion. for ὄν, now, *therefore*.—Herodotus often places this particle between a verb and its preposition, as, ἀπ' ὧν ἔδοντο for ἀπέδοντο ὧν.

ῥνα, ῥνάξ, poet. contr. for ῥ ἄνα, ᾶ ἄναξ.

ῥνάθηγ, Dor. for ἰνῆθηγ, aor. I pass. of ὀνίημι.

ῥνάμην, ῥνῶτο, I and 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ὀνίημι ἠ ἄνῶσα, Dor. aor. I of ὀνίημι.

ῥνεμος, Dor. contr. for ὀνεμος

ἄνέομαι contr. ἄννούμαι: fut. ἄνήσομαι: impf. ἔαννούμην Ion. ἄνέομην: aor. I ἔωνησάμην, pf. ἔωνμαι;

(but pf. part. ἔωνημένος, and 3 sing. plqpf. are also used in a pass. sense):—ἐπριάμην [ᾶ] is used as aor. 2

Ep. 3 sing. πριάτο: imperat. πρίατο, πρίω; subj. πρίαμαι; opt. πριαμην; inf. πρίασθαι; part. πριάμενος: (ῥνος): Dep.:—το *buy, purchase*, opp. to *πώλῃω*, *πε-πράσκα*, as Lat. *emere* to *vendere*; ἄνεῖσθαι τι παρὰ

τινος *to buy a thing from a person*: c. gen. preti. *for so much*, ἄνεῖσθαι δραχμῆς *to buy for a drachma*. 2.

to form public taxes or tolls. 3. in pres. and impf. *to wish or offer to buy*, hence *to bargain, bid for* a thing, Lat. *liceri*: hence *to buy off, effect a compromise by money*: hence *to bribe*. II. as Pass. *to be bought*. Hence

ῥνή, ῥ, (ῥνος) *a buying*, Lat. *emptio*, ῥνή καὶ πρᾶσι *buying and selling*. 2. *purchase, a bargain*: esp. *a contract for the farming of taxes*.

ῥνήμην, Ep. aor. 2 med. of ὀνίημι.

ῥνησα, aor. I of ὀνίημι.

ῥνητής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἄνέομαι) *a buyer*.

ῥνητός, ῥ, ὁν, also ὁς, ὁν, verb. Adj. of ἄνέομαι, *bought*. II. *to be bought, that may be bought*.

ῥνθρωπε, crasis for ῥ ἄνθρωπε.

ῥνθρωποι, Ion. crasis for οἱ ἄνθρωποι.

ῥντος, α, ον, (ῥνος) *to be bought for sale*, Lat. *venalis*; πῶς ὁ σίτος ῥντος; *how is corn selling? what is the market price?* τὰ ῥνια *goods for sale, market-wares*.

ῥνομα, ατος, τό, Aeol. for ῥνομα.

ῥνομάδατα, Ion. for ῥνομασμένοι εἶσιν, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ῥνομᾶω.

ῥΝΟΞ, ὁ, *a price, value, payment for a thing*.

a buying, like ῥνή. (Hence Lat. *venum*, as *vinum* from *olus*, *vinus* from *oikos*.)

ῥνσάμην, aor. I med. of ὀνομαι.

ῥνοχοί, 3 sing. impf. of οἰνοχοέω.

ῥνωμαι, pf. pass. of οἰνώω.

ῥξ, Dor. contr. for ὁ ξξ.

ῥξε, 3 sing. aor. I of οἰγνυμι.

ῥΟΝ, τό, *an egg*, Lat. *OVUM*.

ῥόπ, *a cry of the κελεστής to make the rowers stop pulling, avast!*

ἄπασα, aor. 1 of ὀπάω.

ἄπερ, Dor. for ὅπερ, Adv. *where*.

ἄπολλον, poet. crasis for ἄ'Απολλον.

ἄπόλλων, by crasis for δ' Ἀπόλλων.

ἄπόλοι, Dor. crasis for οἱ ἀπόλοι.

ἄπτα, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ὀράω.

ἄπτησα, ἄπτων, aor. 1 and impf. of ὀπτάω.

ἄπτω, pf. 2 of ὀράω.

ἌΠΑ Ion. ὥρη, ἡ, Lat. *CURA, care, concern, heed*, regard for a person or thing; ὥραν τινὸς ἔχειν or ποιεῖσθαι to pay heed or regard to a thing.

ἌΠΑ Ion. ὥρη, ἡ, Lat. *HORA, any limited time or period* fixed by natural laws, a season: in plur. the seasons; hence also in plur. the climate of a country as dependent on its seasons. 2. the blooming season of the year, the spring-time, in full εἶλος ὥρη or ὥρη εἰσπλην; but it was also used of summer and winter: the fourth season, ὀπώρα or autumn, was not distinguished in Homer's time. 3. later, the whole year, ἐν τῇ πέρυτι ὥρᾳ last year, (as we say) last season.

II. the time of day: also, ὥρα νυκτός night-time.

III. generally, the right, fitting time or hour, the time or season for a thing: the time of corn ripening; ἐν ὥρῃ in good time, early: c. gen. rel, ὥρη ὕπνου, the time for sleep, bed-time.

IV. in plur. also as connected with the seasons, the four quarters of the heavens.

V. in Att. the spring or prime of life, youth: also manhood.

VI. in Att. also sometimes for τὰ ἀράια, the fruits or produce of the year.

VII. as pr. n., Ἄραι, αἱ, the Hours, keepers of Heaven-gate: generally, ministers of the gods; also joined with the Χάριτες or Graces

ἀράιος, α, ον, (ἄρα) produced or ripened at the fit season: hence in due season, ripe, mature; ἀράιοι καρποί or τὰ ἀράια, the fruits of the season. 2. as Subst., ἀράια, ἡ, the season of corn or fruit ripening: generally, the good season, season fit for military operations.

II. happening in due season, suitable to the season, seasonable.

III. of persons, seasonable, ripe for a thing; παρθένος γάμου ἀράια a maid ripe for marriage: of old persons, ripe or ready for death.

IV. of the age of man, at the freshest, fairest age, in the spring or prime of life, youthful, blooming: hence of things, beautiful. Hence

ἀραιότης, ητος, ἡ, the bloom of youth, beauty.

ἀραικιάω, f. ἄσω [ἀ], to faint, swoon away. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἄρανός, δ, Dor. for οὐρανός.

ἄρᾶσι, ἄρᾶσιν, Adv. (ἄρα) in season, in good time.

ἄρει-τροφος, ον poet. for ὀρειτροφος, (ὄρος, τρέφω) mountain-bred.

ἄρεξας, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of ορεῖω.

ἄρεσι-δουπος, ον, (ὄρος, δουπέω) making a din on the mountains.

ἄρεσι-δότης, ον, δ, (ἄρα, δίδωμι) one who gives the fruits in their due season.

ἄρεσιν, Ep. for ὀρεσιν, dat. of ὄρος.

ἄρετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. from ὀρνυμι.

ἄρετω, (ἄρα) to take care of, attend to, c. acc.

ἄρη, ἡ, Ion. for ἄρα.

ἄρη, ἡ, Ion. for ἄρα.

ἄρη-φόρος, ον, (ἄρα, φέρω) leading on the seasons or bringing on the fruits in their season.

ἄρθω, pf. pass. inf. of ὀρνυμι.

ἄρζεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἀρίζω.

ἄρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄρα) ripe, in one's prime or bloom. II in season, seasonable: Adv. —κῶς, ἀοικῶς πυνθῶναι you ask seasonably.

ἄρμιος; ὄν, (ἄρα) ripe, timely, in season.

ἄρίνθην, aor. 1 pass. of ὀρίνω.

ἄριος, ον, (ἄρα) happening or returning in due season; ἄρια πάντα all the fruits of the seasons. II. timely, seasonable, ripe.

III. at the right time, in season, seasonable.

ἄρισμένος, pf. pass. part. of ὀρίζω.

ἄριστος, Ion. crasis for δ' ἄριστος.

Ἄριων, ανος, δ, Orion, a hunter beloved by Aurora, slain by Artemis. II. a bright constellation named after him, which rose just after the summer solstice, and was usually followed by rains. [I Ep., I Att.]

ἄρμᾶθη [ἀ], Dor. for ἀρμήθη, 3 sing. aor. 1 pass. of ὀρμάω.

ἄρμάτο, ἄρμήθη, 3 sing. impf. and aor. 1 pass ὀρμάω.

ἄρμᾶται, —ατο, Ion. for ὀρμηνται, ὀρμηντο, 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. pass. of ὀρμάω.

ἄρμηναν, 3 pl. aor. 1 of ὀρμῶναι.

ἄρνυτο, 3 sing. impf. med. of ὀρνυμι.

ἄρο-θετέω, f. ἡσώ, (ἄρα, τίθημι) to take note of a thing in casting a nativity or observing the natal hour.

II. to be in the ascendant at that hour, of one's ruling planet.

ἄροπος, 3 sing. redupl. aor. 2 of ὀρνυμι.

ἄρος, εος, τό, Dor. for ὄρος Ion. οὔρος, a mountain.

ἄρσα, aor. 1 of ὀρνυμι.

ἄρτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ὀρνυμι.

ἄρτωθός, δ, a howling, bellowing, roaring.

ἄρξεα, aor. 1 of ὀρύσσω.

ἄρύομαι, fut. ὕσομαι [ῶ]: aor. 1 ἄρῶσαμην: Dep. 1 —το bowl, bellow, roar, Lat. rugire: mostly of animals, but sometimes of men, esp. of savages, either in mourning or joy: also of the sea, to roar. II. transit. to bowl over, bewail.

ἄρχαίος, Ion. crasis for δ' ἀρχαίος.

ἄρχεσθην, 3 dual impf. of ἀρχέομαι.

ἄρχεσντο, Dor. 3 plur. impf. of ἀρχέομαι.

ἄρῶραι, 3 sing. plqpf. of ὀρνυμι.

ἄρῶρέχθαι, Ion. for ὀρῶρεγμέναι εἶσιν, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ὀρέγαι.

ἄρῶρνυτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ὀρνυσσω.

ἌΣ, I. as Adv. of Manner, and that either, I. Demonstr. Adv. so, thus, when it takes an accent, ὡς.

2. Relat. Adj. as, when it is without accent, ὡς.

II. as Conj. *thct*, when it is also without accent, ὡς.

I. *ὡς*, Demonstr. Adv. of Manner, *so, thus*, Lat. *sic*. 2. *καὶ ὡς*, *even so, nevertheless*: with a negat., *οὐδ' ὡς, μηδ' ὡς*, *not even so, in no way soever*. 3. in Comparisons, *ὡς* is answered by *ὡς, so as*, Lat. *sic ut*: also, *ὥστε . . ὡς, as . . thus*. II. *ὡς*, Relat. Adv. of Manner, *as, Lat. ut*, properly coming after a demonstrat. Adv., which however is very often omitted.—*ὡς* in this usage is never accentuated, except at the end of a sentence, or when it follows the word dependent on it, as, *θεὸς ὡς* for *ὡς θεός*.

2. with Elliptical Phrases, *ὡς ἐμοί* or *ὡς γ' ἐμοί* (sc. *δοκεῖ*); *ὡς ἀπ' ὀφθαλμῶν* (sc. *εἰκάσαι*) to judge by eyesight; *ὡς Λακεδαιμόνιος* (sc. *εἶναι*) for a Lacedaemonian; *συμπέμψας αὐτὸν ὡς φύλακα* (sc. *εἶναι*) having sent him with them as a guard. 3. so with Participles, to give the reason of the principal Verb; *ἀγανακτοῦσιν ὡς ἀδικούμενοι* they are indignant as being injured, i. e. by reason of being injured; so with questions, *ὡς τί δι' θέλων*; as wishing what? i. e. for the sake of what? so in the case of the object; *ἐλγρυσιν αὐτὸν ὡς ἀδικούντα* they restrain him as acting wrongfully, i. e. by reason of: so also with Participles used absol., *ὡς οὕτως ἔχόντων*, Lat. *res cum ita sint*, since things are so, i. e. by reason of their being so.

4. so also with Prepositions; *ὡς ἐπὶ ναυμαχίαν* as for a sea-fight, i. e. as if about to fight; *ὡς ἐπὶ φρυγανισμὸν* as though to collect fuel: usu. with the Preps. *ἐπὶ, εἰς, πρός*, but also with others; *ὡς ἐκ κακῶν ἐχόρη* he rejoiced as in an evil plight, i. e. considering his evil plight: hence 5. sometimes the Prep. is omitted, and *ὡς* itself is used like a Prep., = *εἰς*, c. acc., as Lat. *usque* for *usque ad*, only with the names of persons, as, *ὡς τὸν Φίλιππον* to Philip: first in Homer, *ὡς αἰεὶ τὸν ὅμοιον ἀγεί* *θεὸς ὡς τὸν ὅμοιον* how God does ever bring like to like. 6. with Adverbs:—with the Positive, *ὡς δληθῶς*, *ὡς ἐτέρως* how truly! how differently! Lat. *quam veré, quam aliter*: so too *ὡς* follows Adverbs expressing anything extraordinary, *θαυμαστῶς ὡς, ὑπερφυνῶς ὡς*, etc. 7. *ὡς* strengthens the Superlative, like *ὅτι* and *ὅπως*, Lat. *quam, ὡς μάλιστα*, Lat. *quam maxime*, as much as possible; *ὡς βῆστα*, Lat. *quam facillime*, as easily as possible; *ὡς τάχιστα*, Lat. *quam celerrime*, as quickly as possible, etc.; so also the phrases *ὡς τὸ πολύ, ὡς ἐπὶ τὸ πολύ, ὡς ἐπὶ τὸ πλείστον* for the most part, commonly, Lat. *plerumque, ut plurimum*. 8. so also with Superlative Adjectives, *ὡς ἀριστος, ὡς βέλτιστος* the best possible, etc.

III. *ὡς* as CONJUNCTION I. expressing a fact, *that*, like *ὅτι*, Lat. *quod*. 2. = *ὥστε*, *so that*, Lat. *adeo ut*. 3. *ὡς, that*, Lat. *quod*, where, as in Latin, the acc. c. inf. may be put instead; *εἶπον ὡς τοῦτο εἶη*, or *εἶπον τοῦτο εἶναι*. 4. *ὡς*, marking an end, like *ὅτι* or *ὅπως*, *that*, in order *that*, Lat. *ut*. 5. in Inferences, like *ὥστε*, c. inf., *so that*, Lat. *adeo ut, ita ut*; *εἵρος ὡς δύο τριῆρες πλέειν ὁμοῦ* in breadth *such that* two triremes could sail abreast. 6. *ὡς* is also used like *ὅτι* and *ἐπεὶ*, *as, since*, Lat. *quippe*,

quandoquidem: also for *ὅτε*, *when*, Lat. *ut*: sometimes also = *ὅπως*, Lat. *quomodo, quemadmodum*.

IV. *ὡς* is sometimes used in independent sentences, as in phrase *ὡς αἰεὶ τὸν ὅμοιον ἀγεί* *θεὸς ὡς τὸν ὅμοιον* how God ever brings like to like: also with Adjs. and Adv., *ὡς ἡλίθιος εἰ* how silly thou art; *ὡς σεμνὸς ὁ καταρατὸς* how pompous the rascal is; *ὡς ὀξεία κλάζει* how shrilly it screams.

2. at the beginning of several clauses, it denotes a quick succession of events, *ὡς ἶδεν, ὡς μιν Ἐρως πυκινὰς φρένας ἀμφεκάλυπεν* how he saw, how did Love encompass his soul; so, *ὡς ἶδον, ὡς ἐμάνην, ὡς μεν περὶ θυμὸν λάβθη*, as in Virgil, *ut vidi, ut perii, ut me malus abstulit error*.

3. *ὡς* to express a wish, *ὅθι* *that* I like *εἴθε*, Lat. *utinam*, with the optat., *ὡς ἀπόλοιτο καὶ ἄλλος* *ὅθι* *that* another also might perish: also negatively, *ὡς μὴ θάνοι* *ὅθι* *that* he might not die!

V. *ὡς* with Numerals marks that they are to be taken as round numbers, *about, nearly*; *ἀπέθανον ὡς πεντακόσιοι* about 500 fell.

VI. *ὡς* in some Elliptical Phrases: I. *ὡς τί* (sc. *γένηται*); in order *that what may happen?* for *what end?* *wherefore?* 2. *ὡς ἕκαστοι ἦσαν* or *ἔτυχον ὄντες*, each separately, Lat. *pro se quisque*.

(*ὦς* is an old pl. acc. of *ὦς*, as *τῶς* pl. acc. of *δὲ*: *οὕτως* from *οὗτος*, etc.: so *ὅτε* is used Adv.)

ὦς or *ὦς*, Dor. for *οὔ*, *where*. *ὦς, τῶ*, gen. *ὠτός*, Dor. for *οὗς*, *the ear*. *ὦς*, *Ion.* and *Ep.* for *ἔωσα*, aor. I. of *ὠθέω*. *ὠσαιμεν*, 1 pl. aor. I. opt. of *ὠθέω*. *ὦς ἂν*, *Ep.* *ὡς κε* or *ὡς κεν*, = *ὡς* with a conditional force added.

ὦς-ἂν-εἰ or *ὦς ἂν εἰ*, *like as if, as if*. *ὠσαννὰ*, Hebr. word meaning *save now!* *save us pray!*

ὠσασκε, 3 sing. *Ion.* aor. I. of *ὠθέω*. *ὠς-αὐτως*, Adv. of *ὁ αὐτός* (*the same*), strengthd. for *ὡς*, in *like manner, just so*; *ὠσαύτως καὶ . .* in *like manner as . .*

ὠσθε, Dor. for *ὀψε*, 3 sing. impf. of *ὀφθ.* *ὠς-εἰ* or *ὦς εἰ*, Adv. as *if, as though*: in Comparisons, as *if, like, just as*: so also *ὠς-εἰ-τε*. II. with Numerals, *about*.

ὠσθησομαι, fut. pass. of *ὠθέω*. *ὠσίν*, dat. plur. of *ὠθ.*

ὠσμαι, pf. pass. of *ὠθέω*: part. *ὠσμένους*.

ὠς-περ, Adv. (*ὡς, περ*) *even as, just as*; in Homer there is often a word interposed between *ὡς* and *περ*, as, *ὡς τοιόπος περ, ὡς ἐρεταί περ*, etc. 2. of Time, as *soon as*, Lat. *simul ac*. 3. to limit or modify an assertion, as *if, as it were*: and so with Participles used absolutely, *ὥσπερ ἔξόν* as *if* it were in our power.

ὠς-περ-εἰ or *ὠσπερ-εἰ*, *just as if, even as*, Lat. *tantumquam*. *ὠς-περ-οὖν*, Adv. *even as, just as*: as *really, εἰ δ' ἔστιν ὠσπερ οὖν ἔστι θεός* but if he is, as he really is a god.

ὠς-τε, as Adv. (*ὡς, τε*) being to *ὡς*, as *οστε* to *ὡς*.

used to introduce a comparison, *as, like as, just as*. 2. to mark the power by which one does a thing, *as, as being*, like ἄτε, Lat. *utroque*; τὸν δ' ἐξήρπαξ' Ἀφροδίτην βεῖα μάλ', ὥστε θεός but Aphrodité bore him very easily away, *as being* a goddess.

II. as Conjunction, to express a result or effect; εἰ δέ σοι θυμός ἐπέσσυται, ὥστε νέεσθαι if thy heart is eagerly bent, *so as to return*.—This Construct. is very freq. in Att. 2. ὥστε is sometimes used like ὥς with a Part.; ὥστε φυλασσομένων τῶν ὁδῶν *as or since* the ways were guarded.

3. ὥστε is used after Comparatives with ἤ; μέζω κακὰ ἢ ὥστε ἀναλαλεῖν greater woes than *that one could* weep for: but ὥστε is sometimes left out, *as, μείζον ἢ φέρειν* too great to bear.—the Posit. is sometimes used, ψυχρον ὥστε λουσασθαι cold to bathe in, implying, too cold to bathe in.

III. ὥστε is also joined with the Indic., with the Opt., and even with the Imperat. when it is emphatic, e. g. ὥστε θάρρει *so that, or therefore*, be of good cheer.

ὥστιζω, f. ἴσω, Frequentat. of ὠθέω, to push to and fro, Lat. *trudo*.

II. in Med., Att. fut. ὥστιούμαι, c. dat. jostle with another: *so absol.*, ὥστίζεσθαι εἰς τὴν προεδρίαν to jostle for the first seat.

ἄστροργος, crasis for ὁ ἄστροργος.

ἄσφράμην Ion. ὀσφράμην, aor. 2 med. of ὀσφραίνομαι.

ᾠσω, fut. of ὠθέω.

ᾠτ-ἀκουστέω, f. ἤσω, (οὔς, ἀκούω) to *bearken* or *listen covertly* or *anxiously*.

ὦ τᾶν or ὦ τάν, see τᾶν.

ᾠτάριον, τό, Dim. of οὔς, a *little ear*. [ᾠ]

ᾠτε, Dor. for ὥστε.

ᾠτελή, ἡ, (οὔτῳ) a *wound*: later also a *scar*, Lat. *ticastrix*.

ᾠτίον, τό, Dim. of οὔς, a *little ear*.

ᾠτίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (οὔς) a *bustard* with long ear-feathers.

ᾠτος, ὁ, Oios, son of Alcōus, brother of Ephialtes.

ᾠτρῦνα, aor. I of ὠτρύνω.

ᾠτώεις, εσσα, εν, (οὔς) with ears or handles.

ᾠυτός, Ion. and Dor. for ὁ αὔτης: also ᾠυτός or νῦτός.

ᾠφέλια, aor. I of ὠφέλλω.

ᾠφέλεια Ion. ὠφελίη also in Att. ὠφελία, ἡ, (ὠφέλῳ) *help, aid, assistance, succour*, esp. in war. 2.

profit, advantage, gain: in plur. *gains, profits*.

ᾠφελον, aor. 2 of ὠφέλιω.

ᾠφελῶ, f. ἤσω: (ὀφελος):—to *help, aid, assist*,

succour, benefit: to be of use or service to any one: absol. to be of use or service; οὐδὲν ὠφελεῖ it does no good: also with a neuter Adj., οὐδὲν τινα ὠφελεῖν to do one no service: sometimes c. dat. pers., like Lat. *prodesse*:—in phrase οὐδεὶς ἔρωτος τοῦδ' ἐφαίνετ' ὠφελῶν, the part. is taken as a Subst. a *helper*. II.

Pass. ὠφελούμαι, with fut. med. ὠφελήσομαι, pass. ὠφελήθησομαι:—to be helped, to receive help, aid or succour, to derive profit, benefit or advantage; πρὸς τινος from a person or thing: *so, ἐκ* or *ἀπὸ* τινος; and c. dat., ὠφελείσθαι τινι to be profited by a thing: c. part., ὠφελείσθαι ἰδῶν to be benefited by the sight of a thing. Hence

ὠφέλημα, ατος-τό, *that which is of use, a useful or serviceable thing*. II. generally = ὠφελία, use, advantage, benefit.

ὠφελήσιμος, on, (ὠφέλῳ) *useful, serviceable*. ὠφελήσις, εως, ἡ, (ὠφέλῳ) a *helping, aiding*: generally, *service, advantage*.

ὠφελήτιος, α, on, verb. Adj. ὁ ὠφέλῳ, *necessary or proper to be assisted*. II. ὠφελήτεος, one must assist.

ὠφέλεια, Att. for ὠφέλεια.

ὠφέλιμος, on, sometimes also η, on, (ὠφέλῳ) *helping, aiding*: *useful, serviceable, profitable, advantageous*. Adv. —μας: Sup. ὠφελιμώτατα.

ὠφέλλον, Ep. for ὠφελον.

ὠφελον, aor. 2 of ὀφείλω.

ὠφθην, aor. I of ὀράω, in pass. sense.

ὠφλητός, pf. of ὀφλισκάνω: ὠφλον, aor. 2.

ὠφρόντιστος, crasis for ὁ ἀφρόντιστος.

ᾠχα, pf. of οἰγνυμι.

ᾠχᾶτο, Ion. for ᾠγμένον ἦσαν, 3 plur. plqpf. pass. of οἰγνυμι.

ᾠχετο, ᾠχοντο, 3 sing. and pl. impf. of οἰχομαι.

ᾠχηκα, Ep. for ᾠχωκα, pl. of οἰχομαι.

ᾠχθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I. of δαχέω.

ᾠχράω, f. ἤσω, (ᾠχρός) to *turn pale, be pale, wan*, etc.

ᾠχριάω, f. ἄσω [ᾠ], (ᾠχρός) to *be or turn pale*.

ᾠΧΡΟΣ, ἄ, on, *pale, wan, sallow*. Hence

ᾠχρος, on, ὁ, or εος, τό, like ᾠχρότης, *paleeness, whiteness, esp. the paleness of fear*.

ᾠχωκα, Ion. pf. of οἰχομαι.

ᾠψ, ἡ, gen. ᾠπός acc. ᾠπα, (ὤψομαι, fut. of ὀράω) *the eye, face, countenance*; εἰς ᾠπα ἰδέσθαι τινι to look one full in the face: *so absol.*, εἰς ᾠπα ἰδέσθαι: but, θεῖς εἰς ᾠπα ἔοικεν *as to the face*, i. e. in face she is like the goddesses.

Appendix

OF

Proper and Geographical Names

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CHICAGO ILLINOIS

INTRODUCTORY NOTE.

THIS APPENDIX is designed especially for use in the study of the Greek language in preparation for college. It aims, therefore, to contain all the proper and geographical names found in those Greek works usually read in such preparatory study, which are Xenophon's *Anabasis*, the first two Books of Xenophon's *Hellenica*, the first six Books of the *Iliad*, and the first two Books of the *Odyssey*. A brief treatment has been necessary, in order to keep within reasonable limits; it has been the intention, however, to omit no really necessary item of information, but to give the most important facts in a condensed form. No attempt has been made to give a complete account of the various views on points where there is difference of opinion. The purpose has been, rather, to present the view which seemed to be preferable, and, where there exists reasonable doubt concerning any statement made, to indicate the fact.

APPENDIX.



'Αβαντες — 'Αζειδης

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'Αβαντες, *ων, οι*, the *Abantes*, the ancient inhabitants of Eubœa, probably of Thracian origin.

'Αβαρβαρήν, *ης, ἡ*, *Abarbarea*, a Naiad.

'Αβαρνίς, *ίδος, ἡ*, *Abarnis*, a town, district, and promontory near Lampsacus in Mysia.

'Αβας, *αυτος, ὁ*, *Abas*, a Trojan.

'Αβδηρίτης, *ου, ὁ*, an *Abderite*, an inhabitant of Abdera, a city of Thrace, at the mouth of the Nestus; used proverbially, meaning a simpleton.

'Αβληρος, *ου, ὁ*, *Ablerus*, a Trojan.

'Αβροζέλης, *ου, ὁ*, *Abrozelmes*, a Thracian.

'Αβροκόμας, *α, ὁ*, *Abrocomas*, a Persian satrap, opposed to Cyrus the younger.

'Αβροκόμης, *ου, Ion. εω, ὁ*, (another form of the preceding word), *Abrocomes*, a son of Darius I. and half-brother of Xerxes I., slain at Thermopylæ.

'Αβρώνυχος and 'Αβρώνυχος, *ου, ὁ*, *Abronychus* or *Abronychus*, an Athenian, ambassador to Sparta.

'Αβυδηνός, *ἡ, ὁν*, belonging to *Abydus*; *οι* 'Αβυδηνοί, the inhabitants of *Abydus*.

'Αβυδόθεν, from *Abydus*.

'Αβύδος, *ου, ἡ*, *Abydus*, a city of Troas, on the Hellespont, at the narrowest part.

'Αγαμεμνονίδης, *ου, ὁ*, son of *Agamemnon*, i. e. *Orestes*.

'Αγαμέμνων, *οπος, ὁ*, *Agamemnon*, king of Mycenæ, and commander-in-chief of the Greek forces before Troy.

'Αγαπήνωρ, *οπος, ὁ*, *Agapenor*, son of *Ancæus*, leader of the Arcadians before Troy.

'Αγασθένης, *εος contr. ους, ὁ*, *Agasthenes*, son of *Augeas* king of Elis.

'Αγασίας, *ου, ὁ*, *Agasias*, of Arcadia, a captain in the army of the ten thousand.

'Αγγελίδας, *ου and α, ὁ*, *Angelidas*, a Spartan ephor.

'Αγήνωρ, *οπος, ὁ*, *Agenor*, a Trojan leader.

'Αγησιλαός, *ου, Ion. forms 'Ηγησιλαός, ου, and 'Ηγησιλέως, ω, ὁ*, *Agésilæus*, the name of several kings of Sparta, especially: (1) the son of *Doryssus*; (2) the son of *Archidamus*, a celebrated general.

'Αγησιστράτος, *ου, ὁ*, *Agisistratus*, a Spartan ephor.

'Αγίας, *ου, ὁ*, *Agias*, an Arcadian commander in the army of *Cyrus* the younger.

'Αγίς, *Ion. 'Ηγίς, ιδος, ὁ*, *Agis*, the name of several kings of Sparta, the first of whom was son of *Eurysthenes* and founder of the line of the *Agidæ*.

'Αγκαιός, *ου, ὁ*, *Ancæus*, an Arcadian, son of *Lycurgus*.

'Αγλαΐη, *ης, ἡ*, *Aglaiæ*, wife of *Charopus* and mother of *Nireus*.

'Αγλαυρος, *ου, ἡ*, *Aglaurus*, a daughter of *Cecrops*, worshipped on the *Acropolis* at Athens.

'Αγνων, or 'Αγ-, *ωνος, ὁ*, *Hagmon* or *Agnon*, an Athenian, father of *Theramenes*.

'Αγχιάλος, *ου, ὁ*, *Anchialus*: (1) father of *Mentes*, king of the *Taphians*; (2) a Greek warrior at *Troy*.

'Αγχίστης, *ου, ὁ*, *Anchises*, a Trojan prince, father of *Æneas*.

'Αδείμαντος, *ου, ὁ*, *Adimantus*: (1) a commander of the *Corinthian fleet*; (2) an Athenian commander.

'Αδμητος, *ου, ὁ*, *Admetus*, son of *Pheres*, king of *Phæræ* in *Thessaly*, one of the *Argonauts*.

'Αδρήστεια (*Ion. for -δρά-*), *ας, ἡ*, *Adrastea*, a city of *Asia Minor* on the *Propontis*, in a district of the same name.

'Αδρηστήνη (*Ion. for -δρα-*), *ης, ἡ*, daughter of *Adrastus*.

'Αδρηστος (*Ion. for -δρα-*), *ου, ὁ*, *Adrastus*: (1) a king of *Argos* and of *Sicyon*; (2) a son of *Merops*, who fought on the side of the *Trojans*.

'Αζειδης, *ου, ὁ*, son of *Azeus*, i. e. *Actor*.

Ἀθηνᾶ, ἁ, ἡ, *Athena*, the Roman *Minerva*, the tutelary goddess of Athens.

Ἀθηνάδης (Ion. for -*das*), *ov, ὁ, Athenades*, an inhabitant of Trachis.

Ἀθῆναι, *ῶν, αἱ, Athens*, the famous city.

Ἀθηναῖος, *ov, ὁ, an inhabitant of Athens, an Athenian.*

Ἄα, *ης, ἡ, Ea*, (lit. *land*), an ancient name for the country of Colchis, or some part of it.

Ἀλακίδης, *ov, ὁ, son of Aacus*, a patronymic of the descendants of Aacus, including Peleus the son, Achilles the grandson, etc.

Ἀλακός, *ov, ὁ, Aacus*, son of Zeus and Aegina, and king of Aegina, said to have been one of the three judges in the lower world.

Ἄλας, *avτος, ὁ, Ajax*, the name of two Grecian leaders in the Trojan war: (1) the greater, son of Telamon king of Salamis, a hero next in bravery to Achilles; (2) the less, son of Oileus king of the Locrians.

Ἀγαίων, *ovos, ὁ, Agæon*, one of the three hundred-armed giants, so called by men, but *Briareus* by the gods.

Ἀγάλεως, *ω, ὁ, Agaleos*, a mountain in Attica, opposite Salamis.

Ἀγιάδης, *ov, ὁ, son of Aegæus*, i. e. Theseus. Ἀγιάλεια (poetic for -*λη*), *ας, ἡ, Aegialea*, daughter of Adrastus and wife of Diomedes.

Ἀγιάλος, *ov, ὁ, Agialus*: (1) an ancient name of Achaia; (2) a city in Paphlagonia.

Ἀγίλεια, *ας, ἡ, Aegilea*, a small island west of Eubœa.

Ἀγίλιψ, *ιπος, ἡ, Agilips*, probably an island near Epirus.

Ἀγίνα, *ης, ἡ, Aegina*, a rocky island in the Saronic gulf, near Argolis.

Ἀγίναϊος, *α, ov, belonging to Aegina.*

Ἀγινήτης, *ov, ὁ, an inhabitant of Aegina.* Ἀγιον, *ov, τό, Aegium*, a city of Achaia, the capital after the destruction of Helice.

Ἀγισθος, *ov, ὁ, Agisthus*, son of Thyestes, murderer of Agamemnon.

Ἀγὸς ποταμός, and ποταμός, (lit. *goat's river*), *Agos-potami*, a small river, and a city at its mouth, in the Thracian Chersonese.

Ἀγύπτιος, *α, ov, Egyptian.*

Ἀγύπτιος, *ov, ὁ, Egyptian*, an inhabitant of Ithaca.

Ἀήτης, *ov, ὁ, Aëtes*, the name of several kings of Colchis; the first was brother of Circe and father of Medea.

Ἀἰθίκες, *ων, ol, the Aethices*, an ancient Thesalian tribe, dwelling on and near Mount Pindus.

Ἀἰθρα, *ης, ἡ, Aëthra*, mother of Theseus.

Ἀιμονίδης, *ov, ὁ, son of Hæmon*, i. e. Mæon.

Ἀἰμων, *ovos, ὁ, Hæmon*, son of Creon, of Thebes.

Ἀινειάδας, *ov, ὁ, Aeneias*, a Spartan ephor.

Ἀινιᾶνες, or Αἰνίηνες, Ion. Ἐνιήνες, *ων, ol, the Enianes*, an ancient Grecian tribe, in the Homeric period inhabiting northern Thessaly around Mt. Ossa, subsequently dwelling in southern Thessaly.

Ἀινόθεν, *from Ennus.*

Ἄινος, *ov, ἡ, Ennus*, an ancient city of Thrace, at the mouth of the Hebrus.

Ἀἰξωνεύς, *έως, ὁ, a resident of Aëxone*, an Attic deme; they were notorious as slanderers.

Ἀιολίδης, *ov, ὁ, a son or descendant of Aëolus*, applied to Sisyphus, Cretheus, etc.; or Ἀιολί-*δαι*, the descendants of Aëolus, the *Aëolidæ*.

Ἀιολίς, *ίδος, adj., peculiar fem. of Αἰολικός, Aëolian*; γῆν τὴν Αἰολίδα, the *Aëolian land*, an early name of Thessaly. As subst. (χώρα understood), Ἀιολίς, *ίδος, ἡ, Aëolis*, a district of Mysia on the west coast of Asia Minor.

Ἄλπυ, *eos, τό, Aepy*, a city in Elis, situated on a height.

Ἀλπίτιος, *η, ov, of Aëpytus*, an ancient Arcadian chief; commonly used with *τύμβος*.

Ἀἰσηπος, *ov, ὁ, Aësepus*: (1) a river of northern Mysia, flowing into the Propontis near Cyzicus; (2) a son of Bucolion.

Ἀισυήτης, *ov, ὁ, Aësyetes*, a Trojan prince.

Ἀισχίνης, *ov, ὁ, Aëschines*: (1) a commander of Greek light-armed troops; (2) a pupil and friend of Socrates.

Ἀισχράας, also Αἰσχρέας, *ov, ὁ, Aëschraeus*, an Athenian.

Ἀἰσωπος, *ov, ὁ, Aësopeus (Aësope)*, the celebrated writer of fables.

Ἀιτωλός, *ov, ὁ, and Αἰτώλιος, ov, ὁ, an Aetolian, an inhabitant of Aetolia*; also as adj., *Aetolian*.

Ἀκαδήμεια, *ας, ἡ, The Academy*, a gymnasium in the suburbs of Athens (so named from the hero Academus), where Plato taught.

Ἀκάμας, *avτος, ὁ, Acamas*: (1) a son of Antenor; (2) a Thracian leader in the Trojan war.

Ἀκάνθιος, *α, ov, Acanthian, belonging to Acanthus*; in pl., *oi Ἀκάνθιοι, the Acanthians*.

Ἀκανθος, *ov, ἡ, Acanthus*, a city near Mt. Athos, on the Strymonian Gulf.

Ἀκαρνάν, *avτος, (in Herodotus -vῆν, ἦνος), ὁ, an Acarnanian, an inhabitant of Acarnania*.

Ἀκαρνάνια, *ας, ἡ, Acarnania*, the most westerly province of Greece, west of Aetolia.

Ἀκρίατος, *ov, ὁ, Aceratus*, a priest at Delphi.

Ἀκράγας, *avτος, ὁ, Agrigentum*, the name of a city, and also of a river, in Sicily.

Ἀκτορίων, *ωρος*, ὁ, *son of Actor*, i. e. Eurytus.
Ἄκτωρ, *ωρος*, ὁ, *Actor*, son of Azeus, of Orchemenus.

Ἁλαί, *ων*, αἰ, *Halæ*: (1) a deme of the tribe *Egeis* on the east coast of Attica; (2) a deme of the tribe *Cecropis* on the west coast.

Ἀλακομενήs, *ἰδος*, fem. adj., *Alalcomenean*, epithet of Athene, from Alalcomenæ, a city in Boeotia, where was a temple to her.

Ἀλάστωρ, *ωρος*, ὁ, *Alastor*: (1) a Greek warrior, son of Neleus; (2) a Lycian, slain by Ulysses.

Ἀλεῖσιον, *ου*, τό, *Alisium*, a city in Elis.

Ἀλεξίας, *ου*, ὁ, *Alexias*, an Athenian archon.

Ἀλεξιππίδας, *α*, ὁ, *Alexippidas*, a Spartan ephor.

Ἀλήϊον πεδῖον, τό, *the Aleian plain*, land of wandering (ἄλῃ, *wandering*), located by Homer in Lycia, by Herodotus in Cilicia.

Ἀλιάρτος, *ου*, ὁ and ἡ, *Haliartus*, an ancient city of Boeotia, on the lake Copais.

Ἀλιζῶνες and Ἀλιζῶνοι, *ων*, οἱ, *the Halizones* or *Halizoni*, a tribe of Bithynia.

Ἀλιθήρης, *ου*, ὁ, *Halitherses*, an inhabitant of Ithaca.

Ἄλιος, *ου*, ὁ, *Halius*, a Lycian.

Ἀλίπεδον, *ου*, τό, (lit. *a plain near the sea*), *Halipedon*, the name of the plain lying between Athens and Piræus and bordering on the coast.

Ἀλίσαρνα, *ης*, ἡ, *Halisarna*, a city of Mysia.

Ἀλκαμένηs, *ους*, ὁ, *Alcamenes*, son of Teleclus, ninth king of Sparta.

Ἀλκανδρος, *ου*, ὁ, *Alcander*, a Lycian.

Ἀλκή, *ἥs*, ἡ, *Alce*, *Might* personified.

Ἀλκηστιs, *ἰδος* and *ιος*, ἡ, *Alcestis*, daughter of Pelias, and wife of Admetus, in whose stead she died.

Ἀλκιβιάδης, *ου*, ὁ, *Alcibiades*: (1) a celebrated Athenian leader; (2) a cousin of the former.

Ἀλκμαιωνῖδαι, *ων*, οἱ, *the descendants of Alcmaeon*, the *Alcmaeonidæ*, a noble family at Athens.

Ἀλκμήνη, *ης*, ἡ, *Alcmene*, daughter of Electryon king of Mycenæ, mother of Hercules.

Ἀλόπη, *ης*, ἡ, *Alope*, a town in Phthiotis, in southern Thessaly, near the Malian Gulf.

Ἄλος (also Ἀλ-), *ου*, ὁ and ἡ, *Alus*, a town of Phthiotis, in southern Thessaly, at the extremity of Mt. Othrys.

Ἀλπηνός, *ου*, ἡ, (and Ἀλπηνοί), *Alpenus* (or *Alpeni*), a city at the entrance of the pass of Thermopylæ.

Ἀλυάττης, *ου*, ὁ, *Alyattes*, one of the most important kings of Lydia, father of Croesus.

Ἀλύβη, *ης*, ἡ, *Alýbe*, a city in Bithynia on the coast of the Euxine.

Ἄλυσ, *ωος*, ὁ, *Halys*, the chief river of Asia Minor, flowing north into the Euxine.

Ἀλφεός, *ου*, ὁ, *Alpheus*, the chief river of the Peloponnesus.

Ἀλφείος, *ου*, ὁ, (Doric for Ἀλφεός), *Alpheus*, a brave Lacedæmonian warrior at Thermopylæ.

Ἀλφεύς, *εως*, ὁ, *Aloeus*, son of Poseidon.

Ἀμαρυνκείδης, *ου*, ὁ, *son of Amarynceus*, i. e. Diore.

Ἀμβρακιώτης, *ου*, ὁ, *an Ambraciote*, inhabitant of Ambracia, the capital of Epirus.

Ἀμεινίας, *ου* and *α*, ὁ, *Aminias*, an Athenian naval captain.

Ἀμεινοκλῆs, *εως*, ὁ, *Aminocles*, an inhabitant of Magnesia in Thessaly.

Ἀμυδών, *ωνος*, ἡ, *Amydon*, a city of the Pæonians, on the Axios, in Macedonia.

Ἀμύκλαι, *ων*, αἰ, *Amyclæ*, an ancient city of Laconia, on the Eurotas, famous for the worship of Apollo.

Ἀμφιγένεια, *ας*, ἡ, *Amphigenia*, a city of Triphylia, in southern Elis.

Ἀμφίδημος, *ου*, ὁ, *Amphidemus*, father of Amphicrates.

Ἀμφικράτης, *ους*, ὁ, *Amphicrates*, an Athenian captain.

Ἀμφίμαχος, *ου*, ὁ, *Amphimachus*: (1) son of Cteatus, one of the leaders of the Epeî before Troy; (2) son of Nomion, a leader of the Carians in assisting the Trojans.

Ἀμφίος, *ου*, ὁ, *Amphius*: (1) son of Merops; (2) son of Selagus.

Ἀμφιπολίτης, *ου*, ὁ, *an Amphipolite*, an inhabitant of Amphipolis in southern Macedonia, on the Strymon.

Ἀμφίσσα, *ης*, ἡ, *Amphissa*, one of the chief cities of the Locri Ozolæ, on the borders of Phocis.

Ἀμφιτρίων, *ωρος*, ὁ, *Amphitryon*, son of Alcæus, king of Tiryns, and subsequently of Thebes; husband of Alcmena the mother of Hercules.

Ἀναγυράσιος, *ου*, ὁ, *a resident of Anagyrus*, an Attic deme.

Ἀναίτιος, *ου*, ὁ, *Anætius*, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Ἀναξανδρίδης, *ου*, ὁ, *Anaxandrides*, a king of Sparta, father of the famous Leonidas.

Ἀνάξανδρος, *ου*, ὁ, *Anaxander*, a king of Sparta.

Ἀναξίβιος, *ου*, ὁ, *Anaxibius*, a Spartan admiral.

Ἀναξικράτης, *ους*, ὁ, *Anaxirates*, a Byzantine.

Ἄναξίλαος, ου, ὁ, *Anaxilaus*, a Byzantine.
Ἄνδραϊμων, ορος, ὁ, *Andraemon*, king of Calydon in Ætolia, father of Thoas.

Ἄνδριος, α, ου, *belonging to Andrus*; as noun, Ἄνδριος, ου, ὁ, *an inhabitant of Andrus*.

Ἄνδρόβουλος, ου, ὁ, *Androbulus*, a Delphian, the father of Timon.

Ἄνδροδάμας, αντος, ὁ, *Androdamas*, a Samian, father of Theomestor.

Ἄνδρομάχη, ης, ἡ, *Andromache*, daughter of Eëtion, wife of Hector.

Ἄνδρος, ου, ἡ, *Andrus*, the most northerly and one of the most important of the Cyclades islands, with a city of the same name.

Ἀνεμώρεια, ας, ἡ, later called Ἀνεμώλεια, *Anemoria*, a town in Phocis, located on a hill.

Ἀνθεμιδης (for Ἀνθεμιωνιάδης), ου, ὁ, *son of Anthemion*, i. e. Simoisius.

Ἀνθεμιών, ανος, ὁ, *Anthemion*, a Trojan.

Ἀνθηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, *Anthedon*, a city with a harbor on the east coast of Boeotia.

Ἀνθήλη, ης, ἡ, *Anthele*, a town in Phocis, in the immediate vicinity of Thermopylæ, one of the two places where the Amphictyonic council met.

Ἀννίβας, α, ὁ, *Hannibal*, the famous Carthaginian general.

Ἀνόπαια, ας, ἡ, *Anopæa*, a mountain, part of the chain of Ceta; the name is also given to a pass in the mountain.

Ἀντάνδριος, ου, ὁ, *an inhabitant of Antandrus*.

Ἀντανδρος, ου, ἡ, *Antandrus*, a city of Troas, at the foot of Mt. Ida, an Æolian colony.

Ἀντεα, ας, ἡ, *Antea*, daughter of the Lycian king Iobates, wife of Proetus king of Tiryns.

Ἀντηνοριδης, ου, ὁ, *son or descendant of Antenor*.

Ἀντήνωρ, ορος, ὁ, *Antenor*, a Trojan prince related to Priam.

Ἀντιγένης, ους, ὁ, *Antigenes*, an Athenian archon.

Ἀντίδωρος, ου, ὁ, *Antidorus*, a Leontian ship-captain.

Ἀντίκυρα, ας, ἡ, (earlier -κυρρα), *Anticyra*, a town of Thessaly near the mouth of the Spercheus.

Ἀντικυρεύς, ἑως, ὁ, *an inhabitant of Anticyra*.

Ἀντιλέων, ορος, ὁ, *Antileon*, of Thurii in southern Italy.

Ἀντιλοχος, ου, ὁ, *Antiochus*, son of Nestor, a warrior against Troy.

Ἀντίνοος, contr. Ἀντίνοος, ου, ὁ, *Antinoois*, a native of Ithaca, a suitor of Penelope.

Ἀντιόχος, ου, ὁ, *Antiochus*, an Athenian pilot.

Ἀντίπατρος, ου, ὁ, *Antipater*, a Thasian, son of Orgeas.

Ἀντισθένης, ους, ὁ, *Antisthenes*, an Athenian philosopher, a pupil and friend of Socrates, founder of the school of Cynics.

Ἀντίφος, ου, ὁ, *Antiphus*: (1) a son of Ægyptius of Ithaca; (2) a leader of the Greeks from Nisyros; (3) a leader of the Mæonians allied with the Trojans; (4) a son of Priam and Hecuba.

Ἀντιφών, ὄντος, ὁ, *Antiphon*, an Athenian.

Ἀντρώων, ὄντος, ὁ and ἡ, *Antron*, a city of Phthiotis in Thessaly, at the entrance of the Malian Gulf.

Ἄνυτος, ου, ὁ, *Anytus*, an Athenian, son of Anthemion, the leading accuser of Socrates.

Ἀξιός, οὔ, ὁ, (also Ἀξίος), *Axius*, the largest river in Macedonia, flowing into the Thermaic Gulf.

Ἀξύλος, ου, ὁ, *Axylus*, a Thracian prince.

Ἀπασιός, οὔ, ἡ, (same as Παισιός), *Apasus*, a city in Mysia, at the entrance of the Propontis.

Ἀπατούρια, ων, τὰ, *the Apaturia*, a family festival at Athens in the month Pyanepsion, lasting three days.

Ἀπιδανός, Ion. Ἡπ-, οὔ, ὁ, *Apidanus*, a river of Thessaly, flowing into the Peneus.

Ἀπολλόδωρος, ου, ὁ, *Apollodorus*, a common Grecian name; especially, an intimate friend of Socrates.

Ἀπολλωνία, ας, ἡ, *Apollonia*, a city of Mysia, near Lydia; also the name of several other cities.

Ἀπολλωνίδης, ου, ὁ, *Apollonides*, a Lydian.

Ἀραβία, ας, ἡ, *Arabia*; often used as including a part of Mesopotamia.

Ἀραιθυρέα, ας, ἡ, *Arachthya*, an ancient city in the Peloponnesus, near the site of the later Phlius.

Ἀρακος, ου, ὁ, *Aracus*, a Lacedæmonian.

Ἀράξης, ου, ὁ, *Araxes*, a tributary of the Euphrates on the east; more commonly called Chaboras.

Ἀρβάκης, ου, ὁ, *Arbaces*, a satrap of Media.

Ἀργεῖος, α, ου, of or belonging to Argos, *Argive*; Ἀργεῖοι, ων, οἱ, *Argives*, often used by Homer for all the Greeks, as is also Ἀχαιοί.

Ἀργινούσαι, ὧν, αἱ, *Arginusæ*, three small islands between Lesbos and Æolis.

Ἀργισσα, ης, ἡ, *Argissa*, the Homeric name for Argura, a town of Thessaly on the Peneus near Larissa.

Ἀργοςδε, to Argos.

Ἀρεσίας, ου, ὁ, *Aresias*, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Ἀρετῶν, *ovos, ὁ, Aretaon*, a Trojan warrior.
Ἀρήνη, *ης, ἡ, Arene*, a city in southern Elis, the residence of Alphareus.

Ἀρηξίων, *ovos, ὁ, Arexion*, an Arcadian soothsayer.

Ἀριαβίγνης, *ov, ὁ, Ariabignes*, a Persian naval commander, son of Darius I. and half-brother of Xerxes I., slain in the battle of Salamis.

Ἀριαῖος, *ov, ὁ, Ariæus*, a Persian general in the service of Cyrus the younger, commander of the Asiatics.

Ἀριαράμνης, *ov, ὁ, Ariaramnes*, a Persian.

Ἄριμα, *ov, τὰ, Arima*, a mythical mountain district in Asia Minor, under which the giant Typhon lay.

Ἀριοβαρζάνης, *ovs, ὁ, Ariobarzanes*, a Persian satrap.

Ἄρισβη, *ης, ἡ, Arisbe*, a city of Troas, south-east of Abydus.

Ἀρισβηθεν, *from Arisbe*.

Ἀρισταρχος, *ov, ὁ, Aristarchus*: (1) a Lacedæmonian, governor of Byzantium; (2) an Athenian commander.

Ἀριστεάς, *ov, ὁ, Aristæas*, a Chian, a leader in the army of Cyrus the younger.

Ἀριστείδης, *ov, ὁ, Aristides*, son of Lysimachus, a distinguished Athenian leader, archon, and general.

Ἀρίστιππος, *ov, ὁ, Aristippus*: (1) a Thessalian, of Larissa; (2) a native of Cyrene, disciple of Socrates, and founder of the Cyrenaic school of philosophy.

Ἀριστογείτων, *ovos, ὁ, Aristogiton*, an Athenian, who, with Harmodius, murdered Hipparchus.

Ἀριστογένης, *ovs, ὁ, Aristogenes*: (1) an Athenian commander; (2) a Syracusan, father of Heraclides.

Ἀριστόδημος, *ov, ὁ, Aristodemus*, a Spartan warrior.

Ἀριστοκράτης, *ovs, ὁ, Aristocrates*, a general of the Athenians.

Ἀριστόμαχος, *ov, ὁ, Aristomachus*, a king of Sparta.

Ἀριστονίκη, *ης, ἡ, Aristonice*, priestess at Delphi.

Ἀριστοτέλης, *ovs, ὁ, Aristotle*, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens, who was not the famous philosopher of Stagira.

Ἀρίστων, *ovos, ὁ, Ariston*: (1) an Athenian in the service of Cyrus the younger; (2) a king of Sparta, one of the Proclidæ; (3) a Byzantine.

Ἀριστόνυμος, *ov, ὁ, Aristonymus*, an Arcadian.

Ἀρκαδία, *as, ἡ, Arcadia*, the central country of the Peloponnesus, and next to the largest.

Ἀρκαδικός, *ἡ, ὁ, Arcadian*.

Ἀρκάς, *άδος, ὁ, an Arcadian*.

Ἀρκεσίλαος, *ov, ὁ, Arcesilaus*, son of Lycus, a leader of the Boeotians at Troy.

Ἄρμα, *ατος, τό, Harma*, a small town in eastern Boeotia.

Ἄρματιδης, *ov, ὁ, Harmatides*, a Thespian, father of Dithyrambus.

Ἀρμενία, *as, ἡ, Armenia*, a country of Asia, lying between Asia Minor and the Caspian sea, divided into Armenia Major and Armenia Minor, the latter being the portion east of the Euphrates.

Ἀρμένιος, *a, ov, Armenian*; *οἱ Ἀρμένιοι the Armenians*.

Ἀρμήνη (also Ἀρμένη), *ης, ἡ, Harmene*, a town on the coast of Paphlagonia, near Sinope.

Ἀρμόδιος, *ov, ὁ, Harmodius*, an Athenian, who, with Aristogiton, murdered Hipparchus.

Ἀρμονίδης, *ov, ὁ, (prop. son of Harmon)*, *Harmonides*, a Trojan artificer.

Ἀρνάτης, *ov, ὁ, Arnæpes*, a Persian.

Ἄρνη, *ης, ἡ, Arne*, an ancient town in Boeotia, mentioned by Homer.

Ἄρπασος, *ov, ὁ, Harpasus*, a river of Armenia Major, flowing south into the Araxes.

Ἀρσάμης, *ov, ὁ, Arsames*, grandfather of Darius I.

Ἀρτάβανος, *ov, ὁ, Artabanus*, brother of Darius I. and uncle to Xerxes I.

Ἀρταγέρσης, *ovs, ὁ, Artagereses*, a cavalry officer of Artaxerxes II.

Ἀρτακάμας, *a, ὁ, Artacamæ*, a Persian satrap.

Ἀρτάνης, *ov, ὁ, Artanes*, a brother of Darius I.

Ἀρταξέρξης, *ov, ὁ, Artaxerxes*, the name of three Persian kings. The second, surnamed Mnemon, was brother of Cyrus the younger.

Ἀρτάοζος, *ov, ὁ, Artæozus*, a friend of Cyrus the younger.

Ἀρταπάτας, *a, or Ἀρταπάτης, ov, ὁ, Artapatus*, a friend of Cyrus the younger.

Ἀρταφέρνης, *ov, ὁ, Artaphernes*: (1) brother of Darius I.; (2) son of the foregoing, commander in the Persian army.

Ἄρτεμις, *ιδος, ἡ, Artemis*, the Roman *Diana*, goddess of the chase.

Ἀρτεμισία, *as, ἡ, Artemisia*, queen of a few Carian cities, and ally of Xerxes I.

Ἀρτεμισιον, *ov, τό, Artemisium*, the name of a region on the northern coast of Eubœa.

Ἄρτιμας, *a, ὁ, Artimas*, a Persian satrap of Lydia.

Ἀρτούχης, *ov, or Ἀρτούχας, a, ὁ, Artuchas*, a Persian satrap.

- Ἀρύστας, α, ὁ, *Arystas*, an Arcadian.
 Ἀρχαγόρας, α, ὁ, *Archagoras*, an Argive.
 Ἀρχεδήμιος, ου, ὁ, *Archedemius*, an Athenian.
 Ἀρχέλαος, ου, Ion. Ἀρχέλειος, εω, ὁ, *Archeilus*, son of Agesilaus, a king of Sparta, one of the Agidae.
 Ἀρχελόχος, ου, ὁ, *Archelochus*, a Trojan, son of Antenor.
 Ἀρχέστρατος, ου, ὁ, *Archestratus*, an Athenian commander.
 Ἀρχιδάμος, Ion. -δημιος, ου, ὁ, *Archidamus*, the name of five kings of Sparta.
 Ἀρχύτας, α and ου, ὁ, *Archytas*, a Spartan zphor.
 Ἀσία, ας, ἡ, *Asia*, at first used by the Greeks as the name of a district in Lydia, near the river Cayster, and later used sometimes to designate what is known now as Asia Minor, and sometimes as a general name for the country east of Greece.
 Ἀσιδάτης, ου, ὁ, *Asidates*, a Persian.
 Ἀσιναῖος, α, ου, of *Asine*, *Asinean*.
 Ἀσίνη, ης, ἡ, *Asine*: (1) a city on the south coast of Argolis, west of Hermione; (2) a city on the south coast of Messenia.
 Ἀσιος, α, ου, *Asian*, belonging to *Asia*, in the phrase Ἀσιος λευκῶν, the *Asian meadow*.
 Ἀσιος, ου, ὁ, *Asius*, from Arisbe, an ally of the Trojans.
 Ἀσκάλαφος, ου, ὁ, *Ascalaphus*, son of Ares and Astyoche, leader of the Minyæ against Troy.
 Ἀσκανία, ας, ἡ, *Ascania*, a district in the west of Bithynia.
 Ἀσκάnios, ου, ὁ, *Ascanius*, a Phrygian ally of the Trojans.
 Ἀσκληπιάδης, ου, ὁ, son of *Æsculapius*.
 Ἀσπένδιος, ου, ὁ, an *Aspendian*, an inhabitant of Aspendus, a city of Pamphylia.
 Ἀσπληδών, ὄνος, ἡ, *Aspledon*, an ancient city in Boeotia, near Orchomenus.
 Ἀσσυρία, ας, ἡ, *Assyria*, as used by the Greeks in the narrowest sense, designated the country bounded on the north by Mt. Niphates, on the east by Mt. Zagros, on the south by Susiana, and on the west by the Tigris. It was often used loosely in a wider sense, and frequently of the whole Assyrian empire.
 Ἀσσύριος, α, ου, *Assyrian*; οἱ Ἀσσύριοι, the *Assyrians*.
 Ἀστέριον, ου, τό, *Asterium*, a town of Magnesia in Thessaly.
 Ἀστυάλος, ου, ὁ, *Astyalus*, a Trojan.
 Ἀστυνάξ, ακτος, ὁ, (lord of the city), *Astyanax*, son of Hector, so named by the Trojans as a compliment to his father, his name being originally Scamandrius.

- Ἀστυνόος, ου, ὁ, *Astynois*, a Trojan.
 Ἀστυόχη, also -χεια, ης, ἡ, *Astyoche*: (1) daughter of Aetor; (2) daughter of Phylas.
 Ἀστυόχος, ου, ὁ, *Astyocheus*, a Spartan naval commander.
 Ἀσωπός, ου, ὁ, *Asopus*: (1) a river flowing through the southern part of Boeotia, and emptying into the Euboean sea in the north of Attica; (2) a river of Thessaly flowing into the Malian Gulf near Thermopylae.
 Ἀταρνεύς, έως, ὁ, *Atarneus*, a city of Mysia, opposite Lesbos.
 Ἀτραμύτιον, or -ειον, more commonly Ἀδραμύτιον or -ειον, ου, τό, *Atramyttium*, a coast city in Mysia, on the Caicus.
 Ἀτρεΐδης, ου, ὁ, son or descendant of *Atræus*; οἱ Ἀτρεΐδαι, or τῶ Ἀτρεΐδᾳ, the *Atridae*, Agamemnon and Menelaus, grandsons of Atræus.
 Ἀτρεΐων, ἄνος, ὁ, same as Ἀτρεΐδης.
 Ἀτρεΐς, έως, ὁ, *Atræus*, son of Pelops, king of Mycenæ.
 Ἀττική, ης, ἡ, *Attica*, a country of Greece.
 Ἀττικός, ἡ, ὁ, *Attic*, *Athenian*.
 Ἀτμυνιάδης, ου, ὁ, son of *Atymnius*, i. e. Mydon.
 Αὔγαι, ὦν, αἱ, *Augeæ*: (1) a Locrian city, near the southern coast of the Malian Gulf; (2) a city in southern Laconia.
 Αὐγητιάδης, ου, ὁ, son of *Augeas* king of Elis, i. e. Agasthenes.
 Αὔλις, ἰδος, ἡ, *Aulis*, a city and harbor in Boeotia where the Greek fleet assembled before sailing for Troy.
 Αὐτοβοισάκης, ου, ὁ, *Autobasaces*, a Persian.
 Αὐτόνοος, ου, ὁ, *Autonois*, a Delphian hero.
 Αὐτόφονος, ου, ὁ, *Autophonos*, a Theban.
 Ἀφεται, ὦν, αἱ, (and Ἀφέται), *Aphetæ*, a city and promontory of Thessaly, not far from Artemisium, with a port from which the Argonauts sailed.
 Ἀφιδναῖος, ου, ὁ, a resident of *Aphidna* an Attic deme.
 Ἀχαιοί, ὦν, οἱ, the *Achaïans*, inhabitants of *Achaïa*.
 Ἀχερουσιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. adj., *Acherusian*; Ἀχερουσιᾶς Χερρόνησος, the *Acherusian peninsula*, near Heraclea in Bithynia, where Hercules was said to have descended through a cavern to the lower world.

B

Βαβυλὼν, ὤνος, ἡ, *Babylon*, on the Euphrates, the capital of the Babylonian empire, and later a prominent city in the Persian empire.

Βαβυλωνία, ας, ἡ, *Babylonia*, a country extending northwest from the Persian Gulf considerably beyond Babylon.

Βάκκς, ἰδος, ὁ, *Bacis*, a soothsayer of Boeotia.

Βάκτριος, α, ον, *Bactrian*; οἱ **Βάκτριοι**, the *Bactrians*, inhabitants of the Persian province of Bactria or Bactriana, now southeastern Turkestan and northeastern Afghanistan.

Βασίās, ου, ὁ, *Basias*: (1) an Arcadian; (2) a soothsayer of Elis.

Βατίαα, ας, ἡ, *Batiea*, a hill near Troy.

Βελβινίτης, ου, ὁ, a *Belbinite*, an inhabitant of Belbina, a small island in the Aegean sea.

Βέλεςς, υος, ὁ, *Belesys*, a satrap of Syria.

Βελλεροφόντης, ου, ὁ, (lit., *slayer of Bellerus*), *Bellerophon* (*Bellerophon*), son of Glaucus, so called from having killed Bellerus, his original name being Hipponoüs.

Βενδιδεαον, ου, τό, *Bendideum*, the temple of *Bendis* the Thracian Diana.

Βήσσα, or **Βήσα**, ης, ἡ, *Bessa*, a Locrian city near Augeæ.

Βίας, αντος, ὁ, *Bias*, a warrior from Pylus.

Βιθύνοι, ὧν, οἱ, the *Bithynians*, inhabitants of Bithynia, a country of Asia Minor on the Propontis and Euxine.

Βισάνθη, ης, ἡ, *Bisanthe*, a city in Thrace, on the Propontis.

Βίων, ανος, ὁ, *Bion*, a Spartan officer.

Βοάγριος, ου, ὁ, *Boagrius*, a river in Locris, flowing into the Malian Gulf, also called *Manes*.

Βοίβη, ης, ἡ, *Bæbe*, a city in Thessaly near the Boæbean Lake.

Βοιβηίς, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. adj., *Boæbean*; ἡ **Βοιβηίς λίμνη**, the *Boæbean Lake*.

Βοϊσκος, ου, ὁ, *Boiscus*, a Thessalian.

Βοιωτίος, ου, ὁ, *Boeotius*, a Lacedæmonian.

Βοιωτίας, α, ον, *Boeotian*, belonging to *Boeotia*.

Βοιωτός, οὔ, ὁ, a *Boeotian*.

Βουκολίων, ιωνος, ὁ, *Bucolion*, son of Laomedon.

Βουπράσιον, ου, τό, *Buprasium*, an ancient city in Elis, one of the chief cities of the Epei.

Βρασίδης, α and ου, ὁ, *Brasidas*, a Spartan general in the Peloponnesian war.

Βρίσηίς, ἰδος, ἡ, *daughter of Briseus*, i. e. Hippodamia, the captive belonging to Achilles, seized by Agamemnon.

Βρύσεια, ὧν, αἱ, *Brysee*, an ancient town of Laconia, near Sparta.

Βυζάντιον, ου, τό, *Byzantium*, a city of Thrace, on the Bosphorus, the modern Constantinople.

Βυζάντιος, α, ον, of *Byzantium*; οἱ **Βυζάντιοι**, the *Byzantians*.

Βώρος, ου, ὁ, *Borus*, a Mæonian.

Γ

Γαία, ης, ἡ, see **Γῇ**.

Γάνος, ου, ἡ, *Ganus*, a fortress in Thrace, on the Propontis.

Γαυλίτης, ου, ὁ, *Gaulites*, a Samian.

Γαύριον, ου, τό, *Gaurium*, a haven and fortress in the island of Andros.

Γέλα, ης, ἡ, *Gela*, a city on the southern coast of Sicily.

Γέλων, υνος, ὁ, *Gelon*, a tyrant of Gela and afterward of Syracuse.

Γερασστός, οὔ, ὁ and ἡ, *Geræstus*, a promontory and harbor at the southwestern extremity of Eubœa.

Γερήνιος, ου, ὁ, *Geranian*, applied to Nestor, from his birthplace, Gerenia in Messenia.

Γῇ, ἡς, ἡ, poetic **Γαία**, *Ge*, or *Gæa*, *Earth* personified as a goddess, wife of Uranus, mother of the Titans, Cyclops, and other monsters.

Γλαῦκος, ου, ὁ, *Glaucus*: (1) son of Sisyphus, father of Bellerophon; (2) son of Hippolochus, grandson of Bellerophon, and leader of the Lycians in aid of Troy.

Γλαῦκων, υνος, ὁ, *Glaucôn*, an Athenian, grandfather of Plato.

Γλαφυραί, ὧν, αἱ, *Glaphyræ*, a city in southeastern Thessaly.

Γλίτας, αντος, ἡ, *Glisas*, an ancient city of Boeotia, on Mt. Hypaton.

Γλοῦς, οὔ, ὁ, *Glus*, an Egyptian, son of Tamos.

Γνησιππος, ου, ὁ, *Gnesippus*, an Athenian.

Γνωσίας, ου, ὁ, *Gnosias*, a Syracusan.

Γογγύλος, ου, ὁ, *Gongylus*, an Eretrian.

Γονοέσσα, ης, ἡ, *Gonoëssa*, a promontory on the Corinthian Gulf, near Pallene, in Achaia.

Γόργειος, α, ον, belonging to the Gorgon (*Γοργώ*).

Γοργίας, ου, ὁ, *Gorgias*, a statesman and orator of Leontini in Sicily.

Γοργίων, υνος, ὁ, *Gorgion*, son of Hellas.

Γόργος, ου, ὁ, *Gorgus*, king of Salamis in Cyprus.

Γόρδιον, ου, τό, *Gordium*, a city of Greater Phrygia, on the Sangarius.

Γόρτιν, υνος, also **Γόρτινα**, ης, ἡ, *Gortyn* or *Gortyna*, the second city of Crete, on the Le-thæus.

Γουνεύς, έως, ὁ, *Guneus*, leader of the Ænians before Troy.

Γραία, ας, ἡ, *Græa*, a city in Boeotia.

Γῦγαίη, ης, ἡ: (1) with **λίμνη**, the *Gygæan Lake*, near Sardis, in Lydia; (2) *Gygæa*, the nymph of this lake.

Γύθειον, ου, τό, *Gythium*, a city near the head of the Laconian bay, which served as the harbor for Sparta.

Γυμνίας, ου, ή, *Gymnias*, a city in northeastern Armenia.

Γυρτώνη, ης, also Γυρτών, ὄνος, ή, *Gyrton* or *Gyrton*, a town in the central part of Thessaly, on the Peneus.

Γωβρύας, ου, ό, *Gobryas*, a Persian general.

Δ

Δαμασιθύμος, ου, ό, *Damasithymus*, son of Candaules, king of Calynda.

Δάνα, ης, ή, *Dana*, a large and wealthy city of Cappadocia.

Δαράδαξ, ακος, ό, *Daradax*, a river of upper Syria, flowing into the Euphrates.

Δαρδανεύς, έως, ό, a *Dardanian*, an inhabitant of Dardanus, a city of Troas on the Hellespont.

Δαρείος, ου, ό, also spelled occasionally Δαρείας, *Darius*, the name of three kings of Persia. The second, called Όχος and Νόθος, was an illegitimate son of Artaxerxes I.

Δάρης, ητος, ό, *Dares*, a Trojan, priest of Hephestus.

Δάτις, ιδος, ό, *Datis*, a Mede, associate commander of the Persian army at the battle of Marathon.

Δαύλιοι, ων, οι, the *Daulians*, inhabitants of Daulis.

Δαυλίς, ιδος, ή, *Daulis*, a city of Phocis, near Delphi.

Δαφναγόρας, α, ό, *Daphnagoras*, a Mysian.

Δείμος, ου, ό, *Dimos*, Fear personified.

Δεινομένης, ους, ό, *Dinomenes*, father of Hiero and Gelon.

Δεκέλεια, ας, ή, *Decelæa*, an Attic deme, seized and fortified by the Spartans in the Peloponnesian war.

Δέλτα, τό, the *Delta*, a region of Thrace, near Byzantium.

Δελφίνιον, ου, τό, *Delphinium*, a city in the island of Chios.

Δέξιππος, ου, ό, *Dezippus*, a Laconian.

Δερκυλίδας, also -κυλλί-, α and ου, ό, *Dercylidas*, a Spartan general.

Δέρνης, ου, ό, *Dernes*, a Persian satrap of Arabia.

Δηϊκόων, ὄντος, ό, *Deicoön*, a Trojan.

Δηϊπύλος, ου, ό, *Deipylus*, a Greek, comrade of Sthenelus.

Δημάρατος, Dor. Δαμάρατος, Ion. Δημάρητος, ου, ό, *Demaratus*, an exiled king of Sparta,

who accompanied Xerxes in his invasion of Greece.

Δήμαρχος, ου, ό, *Demarchus*, a Syracusan commander.

Δημοκόων, ὄντος, ό, *Democoön*, a son of Priam.

Δημοκράτης, ους, ό, *Democrates*, of Temenium in Argolis.

Δημοσθένης, ους, ό, *Demosthenes*, a celebrated Athenian general in the Peloponnesian war.

Δημόφιλος, ου, ό, *Demophilus*, a leader of the Thespians at Thermopylae.

Διαγόρας, ου and α, ό, *Diagoras*, an inhabitant of Rhodes, father of Dorieus.

Διαδρόμη, ου, ό, *Diadromes*, a Thespian, father of Demophilus.

Διηκέης, ους, ό, *Dieneces*, a courageous Spartan.

Διθύραμβος, ου, ό, *Dithyrambus*, a Thespian who distinguished himself at Thermopylae.

Δίκαιος, ου, ό, *Dicæus*, an Athenian.

Διοκλής, έους, ό, *Diocles*: (1) king of Phææ in Messenia; (2) one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Διομέδων, ὄντος, ό, *Diomedon*, an Athenian commander in the Peloponnesian war.

Διομήδης, εος, ό, *Diomedes*, son of Tydeus, king of Argos, one of the bravest of the Greeks before Troy.

Δίον, ου, τό, *Dium*, a town in northwestern Eubœa, near Histiaea.

Διονύσιος, ου, ό, *Dionysius*, a tyrant of Syracuse, son of Hermocrates.

Διότιμος, ου, ό, *Diotimus*, an Athenian commander.

Διώρης, ους, ό, *Diores*, son of Amarynceus, a chief of the Epæi before Troy.

Δόλοπες, ων, οι, the *Dolopes*, a Thessalian tribe, dwelling about Mt. Pindus in Epirus.

Δολοπίων, ὄνος, ό, *Dolopion*, a Trojan, priest of the river-god Scamander.

Δορίσκος, ου, ό, *Doriscus*, a plain in Thrace at the mouth of the Hebrus, containing a city of the same name, ή Λορίσκος.

Δόρυστος, ου, ό, *Doryssus*, son of Leobotes.

Δουλίχιον, ου, τό, *Dulichium*, the largest island in the group of the Echinades, near the coast of Acarnania.

Δουλιχινόνδε, to *Dulichium*.

Δρακοντίδης, ου, ό, *Dracontides*, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Δρακόντιος, ου, ό, *Dracontius*, a Spartan.

Δρήσος, ου, ό, *Dresus*, a Trojan.

Δρίλαι, ὄν, οι, the *Drilæ*, a brave people in Pontus, on the borders of Colchis, near Trapezus.

Δρύας, αὐτός, ὁ, Dryas: (1) one of the Thes-
salian Lapithæ; (2) a Thracian prince, father
of Lycurgus.

Δρυοπίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, Dryopis, the territory of the
Dryopes, which was, originally, Mt. Ceta and
the surrounding region.

Δύρας, οὐ, ὁ, Dyrras, a river in Thessaly flow-
ing into the Malian Gulf.

Δωριεύς, εὐός, ὁ, Dorieus: (1) son of Anaxan-
drides king of Sparta; (2) son of Diagoras,
a Rhodian naval commander, who aided the
Spartans.

Δωρόθεος, οὐ, ὁ, Dorotheus, an Athenian.

E

Ἑβρος, οὐ, ὁ, Hebrus, the chief river in
Thrace, flowing into the Ægean sea.

Ἠλείσιον, οὐ, τό, Hesium, a city in Bœotia.

Ἠιρέτρια, see Ἐρέτρια.

Ἠκάβη, ἡ, ἡ, Hecuba, wife of Priam.

Ἑκατόνυμος, οὐ, ὁ, Hecatonymus, an inhabit-
ant of Sinope.

Ἐκβάτανα, ὠν, τό, Ecbatana, the capital of
the Median empire, and afterward the favorite
summer residence of the Persian kings.

Ἑκτορίδης, οὐ, ὁ, son of Hector, i. e. Asty-
anax.

Ἑκτωρ, ὀρος, ὁ, Hector, eldest son of Priam
and Hecuba, chief hero of the Trojans, slain by
Achilles.

Ἐλαιούς, οὔντος, ὁ, Elæus, a town at the
southeastern point of the Thracian Cherso-
nese.

Ἐλατος, οὐ, ὁ, Elatus, an ally of the Trojans,
from Pedasus.

Ἑλένη, ἡ, ἡ, Helene (Helen), daughter of
Zeus and Leda, and wife of Menelaus, the cause
of the Trojan war.

Ἑλενος, οὐ, ὁ, Helenus, son of Priam, a war-
rior and prophet.

Ἑλευσίν or Ἐλευσίς, ἰνός, ἡ, Eleusis, an an-
cient city of Attica, sacred to Demeter (Ceres) and
Cora (Proserpina), containing a famous temple
of Ceres; in it were celebrated the Eleusinian
mysteries.

**Ἑλευσίνιος, οὐ, ὁ, an Eleusinian, an inhabi-
tant of Eleusis.**

Ἐλεφήνωρ, ὀρος, ὁ, Elephenor, leader of the
Eubœan Abantes against Troy.

Ἐλεών, ὠνός, ἡ, Eleon, a town in Bœotia,
near Tanagra.

Ἑλικῶν, ὀνος, ὁ, Helicaon, a Trojan noble,
son of Antenor.

Ἑλική, ἡ, ἡ, Helice, the ancient capital of
Achaia, on the Corinthian Gulf, destroyed by
an earthquake in B. C. 373.

Ἑλιξος, οὐ, ὁ, Helixus, an inhabitant of Me-
gara.

**Ἑλλησποντιακός, ἡ, ὄν, equivalent to the
following.**

**Ἑλλησπόντιος, α, ον, on or of the Hellespont,
Hellespontic.**

Ἑλλήσποντος, οὐ, ὁ, Hellespont, the strait
connecting the Propontis with the Ægean
sea.

Ἑλος, οὐς, τό, Helos: (1) a town in Laconia
near the mouth of the Eurotas; (2) a town or
district of Elis, on the Alpheus.

**Ἐνδιος, less correctly Ἐδδιος, οὐ, ὁ, Endius or
Eudius,** a Spartan ephor.

Ἐνετοί, ὦν, οἱ, the Eneti, a people of Paphla-
gonia.

Ἐνίηνες, see Αἰνίανες.

Ἐνίσπη, ἡ, ἡ, Enispe, an Arcadian town.

Ἐννομος, οὐ, ὁ, Ennomus, an ally of the Tro-
jans, from Mysia.

Ἐνυάλιος, οὐ, ὁ, (the Warlike), Enyalios, an
epithet of Ares (Mars).

Ἐξάδιος, οὐ, ὁ, Exadius, one of the Thessa-
lian Lapithæ.

Ἐξαρχος, οὐ, ὁ, Exarchus, a Spartan ephor.

Ἐπαμεινώνδας, οὐ, ὁ, Epaminondas, the lead-
ing general and statesman of Thebes.

Ἐπειοί, ὦν, οἱ, the Epæi, one of the tribes
inhabiting Elis from ancient times.

Ἐπήρατος, οὐ, ὁ, Eperatus, a Spartan ephor.

Ἐπιάλτης, see Ἐπιάλτης.

Ἐπιγένης, οὐς, ὁ, Epigenes, son of Aetiphoon,
a friend of Socrates.

**Ἐπιδάυριος, α, ον, of Epidaurus; οἱ Ἐπιδά-
ριοι, the Epidaurians.**

Ἐπίδαυρος, οὐ, ἡ, Epidaurus, an important
town in Argolis, on the Saronic Gulf.

Ἐπίζηλος, οὐ, ὁ, Epizelus, an Athenian.

Ἐπικίδης, οὐς, ὁ, Epicycles, a Syracusan,
father of Demarchus.

Ἐπισθένης, οὐς, ὁ, Episthenes: (1) of Amphi-
polis, commander of the light-armed Greek
troops, pelastæ, in the expedition of Cyrus the
younger; (2) an Olynthian, serving in the same
expedition.

Ἐπιστροφος, οὐ, ὁ, Epistrophus: (1) son of
Iphitus, a leader of the Phocians before Troy;
(2) an ally of the Trojans from Alybe; (3) son
of Euenus, king of Lyrnessus.

Ἐπιτάδας, α and ον, ὁ, Epitadas, a Spartan
commander at Sphacteria.

Ἐπύαξα, ἡ, ἡ, Epyaxa, wife of Syennesis a
king of Cilicia.

Ἑρασίνιδης, ου, ὁ, *Erasinides*, one of the Athenian commanders in the naval battle at Arginusæ.

Ἑρασίστρατος, ου, ὁ, *Erasistratus*, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Ἑρατοσθένης, ους, ὁ, *Eratosthenes*, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Ἐρετρία, poetic *Εἰρ-*, as, ἡ, *Eretria*, an ancient and important city on the west coast of Eubœa.

Ἐρετριεύς, ἑως, ὁ, an *Eretrian*; οἱ Ἐρετριεῖς, or Ion. Ἐρετριεῖς, the *Eretrians*.

Ἐρευθαλίωv, ωvος, ὁ, *Ereuthalion*, a leader of the Arcadians against Pylos.

Ἐρεχθεύς, ἑως, ὁ, *Erechtheus*, an ancient hero and king of Athens.

Ἑρμιόνη, ης, ἡ, *Hermione*, a city on the southern coast of Argolis, opposite the island Hydræa.

Ἑρμογένης, ους, ὁ, *Hermogenes*, an Athenian, a friend of Socrates.

Ἑρμοκράτης, ους, ὁ, *Hermocrates*, a leader of the Syracusans in the Peloponnesian war, father of Dionysius.

Ἑρμων, ωvος, ὁ, *Hermon*, an inhabitant of Megara.

Ἐρυθῖνοι, ωv, οἱ, *Erythini*, a city and range of cliffs on the coast of Paphlagonia.

Ἐρυθραί, ὧv, αἱ, *Erythræ*, an ancient city in northern Bœotia, on the Asopus, at the foot of Mt. Cithæron.

Ἑσπερίται, ὧv, οἱ, the *Hesperitæ*, a tribe in western Armenia.

Ἑτεοκλῆεις (poet. for Ἑτεόκλειος), α, ου, of or belonging to *Eleocles* a king of Thebes.

Ἑτεόνικος, ου, ὁ, *Eleonicus*, a Spartan.

Ἑτεόνος, οὔ, ὁ, *Eleonus*, a town in southern Bœotia, on the Asopus, later called Scarphe.

Ἐυαγόρας, ου, ὁ, *Euagoras*: (1) a king of Salamis in Cyprus, a contemporary of Conon; (2) an inhabitant of Elis.

Εὐαίμων, οvος, ὁ, *Euæmon*, a Thessalian prince.

Εὐαῖμονιδης, ου, ὁ, son of *Euæmon*, i. e. *Eury pylus*.

Εὐάρχιππος, ου, ὁ, *Euarchippus*, a Spartan *phor*.

Εὐβοία, as, ἡ, *Eubœa*, a large and celebrated island, lying along the coast of Locris, Bœotia, and Attica, now Negropont.

Εὐβοεύς, ἑως, ὁ, a *Eubœan*; οἱ Εὐβοεῖς, or Ion. Εὐβοεῖς, the *Eubœans*.

Εὐβοικός, ἡ, βv, of *Eubœa*, *Eubœan*.

Εὐβώτας, and -βῶ, ου, ὁ, *Eubotas*, a Cyrenean.

Εὐδῖος, see "Ενδῖος.

Εὐηνορίδης, ου, ὁ, son of *Euenor*, i. e. *Lio critus*.

Εὐηνός, οὔ, ὁ, *Euenus*: (1) the name of two Elegiac poets of Paros, one of whom is said to have instructed Socrates in poetry; (2) son of Selapius, a king of Lyrnessus.

Εὐκλείδης, ου, ὁ, *Euclides* (*Euclid*): (1) a soothsayer of Phlius; (2) an officer of the Spartan general Thibron; (3) one of the thirty tyrants at Athens; (4) of Megara, a pupil of Socrates, founder of the Megarian school of philosophy.

Εὐκλῆς, ἑως, ὁ, *Eucles*, son of Hippon, a Syracusan commander.

Εὐκτῆμων, οvος, ὁ, *Euctemon*, an Athenian archon.

Εὐμάθης, ους, ὁ, *Eumathes*, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Εὐμαχος, ου, ὁ, *Eumachus*, an Athenian general.

Εὐμένης, ους, ὁ, *Eumenes*, a brave Athenian at Salamis.

Εὐμηλος, ου, ὁ, *Eumelus*, son of Admetus, a Thessalian leader against Troy.

Εὐδοεύς, ἑως, ὁ, another reading is Ἐνοδιάς, ου, ὁ, a designation in Xen. Anab. 7, 4, 18 of Hieronymus of Elis. Probably a geographical term of uncertain reference.

Εὐπίθης, ους, ὁ, *Eupithes*, an Ithacan noble.

Εὐρύαλος, ου, ὁ, *Euryalus*, a commander of the Mycenæans before Troy.

Εὐρυβάτης, ου, ὁ, *Eurybates*: (1) a herald of Agamemnon; (2) a herald of Ulysses.

Εὐρυβιάδης, ου, ὁ, *Eurybiades*, a Spartan, commander of the Grecian fleet at Artemisium and Salamis.

Εὐρυδάμας, αvτος, ὁ, *Eurydamas*, a Trojan prince, skillful in interpreting dreams.

Εὐρύδημος, ου, ὁ, *Eurydemus*, father of the traitor Ephialtes.

Εὐρύκλεια, as, ἡ, *Euryclia*, daughter of Ops, nurse of Ulysses.

Εὐρυκλείδης, ου, ὁ, *Euryclides*, a Spartan.

Εὐρυκράτης, ους, ὁ, *Eurycrates*, a king of Sparta.

Εὐρυκρατίδης, ου, ὁ, *Eurycratides*, a king of Sparta.

Εὐρύλοχος, ου, ὁ, *Eurylochus*, an Arcadian from Lusi.

Εὐρύμαχος, ου, ὁ, *Eurymachus*: (1) son of Polybus, a suitor of Penelope; (2) a Dardanian; (3) a Theban, father of Leontiades; (4) a grandson of the preceding.

Εὐρυμέδων, οvτος, ὁ, *Eurymedon*, chariotæd of Agamemnon.

Εὐρύνομος, ου, ὁ, *Eurynomus*, son of Ægyptius of Ithaca, a suitor of Penelope.

Εὐρυπτόλεμος, ου, ὁ, *Euryptolemus*, an Athenian, son of Pisanax.

Εὐρύπυλος, ου, ὁ, *Eurypylus*: (1) a Thessalian chief before Troy; (2) a king of Cos.

Εὐρύσθενης, ους, ὁ, *Eurysthenes*, son of Aristodemus, king of Sparta. From him and his twin brother Procles were descended the two royal families of Sparta, the Eurysthenidæ (called also Agidæ), and the Proclidæ.

Εὐρύτος, ου, ὁ, *Eurytus*: (1) a leader of the Epeî; (2) a brave Spartan at Thermopylæ.

Εὐσώρος (poet. for **Εὔσωρος**), ου, ὁ, *Eusorus*, a Thracian.

Εὐτρεΐς, ιος, ἡ, *Eutresis*, a Bœotian village, near Thespiæ.

Εὐφημος, ου, ὁ, *Euphemus*, leader of the Cicones, an ally of the Trojans.

Εὐφορίων, υνος, ὁ, *Euphorion*, an Athenian, father of the poet Æschylus.

Εὐφράτης, ου, ὁ, *Euphrates*, a celebrated river of western Asia, rising in Armenia, and flowing into the Persian Gulf.

Ἐφέσιος, α, ου, *Ephesian*; οἱ **Ἐφέσιοι**, the *Ephesians*.

Ἐφεσος, ου, ἡ, *Ephesus*, the chief city of Ionia, on the coast, at the mouth of the Cayster, containing a celebrated temple of Diana.

Ἐφιάλτης, ου, Ion. **Ἐπιάλτης**, εω, ὁ, *Ephialtes*: (1) a giant, the son of Poseidon, one of the Aloïdæ; (2) a Trachinian, who betrayed the Greeks at Thermopylæ.

Ἐφύρα, ας, ἡ, *Ephyra*: (1) a Pelasgian city of Elis; (2) a town of Thesprotia in Epirus; (3) the ancient name of Corinth.

Ἐχεκράτης, ους, ὁ, *Echecrates*, of Phlius, a friend of Socrates.

Ἐχέμων, poet. **Ἐχέμμων**, υνος, ὁ, *Echemon* or *Echemmôn*, a son of Priam.

Ἐχέπολος, ου, ὁ, *Echepolus*, a Trojan, son of Thalyssius.

Ἐχέστρατος, ου, ὁ, *Echestratus*, son of Agis I., king of Sparta.

Z

Ζάκυνθος, ου, ἡ, *Zacynthus*, an island in the Ionian sea, off the coast of Elis, containing a city of the same name.

Ζαπάτας, α, more commonly **Ζάβατος**, ου, ὁ, *Zapatas* or *Zabatus*, a river of Assyria, flowing into the Tigris.

Ζέλια, ας, ἡ, *Zelia*, an ancient city of Troas, at the foot of Mt. Ida.

Ζεύξιππος, ου, ὁ, *Zeuasippus*, a Spartan ephor.
Ζήλαρχος, ου, ὁ, *Zelarchus*, a market official.
Ζωστήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, *Zoster*, a promontory, consisting of several slender points, on the west coast of Attica, between Phalerum and Sunium.

H

Ἡγήσανδρος, ου, ὁ, *Hegesander*, an officer in the army of the ten thousand Greeks.

Ἡγησιλαός and **Ἡγησιλέως**, see **Ἀγησιλαός**.

Ἡγυς, see **Ἄγυς**.

Ἡερίβοια, ας, ἡ, poetic for **Ἐρ-**, *Eribœa*, the second wife of Aloeus.

Ἡερίων, υνος, ὁ, *Estion*, king of Thebe in Mysia, and father of Andromache.

Ἡϊόνες, ων, αἱ, *Eiones*, a town in Argolis, near the promontory Scyllœum.

Ἡϊών, υνος, ἡ, *Eion*, a city in Macedonia, at the mouth of the Strymon, the port of Amphipolis.

Ἡλείος, α, ου, of *Elis*, *Elean*; οἱ **Ἡλείοι**, the *Eleans*.

Ἡλīs, ιδος, ἡ, *Elis*, a country on the west coast of the Peloponnesus.

Ἡλώνη, ης, ἡ, *Elone*, an ancient town in Thessaly, at the foot of Mt. Olympus.

Ἡπιδανός, see **Ἀπιδανός**.

Ἡράκλεια, ας, ἡ, *Heraclea*: (1) **Ἡράκλεια ἡ Ποντική**, the *Pontic Heraclea*, a city of Bithynia, on the coast of the Euxine; (2) **Ἡράκλεια ἡ Τραχινία**, the *Trachinian Heraclea*, a city of Thessaly in the territory of Trachis, built by the Lacedæmonians and Trachinians together.

Ἡρακλεΐδης, ου, ὁ, son or descendant of *Hercules*; as a proper name, *Heraclides*: (1) of Maronea in Thrace; (2) a Syracusan commander, son of Aristogenes.

Ἡράκλειον, ου, τό, the *Heracleum*, temple of *Hercules*.

Ἡρακλεώτης, ου, ὁ, a *Heracleian*

Ἡρακλεώτης, ιδος, ἡ, fem. adj., (χώρα understood), the *Heracleian territory*.

Ἡσίοδος, ου, ὁ, *Hesiodus* (*Hesiod*), a celebrated Grecian poet, born at Ascra in Bœotia.

Θ

Θάλπιος, ου, ὁ, *Thalpius*, a leader of the Epeî before Troy.

Θαλυσιάδης, ου, ὁ, son of *Thalysius*, i. e. *Echepolus*.

Θαμνήρια, ων, τά, *Thammeria*, a town of Media, near the Cadusii.

Θάμυρις, ἴδος and ἰος, δ, *Thamyris*, an ancient Thracian bard.

Θαρίππας, ου, δ, *Tharypas*, a favorite of the Thessalian commander Menon.

Θάσιος, α, ου, *Thasian*, belonging to *Thasus*.

Θάσος, ου, ἡ, *Thasus*, an island of the Ægean off the coast of Thrace, having a city of the same name.

Θαυμακία, ας, ἡ, *Thaumacia*, a city of Macedonia in Thessaly.

Θαψακηνοί, ὧν, οἱ, the *Thapsacenes*, inhabitants of *Thapsacus*.

Θάψακος, ου, ἡ, *Thapsacus*, a city of Syria on the west bank of the Euphrates, where was an important ford.

Θεάνω, οὗς, ἡ, *Theano*, sister of Hecuba, priestess of Athena, and wife of Antenor.

Θεμιστοκλῆς, έους, δ, *Themistocles*, the great statesman and leader of the Athenians, conqueror of the Persians at Salamis.

Θεογένης, ους, δ, *Theogenes*: (1) one of the thirty tyrants at Athens; (2) a Locrian captain.

Θεόγνις, ἰος and ἴδος, δ, *Theognis*, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Θεοκύδης, ους, δ, *Theocydes*, an Athenian.

Θεομήστωρ, ορος, δ, *Theomestor*, a tyrant of Samos.

Θεόπομπος, ου, δ, *Theopompus*: (1) an Athenian in the army of the ten thousand Greeks; (2) a Milesian pirate.

Θερμαῖος, ου, δ, with κόλπος, the *Thermaic Gulf*, the northwestern arm of the Ægean sea, between Pieria and Chalcidice.

Θέρμη, ης, ἡ, *Therme*, a city in Macedonia, at the head of the Thermaic Gulf, later called Thessalonica.

Θερμῶδων, οντος, δ, *Thermodon*, a river of Pontus, flowing into the Euxine.

Θερσίτης, ου, δ, *Thersites*, the most ugly and abusive of the Greeks before Troy.

Θέσπια, and -πεια, ας, ἡ, usually in pl. Θεσπιαί, ὧν, αἱ, *Thespieæ*, an ancient city in Boeotia, at the foot of Mt. Helicon.

Θεσπιεύς, έως, δ, a *Thespian*; οἱ Θεσπιεῖς, or Ἴον. Θεσπιεῖς, the *Thespians*.

Θεσπρωτοί, ὧν, οἱ, the *Thesproti*, the most ancient inhabitants of Epirus, of Pelasgic origin, dwelling on the coast.

Θεσσαλία, ας, ἡ, *Thessaly*, the largest country of Greece, in the north, mostly a plain.

Θεσσαλός, ἡ, βί, *Thessalian*.

Θεσσαλός, οὗ, δ, *Thessalus*, a son of Hercules.

Θεστορίδης, ου, δ, son of *Thestor*, i. e. Calchas.

Θετταλία, Θετταλός, Att. for Θεσσαλία, &c., which see.

Θήβαι, ὧν, αἱ, *Thebes*, the chief city of Boeotia.

Θηβαῖος, ου, δ, an inhabitant of *Thebes*.

Θηράμενης, ους, δ, *Theramenes*, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens, a distinguished general, noted for his frequent changes in politics.

Θήχης, δ, *Theches*, a mountain in Pontus, from which the ten thousand Greeks caught sight of the sea (the Euxine).

Θιβραχος, ου, δ, *Thibrachus*, an Athenian polemarch.

Θιβρων, ωνος, δ, *Thibron*, a Spartan general.

Θίσβη, ης, ἡ, *Thisbe*, a city of Boeotia, near Mt. Helicon.

Θόας, αντος, δ, *Thoas*, a leader of the Ætolians before Troy.

Θορικός, οὗ, δ, *Thoricus*, one of the twelve ancient cities of Attica.

Θούριος, α, ου, *Thurian*, of *Thurii*, a city on the southern coast of Italy, an Athenian colony.

Θόων, ωνος, δ, *Thoon*, a Trojan.

Θώωσα, ης, ἡ, *Thoösa*, a nymph, mother of Polyphemus.

Θράκη, ης, ἡ, *Thrace*, a district extending from Macedonia to the Euxine along the Ægean and Propontis.

Θράκιον, ου, τό, the *Thracian square*, a place in Byzantium near the Thracian gate.

Θράξ, ακός, δ, a *Thracian*, used chiefly of the residents in Thrace, but also of those who had migrated from Thrace into Bithynia.

Θρασύβουλος, ου, δ, *Thrasylbulus*, an Athenian, son of Lycus, the leader in the overthrow of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Θρασύλεις, ω, (Ion. for Θρασύλαος, ου), δ, *Thrasylaus*, an Athenian.

Θράσυλλος, ου, δ, *Thrasyllus*, one of the ten victorious Athenian generals at Arginusæ.

Θρασυμηλίδας, α, δ, *Thrasymelidas*, a Spartan naval commander.

Θριάσιος, α, ου, of *Thria* an Attic deme; τὸ Θριάσιον πεδῖον, the *Thriasian plain*, a fertile plain between Thria and Eleusis.

Θρόνιον, ου, τό, *Thronium*, the chief town of the Locri Epicnemidii, near the Boagrius, a short distance from the Malian Gulf.

Θρύον, ου, τό, *Thryum*, a city of Elis, on the Alpheus, in the territory of Nestor.

Θυέστης, ου, δ, *Thyestes*, son of Pelops, brother of Atreus, and father of Ægisthus.

Θύμβριον, ου, τό, *Thymbrium*, a city in eastern Phrygia, containing the fountain of Midas.

Θυμοίτης, ου, δ, *Thymætes*, one of the elders of Troy.

Θῦμοχάρης, ους, δ, *Thymochares*, a leader of the Athenians in the Peloponnesian war.

Θῦνοι, ὧν, οἱ, *the Thyni*, a branch of the Thracians, dwelling at first near Salmydessus, who afterwards crossed into Asia and settled on the coast of Bithynia.

Θώραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, *Thorax*, a Spartan commander.

I

Ἰάλμενος, ου, ὁ, *Ialmenus*, son of Ares and Astyoche, a chief of the Minyae.

Ἰασόνιος, α, ου, *belonging to Jason*; ἡ Ἰασονία ἀκτὴ, *the Jasonian promontory*, on the coast of Pontus, between Cotyore and the Iris, where Jason is said to have landed with the Argonauts.

Ἰαωλκός (poetic for Ἰωλ-), οὔ, ἡ, *Iolcus*, a city of Magnesia in Thessaly, the birthplace of Jason and gathering-place of the Argonauts.

Ἰδα, ης, ἡ, *Ida*, a mountain in Mysia near Troy.

Ἰδαῖος, ου, ὁ, *Idæus*: (1) a Trojan herald; (2) a Trojan, son of Dares.

Ἰδηθεν, *from Ida*.

Ἰδομενεύς, ἑως, ὁ, *Idomeneus*, son of Deucalion, and grandson of Minos, king of Crete and leader of the Cretans before Troy.

Ἰεραμένης, ους, ὁ, *Hieramenes*, a Persian.

Ἰέρων, υνος, ὁ, *Hieron*, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Ἰερώνυμος, ου, ὁ, *Hieronymus*, a captain, from Elis.

Ἰηλυσός (Ion. for Ἰᾶλ-), οὔ, ἡ, *Ialysus*, an ancient Dorian city in the island of Rhodes.

Ἰήσων (Ion. for Ἰάσων), υνος, ὁ, *Jason*, son of Eson, leader of the expedition of the Argonauts to obtain the golden fleece.

Ἰθώμη, ης, ἡ, *Ithome*, a fortress in Thessaly, near Metropolis.

Ἰκάριος, ου, ὁ, *Icarius*, father of Penelope.

Ἰκετάων, υνος, ὁ, *Hicetaon*, a Trojan, son of Laomedon.

Ἰκόνιον, ου, τό, *Iconium*, an ancient city of Asia Minor, during the Persian dominion the easternmost city of Phrygia, but later the capital of Lycaonia.

Ἰλαρχος, ου, ὁ, *Ilarchus*, a Spartan ephor.

Ἰλιάς, ἀδος, ἡ, fem. adj., *Trojan*; used of the goddess Athene.

Ἰλιος, ου, ἡ, *Ilium*, *Troy*, the famous city.

Ἰλισσός, οὔ, ὁ, *Ilissus*, a small river flowing through the southeastern part of Athens.

Ἰλος, ου, ὁ, *Ilus*, son of Mermerus, dwelling in Ephyra.

Ἰμβρασίδης, ου, ὁ, *son of Imbrasmus*, i. e. Piroüs.

Ἰμβριος, α, ου, *of Imbrus*; οἱ Ἰμβριοι, *the Imbrians*.

Ἰμβρος, ου, ἡ, *Imbrus*, an island in the northern Aegean, near the Thracian Chersonese, with a city of the same name.

Ἰμέρα, ας, ἡ, *Himera*, a city of Sicily on the Himeras, a colony of the Zancleans.

Ἰνδοί, ὧν, οἱ, *the Indians, inhabitants of India*.

Ἴπνοι, ὧν, οἱ, (lit. *ovens*), *Ipni*, a rugged place in Magnesia in Thessaly, at the foot of Mt. Pelium.

Ἰππαγρέτας, α and ου, ὁ, *Hippagretas*, a Spartan commander at Sphacteria.

Ἰππεύς, ἑως, ὁ, *Hippeus*, a commander of the Samians.

Ἰππίας, ου, Ion. Ἰππίης, ἑω, ὁ, *Hippias*, a tyrant of Athens, who finally joined the Persians.

Ἰπποδάμεια, ας, ἡ, *Hippodamia*, daughter of Arastus, wife of Pirithöus.

Ἰπποδάμειος, ου, *of Hippodamus*; in the phrase ἡ Ἰπποδάμειος ἀγορά, *the Hippodamian market-place*, the great square of Piræus, so named from the architect Hippodamus of Miletus.

Ἰπποθόος, ου, ὁ, *Hippothis*, son of Lethus, of Larissa in Troas.

Ἰπποκράτης, ους, ὁ, *Hippocrates*, an Athenian, father of Pisistratus.

Ἰππολόχος, ου, ὁ, *Hippolochus*: (1) a son of Bellerophon, and father of Glaucus; (2) one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Ἰππομάχος, ου, ὁ, *Hippomachus*, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Ἰππων, υνος, ὁ, *Hippon*, a Syracusan, father of Eucles.

Ἰρις, ιος and ἰδος, ὁ, *Iris*, a river of Pontus, flowing into the Euxine near Amisus.

Ἰσανδρος, ου, ὁ, *Isandrus*, a son of Bellerophon.

Ἰσάνωρ, οπος, ὁ, *Isanor*, a Spartan ephor.

Ἰσίας, ου, ὁ, *Isias*, a Spartan ephor.

Ἰσσοί, ὧν, οἱ, also written Ἰσσός, οὔ, ἡ, *Issi* or *Issus*, a city in the southeastern extremity of Cilicia.

Ἰστιαία, ας, ἡ, (this and its derivatives are Ion. for Ἑστιαία, etc.), *Histiæa*, an ancient and important city at the northeastern extremity of Eubœa, later called Oreus.

Ἰστιαεύς, ἑως, ὁ, *a Histiean*.

Ἰστιαίητις, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. adj., *Histiæan*; γῆ ἡ Ἰστιαίητις, *the Histiean territory*.

Ἰστιαῖος, ου, ὁ, *Histiæus*, a Samian.

Ἰσχένοος, ου, ὁ, *Ischenoüs*, an inhabitant of Egina.

Ἰταβέλιος, ου, ὁ, *Itabellius*, a Persian commander in Comania.

Ἴταν, ὠνος, ἡ, *Iton*, a city of Phthiotis in Thessaly.

Ἴφικλος, ου, ὁ, *Iphiclus*, of Thessaly, son of Phylacus, an Argonaut.

Ἴφίτος, ου, ὁ, *Iphitus*, of Phocis, son of Naulobolus, an Argonaut.

Ἰωκή, ἡς, ἡ, *Ioce*, the Battle-Din personified.

Ἰωνία, ας, ἡ, *Ionica*, a strip of the western coast of Asia Minor extending from Phocæa in the north to Miletus in the south, containing twelve important cities; so named because inhabited chiefly by Ionian Greeks.

K

Καδούσιοι, ων, οἱ, the *Cadusii*, a Scythian tribe dwelling on the southwest of the Caspian, between the Araxes and the Amardus.

Κάϊκος, ου, ὁ, *Caicus*, a river of Mysia, flowing into the Cumean Gulf.

Καιναί, ὧν, αἱ, *Cænæ*, a city of Mesopotamia, on the west bank of the Tigris.

Καινίδης, ου, ὁ, son of *Cænus*, i. e. Coronus.

Καινεύς, ἑως, ὁ, *Cænus*, son of Elatus, king of the Thessalian Lapithæ.

Καλήσιος, ου, ὁ, *Calesius*, charioteer of Axy-lus.

Καλλιάνης, ου, ὁ, *Calliades*, an Athenian archon.

Καλλιάρως, ου, ἡ, *Calliarus*, a city in Locris.

Καλλίας, ου, ὁ, *Callias*, an Athenian archon.

Καλλίβιος, ου, ὁ, *Callibius*, the Spartan har-mot of Athens under the thirty tyrants.

Καλλικρατίδας, ου, ὁ, *Callicratidas*, a Spartan naval commander.

Καλλίμαχος, ου, ὁ, *Callimachus*: (1) an Athenian polemarch at Marathon; (2) an Arca-dian captain in the army of the ten thousand.

Καλλιένης, ου, ὁ, *Callixenus*, an Athenian demagogue.

Καλλίστρατος, ου, ὁ, *Calistratus*, an Athe-nian of the tribe Leontis.

Κάλπη, ἡς, ἡ, *Calpe*, a promontory and town on the northern coast of Bithynia.

Κάλυδναι (νήσοι), αἱ, the *Calydnæ* (Islands), a group of islands off the coast of Caria, near Cos, belonging to the Sporades.

Καλυδών, ὠνος, ἡ, *Calydon*, an ancient city in southern Ætolia, on the Evenus.

Καλυνδεύς, ἑως, ὁ, an inhabitant of *Calynda*, a city in southeastern Caria; οἱ Καλυνδεῖς, the *Calyndians*.

Καλυνδικός, ἡ, ὁν, *Calyndian*.

Καλχηδών, ὠνος, ἡ, *Calchedon*, a Greek city on the coast of Bithynia, nearly opposite Byzan-tium.

Καλχηδονία, ας, ἡ, (χώρα understood), the territory of *Calchedon*.

Καλχηδόνιος, ου, ὁ, an inhabitant of *Calche-don*, a *Calchedonian*.

Καμάρινα, ας, ἡ, *Camarina*, a city on the southern coast of Sicily, a colony of Syracuse.

Καμβόσης, ου, ὁ, *Cambyses*, the name of two Persian kings; the second was the son and successor of Cyrus the Great.

Κάμιρος, ου, ὁ, *Camirus*, a city on the west coast of the island of Rhodes.

Κάννωνος, ου, ὁ, *Cannonus*, an Athenian statesman.

Καπανεύς, ἑως, ὁ, *Capaneus*, son of Hippo-nous, and father of Sthenelus.

Καπανηιάδης, ου, ὁ, son of *Capaneus*, i. e. Sthenelus.

Καπανηίος, α, ου, of or belonging to *Capaneus*.

Καππαδοκία, ας, ἡ, *Cappadocia*, a country of eastern Asia Minor, between Pontus and Cilicia. In early times its boundaries were more ex-tended.

Καρδία, ας, ἡ, *Cardia*, a city in the Thracian Chersonese.

Καρδούχειος, α, ου, of the *Carduchi*, *Cardu-chian*.

Καρδούχοι, ων, οἱ, the *Carduchi*, a warlike nation dwelling between the upper waters of the Tigris and Lake Arissa.

Κάρια, ας, ἡ, *Caria*, a country on the south-west coast of Asia Minor, south of Lydia.

Κάρσος, ου, ὁ, *Carsus*, a river of Cilicia.

Καρύστιος, α, ου, of *Carystus*, *Carystian*.

Κάρυστος, ου, ἡ, *Carystus*, a town at the southern extremity of Eubœa, at the foot of Mt. Oche.

Καρχηδόνιοι, ων, οἱ, the *Carthaginians*, in-habitants of Carthage.

Κασθαναία (and Καστ-), ας, ἡ, *Casthanæa*, a city of Magnesia in Thessaly, near Mt. Pelium.

Κάσος, ου, ἡ, *Casus*, an island, one of the Cyclades.

Κασταλία, ας, ἡ, *Castalia*, a fountain on Mt. Parnassus, sacred to Apollo and the Muses.

Καστωλός, οὔ, ὁ, *Castolus*, a city of Lydia.

Κατάνη, ἡς, ἡ, *Catane*, a city on the east coast of Sicily, at the foot of Mt. Ætna.

Καῦστριος (and Κᾰῦστρος), ου, ὁ, the *Caïs-trius* or *Caïster*, a river of Lydia and Ionia, flowing into the Ægean sea near Ephesus.

Καῦστρου πεδίου, τό, (lit. plain of *Caïster*), *Caïstrupedium*, a city of Asia Minor, probably in Pamphylia.

Καφηρέυς, *έως, ό*, *Caphereus*, the southeast promontory of Eubœa, where the Greek fleet was wrecked on its return from Troy.

Κέαδης, *ου, ό*, *son of Ceas*, i. e. Træzenus.

Κέβης, *ητος, ό*, *Cebes*, a Theban, a friend of Socrates.

Κεδρεΐαι, *ων, αι*, *Cedreæ*, a city of Caria on the Ceramic Gulf.

Κέιοι, *ων, οι*, *the Ceans*, inhabiting the island Ceos.

Κελαιναί, *ων, αι*, *Celaenæ*, a city in southern Phrygia, on the Mæander.

Κεντρίτης, *ου, ό*, *Centrites*, a small tributary of the Tigris, the boundary between the Carduchi and Armenia.

Κεραμικός, *ου, ό*, *Ceramicus*, a place outside of the walls of Athens, probably northwest, where those who fell in battle were often buried. The name is also applied to an adjoining part of the city within the walls.

Κεράμειος, *α, ου*, same as **Κεραμικός**.

Κεραμικός, *ή, ου*, *belonging to Ceramus*, a city in Caria; **ό κόλπος Κεραμικός**, *the Ceramic gulf*.

Κεραμῶν ἀγορά, *ή*, (lit. *market-place of the Ceramians*), *Ceramon-agora*, a town in western Phrygia.

Κερασσίντιοι, *ων, οι*, *the Cerasuntians*, inhabitants of Cerasus.

Κερασούς, *ουτος, ό*, *Cerasus*, a Greek city on the coast of Pontus, a colony of Sinope.

Κέρκυρες, *ων, οι*, *the Cercopes*, a fabled race of dwarfs, located at the pass of Thermopylæ, and in other places.

Κερτόνιον, *ου, τό*, *Certonium*, a city on the coast of Mysia.

Κέως, *ω*, (Ion. **Κέος**, *ου*), *ή*, *Ceos*, an island, one of the Cyclades, opposite the promontory Sunium in Attica.

Κήρινθος, *ου, ή*, *Cerinthus*, a small coast town in northeastern Eubœa, on the Budorus.

Κηφισόδωτος, *ου, ό*, *Cephisodotus*, an Athenian commander.

Κηφισόδωρος, *ου, ό*, *Cephisodorus*, an Athenian captain.

Κηφισός, *ου, ό*, *Cephisus*, a small stream which crosses the roads between Athens and Piræus, and empties into the bay of Phalerum.

Κηφισοφών, *ουτος, ό*, *Cephisophon*, a common Athenian name. Especially the name of an envoy to Sparta.

Κιθαρών, *ουος, ό*, *Cithæron*, a lofty range of mountains separating Bœotia from Megaris and Attica.

Κίκονες, *ων, οι*, *the Cicones*, inhabiting the western part of the coast of Thrace.

Κιλικία, *ας, ή*, *Cilicia*, a country on the southeast coast of Asia Minor, next to Syria.

Κίλλα, *ης, ή*, *Cilla*, a city of Troas, on the Cilæus, containing a celebrated temple of Apollo.

Κίμων, *ουος, ό*, *Cimon*, a common Athenian name: (1) the father of Miltiades; (2) the son of Miltiades, a distinguished general and statesman.

Κίος, *ου, ή*, *Cius*, a city of Bithynia on the Propontis.

Κισσής, *ιδος, ή*, *daughter of Cisseus or Cisseus*, king of Thrace.

Κίσσιοι, *ων, οι*, *the Cissians*, inhabitants of Cissia, the district in which the city of Susa was located, a part of Susiana.

Κλαζομεναί, *ων, αι*, *Clazomenæ*, a city in Ionia, on the Gulf of Smyrna.

Κλαγόρας, *ου, ό*, *Clagoras*, a painter, of Phlius.

Κλεάνερος, *ου, ό*, *Cleænetus*, a captain in the army of the ten thousand.

Κλεάνδρος, *ου, ό*, *Cleandrus*, a Spartan har-mot at Byzantium.

Κλεάνωρ, *ουος, ό*, *Cleanor*, an inhabitant of Orchomenus in Arcadia, a general in the army of the ten thousand.

Κλεάρετος, *ου, ό*, *Clearetus*, a captain in the army of the ten thousand.

Κλεάρχος, *ου, ό*, *Clearchus*, a Lacedæmonian, a commander in the army of the ten thousand, especially esteemed by Cyrus.

Κλενδόμαχος, *ου, ό*, *Clinomachus*, a Spartan ephor.

Κλεόδαιος, *ου, ό*, *Cleodæus*, son of Hyllus, grandson of Hercules.

Κλεόκριτος, *ου, ό*, *Cleocritus*, a herald at the Eleusinian mysteries.

Κλεόμβροτος, *ου, ό*, *Cleombrotus*: (1) a Spartan, brother of Leonidas; (2) a pupil of Socrates.

Κλεομένης, *ου, ό*, *Cleomenes*, a Spartan king, half-brother of Leonidas.

Κλεομήδης, *ου, ό*, *Cleomedes*, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Κλεοσθένης, *ου, ό*, *Cleosthenes*, a Spartan.

Κλεοστράτος, *ου, ό*, *Cleostratus*, an Argive ambassador.

Κλεοφών, *ουτος, ό*, *Cleophon*, a commander of the Athenians.

Κλέων, *ουος, ό*, *Cleon*, an Athenian demagogue and commander in the Peloponnesian war.

Κλεωναί, *ων, αι*, *Cleonæ*: (1) an ancient town in Argolis, near Corinth, in whose territory the Nemean games were celebrated; (2) a town of Macedonia, on the peninsula of Athos.

Κλεώνυμος, *ον, ὁ*, *Cleonymus*, a brave Spartan.

Κλονίος, *ου, ὁ*, *Clonius*, son of Alector, a leader of the Boeotians before Troy.

Κλυμένη, *ης, ἡ*, *Clymene*, an attendant of Helen.

Κλυταμνήστρα, *ας, ἡ*, *Clytaemnestra*, the wife of Agamemnon.

Κλυτίος, *ου, ὁ*, *Clytius*, a Trojan, elder son of Laomedon.

Κνωσός, *ου, ἡ*, *Cnosus*, an ancient capital of Crete, near the north coast.

Κοῖλα, *ων, τὰ*, (lit. *the Hollows*), *Cœla*, a name given to a very dangerous part of the coast of Eubœa, between the promontories Caphareus and Chersonesus.

Κοίρανος, *ου, ὁ*, *Cœranus*, a Lycian.

Κοιρατάδης, and **-δας**, *ου, ὁ*, *Cœratades* or *Cœratadas*, a Theban.

Κοῖτοι, *ων, οἱ*, *the Cœtæ*, a people of Pontus whom the ten thousand Greeks passed on their retreat.

Κολοσσαί, *ων, αἱ*, *Colossæ*, an important city in southwestern Phrygia, on the Lycus.

Κολοφών, *ωνος, ἡ*, *Colophon*, one of the twelve Ionian cities on the coast of Asia Minor.

Κολοφώνιος, *ου, ὁ*, *a Colophonian*, an inhabitant of Colophon.

Κομανία, *ας, ἡ*, *Comania*, a fortress near Vergamium in Mysia.

Κόνων, *ωνος, ὁ*, *Conon*, an Athenian general, son of Timotheus.

Κορησσός, *ου, ὁ*, *Coressus*, a mountain near Ephesus.

Κορίνθιοι, *ων, οἱ*, *the Corinthians*.

Κορίνθιος, *α, ον*, *Corinthian*, belonging to Corinth, the well known city on the Isthmus of Corinth.

Κορσωτή, *ης, ἡ*, *Corsoite*, a city on the Euphrates, near the Mascas, found deserted in the time of Xenophon.

Κορύδαλλος, and **-αλος**, *ου, ὁ*, *Corydallus*, of Anticyra.

Κορύλας, *α and ου, ὁ*, *Corylas*, a satrap of Paphlagonia.

Κορυφάσιον, *ου, τό*, *Coryphasium*, a promontory on the west coast of Messenia, near Pylus.

Κορώνεια, *ας, ἡ*, *Coronea*, an important city in western Bœotia, near lake Copais.

Κόρωνος, *ου, ὁ*, *Coronus*, son of Cæneus, an Argonaut.

Κοτύωρα, *ων, τὰ*, *Cotyora*, a Greek city on the coast of Pontus, a colony of Sinope.

Κοτυωρίται, *ων, οἱ*, *the Cotyrites*, inhabitants of Cotyora.

Κουφαγόρας, *ου, ὁ*, *Cuphagoras*, an Athenian.

Κρανή, *ης, ἡ*, *Cranæ*, a small island, probably in the Laconian gulf, near Gythium.

Κράπαθος, *ου, ἡ*, (poetic for **Κάρπαθος**), *Carpathus*, an island between Crete and Rhodes.

Κρατησικλῆς, *έους, ὁ*, *Cratesicles*, a Spartan.

Κρατησιππίδας, *α, ὁ*, *Cratesippidas*, a Spartan naval commander.

Κρήθων, *ωνος, ὁ*, *Crethon*, son of Diocles, of Phœæ in Messenia.

Κρητίνης, *ου, ὁ*, *Cretines*, father of Aminocles the Thessalian.

Κρίος, *ου, ὁ*, *Crius*, son of Polycritus, one of the chief men of Ægina.

Κριτάλλα, *ων, τὰ*, *Critalla*, a city of Cappadocia, on the Halys.

Κριτίας, *ου, ὁ*, *Critias*, an uncle of Plato, and one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Κριτόβουλος, *ου, ὁ*, *Critobulus*, an Athenian, a pupil of Socrates.

Κρίτων, *ωνος, ὁ*, *Criton* (*Crito*), an Athenian, an intimate friend of Socrates.

Κροῖσος, *ου, ὁ*, *Cresus*, the last king of Lydia, son of Alyattes.

Κροκίνας, *ου, ὁ*, *Crocinas*, a Thessalian, a victor in the Olympic games.

Κροκύλεια, *ων, τὰ*, *Crocylea*, a place in Ithaca.

Κρώμνα, *ης, ἡ*, *Cromna*, a fortress of Paphlagonia, near Amastris.

Κτέατος, *ου, ὁ*, *Cteatus*, a son of Poseidon and Molione, a chief of the Epei.

Κτησίλας, *ου, ὁ*, *Ctesias*, of Cnidus, a distinguished physician and historian.

Κτήσιππος, *ου, ὁ*, *Ctesippus*, an Athenian, a friend of Socrates.

Κύδνος, *ου, ὁ*, *Cydnus*, a river of Cilicia, flowing through Tarsus.

Κυδομός, *ου, ὁ*, *Cydomus*, Uproar personified.

Κύδων, *ωνος, ὁ*, *Cydon*, a Byzantine.

Κυζικηνός, *ἡ, ἡ*, *of Cyzicus*.

Κυζικηνός, *ου, ὁ*, *an inhabitant of Cyzicus*; (στατήρ understood) *a Cyzicene*, a gold coin of Cyzicus, worth about \$4.93.

Κύζικος, *ου, ἡ*, *Cyzicus*, an important city on an island of the same name in the Propontis, close to Mysia.

Κύμη, *ης, ἡ*, *Cyme*, the principal city of Æolis in Asia Minor, on the coast, near Phocæa.

Κυναίγειρος, or **Κυνέγειρος**, *ου, ὁ*, *Cynagirus*, a brave Athenian warrior, brother of the poet Æschylus.

Κυνίσκος, *ου, ὁ*, *Cyniscus*, a Spartan.

Κῦνος, *ου, ἡ*, *Cynus*, a port of Locria, on the Mælian Gulf.

Κυνόσουρα, ας, ἡ, (lit. *dog's tail*), *Cynosura* : (1) a promontory on the east coast of Attica, sheltering the bay of Marathon ; (2) a promontory on or near the island of Salamis.

Κυπαρισσῆις, εντος, ἡ, *Cyparissēis*, a city on the west coast of Messenia, near the river Cyparissus, later called Cyparissia (*Κυπαρισσία*).

Κυπαρισσος, ου, ἡ, *Cyparissus*, a small city in Phocis, on Mt. Parnassus, near Delphi.

Κυρείος, α, ου, of *Cyrus*, *Cyreian*.

Κύρος, ου, ὁ, *Cyrus*, the name of two Persian kings. The second, called "the Great," or "the Elder," was son and successor of Cambyse I. and conqueror of Media. It was also the name of a son of Darius II., called "the Younger," who perished in an expedition to dethrone his brother Artaxerxes II.

Κύταρος, ου, ἡ, *Cytarus*, a coast city of Paphlagonia, near Amastris.

Κύφος, ου, ἡ, *Cyphus*, a city in northern Thessaly.

Κώπαι, ὦν, αἱ, *Copæ*, an old town of Boeotia on the northern shore of the lake Copais.

Κωρύκιος, α, ου, of *Corycia* the name of a nymph ; especially in the phrase τὸ Κωρύκιον ἄντρον, the *Corycian cave*, in Mt. Parnassus, above Delphi, sacred to Pan and the Corycian nymphs.

Κῶς, ὦ, ἡ, *Cos*, an island in the Ægean sea, opposite Caria, with a city of the same name.

Λ

Λάας (poet. for *Λᾶς*), *Λᾶος*, ἡ, *Las*, an ancient city of Laconia, on the west side of the Laconian gulf, near the coast.

Λαβώτας, α, ὁ, *Labotas*, a Spartan governor.

Λαέρτης, ου, ὁ, *Laërtes*, king of Ithaca and father of Ulysses.

Λαερτιάδης, ου, ὁ, son of *Laërtes*, i. e. Ulysses.

Λακεδαιμόνιος, α, ου, *Lacedæmonian* : οἱ Λακεδαιμόνιοι, the *Lacedæmonians* ; often used as equivalent to *Laconians*.

Λακεδαίμων, ουος, ἡ, *Lacedæmon*, the capital of Laconia ; also called Σπάρτη.

Λακράτης, ους, ὁ, *Lacrates*, a Spartan, an Olympic victor.

Λάκων, υωος, ὁ, a *Laconian*, an inhabitant of *Laconia* ; often used as equivalent to *Lacedæmonian*.

Λακωνική, ἡς, ἡ, *Laconia*, the southeastern country of the Peloponnesus.

Λάμπρος, ου, ὁ, *Lampus*, a son of Laomedon.

Λάμψακνός, ἡ, ὅν, of *Lampsacus*, *Lampsacene*.

Λάμψακος, ου, ἡ, *Lampsacus*, a flourishing city of Mysia, on the Hellespont, earlier *Pitys*.

Λαοδάμεια, ας, ἡ, *Laodamia*, daughter of Bellerophon and mother of Sarpedon.

Λαοδίκη, ης, ἡ, *Laodice*, a daughter of Priam.

Λαοδόκος, ου, ὁ, *Laodocus*, a Trojan, son of Antenor.

Λαομεδοντιάδης, ου, ὁ, son of *Laomedon*, i. e. Priam.

Λαομέδων, ουτος, ὁ, *Laomedon*, king of Troy son of Ilus, and father of Priam.

Λαῖρσαῖος, ου, ὁ, α *Larissæan*, an inhabitant of *Larissa* a city of Thessaly

Λαύρειον, ου, τὸ, *Laurium*, a range of hills in southern Attica, near the promontory Sunium, celebrated for silver mines.

Λειώκριτος, ου, ὁ, *Liocritus*, son of Euenor, suitor of Penelope.

Λεοντεύς, ἑως, ὁ, *Leonteus*, son of Coronus.

Λεοντιάδης, ου, ὁ, *Leontiades*, son of Eurymachus, leader of the Thebans at Thermopylæ.

Λεοντίνος, η, ου, of *Leontini* in eastern Sicily ; οἱ Λεοντῖνοι, the inhabitants of *Leontini*.

Λεοντίς, ἰδος, ἡ, *Leontis*, an Attic tribe, named from the old hero Leos.

Λέσβος, ου, ἡ, *Lesbos*, an island of the Ægean sea, off the coast of Mysia.

Λευκάδιοι, ων, οἱ, the *Leucadians*, inhabitants of Leucas, an island off the coast of Acarnania, originally a peninsula, having a city of the same name.

Λευκολοφίδης, ου, ὁ, *Leucolophides*, an Athenian, father of Adimantus.

Λεύκος, ου, ὁ, *Leucus*, a comrade of Ulysses before Troy.

Λεωβώτης, εω, (Ion. for *Λαβώτας*, α), ὁ, *Labotas*, a ruler of Sparta.

Λέων, ουτος, ὁ, *Leon* : (1) a king of Sparta, grandfather of Leonidas ; (2) an Athenian, native of Salamis ; (3) a Spartan ephor.

Λεωνίδας, α and ου, Ion. -δης, ὁ, *Leonidas*, king of Sparta, the leader in the celebrated defence of Thermopylæ.

Λεωπρέπης, ους, ὁ, *Leoprepes*, father of Simonides the poet of Ceos.

Λήθος, ου, ὁ, *Lethus*, a prince of the Pelasgi in Larissa, allied with Troy.

Λήϊτος, ου, ὁ, *Leïtus*, a leader of the Boeotians before Troy.

Λίβυς, υος, ὁ, *Libys*, a Spartan naval commander.

Λικύμνιος, ου, ὁ, *Licymnius*, son of Electryon and Midea, half-brother of Alcmena.

Λίλαια, ας, ἡ, *Lilæa*, an ancient town in Phocis, near the sources of the Cephissus.

Λίνδος, *ov, ἡ, Lindus*, a city on the east coast of Rhodes, the ancient capital.

Λουσιάτης, *ov, ὁ, and Λουσιεύς, ἑως, ὁ, a Lusian*, an inhabitant of Lusi in northern Arcadia.

Λυδία, *as, ἡ, Lydia*, a country of Asia Minor, on the Aegean sea.

Λυκαονία, *as, ἡ, Lycaonia*, a country of Asia Minor, west of Cappadocia and north of Cilicia.

Λυκάριος, *ov, ὁ, Lycarius*, a Spartan ephor.

Λύκαστος, *ov, ἡ, Lycastus*, an ancient city in Crete.

Λυκάων, *ovos, ὁ, Lycaon* : (1) father of Pandarus, of Zelea ; (2) a son of Priam.

Λύκειον, *ov, τό, Lyceum*, a gymnasium in the southeastern part of Athens, outside of the walls, where Aristotle taught.

Λύκιοι, *ov, οἱ, the Lycians*, inhabiting Lycia, a country of southwestern Asia Minor.

Λύκιος, *ov, ὁ, Lycius* : (1) a Syracusan ; (2) an Athenian cavalry commander.

Λυκίσκος, *ov, ὁ, Lyciscus*, an Athenian archon.

Λυκομήδης, *ovs, ὁ, Lycomedes*, an Athenian ship-captain.

Λύκος, *ov, ὁ, Lycus*, a river of Bithynia, flowing into the Euxine near Heraclea.

Λυκούργος (poet. -κόρο-), *ov, ὁ, Lycurgus* : (1) a king of the Edones, in Thrace, punished by the gods for insulting Bacchus ; (2) a Byzantine.

Λυκόφρων, *ovos, ὁ, Lycophron*, a tyrant of Phææ in Thessaly.

Λύκτος, *ov, ἡ, Lyctus*, an ancient city of Crete, near Cnossus.

Λύκων, *ovos, ὁ, Lycon*, an Achaian.

Λυρνησσός, *ov, ὁ, Lyrnessus*, a city of Troas.

Λύσανδρος, *ov, ὁ, Lysander*, the celebrated Spartan commander, conqueror of Athens.

Λύσις, *ov, ὁ, Lysias*, an Athenian commander.

Λυσικλῆς, *ἑως, ὁ, Lysicles*, an Athenian, father of Abironichus.

Λυσίμαχος, *ov, ὁ, Lysimachus* : (1) an Athenian, father of the celebrated Aristides ; (2) a commander of cavalry under the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Λυσίστρατος, *ov, ὁ, Lysistratus*, an Athenian soothsayer.

M

Μαγνησία, *as, ἡ, Magnesia*, a long and narrow strip on the eastern coast of Thessaly.

Μάδυρος, *ov, ἡ, Madytus*, a port-town in the Thracian Chersonese.

Μαίανδρος, *ov, ὁ, Mæander*, a river of Caria, flowing into the Icarian sea near Miletus, noted for its windings.

Μαιονία, *as, ἡ, poet. Μηονία, Mæonia*, an early name of Lydia, afterwards used of the eastern portion.

Μαιονίς, *ιδος, ἡ, poet. Μηονίς, fem. adj., Mæonian.*

Μαισάδης, *ov, ὁ, Mæsadēs*, father of the Thracian prince Seuthes.

Μαίωv, *ovos, ὁ, poet. Μῆωv, a Mæonian ; οἱ Μῆωvες, the Mæonians.*

Μαίωv, *ovos, ὁ, Mæon*, son of Hæmon of Thebes.

Μακεδονία, *as, ἡ, Macedonia*, a country extending along the coast of the Aegean sea from Thessaly to Thrace.

Μακίστιος and **Μακίστιος**, *a, ov, of Macesius or Macistus*, a city in southern Elis.

Μάκρωνες, *ov, οἱ, the Macrones*, a people dwelling on the southeast shore of the Euxine.

Μαλέα, *as, ἡ, Malea* : (1) a promontory on the southeast of Laconia ; (2) a promontory at the south of the island of Lesbos.

Μαντίθεος, *ov, ὁ, Mantitheus*, an Athenian.

Μαντίνεια, *as, Ion. Μαντινέη, ἡ, Mantinea*, an ancient people and celebrated city in eastern Arcadia.

Μαντινεύς, *ἑως, ὁ, a Mantinean.*

Μάρδοι, *ov, οἱ, the Mardi*, a powerful and warlike tribe dwelling on the south shore of the Caspian sea.

Μαρδόνιος, *ov, ὁ, Mardonius*, son of Gobryas and son-in-law of Darius I., a commander under Darius I. and Xerxes I.

Μαριανδύνοι, *ov, οἱ, the Mariandyni*, an ancient people on the coast of Bithynia, east of the Sangarius.

Μαρσύας, *ov, ὁ, Marsyas* : (1) a mythological flute-player in Phrygia ; (2) a Phrygian river, a tributary of the Mæander.

Μάρων, *ovos, ὁ, Maron*, a Spartan who fought at Thermopylae.

Μαρωνεῖς, *ov, ὁ, a Maronite*, belonging to Maronea, an important town on the south coast of Thrace, west of the Hebrus.

Μάσης, *ητος, ὁ, Mases*, an ancient city on the south coast of Argolis, the port of Hermione.

Μασκάς, *ᾶ, (and Μάσκας), ὁ, Mascas*, an eastern tributary of the Euphrates in Mesopotamia.

Μαστοπίδης, *ov, ὁ, son of Mastor, i. e. Hali-therses.*

Μεγάβρυς, *ov, ὁ, Megabyzus*, a common Persian name, also the name of a high priest of Diana at Ephesus.

Μεγακρέων, *ovros, ὁ, Megacreon*, an inhabitant of Abdera.

Μέγαρα, *ων, τά, Megara*, the chief city of Megaris.

Μεγαρεύς, *έως, ό, a Megarian*, an inhabitant of Megara.

Μεγαφέρνης, *ου, ό, Megaphernes*, a Persian noble.

Μέγης, *ητος, ό, Meges*, son of Phyeus, a leader of the Dulichians before Troy.

Μεγιστίας, *ου, ό, Megistias*, a soothsayer of Acarnania.

Μεδών, *ωνος, ό, Medeon*, an ancient city of Boeotia, near Lake Copais.

Μέδων, *οντος, ό, Medon*, son of Oileus, half-brother of the lesser Ajax, and commander of the Phthians before Troy.

Μεθυδριεύς, *έως, ό, a Methydrian*, an inhabitant of Methydrium, a city in central Arcadia.

Μεθώνη, poet. **Μη-**, *ης, ή, Methone*, a city of Magnesia in Thessaly.

Μελάμπους, *οδος, ό, Melampus*, son of Amythaon, said to have been the first soothsayer and physician.

Μελάμπυγος, *ου, ό, (with λίθος), Melampygos*, a rock or cliff on Mt. Anopæa, near Thermopylæ.

Μελανδίται, *ων, οι, the Melanditæ*, inhabitants of Melandia, a region of Thrace.

Μελάνθιος, *ου, ό, Melanthius*, an Athenian commander.

Μέλας, *αρος, ό, Melas*, a river of Malis in Thessaly, flowing into the Malian Gulf near Thermopylæ.

Μελέαγρος, *ου, ό, Meleager*, of Calydon, an Ætolian hero and hunter, an Argonaut.

Μέλητος, *ου, ό, Meletus*, an adherent of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Μελίβοια, *ας, ή, Melibœa*, a city on the coast of Magnesia in Thessaly, near Mt. Ossa.

Μένανδρος, *ου, ό, Menander*, an Athenian comedian.

Μενεκλής, *έους, ό, Menecles*, an Athenian orator.

Μενεκράτης, *ους, ό, Menecrates*, a Syracusan, father of Myscon.

Μενέξενος, *ου, ό, Menexenus*, an Athenian, a pupil of Socrates.

Μενέσθης, *ους, ό, Menesthes*, a Greek, slain by Hector.

Μενουτιάδης, *ου, ό, son of Menætius*, i. e. Patroclus.

Μέντης, *ου, ό, Mentès*, king of the Taphians, a friend of Ulysses.

Μέντωρ, *οπος, ό, Mentor*, son of Alcimus, a faithful friend of Ulysses in Ithaca.

Μένων, *ωνος, ό, Menon*, a Thessalian of Pharsalus, a commander in the army of Cyrus the younger.

Μερμερίδης, *ου, ό, son of Mermerus*, i. e. Plus.

Μέροψ, *οπος, ό, Merops*, a prince of Percote on the Hellespont, and a celebrated soothsayer.

Μέσθλης, *ου, ό, Mesthles*, son of Pylæmenes, a leader of the Mæonians before Troy.

Μέσπιλα, *ης, ή, Mespila*, a city of Assyria on the Tigris, near Nineveh, in ruins in the time of Xenophon.

Μέσση, *ης, ή, Messa*, a city and harbor in Laconia, near the promontory of Tænaron.

Μεσσηίς, *ιδος, ή, Messeis*, a fountain at Phæa in Thessaly.

Μεσσηνία, *ας, ή, Messenia*, the southwest country of the Peloponnesus.

Μεσσηνιοί, *ων, οι, the Messenians*.

Μήδεια, *ας, ή, Medea*, a queen of Media (Xen. Anab. 3, 4, 11).

Μηδία, *ας, ή, Media*, a large and important country of Asia, lying southwest of the Caspian Sea. **Τὸ Μηδίας τεῖχος**, *the wall of Media*, extending from the Tigris to the Euphrates, built near the northern boundary of Babylonia as a defence against the Medes.

Μήδοκος, *ου, ό, Medocus*, a king of the Odrysæ in Thrace.

Μήδος, *ου, ό, a Mede*.

Μηδοσάδης, *ου, ό, Medosades*, an ambassador of Seuthes a Thracian prince.

Μήθυμνα, *ης, ή, Methymna*, a city in the north of Lesbos.

Μηθυμναίος, *ου, ό, an inhabitant of Methymna*.

Μηθώνη, see **Μεθώνη**.

Μηκιστεύς, *έως, ό, Mecisteus*, son of Talaus, and father of Euryalus.

Μηκιστιάδης, *ου, ό, son of Mecisteus*, i. e. Euryalus.

Μήλιος, *ου, ό, an inhabitant of Melos*, an island in the Ægean sea, one of the Cyclades.

Μηλόβιος, *ου, ό, Melobius*, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Μηρόνι, **Μηρόνις**, &c., see **Μαιονία**, &c.

Μηριόνης, *ου, ό, Meriones*, son of Molus, a Cretan hero, and friend of Idomeneus.

Μίδας, *ου, ό, Midas*, an ancient king of Phrygia, noted for his wealth and covetousness.

Μίδεια (poet. for **Μίδεια**), *ας, ή, Midea*, an ancient city of Boeotia, near Lake Copais.

Μιθριδάτης (and **-πα-**), *ου, ό, Mithridates*, a Persian satrap, friend of Cyrus the younger.

Μιλήσιος, *α, ου, Milesian, of Miletus*; **Μιλήσιος**, *ου, ό, an inhabitant of Miletus*.

Μίλητος, *ου, ή, Miletus*: (1) a great city, the southernmost in Ionia; (2) an ancient city in Crete.

Μιλτιάδης, ου, ὁ, *Miltiades*, an Athenian, son of Cimon, the victorious commander at Marathon.

Μιλτοκύθης, ου, ὁ, *Miltocythes*, a Thracian.

Μίνδαρος, ου, ὁ, *Mindarus*, a Spartan admiral.

Μισγολαΐδας, α, ὁ, *Misgolaïdas*, a Spartan ephor.

Μιτραῖος, ου, ὁ, *Mitræus*, a Persian.

Μιτροβάτης, ου, ὁ, *Mitrobates*, a governor in Dascylium in Asia Minor.

Μιτυλήνη, ης, ἡ, more correctly **Μυτιλήνη**, which see.

Μνησιβείδης, ου, ὁ, *Mnesithides*, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Μνησιλοχος, ου, ὁ, *Mnesilochus*, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Μνησιφίλος, ου, ὁ, *Mnesiphilus*, an Athenian.

Μοσσύνοικοι, ων, οἱ, the *Mossynœci*, a barbarian people on the coast of Pontus, east of the city of Cerasus, living in conical wooden houses (*μόσσυ*, a wooden tower, and *οἰκέω*, to dwell).

Μουνυχία and **-νυ**, ας, ἡ, *Munichia* or *Μυνυχία*, a hill and harbor in the peninsula of Piræus.

Μουσαῖος, ου, ὁ, *Musæus*, a famous semi-mythical Greek poet.

Μύγδων, ωνος, ὁ, *Mygdon*, a king of Phrygia.

Μύδων, ωνος, ὁ, *Mydon*, a Trojan, charioteer of Pylæmenes.

Μυκάλη, ης, ἡ, *Mycalæ*, a celebrated mountain and promontory on the Ionian coast, opposite Samos.

Μυκαλησσός, οὔ, ἡ, *Mycalessus*, a city in northeastern Bœotia, opposite Chalcis.

Μυκήνη, ης, ἡ, *Mycenæ*, daughter of Inachus and wife of Areator.

Μύνης, ητος, ὁ, *Mynes*, husband of Briseïs.

Μυριάνδος, ου, ἡ, (later **Μυριάνδρος**), *Myriandus*, a coast city of Syria, on the east side of the gulf of Issus.

Μυρίνη, ης, ἡ, (poet. for **Μυρίνα** or **Μύρινα**), *Myrina*, daughter of Teucer, and wife of Dardanus.

Μύρσινος, ου, ἡ, *Myrsinus*, a city in north-western Elis, later Myrtuntium.

Μύσια, ας, ἡ, *Mysia*, the northwestern district of Asia Minor.

Μύσιος, α, ου, *Mysian*; οἱ **Μύσιοι**, the *Mysians*, inhabitants of Mysia.

Μύσκων, ωνος, ὁ, *Myseon*, son of Menecrates, a general of the Syracusans.

Μυτιληναῖος, ου, ὁ, an inhabitant of *Mytilene*.

Μυτιλήνη, ης, ἡ, *Mytilene*, the chief city of the island of Lesbos, on the eastern side.

N

Νάστης, ου, ὁ, *Nastes*, son of Nomion, leader of the Carians before Troy.

Ναυβολίδης, ου, ὁ, son of *Naubolus*, i. e. Iphitus.

Ναυκλίδας, α, ὁ, *Nauclicidas*, a Spartan ephor.

Ναύπακτος, ου, ὁ, *Naupactus*, a city of the Locri Ozolæ, near the entrance of the Corinthian Gulf, with a celebrated harbor.

Νεοκλῆς, έους, ὁ, *Neocles*, an Athenian, father of Themistocles.

Νέον τείχος, τό, (*new wall*), *Neontichus*, a fortress on the coast of Thrace, near the Chersonese.

Νεστορίδης, ου, ὁ, son of *Nestor*, i. e. Antilochus.

Νέστωρ, οπος, ὁ, *Nestor*, king of Pylus in Messenia, one of the leaders against Troy, distinguished for bravery, wisdom, and eloquence.

Νέων, ωνος, ἡ, also τὰ **Νέωνα**, *Neon*, an ancient city in Phocis, on the slope of Mt. Parnassus, later Tithorea.

Νέων, ωνος, ὁ, *Neon*, a Spartan commander in the return of the ten thousand.

Νήϊον, ου, τό, *Neium*, a mountain in the south of Ithaca.

Νηληΐδης, ου, of *Neleus*; ὁ **Νηληΐος υἱός**, the son of *Neleus*, i. e. Nestor.

Νήριτον, ου, τό, *Neritum*, the highest mountain in Ithaca, in the north.

Νικάνδρος, ου, ὁ, *Nicander*, a Spartan.

Νικαρχος, ου, ὁ, *Nicarchus*, an Arcadian in the army of the ten thousand.

Νικήρατος, ου, ὁ, *Niceratus*, an Athenian, son of the noted general Nicias.

Νικίας, ου, ὁ, *Nicias*, an Athenian, son of Niceratus, distinguished as a general in the Peloponnesian war.

Νικόμαχος, ου, ὁ, *Nicomachus*, an Cætan.

Νικόστρατος, ου, ὁ, *Nicostratus*, an Athenian in the cavalry force of the thirty tyrants.

Νίρεϋς, έως, ὁ, *Nireus*, from the island of Syme, next to Achilles the handsomest of the Greeks at Troy.

Νίσα, ης, ἡ, *Nisa*, a city of Bœotia mentioned by Homer.

Νίσαια, ας, ἡ, *Nisæa*, the port of Megara, on the Saronic gulf.

Νισαῖος, ου, *Nisæan*; used especially of fine horses bred on the Nisæan plain, a district in the north of Media, near Rhagæ.

Νίσυρος, ου, ἡ, *Nisyros*, a small island between Cos and Telos, one of the Sporades.

Νοήμων, ωνος, ὁ, *Noëmon*: (1) a Lycian; (2) an Ithacan.

Νομίων, *νος, ὁ, Nomion*, a Carian chief.

Νότιον, *ου, τό, Notium*, an Æolian city on the coast of Ionia near Colophon.

Νυσῆιον (poet. for Νυσαῖον), *ου, τό, (δρος understood), Nysæum*, a mountain in Thrace, where Bacchus was worshipped.

Ξ

Ξανθικλῆς, *έους, ὁ, Xanthicles*, an Achaian, a commander in the return of the ten thousand.

Ξανθίππη, *ης, ἡ, Xanthippe*, the wife of Socrates.

Ξάνθος, *ου, ὁ, Xanthus*: (1) a Trojan; (2) the chief river of Lycia; (3) a river of Troas, also called Scamander.

Ξενίας, *ου, ὁ, Xenias*, an Arcadian commander in the army of Cyrus the younger.

Ξενοφῶν, *ῶντος, ὁ, Xenophon*, son of Gryllus, distinguished as an author, philosopher, and commander.

Ξέρξης, *ου, ὁ, Xerxes*, the name of two kings of Persia. The first was son and successor of Darius I.

Ο

Ὀγχηστός, *ου, ὁ, Onchestus*, an ancient city of Bœotia, near Lake Copais, on the southern side.

Ὀδῖος, *ου, ὁ, Odus*, a leader of the Halizones, and ally of Priam.

Ὀδρύσης, *ου, ὁ, an Odrysian*; οἱ Ὀδρύσαι, the *Odrysians*, a people of Thrace, around the Hebrus.

Ὀϊλεύς, *έως, ὁ, Oileus*, a king of the Locrians, father of Ajax the less, an Argonaut.

Οἰνείδης, *ου, ὁ, son of Æneus*, i. e. Tydeus.

Οἰνεύς, *έως, ὁ, Æneus*, a king of Calydon in Ætolia.

Οινόη, *ης, ἡ, Enoe*, an Athenian fortress on the borders of Bœotia.

Οἰνόμαος, *ου, ὁ, Enomaus*, a Greek, slain at Troy.

Οἰνοπίδης, *ου, ὁ, son of Enopion*, i. e. Helenus.

Οἰταῖος, *α, ου, Etæan*; οἱ Οἰταῖοι, the *Etæans*, inhabiting Etæa, a district in the south of Thessaly containing the mountain range of Etæa.

Οἰτύλος, *ου, ὁ, Etylus*, an ancient town of Laconia, on the Messenian Gulf.

Οἰχαλιεύς, *έως, ὁ, an Echalian*.

Οἰχαλήθεν, from *Echalia*, a city of Histiaeotis in Thessaly, on the Peneus.

Ὀλιζών, *ῶνος, ἡ, Olizon*, a city in the southern part of Magnesia in Thessaly, on the coast.

Ὀλοοσσών, *ῶνος, ἡ, Oloösson*, a city of the Perrhæbi in Histiaeotis in Thessaly.

Ὀλύμβιος, *α, ου, of Olynthus*, the most important Greek city on the coast of Macedonia, at the head of the Toronaic Gulf; οἱ Ὀλύμβιοι, the *Olynthians*.

Ὀμηρος, *ου, ὁ, Homer*, the great epic poet of Greece.

Ὀνήτης, *ου, ὁ, Onetes*, a Carystian.

Ὀνομακλῆς, *έους, ὁ, Onomacles*: (1) one of the thirty tyrants at Athens; (2) a Spartan ephor.

Ὀνομάντιος, *ου, ὁ, Onomantius*, a Spartan ephor.

Ὀνόχωνος, *ου, ὁ, Onochonus*, a river of Thessaly.

Ὀπόεις, *εἰντος, contr. Ὀποῦς, οὔντος, ἡ, Opus*, the capital city of the Opuntian Locrians.

Ὀπούντιος, *α, ου, of Opus, Opuntian*.

Ὀργης, *εος, ὁ, Orges*, a Thasian.

Ὀρέσβιος, *ου, ὁ, Oresbius*, a Bœotian, of Hyle.

Ὀρέστης, *ου, ὁ, Orestes*: (1) son of Agamemnon, the slayer of his mother Clytæmnestra; (2) a Greek, slain at Troy.

Ὀρθη, *ης, ἡ, Orthe*, a city of the Perrhæbi in northern Thessaly.

Ὀρμένιον, *ου, τό, Ormenium*, an ancient city in southern Magnesia in Thessaly.

Ὀρνεαί, *ῶν, αἱ, (poet. for Ὀρνεαί), Ornea*, an ancient city in the western part of Argolis.

Ὀρόντας, *α and ου, and Ὀρόντης, ου, ὁ, Orontas or Orontes*: (1) a satrap of Armenia; (2) a Persian noble, executed by Cyrus the younger.

Ὀρσίλοχος, *ου, ὁ, Orsilochos*: (1) the father of Diocles king of Phæræ in Messenia; (2) grandson of preceding, son of Diocles.

Ὀρσίφαντος, *ου, ὁ, Orsiphantus*, a Spartan.

Ὀρχομένιος, *α, ου, of Orchomenus*; οἱ Ὀρχομένιοι, the *Orchomenians*.

Ὀρχομενός, *ου, ἡ, sometimes ὁ, Orchomenus*: (1) an important city of the Minyæ in Bœotia, northwest of Lake Copais, near the Cephissus; (2) a city in eastern Arcadia.

Ὀσσα, *ης, ἡ, Ossa*, a celebrated mountain range in the north of Magnesia in Thessaly.

Ὀτάνης, *ου, ὁ, Otanes*, a Persian.

Ὀτρεύς, *έως, ὁ, Otreus*, a Phrygian prince.

Οὔκαλέγων, *οντος, ὁ, Ucalegon*, one of the elders of Troy.

Ὀφέλιος, *ου, ὁ, Opheltius*, a Trojan.

Ὀφρύνιον (and -νειον), *ου, τό, Ophrynum*, a small town in Troas, near Dardanus.

Ὀχῆσιος, *ου, ὁ, Ochesius*, an Ætolian.

Π

Παγασαί, ὤν, αἰ, *Pagassæ*, a port in Thessaly, at the head of the Pagassæan Gulf, where Jason built the Argo.

Παιανιεύς, ἑως, ὁ, a *Pæanian*, a resident of the Attic deme Pæania.

Παίονες, ὡν, οἱ, the *Pæonians*, inhabitants of Pæonia.

Παιονία, ας, ἡ, *Pæonia*, the northern part of Macedonia, but in very early times including most of Macedonia and Thrace.

Παισός, see Ἀπαισός.

Παλαμήδης, οὖς, ὁ, *Palamedes*, of Eubœa, said to have made many inventions.

Παλληνεύς, ἑως, ὁ, a *Pallenian*, a resident of Pallene, an Attic deme.

Πάμμων, ὡς, ὁ, *Pammon*, a Scyrian.

Παναίτιος, οὖς, ὁ, *Panætius*, a Tenian ship-captain.

Πάνδαρος, οὖς, ὁ, *Pandarus*, son of Lycaon, commander of the Zeleans in the Trojan army.

Πάνθοος, οὖς, ὁ, *Panthoüs*, one of the elders of Troy, a priest of Apollo.

Πανοπεῖς, ἑων, οἱ, the *Panopeans*, inhabitants of Panopeus.

Πανοπεύς, ἑως, ὁ, *Panopeus*, a city of Phocis near the border of Bœotia.

Παντακλής, ἑὸς, ὁ, *Pantacles*, a Spartan ephor.

Παντίτης, οὖς, ὁ, *Pantites*, a Spartan, the only survivor at Thermopylæ.

Πάραλος, οὖς, ἡ, *Paralus*, the name of one of the two state triremes of Athens, the name of the other being *Σαλαμῖνα*.

Παρθένιον, οὖς, τό, *Parthenium*: (1) a range of mountains between Arcadia and Argolis; (2) a city in Mysia, south of Pergamum.

Παρθένιος, οὖς, ὁ, *Parthenius*, the chief river of Paphlagonia, in the west.

Παριανὸς, ὡν, οἱ, the inhabitants of Parium.

Πάριον, οὖς, τό, *Parium*, a city in the north of Troas, on the coast of the Propontis.

Πάρις, ἰδὸς, ἰόν, ὡς, ὁ, *Paris*, son of Priam, whose seduction of Helen led to the Trojan war.

Πάρος, οὖς, ἡ, *Paros*, an island, one of the Cyclades, famous for its white marble.

Παρρασία, ας, ἡ, *Parrhasia*, a city and district in southwestern Arcadia.

Παρράσιος, α, οὖς, *Parrhasian*.

Παρυσάτις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, *Parysatis*, daughter of Artaxerxes I., wife of Darius II., and mother of Artaxerxes II. and Cyrus the younger.

Πασιππίδας, οὖς, ὁ, *Pasippidas*, a Spartan admiral.

Πάσιων, ὡς, ὁ, *Pasion*, a Megarean, a general in the expedition of Cyrus the younger.

Πατηγύας, οὖς, ὁ, *Pategyas*, a Persian, connected with Cyrus the younger.

Πατησιάδας and -δης, οὖς, ὁ, *Patesiadas*, a Spartan ephor.

Πατιράμφης, οὖς, ὁ, *Patiramphes*, a Persian, charioteer of Xerxes.

Παυσανίας, οὖς, ὁ, *Pausanias*, a king of Sparta.

Παφλαγονία, ας, ἡ, *Paphlagonia*, a country of Asia Minor, on the Euxine, between Pontus and Bithynia.

Παφλαγονικός, ἡ, ὁ, *Paphlagonian*.

Περατῆς, οὖς, ὁ, son of *Piræus*, i. e. Ptolemæus, and sometimes his son, Eurymedon.

Περαεὺς, ἑὸς and ὡς, ὁ, *Piræeus*, the most important harbor of Athens.

Περίθοος, οὖς, ὁ, *Pirithoüs*, of Larissa in Thessaly, a king of the Lapithæ.

Πείροος, οὖς, ὁ, *Piræüs*, a leader of the Thracians in alliance with Troy.

Πεισηνορίδης, οὖς, ὁ, son of *Pisenor*, i. e. Ops.

Πεισήνωρ, ὡς, ὁ, *Pisenor*, a herald, of Ithaca.

Πεισιάνης, ἄκτος, ὁ, *Pisianax*, an Athenian, father of Euryptolemus.

Πεισιστράτιδης, οὖς, ὁ, son of *Pisistratus*; οἱ **Πεισιστράτιδαι**, the *Pisistratidæ*, used of Hippias and Hipparchus, and also of Hippias and his party.

Πεισιστράτος, οὖς, ὁ, *Pisistratus*, son of Hippocrates, a tyrant of Athens.

Πείσω, ὡς, ὁ, *Pison*, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Πελάγων, ὡς, ὁ, *Pelagon*: (1) a Pylian, follower of Nestor; (2) a Lycian, friend of Sarpedon.

Πελίας, οὖς, ὁ, *Pelias*, son of Poseidon, a half-uncle of Jason.

Πελληνεύς, ἑὸς, ὁ, a *Pellenian*.

Πελλήνη, ἡς, ἡ, *Pellene*, a city in eastern Achaia, near the Corinthian gulf.

Πελοποννήσιος, οὖς, ὁ, an inhabitant of the *Peloponnesus*, the southern part of Greece.

Πέλται, ὡν, αἰ, *Peltæ*, a city in Phrygia.

Περαῖβοι, see Περραιβοί.

Πέργαμον, οὖς, τό, *Pergamum*: (1) the acropolis of Troy, on a hill to the southeast of the city, a branch of Mt. Ida; (2) (also called **Πέργαμος**, οὖς, ἡ), a city in southwestern Mysia.

Περγασίδης, οὖς, ὁ, son of *Pergasus*, i. e. Deïcon.

Περικλής, ἑὸς, ὁ, *Pericles*, an Athenian general, son of Pericles the famous statesman.

Περίνθιοι, ὡν, οἱ, the *Perinthians*.

Πέρηνθος, ου, ἡ, *Perinthus*, a flourishing town of Thrace, on the Propontis, later called *Heraeclea*.

Περίφας, αὐτος, ὁ, *Periphas*, an *Ætolian*.

Περκώσιος, α, ου, of *Percote*, *Percosian*.

Περκώτη, ης, ἡ, *Percote*, an ancient city of *Mysia*, near the *Hellespont*.

Περραιβοί, poet. **Περραι-**, ὧν, οἱ, the *Perrhæbians*, inhabitants of *Perrhæbia*, a region in *Thessaly* north of the *Peneus*.

Περσεΐδης, ου, ὁ, son of *Perseus*. *Perses*, son of *Perseus*, was said to have been the founder of the *Persian* nation, so the epithet *Περσεΐδης* was applied to the *Achæmenidean* kings of *Persia*.

Πέρσης, ου, ὁ, a *Persian*.

Πετεών, ὧνος, ὁ, *Peteon*, a small town in *Boeotia*.

Πετεός, ὦ and ὠο, ὁ, *Peteos*, father of *Menes-theus*.

Πηγαί, ὧν, αἱ, (lit. *the Springs*), *Pegæ*, a town of *Megaris* on the *Alcyonian* sea.

Πηδαῖος, ου, ὁ, *Pedæus*, son of *Antenor*.

Πήδασος, ου, ἡ, *Pedasus*, a city of the *Leleges* in *Troas*.

Πήδασος, ου, ὁ, *Pedasus*, son of *Bucolion*.

Πηνειός, οὗ, ὁ, *Peneus*, the chief river of *Thessaly*, rising in *Mt. Pindus* and flowing into the *Thermaic Gulf* through the vale of *Tempe*.

Πηνελέως, ω, ὁ, *Peneleos*, a leader of the *Boeotians* before *Troy*.

Πήρεια, ας, ἡ, *Perea*, a region of *Thessaly*.

Πίγρης, ηρος, ὁ, *Pigres*, an interpreter of *Cyrus* the younger, from *Caria*.

Πιδύτης, ου, ὁ, *Pidutes*, of *Percote*.

Πιερία, ας, ἡ, *Pieria*: (1) a district in *Macedonia*, on the coast of the *Thermaic Gulf*, north of *Mt. Olympus*, celebrated as the first seat of the *Muses*; (2) a district in *Macedonia* east of the *Strymon*, near *Mt. Pangæum*, settled by the inhabitants driven out of the former region.

Πισίδης, ου, ὁ, a *Pisidian*, an inhabitant of *Pisidia* in *Asia Minor*.

Πιθέης, ἑως, ὁ, *Pitheus*, king of *Troezen* in *Argolis*, grandfather of *Theseus*.

Πιτίας, α, ὁ, *Pityas*, a *Spartan* ephor.

Πιτυία, ας, ἡ, *Pityea*, a city of *Mysia* on the *Propontis*.

Πλάκος, ου, ἡ, *Placus*, a mountain of *Mysia*, above *Thebe*.

Πλάταν, ὧνος, ὁ, *Plato*, son of *Ariston*, the celebrated *Athenian* philosopher, pupil of *Socrates*.

Πλαιστόλᾱς, α, ὁ, *Plistolas*, a *Spartan* ephor.

Πλευρών, ὧνος, ἡ, *Pleuron*, an ancient city in southern *Ætolia*, on the south slope of *Mt. Ætacyanthus*.

Πλυντήρια, ὧν, τὰ, (lit. *pertaining to washing*), *Pluñteria*, a festival at *Athens* in which the clothing of the statue of *Athena Polias* was washed.

Ποδάλειρος, ου, ὁ, *Podalirius*, a *Thessalian* chief, son of *Æsculapius*, and a physician of the *Greeks* before *Troy*.

Ποδάρκης, ους, ὁ, *Podarces*, a leader of the *Thessalians* of *Phylæ* before *Troy*.

Πολίτης, ου, ὁ, *Polites*, a son of *Priam*.

Πολυάρχης, ου, ὁ, *Polyarches*, one of the thirty tyrants at *Athens*.

Πολύας, ου, ὁ, *Polyas*, a *Greek* scout at *Artemisium*.

Πόλυβος, ου, ὁ, *Polybus*, an *Ithacan*.

Πολύδωρος, ου, ὁ, *Polydorus*, a king of *Sparta*.

Πολύειδος, and **Πολυΐδος**, ου, ὁ, *Polyidus*, a *Trojan*.

Πολυκράτης, ους, ὁ, *Polycrates*, an *Athenian* captain in the army of the ten thousand.

Πολύκριτος, ου, ὁ, *Polycritus*, of *Ægina*, a brave ship-captain.

Πολυνεικής, ους, ὁ, *Polynices*, a son of *Œdipus* king of *Thebes*.

Πολύνικος, ου, ὁ, *Polynicus*, a *Lacedæmonian*.

Πολύξενος (*Ion.* for *-ξεν-*), ου, ὁ, *Polyxenus*, leader of the *Epei* before *Troy*.

Πολυπόλτης, ου, ὁ, *Polypætēs*, one of the *Thessalian* leaders against *Troy*.

Πολύστρατος, ου, ὁ, *Polystratus*, an *Athenian*.

Πολύφημος, ου, ὁ, *Polyphemus*: (1) one of the *Lapithæ*, of *Larissa* in *Thessaly*, an *Argonaut*; (2) a *Cyclops*, son of *Neptune*, dwelling in *Sicily*.

Πολυφόντης, ου, ὁ, *Polyphontes*, a *Theban* chief.

Πολυχάρης, ους, ὁ, *Polychares*, one of the thirty tyrants at *Athens*.

Ποντικός, ἡ, ὅν, (lit. *belonging to the sea*), *belonging to the Pontus Euxinus*.

Πόντος, ου, ὁ, (lit. *the sea*), the *Pontus Euxinus*, or *Black Sea*.

Ποταμῖς, ἰδος, ὁ, *Potamis*, a commander of the *Syracusans*.

Πράκτιος, ου, ὁ, *Præctius*, a small river of *Troas* flowing into the *Hellespont*, north of *Abydos*.

Πριαμίδης, ου, ὁ, son of *Priam*.

Προδοήνωρ, ορος, ὁ, *Prothoenor*, a leader of the *Boeotians* before *Troy*.

Πρόθοος, ου, ὁ, *Prothoüs*, leader of the *Mag-nesians* before *Troy*.

Προΐτος, ου, ὁ, *Prætus*, king of *Tiryns* in *Argolis*.

Προκλής, σοφί. **Προκλής**, εὐς, ὁ, *Procles*, a Spartan, ruler of Teuthrania in Mysia.

Προκόννησος, οὐ, ἡ, *Proconnesus*, an island in the Propontis celebrated for its marble.

Προμηθεύς, εὐς, ὁ, *Prometheus*, a popular leader in Thessaly.

Πρόξενος, οὐ, ὁ, *Proxenus*: (1) a Boeotian, one of the generals in the expedition of Cyrus the younger; (2) a Syracusan.

Πρύτανις, ιος and ιδος, ὁ, *Prytanis*, a Ly-sian.

Πρωτεσιλαός, οὐ, ὁ, *Protesilaus*, a Thessalian chief, the first of the Greeks slain at Troy.

Πρώτη, ης, ἡ, *Prote*, a small island near the coast of Messenia.

Πρωτόμαχος, οὐ, ὁ, *Protomachus*, an Athenian commander.

Πτελεόν, οὐ, τό, *Pteleum*: (1) a city on the coast of Phthiotis in Thessaly; (2) a place in Triphylia in Elis.

Πτολεμαῖος, οὐ, ὁ, *Ptolemæus*, father of Eury-medon the charioteer of Agamemnon.

Πύγεια, ων, τὰ, *Pygela*, a small town of Ionia.

Πυγελεύς, εὐς, ὁ, *an inhabitant of Pygela*.

Πυθαγόρας, οὐ, ὁ, *Pythagoras*, a Lacedæmonian with a naval command under Cyrus the younger.

Πυθέας, οὐ, ὁ, *Pytheas*, of Ægina, a brave ship-captain.

Πυθόδωρος, οὐ, ὁ, *Pythodorus*, an Athenian archon.

Πυλαίμενης, οὐς, ὁ, *Pylæmenes*, a king of the Paphlagonians, allied with Troy.

Πύλαιος, οὐ, ὁ, *Pylæus*, from Larissa in Æolis, a leader of the Pelasgians in alliance with Troy.

Πυλήνη, ης, ἡ, *Pylene*, a town of southwest-ern Ætolia.

Πύλιοι, ων, οἱ, *the Pylians*, inhabitants of Pylus.

Πυραΐχμης, οὐ, ὁ, *Pyræchmes*, a leader of the Pæonians in alliance with Troy.

Πύραμος, οὐ, ὁ, *Pyramus*, one of the largest rivers of Asia Minor, flowing through Cilicia, and emptying into the Mediterranean.

Πύρασος, and Πύρρ-, οὐ, ὁ, *Pyrasus*, a city on the coast of Phthiotis in Thessaly.

Πύρριος, οὐ, ὁ, *Pyrrhæus*, an Arcadian cap-tain.

Πυρρόλοχος, οὐ, ὁ, *Pyrrholochus*, an Ar-give.

Πώγων, ωνος, ὁ, *Pogon*, the harbor of Trœzen in Argolis.

Πώλος, οὐ, ὁ, *Polus*, a Lacedæmonian naval commander.

P

Ῥαδάμανθης, υος, ὁ, *Rhadamanthys*, son of Zeus, and brother of Minos king of Crete, said to have been, on account of his justice, one of the judges in the lower world.

Ῥαθίνης, οὐ, ὁ, *Rhathines*, a Persian, general under Pharnabazus.

Ῥαμφίας, οὐ, ὁ, *Rhamphias*, a Lacedæmonian, father of Clearchus.

Ῥεῖθρον, οὐ, τό, *Rhithrum*, a harbor on the east coast of Ithaca.

Ῥήνη, ης, ἡ, *Rhene*, a nymph, wife of Oileus.

Ῥήπια, ης, ἡ, *Rhipe*, a city in Arcadia, near Stratia.

Ῥόδιος, οὐ, ὁ, *an inhabitant of Rhodes*.

Ῥόδος, οὐ, ἡ, *Rhodes*, an island off the south coast of Caria.

Ῥοῖτειον, οὐ, τό, *Rhœteum*, a city and prom-ontory of Mysia on the Hellespont.

Ῥήτιον, οὐ, τό, *Rhytium*, a city of Crete.

Ῥωπάρας, οὐ, ὁ, *Rhoparas*, a Persian satrap in Babylon.

Σ

Σαγγάριος, οὐ, ὁ, *Sangarius*, one of the largest rivers of Asia Minor, flowing through Bithynia into the Euxine.

Σάκαι, ὧν, οἱ, *the Sacæ*, a Scythian nomadic race inhabiting the steppes of central Asia, east of Sogdiana; sometimes used as equivalent to Scythians.

Σαλαμίς, ἱνός, ἡ, *Salamis*, an island and town of the same name, over against Athens.

Σαλμυδησσός, οὐ, ὁ, *Salmydessus*, a city of Thrace, on the Euxine.

Σάμιος, α, οὐ, *Samian*, belonging to Samos; **Σάμιος**, οὐ, ὁ, *an inhabitant of Samos*.

Σαμόλας, οὐ, ὁ, *Samolus*, an Achaian in the army of the ten thousand.

Σάμος, οὐ, ἡ, *Samos*, a large island over against Ephesus.

Σάνη, ης, ἡ, *Sane*, a city on the peninsula Athos, a colony of Andros.

Σάρδεϊς, ἐών, αἱ, *Sardis*, the capital of Lydia, **Σάρδος**, see **Ψάρος**.

Σατνιός, εντος, ὁ, *Satniois*, a small river of southern Troas, flowing into the Ægean sea, north of the promontory Lectum.

Σάτυρος, οὐ, ὁ, *Satyrus*, chief of the eleven sheriffs at Athens.

Σέλαγος, οὐ, ὁ, *Selagus*, of Pæsus, father of Amphius.

Σεληπιάδης, ου, ὁ, *son of Selepius*, i. e. Euenus.
Σελινεύς, οὐντος, ὁ and ἡ, *Selinus*: (1) a river of Triphylia in Elis; (2) a river flowing by Ephesus; (3) a coast city of Sicily, on a river of the same name, a colony of the Megarians.

Σελινόσιος, α, ου, of *Selinus*.

Σελλασία, ας, ἡ, *Sellasia*, a city of Laconia, north of Sparta.

Σελλήεις, εντος, ὁ, *Selleis*: (1) a river of Elis, south of the Peneus; (2) a river of Troas, near Arisbe.

Σεύθης, ου, ὁ, *Seuthes*, the name of several kings of the Odrysæ in Thrace.

Σηλυμβρία, also **Σηλυβρία**, ας, ἡ, *Selymbria*, a Thracian city on the Propontis, east of Perinthus.

Σηλυμβριανός, οὐ, ὁ, *an inhabitant of Selymbria*.

Σηπιάς, ἀδος, ἡ, *Sepias*, a promontory at the southeastern point of Magnesia in Thessaly.

Σήσαμος, ου, ὁ, *Sesamus*: (1) a small river in the western part of Paphlagonia, flowing into the Euxine; (2) a coast city on this river.

Σηστός, οὐ, ἡ and ὁ, *Sestus*, a town on the European side of the Hellespont, over against Abydus.

Σθενέλαος, ου, ὁ, *Sthenelæus*, a Lacedæmonian.

Σθέnelος, ου, ὁ, *Sthenelus*, of Argos, a commander of the Argives under Diomedes before Troy.

Σικελία, ας, ἡ, *Sicily*, the well known island.

Σικελιώτης, ου, ὁ, *a Sicilian Greek*.

Σίκιννος, ου, ὁ, *Sicinnus*, a slave of Themistocles.

Σιλᾶνός, οὐ, ὁ, *Silanus*: (1) an Ambraciote soothsayer in the army of the ten thousand; (2) a soldier in the same army from Macistus in Elis.

Σιμμιάς, ου, ὁ, *Simmias*, of Thebes, a disciple and friend of Socrates.

Σιμοείσιος, ου, ὁ, *Simoësius*, a Trojan.

Σιμωνίδης, ου, ὁ, *Simonides*, a celebrated lyric poet, of Ceos.

Σινοπέυς, έως, ὁ, *a Sinopean*, an inhabitant of Sinope, in eastern Paphlagonia, an important coast city, a Greek colony.

Σίρις, ιος, ἡ, *Siris*, a city of Pæonia in Thrace, east of the Strymon.

Σιτάλκας, ου, ὁ, *Sitalcas*, the name of several Thracian kings.

Σιττάκη, ης, ἡ, *Sittace*, a city of Babylonia, near the west bank of the Tigris, a little south of the Median wall.

Σκαμάνδριος, ου, ὁ, *Scamandrius*: (1) a Trojan; (2) the son of Hector.

Σκάρφη, ης, ἡ, *Scarphe*, a small town of the Epienemidii Locri near Thermopylæ.

Σκιάδος, ου, ἡ, *Sciathus*, a small island near the coast of southern Magnesia in Thessaly.

Σκιλλοῦς, οὐντος, ἡ, *Scillus*, a town of Triphylia in Elis, where Xenophon lived during his banishment.

Σκιρωνίς, ἰδος, fem. adj., *Scironian*, of Sciron a noted robber; ἡ **Σκιρωνίς ὁδός**, the *Scironian road*, a narrow and dangerous pass on the coast of Megaris, near Megara.

Σκιωναῖος, α, ου, *Scionean*, of Scione the chief city on the peninsula Pallene in Macedonia; **Σκιωναῖος**, ου, ὁ, *an inhabitant of Scione*.

Σκυθινόι, ων, οἱ, the *Scythini*, a people on the west border of Armenia.

Σκυλλίας, ου, ὁ, *Scyllias*, a diver of Scione.

Σκύριος, α, ου, *Scyrian*, of Scyros an island, one of the Sporades.

Σκῶλος, ου, ὁ, *Scolus*, a town in Bæotia, near Thebes.

Σμίκρης, ητος, ὁ, *Smicres*, an Arcadian commander.

Σόλοι, ων, οἱ, *Soli*, an important city on the coast of Cilicia.

Σόλυμοι, ων, οἱ, the *Solyimi*, ancient inhabitants of Lycia.

Σοφαίνετος, ου, ὁ, *Sophænetus*, an Arcadian, one of the Greek generals of Cyrus the younger.

Σοφοκλής, έους, ὁ, *Sophocles*, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Σπάρτη, ης, ἡ, *Sparta*, see **Λακεδαίμων**.

Σπιθριδάτης, ου, ὁ, *Spithridates*, a Persian, general under Pharnabazus.

Στάγης, ὁ, *Stages*, a Persian.

Στησαγόρας, ου, ὁ, *Stesagoras*, an Athenian, grandfather of Miltiades.

Στησιλαος, ου, ὁ, Ion. **Στησιλαεύς**, *Stesilaus*, son of Thrasyllus, a commander of the Athenians at Marathon.

Στρατή (Ion. for **Στρατία**), ης, ἡ, *Stratia*, an ancient city of Arcadia.

Στρατοκλής, έους, ὁ, *Stratocles*, commander of the corps of slingers in the army of the ten thousands.

Στροφίος, ου, ὁ, *Strophius*, a Trojan.

Στυμφάλιος, α, ου, of *Stymphalus*.

Στύμφαλος, Ion. -φῆλος, ου, ὁ and ἡ, *Stymphalus*, the name of a city, district, mountain, and river in the northeast of Arcadia.

Στύρα, ων, τὰ, *Styra*, a city on the southwest coast of Eubœa, northwest of Carystus.

Στυρεῖς, έως, ὁ, *a Styrian*, inhabiting Styra.

Στύφων, υως, ὁ, *Styphon*, a Spartan commander.

Συνένεσις, εως and ιος, ὁ, *Syennesis*, the name of several kings of Cilicia.

Σύμηθεν, *from Syme*, a small island between Rhodes and the coast of Caria.

Συράκοςιος, ου, ὁ, *an inhabitant of Syracuse*.

Συράκουσαι, ὧν, αἱ, *Syracuse*, the chief city of Sicily.

Σφακτήρια, ας, ἡ, *Sphacteria*, a long narrow island on the west coast of Messenia, near Pylus.

Σχεδῖος, ου, ὁ, *Schedius*, a chief of the Phocians before Troy.

Σχοῖνος, ου, ἡ, *Schaenus*, a city in Boeotia, near Thebes.

Σωκράτης, εως contr. ους, ὁ, *Socrates*, son of Sophroniscus, the famous Athenian philosopher.

Σωσίας, ου, ὁ, *Sostas*, of Syracuse, an officer in the Greek army of Cyrus the younger.

Σωσιμένης, ους, ὁ, *Sosimenes*, a Teanian.

Σωστράτιδας, ου and α, ὁ, *Sosratidus*, a Spartan ephor.

Σωτηρίδης (and -ας), ου, ὁ, *Soteridas*, of Sicyon, a soldier in the army of the ten thousand.

Σωφρονίσκος, ου, ὁ, *Sophroniscus*, an Athenian, father of Socrates.

T

Ταλαμένης, ους, ὁ, *Talæmenes*, a Mæonian prince.

Ταλαϊονίδης, ου, ὁ, an irregular patronymic for *Talaüs*, son of *Talaus*, i. e. *Mecisteus*.

Ταλθύβιος, ου, ὁ, *Talthybius*, the herald of Agamemnon.

Ταμῶς, ὧ, ὁ, *Tamos*, of Memphis in Egypt, lieutenant-governor of Ionia, and subsequently commander of the fleet of Cyrus the younger.

Τάοχοι, ὧν, οἱ, *the Taochi*, a people on the borders of Pontus and Armenia.

Τάρνη, ης, ἡ, *Tarne*, a city of Lydia, on Mt. Tmolus.

Ταρσός, οὗ, ἡ, sometimes *Ταρσόι*, ὧν, αἱ, *Tarsus*, the capital and chief city of Cilicia, on the Cydnus, a commercial and educational centre, the birthplace of the apostle Paul.

Τάρπη, ης, ἡ, *Turphe*, an ancient city in the west of Locris, near Thermopylæ.

Τάφιοι, ὧν, οἱ, *the Taphians*, a race of pirates inhabiting the Taphian islands, west of Acarnania.

Τελαμών, ὧνος, ὁ, *Telamon*, son of *Æacus*, father of Ajax, and king of Salamis.

Τελαμόνιος, α, ου, *Telamonian*.

Τεμενίτης, in Xen. *Anab.* 4, 4, 15, probably for *Τημενίτης*, which see.

Τεμέση, ης, ἡ, *Temese*, a town in Cyprus, whither the Taphians went for copper.

Τένεδος, ου, ἡ, *Tenedus*, an island near the coast of Troas.

Τενθρεδών, ὧνος, ὁ, *Tenthredon*, leader of the Magnesians from Thessaly before Troy.

Τερψίων, ὧνος, ὁ, *Terpsion*, of Megara, a pupil of Socrates.

Τευθρανία, ας, ἡ, *Teuthrania*, a district of the south of Mysia, on the coast, with a city of the same name.

Τευθρανίδης, ου, ὁ, *son of Teuthras*, i. e. *Axylus*.

Τεύθρας, ατος, ὁ, *Teuthras*, a Greek from Magnesia in Thessaly, slain before Troy.

Τευταμίδης, ου, ὁ, *son of Teutamius*, i. e. *Lethus*.

Τηλεβόας, ου, ὁ, *Teleboas*, a river of Armenia, tributary to the Euphrates.

Τηλεκλος, ου, ὁ, *Teleclus*, son of Archelaus, a king of Sparta.

Τημενίτης, ου, ὁ, *a Temenite*, an inhabitant of Temenium, in Argolis, at the upper end of the Argolic Gulf.

Τήνιος, α, ου, *of Tenus*, an island, one of the Cyclades, near Andrus; οἱ Τήνιοι, *the Tenians*.

Τήρεα, ας, ἡ, *Terea*, a high mountain in Mysia near Zelea.

Τήρης, ους and έω, ὁ, *Teres*, king of the Odryæ in Thrace, founder of the Odyrsian monarchy.

Τιβερηνοί, ὧν, οἱ, *the Tibareni*, a people on the coast of Pontus, east of the Iris.

Τίγρης, ητος, and Τίγρις, ιδος, ὁ, *Tigris*, a famous river rising in Armenia, and, after uniting with the Euphrates, flowing into the Persian Gulf.

Τιθορέα, ας, ἡ, *Tithorea*: (1) the northwestern summit of Mt. Parnassus; (2) a fortress on the slope of this mountain.

Τιμασίων, ὧνος, ὁ, *Timasion*, a Dardanian, one of the generals who directed the retreat of the ten thousand.

Τιμησιθεος, ου, ὁ, *Timesitheus*, an inhabitant of Trapezus.

Τιμόδημος, ου, ὁ, *Timodemus*, of Athens, an opponent of Themistocles.

Τιμοκράτης, ους, ὁ, *Timocrates*, an Athenian.

Τίμων, ὧνος, ὁ, *Timon*, an inhabitant of Delphi.

Τιριβαζος, ου, ὁ, *Tiribazus*, a Persian satrap.

Τίρυνς, υνθος, ἡ, *Tiryns*, a very ancient city in Argolis, near the head of the Argolic Gulf, now celebrated for its massive ruins.

Τισσαφέρνης, ους, ὁ, *Tissaphernes*, a distinguished Persian, satrap of Lydia.

Τίτανος, ου, ὁ, Titanus, a mountain in central Thessaly.

Τιταρήσιος, ου, ὁ, Titaresius, a river of northern Thessaly, flowing into the Peneus.

Τληπόλεμος, ου, ὁ, Tlepolemus, a son of Hercules, a leader of the Rhodians before Troy.

Τμῶλος, ου, ὁ, Tmolus, a mountain range of Lydia, south of Sardis.

Τολμίδης, ου, ὁ, Tolmides, a herald of Cyrus the younger.

Τορωναῖος, η, ου, of Torone; **Τορωναῖος, ου, ὁ, an inhabitant of Torone**.

Τορώνη, ης, ἡ, Torone, a city in the peninsula of Sithonia, in Macedonia.

Τράλλεις, εων, αἱ, Tralles, a wealthy city in Caria, near Mt. Messogis.

Τράνιψαι, ὦν, οἱ, the Tranipsæ, a Thracian people near Byzantium.

Τραπεζούντιος, α, ου, of Trapezus; **οἱ Τραπεζούντιοι, the Trapezuntians**.

Τραπεζοῦς, οὔντος, ὁ and ἡ, Trapezus, an important city on the eastern part of the coast of Pontus.

Τραχίνιος, α, ου, Trachinian, belonging to Trachis, see **Ἡράκλεια**.

Τρήχος, ου, ὁ, Trechus, a Greek slain at Troy.

Τρίκκη, ης, ἡ, Tricca, an ancient city in western Thessaly.

Τροιζήν, ἡνος, ἡ, Troezen, an ancient city in the southeast of Argolis, near the Saronic Gulf.

Τροιζήνιος, α, ου, Troezenian.

Τυδεΐδης, ου, ὁ, son of Tydeus, i. e. Diomedes.

Τυδεύς, ἑως, ὁ, Tydeus, an Athenian general.

Τυριαῖον, ου, τό, Tyriæum, a city of western Lycaonia, near Phrygia.

Τυρώ, οὖς, ἡ, Tyro, daughter of Salmoneus, and wife of Cretheus.

Υ

Ύαμπεα, ας, ἡ, Hyampea, a lofty cliff near Delphi.

Ύαμπολις, εως, ἡ, Hyampolis, a city in the north of Phocis, near Cleonæ.

Ύδαρνης, ους, ὁ, Hydarnes, a Persian, the commander of the division of the army of Xerxes I. called "the immortals."

Ύλη, ης, ἡ, Hyle, a small town of Boeotia, on lake Hylæ.

Ύλλος, ου, ὁ, Hyllus, a son of Hercules, from whom the Spartan kings traced their descent.

Ύπείρων, ουος, ὁ, Hypëron, a Trojan chief.

Ύπεράνθης, ους, ὁ, Hyperanthes, a son of Darius I.

Ύπέρεα, ας, ἡ, Hypërea, a fountain in Thessaly.

Ύπερσίη, ης, ἡ, Hyperesia, a city in the east of Achaia, near the coast, the later Ægira.

Ύποθηβαι, ὦν, αἱ, Hypothebæ, a city of Boeotia, probably the later Potniæ, south of Thebes.

Ύρια, ας, ἡ, Hyria, a small city of Boeotia, near Aulis.

Ύρκάνιος, α, ου, of Hyrcania, a country bordering the Caspian Sea on the southeast; **οἱ Ὑρκάνιοι, the Hyrcanians**.

Ύρμίνη, ης, ἡ, Hyrmine, a city off the coast of Elis, near the promontory Hyrmina.

Ύρτακίδης, ου, ὁ, son of Hyrtacus, i. e. Asius.

Ύριαλ, ὦν, αἱ, Hysia, a town of Boeotia, near the northern base of Mt. Cithæron.

Ύστάσπης, εος and ου, ὁ, Hystaspes, father of Darius I.

Ύψήνωρ, οπος, ὁ, Hypsenor, a Trojan.

Φ

Φαιδρίας, ου, ὁ, Phædrias, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Φαιδων, υωος, ὁ, Phædon, of Elis, a disciple of Socrates, the founder of a school of philosophy.

Φαιδωνίδης and Φαιδώνδας, ου, ὁ, Phædonides or Phædonidas, a pupil and friend of Socrates.

Φαίνοψ, οπος, ὁ, Phænops, son of Asius of Abydus, a friend of Hector.

Φαίστος, ου, ἡ, Phæstus, a city of Crete, near Gortyna.

Φαίστος, ου, ὁ, Phæstus, of Tarne, an ally of the Trojans.

Φαλίνος, ου, ὁ, Phalinus, a Greek of Zacynthus in the service of Tissaphernes.

Φαναγόρας, ου, ὁ, Phanagoras, of Carystus.

Φανοσθένης, ους, ὁ, Phanosthenes, a general of the Athenians from Andrus.

Φάραξ, ακος, ὁ, Pharax, a Spartan commander.

Φάρις, ιος, ἡ, Pharis, an old city in Laconia, south of Sparta.

Φαρνάβαζος, ου, ὁ, Pharnabazus, a Persian satrap of Lesser Phrygia and Bithynia.

Φασιάνοι, ὦν, οἱ, the Phasiani, a people of western Armenia, around the Phasis.

Φειδιππίδης, ου, ὁ, Phidippides, an Athenian courier.

Φεῖδιππος, ου, ὁ, *Phidippus*, a grandson of Hercules, a leader in the Trojan war of Greeks from the Sporades islands.

Φεῖδων, υἱος, ὁ, *Phidon*, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Φένεος, ου, ὁ and ἡ, *Pheneis*, a town in northern Arcadia, at the foot of Mt. Cyllene.

Φεραί, ὤν, αἱ, *Pheræ*, an important city of Pelasgiotis in Thessaly, near Pagasæ.

Φεραῖος, ου, ὁ, *an inhabitant of Pheræ*.

Φέρεκλος, ου, ὁ, *Phereclus*, builder of the ship in which Paris carried off Helen.

Φηγεύς, ἑως, ὁ, *Phegeus*, a Trojan warrior.

Φήμιος, ου, ὁ, *Phemius*, a famous minstrel in Ithaca.

Φηρή, ἡς, ἡ, also Φηραί, Φαραί, and Φεραί, *Phere*, a city of Messenia, near Laconia, on the Messenian Gulf.

Φηρητιάδης (for Φερητιάδης), ου, ὁ, *son or descendant of Pheres*.

Φθειρῶν Ὀρος, τό, *Mountain of Pines*, a mountain in Caria, near Miletus.

Φθιώται, and -ίη-, ὧν, οἱ, *the (Achaian) inhabitants of Phthiotis*, a district in south Thessaly, bordering on the Pagasean Gulf; used with Ἀχαιοί, *the Achæians of Phthiotis*, so called in distinction from the Achæians of the Peloponnesus.

Φιλῶν, υἱος, or Φιλέων, υἱος, ὁ, *Philaon* or *Phileon*, brother of king Gorgus of Salamis in Cyprus.

Φιλήσιος, ου, ὁ, *Philesius*, an Achaian, a general in the army of the ten thousand.

Φιλοκλῆς, ἑὺς, ὁ, *Philocles*, an Athenian naval commander at Ægospotami.

Φιλοκτήτης, ου, ὁ, *Philoctetes*, a Thessalian chief, a friend of Hercules, and a renowned archer.

Φιλοκύδης, εὺς, ὁ, *Philocydes*, an Athenian.

Φιλόλαος, ου, ὁ, *Philolaus*, a native of Italy, a distinguished Pythagorean philosopher.

Φλιάσιος, α, ου, of *Phlius*, *Phliasian*.

Φλιούς, οὐντος, ὁ, *Phlius*, an independent city, whose territory lay between Sicyonia and Argolis.

Φοινίξ, ἱκος, ὁ, *Phenix*, a small river of Thessaly flowing into the Asopus near Thermopylae.

Φρασίας, ου, ὁ, *Phrasias*, an Athenian.

Φραταγόννη, ἡς, ἡ, *Phratagune*, wife of Darius I.

Φρόνιος, ου, ὁ, *Phronius*, an Ithacan, father of Noemon.

Φρυγία, ας, ἡ, *Phrygia*, a country in Asia Minor of varying extent. In general Phrygia Major, usually called Phrygia, occupied the

western part of the great central table-land of Asia Minor. Phrygia Minor included the region about Troas.

Φρύνισκος, ου, ὁ, *Phryniscus*, an Achaian with a command in the army of the ten thousand.

Φυλάκη, ἡς, ἡ, *Phylace*, a city of Phthiotis in Thessaly, on the north slope of Mt. Othrys.

Φυλακίδης, ου, ὁ, *son of Phylacus*, i. e. Iphiclus.

Φύλακος, ου, ὁ, *Phylacus*: (1) the supposed founder of Phylace in Thessaly; (2) a Trojan warrior; (3) a Delphian hero.

Φυλείδης, ου, ὁ, *son of Phyleus*, i. e. Meges.

Φυλεὺς, ἑως, ὁ, *Phyleus*, son of Augeas a king of Elis.

Φυλή, ἡς, ἡ, *Phyle*, a strong fortress in Attica, near Boeotia, on the southwest slope of Mt. Parnes; also the name of the surrounding deme.

Φύσκος, ου, ὁ, *Physcus*, an eastern tributary of the Tigris in lower Assyria.

Φώκαια, ας, ἡ, *Phocæa*, the most northern city of Ionia.

X

Χαιρέλως, ω, ὁ, *Chærelaus*, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Χαιρίλας, ου, ὁ, *Chærilas*, a Spartan ephor.

Χαίρων, υἱος, ὁ, *Chæron*, an Athenian polemarch.

Χαλκιδεὺς, ἑως, ὁ, *a Chalcidian*, an inhabitant of Chalcis in Eubœa.

Χαλκίς, ἰδος, ἡ, *Chalcis*: (1) the chief city of Eubœa, separated from Boeotia by the strait of Euripus; (2) a city on the coast of Ætolia, near the mouth of the Evenus.

Χαλκωδοντιάδης, ου, ὁ, *son of Chalcodon*, i. e. Elephenor.

Χάλος, ου, ὁ, *Chalus*, a river of northern Syria, near Chalcis.

Χαρίκλῆς, εὺς, ὁ, *Charicles*, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Χαρμάνδη, ἡς, ἡ, *Charmande*, a large city of Mesopotamia, on the Euphrates.

Χαρμίδης, ου, ὁ, *Charmides*, an Athenian, an uncle of Plato.

Χαρμίνος, ου, ὁ, *Charminus*, a Spartan officer under Thibron.

Χάροπος, ου, ὁ, *Charopus*, king of the island of Syme.

Χειρίσοφος, ου, ὁ, *Chirisophus*, a Spartan, successor to Clearchus in command of the army of the ten thousand.

Χερρονηστήτης, ου, ὁ, *a dweller in the Chersonese.*

Χερρόνησος, ου, ἡ, *Chersonese.* The word means *land-island*, i. e. *peninsula*, and has various applications. Without special limitation it commonly designated the long strip of Thrace that runs along the Hellespont.

Χέρσις, ιος, ὁ, *Chersis*, of Salamis in Cyprus.

Χίοι, ων, οἱ, *the Chians, inhabitants of Chios.*

Χίος, ου, ἡ, *Chios*, an island in the Aegean on the coast of Asia Minor, now Scio. Also a city, the capital of the island.

Χρέμων, ωνος, ὁ, *Chremon*, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Χρόμιος, ου, ὁ, *Chromius*: (1) a son of Priam; (2) a son of Neleus; (3) a Lycian warrior.

Χρόμις, ιος, ὁ, *Chromis*, a leader of the Mysians in alliance with Troy.

Χρύσα, poet. -ση, ης, ἡ, *Chrysa*, a city on the coast of Troas, near Hamaxitus.

Χρῦσητις, ἰδος, ἡ, *daughter of Chryses*, i. e. *Astynome.*

Χρύσης, ου, ὁ, *Chryses*, priest of Apollo at Chrysa, father of Astynome.

Χρῦσπόλις, εως, ἡ, *Chrysopolis*, a city of Bithynia on the Bosporus, opposite Byzantium, modern Scutari.

Ψ

Ψάρος, more commonly **Σάρος**, ου, ὁ, *Psarus* or *Sarus*, a large river of Cilicia, flowing not far from Tarsus.

Ψυττάλεια, ας, ἡ, *Psytalea*, a small island between Salamis and the mainland of Attica.

Ω

Ὀδέον, ου, τό, *the Odeum*, a public building at Athens built by Pericles, used as a law-court.

Ὀκαλία, ας, ἡ, *Ocalea*, an ancient town of Boeotia just south of lake Copais.

Ὀκυτός, ου, ὁ, *Ocytus*, a Corinthian.

Ὀλένια, ας, ἡ, poet. -λη, with *πέτρα*, *the Olenian rock*, probably the summit of Mt. Scollis, between Elis and Achaia.

Ὀλένος, ου, ἡ and ὁ, *Olenus*, an ancient town in southern Aetolia at the foot of Mt. Aracynthus.

Ὀπίς, ἰδος, ἡ, *Opis*, an important commercial city of Assyria, at the junction of the Physcus and the Tigris.

Ὀρίθυια, ας, ἡ, *Orithyia*, a daughter of Erechtheus king of Athens, carried off by Boreas.

Ὀψ, Ὀπός, ὁ, *Ops*, father of Euryclia the nurse of Ulysses.

